

# D.G. KHAN CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Head Office: Nishat House, 53 - A, Lawrence Road, Lahore - Pakistan. UAN: (92 - 42) 111 113 333, Tel: (92 - 42) 36360154, Fax: (92 - 42) 36367414 E-mail: info@dgcement.com

SECY/STOCKEXC/

February 24, 2020

The General Manager, Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, KARACHI.

SUB:

SUBMISSION OF HALF YEARY ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Dear Sir.

In compliance with the provisions of Section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017, read with PSX Notice No. PSX/N-4207 dated July 13, 2018 and PSX/N-4952 dated August 29, 2018, we are pleased to submit electronically through PUCAR un audited accounts for the half year ended December 31, 2019.

Thanking you,

Yours truly,

KHALID MAHMOO COMPANY SECRETARY

**Factory Sites:** 

Khofli Šattai, Distt. Dera Ghazi Khan - Pakistan. UAN: (92 - 64) 111 - 113 - 333 Tel: (92 - 42) 36360153, Fax: (92 - 64) 2585010 Khairpur, Tehsil, Kallar Kahar. Distt. Chakwal - Pakistan. Tel: (92 - 42) 36360152 Fax: (92 - 543) 650231



(Un-audited)

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### **Company Information**

Board of Directors Mrs. Naz Mansha Chairperson
Mr. Raza Mansha Chief Executive

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Independent
Mr. Usama Mahmood Non-Executive
Mr. Mahmood Akhtar Non-Executive
Mr. Farid Noor Ali Fazal Executive
Mr. Shahzad Ahmad Malik Non-Executive

Female Directors 01
Male Directors 06

Audit Committee Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Member/Chairman

Mr. Mahmood Akhtar Member
Mr. Usama Mahmood Member

Human Resource & Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Member/Chairman

Remuneration Committee Mr. Raza Mansha Member
Mr. Shahzad Malik Member

Company Secretary Mr. Khalid Mahmood Chohan

Management Mr. Raza Mansha Chief Executive Officer

Dr. Arif Bashir Director Technical & Operations

Mr. Farid Noor Ali Fazal Director Marketing
Mr. Inayat Ullah Niazi Chief Financial Officer

Local Bankers Allied Bank Limited MCB Islamic Bank Limited

Bank Alfalah Limited Meezan Bank Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited National Bank of Pakistan Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Samba Bank Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Soneri Bank Limited Favsal Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank Habib Bank Limited Limited (Pakistan) Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank The Bank of Punjab MCB Bank Limited United Bank Limited JS Bank Limited The Bank of Khyber Citi Bank N.A. Silk Bank Limited

Askari Bank Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank

of China (ICBC)

External Auditors A.F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisors Mr. Shahid Hamid, Bar-at-Law

CUIN 0006469

NTN 1213275-6

STRN 0402252300164

Symbol DGKC

### **Contact Us**

Registered Office Nishat House, 53-A, Lawrence Road,

Lahore-Pakistan

UAN: 92 42 111 11 33 33 Fax: 92 42 36367414 Email: info@dgcement.com web site: www.dgcement.com

Factories Khofli Sattai, Distt., Dera Ghazi Khan-Pakistan

Phone: 92-641-460025-7 Fax: 92-641-462392

Email: dgsite@dgcement.com

12, K.M. Choa Saidan Shah Road, Khairpur, Tehsil Kallar Kahar, Distt. Chakwal-Pakistan Phone: 92-543-650215-8 Fax: 92-543-650231

Chichaee Gadani Main RCD, Hub,

Distt. Lasbela, Pakistan UAN: 92 42 111 11 33 33

Share Registrar THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd Head Office, Karachi

1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi. Tel: (021) 111 000 322 Fax: (021) 34168271

Branch Office, Lahore DYL Motorcycles Ltd. Office, 147-Q Block, Behind Emporium Mall,

Johar Town, Lahore

Cell: 0303-4444795, 0323-8999514

For Investors' Information, Comments, Inquiries, Complaints: Mr. Inayat Ullah Niazi Chief Financial Officer

E-mail: iniazi@dgcement.com Phone: 0092 42 111 11 33 33

Mr. Khalid Mehmood Chohan

Company Secretary

E-mail: kchohan@dgcement.com Phone: 0092 42 111 11 33 33

### **Directors' Report**

The directors of your company are pleased to present you the results of Half Year of FY20:

	HY FY20	HY FY19	Varia	ance	
		Rupees in '000	D'	%	
Sales	20,888,257	19,767,205	1,121,052	5.67%	
Cost of sales	(19,866,771)	(16,582,421)	(3,284,350)	19.81%	
Gross profit	1,021,486	3,184,784	(2,163,298)	-67.93%	
Administrative expenses	(357,829)	(311,956)	(45,873)	14.70%	
Selling and distribution expenses	(1,009,495)	(653,703)	(355,792)	55.72%	
Net impairment losses on financial assets	(50,200)	-	(50,200)	100.00%	
Other operating expenses	(54,878)	(431,180)	376,302	-87.27%	
Other income	1,184,946	1,144,631	40,315	3.52%	
Finance cost	(2,455,664)	(1,342,738)	(1,112,926)	82.88%	
Loss) / Profit before taxation	(1,721,634)	1,589,838	(3,311,472)	-208.29%	
Taxation	874,576	151,951	722,625	475.56%	
(Loss) / Profit after taxation	(847,058)	1,741,789	(2,588,847)	-148.63%	
EPS (Rs/share)	-1.93	3.98			

Production and Sales volumetric data is as under:

Figures in MT

	HY FY20	HY FY19	Varia	ance
Production:		In MT		%
Clinker	3,353,987	3,093,121	260,866	8.43%
Cement	2,973,846	2,653,899	319,947	12.06%
Sales:				
Total	2,948,298	2,645,188	303,110	11.46%
Local (excluding own consumption)	2,853,185	2,469,752	383,433	15.53%
Exports	95,113	175,436	-80,323	-45.78%
Clinker Sale	939,208	361,326	577,882	159.93%

Financial year 2020 started in the environment where Pakistan economy was undergoing the stabilization measures under the new IMF program. Tight fiscal and monetary measures, high inflation and rising fuel prices impacted the purchasing power of customers. Excessive taxation on housing sector and government drive for documentation of economy, though beneficial in the long run, further slowed down the construction activity in the country. Capacity expansion in the industry since June 2019 also intensified price war to maintain individual market share. These factors contributed towards declining profitability of cement industry with worsening profitability and liquidity ratios.

In volume terms, total sales quantity of industry witnessed a growth of 6.51% but sales utilization declined to 83% against 85% for the corresponding period last year due to capacity addition. It was largely contributed by exports of 15% (HY19: 13%) against the local sales utilization of 68% (HY19: 72%). Clinker export is the main factor that contributed to the overall export growth of 22.91% against

the local sales growth of 3.54%

In line with the industry, first half of FY 2020 of your Company was not encouraging. Overall cement sales quantity registered growth, mainly driven by local cement sales and clinker exports. Exports of cement declined mainly from halt of exports to India after imposition of 200% duty. Clinker was exported to contribute towards fixed costs and to reduce the piling clinker stocks. Sales utilization of your Company improved to 109% (HY 2020: 85%) against the industry of 83%.

Sales, in value terms, registered growth primarily due to an increase in volume. Costs escalation mainly from general inflation, rise in energy prices and continuous currency devaluation since September 2018 could not be absorbed in the falling cement prices amid high competition in the industry. However, prices showed some stability in the second quarter. Increased capacity utilization in the second quarter resulted in efficiency gain that lowered the cost of production on QOQ basis. However current year (YTD) sales prices remained on the lower side that resulted in fall in GP (in absolute terms & as a % of sales). Selling expenses increase were associated with the rise in clinker exports. Finance cost registered increase mainly driven by hike in discount rates as compared to corresponding period last year and more borrowings to finance the inflationary pressure on working capital.

