2020



DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED



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Company Information

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Haroon Iqbal Mr.Syed Muhammad Anwar Mr. Mohammad Saleem Baig Mr.Imran Ahmed Javed Mr. Muhammad Bagar Jafferi Chairman Board of Directors

Executive Director

Mr. Waseem-ul- Haque Ansari

Independent Director

Mr. Aziz-ul-Haque

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Waseem-ul- Haque Ansari

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Muhammad Hanif German

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Muhsin Ali

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Aziz-ul-Haque Chairman Mr.Syed Muhammad Anwar Member Mr. Haroon Iqbal Member

HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Aziz-ul-Haque Chairman Mr. Waseem-ul- Haque Ansari Member Mr. Haroon Iqbal Member

BANKERS

Allied Bank of Pakistan Limited Askari Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited **Habib Bank Limited**

Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan

Silk Bank Limited

Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural

Investment Co. (Pvt.) Limited Standard Chartered Bank **Summit Bank Limited** The Bank of Khyber The Bank of Punjab **United Bank Limited**

AUDITORS

Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co. **Chartered Accountants** 4/N/4, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S.,

Karachi.

LEGAL ADVISORS

A.K. Brohi & Co.

TAX ADVISOR

Sharif & Co. (Advocates) 3rd Floor, Uni Plaza,

I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

SHARES REGISTRAR / TRANSFER AGENT

BMF Consultants District Sajawal, Pakistan (Pvt.) Limited Sindh.

Anum Estate Building, Room No. 310 & 311,

3rd Floor, 49, Darul Aman Society,

Main Shahrah-e-Faisal,

Adjacent to Baloch Colony Bridge,

Karachi, Pakistan.

REGISTERED OFFICE

Dewan Centre, 3-A, Lalazar, Beach Luxury Hotel Road,

Karachi, Pakistan

FACTORY

Jilaniabad, Budhu Talpur,

Mission Statement

To be the No. 1 automobile company in Pakistan

- To assume leadership role in the technological advancement of the industry and to achieve the highest level of quantitative indigenization.
- To offer high value, economical and qualitative solutions to address the commuting needs of a diverse range of customers.
- To seek long-term and good relations with our suppliers and dealers with fair, honest and mutually profitable dealings.
- To be a totally customer oriented company and to achieve Total Customer Satisfaction.
- To create a work environment, which motivates recognizes and rewards achievements at all levels of the organization.
- To produce environment friendly vehicles.
- To be a contributing corporate citizen for the betterment of society, and to exhibit a socially responsible behavior.



Notice of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty Second Annual General Meeting of Dewan Farooque Motors Limited ("DFML" or "the Company") will be held on Wednesday, October 28, 2020, at 11:45 a.m. at Dewan Cement Limited Factory Site, at Deh Dhando, Dhabeji, District Malir, Karachi, Pakistan; to transact the following businesses upon recitation from Holy Qur'aan and other religious recitals:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the preceding General Meeting of the Company held on Thursday, December 19, 2019;
- 2. To receive, consider, approve and adopt the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020, together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon;
- 3. To confirm the appointment of the Statutory Auditors' of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021, and to fix their remuneration;
- 4. To consider any other business with the permission of the Chair.

Special Business:

1. To consider and approve short term loans/ advances to an associated company in compliance with the provisions of Section 199 of the Companies Act, 2017.

By order of the Board

Muhammad Hanif German Company Secretary

Karachi: October 05, 2020

"Statement under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act. 2017, concerning the Special Business, is attached along with the Notice circulated to the members of the Company, and is deemed an integral part hereof"

NOTES:

- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed for the period from October 21, 2020 to October 28, 2020 (both days inclusive).
- 2. Members are requested to immediately notify change in their addresses, if any, at our Shares Registrar Transfer Agent BMF Consultants Pakistan (Private) Limited, located at Anum Estate Building, Room No. 310 & 311, 3rd Floor, 49, Darul Aman Society, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, adjacent to Baloch Colony Bridge, Karachi, Pakistan.

- A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at this meeting, may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received by the Company at the abovesaid address, not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 4. CDC Account holders will further have to observe the following guidelines, as laid down in Circular 01 dated January 20, 2000, issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

a) For Attending Meeting:

- In case of individual, the account holder or sub-account holder, and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original National Identity Card (CNIC), or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney, along with the specimen signature of the nominee, shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

b) For Appointing Proxies:

- In case of individual, the account holder or sub-account holder, and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirements.
- Two persons, whose names, addresses, and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form, shall witness the proxy.
- iii) Attested copies of CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners and proxy shall be furnished along with the proxy form.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- v) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney, along with the specimen signature of the nominee, shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) along with the proxy form to the Company.

5. Notice to Shareholders who have not provided CNIC:

CNIC of the shareholders is mandatory in terms of directive of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan contained in S.R.O. 831(1)/2012 dated July 05, 2012 for the issuance of future dividend warrants etc. and in the absence of such information, payment of dividend may be withheld in term of SECP's above mentioned directive. Therefore, the shareholders who have not yet provided their CNICs are once again advised to provide the attested copies of their CNICs directly to our Shares Registrar without any further delay.



6. Mandate for E-DIVIDENDS for shareholders:

In order to make process of payment of cash dividend more efficient, e-dividend mechanism has been envisaged where shareholders can get amount of dividend credited into their respective bank accounts electronically without any delay. In this way, dividends may be instantly credited to respective bank accounts and there are no changes of dividend warrants getting lost in the post, undelivered or delivered to the wrong address, etc. The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through Notice No. 8(4) SM/CDC 2008 dated April 5, 2013 had advised all Listed Companies to adopt e-dividend mechanism due to the benefits it entails for shareholders. In view of the above, you are hereby encouraged to provide a dividend mandate in favor of e-dividend by providing dividend mandate form duly filled in and signed.

7. Electronic Transmission of Financial Statements Etc.:

SECP through its notification No. SRO 787(1)/2014 dated September 8, 2014 has allowed companies to circulate Annual Audited Financial Statements along with Notice of Annual General Meeting through email instead of sending the same through post, to those members who desires to avail this facility. The members who desire to opt to receive aforesaid statements and notice of AGM through e-mail are requested to provide their written consent on the Standard Request Form available on the Company's website: http://www.yousufdewan.com/DFML/index.html

STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT. 2017

This statement is annexed as an integral part of the Notice of the Twenty Second Annual General Meeting of Dewan Farooque Motors Limited ("the Company" or "DFML") to be held on Wednesday, October 28, 2020 at Dewan Cement Factory Site, at Deh Dhando, Dhabeji, District Malir, Karachi, Pakistan; and sets out the material facts concerning the Special Business to be transacted at the meeting.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and approve renewal of the sanctioned limits of short-term loan to an associated company in compliance with the provisions of Section 199 of the Companies Act. 2017.

SR#	DESCRIPTION	REFERENCE			
a)	Name of the Associated Company Criteria of associated relationship	Dewan Automotive Engineering Limited Common Directorship			
b)	Amount of loans and advances	Rs. 154.879 million			
c)	In Case any loan has already been granted to the said associated company or associated undertaking, the complete details thereof.	Rs. 154.879 million			
d)	Earnings/(Loss) per share for the last three years.	2019 2018 2017 -3.93 - 2.24 -1.99			
e)	Financial position, including main items of balance sheet and profit and loss	Earnings / (loss) per share -3.93 Shareholders' equity -1,216.913 Total Assets 274.903 Break-up value -56.86			
f)	Average borrowing cost of the investing company or in case of absence of borrowing the Karachi Interbank offered rate at the relevant period	restructuring and no mark-up is payable as per the			
g)	Rate of interest, mark-up, profit, fees or commission etc., to be charged	Rate of interest to be charged will be 1% above three months KIBOR rate. Three months KIBOR as of October 05, 2020 is 7.25% per annum.			
h)	Particulars of collateral security to be obtained against loan to the borrowing company or undertaking, if any:	Borrowing is unsecured.			
i)	Repayment schedules and terms of loans or advances to be given to the investee company	Renewal for one year.			



SR#	DESCRIPTION	REFERENCE			
J)	Salient feature of all the agreements entered or to be entered with its associated company or associated undertaking with regards to proposed investment.	The loan shall carry Markup @ 1% above lender's average short-term borrowing cost or the Karachi interbank Offered Rates, whichever is applicable.			
		The tenure of loan may be extended by the lender, subject to the approval of shareholders.			
		As per the terms of the agreement with the borrower the Company may recover the amount of loan by way of swap with assets/investments owned by the borrower.			
k)	Direct or indirect interest of directors, sponsors, majority shareholders and their relatives, if any, in the associated company or associated undertaking or the transaction	The following are interested directors to the extent of their respective shareholding in the investee company which are as follows:			
	under consideration.	a) Mr. Haroon Iqbal 500 (0.0023%) b) Mr. Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari 500 (0.0023%) c) Mr. Aziz-ul-Haque 1,000 (0.0047%)			
	Any other important details necessary for the members to understand the transaction.	None.			

In this regard, the following resolution is proposed to be passed, with or without modification, as a "SPECIAL RESOLUTION":

"RESOLVED THAT, the company, in accordance with the provisions of Section 199 of the Companies Act. 2017, Clause 111 (X) of the Memorandum of Association and the terms and conditions hereby approved in the Twenty First Annual General Meeting of the Company, be and is hereby authorized and empowered to renew the sanctioned limit for short term loan sought for approval in the previous general meeting in respect of following associated company:

LOAN

Borrowing Company: Dewan Automotive Engineering Limited (Rupees in Million) 154.879

The renewal of the limit shall be for a period of one year and shall be renewable in the next general meeting for further period of one year."

Chairman's Review

I am pleased to present a report on the overall performance of the Board of Directors and effectiveness of the role played by the board in achieving the company's objectives. The board of directors is responsible for the management of the company, which formulates all significant policies and strategies. The board is governed by relevant laws & regulations and its obligation, rights, responsibilities and duties are as specified and prescribed therein.

The Board of Directors comprises of individuals with diversified knowledge who endeavour to contribute towards the aim of the Company with the best of their abilities.

An annual self-evaluation of the Board of Directors of the Company is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company.

During financial year ended June 30, 2020, four board meetings were held. The Board of Directors of the Company received agendas and supporting material in sufficient time prior to the board and its committee meetings. All the directors are equally involved in important decisions. the Board's overall performance and effectiveness for the year under review was satisfactory.

Haroon Igbal CHAIRMAN

October 5, 2020



Directors' Report

The Board of Directors of Dewan Faroogue Motors Limited is pleased to present its annual report along with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 and welcomes you to the 22nd Annual General Meeting.

Financial Overview

The summary of financial performance for the year, along with the comparative figures of financial year 2020 is as follows:

	Year ended June 30, 2020 ——(Rupees in (Rupees in th	•
Gross Sales	293	1,844
Gross (loss)	(102,190)	(202,325)
Operating (loss)	(122,360)	(229,213)
Net (loss) after tax	(292,522)	(244,304)

Year under review:

During the year the automobile sector sales in the passenger car, SUV and LCV segment has shown a decline of 53% as compared last year, total units sold being 111,962. Recession in economic activity, restriction on non-filers from purchase of vehicles, and significant depreciation of PKR resulting in increased cost of production and escalation in selling prices are the main factors behind contraction in demand. Though the Government has withdrawn the restriction on purchase of vehicles by non-filer but in the recent budget has imposed Federal Excise Duty on locally manufactured cars and SUVs which has further escalated the selling prices.

The production volumes during the year under review remained suspended. In the absence of operating activity, the Company was unable to recover fixed and other cost which resulted in financial loss for the year. Due to aforesaid reasons the company is operating under tough conditions and making best endeavors to survive. To overcome the current financial situation, the Company is taking various countermeasures and has taken up the matter with the banks. The proposal for re-profiling of Company's debts is expected to be completed in the near future and the operations of the Company will be normalized. The details of overdue loans from the banks and other financial institutions/leasing companies have been disclosed in the notes to the accounts.

The Auditors have qualified the report due to significance of the matter as referred in Para (a) and (b) of the Auditors Report. The Management has explained the status of the matter in respective notes to the financial statements. The Management is fully confident that the company would be able to, finalize the financial restructuring with the lenders and will come out of current situation.

We humbly and gratefully bow our heads before Almighty Allah, the most Gracious and most Merciful, who has rewarded and blessed your Company with His Innumerable bounties in these difficult times.

IF YE GIVE THANKS, I WILL GIVE YOU MORE (AL-QURAN)

The Board Comprises of one independent director, one executive and five non-executive Directors. The following are the names of Directors:

- Mr. Haroon Igbal
- Mr. Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari
- Mr. Mohammad Saleem Baig
- **Syed Muhammad Anwar**
- Mr. Imran Ahmed Javed
- Mr. Muhammad Bagar Jafferi
- Mr. Aziz-ul-Haque

During the year no, casual vacancy was occurred on the Board of Directors.

Principal Activities of the Company

Dewan Farooque Motors Limited is incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited Company and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company's principal activity is the assembly/contract assembly, progressive manufacturing and sale of vehicles.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Company consider the following as key risks:

- Significant competition in LCV, SUV and Passenger Car category;
- Depreciation of Pak Rupee against US Dollar;
- Non-availability of banking lines.

The Company is endeavoring internally as well as externally to cater with and mitigate the impact of aforesaid risks and uncertainties.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company conducts its business in a responsible manner looking after its stakeholders and the environment. The Company mainly focus providing on the job training to fresh hired work force enabling them to develop adequate skills. While employing work force, the Company encourage under-privileged people residing close to the plant, thereby increasing their standard of living. Moreover, health and safety of employees is another area of focus. The Company complies with all applicable rules and regulations in the manufacturing process to ensure environmental protection. Standard Operating Procedures have been laid down to ensure protecting the health and safety of employees. The Company is also involved in providing medical facilities to people residing in the surrounding area.

Subsequent Events

Except as stated above, no material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company and the date of this report.



