

FIRST CREDIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

Annual Report 2019

Major Joint Venture Partners:





Vision

Be a preferred investment bank enhancing value for the stakeholders and contributing to the National goals.

Mission Statement

Contributing through innovative financing and investment in quality portfolio, advisory services delivered in an environment of trust and customer confidence supported by a team of professionals.



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BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Mr. Rehmat Ali Hasnie Chairman



Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali President & CEO



Mr. Muhammad Ikram Khan
Director
(Subject to approval from SECP)



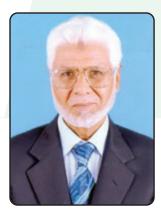
Mr. Asad Ullah Saleem
Director



Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry
Director



Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin
Director



Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain
Director



Mr. Muhammad Ameen
Director



FIRST CREDIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

COMPANY INFORMATION

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

Mr. Muhammad Ameen

Chairman

Chairman

Chairman

Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin

HR AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin

1

Mr. Muhammad Ikram Khan Mr. Asad Ullah Saleem

Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain

Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE:

Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain

Mr. Asad Ullah Saleem

Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry

Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali

COMPANY SECRETARY:

Mr. Muhammad Amin Khatri

AUDITORS:

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

Chartered Accountants

LEGAL ADVISOR:

Ahmed & Qazi

BANKERS:

National Bank of Pakistan

MCB Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited

FINCA Microfinance Bank Limited NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited Tameer Microfinance Bank Limited

Khushhali Bank Limited U Microfinance Bank Limited

The First Microfinance Bank Limited

SHARE REGISTRAR:

THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited 1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S.,

Karachi-75400

Ph. # +92 (21) 111-000-322 Fax # +92 (21) 34168271

HEAD OFFICE / REGISTERED OFFICE:

2nd Floor, Sidco Avenue Centre, Stratchen Road, Karachi - 74200

Pakistan.

Ph. #: 35658750-1, 35670452, 35688490

Fax. #: 35689331, 35686310 E-mail: info@fcibank.com.pk Website: www.fcibank.com.pk



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 30th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of First Credit & Investment Bank Limited will be held on Friday, October 25, 2019 at 5:30 p.m. at PIIA (Pakistan Institute of International Affairs) Auditorium, Aiwan-e-Saddar Road, Karachi to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on October 26, 2018.
- To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company together with the Auditors' and Directors' Reports thereon for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- To declare and approve final cash dividend @ 3% (i.e. Rs. 0.30 per share) for the year ended June 30, 2019, as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 4. To appoint the statutory auditors for the year ending June 30, 2020 and fix their remuneration. The present auditors M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants, have completed their term of 5 years and are not eligible for reappointment. Therefore, the Board of the Company on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has recommended for appointment of M/s. Horwath Hussain Chaudhury & Co., Chartered Accountants as auditors of the Company for the year ending on June 30, 2020.

ANY OTHER BUSINESS

5. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

Karachi October 3, 2019 Muhammad Amin Khatri Company Secretary

Notes:

Closure of Share Transfer Book

 The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from October 15, 2019 to October 25, 2019 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of our Share Registrar M/s. THK Associates (Pvt.) Ltd, 1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi-75400 upto the close of business on October 14, 2019, will be considered in time for purpose of entitlement of shareholders to attend and vote at the meeting.

Participation in Annual General Meeting

2. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint any other member as his/her proxy to attend the meeting and vote instead of him/her. The proxies in order to be effective must be received by the company not less than 48 hours before the meeting. CDC Account holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in circular No. 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.



A. For Attending the Meeting:-

- a) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are upload as per Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity card (CNIC) or original Passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- b) In case of Corporate entity, the board of Directors resolution of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

B. For Appointing Proxies:-

- a) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- b) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, address and CNIC Numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- Attested copies of CNIC or Passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- d) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of the meeting.
- e) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the company.

3. Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (Mandatory Requirement)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act and Companies (Distribution of Dividends), Regulation 2017, a listed company, is required to pay cash dividend to the shareholders ONLY through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. In this regard, the Company has already sent letters and Electronic Credit Mandate Forms to the shareholders requesting the shareholders to comply with the requirement of providing their International Bank Account Number (IBAN).

Those shareholders who have still not provided their IBAN are once again requested to fill in "Electronic Credit Mandate Form" as reproduced below and available on the Company's website and send it duly signed along with a copy of valid CNIC to their respective CDC participant / CDC Investor account services (in case of shareholding in Book Entry Form) or to the Company's Share Registrar M/s. THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd, 1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi-74400 (in case of shareholding in Physical Form).



SHAREHOLDER'S DETAIL	
Folio Number	
Participant ID	
Sub-Account No.	
Name	
CNIC/NICOP/Passport/NTN No. (please attach copy)	
Father/Husband Name	
Cell Number	
Landline number, if any	
Shareholder Address	
SHAREHOLDER'S BANK ACCOUNT DETAIL	
Title of Bank Account	
Bank Account Number /IBAN (See note 1 below)	
Bank's Name	
Branch Name & Code No.	
Branch Address	_

In case of non-provision of IBAN, the Company will have to withhold the cash dividend according to SECP directives.

4. Withholding tax on Dividend

- I) Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act 2019 effective July 1, 2019, the rates of deduction of income tax from dividend payment under the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 have been revised as under:
 - (a) for filers of income tax returns:15%
 - (b) for non-filer of income tax return:30%
- II) To enable the company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @15% instead of 30% all the shareholders are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL before the start of book closure i.e. October 15, 2019, otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted @ 30% instead of 15%.
- III) The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas, corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or its Share Registrar. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN Certificates, as the case may be, must quote Company name and their respective folio numbers.
- (IV) As per the clarification issued by FBR, withholding tax will be determined separately on "Filer/Non-Filer" status of principal shareholder as well as joint-holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions. If the share is not as certainable then each account holder will be assumed to hold equal proportion of shares and the deduction will be made accordingly. Therefore, all shareholders who hold shares jointly are required to provide shareholding proportions of principal shareholder and joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent in writing as follows:



Folio / CDC Account no.	Name of Shareholders	No of Shares or %		
	(Principal / Joint holders)	(Proportion)	CNIC No.	Signature

5. Provision of Copy of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC)

In order to comply with the requirements of Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) SRO19(1)/2014 dated January 10, 2014 those shareholders who have not yet submitted attested copy of their valid CNICs are requested to provide the same with their folio numbers to the Company's Registrar, M/s.THK Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. Members holding shares in CDC/ Participant accounts are also requested to provide the attested copy of their CNICs to their CDC Participant/Investor Account Services.

6. Change in Address

The Shareholders are requested to immediately inform any change in their addresses to Company Share Registrar or CDC Participant/ Investor Account Services, as the case may be.

7. Attendance of Meeting by Video-Link

If Members holding ten (10) percent of the total paid up capital, reside in a city, such Members, may demand the Company to provide them the facility of video-link for attending the Meeting.

If you wish to take benefit of this facility, please fill the form appearing below and submit it to the Company at its registered address at least seven (7) days prior to the date of the Meeting:

"I/We,		of	, being a	member of First
Credit and I	nvestment Bank Lim	ited, holder of _	ordinary share(s) as	per Registered
Folio/CDC A	Account No	he	ereby opt for video link facility at	
	Signature o	f Member"		

The Company will intimate to the Members the venue of the video-link facility at least five (5) days before the date of the Meeting along with all the information necessary to enable them to access the facility.



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

Review Report by the Chairman on Board's Overall Performance u/s 192 of the Companies Act 2017

As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of First Credit and Investment Bank Limited (the "Investment Bank") is carried out. This evaluation is conducted to ensure the Board's overall performance and effectiveness for the betterment, progress and growth in the context of objectives set for the Investment Bank. Areas where improvements are required are duly considered and action plans are framed.

The Board of the Investment Bank has laid down a detailed performance evaluation mechanism and criteria of evaluation duly approved by it. As per the recently conducted annual self-evaluation for the year ended **June 30, 2019** and I report that:

The overall performance of the Board measured on the basis of approved criteria for the year was Satisfactory.

The overall assessment as **Satisfactory** is based on an evaluation of the following areas, which have a direct bearing on Board's role in achievement of the Investment Bank's objectives:

- Fiduciary Responsibility: Board members pay greater attention to their fiduciary duties as director of
 the Investment Bank. They pay high importance in following standard of good practice for the conduct of
 the Board. The Board performed its fiduciary responsibility with a sense of objective judgment and
 independence. They have clear understanding of vision and mission of the Investment Bank and value
 them.
- 2. **Business Strategy:** Board has a lucid understanding of the stakeholders (shareholders, customers, employees, borrowers, depositors, Society at large) whom the Investment Bank serves. The Board has a strategic vision of how the organization should be evolving over the five years. Further Board sets benchmark, budget and targets for the management in all major areas business.
- 3. Compliance and Diligence: The Board members ensure that they have diligently performed their duties and thoroughly reviewed, discussed and approved business strategies, corporate objectives, budgets, financial statements and other reports. They have clear understanding of applicable laws and ensure their compliance. It received agenda and detailed memoranda in sufficient time prior to board and committee meetings. The board met frequently enough to adequately discharge its responsibilities.
- 4. Monitoring of Business Activities: The Board remained informed with all significant issues, matters for the consideration of the Board. It remained updated of Investment Bank's objectives, goals, strategies and financial performance through regular presentation by the management. It also ensured representation of internal and external auditors and other independent consultants. The Board provided appropriate direction and oversight on a timely basis.
- 5. **Diversity and Mix:** The constituent of Board is a mix of required independent and non executive directors. All directors were equally involved in important board decisions.
- 6. **Governance and Control:** The Board has effectively put in place all significant policies, sound internal controls, risk management system, transparent and robust system of governance. This is reflected by setting up an effective control environment, compliance with best practices of corporate governance and by promoting ethical and fair behavior across the Investment Bank.

REHMAT ALI HASNIE Chairman

Karachi: September 28, 2019



First Credit And Investment Bank Ltd.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present 30th Annual Report of the First Credit & Investment Bank Limited (FCIBL) alongwith the audited financial statements and Auditors' Report thereon, for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Economy Review

The outgoing fiscal year 2018-19 witnessed a muted growth of 3.3 percent against the target of 6.2 percent due to contraction in sectorial growth compared with projections. These factors put a lot of pressure on the country's meagre foreign currency reserves. However, some cushion was provided from deposits of around \$9.2 billion placed with the State Bank of Pakistan by Saudi Arabia, the UAE and China. The total investments as a percentage of GDP was recorded at 15.4 percent against the target of 17.2 percent. On the demand side, the exports declined by 1.9 percent despite exchange rate depreciation, while imports declined by 4.9 percent. This helped in reducing the trade deficit by 7.3 percent during July April FY 2019. The workers' remittances played a major role in containing current account deficit to 4.03 percent of GDP.

Pakistan's rupee depreciated around 28.7% since June 2018, resulting in an increase in the debt servicing cost as well as inflationary pressure. Also, a massive challenge for the government was the widening fiscal deficit, fueled by heavy domestic and foreign borrowing to meet growing expenditures.

Fiscal deficit as per cent of GDP was 5.0% as compared to 4.3 % during the corresponding period of last year. Total revenue increased to Rs. 3,583.7 billion (9.3 per cent of GDP) from Rs. 3,582.4 billion (10.3 per cent of GDP) during the comparable period of last year, showing almost zero growth in comparison of growth of 13.9 per cent during the same period last year. Decelerated performance of total revenues primarily was due to marginal growth of 1.8 percent in tax revenues and negative growth of 16.7 percent in non-tax revenues.

The CPI witnessed a rising trend during the current financial year. It increased from 5.8% in July 2018 to 8.9% in June 2019 due to increase in gas prices, utilities prices and exchange rate depreciation. In view of the upside inflationary pressures from exchange rate depreciation and the likely increase in near term inflation from the one-off impact of adjustments in utility prices and other measures in the FY20 budget the State Bank of Pakistan raised the Policy rate to 13.25% on July 2019.

During the year under review, KSE 100 index witnessed 19% decline and closed at 33,901 points. The benchmark index realized a high of 43,557 points and also witnessed a low of 33,167 points (reflecting an erosion of 10,390 points. The gloomy performance is mainly attributed to steep monetary tightening, 28.7% currency depreciation and an austerity-driven FY20 budget.

Financial Results

Financial results of FCIBL for 2018-19 are summarized below, comparative data for 2017-18 has also been provided:

	(Rupees in ,000)	
	2018-19	2017-18
Total revenue	116,844	102,649
Operating profit	19,759	16,569
Profit before taxation	15,203	15,802
Profit after taxation	9,517	9,190
Shareholders' equity	742,830	733,093
Deficit in revaluation of investments	(24,238)	(10,843)
Shareholders' equity (net of deficit)	718,592	722,250
Total assets	1,385,301	1,327,363
Earning per share-basic and diluted (Rs.)	0.15	0.14



FIRST CREdIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

Review of Operations

During the FY19 the same unfavorable conditions for the NBFC sector particularly for investment banks remained persistent due to liquidity concerns and dwindling economic conditions of the country. FCIBL was, however, successful in maintaining its liquidity and viability. During the outgoing year FCIBL continued its focus on its core business activities and has been able to develop its business at sustainable position. In wake of many challenges and difficulties, FCIBL has been able to maintain all its financial indicators. The total income of FCIBL for the FY19 showed increase of 13.8% to Rs. 116.8 million from Rs.102.6 million in FY18. FCIBL reported Operating Profit of Rs.19.8 million for FY19 against Rs. 16.6 million reported for FY18 showing increase of Rs. 3.2 million. Further, after taking effect of provision made and reversal / recovery against already provided classified portfolio FCIBL reported Profit before Tax to Rs.15.2 million for the financial year ended June 30, 2019 from Rs. 15.8 million reported for the previous year. Similarly, FCIBL has registered Profit after Tax for the year ended June 30, 2019 to Rs.9.5 million from Rs.9.2 million reported for the last year. Hence, FCIBL maintained its performance and profitability during the year.

Similarly on the Balance Sheet side, the shareholders' equity net of deficit on re-measurement of investments decreased to Rs.718.6 million as at June 30, 2019 from Rs.722.2 million as at June 30, 2018. The decrease in shareholders' equity was on account of increase in deficit on re-measurement of investments. Total assets of FCIBL increased to Rs.1,385.3 million as at June 30, 2019 from Rs.1,327.3 million as at June 30 2018.

To comply with the NBFCs Rules and Regulations, an amount equivalent to 20% of after tax profit has been transferred to the Statutory Reverse.

Changes since Balance Sheet Date

There have not been any material events or changes that occurred subsequent to the date of the Balance Sheet that require adjustments to the enclosed financial statements, except those which have already been made or disclosed.

Dividend

Dividend policy of FCIBL in the past has been a mix of offering attractive cash dividends, bonus shares to the shareholders, improving its credit rating and allowing the availability of adequate funds to meet its investment and expansion plans. Accordingly, the board has proposed the cash dividend of Rs.0.30 per share (i.e.3%) subject to the approval of shareholders in the upcoming Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on October 25, 2019.

Credit Rating

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited vide its report dated December 28, 2018 maintained the medium to long-term entity rating of FCIBL at 'A-' (Single A Minus) and Short-term rating at 'A-2' (A-Two). The outlook of the rating is 'Stable'.

Environmental and Corporate Social Responsibility

FCIBL is fully aware of its environmental and Corporate Social Responsibilities and is ready to support social and environmental causes of the country. FCIBL also maintains compliance to all governmental and internal health, safety and the environment measures. Facilities and conducts of operations are designed in a way that avoids risk to human health, safety and the environment.



Risk Assessment Framework

FCIBL's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on FCIBL's financial performance

FCIBL's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks, market risk (including interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. Risks of FCIBL are being managed by FCIBL's management in accordance with the approved policies of FCIBL whereas the Board of Directors has the overall oversight of FCIBL's risk management framework. FCIBL's overall risk management program focuses on having cost efficient funding as well as to manage financial risk to minimize earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders. The Board also carries out the overall business risk review of FCIBL on annual basis.

Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

The Company has taken all necessary steps to ensure Good Corporate Governance. As part of Compliance of the Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2017 ("CCG"), the Board is pleased to state as follows:

- a) These financial statements, prepared by the management of FCIBL, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and change of equity.
- b) Proper books of accounts of FCIBL have been maintained.
- c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- e) The system of internal control including internal financial control, which is in place, is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f) There are no significant doubts upon FCIBL's ability to continue as a going concern.
- g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

Key operating and financial data

The key operating and financial data of FCIBL for the last six years is as under:

Year ended June 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 Restated
			Rupees i	n million		
Total revenue	117	103	80	99	81	60
Profit/ (loss) before taxation	15	16	12	65	29	4
Profit/ (loss) after taxation	10	9	7	44	23	1
Shareholders' equity	719	722	724	717	673	649
Total assets	1,385	1,327	1,155	1,012	693	738
Earning/ (loss) per share (Rs)	0.15	0.14	0.11	0.67	0.35	0.02



Staff Retirement Benefit Schemes

Value of the investment of Employees' Provident Fund and Gratuity Fund as at June 30, 2019 were Rs.11,274,059/-and Rs.4,751,791/-, respectively.

Board of Directors

The current composition of the Board is as follows:

Total number of Directors:

(a) Male: 8 (including the appointed CEO)

(b) Female: Nil

Composition:

(i) Independent Directors: 3 (ii) Non-executive Directors: 4

(iii) Executive Directors: 1*

During the year no casual vacancy was occurred on the Board.

During the year four (4) Board meetings were held, in which Directors' attendance was as follows:

Name of Directors	Number of meetings Eligible to attend	Number of meetings attended
		,
Mr. Rehmat Ali Hasnie	4	4
Mr. Muhammad Ikram Khan	3	2
Mr. Asad Ullah Saleem	4	4
Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry	4	4
Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin	4	4
Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain	4	4
Mr. Muhammad Ameen	4	4
Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali	4	4

Audit Committee and Internal Controls

Audit Committee of the Board comprises of three (3) Non-Executive Directors majority of which are independent directors including the Chairman of the Committee. Terms of reference of the Audit Committee have been formulated by the Board in accordance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2017. During the year four (4) meetings of Audit Committee were held, in which Directors' attendance was as follows:

Name of Directors	No. of meetings eligible to attend	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Muhammad Ameen	4	4
Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry	4	4
Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin	4	4



^{*} The Executive Director is the President and CEO whose appointment is on contract basis.

HR and Remuneration Committee

Board constituted its HR and Remuneration Committee to assist the Directors in discharging their responsibilities with regard to selection, evaluation and succession planning of key management personnel / Board. The Committee consists of five (5) members. Majority of members are Non-Executive Directors and the Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director. During the year three (3) meetings of HR and Remuneration Committee were held, in which Directors' attendance was as follows:

Name of Directors	No. of meetings eligible to attend	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin	3	3
Mr. Muhammad Ikram Khan	2	2
Mr. Asad Ullah Saleem	3	3
Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry	1	1
Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain	2	2
Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali	3	3

Risk Management Committee

Board constituted its Risk Management Committee to assist the Directors in discharging their responsibilities including risk identification and its mitigation/management measures in respect of company's business activities. The Committee consists of four (4) members majority of which are Non-Executive Directors and the Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director. During the year three (3) meetings of Risk Management Committee were held, in which Directors' attendance was as follows:

Name of Directors	No. of meeti eligible to at	0
Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain	3	3
Mr. Asad Ullah Saleem	3	3
Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry	3	3
Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali	3	3

Director's Remuneration Policy

The Board has put in place Director's Remuneration Policy. As per the policy, all Non-Executive Directors are entitled to receive fee for attending meetings of the Board, its Committees or shareholders at rate fixed by the Board of Directors from time to time. The remuneration of the Executive Directors and CEO are determined by the Board of Directors. As per the policy all expenses incurred by the Directors for attending the meetings will be borne by FCIBL at actual.

Training Programs

The directors have been provided with copies of Listing Regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange, Memorandum and Articles of Association, NBFC Rules 2003 and NBFC & NE Regulations 2008 and they are well conversant with their duties and responsibilities. FCIBL meets necessary requirement of Directors Training as stipulated in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2017 as more than 70% of the Directors on the Board of FCIBL are in compliance of requirements under Directors Training Program (DTP) as stipulated in CCG17.



Auditors

The present auditors M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants, has retired as they have completed their term of being auditors of FCIBL for 5 years as required under regulation no. 34 of The Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2017. Accordingly, the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has recommended the appointment of M/s. Horwath Hussain Chaudhury & Co. Chartered Accountants, as auditors of FCIBL for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Emphasis of matter in Auditor's Report

Auditors of FCIBL in its Report to the members has put an Emphasis of matter in respect of Deferred Tax which is explained in detailed by the Management in note no. 12.1 to the Financial Statements. Auditor's opinion is not qualified in this respect.

Pattern of Shareholdings

The Pattern of Shareholding including Categories of Shareholders of FCIBL as on June 30, 2019 is annexed at the end of the annual report. During the year, no trade in shares of FCIBL was carried out by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children, except as those reported in pattern of shareholding.

Future Outlook & Strategy

We are focusing on expansion of our existing core business as well as diversification into new businesses as permitted under the NBF regulatory framework. Our vertical as well horizontal expansion strategy will increase revenue streams, which hopefully will be forthcoming with improvement in economic and business conditions of the country. Your Company will continue to improve its assets quality, infrastructure, build capacity through training of existing personnel and engaging professionals to diversify products and services, updating policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the new challenges and opportunities.