Cement volumetric sales will remain under pressure in the near future and price war is expected to continue and could be fluctuated negatively. GDP % would remain low (projected 2.8%) for this year 2020 that could affect the overall demand in the economy. Tensions in middle east further escalate that may shake the oil prices upward. With low reserves with SBP, the effect could be trickled down and could affect the costs. Coal prices are also trending upward. There is also potential implication of axle load for the company. On the positive side, Government started releasing PSDP funds to boost development activities after IMF review in October. Groundbreaking of Special economic zones took place recently that can attract business opportunities for investors and may create demand for construction activities. Flagship projects like Naya Pakistan Housing Program, Diamer-Bhasha Dam and Mohmand Dam are yet to come into construction phase. These factors are expected to contribute positively towards profitability of the Company.

The principal activity of the Company is manufacture and sale of cement and clinker and following are the principal risks the Company face:

- Tight price market and tough competition
- Capacity utilization
- Interest rate
- Foreign currency fluctuations
- Shrinking cement exports market

The Board of Directors has approved Directors' Remuneration Policy. The main features of the policy are as follows:

- The Company shall not pay remuneration of its non-executive directors including independent directors except for meeting fee for attending Board and its Committee meetings.
- The Company will reimburse or incur expenses of traveling and accommodation of Directors in relation to attending of Board and its Committees meetings, if any.
- The Directors' Remuneration Policy will be reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors from time to time.

### Following are the directors of the Company:

Mrs. Naz Mansha (Chairperson)

Mr. Raza Mansha

Executive

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja

Mr. Usama Mahmood

Mr. Mahmood Akhtar

Mr. Farid Noor Ali Fazal

Mr. Shahzad Ahmad Malik

Non-Executive

Non-Executive

Non-Executive

Female Directors: 01
Male Directors: 06

### **Audit Committee**

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Chairman
Mr. Mohammad Usama Mahmood Member
Mr. Mahmood Akhtar Member

### **Human Resource & Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Chairman
Mr. Raza Mansha Member
Mr. Shahzad Malik Member

There are no material post balance sheet events affecting the period end position.

Our plants and operations are complying with international and national environmental standards. DGKC is fully cognizant of its responsibility towards society and welfare. The Company is spending on education, health, medical and fire-fighting facilities, water supply to nearby localities, aiding in emergency and disaster situations in nearby areas, awareness campaigns, etc.

There are no changes that have occurred during the period under review concerning the nature of the business of the company or of its subsidiaries, or any other company in which the company has an interest

The Directors of your company state that the system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored. Significant deviations from last period in operating results of the company are highlighted and reasoned in other parts of Directors report.

We thank all our stakeholders and admire the efforts of our employees.

For and on behalf of the Board

Raza Mansha

Chief Executive Officer

Farid Noor Ali Fazal

David Da

Director

Lahore February 13, 2020

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### **DGK CEMENT HALF YEAR 2020 | DG CEMENT**

جناب محموداختر نان الگزيكو جناب فريدنورعلى فضل الگزيكو جناب شنراداحمملک نان الگزيكو خاتون دُائريكشرز: 01 مرددائريكشرز: 06

آ ۋ ب تمييني

جناب غالد نیازخواجه چیز مین جناب اسامهٔمود جناب محموداختر رکن بیوس ریسورس اینڈ ریمنریشت کمیٹی

جناب خالد نبازخواجه چيئر مين

جناب رضامنثا رکن جناب شنراوملک رکن

اختام پذیریدت کی حیثیت کومتاثر کرنے والے کوئی بعداز بیلنس شیٹ نمایاں واقعات رونمانہیں ہوئے ہیں۔

ہمارے پائٹس اور آ پریشنز بین الاقوامی اور قومی ماحولیاتی معیارات کی تغییل کررہے ہیں۔ DGKC سوسائٹی اور ویلفیئر کی اپنی ذمہ داریوں کو کمل طور پیچانتی ہے۔ کمپنی نزد کی آبادیوں کے لئے تعلیم بھوت طبی اور آگ بھانے کی سہولیات، واٹر سپلائی بنزد کی علاقوں میں ایمرجنسی اور آفاتی حالات میں مدد، آگائی مہمات وغیرہ پرخرچ کررہی ہے۔

کمپنی یااس کی ذیلی کمپنیوں یاکسی دیگر کمپنی جس میں کمپنی دلچے ہی رکھتی ہے کے کاروبار کی نوعیت سے متعلقہ کوئی تبدیلیان نہیں ہیں جوزیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران رونما ہوئی ہوں۔

آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز بیان کرتے ہیں کہ داخلی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن میں منتخلم ہے اوراسکی مؤثر طریقہ سے مملدرآ مداورنگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔ کمپنی کے آپریڈنگ نتائج میں گزشتہ مدت سے اہم تغیرات ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ کے دیگرحصوں میں احا گر کئے گئے ہیں اور وجو ہات بیان کی گئی ہیں۔

ہم اپنے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کاشکریداداکرتے ہیں اوراپنے تمام ملاز مین کی ان تھک کوششوں کوسراہتے ہیں۔

منجانب بورڈ

عمام عمرما فريدنورعل فضل

رضا منشا

چيف ايگزيکٽو آفيسر

إبهور

13 فروري2020ء

جم کے لحاظ ہے، صنعت کی کل فروخت مقدار میں 6.51 فیصد کی نمود بیھی گئی ہے کین گئجائش میں اضافے کی وجہ سے گذشتہ سال ای مدت کے 88 فیصد کے مقابلے میں مستعمل فروخت 68 نصد کی نمود کی مقابلے ہے۔ اس نے مقامی مستعمل فروخت 68 فیصد (19 HY 19 فیصد) کا بڑا حصہ شامل کیا ۔ کا کمانت ایک اہم عضر میں جس کے مقامی فروخت نمو 3.54 فیصد کے مقابلے میں 22.91 فیصد کی مقامی فروخت نمو 3.54 فیصد کے مقابلے میں 22.91 فیصد کی برآ مدات ایک اہم عنصر

صنعت کے مطابق ، آپ کی کمپنی کی مالی سال 2020 کی کبیلی ششماہی حوصلدا فوانہیں تھی۔ مجموعی طور پر بینٹ کی فروخت کی مقدار میں رجڑ ؤنمو، بنیادی طور پر مقامی سیمنٹ کی فروخت اور کلنگر برآمدات کے ذریعی کارفر ما ہے۔ بنیادی طور پر سینٹ کی برآمدات میں 200 فیصد برآمد ڈیوٹی عائد کرنے کے بعد بھارت کو برآمدات رکنے سے گراوٹ آئی ہے۔ کلنگر کے مقررہ اخراجات میں حصہ ڈالنے اور پائلگ کلنگر اشاک کو کم کرنے کے لئے برآمد کیا گیا تھا۔ آپ کی کمپنی کی متعمل فروخت او پینگ اشاک سے کلنگر کی فروخت سے صنعت کی 83 فیصد کے مقابلے 109 فیصد (HY) مقدید کے مقابلے 85:2020 فیصد کے برآمد کیا گیا گیا گیا ہے۔

قیت کے لئاظ سے فروخت، بنیادی طور پرجم میں اضافے کی وجہ سے زیادہ ہوئی ہے۔ بنیادی طور پرعام افراط زر بتوانائی کی قیمتوں میں اضافے اور تمبر 2018 کے بعد سے کرنی کی قدر میں مسلسل کی سے اخراجات میں اضافہ صنعت میں اعلی مسابقت کے درمیان سینٹ کی گرتی قیمتوں میں نتقل نہیں ہوسکتا تھا۔ تاہم ، قیمتوں نے دوسری سہ ماہی میں پچھا سیحکام ظاہر کیا لیکن قیمت کے دباؤ سے سے مقابلہ نہیں کر سکا۔ اس کے نتیج بی پی میں گرگیا (مطلق شرائط میں اور فروخت کے فیصد کے طور پر )۔ فروخت کے افراجات میں اضافہ نیادی طور پر ڈسکا کو نشر سے میں اضافے سے وابستہ تھا۔ ورکنگ کیپٹل پرمہنگائی کے دباؤ کی مالی اعانت کے لئے قرضوں اور گزشتہ سال کی اس مدت کے موازنہ میں مالی لاگت کے اندراج میں اضافہ نیادی طور پر ڈسکا کو نشر سے میں اضافے سے ہوا ہے۔

