Annual 2018 Report 2018

59th
Year Of Continuous Services









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VISION STATEMENT

We, at Universal Insurance Company Limited recognize the importance of satisfying our customers by consistently providing quality insurance service in accordance with their needs and expectations. We strive to be competent partner of our customers against insured perils.



MISSION STATEMENT QUALITY POLICY

We strive to provide our customers cost effective insurance cover by continually increasing the productivity of our employees. To increase productivity, we conduct regular training programs during which employees are assessed and allocated a career path in accordance with their performance.

We diligently follow the applicable laws and ensure strict compliance by conducting regular internal audits and educating our employees about the law.

We try to improve our services by continually assessing our systems and procedures based on customers and team feedback.

We strive to maintain a customers focused approach by ensuring that our service is delivered to the customer on time, according to the customer required specifications and with in our stipulated cost.



CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors	Mr. Raza Kuli Khan Khattak	Chairman
	Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	(Chief Executive)
	Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A	
	Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	
	Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	
	Mr. Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak	
	Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khat	tak
	Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak	(
Principal Officer	Mr. Amir Raza	
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	
Company Secretary	Mr. Liaqat Ali Shavkat	
Internal Auditor	Mr. Abdul Waheed Chaudhry	
Auditors	M/s. Shinewing Hameed Chaud Chartered Accountants	hri & Company
Legal Adviosor	Rana Muhammad Aamir Zulfiqo	ır (Advocate)
Share Registrar	M/s. Hameed Majeed Associate H.M House, 7-Bank Square, Lah Phone # 042-37235081-82 Fax	ore
Registered Office:	Universal Insurance House 63-Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lo Pakistan Ph: 042-37353453-37353458 Fax: 042-37230326 Web: www.uic.com.pk Email: info@uic.com.pk	ahore, 54000



BOARD AND MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES

Board Committees:

i) Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	Chairman	Independent
Mr. Raza Kuli Khan Khattak	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Member	Executive
Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Pervez I. Khan	Member	Non-Executive
Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Liaqat Ali Shaukat	Secretary	

ii) Investment Committee

Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A	Chairman	Non-Executive
Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Member	Executive
Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Member	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Liaqat Ali Shauka	Secretary	

iii) Audit Committee

Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	Chairman	Independent
Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Pervez I. Khan	Member	Non-Executive
Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Abdul Waheed Ch.	Secretary	

Management Committees:

iv) Underwriting, Reinsurance & Co-Insurance Committee;

Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak	Chairman	Non-Executive
Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak	Member	Non-Executive
Miss. Bushra Hina Mushtaq	Member	
Mr. Muhammad Alyas	Secretary	

v) Claims Settlement Committee;

Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Chairman	Executive
Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A	Member	Non-Executive
Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Amir Raza	Member	
Mr. Abdul Waheed Ch.	Member	
Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Secretary	

vi) Risk Management & Compliance Committee

Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak Mr. Amir Raza	Chairman Member	Non-Executive
Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Member	
Miss. Bushra Hina Mushtaq	Secretary	



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 59th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Universal Insurance Company Limited will be held on Tuesday April 30, 2019 at 10:30 A.M. at the registered office of the Company at Universal Insurance House, 63-Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore to transact the following business:-

A. ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on April 27, 2018 at Lahore.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2018 and reports of the directors and auditors thereon.
- 3. To appoint auditors for the year 2019 and to fix their remuneration. The Board on recommendation of Audit Committee of the company has recommended the appointment of M/s. Shine Wing Hameed Chaudhri & Co. Chartered Accountants as external auditor for the year 2019 being eligible, have offered themselves for re-appointment.

B. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

(Liaqat Ali Shaukat) Company Secretary

Dated: April 09, 2019

NOTES:

- 1- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from April 23, 2019 to April 30, 2019 (both days inclusive).
- 2- A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company duly stamped, signed and witnessed not later than 48 hours before the meeting. A member shall not be entitled to appoint more than one proxy.
- 3- CDC shareholders are requested to bring their original CNIC card, Account, Sub account numbers and participant's Number in Central Depository Company (CDC) for identification purpose for attending the meeting. In case of Corporate entity, the Board of Director's resolution/ Power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.



- 4- Shareholders are requested to immediately notify shares registrar of the company promptly of any change in their addresses, if any.
- 5- Members who have not yet submitted photocopies of their valid computerized national identity cards to the Company are requested to send the same at earliest directly to our share registrar M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd, 7-Bank Square, Lahore.
- 6- Form of proxy is appended to the annual report in both English and Urdu languages.
- 7- The audited financial statements of the company for the year ended December 31, 2018 have been placed on the company website www.uic.com.pk.
- 8- Members who desire to receive annual financial statements and notice of annual general meeting of the company through email in future are hereby requested to convey their consent to company secretary at email address info@uic.com.pk via email on a standard request form which is available on company website. It is the responsibility of the member to timely update of any change in their registered email address. Members can request a hard copy of Audited Financial Statements which shall be provided free of cost within seven days from the date of requisition.
- 9- Pursuant to SECP S.R.O. No. 43(1)/2016 dated January 22, 2016, the members can also exercise their right to vote through e-voting by giving their consent in writing at least 10 days before the date of meeting to the company on the appointment of Execution Officer by the intermediary as a Proxy.

10- Consent for Video Conference Facility

Pursuant to the provision to the Companies Act, 2017 the members can also avail video conference facility. In this regard please fill the following and submit at the registered address of the Company 07 days before holding the general meeting. If the company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the meeting, the company will arrange video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city. The Company will intimate members regarding venue of video conference facility at least 5 days before the date of general meeting.

I/We	of	beir	ga	a men	nber	of	The	Univ	ersal
Insurance Co. L	td., holder of	O	rdir	nary Sl	hare(s) a	s per	Folio	No.
he	ereby opt for video confer	rence facility at_		-				<u>_</u> .	

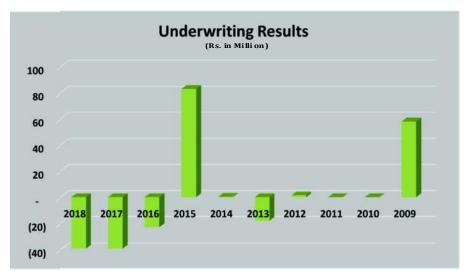


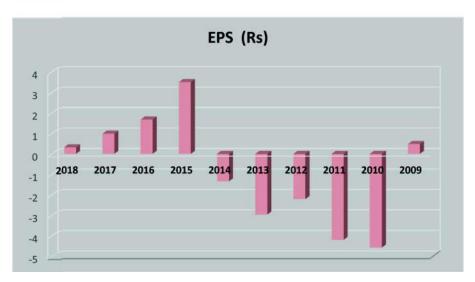
TEN YEARS KEY FINANCIAL DATA

<u>~</u>									(Rupees in	million)
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Gross Premium	64	28	36	45	68	115	295	464	503	539
Net Premium	33	12	26	28	35	99	211	292	329	361
Net Claim	2	(9)	(9)	(56)	2	54	102	143	177	182
Investment	443	372	322	187	157	138	135	135	160	115
Underwriting (Loss)/ Profit	(39)	(39)	(23)	83	0.30	(18)	1.4	(2)	(17)	58
(Loss)/ Profit Before Tax	19	45	71	131	(41)	(87)	(66)	(110)	(103)	11
(Loss)/ Profit After Tax	16	41	69	130	(46)	89	(66)	(65)	(86)	8
Paid-up Capital	500	500	416	416	370	300	300	300	262.50	210
Cash and Banks	26	90	6	108	122	160	62	130	88	159
Total Property & Assets	927	921	805	784	547	935	913	1069	1164	1066
Equity	808	780	644	311	118	78	143	208	233	265
EPS (Rs)	0.32	0.98	1.67	3.5	(1.34)	(2.97)	(2.21)	(4.20)	(4.58)	0.48

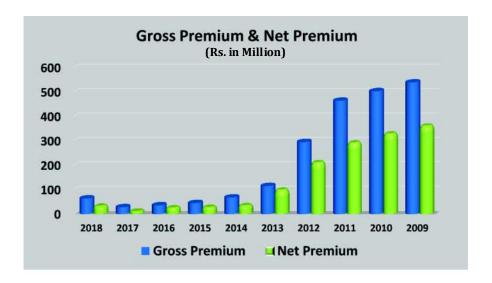


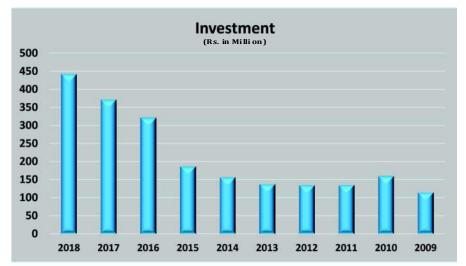
















CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

I feel pleased in presenting 59th Annual Report and performance view of The Universal Insurance Company Limited on behalf of the Board of Directors of the Company.

Company Performance:

The Company financials indicators have persistently reflected improvements for the last 4 years which is evident from the fact that, accumulative losses of the Company reduced considerably, resulting into upgrading the Company's IFS rating.

Future Outlook:

The improvement in financial results of the Company can be attributed to the board's decision executed in 2014 of closure of unprofitable branches across the country and advising the management to shift its entire focus on underwriting the group's business and profitable market business of selected clients. The decision proved fruitful during the period underreview. In this connection we have upgraded our IT system with the objective to further reinforce internal control with special emphasis on risk management aiming not to underwrite hazardous risks. IT system has also catered the changed environment required by the regulator for ensuring relevant compliance in all respect. All these measures altogether will contribute toward strengthening boardpolicy for better management of Company affairs.

Acknowledgement:

I wish to express my sincere appreciation to our valued shareholders, clients, Reinsurers, SECP & financial institutions whose cooperation and supportover the year has further strengthened our market image.

April 08, 2019
Lahore

Raza Kuli Khan Khattak
Chairman

چیئر مین کی جائزہ ربورٹ

تھین کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر ز کی طرف سے جھے دی یو نیورس انٹورس کینی کی 59ویں سالاندر پورٹ اور کارکردگی کا جائز و پایٹ کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں ہورہی

م مینی ک کار کردگ س

کھٹی کے الیاتی انٹارے پچھلے چارسان سے سنسل بہتری کی مکائ کررہے ہیں اس مقبقت سے بہت واضع ہے کیکھٹی کے جموئی نقصانات نمایاں حد تک کم جوئے ہیں اوراس کے نتیجے میں مہنی کی IFS دینگ بہتر جوئی ہے۔

منتقبل كاحائزه

کمپنی نے مانیاتی مانیاتی میں بہتری کی وجدملک ہجر میں غیر منافع بخش برانچو کی بندش پڑل درآمدکو 2014 میں ورڈ کے کیے گئے فیضے سے منسوب کیا جا سات ہے اور پیجنسٹ کو ہدایت کی کہ وہ اپنی تمام تر توجہ کروپ کے کارو بازاور مارکیٹ سے منتخب غدہ کارکش کے منافع بخش کاروپار کو اغراز اس سے بھر میں اور رسک پیجنسٹ پر جصوصی توجہ دیں تاکہ عالم میں ہم نے اپنے آئی سستم کوال مقصد کے ساتھا ہے گر بڑکیا ہے کہ ہم سپنے اندرو ٹی کنٹرول کو تر پر منہ وط کریں اور رسک پیجنسٹ پر جصوصی توجہ دیں تاکہ خطر تاک رسک کو اندر اسک میں کہتر پیجنسٹ کے لیے بازی طرف سے در کار بدلتے وہ ول کو بورا کیا ہے تاکہ برعاظ سے متعدلہ کمپرائنس کو بیتی بنایا ہوئے ۔ بیش مزر اندران کہنی کہتر پیجنسٹ کے لیے بورڈ پالیسی کو مضبوط بنانے میں مدد گار تابت بول گئے۔

اعنة افسه

میں اُپنے توبل فدرخصص داران مکائنٹس، ری انشوررز، SECP اور دیگر ما بیانی ادارول کا شکر گزار ہول جن کے تعاون اورسپورٹ کی وجہ ہے کیٹی کا مارکیٹ اٹنج مزید مضایا موا

معلقه القسمة المهمية ا ويسمية المهمية المهمية

08 ايريل، 2019ء

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DIRECTOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I feel immense pleasure in presenting the **59th Annual Report** of the company with audited financial statements for the financial year ended December 31, 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

The Universal Insurance Company Limited (the company) is incorporated in Pakistan as a Public Limited Company since 1958 and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX). The Company's principal activity is non-life insurance business.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Information about principal risks and uncertainties is given in the corresponding notes 42 in the financial statements.

OPERATING RESULTS:

The operating financial results of the company for the year ended 31 December, 2018 are stated below.

	2018	2017	
	Rupees in '000-		
Gross premium	63,549	28,324	
Netpremium	33,184	12,183	
Netclaims	2,366	(9,017)	
Underwriting results	(38,912)	(39,329)	
Investment & Other Income	15,891	19,864	
Profit before taxation	19,497	45,423	
Profit after tax ation for the year	15,989	41,452	
Earnings per share	0.32	0.98	

Review Of Operating Results:

The financial results of the company for the year ended December 31, 2018 are reflecting remarkable improvement in different segments particularly the Gross Written Premium of the company has enhanced significantly by 124% in comparison with Gross Written Premium of last year. Similarly Net Written Premium has also increased by 172% over the corresponding period.

However, the investment & Other income of the company has diminished by Rs. 3.973 million over the corresponding period in response to high volatility in stock exchange observed during the current financial year. Inspite of this reduction in investment income the bottom line of the company remained positive. It is worthwhile to state here that management following the previous practice had again carried out a comprehensive evaluation of company's assets and liabilities with special emphasis on its segment of outstanding claims and after thorough review rationalized its provision with an objective to present very accurate figures of its liabilities and assets.

Revenue And Reserve

The statement of changes in equity is showing that the company has transferred the balance lying in revenue reserve to accumulated losses.

Dividend

The directors have not recommended dividend for the year 2018.

IFS Rating

M/s. PACRA realizing the sustainable improvement in the financial performance of the company has decided to maintain its IFS rating to A-(stable).



Information Technology (IT)

In the light of changed accounting environment and to cater the additional regulatory requirements the existing IT modules have been configured to cope with changed scenario. Further integration process is underway to assist the different departments for generating the conducive reports & financial statements and we are determined to finalize IT development process before the end of first half of next financial year.

ISO Certification

The Company received ISO 9001:2015 certification from M/s. Lloyd's Register-LRQA, Karachi since May 17, 2003. M/s. Lloyd's Register-LRQA, Karachi has renewed Company's certification ISO 9001:2015 on September 29, 2018 for next 3 years which exhibits that Company meets the requirement of standard and maintains satisfactory level of implementation of ISO-Quality Management System.

Statement of Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

The corporate laws, rules and regulations framed there under spell out the overall functions of the Board of Directors of the company. The Board is fully aware of its corporate responsibilities as envisaged under the Code of Corporate Governance, prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and is pleased to certify that:

- (a) The financial statements, prepared by the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- (b) Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Company.
- (c) The company has applied consistently appropriate accounting policies in preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are on the basis of prudent and reasonable judgment.
- (d) Financial statements have been prepared by the company in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IAS), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) or any other regulation or law as applicable in Pakistan. The departure there from, if any, is disclosed adequately.
- (e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored throughout the year. Internal controls and their implementation are reviewed continuously by the Internal Audit department and any weakness in controls is timely addressed.
- (f) There are no significant doubts upon Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- (g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of Code of Corporate Governance.
- (h) Key operating and financial data for the last ten years in summarized form is annexed to this annual report.
- (i) There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges which are outstanding as at 31st December, 2018 except as disclosed in the corresponding notes in the financial statements.
- (j) Four directors of the Company have acquired certification under the Director's Training Program (DTP) and five directors meets the criteria of eligibility for exemption from certificate.

Related Party Transactions

The related party transactions are approved or ratified by the Board Audit Committee and the Board of Directors

Holding Company

Bibojee Services (Pvt.) Limited, incorporated in Pakistan, is a holding Company by way of direct ownership of 85.96% shares and other indirect shareholding.

Composition of the Board

The Composition of the Board is in line with the requirements of the CCG Regulations. The composition of the Board is as follows:

Total number of directors	
Male	7
Female	2
Independent Director	
Other Non-executive Directors	8
Executive Director	1



Board Performance Evaluation

The evaluation of Board's role of oversight and its effectiveness is appraised by the Board itself. The main areas of focus are, but are not limited to, the following:

- Achieving corporate goals and objectives as defined in the Company's vision and mission statements.
- Strategy formulation and dissemination of directors to the management for sustainable planning and operation; and
- Trainings and upgradation of knowledge and skills of directors
- Evaluation of Board's Committees performance in relation to discharging their responsibilities as per defined terms of reference.

Board of Directors' Meetings:

During the year, Four (4) Board meetings were held. The number of meetings attended by each Director is given hereunder:

Name of Directors	No. of Meetings <u>Attended</u>
Mr. Raza Kuli Khan Khattak	4
Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	4
Mr. Mushtaq Ahmad Khan - FCA	1
Mrs. Shahnaz Sajjad Ahmad	3
Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	3
Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	3
Mr. Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak	2
Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak	3
Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak	3

Leave of absence was granted to the Directors who could not attend some of the Board meetings due to their other engagements.

No casual vacancy occurred during the year ended December 31, 2018.

Board and Management Committees

The Board of Directors, in compliance with the Code, has constituted following Board and Management committees which performs according to the terms of reference determined by the Board of the company and which conforms to the requirements of the code

Audit Committee

Audit Committee comprising of five members, four of whom are non-executive directors and one independent director who is the chairman of the committee. Four meetings of audit committee were held during the year.

-Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	Chairman
-Mr. Mushtaq Ahmad Khan - F.C. A	Member
-Mrs. Shahnaz Sajjad Ahmed	Member
-Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
-Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak	Member

Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

The Board's Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee comprises of following members and the chairman of the committee is an Independent director. Two meetings were held during the year.

-Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	Chairman
-Mr. Raza Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
-Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Member
-Mr. Mushtaq Ahmad Khan - F.C. A	Member
-Mrs. Shahnaz Sajjad Ahmed	Member
-Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member



Investment Committee

Investment Committee meets on quarterly basis to review the investment portfolio. The Board's Investment Committee comprises of the following members. Four meetings were held during the year.

-Mr. Mushtaq Ahmad Khan - F.C.A	Chairman
-Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Member
-Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
-Mr. Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
-Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Member

Underwriting, Re-Insurance & Co-Insurance Committee

This Committee formulates the underwriting policy and regularly reviews the underwriting and premium policies of the company and ensures adequate reinsurance arrangements for the insurance company's business. The committee is consisting of following members. Four meetings were held during the year.

-Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak	Chairman
-Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
-Miss. Bushra Hina Mushtaq	Member

Claims Settlement Committee

Claim Settlement Committee devises the claim settling policy of the Company. It oversees the claims position of the Company and ensures that adequate claims reserves are maintained. The committee is consisting of following members. Four meetings were held during the year.

-Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Chairman
-Mr. Mushtaq Ahmad Khan - F.C. A	Member
-Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
-Mr. Amir Raza	Member
-Mr. Abdul Waheed Ch.	Member

Risk Management & Compliance Committee

This committee oversees the activities of the risk management function of the Company and makes appropriate recommendations to the Board to mitigate probable risks falling within the purview of the risk management function. This Committee is consisting of following members. Four meetings were held during the year.

-Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak	Chairman
-Mr. Amir Raza	Member
-Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Member

Remuneration of Directors

The Company has a formal policy in this regard in accordance with the Companies Act, 2017 and the CCG Regulations. The remuneration of the Board members is approved by the Board itself. However, in accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance, it is ensured that no Director takes part in deciding his own remuneration. The Company does not pay remuneration to non-executive directors except fee for attending the meetings in line with the Board approval. For information on remuneration of Directors and CEO in FY 2018, please refer note 34 to the Financial Statements.

Health, Safety and Environment

We strongly believe in maintaining the highest standards in health, safety and environment (HSE) to ensure the well-being of the people who work with us as well as of the communities where we operate. Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company considers social, environmental and ethical matters in the context of the overall business environment. The Company is committed to make conscious effort to consider and balance the interest of all stakeholders, in particular the community in which we live and who form our customer base.



Internal Audit Function

The Universal Insurance Company Limited has an independent internal audit function who has suitably designed internal controls to safeguard financial and operational reporting of the Company. The Board Audit Committee quarterly reviews the appropriateness of resources and authority of this function. The head of Internal Audit functionally reports to the audit committee. The Board audit committee approves the audit plans, based on an annual and quarterly assessment of the operating areas.

The Internal Audit function carry's out reviews on the financial, operational and compliance controls, and reports its findings functionally to the Board Audit Committee and administratively to the Chief Executive.

The Board understands its responsibility towards smooth functioning of internal financial controls and continuously strives to achieve the best practices through its regular governance.

Statement of Compliance

Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is separately annexed in the report at page No. 24.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding is separately annexed in the report at page No. 86.

Communication with Stakeholders

The Company focuses on the importance of the communication with the stakeholders. The annual, half yearly and quarterly reports are placed on company's website (www.uic.com.pk) and distributed as specified in the Companies Act, 2017. The activities of the company are updated on its website on timely basis.

Trading in Company's Shares

No trading in the shares of the Company was carried out by the Directors, CEO and their spouses and minor children during the financial year ended December 31, 2018.

Appointment of Auditors

The Auditors M/s. Shinewing Hameed Chaudhri & Co, Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. The Board of Directors endorses recommendation of the Audit Committee for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company for the financial year ending December 31, 2019 to the shareholders for approval.

Future Outlook

Improved financial results of the company for the last four years enabled the Company to approach the banks for its enlistment on their panel and resultantly some of banks enlisted us on their panel. We are firmly hopeful other banks will too enlist us after circulation of our current audited financial statements. In addition to it we are contemplating to restart underwriting the market business by setting up branch network and in this context, result oriented presentation will be given to the board of director by the management in the forthcoming meeting to seek the advice of the board for establishing branch network.

Acknowledgement

We would like to thank the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Pakistan Reinsurance Company Ltd., State Bank of Pakistan, Other Reinsures and Co-insurers for their continued cooperation and guidance through-out the year and our valued clients for their continued patronage extended to us.

