



MCB-ARIF HABIB
Savings and Investments Limited

ANNUAL REPORT 2022

Funds Under Management of
MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited



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PAKISTAN CAPITAL MARKET FUND

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FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company	MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	
Board of Directors	Mr. Haroun Rashid Mr. Nasim Beg Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Kashif A. Habib Mirza Qamar Beg Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Chairman Vice Chairman Chief Executive Officer Director Director Director Director Director
Audit Committee	Mirza Qamar Beg Mr. Nasim Beg Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Kashif A. Habib Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Chairman Member Member Member Member
Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Mirza Qamar Beg Mr. Nasim Beg Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chairman Member Member Member Member Member
Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	
Chief Operating Officer & Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi	
Company Secretary	Mr. Altaf Ahmad Faisal	
Trustee	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd. CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'S.M.C.H.S Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326053 Web: www.cdcpakistan.com	
Bankers	MCB Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited United Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited Bank Al Habib Limited Habib Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan JS Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank Limited Zarai Traqiati Bank Limited Bank Al-Falah Limited	
Auditors	A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants (A Member Firm of PWC Network) State Life Building 1-C I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	
Legal Advisor	Bawaney & Partners 3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi	
Transfer Agent	MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited Adamjee House, 2nd Floor I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	
Rating	AM1 Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA	

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present **Pakistan Capital Market Fund's** accounts review for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Economy and Money Market Review

Fiscal year 2022 (FY22) remained a difficult year for Pakistan as the country faced multiple challenges on macroeconomic front along with political uncertainty. While the economy weathered the Covid challenge relatively well, reopening of global economies and supply chain disruptions stimulated a spike in global commodity prices increasing pressure on trade deficit. Russia- Ukraine war pushed the commodity prices even further, exacerbating the already widening trade deficit with highest ever import bill during the year. A spike in energy and food prices coupled with a weak exchange rate led to a sharp pickup in domestic inflation. Commodity price led Inflationary trends were also visible in global economies particularly US and Eurozone and consequent tightening has raised fears of a broader recession.

Pakistan's economy was already coping with macroeconomic challenges and the political upheaval further aggravated the situation. The elevated political noise led to populist measures like fuel and power subsidies undermining the much needed fiscal adjustments. In addition, an unscheduled change of country's leadership and ensuring political uncertainty led to delay in policy actions and adjustments needed for IMF program.

The country posted a current account deficit of USD 15.2bn in 11MFY22 compared to a deficit of USD 1.1bn in the corresponding period last year. This was the largest CAD since FY18, when country witnessed a deficit of USD 15.9bn in first eleven months of the fiscal year. The deterioration came in primarily on the back of higher imports which grew by 36.5% in 11MFY22 compared to export growth of 26.7%. Trade Deficit increased by 45.5% to USD 36.1bn compared to USD 24.8bn in the same period last year. The unprecedented increase in imports mainly came from historic high prices of our commodity basket including crude oil, palm oil, coal coupled with one time vaccines imports.

Foreign exchange reserves of central bank declined by USD 7.4bn in FY22 on account of higher current account deficit and debt repayments. In addition, delay in IMF program led to slowdown in other foreign inflows which dragged the reserves to USD 9.8bn, implying an import cover of 1.7 months. These outflows coupled with widening current account deficit led PKR to weaken by 23.0% against USD since start of the fiscal year.

Inflation remained highly concerning as rising commodities continued to create challenges for policy makers. Headline inflation represented by CPI averaged 12.1% in FY22 compared to 8.9% in FY21. The rise mainly came from higher food prices, elevated energy costs (both electricity and fuel) and second round impact of PKR depreciation, which kept the prices of imported commodities high. Core inflation as measured by Non Food Non Energy also depicted an upwards trend with an increase of 12.3% in June 2022 compared to 6.9% in June 2021. Expectations of above 20% in the next fiscal year along with weak fiscal framework, led SBP to increase policy rate by a cumulative 625bps to 13.75% in the fiscal year to counter inflationary pressures and slowdown the overall aggregate demand. It further increased policy rate by 125 basis points to 15% in July-22.

On the fiscal side, FBR tax collection increased by 29.1% in FY22 to PKR 6,125bn compared to PKR 4,744bn during the same period last year. This exceeded the target by 25bn. The improved tax collection was primarily on the back of higher customs duty and sales tax collected due to higher imports.

Secondary markets yields have increased significantly in FY22 as SBP started the monetary tightening cycle. The depreciation in the rupee along with persistently high energy prices will add pressure to inflation and we expect average inflation numbers to remain elevated in medium term.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Bond yields for tenors of 3 years, 5 years and 10 years witnessed a rise of 4.5%, 3.4% and 3.0%, respectively during the period.

Equity Market Review

After posting a healthy gain of 38% in FY21, the benchmark KSE-100 Index corrected by 12.3% in FY22, losing 5,815 points to end the year at 41,541 points. The market remained volatile throughout the year, but took a downturn in the second half of the fiscal year as Russia-Ukraine war worsened several macroeconomic indicators fueling concern over external account position. The widening current account deficit, rapidly depleting reserves (PKR touching an all-time low of PKR211/USD), downgrade of Pakistan's outlook to negative by Moody's, and delay in the approval of IMF's sixth and seventh review created default fears among the investors. In addition, a high inflationary environment caused by a global commodity super cycle, rupee depreciation, and rising interest rates further added to the investors' woes. Moreover, the budget also proved to be a negative event for the market, incorporating painful but necessary measures to enhance revenue collection and control expenditures in line with the IMF's direction.

Fertilizer and Chemical were the outperformers during the year, posting a return of 13.9% and 6.1%, respectively. On the contrary, Cement remained the worst performing sector with a negative return of -43.8% thanks to rising international coal prices (+189% YoY to USD 332/ton). Average traded volume and value during FY22 went down by 45% (291mn shares) and value by 54% (USD 55mn), respectively.

During the year, MSCI reclassified Pakistan from the Emerging Markets Index to Frontier Markets Index. As a result, Foreign investors offloaded USD 298mn worth of equities during FY22. Individuals were the major buyers followed by Banks/DFIs. They bought shares worth USD 157mn and USD 115mn, respectively.

FUND PERFORMANCE

During the period under review, the fund posted a return of -11.25% compared to the return of -7.53% posted by the benchmark.

On the equities front, the overall allocation stood at 59.2%. The exposure was mainly held in Commercial Banks, Cement and Oil & Gas Exploration Companies.

On the fixed income side, the fund maintained its exposure towards cash to benefit from attractive rates offered by banks.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 stood at Rs. 382 million as compared to Rs. 467 million as at June 30, 2021 registering a decrease of 18.2%.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2022 was Rs. 10.65 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 12.00 per unit as at June 30, 2021 showing a decrease of Rs. 1.35 per unit.

Economy & Market – Future Outlook

The government has taken several harsh steps including increasing petroleum, electricity and gas prices to meet the IMF prior conditions. It has also increased interest rate to 15% and made changes in the FY23 Budget to targets primary fiscal surplus in FY23. These steps have led to a successful staff level agreement with IMF and should pave the way for the disbursement of USD 1.2bn from the fund under the combined 7th and 8th review of the Extended Fund Facility (EFF). The government was also able to convince IMF to increase funding by USD 1 billion to USD 7 billion and extend the duration till June 2023 compared to September 2022 earlier. IMF program shall provide stability to the external account and provide a window to policy makers requiring

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

continued fiscal discipline and measured trade account policies in the short term while focus on the economic policies that can support sustainable growth in the long term.

Pakistan GDP growth clocked at 6.0% in FY22 with Agricultural, Industrial and Services sector grew by 4.4%, 7.2% and 6.2% respectively. However, we expect GDP growth to sharply decline to a range of 2.5-3.0% in FY23. The monetary tightening and rupee devaluation would lead to slowdown in economy and would impact industrial growth. The government is also focusing on controlling imports to curtail current account deficit which would affect services sector growth.

The international commodities have eased from their recent high but energy prices remain stubbornly high. We expect the government to keep a tight leash on imports and discourage unnecessary dollar outflows. The imports are expected to decrease by 14% YoY to USD 63bn as we will witness volumetric compression in several segments of the economy. Thus we expect the current account deficit to ease to USD 7.6bn (2.0% of GDP) in FY23 compared to expected current account deficit of USD 16.5bn (4.2% of GDP) in FY22.

Successful resumption of the IMF program will be a key prerequisite to keep the financial account in positive zone as we await funding commitment from friendly countries. Sustaining remittances along with bilateral and multilateral flows would also be crucial in managing our external position. USD/PKR is trading in a range of 225-230 due to ensuing political uncertainty and delay in IMF tranche. We expect Rupee to recover post disbursement of IMF tranche along with receipts from friendly countries. We expect however USD/PKR to depreciate by the close of fiscal year to 235.

CPI based inflation for June 2022 clocked at 21.3% on the back of increase in petroleum and electricity prices as the relief measures announced by the previous government were reversed. We will witness the second round impact of currency devaluation and petroleum price increase which will keep inflation elevated for the remainder of the year. We expect FY23 average inflation to clock at 21.8%. SBP increased the policy rate to 15% to slowdown aggregate demand and ward off inflationary pressures. Increasing interest rate to unnecessarily higher level impacts fiscal position and does little to tame cost push inflation. We thus SBP to balance monetary tightening and fiscal costs by maintaining negative interest rates

From capital market perspective, particularly equities, the correction in stock prices has further opened up valuation. The market has priced in the interest rate increase and currency depreciation. Market cap to GDP ratio has declined to 10.1%, a discount of 52% from its historical average. Similarly, risk premiums are close to 8.3%, compared to historical average of 2.2% signifying deep discount at which market is trading. We believe a micro view of sectors and stock will remain important and investment selection should focus on companies which trade at a deep discount to their intrinsic value. The market is currently trading at PER of 4.7x, while offering a dividend yield of 9.5%.

For debt holders, we expect Money Market Funds to continue to seamlessly mirror policy rates throughout the year. On the other hand, government bonds yields may continue to remain at elevated levels given inflationary pressure. We remain cautious at the current levels of bond yields and would continue to monitor the data points to capitalize on opportunities.

Mutual Fund Industry Review

The Net Assets of the open end mutual fund industry increased by about 19.2% during FY22 to PKR 1,214bn. Total money market funds grew by about 43.8% since June 2021. Within the money market sphere, the conventional funds dominated with a growth of about 56.4% to PKR 446bn while Islamic funds increased by 24.1% to PKR 225bn. In addition, the total fixed Income funds increased by about 21.9% since June 2021, as the conventional income funds rose by 27.9% to PKR 161bn. Equity and related funds declined by 23.1% as market witnessed a decline in FY22 eroding AUMS as concern over macroeconomic and geopolitical factors kept investors at bay.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

In terms of the segment share, Money Market funds were the leader with a share of around 55.3%, followed by Income funds with a share of 24.6% and Equity and Equity related funds having a share of 18.9% as at the end of FY22.

Mutual Fund Industry Outlook

Increase in interest rates would encourage higher flows in the money market funds. Recent changes in Finance Act 2023 also incentivize investors to save and invest through Mutual funds. Prevailing yields of near 15% in fixed income funds are ideal for investors with a short term horizon and low risk profile. However recent correction in stock prices has opened up valuations and long term investors would look to add equity exposure at these highly attractive levels. Our operations remained seamless and given our competitive edge due to aggressive investment in digital access and online customer experience, the environment provides an opportunity with growing number of investors available online.

Corporate Governance

The Fund is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board comprises of eight (8) members including the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and has a diverse mix of gender and knowledge. The Board consists of 1 female and 7 male directors, categorized as follows:

- 4 Non – Executive Directors;
- 3 Independent Directors; and
- 1 Executive Director (CEO).

The details of above are as under:

Sr. No.	Name	Status	Membership in other Board Committees
1.	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Non-Executive Director	None
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	Non-Executive Director	(i) Audit Committee; and (ii) HR&R* Committee
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Non-Executive Director	(i) Audit Committee; and (ii) HR&R* Committee.
4.	Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Non-Executive Director	(i) Audit Committee
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Independent Director	(i) Audit Committee (ii) HR&R* Committee
6.	Mirza Qamar Beg	Independent Director	(i) Audit Committee (Chairman); and (ii) HR&R* Committee (Chairman).
7.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Independent Director	(i) HR&R* Committee
8.	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Executive Director	(i) HR&R* Committee

* HR&R stands for Human Resource and Remuneration.

Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance. The Fund remains committed to conduct business in line with listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange, which clearly defined the role and responsibilities of Board of Directors and Management.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Board of Directors is pleased to report that:

- a. Financial statements present fairly its state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Fund have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the respective Trust Deeds and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further.
- f. There are no doubts what so ever upon the Fund's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance.
- h. Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements.
- i. The statement as to the value of investments of provident/gratuity and pension fund is not applicable on the Fund but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure has been made in the Directors' Report.
- j. As at June 30, 2022, the Company is in compliance with the requirements of Directors' Training Program, as contained in Regulation No. 19 of the Code.
- k. The detailed pattern of unit holding, as required by NBFC Regulations are enclosed.
- l. A formal and effective mechanism is put in place for an annual evaluation of the Board's own performance, members of the Board and Committees of the Board.
- m. The details of attendance of Board of Directors meeting is disclosed in financial statements. Below are the details of committee meetings held during the year ended June 30, 2022:

1. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, nine (9) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

Name of Persons	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings		
		Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
1. Mirza Qamar Beg(Chairman)	9	9	9	-
2. Mr. Nasim Beg	9	9	9	-
3. Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	9	9	8	1
4. Mr. Kashif A. Habib	9	9	6	3
5. Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	9	9	9	-

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2. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, five (5) meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

Name of Persons	Number of meetings	Number of meetings		
		Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
1. Mirza Qamar Beg (chairman)	5	5	5	-
2. Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	5	5	2	-
3. Mr. Nasim Beg	5	5	2	-
4. Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	5	5	5	-
5. Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	5	5	2	-
6. Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem (CEO)	5	5	5	-

- n. No trades in the Units of the Fund were carried out during the year by Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, and Chief Internal Auditor of the Management Company and their spouses and minor children.

