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COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CHAIRMAN MR. MANSOOR IRFANI

MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO MR. OMER BAIG

DIRECTORS MR. MOHAMMAD BAIG

MR. SAAD IQBAL MS. RUBINA NAYYAR

MR. TAJAMMAL HUSSAIN BOKHAREE INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR MR. FAIZ MUHAMMAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER MR. WAQAR ULLAH
COMPANY SECRETARY MR. MOHSIN ALI

HUMAN RESOURCE MR TA IAI

HUMAN RESOURCE MR. TAJAMMAL HUSSAIN BOKHAREE CHAIRMAN REMUNERATION COMMITTEE MR. OMER BAIG MEMBER

MR. MANSOOR IRFANI MEMBER

AUDIT COMMITTEE MR. TAJAMMAL HUSSAIN BOKHAREE CHAIRMAN

MS. RUBINA NAYYAR MEMBER MR. MANSOOR IRFANI MEMBER

AUDITORS KPMG TASEER HADI & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, LAHORE

LEGAL ADVISOR KASURI AND ASSOCIATES, LAHORE

CORPORATE CONSULTANTS MR. RASHID SADIQ, M/S R.S. CORPORATE ADVISORY, LAHORE

TAX CONSULTANTS YOUSAF ISLAM ASSOCIATES, LAHORE

BANKERS NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN BANK ALFALAH LTD

HABIB BANK LTD FAYSAL BANK LTD UNITED BANK LTD J.S. BANK LTD

THE BANK OF PUNJAB
MCB BANK LTD
BANK ALHABIB LTD
THE BANK OF KHYBER
BANK ALHABIB LTD
SAMBA BANK LTD

ASKARI BANK LTD AL-BARAKA BANK (PAK) LTD

MEEZAN BANK LTD STANDARD CHARTERED BANK (PAK) LTD

ALLIED BANK LTD

SHARES REGISTRAR SHEMAS INTERNATIONAL (PVT) LTD.

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Paragon City, Barki Road, Lahore.

Ph: +92-42-37191262

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UAN: 042-111-34-34-34

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WORKS 33-KM, LAHORE/SHEIKHUPURA ROAD

TEL: (042) 37925652, (056) 3500635-7

FAX: (056) 3500633



Vision Statement

To be a premier glass manufacturing organization of International standards and repute, offering innovative value-added products, tailored respectively to the customer's needs and satisfaction. Optimizing the shareholder's value through meeting their expectations, making Tariq Glass Industries Limited an "Investor Preferred Institution" is one of our prime policies. We are a "glassware supermarket" by catering all household and industrial needs of the customers under one roof.

Mission Statement

To be a world class and leading company continuously providing quality glass tableware, containers and float by utilizing best blend of state-of-the-art technologies, highly professional staff, excellent business processes and synergistic organizational culture.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Notice is hereby given that the 40th Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company will be held on Saturday, the October 27, 2018 at 11:00 AM at the Defence Services Officers' Mess, 71 – Tufail Road, Lahore Cantt to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the 39th Annual General Meeting of the members held on October 28, 2017.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018 together with the Chairman's Review Report, Directors' Report and Auditor's Report thereon.
- 3. To approve the payment of cash dividend @ 60% (i.e., Rs. 6.00 per share) for the year ended June 30, 2018 as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 4. To appoint Auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2019 and fix their remuneration. The retiring auditors M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.

OTHER BUSINESS:

5. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chairman.

October 01, 2018 Lahore BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

(MOHSIN ALI)

COMPANY SECRETARY

NOTES

- 1. The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 20, 2018 to October 27, 2018 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of Share Registrar of the Company namely M/s Shemas International (Private) Limited, 533 Main Boulevard, Imperial Garden Block, Paragon City, Barki Road, Lahore (Phone: 0092-42-37191262; Email: info@shemasinternational.com) at the close of business hours on October 19, 2018 will be treated in time for the purpose of transfer of shares and payment of cash dividend, if approved by the shareholders.
- 2. The members are advised to bring their ORIGINAL Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) and those members who have deposited their shares in Central Depository System should also be cognizant of their CDC Participant ID and Account Number at the meeting venue. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting.
- 3. All members are entitled to attend and vote at the meeting. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is also entitled to appoint another member of the Company as his/her proxy to attend, speak and vote for him/her. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the Company. A proxy must be a member of the Company. A member shall not be entitled to appoint more than one proxy to attend any one meeting. The instrument of proxy duly executed should be lodged at the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of meeting. The form of proxy must be witnessed with the addresses and CNIC numbers of witnesses, certified copies of CNIC of member and the proxy member must be attached and the revenue stamp should be affixed and defaced on the form of proxy.
- 4. Pursuant to the directives of Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) inter alia vide SRO 779 (1) 2011 dated August 18, 2011, SRO 831(1)/2012 dated July 05, 2012, and SRO 19(1) 2014 dated January 10, 2014, it is necessary to mention the Member's computerized national identity card (CNIC) number for the payment of dividend, members register and other statutory returns. Members are therefore requested to



- submit a copy of their valid CNIC (if not already provided) by mentioning their folio numbers to the Share Registrar of the Company failing which result in withholding of dividend payments to such members.
- 5. In terms of section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, it is mandatory for the listed companies to pay cash dividend electronically directly into the designated bank account of a shareholder instead of paying the dividend through dividend warrants. Therefore, it has become essential for all of our valued shareholders to provide the International Bank Account Numbers ("IBAN"s) and other details of their designated Bank Account. In this regard, please send the complete details of your bank account including IBAN along with valid copy of your CNIC at the address of the Share Registrar of the Company. The form titled as "Electronic Dividend Mandate Form" is available on website of the Company, send it duly signed along with copy of your valid CNIC to the Share Registrar of the Company. In case shares are held in CDC account then "Electronic Dividend Mandate Form" should be sent directly to the relevant broker / CDC Investor Account Services where Member's CDC account is being maintained.
- 6. In pursuance of applicable tax laws the withholding of tax is required to be made at the time of payment of dividend and it has been directed that all non-filers of Income Tax returns will be taxed at higher rate (i.e., 20%) as compared to filers of Income Tax returns who will be taxed at normal rate (i.e., 15%). The non-filers of Income Tax returns are those persons whose names are not appearing in Active Tax-payers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR upto October 19, 2018 (i.e., the day before the start of book closure date). Despite the fact that members have filed the income tax returns but if their names are not appearing in ATL will still be considered as non-filer, are advised to immediately make sure that their names are entered and appearing in ATL upto October 19, 2018. The Members are also advised to send formal and valid tax exemption certificate if they are enjoying exemption from withholding of tax on dividend under any of the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance 2001 to the Share Registrar of the Company before the book closure date i.e., before the close of business hours on October 19, 2018, so the deduction of withholding tax from their dividend could be restrained.
- 7. In case of Joint Holders withholding tax will be determined separately on Filer / Non-Filer status of Senior / Principal shareholder as well as Joint Holders based on their shareholding proportions. In this regard, all Members who hold share with joint shareholders are requested to provide shareholding proportions (as per the form titled as "Shareholding Proportion" available on website of the Company) of Senior / Principal shareholder and Joint Holders in respect of share held by them to the Share Registrar of the Company.
- 8. Members may participate in the meeting via video-link facility subject to availability of this facility in that city and consent from members (form titled as "Consent for Video Conference" is available on website of the Company). The members must hold in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing in that city and consent of shareholders must reach at the registered address of the Company at least 10 days prior to the general meeting in order to participate in the meeting through video conference. The Company will intimate members regarding venue of video conference facility at least 5 days before the date of general meeting along with complete information necessary to enable them to access such facility.
- 9. Shareholders who could not collect their dividend / physical shares are advised to contact the Company Secretary at the registered office of the Company to collect / enquire about their unclaimed dividend or shares, if any.
- 10 The members are requested to notify the change of address and Zakat declaration, if any, immediately to our Share Registrar.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

It is informed with deep sorrow and grief that the founding father of this organization, respected Mr. Tariq Baig, passed away on January 18, 2018 إِنَّ اللهِ وَإِنَّا إِللهِ وَإِنَّا إِللْهِ وَإِنَّا إِللهِ وَإِنَّا إِللهِ وَإِنَّا إِللهِ وَإِنَّا إِللهِ وَإِنَّا إِللهِ وَلِمَا إِللْهِ وَإِنَّا إِللْهِ وَإِنَّا إِللهِ وَاللهِ وَاللهِ وَإِنْ إِللْهِ وَإِنَّا إِللْهِ وَلِمَا إِللْهِ وَلِمَا إِللْهِ وَلِمَا إِللْهِ وَلِمَا إِللْهِ وَلِمَا إِلللهِ وَاللهِ وَلِمَا إِلللهِ وَلِمَا إِلللهِ وَلِمَا إِلللهِ وَلِمَا إِلللهِ وَلِمَا إِلَيْكُ مِلْمَا إِلَيْكُ مِنْ إِلَيْكُ مِلْكُ وَلِمَا إِلَيْكُ مِلْكُوا لِمِلْمُ لِللْمِ وَلِمَا لِمَا إِلَيْكُ مِنْ إِلَيْكُ مِنْ إِلَيْكُ وَلِمَا لِمَا لِمُعْلِمُ وَلِمَا لِمُعْلِمُ لِللْمِ وَلِمَا لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُ مِنْ إِلَيْكُ مِنْ إِلَيْكُمْ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُ مِنْ إِلَيْكُمْ لِمُعْلِمُ لِلْمُعِلَّمِ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُمْ لِمِنْ إِلْمَا لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُمْ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمِنْ إِلَيْلِي لِمُعْلِمُ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُمْ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُمْ لِمِنْ إِلَيْ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُمْ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمِنْ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمُعِلَمُ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُمْ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُمُ لِمِنْ لِمُعِلَمُ لِمُعِلَّمِ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمُعِلَمُ لِمِنْ إِلَيْكُمُ لِمِنْ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمِنْ لِمُعْلِمُ لِمِلْمُ لِمُعِلَّمُ لِ

Tariq Glass Industries Limited has made tremendous progress over the years to be where it stands today - The Leading Glass Industry in Pakistan. This splendid progress is attributable to the blessings of Almighty Allah, untiring effort of the work force, adoption of correct strategies and their timely implementation by the management. The record Net Sales of Rs. 12,302 million, Profit After Tax of Rs. 1,097 million and Earnings per Share of Rs. 14.94 registered by the Company in the financial year 2017-2018 justify our claim as the leader of glass industry of the country.

As required under section 192 of the Companies Act 2017, it is hereby reported that an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Tariq Glass Industries Limited (the "Company") has been carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is assessed and benchmarked against anticipations in line with the objectives set for the Company. Areas where improvements are required are duly considered and action plans are formulated. The Board has completed its annual self-evaluation for the year ended June 30, 2018 and I hereby report that the overall performance of the Board assessed on the basis of guidelines / questionnaire for the year was satisfactory. The assessment criteria is based on evaluation of the following variables, which have a direct relevance on Board's role in attainment of Company's objective:

- 1. **Vision, mission and values:** The Board members have a clear understanding about Company's vision, mission and values and promote them.
- 2. Strategic planning & engagement: The Board members empathize all the stakeholders (shareholders, customers, employees, vendors, government, and society at large) whom the Company serves. The Board has evolved strategic planning that how the organization should be progressing over the next three to five years. Further, Board sets goals and objectives on annual basis for the management in all major areas of business and community.
- 3. Organization's business activities: The Board remained updated with respect to achievement of Company's goals & objectives and implementation of plans & strategies and review of financial performance through regular analysis of MIS, presentations by the management, internal and external auditors report and other opinions and feedback. The Board members provide appropriate direction and guidance on a timely basis. It received clear and brief agendas with supporting written material and sufficient time prior to board and committee meetings. The board met frequently enough to adequately discharge its responsibilities.
- 4. **Assiduity & monitoring:** The Board members have developed system of sound internal control with emphasis on financial matters and implemented at all levels within the Company. The Board members diligently performed their duties and thoroughly reviewed, discussed and approved business strategies, corporate objectives, plans, budgets, financial statements and other reports.
- 5. **Board Diversification:** The Board members successfully brought diversity on the Board by constituting a mix of independent, non-executive and executive directors. The representation to one female director is also given. These independent, female and non-executive directors were equally involved in important board decisions. The Board members are also specialized in specific areas like management, accounts & finance, marketing, glass manufacturing, public relations, prevalent laws etc.
- 6. **Governance:** The Board members have efficiently set the tone-at-the-top, by positioning the transparent and robust system of governance in front of the organization's people. The achievement of this phenomena is led by setting up an effective control environment, compliance with best practices of corporate governance, advocating code of conduct, promoting ethical and fair behavior across the Company and supporting behavior for the whistle blower.

MANSOOR IRFANI CHAIRMAN

Lahore, October 01, 2018

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of Tariq Glass Industries Limited are pleased to present before you the performance report together with the annual audited financial statements of the company along-with the auditors' reports thereon, for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Economy Review:

The Economic growth momentum in Pakistan remained above 5 percent in a row for the last two years and reached 5.79 percent in FY2018 which is highest in last 13 years on account of a strong performance in agriculture, industry and services sectors. However, the higher trade deficit and depleting foreign exchange reserves caused massive devaluation of Pak Rupee in the recent past thus the import of machinery, spares, oil and raw materials has become more expensive. On the other hand tight monetary policy announced by upward revision of base rate will result in higher finance cost for business. We believe that Pakistan can maintain a stronger growth trajectory through domestic and regional stability by improving overall competitiveness, revitalizing public sector enterprises, as well as timely completion and effective use of infrastructure projects.

Business Review:

By the Grace of Allah Almighty, the Company has registered record net sales of Rs.12,302 million against Rs. 9,903 million in the previous year showing a robust growth of 24.23%. The profit after tax and EPS for the period under report are Rs.1,097 million and Rs. 14.94 as compared to corresponding figures of last year of Rs. 760 million and Rs. 10.34 respectively.

The lucrative profitability is attributable to efficient monitoring and development of operating procedures, implementation of effective marketing plans, promotional schemes and media campaigns to secure volumes of tableware as well as float glass produce. Consequently, the Company succeeded in increased consumption of its goods through demand pull strategy.

The key operating and financial data in summarized form is also annexed for the consideration of shareholders. The financial results in brief are as under:

	FY-2018	FY-2017		
	(Rupees in Million)			
Sales – net	12,302	9,903		
Gross profit	2,324	2,018		
Operating profit	1,579	1,434		
Profit before tax	1,425	1,185		
Profit after tax	1,097	760		
Earnings per share – basic and diluted – Rupees	14.94	10.34		

By the grace of Allah Almighty, the company's production facilities were fully functional during the current financial year whereas the commercial operations from the produce of Opal Glass furnace were started on 29 March 2018. Resultantly higher inventories of glass products were available for sale thus remarkable growth in sales volumes was achieved during the period under report.

The Board of Directors is pleased to recommend the payment of cash dividend at the rate of 60% (i.e. Rs. 6.00 per share) for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:

- (a) The financial statements, prepared by the management of the listed company, present its state of affairs fairly, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- (b) Proper books of account of the listed company have been maintained.
- (c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- (d) International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- (e) The systems of internal control whether financial or non-financial are sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- (f) There are no significant doubts upon the listed company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- (g) The information about taxes and levies is given in the notes to the financial statements.
- (h) There has been no departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance as detailed in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017. A statement to this effect is annexed with this report.

Internal Financial Control:

A system of sound internal financial control is developed and implemented at all levels within the company. The system of internal financial control is sound in design for ensuring achievement of company's objective its operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliable financial reporting and compliance with laws, regulations and policies.

Board of Directors:

On behalf of all the members of the Board, it is informed with deep sorrow and grief that respected Mr. Tariq Baig, the founding father of this organization passed away on January 18, 2018 إِنَّا إِلَيْهِ رَاجِعُونَ . May Allah rest his soul in eternal peace.

The Board of Directors completed its tenure of three years on September 02, 2017. The election of directors was adjudicated in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on August 30, 2017 under the provisions of section 159 of the Companies Act 2017 for the next term of three years (i.e., from September 3, 2017 to September 2, 2020) by the shareholders of the Company. The name of Board members before and after the date of election are given below:

Sr.	Name of Directors on the Board of Previous Term (i.e., upto September 02, 2017)	Name of Directors on the Board of Current Term (i.e., from September 03, 2017 to September 02, 2020)	Remarks
1.	Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	Died on 18/01/2018
2.	Mr. Omer Baig	Mr. Omer Baig	Continuing Director and Appointed as Managing Director on 25/01/2018 after the sad demise of Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)



Sr.	Name of Directors on the Board of Previous Term (i.e., upto	Name of Directors on the Board of Current Term (i.e., from September 03, 2017 to	Remarks
	September 02, 2017)	September 02, 2020)	
3.	Mrs. Naima Shahnaz Baig	Mrs. Naima Shahnaz Baig	Resigned on 28/10/2017
4.	Mr. Mansoor Irfani	Mr. Mansoor Irfani	Continuing Director
5.	Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee	Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee	Continuing Director
6.	Mr. David Julian	-	Not participated in election for the current term
7.	Mr. Naeem Nazir	-	Not participated in election for the current term
8.	-	Mr. Mohammad Baig	Continuing Director
9.	-	Mr. Saad Iqbal	Continuing Director
10.	-	Ms. Rubina Nayyar	Co-opted director in place of Mrs. Naima Shahnaz Baig and Continuing Director
11.	-	Mr. Faiz Muhammad	Co-opted director in place of Mr. Tariq Baig (Late) and Continuing Director

Composition of Board:

The current composition of the Board of Directors in compliance with the requirements of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 is as under:

Total number of Directors are 7 of which:

(a) Male Directors are:(b) Female Director is:61

Further, from the board of 7 directors the status wise summary is as under:

i. Independent Directors: 2
ii. Non- Executive Directors: 3
iii. Executive Directors: 2

Furthermore, at present the following directors are serving on the Board of Directors of the Company:

Status / Category Names

Independent Director: Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee

Mr. Fáiz Muhammad

Non-Executive Directors: Mr. Mansoor Irfani (Chairman)

Ms. Rubina Nayyar Mr. Saad Iqbal

Executive Directors: Mr. Omer Baig (Managing Director/CEO)

Mr. Mohammad Baig



The following vacancies occurred on the board and were filled up by the directors:

Date	Director (Resigned / Died)	Vacancy Occurred	Date of Co-option / Appointment	Name of Co-opted / Appointed Director
October	Mrs. Naima	Director	November 03, 2017	Ms. Rubina Nayyar
28, 2017 SI	Shahnaz Baig	Member of Audit Committee	November 03, 2017	Ms. Rubina Nayyar
January 18, 2018	Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	Managing Director	January 25, 2018	Mr. Omer Baig
		Director	March 20, 2018	Mr. Faiz Muhammad
		Member of Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	January 25, 2018	Mr. Omer Baig

Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee being an independent director was also appointed as Chairman of the Human Resource & Remuneration Committee in place of Mr. Mansoor Irfani. However, Mr. Mansoor Irfani is continuing as member of Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

During the period under report a sum of Rs 574.824 million was repaid to the sponsor directors against the interest free loan provided by them. This repayment of interest free sponsors' loan was allowed by the Board of Directors of the Company w.e.f. May 31, 2017.

Board Meetings:

During the year, 6 meetings of the board were held. The attendance of the Board members was as follows:

Sr.	Name of Director	Name of Director Total Board Meetings Eligible to Attend	
1.	Mr. Omer Baig	6	6
2.	Mr. Mansoor Irfani	6	5
3.	Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee	6	4
4.	Mr. Mohammad Baig	5	5
5.	Mr. Saad Iqbal	5	4
6.	Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	4	4
7.	Mrs. Naima Shahnaz Baig	2	2
8.	Ms. Rubina Nayyar	2	2
9.	Mr. Faiz Muhammad	1	1
10.	Mr. David Julian	1	1
11.	Mr. Naeem Nazir	1	1

Committees of the Members of the Board of Directors:

The Board has constituted Audit Committee (AC) and Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (HR & R Committee) for its assistance. The details of members and scope are as under:

Audit Committee

- 1. Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee Chairman AC (Independent Director)
- 2. Mr. Mansoor Irfani Member
- 3. Ms. Rubina Nayyar Member

Audit Committee reviewed the quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements before submission to the board and their publication. The audit committee also reviewed internal audit findings and held separate meetings with internal and external auditors. The audit committee had detailed discussions with external auditors on their letter to the management.

During the year under report, 4 meetings of the audit committee were held. The attendance of the members of audit committee was as follows:

Sr.	Name of Director	Total Audit Committee Meetings Eligible to Attend	Audit Committee Meetings Attended
1	Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee	4	4
2	Mr. Mohammad Baig	3	3
3	Mrs. Rubina Nayyar	2	2
4	Mrs. Naima Shahnaz Baig	2	2
5	Mr. Mansoor Irfani	1	-

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

- 1. Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee Chairman HR & R Committee (Independent Director)
- 2. Mr. Omer Baig Member
- 3. Mr. Mansoor Irfani Member

The committee has been constituted to address and improve the area of Human Resource Development. The main aim of the committee is to assist the Board and guide the management in the formulation of the market driven HR policies regarding performance management, HR staffing, compensation and benefits, that are compliant with the laws and regulations.

During the year under report, 3 meetings of the human resource & remuneration committee were held. The attendance of the members of human resource & remuneration committee was as follows:

Sr.	Name of Director	Total HR & R Committee Meetings Eligible to Attend	HR & R Committee Meetings Attended
1	Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee	3	3
2	Mr. Mansoor Irfani	3	3
3	Mr. Omer Baig	2	2
4	Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	1	1

Remuneration of Directors & Related Party Transactions:

The remuneration of directors is determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2017, the regulations and Articles of Association of the Company. The remuneration paid to the directors is disclosed under Note No. 38 of the annexed Notes to the Financial Statements.

All the related party transactions are disclosed under Note No. 40 of the annexed Notes to the Financial Statements.

Directors Training Program:

During the period under report there were two certified directors on the board. After the balance sheet date the Company arranged directors training program for the following directors:

- Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee
- Mr. Mansoor Irfani
- Mr. Faiz Muhammad

As on date of signing of this report there were total five certified directors on the Board. The remaining two directors will fulfill the requirements of directors training program within the stipulated time frame.

However, the briefing on respective laws, regulations and the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association have been provided to all the directors. Thus they are well conversant with their duties and responsibilities.

Pattern of Shareholding:

The pattern of shareholding as required under the Companies Act 2017 is attached separately with this report. The following transactions in the shares of the Company were carried out by the Directors and the associated company for the period under report.

Name of Directors / Associated Company	Nature of Transactions	Other Party	No. of Shares
Taxin Dain (Lata)	Gift to	Mr. Mohammad Baig	1,000,000
Tariq Baig (Late)	Purchased from		
	Gift Received	Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	1,000,000
Mohammad Baig	from	Mrs. Naima Shahnaz Baig	640,396
	Purchased from	Qinhuangdao Yaohua Glass Machine Manufacturer Company Ltd.	210,000
	Purchased from	Open Market	7,300
M/s M & M Glass (Private) Limited (Associated Company)	Purchased from	M/s Industrial Products Investments Limited	928,844

During the period between the end of financial year to which the attached financial statements relate and the date of this Directors' Report, the following transactions in the shares of the Company were carried out by the Directors of the Company:

Name of Director Nature of Transactions		Other Party	No. of Shares	
Omer Baig	Received / Transmitted	Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	18,662,864	
Mohammad Baig	Purchased from	Open Market	27,500	

Number of Employees:

The number of permanent employees as at June 30, 2018 were 914 (2017: 818).

