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# **VISION**

# Statement

United Brands Limited is committed to being a profitable customer-driven and socially responsible organization. We aim to become the leaders of our industry and set benchmark for others.

# CORE

# Values

Passion Integrity Partnership Excellence

# MISSION

# Statement

We strive to be the best distributor and want to serve as an industry standard. We empower our employees for continuous growth and enable them to ensure success for our partner companies, principals and customers.

# **OVERALL**

# Corporate Strategy

United Brands Limited is a dynamic organization and plans to frow by expanding the coverage network further within Pakistan. Expansion plans also include introducing new international brands in the local market.

# **BRANDS**



















# COMPANY INFORMATION

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Munis Abdullah Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed Mr. Sved Nadeem Ahmed Mr. Zubair Razzak Palwala Mr. Sved Qaiser Abbas Mr. Rizwan Ahmad

Chairman Independent Director Independent Director Chief Executive Officer Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Executive Director

## **BANKERS**

Habib Bank Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Silkbank Limited Meezan Bank Limited Al Baraka Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

# **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed Mr. Zubair Razzak Palwala Mr. Sved Nadeem Ahmed

Chairperson Member Member

# **HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan Mr. Syed Nadeem Ahmed Mr. Syed Qaiser Abbas

Chairman Member Member

**CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER** 

Mr. Shariq Ahmed

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Farooq Akbar

# **INTERNAL AUDITORS**

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants

## **EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

A.F. Ferguson & Company, Chartered Accountants

#### **LEGAL ADVISOR**

Abdul Karim Khan & Company

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

2nd Floor, One IBL Center. Block No. 7 & 8, DMMCHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi-75530

Tel: 37170183,

Fax: 35635530, 35682772

#### **SHARE REGISTRAR**

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, SMCHS Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400

#### **WEBSITE**

www.ubrands.biz

# NOTICE OF 58th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF UNITED BRANDS LIMITED

Notice is hereby given that 58th Annual General Meeting of the members of M/s. United Brands Limited will be held on Friday, October 28, 2022 at 12:30 p.m. at Ground Floor, One IBL Center, Block No. 7 & 8, DMMCHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 28, 2021.
- To receive, consider and adopt annual audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
- To appoint auditors for the next financial year ending June 30, 2023 and fix their remuneration. The present auditors, M/s. A.F.Ferguson & Company, Chartered Accountants, retired and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-appointment. The board has recommended the re-appointment of A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, as the auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2023.

### **OTHER BUSINESS**

To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

Date: October 07, 2022

Place:Karachi

#### **Notes**

## **Book closure:**

The share transfer books will remain closed from October 22, 2022 to October 28, 2022 (both days inclusive). Transfers in good order, received at the office of Company's Share Registrar, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, CDC House, 99 – B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400 by close of the business on October 21, 2022 will be treated in time for the purpose of attending the annual general meeting.

## **B.** Participation in General Meeting:

All members/shareholders are entitled to attend, speak and vote at the annual general meeting. A member/ shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her behalf. The proxy needs to be a member of the Company. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the Company's Registered Office: 2nd Floor, One IBL Center, Block No. 7 & 8, DMMCHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi – 75530 not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

Company Secretary

In pursuance of Circular No. 1. of 2000 of SECP dated January 26, 2000 the beneficial owners of the shares registered in the name of Central Depository Company (CDC) and/or their proxies are required to produce their Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or passport for identification purpose at the time of attending the meeting. The form of proxy must be submitted with the Company within the stipulated time, duly witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers must be mentioned on the form, along with attested copies of the CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owner and the proxy.

In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' Resolution/ Power of Attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting.

Member are requested to intimate any changes in addresses immediately to Company's Share Registrar, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi – 74400.

# C. Request for Video conference facility:

In term of SECP's Circular No. 10 of 2014 dated May 21, 2014 read with the provisions contained under section 134(1). (b) of the Act, if the Company receives request /demand from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior to the date of meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in that city, subject to availability of such facility in that city.

I/We, Limited, holder of facility at	ofordinary shares as per registered folio #	being a member of the United Brands hereby opt for video conference
Signature of Member (s)		

The company will intimate members regarding venue of video conference facility at least five days before the date of annual general meeting along with the complete information necessary to enable them to access the facility.

# CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

(Under Section 192 of the Companies Act. 2017)

An annual evaluation of the Board of Directors' overall performance is conducted in compliance with the requirement of the Code of Corporate Governance and the Companies Act, 2017. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board of Directors' (the Board) performance is measured in the context of overall corporate objectives and governance structure of the Company. For the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the Board's overall performance and effectiveness has been assessed as 'Satisfactory'.

The following sections summarize how the overall performance of the Board is assessed as satisfactory in achieving Company's objectives:

# **Corporate governance structure and Compliance with regulations**

The Company has a well-developed corporate governance system which is the combination of processes established and executed by the Board that are reflected in the Company's structure with the aim of achieving objectives of the Company as a whole to ensure compliance with all the statutory and regulatory requirements applicable upon the Company.

General Meeting(s) is the highest decision-making body in the Company. The shareholders are responsible for appointing the Board Members at the General Meeting of the Company. The shareholders also appoint the external auditors in General Meeting(s) who report to the shareholders on the annual and half yearly financial performance of the Company in their annual auditors' report and half-yearly review report respectively.

### **Board of Directors**

The appointment, roles and responsibilities of the Board of the Company are outlined in Articles of Association of the Company. Throughout the year, the membership balance criteria set down in the Code of Corporate Governance in relation to executive, non-executive and independent members of the Board was maintained by the Company together with an appropriate level of skills, experience and capabilities across the membership.

The Board of the Company complies with all relevant rules and regulations. The Board comprises of well-known business professionals who add real value to the Board through their expertise, experience and strong value systems. The Board has laid down policies and procedures to ensure a professional corporate environment that promotes timely disclosure, accountability, high ethical standards, and compliance with applicable laws, regulations and corporate governance.

During the year under review, the Board has effectively discharged its responsibilities towards the Company and participated in all strategic affairs diligently. All quarterly, half yearly and annual financial results were thoroughly reviewed and the Board extended its guidance to the management on regular basis. The Board also played a key role in monitoring of management performance and focus on major risk areas.

# Committees to the Board

The Board's Audit Committee and Human Resource & Remuneration Committee have also discharged their responsibilities as per relevant laws, norms and best practices throughout the year. The Board carefully monitors their performance on periodic basis.

# Vision, mission and values

The Board members are familiar with the current vision, mission and values and support them.

## 5. Engagement in strategic planning

The Board has a clear understanding of its stakeholders and a strategic vision of how the organisation should be evolving over the next three to five years. The Board identifies goals and targets for the management in all major performance areas and key indicators for tracking progress.

# 6. Formulation of policies

The Board has established policies that cover all essential areas of the Board's responsibilities.

# 7. Monitoring of organisation's business activities

The Board is aware of the Company's current business activities and is updated with respect to achievement of Company's objectives, goals, strategies and financial performance through regular presentations by the management, internal and external auditors and other independent consultants.

# 8. Monitoring of financial resources

The Board is knowledgeable about key aspects relating to managing the financial resources of the Company and provides appropriate direction and oversight on a timely basis. The Board ensures that the budget reflects the priorities established in the annual plan and the strategic plan. The Board complies with regulations governing the external audit/ review of annual and interim accounts of the Company and pays due consideration to the recommendations made by the external auditors and internal auditors from time to time.

**Munis Abdullah** 

Jun colul

Chairman October 05, 2022

# DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

The Directors of United Brands Limited take pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Directors' Report is prepared in accordance with Section 227 of the Companies Act. 2017

# **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the Company are trading and distribution of consumer goods and allied products. The subsidiary of the Company is engaged in transportation and warehousing, assembly and trading of electrical goods.

## **Summary of Financial Performance**

2022 2021 (Rupees in thousand) 3.265.824 3.283.188 536,460 526,257

16.03%

77,667

61.840

16.43%

106,268

21,756

Revenue **Gross profit** Gross profit as a percentage of revenue Operating profit / (loss) Profit / (loss) after taxation

# **Financial Performance:**

The revenue of Company has decreased by PKR 17.36 million as compared to same period last year due to discontinuation of Hayat Kimya business. Service income from wholly owned subsidiary IBL Logistics (Private) Limited has increased by PKR 98.53 million which is 17% increase as compared to last year.

Operating expenses of Company have decreased due to discontinuation of business and certain cost control initiatives. Finance cost has also decreased by PKR 5 million due to repayment of Company's debt.

## **Holding Company**

International Brands (Private) Limited is the holding Company of United Brands Limited. As at June 30, 2022, International Brands (Private) Limited held 88,200,462 shares of PKR 10 each (96.08%).

#### Basic / diluted earnings per share

Basic / diluted earnings per share were **PKR 0.24** (2021: PKR (0.67))

# **Impact on Environment:**

Company is not engaged in any business activity that has negative consequence on the environment.

# Statement of Ethics and Business Practices

Performance with integrity is central to operating at United Brands Limited. The Board of Directors have adopted a statement of ethics and business practices. All employees are informed and aware of it and are required to observe these rules of conduct in relation to business and regulations.

# **Principal Risks and uncertainties**

Principal risk associated with the entity includes:

Nature of Risk	Description
Business Risk	Discontinuation of Business resulting in reduction in revenue and profit
Operational / Business Risk	Rupee devaluation resulting in exchange loss
Liquidity Risk	High interest cost on borrowings.
	Shortage of funds affecting timely financing of operating & investing activities.
Operational / Business Risk	Piling of stock leading to product expiries, increased storage cost and working capital blockage.
	Loss of revenue due to parallel imports
Regulatory Risk	Change in custom tariffs of taxes, duties, regulations & foreign exchange rate variation deteriorating the margin and profitability.

## **Risk Management**

The Company's overall risk management program focuses on minimizing potential adverse effects on the Company's performance. The overall risk assessment of the Company is undertaken by the Senior Management, governed under the supervision of Group's Corporate Centre, the results of which are shared with the Board of Directors. Risk identification, assessment and management process entails identifying, evaluating and addressing strategic, financial, commercial and operational risks faced by the Company. Based on the risk assessment, key challenges are addressed, and opportunities identified, action plans developed and executed to achieve the long-term strategic objectives of the Company.

# **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Despite incurring losses in past few years, the Company continued to play its role in the area of CSR as we at United Brands belief in striving and keeping the balance between business and contribution to society.

In words of great Janie Lewis;

"We have a social responsibility, a constitutional opportunity and a moral obligation to help others."

Directors	No. of Directors	
Total No. of Directors		7
a.	Male	6
b.	Female	1
<b>Board Composition</b>	No. of Directors	
Board Composition a.	No. of Directors  Independent Directors	2
		2 2

Committee	Name of Directors	Designation
Audit Committee	Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed	Chairperson
	Mr. Zubair Razzak Palwala	Member
	Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan	Member
HR Committee	Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan	Chairman
	Mr. Syed Nadeem Ahmed	Member
	Mr. Syed Qaiser Abbass	Member

# **Meetings of the Board of Directors**

During the year 2022, five Board meetings were held and attended as follows:

Name of Directors	<b>Meeting Attended</b>
Mr. Syed Nadeem Ahmed	5
Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed	5
Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan	5
Mr. Zubair Razzak Palwala	5
Mr. Syed Qaisar Abbas	5
Mr. Rizwan Ahmad	5
Mr. Munis Abdullah	3

Fee paid to directors for attending the Board of Directors meetings during the year amounted to Rs. 0.15 million (2021: Rs. 0.58 million).

### **Audit Committee**

The committee comprises of three members, all are non-executive Directors and the Chairman of the Committee is an independent director.

The terms of reference of the Committee have been determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with the guidelines provided in the listing Regulations and advised to the Committee for compliance. An independent audit function reporting to the Board's audit committee reviews risks and controls across the organization.

During the year 2021-22, four audit committee meetings were held and attended as follows:

Members	Meeting Attended
Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed	4
Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan	4
Mr. Zubair Razzak Palwala	4

# **Human Resource and Remuneration Committee**

The committee comprises of three members; two are non-executive Directors and one is executive including the Chairman of the Committee.

## **Directors Training:**

The Board has arranged Director's Training Program for the following;

- Munis Abdullah - Non-Executive Director

#### Financial statements and auditors

The financial statements of the Company have been audited and approved without qualification by the auditors, A.F. Ferguson, Chartered Accountants. Further, the present auditors, A.F. Ferguson, Chartered Accountants, retired and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. The Board of Directors endorses recommendation of the Audit Committee for their reappointment as Auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2023, at a fee to be mutually agreed.

# **Subsequent Events**

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company and the date of this report.

#### Value of Investments of Provident Fund

The fair value of investment of provident fund as per its financial statements at June 30, 2022 is PKR 8.36 million (June 30, 2021 is 8.2 million).

# **Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework**

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan.
- The Company maintains a sound internal control system which gives reasonable assurance against any material misstatements or loss. The internal control is regularly reviewed. This has been formulized by the Board's Audit Committee and updated as and when needed.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of Code of Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.

# **Future Outlook**

Pakistan in its entirety is in a suffering state right now either due to overall economic challenges or impacted due to recent flood damages. The Company has also suffered due to such challenges and overall profitability is highly impacted due to fuel price increase, higher utility and labor costs etc.,.

The Company believes that there is huge potential in the consumer and logistics industry of Pakistan and the Company

can benefit from these opportunities. The Company is currently exploring to add new local accounts to ensure recoupment against lost imported businesses. The Board of Directors are also optimistic for enhancement and growth by tapping these new avenues.

We are confident that we can generate increased value for shareholders as well as deliver better products and services to our customers. In accomplishing this, we would like to appreciate the enormous cooperation and support of our all-stake holders, without which we will not be able to achieve these results.

We also take this opportunity to thank our employees for their continuing contribution in the achievement of Company's results.

# **Shareholding Information**

The Company's shares are traded on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The pattern of Shareholding as at June 30, 2022 and other related information is set out on page 104 to 106.

None of the Directors, CEO, CFO and Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children carried out any trades in the shares of the Company.

Karachi.