External Auditors

The fund's external auditors, **M/s A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants** have expressed their willingness to continue as the fund auditors for the ensuing year ending June 30, 2023. The audit committee of the Board has recommended reappointment of **M/s A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants** as auditors of the fund for the year ending June 30, 2023 and the Board of Directors also endorsed the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

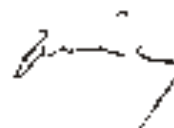
ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,



sMuhammad Saqib Saleem
Chief Executive Officer
August 15, 2022



Nasim Beg
Director and Vice Chairman

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

n. ڈائریکٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر، چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر، چیف فنانس آفیسر، کمپنی سیکرٹری، اور مینجمنٹ کمپنی کے چیف انٹرنل آڈیٹر اور ان کی شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کے ذریعہ سال کے دوران فنڈ کے بزنس میں کوئی تجارت نہیں کی گئی۔

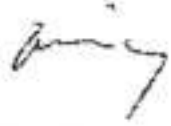
خارجی آڈیٹرز

فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز اے ایف فرگوسن اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس نے فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2023ء کے طور پر جاری رہنے کی رضامندی کا اظہار کیا ہے۔ بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 'اے ایف فرگوسن اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس' کی فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2023ء کے طور پر دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش پیش کی ہے۔ اور بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے بھی آڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارش کی توثیق کی ہے۔

اظہار تشکر

بورڈ فنڈ کے قابل قدر سرمایہ کاروں، سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان اور فنڈ کے ڈسٹریبیوٹرز کے مسلسل تعاون اور حمایت کے لیے شکر گزار ہے۔ نیز، ڈائریکٹرز انتظامیہ ٹیم کی کاوشوں کو بھی خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

منجانب ڈائریکٹرز



نسیم بیگ

ڈائریکٹر اوپن اس چیمبر مین

محمد شاقب سلیم

چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر

15 اگست 2022ء

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

۱. پراویڈنٹ / مینجمنٹ اور ایگزیکٹو فنڈ کی سرمایہ کاریوں کی قدر کے بیان کا اطلاق فنڈ پر نہیں ہوتا لیکن مینجمنٹ کمیٹی پر ہوتا ہے؛ چنانچہ ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ میں کوئی اظہار نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔

۲. 30 جون 2022 تک، کمیٹی ڈائریکٹرز کے ترقیتی پروگرام کے تقاضوں کی تعمیل کر رہی ہے، جیسا کہ کوڈ کے ضابطہ نمبر 19 میں موجود ہے۔

۳. این بی ایف سی ریگولیشنز کے مطابق مطلوب پونٹ ہولڈنگ کا تفصیلی خاکہ منسلک ہے۔

۴. بورڈ کی اپنی کارکردگی، بورڈ کے اراکین اور بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں کے سالانہ جائزے کے لیے ایک باضابطہ اور موثر طریقہ کار وضع کیا جاتا ہے۔

۵. بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز میٹنگ کی حاضری کی تفصیلات مالیاتی گوشواروں میں ظاہر کر دی گئی ہیں۔ سال محترمہ 30 جون 2022ء کے دوران ہونے والی کمیٹی میٹنگز کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

۱۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی کی میٹنگ

دوران سال آڈٹ کمیٹی کی نو (9) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

میٹنگز کی تعداد			منعقدہ میٹنگز کی تعداد	نام
منظور شدہ رخصت	حاضری	مطلوبہ حاضری		
-	9	9	9	۱۔ مرزا احمد قمر بیگ (چیرمین)
-	9	9	9	۲۔ جناب نسیم بیگ
1	8	9	9	۳۔ جناب احمد جہانگیر
3	6	9	9	۴۔ جناب کاشف اے حبیب
-	9	9	9	۵۔ سید ساویل میکان حسین

۲۔ ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریویژن کمیٹی کی میٹنگ

دوران سال ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریویژن کمیٹی کی پانچ (5) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

میٹنگز کی تعداد			منعقدہ میٹنگز کی تعداد	نام
منظور شدہ رخصت	حاضری	مطلوبہ حاضری		
-	5	5	5	۱۔ جناب مرزا قمر بیگ (چیرمین)
3	2	5	5	۲۔ جناب احمد جہانگیر
3	2	5	5	۳۔ جناب نسیم بیگ
-	5	5	5	۴۔ محترمہ ماوراء عادل خان
3	2	5	5	۵۔ سید ساویل میکان حسین
-	5	5	5	۶۔ جناب محمد ثاقب سلیم (سی ای او)

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

مندرجہ بالا تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

نمبر شمار	نام	عہدہ	دیگر بورڈ کمیٹیوں میں ذمہ داری
1.	جناب ہارون رشید	Non ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	کوئی نہیں
2.	جناب نسیم بیگ	Non ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛ اور (ii) ایچ آر اینڈ آر کمیٹی *
3.	جناب احمد جہانگیر	Non ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛ اور (ii) ایچ آر اینڈ آر کمیٹی *
4.	جناب کاشف اے حبیب	Non ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	آڈٹ کمیٹی
5.	سید سادیل میکان حسین	خود مختار ڈائریکٹر	(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛ اور (ii) ایچ آر اینڈ آر کمیٹی *
6.	جناب مرزا قمر بیگ	خود مختار ڈائریکٹر	(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی (چیئرمین)؛ اور (ii) ایچ آر اینڈ آر کمیٹی * (چیئرمین)
7.	محترمہ ماوراء عادل خان	خود مختار ڈائریکٹر	ایچ آر اینڈ آر کمیٹی *
8.	جناب محمد ثاقب سلیم	ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	ایچ آر اینڈ آر کمیٹی *

* ایچ آر اینڈ آر: ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریویژن

مجموعت کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس میں متعین کردہ بہترین روایات کی دفعات کی تعمیل جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔ فنڈ پاکستان اسٹاک ایکسچینج کی لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز، جن میں بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز اور مجموعت کے کردار اور ذمہ داریوں کو واضح کیا گیا ہے، کے مطابق کاروبار کرنے پر کاربند ہے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے ہمسرت مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ:

a. مالیاتی گوشوارے کمپنی کے معاملات کی صورتحال، اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج، نقد کی آمد و رفت اور ایکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کی منصفانہ عکاسی کرتے ہیں۔

b. کمپنی کی درست ہکس آف اکاؤنٹس بنائی گئی ہیں؛

c. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں درست اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کا باقاعدگی کے ساتھ اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ تخمینے معقول اور محتاط اندازوں پر مبنی ہیں؛

d. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں حنفی الاطلاق بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات، non بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز

(اسٹیبلشمنٹ اینڈ ریگولیشنز) رولز 2003، non بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز اینڈ نوٹیفائیڈ اینٹیشنز ریگولیشنز 2008، متعلقہ ٹرسٹ ڈیڈ لائن کی

ضروریات اور سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی ہدایات کی تعمیل کی گئی ہے؛

e. انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام مستحکم خطوط پر استوار اور موثر انداز میں نافذ کیا گیا ہے اور اس کی موثر نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، اور اسے مزید بہتر بنانے کی

کوششیں جاری ہیں؛

f. فنڈ کے کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کسی قسم کے کوئی شبہات نہیں ہیں؛

g. کارپوریٹ گورننس کی بہترین روایات سے کوئی قابل ذکر انحراف نہیں ہوا ہے؛

h. وجہ الادا ٹیکس، قانونی چارجز اور ڈیویڈنڈ (اگر کوئی ہے تو) کو آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں مکمل طور پر ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔

میوچل فنڈ صنعت کا جائزہ

اوپن اینڈ میوچل فنڈ صنعت کے net اثاثہ جات مالی سال 2022ء کے دوران تقریباً 19.2 فیصد بڑھ کر 1,214 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ Money مارکیٹ کی مجموعی فنڈ میں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریباً 43.8 فیصد اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ Money مارکیٹ کے دائرہ کار میں روایتی فنڈ حاوی رہے کیونکہ تقریباً 56.4 فیصد بڑھ کر 446 بلین روپے ہو گئے، جبکہ اسلاک فنڈ 24.1 فیصد بڑھ کر 225 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ مزید برآں، مجموعی فکسلڈ انکم فنڈز میں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریباً 21.9 فیصد اضافہ ہوا کیونکہ روایتی انکم فنڈز 27.9 فیصد بڑھ کر 161 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ ایکویٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈز 23.1 فیصد کم ہو گئے جس کی وجہ مالی سال 2022ء میں مارکیٹ میں انحطاط اور اثاثہ جات تحت الانظامیہ میں کمی ہے کیونکہ مجموعی معاشی و جغرافیائی سیاسی عوامل سے متعلق خدشات سرمایہ کاروں کی حوصلہ شکنی کا سبب بنے۔

شعبہ جاتی اعتبار سے مالی سال 2022ء کے اختتام پر Money مارکیٹ فنڈ تقریباً 55.3 فیصد حصے کے ساتھ سب سے آگے تھے، جبکہ دوسرے نمبر پر انکم فنڈز تھے جن کا 24.6 فیصد حصہ تھا، اور تیسرے نمبر پر ایکویٹی فنڈز اور متعلقہ فنڈز تھے جن کا 18.9 فیصد حصہ تھا۔

میوچل فنڈ کی صنعت کے مستقبل کا منظر

سود کی شرحوں میں اضافے سے Money مارکیٹ فنڈز میں آمدورفت کی حوصلہ افزائی ہوگی۔ فنانس ایکٹ 2023ء میں حالیہ تبدیلیوں سے بھی سرمایہ کاروں کو ترغیب ملے گی کہ وہ میوچل فنڈز کے ذریعے بچت اور سرمایہ کاری کریں۔ فکسلڈ انکم فنڈز میں رائج الوقت تقریباً 15 فیصد منافع جات ایسے سرمایہ کاروں کے لیے موزوں ترین ہیں جو مختصر میعاد میں رہنا چاہتے ہیں اور زیادہ خطرہ مول لینا نہیں چاہتے۔ تاہم اسٹاک کی قیمتوں میں حالیہ تصحیح نے تعینات قدر کھول دی ہیں اور طویل المیعاد سرمایہ کاران پر کشش سطحوں پر ایکویٹی میں مزید پیسہ لگانا چاہیں گے۔ ہمارے آپریٹرز ہار کاوٹ جاری رہے، اور ڈیجیٹل رسائی اور آن لائن سہولیات میں بھرپور سرمایہ کاری کے نتیجے میں ہمیں جو سہولت حاصل ہے اس کی بدولت ہم آن لائن کام کرنے والے سرمایہ کاروں کی بڑھتی ہوئی تعداد سے استفادہ کر سکتے ہیں۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس

فنڈ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ ترین معیارات کو نافذ کرنے کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔ بورڈ آفٹھ (8) اراکین پر مشتمل ہے جس میں چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر (CEO) شامل ہیں اور اس میں صنف اور علم کا متنوع امتزاج ہے۔ بورڈ 1 خاتون اور 7 مرد ڈائریکٹرز پر مشتمل ہے، جن کی درجہ بندی درج ذیل ہے:

4• غیر-ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز؛

3• آزاد ڈائریکٹرز؛ اور

1• ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر (CEO)۔

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

فیصد اور 6.2 فیصد ترقی کی۔ تاہم ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ مالی سال 2023ء میں جی ڈی پی کی ترقی میں 2.5 سے 3.0 فیصد تک کی بڑی کمی آئے گی۔ مالیاتی سختی اور روپے کی قدر میں کمی کے نتیجے میں معیشت میں سست رفتاری آئے گی اور اس کا اثر صنعتی ترقی پر پڑے گا۔ مزید برآں حکومت درآمدات میں کمی پر توجہ مرکوز کر رہی ہے تاکہ کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ کم کیا جاسکے جس سے خدمات کے شعبے کی ترقی متاثر ہوگی۔

بین الاقوامی ایشیا اپنی حالیہ بلندی سے نیچے آگئی ہیں لیکن توانائی کی قیمتیں بلندی پر ڈٹی ہوئی ہیں۔ ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ حکومت درآمدات پر مضبوط لگام دے کر رکھے گی اور ڈالر کے غیر ضروری خارجی بہاؤ کی حوصلہ شکنی کرے گی۔ درآمدات متوقع طور پر 14 فیصد YoY کم ہو کر 63 بلین ڈالر ہو جائیں گی کیونکہ ہم دیکھیں گے کہ معیشت کے متعدد شعبوں کے حجم سکڑ جائیں گے۔ چنانچہ ہمیں امید ہے کہ مالی سال 2023ء میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ 7.6 بلین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 2.0 فیصد) کم ہوگا جبکہ اس کے بالقابل مالی سال 2022ء میں متوقع کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ 16.5 بلین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 4.2 فیصد) تھا۔

آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کی کامیاب بحالی مالیاتی اکاؤنٹ کو مثبت حدود میں رکھنے کے لیے کلیدی شرط ہوگی، اور ہم دوست ممالک سے فنڈنگ کے مختصر بھی ہیں۔ باقاعدگی کے ساتھ ہونے والی ترسیلات اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ دوطرفہ اور کثیرالاجنبی بہاؤ بھی ہماری خارجی صورتحال کو سنبھالنے میں اہم کردار ادا کریں گے۔ ڈالر روپے کی تجارت 225-230 کی حدود میں ہو رہی ہے جس کی وجہ متوقع سیاسی غیر یقینی حالات اور آئی ایم ایف کی قسط میں تاخیر ہے۔ ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ آئی ایم ایف کی قسط کے اجراء اور دوست ممالک سے حصول کے بعد روپیہ کی قدر بحال ہوگی۔ تاہم مالی سال کے اختتام تک روپے کی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں قدر میں متوقع طور پر کمی آئے گی اور یہ 235 تک پہنچ سکتا ہے۔

