

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED

51st

Annual Report
2021



**ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED** 

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants
800 Ebrahim & Co., a Pakistan registered partnership firm, is a member of 800 international Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international 800 network of independent member firms,

# COMPANY'S INFORMATION

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MAHBOOB ELAHI MAHFOOZ ELAHI MAHMOOD ELAHI AHMED SHAFFI FARRUKH AHMED M. AZEEM AFZAL HASHMI SAMINA BEGUM

### CHAIRMAN

MAHBOOB ELAHI

# CHIEF EXECUTIVE

MAHFOOZ ELAHI

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

FARRUKH AHMED MAHBOOB ELAHI AHMED SHAFFI

### HRR COMMITTEE

MAHMOOD ELAHI M. AZEEM AFZAL HASHMI FARRUKH AHMED

# CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

MUHAMMAD IMTIAZ

# COMPANY SECRETARY

SALEEM AHMED

### AUDITORS

BDO EBRAHIM & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS 23, EAST SAEED PLAZA BLUE AREA, ISLAMABAD

## REGISTRAR OFFICE

CORPLINK (PVT) LIMITED WINGS ARCADE, 1-K, COMMERCIAL, MODEL TOWN, LAHORE

# LEGAL ADVISER

KHAN & PIRACHA NO.1, 2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR, 6-B, MARKAZ F-6, ISLAMABAD

### REGISTERED OFFICE

270-SECTOR I-9, INDUSTRIAL AREA, ISLAMABAD.

# MILLS

JURIAN, MANDRA, TEHSIL GUJAR KHAN, DISTRICT RAWALPINDI.

# WEBSITE

www.elahicotton.com

# Vision

Elahi Cotton Mills Limited's vision is to run on purely professional grounds and to accomplish, build up and sustain a good reputation within textile industry by marketing premium quality yarn by means of honesty, integrity and commitment.

# Mission Statement

It is the mission of the Company:

- To transform the Company into a modern and dynamic yarn manufacturer and to provide premium quality products to customers.
- To foster a culture of trust in order to make professional life at the Elahi Cotton Mills Limited a stimulating and challenging experience for all our people.
- To build the Company on sound financial footings, increase earning distribution of adequate return to shareholders, employees and to contribute towards the government revenues.
- To expand sales of the Company through good Governance and faster a sound and dynamic team so as to achieve optimum profitably for the Company for sustaining and equitable growth and prosperity of the Company.
- To make comprehensive arrangements for the training of our workers technicians.
- To strive for the continuous development of Pakistan while adding value to the textile sector.
- To continue to earn the respect, confidence and goodwill of our customers and suppliers.
- To earn and sustain the trust of our stakeholders through efficient resource management.

# CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT:

The Board of Directors (the Board) of Elahi Cotton Mills Limited (ELCM) has performed their duties diligently in upholding the best interest of shareholders of the Company and has managed the affairs of the Company in an effective and efficient manner. The Board has exercised its powers and has performed its duties as stated in the Companies Act 2017 (previously Companies Ordinance 1984) and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

Further, the Board during the year ended 30 June 2021 played an effective role in managing the affairs of the Company and achieving its objectives in the following manner;

- The Board has ensured that there is adequate representation of Executives, non-executive and independent directors on the Board and its committees as required under the Code and that members of the Board and its respective committees has adequate skill, experience and knowledge to manage the affairs of the Company;
- The Board has developed and put in place a formal and effective mechanism for an annual evaluation of its own performance and that of its Committees and members of the Board. On the basis of the feedback received through this mechanism overall performance of the Board has been found to be Good and effective;
- The Board has formed an Audit and HRR Committees and has approved their respective terms of references and has assigned adequate resources so that the committees perform their responsibilities diligently;
- The Board has ensured that three Directors of the Company are exempt from Directors Training Programe due to their qualification and experience and that the SECP has granted exemption to three Directors. One Director has taken certification under the Directors Training Program and the remaining shall obtain certification under the DTP program in due course of time;
- The Board has ensured that the meetings of the Board and its committee were held with the requisite quorum and that the minutes of all the meetings (including committees) are appropriately recorded and maintained;
- The Board has developed a code of conduct setting forth the professional standards and corporate values adhered through the Company and have developed significant policies for smooth functioning;
- All the significant issues throughout the year were presented before the Board or its committees to strengthen and formalize the corporate decision making process;
- The Board has ensured that the adequate system of internal control is in place;
- The Board has prepared and approved the Director's report and has ensured that the directors' report is published with the quarterly and annual financial statement of the Company and the content of the directors' report are in accordance with the requirement of applicable laws and regulations;
- The Board has ensured that adequate information is shared among its members in a timely manner and the Board members are kept abreast of developments between meetings;
- The Board has exercised its powers in light of the power assigned to the Board in accordance with the relevant laws and regulation applicable on the Company.

Based on aforementioned it can reasonably be stated that Board of Elahi Cotton Mills Limited has played instrumental role in ensuring that corporate objectives are achieved in line with the expectation of shareholders and other important stakeholders.

Acknowledgement

On behalf of the Board, I appreciate untiring efforts of our employees and express gratitude to all stakeholders including our valued customers for their continued cooperation and support.

(MAHBOOB ELAHI)

Chairman

September 27, 2021

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED

# NOTICE OF 51st ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 51<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 270-Sector I/9, Industrial Area, Islamabad on October 25, 2021 at 10,30 a.m. to transact the following business:-

- To Confirm the minutes of the 50<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting.
- To consider, approve and adopt the Chairman's Review Report, the Reports of Directors and Auditors together with Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021.
- To appoint Auditors of the Company for the next financial year and to fix their remuneration. The Audit Committee and Board of Directors have recommended for reappointment of M/s. BDO Ebrahim & Co, Chartered Accountants as external auditors.
- To transact any other ordinary business of the Company with the prior permission of the Chairman.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Islamabad, September 27, 2021.

MAHFOOZ ELAHI )
Chief Executive

# NOTES:

- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from October 19, 2021 to October 25, 2021 (both days
  inclusive). Transfers received at the office of Share Registrar M/s. Corplink (Pvt) limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K
  Commercial, Model Town, Lahore: at the close of business on October 18, 2021 will be treated in time for attending the
  Annual General Meeting. The Company shall arrange all protective measures to the participant in this AGM.
- A member entitled to attend and vote in the meeting is authorized to appoint any other member a proxy to attend, speak and vote for him or her.
- 3. Any individual Beneficial Owner of CDC, entitled to vote at this meeting must bring his/her original NIC with him/her to prove his/her identity, and in case of proxy, a copy of shareholders attested NIC must be attached with the proxy form and shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original National Identity Card (NIC) or passport at the time of attending the meeting. Representatives of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.
- 4. In order to valid, an instrument of proxy and the power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of such power or Authority, must be reached at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of the Meeting.
- In compliance with SECP notification No. 634(1)/2014 dated July 10, 2014, the audited financial statements and reports
  of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021 have been placed on the Company's website: www.elahicotton.com.for
  the information, download and review of shareholders.
- 6. Pursuant to SECP Circular No. 10 of 2014 dated May 21, 2014, if Company receives Consent Form from at least five members or any member holding aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at geographical location to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior to the date of meeting, the Company shall arrange video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city. To avail this facility please provide following information and submit to registered office of the Company:

| tonowing | g insormation at | io sumin | to registered | contract of |    | (M.)     |        |     |      | SAME SAME CONTRACTOR | 9000 900 900 TO TO |          |
|----------|------------------|----------|---------------|-------------|----|----------|--------|-----|------|----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| I/We     |                  | of       |               |             |    | of Elahi | Cotton | Mil | ls I | imited,              | holding            | Cariling |
| ordinary | shares as per    | Register | Folio/CDC     | Account     | No |          | hereby | opt | tor  | video                | conference         | tacting  |
| at       | Signature        | of Memb  | er(s)         |             |    |          | *      |     |      |                      |                    |          |

7. In accordance with the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 and subsequent directive received from the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan on the subject, the Company hereby requests the physical shareholders to Convert their Physical Shares into Book-Entry Form through Investor Accounts Services of Central Depository Company or any Participant/TRE Certificate-holder of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED

### DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

The Directors of the Company are pleased to present the 51st Annual Report which includes the audited financial statements of the Company together with the auditors' report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### **Financial Results**

The principal business activity of the Company is to manufacture and sale of Pure Polyester Yarn. During the year under review, the Company registered a turnover of Rs. 508.766 million as compared to Rs. 436.156 million in the preceding year showing increase of Rs. 72.610 million (16.65%) whereas the cost of sales increased from Rs. 415.323 million to Rs. 487.867 million showing increase of Rs. 72.544 million (17.47%). The Company earned gross profit of Rs. 20.898 million as compared to gross profit of 20.833 million in the previous year. The increase in turnover as compared to previous year is due to increase in production. Last year, the operations of the Company remained suspended from March 27, 2020 to May 31, 2020 due to Covid-19 lockdown. The financial results of the Company for the year under review are as under:

|                          | RUPEES IN |
|--------------------------|-----------|
|                          | MILLION   |
| Sales                    | 508.766   |
| Cost of Sales            | 487.867   |
| Gross Profit             | 20.898    |
| Administrative expenses  | 8.497     |
| Other operating expenses | 1.972     |
| Other income             | 1.417     |
| Financial Charges        | 0.002     |
| Profit before taxation   | 11.844    |
| Provision for taxation   | 6.530     |
| Profit after taxation    | 5.314     |
| Earning per share (Rs.)  | 4.09      |

The Company earned profit before taxation of Rs. 11.844 million as compared to profit of Rs. 12.033 million in the last year and profit after taxation of Rs. 5.314 million as compared to profit of Rs. 6.404 million. The decrease in profitability is due to increase in the cost of salary & wages, electricity, stores & spares and provision for taxation. Due to excessive electric shutdown the Company has closed one shift throughout the year and hence could not utilized 100% capacity. During the year the Company could not make payment of current portion of loan from Directors of Rs. 62.955 million due to financial constraints.

The auditors have drawn attention to Note 1.2 in the financial statements that the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 39.627 million. The Company has accumulated loss of Rs. 52.048 million that exceeds the issued, subscribed and paid up capital by Rs. 39.048 million. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that cast doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

During the year under review, the Company earned profit before tax amounting to Rs. 11.844 million and net profit after taxation amounting to Rs. 5.314 million. Accumulated loss has been reduced from Rs. 58.480 million to Rs. 52.048 million. The current ratio of the Company has also improved as compared to previous year. The Management is making every effort to minimize the impact through improve efficiency and better marketing. The Sponsor Directors are continuously supporting in the form of funds as and when required by the Company. The Management has neither intention nor the necessity of liquidation or ceasing manufacturing operation in foreseeable future. So, with the successful efforts of the Management, the Company will continue as a going concern.

# Dividend:

The Directors of the company do not recommend any cash dividend/bonus shares to the shareholders due to accumulated loss and outstanding debts.

#### Auditors:

The present Auditors M/S. BDO Ebrahim & Company, Chartered Accountants have retired and being eligible, offered themselves for re-appointment. The Board of Directors, on recommendations of the Audit Committee has proposed appointment of M/S. BDO Ebrahim & Company, Chartered Accountants as auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2022.

### Shareholders:

A statement showing the pattern of share holding by the shareholders of the Company as on June 30, 2021 is annexed herewith.

# Future Prospects and Outlook:

The Management expects the coming year to be a an uncertain due to increasing trend in the prices of raw material, increase in electric tariff and increase in the rate of dollar as the prices of electricity are linked with the dollar rate.

# Corporate Social Responsibility

We are also committed to Corporate Social Responsibilities (CSR) and integrating sound social practices in our day to day business activities. CSR is important part of who we are and how we operate. We measure our success not only in terms of financial criteria but also in building customer satisfaction and supporting the communities we serve.

# Health Safety and Environment

The Management of the Company is aware of its responsibilities to provide safe and healthy working environment to our associates and give highest priority to it. Our safety culture is founded on the premise that all injuries are preventable if due care is taken. Continual efforts for provision of safe, healthy and comfortable working conditions for the employees are made. We follow up and investigate on all incidents and injuries to address their root causes. We believe that safety and health is a journey of continuous improvement and eternal diligence. We will continue to take steps to improve the safety and health of all of our associates. Our production facility does not discharge any harmful material.

# Internal Financial Control

The Board has adopted effective policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial statements. The internal audit department of the Company conducts audit regularly.

# Composition of Board

The Board of Directors as at June 30, 2021 consists of:

| Total number | of Directors:                          |   |                                     |
|--------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Male         | *** **** ***************************** | 6 |                                     |
| Femal        | le                                     | 1 |                                     |
| Composition: |  |   |                                     |
| (i)          | Independent Directors                  | 2 | Ahmed Shaffi, M. Azeem Afzal Hashmi |
| (ii)         | Non-executive Directors                | 2 | Mahboob Elahi, Farrukh Ahmed,       |
| (iii)        | Executive Directors                    | 2 | Mahfooz Elahi, Mahmood Elahi        |
| (iv)         | Female Director                        | 1 | Samina Begum                        |

### Committees of the Board

The names of Members of Board Committees are as under:

### Audit Committee:

- Farrukh Ahmed
- (ii) Mahboob Elahi
- (iii) Ahmed Shaffi

### **Human Resources & Remuneration Committee:**

- (i) Mahmood Elahi
- (ii) Farrukh Ahmed
- (iii) M. Azeem Afzal Hashmi

# Significant Features of Directors' Remuneration

The Board of Directors has approved a formal policy for remuneration of Executive and Non-executive Directors, as recommended by the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. As per policy, the Company will not pay any remuneration to non-executive directors and independent directors except fees for attending the meetings of the Board and its committees. The detail of aggregate amount of remuneration separately of executive and non-executive directors is attached in the annual report.

# Risks and Opportunities

Elahi Cotton Mills Limited takes risks and creates opportunities in the normal course of business. Taking risk is important to remain competitive and ensure sustainable success. Our risk and opportunity management encompass an effective framework to conduct business in a well-controlled environment where risk is mitigated and opportunities are availed. Each risk and opportunity is properly weighted and considered before making any choice. Decisions are formulated only if opportunities outweigh risks. Following is the summary of risks and strategies to mitigate those risks:

### **Business Risks**

The Company faces a number of following business risks:

# Polyester Price Risk

There is always a risk of upward shift in the polyester prices in local and international markets. The Company mitigates this risk by the procurement of the polyester in bulk depending upon the availability of funds.

# Demand and Price

We face the risk of competition and decline in demand of our products in local markets. We minimize this risk by building strong relations with customers, broadening our customer base, without compromising on quality and providing timely deliveries to customers.

# **Energy Availability and Cost**

The rising cost and un-availability of energy i.e. electricity shortage is a major threat to manufacturing industry. The Company is unable to achieve the installed capacity due to excessive electric shut down. The Company is also unable to mitigate this risk as it is beyond the Company's control.

## Financial Risks

The Company faces the following financial risks:

### Credit risk

The Company's credit exposure to credit risk relates to its trade debts. This risk is mitigated by the fact that majority of our customers have a strong financial standing and we have a long standing business relationship with all our customers. We do not expect nonperformance by our customers; hence, the credit risk is minimal.

## Liquidity risk

It is at the minimum due to the availability of funds from the sponsor's Directors in order to meet liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions.

### Capital risk

When managing capital, it is our objective to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to generate profits for providing returns for shareholders and benefits to other.