Corporate and financial reporting framework:

- The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity;
- Proper books of accounts of the company have been maintained;
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and departure there from, if any, has been adequately disclosed in the financial statements;
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored;
- The Management has explained their views in detail regarding the going concern ability of the company in note 1.1 and non-provisioning of mark up in note 23 of the annexed financial statements.
- There has been no material departure from the best practice of the corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations of the stock exchange of Pakistan;
- Summarized key operating and financial data of last six years is enclosed with the report;
- All taxes have been paid and nothing is outstanding, except as disclosed in note 17 of the annexed audited financial statement;
- The fair value of the Provident Fund's Investment as at June 30, 2020 was Rs.29.972 (2019: Rs.39.597) million.
- The Board of Directors comprise of individuals with diversified knowledge who endeavor to contribute towards the aim of the Company with the best of their abilities. During the year four meetings of the Board were held. The attendance of directors was as follows;

No. of meetings attended Mr. Haroon Iqbal 5 Mr. Aziz-ul-Haque Mr. Waseem-ul-Haq Ansari 4 Mr. Syed Muhammad Anwar 53552 Mr. Muhammad Naeem Uddin Malik Mr. Mohammad Saleem Baia Mr. Imran Ahmed Javed

Leave of absence was granted to directors who could not attend Board meetings.

During current financial year company was unable to conduct 3rd Quarter Board of Directors meeting due to Covid-19 and pandemic situation, subsequently which was conducted on 05-Oct-2020.

The audit committee comprises of three directors, one of them is an independent director and two are non-executive directors. During the year three meeting were held, members' attendance in these meeting is as under:

Name of Director

Mr. Muhammad Bagar Jafferi

Name of Director No. of meetings attended Mr. Aziz-ul-Haque 3 Mr. Haroon Igbal Mr. Syed Muhammad Anwar 3

During the year one meeting of the human resource & remuneration committee was held, members' attendance in these meeting is as under:

No. of meetings attended
1
1
1

Auditors:

The present Auditors M/s. Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co. (Chartered Accountants) have retired and offers themselves for re-appointment.

The Board of Director on recommendation of the Audit committee has recommended the reappointment of M/s. Feroze Sharif Taria & Co. (Chartered Accountants).

Loss per share

The Loss per Share is Re. (2.19).

Dividend

Due to accumulated losses and the circumstances explained above, the directors have not recommended dividend for the year.

Pattern of Shareholding:

The Pattern of Shareholding of the Company as at June 30, 2020 is included in the Annual Report.

Trading in Company Shares

None of the Directors, Executives, and their spouses and minor children have traded in the shares of the Company during the year.

Vote of Thanks:

On behalf of the Board, I thank you, the valued shareholders, Federal and Provincial Governments and their functionaries, banks, development financial institutions, leasing companies, dealers, vendors and customers for their continued support and patronage.

The Board would also like to appreciate the valuable services, loyalty and efforts rendered by the executives, staff members and workers of the Company, during the year under review.



Conclusion:

In conclusion, we bow, beg and pray to Almighty Allah, Rahman-o-Rahim, in the name of his beloved Prophet, Muhammad, peace be upon him, for continued showering of His blessing, guidance, strength, health and prosperity to us, our Company, country and nation and also pray to Almighty Allah to bestow peace, harmony, brotherhood and unity in true Islamic spirit to whole of Muslim Ummah, Ameen, Summa Ameen.

LO-MY LORD IS INDEED HEARER OF PRAYER (AL-QURAN)

Under / By Authority of Board of Directors

Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari **Chief Executive**

Haroon Igbal Director

Karachi: October 05, 2020

Key Operating and Financial Data

PARTICULARS	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
		Rs. in '000'				
Gross Sales	293	1,844	61,631	97,771	23,827	65,154
Net Sales	250	1,529	52,656	84,517	19,801	54,161
Gross (loss) / profit	(102,190)	(202,325)	(138,881)	(151,455)	(130,742)	(132,746)
Operating (loss) / profit	(122,360)	(229,213)	(187,124)	(200,179)	(204,149)	(222,919)
(Loss) / profit before tax	(292,518)	(244,285)	(66,790)	(12,367)	(43,060)	(113,287)
(Loss) / profit after tax	(292,522)	(244,304)	(69,432)	(13,212)	(43,060)	(113,287)
Retained Earnings	(4,032,506)	(3,739,984)	(3,495,680)	(3,426,248)	(3,413,036)	(3,369,976)
Share Capital	1,387,353	1,387,353	1,387,353	1,387,353	1,087,353	1,087,353
Shareholders Equity	(2,645,153)	(2,352,631)	(2,108,327)	(2,038,895)	(2,025,683)	(2,282,623)
Fixed Assets	877,147	940,899	1,010,088	1,189,899	1,158,584	1,241,244
Total Assets	3,184,146	3,424,902	3,607,124	3,524,715	3,491,470	3,428,311
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS						
Profitability Ratios						
Gross (Loss) / Profit Margin	-40876.00%	-13232.50%	-263.75%	-179.20%	-660.28%	-245.10%
Operating (loss) / profit Margin	-48944.00%	-14991.04%	-355.37%	-236.85%	-1031.00%	-411.59%
(loss) / profit before tax	-117007.20%	-15976.78%	-126.84%	-14.63%	-217.46%	-209.17%
(loss) / profit after tax	-117008.80%	-15978.02%	-131.86%	-15.63%	-217.46%	-209.17%
Return on Investment						
(loss) / Earnings per share before tax (Rs/share)	(2.11)	(1.76)	(0.48)	(0.09)	(0.40)	(1.04)
(loss) / Earnings per share after tax (Rs/share)	(2.11)	(1.76)	(0.50)	(0.10)	(0.40)	(1.04)
Activity Ratios						
Sales to Total Assets-Times	0.000	0.001	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.02
Sales to Fixed Assets-Times	0.000	0.002	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.05
Liquidity Ratios						
Current ratio (excluding current maturity of LTL)	0.26	0.26	0.28	0.29	0.30	0.40
Current ratio (including current maturity of LTL)	0.21	0.21	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.32
Book value per share (Rs)	(19.83)	(17.63)	(15.80)	(15.28)	(18.63)	(20.99)



Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

The total number of directors are seven as per the following:

a. Male:

b. Female: The requirement to have Female representation in the

Company's board will be complied upon reconstitution of

the Board.

2. The composition of board is as follows:

a) Independent Director Aziz-ul-Haque

b) Other Non-executive Directors

Haroon Igbal

Mohammad Saleem Baig Syed Muhammad Anwar Imran Ahmed Javed Muhammad Bagar Jafferi

c) **Executive Directors** Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari

- 3. Six directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company, whereas, one director is serving as director in more than seven listed Yousuf Dewan Companies.
- The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decision on relevant matters have been taken by board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has compiled with requirements of Act and the regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.

- Four of the Directors are qualified under the directors training program. During the year the board did not arrange training program for its directors.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a) Audit Committee Aziz-ul-Haque - Chairman

Syed Muhammad Anwar - Member

Haroon Igbal - Member

b) HR and Remuneration Aziz-ul-Haque - Chairman

Committee Waseem-ul-Hague Ansari - Member

Haroon Igbal - Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee 3 quarterly meetings during the financial year

ended June 30, 2020

b) HR and Remuneration 1 annual meeting held during the financial year

Committee ended June 30, 2020

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function. The staffs are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

Haroon labal Director

Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari **Chief Executive**

Karachi: October 05, 2020

FEROZE SHARIF TARIQ & CO.

Chartered Accountants 4-N/4, BLOCK 6, P.E.C.H.S, KARACHI 75400

Voice: (+9221) 34540891 (+9221) 34522734 Facimile: (+9221) 34540891 E-mail: fstc.ca@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Dewan Farooque Motors Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2020 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Following instances of Non-compliances with the requirements of the Code were observed which are not stated in the Statement of Compliance.

- The composition of board has includes one independent director Mr. Aziz ul Haque, whereas in our opinion he does not meet the criteria of independence due to his cross director ship in other group companies. Further, Code requires independent directors shall not be less than two or one third of the total members of the board, whichever is higher, whereas board include one independent director.
- The chairman of Audit committee and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee shall be an independent director, whereas in our view Mr. Aziz ul Hague does not meet the criteria of independence due to the reason reflect in para (a) above.

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Based on our review, except for the above instances of non-compliance, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Furthermore, we highlight that one director of the company are serving as directors in more than seven listed Companies and no female director included in the Board as required by the Code as reflected in the note 1 and 3 of the Statement of Compliance respectively.

Chartered Accountants

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Karachi

Dated: October 5, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Dewan Farooque Motors Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2020, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, because of the significance of the matters described in Basis for Adverse opinion Section, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof do not conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and do not give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017, in the manner so required and respectively do not give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2020 and of the loss and other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Adverse Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse opinion.

The financial statements of the company for the year ended June 30, 2020 as disclosed in note 1.1 to the financial Statements reflect loss after taxation of Rs. 292.522 (2019: Rs. 244.304) million and as of that date it has accumulated losses of Rs. 4.033(2019: Rs. 3.740) billion which resulted in net capital deficiency of Rs. 2.646 (2019: Rs. 2.353) billion and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 4.600 (2019: Rs. 4.550) billion and total assets by Rs. 2.628 (2019: Rs. 2.336) billion without providing the markup as

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refer in below para (b). The operations of the company were closed from November 2010 to November 2013 and reclose since February 2014 due to working capital constraints. Furthermore, the company has been unable to ensure timely repayments of debts owing to financial institutions due to liquidity problems and short term finance facilities have expired and not been renewed by banks. Following course, certain lenders have gone into litigation for repayment of liabilities through attachment and sale of company's hypothecated / mortgaged properties as disclosed in note 19.4 to the financial Statements. These conditions lead us to believe that the going concern assumption used in preparation of these financial Statements is inappropriate; consequently the assets and liabilities should have been stated at their realizable and settlement amounts respectively.

The company has not made provision of markup for the year amounting to Rs. 595.551 (2019: Rs. Rs. 555.960) million (refer note 23) on account of restructuring proposal offered to the lenders as described in note 1.1 to the financial statements. Non-provisioning of markup is based on management's hope that the restructuring proposal will be accepted by lenders in the proposed manner. In our opinion, since the proposal has not been accepted by the lenders so far and the lenders, instead of accepting the restructuring proposal, have preferred filing suits against the company, therefore the provision of markup should be made in these financial statements. Had the provision of markup been made in the financial statements, the loss after taxation for the year would have been higher by Rs. 595.551 (2019: Rs. 555.960) million and markup payable would have been higher and shareholders' equity would have been lower by Rs. 6.211 (2019: Rs. 5.615) billion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section we have determined the matters described below to the key audit matters to be communicated in our report

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d) Following are the Key Audit Matters:

S. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1.	Contingencies	
	The Company is subject to material litigations involving in various courts pertaining to Custom duty, Sales tax and Recovery of Loans by Financial Institutions, which requires management to make assessment and judgments with respect to likelihood and impact of such litigations. Management have engaged independent legal counsel on these matters. The accounting for, and disclosure of, contingencies is complex and is a matter of most significance in our audit because of the judgments required to determine the level of certainty on these matters. The details of contingencies along with management's assessment and the related provisions are disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements. There is an inherent risk that legal exposures are not identified and considered for financial reporting purposes on a timely basis, therefore, considered to be a key audit matter. Importantly, the decision to recognize a provision and the basis of measurement are judgmental.	In response to this matter, our audit procedures included but were not limited to: Discussing legal cases with the legal department to understand the management's view point and obtaining and reviewing the litigation documents in order to assess the facts and circumstances. Obtaining independent opinion of legal advisors dealing with such cases in the form confirmations. We also evaluated the legal cases in line with the requirements of IAS 37: Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets. The disclosures of legal exposures and provisions were assessed for completeness and accuracy In view of the significant judgments required, we evaluated the Company's assessment of the nature and status of litigation, claims and provision assessments, if any, and discussed with management to understand the legal position and the basis of material risk positions. We received legal letters from the Company's external counsel setting out their views in major cases. Specifically, we challenged the timing of recognition for cases where there was potential exposure but it was not clear that a provision should be raised e.g. where obtaining reliable estimates are not considered possible. As set out in the financial statements, the outcome of litigation and regulatory claims are dependent on the future outcome of continuing legal and regulatory processes and consequently the calculations of the provisions are subject to inherent uncertainty.

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Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting Standards as applicable in Pakistan and requirements of companies Act 2017 (XIX of 2017), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit except for the matter discussed in basis for adverse opinion section, we further report that in our opinion:

- (a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- (b) because of the matters described in Basis for Adverse Opinion section, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have not been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) however, the same are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- (c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- (d) No Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mohammad Ghalib.

Chartered Accountants

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Karachi

Dated: October 05, 2020



Statement of Financial Position

As At June 30, 2020	Note	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
		(Rs. in	'000)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment Investment	3 4	877,147 1,094,361	940,899 1,273,164
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares Stock-in-trade Trade debts - considered good Short term loans to associated undertakings - considered good Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables- considered Good Taxation - net Cash and bank balances	5 6 7 8 9 10	52,293 35,320 5,620 154,879 815,346 23,574	52,293 46,992 12,124 154,879 795,942 23,342 125,267
Cush and bank balances	11	1,212,638	1,210,839
TOTAL ASSETS		3,184,146	3,424,902
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share Capital			
Authorized			
150,000,000 (2019: 150,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		1,500,000	1,500,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up	12	1,387,353	1,387,353
Revenue Reserve Accumulated loss		(4,032,506)	(3,739,984)
		(2,645,153)	(2,352,631)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	10	•	,
Long term loans - secured Long term security deposits	13 14	12,700	12,700
Deferred Liabilities	15	4,231	4,231
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Sponsor's loan Trade and other payables Unclaimed Dividend Short term finances-secured Current maturity of long term loans	16 17 18	262,063 355,648 1,814 4,095,913 1,096,930 5,812,368	253,279 312,666 1,814 4,095,913 1,096,930 5,760,602
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	19		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,184,146	3,424,902

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari Chief Executive

Haroon Iqbal Director

Statement Of Profit And Loss Account

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Note	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
		(Rs. in '000)	
GROSS SALES	20	293	1,844
Sales tax Commission and discounts		43	315
	20	43	315
NET SALES		250	1,529
Cost of sales	20	102,440	203,854
GROSS (LOSS)		(102,190)	(202,325)
Administration and general expenses	21	20,170	26,888
OPERATING (LOSS)		(122,360)	(229,213)
OTHER INCOME/(LOSS)	22	(158,690)	(14,929)
	-	(281,050)	(244,142)
Finance cost Provision for obsolesence / slow moving stocks	23	3 11,465	143
·	L	11,468	143
(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		(292,518)	(244,285)
TAXATION	24	4	19
		4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION	=	(292,522)	(244,304)
Basic / Diluted (loss) per share (Rupees)	25	(2.19)	(1.83)

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari Chief Executive

Director



Statement of Comprehensive Income

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
	(Rs.	in '000)
(Loss) for the year	(292,522)	(244,304)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss) for the year	(292,522)	(244,304)