مستقبل قریب میں جمی کی لحاظ سے سینٹ کی فروخت دباؤیس رہے گی اورتوقع ہے کہ قیمتوں میں جنگ جاری رہے گی اور منفی اتار پڑھا کہ ہوسکتا ہے۔ اس سال 2020 میں بی ڈی پی فیصد کم (متوقع ہے کہ قیمتوں کو بڑھا کہ ہوسکتا ہے۔ اسٹیٹ بینک پاکستان کے ہاں کم ذخائر کے ساتھ ، اثر کم ہوسکتا ہے اور اخراجات کو متاثر کرسکتا ہے۔ شبت پہلو پر بھومت نے اکتوبر میں آئی ایم ایف کے جائزے کے بعد ترقیاتی سرگرمیوں کوفروغ دینے کے لئے پی ایس ڈی پی فنڈ زجاری کرنا شروع ہوسکتا ہے اور اخراجات کو متاثر کرسکتا ہے۔ شبت پہلو پر بھومت نے اکتوبر میں آئی ایم ایف کے جائزے کے بعد ترقیاتی سرگرمیوں کو فروغ دینے کے لئے پی ایس ڈی پی فنڈ زجاری کرنا شروع کر دینے ہیں۔ خصوصی معاشی زوئز کی گراؤٹ کر بیک علی میں ہوئی ہے جو سر ماریکاروں کے لئے کاروبار کے مواقعوں کو راغب کرسکتی ہے اور گئیراتی سرگرمیوں کی طلب پیدا کرسکتی ہے۔ نیا پاکستان ہاؤسٹک پروگرام ، دیا مربھا شاڈ بیم اور مجمد ڈ بیم جیسے فلیک شپ منصوب ایمی تک تعیراتی مرسطے میں نہیں آئے ہیں۔ توقع کی جاتی ہے کہ بیموائل کمپنی کے منافع میں شبت کردارادا کریں گئے۔

کمپنی کی بنیادی سرگرمی سیمنٹ کی تیاری اور فروخت کرنا ہے اور کمپنی کومند رجہ ذیل اہم خطرات کا سامنا ہے:

• ماركيث قيمت اور سخت مقابله

• مستعمل يبداواري صلاحت

• سود کی شرح

•غیرملکی کرنسی کاا تار چڑھاؤ

• برآ مد مارکیٹ کاسکڑاؤ

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے ڈائر کیٹرز کےمعاوضہ کی پالیسی کی منظوری دی ہے۔ پالیسی کی بنیادی خصوصیات مندرجہذیل ہیں: سمپنی بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاسوں ہیں شرکت کی فیمیں سےسوائے آزادڈ ائر کیٹرزسمیت اپنے نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر کیٹرز کومعاوضہ ادائہیں کرےگی۔ سمپنی بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاسوں ہیں شرکت کےسلسلے ہیں ڈائر کیٹرز کےسفراور رہائش کے اخراجات اواکرےگی۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز، وقیا فو قماڈ رکیٹرز معاوضہ یا لیسی کا جائزہ اوراس کی منظوری دیں گے۔

### مندرجہ ذیل کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز ہیں:

محترمهازمنشا (چیئر پرین) نان ایگریگو جناب رضامنشا ایگزیگو جناب خالد نیازخواجه آزاد جناب اُسام محمود نان ایگریگو

### **DGK CEMENT HALF YEAR 2020 | DG CEMENT**

### حصص داران كيلئے ڈائر يكٹرز كى رپورٹ

### آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرزآپ کو مالی سال 2020 کی کہلی ششماہی کے نتائج بیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں کرتے ہیں۔

### یا کستانی رویے ہزاروں میں

اِت	تغير	ىبلىششائى مالى سال <b>2019</b>	ىپلىششاى مالى سال <b>2020</b>	
5.67%	1,121,052	19,767,205	20,888,257	فروخت
19.81%	(3,284,350)	(16,582,421)	(19,866,771)	قيمة فروخت
-67.93%	(2,163,298)	3,184,784	1,021,486	مجموعى منافع
14.70%	(45,873)	(311,956)	(357,829)	انتظامی اخراجات
55.72%	(355,792)	(653,703)	(1,009,495)	فروخت اورنقشيم كاخراجات
100.00%	(50,200)	-	(50,200)	مالی ا ثا ثوں پر فرسودگی کے نقصا نات
-87.27%	376,302	(431,180)	(54,878)	ديگرمعاملاتی اخراجات
3.52%	40,315	1,144,631	1,184,946	دیگرآ مدنی
82.88%	(1,112,926)	(1,342,738)	(2,455,664)	مالى لا گت
-208.29%	(3,311,472)	1,589,838	(1,721,634)	میکسیشن ہے قبل منافع
475.56%	722,625	151,951	874,576	ئىيسىشن ئىيسىشن
-148.63%	(2,588,847)	1,741,789	(847,058)	<sup>ع</sup> یکسیشن کے بعد منافع
		3.98	-1.93	في شيئر آيدني

### امسال کے لئے آپ کی تمپنی کی پیداواراور فروخت جم کے اعداد وشار درج ذیل میں:

### اعدا دوشارمیٹرکٹن میں

اِت	تغير	ىپلىششانىمالىسال <b>2019</b>	ىبلىششابى مالى سال <b>2020</b>	
8.43%	260,866	3,093,121	3,353,987	
12.06%	319,947	2,653,899	2,973,846	
11.46%	303,110	2,645,188	2,948,298	
15.53%	383,433	2,469,752	2,853,185	
-45.78%	-80,323	175,436	95,113	
159.93%	577,882	361,326	939,208	

مالی سال 2020 کا آغازاس ماحول میں ہوا جہاں پاکتان کی معیشت نے آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کے تحت انتخام کے اقدامات سے گزررہی ہے۔ بخت مالی اور مالیاتی اقدامات ، اعلی افراط ذراور ایندھن کی بڑھتی قیمتوں نے صارفین کی قوت خرید کومتا ترکیا۔ ہاؤسٹک کیٹر پرضرورت سے زیادہ ٹیس لگانے اور معیشت کو دستاویز می بنانے کے لئے تکوئٹی مہم نے ، اگر چہ بیطویل عرصہ میں فاکدہ مند ہے، ملک میں تغییراتی سرگرمیوں کومز بیرست کردیا۔ جون 2019 کے بعد سے صنعت میں صلاحیت کی توسیع نے انفرادی مارکیٹ شیئر کو برقر اررکھنے کے لئے قیمتوں کی جنگ میں بھی شدت پیدا کردی۔ ان عوامل نے منفی منافع اور کیلو بیٹر بیٹن تناسب کے ساتھ سیمنٹ کی صنعت کے منافع کو کم کرنے میں اہم کر دارادا کیا۔

# Interim Unconsolidated Financial Statements





### **Independent Auditor's Review Report** To The Members Of D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited **Report On Review Of Interim Financial Statements**

### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of D.G Khan Cement Company Limited as at December 31, 2019 and the related condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity, and condensed interim statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements for the six-month period then ended (here-in-after referred to as the "interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these financial statements based on our review. The figures of the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the three-month periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 have not been reviewed, as we are required to review only the cumulative figures for the six-month period ended December 31, 2019.

### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Amer Raza Mir.