Date: April 08, 2019 Place: Lahore

GOHAR AYUB KHAN

Chief Executive Officer

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

RAZA KULI KHAN KHATTAK

Chairman



دی یو نیورسل انشورنس تمینی لمیشر ممبران کے لئے ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

(يانگريزي د پورڪ کاترجمه ٻ)

بورد آف ڈائز مکٹرز کی طرف سے کمپنی کی 59 میں سالاندر پورٹ مع 31 دیمبر 2018 کوئٹم ہونے والے سال کے لیے نظر ہ کی شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے پیش کرتے ہوئے جھے۔ انتہا کی خوشی موردی ہے۔

''مینی کی رئیل سرگرمیاں (Principal Activities of the Company)

دی ہو نیورسل اُنٹورٹس کینی (دی کینی) پاکستان میں 8 5 9 کو ایک پیک لسینڈ کینی کے طور پر وجود میں آئی اور پہ پاکستان ساک بھینچ کی فیرسٹ پر درج ہے۔ کینی کی بنیادی سرگری میں جزل انشورٹس کا کاروبارے۔

> رئیل خطرات اورغیریقنی صورتحال (Principal and Uncertainties) مالیاتی بیانات کے متعلقہ نون 42 میں رئیل خطرات اورغیریقتی کے بارے میں معومات دی گئی ہے۔

آپریٹنگنانگ (Operating Results)

1 3 وَمِهم 2018 كُوافِيتًا مِ بِذِيرِ سِال كَآيِرِ بِيَّنَكُ مِنَا بِحُ مندرجِهِ ذِيلٍ بِين	2017	2018
-4-4	س 🚅 ٥٥٥	('0
- مجموعی پریمیم	28,324	63,549
- ميث پريميم	12,183	33,184
ب نبرت کلیمز	(9,0 1 7)	2,366
ب انڈ ررائینگ شائج	(39,329)	(38,912)
۔ سرمانیکاری اورو بگرآ مدنی	19,864	15,891
_ قبل ازتيكس منافع	45,423	19,497
ر سال كيليه بهدازنكس من فغ	41,452	15,989
۔ آمدنی فی شیئز	0.98	0.32

آپریٹنگ نتائج کا جائزہ (Review of Operating Results)

3 د زمبر 2018 کوئتم ہونے والے کہتی کے بالی قرنانگی مختلف شعبول میں نہیں کی عکامی کررہ ہیں ۔ خاص طور پر کہتی کے بموئی پر کیمکم میں پیچینے سال کے بموئی پر کیمکم میں پیچینے سال کے بموئی پر کیمکم میں پیچینے سال کے بموئی ہوئے ہے۔ ہمر ہوئی کی سر بالدیکاری آخذ فی اور دیگر کہ فی پیچینے سال کے نہوئی کے مقابلے بیس کا 17 آشا فیہ وائے ہے۔ ہمر ہوئی کی سر بالدیکاری آخذ فی اور دیگر کہ بی پیٹی کے مقابلے سر بالدیکاری آخذ فی بس کی کے باوجود کہتی کے مقابل کے دوران سال کے بعد ہوئے میٹن کے باورائی کے ساتھ مقابل کی دورو ہوگری کے بعد ہوئے میٹن کے باورائی کے ساتھ مقابل کے دورو ہوگری کے بعد ہوئے کہا کہ کوئی ساتھ مقابل کے باورائی کے بہت ہی درست الدیکار کی جسے پر خاص طور پر ذورو ہوگری گیا ہے کہ بعد ہوئے کا کہ ان کوئی ہوئے کہا کہ ان کوئی اور فرم دار بول کے بہت ہی درست الذور و چھر کے جسے پر خاص طور پر ذورو ہوگری گیا ہے کہا کہ ان کوئی مقصد کے ساتھ معقبل کیا جائے گئیں اور فرم دار بول کے بہت ہی درست الذور و چھر کے جسے پر خاص طور پر ذورو ہوگری گیا ہوئی کے بعد ہوئی کوئی کوئی مقصد کے ساتھ معقبل کیا ہوئے تا کہ ان اور فرم دار بول کے بہت ہی درست الداد و کارو پر کی کیکھیں کے بعد میں دورو کی کوئی کوئی کوئیں مقصد کے ساتھ معقبل کیا ہوئی کے بیات ہیں دورو کی کوئیں کوئیں کے بعد ہوئی کوئیں مقصد کے ساتھ کوئی کوئیں کوئیں کوئیں کے کہت کی دورو کی کوئیں کوئیں کے کہت کی دورو کوئیں کوئیں

آمدنی اور فرخائر (Revenue And Reserve)

۔ ایکو پنی ٹین تبدیلیوں کے بیان ہے صَبر ہوتا ہے کہ مینی نے آمد لی کے ذخائر میں جمع ہد ورقم کوجموعی نقصانات ٹین منتقل کر دیا ہے۔



ۇليىنىڭە (Dividend)

دَائرَ يَكْتُرِدْ نِيْ سَالَ 2018 كِي لِيهُ وَيُونُونُونِهِ عِنْ فِي سَفَارْشُ كِي بِ-

آئی ایف ایس دینگ (IFS Rating)

کیٹن کی مالیاتی کارکردگ میں مسلسل بہتری کی بنایہ M/s. PACRA نے اپنی IFS Rating کو (Stable) - رکھے کا فیسلہ کیا ہے۔

انفارمیشن ٹیکنالوجی (Information Technology)

بدلتے ہوئے حسابات کی روثنی اورا تصافی ریگولیٹری کی ضرور ہات ہے تینے کے موجود و آئی ٹی ماؤ پولز وضرورت کے حسب سے ترتیب دیا گیا ہے۔ مزید نشف شعبول کی ساز گارر پورٹس اور مالی حساب مثاب جنزیت کرنے کے لیےاع بگر کیٹن کا مرحلہ جاری ہے اور ہم اسکتے مالی سیل کے پہلے باف کے اختیام پر آئی ٹی ڈویلپسنٹ کے مرحلے کوشنی شکل دینے کے لئے پُر کنزم ہیں۔

آئی ایس اوسر ٹیفیکیشن (ISO Certification)

کار پوریٹ اور ڈنانشل ر بپورٹنگ فریم ورک کا بیان (Statement of Corporate & Financial Reporting Framework)

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف وَائر یکٹرز کے کارہائے نمایاں ُوسرانج م دینے کے لیے کاروباری قوانین،اصول دِضوابطِ موجود ہیں۔ بورڈ اپنے کاروباری فرائنش ہے بخوبی آگاہ ہے جو کہ۔ کارپوریٹ گورنٹس کے ضابطہ کے مطابق ہے اور سیمیوریٹیز ایٹر ایکچھنے کمیٹن آف یا کشان (SECP) کا مقرر کرد دیسے۔ اوراس ک گوائل دینا ہے کہ:

- (اے) کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب ہے تی رکر دومالیاتی شکیششس اس کی تمام معلومات کوصاف وشفاف انداز میں دائٹے کرنے کے ساتھواس کے آپریشٹر کے تنائج کمیشن کی آمدورونت اورا نیموین نین تبدیلیوں شامل ہیں۔
 - (نی) سمبنی کے مناسب مال کھا تا جات تیار کیے گئے ہیں۔
 - (ئ) مالياتی انتیخنٹ اورا کاوننگ تخبید جات کی تیوری کے لیے موزان ا کاوننگ پالیسیز منتقل طور پر نیز کی ٹی جو کیموزوں اورقتی لا ندازوں پینی میں۔
- (وَی) سَنِینی کی الیاتی اسٹینٹ جو کہ انٹرنیشنل کوونٹنگ اسٹینٹروڈ (A S) وائٹرنٹس فائشن رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈ روٹر (IFR S) اور دیگر تو انبین جو کے پاکستان میں ، فذالعمل ہیں کے مطابق تیار کی حاتی ہیں اور کمین اسے انجواف کیا کیا ہوتو اس کو واضع طور پر فلا ہر کردیا جا تا ہے۔
- (ای) ۔ داخلی سٹرول کا نظام منتقم طور پر ترتیب دیا گیا ہے اور موثر طور پر تمل درآمد کے ساتھ سال بھران کی نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔ داخلی نظام اور س کے نفاظ کا انتزال آؤے۔ ڈیپورٹمنٹ کی جانب ہے سلسل جائزہ لیاجا تا ہے اور نظام میں کسی خامی کو ہروقت حل کیاجا تا ہے۔
 - (ایف) سمینی کی اس صلاحیت بر سی فتم کے شکوک وشہبات نہیں کہ رہے جیتے رہنے وا اوار دہے۔
 - (جی) کوذ آف کار پوریت گوش کی بہترین طریقوں کی چیروی سے وَلَ قابل اثر اندازی انج اف نہیں کیا گیا۔
 - (ایج) سے شرشتہ دین سال کیلئے سیے نمایاں آپریڈنگ اور فن نشل اعداد دشار کا خداصہ سارزیند بودٹ کے سر تھونسلک ہے۔
- (آئی) 📑 کمیکسس، زیویی اورچه رجز کے اکاونٹس برکوئی بھی تو ٹونی اوائیگیا برنہیں ہیں جو کہ1 3 دسمبر2018 تک واجب الہ اواجوتی میں۔اس کے عذو واس کو ہالی -



بیانات کے متعلقہ وٹس میں بیان کیا گیا ہے۔ (ج) سیمنی کے عارد انریکٹرز نے ڈائریکٹرٹر بینگ بروگڑ (DTP) کے تحت سرٹیفیکٹن صصل کر تیا ہے دائر بیٹرز سرٹیفلیٹ پرچھوٹ کی اہلیت پر پورائز تے ہیں۔

متعلقه یارٹی ٹرانز یکشنز (Related Party Transactions) بورآف آڈٹ میٹی اور بورڈ آف ذائر پکٹرزنے متعلقہ ہارٹی ٹرانز یکشنز کی منظوری اورٹو ثیل کی ہے۔

ہولڈنگ کمپنی (Holding Company)

لی ہوجی سروسز پر ائیویٹ لمین کی گئان میں وجود میں آئی جوکہ 85.98 حصص کے حساب سے براہ راست ہورڈ نگ سمین کی ملکیت ہے۔

پورڈ کی تشکیل (Composition of the Board)

بورڈ ی تھکیل بن بی جی توانین کی ضروریات کے مطابق ہے۔ پورڈ کی موجودہ تھکیل هست ذیل ہے:۔

9	ڈ ائر کیکٹرز کی کل تعداد
7	3/*
2	خواتین
1	آزاد ذائر پیشر
' 8	. رادوه ر دیگرینان _ا نگرینیو فرائر بیشرز
1	الميكزينيو زائز يكنز

بورڈ کی کا کرردگی کی حافثی (Board Perforance Evaluation)

پورڈ کے کرواز کی تحرانی اوراس کی کا میانی کا کلیار بورڈ نے خود کھی سامے یہ تمام ترجہا ایم شعبول سرم وزیل سکین صرف مندرجدڈیل تک مجد وڈپیس ہیں۔

- ۔ کارپوریث ابداف اوران مقاصد کاحصول جوکہ پینی کے نظر نظر اور مشن انٹیٹمنٹس میں واضع ہیں۔
 - ۔ پائیدارمنصوبہ بندی اور تیریش کے انتہام کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزی حکست عملی اور تشمیم زاور
 - _ وَالرَّيْكِتْرِزُ كُورَ بِيِّنَكَ ، مِهِ رت اورهم بين إضافه
 - ۔ یورڈ کمیٹی کی کارکروگی اپنی ذمہ داریوں کے حوالہ جات کی شرا اکتا کے مطابق بورا کرنا



دُائرَ يَكْتَرِزُ كَااطِلَاس (Director's Meeting)

اس سال کے دوران بورڈ میڈنگ کے 4 اجراس معقد ہوئے۔ ہرایک ڈائر کیٹری جانب سے اجلاسوں بیں شرکت کی تعداد مندر دبہ ڈیل میں دی گئی ہے:

4	جناب رضاقني غان خنك	_
4	جناب گو هرا بوب شان	-
1	جنب مثلاق احمد خال <u>۔ الن</u> ے می اے	-
3	محترمه شهباز سجاداحمد	_
3	ذاكترشا بين قل خال شك	_
3	جناب محمرم إن ملك	_
2	جناب غابدتلي خاان خَدَب	_
3	جناب محمرقلي مالن خنك	-
3	جناب سَنندرقُل خان حَنَك	_

جو ذائر کیٹرز بورڈ کے پچھ سایا نہ اجباسوں میں اپنی دیگر مصروفیات کے باعث شرکت نہیں کر سکے ان ذائر کیٹرز کے بیے غیر حاضری کی چھٹی منظور کر ں گئی۔ 1 3 دیمبر 8 20 1 کے افتقام پر کوئی بھی سیٹ نالئیس ہوئی۔ اختقام پر کوئی بھی سیٹ نالئیس ہوئی۔

بورڈاور مینجمنت کمیٹیز (Board and Management Committees)

پورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے قوانین کے مطابق مندر دیدڈیل بورڈ اور پنجنٹ کمیٹیا ل تشکیل دی ہیں جو کینی کے بورڈ کی طرف سے مقر رکر دہ ریٹرنس کی شرائط کے مطابق سرانجام دیق جیں اور کوڈ کی ضرور پاستہ کو پوراکرتی ہیں۔

آۋٹ كىپى (Audit Committee)

" ذَ بُ مَيْنَ پانچ ممبران بِرشتمل ہے جس میں چارمان اسٹیز یکٹوز اور ایرا یک زاوز ائز یکٹر جبکیٹن کا چیئز مین ہے۔سال کے دوران آذے کمیٹن کے 4 احراس منعقد ہوئے:۔

چينر مين	جذب محمد تمران ملک	_
رُ کن	جناب مشاق احرخان ۔ ابنیت ی اے	-
ز ^ک ن	محترمه شهناز مجازاحه	-
ژ کن ژکن	ڈا کنرشا ین فیل خان نشک	_
ژ کن ژکن	جناب ممرتل خان فتك	_



ضابطها خلاق، بيومن ريسورس اور مراعات ميشي (Ethics, HR and Remuneration Committee) بوده كاخابط اخلاق، بيومن ريسورس ايند مراعات ميشي مندرجه ذيل اراكين يرشتمل بهاور كمين كاچير مين ايك آزاد ذائر يكثر به سمال كدوران 2 اجابل منعقد وي :-

گھر گران ملک چیئر مین
 رضا قُلی خان خَلَ رُکن
 جناب گوہم ایوب خان رُکن
 جناب مثنا ق احمد خان رابض تن اے رَکن
 محمر مدشم ہا زمجا دا کھ رکن
 وُرکن شابل گی خان نشک رکن

انویسٹمنٹ کمیٹی (Investment Committee)

انویسٹنٹ نورٹ قولیوکا جائز ولینے کے بیےانوسٹنٹ کیٹی کا سہان اجاس منتقد ہوتا ہے۔ بیرؤ کی سرمایے کاری کیٹی مندرجہ فریل اراکین پرشتمل ہے۔ سال کے دوران 4 اجلاس منتقد ہوئے: یہ

> ر جذب مشاق احمر خان رایف کی اے جیز مین ا ع جاب گوم رایوب خان ا ع دا اکثر شامین گلی خان شک ا ع جناب خامر گلی خان شک ا ع جناب اشغاق احمد ارکن ا کستان اشغاق احمد ارکن ا

انٹرررائنٹنگ،ری انشورنس اورکوانشورنس کمیٹی (Underwriting, Re-Ins.and Co-Ins. Committee) سیکمٹی افدررائنگ پالیسی تشکیل دیتی ہے تاکہ، قاعدگا ہے کہٹی کی افدررائنگ اور پر پہنم پائیسیز کا جانزہ کیا جا اسکے اورانشورنس کمٹن کے کاروبر کے دی انٹورنس کے مناسب انتفامات کوئٹین بنا چاہئے۔ پرکین مندرجہ ایس اداکین پرشمتل ہے۔ ساں کے دوران کمٹنی کے 4اجلاس منطقہ ہوئے:۔

> ۔ جناب تورنگی خان خنگ چیئر مین ہ جناب سندرنگی خان خنگ (کن ہ میں چری دیا مشاق ن



كليمرسيطلمينك كميثى (Claims Settlement Committee)

کلیم سیلمینٹ کمپٹی کوئیم سیلمینٹ پاپسی وضع کرتی ہے۔ بیکٹن کا کھیم پوزیشن کی گلرانی کرتی ہے تا کہ کمپٹی کے معقول کلیمزے و خائز ویٹین حد تک برقر اردکھاجائے۔ بید سمیٹی مندرجہ ؤیل اراکین برخشمل ہے۔ سال کے دوران کمپٹی کے 14جائل منعظم ہوئے:۔

جيئر مين	جناب گو مرا يوب خان	-
ز کن	جناب مشاق احمدخان۔ لیک ت اے	-
دُ ^ک ن	ڈاکٹرشا ہیں ٹلی خان خنک	-
ز کن	جناب عامررف	-
ز کن	جناب عبدالوهيد جودهري	_

رسک مینچمنٹ اور کمپلائنس کمپیلی (Risk Managment and Compliance Committee) ریمینی کپنی کے دسک مینجنٹ کی سرگرمیوں کے اسود کی گرانی کرتی ہے۔ اور دسک مینجنٹ اسود کے دائرے ہیں آئے والے مکنہ خطرنت سے منتظ کیلئے بورڈ کوموز وں سفارشات بیش کرتی ہے۔ ریمینی مند دجہ ذیل اداکیوں پر شختال ہے۔ سال کے دوران کیٹی کے 4 اجراس منعقد ہوئے:۔

_	جناب ستندر فلي غان خثك	جَيْعِرُ عَيْنِ
-	جذب عامر رضا	ژ کن
-	جناب اشفاق احمد	ز ^{کر} ن

زَائرَ یکٹرزگی مراعات (Remuneration of Directors)

سمینی کی اس سلسنے میں رق پالیسی ہے جو سکینیزا یکت2017 اوری می بی قوانین کے مطابق ہے۔ بورہ ارز کیاں کی مراعات بورہ خود خود منظور کرتا ہے۔ ابندَ کو اس کا رپوریٹ گورٹینس سے تحت پیٹنی بنایاجا تا ہے کہ کوئی بھی دائز یکٹراپنی مراعات کے فیصلہ کانتین خود ٹیس کرتا ہے بیٹی بان کی ماحوات میشگ کی حاضری کے جو کہ بورہ کی مرضی کے مطابق ہوئی ہے۔ 4 FY 2013 میں ڈائر بیٹر زاوری ای اوک مراعات کی افغار میشن کا حوار فیا بھی اکتینشنٹ کے بیان فمبر 34 میں ملاحظہ کریں۔

> صحت ، حفاظتی ماحول (Health, Safety and Environment) ہم محت اور حفاظتی ماحول کے اعلی معیار کو برقر اررکھنے پر پہنتہ لیقین رکھتے ہیں جولوگ ہمارے میں اور وہ کیونئی جہاں ہم کام کرتے ہیں۔

کارپوریٹ سابی فرمدداری (Corporate Social Responsibility)

کمپنی مجموع طور پرتایی ،ماحولیاتی اوراخلاتی امورکواس کے مجموعی می روباری ماحول کے تفاظریس میتی ہے ۔ کمپنی تمام معتدمته فریقوں کے مفاد کومتوازن کرنے کی کوششوں کیلئے پرعز س ہے خاص طور پرا پی کمپوئی جس بٹس ہم رہتے ہیں اور جو جارے شمریتا نے کی بنیاد ہیں۔

اندرونی آڈٹ فنکشن (Internal Audit Funtion)

بو نیورسل انشورس کمپنی لمیطذا کی خودی را طرق آؤٹ کا نظام بھتی ہے جو کے خصوصی طور پر اعزال کشروں اور کمپنی کی مائیاتی اور آپیشنل ریورنگ کے لیے ڈیز اک کیا ۔



عیاہے۔ بورۃ آف آؤے کمبٹی سد میں کے اختتام پر منامب وسائل اوراس کے کام کی اتھاں ٹی کاجائز دلیتی ہے۔ انٹون آؤے کمبٹی کاسر براہ آؤے کمبٹی کو فعال طور پر رپورے کرتا ہے۔ بورۃ آؤے کمبٹی نے آؤے منصوبوں کی منظوری وی ہے جو کہ آپر بیننگ ابریا کے سالانداور سد ماہی جائز در پہنی ہے۔ اندروٹی آؤے کہ کام فافٹل ، آپریٹنل اور کمہا ائنس کنٹرول کی جانئے پڑتال کرتا ہے اور انتقامی طور چیف ایگز بیکٹواور بورۃ آف آٹے سے کمبٹی کواس کی رپورٹ مہیا کرتا ہے۔ بورڈ اپنے اندروٹی مالیاتی کنٹرول کے نقام کی زمد دار ایول سے بخوٹی واقت میں اور شکسن کے ساتھ اپنے باضا بیانظم و شبط کے ذریعے بہترین خور طریقول کو رائج کرنے کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔

تقیل کابیان (Statement of Compliance)

اسیشت آف کمیائنس کوؤ آف کارپوریٹ ورنس کے ساتھ علامے درپورٹ میں صفح فمبر 24 بردرج بے۔

شیئر ہولڈنگ پیٹرن (Pattern of Shareholding) شیئر ہولڈگ کا پیٹرن کلیوروت میں صفح نیمر 86 درج ہے۔

متعلقه فریقین کے ساتھ مواسلات (Communication with Stakeholders)

کمپنی متعنقه فریقین کے ساتھ مواصلات کی اہمیت پر قوجہ مرکوز رکھتی ہے۔ سالہ نہ اور اسد ابھی رپورٹس کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ (www.uic.com.ak) پراپ لوڈ کردیتی ہے اوکٹینز ایکٹ 2017 کے تحت تقیم بھی کردیتی ہے۔ کمپنی کی سرگرمیوں کو بروقت اپنی ویب سائٹ پراپ ڈیٹ کردیاجا تا ہے۔

شمینی کے شیئرز میں لین وین (Trading in Company's Shares)

1 3 وَمُعبر 2018 کے اختیام پیڈیریالی سال کے دوران ڈائز میکٹرز میںا گیاوہ ان کی ہو یوں اوران کے چھوٹے بیکوں کی جانب سے ممپنی کے شنم زمیں کوئی لین دین میں کیا گیا۔

آڈیٹرزی تعیناتی (Appointment of Auditors)

میسرز ٹائن ونگ مہید چوہدری اینڈ میٹی چارٹرڈ اکا نیٹنس سبکدوش ہوئے اورائل ہونے کی دجہ ہے دیمامندی کے ساتھ دوبار پٹٹرری کےخواہشند ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرزنے 31 دعبر 2019 کوئٹم ہونے دالے مالی سال کے لیئے تھٹ داران کی منظوری کے ساتھ ان کی دوبار پرتقرری کھٹے ڈٹ کھٹٹی کوشفارش کردی ہے۔

مستقبل كاجائزه (Future Outlook)

پھلے چارسا ہوں میں کمپنی کے بہتر مالیاتی منائج کی بدولت کمپنی نے بیٹل پر اندازج کیلئے اپروچ کیا اوران کے نتیج میں کیجے بیٹوں نے بھیل پر اندازج کر ویا ہے۔ ہم کہ امید میں ۔ ہمارے موجودہ آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی منائج بھوانے کے بعد دوسر ہے بیٹس بھی ہمیں اپنے بیٹس پر اندواج کرویں گے اس کے ساتھ ہی ہم برای کمیٹ ورک کوقائم کرکے بارکیت برنس کودوبارہ انڈر داکٹنگ کرنے کے بارے میں خورہ خوش کرد ہے میں اوراس تناظر میں کمپنی کی انظامیہ کی طرف سے بورڈ آف ڈاکڑ میٹرزکو آنے والی بورڈ میٹنگ میں تنجیح فرز پر بیٹٹیش دی جائے گی اور برانچ دیٹ و تم کوکرنے کیلئے بورڈ سے رائے طاب کی جائے گئے۔

انتراف (Acknowledgement)

ہم سیکیوریز اینڈا بھینے کیلیش آف پر کستان ، پر کستان ری انشورش مپنی المیلیڈ، شیب بنک آف پر کستان اور دوسری ری انشوررز اورکوانشوررز کی پیرے سال کے دوران مسلسل ید داور رہنمانی کے شکر گزاد ہیں اور ہم اپنے معزز کا اُنٹس کے مسلسل اعتمادیوان کے بھی شمر گزار ہیں۔

يَتَارِيْ : 08 ايرِيْل ، 2019 يَتَارِيْ : 08 ايرِيْل ، 2019 يَتَارِيْ : 30 ايرِيْل ، 2019 منجانب يورة مثقام : الأمور مثقام : الأمور مثقال فان فضَد رضا قُل فان فضَد رضا قُل فان فضَد (چيز بيّن)



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR INSURERS, 2016 & LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2017

Name of Insurer: The Universal Insurance Company Limited (the Company)

Year Ended: December 31, 2018

This statement is being presented in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 (the Code) for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby an insurer is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (CCG 2017).

