

ANNUAL REPORT 2022



In the Name of Almighty Allah The Most Beneficient
The Most Merciful

COLONY TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Vision



To explore and create opportunities, remain at the forefront of innovation and meet the expectations of stakeholders at every stage, every year, while remaining humble in perception and true to our values.

Mission



To take Colony to new heights with an eye on the future; for the business, for our employees and for our stakeholders

Business Ethics and **Practices**

Our Core business is to produce and supply of Textile Products to local and international customers with best quality standards and efficient services. Customer satisfaction being our top priority, we follow the under mentioned business practices for the achievement of the desired results of customer satisfaction.

HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

We believe in individual respect and growth. Our employment and HR policies develop individuals without race, religion, gender or any discrimination factor. We provide equal opportunities to all the employees under a team based working environment. We provide all the possible support to all our employees to enhance their knowledge and vision keeping in view of their own limitations.

SOCIAL AND COMMUNITY COMMITMENTS

We believe in community development. We contribute our resources, both financial and ethical, in supporting all the deserving individuals of the society. We feel it is our responsibility to play our role in the development of the society and do maximum within our own limitations for the community at large.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Our risk management policies are geared to enhance share holders worth, improve credit worthiness and minimize credit risk while diversifying income, along with suppliers and customers base. We strongly believe in having an excellent relationship with our financial institutions as we take them as our business partners.

TRANSPARENT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Our financial polices are based on the principal of fairness and transparency. We are following all the applicable laws and best accounting practices while preparing the financial statements for the stakeholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We as a responsible corporate citizen strongly adhere to the Corporate Governance principles and comply with the regulatory obligations enforced by regulatory agencies for improving corporate performance. We believe in up rightness of performance and expect it to be a fundamental responsibility of our employees to act in the best interest of the company without compromising on the rules and regulations enforced by the regulators.

MARKETING AND INDUSTRY PRACTICES

All our marketing polices are customer focused. We believe in One Window Solution and customer satisfaction. Our marketing policy is only based on these two parameters and to achieve this we ensure best quality and efficient response to customers. As a long term marketing strategy we are focusing on diversification, value addition of our products while making a close liaison with markets, customers and their needs.

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Company Information

Board Of Directors

Mr. Mughis A. Sheikh (Chairman)

Mr. Fareed Mughis Sheikh (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Muhammad Tariq

Mr. Muhammad Atta ullah Khan Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Saif Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria

Mrs. Noshaba Faiz

Board Committees

Audit Committee

Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria (Chairman)

Mrs. Noshaba Faiz

Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Saif

HR & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Muhammad Atta ullah Khan (Chairman)

Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Saif Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria

Other Management Committees

Executive Committee

Mr. Fareed Mughis Sheikh (Chairman)

Mr. Muhammad Tariq

Mr. Muhammad Atta ullah Khan

Technical Committee

Mr. Fareed Mughis Sheikh (Chairman)

Mr. Muhammad Tariq

Mr. Noor Khan

Finance Committee

Mr. Fareed Mughis Sheikh (Chairman)

Mr. Atta Mohyuddin Khan Mr. Bilal Ahmad Khan Niazi

Social Compliance & Human Resource Committees

Mr. Fareed Mughis Sheikh (Chairman)

Mr. Muhammad Atta ullah Khan

Mr. Atta Mohyuddin Khan

Company Information

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Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Atta Mohyuddin Khan

Company Secretary

Mr. Muhammad Tayyab

Auditors

Tariq Abdul Ghani Maqbool & Co. Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisor

BNR

Advocates and Corporate Counsel

Tax Advisor

Riaz Ahmad & Company Chartered Accountants

Registered Address

Ismail Aiwan-e-Science Building 205 Ferozepur Road, Lahore-54600

Phone : 042-35758970-2 Fax : 042-35763247

Email : corporate@colonytextiles.com Website: www.colonytextiles.com

Share Registrar

Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Limited

HM House, 7 Bank Square

Lahore.

Phone: (042) 37235081-2, Fax: 042-37358817 Email: shares@hmaconsultants.com

Bankers

Bank Islami Pakistan Limited

Meezan Bank Limited

Faysal Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

Soneri Bank Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Silk Bank Limited

The Bank of Punjab

United Bank Limited

Summit Bank Limited

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 12th Annual General Meeting of Colony Textile Mills Limited will be held on Thursday, October 27, 2022 at 10:00 hours at Ismail Aiwan-e-Science Building, 205-Ferozepur Road, Lahore to transact the following business:

- To confirm the minutes of 11th Annual General Meeting held on October 28, 2021.
- To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Un-consolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022 together with Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- To appoint the Company's Auditors and to fix their remuneration for the next Financial Year
- Any other business with the permission of Chairman.

By Order of the Board

Muhammad Tavvab Company Secretary

Lahore: October 05, 2022

NOTES:

- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 20, 2022 to October 27, 2022 (both days inclusive). Physical transfers / CDS Transaction IDs received at the Company's Share Registrar, M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore, at the close of business on October 19, 2022 will be considered in time to determine voting rights of the shareholders for attending the meeting.
- A member eligible to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote. In case of a corporate entity, votes may be given through attorney or proxy. In both cases the instrument of proxy duly completed, must reach to the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding Annual General
- Pursuant to the clarification issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its letter no. SMD/SE/2(20)/2021/117 dated December 15, 2021, facility of Video Link is being offered to shareholders to attend/participate in Annual General Meeting. To attend the General Meeting through video link, members and proxies are requested to register their particulars such as Name, CNIC Number, Folio/CDC Account Number, Cell Number and eMail Address by sending an e-mail at corporate@colonytextiles.com at earliest but not later than 48 hours before the Meeting time.
 - The video link and login credentials will be shared with the shareholders whose e-mails, containing all the requested particulars, are received in time as mentioned above. The shareholders are also encouraged to send their comments / suggestions, related to the agenda items of the General Meeting on the above-mentioned e-mail address.
- The Annual Report is being transmitted to shareholders in the form of DVD instead of sending it in Book form in terms of SRO No. 470(I)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 and is also available at website of the Company at www.colonytextiles.com. Any Member requiring printed copy of Annual Report may send request using a standard Request Form placed on the Company's website, the Company will provide the printed copy of Accounts to such member free of cost within one week of such demand.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

- v. In pursuance of the directions given by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide SRO 787 (I)/2014 dated September 8, 2014, those shareholders who desire to receive Annual Financial Statements in future through email instead of receiving the same by post, are advised to give their formal consent along with their valid email address on a standard request form which is available at the Company's website and send the form, duly signed by the shareholder, along with copy of his/her valid CNIC to the Company's Registered Office.
- vi. Shareholders who could not collect their dividend/physical shares are advised to contact our Share Registrar to collect/inquire about their unclaimed dividend or shares, if any.
- vii. Members can also avail video conference facility at their hometown. In this regard fill the application as per following format and submit to the registered address of the company. The video conference facility will be provided only If the company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at geographical location at least 07 days prior to the date of general meeting. Upon receipt of request, the company shall arrange and intimate members regarding venue of video conference facility at least 5 days before the date of Annual General Meeting with guidelines to participate in video conference.

I / We of being member of Colony Textile Mills
Limited, holder of Ordinary shares as per Register Folio # / CDC Account #
Participant Id # hereby opt for Video conference facility at
Signature of shareholde

- viii. Members can exercise their right to vote through e-voting or postal ballot subject to provisions of sections 142, 143, 144 and 145 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Regulation 11 of the "Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018".
- ix. In compliance of directions of SECP through its letter number CSD/ED/MISC/2016-639-640 dated March 26, 2021 and the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017, the Shareholders having physical shareholding are requested to open sub-account with any of the broker or Investor account directly with CDC to place their physical shares into scripless form. This will facilitate them in many ways including safe custody and sale of shares, at any time they want, as the trading of physical shares is not permitted as per existing regulations of the stock exchange.
- x. The Members are again advised:
 - To provide the copies of their valid CNIC's if not provided earlier to update the members register.
 - ii) To notify the change of address immediately, if any.

CHAIRMANS' REVIEW

The Board of Directors of Colony Textile Mills Limited consists of:

Mr. Mughis A. Sheikh (Chairman)

Mr. Fareed Mughis Sheikh (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Muhammad Tariq

Mr. Muhammad Attaullah Khan

Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria

Mr. Ashraf Saif

Ms. Noshaba Faiz

I am pleased to present the report on the overall performance of the board and effectiveness of its role in achieving the company's objectives as well as ensuring overall compliance of Companies Act. 2017 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019. I would take this opportunity to invite you for the Annual General Meeting of the company.

The board members are aware of the high level of ethical and professional standards laid down in our Mission and Vision Statements which are adopted by the company and fully support the same in attaining the objectives detailed there in. While leading the board, I have ensured it, so that it maximizes value for the company in all spheres.

The composition of Board of Directors reflects mix of varied backgrounds and rich experiences in the fields of business, finance, banking and human resource.

The board is responsible for management of the company, formulates all significant policies and strategies. The board acknowledge its responsibility for Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework and is committed to good Corporate Governance. The Board is aware of the importance of its role in achieving the objectives of the company and devoted and focused towards company's values, mission and vision.

During the year, the Board of Directors focused on future strategies and on setting the operational and financial goals. The Board regularly tracked the progress against the budgeted targets. The Subcommittees of the Board also performed their functions as per their terms of reference during the year under review. The Board carried out reviews of its effectiveness and performance during the year which have been satisfactory.

During the financial year 2021-22, the board met five times. These meetings were conducted as per best practices and complying with all the regulatory requirements. In order to achieve the corporate objective, the board strictly monitored the performance of the sub committees to get maximum output. The board also monitored the quality standards of the company's products, compliance with best corporate practices and governance, stable and continual growth, encouraging diversity and ethical behavior and development of skills to attain advancement and excellence. The board is also well aware of its responsibilities for health safety and environment. We are very much satisfied with our efforts towards corporate social responsibility and are motivated to further extend it.

The board strictly adhered to the guidelines issued by the corporate regulators while conducting the general and board meetings, publication of notices circulation of minutes and organizing CAB session for investor community.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our sincere gratitude to the company's employees at all levels for their dedicated efforts and efficiency. We wish to put on record our thanks for the cooperation and support extended by the shareholders, the company's banks, customers and suppliers of the company and hope their support will continue in the future with same spirit.

Mughis A. Sheikh Chairman

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October 05, 2022

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I present before you the annual report of the company along with audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. In compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance, these financial statements have been endorsed by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the company, recommended for approval by the Audit Committee of the Board and approved by the Board of Directors for presentation.

Your company has achieved sales of Rs. 30,817 million as compared to the last year sales of Rs. 25,469 million. The gross profit for the year is Rs. 2,884 million against previous year's gross profit of Rs. 2,229 million. The bottom line showed a net profit of Rs. 286 million with earnings per share of Rs 0.57 as compared to the net profit of Rs. 748 million with earnings per share of Rs. 1.50 for the last year.

The first three quarters were fairly good for the whole textile chain and most of the mills made handsome earnings but as we have been saying repeatedly in the past, due to our financial limitations an lack of banking lines, we were not able to fully exploit the oppertunity. Though our results were healthy but not in line with companies our size.

There were very high hopes with the recovery of global economy after respite from Covid-19 pandemic but all hopes were shattered with massive demand destruction and high rate of inflation. All sectors were hit badly as there was drastic reduction in demand, causing build-up in finished goods inventories and uncontrolled highs in input costs. Matters were made much worse for Pakistan as this situation was coupled with major political uncertainty, unprecedented surge in interest rates, massive devaluation and across the board rise in all input costs including utilities. Catastrophic floods raised havoc across the country and not only caused large human loss but destroyed significant infrastructure and crops, especially cotton crop.

Though your company achieved the highest ever turnover figure of its history but it was only because of increase in input costs and devaluation. The markets became very resistant to absorbing complete cost increase and the results have been quite troublesome. Not only did your company suffer loss for the last quarter but a significant portion of profits made in the last three quarters was also errodide.

The matters kept on worsening in the textile markets globally and in Pakistan especially. Most of the textile mills have either shutdown their partial capacities or completely closed. In order to minimize losses your company also curtailed some capacities in the last quarter but as the matters have gotten even worse, further curtailment has taken place in the subsequent months.

Although Pakistan's economy has always had a volatile growth pattern with regular boom and bust cycles but this might be one of the worst times in the history of our country.

The principal activities of the company are manufacturing and sale of yarn, fabrics, garments made ups and trading in real estate.

SPINNING SEGMENT

Spinning sector's performance in the first three quarters were fairly satisfactory. Though the local consumption sector stayed under significant pressure throughout the year; due to ever increasing cost of living, the direct/in-direct export sector was perfoming very well to mitigate local market losses.

Towards the end of third quarter the global markets also started contracting and prices started crashing. This sentiment further weakend the local market. On one side the cost of production was rising phenomenally and on the other the product prices were falling due to domestic and international turmoil and uncertainty.

Alarming market situation continues into the new year. With lack of demand and high cost of production there continues to be an emense pressure on yarns of all types and counts.

WEAVING SEGMENT

Weaving segments performance has been no different than that of the spinning segment. As we are producing fabrics for domestic as well export markets, both segments had their own share of concerns throughout the year. The situation also got further agrivated towards the last quarter.

With ever increasing and uncertain input costs and volatile currency situation, it has become extremely difficult to price products. Matters are made worse in the absence of requisite bank lines as it is not possible to take any view on materials.

REAL ESTATE SEGMENT

There is no movement/activity in real state segment during the year.

STITCHRITE (PRIVATE) LIMITED-A WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY

This wholly owned subsidiary has started its operations during the year and Colony Textile Mills Limited has increased the paid up capital of subsidiary from Rs. 100 million to Rs. 130 million during the year.

The market has been quite supportive towards our products and we hope for a very promising future. Our garments are being exported mainly to Europe and customers have shown a keen interest in working and growing with us.

DIRECTORS'LOAN

The Sponsor Directors are truly committed to the well being of the company, interest free Sub-ordinated loan of Rs. 120 million from an Executive Director still exists to support this financial situation.

DIVIDEND

Considering the financial results of the company for the year ended June 30, 2022 the management has not recommended any dividend in this year.

NON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Quality, customer's satisfaction, employee's development and professional standards are key areas where management has been taken measures to improve them. The company is currently producing and supplying high quality products which ensure maximum satisfaction of customers. During the year the company has conducted various performance appraisals for the development of existing human capital. The company is maintaining a highly satisfactory relationship with all stakeholders. The company has formed various committees which are responsible for the effective monitoring of key areas.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The few months that have passed in the current year have been very tough. The raw material supplies in the pipeline are very expensive and the input costs are at an all time high but due to global uncertainities markets lack any interest and fresh prices for raw materials are tumbling. Due to floods local cotton crop has been badly damged and trading at an abnormally high price. Interest rates, utility prices and volatility in currency rates has made markets very shaky and prey to exploitation.

We see this situation lasting till commodity and raw materials settle at pre-covid levels and demand starts being generated again. Global political situation is also creating a major obstacle in taming the situation and new circumstnaces shake the market on regular basis.

Domestic market is hostage to the ever increasing cost of living and political turmoil. Rumers and speculations shake the market everyday and it is hard to visualize any revival before there is stability in the country.

Although challenges are at all time high but we are committed to perform in best possible manner and add value to our stakeholders to meet the long term goals of the company. For improving quality of our products and get premium on selling prices we will continue to upgrade plant and machinery with the prime objective of reducing inefficiencies, utilities and maintenance requirements and developing our human capital.

SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

The company maintains working conditions which are safe and without risk to the health of all employees and public at large. Our focus remains on improving all aspects of safety specially with regards to the safe production, delivery, storage and handling of the materials. Your company always ensures environmental preservation and adopts all possible means for environment protection.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Your company has very distinct Corporate and Social Responsibility (CSR) policy in fulfilling its responsibilities of securing the community within which it operates. We add substantially to the national exchequer through the payment of various taxes, duties and levies and our export earnings contribute in country's foreign exchange position. We pride ourselves for being an equal opportunity employer. Your company takes pride in running initiatives in providing free meals to its workforce and the less-fortunate in the surrounding area, medical consultation and free medication to the needy and clean drinking water.

The company also discharged its social and ethical responsibility regarding the Covid-19 crises without any compromising in work quality by employing latest communication technologies. On line meeting and work from home policies not only saved the workforce from the fatal disease but also contributed to overall objective of prevention of the pandemic. Further we initiated a medical camp in the mills premises to ensure that the whole staff members, workers and their families are vaccinated properly.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

This is the most prime and effective committee of the Board. It has a vital role in the compliance of internal controls to ensure safeguard of all the interest of the company, through monitoring of internal audit functions, risk management policies in the light of Terms of Reference developed by the Board. The committee recommends the appointment of the external auditors and also reviews the critical reporting made by the internal and external auditors.

The names of Members of Audit Committee are as under:

Name of Director	Category	Designation in Committee
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Saif	Independent Director	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Atta Ullah Khan	Non-Executive Director	Member
Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria	Non-Executive Director	Member

HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The human resource committee determines the compensation packages for all cadres of the company's employees according to the terms of reference of Committee. The committee is also responsible to create and maintain conducive working environment that instill trust and ensure respect, fair treatment, development opportunity and grooming and make succession plans for all employees. We feel that human resource is key element in our business strategy.

The names of Members of HRR Committee are as under:

Name of Director	Category	Designation in Committee
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Saif	Independent Director	Chairman
Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria	Independent Director	Member
Ms. Noshaba Faiz	Non-Executive Director	Member

The Board of Directors had also formed the following Management Committees and advised them their respective terms of reference to run the affairs of Company:

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The executive committee is responsible for setting overall corporate objectives and strategies, identification of opportunities, monitoring the business strategies and plans and there after the successful implementation of those plans. One of the major roles of the committee is to change the management policies and role of the company as required under the changing requirements of local and international customers, keeping in view the strengths and weaknesses of the company, so that the best possible results could be achieved.

The names of Members of Executive Committee are as under:

Name of Director	Designation in Company	Designation in Committee
Mr. Fareed M. Sheikh	Executive Director/CEO	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Tariq	Executive Director	Member
Mr. Muhammad Atta Ullah Khan	Non-Executive Director	Member

TECHNICAL COMMITTE

The technical committee acts in an advisory capacity to the CEO, provides recommendation relating to the technical affairs of the company, formulation of technical policies required under the code of corporate governance specially keeping in view the environment protection plans of the Government. It is also responsible for overall factory operations, achievement of desired quality, production targets and efficiency of the mechanical works. This is also empowered to deal with the day to day technical issues under authorized limits.

The names of Members of Technical Committee are as under:

Name of Member	Designation in Company	Designation in Committee
Mr. Fareed M. Sheikh	Executive Director/CEO	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Tariq	Executive Director	Member
Mr. Noor Khan	Director Technical	Member

FINANCE COMMITTEE

The role of the finance committee is to review and recommend the financial targets, annual and quarterly budgets, approval of the expenditures for amounts with in its limits, investments of the surplus funds of the company and financial policies and controls including the policies required under the code of corporate governance. The committee works under the guidance of CEO.

The names of Members of Finance Committee are as under:

Name of Member	Designation in Company	Designation in Committee
Mr. Fareed M. Sheikh	Executive Director/CEO	Chairman
Mr. Atta Mohyuddin Khan	Chief Financial Officer	Member
Mr. Bilal Ahmed Khan Niazi	Director Finance	Member

SOCIAL COMPLIANCE AND HUMAN RESOURCE

A major factor in your company's success is its highly skilled and motivated workforce. Our strength comes from our people. We can rightly take pride in fact that Human Resources have always been given a high priority. Today, when we look back on past years, we can see that while our objectives may have changed along the way, our human resource policies have always been based on the underlying values of fairness, merit, equal opportunity and social responsibility. These values manifest themselves in our policies of recruitment, performance appraisal, training and development, health and safety and industrial relations.

The names of Members of Social Compliance and Human Resource Committee are as under:

Name of Member	Designation in Company	Designation in Committee
Mr. Fareed M. Sheikh	Executive Director/CEO	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Atta Ullah Khan	Non-Executive Director	Member
Mr. Atta Mohyuddin Khan	Chief Financial Officer	Member

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors consist of seven members and responsible to manage the Company affairs in a transparent manner to achieve the sustainable growth of business.

Presently, the Board consists of seven male members, the requirement of gender representation on the Board will be met in due course of time.

Category wise composition of Board is as under:

Category	Number of Directors
Independent Directors	02
Non-Executive Directors	03
Executive Directors	02

During the year under review five meetings of the Board of Directors, four meetings of the audit committee and one meeting of human resource & remuneration committee were held. Attendance in the meetings by each director was as under:

Directors' Name	Board of Directors	Audit Committee	H.R.R. Committee
Mr. Mughis A. Sheikh	05	-	-
Mr. Fareed M. Sheikh	05	-	-
Mr. Muhammad Tariq	05	•	-
Mr. M. Atta Ullah Khan	05	-	01
Mr. M. Ashraf Saif	05	05	01
Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria	05	05	01
Ms. Noshaba Faiz	05	05	-

Code of Ethics and Business Practices has been developed and are communicated and acknowledged by each Director and employee of the company.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The company has a formal remuneration policy for its directors (Executive/Non Executive) duly approved by board of directors. The policy has been designed as component of HR strategy and both are required to support overall business strategy. The board believes that policy is appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives and directors to run and manage the company as well as to create congruence between directors, executives and shareholders.

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Board has established and implemented effective procedures and controls for business and support cycles after identification of related risks. These are reviewed periodically and updated in line with latest risk assessment and risks faced by the business.

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, the Board of Directors approved comprehensive mechanism for evaluation of Board's own performance and its Committees. The terms of reference have been advised to Human Resource and Remuneration Committee for this purpose.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has presented all related party transactions before the Audit Committee and Board for their review and approval. These transactions have been approved by the Audit Committee and the Board in their respective meetings. The details of related party transactions have been provided in Note to the annexed financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

The Board has considered the Chairman's Review to the Members and have also been annexed to the Annual Report.

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Directors of your Company have developed Code of Conduct with set procedures. Copies of Code have duly been acknowledged by all the concerned.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 duly reviewed by the Auditors is attached with Annual Report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

The Company exposed to principal risk, if any, is explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements at relevant section.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The management ensures that all requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance were complied with. The statement of compliance with the best practices of Code of Corporate Governance is annexed.

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AND INFORMATION UNDER CLAUSE XIX(i) OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The pattern of shareholding and information under clause XIX (i) of the Code of Corporate Governance as on June 30, 2022 is annexed.

APPOINTMENT OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The present auditors M/S Tariq Abdul Ghani Maqbool & Company, Chartered Accountants, retire and audit committee and board of directors have recommended their reappointment for the ensuing year.

The auditors have conveyed that they have been assigned satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and the firm is fully compliant with code of ethics issued by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC). Further they are not rendering any related services to the company. The auditors have also confirmed that neither the firm nor any of their partners, their spouses and minor children at any time during the year held or traded in the shares of the company.

AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 have been duly audited by the external auditors who have issued clean audit report on the Company's Financial Statements.

WEB PRESENCE

Annual and periodic financial statements of the Company are also available on www.colonytextiles.com

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

In compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance, we are giving below statements on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework.

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the company, presents fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- The Board of Directors has adopted a vision and mission statement and a statement of overall corporate strategy.
- Proper books of account of the company as per statutory requirements have been maintained.
- Code of Ethics and Business Practice has been developed and are communicated and acknowledged by each director and employee of the company.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Accounting Standards, as applied in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has effectively implemented and monitored.
- Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is enclosed with this report and this report was found to be in order after review by the auditors.
- There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no departure from the best practices of the code of corporate governance, as
 detailed in the listing regulations.
- The company strictly complies with the standards of the safety rules and regulations. It also follows environmental friendly policies.
- No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company have occurred between the end of the financial year to which the balance sheet relates and the date of the Director's Report, except for disclose in the financial statements.
- Key operating and financial data since incorporation is annexed in summarized form.
- The directors have not recommended any dividend in view of current financial scenario.
- Information about outstanding taxes and other Government levies are given in related note(s) to the accounts.
- The annexed audited accounts give the detail of outstanding taxes and levies.
- The company operates a contributory provident fund scheme for all employees and defined benefits gratuity fund scheme for its managerial and non managerial staff. The net value of investment in their respective accounts is as under:

Provident Fund Rs. 301 million
Gratuity Fund Rs. 306 million

 The directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children have made no transactions in the company's shares during the year.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no post balance sheet events that need be adjusted or disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 of the company and its subsidiary StitchRite (Private) Limited are attached.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We would like to place on record our deep appreciation for the efforts of the executives, officers and other staff members for their hard work, cooperation and sincerity to the company in achieving the best possible results. The board also wishes to record the appreciation to all banks for their continued support to the company. The management is quite confident that these relations and cooperation will continue in the coming years.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria Director Fareed Mughis Sheikh Chief Executive Officer

Lahore October 05, 2022

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

Name of Company: Colony Textile Mills Limited
Year ending: June 30, 2022

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:

a.	Male:	06
b.	Female:	01

2. The composition of board is as follows:

a.	Independent Directors:	02
b.	Non-Executive Director:	03
C.	Executive Directors:	02

- 3. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained by the Company.
- **6.** All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of Board.
- **8.** The Board of Directors has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. All The Board Members have completed Director's Training Program (DTP) or exempted from the training. The Company has arranged Orientation Programs for its Directors and Key Employees during the year. The Company also considering the arrangement of training for its Key Employees from the approved Institutions.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements at the respective dates of appointments in past.
- **11.** Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer have duly endorsed the Financial Statements before approval of the Board.
- **12.** The Board has formed Committees comprising of members given below:

a. Audit Committee

Name of Director	Category	Designation in Committee
Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria	Independent Director	Chairman
Mrs. Noshaba Faiz	Independent Director	Member
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Saif	Non-Executive Director	Member

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

b. HR and Remuneration Committee

Name of Director	Category	Designation in Committee
Mr. Muhammad Atta ullah Khan	Non-Executive Director	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Saif	Non-Executive Director	Member
Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria	Independent Director	Member

The Board has also developed other Management Committees to run the affairs of the Company efficiently as detailed in "Company Information". The said Committees have been managed by suitable qualified persons with representation of Board Member(s) according to the requirements of respective committee.

- The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly / half yearly / yearly) of the committee were as per following:

a. Audit Committee: Atleast Once in each Quart during the year

b. HR and Remuneration Committee: Once during the year

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function; the members of internal audit team are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the Company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirements and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

MUGHIS A. SHEIKH

elle deil

Chairman Lahore

October 05, 2022

Independent Auditors' Review Report of Colony Textile Mills Limited Review Report on Statement of Compliance Listed Companies contained in (Code of corporate governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **Colony Textile Mills Limited** (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

October 05, 2022 Lahore

UDIN: CR202210055JjqWniSvP

Tany Arun Akari Maghari W Tariq Abdul Ghani Maqbool & Co. Chartered Accountants

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Colony Textile Mills Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters:

Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit					
1) Revenue						
(Refer note 33 to the annexed financial statements)	Our audit procedures in relation to the matte					

Revenue is recognized when control of the underlying products has been transferred to the customers. The Company primarily generates revenue from sale of yarn, fabric and trading in real estate. During the year, the Company's revenue is Rs. 30,817 million which is 102.39% of the total assets.

We have considered revenue as a key audit matter as it is one of the key performance indicators of the Company. There is inherent risk of material misstatement as there is a significant increase in revenue from last year despite the economic crisis faced by textile sector of the country in last quarter of the financial year.

