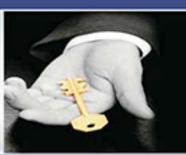
Funds Managed by:

AKD Investment Management Ltd.

2021







# report



Partner with AKD Profit from the Experience



# CORPORATE INFORMATION



Abdul Karim Chairman



Imran Motiwala Chief Executive Officer



Hasan Ahmed Director



Anum Dhedhi Director



Ali Wahab Siddiqui Director



Aysha Ahmed Director



Saim Mustafa Zuberi Director

#### MANAGMENT COMPANY

216-217, Continental Trade Centre, Block-8, Clifton, Karachi-74000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
OF THE MANAGMENT COMPANY

Chairman Mr. Abdul Karim

Director & Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Imran Motiwala

Ms. Anum Dhedhi Ms. Aysha Ahmed Mr. Ali Wahab Siddiqui Mr. Hasan Ahmed Mr. Saim Mustafa Zuberi

CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER AND COMPANY SECRETARY
OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob Sultan, CFA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Muhammad Munir Abdullah

HEAD OF INTERNAL AUDIT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Ms. Tayyaba Masoom Ali

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Ali Wahab Siddiqui (Chairman) Mr. Hasan Ahmed (Member) Mr. Saim Mustafa Zuberi (Member) Ms. Tayyaba Masoom Ali (Secretary)

HUMAN RESOURCE AND REMUNERATION (HR & R) COMMITTEE

Ms. Aysha Ahmed (Chairman)
Mr. Abdul Karim (Member)
Mr. Imran Motiwala (Member)
Ms. Anum Dhedhi (Member)
Mr. Saim Mustafa Zuberi (Member)
Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob Sultan, CFA (Secretary)

#### RATING

AKD Investment Management Limited AM3++ (AM Three Plus Plus) issued by PACRA

### VISION

To serve investors in Pakistan's capital markets with diligence, integrity and professionalism, thereby delivering consistent superior returns and unparalleled customer service.

## MISSION STATEMENT

# AKD Funds shall continuously strive to:

- ▶ Keep primary focus on investing clients' interest
- Achieve highest standards of regulatory compliance and good governance
- Prioritize risk management while endeavoring to provide inflation adjusted returns on original investment
- ► Enable the investing public and clients to make AKDIML Funds a preferred part of their overall savings and investment management strategy
- Distinguish themselves and compete on the basis of unparalleled service quality while setting industry standards for professionalism, transparency and consistent superior performance
- Foster and encourage technical, professional, ethical development of human capital to provide our people the best opportunities and environment for their personal growth

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Board of Directors of AKD Investment Management Limited (AKDIML), the Management Company of AKD Opportunity Fund (AKDOF), Golden Arrow Stock Fund (GASF) - (Formerly: Golden Arrow Selected Stocks Fund Limited), AKD Index Tracker Fund (AKDITF), AKD Cash Fund (AKDCF) AKD Aggressive Income Fund (AKDAIF), AKD Islamic Income Fund (AKDISIF) and AKD Islamic Stock Fund (AKDISSF) is pleased to present its annual report along with the Funds' Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **FUNDS' FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**

#### **AKD Opportunity Fund (AKDOF)**

For the FY21, the return of AKD Opportunity Fund stood at 103.76% compared to the benchmark KSE–100 Index return of 37.58%.

#### **Golden Arrow Stock Fund (GASF)**

For the FY21, the return of Golden Arrow Stock Fund stood at 113.80% compared to the benchmark KSE–100 Index return of 37.58%.

#### **AKD Index Tracker Fund (AKDITF)**

For the FY21, the return of AKD Index Tracker Fund stood at 34.58% compared to the benchmark KSE–100 Index return of 37.58%.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved total distribution (including refund of element) of Rs. 0.63153 per unit to the unit holders during the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### AKD Cash Fund (AKDCF)

For the FY21, the return of AKD Cash Fund stood at 6.38% compared to the benchmark return of 6.70%.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved total distribution (including refund of element) of Rs. 3.17886 per unit to the unit holders during the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### AKD Aggressive Income Fund (AKDAIF)

For the FY21, the return of AKD Aggressive Income Fund stood at 7.08% compared to the benchmark return of 7.76%.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved total distribution (including refund of element) of Rs. 3.50400 per unit to the unit holders during the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### AKD Islamic Income Fund (AKDISIF)

For the FY21, the return of AKD Islamic Income Fund stood at 6.95% compared to the benchmark return of 3.55%.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved total distribution (including refund of element) of Rs. 3.23485 per unit to the unit holders during the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### AKD Islamic Stock Fund (AKDISSF)

For the FY21, the return of AKD Islamic Stock Fund stood at 66.48% compared to the benchmark KMI–30 Index return of 39.32%.

#### **MACRO PERSPECTIVE**

Pakistan's economy witnessed robust recovery in FY21 posting a provisional GDP growth of 3.94% compared to negative growth of 0.47% during FY20. This was much more than the forecasted growth of 2.1%. The higher than expected growth in GDP was on the back of 4.43% growth from the Services sector and exceptional growth in Large Scale Manufacturing of 9.29%. Fiscal deficit during the period also showed improvement posting 7.1% of GDP as compared to 8.1% of GDP during FY20. On the external front forex reserves stood at US\$24.4 bn (June 2021) providing import cover of more than 4 months.

The Current Account position remained fairly stable throughout FY21 with the year closing at a deficit of US\$1.8bn as compared to a deficit \$4.45 billion during FY20. External account remained positive during 1HFY21 with a Current Account Surplus of \$1.25 billion (0.86% of GDP), while the momentum tapered off in during the latter of the fiscal year on the back of import of plant & machinery (TERF (Temporary Economic Refinance Facility) related) and higher crude oil prices. Exports of Goods surged by 13.74%YoY to \$25.63 billion largely on back of textile exports. Remittances meanwhile posted phenomenal growth of 27%YoY to \$29.37 billion providing fiscal space and keeping the current account deficit in check. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) registered a decline of 28.95% to \$1.85 billion. That said, the Government's efforts to attract Non-Resident Pakistani money paid off attracting \$1.56 billion through

Roshan Digital Accounts (RDA) with more than 180,000 accounts opened primarily by Non-Resident Pakistanis by June end FY21. Pakistan also raised US\$2.5 billion from the international capital market through long term Eurobonds under its first ever Global Medium Term Note Program. The IMF during the year cautioned economic managers globally that the pandemic posed several challenges with a need to be proactive in protecting themselves from the economic fallout, while also appreciating our government's policies and initiatives in this regard during these testing times.

On the fiscal front, tax collection figures posted an encouraging growth trend of 18% YoY during FY21 clocking in at PKR 4.7trn, comfortably above the revised target of PkR4.6trn. This took the provisional fiscal deficit during FY21 to 7.1% as opposed to 8.1% during FY20 and the stated target of 7%. In terms of primary deficit, FY21 closed with a deficit of 1.12% which marked a significant annual improvement where the same clocked in at 1.8% in FY20.

Controlling inflation remained challenging where CPI during FY21 was recorded at 8.90% YoY in spite of a high base effect and compared to 10.74%YoY in FY20. With Inflation remaining in the target zone and focus on growth, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) maintained the interest rate at 7.00% during FY21. At the same time to facilitate the business community and promote capital expenditure, the SBP offered TERF, a financing facility for 10 years at a fixed rate priced significantly below the discount rate primarily for import of new machinery. Till the cut-off date of availing this facility reportedly the SBP had approved facilities to various manufacturing concerns in amount of Rs435.7bn against which it had already disbursed approximately Rs163.0bn during the current fiscal year.

The Large Scale Manufacturing (LSM) sector witnessed a swift recovery posting a growth of 14.85% during FY21 as compared to decline of 10.17% in FY20. During the period under review, major contribution towards the growth came from Textile, Non Metallic Mineral Products, Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Automobiles to name a few. However, overall growth during the period was kept in check by sectors that posted negative growth including Leather Products and Electronics.

Furthermore, Pakistan was able to attract net \$1.85 bn in Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) during FY21, down by 29%YoY as compared to \$2.60 recorded during FY20. Decrease in net inflows can be attributed to a high base effect where net FDI inflows have surged at a two year CAGR of 16.42% against \$1.36 billion recorded during FY19. Power sector, Oil and Gas Explorations and Financial Business remained the major sectors to attract a net cumulative FDI of \$1.38 bn alone.

Local currency remained strong during the year where PKR-US\$ appreciated by 6.67%YoY to close at PKR 157.54 per. Positivity in local currency was supported by a sustainable external account balance where Current Account witnessed surplus of \$1.25 bn during 1HFY21. Moreover, the Real Effective Exchange Rate (REER) remained below 100 during 9 months of the fiscal year.

#### **EQUITY MARKET REVIEW**

FY21 turned out to be an optimistic year for the local bourse where the benchmark KSE-100 index remained buoyant and posted a 7-year highest return of 37.58% (USD 46.75%) to close at 47,356pts. This was on the back of Government's pro-growth policies, surplus in External Account balance and revival of economic activities. The improved performance of the market was in spite of unprecedented challenges posed by the COVID19 pandemic and with it the economic uncertainty; under which the government and central bank have been hailed by the business community and market players alike for the proactive measures taken to ensure the economy weathers these difficult times. Needless to say, after touching a 4 year high of 48,726 (June14, 2021), the KSE-100 index witnessed a correction on the back of profit taking.

Average daily turnover during FY21 surged by an impressive 168.32% clocking in at 527.52 million shares as compared 196.60 million shares during FY20 as negative real interest rates helped the local bourse in attracting liquidity. Moreover, the discontinuation of larger denominated bearer bonds (another government initiative to discourage the movement of undocumented money) also supported the stock market an exceedingly viable option for declared wealth in attracting liquidity. However, continued foreign institutional selling led to investors moving to second/third tier counters and following the incredible re-rating of TRG's stock price, the technology sector has driven the limelight. Overwhelming response was witnessed for fresh equity issues where seven new companies (ex-spo and preference shares) were oversubscribed by 2.2x on average fetching approximately Rs17.17 bn. Moreover, ~24 companies issued right shares successfully raising PKR 49.55bn during outgoing year.

Foreign investors continued to remain net sellers in the equities with net outflow of \$387.34 million during FY21, taking the cumulative outflow since FY16 to \$2.25 billion. During FY21, Banks/DFI and Broker Proprietary disinvested their positions with a net selling of \$94.76 million and \$32.19 million respectively, while much of this selling was absorbed by Individuals and Companies with net buying of \$332.07 million and \$137.80 million respectively.

Major outperformance was witnessed in sectors including Cement, Commercial Banks, Technology & Communication and Food & Personal Care Products. However, some of the gains were diluted by negative performance from Tobacco, Oil & Gas Exploration Companies and Vanaspati & Allied Industries. Total Market Capitalization ratio to GDP increased to 17.40% in FY21 as compared to 15.71% recorded during FY20.

In terms of valuation, the KSE-100 Index closed at a forward Price to Earnings Multiple of 5.95x, which is a 60.14% discount as compared to MSCI Frontier Markets P/E of 14.93x and offering a healthy dividend yield of 5.9%, approximately 150bps below the risk free rate.

#### **MONEY MARKET REVIEW**

During FY21, twenty six (26) Market Treasury Bills (MTBs) auctions were carried out by the State Bank of Pakistan, where the government managed to raise PKR 15.23 trn cumulatively. The Weighted average yield of 3 months, 6 months, and 12 months MTBs were 7.15%, 7.29%, and 7.42% respectively, down by 5.08%, 4.84%, and 4.57% as compared to 12.23%, 12.13%, and 11.98% same period last year.

The SBP also conducted twelve (12) auctions of Fixed Rate Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs) and was successful in raising PKR 1.06 trn during FY21. Weighted average yield for 3 years, 5 years, and 10 years PIBs decreased by 3.15%, 2.35%, and 1.72% to 8.44%, 8.93%, and 9.45% as compared to 11.58%, 11.28%, and 11.18% same period last year.

The Monetary Policy Committee conducted five (5) meetings, while maintaining the discount rate at 7.00%. The SBP conducted 97 Open Market Operations (OMO) of different maturities and injected average amount of PKR 856.17 bn at an average cut off yield of 7.04% and mopped-up average amount of PKR 79.55 bn at an average cut off yield of 6.93%.

As per the auction target calendar for September – November 2021, the SBP targets to raise PKR 3.90 trn by issuing 3–12 months MTBs against maturing amount of PKR 3.91 trn. In addition, SBP targets to raise another PKR 450 bn through 3–30 years Fixed Rate PIBs during the period against maturing amount of PKR 18 bn.

#### STATEMENT OF CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

- (a) The financial statements, prepared by the Management of the Company, present fairly the state of affairs of the Fund, the result of its operations, cash flows and movement in unit holders' funds.
- (b) Proper books of account of the Funds have been maintained.
- (c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments.
- (d) International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departures there from have been adequately disclosed.
- (e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has effectively implemented and monitored.