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari **Chief Executive**

Director

Statement Of Cash Flow

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Note	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
		(Rs. in 'C	000)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
(Loss) before taxation		(292,518)	(244,285)
Add / (Less) : Depreciation		63,752	70,103
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		-	(240)
Loss due to Change in valuation of investment in assoc	iates	178,803	37,166
Financial charges		3	143
		242,558	107,172
Degrapes in stores & suggest		(49,960)	(137,113)
Decrease in stores & spares Decrease in stock in trade		11,672	1,868 1,561
Decrease in trade debts		6,504	83,059
(Increase) in advances, deposits, pre-payments &		0,501	00,007
other receivables		(19,404)	(12,940)
Increase in trade, other payables and borrowings		42,982	53,778
(Decrease) in long term security deposits		-	(4,000)
Tax (paid)		(236)	(667)
Financial charges (paid)		(3)	(143)
		41,515	122,516
Net cash flow from operating activities		(8,445)	(14,597)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure incurred		_	(984)
Sale Proceeds of fixed assets		_	310
Net cash flow from investing activities			(674)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Sponsor's loan		8,784	12,304
Net cash flow from financing activities		8,784	12,304
1101 Cash now from manding activities			12,504
NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		339	(2,967)
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		(1,852,757)	(1,849,790)
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE PERIOD	26	(1,852,418)	(1,852,757)

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari **Chief Executive**



Statement Of Changes In Equity

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Share Capital	Reserves		
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up	Accumulated loss	Total Reserves	Total
		(Rs. in '000)		
Balance as at July 01, 2018	1,387,353	(3,495,680)	(3,495,680)	(2,108,327)
Total Comprehensive (loss) for the year	-	(244,304)	(244,304)	(244,304)
Balance as at June 30, 2019	1,387,353	(3,739,984)	(3,739,984)	(2,352,631)
Balance as at July 01, 2019	1,387,353	(3,739,984)	(3,739,984)	(2,352,631)
Total Comprehensive (loss) for the year	-	(292,522)	(292,522)	(292,522)
Balance as at June 30, 2020	1,387,353	(4,032,506)	(4,032,506)	(2,645,153)

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari Chief Executive

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Dewan Faroogue Motors Limited was incorporated in Pakistan on December 28, 1998 as a public limited company. The shares of the company are quoted on all the Pakistan stock exchanges in Pakistan. The principal activity of the Company is the assembly, progressive manufacturing and sale of vehicles in Pakistan.

The Company commenced commercial production through the interim facility from January 01, 2000. The main facility came into commercial operation from January 01, 2001.

On 01 August 2016, the company entered into an agreement with Daehan-Dewan Motor Company (Pvt.) Limited (a related party) for assembly of vehicles on contract basis.

The geographical Location and address of the company's business units, including mill/plant are as under:

The registered office of the Company is situated at Dewan Centre, 3-A Lalazar, Beach Luxury Hotel Road, Karachi, while its manufacturing facilities is situated at Jilianabad, Budhu Talpur, District Sajawal, Sindh.

1.1 **GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION**

The company has incurred a loss after taxation of Rs. 292.522 million during the year ended June 30, 2020. As of that date it has accumulated losses of Rs.4.033 billion and its current liabilities exceeded its current asset by Rs. 4.600 billion. Furthermore, cumulatively the company has not provided markup on its borrowings from banks and financial institutions amounting to Rs.6.211 billion. The working capital constraints resulted in closure of production activities leading to gross loss situation. The Company has suspended its production from November 2010 till August 2013 and again closed the production since March 2014. Further, the company has been unable to ensure timely repayments of debts owing to financial institutions due to liquidity problems and the short term facilities have not been renewed by banks/financial institutions. Following course most of the lenders have gone into litigation for repayment of liabilities through attachment and sale of Company's hypothecated / mortgaged properties and certain lenders have also filed winding up petitions. These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty, which may cast significant doubt about Company's ability to continue as going concern.

These financial statements have been prepared on going concern assumption because the above conditions are temporary and would reverse. The management is confident that the outcome will be positive as the company is negotiating reprofiling of the debt with all the lenders and is expected to be finalized in due course.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan with the exception of departure of IFRS as mentioned in note 23 to the financial statements, for which the management concludes that provisioning of mark-up would conflict with the objectives of the financial statements. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standard issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.1 Basis of preparation

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except certain items as disclosed in relevent accounting Policies below.

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except application of new amedments and interpretations in the International Accounting Standards as described below.

2.3 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS, INTERPRETATION AND IMPROVEMENTS **APPLICABLE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

New standards, amendments, interpretation and improvements effective during the current year

The Company has adopted the following standards, amendments, interpretation and improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) which became effective for the current year:

Standards, Amendments or Interpretation

IFRS 9 - Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments)

IFRS 14 - Regulatory Deferral Accounts

IFRS 16 - Leases

IFRS 16 - COVID 19 Related Rent Concessions (Amendments)

IAS 19 - Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments)

IAS 28 - Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments)

IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over income tax treatments

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2015-2017 cycle)

IFRS 3 - Business Combinations - Previously held Interests in a joint operation

IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements - Previously held Interests in a joint operation

IAS 12 - Income Taxes - Income tax consequences of payments on financial instruments classified as equity

IAS 23 - Borrowing Costs - Borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements to the accounting standards did not have any effect on the Company's financial statements except for IFRS 16. The impact of adoption of IFRS 16 and its amendments are described below:

2.3.1 IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 supersedes IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases-Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single note on statement of financial position model.

The Company adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach with the date of initial application of July 01, 2019. Under this method, the standard is applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognised at the date of initial application. Accordingly the information presented for prior years has not been restated. The Company elected to use the transition practical expedient allowing the standard to be applied only to lease contracts that were previously identified as leases applying IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 at the date of initial application. The Company also elected to use the recognition exemptions for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option ('short-term leases').

The new accounting policy in respect of leases is disclosed in note 2.6.5 & 2.6.6 to these financial statements which does not effect the financial Statemnet of the Company.

2.4 Standards, amendments and improvements to the approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and improvements to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amendments	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 3 – Definition of a Business (Amendments)	01 January 2020
IFRS 3 – Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IFRS 9 / IAS 39 / IFRS 7 – Interest Rate Benchmark Refor (Amendments)	m 01 January 2020
IFRS 10 / IAS 28 - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendmen	
IAS 1 / IAS 8 - Definition of Material (Amendments)	01 January 2020
IAS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-curre (Amendments)	ent 01 January 2022*
IAS 16 - Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 37 – Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contra (Amendments)	ct 01 January 2022

^{*}The IASB has issued an exposure draft proposing to defer the effective date of the Amendments to IAS 1 to 01 January 2023.

Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2018-2020 cycle)

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 percent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities 01 January 2022 IAS 41 - Agriculture - Taxation in fair value measurements 01 January 2022

The IASB has also issued the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the Conceptual Framework) in March 2018 which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2020 for preparers of financial statements who develop accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts override those in any standard or any requirements in a standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist IASB in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies if there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Standard or Interpretation

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 1 – First time adoption of IFRSs IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts

01 January 2004 01 January 2023

2.5 Significant Accounting estimates adjustments and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgement in application of the company's accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgements were exercised by management in the application of accounting policies in the financial statements are as follows:

- Useful lives of Property, Plant and equipment (notes 2.6 and 3.1)
- Provision for doubtful trade debts (note 2.10)
- iii. Income taxes (note 2.13)
- iv. Classification and valuation of investments (note 2.7)
- Provision for Slow moving stores and spares (note 2.8)
- vi. Provision for Slow moving stock in trade (note 2.9)

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

2.6.1 Property Plant and Equipment Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except for land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost. Cost of certain fixed assets and capital work in progress comprises of historical cost and the cost of borrowings during construction / erection period in respect of specific loans / borrowings.

Depreciation is charged to income using the reducing balance method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. The rates of depreciation are stated in note 3.1 to the accounts. Depreciation is charged in proportion to the use of assets in the respective year.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted, if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred whereas major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets are included in income currently.

2.6.2 Judgement and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

2.6.3 Capital work-in-progress

All expenditures connected to the specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are available for use.

2.6.4 Impairment of non-financial assets other than inventories

The assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. The Company recognises the reversal immediately in the statement of profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with the revaluation model. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

2.6.5 Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received as applicable. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight line method over the shorter of the lease term and the asset's useful life . The estimated useful lives of assets are determined on the same basis as that for owned assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

2.6.6 Lease Liability

Lease liabilities The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease, i.e. if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date of the lease if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset."

2.7 Investment

2.7.1 The management determines the appropriate classification of the investments, in accordance with the IFRSs, at the time of purchase depending on the purpose for which the investments are acquired and re-evaluate this classification on a regular basis. The existing investment of the company has been categorized as available for sale.

Available for sale investments are initially recognized at cost being the fair value of the consideration given including acquisition charges associated therewith.

After initial recognition, investment which are classified as available for sale are remeasured at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on available for sale investments are recognized in equity till the investment is sold or otherwise disposed off, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in income.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

2.7.2 Investment in Associates

Associates are entities over which the Company exercises significant influence. Investment in associates is accounted for using equity basis of accounting, under which the investment in associate is initially recognised at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Company's share of profit or loss of the associate after the date of acquisition. The Company's share of profit or loss of the associate is recognised in the Company's profit and loss account. Distributions received from associate reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Adjustments to the carrying amount are also made for changes in the Company's proportionate interest in the associate arising from changes in the associates' other comprehensive income that have not been recognised in the associate's profit or loss. The Company's share of those changes is recognised in other comprehensive income of the Company. The carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and the fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount and loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. If the Company's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Company discontinues recognising its share of further losses. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the investor or joint venturer resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

2.8 **Stores and Spares**

These are valued at cost determined on weighted average basis. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising of invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon accumulated to the statement of financial position date.

Stores, Spares and Loose tools are regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

Stock-in-trade 2.9

Raw materials and Components are valued at cost. Those in transit are stated at invoice price plus other charges paid thereon upto the statement of financial position date. Cost is determined on a moving average basis.

Work-in-process is valued at material cost consisting of CKD kits, local vendor parts and consumables.

CBU (finished goods) in hand are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on moving average basis.

Goods-in-transit are valued at purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the statement of financial position date.

Stock-in-trade is regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost necessary to make sale.

2.10 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are stated initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less an allowance for expected credit losses, if any. Allowance for expected credit losses is based on lifetime ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade debts and other receivables. Bad debts, if any, are written off when considered irrecoverable.

2.11 Staff retirement benefits

Effective from January 1, 2004, the company has, in place of gratuity scheme, established a recognized provident fund scheme (defined Contribution Plan) for its permanent employees. Equal contributions are being made in respect thereof by company and employees in accordance with the terms of scheme.

2.12 Long term loans / Borrowings

Long term loans/ Borrowings are initially recognized at cost. After initial recognition same are measured at original recorded amount less principal repayments thereof.

2.13 Taxation

Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at current rates of taxation after taking into account tax rebates and credits available, if any, or one percent of turnover or Alternate Corporate Tax whichever is higher. Alternate Corporate Tax is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 113C of Income Tax Ordinance.

Deferred

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the assets is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date.

2.14 Trade and other payables

Liability for trade and other amounts payable, are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received.

2.15 Warranty obligations

These are accounted for on the basis of claims lodged on the company.

2.16 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the statement of position date except for liabilities covered under forward exchange contracts, if any, which are translated at the contracted rates. Exchange differences on foreign currency translations are included in income along with any related hedge effects.

The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

2.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.18 Financial instruments

Financial assets

The financial assets of the Company mainly include trade debts, loans, deposits, shortterm investments, other receivables and cash and bank balances.

Under IFRS 9, on initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) - debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Based on the business model of the Company, the financial assets of the Company are measured and classified under IFRS 9 as follows;

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Trade debts and other financial assets previously classified as 'loans and receivables' are now classified as 'amortised cost'. These assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less an allowance for expected credit losses, if any.

Short-term investments are designated at FVTPL at initial recognition. These are carried in the unconsolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changesinfairvalue recognised in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

There are no changes in classification and measurement for the Company's financial liabilities on the adoption of IFRS 9.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with an 'expected credit loss (ECL)model. The new impairment model applies to financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

A financial assets written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the out standing contractual amounts in full before taking into accountany credit enhancements held by the Company.

At each date of statement of financial position, the Company assesses whether financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Loss allowances for financial assets measure datamortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the respective asset.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

The Company uses the standards simplified approach and calculates ECL based on lifetime ECL on itsfinancial assets. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than inventories and deferred tax assets are assessed at date of statement of financial position to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets.

2.19 Revenue recognition

Sales are recognized as revenue when goods are invoiced to customers.

Return on bank deposits are on an accrual basis.

Markup on loan to associated undertaking is recognized on an accrual basis.

Agency commission is recognized when shipments are made by the principal.

Unrealized gains / loss arising on re-measurement of investments classified as "financial assets at fair value though "profit or loss" are included in the profit and loss account in the period in which these arise.

Realised capital gains / loss on sale of investments are recognized in the profit and loss account at the time of sale.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when the control of the goods is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods according to the negotiated contractual terms. The Company has generally concluded that it acts as a principal in its revenue arrangements because it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Performance obligations held by the Company are not separable, and are not partially satisfied, since they are satisfied at a point in time, when the customer accepts the products. Moreover, the payment terms identified in most sources of revenue are shortterm usually 30 to 60 days upon delivery, without any variable considerations, financing components and guarantees.

The Company recognizes an account receivable when the performance obligations have been met, recognizing the corresponding revenue. Moreover, the considerations received before satisfying the performance obligations are recognized as advances from customer.

2.20 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and at banks and short term finances. The cash and cash equivalents are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.21 Related Party transactions and transfer pricing

The Company enters into transactions with related parties on an arm's length basis.

2.22 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

2.23 Off setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.24 Dividends distribution and transfer between reserves

Dividends declared are transfers between reserves made subsequent to the statement of financial position date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the year in which such dividends are approved / transfers are made.

2.25 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

2.26 Segment Reporting

The Company uses management approach for segment reporting, under which segment information is required to be presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes. Operating segments have been determined and presented in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker. The company has determined operating segments on the basis of business activities i.e. manufacturing and trading activities. Segment assets have not been disclosed in these financial statements as these are not reported to the chief operating decisionmaker on a regular basis.