Our audit procedures in relation to the matter amongst others, included the following:

- Assessed the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the relevant key internal controls over the Company's system which governs revenue recognition;
- Understood and evaluated the accounting policies with respect to revenue recognition including those related to discounts and commissions and its compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards;
- Performed testing of sample of revenue transactions with underlying documentation including dispatch documents and sales invoices;
- Tested on a sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the reporting date with underlying documentation to assess whether revenue has been recognized in the correct period;
- Checked on a sample basis, approval of sales prices and commissions by the appropriate authority;
- Performed recalculation of discounts and commission as per Company's policy on test basis;
- Performed audit procedures to analyze variation in the price and quantity sold during the year; and
- Assessed the adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements related to revenue.

Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit
2) Inventories	
(Refer notes 25 and 26 to the annexed financial statements) The Company has inventories i.e, stores, spares and oose tools and stock-in-trade aggregating Rs. 5,362 million. We identified this area as a key audit matter because nventories constitute 17.81% of the total assets of the Company as at 30 June 2022 and determining an appropriate write down as a result of net realizable value (NRV) and provision for slow moving inventories nvolves management judgement and estimation.	 Our audit procedures in respect of this area included: Observation of physical inventory count procedures and compared on a sample basis, physical count with valuations sheets; Compared on a sample basis specific purchases and directly attributable cost with underlying supporting documents; Compared the NRV, on a sample basis, to the cost of finished goods to assess whether any adjustments are required to value stocks in accordance with applicable accounting and reporting standards; Assessed the provision for slow moving items as at year end is in accordance with the Company policy and relevant accounting standard; and We also considered the adequacy of the related disclosures and assessed these are in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards and the Companies Act, 2017.
3) Capital expenditures	
(Refer note 20 to the annexed financial statements) The Company has significant amounts of fixed capital expenditures amounting to Rs. 1,738 million, being 8.97% of property, plant and equipment as at reporting date. The Company is investing significant amounts in its operations and there are a number of areas where management's judgment impacts the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and its respective depreciation profile. These include among others the decision to capitalize costs; and review of useful life of the assets. The Company's principal accounting policy on operating fixed assets and capital work in progress are disclosed in note 7.03 to the financial statements. We focused on this area since the amounts have a significant impact on the financial position of the Company and there is significant impact on the reporting of the financial position for the Company. Therefore, considered as one of the key audit matters.	Our audit procedures in relation to capitalization of property, plant and equipment, amongst others include the following: • Understanding the design and implementation of management controls over capitalization and performing tests of control over authorization of capital expenditure and accuracy of its recording in the system. • Testing, on sample basis, the costs incurred on projects with supporting documents and contracts. • Assessing the nature of costs incurred for capital projects through testing, on sample basis, of amounts recorded and considering whether the expenditure meets the criteria for capitalization as per the accounting policy and applicable accounting standards. • Checked the reasonableness of management's assessment of categories of assets and working of reclassification in categories of assets including impact of reclassification on both cost of assets and accumulated depreciation in each category. • Inspecting supporting documents for the date of capitalization when project was ready for its intended use to assess whether depreciation commenced and further capitalization of costs ceased from that date and assessing the useful life assigned by management including the calculation.

Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit
4) Borrowings	
(Refer notes 11, 12, 15 and 17 to the annexed financial statements) The Company has significant amounts of borrowings from Banks and other financial institutions amounting to Rs. 10,722 million, being 53.75% of total liabilities, as at reporting date. Given the significant level of borrowings, finance costs, significant gearing, the disclosure given by the management in financial statements and compliance with various loan covenants, this is considered to be a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures in respect of this area included: Review of loan agreements and facility letters to ascertain the terms and conditions of repayment, rates of markup used and disclosed by management for finance costs and to ensure that the borrowings have been approved at appropriate level. Verification of disbursement of loans and utilization on sample basis. Review of documents for charge registration with regulator - SECP. Verification of repayments made by the Company during the year on sample basis to confirm that repayments are being made on time and no default has been made. Assessing procedures designed by management to comply with the debt covenants and performing covenant tests on sample basis. Obtaining direct confirmations from Banks of the Company to confirm balances, terms & conditions stated in the facility offer letters and compliance thereof. Performing analytical procedures, recalculations and ensuring outstanding liabilities have been properly classified in financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- (b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- (d) No zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

 $The \ engagement \ partner \ on \ the \ audit \ resulting \ in \ this \ independent \ audit \ ors' \ report \ is \ Shahid \ Mehmood.$

Dated: 05 October, 2022

Lahore

UDIN: AR2022100557YVStQ2I5

Tariq Abdul Ghani Maqbool & Co.
Chartered Accountants

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Share capital and reserves Authorised share capital 8	5,300,000	5,300,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 9	4,980,100	4,980,100
Reserve arising on amalgamation	3,156,388	3,156,388
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	19,594	19,594
Directors' loan 10	120,000	120,000
General reserves	4,702	4,702
Unappropriated profit	1,869,384	1,590,412
Surplus on remeasurement of investments	1,040	2,951
	10,151,208	9,874,147
Non-current liabilities		
Long term financing 11	6,153,624	6,894,705
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 12	1,614	12,906
Deferred liabilities 13	5,911,931	5,257,156
	12,067,169	12,164,767
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables 14	2,688,356	1,857,242
Short term borrowings 15	3,597,762	2,993,518
Accrued mark up 16	119,645	147,638
Unclaimed dividend	94	94
Current portion of long term liabilities 17	969,475	830,584
Provision for taxation 18	505,413	368,233
	7,880,745	6,197,309
Contingencies and commitments 19		
	30,099,122	28,236,223

Chief Financial Officer

Director

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
ASSETS		,	
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	20	19,368,679	18,648,431
Right of use assets	21	86,056	90,585
Investment property	22	791,089	784,279
Long term investments	23	177,434	434,580
Investment in subsidiary	24	130,000	100,000
Long term deposits		51,132	51,132
		20,604,390	20,109,007
Current assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	25	625,514	362,286
Stock in trade	26	4,736,428	4,798,585
Trade debts	27	1,580,033	1,121,943
Loans and advances	28	1,512,360	873,565
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	29	85,729	116,629
Other financial assets	30	14	20
Tax refunds due from the government	31	933,601	799,392
Cash and bank balances	32	21,053	54,796
		9,494,732	8,127,216

30,099,122	28,236,223

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.



STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Sales - net	33	30,817,244	25,468,528
Cost of sales	34	27,933,246	23,239,505
Gross profit		2,883,998	2,229,023
Operating expenses:			
Distribution cost	35	367,348	302,884
Administrative expenses	36	571,742	468,835
		939,090	771,719
Operating profit		1,944,908	1,457,304
Finance cost	37	720,052	714,861
Other operating charges	38	355,254	60,035
		1,075,306	774,896
Other income	39	92,432	438,917
Profit / (loss) before taxation		962,034	1,121,325
Taxation	40	675,723	373,069
Profit / (loss) after tax for the year		286,311	748,256
		Rupees	Rupees
Earnings/(loss) per share - basic and diluted	41	0.57	1.50

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Profit / (loss) for the year		286,311	748,256
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit or loss:			
Remeasurement (loss) / gain of defined benefit obligation Deferred tax thereon	13.03	(9,894) 2,555	(12,146) 3,085
Deletted tax incredit	Į	(7,339)	(9,061)
Items that may be reclassified to statement of profit or loss:			
Net fair value (loss) / gain on investment measured at FVTOCI		(1,911)	1,459
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-	277,061	740,654

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash generated from operations 50 2,244,336 2,716,444 Finance cost paid (318,779) (297,872) Staff retirement benefit paid (106,740) (107,631)	No	ote	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Finance cost paid (318,779) (297,872) Staff retirement benefit paid (106,740)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Staff retirement benefit paid (106,740) (107,631)	Cash generated from operations 5	50	2,244,336	2,716,444
	Finance cost paid	Γ	(318,779)	(297,872)
	Staff retirement benefit paid		(106,740)	(107,631)
Income tax paid (190,059) (210,667)	Income tax paid		(190,059)	(210,667)
(615,578) (616,170)			(615,578)	(616,170)
Net cash generated from operating activities	Net cash generated from operating activities	_	1,628,758	2,100,274
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure (1,738,276) (1,400,662)	Fixed capital expenditure		(1,738,276)	(1,400,662)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 131,675 57,413	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		131,675	57,413
Investment in subsidiary (30,000) (99,000)	Investment in subsidiary	L	(30,000)	
Net cash used in investing activities (1,636,601) (1,442,249)	Net cash used in investing activities	_	(1,636,601)	(1,442,249)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Long term finances repaid (616,181) (302,620)	Long term finances repaid		(616,181)	(302,620)
Lease rentals - net (13,962) (13,294)	Lease rentals - net		(13,962)	(13,294)
Short term borrowings - net 604,244 (335,268)	Short term borrowings - net		604,244	(335,268)
Net cash used in financing activities (25,900) (651,182)	Net cash used in financing activities		(25,900)	(651,182)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (33,742) 6,844	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(33,742)	6,844
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 54,796 47,952	Cash and cash equivalents at heginning of the year		54 706	A7 052
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 21,053 54,796		-		

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Horas Lange

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Share	Reserve	Revaluation surplus on	Directors'	Reve	nue reserves	Surplus on re-	
	capital	arising on amalgamation	property, plant and equipment	loan	General reserves	Unappropriated profit/(loss)	measurement of investments	Total
				Rupee	s ('000')			
Balance as at 30 June 2020	4,980,100	3,156,388	19,594	385,187	4,702	851,217	1,492	9,398,680
Total comprehensive income for the year								
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	748,256	-	748,256
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	-	-	-	-	-	(9,061)	-	(9,061)
Net fair value gain on investment measured at FVTOCI							1 450	1 450
at FV IOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,459	1,459
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	739,195	1,459	740,654
Directors' loan adjusted during the year		-	-	(265,187)	-	-	-	(265,187)
Balance as at 30 June 2021	4,980,100	3,156,388	19,594	120,000	4,702	1,590,412	2,951	9,874,147
Total comprehensive income for the year								
Profit / (loss) for the year	-					286,311	-	286,311
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	-		-			(7,339)	-	(7,339)
Net fair value gain on investment measured								
at FVTOCI	-	•	•	-	-		(1,911)	(1,911)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	278,972	(1,911)	277,061
Directors' loan adjusted during the year	-			-				
Balance as at 30 June 2022	4,980,100	3,156,388	19,594	120,000	4,702	1,869,384	1,040	10,151,208

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.01 Colony Textile Mills Limited ("the Company") is a Public Company Limited by shares incorporated in Pakistan on 12 January 2011 under the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now The Companies Act 2017). The Company is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the company is located at M. Ismail Aiwani-Science Building, Ferozepur Road, Lahore, Pakistan. The principal activity of the company is manufacturing and sale of yarn, fabric, garments made ups and trading in real estate.

Geographical location and addresses of major business units including mills / plants of the Company are as under:

LocationPurposeM. Ismail Aiwan-i-Science Building, Ferozepur Road, Lahore.Head Office4km Raiwind Manga Road, Raiwind, District Kasur.Weaving unitSher Shah Road Ismailabad, MultanSpinning unit

2 SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS AFFECTING THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND PERFORMANCE

All significant transactions and events that have affected the Company's statement of financial position and performance during the year have been adequately disclosed in the notes to these financial statements. For a detailed discussion about these significant transactions and events, please refer to the Directors' report.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.01 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting requirements as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

3.02 These are separate financial statements, where the investment in subsidiaries is shown at cost less accumulated impairment; consolidated financial statements are separately presented.

Effective shareholding % 100

- Stitchrite (Private) Limited

3.03 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

The following amendments to existing standards have been published that are applicable to the Company's financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:

- Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations effective in current year

The Company has adopted the following revised standards and amendments of IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments regarding the definition of material.
- IAS 8 Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors Amendments regarding the definition of material.
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Amendments regarding pre-replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform.
- IAS 41 Agriculture Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 (taxation in fair value measurements).
- IFRS 3 Business combinations Amendments to clarify the definition of a business.
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Amendments regarding pre-replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Colony Textile Mills Limited

- IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendments prohibiting a Company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the Company is preparing the asset for its intended use.
- IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets Amendments regarding the costs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous.
- IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 (subsidiary as a first-time adopter).
- IFRS 3 Business combinations (amendments).
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 (fees in the '10 per cent').
- IFRS 16 Leases Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform.
- IFRS 7,9 Financial Instruments: Disclosure Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR
- & IAS 39 reform
- IFRS 16 Leases Amendment to extend the exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification.
- IFRS 11 Joint arrangements Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2015–2017 Cycle (remeasurement of previously held interest).
- IFRS 16 Leases Amendment to provide lessees with an exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification.

- Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are not yet effective

The following amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

	Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors - Amendments regarding the definition of accounting estimates.	January 01, 2023
IAS 12	Income Taxes - Amendments regarding deferred tax on leases and decommissioning obligations.	January 01, 2023
IFRS 4	Insurance contracts (amendments). Regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform.	January 01, 2021
IFRS 4	Insurance contracts - Amendments regarding the expiry date of the deferral approach.	January 01, 2023
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements- Amendment to defer the effective date of the January 2020 amendments.	January 01, 2023
	Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments regarding the classification of liabilities.	January 01, 2023
	Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments regarding the disclosure of accounting policies.	January 01, 2023
IFRS 17	Insurance contracts - Amendments to address concerns and implementationchallenges that were identified after IFRS 17 was published (includes a deferral of the effective date to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023).	January 01, 2023

not expected to have significant impact on the group's financial statements except for the increased disclosures in certain cases.

In addition to the above, the following new standards and interpretations have been issued by the International

The above standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the group's operations or are

In addition to the above, the following new standards and interpretations have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP):

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
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IFRS 14 Regulatory deferral accounts

January 01, 2016

IFRS 17 Insurance contracts

January 01, 2021

The Company expects that the adoption of the other amendments and interpretations of the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

4 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

5 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value and recognition of certain employee retirement benefits at present value, investment on equity basis, certain liabilities at amortized cost, investment property and certain other investments at fair value. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the statement of cash flows, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

6 JUDGMENT, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards which requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and related assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and related assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Accounting estimates are revised in the period in which such revisions are made and in any future periods affected.

Significant management estimates in these financial statements relate to the useful life of property, plant and equipment, provisions for staff retirement benefits, doubtful receivables, slow moving inventory and taxation. However, the management believes that the change in outcome of estimates would not have a material effect on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements.

The estimatesand underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which such estimates are revised. Such estimates are:

- Useful life of depreciable assets;
- Provision for doubtful receivables and slow moving stores, spares and loose tools;
- Provision for current tax and deferred tax;
- Staff retirement benefits;
- Net realizable value of stock-in-trade; and
- Expected credit losses.

However, assumptions and judgments made by management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements are not expected to result in material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

7 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

7.01 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates two plans for its employees:

Defined contribution plan

The Company operates recognised defined contributory provident fund for all eligible employees to which monthly contributions are made to cover the obligation. The Company and its employees make equal monthly contributions at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary.

Defined benefit plar

The Company operates a defined benefitplan for all of its eligible employees who have completed their minimum qualifying period of service with the Company. Provisions are made in the financial statements to cover obligation on the basis of actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Any actuarial gain or loss is recognised immediately in statement of comprehensive income.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

7.02 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on applicable current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, under the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The tax charge also includes adjustments, where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments finalized during the year.

Deferred

Deferred tax liability is accounted for in respect of all taxable temporary differences at the statement of financial position date arising from difference between the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities in the financial statements and corresponding tax bases used in computation of taxable profits. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, provisions and tax credits to that extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available in future against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirement of Technical Release – 27 of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is to be realized or liability is to be settled.

7.03 Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses (if any) except freehold land which is stated at cost and fully depreciated assets which are carried at residual value. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Depreciation is charged to statement of profit or loss by applying reducing balance method to write off the cost over estimated remaining useful life of assets. The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistentwith the expected pattern of economic benefits from property, plant and equipment. Depreciation on addition to property, plant and equipment is charged from the date when asset is available for use up to the date of its de-recognition.

When parts of an itemof property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains / losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in current year's statement of profit or loss.

Subsequent costs included in the asset's carrying amount are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the itemwill flow to the entity and cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance cost are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year in which these are incurred.

Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less identified impairment loss, if any, and includes the expenditures on material, labor and appropriate overheads directly relating to the construction, erection or installation of an item of property, plant and equipment. These costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment as and when related items become available for intended use.

Right of use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencementdate of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct cost incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liability.

Where the Company determines that the lease term of identified lease contracts is short term in nature i.e. with a lease term of twelve months or less at the commencement date, right of use assets is not recognised and payments made in respect of these leases are expensed in the statement of profit or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

7.04 Investment property

Property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which effect market conditions at reporting date. Gains and losses arising from the change in fair value of properties are included in statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Fair values are determined based on an annual revaluation performed by an independent valuer.

In case of change in use of property from owner occupied property to investment property that will be carried at fair value, Company has applied IAS 16 up to the date of change in use. The difference at that date between carrying amount and fair value has been accounted for in the same way as a revaluation surplus in accordance with IAS-16.

7.05 Financial instruments

Recognition

A financial instrument is recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

a) Financial assets

(i) Initial Measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets in to following three categories:

- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- measured at amortized cost.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

(ii) Subsequent Measurement

Debt Investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest/ markup income calculated using the effective interestrate method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in the statement of comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Equity Investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest/markup or dividend income, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost :

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

b) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired or when the financial liability's cash flows have been substantially modified.

c) Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the statementof financial position if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

d) Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention on the market place. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognized on a trade date basis.

e) Derivatives

Derivative instrumentsheld by the Company comprise of future and forward contracts in the capital and money markets. These are stated at fair value at the date of statement of financial position. The fair value of the derivatives is equivalent to the unrealized gain or loss from marking the derivatives using prevailing market rates at the date of statement of financial position. The unrealized gains are included in other assets while unrealized losses are included in other liabilities in the statement of financial position. The corresponding gains and losses are included in the statement of profit or loss.

7.06 Contingent liability

Contingent liability is disclosed when there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or when there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

7.07 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated using moving average method except for items in transit which are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon till the statement of financial position date. Provision is made against obsolete items.

7.08 Stock in trade

Basis of valuation are as follows:

Particulars

Raw materials:

At mills At lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value In-transit At cost accumulated to the statement of financial position date

Work in process At average manufacturing cost

Finished goods At lower of average manufacturing cost and net realizable value

Waste At net realizable value

Real estate At lower of cost and net realizable value

Cost in relation to work in process and finished goods represents the average manufacturing cost which consists of prime cost and attributable production overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

7.09 Trade debts and other receivables

Financial assets

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognised when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss.

Non-financial assets

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

7.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and at banks.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

7.11 Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the time of proceeds received. Financial charges are accounted for on the accrual basis. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to statement of profit or loss in the period in which these are incurred.

7.12 Trade and other payables

Financial liabilities

These are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-financial liabilities

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

7.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle these obligations and a reliable estimate of the amounts can be made.

7.14 Impairment

Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost on date of initial recognition. The amount of expected credit loss is updated on each reporting date to reflect the changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial assets.

Impairment is recognised at an amount equal to lifetimeexpected credit losses for financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantlysince initial recognition. For financial assets for which credit risk is low, impairment is recognised at an amount equal to 12 months' expected credit losses, with the exception of trade debts contract assets and lease receivables, for which the Company recognizes lifetimeexpected credit losses estimated using a provision matrix. The provision matrix is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to counter parties, general economic conditions and an assessment for both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

All impairmentlosses are recognised in the statementof profit or loss. An impairment is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairmentloss was recognised. An impairmentloss is reversed only to the extent that the financial asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, If no impairment loss had been recognised.

The Company writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counter party is in severe financial condition and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Any recoveries made post write-off are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that an asset or group of assets may be impaired. If any such evidence exists, the asset's or group of assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

7.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. Revenue from operations of the Company are recognised when the goods are provided, and thereby the performance obligations are satisfied. The Company's contract performance obligations are fulfilled at the point in time when the goods are dispatched to the customer. Invoices are generated and revenue is recognised at that point in time, as the control has been transferred to the customers and is reduced for allowances such as taxes, duties, commissions, sales returns and discounts. Revenue from other sources is recognised on the following basis:

- Interest income on deposits with banks and other financial assets is recognised on accrual basis.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend has been established.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

7.16 Related parties

- a) Employees Provident Fund
- b) Directors and key management personnel
- c) StitchRite (Private) Limited

7.17 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are based on the transfer pricing policy that all transactions between the Company and the related party of the Company are at arm's length prices using the comparable uncontrolled price method except in circumstances where it is in the interest of the Company not to do so.

7.18 Dividend

Dividend is recognised as liability in the period in which it is declared.

7.19 Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pak rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date and in case of forward exchange contracts at the committedrates. Gains or losses on exchange are charged to the statement of profit or loss.

7.20 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting basic EPS by the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares and post-tax effect of changes in statement of profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company that would result from conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

7.21 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the Company. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Company's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief executive to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the Chief Executive include itemsdirectly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Those incomes, expenses, assets, liabilities and other balances which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis are reported as unallocated.

The Company has two reportable business segments. Spinning (Producing different quality of yarn using natural and artificial fibers) and Weaving (Producing different quality of fabric using yarn).

Transaction among the business segments are recorded at arm's length prices using admissible valuation methods. Inter segment sales and purchases are eliminated from the total.

7.22 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental cost directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

			2022	2021
8	AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	185,000,000 (2021: 185,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		1,850,000	1,850,000
	Capital of merged companies			
	345,000,000 (2021: 345,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		3,450,000	3,450,000
			5,300,000	5,300,000
9	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL			
	20,000 (2021: 20,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each issued			
	as fully paid in cash shares		200	200
	497,989,959 (2021: 497,989,959) fully paid in cash ordinary shares of			
	Rs. 10/- each issued to the shareholders of amalgamated entities		4,979,900	4,979,900
			4,980,100	4,980,100

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of Rs. 10/-, carry one vote per share and carry right to dividends.

There are no rights, preferences and restrictions attached to any class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of the dividends and the repayment of capital.

- There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts for the sale of shares.
- -There were no bonus shares or treasury shares issued during the year.

			2022	2021
10	DIRECTORS' LOAN	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Directors' loan	10.01	120,000	120,000

2022

2024

10.01 This represents interestfree loans from directors of the Company, payable at the discretion of the entity. They do not pass the liability testand thus recorded as equity at face value. They will not be re-measured subsequently. The decision by the entity at any time in future to deliver cash or any other financial asset to settlethe directors' loan would be a direct debit to equity. The Company has applied TR-32 'Accounting Directors' Loan' issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan whose compliance was mandatory with effect from period beginning on or after 01 January 2016. Out of total loan, loan of Rs. 120 million is subordinated to the liabilities of financial institutions.

11	LONG TERM FINANCING	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	From banking companies-Secured			
	Name of the Bank			
	The Bank of Punjab	11.01	5,500,871	5,910,871
	National Bank of Pakistan	11.02	742,909	795,435
	Habib Bank Limited	11.03	133,629	171,885
	Faysal Bank Limited	11.04	221,558	268,062
	Silk Bank Limited	11.05	196,596	284,450
	Soneri Bank Limited	11.06	52,274	59,217
	Bank Islami Pakistan Limited	11.07	75,515	33,127
	Standard Chartered Bank Limited	11.08	143,625	187,250
	Summit Bank Limited	11.09	43,799	-
			7,110,777	7,710,297
	Less: Current portion	17	957,153	815,592
			6,153,624	6,894,705

- 11.01 This loan facility was restructured on 31 December 2016. It is repayable from 31 December 2016 to 30 June 2032 including one year grace period. Markup is charged at cost of funds less administrative cost (2021: cost of funds less administrative cost) of the preceding quarter. This facility is secured by joint pari passu charge on fixed assets and current assets of the company, registered with SECP.
- 11.02 This loan facility was restructured on 09 April 2019. It is repayable from 01 July 2019 to 01 April 2034. Markup is chargeable at cost of funds (2021: Cost of fund). The loan is secured against first joint pari passu charge over fixed assets of the Company registered with SECP.
- 11.03 This loan has been restructured in July 2019. It is repayable from 01 July 2019 to 01 July 2027. Markup is to be charged at cost of funds (2021: Cost of funds) provided by the bank. This loan is secured against joint pari passu hypothecation charge, existing ranking charge over plant and machinery and existing joint pari passu charge on current and fixed assets of the Company.
- 11.04 This loan facilitywas restructured on 09 November 2018. It is repayable from 30 December 2018 to 30 September 2028. Markup is charged at cost of funds (2021: Cost of funds) of the bank. The loan is secured against joint and ranking charge over present and future current assets of the Company registered with SECP.
- 11.05 This loan includes two facilitiesTerm Finance-1 (TF-1) and Term Finance-2 (TF-2) amounting Rs. 241.08 million and Rs. 38.22 million respectively. Both loans were restructured on 15 January 2017. It is payable from 15 January 2018 to 15 October 2032. Markup is payable at Silk bank's cost of funds minus 2% (2021: Cost of funds minus 2%). Term Finance-2 is interest free and recognised at amortized cost by discounting using effective rate of interest and related present value gain was recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Out of total loan amount of TF-2 Rs. 38.22 million, present value adjustment Rs. 17.476 million. Both the loans are secured against first joint pari passu charge and ranking charge over the assets of the Company registered with SECP.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- 11.06 This loan facility was restructured on 20 March 2019. It is repayable from March 2019 to December 2024. The loan is secured against hypothecation charge over property, plant and equipment and existing joint pari passu charge over fixed assets including land of the Company, registered with SECP. This loan facility is interest free and recognised at amortized cost by discounting using effective rate of interest and related present value gain was recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Out of total outstanding amount of Rs. 48.84 million, present value adjustment is Rs. 3.961 million
- 11.07 This loan facility was restructured on 22 December 2018. The loan is repayable from 30 March 2019 and ending on 31 December 2033. The loan is secured against joint pari passu charge on the assets of the Company registered with SECP. It is interest free and recognised at amortized cost by discounting using effective rate of interest and related present value gain was recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Out of total outstanding amount of Rs. 73.17 million, present value adjustment isRs. 38.098 million.
- 11.08 This facility was created as a result of a restructuring made on 17 May 2019. The loan is repayable from 30 June 2019 and ending on 31 March 2024. This loan is secured against joint pari passu charge over current assets of the Company registered with SECP. This loan facility is interestfree and recognised at amortized cost by discounting using effective rate of interestand related present value gain was recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Out of total outstanding amount of Rs. 133.44 million, present value adjustment is Rs. 7.204 million.
- 11.09 This facility is established by converting CF-1 into TF with a total amount of Rs. 194.664 million. This facility is repayable in twenty equal installments starting from 31 December 2021 and ending on 30 September 2026. This is secured against ranking charge over fixed assets (Plant & Machinery) of the company with 25% margin registered with SECP duly ensured in favor of Summit Bank Limited. Mark up is charged at 3 Month Kibor plus 1% per annum with quarterly installments.