Chartered Accountants,

Dated: February 13, 2020

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### **Unconsolidated Condensed Interim**

Statement of Financial Position

	Note	31 December, 2019 Un-Audited (Rupees in	30 June, 2019 Audited thousand)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			•
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised share capital - 950,000,000 (June 30, 2019: 950,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each - 50,000,000 (June 30, 2019: 50,000,000)		9,500,000	9,500,000
preference shares of Rs 10 each		500,000	500,000
		10,000,000	10,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital 438,119,118 (June 30, 2019: 438,119,118)			
ordinary shares of Rs 10 each		4,381,191	4,381,191
Other reserves		32,698,314	28,922,952
Revenue reserve: Un-appropriated profits		36,339,095 73,418,600	37,624,272 70,928,415
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  Long term finances - secured	6	14,953,439	15,985,030
Long term linances - secured  Long term deposits	0	260,741	242,043
Deferred liabilities		485,314	449,194
Deferred taxation		3,215,116	4,089,691
		18,914,610	20,765,958
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables		9,248,434	8,029,874
Accrued markup		792,394	809,569
Short term borrowings - secured		18,857,801	20,258,570
Current portion of non-current liabilities		5,452,400	5,080,511
Unclaimed dividend		34,385	33,438
Provision for taxation		35,090 34,420,504	35,090 34,247,052
		34,420,304	34,241,032
Contingencies and Commitments	7		
-		126,753,714	125,941,425

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive

### As At December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

	Note	31 December, 2019 Un-Audited (Rupees in	30 June, 2019 Audited 1 thousand)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Investments Long term loans to employees Long term deposits	8 9	79,682,315 13,730,222 237 59,503 93,472,277	79,980,234 12,276,961 237 60,733 92,318,165
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Investments Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Loan to related party Income tax receivable Cash and bank balances	9	7,682,349 2,591,514 1,483,067 16,598,676 266,644 765,000 3,451,127 443,060 33,281,437	9,240,264 3,714,058 1,191,881 14,129,075 1,064,369 1,000,000 2,794,695 488,918 33,623,260
		126,753,714	125,941,425

Chief Financial Officer

Sand Dazal

### **Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss**

For the Quater and Six-Month Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

	20	19	2018		
	July to	October to	July to	October to	
	December	December	December	December	
Note	(Rupees in	thousand)	(Rupees in t	housand)	
Sales	20,888,257	11,818,812	19,767,205	11,581,312	
Cost of sales	(19,866,771)	(10,259,310)	(16,582,421)	(9,433,893)	
Gross profit	1,021,486	1,559,502	3,184,784	2,147,419	
Administrative expenses	(357,829)	(207,255)	(311,956)	(142,310)	
Selling and distribution expenses	(1,009,495)	(524,078)	(653,703)	(471,174)	
Net impairment losses on					
financial assets	(50,200)	(50,200)	-	-	
Other expenses	(54,878)	(52,868)	(431,180)	(403,191)	
Other income	1,184,946	631,849	1,144,631	675,339	
Finance cost	(2,455,664)	(1,199,560)	(1,342,738)	(736,119)	
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(1,721,634)	157,390	1,589,838	1,069,964	
Taxation	874,576	423,611	151,951	254,002	
(Loss)/profit for the period	(847,058)	581,001	1,741,789	1,323,966	
(Loss)/earnings per share					
(basic and diluted - in Rupees)	(1.93)	1.33	3.98	3.02	

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

# **Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income**For the Quater and Six-Month Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

	20	19	2018		
	July to	October to	July to	October to	
	December	December	December	December	
	(Rupees in	thousand)	(Rupees in t	thousand)	
(Loss)/profit for the period	(847,058)	581,001	1,741,789	1,323,966	
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for					
the period - net of tax					
·					
Items that may be reclassified					
subsequently to profit or loss:					
Change in fair value of available-for-sale					
investments	-	-	(2,871,037)	(3,469,541)	
Tax effect of change in fair value of					
available-for-sale investments	-	-	336,654	336,654	
	-	-	(2,534,383)	(3,132,887)	
Items that will not be subsequently					
reclassified to profit or loss:					
Change in fair value of investments at					
fair value through other comprehensive					
income (FVOCI)	3,775,361	2,774,669			
	3,775,361	2,774,669	(2,534,383)	(3,132,887)	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for					
the period	2,928,303	3,355,670	(792,594)	(1,808,921)	

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

# **Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Changes In Equity**For the Six-Month Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

		riated Total	05 77,134,421		1,741,789	- (2,534,383)	39 (792,594)		3) (1,862,013)	31 74,479,814	72 70,928,415	(847,058)	- 3,775,361	(8) 2,928,303		9) (438,119)	95 73,418,599
	Revenue reserve	General Un-appropriated reserve profits	37,991,605		- 1,741,789		- 1,741,789		(1,862,013)	37,871,381	. 37,624,272	(847,058)		(847,058)		(438,119)	36,339,095
	Reven	General	5,071,827		•	'	'		•	5,071,827	5,071,827	'	'	ľ		·	5,071,827
(Rupees in thousands)		Capital redemption reserve fund	353,510		-	'			1	353,510	353,510	1	'			ı	353,510
(Rupees in	reserve	FVOCI	1		-	1			•	•	18,940,452	1	3,775,361	3,775,361		1	22,715,813
	Capital reserve	Fair value reserve	24,779,125		1	(2,534,383)	(2,534,383)		•	22,244,742	1	1	1			1	
		Share	4,557,163		-	1			1	4,557,163	4,557,163	1	•			'	4,557,163
		Share capital	4,381,191		1	1	1		1	4,381,191	4,381,191	1	ı	1		1	4,381,191
			Balance as at July 1, 2018 - Audited	Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	- Profit for the period	- Other comprehensive loss for the period		Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners recognised directly in equity - Final dividend for the year ended	June 30, 2018 (Rs 4.25 per share)	Balance as at December 31, 2018 - Un-audited	Balance as at July 1, 2019 - Audited Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	- Loss for the period	- Other comprehensive income for the period		Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners recognised directly in equity	- Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2019 (Re 1.00 per share)	Balance as at December 31, 2019 - Un-audited
PAG	E   1	16															

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

### **Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows**

For the Six-Month Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

	Note	July to December (Rupees in	2018 July to December thousand)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations Finance cost paid Retirement and other benefits paid Income tax paid Long term deposits - net Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	12	6,007,755 (2,472,839) (65,247) (656,431) 18,698 2,831,936	1,390,585 (1,105,466) (34,820) (619,695) 77,035 (292,361)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Investments in equity instruments Long term loans, advances and deposits - net Recovery of loan to related party Interest received Dividend received Net cash outflow from investing activities		(1,648,939) 71,962 (147,500) 1,230 235,000 65,557 987,988 (434,702)	(2,764,272) 20,735 (150,000) (1,565) - 46,378 1,019,492 (1,829,232)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of long term finances Proceeds from long term finances Dividend paid Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing activities		(2,159,702) 1,500,000 (437,172) (1,096,874)	(697,833) 2,700,000 (1,851,222) 150,945
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		1,300,360 (19,769,652) 54,551 (18,414,741)	(1,970,648) (11,740,563) (97,310) (13,808,521)

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

# Notes to and Forming Part of the Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Un-audited) For the Six-Month Period Ended December 31, 2019

### 1. Status and nature of business

D. G. Khan Cement Company Limited (the 'Company') is a public company limited by shares incorporated in Pakistan in 1978 under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The Company's ordinary shares are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at 53-A, Lawrence Road, Lahore.

The Company is principally engaged in production and sale of Clinker, Ordinary Portland and Sulphate Resistant Cement. It has four cement plants, two plants located at Dera Ghazi Khan ('D.G. Khan'), one at Khairpur District, Chakwal ('Khairpur') and one at Hub District, Lasbela ('Hub').

### 2. Basis of preparation

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard ('IAS') 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are un-audited and are being submitted to the members as required by section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the 'Act').

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2019. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to and understanding of the changes in the Company's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

The Company is required to issue condensed interim consolidated financial statements along with its condensed interim separate financial statements in accordance with the requirements of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared separately.

### 3. Significant accounting policies

3.1 The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of preceding annual published financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2019 except for the adoption of new and amended standards as set out below:

### 3.2 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective in the current period

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are effective for accounting periods beginning on July 1, 2019, but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's operations (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events) and are, therefore, not detailed in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

# 3.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

There are certain standards, amendments to the accounting standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2020 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

### 4. Accounting estimates

The preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation were the same as those that were applied to the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2019, with the exception of change in estimate that is required in determining the provision for income taxes as referred to in note 5.

### 5. Taxation

Income tax expense is recognized in each interim period based on best estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. Amounts accrued for income tax expense in one interim period may have to be adjusted in a subsequent interim period of that financial year if the estimate of the annual income tax rate changes.