### Price Risk of Financial Instruments

The Company is not exposed to price risk since there are no financial instruments whose fair value or future cash flow will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

# Corporate Governance

The Directors are pleased to report that:

- The Financial Statements prepared by the Management present its state of affairs fairly, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b) Proper Books of Accounts have been maintained.
- Appropriate Accounting Policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) International Financial Reporting Standards as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of Financial Statements.
- e) The system of Internal Control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f) The Management has devised a plan to enable the Company to continue as a going concern.
- g) There is no reported instance of any material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance.
- Significant deviation from last year in operating results of the Company and reasons thereof has been explained.
- i) The key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed.
- j) There are no outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges except as shown in notes to the accounts.
- k) The Company is operating as un-funded Gratuity scheme which was not invested and was retained for business of the Company.
- Eleven meetings of the Board of Directors, six meetings of the Audit Committee and four meetings of the Human Resource & Remuneration Committee were held during the year. The attendance of each Director at the meetings is as under: -

| Name of Director      | Board | Audit<br>Committee | HR&R<br>Committee |
|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Mahboob Elahi     | 9     | 6                  | N/A               |
| Mr. Mahfooz Elahi     | 11    | N/A                | N/A               |
| Mr. Mahmood Elahi     | 11    | N/A                | 4                 |
| Mr. Farrukh Ahmed     | 8     | 6                  | 4                 |
| Mr. Ahmed Shaffi      | 7     | 6                  | N/A               |
| M. Azeem Afazl Hashmi | 6     | N/A                | 4                 |
| Mrs. Samina Begum     | 6     | N/A                | N/A               |

- m) Three Directors of the Company are exempt from Directors Training Program due to their qualification and relevant experience and SECP has granted exemption to these Directors. One Board member has attained certification of Directors Training Program. The remaining directors shall obtain certification under the DTP program in due course of time.
- The pattern of shareholding as required by the code along-with trading of shares by Directors, executives and their spouses has been included in this annual report.

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

The Board of Directors is pleased to record word of thanks to its members. The Staff – management remained pleasantly co-operative. I together with fellow Directors, wish to acknowledge our gratitude to the staff members for performing their duties.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(MAHFOOZ ELAHI) Chief Executive

Islamabad. September 27, 2021 (MAHMOOD ELAHI) Director

Mahmood Elaha

البی کاش الزلمشید مبرد کودا از بکشرد کی سالاند بورث

کینی کے دائر یکٹرز اکاوفوی سالاند پورٹ اورآ ڈٹ شدہ کونی کے صابات بشمول آؤیٹرر پورٹ مختصر جون ۲۰۰۰ روی وی بیش کرتے ہوئے کھوں کرتے ہیں۔ مالیاتی قانج:۔

سنجینی کا بنیادی کا مفالص پویسٹر کا دھا کہ بنا ٹا اور فروشت کرتا ہے۔ اس سال کے دوران کمپنی نے 508.766 ملین روپ کا کا دوبار کیا جبکہ کرشتہ سال 436.156 ملین روپ کا اور کا 72.544 ملین روپ کا کا دوبار کیا جبکہ کرشتہ سال 487.867 ملین روپ کا کا اختاا نے کا دوبار میں پیکھیلے سال کی نسبت اضافے کی دید پیدا وارش اضافہ سن روپ کا مجمولی منافع 20.898 ملین روپ دیا ہوگئے کی دوبار میں منافع کی دوبار میں منافع کی دوبار میں منافع کی دوبار میں اضافہ کی دوبار میں منافع کی دوبار میں منافع کی دوبار میں منافع کی دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں منافع کی دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کار میں کا دوبار میں کی دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کار میں کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کی کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کی کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کی کے دوبار میں کی کا دوبار میں کی کا دوبار میں کی کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کا دوبار میں کی کا دوبار میں کی کا دوبار میں کی کار

| روپي<br>دام |                      |
|-------------|----------------------|
| (مين)       |                      |
| 508.766     | فروشت                |
| 487.867     | فرونت كافراجات       |
| 20.898      | مجموعي منافع         |
| 8.497       | كاروبارى اخراجات     |
| 1.972       | وتكركاروبارى اخراجات |
| 1.417       | ونكرآماني            |
| 0.002       | مالياتى إخراجات      |
| 11.844      | فيل ازفيس منافع      |
| 6.530       | عيري وش بني          |
| 5.314       | بعداد فيكس منافع     |
|             |                      |

آمدنی فی قصص

کیٹی کو 11.844 ملین روپے تکس کی اوا یکی سے پیشتر منافع ہوا جبکہ ای دورانیہ میں گذشتہ سال 12.033 ملین روپ منافع ہوا جبکہ گذشتہ برس 6.404 ملین روپ منافع تھا کی کی میں تو اداورا جرت ، بکل کی تیت،اسٹوراور میکینگ کے سامان کی تیت اورٹیکس میں اضافہ ہے۔سلسل بکل کے بحران کی وجہ سے کہنی کو پوراسال ایک شفٹ بندر کھنا چڑکا ورٹل سوفیصد کا کر دگی ندکھا تکی۔اس سال کمپنی مال مشکلات کی وجہ سے قرض کے موجودہ واجب الاواحد مسلم 62.955 ملین روپ جوکہ ڈائیر کیمٹرز کوادا کرنا تھا،اواند کر تکی۔

محاسب نے کمپنی کی الیاتی رپورٹ میں نوٹ نہر 1.2 کے معلق کہا ہے کمپنی کی صوبرو وہ اجب الادارقم اس سے سوجرو وہ اکا شبات ہے 39.627 ملین روپے سے تجاوز کر گئی ہیں۔ کمپنی کا کل شیار و 52.048 ملین روپے ہے جو کہ اس کے جاری شدہ اداشد وسر مایہ ہے 39.048 ملین روپے نے اور ہے۔ بیرطالات کمپنی کے جاری رہنے رفٹوک و شبہاے کا ظہار کرتے ہیں۔

اس سال کے دوران کمپنی کو 11.844 ملین رویے لیکس کی ادایکل ہے پیشتر سافع ہوا اور لیکس کی ادایکل کے بعد 5.314 ملین روپ ہے مہوکر 52.048 میں ردی ہوا ہے۔ کمپنی کاموجود و تناسب کرشتہ سال کے مقابل پر صاہد انظامیہ پوری کوشش کر رہی ہے کہ وہ ان اثرات کواپٹی کارکردگی اور بہتر مارکیٹنگ ہے کمازکم کرے سیانسر وائٹر بھٹرز کینی ہے مسلس مالی تعاون کردہ جیس منطقی قریب میں انتظامیہ کا نہ آواراوہ کمپنی کوشش کے اور نہ بی بھرکر میاں بند کرنے کا ہے البغادہ پر مزم میں کمپنی انتظامیہ کی بھر پورکوشش ہے جاری وساری رہے گی۔

منافع: کین کوائر یکرزروال سال مجوی فساد ساورواجب الاواقر من کی مجد کے محاص کے ایوا یوزی سارش فیوس کرتے۔

محاسب:۔ موجودہ محاسب نیا ڈی اوابراہیم ایڈ کینی، جارٹر ڈاکاؤنگ اٹی مدے ہوری کرنے کے بعدا کلے مالی سال کے لئے اپنی شدمات پیش کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ عمبران نے آؤٹ کینٹی کی سفارش پر موجودہ محاسب کو انظم مالی محتزیہ جون ۲۰۰۰ میروم میں برقر اور کھنے کی تجویز دی ہے۔

شیر بولدگ : کمانددری کافرست برطابق ۲۰ جراند ۲۰ مسلک ب

مسطق<mark>تل بما کیک نظرنہ</mark> انتقامیآنے والے ممال میں فیر مینٹی صورت حال و کچوری ہے کیونگر ٹی مارے انتقامیآئے والے ممال میں فیر مینٹی صورت حال و کچوری ہے کیونگر ٹی میں اضاف ورکھا کی تیت میں اضافے کار جمان ہے جوکہ والرکے بڑھتے ہوئے دیئے مماتھ مسلک ہے۔

کار پوریث ای قصداری (CSR): کینی این روزمره کاروباری مرگرمیوں می مجموق مائی ذهدواری کے ساتھ پر مزم ہے۔ (سیالی آر)ایک اہم حصر ہے جوہم بیں اور ہم سی طرح کام کرتے بیں۔ہم این کامیابی کی بیائش نصرف الیاتی طریقہ کار بلکھت و سلامتی اور ماحولیات کی خدمت کی صورت میں مجل کرتے ہیں۔

صحت و سلامتی اور ماحولیات: کینی کی انتظامیا ہے ساتھیوں کو محفوظ اور محت مند ماحول فراہم کرنے کے لیے اپنی ذرواریوں سے بخوبی آگاہ ہے اور اس کورتر جو دیے ہیں۔ ہماری حفاظت اس بنیاد پڑھائم گائی ہے کہ اگر کمل احتیاط کی جائے تو حادثات سے بچاجا سکتا ہے۔ مازیان کے کئائم کرنے کے محفوظ ہمت منداور آرام دہ حالات کی فراہمی کے لیے مسلسل کوشال ہے۔ ہم تمام دافعات اور حادثات کی تبدیک تابیع کے لیے ممل محقیقات کرتے ہیں، ہم بطین رکھتے ہیں کہ محت اور حفاظت مسلسل بھتری اور محنت کا سفر ہے۔ ہم اپنے تمام ساتھیوں کی محت اور حفاظت کو بہترین ان کے لیے اقد ایات جاری محمل کے۔ ہماری بیداواری ان اور ایک محم کا تقصان وہ مواد خارج تجمیس کرتی۔ اعدونی مالیاتی محشرول:۔ بورڈئے کاروبار سے منظم درموکو طرز محل کونٹین بنائے، اپنااٹوں کی حقاعت، دھوکدوی اور نظیوں کی روک تھام، کہنی سے حکمہ اکاؤنٹ سے ریکارڈی در تھی اور بروقت مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری کے لیے مؤثر پالیسیوں اور طریقہ کارکواپنایا ہے۔ کمپنی کا عمرونی آڈٹ ڈیپار شسٹ یا قاعدگ ہے آٹٹ کرتا ہے۔

پورد كى سافت نده ٣٠ جوند ٢٠٠١ كى يورد آف دائر يكش دمندرجيد يل يمشتل يد

کل آفداد: مرد ۱ خاتون ۱ ساخت

پروڈ کیٹیاں:۔ برد کیٹیوں کارکان کے نام متدرجہ فیل ہیں۔ آؤٹ کیٹی:۔

ار جناب مجبوب الخ ۲-جناب فرخ احمد ۳-جناب المرهنج

> انسانی وسائل اور معاوضه یمیشی نید (انج آرایند آر)

ا۔ جناب محودالی ۲۔ جناب فرخ احر سورجناب تقیم العنس باقی

ڈائیریکٹران معاوض کی اہم خصوصیات: یورڈ ڈائیریکٹران نے ایچ آرائیڈ آرکیٹی کی جانب ہے چیش کر دوانتقا می اور فیرانتقا می ڈائیریکٹران کے لیے ایک پانسابلہ پالیس کی منظوری دی ہے۔ جیسا کہ پالیس کے مطابق کہنی اپنے آزاداور فیرانتقا می ڈائیریکٹران کے مجموعی معاوضہ کی معاوضہ اوائیس کرے گی۔ انتقامی اور فیرانتقامی ڈائیریکٹران کے مجموعی معاوضہ کی تنصیلات سالا ندر پورٹ کے ساتھ نسکت ہے۔

تحطرات اورمواقع: کین معمول کے مطابق کارہ بار میں خطرات کا مقابلہ کرتی ہے اور بہتر مواقع نے ہے کے اور پائیدار کا مما اِن کو بیتی بنائے کے لیے خطرات مول این بہت اہم ب- ہمارا خطرے اور مواقع کا انتظام ایک مؤثر فریم اورک کا احاط کرتا ہے جس میں کارہ بار کو بہتر ماحل میں سنتھ کیا جاسکتا ہے ،خطرے کو کم کیا جاسکتا ہے اور بہتر مواقع حاصل ہوتے ہیں۔ کی بھی انتقاب سے پہلے برخطرہ اور موقع کی مناسبطریقت جانج کی جاتی ہے۔ فیصلے مرف اس صورت میں لیے جاتے ہیں اگر مواقع خطرات سے زیادہ ہوں۔

كاروبارى فطرات: كينى كومندردزيل كاروبارى فطرات كاساسناب

پوليسشر كى فراجى اور قيت: مقاى اور بين الاقواى ماريشوں بين پوليسشركى قيمتوں بين اضاف ايك خطره بي - كيني رقم كى دستياني كود يكيت بوت بنرى مقدار بين پوليسشرخريد كراس خطرے كوكم كرتى ہے-

طلب اور قبت: بمیں مقامی مارکیٹ میں اپنی مصنوعات کی طلب میں کی اور مقابلہ کے خطرے کا سامنا ہے۔ ہم معیار پر مجموعہ کے بغیرصار فین کے ساتھ مضبوط تعلقات استوار کر کے، اپنے گا کوں کی بنیاد کو وسعت دے کر، سارفین کو پروقت زئیل فراہم کر کے اس قطرے کو کم کرتے ہیں۔

توانائی کی دستیانی اورا شراحات: توانائی کی بدعتی ہوئی اداکت ، بکلی کی عدم دستیانی میدونسی کی کسندے کے ایک بدا انظرہ ہے۔ بکل کی بندش کی وجہ سے کپنی نصب مداحیت کو ماصل نہیں کر عتی ہے۔ جہا کہ سیکنی کی مندش کی وجہ سے کپنی اس لئے کمپنی اس فطرے کو کمپنیں کر عتی۔

مالياتى عطرات: محينى كومندرجاز بل مالياتى خطرات كاسامناب،

مر فی ہے درمک: کینی کا کریڈیٹ دسک اورائے تھارتی قرضول سے حملتی اقتصانات کا خطرواس کے ٹریڈ ڈیٹس سے حملتی ہے۔ پی خطرواس حقیقت سے کم کیاجاتا ہے کہ ہمارے صارفین کی آگڑیت ایک مضوط مالی دیٹیت دکھتے ہیں اور ہمارا اپنے گا کول کے ساتھ ایک طویل عرصے کا روباری تعلق ہے۔ ہمیں اپنے صارفین سے فیرکارکردگی کی آؤ قع نہیں ہے، اس وجب ، کریڈے ٹ درسک کم ہے کم ہے۔

ليول فارسك: سانر وازيمران عفذ ذك وستالي كاجب عام اور مكل عالات من يظروكم عم ب-

مرماييكا تطروة سرماييكا انتقام كوفت بهارا متصدصص إفتكان اورويكر حصدواران كومنافع مبياكرة كالمختي كى كاروبارى صلاحيت كاحفاظات كرنا بوتاب-

مالي آلات ميں قيت كا تعلوه: سمينى كو تيت كا كوئى نظر وتين ب يونكر كينى كے إس ايسے كوئى مائى آلات نيس جن كى قيت إستقبلى كانقد بها كاركيت ميں تبديلى كى وجہ سے متاثر موں۔ كار پوريٹ كورنس: سمينى كوائر يكثر انتهائى سرت كے ساتھ كى كو آگاہ كرتے ہيں كە:

- ا۔ سمجنی کی اٹھامیری جانب سے تیار کی تی مالی وستاویزات میں اس بات کو تینی بنایاجاتا ہے کہ کوئی کے معاملات ،کارد باری افعال کے نتائج برسیل فقد رقوم اور صفعی میں دوو بدل جیسے معاملات کوان وستاويزات من شفاف انداز ع بيش كياجا كـ r ۔ کمپنی میں صاب کتاب سے متعلق یا قاعدہ کھاتے مرتب سے جاتے ہیں۔ ٣- مال وستاويزات كى تيارى كرسلط عن اكاؤ عنك كى مناسب إلىسيول كوستقلة ابنا إجاتا بهاورا كاؤ عنك كتام تر تخيية معقوليت كى بنياد يرلك جات يرا-
  - م۔ مانی وستاویرات کی تیاری کے سلسلے میں پاکستان میں قامل اطلاق بین الاقوامی فافعل رپورفک اسٹینڈ رو کا لحاظ محی رکھا گیا ہے۔

۵۔ اندرونی کشرول کا پروگرام فول باور مو شطور يمل درآ مداور محراني كي جاتى ب-

۲- انتظامیہ نے کمینی کو جاری وساری و کھنے کیلئے ایک تو شد منسویہ بندی کر دگی ہے۔
 ۲- کیا دیوریٹ گونش کے ضوابلا کی پاسداری ہے ایک کوئی دوگردانی فیس کی تی جو قائل و کرشہو۔

٨ - كميني كرزشد سال كآبرينك منائج عن من فيزتهد في اوران كي دجوبات بيان كردي كي بين -

9۔ گزشتہ چیسال کامالیاتی کوشوارہ نسلک ہے۔ ۱۔ اکاؤنٹس کے فرس میں درج کردوادا لیکنوں کے طاوہ قیکس وغیروکی کوئی قانونی ادا فیکیاں زیرالتو انہیں ہیں۔

اا۔ کمپٹی ایک ان فنڈ گر بجوئی تئیم جلاری ہے جسکی سر ماریکاری ٹیس کی گئی اور کمپٹی کے کاروبار میں استعمال کے لئے رکھ دی گئی ہے۔

١١۔ ان سال بورة آف ڈائر يكثرز كر كيار واجلاس و آف كيش كے جاجلاس اورائ آركيٹي كے جاراجلاس متعقد كے سے بين - برؤائر يكثري حاضري اسطرح رى ؟

| اع آرايذ آرمينگ | آ ف کینی میلنگ | بورة ميلنك | نام والزيكنز       |
|-----------------|----------------|------------|--------------------|
|                 | 1              | •          | جناب محبوب الخبى   |
|                 | •              | и          | جناب محفوظ الجي    |
| •               |                | 11         | جنا بصحووالبي      |
| ,               | 1              | ٨          | بناب فرخاحد        |
|                 | *              | 4          | بنا ب احرفعی       |
| •               |                | . 4        | بناب عيم أعثل بأحى |
| 270             |                | 4          | مزفميذتكم          |

۱۳۔ سمین کے تین وائر یکٹرزا پی تعلیم قابلیت اور مطلوب تجرب کی وجہ سے وائر یکٹرٹر بنگ ہے وگرام سے مراہی اورایس ای کی نے ان وائر یکٹرز کوچھوٹ دی ہوگی ہے۔ ایک بوروعمبر نے مطلوب کورس اور سر میلیب حاصل کیا ہے۔ بقیدة الر بیکٹرو مقرره وقت کے اندرة ی فی بی پر وگرام سے تحت سرفینکیٹ حاصل کریس ہے۔

۱۴۔ کوؤ آف کارپوریٹ گونٹس کے مطابق جمعس پانگلی کا انداز بھول ڈائز بکٹر زرا گیز بکٹوز اوران کے اہل خانہ کے جمع سے کین دین کواس سالا نند پورٹ بیس شال کیا گیا ہے۔

اعتراف ند بردا آف از برا است صدداران کے تعاون کے شکر گزار ہیں۔ انتظامیاور شاف کے مائین تعلقات نہایت خواکوار بے۔ میں اور ساتھی ڈائز بکٹرز شاف مبرزگوا پی ڈ مداریاں احس الحریقہ ۔ انبام دين رممونيت كالكباركرت إل-

بورد آف دائر يكثرز كاطرف =

Mahwood Eater

(ESI3)

اسلامآباد 1-11/1/14

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATAMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1 The total number of directors are seven as per the following:

a Male: 6

Female:

1

2 The composition of board is as follows:

| Category                | Names                               |  |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Independent Directors   | Ahmed Shaffi, M. Azeem Afzal Hashmi |  |
| Executive Directors     | Mahfooz Elahi, Mahmood Elahi        |  |
| Non-Executive Directors | Mahboob Elahi, Farrukh Ahmad        |  |
| Female Director         | Samina Begum                        |  |

Fractional figures on account of Independent Directors and Executive Directors have been rounded off to the nearest digit.

- 3 The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director on more than seven listed companies, including this company.
- 4 The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5 The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of the particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6 All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these regulations.
- 7 The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board.
- 8 The Board of directors has a formal policy and transparent procedure for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and Regulations.
- Three Directors of the Company are exempt from Directors Training Program due to their qualification and relevant experience and SECP has granted exemption to these three Directors. One Board member has attained certification of Directors Training Program. The remaining Directors shall obtain certification under the DTP program in due course of time.
- 10 There was no new appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit.
- 11 Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12 The Board has formed Committees comprising of members given below:
  - a) Audit Committee;
    - · Ahmed Shaffi Chairman
    - · Mahboob Elahi Member
    - · Farrukh Ahmed Member

- b) Human Resource and Remuneration Committee;
  - · M. Azeem Afzal Hashmi- Chairman
  - Mahmood Elahi
- Member
- · Farrukh Ahmed - Member
- 13 The terms of reference of the aforesaid Committees have been formed, documented and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- 14 The frequency of meetings of the Committees were as per following:
  - a) Audit Committee
    - 1st Quarter:

2 meetings.

· 2nd Quarter:

I meeting.

· 3rd Quarter:

I meeting.

· 4th Quarter:

2 meetings.

- b) Human Resource and Remuneration Committee
  - 1st Quarter:

· 2nd Quarter:

2 meetings

· 3rd Quarter:

4th Quarter:

2 meetings.

- The Board has set up an effective internal audit function that is considered suitably qualified and 15 experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating 16 under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17 The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18 We confirm that all other requirements of Regulations 3,6,7,8,27,32,33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.
- 19 W confirm that the Company has complied with respect to all other material requirements of the Regulations.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(MAHFOOZ ELAHI)

Chief Executive

(MAHMOOD ELAHI) Director

Mahurol Emai

Islamabad.

September 27, 2021

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED

# LAST SIX YEARS AT A GLANCE

| PARTICULARS                   | 2019-20     | 2018-19      | 2017-18      | 2016-17      | 2015-16      | 2014-15      |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Paid up capital               | 13,000,000  | 13,000,000   | 13,000,000   | 13,000,000   | 13,000,000   | 13,000,000   |
| Reserve                       | :           | :            |              | :            |              | :            |
| Fixed asset                   | 125,430,225 | 129,465,424  | 133,020,393  | 90,645,274   |              |              |
| (at cost less depreciation)   |             |              |              |              | 94,371,045   | 97,401,104   |
| Accumulated depreciation      | 17,962,142  | 13,826,943   | 86,144,198   | 84,727,566   | 81,231,098   | 77.246.989   |
| Long term investment          |             | 1            | ,            | 1            |              | 1            |
| Current assets                | 51,271,174  | 38,053,231   | 33,872,243   | 27,278,616   | 25,171,495   | 22,016,109   |
| Current Liabilities           | 96,112,077  | 93,949,275   | 92,055,774   | 94,260,651   | 92,618,996   | 88,812,079   |
| Income                        |             |              |              |              |              |              |
| Sales                         | 436,156,028 | 503,030,973  | 395,284,245  | 320,825,272  | 283,618,449  | 288,805,082  |
| Other Income                  | 681,809     | 752,358      | 2,388,879    | 1,273,500    | 87,637       | 312,314      |
| Gross profit / (loss)         | 20,832,990  | 13,890,493   | 11,626,378   | 2,335,957    | 4,541,755    | 6,517,203    |
| Pre tax profit / (loss)       | 12,032,630  | 6,393,822    | 7,699,736    | (1,987,532)  | (2,212,191)  | 1,411,310    |
| Taxation (prior year)         | (21,943)    | 441,140      | ı            | (92,305)     | (135,400)    | (242,038)    |
| Taxation (current year)       | 6,547,226   | 6,196,233    | 3,760,566    | (2,443,848)  | 1,949,945    | 1,779,382    |
| Profit/(loss) after taxation  | 6,404,213   | 716,445      | 3,939,170    | (4,339,074)  | (4,026,736)  | (126,034)    |
| Un-appropriated profit/(loss) | 58,480,232  | (66,292,141) | (69,462,716) | (76,677,660) | (73,963,389) | (71,943,701) |



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REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Elahi Cotton Mills Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2021 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021.

ISLAMABAD

DATED: 2 7 SEP 2021

Bdo elizahinisto. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner: Iffat Hussain



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, its changes in equity and the cash flows for the year then ended.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1.2 in the financial statements which indicates that as of June 30, 2021, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 39.627 million. The accumulated losses have exceeded the issued, subscribed and paid up capital by Rs. 39.048 million as at June 30, 2021 and accumulated losses as of that date amounted to Rs. 52.048. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1.2, indicate the existence of material uncertainty which may cast doubt about the Company's ability to continue as going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of its matter.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the



context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

| S. No | Key audit matters  | How the matter was addressed in our<br>audit  |
|-------|--|---|
| 1.    | Control environment relating to the fin systems  |   |
|       | The IT control environment relating to the financial reporting process and the application controls of individual IT systems have an impact on the selected audit approach.  As the financial statements are based on extensive number of data flows from multiple IT systems, consequently the financial reporting control environment is determined as a key audit matter.   | Our audit procedures included evaluation of the financial reporting process and related control environment, as well as testing of the effectiveness of controls including general IT controls. Our audit procedures focused on testing the reconciliation and approval controls as well as on evaluating the administration of access rights.  Our audit procedures extensively consisted of several substantive procedures as well as data analysis relating to the most significant balances on the profit and loss account and statement of financial position.   |
| 2.    | Revenue Recognition  |   |
|       | The Company focuses on revenue as a key performance measure which could create an incentive for revenue to be recognized before the risks and rewards have been transferred, resulting in a significant risk associated with revenue from an audit procedure.  Due to the significant risk associated with revenue recognition and the work effort from the audit team, the recognition of revenue is considered to be a key audit matter.  Refer to note 5.15 of the financial statements | Our audit procedures included considering the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies and assessing compliance with the policies in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.  • Control testing over the point of transfer of risk and rewards was supported by substantive audit procedures including, amongst others:  • Performing analytical tests on the revenue.  • Testing a sample of sales transactions around year end to ensure inclusion in the correct Period  • Testing of a sample of sales and trade receivables at year end by agreeing a sample of open invoices at year end to subsequent receipts from customers. |



# Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditors report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
  or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
  and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to
  events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a
  going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
  attention in our auditors report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
  disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
  evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors report. However, future events or conditions
  may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Below.



# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors report is Iffat Hussain.

ISLAMABAD

DATED: 2 7 SEP 2021

BOO EBRAHIM & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

|  |                 | 2021         | 2020         |
|--|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
|  | Note            | Rupees       | Rupees       |
|  |                 |              |              |
| ASSETS   |                 |              |              |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS                                   |                 |              |              |
| Property, plant and equipment                        |                 |              |              |
| Operating fixed assets                               | 6               | 126,598,189  | 125,430,225  |
| Long term security deposits                          |                 | 918,810      | 918,810      |
| Loans and advances                                   | 7               | 2,758,500    | 2,614,508    |
|  |                 | 130,275,499  | 128,963,543  |
| CURRENT ASSETS                                       | (22             |              |              |
| Stores, spares and loose tools                       | 8               | 2,018,079    | 2,114,022    |
| Stock in trade                                       | 9               | 25,683,867   | 12,896,840   |
| Trade debts  | 10              | 2,433,822    | 4,619,018    |
| Loans and advances                                   | 11              | 301,923      | 675,921      |
| Short term prepayments                               |                 | 333,665      | 74,452       |
| Tax refunds due from government                      | 12              | 1,210,841    | -            |
| Taxation - net                                       | 13              | 84,409       | 371,515      |
| Cash and bank balances                               | 14              | 14,485,515   | 30,519,406   |
|  |                 | 46,552,121   | 51,271,174   |
| TOTAL ASSETS   |                 | 176,827,620  | 180,234,717  |
|  |                 |              |              |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                               |                 |              |              |
| SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES                           |                 |              |              |
| Share capital  | 15              | 13,000,000   | 13,000,000   |
| Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment | 16              | 104,345,432  | 106,235,835  |
| Accumulated loss                                     | _               | (52,048,073) | (58,480,232) |
|  | :- <del>-</del> | 65,297,359   | 60,755,603   |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES                              | -               |              |              |
| Deferred liabilities                                 | 17              | 25,351,398   | 23,367,037   |
| Long term loan from directors                        | 18              | -            | -            |
|  |                 | 25,351,398   | 23,367,037   |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES                                  |                 |              |              |
| Current portion of long term loan from directors     | 18              | 62,954,546   | 63,282,547   |
| Due to associated undertaking                        | 19              |              | 5,566,077    |
| Short term loan from directors                       | 20              | 9,100,000    | 9,100,000    |
| Trade and other payables                             | 21              | 13,856,646   | 17,895,782   |
| Dividend payable / Unclaimed                         | 22              | 267,671      | 267,671      |
|  |                 | 86,178,863   | 96,112,077   |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                         |                 | 176,827,620  | 180,234,717  |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS                        | 23              |              |              |

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

Mahmod Elike

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

|                                       |      | 2021        | 2020        |
|---------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
|                                       | Note | Rupees      | Rupees      |
|                                       |      |             |             |
| Sales - net                           | 24   | 508,765,674 | 436,156,028 |
| Cost of sales                         | 25   | 487,867,403 | 415,323,038 |
| Gross profit                          |      | 20,898,271  | 20,832,990  |
| Administrative expenses               | 26   | 8,496,573   | 7,972,744   |
| Selling and distribution expenses     |      | 567,200     |             |
| Other operating charges               | 27   | 1,405,271   | 1,457,900   |
|                                       |      | 10,469,044  | 9,430,644   |
| Operating profit                      |      | 10,429,227  | 11,402,346  |
| Other income                          | 28   | 1,416,736   | 681,809     |
| Financial charges                     | 29   | 1,747       | 51,525      |
| Profit before taxation                |      | 11,844,216  | 12,032,630  |
| Taxation                              | 30   | (6,530,147) | (5,628,417) |
| Profit after taxation                 |      | 5,314,069   | 6,404,213   |
| Earning per share - basic and diluted | 32   | 4.09        | 4.93        |
|                                       |      |             |             |

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

Malmood Eather

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

|  | Note | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| Profit after taxation  |      | 5,314,069      | 6,404,213      |
| Other comprehensive income   |      |                |                |
| Items that will not be subsequently classified to profit or loss - (Loss)/gain on remeasurement of defined benefit liability | 17.1 | (772,313)      | (34,706)       |
| Total other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year   |      | (772,313)      | (34,706)       |
| Total comprehensive income for the year  | _    | 4,541,756      | 6,369,507      |