Acknowledgement

The Directors wish to express their appreciation to our stakeholders, valued customers and financial institutions for their continued trust and patronage. We are grateful to the regulatory authorities especially the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the State Bank of Pakistan and the Pakistan Stock Exchange for their continued guidance and support. We also acknowledge hard work and dedication of the management and employees.

MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI

Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD AMEEN

Director

Karachi

September 28, 2019



Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the Members of First Credit and Investment Bank Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance Contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of First Credit and Investment Bank Limited (the Investment Bank) for the year ended June 30, 2019 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Investment Bank. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Investment Bank's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Investment Bank's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Investment Bank to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Investment Bank's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations requires the Investment Bank to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Investment Bank's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Investment Bank's compliance, in all material respects, with the Regulations as applicable to the Investment Bank for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Dated: September 28, 2019

Karachi

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

Grat Menton My Rolling

Chartered Accountants

Muhammad Khalid Aziz

Engagement Partner



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2017

First Credit and Investment Bank Limited Year ended June 30, 2019

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are Eight (8) (including the appointed CEO) as per the following:

a.	Male	Eight (8)
b.	Female	NIL

2. The composition of Board is as follows:

a)	Independent Directors	3
b)	Other Non-Executive Directors	4
c)	Executive Directors	1*

^{*}The Executive Director is the President and CEO whose appointment in on contract basis.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of Board.
- 8. The Board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. More than 70% of the Board is compliant with the requirement of Directors Training Program.
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.



12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a) Audit Committee

Mr. Muhammad Ameen Chairman
Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry Member
Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin Member

b) HR and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Ikram Khan Member
Mr. Asad Ullah Saleem Member
Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain Member
Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali Member

c) Risk Management Committee

Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain Chairman
Mr. Asad Ullah Saleem Member
Mr. Naveed Asghar Chaudhry Member
Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee
 b) HR and Remuneration Committee
 d) Risk Management Committee
 4 Meetings were held during FY 2018-19
 3 Meetings were held during FY 2018-19
 3 Meetings were held during FY 2018-19

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function manned withperson who is suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.

18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI

President & CEO

MUHAMMAD AMEEN
Director

Karachi

Dated: September 28, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST CREDIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of First Credit and Investment Bank Limited (the Investment Bank), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2019 and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Investment Bank's affairs as at June 30, 2019 and of the profit and other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Investment Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

Note 12.1 to the financial statements in which the management of the Investment Bank has described their assumptions and estimates affecting deferred tax asset. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matter (s)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Key Audit Matters

1- Adoption of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

As referred in note 5 to the financial statements, the Investment Bank has adopted IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' with effect from July 01, 2018. The new standard requires the recognition of expected credit losses ('ECL') ratherthan incurred credit losses under IAS 39 and is therefore a fundamentally different approach. Management is required to determine the ECL that may occur over either a 12-month period or the remaining life of an asset, depending on the categorization of the individual asset.

In accordance with IFRS 9, the measurement of ECL reflect a range of unbiased and probability weighted outcomes, time value of money,reasonable and supportable information based on the consideration of historical events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. The calculation of ECLs in accordance with IFRS 9 is therefore complex and involves a number of judgmental assumptions.

We considered the first time adoption of IFRS 9 requirements as a key audit matter due to the significance of the change in accounting methodology and involvement of significant estimates and judgments made by the management in this regard.

2- Provision for non-performing finances

The assessment of provision of non-performing finances provided to customer involves significant judgment and use of management assumptions both subjectively and objectively. The identification of the provision and the determination of the recoverable amount involve various assumption and factors including the financial conditions of the counter party, timing and amount of expected future cash flows including the forced sale value (FSV) benefits on the securities pledged.

The Investment Bank records provision objectively based on schedule X of Non-Banking Finance Company and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (NBFC Regulations) and subjectively based on adequacy of security inclusive of realizable value, financial positions and credit worthiness of the customers and other evidences of impairment.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures include the following:

- Reviewed the methodology developed and applied by the Investment Bank to estimate the ECL in relation to financial assets. We also considered and evaluated the assumptions used in the applying the ECL methodology based on historical information and qualitative factors as relevant for such estimates.
- We assessed the integrity and quality of data used for ECL computation based on the accounting records and information system of the Investment Bank as well as the related external sources as used for this purpose.
- We checked the mathematical accuracy of the ECL model by performing recalculation on test basis.
- We have checked the classification of financial assets and financial liabilities to ensure compliance of IFRS 9 classification requirement.
- In addition to above, we assessed the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements of the Investment Bank.

Our audit procedures include the following:

- We evaluated and tested the effectiveness of design and implementation of key controls related to the credit approval process, post approval credit management, loan grading system, collateral monitoring and loan impairment assessment.
- We adopted a risk based sampling approach. We checked the customers' repayment behavior and evaluated the Investment Bank's loan classification taking into consideration the credit committee reports, customers' financial information collateral valuation report and other available information.
- We assessed the adequacy of the provision for loan losses by testing the key assumptions and calculations for loss allowance calculation as required by NBFC Regulations, 2008 and management's assumptions.



FIRST CREdIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

The Investment Bank loans and finances-net as at June 30, 2019 amounting to Rs. 630.2 million as disclosed in note 9.2 to the financial statements.

 Furthermore, we also assessed the adequacy of the respective disclosures relating to loan and finances stated in the financial statement.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Investment Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Investment Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Investment Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Investment Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Investment Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Investment Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Investment Bank as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;



- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Investment Bank's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Khalid Aziz.

Karachi

Date: September 28, 2019

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

Grat Mente My Rolling

Chartered Accountants



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment Intangible assets Long-term investments Long-term loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Deferred tax asset Total non-current assets	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	4,499,961 - 29,459,941 524,108,593 1,605,985 57,500 74,058,906 633,790,886	5,856,334 - 39,977,939 351,899,754 647,265 57,500 72,957,425 471,396,217
Current assets			
Current portion of non-current assets Short-term investments Short-term placements Markup/interest accrued Prepayments and other receivables Taxation-net Cash and bank balances Total current assets	13 14 15 16 17 18	126,989,156 93,194,576 420,000,000 61,068,478 911,613 13,083,054 36,263,045 751,509,922	59,860,172 84,147,138 430,000,000 59,296,138 1,240,033 12,346,934 209,076,400 855,966,815
Total assets		1,385,300,808	1,327,363,032

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements

MUHAMMAD KAMRAN Chief Financial Officer

MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI

President & CEO

MUHAMMAD AMEEN

Director



FIRST CREdIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

AS AT JUNE 30, 2019

	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' equity			
Authorized share capital			
75,000,000 (2018: 75,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		750,000,000	750,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital Statutory reserve Unappropriated profit / accumulated loss Deficit on remeasurement of investments - net	19 20.1 21	650,000,000 - 92,830,246 (24,237,749)	650,000,000 134,582,762 (51,489,845) (10,842,766)
Total shareholders' equity	21	718,592,497	722,250,151
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred liability - Staff gratuity Long-term loan Security deposit against finance lease	22 23 24	3,082,177 62,500,000 752,000	2,430,419 125,000,000 333,400
Total non-current liabilities		66,334,177	127,763,819
Current liabilities			
Current portion of long-term loan Short-term running finance facility Markup / interest accrued Accrued expenses and other payables Total current liabilities	23 25 26 27	78,125,000 475,978,135 16,699,841 29,571,158 600,374,134	62,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701 5,688,554 477,349,062
Total liabilities		666,708,311	605,112,881
Contingencies and commitments	28		
Total equity and liabilities		1,385,300,808	1,327,363,032

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements

MUHAMMAD KAMRAN
Chief Financial Officer

MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI President & CEO MUHAMMAD AMEEN
Director



FIRST CREDIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
Income from term finances and funds placements	29	105,438,383	89,724,660
Income from investments	30	5,625,412	7,427,031
Fees and commission income	31	5,260,926	3,587,143
Other income	32	518,970	1,910,429
		116,843,691	102,649,263
Finance costs	33	(52,212, <mark>850)</mark>	(44,92 <mark>4,081)</mark>
Administrative and operating expenses	34	(44,872, <mark>199)</mark>	(41,156,555)
Operating income before provisions		19,758, <mark>642</mark>	16,5 <mark>6</mark> 8,627
(Provision) / Reversals Provision against accrued mark-up (Provision)/reversal of diminution in value of long-term investments Impairment in investments classified as fair value through other comprehensive income Profit before taxation and workers' welfare fund	8.5	(346,144) (3,795,029) - - 15,617,469	2,550,000 (2,994,203) 16,124,424
Workers' welfare fund		(414,623)	(322,488)
Profit before taxation		15,202,846	15,801,936
Taxation	35	(5,685,547)	(6,612,312)
Profit after taxation		9,517,299	9,189,624
Earning per share - basic and diluted	36	0.15	0.14

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements

MUHAMMAD KAMRAN
Chief Financial Officer

MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI President & CEO MUHAMMAD AMEEN
Director



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Note		2018 Rupees	
Profit after taxation		9,517,299	9,189,624	

Other comprehensive (loss) / income:

Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to statement of profit or loss- net of tax:

Unrealized loss on re-measurement of fair value through other comprehensive income investments		(13,394,983)	(2,822,071)
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability	22.7	220,030	(44,484)
Other comprehensive loss		(13,174,953)	(2,866,555)
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year		(3,657,654)	6,323,069

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements

MUHAMMAD KAMRAN Chief Financial Officer MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI President & CEO MUHAMMAD AMEEN
Director



FIRST CREdIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Reserve		Deficit on		
		Issued,	Capital Revenue		remeasurement of		
		subscribed and paid-up share capital	Statutory Reserve	Accumulated (loss) / unappro- Total priated profit		investment classified as fair value through other comprehensive	Total shareholder's equity
						income	
	Note			(Rup	oees)		
Balance as at July 01, 2017		650,000,000	132,744,837	(58,797,060)	73,947,77	7 (8,020,695)	715,927,082
D (1 (1 (1)							
Profit after tax for the year end	ded			0.100.001	0.400.00		0.400.004
June 30, 2018		-	-	9,189,624	9,189,624		9,189,624
Other comprehensive loss		-	-	(44,484)	(44,484	, , , , , ,	(2,866,555)
		-	-	9,145,140	9,145,140) (2,822,071)	6,323,069
Transfer to statutory reserve	20.1	-	1,837,925	(1,837,925)	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2018		650,000,000	134,582,762	(51,489,845)	83,092,917	7 (10,842,766)	722,250,151
				<u> </u>			
Balance as at July 01, 2018		650,000,000	134,582,762	(51,489,845)	83,092,917	7 (10,842,766)	722,250,151
Profit after tax for the year e	ended						
June 30, 2019		-	-	9,517,299	9,517,299	-	9,517,299
Other comprehensive loss		-	-	220,030	220,030	(13,394,983)	(13,174,953)
		-	-	9,737,329	9,737,329	9 (13,394,983)	(3,657,654)
Transfer of statutory reserve	е						
to general reserve	20.1		(134,582,762)	134,582,762	-		-
Balance as at June 30, 2019		650,000,000	-	92,830,246	92,830,246	6 (24,237,749)	718,592,497

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements

MUHAMMAD KAMRAN Chief Financial Officer MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI President & CEO MUHAMMAD AMEEN
Director



FIRST CREdIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Note	2019	2018 Rupees
		Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation		15,202,846	15,801,936
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	6	1,770,214	1,617,640
Amortization	7	-	45,345
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		-	(330,848)
Gratuity expense	22.6	961,660	622,984
Dividend income	30	(1,849,975)	(840,851)
Finance cost	33	52,212,850	44,924,081
Provision for non-performing investments	8.5	3,795,029	(2,550,000)
Reversal of provision for accrued markup		346, <mark>144</mark>	-
Impairment in investments classified		\	
as fair value through OCI		-	2,994,203
		57,235,922	46,482,554
Operating cash flows before working capital changes		72,438,768	62,284,490
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Prepayments and other receivables	17	328,420	(45,656)
Markup/interest accrued	16	(2,118,484)	497,005
		(1,790,064)	451,349
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities			(0.00=.0=.1)
Accrued expenses and other payables	27	23,882,604	(3,667,954)
Security deposit against finance lease	24	418,600	(0.007.054)
Cook generated from energtions		24,301,204	(3,667,954)
Cash generated from operations		94,949,908	59,067,885
Income tax paid		(7,613,020)	(9,209,564)
Dividend income received		1,849,975	840,851
Gratuity paid			(4,000,000)
Markup on finance cost paid		(42,535,710)	(46,183,585)
Not seek as a sected from an audinor setivities		(48,298,755)	(58,552,298)
Net cash generated from operating activities		46,651,153	515,587
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property and equipment	6	(413,841)	(5,341,759)
Proceed from disposal of property and equipment		-	895,396
Long-term investments - net		(29,114,435)	18,859,300
Net investment in finance lease		(958,720)	(222 424 222)
Long-term finances-net		(225,942,840)	(233,194,363)
Net cash used in investing activities		(256,429,836)	(218,781,426)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Long-term loans received		(46,875,000)	(62,500,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		(46,875,000)	(62,500,000)
Net decrease cash and cash equivalents		(256,653,683)	(280,765,839)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of th	e year	236,938,593	517,704,432
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	37	(19,715,090)	236,938,593

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements

MUHAMMAD KAMRAN
Chief Financial Officer
MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI
President & CEO

MUHAMMAD AMEEN
Director

First Credit And Investment Bank Ltd.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1 LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

- 1.1 First Credit and Investment Bank Limited ("the Investment Bank") was incorporated in Pakistan on August 31, 1989 as a private company with its liability limited by shares under the name of 'First Credit and Discount Corporation (Private) Limited', converted in to a public company. Subsequently, the name of the Investment Bank was changed to First Credit and Investment Bank Limited. During the year ended June 30, 2009, the Investment Bank was listed on the Karachi Stock Exchange (now Pakistan Stock Exchange) Limited by way of issue of shares to general public. The registered office of the Investment Bank is situated at 2nd floor, Sidco Avenue Centre, Stratchen Road, R.A. Lines, Karachi, Pakistan. The Investment Bank is an associated undertaking of Water and Power Development Authority (WAPDA) and National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) which each holds 30.77% holding in the Investment Bank.
- 1.2 The Investment Bank is licensed to undertake business of investment finance services as a Non-Banking Finance Company under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 ("the NBFC Rules") issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). The Investment Bank is holding the status of Non Deposit Taking with effect from July 1, 2018.

The JCR-VIS has assigned the Investment Bank a credit rating of 'A-' long & medium term and 'A-2' short term on December 28, 2018. The outlook of the rating is stable.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations). Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules and the NBFC Regulations differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules and the NBFC Regulations have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the measurement of certain financial instruments at fair value and at amortized costs and retirement benefits at present value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Investment Bank's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Pakistani Rupees has been rounded to the nearest Pakistani Rupee.



2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenditures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In preparing these financial statements, the significant judgment made by the management in applying accounting policies include:

- (a) Current and deferred taxation (Note 4.9 and 12.1)
- (b) Impairment (Note 4.2.3)
- (c) Provisions, commitment and contingent liabilities (Note 4.11 and 28)
- (d) Staff retirement benefits (Note 4.10)
- (e) Depreciation and amortization on fixed and intangible assets (Note 4.1)

3 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

3.1 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant to the company and adopted in the current year

The Investment Bank has adopted the following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations of IFRSs which became effective during the current year.

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - This standard replaces the guidance in IAS 39. It includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the current incurred loss impairment model.

IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' - This standard replaces previous revenue standards: IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction contracts, and the related interpretations on revenue recognition.

IFRS 15 introduces a single five-step model for revenue recognition and establishes a comprehensive framework for recognition of revenue from contracts with customers based on a core principle that an entity should recognise revenue representing the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

The impact of changes laid down by these standards are detailed in note # 5 of these financial statements.

3.2 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective but not relevant

The other new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the financial year beginning on July 01, 2018 are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting and operations and are therefore not presented here.



3.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Company

The following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation.

Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments'	January 1, 2019
IAS 28 'Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures' (Amendments to IAS 28)	January 1, 2019
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2015 - 2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019
IAS 19 'Plan Amendment, Curtail or Settlement' (Amendments to IAS 19)	January 1, 2019
IFRS 3 'Definition of a business' Amendment to IFRS 3	January 1, 2020
IAS 1/IAS 8 'Definition of Material' (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8) January 1, 2020
Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
Various Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards	January 1, 2020

IFRS-16 "Leases" - The standard is effective for the period beginning from or after January 1, 2019. IFRS-16 replaces the previous lease standard: IAS-17 "Leases". It will result in almost all the leases being recognized on the statement of the financial position, as the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals are recognized. The only exceptions are short term and low value leases.

The Investment Bank is in the process of assessing the impact of these standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards on the financial statements of the Investment Bank.

3.4 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are not yet notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

Following new standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard or Interpretation	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral accounts	January 1, 2018
IFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2022



4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Fixed assets

Property and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged to profit or loss account using the straight line method whereby the depreciable cost of an asset is written-off over its estimated useful life at straight line rates specified in note 6 to the financial statements. In respect of additions and disposals during the year, depreciation is charged from the month of acquisition and up to the month preceding the disposal, respectively.

Subsequent costs are included in the book value as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Investment Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year in which they are incurred.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to statement of profit or loss as and when incurred.

Gains or losses on disposal or retirement of property and equipment are taken to statement of profit or loss.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The amortizable cost of intangible asset is amortized over its estimated useful life, using straight line method at rate specified in note 7 to the financial statements.

4.2 IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

4.2.1 Financial assets

4.2.1.1 Classification

The Investment Bank classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at amortized cost, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The classification depends on the business model in which the financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flows. The management determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and it evaluates this classification on a regular basis.

The assessments have been made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of initial application about the determination of business model within which a financial asset is held and the designation and revocation of previous designation of certain financial assets as measured at FVTPL.

The financial assets are categorised as follows:

Financial asset at amortized cost

Financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) are classified as financial asset at amortized cost.



Financial asset at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

Debt investment

Debt investment where the contractual cash flows are SPPI and the objective of the business model includes both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets are classified as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Equity investment

Equity investment which are not held for trading, and which has irrevocably elected at initial recognition to recognize as fair value through other comprehensive income (generally strategic investment) are classified as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

Debt investment

Debt investments that do not qualify for measurement at either amortized cost or FVOCI are classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

Equity investment

Equity investments that are held for trading, and equity investments for which the entity has not elected to recognize fair value gains and losses through other comprehensive income are classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

4.2.1.2 Trade date accounting

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by the regulations or market conventions are recognized on the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Investment Bank commits to purchase or sell the investments.

4.2.1.3 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value while the related transaction cost are expensed out in profit or loss account.

4.2.1.4 Subsequent measurement

Financial asset at amortized cost

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets classified as amortized cost are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses are also recognized in the statement of profit or loss when financial assets carried at amortized cost are derecognized or impaired.

Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are carried at fair value using valuation methodology.

Net gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value and on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are taken to the statement of other comprehensive income.



Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets classified as fair value through profit or loss are carried at fair value using valuation methodology.

Net gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value and on sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the profit or loss account.

4.2.1.5 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual right to future cash flows from the asset expires or is transferred along with the risk and reward of ownership of the asset. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets is taken to statement of profit of loss currently.

4.2.2 Financial liability

4.2.2.1 Classification

Financial liability at amortized cost

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liability at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss requires that the amount of change in the fair value of a financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of such changes in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in statement of profit or loss.

4.2.2.2 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less transaction cost except for financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value while the related transaction cost are expensed out in statement of profit or loss. Financial liabilities are not recognized unless one of the parties has performed it part of the contract or the contract is a derivative product.

4.2.2.3 Subsequent measurement

Financial liability at amortized cost

Financial liabilities, other than fair value through profit or loss are measured at amortized cost using the effective yield method.

Gains or losses are also recognized in the statement of profit or loss when financial liabilities carried at amortized cost are derecognized.

Financial liability at fair value through profit or loss

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities classified as fair value through profit or loss are carried at fair value using market rate of interest.

Net gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value due to change in credit risk are taken in to other comprehensive income and other change in fair value and on sale of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the income statement.



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4.2.2.4 Derecognition

Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial liabilities is taken to profit of loss currently.

4.2.3 Impairment

The carrying value of the Investment Bank's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment loss in respect of Financial assets classified as fair value through other comprehensive income (other than debt securities) is recognized based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. A significant or prolonged decline in fair value of an equity investment below its cost is also considered an objective evidence of impairment. The determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment.

In case of impairment of financial assets at FVOCI, the cumulative loss that has been recognized directly in statement of comprehensive income is taken to the statement of profit or loss.

Other individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. All impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

4.3 Derivatives instruments

Derivative instruments are stated at fair value at the reporting date. The fair value of derivatives is equivalent to the unrealized gain or loss from marking the derivatives to market using prevailing market rates at the reporting date. Derivatives with positive market values (unrealized gains) are included in other assets and derivatives with negative market values (unrealized losses) are included in other liabilities. The corresponding gains and losses are included in the statement of profit and loss.