Date: September 28, 2022

Rizwan Ahmad Director

Syed Nalleem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

# ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ برائے حصص کنندگان

یونا کیٹٹر برانڈ زلمیٹڈ کے ڈائر کیٹرز ۲۰ جون۲۰۲۲ء کے اختتا می سال کے لئے اپنی رپوٹ بمہ آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوار سے پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں کررہے ہیں۔ بید ر بورٹ کمپنیزا یکٹ کا ۲۰ کے سیشن ۲۲۷ کے مطابق تنار کی گئی ہے۔

# بنیادی سرگرمیان:

سمپنی کی بنیا دی سرگرمیاں صارفین کے سامان اوراس سے وابستہ مصنوعات کے تجارت اورتقسیم ہیں۔ سمپنی کا ذیلی ادارہ بجلی کے سامان کی نقل وحمل اور گودام، آسمبلی اور تجارت میںمصروف ہے۔

# الهاتي كاركر دگي كاجائزه:

		<u>• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • </u>
	2022	2021
	(Rupees ir	thousand)
Revenue	3,265,824	3,283,188
Gross profit	536,460	526,257
Gross Profit as a percentage of revenue	16.43%	16.03%
Operatingprofit / (loss)	106,268	77,667
Profit / (loss) for the period	21,756	61,840

# مالى جائزه:

حیات کیمیا کے کاروبار کے بند ہونے کی وجہ سے کمپنی کی آمدنی میں گزشتہ سال کی اسی مدت کے مقابلے میں 17.36 PKR ملین کی کی واقع ہوئی ہے۔ مکمل ملکیتی ذیل کمپنی LBL بھٹک (یرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ سے سروس کی آمدنی میں 98.5% PKR ملین کا اضافیہ واہے جو کہ گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 17% اضافیہ ہے۔ کاروبار بند ہونے اور لاگت پر قابویانے کے کچھاقد امات کی وجہ سے کمپنی کے آپر ٹینگ اخراجات میں کمی آئی ہے۔ کمپنی کے قرض کی ادائیگی کی وجہ سے مالیاتی لاگت میں بھی PKR 5 ملین کی کمی واقع ہوئی ہے۔

# مولدٌ نگ کمپنی:

انٹریشنل بڑانڈزلمیٹڈ، یونائید بڑانڈزلمیٹڈی ہولڈنگ کمپنی ہے۔ 30 جون 2022 تک انٹریشنل بڑانڈزلمیٹڈ کے پاس فی شیر 10 روپے کے حماب سے 880,200,462 شيرز (96.08%) تقے۔

# في خصص آيد ني:

۳۰ جون۲۰۲۲ کوشتم ہونے والے سال میں فی حصص آمدنی میں24. 0رویے رہی ۔ (۳۰ جون۲۰۱: (6.67)روپے) ہے۔

# ماحول يراثرات:

کمپنی ایسی کسی کارباری سرگرمیوں میں شامل نہیں رہی جس کے نتیجے میں کاروباری ماحول پر منفی نتائج برآ مدہوتے ہیں۔

# اخلا قبات اور کاروباری امور کااشیشنٹ:

یونائید بڑانڈ زلمیٹڈ میں کام کرنے کیلئے دیانتداری مرکزی حیثیت رکھتی ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نیاخلا قیات اور کاروباری طریقہ کارکوا نیایا ہے۔تمام ملاز مین کواس سے با خبر کیا جاتا ہے اورانہیں کاروبار اور قوانین سے متعلق طرز عمل بڑمل کرنے کوضروری سمجھا گیا ہے۔

# الهم خطرات اورغير يقيني صورتحال:

# ادارے سے وابستہ اہم خطرات میں شامل ہیں:

"تفصيل	خطرے کی نوعیت
کاروباری عمل رکنے کے نتیجے میں آمدنی اور منافع میں خسارہ ہونا۔	کاروباری خطره
روپے کی قدر میں کمی کے متیجے میں زرمبادلہ میں نقصان ہونا۔	آ پریشنل / کاروباری خطره
قرضه جات پر سود کی لاگت	لیکوئیڈٹی کا خطرہ
فنڈ ز کی قلت کے باعث آپریڈنگ اورسر ماییکاری کی سرگرمیوں کی بروفت مالی اعانت پراٹز پڑنا۔	
پڑوڈ کٹ کی معیاد ختم ہونے ،اسٹور تکے کی لاگت میں اضا فیاورور کنگ کیپیل میں رکاوٹ کے سبب اسٹاک کا ڈھیرلگنا۔	آ پریشنل/ کاروباری خطره
متوازی درآ مدات کے باعث آ مدنی میں نقصان	
مسکسز کے کشم ٹیرف، ڈیوٹیز، ریگولیشنز اورغیرملکی زرمبادلہ کی شرح میں تبدیلی سے مارجن اورمنا فع میں بگاڑ پیدا ہونا	ریگو لیٹری خطرہ

# رسك مينجمنك:

کمپنی کامجموعی رسک مینجنٹ پروگرام کمپنی کی کارکردگی پرحکمنه نفی اثرات کوکم کرنے پرمرکوزہے، سینٹرمینجٹ کی جانب سے کمپنی کی گروپ کے کارپوریٹ سینٹر کی نگرانی میں مجموعی خطرات کی شخص کی جاتی ہے جس کے نتائج بورڈ آف ڈائیر کیٹرز کے ساتھ شئیر کئے گئے ہیں کمپنی خطرے کی شناخت تشخیص اورانتظام کے مل میں شامل خطرات ،اسٹا ٹیجک معاملات، مالیاتی، تجارتی اورآ پریشنل خطرات کا سامنا کرتی ہے۔خطرے کی تشخیص کی بنیاد پرکلیدی چیلینجز کا از الد کیا جاتا ہے اورمواقع کی نشاندہی کی جاتی ہے، کمپنی کے طویل مدتی اسٹرالجیک مقاصد کےحصول کیلئے عملی منصوبے تیار کئے جاتے ہیںاوران برعمل کیا جاتا ہے۔

# کاروباری ساجی ذمه داری:

گذشتہ کچھ سالوں میں ہونے والے نقصانات کے باو جود کمپنی نے تی ایس آر کے شعبے میں اپنا کر دار جاری رکھا کیونکہ ہم بطور بونائیٹیہ برانڈ زمعاشرے میں کاروبار اورشرا کت کے مابین توازن برقرارر کھنے پریقین رکھتے ہیں۔

# Janie Lewis کے الفاظ میں:

" دوسروں کی مدد کرنا ہماری ساجی ز مہداری ، آئینی موقعہ اورا خلاقی فرض ہیں " مندرجه ذيل ممبران 30 جون 2022 كوبوردٌ آف دُائير يكثر كاحصه تھ؛

ڈائیر یکٹرز کی تعداد	ڈائیریکٹرز
7	ڈائیر یکٹرزی کل تغداد
6	) \$\psi \psi \psi \psi \psi \psi \psi \psi
1	خ مرد خواتین
ڈائیریکٹرز کی تعداد	بورڈ کی تشکیل
2	☆ آزادڈائیریکٹرز
2	که ایگزیکیثیو دائیریکشرز
3	🖈 دىگرغىرا گىزىكىپيو دائىرىكىشرز

عہدہ	ڈائیریکٹرز کے نام	کمپنی
چنیر برس	محتر مه طبیبه رشید	آ ۋ ئے میری آ
غيرا گيزيكيڻيو ڈائيريکٹر	جناب زبيررزاق پإلوالا	
غيرا مگزيکيٹيو ڈائيريکٹر	جناب <sup>حس</sup> ن طارق خان	
چئير مين	جناب <sup>حس</sup> ن طارق خان	<i>ټوم</i> ين ريسورس کميني
غيرا يكزيكيثيو ڈائير يکٹر	جناب نديم احمه	
غيرا يكزيكيثيو ڈائيريكٹر	جناب سيد قيصر عباس	

# بوردْ آف دْائير يكثرز كي ميثنك:

سال2022 کے دوران بورڈ کی یانچ میٹنگز منعقد ہوئی جس میں درج زیل ڈائیر یکٹرزنے شرکت کی:

میثنگ میں حاضری کی تعداد	ڈائیریکٹرز کے نام
5	جناب سيدند يم احمر
5	محتر مه طبیبه رشید
5	جناب <sup>حس</sup> ن طارق خان
5	جنا <i>ب زبير رز</i> اق پإلوالا
5	جناب سيد قيصرعباس
5	جناب رضوان احمر
3	جناب مونس عبدالله

دورانِ سال بوردٌ آف ڈائیر یکٹرز کی میٹنگ میں شرکت کیلئے ڈائیر یکٹرز کوادا کی جانے والی فیس مبلخ 1.5 میلین رویے تھی۔ 202 ناچ 6.5 میلین رویے ) آ ڈٹ کمیٹی:

سمیٹی تین ممبران پرشتمل ہے،تمام غیرا یگزیکیٹیو ڈائر یکٹرز کا چئیر مین آزاد ڈائیر یکٹر ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائیریکٹرنے کمیٹی کے حوالے سے شرائط وضوابط اسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں فرایم کردہ مہدایت کے مطابق طے کی ہیں اور کمیٹی کواس پڑمل کرنے کامشورہ دیاہے۔ایک آزاد آ ڈٹ ڈیارٹمنٹ بورڈ کی آ ڈٹ ممیٹی کوتمام خطرات کے جائزے اوران کوکنٹرول کرنے کی رپورٹ پیش کرتا ہے۔

سال 22-2021 كووران آۋى كىيىلى كى چارمىيىنگو بوئىي جس مىن درج زيل نے شركت كى:

میٹینگ میں حاضری کی تعداد محتر مهطيبهرشيد جناب حسن طارق خان جناب زبيررزاق يالوالا

هیومن ریسورس اور معاوضے کی سمیٹی:

سمیٹی تین ممبران برمشتمل ہے،ایک ایکزیکیٹیواور دیگر بشمول چئیر مین غیرا یکزیکیٹیو ڈائیریکٹرز ہیں۔

# ڈائیریکٹر کی تربت:

دوران سال بورد نے مندرجہ ذیل ممبران کی تربت کا انتظام کیا:

نان ایگزیکیٹو ڈائیریکٹرز - جناب مونس عبدالله

# مالياتي حسابات اورآ دُيرُز:

آ ڈیٹرزاےابیف فرگون، جارٹرڈا کاؤنٹینٹس کےذربعیہ کمپنی کے مالی گوشواروں کا آ ڈٹ کیا گیاہےاوراس کی منظوری دے دی گئی ہے۔مزیدرہ کہ کمپنی کےموجودآڈیٹرزمیسرز ا بے اپنے فرگوں ، چارٹرڈا کا وَشِینٹس سبکدوش ہورہے ہیں اوراہل ہونے کی حیثیت سےخود کو دوبار ہ تقریری کے لئے پیش کرنے کے اہل ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائیریکٹرزنے باہمی ا تفاق رائے کے تحت میسرزا ہے ایف فرگون ، چارٹرڈا کا ویٹینٹس کوبطور آ ڈیٹرز مالیا تی سال 3 جون 202 کیلئے انہی شرا کط وضوابط اورا جرت پر دوبارہ تقر رکرنے کیلئے سفارش پیش کی ہے۔

# بعداز واقعات:

مالیاتی سال کے آخراوراس رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے درمیان کمپنی کی مالیاتی حیثیت میں تبدیلی کیلئے کوئی اثرات مرتب نہیں ہوئے ہیں۔

# یروویڈنٹ فنڈ کی سر مایا کاری پرویلیو:

30 جون2022 کو کمپنی کے مالی بیانات کےمطابق بروویڈٹ فنڈ میں سر ماریکاری کی فئیر ویلیوملغ 38.8 ملین یا کتانی روپے ہے۔(30 جون201 کوملغ 8.2 ملین یا کستانی رویے )۔

# كاربوريث اور مالياتي ريور ٹنگ كافرىم ورك:

- مالیاتی حسابات جو کہ کمپنی کی انتظامیہ نے مرتب کئے ہیں اوراس میں تمام مندر جات بالکل صحیح پیش کئے گئے ہیں جس میں اس کے آپریشن، نقذ کالین دین اورا یکوئیٹی میں تیدیلیاں شامل ہیں۔
  - کمپنی نے حساب کے کھاتے مناسب طریقے سع مرتب کئے ہے۔
  - مالیاتی حسابات کی تیاری میں مناسب ا کاؤنٹنگ کی پالیساں مستقل طور پرلا گوہوتی ہیں اورا کاؤنٹنگ کانخمینہ معقول اورمختاط فیصلے برمنی ہوتا ہے۔
    - انٹر میشنل فنانشلر یورٹنگ کامعیار جو کہ یا کستان میں قابل اطلاق اوراس کےمطابق مالیاتی حسابات کی تیاری کی گئی ہے۔
- آ ڈٹ کمیٹی نے آپریشنز کوموثر انداز میں انجام دینے بمپنی ا ثاثوں کی حفاظت، قابل اطلاق قوانین اورضوابط کی تغییل اور قابل اعتماد مالی رپورٹنگ کے لئے داخلی کنٹرولز کاایک موثر نظام قائم کیا ہے۔
  - اس کمپنی کوسلسل چلانے کیلئے اس کی اہلیت برکوئی شک وشیہ ہیں ہے۔
  - کوئی بھی مواد کارپوریٹ گورننس کی اعلیٰ پریکٹس سے خالی نہیں ہے جس کی تفصیلات لسٹنگ ریگولیشن میں دی گئی ہے۔

# مستقبل پرایک نظر:

پاکستان اس وقت یا تو مجموعی معاثی چیلنجوں کی وجہ سے یا حالیہ سیلاب سے ہونے والے نقصانات کی وجہ سے متاثر ہوا ہے۔ کمپنی کواس طرح چیلنجز کی وجہ سے بھی نقصان اٹھانا پڑا ہےاورا بندھن کی قیمتوں میں اضافے ،زیادہ افایت اور مزدوری کے اخراجات وغیرہ کی وجہ سے مجموعی منافع بہت زیادہ متاثر ہواہے۔

کمپنی کا خیال ہے کہ یا کستان کی کنزیومراورلا جٹک انڈسٹری میں بہت زیادہ پٹینشل موجود ہےاور کمپنی ان مواقع سے فائدہ اٹھا سکتی ہے۔ کمپنی فی الحال نئے مقامی ا کاونٹس کو شامل کرنے کی تلاش کر رہی ہےتا کہ کمشدہ درآ مدشدہ کاروباروں کی واپسی کونٹینی بنانا جاسکے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزبھی ان نئی راہوں کواستعال کرتے ہوئے اضافہ اورتر قی کے لیے برامید ہیں۔ ہمیں یقین ہے کہ صص یافتگان کے لیے بڑھتی ہوئی قدر پیدا کر سکتے ہیں اور ساتھ ہی اپنے صارفین کو بہتر مصنوعات اور خدمات فراہم کر سکتے ہیں۔اس کو پورا کرنے میں،ہم اپنے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے بے پناہ تعاون اور حمایت کی تعریف کرناچا ہیں گے،جس کے بغیر ہم بینتائج حاصل نہیں کرسکیں گے۔

شيئر ہولڈنگ کی معلومات:

کمپنی کے شیر کی تجارت پاکستان اسٹاک ایمپینچ میں ہور ہی ہیں۔ 30 جون 2022 تک شیر ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن اور اس سے متعلق دیگر معلومات صفحہ نمبر پر بیان کی گئی ہیں۔

کسی بھی ڈائیر،CFO،CIO اور کمپنی سیکرٹری اوران کی شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں نے کمپنی کے قصص میں کوئی لین دین نہیں کیا۔

کراچی ۲۸ستمبر۲۰۲۶ء

الموال احمد رضوان احمد دُائرَ یکشر سيدنديم احمد چيف اي گرزيکو آفيسر

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Operational Results:	Amount in '000						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Sales	2,360,090	2,553,666	3,270,644	4,048,617	3,776,649	1,389,745	1,483,737
Gross Profit	343,686	371,231	834,980	1,028,180	983,565	342,931	229,244
Operating (Loss) / Profit	(21,409)	(8,470)	(41,916)	(47,102)	252,997	69,541	57,705
Financial Charges	(36,803)	(45,605)	(137,598)	(324,708)	126,902	15,395	6,076
Profit / (Loss) before Taxation	(45,359)	43,461	(127,729)	(371,810)	126,095	54,146	51,629
Profit / (Loss) after Taxation	(65,625)	3,727	(255,676)	(549,914)	(29,214)	6,021	28,441
Proposed Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	5,400	-

Balance Sheet:	Amount in '000						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Shareholders' Equity	(10,564)	55,061	51,334	307,010	876,541	101,155	95,134
Non-Current Liabilities	-	12,838	9,012	-	-	212,000	-
Current Liabilities	1,167,762	1,036,410	1,567,492	2,157,356	1,747,529	1,455,424	726,256
Non-Current Assets	31,986	34,687	38,185	28,817	30,336	1,349	1,492
Current Assets	1,125,212	1,069,622	1,589,653	2,435,549	2,593,734	1,767,230	819,898

Financial Ratios:	Amount in '000						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Turnover on (Loss) / Profit before Tax	-1.92%	1.70%	-3.91%	-9.18%	3.34%	3.90%	3.48%
Proposed Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	5%	-
Return on Assets	-5.67%	0.34%	-15.45%	-22.31%	-1.11%	0.34%	3.46%
Return on Equity	-621.21 %	6.77%	-498.06%	-179.12%	-3.33%	5.95%	29.90%
Earnings / (Loss) per Share	(0.71)	0.04	(2.79)	(5.99)	(0.56)	0.13	0.62
Market value per Share	17.35	30.62	26.44	14.30	52.08	191.00	55.49
Book Value per Share	-1.15	0.60	0.56	3.34	9.55	9.37	8.79
Current Ratio	0.96	1.03	1.01	1.13	1.48	1.21	1.13



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UNITED BRANDS LIMITED

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance Contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of United Brands Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Chartered Accountants Karachi

Dated: October 6, 2022

UDIN: CR202210073WxjgJhFis

A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network
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KARACHI LAHORE ISLAMABAD

# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019 JNITED BRANDS LIMITED

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

The total number of Directors as at June 30, 2022 were seven (7) as per the following composition:

Male: 6 (six) b) Female: 1 (one)

The composition of the Board as at June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors*	Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan
	Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Munis Abdullah
	Mr. Syed Nadeem Ahmed
	Mr. Zubair Razzak Palwala
Executive Directors	Mr. Syed Qaiser Abbas
	Mr. Rizwan Ahmad
Female Director	Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed

<sup>\*</sup>Determination of number of independent directors arrives at 2.33 (rounded to 2) which is based on seven elected directors. The fraction is not rounded up since the two (2) elected independent directors have requisite competency, knowledge and experience to discharge and execute their responsibilities as per applicable laws and regulations.

