

CORPORATION



## **ANNUAL REPORT 2020**



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Notes to the Financial Statements



Proxy Form





# COMPANY INFORMATION

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **CHAIRPERSON**

Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan

#### CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Mr. Muhammad Shamim Khan

#### MANAGING DIRECTOR

Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan

#### **DIRECTORS**

Mr. Muhammad Shamim Khan (Director)
Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan (Director)
Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan (Director)
Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan (Director)
Mr. Muhammad Khan (Director)
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani

Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan (Independent Director)

#### CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Hafiz Muhammad Arif

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Wasif Mahmood

#### **AUDITORS**

M/s. Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq Chartered Accountants, Lahore

#### **LEGAL ADVISOR**

Mr. Shehzad Ata Elahi, Advocate

#### **BANKERS**

Albaraka Bank Pakistan Limited

Allied Bank Limited

Askari Bank Limited

Bank Al-Habib Limited

Bank Alfalah Limited

Faysal Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited

MCB Islamic Bank Limited

Meezan Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Soneri Bank Limited

United Bank Limited

The Bank of Punjab

NBP Aitemaad Islamic Bank Limited

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani Chairman Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan Member Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan Member

## HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan Chairman
Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan Member
Mr. Muhammad Khan Member

#### RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan Chairman Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani Member

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani Member

#### SHARE REGISTRAR

M/s. Corplink (Pvt) Ltd

Wings Arcade, 1-K-Commercial

Model Town, Lahore

Tel: 042-35839182, 35887262

Fax: 042-35869037

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

23- Pir Khurshid Colony Gulgasht, Multan

Tel: 061-6524621, 6524675

Fax: 061-6524675

#### LAHORE OFFICE

2-D-1 Gulberg-III, Lahore - 54600

Tel: 042-35771066-71 Fax: 042-35771175

#### **FACTORY ADDRESSES**

Unit 1: Layyah Sugar Mills, Layyah Tel: 0606-411981-4, 0606-410014

Fax: 0606-411284

Unit 2: Safina Sugar Mills, Lalian District Chinniot.

Tel: 047-6610011-6 Fax: 047-6610010

WEBSITE: www.thalindustries.com



## **Notice AGM**

Tuesday, the 26th January, 2021 at 01:30 p.m. at Registered office, 23- Pir Khurshid Colony, Gulgasht Multan

## Directors' Report

The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the 67th Annual Report Financial Year ended 30th September 2020.

## Categories of Share Holders

Categories of Share Holders As on 30th September 2020

## Statement of Compliance

With Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of The Thal Industries Corporation Limited

### Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 September 2020



We shall build on our core competencies and achieve excellence in performance to become a leading producer of best quality sugar. In doing so we aim to meet or accede the expectations of all our stakeholders.

Our goal is not only to attain technological advancements in the field of sugar but also to inculcate the most efficient, ethical and time tested business practices in our management.

Furthermore, we shall strive to innovate the ways for the improvement and increase in per acre yield of sugarcane and introduce improved varieties of sugarcane having better yield characters, high sucrose contents, disease and drought resistant and better ratooning crop in the region. We shall introduce the mechanized sugarcane cultivation mehtod to the growers and to educate regarding latest developments of agriculture technology and free consultancy of professionals.

# CORPORATE STRATEGY

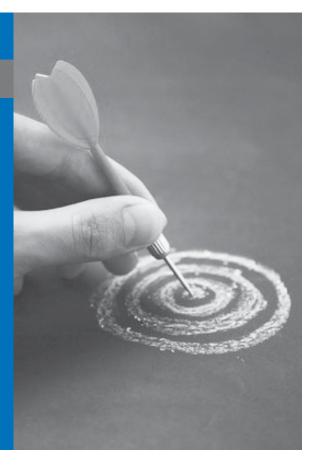
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Furthermore, we shall strive to innovate the ways for the improvement and increase in per acre yield of sugarcane and introduce improved varieties of sugarcane having better yield characters, high sucrose contents, disease and drought resistant and better ratooning crop in the region. We shall introduce the mechanized sugarcane cultivation mehtod to the growers and to educate regarding latest developments of agriculture technology and free consultancy of professionals.

## MISSION

We aim to be a leading producer and supplier of quality sugar by adopting the most technological advancement. We intend to play a pivotal role in the economic development of Pakistan.







## **CORE VALUES**

- Strive for excellence and build on our core competencies.
- Keep up with technological advancements in our biological control laboratory and extend the Research & Development Programme to control sugarcane crop diseases.
- Inculcate efficient, ethical and time tested business practices in our management.
- Work as a team and support each other.
- Put the interest of the company before that of the individuals.

# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 67th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Thal Industries Corporation Limited will be held on Tuesday, the 26th January, 2021 at 01:30 p.m. at Registered office, 23- Pir Khurshid Colony, Gulgasht Multan, and through electronically video link/Zoom application, to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. Confirmation of the minutes of the 66th Annual General Meeting of the Thal Industries Corporation Limited held on 27-01-2020.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt Annual Audited Accounts along with Balance Sheet for the year ended 30th September 2020 together with Auditors' and Directors' reports thereon.
- 3. To consider and approve cash dividend @ of Rs. 3.00 per share i.e., 30% for the year ended 30th September, 2020.
- 4. To appoint Auditors of the Company for the next financial year 30th September, 2021 and to fix their remuneration. The present Auditors, M/s. Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants, Lahore, retired and being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment as Auditors of the Company.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

- 5. To consider and approve the transactions carried out with related parties in normal course of business and if thought fit to pass the following resolutions as special resolutions with or without modification.
- a) "RESOLVED that transactions carried out by the Company in the normal course of business with related parties for the period ended September 30, 2020 be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed"

Names	Nature of Transactions	Transactions during the period Amount (PKR)
Naubahar Bottling Company (Pvt.) Limited	Sale of goods	3,826,472,303
Baba Farid Sugar Mills Limited	Sale of goods Sale of machinery Purchase of goods	8,896,967 23,000,000 322,042
Almoiz Industries Limited	Sale of goods Purchase of goods	139,715,970 91,198,000

- b) RESOLVED approval of the Company be and is hereby to renew of rental agreement of premises;-
- Premises situated at 2D/1 (Off M.M. Alam), Gulberg III, Lahore (Head office building of the company) with Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan, director of the Thal Industries Corporation Limited for the monthly rent of Rs. 850,000/- per month and subject to other terms and conditions disclosed to the shareholders in the statement under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act 2017 and the chief executive or any other officer of the Company authorized in this regard to execute the agreements and other documents and to take any and all necessary actions necessary for the purpose of giving effect to the above resolution on behalf of the Company.
- II) premises situated at House No. 43-B1, Street No. 42, Block 6 PECHS, Karachi (Karachi Office) with Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan at a monthly rent of Rs. 150,000/- per month and subject to other terms and conditions disclosed to the shareholders in the statement under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act 2017 and the chief executive of the Company or any other officer of the company authorized in this regard to execute the agreements and other documents and to take any and all necessary actions necessary for the purpose of giving effect to the above resolution on behalf of the Company.

- c) "FURTHER RESOLVED the Chief Executive Officer of the Company or his nominee be and is hereby authorized to approve all the transactions to be carried out in the normal course of business with related parties till the next Annual General Meeting of the Company and in this connection the Chief Executive Officer of the Company or his nominee be and is hereby authorized to take any and all necessary actions and sign/execute any and all such documents/ indentures as may be required in this regards on behalf of the Company"
- 6. To consider any other business with the permission of the Chair.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

(WASIF MAHMOOD)
Company Secretary

Lahore: December 24, 2020

#### NOTE:

#### Closure of Shares Transfer Books:

Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 19-01-2021 to 26-01-2021 (both days inclusive). No transfer of shares will be accepted for registration during the closed period. However, transfer received at the office of the Company's Share Registrar Office at M/s. Corplink (Pvt.) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore, Telephone No. 042-35916714, Email address: corplink786@gmail.com by the close of business hours on 18th January, 2021 will be treated in time for the entitlement of payout of cash dividend (if any).

#### 2. Appointment of Proxy:

A member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint another member as proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. The instrument appointing a proxy must be received at the Registered Officer of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for AGM.

Further the company has placed Notice of AGM along with Form of Proxy for the year ended 30th Sep. 2020 on Company's website. www.thalindustries.com. These are also available at PUCARS of PSX and shareholders may obtain the same through email as well if any shareholder so desire.

#### 3. Participation of AGM:

In view of the Coronavirus Pandemic and instructions / Guidelines of SECP and other Government Dept. / Institutions, the Company is required to avoid large gatherings at one place and consider the provision of online participation facilities while conducting general meetings for the safety and well-being of the shareholders and general public. Accordingly, the Shareholders of the Company are encouraged to participate in the AGM electronically through video link/Zoom Application or in case of physical the members are requested to ensure guidelines to attend AGM in person i.e hand sanitizers, masks and distant seating etc. and also encouraged to consolidate their attendance through proxies.

- (a) Online Participation in AGM vis Zoom application: The shareholders may login and participate in the proceedings of AGM through their own smart phones/computers from their own convenient locations after completing all formalities as required for verification and identification of shareholders to attend the AGM electronically, the Login facility will be opened about half hour before the start of AGM
- (b) The shareholders of TICL, who wish to attend the AGM electronically through video link, are requested to register their following particulars by sending an e-mail at info@thalindustries.com by or before the close of business hours (05:00 p.m) on 22-01-2021.

Folio /CDC account No.	No. of Shares held	Name of Shareholder	Father's/ Husband's Name	CNIC No.	Cell Phone No. with WhatsApp	Active email address

The video link and/or login credentials will be shared with the shareholders whose e-mail, containing all the requested particulars, are received at the given e-mail address by or before the date/time specified above. For any query regarding procedure/requirements of online participation in AGM, the members may please contact on the above cited e-mail address or at +92 42 35771066-71 during business hours.

Further, in case of physical the members are requested to ensure guidelines to attend AGM in person alongwith computerized national identity card or appoint some other member as proxy and send their proxy duly witnessed so as to reach at Registered Office, 2D-1 Gulberg III, Lahore not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.

Copies of Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, Listing Regulations of the Stock Exchanges, Companies Act 2017 and other relevant laws/record may be inspected during the business hours on any working day at 2-D-1, Gulberg III, Lahore from the date of the publication of the notice till the conclusion of the general meeting. A Corporate member of the Company may by a resolution of its Board of Directors authorize a person to act as its representative at the meeting.

#### 4. Video Conferencing Facility:

If the Company receives consent from members holding aggregate 10% or more shareholding, residing in geographical location to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 7 days prior to the date of AGM, the Company will arrange video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

In this regard, please fill the following and submit to registered address of the company at least 7 days prior to the date of AGM.

"I/We,	of	, being a member of the The Thal Industries
Corporation Limited, holder of		ordinary share(s) as per Registered Folio/CDC Account/Sub
Account No		hereby opt for video conference facility at

#### 5. Change of Address:

Shareholders are requested to promptly notify the change in their address, if any to the Company's Share Registrar M/s. Corplink (Pvt.) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore and also furnish attested photocopy of their computerized National Identity Card as per Listing Regulations, if not provided earlier.

#### 6. Guidelines for Shareholders to Access CDC's eServices Portal:

Central Depository Company (CDC) has developed Central Cash Dividend Register (CCDR) as eServices web portal which would incorporate details pertaining to cash dividends paid, unpaid or withheld by listed companies. The CCDR will help to maintain the history of dividends paid to shareholders by listed companies and access to all such information will be provided to the respective shareholders. The web portal will facilitate shareholders of listed companies and access to all such information will be provided to the respective shareholders. The web portal will facilitate shareholders of listed companies in retrieving details of cash dividends from centralized register and using the same for their record purposes.

Further you may access CCDR via https://eservices.cdcaccess.com.pk In Addition, the Dividend/Zakat & Tax deduction Report can also be obtained directly from your Participant (Stock broker) which has been provided to them on their CDS terminals, Moreover, you will also receive a copy of this report on your provided/registered email address.

#### 7. Submission of Copy of CNIC:

Pursuant to the directives of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through its Notification No. SRO 831 (1) 2012 dated July 5, 2012 r/w SRO 19(1)/2014 dated January 10, 2014, dividend warrants cannot be issued without valid CNICs. All the shareholders were advised to submit copies of their valid CNICs. In the absence of shareholders valid CNIC the company will be constrained to withhold dispatch of dividend to such shareholders. Those shareholders who have not yet submitted their valid CNICs are once again advised to provide attested copies of their valid CNICs with their folio numbers to the company's Share Registrar if they hold physical shares, to ensure timely disbursement of dividend.

#### 8. Deduction of Withholding Tax on the amount of dividend:

Pursuant to Circular No.19/2014 dated October 24, 2014, SECP has directed all companies to inform shareholders about changes made in the section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 from dividend payment have been revised as: for filers of Income Tax return 15.00% and Non-filers of Income Tax return 30.00% respectively. You are therefore advised to check and ensure your Filer status from Active Tax Payer List (ATL) available to FBR, website www.fbr.gov.pk as well as ensure that your CNIC/ Passport number has been recorded by your Participant/ Investor Account Services (in case your shareholding is in book entry form) or by Company's Share Registrar M/s. Corplink (Pvt.) Ltd. (in case of physical shareholding).

#### 9. Payment of Dividend Electronically:

According to the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 ("the Act"), any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. Further, rule 3 of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017 provides that the company should make payment of cash dividend within a period of fifteen working days from the date of its declaration. Therefore, the registered shareholders of the Company are requested to provide the following details in order to credit their cash dividends directly to their international bank account number (IBAN), if declared:

- (i) In case of book-entry securities in CDS, to CDS Participants; and
- (ii) In case of physical securities to the Company's Share Registrar M/s. Corplink (Pvt.) Limited, as mentioned below.

Name of Shareholder's Father's / Husband's Name: 2 Folio Number;\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Postal Address: Name of Bank: 6. Name of Branch; 7. Address of Branch: \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Title of Bank Account: Bank Account Number (Complete with code); 9 10. IBAN Number (Complete with code); 11. Cell Number: 12. Telephone Number (if any);\_\_\_\_\_ 13. CNIC Number (attach copy);

IBAN number (International Bank Account Number) will be provided by your banker, containing alpha, number and without any space and gap.

14. NTN (in case of corporate entity, attach copy);\_\_\_\_\_\_

To, Share Registrar

M/s. Corplink (Pvt.) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore. Ph. No. 042-35916719, 042-35839182,

#### 10. Electronic Transmission of Audited Financial Statements & Notices of AGM:

SECP through its Notification SRO No. 787 (1) 2014 dated September 8, 2014 has allowed the circulation of Audited Financial Statements along with Notice of Annual General Meeting to the members of the Company through email. Therefore, all members of the Company who wish to receive soft copy of Annual Report are requested to send their email addresses. The financial report for electronic transmission could be downloaded from Company's website: www.thalindustries.com.The Company has already dispatched hard copy of the Audited Financial Statement to its shareholders.

#### 11. Postal Ballot/ E-Voting:

In accordance with the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018, for any agenda item subject to the requirements of Section 143 and 144 of the Companies Act, 2017, members will be allowed to exercise their right of vote through postal ballot i.e by post or e-voting, in the manner and subject to the conditions contained in the aforesaid regulations.

#### 12. Zakat Declarations (CZ-50)

The Zakat will be deducted from the dividends at source at the rate of 2.5% of the paid-up value of the shares (Rs. 10/-each) under Zakat and Ushar Laws and will be deposited within the prescribed period with the relevant authority, Please submit your Zakat Declarations under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 & Rule 4 of Zakat (Deduction & Refund) Rules, 1981 CZ-50 form, in case you want to claim exemption, with your brokers or the Central Depository Company Ltd (In case the shares held in Investor Accounts Services on the CDC) or to our Registrars, M/s. Corplink (Pvt.) Limited 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore (In case the shares are held in paper certificate form). The shareholders while sending the Zakat Declarations, as the case may be must quote company name and respective folio numbers.

## STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS UNDER SECTION 134 (3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2017

A statement required under this section relating to Special Business of agenda item No. 5 is appended to the Notice of this meeting being sent to the shareholders of the Company by Post.

#### STATEMENT U/S 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

All transactions with associated company were carried out during the year, therefore, these transactions have been placed before the shareholders of the Company for their approval.

#### a) Ratification and Approval of Related Party Transactions:

The Company is and shall be conducting transactions of sales and purchase of goods with the Naubahar Bottling Company (Pvt.) Limited, Baba Farid Sugar Mills Limited, and Almoiz Industries Limited for the period commencing from October 1st, 2019 to period ends September 30, 2020 are entered into by the company in the normal course of business. The prices, terms and conditions agreed between the companies are based on Arm Length Basis under Related Party Transactions Policy of the Company. The directors of the company have no interest whatsoever both directly or indirectly except for common directorship. Record consisting of details of all the transactions along with all supporting documents is maintained as per legal requirements and available in the registered office of the company.

Nature and amount of Transactions along with applicable pricing policy are detailed below:

Names	Nature of Transactions	Transactions during the period Amount (PKR)	Pricing Policy
Naubahar Bottling Company (Pvt.) Limited	Sale of goods	3,826,472,303	As per approved contract between TICL & NBC and Related Party Transactions Policy of TICL
Baba Farid Sugar Mills Limited	Sale of goods Sale of machinery Purchase of goods	8,896,967 23,000,000 322,042	As per approved contract between TICL & BFSML and Related Party Transactions Policy of the TICL
Almoiz Industries Limited	Sale of goods Purchase of goods	139,715,970 91,198,000	As per approved contract between TICL & AIL and Related Party Transactions Policy of the TICL

The transactions with NBC, BFSML and AIL could not be approved by the board in financial statements during the fiscal year 2019-20 due to common directorship on the Board and unavailability of the required quorum in the meetings of the Board. The following five directors are interested/concerned in the related party transactions due to common directorship and/or relationships amongst common Directors.