4.4 Securities under repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements

Transactions of repurchase / reverse repurchase of investments securities are entered into at contracted rates for specified periods of time and are accounted for as follows:

Re-purchase agreements

Securities sold with a simultaneous commitment to repurchase at a specified future date (repo) continue to be recognized in the statement of financial position and are measured in accordance with accounting policies for investments. The counter party liability for amounts received under these agreements is included in borrowings from banks /financial institutions. The difference between sale and repurchase price is treated as mark-up on borrowings from banks/financial institutions and accrued over the life of the repo agreement.

Reverse repurchase agreements

Securities purchased with a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (reverse repo) are not recognized in the statement of financial position. Amounts paid under these agreements are recorded as funds placements. The difference between purchase and resale price is treated as return from fund placements with financial institutions and accrued over the life of the reverse repo agreement.



4.5 Margin Trading System (MTS) transactions

Receivable against MTS transactions are recorded at the fair value of the consideration given. The MTS transactions are accounted for on the settlement date. The difference between the purchase and sale price is treated as income from MTS transactions and recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the term of the respective transaction.

4.6 Term finance / credit facilities / loans

Term finances originated by the Investment Bank are stated net of provision for losses if any on such assets. The specific provision for bad and doubtful loans, if any, is determined in accordance with the requirements of the NBFC Regulations. Loans are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

4.7 Net investment in finance lease

Leases in which the Investment Bank transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset to the lessees are classified as finance leases. A receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual value which are included in the financial statements as "net investment in finance leases".

4.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents' comprise of cash in hand, balances in current accounts with banks, short-term bank deposits, short-term placements, short-term running finance and short-term repo borrowings.

4.9 Taxation

Current

The provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at current tax rates after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments where necessary relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during the year.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the liability method in respect of all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts used for financial reporting purpose. Deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the future and the taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted at the reporting date.



4.10 Staff retirement benefits

4.10.1 Defined benefit plan

The Investment Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees. The net defined benefit liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit gratuity scheme, is the present value of the defined benefit obligation both computed at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. An independent actuary using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method calculates the defined benefit obligation periodically. Last valuation was carried out the reporting date. Amounts arising as a result of re-measurements, representing the actuarial gains and losses and the difference between the actual investment returns and the return implied by the net interest cost are recognized in the statement of financial position immediately, with a charge or credit to other Comprehensive Income in the periods in which they occur.

4.10.2 Defined contribution plan

The Investment Bank also operates a recognized contributory provident fund for all of its regular employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Investment Bank and the employees to the fund at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

4.11 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Investment Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Provisions for legal disputes, onerous contracts or other claims are recognized when the Investment Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Investment Bank and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain.

Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Any reimbursement that the Investment Bank can be virtually certain to collect from a third party with respect to the obligation is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

No liability is recognized if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resources is remote.

4.12 Accrued and other liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortized cost which equals / estimated fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received by the Investment Bank.

4.13 Proposed dividend and transfer between reserves

Proposed dividend are transferred between reserves, except appropriations which are required by law, made subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such dividends are declared / transfers are made.



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Dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the shareholders.

4.14 Finance cost

Finance costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying assets. Such borrowing costs, if any, are capitalized as part of the cost of the relevant assets.

4.15 Revenue recognition

- a) Return on term finances and funds placements, is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the principal / net investment outstanding and applicable rates of profit except in case of classified loans on which income is recognized on receipt basis.
 - Interest / markup on rescheduled / restructured advances and investments is recognized in accordance with the guidelines given in the NBFC Regulations.
- b) Return on government securities and term finance certificates represents interest income earned which are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument on a time proportionate basis.
- c) Dividend income on equity investments and units of mutual funds is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- d) Income from fees, commission and brokerage is recognized, when such services are provided.
- e) Other income is recognized as and when incurred.
- f) The Investment Bank follows the 'financing method' in accounting for recognition of finance lease. The total unearned finance income i.e. the excess of aggregate installment contract receivables plus residual value over the cost of the leased asset is deferred and then amortized over the term of the lease, so as to produce a systematic return on the net investment in finance leases.
- g) Revenue from finance leases is not accrued when rent is past due by ninety days or more.
- h) Front end fee and other lease related income is recognized as income on receipt basis.

4.16 Earnings per share (EPS)

The Investment Bank presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Investment Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

4.17 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Investment Bank becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the Investment Bank loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset and in case of financial liability when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.



4.18 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when the Investment Bank has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.19 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the Investment Bank at arm's length prices using the comparable uncontrolled valuation method.

5 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

i) IFRS 9 - Financial Instrument

IFRS 9 replaces the provisions of IAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, derecognition of financial instrument, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting. The adoption of IFRS 9 from July 1, 2018 resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amount recognised in the financial statements. The new accounting policies are set out in the note 4.2, 4.3 and 4.4 above. In accordance with the transitional provisions in IFRS 9, corresponding figures have not been restated.

Classifications and remeasurement

On 1 July 2018 (the date of initial application of IFRS 9), the Company's management has assessed which business models apply to the financial assets held by the Company and has classified its financial instruments into the appropriate IFRS 9 categories. The following table and the accompanying notes below explain the original measurement categories under IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for the Investment Bank's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 1 July 2018.

Financial Assets	Original Classification Under IAS 39	New Classification Under IFRS 9
Investments	Held for trading / Available for sale / Amortised cost	At Fair Value through Profit or loss / Fair Value through OCI / Amortised cost
Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Prepayments and other receivables Markup / interest accrued Cash and bank balance	Loans and Receivables	Amortized Cost
Financial Liabilities	Original Classification Under IAS 39	New Classification Under IFRS 9
Security deposit against finance lead Deferred liability - Staff gratuity Long-term loans Short-term running finance facility Markup / interest accrued Accrued and other payables	Other Financial Liabilities	Amortized Cost Amortized Cost Amortized Cost Amortized Cost Amortized Cost Amortized Cost



Impairment

In relation to the impairment of financial assets, IFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under IAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognized.

The Investment Bank has determined and incorporated the effect of such application of IFRS on its financial statements.

ii) IFRS 15 - Revenue from contracts with customers

The adoption of IFRS 15 did not impact the timing or amount of dividend, profit, markup and other investment income and related assets and liabilities recognized by the Investment Bank. Accordingly, there is no impact on comparative information.

A number of other new standards are effective from July 1, 2018 but they do not have a material effect on the Investment Bank's financial information.



6 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Furniture & Fittings	Office equipment	Computers	Air Conditioners	Vehicles	Leasehold Improvements	Total
				(Rupees)			
Year ended June 30, 2018							
Opening net book value	107,711	187,780	562,352	276,728	1,562,192	-	2,696,763
Additions during the year	-	31,499	124,000	-	5,186,260	-	5,341,759
Disposals							
Cost	-	-	-	-	3,284,880	-	3,284,880
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	(2,720,332)	-	(2,720,332)
					\		
Depreciation for the year	(68,373)	(74,359)	(368,981)	(53,783)	(1,052,144)	-	(1,617,640)
Closing net book value	39,338	144,920	317,371	222,945	5,131,760	-	5,856,334
As at June 30, 2018							
Cost	1,141,088	1,961,156	3,922,732	1,536,662	8,722,162	6,200,000	23,483,800
Accumulated depreciation	(1,101,750)	(1,816,236)	(3,605,361)	(1,313,717)	(3,590,402)	(6,200,000)	(17,627,466)
Net book value	39,338	144,920	317,371	222,945	5,131,760	-	5,856,334
							_
Year ended June 30, 2019							
Opening net book value	39,338	144,920	317,371	222,945	5,131,760	-	5,856,334
Additions during the year	•	96,806	317,035	•	-		413,841
Disposals							
Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation for the year	(39,338)	(79,536)	(189,915)	(53,783)	(1,407,642)	-	(1,770,214)
Closing net book value		162,190	444,491	169,162	3,724,118	•	4,499,961
As at June 30, 2019			4 000 -0-	4 =00 000	0 =00 400		
Cost	1,141,088	2,057,962	4,239,767	1,536,662	8,722,162	6,200,000	23,897,641
Accumulated depreciation	(1,141,088)	(1,895,772)	(3,795,276)	(1,367,500)	(4,998,044)	(6,200,000)	(19,397,680)
Net book value	-	162,190	444,491	169,162	3,724,118	-	4,499,961
Annual rates of depreciation	15%	20%	33%	15%	20%	20%	



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
7	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	-Softwares			
	Opening net book value Additions during the year		-	45,345
	Amortization for the year Closing net book value		<u> </u>	(45,345)
	As at June 30			
	Cost Accumulated amortization Net book value		2,303,930 (2,303,930)	2,303,930 (2,303,930)
	Annual rates of amortization		33%	33%
8	LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS			
	At amortised cost			
	Term finance certificates/sukuk - listedTerm finance certificates/sukuk - unlisted	8.1 8.2	17,500,000 11,357,224	27,500,000 11,357,224
			28,857,224	38,857,224
	At fair value through other comprehensive incom - Quoted shares	іе 8.3	602,717	1,120,715
	- Term finance certificates - listed Total investments	8.4	29,459,941	39,977,939

8.1 Term finance certificates / sukuk - listed

Number of (Certificates	Par Value	Investos	Note	Cos	t
2019	2018	Par value	Investee	Note	2019	2018
	•				Rup	ees
			Commercial Bank			
3,995	3,995	5,000	Summit Bank Limited	8.1.1	19,915,276	19,915,276
			Oil & Gas Marketing Company			
10,000	10,000	5,000	Hascol Petroleum Limited	8.1.2	27,500,000	37,500,000
					47,415,276	57,415,276
			Less: Provision for the period	8.1.1	(9,957,638)	-
			Less: Current maturity	8.1.3	(19,957,638)	(29,915,276)
					17,500,000	27,500,000

- 8.1.1 This represents term finance certificates issued on October 27, 2011 for a period of seven years. Markup payment are made semi annually at the rate of 6 month KIBOR+3.25% (2018: 6 month KIBOR+3.25%). These are due to mature on October 27, 2019. The Investment Bank has provided allowance against such investments as required under the Non Banking Finance Companies Regulation and the applicable financial reporting framework.
- 8.1.2 This represents sukuk certificates issued on January 07, 2016 for a period of six years including one year grace period. Profit payment are due for on quarterly basis at the rate of 3 month KIBOR+1.5% per annum (2018: 3 month KIBOR+1.5% per annum). These are due to mature on January 06, 2022.



8.1.3 This includes current maturity related to Hascol Petroleum Limited and Summit Bank Limited amounting to Rupees 10 million and 9.9 million respectively.

8.2 Term finance certificates/sukuk - unlisted

Number of Certificates		D 1/1		Amortized cost		
2019	2018	Par Value	Investee	2019	2018	
		•		Rup	ees	
8,000	8,000	5,000	Cable & electrical goods New Allied Electronics Industries			
			(Private) Limited - sukuk (refer note 8.2.1)	38,160,166	38,160,166	
			Textile Spinning			
5,000	5,000	5,000	Amtex Limited - sukuk (refer note 8.2.2)	18,750 <mark>,001</mark>	18,750,001	
			Three Star Hosiery (Private) Limited - sukuk			
28,000	28,000	5,000	(refer note 8.2.3)	132,900,000	137,000,000	
			Textile Composite			
860	860	5,000	Azgard Nine Limited - TFC (refer note 8.2.4)	4,300,000	4,300,000	
			Miscellaneous			
10,000	10,000	5,000	Eden Housing Limited - sukuk (refer note 8.2.5)	6,560,000	6,560,000	
			_	200,670,167	204,770,167	
			Less: Provision for non-performing	(189,312,943)	(193,412,943)	
				, , ,	(, , , ,	
			Less: Current maturity (refer note 13)		-	
			<u> </u>	11,357,224	11,357,224	

- 8.2.1 This represents sukuk certificates issued on December 3, 2007 for a period of five years and markup rate of 3 month KIBOR + 2.20% with a floor of 7% and cap of 20% payable half yearly. These certificates are secured against bank guarantee of First Dawood Investment Bank Limited and ranking charge over present and future assets of the company. This has been classified as non performing investment by the Investment Bank under loss category and the Investment Bank has made provision of the entire amount.
- **8.2.2** This represents sukuk certificates issued on October 12, 2007 for a period of five years and markup rate of 3 month KIBOR + 2% with a floor of 11% and cap of 25% payable quarterly . These certificates are secured against bank guarantee of Bank of Punjab. This has been classified as non performing investment by the Investment Bank under loss category and the Investment Bank has made entire amount provision after considering the amount received by registrar Lahore High Court in March 2011.
- 8.2.3 This represents sukuk certificates issued on August 5, 2008 for a period of five years and markup rate of 3 month KIBOR + 3.25% with a floor of 11% and cap of 25%. These certificates are secured against bank guarantee of First Dawood Investment Bank and ranking charge over assets of the investee. This was due to mature on August 6, 2013. This has been classified as non performing investment by the Investment Bank under loss category and the Investment Bank has made entire amount provision. The Investment Bank has filed suit to recover the amount in Sindh High Court Karachi in year 2013.
- 8.2.4 This represents term finance certificates issued on March 1, 2014 at 'Zero' rate for a period of three years. These were issued under Master Restructuring Agreements dated December 1, 2010 and matured on March 31, 2017. This has been classified as non performing investment by the Investment Bank under loss category and the Investment Bank has made provision of entire amount.



8.2.5 This represents sukuk certificates issued on December 31, 2007 for a period of five years and markup rate of 6 month KIBOR + 2.5% with a floor of 7% and cap of 20% payable semi-annually. These certificates have been restructured and rescheduled on January 10, 2010 and matured on June 29, 2014. This has been classified as non performing investment by the Investment Bank under loss category and the Investment Bank has made entire amount provision of the principal amount after considering Forced Sale Value of the collateral as per NBFC's & NE's Regulations.

8.3 Quoted shares

Number of	Certificates	Par Value	Investee Company		Carrying value	Market Value	Carrying value	Market Value
2019	2018	value			20	2019 2018		18
			Agritech Limited			Ru	pees	
242,055	242,055	10	(refer note 8.3.1)		3,727,647	602,717	5,857,102	1,1 <mark>20,715</mark>
					3,727,647	602,717	5,857,102	1,120,715
			Less: Impairment against					
			investments		-		(2,129,455)	-
					3,727,647	602,717	3,727,647	1,120,715
			Less: Deficit on					
			remeasurement					
			(refer note 8.6 & 21)		(3,124,930)	-	(2,606,932)	-
					602,717	602,717	1,120,715	1,120,715

8.3.1 This represents 242,055 shares of Agritech Limited acquired from Azgard Nine Limited as part of multiple agreements including the Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA). These shares were subject to restriction on transfer and were pledged in favor of Faysal Bank Limited in its capacity as the trustee of the TFC issue under Share Transfer and Debt Settlement Agreement. During the year the restriction on transfer has been removed and the shares has been transferred to the CDC account of the Investment Bank.

8.4 Term finance certificates - Listed

Number of C	Certificates	Par	Investos Company	Cost	Market Value	Cost	Market Value
2019	2018	Value	Investee Company	20	19	20	18
					Ru	ipees	
			Textile Composite				
			Azgard Nine Limited				
4,000	4,000	5,000	(refer note 8.4.1)	6,507,678	6,507,678	6,507,678	6,507,678
			Technology and Communication Worldcall Telecom Limited				
6,886	6,886	5,000	(refer note 8.4.2)	11,158,939	11,158,939	13,221,549	13,221,549
				17,666,617	17,666,617	19,729,227	19,729,227
			Less: Provision against non-performing investments	(17,666,617)	(17,666,617)	(19,729,227)	(19,729,227)
					-	-	-
			Less: Current maturity (refer note 13	-	-		
					·		



- 8.4.1 This represents Term Finance Certificates issued on September 20, 2005 at the rate of 6 month KIBOR + 2.4%. These certificates have been restructured and rescheduled under Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA) dated December 1, 2010, and was due to mature on September 20, 2017. This has been classified as non performing investment by the Investment Bank under loss category and the Investment Bank has made 100% provision of the principal amount after considering FSV of the collateral as per NBFC's & NE's Regulations. These certificates are secured by first pari passu charge on the present and future assets of the investee Company.
- 8.4.2 This represents Term Finance Certificates issued on October 7, 2008 for a period of five years. Markup payment are made semi annually at the rate of 6 month KIBOR + 1.6%. The issue is secure by first pari passu charge on the present and future fixed assets of the investee Company. These were due to mature on October 7, 2015. Further, these TFCs are restructured on April 28, 2018 and due to mature on September 20, 2026. This has been classified as non performing investment under loss category and the Investment Bank has made entire amount provision.

		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
8.5	PROVISION FOR DIMINUTION IN VALUE OF LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Balance at the beginning of the year Charged for the year Reversal for the year (Reversal) / Provision Balance at the end of the year		213,142,170 9,957,638 (6,162,609) 3,795,029 216,937,199	215,692,170 - (2,550,000) (2,550,000) 213,142,170
8.6	DEFICIT ON REMEASUREMENT OF LONG-INVESTMENTS - Fair value through other		ve income	
	Balance at the beginning of the year Charge during the year Balance at the end of the year	8.3	2,606,932 517,998 3,124,930	3,683,448 (1,076,516) 2,606,932
9	LONG-TERM LOANS AND FINANCES			
	Loan to employees Loan to others- term finance facility (secured)	9.1 9.2	4,714,309 519,394,284 524,108,593	5,988,335 345,911,419 351,899,754
9.1	Loan to employees			
	Housing loan - secured - Executives - Employees Mark-up receivable on house loans	9.1.1 & 9.1.2 9.1.2 9.1.2	331,619 1,901,456 2,233,075 1,724,220 3,957,295	492,011 2,198,588 2,690,599 2,327,502 5,018,101
	Other loans - unsecured - Executives	9.1.1	1,569,724	1,705,450
	- Employees	9.1.3	1,442,244 3,011,968	1,058,270 2,763,720
	Current portion - House loans - Other loans	13	(1,797,430) (457,524) (2,254,954) 4,714,309	(457,524) (1,335,962) (1,793,486) 5,988,335



9.1.1 Reconciliation of carrying amount of Chief Executives and Executives is as follows:

	2019			2018		
	Chief executive officer	Executives	s Total	Chief executive officer	Executives	Total
			Rupee	s		
Opening balance	1,705,450	492,011	2,197,461	610,295	652,403	1,262,698
Disbursed		919,558	919,558	2,372,800	-	2,372,800
Transfer	-	-		-		
Payment/(Receipt)	(889,800)	(325,876)	(1,215,676)	(1,277,645)	(160,392)	(1,438,037)
	815,650	1,085,693	1,901,343	1,705, <mark>450</mark>	492,011	2,197,461

These loans and advances have been made in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017.

- 9.1.2 These represent loans provided to the executives and employees for purchase of property in accordance with the human resource policy and are repayable on monthly basis over a period of 15 years. These loans carry mark-up rate at 4% (2018: 4%) per annum. These loans are secured against mortgage of properties.
- **9.1.3** These represent loans provided to the executives and employees and are repayable on monthly basis over a period upto 3 years. These loans are unsecured and interest free.

	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
9.2 Loan to others - term finance fa	cility (secured)		
Interest bearing			
Gharibwal Cement Limited	9.2.1	12,160,000	16,720,000
Chenab Limited	9.2.2	14,978,125	14,978,125
Hashwani Hotels Limited	9.2.3	35,714,286	22,626,569
Tandlianwala Sugar Limited	9.2.4	98,750,000	98,750,000
Pioneer Cement Limited	9.2.5	90,268,673	45,854,210
Power Cement Limited	9.2.6	74,573,022	58,395,062
Technology Links Private Limited	9.2.7	8,333,328	13,333,332
Shakarganj Sugar Mills Limited	9.2.8	95,000,000	95,000,000
Pak Hy Oils Limited	9.2.9	90,000,000	-
Hussain Sugar Mills Limited	9.2.10	100,000,000	-
Loans to individuals	9.2.11	4,400,000	8,825,000
		624,177,434	374,482,298
Non - interest bearing			
		624,177,434	374,482,298
Less: Provision for impairments	9.2.12	(929,037)	(929,037)
Less: Current maturity	13	(103,854,113)	(27,641,842)
		519,394,284	345,911,419



- 9.2.1 This represents term finance facility issued on September 09, 2005 for a period of ten years. Markup payment are made at the rate of 3 month KIBOR. This was restructured on March 01, 2013 and is due to mature on February 28, 2023. This is secured by pari passu charge over all fixed assets of the borrower.
- 9.2.2 This represents term finance facility issued on January 30, 2008 for a period of five years at markup rate of 6 month KIBOR + 3%. The facility is secured against first pari passu charge over fixed assets. This was due to mature on January 30, 2013. The Investment Bank has classified the amount and accordingly made provision of entire amount after considering FSV of the collateral held as per NBFC and NE regulations. The Investment Bank has filed suit to recover the outstanding amount in Banking Court. The case is still pending in the court.
- 9.2.3 This represents participation in syndicated term finance facility. The tenor of the facility is six years at markup rate of 6 month KIBOR+ 2.30% upto two principal repayments and thereafter 6 month KIBOR+ 1.80%. Facility is secured by way of charge over fixed assets with 25% margin.
- 9.2.4 This represents participation in syndicated term finance facility. The tenor of the facility is six years at markup rate of 3 month KIBOR + 2% and the principal is repayable in 16 quarterly equal installments with 2 years grace period. The facility is secured against first pari passu hypothecation charge over all present and future movable fixed assets with 25% margin. This facility will be matured on March 29, 2023.
- 9.2.5 This represents participation in syndicated term finance facility. The tenor of the facility is seven years inclusive of grace period of two years at markup rate of 6 month KIBOR + 1.1% and the principal is repayable in ten consecutive half yearly installments whereas the markup is repayable calendar quarterly. The facility is secured against first pari passu hypothecation/mortgage charge over all present and future assets of the Company with 25% margin.
- 9.2.6 This represents participation in syndicated term finance facility. The tenor of the facility is eight and half (8.5) years inclusive of grace period of two and half (2.5) years at markup rate of 6 month KIBOR + 2.25% per annum. The facility is secured against charge/mortgage over fixed assets of the Company with 25% margin and is repayable in twelve consecutive half yearly installments.
- 9.2.7 This represents a medium term finance which carries a profit rate of one month KIBOR + 4% per annum and is repayable in equal 36 monthly installments. The facility is secured against mortgage of property and ranking hypothecation charge over current assets of the Company with 35% margin.
- 9.2.8 This represents a medium term finance. The facility carries a profit rate of 3 months KIBOR + 3.5% per annum. The facility is secured against pledge of PSX 100 Index shares with 35% margin and and ranking hypothecation charge over present and future assets of the Company with 25% margin and is repayable in equal six quarterly installments. after grace period of 18 months. Interest is repayable in quarterly installments.
- 9.2.9 This represents term finance facility which carries a mark-up rate of one month KIBOR + 4% per annum payable in equal 60 monthly installments with one year grace period. The facility is secured against pledge of PSX 100 index shares with 30% margin, mortgage of property with 35% margin, ranking charge on all present and future assets of the company with 25% margin and personnel guarantees of Chief Executive and Directors of the Company.



