

ANNUAL REPORT 2021





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VISION

The vision of Hinopak Motors Limited is to provide the society with safe, economical, comfortable and environment friendly means transportation by manufacturing and supplying commercial vehicles and services.

MISSION STATEMENT / **CORPORATE STRATEGY**

TO PURSUE OUR VISION, WE COMMIT OURSELVES:

- To our individual, institutional and international customers: to deliver high quality, safe, durable, reliable, comfortable, environment friendly and economical products and services to their total satisfaction:
- To our employees: to foster corporate culture of mutual trust, respect for fundamental human rights at work, opportunities for professional growth and personal welfare so that they are proud of being a member of the "Hinopak Family";
- To the community and our nation: to contribute to economic and social development by providing means of transportation and by progressive localization of the vehicles; and
- To the shareholders: to act in compliance with the norms expected of a subsidiary of the Toyota Group of Companies and make a meaningful financial return to the shareholders.

BASIC PRINCIPLES OF HINOPAK CODE OF CONDUCT

- We develop and provide outstanding products and services that fulfill the demands of customers with sufficient attention given to safety and the environment and we aim to be an enterprise which has a significant presence in the commercial vehicle market.
- 2. We undertake open and fair corporate activities in conformity with the spirit and letter of laws. We maintain sound and transparent relationships with governmental and administrative entities.
- 3. We build and maintain good communications with society as well as our stakeholders, and we are committed to accurate and timely disclosure of information.
- 4. We recognize that an environmental preservation activity is an integral part of our business, and we voluntarily and actively promote and engage in environmental preservation activities as an indispensable condition for Hinopak's corporate existence and activities.
- 5. We recognize the inherent dignity and fundamental human rights of all members of the Hino family and therefore respect and support the practice of human rights.
- 6. We actively promote and engage in philanthropic activities as a member of Hino Motors Ltd. and the Toyota Group, and as a good corporate citizen.
- 7. We respect the right of workers at the workplace and their right of freedom of association and the right to organize and bargain collectively. We believe in transparency, mutual trust and respect for each other's rights and obligations and need for bilateral dialogue and cooperation between employees and management for achieving decent work with safe and healthy work environment, growth and excellence in business performance.
- 8. We take a resolute stand against antisocial power and organizations, and we act in compliance with ethical standards and sound social values.
- We respect and abide the law of the land and applicable rules and the diversity of customs and culture and we contribute to development in the communities through our business activities.
- 10. We support the principles of Global Compact and expect our employees to embrace them in the work culture of our enterprise for sustainable growth and development.
- 11. We pledge to comply and enforce the basic principles of Hinopak's Code of Conduct and prevent its violation through the mechanism already in place from enforcing discipline, Company wide. Any member of Hinopak family observing any violation or abuse of this code of conduct may bring the same to the notice of the Management Committee or the Audit Committee in writing directly or through the suggestion boxes for necessary consideration and action.

COMPANY INFORMATION

BANKERS

Allied Bank Limited
Bank Alfalah Limited
Bank Al-Habib Limited
Citibank, N.A.
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited
Habib Bank Limited
JS Bank Limited
MCB Bank Limited
National Bank of Pakistan
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited
United Bank Limited

AUDITORS

A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants

LEGAL ADVISOR

Sayeed & Sayeed

REGISTERED OFFICE

D-2, S.I.T.E., Manghopir Road P.O. Box No. 10714 Karachi-75700, Pakistan Tel: 111-25-25-25

Website: www.hinopak.com Email: info@hinopak.com

SHARE REGISTRAR

M/s. FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Ltd, 8-F, Near Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi

Tel: 021-34380101-05, Fax: 021-34380106

E-mail: info.shares@famco.com.pk

AREA OFFICES

Lahore

19 KM, Multan Road, Lahore Tel: 042-37512003-6 Fax: 042-37512005

Email: hino-lahore@hinopak.com

Islamabad

1- D, Unit 14, Rehmat Plaza, 2nd Floor Blue Area, Islamabad Tel: 051-2276234

Fax: 051-2272268

Email: hino-islamabad@hinopak.com

Quetta

Second Floor Room No. 31 Al Zain Center, Zarghoon Road Quetta

Tel: 081-2869174 Fax: 081-2869175

Email: hino-quetta@hinopak.com

Peshawar

1.7 KM from G. T. Road to Kohat Road Section, Near Jamil Chowk beside Shell Filling Station, Ring Road, Peshawar

Tel: 091-2322530 Fax: 091-2322550

Email: hino-peshawar@hinopak.com

Multan

Kayan Pur, Tehsil Multan, Union Council No.73 Near Multan Bypass, Multan

Tel: 061-4263205-7 Fax: 061-4263208

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MUHAMMAD ASLAM SANJRANI Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Aslam Sanjrani was appointed in November 2013 as non-executive director of the Company and Chairman of the board of directors.

He joined the Civil Service of Pakistan in 1971 and served 35 years in a variety of posts that included Administration assignments like District Magistrate, Commissioner of (Hyderabad and Larkana divisions), Secretary to the Government of Sindh and Balochistan, Autonomous and regulatory Bodies. He has worked in the Ministries of Commerce, Political affairs, Industries and Production and Foreign Affairs besides being the Secretary to the Government of Pakistan for Overseas Pakistanis. He was also the Chief Secretary of Sindh Province. Presently, he is enrolled as an Advocate of the High Court.

During the service, he has represented Pakistan at International Forums including the World International World Bank. Tourism Conference. Asian Development Bank. He has enjoyed a very credible status amongst their international Donor Agencies with whom he successfully negotiated Loan agreement. He has been a sportsman having had the distinction of representing Pakistan cricket at all levels except test cricket. He has very successfully organized World Squash Championship in Karachi. Further, he has played badminton and table tennis at national level.

YOSHIHIKO NANAMI President & Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Yoshihiko Nanami was appointed as President & Chief Executive Officer of the Company and member of Human Resource and Remuneration Committee in March 2019. He has diversified working experience of over 22 years at various positions. Mr. Nanami has completed his studies from Keio University, Japan with major in Economics.

AKIRA UCHIDA Director & Executive Vice President

Mr. Akira Uchida was appointed as the Director and Executive Vice President of the Company in April 2021. He has overall 25 years of experience, including 20 years in various leadership roles with Toyota Group Companies operating in the Asian and European markets.

MUSHTAQ MALIK Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mushtaq Malik is the independent non-executive director, Chairman of the Audit Committee and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Currently he is also the Director of Askari Bank Limited and Chairman of MM Management Consultants.

He has served on the boards of Habib Bank Limited and Eco Bank, Istanbul. He has also chaired Pakistan Electronic and Media Regulatory Authority (PEMRA) and worked as Federal Secretary to the Board of Investment Pakistan. He holds Master's degree in Economics and Business Administration with specialization in International Business Management and Finance.

KOJI NAGATANon-Executive Director

Mr. Koji Nagata was appointed in February 2021 as non-executive director of the Company, member of the Audit Committee and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. He joined Toyota Motor Corporation, Japan in 1985.

AKIO ISHIKAWA Non-Executive Director

Mr. Akio Ishikawa was appointed in February 2021 as non-executive director of the Company, member of the Audit Committee, and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. He joined Hino Motors Limited Japan in 1988.

NARGIS GHALOO Female Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms. Nargis Ghaloo is an Independent non-executive director and member of the Board's Audit Committee of the Company. She is also serving in the same capacity with JS bank Limited in addition to Risk Management Committee of the Bank.

Ms. Ghaloo is a retired senior civil servant having served the Government of Pakistan in various capacities for 36 years. She retired as the Managing Director Public Procurement Regulatory Authority, Government of Pakistan. Ms. Ghaloo was Chairperson of State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan, Pakistan's largest life assurer, from 2014 to 2016. She is also the Chairperson of Alpha Insurance Company Limited.

Ms. Ghaloo joined the Civil Services of Pakistan in 1982, has many years of professional experience serving in senior management positions with provincial as well as federal government departments in diversified fields such as public sector

management, administration, financial, judicial, health, insurance and planning.

Ms. Ghaloo did her Masters in English from University of Sindh in 1981 and is a Certified Director from The Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG) and holds Certificate of Corporate Governance from INSEAD and also holds a Certificate in Company Direction from Institute of Directors, UK.

SYED JUNAID ALI **Company Secretary**

Mr. Junaid Ali is a fellow member of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and a certified director from Institute of Business Administration Karachi. He joined Hinopak Motors Limited in 2011. In addition to the role of Company Secretary he is responsible for Financial Reporting, Taxation, Treasury and Legal Affairs of the Company. Before joining Hinopak Motors Limited he has worked with KPMG Taseer Hadi and Co. & Dawood Family Takaful Limited.

BOARD COMMITTEES

AUDIT COMMITTEE	TERMS OF REFERENCE
 Mushtaq Malik – Chairman (Independent Director) Nargis Ali Akbar Ghaloo (Independent Director) Koji Nagata (Non - Executive Director) Akio Ishikawa (Non - Executive Director) Nasir Manzoor (Secretary) 	 Determination of appropriate measures to safeguard Company's assets; Review of quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements of the Company, prior to the approval by the Board of Directors; Review of management letter issued by external auditors and management's response thereto and monitor the action plan to improve the control environment; Review of the scope and extent of internal audit and ensuring that the internal audit function has adequate resources and is appropriately placed within the Company; Ascertaining that the internal control system including financial and operational controls, accounting system and reporting structure are adequate and effective; Instituting special projects, other investigations on any matter specified by the Board of Directors, and to refer any matter to the external auditors or to any other external body; Monitoring compliance with relevant statutes and best practices of Corporate Governance; and Review arrangement for staff and management to report to audit committee in confidence, concerns, if any, about actual or potential improprieties in financial and other matters and recommend instituting remedial and mitigating measures.

HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	TERMS OF REFERENCE
 Mushtaq Malik – Chairman (Independent Director) Yoshihiko Nanami Akira Uchida Koji Nagata (Non - Executive Director) Akio Ishikawa (Non - Executive Director) Fahim Aijaz Sabzwari (Secretary) 	 Recommending human resource management policies to the board; Recommending to the board the selection, evaluation, compensation (including retirement benefits) and succession planning of the CEO; Recommending to the board the selection, evaluation, compensation (including retirement benefits) of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit; Recommending to the board for consideration and approval of policy framework for determining the remuneration of directors and Senior Management personnel (first layer of management below the Chief Executive Officer level); Considering and approving on recommendations of CEO on such matters for key management positions who report directly to CEO; Ensure annual evaluation of members of the board and board committees; and Recommending to the Chairman of the board the performance evaluation of the board as whole.

FUNCTIONAL COMMITTEES

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE	TERMS OF REFERENCE		
- Yoshihiko Nanami – (Chairman)	Managing the day to day operations of the Company;		
- Akira Uchida	 Developing the business and marketing strategy of the Company; 		
- Masahiko Kondo	 Reviewing budgetary proposals and the necessary actions to implement the business plan; 		
- Fahim Aijaz Sabzwari	 Monitoring profitability, cost saving plans and deviations from business plan; and 		
- Naushad Riaz	Handling the major business issues and other urgent matters on		
- Adil Mohiuddin Shah	behalf of the Board.		
- Mehmood Ahmed Khan			
- Yu Arisaka			

WHISTLE BLOWING COMMITTEE	TERMS OF REFERENCE
- Yoshihiko Nanami – (Chairman) - Akira Uchida - Fahim Aijaz Sabzwari - Abdul Basit - Ahsan Waseem Akhtar (Secretary)	 Establishing, implementing and maintaining the Whistle Blowing Mechanism; Monitoring and ensuring the transparency of the Whistle Blowing Process; Reviewing and analyzing periodically the feedback and complains obtained through the mechanism; Designating and supervising the officer investigating with regards to any matter reported through the Whistle Blowing Mechanism; and Initiating steps to ensure compliance with the Hinopak Code of Conduct, transparency in financial reporting and safeguard of Company's assets.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I welcome you at the 36th Annual General Meeting of the Company and hereby share with you the performance for the year ended March 31, 2021. Subject to the SECP directives and ongoing fight to stop the spread of corona virus, the Company once again provided a video link facility to its members for attending the meeting in their best interest.

Pakistan's economy has been growing slowly over the past two decades, mainly due to inconsistent macroeconomic policies and an under-reliance on investment and exports to drive economic growth.

The emergence of the pandemic COVID-19 and the containment measures adopted in response, led to a severe contraction in economic activity; be that as it may, *but there is always a light at the end of the tunnel.*

To support the stumbling economy, the country lately entered a 39 months **IMF-Extended Fund Facility**; thereby broadly complying with the IMF requirements and at the same time responding to mitigate the COVID havoc, the Government and SBP coherently calibrated their policies such as increase in public debt, targeted fiscal support towards the most vulnerable through the **EHSAAS program**, interest rate cuts, and temporary refinance facilities to prevent layoffs (**Rozgar scheme**) supported the economy and help the industry to reduce its losses and regain some momentum.

Growth slowed to **(0.4%)** in FY 2020 (July–June), is **expected to recover to 4.0%** in FY 2021. The external position improved, and inflation continued to decelerate through early 2021 but still **at 8.3%** on average.

However, on the front of indirect taxes, particularly in relation to automobile industry an additional custom duty of 7% is levied in the current year which significantly increased the cost of production and added to the pains of the industry by large.

Despite the challenges on the economic front, the Board steered the Company in the best interest of shareholders and has taken some bold initiatives including and not limited to the **Issuance of Right Shares**. Here is how your Company performed in the year ended 2021 as compared to the previous year:

- Gross loss of 1.3% of last year is converted into Gross profit of 7.5% in the current year.
- Total comprehensive loss reduced by 85%.
- Loss per share is reduced by 88%.

HINOPAK BUSINESS

Market Share and Sales

The commercial vehicle industry of Pakistan evidenced yet another year of downsizing and the total market size decreased by 29% approximately. The Company's market share stands at 21.7% as compared to 33.2% of last year.

Throughout the year, the management remains focused on capitalizing only on profitable deals rather than chasing a sizeable market share. Accordingly, despite the contraction in market share, the Company managed to make a gross profit as compared to a gross loss of previous year.

Gross (Loss) / Profit

Gross loss from past year of Rs. 170 million is replaced by a gross profit of Rs. 687 million reflecting a 180 degrees shift in positive direction which in terms of percentage is 503%. Customers trust and management efforts to capitalize on the profitable deals in this challenging environment are the reasons behind it and are highly commendable.

Distribution and Administrative Expenses

Cost control initiatives have a long run and are effectively deployed this year as well. Stringent measures in the areas of distribution and administrative expenses led to further reduction of expenses to Rs. 666 million as compared to Rs. 707 million in previous year.

Interest Cost

As at March 31, the short term borrowings has been completely wiped out from the statement of financial position as compared to the level of Rs. 4.12 billion of last year. As a result, the interest cost reduced to Rs. 252 million in contrast of Rs. 836 million of last year. This has been made possible by the effective financial management strategy of the Company deployed through raising funds by the Issuance of Right Shares and effective measures for liquidating piled up inventories.

Loss after tax

The Company reduced its loss after tax by 86% and is stood at Rs. 288 million as compared to previous year after tax loss of Rs. 2.05 billion. Loss per share stood at Rs. 13.37 as compared to Rs. 110.33 (restated) of last

Capital Expenditure

The management remains stringent in allowing Capital expenditure and only those expenditures are allowed that are imperative for the smooth conduct of the business. Financial outflow in terms of fixed capital expenditures is reduced by 68% in contrast to last year as evident from the cash flow statement.

Dividend

Considering the financial position of the Company, the directors of the Company have decided not to pay any dividend, cash or otherwise.

Contribution To National Exchequer

The Company paid Rs. 1.18 billion approximately in taxes, duties, levies and cess to the Government.

Issuance of Right Shares

In the crunch of pressure-packed economic environment of last year, the management effectively worked out its financial management strategy and issued 100% Right Shares at a price of Rs. 233.50 per share. The decisions' effectiveness is evident and reflected in the current year's financial results in such a way as of today the balance sheet date the Company has no short term borrowings but an improved working and a healthy one.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board Performance & Role in achieving Company's Objectives

In pursuant to the requirements of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, a formal & effective mechanism is in place for an annual evaluation of performance of the Board, Members of Board & its Sub-Committees. The mechanism has been established. approved and successfully implemented by the Board.

The Board comprise of adequate number of Executive, Independent and Non-Executive Directors with highly qualified members from diversified backgrounds. The Board played an indispensable role in achieving the Company's objectives by providing oversight, guidance, strategic direction & underlying purpose of actions taken by Management and monitoring of the Company's Performance towards achievement of its objectives.

On the basis of each Individual Director's feedback and thereby consolidated evaluated results, average rating of the Board, Individual Directors & Committees performance has been found satisfactory & effective.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Notwithstanding the severity of the Covid-19 crisis, the economy has shown great resilience. Following a contraction in economic activity in FY 2020, largely reflecting the pandemic's impact on the manufacturing and services sectors, signs of recovery started to emerge. One particularly important aspect in relation to our industry is that the current Auto Development Policy (ADP 2016-21) is about to end in June this year, the government is on the verge of preparing a new auto policy. We are hopeful that the new auto policy will be more balanced and will aim at encouraging the automotive sector in the country to be competitive and successful.

With the Covid-19 third wave still unfolding around the world and in Pakistan, the overall economic outlook is subject to a high level of uncertainty. Alongside the new auto policy, fluctuation in exchange rates and the overall macro-economic indicators will play a pivotal role in the future performance of the Company.

Considering the challenges to overcome - it is not an easy ride to success, but the management is committed and has strong faith to cultivate a brighter future for all the stakeholders.

VOTE OF THANKS

Lastly, on behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to thank all the shareholders for their continued trust and confidence in the Company despite the difficult times.

Muhammad Aslam Sanjrani Chairman

Date: June 17, 2021

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of the Company take pleasure in presenting this report, together with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021.

The Board of Directors of the Company as at March 31, 2021 consists of:

Total number of Directors:

a)	Male	06
b)	Female	01

Composition:

a)	Independent Directors	
	Mala	

	– Male	01
	- Female	01
b)	Non-Executive Directors	03
c)	Executive Directors	02

Changes in Board

Casual Vacancies:

During the year, following casual vacancies occurred in the Board:

Outgoing Directors	New Directors	Appointment Date of New Directors
a) Mr. Hitoshi Otomo	Mr. Koji Nagata	February 17, 2021
b) Mr. Shuichi Kaneko	Mr. Akio Ishikawa	February 17, 2021

On 1st April 2021, Mr. Akira Uchida was appointed as Director in place of Mr. Shigeru Tsuchiya.

Board Meetings

During the year five (5) meetings of the Board were held in which the attendance by each Director is as follows:

Name of Directors	Number of meetings attended
Mr. Muhammad Aslam Sanjrani	5
Mr. Yoshihiko Nanami	5
Mr. Shigeru Tsuchiya	5
Mr. Shuichi Kaneko*	5
Ms. Nargis Ali Akbar Ghaloo	5
Mr. Mushtaq Malik	4
Mr. Hitoshi Otomo*	4
Mr. Koji Nagata**	0
Mr. Akio Ishikawa**	0
Mr. Akira Uchida***	0

Leave of absence was granted to the members who did not attend the Board meetings.

^{*} Resigned during the year and the casual vacancies were filled as mentioned above.

^{**} Directors were appointed on the Board on February 17, 2021, since then no meeting of the Board was held till year end.

^{***}Appointed as director in place of Mr. Shigeru Tsuchiya on April 01, 2021.

Committees of the Board

The Board has formed two sub committees namely Audit Committee and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below: -

a) Audit Committee

- Mushtaq Malik Chairman
- Nargis Ali Akbar Ghaloo
- Koii Nagata
- Akio Ishikawa

b) HR and Remuneration Committee

- Mushtag Malik Chairman
- Yoshihiko Nanami
- Akira Uchida
- Koji Nagata
- Akio Ishikawa

During the year four (4) meetings of Audit Committee were held in which the attendance by each Director is as follows:

Name of Directors Number of meetings attended 3 Mr. Mushtaq Malik 4 Ms. Nargis Ali Akbar Ghaloo 4 Mr. Shuichi Kaneko 3 Mr. Hitoshi Otomo 0 Mr. Akio Ishikawa* Mr. Koji Nagata*

Leave of absence was granted to the members who did not attend the Audit Committee meetings.

