

# ANNUAL REPORT





#### COMPANY INFORMATION

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS** 

Mr. Abdul Aziz Jamal

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

Mr. Husein Jamal

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal Ms. Saman Aziz Jamal

**Executive Director** 

Mr. Muhammed Ali Rashid

Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf

Non-Executive Director Independent Director

Mr. Suleman Aswani

Independent Director

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. M. Anwar Kaludi

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Muhammed Aslam Moten

**BOARD OF AUDIT COMMITTEE** 

Mr. Suleman Aswani

Chairman

Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal

Member

Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf

Mr. Mirza Akhtar Shikoh

Secretary

Member

**HUMAN RESOURCE AND** 

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Suleman Aswani

Chairman

Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal

Member

Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf

Member

Mr. Shan ul Haq

Secretary

**BANKERS** 

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited

Soneri Bank Limited

**Dubai Islamic Bank Limited** 

**AUDITORS** 

Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Co.

Chartered Accountants

LEGAL ADVISOR

Ms. Marium Badar

**REGISTERED & HEAD OFFICE** 

HT-8, Landhi Industrial & Trading Estate,

Landhi, Karachi-75120.

SHARE REGISTRAR

C & K Management Associates (Pvt) Limited

404, Trade Towers, Near Hotel Metropole,

Abdullah Haroon Road, Karachi.

E-Mail

Sales@husein.com

URL

www.husein.com

#### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 69<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Husein Industries Limited (the "Company") will be held on Friday, October 28, 2022 at 11:30 a.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Plot No. HT-8, Landhi Industrial & Trading Estate, Landhi, Karachi to transact the following business:

#### Ordinary business:

- 1. To Confirm the minutes of last Annual General Meeting.
- To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022 together with the Auditors' and Directors' Reports thereon and the Review Report of the Chairman;
- To appoint auditors and to fix their remuneration. The members are hereby notified that the Board of Directors and the Board Audit Committee have recommended the name of Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Co. Chartered Accountants, for re-appointment as auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2023; and
- 4. To elect seven (7) Directors as fixed by the board of Directors of Husein Industires Limited under section 159(1) of the Companies Act, 2017, for a period of three years commencing from 13<sup>th</sup> March 2023 in accordance with the provisions of Section 159 and Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2017. Following seven (7) directors are eligible for re-election:
  - 1. Mr. Abdul Aziz Jamal
  - 2. Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal
  - Mr. Husein Jamal
  - Miss. Saman Aziz Jamal
  - Mr. Akhtar Wasim Dar
  - 6. Mr. Muhammad Ali Rashid
  - Mr. Malik Muneer

#### Special Business

 To approve remuneration of Chief Executive and Executive Director of the Company and adopt the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

**RESOLVED THAT** Director's remuneration of Mr. Husein Jamal Chief Executive at Rupees 200,000 per month inclusive of utilities and other allowances and Ms. Saman Aziz Jamal, Executive Director at Rupees 200,000 per month inclusive of utilities and other allowances be and hereby approved.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Secretary of the Company be and hereby authorised and empowered on behalf of the Company to do all acts, deeds and things, take all steps and action necessary, ancillary and incidental in connection with aforesaid resolution for whenever and wherever it may require.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT certified copies of this resolution be communicated to the concerned authorities, wherever required and shall remain in force until notice in writing to the contrary be given.

Statement under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017, pertaining to the Special Business referred to the above is annexed to this notice of meeting, being sent to the shareholders.

By Order of the Board

Muhammad Aslam Moten Company Secretary

Karachi: October 05, 2022

#### Notes:

#### 1. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 21 2022 to October 28, 2022 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, M/s C & K Management Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 404 Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropole Hotel, Karachi 75330, PABX No (92-21)35685930/35687839 and Email at <a href="mailto:info@ckmgmt.org">info@ckmgmt.org</a> by close of business on October 20, 2022, will be treated as being in time for the purposes of attending and voting at the AGM.

Only those persons whose names appear in the Register of Members of the Company as at October 20, 2022 are entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting.

#### 2. Proxy

A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint another Member as his/her proxy to attend and vote for him/her provided that a corporation may appoint as its proxy a person who is not a member but is duly authorized by the corporation. A proxy form is attached with this notice. The proxy form be signed by the appointer, or his attorney duly authorized in writing, or if the appointer is a corporate entity, be under its seal or, be signed by an officer or an attorney duly authorized by it. Proxies must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of the holding of the Annual General Meeting.

A corporate entity being a member of the company may, by resolution of its board act as its representative at the meeting, and the individual so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporate entity which he represents.

A member or proxy shall authenticate his/her identity by showing original CNIC/passport at the time of attending the meeting.

CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

#### A. For attending the meeting:

- In case of individuals, the accountholders and/or sub-account holder and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his original CNIC or Passport of the time of attending the Meeting.
- ii. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the Meeting.

#### B. For appointing proxies:

- In case of individuals, the account holders and/or sub-account holder and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirements.
- The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owner and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of meeting.
- v. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

#### 3. Video Conference Facility

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act 2017 the shareholders residing in a city and holding at least 10% of the total paid up share capital may demand the Company to provide the facility of video-link for participating in the meeting. The demand for video-link facility shall be received by the Share Registrar at the address given herein above at least 10 days prior to the date of the meeting on the Standard Form available on the company's website.

The Company will intimate respective members regarding venue of the video-link facility before five days of the Meeting along with complete information necessary to enable them to access the facility.

I/we	of	being members of Husein Industries Li	imited
holder	Ordinary Sh	hares(s) as per Registered Folio No. CDC/Accour	nt No.
	hereby opt for video conference facili	lity at [name of city] in respect of Annual General Me	eeting
of the Cor			200000

#### 4. Placement of Financial Statements

In accordance to Section 223 of the Companies Act, 2017, the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021 together with Chairman's Review Report, Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon have been made available on the Company's website: <a href="http://www.husein.com">http://www.husein.com</a> Further, the members of the company are entitled, on request at below mentioned emails, to be provided with a copy (physical or electronic) of the financial statements together with other reports at any time.

- Members are requested to immediately notify the Company's Shares Registrar of any change in their registered address.
- 6. In case of joint holders, only one member whose name will appear as main title shareholder in our list of shareholders, will be allowed to attend the General Meeting.
- 7. For any query / problem/information Members may contact the Company at email sales@husein.com and/or the Share Registrar of the Company at above mentioned address.
- 8. Members can exercise their right to demand a poll subject to meeting requirements of Section 143-145 of the Companies Act, 2017 and applicable clauses of the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018.
- 9. The Company also considered to provide e-voting facility in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (E-Voting) Regulations, 2016. However, e-voting facility cannot be made available to the members for this meeting as other mandatory conditions prescribed under the aforesaid Regulations including the availability of accredited intermediary could not be satisfied.
- 10. Members are requested to notify/submit the following information/documents, in case of book entry securities in CDS to their respective participant/investor account services and in case of physical shares to the Registrar of the Company by quoting their folio number and name of the Company at the abovementioned address, if not earlier notified/submitted:
  - Members are requested to notify any change in their registered address immediately.
  - Valid and legible copy of CNIC/Passport (in case of individual) and NTN Certificate (in case of corporate entity). Please note that CNIC Number is mandatory for issuance of dividend warrants and in the absence of this information payment of dividend shall be withheld.
  - Dividend mandate information mentioning title of bank account, International Bank Account Number (IBAN) bank name, branch name, branch code, and address towards direct transfer/credit of cash dividend in your account. Please note that all future dividends shall only be paid through online bank transfer as required under Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017.
- 11. As per Circular No. 05 of 2020 dated March 16, 2020 read with Circular No. 4 of 2021 dated February 15, 2021; the shareholders may contact the Company at either of following:

Email: sales@husein.com Whatsapp: 0333-2213903 Mobile: 0333-2213903 For any query/problem/information, members may contact the Company and share Registrar at the following address:-

The Company Secretary

Husein Industries Limited
Plot No. HT-8, Landhi Industrial & Trading
Estate, Landhi, Karachi
Email: sales@husein.com

Share Registrar of the Company

M/s C & K Management Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 404 Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropole Hotel, Karachi 75330

Email: info@ckmgmt.org

#### Statement of material facts under Section 166 (3) of the Companies Act, 2017

The Company is holding election of directors in forthcoming annual general meeting October 28, 2022; however and their term shall be completed on March 12, 2023 amd existing directors shall complete their tenure till March 12, 2023 whereas directors being elected in forthcoming annual general meeting shall assume charge with effect from March 13, 2023. It is pertinent to mentrion that term of the directors shall be commenced from March 13, 2023. The present directors are interested to the extent that they are eligible for re-election as Directors of the Company.

In terms of section 159 of Companies Act, 2017 the number of directors to be elected at annual general meeting has been fixed by the board of Directors at seven (7) at its meeting held on September 21, 2022 to be elected in the Annual General Meeting for a period of three years with effect from March 13, 2023.

- Any person who seeks to contest election to the office of director shall, whether he is a retiring director or otherwise, file with the Company at its Registered Office not later than fourteen days before the date of the meeting, the following documents:
  - Notice of his/her intention to offer himself/herself for election of directors in terms of Section 159(3) of the Act, together with the consent to act as a director in Form 28 prescribed under the Companies Act, 2017;
  - A detailed profile along with office address as required under SECP's SRO 634 (I)/2014 dated 10 July 2014;
  - c) A director must be a member of the Company at the time of filing of his/her consent for contesting election of directors except a person representing a member, which is not a natural person.
  - A signed declaration confirming that he/she is aware of his/her duties and powers under the relevant laws, Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company and listing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange;
  - e) A signed declaration confirming that he/she is not ineligible to become a director of a listed company under any provisions of the Act, the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017, and any other applicable law, rules and regulations. Independent Directors will be elected through the process of election of directors in terms of Section 159 of the Act and they shall meet the criteria laid down under Section 166(2) of the Act.

#### Statement Under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act 2017

As per requirements of the Articles of Association of the Company, approval of the remuneration of Chief Executive and a director of the Company is required to be approved by shareholders. The remuneration of executive directors has already been approved by the board of directors in their meeting held on September 21, 2022.

The decision to increase the remuneration has been made to compensate for the time and efforts required to discharge director's obligations and to value their skills and expertise in managing the affairs of the Board and Board's Committees. The Board of Directors, on the recommendations of Board Human Resource &

Remuneration Committee (BHR&RC) has decided to fix the remuneration of Mr. Husein Jamal, CEO/ Executive Director and Ms. Saman Aziz Jamal, Executive Director at Rupees 200,000 and Rupees 200,000 per month respectively inclusive of salaries, utilities, allowances and other benefits. In term of the Company's Policy, the payments and increase in the director's remuneration is being presented to the Shareholders of the Company for their approval by passing the aforesaid resolutions as an Ordinary Resolution.

Interest of directors There is no specific interest of the directors in this orinary resolution, except for that mentioned therein.