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are nine as per the following:

a) Male: Sevenb) Female: Two

2. The Company encourages representation of independent, non-executive directors and Directors representing minority interest on its Board of Directors (the Board). At present The Board includes:

Category	Names	
Independent Director	Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	
Executive Director	Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Raza Kuli Khan Khattak	
	Mr. Mushtaq Ahmad Khan F.C.A Mrs. Shahnaz Sajjad Ahmed Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak Mr. Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak	

The independent director meets the criteria of independence as laid down under the Code and CCG 2017.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than five listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a development financial institution or a non-banking financial institutionor, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by the stock exchange.



- 5. No casual vacancy occurred on the board during the year ended December 31, 2018.
- 6. The Company has prepared a "Code of conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 7. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 8. All powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), other executive directors and the key officers, have been taken by the Board/ Shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and CCG 2017.
- 9. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 10. The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and CCG 2017.
- 11. The Board has established a system of sound internal control, which is effectively implemented at all levels within the Company. The Company has adopted and complied with all necessary aspects of internal controls given in the Code.
- 12. Four of the directors have acquired certification regarding the "Directors' Training Program" (DTP) conducted by the local institutions that meet the criteria specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Other five directors possess the minimum qualification and experience criteria for the exemption of DTPas stipulated in the Code.
- 13. No new appointment of Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit was made during the year. The Board had approved the remuneration of CFO, Company Secretary and the Head of Internal Audit Department.
- 14. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and CCG 2017and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 15. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 16. The directors, CEO and other executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.



- 17. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code and CCG 2017.
- 18. The Board has formed the following Management Committees:

Underwriting, Re-insurance & Co-Insurance Committee:

Name of the Member Category	
Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak	Chairman
Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
Miss. Bushra Hina Mushtaq	Member
Mr. Muhammad Alyas	Secretary

Claims Settlement Committee:

Name of the Member	Category
Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Chairman
Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A	Member
Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
Mr. Amir Raza	Member
Mr. Abdul Waheed Ch.	Member
Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Secretary

Risk Management & Compliance Committee:

Name of the Member	Category		
Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak	Chairman		
Mr. Amir Raza	Member		
Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Member		
Miss. Bushra Hina Mushtaq	Secretary		

The functions of Nominations Committee are being performed by the Board

19. The Board has formed the following Board Committees:

Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Name of the Member	Category
Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	Chairman
Mr. Raza Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Member
Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A	Member
Mrs. Shahnaz Sajjad Ahmed	Member
Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
Mr. Liaqat Ali Shaukat	Secretary



20. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of five members, of whom one is independent director and fourare non-executive directors. The chairman of the Committee is an independent director. The composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

Audit Committee:

Name of the Member	Category
Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik	Chairman
Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A	Member
Mrs. Shahnaz Sajjad Ahmed	Member
Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
Mr. Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak	Member
Mr. Abdul Waheed Ch.	Secretary

- 21. The meetings of the Committees, except Ethics, Human Resource and Remuneration Committee, were held at least once every quarterprior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the aforesaid Committees have been formed, documented and advised to the Committees for compliance.
- 22. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function equipped with suitably qualified and experienced staff who are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they are involved in the internal audit function on a regular basis.
- 23. The CEO, CFO, Compliance Officer and the Head of Internal Audit possess such qualification and experience as is required under the Code. The appointed Actuary of the Company also meets the conditions as laid down in the Code. Moreover, the persons heading the underwriting, claims, reinsurance, risk management and grievance functions/ departments possess qualification and experience of direct relevance to their respective functions, as required under section 12 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance No. XXXIX of 2000):

Name of the Person	Designation
Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Amir Raza	Principal Officer
Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Muhammad Alyas	Compliance Officer and
	Head of Reinsurance
Mr. Liaqat Ali Shaukat	Company Secretary
Akhtar & Hassan (Pvt.) Ltd.	Actuary
Mr. Abdul Waheed Ch.	Head of Internal Audit
Miss. Bushra Hina Mushtaq	Head of Underwriting and
_	Risk Management
Mr. Muhammad Rashid Ashraf	Head of Claims
Mr. Aftab Rashid	Head of Grievance Dept.

24. The statutory auditors of the Company have been appointed from the panel of auditors approved by the Commission in terms of section 48 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance No. XXXIX of 2000). The statutory auditors have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan(ICAP) and are registered with Audit Oversight



Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by ICAP.

- 25. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 26. The appointed Actuary of the Company has confirmed that he or his spouse and minor children do not hold shares of the Company.
- 27. The Board ensures that the appointed Actuary complies with the requirements set out for him in the Code.
- 28. The Board ensures that the investment policy of the Company has been drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Code.
- 29. The Board ensures that the risk management system of the Company is in place as per the requirements of the Code.
- 30. The Company has set up a risk management function, which carries out its tasks as covered under the Code.
- The Board ensures that as part of the risk management system, the Company gets itself rated from The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA), which is being used by its risk management function and the respective Committee as a risk monitoring tool. The rating assigned by PACRA on December 07, 2018 is A- with Stable outlook.
- 32. The Board has setup a grievance department, which fully complies with the requirements of the Code.
- 33. The Company has not obtained any exemption from SECP in respect of the requirements of the Code.
- We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code and the CCG 2017 have been complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

t Chairman

Chief Executive Officer

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Date: April 08, 2019

Place: Lahore



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE UNIVERSAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance Contained in Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **The Universal Insurance Company Limited** (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2018.

DATE: APRIL 08, 2019 LAHORE SHINEWING HAMEED CHAUDHRI & CO,...
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Shine Hing Home J. Chaudhir & Co.

Engagement Partner: Nafees ud din



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE UNIVERSAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of THE UNIVERSAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000) and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at December 31, 2018 and of the profit, total other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matters:

S.No.	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	Compliance with laws and regulations The Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) was promulgated on May 30, 2017, which replaced the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and brought changes in the presentation and disclosures of the financial statements by elimination of duplicative disclosures with IFRS disclosure requirements and incorporation of significant additional disclosures. These changes are applicable first time to the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.	provisions and schedules of the Act, applicable to the Company and prepared documents to assess the Company's compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Act. - Discussed the applicable changes with the Company's management and those charged
8	The changes are considered as a key audit matter as failure to comply with the requirements of the Act could have financial impact on the Company.	



S.No.	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	Refer notes 5, 6.2, 6.3, 7.2, 19, 23, 32.2, 34 and 47 for changes in disclosures made through the Act.	 Ensured that the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards and the Act.
2.	Valuation of investments The Company's investment portfolio represents 48 per cent of the Company's total assets. The valuation of the portfolio involves judgement in selecting the valuation basis for each investment. The areas that involved significant audit effort and judgement included investments in Associates, investments in equity securities and investments in debt securities.	 Assessed the quoted prices with PSX quotations. Assessed whether the valuation process is appropriately designed and captures relevant valuation inputs. Tested whether associated controls in respect of the valuation process are operating properly.
3.	Valuation of outstanding claims including Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) Refer contents of notes 4.4 and 26 of the financial statements for disclosures of related accounting policy and claims disclosures. The Company's outstanding claims constitute 35% of its total liabilities. Valuation of these outstanding claims involves significant management judgment regarding uncertainty in the estimation of claims payments and assessment of frequency and severity of claims. Outstanding claims are recognised on intimation of the insured event based on management judgment and estimation. The Company maintains provision for IBNR claims based on the advice of an independent Actuary. The actuarial valuation process involves significant judgment and the use of actuarial assumptions.	 We evaluated whether the Company's actuarial methodologies were consistent with those used in the industry and with prior years. No inconsistencies were noted. As historical claims data is a key input for actuarial valuation process, we tested the completeness, accuracy and reliability of the underlying data utilised by management to support the actuarial valuation. Obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the controls over the process of capturing, processing and recording of



S.No.	Key audit matters		How the matter was addressed in our audit
		-	Used the report of an external Actuary to assist us in evaluation of general principles, actuarial assumptions and methods adopted for actuarial valuations by the Actuary of the Company for determination of IBNR.
	200 g	-	Considered the adequacy of Company's disclosures about the estimates used and the sensitivity to key assumptions.
4.	Contingencies	l	
	The Company is subject to litigations involving different courts, which require management to make assessment and judgments with respect to likelihood and impact of such litigations.		In response to this matter, our audit procedures included: Discussing legal cases with the legal department to understand the management's view point and obtaining and reviewing the
	Management has engaged independent legal counsel on these matters.		litigation documents in order to assess the facts and circumstances.
	The accounting for and disclosure of contingencies is complex and is a matter of significance in our audit because of the judgments required to		Obtaining independent opinion of legal advisors dealing with such cases in the form of confirmations.
	A PORT OF THE STATE OF THE STAT	10 E	We also evaluated the legal cases in line with the requirements of IAS 37: Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets.
	The details of contingencies along with management's assessment are disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements.		The disclosures of legal exposures and provisions were assessed for completeness and accuracy.
5.	Revenue recognition risk		
	Refer contents of notes 4.2, 4.23 ,25 and 29 to the financial statements relating to revenue recognition risk.		Our audit procedures in respect of this matter included the following:
	The Company receives its revenue primarily from two main sources that is premiums and investments income. We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter as it is one of the key performance indicators of the Company and because of the potential risk that revenue transactions may not be recognised in the appropriate period.		Obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the controls over the process of capturing, processing and recording of information related to premiums and investments income.
			Assessed the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policy for recording of premiums and investments income in line with the requirements of applicable accounting and reporting standards.
			Tested the policies on sample basis where premium was recorded close to the year end and subsequent to the year end, and evaluated that these were recorded in the appropriate accounting period.
			Tested the investments income transaction on sample basis where investments income was recorded close to the year end and subsequent to the year end, and evaluated that these were recorded in the appropriate period.



Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information, which comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000) and Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained upto the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000) and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose
 of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Mr. Nafees ud din.

DATE: APRIL 08, 2019 LAHORE SHINEWING HAMEED CHAUDHRI & CO,... CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Shine Hing Home & Chaultur & Co.

Engagement Partner: Nafees ud din



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31-2018

			(Re-stated)	(Re-stated) January 01,
		2018	2017	2017
Assets	Note	Ru	pees in thous	and
Property and equipment	6	191,519	180,459	173,831
Investment property	7	21,694	20,201	19,232
Investments in Associates	8	267,554	239,993	186,826
Investments				
- equity securities	9	121,780	78,001	87,612
- debt securities	10	53,713	53,593	47,377
Loans and other receivables	11	32,140	32,880	31,845
Insurance / reinsurance receivables	12	123,349	125,014	148,833
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	26	34,747	54,317	54,162
Deferred commission expense Deferred taxation	27 13	2,436	845	1,231
Taxation - payments less provisions	14	33,191 9,411	33,191 9,246	33,191 10,756
Prepayments	15	8,929	2,779	4,131
Cash and bank balances	16	26,464	90,165	5,916
Total Assets	1015-101	926,927	920,684	804,943
Equity and Liabilities				
Capital and reserves attributable to Company's equity holders				
Authorised share capital				
75,000,000 (2017: 75,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		750,000	750,000	500,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	17	500,000	500,000	416,180
Capital reserves:				
- share premium	18	13,824	13,824	13,824
- others		18	18	18
- surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	19	282,051	269,644	261,275
Revenue reserve	45	0	14,467	14,467
Fair value reserve on available-for-sale investments		235	308	429
Unappropriated profit / (accumulated loss)		11,981	(18,640)	(62,312)
Total Equity		808,109	779,621	643,881
Liabilities		333,133	110,021	0.10,001
Underwriting Provisions				
(1985년 * 10 1986년 - 1984년 1984년 - 1986년 1987년 1987년 - 1986년 - 1986년 1987년 - 1986년 1986년 - 1986년 1986년 - 1986년	20	44 205	64,811	70.055
Outstanding claims including IBNR	26 25	41,365 14,331	6,232	78,055 7,857
Unearned premium reserves Premium deficiency reserves	23	0	0,232	282
Unearned reinsurance commission	27	1,849	796	1,448
Long term deposits	20	278	125	1,443
Retirement benefit obligations	21	0	10,940	9,400
Insurance / reinsurance payables	22	32,843	39,501	36,910
Unclaimed dividends	C104-70.0	555	557	609
Other creditors and accruals	23	27,597	18,101	26,501
Total Liabilities		118,818	141,063	161,062
Contingencies and commitments	24	g	<u></u>	n
Total Equity and Liabilities		926,927	920,684	804,943

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Raza Kuli Khan Khattak CHAIRM AN	Gohar Ayub Khan Chief EXECUTIVE	Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak DIRECTOR		Khalid Kul i Khan Khattak DIRECTOR		Ashfaq Ahmed Chief Financial Officer
THE UNIVERSAL IN	SURANCE COMPA	NY LIMITED	35	SECURITY	- SERVICE	- PROSPERITY



PROFIT OR LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

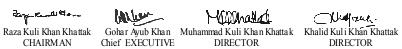
	Note	2018 Rupees in	2017 n thousand
Net insurance premium	25	33,184	12,183
Net insurance claims	26	(2,366)	9,017
Premium deficiency		0	282
Net commission	27	(3,667)	1,658
Insurance claims		(6,033)	10,957
Management expenses	28	(66,063)	(62,469)
Underwriting results		(38,912)	(39,329)
Investment loss	29	(11,973)	(4,914)
Rental income		876	796
Other income	30	26,988	23,982
Other expenses	31	(4,039)	(6,108)
Results of operating activities		(27,060)	(25,573)
Finance cost		0	(48)
Share of profit of Associates - net	8	46,557	71,044
Profit before taxation		19,497	45,423
Income tax expense	32	(3,508)	(3,971)
Profit after taxation		15,989	41,452
		R	upee
Earnings (after taxation) per share	33	0.32	0.98

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

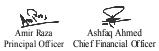














STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2018 Rupees in	(Re-stated) 2017 thousand
Profit after taxation	15,989	41,452
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Unrealised loss on available-for-sale investments	(103)	(173)
Impact of deferred taxation on remeasurement of		
available-for-sale investments	30	52
	(73)	(121)
Remeasurement (loss) / gain on		
retirement benefit obligations - gratuity	(1,436)	996
Impact of deferred taxation on remeasurement of		
retirement benefit obligations - gratuity	416	(299)
	(1,020)	697
Surplus arisen upon revaluation of freehold land		
and buildings on freehold land	14,459	10,829
Impact of deferred taxation on recognition of surplus		
arisen upon revaluation of buildings on freehold land	(1,177)	(1,377)
	13,282	9,452
Net share of other comprehensive	(((0)	(70)
loss of Associates - net of taxation	(669)	(72)
Other comprehensive income for the year	11,520	9,956
Total comprehensive income for the year	27,509	51,408

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Raza Kuli Khan Khattak CHAIRMAN	Gohar Ayub Khan Chief EXECUTIVE		Kha n Khatta k	Khalid I	Jalvank Kuli Khán Khattak DIRECTOR		Ashfaq Ahmed Chief Financial Officer
THE UNIVERSAL IN	SURANCE COMPA	NY LIMITED	37		SECURITY	- SERVICE	- PROSPERITY



STATEMENT OF CHANGING IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

			Attr	ibutable to equity	holders of the	Company		
	5220000	2	Capital Rese	rves	Revenue	Fair value reserve on	(Accumul- ated loss) /	
	Share capital	Share premium	Other	Other Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets		available- for-sale investments	unappro- priated profit	Total
				(Rupees in	n thousand)			
Balance as at December 31, 2016 (reported)	416,180	13,824	18	0	14,467	429	(62,310)	382,608
Impact of re-statement - note 5	0	0	0	261,275	0	0	(2)	261,273
Balance as at January 01, 2017 (re-stated)	416,180	13,824	18	261,275	14,467	429	(62,312)	643,881
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of buildings on account of incremental depreciation	0	0	0	(1,141)	0	0	1,141	0
Deferred tax adjustment	0	0	0	518	0	0	0	518
Miscellaneous items of Associates accounted for under equity method	0	0	. 0	(460)	0	0	454	(6)
Transaction with owners: Shares issued during the year	83,820	0	0	0	0	0	0	83,820
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	41,452	41,452
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2017	0	0	0	9,452	0	(121)	625	9,956
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2017	0	0	0	9,452	0	(121)	42,077	51,408
Balance as at December 31, 2017 (re-stated)	500,000	13,824	18	269,644	14,467	308	(18,640)	779,621
Transfer to accumulated loss	0	0	0	0	(14,467)	0	14,467	0
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of buildings on								
account of incremental depreciation	0	0	0	(1,319)	0	0	1,319	0
Deferred tax adjustment	0	0	0	809	0	0	0	809
Miscellaneous items of Associates accounted for under equity method	0	0	0	(365)	0	0	535	170
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,989	15,989
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2018	0	0	0	13,282	0	(73)	(1,689)	11,520
Total comprehensive income for the year	4	2.00	7.300	1214-0117-075	-			
ended December 31, 2018	0	0	0	13,282	0	(73)	14,300	27,509
Balance as at December 31, 2018	500,000	13,824	18	282,051	0	235	11,981	808,109

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Raza Kuli Khan Khattak Gohar Ayub Khan Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak DIRECTOR

Principal Officer Chief Financial Officer



Stetement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Operating Cook Flavo	2018	2017
Operating Cash Flows	Rupees in	inousanu
a) Underwriting activities		
Insurance premium received	63,549	28,813
Reinsurance premium paid	(28,180)	(16,623)
Claims paid	(17,560)	(11,508)
Reinsurance and other recoveries received	11,318	7,126
Commission paid	(10,457)	(2,298)
Commission received	5,963	6,164
Management expenses paid	(57,723)	(50,897)
Net cash outflows from underwriting activities	(33,090)	(39,223)
b) Other operating activities		
Income tax paid	(3,673)	(3,573)
Other operating payments	(3,934)	(5,625)
Other operating receipts	1,444	13,316
Loans and other receivables	15	(34)
Other payments - net	11,789	17,992
Net cash inflows from other operating activities	5,641	22,076
Total cash outflows from all operating activities	(27,449)	(17,147)
Investment activities		
Profit / return received	5,656	4,590
Dividends received	18,495	17,828
Rental received	876	796
Payment for investments	(91,111)	(21,248)
Proceeds from redemption of investments	30,000	15,000
Fixed capital expenditure	(324)	(760)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	156	1,418
Total cash (outflows) / inflows from investing activities	(36,252)	17,624
Financing activities		
Issue of share capital	0	83,820
Financial charges paid	0	(48)
Total cash inflows from financing activities	0	83,772
Net cash (outflows) / inflows from all activities	(63,701)	84,249
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	90,165	5,916
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	26,464	90,165



Reconciliation to statement of profit or loss	2018	2017
	Rupees in t	thousand
Operating cash flows	(27,449)	(17,147)
Depreciation expense	(3,548)	(3,897)
Provision for doubtful insurance / reinsurance receivables	(2,355)	(5,279)
Provision for retirement benefit obligations - gratuity	(3,218)	(2,709)
Financial charges	0	(48)
(Loss) / gain on disposal on fixed assets	(14)	837
Decrease in assets other than cash	(11,726)	(20,785)
Decrease in liabilities	26,899	22,730
	(21,411)	(26,298)
Other adjustments		
Loss on investments - net	(11,973)	(5,119)
Share of profit of Associates - net of taxation	46,557	71,044
Fair value gain on investment property	1,493	969
Change in premium deficiency reserve	0	282
Dividend income	0	205
Assets written-off	(5)	(483)
Rental income	876	796
Profit on savings accounts	452	56
ā	37,400	67,750
Profit after taxation	15,989	41,452

Definition of cash:

Cash comprises of cash-in-hand, bank balances and other deposits, which are readily convertible to cash and which are used in the cash management function on a day-to-day basis.