Value of Investments of Provident Fund:

The value of total investment of provident fund as at June 30, 2018 was Rs. 109.705 million (2017: Rs. 94.938 million).

Financial Statements:

As required under the Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2017 the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer presented the financial statements, duly endorsed under their respective signatures, for consideration and approval of the Board of Directors and Board after consideration authorized the signing of financial statements for issuance and circulation on October 01, 2018.

The financial statements of the Company have been duly audited and approved without qualification by the auditors of the Company M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants and their following reports are attached with the financial statements:

- Auditors' Report to the Members
- Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017.

During the period between the end of financial year to which the attached financial statements relate and the date of this Directors' Report no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of your Company have occurred except that by the grace of Allah Almighty the Company held the earth breaking ceremony of Float Glass Plant (Unit–II) on September 12, 2018. This plant will be capable of producing 500 tons per day of float glass.

Future Outlook:

As a part of Company's horizontal integration strategy, the Company successfully completed the installation of Opal Glass Dinnerware Project and commercialized its production on March 29, 2018. Alhamdulillah, the response of the market regarding acceptability of Company's opal glass dinnerware products with the brand name of **ROCKWARE** is indeed amiable. This marvel will Insha`Allah lead to higher sales volume and value in the following quarters. The quality and colour of derived production of opal glass meets the international quality standards and the Company will efficiently compete with the imported products as far as the quality and pricing is concerned. The Management is confident that the import of opal glass dinnerware in the Country will minimize in near future.

You are aware that the Board of Directors approved in principle the enhancement of manufacturing facilities with a capacity of 500 tons per day for which the Company has purchased the land measuring 18 acres (approximately) adjacent to the existing production facilities of the Company and sought long term financing amounting to Rs. 5.60 billion approximately from various banks for this project. The Company's existing financier banks honored the Company with their participation in this project. The Company has finalized the supply of main plant and ancillary components of the plant with M/s Qinhuangdao Yaohua Glass Machine Manufacturer Company Limited of China. By the grace of Allah Almighty the Company held the earth breaking ceremony of Float Glass Plant (Unit–II) on September 12, 2018. The commissioning period of this plant is 18 months subject to irrefutable external factors.

Competition in the tableware and float market will remain tough as the major players have invested on channel partners and influencers by offering higher discounts and lucrative promotional schemes. The competitor of float glass is increasing its production capacities which may affect the prices and cost of sales in the future. Your Company will capture the market (Insha Allah) by promoting sales of its products, by increasing range of tableware products and new value added products of Opal glass Dinnerware coupled with continuous availability of Float Glass products in the market. The focus will also be on introduction of fresh promotional schemes to engage the trade channels in order to support volumetric sales. Our media campaign will continue from time to time on television and radio channels to motivate people and increase brand loyalty.

The increasing current account deficit and depleting foreign exchange reserves of the Country may perhaps create pressure for further devaluation of Pak Rupee, consequently the import bill of the Company may rise. Due to the tight monetary policy the base rate has revised upward which will result in higher finance cost.

State Bank of Pakistan has imposed restrictions on advance payment against establishment of foreign letter of credit due to which delays are being faced for the import of new plant & machinery, spares and raw materials. This phenomenon may result in delays both as to the existing as well as the commissioning of new Float Glass Plant (Unit-II).

The Company has opted for the RLNG tariff in order to avail uninterrupted supply of gas but the ever increasing prices of oil and gas make the cost of Power & Fuel costlier with every passing month. The gross margins of the Company for the next financial year are expected to remain under pressure owing to this factor and massive devaluation of Pak Rupee.

Despite these odds, we are hopeful that economic activities will flourish and the Company shall continue its path in further improving its performance.

<u>Auditors:</u>

The present auditors M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants have completed their term of appointment and offer themselves for reappointment. As suggested by the audit committee the board of directors has recommended their reappointment as auditors of the company for the financial year ending June 30, 2019 at a fee to be mutually agreed.



Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Tariq Glass Industries Limited maintains focus on investing in its communities. In accordance with the Company's CSR Policy, the focus is primarily on education, health, community and environment. The Company also supports civic development through investment in community projects, disaster relief and rehabilitation activities as needed. The Company has spent Rs. 7.288 million (2017: Rs. 7.815 million) on account of CSR activities during the period under report.

In its efforts to sustain the environment, the Company responded appropriately to curtail flow of waste water and carbon emissions into the atmosphere. Your Company has a comprehensive air quality measurement program that enables it to identify the limits of pollution parameters in the ambient air in and around the plant site. All of the parameters monitored are well below their respective limits specified in the National Environmental Quality Standards (NEQS). Similarly, the levels of emissions from stacks of Silica Sand, Lime Stone and other raw materials are continuously monitored and well controlled.

Authorization to Sign Directors' Report & Statement of Compliance:

Mr. Mansoor Irfani, Chairman and Mr. Omer Baig, Managing Director were authorized jointly to sign the Directors' Report, Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 and audited financial statements on behalf of the Board, whereas Mr. Waqar Ullah, CFO will also sign the audited financial statements pursuant to section 232 of the Companies Act 2017.

Acknowledgement:

We would like to thank our valued distributors, clients, suppliers, banks and financial institutions and also the shareholders of the company for their continued trust and confidence. We also appreciate the efforts and dedication shown by the staff for managing the company's affairs successfully and all the workers who worked hard to achieve the higher goals.

For and on behalf of the Board

Lahore, October 01, 2018

MANSOOR IRFANI CHAIRMAN OMER BAIG
MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2017

Name of Company: Tariq Glass Industries Limited

Year Ended: June 30, 2018

Tariq Glass Industries Limited ("the Company") has complied with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 ("the Regulations) in the following manner:

The total number of directors are seven as per the following:

Male: Six Female: One

2. The composition of the board is as follows:

Category Names

a. Independent Directors: Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee

Mr. Fáiz Muhammad

b. Non-Executive Directors: Mr. Mansoor Irfani

Ms. Rubina Nayyar Mr. Saad Iqbal

c. Executive Directors: Mr. Omer Baig

Mr. Mohammad Baig

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies).
- 4. The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulation.
- 9. During the period under report there were two certified directors on the board. After the balance sheet date the Company arranged directors training program for the following directors:
 - Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee
 - Mr. Mansoor Irfani
 - Mr. Faiz Muhammad

As on date of signing of this report there were total five certified directors on the Board. The remaining two directors will fulfill the requirements of directors training program within the stipulated time frame.

- 10. The board has approved one new appointment of the Head of Internal Audit during the year. However, no new appointments have been made for the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and the Company Secretary during the year. All such appointments including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment are duly approved by the Board and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
 - a) Audit Committee
 - Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee (Chairman)
 - Mr. Mansoor Irfani (Member)
 - Ms. Rubina Nayyar (Member)
 - b) Human Resource and Remuneration Committee
 - Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee (Chairman)
 - Mr. Omer Baig (Member)
 - Mr. Mansoor Irfani (Member)
- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the Committee were as per following:
 - a) Audit Committee: Quarterly meetings during the financial year ended June 30, 2018.
 - b) Human Resource and Remuneration Committee: Yearly and as per requirement.
- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with. Further, the Company has continued to present the details of all related party transactions before the Audit Committee and upon their recommendation to the Board for review and approval. The definition of related party used is in accordance with repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and applicable financial reporting framework as the regulations under Section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017 have not yet been announced.

For and on behalf of the Board

MANSOOR IRFANI CHAIRMAN

OMER BAIG MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO

Lahore, October 01, 2018



REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2017

To the members of Tariq Glass Industries Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Tariq Glass Industries Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants (M. Rehan Chughtai)

Lahore, October 01, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Tariq Glass Industries Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Tariq Glass Industries Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2018 and of the profit, the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters.

Sr. No. Key audit matters

1. Revenue

Refer to note 4.17 and 24 to the financial statements.

The Company recognized revenue of Rs. 12,302 million from the sale of goods to domestic as well as export customers during the year ended 30 June 2018.

We identified recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Company and gives rise to a risk that revenue is recognized without transferring the risk and rewards.

How the matters were addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess the recognition of revenue included the following:

- obtaining an understanding of the process relating to recording of sales and testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of relevant key internal controls;
- assessing the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policies for recording of sales and compliance of those policies with applicable accounting standards;
- comparing a sample of sales transactions recorded during the year with sales orders, sales invoices, delivery challans, bill of ladings and other relevant underlying documents;
- comparing a sample of sales transactions recorded around the year end with the sales orders, sales invoices, delivery challans, bill of ladings and other relevant underlying documentation to assess if sale was recorded in the appropriate accounting period;
- inspecting on a sample basis, credit notes issued in June 2018 and July 2018 to evaluate whether the adjustments to sales had been accurately recorded in the appropriate accounting period; and
- scanning for any manual journal entries relating to sales recorded during the year which were considered to be material or met other specific risk based criteria for inspecting underlying documentation.

Sr. No. Key audit matters

2. Capitalization of Property, Plant and Equipment

Refer to note 4.8 and 16 to the financial statements

The Company has made significant capital expenditure on expansion of its manufacturing facilities.

We identified capitalization of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because there is a risk that amounts being capitalized may not meet the capitalization criteria with related implications on depreciation charge for the year.

How the matters were addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess the capitalization of property, plant and equipment, amongst other, included the following:

- understanding the design and implementation of management controls over capitalization and performing tests of control over authorization of capital expenditure and accuracy of its recording in the system;
- testing, on a sample basis, the costs incurred on projects with supporting documentation and contracts;
- assessing the nature of costs incurred for the capital projects through testing, on sample basis, of amounts recorded and considering whether the expenditure meets the criteria for capitalization as per the applicable accounting standards; and
- inspecting supporting documents for the date of capitalization when project was ready for its intended use to assess whether depreciation commenced and further capitalization of costs ceased from that date and assessing the useful life assigned by management including testing the calculation of related

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is M. Rehan Chughtai.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants (M. Rehan Chughtai)

Lahore, October 01, 2018

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)	2016 Rupees (Restated)		Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)	2016 Rupees (Restated)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					ASSETS				
Share capital and reserves					Non-current assets				
Authorized share capital					Property, plant and equipment	16	5,463,111,500	4,916,952,801	4,864,745,021
150,000,000 (2017: 100,000,000) ordinary					Intangibles	17	2,437,001	3,829,574	5,222,147
shares of Rs. 10 each	5.1	1,500,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	Long term deposits	18	39,282,268	37,660,233	66,771,431
			704 500 000	704 500 000			5,504,830,769	4,958,442,608	4,936,738,599
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	5.2	734,580,000	734,580,000	734,580,000					
Share premium	6	410,116,932	410,116,932	410,116,932					
Equity portion of shareholders' loan - net of tax Unappropriated profit		- 3,361,590,726	2,569,318,501	76,048,284 1,961,364,217	Current assets				
Surplus on revaluation of freehold land	7	766,482,138	766,482,138	766,482,138	Current assets				
outplus of revaluation of freehold land	,	5,272,769,796	4,480,497,571	3,948,591,571	Stores and spare parts	19	765,306,156	733,317,189	618,537,598
		3,212,103,130	4,400,407,071	0,040,001,071	Stock in trade	20	1,245,881,277	1,425,994,416	1,492,207,643
N					Trade debts - considered good	21	657,870,000	675,717,625	852,939,050
Non current liabilities					Advances, deposits, prepayments		,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Long term finances - secured	8	590,620,311	336,014,044	932,390,112	and other receivables	22	308,659,879	475,690,271	479,994,107
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	9	1,238,793	3,707,386	15.288.080	Cash and bank balances	23	254,829,099	221,497,840	263,208,285
Long term deposits	J	1,230,733	-	252,415,023			3,232,546,411	3,532,217,341	3,706,886,683
Deferred taxation	10	410,813,723	466,003,181	164,221,224					
		1,002,672,827	805,724,611	1,364,314,439					
Current liabilities		.,,	, ,	, , ,					
Trade and other payables	11	1,203,328,327	891,279,835	691,422,449					
Unclaimed dividend		5.370.450	4,145,933	15,591,131					
Accrued mark-up	12	30,839,016	27,534,642	72,080,535					
Current portion of long term liabilities	13	127,474,663	127,216,249	100,748,252					
Short term borrowings - secured	14	1,094,922,101	2,154,261,108	2,450,876,905					
-		2,461,934,557	3,204,437,767	3,330,719,272					
		8,737,377,180	8,490,659,949	8,643,625,282			8,737,377,180	8,490,659,949	8,643,625,282

The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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October 01, 2018 Lahore

Contingencies and commitments

MANSOOR IRFANI CHAIRMAN OMER BAIG MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
		·	
Sales - net	24	12,301,807,970	9,902,563,681
Cost of sales	25	(9,977,838,443)	(7,884,607,449)
Gross profit		2,323,969,527	2,017,956,232
•		, , ,	, ,
Administrative expenses	26	(212,612,830)	(176,666,214)
Selling and distribution expenses	27	(442,597,841)	(348,803,820)
Other operating income	28	14,518,483	23,997,515
Other operating expenses	29	(104,760,520)	(82,330,046)
		(745,452,708)	(583,802,565)
Operating profit		1,578,516,819	1,434,153,667
Finance cost	30	(153,463,320)	(249,067,150)
Profit before taxation		1,425,053,499	1,185,086,517
			//
Taxation	31	(327,930,564)	(425,396,079)
Profit after taxation		1,097,122,935	759,690,438
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	32	14.94	10.34
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The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

October 01, 2018 MANSOOR IRFANI Lahore CHAIRMAN

OMER BAIG MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Profit after taxation	1,097,122,935	759,690,438
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,097,122,935	759,690,438

The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

October 01, 2018 MANSOOR IRFANI Lahore CHAIRMAN

OMER BAIG MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

		2018	2017	
	Note	Rupees	Rupees	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before taxation		1,425,053,499	1,185,086,517	
Adjustments for:		1,423,033,499	1,100,000,017	
Depreciation Depreciation	16.1	510,967,885	518,585,629	
Amortization of intangibles	17.1	1,392,574	1,392,573	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	28	(8,746,806)	(15,208,865)	
Liabilities no longer payable written back	28	-	(5,863,723	
Finance cost	30	153,463,320	249,067,150	
Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund	29	28,269,819	18,959,218	
Provision for Workers' Profit Participation Fund	29	76,490,701	63,370,828	
		761,837,493	830,302,810	
Operating profit before working capital changes		2,186,890,992	2,015,389,327	
Changes in :				
Stores and spare parts		(31,988,967)	(114,779,591)	
	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables			
Stock in trade		180,113,139	66,213,227	
Trade debts - considered good		17,847,625	177,221,425	
Trade and other payables		285,464,665	(97,711,832)	
Cook generated from energting activities		411,769,348	(27,545,808 1,987,843,519	
Cash generated from operating activities		2,598,660,340	1,907,043,319	
Payments to Workers' Profit Participation Fund	11.2	(67,643,842)	(35,585,142	
Payments to Workers' Welfare Fund	11.3	(19,732,221)	-	
Finance cost paid		(140,682,852)	(221,183,274	
Income tax paid		(176,422,516)	(48,225,052	
		(404,481,431)	(304,993,468	
Net cash generated from operating activities		2,194,178,909	1,682,850,051	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Fixed capital expenditure		(1,060,424,781)	(577,328,544	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	16.1.3	12,045,003	25,505,000	
Long term deposits		(1,622,035)	29,111,198	
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,050,001,813)	(522,712,346	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net receipts from long term finances - secured		266,829,542	36,290,769	
Repayments of long term finances - unsecured			(51,050,184	
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		(14,710,179)	(13,873,697	
Repayments of short term borrowings - net		(1,359,506,982)	(96,236,081	
Dividend paid	00	(303,626,193)	(209,781,948	
Net cash used in financing activities	39	(1,411,013,812)	(334,651,141	
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	3	(266,836,716)	825,486,564	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(355,776,787)	(1,181,263,351	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	23.2	(622,613,503)	(355,776,787	

The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

October 01, 2018 MANSOOR IRFANI Lahore CHAIRMAN

OMER BAIG MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

		Capital reserve				Revenue reserve	
	Share capital	Share premium	Equity portion of shareholders' loan - net of tax	Surplus on revaluation of land	Sub-total	Unappropriated profit	Total equity
				Rupees			
Balance as at 30 June 2016 - as previouslyreported	734,580,000	410,116,932	76,048,284	-	486,165,216	1,961,364,217	3,182,109,433
Effect of restatement - note 4.1		-	-	766,482,138	766,482,138	-	766,482,138
Balance as at 30 June 2016 - restated	734,580,000	410,116,932	76,048,284	766,482,138	1,252,647,354	1,961,364,217	3,948,591,571
Total comprehensive income	_						
Profit after tax for the year	-	-	-	-	-	759,690,438	759,690,438
Other comprehensive income for the year Total comprehensive income	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	759,690,438	759,690,438
Transactions with the owners of the Company							
Transferred on unwinding - net of tax	-	-	(46,600,596)	-	(46,600,596)	46,600,596	-
Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2016 at the rate of Rs 2.7 (27%) per ordinary share	_	_	_	_	_	(198,336,750)	(198,336,750)
Adjustment due to repayment - net of tax	-	-	(29,447,688)	-	(29,447,688)	-	(29,447,688)
Balance as at 30 June 2017 - restated	734,580,000	410,116,932	-	766,482,138	1,176,599,070	2,569,318,501	4,480,497,571
				•			
Balance as at 30 June 2017 - as previously reported	734,580,000	410,116,932	-	•	410,116,932	2,569,318,501	3,714,015,433
Effect of restatement - note 4.1		-	-	766,482,138	766,482,138	-	766,482,138
Balance as at 30 June 2017 - restated	734,580,000	410,116,932	-	766,482,138	1,176,599,070	2,569,318,501	4,480,497,571
Total comprehensive income							
Profit after tax for the year	-	-	-	-	•	1,097,122,935	1,097,122,935
Other comprehensive income for the year Total comprehensive income	-		-			1,097,122,935	1,097,122,935
·						1,001,122,000	1,001,122,000
Transactions with the owners of the Company							
Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2017 at the rate of Rs 4.15 (41.5%) per ordinary share	-	-	-	-	-	(304,850,710)	(304,850,710)
Balance as at 30 June 2018	734,580,000	410,116,932		766,482,138	1,176,599,070	3,361,590,726	5,272,769,796

The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

October 01, 2018 MANSOOR IRFANI Lahore CHAIRMAN

OMER BAIG MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1 Reporting entity

Tariq Glass Industries Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan in 1978 and converted into a Public Limited Company in the year 1980. The Company's shares are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of glass containers, opal glass, tableware and float glass. The registered office of the Company is situated at 128-J, Model Town, Lahore. The production facilities of the Company are located at Kot Saleem, Sheikhupura location.

2 Summary of significant events and transactions in the current reporting period

The Company's financial position and performance were particularly affected by the following events and transactions during the reporting period:

- The Company has incurred capital expenditure as part of its capacity enhancement of production facilities. In this respect, the Company has obtained additional long term loan of Rs. 379.32 million during the year as explained in note 8 to these financial statements. Further, during the year the Company has purchased land measuring 162.69 kanals and given advance for purchase of land measuring 14 kanals for further expansion of manufacturing facilities in future. This is reflected in note 16 to these financial statements.
- The accounting policy for surplus on revaluation of land changed during the year as explained in note 4.1 to these financial statements. Consequently, the amount of surplus on revaluation of land reported outside the equity in the prior years has been reclassified to equity.
- As explained in note 3.2.1, due to the first time application of financial reporting requirements under the Companies Act, 2017, including disclosure and presentation requirements of the fourth schedule of the Companies Act, 2017, some of the amounts reported for the previous period have been reclassified.
- For a detailed discussion about the Company's performance, please refer to the Director's report accompanied with the annual report of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018.

3 Basis of accounting

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act 2017; and
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provision of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

- 3.2 New Companies Act, 2017 and new and revised approved accounting standards, interpretations and amendments thereto
- 3.2.1 Companies Act, 2017 has become applicable on financial statements of the Companies whose financial year / interim period closes on or after 01 January 2018. The new Act specified certain additional disclosures to be included in the financial statements. Accordingly, the Company has presented the required disclosures in these financial statements and represented certain comparatives. However there was no change in the reported amounts of statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income or the amounts presented in the statement of financial position due to these re-presentations. Significant reclassifications / representations are as follows:
 - Unclaimed dividend which was previously classified under trade and other payables have been presented separately in the statement of financial position.
- 3.2.2 The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2018:
 - Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions amendments to IFRS 2 clarify the accounting for certain types of arrangements and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The amendments cover three accounting areas (a) measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; (b) classification of share-based payments settled net of tax withholdings; and (c) accounting for a modification of a share-based payment from cash-settled to equity-settled. The new requirements could affect the classification and/or measurement of these arrangements and potentially the timing and amount of expense recognized for new and outstanding awards. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.
 - Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property', effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when there is a change in use. A change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. In isolation, a change in management's intentions for the use of a property does not provide evidence of a change in use. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.
 - Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle [Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures'] (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies that a venture capital organization and other similar entities may elect to measure investments in associates and joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss, for each associate or joint venture separately at the time of initial recognition of investment. Furthermore, similar election is available to non-investment entity that has an interest in an associate or joint venture that is an investment entity, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by that investment entity associate or joint venture to the investment entity associate's or joint venture's interests in subsidiaries. This election is made separately for each investment entity associate or joint venture. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.
 - IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies which date should be used for translation when a foreign currency transaction involves payment or receipt in advance of the item it relates to. The related item is translated using the exchange rate on the date the



- advance foreign currency is received or paid and the prepayment or deferred income is recognized. The date of the transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) would remain the date on which receipt of payment from advance consideration was recognized. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the entity shall determine a date of the transaction for each payment or receipt of advance consideration. The application of interpretation is not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.
- IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019) clarifies the accounting for income tax when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12. The interpretation requires the uncertainty over tax treatment be reflected in the measurement of current and deferred tax. The application of interpretation is not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.
- IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2018). IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 'Revenue', IAS 11 'Construction Contracts' and IFRIC 13 'Customer Loyalty Programmes'. The Company is currently in the process of analyzing the potential impact of changes required in revenue recognition policies on adoption of the standard.
- IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and amendment Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2018 and 1 January 2019 respectively). IFRS 9 replaces the existing guidance in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39. The Company is currently in the process of analyzing the potential impact of changes required in classification and measurement of financial instruments and the impact of expected loss model on adoption of the standard.
- IFRS 16 'Leases' (effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019). IFRS 16 replaces existing leasing guidance, including IAS 17 'Leases', IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC-15 'Operating Leases- Incentives' and SIC-27 'Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. IFRS 16 introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. There are recognition exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low-value items. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases. The Company is currently in the process of analyzing the potential impact of changes required in classification and measurement of leases.
- Amendment to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' Long Term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019). The amendment will affect companies that finance such entities with preference shares or with loans for which repayment is not expected in the foreseeable future (referred to as long-term interests or 'LTI'). The amendment and accompanying example state that LTI are in the scope of both IFRS 9 and IAS 28 and explain the annual sequence in which both standards are to be applied. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits'- Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019). The amendments clarify that on amendment, curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan, a company now uses updated actuarial assumptions to determine its current service cost and net interest for the period; and the effect of the asset ceiling is disregarded when calculating the gain or loss on any settlement of the plan and is dealt with separately in other comprehensive income. The application of amendments is not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle - the improvements address amendments to following approved accounting standards:



- IFRS 3 Business Combinations and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangement the amendment aims to clarify the accounting treatment when a company increases its interest in a joint operation that meets the definition of a business.
- IAS 12 Income Taxes the amendment clarifies that all income tax consequences of dividends (including payments on financial instruments classified as equity) are recognized consistently with the transaction that generates the distributable profits.
- IAS 23 Borrowing Costs the amendment clarifies that a company treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop an asset when the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.
- IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019) clarifies the accounting for income tax when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12. The interpretation requires the uncertainty over tax treatment be reflected in the measurement of current and deferred tax.