- (f) There are no significant doubts upon the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern.
- (g) Statutory payments, taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been properly disclosed in the financial statements.
- (h) Summary of key financial data / performance tables is appended to the Financial Statements of the Funds.
- (i) The Pattern of unit holdings is appended to the Financial Statements of the Funds.
- (j) The statement showing the attendance of Directors in BOD meetings and Audit Committee meetings is as under:

S.No.	Name of Director	MEETINGS ATTENDANCE					
3.140.	Name of Director	30-Apr-21		29-Oct-20	30-Sep-20	Attended	Leave
1	Mr. Abdul Karim	<u> </u>	<b>-</b>	~	~	4	0
2	Mr. Imran Motiwala	~	~	~	~	4	0
3	Ms. Anum Dhedhi	~	~	<b>×</b>	~	3	1
4	Mr. Saim Mustafa Zuberi	~	~	<b>×</b>	~	3	1
5	Mr. Ali Wahab Siddiqui	~	~	~	~	4	0
6	Mr. Hasan Ahmed	~	~	~	~	4	0
7	Ms. Aysha Ahmed	~	~	~	~	4	0

S.No.	Name of Director		ME	ETINGS ATTEN	DANCE		
3.140.	Name of Birector	29-Apr-21	25-Feb-21	28-Oct-20	29-Sep-20	Attended	Leave
1	Mr. Ali Wahab Siddiqui	~	~	~	~	4	0
2	Mr. Hasan Ahmed	~	~	~	~	4	0
3	Mr. Saim Mustafa Zuberi	~	<b>×</b>	<b>×</b>	~	2	2

(k) There have been no trades in the units of the Funds carried out by the Directors, CEO, CFO, CIO, COO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children of the Management Company other than as disclosed below and in the note to the financial statements:

S.No.	Trades by	Designation	Investment (No of Units)	Redemption (No of Units)
AKD OP	PORTUNITY FUND			
1	Mr. Imran Motiwala	CEO	23,871	13,530
2	Mrs. Sehr Imran Motiwala	Spouse-CEO	5,671	5,671
3	Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob	COO & Company Secretary	13,803	-
4	Mrs. Maliha Yaqoob	Spouse-COO & Company Secretary	15,226	-
5	Minor Children	Minor Children - COO & Company Secretary	16,526	-
AKD ISLA	AMIC INCOME FUND			
1	Mr. Imran Motiwala	CEO	27,100	27,100
2	Mrs. Sehr Imran Motiwala	Spouse-CEO	346,630	2,570,366
3	Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob	COO & Company Secretary	-	18,822
4	Mrs. Maliha Yaqoob	Spouse-COO & Company Secretary	417	417
5	Mr. Muhammad Munir	CFO	13	-
AKD ISLA	AMIC STOCK FUND			
1	Ms. Anum Dhedhi	CIO & Director	10,657	-
2	Mrs. Sehr Imran Motiwala	Spouse-CEO	173,755	-
3	Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob	COO & Company Secretary	10,646	-
AKD CAS	SH FUND			
1	Hasan Ahmed	Director	7	=
GOLDEN	ARROW STOCK FUND			
1	Minor Children	Minor Children - COO & Company Secretary	100,689	-

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

i. The total number of directors are seven as follows:

a) Male: Fiveb) Female: Two

ii. The composition of the Board of Directors is as follows:

Independent Director: Three\*
 Non-Executive Directors: Two
 Executive Directors: Two\*

#### **RATING OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned Asset Manager Rating of AM3++ (A M three Plus Plus) to AKD Investment Management Limited (AKDIML) on February 08, 2021.

#### **RATING OF THE FUNDS**

#### **AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND**

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned 5-Star Performance Ranking in long term [based on performance review of trailing 36 months (3 Year) and trailing 60 months (5 Year) for the period ended December 31, 2020] and short term [based on performance review of trailing 12 months

(1 Year) for the period ended December 31, 2020] to AKD Opportunity Fund (AKDOF) on February 15, 2021.

#### **AKD CASH FUND**

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned the stability rating of "AA+(f)" (Double A Plus; fund stability rating) to AKD Cash Fund (AKDCF) on March 04, 2021.

#### AKD AGGRESSIVE INCOME FUND

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned the stability rating of "A(f)" (Single A; fund stability rating) to AKD Aggressive Income Fund (AKDAIF) on March 04, 2021.

#### **GOLDEN ARROW STOCK FUND**

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned 5-Star Performance Ranking in long term [based on performance review of trailing 36 months (3 Year) and trailing 60 months (5 Year) for the period ended December 31, 2020] and short term [based on performance review of trailing 12 months (1 Year) for the period ended December 31, 2020] to Golden Arrow Stock Fund (GASF) on February 15, 2021.

#### AKD ISLAMIC INCOME FUND

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned the stability rating of "A+(f)" (Single A Plus; fund stability rating) to AKD Islamic Income Fund (AKDISIF) on March 04, 2021.

#### AKD ISLAMIC STOCK FUND

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned 4-Star Performance Ranking in short term [based on performance review of trailing 12 months (1 Year) for the period ended December 31, 2020] to AKD Islamic Stock Fund (AKDISSF) on February 15, 2021.

#### **HOLDING COMPANY**

AKD Group Holdings (Private) Limited [Formerly: Aqeel Karim Dhedhi Securities (Private) Limited] is the holding company of AKD Investment Management Limited and holds 99.97% of the outstanding ordinary shares of the Company.

#### **APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS**

The Board re-appointed M/s Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants as the statutory auditors for AKD Opportunity Fund (AKDOF), AKD Index Tracker Fund (AKDITF), AKD Cash Fund (AKDCF), AKD Aggressive Income Fund (AKDAIF), AKD Islamic Income Fund (AKDISIF), and AKD Islamic Stock Fund (AKDISSF) for the year 2021-2022 as recommended by the Audit Committee.

The present auditors M/s Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants are retiring and have completed their five years as auditors of the Golden Arrow Stock Fund (GASF). As per the requirements of the NBFC Regulations, 2008 the auditors have to be changed this year. The Board appointed M/s Riaz Ahmad & Company, Chartered Accountants as the statutory auditors for Golden Arrow Stock Fund (GASF) for the year 2021-2022 as recommend by the Audit Committee.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Directors would like to take this opportunity to thank the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the Ministry of Finance, the State Bank of Pakistan and the Management of the Pakistan Stock Exchange for their continued support and cooperation. The Board also appreciates the devoted performance of the staff and officers of the AKD Investment Management Limited. The Board will also like to thank the investors for their confidence in the Company.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

During two months of FY21, the Current Account Deficit reached \$2.29 billion (4.13% of GDP) owing to an increase in the Balance of Trade, as the External Account remained under pressure due to higher commodity prices — crude oil in particular, coupled with the import of vaccines and disbursements against TERF related capital expenditure (SBP disbursement reportedly US\$1.63bn during FY22) As per the Central Bank, the Current Account is expected to reach a sustainable level of 2 to 3 percent of GDP during FY22. Recent depreciation of the local currency is expected to help contain the import of luxury goods and stabilize the US dollar/pak rupee parity. In addition, it is also pertinent to mention that the central bank has recognized the inflationary pressures of the Current Account deficit and while leaning towards a growth accommodating monetary stance, increased the discount rate by 25bps to 7.25% in its last monetary committee meeting held in September 21.

Reportedly, Pakistan is expected to re-initiate staff level discussions with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) during last week Sep'21 for release of the sixth tranche of \$6 bn under the Extended Fund Facility (EFF), for which a decision by the third week of October 2021 is likely. As per media reports the government remains reluctant to increase electricity tariffs, underscoring a delay since in April 2021 as part of its revised Circular Debt Management Plan (CDMP) to generate PKR 900 bn through tariff adjustments till June 2023 and remains a major impasse with the IMF. Recent receipts of ~\$2.7 bn, additional liquidity provided by the IMF under its program to facilitate developing countries during the pandemic has taken the total foreign exchange reserve to ~27 bn. More importantly, following the central bank's efforts to create a market determined US dollar/Rupee parity, the Real Effective Exchange Rate (REER) of 97 by end of August 2021 implies a very low likelihood of further Rupee depreciation.

MSCI decided to downgrade the status of Pakistan from Emerging Market (EM) to Frontier Market (FM) effective from November 2021 under its Semi-Annual Index Review (SAIR). Pakistan's current weight of ~0.02% in the MSCI's Emerging Market Index suggests an outflow of ~\$150 mn from passive EM managers, while it is expected that with a weight of approximately 5.5% in MSCI's FM100 index shall

accommodate the same amount with prospective inflows. More importantly, we believe the reclassification will reduce foreign selling which has been witnessed since FY16 as the local bourse

would have a more significant weightage of a much smaller fund allocated to frontier markets, unlike

the case in the emerging markets.

As far as fixed income is concerned, the State Bank of Pakistan is targeting inflation in the range of 7 to 9

percent in FY22. MPC reinforced its stance to continue negative real interest rates to appropriately support the growth in the economy. However, any near term accommodative stance by the SBP with

possible further gradual tapering of stimulus cannot be ruled out owing to growth in demand.

We expect the stock market to remain positive due to expansionary fiscal policy by the Government

where the country has posted a provisional GDP growth of ~4.40% in FY21. The Government of Pakistan

is expecting growth of approximately 4.8% in FY22 which seems achievable considering the capex gains

from TERF financing, expansionary fiscal policy along with relatively low interest rates. We reiterate our

positive market outlook for FY22 based on (i) expected growth in GDP owing to robust corporate earnings (ii) compelling Price to Earnings multiple of 5.62x, (iii) Healthy dividend yield of 6.5%, (iv)

negative real interest rates, (v) reduction in Capital Gains Tax rate from 15.00% to 12.50% for capital

market transactions.

For and on behalf of the board

Imran Motiwala

Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: September 29, 2021

Abdul Karim Memon Chairman

# **AKD Opportunity Fund**



#### MANAGEMENT COMPANY

AKD Investment Management Limited 216-217, Continental Trade Centre, Block-8, Clifton, Karachi-74000

#### TRUSTEE

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited CDC House 99-B, Block-B S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi.

#### BANKERS

Askari Bank Limited
Bank Alfalah Limited
Bank Al Habib Limited
Faysal Bank Limited
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited
MCB Bank Limited
Soneri Bank Limited
Summit Bank Limited
United Bank Limited

#### AUDITORS Yousuf Adil

Chartered Accountants
Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8
KCHSU Shahrah-e-Faisal,
Karachi-75350

#### **LEGAL ADVISER**

Sattar & Sattar Attorneys - at - law 3rd Floor, UBL Building, I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

#### REGISTRAR

AKD Investment Management Limited 216 - 217, Continental Trade Centre, Block-8, Clifton Karachi-74000 UAN: 111-253-465 (111-AKDIML)

#### DISTRIBUTORS

AKD Investment Mangement Limited Financial Investments Mart (Pvt) Ltd. Investomate (Private) Limited. ITMinds Limited. Investlink Advisor (Private) Limited. YPay Financial Services (Pvt.) Ltd.

