Our Commitment to Growth Annual Report 2021







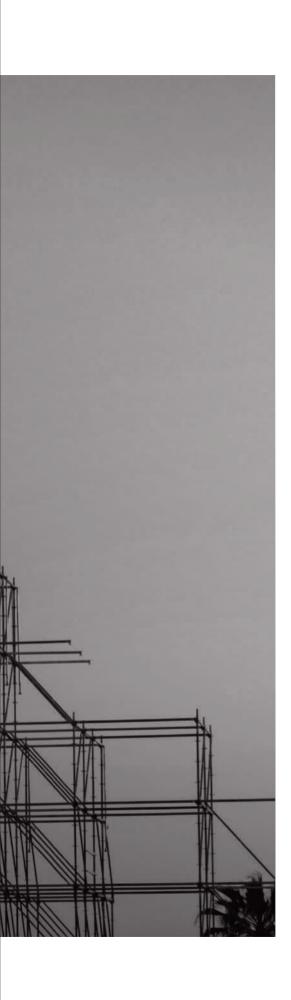
-

Our Commitment to Growth

For over 25 years, Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited have been providing cutting edge brokerage solutions. We consecutively strive to achieve client satisfaction by providing a diversified portfolio with well-measured risk management. Our commitment to growth is well tied with our mantra 'to give back' to our stakeholders. With similar zeal, innovation, discipline and integrity, we strive to be the leading brokerage firm of Pakistan.



_,



Overview

Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited (TSBL) is a leading brokerage house listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange with its headquarters in Karachi. We trace our history back to 1993 providing a full array of brokerage services to our clientele. We have our presence in Lahore and Karachi with a total of 4 branches on a pan-Pakistan basis, with combined staff strength of highly experienced employees.

The current sponsors took over the company in 2017 and through a fresh capital injection, hiring of experienced and dedicated staff, the company has made a turn around.

We remain client focused and work for long term benefit of our clients eventually leading to continuous growth for our stakeholders. We are committed on serving our clients offering them unmatched services to help them achieve targets from the ever-growing capital market.



-



Contents

VISION / IVIISSION / Core values	07
Code of Conduct	09
Corporate Social Responsbility	09
Company Information	11
Chairperson's Message	12
CEO's Message	13
Directors' Profiles	15
Chairperson's Review	19
Directors' Report	21
Financial and Business Highlights	28
Share Price Analysis	30
Key Performance Indicators	32
Graphical Representation	34
Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Coporate Governance) Regulations, 2019	38
Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019	40
Independent Auditors Report to the Members	41
Financial Statements	47
Categories of Shareholders	91
Notice of AGM	93
Notice of AGM (Urdu)	94
Directors Report (Urdu)	102
Form of Proxy	103





Vision

To create a viable and a diversified brokerage and financial services business dedicated to creating continuous value for our clients, fully compliant with the letter and spirit of the laws, while earning profits for our shareholders and crafting a workplace which attracts the best talent and enables us to train and retain them.

Mission

To be a top tier brokerage and financial service company in Pakistan, with innovation, discipline and integrity at the heart of our business involved in creating real value, impacting clients and shareholders.

Core Values

Integrity

Serve our customers with uncompromising honesty and transparency.

Excellence

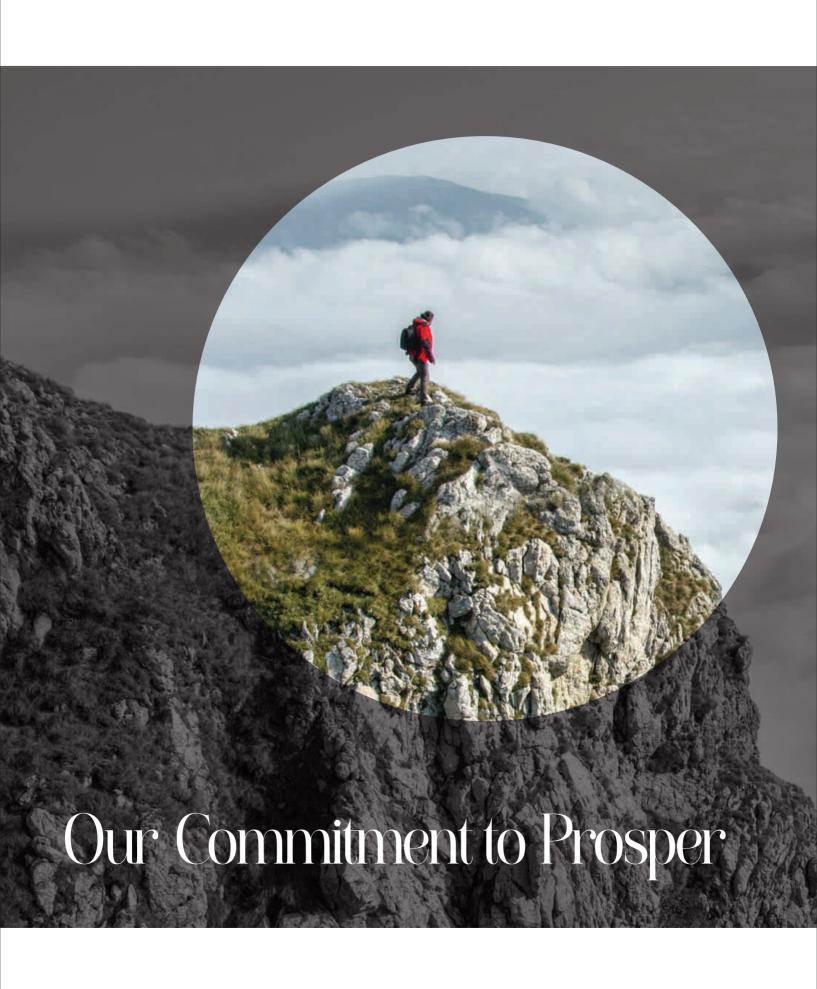
Provide our customers with innovative technology and superior quality, value and service.

Social Responsibility

Be active in Social responsibility by paying attention to our social and physical environment.

Leadership

Value and develop our employees' diverse talents, initiative and leadership and make it possible for them to take on challenges.



|-|



Code of Conduct

Trust Securities And Brokerage Limited (TSBL) strongly supports corporate decorum and ensure in running its business progressively while adopting a Code of Ethics and Business Practices.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Corporate social responsibility (CSR) is a subject that has garnered considerable attention in recent years.

It is our endeavor to contribute towards environmental responsibility, ethical responsibility, philanthropic responsibility and economic responsibility.

We strive hard to maintain equilibrium between revenues for our shareholders and our responsibility towards fellow beings.



Company Information

Board of Directors

Mrs. Zenobia Wasif Mr. Abdul Basit

Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum

Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq WG CDR. Talat Mahmood (Retd.)

Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed

Mr. Sardar Abdul Majeed Khan (Appointed Sep 17, 2021)

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Muhammad Ahmed

Audit Committee

WG CDR. Talat Mahmood (Retd.) Chairman
Mrs. Zenobia Wasif Member
Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed Member

Auditors

Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisors

Lashari & Co

Legal Consultant

Haider Waheed Partners

Bankers

Habib Bank Limited J.S. Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited

Registered Office

Suite No. 401, 4th Floor, Business & Finance Centre I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi (Pakistan) UAN: (92-21)111-000-875

Tel: (92-21) 32469044-48, Fax: (92-21)32467660

Branch Office Lahore

2nd Floor, Associated House Building No. 1&2, 7-Kashmir Road, Lahore Tel: (92-42) 36310241-44, Fax: (92-42) 36373040

Branch Office Karachi

2nd Floor, 202-203 & 725, PSX Building Stock Exchange Road, Karachi, Pakistan Tel: (92-21) 32460161-7, Fax: (92-21) 32467660 Chairperson/Director (Non-Executive)
Chief Executive Officer/Director (Executive)
Director (Executive)
Director (Non-Executive – Independent)

Director (Non-Executive – Independent)

Director (Non-Executive)
Director (Non-Executive)

Company Secretary

Syed Magsood Ahmad

H.R & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq Chairman Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed Member Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum Member

Internal Auditors

Muhammad Adnan Siddiqui Chartered Accountant

Share Registrar

Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore Tel: (92-42) 3723 5081-82, Fax: (92-42) 37358817

Bank AL Habib Limited Bank Islami Limited Bank Al Baraka

Branch Office LSE Plaza, Lahore

Room No. 607, 6th Floor, LSE Plaza 19-Khayaban-e-Aiwan-e-Iqbal, Lahore Tel: (92-42) 36300181, 36300554, 36373045, 36374710

PMEX Branch Office - DHA, Karachi

Mezzanine No. 2, Mezzanine Floor, Plot No. 550-C, 11th Commercial Street, DHA, Phase-II Ext., Karachi



I would like to praise the management for its immense efforts in achieving wonderful results in 2021 and hope that the Company would continue its upward growth trajectory in future as well.

Chairperson's Message

It is my privilege to be serving as the Chairperson of Board of Directors of TSBL. I would like to thank our esteemed shareholders, the board of directors for entrusting me with this responsibility and I assure that all my efforts will continue to be aimed at steering the Company towards consistent qualitative and quantitative growth in future as well.

We are committed towards fulfilling our mission of becoming the leading brokerage company in Pakistan. This commitment is reflected through the milestones we achieved this year by making the largest profits ever.

In acknowledgment of the confidence and trust shown by our esteemed shareholders, TSBL has achieved its highest EPS ever this year.

On governance side, performance of members of our Board remained excellent throughout the year and their collective contributions and efforts allowed the Company to not only achieve its targets but also maintain its excellent market reputation.

I would like to praise the management for its immense efforts in achieving wonderful results in 2021 and hope that the Company would continue its upward growth trajectory in future as well.

100 mg

Zenobia Wasif Chairperson



Our most important commitments are to provide exceptional client service and to live our core values: Excellence in Everything, Leadership by Example, Integrity and Transparency, Focus on the Client and Employee Centered.

CEO's Message

After spending over 27 years with TSBL, I feel very privileged to be writing this message as the Chief Executive Officer. This is a special time in our company's history as we celebrate our 27th anniversary. The past 4 years since the new sponsors took control, we have continued to build our brand, which has now become synonymous with our commitment to provide quality service to our clients. Ofcourse this wouldn't be possible had it not been for the team, we have nearly quadrupled our workforce and have embraced diversity and gender balance.

Our most important commitments are to provide exceptional client service and to live our core values: Excellence in Everything, Leadership by Example, Integrity and Transparency, Focus on the Client and Employee Centered.

Looking ahead, we are focused on accelerating the execution of our growth strategy while continuing to build on the strength of our brand. It is our quest to bring about positive change to the communities in which we work and live.

Lastly, we are thankful to our stakeholders including our directors, employees, clients as well as the regulators for the active guidance and we look forward to their continued support as we move forward.

I am incredibly excited about this journey and truly believe the best of TSBL is yet to come.

Abdul Basit CEO



Directors' Profile



Mrs. Zenobia Wasif

Chairperson/Director (Non-Executive)

Mrs. Zenobia wasif holds as bachelor degree and is founder of FIDE chess Academy, holding leadership quality with commitment, dedication and has an ability to work in a competitive and challenging environment.

She started her career as Company secretary in the year 2003 and later on joined various well reputed organizations.

She is well-versed, competent, self motivated, aggressive and ambitious, result oriented and possess excellent analytical and problem solving skills.

Liaising smooth interaction with confidence, she holds highly organized administrative and professional's skills with vast experience in business profession.

Her meticulous approach in data collection and presentation, maintaining records, incorporating confidential information and maintaining high quality reports and analysis in the requisite style and format supported her functional performance in administration and corporate affairs.

Her rapidly assimilating and learning process applicable to in-house operations, consistently impressing higher management have resulted in fast track advancement to more senior positions.



Mr. Abdul Basit

Chief Executive Officer/Director (Executive)

Mr. Abdul Basit is associated with the company for the last 27 years. He did his bachelor of science from the University of Punjab in 1987. He started his career as a trader with the member of Lahore Stock Exchange and worked for four years. After that he served couple of commercial banks and gained the experience of custodial and brokerage services.

In the year 1994, he joined TSBL, as a settlements manager. During the period with the company he held various important positions like company secretary, General Manager and Chief Operating Officer and gained vast experience & in depth knowledge of Financial Markets. By virtue of his rich experience of the capital markets, he was elevated to the position of CEO in 2010.

Having a professional career of 27 years of senior management positions covering various areas of operations of listed brokerage company, he holds command on corporate, business and company laws, Securities and Exchange Commission rules and regulations and NCCPL regulations. He also attended several courses, Seminars, Training Sessions and conferences on financial markets and Capital regulations. He is also member of institute of Financials Markets of Pakistan.



Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed

Director (Non-Executive)

Junaid is a seasoned global professional and entrepreneur by choice. Junaid has exceptional academic credentials. His diversified knowledge base holds him second to none among his peers and professional cadre. Junaid holds multiple degrees in different top-notch academic disciplines. He did his bachelor's in mechanical engineering from the United States of America. He holds a dual discipline Master's degree in Management Science and operational research from the United Kingdom. His appetite to keep up the pace with the changing global academic and corporate trends, lure him into an MBA in Entrepreneurship and Finance from the United Kingdom.

Junaid got a jumpstart to his professional career in the realm of Finance and strategy at British Petroleum's Headquarters located in London. Junaid go the knack of the corporate world at a very early stage in his career. After few years of exposure to international finance and strategy at the British Petroleum, Junaid decide to venture into a journey of exploring global businesses. Since 2009 he has been phenomenally involved in various Agro businesses in middle east and Pakistan. His Entrepreneurial spirit got him in to project management consultancy and a joint venture in a corporate finance advisory boutique.



Mr. Sardar Abdul Majeed Khan

Director (Non-Executive)

Sardar Abdul Majeed Khan joined the police service of Pakistan on October 20, 1985 after qualifying Central Superior Service and was retired from services in July 17, 2020 as Inspector General of Police, Federal Secretary Grade-22 officer. He completed graduation from Karachi University.

During his service he appear in various training programme and qualified promotional examination from civil services academy, national police academy, national institute of police and National Defence University were attended and successfully completed as outstanding officer along with foreign courses at USA, France, Azerbaijan on terrorism. He developed Metropolitan Policing of new state mechanism. Commanded several districts where administrative operational were performed professionally with most progress dynamic strategies.

Law and order situations were tackled with all the odds. Technological uplift, result oriented investigation, supervision of financials tasks and training management were to integral part of his commitment to improve with Law and Order. Firm and bold created a deterrent effect in the area of responsibility.

Huge challenges were tackled by him with all the diligence and high standards of competency, disciplined and strategic vision to understand the situation and also to plan solutions for any task to be assigned. He has proactive approach and professionally efficient divergent to accomplish any task to be assigned. Coherent the task and working and create an appropriate response plan rise to the challenges as a leader 5 'C'.

i) competences ii) confidence and courage

iii) communication skills iv) compass are the traits to lead an organization



Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum

Director (Executive)

Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum is an executive director of the company. He holds a Master's Degree in Finance and has nearly two decades of experience in stock exchange. He started his career in the year 1993 as Agent and Accounts Officer in a brokerage house and after that in the year 2002 he joined Darson Securities as Senior Equity Trader. He has excellent communication skills, exceptional knowledge of corporate fundamentals and parameters. Mr. Zulfiqar is associated with the company since 2018.



Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq

Director (Non-Executive - Independent)

Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq is a Computing & Information Technology graduate from Staffordshire University, U.K. He has over 7 Years experience in the field of financial markets which includes investing in listed securities. He is a Certified Director under the Listed Companies (Code Of Corporate Governance) Regulations. Khizer has a proven track record of establishing successful business organizations.

In 2005, Khizer started his career with SparePro Auto Parts Trdg LLC, as Manager Imports, which led to the foundation of TONII – PAKISTAN, the branded spares for Pakistan Market.

With a vision to diversify and grow, Khizer founded SNAP A DEAL in the year 2012, offering unmatched services in the Travel Sector. The firm made its growth catering corporate clients providing end-to-end services.

Khizer serves as Chairman of the Human Resource & Remuneration Committee of Trust Securities & Brokerage Limited (TSBL).



WG CMR. Talat Mehmood (Retd.)

Director (Non-Executive - Independent)

Mr. Talat Mehmood retired from Air Force on August 31,2017 as Wing Commander. Mr. Talat completed graduation from the Karachi University in the year 1992 while he also holds BSc (Hons) degree from Air University in the year 2006. Similarly, he successfully completed Governance & Financial Management, conducted at the Defence International Training Centre, Melbourne Australia in the year 2010. He is a man with meticulous self discipline.

He is energetic, ambitious person who has developed a mature and responsible approach to any task that he undertakes or situation that he presented with. He is excellent in working with others to achieve a certain objective on time and with excellence. His diversified knowledge base holds him second to none among his peers and professional cadre. Mr. Talat is the Chairman of Audit Committee at the company.



Chairperson's Review

Review report by the Chairperson's on the Overall Performance of Board

The board of directors of Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited (TSBL) has performed their duties diligently in the best interest of shareholders of the company and has managed the affairs of the company in an effective and efficient manner. The board was found in compliance and exercised powers and duties according the Companies Act 2017 and the Code of Corporate Governance outlined in the Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX).

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the board played an effective role in managing the affairs of the company in the following manner:

- The board ensured that the meetings of the board and of its committees were held with the required quorum.
- Decision making was done through proper board resolution and that the minutes of the meetings of the board and the committees are appropriately recorded and maintained.
- The board has developed significant policies for smooth functioning of the company along with the Code of Conduct setting for the professional standards and corporate values.
- The board has participated in risk management, policy development, financial structure and business development process.
- The board has ensured that there is adequate representation of executive, non-executive and independent directors on the board.
- The Board and its committee have members having appropriate mix of core competencies, diversity, requisite skills, knowledge, and experience and fulfil any other criteria as deem relevant in the context of the company's operations.
- The board has ensured on the representation of a female director in view of the Code.
- The board has formed the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee and has approved the TORs in order for them to perform their responsibilities diligently.
- The board has a mechanism for an annual evaluation of its own performance and the committees.
- The board has ensured that the directors are provided with the orientation courses to enable them to perform their duties and four of its directors on the board have already taken the certification under the Directors Training Program while one of them meet the qualification and experience criteria of the code.
- All the significant issues throughout the year were presented before the board or its committees to strengthen the decision
 making process and all related party transactions executed by the company were approved by the board on the
 recommendation of the Audit Committee.
- The board ensured that there is adequate system of internal control is in place.
- The board has prepared and approved the Director's report and has ensure that the directors report is published with the quarterly and annual financial statements of the company.
- The board has exercised its power in light of the power assigned to the board in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations applicable on the company and the board.