سی پی آئی پر مبنی مہنگائی جون 2022ء کے لیے 21.3 فیصد کی سطح پر تھی جس کی وجہ پٹرول اور بجلی کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ تھا کیونکہ سابقہ حکومت کے اعلان کردہ امدادی اقدامات روک دیئے گئے۔ ہم روپے کی قدر میں کمی کے اثر کا دوسرا دور دیکھیں گے اور پٹرول کی قیمت میں اضافہ بھی ہوگا جس کے باعث سال کے بقیہ حصے میں مہنگائی بلند رہے گی۔ مالی سال 2023ء میں مہنگائی کا اوسط 21.8 فیصد متوقع ہے۔ ایس پی نے پالیسی شرح کو بڑھا کر 15 فیصد کر دیا تاکہ مجموعی مانگ کی رفتار اور مہنگائی کے دباؤ میں کمی لائی جاسکے۔ سود کی شرحوں میں غیر ضروری بلند سطح تک اضافے سے مالیاتی صورتحال متاثر ہوتی ہے اور cost-push مہنگائی کو قابو کرنے میں کوئی قابل ذکر مدد نہیں ملتی۔ چنانچہ ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ ایس پی پی منفی شروع سود برقرار رکھنے کے ذریعے مالیاتی سختی اور لاگتوں کو متوازن کرے گا۔

کمپنیل مارکیٹ، خصوصاً ایکویٹیز، کے نقطہ نظر سے اسٹاک کی قیمتوں میں صحیح سے تعین قدر مزید کھل گئی ہے۔ مارکیٹ نے شرح سود میں اضافے اور روپے کی قدر میں کمی کو مد نظر رکھا ہے۔ مارکیٹ cap کا جی ڈی پی کے ساتھ تناسب کم ہو کر 10.1 فیصد ہو گیا ہے جو اس کے تاریخی اوسط سے 52 فیصد کمی ہے۔ اسی طرح، خطرات کے پریمیم 8.3 فیصد کے قریب ہیں، اور ان کے قدیم اوسط 2.2 فیصد سے موازنہ کرنے پر اس بھرپور کمی کا پتہ چلتا ہے جس پر مارکیٹ میں تجارت ہو رہی ہے۔ ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ اسٹاک اور شعبہ جات کا مجموعی تناظر اہم رہے گا اور سرمایہ کاری کے انتخاب کے لیے ان کمپنیز پر توجہ مرکوز کی جانی چاہیے جو اپنی اندرونی قدر میں بھرپور کمی پر تجارت کرتی ہیں۔ موجودہ طور پر مارکیٹ میں 4.7x کے PER پر تجارت ہو رہی ہے جبکہ ڈیویڈنڈ کی سطح 9.5 فیصد پر ہے۔

حاملین قرض کے لیے ہم توقع کرتے ہیں کہ بازار زر کے فنڈ سال بھر بلار کاوت پالیسی شرحوں کی عکاسی جاری رکھیں گے۔ دوسری جانب حکومتی بانڈز متوقع پیداواری ٹم میں شامل ہو چکے ہیں۔ ہم بانڈز کے منافع جات کی موجودہ سطحوں پر محتاط ہیں اور ڈیٹا پوائنٹس کی نگرانی جاری رکھیں گے تاکہ مواقع سے فائدہ اٹھایا جاسکے۔

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

نظر آیا اور جون 2022ء میں 12.3 فیصد اضافہ ہوا جبکہ جون 2021ء میں 6.9 فیصد تھا۔ اگلے مالی سال میں 20 فیصد سے زائد کی توقعات کے ساتھ ساتھ کمزور مالیاتی ڈھانچے کے نتیجے میں SBP نے پالیسی شرح میں زیر جائزہ مالی سال میں مجموعی طور پر 625 بیسس پوائنٹس (bps) کا اضافہ کر کے اسے 13.75 فیصد کر دیا تاکہ مہنگائی کے دباؤ کا مقابلہ کیا جاسکے اور مجموعی طور پر نکل مانگ کی رفتار میں کمی لائی جاسکے۔ جولائی 2022ء میں SBP نے پالیسی شرح میں مزید 125 bps کا اضافہ کر کے اسے 15 فیصد کر دیا۔

مالیاتی بہت میں ایف بی آر کی ٹیکس وصولی مالی سال 2022ء میں 29.1 فیصد بڑھ کر 6,125 بلین روپے ہوئی جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت کے دوران 4,744 بلین روپے تھی۔ یہ ہدف سے 25 بلین زائد تھا۔ ٹیکس وصولی میں بہتری کی بنیادی وجہ درآمدات میں اضافے کی بدولت کسٹمز ڈیوٹی میں اضافہ اور زیادہ سیلز ٹیکس کی وصولی ہے۔

دوسری بات یہ کہ بازاروں کے منافع میں مالی سال 2022ء میں قابل ذکر اضافہ ہوا ہے کیونکہ SBP نے مالیاتی سختی کا پتھر شروع کر دیا تھا۔ روپے کی قدر میں کمی کے ساتھ ساتھ توانائی کی مسلسل بلند قیمتوں سے مہنگائی پر دباؤ میں اضافہ ہوگا، اور ہماری توقع کے مطابق مہنگائی کا اوسط درمیانی مدت میں بلند رہے گا۔ تین سالہ، پانچ سالہ اور دس سالہ بانڈز کے منافعوں میں دوران مدت یا لترتیب 4.5 فیصد، 3.4 فیصد اور 3.0 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران فنڈ نے (11.25) فیصد منافع پوسٹ کیا، جبکہ مقررہ معیار کا پوسٹ کروہ منافع (7.53) فیصد تھا۔ ایکویٹیز میں مجموعی انحصار 59.2 فیصد تھا۔ زیادہ تر شمولیت کرسٹل بینکوں، سینٹ، اور تیل اور گیس کی دریافت کی کمپنیوں میں تھی۔ مقررہ آمدنی کی بہت میں فنڈ نے نقد میں اپنی شمولیت میں اضافہ کیا تاکہ بینکوں کی پیش کردہ پُرکشش شرحوں سے استفادہ ہو سکے۔ 30 جون 2022ء کو فنڈ کے net اثاثہ جات 382 ملین روپے تھے جو 30 جون 2021ء کی سطح 467 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں 18.2 فیصد کی کمی ہے۔

30 جون 2022ء کو net اثاثہ جاتی قدر (این اے ڈی) فی یونٹ 10.65 روپے تھی جو 30 جون 2021ء کو ابتدائی این اے ڈی 12 روپے فی یونٹ کے مقابلے میں 1.35 روپے فی یونٹ کی کمی ہے۔

معیشت اور مارکیٹ - مستقبل کا منظر نامہ

حکومت نے متعدد سخت فیصلے کیے ہیں بشمول پٹرول، بجلی اور گیس کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ، تاکہ آئی ایم ایف کی شرائط پوری کی جاسکیں۔ علاوہ ازیں، سود کی شرح کو بڑھا کر 15 فیصد کیا ہے اور مالی سال 2023ء کے بجٹ میں تبدیلیاں کی ہیں تاکہ مالی سال 2023ء میں بنیادی مالیاتی surplus کو ہدف بنایا جاسکے۔ ان اقدامات کے نتیجے میں آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ اسٹاف سطح کا ایک کامیاب معاہدہ ہو گیا ہے جس کے بعد ایکسٹینڈڈ فنڈ فیسلٹی (ای ایف ایف) کے مشترکہ ساتویں اور آٹھویں جائزے کے تحت فنڈ سے 1.2 بلین ڈالر کے اجراء کی راہیں ہموار ہوں گی۔ مزید برآں، حکومت آئی ایم ایف کو اس بات کے لیے تامل کرنے میں کامیاب ہوئی ہے کہ فنڈنگ کو 1 بلین ڈالر سے 7 بلین ڈالر کیا جائے اور ستمبر 2022ء کی بجائے جون 2023ء تک مدت کی توسیع کی جائے۔ آئی ایم ایف پروگرام سے خارجی اکاؤنٹ مستحکم ہوگا اور پالیسی سازوں کو درکار مختصر مدت میں بلا رکاوٹ مالیاتی لہم و ضبط اور پیکائش شدہ تجارتی اکاؤنٹ پالیسیوں اور طویل مدت میں قابل بقاء ترقی کے لیے معاشی پالیسیوں پر ارتکاز توجہ کے لیے راہ فراہم ہوگی۔

پاکستان کی مجموعی منگنی پیداوار (جی ڈی پی) مالی سال 2022ء میں 6.0 فیصد تھی۔ زرعی، صنعتی اور خدمات کے شعبوں نے بالترتیب 4.4 فیصد، 7.2

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے پاکستان کپیٹل مارکیٹ فنڈ کے گوشواروں کا جائزہ برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022ء پیش خدمت ہے۔

معیشت اور بازار زر کا جائزہ

مالی سال 2022ء پاکستان کے لیے مشکل سال رہا کیونکہ ملک کو مجموعی معاشیاتی جہت میں متعدد چیلنج درپیش رہے اور ساتھ ساتھ سیاسی صورتحال بھی غیر یقینی رہی۔ اگرچہ معیشت نے کووڈ چیلنج کا بہتر انداز میں مقابلہ کیا لیکن عالمی معیشتوں کی بحالی اور زخمیہ رسد میں رکاوٹوں کے باعث عالمی سطح پر اشیاء کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوا جس سے تجارتی خسارے پر دباؤ میں بھی اضافہ ہوا۔ روس یوکرین جنگ کے نتیجے میں اشیاء کی قیمتیں مزید بڑھ گئیں جس کے باعث دوران سال اب تک کے سب سے بڑے درآمداتی بل نے پہلے سے پھیلنے والے تجارتی خسارے کو مزید متاثر کیا۔ توانائی اور اشیاء خورد و نوش کی قیمتوں میں اضافے کے ساتھ ساتھ زرمبادلہ کی کمزور شرح کے نتیجے میں مقامی سطح پر مہنگائی میں تیزی سے اضافہ ہوا۔ اشیاء کی قیمتوں سے ہونے والی مہنگائی کے رجحانات بھی عالمی معیشتوں میں واضح نظر آئے، خصوصاً امریکا اور یورپی خطے میں، اور اس کے نتیجے میں ہونے والی مالیاتی سختی کے باعث وسیع تر کساد بازاری کا خوف پیدا ہو گیا ہے۔

پاکستان کی معیشت پہلے ہی مجموعی معاشیاتی چیلنجوں سے نہر آزا ماہوری تھی اور سیاسی افراتفری نے حالات میں مزید بگاڑ پیدا کر دیا۔ بڑھتی ہوئی سیاسی پھل کے نتیجے میں عوامی سطح کے اقدامات کیے گئے، مثلاً ایندھن اور بجلی کی سبسڈیز، جس سے مطلوبہ مالیاتی ترامیم کرنا مشکل ہو گیا۔ علاوہ ازیں، منگلی قیادت میں غیر متوقع تبدیلی اور اس سے پیدا ہونے والی سیاسی غیر یقینی صورتحال کے نتیجے میں آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کے لیے درکار پالیسی اقدامات اور ترامیم میں تاخیر ہوئی۔

مالی سال 2022ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں ملک کا CAD یعنی کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ 15.2 بلین ڈالر تھا جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت میں 1.1 بلین ڈالر تھا۔ یہ مالی سال 2018ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں ہونے والے 15.9 CAD بلین ڈالر کے بعد اب تک کا سب سے بڑا خسارہ تھا۔ اس فنڈ کی بنیادی وجہ مالی سال 2022ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں درآمدات میں 36.5 فیصد اضافہ تھا جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل برآمدات میں اضافہ 26.7 فیصد تھا۔ تجارتی خسارہ 45.5 فیصد بڑھ کر 36.1 بلین ڈالر ہو گیا جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت میں 24.8 بلین ڈالر تھا۔ درآمدات میں اس بے قابو اضافے کی بنیادی وجہ ہماری اشیاء کے دائرہ کار بشمول خام مل، پام تیل اور کونکے کی تاریخی بلند قیمتیں اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ یکبارہ یکسین درآمدات تھی۔

مالی سال 2022ء میں مرکزی بینک کے زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں 7.4 بلین ڈالر کمی ہوئی جس کی وجہ کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ اور قرضوں کی ادائیگیوں میں اضافہ ہے۔ علاوہ ازیں، آئی ایم ایف پروگرام میں تاخیر کے نتیجے میں دیگر غیر منگلی آمدات سے رفتار کی کاٹ کا شکار ہو گئیں اور اس کے باعث زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر کم ہو کر 9.8 بلین ڈالر ہو گئے جس کا مطلب 1.7 ماہ کا درآمداتی cover بنتا ہے۔ اس اثراتی بہاؤ اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ پھیلنے والے کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارے کے نتیجے میں مالی سال کے آغاز سے لے کر اب تک روپیہ ڈالر کے مقابلے میں 23.0 فیصد کمزور ہو گیا۔

مہنگائی بے حد تشویشناک رہی کیونکہ اشیاء کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں نے پالیسی سازوں کے لیے متعدد چیلنج پیدا کرنے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا۔ ہیڈ لائن مہنگائی، جس کی ترجمانی CPI سے ہوتی ہے، کا اوسط مالی سال 2022ء میں 12.1 فیصد تھا جبکہ مالی سال 2021ء میں 8.9 فیصد تھا۔ اس اضافے کی بنیادی وجہ اشیاء خورد و نوش کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ، توانائی (بجلی اور ایندھن، دونوں) کی لاگتوں میں اضافہ، اور روپے کی قدر میں کمی کا دوسرا دور تھیں، جس کے باعث درآمد شدہ اشیاء کی قیمتیں بلند رہیں۔ بنیادی مہنگائی، جس کی پیمائش اشیاء خورد و نوش اور توانائی کے علاوہ سے ہوتی ہے، میں بھی اضافے کا رجحان

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fund Type and Category

Pakistan Capital Market Fund (PCMF) is an Open-End Balanced Scheme.