12	LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE		2022	2021
		Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Present value of minimum lease payments	12.02	13,936	27,898
	Less: Current portion	17	(12,322)	(14,992)
			1 614	12 906

12.01 This represents machinery under lease and sale and lease back agreements. The principal plus financial charges are payable over the lease period in quarterly/bi monthly installmentsas per respective agreements ending in the month of September 2025. The liability as at the date of financial position represents the present value of total minimum lease payments discounted at 7.45% to 11.89% (2021: 7.03% to 8.40%) per annum bearing the interest rates implicitin leases. The purchase option is available to the Company on payment of last installment and the Company intends to exercise this option. Reconciliation of minimum lease payments and their present values is given below:

		2022	2021
	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Not later than one year		12,915	14,992
Later than one year but not later than five years		1,637	38,673
Later than five years			-
		14,552	53,665
Financial charges allocated to future periods		(616)	(25,767)
Present value of minimum lease payments	12.02	13,936	27,898
Current portion		(12,322)	(14,992)
		1,614	12,906
Present value of minimum lease payments			
Due not later than one year		12,322	14,992
Due later than one year but not later than five years		1,614	12,906
Later than five years		-	-
•		13,936	27,898
RED LIABILITIES			
I taxation	13.01	1,059,499	855,667
l mark up	13.02	4,546,513	4,176,997
rement benefits	13.03	305,919	224,492
		5,911,931	5,257,156
Deferred taxation		1,059,499	855,667
		1,059,499	855,667
	Later than one year but not later than five years Later than five years Financial charges allocated to future periods Present value of minimum lease payments Current portion Present value of minimum lease payments Due not later than one year Due later than one year but not later than five years Later than five years RED LIABILITIES Itaxation mark up rement benefits	Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years Later than five years Financial charges allocated to future periods Present value of minimum lease payments Current portion Present value of minimum lease payments Due not later than one year Due later than one year but not later than five years Later than five years RED LIABILITIES It axation It and the present is a single payment in the present in the present in the present is a single payment in the present is a single payment in the present is a single payment in the payment is a single payment in the present is a single payment in the present is a single payment in the present in the payment	Note Rupees ('000') Not later than one year 12,915 Later than one year but not later than five years 1,637 Later than five years - 14,552 Financial charges allocated to future periods (616) Present value of minimum lease payments 12.02 13,936 Current portion (12,322) Present value of minimum lease payments Due not later than one year 12,322 Due later than one year but not later than five years 1,614 Later than five years - Later than five years 13,936 RED LIABILITIES taxation 13.01 1,059,499 mark up 13.02 4,546,513 rement benefits 13.03 305,919 Deferred taxation 1,059,499

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Provision for gratuity

Deferred taxation
Comprises of the following:
Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary
differences in respect of the following:
- Accelerated tax depreciation allowance
Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary
differences in respect of the following:
Lease liabilities
Un-absorbed losses
Minimum tax available for carry forward
Provsion for stores, spares and loose tools
Provsion for doubtful debts

Statement of Financial position		Statement of Profit or Loss		Statement of OCI	
2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Rupees ('000')					

72,026

378,600

ı	2.500	7.006	3.487	3.378		
ı	3,599 1,073,534	7,086 1,206,102	132,568	(128,652)	-	_
ı	1,073,534	1,070,846	17,825	(228,678)	-	-
ı	299	247	(52)	(52)	-	_
ı	366	325	(41)	(266)	_	_
ı	79.005	57.024	(21,981)	(26,149)	2.555	3,085
•	2,209,824	2.341.630	131,806	(380,419)	2,555	3.085
•	1.050.400	855 667	203 833	750 010	(2.555)	(3.085)

Deferred taxation has been provided using rate of taxation applicable to tax year 2022 under the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 to the extent of income of the Company chargeable under normal tax regime.

3,269,323

3,197,297

13.02	Deferred mark up	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	Opening balance		6,830,436	6,343,138
	Provision during the year		429,266	487,298
			7,259,702	6,830,436
	Less: paid / adjusted during the year			<u> </u>
			7,259,702	6,830,436
	Present value adjustment		(2,713,189)	(2,653,439)
			4,546,513	4,176,997

It represents markup deferred by Bank of Punjab, Silk Bank Limited, National Bank of Pakistan, Habib Bank Limited, Faysal Bank Limited, First Punjab Modaraba and . It is payable starting from 16 September 2023 and maturing on 01 April 2034.

This deferred markup has been discounted using effective rate of interest and classified separately in non-current liabilities and related present value gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

		2022	2021
13.03	Staff retirement benefits - unfunded gratuity scheme	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
(a)	Amounts recognised in the statement of financial position:		
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	305,919	224,492
	Net liability at the end of the year	305,919	224,492
(b)	Movement in net liability		
	Net liability at beginning of the year	224,492	133,696
	Charge for the year	178,273	186,281
		402,765	319,977
	Remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive income	9,894	12,146
	Benefits paid during the year	(106,740)	(107,631)
	Net liability at end of the year	305,919	224,492
(c)	Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation		
	Defined benefit obligation at beginning of the year	224,492	133,696
	Current service cost	133,565	129,185
	Past Service cost	28,288	50,384
	Interest cost	16,420	6,711
		402,765	319,977
	Remeasurements chargeable in OCI	9,894	12,146
	Benefits paid during the year	(106,740)	(107,631)
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at end of the year	305,919	224,492
(d)	Charge for the year		
	Current service cost	133,565	129,185
	Interest cost	16,420	6,711
	Past service cost	28,288	50,384
		178,273	186,281

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The principal assumptions used in the actuarial

valuation are as follows:

13.25% 10% Discount rate Expected rate of increase per annum in future salaries 12.25% 9% Expected average remaining working life of employees 3 years 3 years SLIC 2001 - 2005 SLIC 2001 - 2005 Expected mortality rate Setback 1 Year Setback 1 Year Retirement assumptions 60 years 60 years

Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The following table summarizes how the net defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased/(decreased) as a result of change in respective assumptions.

	Change in assumptions	Increase Rupees ('000') 2022	Decrease Rupees ('000') 2022
Discount rate	3.25%	278,200	213,619
Increase in future salaries	3.3%	312,977	233,828

A change in expected remaining working lives of employees is not expected to have a material impact on the present value of defined benefit obligation. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis for the same has not been carried out.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of defined benefit obligation as at the reporting date has been calculated by using projected unit credit method, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation to be recognised in these financial statements.

Risk factors

The defined benefit plan exposes the Company to the following actuarial risks:

Interest risk: The discount rate used in determination of present value of defined benefit obligation has been determined by reference to market yield at the reporting date on Pakistan Investment Bonds since there is no deep market in long term corporate bonds in Pakistan. An increase in market yield resulting in a higher discount rate will decrease in the defined benefit liability.

Longevity risk: The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the expected remaining working lives of the employees. An increase in the expected remaining working lives will increase the defined benefit obligation. However, the increase is not expected to be material.

Salary risk: The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to future salaries of plan participants. An increase in salary of plan participants will increase the defined benefit obligation.

			2022	2021
TRADE	AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Trade cr	reditors		983,092	466,277
Accrued	liabilities		894,275	668,342
Security deposits			200	200
Advances from customers			172,777	14,561
Withholding tax payable			235,979	194,831
Out put	tax payable		299,817	455,553
Worker's	s profit participation fund	14.01	59,537	38,616
Worker's	s welfare fund	14.02	42,286	18,471
Others			393	391
			2,688,356	1,857,242
14.01	Worker's profit participation fund			
	Opening balance		38,616	-
	Provision for the year		59,537	38,616
			98,153	38,616
	Payment during the year		(38,616)	-
	Closing balance		59,537	38,616

14

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	14.02	Worker's welfare fund			
		Opening balance		18,471	-
		Provision for the year		23,815	18,471
				42,286	18,471
		Payment during the year		-	-
		Closing balance		42,286	18,471
15	SHORT	TERM BORROWINGS			
	Banking	companies - secured	15.01	3,597,762	2,993,518

^{15.01} Conventional short term borrowings are available from banking companies under markup arrangements. The rates of markup range from 5.01% to 15.89% per annum (2021: 5.58% to 12.7%). These are secured against pledge / hypothecation of stock-in-trade, hypothecation of stores and spares, lien over import / export documents, pari passu charge over present and future current assets and ranking charge over fixed assets of the company.

15.02 From the total aggregate short term facilities of Rs. 3,428.26 million (2021: 3,478.26 million), the amount of Rs. 152.21 million related to trade lines (2021: Rs. 340.79 million) remained unutilized as at 30 June 2022.

		Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
16	ACCRUED MARK UP			
	Accrued mark up on: Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Long term financing Short term borrowings		21,026 1,480 97,139 119,645	20,685 - 126,953 147,638
17	CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM LIABILITIES Long term financing Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	17.01	957,153 12,322 969,475	815,592 14,992 830,584

^{17.01} Current portion of long term financing includes principal installments amounting to Rs. 151.369 million (2021: Rs. 104.62 million) which became due as on June 30, 2022.

18	PROVISION FOR TAXATION	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	Opening balance		368,233	251,625
	Add: Taxation - current	40	505,413	368,082
			873,646	619,707
	Less: Tax payments / adjustments during the year		368,233	251,474
			505,413	368,233

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

19 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS Contingencies

19.01 The Company imported textile machinery in 2002 availing exemptions from customsduty and sales tax on import thereof under SROs. 554(I)/97, 987 (I)/99, and 439(I)/2001. The Company had submitted indemnity bonds in that year to the customs authorities in this regard. In case, the conditions of above mentioned SROs are violated, the amount of customs duty and sales tax exempted aggregating Rs. 89.51 million shall be recovered along with such penalties imposed in this regard under section 202 of the Customs Act, 1969. The conditions of the said SRO vis-a-vis export of 50% of additional production during first three years and 60% of the additional production during subsequent two years had been complied with. Audit of first three years had been conducted by the department and had given compliance certificate and audit of second period is in the process. Since, all the conditions have been complied with, no liability will accrue in this respect.

19.02 Bank guarantees amounting toRs. 375.64 million (2021: Rs. 375.60 million).

Commitments20222021Under letters of credit for importsRs. in millionRs. in million

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					Factory tools		Office and					
		Freehold land	Building on freehold land	Plant, machinery & equipment		Furniture & fixtures	hospital equipments	Library books	Vehicles	Leased Plant and Machinery	Leased Vehicles	Total
							Rupees (000'))0()				
	At 30 June 2021	1454 335	3 718 687	22 245 485	469 743	57 115	59 783	77	199 403			28 190 595
	Accumulated depreciation	- 1			(188,427)		(28,790)		(91,618)			(10,069,451)
	Net book value in Rupees	1,454,335	2,177,509		274,316		23,993		107,785			18,121,144
	Annual rates (%) of depreciation 2021		5		5	5	10	15	10	S	10	
	At 30 June 2022 Coeffrevalued amount	1454 335	3 801 795	23 444 315	486.389	70 571	61 621	44	240.348		,	29 559 417
	Accumulated depreciation	2001			(202,554)	_	(31,737)		(101,177)	٠	٠	(10,779,788)
	Net book value in Rupees	1,454,335			283,835		29,884		139,171	•		18,779,629
	Annual rates (%) of depreciation 2022		5		5	5	10	15	10	5	10	
20.02	Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as	n allocated as foll	follows:		2022		2021					
					Rupees ('000')		Rupees ('000')					
	Cost of sale				858,380		839,087					
	Administrative expenses				14,363		13,866					
				-	872,743		852,953					
	Property, plant and equipment				868,214		848,184					
	Right of use asset				4,529 872,743		4,769 852,953					
20.03	No impairment relating to operating fixed assets has been recognised in the current vear.	sets has been reco	anised in the curr	ent vear.								
	-		,									
20.04	Capital work in progress				2022 Rupees ('000')		2021 Rupees ('000')					
	Plant and machinery Civil work				100,084 488,966 589,050		275,203 252,084 527,287					
	Movement in capital work in progress											
	Opening Additions during the year			·	527,287 449,609		132,452 640,653					
	Transferred to operating assets				976,896 (387,846) 589,050		773,105 (245,818) 527,287					
20.05	Transfer to property, plant and equipment are represented by:	e represented by:										
	Building Plant and machinery			- "	22,956 364,890 387,846		9,807 236,011 245,818					

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

20.06 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

The following operating fixed assets were disposed off during the year:

Particulars	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (loss)	Relationship of purchaser with the Company	Mode of disposal	Buyer's name
			RUPEES					
Vehicles						ı		
Honda City MNA-07-637	931,200	716,711	214,489	1,050,000	835,511	835,511 Third party	Negotiation	MMM Motors & Enterprises (Mr. Omer)
Toyota Corrola LEC-12-5827	2,082,868	1,305,285	777,583	1,710,000	932,417	Third party	Negotiation	Mr. Jahanzeb Khan
Sore LED-08-4298	510,040	392,134	117,906	000'599	. 241,094	Third party	Negotiation	Mr. Jahanzeb Khan
Suzuki Cultus LEA-11-6317	920,000	635,658	284,342	600,000	315,658	Third party	Negotiation	Mr. Jahanzeb Khan
Fotal	4,444,108	3,049,788	1,394,320	4,025,000	2,630,680			
Machinary.						ı		
4 AUTO CORO SE12-480 YOM 2008	303,246,812	154,827,608	148,419,204	148,419,204 127,649,600	(20,769,610) Third party	Third party	Negotiation	Demirbay Machine Textile Imp & Exp

Net cash used in financing activitie

.0.07 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents

The Company's obligation under finance lease are secured by lessor's title to the leased assets, which have a carrying amount of Rs. 86.056 million (2021: Rs. 90.58 million).

Addition in plant and machinery includes capitalization of borrowing cost of Rs. 28.377 million (2021: Rs. 17.02 million)

0.10 Particulars of immovable assets of the Company are as follows:

ratificatals of illillovable assets of the company are as follows.	ally are as lollows.			
Location	Addresses	Usage of immovable property	Total Area (Sq. Covered Area ft.) (Sq. ft.)	Covered Area (Sq. ft.)
Multan	Mouza Junglebhaera and mouza Muzafarabad Multan	Production Unit	6,917,232	2,993,438
Kasur	4km Raiwind Manga road, Raiwind, district Kasur	Production Unit	1,638,528	1,054,751

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			2022	2021
21	RIGHT OF USE ASSET	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Present value of future lease payments		90,585	105,560
			90,585	105,560
	Net book value as at the beginning of the year		90,585	105,560
	Transfer to Property, plant and equipment		-	(10,207)
	Depreciation charged during the year		(4,529)	(4,769)
	Balance as at the end of the year		86,056	90,585
22	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			
	Opening balance		784,279	779,925
	Transfer from owner's occupied property Revaluation gain / (loss) recognised through statement of		-	-
	profit or loss	22.01	6.810	4,354
	prom or room	22.01	791,089	784,279

22.01 As of reporting date, the fair value of such investment property was determined by an independent external property valuer, Arif Evaluators, having appropriate recognised qualification and relevant experience. Forced sale value of above investment as at reporting date isRs. 702.238 million.

23 LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

At fair value through statement of profit or loss designated on initial recognition	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
- Investment in Imperial Limited	23.02	175,920	431,155
At fair value through other comprehensive income	23.01	1,514	3,425
		177,434	434,580

23.01 Investment - at fair value through other comprehensive income

	2022 No. of Shares /	2021 Bonds	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Quoted - at fair value				
Colony Woolen Mills Limited	70,506	70,506	282	282
Azgard Nine Limited	80,948	80,948	832	2,743
Colony Thal Textile Mills Limited	6	6	-	-
	151,460	151,460	1,114	3,025
Unquoted - at cost				
Government Compensation				
Bonds	400	400	400	400
	151,860	151,860	1,514	3,425

Government Compensation Bonds for Rs. 0.4 million (2021: Rs. 0.4 million) are receivable from the Federal Government in respect of shares held by the Company in the share capital of Multan Electric Supply Company Limited. The Company had challenged the withholding of these Bonds through writ petition filed in the Lahore High Court, Lahore, which is still pending for final adjudication.

23.02 Investment - at fair value through profit or loss

•	2022	2021	2022	2021
	No. of Shares	/ Bonds	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Quoted - at fair value				
- Investment in Imperial Limited	15,862,960	15,862,960	175,920	431,155
	15,862,960	15,862,960	175,920	431,155

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				2022	2021
24	INVEST	MENT IN SUBSIDARY	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Investme	ent in Stitchrite	24.01	130,000	100,000
				130,000	100,000
	24.01	Stitchrite(Private) Limited is a private company incorpor company owns 100 percent shareholding of Stitchrite increased by Rs. 30 million.		During the year, share o	capital of the compan
25	STORES	S, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	Stores			447,906	241,105
	Spares			175,362	120,426
	Loose to	pols		3,366	1,696
				626,634	363,227
	Less: Pr	rovision for slow moving items	25.01	1,120	941
	2000.11	evicion for dieta meving kome	20.01	625,514	362,286
	25.01	Provision for slow moving items			, , ,
		Opening balance		941	1,135
		Provision made during the year		1,120	941
		,		2,061	2,076
		Less: Provision written off during the year		941	1,135
		Closing balance		1,120	941
26	STOCK	IN TRADE			
	Textile				
	Raw ma	terial		1,702,808	1,573,387
	Work in			392,980	499,580
	Finished	d goods		2,475,640	2,560,618
				4,571,428	4,633,585
		tate Business			
	Land he	ld for development and resale		165,000	165,000
				4,736,428	4,798,585
27	TRADE	DEBTS			
	•	- secured:			
		idered good		101,235	188,768
		unsecured:			
		dered good		1,478,798	933,175
	Consi	dered doubtful		1,370	1,235
	I 000: All	lawanaa far aynaatad aradit laaa	27.01	1,581,403	1,123,178
	Less. All	lowance for expected credit loss	27.01	1,370 1,580,033	1,235 1,121,943
	27.01	Allowance for expected credit loss		1,300,033	1,121,340
		Opening balance		1,235	2,250
		ECL allowance provided during the year		1,370	1,235
				2,605	3,485
		Less: ECL allowance written off during the year Closing balance		1,235 1,370	2,250 1,235
		•		1,570	1,230
28	Consid	AND ADVANCES ered good:			
	Secui	red: o employees	20.04	12 610	24 050
	Advance	. ,	28.01	42,618	24,069
	-Supp			462,752	440,575
		arita (Drivata) Limitad (Cubaidian (Campany)	00.00	11 602	110,010

125

408,796

873,565

11,602

995,388

1,512,360

28.02

-Stitchrite (Private) Limited (Subsidiary Company)

-Letters of credit fee, margin and expenses

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

28.01 The advances are given to employees as per company's HR policy.

28.02 Maximum aggregate amount outstanding during the year was Rs. 32.05 million (2021: Rs. 93.55 million)

	28.02 Maximum aggregate amount outstanding during the year	was Rs. 32.05 m	illion (2021: Rs. 93.55 mil	lion)
			2022	2021
29	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Trade deposits		79,105	106,025
	Other receivables		6,624	10,604
			85,729	116,629
30	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS			
	Other financial assets	30.01	14	20
	30.01 These include shares of listed companies classified at fa	ir value through s	tatement of profit or loss.	
	2022 2021		2022	2021
	No. of Shares / Bonds	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Quoted - at fair value			
	89 89 Oil and Gas Development Compan		7	8
	250 250 Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited	d		12 20
	339 339		14	20
31	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM THE GOVERNMENT			
	Sales tax		706,089	429,783
	Income tax refundable / adjustable		227,512	369,609
22	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		933,601	799,392
32				
	Cash in hand		4,425	2,084
	Cash at banks: -in current accounts		14,358	47.025
	-in deposit accounts	32.01	2,270	47,925 4,787
	-in deposit accounts	32.01	21,053	54,796
	32.01 These carry profit / markup ranging from 5.50% to 13.85°	% (2021: 5 50% to		
	52.51 These early profit / markup ranging from 5.50% to 15.50	70 (2021. 0.00 70 to	2022	2021
33	SALES		Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
00			Tapeco (ooo)	rapoco (ooo)
	Local Yarn and Fabric		27 004 420	22 444 244
	Raw material sales		27,904,439 283,284	22,144,311
	Waste		474,228	281,323 326,009
	vvasio		28,661,951	22,751,643
	Export		20,001,001	22,101,010
	Yarn			27,322
	Fabric		2,307,096	2,740,959
	· SMITO		2,307,096	2,768,281
	Commission and duties		30,969,047 (151,803)	25,519,924 (51,396)
	Commission and dules		30,817,244	25,468,528
				20,700,020

33.01 Sales are shown net of sales tax, amounting Rs 5,244 million (2021: 4,307 million).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				2022	2021
34	COST O	F SALES	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Raw mat	erial consumed	34.01	18,383,868	15,547,060
	Stores co	onsumed		1,457,605	989,471
	Staff sala	aries, wages and benefits	34.02	2,754,314	2,508,844
	Power a	nd fuel		4,089,501	3,106,605
	Insuranc	е		56,789	61,808
	Rent, rat	es and taxes		23,376	19,962
	Deprecia	tion	20.02	858,380	839,087
	Other ch	arges		117,835	71,571
				27,741,668	23,144,408
	Work in p				
	Openi	-		499,580	467,431
	Closin	g		(392,980)	(499,580)
				106,600	(32,149)
	Cost of g	oods manufactured		27,848,268	23,112,259
	Finished	goods:			
		ng stock		2,560,618	2,687,864
		g stock		(2,475,640)	(2,560,618)
		•		84,978	127,246
	Real esta	ate:			
	Openi	ng stock		165,000	165,000
	Closin	g stock		(165,000)	(165,000)
				<u>-</u>	-
				27,933,246	23,239,505
	34.01	Raw material consumed			
		Opening stock		1,573,387	1,288,638
		Purchases including purchase expe	nses	18,513,289	15,831,809
				20,086,676	17,120,447
		Closing stock		(1,702,808)	(1,573,387)
		· ·		18,383,868	15,547,060
	34.02	Salaries, wages and other benefits in 204.281 million).	nclude provision for staff retirement ben	efits for the year Rs. 207.	952 million (2021: Rs.
				2022	2021
35	DISTRIB	UTION COST		Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Staff sala	aries and benefits		44,213	43,640

85,813

3,326

4,116

19,585

302,884

146,404

90,085

2,205

4,549

3,439

367,348

222,857

Freight

Others

Telecommunication

Bank charges

Export forwarding charges

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2022	2021
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Staff salaries and benefits	36.01	370,661	366,368
Printing and stationery		779	786
Travelling and conveyance		37,779	8,552
Communication		4,739	4,727
Repair and maintenance		36,665	6,355
Insurance		6,760	4,517
Advertisement		3,988	658
Fee and subscription		14,237	6,450
Allowance for expected credit loss	27.01	1,370	1,235
Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools	25.01	1,120	941
Entertainment		9,036	7,838
Auditors' remuneration	36.02	3,631	3,403
Donation	36.03	41,681	10,242
Expenses related to corporate social responsibilities		13,339	18,625
Legal and professional charges		5,642	6,124
Directors' meeting fee		300	300
Depreciation	20.00	14,363	13,866
Miscellaneous expenses		5,652	7,848
		571,742	468,835
	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Staff salaries and benefits Printing and stationery Travelling and conveyance Communication Repair and maintenance Insurance Advertisement Fee and subscription Allowance for expected credit loss Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools Entertainment Auditors' remuneration Donation Expenses related to corporate social responsibilities Legal and professional charges Directors' meeting fee Depreciation Miscellaneous expenses	Staff salaries and benefits Printing and stationery Travelling and conveyance Communication Repair and maintenance Insurance Advertisement Fee and subscription Allowance for expected credit loss Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools Entertainment Auditors' remuneration Donation Expenses related to corporate social responsibilities Legal and professional charges Directors' meeting fee Depreciation 36.01 36.01 27.01 27.01 20.00	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Note Rupees ('000') Staff salaries and benefits 36.01 370,661 Printing and stationery 779 Travelling and conveyance 37,779 Communication 4,739 Repair and maintenance 36,665 Insurance 6,760 Advertisement 3,988 Fee and subscription 14,237 Allowance for expected credit loss 27.01 1,370 Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools 25.01 1,120 Entertainment 9,036 Auditors' remuneration 36.02 3,631 Donation 36.03 41,681 Expenses related to corporate social responsibilities 13,339 Legal and professional charges 5,642 Directors' meeting fee 300 Depreciation 20.00 14,363 Miscellaneous expenses 5,652

36.01 Salaries, wages and other benefits include staff retirement benefits for the year Rs. 10.165 million (2021: Rs. 8.49 million).

			2022	2021
	36.02	Auditors' remuneration	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
		Statutory audit fee	3,070	2,994
		Half yearly review fee	376	259
		CCG review fee	125	100
		Out of pocket expenses	60	50
			3,631	3,403
	36.03	No director or his / her spouse had any interest in the donees' fund.		
37	FINANC	E COST		
	Bank	charges and commission	24,169	23,653
	Mark ı	up on inland bill discounting	57,580	31,362
	Mark เ	up on;		
	- Lo	ong term finance	404,732	470,270
	- S	hort term borrowings	231,609	186,695
	- Li	abilities against assets subject to finance lease	1,962	2,881
			638,303	659,846
			720,052	714,861
38	OTHER	OPERATING CHARGES		
	Unwindir	ng of loans at amortized cost	16,661	2,948
	Loss on	long term investments	255,235	-
	Worker's	profit participation fund	59,537	38,616
	Loss on	remeasurement of investments	6	-
	Worker's	welfare fund	23,815	18,471
			355,254	60,035

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

39 OTHER I	NCOME from financial assets	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Amortiza Gain on r	deposits with banks tion of deferred mark up remeasurement of investments ong term investments		7,294 59,749 - -	8,307 186,250 4 218,433
Income f	rom other than financial assets			
(Loss) / g Exchange	Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment pain on revaluation of investment property e gain realized leous income	20.06 22	(18,139) 6,810 17,007 19,711 92,432	(2,315) 4,354 10,533 13,351 438,917
40 TAXATIC	NA	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
		Note	Rupees (000)	Rupees (000)
Taxation: -Currer	nt year		505,413	368,233
-Prior y	ears		(36,077) 469.336	(151) 368,082
Deferred			206,387	4,987
Deletted			675,723	373,069

- Income tax return has been filed to the income tax authorities up to and including tax year 2021 under the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- Provision for taxation has been made in accordance with section 154 and 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ("The Ordinance"). There is no relation between aggregate tax expense and accounting profit. Accordingly, no numerical reconciliation has been presented.

41	EARNINGS PER SHARE	Note	2022	2021
	Basic Earnings per share:			
	Profit after taxation	Rupees ('000')	286,311	748,256
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Number ('000')	498,010	498,010
	Earning per share - basic and diluted	Rupees	0.57	1.50

Diluted earnings per share:

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the company because the company has no outstanding potential ordinary shares.

42 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	CHIEF E	XECUTIVE	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR		NON-EXECUTIVES DIRECTORS		EXECUTIVES	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Managerial remuneration	27,273	27,273	6,727	4,364	-	-	95,838	54,172
Retirement benefits	2,272	2,272	560	364	-		7,836	4,170
Medical	2,727	2,727	673	436	-		9,584	5,417
Meeting fee				-	300	300		
	32,272	32,272	7,960	5,164	300	300	113,258	63,759
Number of Executives	1	1	1	1	5	5	53	29

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- **42.01** Certain executives including Chief Executive Officerof the company are also provided with free use of Company's cars in accordance with their entitlements.
- **42.02** No remuneration was given to Non Executive Director except the fee paid for attending the meeting and as disclosed in note No. 36. Non Executive Directors include one independent director.

43 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties which comprise of directors, key management personnel and post employment benefits plan. Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer is disclosed in note No. 42. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Nature of		2022	2021
	Relationship	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Expense related to provident fund trust	Employees Fund	43.01	31,839	27,949
Investment in Stitchrite (Pvt) Limited	Subsidiary		130,000	100,000
Sales to Stitchrite (Pvt) Limited	Subsidiary		113,582	40,271
Purchases from Stitchrite (Pvt) Limited	Subsidiary		-	488
Rent received from Stitchrite (Pvt) Limited	Subsidiary		-	7,059
Loan to Stitchrite (Pvt) Limited	Subsidiary		11,602	125

43.01 The related party statusof outstanding balances as at 30 June 2022 related to employee provident fund trust are included in trade and other payables amounting to Rs. 32.791 million (2021: Rs. 35.003 million). These are to be settled in the ordinary course of business.