Cash for the purposes of statement of cash flows consists of:

Cash and cash equivalents 1 Cash-in-hand and policy stamps 36 **Bank accounts** 3,348 24,126 Current accounts 22,678 66,038 Savings accounts 26,026 90,164 402 Deposits maturing within 12 months 0 Total cash and cash equivalents 26,464 90,165

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

- Vaanalat Raza Kuli Khan Khattak Gohar Ayub Khan Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak DIRECTOR

Wallace.

Amir Raza



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. Legal status and nature of business

The Universal Insurance Company Limited (the Company) is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan on May 09, 1958 under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The Company is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and is engaged in non-life insurance business. The registered office of the Company is situated at Universal Insurance House, 63 - Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore. Presently, the Company is operating through one (2017: one) branch in Pakistan.

The Company is a Subsidiary of Bibojee Services (Pvt.) Limited (the Holding Company), which holds 42,981,788 (2017: 42,981,788) ordinary shares of the Company at the year-end.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, Insurance Ordinance, 2000, Insurance Rules 2017 and Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017.

In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and Insurance Rules 2017 shall prevail

2.2 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale investments, which are stated at fair value, held to maturity investments, which are stated at amortised cost, land & buildings, which are stated at revalued amounts and the retirement benefit obligations, which are measured at present value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Pak Rupees has been rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

(a) The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgment in application of its accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.



- (b) The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these financial statements or judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:
 - Outstanding claims including IBNR notes 4.4 & 26
 - Premium deficiency reserves notes 4.5
 - Classification of investments notes 4.8, 8, 9 & 10
 - Taxation notes 4.12, 14 & 32
 - Retirement benefit obligations notes 4.19 & 21
 - Property and equipment notes 4.15 & 6
 - Investment property notes 4.16 & 7
 - Unearned premium reserves notes 4.17 & 25
 - Provision for doubtful receivables notes 4.21 & 12
 - Impairment in value of investments notes 4.25 & 9

3. INITIAL APPLICATION OF STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS OR INTERPRETATIONS TO EXISTING STANDARDS

The following amendments to existing standards have been published that are applicable to the Company's financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:

3.1 Standards, amendments and interpretations to approved accounting standards that are effective in current year

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to IFRSs are effective for accounting periods beginning on January 01, 2018 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's operations (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events) and are, therefore, not detailed in these financial statements, except for the following:

- (a) Transfers of investment property; amendments to IAS 40 'Investment property' are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2018. The amendments clarify that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use. A change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. In isolation, a change in management's intentions for the use of a property does not provide evidence of a change in use. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.
- (b) The Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) has also brought certain changes with regard to preparation and presentation of annual and interim financial statements of the Company. These changes also include change in respect of recognition criteria of surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as more fully explained in note 5 to these financial statements.

Further, the disclosure requirements contained in the fourth schedule to the Act have been revised, resulting in the incorporation of significant additional disclosures and elimination of duplicative disclosures with the IFRSs disclosure requirements.

3.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective but relevant

There are certain standards, amendments to the IFRSs and interpretations that are mandatory for companies having accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these financial statements, except for the following:



- (a) Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in associates and joint ventures' are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019. The amendments clarify that a venture capital organization and other similar entities may elect to measure investments in associates and joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss, for each associate or joint venture separately at the time of initial recognition of investment. Furthermore, similar election is available to non-investment entity that has an interest in an associate or joint venture that is an investment entity, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by that investment entity associate or joint venture to the investment entity associate's or joint venture's interests in subsidiaries. This election is made separately for each investment entity associate or joint venture. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.
- (b) Amendments to IFRS 4 'Insurance contract' Applying IFRS 9 'Financial instruments' with IFRS 4 are effective for annual period beginning on or after July 01, 2018. The amendments address issue arising from the different effective dates of IFRS 9 and the forthcoming new insurance contract standard IFRS 17 'Insurance contracts'. The amendments introduce two alternative options for entities issuing contracts within the scope of IFRS 4, notably a temporary exemption and an overlay approach. The temporary exemption enables eligible entities to defer the implementation date of IFRS 9. The overlay approach allows an entity applying IFRS 9 from July 01, 2018 onward to remove from profit or loss the effects of some of the accounting mismatches that may occur from applying IFRS 9 before IFRS 17 is applied.
- (c) IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' is applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2018. This standard has been notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) to be effective for annual periods beginning on or after June 30, 2019. This standard replaces the guidance in IAS 39, 'Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement'. It includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the current incurred loss impairment model. The Company is yet to assess the full impact of this standard on its financial statements.
- (d) IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' is applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2018. This standard has been notified by the SECP to be effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 01, 2018. This standard deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of the financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service. The standard replaces IAS 18 'Revenue', and IAS 11, 'Construction contracts', and related interpretations. The Company is yet to assess the full impact of this standard on its financial statements.
- (e) IFRIC 23, 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments' is applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019. This IFRIC clarifies how the recognition and measurement requirements of IAS 12 'Income taxes', are applied where there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The IFRIC explains how to recognise and measure deferred and current income tax assets and liabilities where there is uncertainty over a tax treatment. An uncertain tax treatment is any tax treatment applied by an entity where there is uncertainty over whether that treatment will be accepted by the tax authority. The IFRIC applies to all aspects of income tax accounting where there is an uncertainty regarding the treatment of an item, including taxable profit or loss, the tax bases of assets and liabilities, tax losses and credits and tax rates. The Company is yet to assess the full impact of this interpretation on its financial statements.



4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, except for the changes as indicated below in note 5.

4.1 Insurance contracts

Insurance contracts are those contracts where the Company (the insurer) has accepted significant insurance risk from another party (the policy holders) by agreeing to compensate the policy holders if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policy holders.

Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its life time, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and liabilities are extinguished or expired.

Insurance contracts issued by the Company are generally classified in four basic categories, i.e. Fire and Property, Marine and Transport, Motor and Miscellaneous and are issued to multiple types of clients with business in engineering, automobiles, cement, power, textile, paper, agriculture, services and trading sectors, etc. and individuals as well. The tenure of these insurance contracts depends upon terms of the policies written and vary accordingly.

- Fire & Property insurance contracts generally cover the assets of the policy holders against damages by fire, earthquake, riots & strike, explosion, atmospheric disturbance, flood, electric fluctuations impact, burglary and loss of profit followed by incident of fire.
- Marine & Transport insurance contracts generally provide cover for loss or damage to cargo while in transit to and from foreign land and inland transit due to various insured perils including loss of or damage to carrying vessel.
- Motor insurance contracts provide indemnity for accidental damage to or loss of insured vehicles including loss of or damage to third party and other comprehensive car coverage.
- Other insurance contracts provide variety of coverage including cover against burglary, loss
 of cash in safe, cash in transit and cash on counter, fidelity guarantee, personal accident,
 workmen compensation, contractor's all risk, erection all risk, machinery breakdown, boiler
 damage, crop and health.

In addition to direct insurance, the Company also participates in risks under co-insurance contracts from other companies and also accepts risks through re-insurance inward by way of facultative acceptance on case to case basis provided such risks are within the underwriting policies of the Company. The nature of the risks undertaken under such arrangement is consistent with the risks in each class of business as stated above.

The Company neither issues investment contracts nor does it issue insurance contracts with discretionary participation features (DPF).

4.2 Premium

Premium written under a policy is recognised as income over the period of insurance from the date of issuance of the policy to which it relates to its expiry. Where the pattern of incidence of risk varies over the period of the policy, premium is recognised as revenue in accordance with the pattern of incidence of risk. The portion of premium written relating to the unexpired period of coverage is recognised as unearned premium by the Company.

4.3 Reinsurance ceded

The Company enters into reinsurance contracts in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from certain exposures. Outward reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same period as the related premiums for the direct or accepted reinsurance business being reinsured.



Reinsurance liabilities represent balances due to reinsurance companies. Amounts payable are estimated in a manner consistent with the related reinsurance contract. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the provision for outstanding claims or settled claims associated with the reinsurance policies and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contract.

Reinsurance assets are not offset against related insurance liabilities. Income or expenses from reinsurance contracts are not offset against expenses or income from related insurance assets.

Reinsurance assets or liabilities are derecognised when the contractual rights are extinguished or expired.

The Company assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on the reporting date. If there is an objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognises that impairment loss in the statement of profit or loss.

4.4 Claims

Claims are charged to income as incurred based on estimated liability for compensation owed under the insurance contracts. It includes claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims, a reduction for the value of salvage and other recoveries and any adjustments to claims outstanding from previous years.

(a) Outstanding claims (including IBNR)

A liability for outstanding claims is recognised in respect of all claims incurred up to the reporting date, which is measured at the undiscounted value of expected future payments. Provision for outstanding claims include amounts in relation to claims reported but not settled, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and expected claims settlement costs.

Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims are recognised as an asset and measured at the amount expected to be received.

(b) Claims reported but not settled

Provision for liability in respect of claims reported but not settled at the reporting date is made on the basis of individual case estimates. The case estimates are based on the assessed amounts of individual losses and where loss assessments have not been carried-out, the estimates are established in light of currently available information, past experience of similar claims and in some cases in relation to the sums insured. Case estimates are reviewed periodically to ensure that the recognised outstanding claim amounts are adequate to cover expected future payments including expected claims settlement costs and are updated as and when new information becomes available.

(c) Claims incurred but not reported

The provision for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is made at the reporting date. In accordance with SECP Circular no. 9 of 2016, the Company takes actuarial advice for the determination of IBNR claims. The Expected Loss Ratio method has been used to obtain an adequate estimate of the IBNR claims. Expected Loss Ratio method has been used in place of the Basic Chain Ladder method because of consistently declining claims experience of the Company.

The change in method for estimating IBNR claims has immaterial effect on provision for claims, reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims and profit for the preceding year.

4.5 Premium deficiency reserve (liability adequacy test)

At each reporting date, liability adequacy tests are performed separately for each class of business to ensure the adequacy of the unearned premium liability for that class.



It is performed by comparing the expected future liability, after reinsurance, from claims and other expenses, including reinsurance expense, commissions and other underwriting expenses, expected to be incurred after the reporting date in respect of policies in force at the reporting date with the carrying amount of unearned premium liability. Any deficiency is recognised by establishing a provision (premium deficiency reserve) to meet the deficit.

The expected future liability is estimated with reference to the experience during the expired period of the contracts, adjusted for significant individual losses, which are not expected to recur during the remaining period of the policies and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable.

The movement in the premium deficiency reserve is recognised as an expense or income in the statement of profit or loss for the year.

4.6 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash-in-hand, cash at banks on current and saving accounts.

4.7 Loans to employees

These are recognised at cost, which is the fair value of consideration given.

4.8 Investments

Classification of an investment is made on the basis of intended purpose for holding such investment. Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such designation on regular basis.

Investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to acquisition except for 'investment at fair value through profit or loss', which is measured initially at fair value.

All 'regular way' purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date, which is the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the investment.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that investments are impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company applies the requirements of IAS 39 'Financial instruments: recognition and measurement' to all investments except for investments in Associates accounted for under equity method, which are tested for impairment in accordance with the requirements of IAS 36 'Impairment of assets'.

(a) Investments in Associates

Associates are the entities over which the Company has significant influence but not control. Investments in Associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Company's share of its Associates' post acquisition profits or losses, movement in other comprehensive income and its share of post-acquisition movement in reserves is recognised in statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income and reserves respectively. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of investments. Distributions received from an Associate reduce the carrying amount of investment.

(b) Held-to-maturity

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity when the Company has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Investments intended to be held for an undefined period are not included in this classification. Other long-term investments that are intended to be held-to-maturity are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method. Any premium paid or discount availed on the acquisition of held to maturity investment is deferred and included in income for the period on a straight line basis over the term of investment. For investments carried at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit or loss when the investments are de-recognised or impaired.



(c) Available-for-sale

Investments which are intended to be held for an undefined period of time but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity, changes in interest rates, equity prices or exchange rates are classified as available-for-sale.

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, these are stated at market value in accordance with the requirements of IAS 39 (Financial instruments: recognition and measurement). The Company uses stock exchange quotations at the reporting date to determine the market value of its quoted investments whereas fair value of investments in delisted / unlisted companies is determined by reference to the net assets and financial position of the investee on the basis of latest available audited financial statements.

(d) Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments classified as held-for-trading and those designated as such are included in this category. Investments are classified as held-for-trading if these are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short term. Gains or losses on investments held-for-trading are recognised in statement of profit or loss.

4.9 Due from insurance contract holders

These are recognised when due, at fair value of the consideration receivable less provision for doubtful receivables, if any. Provision for impairment on premium receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all the amounts due according to original terms of receivable. Receivables are also analysed as per their ageing and accordingly provision is maintained on a systematic basis.

4.10 Insurance / reinsurance payables and receivables

Insurance / reinsurance payables and receivables are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid / received in the future for services. However, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset is determined and any impairment loss is recognised for the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying amount.

4.11 Claim recoveries

Claim recoveries receivable from reinsurers are recognised as an asset at the same time as the claims which give rise to the right of recovery are recognised as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

4.12 Taxation

(a) Current

Provision for current year's taxation is determined in accordance with the prevailing law of taxation on income enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and is based on current rates of taxation being applied on the taxable income for the year, after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, and taxes paid under the Final Tax Regime. The tax charge also includes adjustments, where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments finalised during the year.



(b) Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the statement of financial position liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

4.13 Deferred commission expense

Commission costs incurred in obtaining and recording policies of insurance and reinsurance are being deferred and recognised as an asset in correlation with unearned premium that will be recognised in the subsequent reporting periods.

4.14 Prepaid reinsurance expense

Premium for reinsurance contracts operative on a proportional and non-proportional basis is recorded as a liability on attachment of the underlying risks reinsured or on inception of the reinsurance contract respectively. For proportional reinsurance contracts, the reinsurance expense is recognised in accordance with the pattern of recognition of premium income to which they relate. For non-proportional reinsurance contracts, the reinsurance expense is recognised evenly in the period of indemnity. The portion of reinsurance premium not recognised as an expense is shown as a prepayment.

4.15 Property and equipment

Fixed assets, except freehold land and buildings on freehold land, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount whereas buildings on freehold land are stated at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to statement of profit or loss during the period in which these are incurred.

(a) Depreciation

Depreciation on fixed assets is charged to statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method so as to write-off the cost / depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives at the rates given in note 6. The Company charges depreciation on additions from the date when the asset is available for use and on deletions upto the date when the asset is de-recognised. The residual values and useful lives are reviewed by management at each financial year-end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.



(b) De-recognition

An item of fixed assets is de-recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset is included in statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is de-recognised.

4.16 Investment property

Investment property is accounted for under the fair value model in accordance with the requirements of IAS 40. Subsequent capital expenditure on existing property and gain / loss on disposals are accounted for in the same manner as for fixed assets.

4.17 Unearned premium reserves

Unearned premium reserves represent the portion of premium written relating to the unexpired period of coverage. Unearned premium reserves are being calculated as a proportion of the gross premium of each policy, determined as the ratio of the unexpired period of the policy and the total period, both measured to the nearest day as specified in the Insurance Rules for non-life insurance.

4.18 Unearned reinsurance commission

Commission income receivable from reinsurers is taken to statement of profit or loss in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the reinsurance premium to which these relate.

4.19 Retirement benefit obligations

(a) Gratuity

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all permanent employees who are entitled to gratuity equivalent to last drawn gross salary multiplied by the number of years of service upto the date of leaving the Company. The latest actuarial valuation was carried-out as at December 31, 2018, using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' to determine the liability on the reporting date. The amount arising as a result of remeasurements are recognised in the statement of financial position immediately, with a charge or credit to other comprehensive income in the period in which these occur. Amounts recognised in statement of profit or loss are limited to current and past service costs, gains or losses on settlements and net interest income / expense.

(b) Compensated absences

The Company accounts for liability in respect of employees' compensated absences in the period in which these are earned.

4.20 Other creditors and accruals

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods or services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

4.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.



When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of receivable can be measured reliably.

As the actual outflows can differ from estimates made for provisions due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in future, the carrying amounts of provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to take account of such changes. Any adjustments to the amount of previously recognised provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of cost of an asset.

4.22 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company

- has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

4.23 Revenue recognition

(a) Premium income earned

Premium written under a policy is recognised as income over the period of insurance from the date of issuance of the policy to which it relates to its expiry as follows:

for direct business evenly over period of the policy.

for proportional re-insurance business evenly over the period of underlying insurance policies.

Where the pattern of incidence of risk varies over the period of policy, the premium is recognised as revenue in accordance with the pattern of incidence of risk.

(b) Administrative surcharge

This represents documentation and other charges recovered by the Company from policy holders in respect of policies issued at the rate of 5% of the premium restricted to a maximum of Rs.2,000 per policy. Administrative surcharge is recognised as revenue at the time the policies are written.

(c) Commission income

Commission income from reinsurers is recognised at the time of issuance of the underlying insurance policy by the Company. This income is deferred and brought to the account as revenue in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the reinsurance premium to which it relates. Profit / commission, if any, which the Company may be entitled to under the terms of reinsurance, is recognised on accrual basis.

(d) Dividend income and bonus shares

Dividend income is recognised when the right of receipt is established. Bonus shares are accounted for by increase in number of shares without any change in the value of investments.



(e) Investment income

Income from held-to-maturity investments

Income from held-to-maturity investments is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the effective yield on the investments.

Income from available-for-sale investments

Return on fixed income investments

Return on fixed income securities is recognised on a time proportion basis.

- Gain / loss on sale of available-for-sale investments

Gain / loss on sale of available-for-sale investments is included in income currently.

- Income from investments at fair value through profit or loss

Gain / loss on sale of investments at fair value through profit or loss is included in income currently.

(f) Rental and other income

Rental and other income is recognised on accrual basis.

4.24 Management expenses

Management expenses, which are directly attributable to the underwriting business, are allocated in accordance with the volume of each class of business. Portion of management expenses, which are not allocable to the underwriting business, are categorised as other expenses. These expenses are charged to statement of profit or loss at the time the policies are accepted.

4.25 Impairment

(a) Financial assets

A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flow of that asset.

An impairment loss, in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, is calculated as a difference between its carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. An impairment loss in respect of available-for-sale financial asset is calculated with reference to its current fair value.

Significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

(b) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each year-end to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in statement of profit or loss. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in statement of profit or loss.



4.26 Financial instruments

Financial instruments carried on the statement of financial position include current & other accounts, investments, insurance / reinsurance receivables, reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims, loans and other receivables, outstanding claims, insurance / reinsurance payables and other creditors & accruals. Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of instrument. Initial recognition is made at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to acquisition except for 'financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss', which are measured initially at fair value.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the Company looses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset. The Company looses such control if it realises the rights to benefit specified in the contract, the rights expire or the Company surrenders those rights. Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on subsequent measurement and de-recognition is charged to the profit or loss currently. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

4.27 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.28 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic earnings per share for its shareholders. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

4.29 Share capital

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

4.30 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognised as liability in the Company's financial statements in the year in which these are approved.

4.31 Foreign currencies

All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated in Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date whereas transactions in foreign currencies during the year are initially recorded in functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the transaction date. All non-monetary items are translated in Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction or on the date when fair values are determined. Exchange gains and losses are included in income currently.

4.32 Segment reporting

The Company accounts for segment reporting using the classes of business as specified under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Insurance Rules, 2017 as the primary reporting format based on the Company's practice of reporting to the management is on the same basis.

As the operations of the Company are carried-out in Pakistan, information relating to geographical segment is not considered relevant.



Assets, liabilities and capital expenditure, that are directly attributable to segments, have been assigned to them whereas the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two or more segments have been allocated to segments on a reasonable basis. The assets and liabilities, which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis, are reported as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.

5. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

Section 235 (Treatment of surplus arising out of revaluation of fixed assets) of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 has not been carried forward in the Companies Act, 2017. Previously, section 235 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 specified the accounting treatment and presentation of the surplus on revaluation of fixed assets, which was not in accordance with the IFRS requirements. Accordingly, in accordance with the requirements of IAS 16, Property, plant and equipment, surplus on revaluation of fixed assets will now be presented under equity.

Following the application of IAS 16, the Company's policy for surplus on revaluation of fixed assets stands amended as follows:

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of freehold land and buildings on freehold land are recognised, net of tax, in statement of other comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in shareholders' equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognised in statement of other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost, net of tax, is reclassified from the revaluation surplus on fixed assets to retained earnings.

The change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively in accordance with the requirements of IAS 8 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' and comparative figures have been restated.