Principal Activities of the Company and General Overview

Hinopak Motors Limited (the Company) is incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company's principal activity is the assembly, progressive manufacturing and sale of Hino buses and trucks.

The year 2020-2021 was a very challenging due to global outbreak of Corona Virus. The impact of Covid-19, pandemic fear, market downturns and restrictions on business and individual activities, have created significant volatility in the global economy and led to reduced economic activity. The force-shutdown of the businesses resulted in global recession. However, to overcome this crisis, the Government and State Bank of Pakistan played a key role in mitigating the economic impact of the pandemic by bringing relief measures and policies to support the local industries.

During the year, there have been no change concerning the nature of business.

^{*}Directors were appointed in the Audit Committee on February 17, 2021, since then no meeting of the Audit Committee was held till year end.

Appropriation of Loss

Following are the details of appropriations:

	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
	•	s in '000
Loss before income tax	(164,530)	(1,843,998)
Income tax expense	(123,764)	(210,978)
Loss after income tax	(288,294)	(2,054,976)
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets		
on account of Incremental depreciation and disposal of		
fixed assets	55,133	47,981
Other comprehensive loss for the year	(9,093)	(9,526)
Issuance cost against right issue	(11,847)	-
Unappropriated (loss) / profit brought forward	(681,159)	1,335,362
Unappropriated (loss) carried forward	(935,260)	(681,159)
		(Restated)
Loss per share	Rs. (13.37)	Rs. (110.33)

Development & Performance of the Company's Business, Reasons for the Loss and Future Prospects of Profit

Despite the tough year, the Company was able to reduce its loss by 86% (from 2.05 billion to 0.288 billion). This was mainly due to strategic decisions taken by the management including the issue of right shares amounting to Rs. 2.9 billion which got overwhelming response from the shareholders. This enabled the Company to repay its outstanding borrowings, thus improving the liquidity position and saving financial costs. During the year, the sales volume of the Company declined by 54% from 1639 units to 758 units. This declining sales is attributed to weakening purchasing power of the customers in the period of pandemic, persistent economic slowdown and depressed Commercial Vehicle industry.

With the prudent monetary policy and targeted fiscal support, Pakistan economy is regaining momentum. The increase in growth rate from negative 0.4% in 2019-20 to 4.0% this fiscal year and the hold of policy rate at 7% down from 13.25% by SBP will support the economic recovery. This will enable the Company to maintain sound platform to strengthen growth and foresee better results in the long run amid intense competition in the industry.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

While the economy is on a way to recovery, the global prospect still remains highly uncertain. Optimistic growth prospect are linked to the pace of vaccine roll-out, the extent of government policy support including but not limited to ease of lock down. Due to sudden and uncoordinated lockdown around the world, there was a significant delay in the shipment of goods disrupting the whole supply chain. Though the Company was able to fulfil its orders on time, the risk of disturbance in supply chain need to be catered for in these times of unpredictability. In addition to this, the Company is also exposed to exchange rate parity between USD/PKR and USD/JPY as majority of the cost of sales comprises of imports.

Appointment of Auditors

The present auditors, Messrs. A.F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. The directors endorse recommendation of the Audit Committee for the re-appointment of Messrs. A.F. Ferguson & Co. as the auditors for the financial year ending March 31, 2022 on such terms and conditions and remuneration as to be decided.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding as at March 31, 2021 and additional information thereabout required under Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 are disclosed on page 70 and page 71 respectively.

Holding Company

Since October 19, 1998, Hino Motors Ltd. Japan, is the Holding Company of Hinopak Motors Limited, by virtue of its 59.67% shareholding in the Company.

Adequacy of Internal Control

The Board of the Company is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of the Company's system of internal control in order to identify and manage risks faced by the Company.

The Board is confident that the system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.

Dividend

Considering the financial position of the Company, the directors of the Company have decided not to pay any dividend, cash or otherwise.

Subsequent Events

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have taken place between the end of the financial year and the date of the report.

Compliance with the Best Practices of Corporate Governance

The Board is pleased to state that the management of the Company is compliant with the best practices of corporate governance. The Board acknowledges its responsibility in respect of the corporate and financial reporting framework and thus states that:

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity;
- Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained;
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements except as disclosed and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements;
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored;
- There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern;
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the regulations of Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange;
- The highlights of operating and financial data for the last six years are given on page 17 and
- The value of investments of the Company's Provident, Gratuity and Pension Funds as on March 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Rupees in '000
Hinopak Motors Limited Employees' Provident Fund	279,051
Hinopak Motors Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund	301,173
Hinopak Motors Limited Employees' Pension Fund	499,897

Trading of Shares of the Company

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the directors, executives and their spouses and minor children have not traded in the shares of the Company except as follows:

Name	Nature of transactions	No. of Shares
Mushtaq Malik (Independent Director)	Right Issue	5
Nargis Ali Akbar Ghaloo (Independent Director)	Right Issue	5
Naushad Riaz (Executive)	Right Issue	100
Muzaffar Anjum (Executive)	Right Issue	120

The threshold set by the Fourth schedule of the Companies Act, 2017, for disclosure of the term "executive", in annual report, constitutes employee whose annual basic salary exceeds Rs. 1.2 million in a year.

Corporate Social Responsibility / Impact on environment

Over the years our Company has contributed significantly towards the welfare of the society through various social activities. Under the CSR policy, the Company mainly emphasis on healthcare, workplace, environment and society. This year, the CSR activities got hampered due to lockdown restriction.

Workplace safety has always been a priority of the Company and Company have a firm policy on health and safety. Appropriate measures were taken and strict compliance was ensured throughout the pandemic. Measures such as face mask, social distancing, sanitizer gates, thermal check and work from home facility helped the Company in ensuring the safety of employees and business continuity. The Company have also advised the employees to get vaccinated against Covid-19 for a safer community.

Significant features of remuneration policy of Non-executive directors

Chairman of the Board of directors is entitled for consultancy fee along with fee for attending the meetings.

Non-executive directors including the independent director are entitled only for fee for attending the meetings (except foreign directors).

The remuneration of the President / Chief Executive Officer during the year amounts to Rs. 3 million (2020: Rs. 3.14 million).

The remuneration of Chairman for attending Board meetings during the year amounts to Rs. 0.6 million (2020: Rs. 0.33 million) and consultancy fee paid to the Chairman amounts to Rs. 3.79 million (2020: Rs. 3.6 million).

Further details of the remuneration of directors including Chief Executive Officer is detailed in the note no. 31 in annexed financial statements' notes.

Chairman's Review

The accompanied Chairman's Review covers the performance of the Company, significant deviations from last year in operating results, significant plans and future outlook. The Board endorses the contents of the review.

By order of the Board

Director

Dated: June 17, 2021

大海を33

Chief Executive Officer

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Profit or loss & Other Comprehensive Income (Rs. in Million)						
Revenue from contracts with customers Gross profit / (loss) Operating profit / (loss) Profit / (Loss) before income tax Income tax expense Profit / (Loss) after income tax Other comprehensive (loss) / income Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Dividend Unappropriated profit / (loss) carried forward	18,086.85 2,762.08 2,031.75 1,727.04 613.67 1,113.38 (20.51) 31.10 804.92 2,673.73	22,477.50 2,466.10 1,776.93 1,696.71 576.81 1,119.90 (19.07) 32.25 1,113.32 2,693.49	26,615.07 3,034.44 2,348.55 1,669.55 520.17 1,149.38 (16.61) 42.00 839.89 3,028.37	19,130.84 1,113.31 501.62 (520.18) 353.12 (873.30) (4.86) 47.24 862.09 1,335.36	13,191.06 (170.41) (809.22) (1,844.00) 210.98 (2,054.98) 207.70 47.98	9,132.18 687.37 70.60 (164.53) 123.76 (288.29) 13.13 55.13
Financial Position (Rs. in Million)						
Fixed assets Other long term assets Current assets Less: current liabilities Total	2,207.72 20.59 7,436.02 5,134.31 4,530.02	2,841.70 32.62 7,188.42 5,013.91 5,048.83	3,109.37 29.29 11,330.87 8,885.62 5,583.91	3,135.51 49.98 11,105.19 10,431.95 3,858.73	3,641.95 44.04 5,770.77 7,444.44 2,012.32	3,565.54 68.49 4,118.17 3,112.45 4,639.75
Financed By						
Issued, subscribed & paid up capital Reserves / accumulated profit / (loss) Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Long term / deferred tax liabilities Total Cash Flow (Rs. in Million)	124.01 2,964.73 1,199.56 - 241.72 4,530.02	124.01 2,984.49 1,659.14 - 281.19 5,048.83	124.01 3,319.37 1,848.73 - 291.81 5,583.91	124.01 1,626.36 1,810.04 - 298.32 3,858.73	124.01 (390.16) 1,975.24 - 303.23 2,012.32	248.01 (644.26) 1,942.33 2,771.53 322.15 4,639.76
Cash flows from / (used in) operating activities Cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows (used in) / from financing activities	2,144.21 (343.55) (801.95)	586.94 (269.49) (1,110.09)	2,866.99 (239.60) (660.58)	(10,259.46) (258.04) (1,037.77)	3,229.20 (489.22) (0.22)	1,643.77 (148.85) 2,878.09
Turnover (Rs. in Million)	, ,		, ,		, ,	
Hino chassis Bus & other bodies Spare parts Others Total Production (Units)	16,179.82 960.56 353.90 592.57 18,086.85	20,382.37 933.31 463.22 698.60 22,477.50	23,831.54 682.27 783.22 1,318.04 26,615.07	15,185.18 981.69 1,360.75 1,603.22 19,130.84	10,154.14 502.52 1,374.70 1,159.70 13,191.06	5,743.17 492.47 1,051.73 1,844.80 9,132.18
Hino chassis Bus & other bodies Hilux frame	2999 470 5304	3750 474 6656	4198 498 10229	2880 802 10310	1592 342 5978	700 285 9108

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Hino chassis 2962 3817 4310 2850 1639 758 Bus & other bodies 461 501 478 822 345 271 Hilux frame 5360 6451 10328 10377 5897 9036 No. of Employees 318 341 354 376 372 372 Investor Information Financial Ratios Isaac 10.97% 11.40% 5.82% (1.29%) 7.53% Net profit / (loss) margin 6.16% 4.98% 4.32% (4.56%) (15.58%) (3.16%)
Bus & other bodies 461 501 478 822 345 271 Hilux frame 5360 6451 10328 10377 5897 9036 No. of Employees 318 341 354 376 372 372 Investor Information Financial Ratios Gross profit / (loss) ratio 15.27% 10.97% 11.40% 5.82% (1.29%) 7.53%
Hillux frame 5360 6451 10328 10377 5897 9036 No. of Employees 318 341 354 376 372 372 Investor Information Financial Ratios Gross profit / (loss) ratio 15.27% 10.97% 11.40% 5.82% (1.29%) 7.53%
No. of Employees 318 341 354 376 372 372 Investor Information Financial Ratios Gross profit / (loss) ratio 15.27% 10.97% 11.40% 5.82% (1.29%) 7.53%
Investor Information Financial Ratios Gross profit / (loss) ratio
Financial Ratios Gross profit / (loss) ratio
Gross profit / (loss) ratio 15.27% 10.97% 11.40% 5.82% (1.29%) 7.53%
Net profit / (loss) margin 6.16% 4.98% 4.32% (4.56%) (15.58%) (3.16%)
110t profit / (1000) margin 4.00 /0 (1.00 /0) (10.00 /0)
Return on assets (after tax) 11.52% 11.13% 7.94% (6.11%) (21.73%) (3.72%)
Return on equity (after tax) 25.96% 23.49% 21.72% (24.53%) (120.24%) (6.68%)
Debt equity ratio* 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.08 0.18 0.07
Current ratio 1.45 1.43 1.28 1.06 0.78 1.32
Quick ratio 0.91 0.78 0.72 0.29 0.26 0.65
Interest cover ratio (1.77) (1.21) 0.35
Dividend payout ratio** 100.00% 75.00% 75.01% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Dividend yield ratio** 9.16% 4.23% 5.99% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
Dividend yield ratio** 9.16% 4.23% 5.99% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Dividend cover ratio** 100.00% 133.34% 133.32% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
Other Ratios
Price earning ratio 10.92 17.72 12.52 (5.61) (2.76) (29.51)
Earning / (loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation and
amortization (EBITDA) 2,183.74 1,962.63 2,569.97 739.05 (578.42) 335.61
EBITDA margin to sales 12.07% 8.73% 9.66% 3.86% (4.38%) 3.68%
Total assets turnover ratio 1.87 2.23 1.84 1.39 1.18
Fixed assets turnover ratio 8.19 7.91 8.56 6.10 3.62 2.56 Return on capital employed 24.58% 22.18% 20.58% (22.63%) (102.12%) (6.21%)
Return on capital employed 24.58% 22.18% 20.58% (22.63%) (102.12%) (6.21%) Inventory turnover ratio 6.69 6.64 5.77 2.79 2.26 2.85
Number of days inventory 55 55 63 131 162 128
Debtors turnover ratio 20.20 59.66 55.19 22.85 19.85 19.34
Number of days debtors 18 6 7 16 18 19
Creditors turnover ratio 3.34 3.94 3.39 2.90 3.95 2.67
Number of days creditors 109 93 108 126 93 137
Operating cycle (days) (36) (31) (38) 21 87 10
Per Share Amounts (in Rupees)
Cash dividend** 89.78 67.73 69.52
Breakup value with surplus on revaluation of fixed assets 345.81 384.47 426.76 287.12 137.82 174.09
Breakup value without surplus on revaluation of fixed assets 249.08 250.67 277.68 141.15 (21.46) 95.77
Earning / (Loss) per share (restated) 89.78 90.31 92.69 (70.42) (110.33) (13.37)
Share Price (High) 1,265.31 1,852.30 1,708.13 1,221.81 511.33 404.00
Share Price (Low) 836.59 880.21 970.00 394.20 245.50 391.00
Share Price (Closing) 980.00 1,600.00 1,160.31 395.10 305.00 394.50
One US\$ = Rupee as at period end 104.80 104.70 115.40 140.70 166.75 153.60
One JPY = Rupee as at period end 0.9331 0.9421 1.0851 1.2702 1.5376 1.3854

^{*} Debt Equity Ratio takes into consideration non current liabilities

^{**} Based on final dividend proposed by the Board of Directors subsequent to the year ends.

VERTICAL ANALYSIS

	2020-2	:1	2019-20		2018-19	
	(Rs. in million)	%	(Rs. in million)	%	(Rs. in million)	%
Operating Results						
Revenue from contracts with customers	9,132.18	100.00	13,191.06	100.00	19,130.84	100.00
Cost of sales	(8,444.81)	(92.47)	(13,361.47)	(101.29)	(18,017.53)	(94.18)
Gross profit / (loss)	687.37	7.53	(170.41)	(1.29)	1,113.31	5.82
Distribution cost	(310.10)	(3.40)	(351.11)	(2.66)	(359.60)	(1.88)
Administration expenses	(356.30)	(3.90)	(355.67)	(2.70)	(378.83)	(1.98)
Other income	61.14	0.67	82.89	0.63	147.64	0.77
Other expenses	(11.51)	(0.13)	(14.92)	(0.11)	(20.90)	(0.11)
Profit / (Loss) from operations	70.60	0.77	(809.22)	(6.13)	501.62	2.62
Finance cost	(235.13)	(2.57)	(1,034.78)	(7.84)	(1,021.80)	(5.34)
Loss before income tax	(164.53)	(1.80)	(1,844.00)	(13.98)	(520.18)	(2.72)
Income tax expense	(123.76)	(1.36)	(210.98)	(1.60)	(353.12)	(1.85)
Loss after income tax	(288.29)	(3.16)	(2,054.98)	(15.58)	(873.30)	(4.57)
Financial Position						
Property, plant and equipment	3,546.02	45.74	3,638.79	38.48	3,127.74	21.89
Other non current assets	36.08	0.47	3.16	0.03	7.77	0.05
Long-term deposits	7.36	0.10	7.23	0.08	8.11	0.06
Long-term loans and advances	27.38	0.35	25.06	0.26	24.68	0.17
Employee benefit prepayment	17.19	0.22	11.75	0.12	17.19	0.12
Current assets	4,118.17	53.12	5,770.77	61.03	11,105.19	77.71
Total assets	7,752.20	100.00	9,456.76	100.00	14,290.68	100.00
Shareholders' equity	4,317.61	55.69	1,709.09	18.07	3,560.41	24.91
Deferred taxation	117.64	1.52	135.21	1.43	116.93	0.82
Other non-current liabilites	204.50	2.64	168.02	1.78	181.39	1.27
Short term debt	-	-	4,115.24	43.52	6,766.07	47.35
Other current liabilities	3,112.45	40.15	3,329.20	35.20	3,665.88	25.65
Total equity and liabilities	7,752.20	100.00	9,456.76	100.00	14,290.68	100.00
Cash Flows						
Cash flows from / (used in) operating activities	1,643.77	37.59	3,229.20	117.86	(10,259.46)	88.79
Cash flows used in investing activities	(148.85)	(3.40)	(489.22)	(17.85)	(258.04)	2.23
Cash flows from / (used in) financing activities	2,878.09	65.81	(0.22)	(0.01)	(1,037.77)	8.98
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,373.01	100.00	2,739.76	100.00	(11,555.27)	100.00

HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS

	2020	-21	2019-20		2018-19	
(R	ts. in million)	Variance vs Last Year Increase / (Decrease) %	(Rs. in million)	Variance vs Last Year Increase / (Decrease) %	(Rs. in million)	Variance vs Last Year Increase / (Decrease) %
Operating Results						
Revenue from contracts with customers Cost of sales Gross profit / (loss) Distribution cost Administration expenses Other income Other expenses Profit / (Loss) from operations Finance cost Loss before income tax Income tax expense Loss after income tax	9,132.18 (8,444.81) 687.37 (310.10) (356.30) 61.14 (11.51) 70.60 (235.13) (164.53) (123.76) (288.29)	(30.77) (36.80) (503.36) (11.68) 0.18 (26.24) (22.86) (108.72) (77.28) (91.08) (41.34) (85.97)	13,191.06 (13,361.47) (170.41) (351.11) (355.67) 82.89 (14.92) (809.22) (1,034.78) (1,844.00) (210.98) (2,054.98)	(31.05) (25.84) (115.31) (2.36) (6.11) (43.86) (28.61) (261.32) 1.27 254.49 (40.25) 135.31	19,130.84 (18,017.53) 1,113.31 (359.60) (378.83) 147.64 (20.90) 501.62 (1,021.80) (520.18) (353.12) (873.30)	(28.12) (23.59) (63.31) (17.79) (9.93) (50.92) (83.75) (78.64) 50.49 (131.16) (32.11) (175.98)
Financial Position						
Property, plant and equipment Other non current assets Long-term deposits Long-term loans and advances Employee benefit prepayment Current assets Total assets	3,546.02 36.08 7.36 27.38 17.19 4,118.17 7,752.20	(2.55) 1,041.77 1.80 9.26 46.29 (28.64) (18.02)	3,638.79 3.16 7.23 25.06 11.75 5,770.77 9,456.76	16.34 (59.33) (10.85) 1.54 (31.65) (48.04) (33.83)	3,127.74 7.77 8.11 24.68 17.19 11,105.19 14,290.68	1.02 (41.73) 4.38 15.05 0.00 (1.99) (1.24)
Shareholders' equity Deferred taxation Other non-current liabilites Short term debt Other current liabilities Total equity and liabilities	4,317.61 117.64 204.50 - 3,112.45 7,752.20	152.63 (12.99) 21.71 (100.00) (6.51) (18.02)	1,709.09 135.21 168.02 4,115.24 3,329.20 9,456.76	(52.00) 15.63 (7.37) (39.18) (9.18) (33.83)	3,560.41 116.93 181.39 6,766.07 3,665.88 14,290.68	(32.72) (5.27) 7.73 0.00 (58.74) (1.24)
Cash Flows						
Cash flows from / (used in) operating activities Cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from / (used in) financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,643.77 (148.85) 2,878.09 4,373.01	(49.10) 69.57 1,308.32* 59.61	3,229.20 (489.22) (0.22) 2,739.76	131.48 (89.59) 99.98 123.71	(10,259.46) (258.04) (1,037.77) (11,555.27)	(457.85) (7.70) (57.10) (687.51)

^{* %} in '000

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner: -

1. The total number of directors are seven as per the following:

a)	Male	06
b)	Female	01

2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

	Composition	Numbers	Names
a)	Independent Directors*		
	- Male	01	Mr. Mushtaq Malik
	- Female	01	Ms. Nargis Ali Akbar Ghaloo
b)	Non-Executive Directors	03	Mr. Muhammad Aslam Sanjrani Mr. Koji Nagata Mr. Akio Ishikawa
c)	Executive Directors	02	Mr. Yoshihiko Nanami Mr. Akira Uchida

^{*}For the purpose of rounding up of fraction, the company has not rounded up the fraction as the Board has determined the current composition adequate.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
- 4. The company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 8. The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. Majority of the Directors have complied with the requirements of Directors' Training program;

- 10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:-

Audit Committee a)

- Mushtag Malik Chairman
- Nargis Ali Akbar Ghaloo
- Koji Nagata
- Akio Ishikawa

b) **HR and Remuneration Committee**

- Mushtaq Malik Chairman
- Yoshihiko Nanami
- Akira Uchida
- Koji Nagata
- Akio Ishikawa
- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committees were as per following: -

Audit Committee Four quarterly meetings during the financial year ended March 31,

2021

One meeting during the financial year ended March 31, 2021 HR and Remuneration Committee

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function who is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with;
- 19. Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below (if applicable):

S. No.	Non-Mandatory Requirement	Explanation	Reg. No.
1	Requirement to attain certification: At least 75% of the Directors have obtained DTP certification by June 30, 2021.	Currently, 4 out of 7 directors have obtained DTP certification. The Company will arrange training for the remaining directors to comply with the requirement.	19
2	Nomination Committee: The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.	The responsibilities as prescribed for the nomination committee are being performed by the HR and Remuneration Committee	29(1)
3	Risk Management Committee: The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board.	The Board has not constituted a separate risk management committee however the risk is managed at respective department level which is also supervised by the departmental head.	30(1)

Muhammad Aslam Sanjrani Chairman

June 17, 2021

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Yoshihiko Nanami **Chief Executive Officer**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HINOPAK MOTORS LIMITED

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Hinopak Motors Limited (the Company) for the year ended March 31, 2021 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021.