The above amendments are effective from annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and are not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

3.3 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for land, which is measured at revalued amount and financial instruments which are carried at fair value

3.4 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee ("Rs.") which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Rupees has been rounded off to the nearest rupee, unless otherwise stated.

3.5 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under circumstances, and the results of which form the basis for making judgment about carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

Property, plant and equipment

The management of the Company reassesses useful lives and residual value for each item of property, plant and equipment annually by considering expected pattern of economic benefits that the Company expects to derive from that item and the maximum period up to which such benefits are expected to be available. Any change in estimates in future years might affect the carrying

amounts of respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Revaluation of property, plant and equipment

Revaluation of property, plant and equipment is carried out by independent professional valuers. Revalued amounts of non-depreciable items are determined by reference to local market values and that of depreciable items are determined by reference to present depreciated replacement values. The Company uses revaluation model only for its non-depreciable items of property, plant and equipment.

The frequency of revaluations depends upon the changes in fair values of the items of property, plant and equipment being revalued. When the fair value of a revalued asset differs materially from its carrying amount, a further revaluation is required. Such frequent revaluations are unnecessary for items of property, plant and equipment with only insignificant changes in fair value. Instead, it may be necessary to revalue the item only every three to five years.

Stores and spare parts

The Company reviews the stores and spare parts for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of respective items of stores and spares with a corresponding effect on provision.

Stock in trade

The Company reviews the carrying amount of stock-in-trade on a regular basis. Carrying amount of stock-in-trade is adjusted where the net realizable value is below the cost. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Impairment

The management of the Company reviews carrying amounts of its assets including receivables and advances and cash generating units for possible impairment and makes formal estimates of recoverable amount if there is any such indication.

Provision against trade debts, advances and other receivables

The Company reviews the recoverability of its trade debts, advances and other receivables at each reporting date to assess amount of bad debts and provision required there against on annual basis.

Provisions and Contingencies

The Company reviews the status of all pending litigations and claims against the Company. Based on its judgment and the advice of the legal advisors for the estimated financial outcome, appropriate disclosure or provision is made. The actual outcome of these litigations and claims can have an effect on the carrying amounts of the liabilities recognized at the balance sheet date.

Taxation

The Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by the taxation authorities. Instances where the Company's views differ from the views taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

The Company also regularly reviews the trend of proportion of incomes between Presumptive Tax Regime and Normal Tax Regime and the change in proportions, if significant, is accounted for in the year of change.

4 Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all periods presented in these financial statements, except as disclosed in note 4.1.

4.1 Changes in accounting policies

Upto 30 June 2017, surplus on revaluation of land was being measured under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The surplus arisen on the revaluation is credited to the surplus on revaluation of land account. As Companies Act, 2017 has become applicable and section 235 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 relating to treatment of surplus arising on revaluation of fixed assets has not been carried forward in the Companies Act, 2017. Accordingly the management has changed the accounting policy to bring accounting of revaluation surplus on land in accordance with IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment". The effect of this change in accounting policy, which is applied with retrospective effect, has resulted in reclassification of surplus on revaluation of land to equity which was previously being presented outside the equity.

Pursuant to the requirements of IAS 7 "Cash Flow Statement" a disclosure of reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities has been given in note 39 to the financial statements. This change does not have any impact on the figures reported in the financial statements.

4.2 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

4.3 Leases

Leases are classified as finance lease whenever terms of the lease transfer substantially all risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Finance leases

Finance lease are stated at amounts equal to the fair value or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated in accordance with the Company's depreciation policy on property and equipment. The finance cost is charged to profit and loss account.

The related rental obligations, net of finance costs, are included in liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. The liabilities are classified as current and non-current depending upon the timing of the payment.

Operating lease / Ijarah contracts

Leases including Ijarah financing, where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor, are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit on a straight-line basis over the lease / ijarah term unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the Company's benefit.

4.4 Taxation

Current

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date, and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. Provision for current tax is based on current rates of taxation in Pakistan after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. The amount of unpaid income tax in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as a liability. Any excess paid over what is due in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as an asset.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for the financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.



Deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset may be utilized. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income that is subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the treatment prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except in the case of items credited or charged to comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is included in comprehensive income or equity.

4.5 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods or services received.

4.6 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. The amount recognized as a provision reflects the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. However, provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

4.7 Employee benefits

Salaries, wages and benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Company and measured on an undiscounted basis. The accounting policy for employee retirement benefits is described below:

Post employment benefits - Defined contribution plan

The Company operates an approved defined contributory provident fund for all its eligible employees. Equal contributions are made monthly both by the Company and the employees in accordance with the rules of the scheme at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

4.8 Property, plant and equipment

Tangible assets

Owned

Items of property, plant and equipment other than freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount being the fair value at the date of revaluation less subsequent impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates and includes other costs directly attributable to the



acquisition or construction including expenditures on material, labour and overheads directly relating to construction, erection and installation of items of property, plant and equipment. Surplus on revaluation of freehold land is recognized in equity. On disposal of particular asset related revaluation surplus will be transferred to retained earning.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less identified impairment losses, if any. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these are available for use

All other repairs and maintenance are charged to income during the period in which these are incurred.

Depreciation charge is based on the reducing balance method, except for furnace which is being depreciated using the straight line method, so as to write off the historical cost of an asset over its estimated useful life at rates mentioned in note 16 after taking into account their residual values. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which these are capitalized, while no depreciation is charged in the month in which an asset is disposed off.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on sale of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from sale with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in profit or loss account.

Leased

Assets held under finance lease arrangements are initially recorded at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of leased assets. Depreciation on leased assets is charged by applying reducing balance method at the rates used for similar owned assets, so as to depreciate the assets over their estimated useful life in view of certainty of ownership of assets at the end of the lease term.

4.9 Intangibles

Intangible asset is stated at cost less accumulated amortization for finite intangible asset and any identified impairment loss. The estimated useful life and amortization method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Finite intangible assets are amortized using straight-line method over a period of five years. Amortization on additions to intangible assets is charged from the month in which an asset is put to use and on disposal up to the month of disposal.

4.10 Stores and spare parts

These are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

4.11 Stock in trade

Cost of inventories is determined and measured on the following basis:

Raw material at weighted average cost

Work in process at weighted average manufacturing cost Finished goods at weighted average manufacturing cost

Packing material at weighted average cost

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less net estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Stock-in-transit is valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

4.12 Trade debts

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful debts based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off when identified.

4.13 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and bank balances and running finance which are stated in the balance sheet at cost.

4.14 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the Company looses control of contractual rights that comprise the financial asset and in case of financial liability when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities are included in profit and loss account for the year.

4.14.1 Non-derivative financial assets

The Company initially recognizes loans and receivables on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets (including assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss) are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

The Company classifies non-derivative financial assets into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity financial assets, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-for trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial assets are designated as at fair value through profit or loss if the Company manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy. Attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognized in profit or loss. However, the Company has no such financial assets at the year end.

Held-to-maturity financial assets

If the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold debt securities to maturity, then such financial assets are classified as held-to-maturity. Held-to-maturity financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Loans and receivables comprise of long term deposits, trade debts, short term deposits, other receivables and cash and bank balances.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified in any of the above categories of financial assets. Available-for-sale financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses and foreign currency differences on available-for-sale debt instruments, are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the fair value reserve in equity. When an investment is derecognized, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss. However, the Company has no such financial assets at the year end.

4.14.2 Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Company initially recognizes debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

The Company classifies financial liabilities recognized initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities comprise of long term finances, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, current portion of long term liabilities, trade and other payables, unclaimed dividend, accrued mark-up and short term borrowings.

4.15 Impairment

Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at fair value is determined by reference to that fair value. All impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss account. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the financial asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Impairment losses on available for sale financial assets are recognized by reclassifying the losses accumulated in the fair value reserve to profit or loss. The amount reclassified is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortization) and the current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss. If the fair value of an

impaired available for sale debt security subsequently increases and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, then the impairment loss is reversed through profit and loss; otherwise it is reversed through other comprehensive income.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less cost to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the assets or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss account. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets in a unit on a pro rata basis. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to that extent that the asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

4.16 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns allowances, trade discounts and rebates, and represents amounts received or receivable for goods and services provided. Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company, and the amount of revenue and the associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

- Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of goods are transferred to the buyer;
- Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive payment is established; and
- Interest income is recognized as and when accrued on effective interest method.

4.18 Borrowings cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit and loss account as incurred.

4.19 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when:

 there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or



- there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

4.20 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of the Company at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortized cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the year, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the year, and the amortized cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the year.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are generally recognized in profit and loss account.

4.21 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

4.22 Dividend to ordinary shareholders

Dividend to ordinary shareholders is recognized as a deduction from accumulated profit in statement of changes in equity and as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the year in which it is declared by the Company's shareholders.

4.23 Mark-up bearing borrowings

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at cost representing the fair value of consideration received less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at original cost less subsequent repayments, while the difference between the original recognized amounts (as reduced by periodic payments) and redemption value is recognized in the profit and loss account over the period of borrowings on an effective rate basis. The borrowing cost on qualifying asset is included in the cost of related asset.

5 Share capital

		2018	2017	2018	2017
5.1	Authorized share capital	(Number of shares)		Rupees	Rupees
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	150,000,000	100,000,000	1,500,000,000	1,000,000,000

5.1.1 During the year, pursuant to the Board of Directors and Shareholders' approvals dated 27 July 2017 and 30 August 2017 respectively, the Company has increased its authorized share capital to Rs. 1,500,000,000 (30 June 2017: Rs 1,000,000,000).

		2018	2017	2018	2017
5.2	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capita	l (Number	of shares)	Rupees	Rupees
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid in cash	67,750,000	67.750.000	677.500.000	677.500.000
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each issued as fully paid bonus shares	1,550,000	1,550,000	15,500,000	15,500,000
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each issued for consideration other than cash	4,158,000 73,458,000	4,158,000 73,458,000	41,580,000 734,580,000	41,580,000 734,580,000
	5.2.1 Shares held by associated underta	akings are as fo	llows:	2018 Number of shares	2017 Number of shares
	Omer Glass Industries Limited M & M Glass (Private) Limited			7,733,760 928,844 8,662,604	7,733,760 - 7,733,760

5.2.2 Directors hold 16,762,411 (2017: 29,980,860) ordinary shares comprising 22.82% (2017: 40.81%) of total paid up share capital of the Company.

6 Share premium

This reserve can be utilized by the Company only for the purpose specified in section 81(2) of the Companies Act, 2017.

7 Surplus on revaluation of freehold land

This represents surplus arisen on revaluation of freehold land. The latest revaluation of freehold land was carried out by independent valuer, M/S Hamid Mukhtar & Co. (Private) Limited as at 11 February 2016. As discussed in note 4.1 to these financial statements, the Companies Act, 2017 is applicable for financial year beginning on 1 July 2017. This has resulted in reclassification of surplus on revaluation of freehold land to equity. The revaluation of the freehold land was based on inquiries from real estate agents and property dealers in near vicinity of the freehold land.

8	Long term finances - secured	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Markup bearing finances from conventional bank:			
	Bank of Punjab - Demand finance 1	8.1	-	37,500,000
	Bank of Punjab - Demand finance 2	8.2	218,750,000	293,750,000
	Bank of Punjab - Demand finance 3	8.3	296,870,311	117,540,769
	Bank Alfalah Limited	8.4	200,000,000	-
	Less: Transaction cost	8.5	-	(276,725)
			715,620,311	448,514,044
	Less: Current maturity	13	(125,000,000)	(112,500,000)
			590,620,311	336,014,044



- 8.1 This represented demand finance facility availed from The Bank of Punjab for purchase of plant and machinery and to partially refinance the purchase of plant and machinery for the Company. The sanctioned limit of the facility was Rs. 300 million (2017: Rs. 300 million) and was secured by way of first joint pari passu charge over present and future fixed assets of the Company amounting to Rs. 566.67 million and ranking charge on all present and future fixed assets of the company amounting to Rs. 308.33 million (to be upgraded to first joint parri passu charge on fixed assets) and personal guarantee of sponsor director of the Company. The outstanding principal was fully repaid on 31 December 2017. This facility carried mark up at the rate of 3 months KIBOR plus 90 bps per annum (2017: 3 months KIBOR plus 90 bps per annum) payable on quarterly basis.
- 8.2 This represents demand finance facility availed from The Bank of Punjab to meet the capital expenditure requirements of the Company. The sanctioned limit of facility is Rs. 300 million (2017: Rs. 300 million) and is secured by way of combined security of first joint parri passu charge over present and future fixed assets of the Company amounting to Rs. 566.67 million and ranking charge on all present and future fixed assets of the company amounting to Rs. 308.33 million (to be upgraded to first joint parri passu charge on fixed assets) and personal guarantee of sponsor director of the Company. The outstanding principal is repayable in 35 equal monthly installments ending on 23 May 2021. This facility carries mark up at the rate of 3 months KIBOR plus 90 bps per annum (2017: 3 months KIBOR plus 90 bps per annum), payable on quarterly basis. In case, the Company is not regular in payment to bank, it shall not without prior written approval `of the bank, pay any dividends or make any other capital distributions.
- 8.3 This represents demand finance facility availed from The Bank of Punjab for the purpose of financing new production line for manufacture of "Opal Glass Dinnerware". The sanctioned limit of facility is Rs. 300 million (2017: Rs. 300 million) and is secured by way of combined security of first joint parri passu charge over present and future fixed assets of the Company amounting to Rs. 566.67 million and ranking charge on all the present and future fixed assets of the Company amounting to Rs. 308.33 million (to be upgraded to first joint parri passu charge on fixed assets) and personal guarantee of sponsor director of the Company. The facility is repayable after last draw down date over a period of 4 years (including grace period of 1 year) in 36 equal monthly instalments ending on 06 June 2022. This facility carries mark up at the rate of 3 months KIBOR plus 90 bps per annum (2017: 3 months KIBOR plus 90 bps per annum) payable on quarterly basis.
- This represents term finance facility availed during the year from Bank Alfalah Limited for the purpose of financing new production line for manufacture of "Opal Glass Dinnerware". The sanctioned limit of this long term loan amounting is Rs. 200 million (2017: Rs. 200 million) and is secured by way of ranking charge on fixed assets of the Company amounting to Rs. 266.67 million (to be upgraded to first joint pari passu charge on fixed assets) (2017: Rs. 266.67 million) and personal guarantee of sponsor director of the Company. The facility is repayable after first draw down date over a period of 4 years (including grace period of 1 year) in 12 equal quarterly installments ending on 14 July 2021. This facility carries mark up at the rate of 3 months KIBOR plus 85 bps per annum (2017: 3 months KIBOR plus 85 bps per annum) payable on quarterly basis.

	4	AKIŲ ULASS INDUSTKIES LID.			
	_			2018	2017
	8.5	Transaction cost		Rupees	Rupees
		Balance as at 01 July		276,725	896,385
		Amortized during the year		(276,725)	(619,660)
		Balance as at 30 June		- (210,123)	276,725
		Dalance as at 50 June			270,725
				2018	2017
9		ities against assets subject	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	to fi	nance lease			
	Prese	nt value of minimum lease payments		3,713,456	18,423,635
		Current portion	13	(2,474,663)	(14,716,249)
				1,238,793	3,707,386
		amount of future minimum lease paymony which they will fall due are:	ents along with th	neir present value	and the periods
				2010	
			Minimum	2018 Future	Present value
			lease	finance	of minimum
			payments	charge	lease payments
				Rupees	
		ter than one year	2,626,689	152,026	2,474,663
		than one year and not later	1 256 011	10 110	1 220 702
	lilai	n five years	1,256,911 3,883,600	18,118 170,144	1,238,793 3,713,456
			<u> </u>	110,111	3,110,100
				2017	
			Minimum lease	Future finance	Present value of minimum
			payments	charge	lease payments
				Rupees	
		ter than one year than one year and not later	15,456,126	739,877	14,716,249
		n five years	3,863,892	156,506	3,707,386
		•	19,320,018	896,383	18,423,635
	Salier	nt features of the leases are as follows:			
	Ganer	it realities of the reases are as follows.		2018	2017
	Disco	unt factor		6.16% - 8.77%	5% - 8.62%
					2.2 3.42.7
	Perio	d of lease		3 - 5 years	3 - 5 years
		ity deposits		5% - 10%	5% - 10%
		• 1			- · · ·



- 9.1 The Company has entered into various lease agreements under mark up arrangement with financial institutions for lease of machinery, air compressor and vehicles. The liabilities under these arrangements are payable in monthly and quarterly installments. Interest rates implicit in the lease is used as discounting factor to determine the present value of minimum lease payments.
- 9.2 Lease agreement carries purchase option at the end of lease period and the Company intends to exercise its option to purchase the leased asset upon completion of the lease term. Residual value of the leased assets has already been paid at the inception of the lease in the form of security deposit. There are no financial restrictions imposed by lessor.

10 Deferred taxation

11

Deferred taxation			
		2018	
	Opening	Charge /	Closing
	balance	(reversal)	balance
		Rupees	
Taxable temporary difference			
Accelerated tax depreciation allowances	466,003,181	(55,189,458)	410,813,723
•	466,003,181	(55,189,458)	410,813,723
	-	2017	
	Opening	Charge /	Closing
	balance	(reversal)	balance
		· Rupees	
Taxable temporary difference			
Accelerated tax depreciation allowances	290,083,079	175,920,102	466,003,181
Equity portion of shareholders' loan	33,532,696	(33,532,696)	-
		,	
Deductible temporary difference			
Unused tax credits	(159,394,551)	159,394,551	
	164,221,224	301,781,957	466,003,181
		2212	0047
		2018	2017
Trade and other payables	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Trade creditors		361,361,795	298,996,879
Advances from customers		102,879,560	77,409,257
Accrued expenses		347,403,152	154,029,286
Provident fund payable		4,067,426	3,510,275
Security deposits	11.1	256,805,023	256,105,023
Payable to Workers' Profit Participation Fund	11.2	85,690,070	67,643,842
Payable to Workers' Welfare Fund	11.3	39,816,132	31,278,534
Withholding tax payable		5,305,169	2,306,739
		1,203,328,327	891,279,835

11.1 Security deposits

These represent amounts received from dealers and by virtue of contract can be utilized in the Company's business. These are repayable at the time of termination of dealerships or on demand.

	11.2	Payable to Workers' Profit Participation Fund	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
		Balance as at 01 July Provision for the year Interest for the year Paid during the year Balance as at 30 June	29 30	67,643,842 76,490,701 9,199,369 (67,643,842) 85,690,070	35,585,142 63,370,828 4,273,014 (35,585,142) 67,643,842
	11.3	Payable to Workers' Welfare Fund			
		Balance as at 01 July Provision for the year Paid during the year Balance as at 30 June	29	31,278,534 28,269,819 (19,732,221) 39,816,132	18,183,039 18,959,218 (5,863,723) 31,278,534
12	Accru	ed mark-up			
	Long Short	up based borrowings from conventional banks term finances - secured term borrowings - secured nce lease		13,166,447 15,572,089 41,212	6,079,398 16,885,828 143,944
		c mode of financing t term borrowings - secured		2,059,268 30,839,016	4,425,472 27,534,642
13	Curre	nt portion of long term liabilities			
		erm finances - secured ies against assets subject to finance lease	8 9	125,000,000 2,474,663 127,474,663	112,500,000 14,716,249 127,216,249
14	Short	term borrowings - secured			
	Mark-u	up based borrowings from conventional banks			
	Shor	term running finance and cash finance - secured term loan - secured nce against imported merchandise - secured	14.1 14.2 14.3	994,411,266 - -	980,823,139 30,000,000 2,483,966
	Loan	from directors - unsecured	14.4	7,024,706	581,848,211
	Islami	c mode of financing			
	Shor	t term islamic finance - secured	14.5	93,486,129 1,094,922,101	559,105,792 2,154,261,108

14.1 Short term running finance and cash finance - secured

This represents running finance and cash finance facilities availed from various commercial banks to meet working capital requirements with a cumulative sanctioned limit of Rs. 3,775 million (2017: Rs. 3,575 million). Mark up on these facilities range from 3 months KIBOR plus 50 to 75 bps. (2017: 3 months KIBOR plus 50 to 100 bps) per annum payable quarterly. These facilities are secured by way of charge of Rs. 4,673.69 million (2017: 5,034 million) on current assets of the Company. These facilities are also secured by personal guarantee of sponsor director of the Company and have various maturity dates up to 31 January 2019.

14.2 Short term loan - secured

This represents short term loan facility availed from Standard Chartered Bank Limited to meet working capital requirements with a cumulative sanctioned limit of Rs. 600 million (2017: Rs. 600 million). Mark up on this facility range from 3 months KIBOR plus 50 bps (2017: KIBOR 3 month plus 50 bps to 75 bps) per annum payable quarterly. These facilities are secured by way of charge of Rs. 800 million (2017: Rs. 800 million) on current assets of the Company. These facilities are also secured by personal guarantees of sponsor director of the Company and have various maturity dates up to 30 April 2019.

14.3 Finance against imported merchandise - secured

This represents facility of finance against imported merchandise availed from various commercial banks having cumulative sanctioned limit of Rs. 60 million (2017: Rs. 220 million). Mark up on the facility ranges from 3 months KIBOR plus 50 bps (2017: 3 months KIBOR plus 50 to 100 bps) per annum. The facility is secured against lien over import documents, pledge of imported goods and personal guarantees of sponsor director of the Company. The facility has various maturity dates up to 31 December 2018.

14.4 Loan from directors - unsecured

This represents unsecured interest free loan obtained from Managing Director of the Company. This loan is repayable on demand.