- 9.2.10 This represents term finance facility for a period of five years including nine months grace period and carries mark-up rate of 3 months KIBOR + 4% per annum and is repayable in 17 quarterly equal installments. The facility is secured by way of first pari passu charge over all present and future fixed assets of the company with 25% margin. Personnel guarantees of Chairman and Chief Executive of Hussain Sugar Mills and subordination of Director loan of Rs.500 million.
- **9.2.11** This represents financing to individuals against pledge of units of mutual funds.

					Note	2019 Rupe		2018 Rupees	S
9.2.12	Provision for impa	airment							
	Balance at the beg Provision made du non performing lo Balance at the end	ring the year oan					,037) - ,037)	(929,0	<u>-</u>
10	NET INVESTMENT	·	CE I FASE				,,,,,,	(1.17)	
10	INC. INVESTMENT	INTINANC	DE LEAGE						
	Lease rental receiv	able				1,992		891,	
	Residual value Gross investment	in finance	lease		10.1	2,744	2,000 2,698	333,4 1,225,1	
		III IIIIaiioo	.0000		10.1	_,,	,,,,,,	1,220,	
	Less: Unearned fin	ance lease l	ncome				,262)	(68,	
	Less: Current matu	rity of net in	vestment			2,528	,436	1,156,8	833
	in finance lease	inty of flot in	VOSITIOTIC		13	(922	,451)	(509,5	568)
	Net investment in fi	nance lease)			1,605		647,2	
			2019				2018		
10.1 C	Description	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Later that five years	an Total	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Later than five years	Total
			_		—— Rupe	es			
Lease rer	ntals receivable	1,103,357	889,341		1,992,698	509,568	382,176		891,744
	ed residual value	333,400	418,600		752,000	-	333,400		333,400
Guaranto	-	1,436,757	1,307,941		2,744,698	509,568	715,576		1,225,144
Finance of periods	charge for future	(145,676)	(70,586)		(216,262)	(55,066)	(13,245)		(68,311)
Present v lease pay	alue of minimum ments	1,291,081	1,237,355	-	2,528,436	454,502	702,331	-	1,156,833



- **10.1.1** The Investment Bank's implicit rate of return on leases ranges between from 9.92% to 14.1% per annum (2018: 9.09 % to 9.45% per annum). These are secured against leased assets and security deposits generally upto 20% of the cost of leased assets.
- **10.1.2** Lease rentals received during the year aggregate to Rs. 898,418 (2018: 509,568).

		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
11	LONG-TERM DEPOSITS			
	Security deposit with Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited Others		50,000 7,500 57,500	50,000 7,500 57,500
12	DEFERRED TAX ASSET Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary diff	erences:		
	-Provisions -Accelerated tax depreciation allowance -Surplus on revaluation of investments -Gratuity	12.1 & 12.2	69,927,969 1,474,532 1,792,964 863,441 74,058,906	69,450,009 1,954,487 847,864 705,065 72,957,425

12.1 The management of the Investment Bank has prepared financial projections. The said projections are based on certain key assumptions made for the estimation of future profitability. The determination of future taxable profit is most sensitive to certain key assumptions. A significant change in the key assumptions and estimates may have an effect on the recovery of the deferred tax asset. The management believes that the Investment Bank will be able to achieve the profit projected in the financial projections and consequently the deferred tax asset accounted for in the financial statements will be fully realized in the future.

12.2 Movement in deferred taxation

	Balance at June 30, 2018	Recognized in profit & loss	Recognized in equity	Balance at June 30, 2019
		Rup	ees	
The following deductible temporary differ arising on account of:	ences			
-Provisions	69,450,009	477,960	-	69,927,969
-Accelerated tax depreciation allowance	1,954,487	(479,955)	-	1,474,532
-Surplus on revaluation of investments	847,864	-	945,100	1,792,964
-Gratuity	705,065	248,248	(89,872)	863,441
	72,957,425	246,253	855,228	74,058,906



				201	8	
		Balance at June 30, 2017	Recog in pr & lo	ofit	Recognized in equity	Balance at June 30, 2018
				Rup	ees	
	The following deductible temporary differ arising on account of:	rences				
	- Provisions	71,539,195	(2,08	9,186)	-	69,450,009
	- Accelerated tax depreciation allowance	2,074,541	(12	0,054)	-	1,954,487
	- Surplus on revaluation of investments	-		-	847,864	847,864
	- Gratuity	1,676,025		0,024)	19,064	705,065
		75,289,761	(3,19	9,264)	866,928	72,957,425
				20	10	2018
		N	ote		ees	Rupees
40			-	•		•
13	CURRENT PORTION OF NON - CUR	RENI ASSET	S			
	Investments					
	Current portion of term finance					
	certificates - listed Loans and finances	8.1	& 8.4	19,9	57,638	29,915,276
	Current portion of loans to employees		9.1	2.2	54,954	1,793,486
	Current portion of loans to other- term			,	, , ,	, 11, 11
	finance facility (secured)		9.2		54,113	27,641,842
	Net investment in finance lease			106,1	09,067	29,435,328
	Current maturity of net investment in					
	finance lease		10	9	22,451	509,568
						· .
				126,9	89,156 	59,860,172
14	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS					
	Fair value through other comprehen Dewan Cement Limited - Pre IPO	sive income				
	term finance certificates		14.1	43.0	69,617	43,069,617
	Quoted shares		14.2	1	61,817	16,435,019
	Mutual Funds	•	14.3	20,2	63,142	24,642,502
	Investments at market value			93,1	94,576	84,147,138
14.1	Pre IPO term finance certificates					
	Dewan Cement Limited				00,000	50,000,000
	Less: provision Term finance certificate - Dewan Ceme	ent Limited			30,383) 69,617	(6,930,383) 43,069,617
	13 manos sormoato Dowari Gerrie	Liiiitou		-+0,0	=======================================	.0,000,017

14.1.1 This investment has been classified under loss category and accordingly made 100% provision after considering FSV of the collateral held as per NBFC and NE regulations.



14.2 Quoted shares

			20	2019		2018
Number o	f Shares		Cost	Market Value	Cost	Market Value
2019	2018	Investee	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
(The face value of	of each share is	Rs.10/-)				
,		Automobile Assembler				
20	_	Indus Motor Co. Ltd.	25,809	24,078		-
			,	,		
		Cable and Electrical Goods				
500	-	Pak Electron Ltd.	12,993	10,010	-	-
		Cement				
1,200	-	Cherat Cement Ltd.	98,150	37,152	-	-
100	-	D. G. Khan Cement Ltd.	9,694	5,654	-	-
180	-	Kohat Cement Co. Ltd.	14,693	9,455	-	-
1,200	-	Lucky Cement Ltd.	573,197	456,564	-	-
8,000	-	Mepal Leaf Cement Factory Ltd.	401,620	191,120	-	-
		Chemicals				
815,800	815,800	Agritech limited	12,563,320	2,031,342	13,428,068	3,777,152
4,000	-	Engro Polymer & Chemical Ltd.	135,286	107,840	-	-
400	-	Sitara Chemicals	121,731	122,348	-	-
		Commercial Banks				
22,900	15,000	Allied Bank Ltd.	2,253,313	2,404,958	1,467,750	1,547,250
2,500	-	Askari Bank Ltd.	53,833	47,275	-	-
23,850	<u>-</u>	Bank Al-Falah Ltd.	1,162,299	1,039,622	-	-
13,500	-	Bank Al-Habib Ltd.	1,084,324	1,058,130	-	-
28,500	-	Bank of Punjab	371,368	260,775	-	-
20,288	10,088	Habib Bank Ltd.	3,327,318	2,297,819	1,813,991	1,679,047
500	-	Habib Metropolitan Bank Ltd.	20,322	18,040	-	-
3,300	-	MCB Bank Ltd.	644,733	575,685	-	-
1,650	-	Meezan Bank Ltd.	136,497	143,814	-	-
70,000	70,000	National Bank Ltd. (refer note 14.2.1)	3,858,395	2,356,200	3,858,395	3,315,900
8,600	-	United Bank Ltd.	1,286,099	1,267,468	-	-
		Engineering				
1,700	-	International Steel Ltd.	130,021	67,507	-	-
7,000	-	Mughal Iron & Steel Industries	336,409	176,120	-	-
		Fertilizer				
3,910	-	Engro Corporation Ltd.	1,101,395	1,038,496	-	-
15,500	12,500	Engro Fertilizers Ltd.	1,088,191	991,535	743,005	936,375
6,000	-	Engro Fertilizer Bin Qasim Ltd.	252,182	109,380	-	-
11,000	7,500	Fauji Fertilizer Co. Ltd.	1,131,476	959,200	613,539	741,675
		Food & Personal Care Products				
4,000	-	Fauji Foods Ltd.	126,723	52,760	-	-
2,800	-	Matco Foods Ltd.	82,475	75,656	-	-
		Glass & Ceramics				
2,800	-	Tariq Glass Ltd.	253,894	214,564	-	-
Carry forward			32,657,760	18,150,567	21,924,748	11,997,399



			20	2019		2018
Number o	f Shares		Cost	Market Value	Cost	Market Value
2019	2018	Investee	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Brought forward			32,657,760	18,150,567	21,924,748	11,997,399
		Insurance				
5,500	-	Adamjee Insurance Ltd.	264,285	192,775	-	-
		Oil and Gas Exploration				
5,300	3,000	Pakistan Oilfields Limited	2,199,259	2,151,217	1,326,319	2,015,370
14,280	5,000	Pakistan Petroleum Limited	2,324,429	2,062,460	816,300	1,074,500
770	-	Mari Petroleum Co. Ltd.	981,410	777,184	-	-
11,000	-	Oil & Gas Development Company Ltd.	1,591,610	1,446,390	-	-
		Oil and Gas Marketing				
360	-	Attock Petroleum Ltd.	166,618	103,864	-	-
605	-	Hascol Petroleum Ltd.	130,381	41,515	-	-
2,120	-	Pakistan State Oil Co. Ltd.	532,415	359,616	-	-
3,500	-	Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd.	321,532	243,215	-	-
		Paper & Board				
3,000	_	Century Paper & Board Mills	202,714	93,450	_	_
1,325	_	Cherat Packaging Ltd.	205,562	106,848	_	_
1,020		Official Fundaying Etc.	200,002	100,040		
		Pharmaceuticals				
1,000	-	Glaxo Smithkline Pak. Ltd.	115,123	95,330	-	-
		Power Generation & Distribution				
25,000	25,000	Kot Addu Power Co. Ltd.	1,512,352	909,500	1,512,352	1,347,750
32,500	-	K-Electric Ltd.	194,326	142,674	-	-
6,500	-	Saif Power Ltd.	164,362	121,940	-	-
15,500	-	The Hub Power Co. Ltd.	1,364,015	1,220,624	-	-
		Refinery				
250	-	Attock Refinery Ltd.	41,885	19,317	-	-
400	-	National Refinery Ltd.	129,109	45,387	-	-
		Technology & Communication				
4,400	-	Systems Ltd.	412,876	422,267	-	-
		Textile Composite				
11,500	_	Gul Ahmed Textile Mills Ltd.	526,242	541,880	_	_
5,000	_	Nishat (Chunian)Ltd.	250,927	175,100	_	_
4,700	_	Nishat Mills Ltd.	643,250	438,697	_	_
4,700		Nishat Willis Eta.	46,932,442	29,861,817	25,579,719	16,435,019
		Less: Impairment against investments	-	-	(864,748)	-
		L D.C."				
		Less: Deficit on remeasurement	/43 A34 A45		(0.070.050)	
		(refer note 21 & 14.4)	(17,070,625)		(8,279,952)	40.405.040
			29,861,817	29,861,817	16,435,019	16,435,019

14.2.1 This represents investment in shares of associated undertaking which has been made in accordance with the requirements under the Act 2017.



14.3 Mutual Funds

			20	19		2018
Number	of Units	Investor	Cost	Market Value	Cost	Market Value
2019	2018	- Investee	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
		Open-End Mutual Fund				
1,622,639	1,622,639	NBP Stock Fund 14.3.1	25,000,000	19,459,661	25,000,000	23,727,202
30,000		HBL Growth Fund	576,000	493,581	-	-
		Close-End Mutual Fund				
		HBL Growth Fund Class A				
30,000	30,000	(formerly PICIC Growth Fund)	522,300	309,900	446,248	915,300
			26,098,300	20,263,142	25,446,248	24,642,502
		Less: Deficit on remeasurement	(5,835,158)		(803,746)	-
			20,263,142	20,263,142	24,642,502	24,642,502

14.3.1 This represents investment in units of mutual fund of associated undertaking which has been made in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017.

			Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
14.4	DEFICIT ON REMEASUREMENT OF IN	VESTM	ENTS		
	Fair value through other comprehensive	/e inco	me		
	Balance at the beginning of the year			9,083,698	4,337,247
	Charged for the year			13,822,085	4,746,451
	Reversal for the year			13,822,085	4,746,451
				10,022,000	1,7 10,101
	Balance at the end of the year		14.2 & 14.3	22,905,783	9,083,698
15	SHORT-TERM PLACEMENTS				
	Term deposit receipts (TDR)		15.1	420,000,000	430,000,000

15.1 This represents placements with financial institutions under term deposit receipts carrying markup rate of 12.5% to 14% per annum (2018: 8.6% to 10% per annum).

16 MARKUP / INTEREST ACCRUED

Accrued profit/markup/interest on:

- Term finance certificates/sukuk	24,952,734	24,836,190
- Term finances	50,805,354	41,989,391
- Placements	9,988,500	16,802,523
	85,746,588	83,628,104
Less : provision for markup/interest	(24,678,110)	(24,331,966)
	61,068,478	59,296,138



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
17	PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Prepayments		845,613	1,095,965
	Other receivable			
	Dividend receivableMiscellaneous		66,000 911,6 <mark>13</mark>	13,125 130,943 1,240,033
18	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Balance with banks - Deposit accounts - Current account with State Bank of Pakistan Cash in hand	18.1	35,996,693 262,932 3,420 36,263,045	208,789,997 268,383 18,020 209,076,400
18.1	Effective markup rate in respect of deposit accounts per annum.	ranges fror	· ·	ŕ
		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
19	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP SHARE CA	PITAL		
	28,500,000 (2018: 28,500,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as fully paid in cash.		285,000,000	285,000,000
20	36,500,000 (2018: 36,500,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares. RESERVES		365,000,000 650,000,000	365,000,000 650,000,000
	Capital Statutory reserve	20.1		134,582,762
20.1	Revenue Accumulated Profit / (loss) Statutory reserve		92,830,246 92,830,246	(51,489,845) 83,092,917
	Opening balance Transferred from profit or loss account Transferred to general reserve Closing balance	20.2	134,582,762 - (134,582,762) -	132,744,837 1,837,925 - 134,582,762

20.2 As per the requirement of regulation no. 16 of the Non Banking Finance Companies Regulations 2008, the requirement of creating Statutory Reserves has ceased to be applicable for the Investment Bank subsequent of its opting to act as Non Deposit taking Investment Bank status w.e.f July 01, 2018. Accordingly, the entire statutory reserve amount is transferred to general reserve.



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
21	DEFICIT ON REMEASUREMENT OF INVESTMENTS - NET			
	Fair value through other comprehensive income	9		
	Shares-long term	8.3	(3,124,930)	(2,606,932)
	Shares-short term	14.2	(17,070,625)	(7,810,900)
	Mutual Fund	14.3	(5,835,158)	(1,272,798)
	Related deferred tax (asset)		1,792,964	847,864
			(24,237,7 <mark>49)</mark>	(10,842,766)

22 DEFERRED LIABILITY - STAFF GRATUITY

22.1 Actuarial Assumptions

As disclosed in note 4.12.1, the Investment Bank operates a funded gratuity scheme for its staff employees. The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at June 30, 2019 using the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method.

		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
22.2	Defined benefit liability recognized in balance sheet			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Benefits due but not paid	22.3 22.4	6,660,846 (3,578,669)	5,954,769 (3,524,350)
	Defined benefit liability recognized		3,082,177	2,430,419
22.3	Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation			
	Opening defined benefit obligation		5,954,769	5,026,310
	Current service cost Interest cost		742,922 535,930	533,378 397,850
	Benefits due but not paid Benefits paid Re-measurements chargeable in other		-	- (106,358)
	comprehensive income		(572,775)	103,589
			6,660,846	5,954,769
22.4	Changes in the fair value of plan assets			
	Opening fair value of plan assets		3,524,350	6,182,293
	Contribution Interest income on plan assets		- 317,192	4,000,000 371,792
	Benefits paid		-	(7,069,776)
	Return on plan assets, excluding interest income		(262,873)	40,041
			3,578,669	3,524,350



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
22.5	Movement in net liability			
	Opening liability Expense recognized in profit and loss	22.6	2,430,419 961,660	5,807,435 559,436
	Re-measurements recognized in other	22.0	301,000	555,450
	comprehensive income Contribution	22.7	(309,902)	63,548 (4,000,000)
	Closing liability		3,082,177	2,430,419
22.6	Expense recognized in statement of profit of	or loss		
	Current service cost		742, <mark>922</mark>	53 3,378
	Interest cost		535,9 <mark>30</mark>	397,850
	Expected return on plan assets		(317,192)	(371,792)
			961,660	559,436
22.7	Re-measurements recognized in other comprehensive income			
	Experience adjustments		(572,775)	103,589
	Return on plan assets - excluding interest inco	me	262,873	(40,041)
			(309,902)	63,548
	Related deferred tax (asset)		89,872	(19,064)
			(220,030)	44,484

22.8 The present value of defined benefit obligation, fair value of plan assets and surplus or deficit on gratuity fund for the five years is as follows:

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
			Rupees		
Present value of defined obligation	6,660,846	5,954,769	5,026,310	10,640,382	9,966,985
Fair value of plan assets	(3,578,669)	(3,524,350)	(6,182,293)	(5,922,616)	(6,041,285)
	3,082,177	2,430,419	(1,155,983)	4,717,766	3,925,700
Breakup of Investments - at fair va	alue		2019 Rupees		2018 Rupees
Investment in National Savings (including accrued interest) Investment in KAPCO Shares - 500	Shares				3,639,155
@ Rs. 36.38 each (2018: 53.91 each	ach)		18,19	90	26,955
Cash at bank			4,783,17	73	404,239
Less: assets for Defined Contribution	n Scheme		(1,222,69	94)	(545,999)
			3,578,66	59 	3,524,350



	Percentag	ge
Significant Actuarial Assumption		
Discount rate used for interest cost in profit and loss charge Discount rate used for year end obligation	9.00% 14.25%	8.00% 9.00%
Maturity profile of Present value of defined		
benefit obligation		
Weighted average duration of the Present value of defined benefit obligation (in years)	8	9
	Percenta	ge
Plan Assets Comprise		
Bond	0.00%	89.41%
Equity	0.38%	0.66%
Cash and /or deposits	99.62%	9.93%
	100.00%	100.00%
	2019	2018
Sensitivity Analysis on significant	Rupees	Rupees
actuarial assumptions:		
Discount Rate +100 bps	6,135,238	5,454,518
Discount Rate - 100 bps	7,258,603	6,528,201
Expected rate of salary increase + 100 bps	7,253,072	6,522,620
Expected rate of salary increase - 100 bps	6,130,886	5,450,191

These figures are based on the latest actuarial valuation as at June 30, 2019. The valuation uses the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method.

