ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2018





DATA AGRO LIMITED





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COMPANY INFORMATION

Chief Executive: Mr. Faaiz Rahim Khan

Directors: Mr. Asad Rahim Khan

Mr. Hamid Jamshed

Mr. Muhammad Ayub Khan

Mr. Asif Rahim Khan Mr. Anwar-ul-Haq Mrs. Badar Hussain

Chief Financial Officer: Mr. Muhammad Azam

Company Secretary: Mr. Suhail Mehmood

Audit Committee: Mr. Hamid Jamshed (Chairman)

Mr. Asad Rahim Khan (Member) Mrs. Badar Hussain (Member)

HR Committee: Mr. Hamid Jamshed (Chairman)

Mr. Muhammad Ayub Khan (Member)

Mrs. Badar Hussain (Member) Mr. Asad Rahim Khan (Member)

Auditors: M/s. Rafagat Mansha Mohsin

Dossani Masoom & Co. Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor, Sharjah Centre, 62-Shadman Market,

Lahore.

Bankers: Habib Bank Limited

Allied Bank Limited The Bank of Punjab MCB Bank Limited

Legal Advisor: Ashtar Ali & Co.

Advocates and Corporate Consultants

Share Registrar: Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd.

H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore

Registered Office: 135-Scotch Corner, Upper Mall, Lahore.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 26th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of Data Agro Limited will be held on Saturday October 27, 2018 at 11:30 A.M. at the Registered Office of the Company, 135-Scotch Corner, Upeer Mall, Lahore to transact the following business.

- 1. To confirm the minutes of 25th Annual General Meeting held on October 31, 2017.
- 2. To receive and adopt the Audited Accounts of the Company along with Directors and Auditors reports thereon, for the year ended June 30, 2018.
- 3. To elect Directors in accordance with the provisions of Section 159 of the Companies Act, 2017. The Directors have fixed the number of elected Directors at SEVEN .The Names of the retiring Directors are as under:
 - a) Mr. Faaiz Rahim Khan
- b) Mr. Hamid Jamshed
- c) Mr. Asif Rahim Khan
- d) Mr. Asad Rahim Khan
- e) Mr. Anwar Ul Haq
- f) Mrs. Badar Hussain
- g) Mr. M.Ayub Khan

The retiring directors are eligible for re-appointment.

- 4. To appoint Auditors of the company for the year ended June 30, 2019 and to fix their remuneration. The retiring Auditors M/s Rafaqat Mansha Mohsin Dossani Masoom & Co. Chartered Accountants, being eligible has offered themselves for reappointment.
- 5. Any other business with the permission of the chair.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain close from October 21, 2018 to October 27, 2018 (both days inclusive).

(Suhail Mehmood)
Company Secretary

Lahore October 06, 2018.

NOTES:

- (a) The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain close from October 21, 2018 to October 27, 2018 (both days inclusive).
- (b) A member entitled to attend and vote at the above meeting may appoint another as proxy to attend, speak, & vote on his/her behalf. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not later than forty eight hours before the time of meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- (c) Members whose shares are deposited within CDC of Pakistan Limited are requested to bring original computerized CNIC along with the participants ID number and their account number in CDC of Pakistan Limited to facilitate identification at the time of annual general meeting. In case of proxy, an attested copy of proxy's CNIC, account and participant CNIC be enclosed. In case of corporate entity,



- (d) Members are requested to notify the Company of the any change in their addresses, if any change inform the Company's Share Registrar M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd at H.M House 7-Bank Square, Lahore
- (e) Nomination from the member for the office of Director must be received at least 14 clear days before the time of the meeting at the registered office of the Company during working hours.
- (f) SECP through its Notification SRO 787 (I)/2014 dated September 8, 2014 has allowed the circulation of Audited Financial Statements along with Notice of Annual General Meeting to the members of the Company through e-mail. Therefore, all members of the Company who which to receive soft copy of Annual Reports are requested to send their e-mail address. The consent form for electronic transmission could be downloaded from the Company's website: www.dataagrolimited.com.

The Company shall, however, provide hard copy of the Audited Financial Statement to its shareholders, on request, free of cost, within seven days of receipt of such request.



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

On behalf of the Board of Directors, the shareholders of the Company are warmly welcomed to the Annual General Meeting of the Company. I also welcome the newly elected Board of Directors and the various recently set up Board committees and hope that they will elevatethe Company's tactical, operational, and financial strategies to new heightsby utilizing their broad range of visions, in-depth knowledge and vast market experience. I would also like to place on record my appreciation of the contributions made by the outgoing Board and Committees.

By upholding the vision and core values of the business, the Board followed a proactive approach to maximize shareholders' value. It did so by equipping the Company with every possible resource that would enable the Company's management to derive value frommany opportunities while achieving an appropriate balance between risk and returns. Good corporate governance has been ensured by maintaining high levels of professional and business conduct, implementing effective internal controls and audit functions, including a relevant risk-management framework. The Board not only focused on implementing the strategies set in previous years to continue forward with hard-won momentum, but also found benefit in engaging in new business opportunities.

The year started, under the visionary stewardship of the Board, with a clear roadmap on how to create and capture value for all stakeholders. 2017-18 was another volatile year for the seed industry with prices appearing to be on track for a sustainable recovery by the end of the year. The industry has faced several challenges and pressures during the recent years which still need addressing in order to make the business more viable in light of a slowing global economy and changing political and socioeconomic factors. Growth in emerging markets shall provide an opportunity to support and strengthen this industry to make it more lucrative and profitable. The economic factors within the country deteriorated in the backdrop of political upheaval and the government focused on controlling challenges regarding energy crisis, unemployment, infrastructure development, and other sectors. Lack of Foreign Direct Investment also contributed to the slowdown of the economy. Despite this,there was a 30% increase in sales. Management has done well to capture an additional share of the market to reflect this increase in sales. Given the leadership of the Board, the decision-making of Management, and the effort of every member of the Company, it is certain that the Company will remain on the path of delivering excellent performance consistently.

LAHORE October 05, 2018 HAMID JAMSHED Chairman

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DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The Directors of the Company are pleased to present the 26th annual report along with the audited accounts for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Performance Review

The Company has processed seeds of Cotton, Wheat and produced Hybrid Corn. We continue to add new crops to our range of seeds that we provide to the farmer. We are actively involved in Hybrid Corn production. We benefited from the farmers being positive about the Cotton Crop. Our results show an increase in 3rd party cotton seed processing/delinting totaling 2,922 Metric Tons (2017: 2,350 Metric Tons).

	2018 (M.Ton)	2017 (M.Ton)
Production	2922	2350

Financial Results

The summary of financial results is being furnished hereunder for a quick glance.

	2018	2017
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Sales	130,597,599	122,375,954
Cost of sales	103,292,839	95,118,324
Gross profit	27,304,760	27,257,630
Operating expenses	20,417,802	21,528,680
Finance & other charges	907,381	740,809
Other income	897,764	77,770
Profit / (loss) before taxation	6,877,341	5,065,911
Taxation	3,024,329	2,728,309
Profit/ (loss) after taxation	3,853,012	2,337,601

The review period has shown better performance from the Company. Financials show an increase in sales while keeping costs in check. The main reason for this change has been the efforts and focus of our staff. Another reason is 3rd party cultivation which reduced our cost. We hope this trend will continue to be beneficial for the Company in the future. Our new Hybrids produced good results and reports from the market and farmers are positive. We hope sales of these seeds will increase further.

We continue to invest heavily in R&D of Hybrid Corn and other seeds. This has lowered profit margins, but we consider it a worthwhile investment. We are hopeful the coming quarter will produce favorable results from Hybrid Corn sales. We are optimistic about yield results. Our cotton seed sale, in both fuzzy and delinted form, has maintained high standards of quality.

Management has done extremely well in controlling administrative costs. Distribution has been made more effective while maintaining strict financial checks. The Company meets all Prudential Regulations/Ratios of State Bank of Pakistan. We have the option of raising funds from banks, but as a matter of policy are not presently taking any loans.



Corporate Governance

Please note that your company is fully complaint with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance as incorporated in the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange;

The following are statements on corporate and financial reporting frame work;

- 1. The financial statement, prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of Affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- 2. Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the company.
- 3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- 4. International accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- 5. The system of internal control is sound and is continuously reviewed by internal audit and other such procedures. The process of review will continue with the objective to improve further.
- 6. The company has followed the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations wherever possible.
- 7. There are no doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- 8. The company has not declared any dividend. The company has planned to invest and utilize available funds to get better results and profit.

Audit Committee

The board has constituted an audit committee, consisting of three non-executive directors and its chairman is an independent director.

HR Committee

The board has constituted a HR committee, consisting of 4 non-executive directors and its chairman is an independent director.

Key Operating and Financial Data

A statement summarizing key operating and financial data for six years including current year is annexed.

Vision/Mission

The statement reflecting the Vision/Mission of the company is annexed.

Ethics and Business Practices

The statement outlining the Ethics and Business Practices of the company is annexed.



Board Meeting

During the financial year under consideration six meetings were held and the attendance by respective directors was as follows:

Name of Directors	Meetings Attended
Mr. Faaiz Rahim Khan	6
Mr.Asif Rahim Khan	4
Mr.HamidJamshed	6
Mr.MuhammadAyub Khan	4
Mrs. BadarHussain	5
Mr. Anwar-ul-Haq	6
Mr. Asad Rahim Khan	5

Leave of absense was granted to directors who could not attend any of the Board Meetings.

Pattern of Shareholdings

The pattern of Shareholdings is on page No.46.

Future Outlook

In future we shall concentrate on Hybrid Corn seed but will also make efforts to make our range of seeds comprehensive. In the coming year we shall invest in varieties of cotton seed and wheat and plan to enter in the vegetable seeds market. This will increase our capacity utilization further while maintaining our high standards of quality.

Auditors

The present Auditors M/S. Rafaqat, Mansha, Mohsin, Dossani, Masoom & Company, Chartered Accountants, retired and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment for the year ending June 30, 2019.

Acknowledgment

I want to thank our employees, customers, and suppliers for their continued support and faith in the company. All our shareholders must closely examine the results and see that we are making progress in the right direction. I would like to express our gratitude to our shareholders for support and encouragement.

On behalf of the Board

FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN Chief Executive

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VISION/MISSION STATEMENT

a. Vision Statement

Our Vision is;

- * A leading producer of agro products (seeds, chemicals) by providing the highest quality of products and services to its customers/growers by making an efficient use of the sciences of modern genetics, biotechnology and plant nutrition.
- * To strive for excellence through commitment, integrity, honesty and team work.
- * Highly ethical company and be respected corporate citizen to continue playing due role in the social and environmental sectors of the country.
- * To develop an extremely motivated and professional trained work force, which would drive growth through innovation and renovation.
- * Sustained growth in earning in real terms.

b. Mission Statement

* Our mission is to be dynamic, profitable and growth oriented company by providing good return on investment to its shareholders and investors, quality products to its customers/growers and a secure and friendly environment place of work to its employees and to project Paksitan's image in the National and International agro Market.





STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 Year ending: June 30, 2018

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors areas per the following: 2. The total number of directors areas per the following:

Gender	Number
Male	6
Female	1

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Hamid Jamshed
Other Non Executive Directors	Mr. Asif Rahim Khan Mr. M. Ayub Khan Mr. Asad Rahim Khan Mrs. Badar Hussain
Executive Director	Mr. Faaiz Rahim Khan Mr. Anwar Ul Hag

Further, as per the proviso to Regulation 6 of the 2017 Code, grace period has been prescribed inrespect of transition phase for composition of the Board with respect to minimum number of independent directors as specified in the 2017 Code. Subsequent to the year end, fresh election for the Company's Board of Directors were held on October 27, 2018 and the related requirement of the 2017 Code has also been complied with.

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. In terms of Regulation 20 of the 2017 Code, the Companies are required to ensure that all the directors on their board have acquired the prescribed certification under Director Training Program by June 30, 2021. Presently no director has participated in the training program required as per Regulation, however in the next financial year the compliance of the said Regulation will be ensured.
- 10.The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.



12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

Committees	Composition/Names
Audit Committee	Mr. Hamid Jamshed - Chairman (Independent Director)
	Mr. Asad Rahim Khan - Member Mr. Shaharyar Ali Khan - Member
HR & Remuneration Committee	Mr. Hamid Jamshed - Chairman
	Members: Mr. Muhammad Ayub Khan - Member Mrs. Badar Hussain – Member Mr. Asad Rahim Khan - Memeber

The Company was in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance, 2012 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Further, during the year, the committees of the Board of Directors have been reconstituted to comply with the requirements of the 2017 Code.

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following:

Committees	Composition/Names
Audit Committee	Four quarterly meetings were held during the financial year ended June 30, 2018
HR & Remuneration Committee	One meeting was held during the financial year ended June 30, 2018

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

Place: Lahore.

Date: October 05, 2018

FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN
Chief Executive





STATEMENT OF ETHICS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES

Data Agro Limited was established with an aim of producing quality delinted cotton seed for its customers. The following core values have been incorporated in our system to promote ethical business practices while producing quality products.

THE QUALITY OF PRODUCT

We strive to produce the best quality delinted cotton seed for our customers. We continuously update ourselves with technological advancements in cotton seed delinting technology and strive to implement these changes in our company. We maintain all relevant technical and professional standards to be compatible with the requirements of the trade.

EMPLOYEES

Recruitment of personnel on merit offering training and career development, equal opportunities of growth, no discrimination or harassment and reward for achievements. Improved working conditions, ensuring safety and health. Terminal benefits as per policy on retirement or redundancy.

Employees shall not use company information and assets for their personal advantage. Conflict of interest shall be avoided and disclosed where it exists and guidance sought.

CUSTOMER RELATION

Ensure customer satisfaction by providing quality products at competitive prices and ensuring after sale service and advice. Prompt, efficient attention to complaints is integral to our client care commitment.

SHARE HOLDERS, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS & CREDITORS

Protection of investment made in the company. We focus on maximizing long term share holder's value through strong financial performance and returns, disciplined and profitable expansion. A commitment to accurate and timely communication on achievements and prospects.

SUPPLIERS

Prompt settling of bills, co-operation to achieve quality and efficiency, no bribery or excess hospitality accepted or given.

SOCIETY/COMMUNITY

Compliance with the spirit of laws. Timely payment of all Government taxes and dues. Eliminate the release of substance that may cause environmental damage. Financial assistance for promoting education and social activities including games and donations charity to deserving.

GENERAL

The company shall neither support any political party nor contribute funds to groups or associations whose activities promote political interest through trade association.

IMPLEMENTATION

Company board to ensure implementation of these codes, regular monitoring, review for modification / amendment where necessary.



125,214,962

123,340,004

118,214,456

152,502,457

164,659,489

167,931,805



KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA FOR THE LAST SIX YEARS

BALANCE SHEET						
Capital & Liabilities	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees	2013 Rupees
Share Capital & Reserves Authorised Capital						
5,000,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each	50,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paidup capital						
4,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash	40,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000
Surplus on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	58,406,653	62,197,470	66,211,071	34,017,751	36,830,425	39,955,618
Revenue reserves	(3,177,291)	(10,906,072)	(17,471,406)	(15,947,685)	(18,146,479)	(24,866,686)
	95,229,362	91,291,398	88,739,665	58,070,066	58,683,946	55,088,932
Loan from director	24,378,943	24,378,943	26,378,943	27,878,943	32,378,943	40,378,943
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Deferred liabilities	23,605,125	24,005,221	24,990,637	18,349,148	17,549,305	20,108,480
	23,605,125	24,005,221	24,990,637	18,349,148	17,549,305	20,108,480

Trade and other payables	20,562,945	21,186,342	9,532,861	12,535,271	13,155,462	7,996,221
Current maturity of long term liabilities	1	1	'	1	244,724	695,838
Provision for taxation	4,155,430	3,797,585	2,860,351	1,381,027	1,327,624	946,548
	24,718,375	24,983,927	12,393,212	13,916,298	14,727,810	9,638,607
	167,931,805	164,659,489	152,502,457	118,214,456	123,340,004	125,214,962
NON CURRENT ASSETS						
Property, plant & equipment	75,660,922	83,023,316	87,581,255	59,300,218	64,435,279	70,853,899
CURRENT ASSETS						
Stores, spares & loose tools	3,893,053	4,122,022	2,921,558	3,167,979	2,759,544	5,510,576
Stocks in trade	30,032,857	30,224,786	13,715,779	17,256,540	19,485,429	12,935,552
Trade debts	40,243,065	34,120,028	30,819,081	27,145,995	18,387,392	22,139,643
Loans, advances, deposits and prepayments, tax refund	6,674,227	6,245,923	6,381,101	5,074,956	6,368,593	8,220,527
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	2,302,774	1,840,030	2,594,738	2,704,031	4,296,586	2,943,127
Cash & bank balances	8,659,348	4,617,825	8,023,386	3,564,737	7,141,622	2,611,638
	92,270,883	81,636,173	64,921,202	58,914,238	58,904,725	54,361,063

CURRENT LIABILITIES





PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees	2013 Rupees
Turnover	130,597,599	122,375,954	83,232,427	71,368,446	66,028,119	55,841,057
Cost of sales Gross profit	103,292,839	95,118,324 27,257,630	61,565,184	60,186,814	54,850,083 11,178,037	60,311,639 (4,470,582)
Operating Expenses Administrative & general expenses	13 287 148	12 527 194	9 414 221	6 078 428	6 200 118	5 402 443
Selling & distribution expenses	7,130,654	9,001,486	11,273,471	3,304,277	3,628,250	3,543,116
Operating profit/ (loss)	20,417,802 6,886,958	21,528,680 5,728,950	20,687,692 979,551	9,382,705	9,828,368	8,945,559 (13,416,141)
Finance cost	907,381	740,809	852,870	722,622	597,684	632,281
Other income	897,764	77,770	3,937,610	81,050	276,481	581,047
Profit / (loss) before taxation	6,877,341	5,065,911	4,064,291	1,157,356	1,028,465	(14,048,422)
Taxation	3,024,329	2,728,309	8,654,350	1,879,412	(2,479,644)	1,908,425
Profit/(loss) for the year after taxation	3,853,012	2,337,601	(4,590,059)	(722,057)	3,508,109	(15,375,800)
Unappropriated profit/(loss) brought forward	(10,906,072) (7,053,060)	(17,471,406) (15,133,805)	$\frac{(15,947,685)}{(20,537,744)}$	(18,146,479) (18,868,536)	(24,866,686) (21,358,577)	(15,093,664) (30,469,464)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	84,952	214,132	2,137,157	108,177	(80,896)	•
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	3,790,817	4,013,601	929,181	2,812,674	3,292,994	5,602,778
Accumulated losses transferred to balance sheet	(3,177,291)	(10,906,072)	(17,471,406)	(15,947,685)	(18,146,479)	(24,866,686)



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DATA AGRO LIMITED REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Data Agro Limited for the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulation is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Date: 05 October, 2018

Place: Lahore

RAFAQAT MANSHA MOHSIN DOSSANI MASOOM & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the members of Data Agro Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of DATA AGRO LIMITED (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2018, and the statement of profit or loss, and statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2018 and of the profitand other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Following are the Key audit matters:

Following are the Key audit matters:	
Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Change in accounting policy as a result of changes in the Companies Act 2017	
As referred to the note 3 to the accompanying financial statements, the Companies Act 2017 (the Act) became applicable for the first time for the preparation of Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 due to which the Company has changed its accounting policy to account for surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (refer note 3.2) with retrospective effect. Previously, surplus on revaluation was presented in the financial statements below the equity and changes in surplus was taken directly to equity. Due to change in accounting policy, surplus on revaluation will be part of the equity and revaluation changes will be taken through other comprehensive income. We have considered the above as a Key Audit Matter due to the significant amount of surplus on revaluation of fixed assets, the complexity involved in the calculations for retrospective application and compliance with the disclosure requirements of IAS 8 – Accounting Policies and Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.	Our audit procedures included the following: Obtained workings for retrospective accounting of surplus on revaluation of fixed assets; Re-performed the calculations based on the working and valuation reports of the respective years. Reviewed that values of fixed assets, surplus on revaluation of fixed assets and gain / loss on assets disposed-off have been properly restated in the financial statements; and Assessed if the change in accounting policy has been properly disclosed by the management in the financial statements of the Company in accordance with IAS-8.
Revenue Recognition	
The Company's sales comprise of revenue from the sale of hybrid corn seed, fuzzy & cotton seed, vegetable seed, okra seed, wheat seed, sorghum sudan grass (S.S.G), paddy, micronutrient, lint and vanda has been disclosed in note 19.1.1 to the financial statements. Revenue from the sale is recognized, when significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the	Our audit procedures included the following: · obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and implementation and operating effectiveness of controls around recognition of revenue; · assessing the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policies for revenue recognition and compliance of those policies with applicable accounting
customer (note 3.10). We identified revenue recognition as key audit matter as it is one of the key performance indicators of the Company and because of the potential risk that revenue transactions may not have been recognized based on transfer of risk and rewards to the customers in line with the accounting policy adopted and may not have been recognized in the appropriate period.	standards; checked on sample basis the recorded sales transactions based on underlying supporting documents; and tested timeliness of revenue recognition by comparing individual sales transactions before and after the year and to underlying supporting documents.

the year end to underlying supporting documents.

in line with the accounting policy adopted and may not have been recognized in the appropriate period.



Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance opinion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and,in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) Proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) Investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Mansha.

Date: October 05, 2018

Place: Lahore.