3	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	June 30, 2020 (Rs. in	June 30, 2019 '000)
	Operating fixed assets	3.1	877,147 877,147	940,899 940,899

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

3.1 The statement of the operating fixed assets is as follows:

	Tangible - owned						
	Free hold land	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Total
As at July 01 ,2019				(Rupees in '000))		
Cost	78,033	1,136,347	1,597,244	165,150	321,402	89,267	3,387,443
Accumulated depreciation	-	630,755	1,323,335	129,507	294,099	68,848	2,446,544
Net book value	78,033	505,592	273,909	35,643	27,303	20,419	940,899
Year ended Jun 30, 2020							
Opening net book value	78,033	505,592	273,909	35,643	27,303	20,419	940,899
Additions	-	-	-	-		-	-
Disposals Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation		-	-	-	-	-	
Transfer Cost		-	-	-	-	-	
Accumulated depreciation	•	•	•	•		-	•
Accumulated depreciation		-	-	-	-		
Depreciation for the year	-	25,265	27,421	3,564	5,461	2,041	63,752
Closing net book value	78,033	480,327	246,488	32,079	21,842	18,378	877,147
As at Jun 30, 2020 Cost	78,033	1,136,347	1,597,244	165,150	321,402	89,267	3,387,443
Accumulated depreciation	-	656,020	1,350,756	133,071	299,560	70,889	2,510,296
Net book value	78,033	480,327	246,488	32,079	21,842	18,378	877,147
Depreciation rate % per annum		5%	10%	10%	20%	10%	
As at July 01 ,2018 Cost	78,033	1,136,347	1,597,244	165,150	322,648	88,283	3,387,705
Accumulated depreciation	_	604,161	1,292,867	125,547	288,440	66,602	2,377,617
Net book value	78,033	532,186	304,377	39,603	34,208	21,681	1,010,088
Year ended June 30, 2019		002/100	001,077	07,000	0.7200	21,001	.,0.0,000
Opening net book value	78,033	532,186	304,377	39,603	34,208	21,681	1,010,088
Additions	, 0,000	502,100	-	07,000	-	984	984
Disposals	-			-		704	704
Cost	-	-	-		1,246		1,246
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	•	1,176	•	1,176
Transfer Cost	-	-	-	-	70 -	-	70 -
Accumulated depreciation		-	-	-	-	-	
Depreciation for the year	-	26,594	30,468	3,960	6,835	2,246	70,103
Closing net book value	78,033	505,592	273,909	35,643	27,303	20,419	940,899
As at June 30, 2019 Cost	78,033	1,136,347	1,597,244	165,150	321,402	89,267	3,387,443
Accumulated depreciation	-	630,755	1,323,335	129,507	294,099	68,848	2,446,544
Net book value	78,033	505,592	273,909	35,643	27,303	20,419	940,899
Depreciation rate % per annum		5%	10%	10%	20%	10%	

3.1.1 The above assets are mortgaged with the Financial Institutions / Banks as disclosed in note no 19.4 and the note 1.1 to the financial Statements.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

3.1.2 Freehold land represents 73.47 Acres situated at Jilaniabad, Budhu Talpur, District Sujawal. The value of Freehold land is Rs. 69.721 Million (2019: Rs. 69.721 Million) and leasedhold land is Rs. 8.311 Million (2019: Rs. 8.311 Million)

3.2 Depreciation charge for the period has been allocated as follows:

	Note	June 30, 2020 (Rs. in	June 30, 2019 '000)
Cost of goods manufactured Administration and general expenses	20.1 21	61,637 2,115	67,778 2,326
		63,752	70,104

During the year, there is no distribution cost, therefore, depreciation charge for the year has been allocated between cost of goods manufactured and administration and general expense.

INVESTMENT 4.

Investment in Ordinary shares of Dewan Cement Limited (DCL) - Related party

65,375,455 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each (2019: 65,375,455 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each) 4.1	804,131	804,131
Share of Profit	290,230	469,033
	1,094,361	1,273,164
Fair value as per Market price Quoted in Pakisatn Stock Exchange	508,621	510,582
Market value (Rupees per share)	7.78	7.81
Percentage of equity held	13.50%	13.50%

The summarized financial information of the associates over which the company exercises significant influence based on audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	2020 (Rs. in	2019
Total Assets	37,332,839	29,895,176
Total Liabilities	15,731,024	12,878,064
Revenues	5,832,951	12,054,025
(Loss) after tax	(1,324,465)	(275,304)
Accumulated Profit up to June 30	4,243,709	5,413,615

June 30,

June 30,

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Note	е	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
			(Rs. in	'000)
5.	STORES AND SPARES			
	0.			1, , , , ,
	Stores Spares		16,430 40,927	16,430 40,927
	Spares		57,357	57,357
	Less : Provision for obsolescence / slow moving stocks		(5,064)	(5,064)
			52,293	52,293
	5.1 Movement in provision for obsolescence and slow moving items			
	Opening balance		5,064	5,064
	Provision during the year		-	_
	Closing balance		5,064	5,064
6.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Manufacturing stock			
	Raw materials and components		144,225	144,225
	Finished goods		2,980 147,205	2,980 147,205
			147,203	147,203
	Trading stock			
	Trading stock		25,962	26,169
	Less : Provision for obsolescence / slow moving stocks		(137,847)	(126,382)
			35,320	46,992
	6.1 Movement in provision for obsolescence and slow moving items			
	Opening balance		126,382	126,382
	Provision during the year		11,465	_
	Closing balance		137,847	126,382
7.	TRADE DEBTS - Considered good		5,620	12,124



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
	(Rs. in	'000)

8 SHORT TERM LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATED **UNDERTAKING - Considered good**

Dewan Automotive Engineering Limited	8.2	154,879	154,879
Ç Ç		154,879	154,879

- 8.1 The company has charged markup on loans to associated undertakings carrying markup @1% above the borrowing of the company. At the end of the period these loans carries markup at the rate of 8.26% (2019: 13.97%) per annum.
- 8.2 The maximum aggregate amount of loan at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 154.879 Million (2019: Rs. 154.879 Million).

9	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	June 30, 2020 (Rs. in	June 30, 2019 '000)
	Advances - Considered good		
	Suppliers and contractors Considered good Considered doubtful	181,467	181,467
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances	181,467 (181,467)	181,467 (181,467)
	Employee Sales tax	3,068 913 3,981	3,064 898 3,962
	Deposits Margin against letters of guarantees Others	2,050 11,511 13,561	2,050 11,511 13,561
	Other receivables Markup on loan to associated undertaking (note 8 & 9.1) Others	797,803	778,418
		<u>797,804</u> 815,346	<u>778,419</u> 795.942

- 9.1 The maximum aggregate amount receivable at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 797,803 Million (2019: Rs. 778.418 Million).
- **9.2** The age analysis of receivable from related party as follows.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020 (Rs. in	June 30, 2019 '000)
-	5,394
7,908 11,477 778,418 797,803	4,486 4,509 3,638 760,390 778,418

Not yet due Past due

- up to 3 months
- 3 to 6 months
- 6 to 12 months
- More than one year

10. TAXATION

- 10.1 Income tax assessments of the company have been finalized upto and including the tax year 2019 relating to income year ended June 30, 2019 and certain appeals for the Tax year 2008,2009 and 2010 are pending before the income tax appellate authorities. However, the Commissioner of Income Tax may at any time during a period of five years from the date of filing of return may select the deemed assessment for audit. The company is in loss, therefore provision has been made in the accounts for minimum tax as per provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- **10.2** The numerical reconciliation between the average tax rate and the applicable tax rate has not been presented in these financial statements as the company is not in operational activities as described in note 1 of these financial statements.
- 10.3 Management had a practice of recording tax expense based on the generally accepted interpretation of tax laws and accordingly sufficient provision in respect of taxation for last three years has been provided in these financial statements.
- **10.4** Subsequent to the amendment of section 5(A) of the Income tax Ordinance, 2001, tax at the applicable rate shall be imposed on every public company which derives profit for the year. However, this tax shall not apply in case of a company which distributes at least specified percentage of after tax profits within six months of the end of the tax year in the form of cash dividend. Liability in respect of such tax, if any, is recognized when the prescribed time period for distribution of dividend expires.

	CACIL AND DANK DALANCES	Note	June 30, 2020 (Rs. in	June 30, 2019 '000)
11.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand Cash at banks in current accounts	11.1	597 125,009 125,606	598 124,669 125,267



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 11.1 One of the Company's current account has been blocked by the bank. The Company has gone into litigation against this action of the bank demanding release of the blocked amount. The matter is pending in the High Court of Sindh. Further, confirmation from most of the banks are not received as the company is in litigation with banks.
- **11.2** Represents deposits placed with conventional banks.

12. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP-CAPITAL

2020 (No of Sho	2019 ares in '00	90)	June 30, 2020 (Rs. in	June 30, 2019 '000)
135,065	135,065	Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid in cash	1,350,651	1,350,651
3,670	3,670	Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each, issued as fully	2/ 700	27.700
138,735	138,735	paid bonus shares	36,702 1,387,353	36,702 1,387,353

12.1 13,650,000 (2019: 13,650,000) shares are held by Related party.

		Note	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
13.	LONG TERM LOANS - secured		(Rs. in	'000)

From banking companies and other financial institutions

Allied Bank Limited - I Saudi Pak Agricultural and Investment Company - I National Bank of Pakistan MCB Bank Limited (formerly NIB Bank) Saudi Pak Agricultural and Investment Company - II Summit Bank Limited	13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6	71,429 90,000 62,500 110,000 63,000 700,000 1,096,929	71,429 90,000 62,500 110,000 63,000 700,000 1,096,929
Less:- Current portion shown under current liabilities	13.7	1,096,930 (1,096,930) -	1,096,930

13.1 The loan carries mark up at the base rate plus 2.5% per annum. Base rate has been defined as average rate of ASK SIDE of the six months KIBOR. Base rate will be set at the last business day before the installment date for the immediately preceding installment. Presently markup on the finance works out to 14.51% (2019: 14.51%) per annum.

The loan was rescheduled during the year and is to be paid in seven equal monthly installments commencing from June 29, 2008 and ending on December 31, 2008.

This loan is secured by way of parri passu charge over all present and future fixed assets including land, building, plant and machinery of the Company.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

13.2 The loan carries mark up at the base rate plus 3.00% per annum. Base rate has been defined as average ASK rate of the six months KIBOR. Base rate will be set on the last day of preceding quarter. Presently markup on the finance works out to 15.01% (2019: 15.01%) per annum.

The loan is repayable in ten equal semi annual installments, with quarterly markup payments, commencing from January 26, 2006 and ending on October 26, 2010

The loan is secured by First Pari Passu hypothecation charge and equitable mortgage over fixed assets of the company.

13.3 The finance carries mark up at the base rate plus 2.50% per annum. Base rate has been defined as average rate of ASK SIDE of the six months KIBOR. Base rate will be set on the last day of preceding quarter. Presently markup on the finance works out to 14.51% (2019: 14.51%) per annum.

The loan was repayable in eight equal quarterly installments commencing from January 13, 2006 and ending on October 13, 2007

The loan was secured by First Pari Passu charge over plant and machinery and equitable mortgage over land and building of the company.

13.4 The finance carries mark up at the base rate plus 4.00 % per annum. Base rate has been defined as ASK rate of six months KIBOR prevailing on the last business day at the beginning of each quarterly period. Presently markup on the finance works out to 16.01% (2019): 16.01 %) per annum.

The finance is repayable in twenty equal quarterly installments commencing from March 30, 2006 and ending on December 30, 2010

The loan is secured by First Pari Passu charge over all the present and future fixed assets of the company.

13.5 The loan carries mark up at the base rate plus 3% per annum. Base rate has been defined as average ASK rate of the six months KIBOR. Base rate will be set first time on date of disbursement and subsequently on January 1st and July 1st. Presently markup on the finance works out to 15.01 % (2019: 15.01%) per annum.

The loan is repayable in ten equal half yearly installments, with quarterly markup payments, commencing from August 14,2007 and ending on February 14, 2012.

The loan is secured by First Pari Passu charge over fixed assets of the company.

13.6 The loan carries mark up at the base rate plus 3% per annum. Base rate has been defined as average ASK rate of the six months KIBOR. Base rate will be reset on bi-annual basis i.e. on January 1st and July 1st every year. Presently markup on the finance works out to 15.01 % (2019: 15.01%) per annum.

The loan is repayable through monthly installments within five years including one year grace period, markup shall continuously be paid on calendar quarter basis during grace period.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

The loan is secured by First Pari Passu charge over fixed assets of the company.

- 13.7 This includes overdue installments amounting to Rs. 1,096,930 million. Banks/financial institutions has filed suit in the High Court of Sindh U/s 9 of Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 for recovery through sale of company's assets. The company is defending these cases. The outcome is awaited and it is expected that it will be in favour of company as fully disclosed in note no. 19.4 to the financial Statements.
- **13.8** Since the Company is in litigation with banks comfirmation have not been received.
- 14. These deposits have been received from dealers and are interest free. These deposits have been utilized for the purpose of business in accordance with the term of written agreement with the dealers under section 217 of Companies Act, 2017.

15. DE	Note FERRED LIABILITIES	June 30, 2020 (Rs. in	June 30, 2019 '000)
	ferred taxation 15.1 ff gratuity 15.2	4,231 4,231	4,231 4,231
15	.1 Deferred Taxation		
	Credit balance arising due to: Accelerated tax depreciation allowances Share of profit in associated company Less: Debit balance arising due to:	143,140 84,167 227,307	160,519 136,020 296,539
	Gratuity Provision for obsolete/slow moving Stores and Spares Provision for obsolete/slow moving Stock-in-Trade Carry forward tax losses and others	(1,227) (1,469) (39,976) (223,402) (266,073)	(1,227) (1,469) (36,651) (429,301) (468,648)
	Deferred tax assets Deferred tax asset not recognized	(38,767) 38,767	(1 <i>7</i> 2,109) 1 <i>7</i> 2,109
15	.2 Staff gratuity	-	<u> </u>
	Balance at the beginning of the period Less: Payments made during the period	4,231	4,231

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

16. SPONSOR'S LOAN	Note	June 30, 2020 (Rs. in	June 30, 2019 '000)
Balance at the beginning of the period Add: Loan received during the year		253,279 8,784 262,063	240,975 12,304 253,279

16.1 This represents unsecured interest free loan for the purpose of working capital requirements and is payable on demand.