The Investment Bank recognizes expense in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

The expected gratuity expense for the year ending June 30, 2020 works out to be Rs.1.220 million.

		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
23	LONG-TERM LOAN			
	From Banking Companies - Secure National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) -	d		
	an associated undertaking Current portion of long term loans	23.1	140,625,000 (78,125,000) 62,500,000	187,500,000 (62,500,000) 125,000,000
			02,300,000	123,000,000

23.1 The Investment Bank has obtained a five year term loan in FY-2016 from National Bank of Pakistan, an associated company, with a grace period of one year. The loan is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments commencing from July 2017 and carried markup @ 3 months KIBOR plus 0.75% per annum (2018: KIBOR plus 0.75%), maturing in June 2021. The loan is secured by first pari passu hypothecation charge over all present and future assets of the Bank.



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
24	SECURITY DEPOSIT AGAINST FINANCE LEASE	24.1	752,000	333,400

24.1 These represent deposit against finance lease and are adjustable against the residual value of the asset leased at the expiry of respective lease term.

		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
25	SHORT-TERM RUNNING FINANCE FACILITY	•		
	MCB Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan -	25.1	375,978,184	302,137,856
	an associated undertaking	25.2	99,999,951 475,978,135	99,999,951

- 25.1 This represents short term running finance obtained against TDR from MCB Bank Limited carrying markup rate of 3 month KIBOR plus 0.6% (2018: 3 month KIBOR plus 0.6%) per annum.
- 25.2 This represents short term running finance obtained with a limit of Rs.100 million (2018: 100 million) carrying markup at a rate based on 3 month KIBOR plus 1% (2018: 3 month KIBOR + 1%) per annum. The running finance is secured by first pari passu hypothecation charge against all present and future assets of the Investment Bank with 25% margin.

		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
26	MARKUP / INTEREST ACCRUED			
	Mark-up accrued on:			
	Secured Loans and borrowings including			
	running finance facility Unsecured	26.1	15,139,704	5,462,564
	Certificates of deposits		1,560,137 16,699,841	1,560,137 7,022,701

26.1 This amount includes markup due to National Bank of Pakistan, an associated undertaking.



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
27	ACCRUED AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Guarantee margin	27.1	24,000,000	-
	Accrued expenses		2,648,124	3,327,861
	Other liabilities		2,970,633	2,360,693
			29,618,757	5,688,554

27.1 It represents cash margin from Shakanganj Sugar Mills Limited against shortfall on value of shares pledged.

28 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies

There are no material contingencies as at the reporting date (2018: Nil)

Commitments

Standby letter of credit	28.1	43,907,813	33,848,438
Letter of credit exposure - Pioneer Cement Ltd.	28.2	9,731,326	28,561,667
Letter of credit exposure Power Cement Ltd.	28.3	1,637,762	7,647,405

- 28.1 This represents the Investment Bank's share in standby letter of credit under agreement of participation dated December 13, 2010 with Allied Bank Limited that is a primary party to the Hubco Power Company Limited for the purpose to guarantee the equity investment, over running of Laraib project and short falling in debt servicing reserve account. Under the said agreement, the Investment Bank irrevocably agrees and undertakes with Allied Bank Limited to take undivided share of 2.5% in standby letter of credit up to November 17, 2019.
- 28.2 This represents the Investment Bank's participation in syndicated Term Finance L/C facility to the extent of Rs.100 million for import of plant and machinery. Initially the facility will be non-funded and the Investment Bank has recorded it as contingencies liability, subsequently upon requirement of L/C documents the payment will be made through the facility will become funded.
- 28.3 This represents the Investment Bank's participation in syndicated Term Finance L/C facility to the extent of Rs.100 million for import of plant and machinery (subsequently reduced to Rs.75.0 million). Initially the facility will be non-funded and the Investment Bank has recorded it as contingencies liability, subsequently upon requirement of L/C documents the payment will be made through the facility will become funded.

N 29 INCOME FROM TERM FINANCES AND FUNDS PLACEMENTS	lote 2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
Income from long-term finances Return on fund placements with financial institutions	57,393,193 29.1 48,045,190 105,438,383	14,839,176 74,885,484 89,724,660
29.1 Return on fund placements with financial institutio	ns	
bank balance term deposit receipts	13,660,595 34,384,595 48,045,190	31,511,628 43,373,856 74,885,484



FIRST CREdIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.

		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
30	INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS			
	Return on term finance certificates / sukuks Dividend income on fair value through		3,526,747	6,586,180
	other comprehensive income investments	30.1	1,849,975	840,851
	Capital gain on securities		248,690 5,625,412	7,427,031
30.1	Scrip wise details of dividend is as follows:			
	Adamjee Insurance Company Limited		13,750	-
	Allied Bank Limited		185,800	108,750
	Askari Bank Limited		2,500	-
	Attock Petroleum Limited Bank Al-Falah Limited		11,100 58,775	-
	Bank Al-Habib Limited		33,750	_
	Bank of Punjab		25,500	
	Ceuntry Paper & Board Mills		2,250	_
	Cherat Cement Limited		2,800	_
	Cherat Packaging Limited		10,813	
	D.G.Khan Cement Company		5,950	-
	Engro Corporation Limited		86,770	-
	Engro Fertilizer Limited		208,000	106,250
	Engro Polymer & Chemical Limited		11,100	-
	Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited		6,000	-
	Fauji Fertilizer Limited		96,750	54,375
	Glaxo Smithkline Pakistan Limited		7,000	-
	Gul Ahmed Textile Mills Limited		15,000	-
	Habib Bank Limited		84,220	55,484
	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited		1,000	-
	Hascol Petroleum Limited		2,100	-
	Indus Motor Company Limited		4,200	-
	International Steel Limited		15,450	-
	JS Principal Secured Fund		101,312	-
	Kohat Cement Company Limited		3,000	-
	Kot Addu Power Company Limited		157,500	227,500
	Lucky Cement Limited		8,800	-
	Mari Petroleum Company Matco Foods Limited		5,090 2,400	-
	MCB Bank Limited		52,400 52,400	-
	Meezan Bank Limited		4,500	-
	Millat Tractor Ltd.		10,500	-
	Carry forward		1,236,080	552,359
	Sarry forward		1,200,000	002,000



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
	Brought forward		1,236,080	552,359
	Mughal Iron & Steel Industries		5,500	-
	Nishat (Chunian) Limited		43,000	-
	Nishat Mills Limited		19,950	-
	Oil & Gas Development Limited		86,900	28,492
	Pakistan Oil Fields Limited		231,000	127,500
	Pakistan Petroleum Limited		16,800	50,000
	Pakistan State Oil Company		22,600	-
	PICIC Growth Fund		\-	82,500
	Pioneer Cement Ltd.		24,420	-
	Saif Power Limited		8,450	-
	Sui North Gas Pipelines Limited		24,675	-
	Systems Limited		8,000	-
	Tariq Glass Limited		18,000	-
	The Hub Power Company Limited		23,800	-
	United Bank Ltd.		80,800	-
			1,849,975	840,851
31	FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME			
	Guarantee commission		277,457	437,143
	Processing & participation fee		4,983,469	3,150,000
			5,260,926	3,587,143
32	OTHER INCOME			
	Interest income on loan to employees		99,235	129,181
	Gain on disposal of fixed asset		· -	330,848
	Miscellaneous		419,735	1,450,400
			518,970	1,910,429
33	FINANCE COSTS Markup/Interest on:			
	- Long-term loans		16,176,309	15,762,629
	- Short-term running finance facility		35,818,721	28,969,624
	- Other charges		217,820	191,828
			52,212,850	44,924,081



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
34	ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATING EXPENS	SES		
	Salaries and allowances Travelling, conveyance and meeting charges Printing and stationery Rent, rates and taxes	34.1 to 34.3	24,193,470 3,861,580 370,325 4,254,867	20,614,712 3,566,675 400,662 4,363,173
	Legal and professional		836,979	1,210,796
	Repairs and maintenance		491,606	641,295
	Auditors' remuneration	34.4	1,016,000	954,760
	Newspaper and periodicals		22,355	19,818
	Postage and courier services		37, <mark>363</mark>	96,415
	Telephone, telex and fax		389, <mark>341</mark>	395,805
	Electricity, gas and water charges		1,075,337	983,710
	Advertisement and business promotion		507,136	583,391
	Fees and subscription		2,230,603	2,680,285
	Security guards		382,800	500,732
	Insurance		723,746	662,875
	Brokerage and commission		54,949	58,807
	Motor vehicle running expenses		1,721,277	1,200,589
	Office supplies		195,513	205,536
	IT support		496,738	298,884
	Training Paragistics	6	40,000	54,650
	Depreciation Amortization	6 7	1,770,214	1,617,640 45,345
	Corporate Social Responsibility	,	200,000	
	es, por ate essati responsibility		44,872,199	41,156,555
34.1	It includes charge for gratuity and provident fun	d as follows:		
	- Gratuity		961,660	559,436
	- Provident fund		734,497	500,623
			1,696,157	1,060,059
			Unaudited ———Rupee	Audited
34.2	Disclosures relating to provident fund		Kupee	.5
	(i) Size of the fund - net assets		11,399,481	9,726,798
	(ii) Cost of Investment made (iii) Percentage of Investment made		11,274,059 98.90%	9,690,101 99.62%
	Breakup of Investment -at fair value			0 470 605
	Investment in National Savings Deposit with Bank Accounts		- 11,274,059	8,472,685 1,217,416
	Deposit with Bank Accounts		11,274,059	9,690,101
	Percentage of Investment	;	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,,,,
	Investment in National Savings		0.0%	87.4%
	Deposit Account		100.0%	12.6%
		:	100%	100%



- **34.2.1** These investments are made meeting the requirement of Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Employee's Provident Fund Rules, 1996.
- **34.3** The aggregate amounts incurred during the year for remuneration including all benefits to Chief Executive Officer, directors and executives of the Investment Bank are:

		201	9	
	President & Chief Executive Officer	Executive	Directors	Total
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Rupe	es	
B				
Director's meeting fee	-	-	2,520,000	2,520,000
Managerial remuneration	3,604,500	2,097,048	-	5,701,548
Annual allowance	2,162,700	1,502,952	-	3,665,652
Retirment benefits	548,481	217,500	-	765,981
Others	300,375	349,508	-	649,883
Total	6,616,056	4,167,008	2,520,000	13,303,064
Total numbers	1	3	7	
		201	8	
	President &	201	8	
	President & Chief Executive Officer	201 Executive	8 Directors	Total
	Chief Executive Officer	Executive		
Director's meeting fee	Chief Executive Officer	Executive	Directors	
Director's meeting fee Managerial remuneration	Chief Executive Officer	Executive	Directors es	
	Chief Executive Officer	Executive Rupe	Directors es	2,000,000
Managerial remuneration	Chief Executive Officer 	ExecutiveRupe	Directors es	2,000,000 4,899,012
Managerial remuneration Annual allowance	Chief Executive Officer - 3,337,500 2,057,607	ExecutiveRuper - 1,561,512 1,378,633	Directors es	2,000,000 4,899,012 3,436,240
Managerial remuneration Annual allowance Retirment benefits	Chief Executive Officer 	ExecutiveRuper - 1,561,512 1,378,633	Directors es	2,000,000 4,899,012 3,436,240 618,000

34.3.1 In addition, the chief executive officer and executives are provided with free use of Investment Bank provided cars in accordance with the terms of their employment.



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
34.4	Auditors' remuneration			
	Statutory audit Half yearly review Other services	34.4.1	565,000 220,000 75,000	510,000 200,000 94,000
	Out of pocket expenses Sales tax		80,740 940,740 75,260 1,016,000	80,037 884,037 70,723 954,760
34.4.	It represents various certification provided under diff	ferent rules a	nd regulati <mark>ons.</mark>	
35	TAXATION			
	Current Prior Deferred	12.2	6,284,468 (352,668) (246,253) 5,685,547	3,767,787 (354,739) 3,199,264 6,612,312
35.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit			
	Profit before taxation		15,202,846	15,801,936
	Tax at applicable rate of 29% (2018: 30%)		29%	30%
	Tax calculated at applicable tax rate Impact of taxability at different rate Prior year tax adjustment Tax effect other than temporary difference Effect of change in tax rate Tax charge for the year		4,408,825 (264,062) (352,668) 4,325,366 (2,431,914) 5,685,547	4,740,581 (357,361) (354,739) 5,012,533 (2,428,702) 6,612,312
35.2	The income tax assessment of the Investment Ban self assessment scheme.	k has been fi	nalized up to the tax 2019	year 2018 under
36	EARNINGS PER SHARE -Basic and Diluted			es
	Profit after taxation		9,517,299	9,189,624
	Number of shares		Number of	shares
	Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year		65,000,000	65,000,000
			Rupe	es
	Earnings per share (EPS)		0.15	0.14

There are no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.



		Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
37	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT			
	Cash and bank balances Short-term placements Short-term running finance facility	18 15 25	36,263,045 420,000,000 (475,978,135) (19,715,090)	209,076,400 430,000,000 (402,137,807) 236,938,593
38	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY	1		
	Financial assets as per statement of financial	cial position		
	At amortised cost Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long term deposit's Short-term placements Markup/interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balances Fair value through other comprehensive in Investments	ncome	48,814,862 630,217,660 2,528,436 57,500 420,000,000 61,068,478 66,000 36,263,045 1,199,015,981	68,772,500 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 1,149,838,521
			1,292,813,274	1,235,106,374
	Financial liabilities as per statement of fina	ancial position		
	Loans and receivables at amortised cost Security deposit against finance lease Long-term loan Short-term running finance facility Markup / interest accrued Accrued expenses and other payables		752,000 140,625,000 475,978,135 16,699,841 27,063,238 661,118,214	333,400 187,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701 3,762,617 600,756,525

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Investment Bank's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Investment Bank's financial performance.

The Investment Bank's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk of the Investment Bank are being managed by the Investment Bank's management in accordance with the approved policies of the Investment Bank whereas the board of directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Investment Bank's risk management framework The Investment Bank's overall risk management programme focuses on having cost efficient funding as well as to manage financial risk to minimize earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders.

Risk management is carried out by the Investment Bank's Finance Department under policies approved by the Board.

39.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. The Investment Bank is exposed to market risk as a result of mismatches or gaps in the amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period. The Investment Bank manages this risk by matching the re-pricing of financial assets and liabilities through risk management strategies.

Market risk mainly comprises of currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.



39.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Investment Bank, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

39.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. An entity is exposed to interest rate risk / market rate risk as a result of mismatches or gaps in the amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period. The Investment Bank manages this risk by matching the re-pricing of financial assets and liabilities through risk management strategies.

Financial assets and liabilities include balances of Rs. 1,197.87 million (2018: Rs. 1,154.08 million) and Rs. 616.60 million (2018: Rs. 589.64 million) respectively, which are subject to interest / markup rate risk. Applicable interest /mark-up rates for financial assets and liabilities have been indicated in respective notes.

The Investment Bank's exposure to yield / market rate risk and the effective rates on its financial assets and liabilities are summarized as follows:

		Ex	posed to yield	/ market rate	risk	
	Effective	Total	Within	More than	More than	Not exposed
	rate %		one year	one year and less than five years	five years	to yield / market rate risk
A 4 1 00 0040	_		Rup	ees		
As at June 30, 2019			·			
Financial Assets						
Investments	11.07%	142,612,155	63,027,255	49,120,366	-	30,464,534
Loans and finances	13.00%	630,217,660	106,053,141	505,057,673	16,094,878	3,011,968
Net investment in finance lease	9.08%	2,528,436	922,451	1,605,985	-	-
Long-term deposits		57,500	-	-	-	57,500
Short-term placements	13.27%	420,000,000	420,000,000	-	-	-
Markup / interest accrued		61,068,478	-	-	-	61,068,478
Other receivables		66,000	-	-	-	66,000
Cash and bank balance	9.88%	36,263,045	35,996,693	-	-	266,352
		1,292,813,274	625,999,540	555,784,024	16,094,878	94,934,832
Financial Liabilities						
Security deposit against finance le	ase	752,000	-	-	-	752,000
Long-term loans	11.99%	140,625,000	78,125,000	62,500,000	-	-
Short-term running finance facility	11.73%	475,978,135	475,978,135	-	-	-
Markup / interest accrued		16,699,841	-	-	-	16,699,841
Accrued expenses and other paya	bles	27,063,238	-	-	-	27,063,238
		661,118,214	554,103,135	62,500,000	-	44,515,079
	-					
On-balance sheet gap	=	631,695,060	71,896,405	493,284,024	16,094,878	50,419,753



Exp	posed to yield	d / market rate	risk	
tal	Within	More than	More than	Not expos
			£:	املمان مه

Effec	ctive	Total	Within	More than	More than	Not exposed	
ra	te		one year	one year and	five years	to yield /	
%	, 0			less than		market	
				five years		rate risk	
			_				
			Ru	pees			

As at June 30, 2018

Financial Assets

Investments	8.73%	154,040,353	72,984,893	62,584,426	-	18,471,034
Loans and finances	7.78%	381,335,082	29,379,402	333,097,082	16,094,878	2,763,720
Net investment in finance lease	9.09%	1,156,833	509,568	647,265	-	-
Long-term deposits		57,500	-	-	-	57,500
Short-term placements	9%	430,000,000	430,000,000	-	-	-
Markup / interest accrued		59,296,138	-	-	-	59,296,138
Other receivables		144,068	-	-	-	144,068
Cash and bank balance	7%	209,076,400	208,789,997	-	-	286,403
		1,235,106,374	741,663,860	396,328,773	16,094,878	81,018,863

Financial Liabilities

	333,400	-	-	-	333,400
7.00%	187,500,000	62,500,000	125,000,000	-	-
7.04%	402,137,807	402,137,807	-	-	-
	7,022,701	-	-	-	7,022,701
	3,762,617	-	-	-	3,762,617
	600,756,525	464,637,807	125,000,000	-	11,118,718
	634,349,849	277,026,053	271,328,773	16,094,878	69,900,145
		7.00% 187,500,000 7.04% 402,137,807 7,022,701 3,762,617 600,756,525	7.00% 187,500,000 62,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701 3,762,617 600,756,525 464,637,807	7.00%	7.00% 187,500,000 62,500,000 125,000,000 - 7.04% 402,137,807 - - - 7,022,701 - - - - 3,762,617 - - - - 600,756,525 464,637,807 125,000,000 -

39.1.3 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in the market prices (other than those arising from interest/ mark up rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all or similar financial instruments traded in the market. Presently, daily stock market fluctuation is controlled by government authorities with cap and floor of 5%. The restriction of floor prices reduces the volatility of prices of equity and debt securities and the chances of market crush at any moment. The Investment Bank manages the price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity and debt instruments in accordance with NBFC's regulation and internal investment policy. Reports on the equity and debt portfolio are submitted to the Investment Bank's senior management on regular basis. The Investment Bank's board of directors reviews and approves all equity and debt investment decisions. The Investment Bank is exposed to price risk since it has investments in quoted equity and debt securities amounting to Rs. 68.2 million (2018: 69.9 million).



The carrying value of investments subject to equity price risk is based on quoted market prices as of the reporting date. Market prices are subject to fluctuation and consequently the amount realized in the subsequent sale of an investment may significantly differ from the reported market value. Fluctuation in the market price of a security may result from perceived changes in the underlying economic characteristics of the investee, the relative price of alternative investments and general market conditions. Furthermore, amount realized in the sale of a particular security may be affected by the relative quantity of the security being sold.

Sensitivity analysis

The table below summarizes Investment Bank's equity price risk as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 and shows the effects of a hypothetical 10% increase and a 10% decrease in market prices as at the year end reporting dates. The selected hypothetical change does not reflect what could be considered to be the best or worst case scenarios. Indeed, results could be worse because of the nature of equity markets and the aforementioned concentrations existing in Investment Bank's equity and debt investment portfolio.

		Fair value	Hypothetical price change	Estimated fair value after hypothetical change in prices	Hypothetical increase (decrease) in shareholders' equity	Hypothetical increase (decrease) in profit / (loss) after tax
					Rupees	
June 30, 2	2019	77,879,810	10% increase	85,667,791	7,787,981	7,787,981
			10% decrease	70,091,829	(7,787,981)	(7,787,981)
June 30, 2	018	74,971,010	10% increase	82,468,111	7,497,101	7,497,101
			10% decrease	67,473,909	(7,497,101)	(7,497,101)

39.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Investment Bank attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counter parties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counter parties.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet their contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of an entity's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Investment Bank follows two sets of guidelines. It has its own operating policy and the management of the Investment Bank also adheres to the regulations issued by the SECP. The operating policy defines the extent of fund and non-fund based exposures with reference to a particular sector or group.