- (i) Mr. Muhammad Shamim Khan
- (ii) Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan
- (iii) Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan
- (iv) Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan
- (v) Mr. Muhammad Khan

The Board decided to place all the above related party transactions concluded during the fiscal year 2019-20 before the shareholders in AGM for ratification and approval.

#### (b) Lease/Rent of (Lahore) Office Premises owned by a related party:

The Company intends to renew contract for leasing/rent of premises for its head office use located at 2D-1, Gulberg – III, Lahore from one of the Directors namely Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan at a monthly rent of Rs. 850,000 which is the 50% share of the total monthly rent amount of Rs 1,700,000 per month. As the property will be jointly shared therefore rent amount will also be equally shared with other associated undertaking i.e. Almoiz Industries Ltd. The rent rates are in line with prevailing rent rates in the said locality. The other terms and conditions would be:

- (a) Agreement Tenor: 03 (three) years (renewable on mutual terms & conditions)
- (b) 10% Increase after each year
- (c) Utility bills will be the responsibility of the tenants
- (d) Tenants will be responsible for the proper upkeep and maintenance of the building

#### (c) Lease/Rent of (Karachi) Office Premises owned by a related party:

The Company intends to enter into a contract for leasing/rent of premises for its Karachi office use located at House No. 43-B1, Street No. 42, Block 6 PECHS, Karachi from one of the Directors namely Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan at a monthly rent of Rs. 150,000 per month which is the 1/3rd share of the total monthly rent amount of Rs 450,000 per month. As the property will be jointly shared therefore rent amount will also be equally shared with other associated undertaking i.e. Almoiz Industries Ltd. & Naubahar Bottling Company (Pvt) Ltd. The rent rates are in line with prevailing rent rates in the said locality. The other terms and conditions would be:

- (a) Agreement Tenor: 03 (three) years (renewable on mutual terms & conditions)
- (b) 10% Increase after each year
- (c) Utility bills will be the responsibility of the tenants
- (d) Tenants will be responsible for the proper upkeep and maintenance of the building

Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan, director of the company owns the above premises and is, therefore, interested in the above arrangement. The other directors of the Company are not directly or indirectly interested in the above arrangement.

## (a), (b) & (c) Authorization for the Board of Directors to approval related party transactions during the financial year ended Sep. 30, 2020

The Company is and shall be conducting transactions of sale and purchase of goods and payment of lease rentals with NBC, BFSML & AlL during the financial year ending Sep. 30, 2020 and subsequently, in the ordinary course of business and at Arm's Length Basis as per the approved policy with respect to transactions with related parties in the normal course of business, and therefore, all the future transactions with NBC, BFSML & AlL shall be approved by the Board of Directors on quarterly basis. Considering the interests/concerns of five out of seven Directors due to their common directorship and /or relationship with Directors of NBC, BFSML & AlL, the related parties' transactions of the fiscal year 2020 are suggested to be placed before the shareholders.

The Company shall continue to carry out transactions with the related parties in the ordinary course of business till next the Annual General Meeting. The nature and scope of such related party transactions are explained above in the statement of relevant agenda item. Therefore, such transactions with related parties have to be approved by the shareholders. The shareholders may authorize the Chief Executive or his nominee to approve such transactions till the next Annual General Meeting for their formal approval/rectification.

There is no specific interest of the directors in these special resolutions, except that mentioned above.



The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the 67th Annual Report together with Audited Accounts and Auditor's Report thereon for the Financial Year ended 30th September 2020.

#### INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

During the year under review, sugarcane crop size was slightly lesser and yield per acre being reported was also lower as compared to corresponding period of last year. Moreover, sugar recoveries were also less as compared to last crushing season. Cumulatively, the Company's sugar production was less in line with country's sugar production as compared to the last year.

For current crushing season 2019-20, notified support price of sugarcane was Rs. 190/- per 40 kg in Punjab, KPK and Rs 192/- per 40kg in Sindh. During the whole crushing season there was tough price competition over sugar cane purchase among all sugar mills in the region & in the country, owing partially due to expected short sugarcane crop and partially due to better sugar prices in the local market.

#### PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 30 September 2020, the Company was able to crush 1,973,755 M. Tons sugarcane and produced 189,843 M. Tons white refined sugar at an average recovery of 9.629%. During the same period last year, the Company crushed 2,006,892 M. Tons sugarcane and produced 204,406 M. Tons white refined sugar at an average recovery of 10.190%. The decline in company's sugar production & sugarcane crushing is in tandem with the overall reduction of sugar production & sugarcane crushing in the country.



For the year ended 30 September 2020, the Company earned pretax Profit of Rs. 1,597.274 million and after-tax profit of Rs. 1,263.771 million as compared to pretax profit of Rs. 542.575 million and after-tax profit of Rs. 342.299 million over the same period last year. This extraordinary increase in profitability is attributed to number of elements taken place during the period and mainly due to sales of molasses at exceptionally high prices on account of Pak Rupee devaluation, exponentially high demand of ethanol due to COVID-19 in national & international market and as well as less molasses production in the country due to lower sugar cane crop. Earnings per share for the year ended 30 September 2020 are reported at Rs. 84.12 as compared to Rs. 22.78 for the corresponding period of last year.

Net sales were recorded at Rs. 16,220.378 million during the year ended 30 September 2020, as compared to Rs. 14,359.613 million in last year. Given decrease in sales volumes, increase in sales revenue is attributed to increase in average selling prices.

All out efforts are being made to increase the production and profitability of the Company through process efficiency, installing modern, latest technology equipment, reducing production cost due to close supervision, developing good quality cane, by providing the latest improved seed varieties, fertilizer, pesticides etc. and facilitating the cane growers constantly, which ultimately will result in higher sugar recovery and also financial benefit to the cane growers.

2020	2019
(Rupees	in Million)

Final Cash Dividend paid during the year @ 15% (2019: Nil) Accumulated profit carried forward	(22.535) 3,228.372	-
APPROPRIATIONS	3,250.907	1,979.792
Accumulated Profit brought forward	1,979.792	1,641.525
	1,271.115	338.267
Profit after Taxation Effect of OCI	1,263.771 7.344	342.299 (4.032)
Provision for Taxation Prior Year Deferred	(271.736) 7.479 (69.246)	(199.603) (70.232) 69.559
Pre- Tax Profit	1,597.274	542.575

#### **EARNING PER SHARE:**

The earning per share of the company for the year under review stood at Rs. 84.12 (2019: Rs. 22.78)

#### **DIVIDEND**

Your Board has recommended 30% (2019: 15%) cash dividend for the financial year that ended 30, September 2020.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Agricultural R&D is an integral part of the Company's policy which entails identification and multiplication of promising new sugarcane varieties and their subsequent commercial sowing through progressive growers with best agricultural practices. This not only increases per acreyield of sugar cane but also enhances growers earning and creates more enthusiasm for sowing sugarcane compared to competing crops. It also increases the sugarcane supply to the Company and boosts overall sugar recovery, directly improving the bottom line of the company

Like previous years, your management has decided

to provide new improved varieties of sugarcane seed with high yield/recovery and disease/frost resistance along with fertilizers and pesticides to cane growers on markup free credit basis for Autumn sowing 2019, as well as free of cost timely services of biological laboratory at their door step so that sugarcane procurement for the next crushing season may not suffer.

#### **FUTURE OUT LOOK**

Overall the world and the country in particular is passing through tough economic times and uncertain climate due to COVID-19. During the year under review government has taken aggressive steps for closure/ lockdown of the country from March, to August, 2020 to reduce the risk of pandemic. To overcome this situation Government took different steps to support the industry i.e. facilitation in utilities bills, financial support to lower middle class and multiple downward adjustments in KIBOR rates which reduced to 7% for industries. Additionally, State Bank of Pakistan advised all financial institutions to defer repayment of principle loans for one year and introduced refinance scheme for the salaries of staff for a period of 6 months i.e. April to September, 2020 at fixed rate of 3%. However, due to currency devaluation Pakistan's sugar industry



is now globally competitive at large in spite of highly depressed sugar prices in the international markets.

The Federal Government had formed Joint Investigation Team in January 2020 to probe in the Increase in sugar prices in 2018-19 and Export Subsidy approved during last 4-5 years to facilitate the grower's payment and to earn foreign exchange. The Joint Commission submitted its report to fulfill the vague objectives without considering and realizing the facts that Budget 2019-20 increased sales tax from 8% to 17%, the market adjustment in sugar price due to change of Country's status from sugar surplus country to sugar shortage and setting higher sugarcane support prices without considering the sugar prices in local and international markets. The outcome of Commission Report and its effects are being faced by the whole sugar industry in terms of various on-going departmental investigation by FBR, SECP and different agencies.

According to initial the sugarcane crop yield per acre in the year 2020-21 was expected higher by 5-10% as compared to last year (2019-20) but early start of crushing has been detrimental to yield and recovery. In anticipation of the prevailing sugar prices in local market, it is expected that there will be price war over the sugarcane purchase among sugar mills of surrounding area. Carryover sugar stock for season 2020-21 was much less as

compared to last year. Government has allowed import of 300,000 M Tons of sugar which has been completed in the last quarter of the year. It is expected that sugar prices may be under pressure in the coming period. Molasses and bagasse prices are also expected to remain high partially due rupee devaluation and partially due to expectedly reduced molasses production in 2020-21.

The proposed investment in Australian sugar mill approved by the Board jointly with its associated companies M/s Almoiz Industries Limited and M/s Naubahar Bottling Company (Private) Limited, for the acquisition of majority stake in ordinary shares in Isis Central Sugar Mill Company Limited Queensland, Australia ("ICSM"). The investment of AUD 36.10 Mn (Australian Dollars Thirty Six Million One Hundred Thousand) equivalent to USD 26.6 Mn was subject to applicable statutory and regulatory approvals. While the proposal was recommended by State Bank of Pakistan to the Economic Coordination Committee (ECC) of Pakistan at Federal Government level for approval, it remained pending for an extended period with the ECC due to macroeconomic uncertainty around the country's foreign exchange reserves and the covid-19 pandemic. As a result of these delayed approvals, the parties failed to achieve financial close of the transaction despite several extensions. A decision was therefore taken in July to allow the agreement to lapse and to call off the transaction.

#### RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURE

The transactions between the related parties were carried out at arm's length prices determined in accordance with the comparable uncontrolled market prices method. The Company has fully complied with the best practices on transfer pricing.

## CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

- The Financial Statements prepared by the company fairly present its state of affairs, the result of operations, cash flows and changes in equity
- b) Proper books of accounts of the company have been maintained
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgement
- d) International Financial Reporting Standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed in preparation of financial statements and there has been no departure there from
- e) The system of internal control has been designed and effectively implemented according to the requirement of the industry and on modern managerial principles which are being continuously reviewed and monitored. The review will continue in future for the improvement in control
- f) The company has adopted the central depository system and the listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange. So far 206,925 shares of the company have been transferred by the shareholders to the Central Depository Company, Pakistan
- g) The company has appointed M/s CORPLINK (Pvt) Ltd., independent share Registrar in terms of section 195 of the Companies Act, 2017
- h) There is no doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern

- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations of Stock Exchanges
- j) The key operating and financial data of the last six (06) years is annexed herewith
- k) There are no statutory payments against the company on account of Taxes, duties, levies and other charges except for those which are being paid in the normal course of business
- I) The Company maintains unfunded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees
- m) Share transactions (if any) have been reported by the Directors, CFO, other Executives, Auditors, Company secretary or their spouses and minor children during the year ended 30 September, 2019 are annexed in pattern of shareholding
- All the information as required to be placed on Company's website under SRO-634(1) 2014 is appropriately placed at www.thalindustries.com.

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

During the year under review, 4 board meetings were held and attendance of each Director in the board meeting was as under:

SR. NO.		NO. OF ATTENDED MEETINGS
1	Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan	4
2	Mr. Muhammad Shamim Khan	4
3	Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan	3
4	Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan	4
5	Mr. Muhammad Khan	4
6	Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan	4
7	Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Du	rani 4

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

#### **Best Corporate Practices**

Directors are committed to good corporate governance and comply with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and the Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The statement of compliance with the CCG is enclosed.

- 1. The total number of directors are seven as per the following:
  - Male: Six
  - Female: One
- 2. The composition of the Board of Directors (the Board") is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Director*	Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan
Executive Directors	Mr. Muhammad Shamim Khan (CEO) Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan
Non-Executive Director	Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan Mr. Muhammad Khan

3. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

#### **Audit Committee**

- Mr. Muhmmad Ashraf Khan Durani (Chairman)
- Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan
- Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan

#### **HR and Remuneration Committee**

- Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan (Chairman)
- Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan
- Mr. Muhammad Khan

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

- Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan (Chairman)
- Mr. Muhmmad Ashraf Khan Durani

#### RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTE

- Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan (Chairman)
- Mr. Muhmmad Ashraf Khan Durani





4. The Board of Directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations. The detail is given in Note: 36 to the Financial Statement.

#### PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDING

The statement of pattern of shareholding along with categories of shareholding of the company as noted on September 30, 2020 required under section 227 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Code of Corporate Governance is annexed with this report.

#### **AUDITORS**

The present Auditors M/S Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants have retired and being eligible, offered their services for reappointment. The Audit Committee has recommended M/S Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq Chartered Accountants for reappointment as Auditors for the year ending 30 September, 2021.

#### OTHER STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

Statement of Ethics and Business Practices, Six years summary of financial highlights, Pattern of Shareholding, Statement of compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance and Auditors' Report in this regard are also presented.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Board would like to record their appreciation for the efforts and devotion of all the company's employees and hope they will continue their contribution towards the enhancement of productivity and well-being of the company in the future as well. The board also wishes to thank the financial institutions, farmers and all stakeholders associated with the company for their support and cooperation.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors, The Thal Industries Corporation Ltd.

Muhammad Shamim Khan

Thamme Kom

Chief Executive

Lahore: 24th December, 2020

Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan Chairperson

Laises Slaum

## ڈائر کیٹرز کی ممبران کور بورٹ

آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز 30 ستمبر 2020 کوٹتم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے 67 ویں سالا نہ رپورٹ مع نظر ثانی شدہ حسابات اوراس پر آ ڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ بخوشی پیش کررہے ہیں۔

#### صنعت كالمجموعي جائزه

ز برجائزہ مدت کے دوران فصل کا سائز معمولی کم تھااور بیان کی گئی فی ایکڑ پیداوار بھی گزشتہ سال کی اسی مدت کے مقا بلیے کم تھی۔مزید برآ ں، چینی کی ریکوری بھی گزشتہ کرشنگ سیزن کے مقابلیے کم تھی۔ مجموعی طور برگزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں اس سال مکپنی کی چینی کی پیداوار کے مطابق کم رہی۔

عالیہ کر شنگ سیزن 20-2019 کیلئے گئے کی کم سے کم قیمت خرید پنجاب اور کے پی کے میں -190/ رو پیاورسندھ میں -199/ روپ فی من مقرر کی گئی۔تمام کر شنگ سیزن کے دوران گئے کی فصل کی متوقع جزوک کی اوراوکل مارکیٹ میں چینی کی جزوی بہتر قیمتوں کی وجہ سے مقامی اور ملکی سطح پرتمام شوگر ملوں کے مابین گئے کن خریداری پر قیمت خرید کا سخت مقابلہ یایا گیا۔

## سمپنی کی کارکردگی

30 ستبر 2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران بھپنی نے 1,973,755 میٹرکٹن گئے کی کرشنگ کی اور 9.629 فیصداوسط ریکوری کے ساتھ 189,843 میٹرکٹن سفید ریفائنڈ چینی بنائی۔ جبکہ اس کے مقابلے میں گذشتہ سال کمپنی نے 2,006,892 میٹرکٹن گئے کی کرشنگ کی اور 10.190 فیصداوسط ریکوری کے ساتھ 204,406 میٹرکٹن سفیدریفائنڈ چینی بنائی۔ کمپنی کی شوئگ پیداواراور گئے کی کرشنگ کی مجموع کی کے ساتھ منسوب ہے۔

## مالى جھلكياں

30 ستبر 2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے کمپنی نے قبل از ٹیکس منافع 1,597.274 ملین روپے اور ابعداز ٹیکس منافع 342.299 ملین روپے اور ابعداز ٹیکس منافع 342.299 ملین روپے مالیا جبکہ گزشتہ سال قبل از ٹیکس منافع 342.575 ملین روپے کی قدر 542.575 ملین روپے واصل کیا۔ منافع 2000 کیا۔ منافع 2000 کی وجہ سے ایستانوں کی محدومت اصر سے منسوب ہے جو بنیادی طور پر پاکستانی روپے کی قدر کے لخاظ سے غیر متوقع زیادہ قبیتوں پر مولاسس کی فروخت ، مقامی اور بین الاقوامی مارکیٹ میں COVID-19 کی وجہ سے ایستانوں کی زیادہ طلب کی وجہ سے اور گئے کی کم فصل کے باعث ملک میں مولاسس کی کم پیداوار کی وجہ سے ممکن ہوئی۔ 2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے فی شیئر آمد نی 84.12 روپے درج کی گئی جبکہ گزشتہ سال کی اسی مدت کے لئے فی شیئر آمد نی 22.78 و

30 ستبر 2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران خالص فروخت 16,220.378 ملین روپے درج کی گئی جبکہ گزشتہ سال کی اسی مدت میں 14,359.613 ملین روپے تھی۔ فروخت جم میں کی کے باوجو دفروخت آمد نی میں اضافے کی وجیچینی کی اوسط قیت فروخت میں اضافہ تھا۔