The effect of change in accounting policy is summarised below:

	As at D	ecember 3	1, 2017	As at De	ecember 3	1, 2016
	As previously reported	As restated	Restate- ment	As previously reported	As restated	Restate- ment
			Rupees i	n thousand -		
Effect on statement of financial position						
Investments in associates	239,245	748	239,993	186,072	754	186,826
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	268,895	749	(269,644)	260,519	756	(261,275)
Equity	0	269,644	269,644	0	261,275	261,275
Effect on statement of changes in equity						
Capital reserve	0	269,644	269,644	0	261,275	261,275
Accumulated loss	(18,639)	(1)	(18,640)	(62,310)	(2)	(62,312)



Property and	80	.5 To	Cost / Revaluation	iluation					Depre	Depreciation			Written	
equipment (operating assets)	As at January 01, 2018	Additions / Revalu- ations	Dispo- sals / Trans- fers	Adjust- ments	Witte- offs	As at December 31, 2018	As at January 01, 2018	For the Year	On Disposals / Trans- fers	On Adjust- ments	Writte- offs	As at December 31, 2018	Down Value as at December 31, 2018	Ciation rate
	!					Rupee	s in thouse	put				Rupees in thousand		
Freehold land	135,200	10,400	D	0	0	145,600	В	•	0	o	•	0	145,600	89
Bulldings on freehold land	45,160	4,059	0	٥	0	49.219	9,673	1,774	•	o	0	11,447	37,772	w
Furniture and fixtures	4,045	0	•	٥	(33)	4,012	3,081	98	0	a	(30)	3,147	865	무
Office equipment	8,567	150	(325)	0	0	8.392	6,330	257	(228)	0	•	6,359	2,033	10-15
Computer equipment	7,954	120	a	0	0	8,074	7,078	278	0	0	0	7,356	718	30
Vehicles	26,556	46	(377)	0	(61)	26.172	20,861	1,143	(304)	0	(69)	21,641	4,531	20
	227,482	14,783	(702)	a	(94)	241,469	47,023	3,548	(532)	a	(88)	49,950	191,519	
	953		Cost / Revaluation	luetlon		658	113		Depre	Depreciation			Melthon	06 (8)
	As at January 01, 2017	Additions / Revalu- ations	Dispo- sals / Trans- fers	Adjust	Write- offs	As at December 31, 2017	As at January 01, 2017	For the Year	On Dispo- sals / Trans- fers	On Adjust ments	Write- offs	As at December 31, 2017	Down Value as at December 31, 2017	Clation rate %
						Rupe	Rupees in thousand	Band	1					
Freehold land	123,960	6,240	•	•	0	135,200	•	0	0	a	•	0	135,200	89
Buildings on freehold land	40,571	4,589	0	٥	0	45,160	8,046	1,627	0	å	•	9,673	35,487	lo:
Furniture and fixtures	4,305	٥	(260)	٥	9	4,045	3,209	107	(235)	Ď	۰	3,081	436	2
Office equipment	11,695	72	(330)	٥	(2,870)	8,567	8,669	333	(222)	a	(2,450)	6,330	2,237	10-30
Computer	9,131	199	-	٥	(1,376)	7,954	8,075	322		٥	(41,319)	7,078	876	8
Vehicles	28,300	489	(2,379)	460	(314)	26,556	21,132	1,508	(1,931)	460	(308)	20,861	5,695	20
	222,962	11,589	(2,969)	460	(4,560)	227,482	49,131	3,897	(2,388)	460	(4,077)	47,023	180,459	

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6.1 Surplus on revaluation

Latest revaluation of freehold land and buildings on freehold land has been carried-out by Sadruddin Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. (PBA Approved Valuers & Real Estate Appraisers, Business & Finance Centre, Suite # 1004, 10th Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi) as at December 31, 2018 on the basis of present market value of freehold land and current depreciated market value of buildings. Had there been no revaluation, carrying value of buildings on freehold land as at December 31, 2018 would have been lower by Rs.29.016 million (2017: Rs.26.271 million).

- 6.2 Based on the aforementioned revaluation reports dated December 31, 2018, the forced sale values of the freehold land and buildings on freehold land have been assessed at Rs.146.697 million.
- **6.3** Freehold land of the Company is located at 63-Sharah-e-Quaid-e- Azam, Lahore; total covered area is 2,080 square yards.

6.4 Disposal of fixed assets

Description	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value	Sale Proceeds	(Loss) / Gain	Mode of disposal	Sold to:
		Rup	ees in thou	sand			-
Office Equipment							
Photo copier machine	100	75	25	7	(18)	Negotiation	Mr. Zahoor Ahmed, Lahore
Air-conditioning equipment	77	48	29	6	(23)	do	Muhammad Aslam, Lahore
do	77	48	29	6	(23)	do	do
do	71	57	14	7	(7)	do	do
	325	228	97	26	(71)		
Vehicles							
Honda CD-70	54	48	6	18	12	Company policy	Mr. Ghulam Jaffar, Lahore (employee)
do	54	12	42	64	22	do	Mr. Arshad Mahmood, Lahore (employee
do	59	56	3	12	9	Negotiation	Allah Ditta, Lahore
do	70	69	1	11	10	do	do
do	54	50	4	8	4	do	Syed Ali Faisal, Lahore
Honda CG-125	86	69	17	17	0	do	do
Constant and the Constant	377	304	73	130	57		
2018	702	532	170	156	(14)	·:	
2017	2,969	2,388	581	1,418	837		

6.5 Assets written-off during the year

Particulars	Cost	Accumulated	Book
	100.000-0000	depreciation	value
	R	upees in thousar	nd
Furniture and fixtures	33	30	3
Vehicle	61	59	2
2018	94	89	5
2017	4,560	4,077	483



7.	Investment property	Note	2018 Rupees in th	2017 nousand
	Opening balance		17,282	17,282
	Unrealised fair value gain upon revaluation:		710	
	Opening balance		2,919	1,950
	Gain arisen upon revaluation carried-out during the year	30	1,493	969
	Closing balance		4,412	2,919
	Closing book value	_	21,694	20,201

- 7.1 The management, during the financial year ended December 31, 2016, has transferred its properties located at Mumtaz Centre and Eden Centre, Lahore having aggregate book value of Rs.17.282 million to Investment Property as it intends to earn rentals against these properties.
- 7.2 Based on the revaluation reports of Sadruddin Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. dated December 31, 2018, forced sale values of the Company's investment properties have been assessed at Rs.17.355 million.

8. Investments in Associates - Quoted

investments in Associates - Quoted			
Bannu Woollen Mills Ltd. (BWM)	2018	(Re-stated) 2017	(Re-stated) 2016
Barrid VVOORETTIVIIIS Etd. (BVVIVI)		ees in thous	
Carrying value at beginning of the year			
8,940 (2017: 8,940) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	2,441	2,448	1418
Share of profit after taxation	16	33	73
Less: dividend received	(22)	(45)	(45)
Changes in comprehensive (loss) / income	(6)	3	(8)
Share of items directly recognised in equity	6	8	7
Share of surplus on revaluation of property,			
plant and equipment	0	0	249
Share of items directly recognised in			
equity of Associated Company- restated	0	1	(2)
Share of incremental depreciation and			
surplus on revaluation of property,	(7)	(7)	750
plant and equipment of BWM - restated	(7)	(7)	756
	2,428	2,441	2,448
Ghandhara Industries Ltd. (GIL)			
Carrying value at beginning of the year			
2,368,296 (2017: 1,184,148) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	227 552	404.070	400.000
(including 1,184,148 bonus shares received during the year)	237,552	184,378	138,088
Share of profit after taxation	46,541	71,011	46,501
Less: dividend received	(18,473)	(17,762)	(11,841)
Changes in comprehensive loss	(658)	(75)	(20)
Share of items directly recognised in equity	164	0	0
Share of surplus on revaluation of property,			
plant and equipment of GIL	0	0	11,650
	265,126	237,552	184,378

239,993

186,826

267,554



- 8.1 Market values of the Company's investments in BWM and GIL as at December 31, 2018 were Rs.431 thousand (2017: Rs.492 thousand) and Rs.650.689 million (2017: Rs.653.744 million) respectively.
- **8.2** Provisions of section 208 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, now section 199 of the Companies Act, 2017, were duly complied with for making investments in BWM and GIL.

8.3 The Company's interests in its Associates were as follows:

Company Name	Country of Incorporation		Liabilities as at December 31,	Revenues for t period of twelv months ende December 31	taxation for the period of twelve	% Interest held
			Ru	pees in thousan	id	
Bannu Woollen Mills Ltd.						
2018	Pakistan	3,362,244	687,897	529,9	16,917	0.09
2017		2,498,266	604,542	792,7	707 36,193	0.09
Ghandhara Industries Ltd.						
2018	Pakistan	17,078,796	12,303,900	18,726,4	62 837,336	5.56
2017		9,274,795	4,995,993	14,752,1	04 1,277,177	5.56
Investments in equ	ity securitie	es		Note	2018 Rupees in thou	2017 Isand
Available-for-sale inv	vestments			9.1	506	60
Investments at fair v	alue through	profit or lo	oss	9.2	121,274	77,39
					121,780	78,00

9.1 Available-for-sale investments

		December 31, 2018		000 00000 T	December 31, 2017			
	No. of shares as at December 31, 2018	Cost	Unrealised gain / (impairment)	Carrying value	No. of shares as at December 31, 2017	Cost	Unrealised gain / (impairment)	Carrying value
Listed shares	2010	R	upees in thous	and	2011	F	Rupees in thousa	and
Hamid Textile Mills Ltd.	49,000	490	(490)	0	49,000	490	(490)	0
Pakistan National Shipping Corporation Unlisted shares	888	24	27	51	888	24	68	92
Nowshera Engineering Works Ltd. *	0	0	0	0	1,106	11	(11)	0
Fawad Textile Mills Ltd. *	0	0	0	0	26,740	268	(268)	0
Mutual fund	0.007	425	220	455	0.007	125	202	547
JS Growth Fund	2,867	135	320	455	2,867	135	382	517
	12	649	(143)	506	in sa	928	(319)	609

^{*}These investments having nil carrying values have been written-off as approved by the Company's Investment Committee in its meeting held on April 02, 2018.



9.2 Investments at fair value through profit or loss

		December 31, 2018				December 31, 2017			
	No. of units	Cost	Unrealised loss	loss and fair value		Cost	Unrealised (loss) / gain	Carrying and fair value	
Mutual funds		Rupees in thousand			R	lupees in thousa	in thousand		
HBL Growth and Cash Fund (formerly PICIC Growth Fund)	13,600	520	(280)	240	13,500	509	(126)	383	
NAFA Islamic Stock Fund	11,817,196	125,036	(4,002)	121,034	6,898,329	64,691	12,318	77,009	
			(4,282)	121,274			12,192	77,392	

10. Investments in debt securities (Held to maturity)

	No. of cer	tificates Face valu		Face value	Value of certificates	
	December 31, 2018	December 3 2017	31,		December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
			420	R	Rupees in thous	and
Pakistan Investment Bonds - PIBs						
(including accrued interest)	8		7	51,500	53,713	53,593
		turity ate		oupon ate %	2018 Rupees in	2017 thousand
Pakistan Investment Bond	July 1	8, 2018		11.50	0	5,251
-do-	July 1	8, 2018		11.50	0	15,754
-do-	July 2	2, 2020		12.00	5,174	5,113
-do-	March	26, 2020		9.25	5,709	5,768
-do-	April 2	21, 2021		7.75	5,179	5,224
-do-	April 2	21, 2019		7.00	10,159	10,235
-do-	April 2	21, 2021		7.75	6,201	6,248
-do-	April 2	21, 2019		7.00	5,059	0
-do-	July 1	9, 2022		12.00	5,425	0
-do-	July 1	9, 2022		12.00	10,807	0
				5 5.	53,713	53,593

^{10.1} Market value of these PIBs as at December 31, 2018 was Rs.50.930 million (2017: Rs. 50.755 million). Profit on PIBs is received bi-annually.

^{10.2} Investments in PIBs have been made to meet the statutory requirements of section 29(2)(a) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000.



Loans and other receivables	Note	2018 Rupees in tl	2017 housand
Advance to employees against expenses		4	688
Security deposits		1,292	1,295
Sales tax - refundable		82	190
Tax paid under protest - refundable	24.1	5,500	5,500
Forced tax recovery	24.2	138	138
Federal excise duty - refundable	24.4	23,831	23,831
Loans to employees - unsecured, considered good	11.1	153	168
Others		1,140	1,070
	4.E	32,140	32,880
	Advance to employees against expenses Security deposits Sales tax - refundable Tax paid under protest - refundable Forced tax recovery Federal excise duty - refundable Loans to employees - unsecured, considered good	Advance to employees against expenses Security deposits Sales tax - refundable Tax paid under protest - refundable Forced tax recovery Federal excise duty - refundable Loans to employees - unsecured, considered good 11.1	Advance to employees against expenses 4 Security deposits 5 ales tax - refundable Tax paid under protest - refundable Forced tax recovery Federal excise duty - refundable Loans to employees - unsecured, considered good Others Note Rupees in the

11.1 These represent interest free loans given to employees in accordance with the policy of the Company. These are recoverable in equal monthly instalments.

12. Insurance / reinsurance receivables - Unsecured and considered good

Due from insurance contract holders		87,511	87,511
Less: provision for impairment of receivables from insurance contract holders	12.3	(87,511)	(87,501)
	_	0	10
Due from other insurers	Γ	111,147	112,634
Due from reinsurers		37,118	34,941
Less: provision for impairment of due from other insurers / reinsurers	12.4	(24,916)	(22,571)
	_	123,349	125,004
	_	123,349	125,014

- **12.1** The balances as at December 31, 2018 relating to insurance / reinsurance receivables are although unconfirmed but are considered to be accurately stated by the management.
- 12.2 No balance was due from Associated Companies as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

12.3 Provision for doubtful receivables from insurance contract holders

	Balance as at January 01,	87,501	84,599
	Provision made during the year	10	2,902
	Balance as at December 31,	87,511	87,501
12.4	Provision for doubtful receivables from other insurers / rein	surers	
	Polones as at January 01	22 574	20 104

Balance as at January 01,	22,571	20,194
Provision made during the year	2,345	2,377
Balance as at December 31,	24,916	22,571



13.	Deferred taxation - net	lote	2018 Rupees in	2017 thousand
	This is composed of the following:			
	Taxable temporary differences arising in respect of:			
	- accelerated tax depreciation allowances		1,666	1,752
	- surplus on revaluation of buildings		11,906	11,938
	- surplus on revaluation of investment property		1,279	876
			14,851	14,566
	Deductible temporary differences arising in respect of:	8	r	20
	- unused tax losses	8	46,930	67,160
	- provision for doubtful insurance /			
	reinsurance receivables and others		32,994	33,629
	- retirement benefit obligations - gratuity		5,102	4,044
	 minimum tax recoverable against normal tax charge in future years 		1,516	823
	charge in future years	9	86,542	105,656
	Deferred tax asset	53	71,691	91,090
	Less: deferred tax asset not recognised		38,500	57,899
	Net deferred tax asset recognised	55	33,191	33,191
13.1	Net deferred tax asset recognised in these financial since Rs.33.191 million (2017: Rs.33.191 million) on the ground intends to re-assess the recognition of deferred tax asset as	nd of	prudence. The	management
14.	Taxation - payments less provisions			
	Advance income tax		12,844	14,329
	Provision for taxation		(3,433)	(5,083)
			9,411	9,246
15.	Prepayments	12		
	Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded		8,329	2,415
	Others		600	364
		37	8,929	2,779
16.	Cash and bank balances			
	Cash and cash equivalents			
	Cash-in-hand		35	0
	Policy stamps		1	1
	, 3.13 , 3.11.11	19	36	1
	Cash at banks		410	
	- current accounts	10	3,348	24,126
	- savings accounts	16.1	22,678	66,038
			26,026	90,164
	Deposits maturing within 12 months			
		16.2	1,257	1,257
	Provision for impairment	9	(855)	(1,257)
	1	16.3	402	0
		18	26,464	90,165
			100	01



- **16.1** Rates of profit on these accounts, during the year, ranged from 3.75% to 8.00% (2017; 3.25% to 3.78%) per annum.
- **16.2** These represent term deposit receipts issued by financial institutions as the chances of realisation of these deposits are bleak, these have been fully provided for.
- 16.3 The Company, subsequent to the reporting date, has received Rs.402 thousand from the Joint Official Liquidator of Innovative Investment Bank Ltd. against the claims lodged during the year. Accordingly, provision balance has been reduced.

17.	Share capital			Note	2018 Rupees in ti	2017
17.1	Authorised sh	nare capital		Note	rapees in ti	iousuiiu
	2018	2017				
	Number o	of shares				
	75,000,000	75,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 ea	ch _	750,000	750,000
17.2	Issued, subso	cribed and pa	aid-up share capital			
	34,720,000	34,720,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in cash		347,200	347,200
	15,280,000	15,280,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares		152,800	152,800
	50,000,000	50,000,000	E.	_	500,000	500,000
17.3	Movement du	ring the year		-		
	50,000,000	41,617,977	As at January 01,		500,000	416,180
	0	8,382,023	Issue of fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	17.5	0	83,820
	50,000,000	50,000,000		=	500,000	500,000

- **17.4** Voting rights, board selection, right of first refusal and block voting are in proportion to the shareholding of the shareholders.
- 17.5 The Company, during the preceding year, had issued 8,382,023 ordinary shares of Rs.10 each at par value of Rs.10 per share. This right issue, under section 86(3) of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now section 83 of the Companies Act, 2017), was offered to meet the minimum paid-up capital requirement as laid down by the SECP for non-life insurers vide S.R.O No. 828(I)/2015 dated August 18, 2015.

18. Share premium reserve

The Company, during the financial year ended December 31, 2015, had issued 4,617,977 shares by way of otherwise than right under section 86(1) of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 to its Holding Company at a price of Rs.12.99 per share. Share premium amounting Rs.13.820 million was received on this issue.

19. Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net

This represents surplus over book value resulted from revaluations of freehold land and buildings on freehold land carried-out during current and prior years adjusted only by surplus realised on disposal of revalued assets, incremental depreciation arising out of revaluation and deferred taxation. The year-end balance has been arrived at as follows:



		(Re-stated)	
	2018	2017	2016
		pees in thous	
Balance as at January 01,	177,864	168,176	161,389
Add: surplus arisen during the year on:			
- freehold land	10,400	6,240	4,160
- buildings on freehold land	4,059	4,589	4,429
2	14,459	10,829	8,589
Less: transferred to accumulated loss on account of			
incremental depreciation for the year	(1,319) (1,141)	(1,802)
24 25	191,004	177,864	168,176
Less: deferred tax on:			
- opening balance of surplus	12,818	11,950	11,727
- surplus on revaluation carried-out during the year	1,17	1,377	1,185
- incremental depreciation for the year	(395	(342)	(577)
	13,600	12,985	12,335
Add: resultant adjustment due to reduction in tax rate	414	205 2000200	385
,	177,818		156,226
Share of surplus on revaluation of fixed assets of Associates accounted for under equity method - net of deferred taxation - restated	104,23	3 104,598	105,049
Balance as at December 31,	282,05	1 269,644	261,275
Long term deposits	202,00	203,044	201,270
These interest-free deposits have been received in a Purchase Policy (Motorbike) and against these deposits the respective employees. These deposits are adjustated of title of motorbikes to the respective employees.	its motorbi	kes have bee	n provided to
Retirement benefit obligations - gratuity		2018	2017
0	Note	Rupees in	thousand
Statement of financial position reconciliation		45.404	10.010
Present value of defined benefit obligations		15,104	10,940
Less: balance classified under other creditors and accruals	23.1	(15,104)	0
	; =	0	10,940
The Company has decided to cease its Gratuity S December 31, 2018 and settle the liability as at Decliability as at December 31, 2018 is nil. Net movement in liability			
Liability as at January 01,		10,940	9,400
Expense recognised in statement of profit or loss	21.3	3,218	2,709
Benefits paid during the year		(490)	(173)
Section Control of the Control of th		(430)	(173)
Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income	21.4	1,436	(996)
Liability as at December 31,	_	15,104	10,940

20.

21.

21.1



21.2	Movement in defined benefit ob	oligations		Note	2018 Runees In	2017 Thousand
	Obligation as at January 01,				10,940	9,400
	Current service cost				2,273	1,896
	Interest cost				945	813
	Actuarial loss / (gain)		9	21.4	1,436	(996)
	Benefits paid		n. -		(490)	(173)
	Obligation as at December 31,			_	15,104	10,940
21.3	Expense recognised in stateme	nt of profit	or loss	-		
	Current service cost	(ē			2,273	1,896
	Interest cost				945	813
				_	3,218	2,709
21.4	Remeasurement recognised in comprehensive income	other		-		
	Loss due to change in financial as	sumptions			369	14
	Loss / (gain) due to change in exp	erience adju	ustments		1,067	(1,010)
					1,436	(996)
21.5	Principal actuarial assumptions	are as follo	ows:			
	The future contribution rates of Projected unit credit method, ba valuation:					13.455
					2018	2017
	Discount rate - per annum				13.25%	8.25%
	Expected rate of increase in salar	5 60 8000 00000			12.25%	7.25%
21.6	Mortality was assumed to be base rate of employee turnover.	ed on SLIC	2001-05 ultir	nate mort	ality rates, wi	th moderate
21.7	Historical information					
		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
			···· Rup	ees In Tho	usand	}
	Liability for defined benefit obligation =	15,104	10,940	9,400	6,714	4,596
	Remeasurement loss / (gain) on obligation	1,436	(996)	529	205	(334)
22.	Insurance / reinsurance payable	es			2018	2017
	Due to Insurance contract holders	3			Rupees In 7,644	Thousand 9,673
	Due to other insurers / reinsurers				25,199	29,828
				_	32,843	39,501
22.1	The balances as at December 3		1998 12 19	-	100	100

although unconfirmed but are considered to be accurately stated by the management.



23.	Other creditors and accruals	Note	2018 Rupees in t	2017 housand
	Commission payable		4,545	4,834
	Federal excise duty		1,747	792
	Federal insurance fee		110	26
	Accrued expenses		1,344	3,988
	Income tax deducted at source		408	177
	Gratuity payable to:			
	- key management personnel	Γ	10,425	0
	- other employees		4,679	0
		23.1	15,104	0
	Sundry creditors		1,348	4,451
	Leave encashment payable		2,490	2,540
	Security deposit against rent		280	280
	Deposits against performance bonds	23.2	201	993
	Others		20	20
		_	27,597	18,101

- 23.1 Employees' Provident Fund shall be established with effect from January 01, 2019; accordingly, gratuity benefits payable have been classified and grouped under other creditors and accruals.
- 23.2 The Company, during the year based on its legal Advisors' advice, has written-back these deposits aggregating Rs.792 thousand received as collateral at the time of issuance of guarantees against premium receivable.

24. Contingencies and commitments

- 24.1 The Income Tax Department (the Department), during June, 2015, had passed an order under section 161(1)(a)(b) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance) for the tax year 2009 creating a demand of Rs.8.586 million with default surcharge amounting Rs.8.447 million under section 205 of the Ordinance. The Company, during the financial year ended December 31, 2015, had filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) CIR(A) against the said order. The Company, however, had paid Rs.5.500 million under protest and grouped this amount under loans and other receivables (note 11). The CIR(A), during the financial year ended December 31, 2016, had decided the appeal in the Company's favour. The Company had applied for the refund of forced recovery of Rs.5.500 million made by the Department, which has filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal against the order of CIR(A), which is pending adjudication.
- 24.2 The Department, vide order dated June 27, 2014 for the tax year 2008, had created tax demand of Rs.50.990 million under section 121 (Best judgement assessment) of the Ordinance. Subsequently as per directions of the Federal Tax Ombudsman (FTO), the Commissioner on February 16, 2016 had vacated the order passed by the Department on June 27, 2014 and remanded it back to the Department for making fresh assessment in accordance with law. The Department, during January 2015, had filed a representation before the President of Pakistan, who, on May 30, 2016, had accepted the representation of the Department and set-aside the impugned recommendations of the FTO as having being passed without jurisdiction.