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company;
- The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the "Act") and these Regulations;
- The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;

- The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations:
- The Board has arranged Director's Training Program for Mr. Munis Abdullah. The other Directors of the Company have completed the requirements of Director's Training program.
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations:
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board:
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

## **Audit Committee**

Name	Category
Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed	Chairperson
Mr. Zubair Razzak Palwala	Member
Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan	Member

#### **HR and Remuneration Committee**

Name	Category
Mr. Hasan Tariq Khan	Chairman
Mr. Syed Nadeem Ahmed	Member
Mr. Syed Qaiser Abbas	Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance:
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committees was as follows:
- Audit Committee: Four quarterly meetings during the financial year ended June 30, 2022
- b) HR and Remuneration Committee: One meeting during the financial year ended June 30, 2022
- 15. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the Company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;

- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with; and
- 19. Explanation' for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36(non-mandatory requirements) are below:

S. No	Requirement	Explanation	Reg. No
1	The Board may constitute a separate committee, designed as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.	The responsibilities as prescribed for the nomination committee are being taken care of at Board level as and when needed, hence a separate committee is not considered necessary.	29
2	The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board.	The Board has not constituted a risk management committee and senior managers perform the requisite functions and apprise the Board accordingly.	30
3	The Company may post on its website key elements of its significant policies including but not limited to the following:  i. Communication and disclosure policy;  ii. Risk management policy;  iii. Internal control policy;  iv. Whistle blowing policy;  v. Corporate social responsibility / sustainability/ environmental, social and governance related policy.	As the regulation provides concession with respect to disclosure of significant policies on the website, the Company is in the process of updating their newly developed website with all required key elements of its significant policies.	35(1)

On behalf of the Board

**Munis Abdullah** 

Jum colul

Chairman

Syed Nadeem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

# UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the members of United Brands Limited

# Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of United Brands Limited (the Company), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, and the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity, the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2022 and of the loss and other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



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# A-F-FERGUSON&CO.

Following is the Key Audit Matter:

#### **Key Audit Matter** S. No.

#### (i) Revenue recognition

# (Refer note 2.15 and 18 to the annexed unconsolidated financial statements)

The Company recognises revenue when control of the underlying products has been transferred to the customers. We considered revenue as a key audit matter due to revenue being one of the key performance indicators of the Company. In addition, revenue was also considered as an area of significant audit risk as part of the audit process.

# How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures in respect of recognition of revenue, amongst others, included the following:

- understood and evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of control over revenue;
- assessed the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies by comparing with applicable accounting standards;
- performed verification on revenue transactions, sales return and discounts on sample basis;
- performed revenue analysis including month on month analysis, year on year analysis, business line wise analysis, etc. and inquired unusual fluctuations, if any;
- performed cut-off procedures on sample basis to ensure sales have been recorded in the correct period; and
- reviewed the adequacy of the disclosures made by the Company in this area with regard to applicable accounting and reporting standards.

# Information Other than the Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the consolidated and unconsolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Independent Auditor's Report





# Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements,
  whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



3 of 4 pages

Independent Auditor's Report





We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (a) (XIX of 2017);
- (b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- (c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- (d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Syed Muhammad Hasnain.

A. F. Ferguson & Co. **Chartered Accountants** 

Karachi

Date: October 06, 2022

UDIN: AR202210073zJkpijnwH

# UNITED BRANDS LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

Intangible assets 4 52	,133 142 ,000 412
Non-current assetsProperty and equipment36,5229Intangible assets452Investment in subsidiary525,00025	142 ,000
Property and equipment 3 6,522 9 Intangible assets 4 52 Investment in subsidiary 5 25,000 25	142 ,000
Intangible assets 4 52 Investment in subsidiary 5 25,000 25	142 ,000
Investment in subsidiary 5 <b>25,000</b> 25	,000
	,687
Current assets	001
	,021
	,703
	,526
	,653
Tax refunds due from Government - sales tax 10 72,729 67 Accrued interest 363	,112 196
	,411
1,125,212 1,069	
Total assets 1,151,198 1,104	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	
Share capital and reserves	
	,000
	,939)
(10,564) 55	,061
Liabilities	
Non-current liabilities	
	,571
Deferred income - Government grant 14 -	267
	,838
Current liabilities Trade and other payables  15  889,038  729	,850
	,232
	,781
	,344
	,850
Unclaimed dividend 353	353
4 407 700	440
1,167,762 1,036	
Total liabilities 1,049 Contingency and commitments 17	,∠48
1,157,198 1,104	.309
Total equity and liabilities	,

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements

Syed Na leem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Rizwan Ahmad Director

# **UNITED BRANDS LIMITED** UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS ACCOUNT AND OTHER **COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TON THE TEAN ENDED COME 30, 2022	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupee	s in '000')
Revenue from contracts with customers	18	2,360,090	2,553,666
Cost of sales	19	(2,016,404)	(2,182,435)
Gross profit		334,686	371,231
Marketing and distribution expenses	20	(287,863)	(276,805)
Administrative and general expenses	21	(59,360)	(52,549)
Recognition of loss allowance on trade receivables	8.1.3	(5,847)	(5,332)
Other Operting expences	22	(12,025)	(45,015)
Loss from operations		(21,409)	(8,470)
Other income	23	12,853	97,536
Finance costs	24	(36,803)	(45,605)
(Loss) / profit before income tax		(45,359)	43,461
Income tax expense	25	(20,266)	(39,734)
(Loss) / profit for the year		(65,625)	3,727
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (loss) / income		(65,625)	3,727
		(Rup	pees)
Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per share	26	(0.71)	0.04

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements

Syed Na leem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Rizwan Ahmad Director

# UNITED BRANDS LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	<b>2022</b> (Rupees i	2021 n '000')
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations Decrease in long-term deposits Income taxes paid Finance cost paid	27	102,802 - (19,076) (21,173)	599,179 1,502 (42,384) (42,172)
Net cash generated from operating activities		62,553	516,125
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Interest income received Placement in term deposit receipt Net cash generated / (used in) investing activities		(114) 1,711 - 1,597	(819) - (32,092) (32,911)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from long term financing Repayment of long term financing Repayment of short term financing - net Net cash used in financing activities		(29,550) (19,198) (48,748)	44,940 (16,409) (464,013) (435,482)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		15,402	47,732
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		59,319	11,587
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	28	74,721	59,319

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements

Syed Na leem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Rizwan Ahmad
Director

# UNITED BRANDS LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance as at July 01, 2020

Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year

Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2021 Balance as at July 01, 2021

Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year

Total comprehensive loss for the year ended June 30, 2022

Balance as at June 30, 2022

Rese		
Capital	Revenue	
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	Accumulated losses	Total Equity
<del></del>	- (Rupees 000)	<b>——</b>
918,000	(866,666)	51,334
	3,727	3,727
-	3,727	3,727
918,000	(862,939)	55,061
	(65,625)	(65,625)
-	(65,625)	(65,625)
918,000	(928,564)	(10,564)

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements

Syed Na Jeem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Rizwan Ahmad
Director

# UNITED BRANDS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### 1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

1.1 The Company was incorporated in Pakistan on March 13, 1965 as Batlay Match Industries Limited under the repealed Company Act, 1913. The Company was renamed as UDL Industries Limited on March 16, 1987 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017). The Company was again renamed as United Brands Limited, a public limited Company on April 5, 2006 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the Company are guoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The Company is a subsidiary of International Brands (Private) Limited, which is also the Company's ultimate parent.

The principal activities of the Company are trading and distribution of consumer goods and allied products and production of safety razors through toll manufacturing.

The geographical locations and addresses of Company's business units are as under:

- Registered office of the Company is situated at 2nd Floor, One IBL Center, Block No. 7 & 8, Delhi Mercantile Muslim Cooperative Housing Society, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi; and
- The Company has various sale offices and distribution warehouses. Detailed list is provided in note 35.
- 1.2 The Company has investment in subsidiary company IBL Logistics (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary) incorporated in Pakistan. The unconsolidated financial statements are the separate financial statements of the Company in which investment in subsidiary has been accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- 1.3 Management prepared these financial statements on a going concern basis, which assumes the realisation of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As at June 30, 2022, the Company had net (deficit) / surplus of Rs. (10.56) million (2021: Rs.55.06 million), net current (liability) / asset position of Rs. (42.55) million (2021: Rs. 33.21 million) and operating cashflows of Rs 62.55 million (2021: Rs. 516.13 million). For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Company has incurred a (loss) / profit of Rs. (65.63) million (2021: Rs. 3.73 million).

The Company has been closely monitoring the cash flows and forecasts on a monthly basis. Management performed analysis over their cash flow forecast to factor in the impact of a decline in both revenue and collection from customers. The Company will continue to receive support for at least the next twelve months from the date of issuance of these financial statements, if needed, from the Ultimate Parent Company. Based on above analysis and support from the Ultimate Parent Company, management has adequate financing lines to be able to maintain liquidity in order to repay its creditors in the foreseeable.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements are set out below:

# 2.1 Basis of preparation

#### 2.1.1 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

# UNITED BRANDS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# 2.1.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. There are no matters involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the unconsolidated financial statements.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates underlying the assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Information about the judgements made by the management in the application of the accounting policies, that have the most significant effect on the amount recognized in these unconsolidated financial statements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties with significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in future periods is described in note 2.20 -Expected Credit Losses (ECLs).

Management believes that the change in outcome of estimates would not have a material impact on the amounts disclosed in the unconsolidated financial statements.

There have been no critical judgements other than those disclosed by the Company's management in applying the accounting policies that would have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the unconsolidated financial statements.

## 2.1.3 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and pronouncements

#### Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are effective a)

There are certain amendments and interpretations to the accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting period which began on July 1, 2021. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial reporting.

#### Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective b)

There is a standard and certain other amendments to the accounting and reporting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2022. However, these are considered either not to be relevant or to have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and operations and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

#### 2.2 Overall valuation policy

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies below.

#### 2.3 **Property and equipment**

These are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (if any) except capital work-in-progress which is stated at cost.

Capital work-in-progress consists of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of tangible and intangible assets in the course of their construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant operating assets category as and when assets are available for use.

Depreciation is charged to income using the straight-line method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life at the rates stated in note 3.1 to the unconsolidated financial statements. Depreciation on acquisition is charged from the month of addition whereas no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal. Assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

The carrying values of operating assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalised and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

#### 2.4 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised if it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and that the cost of such asset can be measured reliably. These are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment, if any.

Computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of cost incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful life using the straight line method.

The carrying values of intangible assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to their recoverable amount.

#### Investment in subsidiary 2.5

Investments in subsidiary companies are initially recognised at cost. At subsequent reporting dates, the recoverable amounts are estimated to determine the extent of impairment losses, if any, and carrying amounts of investments are adjusted accordingly. Impairment losses are recognised as expense. Where impairment losses subsequently reverse, the carrying amounts of the investments are increased to the revised recoverable amounts but limited to the extent of initial cost of investments. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised in unconsolidated profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

#### **Inventories** 2.6

These are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Raw and packing material and finished goods of trading stock are valued using first-in first-out method. Cost of finished goods manufactured comprise of direct costs including toll manufacturing charges. Provision is recorded for expired goods.

Net realisable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Stock in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

#### 2.7 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing component when they are recognised at fair value. They are subsequently measured

at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance. Refer note 2.20 for a description of the Company's impairment policies.

#### Cash and cash equivalents 2.8

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the unconsolidated statement of financial position at cost. For the purposes of the unconsolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, balances with banks, cash and cheques held at branches.

#### 2.9 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and are recorded at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, if any.

## 2.10 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received whether billed to the Company or not.

## 2.11 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company;
- there is a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

## 2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

### 2.13 Income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The company measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value. depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

### i. Current

The charge for current taxation is based on the taxable income for the year, determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income using prevailing tax rates after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any.

### ii. Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences arising between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the unconsolidated financial statements. Deferred tax liability is generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on the tax rates enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation

authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

## 2.14 Employee benefits

## i. Defined contribution plan

The Company operates a recognised provident fund for its eligible and permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Company and the employees at the rate of 10% of basic salary. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

## ii. Leave encashment - compensated absences

The Company accounts for employees' leave encashment at the end of December each year on the basis of 15 days of unavailed leave balance of each employee. The liability recognised in this respect is based on one half of the employee's last drawn basic salary.

## 2.15 Revenue recognition

## Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when control of the products has been transferred, i.e. when the products are delivered to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the product. Revenue is recognised on dispatch of goods to customers i.e. when significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer.

Sales return are recognized as deduction from revenue on terms on arrangement with customer.

The Company offers discounts to customers as part of its normal course of business to encourage sales of the products. Discounts are recorded as a reduction of revenue of the Company.

No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with credit term of upto 60 days, which is consistent with the market practice.

## 2.16 Contract liability

A contract liability is the obligation of the Company to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Company performs as per the contract.

## 2.17 Borrowings and their cost

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction cost incurred and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use when the borrowing costs are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. Such borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

Borrowings payable within next twelve months are classified as current liabilities.

## 2.18 Foreign currency transactions and translation

The unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. The figures are rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees.

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pakistan Rupees at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies, if any, as at the reporting date are translated into Pakistan Rupees using the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses, if any, are included in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

#### 2.19 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to shareholders is accounted for in the period in which the dividend is approved.

## 2.20 Financial Instruments - Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

## Initial recognition

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. These are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost or cost as the case may be.

### Classification of financial assets

"The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"),
- at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"), or
- at amortised cost.

The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of instruments (other than equity instruments) is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

### Classification of financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories:

- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), or
- at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

## Subsequent measurement

## i) Financial assets at FVTOCI

Elected investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with gains or losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss).

## ii) Financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost, and in the case of financial assets, less any impairment.

## iii) Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Where management has opted to recognise a financial liability at FVTPL, any changes associated with the Company's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income / (loss). Currently, there are no financial liabilities designated at FVTPL.

## Impairment of financial asset

The Company recognises loss allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) on financial assets measured at amortised cost at an amount equal to life time ECLs except for the following, which are measured at 12 months ECLs;

- bank balances for whom credit risk (the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased since the inception.
- employee receivables.
- other short term receivables that have not demonstrated any increase in credit risk since inception.