تمام ترکوششیں گئے کے کاشتکاروں کومسلس جدید بہتر نج کی اقسام، کھادیں، کیڑے مارادویات اور باہم سہولیات پہنچا کرمل کارکردگی بہتر بنانے ، جدت طرازی ، جدید ترین ٹیکنالو بی آلات نصب ، کڑی گرانی سے پیداواری اخراجات کو کم کرکے گئے کے معیار کو بہتر بنانے کے ذریعے کمپنی کی پیداوار اور منافع کو بڑھانے کے لئے کی جارہی ہیں جس کے نتیجہ میں نہ صرف چینی کی ریکوری زیادہ بلکہ گئے کے کاشٹکاروں کو مالی فوا کرچھی حاصل ہوں گے۔

## مالياتى نتائج درجه ذيل ہيں

تضيلات	2020 (روپے ملین میں )	2019 (روپے ملین میں)
قبل از نگیس ( نقصان )/منافع قمیس کی او نیگی	1,597.274	542.575
نیس کی ادبیگی		
موچوده	(271.736)	(199.603)
" پیچھلے سال کی ردوبدل	7.479	(70.232)
زیرالتوائیکس(Deferred) بعدازئیکس منافع	(69.246)	69.559
بعداز نیکس منافع	1,263.771	342.299
دیگرجامح آمدنی(OCI) کااژ	7.344	(4.032)
	1,271.115	338.267
مجموی منافع جوآ گے آیا	1,979.792	1,641.525
	3,250.907	1,979.792
تصرفات		
سال كےدوران اداشده حتى نقدمنا فع منقسمه بشرح %15 (Nil) : 2019)	(22.535)	-
مجموی منافع جوآ گے گیا	3,228.372	1,979.792
نى شىئر <i>آ</i> ىدنى	84.12	22.78

## فى شيئرة مدنى:

زىرجائزەسال كے لئے كمپنى كى فى شيئرآ مدنى 84.12روپ (22.78:2019 روپ)

## منافع منقسمه ( ڈیویڈینڈ )

30 تتبر 2020 كوفتم ہونے والے مالى سال كے لئے بورڈ نے %30 (2019: %15) نقد منا فع تقسيم كرنے كى سفارش كى ہے۔

## شحقيق وترقى

زرع تحقیق وترتی تمپنی کی پالیسی کاایک لازمی حصد ہے جس میں بہترین زرع طریقوں کے ساتھ ترتی پیند کا شکاروں کے ذریعے گئے کی مختلف اورنئی اقسام کی شناخت اوراس کے بعد تجارتی پیانے پران کی کا شت شامل ہے۔ یہ نہ صرف گئے کی فی ایکڑ پیداوار بڑھاتی ہے بلکہ کا شکاروں کی آمدنی میں اضافہ اور مسابقتی فصلوں کے مقابلے میں گئے کی بوائی کے لئے زیادہ شوق پیدا کرتی ہے۔ یہ کپنی کو گئے کی سیالئی ،مجموع طور پر شوگر کی ریکوری کو بڑھاتی ہے اور براہ راست ممپنی کے منافع کو بہتر بناتی ہے۔

گزشتہ سالوں کی طرح ، انتظامیہ نے خزاں 2019 کی بوائی کے لئے سود کے بغیر قرض کی بنیاد پر گئے کے کاشتکاروں کو کھاداور کیڑے مارادویات کے ساتھ ساتھ اعلیٰ پیداواراور بیاری کے خلاف مزاحت کے حال گئے کے نتج کی نئی بہتر اقسام فراہم کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ ان کے کھیتوں میں ہی حیاتیاتی تج بہگاہوں کی مددسے بروقت مفت خدمات دینے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے تاکہ اگلے کرشنگ سیزن کے لئے گئے کے حصول میں دھواری نہ ہو۔

#### ستقبل كانقط نظر

COVID-19 کی وجہ ہے مجموعی طور پر پوری دنیا اور خاص طور پر ملک ایک سخت معاثی دوراور غیر بیتی ماحول سے گذر رہا ہے۔ وبائی مرض کے خطرے کو کم کرنے کے لئے زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران حکومت نے ماری تا اگست 2020 تک ملک کے کلوژر / لاک ڈاؤن کے انتہائی اقد امات کئے۔ اس صور تحال پر قابو پانے کے لئے حکومت نے مختلف اقد امات اٹھائے جیسا کہ پیٹیلیٹی بلوں میں مہولت ، نچلے متوسط طبقے کی مالی اعانت اور KIBOR کی شرحوں میں کی جوصنعتوں کے لئے کم کرکے 7 فیصد کر دی۔ اس کے علاوہ سٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے تمام مالیا تی اداروں کو اصل قرضوں کی وجہ سے واپس ادائیگی ایک سال تک مؤخر کرنے کی ہدایت کی اور صنعتوں کے نئے ری فنانس اسکیم از اپریل تا سمبر 2020 بشرح % 3 برائے 6 ماہ کر دی ہے۔ تا ہم ، کرنی کی قدر میں کمی کی وجہ سے بین الاقوامی منڈ ہوں میں چینی کی تعبوں پر انتہائی د ہاؤکے باوجود یا کستان کی چین کی صنعت عالمی سطح پراب مسابقتی ہے۔

وفاقی حکومت نے جنوری 2020 میں مشتر کہ انویسٹی گیشن ٹیم تشکیل دی جس نے، 19-2018 میں چینی کی قیمتوں میں اضافے اور برآ مدی سبسڈی جوگزشتہ 5-4 سالوں میں منظور کی گئی تھی تا کہ کسانوں کی ادائیگی کوآسان بنایا جا سکے اور زرمبادلہ کمایا جا سکے، پر تحقیقات کرناتھی مشتر کہ کمیشن نے اس مبہم مقصد کی تحکیل کے لئے اپنی رپورٹ پیش کی جس میں ان حقا کق کو بکسر نظر انداز کیا گیا کہ بجٹ 2019-20 میں سیاز ٹیکس 8 فیصد سے بڑھا کر 17 فیصد کردیا گیا، پچھلے سال کے مقابلے موجودہ سال کے دوران گئے کی فصل میں قلت کے سبب ملک کی حیثیت بالتر تیب چینی کی زائد پیدا وارسے چینی کی کر اندید بیدا وارسے چینی کی زائد پیدا وارسے چینی کی قیمت میں ہونے والی ضرور کی مارکیٹ ایڈ جسٹمنٹ اور مقامی اور بین الاقوا می سطح پرچینی کی قیمتوں پرغور کے بغیر گئے کی امدادی قیمتیں زیادہ مقرر کی گئیں۔ کہیشن رپورٹ کے نتائج اور اس کے افرائٹ کے اور میش میں میں تمام ڈور کے دینے میں ہونے والی ضرور کی مطروف سے متعدد جاری محکمانے انویسٹی گیشن کی صورت میں تمام ڈور کیڈیش میں۔

سال 21-2020 میں ابتدائی فی ایکڑ گئے کی فصل کی پیداوار میں گذشتہ سال (20-2019) کے مقابلہ میں 10-5 فیصداضا نے کی توقع کی گئی تھی کیئی کرشٹ کا جلد آغاز پیداوار اور ریکوری کے لئے نقصان دہ ثابت ہوا۔ مقامی مارکیٹ میں چینی کی موجودہ قیمتوں کے پیش نظر، بیتو قع کی جارہی ہے کہ آس پاس کے علاقے کی شوگر ملوں کے مابین گئے کی خریداری پر قیمتوں کی جنگ ہوگی ۔ گذشتہ سال کے مقابلہ میں 20 مقابلہ میں کہ ہوگی ہے۔ امید کی جاتی ہوگی ہے۔ امید کی جاتی ہوگی ہے۔ امید کی جاتی ہوگی ہے۔ امید کی قدر میں کی درآمد کی اجازت دی ہے جوسال کی آخری سہ ماہی میں کممل ہوچکی ہے۔ امید کی جاتی ہوگی ہے۔ امید کی قدر میں کی اور جز دی طور پر مولاس کی متوقع کم پیداوار کی وجہ سے مولاس اور بیگاس کی قیمتیں بھی زیادہ رہیں گئی۔

آسٹریلین شوگرمل میں مجوزہ سرماییکاری کی آئسس سنفرل شوگرمل کمپنی لمیٹر گوئیز لینڈ آسٹریلیلا"ICSM") میں عام جھس میں اکثریتی اسٹیک کے حصول کے لئے شریک کمپنیوں میسرز المعزائڈسٹریز لمیٹر اور میسرز نوبہار بوٹلنگ کمپنی (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹرڈ کے مشتر کہ بورڈ نے منظوری دی۔ 26.6 ملین امریکی ڈالر کے مساوی 36.10 ملین آسٹر بلین ڈالر چھتیں ملین ایک سو ہزار آسٹر بلین ڈالر) کی سرماییکاری قابل اطلاق قانونی اورریگولیٹری منظوریوں سے مشروط تھی۔ جبکہ اس تجویز کی منظوری کے لئے وفاقی حکومت کی سطح پر پاکستان کی اقتصادی رابطہ کمیٹی (ای سیسی ) کو تجویز سٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی طرف سے کی گئی تھی بھی نہیں میں کہ دور میں اس معاہد سے گئی تھی بھی سے تک زیرالتوار ہی۔ منظوریوں میں اس تاخیر کے منتج میں بفریقین صور تحال کی وجہ سے ای سی کو کا فیصلہ کیا گیا۔

#### متعلقه يارثيون سيتعلقات

متعلقہ فریقوں کے درمیان لین دین مارکیٹ کی مقرر کر دہ قیمتوں کے مطابق کیا جاتا ہے طریقہ کار کے مواز نہ سے مقرر کر دہ قابل رسائی قیمتوں پر کیا جاتا ہے۔ کمپنی قیمتوں کی متقلی پر بہترین ضابطہ کے مطابق مکمل طور یونکس کرتی ہے۔

## كار بوريث اور مالياتي ر بور تنگ فريم ورك

- a) کمپنی کی طرف سے تیار کر دہ مالیاتی حسابات اس کے امور ، آپریشنز کے نتائج ، نقدی بہاؤاورا یکوئٹی میں تبدیلیوں کو منصفانہ طور پر ظاہر کرتے ہیں۔
  - b) کمپنی کے کھاتہ جات بالکل صحیح طور سے بنائے گئے ہیں۔
- c مالى حسابات كى تيارى مين مناسب اكاؤنئنگ پاليسيول كوسلسل كےساتھ لا گوكيا گيا ہے اور اكاؤنٹنگ كے تخمينه جات مناسب اور دانشمندانه فيصلوں بيٹني ہيں۔
- d مالی حسابات کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں لا گوبین الاقوامی مالیاتی ر پورٹنگ کے معیارات اوکھینیزا کیٹ 2017 کی ضروریات کی بیروی کی گئی ہے،اورکسی قسم کاانحراف نہیں کیا گیا۔
- e) اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام صنعت کی ضروریات اور جدیدانظامی اصولوں کے مطابق ڈیزائن ہے اوراسکی مؤثر طریقے سے عملدرآ مداورنگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔ کنٹرول میں بہتری کے لیے مستقبل میں مسلسل جائزہ لیاجائے گا۔
  - f) کمپنی سنٹرل ڈیپازٹری سٹم اور پاکستان اسٹاک ایکی پنج کے فہری قواعد وضوابط پڑمل کرتی ہے۔اب تک مکپنی سنٹرل ڈیپازٹری کمپنی پاکستان کو قصص داران کی طرف سے منتقل کئے گئے ہیں۔
    - g) کمپنی نے کمپنیزا یک 2017 کی دفعہ 195 کی شرائط میں میسرز کارپ لنک (پرائیویٹ) کمپیٹر کوانڈ پینیڈنٹ شیئررجٹرارمقرر کیا ہے۔
      - h کمپنی کے گوئگ کنسرن ہونے کی صلاحیت پرکوئی قابل ذکر شکوک وشبہات نہیں ہیں۔
      - i) یا کستان اسٹاک ایکسینج کے فہرتی قواعد وضوالط میں تفصیلی کارپوریٹ گورنٹس کے بہترین عوامل سے کوئی مادی انحراف نہیں کیا گیاہے۔
        - i) رُشتہ چیسال کاکلیدی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی ڈیٹامنسلک ہے۔
    - k) کیکس،ڈ بوٹیز، ایوبیزاورچار جز کی مدمیں کوئی قانونی ادائیگی واجب الادانہیں ہے جو بقایا ہوں، سوائے ان کے جن کامعمول کے کاروبار میں انکشاف کیا گیا ہے۔
      - l) کمپنی اینے متعقل ملازمین کے لئے غیر فنڈ ڈگر یجوئی سکیم برقر اررکھتی ہے۔
    - m) 30 ستمبر 2020 مختتمہ سال کے دوران ڈائر یکٹرز ، ہی ایف او، دیگرا گیز یکٹوز ، آ ڈیٹرز ، کمپنی سیکرٹری یاان کے زوج اور نابالغ بچوں کی طرف سے صفص کی تجارت (اگرکوئی ہو) نمونہ وصص داری سے منسلک ہیں۔
      - n) SRO-634(1) 2014 (صن کیبی احسان کیبی کی و یب سائٹ www.thalindustries.com پررکھ دیا گیا ہے۔

#### بورڈ کے اجلاس

زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران بورڈ کے حیار اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور بورڈ کے اجلاس میں ہرایک ڈائر مکٹر کی حاضری حسب ذیل ہے۔

تعدادحاضري	نام ڈائز بکٹرز	نمبرشار
4	محتر مه قيصرشييم خان	1
4	جناب <i>څرشی</i> م خان	2
3	جناب عدنان احمد خان	3
4	جناب نعمان احمدخان	4
4	جناب محمد خان	5
4	جناب عبدالوا حدخان	6
4	جناب مجمد اشرف خان درانی	7

## كار بوريث گورننس

## بهترين كار بوريث عوامل

ڈائر کیٹرز بہتر کار پوریٹ گورننس پرعملدرآ مداورفہرتی پینیز (کارپوریٹ گورننس کا ضابطہ)ر گیولیشنز ،2019اور پاکستان اسٹاک ایجیجنج کی رُول بک کی ضروریات کو پورا کرتے ہیں۔

CCG کےمطابق تعمیل کابیان منسلک ہے۔

1۔ حب زیل کے مطابق ڈائر کیٹرز کی کل تعدادسات ہے:

خاتون:ایک

## 2\_بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز ("بورڈ") کی تشکیل مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

کیگری نام	رن
آزادة ائر يكثرز جناب	جناب محمدا شرف خان درانی
جناب	جناب عبدالوا حدخان
ا يَّذِيكُووْارْ يَكْرُرْ جناب	جناب محمد میسم خان (سی ای او )
جناب	جناب نعمان احمرخان
نان ایگزیکٹوڈ از یکٹرز	محتر مد قيص شييم خان
جناب	جناب عدنان احمد خان
جناب	<i>جناب گدخا</i> ن

3۔ بورڈ نے حب ذیل ارکان پر شمل کمیٹیاں شکیل دی ہیں۔

## آ ڈٹ سمیٹی

- جناب محمراشرف خان درانی (چیئرمین) محترمه قیصرشیم خان
  - جناب عدنان احمدخان

## اچ آراینڈریمزیش کمیٹی

• جناب عبدالواحد خان (چيئرمين) • جناب عدنان احمد خان

• جناب محمدخان

تقرري تميثي

• جناب عبدالواحدخان (چيئرمين) • جناب محمداشرف خان دراني

رسك مينجمنث تحميثي

• جناب عبدالواحدخان (چيئرمين) • جناب محمداشرف خان دراني

4۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزا یکٹ اورریگولیشنز کےمطابق ڈائر یکٹرز کےمشاہرہ کے لئے فارل پالیسی اورشفاف طریقہ کارتر تیب دیا ہے۔جس کی تفصیل مالی گوشواروں کے نوٹ 36 میں دی گئی ہے۔

نمونه وحصه داري

کمپنیز ایک 2017 کی دفعہ 227 اور کارپوریٹ گوننس کے ضابطہ اخلاق کے تحت در کار 30 سمبر 2020 کو ندکورہ کے مطابق شیئر ہولڈنگ کا نموند بمعہ کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈنگ کی اقسام رپورٹ ہذا کے ہمراہ نسلک ہیں۔

## آ ڈیٹرز کی تعیناتی

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرزرحمان سرفرازرحیم اقبال رفیق، چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس سبکدوش ہوگئے ہیں اورائل ہونے کی بناء پردوبارہ تقرری کے لئے اپنی خدمات پیش کی ہیں۔ آڈٹ سیٹی نے میسرزرحمان سرفرازرحیم اقبال رفیق، چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس کو 30 ستمبر 2021 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے بطور آڈیٹرز دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

## دیگرز وضاحتیں اور رپورٹس

ضابطه اخلاق اورکاروباری عوال کی وضاحت ، مالی جملکیوں کا چیساله خلاصه بثیم برولڈنگ کانمونه ، کارپوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطہ اخلاق کی تغیس اور بابت بندا میں آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ بھی پیش کی گئی ہیں۔ اظہمار تشکر اعتراف

کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرزتمام ملازمین کی کوششوں اورگئن کوسراہتے ہیں اورامیدکرتے ہیں کہوہ پیداورمیں اضافہ اور کمپنی کی بھلائی کی خاطر ستقبل میں بھی اپنی کوششوں کو جاری رکھیں گے۔ڈائر کیٹرز کمپنی کے ساتھ شریک مالی اداروں، کسانوں اورتمام شریک اسٹیک ہولڈرز کی جمایت اور تعاون کا بھی شکر بیادا اکریتے ہیں۔

> منجانب بوردْ آف دْائر يكثر دى تقل اندُسٹر مز كار بوريش لمينٹر

Raiser Slaum

محترمه قيصرشيم خان

محمد شیم خان چیف ایگزیکٹو

hamme klus

لا ہور:**24** دسمبر **2020** 

# STATEMENT OF ETHICS & BUSINESS PRACTICES

After taking over of The Thal Industries Corporation Limited in 1998 the aim of the new management is to produce quality product for its customers. We ensure transparency and professionalism at every step of our dealings, and look after the interests of stakeholders.