14.5 Short term islamic finance - secured

This represents various islamic facilities availed from various islamic banks having cumulative sanctioned limit of Rs. 1,200 million (2017: Rs. 1,100 million). Profit on these facilities ranges from respective KIBOR plus 50 to 70 bps (2017: Respective KIBOR plus 50 to 100 bps) per annum. These facilities are secured by way of charge of Rs.1,156.34 million (2017: Rs. 1,157 million) on current assets of the Company and personal guarantees of sponsor director of the Company. These facilities have various maturity dates up to 31 March 2019.

15 Contingencies and commitments

15.1 Contingencies

- **15.1.1** The commercial banks have issued following guarantees on behalf of the Company in favour of:
 - Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited against supply of gas for furnace amounting to Rs. 262 million (2017: Rs. 262 million)



- Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited against supply of gas for captive power amounting to Rs. 20.5 million (2017: Rs. 20.5 million).

The above guarantees are secured by way of charge on present and future fixed assets of the Company, counter guarantee of the Company and personal guarantees of sponsor directors of the Company.

- **15.1.2** An insurance company has issued an insurance guarantee amounting to Rs. 25 million (2017: Rs. 25 million) on behalf of the Company in favor of ICI Pakistan Limited against purchase of soda-ash from ICI Pakistan Limited. This guarantee is secured by way of promissory notes issued by the Company.
- 15.1.3 During the previous years the Company recorded provision against Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) for the period from July 2014 to April 2015 amounting to Rs. 123 million. However pursuant to Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Act, 2015 where it was clarified that GIDC was not to be collected from industrial sector retrospectively, the Company had reversed the recorded amount of provision of Rs. 123 million. The Company, along with various other companies challenged the legality and validity of levy and demand of GIDC in Honorable Lahore High Court which is pending adjudication.
- **15.1.4** The Deputy Commissioner of Inland Revenue (DCIR) raised income tax demand of Rs. 59.26 million, relating to the tax year 2015. Being aggrieved, the Company filed an appeal before CIR(A) which is pending adjudication. The Company on the basis of opinion of the tax advisor is hopeful of favorable outcome of the case, accordingly no provision has been recorded in these financial statements.
- 15.1.5 During the year, the Deputy Commissioner of Inland Revenue (DCIR) raised income tax demand of Rs. 147.12 million, relating to the tax year 2014. Being aggrieved, the Company filed an appeal before Commissioner Appeals I. Further, the Company filed writ petition no. 231682-18 before The Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) and LHC has granted stay against recovery proceedings. The Company on the basis of opinion of the tax advisor is hopeful of favorable outcome of the case, accordingly no provision has been recorded in these financial statements.
- 15.1.6 During the year, the Deputy Commissioner of Inland Revenue (DCIR) vide order number 10/2017 dated 29 December 2017 raised sales tax demand of Rs. 248.59 million along with a penalty of Rs. 12.39 million relating to the tax year 2014. Being aggrieved, the Company filed an appeal before CIR(A) on the basis that demand was created on assumption and needs to be annulled. The CIR(A) vide order no. 01 dated 29 July, 2018 has deleted the demand of Rs. 31.39 million along with penalty of Rs. 1.57 million. The demand amounting to Rs. 209.35 million along with penalty of Rs. 10.47 million was remanded back to DCIR and order of CIR(A) was silent relating to the tax demand of Rs. 7.84 million along with fine of Rs. 0.36 million. Being aggrieved, the Company filed second appeal before ATIR against the remand back of the case by CIR(A) against tax demand of Rs. 209.35 million along with penalty of Rs. 10.47 million and also in process of filling rectification application before CIR(A) for adjudication relating to tax demand of Rs. 7.84 million along with fine of Rs. 0.36 million. The Company on the basis of opinion of the tax advisor is hopeful of favorable outcome of the case, accordingly no provision has been recorded in these financial statements.

15.2 Commitments

- Letters of credit for capital expenditure amounting to Rs. 264.59 million (2017: Rs. 204.03 million).
- Letters of credit for other than capital expenditure amounting to Rs. 118.26 million (2017: Rs. 85.26 million).
- The amount of future ijarah rentals for ijarah financing and the period in which these payments will become due are as follows:

		Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Not later than one year Later than one year but not later		57,219,975	58,223,623
	than five years		33,335,872	74,797,767
			90,555,847	133,021,390
16	Property, plant and equipment			
	Operating fixed assets	16.1	5,173,924,120	4,593,594,512
	Capital work in progress	16.2	289,187,380	323,358,289
			5,463,111,500	4,916,952,801

- 15	_	

	-				Owned ass	ets						Leased assets		
	Freehold Land	Factory building	Office building	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Tools and equipment	Electric installations	Vehicles	Moulds	Fire fighting equipment	Total	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Total
							····R upees							
Cost / revalued amount														
Balance at 1 July 2016 Additions Disposals	865,653,836 2,132,750	1,461,162,015 44,741,420 -	49,281,810 - -	4,558,291,599 149,166,828 -	7,719,239 402,632	5,132,536 - -	40,131,103 11,402,702 -	74,562,715 42,724,711 (19,337,546)	186,823,858 43,716,873	1,813,762 26,000	7,250,572,473 294,313,916 (19,337,546)	57,302,277 - -	3,761,000 -	7,307,874,75 298,074,91 (19,337,54
Balance at 30 June 2017	867,786,586	1,505,903,435	49,281,810	4,707,458,427	8,121,871	5,132,536	51,533,805	97,949,880	230,540,731	1,839,762	7,525,548,843	57,302,277	3,761,000	7,586,612,12
Balance at 1 July 2017 Additions Fransfer in / (out) Disposals	867,786,586 309,698,542 -	1,505,903,435 232,244,839 - -	49,281,810 - - -	4,707,458,427 468,479,757 50,000,000 (144,534)	8,121,871 12,797,370 - -	5,132,536 764,000 - -	51,533,805 34,351,175 - -	97,949,880 8,053,851 - (7,575,355)	230,540,731 27,890,468 - -	1,839,762 315,688 -	7,525,548,843 1,094,595,690 50,000,000 (7,719.889)	57,302,277 - (50,000,000)	3,761,000	7,586,612,12 1,094,595,69 - (7,719,88
Balance at 30 June 2018	1,177,485,128	1,738,148,274	49,281,810	5,225,793,650	20,919,241	5,896,536	85,884,980	98,428,376	258,431,199	2,155,450	8,662,424,644	7,302,277	3,761,000	8,673,487,92
Rate of depreciation - %		10%	5%	10% - 66.67%	10%	10%	10%	20%	30%	10%		10%	20%	
Accumulated depreciati	on													
Balance at 1 July 2016 Depreciation Disposals	- -	464,505,405 101,273,550 -	40,550,306 436,575 -	1,780,841,049 368,935,328 -	4,555,040 340,109	1,779,057 335,348	18,559,049 2,871,193	34,954,573 11,836,227 (9,041,411)	121,378,565 27,777,097 -	148,624 168,680	2,467,271,668 513,974,107 (9,041,411)	16,201,722 4,110,055 -	501,467 -	2,483,473,39 518,585,62 (9,041,41
Balance at 30 June 2017	' <u> </u>	565,778,955	40,986,881	2,149,776,377	4,895,149	2,114,405	21,430,242	37,749,389	149,155,662	317,304	2,972,204,364	20,311,777	501,467	2,993,017,60
Balance at 1 July 2017 Depreciation Fransfer in / (out) Disposals		565,778,955 101,118,534 - -	40,986,881 414,764 - -	2,149,776,377 360,914,123 20,666,863 (116,760)	4,895,149 757,090 - -	2,114,405 354,847 -	21,430,242 4,083,379 - -	37,749,389 12,418,494 - (4,304,932)	149,155,662 27,193,608 - -	317,304 154,876 -	2,972,204,364 507,409,715 20,666,863 (4,421,692)	20,311,777 2,906,263 (20,666,863)	501,467 651,907 -	2,993,017,60 510,967,88 - (4,421,69
Balance at 30 June 2018	3	666,897,489	41,401,645	2,531,240,603	5,652,239	2,469,252	25,513,621	45,862,951	176,349,270	472,180	3,495,859,250	2,551,177	1,153,374	3,499,563,80
arrying amounts														
t 30 June 2017	867,786,586	940,124,480	8,294,929	2,557,682,050	3,226,722	3,018,131	30,103,563	60,200,491	81,385,069	1,522,458	4,553,344,479	36,990,500	3,259,533	4,593,594,5
At 30 June 2018	1,177,485,128	1,071,250,785	7,880,165	2,694,553,047	15,267,002	3,427,284	60,371,359	52,565,425	82,081,929	1,683,270	5.166.565.394	4,751,100	2,607,626	5,173,924,12

16.1.1 Freehold land, measuring 80.09 acres, is located at Kot Saleem and Baddo Muraday, Sheikhupura. The buildings on freehold land and other immovable assets of the Company are constructed / located at this freehold land. This includes land measuring 20.34 acres (162.69 kanals) purchased for further expansion in manufacturing facilities.

16.1.2 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Cost of sales Administrative expenses Selling and distribution expenses	25 26 27	499,907,571 3,156,726 7,903,588	505,203,343 4,125,563 9,256,723
		510,967,885	518,585,629

16.1.3 Disposal of operating fixed assets

Particular of assets	Particulars of Buyers	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (Loss)	Mode of disposal	Relationship with the Company
				Rupees				
<u>Vehicles</u>								
Honda Civic LEA-13-5310	Mrs. Robina Sarwar	501,025	(99,866)	401,159	1,450,000	1,048,841	Negotiation	Spouse of Key Management Personnel
Suzuki Mehran VXR LEA-17-7929	IGI Insurance Limited	778,080	(77,341)	700,739	700,000	(739)	Negotiation	Third Party
Fecto Belarus Tractor Model-1998	Mr.Muhammad Ashraf	480,000	(473,198)	6,802	500,000	493,198	Negotiation	Third Party
Toyota Corolla Gli LED-12-2526	Khurram Imtiaz	349,850	(147,189)	202,661	1,355,000	1,152,339	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Cultus LEE-12-1826	Muhammad Fahad Iqbal	194,000	(79,928)	114,072	615,000	500,928	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Cultus LEF-12-1457	Muhammad Fahad Iqbal	180,100	(65,556)	114,544	630,000	515,456	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Mehran LEF-12-4015	Muhammad Javaid	188,000	(68,053)	119,947	525,000	405,053	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Cultus LE-12-7502	Syeda Lyla Hassan Zaidi	995,000	(730,906)	264,094	575,000	310,906	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Cultus LEF-12-1459	Muhammad Fayyaz	180,100	(67,678)	112,422	680,000	567,578	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Cultus LEF-12-1460	Muhammad Iqbal	188,000	(70,274)	117,726	665,000	547,274	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Cultus LE-12-5121	Akhtar Mehmood	990,650	(737,235)	253,415	600,000	346,585	Negotiation	Employees
Suzuki Cultus LED-12-9903	Muhammad Nawaz	1,004,300	(707,549)	296,751	665,000	368,249	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Cultus LEE-12-4340	Akbar Ali	201,400	(84,779)	116,621	675,000	558,379	Negotiation	Third Party
Toyota Corolla Gli LEC-12-845	Haider Ikhlaq	349,850	(154,695)	195,155	1,330,000	1,134,845	Negotiation	Third Party
Suzuki Cultus Vxr LE-12-7499	Shazeel Anjum	995,000	(740,688)	254,312	575,000	320,688	Negotiation	Third Party
Plant & Machinery								
Generator	Ittefaq Engineering Services	144,534	(116,760)	27,774	505,000	477,226	Negotiation	Third Party
2018		7,719,889	(4,421,695)	3,298,194	12,045,000	8,746,806		
2017		19,337,546	(9,041,411)	10,296,135	25,505,000	15,208,865		

^{16.1.4} Revaluation of freehold land was carried out under the market value basis. The latest revaluation was carried out on 11 February 2016. Had there been no revaluation, carrying value of land would have been Rs 410.99 million (2017: Rs. 101.3 million).

^{16.1.5} The forced sale value of land based on latest revaluation report, as on 11 February 2016, is Rs. 732.64 million (2017: Rs. 732.64 million)

			2018	2017
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
16.2	Capital work in progress			
	Plant & machinery and civil works		143,327,484	146,408,308
	Advances	16.2.1	145,859,896	176,949,981
			289,187,380	323,358,289

16.2.1 This includes advance amounting to Rs. 46 million (2017: Nil) for purchase of land measuring 14 kanals for further expansion of manufacturing facilities.

17 Intangibles ERP software Cost 6,962,863 6,962,863 Accumulated amortization (4,525,862)(3,133,289)2,437,001 3,829,574 Amortization rate (%) 20% 20% 17.1 Amortization charge has been allocated as follows: Administrative expense 26 1,392,573 1,392,573 18 Long term deposits Deposit with leasing companies 5,397,095 11,135,906 Guarantee margin deposits 12,088,000 4,713,000 Others 21,811,327 21,797,173 39,282,268 37,660,233 19 Stores and spare parts Stores 159,251,725 164,927,749 Spare parts 606,054,431 568,389,440 765,306,156 733,317,189 20 Stock in trade Raw materials 327,862,442 338,339,077 Chemical and ceramic colors 121,146,824 36,801,836 Packing material 77,501,581 51,428,240 Work in process 100,623,111 75,709,436 Finished goods 618,747,319 923,715,827 1,245,881,277 ,425,994,416 21 Trade debts - considered good Local debtors 637,126,128 655,701,506 Foreign debtors 21.1 20,016,119 20,743,872 657,870,000 675,717,625



		2018	2017	2018	2017
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
21.1	Sales against LC's, advances and cash	Sales	Sales	Balance	Balance
	against documents				
	Brazil	59,390,014	20,230,694	13,980,146	15,424
	South Africa	15,582,849	36,711,038	2,057,301	2,184,363
	Ghana	5,328,733	2,564,381	1,556,425	-
	Cameroon	13,766,706	6,383,232	1,011,082	-
	United Arab Emirates	26,734,244	17,270,650	711,500	2,622,749
	Sri-Lanka	49,872,429	25,560,146	524,850	1,020,970
	Afghanistan	68,408,919	44,438,207	400,000	3,377
	Nepal	62,413,141	47,048,800	114,087	3,702,209
	India	254,762,717	400,285,186	112,547	9,713,137
	Tanzania	-	3,578,403	93,436	93,436
	Bahrain	2,554,647	1,344,530	78,409	3
	Paraguay	4,493,217	6,196,423	69,932	4,277
	United Kingdom	12,238,050	6,024,581	21,780	75,879
	Jordan	1,442,222	-	7,782	-
	Bangladesh	746,605	-	2,862	-
	Ukraine	2,673,573	-	1,390	-
	Algeria	2,574,988	-	344	-
	Saudi Arabia	85,273,297	43,709,552	-	512,688
	Hungry	603,199	528,519	-	24,987
	Iraq	1,168,580	9,426,501	-	20,769
	Turkey	8,882,690	1,323,182	-	7,489
	Argentina	5,125,434	1,408,949	-	5,309
	Spain	-	1,349,352	-	4,878
	Taiwan	-	618,472	-	3,801
	Cyprus	-	1,463,850	-	374
		684,036,254	677,464,648	20,743,872	20,016,119

				2018	2017
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
22		nces, deposits, prepayments and			·
	other	receivables			
	Advar	nces to suppliers - unsecured, considered go	od	109,801,859	60,314,540
	Advar	nces to staff against salary - unsecured, cons	idered good	3,960,945	2,356,100
	Prepa	yments		27,318,594	21,401,988
	Advar	nce income tax	22.1	105,519,844	312,217,350
	Sales	tax - net		46,264,288	50,101,820
	Secur	ity deposits		15,794,349	29,298,473
		•		308,659,879	475,690,271
	22.1	Advance income tax			
		Advance income tax		428,979,568	375,214,027
		Provision for tax		(323,459,724)	(62,996,677)
				105,519,844	312,217,350
23	Cach	and bank balances			
23				4 450 405	5.040.400
	Cash	in hand		4,452,437	5,218,160
	Cash	at bank			
	Local	currency			
	- Cı	urrent accounts		189,317,135	191,594,152
	Intere	st based deposits with conventional banks			
	- De	eposit and saving accounts	23.1	45,246,242	19,118,617
	Profit	based deposits with islamic banks			
	- De	eposit and saving account	23.1	122,091	118,869
		- -		234,685,468	210,831,638
	Foreig	gn currency - current accounts		15,691,194	5,448,042
				254,829,099	221,497,840

23.1 Mark up on deposit accounts ranges from 3.23% to 4.50% (2017: 2.31% to 3.75%) per annum.

23.2 Cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June comprise the following:

Cash and bank balances Rupees Rupees Rupees Rupees Running finance 254,829,099 221,497,840 (877,442,602) (577,274,627) (622,613,503) (355,776,787) (622,613,503) (355,776,787) (2018	2017
Running finance			Note	Rupees	Rupees
Running finance					
Coccord Cocc		Cash and bank balances		254,829,099	221,497,840
24 Sales Local Export 13,659,067,823 749,188,499 733,160,546 14,408,256,322 11,592,313,495 12,105,703,468 1,679,895,367 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 744,884 748,814 74		Running finance		(877,442,602)	(577,274,627)
Local Export				(622,613,503)	(355,776,787)
Local Export	24	Salaa			
Export 749,188,499 733,160,546 Less: Sales tax Trade discounts 2,105,703,468 1,592,313,495 Trade discounts 2,105,703,468 1,679,895,367 2,106,448,352 1,689,749,814 2,200,770 9,902,563,681 25 Cost of sales 2,515,358,070 2,030,714,427 Salaries, wages and other benefits 25.1 1,600,984,934 1,209,402,025 Fuel and power 3,478,192,580 2,697,240,030 Packing material consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and freight 43,921,977 43,457,600 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 10,721,058 10,369,803 ligarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 48,452,58 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343	24				
Less: Sales tax Trade discounts Trade d					
Less: Sales tax Trade discounts 2,105,703,468 744,884 1,679,895,367 9,824,447 2,106,448,352 12,301,807,970 1,689,749,814 9,902,563,681 25 Cost of sales Raw material consumed 2,515,358,070 1,600,984,934 2,030,714,427 Salaries, wages and other benefits 25.1 1,600,984,934 1,209,402,025 Fuel and power 3,478,192,580 677,632,532 2,697,240,030 677,632,532 Stores and spares consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 43,921,977 43,457,600 43,921,977 43,457,600 43,674,108 677,632,532 Stores and spares consumed 36,211,665 34,674,108 34,674,108 677,632,532 24,833,901 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,369,803 10,370,876 29,242,725 20,242,725 10,5744 20,981 20,282,725 20,283,903 20,283,903 20,283,903 20,283,903 20,283,903 20,283,903 20,283,903 20,283,903 20,283		Export			
Trade discounts		Less: Sales tax			
2,106,448,352					
25 Cost of sales Raw material consumed 2,515,358,070 2,030,714,427 Salaries, wages and other benefits 25.1 1,600,984,934 1,209,402,025 Fuel and power Packing material consumed 3,478,192,580 2,697,240,030 Packing material consumed 751,552,186 677,632,532 Stores and spares consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and freight 43,921,977 43,457,600 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 22,068,518 24,833,901 Insurance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 (Closing stock 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 (75,709,436) (24,913,675			'		
Raw material consumed 2,515,358,070 2,030,714,427 Salaries, wages and other benefits 25.1 1,600,984,934 1,209,402,025 Fuel and power 3,478,192,580 2,697,240,030 Packing material consumed 751,552,186 677,632,532 Stores and spares consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and freight 43,921,977 43,457,600 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 22,068,518 24,833,901 Insurance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 23,441,786 20,533,903 9,697,783,610 7,786,624,540 Work in process 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 Closing stock 20 75,709,436				12,301,807,970	9,902,563,681
Salaries, wages and other benefits 25.1 1,600,984,934 1,209,402,025 Fuel and power Packing material consumed 3,478,192,580 2,697,240,030 Fuel and power Packing material consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and spares consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and freight 43,921,977 43,457,600 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 23,441,786 20,533,903 7,786,624,540 Work in process 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 Closing stock 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 (24,913,675) 9,672,869,935 7,780,246,614 Finished goods 20	25	Cost of sales			
Salaries, wages and other benefits 25.1 1,600,984,934 1,209,402,025 Fuel and power Packing material consumed 3,478,192,580 2,697,240,030 Fuel and power Packing material consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and spares consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and freight 43,921,977 43,457,600 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 23,441,786 20,533,903 7,786,624,540 Work in process 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 Closing stock 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 (24,913,675) 9,672,869,935 7,780,246,614 Finished goods 20		Day material concurred		2 545 250 070	2 020 744 427
Fuel and power Packing material consumed 3,478,192,580 (77,632,532) 2,697,240,030 (677,632,532) Stores and spares consumed 630,900,699 (430,333,991) 43,333,991 Carriage and freight 43,921,977 (43,457,600) 43,674,108 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 (34,674,108) 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 22,068,518 (24,833,901) 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 (69,703,876) 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 (1,805,744) 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 (29,242,725) 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 (709,891) 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 (766,641) 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 (499,907,571) (505,203,343) 20,533,903 Others 23,441,786 (20,533,903) (7,786,624,540) Work in process 20 (100,623,111) (75,709,436) (75,709,436) (63,77,926) (75,709,436) (75,709,436) Closing stock 20 (24,913,675) (9,786,935) (7,80,246,614) Finished goods 20 (618,747,319) (923,715,827) (923,715,827) (923,715,827) 1,028,076,662 (923,715,827) (923,715,827) (923,715,827) (923,715,827) (923,715,827) (923,715,827) (923,715,827) (923,715,82			05.4		
Packing material consumed 751,552,186 677,632,532 Stores and spares consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and freight 43,921,977 43,457,600 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 22,068,518 24,833,901 Insurance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 23,441,786 20,533,903 9,697,783,610 7,786,624,540 Work in process 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 Closing stock 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 (75,709,436) (75,709,436) (75,709,436) (75,709,436) (24,913,675) (6,377,926) 7,780,246,614		_	25.1		
Stores and spares consumed 630,900,699 430,333,991 Carriage and freight 43,921,977 43,457,600 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 22,068,518 24,833,901 Insurance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 23,441,786 20,533,903 7,786,624,540 Work in process 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 (75,709,436) (63,377,926) Opening stock 20 75,709,436 (63,377,926) 7,780,246,614 Finished goods 9,672,869,935 7,780,246,614 Opening stock 20 923,715,827 1,028,076,662 (923,715,827) Closing stock 20 (618,747,319) (923,715,827) 104,360,835 <		•			
Carriage and freight 43,921,977 43,457,600 Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 22,068,518 24,833,901 Insurance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 23,441,786 20,533,903 Vork in process 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 Closing stock 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 Closing stock 20 (100,623,111) (75,709,436) Finished goods 9,672,869,935 7,780,246,614 Finished goods 20 (618,747,319) 1,028,076,662 Closing stock 20 (618,747,319) 1,028,076,662 Closing stock 20 (618,747,319) 1,04,360,835		_			
Repair and maintenance 36,211,665 34,674,108 Travelling and conveyance 22,068,518 24,833,901 Insurance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 23,441,786 20,533,903 7,786,624,540 Work in process 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 (75,709,436) Closing stock 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 (75,709,436) (63,377,926) Finished goods 9,672,869,935 7,780,246,614 Finished goods 20 923,715,827 1,028,076,662 (923,715,827) Closing stock 20 (618,747,319) (923,715,827) (923,715,827) 304,968,508 104,360,835		-			
Travelling and conveyance 22,068,518 24,833,901 Insurance 10,721,058 10,369,803 Ijarah rentals 42,361,481 69,703,876 Postage and telephone 2,233,091 1,805,744 Rent, rates and taxes 37,887,806 29,242,725 Printing and stationery 845,258 709,891 Advertisement 1,194,930 766,641 Depreciation 16.1 499,907,571 505,203,343 Others 23,441,786 20,533,903 Work in process 7,786,624,540 Work in process 20 75,709,436 69,331,510 Closing stock 20 (100,623,111) (75,709,436) Closing stock 20 75,709,436 (6,377,926) 7,780,246,614 7,780,246,614 Finished goods 20 923,715,827 1,028,076,662 Closing stock 20 923,715,827 1,028,076,662 Closing stock 20 (618,747,319) (923,715,827) 304,968,508 104,360,835					
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Closing stock 20 (618,747,319) (923,715,827) 304,968,508 104,360,835		_	1		
304,968,508 104,360,835					
		Closing stock	20		
0.0000					
9,977,838,443 7,884,607,449				9,977,838,443	7,884,607,449

25.1 Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rs. 15.86 million (2017: Rs. 13.16 million) in respect of staff retirement benefit.