Inspection of Documents Copies of Memorandum and Articles of Association, Statement under Section 166(3) of the Companies Act 2017, financial statements of the Company and other related documents etc., may be inspected during the business hours on any working day at the Registered Office of the Company from the date of publication of this notice till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting.

#### **Our Vision**

The Company wishes to forge ahead, experiments with new ideas and challenge new frontiers. It will endeavor to achieve excellence in all undertaking and intends to provide customer satisfaction by being efficient and competitive.

#### **Our Mission**

To become a profitable organization and exceeds the expectations of our customers and stakeholders by producing and marketing high quality products at competitive prices through concentration on quality, business value and fair play. To develop and promote the best use of human talent in a safe environment, as an equal opportunity employer while using advance technology for efficient and cost effective operations.

#### Chairman's Review Report

I am pleased to present the review for the year ended June 30, 2022 highlighting the Company's performance and the role of the Board of Directors in guiding the management to carry out its responsibility for the benefits of all its stakeholders.

The Board of Directors ('the Board') of Husein Industries Limited has performed their duties diligently in upholding the best interest of the shareholders of the Company and has managed the affairs of the Company in an effective and efficient manner.

The Board exercised its powers in light of the power assigned to the Board in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations applicable to the Company and it has ensured compliance with all the applicable laws and regulation while exercising their powers and making decisions. The Board performed its duties and responsibilities diligently and contributed effectively in guiding the Company in all its strategic affairs. The Board also played a key role in monitoring of management performance and focus on major risks areas. All Directors including Independent Directors fully participated and contributed in decision making process of the Board. The Board during the year ended June 30, 2022 played an effective role in managing the affairs of the Company and achieving its objectives.

The Board has ensured that there is adequate representation of non-executive and independent directors on the Board and its committees as required under the Code and that members of the Board and its respective committees has adequate skill experience and acknowledge to manage the affairs of the Company. The Board also ensured that the meetings of the Board and that of its committees were held with the requisite quorum, all the decision making were taken through Board resolutions and that the minutes of all the meetings including committees are appropriately recorded and maintained. The Board exercised its powers in light of the power assigned to the Board in accordance with the relevant laws and regulation applicable on the Company and the Board has always prioritized the compliance with all the applicable laws and regulation in terms of their conduct as directors and in exercising their powers and decision making.

As Chairman of your Company; I will continue to be responsible for leading the Board. I will remain firmly committed to ensuring that your Company complies with all relevant codes and regulations and ensuring that our management team continues to take decisions that will create value for you in the short, medium and long term.

The evaluation of the Boards performance is assessed based on those key areas where the Board requires clarity in order to provide high level oversight, including strategic planning, key business drivers and performance milestones, the economic environment, the risks faced by Business, Board Dynamics, Capability and information flows. Based on the aforementioned, it can be reasonably be stated the Board of the Company has played an important role in ensuring that the Company's objectives are achieved through a joint effort with the management team and guidance and oversight by the Board and its members.

I am pleased to record appreciation for the continued dedications, commitment and loyalty of the employees of your Company. I am also thankful to all stakeholders for the loyalty they have shown during our difficult period. I also appreciate the assistance and continued support of the various Government Departments, Bankers, Customers and Stakeholders.

Abdul Aziz Jamal Chalman

September 21, 2022

#### **Directors' Report**

In the name of Allah the Most Merciful and the Most Benevolent

The directors of your Company are pleased to present the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 together with the independent auditors' report thereon.

Operating and Financial Results The Comparative financial results of the company are summarized below:

	2022	2021
	Rupe	es
Revenue	221,851,273	149,683,713
Cost of sales and expenses	(90,065,719)	(58,950,161)
Gross Profit	131,785,554	90,733,552
Administrative expenses	(31,368,084)	(19,341,554)
Operating profit	100,417,470	71,391,998
Finance costs	(28,188,423)	(27,279,155)
Other income	57,809	416,216,680
Profit before taxation	72,286,856	460,329,523
Taxation –net	(12,291,337)	(78, 257, 664)
Profit after taxation	59,995,519	382,071,859
Earnings per share	5.65	35.96

Financial Performance of the Company I am pleased to inform our members that your company has maintained its upward trajectory this year with Earnings Per Share of Rupees 5.65 as compared to EPS of Rupees 35.96 in corresponding period (EPS for the year 2021 included significant amount of write back owing to settlement of loans with the lenders whereas EPS from core earnings was Rupees 3.45 per share). We have seen a healthy increase in revenue from sale of Inventory of our Development property and sustained revenue from lease. Our core earnings from last year amounted to Rupees 3.45 per share (2021: Rupees 35.96 per share).

**Future Outlook** Going forward the Company has come up with a multi-pronged strategy to grow earnings by utilizing all its existing assets. Presently, we are earning income on its main industrial property in Landhi and we intend to construct further buildings within the property to increase revenue. Furthermore, HIL intends to develop in future, two of its commercial properties at its Jamal Garden project. The development of the first property is at the planning stage and we hope to get all the relevant approvals soon. Also, we are exploring options to develop our Land located at District Sheikhupura in the province of the Punjab.

Risks and Challenges The last year has seen major changes in the macroeconomic environment with the rupee rapidly losing value and persistent inflation in the double digits. This constant upward trend in the prices of essential construction materials has had an adverse impact on profitability and in the near future we expect this pressure to persist. Your company will be monitoring these shifts in prices and will do their utmost to protect profit margins.

Related Party Transactions All related party transactions during the financial year ended on June 30 2022 were placed before the Audit Committee and the Board for their review and subsequently approved. These transactions were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board. All these transactions were in line with the transfer pricing methods and the policy for related parties approved by the Board.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) The Company gives high priority to its social responsibilities and is committed to the highest standards of corporate behavior despite of the fact that it has increased its cost of doing business. The Company believes in having shared value and having healthy work place. The Company, upon achieving desired results, aims to continue its CSR initiatives in the areas of healthcare, education, water and sanitation, child welfare, infrastructure development and other social welfare activities.

Code of Conduct The Company strives to enhance corporate governance as one of the most important tasks for its management, based on the Company's basic principle, in order to strengthen the trust of our shareholders, customers & society and seek sustainable growth and enhance corporate value.

Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework The Company has complied with all the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance as required by the listing regulations. Accordingly, the Directors are pleased to confirm the following:

- a) The financial statements together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017. These present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, its cash flows and its changes in equity.
- b) Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Company.
- c) The accounting estimates, wherever required are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements which conform to the International Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan.
- e) International Accounting and Financial Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- f) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- g) There are no doubts about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- h) There has been no material departure from the best practice of Corporate Governance.
- i) The Board of directors and its management team are fully determined to move the Company from present situation of uncertainties and for this a strategic plan has been developed and you will see positive improvements in the foreseeable future.
- j) Key operating and financial data for last six years, Pattern of shareholding and additional related information is annexed.
- k) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance as detailed in listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) expect for those mentioned in the statement of compliance.
- During the year; four meetings of the Board of Directors and four audit committee meetings were held separately. Attendance by each Director and member of audit committee is annexed.
- m) Majority of the members of the Audit Committee are amongst independent and non-executive directors.

Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance The requirement of the Code of Corporate Governance set out by the Pakistan Stock Exchange in their listing regulations relevant for the year ended June 30, 2022 were duly complied with and a statement to this effect is attached with the report.

The Board of Directors The Board of Directors is composed of seven members, with statutory representation of different category of directors, which includes an independent director, non-executive directors and executive directors as required by the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019. The Board is responsible for making strategic decisions with respect to important management matters, including the execution of important business activities and other matters as prescribed by law. These decisions are made after deliberating matters according to established criteria: assessing risks and giving due consideration to ground realities. The Board is also responsible for supervising and monitoring conduct

#### guidelines.

- 1. The total number of directors are seven (7) comprising of 6 male and one female directors.
- 2. The composition of Board of Directors (the Board) is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Suleman Aswani
	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Abdul Aziz Jamal
	Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal
	Mr. Muhammed Ali Rashid
Executive Directors	Mr. Husein Jamal
	Ms. Saman Aziz Jamal - Female Director

The Board of Directors has established Audit Committee as well as HR and Remuneration Committee in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance which comprises of the following members, no of meetings by each person is also given:

**Board Meeting and Attendance** During the year 4 meetings of the Board of Directors of the company were held attendance by each director is shown below:

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Number of meetings Attended
1	Mr. Abdul Aziz Jamal	Chairman / Director	4
2	Mr. Husein Aziz Jamal	Chief Executive / Director	4
3	Ms. Saman Aziz Jamal	Director	4
4	Mr. Suleman Aswani	Director	4
5	Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal	Director	4
6	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf	Director	4
7	Mr. Muhammed Ali Rashid	Director	4

Audit Committee Meeting and Attendance During the year four meetings of the Board Audit Committee of the Company were held; attendance by each member is as under:

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Number of meetings Attended	
1	Mr. Suleman Aswani	Chairman	5	
2	Mr. Muhammed Ali Rashid	Member	5	
3	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf	Member	5	

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee Meeting and Attendance During the year; one meeting of the Human Resource Committee of the Company was held; attendance by each member is as under:

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Number of meetings Attended
1	Mr. Suleman Aswani	Chairman	1
2	Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal	Member	1
3	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf	Member	1

Internal Financial Controls A system of sound internal control is established and implemented at all levels within the Company. The system of internal control is sound in design for ensuring achievement of company's objectives, operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliable financial reporting and compliance with laws, regulations and policies.

**Financial Statements** The financial statements of the company have been duly audited and signed by the auditors of the Company, M/S Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company, Chartered Accountants, and their report is attached with the financial statements.

Statutory Auditors of the Company The present auditors' M/S Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company, Chartered Accountants will retire on conclusion of Annual General Meeting being held on October 28, 2022. As suggested by the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors has recommended their re-appointment as auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Remuneration to Chief Executive Officer and Directors The remuneration of the directors including Chief Executive is determined by the shareholders as per provisions of Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2017 on the basis of standards in the market and reflects demand to competencies and efforts in the light of the scope of their work and responsibilities of the directors. The Board is seeking approval from shareholders for fixation of remuneration of the Chief Executive and one director.

**Election of directors** The Company is holding election of directors in forthcoming annual general meeting to elect seven directors of the Company where term of existing directors shall be completing on March 12, 2023 and new elected directors will take charge with effect from March 13, 2023. The Company shall strive to elect independent directors under the provisions of Section 166 of the Companies Act, 2017.

Pattern of Shareholding The pattern of shareholding as at June 30, 2022 along with disclosure as required under the Code of Corporate Governance is included in this Annual Report.

Chairman's Review The accompanied Chairman review deals with the performance of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022 and future outlook. The directors endorse the contents of the review.

**Relationship with Stakeholders** The Company is committed to establishing mutually beneficial relations with all stakeholders, stock exchange, SECP and other business partners of the Company. Alhamdulillah during the period under review relations with all stakeholders remained cordial.

Post Balance Sheet Events No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of financial year of the Company and date of this report.