The statement of the company is based on the following principles.

#### **Quality of Product:**

- We would strive to produce the best quality / refined sugar for consumers.
- We would continuously update ourselves with technological advancements in sugar industry and strive to implement these changes in our company.
- We would maintain all relevant technical and professional standards to be compatible with requirements of the industry.

#### Dealing with Employees:

- We recognize and appreciate employees for their performance.
- We measure the performance of our employees by their ability to meet their objectives, their conduct at work, and their dealings with others both within and outside the organization, their contribution towards training peoples and successful planning, and innovation at their work place.
- We provide congenial work atmosphere where all employees are treated with respect and dignity and work as a team to achieve common objective.
- Unless specifically mentioned, all rules and regulations prevailing in the company apply to all levels of employees of the company.

#### Responsibility to Society / Interested Sectors:

We have an important role towards our society, shareholders, creditors and particularly to the sugarcane growers and the Government. Our dealings are transparent with all our customers / suppliers so as to meet the expectations of the people who deal with us.

We meet all our obligations and ensure timely compliance.

#### Financial Reporting & Internal Controls:

Our policies with reference to accounting, finance and corporate matters are governed by relevant corporate regulations, Companies Act, 2017, and the Code of

Corporate Governance. It is our responsibility to comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as applicable in Pakistan for the preparation of financial statements with any departure therefrom being adequately disclosed.

We are in the process of establishing an efficient internal Audit department to enhance the scope of Internal control and data generated by the Company. It also helps in building the confidence of our creditors, financial institutions and other interested organizations.

#### Purchase of Goods & Timely Payment:

To ensure cost effectiveness, we only purchase goods and services that meet our specifications and are competitively priced. To gauge the market conditions and availability of substitute products or services, we obtain quotations from various sources before finalizing our decision, so as not to hurt the confidence, reliability and trust of our suppliers. We ensure timely payments after deducting applicable taxes.

#### Conflict of Interest:

Activities and involvements of the directors and employees of the company in no way conflict with the interest of the company. All acts and decisions of the management are based keeping in view of the interest of the company.

#### Observance to Laws of the Country:

The company fulfils all statutory requirements of the Government and follows all applicable laws of the country.

#### Objectives of the Company:

We at The Thal Industries Corporation Limited, recognize the need of working at the highest standards to attain greater levels of performance. We endeavor to meet the expectations of all our stakeholders.

We conduct the business of the company with integrity and believe in quality.

We produce and supply goods and information with great care and competence to ensure that customers and creditors receive service that they deserve.

We respect that confidentiality of the information acquired during the course of our dealings with the interested parties and refrain from acting in any manner which discredit the company.

## SIX YEARS SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### **OPERATING PERFORMANCE:**

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Quantitative Data (M. Tons)						
Cane Crushed	1,973,755	2,006,892	2,697,755	2,869,699	1,839,916	1,808,462
Sugar Produced	189,843	204,406	260,788	279,308	178,912	175,910
Refined Sugar Purchased	1,089	750	237	-	749.15	1,296
Profitability (Rs in 000)						
Gross Sales	18,748,618	15,670,122	15,351,153	16,261,713	11,511,115	12,057,447
Sales (Net)	16,220,378	14,359,613	14,104,443	14,918,562	10,673,418	11,244,799
Gross Profit	2,759,754	1,738,295	369,282	1,842,981	1,342,155	923,407
Profit / (Loss) before Taxation	1,597,274	542,575	(153,140)	941,522	666,550	314,724
Profit / (Loss) after Taxation	1,263,771	342,299	(160,451)	708,395	660,182	261,019
Financial Position (Rs in 000)						
Tangible Fixed Assets	4,940,193	4,879,358	4,457,161	3,876,640	3,179,407	2,516,493
Other Non Current Assets	17,622	40,212	54,571	63,745	44,510	465
	4,957,815	4,919,570	4,511,732	3,940,385	3,223,917	2,516,958
Current Assets	3,653,803	4,342,856	5,702,867	4,908,411	3,564,768	2,832,311
Current Liabilities	3,398,088	4,970,173	6,106,855	4,369,065	3,155,104	2,596,015
Net Working Capital Employed	255,715	(627,317)	-403,988	539,346	409,664	236,296
Capital Employed	5,213,530	4,292,253	4,107,744	4,479,731	3,633,581	2,753,254
Long Term Loan & Other Liabilities	1,741,126	2,068,429	2,222,187	2,145,997	1,743,659	1,448,545
Shareholder's Equity	3,472,404	2,223,824	1,885,558	2,333,734	1,889,921	1,304,708
Represented By:						
Share Capital	150,232	150,232	150,232	150,232	150,232	150,232
Reserve & Unappropriated	3,322,172	2,073,592	1,735,325	2,183,501	1,739,689	1,154,476
Profit/ (Loss) Carried Forward						
	3,472,404	2,223,824	1,885,558	2,333,734	1,889,921	1,304,708
Pating						
Ratios	17.01	1011	0.60	10.05	10.57	0.01
Gross Profit Ratio (%age)  Net Profit / (Loss) Before Tax Ratio (%age)		12.11	2.62	12.35	12.57	8.21
	9.85	3.78	(1.09)	6.31	6.24	2.8
Net debt-to-equity (Times)	0.63	2.00	3.08	1.99	2.06	2.48
Current Ratio	1.08	0.87	0.93	1.12	1.13	1.09
Break up Value per Share (Rs.)	231.14	148.03	125.51	155.34	125.8	86.85
Earning / (Loss) per Share (Rs.)	84.12	22.78	(10.68)	47.15	43.94	17.37
Dividend Paid (%age)	15.00%	0.00%	188.86%	175.78%	50	50
Dividend Paid (Rs in 000)	22,535	-	283,358	264,078	75,116	75,116

# FORM-34 THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (SECTION 227(2)(F) PATTERN OF HOLDING OF SHARES

1. Incorporation Number

0000619

2. Name of the Company

THE THAL INDUSTRIES CORP. LIMITED

2.1 Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

30/09/2020

2.2 Number of		Shareholdings		Total	
	Shareholders	From	То		Shares Held
	543	1	100		23,309
	256	101	500		67,760
	106	501	1,000		78,306
	81	1,001	5,000		204,831
	16	5,001	10,000		113,508
	2	10,001	15,000		26,242
	2	15,001	20,000		38,570
	5	45,001	50,000		248,608
	1	50,001	55,000		55,000
	1 1	60,001 1,340,001	65,000 1,345,000		63,000 1,343,174
	1	1,500,001	1,505,000		1,543,174
	1	2,250,001	2,255,000		2,253,698
	1	9,005,001	9,010,000		9,005,003
	1017		· · ·		15,023,232
2.3	Categories of shareholde	ers		Shares Held	Percentage
2.3.1	Directors, Chief Executive	e Officers		14,225,098	94.6873%
2.0.1	and their spouse and mil			17,220,000	34.007370
2.3.2	Associated Companies, undertakings and related	parties. (Parent Company)		0	0.0000%
2.3.3	NIT and ICP			25	0.0002%
2.3.4 Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.		0	0.0000%		
2.3.5	Insurance Companies			170	0.0011%
2.3.6	Modarabas and Mutual F	Funds		0	0.0000%
*2.3.7	Shareholders holding 10	% or more		11,258,701	74.9419%
2.3.8	General Public			700 202	5.2544%
	a. Local b. Foreign			789,382 0	0.0000%
2.3.9	Others (to be specified) 1- Joint Stock Companies	8		8,557	0.0570%
	Total			15,023,232	100.0000%

<sup>\*</sup>Note:

This being a part of item No. 2.3.7 therefore, it is not counted again in doing grand total.

## **CATEGORIES OF** SHARE HOLDERS

As on 30th September 2020

S. No. NAME	HOLDING	%AGE
DIRECTORS, CEO THEIR SPOUSES & MINOR CHIDREN		
1 MR. MUHAMMAD SHAMIM KHAN 2 MRS. QAISER SHAMIM KHAN 3 MR. ADNAN AHMED KHAN 4 MR. NAUMAN AHMED KHAN 5 MR. MUHAMMAD KHAN 6 MR. MUHAMMAD ASHRAF KHAN DURANI 7 MR. ABDUL WAHID KHAN 8 MRS. AAMRA KHAN W/O ADNAN AHMED KHAN 9 MRS. ANIQA KHAN W/O NAUMAN AHMED KHAN 10 RANIA KHAN (MINOR) THROUGH GARDIAN	9,005,003 2,253,698 1,343,174 1,502,223 5,000 5,000 1,000 50,000 50,000 10,000	59.9405% 15.0014% 8.9406% 9.9993% 0.0333% 0.0067% 0.3328% 0.3328% 0.0666%
	14,225,098	94.6873%
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES	0	0.0000%
NIT & ICP  1 INVESTMENT CORPORATION OF PAKISTAN	25	0.0002%
BANKS, DEVELOPMENT FINANCE INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKING FINANCE INSTITUTIONS	0	0.0000%
INSURANCE COMPANIES		
1 ADAMJEE INSURANCE COMPANY LTD	170	0.0011%
MODARABA & MUTUAL FUND	0	0.0000%
JOINT STOCK COMPANIES  1 GHULAM RASOOL & SONS 2 SH. MOHAMMAD IBRAHIM AND SONS 3 MANZOOR AHMAD AND SONS 4 MAPLE LEAF CAPITAL LIMITED (CDC) 5 NCC-PRE SATTLEMENT DELIVERY ACCOUNT (CDC) 6 SALIM SOZER SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LTD. (CDC) 7 SARFARAZ MAHMOOD (PVT) LTD. (CDC) 8 TRUST SECURITIES & BROKERQGE LIMUTED - MF (CDC) 9 ZILLION CAPITAL SECURITIES (PVT) LTD. (CDC)  SHARES HELD BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC (Foreign) SHARES HELD BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC (Local)	295 295 63 1 300 5,000 3 100 2,500 8,557	0.0020% 0.0020% 0.0004% 0.0000% 0.0020% 0.0333% 0.0000% 0.00166%  0.0570%  0.0000% 5.2544%
	789,382	5.2544%
TOTAL:	15,023,232	100.0000%

S. No	. NAME	HOLDING	%AGE
SHAF	REHOLDERS HOLDING 10% OR MORE OF TOTAL CAPITAL		
1 2	MR. MUHAMMAD SHAMIM KHAN MRS. QAISER SHAMIM KHAN	9,005,003 2,253,698	59.9405% 15.0014%
SHAF	REHOLDERS HOLDING 5% OR MORE OF TOTAL CAPITAL	11,258,701	74.9419%
1 2 3 4	MR. MUHAMMAD SHAMIM KHAN MRS. QAISER SHAMIM KHAN MR. NAUMAN AHMED KHAN MR. ADNAN AHMED KHAN	9,005,003 2,253,698 1,502,223 1,343,174	59.9405% 15.0014% 9.9993% 8.9406%
		14,104,098	93.8819%

During the financial year the trading in shares of the company by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children is as follows

SR. N	10.	NAME	SALE	PURCHASE
1 2	MR. MUHAMMAD SHAMIM KHAN MR. ADNAN AHMED KHAN			150,000 145,500
3	MR. MUHAMMAD ASHRAF KHAN DURANI		295,500	

# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

## WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

NAME OF THE COMPANY: THE THAL INDUSTRIES CORPORATION LIMITED YEAR ENDED: SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

The Thal Industries Corporation Limited ("the Company") has complied with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 ("the Regulations") in the following manner:

- 1. The total number of directors are seven as per the following:
  - a. Male: Six
  - b. Female: One
- 2. The composition of the Board of Directors ("the Board") is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan
Non-Executive Directors	Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan (Chairperson) Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan Mr. Muhammad Khan
Executive Directors	Mr. Muhammad Shamim Khan (CEO) Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan
Female Directors	Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan

There are two Independent directors, however, required fraction is not rounded up as one because the new regulations were issued on September 25, 2019, and the Board was constituted before that date and the Regulation has provided relaxation that for the purpose of electing independent director, the Board shall be reconstituted not later than expiry of its current term:

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company;
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;

- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board /shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recordings and circulating minutes of meeting of the board.
- The Board of Directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. The Board has arranged Directors' Training program in previous years of the following:

Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan Remaining five directors are exempted from such training as they have fourteen years of education and fifteen years of experience on the board of the listed company

- 10. The Board has approved appointment of chief financial officer, company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations. No new appointment was made during the year.
- 11. Chief financial officer and chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

#### A. AUDIT COMMITTEE

Names	Designation held
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani	Chairman
Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan	Member
Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan	Member

#### B. HR AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Names	Designation held	
Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan	Chairman	
Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan	Member	
Mr. Muhammad Khan	Member	

#### C. RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Names	Designation held
Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani	Member

#### D. NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Names	Designation held
Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani	Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/ half yearly/ yearly) of the committees were as per following:

#### a) Audit Committee

Six meetings of Audit Committee were held during the financial year ended 30th September 2020.

#### b) HR and Remuneration Committee

One meeting of HR and Remuneration Committee was held during the financial year ended 30th September 2020.

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with policies and procedures of the Company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with international federation of accountant (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of chartered accountants of Pakistan and that they and partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of the Regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33, and 36 have been complied with

For and on behalf of Board of Directors, The Thal Industries Corporation Ltd.

Muhammad Shamim Khan Chief Executive

Danne Kom

Lahore: 24, December 2020

Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan Chairperson

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

#### To the members of The Thal Industries Corporation Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of The Thal Industries Corporation Limited for the year ended 30 September 2020 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 September 2020.

Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Engagement Partner: Rashid Rahman Mir

LAHORE: 24TH DECEMBER 2020

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of The Thal Industries Corporation Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of The Thal Industries Corporation Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 September 2020, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2020 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters:

Sr.No	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1.	Capitalization of property, plant and equipment	Our audit procedures, amongst others, included the following:
	Refer notes 2.9 and 16 to the financial Statements.  The Company has incurred significant capital expenditure of Rs. 1,121.38 million during the year on expansion of Manufacturing facilities. We identified capitalization of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because there is a risk that amounts being capitalized may not meet the capitalization criteria with related implications on capitalization of borrowing costs and Depreciation charge for the year.	<ul> <li>Obtained understanding of the design and implementation of management controls over capitalization and performing tests of control over authorization of capital expenditure and ensured accuracy of its recording in the system;</li> <li>testing, on sample basis, the costs incurred on capital assets with supporting documentation and contracts;</li> <li>assessing the nature of costs incurred for the capital assets through testing, on sample basis, of amounts recorded and considering whether the expenditure meets the criteria for capitalization as per the applicable accounting standards;</li> <li>Conducted visit to the sites to which significant capital expenditure relates to verify existence of manufacturing facilities.</li> </ul>
2.	Valuation of stock in trade  Refer notes 2.15 and 20 to the financial statements.  The stock-in trade at 30 September 2020 amounted to Rs. 983.87 million. Given the relative size of the stock in trade with respect to the total assets, it was identified as key audit matter as it involves significant management judgment in determining the carrying value of stock in trade.	<ul> <li>Our audit procedures, amongst others, included the following:</li> <li>assessing the appropriateness of Company's accounting policy for valuation of stock in trade and compliance of the policy with applicable standards;</li> <li>obtaining an understanding of internal controls over valuation of stock in trade and testing, on a sample basis, their design, implementation and operating effectiveness;</li> <li>obtaining an understanding and assessing reasonableness of the management's determination of net realizable value (NRV) and the key estimates adopted, including future selling prices, and costs necessary to make the sales and their basis;</li> <li>testing on sample basis the net realizable value of finished goods to recent selling prices and comparing the NRV, to the cost of stock in trade to assess whether any adjustments are required to the value of stock in trade in accordance with the accounting policy.</li> </ul>

#### 3 COVID-19 – Impact

Refer note 47 to the financial statements.

A novel strain of corona virus (COVID-19) that was classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020, impacting countries globally. This pandemic has significantly affected all segments of economy. The fair value determination at the measurement date has become more challenging due to the uncertainty of the economic impact of COVID-19.

Due to COVID-19 lockdowns and partial operations generally all business are adversely affected. The management while preparing financial statements is responsible to assess the possible impact of COVID -19 crisis on the company's liquidity, realisability of inventories /trade debts, continuity of operations and appropriate disclosures in this regard in the financial statements.

Examined the following key areas to assess the COVID-19 impact on the Financial statements:

- going concern assumption used for the preparation of the financial statements;
- expected credit losses (ECL) under IFRS 9;
- the net realisable value (NRV) of inventory; and
- the debt covenants of the loans obtained from the banks

The assessment of COVID -19 impact involves significant management judgement in preparation of the financial statements, hence it has been considered as key audit matter.

