

# Customers are our Success

REPORT FOR THE NINE MONTHS
PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

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## Company Information

#### As at 15 October 2021

#### **Board of Directors**

Min Jae Hwang Chairman Humair Ijaz Chief Executive Sang Hyeon Lee Non-Executive Young Dae Kim Executive Won Lee Non-Executive Pervaiz Akhtar Independent Adnan Afridi Independent Mohammad Zubair Independent

#### **Audit Committee**

Pervaiz Akhtar Chairman
Sang Hyeon Lee Member
Adnan Afridi Member
Faisal Abid Secretary

#### **HR & Remuneration Committee**

Pervaiz Akhtar Chairman
Sang Hyeon Lee Member
Young Dae Kim Member
Waheed U Khan Secretary

#### **Shares Sub Committee**

Young Dae Kim Chairman
Min Jae Hwang Member
Mohammad Zubair Member

#### **Executive Management Team**

Humair Ijaz Chief Executive

Tariq Nazir Virk General Manager Manufacturing Waheed U Khan General Manager HR & IT

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Ashiq Ali

#### **Company Secretary**

Faisal Abid

#### Bankers

Askari Bank Limited Citibank NA Deutsche Bank AG

Faysal Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China

MCB Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

United Bank Limited

#### **Internal Auditors**

EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants

#### **External Auditors**

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants

#### **Legal Advisor**

Naz Toosy

#### **Registered Office**

EZ/I/P-4, Eastern Industrial Zone, Port Qasim, Karachi

#### **Shares Registrar**

Famco Associates (Pvt) Limited 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi

## Directors' Review

For the third guarter ended 30 September 2021

The Directors are pleased to present their review report for the third quarter ended 30 September 2021 together with the un-audited condensed interim financial information of the Company as at and for the third quarter and nine months period ended 30 September 2021.

#### **Business Overview**

The third quarter commenced with Crude Oil (WTI) prices trending lower as OPEC+ announced its plan to ease production curbs adding 400,000 barrels per month till the end of 2021. Furthermore, the resurgence of Covid-19 cases in China followed by their imposition of a zero-tolerance policy on the spread of the disease crippled demand outlook as the World's biggest importer reduced its refinery throughput. However, towards the second half of the quarter prices started to regain strength due to a consistent drop in US Oil inventories fueled by US supply disruptions from the Gulf of Mexico as several refineries were forced to reduce output amid the hurricane season. The average price for the quarter was US\$ 70 per barrel, up by approximately 6.6% from the previous quarter.

Paraxylene (PX) prices, at the start of the quarter, uncharacteristically did not follow the trend of the upstream Crude Oil market and exhibited bullishness. Delays in the start-up of a 2.2 million MTs new PX capacity in China ignited the market sentiment, boosting prices for prompt supply. However, towards the second half of the quarter, prices fell due to weak downstream demand coupled with the resurgence of the Covid-19 virus in China. Additionally, on-spec production from the aforementioned new PX plant added length to the market. Thereafter, despite improvement in the Crude Oil market, the prices failed to recover as downstream PTA and polyester markets in China lowered operating rates to cater to the government's energy-saving objectives. The average PX price for the quarter was US\$ 920 per metric tonne while the PX-Naptha spread averaged at US\$ 247 per tonne.

As the quarter commenced, PTA prices followed the trend of the upstream PX market. However, the resurgence of Covid-19 cases in China and its imposition of a zero-tolerance policy resulted in a drastic decrease in downstream demand and an inevitable inventory build-up which weakened the prices ensuing squeezed PTA-PX spot margins. Additionally, producers were forced to rationalize operations to balance the supply/demand equation as well as to comply with China's environment related dual control policy. Towards the end of the quarter, industry resisted downward pricing trend to cope with the Acetic Acid prices which nearly doubled from the start of the year. The average PTA price for the quarter was US\$ 708 per metric tonne, whereas, the average PTA margin over PX for the quarter was US\$ 101 per metric tonne.

The domestic polyester market was forced to reduce operating rates as logistical constraints and rising freights continued to hamper imports. The average operating rate for the quarter was 87%.

#### **Operations**

Production volume during the quarter at 122,067 tonnes was 3% lower than the corresponding period last year.

Sales volume, comprising of domestic sales only, for Q3 2021 at 128,949 tonnes was 4% higher than the corresponding quarter last year due to consistent demand from the domestic market.

#### Directors' Review

For the third guarter ended 30 September 2021

#### **Financial Performance**

Revenue for the quarter was higher than the corresponding period last year mainly due to higher PTA price. Your Company generated a gross profit of Rs 1,394 million for the quarter as compared to gross profit of Rs 1,340 million during the same period last year.

Distribution and selling expenses were 4% lower than the corresponding quarter last year. Administrative expenses were 12% higher than the corresponding period last year due to overall impact of inflation.

The taxation charge for the quarter is based on statutory income tax rate and tax under Final Tax Regime (FTR) as adjusted by the movement in the deferred tax account.

Earnings per share (EPS) for the quarter stood at Rs 0.41 per share as compared to Rs 0.63 per share for Q3 2020.

#### **Future Outlook**

Moving forward, Crude Oil (WTI) prices are expected to trend downwards as pressure mounts on OPEC+ to keep the rising prices in check by increasing output. Additionally, we expect the refineries at the Gulf of Mexico to resume normal operations soon which may help stabilize prices. However, continued improvement in global oil demand may restrict any significant downward movement in prices.