RAFAQAT MANSHA MOHSIN DOSSANI MASOOM & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner: Muhammad Mansha, FCA



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)	2016 Rupees (Restated)
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			(Nestateu)	(Nestateu)
Share capital	5	40,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000
Surplus On Revaluation of Property Plant and Equipment	6	58,406,653	62,197,470	66,211,071
Revenue reserves		(3,177,291) 95,229,362	(10,906,072) 91,291,398	(17,471,406) 88,739,665
Loan from director	7	24,378,943	24,378,943	26,378,943
NON - CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred liabilities	8	23,605,125	24,005,221	24,990,637
CURRENT LIABILITIES		23,605,125	24,005,221	24,990,637
Trade and other payables	9	20,562,945	21,186,342	9,532,861
Provision for taxation	10	4,155,430	3,797,585	2,860,351
		24,718,375	24,983,927	12,393,212
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	11	-	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		167,931,805	164,659,489	152,502,457

The annexed notes from 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN)
Chief Executive

Xancan Man

(ASIF RAHIM KHAN)
Director

Asy Rahimkhan



AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

ACCETC	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)	2016 Rupees (Restated)
ASSETS				
NON - CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	12	75,660,922	83,023,316	87,581,255
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	13	3,893,053	4,122,022	2,921,558
Stock in trade	14	30,032,857	30,224,786	13,715,779
Trade debts - unsecured	15	40,243,065	34,120,028	30,819,081
Loans and advances - unsecured	16	6,674,227	6,245,923	6,381,101
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	17	2,302,774	1,840,030	2,594,738
Tax refunds due from the Government		465,559	465,559	465,559
Cash and bank balances	18	8,659,348	4,617,825	8,023,386
		92,270,883	81,636,173	64,921,202
TOTAL ASSETS		167,931,805	164,659,489	152,502,457

The annexed notes from 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN)
Chief Executive

Xancena An

(ASIF RAHIM KHAN)
Director

Asif Fahimkhan



STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)
Turnover	19	130,597,599	122,375,954
Cost of sales	20	103,292,839	95,118,324
Gross profit		27,304,760	27,257,630
Administrative expenses Distribution cost	21 22	13,287,148 7,130,654 20,417,802	12,527,194 9,001,486 21,528,680
Operating profit / (loss)		6,886,958	5,728,950
Finance cost and other cost	23	907,381 5,979,577	740,809 4,988,141
Other income	24	897,764	77,770
Profit / (loss) before taxation		6,877,341	5,065,911
Taxation	25	3,024,329	2,728,309
Profit / (loss) after taxation		3,853,012	2,337,601
Earning per share-Basic and diluted		0.96	0.58

The appropriations from profits are set out in the statement of changes in equity.

The annexed notes from 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN)
Chief Executive

Xancun m

(ASIF RAHIM KHAN)
Director

Asil Pahinkhan



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		3,853,012	2,337,601
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Items that may be reclassfied subsequently to profit or loss:		-	-
Items that will not be subsequently reclassfied to profit or loss:		-	-
Remeasurement of retirement benefit		84,952	214,132
Incremental depreciation transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment		-	-
Related deferred tax		-	-
		-	-
Total comprehensive Income for the year		3,937,964	2,551,733

The annexed notes from 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN)
Chief Executive

Xanenus m

(ASIF RAHIM KHAN)
Director

Asy fahimkhan



CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	, 2010	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)
Profit/(Loss) before tax Adjustments for:		6,877,341	5,065,911
Depreciation Financial charges Gain on disposal Provision for workers profit participation fund Provision for workers welfare fund Provision for gratuity		7,594,664 253,806 (372,970) 376,546 277,029 1,438,132	8,060,433 205,876 - 250,792 284,141 1,127,781
Operating Profit/(loss) before working capital changes Working capital changes		16,444,548	14,994,933
(Increase) / decrease in current assets Stores, spares and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts Loan and advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments		228,969 191,929 (6,123,036) (292,871) (462,744)	(1,200,464) (16,509,007) (3,300,947) 83,661 754,708
Increase /(decrease) in current liabilities		(6,457,753)	(20,172,049)
Trade and other payables Cash generated from/(utilized in) operations		(1,276,972) 8,709,823	12,420,773 7,243,657
Finance cost and other cost paid Workers welfare fund paid Workers profit participation fund paid Gratuity paid Income Tax paid		(253,806) - - (4,555,195) (4,809,000)	(205,876) (195,334) (1,106,891) (243,980) (3,394,644) (5,146,725)
Net cash flow from/(utilized in) operating activities	Α	3,900,823	2,096,933
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Fixed Capital expenditure Proceed from sale of fixed asset Net cash flow from/(utilized in) investing activities	В	(259,300) 400,000 140,700	(3,502,494)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Short term borrowings			(2,000,000)
Net cash flow from/(utilized in) financing activities	С	-	(2,000,000)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	A+B+C	4,041,523 4,617,825 8,659,348	(3,405,561) 8,023,386 4,617,825
Cash & cash equivalents are Cash in hand Cash at bank		516,359 8,142,989	296,016 4,321,809
The second sector from 4.1. Of femous sixty and a filler of femous in the sector of th		8,659,348	4,617,825

The annexed notes from 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN)
Chief Executive

(ASIF RAHIM KHAN)
Director



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Share	Capital Reserve	Revenue Reserve	Total
Capital	Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	Accumulated profit/ loss	Total

	RupeesRupees				
Balance as at July 01,2016 as previously reported	40,000,000	-	(17,471,406)	22,528,594	
Effect of change in accounting policy (net of deferred tax)(note: 3.1)		66,211,071		66,211,071	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-		2,551,733	2,551,733	
from July 01, 2016 to June 30, 2017 - restated					
Surplus on derecognition on revaluation of fixed assets		-	-	-	
Transferred from surplus on revaluation to unappropriated					
profit/(loss) due to incremental depreciation-net of deferred tax	-	(4,013,601)	4,013,601		
Surplus related to deferred tax:					
Prior			-	-	
Current			-	-	
Balance as at July 01, 2017-Restated	40,000,000	62,197,470	(10,906,072)	91,291,398	
-					
Total Comprehensive Income for the year			3,937,964	3,937,964	
from July 01, 2017 to June 30, 2018					
Surplus on derecognition on revaluation of fixed assets			-		
Transferred from surplus on revaluation to unappropriated		(2 700 947)	2 700 947		
profit/(loss) due to incremental depreciation-Net of deferred tax		(3,790,817)	3,790,817	-	
Surplus related to deferred tax:					
Prior					
Current	40,000,000	E0 406 6E2	(2 477 204)	05 220 262	
Balance as at June 30, 2018	40,000,000	58,406,653	(3,177,291)	95,229,362	

The annexed notes from 1 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Xamenanda (FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN) Chief Executive

(ASIF RAHIM KHAN) Director



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The company was initially incorporated as a private limited company in Pakistan under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of Companies Act, 2017 on May 30,2017) on November 10, 1992 and was converted into a public limited company on March 06, 1994. The company is listed on Lahore and Karachi Stock Exchanges. The principal activity of the company is production, processing and grading of agro seeds. The registered office of the company is situated at 135-Scotch Corner, Upper Mall, Lahore, Punjab, Pakistan and principal place of business is at 8-Km khanewal road, Kabirwala,

1.1 Summary of significant events and transactions in the current reporting period

The Company's financial position and performance was particularly affected by the following events and transactions during the reporting period:

- a)The accounting policies for surplus on revaluation of land, building on freehold land, and plant and machinery changed during the year. As detailed in note 3.2 to these financial statements.
- b) Due to the first time application of financial reporting requirements under the Companies Act, 2017, including discloures and presentation requirements of the fourth schedule of the Companies Act, 2017, some of the amounts reported for the previous period have been reclassified.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards or IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Standards, interpretation and amendment adopted during the year

The following amendments to existing standards have been published that are applicable to the Company's financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:

2.2.1 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2018

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2018. These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' - Amendments as a result of the disclosure initiative

Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' - Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01 2017

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2017

The Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) has also brought certain changes with regard to preparation and presentation of annual and interim financial statements of the Company. These changes also include change in respect of recognition criteria of surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as more fully explained in note 3.1, change in nomenclature of primary statements, etc.

Further, the disclosure requirements contained in the fourth schedule to the Act have been revised, resulting in the:

- elimination of duplicative disclosures with the IFRS disclosure requirements; and - incorporation of significant additional disclosures.

2.2.2 New accounting standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are not yet effective.

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Amendments to IFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' - Clarification on the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions

IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts': Amendments regarding the interaction of IFRS 4 and IFRS 9.

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - This standard will supersede IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement upon its effective date.

Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding prepayment features with negative compensation and modifications of financial liabilities.

IFRS 15 'Revenue' - This standard will supersede IAS 18, IAS 11, IFRIC 13, 15 and 18 and SIC 31 upon its effective date.

Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' - Amendments regarding plan amendments, curtailments or settlements.

Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures'

Amendments regarding long-term interests in an associate or joint venture that form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture but to which the equity method is not applied.

Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property': Clarification on transfers of property to or from investment property
IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration': Provides

guidance on transactions where consideration against non-monetary prepaid asset /deferred income is denominated in foreign currency.

IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments': Clarifies the accounting treatment in relation to determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12 'Income Taxes'.

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January

An entity choosing to apply the overlay approach retrospectively to qualifying financial assets does so when it first applies IFRS 9. An entity choosing to apply the deferral approach does so for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after July 01, 2018

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2019

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after July 01, 2018

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01.2019

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 01.2019

January 01, 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

January 01, 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

January 01, 2019. Earlier application is permitted.

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Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

2.3 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention without any adjustment for the effect of inflation or reference to current values, except to the extent that land, building and certain plant and machinery have been included at revalued amounts, staff retirement benefits recognized at present value and financial assets has been measured and recorded at fair value.

2.4 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presented currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded to the nearest rupees.

2.5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and related assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and related assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Accounting estimates are revised in the period in which such revisions are made. Significant management estimates in these financial statements relate to the useful life and residual value of property, plant and equipment, provision for doubtful receivables, slow moving inventory, defined benefits plans, accrued liabilities, taxation etc. However, the management believes that the change in outcome of estimates would not have a material effect on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements.

3 THE PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES ADOPTED ARE SET OUT AS BELOW

3.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except freehold land, building on freehold land, plant and machinery, and capital work in progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Revaluation

Freehold land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery, are stated at revalued amount being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity so that the fair value and carrying value do not differ materially at the balance sheet date. Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land, buildings and plant and machinery are recognised, net of tax, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation surplus in shareholders' equity. To the extent that increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Decrease that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to the statement of profit or loss. Each year, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to the statement of profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost, net of tax, is reclassified from revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment to unappropriated profit. Depreciation is charged to income applying reducing balance method to write-off the cost over the estimated remaining useful life of assets. The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment. Rates of depreciation are stated in note 11. In respect of additions and disposals during the year, depreciation is charged from the month of acquisition and up to the month preceding the disposal respectively.