#### RATING - AKDOF BY PACRA Performance Ranking

Long Term / Short Term :MFR-5 Star

#### **FUND MANAGER'S REPORT**

i) Description of the Collective Investment Scheme Category and types:

Open – end Equity Scheme

ii) Statement of Collective Investment Scheme's investment objective:

The investment objective of AKD Opportunity Fund (AKDOF) is to invest in the capital markets, searching for the optimal combination of investment strategies, mainly in equities, followed by fixed income and money market as contingent defensive strategy.

iii) Explanation as to whether Collective Investment Scheme achieved its stated objective:

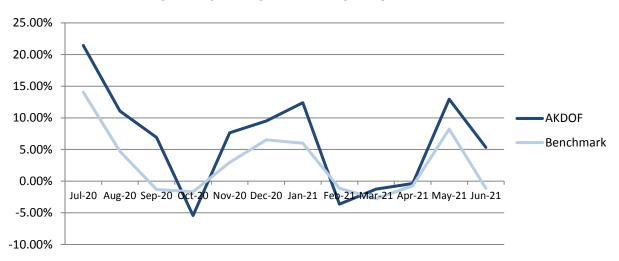
For the FY21, the return of AKD Opportunity Fund stood at 103.76% compared to the benchmark KSE–100 Index return of 37.58%.

iv) Statement of benchmark (s) relevant to the Collective Investment Scheme:

KSE-100 Index

v) Comparison of the Collective Investment Scheme's performance during the period compared with its said benchmark:

#### AKDOF PERFORMANCE RELATIVE TO BENCHMARK



<b>Monthly return</b>	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21
AKDOF	21.43%	11.07%	6.91%	-5.43%	7.64%	9.52%	12.38%	-3.64%	-1.25%	-0.37%	12.95%	5.34%
Benchmark	14.05%	4.72%	-1.31%	-1.68%	2.96%	6.54%	6.01%	-1.12%	-2.78%	-0.73%	8.21%	-1.13%

vi) Description of the strategies and policies employed during the period under review in relation to the Collective Investment Scheme's performance:

AKD Opportunity Fund is an open – end Equity Scheme. The returns of the Fund are generated through investment in value stocks which have strong growth potential.

vii) Disclosure of Collective Investment Scheme's asset allocation as the date of report and particulars of significant changes in asset allocation since the last report (if applicable):

Asset Allocation (% of Total Assets)	30-June-21	30-June-20
Equities	98.86%	99.28%
Cash	0.93%	0.49%
Other Assets	0.21%	0.23%

#### viii) Non-Compliant Investment

Name of Non Compliant Investment	Type of Investment	Value of Investment before Provision	Provision held if any	Value of Investment after Provision	Percentage of Net Assets	Percentage of Gross Assets
		Rupees in '000				
Pakistan Stock Exchange Ltd.	Equity	355,055	Nil	355,055	10.07%	9.79%

ix) Analysis of the Collective Investment Scheme's performance:

FY21 Return	103.76%
Benchmark Return	37.58%

x) Changes in the total NAV and NAV per unit since the last reviewed period:

Net Asset V	alue		NAV Per	Unit
30-June-21 30-June-20		Change in Net Assets	30-June-21	30-June-20
(Rupees In "000")			Rs.	Rs.
3,527,232	1,625,629	116.98%	136.7162	67.0975

xi) Disclosure on the markets that the Collective Investment Scheme has invested in including – review of the market (s) invested in and returns during the period:

#### **MACRO PERSPECTIVE:**

Pakistan's economy witnessed robust recovery in FY21 posting a provisional GDP growth of 3.94% compared to negative growth of 0.47% during FY20. This was much more than the forecasted growth of 2.1%. The higher than expected growth in GDP was on the back of 4.43% growth from the Services sector and exceptional growth in Large Scale Manufacturing of 9.29%. Fiscal deficit during the period also showed improvement posting 7.1% of GDP as compared to 8.1% of GDP during FY20. On the external front forex reserves stood at US\$24.4 bn (June 2021) providing import cover of more than 4 months.

The Current Account position remained fairly stable throughout FY21 with the year closing at a deficit of US\$1.8bn as compared to a deficit \$4.45 billion during FY20. External account remained positive during 1HFY21 with a Current Account Surplus of \$1.25 billion (0.86% of GDP), while the momentum tapered off in during the latter of the fiscal year on the back of import of plant & machinery (TERF (Temporary Economic Refinance Facility) related) and higher crude oil prices. Exports of Goods surged by 13.74%YOY to \$25.63 billion largely on back of textile exports. Remittances meanwhile posted phenomenal growth of 27%YOY to \$29.37 billion providing fiscal space and keeping the current account deficit in check. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) registered a decline of 28.95% to \$1.85 billion. That said, the Government's efforts to attract Non-Resident Pakistani money paid off attracting \$1.56 billion through Roshan Digital Accounts (RDA) with more than 180,000 accounts opened primarily by Non-Resident Pakistanis by June end FY21. Pakistan also raised US\$2.5 billion from the international capital market through long term Eurobonds under its first ever Global Medium Term Note Program. The IMF during the year cautioned economic managers globally that the pandemic posed several challenges with a need to be proactive in protecting themselves from the economic fallout, while also appreciating our government's policies and initiatives in this regard during these testing times.

On the fiscal front, tax collection figures posted an encouraging growth trend of 18% YoY during FY21 clocking in at PKR 4.7trn, comfortably above the revised target of PkR4.6trn. This took the provisional fiscal deficit during FY21 to 7.1% as opposed to 8.1% during FY20 and the stated target of 7%. In terms of primary deficit, FY21 closed with a deficit of 1.12% which marked a significant annual improvement where the same clocked in at 1.8% in FY20.

Controlling inflation remained challenging where CPI during FY21 was recorded at 8.90% YoY in spite of a high base effect and compared to 10.74%YoY in FY20. With Inflation remaining in the target zone and focus on growth, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) maintained the interest rate at 7.00% during FY21. At the same time to facilitate the business community and promote capital expenditure, the SBP offered TERF, a financing facility for 10 years at a fixed rate priced significantly below the discount rate primarily for import of new machinery. Till the cut-off date of availing this facility reportedly the SBP had approved facilities to various manufacturing concerns in amount of Rs435.7bn against which it had already disbursed approximately Rs163.0bn during the current fiscal year.

The Large Scale Manufacturing (LSM) sector witnessed a swift recovery posting a growth of 14.85% during FY21 as compared to decline of 10.17% in FY20. During the period under review, major contribution towards the growth came from Textile, Non Metallic Mineral Products, Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Automobiles to name a few. However, overall growth during the period was kept in check by sectors that posted negative growth including Leather Products and Electronics.

Furthermore, Pakistan was able to attract net \$1.85 bn in Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) during FY21, down by 29%YoY as compared to \$2.60 recorded during FY20. Decrease in net inflows can be attributed to a high base effect where net FDI inflows have surged at a two year CAGR of 16.42% against \$1.36 billion recorded during FY19. Power sector, Oil and Gas Explorations and Financial Business remained the major sectors to attract a net cumulative FDI of \$1.38 bn alone.

Local currency remained strong during the year where PKR-US\$ appreciated by 6.67%YoY to close at PKR 157.54 per. Positivity in local currency was supported by a sustainable external account balance where Current Account witnessed surplus of \$1.25 bn during 1HFY21. Moreover, the Real Effective Exchange Rate (REER) remained below 100 during 9 months of the fiscal year.

#### **EQUITY REVIEW:**

FY21 turned out to be an optimistic year for the local bourse where the benchmark KSE-100 index remained buoyant and posted a 7-year highest return of 37.58% (USD 46.75%) to close at 47,356pts. This was on the back of Government's pro-growth policies, surplus in External Account balance and revival of economic activities. The improved performance of the market was in spite of unprecedented challenges posed by the COVID19 pandemic and with it the economic uncertainty; under which the government and central bank have been hailed by the business community and market players alike for the proactive measures taken to ensure the economy weathers these difficult times. Needless to say, after touching a 4 year high of 48,726 (June14, 2021), the KSE-100 index witnessed a correction on the back of profit taking.

Average daily turnover during FY21 surged by an impressive 168.32% clocking in at 527.52 million shares as compared 196.60 million shares during FY20 as negative real interest rates helped the local bourse in attracting liquidity. Moreover, the discontinuation of larger denominated bearer bonds (another government initiative to discourage the movement of undocumented money) also supported the stock market an exceedingly viable option for declared wealth in attracting liquidity. However, continued foreign institutional selling led to investors moving to second/third tier counters and following the incredible re-rating of TRG's stock price, the technology sector has driven the limelight. Overwhelming response was witnessed for fresh equity issues where seven new companies (ex-spo and preference shares) were oversubscribed by 2.2x on average fetching approximately Rs17.17 bn. Moreover, ~24 companies issued right shares successfully raising PKR 49.55bn during outgoing year.

Foreign investors continued to remain net sellers in the equities with net outflow of \$387.34 million during FY21, taking the cumulative outflow since FY16 to \$2.25 billion. During FY21, Banks/DFI and Broker Proprietary disinvested their positions with a net selling of \$94.76 million and \$32.19 million respectively, while much of this selling was absorbed by Individuals and Companies with net buying of \$332.07 million and \$137.80 million respectively.

Major outperformance was witnessed in sectors including Cement, Commercial Banks, Technology & Communication and Food & Personal Care Products. However, some of the gains were diluted by negative performance from Tobacco, Oil & Gas Exploration Companies and Vanaspati & Allied Industries. Total Market Capitalization ratio to GDP increased to 17.40% in FY21 as compared to 15.71% recorded during FY20.

In terms of valuation, the KSE-100 Index closed at a forward Price to Earnings Multiple of 5.95x, which is a 60.14% discount as compared to MSCI Frontier Markets P/E of 14.93x and offering a healthy dividend yield of 5.9%, approximately 150bps below the risk free rate.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK:**

During two months of FY21, the Current Account Deficit reached \$2.29 billion (4.13% of GDP) owing to an increase in the Balance of Trade, as the External Account remained under pressure due to higher commodity prices – crude oil in particular, coupled with the import of vaccines and disbursements against TERF related capital expenditure (SBP disbursement reportedly US\$1.63bn during FY22) As per the Central Bank, the Current Account is expected to reach a sustainable level of 2 to 3 percent of GDP during FY22. Recent depreciation of the local currency is expected to help contain the import of luxury goods and stabilize the US dollar/pak rupee parity. In addition, it is also pertinent to mention that the central bank has recognized the inflationary pressures of the Current Account deficit and while leaning towards a growth accommodating monetary stance, increased the discount rate by 25bps to 7.25% in its last monetary committee meeting held in September 21.

Reportedly, Pakistan is expected to re-initiate staff level discussions with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) during last week Sep'21 for release of the sixth tranche of \$6 bn under the Extended Fund Facility (EFF), for which a decision by the third week of October 2021 is likely. As per media reports the government remains reluctant to increase electricity tariff's, underscoring a delay since in April 2021 as part of its revised Circular Debt Management Plan (CDMP) to generate PKR 900 bn through tariff adjustments till June 2023 and remains a major impasse with the IMF. Recent receipts of ~\$2.7 bn, additional liquidity provided by the IMF under its program to facilitate developing countries during the pandemic has taken the total foreign exchange reserve to ~27 bn. More importantly, following the central bank's efforts to create a market determined US dollar/Rupee parity, the Real Effective Exchange Rate (REER) of 97 by end of August 2021 implies a very low likelihood of further Rupee depreciation.

MSCI decided to downgrade the status of Pakistan from Emerging Market (EM) to Frontier Market (FM) effective from November 2021 under its Semi-Annual Index Review (SAIR). Pakistan's current weight of ~0.02% in the MSCI's Emerging Market Index suggests an outflow of ~\$150 mn from passive EM managers, while it is expected that with a weight of approximately 5.5% in MSCI's FM100 index shall accommodate the same amount with prospective inflows. More importantly, we believe the reclassification will reduce foreign selling which has been witnessed since FY16 as the local bourse would have a more significant weightage of a much smaller fund allocated to frontier markets, unlike the case in the emerging markets.

As far as fixed income is concerned, the State Bank of Pakistan is targeting inflation in the range of 7 to 9 percent in FY22. MPC reinforced its stance to continue negative real interest rates to appropriately

support the growth in the economy. However, any near term accommodative stance by the SBP with possible further gradual tapering of stimulus cannot be ruled out owing to growth in demand.

We expect the stock market to remain positive due to expansionary fiscal policy by the Government where the country has posted a provisional GDP growth of ~4.40% in FY21. The Government of Pakistan is expecting growth of approximately 4.8% in FY22 which seems achievable considering the capex gains from TERF financing, expansionary fiscal policy along with relatively low interest rates. We reiterate our positive market outlook for FY22 based on (i) expected growth in GDP owing to robust corporate earnings (ii) compelling Price to Earnings multiple of 5.62x, (iii) Healthy dividend yield of 6.5%, (iv) negative real interest rates, (v) reduction in Capital Gains Tax rate from 15.00% to 12.50% for capital market transactions.

xii) Description and explanation of any significant changes in the state of the affairs of the Collective Investment Scheme during the period and up till the date of Fund Manager's report, not otherwise disclosed in the financial statements:

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs during the period and up till the date of Fund Manager's report under review.

#### xiii) Disclosure of any split (if any), comprising:

There were no unit splits during the period.

#### xiv) Break down of unit holding size:

Range (Units)	No. of Investors
0.1 - 9,999	412
10,000 - 49,999	213
50,000 - 99,999	129
100,000 - 499,999	320
500,000 and above	378
Total	1452

#### xv) Disclosure of circumstances that materially affect any interests of unit holders:

Investments are subject to credit and market risk.

xvi) Disclosure if the Asset Management Company or its delegate, if any, receives any soft commission (i.e. goods and services) from its broker (s) or dealers by virtue of transaction conducted by the Collective Investment Scheme:

No soft commission has been received by the AMC from its broker or dealer by virtue of transactions conducted by the Collective Investment Scheme.