Paraxylene (PX) market is expected to remain downbeat as capacity additions in China and Saudi Arabia will further increase supply in the market. Additionally, no foreseeable upside in demand would further weigh on the prices.

PTA demand is expected to remain weak in the last quarter of 2021 as downstream industries are forced to comply with China's dual control policy. However, producers are expected to resist a drastic reduction in price as high co-feedstock, Acetic Acid prices are adding pressure to existing near break-even margins.

The demand of the domestic Polyester market is expected to remain healthy as the country continues to recover from the pandemic. However, persistent logistical issues in regional trade may hamper availability of feedstock, restricting local producers from ramping up their operating rates to optimum levels.

Min Jae Hwang Chairman

Date: 15 October 2021

Karachi

Humair Ijaz Chief Executive

## Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

		30 September 2021	31 December 2020
	Note	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	5,817,552	4,990,862
ntangible assets		2,759	20
Right-of-use assets		1,275,059	1,448,323
ong-term loans		127,865	125,302
ong-term prepayments Deferred taxation - net		775 940,513	1,222 778,519
perened taxation - net		8,164,523	7,344,248
Current assets		0,104,525	7,044,240
Stores and spare parts		1,217,689	965,528
Stock-in-trade		4,797,420	4,298,785
Trade debts	5	5,230,382	2,998,642
_oans and advances		40,337	42,833
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments		99,774	99,098
nterest accrued	0	22,741	120,908
Sales tax refunds due from government	6	564,167	362,920
Taxation - net Other receivables	7	359,984	215,885 12,277
Short-term investments - at amortised cost	8	15,886,057	14,999,418
Cash and bank balances	9	38,411	35,588
	Ü	28,256,962	24,151,885
Total assets			
Total assets		36,421,485	31,496,133
Share capital and reserves ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve		15,142,072 2,345	2,345
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve		2,345 4,698,565	2,345 2,604,574
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital I,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit		2,345	2,345 2,604,574
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Dapital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity		2,345 4,698,565	2,345 2,604,574
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Total equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities		2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982	2,34 <u>5</u> 2,604,574 17,748,99
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Total equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations		2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess		2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 135,592 1,397,916	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 125,787 1,723,96
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess		2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 135,592 1,397,916 1,540,715	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 1,723,96 1,582,188
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Total equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability		2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 135,592 1,397,916	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 1,723,96 1,582,188
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Total equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities		2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 135,592 1,397,916 1,540,715	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 1,723,96 1,582,188 3,431,936
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liabilities  Current liabilities  Trade and other payables	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 135,592 1,397,916 1,540,715 3,074,223	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 17,748,99 1,723,96 1,582,188 3,431,936 9,863,36
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability  Current liabilities  Frade and other payables Lease liability  Accrued interest	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 1,397,916 1,540,715 3,074,223 12,991,843 207,209 259,463	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 17,748,99 1,723,96 1,582,188 3,431,936 9,863,36 177,628 242,936
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability  Current liabilities  Frade and other payables Lease liability  Accrued interest Unclaimed dividend	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 135,592 1,397,916 1,540,715 3,074,223 12,991,843 207,209 259,463 11,100	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 17,748,99 1,723,96 1,582,188 3,431,936 9,863,36 177,628 242,930 10,316
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability  Current liabilities Frade and other payables Lease liability Accrued interest Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 135,592 1,397,916 1,540,715 3,074,223 12,991,843 207,209 259,463 11,100 21,905	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 17,748,99 1,723,96 1,582,188 3,431,936 9,863,36 177,628 242,930 10,316
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Total equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability  Current liabilities  Current liabilities	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 1,397,916 1,540,715 3,074,223 12,991,843 207,209 259,463 11,100 21,905 12,760	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,99 17,748,99 1,723,96 1,582,188 3,431,936 9,863,36 177,628 242,930 10,316 20,974
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability  Current liabilities  Trade and other payables Lease liability  Accrued interest Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Inpaid dividend Inaxtion - net	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 1,387,916 1,540,715 3,074,223 12,991,843 207,209 259,463 11,100 21,905 12,760 13,504,280	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,991 17,748,991 1,723,961 1,582,188 3,431,936 9,863,361 177,625 242,930 10,316 20,974 -
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability  Current liabilities  Trade and other payables Lease liability  Accrued interest Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Taxation - net	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 1,397,916 1,540,715 3,074,223 12,991,843 207,209 259,463 11,100 21,905 12,760	2,348 2,604,574 17,748,991 17,748,991 1,723,961 1,582,188 3,431,936 9,863,361 177,625 242,930 10,316 20,974 -
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability  Current liabilities Frade and other payables Lease liability  Accrued interest Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 1,387,916 1,540,715 3,074,223 12,991,843 207,209 259,463 11,100 21,905 12,760 13,504,280	15,142,072 2,348 2,604,574 17,748,991 1,723,961 1,582,188 3,431,936 9,863,361 177,625 242,930 10,316 20,974 - 10,315,206 13,747,142
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital 1,514,207,208 (31 December 2020: 1,514,207,208) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Capital reserve Revenue reserve - Unappropriated profit  Fotal equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities Retirement benefit obligations Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess Lease liability  Current liabilities  Trade and other payables Lease liability  Accrued interest Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Taxation - net	(GIDC) 10.2	2,345 4,698,565 19,842,982 1,387,916 1,540,715 3,074,223 12,991,843 207,209 259,463 11,100 21,905 12,760 13,504,280	2,34 2,604,57 17,748,99 17,748,99 1,582,18 3,431,93 9,863,36 177,62 242,93 10,31 20,97