Based on the aforementioned, it can be reasonably stated that the Board of TSBL has played a key role in ensuring the company targets are not only achieved but also exceed expectations through a joint effort with the management team and guidance.

and to

Zenobia Wasif Chairperson

September 17, 2021



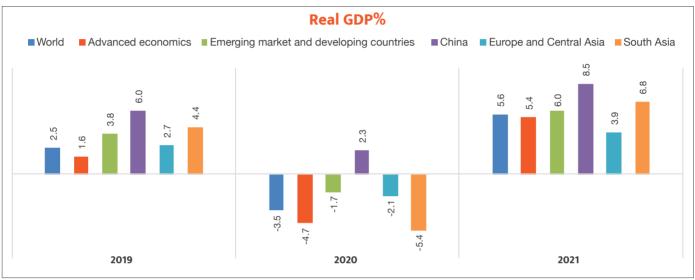
Directors' Report

Dear Fellow shareholders of Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited (TSBL),

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the company we are pleased to present the Annual Report of the company for the year ended June 30, 2021 along with the audited financial statements for the year in accordance with the accounting, regulatory and legal standards and requirements.

Pakistan's Economic Review

Global economies have triggered unprecedented human & economic losses in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. According to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), global real GDP growth has deteriorated by 3.5% in 2020. After almost one and half year, world has learned to live with the virus. Consequently, it is projected that global economies to post V-shaped recovery and could post the Real GDP Growth of 5.80% GDP in 2021. After experiencing supply-chain disruptions, travelling restrictions and unmatched losses, global economies started recovering to their pre-pandemic levels.



Source: (World Bank)

Under the IMF program, Pakistan had pursued tight fiscal and monetary policies, coupled with high energy prices and rupee devaluation. This dropped Large Scale Manufacturing activities, crowded-out private sector and deteriorated tax revenues. In addition to this, deep rooted effects of COVID-19 pandemic further exposed underlying 'faultiness' and vulnerabilities of the Pakistan's economy. This has negatively affected overall growth prospects of the economy.

The strategic shift in overall Policy Response has rejuvenated Pakistan's economy. This has accelerated economic activities. Policymakers boosted demand through monetary easing, subsidized energy tariffs for industrial sector, provided ample liquidity to facilitate the Private Sector. As a result, revival in Pakistan's agriculture, industrial and services sector has increased Pakistan's provisional GDP growth appreciated to 3.94% in 2020-21. (This real GDP growth is projected to increase to 4.5% in 2020-21, once final numbers released by National Accounts Committee).

Sr. No	Sector/Industry	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021
1	Agricultural Sector	0.56	3.31	2.77
2	Industrial Sector	-1.56	-3.77	3.57
3	Services Sector	3.79	-0.55	4.43
4	GDP Growth Rate	2.08	-0.47	3.94

Source: (PBS)



Source: (PBS)

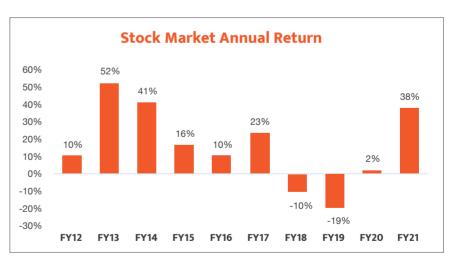
Stock Market Review

Based on Pakistan's economic fundamentals & relatively better equity valuation, Pakistan's stock market average returns stood at 16%. The KSE 100 index has appreciated by 38% in 2020-21. Pakistan's Equity Markets offers P/E multiples of 7.6, forward P/E of 6.04 & dividend yield 5.19%, making it attractive among its peers.



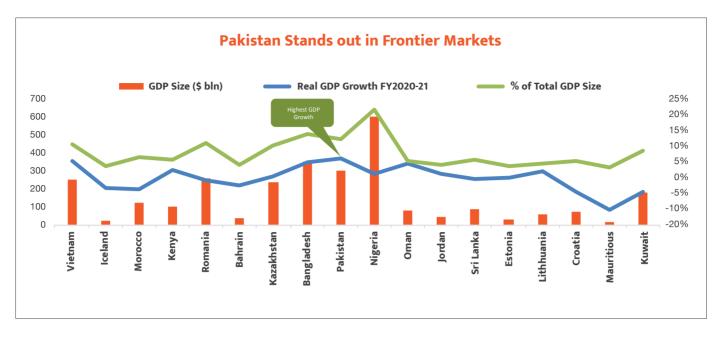
Source: (PSX)

10 Year Average Returns							
Period	Stock Market Annual Return						
FY12	10%						
FY13	52%						
FY14	41%						
FY15	16%						
FY16	10%						
FY17	23%						
FY18	-10%						
FY19	-19%						
FY20	2%						
FY21	38%						
*Average	*Average Return 16% Source: (PSX)						



The reclassification of Pakistan from the MSCI's Emerging Market index to MSCI's Frontier Markets index started during the MSCI's consultative process in June 2021 from the market participants over the status. Therefore, this reclassification is not surprising for the market participants & was on the cards (as we were not meeting emerging Markets Size & Liquidity criteria within MSCI Market Classification Framework.

The comparison of Pakistan's equity markets with frontier markets is hereafter;



Interestingly, within MSCI's Frontier Markets Index, there are only three countries, whose Real GDP growth performed better in FY2020-21. This includes; a) Vietnam, b) Bangladesh & c) Pakistan. The Pakistan's Real GDP is highest as compared to the Bangladesh & Vietnam. The provisional real GDP growth of Pakistan stood at 3.94% which is likely to be revised to around 4.5% in FY202-21. As 4th quarter of FY2020-21, was not incorporated. Pakistan's real GDP growth is expected to cross 5% next year. Whereas, Vietnam's real GDP growth stood at 2.91% in 2020-21. Bangladesh real GDP growth stood at 2.38%.

Countries	Current Index Weight	*Stimulated Index Weight	Real GDP Growth FY2020-21	GDP Size (\$ bln)	% of Total GDP Size
Vietnam	31%	31%	2.91%	250	8.78%
Iceland	9%	8.6%	-6.65%	25	0.88%
Morocco	9%	8.6%	-7.12%	120	4.21%
Kenya	8.60%	7.70%	-0.31%	100	3.51%
Romania	8.10%	7.30%	-3.86%	260	9.13%
Bahrain	7.20%	6.40%	-5.81%	35	1.23%
Kazakhstan	6.90%	6.20%	-2.60%	240	8.42%
Bangladesh	6.50%	5.90%	2.38%	350	12.29%
Pakistan	0%	**1.9%	***3.94%	300	10.53%
Nigeria	6.40%	5.70%	-1.79%	600	21.06%
Oman	2.30%	2.10%	1.80%	80	2.81%
Jordan	1.50%	1.30%	-1.55%	45	1.58%
Sri Lanka	1.10%	1%	-3.57%	90	3.16%
Estonia	0.90%	0.80%	-2.93%	30	1.05%
Lithuania	0.90%	0.80%	-0.87%	55	1.93%
Croatia	0.30%	0.30%	-8.37%	75	2.63%
Mauritius	0.30%	0.30%	-14.87%	14	0.49%
Kuwait	0.00%	0%	-8.10%	180	6.32%
Total	100%	100%	-	2,849	100%

^{*} Simulated Index weight as per MSCI June 2021.

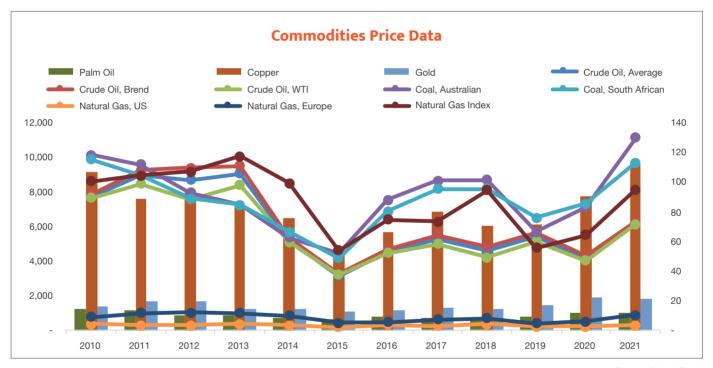
(Source: MSCI, World Bank)

Despite consequential effects of the Covid-19 pandemic, Pakistan economy has become more relatively inclusive & a resilient in region. On the back of industrial sector's competitiveness, exports and remittances posted double digit growth, Pakistan has managed in balancing economic growth & controlled Covid-19 infection ratio. This ratio is one of the lowest in the world. Pakistan's GDP size \$300 billion is over 10% of the total economic size of the Frontier Markets \$2.85 trillion. Pakistan's Foreign earnings were over \$56 billion in FY2020-21 which includes; a) \$Exports 27.2bn & b) Remittances \$29.3 billion.

With aforementioned solid economic fundamentals, Pakistan is cheapest among the Frontier Markets & offers attractive valuations (P/E multiples) and yields to foreign investors & fund managers. The passive Frontier Market funds would also be interested in investing in Pakistan given relative political & economic stability in Pakistan & region. Therefore, foreign investors have higher probability of success, investing in Pakistan's Frontier Markets to earn the long-term sustainable growth of their invested capital &double-digit returns based on the solid economic footing as drivers of economic growth have been strengthening & heading towards the path of inclusive growth.

Commodities

After witnessing mounting losses across the globe, most of the economies have been resurfacing to the pre-Covid-19 pandemic levels. On account of persistence of pandemic, this Rollercoaster ride is not over yet. Consequently, evolving pandemic variants and the mitigating efforts around the world are affecting global commodity consumption patterns & exposing lingering economic vulnerabilities.



Source: (World Bank)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Jun-21
Crude oil, average	90	104	101	105	61	37	53	61	54	63	49	72
Crude oil, Brent	92	108	110	111	62	38	54	64	56	66	50	73
Crude oil, WTI	89	99	88	98	59	37	52	58	49	60	47	71
Coal, Australian	118	112	93	84	62	52	88	101	101	66	83	130
Coal, South African	115	104	89	85	66	49	80	95	95	76	85	113
Natural gas, US	4	3	3	4	3	2	4	3	4	2	3	3
Natural gas, Europe	9	12	12	12	10	5	5	7	8	5	6	10
Natural gas index	100	104	107	117	99	54	74	73	94	56	64	95
Palm oil	1,235	1,122	844	886	720	607	811	679	535	764	1,016	1004
Copper	9,147	7,565	7,966	7,215	6,446	4,639	5,660	6,834	6,075	6,077	7,772	9632
Gold	1,391	1,640	1,685	1,222	1,201	1,076	1,157	1,264	1,250	1,479	1,858	1835

Source: (World Bank)

Financial Performance

The company recorded an operating revenue growth of 260% for the year despite increasingly difficult economic conditions and competitive pressures coupled with severe COVID pandemic issues which still continue to provide uncertain business conditions. Despite these pressures, the company was able to make an operating profit after tax of Rs. PKR 88 million as compared with PKR 34.8 million in the previous year. This translates to earnings per share of PKR 2.93 as compared with PKR 1.16 last year.

Summary of the Financial Results is as follows:

	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Operating Revenue	305,382,104	96,561,064
Gain on Sale of Short Term Investments	12,984,644	12,179,255
Gain / (loss) on Remeauresement of Investments – At FVTPL	5,146,939	(578,587)
Operating and Administrative Expenses	(262,600,220)	(107,717,460)
Finance Cost	(4,688,957)	(825,538)
Other Charges	(651,051)	(1,215,871)
Other Income	51,013,830	31,786,412
Profit Before Taxation	106,587,289	30,189,275
Taxation	(18,559,680)	4,701,339
Profit After Taxation	88,027,609	34,890,614
Earning Per Share – Basic And Diluted	2.93	1.16

Brokerage Revenue Performance

The brokerage operations of the company have posted as Total Revenue of PKR 305 million in FY21, which translates into a 260% growth when compared with FY20. This exceptional performance in brokerage has been achieved not only due to the traded volumes but also due to our management's aggressive decisions on investing on the Human Resource. The result of this was positive as the team's contribution was seen penetrating the retail sector. The company witnessed a noticeable growth in account opening adding new Unique Identification Numbers (UINs) as of June 30, 2021. Technology played an important role with the NCCPL's focus on ease of doing business. In FY21, we opened 713 new accounts and nearly 45% of these were done online.

Risk Management

TSBL's risk management governance starts with our Board, which plays an integral role in reviewing and approving risk management policies. Due to the nature of business at TSBL, risks are unavoidable and include liquidity, market, and credit, operational, legal, regulatory and reputational risks. We believe that effective risk management is of utmost

importance to the success of the company. The risk management team follow due processes in which it monitor, evaluate and manage the risks while conducting our activities.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Corporate social responsibility (CSR) is a subject that has garnered considerable attention in recent years.

It is our endeavor to contribute towards environmental responsibility, ethical responsibility, philanthropic responsibility and economic responsibility.

We strive hard to maintain equilibrium between revenues for our shareholders and our responsibility towards fellow beings.

Code of Corporate Governance

The Board and Management of the company are committed to ensuring that requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance are fully met. The Company has adopted strong corporate Governance practices with an aim to enhance the accuracy, comprehensiveness and transparency of financial and non-financial information.

The Directors are pleased to report that:

- 1. The financial statements prepared by the management of the company present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in the equity
- Proper books of account of the company have been maintained
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements
- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored
- 6. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern
- 7. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations
- 8. The company has on account of statutory payment of taxes, duties, levies and changes has no outstanding liability as at the balance sheet date
- There are no transactions entered into by the broker during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or in violation of any securities market laws

Changes In The Board

During the year under review, there was one change in the structure of the board where Mr. Muhammad Khurram Faraz resigned as a board member and due to this change being casual vacancy, it was prior filled in the stipulated period defined.

Composition of Board, Audit Committee, H.R. & Remuneration Meetings and Attendance

1. The total number of directors are 7 (including CEO who is deemed Director) as per the following:

a. Male: 6 Membersb. Female: 1 Member

2. The composition of the Board of Directors is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors:	Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq Wg. Cmdr (Retd) Talat Mehmood
Non-Executive Directors:	Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed Mr. Sardar Abdul Majeed Khan*

Mrs. Zenobia Wasif

Executive Directors: Mr. Abdul Basit
Mr. Zulfigar Ali Anjum

Female Director: Mrs. Zenobia Wasif

The position of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are kept separate in line with the best governance practices and the Chairman has been elected from among the Independent Directors. The Board has established a separate Audit Committee and H.R. & Remuneration Committee to assist the board in the performance of its functions. The Chairman of the Board and Audit Committee are Independent Directors and are not same person, in line with best practices.

Board Meetings

The total number of Board Meetings were five (5) during the year ended 2021. As per the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance, written notices were circulated to the board seven days (7) in advance except for the emergent meeting.

Name of Director	Meetings Attended
Mrs. Zenobia Wasif	4
Mr. Abdul Basit	5
Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq	5
Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed	2
Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum	5
WG CDR. Talat Mahmood (Retd.)	5
Mr. Muhammad Khurram Faraz (Resignation June 22, 2021)	5

Leave of absence was granted to members who did not attend the Board and Committee meetings.

Audit Committee

As per the Code of Corporate Governance, the Audit Committee consists of entirely of non-executive directors with the Chairman of the committee being an Independent Director. The attendance of the Audit Committee is as follows:

Name of Member	Meetings Attended
Wg. Cmdr (Retd) Talat Mehmood - Chairman	4
Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed - Member	2
Mrs. Zenobia Wasif - Member	4
Wild. Zoriobia Wasii Womboi	

^{*}a casual vacancy occured on the Board due to resignation of one director on June 22, 2021, which was filled up within prescribed period of 90 days.

HR & Remuneration Committee

As per the Code of Corporate Governance, the H.R. & Remuneration Committee consists of entirely of non-executive directors with the Chairman of the committee being an Independent Director. The attendance of the Committee is as follows:

Name of Member	Meetings Attended
Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq - Chairman	1
Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum - Member	1
Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed - Member	1

Audit Committee

The Audit committee of the board continued to perform its duties and responsibilities in an effective manner as per its terms of reference duly approved by the Board.

Pattern of Shareholding

The detailed pattern of the shareholding and categories of shareholders of the company as at June 30, 2021, as required under the listing regulations, have been appended to this Annual Report.

Related Party Transaction

The company has presented all related party transactions before the Audit Committee and Board for their review and approval. These transactions have been approved by the Audit Committee and Board in their respective meetings. The details of all related party transactions have been annexed audited financial statements.

Abdul BasitChief Executive Officer

Karachi, September 17, 2021

Future Prospects

The future prospects of your company are promising on account of the Management and Team efforts towards increasing the sales eventually resulting into the company's wider market share and better brokerage results. The PSX segment of the company is looked towards achieving better results from the retail division through digital onboarding. The company is striving to yield better volumes from its existing clientele as well as looking forwarded on bringing the institutional sales. The sales team is actively approaching foreign clients by growing relationship and offering company's premium suite of services.

The management also foresees increased activity on account of the commodity division while expanding the branch network.

The management is confident that the company's equity will likely demonstrate good results as the economy and the market continue to recover.

Acknowledgement

We are grateful to the company's shareholders for their continuing confidence and patronage. We record our sincere appreciation to all stakeholders, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the Central Depository Company, the National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited, and the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for their unwavering support and guidance.

We further acknowledge and appreciate the hard work put in by the employees of the Company. We also acknowledge the valuable contribution and active role of the members of the Board in supporting and guiding the management.