#### **AKD Opportunity Fund**

Details of Pattern of Holding (Units) As At June 30, 2021

	No. of Unitholders	Units Held	% of Total
Associated Companies	-	-	-
Directors and CEO	3	107,028	0.41%
Individuals	1,412	10,300,634	39.93%
Insurance Companies	1	912,802	0.04
Banks/DFIs	-	-	-
Retirement funds	18	5,825,599	22.58%
Public Limited Companies	5	7,352,387	28.50%
Others	13	1,301,211	5.04%
	1,452	25,799,661	100.00%

# CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

#### **Head Office:**

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B' S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi - 74400, Pakistan. Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326021 - 23 URL: www.cdcpakistan.com Email: info@cdcpak.com





#### TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

#### AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and Clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of AKD Opportunity Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that AKD Investment Management Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2021 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- (i) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Badiuddin Akber Chief Executive Officer Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, September 30, 2021



# AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND

Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

# \* YOUSUF ADIL

Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-75350 Pakistan

Tel: +92 (0) 21 3454 6494-7 Fax: +92 (0) 21-3454 1314 www.yousufadil.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unit Holders of AKD Opportunity Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **AKD Opportunity Fund** (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2021, and the related income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in unit holders' fund and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2021, and of its financial performance, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund and Management Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Pakistan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the key audit matter:

S. No.	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Valuation and existence of investment	In response to this matter, our key audit procedures included the following:
	As disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements, investments carried at fair value through profit or loss amounted to Rs. 3,586.416 million as at June 30, 2021.	obtained understanding of relevant controls placed by the Management Company applicable to the balances;
	These investments represent a significant item on the statement of assets and liabilities. The Fund invests principally in listed equity securities which is the main driver of the Fund's performance.	<ul> <li>traced securities held by the Fund with the securities appearing in the Central Depository Company account to verify existence;</li> </ul>

# \* YOUSUF ADIL

Yousuf A.M. Chederel Aucotolama

S. No.	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
		<ul> <li>independently tested valuations with the prices quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange;</li> </ul>
	Further, the Fund may have included investments in its financial statements which were not owned by the Fund.	performed verification procedures on purchases and sales on a sample of trades made during the year regarding movement of the securities; and
	Considering the above factors, the valuation and existence of investments are significant areas during our audit due to which, we have considered this as a key audit matter.	any differences identified during our testing that were over our acceptable threshold were investigated further.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our audit report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

in connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management Company and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the Management Company determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management Company is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management Company either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

# **YOUSUF ADIL**



- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
  whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.

We communicate with Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Nadeem Yousuf Adil.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: September 29, 2021

#### AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	Note	2021 2020 (Rupees in '000)	
Bank balances Investments Deposits and other receivables Dividend and profit receivable on bank deposits Receivable against sale of investment Total Assets	5 6 7	33,639 3,586,416 2,813 984 3,864 3,627,716	8,150 1,658,856 3,813 64 - 1,670,883
Payable to AKD investment Management Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Accrued expenses and other liabilities Unclaimed dividend Payable against purchase of securities Total Liabilities	8 9 10 11	17,943 443 522 69,771 255 11,550	13,378 247 314 29,828 255 1,232 45,254
UNIT HOLDERS' FUND (AS PER STATEMENT ATTACHED)  CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	= 12	3,527,232 3,527,232 (Number of	1,625,629 1,625,629
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	13 =	25,799,661 (Rupe	24,227,880
NET ASSETS VALUE PER UNIT	<u></u>	136.7162	67.0975

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For AKD Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

#### AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		2021	2020
INCOME	Note ·	(Rupees in '000)	
INCOME			
Capital gain on sale of investments			
classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss'		222.424	100
Net unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on remeasurement of investments		802,488	168,620
classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss'	6.0		
Dividend income	6.2	950,038	(129,527)
Profit on bank deposits		58,390	35,148
Total income	_	2,832	2,001
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,813,748	76,242
- EXPENSES			
Remuneration of AKD Investment Management Limited - Management Company	8.1	52,238	31,427
Sindh Sales tax on remuneration of Management Company	8.2	6,791	4,086
Remuneration of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	9.1	3,612	2,571
Sindh Sales tax on remuneration of Trustee	9.2	470	334
Annual fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	10.1	522	314
Expenses allocated by Management Company	8.4	9,142	1,571
Securities transaction costs		11,955	5,459
Auditor's remuneration	14	321	286
Settlement and bank charges		315	130
Fee and subscription		773	644
Printing and stationery		34	71
Legal and professional charges	į.	216	966
Provision against Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund	į.	34,547	568
Total expenses	L	120,936	48,427
		·	
Net income for the year before taxation	_	1,692,812	27,815
Taxation	15	-	-
Net income for the year after taxation	_	1,692,812	27,815
Allocation of the total of	=	1,002,012	
Allocation of the income for the year			
Net income for the year after taxation		1,692,812	27,815
Income already paid on units redeemed		(359,303)	2.7,010
	_	1,333,509	27,815
Accounting income available for distribution	=		27,010
Relating to capital gains		1,333,509	27,815
Excluding capital gains		-	∠ <i>I</i> ₁010
		1,333,509	27,815
Earnings per unit	16		···· <del>·····</del>
Art Louis	16		

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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For AKD Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

**Chief Financial Officer** 

#### AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	<del></del> -	2021 2020 (Rupees in '000)			
Net income for the year after taxation	1,692,812	27,815			
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-			
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,692,812	27,815			

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.  $\ensuremath{\text{Y}\script{\beta}}$ 

For AKD Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

**Chief Financial Officer** 

#### AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	2021 2020(Rupees in '000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income for the year before taxation		1,692,812	27,815
Adjustments for non cash and other items:			
Net unrealised (appreciation) / diminution on remeasurement of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' Provision against Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund	6.2	(950,038) 34,547	129,527 568
(Increase) / decrease in assets		777,321	157,910
Receivable against sale of securities  Dividend and profit receivable on bank deposits  Deposits and other receivables		(3,864) (920) 1,000 (3,784)	80 3,169 (1,038) 2,211
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities			
Payable to AKD Investment Management Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Accrued expenses and other liabilities Payable against purchase of securities		4,565 196 208 5,396 10,318 20,683	(13) (7) (1,794) 1,680 (1,265) (1,399)
Investments - net		(977,522)	(27,727)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		(183,302)	130,995
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Amount received on issue of units Payment against redemption of units Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities		2,889,071 (2,680,280) 208,791	526,583 (657,104) (130,521)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		25,489	474
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		8,150	7,676
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	5	33,639	8,150
	_		

For AKD Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

**Chief Financial Officer** 

#### AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021			2020		
,	Capital value	Undistributed income	Total	Capital value	Undistributed income	Total
•	••••	1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	(Rupee:	s in '000)		
Net assets at beginning of the year	1,531,615	94,014	1,625,629	1,662,136	66,199	1,728,335
Issue of 26,376,522 (2020: 8,138,713) units						
- Capital value (at Ex-Net asset value per unit at the beginning of year ) - Element of income / (loss)	1,769,797 1,119,274	-	1,769,797 1,119,274	537,239 (10,656)	-	537,239 (10,656)
Total proceeds on issuance of units	2,889,071	- '-	2,889,071	526,583		526,583
Redemption of 24,804,741 (2020: 10,093,620) units						
- Capital value (at Ex-Net asset value per unit at the beginning of year)  - Element of (income) / loss	(1,664,335) (656,642)		(1,664,335) (1,015,945)	(666,283) 9,179	-	(666,283)
Total payments on redemption of units	(2,320,977)	(359,303)	(2,680,280)	(657,104)		9,179 } (657,104)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,692,812	1,692,812	-	27,815	27,815
Net assets at end of the year	2,099,709	1,427,523	3,527,232	1,531,615	94,014	1,625,629
Undistributed income brought forward						
- Realised income		223,541			562,888	
- Unrealised loss		(129,527) 94,014			(496,689) 68,199	
Accounting income available for distribution - Relating to capital gains		1,333,509				
- Excluding capital gains		1,333,509			27,815 27,815	
		1,355,565			27,015	
Undistributed income carried forward		1,427,523			94,014	
Undistributed income carried forward						
- Realised income - Unrealised income / (loss)		477,485 950,038			223,541 (129,527)	
		1,427,523			94,014	

For AKD Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Net assets value per unit at beginning of the year

Net assets value per unit at end of the year

Chief Financial Officer

(Rupees)

67.0975

136.7162

Director

(Rupees)

66.0100

67.0975

#### AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

AKD Opportunity Fund (the Fund) was established under Trust deed, dated December 19, 2005 executed between AKD Investment Management Limited as the Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as the Trustee. The Trust Deed was executed and was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on December 7, 2005 in accordance with the requirements of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules) as an open-ended mutual fund. The Fund commenced its operations from April 01, 2006.

The Management Company of the Fund has been registered as a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) under the NBFC Rules and has obtained a requisite license from SECP to undertake Asset Management services. The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 216-217, Continental Trade Centre, Block-8, Clifton, Karachi, in the province of Sindh.

The Fund is an open ended Collective Investment Scheme and offers units for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferrable and can also be redeemed by surrendering to the Fund. The Fund is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

The Fund is categorized as Equity Scheme as per circular 7 of 2009 by SECP. The principal activity of the Fund is to make investments in listed securities and deposits with banks.

The title to the assets of the Fund are held in the name of the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

The Management Company has been assigned a quality rating of "AM3++" by the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) on February 08, 2021. The Fund has been given performance ranking of '5-Star' by PACRA on February 15, 2021.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

- 2.1.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:
  - International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
  - Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017; and
  - Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) and requirements of the Trust Deed.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and requirements of the Trust Deed have been followed.

2.1.2 The SECP through its letter no. SCD/AMCW/RS/MUFAP/2017-148 dated November 21, 2017 has deferred the applicability of the impairment requirements of IFRS 9 for debt securities on mutual funds. Currently, the Asset Management Companies are required to continue to follow the requirements of Circular 33 of 2012 for impairment of debt securities.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except the investments which are measured at fair value.

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements have been presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency. The amounts are rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees except stated otherwise.

#### 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires the management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires the management to exercise judgement in application of its accounting policies. The estimates, judgements and associated assumptions are based on the historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where estimates and assumptions are significant to the financial statements as a whole are as follows:

- (i) classification and valuation of financial assets (notes 4.1.1 and 6.1);
- (ii) impairment of financial assets (note 4.1.5); and
- (iii) taxation (notes 4.4 and 15)

#### 3. AMENDMENTS TO ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

#### 3.1 Amendments to accounting standards that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2021

The following amendments to accounting standards are effective for the year ended June 30, 2021. These amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after

Amendment to IFRS 16 'Leases' - Covid-19 related rent concessions

June 01, 2020

Amendments to the conceptual framework for financial reporting, including amendments to references to the conceptual framework in IFRS

January 01, 2020

Amendments to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' - definition of a business

January 01, 2020

Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' - definition of material

January 01, 2020

Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: disclosures' - interest rate benchmark reform

January 01, 2020

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.

#### 3.2 Amendments to accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following amendments are only effective for accounting period, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

# Effective date (accounting period beginning on or after)

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 (Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16)	January 01, 2021
Amendment to IFRS 16 'Leases' - Covid-19 related rent concessions extended beyond June 30, 2021	April 01, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' - Reference to the conceptual framework	January 01, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment' - Proceeds before intended use	January 01, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets' - Onerous Contracts — cost of fulfilling a contract	January 01, 2022
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 01, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Disclosure of accounting policies	January 01, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' - definition of accounting estimates	January 01, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' - definition of accounting estimates	January 01, 2023
Amendments to 'IAS 12 Income Taxes' - deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction.	January 01, 2023

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs which are also not expected to have material impact on financial reporting of the Fund.

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 17 insurance Contracts

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### 1.1 Financial instruments

#### 4.1.1 Classification of financial assets

IFRS 9 contains three principal classification categories for financial assets:

- Amortised cost ("AC");
- Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"); and
- Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL:

- 1) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- 2) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- 2) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition, for an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in Other Comprehensive income (OCI), only dividend income is recognised in the income statement. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

All other financial assets are classified at FVTPL (for example: equity held for trading and debt securities not classified either as AC or FVOCI).

In addition, on initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirement to measure at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

# 4.1.2 Recognition and initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Fund's statement of assets and liabilities when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the income statement.

# 4.1.3 Subsequent measurement of financial assets

## Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

# Financial assets at FVOCI

All financial assets at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising due to changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income.

For debt instruments classified as financial assets at FVOCI, the amounts already recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the income statement on derecognition of financial assets. This treatment is in contrast to equity instruments classified as financial assets at FVOCI, where there is no reclassification on derecognition.

# Financial assets at FVTPL

All financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recorded in the income statement.

# 4.1.4 Fair value measurement principles and provision

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

# Basis of valuation of equity securities:

The fair value of shares of listed companies is based on their prices quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited at the reporting date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

# 4.1.5 Impairment

Under expected credit loss (ECL) model of IFRS 9, the Fund recognises loss allowances on financial assets other than debt securities. The Fund measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECL:

- Financial assets that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Other financial assets for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the asset) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Fund considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Fund's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

As disclosed in note 2.1.2 of these financial statements, the Fund follows requirements of circular 33 of 2012 (the circular) for impairment of debt securities. Under the circular, provision for non performing debt securities is made on the basis of time based criteria as prescribed under the circular. Impairment loss recognised on debt securities can be reversed through the income statement.