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Min Jae Hwang Chairman Humair Ijaz



## Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss (Un-audited)

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

			Nine months period ended 30 September		ended ember
	Note	2021	2020 Restated	2021	2020 Restated
Davis and	10	40.004.446	00.000.000	47,000,070	10.004.000
Revenue - net	12	48,221,116	26,986,936	17,298,872	10,864,608
Cost of sales	13	(42,914,825)	(25,765,838)	(15,904,902)	(9,524,623)
Gross profit		5,306,291	1,221,098	1,393,970	1,339,985
Distribution and selling expenses		(85,591)	(80,847)	(27,559)	(28,583)
Administrative expenses		(351,288)	(318,084)	(123,508)	(110,221)
Other expenses	14	(436,018)	(244,051)	(97,559)	(101,497)
Other income	15	876,730	886,813	290,017	266,043
Finance cost	16	(778,244)	(174,408)	(576,803)	(37,810)
Profit before taxation		4,531,880	1,290,521	858,558	1,327,917
Taxation	17	(1,302,234)	(423,208)	(230,776)	(377,225)
Profit after taxation		3,229,646	867,313	627,782	950,692
		Amount in Rupees			
			Restated		Restated
Earnings per share - basic and diluted		2.13	0.57	0.41	0.63

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Min Jae Hwang Chairman Humair Ijaz Chief Executive

# Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Un-audited)

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

	Nine months period ended 30 September		Quarter 30 Sept	
	<b>2021</b> 2020 Restated		2021	2020 Restated
Profit after taxation	3,229,646	867,313	627,782	950,692
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	3,229,646	867,313	627,782	950,692

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Min Jae Hwang Chairman

Humair Ijaz



# Condensed Interim Statement of Changes in Equity (Un-audited)

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

		Share capital	Rese	erves	
	Note	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Capital reserves	Unappropriated profit	Total equity
Balance as at 1 January 2020 - Restated		15,142,072	2,345	465,674	15,610,091
Total comprehensive income for the nine months period ended 30 September 2020 - Restated					
- Profit for the nine months period ended 30 September 2020	22	-	-	867,313	867,313
<ul> <li>Other comprehensive income for the nine months period ended 30 September 2020</li> </ul>		-	-	-	-
		-	-	867,313	867,313
Balance as at 30 September 2020 - Resta	ted	15,142,072	2,345	1,332,987	16,477,404
Balance as at 1 January 2021		15,142,072	2,345	2,604,574	17,748,991
Total comprehensive income for the nine months period ended 30 September 2021					
- Profit for the nine months period ended 30 September 2021		-	-	3,229,646	3,229,646
Other comprehensive income for the nine months period ended 30 September 2021			_	_	_
5.1334 00 00pto/1100/ 2021		-	-	3,229,646	3,229,646
Final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 @ Rs 0.75 per share		-	-	(1,135,655)	(1,135,655)
Balance as at 30 September 2021		15,142,072	2,345	4,698,565	19,842,982

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Min Jae Hwang Chairman Humair Ijaz

## Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows (Un-audited)

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

		Nine months period ended 30 September		
	Note	2021	2020 Restated	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash generated from operations Finance cost paid Payments to retirement benefit obligations Long-term loans and advances - net Long-term deposits and prepayments - net Taxes paid Interest received Net cash generated from operating activities	18	4,438,119 (27,563) (1,498) (2,563) 447 (1,328,099) 952,169 4,031,012	4,034,753 (31,164) (651) (7,739) (384) (635,149) 860,919	
Cash flows from investing activities		4,001,012	4,220,000	
Payments for capital expenditure (Purchase) / Redemption of short-term investments - net Net cash used in investing activities		(1,723,379) (3,650,240) (5,373,619)	(1,131,789) 680,642 (451,147)	
Cash flows from financing activities		(0,070,010)	(401,147)	
Dividend paid Payment of lease liability Net cash used in financing activities		(1,133,940) (284,230) (1,418,170)	(3,145) (289,749) (292,894)	
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(2,760,777)	3,476,544	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		14,373,888	8,057,022	
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 September (Un-audited	19	11,613,111	11,533,566	

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Min Jae Hwang Chairman

Humair Ijaz Chief Executive



For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

#### 1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Lotte Chemical Pakistan Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on 30 May 1998 under Companies Ordinance 1984 (Repealed with enactment of the Companies Act 2017 on 30 May 2017) and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The principal activity of the Company is to manufacture and sale of Purified Terephthalic Acid (PTA).
- **1.2** The geographical location and addresses of business units are as under:

Location	Address
Registered Office	EZ/I/P-4, Eastern Industrial Zone, Port Qasim, Karachi.
City Office	Al-Tijarah Centre, 14th Floor, 32/1-A, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi.

**1.3** The Company is a subsidiary of Lotte Chemical Corporation, South Korea and its ultimate parent company is South Korean Conglomerate Lotte.