Fund Benchmark

The benchmark for Pakistan Capital Market Fund is KSE 100 Index and Six (6) months KIBOR rates on the basis of actual proportion held by the Scheme.

Investment Objective

The objective of the Fund is to maximize returns available from Pakistan's capital market by investing the Fund Property in equity as well as debt instruments while diversifying the risk within the market.

Investment Strategy

Pakistan Capital Market Fund (PCM) is an open-end balanced fund that invests in a range of asset classes such as equity and debt in Pakistani market. The asset allocation to equities and debt is made on the basis of relative attractiveness of each asset class. The investment process is driven by fundamental research. For equities investment, fundamental outlook of sectors/companies and DCF (Discounted Cash Flow) valuations are the primary factors in sectors' allocation and stock selection. For debt investment, interest rate outlook is the key determining factor and allocation to this segment is increased when the yields are comparatively higher compared to the total returns on equities. Investment is made in corporate bonds (investment grade) and government bonds. Cash is kept in deposits with highly rated banks. PCM is a long only Fund and cannot undertake leveraged investments. Under the NBFC Rules, it is only allowed to borrow up to 15% of net assets for up to 90 days to meet redemption needs.

Manager's Review

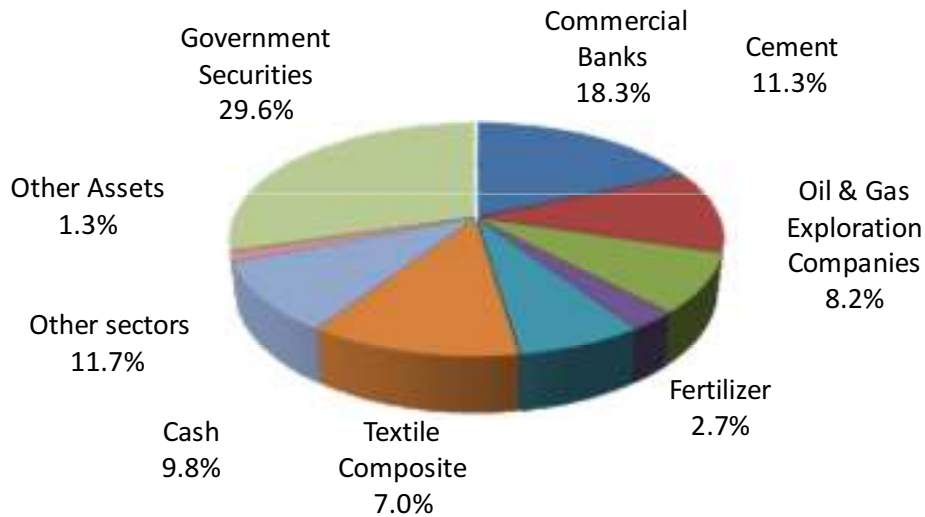
During the period under review, the fund posted a return of -11.25% compared to the return of -7.53% posted by the benchmark.

At the period end, allocation towards equities stood at 59.2%, 29.6% in T-Bills, while 9.8% was in cash. The exposure was mainly held in Commercial Banks, Cements and Oil & Gas Exploration Companies.

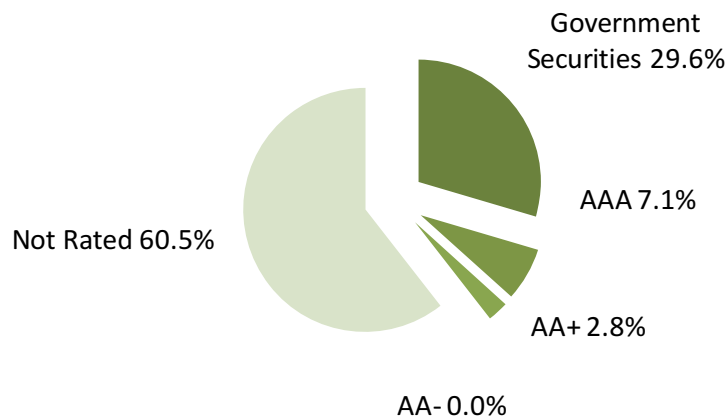
The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 stood at Rs. 382 million as compared to Rs. 467 million as at June 30, 2021 registering an decrease of 18.2%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2022 was Rs. 10.65 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 12.00 per unit as at June 30, 2021 showing an decrease of Rs. 1.35 per unit.

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Asset Allocation as on June 30, 2022 (% of total assets)



Asset Quality as on June 30, 2022 (% of total assets)



Syed Abid Ali
Fund Manager

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY
OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

Head Office:

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'
S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal
Karachi - 74400, Pakistan.
Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500
Fax: (92-21) 34326021 - 23
URL: www.cdc-pakistan.com
Email: info@cdcpak.com



TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

PAKISTAN CAPITAL MARKET FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Pakistan Capital Market Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2022 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- (i) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Badiuddin Akber
Chief Executive Officer
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi: September 19, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



A.F. FERGUSON & CO.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unit holders of Pakistan Capital Market Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pakistan Capital Market Fund (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2022, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in unit holders' fund and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the key audit matter:

S.No.	Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Net Asset Value (NAV) (Refer notes 4 and 5 to the annexed financial statements) Balances with banks and Investments constitute the most significant components of the NAV. Balances with banks of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 aggregated to Rs 41.404 million and Investments amounted to Rs 376.458 million. The existence of balances with banks and the existence and proper valuation of Investments for the determination of NAV of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 was considered a high risk area and therefore we considered this as a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures amongst others included the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Obtained independent confirmations for verifying the existence of the investment portfolio and balances with banks as at June 30, 2022 and traced them to the books and records of the Fund. Where such confirmations were not available, alternate audit procedures were performed;• Re-performed valuation to assess that investments are carried as per the valuation methodology specified in the accounting policies; and• Obtained bank reconciliation statements and tested reconciling items on a sample basis.

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A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network
State Life Building No. 1-C, I.I. Chundrigar Road, P.O. Box 4716, Karachi-74000, Pakistan
Tel: +92 (21) 32426682-6/32426711-5; Fax: +92 (21) 32415007/32427938/32424740; <www.pwc.com/pk>

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

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Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors of the Management Company for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors of the management company is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with board of directors of the management company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide board of directors of the management company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with board of directors of the management company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion the financial statements have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Noman Abbas Sheikh**.

A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Dated: September 22, 2022

Karachi

UDIN: AR202210061GSQoJhvYb

**STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AS AT JUNE 30, 2022**

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
----- (Rupees in '000) -----			
ASSETS			
Balances with banks	4	41,404	186,376
Investments	5	376,458	273,292
Dividend and profit receivables	6	728	293
Advances, deposits and other receivables	7	4,790	4,803
Receivable against sale of investments		-	20,614
Total assets		423,380	485,378
LIABILITIES			
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company	8	1,243	1,379
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	9	72	89
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	10	89	94
Payable against purchase of investment		30,501	952
Payable against redemption of units		216	216
Accrued and other liabilities	11	9,650	15,985
Total liabilities		41,771	18,715
NET ASSETS		<u>381,609</u>	<u>466,663</u>
Unit holders' fund (as per statement attached)		<u>381,609</u>	<u>466,663</u>
Contingencies and commitments	12	(Number of units)	
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE		<u>35,840,544</u>	<u>38,891,084</u>
----- (Rupees) -----			
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	3.6	<u>10.65</u>	<u>12.00</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

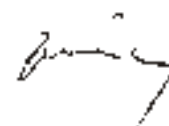
For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited
(the Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	For the year ended	
		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
----- (Rupees in '000) -----			
INCOME			
Dividend income		16,730	14,259
Income from government securities		7,320	5,999
Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net		(30,840)	77,842
Income from unlisted debt security		39	47
Profit on bank deposits		6,919	4,290
Income on deposit with NCCPL against exposure margin		97	101
Unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - net	5.5	(35,726)	17,123
Total income		<u>(35,461)</u>	<u>119,661</u>
EXPENSES			
Remuneration of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company	8.1	13,921	11,708
Sindh Sales tax on remuneration of the Management Company	8.2	1,810	1,522
Allocated expenses	8.3	444	469
Selling and marketing expenses	8.4	-	3,879
Remuneration of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	9.1	889	938
Sindh Sales tax on remuneration of the trustee	9.2	115	122
Annual fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	10	89	94
Securities transaction costs		1,534	2,513
Settlement and bank charges		585	615
Fees and subscription		27	39
Auditors' remuneration	13	565	681
Printing and related costs		39	43
Legal and professional charges		161	136
Total expenses		<u>(20,179)</u>	<u>(22,759)</u>
Net (loss) / income from operating activities		<u>(55,640)</u>	<u>96,902</u>
Reversal of provision / (provision) for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF)	11.1	6,269	(1,938)
Net (loss) / income for the year before taxation		<u>(49,371)</u>	<u>94,964</u>
Taxation	14	-	-
Net (loss) / income for the year after taxation		<u>(49,371)</u>	<u>94,964</u>
Earnings per unit	3.13	-	-
Allocation of net income for the year:			
Net income for the year		-	94,964
Income already paid on units redeemed		-	(10,836)
		<u>-</u>	<u>84,128</u>
Accounting income available for distribution:			
- Relating to capital gains		-	84,128
- Excluding capital gains		-	-
Accounting income available for distribution		<u>-</u>	<u>84,128</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

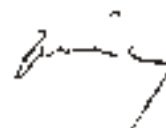
For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited
(the Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

**STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	<u>For the year ended</u>	
	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2022</u>	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2021</u>
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
Net (loss) / income for the year after taxation	(49,371)	94,964
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	<u>(49,371)</u>	<u>94,964</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

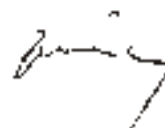
For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited
(the Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	For the year ended June 30, 2022			For the year ended June 30, 2021		
	Capital value	Undistributed income / (accumulated loss)	Total	Capital value	Undistributed income / (accumulated loss)	Total
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----					
Net assets at beginning of the year	408,071	58,592	466,663	422,186	(7,607)	414,579
Issuance of 6,901,729 units (2021: 7,931,202 units)						
- Capital value (at net asset value per unit at the beginning of the year)	82,821	-	82,821	80,502	-	80,502
- Element of (loss) / income	(2,022)	-	(2,022)	12,670	-	12,670
Total proceeds from issuance of units	80,799	-	80,799	93,172	-	93,172
Redemption of 9,952,269 units (2021: 9,902,834 units)						
- Capital value (at net asset value per unit at the beginning of the year)	119,427	-	119,427	100,514	-	100,514
- Element of (income) / loss - net	(2,945)	-	(2,945)	5,893	10,836	16,729
Total payments on redemption of units	116,482	-	116,482	106,407	10,836	117,243
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	-	(49,371)	(49,371)	-	94,964	94,964
Interim distribution for the year ended June 30, 2022 @ Re 0.5000 per unit on June 25, 2021	-	-	-	-	(17,929)	(17,929)
Refund of capital for the year ended June 30, 2021	-	-	-	(880)	-	(880)
Net assets at end of the year	372,388	9,221	381,609	408,071	58,592	466,663
Undistributed income / (accumulated loss) brought forward comprising of:						
- Realised	41,469			19,862		
- Unrealised	17,123			(27,469)		
	58,592			(7,607)		
Accounting income available for distribution						
- Relating to capital gains	-			84,128		
- Excluding capital gains	-			-		
				84,128		
Net loss for the year after taxation		(49,371)			-	
Distribution made during the year		-			(17,929)	
Undistributed income carried forward		9,221			58,592	
Undistributed income carried forward comprising of:						
- Realised	44,947			41,469		
- Unrealised	(35,726)			17,123		
	9,221			58,592		
	(Rupees)			(Rupees)		
Net asset value per unit at beginning of the year	12.00			10.15		
Net asset value per unit at end of the year	10.65			12.00		

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

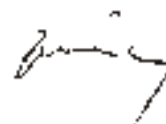
For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited
(the Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note	For the year ended	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
----- (Rupees in '000) -----		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net (loss) / income for the year before taxation	(49,371)	94,964
Adjustments for:		
Dividend income	(16,730)	(14,259)
Unrealised diminution / (appreciation) on re-measurement of investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - net	35,726	(17,123)
(Reversal of provision) / provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF)	(6,269)	1,938
	(36,644)	65,520
(Increase) / decrease in assets		
Investments	(108,991)	117,938
Dividend and profit receivables	(435)	1,784
Advances, deposits and prepayments	13	270
Receivable against sale of investment	20,614	(16,376)
	(88,799)	103,616
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities		
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company	(136)	(887)
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	(17)	10
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	(5)	1
Payable against purchase of investment	29,549	(53,047)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(66)	(71)
	29,325	(53,994)
Dividend received	16,730	14,259
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	(79,388)	129,401
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from issuance of units net of refund of capital	80,799	92,292
Payment against redemption of units	(116,482)	(117,243)
Dividend paid	-	(17,929)
Net cash used in financing activities	(35,683)	(42,880)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(115,071)	86,521
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	186,376	99,855
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	15 71,305	186,376

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

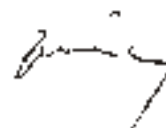
For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited
(the Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Pakistan Capital Market Fund (the Fund) was established under a Trust Deed executed between Arif Habib Investments Limited (now MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited) as "Management Company" and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as Trustee. The draft Trust Deed was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its letter dated September 30, 2003 consequent to which the Trust Deed was executed on October 27, 2003 in accordance with the Asset Management Companies Rules, 1995 (AMC Rules) repealed by the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules).
- 1.2 The Management Company of the Fund has been licensed to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules 2003 through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 2nd Floor, Adamjee House, I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.3 Pakistan Capital Market Fund as a closed-end scheme was authorized by the SECP on November 5, 2003. During the year 2005, the Fund was converted from a closed-end scheme to an open-end scheme. The Fund has been categorised as "Balanced Scheme" and offers units for public subscription on continuous basis. The units of the Fund are transferable and can also be redeemed by surrendering to the Fund. The Fund is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.
- 1.4 The Fund primarily invests in a mix of listed equity and debt securities, unlisted government securities, secured debt securities, money market transactions and reverse re-purchase transactions.
- 1.5 Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned an asset manager rating of 'AM1' dated October 06, 2021 to the Management Company .
- 1.6 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.
- 1.7 During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Trust Act, 1882 was repealed due to the promulgation of Provincial Trust Act namely "Sindh Trusts Act, 2020" (the Sindh Trust Act) as empowered under the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Fund is required to be registered under the Sindh Trust Act. Accordingly, on August 13, 2021 the above-mentioned Trust Deed has been registered under the Sindh Trust Act.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of :

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) and the requirements of the Trust Deed.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and the requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and the requirements of the Trust Deed have been followed.