As allowed under circular no. 33 of 2012 dated October 24, 2012 issued by the SECP, the Management Company may also make provision against debt securities over and above minimum provision requirement prescribed in aforesaid circular, in accordance with the provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors and disseminated by the Management Company on its website.

# 4.1.6 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

# 4.1.7 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the entity has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

# 4.1.8 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell assets.

# 4.1.9 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with banks and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of assets and liabilities at cost.

### 4.3 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

## 4.4 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed in cash to the unit holders.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of Section 113 (Minimum Tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

The Fund does not account for deferred tax in these financial statements as the Fund intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years by distributing in cash at least ninety percent of its accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, to its unit holders.

# 4.5 Dividend distribution and appropriations

Dividend distributions and appropriations are recorded in the period in which these are approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Based on Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan's (MUFAP) guidelines duly consented by the SECP, distribution for the year also includes portion of income already paid on units redeemed during the year.

Regulation 63 of the NBFC Regulations requires the Fund to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unit holders.

Distributions declared subsequent to the year end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the period in which such distributions are declared and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

# 4.6 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company, for the applications received by the distributors during business hours on that date. The offer price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day plus the allowable sales load and any provision for duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load is payable to investment facilitators, distributors and the Management Company.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable to units for which the distributors receive redemption applications during business hours of that day. The redemption price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day less any back-end load, any duties, taxes, and charges on redemption, if applicable.

# 4.7 Element of income / loss included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

Element of income represents the difference between net assets value per unit on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the net assets value per unit at the beginning of the relevant accounting period. Further, the element of income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund. However, to maintain the same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on the accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution.

# 4.8 Net assets value per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit as disclosed in the statement of assets and liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at the year end.

# 4.9 Revenue recognition

- Capital gain or loss on sale of investment is accounted for in the income statement on the date at which the sale transaction takes place.
- Unrealised gain / loss arising on remeasurement of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' is included in the income statement in the period in which it arises.
- Dividend income from equity securities is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.
- Profit on bank deposits is recognised on time proportionate basis using effective yield method.

# 4.10 Expenses

All expenses including NAV based expenses (namely management fee, trustee fee, annual fee payable to the SECP, and selling and marketing expense) are recognised in the income statement on an accrual basis.

		B1 - 4 -	2021	2020
		Note	(Rupees in	7000)
5.	BANK BALANCES			
	Saving accounts	5.1	33,484	7,995
	Current accounts		155	155
		,	33,639	8,150
5.1	Mark-up rate on these accounts is 5.5% as on June 30, 2021 (Ju	ne 30, 2020; 5.00%	- 6.50%) per annum.	

		Note	2021 (Rupees in	2020 1 <b>'000)</b>
6.	INVESTMENTS At fair value through profit or loss			
	Listed equity securities	6.1	3,586,416	1,658,856

I

				ımber of shar	Number of shares		Balan	Balance as at June 30, 2021	30, 2021			
Name of the investee company	Face value per share (Rupees)	As at July 01, 2020	Purchases during the year	Bonus / Right issue	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2021	Carrying	Market value	Appreciation/ (diminution)	Market value as percentage of investments	Market value as percentage of net assets	Percentage of paid up capital of the investee company held
Fully paid ordinary shares		].   						(Rupees in '000)	(00)		(%)	
Automobile Assembler												
Honda Atlas Cars (Pakistan) Limited Ghandhara Nissan Limited Ghandhara Industries Limited	5 5 5	- 126,665 25,000	90,000		60,000 6,000 25,000	120,665	7,572	13,180	- 909'5	0,37	0.37	0.21
						. 11	7,572	13,180	5,608			
Automobile Parts & Accessories												
The General Tyre and Rubber Company of Pakistan Limited That Limited	10 \$	108,348 176,200	104,200	1 1	108,000 26,200	348 254,200	21 93,547	31	10,13,924	3.00	0.00 3.05	0.00
							93,568	107,502	13,934			
Cable & Electrical Goods												
Pakistan Cables Límited	9	472,526	1	•	156,800	315,725	33,748	47,201	13,453	1.32	1.34	0.89
Cement												
Dewan Gement Limited Javedan Corporation Limited Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited	5 5 5	8,289,822	10,000		10,000 3,189,500 1,000,000	5,100,322	114,757	215,234	100,477	6.00	6.10	1.61
							114,757	215,234	100,477			
Chemical												
Lotte Chemical Pakistan Limited Buxly Paints Limited Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	555	100,000 31,500 109,624	7,106,500	: 1	2,956,500	4,250,000	61,584	65,620	4,036 549	1.83	1.86 0.05	0.28
						1 11	62,768	67,353	4,585			
Commercial Banks												
Bank AlFalah Limited BankIslami Pakistan Limited	5 5	3.745.000	350,000		350,000	3.050.000	23.819	- 282	10.463	, 5	. 0	, 0
Bank of Punjab	: e ;	6,500,000		•	1,500,000	5,000,000	42,000	42,000		1.17	1.19	0.19
Faysal bank Limited Habib Bank Limited	2 우		3,593,500		93,500 610,740	3,500,000 843,399	51,471 111,124	59,395 103,207	(2,0/6) (7,917)	1.66 2.88	1.68 2.93	0.23 0.06
National Bank of Pakistan Samba Bank Limited	무 은	412,000	3,033,500	, ,	137,000	3,033,500	125,874 2.148	110,935	(14,939)	3.09	3.15	0.14
United Bank Limited	£ £	,	465,000	1	190,000	275,000	35,371	33,605	(1,766)	0.94	0.95	0.02
						ų	401,807	385,261	(16,546)			

## Sales during As the year 36 the year 10,316,000 14,800 272,000 28,060 3,15,000 109,500 3,15,317,000 4,15,317,000	1021 Con 1021 Con 10,000 48 16,000 48 16,500 48 16,500 114 114 114 114 116 116 116 117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118	ying Market Appreciation avalue (diminution) of the control of the	Market value	Market Percen value as parid up percentage of the ir of net assets compared to 0.01 1.23 1.47 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.09 0.29 0.39 0.94 0.93	Percentage of paid up capital of the investee company held 0.13 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.26 0.17 0.26 0.17 0.26 0.17 0.26 0.17 0.26 0.17 0.26 0.17 0.26 0.26 0.17 0.26 0.27 0.26 0.17 0.26 0.26 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.27
10	46,000 48,483 142 11,009 11,009 11,008 11,008 11,008 208,984 208,984 208,984 208,984 208,984 208,984 208,984 208,984 3,475 3,475 3,478 3,478		1	1.23 1.47 0.01 0.55 0.07 0.29 8.33 1.08	0.34 0.01 0.01 0.05 0.07 0.26 0.26 0.26 0.17
10	46,000 48,483 142 18,854 1,009 114,488 1 11,025 11,025 11,025 12,984 2 29,531 5,475 15,362 26,546 26,838 4 8,437		1.21 1.45 0.01 0.55 0.07 0.29 8.20 - 1.07 0.19 0.92	1.23 1.47 0.01 0.55 0.07 0.29 1.08 0.94	0.34 0.09 0.05 0.05 0.12 4.92 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 0.26 0.17 0.86
10	46,000 48,483 142 16,854 1,009 114,488 1 11,025 11,025 128,531 5,475 15,362 26,546 26,898 4 8,437		1.25 1.45 0.03 0.05 0.07 0.29 8.20 1.07 0.19 0.92	1.23 1.47 0.01 0.05 0.07 0.29 1.08 0.94	0.34 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.26 0.26 0.36
10	48,483 142 1,009 114,488 1 11,025 11,025 28,531 5,475 15,362 26,546 26,546 26,898 4		0.01 0.05 0.07 0.29 0.29 1.07 1.07 0.92	0.01 0.55 0.07 0.29 0.29 1.08 0.94	0.19 0.05 0.12 4.92 7 0.26 0.26 0.36 5.46
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10 3.45.000 - 50,000 - 50,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 190,000 - 100,000 - 190,000 - 100,	29,531 5,475 15,362 26,546 28,4837	12	1.07 0.19 0.92 ,	7. 0.94 0.93	0.26 0.17 0.56
10 3,150,000 2,520,000 - 3,551,500 10	29,531 5,475 15,362 26,546 28,4838 4	2	1.07 0.19 0.92 ,	1.08 0.94 0.93	0.26 0.17 0.66 5.46
10	5,475 15,362 26,546 284,898 4,437	4	0.19	0.93	0.17 0.86 5.46
10	15,362 25,546 284,838 4 8,437		0.92	0.94 0.93	0.86 5.48
10 5,378,000 1 10 1,300,000 1 10 3,42,600 44,600 10 3,128,897 109,500 3 10 239,000 - 10,317,000 4,10 3,349,000 - 14,317,000 4,10 10 3,349,000 - 3,	26,546 204,898 4 8,437	120	0.91	0.93	5.46
10 1,300,000 44,600 10 344,600 10 3,128,897 109,500 3 179,533 109,500 3 10 238,000 - 12,237,500 2,970,500 - 10,317,000 4, 10 3,349,000 - 3,44,500 50,000	284,898 8,437				
10 344,600 44,600 3 10 344,600 44,600 3 10 379,533 109,500 3 10 239,000 10,317,000 4, 10 3,349,000 - 3,349,000 - 3,44,600 10 141,500 60,000	8,457				
10 1,300,000 44,600 10 344,600 10 344,600 10 7728,833 109,500 3 10 239,000 978,200 - 10,317,000 4, 10 3,349,000 - 3,349,000 50,000 10 10 141,500 50,000	8,437				
10 344,600 44,600 3 10 3,128,897 109,500 3 10 779,533 109,500 3 10 72,237,500 2,970,500 - 10,317,000 4, 10 3,349,900 3, 10 141,500 50,000		20,644 12,207	0.58	0,59	0.50
10 344,600 44,600 3 10 772,533 109,500 3 10 239,000 10,317,000 4, 10 12,237,500 2,970,500 - 10,317,000 4, 10 3,349,000 - 3,349,000 - 3, 10 141,500 50,000					
10 3,128,897 109,500 3 10 779,533 109,500 3 10 239,000 10,317,000 4, 10 - 978,200 3, 10 3,349,000 3,	32,994		0.97	0.99	0.15
10	66,427	25	3.30	3,35	2.58
10 12,237,500 2,970,500 - 10,317,000 4 10 - 978,200 3 10 3,349,000 3	5,437	15,875 335 5,815 378	0.44 0.16	0.16 0.16	1.08
10 12,237,500 2,970,500 - 10,317,000 4 10 - 978,200 3 10 3,349,000 3 10 141,500 50,000	120,449 174	174,717 54,268			
10 3,349,000 - 3 10 3,349,000 - 3 10 141,500 50,000	63 088	110 341 17 253	a c	ç	6
10 - 978,200 3 10 3,349,050 3 10 141,500 50,000			8	2	3
10 141,500 50,000	9,782 49,565 6	9,782 - 62,660 13,095	0.27	0.28 1.78	0.53
	3,298			ı	į.
Exchange Limited (6.1 d) 46.345.634 4.440.000 564.040.00	200 506		0.15	0.15	0,19
	322,755	543,043 220,288	on n	10.07	99.
Miscellaneous					
pitals Limited 10 65,000 65,000				1	1
10 2,992,500 2,002,500 - 4,5		•			
- 900'09	,			•	,
		-			

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			Ž	umber of share	· Number of shares		Bafan	Balance as at June 30, 2021	30, 2021			
Name of the investee company	Face value per share (Rupees)	As at July 01, 2020	Purchases during the year	Bonus / Right issue	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2021	Carrying cost	Market value	Appreciation/ (diminution)	Market value as percentage of investments	Market value as percentage of net assets	Percentage of paid up capital of the Investee company held
	-					, 1		-(Rupees in '000)	100)		(%)	
Oil & Gas Exploration Companies												
Oil & Gas Development Company Limited Pakistan Petroleum Limited	5 5		415,000		300,000	115,000	10,580	10,928	348	0.30	0.31	0.00
	<b>:</b>				Ì	• '	10,580	10,928	348			
Oil & Gas Marketing Companies						I						
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	10		50,000	ı	80,000	,	,	-		ŀ	t	•
Paper & Board												
Roshan Packages Limited Pakistan Paper Products Limited	0,000	364,000			364,000	114,000	8.647	10.226	1.579	0.29	0.29	143
	1						8,647	10,226	1,579			2
Pharmaceuticals										:		
Glaxo SmithKline Pakistan Limited The Searle Company Limited	10	50,000	45,080	, ,	90,000	-45,080	11,896	10,937	(656)	0.30	0.31	0.02
						1 11	11,896	10,937	(656)			
Power Generation & Distribution												
Hub Power Company Limited	5 5	175,000	1,895,145	r	120,145	1,950,000	158,115	155,357	(2,758)	4.33	4.40	0.15
Engro Powergen Qadirpur Limited K-Electric Limited	3.5	25.000,000	5006,661	. ,	2,525,000	155,500 22,475,000	3,507 67,650	3,328 93,946	(179) 26,296	2.62	0.09 2.66	0.05
Japan Power Generation Limited (6.1.2)  Kot Addu Power Company Limited	5 2	4,261,500	-	. 1	29,500	4,261,500	, ,	. ,	1 t	, ,	1 1	2.73
Latpir Power Limited Nisbat Power Limited	10	, ,	3,031,000	• 1	1,367,500	3,031,000	143,709 72,626	170,661 59,559	26.952 (13.067)	4.76	4.84	2.52
Nishat Chunian Power Limited	10	200,000	792,000	1	1	992,000	16,088	14,900	(1,188)	0.42	0.42	0.27
						I	461,695	497,751	36,056			
Keinery	ç	4			0							
Succession Limited	2 2 5	non'ne	32,007,000	• •	26,899,000	5,108,000	52,187	59,304	7,117	1.65	1.68	0.10
Pakistan Kerinery Limited National Refinery Limited	5 6	160,000	750,000		100,000	000,00F	3,9/5	3,692	(283)	0.10	0.10	0.02
						14	56,162	62,996	6,834			
Sugar & Allied Industries												
Chashma Sugar Mills Limited Husein Sugar Mills Limited	5 6		7,000	+ +		7,000	658 189	497 210	(161) 21	0.01	0.01	0.02
The Premier Sugar Mills Limited	5	•	6,200	•	•	6,200	3,402	2,399	(1,003)	0.07	20'0	0.17
0						I	C-7't	201.4	ict (t)			
Synthetic & Kayon												
Pakistan Synthetics Limited	5	762,000	1		1	762,000	12,238	28,918	16,680	0.81	0.82	0.91