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

Mahmul Ease

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021  | 1      | St assital                                   | Reserves  | ves              |            |
|---|--------|--|---|------------------|------------|
|   |        | Share capital                                | Capital   | Revenue          |            |
|   | 1      | Issued,<br>subscribed and<br>paid-up capital | Revaluation<br>surplus on<br>property, plant<br>and equipment | Accumulated loss | Total      |
|   | Note - |  | Rupees  | es — es          |            |
| Balance as at July 01, 2019   | ;      | 13,000,000                                   | 108,328,237   | (66,292,141)     | 55,036,096 |
| <ul> <li>Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2019 at the rate</li> <li>Rs. 0.5 per share</li> </ul>                      |        | 4  | 30  | (650,000)        | (650,000)  |
| Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2020   | _      |  |   | 6,404,213        | 6,404,213  |
| Other commodencive loss for the year  |        | ,  |   | (34,706)         | (34,706)   |
| Cuts sombrement a some see and a  | г      | •  |   | 6,369,507        | 6,369,507  |
| Transfer from revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment:  On account of incremental depreciation-net of deferred tax | 16     |  | (2,092,402)   | 2,092,402        |            |
|   | 1      | 13,000,000                                   | 106,235,835   | (58,480,232)     | 60,755,603 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2021   |        |  |   |                  |            |
| Profit for the year   | _      | *  |   | 5,314,069        | 5,314,069  |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year   |        | ,  |   | (772,313)        | (772,313)  |
| Culta Company   | r      |  |   | 4,541,756        | 4,541,756  |
| - On account of incremental depreciation-net of deferred tax  | 16     | *  | (1,890,403)   | 1,890,403        | 30         |
| Balance as at June 30, 2021   |        | 13,000,000                                   | 104,345,432   | (52,048,073)     | 65,297,359 |

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Mahussel Easi DIRECTOR

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

|   | 2021<br>Rupees                          | 2020<br>Rupees |
|---|---|----------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                    |   | 7.50 M         |
| Profit before taxation                                  | 11,844,216                              | 12,032,630     |
| Adjustment for non-cash charges and other items:        |   |                |
| Depreciation  | 4,025,544                               | 4,135,199      |
| Financial charges                                       | 1,747                                   | 51,525         |
| Provision for gratuity                                  | 4,865,771                               | 4,235,346      |
| To thom for Brandy                                      | 8,893,062                               | 8,422,070      |
| Profit before working capital changes                   | 20,737,278                              | 20,454,700     |
| Changes in working capital:                             | 10-00-00-00 (P.E.) (P.E.) (P.E.)        |                |
| (Increase) / decrease in current assets                 |   |                |
| Stores, spares and loose tools                          | 95,943                                  | (918,611)      |
| Stock in trade  | (12,787,027)                            | 577,414        |
| Trade debts   | 2,185,196                               | (881,989)      |
| Loans and advances                                      | 373,998                                 | (271,301)      |
| Short term prepayments                                  | (259,213)                               | 220,560        |
| Tax refunds due from government                         | (1,210,841)                             | 794,397        |
| Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities            | 119070000000000000000000000000000000000 |                |
| Trade and other payables                                | (4,039,136)                             | 5,208,222      |
|   | (15,641,080)                            | 4,728,692      |
| Cash generated from operations                          | 5,096,198                               | 25,183,392     |
| Financial charges paid                                  | (1,747)                                 | (51,525)       |
| Income tax paid   | (6,769,864)                             | (7,961,724)    |
| Gratuity paid   | (3,126,900)                             | (1,826,750)    |
| * ************************************                  | (9,898,511)                             | (9,839,999)    |
| Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities | (4,802,313)                             | 15,343,393     |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                    |   |                |
| Loans given to employees                                | (143,992)                               | (246,000)      |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment               | (5,193,508)                             | (100,000)      |
| Net cash used in investing activities                   | (5,337,500)                             | (346,000)      |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                    |   |                |
| Repayment of long term loan from directors              | (328,001)                               | (3,500,000)    |
| Repayment to associated undertaking                     | (5,566,077)                             |                |
| Dividend paid during the year                           |   | (630,494)      |
| Short term loan from directors                          |   | 1,500,000      |
| Net cash used in financing activities                   | (5,894,078)                             | (2,630,494)    |
| Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents   | (16,033,891)                            | 12,366,899     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  | 30,519,406                              | 18,152,507     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year        | 14,485,515                              | 30,519,406     |

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

# ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# 1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 The Company was incorporated as a public limited company on June 22, 1970 under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The principal business of the Company is manufacture and sale of yarn.
- 1.2 As of June 30, 2021, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 39.627 million (2020: Rs. 44.840 million). The Company has accumulated loss of Rs. 52.048 million (2020: Rs. 58.480 million). The Company's accumulated losses exceeded the issued, subscribed and paid up capital by Rs. 39.048 million. These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty which may cast doubt about the Company's ability to continue as going concern.

These financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis without any adjustment to assets and liabilities based on the profitable future projections. The management is also confident of improving profitability through streamlining the operations of the Company and based on projections, demonstrate increases in revenue and cash flows and hence improvement in the financial performance and position of the company, for the year ending June 30, 2021 and onwards.

# 2 GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION AND ADDRESSES OF BUSINESS UNITS

The registered office of the Company is situated at 270, sector I-9, Industrial Area, Islamabad. The mill (plant) of the Company is located at Mandra - Chakwal Road, Tehsil Gujar Khan, District Rawalpindi, Pakistan.

# 3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

# 3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The approved accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

# 3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain fixed assets which have been stated at revalued amount and recognition of certain staff retirement benefits at present value.

These financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgments that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors including reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively commencing from the period of revision.

Judgments and estimates made by the management that may have a significant risk of material adjustments to the financial statements in subsequent years are discussed in note 5.25.

# 3.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

# 3.4 Key judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. In addition, it requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a high degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are documented in the following accounting policies and notes, and relate primarily to:

- Useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment Note 5.25.3& 6
- Provision for impairment of inventories Note 5.25.1 & 9
- Provision for impairment of stores and spares Note 5.25.4 & 8
- Obligation of defined benefit obligation Note 5.25.5 & 17.1
- Provision for expected credit losses Note 5.25.6 & 10
- Estimation of contingent liabilities Note 5.25.7 & 23

- 4 APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDSMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS
- 4.1 New accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2021

The following stantdards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2021. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

Amendments to IFRS 2, IFRS 3, IFRS 6, IFRS 14, IAS 1, IAS 8, IAS 34, IAS 37, IAS 38, IFRIC 12, IFRIC 19, IFRIC 20, IFRIC 22, and SIC-32 to update these pronouncements with regard to references to and quotes from the framework or to indicate where they refer to different version of the Conceptual Framework.

January 01, 2020

Amendments to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' - Defination of a business

January 01, 2020

Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Interest rate benchmark reform

January 01, 2020

Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases' - Covide - 19 related rent consessions

June 01, 2020

Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' - Definition of material

January 01, 2020

# 4.2 New accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

| Interest Rate Benchmarch Reform - Phase 2<br>(Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16)                                | January 01, 2021 |
|--|------------------|
| Amendmends to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' - Reference to the conceptual framework   | January 01, 2022 |
| Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases' - Extended practical relief regarding Covide - 19 related rent consessions                              | April 01, 2021   |
| Amendmends to IAS 1'Presentation of Financial Statements' -<br>Classification of liabilities as current or non-current                 | January 01, 2023 |
| Amendmends to IAS 1'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Disclosure of Accounting Policies  | January 01, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting<br>Estimates and Errors' - Definition of Accounting Estimates          | January 01, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single transaction                 | January 01, 2023 |
| Amendmends to IAS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment' - Proceeds before intended use  | January 01, 2022 |
| Amendmends to IAS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and<br>Contingent Assets' - Onerous Contracts - Cost of fulfilling a contract | January 01, 2022 |

The following new standards and interpretations have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP):

IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

# 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

# 5.1 Property, plant and equipment

# a) Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets except for freehold land, building and plant and machinery are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or impairment, if any. Freehold land, building and plant and machinery are stated at cost/revalued amount less accumulated depreciation or impairment, if any.

Depreciation is charged on the basis of written down value method whereby cost or revalued amount of an asset is written off over its useful life without taking into account any residual value. Full month's depreciation is charged on addition, while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal or deletion of assets.

Major renewals and repairs are capitalized and the assets so replaced are retired. Minor renewals or replacement, maintenance and repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Gains or losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are accounted for as profit or loss for the year.

Amount equivalent to incremental depreciation charged on revalued assets is transferred from surplus on revaluation of building and plant and machinery net of deferred taxation to retained earnings (unappropriated profit).

The assets' residual value and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if significant, at each balance sheet date.

Disposal of assets is recognized when significant risks and reward incidental to the ownership have been transferred to buyers. Gain and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized in the profit and loss accounts.

# Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of land, buildings and plant and machinery is recognized in other comprehensive income and presented as a separate component of equity as "Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment", except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognized in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. Any decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of land, buildings and plant and machinery is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment relating to a previous revaluation of

that asset. The revaluation reserve is not available for distribution to the Company's shareholders. The surplus on revaluation buildings and plant and machinery to the extent of incremental depreciation charged (net of deferred tax) is transferred to unappropriated profit.

# 5.2 Impairment losses

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that is largely independent from other assets and group. Impairment losses are recognized as expense in profit and loss account. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Impaired assets are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each statement of financial position date. Reversal of the impairment losses are restricted to the extent that asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment losses had been recognized. A reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the satement of profit and loss.

# 5.3 Stores, spares and loose tools

Stores and spares are stated at cost less provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Cost is determined by using the moving average method. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

Spare parts of capital nature which can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment are classified as tangible fixed assets under "Plant and machinery" category and are depreciated over a time period not exceeding the useful life of the related assets.

The Company reviews the carrying amount of stores and spares on a periodic basis and provision is made for slow moving and obsolescence on periodic basis.

# 5.4 Stock in trade

Stock in trade, except stock in transit, are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

- Raw materials - at moving average method except stock in transit

Work in process - at cost of material plus proportionate production overheads

- Finished goods - at cost of material as above plus proportionate production overheads

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and costs necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale.

Stock in transit is valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges thereon.

# 5.5 Trade receivables

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognized when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss.

## 5.6 Loans and advances

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognized when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss.

# 5.7 Cash and bank balances

Cash in hand and at banks are carried at nominal amounts which is the fair value of cash and bank balances.

# 5.8 Share capital

Share capital is classified as equity and recognized at the face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown as a deduction in equity.

# 5.9 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualification period for entitlement to gratuity. Contributions are made based on actuarial recommendations and in line with the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The most recent actuarial valuation is carried out at June 30, 2021 using the projected unit credit method (refer note 17). Actuarial gains and losses are recognized as income or expense in the other comprehensive income. The Company recognizes expense in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

# 5.10 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

# Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income on current rates of taxation after taking into account the rebates and tax credits available, if any, or one percent of turnover, whichever is higher in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

The Company recognizes tax liabilities for pending tax assessments using estimates based on expert opinion obtained from tax/legal advisors. Differences, if any, between the income tax provision and the tax liability finally determined is recorded when such liability is so determined.

# Deferred

Deferred tax is computed using the balance sheet liability method providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available and the credits can be utilized.

Further, the Company has recognized the deferred tax liability on surplus on revaluation of fixed assets which has been adjusted against the related surplus.

# Prior years

The taxation charge for prior years represents adjustments to the tax charge relating to prior years, arising from assessments and changes in estimates made during the current year, except otherwise stated.

# 5.11 Borrowing

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the amortized cost unless classified as fair value through profit and loss they are initially recognized when they are received and measured at amortized cost which is fair value of consideration. Mark up, interest and other borrowing costs are charged to profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing cost on long term finances which are specifically obtained for the acquisition of qualifying assets are capitalized up to the date of commencement of commercial production on the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are charged to profit and loss account in the period in which these are incurred.

### 5.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

### 5.13 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting future cash flows at appropriate discount rate where ever required. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

### 5.14 Leases

leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the statement of profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. Payments associated with leases with a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit or loss.

### 5.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises of the fair value of the consideration received or receivable from the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue from sale of goods is shown net of sales tax. Revenue is recognized when the company completes it performance obligation in the contract. Due to nature of the business, revenue is recognized at point at time basis.

The revenue arising from different activities of the Company is recognized on the following basis:

- Local sales are recorded on dispatch of goods to customers.
- Scrap sales are recognized when delivery is made to customers.
- Interest income is recognized as revenue on time proportion basis.

### 5.16 Earnings per share

The Company presents earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

### 5.17 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent comprise cash in hand, cash at bank and short term investments with maturity of not later than three months at known amount in rupees.

### 5.18 Related party transactions

Transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes as admissible.

### 5.19 Dividend and apportioning to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

### 5.20 Financial instruments

### Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, fair value through other comprehensive income and amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. All the financial assets of the Company as at statement of financial position date are carried at amortized cost.

### Amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss:

- it is held with in a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### **Equity Investments at FVOCI**

These assets are initially measured at cost plus transaction cost that are directly attributable to its acquisition. Subsequently, these are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

### Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are initially recognized at cost. Subsequently, these are measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

### Impairment

The Company recognizes loss allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) on financial assets measured at amortized cost and contract assets. The Company measures loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

Lifetime ECLs are those that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether the financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have occurred.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

### Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

### Derecognition

The financial assets are de-recognized when the Company loses control of the contractual right that comprise the financial assets. The financial liabilities are de-recognized when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

### 5.21 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 5.22 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

### 5.23 Contingencies

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

### 5.24 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components. The Company has only one reportable segment.

### 5.25 Significant accounting judgments and critical accounting estimates / assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the management to:-

- exercise its judgment in process of applying the Company's accounting policies, and
- use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions concerning the future.

Judgments and assumptions have been required by the management in applying the Company's accounting policies in many areas. Actual results may differ from estimates calculated using these judgments and assumptions.

The areas involving critical accounting estimates and significant assumptions concerning the future are discussed below:-

### 5.25.1 Provision for inventory obsolescence

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of stores, spares and loose tools and stock in trade on regular basis and provision is made for obsolescence if there is any change in usage pattern and physical form of related stores, spares and loose tools and stock in trade.

### 5.25.2 Income taxes

The Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by appellate authorities. Instances where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

### 5.25.3 Property, plant and equipment

The estimates for revalued amounts, if any, of different classes of property, plant and equipment, are based on valuation performed by external professional valuers and recommendation of technical teams of the Company. The said recommendations also include estimates with respect to residual values and useful lives. Further, the Company reviews the value of the assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in these estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment loss.

### 5.25.4 Stores and spares

Management has made estimates for realizable amount of slow moving and obsolete stores and spares items to determine provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Any future change in the estimated realizable amounts might affect carrying amount of stores and spares with corresponding effect on amounts recognized in profit and loss account as provision / reversal.

### 5.25.5 Defined benefits plan

The management has exercised judgment in applying Company's accounting policies for classification of Post Employment Benefits as Defined Benefits Plan (refer note 5.9) that have the most significant effects on the amount recognized in the financial statements.

### 5.25.6 Expected credit losses

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. Company uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates and forecast of economic conditions that are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analyzed.

### 5.25.7 Contingencies

The Company reviews the status of all the legal cases on regular basis. Based on expected outcome and lawyers' judgments, appropriate disclosure or provision is made.

### OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

The following is the statement of operating fixed assets:

| Danasiasias                     | Free hold  | Buildings   | ngs         | Plant and   | Furniture<br>fixture and | Computer  | Power and<br>other | Factory<br>equipment and | Motor     | Total       |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Description                     | land       | Residential | Factory     | machinery   | office                   | equipment | installations      | instruments              | vehicles  | Satura      |
|                                 |            |             |             |             | Ru                       | Rupees    |                    |                          |           |             |
| Year ended June 30, 2021        |            |             |             |             |                          |           |                    |                          |           |             |
| Opening book value              | 86,250,000 | 4,157,000   | 11,924,033  | 22,592,715  | 71,968                   | 43        | 150,838            | 57,522                   | 226,106   | 125,430,225 |
| Additions (at cost)             |            | 168.970     |             | 2.017.938   | 65,600                   |           | 2,641,000          |                          |           | 5,193,508   |
| Description charge              |            | (217,620)   | (1.192.403) | (2.339,805) | (11,570)                 | (14)      | (213,159)          | (5,752)                  | (45,221)  | (4,025,544) |
| Closing net book value          | 86,250,000 | 4,408,350   | 10,731,630  | 22,270,848  | 125,998                  | 29        | 2,578,679          | 51,770                   | 180,885   | 126,598,189 |
| Gross carrying value basis      |            |             |             |             |                          | 4 000     | 400141             | 2001 887                 | 2 400 520 | 148 585 875 |
| Cost/revalue                    | 80,200,000 | 784.820     | 4.722.669   | 8,994,456   | 988.254                  | 4,971     | 2,322,764          | 1,950,117                | 2,219,635 | 21,987,686  |
| Net book value                  | 86,250,000 | 4,408,350   | 10,731,630  | 22,270,848  | 125,998                  | 29        | 2,578,679          | 51,770                   | 180,885   | 126,598,189 |
|                                 |            |             |             |             |                          |           |                    |                          |           |             |
| Net carrying value basis        |            |             |             |             |                          |           |                    |                          | 200       | 100 100 100 |
| Opening book value              | 86,250,000 | 4375,790    | 13,248,926  | 24,996,536  | 79,964                   | 2         | 167,598            | 63,913                   | 282,000   | 129,400,424 |
| Additions (at cost)             |            |             | •           | 100,000     |                          |           |                    |                          |           | 100,000     |
| Depreciation charge             |            | (218,790)   | (1,324,893) | (2,503,821) | (7,996)                  | (21)      | (10,700)           |                          | (30,347)  | (4,133,133) |
| Closing net book value          | 86,250,000 | 4 157,000   | 11,924,033  | 22,592,715  | 71,968                   | 43        | 150,838            | 57,522                   | 226,106   | 125,430,225 |
| Gross carrying value basis      | 86 250 000 | 4 724 200   | 15 454 299  | 29 247 366  | 1.048.652                | 5,000     | 2,260,443          | 2,001,887                | 2,400,520 | 143,392,367 |
| Accumulated depreciation        |            | 567,200     | 3,530,266   | 6,654,651   | 976,684                  | 4,957     | 2,109,605          | 1,944,365                | 2,174,414 | 17,962,142  |
| Net book value                  | 86,250,000 | 4,157,000   | 11,924,033  | 22,592,715  | 71,968                   | 43        | 150,838            | 57,522                   | 226,106   | 125,430,225 |
| Annual rate of depreciation (%) | •          | 5%          | 10%         | 10%         | 10%                      | 33%       | 10%                | 6 10%                    | 20%       |             |

<sup>6.1</sup> Free hold land of the Company is located at Mandra - Chakwal road, Tehsil Gujar Khan, District Rawalpindi, Punjab, Pakistan with an area of 23.4 acres. Details of factory and residential buildings of the company constructed on this land are as follows:

|    | Particulars   | Covered Area<br>(In sq.ft)   |
|----|---|--|
| a) | Main mill building including cotton<br>godown, store room, canteen block,<br>workshops and other civil works. | 70,827   |
| b) |   | 14,744   |
|    |   | 85,571   |
|    |   | a) Main mill building including cotton godown, store room, canteen block, workshops and other civil works. |

### 6.2 Revaluation of freehold land, building and plant and machinery

6.2.1 The Company has adopted the revaluation model for subsequent measurement of freehold land, buildings and plant and machinery. Further details of revaluation carried out by the Company to date are as follows:

| Name of independent valuer  | Date of revaluation | Revaluation surplus<br>(Rupees) |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| M/s Asrem (Private) Limited | December 31, 2017   | 46,914,451                      |
| M/s Asrem (Private) Limited | June 30, 2014       | 43,795,541                      |
| M/s Asrem (Private) Limited | June 7, 2010        | 22,258,957                      |
| M/s Zia Consultants         | June 30, 1996       | 33,215,659                      |

- 6.2.2 M/s Arsem (Private) Limited are at the panel of professional valuers maintained by the state bank of Pakistan and they have appropriate qualification and relevant experience in the fair value measurement of properties in the relevant location. The fair value of land was determined based on the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction price for similar properties, the fair value of building was determined using cost approach, reflects the cost to a market participant to conduct assess of comparable utility and age ,adjusted for depreciation factor , price factor and obsolescence.
- 6.2.3 Had there been no revaluation, the net book value of the specific classes of operating assets would have been as follows:

|                            | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Freehold land              | 299,995        | 299,995        |
| Buildings on freehold land | 944,817        | 994,544        |
| Plant and machinery        | 6,775,508      | 5,510,404      |

6.2.4 The forced sale value of the revalued freehold land, buildings and plant and equipment has been assessed at Rs. 77,625,000, Rs. 15,512,000 and Rs. 21,808,000 respectively.

|     |   | Note | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|-----|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| 6.3 | Depreciation has been allocated as follows: |      |                |                |
|     | Cost of sales                               |      | 3,751,119      | 3,851,865      |
|     | Administrative expenses                     |      | 274,425        | 283,334        |
|     | Administrative expenses                     | -    | 4,025,544      | 4,135,199      |
| 7   | LOANS AND ADVANCES                          |      |                |                |
|     | Unsecured - considered good                 |      |                |                |
|     | Opening balance                             |      | 2,905,508      | 2,574,508      |
|     | Loan given to employees during the year     |      | 2,422,000      | 4,355,500      |
|     | Payment received during the year            |      | (2,303,008)    | (4,024,500)    |
|     | Taymon received damage and y                |      | 3,024,500      | 2,905,508      |
|     | Current portion shown under current assets  | 11   | (266,000)      | (291,000)      |
|     |   |      | 2,758,500      | 2,614,508      |
|     |   | ,    |                |                |

7.1 These balances represent interest free loans and advances given to employees. The Chief Executive Officer and Directors have not taken any loans and advances from the Company. These balances are carried at cost as the impact of amortization is not material in respect of these financial statements.

2020

|   |                                | Rupees               | Rupees               |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 8 | STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS |                      |                      |
|   | Stores<br>Spares               | 1,910,466<br>107,613 | 1,829,322<br>284,700 |
|   | Spares                         | 2,018,079            | 2,114,022            |

- 8.1 Stores and spares also include items which may result in capital expenditure but are not distinguishable at the time of purchase. However, the stores and spares consumption resulting in capital expenditure are capitalized in cost of respective assets.
- 8.2 Cost of stores and spares recognized as expense amounts to Rs. 12,305,696 (2020: 8,847,179).

|   |                 | 2021<br>Rupees | Rupees     |
|---|-----------------|----------------|------------|
| 9 | STOCK IN TRADE  |                |            |
|   | Raw material    | 5,955,338      | 6,690,537  |
|   | Work in process | 2,959,875      | 2,678,451  |
|   | Finished goods  | 16,730,902     | 3,422,832  |
|   |                 | 37,752         | 105,020    |
|   | Waste           | 25,683,867     | 12,896,840 |
|   |                 |                | Redistant  |

|      |  | Note | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|------|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| 10   | TRADE DEBTS  |      |                |                |
|      | Unsecured - considered good  |      | 2,433,822      | 4,619,018      |
| 10.1 | All trade receivables are in respect of local sales.   |      |                |                |
| 11   | LOANS AND ADVANCES   |      |                |                |
|      | Unsecured-considered good  |      |                |                |
|      | Loans  | -    | 266,000        | 291,000        |
|      | Current portion of long-term loans   | 7    | 266,000        | 291,000        |
|      | Advances to suppliers  | 11.1 | 35,923         | 384,921        |
|      | The same of the sa |      | 301,923        | 675,921        |

11.1 This represents advances to suppliers in the normal course of business. These are unsecured and does not carry any interest or mark-up. The Chief Executive Officer and Directors have not taken any loans and advances from the Company.

|    |   | Note | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|----|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| 12 | TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM                    |      |                |                |
|    | GOVERNMENT                              |      |                |                |
|    | Income tax                              |      |                |                |
|    | Sales tax                               |      | 1,210,841      |                |
|    |   |      | 1,210,841      | •              |
| 13 | TAXATION - NET                          |      |                |                |
|    | Balance at beginning of the year        |      | 371,515        | (1,064,926)    |
|    | Worker's Welfare Fund adjusted          |      | (325,971)      | 21,943         |
|    | Worker's Westmen and any                |      | 45,544         | (1,042,983)    |
|    | Adjusted against / transferred to tax   |      |                |                |
|    | refunds due from government             |      | 577,480        | 21,491         |
|    |   |      | 623,024        | (1,021,492)    |
|    | Provision for the year                  | 30   | (7,634,450)    | (6,547,226)    |
|    | Trovision for the year                  |      | (7,011,426)    | (7,568,718)    |
|    | Less: Payment/adjustment                |      | 7,095,835      | 7,940,233      |
|    | Closing balance receivable / ( payable) |      | 84,409         | 371,515        |
|    | Closing bulance receivable. (payable)   |      |                | Basen          |

13.1 Adequate provision in respect of taxation have been made in these financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 (Tax year 2021).

|    |  | Note | 2021<br>Rupees                        | 2020<br>Rupees                        |
|----|--|------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 14 | CASH AND BANK BALANCES   |      |                                       |                                       |
|    | Cash in hand   |      | 99,967                                | 28,354                                |
|    | Cash at bank Local currency:<br>Current accounts<br>Saving account | 14.1 | 1,980,084<br>12,405,464<br>14,485,515 | 6,595,276<br>23,895,776<br>30,519,406 |

14.1 Saving account carries mark up at the rates ranging from 0.02% to 0.06% (2020: 0.02% to 0.06%) per annum.

### 15 SHARE CAPITAL

### 15.1 Authorized share capital:

This represents 5,000,000 (2020: 5,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each amounting to Rs. 50,000,000 (2020: Rs. 50,000,000).

| 2021   | 2020   |
|--------|--------|
| Rupees | Rupees |

### 15.2 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital:

| Number of or<br>shares of Rs. 10 | (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) |                    |            |            |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------|------------|------------|
| 2021                             | 2020                                    |                    |            |            |
| 1,300,000                        | 1,300,000                               | Fully paid in cash | 13,000,000 | 13,000,000 |

15.3 All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to entitlement of dividend, voting rights, board selection, right of final refusal and block voting.

|         |   | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|---------|---|----------------|----------------|
|         | ition surplus on property, plant ipment   |                |                |
| Balance | brought forward   | 114,521,598    | 117,468,643    |
| Add:    | Revaluation during the year   |                | -              |
| Less:   | Transferred to equity in respect of incremental depreciation charged during the year-net of deferred tax  Related deferred tax liability during the | 1,890,403      | 2,092,402      |
|         | year transferred to profit or loss<br>account   | 772,136        | 854,643        |
|         | account   | 2,662,539      | 2,947,045      |
|         |   | 111,859,059    | 114,521,598    |
| Less:   | Related deferred tax effect:  |                |                |
| Loss.   | Balance as at July 01   | 8,285,763      | 9,140,406      |
|         | Related deferred tax liability during the<br>year transferred to profit or loss<br>account  | (772,136)      | (854,643       |

16.1 The revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment is a capital reserve, and is not available for distribution to the shareholders in accordance with section 241 of the Companies Act, 2017.

8,285,763

106,235,835

7,513,627

104,345,432

| Rupees     |
|------------|
|            |
| 13,832,848 |
| 9,534,189  |
| 23,367,037 |
| 1          |

### 17.1 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity

### General description

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The scheme provides for terminal benefits for all its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualifying period at varying percentages of last drawn gross salary. The percentage

depends on the number of service years with the Company. Annual charge is based on actuarial valuation carried out as at June 30, 2021 using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The Company faces the following risks on account of gratuity:

Final salary risk - The risk that the final salary at the time of cessation of service is greater than what the Company has assumed. Since the benefit is calculated on the final salary, the benefit amount would also increase proportionately.

Asset volatility - Presently the Company is not exposed to asset volatility risk.

Discount rate fluctuation - The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to corporate bond yields. A decrease in corporate bond yields will increase plan liabilities, although this will be partially offset by an increase in the value of the current plans' bond holdings.

Investment risks - The risk of the investment underperforming and not being sufficient to meet the liabilities. This risk is mitigated by closely monitoring the performance of investment.

Risk of insufficiency of assets - This is managed by making regular contribution to the Fund as advised by the actuary.

2020

2021

### Principal actuarial assumptions

Following are a few important actuarial assumptions used in the valuation:

|        | Discount rate (%)   | 10         | 8.5        |
|--------|---|------------|------------|
|        | Expected rate of return on plan assets (%)                              |            |            |
|        | Expected rate of increase in salary (%)                                 | 9          | 7.5        |
|        | Average expected remaining working life time of<br>employee (Years)     | 6          | 6          |
|        | Weighted average duration of the defined<br>benefits obligation (Years) | 6          | 5          |
|        | Maturity profile  | SLIC(20    | 01-05)     |
|        |   | 2021       | 2020       |
|        |   | Rupees     | Rupees     |
| 17.1.1 | Reconciliation of balance due to defined benefit plan                   |            |            |
|        | Present value of defined benefit obligation                             | 16,344,032 | 13,832,848 |
|        | Fair value of plan assets   |            | -          |
|        | Closing net liability   | 16,344,032 | 13,832,848 |
|        |   |            | Below.     |
|        |   |            |            |

|        |  | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees   |
|--------|--|----------------|------------------|
| 17.1.2 | Movement of the liability recognized in                    |                |                  |
|        | the balance sheet  |                |                  |
|        | Opening net liability                                      |                |                  |
|        | Non current portion  | 13,832,848     | 11,389,546       |
|        | Current portion  | -              |                  |
|        | Charge for the year  | 4,865,771      | 4,235,346        |
|        | Premeasurement chargeable to other                         |                |                  |
|        | comprehensive income                                       | 772,313        | 34,706           |
|        | Benefits paid during the year                              | (3,126,900)    | (1,826,750)      |
|        | Closing net liability                                      | 16,344,032     | 13,832,848       |
| 17.1.3 | Movement in present value of defined                       |                |                  |
|        | benefit obligations  |                |                  |
|        | Opening present value of defined benefit obligations       |                | SON WYSER TENERS |
|        | Non current portion  | 13,832,848     | 11,389,546       |
|        | Current portion  |                | •                |
|        | Current service cost for the year                          | 3,822,872      | 2,925,825        |
|        | Interest cost for the year                                 | 1,042,899      | 1,309,521        |
|        | Benefits paid during the year                              | (3,126,900)    | (1,826,750)      |
|        | Premeasurement loss / (gain) on obligation                 | 772,313        | 34,706           |
|        | Closing present value of defined benefit obligations       | 16,344,032     | 13,832,848       |
| 17.1.4 | Charge for the year  |                |                  |
|        | Current service cost                                       | 3,822,872      | 2,925,825        |
|        | Interest cost  | 1,042,899      | 1,309,521        |
|        | Charge for the year  | 4,865,771      | 4,235,346        |
| 17.1.5 | Premeasurement chargeable to other comprehensive income    |                |                  |
|        | Premeasurement loss / (gain) on defined obligation due to: |                |                  |
|        | Change in demographic assumptions                          | -              | •                |
|        | Change in financial assumptions                            | -              | +                |
|        | Experience adjustment                                      | 772,313        | 34,706           |
|        | Premeasurement loss / (gain) on obligation                 | 772,313        | 34,706           |

17.1.6 The Company has no plan assets, therefore fair value and movement in the fair value of plan assets has not been presented.