#### 1.4 Impact of Covid-19 on financial statements

The events surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic (the virus) continue to evolve and impact global markets. The spread of the virus has resulted in authorities implementing numerous measures to try to contain the virus, such as vaccination campaigns, travel bans and restrictions, quarantines, shelter-in-place orders. During the current period, the Company has improved from COVID-19 financial effects of the prior period which is evident from the positive operating results of the Company i.e. the Company earned revenue of Rs. 48.2 billion and generated operating cash flows of Rs. 4.03 billion as compared to Rs. 26.9 billion and Rs. 4.22 billion respectively in the prior period ended 30 September 2020. Furthermore, the Company has a strong position, having accumulated profits amounting to Rs. 4.69 billion and available cash and cash equivalents amounting to Rs. 11.61 billion as at 30 September 2021. The Company has sufficient financial resources to meet its anticipated working capital requirements and obligations as they come due. Further, based on its assessment along with consideration of revenue forecasts and future plans and business activities, management has determined that events or conditions do not exist that would result in material uncertainty with regards to going concern.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the nine months period ended 30 September 2021 have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.1.1 These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to understanding of changes in Company's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for provision for retirement benefit obligations, provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess (GIDC) and lease liability which have been measured at present value.

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee which is also the functional currency of the Company and rounded off to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.4 Standards and amendments to accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain amendments and interpretations listed below, to the accounting and reporting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2021:

- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Phase 2 which amended IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 is applicable for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021, with earlier application permitted. The amendments introduce a practical expedient to account for modifications of financial assets or financial liabilities if a change results directly from IBOR reform and occurs on an 'economically equivalent' basis. In these cases, changes will be accounted for by updating the effective interest rate. A similar practical expedient will apply under IFRS 16 for lessees when accounting for lease modifications required by IBOR reform. The amendments also allow a series of exemptions from the regular, strict rules around hedge accounting for hedging relationships directly affected by the interest rate benchmark reforms. The amendments apply retrospectively with earlier application permitted. Hedging relationships previously discontinued solely because of changes resulting from the reform will be reinstated if certain conditions are met.
- COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions (Amendment to IFRS 16) the International Accounting Standards Board (the Board) has issued amendments to IFRS 16 (the amendments) to provide practical relief for lessees in accounting for rent concessions. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020, with earlier application permitted. Under the standard's previous requirements, lessees assess whether rent concessions are lease modifications and, if so, apply the specific guidance on accounting for lease modifications. This generally involves remeasuring the lease liability using the revised lease payments and a revised discount rate. In light of the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, and the fact that many lessees are applying the standard for the first time in their financial statements, the Board has provided an optional practical expedient for lessees. Under the practical expedient, lessees are not required to assess whether eligible rent concessions are lease modifications, and instead are permitted to account for them as if they were not lease modifications.

The practical expedient introduced in the 2020 amendments only applied to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affected payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021. In light of persistence of economic challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Board has extended the practical expedient for COVID-19 related rent concessions by one year i.e. permitting lessees to apply it to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022.

Rent concessions are eligible for the practical expedient if they occur as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and if all the following criteria are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- there is no substantive change to the other terms and conditions of the lease.
- Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37) effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 amends IAS 1 by mainly adding paragraphs which clarifies what comprises the cost of fulfilling a contract, Cost of fulfilling a contract is relevant when determining whether a contract is onerous. An entity is required to apply the amendments to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments (the date of initial application). Restatement of comparative information is not required, instead the amendments require an entity to recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or other component of equity, as appropriate, at the date of initial application.



For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

#### Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020

The following annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022:

- IFRS 9 The amendment clarifies that an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf, when it applies the '10 per cent' test in paragraph B3.3.6 of IFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability.
- IFRS 16 The amendment partially amends Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16 by excluding the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor. The objective of the amendment is to resolve any potential confusion that might arise in lease incentives.
- IAS 41 The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of IAS 41 for entities to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique.
- Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16) effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 clarifies that sales proceeds and costs of items produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management e.g. when testing etc., are recognized in profit or loss in accordance with applicable Standards. The entity measures the cost of those items applying the measurement requirements of IAS 2. The standard also removes the requirement of deducting the net sales proceeds from cost of testing. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively, but only to items of property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. The entity shall recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of that earliest period presented.
- Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3) Reference to the Conceptual Framework, issued in May 2020, amended paragraphs 11, 14, 21, 22 and 23 of and added paragraphs 21A, 21B, 21C and 23A to IFRS 3. An entity shall apply those amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted if at the same time or earlier an entity also applies all the amendments made by Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards, issued in March 2018.
- Classification of liabilities as current or non-current (Amendments to IAS 1) amendments apply retrospectively for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These amendments in the standards have been added to further clarify when a liability is classified as current. The standard also amends the aspect of classification of liability as non-current by requiring the assessment of the entity's right at the end of the reporting period to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8.
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) the Board
  has issued amendments on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies and to
  help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The key amendments to IAS 1 include:
- requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies;
- clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not be disclosed; and
- clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements.

The Board also amended IFRS Practice Statement 2 to include guidance and two additional examples on the application of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with earlier application permitted.

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

- Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8) The amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that a company develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, and will apply prospectively to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period in which the company applies the amendments.
- Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12) The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption (IRE) so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. As a result, companies will need to recognise a deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising on initial recognition of a lease and a decommissioning provision. For leases and decommissioning liabilities, the associated deferred tax asset and liabilities will need to be recognised from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to retained earnings or other components of equity at that date. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with earlier application permitted.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) The amendment amends accounting treatment on loss of control of business or assets. The amendments also introduce new accounting for less frequent transaction that involves neither cost nor full step-up of certain retained interests in assets that are not businesses. The effective date for these changes has been deferred indefinitely until the completion of a broader review.