17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Creditors Trade creditors	1 <i>7</i> .1	48,063	48,248
Accrued liabilities Accrued expenses		307,584	264,415
Sales tax payable		355,648	312,666

17.1 Investments of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

18. SHORT TERM FINANCES - SECURED

From banks & financial institutions

- Short term loan (Under mark-up / 10 1 8 10 4 1 079 024 1 070 024

profit arrangements)	10.1 & 10.4	1,9/6,024	1,9/8,024	
- Overdue letter of credits	18.4	2,117,889	2,11 <i>7</i> ,889	
		4,095,913	4,095,913	

- **18.1** The facilities for short term finances under markup / profit arrangements available from various banks amounted to Rs. 2,255 (2019: Rs.2,255) million.
- **18.2** The rate of markup / profit ranges from 8.74% to 20% (2019: 8.74% to 20.00%) per annum.
- 18.3 The facilities are secured by way of pari passu charge against hypothecation of the company's stock in trade and book debts and are generally for a period of one year, renewable at the end of the period.
- **18.4** Since the company is in litigation with banks confirmations from most of them have not been received.



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

19. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies

19.1 The company, in the past, received demand notices from the Customs Authorities claiming short recovery of Rs. 269.9 million in aggregate on account of custom duties, sales tax and income tax on royalty paid to Hyundai Motor Company (HMC) and Kia Motor Corporation (KMC), taking the view that the royalty pertains to the imported CKD kits as opposed to company view that the same is independent of the import of CKD kits and relates to the local manufacturing of the motor vehicles.

The Customs Appellate Tribunal has decided the matter in company's favor resulting in reversal of demand to the extent of Rs. 182.8 million. Against the decision of Customs Appellate Tribunal, the Custom Authorities have filed an appeal before the High Court of Sindh which is pending for hearing. It is expected that the decision will be in favour of the Company. The company also expect a similar decision against the cases for the balance amount of Rs.87.1 million, as the facts of the cases and questions of law involved are identical.

- 19.2 Sales tax Appeal against order in original no. 31/2004 dated 28-2-2004 in respect of demand of Rs 3.2 million filed before commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeal I) Karachi has been decided in favor of the company as per order passed as per STA/35/LTU/2013 dated 17-6-2013 by CIR (Appeals-I) Karachi. The Commissioner Inland Revenue, Zone I, LTU, Karachi has filed appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, Karachi against the order No. STA-35/LTU/2013 dated 17-6-2013 and is pending for adjudication.
- 19.3 Letter of guarantees issued by the banks amounting to Rs. 250.336 (2019: Rs. 250.336) million.
- **19.4** In respect of liabilities towards banks / financial institutions disclosed in note 13 and 18 to the financial statements, the banks /financial institutions have filed suits in Honorable High Court of Sindh at Karachi for recovery of their liabilities through attachment and sale of Company's hypothecated / mortgaged properties. The aggregate suits amount is Rs. 6.884 billion.

The management has disputed the claim and is strongly contesting the cases. The management has filed counter claims alleging that the banks claims are highly exaggerated as they have charged markup on markup and other levies higher than the rate of markup agreed and other charges in violation of State Bank of Pakistan rules and all other applicable laws of Pakistan. The management is hopeful that the decision will be in favor of the company and the base less suits shall be rejected by the concerned courts. Since all the cases are pending before Honorable Courts therefore the ultimate outcome cannot be established at this stage.

Commitments

- 19.5 Capital expenditure commitments outstanding amounts to Rs. Nil (2019: Nil).
- 19.6 Commitments in respect of letters of credit other than for capital expenditure amounts to Rs. Nil (2019: Nil).

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

20	OPERATING RESUL	.TS	Manufo	acturing	Trad	ing	To	otal
		Note	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020 (Rs. in '00	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
	Sales				293	1,844	293	1,844
	Sales tax		•	-	43	315	43	315
	Commission and discounts		-		43	315	43	315
	Net sales		-		250	1,529	250	1,529
	Cost of sales							
	Opening stock Cost of goods manufactured Purchases	20.1	2,980 102,233	2,980 202,293	26,169	27,730	29,149 102,233	30,710 202,293
	Closing stock		(2,980)	(2,980)	(25,962)	(26,169)	(28,942)	(29,149)
	Gross (loss) / profit		102,233 (102,233)	<u>202,293</u> (202,293)	207 43	1,561 (32)	102,440 (102,190)	203,854 (202,325)
	Gross (loss) / profit		(102,233)	(202,293)	43	(32)	(102,190)	(202,323)
	Administration and general expenses	21	•	-	20,170	26,888	20,170	26,888
	Operating (Loss)		(102,233)	(202,293)	20,170 (20,127)	<u>26,888</u> (26,920)	<u>20,170</u> (122,360)	<u>26,888</u> (229,213)
					Note	June	30.	June 30,
					11010	202	20	2019
20.	1 Cost of goods mo	anuf	actured			(Rs. in '00	00)
	Raw material an		ndor par	ts consum	ed			1 / / 00 5
	Opening stock Purchases					144,2	225	144,225
	Closing stock					(144,2	225)	(144,225)
	Salaries, wage	es and	d other ben	efits	20.2	30,8	382	110,368
	Insurance						99	356
	Depreciation Communication	n			3.2	61,6	537 316	67,778 511
	Printing, station		and office s	supplies		`	1	89
	Rent, rates & T	axes					100	100
	Utilities	•	1				367	10,665
	Traveling & en Vehicle running		nment				293	2,684 4,746
	Fee & subscrip					1/	-	535
	Repairs and m	ainte				1,1	186	4,461
	Add: Opening	g stoc	ck ot work-i	n-process			-	-
	Less: Closing s	IOCK (oi work-in-p	orocess		102 3	222	202 203

20.2 Included herein is a sum of Rs. Nil (2019: Rs. 1.188) million relating to recognized Provident fund scheme.

202,293 202,293

102,233 102,233



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

21.

ADMINISTRATION AND GENERAL EXPEN	Note ISES	June 30, 2020 (Rs. i	June 30, 2019 n '000)
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	21.1	14,510	20,556
Rent, rates and taxes		916	100
Depreciation	3.2	2,115	2,326
Insurance		161	57
Traveling & entertainment		25	126
Vehicle running		1,246	1,075
Communication		99	118
Printing, stationery and office supplies		383	413
Legal and professional		-	43
Advertising & publicity		29	38
Fee and subscription		46	1,369
Repairs and maintenance		34	111
Auditors' remuneration	21.2	551	551
Security		-	5
Miscellaneous		55_	
		20,170	26,888

21.1 Included herein is a sum of Rs.0.348 (2019: Rs. 0.599) million relating to recognized Provident fund scheme.

21.2 Auditors' remuneration	June 30, 2020 (Rs. ir	June 30, 2019 n '000)
Audit fee Interim review and other certifications Out of pocket expenses	330 121 100 551	330 121 100 551

21.3 The administration and general expenses have been allocated between manufacturing and trading activities (note 20) on the basis of net sales.

22. OTHER INCOME/(LOSS)

Gain on disposal of fixed assets	8.1	-	240
Profit on Short Term Loan to Associated undertaking		19,385	18,028
Others		<i>7</i> 28	3,969
Share of (loss) of equity investment in associate	2.7.2	(178,803) (158,690)	(37,166) (14,929)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

23 FINANCE COST

During the year ended June 30, 2020 the company has not provided the markup on Long term and short term borrowing from banks and financial institutions to the extent of Rs. 595.551 million, accumulated Rs. 6.211 billion. The management is hope full that the decision of the court will be in favor of the company and the restructuring proposal will be accepted by the lenders. However had the company provided this amount in the financial statements during the year the loss of the company would have been increased and consequently the Share holders equity would have been lower and accrued markup would have been higher by the same amount. The said non provisioning is the contravention with the requirements of IAS 23 "Borrowing Costs".

June 30,	June 30,
2020	2019
(Rs. i	n '000)

24 TAXATION

24.1 The Company is in loss, therefore provision has been made for minimum tax as per the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance.

Current - for the year - for prior year

4	19
-	-
4	19

24.2 Relationship between tax expense and accounting loss

Provision for taxation is based on minimum tax liability at the rate of 1.5% of the turnover, therefore the relationship between accounting loss and tax expense for the year cannot be given.

> June 30, June 30, 2020 2019 -----(Rs. in '000)-----

25. (LOSS) PER SHARE

25.1 Basic/Diluted (loss) per share

Net (loss) for the period Weighted average number of ordinary shares Basic/Diluted (loss) per share

Rs. In thousand number in thousand Rupee

(292,522)

(244,304)

133,421 (2.19) 133,421 (1.83)

26. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and bank balances Short term finances

125,606 (1,978,024)1,852,418

125,267 (1,978,024)(1,852,757



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

27. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the accounts for the remuneration to the Chief Executive, Executive Directors and Executives are as follows:

		June 30, 202	20	June 30, 2019			
	Chief Executive	Executive Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Executive Directors	Executive	
			Rs. in	'000'			
Managerial remuneration Bonus	1,846	1,432	7,982	1,738	2,084	4,795	
House rent, utilities and other benefits	1,018	790	3,382	958	1,148	2,645	
Retirement benefits	154	119	344	145	174	292	
Medical Leave passage / assistance		<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	
teave passage / assistance	3,018	2,342	11,708	2,841	3,406	7,732	
No. of persons	1	1	3	1	1	4	

27.1 The chief executive, executive directors and certain executives of the company are provided free use of company maintained cars.

28. TRANSACTIONS WITH ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKINGS / RELATED PARTIES

The related parties and associate undertakings comprise associated companies, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties and associated undertakings, other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel disclosed in the respective notes, are as follows: June 30, June 30,

	2020 (Rs. in	2019
Sales Markup charged for the period on short term	56	76
loans to associated undertakings Sponsor's Loan Provident Fund	19,385 8,784 348	18,028 12,304 1,787
Share of (loss) on equity investment in Dewan Cement Limited	(178,803)	(37,166)

- 28.1 The outstanding balance with related parties as at the year-end have been disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.
- 28.2 Details to compensation to the key management personnel have been disclosed in the note 27 to the financial statements.
- 28.3 Following are the related parties with whom the company had entered into transactions or have arrangements/agreements in place.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Name of the Company	Basis of relationship	% of shareholding	
Daehan-Dewan Motor Company (Private) Limited	Common Directorship	Nil	
Dewan Automative Engineering Limited	Common Directorship	Nil	
Dewan Cement Limited	Common Directorship	13.50%	

29. PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

Capacity of the plant on single shift basis is 10,000 (2019:10,000). Production (including Contract Assembly) during the year is Nil (2019: Nil) due to non-availability of banking lines.

30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

	As at June 30, 2020			
	Loans and receivables	Derivatives used for hedging	Total	
Assets		Rs. in '000'		
Trade debts	5,620	-	5,620	
Other receivables	797,804	-	797,804	
Cash and bank balance	125,606	-	125,606	
	929,030	-	929,030	
		As at June 30, 20)20	
	Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	
Liabilities		Rs. in '000'		
Trade and other payables		355,647	355,647	
		355,647	355,647	
		As at June 30, 20)19	
	Loans and receivables	Derivatives used for hedging	Total	
Assets		Rs. in '000'		
Deposits	_	-	-	
Trade debts	12,124	-	12,124	
Other receivables	<i>7</i> 78,419	-	<i>7</i> 78,419	
Cash and bank balance	125,267	-	125,267	
	915,810	-	915,810	



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	As at June 30, 2019						
Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total				
		Rs. in '000'					
-		312,663	312,663				
_		312,663	312,663				

Liabilities

Trade and other payables

31 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

31.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to the financial instruments will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparites.

The Company has maintained bank balances with various banks having rating ranging between AA+ to AA-

Concentration of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to need contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

Credit risk arises from derivative financial instruments and balances with bank and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including trade receivables and committed transaction. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 1,904.666 (2019: Rs 1,891.444) million, the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs.974.932 (2019: Rs. 962.047) million. Table marked as 31.1.1 provides analysis of the credit quality of financial assets on the basis of external credit rating or the historical information about counter party default rates disclosed in relvent note of receeivables.

The company manages credit risk in trade receivables by limiting significant exposure to any individual customer, by obtaining advance against sales, by monitoring credit exposure and continuing assessment of credit worthiness of such customers as well as by close monitoring of operations of the associated undertakings.

31.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk reflects the company's inability of raising funds to meet commitments. Management closely monitors the company's liquidity and cash flow position. This includes maintenance of statement of financial position liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customers. Further, company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

31.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of currency risk and interest rate risk.

31.3.1 **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The company manages its currency risk by close monitoring of currency markets. As per central bank regulations, As on June 30, 2020 the company does not have any financial assets or financial Liabilities which are denominated in foregn currencies.

Interest rate risk 31.3.2

Interest / markup rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest / markup rates. Sensitivity to interest / markup rate risk arises from mismatches of financial assets and financial liabilities that mature or reprice in a given period. The company manages this mismatches through risk management strategies where significants changes in gap position can be adjusted. The company exposed to interest / markup rate risk is respect of the following.

2	٦	1	٦
J	-		

Interest / Markup bearing			Non-Intere	Total			
Interest/ mark-up rate	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	June 30, 2020
%				(Rupees in '000)-			

ON-STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

June 30, 2020								
FINANCIAL ASSETS Trade debts Loans to associated undertaking Advances, deposits and other rec Investment Cash and bank balances		154,879 - - - - 154,879	- - - - -	154,879 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5,620 814,433 804,131 125,606 1,749,790		5,620 814,433 804,131 125,606 1,749,790	5,620 154,879 814,433 804,131 125,606 1,904,669
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Long term loans Long term deposits Trade and other payables Short term finances	14.51-16.01 8.74-20.00	1,096,930 - - 4,095,913		1,096,930 - - - 4,095,913	- - 355,647 -	12,700	12,700 355,647	1,096,930 12,700 355,647 4,095,913
OFF-STATEMENT OF FINANC Commitment in respect of letters Outstanding bank guarantee		5,192,843	MENTS	5,192,843	355,647 250,336 250,336	12,700 - - -	250,336 250,336	5,561,190 - 250,336 250,336



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Interest	/ Markup bed	ıring	Non-Intere	Non-Interest / Markup bearing		
	Interest/ mark-up rate	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	June 30, 2019
	%				(Rupees in '000)-			
ON-STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS								
June 30, 2019								
FINANCIAL ASSETS Trade debts		-			12,124		12,124	12,124
Loans to associated undertakings	11.68%	154,879	-	154,879	, -	-		154,879
Advances, deposits and other receive	ables	-	-	-	795,044	-	795,044	795,044
Investment		-	-	-	804,131	-	804,131	804,131
Cash and bank balances			-		125,267	-	125,267	125,267
		154,879	-	154,879	1,736,566	-	1,736,566	1,891,445
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES								
Long term loans	14.51-16.01	1,096,930	-	1,096,930	-	-	-	1,096,930
Long term deposits		-	-	-	<u>.</u>	12,700	12,700	12,700
Trade and other payables		-	-	-	312,663	•	312,663	312,663
Short term finances	8.74-20.00	4,095,913	-	4,095,913	-	-		4,095,913
		5,192,843	-	5,192,843	312,663	12,700	325,363	5,518,206
OFF-STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL		NCIAL INSTR	UMENTS					
Commitment in respect of letters of cr	edit	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding bank guarantee			<u> </u>	-	250,336	-	250,336	250,336
			-	-	250,336		250,336	250,336

31.3.3 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is an amount for which an assets could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying value and the fair value estimates.