Chartered Accountants Karachi

Dated: June 25, 2021

A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network

State Life Building No. 1-C, I.I. Chundrigar Road, P.O. Box 4716, Karachi-74000, Pakistan

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Hinopak Motors Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Hinopak Motors Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at March 31, 2021 and of the loss and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network

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Following is the key audit matter:

(i) Revenue from contracts with customers

(Refer notes 2.18 and 23 to the annexed financial statements)

Revenue is recognized when control of the underlying products has been transferred to the customers. The Company primarily generates revenue from sale of vehicles. CKDs are imported and assembled into vehicles with the majority of local components that are sold in the domestic market.

We have considered revenue recognition as a key audit matter due to revenue being one of the key performance indicators of the Company, inherent risk of material misstatement and significant decrease in revenue from last year due to decline in market share and impact of COVID-19 during the year.

Our audit procedures amongst others included the following:

- Obtained an understanding of and tested the design and effectiveness of controls designed to ensure that revenue is recognized in the appropriate accounting period.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policies for revenue recognition and compliance of those policies with applicable accounting standards.
- Performed verification of revenue transactions with the underlying documentation including sales invoice, gate pass and customer acknowledgements.
- Recalculated the commission and discounts as per Company's policy and performed verification over special discounts on sample basis.
- Compared on sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the reporting date with underlying documentation, including customer acknowledgements to assess whether revenue has been recorded in the appropriate period.
- Checked that the presentation and disclosures related to revenue are in accordance with applicable accounting and reporting standards.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



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We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- (a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- (b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- (c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- (d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Farrukh Rehman.

Mary

A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants Karachi

Date: June 25, 2021

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2021

	Note	2021 2020 Rupees '000	
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	3,546,025	3,638,786
Right-of-use asset	5	16,565	-
Intangibles	6	19,515	3,163
Long-term investments	7	-	-
Long-term loans and advances	8	27,382	25,063
Long-term deposits		7,358	7,227
Employee benefit prepayment	18	17,189	11,750
		3,634,034	3,685,989
Current assets			
Inventories	9	2,083,760	3,837,972
Trade receivables - net	10	575,086	369,410
Loans and advances	11	40,835	17,999
Trade deposits and prepayments	12	33,765	34,486
Refunds due from government - sales tax	13	145,025	518,540
Other receivables	14	1,615	14,694
Taxation - payments less provision		841,705	839,063
Cash and bank balances	15	396,379	138,607
		4,118,170	5,770,771
Total assets		7,752,204	9,456,760
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	16	248,011	124,006
Capital Reserve			
Revaluation surplus on land and building		1,942,333	1,975,241
Share premium	16	2,771,525	-
Revenue Reserve			
General reserve		291,000	291,000
Accumulated loss		(935,260)	(681,159)
		4,317,609	1,709,088
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred taxation	17	117,645	135,209
Employee benefit obligations	18	190,487	168,020
Lease liability	19	14,013	-
		322,145	303,229
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	20	3,095,997	3,315,900
Short-term borrowings - secured	21	-	4,115,238
Unclaimed dividend		13,235	13,305
Current portion of lease liability	19	3,218	
		3,112,450	7,444,443
Total liabilities	-	3,434,595	7,747,672
Contingency and commitments	22		
Total equity and liabilities		7,752,204	9,456,760

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Chief Executive Officer

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		Rupees	s '000
Revenue from contracts with customers	23	9,132,180	13,191,060
Cost of sales	24	(8,444,807)	(13,361,471)
Gross profit / (loss)		687,373	(170,411)
Distribution cost	24	(310,098)	(351,114)
Administrative expenses	24	(356,305)	(355,666)
Other income	25	61,137	82,889
Impairment loss on trade receivables and deposits		(11,510)	(14,917)
Profit / (loss) from operations		70,597	(809,219)
Finance cost	26	(235,127)	(1,034,779)
Loss before income tax		(164,530)	(1,843,998)
Income tax expense	27	(123,764)	(210,978)
Loss after income tax		(288,294)	(2,054,976)
Other comprehensive income for the year:			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to Profit or Loss	5		
Loss on remeasurements of post employment benefit obligations	18	(12,807)	(13,417)
Impact of deferred tax		3,714	3,891
		(9,093)	(9,526)
Gain on revaluation of land and buildings		25,274	233,933
Impact of deferred tax		(3,049)	(16,706)
		22,225	217,227
Other comprehensive income for the year		13,132	207,701
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(275,162)	(1,847,275)
			(Restated)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	28	Rs (13.37)	Rs (110.33)

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Chief Executive Officer

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	Share Capital	Capital Reserve		Revenue Reserve		Total
		Revaluation Surplus	Share Premium	General Reserve	Unappropriated profit / (accumulated loss)	
	•		Rupee:	s '000 ——		
Balance at April 1, 2019	124,006	1,810,044	-	291,000	1,335,362	3,560,412
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets on account of incremental depreciation - net of deferred tax	-	(52,030)	-	-	47,981	(4,049)
Total comprehensive loss for the year ended March 31, 2020						
- Loss for the year ended March 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	(2,054,976)	(2,054,976)
- Other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2020		217,227 217,227	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(9,526) (2,064,502)	207,701 (1,847,275)
Balance at March 31, 2020	124,006	1,975,241		291,000	(681,159)	1,709,088
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets on account of incremental depreciation - net of deferred tax	-	(55,133)	-	-	55,133	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year ended March 31, 2021						
- Loss for the year ended March 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	(288,294)	(288,294)
- Other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2021	-	22,225	-	-	(9,093)	13,132
	-	22,225	-	-	(297,387)	(275,162)
Transaction with owners						
Issue of right shares - note 16	124,005	-	2,771,525	-	-	2,895,530
Issuance cost against rights issue		_	-	-	(11,847)	(11,847)
	124,005	-	2,771,525	-	(11,847)	2,883,683
Balance at March 31, 2021	248,011	1,942,333	2,771,525	291,000	(935,260)	4,317,609

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	29	2,192,115	4,359,440
Mark-up paid on short-term borrowings		(360,282)	(840,436)
Return on savings accounts and deposits		16,483	7,766
Income taxes paid		(143,305)	(215,765)
Employee benefits paid		(58,792)	(82,303)
(Increase) / decrease in long-term deposits		(131)	885
Increase in long-term loans and advances		(2,319)	(388)
Net cash generated from operating activities	•	1,643,769	3,229,199
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure	[(167,987)	(529,575)
Purchase of intangible assets		(22,136)	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		41,275	40,355
Net cash utilised in investing activities		(148,848)	(489,220)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid	[(70)	(219)
Issue of right shares - net of issuance cost - note 16		2,883,683	-
Lease rentals paid		(5,524)	-
Net cash generated from / (utilised in) financing activities		2,878,089	(219)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,373,010	2,739,760
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		(3,976,631)	(6,716,391)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	30	396,379	(3,976,631)

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Chief Executive Officer

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Hinopak Motors Limited (the Company) is incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited Company and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The Company's principal activity is the assembly, progressive manufacturing and sale of Hino buses and trucks. The registered office of the Company is located at D-2, S.I.T.E., Manghopir Road, Karachi.

The Company is a subsidiary of Hino Motors Limited, Japan (HML) and the ultimate parent of the Company is Toyota Motors Corporation, Japan (TMC).

The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

During the year, the Company has incurred loss before income tax amounting to Rs. 164.53 million (2020: Rs. 1,844 million). As at March 31, 2021, the Company has accumulated loss of Rs. 935.26 million (2020: Rs. 681.16 million). Further, the operations of the Company have been impacted by the Covid-19, reduced demand of products and loss in market share. However, the management has made plans in agreement for increase in sales by developing new models/ variants of the existing products and expects to have improved results in the ensuing year. Further, the Company has issued right shares amounting to Rs. 2.896 billion during the year to improve its current liquidity and paid off short-term loans.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

2.1 Basis of preparation

2.1.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

2.1.2 Changes in accounting standards and interpretations

a) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective and relevant

There are certain amendments and interpretations to the accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after April 01, 2020. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements

b) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective but not relevant

The certain amendments and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after April 01, 2020 are considered not to be relevant for the Company's financial statements and hence have not been detailed here.

c) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The new standard, certain amendments and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after April 01, 2021 are considered not to be relevant for the Company's financial statements and hence have not been detailed here.

2.2 Overall valuation policy

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

2.3 Property, plant and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment loss, if any, except land and buildings which are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any, and capital work-in-progress which is stated at cost.

Depreciation is charged to statement of profit or loss applying the straight line method, whereby the depreciable amount of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. The revalued amount of leasehold land and building is amortised / depreciated equally over the remaining life from the date of revaluation. Depreciation is charged on additions from the month the asset is available for use and on disposals upto the month preceding the month of disposal.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land and buildings are recognised, net of tax, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in shareholders' equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost, net of tax, is reclassified from the revaluation surplus on land and building to retained earnings.

Gain or loss on disposal or retirement of property, plant and equipment is included in statement of profit or loss.

2.4 Intangibles - computer softwares

Computer software licenses acquired by the Company are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation. Cost represents the cost incurred to acquire the software licenses and bring them to use. The cost of computer software is amortised over the estimated useful life i.e. 2 to 3 years.

Costs associated with maintaining computer softwares are charged to statement of profit or loss.

2.5 Impairment

The carrying values of non-current assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

2.6 Financial Instruments - Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) or fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). The measurement basis is determined by reference to both the business model for managing the financial asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

- a) Amortised cost A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as a FVTPL;
 - it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
 - the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding;
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as a FVTPL;
 - the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
 - the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- c) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Financial assets, that are not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition, are classified as FVTPL.

All financial assets are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets at amortised cost are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses, if any. Interest income and impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets carried at FVTOCI are initially and subsequently measured at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss).

Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. On derecognition of a financial asset, in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. Expected credit losses (ECLs) are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and cash flows that the Company expects to receive). Life time ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to 12 months' ECLs i.e. ECLs that result from default event that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Offsetting

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and intends either, to settle on a net basis or, to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Transaction costs

When a financial asset or financial liability is not measured at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue are added to or deducted from the initial fair value. For financial assets, such costs are added to the amount originally recognised. For financial liabilities, such costs are deducted from the amount originally recognised. This applies to all financial instruments not carried at FVTPL, including instruments carried at FVTOCI. For debt instruments, the transaction costs are recognised as part of interest income using the effective interest method.

For financial instruments that are measured at FVTPL, transaction costs are not added to or deducted from the initial fair value, but these are immediately recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition.

Transaction costs expected to be incurred on a financial instrument's transfer or disposal are not included in the financial instrument's measurement.

2.7 Taxation

Current

Charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, and taxes paid under the final tax regime.

ii. Deferred

The Company accounts for deferred taxation using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax liability is recognised for taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the statement of profit or loss except for deferred tax arising on surplus on revaluation of fixed assets and on change in fair value of investments categorised as fair value through other comprehensive income which is charged to the surplus on revaluation and fair value reserve respectively.

2.8 Inventories

These are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by first-in first-out method except for materials for fabrication of bus bodies, consumable stores, locally manufactured parts, spares for sale and stock in transit.

Cost of material for fabrication of bus bodies, consumable stores, locally manufactured parts and spares for sale is determined on moving average method. Cost of stock in transit comprises of invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

Cost of work in process and finished goods include direct material, labour and appropriate portion of manufacturing expenses.

Net realisable value is determined on the basis of estimated selling price of the product in the ordinary course of business less cost of completion and estimated costs necessarily to be incurred to make the sale.

Stores, spares and loose tools are valued at cost determined on moving average basis less provision for slow moving and obsolete stores and spares. Items in transit are valued at invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

2.9 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components when they are recognised at fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance. Refer note 2.6 for a description of the Company's impairment policies.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash, cheques in hand, balances with banks on current, savings and deposit accounts and short term borrowings under mark-up arrangements.

2.11 Leases

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets with corresponding lease liabilities at the date on which leased assets are available for use by the Company except for leases of short term or low value.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions.

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments over the period of lease term and that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using interest rate implicit in the lease or the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentive receivable, variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate which are initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date, amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees, the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option. The extension and termination options are incorporated in determination of lease term only when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise these options.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is also remeasured to reflect any reassessment or lease modification, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

The lease liability is remeasured when the Company reassesses the reasonable certainty of exercising the extension or termination option upon occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances, or when there is a change in assessment of an option to purchase underlying asset, or when there is a change in amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or when there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payment. The corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income if the carrying amount of right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When there is a change in scope of a lease, or the consideration for a lease, that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease, it is accounted for as a lease modification. The lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease if modification increases the scope of lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets and the consideration for lease increases by an amount that is commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope adjusted to reflect the circumstances of the particular contracts, if any. When the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, the lease liability is remeasured and corresponding adjustment is made to right-of-use asset.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of the costs to be incurred to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which the asset is located.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost model. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight line method over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The Company has elected to apply the practical expedient of not to recognise right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.12 Employee benefits - retirement benefits

Defined benefit plans

Defined benefit plans define an amount of pension or gratuity that an employee will receive on or after retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation. The liability recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds or the market rates on government bond. These are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The Company operates approved funded gratuity and pension schemes for all its permanent employees. The schemes define the amounts of benefit that an employee will receive on or after retirement subject to a minimum qualifying period of service under the schemes.

Contribution to pension fund is made by both, the Company based on actuarial recommendation and by employees at 2% and 3% of the basic monthly salary in case of management and non-management staff respectively.

The amount arising as a result of remeasurements are recognised in the statement of financial position immediately, with a charge or credit to other comprehensive income in the periods in which they occur.

Past service costs are immediately recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Company also operates an approved contributory provident fund for all its permanent employees to which equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Company and the employees, to the fund at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

2.13 Compensated absences

The Company accounts for compensated absences of its employees on unavailed balance of leave in the period in which the leave is earned.

2.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

2.15 Borrowings and their costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition. construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs, if any, are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

2.16 Warranty obligations

The Company recognises the estimated liability, on an accrual basis, to repair or replace products under warranty at the statement of financial position's date, and recognises the estimated product warranty costs in the statement of profit or loss when the sale is recognised.

2.17 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid for goods and services, whether or not billed to the Company.

2.18 Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control over the goods transfers to the customer that is when the customer has the ability to control the use of the transferred goods provided and generally derive their remaining benefits and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the product. It is measured at the transaction price which the Company expects to be entitled to and represents the amount of goods supplied, after netting of discounts, returns and value added taxes.

Commission on handling Complete Built Up (CBU) vehicles and spare parts is recognised on accrual basis.

Return on bank deposits and short term investments is recognised on accrual basis.

2.19 Research and development cost

Research and development cost except to the extent that an intangible asset is recognised, is charged in the year in which it is incurred. Development costs previously charged to income are not recognised as an asset in the subsequent period.

2.20 Foreign currency transaction and translation

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in Pak Rupee using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupee at the rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position's date. Exchange gains and losses are taken to statement of profit or loss.

2.21 **Dividend distribution**

Dividend distribution to shareholders is recognised as liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividend is approved.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3.1 The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below:

3.1.1 Income tax

In making the estimates for income taxes, the Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. There may be various matters where the Company's view differs with the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of a material nature is in accordance with the law.

3.1.2 Defined benefit plans

The Company has made certain actuarial assumptions as disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements for valuation of present value of defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets, based on actuarial advice.

3.1.3 Provisions

Provisions are considered, among others, for legal matters, disputed indirect taxes and warranty obligations where a legal or constructive obligation exists at the statement of financial position's date and reliable estimate can be made of the likely outcome. The nature of these costs is such that judgement is involved in estimating the timing and amount of cash flows.

3.1.4 Property, plant and equipment and intangibles

Estimates with respect to residual values and useful lives and pattern flow of economic benefit are based on the recommendation of technical teams of the Company, where necessary. Further, the Company reviews the internal and external indicators for possible impairment of assets on annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with a corresponding effect in the depreciation charge, amortisation charge and impairment.

Further, land and buildings are revalued by using the methodology as mentioned in note 4.2.

3.2 No critical judgement has been used in applying the accounting policies.

		Note	2021	2020
4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		Rupee	s '000
	Operating assets	4.1	3,540,983	3,579,760
	Capital work-in-progress	4.7	5,042	59,026
		_	3,546,025	3,638,786

4.1 Operating assets

	Leasehold land (Revalued - note 4.2)	Freehold land (Revalued - note 4.2)	Buildings on leasehold land (Revalued - note 4.2)	Building on freehold land (Revalued - note 4.2)	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Electrical installations	Office and other equipments	Total
	•				Rupe	es '000 —				
Year ended March 31, 2021										
Opening net book value (NBV)	1,667,950	108,082	780,088	282,796	340,825	8,867	262,913	51,867	76,372	3,579,760
Revaluation	10,988	3,774	6,071	4,441	-	-	-	-	-	25,274
Additions	-	-	13,014	3,896	75,154	12,555	82,239	1,750	33,363	221,971
Disposals - at NBV	-	-	-	-	(171)	-	(31,423)	-	(124)	(31,718)
Depreciation / amortisation										
charge for the year	(35,751)	-	(40,353)	(7,100)	(83,180)	(3,437)	(36,777)	(15,691)	(32,015)	(254,304)
Closing net book value	1,643,187	111,856	758,820	284,033	332,628	17,985	276,952	37,926	77,596	3,540,983
At March 31, 2021										
Cost or revalued amount	1,667,950	111,856	806,479	287,875	1,097,694	45,280	442,771	162,253	289,578	4,911,736
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(2,735)	-	-	-	(100)	(2,835)
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	(24,763)	-	(47,659)	(3,842)	(762,331)	(27,295)	(165,819)	(124,327)	(211,882)	(1,367,918)
Net book value	1,643,187	111,856	758,820	284,033	332,628	17,985	276,952	37,926	77,596	3,540,983
Year ended March 31, 2020										
Opening net book value (NBV)	1,523,598	108,082	758,270	-	362,240	9,259	196,962	40,690	70,687	3,069,788
Revaluation	176,325	-	57,608	-	-	-	-	-	-	233,933
Additions	-	-	-	283,979	55,360	3,528	127,307	24,523	33,805	528,502
Disposals - at NBV	-	-	-	-	(101)	-	(26,041)	* -	(128)	(26,270)
Depreciation/amortisation charge for the year	(31,973)	-	(35,790)	(1,183)	(76,674)	(3,920)	(35,315)	(13,346)	(27,992)	(226,193)
Closing net book value	1,667,950	108,082	780,088	282,796	340,825	8,867	262,913	51,867	76,372	3,579,760
At March 31, 2020										
Cost or revalued amount	1,731,225	108,082	851,073	283,979	1,024,670	32,725	417,630	160,503	256,907	4,866,794
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(2,735)	-	-	-	(100)	(2,835)
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	(63,275)	-	(70,985)	(1,183)	(681,110)	(23,858)	(154,717)	(108,636)	(180,435)	(1,284,199)
Net book value	1,667,950	108,082	780,088	282,796	340,825	8,867	262,913	51,867	76,372	3,579,760
Useful life (years)	76 to 79	N/A	40	40	2 to 10	2 to 10	4 to 5	5	3 to 7	

^{*} Assets disposed off having nil net book value.