December 31,	June 30,				
2019	2019				
<b>Un-audited</b>	audited				
(Rupees in thousand)					

### 6. Long term finances - secured

Long term loans	- note 6.1	20,365,622	21,025,324
Current portion shown under current liabilities		(5,412,183)	(5,040,294)
		14,953,439	15,985,030

### **6.1** The reconciliation of the carrying amount is as follows:

Opening balance	21,025,324	20,040,471
Disbursements during the period/year	1,500,000	3,600,000
Repayments during the period/year	(2,159,702)	(2,615,147)
Closing balance	20,365,622	21,025,324

### 7. Contingencies and commitments

### 7.1 Contingencies

There is no significant change in contingencies from the preceding annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2019 except for the matter disclosed in note 15.1.8 to the preceding annual financial statements, which is mentioned below:

A guarantee to Meezan Bank Limited (MBL) against the loan provided by MBL to Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited, a related party, has been enhanced to Rs 840.914 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 550 million).

### 7.2 Commitments in respect of:

- (i) Contracts for capital expenditure Rs 1,294.325 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 1,600.703 million).
- (ii) Letters of credit for capital expenditure Rs 5,053.228 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 935.353 million).
- (iii) Letters of credit other than capital expenditure Rs 3,263.597 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 1,423.09 million).

December 31,	June 30,	
2019	2019	
Un-audited audited		
(Rupees in thousand)		

### 8. Property, plant and equipment

	rating fixed assets - note		75,377,220	76,928,989
Capi	tal work-in-progress - note	8.2	4,095,435	3,008,937
Majo	or spare parts and stand-by equipment		209,660	42,308
			79,682,315	79,980,234
8.1	Operating fixed assets			
	Opening book value		76,928,989	73,434,283
	Additions during the period/year - note	8.1.1	395,089	7,022,815
			77,324,078	80,457,098
	Disposals during the period/year - at book value		(103,772)	(28,042)
	Depreciation charged for the period/year		(1,843,086)	(3,500,067)
			(1,946,858)	(3,528,109)
	Closing book value		75,377,220	76,928,989
	8.1.1 Additions during the period/year			
	Freehold land		15,570	19,990
	Leasehold land		-	200,000
	Buildings on freehold land:			
	- Factory buildings		-	1,412,254
	<ul> <li>Office building and housing colony</li> </ul>		2,531	553,029
	Roads		-	838,514
	Plant and machinery		114,727	3,098,894
	Quarry equipment		111,311	312,609
	Furniture and fittings		31,286	115,553
	Office equipment		64,213	71,188
	Vehicles		55,451	257,635
	Power and water supply lines		-	143,149
			395,089	7,022,815

### DGK CEMENT HALF YEAR 2020 | DG CEMENT

December 31

June 30

December 31,	June 30,	
2019	2019	
Un-audited audited		
(Rupees in thousand)		

### 8.2 Capital work-in-progress

Civil works	1,414,780	1,001,461
Plant and machinery	2,430,618	1,724,300
Advances to suppliers and contractors	110,049	236,442
Others	139,988	46,734
	4,095,435	3,008,937

### 9. Investments

This includes Level 3 investments in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited and Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited that are related parties on the basis of common directorship. The reconciliation of carrying amount of these investments is as follows:

ourie 50,
2019
audited
thousand)
3,392,170
441,667
(1,850,624)
1,983,213

### 10. Loan to related party - considered good

This represents loan to Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL'), a related party due to common directorship, for meeting its working capital requirements. The outstanding amount is due for repayment on October 27, 2019 in accordance with the extension granted in Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 28, 2019. It carried markup at the rate of 1 month Karachi Inter Bank Offered Rate (KIBOR) + 0.5% per annum till October 27, 2019, after which the rate changed to 1 month KIBOR + 1% per annum. The reconciliation of carrying amount is as follows:

	December 31, 2019 Un-audited	June 30, 2019 audited
	(Rupees ir	n thousand)
Opening balance	1,000,000	1,000,000
Less: Receipts during the period/year	235,000	
Closing balance	765,000	1,000,000

### 11. Transactions with related parties

The related parties include the subsidiaries, the Investor (Nishat Mills Limited), related parties on the basis of common directorship, group companies, key management personnel including directors and post employment benefit plans. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that company. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

July to

July to

		July to	July to
		December	December
		2019	2018
		<b>Un-audited</b>	<b>Un-audited</b>
	-	(Rupees i	n thousand)
Relationship with the Company	Nature of transaction		
i. Subsidiary entities	Purchase of goods and services	1,311,328	956,689
	Rental income	464	464
	Sale of goods	14,973	10,763
ii. Investor	Sale of goods	15,323	37,346
	Dividend income	121,158	143,875
	Dividends paid	137,574	584,690
iii. Other related entities	Insurance premium	82,396	91,514
	Sale of goods	35,043	70,359
	Dividend income	864,282	874,545
	Dividends paid	3,587	15,244
	Purchase of goods and services	43,256	22,799
	Mark-up income on balances		
	with related parties	64,299	45,315
	Insurance claims received	-	1,531
	Purchase of shares	147,500	-
iv. Key management	Salaries and other		
personnel	employment benefits	125,650	126,083
	Dividend paid	23,951	101,366
v. Post employment	Expense charged in respect of		
benefit plans	defined benefit plan	101,367	65,470
	Expense charged in respect of		
	defined contribution plan	47,710	25,806

### DGK CEMENT HALF YEAR 2020 | DG CEMENT

	December 31, 2019 Un-audited	June 30, 2019 audited n thousand)
Period/year end balances	(nupees ii	i tilousaliu)
Payable to related parties		
Trade and other payables	356	245,582
Receivable from related parties		
Trade debts Loan to related party Long term deposits Mark-up receivable from related party	20,146 765,000 300 9,580 795,026	13,657 1,000,000 300 10,838 1,024,795
	July to December, 2019 Un-audited	July to December, 2018 Un-audited
	(Rupees i	n thousand)
Cash generated from operations		
(Loss)/profit before tax Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:	(1,721,634)	1,589,838
<ul><li>Depreciation on operating fixed assets</li><li>Loss/(gain) on disposal of operating fixed assets</li><li>Net impairment losses on financial assets</li></ul>	1,843,086 31,810 50,200	1,712,632 (7,907) -
<ul><li>Dividend income</li><li>Provision for retirement benefits</li><li>Impairment of investment in equity instruments of subsidiary</li></ul>	(987,988) 101,367	(1,020,385) 65,088 162,789
<ul><li>Mark-up income</li><li>Exchange loss</li><li>Finance cost</li></ul>	(64,299) 20,858 2,455,664	(49,699) 83,849 1,348,148
Profit before working capital changes	1,729,064	3,884,353
Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes:		
<ul> <li>Decrease/(increase) in stores, spare parts and loose tools</li> <li>Decrease/(increase) in stock-in-trade</li> <li>Increase in trade debts</li> <li>Decrease in loans, advances, deposits,</li> </ul>	1,557,915 1,122,544 (349,553)	(1,059,801) (1,336,458) (1,135,044)
prepayments and other receivables - Increase in trade and other payables	796,467 1,151,318 4,278,691 6,007,755	850,797 186,738 (2,493,768) 1,390,585

12.

December 31,	December 31,	
2019	2018	
Un-audited Un-audited		
(Rupees in thousand)		

### 13. Cash and cash equivalents

Short term borrowings - secured Cash and bank balances

(18,857,801)	(14,389,357)
443,060	580,836
(18,414,741)	(13,808,521)

### 14. Financial risk management

### 14.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as at June 30, 2019.

There have been no changes in the risk management department or in any risk management policies since the year ended June 30, 2019.

### 14.2 Fair value estimation

### a) Fair value hierarchy

The different levels for fair value estimation used by the Company have been defined as follows:

- The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded equity securities) is based on quoted (unadjusted) market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.
- The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.
- If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity instruments.

To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company classifies its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed above. The following table presents the Company's financial assets measured and recognised at fair value at December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 on a recurring basis:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at December 31, 2019		(Rupees in	thousand)	
Recurring fair value measurements				
Assets				
Investments - FVOCI	25,807,198		2,130,713	27,937,911
As at June 30, 2019				
Assets				
Investments - FVOCI	22,031,838		1,983,213	24,015,051

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the period. There were no changes in valuation techniques during the period.