In planning and performing audit, our audit procedures included the following:

- Obtained an overall understanding of the changes in financial reporting process and underlying controls in order to determine the appropriate audit strategy;
- Evaluated management's going concern assessment by considering going concern factors at planning and finalization stage. whether going concern assumption is appropriate;
- Assessed the reasonableness of forwardlooking factors under the COVID-19 situation used by management in preparing ECL model;
- Reviewed the computation of NRV of inventory and its reasonableness;
- Reviewed the key debt covenants of the loan agreements and compliance with these covenants; and
- Reviewed the adequacy of the disclosures made by the Company under the applicable financial reporting framework.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements. our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Board of **Directors for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the **Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements. including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;

- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) In our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Mr Rashid Rahman Mir.

Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

LAHORE: DECEMBER 24, 2020

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 September 2020

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
Share Capital and Reserves			
Share capital Revenue reserves Accumulated profit	3 4	150,232,320 93,800,000 3,228,371,604	150,232,320 93,800,000 1,979,791,613
Non Current Liabilities		3,472,403,924	2,223,823,933
Long term finance Lease Liabilities Loans from directors Government Grant Deferred liabilities	5 6 7 8 9	790,725,680 76,983,903 574,800,000 1,302,673 297,313,927	1,250,031,565 21,839,579 574,800,000 - 221,757,770
Current Liabilities		1,741,126,183	2,068,428,914
Trade and other payables Finance cost payable Short term borrowings-secured Advances from directors Current portion of long term liabilities Uncashed dividend warrants Provision for taxation	10 11 12 13 14	1,843,671,429 31,534,455 465,524,759 265,300,000 470,660,854 22,968,904 298,427,455	1,740,022,303 184,700,507 1,967,664,631 355,300,000 438,630,825 57,560,349 226,294,702
Contingencies and Commitments	15	3,398,087,856	4,970,173,317
		8,611,617,963	9,262,426,164

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
PROPERTY AND ASSETS			
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant & equipment Intangible assets Long term deposits Long term advances	16 17 18	4,940,192,856 3,744,996 464,500 13,412,458 4,957,814,810	4,879,358,204 9,362,489 464,500 30,384,413 4,919,569,606
Current Assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits, prepayments and other receivables Current portion of long term advances Taxes recoverable / adjustable Cash and bank balances	19 20 21 22 23 18 24 25	683,656,187 983,869,301 679,686,515 370,595,631 70,690,212 38,360,843 358,288,798 468,655,666 3,653,803,153	641,148,747 1,542,450,249 903,639,619 502,442,119 97,482,966 20,569,308 469,570,929 165,552,621 4,342,856,558
		8,611,617,963 	9,262,426,164

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 September 2020

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Sales - net Cost of sales	26 27	16,220,377,603 (13,460,623,936)	14,359,613,210 (12,621,318,250)
Gross profit		2,759,753,667	1,738,294,960
Operating expenses Distribution and selling expenses Administrative expenses	28 29	(144,328,487) (622,055,856)	(266,667,864) (483,198,580)
		(766,384,343)	(749,866,444)
Operating profit / (loss) Other income	30	1,993,369,324 516,137,755	988,428,516 310,785,649
		2,509,507,079	1,299,214,165
Finance cost Other expenses	31 32	(775,924,705) (136,308,655)	(728,082,480) (28,556,584)
		(912,233,360)	(756,639,064)
Profit / (Loss) before taxation Taxation	33	1,597,273,719 (333,502,866)	542,575,101 (200,276,284)
Profit / (Loss) after taxation		1,263,770,853	342,298,817
Other Comprehensive Income-Net of Tax			
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Remeasurement of staff gratuity (loss)/gain Related impact on deferred tax		10,343,642 (2,999,656)	(5,679,421) 1,647,032
		7,343,986	(4,032,389)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		1,271,114,839	338,266,428
Earnings / (Loss) per share - basic and diluted	34	84.12	22.78

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# STATEMENT OF **CHANGES IN EQUITY**

For the year ended 30 September 2020

PARTICULARS	SHARE CAPITAL	GENERAL RESERVES	ACCUMULATED PROFIT	TOTAL
		RUI	PEES	
Balance as on 01 October 2018	150,232,320	93,800,000	1,641,525,185	1,885,557,505
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	338,266,428	338,266,428
Balance as on 30 September 2019	150,232,320	93,800,000	1,979,791,613	2,223,823,933
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1,271,114,839	1,271,114,839
Final Cash dividend @ 15.00 % i.e.			(00 504 040)	(00 504 040)
Rs. 1.5 per share			(22,534,848)	(22,534,848)
Balance as on 30 September 2020	150,232,320	93,800,000	3,228,371,604	3,472,403,924

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Dann Kom CHIEF EXECUTIVE

milwed CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 30 September 2020

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Cash flow from operating activities		Паросо	Паросо
Cash Flow From Operating Activities Profit before taxation Adjustment for:		1,597,273,719	542,575,101
- Depreciation - Amortization - Provision for gratuity - Gain on disposal of fixed assets - Finance cost - Workers' profit participation fund - Workers welfare fund		507,282,336 5,617,493 40,449,182 (15,387,388) 775,924,705 86,679,119 49,629,536	433,147,590 5,617,493 33,553,775 (782,692) 728,082,480 28,556,584
		1,450,194,983	1,228,175,230
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		3,047,468,702	1,770,750,331
Changes in working capital	35	989,226,481	1,239,191,485
Cash generated from operations		4,036,695,183	3,009,941,816
Gratuity paid Finance cost paid Workers' profit participation fund paid Workers Welfare fund paid Income tax paid		(26,794,786) (926,262,145) (31,385,196) (1,172,977) (192,124,366)	(18,472,092) (634,256,319) - - (103,251,441)
Net cash flow from operating activities		2,858,955,713	2,253,961,964
Cash Flow From Investing Activities Fixed capital expenditure Long term advances Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		(480,018,608) 16,971,955 22,203,650	(829,137,565) 8,742,043 5,201,195
Net cash used in investing activities		(440,843,003)	(815,194,327)
Cash flow from financing activities Long term finance Government Grant Lease liability paid Short term borrowings - net Advances from directors Dividend paid		(440,719,292) 4,317,430 (29,341,638) (1,502,139,872) (90,000,000) (57,126,293)	(152,522,147) - (20,772,456) (1,009,369,445) (220,000,000) (43,447,029)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) financing activities		(2,115,009,665)	(1,446,111,077)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		303,103,045 165,552,621	(7,343,440) 172,896,061
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	25	468,655,666	165,552,621

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Shamm Kom CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2020

#### 1. CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### Reporting entity

The Thal Industries Corporation Limited (Company) is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan on 07th September 1953 under the Companies Act, 1913 (now Companies Act 2017) and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is principally engaged in production and sale of refined sugar and its by-products.

Geographical location and address of business units/plants

Purpose	Location	Address
Di	N.A I.+	OO Die Klaussiel Oalana Oalanakt Maltan
Registered Office	Multan	23-Pir Khursid Colony Gulgasht , Multan
Head Office	Lahore	2-D-1 Gulberg III, Lahore
Mill Site Unit-1	Layyah	Layyah Sugar Mills , Layyah
Mill Site Unit-2	Chinniot	Safina Sugar Mills , Lalian District Chinniot

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

# 2.2 Initial Application of a Standard, Amendment or an Interpretation to an Existing Standard and Forthcoming Requirements

# a) Standards and interpretations that became effective and are relevant to the Company:

#### IFRS 16 - Leases

IFRS 16 introduce a single, on-balance sheet accounting model for lessees as a result, the company, a lessee has recognized right of use assets representing its rights to use the underlying assets and lease liabilities representing its obligation to make lease payments. Lessor accounting remains similar to previous accounting policies.

The company has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach under which the commulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earning at 1 October 2019.

Accordingly, the comparative information presented for 2019 has not been restated-i.e. it is presented, as previously reported, under IFRS 17 and related interpretations.

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on the date of initial application as follows;

	September 30, 2019	Impact of I FRS 16	October 01, 2019
Property, plant & equipment			
Right-of-use assets	-	2,058,690	2,058,690
Lease liabilities			
Non-current	-		
Current	-	2,058,690	2,058,690

#### b) Standards and interpretations that became effective but not relevant to the Company:

The following standards (revised or amended) and interpretations became effective for the current financial year but are either not relevant or do not have any material effect on the financial statements of the company other than increased disclosures in certain cases:

- IFRS 3 Business Combinations (Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2015–2017 Cycle)
- IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (Amended by Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle)
- IAS 12- Income Taxes (Amended by Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle)
- IAS 19 Employee Benefits-(Plan amendment.curtailment or settlement)
- IAS 23 Borrowing Costs-(Amendments resulting from annual improvements 2015-2017 cycle)
- IAS 28 Investments in Associates-(Amended by Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures)
- IFRIC 23 Uncertainity Over Income Tax Treatments

#### c) Forthcoming requirements not effective in current year and not considered relevant:

The following standards (revised or amended) and interpretations of approved accounting standards are only effective for accounting periods beginning from the dates specified below. These standards are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than increased disclosures in certain cases:

- IFRS 3 Business Combinations (Amended-definition of business)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020)
- IFRS 3 Business Combinations (Amendments updating a reference to the Conceptual Framework)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022)
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments regarding pre-replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020)
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021)
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Amendments regarding pre-replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020)

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022)
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021)
- IFRS 16- Lessees -(Amendments to provide lesses with an exemption from assessing weather a covid-19 related rent concessetion is a lease modification for annual periods begining on or after 1st June 2020)
- IFRS 16- Leases -('Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- IAS 1- Presentation of Financial Statements (Amended-definition of material)-(effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020).
- IAS 1- Presentation of Financial Statements (Amended Amendments regarding the classification of liabilities)-(effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023).
- IAS 8- Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (Amended-definition of material)-(effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020).
- IAS 16- Plant property and equipment (Amendments prohibiting a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use)-(effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022).
- IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (Amendments regarding prereplacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020)
- IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform)-(applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021)
- IAS 41- Agriculture (Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 (taxation in fair value measurements))-(effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020).

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commissionof Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

#### 2.3 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the "Historical Cost Convention" except for recognition of staff retirement benefits which is based on actuarial values and financial instruments which are stated at fair value. The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared under the accrual basis of accounting.

## 2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to Company's financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

Staff retirement benefits (note 2.5 & 9.1)
Provisions (note 2.6)
Deferred taxation (note 2.7 & 9.2)
Contingencies (note 15)
Useful life of depreciable assets (note 2.9 & 16.1)

#### 2.5 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) covering all permanent employees of the Company who have completed minimum qualifying period. Provisions are made annually to cover the obligation and charged to income currently, based on actuarial valuation by using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income and past service cost is recognized immediately to the profit and loss account. Interest cost and expected return on plan assets with a net interest amount that is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability / asset is also directly charged to profit and loss account.

#### 2.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company has legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. However, provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

#### 2.7 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is calculated in the manner prescribed by the current tax pronouncements after taking into consideration tax rebates, tax credits or other adjustments available, if any.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using the current rate of taxation. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilized. Deferred tax is charged and credited to income except in the case of items credited or charged to equity in which case it is included in equity.

#### 2.8 Foreign currency transactions

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date, except those covered under forward exchange contracts which are stated at contracted rate. Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates prevailing at the date of transaction except for those covered by forward contracts, which are translated at contracted rates. All exchange differences are included in profit or loss account currently.

#### 2.9 Property, plant & equipment and depreciation

Operating fixed assets except freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Freehold land is stated at cost.

Depreciation is charged by applying the reducing balance method over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 16.1

Depreciation is charged on additions during the year from the month in which property, plant and equipment become available for use while no depreciation is charged from the month of deletion / disposal.

The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed to ensure that the methods and period of depreciation charged during the year are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of operating fixed assets. Appropriate adjustments are made if the impact of depreciation is significant.

Normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are taken to profit or loss account.

#### 2.10 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost and represents expenditure incurred on fixed assets during the construction and installation. Costs may also include borrowing costs as stated in accounting policy for borrowing costs. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

#### 2.11 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired by the Company are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure on capitalized intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific assets to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

Amortization is charged to profit or loss account on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets unless such lives are indefinite. Amortization on additions to intangible assets is charged from month in which an item is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged for the month in which the item is disposed off.

## 2.12 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred.

#### 2.13 Accounting for leases

#### Right of use asset

The Company recognizes a right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of use asset is initially measured at cost which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The right to use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of useful life of the right of use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful life of right of use asset is determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right of use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

#### Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or if that rate cannot be readily determined i.e. the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by the lease payment made. It is re-measured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in rate or a change in the terms of the lease arrangement.

The Company applies judgment to determine the lease term for some lease contracts in which it is a lessee that include renewal options. The assessment of whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised.

#### Short term leases

The Company has elected not to recognise the right of use asset and lease liability for short term leases of properties that have a lease term of 12 months or less. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense.

#### 2.14 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at moving average cost except stores in transit which are stated at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon up to the statement of financial position date. Adequate provision is made against items considered obsolete / slow moving.

#### 2.15 Stock-in-trade

These are valued applying the following basis:

Work in process At cost

Finished goods At lower of cost and net realizable value

Molasses At net realizable value

Average cost in relation to work in process and finished goods means production cost including all production overheads. Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in ordinary course of business less cost necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale.

#### 2.16 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded when significant risks and rewards (dispatch of goods to customer) of ownership of the goods are transferred to the customers.

Income from bank deposits and loans and advances is recognized on accrual basis.

#### 2.17 Dividend

Dividend to the company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is declared and approved. Appropriations of profit are reflected in the statement of changes in equity in the period in which such appropriations are approved.

#### 2.18 Financial Instruments

#### i) Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, fair value through other comprehensive income and amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. All the financial assets of the Company as at statement of financial position date are carried at amortized cost.

#### **Amortized Cost**

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value through proft or loss:

- a) it is held with in a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### **Impairment**

The Company recognizes loss allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) on financial assets measured at amortized cost and contract assets. The Company measures loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

Lifetime ECLs are those that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether the financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have occurred.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

#### ii) Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

#### Derecognition

The financial assets are de-recognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets. The financial liabilities are de-recognized when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### iii) Trade and other payables

Liability for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of consideration to be paid in future for goods and services.

#### iv) Trade debts, advances & deposits

These are intially recorded at cost which is fair value and any impairment would be charged on the basis of ECL.

#### v) Off setting

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.19 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise running finances, cash balances and items of short term borrowings with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Company in the management of its short-term commitments.

## 2.20 Related parties transactions

Transactions with related parties are carried out at arm's length and priced at comparable uncontrolled market price.

# 2.21 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the assets are reviewed at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or group of assets. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of that asset or group of assets is estimated and impairment losses are recognized in the profit or loss account.

#### 2.22 Presentation

The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Figures are rounded off to the nearest rupee. The corresponding figures are rearranged wherever necessary to facilitate comparison. Appropriate disclosure is given in relevant note in case of material rearrangements.

#### 3. SHARE CAPITAL

2020 (Number of	2019 shares)	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Authorized C	Capital:			
100,000,000	100,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Issued, subs	cribed and pa	aid up capital:		
8,368,846	8,368,846	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid in cash	83,688,460	83,688,460
142,770	142,770	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each issued as fully paid for consideration otherwise than cash	1,427,700	1,427,700
6,511,616	6,511,616	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each issued as bonus shares	65,116,160	65,116,160
15,023,232	15,023,232		150,232,320	150,232,320

<sup>\*</sup>All the shares are similar with respect to their rights on voting board selection, first refusal and block voting.

#### 4. REVENUE RESERVES

General reserve 93,800,000 93,800,000

It represents distributable profits transferred and utilizable at the discretion of the board of directors.

#### 5. LONG TERM FINANCE - SECURED

From banking companies:			
Opening balance		1,668,380,554	1,820,902,701
Obtained during the year			
Term/Demand Finance		-	310,171,744
Loan under refinance scheme for payment of wage	es & salaries	79,301,731	-
Adjustment pertaining to fair value of loan at below			
market interest rate		(4,317,430)	-
		1,743,364,855	2,131,074,445
Paid during the year		(515,703,593)	(462,693,891)
r and during the your		. , , , ,	
	5.1 & 5.2	1,227,661,262	1,668,380,554
Less: current portion	14	(436,935,582)	(418,348,989)
		790,725,680	1,250,031,565

5.1 Demand finance / Diminishing musharaka facilities of Rs. 673 million (2019: Rs. 835 million) and term finance facilities of Rs. 1,400 million (2019: Rs. 1,400 million) have been obtained from various banking companies. These loans are secured against first pari passu / hypothecation charge over all present and future fixed assets of the Company, personal guarantees of directors of the Company and subordination of directors' loan. The facilities are being repaid in quarterly instalments beginning from 21 January 2015 and ending on 05 December 2023. These carry mark up @ 3 to 6 month KIBOR + 0.50 % to 0.75 % (2019: 3 to 6 month KIBOR + 0.50 % to 0.75 %) p.a.

5.2 This represents long term loan under 'Refinance Scheme for payment of Wages and Salaries to the Workers and Employees of Business Concerns' (the Scheme) introduced by State Bank of Pakistan. According to conditions of the Scheme, the Company after availing this loan will not lay off their workers / employees at least during three months from the date of first disbursement (June 04, 2020) except in case of any disciplinary action. The facility carries markup @ SBP + 3% P.a. and is secured against first exlusive charge over fixed assets. The principal is repayable in eight quarterly instalments starting from January 2021.

The aforesaid loan has been obtained from Bank Alfalah and ending on Oct 01, 2022.