^{4.2} Company's two plots of land located at D-2 and D-136, S.I.T.E. Karachi and one plot of land located at Muzzafargarh Road, Multan, measuring 10.61 acres, 6 acres and 1.77 acres respectively and buildings on Karachi land were revalued by an independent valuer - M/s Sadruddin Associates (Private) Limited on March 31, 2021 on the basis of present market values for similar-sized plots in the vicinity for land and depreciated values of similar type of buildings based on present cost of construction (level 2).

The different levels have been defined in IFRS 13 for fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs e.g. estimated future cash flows) (level 3).

Had there been no revaluation, the net book values of lands and buildings as at March 31, 2021 would have been Rs. 112.67 million (2020: Rs. 112.86 million) and Rs. 620.37 million (2020: Rs. 339.38 million) respectively.

- **4.3** Forced sales value of lands and buildings on leasehold lands as estimated by valuer is Rs. 1,404.03 million (2020: Rs. 1,420.96 million) and Rs. 834.28 million (2020: Rs. 624.07 million) respectively.
- **4.4** Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of Company is as follows:

	Location	Usage of immovable property	Total Area (in acres)	Covered Area (in sq.ft)
a)	D-2, S.I.T.E. Manghopir Road, Karachi.	Chassis assembling facility	10.61	373,678
b)	D-136, S.I.T.E. Manghopir Road, Karachi.	Body manufacturing facility	6	336,409
c)	Kayan Pur, Tehsil Multan, Union Council No. 73, Near Multan Bypass, Multan.	3S facility	1.77	20,273

- 4.5 The Company has capitalised borrowing costs amounting to Nil (March 31, 2020: Rs. 15.51 million) on its operating assets. Borrowing costs are capitalised at the weighted average rate of its general borrowings of Nil (March 31, 2020: 13.53% per annum).
- **4.6** The details of operating assets disposed of, having net book value in excess of Rs. 500,000 have been disclosed in note 38.
- 4.7 Capital work-in-progress at cost

		2021		2020		
	Building	Plant and machinery and office equipments	Total	Buildings	Plant and machinery and office equipments	Total
-			— Rupe	es '000 —		
Balance as at April 1	10,623	48,403	59,026	36,588	21,365	57,953
Additions during the year	-	1,567	1,567	330,028	47,299	377,327
Transfers / Reversals	(7,843)	(47,708)	(55,551)	(355,993)	(20,261)	(376,254)
Total	2,780	2,262	5,042	10,623	48,403	59,026

	L PLANTENBED MANON ON, 2021		
		2021	2020
_	DIGHT OF HEE ACCET	Rupees	s ′000
5.	RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET		
	Opening net book value	-	-
	Addition to right-of-use asset - note 5.1	21,490	-
	Depreciation for the year - note 5.2	(4,925)	-
	Closing net book value	16,565	
5.1	During the year, the Company entered into an agreement situated at C-42, Navy Housing Scheme Clifton, Block-19, Kasset has been recorded.		•
5.2	Depreciation charge on right-of-use asset has been allocated	to administrative	e expenses.
		2021	2020
		Rupees	
6.	INTANGIBLES - Computer Softwares	,	
	Opening balance		
	Cost	73,766	73,766
	Accumulated amortisation	(70,603)	(65,997)
	Net book value	3,163	7,769
	Year ended March 31		
	Opening net book value	3,163	7,769
	Additions	22,136	- (4.000)
	Amortisation	(5,784)	(4,606)
	Closing net book value	19,515	3,163
	Closing balance	05.000	70.700
	Cost Accumulated amortisation	95,902 (76,387)	73,766
	Net book value	<u>(76,387)</u> 19,515	(70,603) 3,163
	Useful life (years)	3	3
7.	LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS		
	Fair value through other comprehensive income		
	Arabian Sea Country Club Limited [500,000 (2020: 500,000) Unquoted ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, representing 6.45 percent (2020: 6.45 percent) of equity]	-	-
	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-
	Automotive Testing & Training Centre		
	(Private) Limited		
	[50,000 (2020: 50,000) Unquoted ordinary		
	shares of Rs.10 each, representing 2.77		
	percent (2020: 2.77 percent) of equity]		<u> </u>
		 -	<u>-</u>

7.1 The above investments were fully impaired in prior years and no change in fair value is recognised in the current year financial statements.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FU	RINE YEAR ENDED WARCH 31, 2021	2021	2020
		Rupees	'000
8.	LONG-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES – considered good		
	Loans and advances to employees	47,175	41,466
	Less: Recoverable within one year - note 11	(19,793)	(16,403)
		27,382	25,063
8.1	The loans and advances are extended to employees on interest free basis.	under their terms of	employment

Loans under the schemes have been extended to facilitate purchase / construction of house and are repayable over a period of eight to nine years. The loan for purchase / construction of house is secured against employees' retirement fund balances.

Advances to employees are for house rent assistance and these are repayable upto a period of seven years. These are secured against employees' retirement fund balances.

8.2 Long term loans and advances include loan provided to key management personnel amounting to Rs 5.09 million (2020: Rs. 7.06 million).

	•	,	
		2021	2020
		Rupee	s '000
9.	INVENTORIES		
	Stores and spares	10,151	9,325
	Loose tools	3,756	3,535
		13,907	12,860
	Less: Provision for obsolescence	(2,250)	(1,379)
		11,657	11,481
	Raw materials and components - note 9.1 [including in transit Rs. 456.4 million		
	(2020: Rs. 295.6 million)]	1,375,579	3,076,315
	Less: Provision for obsolescence	(10,069)	(11,880)
		1,365,510	3,064,435
	Work-in-process	66,769	30,413
	Finished goods	509,225	590,773
	Less: Provision for obsolescence		-
		509,225	590,773
	Trading stock - Spare parts [including in transit Rs. 17.1 million		
	(2020: Rs. 36.5 million)]	173,769	167,041
	Less: Provision for obsolescence	(43,170)	(26,171)
		130,599	140,870
		2,083,760	3,837,972

- 9.1 Raw materials include stocks held with suppliers amounting to Rs. 112.31 million (2020: Rs. 157 million).
- 9.2 As at March 31, 2021, raw materials and components costing Rs. 124.72 million (2020: Rs. 1,448.63 million) have been written down by Rs. 14.21 million (2020: Rs. 99.73 million) and finished products costing Rs. 30.65 million (2020: Rs. 144.17 million) by Rs. 1.26 million (2020: Rs. 24.81 million) to arrive at the net realisable value

		2021	2020
		Rupees '0	000
n	TRADE RECEIVABLES - NET		

10.

Considered good - unsecured

Related party - note 10.2		
Indus Motor Company Limited	130,044	107,668
Others - note 10.3	445,042	261,742
	575,086	369,410
Considered doubtful		
Others	68,235	54,742
	643,321	424,152
Less: allowance for expected credit losses - note 10.4	(68,235)	(54,742)
	575,086	369,410

10.1 As at March 31, the age analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

	Rupees '000		
Not yet due Past due	514,905	260,211	
- Up to 3 months *	14,494	45,670	
- 3 to 6 months	6,769	6,504	
- 6 to 12 months	223	44,519	
- More than one year	106,930	67,248	
	128,416	163,941	
	643,321	424,152	

2021

2020

- 10.2 The maximum aggregate amount due from the related party at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 152.46 million (2020: Rs. 107.8 million).
- 10.3 These include amount receivable from government institutions amounting to Rs. 391.49 million (2020: Rs. 203.12 million).

^{*} This includes amount of Rs. 0.087 million (2020: Rs. 38.95 million) from related party and the remaining balance from related party is not due on reporting date.

		2021 Rupees	2020
10.4	Balance at beginning of the year	54,742	36,948
	Charge during the year - net	13,493	17,794
	Balance at end of the year	68,235	54,742
11.	LOANS AND ADVANCES		
	Current maturity of long term loans and advances to employees	19,793	16,403
	Advances to: - employees - suppliers	160 28,152	496 8,370
		28,312 48,105	8,866 25,269
	Provision for doubtful advances to suppliers	(7,270)	(7,270)
		40,835	17,999
11.1	The maximum aggregate amount due from the related paduring the year was Rs. 33.63 million (2020: Rs. 9.62 million	•	of any month

12. TRADE DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS Trade deposits 32,970	31,304
	31,304
Trade deposits 32 970	31,304
7.440 deposite	
Provision for doubtful deposits - note 12.1 (8,187)	(10,170)
24,783	21,134
Prepayments 8,982	13,352
33,765	34,486
12.1 Balance at beginning of the year 10,170	13,047
(Reversal) / charge during the year (1,983)	(2,877)
Balance at end of the year 8,187	10,170

2021 2020 Rupees '000

13. REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT - SALES TAX

Sales tax refundable - note 13.1	197,944	571,459
Custom duty and excise duty refundable	2,807	2,807
	200,751	574,266
Less: Provision for doubtful refunds - note 13.1	(55,726)	(55,726)
	145,025	518,540

13.1 This includes sales tax refundable of Rs. 47.14 million (2020: Rs. 47.14 million), net of provisional refunds of Rs. 519.05 million (2020: Rs. 519.05 million) received against bank guarantees and undertakings, the recovery of which is dependent upon fulfilment of the requirements of standing order no. 1 of 2010 issued by the Federal Board of Revenue and verification of related sales tax records. The Company is in the process of complying with the regulatory requirements.

14. OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivable includes Rs. Nil (2020: Rs. 9.01 million) from Toyota Tsusho Corporation, Japan, a related party of the Company against indenting commission. The maximum aggregate amount due from the related party at the end of any month during the year was Rs. Nil (2020: Rs. 29.98 million).

2021 2020 Rupees '000

15. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Balances with banks:

- on current accounts - note 15.2	17,982	20,253
- on PLS savings accounts - note 15.1 & 15.2	374,374	118,254
Cheques in hand	4,010	-
Cash in hand	13	100
	396,379	138,607

- At March 31, 2021, the rates of mark-up on savings accounts are 5.5% per annum (2020: 10.54% to 11.25% per annum).
- 15.2 Cash and bank balances includes Rs. 9.16 million (2020: Rs. 6.32 million) in bank accounts of JS Bank Limited a related party of the Company. The maximum aggregate amount at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 9.16 million (2020: Rs. 6.32 million).

16. **SHARE CAPITAL**

2021	2020	2021	2020
		Rupees '00	00
Authorised share	e capital		

100,000,000	20,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	1,000,000	200,000
Issued, subscribed a	and paid-up ca	apital		
Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each				
18,600,840	6,200,280	Shares issued for consideration paid in cash	186,008	62,003
4,133,520	4,133,520	shares issued for consideration other than cash - fixed assets	41,335	41,335
2,066,760	2,066,760	shares issued as bonus shares	20,668	20,668
24,801,120	12,400,560	<u>.</u>	248,011	124,006

- 16.1 The Company, in the annual general meeting conducted on August 26, 2020 resolved to increase its authorised share capital to Rs. 1 billion.
- 16.2 During the year, the Company made a right issue of shares which was approved by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 11, 2020 at Rs. 233.50 per share (including premium of Rs. 223.50 per share) in the ratio of 1 right share for every 1 ordinary share held. The total size of the issue is Rs. 2.896 billion and the shares have been issued.
- 16.3 At March 31, 2021 Hino Motors Limited, Japan (HML) - the holding company and Toyota Tsusho Corporation, Japan (TTC) - an associated company respectively held 14,797,733 (2020: 7,357,665) and 7,398,867 (2020: 3,678,833) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each representing 59.67 percent (2020: 59.33 percent) and 29.83 percent (2020: 29.67 percent) of total ordinary shares.
- As per the shareholders agreement between HML and TTC: 16.4
 - Each party has first right of refusal in case the other party intends to disinvest its shares in the Company.
 - HML has right to appoint Chairman of the Board of Directors.

	2021	2020
17. DEFERRED TAXATION	Rupe	es '000
Credit balances arising in respect of: - accelerated tax depreciation allowances	99,257	95,640
- surplus arising on revaluation of fixed ass	sets 122,521	127,464
	221,778	223,104
Debit balances arising in respect of:		
 provision for inventories obsolescence 	(16,092)	(11,434)
 provision for doubtful trade receivables, do advances and other receivables 	eposits, (40,453)	(37,115)
- provision for retirement benefits	(33,999)	(26,494)
- provision for warranty	(13,589)	(12,852)
	(104,133)	(87,895)
	117,645	135,209

17.1 Deferred tax asset has not been recognised on unused tax losses and unabsorbed tax depreciation amounting to Rs. 587.75 million (2020: Rs. 567.77 million) and Rs. 101.46 million (2020: Rs. 101.46 million) respectively, in view of lack of current and future estimated taxable profits required to recover the benefit. Deferred tax asset on unused tax losses will lapse after 6 years of loss occurred, however deferred tax asset on loss of unabsorbed depreciation will be available for indefinite period.

18. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS - RETIREMENT BENEFITS

- 18.1 As stated in note 2.12, the Company operates approved funded pension and gratuity schemes for all its permanent employees and an unfunded gratuity for its contractual employees. The schemes define the amounts of benefit that an employee will receive on or after retirement subject to a minimum qualifying period of service under the schemes. Actuarial valuation of these plans is carried out every year and latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at March 31, 2021.
- 18.2 Plan assets held in trust are governed by local regulations which mainly include Trust Act, 1882, Companies Act, 2017, Income Tax Rules, 2002 and Rules under the Trust deed of the Plans. The responsibility for governance of the Plans, including investment decisions and contribution schedules, rests with the respective Board of Trustees. The Company appoints the trustees and all trustees are employees of the Company.
- **18.3** Details of the Funds as per the actuarial valuation are as follows:

	2021			2020			
	Fund	ded	Unfunded	Fund	ded	Unfunded	
	Gratuity	Pension	Gratuity	Gratuity	Pension	Gratuity	
	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund		
	•		Rupees	s '000 ——			
Movement in (asset) / liability							
Opening balance	(11,750)	17,991	150,029	11,002	(17,190)	170,386	
Charge for the year	15,260	17,536	30,217	15,472	9,806	35,680	
Remeasurements recognised							
in Other Comprehensive Income	(11,472)	28,222	(3,943)	(7,865)	30,587	(9,305)	
Payments during the year	(9,227)	(42,240)	(7,325)	(30,359)	(5,212)	(46,732)	
Closing balance	(17,189)	21,509	168,978	(11,750)	17,991	150,029	
Balance sheet reconciliation as at March 31							
Fair value of plan assets	(301,173)	(499,897)	-	(269,454)	(428,556)	-	
Present value of obligations	283,984	521,406	168,978	257,704	446,547	150,029	
Recognised (asset) / liability	(17,189)	21,509	168,978	(11,750)	17,991	150,029	
Remeasurement recognised in Other Comprehensive Income							
Experience losses / (gains)	(642)	10,490	(3,943)	(8,956)	20,994	(9,305)	
Remeasurement losses on	(10.830)	17 739	_	1 001	g 503		
ian value of plan assets			(2.042)			(0.305)	
	(11,472)	28,222	(3,943)	(7,805)	30,587	(9,305)	
	Charge for the year Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income Payments during the year Closing balance Balance sheet reconciliation as at March 31 Fair value of plan assets Present value of obligations Recognised (asset) / liability Remeasurement recognised in Other Comprehensive Income Experience losses / (gains)	Movement in (asset) / liability Opening balance (11,750) Charge for the year 15,260 Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (11,472) Payments during the year (9,227) Closing balance (17,189) Balance sheet reconciliation as at March 31 Fair value of plan assets (301,173) Present value of obligations 283,984 Recognised (asset) / liability (17,189) Remeasurement recognised in Other Comprehensive Income Experience losses / (gains) (642) Remeasurement losses on	Fund Gratuity Pension Fund Fund Movement in (asset) / liability Opening balance (11,750) 17,991 Charge for the year 15,260 17,536 Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (11,472) 28,222 Payments during the year (9,227) (42,240) Closing balance (17,189) 21,509 Balance sheet reconciliation as at March 31 Fair value of plan assets (301,173) (499,897) Present value of obligations 283,984 521,406 Recognised (asset) / liability (17,189) 21,509 Remeasurement recognised in Other Comprehensive Income Experience losses / (gains) (642) 10,490 Remeasurement losses on fair value of plan assets (10,830) 17,732	Funded Gratuity Pension Unfunded Gratuity Movement in (asset) / liability Opening balance (11,750) 17,991 150,029 Charge for the year 15,260 17,536 30,217 Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (11,472) 28,222 (3,943) Payments during the year (9,227) (42,240) (7,325) Closing balance (17,189) 21,509 168,978 Balance sheet reconciliation as at March 31 (301,173) (499,897) - Present value of plan assets (301,173) (499,897) - Present value of obligations 283,984 521,406 168,978 Recognised (asset) / liability (17,189) 21,509 168,978 Remeasurement recognised in Other Comprehensive Income Experience losses / (gains) (642) 10,490 (3,943) Remeasurement losses on fair value of plan assets (10,830) 17,732 -	Fund Gratuity Pension Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fun	Funded Gratuity Pension Fund Fund	

		2021		2020			
		Fund	ded		Fund	led	
		Gratuity	Pension	Unfunded Gratuity	Gratuity	Pension	Unfunded Gratuity
		Fund	Fund	-	Fund	Fund	Oracany
18.7	Charge for the year	4		Rupees	s '000 ———		
10.1	Current service cost	17,101	22,749	13,751	16,026	17,004	16,200
	Interest cost	27,971	49,778	16,466	29,638	48,427	19,480
	Employee contribution		(4,602)	-	-	(4,291)	-
	Expected return on plan assets	(29,812)	(50,389)	-	(30,192)	(51,334)	-
		15,260	17,536	30,217	15,472	9,806	35,680
18.8	Movement in the present value of obligation						
	Opening balance	257,704	446,547	150,029	226,370	370,850	170,386
	Current service cost	17,101	22,749	13,751	16,026	17,004	16,200
	Interest cost	27,971	49,778	16,466	29,638	48,427	19,480
	Remeasurement	(642)	10,490	(3,943)	(8,956)	20,994	(9,305)
	Benefits paid	(18,150)	(8,158)	(7,325)	(5,374)	(10,728)	(46,732)
	Closing balance	283,984	521,406	168,978	257,704	446,547	150,029
18.9	Movement in fair value of plan assets						
	Opening balance	269,454	428,556	-	215,368	388,040	-
	Expected return on plan assets	29,812	50,389	-	30,192	51,334	-
	Remeasurement	10,830	(17,732)	-	(1,091)	(9,593)	-
	Employer contributions	9,227	42,439	-	30,359	5,535	-
	Employee contributions	-	4,403	-	-	3,968	-
	Benefits paid	(18,150)	(8,158)	-	(5,374)	(10,728)	-
	Closing balance	301,173	499,897	-	269,454	428,556	-
18.10	Plan assets comprise of:						
	Government bonds	202,173	281,823	-	157,770	203,987	-
	Mutual funds	30,878	56,621	-	20,603	38,035	-
	Bank deposits	67,178	159,730	-	84,256	173,844	-
	Cash at bank	944	1,723	-	6,825	12,690	-
		301,173	499,897		269,454	428,556	

		2021		2020			
		Fund	ded		Fun	Funded	
		Gratuity	Pension	Unfunded G	Gratuity	Pension	Unfunded Gratuity
		Fund		Gratuity	Fund Fund		Gratuity
18.11	Key actuarial assumptions used:						
	Expected rate of return on plan assets (%)	9.75	9.75	-	11.25	11.25	-
	Future salary increase (%)	8.5	8.5	8.5	10.00	10.00	10.00
	Discount rate at March 31 (%)	9.75	9.75	9.75	11.25	11.25	11.25
	Retirement age (years)	60	60	60	60	60	60

- **18.12** Pre-retirement mortality was assumed to be SLIC (2001-2005) for males and females, as the case may be, rated down one year.
- In case of funded plans, the Company ensures that the investment positions are managed within an asset-liability matching (ALM) framework that has been developed to achieve long-term investments that are in line with the obligations under the retirement benefit plan. Within this framework, the Company's ALM objective is to match assets to the retirement benefit obligations by investing in long-term fixed interest securities with maturities that match the benefit payments as they fall due. The Company actively monitors how the duration and the expected yield of the investments are matching the expected cash outflows arising from the retirement benefit plan obligations. The Company has not changed the processes used to manage its risks from previous periods. The Company does not use derivatives to manage its risk. Investments are well diversified, such that the failure of any single investment would not have a material impact on the overall level of assets. A large portion of assets in 2021 consists of treasury bills, government bonds and term deposits. The Company believes that government securities offer the best returns over the long term with an acceptable level of risk.
- 18.14 The expected return on plan assets was determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the statement of financial position's date.