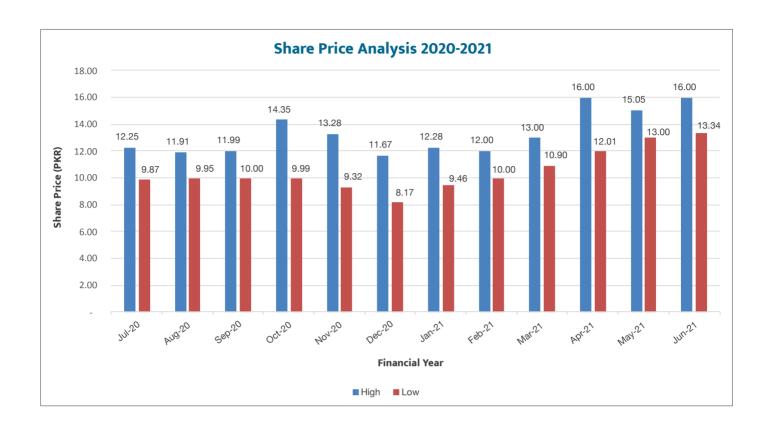
> Zenobia Wasif Chairperson

Financial and Business Highlights

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
		-	-		
Non-Current Assets					
Property and Equipment	12,749,879	12,989,347	13,475,292	1,912,030	1,035,402
Intangibles	6,013,434	6,288,434	6,563,434	4,042,600	1,542,600
Long Term Investments	12,684,944	2,720,000	2,720,000	2,720,000	2,720,000
Right of Use Asset	17,121,108	3,337,495	-	-	-
Deferred Taxation	9,534,563	9,271,141	-	-	-
Long Term Deposits	3,480,200	2,130,000	1,675,149	1,825,149	525,149
	61,584,128	36,736,417	24,433,875	10,499,779	5,823,151
Current Assets	551,903,949	261,142,201	218,515,581	212,782,288	28,732,116
Total Assets	613,488,077	297,878,618	242,949,456	223,282,067	34,555,267
Equity and Liabilities Share Capital and Reserves					
Authorised Share Capital	750,000,000	750,000,000	750,000,000	750,000,000	100,000,000
Authorised Orlare Capital	730,000,000	730,000,000	730,000,000	730,000,000	100,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up Capital	300,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000	100,000,000
General Reserve	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Reserve	_	_	_	_	_
Accumulated Profit/(Losses)	3,123,469	(94,869,084)	(129,759,698)	(106,323,250)	(87,969,799)
, ,	303,123,469	205,130,916	170,240,302	193,676,750	12,030,201
Non-Current Liabilities	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Lease Liabilities	11,040,435				
Current Liabilities	299,324,173	92,747,702	72,709,154	29,605,317	22,525,066
Total Equity and Liabilities	613,488,077	297,878,618	242,949,456	223,282,067	34,555,267

	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Operating revenue Gain/(loss) on sale of securities/ remeasurement of investemnts	305,382,104 18,131,583	96,561,064 11,600,668	37,074,178 (5,039,245)	2,905,421 47,679	8,019,005 59,987
Operating and administrative expenses Finance cost	323,513,687 (262,600,220) (4,688,957)	(107,717,460) (825,538)	32,034,933 (63,418,060) (1,172,273)	2,953,100 (22,063,568) (1,083,015)	8,078,992 (9,736,563) (11,807)
Other charges	(267,289,177) 56,224,510 (651,051)	(108,542,998) (381,266) (1,215,871)	(64,590,333) (32,555,400) (6,671,378)	(23,146,583) (20,193,483) (80,739)	(9,748,370) (1,669,378) (2,848,604)
Other income Profit/(loss) before taxation Taxation	51,013,830	31,786,412 30,189,275	(22,835,336) (601,112)	2,081,988 (18,192,234)	2,056,919 (2,461,063)
Profit/(loss) after taxation	(18,559,680) 88,027,609	4,701,339 34,890,614	(601,112)	(368,462)	(128,778) (2,589,841)
Earnings/(loss) per share-basic & diluted	2.93	1.16	(0.78)	(0.91)	(0.26)

Share Price Analysis









Key Performance Indicators

For the period ended June 30, 2021

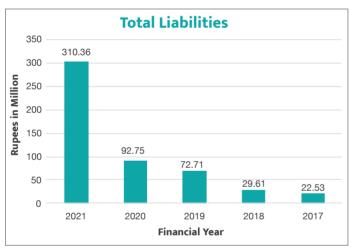
Total Revenue (in PKR)	
	374.53 Million
Profit after Tax (in PKR)	88.030 Million
Ebitida (in PKR)	118.74 Million
Total Assets (in PKR)	613.49 Million
Total Equity (in PKR)	303.12 Million
Return on Equity (in Percentage)	123.56 %

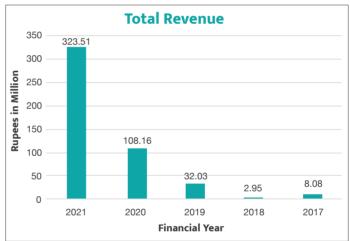
Market Capitalization (in PKR)	_423.30 Million
Market Price per Share (Year End)	_14.11 Rupees
Net Assets per Share (in PKR)	_10.10 Million
Number of Shareholders	_836 Partners
Earning per Share	2.93 Rupees

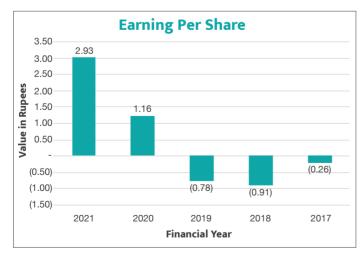
Graphical Representation

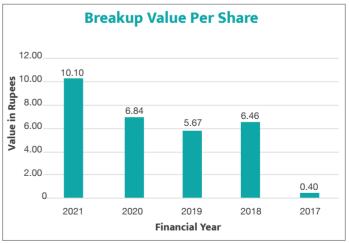


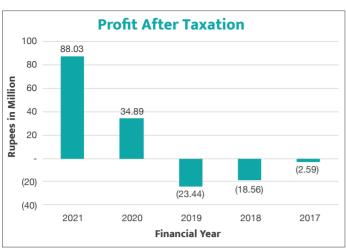






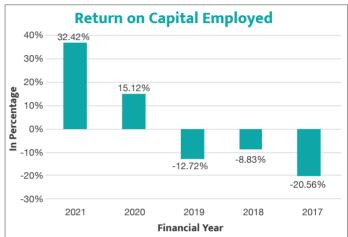






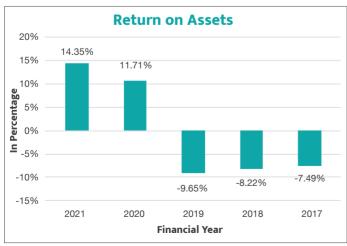


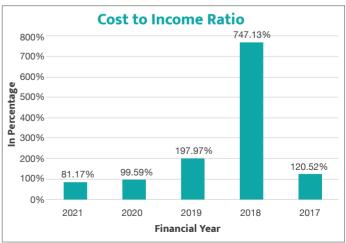
















Governance

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies

(Code of Coporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 For the year ended June 30, 2021

M/s. Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited (TSBL) has complied with the requirements of listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019, in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:

a. Male: 6 Members

b. Female: 1 Member

2. The composition of the Board of Directors is as follows:

Category Names

Independent Directors: Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq

Wg. Cmdr (Retd) TalatMehmood

Non-Executive Directors: Mr. JunaidShehzad Ahmed

Mr. Sardar Abdul Majeed Khan*

Non-Executive Female Director: Mrs. Zenobia Wasif

Executive Directors: Mr. Abdul Basit

Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum

Fraction (0.33) related to requirement for number of independent Directors is less than 0.5 and therefore, has not been rounded up as one.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies including this company.
- 4. The company has prepared a code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The board has ensured that a complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates of approval or updation/amendment is maintained by the company.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/share holders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the companies Act, 2017 and the Regulations.
 - *a casual vacancy occurred on the board due to resignation of one director on 22 June 2021, which was filled up within prescribed period of 90 days.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in her absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meetings of the board.
- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedure for remuneration of directs in accordance with the Act and the Regulations.
- 9. Out of 7 directors, four (4) have completed Director's Training Program (DTP) and one (1) director meets exemption requirement of DTP. The newly appointed director, along with one (1) remaining director shall obtain the DTP certification in due course of time.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.

12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a). Audit Committee

Wg. Cmdr (Retd) Talat Mahmood Chairman Mrs. Zenobia Wasif Member Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed Member

b). HR and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq Chairman
Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed Member
Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following:

a). Audit Committee

Four quarterly meetings were held during the financial year ended June 30, 2021

b). HR and Remuneration Committee

One meeting was held during the financial year ended June 30, 2021

- 15. The board has outsourcedthe internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountant of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of the Regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

Zenobia Wasif

enobia Wasif Place: Karachi

Chairperson Dated: September 17, 2021





Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the members of Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in listed companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited** ("the Company") for the year ended June 30, 2021 in accordance with the requirement of regulation 36 of the Regulation.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulation require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the Related party transaction by the board of directors upon recommendations of the Audit committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the company's process for identification of the related party and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the 'Statement of Compliance' does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company

Reanela Haran Zakavia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: September 17, 2021





Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of financial statements for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Room No. M1-M4, Mezzanine Floor, Progressive Plaza, Plot No. 5-CL-10, Civil Lines Quarter, Beaumont Road, Near Dawood Centre, Karachi-75530 Pakistan

Phone: +92 21 35674741-44 | Fax: +92 21 35674745 Email: info@hzco.com.pk | URL: http://www.hzco.com.pk



S. No. Key Audit Matters

01. Valuation of unquoted investments in equity securities

As stated in note 9.2 to the financial statements, the Company revalued its investment in unquoted ordinary shares of M/s. LSE Towers RIET Management Company Limited based on the valuation carried out independent external valuer engaged by management through the use of Discounted Free Cash Flow to Equity model for business valuation. Since the use of such valuation model requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions, the degree of subjectively and complexity involved in the valuation increases to a considerable extent. This, in turn affected our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated due to error and, hence, necessitated us to devote our significant time and resources to address the risk successfully.

How the Matter was Addressed in our Audit

Our procedures included the following:

- Obtained an understanding of the valuation exercise carried out by the independent external valuer engaged by management who was responsible for performing the valuation.
- Made inquiries of such persons in order to assess their competence, capability and objectivity of the external valuer which are recognized as the important factors affecting the reliability of the valuation.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of the work of the Company's personnel by assessing the reasonableness of significant assumptions use by management in estimating the following factors.
- Components of cost of equity of investee company (used as discount rate) such as the risk-free rate of return, market risk premium and equity beta;
- Significant amounts of revenues, operating expenses, capital expenditures, tax payments, dividend receipts etc. use in the cash flow projections; and
- Long term growth rates assumed by management in estimating the terminal value of the investee companies at the end of the 5-year projection period.



Information Other than Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for other information. Other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended June 30, 2021, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;



- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat is deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.
- e) the Company was in compliance with the requirement of section 78 of the Securities Act, 2015, section 62 of the Futures Market Act, 2016 and the relevant requirements of Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016 as at the date on which the balance sheet was prepared.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Muhammad Yameen.**

Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company

Reanela Haran Zakarja & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Dated: September 17, 2021





Financials

Statement of Financial Position

AS AT JUNE 30, 2021			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Note	2021	2020
		Rupees	Rupees
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Property and equipment	6	12,749,879	12,989,347
Right of use asset	7	17,121,108	3,337,495
Intangibles	8	6,013,434	6,288,434
Long term investments	9	12,684,944	2,720,000
Long term deposits	10	3,480,200	2,130,000
Deferred taxation	11	9,534,563	9,271,141
		61,584,128	36,736,417
Current Assets			
Short term investments	12	20,595,180	8,852,700
Trade debts	13	74,892,752	53,477,285
Investment in margin financing	14	78,091,508	46,397,969
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	15	279,028,184	110,493,354
Tax refunds due from government	16	-	4,672,365
Cash and bank balances	17	99,296,325	37,248,528
		551,903,949	261,142,201
Total Assets		613,488,077	297,878,618
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share Capital and Reserves			
Authorized Capital			
75,000,000 (2020 : 75,000,000) Ordinary shares			
Ordinary shares) of Rs. 10 each		750,000,000	750,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	18	300,000,000	300,000,000
Reserves			
Accumulated profit / (losses)		3,123,469	(94,869,084)
Shareholders' Equity		303,123,469	205,130,916
Non-Current Liabilities			
Lease liabilities		11,040,435	-
Current Liabilities			
Current maturity of lease liabilities	7	6,318,650	3,520,273
Short term borrowings	19	37,110,437	-
Provision for taxation	20	11,537,330	-
Trade and other payables	21	244,357,756	89,227,429
		299,324,173	92,747,702
Commitment	22		
Total Equity and Liabilities		613,488,077	297,878,618

The annexed notes from 1-38 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Profit or Loss

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021			
For the real Ended Julie 30, 2021	Note	2021	2020
		Rupees	Rupees
Operating revenue	23	305,382,104	96,561,064
Gain on sale of short term investments		12,984,644	12,179,255
		- 440 000	(570.507)
Gain / (Loss) on remeasurement of investments - at FVTPL		5,146,939	(578,587)
Operating and administrative expenses	24	(262,600,220)	(107,717,460)
operating and daminion and oxperiess		(===,===,===)	(,,,
Finance cost	25	(4,688,957)	(825,538)
Other charges	26	(651,051)	(1,215,871)
Other income	27	51,013,830	31,786,412
Profit before taxation		106,587,289	30,189,275
Taxation	28	(10 550 600)	4,701,339
Profit after taxation	20	(18,559,680)	34,890,614
FIOIL ditel taxation		00,027,009	
Earning per share - basic and diluted	29	2.93	1.16

The annexed notes from 1-38 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	2021	2020
F	Rupees	Rupees
Profit for the year	88,027,609	34,890,614
Profit for the year	00,021,009	34,690,014
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit or loss subsequently		
Remeasurement gain of investments fair value through OCI	9,964,944	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	97,992,553	34,890,614

The annexed notes from 1-38 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		F	Revenue reserve		
	Share capital	Remeasurement gain of investments fair value through OCI	Accumulated Losses Rupees	Sub Total	Shareholders Equity
Balance as at June 30, 2019	300,000,000	-	(129,759,698)	-	170,240,302
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-	-	34,890,614	-	34,890,614
Balance as at June 30, 2020	300,000,000	-	(94,869,084)	(94,869,084)	205,130,916
Total comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year Remeasurement gain of investments fair	-	-	88,027,609	88,027,609	88,027,609
value through OCI	-	9,964,944	-	9,964,944	9,964,944
	-	9,964,944	88,027,609	97,992,553	97,992,553
Balance as at June 30, 2021	300,000,000	9,964,944	(6,841,475)	3,123,469	303,123,469

The annexed notes from 1-38 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021			
•	Note	2021	2020
		Rupees	Rupees
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		106 E97 090	20 100 075
Profit before taxation		106,587,289	30,189,275
Adjustment for non-cash charges and other items			
Depreciation		1,674,128	1,573,527
Amortization on right of use assets		5,510,736	3,612,342
Amortization		275,000	275,000
Provision for doubtful debts		651,051	1,215,871
Interest income		(22,689,900)	(16,978,505)
Finance cost		4,688,957	825,538
Dividend income		(1,235,147)	(1,051,180)
Reversal of provision for doubtful debts		(1,004,211)	(6,681,718)
Gain on sale of fixed assets		- 1	(876)
Unrealised (gain) / loss on remeasurement of investment		(15,111,883)	578,587
,		(27,241,269)	(16,631,414)
		79,346,020	13,557,861
Changes in Working Capital:			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Trade debts		(21,062,307)	(14,226,976)
Investment in margin financing		(31,693,539)	(26,437,776)
Investment in margin trading system - net		-	5,100,203
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(166,645,743)	(45,616,774)
		(219,401,589)	(81,181,323)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		153,362,371	16,518,275
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	_	13,306,802	(51,105,187)
Taxes paid		(2,613,407)	(2,330,387)
Finance cost paid		(2,103,950)	(188,210)
Long term deposits - net		(1,350,200)	(454,851)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		7,239,245	(54,078,635)
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Divisions of fived speeds		(4.404.000)	(4.470.400)
Purchase of fixed assets		(1,434,660)	(1,170,106)
Capital work in progress		-	80,000
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment Interest income received		20,800,814	3,400 17,237,220
Dividend income received			
Investments - net		1,235,147	1,051,180
		3,369,403 23,970,704	(7,141,466)
Net cash generated from investing activities		23,970,704	10,060,228
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from short term borrowings		37,110,437	_
Repayment of liabilities against use of asset		(6,272,589)	(4,066,892)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities		30,837,848	(4,066,892)
,			(., ,)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		62,047,797	(48,085,299)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		37,248,528	85,333,827
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	17	99,296,325	37,248,528
•			

The annexed notes from 1-38 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATION

The Company was incorporated in Pakistan on October 19, 1993 as a Public Limited Company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Now Companies Act, 2017). The company is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company is the Trading Right Entitlement Certificate holder of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and a member of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited.

The Company is principally engaged in brokerage of shares, stocks, equity and debt securities, commodities and other financial instruments and corporate financial services.

Further the company is also engaged in trading in equity and debt securities on its own account through ready, spot and forward counters of the stock exchange.

2 GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION AND ADDRESS OF OFFICES ARE AS UNDER:

- Head Office: Suite No. 401, 4th floor, Business and Finance Center, I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

- Branch Offices: 2nd Floor, Associated House Building No. 1&2, 7-Kashmir Road, Lahore.

Room No. 202 & 203, 2nd Floor New Stock Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigarh Road, Karachi.

Room No. 725, 7th Floor New Stock Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigarh Road, Karachi.

Room No. 607, 6th Floor, LSE Plaza 19-Khayaban-e-Iqbal, Lahore.

PMEX Branch Office- DHA, Karachi Mezzanine No.2, Plot No. 550-C 11th Commercial Street, DHA, Phase-II Ext, Karachi.

3 IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON THE FINANCIALS STATEMENTS

In light of ongoing COVID - 19 pandemic, the Company has reviewed its exposure to business risks and has not identified any risks that could materially impact the financial performance or position of the Company. Consequently, there was no significant impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's operations and financial results. In future also, the Company does not foresee any significant adverse impact on its operations and financial results.

4 BASIS OF PREPARATION

4.1 Statement of Compliance

These Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial reporting standards (IFRS standards) issued by International Accounting standards Board (IASB) as notified under Companies Act 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions and directive issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from IFRS standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

4.2 Basis of Measurement

These Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that certain investments are stated at fair value.

These financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for statement of cash flow information.

4.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is also the Company's functional and presentation currency.