Loss allowance for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to life time ECLs. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 36 months before June 30, 2022 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when it is more than 90 days past due.

Life time ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible defaults events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12 month ECLs are portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECLs are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

## Derecognition

## i) Financial assets

The Company derecognises financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Company has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, but is transferred to the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity.

## ii) Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

## 2.21 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated statement of financial position if the Company has a legal right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 2.22 Deferred income - Government grant

Government grants are transfers of resources to an entity by a government entity in return for compliance with certain past or future conditions related to the entity's operating activities - e.g. a government subsidy. The definition of "government" refers to governments, government agencies and similar bodies, whether local, national or international.

The Company recognizes government grants when there is reasonable assurance that grants will be received and the Company will be able to comply with conditions associated with grants.

Government grants are recognized at fair value, as deferred income, when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Company will be able to comply with the conditions associated with the grants.

Grants that compensate the Company for expenses incurred, are recognized on a systematic basis in the income for the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Grants that compensate for the cost of an asset are recognized in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related asset.

A loan is initially recognized and subsequently measured in accordance with IFRS 9. IFRS 9 requires loans at below-market rates to be initially measured at their fair value - e.g. the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at a market-related interest rate. The benefit that is the government grant is measured as the difference between the fair value of the loan on initial recognition and the amount received, which is accounted for according to the nature of the grant.

## 2.23 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) in respect of its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

## 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Operating assets - note 3.1

2022	2021
(Rupe	es '000)
6,522	9,133

## 3.1 Operating assets

	Leasehold Improvements	Machinery note 3.2	Furniture and Fittings	Office and other Equipments	Motor Vehicles	Total
Net carrying value basis Year ended June 30, 2022	<b>*</b>		— (Rupee	es '000) —		<b></b>
Opening net book value (NBV) Additions (at cost) Depreciation charge - note 3.3	:	6,695 - (1,540)	1,026 - (119)	1,412 114 (1,066)	:	9,133 114 (2,725)
Closing net book value (NBV)	-	5,155	907	460	-	6,522
Gross carrying value basis At June 30, 2022						
Cost Accumulated depreciation	1,698 (1,698)	8,492 (3,337)	2,294 (1,387)	13,865 (13,405)	2,842 (2,842)	29,191 (22,669)
Net book value (NBV)	-	5,155	907	460	-	6,522
Net carrying value basis Year ended June 30, 2021						
Opening net book amount Additions (at cost) Transfer from CWIP (at cost) Depreciation charge - note 3.3	- - -	- 43 8,449 (1,797)	339 776 - (89)	2,251 - - (839)	- - -	2,590 819 8,449 (2,725)
Closing net book value (NBV)		6,695	1,026	1,412		9,133
Gross carrying value basis At June 30, 2021						
Cost Accumulated depreciation	1,698 (1,698)	8,492 (1,797)	2,294 (1,268)	13,751 (12,339)	2,842 (2,842)	29,077 (19,944)
Net book value (NBV)		6,695	1,026	1,412		9,133
Annual rate of Depreciation %	10	20	10	20	20	

3.2 Machinery items represent moulds and cylinders having cost of Rs. 7.70 million and Rs. 0.75 million respectively, which are located at premises of Afeef Packages (Private) Limited and Fazleesons (Private) Limited respectively, as these are being used for manufacturing of the Company's products as disclosed in note 1.

		2022	2021	
3.3	Depreciation for the year has been allocated as follows:	(Rupees '000)		
	Cost of sales - manufactured goods - note 19.1 Marketing and distribution expenses - note 20 Administrative and general expenses - note 21	1,797 742 186 2,725	1797 742 186 2,725	
		2022	2021	
4.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	(Rupee	es '000)	
	Computer software - note 4.1	52	142	
4.1	Computer software			
	Net carrying value basis Opening net book value Amortisation charge	142 (90)	232 (90)	
	Net book value	52	142	
	Gross carrying value basis Cost Accumulated amortisation	452 (400)	452 (310)	
	Net book value	52	142	
	Useful life in years	5	5	
		2022	2021	
5.	INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY	(Rupee	es '000)	
	Subsidiary company (at cost) - note 5.1 2,500,000 (June 30, 2021: 2,500,000)	05.000	05.000	
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	25,000	25,000	

5.1 The above investment represents investment in IBL logistics (Pvt.) Limited (the subsidiary). The subsidiary was incorporated on 23 April 2018. The Company beneficially owns 100% of the share capital of the subsidiary.

The subsidiary was incorporated in Pakistan and its principal place of business is at 2nd Floor, One IBL Center, Block No. 7 & 8, Delhi Mercantile Muslim Cooperative Housing Society, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

The principal activities of the subsidiary comprises primarily of warehousing, transportation, supply chain management, logistics services, trading and distribution of goods.

2021

## 6. LONG TERM DEPOSITS

Long term deposits - note 6.1

2022		2021
(Rupe	es	'000)

**412** 412

**6.1** This represents rent deposit. These facilities are given to the employees in accordance with the terms of employment. These deposits do not carry any mark up arrangement.

		2022	2021	
7.	INVENTORIES	(Rupees '000)		
	Raw and packaging materials: - in hand - in transit	30,447	17,201 9,573	
	Finished goods - manufactured: - in hand - note 7.1	30,447 11,367	26,774 12,005	
	Trading goods: - in hand - note 7.1 - in transit	501,466 11,890 513,356	412,019 51,223 463,242	
	Total	555,170	502,021	

- 7.1 These include inventories amounting to Nil (2021: Rs. 0.83 million) held with third party.
- **7.2** As at june 30, 2022, stock of finished product has been written down by Rs. 24.99 million (2021 : Rs. 340.23 million) to arrive at its net realisable value of Nil (2021 : Nil).

		2022	2021	
8.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	(Rupees '000)		
	Trade receivables - note 8.1 Other receivables - note 8.2	259,740 87,421 347,161	243,029 111,674 354,703	
8.1	Trade receivables	<b>2022</b> (Rupees	2021	
	Unsecured - Considered good	(114)003 000)		
	- Due from related parties - note 8.1.1 - Others - note 8.1.2	1,148 258,592	13 243,016	
	Considered doubtful - others - note 8.1.2	65,278 325,018	<u>59,431</u> 302,460	
	Less: Loss allowance on doubtful receivables - note 8.1.3	(65,278)	(59,431)	
		259,740	243,029	

**8.1.1** As at June 30, 2022, age analysis of trade receivables from related parties is as follows:

Year ended June 30, 2022         The Searle Company Limited       568       13       -       -       -       568       568         United Retail (Private) Limited       526       -       -       -       -       -       35       40         International Brands (Private) Limited       19       27       -       -       -       19       19         IBL Healthcare Limited       19       27       -       -       -       19       19         Year ended June 30, 2021         The Searle Company Limited       13       13       -       -       -       13       1,708         13       13       -       -       -       13       1,708	Name of related party	Gross amount due	Past due amount	Provision for doubtful receivables	Reversal of provision for doubtful receivables	Amount due written off	Net amount due	Maximum amount outstanding at any time during the year
The Searle Company Limited 568 13 568 568 United Retail (Private) Limited 526 579 International Brands (Private) Limited 35 35 40 IBL Healthcare Limited 19 27 19 19 I,148 40 1,148 1,206  Year ended June 30, 2021 The Searle Company Limited 13 13 13 13 1,708	Year ended June 30, 2022	•			(Rupees '000)			-
United Retail (Private) Limited         526         579           International Brands (Private) Limited         35         -         -         -         -         -         35         40           IBL Healthcare Limited         19         27         -         -         -         -         19         19           Year ended June 30, 2021         The Searle Company Limited         13         13         -         -         -         -         13         1,708	·							
International Brands (Private) Limited 35 35 40  IBL Healthcare Limited 19 27 19 19  1,148 40 1,148 1,206  Year ended June 30, 2021  The Searle Company Limited 13 13 13 1,708	The Searle Company Limited	568	13	-	-	-	568	568
IBL Healthcare Limited     19     27     -     -     -     -     19     19       Year ended June 30, 2021       The Searle Company Limited     13     13     -     -     -     -     13     1,708	United Retail (Private) Limited	526					526	579
1,148         40         -         -         -         -         1,148         1,206           Year ended June 30, 2021           The Searle Company Limited         13         13         -         -         -         -         13         1,708	International Brands (Private) Limited	35	-	-	-	-	35	40
Year ended June 30, 2021           The Searle Company Limited         13         13         -         -         -         13         1,708	IBL Healthcare Limited	19	27	-	-	-	19	19
The Searle Company Limited 13 13 13 1,708		1,148	40	-	-	-	1,148	1,206
	Year ended June 30, 2021							
13 13 13 1,708	The Searle Company Limited	13	13	-	-	-	13	1,708
		13	13	-	-	-	13	1,708

**8.1.2** As at June 30, 2022, the age analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

		2022	2021
		(Rupe	es '000)
	Not yet due	165,606	158,015
	Past due Less than 30 days - 31 to 90 days - 91 to 360 days - More than 360 days	43,026 36,748 34,202 44,288 158,264 323,870	46,206 31,203 19,299 47,724 144,432 302,447
8.1.3	Balance at beginning of the year Recognition of expected credit losses charge during the year - net	59,431 5,847	54,099 5,332
	Balance at end of the year	65,278	59,431
8.2	Other receivables - unsecured considered good		
	Related party - note 8.2.1 & 8.2.3 Others - note 8.2.2	8,989 78,432 87,421	11,983 99,691 111,674

- 8.2.1 This represents amount receivable from IBL Healthcare Limited and IBL Logistics (Private) Limited amounting to Rs.7.81 million and Rs. 1.18 million respectively which pertains to claims raised in respect of discounts, samples, bonuses relating to sales of Canderel and salaries.
- **8.2.2** This represents receivable from principles in respect of stock claims, expenses and others.
- **8.2.3** As at June 30, 2022, age analysis of other receivables from related party is as follows:

	Name of related party	Gross amount due	Past due amount	Provision for doubtful receivables	Reversal of provision for doubtful receivables	Amount due written off	Net amount due	Maximum amount outstanding at any time during the year
	Year ended June 30, 2022	•			(Rupees '000)			-
	IBL Healthcare Limited	7,806	_	_	_	_	7,806	7,806
	IBL Logistics (Private) Limited	1,183					1,183	18,535
		8,989	-	-	-	-	8,989	26,341
	Year ended June 30, 2021							
	The Searle Company Limited	8044	8044	-	-	-	8044	8044
	IBL HealthCare Limited	3,939	-	-	-	-	3,939	3,939
		11,983	8,044	-	-	-	11,983	11,983
						20	)22	2021
9.	PREPAYMENTS AND ADVAN	ICES					(Rupees	'000)
	Prepayments - Unsecured Advances - note 9.1					4	085 ,427 512	43 15,483 15,526

1.000

3.043

184

200 4.427 4.451

3,590

329 6,648

> 158 307

15,483

### 9.1 Advances **Unsecured - Considered good**

- Advance to suppliers Advance against toll manufacturing - note 9.1.1
- Advance to employees Advance against letter of credit
- Advance against marketing
- Others note 9.1.2
- **9.1.1** This represents advance to Afeef Packages (Private) Limited against toll manufacturing of products.
- **9.1.2** The amount represents advances given to clearing agent Anwar Asghar Bros.
- **9.1.3** These advances do not carry any mark up arrangement.

#### 10. TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT - SALES TAX

This includes an amount of Rs. 70.64 million relating to sales tax paid in the prior period for which no input was claimed due to dispute with Collector of Customs. The Collector of Customs raised an issue in relation to payment of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on the import of goods made by Company during the month of June 2020. However, due to restriction placed on the "release of the said consignment" due to FED payment dispute, the sales tax paid could not be adjusted by the Company in that month. The Company had paid sales tax amounting to Rs. 42.43 million and Rs. 28.21 million in the months of June 2020 and June 2021 respectively for the above mentioned consignment. Since, the sales tax has been paid in relation to the taxable supplies to be made, the Company intends to claim the same. The Company has asked Customs Department to issue a letter to Federal Board of Revenue requesting it to allow claim of input sales tax in the subsequent sales tax periods for the aforementioned amount

On behalf of the above request by the Company, the Collectorate of Customs Appraisement (EAST) vide their letter No. "C.NO. SI/MISC/164/KAPE/AC-I/2022" has issued intimation to the Large Tax Payer Unit for recognition of sales tax amounting to Rs. 42.43 million and Rs. 28.21 million. On the basis of letter issued, the Company has filed an application to the Commissioner Inland Revenue, for issuance of refund of the above sales tax amount.

11.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	2022	2021	
	With Banks on	(Rupees '000)		
	- Current accounts:			
	- Conventional - Islamic	42,349 5,464	13,005 5,418	
	- Savings accounts:			
	- Islamic - note 11.1 Term deposit receipt - note 11.2	20,081 32,092 99,986	21,281 32,092 71,796	
	Cash and cheques in hand	6,827	19,615	
		106,813	91,411	

- 11.1 These are shariah compliant bank balances and carry profit at rates ranging from 0.08% to 2.90% (2021: 0.07% to 3.03%) per annum.
- 11.2 It represents guarantee deposits placed with Silkbank Limited in form of term deposit receipts carrying mark up at the rate 7.15% to 12.5% (2021: 6.75% to 7.15%) per annum.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL** 12.

## **Authorised Share Capital**

Number of Shares		_	2022	2021			
2022	2021		Rupee	s '000			
100,000,000	100,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,000,000	1,000,000			
Issued, Subscribe	Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital						
Number	of Shares						
2022	2021						
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid					
91,800,000	91,800,000	in cash	918,000	918,000			

12.1 As at June 30, 2022, International Brands (Private) Limited together with its nominees holds 88,200,462 (June 30,2021:88,200,462) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each.

		2022	2021
13.	. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS	(Rupe	es '000)
	Salary refinancing		
	Balance as at July 1	41,915	13,749
	Disbursements during the year	-	44,940
	Less:		
	- Deferred income - Governement grant - note 14	-	(4,516)
	- Repayments	(29,550)	(16,409)
	Unwinding of discount on salary refinancing - note 24	2,307	4,151
		14,672	41,915
	Less: Current maturity shown		
	under short-term borrowings	(14,672)	(29,344)
	Balance as at June 30	-	12,571

- 13.1 This represents salary refinancing in relation to the Company availing the State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) payroll finance facility as part of measures for countering economic hardships faced by the businesses during COVID-19 pandemic. The Company is paying a quarterly mark up at a discounted rate of 3% per anum, with eight equal quarterly installments started from January 2021.
- 13.2 The facilities are secured against all the present and future movable current assets including but not limited to stocks, raw materials, stock in transit cash etc., now or hereafter stored or located and / or elsewhere in Pakistan including goods in transit.

		2022	2021
		(Rupe	es '000)
14.	DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT		
	Balance as at July 1 Additions during the year - note 13 Deferred income recognised during the year - note 23	2,048 - (1,781) 267	4,516 (2,468) 2,048
	Less: current portion of deferred income	(267)	(1,781)
	Long term portion of deferred income as at the June 30	-	267

	2022	2021
	(Rupe	es '000)
TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Trade creditors	510.628	432,020
Payable to IBL Operations (Private) Limited - note 15.1	230,796	157,108
Accrued liabilities	58,380	61,141
Payable to IBL Healthcare Limited - note 15.2	41,134	36,432
Payable to International Brands		
(Private) Limited - note 15.3	31,595	18,194
Payable to IBL Logistics (Private) Limited	-	268
Payable to The Searle Company Limited	-	12,118
EOBI and SESSI payable	1,862	1,667
Payable to employees' provident fund - note 15.4	1,415	1,389
Withholding tax payable	849	125
Other liabilities	12,379	9,388
	889,038	729,850

- 15.1 This includes amount payable to IBL Operations (Private) Limited - associated company under agreement for sharing of expenses relating to sales and administrative infrastructure. It also includes Rs. 126.75 million as funds transferred to the Company to meet working capital requirements which do not carry mark-up and are repayable on demand.
- 15.2 This represents amount payable in respect of goods purchased from related party.
- 15.3 This represents amount payable on account of corporate service charges.