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
6. LEASE LIABILITIES		1.12.	
Opening balance Obtained during the year Impact on the date of initial application of IFRS 16 Addition under IFRS 16 Payments / adjustments during the year		49,885,385 32,085,000 2,058,690 60,770,951 (26,315,838)	37,763,160 30,625,561 - (18,503,336)
Less: security deposits adjustable on expiry of lease term		118,484,188 (10,789,770)	49,885,385 (7,763,970)
Less: Current maturity of lease liabilities	14	107,694,418 (30,710,515)	42,121,415 (20,281,836)
Long-term lease liabilities		76,983,903	21,839,579

6.1

rm lease liabilities		76,983,903	21,839,579		
Maturity analysis-contractual undiscounted	d cash flow:				
	3	30 September 202	0		
		Rupees			
	Minimum Lease Payments	Less: Future Finance Cost	Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments		
Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years	41,052,380	(10,341,865)	30,710,515		
	90,782,627	(13,798,724)	76,983,903		
	131,835,007	(24,140,589)	107,694,418		
	30 September 2019				
		Rupees			
	Minimum Lease Payments	Less: Future Finance Cost	Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments		
Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years	25,526,173	(5,244,337)	20,281,836		
	25,013,580	(3,174,001)	21,839,579		
	50,539,753	(8,418,338)	42,121,415		

- 6.2 The Company has a finance lease agreement of Rs. 67 million (2019: Rs. 116 Million) for vehicles with Bank Al Habib Limited. Rentals are payable in 12 quarterly instalments ending on August 2023. The mark up rate implicit in the lease is 3 months KIBOR + 1.00% to 1.25% p.a.(2019: 3 months KIBOR + 1.00% to 1.25% p.a). The lease is secured by way vehicle registered in the name of Bank Al Habib Limited with 10% of vehicle value held as security.
- 6.3 The company intends to exercise its option to purchase the leased assets upon the maturity of lease term. Taxes, repairs and insurance cost is to be borne by the company. In case of termination of the agreement, the company has to pay the entire rentals for the unexpired period for the lease agreement.
- 6.4 The Company also has lease contracts for offices used in its operations. These leases generally have lease terms between 3 to 6 years. In general, the Company is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets. These lease contracts include extension and termination options subject to the mutual consent of the Company and the Lessors. The Company is bound by certain covenants which includes but are not limited to payment of certain taxes and to exercise reasonable care.

		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
7.	LOANS FROM DIRECTORS - UNSECURED	7.1	574,800,000	574,800,000

7.1 These loans are unsecured, mark up free and payable at the convenience of the company and the management for the time being does not intend to repay any amount against these loans until the end of next financial year and hence no current maturity has been provided. The management considers these loans as temporary equity and this view is supported by State Bank of Pakistan's Prudential Regulations and TR 32 of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. The amount has been disclosed as non-current liability in view of requirements of 4th Schedule of the Companies Act, 2017. These loans are subordinated to bank loans. Prior to 30 September 2019 the loans carried markup @ 3 months Kibor + 1.00%.

#### **DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT** 8.

Grant recognized on loan at below market interest rate Less: Charged to Statement of profit or loss	4,317,430 -	-
Less: Current Portion	4,317,430 (3,014,757)	-
Government Grant- Non Current Liabilities	1,302,673	

The Company recognised government grant on below market interest loan received - (note 5.2) in accordance with IAS - 20 'Accounting for government grants and disclosure of government assistance.

#### 9. **DEFERRED LIABILITIES**

Staff gratuity (as determined in Actuarial valuation) Deferred taxation	9.1	159,258,175	155,947,421
	9.2	138,055,752	65,810,349
		297,313,927	221,757,770

#### 9.1 Staff gratuity

The Company operates a non-funded gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees subject to completion of a prescribed qualifying period of service. Actuarial valuation of the gratuity is undertaken at appropriate regular intervals and the latest valuation was carried out at 30 September 2020, using the "Projected Unit Credit Method". The relevant information in the actuarial report is given in the following sub notes. The amount recognized in statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as on 30 September 2020 according to the amended IAS-19 "Employees Benefits".

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Present value of defined benefit liability as beginning of the year Cost chargeable to profit or loss account	s at	155,947,421	135,186,317
during the year  Cost chargeable to profit of loss account during the year  Cost chargeable to other comprehensive Benefit paid during the year	income	40,449,182 (10,343,642) (26,794,786)	33,553,775 5,679,421 (18,472,092)
Net defined benefit liability as at end of the	e year	159,258,175	155,947,421
Present value of defined benefit obligation Benefits due but not paid	ns	159,258,175	155,947,421 -
Defined benefit liability as at 30 September	er	159,258,175	155,947,421
Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation	on is as follows:		
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year  - Benefits due but not paid as at beginnin  - Current service cost for the year  - Interest cost for the year  - Benefits paid during the year  - Benefits due but not paid as at end of th  - Actuarial (gains) / losses due to experience  Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	155,947,421 - 21,917,679 18,531,503 (26,794,786) - (10,343,642) 159,258,175	134,830,757 355,560 22,234,251 11,319,524 (18,472,092) - 5,679,421	
Amount charged to profit or loss account	during the year:		
<ul><li>Current service cost for the year</li><li>Interest cost for the year</li></ul>		21,917,679 18,531,503	22,234,251 11,319,524
Expense charged to profit or loss account	:	40,449,182	33,553,775
Expense is recognized as below:			
Cost of sales Administrative expenses	27 29	29,388,898 11,060,284	24,799,519 8,754,256
		40,449,182	33,553,775
Amount charged to other comprehensive income during the year:			
Re-measurement of plan obli gation: - Experience adjustments		(10,343,642)	5,679,421
Total re-measurements charged to other comprehensive income		(10,343,642)	5,679,421

		2020	2019
		Gratuity per annum	Gratuity per annum
	Assumptions used for valuation of the defined benefit obligation are as under:		
	Discount rate Expected rate of increase in salary in future years	9.75% 8.75%	13.00% 12.00%
	Mortality rates	SLIC (2001-05)	SLIC (2001-05)
	Average expected remaining working life time of employees	10 Years	10 Years
		2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Year end Sensitivity Analysis on defined benefit obligation:		
	Discount rate + 100 bps Discount rate - 100 bps Future salary increase + 100 bps Future salary decrease - 100 bps	144,732,218 176,359,846 176,359,846 144,483,791	142,118,741 171,832,076 171,832,076 141,877,690
9.2	Deferred taxation		
	Deferred tax liability arising in respect of depreciation of owned assets Deferred tax liability arising in respect of assets subject to finance lease	510,798,981 8,734,809	458,744,032 6,617,643
	subject to infance lease	519,533,790	465,361,675
	Deductible temporary differences:	010,000,100	100,001,070
	Deferred tax assets arising in respect of employees benefits Deferred tax assets arising in respect of loans and advances Defferred tax assets arising in respect of taxable losses	(46,184,871) (838,074)	(45,224,752) - (196,095,743)
Defferred tax assets arising in respect of allowance for ECL Deferred tax asset on Minimum tax u/s 113 adjustable		(5,010,617)	-
	against future tax liability	(329,444,476)	(158,230,831)
		(381,478,038)	(399,551,326)
	Deferred tax liability as on 30 September	138,055,752	65,810,349

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES           Creditors         269,151,284         234,644,040           Accrued liabilities         155,727,192         46,974,307           Contract liability         10.1         1,188,125,179         1,394,017,655           Income tax deducted at source         2,309,512         2,337,676           Sales tax payable         113,222,584         33,492,041           Workers' profit participation fund         10.2         86,679,119         28,556,584           Workers welfare fund payable         48,456,559         -         -           10.1         This includes following amount due to associated undertaking for sale of refined sugar:         1,740,022,303           10.2         Workers' profit participation fund         8,200,000         14,549,000           10.2         Workers' profit participation fund         8,200,000         14,549,000           10.2         Workers' profit participation fund         28,556,584         -           Opening balance Interest for the year         2,828,612         -           Less payments made: To workers         31,364,412         -           To govt.         31,385,196         -           Share of the Company's profit for the year         86,679,119         28,556,584			Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Accrued liabilities Contract liability 10.1 1,168,125,179 1,394,017,655 Income tax deducted at source Sales tax payable Workers' profit participation fund Workers welfare fund payable 10.2 86,679,119 28,556,584 Workers welfare fund payable 10.3 This includes following amount due to associated undertaking for sale of refined sugar: Naubahar Bottling Co. (Pvt) Ltd 8,200,000 14,549,000 10.2 Workers' profit participation fund Opening balance Interest for the year 28,556,584 2828,612 - 1,394,017,655 2,307,676 28,3679,119 28,556,584 33,492,041 28,556,584 31,740,022,303 31,349,011 31,364,412 31,364,412 31,364,412 31,364,412 31,364,412 31,385,196 - Share of the Company's profit for the year 86,679,119 28,556,584	TRAD	E AND OTHER PAYABLES		nupees	nupees
This includes following amount due to associated undertaking for sale of refined sugar:  Naubahar Bottling Co. (Pvt) Ltd  8,200,000  14,549,000  10.2 Workers' profit participation fund  Opening balance	Accrue Contra Incom Sales t Worke	ed liabilities act liability e tax deducted at source tax payable rs' profit participation fund		155,727,192 1,168,125,179 2,309,512 113,222,584 86,679,119	46,974,307 1,394,017,655 2,337,676 33,492,041
undertaking for sale of refined sugar :  Naubahar Bottling Co. (Pvt) Ltd  8,200,000  14,549,000  10.2 Workers' profit participation fund  Opening balance				1,843,671,429	1,740,022,303
10.2 Workers' profit participation fund  Opening balance	10.1		ciated		
Opening balance Interest for the year       28,556,584		Naubahar Bottling Co. (Pvt) Ltd		8,200,000	14,549,000
Interest for the year 2,828,612 -  Less payments made: To workers To govt. 31,364,412 - 20,784 -  Share of the Company's profit for the year 86,679,119 28,556,584	10.2	Workers' profit participation fund			
Less payments made: To workers To govt.  31,364,412 20,784  - 31,385,196  Share of the Company's profit for the year  86,679,119 28,556,584					-
To workers To govt.  31,364,412 20,784  -  31,385,196  -  Share of the Company's profit for the year  86,679,119 28,556,584				31,385,196	-
Share of the Company's profit for the year 86,679,119 28,556,584		To workers		, ,	-
				31,385,196	-
86,679,119 28,556,584		Share of the Company's profit for the year		86,679,119	28,556,584
				86,679,119	28,556,584

10.2.1 The Company retains the workers' profit participation fund for the business operations till the date of allocation to the workers. Interest is being paid at the rate of Kibor +2.5% (2019: Kibor +2.5%) p.a. as prescribed under the Act on fund utilized by the Company till the date of allocation to the workers.

# 11. FINANCE COST PAYABLE

Short term borrowings - secured Long term borrowings - secured Loans from directors - unsecured	14,335,138 17,199,317 -	79,540,457 79,940,701 25,219,349
	31,534,455	184,700,507

10.

12.	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	- SECURE	D	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	FROM BANKING COMPANIES		etioned s. in millions) 2019			
	Running finance Cash finance Bank Overdrawn	915 8,970	1,165 9,860	12.1 12.2	197,690,366 267,279,939 554,454	712,044,188 1,255,620,443
					465,524,759	1,967,664,631

- These loans have been obtained from various banks to meet the working capital requirements and are secured against first pari passu hypothecation / registered ranking charge over current assets of the Company and personal guarantees of directors. These are subject to mark up at the rate of 1 year KIBOR minus 1.00% & 1 to 3 month KIBOR + 0.50 to 1.00% (2019: 1 year KIBOR minus 1.00% & 1 to 3 month KIBOR + 0.50 to 1.00%) p.a. The limits will expire on various dates by 30 March 2022 but are renewable.
- These loans have been obtained from various banks to meet the working capital requirements and are secured against pledge over sugar bags of equivalent value with 7.9% to 25% margin and personal guarantees of directors. These are subject to mark up at the rate of 1 to 6 months KIBOR plus 0.30% to 1.00% (2019: 1 to 3 months KIBOR plus 0.30% to 1.00%) p.a. The limits will expire on various dates by 30 March 2022 but are renewable.

		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
13.	ADVANCES FROM DIRECTORS		265,300,000	355,300,000

- 13.1 These Loans are taken from directors to meet the working capital requirements of the company and utilized for the same.
- **13.2** Advances from Directors are unsecured and are interest free. These are payable on demand.

#### 14. CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Long term finance	5	436,935,582	418,348,989
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	6	30,710,515	20,281,836
Government Grant	8	3,014,757	-
		470,660,854	438,630,825

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
Contingencies			
Sales tax on molasses Income tax cases Additional tax u/s 87 of Income Tax Ordinance, 1979 Bank guarantees Various claims against the Company not acknowledged as	15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4	1,217,508 11,955,520 4,500,353 1,040,161,653	1,217,508 11,955,520 4,500,353 747,631,653
debt which are pending in the Court for decision		1,568,000	1,568,000
Commitments		1,059,403,034	766,873,034
Contracts for capital expenditure Letters of credit for capital expenditure Letters of credit for other than capital expenditure		19,233,432 14,368,284 5,265,483	27,733,706 142,231,518 31,908,909
		38,867,199	201,874,133

- 15.1 This represents sales tax claimed by Collector of Sales tax on Molasses. The Company has filed an appeal with the Appellate Tribunal Lahore. The case is still pending.
- The Company is contingently liable for income tax demands in respect of various assessment years. Out of this amount Rs. 5,933,493/- pertains to the period prior to the privatization and management believes that the liability would be borne by Thal Development Authority (Defunct).

The Company has gone into appeals at higher appellate forum and the management is confident that outcome of the appeals would be ultimately in favour of the Company.

- This represents additional tax of Rs. 2,279,633/- and Rs. 2,220,720/- claimed by the Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax u/s 87 of the Income tax Ordinance, 1979 for the assessment years 1992-93 and 1993-94 respectively. The Company has filed appeals against imposition of this tax and in any case the management is of the view that Thal Development Authority (Defunct) is liable for taxes for the said amount.
- 'Bank guarantees of Rs. 1,024 million was issued by banks for advance against sales of Sugar. One bank guarantee of Rs. 1.57 million were issued to Alternative Energy Development Borad against power generation licensing. One bank guarantee of Rs. 4 million issued to Ghani Gases Limited against supply of commercial gas. These guarantees will expire on various dates upto November 2021. 'Bank guarantee of Rs. 10 million/- was issued by Bank Al-Habib Ltd New Graden Town Branch Awami Complex, New Garden Town Lahore in favour of Lahore High Court, in light of order dated 16/06/2020 passed in writ petition No 26578 of 2020 titled The Thal Ind Corp Ltd Vs Fedration of Pakistan & others. 'Bank guarantee of Rs. 841,653/- was issued by Bank Al-Habib Ltd main branch Lahore in favour of Collector of Sales Tax Multan, liabilities against this guarantee was fully discharged by the Company. The Company requested the Sales Tax Collector for release of captioned Bank Gurantee which is still pending for decision with the Appellate Tribunal at Lahore.

#### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Operating tangible assets Capital work-in-progress - at cost	16.1	4,913,463,653	4,201,220,854
	16.4	26,729,203	678,137,350
		4,940,192,856	4,879,358,204

<sup>\*</sup>The amount of borrowing cost capitalized to capital work in progress amounted to Rs. 88,443,645 /- (2019: Rs. 51,843,904/-).

15.

# 16.1 Operating tangible assets

	Freehold land	Buildings on freehold land	Plant and machinery	Tools, implements and other factory equipments	Computer and other office equipments	Electric installation	Vehicles	Total
OWNED ACCETO				RUPEES				
OWNED ASSETS								
COST Balance as at 01 October 2018 Additions during the year Disposals Transferred from leased assets	345,547,993 - - -	715,605,926 22,602,522 - -	5,522,164,820 141,196,246 (1,158,500)	132,576,837 35,543,826 -	56,090,656 4,198,513 (104,800)	77,468,838 7,095,039 (4,700,000)	203,308,674 39,473,006 (10,086,233) 7,927,000	7,052,763,744 250,109,152 (16,049,533) 7,927,000
Balance as at 30 September 2019	345,547,993	738,208,448	5,662,202,566	168,120,663	60,184,369	79,863,877	240,622,447	7,294,750,363
Additions during the year Disposals Transferred from Leased Assets	= -	1,979,142 - -	1,074,954,086 (48,327,471) -	31,691,871 - -	2,024,021 (76,500)	794,995 - -	9,937,943 (5,382,737) 1,887,000	1,121,382,058 (53,786,708) 1,887,000
Balance as at 30 September 2020	345,547,993	740,187,590	6,688,829,181	199,812,534	62,131,890	80,658,872	247,064,653	8,364,232,713
DEPRECIATION Balance as at 01 October 2018 Charge for the year Depreciation on disposals Transferred from leased assets	- - - -	387,094,004 33,640,694 -	2,115,402,982 348,572,595 (784,852)	71,796,538 8,145,692 -	31,159,374 4,405,107 (59,317)	33,586,772 4,676,648 (2,254,264)	105,212,393 22,272,971 (8,532,597) 4,135,642	2,744,252,063 421,713,707 (11,631,030) 4,135,642
Balance as at 30 September 2019	-	420,734,698	2,463,190,725	79,942,230	35,505,164	36,009,156	123,088,409	3,158,470,382
Charge for the year Depreciation on disposals Transferred from Leased Assets	- - -	31,917,389 - -	399,943,715 (41,957,143)	10,673,266 - -	4,038,468 (10,487)	4,448,718 - -	25,030,053 (5,002,816) 1,031,963	476,051,609 (46,970,446) 1,031,963
Balance as at 30 September 2020	-	452,652,087	2,821,177,297	90,615,496	39,533,145	40,457,874	144,147,609	3,588,583,508
LEASED ASSETS  COST  Balance as at 01 October 2018  Additions during the year	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	-	49,766,000 36,457,221	49,766,000 36,457,221
Trasfer to Owned Asset		-	-	-	-	-	(7,927,000)	(7,927,000)
Balance as at 30 September 2019	-	-	-	-	-	=	78,296,221	78,296,221
Additions during the year Trasfer to Owned Asset	-	75,639,358 -	-	-	-	-	29,319,980 (1,887,000)	104,959,338 (1,887,000)
Balance as at 30 September 2020	=	75,639,358	=	=	=	=	105,729,201	181,368,559
DEPRECIATION Balance as at 01 October 2018 Charge for the year Transfer to owned assets	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	6,057,107 11,433,883 (4,135,642)	6,057,107 11,433,883 (4,135,642)
Balance as at 30 September 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,355,348	13,355,348
Charge for the year Transfer to owned assets	=	13,233,726	-	- -	<del>-</del>	-	17,997,000 (1,031,963)	31,230,726 (1,031,963)
Balance as at 30 September 2020	-	13,233,726	-	-	-	-	30,320,385	43,554,111
Written down value as at 30 September 2019	345,547,993	317,473,750	3,199,011,841	88,178,433	24,679,205	43,854,721	182,474,911	4,201,220,854
Written down value as at 30 September 2020	345,547,993	349,941,135	3,867,651,884	109,197,038	22,598,745	40,200,998	178,325,860	4,913,463,653
Rate of depreciation (%)	-	10	10	10-15	10-30	10	20	

Depreciation charged has been allocated as follows:

		2020			2019		
		Owned Assets			Owned Assets	Leased Assets	Total
	Note		Rupees			Rupees	
Cost of goods manufactured Administrative expenses	27.1 29	461,499,080 14,552,530	31,230,726	461,499,080 45,783,256	406,655,130 15,058,577	- 11,433,883	406,655,130 26,492,460
Total		476,051,610	31,230,726	507,282,336	421,713,707	11,433,883	433,147,590

Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building)in the name of the Company are as 16.2 follows:

Location	Usage of immovable property	Total Area	Covered Area
		(In Acres)	(In Sq Meter)
a) Layyah Sugar Mills,Layyah b) Safina Sugar Mills,Lalian District Chinniot	Factory & Residential Colony Factory & Residential Colony	109.562 102.237	582,822 307,654

The details of operating fixed assets dispossed off during the year have not been provided 16.3 because aggregate book value of these assets don't exceed Rs. 50,000,000.