4.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by management in the application of approved accounting standard as, applicable in Pakistan, that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material judgment in the next year are as follows:-

Property and equipment

The Company reviews the rate of depreciation, useful life, residual value and value of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property and equipment with a corresponding affect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Intangible assets

The Company reviews the rate of amortization and value of intangible assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of intangible assets with a corresponding affect on the amortization charge and impairment.

Trade debts

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost less loss allowance, if any. The Company measures the loss allowance for trade debts at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses (ECL). The expected credit losses on trade debts are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

Income taxes

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Company, the management looks at the current income tax laws and establishes provision where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

4.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards

4.5.1 Amendments to published accounting and reporting standards which are effective for the year ended June 30, 2021

There were certain amendments to accounting and reporting standards which became effective for the Company for the current year. However, these are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant impact on the Company's financial reporting and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

4.5.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to the existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the company

Effective date (annual reporting periods beginning on or after)

IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates	
	and errors (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12	Income Taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent	
	Assets (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 3	Business Combinations (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
FRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	January 1, 2021
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments (Amendments)	January 1, 2021
IFRS 16	Leases (Amendments)	January 1, 2021

5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

5.1 Property and Equipment

These are initially measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition these are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss if any.

Depreciation is charged to statement of profit or loss using the reducing method at the rates specified in the relevant note. Monthly depreciation is charged on additions during the month while no depreciation is charged on assets in the month of disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which the asset is derecognized.

The Company reviews the useful lives and residual value of its assets on regular basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, equipment with a corresponding effect on the depre

5.2 Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost accumulated upto the reporting date less impairment if any. Transfer are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for their intended use.

5.3 Leases

a) Right of Use Assets

The Company measures the right-of-use asset applying a cost model whereby the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

b) Lease Liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the entity's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. It is re-measured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in assessment of whether extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for some leases of low value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented in the same line items as it presents underlying assets of the same nature that it owns.

5.4 Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognized as an assets if it is probable that economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the company and cost of the assets can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets having finite useful lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged from the date the asset is available for use while in the case of assets disposed of, it is charged till the date of disposal. The useful lives and amortization method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Intangible assets having an indefinite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life, when, based on an analysis of all the relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which asset is expected to generate net cash inflows for the Company.

An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is not amortized. However, the carrying amount is reviewed at each reporting date or whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired, to assess whether it is in excess of its recoverable amount, and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

5.5 Financial instruments

5.5.1 Initial Recognition

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. These are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost as the case may be.

5.5.2 Classification of financial assets

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories:

- at amortized cost.
- at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"), or
- at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"),

The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of instruments (other than equity instruments) is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and;
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and;
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

However, Company may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition for particular investments in equity instruments that would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized or at fair value through OCI.

5.5.3 Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories:

- at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), or
- at amortized cost.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

5.5.4 Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Elected investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with gains or losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in OCI.

Investments in un-quoted equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value. However, in limited circumstances, where there is insufficient recent information is available or where there is wide range of possible fair value measurements, the cost may be an appropriate estimate of fair value.

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, and subsequently carried at amortized cost, and in the case of financial assets, less any impairment.

Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Where management has opted to recognize a financial liability at FVTPL, any changes associated with the Company's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income/(loss). Currently, there are no financial liabilities designated at FVTPL.

5.5.5 Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. Loss allowances are measured on the basis of life time (ECLs) that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Lifetime ECL is only recognized if the credit risk at the reporting date has increased significantly relative to the credit risk at initial recognition. Further, the Company considers the impact of forward looking information (such Company's internal factors and economic environment of the country of customers) on ECLs. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

Provision against financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

5.5.6 Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets

expire or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortized cost, the difference between the asset's carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in statement of profit or loss.

In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to statement of profit or loss.

In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Company has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to statement of profit or loss, but is transferred to revenue reserve.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

5.5.7 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

5.6 Trade debts

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognised when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss (ECL).

Trade receivables in respect of securities sold on behalf of client are recorded at settlement date of transaction

5.7 Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables

These are recognized at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given. However, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset is determined and any impairment loss is recognized for the difference between the recoverable amount.

Other receivables are recognized and carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be received in the future for goods and services.

5.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent are carried in the statement of financial position at amortized cost.

5.9 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for

goods and services received up to the year end, whether or not billed to the Company. The company follows settlement date accounting.

5.10 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates for taxation after taking into account tax credit and rebates available, if any in accordance with the provision of Income Ordinance, 2001. The charge for the current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed/ finalized during the year.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax base and carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and carried forward unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carried forward unused tax losses can be utilized. Carrying amount of all deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of profit or loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is included in comprehensive income or equity.

5.11 Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

However, provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

5.12 Contingencies

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

5.13 Revenue

Brokerage commission, consultancy and other income are recognised as and when such services are provided and performance obligation is satisfied.

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate of return.

Dividend income is recorded when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Capital gain / (loss) on sale of securities are included in statement of profit or loss account on the settlement date basis.

5.14 Expenses

All expenses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss account on accrual basis.

5.15 Impairment

Non-Financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized, as an expense in the statement of profit or loss account, for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sale and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization if no impairment loss had been recognized.

5.16 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. if any

5.17 Dividend and revenue reserves appropriation

Dividend and movement in revenue reserves are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

5.18 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the Company at arms' length price using the admissible pricing method.

6 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	DDODEDTY AND EQUIDMENT	Note	2021	2020
		Rupees	Rupees	
	Operating fixed assets	6.1	12,749,879	12,989,347

6.1 Operating fixed assets

Particular	Computers	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Office equipment	Total
			Rupees ———		
Net book value as at June 30, 2019	781,537	8,368,304	94,082	4,151,369	13,395,292
Additions	640,206	362,500	-	167,400	1,170,106
Disposal					
Cost	-	(14,000)	-	-	(14,000)
Accumulated depreciation	_	11,476	-	-	11,476
	-	(2,524)	-	-	(2,524)
Depreciation charged	(295,703)	(841,205)	(18,816)	(417,802)	(1,573,527)
Net book value as at June 30, 2020	1,126,040	7,887,075	75,266	3,900,968	12,989,347
Additions	340,572	727,043	241,710	125,335	1,434,660
Depreciation charged	(393,827)	(827,003)	(55,767)	(397,531)	(1,674,128)
Net book value as at June 30, 2021	1,072,785	7,787,115	261,209	3,628,772	12,749,879
At June 30, 2020					
Cost	3,893,462	10,874,739	1,232,000	5,529,454	21,529,654
Accumulated depreciation	2,767,422	2,987,663	1,156,734	1,628,486	8,540,307
Net book value	1,126,040	7,887,075	75,266	3,900,968	12,989,347
At June 30, 2021					
Cost	4,234,034	11,601,782	1,473,710	5,654,789	22,964,314
Accumulated depreciation	3,161,249	3,814,666	1,212,501	2,026,017	10,214,435
Net book value	1,072,785	7,787,115	261,209	3,628,772	12,749,879
Rate of depreciation %	30%	10%	20%	10%	

6.2 Capital work in progress	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Opening balance	-	80,000
Addition during the year	572,880	250,000
Transferred to fixed assets	(572,880)	(330,000)
Closing balance	-	-

RIGHT OF USE ASSETS / LEASE	2021	2020
7.1 Right-of-use assets	Rupees	Rupees
Opening balances	3,337,495	6,949,837
Additions	19,294,350	-
Depreciation expense	(5,510,737)	(3,612,342)
	13,783,613	(3,612,342)
Closing balance	17,121,108	3,337,495

7.2 Lease Liabilities

7

Rental contracts are made for a fixed period subject to renewal upon mutual consent of Company and lessor. Wherever practicable the Company seeks to include extension option to provide operational flexibility. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. Management exercises significant judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised. The future lease payments have been discounted using incremental borrowing cost on properties lease from 9.92%-10.01% and vehicles leases borrowings cost from 10.30%-10.45%.

Set out below the carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year:

	2021	2020
	Rupees	Rupees
Opening balances	3,520,273	6,949,837
Additions	19,294,350	-
Interest expense	817,051	637,328
Payments	(6,272,589)	(4,066,892)
	13,838,812	(3,429,564)
Closing balances	17,359,085	3,520,273
Current	6,318,650	3,520,273
Non - current	11,040,435	-
	17,359,085	3,520,273
Lease liabilities are payable as follows:	=	

Δο	at.	luna	30	2021

	Minimum lease payments	Interest Rupees —	Present value of minimum lease payments
Less than one year	7,768,555	1,449,905	6,318,650
Between one and five years	12,121,483	1,081,048	11,040,435
	19,890,038	2,530,953	17,359,085

		As at June 30, 202	0
	Minimum lease payments	Interest	Present value of minimum lease payments
Less than one year Between one and five years	3,731,376	211,103 -	3,520,273
	3,731,376	211,103	3,520,273
	Note	2021	2020
8 INTANGIBLES		Rupees	Rupees
Trading Rights Entitlement Certificate (TREC) Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX)	8.1&8.2	1,280,000	1,280,000
Offices LSE Financial Services Limited (LFSL)	8.3	262,600	262,600
Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited (PMEX) membership Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited		2,500,000	2,500,000
Software	8.4	1,970,834	2,245,834
	_	6,013,434	6,288,434

- 8.1 Pursuant to the promulgation of the Stock Exchanges (Corporatisation, Demutualization and Integrations) Act, 2012 (The Act), the ownership in a stock exchange has been segregated from the right to trade on the exchange. Accordingly, the company has received the equity shares of LSE Financial Services Limited (LFSL) and a Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) in lieu of its membership card of Lahore Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited.
- 8.2 This certificate is subject to Hypothecation charge in favor of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.
- **8.3** This represent cost of offices given by LSE Financial Services Limited with indefinite useful life. These are considered to be indefinite as there is no foreseeable limit on the period during which an entity expects to consume the future economic benefits.

	2021	2020
8.4 Software	Rupees	Rupees
Opening net book value	2,245,834	2,520,834
Amortization charge	(275,000)	(275,000)
Closing net book value	1,970,834	2,245,834
Cost	2,750,000	2,750,000
Accumulated amortization	(779,166)	(504,166)
Net book value	1,970,834	2,245,834
Amortization rate	10%	10%

9 **LONG TERM INVESTMENTS**

Fair Value thorough - OCI In shares of Un-quoted company

			Note	Carrying	Value
2021	2020			2021	2020
Number of s	hares	Name of securities		Rupees	Rupees
843,975	843,975	LSE Financial Services Ltd.	9.1 & 9.2	12,684,944	2,720,000
In shares of quote	ed companies	•			
5,000	5,000	Sunshine Cotton Mills Limited		1,650	1,650
		Provision for impairment		(1,650)	(1,650)
				12,684,944	2,720,000

9.1 This represents unquoted shares of LSE Financial Services Limited received by the Company in pursuance of Stock Exchanges (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012.

Out of total number of shares owned, 60% shares (i.e. 506,385 shares) of the said entity are held in separate CDC blocked account, to restrict the sale of these shares by the members. Where as 40% of total shares i.e. 337,590 for Rs.10 each have been credited to the Company's CDC house account and are pledged in favour of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited against Base Minimum Capital (BMC).

9.2 The Company carried out the valuation of the aforementioned investments. In this connection, the valuation technique used by the Company was Discounted Free Cash Flow to Equity model for business valuation. Assumptions and inputs used in the valuation technique mainly include risk-free rate, equity risk premium, long term growth rate and projected rates of increase in revenues, other income and expenses. Principal assumptions used in the valuation of above unquoted investments are as under:

	_			2021		
		Principal Va	aluation Assur	nptions	Value per	Valuation
	Name of investee company	Long term growth rate	Cost of equity	Projection period	share (Rs.)	technique used
	LSE Financial services Limited	3.00%	8.52%	5 Years	15.03	Discounted Cash Flow Method
				20	21	2020
10	LONG TERM DEPOSITS			Rup	pees	Rupees
	- Unsecured - Considered good					
	National Clearing Company of Pakis	stan Limited (NCCPL)	1	,400,000	1,400,000
	Central Depository Company of Pal	kistan Limited (CDC)			100,000	100,000
	Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limit	ted			500,000	500,000
	Rentals deposits				250,500	130,000
	Lease deposits			1	,229,700	-
				3	480,200	2,130,000

11 DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax asset is net off of (taxable) / deductible temporary differences in respect of the followings:-

	Note	2021	2020
Taxable temporary differences		Rupees	Rupees
Accelerated tax depreciation		(5,909,238)	(1,870,127)
Unrealized loss on investments	_	(442,725)	(256,685)
		(6,351,963)	(2,126,812)
Deductible temporary differences			
Provision for doubtful debts		2,644,731	3,338,162
Assessed tax losses		1,370,658	2,126,113
Lease liability		5,034,135	1,020,879
Minimum tax		2,195,250	2,195,250
Alternative Corporate Tax		4,641,752	2,664,752
Capital gain tax		-	52,797
		15,886,526	11,397,953
	_	9,534,563	9,271,141
SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS	-		
At fair value through profit or loss			
In shares of quoted company		20,565,180	8,822,700
In shares of unquoted company	12.1 & 12.2	30,000	30,000
		20,595,180	8,852,700
12.1 Unquoted company	-		
Carrying amount		60,000	60,000
Accumulated impairment	_	(30,000)	(30,000)
		30,000	30,000

12.2 This represents investment in fully paid ordinary shares of Takaful Pakistan Limited. The break-up value is Rs.5.87 per share based on un audited financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2021.

		Note	2021	2020
			Rupees	Rupees
13	TRADE DEBTS			
				50 477 005
	Considered good		74,892,752	53,477,285
	Considered doubtful		9,119,762	11,510,903
		13.1 & 13.2	84,012,514	64,988,188
	Provision for doubtful debts	13.2.1	(9,119,762)	(11,510,903)
		_	74,892,752	53,477,285

12

13.1 The total value of securities pertaining to clients are Rs.845.810 million (2020: Rs.426.647 million) held in sub-accounts of the company. Securities pledged by client to the financial institutions amounting to Rs.109.50 million (2020: Rs. 6.38 million).

13.2 Aging analysis

O. <u>_</u>	Aging ununysis	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
	The aging analysis of trade debts is as follows:		Hupees	пареез
	Upto fourteen days		68,397,522	45,270,262
	More than fourteen days	13.2.1	15,614,992	19,717,926
			84,012,514	64,988,188

13.2.1 Adequate provision of Rs. 9.119 million (2020: Rs.11.511 million) has been provided in respect of amount due from customers.

	Note	2021	2020
13.3 Provision for doubtful debts		Rupees	Rupees
Balance as on July 01		11,510,903	60,468,781
Provision made during the year	26	651,051	1,215,871
		12,161,954	61,684,652
Reversal of excess provision against trade debt		(2,037,981)	(43,492,031)
Reversal of excess provision		(1,004,211)	(6,681,718)
		9,119,762	11,510,903

INVESTMENT IN MARGIN FINANCING 14.

This amount is given as a Margin Financing (MF) to our clients through National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited. This amount is secured against securities of clients held in house account. The company is financing on Financing Participation Ratio (FPR) of maximum 85% and charging markup ranging between the rate of 14% to 15% fixed rate.

ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - Considered good	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Advances			
Advance to staff		3,340,055	3,639,186
Advance for office maintinance		252,890	229,900
		3,592,945	3,869,086
Deposits			
Deposit against exposure margin	15.1	134,348,212	70,700,000
Deposits against margin trading system	15.2	132,806,264	31,170,982
		267,154,476	101,870,982
Prepayments			
Short term prepayments		588,000	80,000
Other receivables			
Other receivables		1,768,935	25,000
PMEX Clearing House		1,371,714	1,723,354
Markup receivable against leverage products		3,130,829	1,248,163
Markup receivable against Saving Account		6,420	-
Capital gain tax receivable		-	802,497
Retained profit future contract from NCCPL		1,414,865	874,272
		7,692,763	4,673,286
		279,028,184	110,493,354

- This represents deposits with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited against exposure margin in respect of future and ready counter.
- This represents deposits with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited against the exposure margin against 15.2 trade and sustained losses to date on Margin Trading Services.

		Note	2021	2020
			Rupees	Rupees
16	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT			
	On anima tau sufus d			0.044.700
	Opening tax refund		-	6,911,780
	Tax paid during the year		-	2,330,387
			-	9,242,167
	Provision for the year	28	-	(4,433,053)
	Prior year	28		(136,749)
			-	4,672,365

15.

		Note	2021	2020
,	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		Rupees	Rupees
	Cash in hand		473,187	607,211
	Cash at banks			
	In current accounts		80,141,278	34,335,181
	In saving account	17.1	18,681,860	2,306,136
		17.2	98,823,138	36,641,317
			99,296,325	37,248,528

17.1 Saving account carries markup which ranges from 3.25% to 5.5% (2020 : 5% to 10.5%) per annum.

	2021	2020
17.2 Balance pertaining to :	Rupees	Rupees
Clients	97,758,000	33,863,484
Brokerage house	1,065,138	2,777,833
	98,823,138	36,641,317

18 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

2021	2020		Note	2021	2020
Number o	of shares			Rupees	Rupees
30,000,000	30,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in cash	18.1	300,000,000	300,000,000

18.1 Pattern of shareholding

Serial number		20.	2021		
	Name of Shareholder	Number of shares held	% of shares held		
1	Muhammad Khurram Faraz	4,891,000	16.30%		
2	Junaid Shehzad Ahmed	8,080,000	26.93%		
3	Paramount Commodities (Private) Limited	2,196,645	7.32%		
4	Mg Media (Pvt.) Limited	2,444,500	8.15%		
5	Foresight Investment (Pakistan) (Pvt.) Limited	2,765,000	9.22%		
6	Other institution not more than 5% holding	967,601	3.23%		
7	Other individuals not more than 5% holding	8,655,254	28.85%		
		30,000,000	100%		

SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Secured - interest bearing - from banking companies		
Running finance	37,110,437	-

The company has obtained a running finance facility of Rs. 240 million from a banking company to finance daily clearing obligation of Pakistan stock exchange and settlement of client trade. The facility carries markup of 1 month kibor + 2.5% per annum to be paid on quarterly basis. The facility is secured against pledge of shares as per approved lists and margins charge over shares duly registered with SECP. Lien over account in name of company, Director and Sponsors of company or 3rd party @ 10% maintained.