26	Administrative expenses	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	26.1	113,081,674	93,245,233
	Travelling expenses		4,894,945	4,296,602
	Motor vehicle and insurance expenses		4,521,410	4,396,870
	Postage and telephone		5,420,806	5,995,370
	Printing and stationery		1,488,888	973,331
	Rent, rates and taxes		11,003,327	7,406,201
	Repair and maintenance		3,331,407	1,482,673
	Legal and professional charges		12,434,839	13,959,673
	Auditors' remuneration	26.2	1,496,250	1,505,000
	Advertisement		2,426,354	818,476
	Utilities		4,187,740	3,577,236
	Entertainment		1,869,474	1,871,910
	Insurance		2,382,595	2,234,930
	Subscription, news papers and periodicals		4,350,945	1,893,678
	Depreciation	16.1	3,156,726	4,125,563
	ljarah rentals		12,478,124	9,408,825
	Donations	26.3	7,288,000	7,815,000
	Amortization	17.1	1,392,573	1,392,573
	Miscellaneous		15,406,753	10,267,070
			212,612,830	176,666,214

26.1 Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rs. 2.75 million (2017: Rs. 2.6 million) in respect of staff retirement benefit.

26.2 Auditors' remuneration	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Audit fee	1,045,000	950,000
Half yearly review fee	150,000	150,000
Out of pocket expenses	226,250	205,000
Certification fee	75,000	200,000
	1,496,250	1,505,000

26.3 None of the directors or their spouses have any interest in the donees.

27 Selling and distribution expenses

Salaries, wages and other benefits	27.1	135,770,963	104,525,052
Local freight and forwarding		147,424,081	112,074,459
Export freight and forwarding		47,274,710	45,952,462
Travelling expenses		25,896,522	28,276,800
Motor vehicle expenses		16,189,994	12,615,331
Postage and telephone		2,411,230	2,775,742
Printing and stationery		2,687,307	1,567,498
Advertisement, exhibitions and sales promotion		36,361,793	18,723,110
Rent and utilities		7,315,789	6,025,083
Depreciation	16.1	7,903,588	9,256,723
ljarah rentals		2,258,073	643,658
Breakage, samples and incidental charges		9,193,737	4,928,353
Miscellaneous		1,910,054	1,439,549
		442,597,841	348,803,820

27.1 Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rs. 4.02 million (2017: Rs. 3.43 million) in respect of staff retirement benefit.

28	Other operating income	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Income from non-financial assets Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Foreign exchange gain - net Liabilities no longer payable written back Others Income from financial assets Interest income on bank deposits with conventional banks Profit income on bank deposits with islamic banks	16.1.3	8,746,806 3,683,760 - - 12,430,566 2,084,519 3,398 14,518,483	15,208,865 583,343 5,863,723 84,521 21,740,452 2,253,665 3,398 23,997,515
	28.1 This represents gain on actual currency cor	nversion.		
29	Other operating expenses			
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund	11.2 11.3	76,490,701 28,269,819 104,760,520	63,370,828 18,959,218 82,330,046
30	Finance cost		104,700,320	02,000,040
	Mark-up based loans from conventional banks Long term finances Short term borrowings Finance leases Islamic mode of financing Short term borrowings		28,258,115 78,388,753 652,623 25,679,680 132,979,171	28,971,078 98,384,323 1,762,659 40,973,084 170,091,144
	Notional interest on unwinding of shareholders' loa Interest on Workers' Profit Participation Fund Bank charges Guarantee commission charges	n 11.2	9,199,369 8,887,280 2,397,500 153,463,320	67,537,095 4,273,014 5,995,097 1,170,800 249,067,150
31	Taxation			
	Income tax - current year - prior years Deferred tax		323,459,724 59,660,298 (55,189,458) 327,930,564	62,996,677 48,021,248 314,378,154 425,396,079



24.4	Deletionship between the tay expense and	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
31.1	Relationship between the tax expense and accounting profit		
	Profit before taxation	1,425,053,499	1,185,086,517
	Tax calculated at the rate of 30.00% / 31.00%	427,516,050	367,376,820
	Tax effect of:		
	- income under final tax regime	(8,437,584)	(9,784,037)
	- super tax	41,994,412	40,901,914
	- prior year adjustments	59,660,298	48,021,248
	- tax credit utilised	(130,229,763)	(19,288,370)
	- rate difference	(55,280,682)	-
	- others	(7,292,167)	(1,831,496)
		327,930,564	425,396,079

31.2 The provision for current year tax represents tax on taxable income at the rate of 30%, net of tax credits. As per management's assessment, the provision for tax made in the financial statements is sufficient. A comparison of last three years income tax provisions with tax assessment is presented below:

Tax Years	Tax provision as per financial statements	Tax as per assessment / return
2015 2016	-	- 97 161 252
2017	39,140,104 62,996,677	87,161,352 122,656,975

31.3 The Board of Directors in their meeting held on October 01, 2018 have recommended a final cash dividend of Rs. 6.00 per share for the year ended 30 June 2018 to comply with the requirements of section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Accordingly, no provision for tax in this respect has been made in these financial statements.

32	Earnings per share - basic and diluted		2018	2017
	Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	Rupees	1,097,122,935	759,690,438
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	Numbers	73,458,000	73,458,000
	Earnings per share	Rupees	14.94	10.34

32.1 No figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any instruments carrying options which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

33 Financial instruments

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Company's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

33.1 Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishment and over-sight of the Company's risk management framework. The audit committee is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The committee regularly meets and any changes and compliance issues are reported to the Board of Directors.

Risk management systems are reviewed regularly by the audit committee to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees compliance by management with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

33.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter-parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The Company does not have significant exposure to any individual counterparty. To manage credit risk the Company maintains procedures covering the application for credit approvals, granting and renewal of counterparty limits and monitoring of exposures against these limits. As part of these processes the financial viability of all counterparties is regularly monitored and assessed. To mitigate the risk, the Company has a system of assigning credit limits to its customers based on an extensive evaluation based on customer profile and payment history. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. Some customers are also secured, where possible, by way of cash security deposit.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date was:

Long term deposits
Trade debts - considered good
Security deposits
Bank balances

2018	2017
Rupees	Rupees
39,282,268	37,660,233
657,870,000	675,717,625
15,794,349	29,298,473
250,376,662	216,279,680
963,323,279	958,956,011

Credit quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty.



(a) Long term deposits

Long term deposits represent mainly deposits with Government institutions, leasing companies and financial institutions, hence the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these long term deposits.

(b) Trade debts - considered good

The trade debts as at the balance sheet date are classified in Pak Rupees. The aging of trade receivables at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
	·	·
Foreign	20,743,872	20,016,119
Domestic	637,126,128	655,701,506
	657,870,000	675,717,625
The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date is:		
Not past due	598,661,700	614.903.039
•		, ,
Past due 0 - 60 days	19,736,100	20,271,529
Past due 61 - 90 days	32,893,500	33,785,881
Past due 91 - 120 days	6,578,700	3,648,875
Past due 120 days	-	3,108,301
	657,870,000	675,717,625

Customer credit risk is managed subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. Based on past experience the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade receivables as some receivables have been recovered subsequent to the year end and for other receivables there are reasonable grounds to believe that the amounts will be recovered in short course of time.

(c) Security deposits

Based on past experience the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of security deposits as there are reasonable grounds to believe that the security deposits will be recovered.

(d) Bank balances

The Company's exposure to credit risk against balances with various commercial banks is as follows:

Local currency:	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
 Current accounts Markup based deposits with conventional banks Deposits and saving accounts 	189,317,135 45,246,242	191,594,152 19,118,617
Profit based deposits with islamic banks - Deposit and saving account	122,091 234,685,468	118,869 210,831,638
Foreign currency: - Current accounts	15,691,194 250,376,662	5,448,042 216,279,680

SME Bank Limited



The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit rating agencies as follows:

		Rating 2018		
	Short term	Long term	Agency	Rupees
AlBaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1	Α	PACRA	3,971,552
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	1,000
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	7,326,000
Bank AL Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	20,140,584
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	69,903,591
Bank Islami Pakistan Limited	A1	A+	PACRA	784,118
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	25,672,128
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	29,350,287
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	PACRA	12,290,048
SME Bank Limited	В	B-	PACRA	204,594
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	1,680,801
The Bank of Khyber	A1	A	PACRA	3,264,235
The Bank of Punjab	A1+	AA	PACRA	6,677,112
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	27,276,157
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AA+	JCR-VIS	10,849,719
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	30,934,809
Sindh Bank Ltd	A-1+	AA	JCR-VIS	49,927
				250,376,662
				250,376,662
		Rating 2017		2017
	Short term	Rating 2017 Long term	Agency	
Bank Alfalah Limited	Short term			2017 Rupees
Bank Alfalah Limited The Bank of Khyber	A1+	Long term	Agency PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589
The Bank of Khyber		Long term AA+	PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300
	A1+ A1	Long term AA+ A	PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154
The Bank of Khyber The Bankof Punjab	A1+ A1 A1+	Long term AA+ A AA	PACRA PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764
The Bank of Khyber The Bank of Punjab MCB Bank Limited	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+	Long term AA+ A AA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713
The Bank of Khyber The Bank of Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+ A1+	AA+ A AA AAA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267
The Bank of Khyber The Bankof Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bankof Pakistan United Bank Limited	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+ A1+ A-1+	AA+ A AA AAA AAA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267 40,183,082
The Bank of Khyber The Bankof Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bankof Pakistan United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+ A1+ A-1+	AA+ A AA AAA AAA AAA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS JCR-VIS	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267
The Bank of Khyber The Bank of Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+ A1+ A-1+ A-1+	AA+ AA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS JCR-VIS PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267 40,183,082 8,033,842
The Bank of Khyber The Bankof Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bankof Pakistan United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited NIB Bank Limited	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+ A1+ A-1+ A-1+ A1+	AA+ AA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS JCR-VIS PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267 40,183,082 8,033,842 5,721,313
The Bank of Khyber The Bankof Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bankof Pakistan United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited NIB Bank Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+ A1+ A-1+ A-1+ A1+ A1+	AA+ AA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS JCR-VIS PACRA PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267 40,183,082 8,033,842 5,721,313 431,167
The Bank of Khyber The Bankof Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bankof Pakistan United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited NIB Bank Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Meezan bank Limited	A1+ A1+ A1+ A1+ A-1+ A-1+ A1+ A1+ A1+ A1+ A1+	AA+ A AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA A	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS JCR-VIS PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267 40,183,082 8,033,842 5,721,313 431,167 2,643,723
The Bank of Khyber The Bankof Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bankof Pakistan United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited NIB Bank Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Meezan bank Limited Askari Bank Limited	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+ A1+ A-1+ A-1+ A1+ A1+ A1+ A1+ A1+ A1+	AA+ AA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS JCR-VIS PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267 40,183,082 8,033,842 5,721,313 431,167 2,643,723 415
The Bank of Khyber The Bank of Punjab MCB Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited NIB Bank Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Meezan bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Albarka Bank Limited	A1+ A1 A1+ A1+ A1+ A-1+ A-1+ A1+ A1+ A1 A-1+ A1 A-1+ A1+ A1+ A1	AA+ AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA	PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS JCR-VIS PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA PACRA JCR-VIS	2017 Rupees 82,981,589 5,501,300 5,493,154 33,070,764 6,776,713 16,077,267 40,183,082 8,033,842 5,721,313 431,167 2,643,723 415 727,448

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly, the credit risk is minimal.

В

PACRA

1,001,000 216,279,680

В

33.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. For this purpose the Company has sufficient running finance facilities available from various commercial banks to meet its liquidity requirements. Further liquidity position of the Company is closely monitored through budgets, cash flow projections and comparison with actual results by the Board.

2018

Following is the maturity analysis of financial liabilities as at 30 June:

				2010			
	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to two years	Two to Five years	More than five years
				Rupees			
<u>Financial liabilities</u>							
Long term loan-secured	715,620,311	807,785,636	88,323,746	85,707,945	280,598,829	353,155,116	-
Liability against assets subject to finance lease	3,713,456	3,883,600	1,313,345	1,313,345	1,256,910	-	-
Trade and other payables	965,569,970	965,569,970	965,569,970	-	-	-	-
Accrued markup	30,839,016	30,839,016	30,839,016	-	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	1,094,922,101	1,094,922,101	1,094,922,101				
	2,810,664,854	2,903,000,323	2,180,968,178	87,021,290	281,855,739	353,155,116	
				2017			
	Carrying	Contractual	Six months	Six to twelve	One to two	Two to Five	More than five
	Amount	cash flows	or less	months Rupees	years	years	years
Financial liabilities				,,			
Long term loan-unsecured	448,790,769	513,330,707	89,335,345	49,744,239	114,947,994	259,303,129	-
Liability against assets subject to finance lease	18,423,635	19,320,018	7,728,063	7,728,063	2,716,253	1,147,639	-
Trade and other payables	709,131,188	709,131,188	709,131,188	-	-	-	-
Accrued markup	27,534,642	27,534,642	27,534,642	-	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	2,154,261,108	2,154,261,108	2,154,261,108	-	-	-	-
•	3,358,141,342	3,423,577,663	2,987,990,346	57,472,302	117,664,247	260,450,768	-

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amount.

33.4 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

33.4.1 Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk to the extent that there is a mismatch between the currencies in which advances, sales and purchases and bank balances are denominated and the respective functional currency of the Company. The functional currency of the Company is Pak Rupee. The currencies in which these transactions are primarily denominated is US dollars.

Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Foreign debtors	20,743,872	20,016,119
Foreign currency bank accounts	15,691,194	5,448,042
Gross balance sheet exposure	36,435,066	25,464,161

The following significant exchange rates have been applied:

	Averag	ge rate	Reporting	date rate
	2018	2017	2018	2017
USD to PKR	113.20	104.58	121.50	105.00

Sensitivity analysis:

At reporting date, if the PKR had strengthened by 10% against the foreign currencies with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been (lower) / higher by the amount shown below, mainly as a result of net foreign exchange loss on translation of foreign debtors and foreign currency bank account.

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Effect on profit and loss		
US Dollar	(3,643,507)	(2,546,416)

The weakening of the PKR against foreign currencies would have had an equal but opposite impact on profit before tax.

33.4.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates. Sensitivity to interest rate risk arises from mismatch of financial assets and financial liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period.

33.4.2(a) Fixed rate financial instruments

The Company does not have any fixed interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments as at reporting date.

Variable rate financial instruments

The effective interest / mark-up rates for interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments are mentioned in relevant notes to the financial statements. The Company's interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments as at the reporting date are as follows:

	20	18	2017		
	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial	
	assets	liabilities	assets	liabilities	
		Rι	ipees		
g		745 000 044		440 700 700	
	-	715,620,311	-	448,790,769	
	-	1,094,922,101	-	2,154,261,108	
ct					
	-	3,713,456	-	18,423,635	
s	45,368,333		19,237,486		
	45,368,333	1,814,255,868	19,237,486	2,621,475,512	

Long term loans from banking companies-secured Short term borrowings Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease - secured Deposit and saving accounts

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have (decreased) / increased profit by amounts shown below. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates, remain constant.

	Profit		
	2018	2017	
Increase of 100 basis points	Ru _l	pees	
Variable rate instruments	(17,688,875)	(26,022,380)	
Decrease of 100 basis points			
Variable rate instruments	17,688,875	26,022,380	

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and the outstanding liabilities of the Company at the year end.

33.4.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The Company is not exposed to any price risk as there are no financial instruments at the reporting date that are sensitive to price fluctuations.



33.5 Fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets i.e. listed equity shares are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The quoted market prices used for financial assets held by the Company is current bid price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

IFRS 13, 'Fair Value Measurements' requires the Company to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2).
- Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (level 3).

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments and non-financial instruments including their levels in the fair value hierarchy:

Fair value measurement of financial instruments							
	2018						
		Carrying amount			Fair value		
	Loans and receivables at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
On-Balance sheet financial instruments Note			Rup	ees			
Financial assets not measured at fair value							
Long term deposits	39,282,268	-	39,282,268	-	-	-	
Trade debts	657,870,000		657,870,000	-	-		
Security deposits	15,794,349		15,794,349	-	-		
Cash and bank balances	254,829,099	-	254,829,099	-	-	-	
33.5.1	967,775,716	-	967,775,716	-		-	
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value							
Long term loans - secured	-	715,620,311	715,620,311	-	-	-	
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	-	3,713,456	3,713,456	-	-	-	
Trade and other payables	-	965,569,970	965,569,970	-	-	-	
Accrued mark-up	-	30,839,016	30,839,016	-	-	-	
Short term borrowing	-	1,094,922,101	1,094,922,101	_			
33.5.1	-	2,810,664,854	2,810,664,854	-	-	-	

			2017 Carrying amount				Fair value		
		Loans and receivables at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
	Note			Rup	ees				
On-Balance sheet financial instruments									
Financial assets not measured at fair value									
Long term deposits		37,660,233	-	37,660,233	-	-	_		
Trade debts		675,717,625	-	675,717,625	-	-	-		
Security deposits		29,298,473	-	29,298,473	-	-	-		
Cash and bank balances		221,497,840		221,497,840					
	33.5.1	964,174,171		964,174,171			-		
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value									
Long term loans - secured Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	448,790,769 18,423,635	448,790,769 18,423,635	-	-	-		
Trade and other payables		-	709,131,188	709,131,188	-	-	_		
Accrued mark-up		-	27,534,642	27.534.642	-	_	_		
Short term borrowing		-	2,154,261,108	2,154,261,108	-	-	_		
-	33.5.1		3,358,141,342	3,358,141,342	-	-	-		

33.5.1 Fair value versus carrying amounts

The Company has not disclosed the fair values of these financial assets and liabilities as these are for short term or repriced over short term. Therefore, their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

33.5.2 Fair value of freehold land

Freehold land has been carried at revalued amount determined by independent professional valuer (level 3 measurement) based on their assessment of the market. The valuation expert used a market based approach to arrive at the fair value of the Company's land. The revaluation of the freehold land was based on inquiries from real estate agents and property dealers in near vicinity of the freehold land. The effect of changes in the unobservable inputs used in valuations cannot be determined with certainty, accordingly a qualitative disclosure of sensitivity has not been prepared in these financial statements.

34 Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of its business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital employed, which the Company defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company manages the capital structure in the context of economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

Neither there were any changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year nor the Company is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

35 **Operating segments**

The financial information has been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

35.1 Sales from glassware products represent 100% (2017: 100%) of total revenue of the Company.

The sales percentage by geographic region is as follows: 35.2

	2018	2017
	%	%
Pakistan	94.0	92.6
India	2.0	4.0
Afghanistan	1.0	0.4
Others	3.0	3.0
	100	100

35.3 All non-current assets of the Company as at 30 June 2018 are located in Pakistan.

36 Plant capacity and actual production

The actual pulled and packed production during the year are as follows:

	2018 M. Tons	2017 M. Tons
Pulled production	253,418	251,780
Packed production	188,451	183,486

The capacity of plant is indeterminable because capacity of furnaces to produce glassware varies with the measurement / size of glass produced.

37	Provident Fund	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
O1	Size of the fund / trust	116,232,875	100,267,236
	Cost of investment made	109,863,221	94,956,670
		2018 (Perce	2017 ntage)
	Percentage of investment made	94.52%	94.70%
		2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Fair value of investment	109,705,288	94,937,526
	Break up of investments - based upon fair value		
	UBL Term Deposit Receipt	80,000,000	61,000,000
	NBP NAFA Capital Protected Strategy	28,777,728	28,998,730
	Deposit and saving accounts	927,560	4,938,796
		109,705,288	94,937,526

	2018	2017
-	%age of size	ze of fund
Break up of investment		
UBL Term Deposit Receipt	69%	61%
NBP NAFA Capital Protected Strategy	25%	29%
Savings account	1%	5%

The figures for 2018 are based on the audited financial statements of the Provident Fund. Investments out of Provident Fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act 2017 and rules formulated for this purpose.

38 Remuneration of Directors and Executives

The aggregate amounts charged in the accounts for the year for remuneration, including all benefits to the chairman and managing director, directors and executives of the Company are as follows:

	Chief Executive Officer / Executive Director		Non Executive Directors		Executives	
	2018	2018 2017		2017	2018	2017
		•••••	R u p	ees		
Managerial remuneration	9,026,437	6,420,000			28,233,848	21,374,304
House rent	3,857,952	2,592,000		-	12,524,710	9,495,511
Conveyance	6,548	12,000			196,800	156,000
Contribution to provident fund	-	-			2,783,269	2,110,114
Medical and other allowances	543,000	576,000			2,783,269	2,110,114
Utilities	857,323	-			2,783,269	2,110,114
Remuneration to non-executive directors		-	6,147,450	13,909,912		-
Meeting fee		-	175,000	-		-
	14,291,260	9,600,000	6,322,450	13,909,912	49,305,165	37,356,157
Number of persons	2	1	3	4	18	14

In addition to the above benefits, some of the directors are also provided with free use of company maintained cars.

39 Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities.