As at the reporting date the fair value of all financial assets and liabilities are estimated to approximate their carrying values.

32. Capital risk management

The Company's objective when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares and take other measures commensuration to the circumstances.

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Consistent with others in the industry, the company manages its capital risk by monitoring its debt levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectation of the shareholder. Debt is calculated as total borrowings ('long term loan' and short term borrowings' as shown in the statement of financial position), total capital comprises shareholders' equity as shown in the statement of financial position under 'share capital and reserves'.

33. **NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES**

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Total number of employees (including contractual labour) as at June 30	30	209
Average number of employees (including contractual labour) as at June 30	54	206

34. Summary of significant events and transactions in the current reporting period

- Loan from sponsor increased.
- Please refer to the director report for detailed discussion about the company's performance.

COVID-19 OUTBREAK AND ITS IMPACT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The sudden spread of COVID-19 has disrupted lives, livelihoods, communities and businesses worldwide. In March, 2020, the relevant authorities announced a temporary lockdown as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19. Complying with the lockdown, the Company offices were also temporarily closed. At that difficult time, our focus was to safeguard the well-being of everyone. Further due to the measures taken by the Government to control the pandemic has also badly affected the economic activity and businesses have come to a halt not only in Pakistan but globally as well. The Company believes that this crisis presents an opportunity to take bold actions and show leadership and solidarity. Level of communication has been significantly increased and associates have been empowered to work remotely.

The revenue of the Company was not impacted by COVID-19 due to company's operations has been closed since March 2014 and remain closed during the year in the period of lockdown and in addition, the Company had to incur additional cost to ensure safety of its employees and stakeholders. Consequently, Covid-19 being one of the major factors hence increased the fixed and variable cost and variable overheads. However, after implementing all the necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Company henceforth resumed its limited office operations and has also taken all necessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of its business despite of slowed down economic activity. Due to this, the management has assessed the accounting implications arising out of these developments on these financial statements, including but not limited to the following areas:



For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

- The impairment of tangible and intangible assets under IAS 36, "Impairment of non-financial assets"
- The net realizable value of Inventory under IAS 2, "Inventories"

Based on the assessment, there is no significant accounting implication arising out of the effects of COVID-19 in these financial statements except Fixed and Variable cost and variable overheads as stated above.

All significant transactions and events that have affected the Company's statement of financial position and performance during the year have been adequately disclosed either in the notes to these financial statements or in the Directors' report.

35. OPERATING SEGMENT

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of single reportable segment.

All non current assets of the Company as at June 30, 2020 are located in Pakistan.

36. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been authorized for issue on October 05, 2020 by the Board of Directors of the company.

Muhsin Ali Chief Financial Officer Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari Chief Executive Haroon Iqbal Director

Pattern of Shareholding under Regulation 37(xx)(i) of the Code of Corporate Governance as at June 30, 2020

Sr #	Categories of Shareholders	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares held	% of Shareholding
1.	Associated Companies	1	13,650,000	9.84%
2.	NIT and ICP	-	•	0.00%
3.	Directors, CEO, their Spouses & Minor Children	7	3,500	0.00%
4.	Executives	-		0.00%
5.	Public Sector Companies & Corporations	52	2,534,047	1.83%
6.	Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banki	ing Finance		
	Companies, Insurance Companies, Modarbas & Mu	utual Funds 5	96,675	0.07%
7.	Individuals	5,768	122,451,020	88.26%
	TOTAL	5,833	138,735,242	100.00%

DETAILS OF CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS

Sr#	Names	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares held	% of Shareholding
1.	Associated Companies			
1.1	Dewan Sugar Mills Limited	1	13,650,000	9.84%
		1	13,650,000	9.84%
2.	NIT and ICP	-	-	-
3.	Directors, CEO, their Spouses & Minor Directors and CEO	Children		
3.1	Mr. Haroon Iqbal	1	500	0.00%
3.2	Mr. Aziz ul Hag	1	500	0.00%
3.3	Mr. Waseem-ul-Haque Ansari	1	500	0.00%
3.4	Mr. Syed Muhammad Anwar	1	500	0.00%
3.5	Mr. Muhammad Baqar Jafferi	1	500	0.00%
3.6	Mr. Muhammad Saleem Baig	1	500	0.00%
3.7	Mr. Imran Ahmed Javed	1	500	0.00%
		7	3,500	0.00%
	Spouses of Directors and CEO			
3.8				0.00%
		-	-	0.00%
	Minor Children of Directors and CEO	-	-	-

SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 5% OR MORE OF THE VOTING SHARES/ INTERESTS IN THE COMPANY

Sr #	Names	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares held	% of Shareholding
1	Dewan Muhammad Yousuf Farooqui	2	63,403,768	45.70%
2	Dewan Sugar Mills Limited	1	13,650,000	9.84%

DETAILS OF TRADING IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY BY DIRECTORS, CEO, CFO, COMPANY SECRETARY, THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN

During the year under review, none of the CEO, CFO, Directors, Company Secretary, their spouses and minor children have traded in the shares of the Company.



Form 34

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1984 (Section 236(1) and 464) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

Incorporation Number

0039756

Name of the Company

DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED

Pattern of holding of the shares held by the Shareholders as at

30.06.2020

Number of Shareholders		She	areholdings		Total Shares held
434	1	-	100	Shares	13,109
865	101	-	500	Shares	397,507
1351	501	-	1,000	Shares	1,123,268
1880	1,001	-	5,000	Shares	5,432,89
558	5,001	-	10,000	Shares	4,422,972
321	10,001	-	20,000	Shares	4,794,747
153	20,001	-	30,000	Shares	3,852,94
50	30,001	-	40,000	Shares	1,782,97
53	40,001	-	50,000	Shares	2,485,29
25	50,001	-	60,000	Shares	1,384,40
17	60,001	-	70,000	Shares	1,130,120
13	70,001	-	80,000	Shares	997,00
8	80,001	-	90,000	Shares	677,50
22	90,001	-	100,000	Shares	2,165,37
19	100,001	-	120,000	Shares	2,095,60
9	120,001	-	140,000	Shares	1,143,11
12	140,001	-	160,000	Shares	1,813,55
5	160,001	-	180,000	Shares	849,00
5	180,001	-	200,000	Shares	993,00
7	200,001	-	250,000	Shares	1,559,68
5	250,001	-	300,000	Shares	1,363,50
1	300,001	-	350,000	Shares	350,00
1	350,001	-	400,000	Shares	353,00
4	400,001	-	500,000	Shares	1,905,50
1	500,001	-	600,000	Shares	600,00
2	600,001	-	800,000	Shares	1,502,00
1	800,001	-	900,000	Shares	825,23
2	900,001	-	1,000,000	Shares	1,890,00
1	1,000,001	-	1,300,000	Shares	1,105,00
1	1,300,001	-	1,400,000	Shares	1,365,00
1	1,400,001	-	1,500,000	Shares	1,425,00
1	1,500,001	-	2,500,000	Shares	2,257,50
1	2,500,001	-	3,000,000	Shares	2,505,68
1	3,000,001	-	6,000,000	Shares	5,120,00
1	6,000,001	-	14,000,000	Shares	13,650,00
1	14,000,001	-	25,000,000	Shares	24,341,39
1	25,000,001	-	40,000,000	Shares	39,062,37

DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED

Form 34

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1984 (Section 236(1) and 464) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

5.	Categories of Shareholders	Shares held	Percentage	
5.1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, their spouses and minor children	3,500	0.00%	
5.2	Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties	13,650,000	9.84%	
5.3	NIT and ICP	-	0.00%	
5.4	Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Companies	96,550	0.07%	
5.5	Insurance Companies	-	0.00%	
5.6	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	125	0.00%	
5.7	Shareholders holding 5%	77,053,768	55.54%	
5.8	General Public			
	a. Local	122,448,020	88.26%	
	b. Foreign	3,000	0.00%	
5.9	Others (Joint Stock Companies, Brokrage Houses, Employees Funds & Trustees)	2,534,047	1.83%	





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Form of Proxy

·	
I/Weof	_ being
a member(s) of DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED and holder of	
Ordinary Shares as per Registered Folio No. / CDC Participant's ID and Account No	
hereby appoint	
of	
or falling him	
of	
who is also member of DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED vide Registered Folio Participant's ID and Account No as my/our proxy to vo	
on my/our behalf at the 22nd Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on October 28, 2020 at 11:45 a.m. and my adjournment thereof.	Wednesday,
	AFFIX REVENUE STAMP RS. 5/-
Signature	
Witness: Witness: Signature Signature	
Name: Name:	
Address: Address:	

IMPORTANT:

- 1. A proxy should also be a member of the company.
- A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote all meeting, may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her.
- Proxies, In order to be effective, must be received by the Company, duly completed, at our Shares Registar Transfer Agent BMF Consultants Pakistan (Private) Limited, located at Anum Estate Building, Room # 301 & 311, 3rd Floor, 49, Darul Anum Society, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Adjacent to Baloch Colony Bridge, Karachi, Pakistan, not later than 48 hours before the meeting.

4. Further Instructions for CDC Account holders:

- In case of individual, the account holder or sub-account holder, and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall the proxy form as per the above requirements.
- ii) Two perons, whose names, addresses, and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form, shall witness the proxy.
- iii) Attested copies of CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners and proxy shall be furnished alongwith the proxy form.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original at the time of meeting.
- v) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney, alongwith the specimen signature of the nominee, shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) alongwith the proxy form to the Company.



ا کیسوال سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ اہم اعلان سے پراکسی فارم مکمل پر کر کے بہارے رجسٹرار شیئر زٹرانسفرا یجنٹ کے آفس میں ضرور جمع کروائیں، بیا ایم ایف کنسلڈنٹ (پرائیوٹ) لمیٹڈ،الغم اسٹیٹ بلڈ نگ،روم نمبر 310 اور 311، تیسری منزل، 49،دارالمان سوسائٹی، شاہراہ فیصل، ملحقہ بلوچ کالونی پل، کراچی-75350، پاکستان ۔ میٹنگ کے انعقاد سے اڑتا لیس گھنٹے پہلے یہ فارم ضرور جمع کروادیں، کسی بھی پراکسی کا کمپنی کا ممبر ہو ناضروری ہے۔

ره / ر			کا (مکمل پبته)
			بحثیت ممبر
ان فاروق موٹر زلمیٹڈ		حصص کے <u>ا</u>	۽ مالک،ر جسٹر ڌ فوليونمبر /
ڈی سی آئی ڈی اور کھانتہ نمبر			٢
تقرر کریا / کرتی ہوں		جوبذات خود	د د تجی د یوان فار وق موٹر ز
نڈ کاممبر ہے، بحیثیت رجسٹر ڈ فولیو نمبر۔ سی ڈی سی	ى آئى ڈى،اور كھانة نمبر_		
ی /ہاری موجود گی کی صورت میں سمپنی کے سا	مالانه اجلاس عام بروز ب لرھ 128 کتوبر، <mark>202</mark> 0	وقت 11:45 بج ^و ک میں میری/ہاری جانب سے ووٹ دے۔	Affix
ر گواہ میں /ہم نے بروز	טונה	کومیرے / ہارےہاتھے مہرلگائی۔	Revenue Stamp
ر شخط			Rs. 5/-
گواه:		گواه:	
:۲ ^ا		:/b	
		مکمل پیعة:	
. ط. • • رط. •			

- کوئی بھی محتص / خاتوناس وقت پرانسی کے طور پر کام کرے گا گئ جبکہ وہ خود مکبئی کا ایک رکن ہو،ماسوائے کارپوریش کے جو کسیا گیے تھے مکم کا نقر رکز سکتی ہے جو مکبئی کارکن نہ ہو۔ (1)
- کوئی بھی شخص جو کہ ممپنی کا ممبر ہوا جلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ کاسٹ کرنے کااٹل ہو گا/ہو گی یااپنی جگہ کسی اور فرد کواجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ کاسٹ کرنے کے لئے مقرر کرسکے گا۔ (2)
 - بہ پرائسی فارم اجلاس سے 48 گھنٹے قبل یک تمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈافس میں مکمل طور پر ٹراور دستخط کے ساتھ موصول ہو جانا عامیہ۔ (3)
 - بدایات رائے CDC اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز: (4)
- (i) شخص اوپر دی گئی ہدایات کی روشنی میں پر انسی ہو سکتا / ہوسکتی ہے۔
 - یراکسی فارم پر دوافراد جن کے نام اور CNIC نمبر بمعہ یتے کے موجود ہوں بطور گواہ ضروری ہیں۔ (ii)
 - تصص یافتگان اور پراکسی کے CNIC یا پاسپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقول فارم کے ساتھ منسلک ہوں۔ (iii)
 - اجلاس کے وقت پر اکسی اپنااصل CNIC پایاسپورٹ پیش کرے گا۔ (iv)
- کارپوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں ممینی کوپرائسی فارم کے ساتھ پورڈآف ڈائر کٹرز کارپر دلوشن /پاورآف اٹارنی بمعہ دستخطوں کے نمونے جمع کراناہوں ہونگے۔ (اگریمیلے فراہم نہ کئے گئے ہوں) (v)

DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED

في خصص نقصان:

فی حصص نقصان(2.19)روپے ہے۔

منافع منقسميه:

جمع شدہ نقصانات اورمندرجہ بالا واضح کردہ وجو ہات کے باعث ڈائر یکٹرز نے اس سال منافع منقسمہ کی سفارش نہیں کی ہے۔

حصص مافقگی کا طریقه کار:

کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈنگ کا طریقہ کارمور خہ 30 جون <u>202</u>0ء کی سالا ندریورٹ میں شامل ہے۔

سمپنی شیئر ز کی تجارت:

دوران سال ڈائر کیٹرز،ا گیزیکٹوز، دیگراہل خانہاور بچوں نے کمپنی کے قصص میں کوئی تنجارے نہیں کی ہے۔