Credit facilities available and unavailed as at September 30, 2021 are as follows: -

		Sanctioned	Sanctioned limit		Unavailed facility	
Nature of facility	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Running finance		240,000,000	-	202,889,563	-	
			Note	2021	2020	
PROVISION FOR TAX	ATION			Rupees	Rupees	
Opening tax refunda	ıble			(4,672,365)	-	
Tax refund during th	e year			376,190		
Tax paid during the year			(2,989,597)	-		
				(7,285,772)	-	
Provision for the year	ır		28	18,823,102	-	
				11,537,330	-	
TRADE AND OTHER	PAYABLES					
Trade creditors				153,066,515	63,433,802	
Accrued liabilities				14,617,594	6,558,445	
Accrued mark up				1,773,728	5,772	
Witholding tax paya	ble			5,863,943	4,174,965	
Capital gain tax pay	able			28,797,875	811,345	
Sindh sales tax paya	ables			6,198,334	1,855,397	
Employees compen	sated absenc	es		1,636,473	1,636,473	
Retain future profit of	of clients			1,337,560	1,360,950	
DFC witheld exposu	re demand fr	om clients		26,220,344	5,000,195	
Other liabilities				4,845,390	4,390,085	
				244,357,756	89,227,429	

19

COMMITMENT 22

Commitment against unrecorded transactions executed before the year end having settlement date subsequent to year end: -

		Note	2021	2020
			Rupees	Rupees
	For purchase of shares		748,945,199	196,691,934
	For sale of shares		709,607,252	187,124,492
23	OPERATING REVENUE			
	Brokerage income from Pakistan Stock Exchange		291,204,427	92,567,021
	Brokerage income from Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited		12,942,530	2,942,863
	Dividend income		1,235,147	1,051,180
			305,382,104	96,561,064
24	OPERATING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries, benefits and allowances		47,941,774	33,322,078
	Director's remuneration	33	3,260,840	2,021,874
	Commission		161,356,880	43,527,381
	Clearing house expenses		20,490,587	6,133,560
	Communication expenses		1,761,390	1,524,348
	Printing and stationary		1,381,631	1,323,692
	Entertainment expenses		2,797,555	996,711
	Travelling and lodging expenses		764,169	1,176,259
	Repairs and maintenance		2,457,533	1,726,734
	Advertisement and publicity		44,310	430,500
	Electricity and utilities		2,086,643	1,638,008
	Insurance expenses		297,419	73,935
	Depreciation on owned assets	6	1,674,128	1,573,527
	Amortization on right of use assets	7	5,510,736	3,612,342
	Amortization	8	275,000	275,000
	Internet and software maintenance charges		2,693,425	2,231,351
	Charity and donation		86,800	332,000
	Legal and professional charges		470,025	367,572
	Fees and subscription		3,527,059	3,234,069
	Rent, rates and taxes		549,209	213,207
	Auditors remuneration	24.1	938,500	849,500
	Miscellaneous expenses		2,234,607	1,133,812
			262,600,220	107,717,460
	24.1 Auditors' remuneration			
	Statutory audit fee		456,500	415,000
	Interim review fee		230,000	210,000
	Other certification charges		235,000	212,500
	Out of pocket expenses		17,000	12,000
	·		938,500	849,500

		Note	2021	2020
			Rupees	Rupees
25	FINANCE COST			
	Mark up on overdraft		3,696,237	101,754
	Interest expense on lease liability		817,051	637,328
	Bank charges		175,669	86,456
			4,688,957	825,538
26	OTHER CHARGES			
	Provision for doubtful debts	13.3	651,051	1,215,871
27	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Interest on saving account		795,425	3,256,603
	Interest income on exposure deposited		10,028,616	7,211,380
	Interest income on margin financing		11,865,859	6,510,522
	Reversal of provision for doubtful debts	13.3	1,004,211	6,681,718
			23,694,111	23,660,223
	Income from other than financial assets			
	Gain on sale of fixed assets		-	876
	Transaction charges from clients		27,319,719	8,125,313
			51,013,830	31,786,412
28	TAXATION			
	Current		18,823,102	4,433,053
	Prior year tax		-	136,749
	Deferred taxation		(263,422)	(9,271,141)
		,	18,559,680	(4,701,339)
		;		

- 28.1 Income tax assessments of the Company are deemed to be finalized as per tax returns file up to tax year 2020. Tax returns are subject to further assessment under provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ("the Ordinance") unless selected for an audit by the taxation authorities. The Commissioner of Income Tax may, at any time during a period of five years from date of filing of return, select a deemed assessment order for audit.
- **28.2** Due to the brought forward tax losses, provision for current income tax is based on section 113(C) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Accordingly tax expense reconciliation with the accounting profit is not reported.

29	EARNING PER SHARE - Basic and Diluted		2021	2020
	Profit for the year	Rs.	88,027,609	34,890,614
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares		30,000,000	30,000,000
	Earning per share - basic and diluted	Re.	2.93	1.16
		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
30	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES Financial Assets and Liabilities			
	Financial assets			
	Long term deposits	10	3,480,200	2,130,000
	Investments	9 & 12	33,280,124	11,572,700
	Trade debts	13	74,892,752	53,477,285
	Deposits and other receivables	15	274,847,239	106,544,268
	Investment in margin financing		78,091,508	46,397,969
	Cash and bank balances	17	99,296,325	37,248,528
		-	563,888,148	257,370,750
	Financial Liabilities			
	Lease liabilities	7	17,359,085	3,520,273
	Trade and other payables	21	236,522,949	85,735,559
	Short term borrowing	19	37,110,437	- -
		-	290,992,471	89,255,832

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: capital risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (interest / mark-up rate risk and price risk). The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance. Overall, risks arising from the Company's financial assets and liabilities are limited. The Company consistently manages its exposure to financial risk without any material change from previous period in the manner described in notes below.

Risk managed and measured by the Company are explained below: -

- a) Credit risk
- b) Liquidity risk
- c) Market risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. All treasury related transactions are carried out within the parameters of these policies.

30.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk. To manage exposure to credit risk, Company applies credit limits and deal with credit worthy parties. It makes full provision against those balances considered doubtful and by dealing with variety of major banks and financial institutions.

Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk of the Company arises principally from long term and short term investments, trade debts, loan and advances, accrued income, deposits, other receivables and bank balances. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. To reduce the exposure to credit risk, the Company has developed its own risk management policies and guidelines whereby clients are provided trading limits according to their worth and proper margins are collected and maintained from the clients. The management continuously monitors the credit exposure towards the clients and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.

The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure, as specified below:-

	Note	2021	2020
		Rupees	Rupees
Long term investments	9	12,684,944	2,720,000
Long term deposits	10	3,480,200	2,130,000
Short term investments	12	20,595,180	8,852,700
Trade debts	13	74,892,752	53,477,285
Deposits and other receivables	15	274,847,239	106,544,268
Investment in margin financing	14	78,091,508	46,397,969
Cash at banks	17	99,296,325	37,248,528
		563,888,148	257,370,750

Trade debts

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of trade debts, management performs credit reviews taking into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors.

All the trade debtors at the repoting date represent domestic and international parties.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Company's total credit exposure. The Company's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

		Ratings	
Bank	Rating agency	Short term	Long term
Private sector commercial banks			
Meezan Bank Limited	JCRVIS	A1+	AAA
MCB Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA
JS Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA-
Habib Bank Limited	JCRVIS	A1+	AAA
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+
BankIslami Pakistan Limited	PACRA	A1	A+
Bank Al-Habib Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA
Islamic Bank			
Albaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	PACRA	A1	Α

30.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of adequate funds through committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions due to dynamic nature of the business. Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk. The management aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping regular committed credit lines.

The following are contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:-

2021			
Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Upto one year	More than one year
	Ru	pees	
17,359,085	17,359,085	6,318,650	11,040,435
236,522,949	236,522,949	236,522,949	-
37,110,437	37,110,437	37,110,437	-
290,992,471	290,992,471	279,952,036	11,040,435
	20	020	
Carrying	Contractual	Upto	More than
Amount	cash flows	one year	one year
	Ru	pees ———	
		•	
3,520,273	3,520,273	3,520,273	-
85,735,559	85,735,559	85,735,559	-
89,255,832	89,255,832	89,255,832	-
	Amount 17,359,085 236,522,949 37,110,437 290,992,471 Carrying Amount 3,520,273 85,735,559	Carrying Amount Contractual cash flows 17,359,085 17,359,085 236,522,949 236,522,949 37,110,437 37,110,437 290,992,471 290,992,471 Carrying Amount cash flows Contractual cash flows Ru 3,520,273 85,735,559 85,735,559	Carrying Amount Contractual cash flows Upto one year Rupees Rupees 17,359,085 17,359,085 6,318,650 236,522,949 236,522,949 236,522,949 37,110,437 37,110,437 37,110,437 290,992,471 290,992,471 279,952,036 Carrying Amount Contractual cash flows one year Upto one year Rupees Rupees 3,520,273 3,520,273 3,520,273 85,735,559 85,735,559 85,735,559

30.3 Market risk

Market risk means that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices. The objective is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. Market risk comprises of three types of risk: foreign exchange or currency risk, interest / mark up rate risk and price risk. The market risks associated with the Company's business activities are discussed as under:-

30.3.1 Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign Currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies.

Currently the Company is not exposed to any currency risk because the company is not dealing in any foreign currency transactions.

30.3.2 Interest / mark up rate risk

Financial assets Rs.18.68 million and liabilities include Rs.37.11 million (2020 : Rs.2.306 million) which are subject to interest rate risk. Applicable interest/mark-up rates for financial assets and liabilities have been indicated in respective notes.

Interest / mark-up rate risk is the risk that value of a financial instrument or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest / mark-up rates. Sensitivity to interest / mark up rate risk arises from mismatches of financial assets and liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period. The Company manages these mismatches through risk management strategies where significant changes in gap position can be adjusted. The Company is not exposed to any short term borrowing arrangements having variable rate pricing.

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows: -

	Carrying a	Carrying amount		
	2021	2020		
Financial assets	Rupees	Rupees		
Cash and bank balances	18,681,860	2,306,136		
Financial liabilities				
Short term borrowings	37,110,437			

Sensitivity analysis

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial asset and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate will not effect fair value of any financial instrument and company does not have any variable rate instrument which effect profit and loss account and equity.

The following information summarizes the estimated effects of hypothetical increases and decreases in interest rates on cash flows from financial assets and liabilities that are subject to interest rate risk. It is assumed that the changes occur immediately and uniformly to each category of instrument containing interest rate risk. The hypothetical changes in market rates do not reflect what could be deemed best or worst case scenarios. Variations in market interest rates could produce significant changes at the time of early repayments. For these reasons, actual results might differ from those reflected in the details specified below. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

	Carrying amount	
As at June 30, 2021	increase	decrease
Cash flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial instruments	184,286	(184,286)
As at June 30, 2020		
Cash flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial instruments	23,061	23,061

30.3.3 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices (other than those arising from interest / mark up rate risk or currency risk), and whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all or similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is exposed to equity price risk since it has investments in quoted equity securities at the reporting date amounting to Rs. 20.566 million (2020: Rs. 8.823 million).

The Company's strategy is to hold its strategic equity investments for long period of time. Thus, Company's management is not concerned with short term price fluctuations with respect to its strategic investments provided that the underlying business, economic and management characteristics of the investee remain favorable which if not, impairment loss has been recognised and other opportunities may be considered. Company manages price risk by monitoring exposure in quoted equity securities and implementing the strict discipline in internal risk management and investment policies.

The carrying value of investments subject to equity price risk are, in almost all instances, based on quoted market prices as of the reporting date except for, unquoted associates which are carried at fair value determined through latest sales price. Market prices are subject to fluctuation and consequently the amount realized in the subsequent sale of an investment may significantly differ from the reported market value. Fluctuation in the market price of a security may result from perceived changes in the underlying economic characteristics of the investee, the relative price of alternative investments and general market conditions. Furthermore, amount realized in the sale of a particular security may be affected by the relative quantity of the security being sold.

Sensitivity analysis

The table below summarizes Company's equity price risk as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 and shows the effects of hypothetical 10% increase and a 10% decrease in market prices of the quoted securities as at the year end. The selected hypothetical change does not reflect what could be considered to be the best or worst case scenarios. Indeed, results could be worst because of the nature of the equity market and aforementioned concentrations existing in company's equity investment portfolio.

	Fair Value	Hypothetical price change	Estimated fair value after hypothetical change in prices	Hypothetical increase (decrease) in Shareholders' Equity
		Ri	upees ————	
June 30, 2021	20,565,180	10% increase	22,621,698	2,056,518
		10% decrease	18,508,662	(2,056,518)
June 30, 2020	8,822,700	10% increase	9,704,970	882,270
		10% decrease	7,940,430	(882,270)

30.3.4 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in arm's length transaction.

30.3.5 Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows: -

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		— Rupees —	
June 30, 2021	-	-	12,684,944
Investments at fair value through OCI	20,565,180	-	60,000
Investments at fair value through Profit or loss			
June 30, 2020			
Investments at fair value through OCI	-	-	2,720,000
Investments at fair value through Profit or loss	8,822,700	-	60,000

31 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is maintains healthy capital ratios and optimal capital structure in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing operations, for maximizing shareholer's value, for tapping potential investment opportunities and to reduce cost of capital.

The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. Futhermore, the Company finances its operations through equity, borrowing and management of its working capital with a view to maintain an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimise risk.

	2021	2020
31.1 Capital adequacy level	Rupees	Rupees
The capital adequacy level of the company is as follows:		
Total assets	613,488,077	297,878,618
Less: Total liabilities	(310,364,608)	(92,747,702)
Less: Revaluation reserves		
(created upon revaluation of fixed assets)		-
Capital adequacy level	303,123,469	205,130,916

31.1.1 While determining the value of total assets of TREC holder, notional value of TRE certificate held by such participant as at year ended June 30, 2021 as determined by the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited - PSX has been considered.

31.1.2 The TREC certificate is carried at historical cost.

		Note	2021
			Rupees
31.2	Net capital balance		
	Current Assets		
	Cash in hand	17	473,187
	Cash at bank		
	Balance pertaining to brokerage house	17.2	1,065,138
	Balance pertaining to clients	17.2	97,758,000
			98,823,138
			99,296,325
	Margin deposited with NCCPL	15	267,154,476
	Receivable against margin financing	14	78,091,508
	Trade Receivables	10	04.040.544
	Book value	13 13.2	84,012,514
	Less: Overdue for more than 14 days	13.2	(15,614,992) 68,397,522
			00,037,322
	Other receivables	31.2.1	7,667,763
	Investment in listed securities		
	Securities on the exposure list marked to market	12	20,565,180
	Less: 15% discount	31.2.2	(3,084,777)
			17,480,403
	Securities purchased for client where payment has		
	not been received in 14 days		6,495,230
	Total Current Assets		544,583,227
	Current Liabilities		
	Trade Payables		
	Book value	21	153,066,515
	Less: Overdue for more than 30 days		(19,856,379)
			133,210,136
	Other liabilities	31.2.3	166,114,037
	Total Current Liabilities		299,324,173
	NET CAPITAL BALANCE		245,259,054

	2021
	Rupees
31.2.1 Receivable from PMEX	1,371,714
Markup receivable against leverage products	3,130,829
Markup receivable against Saving Account	6,420
Retained profit future contract from NCCPL	1,414,865
Other receivables	1,743,935
	7,667,763
31.2.2 This represents 15% discount on investment as per net capital balance guidelines.	
	2021
	Rupees
31.2.3 Retirement benefits	1,636,473
Accrued and other liabilities	53,219,222
Accrued mark up	1,773,728
Witholding tax payable	5,863,943
Capital gain tax payable	28,797,875
Current portion of lease obligation	6,318,650
Short term borrowings	37,110,437
Provision for taxation	11,537,330
Trade payables which are over due for more than 30 days	19,856,379
	166,114,037

31.3 Liquid capital

S/No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
1. Asset	s			
1.1	Property & Equipment and Right of Use	29,870,987	29,870,987	-
1.2	Intangible Assets and Deferred Tax	15,547,997	15,547,997	-
1.3	Investment in Govt. Securities			
1.4	Investment in Debt. Securities			
	If listed than:			
	i. 5% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.			
	ii. 7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.			
	iii. 10% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.			
	If unlisted than:			
	i. 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.	-		-
	ii. 12.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-		-
	iii. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-		-

S/No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
1.5	Investment in Equity Securities Investment in Equity Securities			
	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities on the cutoff date as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is	20,565,180	5,116,895	15,448,286
	Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher. ii. If unlisted, 100% of carrying value. iii. Subscription money against Investment in IPO / offer for Sale: Amount paid as subscription money provided that shares have not been allotted or are not included in the investments of securities broker. iv. 100% Haircut shall be applied to Value of Investment in any asset including shares of listed securities that are in Block, Freeze or Pledge status as on reporting date. (July 19, 2017) Provided that 100% haircut shall not be applied in case of investment in those securities which are Pledged in favor of Stock Exchange / Clearing House against Margin Financing requirements or pledged in favor of Banks against Short Term financing arrangements. In such cases, the haircut as provided in schedule III of the Regulations in respect of investment in		12,714,944	-
1.6	Investment in subsidiaries	-		-
1.7	i. If listed 20% or VaR of each securities as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.	-		-
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value.	-		-
1.8	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity.	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
1.9	Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house.	267,154,476	-	267,154,476
1.10	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	-	-	-
1.11	Other deposits and prepayments	2,321,090	2,321,090	-

S/No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
1.12	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.(Nil)	3,137,249	-	3,137,249
	100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties.			
1.13	Dividends receivables.			
1.14	Amounts receivable against Repo financing. Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement. (Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the investments.)			
1.15	i. Short Term Loan To Employees: Loans are Secured and Due for repayment within 12 months	3,340,055	-	3,340,055
I	ii. Receivables other than trade receivables	25,000	25,000	-
1.16	Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s)			
	100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.			
	Claims on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.	4,530,514	-	4,530,514
1.17	Receivables from customers			
	i. In case receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if (i) value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based Haircut, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the finance (iii) market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VaR based haircut. i. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments.	78,091,508	80,063,786	78,091,508
	ii. Incase receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value. ii. Net amount after deducting haircut			
	iii. Incase receivables are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as collateral upon entering into contract, iii. Net amount after deducting haircut			