Normal repair & maintenance costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which these are incurred. Major renewals, improvements, cost or expenditure incurred on the property, plant equipment subsequent to their initial reorganization is capitalized when it increases the future economic lives of the relevant assets and it is probable that future economic benefits embodied within the item of addition will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

LEASED ASSETS

The leases, where all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased assets have been transferred to the company are classified as finance leases. Assets subject to finance lease are stated at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the leased assets less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The related rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in liabilities against assets subject to finance leases. The liabilities are classified as current and long term depending upon the timing of the payment.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the balance outstanding. The interest element of the rental is charged to income over the lease term.

Assets acquired under a finance lease are depreciated over the useful life of assets on reducing balance method at the same rates that are applicable to the owned assets. Depreciation of lease assets is charged to profit and loss account.

Full depreciation on additions in leased assets is charged when an asset is acquired while no depreciation is charged in the year in which the asset is disposed off/transferred to own assets.

CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identifiable impairment loss and includes the expenditure on material, labour and appropriate overheads directly relating to the project. These costs are transferred to fixed assets as and when assets are available for intended use.



3.2 Change in accounting policy

During the year, the Company changed its accounting policy in respect of the accounting and presentation of revaluation surplus on property plant, and equipment. Previously, the company 's accounting policy was in accordance with the provision of section 235 of repealed companies ordinance, 1984.

The revaluation surplus on property plant and equipment was shown as a seperate item below equity, in accordance with the presentation requirement of the repealed companies ordinance, 1984.

The companies Act, 2017 has not retained the above mentioned specific accounting and presentation requirements of revaluation surplus on property plant and equipment.

Those provisions and resultant previous policy of the Company regarding IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment was not in alignment with the accounting treatment and presentation of revaluation surplus as prescribed in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the international Accounting Standard Board (IASB) and notified under the Companies Act, 2017.

The change in accounting policy had no impact on accumulated surplus and net assets, as at June 30,2018. The presentation of surplus on revaluation on property plant and equipment has been changed. Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of freehold land, building on free hold land and plant and machinery is recognized in other comprehensive income and presented as a separate component of equity as "Revaluation surplus on property plant and equipment" in the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity as a capital reserve as part of net assets. The new accounting policy is explained under note 3.1, above. The resulted impact of change in accounting policy is further explained below:

The change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively in accordance with the requirements of IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' and comparative figures have been restated.

3.3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary item without physical substance.

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable the expected future economic benefit will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged over the estimated useful life of the asset on a systematic basis applying the straight line method.

Useful lives of intangible operating assets are reviewed, at each balance sheet date and adjusted if the impact of amortization is significant.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

3.4 IMPAIRMENT

The carrying amount of the company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there are any indications of impairment. If any such indication exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account. The recoverable amount is the higher of an assets fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Where impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised recoverable amount but limited to the extent of initial cost of the asset. Reversal of impairment loss is recognized as income

3.5 STOCKS, STORES AND SPARES

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value as per requirements of IAS 2. Cost of major stock items is determined as follows;

Stores, spares and loose tools
 Raw material
 At moving average cost
 At annual average cost

- Finished goods Comprised of direct material, labour, and appropriate manufacturing overheads.

-Waste At net realizable value.

-Material in transit Are stated at invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

Net realizable value signifies the estimates selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessary to be incurred in order to make a sale.

3.6 LOANS AND ADVANCES

Loans and advances are recognized initially at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

3.7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of cash flow statement ,Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and balance with banks on current and deposit accounts.

3.8 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Defined benefit plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all of its permanent employees who have attained the minimum qualifying period for entitlement to the gratuity. Provisions are made periodically on the basis of actuarial valuations for the gratuity scheme. Acturial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise. Past service costs are recognized immediately in the profit and loss account.

THE PRINCIPAL ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTION USED IN THE VALUATION ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Discount rate

Expected rate of increase in salaries

Expected mortality rate

Actuarial valuation method

Average expected remaining life of the employees

Expected Mortality rate

SLIC (2001-2005) mortality table

Projected Unit Credit

6 Years

2017
7.25%
6.25%
EFU (61-66) mortality table
Projected Unit Credit
6 Years

Actuarial valuations are conducted annually and the last valuations were conducted as on August 30, 2018 by Nauman Associates based on the "projected unit credit method"



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3.9 TRADE DEBTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade debts and other receivables are carried at original invoice amount less an estimates made for doubtful debts, if any, base on the review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Debts considered irrecoverable, are written off, as and when identified.

3 10 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue from sale of goods is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable and recognized on delivery of goods to customers when significant risks and rewards are transferred to the buyers.

Income from processing and harvesting services is recognized on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement with customers to the extent services are actually rendered and associated costs and outcomes of the transaction involving the rendering of such services can be measured reliably.

3.11 EXPENSE RECOGNITION

Expenses are recognized on accrual basis, or otherwise, as stated.

3.12 BORROWINGS

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received. Financial charges are accounted for on accrual basis and are included in interest / mark-up payables on loans and other payables to the extent of amount remaining unpaid, if any.

3.13 BORROWINGS COST

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which these are incurred.

3.14 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

3.15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions and contracts with related parties (if any) are carried out at arm's length price determined in accordance with comparable uncontrolled price method.

3.16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

All the financial assets and liabilities are recognized at the time when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and receivable respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred. The company the has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

A financial asset and a financial liability is set off and the net amount is reported in the financial statements if the company has a legally enforceable right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Any gain or loss on the recognition and derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the income for the year in which it arises.

3.17 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company; or there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

3.18 TAXATION

CURRENT

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current tax rates after taking into account tax credits, assumptions and rebates available, if any or on turnover at the specified rates or Alternate Corporate Tax Act as defined in section 113C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, whichever is higher. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where necessary, relating to prior years which arise due to assessments framed / finalized during the year.

DEFERRED

Deferred tax is recognized using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date calculated at the prevailing rates, between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying costs for the purposes of financial reporting. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences to the extent that such differences will reverse in the due future and taxable income will be available for deducting temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed on the balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow in all or part of it for the deferred tax asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the assets is realized or the liability is settled based on the tax rates that have been enacted currently or subsequently at the balance sheet date.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognized to the extent that it becomes probable future taxable profits will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

3.19 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognized in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

3.20 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COST

Research and development cost are recognized in the year in which these are incurred.

3.21 OFF SETTING:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amount and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liability simultaneously.



3.22 EARNING PER SHARE:

The company presents basic and diluted earning per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basis EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects for all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

CORRECTION OF PRIOR PERIOD ERROR NOTE

During the year, the Company discovered that the other payble figure was overstated in 2017. As a consequence, employees retirement benefits, loans and advances and deferred tax income were overstated while provision for Workers Profit Participation fund and deferred tax liability was understated.

The correction of the error is accounted for retrospectively, and the comparative information for 2017 has been restated as per IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. The error has been corrected by restating each of the affected financial statement line items for the prior

Effect on

Trade and other payables

Workers welfare fund paid

Income tax paid

Finance cost and other cost paid

Workers Profit Participation paid

n statement of financial position			
·	As reported previously- June 30, 2017	Impact of error	Restatedas at July 01, 2017
		Rupees	
Employees retirement benefits - gratuity (Benefits payal	ble) 378,467	(228,132)	150,335
Trade & Other payables (Provision for WPPF)	238,253	12,539	250,792
Loans and advances (Other advances)	2,428,833	(764,460)	1,664,373
Deferred liabilities-(Deferred tax-net)	17,335,228	66,834	17,402,062
Trade and Other paybel (Other payable)	1,238,445	(548,867)	689,578
Effect on statement of profit or loss			
•	As reported previously- June 30, 2017	Profit Increase/ (Decrease)	Restated 2017
		Rupees	
Profit before Tax Taxation:	5,065,911	-	5,065,911
Current tax	4,383,395	-	4,383,395
Deferred tax	(1,721,919)	(66,834)	(1,655,085)
	2,404,435	(66,834)	2,337,601
Effect on statement of changes in equity			
	As reported previously-	Increase/	Restated 2017
	June 30, 2017 Revenue Reserve	(Decrease) Revenue Reserve	
		Rupees	
Balance as at June 30, 2016	(17,471,406)	-	(17,471,406)
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,618,568	(66,835)	2,551,733
	(14,852,838)	(66,835)	(14,919,673)
Effect on statement of cash flows			
	As reported previously- June 30, 2017	Increase/ (Decrease)	Restated 2017
		Rupees	
Finance cost and Other	740,809	(534,933)	205,876
Provision for Workers Welfare fund	-	284,141	284,141
Provision for Workers Profit Participation fund Loans and advances	(629,282)	250,792 712,943	250,792 83,661
	(0-0,-0-)	,	00,00.

12,189,809

(512,677)

(3,446,161)

8,342,498

230,964

306,801

(195,334)

51,517

(1,106,891)

12,420,773

(205,876)

(195,334)

(1,106,891)

(3,394,644)8,342,498



5-	SHARE CAPITAL		2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Authorized		Паросс	rapooo
	5,000,000 (2017: 5,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		50,000,000	50,000,000
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up			
	4,000,000 (2017: 4,000,000) ordinary shares		40.000.000	40.000.000
	of Rs. 10 each fully paid for cash consideration		40,000,000 Number of	40,000,000 Number of
	Shares held by Associates Data Enterprises (Pvt.) Ltd		Shares	Number of Shares
	Percentage of equity held 9.87% (2017: 9.87%)		394,900	394,900
5.1-	The shareholders' are entitled to receive all distributions to the bonus and right shares as and when declared by the company.	em including dividend and All shares carry "one vote	l other entitlements in e" per share without re	the form of striction.
5.2-	There is no movement in share capital during the year			
6-	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY PLANT AND	EQUIPMENT - Net of tax	Rupees	Rupees
	Gross surplus		62,197,470	66,211,071
	Opening balance	land O Duildina)	-	-
	Derecognition of surplus on disposal of Fixed Assets (portion of Add: Surplus arising due to revaluation of Property, plant and ed			
	Land		-	-
	Building		-	-
	Machinery	L	-	-
	Transfer to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental		-	-
	depreciation charged during the current year		5,415,453	5,816,813
	Deffered tax related to incremental depreciation	_	(1,624,636)	(1,803,212)
			3,790,817	4,013,601
		_	58,406,653	62,197,470
6.1-	The revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment is shareholders in accordance with section 241 of the Companies A	s a capital reserve, and Act, 2017.	is not available for	distribution to the
6.2-	The effect of change in accounting policy is summarised be	low		
		As previously	2017 As	
		Reported	restated	Restatement
	Effect on statement of financial position	00 407 470		(00.407.470)
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Share capital and reserves	62,197,470	62,197,470	(62,197,470) 62,197,470
	onare supriar and reserves			02,197,470
		As previously	2016 As	
		Reported	restated	Restatement
	Effect on statement of financial position Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	66,211,071	_	(66,211,071)
	Share capital and reserves	-	66,211,071	66,211,071
	There was no cash flow impact as a result of retrospective applic	cation of change in accour	nting policy	
			_2018	_2017
7-	LOAN FROM DIRECTOR		Rupees	Rupees
	Unsecured- from related party			
	Opening balance		24,378,943	26,378,943
	Less: Payments made during the year	_	04.070.040	(2,000,000)
	Closing balance	_	24,378,943	24,378,943



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This represents the interest free loan given by ex-director. According to revised agreement loan shall be paid within next 12 months However the payment is subject to availability of funds and position of working capital of the company. This is not measured at amortized cost as per IAS 39. Rather, this is recorded as equity at face value in accordance with the guidelines provided through TR 32- Accounting Directors loan issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants.