اظهارتشكر:

بورڈ کی جانب سے میں معزز خصص یافتگان، وفاقی وصوبائی حکومتوں،ان کے ماتحت اداروں، پیکوں، تر قیاتی و مالیاتی اداروں، لیزنگ پینز، ڈیلرز، وینڈرزاورصارفین کی مسلسل حمایت اورسر برستی بران کاشکریدا دا کرتا ہوں۔

بورڈ بھی کمپنی کے ایگزیکٹوز ،اراکین ،عملہ اور کارکنان کی زیرنظر سال کے دوران قابلی قدرخد مات ،خلوص اور جدو چہدکوسرا ہے ہوئے خوشی محسوس کرتا ہے۔

نتبجه:

آخر میں ہم الله سبحان وتعالیٰ سے دعا گو ہیں کہ وہ پیغیر آخرز ماں حضرت محقیقیہ پر کروڑ ہاں رحت وبرکات کانزول فرمائے اور حضرت محقیقیہ کے صدقہ طفیل میں ہمیں درست رہنمائی کے ساتھ طافت،خوشحالی وصحت عطافر مائے۔ہماری تمپنی کوملک وقوم کی خوشحالی کا باعث بنائے۔ہمیں امن وسکون ،اخوت و بھائی چار گی کے ساتھ تیجی ملت اسلامیہ بننے کی روح پروان چڑھائے۔

> (آمین بارب العالمین) ہے شک ہمارارب دعاؤں کا سننے والا ہے۔ (القرآن)

Aff مارون اقبال

ڈائر یکٹر

پورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے اختیار کے تحت۔

وسيم الحق انصاري

كراچى،مورخه 5اكتوبر2020ء

اجلاس میں شرکت	_ يکٹرز کے اساءِ گرامی	ڈ ائر
5	مإرون ا قبال	-1
4	وسيم الحق انصاري	-2
3	محرنعيم الدين ملك	-3
5	محرسليم بيگ	-4
5	سيدمحمرا نوار	-5
5	عمران احمد جاويد	-6
5	ع بيزالحق	-7
2	محمه با قرجعفری	-8

موجودہ مالی سال کے دوران کوویڈ-19 اور وبائی صورتحال کے باعث نو ماہی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کا پیا جلاس مور نہ 5اکتوبر 2020ء کومنعقد کیا گیا۔

بورڈ کے اجلاس میں شرکت سے قاصرڈ ائر یکٹرز کورخصت دی گئی تھی۔

آ ڈے کمیٹی تین ڈائر کیٹرز پرمشتمل ہے جن میں ایک ڈائر کیٹرخو دمختار اور دونان ایگز کیٹوڈ ائر کیٹرز ہیں۔رواں سال کے دوران تین اجلاس منعقد ہوئے جس میں ممبران کی شرکت مندرجه ذبل رہی۔

اجلاس میں شرکت	رز کے اساءِ گرامی	ڈائر کیٹ
3	بإرون اقبال	-1
3	سيدمجمرا نوار	-2
3	عڙيزالحق	-3

دوران سال ہیومن رسورس اور معاوضه کمیٹی کا ایک اجلاس منعقد ہوا جس میں ممبران کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل رہی۔

اجلاس میں شرکت	ِ ائرَ یکٹرز کے اساءِ گرامی	ۇ
1	·-	1
1	ي- وسيم الحق انصاري	2
1	;-	3

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرز فیروزشریف طارق ایٹڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کاوٹٹینٹس سیکدوش ہوگئے ہیں اوردوبارہ تقرری کے لئے اپنی خدمات پیش کی ہیں آڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارشات پر بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے میسرز فیروزشریف طارق اینڈ کمپنی جارٹرڈا کاؤشینٹس کی دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED

كاروباري وساجي ذمه داريال:

سمپنی کاروباری ضروریات اور متعلقین سمپنی کے معاملات کواپنی بہترین صلاحیتوں کے ساتھ حیلانے میں مصروف ہے۔ سمپنی نئے آنے والے افراد کی تربیت کر کے ان کی مہارت کومزیز کھارنے میں کوشاں رہتی ہے جوبطور ورکر کے کام کرنا چاہتے ہیں کمپنی ان افراد کوتر جمجے دیتی ہے جو کہ پلانٹ سے قریب ترین رہائش پذیر یہوں تا کہ وہ اپنے معیارِ زندگی کو بہتر کرسکیں۔مزید برآں ملاز مین کی صحت اور حفاظت کو بھی مدنظر رکھا جا تا ہے اوراس بات کو پیٹی بنانے کے لئے تمام منصبط شدہ اصول اور طریقہ کا راختیار کئے جاتے ہیں۔ نیز گاڑیوں کی تیاری کے مراحل میں تمام مروجہ قوانین بڑمل درآ مدلویقینی بنایاجا تاہے۔اس کے علاوہ نمپنی پلانٹ سے قرب وجوار کے علاقوں رہائش یذیرافرادکومفت طبی سہولیات فراہم کرنے میں ہردم کوشاں رہتی ہے۔

متوقع صورتحال:

جبیہا کہاوپر بیان کیا گیاہے کمپنی کے مالی سال کے اختتام اوراس رپورٹ کے اختتام تک کمپنی کی مالی حیثیت میں کوئی خاطر خواہ تبدیلی واقع نہیں ہوئی۔

کاروباری و مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کا تجربه:

- مورخہ 30 جون <u>202</u>0ء کوکمل ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے کمپنی کی مینجنٹ کے تیار کردہ مالی گوشوار ہے اپنے ادار تی امور عملدر آمد کے نتائج ، لین دین اورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلی کے شفاف مظہریں۔
 - کمپٹی کےلین دین کاریکارڈ مرتب کرنے کے لئے کتابیں مروجہ قوانین کےمطابق تیار کی جاتی ہیں۔ -2
- مورخہ 30 جون <u>202</u>0 ءکوکمل ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے مالی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مجوز ہا کا ؤیٹنگ پالیسیاں عمل میں لائی گئی ہیں اورا کا ؤیٹنگ -3 تخمینے موز وں اور انصاف برمبنی ہیں۔
- انٹرنیشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ اسٹیتڈرڈ (آئی ایف آرایس) جو کہ پاکستان میں رائج میں کو مالی گوشواروں کی تناری اورنبٹانے میں بروئے کارلایا گیا ہے اور ہر -4 مالی امور کو مذکورہ گوشواروں میں واضح کیا گیاہے۔
 - داخلی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن کے لحاظ ہے مشحکم ہے جس کے نفاذ میں موثر انداز سے نگرانی کی گئی ہے۔ -5
- ا تنظامیہ نے نوٹ 1.1 میں چلتے ہوئے ادارے کے طور پر کمپٹی کی اہلیت کا تفصیلی جائز ہیش کیا ہے اورمنسلکہ حالیہ گوشواروں کے نوٹ 23 میں مارک اپ -6 کی نان بروو پژننگ کے بارے میں واضح کیا ہے۔
 - یا کستان اٹاک ایجیجنج کے لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز کی تفصیلات کے مطابق کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے بہترین عملدرآ مدمیں کوئی کوتا ہی نہیں کی گئی۔ -7
 - گزشتہ چھسال کی مخضری آبریٹنگ اور مالی اعدادو شارر پورٹ کے ہمراہ منسلک ہیں۔ -8
 - تمام محصولات ادا کردیئے گئے اورکوئی واجب الا دانہیں ۔سوائے ان کے جو کہ منسلکہ آ ڈٹ شدہ مالی گوشوارے کے نوٹ نمیر 17 میں درج ہے۔ -9
- مورخه 30 جون <u>202</u>0ء کو پراویڈیینٹ فنڈ کی سر ماریکاری منصفانہ مالیت 29.972 ملین رویے تھی سال <u>201</u>9ء میں 39.597 ملین رویے تھی۔ -10
 - یورڈ آفڈ ائر کیٹرز کے تمام افرادا بنی بہترین صلاحیتوں اور بھریورمعلومات کے ساتھ کمپٹی کے مقاصد کے حصول میں برسریپکار میں۔ دوران سال -11 پورڈ آف ڈائر مکٹرز کے جارا جلاس منعقد ہوئے جس میں حاضری مندرجہ ذیل رہی۔



ہم انتہائی عاجزی اورشکر کے ساتھ اللہ سجان وتعالیٰ کے سامنے سر بسجو دہیں جو کہ بڑامہر بان اور رحیم ہے۔ جس نے ان مشکل اوقات میں آپ کی کمپنی کو بے ثمارا نعامات سے نواز ا۔

اگرتم میرے شکر گزار ہوتو میں تنہیں اور زیادہ دوں گا۔ (القرآن)

بورڈ میں ایک خودمختار، ایک ایگزیکٹواور دوپانچ ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹرز پرمشتمل ہے۔ڈائر یکٹرز کے نام مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔

- ارون اقبال
 وسیم الحق انصاری
 محمد سیم میگ
 سید محمد انوار
 عمر ان احمد جاوید
 محمد با قرجعفری
 عرالحق
- دوران سال بوردْ آف دْائرَ يَكْتُرز مِين كُونَى حِيَّهُ خَالَيْهِين بِهُونَى _

تسمینی کی بنیادی سرگرمیان:

دیوان فاروق موٹرزلمید پاکستان میں بطور پبک لمید کمپنی کی حیثیت سے کام کرتی ہے اور پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیچنج میں اس کا نام موجود ہے۔ کمپنی کی بنیادی سرگرمیوں میں گاڑیوں کی اسمبلنگ ،معاہداتی اسمبلنگ ،گاڑیوں کی تر قیاتی تیاریاں اور گاڑیوں کی فروخت شامل ہے۔

> بنیادی خطرات اورغیر نقی می صور تحال: سمپنی مندرجه ذیل چیزوں کوکلیدی خطرہ بھھتی ہے۔

- 1- ایل سی وی،الیس یووی اور بیپنجر گاڑیوں کے درمیان مسابقت۔
 - 2- امريكي ۋالر كے مقابلے ميں ياكتاني رويے كى قدر ميں كى۔
 - 3- بينك لائنزكي عدم دستيالي _

مذکورہ بالاخطرات اورغیریقیتی صورتحال کے اثرات سے بیخے اوراسے کم کرنے کے لئے کمپنی اپنی داخلی اورخار جی سطح پرکوششیں کررہی ہے۔

DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED

ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

دیوان فاروق موٹرزلمیٹ کابورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزمورخہ 30 جون 2020ء کوکلمل ہونے والے مالی سال کی سالا ندریورٹ معہ آ ڈٹ شدہ ریورٹ معہ مالی گوشوارے آپ کے سامنے پیش کرتے ہوئے بائیسواں (22) سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں مسرت کے ساتھ آپ کا خیر مقدم کرتا ہے۔

مالى جائزه:

مالی سال 2020ء کے لئے کارکردگی کا نقابلی خلاصہ اعداد ونثار کے ساتھ حسب ذیل ہے۔

	مورخہ 30 جون <u>202</u> 0ء کو کمل ہونے والے مالی سال	مورخہ 30 جون <u>201</u> 9ء کوکمل ہونے والے مالی سال
	(روپے ہزاروں میں)	(روپے ہزاروں میں)
مجموعى فروخت	293	1,844
مجموعى نقصان	(102,190)	(202,325)
عملدرآ مدمين نقصان	(122,360)	(229,213)
بعداز ٹیکس نقصان	(292,522)	(244,304)

مالياتي كاركردگي:

گزشتہ سال کے مقالبے میں مسافر کار،ایس بووی اورامل ہی وی سیگمنٹ میں آٹومو مائل کے شعبے میں فروخت کے اندر %53 کی کمی واقع ہوئی ہے اورکل فروخت شدہ یونٹس کی قیمت فروخت 111,962 ہے۔گاڑیوں کی خریداری برنان فائکرز کے لئے یا بندی اور رویے کی قدر میں کمی کے باعث پیداواری لاگت اور گاڑیوں کی قیمت میں اضافہ معاثی سرگرمیوں میں مندی کے اہم عوامل ہیں۔اگر چہ حکومت نے نان فائکرزیرہے گاڑیوں کی خریداری پرسے بابندی اٹھالی ہے کیکن حالیہ بجٹ میں مقامی طور پر تیارشدہ کاروں اورایس پووی پرفیڈرل ایکسائز ڈیوٹی عائد کردی گئی ہے جس کے باعث گاڑیوں کی قیمت میں مزیداضا فہ کر دیا ہے۔

پیداواری سرگرمیوں کی عدم موجودگی میں کمپنی مقررہ اور دیگر لاگت کی وصولی کرنے سے قاصر رہی جس کے باعث کمپنی مالیاتی خسارہ میں رہی۔ ندکورہ وجوہات کی وجہ سے سمپتی سخت حالات میں کام کررہی ہےاورزندہ رہنے کی بھر پورکوشش کررہی ہے۔موجودہ مالیاتی صورتحال پر قابویانے کے لئے ممپنی مختلف قتم کی انسدادی اقدامات کررہی ہے اوراس معاملے کو پیکوں کے سامنے بھی رکھا گیا ہے۔ کمپنی کے قرضوں کی ری پروفائنگ مستقبل قریب میں مکمل ہونے کی توقع ہے جس کے بعد کمپنی کی پیداواری سرگرمیاں معمول پرآ جائیں گی۔بینکوں اور دیگر مالیاتی اداروں/لیز نگمپینیز کے واجب الا داقرضوں کی تفصیلات ا کاؤنٹس کے نوٹس میں ظاہر کر دی گئی ہیں۔آ ڈیٹرز نے معاملے کی اہمیت کی وجہ سے رپورٹ کواہل قرار دیا ہے۔ا تظامیہ نے مالی بیانات سے متعلق نوٹ میں معاملے کی حیثیت کی وضاحت کی ہے۔انتظامیہ کو کممل اعتماد ہے کہ ممپنی قرض دہندگان کےساتھ مالی تنظیم نوکو ختمی شکل دے گی اورموجودہ صورتحال ہے نکل آئے گی۔

ر يفرنس	تفصيلات	نمبرشار
انویسٹی تمپنی میں مندرجہ ذیل ڈائر یکٹرزا پنی حصص یافتی تک دلچیبی رکھتے ہیں۔	دُّارُ يكثرُز، اسپانسرز، اكثريتي حصص يافتگان	(xi
(الف) جناب ہارون اقبال 500) (0.0023 فیصد)	اور ان کے رشتہ داروں کی ایسوسی ایط ممپنی یا	
(ب) جِنَابِ وَسِيم الْحَقِّ انصاري 500 (0.0023 فيصد)	ایسوسی ایپلڈ انڈرٹیکنگ یا زیرغورمعاملات میں	
(ج) جناب عزيز الحق 1000 (0.0047 فيصد)	بالواسطه پایلاواسطه دلچیبی _	
كوئى نېيى -	ديگر ضروري اورا هم تفصيلات ٹرانزيکشن کو سجھنے	
	كيك	