Following are the related parties with whom the company has entered into transactions or have arrangements / agreements in place.

	Sr. No.	Company Name		Basis of relationship	Aggregate % of Shareholding in the Company
	1	CTML Employees Contributory Provident Fund		Trustee	N/A
	2	Stichrite (Private) Limited		Subsidiary	100%
44	PLANT	CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION		2022	2021
	Installed	d capacity			
	Spinnin	g division:			
	Ring sp	inning:			
	Installed	capacity converted into 20s count	Kgs	124,807,256	124,807,256
	Open er	nd spinning:			
	Installed	capacity converted into 20s count	Kgs	9,332,808	9,332,808
	Weaving	g Division:			
	Installed	capacity converted into square meter @ 60 PPI	Meters	121,824,244	121,824,244
	Actual p	production:			
	Spinnin	g division:			
	Ring sp	inning:			
	Producti	on converted into 20s count	Kgs	112,007,114	122,251,661
	Open er	nd spinning:			
	Producti	on converted into 20s count	Kgs	7,841,323	5,492,209
	Weaving	g Division:			
	Production	on converted into square meter @ 60 PPI	Meters	109,392,440	116,040,131
	Remark	s:			

It is difficult to describe precisely the production capacity in spinning / weaving mills since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, twist, fiber blend and fabric construction etc. It also significantly varies based on the pattern of production adopted throughout the year. Difference of actual production with installed capacity is in normal course of business.

COLONY TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

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			2022	2021
45	PROVIDENT FUND	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	The following information is based on the latest audited			
	-financial statements of the trust:			
	Size of the fund - Total assets		342,813	291,741
	Cost of investments made	45.01	301,225	253,913
	Percentage of investments made		87.87%	87.03%
	Fair value of investments		301,225	253,913
	45.01 The break-up of fair value of investments is:			

2022 Rs. ('000') Percentage Rs. ('000') Percentage 20% Loan to members 60,096 44,752 18% 13% 3% Bank balances 39,375 7,042 Government securities 166,754 55% 155,119 61% Other investments 35.000 12% 47.000 18% 301,225 100% 253,913

These investments out of provident fund trust have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

46	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		2022	2021
	The total and average number of employees during the year and as at 30 June 2022 / 30 June 2021 are as follows:		Number	Number
	Average number of employees during the year	factoryothers	8,606 839	8,550 636
			9,445	9,186
	Number of employees at the end of the year	- factory	8,176	9,035
		- others	1,028	650
			9,204	9,685

47 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

47.01 The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. Further, quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishmentand oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

47.02 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customeror counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from deposits, trade debts, loans, advances and other receivables and bank balances. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

Financial assets as per statement of financial position	2022	2021
	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Long term investment in IL	175,920	431,155
Long term deposits	51,132	51,132
Trade debts	1,580,033	1,121,943
Loans and advances	42,618	24,069
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	85,729	116,629
Cash and Bank balances	21,053	54,796
Investments measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Quoted - at fair value	14	20
Investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	9	
Quoted - at fair value	1,114	3,025
Unquoted - at cost	400	400
_	1,958,013	1,803,169

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Company's credit risk exposures are categorized under the following headings:

Counter parties

The Company conducts transactions with the following major counterparties:

- Trade debtors

- Banks and other financial institutions

The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counter parties as a means of mitigatingthe risk of financial loss from defaults. The Company's exposure is continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the management annually.

Credit risk related to trade debts

Trade debts are essentially due from local and foreign customers against sale of yarn, fabric and waste material and the Company does not expect these counter parties to fail to meet their obligations. The majority of sales to the Company's customers are made on specific terms. Customer credit risk is managed subject to established policies, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all customers based on past experience with the customer. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored and any shipments to foreign customers are generally covered by letters of credit.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 60 to 90 days credit terms.

Impairment losses

The aging of trade debts and loans to employees at the reporting date was:

	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
0 to 30 days	486,795	343,804
31 to 180 days	649,060	458,405
181 to 360 days	485,425	342,568
Over one year	1,370	1,235
	1,622,650	1,146,012

Trade debts include debtors with a carrying amount of Rs. 1.37 million (2021: Rs. 1.23 million) which are past due at the reporting date but not impaired as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

Concentration of credit risk

Trade debts consist of a large number of diversified customers, spread across geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable where appropriate. Geographically, there is no concentration of credit risk.

Credit risk related to banks and other financial institutions

Credit risk on balances with banks is managed by management in accordance with the Company's policy. Excess funds are placed in deposits with reputable banks and financial institutions.

47.03 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Management closely monitors the Company's liquidity and cash flow position. This includes maintenance of statementof financial position liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer. Furthermore, support from sponsors in the form of interest free loans to meet liquidity shortfall is also contributory to minimize liquidity risk.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Included in note No. 15.02 is a list of additional undrawn facilities that the Company has at its disposal to further reduce liquidity risk.

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47.03.1 Liquidity risk table

Financial liabilities in accordance with their contractual maturities are presented below:

Interest/mark-up bearing

			30 June 2022					
Inter	est/mark-up bea	ring	Non interest/mark-up bearing					
Maturity	Maturity		Maturity					
within	after	Sub Total	within	after	Sub Total	Total		
one year	one year		one year	one year				
Rupees ('000')								
-	-	-	-	4,546,513	4,546,513	4,546,51		
957,153	6,153,624	7,110,777	-	-	-	7,110,77		
-	-	-	-	120,000	120,000	120,00		
12,322	1,614	13,936	-	-	-	13,93		
3,597,762	-	3,597,762	-	-	-	3,597,76		
-	-	-	2,688,356	-	2,688,356	2,688,35		
-	-	-	94	-	94	(
119,645	-	119,645	-	-	-	119,64		
4,686,882	6,155,238	10,842,120	2,688,450	4,666,513	7,354,963	18,197,08		

Financial Liabilities:

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost Long term financing Director's loan Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Short-term borrowings Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark up

Maturity Maturity Maturity Maturity Sub Total Sub Total Total within after within after one Year one Year one Year one Year

30 June 2021

Financial Liabilities:

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost Long term financing Director's loan Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Short-term borrowings Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark up

Rupees ('000')							
				4 470 007	4 470 007	4.470.0	
-	-	-	-	4,176,997	4,176,997	4,176,9	
815,592	6,894,705	7,710,297	-	-	-	7,710,2	
-	-	-	-	120,000	120,000	120,0	
14,992	12,906	27,898	-	-	-	27,8	
2,993,518	-	2,993,518	-	-	-	2,993,5	
-	-	-	1,647,850	-	1,647,850	1,647,8	
- 1	-	-	94	-	94		
147,638	-	147,638	-	-	-	147,6	
3,971,740	6,907,611	10,879,351	1,647,944	4,296,997	5,944,941	16,824,2	

Effective mark up / intrest rates have been disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.

Non interest/mark-up bearing

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Effective mark up / intrest rates have been disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements

47.04 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interestrates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing returns.

47.04.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Company ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term imbalances.

Exposure to currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on trade debts which are denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the Company. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

Statement of financial position items

	2022		2021		
	Rupees ('000')	US \$ ('000')	Rupees ('000')	US \$ ('000')	
Trade debts	101,235	494	188,768	1,198	
L/C Margins	995,388	4,859	408,796	2,595	

Off statement of financial position commitments

	2022	<u> </u>	2021		
	Rupees ('000')	US \$ ('000')	Rupees ('000')	US \$ ('000')	
Letter of credit	27,070	132	176,262	1,119	

The following US Dollar exchange rates were applied during the year:

	2022	2021
	Rupees	Rupees
Average rate	181.20	162.80
Statement of financial position date rate	204.85	157.54

Sensitivity analysis - foreign currency

At 30 June 2022, if the Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 5% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, profit for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 71.285 million (2021: 38.691 million), as a result of foreign exchange gains / losses on translation of foreign currency trade debts. Profit / (loss) is more sensitive to movement in Rupee / foreign currency exchange rates in 2022 than 2021 because of average increase in foreign currency exchange rate during the year.

47.04.2 Interest rate risk

Interest/ markup rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest / markup rates will affect the value of financial instruments. The Company has significant amount of interest based financial assets and financial liabilities which are largely based on variable interest/ markup rates, therefore the Company has to manage the related finance cost which exposes it to the risk of 1 month, 3 months and 6 months KIBOR. Since the impacton interest rate exposure is significant to the Company, management is considering the alternative arrangement to manage interest rate exposure in future.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fixed rate instruments	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
There are no fixed rate instruments.			
Variable rate instruments			
Financial assets			
Cash in deposit accounts		2,270	4,787
Financial liabilities			
Long term finance		7,110,777	7,710,297
Short term finance		3,597,762	2,993,518
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		13,936	27,898
		10,722,474	10,731,713

Sensitivity analysis - interest rate

If interestrates had been 1 % higher / lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's profit/ (loss) for the year ended 30 June 2022 would have decreased / increased by Rs. 109.97 million (2021: Rs. 107.27 million). This is mainly attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate financial instruments.

47.04.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuatedue to changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is not materially exposed to other price risk on financial assets and liabilities.

47.04.4 Financial instruments by category

The Company finances its operation through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintain an approximate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk. Taken as a whole, the Company's risk arising from financial instruments is limited as there is no significant exposure to price and cash flow risk in respect of such instruments.

2022

		2022	2021
Financial assets as per statement of financial position	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Loan and receivable			
Long-term deposits		51,132	51,132
Trade debts		1,580,033	1,121,943
Loans and advances		42,618	24,069
Trade deposits and short term prepayments		85,729	116,629
Cash and Bank balances		21,053	54,796
Long term investment			
Investment in IL at fair value through statement of profit or loss		175,920	431,155
Fair value through profit or loss			
Quoted - at fair value		14	20
Fair value through other comprehensive income			
Quoted - at fair value		1,114	3,025
Unquoted - at cost		400	400
		1,958,013	1,803,169
Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position			
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost		4,546,513	4,176,997
Long term finance		7,110,777	7,710,297
Director's loan		120,000	120,000
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		13,936	27,898
Short-term borrowings		3,597,762	2,993,518
Trade and other payables		2,688,356	1,647,850
Unclaimed dividend		94	94
Accrued mark up		119,645	147,638
		18,197,083	16,824,292
			· ,

2021

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

47.05 Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is going concern and there is no intention or requirements to curtail materially the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

47.05.1 Fair value hierarchy

Following are three levels in fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in measurement of fair values of financial instruments.

2022

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
		Rupees ('000')				
Financial investments: available for sale	14	-	-	14		
Investment at fair value through						
profit or loss	175,920	-	-	175,920		
Investment - available for sale	832	-	282	1,114		
	176,766	-	282	177,048		
		20	021			
Financial assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
		Rupees	s ('000')			
Financial investments: available for sale	20	-	-	20		
Investment at fair value through						
profit or loss	431,155	-	-	431,155		
Investment - available for sale	2,743	-	282	3,025		
	/33 018	_	282	434 200		

48 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital are as follows:

- The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.
- The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.
- Consistently with others in the industry, the company monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital. Net debt is calculated as total debt (as shown in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity (i.e., share capital, reserves and unappropriated profit).
- The Company's strategy is to maintain its debt-to-adjusted capital ratio between 40% to 60%. The debt-to-adjusted capital ratios at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Total debt	10,722,475	10,731,714
Less: cash and cash equivalents	21,053	54,796
Net debt	10,701,422	10,676,918
Total equity	10,151,208	9,874,147
Total capital employed	20,852,630	20,551,065
Gearing ratio (%)	51.32%	51.95%

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49 NON ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DATE

There were no non-adjusting events after the statement of financial position date.

CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		2022	2021
No	ote R	upees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit / (loss) before taxation		962,034	1,121,325
Adjustments for:			
Provision for staff retirement benefits		178,273	186,281
Depreciation		872,743	852,953
Finance cost		720,052	714,861
Worker's profit participation fund		59,537	38,616
Worker's welfare fund		23,815	18,471
Share of (gain) / loss from investment in IL		255,235	(218,433
Loss/(gain) on remeasurement of short term investments		6	(4
Revaluation loss / (gain) on investment property		(6,810)	(4,354
Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools		1,120	941
Loss allowance for doubtful trade debts		1,370	1,235
Amortization of deferred mark up Gain on restructuring from banking companies / financial institutions		(59,749)	(186,250
Gain on amortization of long term loan		16,661	2,948
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		18,139	2,315
	•	2,080,392	1,409,580
Operating cash flows before working capital changes		3,042,426	2,530,905
Changes in working capital:			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:			
Stores, spares and loose tools		(264,348)	(87,560
Stock-in-trade		62,157	(189,652
Trade debts		(459,460)	142,868
Loans and advances		(638,795)	(157,135
Tax refund due from government		(276,306)	92,762
Trade deposits and short term prepayments		30,900	139,203
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:		.	
Trade and other payables		747,762	245,053

185,539

2,716,444

(798,090)

2,244,336

Cash generated from operations

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

51 SEGMENT INFORMATION

อเ	SEGMENT INFORMATION		Weaving		Real estate		Total		
		Spinn 2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	ai 2021
		2022	2021	2022	Rupees ('000'		2021	2022	2021
	Sales:				rapood (ooo	1			
	Total	26,025,120	20,976,797	5,894,110	5,031,184	-	-	31,919,230	26,007,981
	Intersegment	(1,101,986)	(539,453)	-	-	-	-	(1,101,986)	(539,453)
		24,923,134	20,437,344	5,894,110	5,031,184	-	-	30,817,244	25,468,528
	Cost of Sales	22,753,272	18,867,654	5,179,974	4,371,852	-	-	27,933,245	23,239,505
	Gross profit	2,169,863	1,569,691	714,136	659,333		-	2,883,999	2,229,023
	Distribution Cost	270,143	212,019	97,204	90,865	-	-	367,348	302,884
	Administrative expenses	400,219	328,185	171,522	140,651	-	-	571,742	468,835
		670,363	540,204	268,727	231,516	<u> </u>	-	939,089	771,719
	_	1,499,500	1,029,487	445,410	427,817	•	•	1,944,910	1,457,304
	Finance cost	504,037	500,403	216,016	214,458	•	-	720,052	714,861
	Profit before unallocated	995,464	520.094	229,394	213,358	·		1,224,858	742,443
	income and expenses	990,404	529,084	229,394	213,330	·	-	1,224,000	142,443
	Other Income Profit before tax Taxation Profit after tax for the year Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement (loss) / gain of def Net fair value gain / (loss) on invest Total comprehensive profit for the year	ment through FVO ear	Cl	Spin	ning	Weav	ing	92,432 962,036 675,723 286,313 (7,339) (1,911) 277,063	438,917 1,121,325 373,069 748,256 (9,061) 1,459 740,654
				2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
						Rupees ('000')			
	Total assets for reportable segment Unallocated assets:	S		10,894,651	10,306,458	8,560,083	8,432,557	19,454,735	18,739,015
	Investment property							791,089	784,279
	Long term investments							177,434	434,580
	Investment in subsidiary							130,000	100,000
	Cash and bank balances							21,053	54,796
	Other corporate assets							9,524,811	8,123,552
	Total assets as per statement of f	inancial position						30,099,122	28,236,223
CO	LONY TEXTILE MILI	_S LIMITED)						63

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Unallocated liabilities:

Directors' loan	120,000	120,000
Provision for taxation	505,413	368,233
Other corporate liabilities	29,473,709	27,747,990
Total liabilities as per statement of financial position	30,099,122	28,236,223

51.01 Geographical information

The Company's revenue from external customers by geographical locations is detailed below:

	Spinning		Weaving		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			Rupees ('000')			
Europe	-	-	1,434,977	1,122,879	1,434,977	1,122,879
USA	-		336,806	114,983	336,806	114,983
Africa	-	-	64,399	67,468	64,399	67,468
Asia		27,322	470,913	1,435,629	470,913	1,462,951
		27,322	2,307,096	2,740,959	2,307,096	2,768,281

52 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been approved and authorized for issue on 5 October 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

53 GENERAL

- Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupees in thousand except where stated otherwise.
- Corresponding figures have been rearranged/reclassified, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer



In the Name of Almighty Allah The Most Beneficient
The Most Merciful

COLONY TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Colony Textile Mills Limited and its subsidiary (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan, Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters:

Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit		
1) Revenue			
Revenue is recognized when control of the underlying products has been transferred to the customers. The Company primarily generates revenue from sale of yarn, fabric and trading in real estate. During the year, the Company's revenue is Rs. 30,872 million which is 102.08% of the total assets. We have considered revenue as a key audit matter as it is one of the key performance indicators of the Company. There is inherent risk of material misstatement as there is a significant increase in revenue from last year despite the economic crisis faced by textile sector of the country in last quarter of the financial year.	Our audit procedures in relation to the matter, amongst others, included the following: Assessed the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the relevant key internal controls over the Company's system which governs revenue recognition; Understood and evaluated the accounting policies with respect to revenue recognition including those related to discounts and commissions and its compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards; Performed testing of sample of revenue transactions with underlying documentation including dispatch documents and sales invoices; Tested on a sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the reporting date with underlying documentation to assess whether revenue has been recognized in the correct period; Checked on a sample basis, approval of sales prices and commissions by the appropriate authority; Performed recalculation of discounts and commission as per Company's policy on test basis; Performed audit procedures to analyze variation in the price and quantity sold during the year; and Assessed the adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements related to revenue.		

Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit
2) Inventories	
(Refer notes 25 and 26 to the annexed financial statements) The Company has inventories i.e. stores, spares and loose tools and stock-in-trade aggregating Rs. 5,534 million. We identified this area as a key audit matter because inventories constitute 18.30% of the total assets of the Company as at 30 June 2022 and determining an appropriate write down as a result of net realizable value (NRV) and provision for slow moving inventories involves management judgement and estimation.	Our audit procedures in respect of this area included: Observation of physical inventory count procedures and compared on a sample basis, physical count with valuations sheets; Compared on a sample basis specific purchases and directly attributable cost with underlying supporting documents; Compared the NRV, on a sample basis, to the cost of finished goods to assess whether any adjustments are required to value stocks in accordance with applicable accounting and reporting standards; Assessed the provision for slow moving items as at year end is in accordance with the Company policy and relevant accounting standard; and We also considered the adequacy of the related disclosures and assessed these are in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards and the Companies Act, 2017.
3) Capital expenditures	
(Refer note 21 to the annexed financial statements) The Company has significant amounts of fixed capital expenditures amounting to Rs. 1,757 million, being 9.04% of property, plant and equipment as at reporting date. The Company is investing significant amounts in its operations and there are a number of areas where management's judgment impacts the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and its respective depreciation profile. These include among others the decision to capitalize costs; and review of useful life of the assets. The Company's principal accounting policy on operating fixed assets and capital work in progress are disclosed in note 8.03 to the financial statements. We focused on this area since the amounts have a significant impact on the financial position of the Company and there is significant impact on the reporting of the financial position for the Company. Therefore, considered as one of the key audit matters.	Our audit procedures in relation to capitalization of property, plant and equipment, amongst others include the following: • Understanding the design and implementation of management controls over capitalization and performing tests of control over authorization of capital expenditure and accuracy of its recording in the system. • Testing, on sample basis, the costs incurred on projects with supporting documents and contracts. • Assessing the nature of costs incurred for capital projects through testing, on sample basis, of amounts recorded and considering whether the expenditure meets the criteria for capitalization as per the accounting policy and applicable accounting standards. • Checked the reasonableness of management's assessment of categories of assets and working of reclassification in categories of assets including impact of reclassification on both cost of assets and accumulated depreciation in each category. • Inspecting supporting documents for the date of capitalization when project was ready for its intended use to assess whether depreciation commenced and further capitalization of costs ceased from that date and assessing the useful life assigned by management including the calculation.

Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit
4) Borrowings	
(Refer notes 12, 13, 16 and 18 to the annexed financial statements) The Company has significant amounts of borrowings from Banks and other financial institutions amounting to Rs. 10,722 million, being 53.33% of total liabilities, as at reporting date. Given the significant level of borrowings, finance costs, significant gearing, the disclosure given by the management in financial statements and compliance with various loan covenants, this is considered to be a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures in respect of this area included: Review of loan agreements and facility letters to ascertain the terms and conditions of repayment, rates of markup used and disclosed by management for finance costs and to ensure that the borrowings have been approved at appropriate level. Verification of disbursement of loans and utilization on sample basis. Review of documents for charge registration with regulator - SECP. Verification of repayments made by the Company during the year on sample basis to confirm that repayments are being made on time and no default has been made. Assessing procedures designed by management to comply with the debt covenants and performing covenant tests on sample basis. Obtaining direct confirmations from Banks of the Company to confirm balances, terms & conditions stated in the facility offer letters and compliance thereof. Performing analytical procedures, recalculations and ensuring outstanding liabilities have been properly classified in financial statements.
Information Other than the Consolidated Financial	Statements and Auditor's Deport Thereon

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Shahid Mehmood.

Dated: 05 October, 2022

Lahore

UDIN: AR202210055Rab7ECu9y

Tariq Abdul Ghani Maqbool & Co. Chartered Accountants

Tany Army Chair Machin ex

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

Stare capital and reserves Stare capital Stare capital		Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Authorised share capital 9 5,300,000 5,300,000 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 10 4,980,100 4,980,100 Reserve arising on amalgamation 3,156,388 3,156,388 Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment 19,594 19,594 Directors' loan 11 120,000 120,000 General reserves 4,702 4,702 Unappropriated profit 1,856,751 1,564,304 Surplus on remeasurement of investments 1,040 2,951 Surplus on remeasurement of investments 2 6,153,623 6,894,705 Surplus on remeasurement of investments 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Sisued, subscribed and paid up capital 10	Share capital and reserves			
Reserve arising on amalgamation 3,156,388 3,156,388 Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment 19,594 19,594 Directors' loan 11 120,000 120,000 General reserves 4,702 4,702 Unappropriated profit 1,856,751 1,564,304 Surplus on remeasurement of investments 10,138,575 9,848,039 Non-current liabilities Long term financing 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 Liabilities 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 <t< td=""><td>Authorised share capital</td><td>9</td><td>5,300,000</td><td>5,300,000</td></t<>	Authorised share capital	9	5,300,000	5,300,000
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment 19,594 19,594 Directors' loan 11 120,000 120,000 General reserves 4,702 4,702 Unappropriated profit 1,856,751 1,564,304 Surplus on remeasurement of investments 10,138,575 9,848,039 Non-current liabilities Long term financing 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	10	4,980,100	4,980,100
Directors' loan 11 120,000 120,000 General reserves 4,702 4,702 Unappropriated profit 1,856,751 1,564,304 Surplus on remeasurement of investments 1,040 2,951 Non-current liabilities 10,138,575 9,848,039 Non-current liabilities 2 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Reserve arising on amalgamation		3,156,388	3,156,388
General reserves 4,702 4,702 Unappropriated profit 1,856,751 1,564,304 Surplus on remeasurement of investments 1,040 2,951 Non-current liabilities Long term financing 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 12,069,080 12,165,066 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment		19,594	19,594
Unappropriated profit 1,856,751 1,564,304 Surplus on remeasurement of investments 1,040 2,951 Non-current liabilities 1 1,040 2,951 Long term financing 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Directors' loan	11	120,000	120,000
Surplus on remeasurement of investments 1,040 2,951 Non-current liabilities 10,138,575 9,848,039 Long term financing 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 12,069,080 12,165,066 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - - -	General reserves		4,702	4,702
Non-current liabilities 10,138,575 9,848,039 Long term financing 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 12,069,080 12,165,066 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Unappropriated profit		1,856,751	1,564,304
Non-current liabilities Long term financing 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 12,069,080 12,165,066 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Surplus on remeasurement of investments		1,040	2,951
Long term financing 12 6,153,623 6,894,705 Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 12,069,080 12,165,066 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - - -			10,138,575	9,848,039
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 13 1,614 12,906 Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 12,069,080 12,165,066 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Non-current liabilities			
Deferred liabilities 14 5,913,843 5,257,455 Current liabilities Trade and other payables Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Long term financing	12	6,153,623	6,894,705
12,069,080 12,165,066 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Rost,727 6,261,922 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	13	1,614	12,906
Current liabilities Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Deferred liabilities	14	5,913,843	5,257,455
Trade and other payables 15 2,840,341 1,921,336 Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -			12,069,080	12,165,066
Short term borrowings 16 3,597,762 2,993,518 Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Current liabilities			
Accrued mark up 17 119,645 147,638 Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Trade and other payables	15	2,840,341	1,921,336
Unclaimed dividend 94 94 Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 8,035,727 6,261,922 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Short term borrowings	16	3,597,762	2,993,518
Current portion of long term liabilities 18 969,475 830,584 Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 8,035,727 6,261,922 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Accrued mark up	17	119,645	147,638
Provision for taxation 19 508,410 368,752 8,035,727 6,261,922 Contingencies and commitments 20 - -	Unclaimed dividend		94	94
Contingencies and commitments 8,035,727 6,261,922 20 - -	Current portion of long term liabilities	18	969,475	830,584
Contingencies and commitments 20	Provision for taxation	19	508,410	368,752
			8,035,727	6,261,922
30,243,38228,275,027_	Contingencies and commitments	20		-
			30,243,382	28,275,027

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
ASSETS		, ,	. ,
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	21	19,446,781	18,711,700
Right of use assets	22	86,055	90,584
Investment property	23	791,089	784,279
Long term investments	24	177,434	434,580
Long term deposits		51,132	51,132
		20,552,491	20,072,275
Current assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	25	680,108	384,598
Stock in trade	26	4,853,572	4,818,093
Trade debts	27	1,582,836	1,123,472
Loans and advances	28	1,508,501	876,945
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	29	85,729	116,629
Other financial assets	30	14	20
Tax refunds due from the Government	31	958,638	812,111
Cash and bank balances	32	21,493	70,884
		9,690,891	8,202,752

30,243,382	28,275,027

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Chief Executive Officer

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Sales - net	33	30,871,887	25,462,402
Cost of sales	34	27,922,716	23,239,605
Gross profit		2,949,171	2,222,797
Operating expenses:			
Distribution cost	35	375,908	303,447
Administrative expenses	36	611,634	474,410
		987,542	777,857
Operating profit		1,961,629	1,444,940
Finance cost	37	720,222	714,930
Other operating charges	38	356,439	60,096
		1,076,661	775,026
Other income	39	93,018	431,858
Profit / (loss) before taxation		977,986	1,101,772
Taxation	40	678,201	373,588
Profit / (loss) after tax for the year		299,785	728,184
		Rupees	Rupees
Earnings/(Loss) per share - basic and diluted	41	0.60	1.46

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Profit / (loss) for the year		299,785	728,184
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit or loss:			
Remeasurement (loss) / gain of defined benefit obligation Deferred tax thereon	14.03	(9,894)	(12,146)
Deletted tax thereon	l	2,555 [(7,339)	3,085 (9,061)
Items that may be reclassified to statement of profit or loss:			
Net fair value gain on investment measured at FVTOCI		(1,911)	1,459
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-	290,535	720,582

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	50	2,219,852	2,704,587
Finance cost paid Staff retirement benefit paid Income tax paid		(318,949) (106,934) (192,057) (617,940)	(297,940) (107,631) (221,264) (626,835)
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,601,912	2,077,752
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Net cash used in investing activities		(1,757,079) 131,675 (1,625,404)	(1,462,170) 57,413 (1,404,757)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Long term finances repaid Lease rentals - net Short term borrowings - net		(616,181) (13,962) 604,244	(302,620) (13,294) (335,268)
Net cash used in financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(25,900) (49,391)	(651,182) 21,813
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		70,884	49,071 70,884

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Share capital	Reserve arising on amalgamation	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	Directors' loan	Revenue reserves General Unappropriated reserves profit/(loss)		General Unappropriated reserves profit/(loss)		General Unappropriated reserves profit/(loss)		Surplus on re- measurement of investments	Total
D-I 00 I 0000	4 000 400	2.450.200	40 504		s ('000')	045 400	4 400	0.000.045				
Balance as at 30 June 2020 Total comprehensive income for the year	4,980,100	3,156,388	19,594	385,187	4,702	845,182	1,492	9,392,645				
Profit / (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	728,184	-	728,184				
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	-	-	-	-	-	(9,061)	-	(9,061)				
Net fair value gain on investment measured at FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,459	1,459				
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	719,123	1,459	720,582				
Directors' loan adjusted during the year	_	-	-	(265,187)	-	-	-	(265,187)				
Balance as at 30 June 2021	4,980,100	3,156,388	19,594	120,000	4,702	1,564,305	2,951	9,848,040				
Total comprehensive income for the year												
Profit / (loss) for the year	-			-	-	299,785	-	299,785				
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	-	-	-		-	(7,339)	-	(7,339)				
Net fair value gain on investment measured at FVTOCI	_		_	_			(1,911)	(1,911)				
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		-	-	-	292,446	(1,911)	290,535				
Directors' loan adjusted during the year	-		-	-	-	-		-				
Balance as at 30 June 2022	4,980,100	3,156,388	19,594	120,000	4,702	1,856,751	1,040	10,138,575				

The annexed notes from 01 to 53 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.01 Colony Textile Mills Limited ("the Holding Company") is a Public Company Limited by shares incorporated in Pakistan on 12 January 2011 under the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now The Companies Act 2017). The Holding Company is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Holding Company is located at M. Ismail Aiwan-i-Science Building, Ferozepur Road, Lahore, Pakistan. The principal activity of the Holding Company is manufacturing and sale of yarn, fabric, garments made ups and trading in real estate.