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	L		2	umber of share	- Number of shares		Balanc	Balance as at June 30, 2021	30, 2021			
Name of the investee company	Face value per share (Rupees)	As at July 01, 2020	Purchases during the year	Bonus / Right issue	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2021	Carrying	Market value	Appreciation/ (diminution)	Market value as percentage of investments	Market value as percentage of net assets	Percentage of paid up capital of the investee company held
						 		(Rupees in '000)	(000		(%)	***************************************
Technolowy & Communication												
								;	;	į		
Hum Network Limited		•	30,221,500		18,672,500	11,549,000	71,123	92,623	21,500	2.58	2.63	1.22
Netsol Technologies Limited		200,000	ı		200,000		1 0	1 0	1 1			
Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited		750,000	. ;	1	200,000	250,000	2,220	2,960	/40	0.08	0.08	0.01
Systems Limited	<del>0</del>	• ;	51,000		51,000			, i		, ?	. ?	, ;
TPL Corporation Limited	2 9	385,500		1	•	385,500	1,993	7,537	440,0	0.27	L 2.0	0.14
JPL Trakker Limited TDC Devictor Limited Inste 6 1 11	5 5	7 234 345	000,000		5 619 798	1 814 447	77,768	301,797	224.029	24.8	999	0.33
Worldcall Telecom Limited	2 ₽	1,000,000	000		1,000,000		1	,		!	1	00.0
						1 41	173,108	434,106	260,998			
Textile Composite												,
Gul Ahmed Textile Mills Limited	10	33,500	749,000		33,500	740,000	32,875	37,540	4,665	1.05	1.06	0.17
Interloop Limited	10	200,000		,	200,000	•			1		,	•
Masood Textile Mills Limted	5	1,000			,	1,000	9	56	4		0.00	0.00
Nishat Mills Limited	ţ	50,000	1,057,000	,	50,000	1,057,000	106,116	98,618	(7,498)	2.75	2.80	0.30
Nishat (Chunian) Limited	우 (	15,000	400,000	,	1 -	415,000	20,849	20,870	2.5	0.58	0.59	0.17
razai ciori milis cimiled	≥	3	,		ı	8	159,984	157,260	(2,724)		3	200
Textile Soinning						11						
							1	4		4	1	;
Elloot Spinning Milks Limited	<del>2</del>	669,138		, ,		669,138 35,530	60,209	82,311	33 938	2.30	2.33	6.11
Safit Textile Mills Limited (6.1.3)	2 2	25,604		•		25,604	3,457	9,627	6,170	0.27	0.27	0.77
Tata Textile Mills Limited (6.1.3)	<b>.</b>	30,392	1	ı	•	30,392	942	2,589	1,647	0.07	70,0	0.18
Colony Textile Mills Limited	2	400,000	•	•	•	400,000	1,600	2,952	1,352	0.08	80'0	0.08
Crescent Fibres Limited	5 5	37,000	ı	1	•	37,000	7,003	2,294	170x	0.05	0.07	0.30
Saif Textile Mills Limited	2 €	141,000	٠	•	•	141,000	2,040	3,222	1,182	60.0	60'0	0.53
						•	122,964	192,067	69,103			
Textile Weaving						l						
Samin Textiles Limited	10	53,500	•	•		53,500	160	532	372	0.01	0.02	0.20
Vanaspati & Allied Industries												
Punjab Oit Mills Limited	2 9	204,300	•		4,300	250,000	31,812	50,004	19,192	1.39	1,42	3.71
S.O.O.II MILIS LITHING	2	one on	•	•	•	000,000	18 422	70.599	32 450	7	9	7.7
						II.	30,443	4 N 1904	32,109			
Total as at June 30, 2021						W.	2,636,378	3,586,416	950,038			
Total as at June 30, 2020						ļ!	1,788,383	1,658,856	(129,527)			

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Market yes

<sup>6.1.1</sup> This includes 1,500,000 shares pledged with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited (NCCPL) as collateral against margin.

<sup>6.1.2</sup> PSX, in exercise of the powers vested in the Exchange under section 19(7) of the Securities Act, 2015 and the PSX Regulations; placed the M/s Japan Power Generation Limited in the Defaults' Segment and suspended trading in its shares w.e.f. December 18, 2017.

During the year, Tata Textile Mills Limited has announced merger with Salif Textile Mills Limited and Island Textile Mills Limited on March 19, 2021. The Honourable Frigh court of Sindh has passed addendum to the order JCM No. 13 of 2020 dated March 17, 2021 that effective date of merger is July 01, 2021. 6.1.3

<sup>6.1.4</sup> The exposure limit of a investment in a single company as a percentage of net assets exceeded by 0.07% against the prescribed limit of 10% of total net assets as required under NRFC Regulations.

6.2	Net unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on re-measurement of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss'	Note	2021 (Rupees in	2020 ' <b>'000)</b>
	Market value of investments Carrying amount of investments	6.1 6.1	3,586,416 (2,636,378)	1,658,856 (1,788,383)
			950,038	(129,527)
7.	DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	•		
	Security deposits with - National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited - Centra! Depository Company of Pakistan Limited Advance tax withheld on - Dividend - Bank profit Receivable against conversion of units from AKD Cash Fund	7.1 7.1	2,500 100 141 72	2,500 100 141 34 1,038
	·		2,813	3,813

As per clause 47(B) of part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, payments made to collective investment schemes (CISs) are exempt from withholding tax under section 151 and 150 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. However, uptill year ended June 30, 2021, withholding tax on profit on debt and dividend paid to the Fund was deducted by various withholding agents based on the interpretation issued by FBR vide letter C. no. 1(43) DG (WHT) /2008-VOL.8-66417- R dated May 12, 2015 which requires every withholding agent to withhold income tax at applicable rates in case a valid exemption certificate under section 159(1) issued by the concerned Commissioner of Inland Revenue (CIR) is not produced before him by the withholder.

8.	PAYABLE TO AKD INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED - MANAGEMENT COMPANY	Note	2021 (Rupees in	2020 '000)
	Management fee	8.1	E C40	2 604
	Sindh Sales Tax on management fee	8.2	5,646 734	2,691 350
	Federal Excise Duty on management fee	8.3	10,092	10,092
	Expenses allocated by the management company	8.4	989	136
	Sales load payable	J.+	482	109 109
			17,943	13,378

- 8.1 The Management Company charged remuneration at the rate of 2% per annum of the average net assets of the Fund. The remuneration is paid to the Management Company on a monthly basis in arrears.
- 8.2 Sindh Sales Tax on services at the rate of 13% (2020; 13%) on gross value of management fee under the provisions of Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.
- 8.3 As per the requirements of the Finance Act, 2013, Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16% on the remuneration of the Management Company was applied with effect from June 13, 2013. The Management Company is of the view that since the remuneration is already subject to the provincial sales tax, further levy of FED results in double taxation, which does not appear to be the spirit of the law. The matter was collectively taken up by the Management Company jointly with other Asset Management Companies and Trustees of respective Collective Investment Schemes (CISs), through a Constitutional Petition filed in the Sindh High Court (SHC) during September 2013. In this respect, the SHC had issued a stay order against the recovery of FED due to which the Fund has not made any payments for FED since June 13, 2013.

On June 30, 2016, the Sindh High Court had passed a judgment that after 18th amendment in the Constitution of Pakistan, the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services, therefore, chargeability and collection of FED after July 01, 2011 is ultra vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. On September 23, 2016, the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) filed an appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) against above judgement, which is pending adjudication. Management Company, as a matter of abundant caution, has maintained full provision for FED aggregating to Rs. 10.092 million until the matter is resolved. Had the provision not been retained, the net asset value per unit of the Fund as at June 30, 2021 would have been higher by Re. 0.3912 per unit (2020: Re. 0.4165 per unit).

Through Finance Act, 2016, FED on services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institutions (NBFIs) including Asset Management Companies, which are already subject to provincial sales tax, has been withdrawn.

Therefore, provision for FED has not been recorded in these financial statements from July 01, 2016 onwards.

8.4 The Management Company has charged expenses at the rate of 0.35% (2020: 0.1%) per annum of the average annual net assets of the Fund.

			2021	2020
9.	PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE	Note	(Rupees ii	1 '000)
	Trustee fee	9.1	363	212
	CDS charges payable		29	7
	Sindh sales tax on trustee fee and CDS charges	9.2	51_	28
			443	247

9.1 The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed as per the tariff specified therein, based on the daily net assets of the Fund. The fee is paid to the Trustee monthly in arrears.

The tariff structure applicable to the fund is as follows:

# Net assets upto 1 billion

0.20% per annum of the average net assets of the Fund

# Net assets exceeding 1 billion

Rs. 2 million plus 0.10% per annum of the daily average net assets of the Fund exceeding Rs. 1 billion

9.2 Sindh sales tax on services at the rate of 13% (2020: 13%) on gross value of trustee fee under the provisions of Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.

10.	PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN	Note	2021 (Rupees	2020 s in '000)
	Annual fee payable to SECP	10.1	522	314

10.1 Under the provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, all Collective Investment Schemes are required to pay an annual fee, to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, an amount equal to 0.02% of the average annual net assets of the scheme.

11.	ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	Note	2021 (Rupees in	2020 1'000)
	Brokerage payable		3,753	2,079
	Auditor's remuneration		262	230
	Printing charges payable		150	152
	Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund	11.1	61,066	26,519
	Withholding tax payable		4,275	522
	Others		265	326
			69,771	29,828

# 11.1 Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF)

The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance) as a result of which it was construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / Mutual Funds (CISs) whose income exceeded Rs. 500,000 in a tax year were brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of 2% of their accounting or taxable income, whichever was higher.

The amendments introduced in the WWF Ordinance were challenged in various High Courts of Pakistan. The Honourable Lahore High Court (LHC) and the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC) arrived at different conclusions in respect of the validity of the amendments made through the Finance Act in relation to the WWF. Both the decisions of the LHC and the SHC were challenged in the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP). On November 10, 2016, the SCP passed a judgment declaring the insertion of amendments introduced through Finance Act, 2008 pertaining to WWF as unlawful for the reason that the WWF is not in the nature of tax and therefore, could not be introduced through money bill under the Constitution. Subsequently, the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) has filed a review petition in the SCP against the said judgment, which is pending adjudication.

Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for the WWF was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund (SWWF) Act 2014, SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay 2% of so much of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believes that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay Sindh WWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above developments regarding the applicability of Federal and Sindh WWF on Mutual Funds, the MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on these matters during financial year ended June 30, 2017. Based on such legal advice (which also stated that even if a review petition is filed by any party, such petition can only be based on very limited grounds and the chances of any major change in the SCP judgement are very limited), MUFAP had recommended to all its members to reverse the Federal WWF and start recording of Singh WWF. Consequently, the Fund has recorded provision of Rs. 34.547 million (2020: 0.568) for the year and Rs. 61.066 million (2020: Rs. 26.519 million) in aggregate in respect of SWWF. Had the provision against SWWF not been made, the net assets value per unit would have been higher by Rs. 2.37 per unit (2020: Rs. 1.09 per unit).

However, subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2021, Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) through its letter dated August 12, 2021 to Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) has clarified that Asset Management Company's (AMCs) are covered under the term "financial institutions" as per the SWWF Act, 2014 and are therefore, subject to SWWF charge whereas the Mutual Funds / Pension Funds managed by those AMCs do not qualify as "Financial Institutions / Industrial Establishments" as per SWWF Act, 2014 and are therefore, not liable to pay SWWF contributions. The development was discussed at MUFAP level and has also been taken up with the SECP and all the Asset Management Companies, in consultation with the SECP, have reversed the cumulative provision for SWWF recognised in the financial statements of the Funds. The SECP has has given its concurrence for prospective reversal of provision for SWWF. Accordingly, going forward, no provision for SWWF would be recognised in the financial statements of the Fund.

# CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

		2021	2020
13.	NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	Number o	f units
	Opening units in issue Units issued during the year Less: Units redeemed	24,227,880 26,376,522 (24,804,741)	26,182,787 8,138,713 (10,093,620)
	Total units in issue at the end of the year	25,799,661	24,227,880
14.	AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION		
	Annual audit fee Half yearly fee Other certification Out of pocket	175 50 50 22	175 50 20 20
	Sindh sales tax	297 24	265 21
		321	286
r.			

# 15. TAXATION

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed to the unit holders in cash. However, there is no income of the fund if reduced by capital gains, therefore there is no distribution for the year ended. Accordingly, no provision for current tax has been made in these financial statements. The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

# 16. EARNINGS PER UNIT

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management, determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

### 17. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

18.1

The total expense ratio of the Fund is 4.63% (2020: 3.08%) and this includes 1.68% (2020: 0.39%) representing government levies on the Fund such as sales taxes, annual fee payable to the SECP, etc. This ratio is within the maximum limit of 4.5% prescribed under the NBFC Regulations for a Collective Scheme categorised as a "Equity Scheme".

# 18. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / RELATED PARTIES

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Management Company, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company, the Trustee, AKD Securities Limited, directors, officers, key management personnel, other associated undertakings and unit holders holding more than 10% units of the Fund.

The transactions with connected persons / related parties are in the normal course of business and are carried out on agreed terms at contracted rates.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provision of the NBFC Regulations 2008 and Constitutive documents of the Fund.

Details of transactions and balances at period end with related parties / connected persons, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

	2021 (Rupees in	2020 ' <b>'00</b> 0)
Details of transactions with related parties / connected persons during the year :		
AKD Investment Management Limited - Management Company		
Remuneration to Management Company	52,238	31,427
Expenses allocated by the Management Company	9,142	1,571
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of Management Company	6,791	4,086
Sales load	1,490	291
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee of the Fund		
Trustee remuneration	3,612	2,571
Sindh Sales Tax on trustee remuneration	501	346
CDS charges for the period	240	92
AKD Islamic Stock Fund - Common Management Company		
Shares sold to AKD Islamic Stock Fund	78,666	_
Shares purchased from AKD Islamic Stock Fund	•	277
Golden Arrow Stock Fund - Common Management Company		
Shares sold to Golden Arrow Stock Fund	31,252	_
Shares purchased from Golden Arrow Stock Fund	32,176	-
AKD Securities Limited		
Brokerage	1,725	754
Shares sold to AKD Securities Limited	64,600	-
Mr. Imran Motiwala The Chief Executive Officer of the Management Company		
Units issued : 23,871 (2020: 32,660)	2,022	2,006
Units redeemed : 13,530 (2020: 32,689)	1,203	2,006
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-,	=1000

	2021	2020
Spouse of the Chief Executive Officer of the Management Company	(Rupees in '	000)
Units issued : 5,671 (2020: 924,860)	540	<b>50.0</b>
Units redeemed: 5,671 (2020: 1,762,172)	549 686	59,074 119,347
		115,041
Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob		
The Chief Operating Officer and Company Secretary of the Management Company		
Units issued : 13,803 (2020: 14,575)		
Units redeemed : Ni! ( 2020; 4,730)	945	950 266
	•	200
Spouse and minor children of the Chief Operating Officer		
and Company Secretary of the Management Company		
Units issued : 31,752 (2020: 26,322)	2,821	1,585
Aqeel Karim Dhedhi Securities (Private) Limited Staff		•
Provident Fund		
Units issued : 18,426 (2020: Nil)	2,000	-
Me Avesha Agost Dhodhi		
Ms. Ayesha Aqeel Dhedhi Close relative of Mr. Aqeel Karim Dhedhi		
Units issued : 5,327 (2020: 40,896)	600	
•	000	-
Mr. Muhammad Farid Alam		
Chief Executive of AKD Securities Limited		
Jnits issued : 5.787 (2020: Nil)	550	-
Mr. Carrow Michael		
Head of HR and Admin of the Management Company		
Units issued : 102 (2020: Nii)	10	-
Mr. Ubaid ur Rehman		
Head of Retail Sales		
Units redeemed: Nil (2020: 641)	_	37
		31
AKD Investment Management Limited Staff		
Provident Fund Units issued: Nil (2020: 36,719)		
Units redeemed: 44,563 (2020: 59,161)		2,627
1. 10100 (2020, 00, 101)	5,278	4,200
Elicot Spinning Mills Limited - Common Directorship		
Dividend received during the year	5,019	_
Balances outstanding at the year end	,	
AKD Investment Management Limited -		
Management Company		
Remuneration payable	5,646	2,691
Sindh Sales Tax on Management remuneration Federal Excise Duty payable on Management	734	350
Allocated expenses by the Management Company	10,092	10,092
Sales load payable	989 482	136 109
		100
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee of the Fund		
Remuneration payable	***	
Sindh sales tax on trustee remuneration payable and CDS charges	363 51	212
Security deposit	100	28 100
CDS charges payable	29	7
Receivable against conversion of units		
AKD Cash Fund		4
· · · <del>- //-</del>	•	1,038

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18.2

	2021 (Rupees in	2020
Mr. Imran Motiwala The Chief Executive Officer of the Management Company Units outstanding : 83,815 (2020: 73,474)	11,459	4,930
Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob The Chief Operating Officer and Company Secretary of the Management Company Units outstanding: 35,945 (2020: 22,142)	4,914	1,486
Spouse and minor children of the Chief Operating Officer and Company Secretary of the Management Company Units outstanding: 58,105 (2020: 26,322)	7,944	1,766
Ms. Ayesha Aqeel Dhedhi Close relative of Mr. Aqeel Karim Dhedhi Units outstanding: 5,448 (2020: 121)	745	8
Mr. Muhammad Farid Alam Chief Executive of AKD Securities Limited Units outstanding: 5,787 (2020: Nil)	791	-
Mr. Carrow Michael Head of HR and Admin Units outstanding : 102 (2020; Nil)	14	-
AKD Investment Management Limited Staff Provident Fund Units outstanding: Nil (2020: 44,563)		2,990
Ellcot Spinning Mills Limited - Common Directorship Shares held 669,138 (2020: 669,138)	82,311	60,209
Ageel Karim Dhedhi Securities (Private) Limited - Staff Provident Fund Units outstanding : 90,428 (2020: 72,003)	12,363	4,831
Mr. Ameer Arif Dagha Spouse of Mrs. Anum Dhedi (Director) Units outstanding :137,627 (2020: 137,627)	18,816	9,234
Ms. Afsheen Aqeel Dhedhi Close relative of Mr. Aqeel Karim Dhedhi Units outstanding:61 (2020: 61)	8	4
Mr. Hasan Ahmed Director of the Management Company Units outstanding : 21,385 (2020: 21,385)	2,924	1,435
Mr. Toqir Hussain Head of Information Technology Units outstanding : 65 (2020: 65)	9	4
Mr. Murtaza Wahab Siddiqui Spouse of the Director of the Management Company Units outstanding : 36,068 (2020: 36,068)	4,931	2,420
Mr. Ali Wahab Siddiqui Director of the Management Company Units outstanding: 1,829 (2020: 1,829)	250	123
AKD Securities Limited - Brokerage House Brokerage payable on purchase and sale of marketable securities	1,725	601
Arabian Sea Enterprises Limited (having invested more than 10% in the units of the Fund) Units outstanding: 3,573,194 (2020: 3,573,194)	488,513	239,752
KAPCO Employees Pension Fund Trust* (having invested more than 10% in the units of the Fund) Units outstanding: Nil (2020: 2,478,380)	_	166,293
* Prior year connected party, current figures not shown		

# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

As at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the financial assets and liabilities carried on the statement of assets and liabilities are categorised as follows:

Financial Assets	2021 2020 (Rupees in '000)	
At fair value through profit or loss		
Investments	3,586,416	1,658,856
At amortised cost	0,000,410	1,000,000
Bank balances Dividend and profit receivable on bank deposits Deposits and other receivables Receivable against sale of investment	33,639 984 2,600 3,864	8,150 64 3,638
Financial Liabilities	3,627,503	1,670,708
At amortised cost		
Payable to AKD Investment Management Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Accrued expenses and other liabilities Unclaimed dividend Payable against purchase of securities	7,117 392 4,430 255 11,550	2,936 219 2,787 255 1,232
	23,744	7,429

# 20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, profit rate and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risks of the Fund are being managed by the Management Company in accordance with the approved policies of the investment committee which provides broad guidelines for management of above mentioned risks. The Board of Directors of Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

The Fund's financial assets primarily comprise of balances with banks and investment in equity securities of listed companies classified at 'fair value through profit or loss'. The Fund also has dividend, profit receivable on bank deposit and deposits and other receivables. The Fund's principal financial liabilities include remuneration payable to the Management Company, the Trustee and accrued and other liabilities.

## 20.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure in marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee of the Fund and the regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk; currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

# 20.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as its operations are geographically restricted to Pakistan and all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

# 20.1.2 Yield / interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2021, the Fund is exposed to fair value interest rate risk on its bank balances.

#### Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments a)

At the reporting date the Fund has balances in saving accounts on which interest rate is 5.5% that could expose the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. The net income for the year would have increased / (decreased) by Rs. 0.335 million (2020: Rs. 0.080 million) had the interest rates on saving accounts with the banks increased / (decreased) by 100 basis points.

#### Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments b)

At the reporting date, the Fund does not hold any fixed rate instruments that could expose the Fund to fair value interest rate

# Exposure to interest rate risk and maturity

Interest rate sensitivity position for on balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on the settlement date.

		As at June 30, 2021				
		Exposed to interest rate risk				
Particular	Effective interest rate	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year	Not exposed to interest rate risk	Total
	%	EFE-1184354-66-		(Rupees in	'000)	
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Investments		-	-	-	3,586,416	3,586,416
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Bank balances Dividend and profit receivable on bank deposits	5.5	33,484	-	-	155 984	33,639 984
Deposits and other receivables		_		-	2,600	2,600
Receivable against sale of investment		3,864 37,348		-	3,864 7,603	3,864 41,087
Sub total		37,348	-	-	3,594,019	3,627,503
Financial liabilities at amortised cost						
Payable to AKD Investment Management Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		-	:	-	7,117 392	7,117 392
Accrued expenses and other liabilities Unclaimed dividend			-	-	4,430 255	4,430
Sub total		<u> </u>	· ·	<del>-</del>	12,194	256 12,194
On-balance sheet gap		37,348	-	-	3,581,825	3,615,309
Total interest rate sensitivity gap		37,348		<u> </u>	3,581,825	
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		37,348			3,581,825	

				As at June 30	, 2020	
		Expos	ed to interest ra	ate risk		
Particular	Effective interest rate	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year	Not exposed to interest rate risk	Total
On tralamental and firm a state of the state	%			- (Rupees in '	000)	
On-balance sheet financial instruments			•			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Investments		-	-	-	1,658,856	1,658,85
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Bank balances	5 to 6.5	7,995	T	-	155	8,15
Dividend and profit receivable on bank dep Deposits and other receivables	oosits	-	-	-	64	. 6
popularia and other receivables		7,995	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	3,638 3,857	3,63 11,85
Sub total		7,995	-	-	1,662,713	1,670,70
Financial liabilities at amortised cost						
Payable to AKD investment Management Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company	Limited -	-	-	-	2,936	2,93
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		-	-	-	219	21
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		-	•	-	2,787	2,78
Unclaimed dividend Payable against purchase of securities		-	-	•	255 1,232	25
Sub total					7,429	1,23 7,42
On-balance sheet gap		7.000		<del></del>	- <del></del>	
		7,995	•	<del>-</del>	1,655,284	1,863,27
Total interest rate sensitivity gap		7,995	•	<u>-</u>	1,655,284	
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		7,995		-	1,655,284	
Price risk						

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of the financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factor specific to an individual investment, its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

The Fund has exposure to equity price risk arising from its investments in equity securities. The Fund manages its price risk arising from investment in the equity securities by diversifying its portfolio within the eligible limits prescribed in the Fund's Constitutive Documents, the NBFC Regulations and circulars issued by SECP from time to time. The Fund's equity investments are concentrated in the sectors given in note 6.1.

At June 30, 2021, the fair value of equity securities exposed to price risk is disclosed in note 6.1.