8-	DEFERRED LIABILITIES	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)
	Deferred tax - net Employees retirement benefits - gratuity	8.1 8.2	15,648,786 7,956,339 23,605,125	17,402,062 6,603,159 24,005,221
8.1-	DEFERRED TAX - NET Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) arising due to; Accelerated tax depreciation		547,923	139,914
	Provision for profit participation fund Provision for workers fund Provision for gratuity		(862,386) (184,234) (2,386,901)	(774,403) (104,496) (2,046,979)
	Provision for doubtful debts Surplus on revaluation of property plant and equipment	ł	(103,262) (2,988,860) 19,196,846	(511,190) (3,297,154) 20,889,788
	Effect of reduction in tax rates		(559,200) 15,648,786	(190,571) 17,402,062
8.2-	Employees Retirement benefits (gratuity unfunded Present value of defined benefits obligations Benefits payable	a) 8.2.1	7,806,004 150,335 7,956,339	6,452,824 150,335 6,603,159
	Movement in present value of defined benefits obli Present value of defined benefits obligation at the beginn Current service cost for the year Interest cost for the year		6,452,824 938,038 500,094	5,783,155 717,347 410,434
	Benefits due but not paid (payables) Benefits paid during the year Gains and losses arising on planned settlements reme Acturial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic a Acturial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assun Experience adjustments Present value of defined benefits obligation at the closi	ssumptions nptions	- - - - 15,195 (100,147) 7,806,004	(243,980) - - 5,026 (219,158) 6,452,824
8.2.2	-Expenses recognized in statement of profit and los Current service cost interest cost on defined benefit obligation		938,038 500,094 1,438,132	717,347 410,434 1,127,781
8.2.3	-Total remeasurements chargable in other compreh Remeasurements of plan obligations: Acturial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic a			-
	Acturial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assun Experience adjustments	•	15,195 (100,147) (84,952)	5,026 (219,158) (214,132)
8.2.4	-Changes in Net Liability Balance Sheet liability/(asset) Expense chargable to P&L Remeasurement chargable in other comprehensive ind Benefits paid Benefits payable transferred to short term liability	come	6,603,159 1,438,132 (84,952)	5,933,490 1,127,781 (214,132) (243,980)
			7,956,339	6,603,159



The expenses recognized in the income statement under following heads:		
Cost of good sold	584,805	496,224
Administrative and general expenses	613,520	451,112
Selling and distribution expenses	239,807	180,445
	1,438,132	1,127,781

8.4- General description

The scheme provides for terminal benefits for all of its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualifying period. Annual charge is made by the management on the basis of actuarial valuation, carried on using Projected Unit Credit Method, however no independent actuary was appointed by the company.

8.5- Principal actuarial assumptions	2018	2017
Following are a few important actuarial assumption used in the valuation.		
Discount rate	9%	7.75%
Expected rate of increase in salary	8%	6.75%

8.6- Sensitivity analysis of actuarial assumption

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumption given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in respective assumption by 100 basis point.

	Increase in Assumption	Decrease in Assumption
Discount rate	37,828	(514,931)
Expected rate of change in future salaries	(524,873)	51,582

- **8.7-** Expected gratuity expense for the year ending June 30, 2019 works out to Rs. 1,463,696.
- 8.8- The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is three years.

9-	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	ent obligation is tillee years.	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)
9-	Creditors Accrued liabilities Advances from customers Workers' Welfare Fund Worker's Profit Participation Fund Tax deducted at source Others	9.1 9.2	7,531,032 4,071,283 4,882,049 614,113 2,874,620 46,008 543,840	8,794,283 2,547,493 6,273,914 337,084 2,498,074 45,916 689,578
			20,562,945	21,186,342
	9.1- Workers Welfare Fund Balance as at beginning Contribution for the year Payment made during the year		337,084 277,029 614,113 - 614,113	248,277 284,141 532,418 (195,334) 337,084
	9.2- Workers Profit Participation FundBalance as at beginningContribution for the yearPayment made during the year		2,498,074 376,546 2,874,620 	3,354,173 250,792 3,604,965 (1,106,891) 2,498,074



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10.	PROVISION FOR TAXATION	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Opening balance		3,797,585	2,860,351
	Prior year adjustment		622,176	-
	Add: Provision for the year		4,155,430	4,383,395
			8,575,191	7,243,746
	Less: Paid/adjusted against completed assess	sments	(4,419,761)	(3,446,161)
			4.155.430	3.797.585

10.1- This represents tax chargeable under Normal tax regime. Tax expenses represents higher of corporate tax @ 30%, alternate corporate tax @ 17% of accounting profit and minimum tax @ 1.25%. The company is recognising provision for taxation @ 30% of its taxable profit as alternative corporate tax is lower than corporate tax.

11- CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

contingencies and commitments as at year end are Nil (2017:Nil)

12- PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Operating fixed assets-Owned

12.1

75,660,922 **75,660,922** 83,023,316 **83,023,316**

<u>.</u>						Rupees	s					
12.1-	Owned assets								Leased asset			
12.1-	Freehold land	Building on freehold land	Plant and machinery	Electrical Equipment	Furniture and fittings	Agricultural equipment		Harvesting equipment	Vehicles	Total	Vehicles	Total
Year ended July 01, 2016												
Opening net book value	9,548,000	21,434,687	54,529,347	92,354	110,626	50,340	261,093	138,152	1,416,655	87,581,255		87,581,255
Additions	-	2,131,094	260,000	136,000	22,500	45,000	30,900	-	877,000	3,502,494		3,502,494
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charged for the year	-	2,178,987	5,470,268	12,635	11,625	19,068	27,654	27,630	312,564	8,060,433	-	8,060,433
Closing net book value	9,548,000	21,386,794	49,319,079	215,719	121,501	76,272	264,338	110,522	1,981,091	83,023,316	-	83,023,316
At Jun. 30, 2017												
Cost	9,548,000	53,399,534	160,349,021	289,039	668,748	183,750	1,113,223	7,669,000	6,327,788	239,548,103	-	239,548,103
Accumulated depreciation	-	32,012,740	111,029,942	73,320	547,247	107,478	848,885	7,558,478	4,346,697	156,524,787	-	156,524,787
Net book value	9,548,000	21,386,794	49,319,079	215,719	121,501	76,272	264,338	110,522	1,981,091	83,023,316	-	83,023,316
Year ended July 01, 2017												
Opening net book value	9,548,000	21,386,794	49,319,079	215,719	121,501	76,272	264,338	110,522	1,981,091	83,023,316	-	83,023,316
Additions	-	-	-	-	99,300	-	-	-	160,000	259,300	-	259,300
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,030	27,030	-	27,030
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Depreciation charged for the year	-	2,138,679	4,931,908	21,572	16,908	15,254	26,434	22,104	421,804	7,594,664	-	7,594,664
Closing net book value	9,548,000	19,248,115	44,387,171	194,147	203,893	61,017	237,905	88,418	1,692,257	75,660,922	-	75,660,922
At Jun. 30, 2018												
Cost	9,548,000	53,399,534	160,349,021	289,039	768,048	183,750	1,113,223	7,669,000	5,897,788	239,217,403	-	239,217,403
Accumulated depreciation	-	34,151,420	115,961,850	94,892	564,155	122,733	875,318	7,580,582	4,205,531	163,556,481	-	163,556,481
	9,548,000	19,248,115	44,387,171	194,147	203,893	61,017	237,905	88,418	1,692,257	75,660,922	-	75,660,922

Particular of Disposal of operating fixed assets during the year are as follows:

Paticulars	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Sale proceeds	Gain/(Loss) on disposal	Particulars of purchaser	Mode of disposal	Relationship with purchaser
			Rupees]		
Motor Vehicle-Cultus LZH 5455	590,000	557,564	27,030	400,000	372,970	Amir Hussain	Negotiation	None
	590,000	557,564	27,030	400,000	372,970]		

Depreciation on operating fixed assets is charged at the following rates:

	Annual rate of depreciation (%)		Annual rate of depreciation (%)
Building on free hold area	10	Vehicles	20
Plant and machinery	10	Office equipment	10
Electrical Equipment	10	Harvesting equipment	20
Furniture and fittings	10	Agricultural equipment	20

Note: The carrying amount of the revalued assets that would have been included in the financial statements had these assets being carried at its cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses is shown as under:

Description		Carrying Value as at 30-06-2018			Carrying Value as at 30-06-2017	
	Inclusive of surplus	Surplus	Exclusive of surplus	Inclusive of surplus	Surplus	Exclusive of surplus
Land freehold Building on freehold land Plant and machinery	9,548,000 19,248,115 44,387,171	8,042,943 17,456,907 32,906,803	1,505,057 1,791,208 11,480,368	9,548,000 21,434,687 54,529,347	8,042,943 17,456,907 36,697,620	1,505,057 3,977,780 17,831,727
_	73,183,286	58,406,653	14,776,632	85,512,034	62,197,470	23,314,564



First Revaluation was made on 30-06-1996 of land, building and plant and machinery and was carried out by independent valuer M/s. Haseeb Associates and certified by M/s. Anjum Asim Shahid & Co. Chartered Accountant, and revaluation surplus was amounting to Rs. 32.959 Million. Second revaluation was made on May 22, 2006 of aforesaid assets by the independent valuer M/s. Mughal Associates and certified by M/s. Khalid Majid Rehman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants and revaluation surplus was determined at Rs. 46,026,266/- on that date and third revaluation was made on June 25, 2012 of aforesaid assets by the independent valuer M/s. Mughal Associates and revaluation surplus was determined at Rs. 32,312,096/- Fourth revaluation was performed on April 08, 2016 of aforesaid assets by independent valuer M/s. Mughal associates and revalued surplus was determined at Rs.35,353,045/- .

BASIS OF REVALUATION

Land freehold Inspection and market inquiry was conducted to determine the value of land and fair value was

determined mainly with reference to price of similar properties in the locality.

Building on Survey of the building was conducted and fair value was determined keeping in view the type of freehold land construction, existing condition, life lived, aging effect of super structure, expected future life and

residual factor.