Geographical location and addresses of major business units including mills / plants of the Holding Company are as under:

Location	Purpose
M. Ismail Aiwan-i-Science Building Ferozepur Road, Lahore	Head Office
4km Raiwind Manga Road, Raiwind, District Kasur	Weaving unit
Sher Shah Road Ismailabad, Multan	Spinning unit

2 THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

The group consists of:

Colony Textile Mills Limited (the Holding Company)

Stitchrite (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company)

Stitchrite (Private) Limited was incorporated in Pakistan as on 11 October 2019 under the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) limited by shares. The registered office of the Company is located at 221-2nd Floor, Karachi Cotton Association Building, I.I. Chandigarh Road, Karachi, North Karachi Town Sindh 74000. The Company is principally engaged in manufacturing and general trading of textile products.

Effective Shareholding % 100

- Stitchrite (Private) Limited

3 SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS AFFECTING THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND PERFORMANCE

All significant transactions and events that have affected the consolidated statement of financial position and performance during the year have been adequately disclosed in the notes to these consolidated financial statements. For a detailed discussion about these significant transactions and events, please refer to the Directors' report.

4 BASIS OF PREPARATION

4.01 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting requirements as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

4.02 These consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated statement of financial position of the company as at June 30, 2022 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows together with notes forming part thereof.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

4.03 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

The following amendments to existing standards have been published that are applicable to these consolidated financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:

Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations effective in current year

- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments regarding the definition of material
- IAS 8 Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors Amendments regarding the definition of material
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Amendments regarding pre-replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform
- IAS 41 Agriculture Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 (taxation in fair value measurements)
- IFRS 3 Business combinations Amendments to clarify the definition of a business
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Amendments regarding pre-replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform
- IFRS 11 Joint arrangements Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2015–2017 Cycle (remeasurement of previously held interest)
- IFRS 16 Leases Amendment to provide lessees with an exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification
- IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendments prohibiting a Company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the Company is preparing the asset for its intended use
- IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets Amendments regarding the costs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous
- IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 (subsidiary as a first-time adopter)
- IFRS 3 Business combinations (amendments)
- IFRS 7.9 Financial Instruments: Disclosure Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform
- & IAS 39
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 (fees in the '10 per cent')

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are not yet effective

The following amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

	Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors - Amendments regarding the definition of accounting estimates	January 01, 2023
IAS 12	Income Taxes - Amendments regarding deferred tax on leases and decommissioning obligations	January 01, 2023
IFRS 4	Insurance contracts (amendments) Regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform	January 01, 2021
IFRS 4	Insurance contracts - Amendments regarding the expiry date of the deferral approach	January 01, 2023
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendment to defer the effective date of the January 2020 amendments	January 01, 2023
	Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments regarding the classification of liabilities	January 01, 2023
	Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments regarding the disclosure of accounting policies	January 01, 2023

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 16	Leases - Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform	January 01, 2021
IFRS 17	Insurance contracts - Amendments to address concerns and implementation challenges that were identified after IFRS 17 was published (includes a deferral of the effective date to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023)	January 01, 2023
IFRS 16	Leases - Amendment to extend the exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification	April 01, 2021
	e standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the group's operations or are not impact on the group's financial statements except for the increased disclosures in certain cases.	ot expected to have
	n to the above, the following new standards and interpretations have been issued by the International ASB), which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SE	•

	Standard or Interpretation	(Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 14	Regulatory deferral accounts	January 01, 2016
IFRS 17	Insurance contracts	January 01, 2021

The Company expects that the adoption of the other amendments and interpretations of the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

5 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

6 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value and recognition of certain employee retirement benefits at present value, investment on equity basis, certain liabilities at amortised cost, investment property and certain other investments at fair value. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the statement of cash flows, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

7 JUDGMENT, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards which requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and related assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and related assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Accounting estimates are revised in the period in which such revisions are made and in any future periods affected.

Significant management estimates in these financial statements relate to the useful life of property, plant and equipment, provisions for staff retirement benefits, doubtful receivables, slow moving inventory and taxation. However, the management believes that the change in outcome of estimates would not have a material effect on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which such estimates are revised. Such estimates are:

Effective Date

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- Useful life of depreciable assets;
- Loss allowance for doubtful receivables and slow moving stores, spares and loose tools;
- Provision for current tax and deferred tax;
- Staff retirement benefits;
- Net realisable value of stock-in-trade; and
- Expected credit losses.

However, assumptions and judgments made by management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the consolidated financial statements are not expected to result in material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

8 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

8.01 Staff retirement benefits

The Holding Company operates two plans for its employees:

Defined contribution plan

The Holding Company operates recognised defined contributory provident fund for all eligible employees to which monthly contributions are made to cover the obligation. The Group and its employees make equal monthly contributions at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary.

Defined benefit plan

The Holding Company operates a defined benefit plan for all of its eligible employees who have completed their minimum qualifying period of service with the Group. Provisions are made in the consolidated financial statements to cover obligation on the basis of actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Any actuarial gain or loss is recognised immediately in statement of comprehensive income.

8.02 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on applicable current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, under the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The tax charge also includes adjustments, where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments finalized during the year.

Deferred

Deferred tax liability is accounted for in respect of all taxable temporary differences at the statement of financial position date arising from difference between the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and corresponding tax bases used in computation of taxable profits. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, provisions and tax credits to that extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available in future against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is to be realized or liability is to be settled. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirement of Technical Release – 27 of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

8.03 Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses (if any) except freehold land which is stated at cost and fully depreciated assets which are carried at residual value. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Depreciation is charged to statement of profit or loss by applying reducing balance method to write off the cost over estimated remaining useful life of assets. The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from property, plant and equipment. Depreciation on addition to property, plant and equipment is charged from the date when asset is available for use up to the date of its de-recognition.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Gains / losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in current year's statement of profit or loss.

Subsequent costs included in the asset's carrying amount are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance cost are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year in which these are incurred.

Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less identified impairment loss, if any, and includes the expenditures on material, labor and appropriate overheads directly relating to the construction, erection or installation of an item of property, plant and equipment. These costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment as and when related items become available for intended use.

Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct cost incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liability.

Where the Group determines that the lease term of identified lease contracts is short term in nature i.e. with a lease term of twelve months or less at the commencement date, right of use assets is not recognised and payments made in respect of these leases are expensed in the statement of profit or loss.

8.04 Investment property

Property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which effect market conditions at reporting date. Gains and losses arising from the change in fair value of properties are included in statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Fair values are determined based on an annual revaluation performed by an independent valuer.

In case of change in use of property from owner occupied property to investment property that will be carried at fair value, Company has applied IAS 16 upto the date of change in use. The difference at that date between carrying amount and fair value has been accounted for in the same way as a revaluation surplus in accordance with IAS-16.

8.05 Financial instruments

Recognition

A financial instrument is recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

a) Financial assets

(i) Initial Measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets in to following three categories:

- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- measured at amortised cost.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

(ii) Subsequent Measurement

Debt Investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest / markup income calculated using the effective interest rate method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in the statement of comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Equity Investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in statement of comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets are de recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

b) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are de recognised when the contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired or when the financial liability's cash flows have been substantially modified.

c) Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

d) Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention on the market place. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and de recognised on a trade date basis.

e) Derivatives

Derivative instruments held by the Group comprise of future and forward contracts in the capital and money markets. These are stated at fair value at the date of statement of financial position. The fair value of the derivatives is equivalent to the unrealised gain or loss from marking the derivatives using prevailing market rates at the date of statement of financial position. The unrealised gains are included in other assets while unrealised losses are included in other liabilities in the statement of financial position. The corresponding gains and losses are included in the statement of profit or loss.

8.06 Contingent liability

Contingent liability is disclosed when there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group; or when there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

8.08 Stock in trade

Basis of valuation are as follows:

Particulars

Raw materials:

At mills At lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value In-transit At cost accumulated to the statement of financial position date

Work in process At average manufacturing cost

Finished goods At lower of average manufacturing cost and net realizable value

Waste At net realizable value

Real estate At lower of cost and net realizable value

Cost in relation to work in process and finished goods represents the average manufacturing cost which consists of prime cost and attributable production overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

8.09 Trade debts and other receivables

Financial assets

These are classified at amortised cost and are initially recognised when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss.

Non-financial assets

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

8.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and at banks.

8.11 Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the time of proceeds received. Financial charges are accounted for on the accrual basis. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to statement of profit or loss in the period in which these are incurred.

8.12 Trade and other payables

Financial liabilities

These are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortised cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-financial liabilities

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

8.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle these obligations and a reliable estimate of the amounts can be made.

8.14 Impairment

Financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses in respect of financial assets measured at amortised cost on date of initial recognition. The amount of expected credit loss is updated on each reporting date to reflect the changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial assets.

Impairment is recognised at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. For financial assets for which credit risk is low, impairment is recognised at an amount equal to 12 months' expected credit losses, with the exception of trade debts contract assets and lease receivables, for which The Holding Company recognises lifetime expected credit losses estimated using a provision matrix. The provision matrix is based on the Holding Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to counter parties, general economic conditions and an assessment for both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

All impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. An impairment is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the financial asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, If no impairment loss had been recognised.

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counter party is in severe financial condition and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Any recoveries made post write-off are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non financial assets

The carrying amount of the Group's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that an asset or group of assets may be impaired. If any such evidence exists, the asset's or group of assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

8.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. Revenue from operations of the Group are recognised when the goods are provided, and thereby the performance obligations are satisfied. The Group's contract performance obligations are fulfilled at the point in time when the goods are dispatched to the customer. Invoices are generated and revenue is recognised at that point in time, as the control has been transferred to the customers and is reduced for allowances such as taxes, duties, commissions, sales returns and discounts. Revenue from other sources is recognised on the following basis:

- Interest income on deposits with banks and other financial assets is recognised on accrual basis.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive dividend has been established.

8.16 Related parties

- a) Employees Provident Fund
- b) Directors and key management personnel
- c) Stitchrite (Private) Limited

8.17 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are based on the transfer pricing policy that all transactions between the Holding Company and the related party of the Holding Company are at arm's length prices using the comparable uncontrolled price method except in circumstances where it is in the interest of the Holding Company not to do so.

8.18 Dividend

Dividend is recognised as liability in the period in which it is declared.

8.19 Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pak rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date and in case of forward exchange contracts at the committed rates. Gains or losses on exchange are charged to the statement of profit or loss.

8.20 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting basic EPS by the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares and post-tax effect of changes in statement of profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group that would result from conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

8.21 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the Group. An operating segment is a component of the Holding Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief executive to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the Chief Executive include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Those incomes, expenses, assets, liabilities and other balances which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis are reported as unallocated.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

the Group has three reportable business segments. Spinning (Producing different quality of yarn using natural and artificial fibers), Weaving (Producing different quality of fabric using yarn) and Stitching (producing different stitched products).

Transaction among the business segments are recorded at arm's length prices using admissible valuation methods. Inter segment sales and purchases are eliminated from the total.

8.22 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental cost directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

			2022	2021
9	AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	185,000,000 (2021: 185,000,000) ordinary shares		1,850,000	1,850,000
	of Rs. 10/- each			
	Capital of merged companies			
	345,000,000 (2021: 345,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		3,450,000	3,450,000
			5,300,000	5,300,000
10	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL			
	20,000 (2021: 20,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each issued as			
	fully paid in cash shares		200	200
	497,989,959 (2021: 497,989,959) fully paid in cash ordinary shares of			
	Rs. 10/- each issued to the shareholders of amalgamated entities		4,979,900	4,979,900
			4,980,100	4,980,100

- Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of Rs. 10/-, carry one vote per share and carry right to dividends.
- There are no rights, preferences and restrictions attached to any class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of the dividends and the repayment of capital.
- There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts for the sale of shares.
- -There were no bonus shares or treasury shares issued during the year.

			2022	2021
11	DIRECTORS' LOAN	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Directors' loan	11.01	120,000	120,000

11.01 This represents interest free loans from directors of the Company, payable at the discretion of the entity. They do not pass the liability test and thus recorded as equity at face value. They will not be re-measured subsequently. The decision by the entity at any time in future to deliver cash or any other financial asset to settle the directors' loan would be a direct debit to equity. The Company has applied TR-32 'Accounting Directors' Loan' issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan whose compliance was mandatory with effect from period beginning on or after 01 January 2016. Out of total loan, loan of Rs. 120 million is subordinated to the liabilities of financial institutions.

12	LONG TERM FINANCING	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
12	From banking companies-Secured	Note	Nupees (000)	Rupees (000)
	Name of the Bank			
	The Bank of Punjab	12.01	5,500,871	5,910,871
	National Bank of Pakistan	12.02	742,909	795,435
	Habib Bank Limited	12.03	133,629	171,885
	Faysal Bank Limited	12.04	221,558	268,062
	Silk Bank Limited	12.05	196,596	284,450
	Soneri Bank Limited	12.06	52,274	59,217
	Bank Islami Pakistan Limited	12.07	75,515	33,127
	Standard Chartered Bank Limited	12.08	143,625	187,250
	Summit Bank Limited	12.09	43,799	-
			7,110,776	7,710,297
	Less: Current portion	18	957,153	815,592
			6,153,623	6,894,705

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- 12.01 This loan facility was restructured on 31 December 2016. It is repayable from 31 December 2016 to 30 June 2032 including one year grace period. Markup is charged at cost of funds less administrative cost (2021: cost of funds less administrative cost) of the preceding quarter. This facility is secured by joint pari passu charge on fixed assets and current assets of the company, registered with SECP.
- 12.02 This loan facility was restructured on 09 April 2019. It is repayable from 01 July 2019 to 01 April 2034. Markup is chargeable at cost of funds (2021: Cost of fund). The loan is secured against first joint pari passu charge over fixed assets of the Company registered with SECP.
- 12.03 This loan has been restructured in July 2019. It is repayable from 01 July 2019 to 01 July 2027. Markup is to be charged at cost of funds (2021: Cost of funds) provided by the bank. This loan is secured against joint pari passu hypothecation charge, existing ranking charge over plant and machinery and existing joint pari passu charge on current and fixed assets of the Company.
- 12.04 This loan facility was restructured on 09 November 2018. It is repayable from 30 December 2018 to 30 September 2028. Markup is charged at cost of funds (2021: Cost of funds) of the bank. The loan is secured against joint and ranking charge over present and future current assets of the Company registered with SECP.
- 12.05 This loan includes two facilities Term Finance-1 (TF-1) and Term Finance-2 (TF-2) amounting Rs. 241.08 million and Rs. 38.22 million respectively. Both loans were restructured on 15 January 2017. It is payable from 15 January 2018 to 15 October 2032. Markup is payable at Silk bank's cost of funds minus 2% (2021: Cost of funds minus 2%). Term Finance-2 is interest free and recognised at amortized cost by discounting using effective rate of interest and related present value gain was recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Out of total loan amount of TF-2 Rs. 38.22 million, present value adjustment is Rs. 17.476 million. Both the loans are secured against first joint pari passu charge and ranking charge over the assets of the Company registered with SECP.
- 12.06 This loan facility was restructured on 20 March 2019. It is repayable from March 2019 to December 2024. The loan is secured against hypothecation charge over property, plant and equipment and existing joint pari passu charge over fixed assets including land of the Company, registered with SECP. This loan facility is interest free and recognised at amortized cost by discounting using effective rate of interest and related present value gain was recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Out of total outstanding amount of Rs. 48.84 million, present value adjustment is Rs. 3.961 million.
- 12.07 This loan facility was restructured on 22 December 2018. The loan is repayable from 30 March 2019 and ending on 31 December 2033. The loan is secured against joint pari passu charge on the assets of the Company registered with SECP. It is interest free and recognised at amortized cost by discounting using effective rate of interest and related present value gain was recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Out of total outstanding amount of Rs. 73.17 million, present value adjustment is Rs. 38.098 million.
- 12.08 This facility was created as a result of a restructuring made on 17 May 2019. The loan is repayable from 30 June 2019 and ending on 31 March 2024. This loan is secured against joint pari passu charge over current assets of the Company registered with SECP. This loan facility is interest free and recognised at amortized cost by discounting using effective rate of interest and related present value gain was recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Out of total outstanding amount of Rs. 133.44 million, present value adjustment is Rs. 7.204 million.
- 12.09 This facility is established by converting CF-1 into TF with a total amount of Rs. 194.664 million. This facility is repayable in twenty equal installments starting from 31 December 2021 and ending on 30 September 2026. This is secured against ranking charge over fixed assets (Plant & Machinery) of the company with 25% margin registered with SECP duly ensured in favor of Summit Bank Limited. Mark up is charged at 3 Month Kibor plus 1% per annum with quarterly installments.

13 LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE 2022 2021 Note Rupees ('000') Rupees ('000') Present value of minimum lease payments 13.02 13,936 27,898 Less: Current portion 18 (12,322) (14,992)

13.01 This represents machinery under lease and sale and lease back agreements. The principal plus financial charges are payable over the lease period in quarterly/bi monthly installments as per respective agreements ending in the month of September 2025. The liability as at the date of financial position represents the present value of total minimum lease payments discounted at 7.45 % to 11.89% (2021: 7.03% to 8.40%) per annum bearing the interest rates implicit in leases. The purchase option is available to the Company on payment of last installment and the Company intends to exercise this option. Reconciliation of minimum lease payments and their present values is given below:

1.614

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	Not later than one year		12,915	14,992
	Later than one year but not later than five years		1,637	38,673
	Later than five years			
			14,552	53,665
Less:	Financial charges allocated to future periods		(616)	(25,767)
	Present value of minimum lease payments	13.02	13,936	27,898
Less:	Current portion		(12,322)	(14,992)
			1,614	12,906
13.02	Present value of minimum lease payments			
	Due not later than one year		12,322	14,992
	Due later than one year but not later than five years		1,614	12,906
	Later than five years			
			13,936	27,898
14 DEFERI	RED LIABILITIES			
Deferred	I taxation	14.01	1,059,499	855,667
Deferred	d markup	14.02	4,546,513	4,176,997
Staff reti	rement benefits	14.03	307,831	224,791
			5,913,843	5,257,455

14.01 Deferred taxation

	Statement of positi		Statement of P	rofit or Loss	Statemer	nt of OCI	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
eferred taxation			Rupees ('0	00')			
							-

Statement of Financial

Def Comprises of the following:

Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences in respect of the following:

- Accelerated tax depreciation allowance

Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences in respect of the following:

Lease liabilities Un-absorbed losses Minimum tax available for carry forward Provision for stores, spares and loose tools Provision for doubtful debts Provision for gratuity

3,269,323	3,197,297	72,026	3/8,600	-	-
3,599	7,086	3,487	3,378	-	-
1,073,534	1,206,102	132,568	(128,652)	-	-
1,053,021	1,070,846	17,825	(228,678)	-	-
299	247	(52)	(52)	-	-
366	325	(41)	(266)	-	-
79,005	57,024	(21,981)	(26,149)	2,555	3,085
2,209,824	2,341,630	131,806	(380,419)	2,555	3,085

203,832

759,019

(2,555)

(3,085)

14.02	Deferred markup	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	Opening balance		6,830,436	6,343,138
	Provision during the year		429,266	487,298
			7,259,702	6,830,436
	Less: paid / adjusted during the year			-
			7,259,702	6,830,436
	Present value adjustment		(2,713,189)	(2,653,439)
			4,546,513	4,176,997

1,059,499

855,667

It represents markup deferred by Habib Bank Limited, Faysal Bank Limited, Bank of Punjab, National Bank of Pakistan, First Punjab Modaraba and Silk Bank Limited. It is payable starting from 16 September 2023 and maturing on 01 April 2034.

This deferred markup has been discounted using effective rate of interest and classified separately in non-current liabilities and related present value gain or loss is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

14.03	Staff retirement benefits - unfunded gratuity scheme	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
(a)	Amounts recognised in the statement of financial position:			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation		307,831	224,791
	Net liability at the end of the year		307,831	224,791
(b)	Movement in net liability			
(~)	Net liability at beginning of the year		224,791	133,696
	Charge for the year		180,080	186,580
			404,871	320,276
	Remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive income		9,894	12,146
	Benefits paid during the year		(106,934)	(107,631)
	Net liability at end of the year		307,831	224,791
(c)	Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation			
` '	Defined benefit obligation at beginning of the year		224,791	133,696
	Current service cost		135,478	129,484
	Past Service cost		28,288	50,384
	Interest cost		16,420	6,711
			404,977	320,276
	Remeasurements chargeable in OCI		9,894	12,146
	Benefits paid during the year		(107,039)	(107,631)
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at end of the year		307,832	224,791
(d)	Charge for the year			
	Current service cost		135,478	129,484
	Interest cost		16,420	6,711
	Past service cost		28,288	50,384
			180,186	186,580
	The principal assumptions used in the actuarial valuation are as follows:			
	Discount rate		13.25%	10.00%
	Expected rate of increase per annum in future salaries		12.25%	9.00%
	Expected average remaining working life of employees		3 years	3 years
			SLIC 2001 - 2005	SLIC 2001 - 2005
	Expected mortality rate		Setback 1 Year	Setback 1 Year
	Retirement assumptions		60 years	60 years
	. to an other addultipation to		,	,

Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The following table summarizes how the net defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased/(decreased) as a result of change in respective assumptions.

	Change in assumptions	Increase Rupees ('000') 2022	Decrease Rupees ('000') 2022
Discount rate	3.25%	278,200	213,619
Increase in future salaries	3.25%	312,977	233,828

A change in expected remaining working lives of employees is not expected to have a material impact on the present value of defined benefit obligation. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis for the same has not been carried out.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of defined benefit obligation as at the reporting date has been calculated by using projected unit credit method, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation to be recognised in these financial statements.

Risk factors

The defined benefit plan exposes the Company to the following actuarial risks:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Interest risk: The discount rate used in determination of present value of defined benefit obligation has been determined by reference to market yield at the reporting date on Pakistan Investment Bonds since there is no deep market in long term corporate bonds in Pakistan. An increase in market yield resulting in a higher discount rate will decrease in the defined benefit liability.

Longevity risk: The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the expected remaining working lives of the employees. An increase in the expected remaining working lives will increase the defined benefit obligation. However, the increase is not expected to be material.

Salary risk: The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to future salaries of plan participants. An increase in salary of plan participants will increase the defined benefit obligation.

				2022	2021
15	TRADE	AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Trade cr	editors		1,092,523	520,108
	Accrued	liabilities		902,135	671,190
	Security	deposits		200	200
	Advance	es from customers		205,583	21,294
	Withhold	ling tax payable		236,681	195,084
	Out put	tax payable		299,817	455,553
		' profit participation fund	15.01	60,384	38,616
		s welfare fund	15.02	42,625	18,471
	Others			393	820
				2,840,341	1,921,336
	15.01	Workers' profit participation fund			
		Opening balance		38,616	-
		Provision for the year		60,384	38,616
				99,000	38,616
		Payments during the year		(38,616)	-
				60,384	38,616
	15.02	Worker's welfare fund			
		Opening balance		18,471	-
		Provision for the year		24,154	18,471
				42,625	18,471
		Payment during the year		-	-
		Closing balance		42,625	18,471
16	SHORT	TERM BORROWINGS			
	Banking	companies - secured	16.01	3,597,762	2,993,518

^{16.01} Conventional short term borrowings are available from banking companies under markup arrangements. The rates of markup range from 5.01% to 15.89% per annum (2021: 5.58% to 12.7%). These are secured against pledge / hypothecation of stock-in-trade, hypothecation of stores and spares, lien over import / export documents, pari passu charge over present and future current assets and ranking charge over fixed assets of the company.

16.02 From the total aggregate short term facilities of Rs . 3,428.26 million (2021: 3,478.26 million), the amount of Rs. 152.21 million related to trade lines (2021: Rs. 340.79 million) remained unutilized as at 30 June 2022.

17	ACCRUED MARKUP		2022	2021
		Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Accrued markup on:			
	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		21,026	20,685
	Long term financing		1,480	-
	Short term borrowings		97,139	126,953
			119,645	147,638

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			2022	2021
18	CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM LIABILITIES	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Long term financing	18.01	957,153	815,592
	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		12,322	14,992
			969,475	830,584

18.01 Current portion of long term financing includes principal installments amounting to Rs. 151.369 million (2021: Rs. 104.62 million) which became due as on June 30, 2022.

19	PROVISION FOR TAXATION	2022	2021
		Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Opening balance	368,752	251,638
	Add: Taxation - current	472,333	368,601
		841,085	620,239
	Less: Tax payments / adjustments during the year	332,675	251,487
		508,410	368,752

20 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies

20.01 The Company imported textile machinery in 2002 availing exemptions from customs duty and sales tax on import thereof under SROs. 554(I)/97, 987 (I)/99, and 439(I)/2001. The Company had submitted indemnity bonds in that year to the customs authorities in this regard. In case, the conditions of above mentioned SROs are violated, the amount of customs duty and sales tax exempted aggregating Rs. 89.51 million shall be recovered along with such penalties imposed in this regard under section 202 of the Customs Act, 1969. The conditions of the said SRO vis-a-vis export of 50% of additional production during first three years and 60% of the additional production during subsequent two years had been complied with. Audit of first three years had been conducted by the department and had given compliance certificate and audit of second period is in the process. Since, all the conditions have been complied with, no liability will accrue in this respect.