2.2 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which have been marked to market and carried at fair value.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year

There are certain amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting period beginning on July 1, 2021. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Fund's operations and, therefore, have not been detailed in these financial statements.

2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain other standards, amendments and interpretations that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or will not have any significant effect on the Fund's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these financial statements.

2.5 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The area where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Fund's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies primarily related to classification, valuation and impairment of financial assets (notes 3.2).

2.6 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

These comprise balances with banks in savings and current accounts and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.2 Financial assets

3.2.1 Classification and subsequent measurement

Debt instruments

IFRS 9 has provided a criteria for debt securities whereby these debt securities are either classified as:

- amortised cost
- at fair value through other comprehensive income "(FVOCI)"
- at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) based on the business model of the entity

However, IFRS 9 also provides an option whereby securities managed as a portfolio or group of assets and whose performance is measured on a fair value basis, to be recognized at FVTPL. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. Therefore the management considers its investment in debt securities as being managed as a group of assets and hence has classified them as FVTPL.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Equity instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective and are instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

All equity investments are required to be measured in the "Statement of Assets and Liabilities" at fair value, with gains and losses recognised in the "Income Statement", except where an irrevocable election has been made at the time of initial recognition to measure the investment at FVOCI. The management considers its investment in equity securities being managed as a group of assets and hence has classified them as FVTPL. Accordingly, the irrevocable option has not been considered.

The dividend income from equity securities classified under FVTPL is recognised in the Income Statement.

Since all investments in equity instruments have been designated as FVTPL, the subsequent movement in the fair value of equity securities is routed through the Income Statement.

3.2.2 Impairment

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses (ECL) associated with its financial assets (other than debt instruments as per Circular 33 of 2012) carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The Fund recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions.

The 12 months ECL is recorded for all financial assets in which there is no significant increase in credit risk from the date of initial recognition, whereas a lifetime ECL is recorded for all remaining financial assets

3.2.2.1 Impairment loss on debt securities

Provision for non-performing debt securities is made on the basis of time-based criteria as prescribed by the SECP and based on the management's assessment made in line with its provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in accordance with the guidelines issued by the SECP. Impairment losses recognised on debt securities can be reversed through the Income Statement.

As allowed by the SECP, the Management Company may make provision against debt securities over and above the minimum provision requirement prescribed by the SECP in accordance with the provisioning policy duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

3.2.3 Regular way contracts

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases / sales of assets require delivery of securities within two days from the transaction date as per the stock exchange regulations.

3.2.4 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised at the time the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. These are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss'. Financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are recognised in the Income Statement.

3.2.5 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets is taken to the Income Statement.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3.2.6 Derivatives

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequent to initial measurement each derivative instrument is remeasured at fair value and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

3.3 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost using effective interest method. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial liabilities is taken to the Income Statement. Financial liabilities include payable to the Management Company and other liabilities.

3.4 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the 'Statement of Assets and Liabilities' when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.6 Net asset value per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

3.7 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the Management Company / distributors during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as of the close of the business day, plus the allowable sales load and provision of any duties and charges if applicable. The sales load is payable to the Management Company / distributors.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price applicable to units for which the Management Company / distributors receive redemption applications during business hours of that day. The redemption price is equal to NAV as of the close of the business day, less an amount as the Management Company may consider to be an appropriate provision of duties and charges.

3.8 Distribution to units holders fund

Distributions to the unit holders are recognised upon declaration and approval by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Based on the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan's (MUFAP) guidelines duly consented by the SECP, distribution for the year also includes portion of income already paid on units redeemed during the year.

Distributions declared subsequent to the year end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the year in which such distributions are declared and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

3.9 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

Element of income represents the difference between net assets value per unit on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the net assets value per unit at the beginning of the relevant accounting period. Further, the element of income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund. However, to maintain the same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on the accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3.10 Revenue recognition

- Capital gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the Income Statement on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Income from government securities is recognised on an accrual basis using effective interest rate method.
- Income on debt securities (including Sukuks) is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method, except for the securities which are classified as non-performing asset under Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by the SECP for which the income is recorded on cash basis.
- Profit on bank deposits, income on government securities, unlisted debt securities and term deposit receipts is recognised on an accrual basis using effective interest rate method.
- Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) arising on remeasurement of investments classified as financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' are included in the Income Statement.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Fund's right to receive the same is established.
- Income on deposit with NCCPL against exposure margin is recognised on accrual basis using the effective yield method.

3.11 Expenses

All expenses including management fee, trustee fee, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee and allocated expenses are recognised in the Income Statement on an accrual basis.

3.12 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxes after taking into account tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax is calculated using the prevailing tax rates.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit.

The deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on enacted tax rates.

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders in cash. Provided that, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of the accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account.

3.13 Earnings / (loss) per unit

Earnings / (loss) per unit is calculated by dividing the net profit / loss of the year after taxation of the Fund by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the year.

Earnings / (loss) per unit has not been disclosed as, in the opinion of the management, the determination of cumulative weighted average number of outstanding units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

3.14 Distributions to unit holders

Distributions to the unit holders are recognised upon declaration and approval by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Based on the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan's (MUFAP) guidelines duly consented by the SECP, distribution for the year also includes portion of income already paid on units redeemed during the year.

Distributions declared subsequent to the year end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the year in which such distributions are declared and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3.15 Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pakistani Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates for monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Income Statement.

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
(Rupees in '000)			
4. BALANCES WITH BANKS			
In current accounts		3,397	5,050
In deposit accounts	4.1	38,007	181,326
	4.2	41,404	186,376

4.1 These accounts carry profit at the rate ranging from 5.50% to 17.05% (2021: 5.50% to 7.60%) per annum.

4.2 These include balance of Rs. 1.929 million (2021: Rs. 3.218 million) maintained with MCB Bank Limited (a related party) .

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
(Rupees in '000)			
5. INVESTMENTS			
Investments at fair value through profit or loss			
Listed equity securities	5.1	250,669	272,708
Government securities	5.2	125,534	-
Unlisted debt security	5.3	255	584
		376,458	273,292

5.1 Listed equity securities

Shares of listed companies - fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each unless stated otherwise

Name of the investee company	As at July 1, 2021	Purchases during the year	Bonus / right issue during the year	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022			Market value as a percentage of		Paid-up value of shares held as a percentage of total paid-up capital of the investee company
						Carrying Value	Market value	Unrealised appreciation/ (diminution)	Net assets	Total investments	
-----Number of shares-----						-----Rupees in '000'-----			-----%-----		
Automobile Assembler											
Honda Atlas Cars(Pakistan) Limited	-	13,000	-	13,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indus Motors Company Limited	4,100	-	-	4,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pak Suzuki Motors Company Limited	-	23,000	-	23,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automobile Parts And Accessories											
Agriauto Industires Limited**	40,000	-	-	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Panther Tyres Limited*	90,266	-	53	90,000	319	18	10	(8)	-	-	-
Thal Limited**	28,600	-	-	9,500	19,100	8,075	5,150	(2,925)	1.35	1.37	0.02
						8,093	5,160	(2,933)	1.35	1.37	0.02
Cement											
Cherat Cement Company Limited	-	90,500	-	79,500	11,000	1,495	1,023	(472)	0.27	0.27	0.01
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited***	38,000	124,000	-	98,000	64,000	3,905	4,000	95	1.05	1.06	0.01
Fauji Cement Company Limited	-	1,240,000	-	-	1,240,000	21,546	17,571	(3,975)	4.60	4.67	0.09
Gharibwal Cement Ltd	-	90,000	-	-	90,000	2,363	1,755	(608)	0.46	0.47	0.02
Kohat Cement Company Limited	-	20,600	-	20,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lucky Cement Limited	38,968	53,300	-	51,768	40,500	23,842	18,591	(5,251)	4.87	4.94	0.01
Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited	400,000	667,436	-	880,000	187,436	5,725	5,126	(599)	1.34	1.36	0.02
Pioneer Cement Limited	69,000	47,500	-	116,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Power Cement Limited	450,000	-	-	450,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						58,876	48,066	(10,810)	12.59	12.77	0.16
Balance carried forward						66,969	53,226	(13,743)	13.94	14.14	0.18

* Nil figures due to rounding off

** These have a face value of Rs.5 per share

*** These represents transactions in shares of related parties

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

*** These represents transactions in shares of related parties

Name of the investee company	As at July 1, 2021	Purchases during the year	Bonus / right issue during the year	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022			Market value as a percentage of		Paid-up value of shares held as a percentage of total paid-up capital of the investee company
						Carrying Value	Market value	Unrealised appreciation/ (diminution)	Net assets	Total investments	
-----Number of shares-----						-----Rupees in '000-----			-----%-----		
Balance brought forward						66,969	53,226	(13,743)	13.94	14.14	0.18
Chemicals											
Archroma Pakistan Limited	8,150	2,200	-	10,350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial Banks											
Bank Al Habib Limited	140,131	-	-	140,131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank AlFalah Limited	300,000	30,000	-	95,000	235,000	7,649	7,520	(129)	1.97	2.00	0.01
BankIslami Pakistan Limited	-	715,000	-	-	715,000	8,667	8,609	(58)	2.26	2.29	0.06
Faysal Bank Limited****	-	650,000	-	85,000	565,000	13,466	13,029	(437)	3.41	3.46	0.04
Habib Bank Limited	139,000	166,500	-	148,500	157,000	19,271	14,340	(4,931)	3.76	3.81	0.01
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited****	-	325,000	-	100,000	225,000	9,502	8,786	(716)	2.30	2.33	0.02
MCB Bank Limited***	-	38,000	-	38,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meezan Bank Limited	85,000	111,200	8,250	63,250	141,200	16,665	15,953	(712)	4.18	4.24	0.01
Samba Bank Limited	92,500	-	-	92,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Bank Limited****	165,702	196,298	-	278,500	83,500	10,877	9,446	(1,431)	2.48	2.51	0.01
						86,097	77,683	(8,414)	20.36	20.64	0.16
Engineering											
Aisha Steel Mills Limited***	-	533,500	-	343,500	190,000	3,089	2,100	(989)	0.55	0.01	0.02
Amrell Steels Limited	-	200,000	-	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited	-	72,800	-	72,800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						3,089	2,100	(989)	0.55	0.01	0.02
Fertilizer											
Engro Corporation Limited	-	94,000	-	64,000	30,000	7,905	7,713	(192)	2.02	0.02	0.01
Engro Fertilizer Limited*	-	39,511	-	-	39,511	3,306	3,502	196	0.92	0.01	-
Fatima Fertilizer Company Limited*	-	4,000	-	-	4,000	136	151	15	0.04	-	-
						11,347	11,366	19	2.98	0.03	0.01
Food & Personal Care Products											
Murree Brewery Company	6,700	-	-	6,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shezan International Limited	9,960	-	996	-	10,956	3,300	1,863	(1,437)	0.49	0.49	0.11
The Organic Meat Company Limited	150,000	161,500	15,000	165,000	161,500	3,728	3,527	(201)	0.92	0.94	0.13
						7,028	5,390	(1,638)	1.41	1.43	0.24
Glass & Ceramics											
Shabbir Tiles & Ceramics Limited**	-	204,500	-	-	204,500	5,272	2,992	(2,280)	0.78	0.80	0.06
Tariq Glass Industries	-	25,000	-	-	25,000	2,633	2,595	(38)	0.68	0.69	0.02
						7,905	5,587	(2,318)	1.46	1.49	0.08
Leather & Tanneries											
Service Global Footwear Limited*	426	-	-	-	426	25	17	(8)	-	-	-
Service Industries*	13	-	-	-	13	8	5	(3)	-	-	-
						33	22	(11)	-	-	-
Oil & Gas Exploitation Company											
Mari Petroleum Company Limited	10,240	8,178	-	3,040	15,378	23,879	26,754	2,875	7.01	7.12	0.01
Oil & Gas Development Company Limited*	-	126,050	-	126,000	50	4	4	-	-	-	-
Pakistan Oilfields Limited	28,924	-	-	28,924	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan Petroleum Limited*	-	181,190	-	61,000	120,190	9,547	8,114	(1,433)	2.13	2.16	-
						33,430	34,872	1,442	9.14	9.27	0.01
Oil & Gas Marketing Companies											
Attock Petroleum Limited	24,800	2,800	-	27,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	38,700	-	-	38,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						215,898	190,246	(25,652)	49.84	47.00	0.70