16.4 Capital Work in Progress - Tangible Assets	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Plant and machinery Factory buildings	22,342,524 4,386,679	639,543,187 38,594,163
	26,729,203	678,137,350

Particulars	Plant & Machinery	Buildings	Computer and other office equipments	Tools, implements and other factory equipments	Total
		Rupe	es		
Balance as at 01 October, 2018	104,846,307	94,290	-	-	104,940,597
Capital Expenditure Incurred During the Year	633,241,089	48,234,229	469,150	-	681,944,468
Transferred to Operating Tangible Assets	(98,544,209)	(9,734,356)	(469,150)	-	(108,747,715)
Balance as at 30 September 2019	639,543,187	38,594,163	-	-	678,137,350
Capital Expenditure Incurred During the Year	458,103,833	6,224,931	-	-	464,328,764
Transferred to Operating Tangible Assets	(1,075,304,496)	(40,432,415)	-	-	(1,115,736,911)
Balance as at 30 September 2020	22,342,524	4,386,679	-	-	26,729,203

17.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS-COMPUTER SOFTWARES	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Cost Balance as at 1 October Transfer from CWIP		22,469,973	22,469,973 
	Balance as at 30 September  Amortization  Balance as at 1 October  Ammortization Expense	17.1	22,469,973 (13,107,484) (5,617,493)	22,469,973 (7,489,991) (5,617,493)
	Balance as at 30 September		(18,724,977)	(13,107,484)
	Net Book Value as at 30 September		3,744,996	9,362,489

17.1 The company amortize intangible asset @ 25% per annum on straight line basis.

#### LONG TERM ADVANCES 18.

Long Term Advances face Value Unamortized notional interest Payment received	55,000,000 (1,698,921) (1,527,778)	55,000,000 (4,046,279)
Less: current portion	51,773,301 (38,360,843)	50,953,721 (20,569,308)
Non Current Asset	13,412,458	30,384,413

18.1 This represent interest free loan given to Multan Electric Power Company (MEPCO) under an arrangement to construct 132 KV inter connection line at Layyah Sugar Mills for power transmission. The MEPCO will pay back this loan in 36 equal monthly instalments and loan payment will start after 18 months of commercial operation date of the power plant. The power plant commenced the operation from December 2017. The loan has been carried at amortized cost which has been determined using a discount rate of 6% per annum being the expected rate of return on such loans.

#### 19. STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS

Stores Spare parts Loose tools	19.1	345,150,143 328,750,235 9,755,809	285,792,552 342,383,573 12,972,622
		683,656,187	641,148,747

19.1 There are no spare parts held exclusively for capitalization as at the reporting date.

#### STOCK IN TRADE 20.

OTOOK III TIVIDE			
Work in process Finished goods: - Sugar - Molasses		12,394,709	4,723,041
	20.1	911,537,968 59,936,624	1,537,727,208
		971,474,592	1,537,727,208
		983,869,301	1,542,450,249

It includes pledged stocks of Rs. 295,620,911/- (2019: Rs. 1,379,966,991/-) against borrowings 20.1 from various financial institutions.

0.1	TD 4 D 1	- DEDTO	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
21.	TRADE	E DEBTS			
		ured and considered good by the management ment allowance for expected credit loss	21.3	696,964,505 (17,277,990)	910,884,682 (7,245,063)
				679,686,515	903,639,619
	21.1	This includes amount due from associated undertaking as follows:			
		Almoiz Industries Limited Naubahar Bottling Co. (Pvt) Ltd Baba Farid Sugar Mills Limited	21.1.1 21.1.2 21.1.3	2,160,364 - 9,265,018	- 690,094
				11,425,382	690,094

- 21.1.1 The maximum aggregate balance due from /(due to) Almoiz Industires at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 12,681,692 /- (2019: 39,033,661/-).
- 21.1.2 The maximum aggregate balance due from /(due to) Naubahar Bottling Co. (Pvt) Ltd. at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 424,002,146/- (2019: Rs. 372,246775/-).
- 21.1.3 The maximum aggregate balance due from /(due to) Baba Farid Sugar Mills Limited at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 10,594,499/- (2019: 690,094/-).
- 21.2 The aging of trade receivable (associated companies) at the reporting date is:

	Associated Companies	
	2020	2019
Not past due Past due 1-30 days	-	690,094
Past due 30-150 days Past due 150 days	11,057,331 368,051	-
	11,425,382	690,094
	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
21.3 Impairment allowance for expected credit loss		
As at beginning of the year Recognized during the year Reversed during the year	7,245,063 10,032,927 -	- 7,245,063 -
As at end of the year	17,277,990	7,245,063

22.	LOANS AND ADVANCES - unsecured, interest free and considered good	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	- Growers - Suppliers - Employees	22.1 22.2 22.3	237,251,010 130,673,038 2,671,583	228,457,431 271,211,665 2,773,023
			370,595,631	502,442,119

22.1 Advances to sugar cane growers for agricultural inputs against commitment to supply sugar cane in the following season and is adjusted against price of cane supplied.

22.2	Advances to suppliers Provision against doubtful advances	22.2.1	133,562,949 (2,889,911)	274,101,576 (2,889,911)
			130,673,038	271,211,665
22.2.1	Opening balance of provision Add: provided during the year Less: reversal during the year		(2,889,911) - -	(2,889,911) - -
	Closing balance of provision		(2,889,911)	(2,889,911)

22.3 These advances are given to employees against their salaries and do not include any advance to Chief Executive or Directors. Amount due from executives is Nil (2019: 139,025) at the year end.

#### 23. TRADE DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

7 NVD OTTEN NEGETY (BEEG		
Margin against bank guarantees Letters of credit Prepayments Other receivables	84,216 48,104,497 5,165,845 17,335,654	84,216 91,928,107 2,067,726 3,402,917
	70,690,212	97,482,966
24. TAXES RECOVERABLE / ADJUSTABLE		
Advance income tax Sales tax - input	351,987,445 6,301,353	459,928,174 9,642,755
	358,288,798	469,570,929

25.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	Cash and cheques in hand Cash with banks:	768,026	873,863
	- Current accounts - Saving accounts	200,297,201 267,590,439	105,364,386 59,314,372
		467,887,640	164,678,758
		468,655,666	165,552,621
26.	SALES - NET		
	Local sales:		
	Sugar By Products: Molasses Press mud Bagasse Electricity	16,176,664,922 1,729,522,705 5,872,648 208,859,677 627,697,817	11,931,613,972 1,087,680,249 4,038,001 40,845,402 726,600,312
	Export coloci	18,748,617,769	13,790,777,936
	Export sales: Sugar Less: Export Handling Charges	-	1,886,018,798 (6,674,499)
		-	1,879,344,299
		18,748,617,769	15,670,122,235
	Less: Sales Tax / Special Excise Duty Sugar Molasses Press mud Bagasse Electricity	(2,326,884,808) (126,661,093) (853,291) (30,347,133) (43,493,841) (2,528,240,166) 16,220,377,603	(1,210,838,816) (33,175,161) (673,001) (5,934,802) (59,887,245) (1,310,509,025)

			Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
27.	COST	OF SALES			
		ed goods - opening ost of goods manufactured	27.1	1,537,727,208 12,894,371,320	2,930,758,478 11,228,286,980
	Finishe	ed goods - closing		14,432,098,528 (971,474,592)	14,159,045,458 (1,537,727,208)
				13,460,623,936	12,621,318,250
	27.1	Cost of goods manufactured:			
		Work in process - opening Raw material consumed Cost of Refined Sugar Purchased Salaries, wages and other benefits Fuel and power Stores, spare parts and loose tools Repairs and maintenance Insurance Depreciation Vehicles running Miscellaneous  Work in process - closing	27.1.1 27.1.2 16.1	4,723,041 11,016,853,809 74,228,679 502,742,299 101,346,649 218,992,349 458,157,536 5,137,750 461,499,080 59,203,578 3,881,259  12,906,766,029 (12,394,709)	6,778,912 9,355,160,485 53,926,123 450,355,783 228,510,562 217,757,097 451,976,599 4,941,947 406,655,130 53,260,014 3,687,369
				12,894,371,320	11,228,286,980
	27.1.1	Raw material consumed			
		Sugar cane purchases Cane procurement and other expenses		10,884,395,463 132,458,346	9,221,736,204 133,424,281
				11,016,853,809	9,355,160,485
	0740	Calarias was as and other bandita include	Da 00 000 000 /	(0010, Da 04 700	E10/\\:\==================================

**27.1.2** Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rs. 29,388,898 /- (2019: Rs. 24,799,519/-) in respect of gratuity (Refer note 9.1).

#### DISTRIBUTION AND SELLING EXPENSES 28.

Salaries, wages and other benefits Freight outward Godown expenses Insurance Commission on sale of sugar	10,983,400 79,599,040 39,458,497 4,828,490 9,459,060	10,544,119 163,640,149 75,834,526 4,490,346 12,158,724
	144,328,487	266,667,864

	Note	2020	2019
		Rupees	Rupees
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Directors' remuneration		4,080,000	4,080,000
Salaries and other benefits	29.1	319,470,673	277,045,440
Rent, rates and taxes		5,653,719	13,568,399
Travelling and conveyance		4,202,382	2,434,988
Foreign travelling		1,635,770	2,635,965
Fees and subscriptions		8,625,224	18,808,308
Repair and maintenance		7,867,022	13,080,532
Vehicles running		27,792,972	23,397,810
Postage and telephone		6,985,878	6,994,724
Printing and stationery		4,155,974	3,965,186
Legal and professional		87,389,203	40,351,941
Auditors' remuneration	29.2	1,880,530	1,888,660
Depreciation	16.1	45,783,255	26,492,460
Ammortization cost		5,617,494	5,617,493
Donations	29.3	50,369,564	3,760,545
Impairment allowance for expected credit losses	21.3	10,032,927	7,245,063
Miscellaneous		30,513,269	31,831,066
		622,055,856	483,198,580

29.1 Salaries and other benefits include Rs. 11,060,284/- (2019: Rs. 8,754,256/-) in respect of gratuity. (Refer note 9.1).

#### 29.2 Auditors' remuneration:

Fee for statutory audit Income Tax consultation services	1,464,100 416,430	1,470,440 418,220
	1,880,530	1,888,660

29.3 None of the directors or their spouses have any interest in the donees.

> The names of donees to whom donation amount exceeds Rs. 1,000,000 or 10% of company's total donation which ever is higher are as follows:

Agha Khan Hospital & Medical College Foundation	2,000,000	2,000,000
Prime Minister's COVID-19 Relief fund	25,000,000	-

29.

		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
30.	OTHER INCOME		Паросо	Паросо
	Financial Assets			
	Profit on deposit accounts Income on unwinding of long term advances		1,906,248 2,347,359	1,510,051 8,270,315
	Other assets			
	Gain on disposal of stores Gain on disposal of fixed asset Gain/(Loss) on foreign exchange rates Sale of scrap Gain on agriculture inputs to growers Rental income Subsidy on export of sugar Refunds from FBR Miscellaneous		(298,365) 15,387,388 - 30,182,299 7,264,852 694,927 - 432,778,603 25,874,444	1,667,096 782,692 66,798,821 41,507,986 17,676,458 331,500 165,240,100 - 7,000,630
31.	FINANCE COST		. ,	
	Interest / mark-up on:			
	- Short term borrowings - Lease finance - Loans from directors - Long term finance		587,315,106 13,037,892 - 153,165,291	468,399,224 3,798,727 85,357,800 156,862,898
			753,518,289	714,418,649
	Interest on workers' profit participation fund Bank charges and commission	10.2	2,828,612 19,577,804	13,663,831
			775,924,705	728,082,480
32.	OTHER EXPENSES			
	Workers' profit participation fund Workers' welfare fund - current - prior	10.2 10	86,679,119 48,456,559 1,172,977	28,556,584 - -
			136,308,655	28,556,584
33.	TAXATION			
	Current Prior year Deferred	33.1 33.2 33.3	271,735,938 (7,478,819) 69,245,747	199,603,185 70,232,370 (69,559,271)
			333,502,866	200,276,284

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
33.1 Income Tax Liability Less: Tax Credits u/s (65B)	33.1.1	271,735,938 -	207,082,004 (7,478,819)
		271,735,938	199,603,185

33.1.1 During the year the company has invested Rs. Nil/- (2019: Rs 149,576,379/-) in the purchase of plant and machinery, for the purpose of balancing, modernization and replacement (BMR) in terms of section 65B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The provision for the taxation was reduced by taking tax credit under the said section till June 2019.

Provision for the current year has been made at the current tax rate after taking into account tax rebates and tax credits available. The income tax assessments of the Company have been finalized up to tax year 2020 except for assessment year 1992-93, 1993-94, 2001-02, 2002-03 and 2003-04 which are under appeal (Refer note 15 for detail).

Tax expense reconcilition has not been prepared as the company is charged to alternate corporate tax (ACT) (2019: minimum tax) and the relation between income tax expense and accounting profit is not meaningfull.

33.2 The prior year figures consists of Rs. 7,478,819/- pertains to tax year 2020 on account of change in rate of BMR tax credit.

#### 33.3 Deferred

Closing deferred tax liability Opening deferred tax liability	9.2 9.2	138,055,752 (65,810,349)	65,810,349 (137,016,652)
Deferred tax (income) / expense Deferred tax attributable to other		72,245,403	(71,206,303)
comprehensive income		(2,999,656)	1,647,032
Deferred tax attributable to profit and loss		69,245,747	(69,559,271)

#### 34. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED

Earnings/ (Loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit after tax for the year by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year as follows:

	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Profit/ (Loss) after tax	1,263,770,853	342,298,817
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period	15,023,232	15,023,232
Earnings/ (Loss) per share	84.12	22.78

No figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any instruments carrying options which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

#### 35. CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL

(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	(42,507,440)	(109,570,242)
Stock-in-trade	558,580,948	1,395,087,141
Trade debts	223,953,104	367,043,523
Loans and advances	131,846,488	(186,340,354)
Trade deposits, prepayments and other receivables	26,792,754	(2,103,357)
Current portion of long term advances	(17,791,535)	(17,012,358)
Taxes recoverable / adjustable	111,282,131	(94,437,573)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	(2,929,968)	(113,475,295)
	000 000 400	1 000 101 405
	989,226,482	1,239,191,485

#### 36. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the accounts for the year for remuneration including certain benefits to Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the Company are as follows:

	2020			2019				
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Total	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Total
	R U P E E S						Total	
Managerial Remuneration	2,040,000	2,040,000	97,896,050	101,976,050	2,040,000	2,040,000	77,702,611	81,782,611
Utilities Bonus	-	-	3,362,384 21,884,282	3,362,384 21,884,282	-	-	2,679,400 9.578.637	2,679,400 9,578,637
Gratuity expense	-	-	7,298,585	7,298,585	=	=	8,309,365	8,309,365
Total	2,040,000	2,040,000	130,441,301	134,521,301	2,040,000	2,040,000	98,270,013	102,350,013
Number of Persons"	1	1	38	40	1	1	26	28

- **36.1** The executives have been provided free unfurnished accommodation with maintained car for Company's affairs only.
- 36.2 No meeting fee has been paid to the Directors during the year.
- 36.3 Chief Executive, Directors and Executives are not entitled for any benefit other than disclosed as above.