15.

15.4 All investments in collective investment schemes, listed equity and listed debt securities out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the conditions specified thereunder.

		2022	2021
16.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS	(Rupees '00	00)
	Finance against short term loans from Islamic banks	253,034	272,232

16.1 These represent short-term loans obtained under financing arrangement from Islamic banks. These are secured by way of hypothecation charge over inventories and receivables of the Company with 25% margin. These are maturing between August and November 2022.

The arrangements carry mark-up ranging from 0.15% to 2% above six months KIBOR (2021: 0.15% to 2.5% above six months KIBOR and 1.75% above three months KIBOR) with a maximum aggregate limit of Rs. 300 million (2021: Rs. 300 million).

2021

## 17. CONTINGENCY AND COMMITMENTS

## 17.1 Contingency

- 17.1.1 During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued a notice of demand under section 137(2) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance) dated January 31, 2020 for recovery of tax amounting to Rs. 94.66 million created pursuant to Order dated January 31, 2020 passed under section 122(1) for tax year 2018. The Company has filed a Constitutional Petition No. D-1421 of 2020 before the Honorable High Court of Sindh. The Honorable High Court of Sindh has restrained the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue from enforcing the impugned income tax demand till the decision of Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals-II). The appeal was heard on December 16, 2021 and is now reserved for order. The management based on the opinion of its tax advisor is confident that the outcome will be in favour of the Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 17.1.2 During the year, the Assistant / Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued an order dated December 30, 2021 for recovery of witholding tax along with default surcharge amounting to Rs. 156.55 million under section 161 (1) on account of short deduction of tax at the time of making certain payments for the tax year 2018. During the year, the Company has filed an appeal against the aforesaid order before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIRA). The Appeal is currently pending to be heard before CIRA. However, the management based on the opinion of its tax advisor is confident that the outcome will be in favour of the Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 17.1.3 During the year, the Assistant / Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued an order dated March 30, 2022 for recovery of witholding tax along with default surcharge amounting to Rs. 200.04 million under section 161(1) on account of short deduction of tax at the time of making certain payments for the tax year 2019. During the year, the Company has filed an appeal against the aforesaid order before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIRA). The Appeal is currently pending to be heard before CIRA. However, the management based on the opinion of its tax advisor is confident that the outcome will be in favour of the Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

## 17.2 Commitments

The facilities for opening letter of credit and guarantees as at June 30, 2022 amounted to Rs. 200 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 450 million) and Rs. 132.09 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 132.09 million) respectively. The amount remaining unutilised at the year end for letter of credit and guarantees was Rs. 200 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 443.15 million) and Nil (June 30, 2021: Nil) respectively.

The facilities are secured by way of pari passu charge against hypothecation of the Company's current assets. The Parent Company has pledged 421,000 shares of The Searle Company Limited against letter of guarantees.

## 18. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Local Sales

- Manufactured goods
- Trading Stock

Less:

- Trade discount
- Sales returns
- Sales tax

2022	2021
(Rupe	es '000)
31,570	40,377
2,952,566	3,151,529
2,984,136	3,191,906
76,830	98,726
141,519	103,772
405,697	435,742
(624,046)	(638,240)
2,360,090	2,553,666

18.1 The revenue from Imtiaz Super Market amounts to Rs. 285.27 million (2021: Rs. 294.14 million) which constitutes 11.17% (2021: 11.09%) of the total revenue from contracts with customers.

	2022	2021
19. COST OF SALES	(Rupe	es '000)
Cost of sales - manufactured goods - note 19.1 Cost of sales - trading stock - note 19.2	17,152 1,999,252 2,016,404	19,386 2,163,049 2,182,435
19.1 Cost of sales - manufactured goods		
Raw and packaging material consumed Toll manufacturing charges Depreciation Repair & maintenance	13,125 1,546 1,797 46 16,514	27,544 2,021 1,797 29 31,391
Add: Opening inventory of finished goods Less: Closing inventory of finished goods Cost of sales - manufactured goods	12,005 (11,367) 17,152	(12,005) 19,386
19.2 Cost of sales - trading stock		
Opening stock Purchases	463,242 2,049,366 2,512,608	703,888 
Closing stock Cost of sales - trading stock	(513,356) 1,999,252	(463,242) 2,163,049
	2022	2021
20. MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	(Rupe	es '000)
Salaries, wages and allowances - note 20.1 Vehicle running and repair & maintenance Advertising and sales promotion Freight and cartage Rent, rates and taxes Travelling and conveyance Insurance and security expenses Utilities Communication and entertainment Printing and stationery Depreciation Others	130,523 46,828 45,351 26,024 22,076 4,877 3,292 3,065 2,549 2,503 742 33	88,855 43,389 38,417 21,664 58,148 3,272 10,786 7,736 2,429 1,300 742 67
	287,863	276,805

20.1 Salaries, wages and allowances include Rs. 2.27 million (2021: Rs. 3.11 million) in respect of contributory provident fund.

		2022	2020
21.	ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES	(Rupe	ees '000)
	Salaries, wages and allowances - note 21.1 Corporate service charges - note 21.2 Auditors' remuneration - note 21.3 Legal and professional charges Travelling and conveyance Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and repair & maintenance Fee and subscription Insurance and security expenses Depreciation Printing and stationery Communication and entertainment Utilities Amortisation Others	32,201 12,000 4,200 2,761 2,401 2,310 2,122 364 250 186 178 153 144 90	25,339 12,000 2,850 2,380 2,059 2,969 2,213 462 273 186 299 142 164 90 1,123 52,549
	Others	59,360	

- **21.1** Salaries, wages and allowances include Rs. 0.31 million (2021: Rs. 0.85 million) in respect of contributory provident fund.
- **21.2** This represents reimbursement of information technology charges to International Brands (Private) Limited (Holding Company) at Rs. 1 million (2021: Rs.1 million) per month.

		2022	2020
21.3	Auditors' remuneration	(Rupe	es '000)
	Annual audit fee	1,100	1,100
	Fee for review of half yearly financial information, Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance, other certifications and others Taxation services Out-of-pocket expenses	850 1,800 450 4,200	750 600 400 2,850
22.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	<b>2022</b> (Rupe	2020 es '000)
	Provision for expired and damaged stock - note 22.1	12,025	45,015

22.1 This mainly includes provisions for damaged and expired items of business lines Johnson & Johnson (J&J) amounting to Rs. 1.78 million (2021: Rs. 39.96 million) and Kellogg's amounting to Rs. 5.53 million (2021 Rs. 0.53 million).

# Income from financial assets

**OTHER INCOME** 

23.

Profit on savings accounts - Islamic 26
Profit on Term Deposit Receipt 1,878 196

(Rupees '000)

	2022	2021
Income from non-financial assets	(Rupe	es '000)
Scrap sales - note 23.1 Deferred income recognised on government grant	9,168 1,781	31,091 2,468
Severance payment Group relief	-	8,700 8,044
Exchange gain - net	-	46,876
	12,853	97,536

23.1 This includes scrap sales in relation to damaged items of Johnson & Johnson (J&J) and Unilever business line amounting to Rs. 8.52 million and Rs. 0.64 million respectively. This sale represents the portion of total stock which could not be sold to other distributor under inventory transfer agreement.

24.

**FINANCE COSTS** 

Bank charges

Mark up on short term loans - note 24.1

Unwinding of discount on salary refinancing

	Exchange loss - net  Mark up on running finance arrangements			2,307 1,546	4,151 - 1,477
				36,803	45,605
24.1	It includes mark-up expense of shariah comp (2021: Rs 0.84 million) and short term borrowing				Rs. 0.09 million
				2022	2021
				(Rupee	es '000)
25.	INCOME TAX EXPENSE				
	- for current year - for prior year			19,216 1,050 20,266	39,731 3 39,734
		2022	2021	2022	2021
25.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting (loss) / profit	Effective t	ax rate %	(Rupee	es '000)
	Accounting (loss) / profit before income tax			(45,359)	43,461
	Tax at the enacted tax rate	29.00	29.00	(13,154)	12,604
	Effect of:				
	- Minimum tax on imports	(183.48)	24.53	83,225	10,659
	- Minimum tax under section 113	(86.36)	56.45	39,171	24,535
	- Prior year impact	(2.31)	0.01	1,050	3
	- Others	198.47	(18.56)	(90,026)	(8,067)
	Income tax expense for the year			20,266	39,734
25.2	Deferred tax asset is not recognised because	it is not probable	e that taxable pro	fit will be availabl	e against which

25.2 Deferred tax asset is not recognised because it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised.

2022

28,721

4,229

2 307

(Rupees '000)

2021

36,405

3,572

1 151

		2022	2021
26.	BASIC AND DILUTED (LOSS) / EARNINGS PER SHARE	(Rupee	es '000)
	(Loss) / profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders	(65,625)	3,727
		(Number	of shares)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
	outstanding during the year - note 12	91,800,000	91,800,000
		(Rup	oees)
	Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per share	(0.71)	0.04
26.1	A diluted earnings per share has not been presented as the Company does not lin issue as at June 30, 2022 and 2021 which would have any effect on the loss per exercised.		
		(Rupee	es '000)
27.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		
	(Loss) / profit before income tax	(45,359)	43,461
	Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items		
	Depreciation Deferred income - Government grant Interest income Amortisation Recognition of loss allowance	2,725 (1,781) (1,878) 90	2,725 (2,468) (196) 90
	on trade receivables Mark-up on running finance arrangements Provision for expired and damaged stock Mark-up on short term loans Unwinding of discount on salary refinancing	5,847 - 12,025 28,721 2,307 48,056 2,697	5,332 1,477 45,015 36,405 4,151 92,531 135,992
	Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes (Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
	Inventories Trade and other receivables Prepayments and advances Tax refunds due from government - sales tax Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	(65,174) 1,695 10,014 (5,617) (59,082) 159,188	162,214 299,189 100,614 (39,870) 522,147 (58,960)
	Cash generated from operations	102,803	599,179

#### **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 28.

Cash and bank balances excluding term deposit receipt - note 11

## 2022 2021 (Rupees '000) 74,721 59,319

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES 29.

**29.1** All the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company are classified at amortised cost.

	2022							
	Interest	:/mark-up	bearing	Non-intere	Non-interest / mark-up bearing			
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total		
FINANCIAL ASSETS	•			Rupees '000			<b></b>	
Accrued interest	363	-	363	-	-	-	363	
Long term deposits	-	-	-	-	412	412	412	
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	347,161	-	347,161	347,161	
Cash and bank balances	52,173	-	52,173	54,640	-	54,640	106,813	
June 30, 2022	52,536	-	52,536	401,801	412	402,213	454,749	
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES								
Accrued mark-up	10,398	-	10,398	-	-	-	10,398	
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	827,947	-	827,947	827,947	
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	-	353	-	353	353	
Long-term borrowings	14,672	-	14,672	-	-	-	14,672	
Short-term borrowings	253,034	-	253,034	-	-	-	253,034	
June 30, 2022	278,104	-	278,104	828,300	-	828,300	1,106,404	
ON REPORTING DATE GAP								
June 30, 2022	(225,568)	-	(225,568)	(426,499)	412	(426,087)	(651,655)	

	2021						
	Interest	/ mark-up	bearing	Non-intere	est / mark-ເ	ıp bearing	Total
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	
	◄			Rupees '000			<b></b>
FINANCIAL ASSETS							
Accrued interest	196	-	196	-	-	-	196
Long term deposits	-	-	-	-	412	412	412
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	354,703	-	354,703	354,703
Cash and bank balances	53,373	-	53,373	38,038	-	38,038	91,411
June 30, 2021	53,569	-	53,569	392,741	412	393,153	446,722
	-	-	-				
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES							
Accrued mark-up	2,850	-	2,850	-	-	-	2,850
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	666,917	-	666,917	666,917
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	-	353	-	353	353
Long-term borrowings	29,344	12,571	41,915	-	-	-	41,915
Short-term borrowings	272,232	-	272,232	-	-	-	272,232
June 30, 2021	304,426	12,571	316,997	667,270	-	667,270	984,267
ON REPORTING DATE GAP							
June 30, 2021	(250,857)	(12,571)	(263,428)	(274,529)	412	(274,117)	(537,545)
OFF OTATEMENT OF THE O	IAL DOCUME	N ITEMS					
OFF STATEMENT OF FINANC Letters of credit / guarantees	IAL PUSITIO	NIIEMS					
June 30, 2022							332,090
June 30, 2021							443,150

## 29.2 Financial Risk Management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk

### Risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors ("the Board") has overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's exposure to financial risks, the way these risks affect the financial position and performance, and forecast transactions of the Company and the manner in which such risks are managed is as follows:

### 29.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to the financial instrument fails to perform as contracted. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk as the exposure is spread over a number of counter parties. To manage exposure to credit risk, the Company applies credit limits to its customers.

### 29.3.1 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

### Financial assets at amortised cost

Long term deposits - note 6 Trade and other receivables - note 8 Accrued interest Bank balances - note 11

2022	2021
(Rupe	es '000)
412 347,161 363 99,986	412 354,703 196 71,796
447,922	427,107

## 29.3.2 Credit quality and impairment

Credit quality of financial assets is assessed by reference to external credit ratings, where available, or to historical information about counterparty default rates. All counterparties, with the exception of customers, employees, regulatory authorities and utility companies have external credit ratings determined by various credit rating agencies. Credit quality of customers is assessed by reference to historical defaults rates.

## a) Counterparties with external credit ratings

These include banking companies and financial institutions, which are counterparties to bank balances, margin against bank guarantees, margins against letter of credit and accrued return on deposits. Credit risk is considered minimal as these counterparties have reasonably high credit ratings as determined by various credit rating agencies.

Due to long standing business relationships with these counterparties and considering their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Company. Following are the credit ratings of counterparties with external credit ratings:

### **Bank balances**

		Rating		2022	2021
	Short term	Long-term	Agency	Rupees	in '000
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	37,472	32,432
Silkbank Limited	A2	A-	JCR-VIS	22,284	1,962
Al Baraka Bank Pakistan Limited	A1	Α	JCR-VIS	3,307	253
Habib Metropolitan Bank	A1+	AA+	PCRA	1,816	891
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	1,467	1,506
Meezan Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	898	842
Bank AL Habib Limited	A1+	AAA	PCRA	650	1,818
				67,894	39,704

## b) Counterparties without external credit ratings

These mainly include customers which are counter parties to local trade debts against sale of goods. As explained in note 2.20, the Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

Management uses an allowance matrix to base the calculation of ECL of trade receivables from individual customers, which comprise a very large number of small balances. Loss rates are calculated using a 'role rate' method based on the probability of receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency to write-off. The Company has used three years monthly data in the calculation of historical loss rates along with the matching monthly ageing brackets for the computation of roll rates. The analysis of ages of trade debts and loss allowance using the aforementioned approach as at 30 June 2022 was determined as follows:

0000

	2022				2021	
•	Expected	Gross	Loss	Expected	Gross	Loss
	loss rates %	Carrying amount	Allowance	loss rates %	Carrying amount	Allowance
		Rupees	s in '000		Rupees	in '000
Not past due	2.25%	165,606	3,725	1.30%	158,015	2,056
Past due						
1 - 30 days	6.08%	43,026	2,614	2.90%	46,206	1,338
31 - 90 days	8.76%	36,748	3,220	6.22%	31,203	1,941
91 - 360 days	33.42%	34,202	11,431	33.02%	19,299	6,372
More than 360 days	100.00%	44,288	44,288	100.00%	47,724	47,724
		323,870	65,278		302,447	59,431

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## 29.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The management closely monitors the Company's liquidity and cash flow position. The Company's approach to manage liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient level of liquidity based on expected cash flow by holding highly liquid assets, creditor concentration and maintaining sufficient reserve financing facilities.