* Nil figures due to rounding off

** These have a face value of Rs.5 per share

*** These represents transactions in shares of related parties

**** These represents pledge securities

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Name of the investee company	As at July 1, 2021	Purchases during the year	Bonus / right issue during the year	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022			Market value as a percentage of		Paid-up value of shares held as a percentage of total paid-up capital of the investee company
						Carrying Value	Market value	Unrealised appreciation/ (diminution)	Net assets	Total investments	
-----Number of shares-----						-----Rupees in '000'-----			-----%-----		
Balance brought forward						215,898	190,246	(25,652)	49.84	47.00	0.70
Pharmaceuticals											
Abbott Laboratories (Pakistan) Limited	11,750	-	-	11,750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Citi Pharma limited	-	145,000	-	33,000	112,000	4,026	3,656	(370)	0.96	0.97	0.05
Glaxosmithkline Consumer Healthcare Pakistan Limited	-	19,500	-	-	19,500	4,735	4,647	(88)	1.22	1.22	0.02
Highnoon Laboratories Limited	1,600	10,800	-	12,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
The Searle Company Limited	17,682	26,000	5,304	48,986	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						8,761	8,303	(458)	2.18	2.20	0.07
Paper and Board											
Cherat Packaging Limited	-	6,700	-	6,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packages Limited	32,500	3,400	-	19,200	16,700	9,063	6,661	(2,402)	1.75	1.77	0.02
						9,063	6,661	(2,402)	1.75	1.77	0.02
Refinery											
Attock Refinery Limited*	-	7,500	-	-	7,500	988	1,318	330	0.35	-	0.01
						988	1,318	330	0.35	-	0.01
Miscellaneous											
Shifa International Hospitals	-	33,000	-	-	33,000	5,994	5,912	(82)	1.55	0.02	0.05
Synthetic Products Limited*&**	431	465	34	-	930	19	13	(6)	-	-	-
						6,013	5,925	(88)	1.55	0.02	0.05
Power Generation And Distribution											
Hub Power Company Limited	35,000	-	-	35,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						-	-	-	-	-	-
Real Estate Investment & Distribution											
Dolmen City REIT	423,500	-	-	423,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						-	-	-	-	-	-
Technology & Communication											
Air Link Communication Ltd	-	93,000	-	-	93,000	5,783	3,756	(2,027)	0.98	-	0.02
Octopus Digital Limited	-	69,530	-	69,530	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Systems Limited	-	17,900	13,000	16,400	14,500	5,190	4,783	(407)	1.25	-	0.01
TRG Pakistan Limited	-	20,000	-	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						10,973	8,539	(2,434)	2.23	-	0.03
Textile Composite											
Gul Ahmed Textile Mills Limited	-	180,852	-	27,500	153,352	6,445	5,185	(1,260)	1.36	0.01	0.02
Kohinoor Textile Mills Limited	41	90,500	-	-	90,541	5,745	4,527	(1,218)	1.19	0.01	0.03
Nishat (Chunian) Limited***	-	440,000	-	85,000	355,000	17,976	15,900	(2,076)	4.17	0.04	0.15
Nishat Mills Limited***	-	55,000	-	-	55,000	4,013	4,065	52	1.07	1.08	0.02
						34,179	29,677	(4,502)	7.79	1.15	0.22
Total at June 30, 2022						285,875	250,669	(35,206)			
Total at June 30, 2021						255,585	272,708	17,123			

* Nil figures due to rounding off

** These have a face value of Rs.5 per share

*** These represents transactions in shares of related parties

**** Following shares were pledged with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited (NCCPL) as collateral against margin for guaranteeing settlement of the Fund's trades in accordance with Circular No. 11 dated October 23, 2007 issued by SECP:

Name of security	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	--- (Number of shares) ---		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
Faysal Bank Limited	250,000	-	5,765	-
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	100,000	-	3,905	-
United Bank Limited	75,000	100,000	8,485	12,220
HUB Power Company Limited	-	25,000	-	1,992
Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited	-	200,000	-	9,396
	425,000	325,000	18,155	23,608

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

5.1.1 The Finance Act, 2014 introduced amendments to the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 as a result of which companies are liable to withhold five percent of the bonus shares to be issued. The shares so withheld shall only be released if the Fund deposits tax equivalent to five percent of the value of the bonus shares issued to the Fund including bonus shares withheld, determined on the basis of day-end price on the first day of closure of books of the issuing company.

In this regard, a constitutional petition had been filed by Collective Investment Schemes (CISs) through their Trustees in the High Court of Sindh, challenging the applicability of withholding tax provisions on bonus shares received by CISs. The petition was based on the fact that because CISs are exempt from deduction of income tax under Clause 99 Part I to the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001, the withholding tax provision should also not be applicable on bonus shares received by CISs. A stay order had been granted by the Honourable High Court of Sindh in favour of CISs.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Supreme Court of Pakistan passed a judgement on June 27, 2018 whereby the suits which are already pending or shall be filed in future must only be continued / entertained on the condition that a minimum of 50 percent of the tax calculated by the tax authorities is deposited with the authorities. Accordingly, the CISs were required to pay minimum 50% of the tax calculated by the tax authorities for the case to remain continued. The CISs failed to deposit the minimum 50% of the tax liability and accordingly the stay got vacated automatically. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the CISs have filed a fresh constitutional petition via CP 4653 dated July 11, 2019 in the High Court of Sindh. In this regard, on July 15, 2019, the Honourable High Court of Sindh has issued notices to the relevant parties and has ordered that no third party interest on bonus shares issued to the Funds in lieu of their investments be created in the meantime. The matter is still pending adjudication and the Funds have included these shares in their portfolio. The management is confident that the decision of the constitutional petition will be in favour of the CISs. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Fund has reclassified the amount of these shares from "investments" to "advances, deposits and other receivables" based on the market value of these shares on November 13, 2020.

Further, the Finance Act, 2018 effective from July 1, 2018 has omitted Section 236M of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 requiring every company quoted on stock exchange issuing bonus shares to the shareholders of the company, to withhold five percent of the bonus shares to be issued. Therefore, bonus shares issued to the Fund during the year were not withheld by the investee companies.

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
----- (Rupees in '000) -----			
5.2 Government securities			
Market Treasury Bills	5.2.1	125,534	-
Pakistan Investment Bonds	5.2.2	-	-
		125,534	-

5.2.1 Market Treasury Bills

Name of security	Date of issue	Face Value			As at June 30, 2022				Market value as a percentage of	
		As at July 01, 2021	Purchased during the year	Sold / matured during the year	As at June 30, 2022	Carrying Value	Market value	Unrealised loss	Net assets	Total investments
----- (Rupees in '000) -----										
Market Treasury Bills										
- 3 months	May 20, 2021	-	150,000	150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	June 3, 2021	-	140,000	140,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	July 2, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	July 15, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	July 29, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	August 12, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	August 26, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	September 9, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	October 7, 2021	-	625,000	625,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	January 27, 2022	-	600,000	600,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	February 10, 2022	-	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	February 24, 2022	-	60,000	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	March 10, 2022	-	40,000	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	April 7, 2022	-	15,000	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	April 21, 2022	-	60,000	30,000	30,000	29,901	29,901	-	-	-

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Name of security	Date of issue	Face Value				As at June 30, 2022			Market value as a percentage of	
		As at July 01, 2021	Purchased during the year	Sold / matured during the year	As at June 30, 2022	Carrying Value	Market value	Unrealised loss	Net assets	Total investments
----- (Rupees in '000) ----- % -----										
Market Treasury Bills										
- 6 months	February 7, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	March 25, 2021	-	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	June 5, 2021	-	110,000	110,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	July 15, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	July 29, 2021	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	August 26, 2021	-	1,051,500	1,051,500	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	September 9, 2021	-	3,200,000	3,200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	December 8, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	January 27, 2022	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	April 21, 2022	-	100,000	-	100,000	96,158	95,633	(525)	-	-
Total as at June 30, 2022						<u>126,059</u>	<u>125,534</u>	<u>(525)</u>		
Total as at June 30, 2021						<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		

5.2.2 Pakistan Investment Bonds

Name of security	Date of issue	Face Value				As at June 30, 2022			Market value as a percentage of	
		As at July 01, 2021	Purchased during the year	Sold / matured during the year	As at June 30, 2022	Carrying Value	Market value	Unrealised loss	Net assets	Total investments
----- (Rupees in '000) ----- % -----										
Pakistan Investment Bonds										
- 02 years	August 26, 2021	-	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan Investment Bonds										
- 03 years	August 20, 2020	-	350,000	350,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan Investment Bonds										
- 05 years	July 12, 2018	-	200,000	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 05 years	October 15, 2020	-	200,000	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 05 years	December 15, 2021	-	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total as at June 30, 2022						<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Total as at June 30, 2021						<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		

5.3 Unlisted debt security

Certificates have a face value of Rs 100,000 each

Name of investee company	Number of certificates					As at June 30, 2022			Market value as a percentage of	
	As at July 1, 2020	Purchased during the year	Matured during the year	Disposed during the year	As at June 30, 2021	Carrying value	Market Value	Appreciation / (diminution)	Net assets	Total investment
----- (Rupees in '000) -----										
Cinergyco PK Ltd. (Formerly: Byco Petroleum Pakistan Ltd.) (January 18, 2017)	10	-	-	-	10	250	255	5	0.07%	0.07%
Total as at June 30, 2022						<u>250</u>	<u>255</u>	<u>5</u>		
Total as at June 30, 2021						<u>584</u>	<u>584</u>	<u>-</u>		

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

5.4 Significant terms and conditions of sukuk certificates outstanding at the year end are as follows:

Name of security	Number of certificates	Face value per certificate	Face value / redemption value in total	Interest rate per annum	Maturity	Secured / unsecured	Rating
Cinergyco PK Ltd. (Formerly: Byco Petroleum Pakistan Ltd.) - Sukuk	10	250,000	25,000	3M KIBOR+1.05%	January 18, 2023	Unsecured	AAA

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
----- (Rupees in '000) -----			
5.5 Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on re-measurement of investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - net			
Market value of investments	5.1, 5.2 & 5.3	376,458	273,292
Carrying value of investments	5.1, 5.2 & 5.3	412,184	256,169
		(35,726)	17,123
6. DIVIDEND AND PROFIT RECEIVABLES			
Profit on:			
- Term finance certificates and Sukuk certificates		7	10
- Deposit accounts		721	283
		728	293
7. ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Advance tax	7.1	466	466
Security deposits:			
- National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited		3,817	3,817
- Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited		300	300
Receivable Against Bonus Shares Withheld	5.1.1	203	203
Other receivables		4	17
		4,790	4,803

7.1 As per clause 47(B) of part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, payments made to collective investment schemes (CISs) are exempt from withholding tax under section 151 and 150. However, withholding tax on sale of shares, profit on bank balances and dividends to the Fund has been deducted by various withholding agents based on the interpretation issued by FBR vide letter C. no. 1(43) DG (WHT)/2008-VOL.II-66417-R dated 12 May 2015 which requires every withholding agent to withhold income tax at applicable rates in case a valid exemption certificate under section 159(1) issued by the concerned Commissioner of Inland Revenue (CIR) is not produced before him by the withholder. The tax withheld on profit against sale of shares, profit on bank balances and dividends amounts Rs 0.466 million (2021: Rs 0.466 million).

For this purpose, the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) on behalf of various mutual funds (including the Funds being managed by the Management Company) had filed a petition in the Honourable Sindh High Court (SHC) challenging the above mentioned interpretation of the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) which was decided by the SHC in favour of FBR. On January 28, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Management Company passed a resolution by circulation, authorising all CISs to file an appeal in the Honourable Supreme Court through their Trustees, to direct all persons being withholding agents, including share registrars and banks to observe the provisions of clause 47B of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 without imposing any conditions at the time of making any payment to the CISs being managed by the Management Company. Accordingly, a petition was filed in the Supreme Court of Pakistan by the Funds together with other CISs (managed by the Management Company and other Asset Management Companies) whereby the Supreme Court granted the petitioners leave to appeal from the initial judgement of the SHC. Pending resolution of the matter, the amount of withholding tax deducted on profit received by the Fund on profit against sale of shares, profit on bank balances and dividends has been shown as advance tax under 'Advances, deposits and other receivables' as at June 30, 2022 as, in the opinion of the management, the amount of tax deducted at source will be refunded.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

8	PAYABLE TO THE MCB-ARIF HABIB SAVINGS AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED - MANAGEMENT COMPANY	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
			----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
	Management fee payable	8.1	1,072	1,186
	Sindh sales tax on management fee	8.2	139	154
	Allocated expenses payable	8.3	32	39
			1,243	1,379

8.1 As per regulation 61 of the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the Management Company of the Fund is entitled to a remuneration equal to an amount not exceeding the maximum rate of the management fee as disclosed in the Offering Document subject to the total expense ratio limit. Keeping in view the maximum allowable threshold, the Management Company has charged its remuneration at the rate of 3.35% (2021: the Management Company has charged its remuneration at the rate of 2% per annum from July 1, 2020 till February 8, 2021 and at the rate of 3.35% per annum from February 9, 2021 till June 30, 2022) of the average daily net assets of the Fund during the period ended June 30, 2022. The remuneration is payable to the Management Company on monthly in arrears.

8.2 During the year, an amount of Rs 1.810 million (2021: Rs 1.522 million) was charged on account of sales tax on management fee levied through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 and an amount of Rs 1.825 million (2021: Rs. 1.459 million) has been paid to the Management Company which acts as a collecting agent.

8.3 In accordance with Regulation 60 of the NBFC Regulations, the Management Company is entitled to charge fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services, related to a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS).

The Management Company has allocated expenses to the Fund based on its discretion subject to not being higher than actual expense, which has also been approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

8.4 The SECP has allowed the Asset Management Companies to charge selling and marketing expenses to all categories of open-end mutual funds (except fund of funds) upto a maximum limit approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company as part of annual plan.

The Management Company has not charged selling and marketing expenses to the fund based on its discretion, which has also been approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

9	PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
			----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
	Trustee fee payable	9.1	64	79
	Sindh sales tax on trustee fee	9.2	8	10
			72	89

9.1 The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed and Offering Document as per the tariff specified therein, based on the average daily net assets of the Fund during the year. The tariff structure applicable to the Fund in respect of trustee fee is as follows:

Average net asset value	Tariff per annum
Up to Rs.1,000 million	0.20% per annum of net assets
Amount exceeding Rs.1,000 million	Rs.2.0 million plus 0.10% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs.1 billion

The aforementioned limits were revised and are effective since February 19, 2021. Previously, The tariff structure applicable to the Fund in respect of trustee fee was as follows:

Average net asset value	Tariff per annum
Up to Rs.1,000 million	Rs.0.7 million or 0.20% per annum of net assets, whichever is higher
Amount exceeding Rs.1,000 million	Rs.2.0 million plus 0.10% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs.1 billion

9.2 During the year, an amount of Rs 0.115 million (2021: Rs 0.122 million) was charged on account of sales tax on remuneration of the Trustee levied through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 and an amount of Rs 0.117 million (2021: Rs 0.121 million) was paid to the Trustee which acts as a collecting agent.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
10. PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN			
Annual fee	10.1	<u>89</u>	<u>94</u>

10.1 In accordance with the NBFC Regulations, a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS) is required to pay annual fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

In accordance with the SRO No. 685(I)/2019 dated June 28, 2019 issued by SECP, the Fund has charged SECP fee at the rate of 0.02% (June 30, 2021: 0.02%) of the average daily net assets of the Fund during the year.