The actuary conducts separate valuations for calculating contribution rates and the Company contributes to the pension and gratuity funds according to the actuary's advice. Expense of the defined benefit plan is calculated by the actuary.

18.15 Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

	Impact or	Impact on defined benefit obligation				
	Change in	Increase in	Decrease in			
	assumption	mption assumption ass				
		← Rupe	es '000			
Discount rate at 31 March	1.00%	(87,902)	75,898			
Future salary increases	1.00%	71,156	(64,030)			

There is no significant change in the obligation if life expectancy increases by 1 year.

The sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the Projected Unit Credit Method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the liability recognised within the statement of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

- 18.16 The expected return on plan assets is based on the market expectations and depends upon the asset portfolio of the plan, at the beginning of the period, for returns over the entire life of the related obligation.
- **18.17** Based on actuary's advice, the amount of expected contribution to gratuity and pension funds in 2021-22 will be Rs. 15.61 million and Rs. 20.18 million respectively.
- **18.18** The weighted average duration of pension fund, funded gratuity and unfunded gratuity is 8.41 years.
- **18.19** Expected maturity analysis of undiscounted retirement benefit plans.

	Less than a year	Between 1-2 years	Between 2-5 years	Between 5-10 years	Over 10 years	Total
	•		Ruj	pees '000 —		
At March 31, 2021						
Retirement benefit plans	80,689	69,683	341,582	626,683	4,655,023	5,773,660

	2021 Rupee	2020
19. LEASE LIABILITY	Nupee	S 000
Lease liability under IFRS 16	17,231	
Non current portion	14,013	
Current portion	3,218	
20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Creditors	288,551	170,443
Bills payable to		
- Toyota Tsusho Corporation, Japan, group company	399,438	359,900
- Hino Motors Limited, Japan - holding company	4,021	5,208
- Toyota Tsusho, Asia Pacific PTE Ltd, group company	69,245	29,426
Accrued liabilities	582,884	518,294
Advances from customers - unsecured	1,161,659	1,577,312
Royalty payable to Hino Motors, Ltd. Japan,		
holding company - note 20.1	113,307	68,198
Security deposits from dealers - note 20.2	37,000	37,000
Employees related obligation - note 20.3	85,998	70,395
Tax deducted at source and payable to		
statutory authorities	3,435	4,244
Sindh sales tax on services	15,016	10,726
Interest payable - note 20.4	-	108,282
Provisions - note 20.5	327,728	326,924
Others	7,715	29,548
	3,095,997	3,315,900

- **20.1** During the year, royalty amounting to Rs. 78.8 million (2020: Rs. 75.7 million) has been paid by the Company to Hino Motors, Ltd. Japan- Parent Company, having registered office at 1-1 Hinodai 3-chome, Hino-shi, Tokyo.
- **20.2** This represents amounts received from dealers of the Company, which are utilised for the purpose of business in accordance with the related agreements.
- **20.3** This represents contributions made by employees towards the sale price of vehicles provided to them by the Company in accordance with the Company's vehicle policy.

20.4 This represents interest payable on short-term borrowings.

		2021 Rupees	2020 s '000
20.5	PROVISIONS		
	Provision for compensated absences	122,119	100,608
	Provision for warranty services	46,859	44,317
	Provision for infrastructure cess	-	23,249
	Provision for custom duties	158,750	158,750
		327,728	326,924

20.5.1 Movements in each class of provision during the year are set out below.

	Provision for compensated absences	Provision for warranty services	Provision for infrastructure cess	Provision for custom duties	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2020	100,608	44,317	23,249	158,750	326,924
Recognised during the year Payments / reversals /	51,825	7,237	-	-	59,062
expenses against provision	(30,314)	(4,695)	(23,249)	-	(58,258)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	122,119	46,859	<u> </u>	158,750	327,728
	Provision for compensated absences	Provision for warranty services	Provision for infrastructure cess Rupees '000 ——	Provision for custom duties	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2019	82,111	45,213	23,249	158,750	309,323
Recognised during the year Payments / reversals /	42,052	4,862	-	-	46,914
expenses against provision	(23,555)	(5,758)	-	-	(29,313)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	100,608	44,317	23,249	158,750	326,924

2021	2020
	inees '000

21. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured

Short-term loans - note 21.1 & 21.5	-	4,100,000
Running finance - note 21.2 & 21.4	-	15,238
		4,115,238

- During the previous year, short-term loans obtained from various banks carried mark-up at rates ranging from one month KIBOR + 0.2% per annum to one-month KIBOR + 0.3% per annum.
- The facilities for running finance under mark-up arrangements with various banks amounted to Rs. 11.92 billion (2020: Rs. 11.92 billion) of which the amount remaining unutilised at the year end was Rs. 11.92 (2020: Rs. 7.8 billion). The rates of mark-up applicable on running finance during the previous year were based on KIBOR and range from one month KIBOR + 0.5% to three month KIBOR + 1.25% per annum.
- 21.3 The facilities for opening the letters of credit and guarantees as at March 31, 2021 amounted to Rs. 12.67 billion (2020: Rs. 13.12 billion) of which the amount remaining unutilised at the year end was Rs. 10.20 billion (2020: Rs. 9.6 billion).
- 21.4 The above facilities are secured by way of hypothecation charge on inventory and intragroup guarantees arranged through banks.
- 21.5 During the year, short-term loans obtained by the Company have been repaid.

22. CONTINGENCY AND COMMITMENTS

22.1 Commitments for capital expenditure as at March 31, 2021 amounted to Rs. 13.07 million (2020: Rs 1.86 million).

		2021	2020
		Rupee	s '000
23.	REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUTOMERS		
	Gross sales	11,022,942	16,291,256
	Sales tax	(1,598,539)	(2,374,806)
		9,424,403	13,916,450
	Commission and discounts	(284,506)	(725,390)
	Sales returns	(7,717)	
		9,132,180	13,191,060

23.1 Sales to Government institutions of Rs. 2.3 billion (2020: Rs. 3.23 billion) account for 25.15 percent (2020: 24.49 percent) of the net sales.

24. TOTAL COST OF SALES, DISTRIBUTION COST AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	COS SAI		DISTRIB CO:		ADMINIST EXPEN		то1	AL
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Raw materials consumed	6,231,855	10,857,447	_	Rupee	s '000 —— -	-	6,231,855	10,857,447
Staff costs - note 24.1	728,513	654,041	182,043	170,685	145,810	132,443	1,056,366	957,169
Depreciation and amortisation	205,283	172,581	14,865	19,545	44,864	38,673	265,012	230,799
Rent, rates and taxes	6,211	12,820	858	9,439	7,857	12,396	14,926	34,655
Insurance	9,059	8,812	2,769	1,681	5,617	7,793	17,445	18,286
Vehicle running and maintenance	14,262	21,158	15,117	19,317	12,992	16,724	42,371	57,199
Fuel and power	77,687	66,055	3,456	3,322	16,221	11,186	97,364	80,563
Travelling and entertainment	703	7,718	6,803	13,999	3,086	11,226	10,592	32,943
Repair and maintenance	23,835	25,408	2,454	1,712	7,488	9,571	33,778	36,691
Communication and stationery	2,465	6,578	5,245	5,103	11,352	7,656	19,063	19,337
Royalty and technical assistance	129,140	124,440	_	-	-	-	129,140	124,440
Provision / (Reversal) for obsolete stock-in-trade, stores and spares	16,061	(10,020)	-	_	-	-	16,061	(10,020)
Legal and professional charges	2,445	5,198	1,236	1,893	14,342	16,009	18,023	23,100
Auditors' remuneration - note 24.2	-	-		-	6,317	5,657	6,317	5,657
Security and maintenance	-	-	10,195	7,533	67,759	69,365	77,953	76,898
Advertising and sales promotion	_	-	26,880	15,149	-	-	26,880	15,149
Product maintenance charges	-	-	33,054	65,161	-	-	33,054	65,161
Warranty services	_	-	4,637	10,846	-	-	4,637	10,846
Other expenses	7,985	10,136	486	5,729	12,600	16,967	21,071	32,832
	7,455,504	11,962,372	310,098	351,114	356,305	355,666	8,121,908	12,669,152
Opening stock of work in process	30,413	15,532						
Closing stock of work in process	(66,769)	(30,413)						
Cost of goods manufactured	7,419,148	11,947,491						
Opening stock of finished goods	590,773	723,362						
Closing stock of finished goods	(509,225)	(590,773)						
Consumption of trading goods	7,500,696 944,111	12,080,080 1,281,391						
Consumption of trading goods	8,444,807	13,361,471						
1 Staff costs	3, 111,001	.0,001,						
Salaries, wages, allowances and staff welfare	674,488	598,786	165,816	157,492	132,694	121,085	972,998	877,363
Charge for defined benefit plans	42,219	44,047	11,342	8,807	9,452	8,104	63,013	60,958
Charge for defined contribution plan	11,806	11,208	4,885	4,386	3,664	3,254	20,355	18,848
	728,513	654,041	182,043	170,685	145,810	132,443	1,056,366	957,169

		2021	2020
24.2 Auditors'	remuneration	Rupee	s '000
24.2 Additors	Temuneration		
Audit fee		2,153	2,050
	nited review of half yearly financial		0.455
	nts and other certifications	3,553	3,155
Out of poo	cket expenses	611	452
		6,317	5,657
25. OTHER I	NCOME		
Income fr	om financial assets		
Return	on PLS savings accounts	16,483	7,358
Return	on deposit accounts	-	408
		16,483	7,766
	rom non-financial assets n disposal of non-current assets	9,557	14,085
Others			
Scrap	sales	27,438	21,600
Commi	ssion from group company	-	38,084
Insurar	nce claim	-	113
Liabiliti	es no longer required written back	7,335	-
Others		324	1,241
		61,137	82,889
26. FINANCE	COST		
Exchange	(gain) / loss - net	(31,452)	179,992
Mark-up c	on short-term borrowings	252,000	835,656
Bank chai	ges and others	13,314	19,131
Interest or	n lease liability	1,265	-
		235,127	1,034,779

		2021	2020
		Rupees	s '000
27.	INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
	Current - for the year	140,662	209,560
	Deferred	(16,898)	1,418
		123,764	210,978
27.1	In view of tax loss for the year, provision for minimum	n taxation has	been made in

In view of tax loss for the year, provision for minimum taxation has been made in accordance with section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO, 2001).

Minimum tax rate under section 113 of ITO-2001, for tax year 2021, is 1.5% of turnover and rate of income tax paid at import stage is 5.5% and 2% on import of parts and Completely Knocked Down (CKD) units respectively.

No numeric tax rate reconciliation is given as the Company is only liable for turnover tax under section 113 of the ITO-2001 and advance income tax paid at import stage under minimum tax regime as per section 148 of the ITO, 2001.

		2021	2020
28.	LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED		
	Loss after taxation attributable to		(Restated)
	ordinary shareholders (Rupees '000)	(288,294)	(2,054,976)
	Number of ordinary shares (in '000) issued and subscribed at end of the year	21,570	18,626
	Loss per share - basic & diluted	Rs. (13.37)	Rs. (110.33)

28.1 There were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue as at March 31, 2021 and 2020.

		2021 2020 Rupees '000	
29.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		
	Loss before taxation	(164,530)	(1,843,998)
	Add / (less): Adjustments for non cash charges and other items		
	Depreciation and amortisation	265,013	230,799
	Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets	(9,557)	(14,085)
	Retirement benefits charge	63,013	60,958
	Mark-up on short-term borrowings	252,000	835,656
	Interest on lease liability	1,265	-
	Income on PLS savings and deposit accounts	(16,483)	(7,766)
	Profit / (loss) before working capital changes	390,721	(738,436)
	EFFECT ON CASH FLOW DUE TO WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES		
	Decrease / (increase) in current assets		
	Inventories	1,754,212	4,200,119
	Trade receivables	(205,676)	590,272
	Loans and advances	(22,836)	4,546
	Trade deposits and prepayments	721	55,303
	Refunds due from the government - sales tax	373,515	594,002
	Other receivables	13,079	(14,694)
		1,913,015	5,429,548
	Decrease in current liabilities		
	Trade and other payables	(111,621)	(331,672)
		1,801,394	5,097,876
		2,192,115	4,359,440

2020 2021 Rupees '000

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 30.

Cash and bank balances - note 15	396,379	138,607
Short-term borrowings - secured - note 21	-	(4,115,238)
	396,379	(3,976,631)

31. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, **DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES**

The amounts charged in these financial statements for remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Directors and Executives of the Company are as follows:

CHIEF EX	ECUTIVE				
OFFICER		DIREC	TOR	EXECUTIVES	
2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
		—— Rupees	'000		
2,588	2,732	2,347	2,500	95,778	81,635
-	-	-	-	12,202	14,650
-	-	-	-	15,673	13,670
-	-	-	-	27,356	23,857
181	197	161	176	4,149	3,617
-	-	-	-	1,084	978
231	212	228	211	4,176	3,516
3,000	3,141	2,736	2,887	160,418	141,923
1	1	1	1	25	24
	2,588 - - - 181 - 231	2021 2020 2,588 2,732 181 197 231 212	OFFICER DIRECT 2021 2020 2021 Rupees 2,588 2,732 2,347 - - - - - - - - - 181 197 161 - - - 231 212 228	OFFICER DIRECTOR 2021 2020 2021 2020 Rupees '000 2,588 2,732 2,347 2,500 - - - - - - - - - - - - 181 197 161 176 - - - - 231 212 228 211	OFFICER DIRECTOR EXECU 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 Rupees '000 2,588 2,732 2,347 2,500 95,778 - - - 12,202 - - - 15,673 - - - 27,356 181 197 161 176 4,149 - - - 1,084 231 212 228 211 4,176 3,000 3,141 2,736 2,887 160,418

- 31.1 The CEO, Director and certain Executives of the Company are provided with free use of Company maintained cars and housing facilities in accordance with their terms of employment.
- 31.2 Consultancy fee paid to the Chairman amounts to Rs. 3.79 million (2020: Rs. 3.6 million). The Chairman is also provided with free use of Company maintained car.
- 31.3 In addition to above, fee paid to the Chairman and independent non - executive directors (Pakistan resident only) for attending meetings during the year amounted to Rs. 0.6 million (2020: Rs. 0.33 million) and Rs. 1.7 million (2020: Rs. 0.78 million), respectively.

32.	PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION	2021 ← Units	2020
	Plant capacity (single shift without overtime)		
	- Chassis	6,000	6,000
	- Bodies	1,800	1,800
	Actual production		
	- Chassis	1,040	1,765
	- Bodies	285	342

32.1 Chassis and bodies production during the year was as per market demand.

33. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Disclosure of transactions between the Company and related parties:

Deletienshin		Notices of the position	2021	2020
Relationship		Nature of transaction	Rupees	3 '000
i.	Holding company	- Purchase of goods	70,149	90,762
		- Royalty charge	129,140	120,761
		- Technical assistance fee	-	3,679
ii.	Other related parties	- Purchase of goods	2,864,473	4,811,150
		- Sale of goods	1,466,518	955,745
		- Purchase of property,		
		plant and equipment	40,566	88,050
		- Commission earned	-	38,084
		- Payments to retirement		
		benefit plans	96,951	77,547
iii.	Key management	- Salaries and other		
	personnel	employee benefits	58,022	55,163
		- Retirement benefits	5,910	5,498

^{33.1} Outstanding balances with related parties as at year end have been included in trade receivables, other receivables and trade and other payables respectively. These are settled in ordinary course of business.

^{33.2} Key management personnel includes CEO, Directors, CFO and all Head of departments.

33.3 Following are the related parties / associated companies with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement / agreement in place.

S. No.	Company Name	Country of Origin	Basis of association	Aggregate % of Shareholding
1	Hino Motors Limited, Japan	Japan	Parent	59.67%
2	Toyota Tsusho Corporation, Japan	Japan	Group Company	29.83%
3	Hino Motors (China) Company Limited	China	Group Company	N/A
4	Hino Motors Middle East FZE	United Arab Emirates	Group Company	N/A
5	Toyota Tsusho Asia Pacific Pte Limited	Singapore	Group Company	N/A
6	Toyotsu Machinery Corporation	Japan	Group Company	N/A
7	Indus Motor Company Limited	Pakistan	Group Company	N/A
8	JS Bank Limited	Pakistan	Common Directorship	N/A
9	Askari Bank Limited	Pakistan	Common Directorship	N/A

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Financial assets and liabilities

	Interest / Mark-up bearing			Non Interest / Mark-up bearing			Total
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	Maturity up to one year Rupees '000	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	
FINANCIAL ASSETS							
Loans and advances	-	-	-	19,793	27,382	47,175	47,175
Deposits	-	-	-	24,783	7,358	32,141	32,141
Trade receivables	-	-	-	575,086	-	575,086	575,086
Other receivables	-	-	-	1,615	-	1,615	1,615
Cash and bank balances	374,374	-	374,374	22,005	-	22,005	396,379
2021	374,374		374,374	643,282	34,740	678,022	1,052,396
2020	118,254	-	118,254	441,994	32,290	474,284	592,538
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES							
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	1,465,161	-	1,465,161	1,465,161
Short-term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	-	13,235	-	13,235	13,235
2021				1,478,396		1,478,396	1,478,396
2020	4,115,238	-	4,115,238	1,302,604	-	1,302,604	5,417,842
On statement of financial p	osition gap						
2021	374,374	-	374,374	(835,114)	34,740	(800,374)	(426,000)
2020	(3,996,984)	-	(3,996,984)	(860,610)	32,290	(828,320)	(4,825,304)
OFF STATEMENT OF FINAL	NCIAL POSITIO	N FINANCIAL	INSTRUMENTS				
Commitments for capital expe							13,067
Letters of credit							686,782
Letters of guarantee							1,780,312
2021							2,480,161
2020						:	3,559,152

The effective interest / mark-up rates for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are mentioned in respective notes to the financial statements.

(i) Interest / Mark-up rate risk

Interest / mark-up rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. As at March 31, 2021 the Company's interest bearing financial assets amounted to Rs. 0.37 billion (2020: Rs.0.12 billion), and had the interest rates varied by 100 basis points with all the other variables held constant, loss before tax for the year would have been approximately higher / lower by Rs. 3.74 million (2020: Rs. 1.18 million).

The sensitivity of 100 basis points movement in the interest rates has been used as historically (five years) floating interest rates have moved by an average of 100 basis points per annum.

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised if counterparts failed to perform as contracted. The financial assets exposed to credit risk amount to Rs. 1.05 billion (2020: Rs. 0.59 billion).