## 29.4.1 Exposure to liquidity risk

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

	2022					
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to five years	More than five years
			Rupees	in '000		
Financial liabilities						
Long-term borrowings	14,672	(14,761)	(14,761)			-
Trade and other payables	827,947	(827,947)	-	(827,947)	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	353	(353)	-	(353)	-	-
Accrued mark-up	10,398	(10,398)	-	(10,398)	-	-
Short-term borrowings	253,034	(260,481)		(260,481)		
	1,106,404	(1,113,940)	(14,761)	(1,099,179)		
			202	21		
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to five years	More than five years
			Rupees	in '000		
Financial liabilities						
Long-term borrowings	41,915	(44,841)	(15, 173)	(14,941)	(14,727)	-
Trade and other payables	666,917	(666,917)	-	(666,917)	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	353	(353)	-	(353)	-	-
Accrued mark-up	2,850	(2,850)	-	(2,850)	-	-
Short-term borrowings	272,232	(272,232)		(272,232)		
	984,267	(987,193)	(15, 173)	(957,293)	(14,727)	-

### 29.5 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing return.

### a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. As at June 30, 2022, the Company is not materially exposed to interest rate risk.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company had variable interest bearing financial liabilities of Rs. 267.71 million (2021:Rs.314.15 million) and had the interest rate varied by 200 basis points with all the other variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year would have been approximately Rs. 5.35 million (2021: Rs. 6.28 million) lower / higher.

## b) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of the financial instruments, will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to foreign currency transactions. The Company is not exposed to any of the currency risk since all of its transactions are denominated in Pakistan Rupees.

#### CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT 30.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide adequate returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital.

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintain an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimise risk.

The debt to capital ratios at June 30, 2022 and at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
	(Rupe	es '000)
Total borrowings		
	267,706	314,147
Cash and bank - note 11	(106,813)	(91,411)
	(100,010,	(- , , ,
Net debt	160,893	222,736
	,	,
Equity	(10,564)	55,061
	(10,001)	33,33.
Total capital	150,329	277,797
Debt to capital ratio	1.07	0.80

#### 31. REMUNERATION TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	CHIEF EXECUTIVE		DIRECTORS		EXECUTIVES	
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	•		Rupees	000 ———		<b></b>
Managerial remuneration	-	-	-	-	8,219	8,706
Allowances	-	-	-	-	4,110	4,353
Bonus	-	-	-	-	1,370	1,451
Company's contribution to provident fund	-	-	_	-	547	871
Leave encashment	-	-		-	342	363
Medical expenses	-	-	-	-	685	726
	-	-	-	_	15,273	16,470
Number of persons	1	1	6	6	5	5

- 31.1 The Executives are entitled for medical facility to the extent of reimbursement of actual expenditure and other benefits in accordance with their terms of employment.
- **31.2** In addition to the above, fee paid to directors for attending Board of Directors meetings during the year amounted to Rs. 0.11 million (2021: Rs. 0.38 million).
- **31.3** Salary of Chief Executive and Directors is borne by another group company.

#### SEGMENT INFORMATION 32.

Based on internal reporting structure for the year, no reportable segments were identified that were of accounting significance for decision making.

#### 33. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The related parties comprise of associated undertakings, directors of the Company and key management personnel. The Company continues to have a policy whereby transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms, approved policy and at rate agreed under a contract / arrangement / agreement. Remuneration of key management personnel are in accordance with their terms of contractual engagements.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company. The Company considers its Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Non-Executive Directors to be its key management personnel. There are no transactions with key management personnel other than their terms of employment / entitlement.

**33.1** The following transactions were carried out with related parties during the year:

Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	2022	2021
		(Rupe	es '000)
Parent Company Subsidiary Company  - Associated companies -	Corporate service charges Purchase of goods Sale of goods Services obtained Purchase of goods Allocation of expenses - note 33.2	12,000 2,420 197 27,228 63,602 98,496	12,000 4,362 - 14,755 97,287 53,363
- - Employees' Provident Fund -	Funds received for working capital - note 15.1 Group relief Sale of goods Contributions paid	126,748 - 1,772 2,579	107,200 8,044 2,134 3,962

- 33.2 The Company has an agreement with IBL Operations (Private) Limited associated company, regarding sharing of expenses relating to sales and administrative infrastructure.
- 33.3 The status of outstanding balances with related parties as at June 30, 2022 is included in the respective notes to the unconsolidated financial statements. These are settled in the ordinary course of business.
- 33.4 Following are the related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement / agreement in place.

S.No.	Company	Basis of relationship	Aggregate % of shareholding
1.	International Brands (Private) Limited	Parent	96.08%
2.	IBL Logistics (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	100.00%
3.	IBL Operations (Private) Limited	Common Directorship	N/A
4.	The Searle Company Limited	Common Directorship	N/A
5.	IBL Healthcare Limited	Common Directorship	N/A
6.	United Brands Limited - Staff Provident Fund	Retirement Fund	-
7.	Hasan Tariq Khan	Independent Director	N/A
8.	Tayyaba Rasheed	Independent Director	N/A
9.	Munis Abdullah	Director	N/A
10.	Syed Nadeem Ahmed	Chief Executive	N/A
11.	Zubair Razzak Palwala	Director	N/A
12.	Syed Qaisar Abbas	Director	N/A
13.	Rizwan Ahmad	Director	N/A

#### 34. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total number of employees and average number of employees at year end and during the year respectively are as follows:

- Permanent 225 191 - Contractual

Average number of employees during the year

- Permanent

- Contractual

207	251
8	4

2022

2021

#### **BUSINESS UNITS - GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATIONS AND ADDRESSES** 35.

OFFICES	ADDRESSES
	VIIIDEGGEG

Bahawalpur Plot No. 73-74/A, Small Industrial Area Estate, Multan Road, Near NBP. Bahawalpur.

Bannu Back Side Bannu University IT Campus Fatima Khel Road. IBL Bannu

Buner Shall Bandle Bypass Road, Sooray Baba swarhi City. IBL Buner

House No. 64-65, Block No. 16, Al-Mansoor Lodge, Ex PTCL Revenue Office. Dera Gazi Khan

IBL Dera Ghazi Khan.

Faisalabad Plot No. 387,388, Amin Town, Askari Road Near Educators School, West Canal Road.

IBL Faisalabad.

Gujranwala 8 KM G.T Road, G Mangolia Housing Society. IBL Gujranwala.

Gujrat Near Railway Crossing Shadiwal Road. IBL Gujrat.

Plot # A-10-H, Near Bolevard Mall, SITE Area. IBL Hyderabad Hyderabad Islamabad Plot No. 65 & 66, Street 13, V9-2, Industrial Area. IBL Islamabad. Jhana Opposite Chungi No. 14 Faisalabad Road Jhang Sadar. IBL Jhang.

Karachi Plot # L-16 A, Block-22, FB Industrial Area. IBL Karachi

Habit Factory and Warehouse Plot # 548, SITE Industrial Area Karachi. Karachi

Korangi Plot # 56, Sector 7, Sharifabad Near Leather Market, Korangi industrial area Karachi.

Lahore 131/3, Quaid-e-Azam Industrial Estate Gate - 4, Near Fine Chowk, Kot Lakhpat, IBL Lahore

Larkana Latif Colony, Main Road Rehmatpur. IBL Larkana.

Mardan Ittifag Colony Near Custom Office Koragh Chowk. IBL Mardan.

Multan Plot No.590, 591 Jahangir Abad NLC Chowk Main G.T Road. IBL Multan.

New Challi Moon Plaza, Warehouse # 4, Near Burhani Hospital.

Nowshera The Mall Opposite Daewoo Terminal Nowshera Cantt. IBL Nowshera Peshawar Jhagra Stop, Near Jhagra Gattering Hall, G.T. Road. IBL Peshawar.

SALES OFFICES	ADDRESSES
Lahore	131/3, Quaid-e-Azam Industrial Estate Gate - 4, Near Fine Chowk, Kot Lakhpat. IBL Lahore
Larkana	Latif Colony, Main Road Rehmatpur. IBL Larkana.
Mardan	Ittifaq Colony Near Custom Office Koragh Chowk. IBL Mardan.
Multan	Plot No.590, 591 Jahangir Abad NLC Chowk Main G.T Road. IBL Multan.
New Challi	Moon Plaza, Warehouse # 4, Near Burhani Hospital.
Nowshera	The Mall Opposite Daewoo Terminal Nowshera Cantt. IBL Nowshera
Peshawar	Jhagra Stop, Near Jhagra Gattering Hall, G.T. Road. IBL Peshawar.
Quetta	Plot # 869 Killi Gul Muhammad, Muslimabad, Opposite TCS Office, Adjacent Taqwa Masjid,
	Off: Airpport Road. IBL Quetta.
Sahiwal	Khalid Plaza, Near PSO Pump, Baba Farid Park, Arifwala Road. IBL Sahiwal
Sargodha	Hosue No. 42, Officer Colony, Behind Commerce College, Faisalabad Road. IBL Sargodha.
Sawabi	Plot No 107 Faquir Elahi Chowk Near Fauji Foundation, Topi Road. IBL Swabi
Shaikhupura	B - II-11S-18, Street No. 1, Khalid Road, Muslim Gunj. IBL Sheikhupura
Sialkot	Plot No. 656,657 Barkat Town Near Moltex Factory Off Kasmir Road. IBL Sialkot.
Sukkur	Plot No. A - 3, Golimar Area, Near Khabrain Newspaper Press. IBL Sukkur.
Wah Cantt	Street No.1, Green Town Ghatiya Road Wah Garden. IBL Wah Cantt.

DISTRIBUTION
WAREHOUSES

## **ADDRESSES**

National Plot # 56, Sector 7, Sharifabad Near Leather Market, Korangi industrial area Karachi. Warehouse

## 36. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These unconsolidated financial statements were approved by the board of directors of the Company and authorised for issue on 28 September 2022 .

Syed Na Jeem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Rizwan Ahmad Director Shariq Ahmed Chief Financial Officer

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the members of United Brands Limited

### Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of United Brands Limited (the Holding Company) and its subsidiary (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



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# A-F-FERGUSON&CO.

Following is the Key Audit Matter:

S. No.

**Key Audit Matter** 

## How the matter was addressed in our audit

#### i) Revenue recognition

## (Refer note 2.15 and 17 to the annexed financial statements)

The Group recognises revenue when control of the underlying products has been transferred to the customers. We considered revenue as a key audit matter due to revenue being one of the key performance indicators of the Group. In addition, revenue was also considered as an area of significant audit risk as part of the audit process.

Our audit procedures in respect of recognition of revenue, amongst others, included the following:

- understood and evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of control over revenue;
- assessed the appropriateness of the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies by comparing with applicable accounting standards;
- performed verification on revenue transactions, sales return and discounts on sample basis;
- performed revenue analysis including month on month analysis, year on year analysis, business line wise analysis, etc. and inquired unusual fluctuations, if any:
- performed cut-off procedures on sample basis to ensure sales have been recorded in the correct period; and
- reviewed the adequacy of the disclosures made by the Group in this area with regard to applicable accounting and reporting standards.

## Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated and unconsolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.







## Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.





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Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Syed Muhammad Hasnain.

A. F. Ferguson & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Karachi

Date: October 06, 2022

UDIN: AR202210073rBFM0TDqR

# UNITED BRANDS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 2021 (Rupees in '000')	
ASSETS Non-current assetsASSETS Property and equipment Intangible assets	3 4	12,300 68	14,736 452
Long-term deposits	5	3,212 15,580	2,532
Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Prepayments , deposits and advances Taxation - payments less provision Tax refunds due from Government - sales tax Accrued interest Cash and bank balances	6 7 8 9	665,626 613,829 58,848 38,757 58,750 363 149,685 1,585,858	620,883 549,632 22,963 31,843 74,976 196 133,800 1,434,293
Total assets		1,601,438	1,452,013
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Accumulated losses	11	918,000 (787,414) 130,586	918,000 (809,170) ————————————————————————————————————
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings Deferred income - Government grant	12 13		12,571 267 12,838
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Short-term borrowings Current portion of deferred income - Government grant Current portion of long-term borrowings Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend	14 15 13 12	1,192,128 253,034 267 14,672 10,398 353 1,470,852	987,821 307,621 1,781 29,344 3,425 353 1,330,345
Total liabilities Contingency and commitments	16	1,470,852	1,343,183
Total equity and liabilities		1,601,438	1,452,013

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Naleem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer Rizwan Ahmad Director Shariq Ahmed
Chief Financial Officer

## **UNITED BRANDS LIMITED**

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TOTT THE TEAT ENDED COME SO, 2022	Note	2022	2021	
		(Rupees in '000')		
Revenue from contracts with customers	17	3,265,824	3,283,188	
Cost of sales and services	18	(2,729,364)	(2,756,931)	
Gross profit		536,460	526,257	
Marketing and distribution expenses	19	(310,400)	(297,254)	
Administrative and general expenses	20	(86,929)	(93,145)	
Recognition of loss allowance on trade receivables	7.1.3	(6,969)	(5,872)	
Other operating expenses	21	(25,894)	(52,319)	
Profit from operations		106,268	77,667	
Other income	22	15,006	98,850	
Finance costs	23	(42,212)	(47,121)	
Profit before income tax		79,062	129,396	
Income tax expense	24	(57,306)	(67,556)	
Profit for the year		21,756	61,840	
Other comprehensive income		-	-	
Total comprehensive income		21,756	61,840	
Basic and diluted earnings per share			(Rupees)	
	25	0.24	0.67	

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Na Jeem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Director

Shariq Ahmed Chief Financial Officer

# UNITED BRANDS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2022 (Rupees in	2021
Cash generated from operations (Increase) / decrease in long-term deposits Income taxes paid Finance costs paid	26	187,618 (680) (64,220) (22,547)	616,982 692 (65,434) (42,411)
Net cash generated from operating activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		100,171	509,829
Purchase of property and equipment Interest income received Placement in term deposit receipt Net cash used in investing activities		(1,860) 1,711 - (149)	(3,619) - (32,092) (35,711)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from long term financing Repayment of long term financing Repayment of short term financing - net Net cash used in financing activities		(29,550) (54,587) (84,137)	44,940 (16,409) (428,624) (400,093)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		15,885	74,025
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		101,708	27,683
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	27	117,593	101,708

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Na Jeem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Rizwan Ahmad Director Shariq Ahmed Chief Financial Officer

## **UNITED BRANDS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance as at July 01, 2020
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2021
Balance as at July 01, 2021
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year
Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2022
Balance as at June 30, 2022

Rese		
Capital	Revenue	
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	Accumulated loss	Total Equity
<del></del>	- (Rupees 000) -	<b></b>
918,000	(871,010)	46,990
-	61,840	61,840
-	61,840	61,840
918,000	(809,170)	108,830
-	21,756	21,756
-	21,756	21,756
918,000	(787,414)	130,586

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Na Jeem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Rizwan Ahmad Director

Shariq Ahmed Chief Financial Officer

#### 1. CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1.1 The Group consists of:

## Holding Company - United Brands Limited (the Holding Company)

The Company was incorporated in Pakistan on March 13, 1965 as Batlay Match Industries Limited under the repealed Companies Act, 1913. The Holding Company was renamed as UDL Industries Limited on March 16, 1987 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017). The Holding Company was again renamed as United Brands Limited, a public limited Company on April 5, 2006 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the Holding Company are quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The Holding Company is a subsidiary of International Brands (Private) Limited, which is also the Holding Company's Ultimate Parent.