**Acknowledgement** Yours directors record with appreciation, the efforts of the company's managers, technicians, staff and workers who have vigorously to meet the target. Your directors also extend their appreciation to the company's banker, buyers and suppliers for their cooperation. Your directors also appreciate the assistance and continued support of the various Government Departments, Bankers, Customers and Shareholders.

For and on behalf of the Board

Husein Jamal
Chief Executive Officer

Saman Aziz Jamal Director





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HUSEIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Review Report on The Statement of Compliance Contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **Husein Industries Limited** (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Further, we highlight below instance of non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations as reflected in the paragraph reference, where these are stated in the Statement of Compliance:

Paragraph Reference

Description

18

The Company's independent directors are not selected from the data bank as required by section 166 of the Companies Act, 2017.

Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company

**Chartered Accountants** 

Place: Karachi

Dated: 2 1 SEP 2072

UDIN: CR202210136MSKPskxW

**Engagement Partner Muhammad Haroon** 

Phone: +92 21 35674741-44 | Fax: +92 21 35674745 Email: info@hzco.com.pk | URL: http://www.hzco.com.pk

### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019 (THE REGULATIONS)

Name of Company: Husein Industries Limited

Year ended: June 30, 2022

Husein Industries Limited (the Company) has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

The total number of Directors are seven as per the following:

a. Male:

6

b. Female:

1

2. The composition of the Board of Directors (the Board) is as follows:

Category	Names	
Indones done Discotore*	Mr. Suleman Aswani	
Independent Directors*	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf	
	Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal	
Other Non-Executive	Mr. Muhammed Ali Rashid	
Directors	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf	
	Mr. Abdul Aziz Jamal	
Executive Director	Mr. Husein Jamal	
	Miss. Saman Aziz Jamal (Female Director)	

<sup>\*</sup>Best practices of code of corporate governance requires that the Company's Independent Directors shall be higher of two or one third (2.33) of its total Directors (7). However, fraction (0.33) contained in one-third number for independent directors has not been rounded up as one, as the existing independent directors have the requisite skills, knowledge and diversified work experience to take independent decision in the interest of the Company;

- The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company;
- 4. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / Shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and the Regulations;

- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of Board;
- The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Act and the Regulations;
- 9. The Board has arranged Directors' Training Program (DTP) for one of its directors. Three Directors are exempt from DTP and the remaining directors will be trained after the next election of directors within the prescribed time period. All the Directors on the Board are fully conversant with their duties and responsibilities.
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and the head of internal audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

Name of Committee	Name	Designation
Audit Committee	Mr. Suleman Aswani	Chairman
	Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal	Member
	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf	Member
	Mr. Mirza Akhtar Shikoh	Secretary
HR and Remuneration	Mr. Suleman Aswani	Chairman
Committee	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf	Member
	Mr. Shan ul Haq	Secretary

- The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented, and advised to the committees for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committees were as per following:

Committee	Frequency of Meetings
a) Audit Committee	Quarterly
b) HR and Remuneration Committee	Yearly

15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function which is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company;

- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the Company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, the Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27,32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with except for;

Regulation	Explanation
Regulation 6	The Company's independent directors' although meet all the criteria of independence laid down in the Act, however, they are not selected from the data bank mentioned u/s 166 of the Act. The BOD is of the opinion that the independent directors does not have any relationship, whether pecuniary or otherwise, and are being able to exercise independent judgement without being subservient to any conflict of interest. The company has initiated steps to ensure compliance of section 166 of the Companies Act, 2017 by selecting independent directors from the data bank in forthcoming election of directors.

On Behalf of the Board,

Dated: September 21, 2022

Chairman





## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HUSEIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Husein Industries Limited** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2022 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Material Uncertainty related to Going Concern

The Company has earned after tax profit amounting to Rs. 59.996 (2021: 382.072) million, however, its accumulated losses stood at Rs. 1,109.931 (2021: Rs. 1,169.926) million resulting in negative shareholders' equity of Rs. 500.037 (2021: Rs. 560.033) million. At reporting date, current liabilities of the Company exceeded the current assets by Rs. 777.819 (2021: Rs. 834.317) million. These conditions along with other matters set forth in note 1.2 to the accompanying financial statements indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and also discusses the reasons for preparing the financial statements on going concern basis including the expectation of future profitability on account of change in business of the Company, financial support from directors and other matters. These plans including the viability of the new business are subject to inherent uncertainty as future events are always subject to change. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Email: info@hzco.com.pk | URL: http://www.hzco.com.pk



#### Key Audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Except for the matter described in the 'Material Uncertainty related to Going Concern' section we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The Other Information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Haroon.

RHZCO Keesla Ham Into ~ Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company

**Chartered Accountants** 

Place: Karachi

Dated: 2 1 SEP 2022

UDIN: AR202210136lJmRSvZh5

# HUSEIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

Non-Current Assets			2022	2021
Non-Current Assets	ASSETS	Note	2022 Rune	2021 es
Property, plant and equipment   5   275,978,348   270,184,704     Long term investment   6   487,473   529,754     Long term deposits   7   1,316,096   3,570,160     Deferred taxation - net   8   2   277,781,917   274,284,618     Current Assets   277,781,917   274,284,618     Current Assets   9   77,304,885   69,442,371     Tade debts   10   797,926   10,444,191     Advances and prepayments   11   5,976,060   25,976,060     Cash and bank balances   12   14,907,590   28,123,648     Cash and bank balances   12   14,907,590   388,370,273     EOUITY AND LIABILITIES     Share Capital and Reserves   4   4   29,142,791   114,085,655     Capital Reserves   14   15,000,000   150,000,000     Revenue Reserves   14   177,635,000   177,635,000     Revenue Reserves   14   292,142,000   211,493,000     Revenue Reserves   15   181,160,162   205,791,570     Current Liabilities   16   262,743,450   329,233,315     Share holders' equity   560,032,747     Current Liabilities   16   262,743,450   329,233,315     Short term borrowings   17   278,485,490   281,833,572     Mark-up accrued   18   56,222,899   37,948,314     Unclaimed dividend   19   21,710,187   21,710,187     Provision for taxation   20   76,639,748   71,886,062     Contingencies and Commitments   21		1.0.0	T. I.p.	
Long term investment			255 050 240	270 194 704
Long term deposits   7		Ref	AND THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON	and the second second second second
Deferred taxation - net		6	THE STATE OF THE S	
Current Assets		7	1,316,096	3,570,160
Current Assets   Development property   9   77,304,885   69,442,371   Trade debts   10   797,926   10,444,191   Advances and prepayments   156,330   99,385   Tax refunds due from the Government   11   5,976,060   5,976,060   Cash and bank balances   12   14,907,590   28,123,648   99,142,791   114,085,655   Total Assets   376,924,708   388,370,273	Deferred taxation - net	8 _		-
Development property   9   77,304,885   69,442,371   Trade debts   10   797,926   10,444,191   Advances and prepayments   155,330   99,385   75,976,060   5,976,			277,781,917	274,284,618
Trade debts         10         797,926         10,444,191           Advances and prepayments         156,330         99,385           Tax refunds due from the Government         11         5,976,060         5,976,060           Cash and bank balances         12         14,907,590         28,123,648           Total Assets         99,142,791         114,085,655           EOUTY AND LIABILITIES           Share Capital and Reserves           Authorized Capital         15,000,000         150,000,000           15,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each         150,000,000         150,000,000           Share Capital         13         106,258,520         106,258,520           Capital Reserves         Share premium         14         33,858,000         33,858,000           Revaluation surplus on property         14         177,635,000         177,635,000           Revenue Reserves         General reserve         14         292,142,000         292,142,000           Accumulated losses         14         (1,109,930,748)         (1,169,926,267)           Sharcholders' equity         (500,037,228)         (560,032,747)           Current Liabilities         15         181,160,162         205,791,570           Contract liabilities		о Г	77 204 005	(0.442.271
Advances and prepayments			DEL ADMONISTRA PROVINCIA	SOCIE-MINI DISENSE DE LES I
Tax refunds due from the Government Cash and bank balances         11         5,976,060         5,976,060         28,123,648         99,142,791         114,007,590         28,123,648         99,142,791         114,085,655         376,924,708         388,370,273         388,370,273         388,370,273         388,370,273         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708         388,370,273         376,924,708		10		(A)
Cash and bank balances         12         14,907,590         28,123,648           Total Assets         99,142,791         114,085,655           Boulty And Liabilities         376,924,708         388,370,273           EQUITY AND LIABILITIES           Share Capital and Reserves           Authorized Capital         150,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each         150,000,000         150,000,000           Share Capital         13         106,258,520         106,258,520           Capital Reserves         2         14         33,858,000         177,635,000           Revaluation surplus on property         14         33,858,000         177,635,000         177,635,000           Revenue Reserves         3         14         292,142,000         292,142,000         292,142,000           Accumulated losses         14         292,142,000		1.1	The second secon	THE CHIEF CHIEF CHIEF CHIEF
Page		2.50	100.400 100.000.000.000	THE RELEASE OF THE PARTY OF THE
Total Assets   376,924,708   388,370,273	Cash and bank balances	12		
Share Capital and Reserves				
Share Capital and Reserves	Total Assets	=	3/0,924,/00	300,370,273
Share Capital   15,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each   Share Capital   13   106,258,520   106	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share Capital   Issued, subscribed and paid up capital   13   106,258,520   106,258,520				
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital   13   106,258,520   106,258,520	15,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		150,000,000	150,000,000
Capital Reserves         Share premium       14       33,858,000       33,858,000         Revaluation surplus on property       14       177,635,000       177,635,000         Revenue Reserves       211,493,000       211,493,000         General reserve       14       292,142,000       292,142,000         Accumulated losses       14       (1,109,930,748)       (1,169,926,267)         Shareholders' equity       (500,037,228)       (560,032,747)         Current Liabilities       15       181,160,162       205,791,570         Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450       329,233,315         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020				
Share premium       14       33,858,000       33,858,000         Revaluation surplus on property       14       177,635,000       177,635,000         Revenue Reserves       211,493,000         General reserve       14       292,142,000       (1,169,926,267)         Accumulated losses       14       (817,788,748)       (877,784,267)         Shareholders' equity       (500,037,228)       (560,032,747)         Current Liabilities       15       181,160,162       205,791,570         Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450       329,233,315         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020         Contingencies and Commitments       21	Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	13	106,258,520	106,258,520
Share premium       14       33,858,000       33,858,000         Revaluation surplus on property       14       177,635,000       177,635,000         Revenue Reserves       211,493,000         General reserve       14       292,142,000       (1,169,926,267)         Accumulated losses       14       (817,788,748)       (877,784,267)         Shareholders' equity       (500,037,228)       (560,032,747)         Current Liabilities       15       181,160,162       205,791,570         Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450       329,233,315         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020         Contingencies and Commitments       21	Capital Reserves			
Revaluation surplus on property         14         177,635,000         177,635,000           Revenue Reserves         General reserve         14         292,142,000         292,142,000           Accumulated losses         14         (1,109,330,748)         (1,169,926,267)           Shareholders' equity         (817,788,748)         (877,784,267)           Current Liabilities         (500,037,228)         (560,032,747)           Trade and other payables         15         181,160,162         205,791,570           Contract liabilities         16         262,743,450         329,233,315           Short term borrowings         17         278,485,490         281,833,572           Mark-up accrued         18         56,222,899         37,948,314           Unclaimed dividend         19         21,710,187         21,710,187           Provision for taxation         20         76,639,748         71,886,062           Contingencies and Commitments         21		14	33,858,000	33,858,000
Revenue Reserves         General reserve       14       292,142,000 (1,169,926,267)       292,142,000 (1,169,926,267)       292,142,000 (1,169,926,267)       (817,788,748) (877,784,267)       (817,788,748) (877,784,267)       (817,788,748) (877,784,267)       (500,037,228) (560,032,747)         Current Liabilities         Trade and other payables       15       181,160,162 (205,791,570)       205,791,570 (320,203)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,315)       329,233,315 (320,233,235)       329,233,315 (320,233,235)       329,233,315 (320,233,235)       329,233,315 (320,233,235)       329,233,315 (320,233,235)       329,233,315 (320,233,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,235)       329,233,315 (320,2		14	Commence of the Commence of th	177,635,000
General reserve       14       292,142,000 (1,169,926,267)         Accumulated losses       14       (1,109,930,748) (1,169,926,267)         (817,788,748) (877,784,267)       (817,788,748) (877,784,267)         Shareholders' equity       (500,037,228) (560,032,747)         Current Liabilities         Trade and other payables       15       181,160,162 (205,791,570) (329,233,315)         Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450 (329,233,315) (329,233,315) (329,233,315)         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490 (281,833,572)			211,493,000	211,493,000
Accumulated losses       14       (1,109,930,748)       (1,169,926,267)         Shareholders' equity       (817,788,748)       (877,784,267)         Current Liabilities       (500,037,228)       (560,032,747)         Trade and other payables       15       181,160,162       205,791,570         Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450       329,233,315         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020         Contingencies and Commitments       21	Revenue Reserves			
Shareholders' equity   (500,037,228)   (560,032,747)	General reserve	14	292,142,000	292,142,000
Shareholders' equity       (500,037,228)       (560,032,747)         Current Liabilities       15 181,160,162 205,791,570 205,791,570 329,233,315 329,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,233,232,	Accumulated losses	14	(1,109,930,748)	(1,169,926,267)
Current Liabilities         Trade and other payables       15       181,160,162       205,791,570         Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450       329,233,315         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020		12-2-1	(817,788,748)	(877,784,267)
Trade and other payables       15       181,160,162       205,791,570         Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450       329,233,315         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020	Shareholders' equity		(500,037,228)	(560,032,747)
Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450       329,233,315         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020	Current Liabilities			
Contract liabilities       16       262,743,450       329,233,315         Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020	Trade and other payables	15	181,160,162	205,791,570
Short term borrowings       17       278,485,490       281,833,572         Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020		16		329,233,315
Mark-up accrued       18       56,222,899       37,948,314         Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020         Contingencies and Commitments       21	Short term borrowings	17	9 1A	281,833,572
Unclaimed dividend       19       21,710,187       21,710,187         Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020         Contingencies and Commitments       21		77.00	and the second of the second o	manufacture 5 kg as a self-
Provision for taxation       20       76,639,748       71,886,062         876,961,936       948,403,020         Contingencies and Commitments       21	The second secon	and the second s	CORP. C. STATES CALLED TO	Tanada and all anneares
876,961,936 948,403,020 Contingencies and Commitments 21				
Contingencies and Commitments				
	Contingencies and Commitments	21		
	Total Equity and Liabilities		376,924,708	388,370,273