20.02 Bank guarantees amounting to Rs. 375.64 million (2021: Rs. 375.60 million).

	2022	2021
Commitments	Rs. in million	Rs. in million
Under letters of credit for imports	27.07	176.26

21 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	MENT		2022	2021							
Operating assets Capital work in progress		Note 21.01 21.04	Rupees ('000') 18,857,731 589,050 19,446,781	Rupees ('000') 18,184,413 527,287 18,711,700							
21.01 The following is a statement of operating fixed assets (tangible):	ig fixed assets (tangib	:(a									
	Freehold land	Building on freehold land	Plant, machinery and equipment	Factory tools and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office and hospital equipment	Library books	Vehicles	Leased plant and machinery	Leased	Total
					RUPE	RUPEES ('000')					
At 30 June 2020											
Cost	1,454,335	3,703,211	21,407,727	459,353	20,967	43,965	44	186,401	•		27,306,003
Accumulated depreciation		(1,427,235)	(7,543,692)	(174,116)	(27,530)	(26,752)	(44)	(89,924)			(9,289,293)
Net book value Vear anded 30 June 2021	1,454,335	2,275,976	13,864,035	285,237	23,437	17,213		96,477			18,016,710
Additions / transfers		5,669	760,390	3,390	10,933	9,815	,	31,320	•	,	821,518
Transfers from capital work in progress	•	9,807	236,011					•		,	245,818
Transfers from leased plant and machinary	,	٠	12,564	٠		٠		•	٠	•	12,564
Transfer to Right of use assets Disposals / transfers	•		•	•	•						•
1000			(118 987)		(148)			(12,825)			(131 960)
Coccionistica			61 141		(21)			משט מ			(226,121)
Depredation Net book value	.] .		(57,846)		(96)			(4,140)			(62,082)
Depreciation charge for the year (Note No. 21.02)	•	(113,943)	Ċ	(14,311)	(1,352)	(2,073)		(10,663)			(850,114)
Net book value as at 30 June 2021 Year ended 30 June 2022	1,454,335	2,177,509	14,107,381	274,316	32,922	24,956		112,994			18,184,413
Additions		60,152	1,148,928	23,881	16,608	10,202		47,699	٠		1,307,470
Transfers from capital work in progress and stores (Note No.21.05) Transfers from leased plant	•	22,956	364,890	. '			•	. '	•	•	387,846
and machinery		•			•						
Transfer to Right of use assets Disposals / transfers (Note No. 21.06)								•			
Cost			(303,247)					(4,444)			(307,691)
Depreciation	•		154,828		٠		٠	3,049			157,877
Net book value	•	•	(148,419)					(1,395)		,	(149,814)
Accumulated depreciation transferred from leased assets						٠			٠		
Depreciation charge for the year											
(Note No. 21.02)		(110,968)			(2,006)	(3,040)		(13,320)			(872,184)
Net book value as at 30 June 2022	1,454,335	2,149,649	14,744,061	284,066	47,524	32,118		145,978			18,857,731

According to perating the eyenest of the period find of the period f													
At 30 June 2021			Freehold land	Building on freehold land	Plant, machinery and equipment		Furniture and fixtures	Office and hospital equipment	Library books	Vehicles	Leased plant and machinery	Leased	Total
Accommished depreciation charge for the year has been allocated assets the progress of the pro							RUPEI	ES ('000')					
Cost Accumulated depreciation charge for the year rates (%) of depreciation 2021 Accumulated depreciation 2022 Accumulated depreciation 2022 Accountation of depreciation 2022 Accountation of depreciation 2022 Accountation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: Cost of sales Administrative expenses Accountant page for the year Accountant page for the year Accountant page for the year Accountant page for the year accou		At 30 June 2021											
Accumulated depreciation - (1,541,175) (8,190,324) (188,427) (28,330) Net book value in Rupees 1,454,335 2,177,569 1,4107,381 274,316 32,922 Amountal rates (%) of depreciation 2021 - 5		Cost	1,454,335	3,718,687	22,297,705		61,752		4	204,896			28,253,943
Net book value in Rupees 1,454,335 2,171,509 14,107,381 274,316 3,292 Annual rates (%) of depreciation 2022 1,454,335 3,801,795 23,508,276 486,624 78,390 Cost 1,454,335 3,801,795 23,508,276 486,624 78,390 Act 30 June 2022 1,454,335 2,149,649 1,474,161 202,558 30,803,90 Cost 1,454,335 2,149,649 1,474,161 24,086 78,390 Accommulated depreciation or value in Rupees 1,454,335 2,149,649 1,474,161 202,258 Annual rates (%) of depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: 2,222 5 5 5 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: 2,222 2,222 2,224 2,523 Administrative expenses Administrative expenses Rupees (7000) 1,4,533 2,104 2,104 Right of use asset Robert cognised in the current year. 2,022 2,202 2,202 Capital work in progress Additions during the year 2,452,009 2,452,009		Accumulated depreciation		(1,541,178)	(8,190,324)		(28,830)		(44)	(91,902)			(10,069,529)
Annual rates (%) of depreciation 2021 Cost Accommulated depreciation Accumulated depreciation A		Net book value in Rupees	1,454,335	2,177,509	14,107,381	274,316	32,922			112,994			18,184,413
Accumulated depreciation Accumulated accum		Annual rates (%) of depreciation 2021		5	5	5	5		15	10	5	10	
Cost Accumulated depreciation 1,454,335 3,801,795 23,506,276 486,624 78,380 Accumulated depreciation - (1,652,146) (8,764,215) (202,558) (30,836) Net book value in Rupees - 5 <		At 30 June 2022											
Accumulated depreciation Net book value in Rupees 1,454,335 1,454,335 2,149,649 1,474,061 2,149,649 1,474,061 2,149,649 1,474,061 2,149,649 2,149,649 2,149,649 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,149,641 2,129 Rupees (1000) 2,143,623 Administrative expenses Administrative expenses		Cost	1,454,335	3,801,795			78,360		44	248,151			29,641,567
Net book value in Rupees 1,454,335 2,149,649 14,124,1061 284,066 47,524 Amual rates (%) of depreciation 2022 - 5		Accumulated depreciation		(1,652,146)					(44)	(102,173)			(10,783,836)
Annual rates (%) of depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: Cost of sales Administrative expenses Bright of use asset Bright of use asset asset as follow) Bright of use asset as a factor of use asset as a factor of use as a fac		Net book value in Rupees	1,454,335	2,149,649	14,744,061	284,066	47,524			145,978			18,857,731
Cost of sales		Annual rates (%) of depreciation 2022		5	5	5	5	10	15	10	5	10	
Rupees ('000') Cost of sales Administrative expenses 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,363 14,529 14,52	21.02	Depreciation charge for the year has been	allocated as follow:										
Cost of sales Rupees ('000') Administrative expenses 14,363 Administrative expenses 82,350 Administrative expenses 14,363 Property, plant and equipment 872,184 Right of use asset 875,103 Capital work in progress 100,084 275,203 Civil work 589,050 527,287 Movement in capital work in progress 527,287 132,452 Additions during the year 976,895 773,104 Transferred to operating assets 527,287 527,287 Se9,050 527,287						2022		2021					
14,363						Rupees ('000')		Rupees ('000')					
Administrative expenses Administrative expenses Property, plant and equipment Right of use asset Right of use asset a		Cost of sales				862,350		841,017					
876,713		Administrative expenses				14,363		13,866					
Property, plant and equipment Right of use asset 4,529 Right of use assets Capital work in progress Capital work in progress Civil work Movement in capital work in progress Civil work Movement in capital work in progress Colspan="2">Civil work Movement in capital work in progress Colspan="2">Additions during the year S27,287 Additions during the year Transferred to operating assets Civil work Additions during the year Transferred to operating assets S27,287 Civil work S89,050 S27,287 S28,050 S28,084 S27,287 S28,050 S27,287 S28,050 S28,050 S27,287 S28,050 S27,287 S28,050 S28,050 S27,287 S28,050 <th></th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>876,713</td> <td>,</td> <td>854,883</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						876,713	,	854,883					
State Stat		Property plant and equipment				872 184		850 114					
Plant and machinery Plant and machinery		Diaht of 1100 0000t				A F.30		750					
No impairment relating to operating fixed assets has been recognised in the current year. 2022 2021 Capital work in progress ('000') Rupees ('000') Plant and machinery (100,084 275,203 488,966 252,084 275,203 488,966 252,084 277,287 (132,452 299,090) Movement in capital work in progress 527,287 (132,452 449,609 640,652 449,609 640,652 449,609 (387,845) (245,818) Transferred to operating assets (387,845) (245,818)		Kigin of use asset				876,713 876,713		854,883					
Capital work in progress Rupees (1000') <	21.03	No impairment relating to operating fixed ass	sets has been recognis	sed in the current y	ear.								
Capital work in progress Rupees ('000') Rupees Plant and machinery 100,084 488,966 Civil work 589,050 Movement in capital work in progress 527,287 Opening 449,609 Additions during the year 976,895 Transferred to operating assets (387,845) Transferred to operating assets 589,050					2022	2021							
100,084 488,966 488,966 f in capital work in progress furing the year f	21.04	Capital work in progress			Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')							
488,966 589,050 t in capital work in progress furring the year furring the		Plant and machinery			100,084								
t in capital work in progress 589,050 during the year 527,287 during the year 976,895 ed to operating assets (387,845) 589,050		Civil work			488,966								
tr in capital work in progress 527,287 during the year 449,609 ad to operating assets (387,845) 589,050					589,050	527,287							
during the year 527,287 during the year 449,609 976,895 976,895 sd to operating assets (387,845) 589,050 589,050		Movement in capital work in progress											
449,609 976,895 (387,845) 589,050		Opening			527,287	132,452							
976,895 (387,845) 589,050		Additions during the year			449,609								
(387,845)					976,895								
		Transferred to operating assets			(387,845)								
					589,050								

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

21.06 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

Plant and machinery

Rupees ('000') 9,807 236,011 245,818

> 22,956 364,890

387,846

Rupees ('000')

The following operating fixed assets were disposed off during the year:

Buyer's name disposal Mode of Relationship of purchaser with the Company Gain / (loss) proceeds Sale Net book value Accumulated depreciation Cost **Particulars**

MMM Motors & Enterprises Demirbay Machine Textile Mr. Jahanzeb Khan Mr. Jahanzeb Khan Mr. Jahanzeb Khan (Mr Omer) Imp & Exp Negotiation Negotiation Negotiation Negotiation Negotiation Third party Third party Third party (20,769,610) Third party 932,417 Third party 835,511 547,094 315,658 2,630,680 665,000 000,009 1,050,000 1,710,000 4,025,000 127,649,600 214,489 284,342 777,583 117,906 394,320 148,419,204 RUPEES 635,658 1,305,285 392,134 3,049,788 716,711 154,827,608 931,200 2,082,868 510,040 920,000 4,444,108 303,246,812 4 AUTO CORO SE12-480 YOM 2008 Toyota Corrola LEC-12-5827 Suzuki Cultus LEA-11-6317 Honda City MNA-07-637 Core LED-08-4298 Machinary Vehicles Total

21.07 Charge / mortgage on fixed assets has been disclosed in respective notes.

The Company's obligation under finance lease are secured by lessor's title to the leased assets, which have a carrying amount of Rs. 86.056 million (2021: Rs. 90.58 million). 21.08

21.09 Addition in plant and machinery includes capitalization of borrowing cost of Rs. 28.377 million (2021: Rs. 17.02 million).

1.10 Particulars of immovable assets of the Company are as follows:

Location	Addresses	Usage of immovable	Total Area	ပိ ဒို
		property	(3q. It.)	Aled (3q. II.)
Multan	Mouza Junglebhaera and mouza Muzafarabad Multan	Production Unit	6,917,232	2,993,438
Kasur	4km Raiwind Manga road, Raiwind, district Kasur	Production Unit	1,638,528	1,054,751

21.05 Transfer to property, plant and equipment are represented by:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

22	RIGHT OF USE ASSET	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	Present value of future lease payments		90,584	105,560
			90,584	105,560
	Net book value as at the beginning of the year		90,584	105,560
	Transfer to Property, plant and equipment		-	(10,207)
	Depreciation charged during the year		(4,529)	(4,769)
	Balance as at the end of the year		86,055	90,584
23	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			_
	Opening balance		784,279	779,925
	Transfer from owner's occupied property		-	-
	Revaluation gain / (loss) recognised through statement of profit			
	or loss	23.01	6,810	4,354
			791,089	784,279

23.01 As of reporting date, the fair value of such investment property was determined by an independent external property valuer, Arif Evaluators, having appropriate recognised qualification and relevant experience. Forced sale value of above investment as at reporting date is Rs. 702.238 million.

24	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS		2022	2021
	At fair value through statement of profit or loss designated on initial recognition	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	- Investment in Imperial Limited		175,920	431,155
	At fair value through other comprehensive income	24.01	1,514	3,425
			177.434	434.580

24.01 Investment - at fair value through other comprehensive income

	2022 2021		2022	2021
	No. of Shares /	Bonds	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Quoted - at fair value				
Colony Woolen Mills Limited	70,506	70,506	282	282
Azgard Nine Limited	80,948	80,948	832	2743
Colony Thal Textile Mills Limited	ted 6			
	151,460	151,460	1,114	3,025
Unquoted - at cost				
Government Compensation				
Bonds	400	400	400	400
	151,860	151,860	1,514	3,425

Government Compensation Bonds for Rs. 0.4 million (2021: Rs. 0.4 million) are receivable from the Federal Government in respect of shares held by the Company in the share capital of Multan Electric Supply Company Limited. The Company had challenged the withholding of these Bonds through writ petition filed in the Lahore High Court, Lahore, which is still pending for final adjudication.

24.02 Investment - at fair value through profit or loss

		2022	2021	2022	2021	
		No. of Shares / Bonds		Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')	
	Quoted - at fair value					
	- Investment in Imperial Limited	15,862,960	15,862,960	175,920	431,155	
		15,862,960	15,862,960	175,920	431,155	
				2022	2021	
25	STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS		Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')	
	Stores			501,375	263,243	
	Spares			176,334	120,561	
	Loose tools			3,519	1,735	
				681,228	385,539	
	Less: Provision for slow moving items		25.01	1,120	941	
				680,108	384,598	

25.01	Provision for slow moving items	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	Opening balance		941	1,135
	Provision made during the year		1,120	941
			2,061	2,076
	Less: Provision written off during the year		941	1,135
	Closing balance		1,120	941
26 STOCK II	N TRADE			
Textile				
Raw mate	erial		1,726,287	1,574,588
Work in p			435,171	517,526
Finished	goods		2,527,115	2,560,979
Pool Est	ate Business		4,688,572	4,653,093
	d for development and resale		165,000	165,000
20.10.1010	- 10. 40. 10. 6p. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10		4,853,572	4,818,093
27 TRADE D	DERTS			
	secured:			
•	dered good		101,235	188,768
Local - ur				
Consid	dered good		1,481,601	934,704
Consid	dered doubtful		1,370	1,235
1 1	allowers for doubted to de debte	07.04	1,584,206	1,124,707
Less: Los	ss allowance for doubtful trade debts	27.01	1,370	1,235
			1,582,836	1,123,472
	Provision for loss allowance		4.005	0.050
	Opening balance Loss allowance charged during the year		1,235 1,370	2,250 1,235
	Loss allowance charged during the year		2,605	3,485
	Less: Loss allowance written off during the year		1,235	2,250
	Closing balance		1,370	1,235
28 LOANS	AND ADVANCES			_
Conside	ered good:			
Secure				
	employees	28.01	42,618	24,069
Advances				
-Suppli			463,348	441,256
-Letters	rs of credit fee, margin and expenses		1,002,535 1,508,501	411,620 876,945
29.01	The advances are given to employees as not companyle UD notice.		1,000,001	070,040
	The advances are given to employees as per company's HR policy.			
	DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS		70.405	100.00=
Trade der Other rec	•		79,105 6,624	106,025 10,604
Other rec	ervables		85,729	116,629
30 OTHER F	FINANCIAL ASSETS		00,120	110,020
	ancial assets	20.04	4.4	00
		30.01	14	20
30.07	These include shares of listed companies classified at fair value throug	n statement of pr		
	2022 2021		2022	2021
No	o. of Shares / Bonds Quoted - at fair value	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	89 89 Oil and Gas Development Company Limited		7	8
			7	o 12
•	339 339		14	20
94		0		· NAUL O LINAITE

			2022	2021
31	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM THE GOVERNMENT	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Sales tax		727,940	441,313
	Income tax refundable / adjustable		230,698	370,798
			958,638	812,111
32	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		4,689	2,163
	Cash at banks:			
	-in current accounts	20.04	14,534	63,934
	-in deposit accounts	32.01	2,270 21,493	4,787
				70,884
	32.01 These carry profit / markup ranging from 5.50% to 13.85% (2021: \$	5.50% to 6.50%) per an	num.	
			2022	2021
33	SALES	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Local			
	Yarn and Fabric		27,790,857	22,104,040
	Raw material sales		283,284	281,323
	Waste		474,228	326,009
	Garments		17,758	207
			28,566,127	22,711,579
	Export			
	Yarn			27,322
	Fabric		2,307,096	2,740,959
	Garments		150,467	33,938
			2,457,563	2,802,219
	Ourselection and A. Con		31,023,690	25,513,798
	Commission and duties		(151,803)	(51,396)
			30,871,887	25,462,402
	33.01 Sales are shown net of sales tax, amounting Rs.5,227.69 million (2	.021: Rs. 4,307 million).	2022	2021
34	COST OF SALES	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Raw material consumed	34.01	18,376,702	15,542,583
	Stores consumed		1,465,302	990,392
	Staff salaries, wages and benefits	34.02	2,803,966	2,518,576
	Power and fuel		4,091,291	3,106,659
	Insurance		57,248	62,024
	Rent, rates and taxes		30,748	27,208
	Depreciation	21.02	862,350	841,017
	Other charges		118,889	71,638
	Chemical and dye			2,717
			27,806,496	23,162,815
	Work in process:		27,806,496	23,162,815
	Opening		517,526	467,431
	Closing		(435,171)	(517,526)
	Cost of goods manufactured		82,355	(50,095)
	Cost of goods manufactured		27,888,851	23,112,720
	Finished goods:			
	Opening stock		2,560,979	2,687,864
	Closing stock		(2,527,115)	(2,560,979)
			33,864	126,885

	Dool oof	ata.	Note	2022	2021
	Real est		Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
		ing stock		165,000	165,000
	Ciosii	ng stock		(165,000)	(165,000)
				27,922,716	23,239,605
	34.01	Raw material consumed			_
		Opening stock		1,574,588	1,288,638
		Purchases including purchase expenses		18,528,401	15,828,533
				20,102,989	17,117,171
		Closing stock		(1,726,287)	(1,574,588)
				18,376,702	15,542,583
	34.02	Salaries, wages and other benefits include provision for million).	or staffretirement benefits for the ye	ar Rs. 209.759 million	n(2021: Rs. 204.281
				2022	2021
35		BUTION COST	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
		aries and benefits		44,563	43,640
	Freight			90,085	85,813
	Telecom	munication		2,240	3,326
	Export for	orwarding charges		231,032	146,967
	Bank ch	arges		4,549	4,116
	Others			3,439	19,585
				375,908	303,447
36		STRATIVE EXPENSES			
		aries and benefits	36.01	399,125	375,879
	-	and stationery		780	948
		g and conveyance		44,492	9,241
	Commu			4,746	4,777
		and maintenance		38,725	7,080
	Insuranc			6,853	4,522
	Advertis			3,988	658
		subscription		15,585	7,367
	Loss allo			1,370	1,235
		n for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools		1,120	941
	Entertai			9,222	7,919
		' remuneration	36.02	3,831	3,578
	Donation		36.03	41,681	10,242
		es related to corporate social responsibilities		13,339	18,625
	•	nd professional charges		5,642	6,259
		s' meeting fee		300	300
	Deprecia		21.02	14,363	13,866
	Miscella	neous expenses		6,472	973
				611,634	474,410
	36.01	Salaries, wages and other benefits include staff retirem	ent benefits for the year Rs. 10.165	5 million (2021: Rs. 8.4	9 million).
				2022	2021
	36.02	Auditors' remuneration	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
		Statutory audit fee		3,270	3,169
		Half vacable vaccious for		276	250

	36.02 Auditors' remuneration	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
	Statutory audit fee		3,270	3,169
	Half yearly review fee		376	259
	CCG review fee		125	100
	Out of pocket expenses		60	50
			3,831	3,578
	36.03 No director or his / her spouse had any inter	est in the donees' fund.		
37 F	FINANCE COST			
	Bank charges and commission		24,339	23,722
	Markup on inland bill discounting		57,580	31,362
	Markup on;			
	 Long term finance 		404,732	470,270
	- Short term borrowings		231,609	186,695
	 Liabilities against assets subject to finance leas 	e	1,962	2,881
			638,303	659,846
			720,222	714,930

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			2022	2021
38	OTHER OPERATING CHARGES	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Unwinding of loans at amortised cost		16,661	2,948
	Loss on long term investments		255,235	-
	Exchange loss on export sales		-	61
	Loss on remeasurement of investments		6	
	Worker's profit participation fund		60,384	38,616
	Worker's welfare fund		24,154	18,471
			356,439	60,096
39	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Profit on deposits with banks		7,294	8,307
	Amortization of deferred markup		59,749	186,250
	Gain on remeasurement of investments		-	4
	Gain on long term investments		-	218,433
	Income from other than financial assets			
	(Loss) / Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	21.06	(18,139)	(2,315)
	(Loss) / Gain on revaluation of investment property	23	6,810	4,354
	Exchange gain realised		17,593	10,533
	Miscellaneous income		19,711	6,292
			93,018	431,858
			2022	2021
40	TAXATION	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	Taxation:			
	-Current year		508,410	368,752
	-Prior years		(36,596)	(151)
			471,814	368,601
	Deferred		206,387	4,987
			678,201	373,588

⁻ Income tax return has been filed to the income tax authorities up to and including tax year 2021 under the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

⁻ Provision for taxation has been made in accordance with section 154 and 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ("The Ordinance"). There is no relation between aggregate tax expense and accounting profit. Accordingly, no numerical reconciliation has been presented.

41	EARNINGS PER SHARE	Note	2022	2021
	Basic Earnings per share:			
	Profit after taxation	Rupees ('000')	299,785	728,184
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Number ('000')	498,010	498,010
	Earning per share - basic and diluted	Rupees	0.60	1.46
	Diluted earnings per share:			

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Group because the Group has no outstanding potential ordinary shares.

42 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	CHIEF EX	ECUTIVE	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR		NON-EXECUTIVES DIRECTORS		EXECU	JTIVES
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Rs'000	Rs'000	Rs'000	Rs'000	Rs'000	Rs'000	Rs'000	Rs'000
Managerial remuneration	27,273	27,273	6,727	4,364	-	-	99,568	55,372
Retirement benefits	2,272	2,272	560	364	-	-	8,350	4,295
Medical	2,727	2,727	673	436	-	-	9,957	5,537
Meeting fee				-	300	300	_	
	32,272	32,272	7,960	5,164	300	300	117,875	65,204
Number of Executives	1	11	1	1	5	5	56	30

^{42.01} Certain executives including Chief Executive Officer of the Group are also provided with free use of Company's cars in accordance with their entitlements.

^{42.02} No remuneration was given to Non Executive Director except the fee paid for attending the meeting and as disclosed in note No. 36. Non Executive Directors include one independent director.

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43 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Holding Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties which comprise of directors, key management personnel and post employment benefits plan. Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer is disclosed in note No. 42. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Nature of		2022	2021
	Relationship	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Expense in relation to provident fund trust	Employees Fund	43.01	31,839	27,949

13.01 The related party status of outstanding balances as at 30 June 2022 related to employee provident fund trust are included in trade and other payables amounting to Rs. 32.791 million (2021: Rs. 35.003 million). These are to be settled in the ordinary course of business.

Following are the related parties with whom the Holding Company had entered into transactions or have arrangements / agreements in place.

	Sr. No.	Company Name		Basis of relationship	Aggregate % of Shareholding in The Company
	1 2	CTML Employees Contributory Provident Fund Stitchrite (Private) Limited		Trustee Subsidiary	N/A 100%
44	PLANT	CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION		2022	2021
		d capacity g division: inning:			
		capacity converted into 20s count	Kgs	124,807,256	124,807,256
	•	nd spinning: capacity converted into 20s count	Kgs	9,332,808	9,332,808
		g Division: capacity converted into square meter at 60 picks	Meters	121,824,244	121,824,244
	Stitchin	g Division:			
	Installed	capacity based upon 5 pocket basic/28 operations/ 15 SMV	Pieces per annum	1,000,000	1,000,000
		oroduction: g division: inning:			
	• .	roduction converted into 20s count	Kgs	112,007,114	122,251,661
	Actual p	nd spinning: roduction converted into 20s count g Division:	Kgs	7,841,323	5,492,209
	,	g Division: roduction converted into square meter at 60 picks	Meters	109,392,440	116,040,131
	Stitchin	g Division:			<u> </u>
	Actual P	roduction based upon 5 pocket basic/28 operations/ 15 SMV	Pieces	648,000	105,655

Remarks

It is difficult to describe precisely the production capacity in spinning / weaving mills since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, twist, fiber blend and fabric construction etc. It also significantly varies based on the pattern of production adopted throughout the year. Difference of actual production with installed capacity is in normal course of business.

			2022	2021
45	PROVIDENT FUND	Note	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
	The following information is based on the latest audited			
	financial statements of the trust:			
	Size of the fund - Total assets		342,813	291,741
	Cost of investments made	45.01	301,225	253,913
	Percentage of investments made		87.87%	87.03%
	Fair value of investments		301,225	253,913

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

45.01 The break-up of fair value of investments is:

	2022		2021	
	Rs. ('000')	Percentage	Rs. ('000')	Percentage
Loan to members	60,096	20%	44,752	18%
Bank balances	39,375	13%	7,042	3%
Government securities	166,754	55%	155,119	61%
Other investments	35,000	12%	47,000	18%
	301,225	100%	253,913	100%

These investments out of provident fund trust have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

46	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES The total and average number of employees during the year and as at 30 June 2021 / 30 June 2020 are as follows:		2022 Number	2021 Number
	Average number of employees during the year	- factory - others	8,669 903 9,572	8,576 661 9,237
	Number of employees at the end of the year	- factory - others	8,250 1,115 9,365	9,087 690 9,777

47 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

- 47.01 the Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:
 - Credit risk
 - Liquidity risk
 - Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. Further, quantitative disclosures are included throughout these consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

47.02 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from deposits, trade debts, loans, advances and other receivables and bank balances. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

Financial assets as per statement of financial position	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Long term investment in IL	175,920	431,155
Long term deposits	51,132	51,132
Trade debts	1,582,836	1,123,472
Loans and advances	42,618	24,069
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	85,729	116,629
Cash and bank balances	21,493	70,884
Investments measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Quoted - at fair value	14	20
Investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Quoted - at fair value	1,115	3,025
Unquoted - at cost	400	400
	1,961,258	1,820,787

the Group's credit risk exposures are categorized under the following headings:

Counter parties

the Group conducts transactions with the following major counter parties:

- Trade debtors

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- Banks and other financial institutions

the Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with credit worthy counter parties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. the Group's exposure is continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counter parties. Credit exposure is controlled by counter party limits that are reviewed and approved by the management annually.

Credit risk related to trade debts

Trade debts are essentially due from local and foreign customers against sale of yarn, fabric and waste material and the Group does not expect these counterparties to fail to meet their obligations. The majority of sales to the Group's customers are made on specific terms. Customer credit risk is managed subject to established policies, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all customers based on past experience with the customer. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored and any shipments to foreign customers are generally covered by letters of credit.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 60 to 90 days credit terms.

Impairment losses

The aging of trade debts and loans to employees at the reporting date was:

	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
0 to 30 days	487,636	344,263
31 to 180 days	650,182	459,017
181 to 360 days	486,266	343,027
Over one year	1,370	1,235
	1,625,454	1,147,541

Trade debts include debtors with a carrying amount of Rs. 1.37 million (2021: Rs. 1.23 million) which are past due at the reporting date but not impaired as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

Concentration of credit risk

Trade debts consist of a large number of diversified customers, spread across geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable where appropriate. Geographically, there is no concentration of credit risk.