The Investment Bank seeks to manage its credit risk through diversification of financing activities to avoid undue concentrations of credit risk with individuals or groups of customers in specific locations or businesses. Its also obtains securities when appropriate. Details of the composition of finance portfolios of the Investment Bank are given below:



	2	019	201	8
Investment and Finances *	Rupees	%	Rupees	%
Automobile Assembler	24,078	0.00%	-	0.00%
Constructions	6,560,000	0.85%	6,560,000	1.30%
Cable & Electrical Goods	10,010	0.00%	2,504,583	0.50%
Cement	220,771,258	28.53%	164,038,889	31.40%
Chemical	2,864,247	0.37%	6,575,917	1.30%
Close - End Mutual Fund	309,900	0.04%	-	0.00%
Open - End Mutual Fund	19,953,242	2.58%	-	0.00%
Commercial Banks	31,385,061	4.06%	50,185,811	9.60%
Engineering	243,627	0.03%	13,333,332	2.60%
Fertilizer	3,098,611	0.40%	-	0.00%
Food & Personal Care Products	128,416	0.02%	-	0.00%
Glass & Ceramics	214,564	0.03%	-	0.00%
Insurance	192,775	0.02%	915,300	0.20%
Oil & Gas Exploration Companies	6,437,252	0.83%	3,089,870	0.60%
Oil & Gas Marketing Companies	118,248,209	15.28%	37,500,000	7.20%
Paper & Board	200,298	0.03%	-	0.00%
Pharmaceuticals	95,330	0.01%	-	0.00%
Power Generation & Distribution	4,948,519	0.64%	-	0.00%
Refinery	64,706	0.01%	-	0.00%
Hotel Industries	35,714,286	4.62%	22,626,569	4.30%
Sugar & Allied Industries	293,750,000	37.96%	193,750,000	37.20%
Technology & Communication	8,755,596	1.13%		0.00%
Textile Composite	14,985,057	1.94%	19,775,349	3.80%
Textile Spinning	4,797,224	0.62%		0.00%
	773,752,266	100%	520,855,620	100%

^{*} Investment and finances are net of provisions.

The credit quality of the Investment Bank's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit rating as follows:

Banks	nks Rating Agency		Rating		
		Short term	Long term		
MCB Bank Ltd.	PACRA	A1+	AAA		
National Bank of Pakistan	JCR-VIS	A1+	AAA		
Allied Bank Ltd	PACRA	A1+	AAA		
Khushhali Microfinance Bank	JCR-VIS	A-1	A+		
Tameer Microfinance Bank Limited	PACRA	A1	A+		
NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited	PACRA	A1	Α		
FINCA Microfinance Bank	JCR-VIS	A-1	Α		
U Microfinance Bank	JCR-VIS	A-1	Α		
The First Microfinance Bank	JCR-VIS	A-1	A+		

39.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet the commitments associated with financial instruments. To safeguard this risk, the Investment Bank has diversified sources of funds and assets are managed with liquidity in mind, maintaining a healthy balance of cash and cash equivalents and readily marketable securities. The maturity profile of assets and liabilities is monitored to ensure adequate liquidity is maintained. The Investment Bank has the ability to mitigate any short-term liquidity gaps by disposal of short-term investments and the availability of liquid funds at short notice.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Investment Bank assets and liabilities. The contractual maturities of assets and liabilities at the year-end have been determined on the basis of the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date and do not take account of the effective maturities as indicated by the Investment Bank's history and the availability of liquid funds.



Assets and liabilities not having a contractual maturity are assumed to mature on the expected date on which the assets / liabilities will be realized / settled.

on which the assets / liabilities wil	. Do rounzou / com	100.		
		VA /(4)- (More than one	M 41
	Total	Within	year and less	More than
		one year	than five years	five years
As at June 30, 2019		Rupe	es	
710 41 04110 00, 2010				
Financial Assets				
Investments	142,612,155	113,152,214	29,459,941	_
Loans and finances	630,217,660	106,109,067	508,013,715	16,094,878
Net investment in finance lease	2,528,436	922,451	1,605,985	-
Long-term deposits	57,500	-	57,500	_
Short-term placements	420,000,000	420,000,000	51,655	_
Markup / interest accrued	61,068,478	61,068,478	_	_
Other receivables	66,000	66,000	_	_
Cash and bank balance	36,263,045	36,263,045	_	_
Caon and bank balance	1,292,813,274	737,581,255	539,137,141	16,094,878
	1,202,010,214	707,001,200	000,101,141	10,004,010
Financial Liabilities				
Security deposit against finance lease	752,000	333,400	418,600	-
Long-term loans	140,625,000	78,125,000	62,500,000	-
Short-term running finance facility	475,978,135	475,978,135	' ' -	-
Markup / interest accrued	16,699,841	16,699,841	-	-
Accrued expenses and other payables	27,063,238	27,063,238	-	-
	661,118,214	598,199,614	62,918,600	-
On-balance sheet gap	631,695,060	139,381,641	476,218,541	16,094,878
	Total	Within one year	More than one year and less than five years	More than
As at June 30, 2018	Total	one year	year and less	More than five years
As at June 30, 2018	Total	one year	year and less than five years	More than five years
As at June 30, 2018 Financial Assets	Total	one year	year and less than five years	More than five years
	Total	one year	year and less than five years	More than five years
Financial Assets		one year Rupe	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments	154,040,353	one year Rupe	year and less than five years res	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances	154,040,353 381,335,082	one year Rupe 114,062,414 29,435,328	year and less than five years res	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833	one year Rupe 114,062,414 29,435,328	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500	one year Rupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000	one yearRupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138	one yearRupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068	one yearRupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400	one yearRupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400	year and less than five years res	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 1,235,106,374	one yearRupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities Security deposit against finance lease	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 1,235,106,374	one year Rupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 842,523,916	year and less than five years res	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities Security deposit against finance lease Long-term loans	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 1,235,106,374	one year 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 842,523,916	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities Security deposit against finance lease Long-term loans Short-term running finance facility	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 1,235,106,374 333,400 187,500,000 402,137,807	one year 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 842,523,916	year and less than five years res	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities Security deposit against finance lease Long-term loans Short-term running finance facility Markup / interest accrued	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 1,235,106,374 333,400 187,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701	one year Rupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 842,523,916 - 62,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701	year and less than five years res	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities Security deposit against finance lease Long-term loans Short-term running finance facility	333,400 187,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701 3,762,617	one year Rupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 842,523,916 - 62,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701 3,762,617	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities Security deposit against finance lease Long-term loans Short-term running finance facility Markup / interest accrued	154,040,353 381,335,082 1,156,833 57,500 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 1,235,106,374 333,400 187,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701	one year Rupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 842,523,916 - 62,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701	year and less than five years res	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities Security deposit against finance lease Long-term loans Short-term running finance facility Markup / interest accrued Accrued expenses and other payables	333,400 187,500,000 187,500,000 187,500,000 187,500,000 187,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701 3,762,617 600,756,525	one year	year and less than five years es	More than five years
Financial Assets Investments Loans and finances Net investment in finance lease Long-term deposits Short-term placements Markup / interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balance Financial Liabilities Security deposit against finance lease Long-term loans Short-term running finance facility Markup / interest accrued	333,400 187,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701 3,762,617	one year Rupe 114,062,414 29,435,328 509,568 - 430,000,000 59,296,138 144,068 209,076,400 842,523,916 - 62,500,000 402,137,807 7,022,701 3,762,617	year and less than five years es	More than five years



40 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Investment Bank ability to continue as a going concern, so that it could continue to provide adequate returns to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk. It is the policy of the Investment Bank to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The impact of the level of capital on shareholders' return is also recognized and the Investment Bank recognizes the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The capital structure of the Investment Bank consist of equity comprising issued share capital, statutory reserves and un-appropriated profits.

Goals of managing capital

The goals of managing capital of the Investment Bank are as follows:

To be an appropriately capitalized institution, as defined by regulatory authorities and comparable to the peers;

Maintain strong ratings and to protect against unexpected events;

Availability of adequate capital at a reasonable cost so as to expand and achieve low overall cost of capital with appropriate mix of capital elements.

The NBFC's & NE's Regulations 2008 issued by SECP prescribed the minimum equity requirements for NBFCs licensed by the Commission to undertake different form of business.

41 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair values of all financial instruments as at year end are based on the valuation methodology outlined below:

a) Finance and certificates of deposit

For all finances (including certificates of deposit) the fair values have been taken at carrying amounts as these are not considered materially different from their fair values based on the current yields / market rates and re-pricing profits of similar finance and deposit portfolios.

b) Investments

The fair values of quoted investments are based on quoted market prices. Unquoted investments, except where an active market exists, are carried at cost less accumulated impairment, if any, which approximates their fair value in the absence of an active market.



The Investment Bank uses following fair value hierarchy that reflects significance of inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

		2019	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		Rup <mark>ees</mark>	
Listed securities	88,185,314	-	-
Unlisted securities		11,357,224	-
	88,185,314	11,357,224	-
		2018	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		Rupees	
Listed securities	99,613,512	-	-
Unlisted securities		11,357,224	-
	99,613,512	11,357,224	<u> </u>

c) Other financial instruments

The fair values of all other financial instruments are considered to approximate their carrying amounts.

42 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise associated undertakings, key management personnel and retirement benefit schemes. The Investment Bank in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Amounts due from and to associated undertakings, executives and remuneration of directors and executives are disclosed in the relevant notes. Transactions with related parties other than disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

Associated Undertakings	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
Transactions during the year			
National Bank of Pakistan (NBP holds 30.77% of FCIBL Share	s)		
Mark-up on long-term loan	33	16,176,309	15,762,629
Mark-up on running finance	33	10,106,031	3,110,957
Rent paid		4,106,020	4,182,310
Taurus Securities Limited (NBP holds 58.32% of Taurus Secu Limited Shares)	rities		
Brokerage expense		26,886	3,250



	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
Balance at year end			
National Bank of Pakistan (NBP holds 30.77% of FCIBL Shares)			
Investment in shares at cost	14.2	3,858,395	3,858,395
Long-term loan	23.1	140,625,000	187,500,000
Short term running finance	25.2	99,999,951	99,999,951
NAFA Stock Fund (NBP holds 54% shares of NBP Fund Manag Limited - Management Company of the Fund		25,000,000	25,000,000
Key Management Personnel			
Salaries, benefits and other allowances	34.3	10,783,064	9,231,377
Retirement benefits	34.3	765,981	618,000
Return on long-term loans		-	34,800
Balance at year end		3,001,405	3,983,301
Staff Retirement Plans			
Contribution to staff retirement Plans	34.1	734,497	500,623
3 EMPLOYEES		2019 Num	2018 lbers ————
Employees at the end of the year		18	18
Average employees during the year		18	17

44 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees.

45 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 28, 2019 has proposed final dividend of Rs.0.30 per share (i.e. 3%) for the year ended June 30, 2019 amounting to PKR 19,500,000/- (2018: Nil) for the approval of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 25, 2019. These financial statements do not reflect these appropriations and the proposed dividend payable.

46 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements was authorized for issue on September 28, 2019 by the Board of Directors of the Investment Bank.

MUHAMMAD KAMRAN

Chief Financial Officer

MUHAMMAD MOHSIN ALI

President & CEO

MUHAMMAD AMEEN

Director



First Credit And Investment Bank Ltd.

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2019

Number of		Shareholding		Percentage
Shareholders	From	То	Shares held	%
050	4	400	5 000	0.0070
258	1	100	5,020	0.0072
546	101	500	253,002	0.3892
68	501	1,000	6 <mark>5,743</mark>	0.1011
54	1,001	5,000	1 <mark>39,408</mark>	0.2145
9	5,001	10,000	68,000	0.1046
4	10,001	15,000	49,000	0.0754
2	30,001	35,000	65,000	0.1000
1	155,001	160,000	56,500	0.2408
1	4,800,001	4,805,000	4,801,703	7.3872
1	6,605,001	6,610,000	6,606,246	10.1635
1	12,790,001	12,795,000	12,790,378	19.6775
2	19,995,001	20,000,000	40,000,000	61.5385
947			65,000,000	100.0000

The Slabs representing nil holding have been omitted

Categories of Shareholders	Number	Shares Held	Percentage
Directors / Chief Executive	4	3,000	0.0047%
Associated companies, undertakings			
& related parties	5	64,198,327	98.7667%
General Public			
Local	292	765,536	1.1776%
Foreign	7	29,637	0.0456%
Others	2	3,500	0.0054%
Total	947	65,000,000	100.0000%



PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS REQUIRED UNDER THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AS AT JUNE 30, 2019

Categories of Shareholders	Number of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentag %
Associated Companies, Undertakings Related Parties Sponsors & Acquirers			
National Bank of Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority Sardar Mohammad Ashraf D. Baluch	1 1	20,000,000 20,000,000	30.7692% 30.7692%
& Co. (Pvt.) Ltd. Lilley International (Pvt.) Ltd. Sardar Mohammad Ashraf D. Baluch	1 1	12,790,3 <mark>78</mark> 6,606,246	19.6775% 10.1635%
(Pvt.) Ltd.		<u>4,801,703</u> 64,198,327	7.3872% 98.7666%
Mutual Fund			
NIT and ICP			
Directors, Chief Executive and their spouses and minor children			
Mr. Muhammad Naeemuddin	1	500	0.0008%
Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Hussain Mr. Muhammad Ameen	1	500 500	0.0008% 0.0008%
Mr. Muhammad Mohsin Ali	1	1,500	0.0023%
Executives			
Public Sector Companies & Corporation Banks, Development Finance Institutions Non-Banking Companies and Mutual Funds			
General Public	936	795,173	1.2233%
Others	2	3,500	0.0054%
Total	947	65,000,000	100.0000%
Shareholders holding 5% or more voting interest			
National Bank of Pakistan	1	20,000,000	30.7692%
Water & Power Development Authority (WAPDA)	1	20,000,000	30.7692%
Sardar Mohammad Ashraf D. Baluch &	ı	20,000,000	00.1002/0
Co. (Pvt.) Ltd.	1	12,790,378	19.6775%
Lilley International (Pvt.) Limited Sardar Mohammad Ashraf D. Baluch (Pvt.) Ltd	1 J. 1	6,606,246 4,801,703	10.1635% 7.3872%



FORM OF PROXY

The Company Secretary
First Credit and Investment Bank Ltd.
2nd Floor, Sidco Avenue Centre,
Stratchen Road,
Karachi -74200
Pakistan.

I/We					
,		(name)			
of				D	eing member(s)
of First Credi	t and Investment Bank Ltd. and	(address) holder of			Ordinary
			(nur	mber of shares)	
Shares as pe	er Share Registered Folio No	and/or	CDC Partio	cipant I.D No	
and Sub Acc	ount No.	_hereby appoint			of
				(name)	
	(address)	or failing him/her		(name	`
of	(address)				ny proxy to vote
		(address)			, ,
	on my behalf at the Annua				
	2019 at 05:30 p.m. at PIIA (Pakis	stan Institute of Intern	ational Affa	irs) Auditorium,	Aiwan-e-Saddar
Road, Karacl	nı.				
Signed this _		day of	2019	7	
1. Witness:					
_					
Name				Signature or	,
Address				Rs. 5/-	
CNIC or		S	ignature	Revenue Star	np
				nature should agre	
2. Witness:			S	specimen registere	
Signature				the Company	')
Name					
Address					
01110					
CNIC or					
rassport #					

IMPORTANT:

- In order to be effective, the proxy forms must be received at the office of our Registrar THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 40-C, First Floor, Block-6, PECHS, Karachi-75400 not later than 48 hours before the meeting duly signed and stamped and witnessed by two persons with their signatures, names, address and CNIC numbers given on the form.
- In the case of individuals attested copies of CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- In the case of proxy by a corporate entity, Board of Directors Resolution / power of attorney and attested copy CNIC or passport of the proxy shall be submitted alongwith proxy form.
- Proxy shall authenticate his / her identity by showing his / her original national identity card or original
 passport and bring folio number at the time of attending the meeting.



FIRST CREdIT AND INVESTMENT BANK LTd.



AFFIX CORRECT POSTAGE

First Credit And Investment Bank Ltd.

Registrar:

THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited 40-C, First Floor, Block-6, PECHS, Karachi-75400.

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فارم	سی	1
-		*

, ,		مسميني سيرثرى
		فرسث كريذك اينذانو يسنمنك بيئك لمينذ
		سين فاورسد كوسينشراس ثير كان رود
		کراچی 74200
بحثيت بمبرفرست كريثرث ابنذانو يسشن وبنك لمينذاورحامل	ماكن	يل ا بهمشمى استماة
	ے تحت اور یای ڈی میشرا کند ارآئی ڈی نمب	عام هنم ، رجنز و فوليونبر
	ساكن	يبال محترم المحترمه
رتا/ كرتى مول جوميرى جكمينى كے سالاند اجلاس عام جوبروز جعد 25 اكتوبر 2019	and the same	The second secon
1500	الوان صدررو ذکراچی میں منعقد جور ہاہے شرکت کر۔ ا	
	LI ROM EL NOVEMBER LE POLICIE	
	2019 كود شخط كيا گيا۔	Jo.z Jo.z.
		صحواه نمبر-ا
		نام
پانچ روپے کے ربونیو اسٹیپ پر		=
وستخط (به وستخط کمپنی کے پاس رجشرڈ		پاسپورٹ/CNIC نمبر
مونے سے مطابقت ہوٹالازی ہے۔)		و بالمراجع
		حواه نمبريه
	_	
		≈
		ياسپورث/CNIC نمبر
		دستخط
		ابم نكات_
Bot on Color and and a second	week Committee of the	CERCITO
شناختی کارڈ نمبر کے ساتھ یہ پرائسی فارم اجلاس کے وقت ہے کم از کم 48 کھنے قبل ہمارے میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں		
	ئے کمیٹٹر کے دفتر ہمقام فرسٹ فلور ،C - 40 ، ہلاک 6 میں میں میسر کر ہورہ دھے افتر سر میں اور میں ک	
)تصدیق شدہ نفول پراکسی فارم کےساتھ ڈپٹی کرنا ہوگئی۔ سی رامیس کی تقدید شریفتا اس کیسن میں ساتھ ہیشک مادیکا		
ی یا پاسپدرٹ کی تصدیق شدہ نقول پرائسی فارم کے ساتھ پیش کرنا ہوگئی۔ بھی جہ اواد نامیر گا	ف دامر بیسرزی حرار دادر پادرا ف اتاری بی این ای پنااهس کمپیوشرا کند ژشناختی کار ژیایا سپورٹ اور فولیونمبر؟	
-09(000),00	ي ال المتراس المراس المراسية المراس الراسة ١٠	



ٹکٹ چسپاں کریں۔

فرست كريڈٹ اينڈ انويسٹمنٹ بينک لميٹڈ

شیمرُ رجسْرار: THKایسوی اینس (پرائیوٹ) لمیٹڈ 40-Cفرسٹ فلور، ہلاک نمبر6، PECHS کراپی ۔75400

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کمپنی میں خُیر ہولڈنگ 30 جون 2019 کو کمپنی میں خُیر ہولڈنگ

			تفلقه كهينز مقرره اور
			عفلقه فريقين اسالسرداورا يكواريز
30.7692%	20,000,000	1	يعمل بيك آف يأكتان
30.7692%	20,000,000	1	الر ايند پاور دو طينت القارقي
19.6775%	12,790,378	1	ردار گله اشرف لای الوی
			ينز كو (پائيون) لمينز
10.1635%	6,606,246	1	في اعربيتنس (پرائيويث) لمويند
7.3872%	4,801,703	1	روار محمد اشرف وی. بلوی
98.7666%	64,198,327	5	يائيونل شيونار
		/	جی فلار
			يهآئ أو آئى لي
			ۋازىكىرز چىف اىگىزىكىلىغ آفىر،
			شوہر ا بیوی اور نابالغ یج
0.0008%	500	1	منز محد هيم الدين
0.0008%	500	1	مشر محمد اقبال حبين
0.0008%	500	1	مستر محد الين
0.0023%	1,500	1	مـــرُ محد محن على
			الكيزيكيني
			پیک سکٹر کمپینر اور کارپوریش
			بینک، ڈولینٹ فائنانس ادارے
			نان بیکنک فائنانس کمینیز باهی فنزز
1.2233%	795,173	936	جزل پیک
0.0054%	3,500	2	£,
100.0000%	65,000,000	947	j)
6 6		1	خُير بولدُنگ %5 اور ذائد
30.7692%	20,000,000	1	يور دون الماريون ميمل بينك آف پاکستان
30.7692%	20,000,000	1	واثر ابيند ياور ڈوليونٹ اتفارنی
	,	70	واگر ایند پاور دونیات اهاری سردار محمد اشرک ڈی. بلوئ
19.6775%	12,790,378	1	ترور که انزک دی. بوجی اینه که . (دِانِویت) کمرینهٔ
			The second secon
10.1635%	6,606,246	1	الى الربطل (پائيويث) لميثله
7.3872%	4,801,703	1	The state of the s
372%	4,801,703	1	مردار فحد اشرف ذی. بلودی (پائیویٹ) کمینٹر



خَير ہولڈنگ پٹیرن بمطابق30جون 2019

كخير جولذرز	خير مولثة يك		كل فيرزى مكيت	فعد
کی تعداد	ے	تک		%
258	1	100	5,020	0.0072
546	101	500	253,002	0.3892
68	501	1,000	65,743	0.1011
54	1,001	5,000	139,408	0.2145
9	5,001	10,000	68,000	0.1046
4	10,001	15,000	49,000	0.0754
2	30,001	35,000	65,000	0.1000
1	155,001	160,000	56,500	0.2408
1	4,800,001	4,805,000	4,801,703	7.3872
1	6,605,001	6,610,000	6,606,246	10.1635
1	12,790,001	12,795,000	12,790,378	19.6775
2	19,995,001	20,000,000	40,000,000	61.5385
947			65,000,000	100.0000