S/No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1.17	iv. Incase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net balance sheet value. iv. Balance sheet value	55,929,625	-	55,929,625
	v. Incase of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of (i) the market value of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts after applying VAR based haircuts, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and (iii) the market value of securities held as collateral after applying VaR based haircuts. v. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments	21,112,609	11,768,350	11,768,350
	vi. 100% haircut in the case of amount receivable form related parties.	6,970,280	6,970,280	-
1.18	Cash and Bank balances			
	i. Bank Balance-proprietary accounts	1,065,138	-	1,065,138
	ii. Bank balance-customer accounts	97,758,000	-	97,758,000
	iii. Cash in hand	473,187		473,187
1.19	Total Assets	622,607,839	166,399,329	538,696,388

2. Liabilities

2.1	Trade Payables			
	i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house			
	ii. Payable against leveraged market			
	iii. Payable to customers	153,066,515	-	153,066,515
2.2	Current Liabilities			
	i. Statutory and regulatory dues	40,860,152	-	40,860,152
	ii. Accruals and other payables	50,431,089	-	50,431,089
	iii. Short-term borrowings	37,110,437	-	37,110,437
	iv. Current portion of subordinated loans			-
	v. Current portion of long term liabilities	6,318,650	-	6,318,650
	vi. Deferred Liabilities			-
	vii. Provision for bad debts	9,119,762	9,119,762	-
	viii. Provision for taxation	11,537,330	-	11,537,330
	ix. Other liabilities as per accounting			
	principles and included in the financial	-	-	-
	statements			

S/No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
2.3	Non-Current Liabilities			
	i. Long-Term financing			
	a. Long-Term financing obtained from financial institution: Long term portion of financing obtained from a financial institution including amount due against finance lease	11,040,435	4,423,059	6,617,376
	b. Other long-term financing			
	ii. Staff retirement benefits			
	iii. Advance against shares for Increase in Capital of Securities broker: 100% haircut may be allowed in respect of advance against shares if: a. The existing authorized share capital allows the proposed enhanced share capital b. Board of Directors of the company has approved the increase in capital c. Relevant Regulatory approvals have been obtained d. There is no unreasonable delay in issue of shares against advance and all regulatory requirements relating to the increase in paid up capital have been completed. e. Auditor is satisfied that such advance is against the increase of capital.			
	iv. Other liabilities as per accounting principles			
	and included in the financial statements	-	-	-
2.4	Subordinated Loans			
	i. 100% of Subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP are allowed to be deducted: The Schedule III provides that 100% haircut will be allowed against subordinated Loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP. In this regard, following conditions are specified: a. Loan agreement must be executed on stamp paper and must clearly reflect the amount to be repaid after 12 months of reporting period.	-	-	-
	b. No haircut will be allowed against short term portion which is repayable within next 12 months.			
	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.			
	ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP			
2.5	Total Liabilities	319,484,370	13,542,821	305,941,549

S/No. Head of Account	Value in	Hair Cut /	Net Adjusted
	Pak Rupees	Adjustments	Value

3. Ranking Liabilities Relating to:

3.1	Concentration in Margin Financing			
	The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the finances exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.	78,091,508	78,091,508	-
3.2	Concentration in securities lending and borrow	ring		
	The amount by which the aggregate of:			
3.3	Net underwriting Commitments			
	(a) in the case of right issues: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of: (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities. In the case of rights issue where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting.			
	(b) in any other case : 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments			
3.4	Negative equity of subsidiary			
	The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary.			
3.5	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign curr	ency positions		
	5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency.			
3.6	Amount payable under REPO			

S/No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
	T=			
3.7	Repo adjustment In the case of financier / purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities.			
	In the case of financee/seller the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less the total amount received ,less value of any securities deposited as collateral by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash deposited by the purchaser.			
3.8	Concentrated proprietary positions			
	If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51% of the total proprietary positions then 5% of the value of such security. If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the proprietary position, then 10% of the value of such security.	-	1,451,430	1,451,430
3.9	Opening Positions in futures and options			
	i. In case of customer positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securities held as collateral/ pledged with securities exchange after applying VaR haircuts.	-	19,111,882	19,111,882
	ii. In case of proprietary positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met.			
3.10	Short sell positions			
	i. Incase of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VaR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts.			
	ii. Incase of proprietary positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as collateral after applying haircuts.			
3.11	Total Ranking Liabilities			
		78,091,508	98,654,820	20,563,312

Calculations Summary of Liquid Capital

(i) Adjusted value of Assets (serial number 1.19)	538,696,388
(ii) Less: Adjusted value of liabilities (serial number 2.5)	(305,941,549)
(iii) Less: Total ranking liabilities (series number 3.11)	(20,563,312)
	212,191,527

32 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise associated undertakings, directors of the Company, key management employees and chief executive officer. The Company continues to have a policy whereby all transactions with related parties undertakings are entered into at commercial terms and conditions.

Details of transactions and balances with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in this financial statement, are as under:

			2021	2020
Relationship with party	Transactions with	Nature of Transactions	Rupees	Rupees
Chief Executive Officer	Abdul Basit	Trade payable Commission paid The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 4,667,637 Brokerage commission earned	496,352 303,006 128,541	- 246,551 -
Shareholder	Paramount Commodities (Private) Limited	Trade payable The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 112,913,917	- -	3,651,932
		Brokerage commission earned	6,764,834	1,739,232
Shareholder	MG Media (Private) Limited	Trade receivables The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 8,713,503	-	5,393,095
		Trade payable Brokerage commission earned	5,847 718,431	- 218,288
Shareholder	Nash Advertising (Private) Limited	The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs.53,836,454 Brokerage commission earned	-	30,330
Shareholder	Mr. Sikandar Mehmood	Trade payable	-	2,272,315
		The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 62,790,098 Trade receivables Brokerage commission earned	1,465,161 1,015,264	- 87,324

			2021	2020
Relationship with party	Transactions with	Nature of Transactions	Rupees	Rupees
Common shareholding	Arabian Sea Enterprises Limited	Trade receivables The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 226,031,974 Payable against trade of	-	13,493,486
		marketable securities Brokerage commission earned	12,917,747 27,692,357	- 7,997,032
Director	Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed	Trade receivables The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 70,862,544	837,195	16,350
		Brokerage commission earned	1,624,359	
Director	Mr. Khizer Hayat	Trade receivables The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 29,056,241	3,526,295	728,160
		Brokerage commission earned	381,059	33,585
Director	Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum	Trade payable Trade receivables The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 9,030,372	- 406,421	17,885 -
		Brokerage commission earned Brokerage commission paid	622,668 6,677,815	358,896 1,696,765
Director	Mr. Muhammad Talha Razi	Trade payable The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 451,366 Brokerage commission earned	-	22,374
		brokerage commission earned	-	2,384
Director	Mr. Khurram Faraz	Trade payable The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 22,293,560	1,028,760	-
		Brokerage commission earned	283,131	-
Director	Mr. Talat Mehmood	Trade receiveable The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 13,265,752	735,207	-
		Brokerage commission earned	347,079	-
Close family member of Director	Mrs. Mehreen Khurram	Trade receivables The maximum aggreagate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 22,520,256	-	400,882
		Trade payable Brokerage commission earned	1,859,568 643,114	69,798

33 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including certain benefits to Directors, Chief Executive and Executives of the Company, are as follows:

	Chief Executives		Direc	tors	Other Executives		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
			Rup	ees ———			
Managerial remuneration	1,399,840	1,349,874	1,706,000	672,000	22,115,000	13,730,000	
Commission paid to	372,788	246,551	7,185,814	1,696,765	76,618,097	11,977,391	
Brokerage commission	-	73,022	-	358,896	-	3,150,235	
Other	35,000	-	25,000	-	-	-	
	1,807,628	1,669,447	8,916,814	2,727,661	98,733,097	28,857,626	
Number of persons	*2	2	1	1	12	9	

33.1 The Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officers have been provided with the free use of company maintained vehicle in accordance with the company's policy.

*During the year i.e. July 2020 - June 2021, there were changes in Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The new Chief Executive Officer was appointed w.e.f. February 17, 2021 and ceased the office w.e.f. June 22, 2021 and the former Chief Executive Officer was reappointed w.e.f. June 22, 2021.

33.2 In addition to above, four non-executive directors of the Company were paid meeting fee aggregating Rs. 95,000/-.

34 OPERATING SEGMENT

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment which is consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

The internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker relating to the Company's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. There were no change in the reportable segments during the year.

The Company is domiciled in Pakistan. The Company's revenue is generated from shares brokerage, portfolio management, investment advisory, consultancy and underwriting services.

All non-current assets of the Company at June 30, 2021 are located in Pakistan.

35 RECLASSIFICATION

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary for the purpose of better presentation. Significant reclassification are as follows:

Description	Head of account of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020	Head of account of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021	Amount Rupees	
Director's remuneration	Salaries, benefits and allowances	Director's remuneration	2,021,874	
Accrued mark up	Accrued liabilities	Accrued Mark up	5,772	
Witholding tax payable	Accrued liabilities	Witholding tax payable	4,174,965	
Capital gain tax payable	Accrued liabilities	Capital gain tax payable	811,345	
Dealer Commission	Salaries, benefits and allowances	Commission	43,527,381	
Transaction charges from clients	Others	Transaction charges from clients	27,319,719	
		2021	2020	
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES				
As at June 30		89	52	
Average employees		81	50	

37 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION OF ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on September 17, 2021.

38 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Ahme of

Director

Trust Securities and Brokerage Limited

Detailed Categories of Shareholders - As on June 30, 2021

S. No.	Name	Shares Held	Percentage
	Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their Spouse and Minor Children		
1	Mrs. Zenobia Wasif	500	0.0017
2	Mr. Khizer Hayat Farooq	1,101,500	3.6717
3	Mr. Junaid Shehzad Ahmed	8,080,000	26.9333
4	Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Anjum	500	0.0017
5	Mr. Talat Mahmood	500	0.0017
6	Mr. Abdul Basit	500	0.0017
	Running Total:	9,183,500	30.6117
	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties		
1	Sikander Mahmood	26,250	0.0875
2	Ahmad Kamal	25,000	0.0833
	Running Total:	51,250	0.1708
	Banks, Development Financial Instituations, Non Banking Financial Instituations		
1	Foresight Investments (Pakistan) (Pvt.) Limited	2,765,000	9.2167
2	Fidelity Investment Bank Ltd.	4,400	0.0147
3	Mcb Bank Limited - Treasury	300,000	1.0000
4	Paramount Commodities (Private) Limited	221,000	0.7367
	Running Total:	3,290,400	10.9680
	Modarbas and Mutual Funds		
1	Trust Modaraba	30,200	0.1007
	Running Total:	30,200	0.1007
	General Public (Local)		
	Running Total:	12,391,504	41.3050
	Others		
1	NCC - Pre Settlement Delivery Account	15,500	0.0517
2	Prudential Securities Limited	1,900	0.0063
3	Y.S. Securities & Services (Pvt) Ltd.	500	0.0017
4	Trust Securities & Brokerage Limited - MF	202,500	0.6750
5	Paramount Commodities (Private) Limited	1,975,645	6.5855
6	Sarfraz Mahmood (Private) Ltd	500	0.0017
7	Maple Leaf Capital Limited	1	0.0000
8	S.H. Bukhari Securities (Pvt) Limited	2,500	0.0083
9	S.H. Bukhari Securities (Pvt) Limited	300	0.0010
10	Highlink Capital (Pvt.) Limited	300	0.0010
11	Hamid Adamjee Trust	408,000	1.3600
12	MG Media (Pvt.) Limited	2,444,500	8.1483
13	MRA Securities Limited - MF	1,000	0.0033
	Running Total:	5,053,146	16.8438
	Grand Total:	30,000,000	100.0000
	Shareholders Having 5% or More Holding		
14	Junaid Shehzad Ahmed	8,080,000	26.9333
15	Foresight Investments (Pakistan) (Pvt.) Limited	2,765,000	9.2167
16	Mg Media (Pvt.) Limited	2,444,500	8.1483
17	Paramount Commodities (Private) Limited	1,975,645	6.5855
18	Muhammad Khurram Faraz	4,891,000	16.3033
		20,156,145	67.1872

Categories of Shareholders - As on June 30, 2021

S. No.	Categories No.	. of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children	6	9,183,500	30.6117
2	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties	2	51,250	0.1708
3	Banks, Development Financial Instituations, Non Banking Financial Institu	tuations 4	3,290,400	10.9680
4	Modarbas and Mutual Funds	1	30,200	0.1007
5	General Public (Local)	810	12,391,504	41.3050
6	Others	13	5,053,146	16.8438
	Total	836	30,000,000	100.0000

Pattern of Shareholding - As on June 30, 2021

Number of Share Holders	Sharel	noldings	Total Number of Share Held	Percentage of Total Capital	
	From	То			
112	1 -	100	8,176	0.03	
560	101 -	500	252,670	0.84	
55	501 -	1000	49,661	0.17	
53	1001 -	5000	120,998	0.40	
6	5001 -	10000	47,400	0.16	
3	10001 -	15000	38,000	0.13	
1	15001 -	20000	15,500	0.05	
1	20001 -	25000	25,000	0.08	
3	25001 -	30000	78,750	0.26	
4	30001 -	35000	127,200	0.42	
5	35001 -	40000	196,000	0.65	
3	40001 -	45000	133,500	0.45	
2	45001 -	50000	97,500	0.33	
1	50001 -	55000	51,000	0.17	
2	55001 -	60000	119,000	0.40	
1	70001 -	75000	73,000	0.24	
1	90001 -	95000	93,000	0.31	
1	145001 -	150000	150,000	0.50	
1	165001 -	170000	167,500	0.56	
1	180001 -	185000	185,000	0.62	
1	200001 -	205000	202,500	0.68	
1	220001 -	225000	221,000	0.74	
1	230001 -	235000	231,500	0.77	
1	245001 -	250000	250,000	0.83	
1	260001 -	265000	260,500	0.87	
2	295001 -	300000	600,000	2.00	
1	405001 -	410000	408,000	1.36	
1	510001 -	515000	512,500	1.71	
1	545001 -	550000	548,000	1.83	
1	640001 -	645000	640,500	2.14	
1	745001 -	750000	750,000	2.50	
1	765001 -	770000	769,000	2.56	
1	1100001 -	1105000	1,101,500	3.67	
1	1315001 -	1320000	1,320,000	4.40	
1	1975001 -	1980000	1,975,645	6.59	
1	2440001 -	2445000	2,444,500	8.15	
1	2760001 -	2765000	2,765,000	9.22	
1	4890001 -	4895000	4,891,000	16.30	
1	8075001 -	8080000	8,080,000	26.93	
836	33.3331		30,000,000	100.00	



Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the **28**th **Annual General Meeting** of the company will be held on **Thursday, October 28, 2021 at 3:45 p.m.** At Suite #401, 4th Floor, Business & Finance Centre, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi to transact the following business.

Ordinary Business

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on October 27, 2020.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021 together with the Directors' and the Auditors' reports thereon.
- 3. To appoint Auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2022 and to fix their remuneration.
- 4. To discuss any other matter with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board. **Company Secretary**

Date: October 6, 2021

Place: Karachi

Notes

- 1. The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 22, 2021 to October 28, 2021 (both days inclusive).
- 2. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. The proxy, in order to be effective, must be received at the registered office of the Company duly signed and stamped not less than 48 hours before the time of meeting.
- 3. Any individual beneficial owner of CDC, entitled to attend and vote at this meeting must bring his/her original CNIC or passport to prove his/her identity and in case of proxy, a copy of shareholders attested CNIC must be attached with the proxy form. In case of Corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signatures of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting. The nominee shall produce his original CNIC at the time of attending the meeting for identification purpose.
- 4. The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021 will be placed on Company's website http://www.tsbl.com.pk in due course of time.
- 5. Members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their CNIC, Email & address are requested to send the same to the Share Registrar of the Company.
- 6. Under Section # 72 of the Companies Act, 2017, the shareholders who hold shares in physical form are required to replace their physical shares with book-entry form within the period to be notified by the SECP. Hence, the shareholders who hold shares in physical form are advised to convert their physical shares in electronic form at their earliest.
- 7. In view of the threat of pandemic outbreak of COVID-19 (Corona Virus) and directives of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its Circulars requiring listed companies to modify their usual planning for general meetings to protect the wellbeing of shareholders, the Company requests its members to attend and participate in the general meeting through video link facility only to avoid large gathering at one place and prevent pandemic outbreak of COVID-19 (Corona Virus). Therefore, to attend and participate in the AGM through video link facility, members are requested to register the below information at agm2021@tsbl.com.pk for their appointment and proxy's verification at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
 - Video conference link details and login credentials will be shared with those Shareholders whose emails containing all the particulars are received at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting. Shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM on agm2021@tsbl.com.pk at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 8. The Annual Report is being transmitted to shareholders through CD or DVD or USB instead of sending in Book form / hard copy in terms of SECP SRO # 470(I)/ 2016 dated May 31, 2016. The Company has obtained shareholders' approval in 26th Annual General Meeting held on October 25, 2019.