As per directions contained in the decision of the President of Pakistan, the Commissioner's order dated February 16, 2016 has become infructuous and void ab initio and the original order dated June 27, 2014 stands restored. The Company has filed an appeal before the CIR(A) during July, 2016 against the order dated June 27, 2014. The Department had made a forced recovery of Rs.138 thousand on June 30, 2016, which has been grouped under loans and other receivables (note 11). The CIR(A), vide order dated October 10, 2016, has decided the appeal in the Company's favour.

- 24.3 The Company has filed a civil suit against Premier Alliance Industries Ltd. for recovery of Rs.7.300 million in lieu of issuance of insurance guarantee. The Company's suit has been decreed against the defendant and now execution proceeding is pending before the Civil Court, Lahore.
- 24.4 The Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, during the financial year ended December 31, 2016, had passed three orders under the Federal Excise Act, 2005 relating to tax years 2013, 2014 and 2015 creating federal excise duty liability of Rs.15.529 million, Rs.9.497 million and Rs.7.102 million respectively (total Rs.32.128 million). The Company, during these years, had paid sales tax to respective Provincial Governments as after the 18th Constitutional amendment, it had become a provincial matter. The Company, during the financial year ended December 31, 2016, had filed appeals before the Commissioner Appeals, who rejected these appeals. The Sales Tax Department of Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) on December 30, 2016 had effected forced recoveries aggregating Rs.23.831 million by attaching the Company's bank accounts. The Company, thereafter, had filed appeals before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR), Lahore Bench. The aforementioned forced recoveries have been accounted for as Federal Excise Duty Refundable and grouped under loans and other receivables (note 11). The ATIR, during the preceding year, had accepted the Company's appeals and vacated the orders of the Authorities below being illegal, void ab initio and not sustainable in the eye of law.

The Company, thereafter, had applied for refund before the FBR and also had to seek Federal Tax Ombudsman's (FTO) intervention as the FBR paid no attention to the Company's request for refund. However, the Honourable FTO passed the order against the Company against which the Company filed a review petition before the FTO, which was also decided against the Company. Lastly, the Company, against order of the FTO, filed a representation before the Honourable President of Pakistan, who also decided against the Company. Being aggrieved from the said order of the President, the Company has filed a writ petition before the Lahore High Court, Lahore, which is pending adjudication.

24.5 Bibojee Services (Pvt.) Ltd. (the Holding Company), during the preceding year, had refunded Rs.12.600 million to the Company. The Company had paid this amount to the Holding Company during the year ended December 31, 2012 on account of gratuity benefits of Mr. Sardar Khan (Ex-Managing Director of the Company). The Holding Company was of the view that Ex-Managing Director was required to adjust certain claims against him. Since, no settlement could be succeeded between the Holding Company and Ex-Managing Director, the Holding Company had refunded the aforementioned amount. No provision against the Ex-Managing Director's claim amounting Rs.20.090 million on account of gratuity along with profit, mark-up, costs, etc. has been made in these financial statements as the management is confident of a favourable outcome of the litigation. The appeal filed by the Company against Ex-Managing Director has been allowed by the Additional District Judge, Lahore vide order dated November 10, 2018 and judgment of the Civil Judge dated January 09, 2017, which was passed against the Company has been set aside. The case has been remanded back to the Civil Judge to decide the case afresh.



- 24.6 Nazir Rice Mills (Pvt.) Ltd., Sialkot, against the Company, had filed an application before the Honourable Insurance Tribunal, Lahore for recovery of Rs.347 million. The Company had rejected the claim on the basis of survey report. The said case has been transferred from the Insurance Tribunal, Lahore to the Honourable Insurance Tribunal, Sialkot, which has dismissed the application during January, 2019 due to non-appearance.
- 24.7 Sheikh Maqbool Elahi had filed an application before the Insurance Tribunal, Lahore against six insurance Companies for recovery of Rs.150 million. UBL Insurers Ltd. is the leading Company whereas the liability of the Company, if any, is to the extent of 15%. The said case was transferred from the Insurance Tribunal, Lahore to the Honourable Insurance Tribunal, Multan, which during the year, has dismissed the case due to non-prosecution.
- 24.8 Ghulam Ali Zahid (the Appellant) had filed an appeal, before the Lahore High Court, Lahore under section 124 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, against order of the Insurance Tribunal, Lahore, which dismissed the application of the Appellant during December, 2008. The appeal was decided by the Lahore High Court and the case was remanded back to the Insurance Tribunal, Lahore for recording evidence on additional issues. The Insurance Tribunal, Lahore, during the year, has again dismissed the case for non-prosecution.
- 24.9 Cases filed by Fashion Guide International, Baig Trading Corporation and Rana Basit Rice Mills (Pvt.) Ltd. before the Insurance Tribunal asking for the decrees of Rs.33.884 million, Rs.56.010 million and Rs.38.114 million respectively are pending adjudication. The management is confident about merits of the Company's cases as the survey reports are in the Company's favour.
- 24.10 No commitments were outstanding as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

25.	Net insurance premium	2018 Rupees in th	2017 nousand
	Written gross premium	63,549	28,324
	Add: unearned premium reserve opening	6,232	7,857
	Less: unearned premium reserve closing	14,331	6,232
	Premium earned	55,450	29,949
	Less: reinsurance premium ceded	28,180	16,623
	Add: prepaid reinsurance premium opening	2,415	3,558
	Less: prepaid reinsurance premium closing	8,329	2,415
	Reinsurance expense	22,266	17,766
		33,184	12,183
26.	Net insurance claims expense	11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 -	3d
	Claims paid	17,560	11,508
	Add: outstanding claims including IBNR closing	41,365	64,811
	Less: outstanding claims including IBNR opening	64,811	78,055
	Claims expense	(5,886)	(1,736)
	Less: reinsurance and other recoveries received	11,318	7,126
	Add: reinsurance and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims closing	34,747	54,317
	Less: reinsurance and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims opening	54,317	54,162
	Reinsurance and other recoveries revenue	(8,252)	7,281
		2,366	(9,017)



26.1 Claims development

Stimate of ultimate claims cost: At the end of accident year 376,122 9,478 7,427 5,752 9,773 40	
Estimate of ultimate claims cost: At the end of accident year 376,122 9,478 7,427 5,752 9,773 44 One year later 271,631 3,346 660 538 0 27 Two years later 102,888 677 0 0 0 10 Three years later 76,718 311 0 0 0 0 7 Four or more years later 63,962 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 Current estimate of cumulative claims 63,962 311 0 538 9,773 7 Cumulative payments / adjustments to date (23,600) (311) 0 (450) (8,858) (3 Liability recognised in the statement of financial position 40,362 0 0 88 915 4 27. Net commission expense Commission paid or payable Add: deferred commission expense opening Less: deferred commission expense closing Net commission Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers Employees' benefit cost 28.1 50,538 Travelling Advertisements and business promotion 67 Printing and stationery Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 368	Total
At the end of accident year 376,122 9,478 7,427 5,752 9,773 440 One year later 271,631 3,346 660 538 0 27 Two years later 102,888 677 0 0 0 0 10 Three years later 76,718 311 0 0 0 0 7 Four or more years later 63,962 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 Current estimate of cumulative claims 63,962 311 0 538 9,773 7 Cumulative payments / adjustments to date (23,600) (311) 0 (450) (8,858) (3 Liability recognised in the statement of financial position 40,362 0 0 88 915 4 2018 2018 2018 2018 Add: deferred commission expense opening Less: deferred commission expense closing Net commission received or recoverable Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission opening Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expense Employees' benefit cost 28.1 50,538 Travelling 712 Advertisements and business promotion 67 Printing and stationery Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 3368	
One year later 271,631 3,346 660 538 0 27 Two years later 102,888 677 0 0 0 10 Three years later 76,718 311 0 0 0 0 7 Four or more years later 63,962 0 0 0 0 0 6 Current estimate of cumulative claims 63,962 311 0 538 9,773 7 Cumulative payments / adjustments to date (23,600) (311) 0 (450) (8,858) (3 Cumulative payments / adjustments to date (23,600) (311) 0 (450) (8,858) (3 Cumulative payments / adjustments to date (23,600) (311) 0 (450) (8,858) (3 1Lability recognised in the statement of financial position 40,362 0 0 88 915 4 2018 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 8	
Two years later 102,888 677 0 0 0 10 10 Three years later 76,718 311 0 0 0 0 7 7 Four or more years later 63,962 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 6 Current estimate of cumulative claims 63,962 311 0 538 9,773 7 Cumulative payments / adjustments to date (23,600) (311) 0 (450) (8,858) (3 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	408,552
Three years later 76,718 311 0 0 0 0 7 Four or more years later 63,962 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 Current estimate of cumulative claims 63,962 311 0 538 9,773 7 Cumulative payments / adjustments to date (23,600) (311) 0 (450) (8,858) (3 Liability recognised in the statement of financial position 40,362 0 0 88 915 4 27. Net commission expense Note Rupees in thous Commission paid or payable Add: deferred commission expense opening Less: deferred commission expense closing Net commission received or recoverable Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost 28.1 50,538 Travelling Advertisements and business promotion Frinting and stationery Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 3368	276,175
Four or more years later	103,565
Current estimate of cumulative claims 63,962 311 0 538 9,773 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	77,029
Cumulative payments / adjustments to date (23,600) (311) 0 (450) (8,858) (3	63,962
Add: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers	74,584
Statement of financial position 40,362 0 0 88 915 4	(33,219)
27. Net commission expense 2018 Rupees in thous Commission paid or payable 10,168 Add: deferred commission expense opening 845 Less: deferred commission expense closing 2,436 Net commission 8,577 Less: commission received or recoverable 5,963 Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening 796 Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing 1,849 Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 3,667 28. Management expenses 28.1 50,538 Travelling 712 Advertisements and business promotion 67 Printing and stationery 343 343 Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes 271 Legal and professional charges - business related 3,752 Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	
Commission paid or payable Add: deferred commission expense opening Less: deferred commission expense closing Net commission Net commission Net commission received or recoverable Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Travelling Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Depreciation Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Repair thous 10,168 Responsible 10,168 Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Repair thous 10,168 Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Repair thous 10,168 Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Repair thous 10,168 Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Repair thous Responsible Adds Repair thous Responsible Adds Repair thous Responsible Adds Repair thous Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Responsible Adds Repair thous Responsible Adds Responsib	41,365
Commission paid or payable 10,168 Add: deferred commission expense opening 845 Less: deferred commission expense closing 2,436 Net commission 8,577 Less: commission received or recoverable 5,963 Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening 796 Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing 1,849 Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 3,667 28. Management expenses 28.1 50,538 Travelling 712 Advertisements and business promotion 67 Printing and stationery 343 271 Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes 271 Legal and professional charges - business related 3,752 Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	2017
Add: deferred commission expense opening Less: deferred commission expense closing Net commission Net commission Less: commission received or recoverable Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Travelling Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Depreciation Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 3,436 3,548 3,752 3,752 3,766 3,766 3,766 3,766 3,766 3,766 3,766 3,766 3,766 3,777 3,777 3,776 3,776 3,776 3,776 3,777 3,776 3,777 3,777 3,777 3,776 3,777 3,7	
Less: deferred commission expense closing Net commission Less: commission received or recoverable Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Depreciation Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 8,577 8,5963 7,966 1,849 28.1 50,538 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 29.1 1,966 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance	4,772
Net commission Less: commission received or recoverable Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Travelling Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Depreciation Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 8,577 5,963 796 1,849 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 29.1 1,969 1,910 1,91	1,231
Less: commission received or recoverable Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Travelling Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Depreciation Fent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 5,963 796 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 29.1 1,196 57.1 1,196 5	845
Add: unearned reinsurance commission opening Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Advertisements and taxes Eent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 348 796 1,849 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 67 67 712 Advertisements and business promotion 67 271 271 271 271 271 271 271	5,158
Less: unearned reinsurance commission closing Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Advertisements and business promotion Frinting and stationery Depreciation Fent, rates and taxes Rent, rates and taxes Electricity, gas and water Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 1,849 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 63 712 64 712 713 714 715 65 715 716 716 716 716 716	6,164
Commission from reinsurers 4,910 3,667 28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Travelling Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Periodic and taxes Depreciation Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Electricity, gas and water Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 4,910 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 433 64 3,548 271 1,196 1,1	1,448
28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost Travelling Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Depreciation Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Electricity, gas and water Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 3,667 28.1 50,538 712 433 64 3,548 271 1,196 1,1	796
28. Management expenses Employees' benefit cost 28.1 50,538 Travelling 712 Advertisements and business promotion 67 Printing and stationery 343 Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes 271 Legal and professional charges - business related 3,752 Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	6,816
Employees' benefit cost Travelling 712 Advertisements and business promotion 67 Printing and stationery 343 Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Electricity, gas and water Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 388	(1,658
Travelling Advertisements and business promotion 67 Printing and stationery 343 Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes 271 Legal and professional charges - business related 3,752 Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	
Advertisements and business promotion Printing and stationery Depreciation Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related Electricity, gas and water Entertainment Vehicles' running Office repairs and maintenance 6 3,548 271 271 1,196 1,196 1,196 776 368	41,124
Printing and stationery Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes 271 Legal and professional charges - business related 3,752 Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	1,314
Depreciation 6 3,548 Rent, rates and taxes 271 Legal and professional charges - business related 3,752 Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	244
Rent, rates and taxes Legal and professional charges - business related 3,752 Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	412
Legal and professional charges - business related 3,752 Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	3,897
Electricity, gas and water 1,196 Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	1,362
Entertainment 514 Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	3,821
Vehicles' running 776 Office repairs and maintenance 368	1,014
Office repairs and maintenance 368	557
Provided Share Share Digital Control C	1,212
Bank charges 57	181
	357
Postage, telegrams and telephone 919	929
Annual supervision fee SECP 100	100
Provision for doubtful insurance /	
reinsurance receivables 12 2,355	5,279
Miscellaneous 547	666
66,063	62,469



Salaries, allowances and other benefits Charges for post employment benefit 21.3 3,218 2,70 50,538 41,12 28.2 The above expenses of management allocated to the underwriting business represe directly attributable expenses and indirect expenses allocated to the various classes business on the basis of gross premium revenue. 29. Investment loss - net Income from equity securities (available-for-sale) - Dividend income Realised gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss Income from debt securities - Return on fixed income securities and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
28.2 The above expenses of management allocated to the underwriting business represe directly attributable expenses and indirect expenses allocated to the various classes business on the basis of gross premium revenue. 29. Investment loss - net Income from equity securities (available-for-sale) - Dividend income - Realised gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss Income from debt securities - Return on fixed income securities and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
28.2 The above expenses of management allocated to the underwriting business represe directly attributable expenses and indirect expenses allocated to the various classes business on the basis of gross premium revenue. 29. Investment loss - net Income from equity securities (available-for-sale) - Dividend income - Realised gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss Income from debt securities - Return on fixed income securities and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
directly attributable expenses and indirect expenses allocated to the various classes business on the basis of gross premium revenue. 29. Investment loss - net Income from equity securities (available-for-sale) - Dividend income - Realised gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss Income from debt securities - Return on fixed income securities and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
Income from equity securities (available-for-sale) - Dividend income
- Dividend income 0 20 - Realised gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss 346 4,53 Income from debt securities - Return on fixed income securities and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
- Realised gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss Income from debt securities - Return on fixed income securities and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
fair value through profit or loss Income from debt securities Return on fixed income securities and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
- Return on fixed income securities and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
and deposits (held to maturity) 4,155 4,48
Net unrealised loss on investments at fair value through profit or loss 9.2 (16,474) (14,12)
(11,973) (4,91
30. Other income
Income from financial assets
Profit on savings accounts 452 5
Payable balances written-back 30.1 23,625 8,80
24,077 8,85
Income from non-financial assets
Fronting fee 948 67
Gain on disposal of fixed assets 6.4 0 83
Fair value gain on investment property 7 1,493 96
Provision for impairment against term deposit receipts reversed 16.3 402
Sale of scrap 68 3
Receipt from the Holding Company 30.2 0 12,60

30.1 (a) The management, during the current year, has written-back balances aggregating Rs.23.625 million payable to claimants, other insurers, reinsurers and various other miscellaneous parties, who have not raised any demand since the last many years. The written-back balances pertained to periods prior to the financial year ended December 31, 2015. The management has also obtained legal opinion from its legal advisor, who has confirmed that under the provisions of the Limitation Act, 1908 the period of limitation is three years; accordingly, the management may write-back these payable balances.

2,911

26,988

15,123

23,982



- (b) Balances written-back during the preceding year included provident fund balances of exemployees aggregating Rs.4.790 million, who had resigned or had been terminated at least seven years ago. The Company's legal Advisor had advised that as these cases were time-barred, the Company might write-back these payable balances.
- 30.2 This represents amount refunded by the Holding Company during the preceding year; the Company had advanced this amount to the Holding Company in prior year for settlement of gratuity benefits of Ex-Managing Director of the Company. Also refer contents of note 24.5.

31.	Other expenses	Note	2018 Rupees in th	2017 ousand
	Legal & professional fees other than business related		577	1,496
	Auditors' remuneration	31.1	1,056	919
	Donations - without directors' interest		10	10
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	6.4	14	0
	Subscription		749	1,845
	Insurance		844	810
	Office expenses		260	239
	Assets written-off	6.5	5	483
	Repair and maintenance of computer equipment		180	114
	Others		344	192
		-	4,039	6,108
31.1	Auditors' remuneration	-		
	Statutory audit fee		400	400
	Half yearly review		150	150
	Regulatory returns		110	105
	Certification charges		193	130
	Out-of-pocket expenses		203	134
		: <u></u>	1,056	919
32.	Taxation	-		
	Current year		(3,511)	(3,638)
	Prior years - net		78	(1,445)
		<u> </u>	(3,433)	(5,083)
	Deferred		(75)	1,112
		·	(3,508)	(3,971)
No.000000000000000000000000000000000000		-		

No numeric tax rate reconciliation is presented in these financial statements as the Company is mainly liable to pay tax due under sections 5 (Tax on dividends) and 113 (Minimum tax on the income of certain persons) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Unused tax losses as at December 31, 2018 aggregated Rs.161.829 million (2017;Rs.223.868 million).



32.2 Management assessment on sufficiency of provision for income taxes

A comparison of provision on account of income tax with most recent tax assessment for the last three tax years is as follows:

	2017	2016	2015	
	Rupees in thousand			
Provision in financial statements for income tax	3,638	2,108	1,312	
Tax assessed as per most recent tax assessment	5,083	2.092	585	

As at December 31, 2018, as per the treatments adopted in tax returns filed that are based on the applicable tax laws and decisions of appellate Authorities on similar matters, the provision in financial statements for income tax is sufficient as there are strong grounds that the said treatments are likely to be accepted by the tax Authorities.

33.	Earnings per share	2018	2017
	5 3	Rupees in	thousand
	Profit after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders	15,989	41,452
		Number o	of shares
	Weighted average number of shares		
	outstanding during the year	50,000,000	42,192,088
		Rup	ee
	Earnings per share - basic	0.32	0.98

33.1 Diluted earnings per share has not been presented as the Company does not have any convertible instruments in issue as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, which would have any effect on the earnings per share of the Company if the option to convert is exercised.

34. Compensation of directors, principal officer and executive

The aggregate amounts charged in these financial statements for remuneration including all benefits to the chief executive, principal officer and executive of the Company are as follows:

	Chief exe	cutive	Principal	officer	Exec	utive
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017 *
			Rupees in t	housand		
Managerial remuneration	5,653	3,313	5,694	4,951	1,413	1,228
Leave encashment	0	0	716	623	238	183
Bonus	0	0	1,332	952	359	261
Gratuity	0	0	716	623	211	183
House rent	1,727	1,013	1,752	1,524	636	553
Utilities and others	2,601	1,892	915	870	141	123
Medical allowance	134	106	86	89	0	0
	10,115	6,324	11,211	9,632	2,998	2,531
No. of persons	1	1	1	1	1	1

^{*} Comparative figures have been restated to reflect changes in the definition of executive as per the Companies Act, 2017.

^{34.1} Chief executive, principal officer and executive are also provided with other facilities, including free use of the Company maintained cars.

^{34.2} No meeting fee was paid to directors during the current and preceding year.

^{34.3} No remuneration was paid to non-executive directors of the Company.



35. Transactions with related parties

Related parties comprise of the Holding Company, Associated Companies and key management personnel. The Company in the normal course of business carries-out transactions with various related parties. Details of significant transactions with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed else where in these financial statements, are as follows:

35.1 Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the Company. The Company considers its Chief Executive, directors and all members of the management team to be its key management personnel.

35.2 Significant transactions with related parties during the year

i)	The Holding Company		2018	2017
	Nature of transaction		Rupees in thousand	
	Bibojee Services (Pvt.) Ltd.	Amount received against issue of share capital	0	72,055
ii)	Associated Companies due to comm	non directorship		
	Janana De Malucho Textile Mills Ltd.	Salaries & benefits paid	1,517	2,006
		Expenses paid	89	107
	Bannu Woollen Mills Ltd.	Dividend received	22	45
	Ghandhara Industries Ltd.	do	18,473	17,762
iii)	Key management personnel			
	Salary and other employment benefits		5,361	4,596

36. Segment information

The Company has following four primary segments:

- Fire & property damage insurance provides coverage against damages caused by fire, riot & strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, flood, electric fluctuations and other related perils.
- Marine & transport insurance provides coverage against cargo risk, war risk, damages occurring in inland transit and other related perils.
- Motor insurance provides comprehensive car coverage, indemnity against third party loss and other related coverages.
- Others insurance provides coverage against burglary, loss of cash-in-safe and cash-in-transit, engineering losses and other coverages.