Plant and Fair value determined after conducting investigation, examining current condition, specification, Machinery technical data, year of manufacturing, working efficiency, useful life, capacity utilization, maintenance schedule, useful and expected future life, current market value and replacement of plant and machinery

12.2- The forced sale value of the revalued property, plant and machinery has been assessed at Rs. 77.47 million.

12.3- The depreciation for the year has been allocated as	•	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Cost of goods sold Administrative expenses		7,070,587 524,077	7,649,255 411,178
		7,594,664	8,060,433
Total Depreciation -Normal Depreciation			
-Normal Depreciation -Owned assets -Leased assets		1,458,366	1,509,308
-Incremental Depreciation		6,136,298 7,594,664	6,551,124 8,060,433
13. STORES, SPARES PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS	6		
Stores and spares parts	13.1	3,675,317	3,904,286
Loose tools		217,736	217,736
		3,893,053	4,122,022
13.1 Store and spare parts are interchangeable and it	t is not practicable to dist	inquish from each	other
14. STOCK IN TRADE	t to flot practicable to alot	ingalon nom odon	Ottion
Raw material		17,546,467	24,470,765
Finished goods		12,486,390	5,754,021
•		30,032,857	30,224,786
15. TRADE DEBTS -UNSECURED			
Considered good		40,243,065	34,120,028
Considered doubtful		344,208	1,649,000
		40,587,273	35,769,028
Less: Provision for doubtful debts		344,208	1,649,000
		40,243,065	34,120,028
Opening Provision		1,649,000	650,578
Add: provision made during the year		344,208	1,649,000
Less: Bad Debts Written off		(1,649,000)	650,578
Balance at the year end		344,208	1,649,000
		2018	2017
16. LOAN AND ADVANCES-Unsecured		Rupees	Rupees (Restated)
Advances to executive staff: - Considered good	16.1	1,878,776	2,023,531
Advances to other employees: unsecured	10.1	1,070,770	2,023,331
Advances to other employees, unsecured Advance against Salary		650,350	233,450
Advance against expenses	16.2	1,281,088	1,693,561
- Considered good		-	-
Advances to suppliers:			
Considered good		1,064,206	631,008
Other advances Advance income tax	16.3	1,799,807	1,664,373
Advance income tax	10.5	6,674,227	6,245,923
	_	0,074,227	0,240,923



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Y SEED				
		Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
16.1	MOVEMENT OF ADVANCES TO EXECUTIVE STAFF			
	Opening balance Advance during the year		2,023,531 456,420	1,541,821 641,710
	Received/transferred during the year		2,479,951 (601,175)	2,183,531 (160,000)
	Closing balance		1,878,776	2,023,531
	These represents advance to executive staff for day to day operati amount due from executive staff at the end of any month during the			
16.2	Advances to employees against expensive are provided to meet bus the expenses are incurred.	siness expens	es are settled as and	l when
16.3	ADVANCE INCOME TAX			
	Opening balance Tax deducted/paid during the year		1,664,373 4,555,195 6,219,568	1,715,890 3,394,644 5,110,534
	Adjustment during the year		(4,419,761) 1,799,807	(3,446,161) 1,664,373
17.	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS			
	Security deposits with statutory authorities Prepayments	16.1	272,850 2,029,924	122,850 1,717,180
			2,302,774	1,840,030
17.1-	PREPAYMENTS		400 505	00.044
	Prepaid insurance - Vehicles Prepaid lease charges - Farms / farm expenses		102,525 1,927,399	99,314 1,617,866
			2,029,924	1,717,180
18.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES Cash in hand			
	-Head office -Factory		189,266 327,093	85,696 210,320
	Cash at bank:		516,359	296,016
	-Current accounts		8,142,989	4,321,809
			8,659,348	4,617,825
19.	TURNOVER Gross Turnover Less:	19.1	151,255,102	134,278,482
	Trade discounts Sale return		(10,762,429) (9,895,074) 130,597,599	(3,606,333) (8,296,195) 122,375,954
19.1	Gross Tunover			
	Sale of goods Sale of services (Delinting)	19.1.1 19.1.2	136,945,699 14,309,403 151,255,102	108,362,596 25,915,886 134,278,482



		Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
19.1.1	Sale of Goods Hybrid corn seed Fuzzy & Cotton seed Vegetable seed Okra seed Wheat seed S.S.G Soyabean Sale of Paddy Micronutrient Sale of lint		56,178,187 19,022,242 2,980,290 1,444,318 30,071,894 2,164,740 13,787 10,207,202 11,738,935 1,270,854	43,223,463 20,251,525 1,470,750 1,209,710 15,270,253 1,708,380 - 4,919,450 18,355,390 250,850
	Sale of Vanda		1,853,250 136,945,699	1,702,825 108,362,596
19.1.2	Delinting Seed processing Cleaning and drying		14,048,753 260,650 14,309,403	25,789,606 126,280 25,915,886
20.	COST OF SALES			
	Raw material consumed Chemicals, stores and others Salaries, wages & benefits Fuel and powers Repair and maintenance (Plant & machinery) Repair and maintenance (Building) Repair and maintenance (Electrical) Processing expenses Research and development expenses Micronutrient expenses Vehicle repair and maintenance Laboratory expenses Consultancy charges - Generator Entertainment Telephone charges Germination claims Kappa's Ginning charges Traveling and conveyance Usher Depreciation Miscellaneous charges	20.1 20.2	68,630,620 4,295,387 7,019,409 4,996,234 1,184,601 188,865 167,882 2,850,525 6,966,310 5,289,079 84,600 65,470 	43,668,432 4,915,915 8,545,428 5,671,668 1,243,973 239,145 2,333,328 6,403,137 11,248,942 73,861 90,237 45,000 266,343 152,976 73,169 4,020 1,650 84,500 7,649,255 173,506
	Adjustments of finished goods - Opening - Pre-paid expenses - Closing		110,025,208 5,754,021 - (12,486,390) (6,732,369) 103,292,839	92,884,485 7,987,860 (5,754,021) 2,233,839 95,118,324



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IA			AND	AUUUUNIU
20.1	RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
			5,532,199	8,170,136
	Raw material consumed - Fuzzy seed Raw material consumed - Wheat	20.1.1 20.1.2	24,135,171	12,684,103
	Raw material consumed - Hybrid Corn seed	20.1.3	23,684,286	14,078,855
	Raw material consumed - Okra seed	20.1.4	1,032,386	479,162
	Raw material consumed - Delinted Cotton seed		2,978,184	1,684,293
	Raw material consumed - S.S.G seed	20.1.6	1,244,936	1,571,621
	Raw material consumed - Soyabean	20.1.7	12,351	132,495
	Raw material consumed - Rice / Paddy	20.1.8	7,565,433	2,939,879
	Raw material consumed - Peas	20.1.9	1,333,155	225,000
	Raw material consumed - Venda	20.1.10	1,027,974	816,091
	Raw Material consumed - Sesame	20.1.11	49,845	81,800
	Raw Material consumed - Mongbea	20.1.12	34,700	804,997
			68,630,620	43,668,432
20.1.1	RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED - FUZZY SEED			
	Opening stocks - 01-07-2017		-	-
	Add: Purchases		5,532,199	8,170,136
	Add: Expenses on production - own farms		-	-
	Closing stock 30-06-2018		5,532,199 -	8,170,136 -
	Consumed for own farm production		5,532,199	8,170,136
20.1.2	RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED - WHEAT SEED)		
	Opening stocks - 01-07-2017		16,433,250	2,072,411
	Add: Purchases		18,864,176	25,795,326
	Add: Expenses on production - own farms		-	1,249,616
	Closing stock 30-06-2018		35,297,426	29,117,353
	Consumed for own farm production		(11,162,255) 24,135,171	(16,433,250) 12,684,103
20.4.2	·	M	24,133,171	12,004,103
20.1.3	RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED - HYBRID COR	N		
	Opening stocks - 01-07-2017 Add: Purchases		5,840,560 13,653,402	3,438,716
	Add: Expenses on production - own farms		8,383,748	1,777,300 14,703,399
			27,877,710	19,919,415
	Closing stock 30-06-2018		(4,193,424)	(5,840,560)
	Consumed for own farm production		23,684,286	14,078,855
20.1.4	RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED - OKRA SEED			
	Opening stocks -01-07-2017		751,600	27,063
	Add: Purchases		602,550	1,130,949
	Add: Expenses on production - own farms		279,736	72,750
	Closing stock 30-06-2018		1,633,886 (601,500)	1,230,762 (751,600)
	Consumed for own farm production		1,032,386	479,162
20.1.5		OTTON SEED		
	Opening stocks - 01-07-2017		-	-
	Add: Purchases		1,358,563	-
	Add: Expense on production - own farms		1,619,621	1,684,293
	Closing stock 30-06-2018		2,978,184	1,684,293
	Consumed for own farm production		2,978,184	1,684,293



20.1.6 RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED	-SSGSEED	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Opening stock - 01-07-2017	- 0.0.0 0225	166,875	119,510
Add: Purchases		1,047,512	1,286,569
Add: Expense on production - of	own farms	99,999	332,417
Closing stock 30-06-2018		1,314,386 (69,450)_	1,738,496 (166,875)_
Consumed for own farm produc	etion	1,244,936	1,571,621
20.1.7 RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED	- Sovabean		
Opening stock - 01-07-2017		_	65,320
Add: Purchases		-	-
Add: Expense on production - c	own farms	12,351	67,175
Closing stock 30-06-2018		12,351	132,495
Consumed for own farm produc	etion	12,351	132,495
20.1.8 RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED	- Rice/Paddy		
Opening stock - 01-07-2017	•	-	_
Add: Purchases	_	8,057,567	2,751,220
Add: Expense on production - c	own farms	91,929	188,659
Closing stock 30-06-2018		8,149,496 (584,063)	2,939,879
Consumed for own farm produc	etion	7,565,433	2,939,879
20.1.9 RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED	- Peas		
Opening stock - 01-07-2017		1,278,480	-
Add: Purchases Add: Expense on production - c	wan forms	990,450	1,503,480
Add. Expense on production - c	wii iaiiiis	2,268,930	1,503,480
Closing stock 30-06-2018		(935,775)	(1,278,480)
Consumed for own farm produc	etion	1,333,155	225,000
20.1.10 RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED	- Vanda		
Opening stock - 01-07-2017		-	-
Add: Purchases Add: Expense on production - c	wn farme	1,027,974	816,091
Add. Expense on production - c	wii iaiiiis	1,027,974	816,091
Closing stock 30-06-2018		_	
Consumed for own farm produc	ction	1,027,974	816,091
20.1.11 RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED	- Sesame		
Opening stock - 01-07-2017		-	- 04.000
Add: Purchases Add: Expense on production - c	own farms	44,775 5,070	81,800
Add. Expense on production	Williams	49,845	81,800
Closing stock 30-06-2018			
Consumed for own farm produc	ction	49,845	81,800
20.1.12 RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED	- Mong Bea		
Opening stock - 01-07-2017		-	
Add: Fyransa on production	wan forme	24 700	798,400
Add: Expense on production - c	owii iaiiiis	34,700	6,597 804,997
Closing stock 30-06-2018		_	_
Consumed for own farm produc	etion	34,700	804,997