The above amendments are effective from annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2021 and are not likely to have an impact on the Company's condensed interim financial statements.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES, ESTIMATES, JUDGEMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of the annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements, in conformity with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from the estimates. During the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and assumptions are consistent with those that were applied to the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

THOI EITH, I EARL AND EXCILIBERY	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Note	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Operating property, plant and equipment Capital work-in-progress 4.1	4,787,770 1,029,782 5,817,552	4,562,599 428,263 4,990,862
4.1	3,617,332	4,990,002



For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

**4.1** The following property, plant and equipment have been added / disposed off during the nine months period ended 30 September:

2021 (Un	-audited)	2020 (Un-audited)		
Additions cost	Disposals net book value	Additions cost	Disposals net book value	
	valuo		valao	
		5,230		
1,221,949	154,088	861,092	-	
51,199		4,680		
-		781		
601,519		260,006		
2,800		·		
		30 September 2021	31 December 2020	
	Note	(Un-audited)	(Audited)	
	5.1	5,230,382	2,998,642	
	- 1,221,949 51,199 - 601,519	cost net book value   1,221,949 154,088  51,199   601,519  2,800 -	Additions cost         Disposals net book value         Additions cost           -         -         5,230           1,221,949         154,088         861,092           51,199         -         4,680           -         -         781           601,519         260,006           2,800         -         -           Note         (Un-audited)	

5.1 All of the Company's trade debts are secured by letters of credit of 30 to 90 days issued by various banks except for receivable from K-Electric against the sale of electricity. These balances are neither past due nor impaired and are considered good.

			30 September 2021	31 December 2020
6.	SALES TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT	Note	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	Sales tax refundable Provision for impairment	6.1	720,220 (156,053)	518,976 (156,053)
			564,167	362,923

6.1 This includes Rs 27.65 million (31 December 2020: Rs 27.65 million) on account of input tax arising from sales tax charged to the Company under the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 which is administered by the Sindh Revenue Board with effect from 01 July 2011. This is being deferred due to procedural issues between Federal and Provincial Tax collecting agencies, resulting in lack of verification by the refund issuing authority i.e. the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR). The Company had approached Federal Tax Ombudsman (FTO) for resolution of the matter. The FTO in its order dated 02 May 2013 have directed FBR, with certain recommendations, to resolve the issue. The Company has filed a Suit No. 537 of 2014 before the Sindh High Court (SHC) to resolve this issue as per the prevailing Sales Tax Law. The SHC passed an order dated 14 January 2015 directing the FBR to verify exact amount of refund of sales tax to which plaintiff is entitled and submit their report accordingly. In the prior year, the Company had received a refund of Rs 46.04 million from FBR, hence no provision has been recognised in the current period.

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Note	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
7.1	330,445 23,494 6,045 359,984	8,276 4,001 12,277
		Note (Un-audited)  7.1 330,445 23,494 6,045

7.1 This represents amount receivable from suppliers on account of price and exchange rate differentials in respect of paraxylene and acetic acid settlements.

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

			30 September 2021	31 December 2020
8.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS - at amortised cost	Note	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	Term deposit receipts (TDRs) Treasury Bills	8.1	11,574,700 4,311,357	14,338,300 661,118
			15,886,057	14,999,418
8.1	These carry interest ranging from 6% to 9% per annum (31 and has original maturities of less than three months.	Decemb	er 2020: 6% to 1	4% per annum)
			30 September 2021	31 December 2020
9.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	Cash in hand		107	387
	With banks in: Current accounts Saving account	9.1	33,534 4,770	32,204 2,997
			38,304	35,201
			38,411	35,588
9.1	These carry interest at 5.5% to 5.75% per annum (31 Decen	mber 202	0: 5.5% to 11.25	% per annum).
			30 September 2021	31 December 2020
10.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	Trade creditors including bills payable Accrued expenses Contract liabilities - advances from customers Withholding tax payable Infrastructure Cess Current portion of provision for GIDC Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF) Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) Retention money	10.1 10.2	6,889,524 805,652 26,669 2,534 3,163,206 1,557,477 243,904 119,475 26,556	4,758,150 771,006 21,114 2,528 2,901,748 1,142,213 22,829 87,939 626
	Others	10.3	156,846	155,208
			12,991,843	9,863,361

- 10.1 In the current period, the appeal filed by the Company at Sindh High Court in respect of Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess (as reported in note 24.1 to the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020) was dismissed in favour of the Government of Sindh. The Company (along with a number of other parties) has filed an appeal in the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan. As a matter of abundant caution, full amount of provision has been made in these condensed interim financial statements in this respect.
- **10.2** There is no change in the status of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess as disclosed in note 24.2 to the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
The movement of balance is as follows: Opening	2,866,174	2,904,230
Charge for the period / year Unwinding of GIDC provision	- 89,219	209,514
Discounting of GIDC provision	-	(247,570)
Closing	2,955,393	2,866,174
Non-current portion of provision for GIDC Current portion of provision for GIDC	1,397,916 1,557,477	1,723,961 1,142,213
	2,955,393	2,866,174