The carrying amounts of financial assets which are neither past due nor impaired are as under:

	2021 Rupees	2020	
Loans and advances	47,175	41,466	
Deposits	32,141	28,361	
Trade receivables	514,905	260,211	
Other receivables	1,615	14,694	
Cash and bank balances	396,379	138,607	
	992,215	483,339	

The Company believes that it is not materially exposed to credit risk as major part of these financial assets comprise of receivable from government institutions and bank balances which represent low credit risk as they are placed with banks and other financial institutions having good credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies.

The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposure, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties.

The other financial assets are neither material to the financial statements nor exposed to any significant credit risk.

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk reflects the Company's inability in raising funds to meet its commitments. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and the availability of financing through banking arrangements. Management monitors rolling forecast of the Company's liquidity reserve which comprises of undrawn borrowing facility and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flow.

(iv) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises mainly when receivables and payables exist due to transactions based on currencies other than Pak Rupee. As at March 31, 2021 payable exposed to foreign exchange risk is of Rs. 586.01 million (2020: Rs. 462.72 million). The liability is mainly denominated in Japanese Yen. As at March 31, 2021, if the Pak Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 9% (2020: 13%) against Japanese Yen with all other variables held constant, loss before tax for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs. 52.60 million (2020: loss before tax would have been higher / lower by Rs. 60.15 million), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of Japanese Yen denominated financial assets and liabilities.

The sensitivity of foreign exchange rate looks at the outstanding foreign exchange balances of the Company as at the statement of financial position's date and assumes this is the position for a full twelve-month period. The volatility percentage for movement in foreign exchange rates has been used due to the fact that historically (5 years) rate has moved on average basis by the mentioned percentage per annum.

(v) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

35. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide adequate returns for shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or obtain / repay long term financing from / to financial institutions.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the debt equity ratio. This ratio is calculated as under:

Debt equity ratio = Debt divided by debt plus total equity.

The debt equity ratios as at March 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	2021	2020
	Rupee	s '000
Short-term borrowings - secured	-	3,976,631
Total equity	4,317,609	1,709,088
Total	4,317,609	5,685,719
Debt equity ratio	0:100	70:30

The change in the debt equity ratio is mainly due to the repayment of borrowings and loss after tax during the current year.

		2021	2020
36.	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		
	Number of employees at March 31		
	- Permanent	372	372
	- Contractual	441	453
		813	825
	Average number of employees during the year		
	- Permanent	366	375
	- Contractual	453	516
		819	891

37. PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURE

The investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

38. DETAILS OF OPERATING ASSETS SOLD

The details of operating assets sold, having net book value in excess of Rs. 500,000 each are as follows:

Description	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value Rupees '000 —	Sale proceeds	Gain / (loss)	Mode of disposal	Particulars of purchaser
Motor Vehicle	2,125	531	1,594	1,878	284	Company policy	Mr. Tahir Hafeez Khan - Ex-Employee
	2,507	253	2,254	2,429	175		Mr. Maseeh Ur Rehman - Ex-Employee
	1,828	1,229	599	1,201	602		Mr. Muhammad Arif Khan - Employee
	3,155	283	2,872	2,941	69		Mr. Muhammad Khaliluddin - Employee
	1,663	1,118	545	1,039	494		Mr. Waqas Moin Siddiqi - Employee
	1,418	879	539	774	235		Mr. Fahim Aijaz Sabzwari (CFO) - Employee
	1,250	504	746	821	75		Mr. Fahad Salahuddin - Ex-Employee
	3,155	495	2,660	2,772	112		Mr. Shaikh Abdul Qadir - Ex-Employee
	1,753	1,178	575	1,123	548		Mrs. Karima Sadiq - Employee
	1,753	1,178	575	1,125	550		Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khan - Employee
	1,663	1,118	545	965	420		Mr. Sabir Pasha - Employee
	3,756	1,591	2,165	4,091	1,926	Auction	Toyota Highway Motors - Karachi - Hyderabad Motorway, Sector 8 B Gulzar E Hijri Scheme 33, Karachi
	8,658	1,163	7,495	7,922	427		

39. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue in the Board of Directors meeting held on June 17, 2021.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

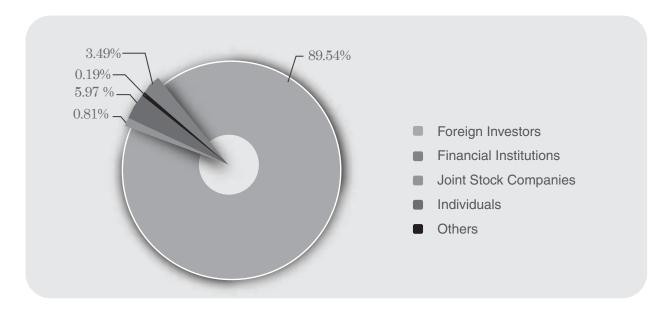
Chief Executive Officer

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

AS AT MARCH 31, 2021

No of Shareholders	Shareh	olders	Total Shares Held
	From	То	
758	1	100	24,971
692	101	500	147,089
138	501	1000	110,335
123	1001	5000	261,974
12	5001	10000	89,500
11	10001	100000	524,267
5	100001	1000000	1,446,384
1	300001	10000000	7,398,867
1	10000001	15000000	14,797,733
1741			24,801,120

Shareholders' Catagory	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares Held	Percentage of holding
Foreign Investors	4	22,206,700	89.54%
Directors	2	20	0.00%
Financial Institutions	5	865,500	3.49%
Joint Stock Companies	13	200,884	0.81%
Individuals	1715	1,479,834	5.97%
Others	2	48,182	0.19%
Grand Total	1741	24,801,120	100.00%



PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

Shareholders' Category	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares Held
Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children		
Mr. Mushtaq Malik	1	10
Ms. Nargis Ali Akbar Ghaloo	1	10
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties		
Hino Motors Ltd. (Hinopak Motors Limited is Toyota Group Company And Subsidiary of Hino Motors Ltd., Japan. Toyota Motors Corporation is the Ultimate Parent of the Group)	1	14,797,733
Toyota Tsusho Corporation, Japan	1	7,398,867
NIT and ICP		
CDC - Trustee National Investment (Unit) Trust	1	864,984
N.B.P. Trustee Dept. Head Office	1	200
Executives		
Mr. Muzaffar Anjum	1	240
Mr. Naushad Riaz	1	200
Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Institutions	1	286
Modarabas and Mutual Funds		
First Alnoor Modaraba	1	10
First Tri-Star Modaraba	1	20
Share holders holding 10% or more voting interest		
Hino Motors Ltd., Japan	1	14,797,733
Toyota Tsusho Corporation	1	7,398,867
General Public (Individuals)		
A. Local	1713	1,479,394
B. Foreign	1	100
<u>Others</u>		
Amin Tai (Private) Limited	1	108,900
Azee Securities (Private) Limited	1	40
Eleven Stars Securities (Private) Limited	1	88,000
Fikrees (Private) Limited	1	2,600
Hermez and Company (Private) Limited	1	20
Loads Limited	1	300
M. M. Securities (Private) Ltd	1	420
Maple Leaf Capital Limited	1	1
Margalla Financial (Private) Limited	1	400
S.Z. Securities (Private) Limited	1	2
Sarfraz Mahmood (Private) Limited	1	100
Sherman Securities (Private) Limited	1	1
Sofcom (Private) Limited	1	100
Tencore II Partners LP	1	10,000
Trustee National Bank of Pakistan Emp Benevolent Fund Trust	1	1,633
Trustee National Bank of Pakistan Employees Pension Fund	1	46,549

1741 24,801,120		
	1741	24,801,120

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 36th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Shareholders of Hinopak Motors Limited (the Company) will be held at the Registered Office of the Company situated at D-2, S.I.T.E., Manghopir Road, Karachi on Wednesday, July 28, 2021 at 09:30 a.m.

Due to ongoing pandemic of COVID-19, the Company has also arranged participation of shareholders through video facility. The detail procedure is mentioned later in the notes. Following businesses will be transacted during the meeting:

ORDINARY BUSINESSES

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021, together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors.
- 2. To appoint auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.
- 3. Any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board Syed Junaid Ali Company Secretary

Karachi: July 07, 2021

Notes

i. Online Participation in the Annual General Meeting

Considering the ongoing COVID-19 situation, the Company has decided to facilitate its shareholders by also allowing the Shareholders to attend the meeting through video link for the safety and well-being of the shareholders. The shareholders who are interested in attending the AGM proceedings online may send the below information along with valid copy of both sides of CNIC with the subject "Registration for Hinopak Motors Limited AGM" at info@hinopak.com for their / their appointed proxy's verification. Such information should be sent from their duly registered valid email ID for the registration purposes latest by July 20, 2021.

Shareholder	Folio / CDC	No. of shares	CNIC No.	Cell No.	Registered Email ID
Name	No.	held			

A detailed procedure shall be communicated through email directly to the shareholders who have provided their valid email IDs and the same shall be placed at the Company's website https://www.hinopak.com in the investor relations section.

Shareholders can also provide their comments / suggestions for the agenda items of the AGM at the email address info@hinopak.com.

Members are therefore, encouraged to attend the AGM through video link or by consolidating their attendance through proxies.

ii. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from July 20, 2021 to July 28, 2021 (both days inclusive). No transfer will be accepted for registration during this period. Transfers received at Share Registrar Office M/s FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited, at the close of business on July 19, 2021, will be treated in time to attend and vote at the meeting.

iii. For Attending the Meeting

In case of individuals, the Account Holders or sub-account holders and / or the persons whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate their identity by showing original Computerized National Identity Cards (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.

In case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors' Resolution / Power of Attorney with the specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (if it has not been provided earlier) at the time of attending the meeting.

iv. Proxy

A member entitled to attend and vote at this General Meeting is entitled to appoint a Proxy to attend, speak and vote in his place at the meeting. Instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at least forty-eight hours before the time of the meeting.

To facilitate identification for right to attend the Annual General Meeting, shareholder whose holdings are on the Central Depository System (CDS) or his Proxy should authenticate his identity by showing his original CNIC or original passport at the time of attending the meeting; along with the Participant's Identity Number and Shareholder's account number allocated by the Central Depository Company.

In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' Resolution / Power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting.

v. Notice to Shareholders who have not provided their CNIC

The Individual Members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) to the Company / Share Registrar, are once again reminded to send the same at the earliest directly to Company's Share Registrar, M/s FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited. In case of non-receipt of the copy of a valid CNIC, the Company would be constrained under section 243(3) of the Companies Act, 2017, to withhold dividend (if any) of such shareholders.

vi. Notice to Shareholders who have not provided their IBAN

In accordance with the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, it is mandatory for a listed company to pay cash dividend to its shareholders only through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. Therefore, shareholders are requested to provide their bank details by filling up the Electronic Credit Mandate Form available at https://famco.com.pk/ and send the duly filled form along with a copy of CNIC to Company's Share Registrar, M/s FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited.

vii. Change of Address

The Shareholders are requested to intimate any changes in their addresses to the Share Registrar, M/s FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited.

viii. Conversion of Physical Shares into Book Entry Form

In accordance with the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017, and subsequent directive received from the SECP for all listed companies to pursue with their physical shareholders and requiring them to convert their shares in the Book-Entry Form. In order to comply with the directives, the Physical Shareholders are once again reminded to convert their shares into Book-Entry Form through Investor Accounts Services of Central Depository Company or any Participant / TRE Certificate-holder of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

ix. Video-link Facility to Members

If the Company receives consent from the members holding at least 10% shareholding residing in a city, to participate in the meeting through video-link at least 07 days prior to date of the meeting, the Company will arrange facility of video-link in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

To avail this facility please provide the following information to our Share Registrar M/s FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited.

I / We,	of	, being a member of
Hinopak Motors Limited, holder of Folio / CDC Account No facility at		ordinary share(s) as per Registered hereby opt for video conference
Circulatives of Marchaula)		
Signature of Member(s)		

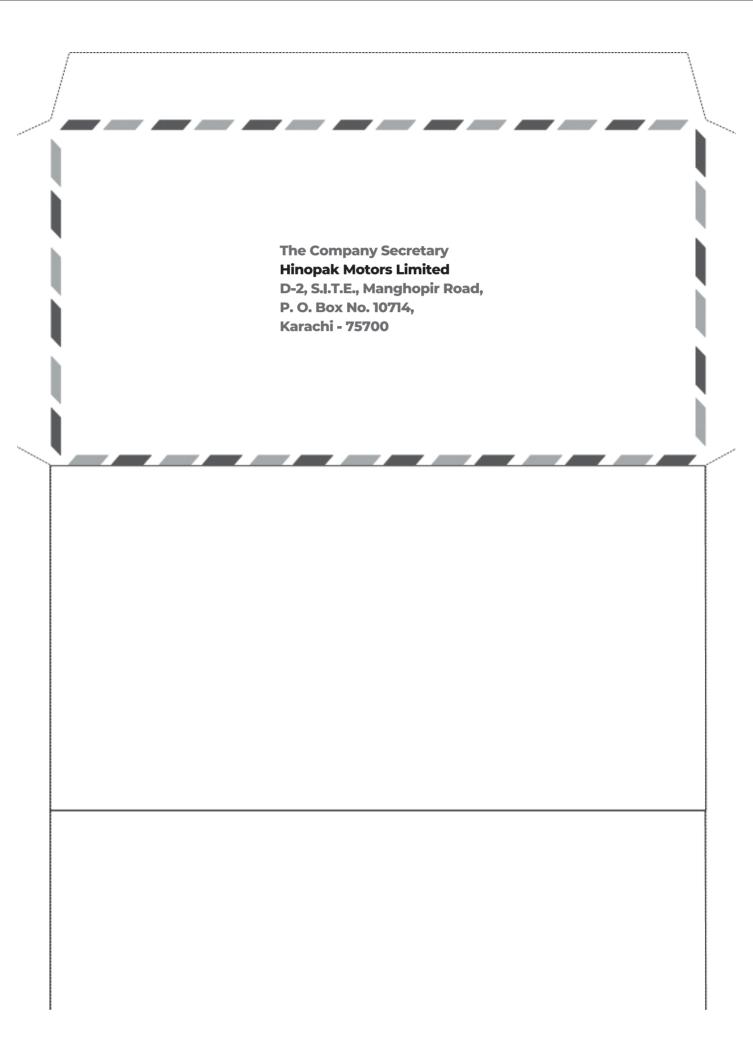
x. Placement of Financial Statements on Website:

The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021 along with reports have been placed on the website of the Company: https://www.hinopak.com/finance.htm

PROXY FORM

I/V	Ve	of	
be	ing a Shareholder of HINOPAK MOTO	RS LIMITED and holding _	Ordinary Shares as per
Re	gister Folio No or "CDC" Partici	pant's I.D. No	A/c No hereby
ар	point Mr. / Ms	_ of	or failing him/her Mr. / Ms.
_	of	as my/our Proxy	in my/our absence to attend and
vo	te for me/us and on my/our behalf at th	e 36 th Annual General Meet	ing of the Company to be held on
W	ednesday, July 28, 2021 and at any adjo	urnment thereof.	
Sic	nature		
_	gnature must be agreed with the Specin	nen	Affix Revenue
•	nature registered with the Company)		Stamp of five
5.5	induite registered with the company,		rupees
W	itness 1	Witness 2	
Sig	nature	Signature	
Na	me	Name ————	
Ad	dress	Address —	
CN	IIC or Passport No.	CNIC or Passport No. —	
NC	OTES:		
1.	A shareholder entitled to attend and	vote at the Annual Gener	al Meeting of the Company may
	appoint any person as his/her proxy to	attend and vote instead of	him/her. The proxy shall have the
	right to attend, speak and vote in place	of the shareholder appoint	ing him/her at the meeting.
	A proxy need not be a member of the (Company.	
2.	The instrument appointing a proxy sho	ould be signed by the Sharel	holder or by his/her Attorney, duly
	authorised in writing and person appoi	nted proxy. In case of corpo	rate entity, the Board of Directors
	resolution/power of attorney with spec	cimen signature shall be su	bmitted along with proxy form to
	the company.		
3.	The Proxy Form duly completed mus	st be deposited at the Con	npany's Registered Office at D-2,
	S.I.T.E., Manghopir Road, P.O. Box No. 10)714, Karachi - 75700 not les	s than 48 hours before the time of
	holding the meeting.		

4. Shareholders whose holdings are in the Central Depository System (CDS) and their proxies both should attach with this form, attested copies of their Computerised National Identity Card or (attested copies of first four pages of their passport). To facilitate identification at the AGM, the proxy should bring his/her original Computerised National Identity Card or passport. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting.



مختارنامه (براکسی فارم)

/	عام صص بمطابق رجسر ڈ فولیونمبر	بحثیت ممبر ہینو پاک موٹر زلمیٹڈ بملکیت	میں/ہم_
	اكاۇنٹ نمبر	CDC Participant's I.E	يا. No.ل
_ كواپنا/ بهارا بطور مختار مقرر		ماة یا ان کی غیر موجود گی میں مسمی/	
		/کرتے ہیں تا کہ وہ میری/ ہماری غیرموجودگی میں میری/ ہماری طرف	
,	دُ ال <i>سکے</i> -	نعقد ہور ہاہےاوراس کے ملتوی شدہ اجلاس میں شرکت کر سکے اور ووٹ	بروز بده
فی رویه کا)	مطلوبه (یارُ		دستخط
فی روپه کا) چیپا <i>ن کری</i> ن	ر بوينونك :	۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ ٹی کے پاس پہلے ہے محفوظ و شخطی کے مطابق ہونے ضروری ہیں)	(دستخط میز
			//
	گواه (۲)		گواه (۱)
	د شخط گواه:		دستخط گواه:
	نام::	·	نام:
	٠	<u> </u>	:**.
	قومی شناختی کارڈنمبریا پاسپورٹنمبر:	ن کار دُنمبر یا پاسپورٹ نمبر:	قومی شناخ
			نوٹس:
, (* de m. , (), (), ()	ا دیں ما سیز س کسی شخص	کمیلاً برین در ای می ای در این ای ای این این این این این این این ا	و ن.
نما تناره نواجلان کی شریت اور	سے کا اس ہووہ آپی جلہ پر کی اور مس یا	سنمیٹی کا ایسا حصہ دار/ممبر جوسالا نہا جلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔ من او سے ایس سے سن	-1
		ووٹ ڈالنے کے لئے نامز دکرسکتا ہے۔ بہت یا جہ جہ بریم کمیڈ برم برین	
(···		پراکسی ہولڈر(مختار) کوئمپنی کاممبر ہونا ضروری نہیں ہے۔	
		پراکسی ہولڈر کے لئے ضروری ہے کہاس کوشرا کت داریااس کا مجاز و	-۲
ردستخط کے ساتھ پئی ہذا میں بع	یا مختار نامہ بھع نامزد کردہ حص کے محونہ	صورت میں پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کی قرارداد	
<i>«</i>	.	کروا ئیں۔	
ك، منكهو پير روڈ ، P.O.Box		تمام نامزدگیاں اس صورت میں موثر ہونگی جب پراکسی فارم بنا	-m
		No.10714 کراچی 75700 کواجلاس کے انعقاد کے مقرر وقت	
•	• • •	CDS میں ا کاؤنٹ رکھنے والے ممبران کے لئے قومی شناختی کارڈیا پا	-1~
· .	•	ہے۔ پراکسی ہولڈرز کوسالا نہ اجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت اپنااصل	
دہ تخص کے نمونہ دستخط کے ساتھ	يكثرز كى قرارداد يامختيار نامه بمع نامز دكر	رہے-ادارے کی صورت میں پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈائر	

بوقت نثر کت اجلاس کمپنی مذامیں پیش کرنا ضروری ہے۔

اس سہولت سے استفادہ کے لئے شیئر رجیٹر ارمیسر زفیمکو ایسوسی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ کومندرجہ ذیل معلومات فراہم کریں:

ممبر(ممبران)کے دستخط

۱۰ - آ ڈٹ شدہ سالانہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی ویب سائٹ پر دستیابی

کمپنی کے مالیاتی گوشوارے برائے مختمہ مدت 1 3 مارچ 1 2 0 2 بہع رپورٹیں کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ https://www.hinopak.com/finance.htmپراپلوڈ کردی گئی ہیں۔ کار پوریٹ انٹیٹی کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی قرار داد/مختیار نامہ بمع نامز دفر د کے نمونہ دستخط اجلاس میں حاضری کے وقت پیش کئے جائیں گے۔

