ENERGY LUMBERS OF THE PARTY OF

ARSHAD GROUP

HALF YEARLY ACCOUNTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31, DECEMBER 2018

COMPANY INFORMATION

CHAIRMAN

Mr Nisar Ahmad Sheikl

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Mr. Muhammad Arshad

DIRECTORS

Mr. Shah zad Ahmed Shekh Mr. Shehryar Arshad Mrs Nauroon Shahzad Ms.Rosham Shahzad Mr. Faisal Masood Shokh

AUDIT COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN MEMBER MEMBER

Mr. Faisal Masood Shekh Mr. Shahzad Ahmed Sheich

Mr.Shehryar Arshad

HE A REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN MI MBER MILMBER

Mr. Faisal Masond Shekh Mr. Shahzad Ahmed Sheish Mrs Nauroon Shahzail

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Nasir Mahmood

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr.Javed Abbas Nagvi

HEAD OF INTERNAL AUDIT

Mr.Muhammad Saqib

AUDITORIS

M/S Riaz Ahmad & Co. Chartered Accountants

B/ NKERS

Habib Metropolitan Bank Bank At Habib Lim tod

LEGAL AD VISOR

Rana Higher Ahm ad

REGISTERED OFFICE

404-405, 4" Floor, Bus ness Centre. Mumtaz Hassan Road, Karachi

Tel. 021-32412814

Wieb, www.arshadenergy.com

SHARES REGISTRAR

F.D.Reg strar Services (SMC-Pvt.) Limited

17th Floor, Saima Traile Tower-A 1. 1. Chundrigar Road, Karachi

PLANT

35-K.M., Sheikhupura Hoad,

Lebail Jaranwala. District Faisalabad.

Vision statement:

To become the most cost effective power generation company, committed to empowering Pakistan growth by not only maximizing energy outputs from the existing plant through sustained excellence in performance and innovation.

Mission statement:

Support the power purchaser to cope with the energy shortfalls in the country. Become the most efficient and economical plant while protecting commercial interests of the stakeholders. Create a work environment for employees that meets international standards of environment, health and safety.

DIRECTOR'S REVIEW TO THE SHARE HOLDERS

The Directors of your Company feel pleasure in submitting un-audited financial information of your Company for the quarter ended December 31, 2018

FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Half year ended		
	31 December	31 December	
	2018	2017	
	RUP	EES	
SALES	-	117,721,707	
COST OF GENERATION	(5,828,088)	(120,556,561)	
GROSS LOSS	(5,828,088)	(2,834,854)	
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FINANCE COST	(2,887,554) (2,427)	(2,613,278) (35,352)	
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION	(8,718,069)	(5,483,484)	
TAXATION	- 4		
LOSS AFTER TAXATION	(8,718,069)	(5,483,484)	
LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED - RUPEES	(1.09)	(0.69)	

Performance

Net sales for the period were Nil as compared to Rs. 117.721 million for the corresponding period. The Company has incurred net loss of Rs. 8.718 million as compared to loss of Rs. 5.483 Million of corresponding period.

Future Prospects

The Operations of the Company remain closed during the period due to non-viability of sale prices in contrast with cost of operating. The management is continuously monitoring the fuel price and sales rates to restart Operations.

Acknowledgement

The Board places on record its appreciation for the loyalty and devotion to work by staff and workers of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

rose fores

(Muhammad Arshad)

Chief Executive Officer

DATED: DECEMBER 27, 2019

ڈ ائر یکٹرزر ہورٹ شیسر ہولڈرز کیلئے کپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز 31 دمبر 2018 ،کوششاہی مالیاتی کارکردگی پریذنٹ کرنے میں خوشی محسوس کررہے ہیں۔

فائيتينشل رزلئس	31-12-2017	31-12-2018
ر يوييۇ راپوييۇ	روپے 117,721,707	روپ -
بجل بنانے کی قیمت نب	(120,556,561)	(5,828,088)
گراس منافع ا(نقصان)	(2,834,854)	(5,828,088)
انتظامی اخراجات ت	(2,613,278)	(2,887,554)
مالياتى كاست	(35,352)	(2,427)
نتصال محصولات ہے پہلے م	(5,483,484)	(8,718,069)
محصولات	-	-
نقصان بعداز محصولات نشمان بند	(5,483,484)	(8,718,069)
نقصان فی شیئر (روپے فی شیئر) بنیادی اور Diluted	(0.69)	(1.09)
2. 2 C C 2. T. W.		