### 17.1.7 Sensitivity analysis

The calculation of the defined benefit obligations sensitive to the assumption set out above. The following table summaries how the impact on the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased / (decreased) as a result of a change in the respective assumptions by one percent.

|                 | Increase in<br>Assumption<br>Rupees | Decrease in<br>Assumption<br>Rupees |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Discount rate   | 15,397,007                          | 17,349,690                          |
| Salary increase | 17,349,307                          | 15,396,818                          |

- 17.1.8 The charge in respect of defined benefit plan for the year ending June 30, 2022 is estimated to be Rs. 6.197 million.
- 17.1.9 There are no plan assets, therefore, disclosure in respect to plan assets required as per IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" has not been made in these financial statements.

### 17.1.10 Comparison of five years

Comparison of present value of defined benefit obligation and experience adjustment on obligation for the current and preceding four years is as follows:

|  | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|
|--|------|------|------|------|------|

Present value of

benefit obligation 16,344,032 13,832,848 11,389,546 12,148,105 9,791,152

### 17.1.11 Undiscounted expected benefit payments from active employees

|                            | Year 1    | Year 2 to 5 | Year 6 to 10 |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| Expected benefits payments | 3,471,000 | 9,562,000   | 15,359,060   |

### 17.2 Deferred taxation

17.2.1 Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to temporary timing differences are as follows:

| 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees                                |
|----------------|---|
| 1,493,739      | 1,248,426                                     |
| 7,513,627      | 8,285,763                                     |
| 9,007,366      | 9,534,189                                     |
| 29%            | 29%   |
|                | Rupees<br>1,493,739<br>7,513,627<br>9,007,366 |

17.2.2 Deferred tax asset on the difference of turnover tax and normal tax carried forward has not been recognized as there is no reasonable certainty about future profits against which it can be utilized.

Further, no deferred tax asset/liability has been recognized on gratuity as the Company is claiming it as tax expense for the year.

17.2.3 The gross movement in the deferred tax liability during the year is as follow:

|    | 1   | Note | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|----|---|------|----------------|----------------|
|    | Balance as at July 01                                 |      | 9,534,189      | 10,431,055     |
|    | Charged/(credit) to profit and loss account           |      | (526,823)      | (896,866)      |
|    |   |      | 9,007,366      | 9,534,189      |
| 18 | LONG TERM LOAN FROM DIRECTORS                         |      |                |                |
|    | Balance brought forward                               | 18.1 | 63,282,547     | 66,782,547     |
|    | Payments during the year                              |      | (328,001)      | (3,500,000)    |
|    |   |      | 62,954,546     | 63,282,547     |
|    | Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities |      | (62,954,546)   | (63,282,547)   |
|    |   | - 2  |                | -              |

- 18.1 This represents unsecured interest free loan from two directors and Chief Executive of the Company. The loan was payable on July 01, 2015. As these are now payable on demand, therefore all amounts have been transferred to current liabilities in the financial statements.
- 18.2 The maximum aggregate amount due to directors at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 63,282,547 (2020: Rs. 66,782,547).

|    |   | Note | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|----|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| 19 | DUE TO ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKING                             |      |                |                |
|    | Unsecured   |      |                |                |
|    | International Beverages (Private) Limited Opening balance |      | 5,566,077      | 5,566,077      |
|    | Paid during the year                                      |      | (5,566,077)    | -              |
|    | raid daring the year                                      | 19.1 |                | 5,566,077      |
|    |   | -    |                | Bushes.        |

- 19.1 This represents the amount payable to International Beverages (Private) Limited (IBL) against MCB Bank Limited long term facility restructured during the year ended June 30, 2008, as per settlement agreement dated May 29, 2008 signed between the Company, IBL and MCB Bank Limited. As per above agreement this facility was transferred in the name of IBL, in prior years.
- 19.2 As per agreement the settled amount was Rs. 17.866 million which includes Rs. 16.668 million as principal and Rs. 1.198 million as markup payable at 6% by the Company.

The amount due was repayable to IBL on July 01, 2015. As these were payable on demand, therefore all amounts had been transferred previously to current liabilities in the financial statements. However, the liability was fully settled during the year.

The maximum aggregate amount due to associated undertaking at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 5,566,077 (2020: Rs. 5,566,077).

|                                | Note | 2021<br>Rupees   | 2020<br>Rupees  |
|--------------------------------|------|--|---|
| SHORT TERM LOAN FROM DIRECTORS |      |  |   |
| Balance brought forward        |      | 9,100,000  | 7,600,000   |
| Additions during the year      |      | -  | 1,500,000   |
|                                | 20.1 | 9,100,000  | 9,100,000   |
|                                |      | SHORT TERM LOAN FROM DIRECTORS  Balance brought forward  Additions during the year | SHORT TERM LOAN FROM DIRECTORS  Balance brought forward Additions during the year  Note Rupees  9,100,000 |

20.1 This represents unsecured interest free loan from two directors and Chief Executive of the Company to meet the working capital requirements. These are payable on demand.

|    |   | Note | 2021<br>Rupees   | 2020<br>Rupees   |
|----|---|------|--|--|
| 21 | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES  |      |  |  |
|    | Creditors Accrued expenses Advances from customers Government dues  |      | 11,314,967<br>1,049,674<br>542,601                           | 40,965<br>12,206,013<br>4,004,732<br>519,274                   |
|    | Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Income tax payable Sales tax due to government Zakat payable | 21.1 | 638,053<br>278,793<br>26,462<br>2,305<br>3,791<br>13,856,646 | 649,528<br>325,971<br>23,364<br>122,144<br>3,791<br>17,895,782 |
|    |   |      |  | Adates   |

|      |  | Note | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|------|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| 21.1 | Workers' Profit Participation Fund                 |      |                |                |
|      | Balance at July 01,                                |      | 649,528        | 346,940        |
|      | Interest on funds utilized in Company's business   |      | -              | *              |
|      | Allocation for the year                            |      | 638,053        | 649,528        |
|      | ***************************************            | -    | 1,287,581      | 996,468        |
|      | Amount paid during the year                        |      | (649,528)      | (346,940)      |
|      | Balance at June 30,                                | -    | 638,053        | 649,528        |
| 22   | DIVIDEND PAYABLE / UNCLAIMED                       |      |                |                |
|      | Dividend payable                                   |      | 19,506         | 19,506         |
|      | Unclaimed dividend                                 |      | 248,165        | 248,165        |
|      |  | 22.1 | 267,671        | 267,671        |
|      | Amounts transferred into dividend account          |      |                | 680,000        |
|      | Dividend claims received and settled               |      | (#V)           |                |
|      | Profits generated from unpaid dividend account     |      | •              |                |
|      | Profits utilized                                   |      | *              | (i=)           |
| 22.1 | The reconciliation of carrying amount is as follow | s:   |                |                |
|      | Opening balance                                    |      | 267,671        | 248,165        |
|      | Dividends declared                                 |      |                | 650,000        |
|      | Interest on dividend                               |      |                | -              |
|      | Less: Dividends paid                               |      | •              | (630,494)      |
|      |  |      | 267,671        | 267,671        |

### 23 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### 23.1 CONTINGENCIES

There was no contingent liability of the Company as at the June 30, 2021 (2020: Nil).

### 23.2 COMMITMENTS

There were no capital commitments as at the June 30, 2021 (2020: Nil).

|      |  |      | 2021         | 2020         |
|------|--|------|--------------|--------------|
|      |  | Note | Rupees       | Rupees       |
| 24   | SALES  |      |              |              |
|      | Yam  |      | 594,370,326  | 509,812,159  |
|      | Waste  |      | 885,512      | 490,394      |
|      |  |      | 595,255,838  | 510,302,553  |
|      | Less: sales tax  |      | (86,490,164) | (74,146,525) |
|      |  |      | 508,765,674  | 436,156,028  |
| 25   | COST OF SALES  |      |              |              |
|      | Raw material consumed  | 25.1 | 355,003,058  | 298,419,577  |
|      | Store and spares consumed  | 25.2 | 12,305,696   | 8,847,179    |
|      | Salaries, wages and other benefits   | 25.3 | 74,376,337   | 62,042,849   |
|      | Power charges  |      | 55,283,137   | 42,060,442   |
|      | Insurance  |      | 572,192      | 311,331      |
|      | Repairs and maintenance  |      | 98,090       | 79,820       |
|      | Depreciation   | 6.3  | 3,751,119    | 3,851,865    |
|      | Depresimen   |      | 501,389,629  | 415,613,063  |
|      | Work in process  |      | ,            | ,,           |
|      | Opening  | 1    | 2,678,451    | 2,666,743    |
|      | Closing  | 9    | (2,959,875)  | (2,678,451)  |
|      |  | ,    | (281,424)    | (11,708)     |
|      | Cost of goods manufactured   |      | 501,108,205  | 415,601,355  |
|      | Finished goods   |      | 0.000        | 100 100      |
|      | Opening  | [    | 3,422,832    | 3,236,425    |
|      | Closing  | 9    | (16,730,902) | (3,422,832)  |
|      |  |      | (13,308,070) | (186,407)    |
|      | Waste  |      |              |              |
|      | Opening  |      | 105,020      | 13,110       |
|      | Closing  | 9    | (37,752)     | (105,020)    |
|      | Anna 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10  |      | 67,268       | (91,910)     |
|      |  |      | 487,867,403  | 415,323,038  |
| 25.1 | Raw material consumed  |      |              |              |
|      | Opening stock  |      | 6,690,537    | 7,557,976    |
|      | Add: Purchases   |      | 354,267,859  | 297,552,138  |
|      | Cost of raw materials available for use  |      | 360,958,396  | 305,110,114  |
|      | Less: Closing stock  |      | (5,955,338)  | (6,690,537)  |
|      | and a second sec |      | 355,003,058  | 298,419,577  |
| 25.2 | Stores and loose tools consumed  | ,    |              |              |
| 2012 |  |      | 2,114,022    | 1,195,411    |
|      | Opening stock  |      | 12,209,753   | 9,765,790    |
|      | Add: Purchases   |      | 14,323,775   | 10,961,201   |
|      | Less: Closing stock  |      | (2,018,079)  | (2,114,022)  |
|      | Less. Closing stock  |      | 12,305,696   | 8,847,179    |
|      |  |      | 12,303,090   | 0,047,179    |
|      | Page - 27  |      |              |              |

25.3 Salaries, wages and other benefits includes an amount of Rs. 3,569,528 (2020: Rs. 3,195,912) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

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|   |                                      | ••   | 2021      | 2020      |
|---|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|
|   |                                      | Note | Rupees    | Rupees    |
| • | ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES              |      |           |           |
|   | Directors' remuneration              | 31   | 278,400   | 278,400   |
|   | Salaries and other benefits          | 26.1 | 5,967,258 | 4,924,509 |
|   | Telephone expenses                   |      | 99,623    | 106,828   |
|   | Motor running expenses               |      | 468,979   | 477,437   |
|   | Printing, stationery and periodicals |      | 10,800    | 1,000     |
|   | Rent                                 |      | 600,000   | 600,000   |
|   | Rates and taxes                      |      | 3,685     | 4,626     |
|   | Advertisement                        |      | 25,240    | 86,640    |
|   | Traveling and conveyance             |      | 45,550    | 39,390    |
|   | Entertainment                        |      | 74,562    | 47,416    |
|   | Subscription and membership fee      |      | 338,348   | 354,778   |
|   | Depreciation                         | 6.3  | 274,425   | 283,334   |
|   | Donation                             | 26.2 | 150,000   | 700,000   |
|   | Other expenses                       |      | 159,703   | 68,386    |
|   |                                      | · ·  | 8,496,573 | 7,972,744 |

- 26.1 Salaries and other benefits include Rs. 1,296,243 (2020: Rs. 1,039,434) in respect of staff retirement benefits.
- 26.2 This represent donation given to Al-Mudassir Trust amounting to Rs.50,000 and to Sundas Foundation Trust amounting to Rs.100,000. Director of the Company or his spouse did not had any interest at any time during the year in the donee.

| 27 | OTHER OPERATING CHARGES                                | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|----|--|----------------|----------------|
| 21 | Legal and professional expenses Auditor's remuneration | 158,425        | 169,978        |
|    | Statutory audit  | 260,000        | 260,000        |
|    | Half yearly review                                     | 50,000         | 50,000         |
|    | Fee for other certification                            | 20,000         | 20,000         |
|    |  | 330,000        | 330,000        |
|    | Workers' Profit Participation Fund                     | 638,053        | 649,528        |
|    | Workers' Welfare Fund                                  | 278,793        | 308,394        |
|    |  | 1,405,271      | 1,457,900      |
|    |  |                | Beloten        |

|    |                                  | Note | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|----|----------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| 28 | OTHER INCOME                     |      |                |                |
|    | Income from non-financial assets |      |                |                |
|    | Scrap sales                      |      | 197,649        | 325,702        |
|    | Bank profit                      |      | 43,630         | 19,618         |
|    | Liabilities written back         | 28.1 | 1,175,457      | 336,489        |
|    |                                  |      | 1,416,736      | 681,809        |
|    |                                  | -    |                |                |

28.1 This represents the long unclaimed outstanding balances payable to vendors written back with the approval of the Board.

| 29 | FINANCIAL CHARGES                 | Note | 2021<br>Rupees         | 2020<br>Rupees        |
|----|-----------------------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------------|
|    | Bank commission and charges       | -    | 1,747                  | 51,525                |
| 30 | TAXATION                          |      |                        |                       |
|    | Provision for taxation<br>Current |      | 7,634,450              | 6,547,226             |
|    | Prior year adjustment<br>Deferred | 30.1 | (577,480)<br>(526,823) | (21,943)<br>(896,866) |
|    |                                   |      | 6,530,147              | 5,628,417             |

- 30.1 This represents tax on undistributed profits for the year ended June 30, 2018 under section 5A of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Company has accounted for tax provision at the rate of 7.5% of its accounting profit before tax for the year ended June 30, 2018 in the financial statements of 2018-19 as prior year charge. The provision of section 5A was challenged before the Sindh High Court vide Civil Petition No. D-4970 of 2017. The Honourable Sindh High Court vide judgement dated April 30, 2021 declared that the insertion of section 5A in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 does not fall within the parameters delineated as per Article 73 of the Constitution of Pakistan, 1973, hence, the provision impugned is found to be ultra vires of the Constitution, and is hereby struck down. Consequently, the provision charged on account of tax on undistributed profit in the financial year 2018-19 is reversed / adjusted in the current year.
- 30.2 Numerical reconciliation between applicable tax rate and average effective tax rate has not been prepared as the Company was subject to minimum tax in the current year and prior year.
- 30.3 The applicable income tax rate for subsequent years beyond Tax Year 2021 was retained at 29% on account of changes made to Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act 2021. Therefore, deferred tax is computed at the rate of 29% applicable to the period when temporary differences are expected to be reversed / utilized.