مندرجه بالاسليب بين صفر مولد مك كوشاط نبين كيا كياب-

	ي <i>مد</i> %	فیرزی کمکیت	بر	تخیر ہولڈرزک درجہ بندی
2	0.0047%	3,000	4	ڈائر کیٹرز / سیامیاو متعلقہ تمپینز، مقررہ اور
	98.7667%	64,198,327	5	متعلقه فريقتين اسإنسرزاوررا يكواريز
	1.1776%	765,536	292	جزل پیک نوکل
	0.0456%	29,637	7	غيرمكي
	0.0054%	3,500	2	ديكر
	100.0000%	65,000,000	947	نوش



وڈیولنک کے ذریعے میٹنگ میں شرکت:

وہ ثیم ہولڈرز جن کی مجموعی ثیم ہولڈنگ %۱۰ یاذا کد ہےاوروہ میٹنگ میں وڈ ایولنگ کے ذریعے حتہ لینے کیلئے کمپنی سےمطالبہ کر سکتے ہیں۔اورا گرآپ بیہ ہولت حاصل کرنا چا ہے ہیں تو براوم ہربانی درج ذیل فارم پرکر کے رجسڑ ڈپتہ پرمیٹنگ سے سات دن پہلے جمع کرائیں۔

میں ا ہم (شیئر بولڈرکا نام).....شرکا نام ایف ی آئی بی ایل کاممبر ہونے کے تحت

نمبر بذر ليد بنرابيقام بسينگ مين و ديونک کي سولت حاصل کرنا چا بتا ارچا مجارت

ممبرکے دستخط

سمپنی میٹنگ ہے کم از کم پانچ دن پہلے تمام کمل معلومات فراہم کرے گی جوانبیں اس ہولت تک رسائی کے قابل بناسکیں گی۔



بيك اكاؤنث نمبرا كى لياا اين	
ويك كانام	
بینک کی برانج اورکوڈنمبر	
ينك ي	

IBAN مبیائر نے کی صورت بیں ایس ای می فی کی ہدایات کی روشی بیس کمپنی ایسے صعص داران کے نقد ڈ یو پیشند کی ادیکی رو کئے کی پابند ہوگی۔

(١١)_ و الود عثر يرود مولد عك يكس

i) فانس ایک ۱۹۹۰ کے مطابق ڈیویڈنڈ کی او تکی پرائم ٹیس آرڈینس ۱۹۹۱ سے تحت درج ذیل اکم ٹیس کی کوتی کی جائے گی۔

(الف) الم لكن فالكرزكيلية 10% كاس --

(ب) نان فاكرز كيك ١٠٠٨ كراب -

ایسے تھے داران جو کہ فاکر ہونے کے باوجودابھی تک اپنانام ایف بی آرکی ویب سائٹ پراکیٹو فائمر کی فیرست میں ٹیس ڈلواسکے میں ان سے گز ارش کی جاتے ہے کہ اسپنے نام حزکورہ فیرست میں ڈلوالیس تا کمپنی ان کی ڈیویڈیڈ آمدن سے ۴۰۴ کے بجائے ۱۵۴ کے حساب سے آئم ٹیکس کی کوئی کرے اور ناموں کا اندراج نفتہ ڈیویڈیڈ کے ملان یعنی ۱۵ کو پر ۲۰۱۹ سے میملے کیا جانالازم ہے بھورت دیگر ۱۵ کے بجائے ۱۵ میں سے سے حساب سے آئم ٹیکس کی کوئی کی جائے گی۔

ii) کو ڈی کی کے حال کارپوریٹ جھھ داران پر لازم کے اپنے متعلقہ شراکت دار کے ساتھ اپنے این ٹی این کی تجدید کر والیں جبکہ فزیکل رکا غذی صورت بیں جھھ کے حالمین پر لازم ہے کہ اپنے متعلقہ شیئر زرجشرار کے این ٹی این بیا این ٹی این سرفیلیٹ کی کا پی کمپنی کے پاس جمع کرادیں ۔جیسی بھی صورتحال ہوارسال کرتے دفت کمپنی کے نام ادی ڈی تی تمبر کا حوالہ لاز ماد ماجا ہے۔

iii) ایف بی آراد کی جانب سے جاری کی جانے والی وضاحت کے مطابق ، ود ہولڈ نگ فیکس کا نفاذ بنیادی تصص داران کے تناسب یصص داری کو یہ نظر رکھتے ہوئے ان کے فائکر ریمان فائکر ہونے کے اعتبارے کیا جائے گا۔

اگر حص داری سے تناسب کالقین نہ کیا جائے تو پھر تمام حص داری میں برابر تصور کیا جائے گا اور دو د بولڈ تک قیکس کی کٹوتی ای تناسب سے کی جائے گی۔لہند السے تمام حصص داران جو کہ شرکت داری کے ساتھ دالمین حصص ہیں برلازم ہے کہ رجمۂ ارکے ہاس موجود بنیا دی حصص داران کے تناسب حصص داری کو درج ذیل طریقے کا دیرواضح کریں۔

ومتخط	ى اين آئى ى نبر	تاسب صص داری رصص کی کل تعداد	جصص داران كانام	فوليورى دى ي كا كا وُنٹ نمبر
			بنيادى رشريك حصص داران	

كېيوٹرائز ژقو مي شناختي كار ژكا يي كي فراجي:

سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایجیجئی کیشن آف پاکستان ہے جاری کردوایس آراونمبر۱۴ (۱) ۱۹ مورید ۱۰ جنوری ۲۰۱۳ پر مملدر آمد کیئے جن صص یافتگان نے ابھی تک اپنے کمپیوٹرائز ڈ تو می شاختی کارڈ کی مصدقہ کا پی جن میں کروائی ان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ پیصدفتہ کا پی برح فولیونمبر جلداز جلد کھنی کیشیئر رہٹر ارمیسرز THK ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمپیٹر کوارسال کریں وہمبران جوی ڈی می بین کھنے زر کھتے ہیں ان سے بھی التماس کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے تو می شاختی کارڈ کی الصدیق شدہ کا پی کا ڈی کی ایند یسٹر اکا دونسسر وسر کو بچوا کیں۔

پية مين تبديلي:

شیئر بولڈرز کے ارش ہے کدوہ اپنا پر تتبدیل ہونے کہ بارے میں کمخی کرشیئر رہٹر ارکویا ہی ڈی ہی شراکت دار انویسٹرا کا دَٹ سرومز کوؤری طور پر مطلع کریں جو مجی صورت ہو۔



(اے)۔ اجلاس میں شرکت کیلئے۔

- (الف) انفرادی صورت میں، اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈریاسب اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈراوریا وہ فض جسکی سیکورٹیز گروپ اکا ؤنٹس میں ہوں اورانگی رہٹریشن کی تفصیلات قواعد وضوالبلا کے تحت اپ لوڈ کی گئی ہوں، کواپنے اصل کمپیوٹرائز ڈقوی شاختی کارڈ (سی این آئی سی) یاصل پاسپورٹ کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت اپنی شاخت کی تو یُق کرنا ہوگ ۔
- (ب) کار پوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں ،اٹارنی کے لیے بورڈ آف ڈاریکٹران کی قرارداد کے مطابق نامزد محض کے خصوص دستیفا (اگربیاس نے بل فراہم نہیں کئے سے) میننگ کے وقت بیش کرنا ہو تکے۔

(بی)۔ یراکسی کی تقرری کیلئے۔

- (الف) انفرادی صورت میں ،اکا ؤنٹ جولڈریاسب اکاؤنٹ جولڈرراوریا و چھٹی جیکی سیکورٹیر گروپ اکاؤنٹس میں جون اورانکی رجٹریشن کی تفصیلات قواعدو ضوابط کے تحت اپ اوڈ کی گئی جون پرائسی فارم ندکوروشروریات کے تحت جمع جونے جایے ۔
 - (ب) پراکس قارم دوافراد کی جانب سے گوای کے ساتھ ہونا جائے، جنگے نام، پیداوری این آئ کی نمبر فارم پر درج ہونے جائے۔
 - (پ) راکس فارم کے ساتھ تی ۔ این ۔ آئی ۔ ی مصدقہ کا بیال یاحق دار مالکان کا یاسپورٹ اور براکسی پیش کرنا ہوگا۔
 - (ت) يراكى كواسية اصلى _اين _آئى _ى يا ياسپور ك اجلاس ك وقت ولي كرنا موگار
- (ج) کارپوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں کپٹی کو پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈاریکٹران کی قرارداداور پاورآف اٹارنی بح مخصوص دستھاجع کرانے ہوگئے۔(اگر بیاس سے قبل فراہم نیس کئے ہے)۔ قبل فراہم نیس کئے گئے)۔

(٣) _ نقدة يويد تذكى ادائيكى بذريعة اليكثراك ذرائع (لازى شرط):

کیٹیز ایک اوکھٹیز (ؤسٹری بیوش برائے ڈیویڈیڈ) ریگولیشن ۲۰۱۷ کے سیکٹن ۲۳۲ کے تحت تمام لسط کمپٹیل اپنے تصف داران کونقد ڈیویڈیڈی اوا ٹیگل ان کے نامز دکرد وانٹریشٹل بینک اکاؤنٹ میں بذریعیالیکٹرا تک فررائع کرنے کی پابند ہیں۔اس سلطے میں کمپنی کی جانب سے پہلے ہی تصفی داران کوشلوط اورائیکٹر تک کریڈٹ مینڈیٹ فارم ارسال سے جانچکے ہیں تاکہ انٹریشٹل بینک اکاؤنٹ نمبر (آئی ٹی اے این) فراہم کرنے کے سلطے میں تصفی داران متعلقہ قواعد کی بابندی کریں۔

ا پے جمع داران جن کی جانب ہے ابھی تک آئی بی اے این مہیانہیں کئے گئے ہیں ہے ایک مرتبہ مجر درخواست کی جاتی ہے ڈیل میں موجود یا کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر دیے گئے الیکٹرا تک مینڈیٹ فارم کو پر کر کے اپنے دسخط اور کارآ یہ قومی شاختی کارڈ کی نقل کے ساٹھری ڈی می شراکت دارری ڈی می انویسٹرا کا ؤنٹ سروسز (اگر جمع داری بھورت ہیں ہو) یا کمپنی کے ھیچر رجمٹر ارمیسرز THK ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمپنٹی فرسٹ فلور، ۲۰۰۰- بلاک ۲۰۹۲ کا کہ دوسے ۵۲۰۰۰ کر ایس موسورت میں ہو) مجموادیں۔

تفسيلات برائح مصم وار	
فليتبر	
پارٹیمیوٹ آئی ڈی ٹبر باکا دن نبر	
باكاة ت نبر	
الم	
ى اين آئى ى رنائيكوپ رپاسپورٹ راين في اين قبر (كالي نسلك كرير)	
والدرشو بركانام	
موبائل، ليندُ لائن فبر (كوني ايك)	
حصص دار کا چة	
حصص داران کے بینک سے متعلق تفسیلات نام (بینک اکا وُزٹ کے ریکار ؤ کے مطابق)	
نام (بینک) کاؤنٹ کے دیکارؤ کے مطابق)	



سالا نداجلاس عام كى اطلاع

ذر بعد بذااطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ فرسٹ کریٹرٹ اینڈ انویسٹنٹ بنگ کمٹیڈ کے شیئر ہولڈرز کا ۳۰ وال سالان اجلاس عام بروز جعد ۲۵ اکتوبر ۲۰۱۹ شام ۳۰۰۵ بجے بمقام PIIA (پاکستان انشیٹیوٹ آف انٹرنیشنل افیئر ز) آؤیٹور کم ایوان صدرروؤ کراچی میں منعقد ہوگا جس میں مندرجہ ذیل امورانجام دیتے جا کیں گے۔

عمومي امور:

- (الف) مالاناجلاس عام معقده ٢٦ اكتوبر٢٠١٨ كى كاروائى كى توشق
- (ب) معاجون ۲۰۱۹ كونتم شده سال كياتميني كآ و شده دمالياتي الشخيص مع ان برآ ويرز اوروائز يكثرز ريورزي وسولي غورونوش اورمنكوري_
- (پ) بورڈ کی شفارشات کے مطابق حتمی نقد منافع برائے ہالی سال ۳۰ جون ۱۹ م بحساب ۳۸ فی تصف (بیخنی ۳۰ ، مرویے) کی اوا ٹیکی برخور وخوض اور منظوری۔
- (ت) ہے جون ۲۰۲۰ کونتم ہونے والے سال کیلئے قانونی آڈیٹرز کا تقر راوران کے مشاہر و کالعین کرنا۔ سبکدوش ہونے والے آڈیٹرز میسرز گرانٹ تھورٹ اجمی رطن چارٹرڈ اکا دَشْتُس مطلوبہ پانچ سال کی مطلوبہ مذت پوری کر بچکے ہیں اس لیکے دوبارہ تکڑ ری کے اہل نہیں لبذا بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرز نے میسرز ہورو تھے حسین چودھری اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈا کا دُشٹکس کو ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۰ موضع ہونے والے سال کے لئے تقرری کی آڈٹ کمپنی کی شفارشات کی توثیق کی ہے۔

ديگرامور :

(ج) صدراجلاس كى اجازت عدد يكرامورانجام دينا۔

ئىب الحكم بورۋ

محدامين كحترى

مهني تيريزي

كراچى

٣ اكوير ٢٠١٩

لوث_

صص کی کتب کی متقلی کی بندش-

(۱) کمپنی کی قصص متعلی کی کتاب ۱۵ اکتوبر ۲۰۱۹ تا ۲۵ اکتوبر ۲۰۱۹ (بشمول دونون ایام) بندر بے گی۔ جومشقلیات ۱۵ اکتوبر ۲۰۱۸ کو کاروبار کے افتقام تک جمارے شیئر رجشرار میسرز THK ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹٹر،فرسٹ فلور،۴۰۰ - بلاک ۲۰ ، PECHS ،کراچی ۴۵۰۰ کے دفتر میں باضا بطاطور پرموصول ہوگئی انھیں اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور دوٹ دیے کی غرض ہے شیئر بولڈرز کے انتقاق کے مقصد کسکتے بروقت سمجھا جائے گا۔

سالا ندا جلاس عام میں شرکت _

(۲) کمپنی کا ہرممبراس اجلاس میں شرکت اور دوٹ ڈالنے کا حق رکھتا ہے اور دہ اپنی جگہ اجلاس میں شرکت اور دوٹ دینے کیلئے اپنا پرائسی مقرر کرسکتا ا کرسکتی ہے۔ پرائسی کی تقرری کی اطلاع کمپنی کو اجلاس سے کم از کم ۴۸ گھنٹی آب بڑی ہوگی۔ سی۔ ڈی۔ می اکاؤنٹس رکھنے دالوں کو سیکورٹیز اینڈ استحقی کمیشن آف پاکستان سے جاری سرکلرنمبرا بتاریخ ۴۲ جنوری ۴۰۰۰ میں دی گئی جدایات برعملدر آمدرتا ہوگا۔



شيئر مولد نگ پيٹرن:

۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۹ پرشیئر ہولڈنگ پیٹرن بٹمول کمپنی کے صف یافت گان کی کمیٹیگری سالا نہ ریورٹ کے ساتھ نسلک ہے۔ دوران سال شیئر ہولڈنگ پیٹرن کے مطابق ڈائر بکٹرز ہی ای او ہی ایف او ، سمپنی سیکر یئری اوران کی ہوی ، بچل کی طرف سے کمپنی کے صفح کا کاروبارٹین کیا گیا، اسواح جو کیشیئر ہولڈنگ پیٹرن میں وکھایا گیا ہے۔

متعتبل کے امکانات اور حکمت عملی:

ہم اپنے کاروبارش اقسیع کے لئے نیصرف کاریند ہیں بلکہ موجودہ بنیادی کاروباری سرگرمیوں پر پوری توجہ مرکوز ہاورہم ریگولیئری فریم ورک بیس ہے ہوئے کاروبار بیس تو کی پیدا کرنے کے گئے مستعد ہیں۔ ہماری عمودی اور فقی کی توسیع کی حکت عملی ہے آ یہ فی میں اضافیہ ہوگا جس ہا مید ہے کہ ملک کی اقتصادی اورکاروباری حالات بھی بہتر ہوئے ۔ آپ کی کہنی اپنے اٹا اُوں کے معیار کو بحال کرنے ، اور بموجودہ علما اوراہم پیشروراند عمل کی خدیات حاصل کر کے ان کوشرینگ کے ذراجہ اپنے انفر ااسر کھریش بہتری لانے ، مختلف النوع پر دؤکٹ اور خدیات کی بحالی کی مناسب کوشیس کر رہی ہے۔ اور منام ماری کے لئے اپنی پالیسیال اور طریقہ کارکو اپ ڈیٹ کر رہی ہے۔

اظهارتشكر:

ڈائز کیٹرزا ہے اسٹیک ہورلڈرز، قابل قدرصارفین اور بالیاتی اداروں کاان کی مسلس اعتاد اور سربرتی اپنی تفکر کاا ظہار کرتے ہیں۔ہم ریگو لیٹری اداروں خاص طور پر بیکوریٹیز اور ایک پیٹی کیٹ آف یا کتان، اسٹیٹ بیٹ آف یا کتان اور یا کتان اسٹاک ایک پیٹر کی مسلسل رہنمائی اور تعاون کے بھی شکر گزار ہیں۔ہم انتظامیے اور طازیٹن کی محت اور گئن سے کام کرنے کااعتراف بھی کرتے ہیں۔

بحكم يورة

محداش

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ومحساعلى

هف الكزيكة فير

کراچی ۲۸متیر, ۲۰۱۹



مینتگزی تعدادجن میں شریک ہوئے	مینتگزی تعدادجن می شریک ہونے کے اہل تھے	ڈائزیکٹرزکا نام
ř	r	جناب محرفتيم الدين
r	r	جناب محداكرام خان
r	r	جناب اسدالله سليم
f	91	جناب نويداصفر چو بدري
r	Y	جناب محرا قبال حسين
۲	r	جناب <i>گرگتن عل</i> ی

رسك مينجنث تميني:

بورڈ نے ایک رسک پینج شٹ کمیٹی تھیل دی ہے تا کہ وہ ڈائز یکٹرز کوستنقبل میں در پیش نقصانات کے تعین ادراس کے سدیاب کرنے میں معاونت کرسکیں۔ یہ یکیٹی چار (۴) ممبران پر شتمل ہے جن میں زیادہ ترممبران نان ایکٹر یکٹی ڈائز کیٹرز میں جبکہ چیئر میں ممبئی انڈیٹویڈ بیٹ ڈائز کیٹرز میں درج ڈیل ڈائز کیٹرز نے شرکت کی:

مینگزی تعدادجن میں شریک ہوئے	مینگزی تعدادجن میں شریک ہونے کابل تھے	والزيكرزكا نام
r	r	جناب محمدا قبال حسين
r	(r)	جناب اسدالله سليم
r	r	جناب نويدا صغر چو بدري
7 +	r	جناب <i>ورفعن على</i>

دُائر بكثرزمشامره ياليسي:

بورڈنے ڈائز کیٹرزمشاہرہ پالسی نافذامل کی ہاں پالیسی کےمطابق تمام نان انگر بکٹھ ڈائز کیٹرز بورڈ میڈنگ فیس کےحصول کےجاز ہو گئے کی کیٹیٹر اور حثیر ز ہولڈرز وقافو قٹامشاہرہ کی مالیت تھین کرنے کےجاز ہونگے۔ انگر کیلیجہ ڈائز کیٹرزاوری ای او کےمشاہرے کا تھین بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز کے ڈمہوگا پالیسی کےمطابق بورڈمیٹنٹز میں شرکت پرڈائز کیٹرز کے ہوتھی اخراجات ہونگے دوکھینی کے ڈمدواجب الا داہونگے۔

ثرينگ پروگرامز:

ڈائز یکٹرز کو پاکستان اسٹاک پھینج کی اسٹنگ ریکھیٹن، میمور پڑم ایٹر آرٹنگل آف ایسوی ایش، این بی ایف می رواز ۱۰۰۳ اور این ای سیزر یکھیٹن کی بیں اور وہ اپنی فرائنس اور ذے داریوں سے اچھی طرح واقف میں FCIBL کے ۴۰ میں نے ذاکہ ڈائز یکٹرز نے شروری ڈائز یکٹرز ٹرینگ پروگرام سرٹیکیٹیٹ (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنش) ریکھیٹن کا ۲۰ کے تحت ہے او SEC P کے مقرر کر دہ معیاری بی تی کا کے مطابق ہے۔

: 15:37

کمپنی کے موجودہ آؤیٹر نیسرز گرانٹ تھارش اٹیم رحمان چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس ، ریٹائز ہوگئے ہیں اور لسفہ پینیز ریگولیشٹو کا ۱۰ (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورش) کی ثبتی تبری ۳۳ کے قت پاٹی سال کی مطلوبہ مذت پوری کر بچکے ہیں لبذ ابورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے میسرز ہورہ تھے حسین چودھری اینڈ کمپنی ، چارٹرڈ اکاؤفٹٹس کو ۳۳ جون ۲۰۲۰ کوئتم ہونے والے سال کے لئے تقرری کی آڈٹ کمپنی کی سفارشات کی تو ثبتی کی ہے۔

آؤث ربورث من ويفرونكس كمعاملات يرزور:

ایف ی آئی قبی ایل کے آڈیٹرز نے اپنی رپورٹ میں موقر (ڈیٹرڈ) قبیس کے معالمے پرزوردیا ہے جس کے بارے میں مالیاتی تفصیلات کے گوشوارے میں نوٹ نمبرا۔ ۱۲ میں جینک کی انتظامیہ نے تفصیل سے اپنا تقطیظ ویش کیا ہے واضح رہے آڈیٹرز نے اپنی رپورٹ میں اس معالم کوکوالیغا کیڈمیس کیا ہے۔



كميوذيش:

- (i) الله يهدون والريكشرز: ٣
- (ii) تان_الكِزيكِيْ وْارْ يَكْرُر: مِمْ
- (iii) الكِرْيكِيْ وْالرِّيكِتْرِز: * ا

* الكِرْ يكيد وْالرّ يكشرصدروى الى او بين حن كالقررى كالشريك يرب-

دوران سال بورڈ شرکسی بھی طرح کی عارضی آ سامیاں خانی تیں ہوئیں۔ دوران سال جار (۴) بورڈ میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں جن میں ڈائز یکٹرز کی حاضری کاریکارڈ مندرجہ درج ڈیل ہے۔

ڈائز یکٹرز کے نام	مینتگ کی تعدادجن میں شامل ہونے کے الل میں	میشنگ کی اقعداد جن بیس شامل ہوئے
جناب دحمت على صنى	r	۴
جناب فحدا كرام خان	r	۲
جناب اسدالله سليم	r	~
جناب نويداصفر چودهري	pr	۴
جناب محرفيم الدين		۴
جناب محمدا قبال مسين	,	6
جناب محماشن	r	۴
جناب موصن على	r .	P .