مالياتى كاركردگ كاجائزه

پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں اس سال نیٹ سیلز صفرتھی جبکہ پچھلے سال 117.721 ملین تھی کیپنی کو 8.718 ملین کا نقصان ہوا ہے جبکہ پچھلے متعلقہ چھاہ میں 5.483 ملین نقصان تھا۔

مستقبل كي نويد:

آپریڈنگ کی لاگت کے برنکس فروخت کی قیمتوں کی غیرانتحکام کی وجہ ہے اس مدت کے دوران کمپنی کے آپریشنز بندر ہیں گے۔ انتظامات کو دوبارہ شروع کرنے کے لئے انتظام مسلسل ایندھن کی قیمت اور فروخت کی شرح کی گرانی کرتا ہے۔

اعتراف:

بورؤ نے کمپنی کے عملے اور کارکنوں کی طرف سے کا م کرنے کی وفاواری اور عقیدت کے لئے ان کی تعریف کی ہے۔

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Arshad Energy Limited

Report on review of Condensed Interim Financial Statements

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of ARSHAD ENERGY LIMITED ("the Company") as at 31 December 2018 and the related condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity, and condensed interim statement of cash flows, and notes to condensed interim financial statements for the six-month period then ended (here-in-after referred to as "condensed interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim financial statements based on our review. The figures of the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the quarters ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 have not been reviewed and we do not express a conclusion on them as we are required to review only the cumulative figures for the six-month period ended 31 December 2018.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of condensed interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

The engagement partner on the review resulting in this independent auditor's report is Liaqut Ali Panwar.

Emphasis of Matter Paragraph

We draw attention to Note 1.1 to the condensed interim financial statements, which states that the Company is no longer a going concern, therefore, these condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of estimated realizable / settlement values of assets and liabilities respectively. Our report is not qualified in respect of this matter.

RIAZ AHMAD & COMPANY Chartered Accountants

Miss Ahmed 16.

Faisalabad

Date: 27 February 2019

CONDENSED I		ENERGY LIN FINANCIAL PO	ATTED OSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER	2018		
	Un-audited	Audited			Un-audited	Audited
NOT	TE 31 December	30 June		NOTE	31 December	30 June
	2018	2018			2018	2018
QUITY AND LIABILITIES	RUPEES	RUPEES			RUPEES	RUPEES
			ASSETS			
HARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
uthorized share capital			NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
000 000 (30 June 2018: 10 000 000) ordinary			Property, plant and equipment	4	153,314,490	1:6,517,826
iares of Rupees 10 each	100,000,000	100,000,000	rroporty, part and equipment	3	טכר, רד כ, נכנו	1.0,317,020
		-	Security deposits		10,550	10,550
ssued, subscribed and paid up share capital apital reserves	000,000,08	80,000,000			153,355,040	1 6,528,376
remium on issue of right shares	80,000,000	80,000,000				
curplus on revaluation of property, plant and						
quipment	42,960,738	43,215,514				
Revenue reserves	(73,231,566)	(63,903,045)				
TOTAL EQUITY	129,729,172	139,312,469				
LIABILITIES			CURRENT ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			Stores, spare parts and loose t	ools	13,174,667	3,220,000
Staff retirement gratuity	3,643,546	3,837,695		5005	13,174,507	3,220,000
	0.40,000,000	0.040.004.000	Stock of oil and lubricants		12,115,717	2,107,316
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Trade and other payables	21,807,815	33,363,292			-	919,199
Undaimed dividend Short term borrowings	31,348	31,348				
Success coloning	34,550,000 56,389,163	17,149,943 50,544,583			2,491,156	2,580,57
	201,606,00	נפנייהוניונ	Prepayments and other receiv	phlac	7 400 022	7.150.03
TOTAL LIABILITIES	60,032,709	54,332,278		(CUIC)	7,409,833	7,158,02
		6	Cash and bank balances		1,215,468	1,181,2
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	3				36,436,84	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	189,761,881	193,694,74	7 TOTAL ASSETS		189,761,88	1 1 3,694,7
The annexed notes form an integral part of these con	ndensed interim financial st	atements.				
			2		6.0	
		atements. Jeografia	2		(Lo. 22	Patraces of