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
11. ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES			
Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund	11.1	-	6,269
Provision for Federal Excise Duty	11.2		
- On management fee		5,872	5,872
- Sales load		393	393
Legal and professional charges payable		35	22
Withholding tax payable		26	42
Dividend payable		2,784	2,784
Auditors' remuneration payable		351	404
Brokerage payable		150	160
Other payable		39	39
		<u>9,650</u>	<u>15,985</u>

11.1 As a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan, in May 2015 the Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund Act, 2014 (SWWF Act) had been passed by the Government of Sindh as a result of which every industrial establishment located in the Province of Sindh, the total income of which in any accounting year is not less than Rs 0.50 million, is required to pay Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) in respect of that year a sum equal to two percent of such income. The matter was taken up by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) with the Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) collectively on behalf of various asset management companies and their CISs whereby it was contested that mutual funds should be excluded from the ambit of SWWF Act as these were not industrial establishments but were pass-through investment vehicles and did not employ workers. The SRB held that mutual funds were included in the definition of financial institutions as per the Financial Institution (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 and were, hence, required to register and pay SWWF under the SWWF Act. Thereafter, MUFAP had taken up the matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry to have CISs / mutual funds excluded from the applicability of SWWF. In view of the above developments regarding the applicability of SWWF on CISs / mutual funds, MUFAP had recommended that as a matter of abundant caution provision in respect of SWWF should be made on a prudent basis with effect from the date of enactment of the Sindh WWF Act, 2014 (i.e. starting from May 21, 2015). The Funds had accordingly made provision in respect of SWWF as recommended by MUFAP.

During the current year, SRB through its letter dated August 12, 2021 intimated MUFAP that the mutual funds do not qualify as Financial Institutions / Industrial Establishments and are therefore, not liable to pay the SWWF contributions. This development was discussed at MUFAP level and was also taken up with the SECP and all the Asset Management Companies, in consultation with the SECP, have reversed the cumulative provision for SWWF recognised in the financial statements of the Funds, for the period from May 21, 2015 to August 12, 2021, on August 13, 2021. The SECP also gave its concurrence for prospective reversal of provision for SWWF. Going forward, no provision for SWWF has been recognised in these financial statements of the Fund.

11.2 The Finance Act, 2013 enlarged the scope of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on financial services to include Asset Management Companies (AMCs) as a result of which FED at the rate of 16 percent on the remuneration of the Management Company and sales load was applicable with effect from June 13, 2013. The Management Company was of the view that since the remuneration was already subject to provincial sales tax, further levy of FED would result in double taxation which did not appear to be the spirit of the law. Hence, on September 4, 2013 a constitutional petition was filed with the Sindh High Court (SHC) by the Management Company together with various other asset management companies challenging the levy of FED.

With effect from July 1, 2016, FED on services provided or rendered by non-banking financial institutions dealing in services which are subject to provincial sales tax has been withdrawn by the Finance Act, 2016.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the SHC passed an order whereby all notices, proceedings taken or pending, orders made, duty recovered or actions taken under the Federal Excise Act, 2005 in respect of the rendering or providing of services (to the extent as challenged in any relevant petition) were set aside. In response to this, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue has filed a Civil Petition for leave to appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan which is pending adjudication.

In view of the above, the Fund has discontinued making further provision in respect of FED on remuneration of the Management Company with effect from July 1, 2016. However, as a matter of abundant caution the provision for FED made for the period from June 13, 2013 till June 30, 2016 amounting to Rs 5.87 million is being retained in the financial statements of the Fund as the matter is pending before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Had the provision for FED not been recorded in the financial statements of the Fund, the net assets value of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 would have been higher by Re 0.16 (2021: Re 0.15) per unit.

12. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

13. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
Annual audit fee	291	291
Half yearly review fee	145	145
Other certification and services	50	50
Out of pocket expenses and taxes	79	195
	<u>565</u>	<u>681</u>

14. TAXATION

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders as cash dividend. Furthermore, as per Regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year derived from sources other than capital gains as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable thereon to the unit holders. Since the Fund has incurred a loss during the current year, no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements during the year.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Balances with banks	4.	41,404	186,376
Treasury bills maturing within 3 months	5.2.1	29,901	-
		<u>71,305</u>	<u>186,376</u>

16. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

The Total Expense Ratio of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 is 4.54% (2021: 5.26%) which includes 0.45% (2021: 0.78%) representing government levies on the Fund such as provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund, sales taxes, annual fee to the SECP, etc. The prescribed limit for the ratio is 4.5% under the NBFC Regulations for a collective investment scheme categorised as an balanced fund.

17. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OUTSTANDING WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / OTHER RELATED PARTIES

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Management Company, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company, MCB Bank Limited being the Holding Company of the Management Company, the Trustee, directors, key management personnel and other associated undertakings and connected persons. Connected persons also include any person beneficially owing directly or indirectly 10% or more of the units in the issue / net assets of the Fund.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Transactions with connected persons essentially comprise sale and redemption of units, fee on account of managing the affairs of the Fund, other charges, sale and purchase of investments and distribution payments to connected persons. The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and at terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provision of the NBFC Regulations and constitutive documents of the Fund respectively.

Details of transactions and balances at year end with related parties / connected persons, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

	For the year ended	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
17.1 Details of transaction with connected persons are as follows:		
MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company		
Remuneration including indirect taxes	15,731	13,230
Allocated Expenses	444	469
Selling and marketing expenses	-	3,879
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Remuneration including indirect taxes	1,004	1,060
CDS charges	46	72
Arif Habib Limited		
Brokerage *	98	126
MCB Bank Limited		
Bank charges	17	24
Dividend income	-	1
Mark-up income	28	21
Purchase of 38,000 (2021: 92,038) shares	5,846	15,903
Sale of 38,000 shares (2021: 175,038) shares	6,044	31,247
D.G. Khan Cement Limited		
Purchase of 124,000 (2021: 172,000) shares	7,940	18,995
Sale of 98,000 (2021: 134,000) shares	7,520	14,549
Fatima Fertilizer Company Limited		
Purchase of 4,000 (2021: Nil) shares	136	-
Aisha Steel Mills Limited		
Purchase of shares 533,500 (2021: 1,100,000) shares	8,868	19,781
Sale of shares 343,500 (2021: 1,100,000) shares	5,618	21,857
Adamjee Insurance Company Limited		
Dividend income	-	194
Sale of shares Nil (2021: 250,000) shares	-	10,059
Nishat (Chunian) Limited		
Purchase of shares 440,000 (2021: Nil) shares	21,936	-
Sale of shares 85,000 (2021: Nil) shares	4,415	-
Nishat Mills Limited		
Purchase of shares 55,000 (2021: Nil) shares	4,013	-
Power Cement Limited		
Purchase of shares Nil (2021: 450,000) shares	-	4,815
Sale of shares 450,000 (2021: Nil) shares	4,140	-

* The amount disclosed represents the amount of brokerage paid to connected persons and not the purchase or sale value of securities transacted through them as the ultimate counter parties are not connected persons.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
17.2 Amount outstanding at the year end		
MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company		
Management fee payable	1,072	1,186
Sindh sales tax on management fee	139	154
Allocated expense payable	32	39
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Security deposit	300	300
Trustee fee payable	64	79
Sindh sales tax payable on trustee fee	8	10
MCB Bank Limited		
Balance with Bank	1,929	3,218
Profit receivable on bank deposit	35	35
Arif Habib Limited		
Brokerage payable	18	12
Aisha Steel Mills Limited		
190,000 (2021: Nil) shares held	2,100	-
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited		
64,000 (2021: 38,000) shares held	4,000	4,481
Nishat Mills Limited		
55,000 (2021: Nil) shares held	4,065	-
Nishat (Chunian) Limited		
355,000 (2021: Nil) shares held	15,900	-
Power Cement Limited		
Nil (2021: 450,000) shares held	-	4,325
Fatima Fertilizer Company Limited		
4,000 (2021: Nil) shares held	151	-

17.3 Transactions during the year with connected persons / related parties in units of the Fund:

June 30, 2022							
As at July 01, 2021	Issued for cash / conversion in / transferred in	Redeemed/ conversion out / transfer out	As at June 30, 2022	As at July 01, 2021	Issued for cash / conversion in / transferred in	Redeemed/ conversion out / transfer out	Amount outstanding as at June 30, 2022
----- (Units) -----			----- (Rupees in '000) -----				

Key management personnel * & **	8	-	-	8	-	-	-
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* This reflects the position of related party / connected person status as at June 30, 2022

** Nil figure due to rounding off

June 30, 2021							
As at July 01, 2020	Issued for cash / conversion in / transferred in	Redeemed/ conversion out / transfer out	As at June 30, 2021	As at July 01, 2020	Issued for cash / conversion in / transferred in	Redeemed/ conversion out / transfer out	Amount outstanding as at June 30, 2021
----- (Units) -----			----- (Rupees in '000) -----				

Key management personnel *	4,313	-	4,305	8	44	-	1
Mandate Under Discretionary Portfolio	-	21	21	-	-	1	1

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

June 30, 2022			
At amortised cost	Assets at fair value through profit or loss	Total	
(Rupees in '000)			
Financial Assets			
Balances with banks	41,404	-	41,404
Investments	-	376,458	376,458
Dividend and profit receivables	728	-	728
Security deposits and other receivable	4,121	-	4,121
	<u>46,253</u>	<u>376,458</u>	<u>422,711</u>

June 30, 2022			
At fair value through profit or loss	At amortised cost	Total	
(Rupees in '000)			
Financial Liabilities			
Payable to the MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited - Management Company	-	1,243	1,243
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited- Trustee	-	72	72
Payable against purchase of investment	-	30,501	30,501
Payable against redemption of units	-	216	216
Accrued and other liabilities	-	3,359	3,359
	<u>-</u>	<u>35,391</u>	<u>35,391</u>

June 30, 2021			
At amortised cost	Assets at fair value through profit or loss	Total	
(Rupees in '000)			
Financial Assets			
Balances with banks	186,376	-	186,376
Investments	-	273,292	273,292
Dividend and profit receivables	293	-	293
Security deposits and other receivable	4,134	-	4,134
Receivable against sale of investments	20,614	-	20,614
	<u>211,417</u>	<u>273,292</u>	<u>484,709</u>

June 30, 2021			
At fair value through profit or loss	At amortised cost	Total	
(Rupees in '000)			
Financial Liabilities			
Payable to the MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited - Management Company	-	1,379	1,379
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited- Trustee	-	89	89
Payable against purchase of investment	-	952	952
Payable against redemption of units	-	216	216
Accrued and other liabilities	-	3,409	3,409
	<u>-</u>	<u>6,045</u>	<u>6,045</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

19. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unit holders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through monitoring and controlling activities which are primarily set up to be performed based on limits established by the Management Company, the constitutive documents of the Fund and the regulations and directives of the SECP. These limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Fund as well as the level of the risk that the Fund is willing to accept. The Board of Directors of the Management Company supervises the overall risk management approach within the Fund. The Fund is exposed to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk arising from the financial instruments it holds.

19.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages the market risk through diversification of the investment portfolio and by following the internal guidelines established by the Investment Committee.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

19.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund does not hold any financial instrument in foreign currencies and hence is not exposed to such risk.

19.1.2 Yield / Interest rate risk

Yield / Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2022, the Funds is exposed to such risk on balances with banks and investment in sukuk certificates. The Investment Committee of the Fund reviews the portfolio of the Fund on a regular basis to ensure that the risk is managed within the acceptable limits.

a) Sensitivity analysis of variable rate instruments

As at June 30, 2022, the Fund holds KIBOR based sukuk certificates exposing the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in KIBOR on the last repricing date, with all other variables held constant, the net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs.0.003 million (2021: Rs.0.006 million).

The fund holds Sukuk certificates classified as 'fair value through profit or loss' exposing the Fund to interest rate fair value risk. In case of a 5% increase / decrease in rates determined by MUFAP as on June 30, 2022, the net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would have been higher/lower by Rs. 0.013 million (2021: Rs.0.029 million), as a result of reduction / increase in unrealised gains / (losses).

The Fund also holds KIBOR based bank deposits exposing the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in KIBOR at year end, the net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would be higher / lower by Rs 1.900 million (2021: Rs 9.066 million).

b) Sensitivity analysis of fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2022, the Fund does not hold any financial instruments exposing the Fund to fair value interest rate risk.

The composition of the fund's investment portfolio, KIBOR rates and rates announced by Financial Market Association of Pakistan is expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2022 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on the settlement date.