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

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# HUSEIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 2021 Rupees	
Revenue	22	221,851,273	149,683,713
Cost of sales and expenses	23	(90,065,719)	(58,950,161)
Gross profit		131,785,554	90,733,552
Administrative expenses	24	(31,368,084)	(19,341,554)
Operating profit		100,417,470	71,391,998
Finance cost	25	(28,188,423)	(27,279,155)
Other income	26	57,809	416,216,680
Profit before taxation	7.=	72,286,856	460,329,523
Taxation - net	27	(12,291,337)	(78,257,664)
Profit after taxation		59,995,519	382,071,859
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income for the year	=	59,995,519	382,071,859
Earnings per share	28	5.65	35.96

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

#### HUSEIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	41¥			Reserves			_
Particulars	Issued,	Capital			- - Shareholders'		
	subscribed and paid up capital	Share Revaluation surplus on property		General	Accumulated losses	Total reserves	equity
		Rupees					
Balance as at June 30, 2020	106,258,520	33,858,000	177,635,000	292,142,000	(1,551,998,126)	(1,048,363,126)	(942,104,606
Total Comprehensive income for the year							
Profit for the year	-		-		382,071,859	382,071,859	382,071,859
Other comprehensive income for the year		_			24	( <b>-</b> ):	-
		Ref.		I=I	382,071,859	382,071,859	382,071,859
Balance as at June 30, 2021	106,258,520	33,858,000	177,635,000	292,142,000	(1,169,926,267)	(666,291,267)	(560,032,747
Total Comprehensive income for the year							
Profit for the year	-		-	-	59,995,519	59,995,519	59,995,519
Other comprehensive income for the year		_	_	_	_		
Manual Control of the	•	-		-	59,995,519	59,995,519	59,995,519
Balance as at June 30, 2022	106,258,520	33,858,000	177,635,000	292,142,000	(1,109,930,748)	(606,295,748)	(500,037,228

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

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## HUSEIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			2022	2021
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Rupe	es
	Profit before taxation		72,286,856	460,329,523
	Adjustments for:			
	Depreciation	5.2	8,902,558	9,525,496
	Remeasurement loss / (gain) on investment	6	42,281	(94,132)
	Gain on disposal of vehicle	26	(65,993)	-
	Interest on gratuity payable	15.4	1,807,095	1,606,556
	Finance cost	25	28,188,423	27,279,155
	Waiver of long term borrowings	26	-	(416,103,708)
	Dividend income	26	(17,138)	(10,968)
			38,857,226	(377,797,601)
	Cash generated from operations before working capital changes	5	111,144,082	82,531,922
	Changes in working capital			
	Decrease / (increase) in current assets			
	Development property		(7,862,514)	8,313,964
	Trade debts		9,646,265	13,710,965
	Advances and prepayments		(56,945)	(36,385)
		_	1,726,806	21,988,544
	Decrease in current liabilities			
	Trade and other payables	Γ	(26,438,503)	(5,230,895)
	Contract liabilities		(66,489,865)	(19,891,503)
		L	(92,928,368)	(25,122,398)
	Net cash generated from operations	-	19,942,520	79,398,068
	Taxes paid - net		(7,537,651)	(6,782,721)
	Gratuity paid	15.4	_	(1,155,202)
	Financial charges paid	10.1	(9,913,837)	(45,956,487)
	Net cash generated from operating activities	_	2,491,032	25,503,658
	Net cash generated from operating activities	-		20,000,000
В.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
	Dividend received	26	17,138	10,968
	Addition in property plant and equipment	5.1	(8,730,210)	-
	Advance against purchase of vehicle	5.5	(6,000,000)	-
	Proceed from sale of vehicle		100,000	-
	Long term deposits received		2,254,064	295,865
	Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities	-	(12,359,008)	306,833
		-		
<i>C</i> .	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
	Short term borrowings obtained - net	10000	(3,348,082)	1,373,201
	Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	_	(3,348,082)	1,373,201
	Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(13,216,058)	27,183,692
	Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the year	12	28,123,648	939,956
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	12	14,907,590	28,123,648
		=		

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

## HUSEIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### 1 NATURE AND STATUS OF BUSINESS

The Company was incorporated in Pakistan on May 25, 1953 as a Public Limited Company under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017) in the name of Husein Textile Mills Limited, which was changed to Husein Industries Limited in 1964 and it is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The trading of Company's shares has been suspended by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX) on December 09, 2013 on account of non holding of Annual General Meeting and other secretarial non-compliances. Subsequent to the year end, the Company has rectified the default and accordingly the trading of the Company's shares is restored with effect from August 02, 2021. The registered office of the Company is situated at HT-8, Landhi Industrial Area, Karachi.

The Company has ceased its textile business since the financial year 2014 and the management has developed business diversification strategy to enter into real estate development, construction and allied businesses including residential plots and commercial sites for which necessary approval from the shareholders and the regulator for change in 'object clause' is obtained during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 respectively.

1.1 The geographical location and addresses of business units are as under:

Location Address

Head Office & Sales Office Jamal Garden Plot no. HT-8, Landhi Industrial Area, Karachi Plot no. LT-21, Landhi Industrial Area, Karachi

#### 1.2 Going Concern Assumption

The Company has earned after tax profit amounting to Rs. 59.996 (2021: 382.072) million, however, its accumulated losses stood at Rs. 1,109.931 (2021: Rs. 1,169.926) million resulting in negative shareholders' equity of Rs. 500.037 (2021: Rs. 560.033) million. At reporting date, current liabilities of the Company exceeded the current assets by Rs. 777.819 (2021: Rs. 834.317) million. Further the Company has not been able to pay its creditors on due dates.

The above conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The management of the Company has taken the following steps / measures including future plans to revive and improve the operational and financial conditions of the Company.

- a) Adoption of business diversification strategy in prior years, as disclosed in note 1 to these financial statements, have already started contributing towards the stability of the Company which is also evident from 'profit before tax and waiver of banking loans and markup' amounting to Rs. 416.103 million in prior year on prompt payment of restructured liabilities which has also significantly improved the current ratios and eased liquidity issues.
- b) Total financial liability of Rs. 537.579 million includes Rs. 334.708 million payable to directors of the Company who have ensured their strong support, therefore, the management is confident that the remaining liabilities will be repaid in the due course.

- c) Launch of 'Jamal Garden's Residential Project' consisting of residential plots having an area of 23,077 square yards at LT-21, scheme 3, Landhi Industrial Area, Karachi, after obtaining the respective approvals from the regulators, in prior years was a success as evident from deposits by the Customers and it had contributed towards the repayment of previous bank liabilities. Further, the management is still confident about the over all profitability of the residential project.
- d) Launch of 'Jamal Garden's Commercial Project' having an area of 14,933 square yards at LT-21, Scheme 3, Landhi Industrial Area, Karachi in near future will significantly improve the Company's overall financial position and will help the Company towards initiation of new projects.
- e) Income from leased properties, during the year, including textile plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 150.333 million which is considered sufficient by the management to finance Company's future operations.
- f) The Company has strong financial support from its directors and is confident about the viability of the real estate and allied business.

The Board has also approved five year financial projections prepared by the management of the Company covering all factors mentioned above according to which, the Company will have adequate cash inflows which will not only pay off trade and other payables and project development expenditures but also generate additional cash inflows in the form of profits.

Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and, provisions of and directives issued under the Act. Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for:

- Free hold land is stated at revalued amount; and
- Long term investment (fair value through profit or loss) is stated at fair value;

These financial statements have been prepared under the accrual basis of accounting except for the cash flow information.

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgment is exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- The recoverable amount, residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment note 3.1 and 5;
- Long term investment note 3.3.2 and 6;
- Impairment of development property and other non-financial assets note 3.2, 3.4 and 9;
- The provision for debts considered doubtful note 3.6 and 10;
- Provisions note 3.12;
- The recognition of current and deferred taxation note 3.11, 8, 20, and 27;
- Revenue recognition note 3.13 and 22.

## 2.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan which are effective in current period

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2022. These standards, interpretations and amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures:

## Effective for period beginning on or after

Amendments to IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts', IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures', IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', IFRS 16 'Leases', IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement': Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform

January 1, 2021

Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases': Amendment to extend the exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification

April 1, 2021

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of standards, which have not been enumerated here for brevity.

#### 2.6 Amendments to standards and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective

The following amendments to accounting standards and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures:

#### Effective from accounting period beginning on or after

Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and IAS Effective from accounting period 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures': Sale or beginning on or after a date to be contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint determined. Earlier application is venture

permitted.

Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements': Amendments regarding the classification of liabilities and disclosure of accounting policies

January 1, 2023

Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors': Amendments regarding the definition of accounting estimates

January 1, 2023

Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes': Amendments regarding deferred tax on leases and decommissioning obligations

January 1, 2023

Amendments to IAS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment': Amendments prohibiting a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use

January 1, 2022

Amendments to IAS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets': Amendments regarding the costs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous

January 1, 2022

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of standards, which have not been enumerated here for brevity.

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

IFRS 1 - First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts

#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

#### 3.1 Property, plant and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except for freehold land and leasehold land which are stated at revalued amount and cost respectively. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

The depreciation is charged to income applying reducing balance method. The depreciation is charged from the month of acquisition, when the asset is available for use and up to the month preceding the deletion, respectively. Gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, if any, are recognized in profit or loss, as and when incurred. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvement are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Assets' residual values and their useful lives are reviewed and adjusted for impairment at each reporting date, if significant and appropriate. Assets are derecognized when disposed or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

#### 3.2 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized, as an expense in the profit or loss, for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sale and value in use. Value in use is determined through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the assets.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 3.3 Financial assets and liabilities

#### 3.3.1 Initial recognition

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. These are subsequently measured at fair value or amortized cost as the case may be.

#### 3.3.2 Classification of financial assets

#### The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories:

- at amortized cost;
- at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"); or
- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of instruments (other than equity instruments) is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

#### Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets at fair value through OCI

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

However, the Company may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition for particular investments in equity instruments that would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income provided that the investment is neither held for trading nor is a contingent consideration in a business combination.

#### Financial assets at fair value through P&L

A financial asset is measured at fair value through P&L unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through OCI.

#### 3.3.3 Financial liabilities

#### The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories:

- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), or
- at amortized cost.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

#### 3.3.4 Subsequent measurement

#### Financial assets at FVTOCI

Elected investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with gains or losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in OCI.

#### Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, and subsequently carried at amortized cost, and in the case of financial assets, less any impairment.

#### Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Where management has opted to recognize a financial liability at FVTPL, any changes associated with the Company's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income. Currently, there are no financial liabilities designated at FVTPL.

#### 3.3.5 Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. Loss allowances are measured on the basis of life time (ECLs) that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Lifetime ECL is only recognized if the credit risk at the reporting date has increased significantly relative to the credit risk at initial recognition. Credit risk of a financial asset is assumed to be increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time as decided by the senior management of the Company. Further, the Company considers information based on the Company's historical experience and the impact of forward looking information (such as Company's internal factors and economic environment of the country of customers) on ECLs that is available without undue cost or effort. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial assets to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive). A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

The Company recognizes an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

#### 3.3.6 Derecognition

#### Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortized cost, the difference between the asset's carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss.

In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Company has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to revenue reserve.

#### Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### 3.3.7 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 3.4 Development property

Property acquired, constructed or in the course of construction and is held for sale in the ordinary course of business, rather than held to earn lease income or capital appreciation, is classified as development property and is measured at lower of cost and net realisable value. The Company will sell residential and commercial plots and bungalows and will not provide any construction services as a contractor engaged by the buyer. All project costs incurred are capitalised as a cost of development properties and mainly includes:

- Cost of leasehold land.
- Amounts paid to contractors for construction or development of amenities.
- Development or other charges including those paid to relevant authorities.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at reporting date less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessarily to be incurred to make the sale.

The cost of sales recognised in profit or loss on disposal is determined with reference to the costs incurred on the plots / commercial sites sold and an allocation of any non-specific costs based on the total area of land sold for plots / commercial sites, in relation to total area of land.

#### 3.5 Deposits, advances and prepayments

Advances and prepayments are stated at cost less provision for doubtful balances, if any. Deposits are initially stated at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost after deducting allowance for uncollectable amount, if any. Deposits, advances and prepayments considered irrecoverable are written off.

#### 3.6 Trade debts

Trade debts are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost after deducting allowance for uncollectable amounts, if any. The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure the expected credit losses (ECL) which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for trade debts. Trade debts considered irrecoverable are written off.

Since all the trade debts except for lease receivables were credit impaired at reporting date, therefore, the Company had used practical expedient in accordance with IFRS 9 for calculation of the ECL on trade debts using a provision matrix.

#### 3.7 Cash and cash equivalents

It comprises of cash in hand and cash at bank which are carried at amortized cost. For the purpose of cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalent include cash in hand and current and deposit account held with the banks.

#### 3.8 Revaluation surplus on property

A revaluation surplus is recorded in other comprehensive income and credited to the revaluation surplus on property in equity. However, to the extent that it reverses a revaluation deficit of the same asset previously recognized in the profit or loss, the increase is recognized in the profit or loss. A revaluation deficit is recognized in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it offsets an existing surplus on the same asset recognized in the revaluation surplus on property. Upon disposal, any revaluation surplus relating to the particular operating fixed asset being sold is transferred to equity.

#### 3.9 Bank borrowings

All bank borrowings are initially recognised at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs, if any. Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method.

#### 3.10 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and / or services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

#### 3.11 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is made in accordance with provision's of Income tax ordinance 2001. The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation after taking into account applicable tax credit, rebates and exemptions available, if any, or applicable minimum tax on turnover or Alternate Corporate Tax, whichever is higher.

#### Deferred

Deferred income tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method for all temporary differences at the reporting date between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or the settlement of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at reporting date.

Deferred income tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry forward unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit for the foreseeable future will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

#### 3.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 3.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at the amounts that reflect the consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods to a customer. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and is recognised on the following basis;

Revenue from sale of plots and commercial sites are recognized as the performance obligations are satisfied. The Company satisfies its performance obligations over time because the customer controls the asset as the asset is developed. The control of plots or sites is transferred to the customers generally upon issuance of letter of possession to the customers upon the Company's satisfaction that the economic benefits of the transaction will flow to the Company in its entirety. Revenue is recognized based on amount of transaction price specified in the contract by allocating to performance obligation satisfied during the year. The Company uses input methods to measure the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations instead of output methods because the outputs used to measure progress are not directly observable and information required is not available without undue cost. Input methods are based on development costs incurred till reporting date and costs to be incurred. The transaction price of the Company's contract with customers does not include any variable consideration, any significant financing component, any non cash consideration or any consideration payable to its customers.

Lease income is recognized on straight line basis and is accrued in accordance with terms of agreement. The credit term ordinarily ranges from 7 to 10 days.

Dividend from investment at fair value through profit or loss are recorded when right to receive the same is established.

Gain on sale of fixed assets is recognized on occurrence of transactions.

Other income is recognized on the occurrence of related transactions.

#### 3.14 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated into rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of transaction. Exchange gains and losses are included in income currently. All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at reporting date.

#### 4 DETAILS OF RELATED PARTIES

Followings are the names of those related parties with whom the Company has made transactions during the current financial year.

Name of related parties	% of holding	Basis of relationship	
Abdul Aziz Jamal	11.93%	Director	
Abdul Rashid Jamal	12.65%	Director	
Aisha Bai Suleman (late)	0.71%	Member	

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupees i	n '000')
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Operating fixed assets	5.1	269,978,348	270,184,704
Capital work in progress	5.5	6,000,000	( <b>a</b> )
		275,978,348	270,184,704

#### 5.1 Operating fixed assets

Particulars	Free hold land*	Lease hold land	Buildings on lease hold land	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fittings / office equipment	Vehicles	Total	
	(Rupees)							
Net book value as at June 30, 2020	183,427,000	333,000	46,674,400	45,767,600	953,000	2,555,200	279,710,200	
Year ended June 30, 2021								
Depreciation for the year - note 5.2	Æ	4	(2,333,730)	(6,586,811)	(93,677)	(511,278)	(9,525,496)	
Net book value as at June 30, 2021	183,427,000	333,000	44,340,670	39,180,789	859,323	2,043,922	270,184,704	
Year ended June 30, 2022								
Additions			-			8,730,210	8,730,210	
Disposal								
Cost		•	2	(2)	3-	859,135	859,135	
Depreciation	-	-	-	•		(825,127)	(825,127)	
	051		3/	-	_	(34,008)	(34,008)	
Depreciation for the year - note 5.2	1/21	-	(2,217,041)	(5,612,424)	(82,790)	(990,303)	(8,902,558)	
Net book value as at June 30, 2022	183,427,000	333,000	42,123,629	33,568,365	776,533	9,749,821	269,978,348	
At June 30, 2021								
Cost / revalued amount *	183,427,000	333,000	123,675,000	734,395,000	13,303,400	21,962,000	1,077,095,400	
Accumulated depreciation	•	-	(79,334,330)	(695,214,211)	(12,444,077)	(19,918,078)	(806,910,696)	
Net book value	183,427,000	333,000	44,340,670	39,180,789	859,323	2,043,922	270,184,704	
At June 30, 2022								
Cost / revalued amount *	183,427,000	333,000	123,675,000	734,395,000	13,303,400	29,833,075	1,084,966,475	
Accumulated depreciation			(81,551,371)	(700,826,635)		(20,083,254)	(814,988,127)	
Net book value	183,427,000	333,000	42,123,629	33,568,365	776,533	9,749,821	269,978,348	
Depreciation rate	[4]		5%	10-17%	6-15%	20-25%		