ٹرسٹسیکورٹیزاینڈبروکریجلیمیٹڈ

نوٹس برائے غیر معمولی اجلاس عام

مطلع کیاجا تا ہے کہ پنی کااٹائنیواں سالانہ اجلاس عام مورخہ 28 /اکتوبر 2021ء بروز جمعرات بوقت 3:45 سہ پہر بجکمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ آفس واقع سوٹ نمبر 401، فور تصفلور، برنس اینڈ فائننس سینٹر ،آئی آئی چندریگرروڈ ،کراچی میں منعقد ہوگا۔جس میں مندر حبذیل امور کا جائز ہلیا جائے گا۔

عمومی امور:

- 1 گزشته سالاینا حلاس عام منعقده 27 را کتوبر 2021ء کے منٹس کی توثیق کرنا۔
- 2۔ 30 مرجون 2021ء کوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے کمپین کے آڈٹ شدہ مالی تفصیلات بمعدڈ ائریکٹرزاورآڈ میٹرز کی رپورٹ کووصول کرنا،زیرغورلا نااوراختیار کرنا۔
 - 3- 30/جون 2022ء کوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے آڈیٹرز کی تعیناتی اور معاوضہ مقرر کرنا۔
 - 4۔ اجلاس کے سربراہ کی اجازت سے کسی دیگر کاروائی پرغور خوض۔

کراچی:6 راکتوبر2021ء

بحکم: کمپنی سیکرییزی

نوٹس: -

- 1۔ کمپنی کی شبیئر ٹرانسفر بکس مورخہ 22 مراکتو بر 2021ء تا 28 اکتو بر 2021ء (بشمول دونوں دنوں کے) بندر ہیں گی۔
- 2۔ کمپنی کا کوئی بھی ممبر جو کہاس اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کاخق رکھتا ہو، اپنی جگہ کسی دوسرے ممبر کواجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کے لئے بطور پراکسی تعینات کرسکتا ہے۔ پراکسی کوکمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ آفس میں اجلاس شروع ہونے سے 48 گھنٹے پہلے بمع دستخطا اور مہر پہنچ جانا جا ہئے۔
- 3۔ اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کے اہل ہی ڈی ہی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرزاپنی شناخت کے لئے شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ ہمراہ لائیں۔ پراکسی کی صورت میں شیئر ہولڈ رک شناختی کارڈی تصدیق شدہ کاپی پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ لائیں۔ کارپوریٹ ممبر ہونے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی قرار داد/مختار نامہ بمع امیدوار کے دستخط اجلاس کے موقع پر پیش کرنا ہوگا۔ شناخت کے لئے امیدوار کو اجلاس میں شرکت کے موقع پر اپنااصل شناختی کارڈ دکھانالازم ہوگا۔
 - 4- 🔻 30رجون 2021ء کوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کی سالانہ مالی تفصیل کمپنی کی ویب سائیٹ/ www.tsbl.com.pk / پرمخصوص عرضے کے لئے موجو در ہیں گی۔
- 5۔ وہمبران جنہوں نے ابھی تک اپنے شناختی کارڈ کی فوٹو کا پی اورای میل ایڈریس جمع نہیں کروائے ،ان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے شناختی کارڈ کی فوٹو کا پی اورای میل ایڈریس کمپنی کے شیئر رجسٹرڈ کوئیچے دیں۔
- 6۔ کمپنیزا کیٹ 2017ء کی سیکشن 72 کے تحت، فزیکل ثنکل میں شیئر رکھنے والے شیئر بولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے فزیکل شکل کے شیئر کو بک انٹری فارم میں ایسی پی کی جانب سے اعلان کر دہ دورا نئے میں تبدیل کرلیں۔ لہذا فزیکل شکل میں شیئر رکھنے والے شیئر بھولڈرز جلدا زجلدا نے فزیکل شیئرز کوالیکٹرا نک شکل میں تبدیل کرلیں۔
- 7- کوویڈ 19 (کوروناوائرس) وبا پھیلنے کے خطرے اور سیکورٹی ایک پی کستان (ایس ای سی پی) کی ہدایات کے پیش نظر سرکلر کے مطابق لسٹ کمینیوں کے لئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ عام اجلاسوں کے لئے شیئر ہولڈرزکی بہتری کے لئے اپنی معمول کی منصوبہ بندی میں تبدیلی لائیں کمپنی اپنے ممبران سے درخواست کرتی ہے کہ وہ ویڈیولئک کی سہولت کے ذریعے اجلاس عام شرکت کریں تا کہ ایک جلگہ پر بڑے اجتماع سے بچا جا سے اور کوویڈ 19 (کوروناوائرس) کے وبائی امراض کوروکا جا سے ۔لہذا سالا خاجلاس عام میں ویڈیولئک کی سہولت کے ذریعے شرکت کے لئے ممبران سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ اجلاس شروع ہونے سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے پہلے اپنی اور پر اکسی کی تصدیق درج ذیل معلومات کے ساتھ ای ممبرا ایک معلومات کے ساتھ ای ممبرا کی معلومات کے ساتھ کی معلومات کے ساتھ کی میں معلومات کے ساتھ کی میں معلومات کے ساتھ کی میں معلومات کے ساتھ کی معلومات کو معلومات کے ساتھ کی معلومات کے معلومات کے ساتھ کی معلومات کی معلومات کے ساتھ کی معلومات کے ساتھ کی معلومات کی معلومات کے سا

ای میل ایڈریس	موبائل نمبر	فوليونمبر	شناختی کارڈنمبر	شيئز ہولڈر کا نام	سيريل نمبر

ویڈیوکانفرنس لنک کی تفصیلات اورلاگ ان کی تفصیلات ان شیئر ہولڈرز کے ساتھ شیئر کی جائیں کی جن کے ای میل ایڈریس میں تمام تفصیلات موجود ہیں اورا جلاس شروع ہونے سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے پہلے ای میل ایڈریس 48 گھنٹے پہلے ای میل ایڈریس 48 گھنٹے پہلے ای میل ایڈریس agm@tsbl.com.pk

8۔ ایس ایسی پی کے SRO#470(I)/2016 بتاریخ 31 درمئی 2016ء کے تحت شیئر ہولڈ رز کوسالاندر پورٹ کتابی شکل/ ہارڈ کا پی کی صورت میں بھیجنے کی بجائے سی ڈی یا وی ڈی یا یوایس بی کی شکل میں بھیجی جارہی ہے۔ جس کی منظوری کمپنی نے شیئر ہولڈ رز سے 25 / اکتو بر 2019ء کو منعقدہ چھپیسویں سالاندا جلاس عام میں حاصل کر لی ہے۔

ایچ آر اور یادداشت کمیٹی

کارپوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطہ اخلاق کے مطابق ، ایچ آر آر اور معاوضہ کمیٹی مکمل طور پر غیر ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز پر مشتمل ہے جس میں کمیٹی کا چیئرمین آزاد ڈائریکٹر ہوتا ہے۔کمیٹی کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے۔

میٹنگز میں شرکت کی		ممبر کا نام
1	چيئرمين	مسترخضرحيات فاروق
1	ممبر	مسٹر ذوالفقار على انجم
1	ممبر	مسٹر جنید شہزاد احمد

آڈٹ کمیٹی

بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی بورڈ کے ذریعہ منظور شدہ اپنے حوالہ کی شرائط کے مطابق موثر انداز میں اپنے فرائض اور ذمه داریاں نبھاتی رہی۔

شیئر ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن

30 جون 2021کو کمپنی کے حصص یافتگان کی شیئر ہولڈنگ اور زمرے کا تفصیلی نمونہ۔جیسا کہ فہرست سازی کے ضوابط کے تحت درکار ہے ، اس سالانہ رپورٹ میں شامل کیا گیا ہے۔

پارٹی سے متعلق تبادلہ

کمپنی نے آڈٹ کمیٹی اور بورڈ کے سامنے ان کے جائزے اور منظوری کے لئے پارٹی سے متعلق تمام لین دین پیش کیے ہیں۔ ان لین دین کو آڈٹ کمیٹی اور بورڈ نے اپنی متعلقه میٹنگوں میں منظور کیا ہے۔ متعلقه پارٹی لین دین کی تفصیلات آڈٹ شدہ مالی بیانات سے منسلک کردی گئی ہیں۔

مستقبل کے امکانات۔

آپ کی کمپنی کے مستقبل کے امکانات فروخت میں اضافے کی طرف مینجمنٹ اور ٹیم کی کوششوں کی وجہ سے وعدہ کر رہے ہیں جس کے نتیج میں کمپنی کا PSX طبقہ ڈیجیٹل آن بورڈنگ کے ذریعے خوردہ ڈویژن سے بہتر نتائج حاصل کرنے کی طرف راغب ہے۔ کمپنی اپنے موجودہ مؤکل سے بہتر حجم حاصل کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ ادارہ جاتی فروخت لانے پر آگے بڑھنے کی کوشش کر رہی ہے۔ سیلز ٹیم غیر ملکی گاہکوں سے بڑھتے ہوئے تعلقات اور کمپنی کے پریمیم سوٹ خدمات پیش کرکے فعال طور پر رجوع کررہی ہے۔

برانچ نیٹ ورک کو وسعت دیتے ہوئے انتظامیہ اجناس ڈویژن کی وجہ سے بڑھتی ہوئی سرگرمی کی بھی پیش گوئی کرتی ہے۔

انتظامیہ کو یقین ہے کہ کمپنی کی ایکویٹی ممکنہ طور پر اچھے نتائج کا مظاہرہ کرے گی کیونکہ معیشت اور مارکیٹ کی بحالی جاری ہے۔

تسلیم شده

ہم کمپنی کے حصص یافتگان کے مسلسل اعتماد اور سرپرستی کے شکر گزار ہیں۔ ہم تمام اسٹیک ہولٹرز ، سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کے لیے اپنی مخلصانه تعریف کو ریکارڈ کرتے ہیں ، سنٹرل ڈپازٹری کمپنی ، نیشنل کلیئرنگ کمپنی آف پاکستان لمیٹڈ ، اور پاکستان اسٹاک ایکسچینج لمیٹڈ ان کی غیر متزلزل مدد اور رہنمائی کے لیے۔ہم کمپنی کے ملازمین کی طرف سے دی گئی محنت کو مزید تسلیم اور تعریف کرتے ہیں۔ ہم انتظامیه کی حمایت اور رہنمائی میں بورڈ کے ممبروں کی قیمتی شراکت اور فعال کردار کو بھی تسلیم

کرتے ہیں۔

17ستمبر - 2021

زبنوبيا واصف چيئريرسن

عبدالباسط چيفايگزيکڻوآفيسر

2 - بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی تشکیل مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

مره نام

آزاد ڈائریکٹرز: جناب خضر حیات فاروق۔

ونگ کمانڈر (ریٹائرڈ) طلعت محمود

غیر ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز: جناب جنید شہزاد احمد۔

جناب سردار عبدالمجيد خان۔

مسز زينوبيا واصف۔

ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز: جناب عبدالباسط

جناب ذوالفقار على انجم

خاتون ڈائربکٹر: مسز زینوبیا واصف۔

چیئرمین اور چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر کا عہدہ بہترین گورننس کے طریقوں کے مطابق الگ رکھا گیا ہے اور چیئرمین آزاد ڈائریکٹرز میں سے منتخب کیا گیا ہے۔بورڈ نے ایک علیحدہ آڈٹ کمیٹی اور ایچ آر اور معاوضہ کمیٹی قائم کی بے تاکہ بورڈ کو اپنے کاموں کی کارکردگی میں مدد ملے۔بورڈ اور آڈٹ کمیٹی کے چیئرمین آزاد ڈائربکٹر ہیں اور ایک ہی شخص نہیں ہیں ، بہترین طریقوں کے مطابق۔

بورڈ میٹنگز

2021 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران بورڈ میٹنگز کی کل تعداد پانچ (5) تھی۔ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے تقاضوں کے مطابق ، ہنگامی میٹنگ کے علاوہ تحریری نوٹس بورڈ کو سات دن (7) پیشگی بھیج گئے۔

میں شرکت کی	ڈائریکٹرز کے نام میٹنگز
5	مسز زينوبيا واصف
5	جناب عبدالباسط
5	جناب خضر حيات فاروق
5	جناب جنید شهزاد احمد
5	جناب ذوالفقار على انجم
5	جناب طلعت محمود
4	جناب محمد خرم فراز (استعفی 22-جون -2021)
1	جناب سردار عبدالمجید خان۔ (17ستمبر - 2021کو شامل ہوئے)

غیر حاضری کی رخصت ان ممبروں کو دی گئی جو بورڈ اور کمیٹی کے اجلاسوں میں شریک نہیں ہوئے۔

حساب کتاب کا گروہ

کارپوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطے کے مطابق ، آڈٹ کمیٹی مکمل طور پر نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز پر مشتمل ہوتی ہے جس کے چیئرمین ایک آزاد ڈائریکٹر ہوتے ہیں۔آڈٹ کمیٹی کی حاضری حسب ذیل ہے:

ي	میٹنگز میں شرکت ک		ممبر کا نام
	4	چيئرمين	ونگ کمانڈر (ریٹائرڈ) طلعت محمود
	2	ممبر	جناب جنید شهزاد احمد
	4	ممبر	مسز زينوبيا واصف

مارکیٹ اور کریڈٹ ، آپریشنل ، قانونی ، ریگولیٹری اور ساکھ کے خطرات شامل ہیں۔ ہم سمجھتے ہیں که کمپنی کی کامیابی کے لئے موثر رسک مینجمنٹ انتہائی اہمیت کا حامل ہے۔ رسک مینجمنٹ ٹیم ہماری سرگرمیوں کو چلاتے ہوئے خطرات کی نگرانی ، تشخیص اور ان کا نظم و نسق کرنے والے مناسب عمل کی پیروی کرتی ہے۔

کارپوریٹ سماجی ذمه داری

کارپوریٹ سماجی ذمہ داری (CSR) ایک ایسا مضمون ہے جس نے حالیہ برسوں میں کافی توجہ حاصل کی ہے۔

ہماری کوشش ہے که ماحولیاتی ذمه داری ، اخلاقی ذمه داری ، انسان دوستی کی ذمه داری اور معاشی ذمه داری کی طرف اپنا کردار ادا کریں۔ ہم اپنے حصص یافتگان کے لئے بعری کوشش کر تے ہم اپنے حصص یافتگان کے لئے بعری کوشش کر تے ہیں۔ ہیں۔

كارپورىٹ حكومت كا كوڈ

کمپنی کا بورڈ اور انتظامیہ اس بات کا یقین کرنے کے لئے پرعزم ہے کہ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطہ اخلاق کی ضروریات پوری ہوں۔ کمپنی نے مالی اور غیر مالی معلومات کی درستگی ، جامعیت اور شفافیت کو بڑھانے کے مقصد کے ساتھ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے مضبوط طریقوں کو اپنایا ہے۔

ڈائریکٹرز اس کی اطلاع دیتے ہوئے خوش ہیں:۔

- 1۔ کمپنی کے انتظامیہ کے ذریعہ تیار کردہ مالی بیانات اس کی حالت ، اس کے عمل کے نتائج ، نقد بہاؤ اور ایکویٹی میں تبدیلی کو منصفانه طور پر پیش کرتے ہیں۔
 - 2۔ کمپنی کے اکاؤنٹ کی مناسب کتابیں برقرار رکھی گئی ہیں۔
 - 3۔ مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں اکاؤنٹنگ کی مناسب پالیسیاں مستقل طور پر لاگو کی گئیں ہیں اور اکاؤنٹنگ کا تخمینه معقول اور محتاط فیصلے پر مبنی ہے۔
 - 4۔ مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ معیارات ، جیسا که پاکستان میں قابل اطلاق ہیں ، پر عمل کیا گیا ہے۔
 - 5۔ داخلی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن میں مستحکم ہے اور اس پر موثر انداز میں عمل درآمد اور نگرانی کی گئی ہے۔
 - 6۔ کمپنی کی تشویش کی حیثیت سے جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت پر کوئی خاص شکوک و شبہات نہیں ہیں۔
- 7۔ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں سے کوئی مادی رخصتی نہیں ہوئی ہے ، جیسا که فہرست سازی کے ضوابط میں تفصیل سے بتایا گیا ہے۔
- 8۔ ٹیکس ، ڈیوٹی ، محصول اور تبدیلیوں کی قانونی ادائیگی کی وجه سے کمپنی کے پاس بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ کی طرح کوئی بقایا ذمه داری نہیں ہے۔
- 9۔ سال کے دوران بروکر کے ذریعہ کوئی لین دین نہیں ہوا ہے جو دھوکہ دہی، غیر قانونی یا کسی سیکیورٹیز مارکیٹ قوانین کی خلاف ورزی ہے۔

بورڈ میں تبدیلیاں

زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران ، بورڈ کے ڈھانچے میں ایک تبدیلی آئی جہاں مسٹر محمد خرم فراز نے بورڈ ممبر کی حیثیت سے استعفیٰ دے دیا تھا اور اس تبدیلی کی وجه سے یه غیر معمولی خالی جگه تھی ، اس سے پہلے اس کی وضاحت کی گئی مدت میں پُر کی گئی تھی۔

بورڈ کی تشکیل، آڈٹ کونسل ، ایچ آر اور یادداشت کا اجلاس اور حاضری

- 1- ڈائریکٹرز کی کل تعداد 7 ہے (بشمول سی ای او جو ڈائریکٹر سمجھا جاتا ہے) مندرجہ ذیل کے مطابق:
 - ۱۔ مرد 6 اراکین
 - ب- خاتون 1 رکن

مالی کارکردگی

کمپنی نے تیزی سے مشکل معاشی حالات اور مسابقتی دباؤ کے باوجود سال کے لئے آپریٹنگ آمدنی میں 260فیصد اضافه ریکارڈ کیا ہے جس کے ساتھ ساتھ شدید COVID وبائی امور بھی شامل ہیں جو اب بھی غیر یقینی کاروباری حالات فراہم کرتے رہتے ہیں۔ ان دباؤ کے باوجود ، کمپنی روپے ٹیکس کے بعد آپریٹنگ منافع کمانے میں کامیاب رہی۔ پچھلے سال کے پی کے آر 34.8 ملین کے مقابلے میں پی کے آر 88 ملین۔ یه گذشته سال پی کے آر 21.16 مقابلے میں پی کے آر 2.93 کے فی حصص آمدنی میں ترجمه ہے۔

مالي نتائج كا خلاصه اس طرح بد:-

	2020 روپے	2021 روپے
آپریٹنگ ریوینیو	96,561,064	305,382,104
مختصر مدت کے سرمایہ کاری کی فروخت پر حاصل کریں	12,179,255	12,984,644
سرمایه کاری کی بحالی پر حاصل / نقصان - ایف وی ٹی پی ایل میں	(578,587)	5,146,939
آپریٹنگ اور ایڈمنسٹریٹو اخراجات	(107,717,460)	(262,600,220)
فنانس كوست	(825,538)	(4,688,957)
دوسرے چارجز	(1,215,871)	(651,051)
دوسری انکم	31,786,412	51,013,830
ٹیکس لگانے سے پہلے منافع	30,189,275	106,587,289
ٹیکس	4,701,339	(18,559,680)
ٹیکس کے بعد منافع	34,890,614	88,027,609
فی حصص کمانا - بنیادی اور گهٹا ہوا	1.16	2.93