The Company did not measure any financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at December 31, 2019.

### b) Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments; and
- for other financial instruments discounted cash flow analysis.

### c) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs

The main level 3 inputs used by the Company to determine fair value of investment in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL') are derived and evaluated as follows.

- Discount rate is determined using a capital asset pricing model to calculate a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to NHPL.
- Long term growth rate is estimated based on historical performance of NHPL and current market information for similar type of entities.

The significant assumptions used in this valuation technique are as follows:

- Discount rate of 14.82%.
- Long term growth rate of 4% for computation of terminal value.
- Annual growth in costs and revenues is linked to inflation at 8% per annum.

Investment in Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited's ordinary shares are also not listed and its operations have not commenced as of the reporting date. It is classified as a Level 3 financial asset and is measured at fair value on the reporting date. However, due to volatility in the underlying assumptions relevant to the valuation, there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost is considered to represent the best estimate of fair value within that range.

### Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions used in the valuation technique are as follows:

If the discount rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at December 31, 2019 would be Rs 292,460 million lower.

If the long term growth rate decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at December 31, 2019 would be Rs 136,366 million lower.

If inflation decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at December 31, 2019 would be Rs 18,630 million lower.

### 15. Date of authorization for issue

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue on February 13, 2020 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

### 16. Corresponding figures

In order to comply with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting', the unconsolidated condensed interim financial position has been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and condensed interim statement of cash flows have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Director

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# Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

### **Consolidated Condensed Interim**

Statement of Financial Position

	Note	31 December, 2019 Un-Audited (Rupees in	30 June, 2019 Audited thousand)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital - 950,000,000 (June 30, 2019: 950,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each - 50,000,000 (June 30, 2019: 50,000,000) preference shares of Rs 10 each		9,500,000 500,000 10,000,000	9,500,000  500,000  10,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 438,119,118 (June 30, 2019: 438,119,118) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Reserves Un-appropriated profit Attributable to owners of the parent company Non-controlling interest		4,381,191 32,663,323 36,400,848 73,445,362 2,010,787 75,456,149	4,381,191 28,873,607 37,744,493 70,999,291 2,039,554 73,038,845
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term finances - secured Long term deposits Deferred liabilities Deferred taxation	5	15,540,105 260,741 485,315 3,464,175 19,750,337	16,659,474 242,043 449,194 4,339,696 21,690,407
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables Accrued finance cost Short term borrowing-secured Loan from related party - unsecured Current portion of non-current liabilities Unclaimed dividend Provision for taxation		9,063,139 915,089 22,005,131 214,000 5,627,956 34,385 35,090 37,894,790	8,490,742 890,864 22,851,016 214,000 5,256,067 33,438 35,090 37,771,217
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	6	133,101,276	132,500,469

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this consolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chief Executive

### As At December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

	Note	31 December, 2019 Un-Audited	30 June, 2019 Audited a thousand)
	Note	(nupees ii	i tilousaliuj
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Biological assets	7	83,435,508 888,952	83,836,836 827,488
Investments Long term loans to employees	8	11,512,919 237	10,029,807 237
Long term loans, advances and deposits		59,504 95,897,121	60,733 94,755,101
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade		7,910,775 4,243,669	9,439,674 5,486,062
Trade debts		1,727,558	1,678,379
Investments Advances, deposits, prepayments	8	16,598,709	14,129,099
and other receivables		802,514	1,583,335
Loan to related party	9	765,000	1,000,000
Contract assets Income tax recoverable		21,664 4,153,260	164,021 3,481,548
Cash and bank balances		981,007	783,250
		37,204,155	37,745,368
		133,101,276	132,500,469

Chief Financial Officer

Sand Dazal

### **Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss**

For the Quater and Six Months Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

	20	01	9	201	8
	July to		October to	July to	October to
	December		December	December	December
Note	(Rupees in	n t	thousand)	(Rupees in thousand)	
Sales	22,623,283		12,857,519	21,496,338	12,707,604
Cost of sales	(21,495,346)		(11,240,338)	(18,143,954)	(10,434,098)
Gross profit	1,127,936		1,617,181	3,352,384	2,273,506
Administrative expenses	(396,666)		(226,785)	(349,162)	(161,964)
Selling and distribution expenses	(1,011,197)		(524,890)	(660,967)	(477,048)
Net impairment losses on financial assets	(50,200)		(50,200)	-	-
Other expenses	(124,944)		(85,785)	(533,905)	(450,284)
Other income	1,376,545		700,244	1,201,583	699,339
Finance cost	(2,711,293)		(1,333,185)	(1,449,637)	(798,784)
Loss / profit before taxation	(1,789,819)		96,580	1,560,296	1,084,765
Taxation	843,781		404,164	111,584	245,559
Loss / profit for the period	(946,038)		500,744	1,671,880	1,330,324
Attributable to :					
Equity holders of the parent	(905,526)		532,893	1,703,157	1,327,389
Non-controling interest	(40,512)		(32,149)	(31,277)	2,935
	(946,038)		500,744	1,671,880	1,330,324
Earnings per share					
(basic and diluted - in Rupees)	(2.16)		1.14	3.82	3.04

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this consolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

### Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Quater and Six Months Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

	20	19	201	8
	July to	October to	July to	October to
	December	December	December	December
	(Rupees in	thousand)	(Rupees in t	housand)
(Loss) / Profit for the year	(946,038)	500,744	1,671,880	1,330,324
Other comprehensive income / (loss)				
for the period				
Items that may be re-classified				
subsequently to profit or loss:				
Change in fair value of available-for-sale				
investments	-	-	(2,531,918)	(2,793,767)
	-	-	(2,531,918)	(2,793,767)
Items that will not be subsequently				
re-classified to profit or loss:				
Change in fair value of investments at				
fair value through other comprehensive				
income (OCI)	3,801,461	4,804,821	-	_
	3,801,461	4,804,821	-	-
Other comprehensive income / (loss)				
for the period	3,801,461	4,804,821	(2,531,918)	(2,793,767)
Total comprehensive income for the period	2,855,423	5,305,565	(860,038)	(1,463,443)
Attributable to	0.004.403	5 004 765	(000.075)	(4 407 407)
Equity holders of parent	2,884,190	5,324,769	(829,870)	(1,467,487)
Non-controling interest	(28,767)	(19,204)	(30,168)	4,044
	2,855,423	5,305,565	(860,038)	(1,463,443)

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this consolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

### **Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Changes In Equity**

For the Six-Month Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

			Capital reserve	eserve.		Revenue	Revenue reserve			
	Share	Share	Fair value reserve	FVOCI	Capital redemption reserve fund	General	Un- appropriated profits	Total equity  Un-attributable to appropriated shareholders profits of parent company	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
Restated balance as on July 1, 2018	4,381,191	4,557,163	,	24,700,828	353,510	5,110,851	37,855,893	76,959,436	2,006,284	78,965,720
Total comprehensive income for the period										
- Profit for the period	'						1,703,157	1,703,157	(31,277)	1,671,880
- Other comprehensive loss for the period	'			(2,533,027)	•		'	(2,533,027)	1,109	(2,531,918)
				(2,533,027)			1,703,157	(829,870)	(30,168)	(860,038)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners recognised directly in equity										
- Final dividend for the year ended										
June 30, 2018 (Rs 4.25 per share)	1	1	•	•	1	•	(1,862,013)	(1,862,013)	٠	(1,862,013)
Balance as at December 31, 2018 - Unaudited	4,381,191	4,557,163	•	22,167,801	353,510	5,110,851	37,697,037	74,267,553	1,976,116	76,243,669
Balance as at June 30, 2019 - Audited	4,381,191	4,557,163	•	18,852,083	353,510	5,110,851	37,744,493	70,999,291	2,039,554	73,038,845
Total comprehensive income for the period										
- Profit for the period	'		•		•		(905,526)	(905,526)	(40,512)	(946,038)
- Other comprehensive income for the period	'	•	-	3,789,716	•	•	•	3,789,716	11,745	3,801,461
			•	3,789,716			(905,526)	2,884,190	(28,767)	2,855,423
Transactions with owners in their capacity										
- Final dividend for the year ended										
June 30, 2019 (Rs 1.00 per share)	1	1	1	•	1	1	(438,119)	(438,119)	1	(438,119)
Balance as at December 31, 2019 - Unaudited	4,381,191	4,557,163	'	22,641,799	353,510	5,110,851	36,400,848	73,445,362	2,010,787	75,456,149

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this consolidated condensed interim financial information.