December 31, 2018	Fire and property damage	Marine and Transport	Motor	Others	Total
		Rupee	s in thou	sand	
Premium receivable (inclusive of					
federal excise duty, federal insurance fee,			T-16 (1010/20		150 701
and administrative surcharge)	21,692	15,290	25,595	2,877	65,454
Less: Federal excise duty	105	489	1,115	63	1,772
Federal insurance fee	7	38	83	5	133
Gross written premium (inclusive of administrative surcharge)	21,580	14,763	24,397	2,809	63,549
Gross direct premium	650	3,733	8,260	472	13,115
Facultative inward premium	20,928	10,991	16,074	2,325	50,318
Administrative surcharge	20,020	39	63	12	116
Administrative sureriarge	21,580	14,763	24,397	2,809	63,549
Insurance premium earned	14,228	14,866	24,106	2,250	55,450
Insurance premium ceded to reinsurers	11,001	8,931	721	1,613	22,266
Net insurance premium	3,227	5,935	23,385	637	33,184
Commission income	2,566	2,037	0	306	4,909
Net underwriting income	5,793	7,972	23,385	943	38,093
Insurance claims	704	(10,452)	3,801	61	(5,886)
Insurance claims recovered from reinsurers	591	(10,056)	880	333	(8,252)
Net claims	(113)	396	(2,921)	272	(2,366)
Commission expense	(2,877)	(2,960)	(2,401)	(338)	(8,576)
Management expenses	(22,462)	(15,195)	(25,104)	(3,302)	(66,063)
Premium deficiency expense	0	0	0	0	0
Net insurance claims and expenses	(25,452)	(17,759)	(30,426)	(3,368)	(77,005)
Underwriting result	(19,659)	(9,787)	(7,041)	(2,425)	(38,912)
Net investment loss					(11,973)
Rental income					876
Other income					26,988
Other expenses					(4,039)
Finance cost					0
Share of profit of Associates - net					46,557
Profit before taxation					19,497
Segment assets	76,373	43,369	41,684	7,434	168,860
Unallocated assets					758,067
					926,927
Segment liabilities	54,081	19,620	12,731	3,956	90,388
Unallocated liabilities					28,430
					118,818



December 31, 2017	Fire and property damage	Marine and transport	Motor	Others	Total
	0.7.155	Rup	ees in thou	sand	
Premium receivable (inclusive of federal excise duty, federal insurance fee,					
and administrative surcharge)	7,087	11,285	9,586	2,107	30,065
Less: Federal excise duty	110	368	1.091	54	1,623
Federal insurance fee	6	28	80	4	118
Gross written premium	()	51 3 2			
(inclusive of administrative surcharge)	6,971	10,889	8,415	2,049	28,324
Gross direct premium	685	2,806	8,023	403	11,917
Facultative inward premium	6,285	8,062	321	1,635	16,303
Administrative surcharge	1	21	71	11	104
	6,971	10,889	8,415	2,049	28,324
Insurance premium earned	9,384	11,000	7,109	2,456	29,949
Insurance premium ceded to reinsurers	7,427	8,125	609	1,605	17,766
Net insurance premium	1,957	2,875	6,500	851	12,183
Commission income	3,030	3,335	0	451	6,816
Net underwriting income	4,987	6,210	6,500	1,302	18,999
Insurance claims	589	1,623	(3,948)	0	(1,736)
Insurance claims recovered from reinsurers	610	1,479	2,584	2,608	7,281
Net claims	21	(144)	6,532	2,608	9,017
Commission expense	(1,938)	(2,215)	(700)	(305)	(5,158)
Management expenses	(15,617)	(24,364)	(18,117)	(4,371)	(62,469)
Premium deficiency expense	0	0	0	282	282
Net insurance claims and expenses	(17,534)	(26,723)	(12,285)	(1,786)	(58,328)
Underwriting results	(12,547)	(20,513)	(5,785)	(484)	(39,329)
Net investment loss					(4,914)
Rental income					796
Other income					23,982
Other expenses					(6,108)
Finance cost					(48)
Share of profit of Associates - net					71,044
Profit before taxation				i i	45,423
Segment assets	68,382	74,975	27,355	11,879	182,591
Unallocated assets - restated					738,093
				2	920,684
Segment liabilities	45,331	46,234	14,135	5,639	111,339
Unallocated liabilities	HINNECOSCICO		CO. WINESTER	HOMES #500500	29,724
					141,063



37. Movement in investments

	Held to maturity	Available- for-sale	At fair value through profit or loss	Total
		Rupees i	n thousand	
As at January 01, 2017	47,377	782	86,830	134,989
Additions during the year	6,227	0	15,161	21,388
Disposals (redemptions)	0	0	(10,470)	(10,470)
Fair value net loss (excluding net realised gains)	(32)	(173)	(14,129)	(14,334)
Designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition	21	0	0	21
As at December 31, 2017	53,593	609	77,392	131,594
Additions during the year	21,101	0	70,010	91,111
Disposals (sale)	(20,000)	0	(9,654)	(29,654)
Fair value net loss (excluding net realised gains)	(1,171)	(103)	(16,474)	(17,748)
Designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition	190	0	0	190
As at December 31, 2018	53,713	506	121,274	175,493

38. Financial and insurance risk management objectives and policies

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest / mark-up rate risk, price risk and currency risk). The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance. Overall risks arising from the Company's financial assets and liabilities are limited. The Company consistently manages its exposure to financial risk without any material change from previous period in the manner described in notes below. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing the Company's risk management policies.

The individual risk wise analysis is given below:

38.1 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and causes the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties in various sectors and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

Concentration of credit risk occurs when a number of counterparties have a similar type of business activities. As a result any change in economic, political or other conditions would affect their ability to meet contractual obligations in similar manner. The Company's credit risk exposure is not significantly different from that reflected in these financial statements. The management monitors and limits the Company's exposure and makes estimates of provisions for doubtful assets, if any. The management is of the view that it is not exposed to significant concentration of credit risk as its financial assets are adequately diversified in entities of sound financial standing, covering various industrial sectors.



The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure as specified below:

•	2018 Rupees in th	
Bank balances	26,428	90,164
Investments in equity securities	121,780	78,001
Investments in debt securities	53,713	53,593
Insurance / reinsurance receivables	123,349	125,014
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	34,747	54,317
Loans and other receivables	2,585	2,533
	362,602	403,622

Provision is made for doubtful insurance / reinsurance receivables according to the Company's policy. The impairment provision is written-off when the Company expects that it cannot recover the balance due. During the year, provision for doubtful insurance / reinsurance receivables aggregating Rs. 2.355 million (2017: Rs.5.279 million) have been made. The provision for doubtful insurance / reinsurance receivables is shown in note 12 to these financial statements.

The age analysis of amount due from insurance contract holders is as follows:

Past due one year but less than three years 0

	Short torm	Long term	Pating agency	2018	2017
	Short term	Long term	Rating agency	Rupees in thousand	
Bank Al Habib Ltd.	A1+	AA+	PACRA	8,481	68
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	-do-	48	47
Habib Bank Ltd.	A1+	AAA	VIS	17,453	89,997
United Bank Ltd.	A1+	AAA	-do-	44	52
				26,026	90,164

The credit quality of insurance / reinsurance receivables can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

Insurance /	Reinsurance recoveries against	То	tal
reinsurance receivables	outstanding claims	2018	2017

A or above (including PRCL)
BBB
Total

123,349	34,747	158,096	179,321
8,276	2,331	10,607	12,089
115,073	32,416	147,489	167,232

10



38.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity requirements are monitored regularly and the management ensures that sufficient liquid funds are available.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities on an undiscounted cash flow basis:

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flow	Upto one year		
2018	Rupees in thousand				
Financial liabilities					
Outstanding claims (including IBNR)	41,365	41,365	41,365		
Insurance / reinsurance payables	32,843	32,843	32,843		
Other creditors and accruals	22,562	22,562	22,562		
Unclaimed dividends	555	555	555		
Total	97,325	97,325	97,325		
2017	a .				
Outstanding claims (including IBNR)	64,811	64,811	64,811		
Insurance / reinsurance payables	39,501	39,501	39,501		
Other creditors and accruals	14,286	14,286	14,286		
Unclaimed dividends	557	557	557		
Total	119,155	119,155	119,155		

38.3 Market risk

Market risk means that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The objective is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimising the return. The market risks associated with the Company's business activities are interest / mark-up rate risk, price risk and currency risk.

Interest / mark-up rate risk a)

Bank deposits

Interest / mark-up rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest / mark-up rates. Sensitivity to interest / mark-up rate risk arises from mismatching of financial assets and liabilities that mature or repaid in a given period. The Company manages this mismatch through risk management strategies where significant changes in gap position can be adjusted. At the reporting date, the interest / mark-up rate profile of the Company's significant interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	2018	2017	2018	2017
	Effective in	nterest rate	D	
	Percentage		Rupees in thousa	
Fixed rate financial instruments				
Financial assets				
Investments - Pakistan Investment Bonds	7.00 to 12.00	7.00 to 12.00	53,713	53,593
Floating rate financial instruments				
Financial assets				

3.75 to 8.00 3.25 to 3.78

22,678

66,038



b) Sensitivity analysis

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rate will not effect fair value of any financial instrument. For cash flow sensitivity analysis of variable rate instruments, a hypothetical change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased profit for the year by Rs.227 thousand (2017: Rs.660 thousand). It is assumed that the changes occur immediately and uniformly to each category of instrument containing interest rate risk. Variations in market interest rates could produce significant changes at the time of early repayments. For these reasons, actual results might differ from those reflected above. The analysis assumes that all variables remain constant.

c) Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices (other than those arising from interest / mark-up rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all or similar financial instrument traded in the market. The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk. The Company is exposed to equity price risk that arises as a result of changes in the levels of Pakistan Stock Exchange-Index and the value of individual shares.

Available-for-sale investments are stated as per the policy detailed in note 4.8(c). The carrying and market values of these investments have been disclosed in note 9.1 to these financial statements.

As the Company is only exposed to price risk for investments classified in the available-forsale and at fair value through profit or loss categories, a 10% increase / decrease in share / unit prices at the year-end would have increased / decreased profit for the year and equity as at December 31, 2018 by Rs.12,178 thousand (2017: Rs.7,800 thousand).

d) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial asset or liability will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency rates. Foreign exchange risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. At the reporting date, the Company does not have assets or liabilities, which are exposed to foreign currency risk.

2018	Held to maturity	Available- for-sale	At fair value through profit or loss	Bank accounts, deposits, loans and other receivables	Total
Financial assets as per statement of financial position			Rupees in t	housand	
Bank balances	0	0	0	26,428	26,428
Investments in equity securities	0	506	121,274	0	121,780
Investments in debt securities	53,713	0	0	0	53,713
Insurance / reinsurance receivables	0	0	0	123,349	123,349
Reinsurance and other recoveries against outstanding claims	0	0	0	34,747	34,747
Loans and other receivables	0	0	0	2,585	2,585
	53,713	506	121,274	187,109	362,602



2017	Held to maturity	Available- for-sale	At fair value through profit or loss	Bank accounts, deposits, loans and other receivables	Total
			Rupees in th	nousand	
Bank balances	0	0	0	90,164	90,164
Investments in equity securities	0	609	77,392	0	78,001
Investments in debt securities	53,593	0	0	0	53,593
Insurance / reinsurance receivables	0	0	0	125,014	125,014
Reinsurance and other recoveries against outstanding claims	0	0	0	54,317	54,317
Loans and other receivables	0	0	0	2,533	2,533
	53,593	609	77,392	272,028	403,622
Financial liabilities as per s	tatement	of financ	ial position	2018 Rupees in th	2017 ousand
Outstanding claims including	IBNR			41,365	64,811
Insurance/ reinsurance payab	les			32,843	39,501
Other creditors and accruals				22,562	14,286
Unclaimed dividends				555	557
				97,325	119,155

39. Insurance risk

The principal risk the Company faces under insurance contracts is that the actual claims and benefit payments or the timing thereof, differ from expectations. This is influenced by the frequency of claims, severity of claims, actual benefits paid and subsequent development of long-term claims. Therefore, the objective of the Company is to ensure that sufficient reserves are available to cover these liabilities. The above risk exposure is mitigated by diversification across a large portfolio of insurance contracts and geographical areas.

The variability of risks is also improved by careful selection and implementation of underwriting strategy guidelines, as well as the use of reinsurance arrangements. Further, strict claim review policies to assess all new and ongoing claims, regular detailed review of claims handling procedures and frequent investigation of possible fraudulent claims and similar procedures are put in place to reduce the risk exposure of the Company. The Company further enforces a policy of actively managing and prompt pursuing of claims, in order to reduce its exposure to unpredictable future developments that can negatively impact the Company.

Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the outstanding claims provision and are in accordance with the reinsurance contracts.

Although the Company has reinsurance arrangements, it is not relieved of its direct obligations to its policyholders and thus a credit exposure exists with respect to ceded insurance, to the extent that any reinsurer is unable to meet its obligations assumed under such reinsurance agreements. The Company's placement of reinsurance is diversified such that it is neither dependent on a single reinsurer nor are the operations of the Company substantially dependent upon any single reinsurance contract. Reinsurance policies are written with approved reinsurers on either a proportionate basis or non-proportionate basis. The reinsurers, carefully selected and approved, are dispersed over several geographical regions.



Experience shows that larger is the portfolio of similar insurance contracts, smaller the relative variability about the expected outcome will be. In addition, a more diversified portfolio is less likely to be affected across the board by a change in any subset of the portfolio. The Company has developed its insurance underwriting strategy to diversify the type of insurance risks accepted and within each of these categories to achieve a sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome.

The Company principally issues the general insurance contracts e.g. marine & transport, fire & property damage, motor and others. Risks under non-life insurance policies usually cover twelve months duration. For general insurance contracts, the most significant risks arise from accidental fire, atmospheric disaster and terrorist activities. Insurance contracts at times also cover risk for single incident that exposes the Company to multiple insurance risks.

a) Concentration of insurance risk

To optimise benefits from the principle of average and law of large numbers, geographical spread of risk is of extreme importance. There are a number of parameters which are significant in assessing the accumulation of risks with reference to the geographical location, the most important of which is risk survey.

Risk surveys are carried-out on a regular basis for the evaluation of physical hazards associated primarily with the commercial / industrial occupation of the insured. Details regarding the fire separation / segregation with respect to the manufacturing processes, storage, utilities, etc. are extracted from the layout plan of the insured facility. Such details are formed part of the reports which are made available to the underwriters / reinsurers for their evaluation. Reference is made to the standard construction specifications laid down by IAP (Insurance Association of Pakistan). For fire & property risk a particular building and neighbouring buildings, which could be affected by a single claim incident, are considered as a single location. For earthquake risk, a complete city is classified as a single location. Similarly, for marine risk, multiple risks covered in a single vessel voyage are considered as a single risk while assessing concentration of risk. The Company evaluates the concentration of exposures to individual and cumulative insurance risks and establishes its reinsurance policy to reduce such exposures to levels acceptable to the Company.

A risk management solution is implemented to help assess and plan for risk in catastrophic scenarios. It provides a way to better visualize the risk exposure to the Company, which determines the appropriate amount of reinsurance coverage to protect the business portfolio.

b) Reinsurance risk

As per general practice of the insurance industry, in order to minimise financial exposure arising from large claims, the Company, in the normal course of business, enters into agreements with other companies for reinsurance purposes. Such reinsurance arrangements provide for greater diversification of business, allow management to control exposure to potential losses arising from sizeable risk and provide additional underwriting capacity, which also constitutes towards the growth of premium. A significant portion of the reinsurance is effected under treaty, facultative and also under excess of loss reinsurance contracts to protect the Company's exposure towards catastrophic losses.

To minimise its exposure to any possible losses from reinsurers' insolvencies, the Company evaluates the financial condition of the reinsurers, their rating and monitors concentrations of credit risk arising from the respective geographic regions, activities or economic characteristics of the reinsurers.

In compliance with the regulatory requirement, the reinsurance agreements are duly submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on an annual basis.



The concentration of risk by type of contracts is summarised below by reference to liabilities:

	Gross su	m insured	Reins	urance	Ne	et
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
			- Rupees in	thousand		
Fire	23,520,401	5,442,985	18,345,913	4,789,827	5,174,488	653,158
Marine	17,766,095	14,526,746	10,659,657	10,895,060	7,106,438	3,631,686
Motor	3,014,524	2,325,153	60,290	162,761	2,954,234	2,162,392
Others	413,492	426,355	305,984	370,929	107,508	55,426
	44,714,512	22,721,239	29,371,844	16,218,577	15,342,668	6,502,662

Neutral assumptions for claims estimation

The process used to determine the assumptions for calculating the outstanding claims reserve is intended to result in neutral estimates of the most likely or expected outcome. The nature of the business makes it very difficult to predict with certainty the likely outcome of any particular claim and the ultimate cost of notified claims. Each notified claim is assessed on a separate, case by case basis with due regard to claim circumstances, information available from surveyors and historical evidence of the size of similar claims. Case estimates are reviewed regularly and are updated as and when new information is available.

The estimation of IBNR is generally subject to a greater degree of uncertainty than the estimation of the cost of settling claims already notified to the Company, in which case information about the claim event is available. IBNR provisions are initially estimated at a gross level and a separate calculation is carried-out to estimate the size of the reinsurance recoveries.

The estimation process takes into account the past claims reporting pattern and details of reinsurance programs. The premium liabilities have been determined such that the total premium liability provisions (unearned premium reserves and premium deficiency reserves) would be sufficient to service the future expected claims and expenses likely to occur on the unexpired policies as of the reporting date. The expected future liabilities are determined on the Actuary's advice.

d) Sensitivity analysis

The risks associated with the insurance contracts are complex and subject to a number of variables, which complicate quantitative sensitivity analysis. The Company considers that the liability for insurance claims recognised in the statement of financial position is adequate. However, actual experience may differ from the expected outcome.

As the Company enters into short term insurance contracts, it does not assume any significant impact of changes in market conditions on unexpired risks. However, some results of sensitivity testing are set-out below, showing the impact on profit before taxation, net of reinsurance:

Net impact of increase / decrease in average claim by 10 % on						
Underwriti	ng result	Shareholde	rs' equity			
2018	2017	2018	2017			
Rupees in thousand						
11	24	11	24			
1,469	14	1,469	14			
292	0	292	0			
24	41	24	41			
1,796	79	1,796	79			

Fire Marine Motor Others



40. Maturity analysis of financial assets and liabilities

			2018			
Interest / mark-up bearing		rest / mark-up bearing Non interest / mark-up bearing				
Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub- total	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub- total	Total

------Rupees in thousand -

	******		Ru _l	pees in thousar	nd		••••
Financial assets on statement of financial p	osition						
Investments in equity securities	0	0	0	121,780	0	121,780	121,78
Investments in debt securities	15,218	38,495	53,713	0	0	0	53,713
Loans and other receivables	0	0	0	2,585	0	2,585	2,585
Insurance/reinsurance receivables	0	0	0	123,349	0	123,349	123,349
Reinsurance and other recoveries against outstanding claims	0	0	0	34,747	0	34,747	34,747
Bank balances	22,678	0	22,678	3,750	0	3,750	26,428
	37,896	38,495	76,391	286,211	0	286,211	362,602
Off statement of financial position	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37,896	38,495	76,391	286,211	0	286,211	362,602
Financial liabilities on statement of financia	l position						
Outstanding claims (including IBNR)	0	0	0	41,365	0	41,365	41,365
Insurance/ reinsurance payables	0	0	0	32,843	0	32,843	32,843
Other creditors and accruals	0	0	0	22,562	0	22,562	22,562
Unclaimed dividends	0	0	0	555	0	555	555
	0	0	0	97,325	0	97,325	97,325
Off statement of financial position	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	97,325	0	97,325	97,325
On statement of financial position gap	37,896	38,495	76,391	188,886	0	188,886	265,277
Off statement of financial position gap	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



			2017			
Interest / mark-up bearing			erest / mark-up bearing Non interest / mark-up bearing			
Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub- total	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub- total	Total

------Rupees in thousand ------

Financial assets on statement of financial pos	ition						
Investments in equity securities	0	0	0	78,001	0	78,001	78,001
Investments in debt securities	21,005	32,588	53,593	0	0	0	53,593
Loans and other receivables	0	0	0	2,533	0	2,533	2,533
Insurance/ reinsurance receivables	0	0	0	125,014	0	125,014	125,014
Reinsurance and other recoveries against outstanding claims	0	0	0	54,317	0	54,317	54,317
Bank balances	66,038	0	66,038	24,126	0	24,126	90,164
	87,043	32,588	119,631	283,991	0	283,991	403,622
Off statement of financial position	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Total	87,043	32,588	119,631	283,991	0	283,991	403,622
Financial liabilities on statement of financial po	sition						
Outstanding claims (including IBNR)	0	0	0	64,811	0	64,811	64,811
Insurance/ reinsurance payables	0	0	0	39,501	0	39,501	39,501
Other creditors and accruals	0	0	0	14,286	0	14,286	14,286
Unclaimed dividends	0	0	0	557	0	557	557
	0	0	0	119,155	0	119,155	119,155
Off statement of financial position	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Total	0	0	0	119,155	0	119,155	119,155
On statement of financial position gap	87,043	32,588	119,631	164,836	0	164,836	284,467
Off statement of financial position gap	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



41. Fair value

IFRS 13 (Fair value measurement) defines fair value as an exit price. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Following are the assets where fair value is only disclosed and is different from their carrying value:

Fair value measurement using level 1

2018 2017 Rupees in thousand

Investments in Associates

651,120 654,236

42. Capital risk management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and meet the regulatory, solvency and paid-up capital requirements so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

43. Claims review

- 43.1 The management, during the year, has carried-out a comprehensive exercise to bring fairness in the Company's outstanding claim liabilities; accordingly claim liabilities aggregating Rs.15.660 million (2017: Rs.6.709 million), which are no longer payable / settlements with the clients finalised, have been reversed / adjusted in the books of account of the Company.
- 43.2 The management, during the preceding year, had also reversed / adjusted / written-back health insurance claims aggregating Rs.0.779 million against which neither the claim related documents were available nor the Claimants had raised any demand. These claims pertained to financial years ended upto December 31, 2012. The management had also obtained an opinion from its legal Advisor, who had confirmed that these claims were time-barred and hence might be reversed / adjusted / written-back.