10.3 This includes stale cheques amounting to Rs 140.60 million (31 December 2020: Rs 142.99 million).



For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

#### 11. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 11.1 Contingencies

There is no significant change in the status of contingencies as reported in the annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020, except for the following:

		ificant change in the status of contingencies as reported the year ended 31 December 2020, except for the follow		audited financial
	Name of the court, agency or authority	Description of the factual basis of the proceedings and relief sought	Principal parties	Date instituted
11.1.1	Federal Board of Revenue	Tax Year 2014 In respect of tax year 2014, an Assessment Order was passed whereby an amount of Rs. 31.4 million pertaining to unrealized losses was disallowed. The Company has filed an appeal which was decided in favour of the Company by Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [CIR(A)] vide its Order dated 10 November 2015. However, the tax department has filed an appeal against the Appellate Order before the Tribunal who vide its Order dated 15 February 2021 has remanded back the matter to the CIR(A) for readjudication of the proceedings which are pending.	Federal Board of Revenue and the Company	November 10, 2015
11.1.2	Federal Board of Revenue	Tax Years 2016 to 2020 On 29 April 2021, Assessment Orders were passed in respect of Tax years 2016 to 2020 which created additional tax liability of Rs. 1.71 billion and consequently tax refundable of Rs. 0.75 billion was converted to a tax liability of Rs. 0.96 billion. Details of the demand raised and major issues are as follows:	Federal Board of Revenue and the Company	April 29, 2021
		Tax year 2016: Tax refundable of Rs. 369 million was reduced to Rs. 204.7 million as the amount of Rs. 164 million has been adjusted by the tax department. However, Tax Order was raised mainly on account of consequential effect of disallowance of unabsorbed tax depreciation and apportionment of expenditures.		
		<b>Tax year 2017:</b> Tax refundable of Rs. 15 million has been substituted by a tax liability of Rs. 23.6 million mainly on account of levy of super tax.		
		<b>Tax Year 2018:</b> Tax refundable of Rs. 241 million was substituted by a tax liability of Rs. 516 million mainly by disallowing unabsorbed tax depreciation Rs. 420 million, WPPF/WWF Rs. 24 million and levy of Super tax Rs. 95 million.		
		<b>Tax Year 2019:</b> Tax refundable of Rs. 113 million was substituted by a tax liability of Rs. 634 million mainly on account of short adjustment of minimum turnover tax non-filing of Rs. 467 million, disallowance of WPPF/WWF expense Rs. 107.7 million and a levy of super tax charge amounting to Rs. 138.8 million.		
		<b>Tax Year 2020:</b> Tax refundable of Rs. 14 million was substituted by a tax liability of Rs. 150 million mainly by disallowing expenses on account of WPPF/WWF and apportionment of expenses.		
		The Company has filed appeals before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [CIR(A)] in respect of the aforementioned Orders which are pending adjudication. The Company along with its tax advisor, is confident that decisions will be in favour of the Company, therefore no provision has been recognised in the condensed interim financial statements.		
11.1.3	Federal Board of Revenue	Sales tax - Tax periods from January to December 2019  The Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR) passed an Order, whereby sales tax demand of Rs. 153.7 million along with penalty of Rs. 7.7 million has been raised on account of certain discrepancies in the sales tax return filed. The Company has filed an appeal before Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [CIR(A)] which is pending. Management along with its tax advisor are confident that the outcome of the case will be in their favour, therefore, no provision has been recognised in the condensed interim financial statements.	Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue and the Company	December 31, 2020

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

11.1.4 Outstanding guarantees of the Company as at 30 September 2021 were Rs 3,634.1 million (31 December 2020: Rs 3,232.6 million).

#### 11.2 COMMITMENTS

- 11.2.1 Commitments for capital expenditure as at 30 September 2021 amounted to Rs 12.53 million (31 December 2020: Rs 12.42 million).
- 11.2.2 Commitments for rentals under Ijarah contracts for vehicles are as follows:

3	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Not later than 1 year	8,212	22,561
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	65,386	34,469
_	73,598	57,030

11.2.3 Commitments for rentals under service agreements for certain supplies in respect of goods and services are as follows:

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	406,647 169,436	536,020 639,686
	576,083	1,175,706

- 11.2.4 Commitments for rentals under service agreements in respect of goods and services are priced in foreign currency and payable in Pakistani Rupees, converted at exchange rates applicable on the date
- 11.2.5 Letters of credit issued on behalf of the Company as at 30 September 2021 were Rs 2,760.7 million (31 December 2020: Rs 2,191.2 million).

1,846,005

(268, 223)

(14,594)

1,563,188

	Nine months period ended 30 September (Un-audited)			
2021	2020	2021	2020	

**54.409.074** 32.576.055 **19.900.806** 12.888.303

574,936

(83,538)

(7,649)

483,749

#### 12. **REVENUE** - net

#### Manufactured goods

Local	sales
Less:	sales tax and excise duty
	price settlements and
	discounts / rebates

ales tax and excise duty rice settlements and	(7,905,592)	(4,733,273)	(2,891,570)	(1,872,659)
discounts / rebates	(618,401)	(1,435,111)	(424,337)	(409,746)
ı goods	45,885,081	26,407,671	16,584,899	10,605,898

## Trading goods

Local sales Less: sales tax and excise duty price settlements and discounts / rebates

Sale	of	electricity
		,

Local	sales
Less:	sales tax

904,231 (131,384)	111,754 (16,238)	214,181 (31,120)	111,754 (16,238)
772,847	95,516	183,061	95,516
48,221,116	26,986,936	17,298,872	10,864,608