#### 37. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise of associated companies, directors of the Company and entities under common directorship, key management personnel and post employment retirement plan.

Amounts due from and due to related parties are shown in note 7, 10, 13, 21 and 22. Remuneration of the key management personnel is disclosed in note 36 respectively.

**37.1** Following are the related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions during the year:

Sr No	Name	Postion	Direct Shareholding
4	Nouhahar Pattling Co. (D. t) Limited	Camman Diractorahin	Associated undertaking
0	Naubahar Bottling Co. (Pvt) Limited	Common Directorship	Associated undertaking
2	Almoiz Industries Limited	Common Directorship	Associated undertaking
3	Baba Farid Sugar Mills	Common Directorship	Associated undertaking
4	Mr. Muhammad Shamim Khan	Dirctor	59.941%
5	Mrs. Qaiser Shamim Khan	Dirctor	15.001%
6	Mr. Adnan Ahmed Khan	Dirctor	8.941%
7	Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan	Dirctor	9.999%
8	Mr. Muhammad Khan	Dirctor	0.033%
9	Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Durani	Dirctor	0.033%
10	Mr. Abdul Wahid Khan	Dirctor	0.0067%

37.2 Transaction with related parties and associated undertakings, other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:

Name of Related Party	Relationship	Basis of Relationship	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Naubahar Bottling Co Pvt Limited - Sale of goods	Associated undertaking	Common Directorship	3,826,472,303	2,535,120,675
Almoiz Industries Limited - Sale of goods - Purchase of goods	Associated undertaking	Common Directorship	139,715,970 91,198,000	82,890,424 254,428,152
Baba Farid Sugar Mills Limited - Sale of goods - Sale of Machinery - Purchase of goods	Associated undertaking	Common Directorship	8,896,967 23,000,000 322,042	690,094 - -

The Company continues to have a policy whereby all transactions with related parties and associated undertakings are priced at comparable uncontrolled market price.

## Key management personnel:

Advances received from / (returned to) directors during the year	(90,000,000)	(220,000,000)
Markup on loans from directors	-	85,357,800
Advances to executives-net	-	13,214
Dividend paid	21,165,147	3,119,882
Lease Commitments	8,400,000	8,400,000

#### 38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The objective of the Company's overall financial risk management is to minimize earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders. The Board of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework and policies.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of risks:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

#### Risk Management Framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the company's risk management policies.

#### 38.1 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties fail completely to perform as contracted and arises principally from trade receivables. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 1,220,671,435/- (2019: Rs. 1,126,870,617/-), the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 1,219,903,409/- (2019: Rs. 1,125,996,754/-).

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of trade receivables management performs credit reviews taking into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors. Where considered necessary, advance payments are obtained from certain parties. The management has set a maximum credit period of 30 days in respect of sales to certain institutions to reduce the credit risk.

#### 38.1.1 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligation to be similarly effected by the changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

Some of the major customer accounts for Rs. 580,177,343/- of the trade receivables carrying amount at 30 September 2020 (2019 : Rs. 825,832,197/-) that have a good track record with the Company.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
464,500	464,500
51,773,301	50,953,721
679,686,515	903,639,619
2,671,583	2,773,023
17,419,870	3,487,133
467,887,640	164,678,758
1,219,903,409	1,125,996,754
	Rupees 464,500 51,773,301 679,686,515 2,671,583 17,419,870 467,887,640

All the trade debtors at the statement of financial position date represent domestic parties.

The aging of trade receivable at the reporting date is:

	2020		
	Gross amount	Remeasurement of ECL	Net amount
Not past due Past due 1-30 days Past due 30-365 days Over 1 year	347,917,301 34,110,540 231,720,102 83,216,562	- 28,987 8,877,675 8,371,328	347,917,301 34,081,553 222,842,427 74,845,234
	696,964,505	17,277,990	679,686,515
		2019	
	Gross amount	Remeasurement of ECL	Net amount
Not past due Past due 1-30 days Past due 30-365 days Over 1 year	694,780,655 78,881,121 106,692,036 30,530,870	147,345 1,841,080 5,256,638	694,780,655 78,733,775 104,850,956 25,274,232
	910,884,682	7,245,064	903,639,619

#### 38.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company's approach to manage liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The company is not materially exposed to liquidity risk as substantially all obligations / commitments of the company are short term in nature and are restricted to the extent of available liquidity. In addition, the company has obtained running finance facilities from various commercial banks to meet any deficit, if required to meet the short term liquidity commitments.

#### Exposure to liquidity risk

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the maturity date.

		202	10		
Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flows	Six Months or less	Six to twelve months	One to two years	Two to five years
		Rup	ees		1
1,227,661,262	1,428,767,013	284,367,154	259,477,663	488,999,786	395,922,411
107,694,418 424,878,476 22,968,904 31,534,455 465,524,759 265,300,000	131,835,007 424,878,476 22,968,904 31,534,455 465,524,759 265,300,000	21,280,684 - - 31,534,455 -	19,771,696 424,878,476 22,968,904 - 465,524,759 265,300,000	37,906,631 - - - -	52,875,996 - - - - -
2,545,562,274	2,770,808,614	337,182,293	1,457,921,498	526,906,417	448,798,407

#### Financial Liabilities:

Long term finance
Liabilities against assets
subject to finance lease
Trade and other payables
Uncashed dividend warrants
Finance cost payable
Short term borrowings
Advances from directors

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amount.

		201	9		
Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flows	Six Months or less	Six to twelve months	One to two years	Two to five years
		Rupe	es		•
1,668,380,554	1,821,388,342	266,658,738	222,425,827	322,987,372	1,009,316,405
42,121,415	50,539,753	13,590,130	11,936,045	16,910,070	8,103,508
281,618,347	281,618,347	-	281,618,347	-	-
57,560,349	57,560,349	-	57,560,349	-	-
184,700,507	184,700,507	184,700,507	-	-	-
1,967,664,631	1,967,664,631	-	1,967,664,631	-	-
355,300,000	355,300,000	-	355,300,000	-	-
4,557,345,803	4,718,771,929	464,949,375	2,896,505,199	339,897,442	1,017,419,913

2010

#### Financial Liabilities:

Long term finance Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Trade and other payables Uncashed dividend warrants Finance cost payable Short term borrowings Advances from directors

#### 38.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing return.

#### 38.3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument, will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to foreign currency transactions. The company is not significantly exposed to currency risk.

#### 38.3.2 Interest rate risk

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Effective rate		Carryin	g amount
	(in Per	cent)	(Ru	pees)
Financial liabilities				
Variable rate instruments				
Long term finances Liabilities against assets subject	7.42% to 14.30%	7.54% to 14.66%	1,227,661,262	1,668,380,554
to finance lease	8.25% to 14.8%	9.88% to 15.1%	107,694,418	42,121,415
Short term borrowings	7.42% to 15.14%	8.03% to 15.31%	465,524,759	1,967,664,631
			1,800,880,439	3,678,166,600

## Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The company is not exposed to interest rate risk for fixed rate instruments as it does not hold any such fixed rate financial instruments.

## Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

If KIBOR had been 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, the impact on the profit before tax for the year would have been stated below.

This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on same basis for 2019.

As at 30 September 2020	Increase/ decrease in %	Effect on profit before tax (Rupees)
Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial liabilities	1%	18,008,804
As at 30 September 2019 Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial liabilities	1%	36,781,666

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

#### 38.3.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The company is not exposed to other price risks.

#### 38.4 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at 30 September 2020 the net fair value of all financial instruments has been based on the valuation methodology outlined below:

#### Long term deposits

Long term deposits do not carry any rate of return. The fair value of these has been taken at book value as it is not considered materially different and readily exchangeable.

#### Non current liabilities

For all non-current liabilities the fair values have been taken at book values as these are not considered materially different based on the current market rates of return and re-pricing profiles of similar non-current liabilities.

#### Other financial instruments

The fair values of all other financial instruments are considered to approximate their book values as they are short term in nature.

#### 38.5 Financial instrument by categories

Financial Assets

Long term deposits
Long term advances
Trade debts
Loan & advances
Trade deposits and other receivables
Cash and Bank balances

At amortised cost			
2020	2019		
Rupees			
464,500 51,773,301 679,686,515 2,671,583 17,419,870 468,655,666	464,500 50,953,721 903,639,619 2,773,023 3,487,133 165,552,621		
1,220,671,435	1,126,870,617		

#### Financial Liabilities

Long term finance Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Trade and other payables Unpresented dividend warrants Finance cost payable Short term borrowings Advances from directors

At amortised cost			
2020	2019		
Rupees			
1,227,661,262 107,694,418 424,878,476 22,968,904 31,534,455 465,524,759 265,300,000	1,668,380,554 42,121,415 281,618,347 57,560,349 184,700,507 1,967,664,631 355,300,000		
2,545,562,274	4,557,345,803		

#### 39. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's objectives for managing capital are:

- i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern; and
- ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products commensurately with the level of risk.

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of the business.

The company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debts.

Consistently with others in the industry, the company monitors capital on the basis of the net debt-to-equity ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by equity. Net debt is calculated as total debt (as shown in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises of share capital, reserves and retained earnings.

During 2020, the company's strategy, which was unchanged from 2019, was to maintain the net debt-to-equity ratio upto 3.50 times, in order to secure access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The net debt-to-equity ratios at 30 September 2020 and at 30 September 2019 are as follows:	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Total debts Less: cash and cash equivalents	2,066,180,439 (468,655,666)	4,608,266,600 (165,552,621)
Net debt	1,597,524,773	4,442,713,979
Total equity	4,047,203,924	2,223,823,933
Net debt-to-equity (Times)	0.39	2.00

The decrease in debt-to-equity ratio during 2020 resulted from decrease in dependance on borrowings and increase in equity due to profits during the year.

40.	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODU	ICTION	2020	2019
	Designed crushing capacity:			
	- Layyah Sugar Mills	Metric Tons/day	15,000	15,000
	- Safina Sugar Mills	Metric Tons/day	8,000	8,000
	Capacity on the basis of operating days	Metric Tons	2,518,500	2,208,000
	Actual crushing	Metric Tons	1,973,755	2,006,892
	Percentage of capacity attained	%	78.37	90.89
	Sugar production from cane	Metric Tons	189,843	204,406
	Recovery of sugar cane	%	9.62	10.19

**40.1** The under utilization of the capacity is mainly due to non availability of better quality sugarcane and non functionality of out dated plant and machinery.

#### 41. ACQUISTION OF SUGAR MILL OUTSIDE PAKISTAN

The Company together with Almoiz Industries Limited and Naubahar Bottling Company (Private) Limited (Associated undertakings) planned to acquire 55% of the overall stake in ISIS Central Sugar Mill Limited (ICSM), Bundaberg region of Queensland, Australia at a price of 35 Million Australian Dollars, however required permissions could not be obtained from government therefore the acquisition plan has been dropped.

#### 42. EVENTS AFTER THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DATE

#### Dividend

The board of directors have proposed final cash dividend for the year ended 30 September 2020 of Rs. 3.00 (2019: Rs.1.50) per share i.e. 30% (2019: 15%) amounting to Rs. 45,069,696 (2019: Rs. 22,534,848/-) at their meeting held on 24 December 2020 for approval of the members.

#### 43. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total and average number of employees during the year as at 30 September 2020 and 2019 respectively are as follows:

	2020	2019
Number of employees as at 30 September	592	618
Average number of employees during the year	604	614

#### 44. NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the Company acquired property, plant and equipment amounting to Rs. 32,085,000/-(2019: Rs. 30,625,561/-) by means of finance lease.

#### 45. RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS AND IMPAIRMENT

As at the reporting date, recoverable amounts of all assets / cash generating units are equal to or exceed their carrying amounts, unless stated otherwise in these financial statements.

#### 46. OPERATING SEGMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of single reportable segment.

- a) Revenue from sale of sugar and its by-products represents 100% (2019: 100%) of the sale of the company.
- b) 100% (2019: 87%) of the sale for the year of the company is made to customers located in Pakistan and 0% (2019: 13%) of the sale for the year is made to customers located outside Pakistan.
- c) All non-current assets of the company as at 30 September 2020 are located in Pakistan.
- d) Sale to the following customers accounts for more than 10 % of the sales of the company:

20	020	201	9
Rs.	Percentage	Rs.	Percentage
3,826,472,303	24%	2,535,120,675	18%

Naubahar Bottling Co. (Pvt) Ltd

#### 47. IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A novel strain of corona virus (COVID-19) that was classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020, impacting countries globally. This pandemic has significantly affected all segments of economy. The fair value determination at the measurement date has become more challenging due to the uncertainty of the economic impact of COVID-19. The Company expects that going forward these uncertainties would reduce as the impact of COVID-19 on overall economy subsides and management have evaluated and concluded that there is no going concern uncertainty and there are no material implications of COVID-19 impacts that requires disclosures/ adjustments in these financial statements.

#### 48. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION OF ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on 24 December 2020 by the Board of Directors of the company.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

## **Proxy Form**

No. of Shares		Foli	Folio No./CDC Participant ID	
We				
f				
eing member of THE THAL INDUST	RIES CORPORATION LIMITED h	ereby appoint		
1r./Miss/Mrs				
f failing him/her				
ne 67th Annual General Meeting of uesday, the 26th January, 2021 at 1.30 as witness my hand this	0 p.m. and every adjournment th	ereof:		
igned by the said	ot			
. Witness's Signature		Member's Signature	_	
lame:				
lame: NIC No				
NIC No ddress: Witness's Signature				
cNIC No ddress:  . Witness's Signature  Jame:			Revenue Stamp	
NIC No  ddress:  Witness's Signature lame:  NIC No			Revenue Stamp Rs. 50/-	
NIC No  ddress:  Witness's Signature  ame:  NIC No  ddress:			· ·	
NIC No			· 1	

- 1. This form of proxy, in order to be effected must be deposited duly completed at the Head Office 2-D-1, Gulberg III, Lahore not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting.
- 2. A Proxy must be a member of the company.
- 3. Signature should agree with the specimen registered with the company.
- 4. CDC shareholder's entitled to attend and vote at this meeting must bring with them their Computerized National Identity Card / passport in original to provide his/her identity.

# دى تقل انڈسٹريز كارپويشن لميٹڈ

مختارنامه	
میں/نہ میں/نہ	
بحثیت رکن دی تقل اندُسٹریز کارپویش کمیٹڈاور حامل حصص، بمطابق شیئر رجسٹر فولیونمبر۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔	
ﺍﻭﺭ/ﯾﺎﺳۍ ﯞ ۍ ﺗۍ پارځیسپینګ (شرکت آئۍ ډ ی نمبر	
اورسبا کا وُنٹ ذیلی کھا چنمبر	
مخترم المخترمه	
کواپنے اہمارےا یماء پرمورخہ 26 جنوری 2021ء بروز منگل بوقت 1:30 بجے	
کومنعقد ہونے کمپنی کےسالا نہا جلاس عام میں حق رائے دہی استعال کرنے پاکسی بھی التواء کی صورت اپنا/ ہمارا بطور مختار (پراک	کسی)مقرر کرتا ہوں ا کرتے ہیں۔
آج بروزبتاریخبتاریخ	
گوامان	
-1	
رستخط:	
نام:	پچاس روپ کےرسید ٹکٹ پر دستخط
پين: 	عربيدس پرد <sub>خط</sub>
∟ کمپیوٹرائز ڈ شاختی کارڈنمبر:	
2	
وستخط:	مد کمده سرو مد
;'i	دستخط کمپنی کے نمونہ دستخط سے مماثل ہونے جاہئیں
	م) ن ہوتے جاتیں
کمپیوٹرائز ڈ شاختی کارڈنمبر:	

- 1- ایک ممبر (رکن) جواجلاس میں شرکت نہیں کرسکتا وہ اس فارم کو کممل کرے اور دستخط کرنے کے بعد اجلاس شروع ہونے سے کم از کم 48 گھنے قبل ہیڈ آفس کے پتے پرارسال کرے۔
  - 2- سی ڈی تی شیئر ہولڈر ہونے کی صورت میں درج بالا کے علاوہ ذیل میں درج ہدایات پر بھی عمل کرنا ہوگا۔
- الف۔ فردہونے کی صورت میں اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاسب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈراور ایاوہ جس کی سکیوریٹرز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہوں اوران کی رجٹریشن کی تفصیلات قواعدوضوابط کےمطابق اپلوڈ ہوں انہیں کمپنی کی جانب سے دی گئی ہدایت کی روشنی میں پراکسی فارم جمع کرانا ہوگا۔
  - ب۔ مختارنامے پربطور گواہان دوافراد کے دستخط ہونے چاہئیں اوران کے نام، بیتے اور کمپیوٹرائز ڈقومی شناختی کارڈنمبر فارم پر درج ہوں۔
  - ج۔ سینفشل اونرز (مستفید ہونے والے فرد) کمپیوٹر ائز ڈقومی شاختی کارڈیایا سپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقول بھی نسلک کرنی ہوگی جےنائب مختار نامہ کے ہمرا پیش کرے گا۔
    - د اجلاس كووت نائب كواپنااصل كمپيوٹرائز دوقوى شاختى كار دْيااصل پاسپورٹ پيش كرنا ہوگا۔
- و۔ کارپوریٹ ادارہ ہونے کی صورت میں بحثیت ممبر (رکن) بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزقر ارداد امع نامزد کردہ شخص ااٹارنی کے نموند دستخط پاور آف اٹارنی (اگر پہلے فراہم نہ کئے گئے ہوں) پراکسی فارم (مختارنامہ) کے ہمراہ کمپنی میں جمع کرانا ہوگا۔





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## THE THAL INDUSTRIES CORPORATION LIMITED

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