آوْث ميني اوردافلي تنارول:

بورد کی آؤٹ کیٹی تین (۳) تان انگزیکیٹو ڈائر کیٹرز پر مشتل ہے جن میں پٹمول چیئر مین کمیٹی زیاد ور آزاد ڈائر کیٹرز ہیں۔ بورڈ نے کارپوریٹ قانون وقواعد کے مطابق کام کرنے کے مروجہامور
(Terms of reference) اسٹکیٹیز ریگولیش کام کے تحت تعین کیا ہے۔ سال کے دوران آڈٹ کمیٹی کی جار (۳) میٹنگز منعقد کی کئیں جس میں درج دیل ڈائر کیٹر کرت کی:

والزيكثركا نام	مینتگزی تعدادجن میں شریک مونے کال تھے	مینتازی تعدادجن می شریک موے
جناب محماثين	۳	r
جناب نويدا صغر چودهري	,	ř
جناب لعيم الدين	r	r

انسانی وسائل اورمعاوضوں کی سمینی:

پورڈ آف ڈائز مکٹرز نے کلیدی عہدوں کے انتخاب بخلیفے اور تباول پانگ کے حوالے سے اپنی ذمۃ دار ہوں کو پورا کرنے میں مدد کے لیے ایک انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی تفکیل دی ہے۔ یہ سے میٹ پاٹھ پاٹھ کے اور کا کمیٹر اور کا کمیٹر میں میٹر منسل کے دوران کمیٹی کی تین (۳) میٹنگز منعقد کی کئیں، جس میں درج ویل ڈائز بکٹرز نے شرکت کی:
درج ڈیل ڈائز بکٹرز نے شرکت کی:



كار بوريث اورفنا مكشل ر بورنتك فريم ورك:

سمپنی نے گذکار پوریٹ گونٹس کی عملداری بیٹنی بنانے کے لیئے تمام ضروری اقدامات اٹھائے ہیں۔ اسٹیڈ کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گونٹس (سی بی بی کے انتظامی قوائین کے مطابق پورڈ ورج ڈیل رپورٹ ڈیٹ کرتے ہوئے خوجی محسوں کرتے ہیں:

- مینی کی انتظامیہ کے تیار کروو مالی گوشواروں میں اس کے امور جملدرآ مد کے نتائج ، نقذی بہا وَاورا یکٹیوٹی میں تبدیلیاں واضح اور منصفانہ طور پر پیش کی گی۔
 - b) کینی کے حاب کی کمایوں کو یا قاعدگی سے تیار کیا گیا ہے۔
 - c مالى كوشوارس كى تيارى مين اكا وَمِثْنَك باليسيان تسلس كرساته برؤ كارلائي من بين اورستنتل كانداز معقول اوروأشندانه فيصلون يري بي-
- d) بین الاقوای حباب کتاب کے معیارات (IFRS) جو پاکستان میں نافذعمل ہیں ان کوکوشواروں کی تیاری میں اپنایا گیاہے اور کسی بھی تبدیلی کو یا قاعد وظاہر کیا گیا۔
 - e) اعزى بمداعدوني مالياتي تحفرول كانظام قائم كياب ووؤيزائن شي مضوط باورموثر اعدازش عملدرآ مدكيا حياب-
 - f) ممینی معتقبل مین کام کرنے کی صلاحیت برکوئی قائل ذکرتشویش شیس ہادرمائی کوشواروں کواسی بنیاد بر تیار کیا گیا ہے۔
 - g) المنتك عضا بطول مين موجود كار يوريث كونس عربهترين طريقة كار يوكي مادتي انحواف فين كيا كيا

كليدى آيرينتك اور مالياتى نتائج:

مينى كر چھلے چيسال كىلارى أرينتك اور مالياتى نتائج ورج ذيل بين:

سال جوه ٣ جون كوقتم هوا	F+19	r+IA	r=14	r+11	r=10	r+10"
						هيچ شده
			ملين رويول	یں	1.4	
كلآمدني	114	1+1	Α•	99	Al	٧٠
قبل اذلیس منافع <i>ا</i> (نتصان)	10	14	Ir	ar ar	F9	۴
بعدازکیس منافع (نقصان)	1.	9	2	L/L	rr	1
حصع يافتكان كاسرمايه	۷19	2rr	2m	212	445	400
كل افائــــ	(rao	1,772	1,100	(+11"	195	27A
منافع انتصان في صص (روپ ميس)	+,10	+.10"	+,8	+.44	+,100	+.+r

اساف رينا رمن بيفك اسكير:

اعملائز پراویدن فند اور کریجوی فند کی سرماید کاری کا تغییده ۳۰ جون ۴۰۱ کے مطابق بالرتیب ۵۹ ،۱۱،۲۷ روپ اور ۹۱ مرا ۲۵۱ روپ ب-

بورد آف دائر يكثرز:

بورڈ کی موجود وساخت مندرجہ ذیل ہے۔

ۋائز يكثرز كى كل تعداد:

a) مرو: ۸ (بشمول مقرر کردوی ای او)

b) خاتون: كونى نيس



آيريش كاجائزه:

مالی سال ۲۰۱۹ کے دوران این بی ایف ی سیکنر غیر موافق حالات کا شکار با خصوصاً انویسٹنٹ بنگ کیوٹی ٹی اورنگی معاشی عدم استحکام کی وجہ سے سلسل علین مسائل بھی گھر نے نظر آتے ہیں۔ تا بم الیف کی آئی بی ایل پٹی لیکوٹی ٹی اورافا دیت برقر ادر کھنے میں کا میاب ہے۔ سال گزشتہ کے دوران کپنی نے خصر فتام اپنی انوجہ بنیادی کاروباری سرگرمیوں پرمرکوزر کھی بلکہ کاروبارکو شخام بنا نے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھنے میں کا میاب ہے۔ مشکلات کے باوجود کمپنی نے اپنے قام مالی اہدان کو بنی بی عبور کیا۔ کمپنی نے ۲۲۹ کے لئے مجموبی آئی نی ۱۹۳۸ کے این موسی تھیں ہوئے کے بعد ۱۱۲۸ ملین روپے قاس کو ۲۶۷۹ میں اور پہنی سائل میں اور پہنی منافع ۱۳۰۸ ملین روپے قاس کو جسے انتظام کی اور شائل میں مقبون کے گئے تھے دوائی سال والی ہو گئے جکوئی نے ۲۷۱۹ میں منافع ۱۹۸۴ میں موسی کے کہنی نے دائیس منافع ۱۹۸۴ میں موسی کے کہنی نے دول کا میں موسی کے کہنی نے 19 میں موسی کے کہنی کے دول کر دی مجموبی طور بر برقر اردی۔

موسی منافع ۱۹۸۴ میں روپے کا منافع رپورٹ کیا جبکہ کچھلے سال کا قبل از کیکس منافع ۱۹۸۱ میں روپے تھا۔ ای طرح ۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۹ میکن موسی دولے اسلام اورائیس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کے ایکس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کی گئیس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کوئش ہونے والے سال کے لئے بعداز کیکس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کوئش ہونے والے سال کے لئے بعداز کیکس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کوئش ہونے والے سال کے لئے بعداز کیکس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کوئش ہونے والے سال کے لئے بعداز کیکس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کوئش ہونے والے سال کے لئے بعداز کیکس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کوئش ہونے والے سال کے لئے بعداز کیکس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کوئش ہونے والے سال کے لئے بعداز کیکس منافع ۱۹۸۴ کوئش میں میں میں میں میافت کے دول کوئٹ کیکس میں میافت کے دول کے دول کے دول کے میاب کے لئے بعداز کیکس میافت کے دول ک

۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۹ کی تبلنس شیٹ کے مطابق تصعی یافتگان کی سرمایہ کاری کی از سرنو پیاکش کے بعدا یکو پنی کم جوکر ۲۰۸۱ کیلین روپے دم تجد ۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۹ کی جبکہ بین سرمایہ کاری کی دوبارہ تعتیٰ نو پر خسارے میں اضافے کی دجہ سے تھی۔۲۰ جون ۲۰۱۹ کے اختیام پر کمپنی سرکم ادا شے برد کر ۲۰۸۳ کی میں دوپے ہو سے جبکہ ۲۰ جون ۲۰۱۸ کوکل ادا شے ۳۲٪ کار میں روپے تھے۔

NBFCs كر الكاد ضوابط كى وروى كرنے كے الى ١٠٥٠ مادى رقم بعداز فيكس منافع كوالميجورى ريز روش ٹرانسفركر ديا كيا ہے۔

بيلسشيك كاريخ ابتك تبديلى:

بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ سے اب تک کوئی بھی ہاؤی تبدیلی رونمائیں ہوئی جس کونسلک مالیاتی گوشوار و کے ساتھ ہم آ بنگ کرنے کی شرورے ہو، سوائے ان کے جو پہلے ہی ظاہر کروی گئیں ہیں۔

حصص يرمنافع (ويويليش):

ماضی میں کمپنی کی صعب پرمنافع (ڈیویڈیڈ) کی پالیسی میں پرکشش نقد منافع جصص یافتگان کو بونس صعب ،کریڈٹ ریننگ میں اضاف سرماییکاری کی ضرورت اور توسیعی منصوب کے مطابق وافر فنڈ کی دستیانی وغیر وسب شامل شے۔لہذا بورڈ نے ۲۵ اکتر بر ۲۰۱۹ کو ہونے والے سالانہ اجلاس عام میں منظوری کیلئے ۳۰. •روید فی جصص (یعنی ۴۳) فقد منافع کی تیجر پر بیش کی ہے۔

كريْد ث ريْنْك:

JCR-VIS کرٹیٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی نے اپنی رپورٹ مورود ۲۸ و بھر ۲۰۱۸ میں کمپنی کی درمیانے سے طویل مدتی اینٹیٹی ریٹنگ کو 'A-' (سنگل A منفی) اورمخضر مدتی ریٹنگ کو 'A-' پر براقر اررکھا ہے۔ ریٹنگ کا آوٹ لگ مشخکم ہے۔

ماحولياتي اوركار يوريث اجى ذمدداريان:

کمپنی ماحولیاتی اور کار پوریٹ سابق د مددار یوں ہے بخو بی آگاہ ہے اور اس سلسلے میں ملک میں متحرکتے کی کے ساتھ کھڑی ہے علاوہ ازیں کمپنی نمام سرکاری ،اعترال الیاتیہ ،حفاظ ہت اور ماحولیاتی قواعد کی قبیل کرتی ہے ہولیات اور آپریشن کا ممل ایسے طریقے ہے ڈیزائن کیا گیا ہے جوانسانی محت اور ماحول ہے متعلق خطرے ہے محفوظ رکھتا ہے۔

رسك ك تشخيص كافريم ورك ر (رسك اسسميد فريم ورك):

کھنی کا مجھوٹی رسک پینجنٹ کا پروگرام ایف ہی آئی لیا کی مالی کا دکر دگی پر مالیاتی منذیوں کے غیرمتوقع منفی اثرات کو کم کرنے کی کوششوں پرمرکوز ہے۔ سی میں میں اسک

کہنی کی سرگرمیوں میں جنتف جتم کے مالیاتی خطرات، مارکیٹ کے خطرات (انٹریسٹ ریٹ رسک اور پرائس رسک) کریڈٹ رسک، لکویڈٹی رسک اور آپریشٹل رسک کو بنوبی چیش نظر رکھا جاتا ہے۔ کمپنی کو درچش خطرات کو کمپنی کی انتظام یہ کی طرف سے کمپنی کی منظور شدہ پالیسیوں کے مطابق منظم کیا جار ہاہے۔ علاوہ ازیس کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائزیکٹرز بھی کمپنی کے رسک جنجنٹ فریم کو درساخے کی گھرانی کے ذمہ دار جیں۔ کمپنی کا مجمولی رسک جنجنٹ کا پر وگرام موثر سرما ہیکا ری کے ساتھ مالیاتی اور مارکیٹ کے اتاریخ ھاؤکٹ خطرات سے تعشفے پر مرکوز ہے اور طینے ز بولڈرز کو ڈیا وہ منافع فراہم کرتے شن کوشاں ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائزیکٹر زسالا ند بنیاد پر مجمولی رسک جنجنٹ پر نظر ہائی کرتے ہیں۔



ڈائز یکٹرزر پورٹ

ہم فرسٹ کریڈیٹ اینڈ انویسٹنٹ بینک لمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز کی جانب ہے ۳۰ ویں سالاندر پورٹ بٹھول مالیاتی تفصیلات کا گوشوارہ اورآ ڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ برائے سال ۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۹ء چی کرتے ہوئے ملمانیہ محمول کرتے ہیں۔

معاشى جائزه:

مانی سال ۱۹ ما ۱۹ مین معاشی نموش تخفیف کی وید ہے ترتی کی شرح نموست روی کا ۱۶ جب بنی اور مقرزہ بدف ۲۰۱۸ کے مقابے میں ۳۰ ۳۰ رہی ان موال کی وید ہے ملکی ورمباولہ کے وضائر پر غیر معمولی و باؤو کے مقابی تا تاہم سعودی عرب مجتمدہ حرب امارات اور جا کتا کے اشیت بنک آف پاکستان کے پاس آخر بیا ۲۰ ۹ بلین ڈالرز کے ڈپازش معشیت کیلئے تازہ ہوا کے جبو کے جانت ہوئے ۔ مجمولی سرماییکاری بطور تی ڈی ٹی پی ۳۰ مار پیارڈ کی گئی جبکہ مطلوبہ ہف ۲۰۱۹ کے استرکیا گیا تھا۔ اوا کتی اور کی طرف نظر کریں تو ایک چیخ رید مل کی کے باوجو دیر آمات میں ۱۹۹۸ میں اور درآمدت میں ۱۹۹۰ میں کو دران تجارتی میں ۳۰ میر کتا ہوئی۔ افرادی ترسیلات زر نے بی ڈی ٹی کا کا ۱۹۳۰ میں مورک کا خیارہ کم کرنے میں ۱۹۳۰ میں کو دران تجارتی کو بیا کا ۱۹۳۰ میں کرنے کا خیارہ کم کرنے میں اور درآمدت میں ۱۶۰۹ کے دوران تجارتی کو استرکی واقع ہوئی۔ افرادی ترسیلات زر نے بی ڈی کی کا کا ۱۹۳۰ میں کا دراک کا خیارہ کم کرنے میں ۱۹۳۱ کے دوران تجارتی کو میارٹ کا خیارہ کم کرنے میں ۱۹۳۱ کے دوران تجارتی کو میارٹ کی دوران تجارتی کو کا خیارہ کم کرنے میں ۱۹۳۱ کے دوران تجارتی کو میارٹ کی دوران کی کو تھی کی دوران تجارتی کو کرنے کا خیارہ کم کرنے میں ۱۹۳۱ کے دوران تجارتی کو کرنے کی دوران تجارتی کو کرنے کی دوران کا خیارہ کم کرنے میں ۱۹۳۱ کے دوران تجارتی کو کی کو کرنے کی دوران تجارتی کو کرنے کی دوران کی دوران تجارتی کو کرنے کی دوران کی دوران کو کرنے کا خیارہ کم کرنے کی دوران کا خیارہ کم کرنے کی دوران کی دوران کو کرنے کی دوران کی دوران کی دوران کی دوران کی دوران کی دوران کو کرنے کا خیارہ کی دوران کو کرنے کی دوران کی دوران کی دوران کی دوران کی کرنے کی دوران کرنے کی دوران کرنے کی دوران کی د

جون ۲۰۱۸ کے بعدے پاکستانی کرنسی کی زرقدر میں آقر بیا% ۲۸ کی واقع ہوئی ہے جسکے نتیجے شرقر ضد کی لاگت کے ساتھ مہاتھ کی کے دیاؤ میں بھی اضافہ دیکھا گیا۔اسکے علاوہ حکومت کیلئے بڑھا ہوا مالی خسارہ ایک بہت بڑا پہلنے تھا مزید بڑھے ہوئے اخراجات کو پورا کرنے کیلئے بھاری مکلی اور فیر مکلی قرضوں کا حسول ناگز برتھا۔

موجوده مالی سال کے دوران محسارہ کا جم مجموعی ملکی پیداوار کا %۵ رہا جبکہ ویجھلے سال ای مدت کے دوران % ۳. ۴ تفاعل آمد نی بڑد کا ۲.۵ سر ۳.۵ سر ۱۳.۵ بھیلے سال ای مدت کے دوران ۴۳٬۵۸۳ بلین روپے (جی ڈی کی کا ۱۰۰۳) تھی ۔ ترقی کی شرح نمونقر بیا صفر رہی جبکہ ویچھلے ای عرصے کے دوران ۴۳٬۵۸۳ تھی ۔ تیکس محصولات میں ۱۸۵٪ کی معمولی نموادر فیور کیس محصولات میں ۴۵٪ کا باعث بنی۔ کی معمولی نموادر فیور کیس محصولات میں ۴۷٪ کا نمونی مور نیادی طور پرجموعی آمد نی کی کی کا باعث بنی۔

رواں مالی سال کے دوران کی پی آئی میں پڑھتا ہوار تھان دیکھا گیا گیس ،اشیائے سرف کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ اور ذرمبادلہ کی قدر میں کی کے دباؤ کی دجہ سے جولائی ۲۰۱۸ میں کی آئی میں اضافہ سے پڑھ کر جون ۲۰۱۹ میں ۲۰۱۹ میں ۲۰۱۹ کی بالیسی میں شرح میں کی اوراشیا مسرف کی قیمتوں اور دیگراقد امات کے ایٹر شمنٹ کے پکطرف اثر اورمہنگائی میں اضافہ کے دباؤک چیش نظرا شیٹ بنگ آف یا کستان نے جولائی ۲۰۱۹ کی یالیسی میں شرح سود پڑھا کر 201 ساکر دیا۔

زیرجائزه سال کے دوران کراچی اسٹاک انجیجی ۱۹۰۶ میں ۱۹۹۴ کی کے بعدا ۴۳۹۹ پوئٹش پر بند ہوا شیخی ارک انڈیکس ذیادہ سے ۱۹۳۵ پوئٹش تک جاتا دیکھا گیا۔ (دونوں انتہاؤں میں ۴۳۹۰ اپوئٹش کا فرق رہا) اس مایوس کن کارکردگی کی بنیادی وجو ہات میں نامناسب سخت مائیٹر بنگ پالیسی بھی کرنسی کی قدر میں ۲۸،۷% کی اور سادگی پڑٹی سال ۴۲۰ کا بجٹ ہیں۔

مالياتى نتائج:

کینی کے 19۔ ۲۰۱۸ کے لئے مالیاتی متا کچ کاخلاصہ ویل میں دیا گیا ہے۔ ۱۸۔ ۱۵- ۲۰ کا نقابی ویشا بھی درجہ ویل ہیں۔

(دو په 000 ش

	P-IA_19	F-12_1A
كلآماني	IIY,ACC	1+1,414
آپرینگ منافع	19,409	PF0,F1
قبل ازنگین منافع	10,7+1"	10,40
بعدازتيس منافع	9,014	9,19+
جصع يافتطان كاسرمابيه	40°, 10°	477,097
سرماييكارى كى قدرد قيمت كے تعين نومين خساره	(rgrra)	(15,AMT)
رصف یافتگان کاسرمایه (خالص بعداز خساره)	41A,09r	4rr,ro+
كلءهاف	(170,174)	(114,141
في صعص آيد في سيك اور دُا كيلوكدُ	+,10	٠,١٢٠



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