The sensitivity of the profit for the year and the unit holders' fund to an increase or decrease of 5% in the fair values of the Fund's equity securities is disclosed below. This level of change is considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Fund's equity securities at each reporting date, with all other variables held constant.

Effect due to increase / decrease in index	2021 (Rupees in '0	2020 1 <b>00')</b>
Investment and net assets	179,321	82,943
Income statement	179,321	82,943

# 20.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of a loss if the counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund's credit risk mainly arises from deposits with banks and financial institutions and credit exposure arising as a result of dividend receivable (if any) on equity securities and other receivables.

# Management of credit risk

For banks and financial institutions, the Fund keeps deposits with reputed financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. Credit risk on account of dividend receivable is minimal due to the statutory protection. All transactions in listed securities are settled / paid for upon delivery using the system of National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited. The risk of default in these transactions is considered minimal due to inherent systematic measures taken therein. The Fund's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee, its Trust Deed and the requirements of the NBFC rules and the regulations and the guidelines given by the SECP from time to time.

The maximum exposure to credit risk before considering any collateral as at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are 'impaired' nor 'past due but not impaired'.

	2021		2020		
	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	per Maximum statement of assets and		Maximum exposure	
	12 42 5 Mile	(Rup	ees in '000)		
Balances with banks Dividend and profit receivable on bank deposits Deposits and other receivables Receivable against saie of investment	33,639 984 2600 3,864	33,639 984 2600 3,864	8,150 64 3,638	8,150 64 - -	
	41,087	41,087	11,852	8,214	

The analysis below summaries the credit rating quality of the Fund's financial assets with banks as at June 30, 2021.

Bank balances by rating category Rating		2021		2020	
	Agency	Rupees in '000	%	Rupees in '000	%
AA+/A1+ AA/A1+ AA-/A1+ Suspended AAA/A1+	PACRA PACRA PACRA VIS PACRA / VIS	32,543 864 45 50 137 33,639	97% 3% 0% 0% 0% 100%	7,361 495 45 50 199 8,150	90% 6% 1% 1% 2%
		2021		2020	)
Profit receivable on bank deposits	•	Rupees in '000	%	Rupees in '000	%
AA+/A1+	PACRA	984	100%	64	100%

Above ratings are on the basis of latest available ratings at June 30, 2021 assigned by PACRA and VIS Credit Rating Company Limited.

Balance with bank is assessed to have low credit risk of default since the banks are highly regulated by the State Bank of Pakistan. Accordingly, management of the Fund estimates that loss allowance on balance with banks at the end of the reporting period at an amount equal to 12 month Expected Credit Loss (ECL). JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited (JCR-VIS) has assigned a 'D' (Default) rating to the seven year listed TFC issued by Summit Bank Limited (SBL) due to non-payment of its latest markup payment on account of lock-in-clause being invoked by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), therefore; has been suspended since November 23, 2018. None of the other balance with banks at the end of the reporting period is past due, and taking into account the historical default experience and the current credit ratings of the banks, the management of the Fund have assessed that there is no impairment, and hence have not recorded any loss allowance on this balance.

### Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is mainly concentrated in equity securities which are diversified and relate to various sectors. The Fund's portfolio of other financial assets is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

### Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed.

For the vast majority of transactions the Fund mitigates this risk by conducting settlements through a broker to ensure that a trade is settled only when both parties have fulfilled their contractual settlement obligations.

# 20.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations arising from its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset or such obligations will have to be settled in a manner disadvantageous to the Fund.

The Fund is exposed to daily settlement of equity securities and daily cash redemptions, if any, at the option of unit holders. The Fund approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. Its policy is therefore to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realizable.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the ability to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of 10% of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below 10% of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the current year.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	As at June 30, 2021					
	Within one month	Over one to three months	Over three to twelve months	Over one to five years	Total	
		**********	(Rupees in '000	)		
Payable to AKD Investment Management Limite Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company		-		-	7,117	
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	392	-	_	_	392	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	4,430	-	_	-	4,430	
Unclaimed dividend	255	_	_	-	255	
	12,194	-		-	12,194	
	Within one month	Over one to three months	Over three to twelve months	Over one to five years	Total	
			- (Rupees in 1000)			
Payable to AKD Investment Management Limited	d -		(    ,			
Management Company	2,936	-	-	-	2,936	
Payable to Central Depository Company						
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	219	-	-	-	219	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities Unclaimed dividend	2,787	-	-	-	2,787	
	255	-	-	-	255	
Payable against purchase of securities	1,232		-	-	1,232	
	7,429			-	7,429	

# 21. UNIT HOLDERS' FUND (UHF) RISK MANAGEMENT

The unit holders' fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unit holders / redeemable units. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily issuance and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders. These unit holders of the Fund are entitled to distributions and to payment of a proportionate share based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement in unit holders' fund.

The Fund's objective when managing unit holders' fund is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for the benefits of the unit holders to maintain a strong base of assets to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund and to meet unexpected losses or opportunities. As required under the NBFC Regulations, every open end scheme shall maintain minimum fund size (i.e. net assets of the Fund) of Rs. 100 million at all times during the life of scheme. In order to comply with the requirement and to maintain or adjust the Unit Holders' Fund, the Fund's policy is to perform the following:

- Monitor the level of daily issuance and redemptions relative to the liquid assets and adjust the amount of distributions the Fund pays to the unit holders;
- Redeem and issue units in accordance with the constitutive documents of the Fund. This includes the Fund's ability to restrict redemptions; and
- The Fund Manager / Investment Committee members and the Chief Executive Officer of the Management Company critically track the movement of 'Assets under Management'. The Board of Directors of the Management Company is updated regarding key performance indicators, e.g., yield and movement of NAV and total Fund size at the end of each quarter.

The Fund has maintained and complied with the requirements of minimum fund size during the current year.

### 22. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

IFRS 13 - 'Fair Value Measurement' establishes a single source of guidance under IFRS for all fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurement where such measurements are required as permitted by other IFRSs. It defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the close of trading i.e. period end date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value as these are short term in nature.

The following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value based on:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- Level 3: those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	As at June 30, 2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
ASSETS	10.00 HO 00.00 HO 00.	(Rupee:	s in '000)	
Investment in securities - at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed equity securities	3,586,416	-		3,586,416
	As at June 30, 2020			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
ASSETS		(Rupees	in '000)	
Investment in securities - at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed equity securities	1,658,856	-	-	1,658,856

There were no transfers between various levels of fair value hierarchy during the year.

TOP	TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF THE COMMISSION CHARGE	June 30, 2021 Percentage
1	Investment Managers Securities (Private) Limited	24.23%
2	AKD Securities Limited	16.31%
3	Al Securities (Private) Limited	15.84%
4	Creative Capital Securities (Private) Limited	11.20%
5	Optimus Capital Management (Private) Limited	10.78%
6	First Equity Modaraba	4.86%
7	AKIK Capital (Private) Limited	4.32%
8	Y.H. Securities (Private) Limited	2.68%
9	Pearl Securities Limited	2.43%
10	Next Capital Limited	1.54%
		June 30, 2020 Percentage
1	AKD Securities Limited	15.80%
2	Investment Managers Securities (Private) Limited	12.96%
3	A.I.Securities (Private) Limited	10.78%
4	Optimus Capital Management (Private) Limited	10.11%
5	Next Capital Limited	10.02%
6	Creative Capital Securities (Private) Limited	8.86%
7	DJM Securities Limited	5.50%
8	Habib Metropolitan Financial Services Limited	4.17%
9	Fortune Securities Limited	3.62%
10	Y.H. Securities (Private) Limited	3.09%

# 24. PARTICULARS OF THE INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND THE FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the Investment Committee of the Fund as on June 30, 2021 are as follows:

\$.по	Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years	
1	Mr. Imran Motiwala	Chief Executive Officer	B.Sc. (Marketing)	28	
2	Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob	Chief Operating Officer and Company Secretary	MBA (Finance), CFA Charterholder	17	
3	Ms. Anum Dhedhi	Chief Investment Officer	B.Sc. (Financial Economics)	10	
4	Mr. Bilal Shuja Zaidi	Investment Analyst	ACCA, CFA Level III Passed	3	
5	Mr. Sheikh Usman Haroo	n Risk Manager	ACCA, CFA Level III Passed	7	
6	Mr. Danish Aslam	Fund Manager	BS (Accounting & Finance), CFA Level I Passed	3	
7	Mr. Ajay Kumar	Fund Manager	MBA (Finance), CFA Charterholder	6	

Ms. Anum Dedhi is the Manager of the Fund. She is also managing Golden Arrow Stock Fund.

# 25. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING

	(As at June 30, 2021)		
	Unit Holders	Number of units held	Percentage investment
		<u>-</u>	%
dividuals	1,412	10,300,634	39.93%
rectors	3	107,028	0.41%
surance companies	1	912,802	3.54%
tirement Funds	18	5,825,599	22.58%
rporates	5	7,352,387	28.50%
rs	13	1,301,211	5.04%
	1,452	25,799,661	100%
	(A	s at June 30, 20	20)
	Unit Holders	Number of units held	Percentage investment
	<u> </u>		%
s	1,428	11,403,932	47.07%
tors	3	96,687	0.40%
nd	23	7,442,448	30.72%
	3	3,765,714	15.54%
	8	1,519,099	6.27%
	1,465	24,227,880	100%

# 26. ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

During the year 85th, 86th, 87th and 88th board meetings were held on September 30, 2020, October 29, 2020, February 25, 2021 and April 30, 2021 respectively. Information in respect of attendance by Directors in these meetings is given below

S.No.	Name of Director	Number of meetings held	Attended	Leave granted	Meeting not attended
1	Mr. Abdul Karim	4	4	-	-
2	Mr. Imran Motiwala	4	4	-	_
3	Ms. Anum Dhedhi	4	3	1	86 <sup>th</sup>
4	Mr. Saim Mustafa Zuberi	4	3	1	86 <sup>th</sup>
5	Mr. Ali Wahab Siddiqui	4	4	-	
6	Mr. Hasan Ahmed	4	4	-	-
7	Ms. Aysha Ahmed	4	4	-	_

# 27. GENERAL

- 27.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees unless otherwise specified.
- 27.2 Comparative figures have been reclassified where necessary for better presentation and comparison.

# DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 29 SFP 2021 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

> For AKD Investment Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

# AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND PERFORMANCE TABLE

	2021	2020	2019
Total net assets value (Rs '000)	3,527,232	1,625,629	1,728,335
Net assets value per unit - (Rs)	136.7162	67.10	66.01
Selling price as at June 30 (Rs)	140.8177	69.15	68.00
Repurchase price as at June 30 (Rs)	136.7162	67.05	66.00
Highest selling price (Rs) Lowest selling price (Rs)	142.4224 70.5000	81.40 52.90	87.40 63.25
Highest repurchase price (Rs) Lowest repurchase price (Rs)	138.2742 68.4000	79.00 51.30	84.80 61.35
Return of the Fund - capital growth (Rs '000) - income distribution (including refund of capital) (Rs '000)	1,901,603 -	(102,706) -	(753,540) -
Distribution per unit Interim Final	- -	- -	- -
Average Annual Return  - Last one year  - Last two year  - Last three year	103.76 43.92 18.17	1.65 -10.01 -11.15	-20.33 -16.93 -2.20

Note: The portfolio composition of the fund has been disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

# AKD Opportunity Fund Proxy details issued by Fund For the year ended June 30, 2021

As per the requirement of Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, The Board of Directors of AKD Investment Management Limited (the Management Company of the Fund) has formulated Proxy Voting Policy, which is available on Management Company's website (www.akdinvestment.com).

During the year, the Management Company on behalf of the Fund participated in 3 shareholders' meetings. Moreover, details of summarized proxies voted are as follows:

AKDOF	Resolutions	For	Against	Abstain	Reason for Abstaining
Number	6	6	0	0	-
(%ages)	100	100	0	0	-

Detailed information regarding actual proxies voted by the Management Company on behalf of the Fund will be provided to the unit holders without any charges upon request.



# Head Office:

216-217, Continental Trade Centre, Block-8, Clifton, Karachi-74000 U.A.N: 92-21-111 AKDIML (111-253-465) | Fax: 92-21-35303125

# Gulshan-e-Iqbal Branch:

Bungalow No. FL-3/12, Ground Floor Block No. 5, KDA, Scheme No. 24, Gulshan-e-Iqbal, Karachi. Contact # 92-21-34823003-7

# Abbottabad Branch:

Office No. 1 & 2, 2nd Floor, Zaman Plaza, Near Complex Hospital, Main Mansehra Road, Abbottabad. Contact # 099-2381431-2

E-mail: info@akdinvestment.com Website: www.akdinvestment.com

# Lahore Branch:

Plaza # 250, 2nd Floor, Phase IV, Block-FF, D.H.A., Lahore Cantt. Contact # 0333-0342762-4