5.2	Depreciation for the year has been allocate	ed as follows:		
	Cost of sales Administrative expenses	23 24	7,829,465 1,073,093	8,920,541 604,955
	19.576		8,902,558	9,525,496
5.3	The management has not classified lease accordance with IAS - 40 because the owner leased out.			
5.4	Particulars of immovable fixed assets in th	e name of the Compan	y are as follows:	
	Particulars	Locatio		Total Area (Acres)
	Free hold land (Agricultural land)	Lahore - Faisalabad ros tehsil and district Sheil	HO-OFIG PEDELONDELLINES IN CONTRACTOR	37.356
	Lease hold land and Buildings thereon (Head Office and Textile Plant)	Plot no. HT-8, Landhi Karachi.	Industrial Area,	22.95
5.5	Capital work in progress - Vehicles	Note	2022 (Rupee:	2021 s)
	Opening balance Additions during the year Transferred to operating fixed assets Closing balance	5.5.1	14,730,210 (8,730,210) 6,000,000	
5.5.1	Represents advance payment for purchase September 02, 2022.	of vehicle that is deli	vered subsequent to t	he year end on
		Note	2022 (Rupee:	2021
LON	G TERM INVESTMENT			
<b>-</b> P	At fair value through profit or loss In securities of listed company			
	Dawood Lawrencepur Limited		529,754	435,622
	Unrealized gain / (loss) on remeasurement	6.1	(42,281) 487,473	94,132 529,754
6.1	Dawood Lawrencepur Limited	,		
	Number of shares	a	2,742	2,742
	Market price per share (Rupees)	b	177.78	193.20
	Fair value (Rupees) (a x b)		487,473	529,754

2021

2022

Note

---- (Rupees) ----

---- (Rupees) ----

#### 7 LONG TERM DEPOSITS

Against:			
Utilities		1,163,306	3,417,370
CDC account		25,000	25,000
Services		20,000	20,000
Bank guarantee		107,790	107,790
	=	1,316,096	3,570,160
8 DEFERRED TAXATION - NET			
Taxable temporary difference			
Accelerated tax depreciation		(14,486,014)	(14,807,631)
Deductible temporary differences	-		
Provision for doubtful debts		20,491,400	20,491,400
Effect of unabsorbed tax depreciation		171,813,655	182,719,791
Effect of minimum tax		1,408,195	2,175,195
Effect of alternate corporate tax		80,311,865	78,929,234
	· <del></del>	274,025,115	284,315,620
		259,539,101	269,507,989
Net deferred tax asset not recognized	8.1	(259,539,101)	(269,507,989)
		-	<b>=</b> /.

8.1 Deferred tax asset as at June 30, 2022 to the extent of Rs. 259.539 (2021: Rs. 269.508) million has not been recognized because of the inherent uncertainties in forecasts of sufficient taxable profits in foreseeable future against which such benefits can be utilized.

# 8.2 Breakup of unused tax losses and tax credits is as follows:

Description	Expiry Date	2022 (Rupe	2021 es)
Unabsorbed tax depreciation	Indefinite	592,460,881	630,068,244
Tax credits			
Minimum tax 2018	June, 30 2023	930,000	930,000
Minimum tax 2019	June, 30 2024	67,400	67,400
Minimum tax 2020	June, 30 2025	59,025	59,025
Minimum tax 2021	June, 30 2026	351,770	351,770
Minimum tax 2022	June, 30 2027		
Alternate corporate tax 2019	June, 30 2029	468,780	468,780
Alternate corporate tax 2020	June, 30 2030	556,205	556,205
Alternate corporate tax 2021	June, 30 2031	77,904,249	77,904,249
Alternate corporate tax 2022	June, 30 2032	1,382,631	-

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupee	s)
DEVELOPMENT PROPERTY			
Cost of land (LT-21)		259,971	259,971
Commercialization fee		42,811,000	42,811,000
Fee for approval of commercial plan (COMM1)		7,931,908	7,931,908
Amenities - development expenditure	9.1	101,544,715	43,981,106
	_	152,547,594	94,983,985
Transferred to cost of sales to date	9.2	(75,242,709)	(25,541,614)
Trumsterred to cost of sures to sure		77,304,885	69,442,371
9.1 Amenities - development expenditure			
Opening balance		43,981,106	38,347,000
Add: incurred during the year		57,563,609	5,634,106
rida. Modried damag may		101,544,715	43,981,106
9.2 Cost of sales to date			
9.2.1 - Residential plots			
Opening balance		25,541,614	3,661,636
	23	49,701,095	21,879,978
Transferred to cost of sales during the year			

# 9.2.2 - Commercial plots

As at June 30, 2022, the company has not recognized any sales of commercial plots.

			2022	2021
10	TRADE DEBTS	Note	(Rupee	s)
	C 1 1 1 1 1 (C. )			
	Considered doubtful		59,298,000	59,298,000
	Exports Local		11,362,000	11,362,000
	Local		70,660,000	70,660,000
	Lease receivables - considered good		797,926	10,444,191
	Allowance for expected credit loss		(70,660,000)	(70,660,000)
	Allowance for expected credit 1033		797,926	10,444,191
11	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM THE GOVERNMENT  Duty drawback		3,676,060	3,676,060
	Sales tax		2,300,000	2,300,000
	Dares tax		5,976,060	5,976,060
12	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		9,500	3,500
	Cash at bank	12.1 & 12.2	14,898,090	28,120,148
			14,907,590	28,123,648

- 12.1 Includes foreign currency accounts amounting to Rs. 0.131 (2021: Rs. 0.115) million.
- 12.2 Includes balance of Rs. Nil (2021: Rs. 0.021 million) in multiplier account having effective interest rate ranging from 5.40% to 10.86% (2021: 5.05% to 6.39%) as the account was closed in the month of June 2022.

#### 13 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL

2021		2022	2021
f Shares		(Rupee	es)
	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		
4,119,366	fully paid in cash	41,193,660	41,193,660
6,506,486	issued as bonus shares	65,064,860	65,064,860
10,625,852		106,258,520	106,258,520
	4,119,366 6,506,486	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each 4,119,366 fully paid in cash 6,506,486 issued as bonus shares	Continuo   Continuo

- 13.1 Includes 2,185,964 (2021: 2,185,964) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each held by the Husein Ebrahim Foundation, an associated undertaking (related party) of the Company.
- 13.2 The ordinary shareholders are entitled to receive all distributions including dividends and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the Company. All shares carry one vote per share without restriction.

14	RESERVES	Note	2022 (Rupe	2021 res)
	Capital Reserves			
	Share premium	14.1	33,858,000	33,858,000
	Revaluation surplus on property	14.2	177,635,000	177,635,000
			211,493,000	211,493,000
	Revenue Reserves			
	General reserve	14.3	292,142,000	292,142,000
	Accumulated losses		(1,109,930,748)	(1,169,926,267)
			(817,788,748)	(877,784,267)
		_	(606,295,748)	(666,291,267)
		-		

- 14.1 Represents share premium received in the preceding years and is held for utilization of purposes as stated in Section 81 of the Companies Act, 2017.
- 14.2 The Company carried out revaluation of its free hold land by an independent valuer namely M/s. Akbani and Javed Associates on March 04, 2011, who determined the fair value of free hold land on the basis of market value amounting to Rs. 157.925 million resulting in revaluation surplus amounting to Rs. 152.133 million. As at June 30, 2018, the Company carried out revaluation of its free hold land by an independent valuer who determined the fair value of freehold land, amounting to Rs. 183.427 million resulting in revaluation surplus amounting to Rs. 25.502 million. The forced sale value of freehold land amounts to Rs. 146.741 million.

The revaluation surplus on property is not available for distribution to the share holders of the Company unless realized and transferred to accumulated profits.

14.3 Represents appropriation of profit in preceding years.

15	TRADE	AND	OTHER	<b>PAYABLES</b>	
----	-------	-----	-------	-----------------	--

Trade creditors		9,300,511	27,121,881
Accrued liabilities	15.1 & 15.2 & 15.3	140,945,604	148,438,154
Gratuity payable	15.4	16,263,855	14,456,760
Security deposit against rent		14,650,192	15,389,140
Advance rental income		-	385,635
		181,160,162	205,791,570

- 15.1 Includes Rs. 124.969 (2021: Rs. 124.969) million prudently recorded by the Company against liability of Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGC). In year 2012, the Company filed a case in the Honorable District and Session Court Malir Karachi against SSGC praying that no amount of the liability is payable against the initial claim of 17.6 million. The case is pending for adjudication in the Honorable Court till the date of these financial statements. In the mean time, SSGC continued to charge minimum gas levy and mark-up on outstanding amount including mark-up which aggregated to Rs. 163.023 (2021: Rs. 163.023) million as at reporting date. The management is confident, based on opinion of its legal advisor's and the fact that mark-up on mark-up is illegal, that the Company is likely to succeed in waiving of the aforesaid additional charges. Accordingly, the Company has not recorded liability of Rs. 38.054 (2021: Rs. 38.054) million in these financial statements.
- 15.2 Includes director's (related party) and executive's remuneration payable amounting to Rs. 0.240 (2021: Rs. 1.080) million and Rs. 0.9 (2021: Rs. 0.9) million respectively.
- 15.3 Includes Rs. 3.340 (2021: 3.340) million recorded by the company against water bill of year 2016 raised by Karachi Water and Sewerage Board (KWSB). Later, KWSB has also billed late payment surcharge from 2016 till 2020 amounting in total to Rs. 5.533 million. The provision for late payment surcharge has not been recorded by the Company as currently the matter is under negotiation with the authorities and the management is confident that the matter will be resolved amicably and these late payment surcharges will be waived by the KWSB.
- 15.4 Represents payable to employees in respect of gratuity scheme reclassified from deferred liabilities because the Company had decided to discontinue its gratuity scheme as the total strength of employees, by law, do not qualify for entitlement of any retirement benefits. The Company continued to record the provision for interest at the rate of 12.5% on outstanding liability.

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupee	rs)
Movement in gratuity payable			
Opening		14,456,760	14,005,406
Paid during the year		-	(1,155,202)
Interest charged during the year		1,807,095	1,606,556
Closing		16,263,855	14,456,760

#### 16 CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Advance from allottees - unsecured	16.1	262,743,450	329,233,315
Advance from anotices - unsecured			

16.1 Represents liabilities against contract with customers / allottees for sale of open plots / sites. Revenue of Rs. 71.518 (2021: Rs. 23.451) million recognized during the year is adjusted against advance from allottees.

		2022	2021
17 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	Note	(Rupe	es)
Loan from directors	17.1	262,861,600	264,989,420
Loan from shareholder	17.2	15,623,890	16,844,152
		278,485,490	281,833,572

- 17.1 Represents unsecured loans obtained from directors (related parties) of the Company. These loans are repayable on demand and carries markup chargeable at the rate of 6 months KIBOR + 1% with effect from July 01, 2021. (June 30, 2021: 10% per annum)
- 17.2 Represents loan from Mrs. Aisha Bai Suleman (Late) that is reclassified from 'Loan from directors' to 'Loan from shareholder' upon her sad demise during the year ended 2021. This amount will be paid to her legal successors once the legal formalities will be completed.