ARSHAD ENERGY LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (Un-audited) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	NOTE	Half year	ended	Quarter	
		31 December 2018	31 December 2017	31 December 2018	31 December 2017
			RUPE	ES	
SALES COST OF GENERATION	5	- (5,828,088)	117,721,707 (120,556,561)	- (2,798,547)	55,714,308 (62,455,716)
GROSS LOSS		(5,828,088)	(2,834,854)	(2,798,547)	(6,7-11,408)
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FINANCE COST		(2,887,554) (2,427)	(2,613,278) (35,352)	(864,138) (1,670)	(1,144,156) (35,311)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(8,718,069)	(5,483,484)	(3,664,355)	(7,920,875)
TAXATION	6		-		-
LOSS AFTER TAXATION		(8,718,069)	(5,483,484)	(3,664,355	(7,920,875)
LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED - RUPEES		(1.09)	(0.69) (0.46	(0.99)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

ARSHAD ENERGY LIMITED

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEME FOR THE HALF Y						
	Half year	r ended	Quarter ended			
	31 December 2018	31 December 2017	31 December 2018	31 December 2017		
		RUP	200000000000000000000000000000000000000			
LOSS AFTER TAXATION	(8,718,069)	(5,483,484)	(3,664,355)	(7,920,875)		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME						
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				-		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			-	-		
Other comprehensive income for the period	•			•		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(8,718,069)	(5,483,484)	(3,664,355)	(7,920,875)		
The annexed notes form an integral part of these conden	sed interim financial s	itatements.				
rosa diseas	my forgum	_	(Com	shore of		
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	DIRECTOR		CHIEF FINANC	IAL OFFICER		