Credit risk related to banks and other financial institutions

Credit risk on balances with banks is managed by management in accordance with the Group's policy. Excess funds are placed in deposits with reputable banks and financial institutions.

47.03 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Management closely monitors the Group's liquidity and cash flow position. This includes maintenance of statement of financial position, liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer. Furthermore, support from sponsors in the form of interest free loans to meet liquidity shortfall is also contributory to minimize liquidity risk.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Included in note No. 16.02 is a list of additional undrawn facilities that the Group has at its disposal to further reduce liquidity risk.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

47.03.1 Liquidity risk table

Financial liabilities in accordance with their contractual maturities are presented below:

	30 June 2022						
Inte	rest/mark-up bea	iring	Non interest/mark-up bearing				
Maturity within	Maturity after	Sub Total	Maturity within	Maturity after	Sub Total	Total	
		Oub Iolai			Oub Iotal	Total	
one year	one year		one year Rupees ('000')	one year			
- 957,153	- 6,153,624 -	- 7,110,777 -		4,546,513 - 120,000	4,546,513 - 120,000	4,546,513 7,110,777 120,000	
12,322 3,597,762 - - 119,645	1,614 - - - -	13,936 3,597,762 - - 119,645	- 2,840,341 94 -	- - - -	- 2,840,341 94 -	13,936 3,597,762 2,840,341 94 119,645	
4,686,882	6,155,238	10,842,120	2,840,435	4,666,513	7,506,948	18,349,068	

	Maturity	Maturity		Maturity	Maturity		
	within	after	Sub Total	within	after	Sub Total	Total
	one year	one year		one year	one year		
				Rupees ('000')			
Financial Liabilities:							
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	-	-	-	_	4,546,513	4,546,513	4,546,513
Long term financing	957,153	6,153,624	7,110,777	-	-	-	7,110,777
Director's loan	-	-	-	-	120,000	120,000	120,000
Liabilities against assets							
subject to finance lease	12,322	1,614	13,936	-	-	-	13,936
Short-term borrowings	3,597,762	-	3,597,762	-	-	-	3,597,762
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	2,840,341	-	2,840,341	2,840,341
Unclaimed Dividend	-	-	-	94	-	94	94
Accrued mark up	119,645	-	119,645	-	-	-	119,645
	1 606 000	C 1EE 220	10 042 120	2 0 4 0 4 2 5	4 CCC E12	7 506 040	10 240 060

Financial Liabilities:

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost Long term financing Director's loan Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Short-term borrowings Trade and other payables **Unclaimed Dividend** Accrued mark up

Interest/mark-up bearing				Non interest/	mark-up bearing	
Maturity	Maturity		Maturity	Maturity		
within	after	Sub Total	within	after	Sub Total	Total
one Year	one Year		one Year	one Year		
			Rupees ('000')			
-	-	-	-	4,176,997	4,176,997	4,176,997
815,592	6,894,705	7,710,297	-	-	-	7,710,297
-	-	-	-	120,000	120,000	120,000
14,992	12,906	27,898	-	-	-	27,898
2,993,518	-	2,993,518	-	-	-	2,993,518
-	-	-	1,811,644	-	1,811,644	1,811,644
-	-	-	94	-	94	94
147,638	-	147,638	-	-	-	147,638
3.971.740	6.907.611	10.879.351	1.811.738	4.296.997	6.108.735	16.988.086

30 June 2021

Effective mark up / intrest rates have been disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

47.04 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing returns.

47.04.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Group ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term imbalances.

Exposure to currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on trade debts which are denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the Group. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

Statement of financial position items

	2022	2	2021		
	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000') US \$ ('000')		US \$ ('000')	
Trade debts	101,235	494	188,768	1,198	
L/C Margins	1,002,535	4,894	411,620	2,613_	

Off statement of financial position commitments

	2022		2021		
	Rupees ('000')	US \$ ('000')	Rupees ('000')	US \$ ('000')	
Letter of credit	27,070	132	176,262	1,119	

The following US Dollar exchange rates were applied during the year:

	2022	2021
	Rupees	Rupees
Average rate	181.20	162.80
Statement of financial position date rate	204.85	157.54

Sensitivity analysis - foreign currency

At 30 June 2022, if the Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 5% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, profit for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 70.289 million (2021: 38.691 million), as a result of foreign exchange gains / losses on translation of foreign currency trade debts. Profit / (loss) is more sensitive to movement in Rupee / foreign currency exchange rates in 2022 than 2021 because of average increase in foreign currency exchange rate during the year.

47.04.2 Interest rate risk

Interest / markup rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest / markup rates will affect the value of financial instruments. The Holding Company has significant amount of interest based financial assets and financial liabilities which are largely based on variable interest / markup rates, therefore the Group has to manage the related finance cost which exposes it to the risk of 1 month, 3 months and 6 months KIBOR. Since the impact on interest rate exposure is significant to The Group, management is considering the alternative arrangement to manage interest rate exposure in future.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fixed rate instruments	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
There are no fixed rate instruments.			
Variable rate instruments			
Financial assets			
Cash in deposit accounts		2,270	8,928
Financial liabilities			
Long term finance Short term finance		7,110,777 3,597,762	7,710,297 2,993,518
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		13,936	27,898
		10,722,475	10,731,714

Sensitivity analysis - interest rate

If interest rates had been 1 % higher / lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's profit / (loss) for the year ended 30 June 2022 would have decreased / increased by Rs. 109.852 million (2021: Rs. 107.27 million). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate financial instruments.

47.04.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Group is not materially exposed to other price risk on financial assets and liabilities.

47.04.4 Financial instruments by category

The Group finances its operation through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintain an approximate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk. Taken as a whole, the Group's risk arising from financial instruments is limited as there is no significant exposure to price and cash flow risk in respect of such instruments.

Financial assets as per statement of financial position Loan and receivable	Note	2022 Rupees ('000')	2021 Rupees ('000')
Long-term deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments Cash and bank balances		51,132 1,582,836 42,618 85,729 21,493	51,132 1,123,472 24,069 116,629 70,884
Long term investment			
Investment in IL at fair value through statement of profit or loss		175,920	431,155
Fair value through profit or loss			
Quoted - at fair value		14	20
Fair value through other comprehensive income			
Quoted - at fair value Unquoted - at cost		1,115 400 1,961,258	3,025 400 1,820,786
Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position			
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Long term finance Director's loan Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Short-term borrowings Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued markup		4,546,513 7,110,777 120,000 13,936 3,597,762 2,840,341 94 119,645 18,349,068	4,176,997 7,710,297 120,000 27,898 2,993,518 1,811,644 94 147,638

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

47.05 Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Group is going concern and there is no intention or requirements to curtail materially the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

47.05.1 Fair value hierarchy

Following are three levels in fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in measurement of fair values of financial instruments.

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

		2022					
Financial assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
		Rupe	es ('000')				
Financial investments: available for sale	14	-	-	14			
Investment at fair value through							
profit or loss	175,920	-	-	175,920			
Investment - available for sale	832	-	282	1,114			
	176,766	-	282	177,048			
		2	021				
Financial assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
		Rupee	es ('000')				
Financial investments: available for sale Investment at fair value through	20	-	-	20			
profit or loss	431,155	-	-	431,155			
Investment - available for sale	2,743	-	282	3,025			
	433.918	-	282	434.200			

48 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital are as follows:

- The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.
- The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.
- Consistently with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital. Net debt is calculated as total debt (as shown in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, reserves and unappropriated profit).
- The Group's strategy is to maintain its debt-to-adjusted capital ratio between 40% to 60%. The debt-to-adjusted capital ratios at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
	Rupees ('000')	Rupees ('000')
Total debt	10,722,475	10,731,714
Less: cash and cash equivalents	21,493	70,884
Net debt	10,700,982	10,660,830
Total equity	10,138,575	9,848,039
Total capital employed	20,839,557	20,508,869
Gearing ratio (%)	51.35%_	51.98%

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2022 2021 Note Rupees ('000') Rupees ('000')

3,065,510

2,513,650

49 NON ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DATE

There were no non-adjusting events after the statement of financial position date.

50 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Profit / (loss) before taxation 977,986 1,101,772

Adjustments for:

Provision for staff retirement benefits	180,080	186,580
Depreciation	876,713	854,883
Finance cost	720,222	714,930
Worker's profit participation fund	60,384	38,616
Worker's welfare fund	24,154	18,471
Share of (gain) / loss from investment in IL	255,235	(218,433)
Loss on remeasurement of short term investments	6	(4)
Revaluation loss / (gain) on investment property	(6,810)	(4,354)
Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools	1,120	941
Loss allowance for doubtful trade debts	1,370	1,235
Amortization of deferred markup	(59,749)	(186,250)
Gain on restructuring from banking companies / financial institutions	-	-
Gain on amortisation of long term loan	16,661	2,948
Loss/(Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	18,139	2,315
	2,087,524	1,411,878

Changes in working capital:

(Increase) / decrease in current assets:

Operating cash flows before working capital changes

Stores, spares and loose tools	(296,630)	(107,795)
Stock-in-trade	(35,479)	(209,160)
Trade debts	(460,734)	142,355
Loans and advances	(631,556)	(170,619)
Tax refunds due from government	(286,627)	92,762
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	30,899	139,203
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	834,468	304,191
	(845,658)	190,937
Cash generated from operations	2,219,852	2,704,587

51	SEGMENT INFORMATION	Spinni	ng	Weaving		Weaving Real estate		Total	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Sales:Rupees ('000')									
	Total	26,025,120	20,976,797	5,894,110	5,031,184	-	-	31,919,230	26,007,981
	Intersegment	(1,101,986)	(539,453)	-	_	_	_	(1,101,986)	(539,453)
	١	24,923,134	20,437,344	5,894,110	5,031,184			30,817,244	25,468,528
	Cost of Sales	22,753,272	18,867,654	5,179,974	4,371,852	-	-	27,933,245	23,239,505
	Gross profit	2,169,863	1,569,691	714,136	659,333	-	-	2,883,999	2,229,023
	Distribution Cost	270,143	212,019	97,204	90,865	-	-	367,348	302,884
	Administrative expenses	400,219	328,185	171,522	140,651	-	-	571,742	468,835
		670,363	540,204	268,727	231,516			939,089	771,719
		1,499,500	1,029,487	445,410	427,817	-	-	1,944,910	1,457,304
	Finance cost	504,037	500,403	216,016	214,458	-	-	720,052	714,861
	Profit before unallocated								
	income and expenses	995,464	529,084	229,394	213,358			1,224,858	742,443
	Unallocated income and expenses	S						255 254	60.035
	Other operating charges Other Income							355,254 92,432	60,035 438,917
	Profit before tax							962,036	
								•	1,121,325
	Taxation							675,723	373,069
	Profit after tax for the year							286,313	748,256
	Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement (loss) / gain of defin	and honofit obligati	on					(7 220)	(0.061)
								(7,339)	(9,061)
	Net fair value gain / (loss) on investm	•	اد					(1,911)	1,459
	Total comprehensive profit for the ye		- L 1P41					277,063	740,654
	Reconciliation of reportable segm	ent assets and lia	abilities		. 1				
				Spin 2022	ning 2021	Weaving 2022 2021		2022	al 2021
					2021	Rupees ('000')		2022	2021
	Total assets for reportable segments Unallocated assets:	;		10,894,651	10,306,458	8,560,083	8,432,557	19,454,735	18,739,015
	Investment property							791,089	784,279
	Long term investments							177,434	434,580
	Investment in subsidiary							130,000	100,000
	Cash and bank balances							21,053	54,796
	Other corporate assets							9,524,811	8,123,552
	Total assets as per statement of fi	nancial position						30,099,122	28,236,223
	Unallocated liabilities:								
	Directors' loan							120,000	120,000
	Provision for taxation							505,413	368,233
	Other corporate liabilities	f. ft 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1						29,473,709	27,747,990
	Total liabilities as per statement of	t tinancial positio	n					30,099,122	28,236,223

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

51.01 Geographical information

The Company's revenue from external customers by geographical locations is detailed below:

	Spinning		Weaving		Tota	
	2022	2022 2021		2021	2022	2021
			Rupees ('000')			
Europe	-	-	1,434,977	1,122,879	1,434,977	1,122,879
USA	-	-	336,806	114,983	336,806	114,983
Africa	-	-	64,399	67,468	64,399	67,468
Asia		27,322	470,913	1,435,629	470,913	1,462,951
	_	27,322	2,307,096	2,740,959	2,307,096	2,768,281

52 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements have been approved and authorized for issue on 05 October 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Group.

53 GENERAL

- Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupees in thousand except where stated otherwise.
- Comparative consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and related notes for year ended June 30, 2022 has been extracted from annual financial statements of the Holding Company and the Subsidiary Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

ShareHolders	Number of	Shareh	olding	Total Number of	Percentage of Total
439 101 500 145,328 0.03 429 501 1000 346,628 0.07 898 1001 5000 2,397,205 0.48 342 5001 10000 2,625,235 0.53 107 10001 15000 1,360,977 0.27 85 15001 20000 1,525,080 0.31 51 20001 25000 1,179,360 0.24 21 25001 30000 591,939 0.12 40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 6000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001	ShareHolders	From	То	Share Held	
429 501 1000 346,628 0.07 898 1001 5000 2,397,205 0.48 342 5001 10000 2,625,235 0.53 107 10001 15000 1,360,977 0.27 85 15001 20000 1,525,080 0.31 51 20001 25000 1,179,360 0.24 21 25001 30000 591,939 0.12 40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001	223	1	100	5,943	0.00
898 1001 5000 2,397,205 0.48 342 5001 10000 2,625,235 0.53 107 10001 15000 1,360,977 0.27 85 15001 20000 1,525,080 0.31 51 20001 25000 1,179,360 0.24 21 25001 30000 591,939 0.12 40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 7001 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4	439	101	500	145,328	0.03
342 5001 10000 2,625,235 0.53 107 10001 15000 1,360,977 0.27 85 15001 20000 1,525,080 0.31 51 20001 25000 1,179,360 0.24 21 25001 30000 591,939 0.12 40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 85001	429	501	1000	346,628	0.07
107 10001 15000 1,360,977 0.27 85 15001 20000 1,525,080 0.31 51 20001 25000 1,179,360 0.24 21 25001 30000 591,939 0.12 40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 95000 333,000 0.07 4 85001	898	1001	5000	2,397,205	0.48
85 15001 20000 1,525,080 0.31 51 20001 25000 1,179,360 0.24 21 25001 30000 591,939 0.12 40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 9000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 <t< td=""><td>342</td><td>5001</td><td>10000</td><td>2,625,235</td><td>0.53</td></t<>	342	5001	10000	2,625,235	0.53
51 20001 25000 1,179,360 0.24 21 25001 30000 591,939 0.12 40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 9000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 10	107	10001	15000	1,360,977	0.27
21 25001 30000 591,939 0.12 40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 9000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 10001 1050	85	15001	20000	1,525,080	0.31
40 30001 35000 1,319,624 0.26 19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 9000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 10000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 12000 472,5	51	20001	25000	1,179,360	0.24
19 35001 40000 738,290 0.15 24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 9000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 10000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 12000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,68	21	25001	30000	591,939	0.12
24 40001 45000 1,029,388 0.21 25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 13000 252	40	30001	35000	1,319,624	0.26
25 45001 50000 1,235,679 0.25 6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 14	19	35001	40000	738,290	0.15
6 50001 55000 308,249 0.06 10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 9000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 10000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 145001 145000 282,50	24	40001	45000	1,029,388	0.21
10 55001 60000 578,532 0.12 6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 145001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 475,640 0.10	25	45001	50000	1,235,679	0.25
6 60001 65000 381,080 0.08 10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 145001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 475,640 0.10	6	50001	55000	308,249	0.06
10 65001 70000 684,180 0.14 4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	10	55001	60000	578,532	0.12
4 70001 75000 293,615 0.06 7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	6	60001	65000	381,080	0.08
7 75001 80000 551,518 0.11 4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	10	65001	70000	684,180	0.14
4 80001 85000 333,000 0.07 4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	4	70001	75000	293,615	0.06
4 85001 90000 350,672 0.07 1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	7	75001	80000	551,518	0.11
1 90001 95000 91,317 0.02 6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	4	80001	85000	333,000	0.07
6 95001 100000 595,541 0.12 4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	4	85001	90000	350,672	0.07
4 100001 105000 413,414 0.08 3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	1	90001	95000	91,317	0.02
3 105001 110000 318,980 0.06 3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	6	95001	100000	595,541	0.12
3 110001 115000 334,468 0.07 4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	4	100001	105000	413,414	80.0
4 115001 120000 472,567 0.09 2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	3	105001	110000	318,980	0.06
2 125001 130000 252,684 0.05 2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	3	110001	115000	334,468	0.07
2 130001 135000 267,177 0.05 2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	4	115001	120000	472,567	0.09
2 140001 145000 282,500 0.06 2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	2	125001	130000	252,684	0.05
2 145001 150000 296,000 0.06 3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	2	130001	135000	267,177	0.05
3 155001 160000 475,640 0.10	2	140001	145000	282,500	0.06
	2	145001	150000	296,000	0.06
1 160001 165000 160,916 0.03	3	155001	160000	475,640	0.10
	1	160001	165000	160,916	0.03

Number of	Shareh	olding	Total Number of	Percentage of Total
ShareHolders	From	То	Share Held	Capital
1	165001	170000	165,091	0.03
2	170001	175000	344,000	0.07
1	175001	180000	176,000	0.04
1	180001	185000	180,485	0.04
2	185001	190000	375,500	0.08
2	190001	195000	386,427	0.08
6	195001	200000	1,199,500	0.24
2	200001	205000	407,500	80.0
1	205001	210000	206,000	0.04
1	210001	215000	213,500	0.04
3	220001	225000	668,148	0.13
1	225001	230000	225,500	0.05
1	230001	235000	233,500	0.05
1	240001	245000	241,000	0.05
1	255001	260000	256,589	0.05
3	295001	300000	897,000	0.18
1	300001	305000	304,500	0.06
2	305001	310000	613,000	0.12
1	320001	325000	324,500	0.07
1	340001	345000	342,605	0.07
1	360001	365000	364,000	0.07
2	375001	380000	756,500	0.15
1	395001	400000	400,000	0.08
1	400001	405000	400,945	0.08
1	445001	450000	447,373	0.09
1	450001	455000	452,508	0.09
1	455001	460000	458,500	0.09
1	470001	475000	471,316	0.09
3	510001	515000	1,539,851	0.31
1	515001	520000	516,717	0.10
1	520001	525000	525,000	0.11
1	605001	610000	605,430	0.12
1	620001	625000	622,764	0.13

Number of	Shareh	olding	Number of Share Held	0/ . 5 0 1/ . 1
ShareHolders	From	То		% of Capital
1	625001	630000	626,558	0.13
1	635001	640000	637,500	0.13
1	705001	710000	705,758	0.14
2	725001	730000	1,454,272	0.29
1	935001	940000	938,751	0.19
1	1065001	1070000	1,069,498	0.21
1	1120001	1125000	1,122,500	0.23
1	1755001	1760000	1,760,000	0.35
1	1975001	1980000	1,979,000	0.40
1	2035001	2040000	2,040,000	0.41
1	2365001	2370000	2,368,863	0.48
1	2410001	2415000	2,413,500	0.48
1	2600001	2605000	2,603,493	0.52
1	3050001	3055000	3,054,000	0.61
1	6825001	6830000	6,828,342	1.37
1	7120001	7125000	7,124,400	1.43
1	8940001	8945000	8,941,424	1.80
1	12015001	12020000	12,017,906	2.41
1	12250001	12255000	12,251,186	2.46
1	12640001	12645000	12,644,702	2.54
1	15855001	15860000	15,858,576	3.18
1	19950001	19955000	19,950,652	4.01
2	20295001	20300000	40,595,230	8.15
1	20550001	20555000	20,554,204	4.13
1	20660001	20665000	20,663,363	4.15
1	24280001	24285000	24,282,881	4.88
1	24295001	24300000	24,298,517	4.88
1	24795001	24800000	24,800,000	4.98
1	55710001	55715000	55,713,402	11.19
1	131445001	131450000	131,447,506	26.39
2,869		Total	498,009,959	100.00

Categories of Shareholders	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares held	Percentage
Individuals	2,813	487,589,203	97.91
Joint Stock Companies	30	3,704,829	0.74
Financial Institutions	11	1,780,765	0.36
Insurance Companies	6	170,888	0.03
Investment Companies	4	3,150,792	0.63
Modarabas & Mutual Funds	2	1,469,498	0.30
Others	3	143,984	0.03
Total	2,869	498,009,959	100.00

AS ON JUNE 30, 2022

	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS	TOTAL SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE
A)	Directors/Chief Executive Officer and their spouse and minor Children	n		
	Mr. Mughis A. Sheikh	1	19,470,012	3.91
	Mr. Fareed Mughis Sheikh	1	206,944,010	41.55
	Mr. Muhammad Tariq	1	6,337	0.00
	Mr. Muhammad Atta Ullah Khan	1	1,000	0.00
	Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Saif	1	1,000	0.00
	Mr. Abdul Hakeem Khan Qasuria	1	1,000	0.00
	Mrs. Noshaba Faiz	1	1,000	0.00
	SPOUSE(S)			
	Mrs. FOZIA MUGHIS SHEIKH	1	14,230,186	2.86
	Mrs. MAHNAZ FAREED SHEIKH	1	74,347	0.01
B)	Executives N/A	-	-	0.00
C)	Associated Companies, Undertakings and related parties	-	-	0.00
D)	Public Sectors Companies & Corporations	-	-	0.00
E)	NIT and IDBP (ICP UNIT)/Investment Companies	4	3,150,792	0.63
F)	Banks, Development Financial Institutions & Non-Banking Financial Institutions	11	1,780,765	0.36
H)	Insurance Companies	6	170,888	0.03
I)	Modarabas & Mutual Funds	2	1,469,498	0.30
J)	*Shareholding 5% or more	1	206,944,010	41.55
K)	Joint Stock Companies	30	3,704,829	0.74
L)	Others	3	143,984	0.03
M)	General Public	2,804	246,860,311	49.57
	TOTAL: -	2,869	498,009,959	100

^{*} Shareholders having 5% or above shares exist in other categories therefore not included in total.

Shareholding Detail of 5% or more

Name of Shareholder	Shares held	%Age
Fareed Mughis Sheikh	206,944,010	41.55
TOTAL :-	206,944,010	41.55

Financial Highlights

	Year Ended					
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
	(Rupees 000)					
Operating performance						
Sales-net	30,817,244	25,468,528	17,700,292	23,123,399	16,595,202	13,545,840
Gross profit	2,883,998	2,229,023	945,858	1,727,563	1,258,601	1,002,575
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	962,034	1,121,325	(170,039)	2,224,426	288,694	315,350
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	286,311	748,256	(375,062)	1,435,785	40,194	97,130
Financial position						
Property, plant & equipment						
Property, plant and equipment-net	18,865,685	18,211,729	18,118,579	18,330,300	18,398,892	18,544,860
Capital work in progress	589,050	527,287	132,452	131,659	96,428	359,238
	19,454,735	18,739,015	18,251,031	18,461,959	18,495,320	18,904,098
Current assets						
Stores, spare parts, loose tools and stock in trade	5,361,942	5,160,871	4,884,600	5,103,283	5,688,638	5,414,842
Other current assets	4,111,737	2,911,549	3,171,285	2,698,375	2,123,754	1,677,033
Cash and cash equivalents	21,053	54,796	47,952	37,287	38,412	40,283
	9,494,732	8,127,216	8,103,837	7,838,945	7,850,804	7,132,158
Current liabilities						
Short term bank borrowings	3,597,762	2,993,518	3,328,787	3,188,296	3,890,441	4,014,668
Current portion of long term financing	969,475	830,584	430,598	640,975	1,970,534	1,654,552
Other current liabilities	3,313,508	2,373,206	1,759,576	1,645,573	3,379,526	3,163,196
	7,880,745	6,197,309	5,518,961	5,474,844	9,240,501	8,832,416
Number of shares	498,010	498,010	498,010	498,010	498,010	498,010
Ratios						
Gross profit ratio	9.36%	8.75%	5.34%	7.47%	7.58%	7.40%
Net profit ratio	0.93%	2.94%	-2.12%	6.21%	0.24%	0.72%
Earning per share	0.57	1.50	(0.75)	2.88	0.08	0.20
Current ratio	1.20	1.31	1.47	1.43	0.85	0.81
Captial structure ratio						
Debt to equity	0.41	0.44	0.46	0.46	0.47	0.49

کمپنی اپنے تمام ملاز مین کے لئے شراکتی پراویڈنٹ فنڈ چلار ہی ہے جبکہ انتظامی اورغیرانتظامی عملے کے لئے گریجوئی فنڈسکیم پڑمل پیرا حکام میں میں میں میں ا

ہے۔جنگی مجموعی سرمایہ کاری درج ذیل ہے:

پراویڈنٹ فنڈ مبلغ 301 ملین روپے گریجوئی فنڈ مبلغ 306 ملین روپے

۔زیرِ جائزہ مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی کے سی عہدہ دار کی طرف سے کمپنی کے صص میں کوئی خریدوفر وخت نہیں کی گئی۔

مالی حسابات کی تاریخ کے بعد کی مادی تبدیلیاں

مالیاتی حسابات کی تاریخ اور ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ کی تاریخ کی درمیانی مدت میں کمپنی کے مالی حسابات میں کوئی مادی تبدیلی وقوع پذیز ہیں ہوئی۔

مجموعاتي مالى حسابات

کمپنی اوراس کی ملکیتی کمپنی سیچ رائٹ پرایئویٹ لیمییڈ کے مجموعاتی مالیاتی حسابات برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہیں۔

اظهارتشكر

ہم ایگزیکٹوز ،افسران اور دیگر عملے کے ارکان کی شخت محنت ، تعاون اور مخلصا نہ کوششوں کوسرا ہتے ہیں جوانہوں نے ہمکن بہتر نتائج حاصل کرنے میں کیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائیریکٹرزا پنے تمام بنکوں کا بھی شکر گزار جنہوں نے کمپنی کے لئے اپنی حمائت جاری رکھی۔ انتظامیہ اس بات کے لئے پُراعتاد ہے کہ بہتعلقات اور تا پئد آئندہ آنے والے سالوں میں بھی جاری رہے گی۔

منجانب بورڈ

ئىلىما كىلىمىدە ئىسىدە ئىلىمىدە ئىلىمىنىڭ ئىنىڭ چىف اىگىزىك ئوآفىسر

لا بور: 05 اكتوبر 2022

مزید برآل یقین دہانی کرائی گئی کہ محاسبتی ادارے بااس سے منسلک کسی فرد نے دورانِ سال کمپنی ھذاکے صص میں خریداری یا تجارت نہیں کی ہے۔

بيروني محاسبان كي مالي حسابات پررپورث

مالی حسابات برائے سال مختمہ 30 جون 2022 کا بیرونی محاسبان نے با قاعدہ آڈٹ کیا ہے جنہوں نے مالی حسابات کے لئے صاف آڈٹ رپورٹ جاری کی ہے۔

ويبسائك كى دستيابي

تمپنی کے سالا نہاور وسط مدتی مالی حسابات تمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.colonytextiles.com پر دستاب ہیں۔

کار پوریٹ اور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک پربیان

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس کے تحت ہم درج ذیل بیان دیتے ہیں