The principal activities of the Holding Company are trading and distribution of consumer goods and allied products. The Holding Company also manufactures safety razors through toll manufacturing.

The geographical locations and addresses of the Holding Company's business units are as under:

- Registered office of the Holding Company is situated at 2nd Floor, One IBL Center, Block No. 7 & 8, Delhi Mercantile Muslim Cooperative Housing Society, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi: and
- The Company has various sale offices and distribution warehouses. Detailed list is provided in note 34.

Subsidiary companies are companies in which the Holding Company owns over 50% of voting rights or companies directly or indirectly controlled by the Holding Company. As at June 30, 2022, the Company owns 100% ordinary shares of IBL Logistics (Private) Limited (IBLPL).

## **Subsidiary Company - IBL Logistics (Private) Limited (IBLPL)**

IBLPL is a private limited company incorporated and registered under the Companies Act, 2017 on April 23, 2018.

The principal activities of the subsidiary Company comprises primarily of transportation and warehousing, trading and distribution of goods and assembling of electrical goods.

The geographical locations and addresses of the subsidiary's business units are as under:

- The registered office of the IBLPL is situated at 2nd Floor, One IBL Center, Block No. 7 & 8, Delhi Mercantile Muslim Cooperative Housing Society, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi;
- The Company has a warehouse situated at Plot No. C-126, Sector 6-F, Mehran Town, Korangi, Karachi;
- Pepsi North East Warehouse, Dera Gujran Near Quaid-e-Azam Interchange;
- IBL Pepsi Warehouse RB 241 Dhudhanwala Ghaziabad Near Machli Form Stop Lower Canal Road, Jarranwala Road. Faisalabad: and
- Ferozpur Road, Opposite Pak Arab Society, Near Medix Hospital, Lahore.
- 1.2 Management prepared these consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, which assumes the realisation of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As at June 30, 2022, the Group had net surplus of Rs. 130.59 million (2021: Rs. 108.83 million), net current asset position of Rs. 115.01 million (2021: Rs. 103.95 million) and operating cashflows of Rs. 100.17 million (2021: Rs. 509.83 million). For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Group has incurred a profit of Rs. 21.76 million (2021: Rs. 61.84 million).

The Group has been closely monitoring the cash flows and forecasts on a monthly basis. Management performed analysis over their cash flow forecast to factor in the impact of a decline in both revenue and collection from customers. The Group will continue to receive support for at least the next twelve months from the date of issuance of these financial statements, if needed, from the Ultimate Parent Company. Based on above analysis and support from the Ultimate Parent Company, management has adequate financing lines to be able to maintain liquidity in order to repay its creditors in the foreseeable future.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

#### **Basis of preparation** 2.1

## 2.1.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

## 2.1.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting and reporting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. There are no matters involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates underlying the assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Information about the judgements made by the management in the application of the accounting policies, that have the most significant effect on the amount recognized in these consolidated financial statements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties with significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in future periods is described in note 2.20 - Expected Credit Losses (ECLs).

Management believes that the change in outcome of estimates would not have a material impact on the amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

There have been no critical judgements other than those disclosed by the Group's management in applying the accounting policies that would have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

## 2.1.3 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and pronouncements

## a) Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are effective

There are certain amendments and interpretations to the accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Group's annual accounting period which began on July 01, 2021. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Group's financial reporting.

## b) Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

There is a standard and certain other amendments to the accounting and reporting standards that will be mandatory for the Group's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2022. However, these are considered either not to be relevant or to have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements and operations and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these consolidated financial statements.

## 2.2 Overall valuation policy

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies below.

#### 2.3 Basis of consolidation

## i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than 50% of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Further, the Group also considers whether:

- it has power to direct the relevant activities of the subsidiaries;
- is exposed to variable returns from the subsidiaries; and
- decision making power allows the Group to affects its variable returns from the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are derecognised from the date the control ceases. These consolidated financial statements include United Brands Limited (the Holding Company) and IBL Logistics (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company).

The consolidated financial statements of the subsidiaries have been consolidated on a line by line basis. Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses (unrealised) are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are consistent with the policies adopted by the Group.

Where the ownership of a subsidiary is less than hundred percent and therefore, a non controlling interest (NCI) exists, the NCI is allocated its share of the total comprehensive income of the year, even if that results in a deficit balance.

## ii) Transactions and non-controlling interests

The Group treats transactions with NCI that do not result in loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to NCI are also recorded in equity.

#### 2.4 Property and equipment

These are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (if any) except capital work-in-progress which is stated at cost.

Capital work-in-progress consists of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of tangible and intangible assets in the course of their construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant operating assets category as and when assets are available for use.

Depreciation is charged to income using the straight-line method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life at the rates stated in note 3.1 to the consolidated financial statements. Depreciation on acquisition is charged from the month of addition whereas no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal. Asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

The carrying value of operating assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalised and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

#### 2.5 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised if it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Group and that the cost of such asset can be measured reliably. These are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment, if any.

Computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of cost incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful life using the straight line method.

The carrying values of intangible assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to their recoverable amount.

#### 2.6 Inventories

These are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Raw and packing material and finished goods of trading goods are valued using first-in first-out (FIFO) method. Cost of finished goods manufactured comprise of direct costs including toll manufacturing charges. Provision is recorded for expired goods.

Net realisable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Stock in transit is valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

#### Trade and other receivables 2.7

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing component when they are recognised at fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance. Refer note 2.20 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

#### 2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost. For the purposes of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, balances with banks, cash and cheques held at branches.

#### 2.9 **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and are recorded at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, if any.

## 2.10 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received whether billed to the Group or not.

## 2.11 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group; or
- there is a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

### 2.13 Income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

### i. Current

The charge for current taxation is based on the taxable income for the year, determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income using prevailing tax rates after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any.

## ii. Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences arising between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax liability is generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on the tax rates enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

## 2.14 Employee benefits

## i. Defined contribution plan

The Group operates recognised and unrecognised provident funds for its eligible and permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Group and the employees at the rate of 10% of basic salary. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

## ii. Leave encashment - compensated absences

The Group accounts for employees' leave encashment at the end of December each year on the basis of 15 days of unavailed leave balance of each employee. The liability recognised in this respect is based on one half of the employee's last drawn basic salary.

## 2.15 Revenue recognition

## Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when control of the products has been transferred, i.e. when the products are delivered to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the product. Revenue is recognised on dispatch of goods to customers i.e. when significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer.

Sales return are recognized as deduction from revenue on terms on arrangement with customer.

The Group offers discounts to customers as part of its normal course of business to encourage sales of the products. Discounts are recorded as a reduction of revenue of the Group.

No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with credit term of upto 60 days, which is consistent with the market practice.

## Rendering of services

Revenue from transportation and warehousing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

No element of financing is deemed present as the services are rendered with a credit term of 15 days, which is consistent with the market practice.

#### 2.16 Contract liability

A contract liability is the obligation of the Group to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Group performs as per the contract.

### 2.17 Borrowings and their cost

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction cost incurred and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use when the borrowing costs are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. Such borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

Borrowings payable within next twelve months are classified as current liabilities.

## 2.18 Foreign currency transactions and translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupee, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. The figures are rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees.

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies, if any, as at the reporting date are translated into Rupees using the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses, if any, are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

### 2.19 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to shareholders is accounted for in the period in which the dividend is approved.

## 2.20 Financial Instruments - Initial recognition and subsequent measurement Initial recognition

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. These are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost or cost as the case may be.

#### Classification of financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"),
- at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"), or
- at amortised cost.

The Group determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of instruments (other than equity instruments) is driven by the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

## Classification of financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories:

- at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), or
- at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Group has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

## Subsequent measurement

#### i) Financial assets at FVTOCI

Elected investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with gains or losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss).

#### Financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost ii)

Financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost, and in the case of financial assets, less any impairment.

## Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Where management has opted to recognise a financial liability at FVTPL, any changes associated with the Group's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income / (loss). Currently, there are no financial liabilities designated at FVTPL.

## Impairment of financial asset

The Group recognises loss allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) on financial assets measured at amortised cost at an amount equal to life time ECLs except for the following, which are measured at 12 months ECLs:

- bank balances for whom credit risk (the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased since the inception.
- employee receivables.
- other short term receivables that have not demonstrated any increase in credit risk since inception.

Loss allowance for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to life time ECLs. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 36 months before June 30, 2022 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when it is more than 90 days past due.

Life time ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible defaults events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12 month ECLs are portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECLs are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

### Derecognition

#### **Financial assets**

"The Group derecognises financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, but is transferred to consolidated statement of changes in equity.

#### **Financial liabilities** ii)

The Group derecognises financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income.

## 2.21 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if the Group has a legal right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 2.22 Deferred income - Government grant

Government grants are transfers of resources to an entity by a government entity in return for compliance with certain past or future conditions related to the entity's operating activities - e.g. a government subsidy. The definition of "government" refers to governments, government agencies and similar bodies, whether local, national or international.

The Group recognizes government grants when there is reasonable assurance that grants will be received and the Group will be able to comply with conditions associated with grants.

Government grants are recognized at fair value, as deferred income, when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Group will be able to comply with the conditions associated with the grants.

Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred, are recognized on a systematic basis in the income for the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Grants that compensate for the cost of an asset are recognized in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related asset.

A loan is initially recognized and subsequently measured in accordance with IFRS 9. IFRS 9 requires loans at below-market rates to be initially measured at their fair value - e.g. the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at a market-related interest rate. The benefit that is the government grant is measured as the difference between the fair value of the loan on initial recognition and the amount received, which is accounted for according to the nature of the grant.

### 2.23 Method of preparation of statement of cashflows

The unconsolidated statement of cashflows is prepared using indirect method.

## 2.24 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) in respect of its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

					20	)22	2021
3.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT					(Rupees '0	00)
	Operating assets - note 3.1				1	2,300	14,736
3.1	Operating assets	Leasehold Improvements	Machinery note 3.2	Furniture and Fittings	Office and other Equipments	Motor Vehicles	Total
	Net carrying value basis Year ended June 30, 2022	<b>*</b>		— (Rupee	es '000) ——		<b></b>
	Opening net book value (NBV) Additions (at cost) Depreciation charge - note 3.3	1,097 146 (134)	6,695 - (1,540)	2,219 212 (420)	4,725 1,502 (2,202)	- - -	14,736 1,860 (4,296)
	Closing net book value (NBV)	1,109	5,155	2,011	4,025	-	12,300
	Gross carrying value basis At June 30, 2022						
	Cost Accumulated depreciation	3,035 (1,926)	8,492 (3,337)	4,081 (2,070)	20,497 (16,472)	2,842 (2,842)	38,947 (26,647)
	Net book value (NBV)	1,109	5,155	2,011	4,025	-	12,300
	Net carrying value basis Year ended June 30, 2021						
	Opening net book value (NBV) Additions (at cost) Transfer from CWIP (at cost) Depreciation charge - note 3.3	632 531 - (66)	- 43 8,449 (1,797)	1,151 1,384 - (316)	4,838 1,661 - (1,774)	- - -	6,621 3,619 8,449 (3,953)
	Closing net book value (NBV)	1,097	6,695	2,219	4,725	-	14,736
	Gross carrying value basis At June 30, 2021						
	Cost Accumulated depreciation	2,889 (1,792)	8,492 (1,797)	3,869 (1,650)	18,995 (14,270)	2,842 (2,842)	37,087 (22,351)
	Net book value (NBV)	1,097	6,695	2,219	4,725		14,736
	Annual rate of Depreciation %	10	20	10	20	20	

3.2 Machinery items represent moulds and cylinders having cost of Rs. 7.70 million and Rs. 0.75 million respectively, which are located at premises of Afeef Packages (Private) Limited and Fazleesons (Private) Limited respectively, as these are being used for manufacturing of the Group's products as disclosed in note 1.

3.3	Depreciation	fouther .		been elle		fallance
-5 -5	Debreciation	TOP THE V	/ear nas	neen allo	es nater	TOHOWS:

		2022	2021
		(Rupe	es '000)
	Cost of services - note 18.3 Cost of sales - manufactured goods - note 18.1 Marketing and distribution expenses - note 19 Administrative and general expenses - note 20	847 1,797 981 671 4,296	846 1,797 1,045  3,953
4.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Computer software - note 4.1	68	452
4.1	Computer software Net carrying value basis Opening net book value Amortisation charge Net book value	452 (384) 68	949 (497) 452
	Gross carrying value basis Cost Accumulated Amortisation Net book value Useful life in years	1802 (1,734) 68 3 to 5	1802 (1,350) 452 3 to 5
		2022	2021
		(Rupe	ees '000)
5.	LONG-TERM DEPOSITS		
	Long term deposits - note 5.1	3,212	2,532

**5.1** This represents rent deposit. These facilities are given to the employees in accordance with the terms of employment. These deposits do not carry any mark up arrangement.

#### 6. INVENTORIES

Raw and packaging materials:

- in hand
- in transit

Finished goods:

- manufactured note 6.1
- assembled
- trading goods
  - in hand note 6.1
  - in transit

2022	2021
(Rupe	es '000)
90,678	78,947 17,201
90,678	96,148
21,832	12,005 19,795
541,226 11,890	441,712 51,223
665,626	620,883

**6.1** These include stock-in-trade amounting to Nil (2021: Rs. 0.83 million) held with third party.

As at June 30, 2022, stock of finished products has been written down by Rs. 24.99 million (2021: Rs. 340.23 million) to arrive at its net realisable value of Nil (2021: Nil).