CONDEN			OF CHANGES IN E IDED 31 DECEMBE						
	RESERVES								
		c	APITAL RESERVE	5	RE	VENUE RESERVE	S		TOTAL
	SHARE Capital	Premium on Issue of right shares	Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	Sub total	General	Accumulated loss	Sub total	TOTAL	ЕQUПҮ
i					RUPEES				
alance as at 30 June 2017- (Audited)	80,000,000	80,000,000	40,688,231	120,688,231	14,408,600	(59,902,925)	(45,494,325)	75,193,916	155,193,906
arsfer from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment on count of incremental depreciation		₩	(210,594)	(210,594)	•	210,594	210,594	(*)	
ess for the half year ended 31 December 2017 ther comprehensive income for the half year ended 31 December 2017		:	•	•		(5,483,484) -	(5,483,484)	(5,483,434)	(5,483,484
ital comprehensive loss for the year ended 31 December 2017	v		0#0			(5,483,484)	(5,483,484)	(5,483,434)	(5,483,484
alance as at 31 December 2017- (Un-audited)	80,000,000	80,000,000	40,477,637	120,477,637	14,408,600	(65,175,815)	(50,767,215)	69,710,422	149,710,42
ransfer from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment on count of incremental depreciation	ī		(210,593)	(210,593)		210,593	210,593	12	į.
oss for the half year ended 30 June 2018 ther comprehensive ircome for the half ended 30 June 2018			2,548,470	2,948,470		(13,662,628) 316,205	(13,662,678) 316,205	(13,662,628) 3,264,675	(13,652,62 3,264,67
etal comprehensive loss for the half year ended 30 June 2018		•	2,948,470	2,948,470		(13,346,423)	(13,346,423)	(10,397,953)	(10,397,5
alance as at 30 June 2018- (Audited)	80,000,000	80,000,000	43,215,514	123,215,514	14,408,600	(78,311,645)	(63,903,045)	59,312,459	139,312,4
cjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 (Note 2.2)		*1	*	•		(865,228	(365,228)	(865,228)	(865,2
cjusted total equity as at 01 July 2018	80,000,000	80,000,000	43,215,514	123,215,514	14,408,600	(79,176,873	(64,768,273)	58,447,211	138,447,2
ransfer from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment on xecunt of incremental depreciation		•	(254,776)	(254,776)		254,776	254,776	æ	
ess for the half year ended 31 December 2018 ther comprehensive income for the half year ended 31 December 2018			·	·		(8,718,069	(8,718,069)	(8,718,059	(8,718,
otal comprehensive loss for the year ended 31 December 2018		•			17.	(8,718,069	(8,718,069)	(8,718,069	(8,718
alance as at 31 December 2018- (Un-audited)	80,000,000	80,000,000	42,960,738	122,960,739	14,408,60	(87,640,16	5) (73,231,566	49,729,177	2 129,729
te annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial state	merts.								
ou down		fr	"0"h_	2_				(Lo. 20)	Josep

ARSHAD ENERGY LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Un-audited) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Half year	ended
	31 December	31 December
	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	RUPEES	RUPEES
Cash generated from operations		
Loss before taxation	(8,718,069)	(5,483,484)
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:		
Depreciation	3,173,336	3,238,496
Provision for staff retirement gratuity	414,351	391,196
Finance cost	2,427	35,352
	(5,127,955)	(1,818,440)
Working capital changes	(3/12//333)	(2,020, 1.0)
Decrease / (increase) in current assets		
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	45,333	3,080,220
Stock of oil and lubricants	(8,401)	(36,033,529)
Trade debts	53,971	(30,461,599)
Loans and advances	106,368	(199,608)
Prepayments and other receivables	(251,810)	(9,195,250)
Prepayments and other receivables	(54,539)	(72,809,766)
(Increase) / decrease in trade and other payables	(11,555,477)	80,686,637
(increase), dear case in a serie pro-	(11,610,016)	7,876,871
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	(16,737,971)	6,058,431
Property Control of the Control of t	(2,427)	(1,287)
Finance cost paid Income tax paid	(16,950)	(31,710)
Workers' profit participation fund paid	-	(626,141)
Staff retirement gratuity paid	(608,500)	(15,500)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	(17,365,848)	5,383,793
Net cash (used iii) / generated from operating desirates	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment	-	(2,821,780)
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,821,780)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Borrowings - net	17,400,057	(1,632,821)
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	17,400,057	(1,632,821)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	34,209	929,192
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUITATION	2000 0000000000	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	1,181,259	776,178
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE	. 245 452	1,705,370
END OF THE PERIOD	1,215,468	1,705,370
More vi un une		

The annexed notes form an integral part of this condensed interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



ARSHAD ENERGY LIMITED SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Un-audited) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Arshad Energy Limited (the Company) is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan on 20 February 1994 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Now Companies Act, 2017) and listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. Its registered office is business of generation and distribution of electricity. The project is located at 35 - Kilometers, Sheikhupura Road, Tehsil Juranwala,

1.1 Non-going concern basis of accounting

Previously the Company was in operations due to decrease in the furnace oil prices in the world market as the cost of generation of electricity by the Company was decreased. However, in current period the price of furnace oil has increased which ultimately resulted in suspension of Company's operations. Hence, the Company is not ensured a going concern.