## 31 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

2 of the Company is as follows: The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits to Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

|                           |                    | 2(        | 2021       |          |                    | 2(        | 2020       |         |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|------------|---------|
|                           | Chief<br>Executive | Directors | Executives | Total    | Chief<br>Executive | Directors | Executives | Total   |
|                           |                    |           |            | (Rupees) | ees)               |           |            |         |
| Managarial remuneration   | 278 400            | ı         | ,          | 278.400  | 278,400            |           |            | 278,400 |
| Bonus                     | ,                  |           |            |          |                    |           | ,          | •       |
| Staff retirement benefits | *                  | x         | ï          | ×        | ,                  | _,        |            |         |
| Medical                   | 70,796             | ,         | ,          | 70,796   | 65,276             |           | ,          | 65,276  |
| Utilities                 | 36,688             | κ         | ė          | 36,688   | 46,136             | 1         |            | 46,136  |
| Others                    | 5,500              | 23,500    | ·          | 29,000   | 4,000              | 19,000    |            | 23,000  |
| Total                     | 391,384            | 23,500    |            | 414,884  | 393,812            | 19,000    |            | 412,812 |
| Number of persons         | -                  | 6         |            | 7        | -                  | 6         |            | 7       |

directors of the Company is as follows: The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits to Executive directors and Non executive

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| Number of persons | Managerial remuneration |          |                            | _    |
|-------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------------------------|------|
| 2                 | 391,384                 |          | Executive<br>Directors     |      |
| 5                 |                         |          | Non Executive<br>Directors | 2021 |
| 7                 | 391,384                 | (Rupees) | Total                      |      |
| 2                 | 393,812                 | ees)     | Executive<br>Directors     |      |
| 5                 |                         |          | Non Executive<br>Directors | 2020 |
| 7                 | 393,812                 |          | Total                      |      |

Board meeting fee was paid to non-executive directors amounting to Rs.18,000 during the year. Page - 30

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### 32 EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED

|  | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Profit after taxation (Rupees)   | 5,314,069      | 6,404,213      |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares at the end of the year (Numbers ) | 1,300,000      | 1,300,000      |
| Earning per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)                               | 4.09           | 4.93           |

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company.

### 33 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

33.1 The related parties and associated undertakings of the Company comprise of associated companies, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties and associated undertakings involve rent and advance for working capital requirements. These transactions are as follows:

|   |   |   | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|---|---|---|----------------|----------------|
| Name of the related party                       | Relationship and<br>percentage<br>shareholding            | Transactions during<br>the year and year<br>end balances            |                |                |
| International<br>Beverages (Private)<br>Limited | Associated company<br>by virtue of common<br>directorship | Payment made against<br>balance due to<br>associated<br>undertaking | (5,566,077)    | 2              |
|   |   | Amount payable at year end  | <u> </u>       | 5,566,077      |
| Taj Mills Limited                               | Associated company<br>by virtue of common<br>directorship | Office Rent paid<br>/payable  | 600,000        | 600,000        |
|   |   | Amount payable at year end  |                |                |
| Mahboob Elahi                                   | Director  | No transaction  |                |                |
|   |   | Amount payable at year end  | 53,775,546     | 53,775,546     |
|   | 4   | D 21  |                | Billaces       |

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|                           |  |   | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|---------------------------|--|---|----------------|----------------|
| Name of the related party | Relationship and<br>percentage<br>shareholding | Transactions during<br>the year and year<br>end balances    |                |                |
| Mahfooz Elahi             | Chief Executive                                | Adjustment /<br>repayment of long<br>term loan              | (328,001)      | (3,500,000)    |
|                           |  | Loan received   | -              | 1,500,000      |
|                           |  | Amount payable at<br>year end (Loan<br>obtained previously) | 13,103,999     | 13,432,000     |
| Mahmood Elahi             | Director                                       | No transaction  |                | -              |
|                           |  | Amount payable at<br>year end (Loan<br>obtained previously) | 5,175,000      | 5,175,000      |

### 33.2 Compensation to key management personnel

The details of compensation paid to key management personnel are shown under the heading of "Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executive (note 31)". There are no transactions with key management personnel other than under their terms of employment.

33.3 The status of outstanding balances of related parties as at June 30, 2021 are included in "Long/short term loan from directors" (note 18 and 20) and "Due to associated undertaking" (note 19).

### 34 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

**Total Gap** 

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk on its financial assets and liabilities are summarized as follows: -

|   |  | 200   |   |                          | \$2.00 pt 1   |
|---|--|---|---|--------------------------|---|
|   | Total  | Maturity<br>up to one<br>year   | Maturity<br>after one<br>year<br>Rupees | Sub-total                | /mark up<br>bearing   |
| Financial assets  |  |   |   |                          |   |
| At amortized cost   |  |   |   |                          |   |
| Long term security deposits   | 918,810  |   |   |                          | 918,810   |
| Trade debts   | 2,433,822  |   |   |                          | 2,433,822   |
| Loans and advances  | 3,024,500  |   |   |                          | 3,024,500   |
| Cash and bank balances  | 14,485,515   | 12,405,464  |   | 12,405,464               | 2,080,051   |
| Cash and bank balances  | 20,862,647   | 12,405,464  |   | 12,405,464               | 8,457,183   |
| Financial liabilities   | EU/UUE/UT  | 12,100,101  |   |                          |   |
| At amortized cost   |  |   |   |                          |   |
| Current portion of long term loan from directors  | 62,954,546   |   |   |                          | 62,954,546  |
| Short term loan from directors  | 9,100,000  |   |   |                          | 9,100,000   |
| Provision for gratuity  | 16,344,032   |   |   |                          | 16,344,032  |
| Due to associated undertaking   | 10,544,052   | -   |   |                          |   |
| Trade and other payables  | 12,235,604   | a.  | -                                       |                          | 12,235,604  |
|   | 267,671  | -   | -                                       |                          | 267,671   |
| Dividend payable / Unclaimed  | 100,901,853  |   |   |                          | 100,901,853   |
| -   | -  | 12 405 464  | <u> </u>                                | 12,405,464               | (92,444,670   |
| On balance sheet gap  | (80,039,206)   | 12,405,464  |   | 12,403,404               | (32,444,070   |
| Off balance sheet items   |  |   |   |                          |   |
| Financial commitments:  | (80,039,206)   | 12,405,464  | <del>-</del>                            | 12,405,464               | (92,444,670   |
| Total Gap   | (80,039,206)   | 12,405,404  |   | 12,403,404               | (92,444,070   |
|   |  |   | 2020                                    |                          | N   |
|   |  |   | st/mark up b                            | earing                   | Not interest<br>/mark up  |
|   | Total  | Maturity<br>up to one<br>year   | Maturity<br>after one<br>year<br>Rupees | Sub-total                | bearing   |
| Financial assets  |  |   | Kupees                                  |                          |   |
| rinanciai asseis  |  |   |   |                          |   |
| At amostivad cost   |  |   |   |                          |   |
| At amortized cost   | 018 810  |   |   |                          | 918.810   |
| Long term security deposits   | 918,810  |   |   |                          |   |
| Long term security deposits<br>Trade debts  | 4,619,018  |   |   | :                        | 4,619,018   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances  | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508   |   |   |                          | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508  |
| Long term security deposits<br>Trade debts  | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406   | 23,895,776  | :_                                      | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances   | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508   | 23,895,776  | :<br>                                   |                          | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances Financial liabilities   | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406   | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE | :_                                      | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances Financial liabilities At amortized cost   | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742   | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE | :_                                      | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,960   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors   | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547   | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE | :_                                      | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors  | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000  | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE | :_                                      | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000  |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors Provision for gratuity   | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848  | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE | :_                                      | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848  |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors Provision for gratuity Due to associated undertaking   | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077   | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE | :_                                      | 23,895,776<br>23,895,776 | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,960<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors Provision for gratuity Due to associated undertaking Trade and other payables  | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268                           | 23,895,776  |   | 23,895,776               | 4,619,013<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966<br>63,282,54'<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,84!<br>5,566,07'<br>13,226,266   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors Provision for gratuity Due to associated undertaking   | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,671                | 23,895,776  |   | 23,895,776<br>23,895,776 | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,67   |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors Provision for gratuity Due to associated undertaking Trade and other payables Dividend payable / Unclaimed   | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,671<br>105,275,411 | 23,895,776  |   | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,677  |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors Provision for gratuity Due to associated undertaking Trade and other payables Dividend payable / Unclaimed  On balance sheet gap                         | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,671                | 23,895,776  |   | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,671  |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors Provision for gratuity Due to associated undertaking Trade and other payables Dividend payable / Unclaimed  On balance sheet gap Off balance sheet items | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,671<br>105,275,411 | 23,895,776  |   | 23,895,776               | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,671  |
| Long term security deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Cash and bank balances  Financial liabilities At amortized cost Current portion of long term loan from directors Short term loan from directors Provision for gratuity Due to associated undertaking Trade and other payables Dividend payable / Unclaimed  On balance sheet gap                         | 4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>30,519,406<br>38,962,742<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,671<br>105,275,411 | 23,895,776  |   | 23,895,776               | 918,810<br>4,619,018<br>2,905,508<br>6,623,630<br>15,066,966<br>63,282,547<br>9,100,000<br>13,832,848<br>5,566,077<br>13,226,268<br>267,671<br>105,275,411<br>(90,208,445 |

### 35 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

35.1 The Company's objective in managing risks is the creation and protection of share holders' value. Risk is inherent in the Company's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. The process of risk management is critical to the Company's continuing profitability. The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (which includes currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk) arising from the financial instruments it holds.

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk.

### 35.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail to perform as contracted and arises principally from trade and other receivables. The Company's policy is to enter into financial contracts with reputable counter parties in accordance with the internal guidelines and regulatory requirements.

### Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amounts of the financial assets represent the maximum credit exposures before any credit enhancements. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 20.863 million (2020: Rs. 38.963 million), the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 20.763 million (2020: Rs. 38.934 million). The carrying amounts of financial assets exposed to credit risk at reporting date are as under:

|   | 2021<br>Rupees | 2020<br>Rupees |
|---|----------------|----------------|
|   | Kupees         | Rupees         |
| Long term security deposits                                   | 918,810        | 918,810        |
| Trade debts   | 2,433,822      | 4,619,018      |
| Loans and advances  | 3,024,500      | 2,905,508      |
| Bank balances   | 14,385,548     | 30,491,052     |
|   | 20,762,680     | 38,934,388     |
| The aging of trade debts at the reporting date is as follows: |                |                |
| Past due 1-30 days  | 2,402,027      | 3,065,334      |
| Past due 30-90 days   | 7,983          | 431,350        |
| Past due 90 days  | 33,780         | 1,217,680      |
|   | 2,443,790      | 4,714,364      |

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of trade receivables, management performs credit reviews taking into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors. Where considered necessary, advance payments are obtained from certain parties.

The exposure to banks is managed by dealing with variety of major banks and monitoring exposure limits on continuous basis. The ratings of banks range from A to AAA.

### Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligation to be similarly affected by the changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

### Impaired assets

During the year no assets have been impaired.

### 35.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stress conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements, if any:

|                                   | Carrying    | Contractual   | Six months | Six to           | One          | Two to        | Over          |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                   | Amount      | Cash<br>Flows | or less    | Twelve<br>months | two<br>years | five<br>years | five<br>years |
|                                   |             |               |            | Rupees           |              |               |               |
| 2021                              |             |               |            |                  |              |               |               |
| Deferred<br>liabilities           | 16,344,032  | 16,344,032    | *          |                  |              |               | 16,344,032    |
| Long term loan                    |             |               |            |                  |              |               |               |
| from directors<br>Short term loan | 62,954,546  | 62,954,546    | •          | 62,954,546       |              |               |               |
| from directors Due to associated  | 9,100,000   | 9,100,000     | *          | 9,100,000        | •            | •             | 23            |
| undertaking                       |             |               |            |                  |              | 4             |               |
| Trade and other payables          | 13,856,646  | 13,856,646    | 6,928,323  | 6,928,323        |              |               |               |
| Dividend<br>payable/              | 267,671     | 267,671       |            | 267,671          |              |               |               |
| Unclaimed                         | 102,522,895 |               |            |                  | -            |               | 16,344,032    |
|                                   | 102,522,055 | 102,000,000   |            |                  |              |               | ALMO          |

|                                     | Carrying    | Contractual   | Six months | Six to                     | One          | Two to        | Over          |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                     | Amount      | Cash<br>Flows | or less    | Twelve<br>months<br>Rupees | two<br>years | five<br>years | five<br>years |
| 2020                                |             |               |            |                            |              |               |               |
| Deferred<br>liabilities             | 13,832,848  | 13,832,848    |            |                            |              |               | 13,832,848    |
| Long term loan                      |             |               |            |                            |              |               |               |
| from directors<br>Short term loan   | 63,282,547  | 63,282,547    | -          | 63,282,547                 | *            |               |               |
| from directors<br>Due to associated | 9,100,000   | 9,100,000     |            | 9,100,000                  | •            | 8             | •             |
| undertaking                         | 5,566,077   | 5,566,077     |            | 5,566,077                  | *            | 5             |               |
| Trade and other payables            | 17,895,782  | 17,895,782    | 8,947,891  | 8,947,891                  |              |               | 4.            |
| Dividend<br>payable /<br>Unclaimed  |             | 2/7/71        |            | 267,671                    |              |               |               |
| Chelained                           | 267,671     | 267,671       | 8,947,891  |                            |              |               | 13,832,848    |
|                                     | 109,944,925 | 109,944,925   | 8,947,891  | 87,164,180                 | , .          |               |               |

### 35.4 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arise in financial instruments that are denominated in foreign currencies i.e. in a currency other than the functional currency in which they are measured.

Presently the Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposure arises from long term loans and short borrowings. At the statement of financial position date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments is as follows:

|               | 2021 | 2020              | 2021       | 2020       |  |
|---------------|------|-------------------|------------|------------|--|
|               |      | Rates             | Carrying   | amount     |  |
|               | In   | In Percent Rupees |            |            |  |
| Bank balances | 0.02 | 2 to 0.06         | 12,405,464 | 23,895,776 |  |

### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increase / (decrease) profit for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the prior year.

|   | Profit and loss | (post tax) |
|---|-----------------|------------|
|   | 100 bps         | 100 bps    |
|   | increase        | decrease   |
|   | Rupees          |            |
| As at June 30, 2021<br>Cash flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial assets | 88,079          | (88,079)   |
| As at June 30, 2020  Cash flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial assets   | 167,270         | (167,270)  |

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

### (iii) Other price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

At the year end the Company is not exposed to price risk since there are no financial instruments whose fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

### 36 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Company to classify fair value measurements and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset either directly that is, derived from prices.

- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data ( that is, unadjusted) inputs.

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred.

As of the reporting date, none of the financial instruments of the Company are carried at fair value.