627,183

(91,129)

(5,142)

530,912

193,267

(28,082)

(1,991)

163,194



For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

		Nine months 30 September		Quarter 30 September	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
13.	COST OF SALES				
	Manufactured goods				
	Opening stock of raw and packing materials Purchases	3,644,232 37,029,439	2,411,469 20,847,330	3,334,804 13,985,621	1,940,332 9,138,034
	Closing stock of raw and packing materials	(4,225,652)	(2,907,932)	(4,225,652)	(2,907,932)
	Raw and packing materials consumed Manufacturing costs	36,448,019 4,114,223	20,350,867 3,521,786	13,094,773 1,422,411	8,170,434 1,315,439
	Cost of goods manufactured Opening stock of finished goods	40,562,242 506,676	23,872,653 1,912,025	14,517,184 950,413	9,485,873 334,306
	Closing stock of finished goods	41,068,918 (218,193)	25,784,678 (526,798)	15,467,597 (218,193)	9,820,179 (526,798)
	Cost of goods manufactured sold	40,850,725	25,257,880	15,249,404	9,293,381
	Trading goods				
	Opening stock Purchases Closing stock	6,461 1,691,343 (353,575)	158,974 342,699 (80,051)	85,157 750,631 (353,575)	43,678 181,279 (80,051)
	Cost of trading goods sold	1,344,229	421,622	482,213	144,906
	Cost to produce electricity	719,871	86,336	173,285	86,336
		42,914,825	25,765,838	15,904,902	9,524,623
14.	OTHER EXPENSES				
	Auditors' remuneration Donations - note 14.1 Unwinding of GIDC provision Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Others	1,695 - 89,219 242,805 102,297 2	1,616 130,078 - 78,675 33,682	53 - 27,694 45,375 24,437	17 3,462 - 70,004 28,014 -
		436,018	244,051	97,559	101,497
14.1	This includes payment made to Lotte million in the prior period. The Chief E are amongst the Trustees of the Four	Executive, Execurated attion.	tive Director and	two employees o	of the Company
		Nine months 30 September		Quarter 30 September	
15.	OTHER INCOME	2021	2020	2021	2020
	<b>Income from financial assets</b> Mark-up income	854,002	877,687	282,968	263,547

1,098

1,398

2,496

266,043

2,036

4,990

7,049

290,017

16

6,123

3,753

896

68

11,888

22,728

876,730

6,249

862

2,015

9,126

886,813

Income from non-financial assets

Indenting commission - net

Income from sale of water

Rental income from tower on

Scrap sales

Others

leasehold land

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

		Nine months period ended 30 September (Un-audited)		Quarter ended 30 September (Un-audited)	
40	FINANCE COST	2021	2020 Restated	2021	2020 Restated
16.	FINANCE COST				
	Interest on lease liability	150,816	167,674	51,899	57,492
	Exchange loss / (gain) - net	599,749	(24,456)	518,377	(29,309)
	Bank, LCs and other charges Interest on Workers' Profit	27,563	31,164	6,527	9,601
	Participation Fund	116	26	-	26
		778,244	174,408	576,803	37,810

#### 17. TAXATION

The taxation charge for the nine months is based on the statutory income tax rate and tax under Final Tax Regime (FTR) as adjusted by the movement in the deferred tax account.

			Nine months p	
		Note	2021	2020
18.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			Restated
	Profit before taxation		4,531,880	1,290,521
	Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation and amortisation Provision for retirement benefit obligations Finance cost Mark-up income Infrastructure Cess Unwinding of GIDC provision Provision for Gas Infrastructure and Development Cess	15	1,067,214 11,303 316,437 (854,002) 261,458 89,219 - 891,629	895,870 9,436 358,347 (877,687) 141,280 - 209,514 736,760
	Effect on cashflows due to working capital changes (Increase) / decrease in current assets:		5,423,509	2,027,281
	Stores and spare parts		(252,161)	251,128
	Stock-in-trade		(498,635)	967,687
	Trade debts		(2,231,740)	463,505
	Loans and advances		2,496	3,237
	Trade deposits and short-term prepayments Other receivables		(676) (347,707)	(9,159)
	Sales tax refunds due from government		(201,244)	(29,793)
	Case tax out lee see hom go to him on		(3,529,667)	1,878,260
	Increase in trade and other payables		2,544,277	129,212
	Cash generated from operations		4,438,119	4,034,753
			30 September 2021	30 September 2020
19.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)
	Cash and bank balances	9	38,411	45,366
	TDRs with banks having maturity less than three months	8	11,574,700	11,488,200
			11,613,111	11,533,566



For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

#### 20. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise of parent company, related group companies, directors of the Company, companies where directors also hold directorships, key management personnel and staff retirement funds. All transactions with related parties are entered into at agreed terms. Details of transactions with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in this condensed interim financial statements are as follows:

Relationship	Nature of transactions	Nine months   30 September		Quarter ended 30 September (Un-audited)		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Parent / Associate Related parties	./					
Lotte Chemical Corporation	Legal and professional charges	2,755		835		
	Dividend paid	851,895				
Lotte Academy	Purchase of services	50				
Lotte Kolson Private Limited	Purchase of goods	161				
Key management personnel	Salaries and other short-term benefits	45,677	46,478	15,496	15,717	
	Post employment benefits	5,753	5,261	1,981	1,809	
	Loan repaid	3,150	3,150	1,050	1,050	
Others	Payments to retirement benefit funds	66,367	62,420	22,863	21,543	
	Donation paid to Lotte Pakistan Foundation		128,163		28,163	