The Fund's interest rate sensitivity related to financial assets and financial liabilities as at June 30, 2021 can be determined as follows:

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

June 30 2022						
Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Exposed to yield / Interest rate risk			Not exposed to yield / Interest rate risk	Total	
	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year			
----- Rupees in '000 -----						
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial Assets						
Balances with banks	5.50% to 17.05%	38,007	-	-	3,397	41,404
Investments						
at fair value through profit or loss						
- Listed equity securities		-	-	-	250,669	250,669
- Market Treasury Bills	13.40% to 13.48%	29,901	95,633	-	-	125,534
- Pakistan Investment Bonds		-	-	-	-	-
- Unlisted debt security	3M KIBOR + 1.5%	-	255	-	-	255
Dividend and profit receivables		-	-	-	728	728
Security deposits and other receivable		-	-	-	4,121	4,121
Receivable against sale of investments		-	-	-	-	-
		67,908	95,888	-	258,915	422,711
Financial Liabilities						
Payable to the MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company		-	-	-	1,243	1,243
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		-	-	-	72	72
Payable against purchase of investment		-	-	-	30,501	30,501
Payable against redemption of units		-	-	-	216	216
Accrued and other liabilities		-	-	-	3,359	3,359
		-	-	-	35,391	35,391
On-balance sheet gap (a)		67,908	95,888	-	223,524	387,320
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	-	-	-	-
Total profit rate sensitivity gap (a+b)		67,908	95,888	-		
Cumulative profit rate sensitivity gap		67,908	163,796	163,796		

June 30 2021						
Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Exposed to Yield / Interest rate risk			Not exposed to Yield / Interest rate risk	Total	
	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year			
----- Rupees in '000 -----						
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial Assets						
Balances with banks	5.50% to 7.60%	181,326	-	-	5,050	186,376
Investments						
at fair value through profit or loss						
- Listed equity securities		-	-	-	272,708	272,708
- Unlisted debt security	3M KIBOR + 1.5%	-	584	-	-	584
Dividend and profit receivables		-	-	-	293	293
Security deposits and other receivable		-	-	-	4,134	4,134
Receivable against sale of investments		-	-	-	20,614	20,614
		181,326	584	-	302,799	484,709
Financial Liabilities						
Payable to the MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company		-	-	-	1,379	1,379
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		-	-	-	89	89
Payable against purchase of investment		-	-	-	952	952
Payable against redemption of units		-	-	-	216	216
Accrued and other liabilities		-	-	-	3,409	3,409
		-	-	-	6,045	6,045
On-balance sheet gap (a)		181,326	584	-	296,754	478,664
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	-	-	-	-
Total profit rate sensitivity gap (a+b)		181,326	584	-		
Cumulative profit rate sensitivity gap		181,326	181,910	181,910		

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

19.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from profit rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Fund has exposure to equity price risk arising from its investments in equity securities. The Fund manages its price risk arising from investment in the equity securities by diversifying its portfolio within the eligible limits prescribed in the Fund's constitutive documents, the NBFC Regulations and circulars issued by SECP from time to time. The Fund's equity investments and their fair values exposed to price risk as at the year end are concentrated in the sectors given in note 5.1.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the profit for the year and the unit holders' fund to an increase or decrease of 5% in the fair values of the Fund's equity securities. This level of change is considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Fund's equity securities at each statement of assets and liabilities date with all other variables held constant.

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	---- (Rupees in '000) ----	
Investments	12,533	13,635
Income statement	12,533	13,635

19.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge its obligation as it falls due. The table below analyses the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk:

	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk
-----Rupees in '000-----				
Balances with banks	41,404	41,404	186,376	186,376
Listed equity securities	250,669	-	272,708	-
Government securities	125,534	-	-	-
Unlisted debt security	255	255	584	584
Dividend and profit receivable	728	728	293	293
Security deposits and other receivable	4,121	4,121	4,134	4,134
Receivable against sale of investments	-	-	20,614	20,614
	422,711	46,508	484,709	212,001

Difference in the balance as per statement of asset and liabilities and maximum exposure is due to the fact that investments in equity securities and government securities amounting to Rs. 250.670 million (2021: Rs. 272.708 million) and Rs. 125.534 (2021: Rs. Nil) respectively is not exposed to credit risk.

The analysis below summaries the credit rating quality of the Fund's financial assets as at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

	2022	2021
	----- % -----	
Bank balances by rating category		
AAA	71.81	88.72
AA+	28.17	11.25
AA-	0.02	0.02
A+	-	0.01
	100	100

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The analysis below summarizes the credit quality of the Fund's investment in government securities and sukuks as at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

Investments by rating category	2022 ----- % -----	2021
Government Securities	99.8	-
AAA	0.2	100
	100	100

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancement as at June 30, 2022 is the carrying amount of the financial assets except for shares held. None of these assets are impaired nor past due.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of counter party to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed. Credit risk relating to unsettled transactions in securities is considered to be minimal as the Fund uses brokers with high creditworthiness and the transactions are settled or paid for only upon delivery using central clearing system.

19.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily settlement of equity securities and daily redemptions at the option of unit holders. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. The Fund's policy is, therefore, to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of and are considered readily realisable.

As per the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the Fund can borrow in the short-term to ensure settlement the maximum limit of which is fifteen percent of the net assets upto 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Fund.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the ability to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the year.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. The maturity profile of the Fund's liabilities based on contractual maturities is given below:

----- June 30, 2022 -----						
Within 1 month	More than one month and upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year and upto five years	More than 5 years	Financial instruments with no fixed maturity	Total

----- Rupees in '000 -----

Financial liabilities

Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company	1,243	-	-	-	-	1,243
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	72	-	-	-	-	72
Payable against purchase of investment	30,501	-	-	-	-	30,501
Payable against redemption of units	216	-	-	-	-	216
Accrued and other liabilities	3,359	-	-	-	-	3,359
	35,391	-	-	-	-	35,391

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

June 30, 2021						
Within 1 month	More than one month and upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year and upto five years	More than 5 years	Financial instruments with no fixed maturity	Total

Rupees in '000

Financial liabilities

Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee
Payable against purchase of investment
Payable against redemption of units
Accrued and other liabilities

1,379	-	-	-	-	-	1,379
89	-	-	-	-	-	89
952	-	-	-	-	-	952
216	-	-	-	-	-	216
3,409	-	-	-	-	-	3,409
6,045	-	-	-	-	-	6,045

20. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not to be significantly different from the respective book values.

Fair value hierarchy

International Financial Reporting Standard 13, 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Fund to classify assets using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

June 30, 2022			
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total

Rupees

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Listed equity securities	250,669	-	-	250,669
Government securities	-	125,534	-	125,534
Unlisted debt securities	-	255	-	255
	<u>250,669</u>	<u>125,789</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>376,458</u>

June 30, 2021			
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total

Rupees

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Listed equity securities	272,708	-	-	272,708
Unlisted debt securities	-	584	-	584
	<u>272,708</u>	<u>584</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>273,292</u>

21. UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The unit holders' fund is represented by redeemable units. These units are entitled to dividends and to payment of their proportionate share of the Fund's Net Asset Value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the 'Statement of Movement in unit holders' Fund'.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Fund has no restriction on the subscription and redemption of units. As required under the NBFC Regulations, every open end scheme shall maintain fund size (i.e. net assets of the Fund) of Rs 100 million at all times during the life of the scheme. The Fund has historically maintained and complied with the requirements of minimum fund size at all times.

The Fund's objectives when managing unit holders' funds are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to the unit holders and to maintain a strong base of assets to meet unexpected losses or opportunities.

In accordance with the risk management policies as stated in note 18, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investment avenues while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by disposal of investments or short-term borrowings, where necessary.

22. PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the Investment Committee of the Fund are as follows:

S. No.	Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years
1	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	FCCA, FCA	24.5
2	Mr. Muhammad Asim	Chief Investment Officer	MBA, CFA	19
3	Mr. Awais Abdul Sattar	Portfolio Manager Equities	MBA, CFA	11
4	Mr. Jawad Naeem	Head of Islamic Equity	MBA Finance & CFA Level 1	14
5	Mr. Saad Ahmed	Head Of Fixed Income	MBA	16
6	Mr. Syed Abid Ali	Head Of Equities	MBA	14
7	Mr. Usama Iqbal	Fund Manager	Graduate	18

22.1 Syed Abid Ali is the Fund Manager. Details of the other funds being managed by him are as follows:

- MCB Pakistan Asset Allocation Fund
- Pakistan Pension Fund
- MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund
- MCB Pakistan Dividend Yield Plan (An allocation plan of MCB Pakistan opportunity fund)

23. TOP TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF COMMISSION PAID *

	2022 (Percentage) %
1 Top Line Securities Pvt Ltd	9.81%
2 Ismail Iqbal Securities Pvt L	7.89%
3 Efg Hermes Pakistan Limited	7.64%
4 Arif Habib Limited	7.20%
5 Foundation Securities Ltd	6.49%
6 Intermarket Securities Ltd	5.92%
7 Al Habib Capital Markets Pvt	5.91%
8 DJM Securities Pvt Limited	4.51%
9 JS Global Capital Limited	4.11%
10 Alfalah Cisa Securities (Pvt	4.06%
	2021 (Percentage) %
1 EFG Hermes Pakistan Limited	7.48%
2 Foundation Securities Limited	7.09%
3 Top Line Securities Pvt Limited	6.26%
4 Akik Capital (Private) Limited	5.72%
5 Arif Habib Limited	5.68%
6 DJM Securities (Private) Limited	5.58%
7 BMA Capital Management Limited	5.21%
8 Al Habib Capital Markets (Private) limited	5.05%
9 Habib Metro Financial Service	4.94%
10 Khadim Ali Shah Bukhari Securities	4.83%

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

24. PATTERN OF UNITHOLDING

	As at June 30, 2022			
	Number of unit holders	Number of Units held	Investment amount (Rupees in '000)	Percentage Investment %
Individual	2,321	31,808,340	338,676	88.75
Insurance Companies	1	124,603	1,327	0.35
NBFC	1	17,515	186	0.05
Others	216	3,284,719	34,974	9.16
Retirement Fund	4	605,367	6,446	1.69
	<u>2,543</u>	<u>35,840,544</u>	<u>381,609</u>	<u>100</u>

	As at June 30, 2021			
	Number of unit holders	Number of Units held	Investment amount (Rupees in '000)	Percentage Investment %
Retirement Fund	6	961,803	11,541	2.47
Individuals	2,499	36,163,046	433,929	92.99
Insurance company	1	124,603	1,495	0.32
NBFC	1	17,515	210	0.05
Others	28	1,624,117	19,488	4.18
	<u>2,535</u>	<u>38,891,084</u>	<u>466,663</u>	<u>100</u>

25. ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th and 176th meeting of the Board of Directors were held on August 9, 2021, September 15, 2021, October 18, 2021, October 22, 2021, February 3, 2022, February 08, 2022, March 10, 2022, April 13, 2022, May 04, 2022 respectively. Information in respect of attendance by the directors and other persons in the meetings is given below:

Name of persons attending the meetings	Designation	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings			Meetings Not Attended
			Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	
Mr. Haroun Rashid	Chairman	9	9	8	1	176th
Mr. Nasim Beg	Vice Chairman	9	9	9	-	-
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	9	9	9	-	-
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director	9	9	8	1	170th
Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg	Director	9	9	9	-	-
Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Director	9	9	8	1	169th
Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Director	9	9	7	2	169th and 176th
Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Director	9	9	7	2	168th and 170th

26. DATE OF AUTHORISATION OF ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on August 15 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

27. GENERAL

27.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated.

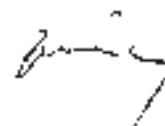
For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited
(Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

**PATTERN OF UNITS HOLDING BY SIZE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

No. of Unit Holders	Unit holdings	Total units held
500	A. 001-10,000	112,091
1,459	B. 10,001 – 100,000	4,400,144
537	C. 100,001 – 1000,000	13,391,267
47	D. 1000,001 & Above	17,937,043
<u>2,543</u>		<u>35,840,544</u>

PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Performance Information	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	381.6090	466.6630	414.5787	503.6360	619.0000
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	10.6500	12.0000	10.1500	10.1100	11.1600
Closing Offer Price	10.8900	12.2700	10.3800	10.3400	11.4100
Closing Repurchase Price	10.6500	12.0000	10.1500	10.1100	11.1600
Highest offer price per unit	12.6000	13.1400	12.2200	11.8200	12.3600
Lowest offer price per unit	10.7400	10.4800	9.2700	10.0500	10.6600
Highest Redemption price per unit	12.3200	12.8500	11.9500	11.7100	12.0900
Lowest Redemption price per unit	10.5000	10.2500	9.0700	9.9600	10.4200
Distribution per unit – Rs. *	-	0.5000	0.4533	-	-
Average Annual Return - %					
One year	(11.25)	23.14	4.86	(9.41)	(3.21)
Two year	5.95	14.00	(2.28)	(6.31)	11.08
Three year	5.58	6.20	(2.59)	4.25	9.11
Net Income for the year – Rs. in million	(49.3710)	94.9640	21.1207	(54.2770)	(25.1194)
Distribution made during the year – Rs. in million	-	28.7650	19.4490	-	-
Accumulated Capital Growth – Rs. in million	(49.3710)	66.1990	3.2070	(54.2770)	(25.1194)

*** Date of Distribution**

2022		2021	
Date	Rate	Date	Rate
Nil		June 25, 2021	0.5

2020		2019	
Date	Rate	Date	Rate
Nil		Nil	

2018	
Date	Rate
Nil	

Disclaimer

The past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investments and returns may go down, as well as up.

**PROXY ISSUED BY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

The Board of Directors of MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company of Pakistan Capital Market Fund – PCMF) has an overall responsibility for the implementation of Proxy Voting Policy and Procedures which is available on the Management Company’s website (www.mcbah.com).

During the financial year ended June 30, 2022, the Management Company on behalf of PCMF participated in seven (7) shareholders' meeting. The company did not participate in shareholders’ meetings in the cases which did not meet the criteria reported in Paragraph No. 5 and 6 of the Proxy Voting Policy and Procedures. Summary of actual proxies voted during the financial year are as follows:

	Resolutions	For	Against	Abstain	Reason for Abstaining
Number	26	26	0	0	-
(%ages)	100	100	0	0	-

Detailed information regarding actual proxies voted by the Management Company on behalf of PCMF will be provided without any charges on request of unit holders.

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

Head Office: 2nd Floor, Adamjee House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi

UAN: (+92-21) 11-11-62224 (11-11-MCB-AH)

URL: www.mcbah.com, Email: info@mcbah.com