۵- ان حصص یافتگان سے گزارش جنہوں نے اپنے CNIC فراہم نہیں کئے ہیں

وہ انفرادی ممبران جنہوں نے اب تک اپنے درست کمپیوٹرائز ڈقومی شاختی کارڈ (CNIC) کی فوٹو کا پی کمپنی اٹیکٹر رجسٹر ارکوفرا ہم نہیں کی ہیں انہیں ایک مرتبہ پھر یا دو ہانی کرائی جاتی ہے کہ جلد از جلدا پی CNIC بلاواسطہ کمپنی کے شئیر رجسٹر ارمیسرز فیمکو ایسوسی ایسٹل (پرائیویٹ) کو ارسال کردیں۔ درست مرتبہ پھر یا دو ہانی کرائی جاتی کے خاصورت میں کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 کی دفعہ (243(3) کے تحت کمپنی ایسے صص یافت گان کے منافع منقسمہ کورو کئے پر مجبور ہوگی۔

ے ان حصص یافتگان سے گزارش جنہوں نے این IBANفرا ہم نہیں کئے ہیں

کمپنیزا یکٹ 2017 کی دفعہ 242 کی شقوں کے تحت اسٹر کمپنی کے لئے لازمی ہے کہ وہ نقد منافع منقسمہ اپنے تصص یافتگان کو صرف برقی طریقے سے بلاواسطہ حقدار حصص یافتگان سے گزارش ہے کہ بلاواسطہ حقدار حصص یافتگان سے گزارش ہے کہ (CNIC) میں منتقل کرے۔ لہذا حصص یافتگان سے گزارش ہے کہ https://famco.com.pk/پردستیاب الیکٹرونک کریڈیٹ مینڈیٹ فارم میں اپنے بینک کی تفصیلات پڑ کریں اور باضابطہ پر شدہ فارم کو CNIC) ہے ہمراہ کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ار،میسرز فیمکو ایسوسی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹر گرکوارسال کردیں۔

ے۔ پتے میں تبدیلی

صف یافتگان سے گزارش ہے کہا بینے رجسڑ ڈیتے میں کسی بھی تبدیلی سے تعلق شیئر رجسڑ ار، میسر زفیمکو ایسوسی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڑکو آگاہ کریں۔

۸- طبعی حص کی بک انٹری فارم میں تبدیلی

کمپنیزا یکٹ 2017 کی دفعہ 72 کی شقوں کے تحت اور SECP سے بعدازاں موصولہ ہدایات کے مطابق تمام لیڈ کمپنیز ایپے طبعی تصص یافتگان کو مائل کر بیں اور ایپے خصص کو اور بک انٹری فارم میں تبدیل کرنے کوخروری قرار دیں۔ ان ہدایات کی پاسداری کرتے ہوئے طبعی تصص یافتگان کو ایک مرتبہ کھر یا در ہانی کرائی جاتی ہے کہ ایپے خصص کوسینٹرل ڈپازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان کی انویسٹرا کاؤنٹس سروسزیا پاکستان اسٹاک ایکھینچ کے کسی بھی TRE کھر یا در ہانی کرائی جاتی ہے کہ ایپے حصص کوسینٹرل ڈپازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان کی انویسٹرا کاؤنٹس سروسزیا پاکستان اسٹاک ایکھینچ کے کسی بھی سرٹیفائیٹ ہولڈر/شریک کارے ذریعے بک انٹری فارم میں تبدیل کروالیں۔

9_ ممبران کے لئے وڈ پولنک کی سہولت

ا گر کمپنی کوئسی ممبر/ممبران سے اجلاس میں بذر بعیہ وڈیولنک شرکت کرنے کی درخواست 07 دن قبل موصول ہوجن کی کمپنی میں 10 فیصد حصص داری ہے اور وہ کسی ایک شہر میں برر ہائش پذیر ہوں تو کمپنی ان کے لئے وڈیولنگ کی سہولت کا اہتما م کرے گی بشرطیکہ اس شہر میں بیسہولت دستیاب ہو- ایک تفصیلی طریقه کاربذربعه ای میل بلاواسطه ان حص یافتگان کوفراهم کیا جائے گا جنہوں نے اپنی درست ای میل آئی ڈی فراہم کردی ہونگی اور بیرطریقه کارکمپنی کی ویب سائٹ https://www.hinopak.com پرانویسٹر سے متعلق سیکشن میں بھی ڈال دیا جائے گا-

حصص یافتگان ایجنڈے کے امور سے متعلق اپنی آ راء/تجاویزای میل ایڈریس info@hinopak.com پر فراہم کر سکتے ہیں۔

لہذا ممبران کی AGM میں وڈ بولنک کے لئے ذریعے صاضری یا پراکسی کے ذریعے اپنی صاضری کومجموعی بنانے کی حوصلہ افزائی کی جاتی ہے۔

۲- حصص منتقلی کی کتابوں کی بندش

سالا نہ اجلاس عام کے لئے کمپنی کی حصص منتقلی کی کتابیں 20 جولائی 2021 تا 28 جولائی 2021 (بشمول دونوں دن) بندر ہیں گی- اس مدت کے دوران کوئی بھی حصص منتقلی قبول نہیں کی جائے گی۔ شیئر رجٹرار آفس میسرز فیمکو ایسوسی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ میں 19 جولائی 2021 کودفتری اوقات ختم ہونے تک موصول ہونے والی منتقلیں کواجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ کے لئے بروقت تصور کیا جائے گا-

س- اجلاس میں حاضری کے لئے

انفرادی فرد کی صورت میں کھاتے داریاذیلی کھاتے داراور/یاوہ افراد جن کے صص گروپ اکاؤنٹ کی صورت میں ہیں اوران کی تفیصلات ریگولیشنز کے تحت اپ لوڈ کردی گئی ہیں، وہ اپنی شناخت کے لئے اپنااصل کمپیوٹرائز ڈ قومی شناختی کارڈ (CNIC) یااصل پاسپورٹ اجلاس میں حاضری کے وقت پیش کریں گے۔

کارپوریٹ انٹیٹی کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد/مختیار نامہ بمع نامز دفر د کے نمونہ دستخط اجلاس میں حاضری کے وقت پیش کئے جائیں گے (اگریہلے فراہم نہ کئے ہوں)۔

ہم۔ پراکسی

وہ ممبر جو کہ اجلاس عام میں حاضر ہونے اور ووٹ دینے کاحق رکھتا ہوتو وہ اجلاس میں حاضر ہونے ، بولنے اور ووٹ دینے کے لئے اپنی طرف سے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ پراکسی کی تقرری کا فارم لازمی طور پر اجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھنے قبل کمپنی کے رجٹرڈ آفس میں موصول ہوجانا چاہئے۔

سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کے سلسلے میں شاخت کی سہولت کے لئے حصص یافتگان جن کے قصص سینٹرل ڈپازٹری سٹم (CDS) میں ہیں یا ان کا پراکسی اپنی شاخت کے لئے اصل CNIC یا اصل پاسپورٹ اجلاس میں حاضری کے وقت پیش کرے گا، جن کے ساتھ شریک کار کا شاختی نمبر اور حصص یافتہ کا اکا وُنٹ نمبر بھی پیش کیا جائے گا جو سینٹرل ڈپازٹری کمپنی نے مختص کیا ہو۔

نوٹس برائے سالا نہ اجلاس عام

بذر بعیزوٹس مذامطلع کیاجا تاہے کہ بینو پاک موٹرزلمیٹڈ (کمپنی) کے حصص یافتگان کا چھتیبواں سالا نہاجلاس عام کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آفس واقع 2-D،سائٹ،منگھو پیر روڈ،کراچی پر بروزبدھ 28 جولائی 2021 صبح 09:30 بجے منعقد ہوگا۔

COVID-19 کی موجودہ وباءکو مدنظرر کھتے ہوئے کمپنی نے حصص یافتگان کی شرکت کے لئے وڈیو کی سہولت کا اہتمام کیا ہے۔ بعداز ں بیان کیا گیا ہے۔ اجلاس کے دوران مندرجہ ذیل امورانجام دیئے جائیں گے۔

عمومی امور

– تھینی کے آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے برائے مختتمہ مدت 31 مارچ2021 کے ساتھ دڑائر بکٹر زاور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹوں کی وصولی بنوراورانہیں اختیار کرنا۔

اگلےسال کے لئے آڈیٹر کی تقرری اوران کا معاوضہ طے کرنا۔

س- صدرمجلس کی اجازت سے مزید کوئی امور کی انجام دہی -

جگام بورڈ س**یدجنیدعلی** سمپنی سیکریٹری

کراچی

7 جولا كى 2021

گزارشات:

ا- سالانه اجلاس عام میں آن لائن شرکت

COVID-19 کی موجودہ وباء کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے کمپنی نے قصص یافتگان کو ہمولت فراہم کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے جس میں قصص یافتگان کی بہبوداور تحفظ کی خاطر قصص یافتگان ہو کہ AGM کی کارروائی آن لائن کی خاطر قصص یافتگان جو کہ AGM کی کارروائی آن لائن شرکت میں دلچیوں رکھتے ہوں وہ اپنی درست CNIC کی دونوں اطرف کی نقل کے ساتھ مندرجہ ذیل معلومات عنوان'' رجٹریشن آف بینو پاک موٹر ز لمرکت میں دلچیوں رکھتے ہوں وہ اپنی درست ای میل آئی لائے مقرر کر دہ پراکسی کی تقرری کے لئے info@hinopak.com پرفراہم کردیں۔ یہ معلومات اپنی درست ای میل آئی ڈی کے ذریعے رجٹریشن مقاصد کے لئے 2021 تک فراہم کردیں۔

رجىٹر ڈای میل آئی ڈی	سيل نمبر	CNIC نمبر	ملكية خصص كى تعداد	فوليو/سي ڈي سي نمبر	حصص يافتة كانام

کمپنیزا یکٹ2017 کےفورتھ شیڈول میں طے کردہ حد کےمطابق سالا نہ رپورٹ میں اصطلاح''ا یگزیکٹؤ' سے انکشاف پراییاملازم شتمل ہے جس کی سالا نہ بنیادی تنخواہ ایک سال میں 1.2 ملین روپے سے زیادہ ہو-

ادارتی ساجی ذمه داری/ ماحولیات پراثرات

کمپنی سالہاسال ہے معاشرے کی فلاح بہبود میں مختلف ہاجی سرگرمیوں کے ذریعے قابل ذکر معاونت کررہی ہے۔ CSR پالیسی کے تحت کمپنی کی بنیادی ساجی سرگرمیوں میں طبی سہولیات، کام کی جگہ، ماحولیات اور معاشرہ شامل ہے۔اس سال لاک ڈاؤن کی پابندیوں کی وجہ سے CSR سرگرمیاں رک گئی ہیں۔

کام کی جگہ پر تحفظ کمپنی کی ہمیشہ ترجج رہی ہےاور کمپنی کے پاس صحت و تحفظ کی ایک متحکم پالیسی ہے۔ وہا کی کممل مدت کے دوران مناسب اقد امات کئے گئے اور تحت پاسداری کویقینی بنایا۔ بنایا گیا۔ اقد امات جیسے کہ چہرے پر ماسک لگانا، ساجی فاصلہ، سینی ٹاکزر گیٹ، تھرمل چیکنگ اور گھر سے کام کی سہولت نے کمپنی کے ملاز مین کے حفظ اور کاروباری تسلسل کویقینی بنایا۔ کمپنی نے اپنے ملاز مین کومشورہ دیا ہے کہ Covid-19 کے خلاف ویکسین لگوالیس تا کہ ایک محفوظ معاشرہ جنم لے سکے۔

نان ایگزیگٹوڈ ائریکٹرز کےمعاوضہ کی یالیسی کےنمایاں خدوخال

بورڈ آ فڈائر یکٹرز کا چیئر مین مشاورتی فیس کےعلاوہ اجلاسوں میں حاضر ہونے کی فیس کا حقدار ہے۔

نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرزبشمول آزادڈ ائریکٹرز صرف اجلاس میں حاضر ہونے کی فیس کے حقد اربیں (سوائے غیرملکی ڈائریکٹرزکے)

سال کے دوران پریذیڈنٹ/ چیف ایکزیکٹو کامعاوضہ 3 ملین روپے (2020 میں 3.14 ملین) رہا-

سال کے دوران چیئر مین کا بورڈ کے اجلاس میں شرکت کا معاوضہ 0.6 ملین روپے (2020 میں 0.33 ملین روپے) اور مشاورتی فیس جوادا کی گئی وہ 3.79 ملین روپے (2020 میں 3.6 ملین روپے) رہی –

ڈائر کیٹرزبشمول چیف ایگزیکٹو کےمعاوضہ کی مزید تفصیلات مالیاتی گوشواروں کےنوٹ نمبر 31 کےصفحہ نمبر 64 پربیان کی گئی ہیں۔

چيئر مين كاجائزه

چیئر مین کا ملحقہ جائزہ کمپنی کی کارکردگی ،گزشتہ سال کے کاروباری نتائج سے قابل ذکرانحرات ، قابل ذکرمنصوبوں اورمستقبل کی پیش بینی کا احاطہ کرتا ہے۔ بورڈ اس جائزہ کے مندر جات کی توثیق کرتا ہے۔

تجكم بورڈ

تاريخ: 17 *جو*ن2021

Alu.

ادارتی نظم وضبط کے بہترین طور طریقوں کی پاسداری

بورڈ اس بات کامسرت کے ساتھ اظہار کرتا ہے کہ کمپنی کی انتظامیا دارتی نظم وضبط کے ضابطہ کے بہترین طور طریقوں کی پاسداری کرتی ہے۔ بورڈ ادارتی اور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک کے سلسلے میں اپنی ذمہ داری کوشلیم کرتا ہے اور لہذا بیان کرتا ہے کہ:

- 🖈 کمپنی کے کھاتوں کی کتابیں مناسب انداز میں تیار کی گئی ہیں۔
- سوائے منکشفات کے کمپنی کے مالی گوشواروں میں تسلسل کے ساتھ مناسب حساباتی پالیسیاں اختدار کی گئی ہیں اور حساباتی تنجمینوں کی بنیا ومحتاط اور مناسب فیصلوں پر ہے۔
 - 🖈 عالمی اکاؤنٹنگ کے معیارات جو پاکستان میں نافذ میں ان کی مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں پیروی کی گئی ہے۔
 - 🖈 اندرونی گرفت کے نظام کومضبوط طرزیر بنایا گیاہے اوراس کا موثر طوریر نفاذ اورسلسل نگرانی کویقینی بنایا جا تا ہے۔
 - کے جاتے۔ کمپنی کی سرگرمیاں جاری رہنے کے حوالے سے کسی طرح کے شکوک وشبہات نہیں یائے جاتے۔
 - 🖈 یا کتان اسٹاک ایجینج کی رول بک کے قواعد میں بیان کردہ ادارتی نظم ونسق کے بہترین طور طریقوں سے کوئی قابل ذکر انحراف نہیں کیا گیا۔
 - 🖈 گزشته چیسالون کاروباری اور مالیاتی اعدو ثنار کی جھلکیاں سالا نیر پورٹ کے صفحہ 17 پردی گئی ہیں۔
 - 🖈 31 مارچ 2021 کو کمپنی کے پرویڈنٹ، گریچویٹی اور پنشن فنڈ زسے کی گئی سر ماہیکاری کی مالیت درج ذیل ہے:

فنثكانام	روپے ہزاروں میں
ببيغو پاکموٹرزلميٹڈا يمپلائز پروو ٿيرينٺ فنڈ	279,051
ہینو پاکموٹر زلمیٹڈا یمپلائز گریچو ی ^ی فنڈ	301,173
ہینو یاکموٹر زلمیٹیٹرا یمپلائز بنیش فنڈ	499,897

تحمینی کے خصص میں خرید و فروخت

سال مختتمہ 31 مارچ 2021 کے دوران ڈائر کیٹرز،ا گیز کیٹوزاوران کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں نے کمپنی کے حصص میں کوئی خرید وفر وخت نہیں کی سوائے درج ذیل کے:

نام	سودے کی نوعیت	خصص کی تعداد
مشاق ملک (آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر)	رائث اجراء	5
زگس علی اکبرگھالو(آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر)	رائث اجراء	5
جناب نوشادریاض (ایگزیکٹو)	رائث اجراء	100
مظفرانجم (ا مَكِز يكِٹو)	رائث اجراء	120

بنيادي خطرات اورغيريقيني حالات

جبہ معیشت بحالی کے راستے پرگامزن ہے لیکن عالمی امکانات ابھی تک انتہائی غیریقینی کا شکار ہیں۔ امیدافزانمو کے امکانات کی وجوہات میں ویکسین لگانے میں تیزی، حکومتی پالیسی کے تعاون کی حدجس میں نہ صرف یہ بلکہ لاک ڈاؤن میں ترمی بھی شامل ہے۔ ونیا بھر میں اچا تک اورغیر مر بوط لاک ڈاؤن کی وجہ سے سامان کی شیمنٹ میں قابل ذکر تاخیر پالیسی کے تعاون کی حدجس میں نہ اور کی بروقت تعکیل میں کا میاب رہی، تاہم رسد کی زنجیر میں رکاوٹ کے خطر کے واس غیریقینی صورتحال میں ختم کرنے کی ضرورت ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ پالیسی کی اور سے معلوہ کا بڑا حصہ در آمدات پر مشتمل ہے۔

آ ڈیٹرز کی تقرری

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرزا سے ایف فرگون اینڈ کو چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹٹس سبکدوش ہو چکے ہیں اور اہلیت کے باعث انہوں نے اپنی دوبارہ تقرری کی پیشکش کی ہے۔ ڈائر کیٹرزنے آڈٹ سمیٹی کی سفارش پرمیسرزا سے ایف فرگون اینڈ کو کی بحثیت آڈیٹرز برائے سال 31 مارچ 2021 کی تقرری کی توثیق کی ہے جس کی شرائط وضوابط اور معاوضہ کا تعین بعد میں کیا جائے گا۔

حصص داری کی ساخت

لٹر کینیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشنز 2019 کے تحت 31 مارچ 2021 کو قصص داری کی ساخت اور دیگراضا فی معلومات کو بالتر تیب صفحہ 70 تاصفحہ 71 پر منکشف کیا گیا ہے۔

*ہولڈ*نگ سمپنی

19 کتوبر 1998 سے ہینوموٹرزلمیٹڈ جاپان ہینو پاک موٹرزلمیٹڈ میں 59.67 فیصد حصص داری کی وجہ سے اس کی ہولڈنگ سمپنی ہے۔

اندرونی گرفت کے نظام کی موزونیت

سمپنی کا بورڈ کمپنی کے اندرونی گرفت کے نظام کی تشکیل اور نا فذکرنے کا ذمہ دار ہے تا کہ کمپنی کولاحق خطرات کی شناخت کی جاسکے اوران کا مقابلہ کیا جاسکے۔

بورڈ پڑاعتاد ہے کہ اندرونی گرفت کے نظام کی شکل مضبوط ہے اورموثر انداز میں نافذ العمل ہے اوراس کی نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔

منافع منقسمه

کمپنی کی مالی پوزیشن کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز نے کسی قتم کا نفتہ یا دیگر کوئی منافع منقسمہ ادانہ کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے۔

بعدازال داقعات

مالیاتی سال کے اختتا م اوراس رپورٹ کی تاریخ تک کوئی بھی ایسے وعدے یا ٹھوس تبدیلیاں رونمانہیں ہوئیں جن سے کمپنی کی مالی پوزیشن متاثر ہوتی ہو-

خساره كا خضاص اختصاص كي تفصيلات درج ذيل بين:

سالمختتمه	سال مختتمه	
3020ۇرچ	31دار ئ2021	
روپے'000' ^{می} ں		
(1,843,998)	(164,530)	خساره قبل از ائكم ئيكس
(210,978)	(123,764)	انكم ثيكس اخراجات
(2,054,976)	(288,294)	خساره بعدازائكم ثيكس
47,981	55,133	جامدا ثا ثوں کی فروخت اوراضا فی فرسودگی کی مدمیں جامدا ثا ثوں کی از سرنوتشخیص مالیت پراضا فیہ کی
		منتقلي
(9,526)	(9,093)	د گیر جامع خساره برائے سال
	(11,847)	رائٹ اجراء کی اجرائی لاگت
1,335,362	(681,159)	غیرمصرف شده (خساره)/منافع پیچیے سے لایا گیا
(681,159)	(935,260)	غیرمصرف شدہ (خسارہ) آ گے لے جایا گیا
ازسرنو تخمينه شده		
Rs. (110.33)	Rs. (13.37)	فی حصص خساره

سمینی کے کاروبار کی ترقی اور کار کردگی ، خسارہ کی وجوہات اور مستقبل میں منافع کے امکانات

اگرچہ سال دشوارگز اررہا، تا ہم کمپنی اپنے خسارے کو 86 فیصد (2.5 بلین سے 0.288 بلین) تک کم کرنے میں کامیاب رہی۔جس کی بنیادی وجہ انتظامیہ کے کلیدی فیصلے جس میں ارائے حصص کے اجراء کی رقم کے 2.9 ارب روپے شامل تھے جس میں حصص یافتگان کی طرف سے پر جوش سرگری دیکھی گئی۔جس کے نتیجے میں کمپنی اپنے قرضوں کو واپس کرنے کے قابل رہی ،جس سے روانیت کی صورتحال بہتر ہوئی اور مالیاتی لاگتوں کی بچت ہوئی – سال کے دوران کمپنی کا حجم فروخت کی وجوہات میں وہاء کی مدت کے دوران گا ہوں کی کمزور قوت خرید ، سلسل معاثی ست روی اور تجارتی گاڑیوں کی صنعت پر دباؤشامل تھا۔

مختاط مالیاتی پالیسی اور ہدفی مالیاتی تعاون کی وجہ سے پاکستان کی معیشت مشتکم ہورہی ہے۔20-2019 کی منفی 0.4 فیصد کے مقابلے میں اس سال نمو کی شرح 4.0 فیصد اور پالیسی نرخ کو 23.25 فیصد سے کم کرے 7 فیصد پر برقر ارر کھنے سے معاشی بحالی میں مدد ملی ۔جس سے کمپنی کی نموکو مشتکام کرنے کے لئے مضبوط پلیٹ فارم ملا اور صنعت میں شدید مسابقت کے درمیان طویل مدتی بہتر نتائج کی پیشین گوئی ہے۔

انسانى وسائل ومعاوضه يمثر	-۲
مشاق ملك- چيئر مين	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$
روشيه يكو نا نامى	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$
شيگير وسو چيا	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$
کو جی نا گا ٹا	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$
آ کیواشد کا وا	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\leadsto}$

سال کے دوران آ ڈٹ تمیٹی کے جاپر اجلاس ہوئے جن میں ہرڈائر یکٹرز کی حاضری درج ذیل رہی:

ڈائز یکٹرز کے نام	حاضرا جلاسوں کی تعداد
جناب مشا ق ملک	3
مس زگس علی اکبرگھالو	4
جناب سوئيشي كانيكو	4
جناب مبيثوثني اوثومو	3
جنابآ كيواشيكا وا*	0
جناب کو جی نا گا تا*	0

جومبران آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاسوں میں حاضر نہ ہوسکے ان کی رخصت منظور کر لی گئی۔

*سال کے دوران 17 فروری 2021 کوڈ ائر یکٹرز کی تقرری ہوئی،جس کے بعدسے بورڈ کا کوئی اجلاس سال کے اختیام تک نہیں ہوا۔

سمینی کی بنیا دی سرگرمیاں اور عمومی جائزہ

ہینو پاک موٹرزلمیٹٹر (سمینی) پاکستان میں بطور پیلک لمیٹٹر ممپنی تفکیل پائی اوریہ پاکستان اسٹاک ایکھیٹی میں لسٹٹ ہے۔ کمپنی کی بنیادی سرگرمی ہینو بسوں اورٹرکوں کی اسمبلی ، بندر س تیاری اورفروخت ہے۔

سال 2020-2021 کوروناوائرس کے عالمی پھیلاؤ کی وجہ سے انتہائی دشوارگز ارر ہا۔ 19-Covid کے اثر ات، وہاء کا خوف، مارکیٹ میں سست روی اور کاروباروں سرگرمیوں اور انفرادی سرگرمیوں پر پابندیوں نے عالمی معیشت کی صورتحال کو قابل ذکر حد تک نازک بنادیا اور جس کے نتیجے میں معاشی سرگرمیوں میں کمی ہوئی - کاروباروں کی زبرد سی بندش کے نتیجے میں عالمی سطح پرست روی ہوئی - تاہم اس بحران پر قابو پانے کے لئے حکومت اور اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے وہاء کے معاشی اثر ات کو کم کرنے کے لئے امدادی اقدامات اور پالیسیاں متعارف کروا کیں جس سے مقامی صنعتوں کو سہاراملا –

سال کے دوران کاروباری نوعیت ہے متعلق کوئی تبدیلی نہیں ہوئی۔

بورڈ کے اجلاس

سال کے دوران بورڈ کے یانچ (5) اجلاس ہوئے جن میں ہرڈ ائر یکٹر کی حاضری درج ذیل رہی:

حاضرا جلاسوں کی تعداد	ڈائر یکٹرز کے نام
5	جناب محمداسكم ينجراني
5	جناب بوشيهيكو نانامي
5	جناب شيكير وسوجيا
5	جناب سوئيشي كا نيكو *
5	مس نرگس علی ا کبرگھالو
4	جناب مشاق ملك
4	جناب ۾ ٿوڻي اوڙومو *
0	جناب کو جی نا گاٹا* *
0	جنابآ كيواشيهكا وا* *
0	جنابِ <i>ا كبرايوچيد</i> ا* * *

جومبران بورڈ کے اجلاسوں میں حاضر نہ ہوسکے ان کی رخصت منظور کر لی گئی۔

*رواں سال کے دوران استعفیٰ دیا اور جو casual vacancie تھیں ان کو پُر کیا گیا۔

* * سال کے دوران 17 فروری 2021 کوڈ ائر کیٹرز کی تقرری ہوئی،جس کے بعدسے بورڈ کا کوئی اجلاس سال کے اختیام تک نہیں ہوا۔

* * * مسٹرشکیر وسوچیا کی جگه پریکم اپریل 2021 کوبطور ڈائر یکٹرتقرری ہوئی۔

بورڈ کی کمیٹیاں

بور ڈنے دوذیلی کمیٹیاں بنام آڈٹ کمیٹی اورانسانی وسائل ومعاوضہ کمیٹی تشکیل دی ہیں۔بور ڈنے جوکمیٹیاں تشکیل دی ہیں وہ درج ذیل افرادیمشمل ہیں:

آ ڈٹ میٹی آ ڈٹ

مشاق ملك- چيئر مين

نرگس علی اکبرگھالو

کو جی نا گاٹا $\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$

آ كيواشد كاوا $\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$

ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ

کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرزاپنی رپورٹ کے ساتھ کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے برائے مختتمہ مدت 31مارچ2021 پیش کرتے ہوئے اظہار مسرت کرتے ہیں:

کمپنی کابورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز درج ذیل پرمشمل ہے:

ڈائر یکٹرز کی کل تعداد

06

۲- خاتون 01

تشكيل بندى

ا- آزاد ڈائریکٹرز

01

- خاتون 01

۲ نان ایگزیگود از یکٹرز 03

س_ ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرز 02

بورد میں تبدیلیاں

اتفاقی آ سامیاں

سال کے دوران بورڈ میں مندرجہ ذیل اتفاقی آ سامیاں پیدا ہوئیں:

نځ ڈائر یکٹرز کی تاریخ تقرری نے آنے والے ڈائر یکٹرز حانے والے ڈائر یکٹرز ا- مسٹر ہٹوشی اوٹومو مسٹر کو جی نا گا ٹا 17 فروري 2021 ۲- مسٹر سوئشی کا نیکو مسٹرآ کیواشدیکا وا 17 فروري 2021

كيم ايريل 2021 كوجناب شكير وسوچيا كي جله يراكيرايو چيدا كي تقرري موئي -

Covid-19 کی تیسری لہرابھی بھی پوری دنیااور پاکستان میں پھیل رہی ہے، مجموعی طور پر معاثی نقطہ نظر ایک اعلیٰ سطح پر غیریقینی صورتحال سے دوحیار ہے۔ نئی آٹویالیسی کے ساتھ ساتھەزرمبادلە كىشرح مىں اتار چڑھاؤاورمجموعى معاشى اشارىيئے كمپنى كىمستقبل كى كاركردگى مىں كلىدى كردارادا كريں گے۔

چیلنجز کوقا بوکرنے کے تناظر - بیکامیا بی کے لئے ایک آسان سفزہیں ہوگا الیکن انتظامیہ پرعزم ہے اورتمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کیلئے روثن مستقبل کاشت کرنے کا پخته اعتماد ہے-

اظهارتشكر

آ خرمیں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے اس مشکل وقت میں ، میں تمام خصص یافتگان کے کمپنی پرسلسل اعتاداور بھروسے پران کامشکور ہوں۔

محمداسلم سنجراني

چیئر مین

تاريخ: 17 جون 2021

منافع منقسمه

سمپنی کی مالیاتی صورتحال کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز نے کسی قتم کا نقدیا دیگر کوئی منافع منقسمہ تقسیم نہ کرنے کا فیصلہ کہا ہے۔

قومی خزانے میں معاونت

كىپنى نے ئيكسوں، ۋبو ئيول اورسيس كى مدمين حكومت كوتقريباً 1.18 بلين رويے كى ادائيگى كى-

رائث خصص كااجراء

گزشتہ سال کے دباؤ کے معاثی ماحول کے درمیان انتظامیہ نے موثر انداز میں اپنی مالیاتی انتظامی حکمت عملی موثر طور پرواضح کی اور 233.50 روپے فی حصص کی قیت پر 100 فیصدرائٹ حصص جاری کئے۔ فیصلوں کی اثر پذیری کا ثبوت اور عکاسی موجودہ سال کے نتائج سے ہوتی ہے جس میں آج کمپنی کی بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ پر کسی قلیل مدتی قرضے نہ ہونا، رواں سر مائے میں بہتری اور تندرستی شامل ہے۔

ادارتي نظم وضبط

بورڈ کی کارکردگی اور کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول میں اس کا کر دار

لٹڑ کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنٹس)ریگولیشنز 2019 کے نقاضوں کے مطابق ایک باضابطہ اورموثر نظام بورڈ، بورڈ کے ممبران اوراس کی ذیلی کمیٹیوں کی سالانہ کارکردگی کی تشخیص کے لئے موجود ہے۔ بورڈ نے اس نظام کو باضابط تشکیل ومنظور کیا ہے اوراسے کا میابی سے نافذ کیا ہے۔

بورڈ میں موزوں تعداد میں اعلیٰ تعلیم یافتہ متنوع پس منظر کے حامل ایگزیکٹو، آزاداور نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائزیکٹرزشامل ہیں۔ بورڈ نے کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول میں اپنانا گزیرکردارادا کیا جس میں گرانی ، رہنمائی ،کلیدی سے کی فراہمی کو پنجیجنٹ کے کا موں کے زیرنظر مقصد کویقنی بنایا اور کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول کے لئے اس کی کارکر دگی کی گرانی کی۔

ہرانفرادی ڈائر کیٹر کے فیڈ بیک اور پھران کے مجموعی تشخیص شدہ نتائج کی بنیادیر بورڈ کی اوسط درجہ بندی ،انفرادی ڈائر بیٹٹر زاورکمیٹیوں کی کارکر دگی تسلی پخش اورموثریائی گئی۔

مستقبل کی پیش بنی

Covid-19 بحران کی شدت کے باوجود ،معیشت میں بہترین برداشت وجدوجہدد کھائی دی-FY2020 میں وسیعے پیانے پر پیداواری اورخد مات کے شعبوں پر وباء کے اثر ات سے معاشی سرگرمی سکڑنے کے بعد بحالی کے آثار انجر ناشروع ہوئیں- تاہم IMF کی رائے میں 22-2021 میں پاکستان میں GDP کی متوقع نمو 4 فیصدر ہے گی۔

ہماری صنعت سے متعلق ایک خاص اہم پہلویہ ہے کہ موجودہ آٹو ڈولپنٹ پالیسی (21-ADP 2016) اس سال جون میں ختم ہونے والی ہے جس کی وجہ سے حکومت نئی پالیسی بنانے کی جانب گامزن ہے۔ہم پرامید ہیں کہنٹی آٹو پالیسی مزید متوازن ہوگی اور ملک میں آٹو موٹو سیکٹر میں مسابقت اور کا میا بی کی حوصلہ افزائی پرتوجہ مرکوز کرےگی۔

ہینویاک کا کاروبار

ماركيث ميں حصه اور فروخت

پاکستان کی تجارتی گاڑیوں کی صنعت کے لئے مزیدا یک اور سال میں کمی اور مارکیٹ کے کل جم میں تقریباً 29 فیصد کی دیکھی گئی۔ کمپنی کا مارکیٹ میں حصہ 21.7 فیصد رہا جو کہ گزشتہ سال 33.2 فیصد تھا۔

سال بھر کے دوران ، کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی توجہ مارکیٹ میں قابل ذکر حصہ کا تعاقب کرنے کے بجائے قابل منافع سودوں کی سرمایہ کاری پرمرکوز رہی –لہذا مارکیٹ میں سکڑاؤ کے باوجود کمپنی گزشتہ سال کے خام خسار کے وخام منافع میں تبدیل کرنے میں کامیاب رہی –

خام (خساره)/منافع

گزشتہ سال 170 ملین روپے کا خام خسارہ تبدیل ہوکر 687 ملین روپے کے خام منافع میں تبدیل ہوگیا جس سے مثبت سمت میں 180 ڈگری اضافے کی عکاسی ہوتی ہے، جو کہ شرح فیصد کے لحاظ سے 503 فیصدر ہا۔ اس کی وجو ہات گا کہوں کا اعتماد اور دشوارگز ارماحول میں انتظامیہ کے قابل منافع سودوں میں سرمایہ کاری کی کامیاب کا قشین تھیں اور جو کہ انتہائی قابل ستائش ہیں۔

تقسيمي اورا نتظامي اخراجات

لاگت کو قابوکرنے کے اقدامات طویل عرصہ رہے اور انہیں اس سال بھی موثر انداز میں نافذ کیا گیا ہے۔ تقسیمی اورا نظامی اخراجات کی مدمیں سخت اقدامات کے نتیج میں اخراجات کم ہوکر 666 ملین روپے رہ گئے جوگز شتہ سال 707 ملین روپے تھے۔

سودي لا گت

31 مارچ کولیل مدتی قرضوں کوکمل طور پر مالیاتی پوزیش کے گوشوارے سے ختم کردیا گیاہے جو کہ گزشتہ سال 4.12 بلین روپے تھے۔ جس کے نتیجے میں سودی لاگت کم ہوکر 252 ملین روپے رہ کا لیاتی ہوئے گئے جو کہ گزشتہ سال 836 ملین روپے تھی۔ اس کے ممکن ہونے کی وجو ہات میں کمپنی کی مالیاتی انتظام کی موثر حکمت عملی تھی جس کے تحت را سے خصص کے اجراء کے ذریعے فنڈ جمع کئے گئے اور جمع شدہ مال کوختم کرنے کے لئے موثر حکمت عملی اختیار کی گئی۔

خساره بعداز ثيكس

کمپنی کے خسارہ بعداز ٹیکس میں 86 فیصد کمی ہوئی اور جو کہ 288 ملین روپے رہا جبکہ گزشتہ سال خسارہ بعداز ٹیکس 2.05 بلین روپے تھا-خسارہ فی تصص 13.37 روپے رہا جو کہ گزشتہ سال 110.33 روپے (از سرنو تخیینہ شدہ) تھا-

سرمايه جاتى اخراجات

ا نظامیہ سرمایہ جاتی اخراجات کی اجازت دینے میں سخت رہی اور صرف ان اخراجات کی اجازت دی گئی جو کہ کاروبار کے بلار کاوٹ تسلسل کے لئے ناگزیر ہوں۔ جامد مالیاتی اخراجات کے لحاظ سے بیرونی مالیاتی بہاؤمیں گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 68 فیصد کمی ہوئی جو کہ نقذی کے بہاؤکے گوشوارے سے عیاں ہے۔

چيئر مين کا جائزه

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے میں آپ کوچستیویں وسالانہ اجلاس عام میں خوش آمدید کہتا ہوں اور آپ کوسال مختتمہ 31 مارچ 2021 کی کارکردگی ہے آگاہ کرتا ہوں۔ SECP کی ہدایات کے مطابق اورکوروناوائرس کے پھیلاؤ کورو کنے کی جاری جنگ میں کمپنی نے ایک مرتبہ پھرا پنج ممبران کے بہترین مفاد کی خاطر اجلاس میں شرکت کے لئے وڈیو لنگ کی سہولت فراہم کی ہے۔

پاکستان کی معیشت گزشتہ دود ہائیوں سے ست روی سے ترقی کررہی ہے جس کی وجہ معاثی پالیسیوں میں عدم شلسل اور معاثی نمو کے لئے برآ مدات اور سرما میکاری پر کم انحصار ہے۔
COVID-19 وباء کے پھیلا وُاور حرکت کومحد دوکرنے کے اقد امات اختیار کرنے کے منتیج میں معاثی سرگرمیوں میں شدید سکڑ او آیا ہے؛ کیکن سرنگ کے آخری سرے پر ہمیشہ ایک روثنی ہوتی ہے۔

ڈولتی ہوئی معیشت کوسہارا دینے کے لئے ملک حال ہی میں IMF کی 98 ماہ کی توسیعی فنڈ سہولت میں داخل ہوا۔ IMF کی شرائط کی وسیع انتظر میں پاسداری کرنے اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ COVID کی تباہی کو کم کرنے کے لئے حکومت اوراسٹیٹ بینک (SBP) نے مربوط انداز میں اپنی پالیسیاں وضح کیں جس میں عوامی قرضوں میں اضافہ، احساس پروگرام کے ذریعے متاثرہ طبقے کے لئے مدفی مالیاتی تعاون ، معیشت کوسہارا دینے اور سنعتی خساروں میں کمی اور معیار حرکت میں پچھ بحالی کے لئے شرح سود میں کمی اور ملازمتوں کے خاتمے صفی قرضوں کی سہولت (روزگاراسکیم) فراہم کی گئی۔

FY2020 (جولائی – جون) میں نموست ہو کر منفی **0.4** فیصدرہ گئی ، تا ہم تو قع ہے کہ FY2021 میں 4 فیصد تک بہتری آئے گی – بیرونی کھانہ کی صورتحال میں بہتری آئی اور 2021 کی ابتداء سے افراط زرمیں مسلسل ست رفتاری رہی لیکن ابھی بھی اوسطاً **8.3 فیصد ہے** –

تا ہم، بلا واسط شکسوں کے محاذ پرخاص طور پر آٹومو ہائل کی صنعت پرموجودہ سال کے دوران 7 فیصداضا فی سٹیم ڈیوٹی عائد کردی گئی جس سے پیداواری لاگت میں قابل ذکراضا فیہ ہوااور وسیع معنوں میں صنعت کے مصائب میں اضافیہ ہوا۔

معاشی محاذ پر دشوار یوں کے باوجود بورڈ نے حصص یافتگان کے بہترین مفاد میں کمپنی کی رہنمائی کی اور پکھ جرأت مندانه اقد امات کیے جو کہ صرف رائٹ حصص کے اجراء تک ہی محدود نہ رہیں۔ درج ذیل میں بیان کیا گیاہے کہ گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں مختتمہ سال 2021 میں آپ کی کمپنی کی کارکر دگی کیسی رہی:

- النشته سال کے 1.29 فیصد خام خیارہ کے مقابلے میں موجودہ سال میں 7.5 فیصد خام منافع ہوا
 - 🖈 کل جامع خساره میں 85.10 فیصد کی ہوئی
 - 🖈 خیاره فی خصص میں 87.88 فیصد کمی ہوئی



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