(Rupees in thousands)

### **Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows**

For the Six-Month Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

	Note	July to December	2018 July to December n thousand)
	14010	(Hupeco II	i irrououriu,
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	11	6,186,772	899,797
Finance cost paid		(2,687,068)	(1,227,294)
Retirement and other benefits paid		(65,246)	(34,820)
Income tax paid		(812,611)	(835,796)
Long term deposits - net		18,698	77,035
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from operating activities		2,640,546	(1,121,078)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(1,662,624)	(2,785,969)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		72,749	25,927
Long term loans, advances and deposits - net		1,229	(1,566)
Recovery of loan to related party		235,000	-
Proceeds from sale of biological assets		32,317	(18,082)
Investment in equity instruments		(151,252)	(155,003)
Interest received		65,601	45,688
Dividend received		994,728	1,025,848
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(412,252)	(1,863,157)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of long term finances		(2,247,480)	(725,333)
Divdend paid		(437,172)	(1,851,220)
Proceeds from long term finances		1,500,000	2,950,000
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from financing activities		(1,184,652)	373,447
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,043,641	(2,610,788)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		(22,067,766)	(13,213,279)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	12	(21,024,125)	(15,824,067)

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this consolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

# **Notes to and Forming Part of the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial** For the Six-Month Period ended December 31, 2019 (Un-audited)

### 1. Legal Status and nature of business

The group comprises of:

- D. G. Khan Cement Company Limited (the parent company);
- Nishat Paper Products Company Limited;
- Nishat Dairy (Private) Limited; and

The parent company is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. It is principally engaged in production and sale of Clinker, Ordinary Portland and Sulphate Resistant Cement. The registered office of the Company is situated at 53-A Lawrence Road, Lahore. The Company is principally engaged in production and sale of Clinker, Ordinary Portland and Sulphate Resistant Cement. It has four cement plants, two plants located at Dera Ghazi Khan ('D.G. Khan'), one at Khairpur District, Chakwal ('Khairpur') and one at Hub District, Lasbela ('Hub')

Nishat Paper Products Company Limited is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 on July 23, 2004. It is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of paper products and packaging material (herein reffered to as the 'Paper segment'). Its manufacturing facility is located at Khairpur on the parent company's land.

Nishat Dairy (private) Limited (the company) was incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Ordinance 1984 on October 28, 2011. The principally activity of the company is to carry on the business of production and sale of raw milk (herein reffered to as the Dairy segment) Its production facility and factory is situate at 1-KM Sukheki Road, Pindi Bhattian.

The registered office of the Group is situated at 53-A, Lawrence Road, Lahore. The parent company's holding in its subsidiaries is as follows:

Effective percentage of holding

55.00%

55.10%

- Nishat Paper Products Company Limited

- Nishat Dairy (Private) Limited

### 2. Basis of preparation

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

This condensed interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 These consolidated condensed interim financial statements are un-audited and are being submitted to the members as required by section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the 'Act').

These consolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2019. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to and understanding of the changes in the

Group's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

### 3. Significant accounting policies

3.1 The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of preceding annual published financial statements of the Group for the year ended June 30, 2019 except for the adoption of new and amended standards as set out below:

# 3.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are effective in the current period

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are effective for accounting periods beginning on July 1, 2019, but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Group's operations (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events) and are, therefore, not detailed in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

3.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

There are certain standards, amendments to the accounting standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2020 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Group's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

### 4. Accounting estimates

The preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these consolidated condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation were the same as those that were applied to the annual financial statements of the Group for the year ended June 30, 2019, with the exception of change in estimate that is required in determining the provision for income taxes as referred to below:

Income tax expense is recognized in each interim period based on best estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. Amounts accrued for income tax expense in one interim period may have to be adjusted in a subsequent interim period of that financial year if the estimate of the annual income tax rate changes.

December 31,	June 30,	
2019	2019	
<b>Un-audited</b>	audited	
(Rupees in thousand)		

### 5. Long term finances

These are composed of:

Long term loans - note 5.1

Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities

21,127,844	21,875,324
5,587,739	5,215,850
15,540,105	16,659,474

December 31,	June 30,		
2019	2019		
<b>Un-audited</b>	audited		
(Runees in thousand)			

### **5.1** The reconciliation of the carrying amount is as follows:

Opening balance	21,875,324	20,667,971
Add: Disbursements during the period	1,500,000	3,850,000
	23,375,324	24,517,971
Less: Repayments during the period	(2,247,480)	(2,642,647)
Closing balance	21,127,844	21,875,324

### 6. Contingencies and commitments

### 6.1 Contingencies

There is no significant change in contingencies from the preceding annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2019 except for the matter disclosed in annual financial statements, which is mentioned below:

- (i) A guarantee to Meezan Bank Limited (MBL) against the loan provided by MBL to Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited, a related party, has been enhanced to Rs 840.914 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 550 million).
- (ii) A guarante to Director Excise and Taxation Karachi on account of infrastructure development cess amounting to Rs. 101.021 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 82.9930 million).

### 6.2 Commitments in respect of:

- (i) Contracts for capital expenditure Rs 1,294.325 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 1,600.703 million).
- (ii) Letters of credit for capital expenditure Rs 5,053.228 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 935.353 million).
- (iii) Letters of credit other than capital expenditure Rs 3,263.597 million (June 30, 2019: Rs 1,436.660 million).

December 31,	June 30,	
2019	2019	
<b>Un-audited</b>	audited	
(Rupees in thousand)		

### 7. Property, plant and equipment

-note 7.1	79,130,413	80,783,631
	4,095,435	3,010,897
	209,660	42,308
	83,435,508	83,836,836
	-note 7.1	4,095,435 209,660

### DGK CEMENT HALF YEAR 2020 | DG CEMENT

December 31,	June 30,
2019	2019
<b>Un-audited</b>	audited
(Rupees in t	housand)

### 7.1 Operating assets

Opening book value	80,783,631	77,509,420
Add: Additions during the period/ year -note 7.1.1	410,733	7,091,672
	81,194,364	84,601,092
Less: Disposals during the period/ year - net		
book value	104,127	46,024
Depreciation charged during the period/year	1,959,825	3,771,437
Closing book value	79,130,413	80,783,631
7.1.1 Major additions during the period		
Free hold land	16,690	53,929
Leasehold land	-	200,000
Building on freehold land	445	1,423,308
Office building and housing colony	2,531	553,029
Roads	-	838,514
Plant and machinery	117,883	3,095,997
Quarry equipment	111,311	315,958
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	96,178	196,836
Motor vehicles	64,344	270,952
Power and water supply lines	1,350	143,149
	410,733	7,091,672

### 8. Investments

This includes Level 3 investments in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited and Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited that are related parties on the basis of common directorship. The reconciliation of carrying amount of these investments is as follows:

	December 31,	June 30,
	2019	2019
	<b>Un-audited</b>	audited
	(Rupees in	n thousand)
Carrying value of investments at the beginning of the period/year	1,983,213	3,392,170
Investments made during the period/year	147,500	441,667
Fair value gain/(loss) recognized in other comprehensive income	-	(1,850,624)
Carrying value at the end of the period/year	2,130,713	1,983,213

### 9. Loan to related party

This represents loan to Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL'), a related party due to common directorship, for meeting its working capital requirements. The outstanding amount is due for repayment on October 27, 2019 in accordance with the extension granted in Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 28, 2019. It carried markup at the rate of 1 month Karachi Inter Bank Offered Rate (KIBOR) + 0.5% per annum till October 27, 2019, after which the rate changed to 1 month KIBOR + 1% per annum. The reconciliation of carrying amount is as follows:

	December 31,	June 30,
	2019	2019
	<b>Un-audited</b>	audited
	(Rupees in	thousand)
Opening balance	1,000,000	1,000,000
Less: Receipts during the period/year	(235,000)	-
Closing balance	765,000	1,000,000

### 10. Transactions with related parties

The related parties comprise associated companies, other related companies, directors of the company, key management personnel and post employment benefit plans. Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

**July to December** 

		Un-a	udited
		(Rupees in	n thousand)
Relationship with the Group	Nature of transaction		
Investor & other			
related entities	Purchase of goods and services	78,428	54,866
	Purchase of Shares	147,500	-
	Insurance premium	92,853	95,735
	Dividend paid	141,161	498,366
	Sale of goods	50,366	107,705
	Mark-up income	64,299	45,315
	Insurance claim received	-	1,531
	Dividend income	992,180	1,018,420
Key Management	Salaries and other		
personnel	employment benefits	125,650	126,083
	Dividend paid	23,951	101,366
Post employment	Expense charged in respect of staff		
benefit plans	retirement benefits plans	160,854	101,327

All transactions with related parties have been carried out on commercial terms and conditions.