اس شمن میں مندرجہ ذیل خصوصی قرار دا دتر میم بلاتر میم پاس کرنے کی تجویز۔

، قرار پایا کہ کمپنی کمپنیزا یکٹ مجریہ 2017ء کی دفعہ 199اور میمورنڈم آف ایسوی ایشن کی کلانالا (X) اور کمپنی کے اکیسواں سالانہ اجلاس عام میں منظورہ کردہ شرائط و . ضوابط کےمطابق گزشته اجلاس عام میں منظور کردہ شرائط وضوابط کے مطابق گزشته اجلاس عام میں مندرجہ ذیل ایسوسی ایٹڈ کمپنی کے شمن میں قلیل المدتی قرضہ کی مختص کردہ حد کی تجدید کا اختیار دیاجا تاہے۔

قرضه لينے والي تمپني۔

دیوان آٹوموٹیوانجینئر نگ لمیٹڈ 154.879ملین رویے۔

حدى تجديدى مدت ايك سال موگى اورآئنده اجلاس عام ميس مزيدايك سال كيلئة قابل تجديد موگى ـ

DEWAN FAROOQUE MOTORS LIMITED

ديوان فاروق موٹرز لميٹڈ

كمپنيزا يك مجربه2017 كى دفعه13(3) كے تحت گوشواره

گوشوارہ ہٰذا دیوان فاروق موٹرزلمیٹڈ (کمپنی یا ڈی ایف ایم ایل) کے بدھ 28 اکتوبر2020ء کو دیوان سیمنٹ فیکٹری سائٹ واقع دیہہ ڈھنڈو دھا بیجی ضلع ملیر کراچی یا کتان میں منعقد ہونے والے باکیسویں (22) سالانہ اجلاس میں انجام دیئے جانے والےخصوصی اموریر پنی ہے۔ اور اجلاس کے نوٹس کے ہمراہ نسلک ہے۔

خصوصى امور

1) كمپنيزا يك مجريه 2017ء كى دفعه 199 كے تحت ايك ايبوي ايٹ كمپنى تۇغىق قلىل المدتى قرضه كى حد كى تجديد بريغوروخوش اورمنظورى _

_		
ريفرٽس	تفصيلات	نمبرشار
د بوان آ ٹوموٹیوانجینئر نگ لمیٹڈمشنر کہ ڈائر یکٹرشپ	ایسوسی اینڈ نمینی کا نام ایسوسی اینڈ تعلق کا معیار	(i
154.879 ملین روپے۔	قر ضه اور پیشگیوں کی رقم	(ii
154.879 ملین روپے۔	مٰدکورہ ایسوسی ایٹڈ تمپنی یا ایسوسی ایٹڈ انڈرٹیکنگ	(iii
	کو پہلے سے جاری قرضہ کی صورت میں مکمل	
	تفصيلات.	
2019/-3.932018/-2.242017/-1.99	گزشته تین سال کیلئے فی حصص آمدنی/نقصان	(iv
آ مدنی/نقصان فی حصص 3.93- شیئر ہولڈرز کی ایکیوٹی 1,216.913- کل اٹا شے 274.903	مالی صورتحال، بشمول بیلنس شیٹ کے مین آئٹر	(v
بريكاپ ويليو 56.86-	اور نفع نقصان	
ا گر کمپنی نے اپنے لینڈز سے تجدید کیلئے رابطہ کیا ہے اور تجویز کے مطابق کو مارک اپ قابل ادائیگی نہیں تو	سر مایه کارنمینی کاخریداراوسط یا باروئنگ کی عدم	(vi
کمپنیز (انوسٹمنٹ ان ایسوی ایٹ کمپنیزیاایسوی ایٹڈ انڈرٹیکنگز)ریگولیشنز مجربیہ2017ء کی دفعہ 5(4) کے	موجوگی میں کراچی انٹرینیک متعلقہ مدت کی	
مطابق تین ماہ KIBORریٹ نافذ العمل ہے۔	شرح کی پیشکش کرتی ہے۔	
وصول کئے جانے والے منافع کا نرخ ایک فیصد، تین ماہ کے KIBOR ریٹ پر ہوگا۔	وصول کیا جائے والا نفع، مارک اپ، فیس یا	(vii
05ا کتوبر2020ء کا تین ماہ کےKIBORریٹ%7.25 سالا نہ ہے۔	كميش كانرخ	
باروئنگ بلاضانت ہے۔	بارؤ نگ کمپٹی یا انڈرٹیکنگ کو دیئے گئے قرضے	(viii
	کے مدمقابل حاصل کی گئی ضانت کے کوائف۔	
ایک سال کیلئے تجدید۔	انویسٹی کمپنی کوجاری کردہ قرضوں یا پیشگیوں کی	(ix
	مدمیں ادائیگی کاشیڈول۔	
لینڈز کے اوسط قلیل المدتی قرضے یا کراچی انٹریینک کے پیش کردہ نرخ جو بھی نافذ العمل ہو، پر ایک	ایسوی ایٹڈ کمپنی یا ایسوی ایٹڈ انڈرٹیکنگ سے	(x
فصد مارک اپ ہوگا۔قرضہ کی مدت میں لینڈز/حص یافتگان کی منظور سے توسیع کریگا۔معاہدہ کی شق	مجوزہ سرمایہ کاری کیلئے کئے گئے یا کئے	
کے مطابق کمپنی قرضدار کیلئے اس کے اٹا ثوں/سر ماید کاری سے قرضہ کی رقم وصول کرے گی۔	جانیوالےمعامدوں کے اہم نکات۔	



7) مالی گوشواروں وغیرہ کی البیکٹرونکلی منتقلی

ایس ای سی پی نے اپنے اعلامیہ نمبرالیں آر او787(1)/2014 مورخہ 8 ستمبر 2014 کمپنیوں کو سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ مالی گوشواروں مع سالانہ اجلاس کے نوٹس ڈاک کی بجائے بذریعہ ای میل ان ممبران کو ارسال کرنے کی اجازت دی ہے جو اس سہولت سے استفادہ حاصل کرنے کے متمنی ہیں مٰدکورہ بالا گوشوارے اور سالانہ اجلاس عام کے نوٹس بذریعہ ای میل وصول کرنے کے خواہشمند ممبران سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ ممبنی کی ویب سائٹ اسٹینڈ رڈ ریکوئسٹ فارم پراپنی خواہش تحریری طور پر فراہم کریں۔ hhp://www.yousufdewan.com/DFML/index.html

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الف) برائے اجلاس میں شرکت

- i) انفرادی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاسب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈراوریاافراد کی صورت میں یا جن کی سکیو رٹیز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہوں اوران کی رجٹریشن تفصیلات ضابطہ کےمطابق ا پاوڈ ڈ ہوں اپنی شناخت کے لیےاصل قو می شناختی کارڈ (سی این آ ئیسی) پااصل یا سپورٹ اجلاس میں شرکت کےموقع پر پیش کرنا ہوگا۔
- ii) کا پوریٹ انٹٹی کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد/ یاورآف اٹارنی معہ نامز دفر دے دستخط کانمونہ (اگریمیلے فراہم نہ کیے گئے ہوں) اجلاس کے موقع پر پیش کرنا ہوگا۔

ب) پروکسی کی تقرری

- i) انفرادی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاسب ہولڈراوریاافرادی صورت میں جن کی سیکیو رٹیر گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہوں اوران کی رجسٹریشن تفصیلات ضابطہ کے تحت اپ لوڈ ڈیموں پروکسی فارم مندرجہ بالاشرا کط کے مطابق داخل کرانے ہوں گے۔
 - ii) یروکسی فارم پر دوافراد کی گواہی ہونی چاہیے جن کے نام بیتے اور سی این آئی سی نمبر فارم میں درج ہوں۔
 - iii) ممبراور پروکسی کے بی این آئی سی یا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ کا پیاں پروکسی فارم سے منسلک کرنی ہول گی۔
 - iv) پروکسی کواجلاس کےموقع پراصل قومی شناختی کارڈ (سی این آئی سی) یااصل یا سپورٹ پیش کرنا ہوگا۔
- v) کار پوریٹ انٹٹی کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد/ یاورآ ف اٹارنی مع نامز دفر د کے دستخط کانمونہ (اگریہلے فراہم نہ کیے گئے ہوں) پروکسی فارم ہمراہ کمپنی کوپیش کرنے ہوں گے۔

تا حال سی این آئی سی فراہم نہ کرنے والے شیئر ز ہولڈرز کونوٹس

سيكيور ٹيزائيڈائيجينج آف ياكستان كےايس آراوا 83(1)/2012 مورخہ 5 جولائى 2012ء ميں درج ذيل ہدايات كےمطابق شيئرز ہولڈرز كوڈيويڈينڈ وارنٹس وغیرہ کے اجرائے لیے بی این آئی می لازمی ہے جس کی عدم موجود گی میں ڈیویڈنڈ کی ادائیگی ایس ای می کی مندرجہ بالا ہدایات کےمطابق روکی جاسکتی ہے لہذا جن صص یافتگان نے تاحال اپنے سی این آئی سی فراہم نہیں کیے ہیں ان کوایک بار پھر ہدایت کی جاتی ہے کہ اپنے سی این آئی سی کی تصدیق شدہ کا بی بلاتا خیر براہ راست ہمار ہے شیئر رجسٹر ارکوفراہم کر دیں۔

شیئر ہولڈرز کے لیےای ڈیویڈنڈمینڈیٹ

نقد منا فع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی کومزید بہتر بنانے کے لیےای ڈیویڈیڈمیکنزم متعارف کرایا گیاہے جس کے تحت حصص یافتگان ڈیویڈیڈ کی رقم فوری طوریرایے متعلقہ بینک اکا ؤنٹ میں الیکٹر ونک طور پروصول کر سکتے ہیں اس طریقہ سے ڈیویڈنڈان کے بینک اکا ؤنٹ میں منتقل ہوجائے گا اور بذریعہ ڈاک کمشد گی ،عدم وصولی اور غلط بیتے پر وصولی وغیرہ کے خدشات نہیں ہوں گے،سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج کمیشن آف یا کستان (ایس ای سی پی) کے نوٹس نمبر 8(4) ایس ایم/ سی ڈی سی 2008ء مورخہ 5 اپریل 2013ء کے ذریعہ تمام کے ٹرکینیوں کو صص ہولڈرز کے مفاد میں ای ڈیویڈ نڈمیکنز م کواختیار کرنے کی ہدایات جاری کی گئی ہیں،مندرجہ بالا کے پیش نظرآ پ کوڑیو پٹرنڈ مینڈیٹ فارم پراور دستخط کے ہمراہ جمع کرائے ڈیویٹرنڈمینڈیٹ فراہم کیا جار ہاہے۔

سالا نه اجلاس عام

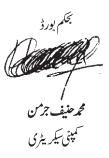
ہذا کو مطلع کیاجا تا ہے کہ دیوان فاروق موٹرزلمیٹڈ (ڈی ایف ایم ایل یا کمپنی) کا با کیسوال (22) سالا نہ احلاس عام بدھ 28 اکتوبر 2020ء کودن کے 11:45 ہجے دیوان سینٹ کمیٹڈ ۔ فیکٹری سائٹ واقع دیہہ ڈھنڈو دھا بیجی ضلع ملیر کراچی، پاکتان میں مندرجہ ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے منعقد کیا جائے گا۔اجلاس کا آغاز تلاوت قرآن باک سے ہوگا۔

عمومي امور

- 1) سنمپنی کے گزشتہ سالا نہ اجلاس عام منعقدہ جمعرات 19 دسمبر 2019ء کا کارروائی کی توثیق۔
- 2) 30 جون2020ء کوکمل ہوانے والے سال کیلئے تمپنی آڈٹ شدہ مالی گوشواروں معہ آڈیٹر زاور ڈائر بکٹرز کی رپورٹ کی وصولی غوروخوض اورمنظوری۔
 - 30 جون2021ء کوکمل ہوانے والے سال کیلئے کمپنی کے آڈیٹرزی تقرری اوران کے مشاہرہ کا تعین۔
 - 4) چیئر مین کی اجازت سے دیگرامور کی انحام دہی

خصوصى امور

1) کمپینزا بکٹ مجربیہ2017ء کی دفعہ199 کے تحت ایک ایسوی ایٹ کمپنی کولیل المدتی قرضوں/ پیشکیوں کے اجراء برغوروخوص اور منظوری۔



كراچى 5اكتوبر2020ء

کمپنیزا کیٹ مجربہ2017ء کی دفعہ(3) 134 کے خصوصی امور برمبنی گوشوارہ کمپنی کےممبران کونوٹس بذاکے ہمراہ لازمی جزو کے طور پرارسال کیا جارہا ہے۔

- 1) کمپنی کی منتقلی حصص کی کتب 21 کتوبر2020 تا 28 اکتوبر2020 (دونوں دن شامل) ہندر ہیں گی۔ 2) ممبران سے پیتہ میں کسی قتم کی تبدیلی سےفوری طور پر ہمار ہے شیئر زر چسٹر ارٹرانسفرا بجنٹ بیا ایم ایف کنسلٹنٹس پاکستان (پرائیوٹ) کمپیٹٹر واقع انعم اسٹیٹ بلڈنگ کمرہ نمبر10 اور 11 د تھرڈ فلور 49 دارالا مان سوسائٹی مین شاہراہ فیصل متصل بلوچ کالونی میل، کراچی یا کشان کومطلع کرنے کی درخواست کی جاتی ہے۔
- 3) اجلاں بذا میں شرکت اور رائے دہی کا اہل ممبراین جانب سے شرکت اور رائے دہی کیلئے دوسر مےمبر کواپنا پروکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ تاہم پروکسی کی تقرری کی دستاویز اجلاس کے انعقاد سے کم از کم اڑھتا لیس 48 گھنٹے بل کمپنی کومندرجہ بالا پیۃ پیل جانی جاتیے۔
- 4) سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرزکومزید براں سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایجیجنج کمیثن آف یا کستان کے جاری کردہ سرکلرنبر 1 مورخہ 20 جنوری2000ء میں درج مندرجہ ذیل ہدایت رغمل كرنا ہوگا۔