بروكريج ريونيو پرفارمنس

کمپنی کے بروکریج آپریشنز نے مالی سال 21میں 305ملین روپے کا کل رپونیو پوسٹ کیا ہے ، جو مالی سال20 کے مقابلے میں 260 فیصد اضافے میں ترجمہ ہوتا ہے۔ بروکریج میں یہ غیر معمولی کارکردگی نہ صرف تجارت شدہ حجم کی وجہ سے حاصل کی گئی ہے بلکہ ہیومن رپسورس پر سرمایہ کاری سے متعلق ہمارے انتظامیہ کے جارحانہ فیصلوں کی وجہ سے بھی حاصل ہوئی ہے۔ اس کا نتیجہ مثبت تھا کیونکہ ٹیم کی شراکت خوردہ شعبے میں گھس رہی تھی۔کمپنی نے 30 جون 2021 تک اکاؤنٹ کھولنے میں نمایاں اضافہ دیکھا جس میں نئے منفرد شناختی نمبر (UINs) شامل کیے گئے۔کاروبار میں آسانی پر این سی سی پی ایل کی توجہ کے ساتھ ٹکنالوجی نے ایک اہم کردار ادا کیا۔مالی سال 21 میں ، ہم نے 713 نئے اکاؤنٹ کھولے اور ان میں سے ٪45 آن لائن ہوئے۔

رسک مینجمنٹ

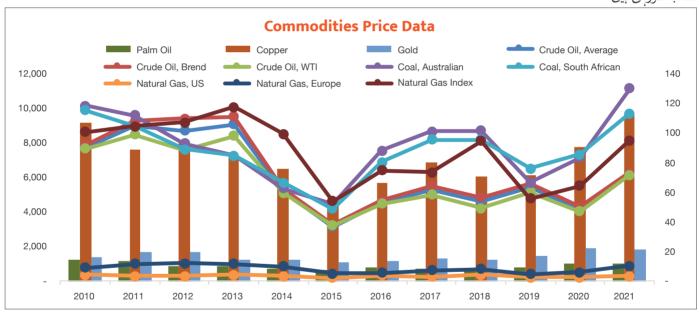
ٹی ایس بی ایل کی رسک مینجمنٹ گورننس کا آغاز ہمارے بورڈ سے ہوتا ہے ، جو رسک مینجمنٹ پالیسیوں کا جائزہ لینے اور ان کی منظوری میں لازمی کردار ادا کرتا ہے۔ٹی ایس بی ایل میں کاروبار کی نوعیت کی وجہ سے ، خطرات ناگزیر ہیں اور اس میں لیکویڈیٹی،

کوویڈ 19 وبائی مرض کے نتیجے میں ہونے والے اثرات کے باوجود ، پاکستان کی معیشت نسبتا inc جامع اور خطے میں لچکدار ہوگئی ہے۔ صنعتی شعبے کی مسابقت کی پشت پر ، برآمدات اور ترسیلات زر میں ڈبل ہندسے کی نمو ، پاکستان معاشی نمو اور کوویڈ 19 انفیکشن تناسب کو متوازن کرنے میں کامیاب رہا ہے۔ یہ تناسب دنیا میں سب سے کم ہے۔ پاکستان کا جی ڈی پی سائز \$ 300 بلین فرنٹیئر مارکیٹس کے مجموعی معاشی سائز کا ٪10 میے زیادہ ہے 2.85 گھڑریلین۔ مالی سال 2020-21 میں پاکستان کی غیر ملکی آمدنی 56 بلین ڈالر سے زیادہ تھی جس میں شامل ہیں۔ 27 27.2bn(اور 6 برآمد کرتا ہے) ترسیلات \$ 29.3 بلین۔

مذکورہ بالا ٹھوس معاشی بنیادی اصولوں کے ساتھ ، پاکستان فرنٹیئر مارکیٹس میں سب سے سستا ہے اور غیر ملکی سرمایه کاروں اور فنٹر مینیجروں کو پرکشش قیمت (E/P ضرب) اور پیداوار پیش کرتا ہے۔غیر فعال فرنٹیئر مارکیٹ فنڈز پاکستان اور خطے میں نسبتا سیاسی اور معاشی استحکام کے پیش نظر پاکستان میں سرمایه کاری کرنے میں بھی دلچسپی لیں گے۔لہذا ،غیر ملکی سرمایه کاروں کو کامیابی کا زیادہ امکان ہے ، ٹھوس معاشی بنیادوں پر مبنی اپنے سرمایه کاری والے سرمائے اور ڈبل بندسے کی واپسی کی طویل مدتی پائیدار نمو حاصل کرنے کے لئے پاکستان کے فرنٹیئر مارکیٹس میں سرمایه کاری کرنا۔ چونکه معاشی نمو کے ڈرائیور مستحکم اور جامع نمو کی راہ کی طرف گامزن ہیں۔

اجناس

دنیا بھر میں بڑھتے ہوئے نقصانات کے مشاہدہ کرنے کے بعد ، بیشتر معیشتیں کوویڈ 19سے پہلے کی وبائی سطح پر پھر سے تبدیل ہو رہی ہیں۔ وبائی مرض کی استقامت کی وجہ سے ، یہ رولر کوسٹر سواری ابھی ختم نہیں ہوئی ہے۔اس کے نتیج میں ، وبائی امراض کی مختلف شکلیں تیار کرنا اور دنیا بھر میں تخفیف کی کوششیں عالمی اجناس کی کھپت کے نمونوں کو متاثر کررہی ہیں اور معاشی خطرات کو بے نقاب کررہی ہیں۔

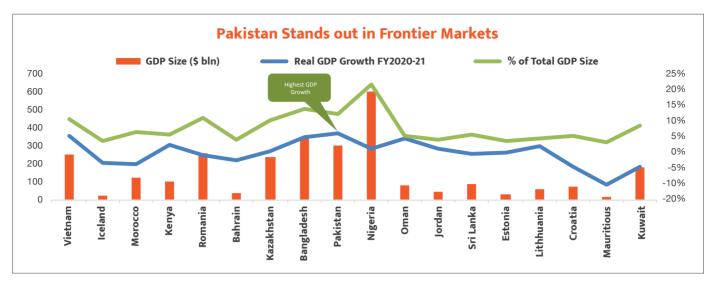


Source: (World Bank)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Jun-21
Crude oil, average	90	104	101	105	61	37	53	61	54	63	49	72
Crude oil, Brent	92	108	110	111	62	38	54	64	56	66	50	73
Crude oil, WTI	89	99	88	98	59	37	52	58	49	60	47	71
Coal, Australian	118	112	93	84	62	52	88	101	101	66	83	130
Coal, South African	115	104	89	85	66	49	80	95	95	76	85	113
Natural gas, US	4	3	3	4	3	2	4	3	4	2	3	3
Natural gas, Europe	9	12	12	12	10	5	5	7	8	5	6	10
Natural gas index	100	104	107	117	99	54	74	73	94	56	64	95
Palm oil	1,235	1,122	844	886	720	607	811	679	535	764	1,016	1004
Copper	9,147	7,565	7,966	7,215	6,446	4,639	5,660	6,834	6,075	6,077	7,772	9632
Gold	1,391	1,640	1,685	1,222	1,201	1,076	1,157	1,264	1,250	1,479	1,858	1835

Source: (World Bank)

پاکستان کی ایکوبٹی منڈیوں کا سرحدی منڈیوں کے ساتھ موازنہ اس کے بعد ہے۔



دلچسپ بات یہ جے که ، ایم ایس سی آئی کے فرنٹیئر مارکیٹس انڈیکس میں ، صرف تین ممالک ہیں ، جن کی حقیقی جی ڈی پی کی نمو مالی سال 2020-21 میں بہتر کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کرتی ہے۔ اس میں شامل ہیں؛ a) ویتنام ، d) بنگله دیش اور c) پاکستان بنگله دیش اور ویتنام کے مقابلے میں پاکستان کی حقیقی جی ڈی پی کی شرح نمو 3.94 فیصد رہی جو مالی سال 2020-21 کی چوتھی سه ماہی کے طور پر ، شامل بہیں کیا گیا تھا۔ سال 2020-21 کی چوتھی سه ماہی کے طور پر ، شامل بہیں کیا گیا تھا۔ توقع ہے که اگلے سال پاکستان کی حقیقی جی ڈی پی نمو 5 فیصد ہوجائے گی۔ جبکه ، 2020-21 میں ویتنام کی حقیقی جی ڈی پی کی شرح نمو 2.38 فیصد رہی۔

Countries	Current Index Weight	*Stimulated Index Weight	Real GDP Growth FY2020-21	GDP Size (\$ bln)	% of Total GDP Size
Vietnam	31%	31%	2.91%	250	8.78%
Iceland	9%	8.6%	-6.65%	25	0.88%
Morocco	9%	8.6%	-7.12%	120	4.21%
Kenya	8.60%	7.70%	-0.31%	100	3.51%
Romania	8.10%	7.30%	-3.86%	260	9.13%
Bahrain	7.20%	6.40%	-5.81%	35	1.23%
Kazakhstan	6.90%	6.20%	-2.60%	240	8.42%
Bangladesh	6.50%	5.90%	2.38%	350	12.29%
Pakistan	0%	**1.9%	***3.94%	300	10.53%
Nigeria	6.40%	5.70%	-1.79%	600	21.06%
Oman	2.30%	2.10%	1.80%	80	2.81%
Jordan	1.50%	1.30%	-1.55%	45	1.58%
Sri Lanka	1.10%	1%	-3.57%	90	3.16%
Estonia Lithuania	0.90%	0.80%	-2.93%	30	1.05%
	0.90%	0.80%	-0.87%	55	1.93%
Croatia	0.30%	0.30%	-8.37%	75	2.63%
Mauritius	0.30%	0.30%	-14.87%	14	0.49%
Kuwait	0.00%	0%	-8.10%	180	6.32%
Total	100%	100%	-	2,849	100%

^{*} Simulated Index weight as per MSCI June 2021.



Source: (PBS)

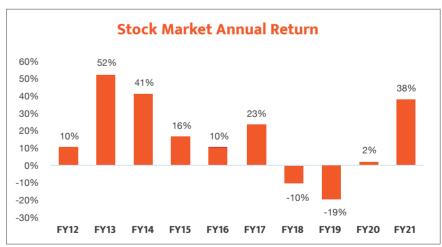
اسٹاک مارکیٹ کا جائزہ

پاکستان کی معاشی بنیادی باتوں اور نسبتا بہتر ایکویٹی ویلیو ایشن کی بنیاد پر پاکستان کی اسٹاک مارکیٹ کا اوسط منافع 16فیصد رہا۔ کے ایس ای 100 انڈیکس میں 2020-21 میں 38 فیصد اضافہ ہوا ہے۔پاکستان کی ایکویٹی مارکیٹس 7.6 کے بی/ای ملٹی پلز، 6.04 کے فارورڈ پی/ای اور ڈیویڈنڈ کی پیداوار 5.19 فیصد پیش کرتی ہے جس سے یه اپنے ساتھیوں میں پرکشش ہو جاتا ہے۔



Source: (PSX)

10 Year Average Returns				
Period	Stock Market Annual Return			
FY12	10%			
FY13	52%			
FY14	41%			
FY15	16%			
FY16	10%			
FY17	23%			
FY18	-10%			
FY19	-19%			
FY20	2%			
FY21	38%			
*Average Return 16% Source: (PSX)				



ایم ایس سی آئی کے ابھرتے ہوئے مارکیٹ انڈیکس سے ایم ایس سی آئی کے فرنٹیئر مارکیٹس انڈیکس میں پاکستان کی بحالی کا آغاز جون 2021 میں ایم ایس سی آئی کے مشاورتی عمل کے دوران مارکیٹ کے شرکاء سے ہوا تھا۔ لہذا ، اس تنظیم نو کو مارکیٹ کے شرکاء کے لئے حیرت کی بات نہیں ہے اور وہ کارڈز پر تھے (کیوں کہ ہم ایم ایس سی آئی مارکیٹ کی درجہ بندی کے فریم ورک کے اندر ابھرتے ہوئے مارکیٹس سائز اور لیکویڈیٹی کے معیار کو پورا نہیں کررہے تھے۔

ڈائری*کٹر*کی ریورٹ

ٹرسٹ سیکیورٹیز اینڈ بروکر یج لمیٹڈ (TSBL) کے معزز ساتھیوں،

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی جانب سے، ہمیں 30 جون 2021 کو ختم ہونے والے سال پر کمپنی کی سالانہ رپورٹ پیش کرنے پر بہت خوشی محسوس ہو رہی ہے۔ اکاؤنٹنگ کے مطابق سال کے لیے آڈٹ شدہ مالی بیانات ، ریگولیٹری اور قانونی معیار اور ضروریات کے ساتھ۔

یاکستان کا اقتصادی جائزہ

عالمی معیشتوں نے 2020میں کوویڈ 19وبائی امراض کی وجہ سے بے مثال انسانی اور معاشی نقصانات کو جنم دیا ہے۔اقتصادی تعاون اور ترقی کی تنظیم (OECD) کے مطابق ،عالمی حقیقی جی ڈی پی نمو 2020 میں 3.5 فیصد تک خراب ہوئی ہے۔تقریبا ایک ،ڈیڑھ سال کے بعد ، دنیا نے وائرس کے ساتھ رہنا سیکھا ہے۔اس کے نتیج میں ، یہ اندازہ لگایا گیا ہے کہ عالمی معیشتیں V کے سائز کی بحالی کو پوسٹ کریں گی اور 2021 میں 5.80 فیصد جی ڈی پی کی حقیقی جی ڈی پی گروتھ پوسٹ کر سکتی ہیں۔سپلائی چین میں رکاوٹوں کا سامنا کرنے کے بعد ، سفری پابندیاں اور بے مثال نقصانات ، عالمی معیشتیں اپنے وبائی مرض سے پہلے کی سطح پر بحال ہونا شروع ہو گئیں۔



Source: (World Bank)

آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کے تحت ،پاکستان نے اعلی توانائی کی قیمتوں اور روپے کی قدر میں کمی کے ساتھ سخت مالی اور مالیاتی پالیسیوں پر عمل کیا،اس سے بڑے پیمانے پر مینوفیکچرنگ کی سرگرمیاں ، ہجوم سے باہر نجی شعبے میں کمی واقع ہوئی۔اس کے علاوہ کوویڈ19 وبائی امراض کے گہرے جڑوں والے اثرات نے مزید بنیادی 'غلطی' کو بے نقاب کیا،اس سے معیشت کی مجموعی ترقی کے امکانات پر منفی اثر پڑا ہے۔

مجموعی طور پر پالیسی رسپانس میں اسٹریٹجک تبدیلی نے پاکستان کی معیشت کو نئی شکل دی ہے۔ اس سے معاشی سرگرمیوں میں تیزی آئی ہے۔ پالیسی سازوں نے مانیٹری میں نرمی ، صنعتی شعبے کے لیے سبسڈی والے انرجی ٹیرف کے ذریعے طلب کو بڑھایا ، نجی سیکٹر کو سہولت فراہم کرنے کے لیے کافی لیکویڈیٹی فراہم کی۔ اس کے نتیجے میں ، پاکستان کے زراعت ، صنعتی اور خدمات کے شعبے میں بحالی نے 2020-21 میں پاکستان کی عارضی جی ڈی پی نمو کو 3.94 فیصد تک بڑھا دیا ہے۔ (جی ڈی پی کی یہ حقیقی نمو 2020-21 میں 4.5 فیصد تک بڑھنے کا تخمینہ ہے ، ایک بار جب قومی اکاؤنٹس کمیٹی کی طرف سے حتمی اعداد و شمار جاری کے جائیں گے)۔

Sr. No	Sector/Industry	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021
1	Agricultural Sector	0.56	3.31	2.77
2	Industrial Sector	-1.56	-3.77	3.57
3	Services Sector	3.79	-0.55	4.43
4	GDP Growth Rate	2.08	-0.47	3.94

Source: (PBS)



Form of Proxy Annual General Meeting

I/We		of	being member of		
TRUS	ST SECURITIES & BROKERAGE LIMITED,	holder of	Ordinary Shares as per Registered		
Folio/	/CDC Participant I.D. No	holding Comp	uterized National Identity Card (CNIC)/Passpor		
No	hereby	appoint Mr./Mrs./Miss	of		
	or failing him/her h	ereby appoint Mr./Mrs./Miss	•		
of	who is	also a member of the TRUS	T SECURITIES & BROKERAGE LIMITED vide		
Regis	stered Folio/CDC Participant I.D. No	as my proxy to vote	for me and on my behalf at the Annual General		
Meeti	ing of the Shareholders of TRUST SECURIT	IES & BROKERAGE LIMITE	ED to be held on October 28, 2021 at		
03.45	5 P.M. at the Registered Office of the Compar	ny situated at 401, 4th Floor,	Business & Finance Centre, I.I. Chundrigar		
Road	l, Karachi and any adjournment thereof or an	y ballot to be taken in conse	quence thereof.		
CDC	Account No.				
	Account No.				
			Revene Stamp of Rs.5/-		
Signe	ed this day of	2021			
			Signature (As registered with the Company)		
			(1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Witn	nesses				
1.	Signature	2.	Signature		
	Name		Name		
	Address		Address		
	CNIC No.		CNIC No.		
Note	es				
1.	This Proxy Form, duly completed and sig than 48 hours before the time of holding		e Registered Office of the Company, not less		
2.	The Proxy Form shall be witnessed by tw mentioned on the form.				
3.	Attested copies of CNIC of the appointer and the proxy-holder shall be furnished with the Proxy Form.				
	The Proxy-holder shall produce his/her original CNIC at the time of the meeting.				
4.	The Proxy-holder shall produce his/her o	riginal Givio at the time of tr	e meeung.		
5.	In case of corporation entity, the Board of submitted along with Proxy Form.	of Directors' resolution / Pow	er of Atorney with specimen signature shall be		

AFFIX CORRECT POSTAGE

The Company Secretary

Trust Securities & Brokerage Limited
Business & Finance Center, 4th Floor
Suit No. 401, I.I.Chundrigarh Road, Karachi
UAN: 111-000-875 | Fax: +92-21-32467660
info@tsbl.com.pk | www.tsbl.com.pk



Head Office

Business & Finance Center, 4th Floor Suit No. 401, I.I.Chundrigarh Road, Karachi UAN: 111-000-875 | Fax: +92-21-32467660 info@tsbl.com.pk | www.tsbl.com.pk