44.	Statement of solvency Assets as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018		Rupees in thousand
	Property and equipment		191,519
	Investment property		21,694
	Investments in equity securities		121,780
	Investments in debt securities		53,713
	Loans and other receivables		
	Insurance / reinsurance receivables		32,140
			123,349
	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims		34,747
	Deferred commission expense		2,436
	Deferred taxation		33,191
	Taxation - payments less provisions		9,411
	Prepayments		8,929
	Cash and bank balances	8	26,464
			659,373
	Investments in Associates - at market value		651,120
	Total Assets	(A)	1,310,493
	In-admissible assets as per the following applicable clauses	S	
	of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (the Ord		
	SOURCE STANDARD CONTROL CONTRO		753
	(d)		
	(g)		651,124
	(j)		33,191
	(u)(i)		4,531
	(u)(ii)		2,751
	(u)(iii)		865
	(v)	and the second	17,866
	Total in-admissible assets	(B)	711,081
	Total admissible assets	(C = A - B)	599,412
	Liabilities as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018 Underwriting provisions		
	Outstanding claims including IBNR	8	41,365
	Unearned premium reserves		14,331
	Premium deficiency reserves		0
	Unearned reinsurance commission		1,849
	Long term deposits		278
	Insurance / reinsurance payables		32,843
	Unclaimed dividends		555
	Other creditors and accruals		27,597
	Total Liabilities	(D)	118,818
		Secretary Company	480,594
	Total net admissible assets Minimum solvency requirement (higher of the following)	(E = C - D)	400,004
	Method A - under section 36(3)(a) of the Ordinance	150,000	
	Method B - under section 36(3)(b) of the Ordinance	6,637	
	Method C - under section 36(3)(c) of the Ordinance		150,000
	Excess in net admissible assets over minimum requirement	<u>5,570</u>	330,594
	Excess in her admissible assers over minimum requirement		330,394



The management, during the year, has transferred the balance lying in revenue reserve to accumulated loss for fair presentation of the Company's financial statements.

46.	Number of employees	2018	2017
	Number of employees as at December 31,	25	26
	Average number of employees during the year	25	25

- Significant transactions and events affecting the Company's financial position and performance
- 47.1 Due to applicability of the Companies Act, 2017 to the financial statements of the Company, amounts reported for the previous years have been restated. For detailed information please refer to note 5.
- 47.2 The Company has decided to discontinue the gratuity scheme and introduce the provident fund scheme with effect from January 01, 2019. Refer contents of note 21.
- 47.3 For a detailed discussion about the Company's performance please refer to the Directors' report.

48. Corresponding figures

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged and re-classified, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison; however, except for the following, no material re-arrangements and reclassifications have been made in these financial statements.

As required by provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, unclaimed dividends have been disclosed as a separate line item on the face of statement of financial position whereas surplus on revaluation of fixed assets has been reclassified and made part of equity and investments in Associates have been restated accordingly as fully detailed in note 5.

Date of authorisation for issue 49.

These financial statements were authorised for issue on April 08, 2019 by the board of directors of the Company.

CHAIRM AN

Chief EXECUTIVE

Machallace Raza Kuli Khan Khattak Gohar Ayub Khan Muhammad Kuli Khan Khattak Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

Principal Officer Chief Financial Officer



THE UNIVERSAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON DECEMBER 31ST, 2018

Number of	Sharehol	dings	Total Number of	Percentage of
ShareHolders	From	То	Share Held	Total Capital
290	1 -	100	6,488	0.01
161	101 -	500	45,631	0.09
86	501 -	1000	64,833	0.13
242	1001 -	5000	589,420	1.18
50	5001 -	10000	351,559	0.70
23	10001 -	15000	278,774	0.56
13	15001 -	20000	227,392	0.45
3	20001 -	25000	68,175	0.14
2	25001 -	30000	51,927	0.10
8	30001 -	35000	260,059	0.52
4	35001 -	40000	150,662	0.30
3	40001 -	45000	124,602	0.25
3	45001 -	50000	150,000	0.30
1	50001 -	55000	51,000	0.10
2	75001 -	80000	150,771	0.30
3	80001 -	85000	248,576	0.50
1	85001 -	90000	85,630	0.17
1	90001 -	95000	93,075	0.19
1	95001 -	100000	96,181	0.19
2	105001 -	110000	216,086	0.43
1	155001 -	160000	158,136	0.32
1	175001 -	180000	177,028	0.35
1	250001 -	255000	254,000	0.51
1	275001 -	280000	276,226	0.55
2	295001 -	300000	597,861	1.20
1	320001 -	325000	322,180	0.64
1	400001 -	405000	403,500	0.81
1	415001 -	420000	415,237	0.83
1	485001 -	490000	490,000	0.98
1	610001 -	615000	613,203	1.23
1	42980001 -	42985000	42,981,788	85.96
911			50,000,000	100.00

THE UNIVERSAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS ON DECEMBER 31ST, 2018

Sr. #	Categories	No. of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
1	Executives	2	3,603	0.0072
2	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children	9	859,129	1.7183
3	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties	1	42,981,788	85.9636
4	NIT and ICP	1	1,363	0.0027
5	Banks, Development Financial Instituations, Non Banking Financial Instituations	1	1,359	0.0027
6	Insurance Companies	1	22,243	0.0445
7	General Public (Local)	887	5,238721	10.4774
8	Others	9	891,794	1.7836
	TOTAL:	911	50,000,000	100.0000



THE UNIVERSAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED DETAILED CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS ON DECEMBER 31ST, 2018

Sr. #	Name		Shares Held	Percentage of Capital
Exec	utives			
1	Mr. Amir Raza		3,003	0.0060
2	Mr. Abdul Waheed Chaudhry		600	0.0012
	,	Running Total:	3,603	0.0072
Direc	tors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and min	or children		
1	Mr. Raza Kuli Khan Khattak		613,203	1.2264
2	Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan		40,234) (#17 2 7221)
3	Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan F.C.A.		3,153	
4	Mrs. Shahnaz Sajjad Ahmed		93,075	
5	Dr. Shaheen Kuli Khan Khattak		93,075	
6	Mr. Muhammad Imran Malik		3,003	
7	Mr. Khalid Kuli Khan Khattak		3,003	
8	Mr. Mohammad Kuli Khan Khattak		7,883	0.0158
9	Mr. Sikandar Kuli Khan Khattak		2,500	0.0050
		Running Total:	859,129	1.7183
Asso	ciated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties			
3	Bibojee Services (Pvt) Limited		42,981,788	85.9636
3	bibojee dervices (FVI) Elittiled	Running Total:		
NIT a	nd ICP			
1	Investment Corporation of Pakistan		1,363	0.0027
		Running Total:	1,363	0.0027
Bank	s, Development Financial Instituations, Non Banking Fi	nancial Instituat	ions	
1	Shirazi Investment (Pvt.) Limited		1,359	
Incur	ance Companies	Running Total:	1,359	0.0027
IIISUI	ance companies			
1	Gulf Insurance Co. Ltd.		22,243	
		Running Total:	22,243	0.0445
Gene	ral Public (Local)		5,238,721	10.4774
Other	s			
1	Salim Sozer Securities (Pvt.) Ltd.		322,180	
2	AKD Securities Limited		403,500	0.8070
3	Fikrees (Private) Limited		2,500	0.0050
4	Deputy Administrator Abandoned Properties Organization		37,431	0.0749
5	Pearl Securities Limited		75,043	0.1501
6	Cliktrade Limited		40	
7	Topline Commodities (Pvt.) Limited		51,000	
8	Millwala Sons (Private) Limited		99	0.0002
9	Maple Leaf Capital Limited		1	0.0000
	Maple Edit Capital Ellinos	Running Total:		1.7836
			50,000,000	100.0000
	cholders holding more than 5% shares:			33
Share				
Share 1	Bibojee Services (Pvt.) Limited		42,981,788	85.9636



HEAD OFFICE EXECUTIVE / DEPARTMENT HEAD

Name	Name Designation		Fax No.	
Mr. Gohar Ayub Khan	Chief Executive	042-37311666	042-37230326	
Mr. Amir Raza	Principal Officer	042-37355579	042-37230326	
Mr. Abdul Waheed Chaudhry	D.G.M – Internal Auditor	042-37355426	042-37230326	
Mr. Aftab Rashid	Assistant General Manager- IT	042-37355426	042-37230326	
Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Chief Financial Officer	042-37243168	042-37230326	
Mr. Muhammad Alyas	Manager Re-insurance	042-37238616	042-37230326	
Mr. Liaqat Ali Shaukat	Company Secretary	042-37322813	042-37230326	
Miss. Bushra Hina Mushtaq	Manager Underwriting	042-37311608	042-37230326	

BRANCHES

Sr. No.	Br_Code	Branches	Address	Ph No.	Fax No.
1	117	Principal Office, Karachi	3 rd Floor Nelson Chamber I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi	0334-3360326	0334-3360326



Investor's Awarencess

As per direction of SECP vide their S.R.O. 924 (1) 2015 dated September 09,2015 we are pleased to incorporate the following informational message on 'JumaPunji' for investor's awareness in Annual Report of the Company for the year ended December 31,2018.





I / We	of
	being a member(s) of The
Universal Insurance Company Limited and	holder of Ordinary Shares as
per Registered Folio No./CD	C Participant's ID and Account
No. hereby ap	opoint of
	or failing him / her
	of who is also
member of The Universal Insurance Comp	pany Limited vide Registered Folio No./CDC
Participant's ID and Account No	as may / our proxy to vote for me /
us and on my / our behalf at the 59 th Annual	General Meeting of the company to be held on
Tuesday 30 th April, 2019 at 10:30 a.m. and an	y adjournment thereof.
Signed this day of 2019.	AFFIX
Signature:	REVENUE STAMP
Witnesses:	RS. 5/-
Signature:	Signature:
Name :	Name :
CNIC No. :	CNIC No. :
Address:	Address:
IMPORTANT:	

- 1. This form of Proxy duly completed must be deposited at the Company's Registered office The Universal Insurance Company Limited, 63-Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 2. A Proxy should also be a member of the company.
- 3. CDC Shareholders and their Proxies must attach an attested photocopy of their Computerized National Identity Card or Passport with this Proxy Form.



دی بو نیورسل انشورنس سمینی کمیشار براکسی فارم

۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔	بحيثيت ممبر	_ ساكن	ر ۱ بم <u> </u>
ن کی ده بره بهتیابی کی صورت بیش مسکی بیشتر بیشتر بیشتر از نونیز اس کا	په کنندگان شهٔ خت وا کاونٹ نمبر	بىطابق رچىترفوليونمبراسى ۋى تى تركىة) بو نیورسل انشورنس ممپنی مهیئنداور حات عام حصص تعدادی
کرتی ہوں جو کہ نی پندرس انھورٹس کیٹی کسیند کے رجز دِف پونبرائ وی کی کے اکاؤنٹ فبر کے بیدرس انھورٹس کیٹی کسیند کے رجز دِف پونبرائ وی کی کے اکاؤنٹ فبر کے بیدرسٹال 10: 20 ہوئٹ گئا 00: 10: 20 ہوئٹ گئا 00: 20 ہوئٹ گئا 00: 20 ہوئٹ گئا 00: 20 ہوئٹ گئا 00: 20 ہوئٹ گئا روز و نے دَالے۔ نظر روز بیا ہے بیاس کے کئی بھی انھوا میں میری ارداری جَد شِرْست کرے اور ووٹ دَالے۔ نظر روز بیا ہے بیاس کے کئی بھی انھوا میں میری ارداری جَد شِرْست کرے اور ووٹ دَالے۔ نظر روز بیا ہے بیاس کے کئی بھی انھوا میں میری ارداری جیسٹر شرک کے انھوا کی بھی کو کہ دیا ہوئٹ کی کارڈ فبرز بھی کارڈ فبرز بھی کی کر جنرڈ آئس دی یو ٹیورسل انھورٹس کیٹی کسینٹر 33 ہے شاہرا تا کہ انھام اور دیکٹی جو میڈنگ کے مشاہرا کا کہ انھام میں جو میڈنگ کے مشاہر کے کہ کارڈ بیاس بھی کے رجمزڈ آئس دی یو ٹیورسل انھورٹس کیٹی کسینٹر 34 کھنے سے ایس میں ہوئٹی جائس ہوئے گئا کہ رہ بیاس کی انگر کی کارڈ بیا ہی بھی ہوئٹی گئا کہ رہ بیا ہورت کے کہ کہ کھنے سے ایس کی کارڈ بیا ہی بھی تی شدہ تو می کارڈ بیا ہی بھی ہوئٹی کا کرڈ بیا ہی بھی تی کہ دوائس پر آئی فارم کے ساتھوا پی شدہ تی شدہ تو می کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی بیاس کی انگر کی کارڈ بیا ہی بھی بھی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی بھی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی کی کرڈ بیا ہور سے کہ کارڈ بیا ہی بھی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی کرڈ کی کی کرڈ بیا ہور کی کے کہ کارڈ بیا ہی بھی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی کی کرڈ کی کی کہ کی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی کرڈ کی کے کہ کی کے کرڈ کی کی کرڈ بیا ہی بھی کرڈ کی کی کرڈ کی کی کرڈ کی کرٹ کی کرڈ کی کرٹ کی کرڈ کی کرڈ کی کرٹ کی کرٹ کی کرٹ کی کرڈ کی کرڈ کی کرٹ		کند	بدريعه بذاا پئي جانب ہے مسى
الماری غیر حاضری کی صورت شراعیس ایداری جانب ہے 59 ویں سان شاہی کی روز منگل 30 اپریل و 2019 ہوت میں میں کی اداری جانب ہے 10: 30 ہوئے۔ گار پہلے ہے باس کے تک بھی اخوا ویس میری اداری جد شرکت کرے اور ووٹ ڈالے۔ ظاہروز ہے بتاریخ کے اور 2019ء ظاہروز ہے اور 2019ء ڈالیان: دمتھا: دمتھا: دمتھا: ہم کولاظ ہے تعمل شدہ ہے بہا تی فارم کمپنی کے رجشر ڈائنس وی یو نیورسل انشورٹس کپنی لسینڈ 33۔ شاہرا قائدا تلا معاقمہ لاہور توقی جائیں جو میڈنگ کے مشاہرا تا کہ اعظمہ لاہور توقی جائیں جو میڈنگ کے مشاہرا تا کہ اعظمہ لاہور توقی جائیں جو میڈنگ کے مشاہر اور کیا گائے ہے ایک درڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کی کی درڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کی کی درڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کارڈ دیورٹ کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کارڈ کی سیورٹ کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کی کارڈ دیا سیورٹ کی کا	کومقر کرچ	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	ن کی عدم وستیالی کی صورت میں مسمی
نظر روز ہیا ہے بیا اس کے کی بھی انواہ بین میری اداری جگہ شرکت کرے اور ووٹ والے۔ ظاہر روز بیا ہے بیا اس کے کی بھی انواہ بین میری اداری جگہ شرکت کرے اور ووٹ والے۔ ظار نے اور ویٹ کے اور ویٹ کے الے الے الے الے الے الے الے الے الے ال	کے مطابق زُکن ہے	دُى مَى كَا كَاوُنٹ فمبر	لرتی ہوں جو کہ یو نیورسل انشورنس کمپنی لمنی <i>ٹڈ کے رج</i> نز وُفویونمبر <i>ا</i> سی ا
ظروز بناریخ فی المراق الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	20ء بونت مبني 30 :10 بيح	اما لا نها هواک عام جو که بروز منگل 30 اپریل 9 1	ہماری غیرحاضری کی صورت میں ہمیں یا ہماری جانب سے 59ویں
نیا: البان: در بر نیز کوک کرد بر از بالان کی برا کس کا کا برد برد و اس کیا کا دو اس کیا کا دو این اس کا میا کا دو این اس میا کا دو این کیا کا دو این برد و اس کیا کا دو این برد کا این میا کا دو این کا دو کا کا دو کا کا کار دو کا کا کا دو کا کا کا دو کا کا کا دو کا کا کا کا کا کا کا کا دو کا		ے اور ووٹ ؤالے۔	ا قرار پایا ہے بااس کے تک بھی انتواء میں میری/ ہاری طبعہ شرکت کر۔
فذا: الباك: الباك: البالم ا			نظ بروز بتاریخ2019ء
دابان: دستنانی دستانی از این		· · ·	
البان: د منتها: د منتها	ئے۔ اور میں	بر5/- حمال	نط:نط:
ظا: دستنطانی الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	رين	<u> </u>	
نقی کار ذخبرر: شاختی کار ذخبرر: پیته: پیته: پیته: برلحاظ سے مکمل شدہ یہ پر آسی فارم کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آفس دی یو نیورسل انشور نس کمپنی کمپیٹی کمپیٹر ڈ 6 کے شاہرا قائد اعظم لا ہور کر تی جا نیس جو میٹنگ کے مشاہرا قائد اعظم لا ہور کر تی جا نیس جو میٹنگ کے مشاہرا تا نداعظم لا ہور کر تی جا نیس جو میٹنگ کے مشاہرا تا نداعظم لا ہور کر تی جا نیس جو میٹنگ کے مشاہر ہو۔ پر اکسی لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کا ممبر ہو۔ بر اکسی لگانے والے کر کر ایس کی براکسی لگانے والول کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وواس براکسی فارم کے ساتھوا پٹی تصدیق شدہ قومی شناختی کار ڈیا پاسپورے			الهان:
نتی کار ذخیر: پیعه: پیعه: پیعه: بر لحاظ سے تکمل شدہ بیہ پراسی فارم کمپنی کے رجشر ڈ آفس دی یو نیورسل انشورنس کمپنی لمیاینڈ 3 کے شاہرا قائد انحظم لا ہور کرفتی جائیں جومیٹنگ کے مشاہرا قائد انحظم لا ہور کرفتی جائیں جومیٹنگ کے مشاہرا تا کدافظم لا ہور کرفتی جائیں جومیٹنگ کے مشاہرا تا کہ انحظم لا ہور کرفتی جائیں جومیٹنگ کے مشاہر کیا گئے سے لیٹ نہ ہو۔ پراکس لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کہ ہم ہو۔ براکس لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کو الوں کیئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ واس پراسی فارم کے ساتھ وا پٹی تصدیق شدہ قو می شنہ فتی کار ڈیا پا سپورے		د تقط	: ئۇ:
: پوت: بمرلحاظ سے کھمل شدہ یہ پر آسی فارم کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آئس دی یو نیور مل انشور نس کمپنی کمیٹیٹر 3 کے شاہرا قائدا عظم لا ہور تو پنج کا جو میٹنگ کے منے نے کے 4 8 گھنٹے سے لیٹ ند ہو۔ براکسی لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کپنی کامبر ہو۔ بی ڈی می شیرز ہولڈرز اوران کی پراکسی لگانے والول کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ اس پراسی فارم کے ساتھوا پئی تضدیق شدہ قومی شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ		نام :	÷,
ہنوٹ: بمرلحاظ سے کھمل شدہ یہ پراسی فارم کمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس دی یو نیور سل انشور نس کمپنی کمیانٹر 3 6۔ شاہرا قائدا عظم لا ہور ترکنی جا نمیں جو میڈنگ کے سند نے کے 4 8 گھنٹے سے لیٹ نہ ہو۔ براکسی لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کاممبر ہو۔ بی ڈی می شیرز ہولڈرز اوران کی پراکسی لگانے والول کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ اس پراسی فارم کے ساتھوا پئی تضدیق شدہ قومی شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ		شناختی کارڈ نمبر:	غی کاروُ قبیر
، بہلحاظ سے مکمل شدہ یہ پراسی فارم ممپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس وی ایو نیور سل انشورنس کمپنی کمیٹیٹر 3 کے شاہرا قائدا فظم لا جور پہنچ جا نیں جو میٹنگ کے منا نے کے 4 8 گھنٹے سے لیٹ ندہو۔ ۔ پراکسی لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کاممبر ہو۔ ۔ بی ڈی می شیرز ہولڈرز اوران کی پراکسی لگانے والول کیسئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ اس پراسی فارم کے ساتھوا پی نضعہ بی شدہ تو می شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ		: z ç	:
، برلحاظ سے مکمل شدہ یہ پراسی فارم کمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس وی ابو نیور سل انشورنس کمپنی کمیٹیٹر 3 کے شاہرا قائدا فظم لا جور پہنچ جا نئیں جو میٹنگ کے منا نے کے 4 8 گھنٹے سے لیٹ نہ ہو۔ ۔ پراکسی لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کاممبر ہو۔ بی ڈی می شیرز ہولڈرز اوران کی پراکسی لگانے والول کیسئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ اس پراکسی فارم کے ساتھوا پی نضد بی شدہ قومی شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ			رتورى:
نے کے 48 گھنے سے لیٹ نہ ہو۔ - پراکسی لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کپنی کا تمبر ہو۔ بی ڈی می شیرز ہولڈرز اوران کی پراکسی لگانے والول کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وواس پراکسی فارم کے ساتھوا پی تضدیق شدہ قو می شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ		وم فی سی می است و می استان	,
. پراکسی لگانے والے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ مپنی کامبر ہو۔ بی ڈی می شیرز ہولڈرز اوران کی پراکسی لگانے والول کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ و واس پراکسی فارم کے ساتھوا پی تضدیق شدہ قو می شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ	ج جا میں جو میڈنگ کے سمعقد	ں استورش چی کمیینگر 3 6 ہے شاہرا قا کدا تھم لا ہور ترف	
بی ڈی سیشیرز ہولڈرز اوران کی پراکسی لگانے والول کیسئے ضروری ہے کہودائ پرائسی فارم کے ساتھوا پی تضدیق شدہ قو می شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورے			
<u>.</u>	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	t was a second second	,
ياليًا شين ـ	ئو کی شنهٔ ک کارؤ یا پاسپیورٹ ل	ہے کہ دوائن پرائی فارم نے ساتھوا پی تصدیبی شدہ	_
			<u>.</u>



 Universal Insurance House 63-Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam Lahore-54000 Pakistan +92-42-3735 5426,3732 4244,

3732 4194, 3731 3878

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