#### 21. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market date (i.e., unobservable inputs).

#### 21.1 Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

					30 Ser	otember 2021	(Un-audit	ed)		
		Carrying amount					Fair value			
	Note	Financial assets 'at fair value through other comprehensive income'	Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss'	Financial assets 'at amortised cost'	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets - not measured at fair value										
Loans	21.1.1	-	-	168,202	-	168,202				
Trade deposits	21.1.1	-	-	46,308	-	46,308				
Trade debts	21.1.1	-	-	5,230,382	-	5,230,382				
Other receivables Short-term investments	21.1.1	-	-	359,984	-	359,984				
- TDRs	21.1.1	-	-	11,574,700	-	11,574,700				
- T-Bills	21.1.2	-	-	4,311,357	-	4,311,357	-	4,311,357	-	4,311,357
Interest accrued	21.1.1	-	-	22,741	-	22,741				
Cash and bank	21.1.1		-	38,411	-	38,411				
Financial liabilities - not			-	21,752,085	-	21,752,085				
measured at fair value										
Trade and other payables	21.1.1	-	-	-	7,878,578	7,878,578				
Accrued interest	21.1.1		-	-	259,463	259,463				
Unclaimed dividend	21.1.1	-	-	-	11,100	11,100				
Unpaid dividend	21.1.1	-	-	-	21,905	21,905				
Lease liability	21.1.1		•	•	1,747,924	1,747,924				
			-	-	9,918,970	9,918,970				
					31 De	cember 2020 (	Audited)			
			Ca	arrying amou	nt			Fair value		
	Note	Financial assets 'at fair value through other comprehensive income'	Financial assets 'at fa value through profit or loss	amortised cost'	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets - not measured at fair value										
Loans	21.1.1	-	-	167,489	-	167,489				
Trade deposits	21.1.1		-	57,295	-	57,295				
Trade debts	21.1.1		-	2,998,642	-	2,998,642				
Other receivables Short-term investments	21.1.1	-	-	12,277	-	12,277				
- TDRs	21.1.1		_	14,338,300		14,338,300				
- T-Bills	21.1.2		_	661,118		661,118	_	661,118	_	661.118
Interest accrued	21.1.1		_	120,908		120,908		001,110		001,110
Cash and bank	21.1.1			35,588	_	35,588				
Oddi and bank	21.11.1	-	-	18,391,617	-	18,391,617				
Financial liabilities - not measured at fair value										
Trade and other payables	21.1.1	-	-	-	5,684,990	5,684,990				
Accrued interest	21.1.1	-	-	-	242,930	242,930				
Unclaimed dividend	21.1.1	-	-	-	10,316	10,316				
Unpaid dividend	21.1.1	-	-	-	20,974	20,974				
Lease liability	21.1.1	-	-	-	1,759,813	1,759,813				

**21.1.1** The Company has not disclosed fair values for these financial assets and financial liabilities because their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### 21.1.2 Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values within level 2:

Investments in Market Treasury Bills are valued on the basis of the PKRVs announced by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the methodology prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

7,719,023 7,719,023



For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

Amounts in Rs '000

#### 22. LEASES AS LESSEE - RESTATEMENT

The Company restated its annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 as disclosed in note 48 to the said financial statements. Accordingly, the comparative figures of these condensed interim financial statements (i.e. 30 September 2020) have also been restated. The following tables summarise the effects of reassessment and their impact on prior period condensed interim financial statements:

	Nine months period ended 30 September 2020 Impact of restatement			
	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated	
Impact on statement of profit or loss*				
For the period ended 30 September 2020 Finance (income) / cost	(135,718)	310,126	174,408	
Cost of sales - Depreciation and amortisation	722,606	150,245	872,851	
- Purchases	21,137,079	(289,749)	20,847,330	
Impact on statement of comprehensive income	1,037,935	(170,622)	867,313	
Impact on statement of cash flows				
For the period ended 30 September 2020 Changes in operating cashflows	3,930,836	289,749	4,220,585	
Changes in financing cashflows	(3,145)	(289,749)	(292,894)	
Effect on earnings per share	Amount in Rupees			
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	0.69	(0.12)	0.57	

<sup>\*</sup> Impact of taxation has been incorporated in the annual audited financial statement for the year ended 31 December 2020

**22.2** The effects on statement of financial position has been incorporated and disclosed in note 48 to the annual financial statements.

#### 23. Corresponding figures

Certain corresponding figures have been reclassified for the purpose of better presentation and comparison. Significant reclassification made during the period is as follows:

Component	From	Notes to the interim financial statements	То	Rupees	
Statement of Profit or Loss	Other income	12	Revenue - net	183,061	
	Other income	13	Cost of sales	173,285	

#### 24. Non-adjusting event after reporting date

The Directors in their meeting held on 15 October 2021 have recommended and approved an interim cash dividend of Rs 1.50 per share.

#### 25. GENERAL

#### 25.1 Segment reporting

The financial information has been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment. Geographically, all the sales were carried out in Pakistan. All non-current assets of the Company as at 30 September 2021 are located in Pakistan.

#### 26. DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These condensed interim financial statements were authorised for issue in the Board of Directors meeting held on 15 October 2021.

Min Jae Hwang Chairman Humair Ijaz Chief Executive

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