	30 June 2018				
	Liabilities				
	Long term finances	Short term borrowings	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	Unclaimed dividend	Total
			Rupees		
Balance as at 01 July 2017	448,790,769	1,576,986,481	18,423,635	4,145,933	2,048,346,818
Changes from financing activities					
Receipts of long term finances - secured	379,329,542	-	-	-	379,329,542
Repayments of long term finances - secured	(112,500,000)	-	-	-	(112,500,000)
Repayment of short term borrowings - net of receipts	-	(1,359,506,982)	-	-	(1,359,506,982)
Repayment of finance lease liabilities	-	-	(14,710,179)	-	(14,710,179)
Dividend paid	-	-		(303,626,193)	(303,626,193)
Total changes from financing cash flows	266,829,542	(1,359,506,982)	(14,710,179)	(303,626,193)	(1,411,013,812)
Other change					
<u>Other changes</u> Dividend declared				304,850,710	304,850,710
Total liability related other changes			 -	304,850,710	304,850,710
,				, ,	, ,
Closing as at 30 June 2018	715,620,311	217,479,499	3,713,456	5,370,450	942,183,716

40 Transactions with related parties

Related parties comprises of associated companies, staff retirement fund, directors, key management personnel and other companies where directors have significant influence. Balances with the related parties are shown in respective notes to the financial statements. Significant transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:

Name	Relationship	Nature of transactions	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Industrial Products Investment Limited	Shareholder	Interest cost for the year			704,850
	(0% equity held)	Repayment of loan		-	33,389,450
		Repayment of markup on loan		•	32,760,996
Omer Glass Industries Limited	Associated company	Purchases from related party		-	3,068,610
	(Common directorship)	Dividend paid during the year		32,095,104	20,881,152
M & M Glass (Private) Limited	Associated company (Common directorship)	Dividend paid during the year		3,854,703	-
Provident Fund	Employee benefit plan	Employer's contribution during the year		22,630,742	19,203,381
Rubina Sarwar	Close faimly member of key				
	management personnel	Sale proceeds of vehicle		1,450,000	-
Akhtar Mehmood	Key management personnel	Sale proceeds of vehicle		600,000	-
Shahzad Anwar	Key management personnel	Sale proceeds of vehicle		-	2,550,000
Abdul Ghaffar Khan	Key management personnel	Sale proceeds of vehicle		-	1,100,000
Mohsin Ali	Key management personnel	Sale proceeds of vehicle		-	750,000
Khawaja Israr Hassan	Key management personnel	Sale proceeds of vehicle		-	1,100,000
Malik Mehr Ali	Key management personnel	Sale proceeds of vehicle		-	1,450,000
Mr. Tariq Baig (late)	Ex - Managing Director	Loan received from director			40,000,000
	(25.4062% equity held)	Remuneration paid		5,238,709	9,600,000
		Dividend paid during the year		77,450,886	39,589,733
		Repayment of loan to director		315,277,160	103,321,720
Omer Baig	Managing Director	Loan received from director			25,000,000
	(19.9702% equity held)	Remuneration paid	40.1	13,200,000	9,172,800
		Land purchased from director		107,119,945	-
		Dividend paid during the year		60,879,155	39,608,125
		Repayment of loan to director		259,985,050	64,218,928
Mansoor Irfani	Director	Dividend paid during the year		14,367	9,347
	(0.0047% equity held)	Remuneration paid	40.1	-	2,183,400
Naima Shahnaz Baig	Ex - Director	Dividend paid during the year		2,657,643	1,729,069
	(0% equity held)				
Akbar Baig	Ex - Director	Dividend paid during the year		-	9,347
	(0.0047% equity held)	Remuneration paid	40.1	-	1,124,544
David Jullain	Ex - Director	Dividend paid during the year			9,347
	(0.0040% equity held)	Remuneration paid	40.1		1,429,168
Naeem Nazir	Ex - Director (0.0006% equity held)	Dividend paid during the year		-	1,350
	(0.0000 /0 oquity flora)				
Tajammal Husain Bokharee	Director	Dividend paid during the year		2,075	-
	(0.0007% equity held)	Meeting fee Paid		75,000	
Saad Iqbal	Director	Dividend paid during the year		954,500	-
	(0.3131% equity held)	Meeting fee Paid		100,000	-
Mohammad Baig	Director (2.5289% equity held)	Dividend paid during the year Remuneration paid	40.1	4,150,000 2,000,000	-
Executives	Key Management Personnel	Remuneration paid	40.1	35,099,615	30,168,096
	. to j managomont i oroonnor	riomanoranon pula		33,300,010	33,.30,000

^{40.1} Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity. The Company considers all members of their management team, including the Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Head of Departments to be its key management personnel.

41 Number of employees

The total and average number of employees during the year and as at June 30, 2018 and 2017 respectively are as follows:

Number of employees other than factory as at 30 June Number of factory employees as at 30 June Average number of employees other than factory during the year Average number of factory employees during the year

2018	2017	
No. of en	nployees	
181	161	
733	657	
171	157	
699	640	

42 Event after reporting date

The Board of Directors has proposed a final dividend of Rs.6.00 i.e. 60 % (2017: Rs. 4.15 per share i.e. 41.50%) for the year ended 30 June 2018 in their meeting held on October 01, 2018 for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 27, 2018 These financial statements do not reflect these appropriations.

43 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue on October 01, 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

October 01, 2018 MANSOOR IRFANI Lahore CHAIRMAN OMER BAIG MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO WAQAR ULLAH CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

FINANCIAL STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Year		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Investment Measures							
Share capital	Million Rupees	734.58	734.58	734.58	734.58	734.58	693.00
Shareholders equity	Million Rupees	4,506.29	3,714.02	3,182.11	2,701.65	2,298.94	2,083.60
Profit before tax	Million Rupees	1,425.05	1,185.09	649.48	362.09	15.59	152.55
Profit/(Loss) after tax	Million Rupees	1,097.12	759.69	490.07	408.22	(17.32)	367.36
Dividend nevelope		0.00	4.45	0.70		0.50	
Dividend per share	Rs.	6.00	4.15	2.70	-	0.50	-
Earnings / (Loss) per share	Rs.	14.94	10.34	6.67	5.56	(0.24)	5.30
Break up value	Rs.	71.78	60.99	53.75	41.61	36.13	36.42
Price earning ratio	Rs.	7.17	10.71	11.08	10.53	(128.17)	4.15
Measure of financial status							
Current ratio	Ratio	1.31:1	1.10:1	1.11:1	1.08:1	1.00:1	1.03:1
Number of days stock	Days	46	66	85	72	68	67
Number of days trade debts	Days	20	25	39	34	33	21
Measure of performance							
Return on capital employed	%	17.48%	14.37%	9.22%	9.02%	(0.38%)	8.01%
Gross profit ratio	%	18.89%	20.38%	20.98%	20.07%	14.53%	15.10%
Profit before tax to sales ratio	%	11.58%	11.97%	8.04%	4.50%	0.20%	3.92%
Profit / (Loss) after tax to sales ratio	%	8.92%	7.67%	6.07%	5.08%	(0.22%)	9.45%
Debt equity ratio	%	12.00%	9.44%	21.51%	27.46%	36.23%	39.78%
	, •	12.0070	011170	, 0		00.2070	3011 0 /0



PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING **AS AT 30 JUNE 2018**

1. CUIN (Incorporation Number):

0006434

2. Name of the Company:

Tariq Glass Industries Limited

3. Pattern of holding of shares held by the shareholders as at: 30 June 2018

4.Number of		holding	Shares held	Percentage
shareholders	From	То		
405	1	100	16,942	0.02%
770	101	500	190,091	0.26%
251	501	1,000	221,689	0.30%
346	1,001	5,000	935,588	1.27%
107	5,001	10,000	866,830	1.18%
56	10,001	15,000	735,488	1.00%
24	15,001	20,000	421,718	0.57%
14	20,001	25,000	328,500	0.45%
20	25,001	30,000	581,100	0.79%
8	30,001	35,000	269,500	0.37%
4	35,001	40,000	155,500	0.21%
3	40,001	45,000	131,120	0.18%
11	45,001	50,000	541,000	0.74%
2	50,001	55,000	101,500	0.14%
2	55,001	60,000	113,750	0.15%
3	60,001	65,000	189,000	0.26%
2	65,001	70,000	139,000	0.19%
2	80,001	85,000	170,000	0.23%
4	90,001	95,000	370,000	0.50%
1	95,001	100,000	100,000	0.14%
3	100,001	105,000	313,200	0.43%
3	105,001	110,000	324,800	0.44%
1	110,001	115,000	115,000	0.16%
1	115,001	120,000	120,000	0.16%
2	125,001	130,000	253,000	0.34%
1	130,001	135,000	135,000	0.18%
2	135,001	140,000	275,500	0.38%
2	140,001	145,000	286,200	0.39%
1	145,001	150,000	150,000	0.20%
1	150,001	155,000	150,500	0.20%
1	170,001	175,000	172,000	0.23%
2	195,001	200,000	397,000	0.54%
1	220,001	225,000	225,000	0.31%
2	225,001	230,000	456,500	0.62%
1	245,001	250,000	250,000	0.34%
1	250,001	255,000	251,500	0.34%
1	305,001	310,000	308,800	0.42%
1	380,001	385,000	381,000	0.52%
2	400,001	405,000	807,820	1.10%
1	410,001	415,000	411,000	0.56%
1	495,001	500,000	496,300	0.68%
1	925,001	930,000	928,844	1.26%
1	995,001	1,000,000	1,000,000	1.36%
1	1,085,001	1,090,000	1,087,600	1.48%
1	1,145,001	1,150,000	1,147,200	1.56%
1	1,440,001	1,445,000	1,444,000	1.97%
1	1,730,001	1,735,000	1,733,900	2.36%
1	1,855,001	1,860,000	1,857,696	2.53%
1	1,895,001	1,900,000	1,897,200	2.58%
1	2,055,001	2,060,000	2,058,900	2.80%
1	2,375,001	2,380,000	2,377,924	3.24%
1	3,995,001	4,000,000	4,000,000	5.45%
1	7,730,001	7,735,000	7,733,760	10.53%
1	14,665,001	14,670,000		19.97%
1	18,660,001	18,665,000	14,669,676 18,662,864	25.41%
2080	10,000,001	10,000,000		100.00%
2000			73,458,000	100.00%

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

5. CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS		Shareholding Percentage (Number of Shares)		
5.1)	Directors, CEO, Their Spouse and Minor Children			
	Managing Director / CEO			
	- Mr. Omer Baig	14,669,676	19.9702%	
	Directors			
	- Mr. Mohammad Baig	1,857,696	2.5289%	
	- Mr. Mansoor Irfani	3,462	0.0047%	
	- Mr. Tajammal Hussain Bokharee	500	0.0007%	
	- Ms. Rubina Nayyar	577	0.0008%	
	- Mr. Saad Iqbal	230,000	0.3131%	
	- Mr. Faiz Muhammad	500	0.0007%	
	Directors' spouse and their minor children		-	
		16,762,411	22.8190%	
5.2)	Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties			
	- M/s Omer Glass Industries Limited	7,733,760	10.5281%	
	- M/s M & M Glass (Private) Limited	928,844	1.2645%	
	- Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	18,662,864	25.4062%	
		27,325,468	37.1988%	
5.3)	NIT and ICP			
	- M/s IDBL (ICP Unit)	18,500	0.0252%	
5.4)	Banks, Development Financial Institutions & Non-Banking Financial Institutions	4,227,849	5.7555%	
5.5)	Insurance Companies	2,100	0.0029%	
5.6)	Modarbas and Mutual Funds	11,011,224	14.9898%	
5.7)	Shareholders holding 10% or more shares			
	- Mr. Tariq Baig (Late)	18,662,864	25.4062%	
	- Mr. Omer Baig	14,669,676	19.9702%	
	- M/s Omer Glass Industries Limited	7,733,760	10.5281%	
		41,066,300	55.9045%	
5.8)	General Public			
	- Local	9,477,023	12.9013%	
	- Foreign	407,420	0.5546%	
		9,884,443	13.4559%	
5.9)	Others			
	- Joint Stock Companies	3,466,451	4.7190%	
	- Investment Companies & Cooperative Societies	98,254	0.1338%	
	- Pension Funds, Provident Funds etc.	661,300	0.9002%	
		4,226,005	5.7530%	
Octo Lah	ober 01, 2018 ore	OMER BA		
		CNIC:		
List o	f Shareholders holding 5% or more shares			
- N	fr. Tariq Baig (Late)	18,662,864	25.4062%	
- N	Ir. Omer Baig	14,669,676	19.9702%	
- C	Omer Glass Industries Limited	7,733,760	10.5281%	
- S	summit Bank Limited	4,000,000	5.4453%	

IMPORTANT NOTES FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS

Dear Shareholder(s)

Please go through the following notes. It will be appreciated if you please respond to your relevant portion at the earliest:

Dividend Mandate:

In terms of section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 and SECP's Circular No. 18 dated August 1, 2017, the listed companies are required to pay cash dividend electronically directly into the designated bank account of a shareholder instead of paying the dividend through dividend warrants. Therefore, it has become mandatory for all of our valued shareholders to provide the International Bank Account Numbers ("IBAN"s) and other details of their designated Bank Account. In this regard, please send the complete details as per below format duly signed along with valid copy of your CNIC at the address of the Share Registrar of the Company (M/s Shemas International (Private) Limited, 533 - Main Boulevard, Imperial Garden Block, Paragon City, Barki Road, Lahore. Phone No.: 0092-42-37191262; Email: info@shemasinternational.com). In case shares of the members are held in CDC account then "Electronic Dividend Mandate Form" should be sent directly to the relevant broker / CDC Investor Account Services where Member's CDC account is being dealt.

· ·		
Folio No. / CDC Accoun	t No.:	
Name of Shareholder:		
CNIC Number of the Share	eholder:	
Title of Bank Account:		
Bank Account Number:		
IBAN Number:		
Bank's Name:		
Branch Code:		
Branch Name & Addres	s	
Mobile Number:		
Land Line Number:		
Email Address:		
Date:		
	Signature of the Shareholder	CNIC (Copy Attached)

The above said form is available on website of the Company.



CNIC No.:

Pursuant to the directives of Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) inter alia vide SRO 779 (1) 2011 dated August 18, 2011, SRO 831(1)/2012 dated July 05, 2012, and SRO 19(1) 2014 dated January 10, 2014, it is necessary to mention the Member's computerized national identity card (CNIC) number for the payment of dividend, members register and other statutory returns. Members are therefore requested to submit a copy of their valid CNIC (if not already provided) by mentioning their folio numbers to the Share Registrar of the Company failing which result in withholding of dividend payments to such members.

<u>Deduction of Income Tax from Dividend under Section 150</u>

The Government of Pakistan through Finance Act, 2018 has made certain amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 pertaining to withholding of tax on dividend whereby different rates are prescribed for deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend paid by the companies. These tax rates are as under:

Category	Rate of Tax Deduction
Filers of Income Tax Returns	15%
Non-Filers of Income Tax Returns	20%

To enable the company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend at normal rate i.e. 15% for filers of income tax return instead of higher rate i.e. 20% for non-filers of income tax return, all the shareholders who are the filers of income tax return and their names are not entered into the Active Taxpayers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL before the first day of book closure defined for the determination of entitlement of the proposed dividend.

Moreover, according to clarification received from Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), withholding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal shareholder as well as joint-holder (s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts.

In this regard all shareholders who hold shares Jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal shareholder and Joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to the Shares Registrar, in writing as follows, at the earliest, otherwise it will be assumed that shares are equally held:

Sr	Folio/ CD A/C #	Total Shares	Principal Shareholder		Joint Shareholder		Signature of Shareholder
			Name & CNIC #	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares)	Name & CNIC #	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares)	(As per CNIC for CDC shareholder and as per Company Record for Physical shareholder)
1.							
2.							
3.							
4.							
5.							

ļ		1	1		I		J
Date:							
		Signature	e of the S	harehold	er (CNIC (Copy Atta	ched)
The	above said	form is available	e on webs	ite of the	Company.		

In another clarification by Federal Board of Revenue, in order to avail exemption from withholding of tax available under Clause 47B of Part-IV of the Second Schedule and any other provision available under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, an exemption certificate must be required under section 159(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 issued by concerned Commissioner of Inland Revenue. The said tax exemption certificate is required to be submitted to the Share Registrar of the Company before the first day of the book closure defined for the determination of payment of the proposed cash dividend otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted.

The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Share Registrar of the Company (M/s Shemas International Pvt. Ltd, 533 - Main Boulevard, Imperial Garden Block, Paragon City, Barki Road, Lahore. Phone No.: 0092-42-37191262; Email: info@shemasinternational.com). The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote company name and their respective folio numbers.

Annual Accounts:

Annual Accounts of the Company for the financial year ended June 30, 2018 have been placed on the Company's website - www.tariqglass.com

Pursuant to SECP's SRO 787(I) 2014 dated September 8, 2014 regarding electronic transmission of Annual Financial Statements, those shareholders who want to receive the Annual Financial Statements in future through email instead of receiving the same by Post are advised to give their formal consent along with their email address duly signed by the shareholder along with the copy of CNIC to the Share Registrar M/s Shemas International Pvt. Ltd. Please note that this option is not decisive, if any shareholder not wishes to avail this facility, you may ignore this notice, and the Annual Financial Statements will be sent by Post at your address.

Members desirous to avail this facility are requested to submit the request form duly filled to our Shares Registrar.

Request Form To Receive Financial Statements Through E-mail

Consent for Circulation of Annual Audited Financial Statements through e-mail

Company Name: Tariq Glass Industries Limited

Folio No. / CDC sub-account No.:	
E-mail Address:	
CNIC No.:	tells we at a most blace and setting

The above E-mail address may please be recorded in the members register maintained under Section 119 of the Companies Act, 2017. I will inform the Company or the Registrar about any change in my E-mail address immediately. Henceforth, I will receive the Audited Financial Statements along with Notice only on the above e-mail address, unless a hard copy has been specifically requested by me.

Name and Signature of Shareholder (Attachment: Copy of CNIC)

The above said form is available on website of the Company.

Zakat Declaration:

Please note that Zakat will be deducted from dividends at source in accordance with Zakat and Ushr laws and will be deposited within the prescribed period with the relevant authority. In the event that you would like to claim an exemption, please submit your Zakat Declaration Form CZ -50 under the Zakat and Ushr laws and rules, with your Broker / CDC / Company's Share Registrar (M/s Shemas International Pvt. Ltd, 533 - Main Boulevard, Imperial Garden Block, Paragon City, Barki Road, Lahore. Phone No.: 0092-42-37191262; Email: info@shemasinternational.com).

The shareholders who already have submitted their Zakat Declarations on the format other than the Zakat Declaration Form (CZ 50) are advised to reinforce their Zakat declarations by resubmitting Zakat Declaration Form (CZ 50) to the Share Registrar of the Company. The Zakat Declaration Form (CZ 50) is available on website of the Company.

For any query / problem / information, the members may contact the company and / or the Share Registrar at the following phone numbers, email addresses-

Company Contact:

Mohsin Ali

Company Secretary
Tariq Glass Industries Limited.
128-J, Model Town Lahore.

Ph.: +92-42-111343434 Fax:+92-42-35857692-93 Web: www.tarigglass.com

Share Registrar:

Mr. Imran Saeed

Chief Executive Officer M/s Shemas International Pvt. Ltd.

533 - Main Boulevard, Imperial Garden Block, Paragon City, Barki Road, Lahore.

Phone No.: 0092-42-37191262; Email: info@shemasinternational.com

Yours sincerely,

-sd-(Mohsin Ali) Company Secretary



کرسکتا۔ پراکسی فارم کے مؤثر ہونے کے لئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ دسخط شدہ ہو، ریو نیوسٹیپ چیپاں ہو، گواہوں سے تقیدیق شدہ ہو، گواہوں کے پیخ اور کمپیوٹرائز ڈ شاختی کارڈ نمبر فارم پر درج ہوں، ممبر اور پراکسی ممبر کے تقیدیق شدہ کمپیوٹرائز ڈ شاختی کارڈ زک کا پیاں لف ہوں اور بیتمام کمپنی کے رجٹرڈ ایڈریس (طارق گلاس انڈسٹر پر لمیٹڈ، 128 – جے بلاک ، ماڈل ٹاؤن، لاہور) پر اجلاس ہذا سے 48 گھنے قبل باضابطہ جمع کروا دیے جا کیں۔

- 4۔ ایس ای سی پی (SECP) کی مختلف ڈائر یکشنز (بحوالہ ایس آر اوا 2011)777 مورخہ 18 اگست 2011ء, ایس آر او 3501)/2012 مورخہ 83 اگست 2011ء اور ایس آرا و 2014(1)2014 مورخہ 53 جولائی 2012ء اور ایس آرا و 2014(1)91 مورخہ 10 جنوری 2014 کے تحت کمپنی کے ممبرز کے لئے بیضروری ہے کہ وہ اپنا کارآ مد کمپیوٹر ائز ڈ تو می شناختی کارڈ (CNIC) کمپنی کے شیئر رجسڑار کے پاس جمع کروائیس تا کہ شناختی کارڈ نمبر کا اندراج ممبرز رجسڑ اور دیگر ریٹرنز میں ہو سکے ممبرز کے شناختی کارڈ نمبر کے نہ ہونے کی صورت میں ممبرز کو ڈیوڈ نڈ کی اوائیگی ساکت ہو جائے گی۔
- 5- کمپنیز ایک 2017ء کی دفعہ 242 کے مطابق تمام لمیٹ کمپنیز کے لئے بیضروری ہے کہ وہ اپ ممبرز کو ڈیوڈ نڈ کی ادائیگی الیکٹر انگلی سیدھے ممبر کے بنک اکاؤنٹ میں ٹرانسفر کریں بجائے اس کے کہ بذریعہ ڈیوڈ نڈ وارنٹ کریں۔ اس امر کی بنا پرتمام ممبرز کے لئے بید لازی ہے کہ وہ اپنے بنک اکاؤنٹ سے متعلق کو ائف بمعہ IBAN نمبر کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکو باضابطہ جمع کروائیں۔ ممبرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر موجود الیکٹر انک ڈیوڈ نڈ مینڈیٹ فارم پُر کریں اور اسے باضابطہ طور پر دشخط ہمراہ اپنے شاختی کارڈ کی کائی کے وہ کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکے پاس جمع کروائیں۔ حصص کے CDC میں ہونے کی صورت میں بیہ فارم متعلقہ بروکر یا پھر کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکے پاس جمع کروائی جاتے ہیں براہ راست جمع کروائیا جائے۔
- موجودہ فیکس توانین کی رُوسے تمام اکم فیکس ریٹرن کے فاکر ز کے لئے فیکس کوئی کی شرح 15 فیصد ہوگی جبکہ اکم فیکس ریٹرن کے نان فاکر کے دیب کے لئے فیکس کوئی کی شرح 15 فیصد ہوگی جبکہ اکم فیکس ریٹرن کے نان فاکر ز وہ افراد ہیں جن کے نام 19 اکتر 20 18 ویب کی آر کی دیب سائٹ پر فراہم کردہ فیکس دہنگان کی فہرست (اے فی ایل) موجود نہیں ہیں۔ اس حقیقت کے باوجود کہ رکن نے اکم فیکس ریٹرن فائل کی ہے لیکن ATL میں نام ظاہر نہیں ہور ہات بھی اس مخص کو نان فاکر تصور کیا جائےگا ۔ اُن لوگوں / ممبران کواس بات کوفوری بیٹی بنانا ہوگا کہ اُن کے نام 19 اکتر 2018 تک اے فی ایل میں شامل ہو بچے ہوں۔ جن ممبرز کو اکم فیکس کوئی سے اسٹی حاصل ہے وہ اپنا فیکس سے اسٹی کا سے سرٹینگلیٹ بک کی بندش سے بہلے یعنی 19 کوئر 2018 کو کاروباری اوقات ختم ہونے سے پہلے کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکے پاس باضابطہ جمع کروا دیں۔ سرٹینگلیٹ بک کی بندش سے بہلے یعنی 19 کوئری خوق نے کے ۔
- 7- مشتر کہ اجوائف شیئر اکاؤنٹ کی صورت میں اکم ٹیکس کی کوتی فائکر یا نان فائکر کی حیثیت سے اورشیئر ہولڈنگ کے تناسب کی بنیاد پرعلیحدہ علی حددہ کی جائے گی۔ اس حوالے سے مشتر کہ اجوائٹ شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے پاس موجودہ تصص کے حوالے سے پرٹپل شیئر ہولڈر اور جوائٹ شیئر ہولڈرز کا تناسب تحریری طور پر (فارم برائے شیئر ہولڈنگ پروپورٹن (تناسب) کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پرمہیا کردیا گیا ہے) کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹرار کو باضابطہ جمع کروا دیں۔
- 8- کمپنیز ایک 2017ء کی وفعہ (2) 132 کے تحت مجران وڈیو کانفرنس ہولت کے ذریعے اجلاس بذا میں شرکت کر سکتے ہیں اگر چہ اس شہر میں اس کی سہولت موجود ہو اور وہ مجموعی طور پر 10 فیصد یا زائد شیئر ز ہولڈنگ کے حامل ہوں اور اجلاس کی تاریخ سے کم از کم 10 دن پہلے بذریعہ فارم برائے وڈیو کانفرنس اجلاس میں شرکت کے لئے اپٹی تخریر رضامندی فراہم کریں (فارم باعنوان کنسیدے فار وڈیو کانفرنس کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر مہیا کر دیا گیا ہے)۔ 10 فیصد یا زائد تعداد میں شیئر ہولڈنگ کے حامل ممبران کی رضامندی موصول ہونے کے بعد کمپنی اجلاسِ عام سے کم از کم پانچ (5) دن پہلے ممبران کو اس سہولت تک رسائی کے قابل بنانے کے لئے درکار کھمل معلومات اور مقام برائے وڈیو اجلاس اطلاع فراہم کرے گی۔
- 9- کمپنی کے وہ شیر ہولڈرڈ جو کسی جمی وجہ سے ماضی میں اپنے شیر زسر میفیک اور ڈیو ڈ ٹڈ کمپنی سے حاصل نہیں کر سکے آنہیں جا ہیے کہ وہ ان کے حصول کیلئے کمپنی سیکرٹری سے کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈایڈریس پر رابطہ کریں۔
- 10- ممبرز سے التماس ہے کہ اپنے پنوں میں کسی تبدیلی اور ڈیوڈینڈ سے زکوۃ کی کوتی کے شیش کے حوالے سے فوری طور پر کمپنی کے شیئر رجسٹر ار کوآگاہ کریں۔