20.2 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs.584805/- (2017: Rs.496,224 /-) in respect of staff retirement benefits-gratuity (Note # 8.3)



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TY SEED		Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
21. ADMINISTRATIVE	EXPENSES			
Salaries, wages an		21.1	7,364,088	7,646,878
Printing and station			225,591	216,516
Traveling and conv Vehicle running and			266,815 258,210	261,175 121,167
Rent, rates and tax	es		764,482	350,343
Postage and telegr			51,912	44,873
Utilities expenses			1,319,602	1,054,570
Telephone expense	es		160,870	133,510
Entertainment Newspaper and pe	riodicals		166,871 8,289	103,714 5,600
Fee and subscription			399,050	180,920
Legal and profession			239,835	232,200
Auditors' remunera		21.2	427,500	425,000
Canteen expenses			237,250	174,696
Repair & maintena	nce		586,530	872,819
Charity & donation Insurance expense	e		22,950 196,114	28,643 186,331
Depreciation		12.3	524,077	411,178
Miscellaneous expe	enses		67,112	77,061
			13,287,148	12,527,194
21.1 Salaries, wages and be 21.2 Auditor's remuner	· · ·	2017: Rs.451,112 /-) in respect of	of staff retirement benefits -	gratuity (Note # 8.3).
Statutory Audit	fee		250,000	250,000
Half yearly revie			-	-
out of pocket ex	rpenses		27,500	25,000
Tax consultancy	,		150,000	150,000
			427,500	425,000
22 DISTRIBUTION CO	OST			
Salaries, wages and		22.1	2,878,407	2,445,107
Telephone expenses			63,540	63,890
Traveling and conve	eyance		13,810	6,530
Entertainment			13,532	11,504
Advertisement			383,488	577,419
Repair & maintenan	ce - Vehicles		1,569,470	1,324,370
Freight & octroi			79,920	1,054,696
Sale promotion expe	enses		964,602	561,412
Comission on sale			758,877	1,262,862
Doubtful debts			13,500	1,649,000
Bad Debts Written o			344,208	-
Miscellaneous expe	nses		47,300	44,696
			7,130,654	9,001,486
22.1. Salaries, wages and	benefits include Rs.239,807/- (2017: Rs.180,445/-) in respect of	f staff retirement benefits - g	ratuity (Note # 8.3).

23. FINANCE AND OTHER COST

Bank Charges	73,143	52,426
Stock exchange fees	180,663	153,450
Other cost		
Workers profit participation fund	376,546	250,792
Workers welfare fund	277,029	284,141
	907,381	740,809



SEED		2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
24.	OTHER INCOME	Rupees	Rupees
	Income from non financial assets capital gain on disposal of fixed assets Others	372,970	-
	Cleaning & drying income from sale of woods & Plants	524,794	77,770
		897,764	77,770
25.	TAXATION	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)
	Current year Prior years	4,155,430 622,176	4,383,395
	DEFERRED	4,777,606	4,383,395
	Current year Prior years	(1,194,076) (559,200)	(1,464,514) (190,571)
		(1,753,276) 3,024,329	(1,655,085) 2,728,309
25.1-	NUMERICAL RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE AVERAGE EFFECTIVE TAX RATE AND THE APPLICABLE TAX RATE.	%AGE	%AGE
	Applicable tax rate Tax effect of non deductible expenses Tax effect of minimum tax liability Tax effect of prior year relating to revaluation surplus Tax effect of prior year relating to wokers fund Tax charge relating to prior year Tax effect relating to deferred tax current year	30.00% 0.00% 33.44% 0.00% 0.00% -7.43% -15.86%	31.00% 0.00% 55.53% 0.00% 0.00% -3.76% -28.91%
	Average effective tax rate		
	Tax expense for the year divided by profit before tax	52.93%	53.86%

- 25.2- The Company has filed Income Tax Return up to tax year 2017 which is deemed assessed as per Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- 25.3- Management is of view that the income tax provision for the year is sufficient to discharge the tax liability. Comparison of tax provision as per accounts viz a viz tax assessment for last three years is as follows:

	Tax year	As per tax Assesment.	As per Accounts		
			(Expense)		
		Ruj	oees		
	2015	(713,684)	(713,684)		
	2016	(3,446,161)	(2,193,007)		
	2017	(4,419,761)	(4,383,395)		
26.	EARNING PER SHARE			2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees (Restated)
	Net Profit/(loss) for the year after taxation			3,853,012	2,337,601
	Number of ordinary shares issued and subs	cribed		4,000,000	4,000,000
	at the end of the year		_	0.96	0.58
26.1.	BASIC		_		
	Earning per share		_	0.96	0.58

26.2. DILUTED

There is no dilution effect on the basic earning per share of the company as the company has no such commitments.

27 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES (Average and year end)

The total average number of employees during the period and as at the period end are as follows:

	At year end		Ave	rage
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Head office	17	15	16	15
Plant	50	29	40	21
Total number of employees	67	44	56	36



28. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVES, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amounts charged in the accounts for the period for remuneration, including all benefits to the Chief executive, Directors, and executive of the Company are as follows:

2018

	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
	Ciliei Executive	Directors	LACCULIVES
Managerial remuneration		2,320,000	2,548,864
Utilities	-	116,000	127,443
House rent	-	1,044,000	1,146,989
Medical	-	139,200	-
Pension, gratuity and contribution to other funds	-	-	-
Other perquisites and benefits	-	-	-
	-	3,619,200	3,823,296
Number of persons	1	1	5

Director has been provided with free use of company's maintained car for official use only. No remuneration was paid to chief executive. No meeting fees are being paid to chief executive and any director during the year.

	Chief Executive	Working Director	Executives
Managerial remuneration	-	2,320,000	2,404,928
Utilities	-	116,000	120,246
House rent	-	1,044,000	1,082,218
Medical	-	139,200	-
Pension, gratuity and contribution to other funds	-	-	-
Other perquisites and benefits	-	-	_
	-	3,619,200	3,607,392
Number of persons	1	1	

Director has been provided with free use of company's maintained car for official use only. No remuneration was paid to chief executive. No meeting fees are being paid to chief executive and any director during the year.

29 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise associated undertakings, directors of the Company and key management personnel. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. There are no related party transactions except for the remuneration of directors and key management personnel as disclosed in note 28.

30 CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

Annual rated capacity (at 100% capacity) (Based on 50 Tons per day of 24 hours and 365 days a year)

Actual Production

- Cotton seeds
- Other seeds
- Third party seed-processed

2018	2017
M.Tons	M.Tons
18,250	18,250
78	119
970	2,231
1,874	1,682
2,922	4,032

- **30.1.** The exact rated capacity of the plant can not be determined as it varies according to nature of seeds to be processed and also affected by various other associated factors.
- 30.2. Due to perishable nature of the product, the actual production is limited to market demand.

31. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

The preparation and presentation of these financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 is in accordance with requirements in Companies Act, 2017. The fourth schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 has introduced certain presentation and classification requirements for the elements of financial statements. Accordingly, the corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, to comply with the requirements of Companies Act, 2017. Following major reclassifications due to Companies Act, 2017 together with other changes have been made during the year:

Reclassified from	Reclassified to	Reason	Rupees
Surplus on revaluation of property plan and equipment	Recognised in equity as reserve	Companies Act, 2017	58,406,653
Short term borrowings (loan from director)	Equity (under the head of Loan from director)	TR 32	24,378,943



2017

32. General

32.1. Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupees.

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has exposure to the followings risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk Liquidity risk Market risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

COMPANY RISK MANGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through it's training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Company's Audit Committee oversees how management monitors and compliance with Company's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

33.1- Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted and arise principally from trade receivables, loans and advances and trade deposits. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 57,879,414/-,(2017: Rs. 46,823,806) financial assets which are subject to credit risk amount to Rs. 46,917,292/- (2017:Rs 40,365,951/-).

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of trade receivables. Management maintains procedures covering the application for credit approvals, granting and renewal of counter parties limit taking into account the customer's financial position, past track record, credit rating and other factors. As a part of these processes, exposures of credit risk are regularly monitored, assessed and customer are persuaded for prompt recovery. In addition to this the company has established an allowances for impairment that is estimate of expected losses in respect of trade debts. This allowance is based on the management assessment of specific loss component that relate to significant exposures. Sales to customers are also made against advance payment to further prudently manage the credit risk.

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by following the policies and procedures of approval and continuous monitoring of loan and advances extended to staff and suppliers and maintain bank account only with counterparty that have high degree of credit rating. Advance tax is adjustable or recoverable from FBR which is a State authority and have high credit rating. Given these high credit ratings, management do not expect that any of these counterparty fail to meet its obligations.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure before any credit enhancements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	2010	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Trade debtors	40,243,065	34,120,028
Loan's and advances	6,674,227	6,245,923
Trade deposits	2,302,774	1,840,030
Cash and Bank balance	8,659,348	4,617,825
	57,879,414	46,823,806

The trade debts as at the balance sheet date are classified by Geographical area as follows:

Impairment Losses

The aging of trade debts at the reporting date was:	2018		201	7
	Gross debts	Impaired	Gross debts	Impaired
Not past due	4,348,500	-	3,218,847	-
Past due 0-30 days	21,701,056	-	23,604,091	-
Past due 30-60 days	7,863,255	-	2,873,144	-
Past due 60-90 days	1,935,939	-	731,060	-
Over 90 days	4,738,523	(344,208)	5,341,886	(1,649,000)
	40,587,273	(344,208)	35,769,028	(1,649,000)

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade debts during the year was as follows:

	2010	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,649,000	650,578
Provision made during the year	344,208	1,649,000
Written off during the year	(1,649,000)	(650,578)
Balance at the end of the year	344,208	1,649,000



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Based on past experience and practice, consideration of financial position, past track records and recoveries, the Company believes that trade debtors past due to 60 days do not require any impairment allowance and no impairment loss is necessary in respect of remaining portion of past due over 90 days other than amount provided. Trade debts are essentially due from corporate entities and farmers and the Company is actively pursuing for prompt recovery of debts and does not expect these counter parties to fail to meet their obligations.

The allowance accounts in respect of trade receivables, loans and advances are used to record impairment losses unless the Company is satisfied that no recovery of the amount owing is possible, at that point the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against the financial asset directly. an amount of Bad debts of Rs. 344,208/- has been written off against the provison and the remaing Bad debts amount Rs.1,649,000/-has been written off directly in P&L against debtor.