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupee	s)
18 MARK-UP ACCRUED			
- on directors' loan (related party)		52,738,335	34,463,750
- on shareholder loan (related party)		3,484,564	3,484,564
		56,222,899	37,948,314
19 UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND			
Unclaimed dividend	19.1	21,710,187	21,710,187
	1 1 1 1 1	C	dividend mainly

19.1 Since the directors of the Company are the major shareholders, therefore the unclaimed dividend mainly pertain to the directors. The Company will pay these in future when positive cash flows will arise in the form of profits.

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 s)
20	PROVISION FOR TAXATION	20.1	76,639,748_	71,886,062
ź	20.1 Movement in provision for taxation			
	Opening		71,886,062	411,119
	Provision recognized during the year	27	12,291,337	78,257,664
	Advance taxes paid during the year		(7,537,651)	(6,782,721)
	Closing		76,639,748	71,886,062

### 21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 21.1 Contingencies

The Company has no contingent liabilities in respect of any legal claim in the ordinary course of business other than disclosed in these financial statements.

#### 21.2 Commitments

The banking companies have issued letter of guarantees amounting to Rs. 107,800 (2021: Rs. 107,800) in favor of K-Electric and SSGC on behalf of the Company. The available and unveiled balance as on June 30, 2022 amounts to Rs. 107.800 (2021: Rs. 107,800) and Nil (2021: Nil) respectively.

	2022	2021
Note	(Rupe	es)
22.1	71,518,465	23,451,326
	150,332,808	126,232,387
	221,851,273	149,683,713
		Note (Rupee 22.1 71,518,465 150,332,808

22.1 The aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the unfulfilled performance obligations is Rs. 166.203 (2021: Rs. 95.822) million. The Company will recognise this revenue based on percentage of completion of development work.

	2022	2021
Note	(Rupees	s)
9.2	49,701,095	21,879,978
5.2	5,716,126 26,819,033 7,829,465 40,364,624 90,065,719	5,338,040 22,811,602 8,920,541 37,070,183 58,950,161
5.2	16,848,231 301,200 52,600 147,000 2,449,768 138,470 1,073,093 120,000 700,000 73,314 9,464,408 31,368,084	13,443,863 857,000 188,250 815,535 2,287,732 115,806 604,955 130,000 870,000 28,413
	9.2 5.2 24.1	Note     (Rupees       9.2     49,701,095       5,716,126     26,819,033       7,829,465     40,364,624       90,065,719     90,065,719       24.1     16,848,231       301,200     52,600       147,000     2,449,768       138,470     138,470       5.2     1,073,093       120,000     700,000       73,314     9,464,408

24.1 Includes an amount of Rs. 1.807 (2021: Rs. 1.607) million in respect of interest charged on outstanding gratuity payable.

	2022	2021
	(Rupees)	
4.2 Auditors' remuneration		
Annual audit	500,000	635,000
Half yearly review	120,000	125,000
Corporate governance review	30,000	60,000
Out of pocket expenses	50,000	50,000
	700,000	870,000

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupe	es)
25 F	FINANCE COST			
	Mark-up on Directors loan	17.1	28,174,586	25,548,723
	Mark-up shareholder loan	17.2	-	1,720,940
	Bank charges		13,837	9,492
			28,188,423	27,279,155
26 O	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Remeasurement (loss) / gain on investment carried		(12.201)	04 122
	at fair value through profit or loss	6	(42,281)	94,132
	Wavier of long term borrowings and markup thereon		17 120	416,103,708
	Dividend income		17,138	10,968
	Miscellaneous		16,959	7,872
	Gain on disposal of vehicle		65,993 57,809	416,216,680
			57,007	110,210,000
27 T	'AXATION - NET			
	Current	27.1 & 27.2	12,291,337	78,257,664
2	7.1 Income tax assessments of the Company have been find the Commissioner of Income tax may, at any time during return, select the deemed assessment for audit.			
			2022	2021
			(Rupee	es)
2	7.2 Relationship between tax expense and accounting pr	ofit		
	Accounting profit		72,286,856	460,329,523
	Tax at applicable tax rate of 29% (2021: 29%)		(20,963,188)	(133,495,562)
	Effect of admissible and inadmissible deductions		(849,082)	(1,314,342)
	Effect of losses		21,812,270	134,809,903
	Effect of alternate corporate tax		12,288,766	78,256,020
	Effect of final tax regime		2,571	1,645
	Tax expense for the year	2.	12,291,337	78,257,664

#### 28 EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### Basic

Basic earnings per share has been computed by dividing the net profit for the year with the number of ordinary shares issued by the Company.

	2022	2021
	(Rupe	es)
Profit after taxation	59,995,519	382,071,859
Number of ordinary shares (Number of shares)	10,625,852	10,625,852
Earnings per shares - basic - note 28.1	5.65	35.96

#### Diluted

Diluted earnings per share has not been computed because there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

28.1 Decrease in the basic earnings per share is mainly due to non recurring waiver of bank liabilities of Rs. 416.103 million in the year ended June 30, 2021.

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES	Note	2022 (Rupee	2021 (s)
29.1 Financial Instrument by Category			
Financial Assets			
- Fair value through profit or loss  Long term investment	6	487,473	529,754
- At amortized cost  Long term deposits  Trade debts  Cash and bank balances	7 10 12	1,316,096 71,457,926 14,907,590 87,681,612 88,169,085	3,570,160 81,104,191 28,123,648 112,797,999 113,327,753
Financial Liabilities			
- At amortized cost  Trade and other payables Short term borrowings Mark-up accrued Unclaimed dividend	15 17 18 19	181,160,162 278,485,490 56,222,899 21,710,187 537,578,738	205,405,935 281,833,572 37,948,314 21,710,187 546,898,008

# 29.2 Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk) and operational risk. The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance. The Company consistently manages its exposure to financial risks without any material change from previous period in the manner described in the notes below.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. All treasury related transactions are carried out within the parameters of these policies.

#### 29.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause a financial loss for the other party, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral.

#### Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk of the Company arises principally out of trade debts, deposits and cash at banks. To reduce the exposure to credit risk, the Company has developed its own risk management policies and guidelines relating mainly to customer credit risk assessment. The management continuously monitors the credit exposure towards the clients and makes allowance for expected credit losses against those balances considered uncollectable.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Company has decent number of customers, both corporate and individual, that are not engaged in similar business activities, therefore, concentration of credit risk is assumed to be limited.

The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure, as specified below:

	2022	2021
Note	(Rupe	es)
7	1,316,096	3,570,160
10	71,457,926	81,104,191
12	14,898,090	28,120,148
	87,672,112	112,794,499
	7 10	Note (Rupe 7 1,316,096 10 71,457,926 12 14,898,090

#### Trade debts

Ageing of debtors and impairment losses

The ageing of trade debts at the reporting date was:-

Not past due		797,926	10,444,191
Past due 1-180 days		-	•
Past due 181-365 days			-
More than one year		70,660,000	70,660,000
		71,457,926	81,104,191
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	10	(70,660,000)	(70,660,000)
		797,926	10,444,191

Based on the past experience, consideration of financial position, past track records and recoveries, the Company had made necessary allowance for expected credit loss against debts considered uncollectable as disclosed in note 10 to these financial statements.

#### Bank Balances

The credit quality of the Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit rating as follows: -

Name of the Bank	Rating agency	Short term ratings
MCB Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+
Soneri Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+
Dubai Islamic Bank Limited	VIS	A1+

#### Long term deposits

The management evaluates the credit risk with respect to long term deposits as low, as these are mainly deposited with the utility and banking companies and there is no history of credit defaults in past.

#### 29.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, timely collection from trade debtors, the availability of adequate funds through committed credit facilities and the ability to close out and meet business needs due to dynamic nature of the business. The Company finances its operations through equity, working capital management, short term and borrowings from directors with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities: -

			2022		
	Carrying	Contractual cash flows	On demand	3 to 12 months	More than twelve months
			Rupees		
Financial Liabilities  Short term borrowings	278,485,490	278,485,490	278,485,490		**
Trade and other payables	181,160,162	181,160,162	128,549,000	52,611,162	-
Mark-up accrued	56,222,899	56,222,899	56,222,899	350 NS	3 <del>4</del> 5
Unclaimed dividend	21,710,187	21,710,187	21,710,187	(*)	=
	537,578,738	537,578,738	484,967,576	52,611,162	-
			2021		
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	On demand	3 to 12 months	More than twelve months
			Rupees		
Financial Liabilities					
Short term borrowing	281,833,572	281,833,572	281,833,572	: <del></del> :	
Trade and other payables	205,405,935	205,405,935	124,969,000	80,436,935	•
Mark-up accrued	37,948,314	37,948,314	37,948,314		
Unclaimed dividend	21,710,187	21,710,187	21,710,187	S.	
	546,898,008	546,898,008	466,461,073	80,436,935	

#### 29.5 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices. The objective is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. The market risks associated with the Company's business activities are discussed as under:

#### Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies.

Currently, the Company is exposed to currency risk on account of export debtors and foreign currency bank account.

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupee	es)
Trade debts - exports		10	59,298,000	59,298,000
Foreign currency bank accounts		12.1	131,353	115,000
roreign currency bank accounts	=		59,429,353	59,413,000
The following significant exchange	Average	Rate	Spot Rate at Rep	orting Date
rates have been applied:	2022	2021	2022	2021
Pound Sterling to Rupees	265.52	215.28	248.48	218.58

#### Currency risk sensitivity analysis

USD to Rupees

Foreign trade debts are considered doubtful by the management, therefore, sensitivity analysis is disclosed only with respect to foreign currency bank accounts. At reporting date, if the Rupees is strengthened by 10% against the US dollar and Pound Sterling with all other variables held constant, profit for the year would have been lower by the amount shown below:

217.21

160.02

157.80

204.85

2022	2021	
(Rupee:	s)	
(13,135)	(11,500)	
	(Rupees	

The weakening of the Rupees against US dollar and Pound Sterling would have had an equal but opposite impact on the loss for the year.

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets of the Company.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company does not have significant interest bearing financial instruments except for variable rate short term borrowings from directors. At reporting date, interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial liabilities is:

	Note	2022 Effective Interest	2022 Carrying o (Rupe	
Variable rate instruments				
Financial liabilities  - Short term borrowings  - loan from directors	17	8.50% - 12.34%	262,861,600	264,989,420

## Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

At reporting date, if the interest rate of short term borrowings had increased / decreased by 1% with all other variables remain constant, profit for the year would have been lower / higher by the amount shown below. The analysis is performed on same basis for year 2021.

	(Rupe	res)	
	Increase	(Decrease)	
As at June 30, 2022 Effect on profit or loss	(2,628,616)	2,628,616	
As at June 30, 2021  Effect on profit or loss	(2,649,894)	2,649,894	

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets of the Company.

#### Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), such as equity price risk. Equity price risk is the risk arising from uncertainties about future values of investments securities. At reporting date, the Company is exposed to equity price risk related to long term investment in listed equity securities.