In view of the aforesaid reasons, the Company is not considered a going concern. These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the non-going concern basis of accounting on the basis of estimated realizable / settlement values of the

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim fir ancial state nents are the same as applied in the preparation of the preceding audited annual published financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018 except for the change in accounting policy as stated in Note 2.2 to these condensed interim financial statements.

2.1 Basis of preparation

2.1.1 Statement of compliance

- a) These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting stardards as applicable in Pakistan for Literim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:
 - International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual audited financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018. These condensed interim financial statements are un-audited, however, have been subjected to limited soone review by the auditors and are being submitted to the shareholders as required by the listed Companies (Code of Corporate Golernance) Regulations, 2017 and section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017. The figures of condensed interim statement of profit or loss and condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the quarters ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 have not been reviewed by the statuary auditors of the Company, as they have reviewed the accumulated figures for the half years ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017.

2.1.2 Accounting convention

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the non-going concern basis of accounting on the basis of estimated realizable / settlement values of the assets and liabilities respectively. In realizable / settlement value basis, assets are carried at amount of cash and cash equivalents that could currently be obtained by selling the assets in an order y disposal. Liabilities are carried at their settlement values, that is the undiscounted amounts of cash or cash equivalents expected to be paid to satisfy the liabilities in the normal course of business.

2.1.3 Accounting estimates, judgments and financial risk management

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

During the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgments made by the management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty were the same as those that applied in the preceding audited annual published financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Analysis of upside not recognized in the profit or loss on assets during the period:

Expected profit on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment of the Company, which are not revalued shall be Rupees 0.13 million. Hence, there is an upside of Rupees 0.13 million not recognized in the statement of profit or loss on property, plant and equipment.

The Company have no items that it plans to sell that the Company have not previously recognized in these condensed interim financial statements.



2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES DUE TO APPLICABILITY OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARD (IFRS - 9)

Following changes in accounting policies have taken place effective from 01 July 2018:

2.2. IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'

The Company has adopted IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" from 01 July 2018. The standard introduced new classification and measurement models for financial assets. A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if it is held within a busin as model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates and that are solely principal and interest. A debt instrument shall be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is to both hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates that are solely principal and interest as well as selling the asset on the basis of its fair value. All other financial assets are classified and incasured at fair value through profit or loss unless the Company makes an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income. Despite these requirements, a financial asset may be irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss to reduce the effect of, or eliminate, an accounting mismatch. For financia liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, the standard requires the portion of the change in fair value that relaes to the Company's own credit risk to be presented in other comprehensive income (unless it would create an accounting mismaich). New simpler hedge accounting requirements are intended to more desely align the accounting treatment with the risk management activities of the Company. New impairment requirements use an 'Expected Credit Loss' ('ECL') model to recognise an allowance. Impairment is measured using a 12-month ECL method unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. For receivables, a simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance is available.

The Company has adopted IFRS 9 without restating the prior year results.

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of IFRS 9

i) Classification and measurement of financial instruments

IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. However, it replaces the previous IAS 39 categories for financial lissets i.e. loans and receivables, Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL), available for sale and held to maturity with the categories such as amortised cost, FVTPL and Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI).

a) Classification

From 01 July 2018, in compliance with the requirements of this IFRS in these condensed interim financial statements, the category of financial assets i.e. 'loans and receivables' has been changed to 'at amortised cost'. However, there was no change in the figures of the above mentioned categories of financial instruments. The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

b) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments. The Company measures its debt instruments at amortized cost. Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other income / (other expenses).

ii) Impairment

From 01 July 2018, the Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt in truments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit

For trade debts and other receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

iii) Impacts of adoption of IFRS 9 on these condensed interim financial statements as on 01 July 2018

On 01 July 2018, the Company's management has assessed which business models apply to the financial assets held by the Company at the date of initial application of IFRS 9 (01 July 2018) and has classified its financial instruments into appropriate IFRS 9 categories. The main effects resulting from this reclassification are as follows:

		Measureme	nt category
		Loans and receivables	Amortised cost
		(IAS 39)	(IFRS 9)
		RUPEES	RUPEES
Openin	ng balance	2,315,508	
Adjustn	ments due to adoption of IFRS 9:		
Adjustn 'Loans a	ment on adoption of IFRS 9 by reclassifying financial instruments designated a and Receivables' to 'Amortised Cost'	(2,315,508)	2,315,508
Recogn	nition of expected life time credit losses on trade debts		(365,228
			1,150,280
The imp	spact of these changes on the Company's accumulated loss and equity is as follows:	ows:	
		accumulated	Effect on total equity
		RUPEES	RUPEES
	ng balance	(78,311,615)	139, 312,469
	ment on adoption of IFRS 9 due to recognition of expected life time credit losse Je debts	(865,228)	(365,228)
		(79,176,873)	138,447,241

2.2.2

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables generally do not include amounts over due by 365 days.

The Company has applied the simplified approach to measure expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss a lowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

3. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There was no contingent liability and commitment as at the reporting date (30 June 2018: Rupees Nil).

		31 December 2018	30 June 2018
1		RUPEES	RUPEES
4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
	Opening book value	156,517,826	156, 331,471
	Add: Cost of additions during the period / year (Note 4.1)		2,329,780
	Effect of surplus on revaluation		2,948,470
	Reversal of Impairment loss	14	1,272,525
		156,517,826	163,082,246
	Less: Book value of deletions during the period / year - vehicles		(37,279)
		156,517,826	163,044,967
	Less: Depredation charged during the period / year	(3,173,336)	(6,527,141)
	Closing book value	153,344,490	156,517,826
4.1	Cost of additions during the period / year		
	Plant and machinery		2,808,830
	Computers	禮	19,000
	Furniture and fittings		1,950
			2,929,780

Aud ted

Un-audited

10	-		
5.	COST	OF GENERAT	NOI

		(Un-	audited)	
	Half yea	ar ended	Quarter	ended
	31 December 2018	31 December 2017	31 December 2018	31 December 2017
		RU	IPEES	
Oil and lubricants consumed	3,950	111,591,075	3,950	57,693,578
Electricity duty		815,279		396,282
Salaries, wages and other benefits	2,182,052	2,717,350	867,887	1,238,486
Staff retirement gratuity	260,029	254,278	130,014	127,139
Stores, spare parts and loose tools consumed	206,079	1,917,927	203,039	1,367,309
Repair and maintenance	12,776	31,980	12,056	7,600
Depredation	3,163,202	3,228,672	1,581,601	1,625,322
TAYATION	5,828,088	120,556,561	2,798,547	62, 155,716

6. TAXATION

The profit and gains derived by the Company from the electric power generation projects are exempted from levy of income tax under Clause 132 of Part-I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise of associated companies / undertakings, directors and key management personnel. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Detail of transactions and balances with related parties is as follows:

	(Un-	audited)		
Half year ended Quarter ended				
31 December 2018	31 December 2017	31 December 2018	31 December 2017	

i) Transactions

Associated companies

Sale of energy

117,721,707

55,714,308

Other related parties

Borrowings received

21,250,000

21,250,000

Un-audited	Audited
31 December	30 J ine
2018	2018
RUPEES	RUPEES

ii) Period end balances

Trade and other payables Short term borrowings Trade debts 15,212,210 34,550,000

11,368,732 13,300,000

53,971

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the Company's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.

9. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These condensed interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and authorized for issue on

10. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

In order to comply with the requirements of IAS 34, the condensed interim statement of financial position and condensed interim statement of changes in equity have been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income and condensed interim statement of cash flows have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding

Corresponding figures have been rearranged, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, no significant rearrangements have been made.

11. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Jean June

DIRECTOR

- Constitution of

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

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