۔ مالیاتی حسابات بشمول تمام رپورٹس واضح اور درست طریقے سے بنائے گئے ہیں

۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزنے وژن اورمشن کے بیان اور مجموعی کاروباری حکمتِ عملی کومنظور کیا ہوا ہے۔

کمپنی نے مالیات کی کتابیں قانون کے مطابق بنائی ہوئی ہیں۔

کمپنی نے امور کی بہترانجام دہی کے لئے ہرسطح پر رہنمااصول بنائے ہوئے ہیں جو ہرڈائر یکٹراور ملاز مین سے تسلیم شدہ ہیں۔

۔ مالی حسابات کی یالیسیاں مالی حسابات کی تیاری میں مناسب انداز میں لا گوکی گئی ہیں۔

کمپنی نے امور کی بہتر انجام دہی کے لئے ہر سطح پر رہنمااصول بنائے ہوئے ہیں جن پڑمل درآ مد ہور ہاہے۔

۔ بین الاقوامی قوانین مالیات جو کہ یا کستان میں لا گوہیں پر مل ہور ہاہے۔

کمپنی کا ندرونی محاسبتی نظام شحکم ہےاور بہتر انداز میں کام کررہاہے۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس بیمل درآ مدکابیان اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے اور بیر بپورٹ بیرونی محاسب کے مطابق تر تیب شدہ ہے۔

کمپنی کے کاروباری معاملات جاری رہنے میں کوئی شکوک وشبہات نہیں ہیں۔

کمپنی اسٹنگ قوانین میں موجود کارپوریٹ گورننس کے تحت بہترانداز میں عمل پیراہے۔

کمپنی سختی کے ساتھ صحت کے اصولوں اور ماحول دوست منصوبوں پڑمل پیرا ہے

۔ مالیاتی حسابات کی تاریخ اور ڈائر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ کی تاریخ کی درمیانی مدت میں کوئی مادی تبدیلی نہیں آئی ہے ماسوائے اس کے کہ جوان مالی حسابات میں کھے دی گئی ہیں۔

کمپنی کے جیسالہ مالی حسابات کے بنیادی اعداد وشار کا خلاصہ لف ہے۔

بورڈ کی کارکردگی کی جانچ کاری

لٹ کمپینز کے کوڈ آف گورننس ریگولیشنز 2019 کے تحت ڈائر یکٹران نے اپنی اور ذیلی کمیٹیوں کی کارکردگی کی جانچ کاری پر کھنے کے لیے نظام واضح کیا ہے جس کے اصول مشاہراتی کمیٹی کوتفویض کئے گئے ہیں۔

متعلقه پارٹی کے ساتھ لین دین

متعلقہ پارٹی کے ساتھ لین دین کی تمام تفصیلات محاسبتی تمیٹی کی طرف سے نظر ثانی شدہ اور بورڈ سے منظور شدہ ہیں۔ اس لین دین کی تمام تفصیلات 30 جون 2022 کے مالی حسابات میں نوٹس میں درج ہیں۔

چیئر مین کی جائزه ر پورٹ

بورڈ نے چیئر مین کی طرف سے جاری کر دہ جائزہ رپورٹ برغور وحض کیا ہے اور بیسالانہ رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

كاروبارى ضابطها خلاق

اخلا قیات اور کاروباری طرزعمل کے ضابطے کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹران اور ملاز مین میں تقشیم کیئے گئے ہیں اوران سے تسلیم شدہ ہیں۔

تغميلي بيان

کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹران کی طرف سے لسٹر کیپنیز کے کوڈ آف گورننس ریگولیشنز 2019 کے تحت تعمیلی بیان منسلک ہے۔

اصولى خطرات

تمپنی کودر پیش خطرات اگر کوئی ہیں، وہ مالی حسابات میں متعلقہ جگہ پر واضح کر دیئے گئے ہیں۔

كار بوريث گورننس

ا تظامیہ نے کارپوریٹ گورننس کی تمام ضروریات پڑمل درآ مدکویقینی بنایا ہے۔متعلقہ بیان اس رپورٹ میں شامل ہے۔

ملكيتي خصص كانمونه

ملکیتی حصص کانمونہ برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022ءلف ہے۔

بيروني محاسبان كى تعنياتى

کمپنی کے بیرونی محاسب طارق عبدالغنی مقبول اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کا وَنْتُنٹس نے اسکلے سال کے لئے اپنی خدمات جاری رکھنے کی خواہش ظاہر کی ہے جس کی محاسبتی کمیٹی نے بھی نامزدگی کی تائید کی ہے۔ چنانچے صص داران سے ان کودوبارہ تعینات کرنے کی منظوری کی درخواست کی جاتی ہے جبکہ بیرونی محاسب نے اس بات کا یقین دلایا ہے کہ وہ تعیناتی کی قانون میں موجود اہلیت پر پوراا ترتے ہیں۔

بہت بہتری کی جانب گامزن ہیں اور اخلاقی اقد ار پڑمل پیراہیں۔ ساجی تعمیل اور انسانی وسائل کی تمیٹی درج ذیل ممبران پر شتمل ہے:

سميٹی میں عہدہ	تخصيص	رن
چیئر مین	ا يگزيڭوڈائريكٹر/چيفا يگزيڭوآفيسر	جناب فريد مغيث ي ^{شخ}
ممبر	نان الگیزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	جنا <i>ب محمه عطاء</i> الله خان
ممبر	چيف فنانشل آفيسر	جناب عطامحي الدين خان

بورد آف دائر يكثرز

سمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز جوتعداد میں سات ہیں اپنی ذمہداریاں شفاف طریقے سے نگراں کے طور پراداکرتے ہوئے کمپنی کی پائیدارتر قی میں اضافہ کا باعث ہیں۔

موجودہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی تخصیص اس طرح سے ہے۔

تفصيل دائر يكٹران كى تعداد

آزاد / غيرمتعلقه دُائرَ يكثر 02

نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز 03

ا يَكِزِ يَكِتُودُ ابْرُ يَكِتْرُ زِ 02

ز برجائزہ سال میں ڈائر یکٹران کے پانچ اجلاس ہوئے تھے،جس میں سبھی ڈائر یکٹران نے تمام اجلاس میں شمولیت کی۔

محاسبتی ممیٹی کے سال میں یا فنچ اجلاس ہوئے ،اس کے تمام مبران نے تمام اجلاس میں شرکت کی ،

انسانی وسائل اور مراعاتی تمیٹی کا سال میں ایک اجلاس ہوا، جس میں اس کے تمام ممبران نے شرکت کی ،

ڈائر بکٹران کامعاوضہ

کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹران نے ایگزیکٹواورنان ایگزیکٹوڈائر کیٹرز کے لئے معاوضہ جات کی پالیسی منظور کررکھی ہے۔ یہ پالیسی انسانی وسائل کے اہم جزو کی حیثیت سے تیار کی گئی ہے جس کا مقصد کا روباری منصوبہ بندی کوسہولت کا ری دینا ہے۔ بورڈ کو یقین ہے کہ یہ پالیسیاں ایگزیکٹوز اورڈائر کیٹرز کوان کے فرائض کی ادائیگی میں معاون ثابت ہیں۔

بإلىسيان اورطريقه كار

بورڈ نے متعلقہ خدشات کے پیش نظر کاروبار کو چلانے کے لئے موئر طریقہ کارا پناتے ہوئے پالیسیاں مرتب کی ہیں۔ان پالیسیوں کومرحلہ وار کاروباری خدشات کے تحت پر کھا جاتا ہے۔

 خصیص
 حمیع میں عہدہ

 جناب فرید مغیث شخ
 ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر اچیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر
 چیئر مین

 جناب محمطارق
 ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر

 جناب محمطاء اللہ خان
 نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر

تكنيكي سميتي

تکنیکی کمیٹی چیف ایگزیگوآفیسر کومختلف امور پرمشاورت مہیا کرتی ہے جس میں تکنیکی اموراور ماحول کے تحفظ کی منصوبہ بندی اور دیگر امور شامل ہیں۔ یہ کمیٹی طلات ، مطلوبہ معیار کا حصول ، پیداواری اہداف کے حصول کی ذمہ دار ہے اور مجاز حدود میں رہتے ہوئے روزانہ کی بنیاد پر در پیش تکنیکی مسائل کومل کرتی ہے۔

تکنیکی کمیٹی درج ذیل ممبران پر شتمل ہے:

نام تخصیص تمینی میں عہدہ جناب فرید مغیث تُن اللہ ایکزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر اچیف ایکزیکٹوآ فیسر چیئر مین جناب محمطار ق ایکزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر ممبر جناب نورخان تکنیکی ڈائریکٹر ممبر

ماليات ميثي

مالیات کمیٹی کا کردار مالیاتی امداف،سالا نہ اور سہ ماہی تخمینہ جات، مجاز اخراجات کی منظوری ،اضافی رقم کی سر مایہ کاری اور مالیاتی منصوبہ بندی اوراس کا قانون کے مطابق اطلاق ہے جسے ریمیٹی چیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر کی نگرانی میں سرانجام دے رہی ہے۔

مالیات میٹی درج ذیل مبران پر مشمل ہے:

نام تخصیص تمینی مین عهده جناب فرید مغیث نام الگیزیگود از کیگر اچیف الگیزیگو آفیسر چیئر مین جمیر مبر جیناب علی کالدین خان جینان کی الدین خان جینان کی گرافی کالدین خان جناب بلال احمد خان نیازی در التی التی وسائل کمینی ساجی تعمیل اور انسانی وسائل کمینی

آپ کی تمپنی کی کامیابی میں ایک اہم عضراس کے انتہائی ہنر منداور پر جوش افرادی قوت ہے جو ہماری طاقت ہیں۔ہم بجاطور پراس حقیقت پرفخر کر سکتے ہیں کہ انسانی وسائل کو ہمیشہ ترجیح دی گئی ہے۔ آج ہم گزشتہ سالوں پرنظر دوڑ ائیں تو ہم دیکھ سکتے ہیں کہ ہمارے راستے ساتھ کمپنی نے اپنی مل کے احاطے میں میڈیکل کیمپ کا اہتمام بھی کیا تھا تا کہتمام عملے کے ارکان اور کارکنوں اوران کے خاندان کے افراد کو وباء سے بچاؤ کے ٹیکے ہل طریقے سے لگ سکیں۔

محاسبتی سمیٹی

یہ بورڈ کی سب سے ہم اور مئوثر نمیٹی ہے۔ نمپنی کے اندرونی محاسبتی عمل کواسکے بہترین مفادمیں چلاتے ہوئے اہم کر دارا داکر رہی ہے۔ ہے۔ کمیٹی ممبران نے اندرونی اور بیرونی محاسبان کی رپورٹس کا بغور مطالعہ کیا ہے اور بیرونی محاسب کی تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔ محاسبتی کمیٹی درج ذیل ممبران مرشمنل ہے:

سميڻي ميں عبده	تخصيص	ڈائر <i>بکٹر</i> کانام
چيئر مين	غيرمتعلقه ڈائر بکٹر	جناب عبدالحكيم خان قصورييه
ممبر	غيرمتعلقه ڈائر بکٹر	محتر مهذوشا به فيض
ممبر	نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب محمرا شرف سيف

انسانی وسائل اورمشاہراتی سمیٹی

انسانی وسائل کی تمیٹی نے تمپنی ملاز مین کے تمام طبقات کے لئے معاوضے کے علیحدہ علیحدہ منصوبے بنار کھے ہیں۔ تمپنی میں سازگار ماحول کا بنانا اوراسے برقر اررکھنا،مناسب سلوک،روزگار کے مواقع اور کامیابی کے ساتھ آگے بڑھنے کی سفارشات تیار کرنا اوران پڑمل درآ مدکروانا تمیٹی کی ذمہ داری ہے۔ ہمیں احساس ہے کہ انسانی وسائل کاروباری حکمتِ عملی کا اہم جزوبیں۔

انسانی وسائل اورمشاہراتی سمیٹی درج ذیل ممبران پرمشمل ہے:

تسميني ميں عهدہ	تخصيص	ڈائز یکٹر کا نام
چيئر مين	نان ایگزیگوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب محمد عطاءالله خان
ممبر	غيرمتعلقه ڈائر يکٹر	جناب عبدالحكيم خان قصوريه
ممبر	نان ایگزیگوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب محمد اشرف سيف

مجلس عامله ببثي

مجلس عاملہ کاروبار کے مقاصد مقرر کرنے ، مواقع کی نشاندہی ، کاروباری مقاصد کو کامیا بی کے ساتھ نفاذ کرنے کی ذمہ دار ہے۔ اس کمیٹی کا اہم مقصد ملکی وغیر ملکی گا ہوں کی بدلتی ضروریات پرنظرر کھنا اور کمپنی کے حالات کے مطابق اہداف کا مقرر کرنا ہے۔ مجلس عاملہ کمیٹی درج ذیل ممبران پرشتمل ہے:

غير مالياتي كاركردگي

کوالٹی، گا ہوں کااطمینان، ملازمین کی بہتری اور پیشہ ورانہ معیارات کلیدی چیزیں ہیں جن کو بہتر کرنے کے لئے کمپنی کی انتظامیہ اقدامات کررہی ہے۔ کمپنی گا ہوں کہ طمانیت کے تحت اچھی کوالٹی کی مصنوعات بنارہی ہے۔ دوران سال کمپنی نے انسانی وسائل کی بہتری کے لئے مختلف جائزہ پروگرام مکمل کئے ہیں۔ کمپنی نے مختلف کمیٹیاں بنائی ہوئی ہیں جوکلیدی منصوبہ جات کی موئز گلرانی کررہی ہیں۔

مستقبل كانقط نظر

اس سال کے گزرے ہوئے چند مہینے بہت ہی مشکل تھے۔خام مال کے سود ہے بہت مہنگے داموں ہونے اور بڑھتی ہوئی لاگت کی وجہ سے نئے سود سے نیٹے نقینی کا شکار ہیں۔ سیلاب کی وجہ سے مقامی کیاس کی فصل بری طرح متاثر ہوئی ہے اور غیر معمولی قیمتوں پر فروخت ہورہی ہے۔ شرح سود،مہنگائی میں اضافہ اور رویے کی غیر مشحکم صور تحال نے منڈی کو متزلزل اور استحصال کا شکار کردیا ہے۔

ہم دیکھر ہے ہیں کہ صنوعات اورخام مال کی قیمتیں کرونا وباء سے پہلے کی سطح پر آ جایئں تا کہ طلب میں دوبارہ اضافہ ہونا شروع ہوجائے۔ " عالمی سیاسی حالات بھی صورتحال کوٹھیک ہونے میں رکاوٹ کا باعث ہیں ۔

مقامی منڈی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں اورغیر بقینی سیاسی صورتحال کے ہاتھوں برغمال ہے۔ افوا ہیں اور قاس آرائیاں ہرروز منڈی کومتاثر کررہی ہیں ملک میں استحکام ہونے سے پہلے بحالی کا تصور ناممکن ہے۔

اگر چہاس وقت مشکلات بہت زیادہ ہیں تا ہم ہر مکنہ طور پر بہتر کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کرتے ہوئے اپنی مصنوعات کوزیادہ قیمت پر فروخت کرنے کے لئے اپنی مشینری کی افادیئت کو ہڑھارہے ہیں۔

محفوظ صحت مندماحول

کمپنی اپنے ملاز مین اورعوام کے لیے ایسے اقد امات کررہی ہے جس سے ان کی حفاظت کو یقینی بنایا جاسکے۔ہم تمام شعبوں مثلاً پیداوار، ترسیل، گودام اور مال کی آمدورفت کے لیے بہتر حفاظتی اقد امات پر توجہ کئے ہوئے ہیں۔ آپ کی کمپنی ماحول کی حفاظت کے لیے ہرممکن اقدام کررہی ہے۔

کارپوریٹ ساجی ذمہ داری

آپ کی کمپنی ایک منفر دکار پوریٹ اور ساجی ذمہ داری کی پالیسی ہے جس کے تحت وہ اپنی ساجی ذمہ دار یوں کو پورا کررہی ہے۔ہم ٹسیسز ان کے لواز مات اور ملکی زرمبادلہ میں اضافہ کے ذریعے قومی خزانے میں شراکت دار ہیں۔ہم برابری کی بنیاد پر ملازمت کے مواقع مہیا کرنی پر فخر محسوں کرتے ہیں۔آپ کی کمپنی ضرورت مندلوگوں کو مفت خوراک ،مفت طبی سہولیات اور صاف پانی کی سہولیات مہیا کررہی ہے۔ آپ کی کمپنی نے کرونا وباء میں بھی اپنی ساجی ذمہ داری احسن طریقے سے پوری کی ہے۔گھرسے کام کرنے کی پالیسی کے ساتھ

سميني كاكتائي كاشعبه

کتائی کے شعبہ کی کارکردگی پہلی تین سہ ماہیوں حوصلہ افزار ہی تھی۔حالانکہ ملکی سطح پر کھیت کے شعبے مہنگائی کی وجہ سے دباؤ کا شکار رہے تھے جنہیں برآ مدات نے نقصانات کو کم کرنے میں مدد کی۔

تیسری سہ ماہی میں عالمی منڈی میں معاہدوں کے باعث مصنوعات کی قیمتیں گرنا شروع ہوگیئں اور مقامی منڈی مزید کمزور ہوگئی۔غیریقین صورتحال کی وجہ سے جہاں لاگت بڑھی وہاں قیمتوں میں کمی ہوگئی۔ طلب میں کمی اور بڑھتی ہوئی پیداواری لاگت کی بیر پیثان کن صورتحال نئے سال میں بھی جاری ہے۔

محمینی کابُنائی کاشعبہ

بنائی کے شعبہ کی صورتحال بھی کتائی کے شعبے سے مختلف نہیں ہے۔ جبیبا کہ ہم کپڑا مقامی اور عالمی منڈی کے لئے تیار کررہے ہی ، دونوں شعبوں کواپنی اپنی مشکلات کا سامنا ہے۔ اس صورتحال نے آخری سہ ماہی کے نتائج کومزید متاثر کیا ہے۔ تو اتر سے بڑھتی ہوئی لاگت اور غیر مشتکل مروپے کی وجہ سے مصنوعات کی قیمتیں مقرر کرنا انتہائی مشکل ہور ہا ہے۔ بینکوں کی طرف سے قرضہ جات کی عدم دستیا بی صورتحال کواور مشکل بنار ہی ہے۔

تحميني كاغيرمنقوله جائيدا دكى تجارت كاشعبه

دوران سال کمپنی نے اپنی غیر منقولہ جائیداد کے کاروباری شعبہ میں کوئی سرگرمی نہیں کی ہے۔

سچ رائك پرايئويك ليمييلا - مكمل ملكيتي كمپني

سے رائٹ پرایؤیٹ لیمیٹر مکمل ملکیتی کمپنی نے اس سال اپنی پیداوار شروع کردی ہے۔ اور کالونی ٹیکسٹائل ملزلیمیٹر نے اس کااداشدہ سر ماید 100 ملین روپوں سے بڑھا کا 130 ملین روپ کر دیا ہے۔ منڈی ہماری مصنوعات کے لیئے مددگار ثابت ہورہی ہے اورہم ایک بہتر مستقبل کی امید کررہ ہے ہیں۔ ہمارے گار منٹس پورپ میں برآ مد کیے جارہے ہیں اور گا کہوں نے ہماری کمپنی کے ساتھ کا روبار کرنے کی خواہش کا اظہار کیا ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے قرض

کمپنی کے بنیادی ڈائر یکٹران کمپنی کی فلاح و بہبود کاعزم کئے ہوئے ہیں۔ اسی عزم کے تحت ایک ایگزیکٹوڈائر یکٹر کی طرف سے کمپنی کی مالی حالی حالت کی بہتری کے لیے بیلغ بارہ کروڑرو بے کا بلاسود قرض موجود ہے۔

حصص داران کے لئے منافع کی تقسیم

کمپنی کے زیرِ جائزہ مالی سال کے نتائج کود کیھتے ہوئے کمپنی انتظامیہ نے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022 کے لئے خصص داران کومنافع کی ادایٹگی نہ کرنے کی سفارش کے ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹران رپورٹ برائے حصص داران

کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے، میں سالانہ تنقیح شدہ مالی حسابات برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022ء بمشمول محاسب کی رپورٹ پیش کرتا ہوں۔ بموجب کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس بیرمالی حسابات چیف ایگز یکٹوآ فیسراور چیف اکاؤنٹنٹ صاحبان سے تصدیق شدہ ، محاسبتی کمیٹی کی تایند سے بورڈ آف ڈاریکٹرز سے منظور شدہ ہیں۔

سمپنی کا کاروباری جم مبلغ 30,817 ملین روپے رہا جبکہ بچھلے سال یہ جم 25,469 ملین روپے تھا۔ کمپنی کا خام منافع مبلغ 2,884 ملین روپے ہے جو پچھلے سال مبلغ 2,229 ملین روپے تھا۔ سمپنی بعدازادا ینگی ٹیکس مبلغ 286 ملین روپے منافع میں رہی جبکہ بچھلے سال 1.50 ملین روپے تھا۔ چنانچہ اس سال آمدن فی حصہ 0.57 روپے ہے جو کہ بچھلے سال 1.50 روپے فی حصہ قبلے ۔

کہلی تین سہ ماہیاں پوری ٹیکسٹائل صنعت کے لئے بہت اچھی رہیں اور صنعت سے منسلک کمپنیوں نے خاطر خواہ آمدن حاصل کی مگر جسیا کہ ہم ماضی میں بھی اس چیز کا بارھا ذکر کرتے رہے ہیں کہ بینکوں سے قرضہ جات کی عدم دستیابی کی وجہ سے ہم اس موقع سے بھر پور فائدہ نہیں اٹھا سکے۔ برعکس اس کے کہ ہمارے ہمارے مالیاتی نتائج اچھے ہونے کے باوجود ہماری سطح کی کمپنیوں سے کم رہے۔

کروناوباء کے بعد عالمی معیشت کے بہتر ہونے کی امید بیں طلب میں کمی اور افر اط زرمیں اضافہ ہونے کی بناء پر پوری نہیں ہوئیں۔ تیار شدہ مصنوعات کے ذخائر اور خام مال کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ کی وجہ سے تمام شعبے بری طرح متاثر ہوئے ہیں۔ ملکی سیاسی صور تحال کے ساتھ ساتھ ساتھ ہوئی شرح سود، روپے کی قدر میں نمایاں کمی اور دیگر بڑھتے ہوئے اخراجات معاملات مزید عکین کردئے ہیں۔ ملک میں خطرناک سیلاب نے تباہ کاریوں کی وجہ سے انسانی جانوں کے نقصان اور مواصلاتی ودیگر تنصیبات کو نقصانات کے ساتھ ساتھ فصلوں اور خاص طور پر کیاس کی فصل کو شدید نقصان پہنچایا ہے۔

آپ کی ممپنی نے اگر چداپنی تاریخ کاسب سے بڑا کاروباری جم حاصل کیا ہے جس کی اصل وجدلا گت میں اضافہ اور روپے کی قدر میں کی ہے۔ منڈیاں بڑھتی ہوئی کاروباری لاگت کوخوشد لی سے قبول نہیں کرر ہیں اور نتائج کافی تکلیف دہ ہیں۔ پچپلی سہ ماہی میں آپی کمپنی کو نا صرف نقصان کا سامنار ہابلکہ اس نقصان نے پچپلی سہ ماہیوں کا منافع بھی ختم کردیا ہے۔

عالمی سطح پر ٹیکسٹائل صنعت کے مسائل میں خاص طور پر پاکستان میں حالات خراب ہورہے ہیں۔ اکثر ٹیکسٹائل کمپنیوں نے اپنی پیداوار کم کر دی ہے بالکم کسینیوں نے اپنی پیداوار کم کردیا ہے۔ حالات ٹھیک نہ ہونے کی صورت میں آنے والے مہینوں میں اس میں منرید کی ہوسکتی ہے۔

اگر چه پاکستان کی معیشت نا قابل فنهم ا تار چڑ ھاؤ کا شکاررہی ہے گرمعیشت کی موجودہ صورتحال تاریخ کی بدترین حالت میں ہے۔ دھا گہ، کپڑا، گارمنٹس کی پیداور، فروخت اورغیر منقولہ جائیداد کی تجارت کمپنی کی اصولی سرگرمیوں میں شامل ہیں۔

COLONY TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED FORM OF PROXY

I/We		
of		
being a member of COLONY TEXTILE MILLS	LIMITED and holder of	Ordinary Shares as pe
Register Folio / CDC Participant No	hereby appoint Mr./N	//rs./Miss
of or failing him / her M	r./Mrs./Miss.	of
who is also a member of the COLONY	TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED vide	e Registered Folio / CDC Participant I.D
No as my proxy to v	ote for me and on my behalf at the 1	12 th Annual General Meeting of the Company to
be held on Thursday the October 27, 2022 at 10	0.00 a.m. and any adjournment ther	reof.
Signed thisday of Octo	ber 2022.	Revenue Stamp Signature (As registered with the company)
Witness: 1	Witness: 2	
Signature:	Signature:	
Name:	Name:	
Address:	Address:	
CNIC or	CNIC or	
Passport #	Passport #	

NOTES: -

- This proxy form, duly completed and signed, must be received at the Registered Office of the company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the Meeting.
- Attested copies of the CNIC or the passport of beneficial owners, proxy holder and witnesses shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board's resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be furnished along with proxy form to the Company.

کالونی طبیکسٹائل ملزلم بیٹر تھیل نیابت داری برائے سالاندا جلاس عام

	\rightarrow
کالونی ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹٹر کا 1 کی <i>ا کے قص</i> ص	کن
تہ نمبر کے تحت <u>عمو</u> می حصص کا ا کی اکے مالک	. ہوں <i>ا</i> ہیں اور بموجب رجسٹر ڈ کھان ہ نمبر یا مجوزہ ہی ڈی سی کھا
رہائتی اور بموجہ	ں ا ہیں۔اپنی جگہ پرحق رائے دہی کے لیے
کو یااس کے نہ آنے کی صورت میں	ىٹر ڈ كھاتەنمبريا مجوزەسى ڈى سى كھاتەنمبر
_اور بموجب رجسرڈ کھاتہ نمبر یا مجوزہ سی ڈی سی کھاتہ نم	
پیٰ جگه بروز جمعرات بتاریخ 27 اکتوبر2022 بوقت صبح 10 <u>-</u>	جو کہا کا لونی ٹیکسٹائل ملز لمیٹٹر کا ای اے حصہ دارہے ہیں۔کوا
ہونے والے بارھویںسالا نہاجلاس عام یاکسی متبادل دن جو بھی ہوً	•
·	۔ رائے دہندگی کے لئے نمائندہ مقرر کرتا ا کرتی ا کرتے ہوں اہیر
د ستخط ب	يخ اكتوبر 2022 كود شخط كيا گيا
رسیدی ٹکٹ	
گواه نمبر: 2	ەنمبر:1
وستخط	نظنظ
ſţ	
شناختی کارڈنمبریا	تى كاردْ نمبريا
پاسپورٹ نمبر	پورٹ نمبر
رہ کا پیوں ، کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آفس کے بیتے پراجلاس کے شروع ہونے سے ہ	و ئ : 1_ پیرمختار نامهکمل اور دستخطاشده، همراه شناختی کارڈ کی تصدیق شد
* * * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ي گفته پېلې پېنچ جانا چا بېئے۔
	** * *
ے وہ کمپنی کاخصص دارنا ہو۔علاوہ اس کے کہ کوئی ایک کمپنی کسی فر دکونما ئید ہمنا	2 _ كوئى بھى فر دمختار نامەاس وقت تك استىعال نېيى كرسكتا جب تك