اطلاع برائے سالانداجلاس عام

طارق گلاس انڈسٹریز لمیٹڈ کے تمام ممبرز کومطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ کمپنی کا چالیسواں سالانہ اجلاسِ عام بروز ہفتہ مورخہ 27 اکتوبر 2018ء کو دن 11:00 بجے ڈیفنس سروسز آفیسرزمیس، 71 طفیل روڈ لاہور کینٹ میں مندرجہ ذیل اُمورکی انجام دہی کے لئے منعقد کیا جائے گا۔

عمومي أمور:

- 1- كىپنى كے أنتاليسويں اجلاسِ عام منعقدہ 128 كتوبر 2017ء كى رُودادِ اجلاس / منٹس كى تصديق كرنا۔
- 2- مالی سال ختم شدہ 30 جون 2018ء کے حوالے سے کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ مالی گوشواروں، چیئر مین روبو، ڈائر بکٹر وں اور آڈیٹرزکی رپورٹس کی وصولی، غور، اپنانا اور منظوری دینا۔
- 3- مالی سال ختم شدہ 30 جون 2018ء کے لئے حتمی کیش ڈیوڈ نٹر 6.00 روپے فی حصص (60%) کی ممبرز کو ادائیگی کی منظوری دینا جیسا کہ کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے سفارش کی ہے۔
- 4- موردہ 30 جون 2019ء کو جو مالی سال ختم ہونے جا رہا ہے اُس کے لئے کمپنی کے ایکٹرٹل آڈیٹرز کا تقرر کرنا اور اُن کے معادضے کا تعین کرنا۔ مزید یہ کہ کمپنی کے موجودہ آڈیٹرز میسرز کے پی ایم جی تاثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤشینٹس نے اہل ہونے کی بنیاد پر اپنی خدمات دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کی ہیں۔

ديگر أمور:

5- جناب چیئر مین کی اجازت سے مینی کے سی دوسرے کاروباری اُمور برغور کرنا۔

مجکم بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز (محسن علی) مینی سیکرٹری

101كتوپر 2018. لا مور

نوش:

- ا۔ کمپنی کی شیرز ٹرانسفر بکس مورخہ 2 اکتوبر 2018ء تا 2017 اکتوبر 2018ء تک (دونوں دن شامل ہیں) بندر ہیں گی ادر اس عرصہ کے دوران شیئرز کی کسی بھی منتقل کو رجٹریشن کے لئے قبول نہیں کیا جائے گا جوشیئرز منتقلیاں 19 اکتوبر 2018ء کو کاروباری اوقات کے اختقام تک کمپنی کے شیئرز رجٹرار میسرز شاز انٹرنیشنل پرائیویٹ لمیٹٹر 533 بین بلیوارڈ، امپریل گارڈن بلاک، پیراگون شی، برکی روڈ، لاہور میں باضابطہ موصول ہوں گی۔ انہیں ٹرانسفر اور ڈیوڈنڈ (ممبرز کی منظوری کی بنایر) کی اہلیت کے لئے بروقت سمجھا جائے گا۔
- 2- کمپنی کے ممبرز کو ہدایت کی جاتی ہے کہ اجلاس ہذا ہیں شرکت کرنے کے لئے اپنا اصل قومی شناختی کارڈ ہمراہ ضروری لائیں اور سی ڈی سی حصص یافتگان کو اپنے پارٹیسپنٹ آئی ڈی اور سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ نمبر سے کمل آگابی ہونی چاہئے۔کارپوریٹ اینکٹی کی صورت میں کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیکٹرز کی مصدقہ بورڈ ریزولوشن اور یاور آف اٹارنی بمعہ نامزد شخص کے نمونہ وستخط فراہم کریں۔
- 3- کوئی بھی ممبر جو اجلاس ہذا میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا حقدار ہے وہ شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کے لئے بذرایعہ پراکسی فارم کمپنی کے کسی دوسرے ممبر کو بطور اپنا پراکسی مقرر کرنے کا ا کی بھی حقدار ہے۔ اگر پراکسی کوئی کارپوریٹ اینٹٹی مقرر کررہی ہے تو پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی مصدقہ بورڈ ریزولوشن اور پاور آف اٹارنی بمعہ نامزدشخص کے نمونہ وستخط فراہم کریں۔ جس شخص کو پراکسی مقرر کیا جائے اس کا بھی کمپنی کا ممبر ہونا لازمی ہے۔ ممبرکسی ایک اجلاس میں شرکت کے لئے ایک سے زیادہ ممبرز کو پراکسی نامزدنہیں

حالات کے باوجود ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ معاثی سرگرمیاں برحیس اور مینی کامیابی کا سفر جاری رکھے۔

آ فی پڑز: کینی کے موجودہ آ فیٹرز میسرز KPMG تا چر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹٹینٹس جو کہ ریٹائر ہوئے ہیں انہوں نے اپنی دوبارہ تقرری کی دوخواست کی ہے۔ کمپنی کی پڑتال کنندہ (آؤٹ) کمپٹی نے ان کی دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے بورڈ آ ف ڈائر کیٹرزکواپی سفارشات بھیجی ہیں۔ لہذا بورڈ آ ف ڈائر کیٹرز بھی ان کی دوبارہ تقرری برائے مالی سال 19-2018ء کے لئے سفارش کرتے ہیں۔ جبکہ اس کام کا مشاعرہ طے کرنے کا اختیار کمپنی کے نیجگ ڈائر کیٹرکو دیا گیا ہے۔ سامی دوبارہ تقرری برائے مالی سال 19-2018ء کے لئے سفارش کرتے ہیں۔ جبکہ اس کام کا مشاعرہ طے کرنے کا اختیار کمپنی کے نیجگ ڈائر کیٹرکو دیا گیا ہے۔ سامی فرمید داری اپنی قرمہ داری اپنی سوشل رئیس اسلی کی خارق گلاس انڈسٹریز لمیٹٹر سابی سرمایہ کاری پر بھر پور یقین رکھتی ہے۔ جبکہ کمپنی شین سرانجام دیت ہے۔ کمپنی کی کارپوریٹ سوشل رئیس اسلی کی الیس کے تحت کمپنی بنیادی طور پر تعلیم ،صحت ، ساج اور ماحل پر اپنی توجہ مرکوز رکھتی ہے۔ جبکہ کمپنی شہری ترتی بکیونی پر جبکشس اور قدرتی آ فات کے موقوں پر المدادی کاموں اور بحالی کے کاموں میں اپنا کردار ادا کرتی رہی ہے۔

سكينى نے فدكورہ مالى سال ميں 7.288 ملين روپ (7.815 ملين روپ: 2017) كار پوريٹ سوشل ريس اُسبلى كى مد ميں خرج كيے ہيں۔

اگر کمپنی کی ماحول کی حفاظت کے حوالے سے تجزید کیا جائے تو کمپنی نے اپنے فیکٹری ایریا میں ویسٹ واٹر مینجنٹ اور کاربن کنٹرول کیلئے خاطر خواہ انتظامات کئے ہیں۔ کمپنی نے ایئر کواٹی کو ماپنے کی خاطر ایک موبوط پروگرام مرتب کیاہے جس کی وجہ سے کمپنی کے فیکٹری ایریا میں گرین ہاؤس آیسز کا اخراج نیشٹل انوائرمنٹ کواٹی سٹینڈرڈز (NEQS) کے مطابق ہے۔ اس طرح خام مال جن میں سلیکا سینڈ، لائم سٹون، کوارٹز وغیرہ شامل ہیں سے بھی فضلے کے اخراج کو مسلسل مانیٹر اور کنٹرول کیا جاتا ہے۔

ر پورٹس کو سامن کرنے کا اختیار: بورڈ کی جانب سے ڈائر کیٹروں کی رپورٹ ، شیٹنٹ آف کمپلائنس ودلیڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس) ریگولیشنو 2017 اور آڈیٹڈ فانشل سٹیٹمنٹس کو وستخط کرنے کا اختیار محترم منصور عرفانی (چئیر مین) اور محترم عمر بیگ (میٹنگ ڈائر کیٹر) کو دیا گیا ہے۔ جبکہ آڈٹ شدہ مالی گوشوارے کمپنی کے چیف فنانشل آفیسر محترم وقار اللہ بھی کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 کی دفعہ 232 کے مطابق دستخط کریں گے۔

اظہارِتشکر: ہم تہددل سے اپنے معزز صارفین کاشکریدادا کرتے ہیں جنہوں نے کمپنی کی مصنوعات پر اپنا اعتاد اور یفین قائم رکھا۔ اس کے ساتھ ساتھ ہم اپنے تمام ڈسٹری بیوٹرز، ڈیلرز، وینڈرز،سپلائرز، بینکرز، حصص داران اور کمپنی کے تمام ملاز مین اور سٹاف کا بھی شکریدادا کرتے ہیں جنہوں نے ہمیشداس کمپنی کی مدد اور حمایت کی اور کمپنی کے اہداف کو حاصل کرنے میں مددگار ثابت ہوئے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے

عمر بیک فیجنگ ڈائز یکٹر اسی ای او منصور عرفانی چیئر مین

تاريخ: 01 كتوبر2018ء، لا مور



الی گوشواروں سے متعلق: لیور کمپنی کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنس کے عین مطابق کمپنی کے بیجنگ ڈائر کیٹر اور چیف فافض آفیسر نے اپنے دسخط شدہ مالی گوشوار کے بعد ان کو مورخد 10 اکتوبر 2018ء کو منظور کیا اور ان کی اشاعت کی اشاعت کی اجازت دی۔ کمپنی بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کو پیش کئے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے کمل خور کرنے کے بعد ان کو مورخد 10 اکتوبر 2018ء کو منظور کیا اور ان کی اشاعت کی اجازت دی۔ کمپنی کے مالی گوشواروں کو میسرز KPMG تا شیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤشیش نے آڈٹ کیا ہے اور بغیر کسی اعتراض کے اپنی مندرجہ ذیل رپورٹس جاری کی ہیں۔

- 1- آۋينرز ريورث
- 2- نظر انى رپورك بحوال تغيل بييك پريكيسر آف كو دُر آف كاربوريك گورنس

مزید برآں مالی سال جو کہ 30 جون 2018ء کو اختتام پذیر ہوا تھا، سے لے کر اس رپورٹ کی جاری کردہ تاریخ بینی 10 اکتوبر2018ء تک کوئی الیی بڑی تبدیلی رونما نہیں ہوئی جو کمپنی کی مالی صورت حال میں کسی بڑی تبدیلی کا مؤجب بنی ہو۔ ماسوائے اس کے کہ اللہ تعالی کے فضل و کرم سے مورخہ 12 ستمبر 2018 کو کمپنی نے فلوٹ گلاس پلانٹ (یونٹ 2) سے متعلق تغیراتی سرگرمیوں کا آغاز کیا ہے۔ یہ پلانٹ یومیہ 500 میٹرک ٹن فلوٹ گلاس بنانے کا حالل ہوگا۔

مستنقبل کے حوالے سے نقط نظر: اللہ تعالی کے فضل وکرم سے کمپنی نے29 مار چ2018 کو اوپل گلاس ڈنر ویئر کی مصنوعات کو کمر شلا ئز کردیا تھا۔
اوپل گلاس پلانٹ کی پیداواری صلاحیت 35 میٹرکٹن بومیہ ہے۔ اوپل گلاس ڈنر وئیر کی مصنوعات کو راک وئیر (Rockwar) کے برانڈ نیم سے مارکیٹ میں متعارف کروایا گیا ہے۔ راک وئیر پراؤکٹس کی مارکیٹ میں متبولیت قابل ستائش ہے۔ اوپل گلاس ڈنر وئیر کی حاصل کردہ پروؤشن رنگ اور معیار کے اعتبار سے بین الاقوامی معیار سے مسابقت رکھتی ہے اور کمپنی اوپل گلاس پروؤکٹ کے معیار اور قیت کی بناء پر درآمہ ہونے والی اوپل گلاس ڈنر وئیر مصنوعات سے موثر مقابلہ کرے گئے۔ گئی درآمد اوپل گلاس ڈنر وئیر مصنوعات کی ملکی درآمدات میں حد درجہ کی واقع ہوجائے گی۔

مکی معاشی حالات کا اگر جائزہ لیں تو تجارتی اورکرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کا خسارہ مسلسل بڑھ رہا ہے اور غیر مکی زرمبادلہ کے زخائز میں مسلسل کی ہورہی ہے جس کی وجہ سے روپ کی قدر میں مزید کی ہونے کا اندیجہ ہے جس کے نتیج میں برآ مدات مزید مبھی ہونے کا اختال ہے۔ دوسری طرف حکومت نے سخت مالیاتی پالیسی اپناتے ہوئے مارک اپ کی بنیادی شرح میں اضافہ کیا ہے جس بنا پر کاروبار کی مجموعی فنانس کاسٹ میں اضافہ واقع ہوگا۔

سٹیٹ بنک آف پاکستان (SBP) نے لیٹر آف کریٹرٹ کی مدیس ایٹروانس میں میں پر پابندیاں عائد کردی ہیں جس بنا پر انڈسٹری کو مشینری ،سپیرز، خام مال اور شئے پلانٹ وغیرہ کی درآمد میں مشکلات و تاخیر کا سامنا ہے۔ حصص یافتگان کو ان حالات کو مدنظر رکھنا چاہیے کہ ان وجوہات کی بناء پر شئے فلوٹ گلاس پلانٹ (بونٹ 2) کی تغییراتی سرگرمیوں میں تاخیر ہوسکتی ہے۔ مزید موجودہ آپریشنز میں بھی مشکلات پیش آسکتی ہیں۔

سمینی نے RLNG میرف کو بہتر سمجھتے ہوئے اس بناء پر اختیار کیا کہ سوئی گیس کی فراہمی بلانعطل کی جائے گی گر فیول پرائسز کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں کی وجہ سے ہر گزرتے مینے RLNG میرف کی بینٹ پرائس مسلسل بڑھ رہی ہے ان حالات اور روپے کی مسلسل گرتی قدر کے پیش نظر مجموعی مارجنز میں کی کا اختال ہے۔ ان مشکل



ڈائر میکٹرز کے معاوضے اور ریلیوٹر پارٹی ٹرانز میکٹنز کے حوالے سے معاملات: کمپنیزا یکٹ 2017 دیگر توانین اور کمپنی کے آرٹیکل آف ایسوی ایشن کے مطابق ڈائر میکٹرز کے معاوضے کا تعین کیا ہے۔ ڈائر میکٹروں کو معاوضے کی مدیس امسال جو ادائیگیاں کی گئی ہیں ان کی تفصیل لف کئے گئے آڈیوڈ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے نوٹس ٹو دی فنانٹل سیٹمٹنٹ کے نوٹ نمبر 38 میں درج ہے۔

و ں و دوں ماں س سے موت بسر ہی ہیں ورئ ہے۔ جبکہ امسال ریلیفٹ پارٹیز سے ٹرانز کیشنز کی تفصیل نوٹس ٹودی فنانشل سیٹیٹمنٹس کے نوٹ نمبر 40 میں فدکور ہے۔

ڈائر بکٹرز کا تربیتی پروگرام: رپورٹ کی نمورہ مدت کے دوران سرٹیفائیڈ ڈائر کیٹرز کی تعداد دوقتی کمپنی نے نمورہ مدت کے بعداوراس رپورٹ کے دستخط ہونے کی تاریخ کے دوران تین ڈائر کیٹرز کے لیے ڈائر کیٹرٹریڈنگ پروگرام کا اجتمام کیا۔جن کے نام مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

1-محترم منصور عرفانی 2-محترم خبل حسین بخاری 3-محترم فیض محمد

اس رپورٹ کے دشخط کی تاریخ پرسر ٹیفائیڈڈائر کیٹرز کی کل تعداد پاخ تھی۔ کمپنی کے باتی دوڈائر کیٹرزمقررہ مدت کے اندرڈائر کیٹرٹر بینگ پروگرام کی شرائط کو پوراکرلیں گے۔ بہرحال کمپنیز کے تمام ڈائر کیٹرز کوکپنیز ایکٹ 2017، شاک ایکچنج کی رول بک ، کمپنی کے میمورنڈم اور آرٹیکلز اور قوانین میں تبدیلیوں کے حوالے سے کمل آگاہی حاصل ہے اور وہ اپنے فرائض احس طریقے سے سرانجام دے سکتے ہیں۔

حصص داران کا پیٹرن: 30 جون2018ء کوختم شدہ سال کے صص داران کا پیٹرن اور اس کی تفصیل جو کیپنیز ایک 2017 کے حوالے سے درکار ہے۔ اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ مسلک ہے۔ فدکورہ مدت کے دوران کمپنی کے ڈائز یکٹرز، آفیسرز، اُن کے شریک حیات، اُن کے مائنز بچوں اور ایسوی ایوڈ کمپنی وغیرہ کی جانب سے کمپنی کے صص میں درجہ ذیل میں لائی گئی ہے۔

حصص کی تعداد	پارٹی کی نام جس کے ساتھ ٹرانز یکشن کی گئی	ٹرانز یکشن کی نوعیت	ڈائزیکٹر / ایسوی لیٹڈ کپنی کا نام	سيريل
1,000,000	ی ی محمد بیک صاحب	گفٹ کیا	محرّم طارق بیگ (مرحوم)	1
5,000,000	میسرز انڈسٹریل پراڈکٹس انویسٹمنٹ کمیٹیڈ	خرید کیے	·	
1,000,000	محرّم طارق بیک (مرحوم)	- 10		2
640,396	محترمه نعمه شهناز بيك	گفٹ حاصل کیا		
7,300	او پن مارکیٹ	, .	محترم محمر بيك	
210,000	چنگ ہانگ ڈاؤ بوہا گلاس مشین	خرید کیے		
	مينوفيكچرنگ تمپنى لميذيد			
928,844	ميسرز انڈسٹريل پراڏکش	خرید کیے	ايم اينڈ ايم گلاس پرائيويث لمينيڈ	3
	انويسثمنث لميثيثه			

ندکورہ مدت کے بعد اور اس ڈائر یکٹروں کی رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے دوران کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز نے کمپنی کے حصص میں ٹرانز یکشنز کی ہیں جن کی تفصیل درجہ ذیل ہے۔

حصص کی تغداد	پارٹی کا نام جس کے ساتھ ٹرانز یکشن کی گئی	ٹرانز یکشن کی نوعیت	<i>ۋازىكىز</i>	سيريل
18,662,864	محرّم طارق بیک (مرحم)	وصول <i>کئے اشر</i> ائسمییفن	محرّ م عمر بیگ	1
27,500	اوین مارکیٹ	خ ید کیے	محرّ م محر بیک	2

سم بینی کے ملازموں کی تفصیل: 30 جون 2018ء کوختم شدہ مالی سال پر کمپنی کے مستقل ملازموں کی تعداد 914 تھی (2017:818)۔ پر وو بیر شن فنڈ کی تفصیل: 30 جون 2018ء کوختم ہونے والے مالی سال پر پروویڈٹ فنڈ کی مجموعی سرمایہ کاری کی مالیت 109.705ملین روپے تھی (94.938 ملین روپے تھی (94.938 ملین روپے تھی (2017:818 ملین روپے تھی روپے تھی کہ تو تھی ملازموں کی مالیت 2017:818 ملین روپے تھی (2018:818 ملین روپے تھی (2018:818 ملین روپے تھی (2018:818 ملین روپے تھی روپے تھی کی ملازموں کی ملازموں کی تعداد 2014 ملین روپے تھی (2018:818 ملین روپے تھی روپے تھی



بورة ميثنگز مين شركت	بورد میننگز کی کل تعداد برائے شرکت	ڈائر بکٹر زکا نام	سيريل
1	1	محرّ م فيض محر	9
1	1	محرم ڈیوڈ جولین	10
1	1	محرّم نغيم نذري	11

پورڈ آف ڈائر مکٹرز کی کمیٹیاں: بورڈآف ڈائر کیٹرز کے ممبرز نے دو کمیٹیاں بھی ترتیب دی ہیں جن کے نام پر تال کنندہ کمیٹی اور انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی ہیں۔ بیکیٹی ہیں۔ بیکیٹیاں اپی تعین کردہ صدود کے اندر رہتے ہوئے بورڈ کو معاونت فراہم کرتی ہیں اور پنجنٹ کورہنمائی بہم پہنچاتی ہیں تاکہ وہ اپی روزم ہ ذمہ دار ہوں کو احسن طریقے سے ادا کر عیس۔ کمیٹیوں کی ترتیب درج ذیل ہے:

یں: برج تال کشدہ (آ وٹ) میٹی: تین ممبران پر مشتل ہے بشمول ایک آزاد ڈائر کیٹر کے۔جن کے نام مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

- 1- محترم عجّل حسین بخاری، چیئر مین (آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر)
 - 2- محترم منصور عرفانی ممبر
 - 3- محترمه روبينه نير، ممبر

فرکورہ سال کے دوران پڑتال کنندہ ممیٹی کے 14جلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ پڑتال کنندہ ممیٹی کے ممبرز کی میٹنگ میں حاضری کی تفصیل درج ذیل ہے۔

پژتال کننده کمیٹی کی میٹنگز میں شرکت	پڑتال کنندہ میٹنگز کی کل تعداد برائے شرکت	ڈائزیکٹرکا نام	سيريل
4	4	محترم عجل حسين بخارى	1
3	3	محرّ م محر بیک	2
2	2	محرّ مه روبینه نیمر	3
2	2	محرّمه نعیمه شهناز بیک	4
-	1	محترم منصور عرفاني	5

انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی: اس میں بھی تین ممبران ہیں جن کے نام مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

- -1 محرّم مجل حسین بخاری، چیئر مین
 - 2- محترم عمر بیک ممبر
 - 3- محترم منصور عرفانی ممبر

اس کمیٹی کی تھکیل انسانی وساکل کی ترقی کے حوالے سے اقدامات کرنے اور انہیں عملی جامہ پہنانے کے لیے کی گئی ہے۔ یہ کمیٹی بورڈ کی معاونت اور مینجمنٹ کو رہنمائی بہم پہنچاتی ہے تاکہ انسانی وساکل سے متعلق کارگر پالیمیاں مرتب کی جاسکیں۔ جوکہ ان کی استعداد کار، کارکردگی کی جائج ، معاوضے ، آسامیوں پر تقرری کے حوالے سے طریقہ کارمرتب کرے اور موجودہ قوانین سے متصادم نہ ہو۔ امسال کے دوران انسانی وساکل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی کے 3 اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ انسانی وساکل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی کے 3 اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ انسانی وساکل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی کے ممبرز کی میٹنگ میں حاضری کی تفصیل درج ذیل ہے۔

انسانی وسائل میکنگزیی شرکت	انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی میٹنگز کی کل تعداد برائے شرکت	ڈائزیکٹرزکا نام	سيريل
3	3	محرّ م مجل حسين بغاري	1
3	3	محترم منصور عرفاني	2
2	2	محرّ م عمر بیگ	3
1	1	محرّم طارق بیک(مرحوم)	4



پورڈ کی تھکیل: کمیٹیڈاداروں پر لاگو کا رپوریٹ گونٹس ریگولیشنز 2017 کے کوڈ کے تحت بورڈ تھکیل پایا ہے۔ جو کہ درج ذیل ہے۔ کل ڈائر کیٹرز کی تعداد 7ہےجن میں:

1 - مرد 6

2-خاتون 1

مندرجه بالا 7 دُائر يكثرز كے بورد ميں دُائر يكثرز كيشيش كا خلاصه مندرجه ذيل ب:

- آزاد ڈائر بکٹرز
- آزاد ڈائر کیٹرز 2 نان ایگر کیٹو ڈائر کیٹرز 3
- ا يگزيکڻو ڈائر يکٹرز _3

اس کے علاوہ اس وقت مندرجہ ذیل ڈائز بکٹرز کمپنی کے بورڈ پر خدمات سرانجام دے رہے ہیں۔

rt	נובה הינצ
محترم منجل حسین بخاری، محترم فیض محمه	آزاد ڈائز یکٹرز:
محترم منصورع فانى مجترم سعد اقبال ممحترمه روبيينه نيئر	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائزیکٹرز:
محرّ م عمر بیک، محرّ م محمد بیک	ا يَكِز يَكُو دُائرَ يَكُثرُز:

فرکورہ مدت کے دوران درج ذیل شتیں خالی ہوئیں اور ان پر تقرریاں کردی گئیں۔

شے ڈائزیکٹرکا نام	تقرری کی تاریخ	نشت خالی ہوئی	ڈائز یکٹر (مشتعفی اانتقال)	تاريخ
محترمه روبينه نثير	03 نومبر2017	ڈائز یکٹر	محترمه نعمه شهناز بیک	2017ء کتوبر
محترمه روبينه نئير	03 نوم ر2017	ممبرآف آڈٹ سمیٹی		
محترم فيض محمه	2018 كارچ 2018	ڈائز یکٹر		
محترم عمر بيك	25جۇرى 2018	مينجتگ ڈائر يکٹر	محرّم طارق بیک (مرعوم)	18 جۇرى 2018
محترم عمر بیک	25جۇرى 2018	ممبرانسانی وسائل اورمعاوضے		
		کی تمینی		

محتر م تجل حسین بخاری کو آزاد ڈائر بکٹر ہونے کی وجہ سے محتر منصور عرفانی کی جگہ انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی نمیٹی کا چیر مین بھی مقرر کیا گیا ہے۔ جبکہ محترم منصور عرفانی صاحب بطورممبر انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی تمییٹی میں شامل ہیں۔

سیانسر ڈائر بکٹر کی طرف سے فراہم کردہ انٹرسٹ فری قرضہ کی مدیس574.824 ملین روپے فدکورہ مدت کے دوران ان کو واپس ادا کئے گئے ہیں۔ سانسر زکے قرضے کی اوائیگی کی اجازت کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرنے مورخہ 31مئ 2017 کو دی تھی۔

بورڈ میٹنگر: نکورہ سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر زے 6اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ بورڈ ممبرز کی میٹنگزیں حاضری کی تفصیل درج ذیل ہے:

بورد میشنگز میں شرکت	بورد میننگز ی کل تعداد برائے شرکت	ڈائر یکٹرزکا نام	سيريل
6	6	محرّ م عمر بیگ	1
5	6	محترم منصور عرفاني	2
4	6	محرم منجل حسين بغارى	3
5	5	محرّ م محر بیک	4
4	5	محترم سعدا قبال	5
4	4	محرّم طارق بیک (مرحوم)	6
2	2	محرّمه نعیمه شهناز بیک	7
2	2	محرّ مه روبدینه نیمر	8



- 5- اندرونی کنرول کا نظام آ کید فانشل ہو یا نان فناشنل نہایت بہترین ہیں اور اس پرموثر طریقے سے عملدرآ مداور تکرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
 - 6- کمپنی کے منصوبوں اور اُمور کی انجام دہی کے لئے اس کی بہترین صلاحیت برکوئی شک نہیں ہے۔
 - 7- محصولات سے متعلق معلومات مالی گوشواروں کے نوٹس میں درج ہیں۔
- 8- لعاد کمینیز (کوژآف کارپوریٹ گورنس)ریگولیشنز 2017 کے بہترین طریقوں سے متصادم کوئی بے ضابطگی عمل میں نہیں آئی ہے۔اس حوالے سے شیٹینٹ آف کمیلائنس اور اُس برآڈیٹرز کی ربویورپورٹ علیحدہ سے لف کردی گئی ہیں۔

ا ثدرونی مالیاتی کنٹرول: سمپنی کے اندر تمام سطوں پر مربوط اندرونی مالیاتی کنٹرول کا نظام تیار کرکے لاگو کیا گیا ہے۔ اندرونی مالیاتی کنٹرول کا نظام سمپنی کے مقاصد کو حاصل کرنے، عملیاتی کارکردگی ، قابل اعتاد مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کویٹینی بنانے اس کے علاوہ قوانین ، قواعد وضوابط اور پالیسیوں کوعملی جامہ پہنانے کے لیے برزائن کہا گیا ہے۔

ریون تو میں میں میں میں میں اور ڈی جانب سے گہرے رنج وغم کے ساتھ مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ جناب محرّم طارق بیک صاحب ادارے کے فاؤنڈنگ فادر موردی 18 جنوب محرّم طارق بیک صاحب ادارے کے فاؤنڈنگ فادر موردی 18 جنوبی کو انقال فرما گئے۔ (اناللہ واناالہ راجعون)۔ اللہ تعالی ان کی مغفرت فرما کیں اور جنت الفردوس میں اعلیٰ مقام عطا فرما کیں۔ آمین بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز نے 2 سمبر 2017ء کو اپنے آفس کی تین سالہ مدت کھل کر لی تھی ۔ اس حوالے سے اگلے تین سال کی مدت کے لیے زیر دفعہ 159 آف کینیز آبکٹ 2017ء وار جس میں شیئر ہولڈرز نے اگلی مدت جو کہ مجمولی اجلاسِ عام موردہ 30 اگست 2017ء کو ہوا۔ جس میں شیئر ہولڈرز نے اگلی مدت جو کہ دمتر 2017ء تا 2 سیسر 2020ء ہے ، کے لئے ڈائز یکٹرز کا انتخاب کیا:

الکیشن سے پہلے اور بعد میں بورڈ کے ممبران کے نام درج ذیل ہیں۔

تبمره	موجودہ ٹرم (آغاز 3 متبر 2017 تا 2 متبر 2020) میں ڈائر یکٹرز کے نام	چھلی ٹرم (افقام مدت 2 ستمبر 2017) میں ڈائر بیکٹرز کے نام	سيريل
18 جنوري2018 كوانقال فرما گئ	محترم طارق بیک (مرحوم)	محرّم طارق بیک (مرحوم)	1
بدستور ڈائر یکٹر ہیں اور محترم طارق بیک	محتر م عمر بیگ	محترم عمر بیگ	2
(مرحوم) کی وفات کے بعد			
مورخه 2 5 جنوری 1 8 0 2 کو بطور			
مینجبتگ ڈائریکٹرمقرر ہوئے۔			
28 اكتوبر 2017 كوستعفى ہوگئيں	محترمه نعيمه شهناز بيك	محترمه نعيمه شهناز بيك	3
بدستور ڈائز یکٹر ہیں	محترم منصور عرفاني	محترم منصور عرفانى	4
بدستور ڈائر یکٹر ہیں	محترم تتجل حسين بخارى	محترم تتجل حسين بخارى	5
موجودہ مدت کے لیے انتخاب میں حصہ	-	محرم ذيوذ جولين	6
نہیں لیا		·	
موجودہ مدت کے لیے انتخاب میں حصہ	-	محتزم نغيم نذريه	7
خہیں لیا		, .	
بدستور ڈائر یکٹر ہیں	محرّ م محر بیک	-	8
بدستنور ڈائر یکٹر ہیں	محترم سعدا قبال	-	9
محرمه نعمه شهناز بیک صاحبه کی جگه	محترمه روبدينه نثير	-	10
مورخه 3 نومبر 2017 كو ڈائر يكٹر نامزد			
ہوئیں اور بدستور ڈائر یکٹر ہیں			
محترم طارق بیک صاحب کی جگه مورخه	محترم فيض محمر	-	11
2010چ 2018 كو ڈائز يكٹر نامزد	·		
ہوئے اور بدستور ڈائر یکٹر ہیں			



ڈائر کیٹروں کی رپورٹ

ڈائر کیٹرز اپنی رپورٹ برائے مالی سال ختم شدہ 30 جون 2018 بیٹمول کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے ہمراہ دیگر رپورٹس پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں کرتے ہیں۔

موجودہ معاشی حالات: گذشتہ دوسالوں سے پاکتان میں اقتصادی ترقی کی رفتار 5 فیصد سے زیادہ رہی ہے۔ اقتصادی سال خم شرہ 30 جون 2018 میں اقتصادی برق کی جرب اقتصادی سال خم شرہ 30 جون 2018 میں اقتصادی ترقی کی شرح 5.79 فیصد ریکارڈ کی گئی ہے جو کہ گذشتہ 13 سالوں میں سب سے زیادہ ہے۔ البتہ تجارتی خمارے اور غیر کمکی کرنی کے ذخائر میں کی پاکتانی روپے کی قدر میں بھی کی کی فیصد ریکارڈ کی گئی ہے جو کہ گذشتہ 13 سالوں میں سب سے زیادہ ہے۔ البتہ تجارتی خمارے اور غیر کمکی کرنی کے ذخائر میں کی پاکتانی نہوں اور خور مارک آپ کی بنیادی مجدی مسابقت بوری میں اضافہ ہوگا۔ ہم یقین رکھتے ہیں کہ پاکستان میں اداروں اور انڈسٹری کی مجموعی مسابقت میں من دیر استخام آئے گا۔ سرکاری شعبوں کی استعداد کار میں اضافہ ہوگا، بنیادی ڈھانچ کے منصوبوں کی بروقت شکیل اور موثر استعال کی وجہ سے علاقائی استخام اور ممنوط ترقی کو فروغ حاصل ہوگا۔

کا رو با رکی حالات: اللہ تعالی کے فضل وکرم سے کمپنی نے مالی سال 18-2017 میں ریکا رڈ خالص فروختگی 12,302 ملین روپے رجشر کی ۔جس کا اگر پیچلے سال سے موازنہ کیا جائے تو وہ 9,903 ملین روپے تھی جو 24.23 فیصد کا خاطر خواہ اضا فہ ظاہر کرتا ہے ۔ ٹیکس کی ادائیگی کے بعد فہ کورہ مدت کا خالص منا فع 1,097 ملین روپے اور ای پی ایس 14.94 روپے فی حصص رہا ۔ جس کا اگر پیچلے سال کی مدت سے موازنہ کیا جائے تو وہ رقم ہالترتیب 760 ملین روپے اور ای پی فیصص تھی ۔ خالص منا فع کی خطیر رقم آپریٹنگ طریقہ کار کے ارتقاء اور اس کی موثر گرانی ، مارکیٹنگ کی منصوبہ بندی ، پرومو هنل سکیموں اور میڈیا اور میں اشتہا ربازی کی مرہون منت ہے ۔ اس کی بدولت کمپنی اپنی ٹیبل وئیر اور فلوٹ گلاس مصنوعات کی طلب کو بڑھانے میں کا میاب رہی ۔ کپنی کے آپریٹنگ اور مالی اعدادو تا کی طلب کو بڑھانے میں کا میاب رہی ۔ کپنی کے آپریٹنگ اور مالی اعدادو تا کی طلب کو بڑھانے تائج ورج ذیل ہیں:

مالی سال2017 (ملین روپے)	مالی سال2018 (ملین روپے)	^م تضيل
9,903	12,302	خالص فرونتگی
2,018	2,324	مجوئ منافع
1,434	1,579	آ پریننگ منافع
1,185	1,425	فیس کی ادائیگی سے پہلے کا منافع
760	1,097	عیس کی ادائیگی کے بعد کا خالص منافع
10.34	14.94	آ مدنی فی حصص (روپوں میں)

الله تعالیٰ کے فضل و کرم سے ندکورہ مدت کے دوران کمپنی کی بیداداری صلاحیت کھمل طور پر کارگر رہی۔جبداد پل گلاس ڈنر وئیر فرنس سے پیدادار 29مارچ 2018 کو کمرهلائز کردی گئی تھی۔جس کے نتیج میں گلاس مصنوعات کی مجموعی بیدادار میں خاطر خواہ اضافہ ہوا ہے اور کمپنی کی کیلز میں شاندار اضافہ کمکن ہوریا۔

کینی کے ڈائر کیٹر زیر فور مدت کے مالی نتائج پر کمل فورد وفن کرتے ہوئے کیٹ ڈیوڈیٹر بحماب 6.00 روپ فی تصف (60%) کی سفارش کی ہے۔

کار پوریٹ اور سرماید کی رپورٹنگ کا فریم ورک: اسٹنگ ریکولیٹوز کی دفعات کافٹیل میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نہایت سرت کے ساتھ مندرجہ ذیل بیانات کی تقدیق کرتے ہیں:

- 1- اس سال کے مالی گوشوارے، کمپنی کے اسٹیٹ آف افیئر ز، آپریشنز کے نتائج، مالی بہاؤ اور ایکوئیٹی میں تبدیلی کو بالکل منصفانہ پیش کرتے ہیں۔
- 2- امسال کے مالی گوشوارے کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤشنگ پالیسیوں کونسلسل کے ساتھ لاگو کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤشنگ اندازے معقول اور دانشمندانہ فیصلے کی بنیاد پر بنی ہیں۔
 - 3- کھاتہ جات کو مناسب طریقہ سے وضع کیا گیا ہے۔
 - 4- مالی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں لا گوائٹر بیشنل فنانقل رپورٹنگ سٹینڈرڈز کا استعال کیا گیا ہے۔

چير مين کا جائزه

تمام ممبرز کوانتہائی وُ کھاورغم کے ساتھ مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ کمپنی کے سابقہ پینجیگ ڈائر یکٹرمحتر م جناب طارق بیگ صاحب مورخہ 18 جنوری2018 کوانقال فرما گئے ہیں (اناللہ داناالہ راجعون)اللہ تعالی اُن کی مغفرت و بخشش فرما کمیں اور جنت الفردوس میں اعلیٰ مقام عطافر ما کمیں۔ (آمین)

طارق بیک صاحب کاویژن، نظریه، خیالات اوراُن کا کام آئنده نسلون تک یادر کھاجائے گا اور ہماری رہنمائی کرتارہے گا۔طارق بیک صاحب ایک متحرک لیڈر تھے اور زندگی کے تمام شعبوں میں ان کی کارکردگی قاتلی ستائش ہے وہ نہ صرف ایک وانشور بلکہ نظیمی مہارت میں یکاولا ٹانی مثال تھے۔اس کے علاوہ اخلاقی اقد اراور انسانیت دوست بلند پا بیکردار کے ماک شخصے۔ سب سے اہم وہ نظیمی سائمیت کے ضامن ، ایمانداری کی اعلیٰ اقد ار کے فراہم کنندہ ، انسانی ہمدردی اور ساجی خدمت کا حسین امتزاج تھے۔

طارق گلاس انڈسٹر پر لمیٹڈ پاکستان کی نمایاں گلاس مینوفیکچرنگ کمپنی بن کرا کھری ہے اور کمپنی نے اس مقام تک پنچنے کے لیے قابلِ ستائش ترقی کا سفر طے کیا ہے۔اس شاندار کا میابی کوحاصل کرنے میں اللہ کی مدداور فضل کے بعد کمپنی ورکرز کی انتقاب محنت، درست حکمت عملی اور منصوبہ بندی کی وجہ سے ممکن ہوئی۔ کمپنی نے اس سال ریکارڈ 200، 12 ملین رو پول کی سیلز رجسٹر کی بین اور ٹیکس کے بعد کا منافع اور ای پی ایس بالتر تیب 1,097 ملین رو پول کی سیلز رجسٹر کی بین اور ٹیکس کے بعد کا منافع اور ای پی ایس بالتر تیب 1,097 ملین رو پول کی شازی کرتا ہے۔

کمپنیزا یکن2017 کی دفعہ192 کے مطابق کمپنی کے صص داران کو طلع کیاجاتا ہے کہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے اپنی سالانہ کارکردگی کا جائزہ لیا ہے۔اس جائزے کا مقصد یہ بیٹنی بنانا تھا کہ بورڈ ممبرز کی عبوری کارکردگی کمپنی کے دیژن اور مقاصد کے مطابق تھی۔اس جائزے میں جن خامیوں کی نشاندہ ہی ہوئی ہے ان کی درنتگی کے لیے منصوبہ بندی کی گئی ہے۔ ہبرحال کمپنی کے مقاصد کو حالے سے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی کارکردگی تسلی بخش ہے۔

اس جائزے میں جن خصوصیات کو جانچا گیاوہ درجہ ذیل ہیں۔

1) - كمپنى كے ورثن مشن اور ويليوز سے ہم آ منگى

2)_منصوبه بندى وحكمت عملى بنانے اور بنوانے ميں شموليت

3) تنظیمی اور کاروباری سرگرمیوں میں شمولیت

4) فرائض کی ادائیگی اوراختیار کے استعال میں انہاک

5)_بوردهمبرزى قابليت اورمهارت مين تنوع

6) تنظیمی حکمرانی میں مہارت

منصورعرفانی چیئرمین

تاريخ:10 اكتوبر 2018ء، لا مور





TARIQ GLASS INDUSTRIES LIMITED

128-J BLOCK, MODEL TOWN, LAHORE

FORM OF PROXY

Folio / CDC Account Number:	Number	of Shares:
I / We		
of		
being a member of M/s Tariq	Glass Industries L	imited hereby appoint
Mr./Ms		
of		
(the Folio / CDC Account Number of as my / our proxy to attend, speak ar Annual General Meeting of the member the October 27, 2018 at Defence Cantt and at any adjournment thereof.	nd vote for me / us and ers of the Company to be	on my / our behalf at the 40 ^t held at 11:00 AM on Saturday
Member's Signature		
Signature		Please affix
Name:		Revenue Stamp of Rs. 5/- and
Address:		deface it with your signature.
CNIC No.:		
Witness-1	Witness-2	
Signature	Signature	
Name:		
Address:	Address:	
CNIC No.:	CNIC No.:	

NOTE: The form of proxy, in order to be effective, must complete in all aspects and received at the Registered Address of Company not later than 48 hours before the meeting. The form of proxy must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.



پراکسی فارم

() () () () () () () () () ()	
فاليونمبر/CDCاكاؤنث نمبر:	
میں مسمی امساۃ ۔۔۔۔۔۔ساکن ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔	۔۔۔ ضلع ۔۔۔۔۔ بحثیت
ممبرطارق گلاس انڈسڑیز لیمٹڈ مسمی امساۃ ۔۔۔۔۔۔ساکن۔۔۔	
مقرر کرتا / کرتی ہوں (پراکسی ممبر کا فالیونمبر/CDCاکاؤنٹ نمبر	۔۔۔۔ ہے) تا کہ وہ میری جگہ
اورمیری طرف سے ممپنی کے جالیسویں (40)سالانہ اجلاس عام جو	ئے 27 کتوبر 2018ء بروز ہفتہ گیارہ
بجے ڈیفنس سروسز آفیسرزمیس ، الحفیل روڈ لاہور کینٹ میں منعقد ہو	ہے یا اس کے کسی ملتوی شدہ اجلاس
میں شرکت کرے اور ووٹ ڈالے۔	
دستخط بحثیت ممبر	ر يو ينيس شهپ ماليت ۵
نام:ــــــنام	روپے چہاں کریں اوراپے د منتخا کیما تھ منسوخ کریں .
: "	V
شناختی کا رڈ / پا سپورٹ نمبر:۔۔۔۔۔۔	
گواه نمبرا:	:
وستخط ــــــ وستخ	
رن:	
: : ;;;	
شناختی کا رؤ /یا سپورٹ نمبر:۔۔۔۔۔۔ شناختی	ردُ ایا سپورٹ نمبر:
•	*
نوٹ: انعقاد اجلاس سے ۴۸ گھنٹے قبل پرائسی کا بیرفارم جو ہرلحاظ ہے	ں اور دستخط شدہ ہو سمپنی کے رجسرو ڈ
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

آفيس ميں جمع كرواديا جائے۔