### **DGK CEMENT HALF YEAR 2020 | DG CEMENT**

December 31,	June 30,
2019	2019
<b>Un-audited</b>	audited
(Runees in t	housand)

### 11. Cash flow from operating activities

Profit before tax	(1,789,819)	1,560,296
Adjustment for :	(1,100,010)	.,,
- Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	1,959,825	1,847,890
- Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	31,378	(5,056)
- Loss on disposal of biological assets	59,585	55,190
-Net impairment loss on financial assets	50,200	-
- Gain on changes in fair value biological asset	(153,367)	-
- Gain on change in fair value of investments	(9)	-
- Dividend income	(994,728)	(1,026,741)
- Retirement and other benefits accrued	101,367	65,088
- Markup income	(65,601)	(49,699)
- Exchange (gain) / loss - net	20,857	120,690
- Finance cost	2,711,293	1,449,637
Profit before working capital changes	1,930,982	4,017,295
- Stores, spares and loose tools	1,528,899	(1,101,597)
- Stock-in-trade	1,242,393	(2,090,902)
- Impairment recorded during the period	-	162,000
- Trade debts	22,121	(1,341,544)
- Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	780,821	745,586
- Trade and other payables	681,556	508,959
Net working capital changes	4,255,791	(3,117,498)
Cash (used in)/ generated from operations	6,186,772	899,797
Cash and cash equivalents		
Short term borrowings - secured	(22,005,131)	(16,960,610)
Cash and bank balances	981,007	784,758
Total cash and cash equivalents	(21,024,125)	(16,175,852)

### 13. Financial risk management

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### 13.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The consolidated condensed interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the group's annual financial statements as at June 30, 2019.

There have been no changes in the risk management department or in any risk management policies since the year ended June 30, 2019.

### 13.2 Fair value estimation

### a) Fair value hierarchy

The different levels for fair value estimation used by the Group have been defined as follows:

- The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded equity securities) is based on quoted (unadjusted) market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.
- The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.
- If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity instruments.

To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group classifies its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed above. The following table presents the Group's financial assets measured and recognised at fair value at December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 on a recurring basis:

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	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	iotai
As at December 31, 2019		(Rupees in	thousand)	
Recurring fair value measurements				
Assets				
Investments - FVOCI	25,980,913		2,130,713	28,111,626
As at June 30, 2019				
Assets				
Investments - FVOCI	22,030,838		1,983,213	24,015,051

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The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the period. There were no changes in valuation techniques during the period.

The Group did not measure any financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at December 31, 2019.

### b) Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments; and
- for other financial instruments discounted cash flow analysis.

### c) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs

The main level 3 inputs used by the Group to determine fair value of investment in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL') are derived and evaluated as follows.

- Discount rate is determined using a capital asset pricing model to calculate a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to NHPL.
- Long term growth rate is estimated based on historical performance of NHPL and current market information for similar type of entities.

The significant assumptions used in this valuation technique are as follows:

- Discount rate of 14.82%.
- Long term growth rate of 4% for computation of terminal value.
- Annual growth in costs and revenues is linked to inflation at 8% per annum.

Investment in Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited's ordinary shares are also not listed and its operations have not commenced as of the reporting date. It is classified as a Level 3 financial asset and is measured at fair value on the reporting date. However, due to volatility in the underlying assumptions relevant to the valuation, there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost is considered to represent the best estimate of fair value within that range.

### Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions used in the valuation technique are as follows:

If the discount rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at December 31, 2019 would be Rs 292.460 million lower.

If the long term growth rate decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at December 31, 2019 would be Rs 136.366 million lower.

If inflation decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at December 31, 2019 would be Rs 18.630 million lower.

### 14. Operating segments

Segment information is presented in respect of the group's business. The primary format, business segment, is based on the group's management reporting structure.

The group's operations comprise of the following main business segment types:

### Type of segments Nature of business

Cement Production and sale of clinker, Ordinary Portland and Sulphate Resistant Cements.

Paper Manufacture and supply of paper products and packing material.

Dairy Production and sale of raw milk.

### 14.1 Segment analysis and reconciliation - condensed

The information by operating segment is based on internal reporting to the Group executive committee, identified as the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' as defined by IFRS 8. This information is prepared under the IFRS's applicable to the consolidated financial statements. All group financial data are assigned to the operating segments.

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Rupees in thousands	Ce	Cement	Paper	er	Dairy	Dairy/Farm	Elimina	Elimination - net	Consolidated	idated
	July to December 2019 un-audited	July to December 2018 un-audited								
Revenue from - External Customers - Inter-group	20,888,150	19,767,101	930,064	1,035,971	805,069	693,269	- (1,309,309)	(3)	22,623,283	21,496,338
	20,888,257	19,767,205	2,239,265	1,992,660	805,069	693,269	(1,309,309)	(654,203)	22,623,283	21,496,338
Segment gross profit/(loss) Segment expenses	1,021,486 (1,472,402)	3,184,784 (1,391,430)	295,478 (11,382)	300,819 (61,597)	(163,667)	(118,877)	(25,361)	(14,342)	1,127,936 (1,583,007)	3,352,384 (1,544,034)
Other income	1,184,946	1,144,631	31,772	8,443	160,291	4,895	(464)	43,614	1,376,545	1,201,583
Financial charges	(2,455,664)	(1,348,148)	(249,331)	(98,922)	(6,298)	(2,567)	1 1	I	(2,711,293)	(1,449,637)
Profit after taxation	(847,058)	1,741,788	47,924	113,612	(121,079)	(212,793)	(25,826)	29,273	(946,038)	1,671,880
Depreciation Capital expenditure Net cash (outflow) / inflow	1,843,086 (1,648,939)	1,712,632 (2,764,272)	30,074 (578)	30,101 (499)	81,627	90,352 (21,198)	5,038	14,805	1,959,825	1,847,890 (2,785,969)
from operating activities Net cash outflow from	2,831,936	(292,361)	(301,608)	(723,141)	15,994	(75,974)	94,224	(29,602)	2,640,546	(1,121,078)
investing activities	(434,702)	(1,829,232)	2,454	853	19,998	9,991	(2)	(44,769)	(412,252)	(1,863,157)
Rupees in thousands	31.12.2019 unaudited	30.06.2019 audited								
Segment assets	126,753,715	125,941,425	5,904,527	5,466,160	3,206,612	3,242,803	(2,763,578)	(2,149,919)	133,101,276	132,500,469
Segment liabilities	53,335,115	55,011,605	4,426,801	4,062,459	651,161	566,273	(767,951)	(178,713)	57,645,127	59,461,624

# 14.2

Geographical segments
All segments of the group are managed on nation-wide basis and operate manufacturing facilities and sales offices in Pakistan only.

### 15. Date of authorization

This interim financial information was authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on February 13, 2020.

### 16. Corresponding figures

In order to comply with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34: 'Interim Financial Reporting', the condensed interim consolidated balance sheet and condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity have been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding year, whereas, the condensed interim consolidated profit and loss account, condensed interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income and condensed interim consolidated cash flow statement have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding year.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

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# Notes



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