33.2- Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding to an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions due to dynamic nature of the business. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on the contractual amounts is as follows:

	20	2018		17
	Carrying amount	Contractual Cashflows	Carrying amount	Contractual Cashflows
Loans and other borrowings - Unsecured	24,378,943	-	24,378,943	-
Trade and other payables - Unsecured	20,562,945	20,562,945	21,186,342	21,186,342
	44,941,888	20,562,945	45,565,285	21,186,342

The Company is not materially exposed to liquidity risk as substantially all obligations, commitments of the company are of short term and routine in nature (Accrued expense) and are restricted to the extent of available liquidity except the long term unsecured interest free loan obtained from the directors redeemable on the option of the Company. As a part of liquidity risk management policy Company follows effective cash flow, planning, controlling and management procedures to ensure availability of funds through effective working capital management and to appropriate measures for new requirements.

33.3- Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of the market risk management is to manage and control market exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on risk.

32.3.1-Foreign currency risk management

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivable and payables exist due to the transactions with foreign undertaking. Financial assets and financial liabilities of the company are not exposed to currency risk as a company has not entered into any transaction with any foreign undertakings.

32.3.2 - Interest rate risk management:

The Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Company has no significant long term interest bearing financial assets and liabilities whose fair value or cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As there is no interest bearing financial asset and liability therefore disclosure requirement of effective rate of interest not attracted.

32.3.3 - Capital risk management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses.

The company manage its capital structure by effective cash flow management to ensure availability of funds and by monitoring return on net assets and make adjustments thereto in the light of changes in economic conditions. Consistent with others in the industry, the company manage its capital risk by monitoring its debt levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future requirements and expectations of the shareholders. Debt is calculating as total borrowings. Total capital comprises shareholders equity as shown in the balance sheet under share capital and reserves. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may also adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

32.3.4 - Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The company is not exposed to any price risk as there are no financial instruments at the reporting date that are sensitive to price fluctuations.

33.4- Fair Value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arms length transaction other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

33.5- Fair value estimation

IFRS 13 requires fair value measurement disclosures using following three level fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in measuring fair value of financial instruments.



Information about fair value hierarchy and asset classified under the hierarchy as follows.

- Level 1; Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. drive from prices). The Company has no items to report in this level.
- Level 3: Inputs for asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

33.5.1- Fair value of non-financial asset measured at fair value

Fair value of property, plant and equipment

The company's Land-Freehold, Building on Free-hold Land, Plant & Machinery, at revalued amount, being fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent depreciation and subsequent impairment losses, if any. The fair value measurment of the company's Free-hold Land, Plant & Machinery, was performed as at April 08, 2016 were performed by M/s. Mughal Associates (valuer), independent valuer not related to the company. The valuer is listed on panel of Pakistan Banks Association and they have proper qualification and experience in the fair value measurment of property, plant and equipment.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
As at june 30, 2018		Rupees				
Land-freehold	-	9,548,000	-	9,548,000		
Building on freehold land	-	19,248,115	-	19,248,115		
Plant & machineary	-	44,387,171	-	44,387,171		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
As at june 30, 2017		Rup	ees			
Land-freehold	-	9,548,000	-	9,548,000		
Building on freehold land	-	21,386,794	-	21,386,794		
Plant & machineary	-	49,319,079	-	49,319,079		

There were no transfer between levels of fair value hierarchy during the year.

33.6- Financial instruments by category

The Company finances its operation through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an approximate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk. Taken as a whole, the Company's risk arising from financial instruments is limited as there is no significant exposure to price and cash flow risk in respect of such instruments.

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied for line items as below:

As at june 30, 2018	Loans and Receivables	Held to matutity	Total 30-Jun-18
Assets as per statement of financial position		Rupees	
Trade debts Loans and advances Security deposit	40,243,065 6,674,227 272,850	- - -	40,243,065 7,438,687 272,850
Cash and Bank	8,659,348	-	8,659,348
	55,849,490		55,849,490
Liabilities as per statement of financial position		Financial Liabilities measured at amortized cost Rupees	Total 30-Jun-18 Rupees
Loan from director Trade & Other payables		24,378,943 17,642,317 42,636,087	24,378,943 17,642,317 42,021,260
As at june 30, 2017	Loans and Receivables	Held to matutity	Total 30-Jun-18
Assets as per statement of financial position		Rupees	
Trade debts Loans and advances Security deposit Cash and Bank	34,120,028 6,245,923 122,850 4,617,825	- - - -	34,120,028 6,245,923 122,850 4,617,825
	45,106,626		45,106,626
		Financial Liabilities measured at amortized cost	Total 30-Jun-18
Liabilities as per statement of financial position		Rupees	
Loan from director Trade & Other payables		24,378,943 18,642,352	24,378,943 18,642,352
		43,021,295	43,021,295
CHANGES IN LIABILITIES ARISIING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2017	Cash flow Rupees	2018
Loan from director	45,106,626		45,106,626

35- DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

34-

The financial statements have been authorized for issue on October 05, 2018 by the board of directors of the company.

(FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN)
Chief Executive

(ASIF RAHIM KHAN) Director

(MUHAMMAD AZAM) Chief Financial Officer



DATA AGRO LIMITED FORM 34 The Companies Act, 2017. Section 227 (2)(f) PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDINGS AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

Number of	Shareholding		Number of Share	0/ of Comital	
ShareHolders	From	То	Held	% of Capital	
90	1	100	2,623	0.07	
2265	101	500	1,127,426	28.19	
53	501	1000	52,600	1.32	
61	1001	5000	164,150	4.10	
14	5001	10000	127,501	3.19	
5	10001	15000	63,000	1.58	
3	15001	20000	51,100	1.28	
1	20001	25000	21,000	0.53	
2	25001	30000	56,500	1.41	
1	30001	35000	34,000	0.85	
1	35001	40000	38,500	0.96	
1	45001	50000	50,000	1.25	
1	55001	60000	56,000	1.40	
1	80001	85000	84,000	2.10	
1	100001	105000	101,300	2.53	
1	130001	135000	131,300	3.28	
1	145001	150000	150,000	3.75	
1	200001	205000	201,000	5.03	
1	215001	220000	219,200	5.48	
1	230001	235000	233,500	5.84	
1	275001	280000	275,800	6.90	
1	360001	365000	364,600	9.12	
1	390001	395000	394,900	9.87	
2,508	<t0< td=""><td>TAL></td><td>4,000,000</td><td>100.00</td></t0<>	TAL>	4,000,000	100.00	

CATEGORIES OF SHARE HOLDING required under code of Corporate Governance (CCG) AS ON JUNE 30-06-2018

Sr#	Shareholder's	Number of	Number of	Percentage
31 #	Category	Shareholders	Shares Held	reiceillage
1	Directors/Chief Executive Officer and their			
	Spouse and minor children.		1,316,100	32.90
2	Executives		1	ı
3	Associated Companies, Undertakings and			
	Public Sector Companies and Corporations	1	394,900	9.87
4	NIT and ICP			
	NBP (Trustee Department)> 11,700			
	IDBP (ICP UNIT)> 34,000	2	45,700	1.14
5	Public Sector Companies and Corporations	-	-	-
6	Banks, Development Financial Institutions,			
	Non-Banking Financial Institutions			
	Insurance Companies			
	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	2	65	0.00
7	Shareholding 5% or More (including in above category)	*5	*1,688,000	*33.08
8	Others	2	12,001	0.30
9	Individuals	2,501	2,231,234	55.78
	TOTAL : -	2,508	4,000,000	100.00



		TOTAL CHARGO	
CATEGOR	RIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	TOTAL SHARES HELD	%
<u>Director</u>	s/Chief Executive Officer and their spouse and minor Ch	ildren	
1	MR. SOHAIL AHMED KHAN	500	0.01
2	MR. ANWAR UL HAQ	1,000	0.03
3 4	MR. ASAD RAHIM KHAN MR. HAIDER SADIK	383,500 219,200	9.59 5.48
5	MR. MOHAMMAD AYUB KHAN	500	0.01
6	MR. SHAMIM AHMED KHAN	500	0.01
7	MRS. FAIZA FAAIZ KHAN	325,800	8.15
8	MR. SAAD RAHIM KHAN	364,600	9.12
9	MR. FAAIZ RAHIM KHAN	10,000	0.25
10	MR. ASIF RAHIM KHAN	10,000	0.25
11	MRS. BADAR HUSAIN	500	0.01
12	TOTAL	1 216 100	0.00
	TOTAL: -	1,316,100	32.90
Executiv			
_	-	-	-
Associat	ted Companies, Undertakings and related parties		
1	DATA ENTERPRISES (PVT) LTD	394,900	9.87
	TOTAL: -	394,900	9.87
NITT and	TODO (ICO LINIT)		
1	IDBP (ICP UNIT) N.B.P. TRUSTEE DEPARTMENT	11,700	0.29
2	IDBP (ICP UNIT)	34,000	0.85
	TOTAL: -	45,700	1.14
Banks, D	Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financ	<u>ial Institutions,</u>	
<u>Insuran</u>	ce companies, Modarabas and Mutual Funds		
1	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	10	0.00
2	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	55	0.00
	TOTAL:-	65	0.00
*Charak	adding E0/, or mare		
1 1	Iolding 5% or more MR HAIDER SADIK	219,200	5.48
2	MR. ASAD RAHIM KHAN	383,500	9.59
3	MRS FAAIZA FAAIZ KHAN	325,800	8.15
4	MR SAAD RAHIM KHAN	364,600	9.12
5	DATA ENTERPRISES (PVT) LTD	394,900	9.87
	TOTAL: -	1,688,000	42.20
	IOIAEI	2/300/300	
Others	MAPLE LEAF CAPITAL LIMITED	1	0.00
2	RS CAPITAL (PRIVATE) LIMITED	12,000	0.00 0.30
	TOTAL: -	12,000	0.30
	TOTAL.	12,001	0.50
Individu	als	2,231,234	55.78
	Others (to be specified	0	0.00
	Joint Stock Companies	0	0.00
	Foreign Companies	0	0.00
	GRAND TOTAL :-	4,000,000	100.00
	CIGIND TOTAL	1,000,000	100.00
	(11 0 0 1		
ignature	e of the Company Secretary		
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FORM OF PROXY

I/We						
of		being a membe	of DATA	AGRO LIMIT	ED and holding	
- ordina	ry shares as p	er Share Register	Folio No	hereby	/ appoint Mr	
	of	OI	r failing him	n Mr		-of
	as my	/our proxy in my/o	ur absence	e to attend ar	nd vote for me/us	and on
Octobe		Annual General 30 a.m. at 135-S				
Signed	thisday	of2018.				
Witness	ses:					
1.	Signature: Name: Address: NIC or Passport No.			with	Signature on Rupees Five Revenue Stamp Signature should the specimen regwith the Company	istered
2.	Signature: Name: Address: CNIC or Passport No.				with the Company	•

Note:

Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Company's registered office not less than 48 hours before the meeting. No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not member of the Company qualified to vote except that a corporation being a member may appoint as proxy a per son who is not a member.

CDC Shareholders and their Proxies are each requested to attach an attested photocopy to their National Identity Card or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.