#### Equity price risk sensitivity analysis

At reporting date, if the market price of securities held by the Company as long term investment had increased / decreased by Rupee 1 with all other variables remain constant, profit for the year would have been higher / lower by the amount shown below. The analysis is performed on same basis for year 2021.

	(Rupe	es)	
	Increase	(Decrease)	
As at June 30, 2022 Effect on profit or loss	2,742	(2,742)	
As at June 30, 2021 Effect on profit or loss	2,742	(2,742)	

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets of the Company.

#### 29.6 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with processes technology and infrastructure supporting the Company's operations either internally within the Company or externally at the Company's service providers, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of investment management behaviour and is the risk arising from the Company's activities.

The Company's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns for investors.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls over operational risk rests with the board of directors. The responsibility encompasses the controls in the following areas:

- i Requirements for appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibility;
- ii Requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- iii Compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- iv Documentation of control and procedures;
- v Requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risk faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risk identified;
- vi Ethical and business standards;
- vii Risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

#### 29.7 Risk management policies

Risk management is carried out by the management under policies approved by the board of Directors. The board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas like credit risk, market price risk, interest rate risk and investing excessive liquidity.

#### 29.8 Capital risk management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business, sustain future development of the business and maximize shareholders value. The Company closely monitors the return on capital along with the level of distributions to ordinary shareholders. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of its gearing ratio. This is calculated as net debt divided by total shareholders' equity plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total debts from financial institutions less cash and bank balances. However, as at June 30, 2022, there are no outstanding debts from financial institutions, therefore, gearing ratios are not calculated.

# 29.9 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at arm's length transaction.

#### Fair value hierarchy

In accordance with the requirements of IFRS 13 Fair value measurement, the Company classifies its property and investments in terms of the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable).

Details of the Company's long term investment and free hold land in terms of fair value hierarchy, explained above, at reporting date is as follows:

		2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
		(Rupees)			
ssets measured at fair value Long term investment	487,473				
Free hold land	-	183,427,000			
		2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
		(Rupees)			
Issets measured at fair value  Long term investment	529,754	-			
Free hold land	-	183,427,000			

# 30 REMUNERATION TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including certain benefits, to the Chief Executive, Directors and Executive of the Company are as follows: -

	Chief Ex	cecutive	Direct	ors	Executi	ve
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
				- Rupees		
Managerial					4 000 000	1 200 000
remuneration	264,000	264,000	75 <del>4</del>	<b>₩</b> ji	1,200,000	1,200,000
House rent	96,000	96,000	1 ·	-	1 <del></del>	-
Meeting fee	2,000	2,000	12,000	12,000	N=1	_
	362,000	362,000	12,000	12,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
Number of persons	1	1	6	6	1	1

In addition, the Chief Executive and Directors have also been provided with free use of the Company's owned and maintained cars.

#### 31 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise of key management personnel. Amounts due to related parties are disclosed in relevant notes to these financial statements. The details of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

Name of Related Party	Basis of relationship	Percentage	2022 (Puna	2021
		of holding	(Rupe	23)
Short term borrowings obtained	d during the year			
Abdul Aziz Jamal	Key management personal	11.93%	16,000,000	23,000,000
Abdul Rashid Jamal	Key management personal	12.65%		5,900,000
Aisha Bai Suleman (Late)	Member	0.71%		
Short term borrowings repaid a	luring the year			
Abdul Aziz Jamal	Key management personal	11.93%	16,600,000	
Abdul Rashid Jamal	Key management personal	12.65%	1,527,000	<b>*</b> /
Aisha Bai Suleman (Late)	Member	0.71%	1,221,082	1,041,308
Mark-up expenses during the y	ear			
Abdul Aziz Jamal	Key management personal	11.93%	16,408,595	14,449,965
Abdul Rashid Jamal	Key management personal	12.65%	11,765,991	11,098,758
Aisha Bai Suleman (Late)	Member	0.71%		1,720,940
Mark-up paid during the year	27			
Abdul Aziz Jamal	Key management personal	11.93%	4,950,000	4,950,000
Abdul Rashid Jamal	Key management personal	12.65%	4,950,000	4,950,000

#### 32 CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

The Company has ceased its operational activities related to textile business and adopted business diversification strategy to enter into real estate development, construction and allied businesses as disclosed in note 1.2 to these financial statements and accordingly plant capacities were not disclosed in these financial statements.

#### 33 OPERATING SEGMENTS

For management purposes, the activities of the Company are organised into one operating segment i.e. development of real estate. The Company operates in the said reportable operating segment based on the nature of products, risks and returns, organisational and management structure and internal financial reporting systems. Accordingly, the figures reported in these financial statements are related to the Company's only reportable segment.

Gross turnover of the Company is generated from customers located in Pakistan only.

Non-current assets of the Company are confined within Pakistan and consist of property, plant and equipment, long term investments and long term deposits.

Revenue earned by the Company during the year from two customers which approximately comprises 26 percent and 18 percent (2021: 51 percent and 25 percent) respectively, of the Company's overall revenue.

#### 34 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Total number of employees at the end of the year	10	10
Average number of employees during the year	10	10

#### 35 GENERAL

- 35.1 Comparative figures have been reclassified and rearranged, where ever considered necessary, for better presentation and disclosures.
- 35.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest of Rupees.

#### 36 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 2 1 SEP 2022

RHZER

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Shareh	oldings	Shares Held
No. of Shareholders	From	То	Silares neiu
500	1	100	13,123
267	101	500	69,766
94	501	1,000	46,763
94	1,001	5,000	229,704
16	5,001	10,000	137,372
7	10,001	15,000	84,758
6	15,001	20,000	109,314
3	20,001	25,000	68,922
1	25,001	30,000	28,339
1	35,001	40,000	39,279
3	40,001	45,000	129,173
2	45,001	50,000	98,500
1	50,001	55,000	50,500
4	55,001	60,000	229,589
7	60,001	65,000	436,930
1	70,001	75,000	71,332
1	75,001	80,000	75,824
2	85,001	90,000	171,776
1	100,001	105,000	102,831
1	130,001	135,000	134,773
1	160,001	165,000	161,638
1	240,001	245,000	243,424
1	380,001	385,000	381,331
1	850,001	855,000	851,197
1	970,001	975,000	975,000
1	1,000,001	1,005,000	1,004,205
1	1,215,001	1,220,000	1,216,193
1	1,275,001	1,280,000	1,278,332
1	2,185,001	2,190,000	2,185,964
1019			10,625,852

# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDERS

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	Number	Shares Held	Percentage
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES			
NIT AND ICP National Bank of Pakistan Trustee Deptt Investment Corporation of Pakistan	2	211 37 174	0.00%
CEO Mr. Husein Jamal	1	154,489	1.45%
Mr. Abdul Aziz Jamal Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal Mr. Muhammed Ali Rashid Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf Ms. Saman Aziz Jamal Mr. Suleman Aswani	6	2,621,912 1,267,193 1,341,379 2,500 2,500 5,840 2,500	11.93% 12.62% 0.02% 0.02% 0.05% 0.02%
Banks Insurance Companies Modarabas Investment Companies Business Institutions Joint Stock Companies Charitable Institutions Abandoned Properties Trade Associations Trusts  SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING TEN PERCENT OR MORE	36 2 2 4 4 4 4 4	3,976,997 979,444 867,017 1,821 1,006,892 1,729 106,370 624,763 1,560 1,839 385,562	9.22% 8.16% 0.02% 9.48% 0.02% 1.00% 5.88% 0.01% 0.02% 3.63%
VOTING INTEREST IN THE COMPANY	4	2,185,964	20.57%
Husein Ebrahim Foundation  INDIVIDUALS	973	1,686,279	15.87%
	1019	10,625,852	100.00%

# ATTENDANCE AT BOARD MEETINGS

#### FOR THE YEAR 2021 - 2022

		Во	ard	Audit Co	mmittee	& Remu	Resource neration nittee
Name of Directors	Designation	Required	Attended	Required	Attended	Required	Attended
Mr. Abdul Aziz Jamal	Chairman	4	4				
Mr. Husein Jamal	CEO	4	4			7)	
Mr. Abdul Rashid Jamal	Director	4	4			1	1
Mr. Muhammed Ali Rashid	Director	4	4	5	5		
Ms. Saman Aziz Jamal	Director	4	4				
Mr. Abdul Rehman Yousuf	Director	4	4	5	5	1	1
Mr. Suleman Aswani	Director	4	4	5	5	1	1

# **KEY OPERATING & FINANCIAL DATA**

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021	2019-2020	2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017
Revenue	221,851,273	149,683,713	108,339,000	63,832,000	74,371,000	76,769,000
Cost of Sales	(90,065,719)	(58,950,161)	(22,382,000)	(14,028,000)	(123,530,000)	(80,417,000)
Gross Profit / (loss)	131,785,554	90,733,552	85,957,000	49,804,000	(49,159,000)	(3,678,000)
Operating Profit / (loss)	100,417,470	71,391,998	64,217,000	33,861,000	(70,857,000)	(27,137,000)
Profit / (loss) befor Tax	72,286,856	460,329,523	3,619,000	3,154,000	(65,804,000)	388,000
Profit / (loss) After Tax	59,995,519	382,071,859	2,463,000	5,467,000	(66,734,000)	(379,000)
Paid up Capital	106,259,000	106,259,000	106,259,000	106,259,000	106,259,000	106,259,000
Current Assets	99,142,791	114,085,655	108,889,000	80,902,000	112,612,000	250,047,000
Current Liabilities	876,961,936	948,403,020	1,335,006,000	1,324,581,000	1,368,573,000	1,135,755,000

### HUSEIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED.

HT-8, Landhi Industrial & Trading Estate, Landhi, Karachi-75120

#### PROXY FORM

I/W	e	
of_		being a member of Husein Industries Limited and holder
of_		Ordinary Shares, as per:
	Shares Register	Folio.No and/or
		D No Sub A/c No
	Me	
	Ms	
		our proxy to attend, speak and vote for me/us and on my/our behalf,
		Meeting of the Company to be held on 28th October, 2021
		ered Office at Plot.No. HT-8, Landhi Industrial & Trading
Esta	ite, Landhi, Karachi, a	and at any adjournment thereof.
Δeν	vitness my hand this	day of 2022
		uay u
prist	nesses:	
1.	Signature:	
	Name:	
	Address	
	-	Signature on
	-	Revenue Stamps
	CNIC No. or	of Rupees Five
	Passport No	
	-	
2.	Signature:	Signature should agree with the
-	Name:	
	Address	specimen signature with the
	Address	Company
	_	
	CNIC No. or _	
	Passport No _	
	* Proxy representing	a corporation may or may not himself be a member of the Company.
	DRTANT:	and the company.
i.		duly completed, must be deposited at the Company's Registered

- Office, not less than forty eight hours before the meeting.
- CDC shareholders and their proxies are each requested to attach an attested 2. photocopy of their new/computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.
- All proxies attending the AGM are requested to bring their original CNIC/Passport for 3. identification.