The carrying values of all other financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

- 36.1 The Company has revalued its freehold land, buildings and plant and machinery on December 31, 2017. Fair value of property plant and equipment are based on the valuations carried out by an independent valuer M/s Asrem (Private) Limited on the basis of market value.
- 36.2 Fair value of land and building are based on assumptions considered to be level 2 in the fair value hierarchy due to significant observable inputs used in the valuation, while fair value of plant and machinery are considered to be level 3 in the fair value hierarchy due to significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation.

### Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 fair values - Land and Building

Fair value of land and building has been derived using a sales comparison approach. Sale prices of comparable land and buildings in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as location and size of the property. Moreover value of building also depends upon the type of construction, age and quality. The most significant input in this valuation approach is price / rate per square foot in particular locality. This valuation is considered to be level 2 in fair value hierarchy due to significant observable inputs used in the valuation.

### Valuation techniques used to derive level 3 fair values - Plant and Machinery

In the absence of current prices in an active market, the fair value is determined by taking into account the following factors:

- Make, model, country of origin and etc.;
- Operational capacity;
- Present physical condition;
- Resale prospects; and
- Obsolescence.

The valuation is considered to be level 3 in the fair value hierarchy due to the above unobservable inputs used in the valuation. Most significant input in this valuation is the current replacement cost which is adjusted for factors above.

36.3 A reconciliation from opening balances to closing balances of fair value measurements categorized in level 3 is provided below:

Closing balance (level 3 recurring fair values) Additions - Cost Opening balance (level 3 recurring fair values) Depreciation charge 22,270,848 22,592,715 (2,339,805) Rupees 2,017,938 2021 22,592,715 24,996,536 (2,503,821) Rupees 2020 100,000

There were no transfers between levels 2 and 3 for recurring fair value measurements during the year.

36.4 Had there been no revaluation, the net book value of the specific classes of operating assets have been disclosed in note 6.

# RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT OF LIABILITIES TO CASH FLOWS ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

| Balance as at June 30, 2021 | Total equity related other changes | Dividend paid during the year | Transfer from revaluation surplus | Equity related  Total comprehensive income for the year | Total changes from financing cash flows | Repayments of loan and borrowings | Proceeds from loan and borrowings | Change from financing such flows | Balance at June 30, 2020 |        |             |                      |             |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|
| 62,954,546                  |                                    |                               |                                   |   | (328.001)                               | (328,001)                         |                                   |                                  | 63,282,547               |        | Long term   | Loan from Director   |             |
| 62,954,546 9,100,000        |                                    |                               |                                   |   |   |                                   |                                   |                                  | 63,282,547 9,100,000     |        | Short term  | Director             | Liabilities |
|                             |                                    |                               | ų.                                |   | (5,566,077)                             | (5,566,077)                       | ĸ                                 |                                  | 5,566,077                | R      | undertaking | Due to<br>associated |             |
| 13,000,000                  |                                    |                               |                                   |   |   |                                   |                                   |                                  | 13,000,000               | Rupees | Capital     | Share                | Equ         |
| (52,048,073) 33,006,473     | 6,432,159                          |                               | 1,890,403                         | 4,541,756   |   |                                   |                                   |                                  | (58,480,232)             |        | earnings    | Retained             | Equity      |
| 33,006,473                  | 6,432,159                          |                               | 1,890,403                         | 4,541,756   | (5,894,078)                             | (5,894,078)                       |                                   |                                  | 32,468,392               |        |             | Total                |             |

### 38 DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT FOR ALL SHARE ISLAMIC INDEX

Following information has been disclosed with reference to disclosure requirements of fourth schedule of the Companies Act, 2017 relating to "All Shares Islamic Index".

|                                      |                                     | June 30,<br>2021<br>Rupees | June 30,<br>2020<br>Rupees |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Description                          | Explanation                         | •                          |                            |
| Loans and advances                   | Non-interest bearing                |                            |                            |
| Deposits                             | Non-interest bearing                | 143                        |                            |
| Segment revenue                      | The Company has only one segment    |                            |                            |
| Bank balances as                     | Placed under interest arrangement   | 2                          | *                          |
| at June 30,                          | Placed under Shariah<br>permissible | 12,405,464                 | 23,895,776                 |
| Income on bank                       | Placed under interest arrangement   |                            |                            |
| deposits                             | Placed under Shariah<br>permissible |                            | *                          |
| Gain/(loss) on<br>available-for-sale |                                     |                            |                            |
| investments                          |                                     |                            | -                          |
| Dividend income                      |                                     | -                          |                            |
| All sources of other i               | income disclosed in note 28         | 43,630                     | 19,618                     |
| Exchange gain                        | Earned from actual currency         |                            | -                          |
| Relationship with                    |                                     |                            |                            |
| banks having Islamic                 | Meezan Bank Limited                 |                            | *                          |

There is no other bank balance / investments which carry any interest or markup arrangements.

### 39 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital, which the Company defines as net profit after taxation divided by total shareholders' equity. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividend to ordinary shareholders. There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the year and the Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

|    |   | 2021<br>Rupees  | 2020<br>Rupees  |
|----|---|-----------------|-----------------|
|    | Capital structure of company is as follows        |                 |                 |
|    | Equity  | 65,297,359      | 60,755,603      |
|    | Long term Loan from directors                     |                 |                 |
|    | Short Term Loan from directors                    | 72,382,547      | 72,382,547      |
|    |   | 137,679,906     | 133,138,150     |
|    |   | 2021<br>Numbers | 2020<br>Numbers |
| 40 | PLANT CAPACITY, PRODUCTION AND EMPLOYEES          |                 |                 |
|    | No. of spindles installed                         | 8,388           | 8,388           |
|    | Installed capacity converted into 20's count lbs. | 6,601,618       | 6,601,618       |
|    | Actual production converted into 20's count lbs.  | 4,502,610       | 3,738,140       |
|    | Actual production in lbs.                         | 4,355,700       | 3,616,000       |
|    | Average count manufactured                        | 21              | 21              |
|    | No. of shifts worked daily                        | 2               | 2               |

### 40.1 Reasons for under utilization of capacity

The Company could not achieve the installed capacity due to excessive electricity shut down which resulted in decrease in one production shift.

### 41 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

|  | 2021    | 2020    |
|--|---------|---------|
|  | Numbers | Numbers |
| Total number of employees as at June 30, | 292     | 282     |
| Average during the year                  | 283     | 274     |

### 42 IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON THE FINANCIAL STATMENTS

The pandemic of COVID-19 that has rapidly spread all across the world has not only endangered human lives but has also adversely impacted the global economy. Since March 2020, the Government of Pakistan announced temporary lock downs from time to time as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19. However, after implementing all the necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Company henceforth continued its operations in order to maintain business performance despite slowed down economic activity.

According to management's assessment, there is no significant accounting impact of the effects of COVID-19 in these financial statements. Management is confident that they have sufficient liquidity to support the business operations in future. In this regard company is able to meet its obligations as they come due and no such indications exists that may trigger impairment of its assets.

### 43 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary for the purpose of comparison and for better presentation. However, no significant reclassification has been made during the year.

### 44 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 2 7 SSP 2021.

### 45 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

Walnung Lake

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

### FORM 34

### THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

### (Section 227(2)(f))

### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON 30.06.2021

1.1 Name of the Company

### ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED

### 2.1. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders

|   | Shareh    | nolding     | Total Shares |  |  |
|---|-----------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
| 2.2 No. of Shareholders   | From      | То          | Held         |  |  |
|   |           |             |              |  |  |
| 36  | 1         | 100         | 999          |  |  |
| 22  | 101       | 500         | 9,206        |  |  |
| 33  | 501       | 1,000       | 2,1,076      |  |  |
| 24  | 1,001     | 5,000       | 51,207       |  |  |
| 1   | 5,001     | 10,000      | 9,000        |  |  |
| 1   | 15,001    | 20,000      | 19,244       |  |  |
| 1   | 70,001    | 75,000      | 73,500       |  |  |
| 1   | 150,001   | 155,000     | 152,743      |  |  |
| 1   | 195,001   | 200,000     | 199,625      |  |  |
| 1   | 200,001   | 205,000     | 200,200      |  |  |
| 1   | 560,001   | 565,000     | 563,200      |  |  |
| 122   |           |             | 1,300,000    |  |  |
| 2.3 Categories of Shareholder   | s         | Shares Held | Percentag    |  |  |
| 2.3.1 Directors, Chief Executive and their spouse and minor                         |           | 1,058,369   | 81.4130%     |  |  |
| 2.3.2 Associated Companies,<br>undertakings and related<br>parties. (Parent Company | )         | 0           | 0.0000%      |  |  |
| Financial Institutions, Nor<br>Banking Financial Institut                           |           | 0           | 82           |  |  |
| 2.3.5 Insurance Companies   |           | 0           | 0.0000%      |  |  |
| 2.3.6 Modarabas and Mutual F  | unds      | 0           | 0.0000%      |  |  |
| 2.3.7 Shareholders holding 109  | % or more | 1,115,868   | 85.8360%     |  |  |
| 2.3.8 General Public  |           |             |              |  |  |
| a   | . Local   | 88,888      | 6.8375%      |  |  |
| b   | . Foreign | 0           | 0.0000%      |  |  |
| 2.2.0 Orb (c. b : i.e. b.   |           |             |              |  |  |
| 2.3.9 Others (to be specified)  |           |             |              |  |  |

### ELAHI COTTON MILLS LIMITED

Categories of Shareholding required under Code of Corporate Governance (CCG)
As on June 30, 2021

| Sr. No.               | Name   | Sh    | No. of<br>nares Held | Percentag |
|-----------------------|--|-------|----------------------|-----------|
|                       | ed Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties                 | 200   |                      | 50        |
| TO SECURE AND PASSAGE | Wise Detail):  |       |                      | -         |
| Mutual 1              | funds (Name Wise Detail)                                       |       | -                    | -         |
| Director              | s and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail)       | :     |                      |           |
| 1                     | MR. MAHBOOB ELAHI (CDC)  |       | 563,200              | 43.32     |
| 2                     | MR. MAHFOOZ ELAHI  |       | 199,675              | 15.35     |
| 3                     | MR. MAHMOOD ELAHI  |       | 200,250              | 15.40     |
| 4                     | SH. FARRUKH AHMED  |       | 2,500                | 0.19      |
| 5                     | MR. AHMED SHAFFI (CDC)   |       | 19,244               | 1.48      |
| 6                     | MRS. SAMINA BEGUM (CDC)  |       | 73,500               | 5.65      |
| 7                     | MR. MUHAMMAD AZEEM AFZAL HASHMI                                | (2)   |                      |           |
| Public S              | ector Companies & Corporations:                                |       |                      |           |
| Banks, I              | Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance          |       |                      |           |
| Compan                | ies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension       | Funds | :                    |           |
| Shareho               | ders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed | compa | any (Name            | Wise Deta |
| 1                     | MR. MAHBOOB ELAHI  |       | 563,200              | 43.323    |
| 2                     | MR. MAHMOOD ELAHI  |       | 200,250              | 15.403    |
| 3                     | MR. MAHFOOZ ELAHI  |       | 199,675              | 15.359    |
| 4                     | SALIM SOZER SECURITIES (PVT) LTD. (CDC)                        |       | 152,743              | 11.749    |
| 5                     | MRS. SAMINA BEGUM (CDC)  |       | 73,500               | 5.6538    |

All trades in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children:

NIL

| Folio No. | CDC Account No.   |             |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
|           | Participant I. D. | Account No. |  |  |  |  |
|           |                   |             |  |  |  |  |
|           |                   |             |  |  |  |  |

### PROXY FORM

| I/We                | of                         | being a member/members of  |  |
|---------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| ELAHI COTTON        | MILLS LIMITED hereby appoi | nt (name)  |  |
|                     |                            |  |  |
|                     |                            | (name) of  |  |
|                     |                            | (Full address) another member of   |  |
| of the company to b |                            | ne/us and on my/our behalf, at the 51 <sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting<br>Company at Plot # 270, Sector 1-9, Industrial Area, Islamabad<br>tent thereof. |  |
| Signed this         | day of                     | in the presence of   |  |
|                     |                            | Signature on Rupees Five Revenue Stamp (Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the company)                                      |  |
| Signature           | /itness 1                  | Signature Witness 2  |  |
| Name                |                            | Name   |  |
| CNIC No.            |                            | CNIC No.   |  |
| Address             |                            | Address  |  |
|                     |                            |  |  |

### Important

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at this Annual General Meeting of the company may appoint another member as proxy to attend and vote instead of him / her. No person shall act as proxy, who is not a member. The instrument appointing a proxy should be signed by the member (s) or by his/her attorney duly authorized in
- writing. If the member is a corporation, its common seal should be affixed to the instrument.
- 3. This Proxy Form, duly completed, must be deposited at the company's Registered Office, at Plot # 270, Sector 1-9, Industrial Area, Islamabad, not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 4. The Proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- 5. In case of individual CDC Account holders, attested copy of CNIC or passport (as the case may be) of the beneficial owner will have to be provided with this Proxy.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors Resolution/Power of Attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be submitted along-with this Proxy.

|            | ىۋى كاكاۋىت نېر  | 1.23 |
|------------|------------------|------|
| اكاؤتث فبر | شركت دار كي شاخت |      |
|            |                  |      |

### پرانسی فارم

| (محل يد)   | بعثيت ممرافی کاش الدلوند مسی اسمات   | 50  | put                                    |
|--|--|---|--|
|  | ساكن   | راء نے کی صورت میں سمی اسمات  | بایا کی کے قیرحا شر                    |
| من المراقع و مناه منظم المراقع الم   |  |   |  |
| فِرُ وَانَ * عَنَا مُعْمِرًا فِي قَالَ الْأَسْرِ فِي الرِياءَ اللَّهِ مِنْ الْمُعْلِمِينَ وَالنَّالِ الرَّاسِ<br>المِرْ وَانَ * عَنَا مُعْمِرًا فِي قَالِنَ الْأَسْرِ فِي الرِّياءَ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ عَ   | ور ورود المرابع المرابع المرابع في المرابع في المرابع في المرابع وي  | . Yeureloume Co Co.   | ووث والساء                             |
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| W W 100 NO   |  | 11 400 0  |  |
| ين أثرات كرمك بالدون الاعدادة كرمك بيدكوني كل الدائض يا كومقرر   | عدهال شرباري جلسه ومرائي ميراويوس والمستعمل بيتوك والسال جلسا جلال   | ئر پلسادو کے کی جا سل ہے دو کی کا کر بیصورے<br>مرو  | ا۔ اوران کے اوران کے اس میں<br>امد میں |
| 2  | of   |   | المارية<br>مناسبة المساومة             |
| commit معدول اور استادق ما ہے۔   | مونالاز کی بین اور کار پوریٹ اوار داد نے کی صورت بین کمپنی کی (on seal)<br>مرکز کار  | استعال عاسية وحديا مجازاتاري عاريدا<br>المدور ما ويأفس موروزي مستكرونكم و   | ( 2 magle 5                            |
| -4-001   | ۴۷ گفته کمل موصول بومالازی ہے۔قارم شریادی تمام حکومات کا اعداج خ<br>معند یہ مدینک  | ب من المرابع من المرا | 10 10 10 10 -10 10 -10                 |
|  |  | راصل ما لک اور پرانسی کشاخی کارد ( پاسپورے  |  |
| i je   | راه الى مناخى كاردار باسيدون كالقديق شدونتول مسلك كرنا 10 زى-  | رت من الدوة أف ذائر يكثرز كي قرارداد بالدوا ق   | ١- كاريورعث ياكى كامو                  |
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