		2022	2021
7.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	(Rupe	es '000)
	Trade receivables - note 7.1 Other receivables - note 7.2	508,805 105,024	424,395 125,237
7.1	Trade receivables Unsecured - Considered good Related party - note 7.1.1 Others - note 7.1.2	105,088 403,717	549,632 51,095 373,300
	Considered doubtful - others - note 7.1.2	67,314	60,345
		576,119	484,740
	"Less: Loss allowance on doubtful receivables - note 7.1.3"	(67,314)	(60,345)
		508,805	424,395

**7.1.1** As at June 30, 2022, age analysis of trade receivables from related parties is as follows:

Name of related party	Gross amount due	Past due amount	Provision for doubtful receivables	Reversal of provision for doubtful receivables		Net amount due	Maximum amount outstanding at any time during the year
+				Rupees '000-			<b>—</b>
Year ended June 30, 2022							
The Searle Company Limited	75,839	48,988	-	-	-	75,839	77,374
International Brands (Private) Limited	35	-		-		35	40
United Retail (Private) Limited	7,764	6,637	-	-	-	7,764	11,684
IBL Healthcare Limited	9,619	5,716	-	-	-	9,834	9,834
IBL Operations (Private) Limited	4,539	4,484				4,539	5,900
IBL Frontier Markets (Private) Limited	6	6	-	-	-	6	7
Searle Pakistan Limited	7,286	4,676	-	-	-	7,286	9,233
	105,088	70,507	-	-	-	105,303	114,072
Year ended June 30, 2021							
The Searle Company Limited United Retail (SMC-Private)	39,546	18,620	-	-	-	39,546	48,547
Limited	5,833	3,656	-	-	-	5,833	6,290
IBL Healthcare Limited	3,987	2,006	-	-	-	3,987	3,987
Searle Pakistan Limited	1,729	1,005	-	_	_	1,729	3,543
	51,095	25,287	-	-	-	51,095	62,367

**7.1.2** As at June 30, 2022, the age analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	2022	2021
	(Rupe	es '000)
Not yet due Past due	230,037	226,695
- Less than 30 days	87,527	90,409
- 31 to 90 days	65,514	46,330
- 90 to 360 days	43,640	22,363
- More than 360 days	44,313	47,848
	240,994	206,950
	471,031	433,645
7.1.3 Balance at beginning of the year Recognition of loss allowance on trade receivables	60,345 6,969	54,473 5,872
Balance at end of the year	67,314	60,345
7.2 Other receivables - unsecured Considered good		
Related party - notes 7.2.1 & 7.2.3	26,187	25,546
Others - note 7.2.2	78,837	99,691
	105,024	125,237

- **7.2.1** This includes receivable from IBL HealthCare Limited amounting to Rs. 7.81 million which pertains to claims raised in respect of discounts, samples and bonuses relating to sales of Canderel and receivable from United Retail (Private) Limited amounting to Rs. 16.73 million in respect of warehousing expenses paid on behalf of the associated company.
- **7.2.2** This represents receivable from principals in respect of stock claims, expenses and others.
- **7.2.3** As at June 30, 2022, age analysis of other receivables from related party is as follows:

Name of related party	Gross amount due	Past due amount	for doubtful receivables	provision for doubtful receivables	Amount due written off	Net amount due	Maximum amount outstanding at any time during the year
Year ended June 30, 2022				-Rupees '000			<b>→</b>
rear ended Julie 30, 2022							
United Retail (Private) Limited	16,725	16,725	-	-	-	16,725	16,725
IBL Logistics (Private) Limited - Staff Provident Fund	1.656	1,656	_		_	1,656	1,656
IBL HealthCare Limited	7,806	-	-	-	-	7,806	7,806
- -	26,187	18,381	-	-	-	26,187	26,187
Year ended June 30, 2021							
United Retail (SMC - Private) Limited	13,563	11,236	_	_	_	13,563	13,563
The Searle Company Limited	8,044	8,044	-	-	-	8,044	8,044
IBL HealthCare Limited	3,939	-	-	-	-	3,939	3,939
_	25,546	19,280	_	_	_	25,546	25,546

		2022	2021
		(Rupe	es '000)
8.	PREPAYMENTS , DEPOSITS AND ADVANCES - unsecured		
	Prepayments and deposits - note 8.1	39,251	853
	Advances - note 8.2	19,597	22,110
		58,848	22,963
8.1	Prepayments and deposits Rent		
	- Deposit	-	810
	- Prepaid	1,172	-
	Deposit against letter of credit - note 8.1.1	36,994	6,648
	Prepaid expense	1,085	-
	Others	39,251	<u>43</u> 7,501
		39,231	7,301

8.1.1 This represents advances paid as 100% margin as per the BPRD Circular No. 02 of 2017 issued by the SBP under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 for the import of goods.

	2022	2021
8.2. Advances - considered good	(Rupe	es '000)
Advance to suppliers Advance against toll manufacturing - note 8.2.1 Advance to employees Advance against marketing Others - note 8.2.2	11,506 3,043 531 - 4,517 19,597	9,957 3,590 359 158 1,398

- **8.2.1** This represents advance to Afeef Packages (Private) Limited against toll manufacturing of products.
- **8.2.2** The amount represents advances given to clearing agents, shipping companies and regulatory authorities.
- **8.2.3** These advances do not carry any mark up arrangement.

#### **TAX REFUND DUE FROM GOVERNMENT - SALES TAX** 9.

This includes an amount of Rs. 70.64 million relating to sales tax paid in the prior period for which no input was claimed due to dispute with Collector of Customs. The Collector of Customs raised an issue in relation to payment of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on the import of goods made by the Holding Company during the month of June 2020. However, due to restriction placed on the "release of the said consignment" due to FED payment dispute, the sales tax paid could not be adjusted by the Company in that month. The Holding Company had paid sales tax amounting to Rs. 42.43 million and Rs. 28.21 million in the months of June 2020 and June 2021 respectively for the above mentioned consignment. Since, the sales tax has been paid in relation to the taxable supplies to be made, the Holding Company intends to claim the same. The Holding Company has asked Customs Department to issue a letter to Federal Board of Revenue requesting it to allow claim of input sales tax in the subsequent sales tax periods for the aforementioned amount.

On behalf of the above request by the Holding Company, the Collectorate of Customs Appraisement (EAST) vide their letter No. "C.NO. SI/MISC/164/KAPE/AC-I/2022" has issued intimation to the Large Tax Payer Unit for recognition of sales tax amounting to Rs. 42.43 million and Rs. 28.21 million. On the basis of letter issued, the Holding Company has filed an application to the Commissioner Inland Revenue, for issuance of refund of the above sales tax amount.

	2022	2021
10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES	(Rupe	ees '000)
With Banks on		
- Current accounts: - Conventional - Islamic	60,590 5,464	30,924 5,418
- Savings accounts: - Islamic - note 10.1 Term deposit receipt - note 10.2	41,155 32,092 139,301	44,395 32,092 112,829
Cash and cheques in hand	10,384 149,685	20,971

- 10.1 Savings accounts are maintained under Islamic banking system carrying profit sharing rate ranging from 0.08% to 6.84% (2021: 0.07% to 3.09%) per annum.
- 10.2 It represents guarantee deposits placed with Silkbank Limited in form of term deposit receipts carrying mark up at the rate 7.15% to 12.5% (2021: 6.75% to 7.15%) per annum.

#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised Sh	nare Capital		2022	2021
Number	of Shares		(Rupee	s '000)
2022	2021			
100,000,000	100,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,000,000	1,000,000
Issued, subsc	ribed and paid-u	p Share Capital		
Number	of Shares			
2022	2021			
91,800,000	91,800,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid in cash	918,000	918,000

11.1 As at June 30, 2022 International Brands (Private) Limited together with its nominees held 88,200,462 (June 30, 2021: 88,200,462) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each.

12.	LONG-TERM BORROWINGS	2022	2021
		(Rupe	es '000)
	Balance as at July 1 Disbursements during the period Less:	41,915 -	13,749 44,940
	<ul> <li>Deferred income - governement grant - note 13</li> <li>Repayments</li> <li>Unwinding of discount on salary refinancing - note 23</li> </ul>	(29,550) 2,307	(4,516) (16,409) 4,151
	Less: Current maturity shown under short-term borrowings	14,672 (14,672)	41,915 (29,344)
	Balance as at June 30	_	12.571

- 12.1 This represents salary refinancing in relation to the Holding Company availing the State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) payroll finance facility as part of measures for countering economic hardships faced by the businesses during COVID-19 pandemic. The Holding Company is paying a guarterly mark up at a discounted rate of 3% per annum, with eight equal guarterly instalments started from January 2021.
- 12.2 The facilities are secured against all the present and future movable current assets of the Holding Company including but not limited to stocks, raw materials, stock in transit cash etc., now or hereafter stored or located and / or elsewhere in Pakistan including goods in transit.

		2022	2021
		(Rupees '000)	
13. DEFER	RED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT		
Addition Deferre	e at July 01  ns during the year - note 12 d income recognised during the year - note 22	2,048 - (1,781) 267 (267)	4,516 (2,468) 2,048
	current portion of deferred income rm portion of deferred income as at June 30	(207)	(1,781)
14. TRADE	AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Accrue Payable Payable Payable	e to IBL Operations (Private) Limited - note 14.1 d liabilities e to The Searle Company Limited - note 14.2 e to IBL Healthcare Limited - note 14.2 e to International Brands	516,093 264,952 213,454 88,323 41,134	432,345 208,019 158,285 111,751 36,432
Withhol Payable	ate) Limited - note 14.3 ding tax payable e to employees' provident fund - note 14.4 nd SESSI payable abilities	31,595 14,915 1,415 1,862 18,385 1,192,128	18,194 8,517 3,202 1,667 9,409 987,821

- 14.1 This includes amount payable to IBL Operations (Private) Limited associated company under agreement for sharing of expenses relating to sales and administrative infrastructure. It also includes Rs. 126.75 million as funds transferred to the Group to meet working capital requirements which do not carry mark-up and are repayable on demand.
- **14.2** This represents amount payable in respect of goods purchased from a related party.
- **14.3** This represents amount payable on account of corporate service charges.
- All investments in collective investment schemes, listed equity and listed debt securities out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the conditions specified thereunder.

#### 15. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Short-term facility under Islamic Al-bai finance Finance against short term loans from Islamic banks - note 15.1

(Rupe	ees '000)
-	35,389
253,034 253,034	272,232

**15.1** These represent short-term loans obtained under financing arrangement from Islamic banks. These are secured by way of hypothecation charge over inventories and receivables of the Holding Company with 25% margin. These are maturing between August and November 2022.

The arrangements carry mark-up ranging from 0.15% to 2% above six months KIBOR (2021: 0.15% to 2.5% above six months KIBOR and 1.75% above three months KIBOR) with a maximum aggregate limit of Rs. 300 million (2021: Rs. 300 million).

#### 16. CONTINGENCY AND COMMITMENTS

## 16.1 Contingency

- 16.1.1 During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued a notice of demand under section 137(2) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance) dated January 31, 2020 for recovery of tax amounting to Rs. 94.66 million created pursuant to Order dated January 31, 2020 passed under section 122(1) for tax year 2018. The Holding Company has filed a Constitutional Petition No. D-1421 of 2020 before the Honorable High Court of Sindh. The Honorable High Court of Sindh has restrained the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue from enforcing the impugned income tax demand till the decision of Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals-II). The appeal was heard on December 16, 2021 and is now reserved for order. The management based on the opinion of its tax advisor is confident that the outcome will be in favour of the Holding Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- 16.1.2 During the year, the Assistant / Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued an order dated December 30, 2021 for recovery of witholding tax along with default surcharge amounting to Rs. 156.55 million under section 161 (1) on account of short deduction of tax at the time of making certain payments for the tax year 2018. During the year, the Holding Company has filed an appeal against the aforesaid order before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIRA). The Appeal is currently pending to be heard before CIRA. However, the management based on the opinion of its tax advisor is confident that the outcome will be in favour of the Holding Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- 16.1.3 During the year, the Assistant / Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued an order dated March 30, 2022 for recovery of witholding tax along with default surcharge amounting to Rs. 200.04 million under section 161(1) on account of short deduction of tax at the time of making certain payments for the tax year 2019. During the year, the Holding Company has filed an appeal against the aforesaid order before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIRA). The Appeal is currently pending to be heard before CIRA. However, the management based on the opinion of its tax advisor is confident that the outcome will be in favour of the Holding Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

## 16.2 Commitments

The facilities for opening letter of credit and guarantees as at June 30, 2022 amounted to Rs. 300 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 550 million) and Rs. 132.09 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 132.09 million) respectively. The amount remaining unutilised at the year end for letter of credit and quarantees was Rs. 246.94 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 536.94 million) and Nil (June 30, 2021: Nil) respectively.

The facilities are secured by way of pari passu charge against hypothecation of the Company's current assets. The Ultimate Holding Company has pledged 421,000 shares of The Searle Company Limited for the guarantee provied on behalf of the Group.

#### REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS 17.

Revenue from

- Manufactured goods
- Trading stocks
- Services note 17.1

#### Less:

- Trade discount
- Sales returns
- Sales tax
- Provincial sales tax

2022	2021
(Rupe	es '000)
28,953 3,424,152 639,278 4,092,383	228,795 3,275,486 553,223 4,057,504
(115,537) (182,839) (464,022) (64,161) (826,559)	(164,379) (122,105) (436,028) (51,804) (774,316)
3,265,824	3,283,188

(Rupees '000)

2021

110,130

432,841

2,213,960

2022

208.203

518,299

2,002,862

**17.1** This represents revenue from transportation and warehousing.

#### **COST OF SALES AND SERVICES** 18.

Cost of sales - manufactured goods - note 18.1 Cost of sales - trading stock - note 18.2 Cost of services - note 18.3

8.1 Cost of sales -	· manufactu	red goods
---------------------	-------------	-----------

Raw and packing material consumed
Salaries, wages and benefits
Rent, rates and taxes
Depreciation
Toll manufacturing charges
Utilities
Fuel, water and power
Repair & maintenance
Add:Opening inventory of finished goods
Less: Closing inventory of finished goods
Cost of sales - manufactured goods

2,729,364	2,756,931
186,253	130,236
	2,778
4,936	,
3,294	1,910
1,797	1,797
1,546	2,021
248	140
115	55
46	29
198,235	138,966
31,800	2,964
(21,832)	(31,800)
208,203	110,130
	<u> </u>

18.2 Cost of s	ales - trading stock	2022	2021
		(Rupe	es '000)
Opening	inventory	492,935	786,200
Purchase	es during the year - net of claims	2,063,043	1,920,695
Closing i	nventory	(553,116)	(492,935)
		2,002,862	2,213,960
18.3 Cost of	services		
Erojaht o	nd cortage	185,800	157 261
0	nd cartage	113,335	157,361 126,965
	wages and allowances - note 18.3.1		
	unning and repair & maintenance	160,460	100,330
	es and taxes	39,982	34,057
Utilities		6,693	4,063
Commur	ication & entertainment	2,863	2,549
Printing a	and stationery	2,525	2,004
Insuranc	e and security expenses	4,193	1,900
Deprecia	ition	847	846
Amortisa	tion	13	341
Others		1,588	2,425
		518,299	432,841

**18.3.1** Salaries, wages and allowances include Rs. 4.28 million (2021: Rs. 1.90 million) in respect of contributory provident fund.

		2022	2021	
19. MARKETIN	G AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	(Rup	(Rupees '000)	
Salaries, wa	ages and allowances - note 19.1	143,362	100,715	
Vehicle runr	ning and repair & maintenance	50,220	45,937	
Advertising	and sales promotion	46,784	39,182	
Freight and	cartage	28,796	23,758	
Rent, rates	and taxes	22,534	60,229	
Travelling ar	nd conveyance	4,877	3,272	
Insurance a	nd security expenses	3,811	10,957	
Communica	ation and entertainment	3,267	2,624	
Utilities		3,065	7,736	
Printing and	I stationery	2,662	1,391	
Depreciation	n	981	1,045	
Amortisation	ı	4	28	
Others		37	380	
		310,400	297,254	

**19.1** Salaries, wages and allowances include Rs. 2.31 million (2021: Rs. 3.21 million) in respect of contributory provident fund.

		2022	2021
20.	ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES	(Rupe	es '000)
	Salaries, wages and allowances - note 20.1	55,531	61,085
	Corporate service charges - note 20.2	12,000	12,000
	Auditors' remuneration - note 20.3	4,740	3,230
	Rent, rates and taxes	3,390	4,036
	Legal and professional	3,143	2,595
	Travelling and conveyance	2,401	2,059
	Vehicle running and repair & maintenance	2,122	2,213
	Fee and subscription	935	2,253
	Depreciation	671	265
	Insurance and security expenses	482	549
	Printing and stationery	413	1,017
	Communication and entertainment	372	376
	Amortisation	367	128
	Utilities	144	164
	Others	218	1,175
		86,929	93,145

- **20.1** Salaries, wages and allowances include Rs. 1.01 million (2021: Rs. 1.37 million) in respect of contributory provident
- **20.2** This represents reimbursement of information technology charges to International Brands (Private) Limited (Ultimate Holding Company) at Rs. 1 million (2021: Rs.1 million) per month.

		2022	2021
20.3	Auditors' remuneration	(Rupe	es '000)
	Annual audit fee Fee for review of half yearly financial information, Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate	1,600	1,450
	Governance and other certifications	850	750
	Taxation services	1,800	600
	Out-of-pocket expenses	490	430
		4,740	3,230
		2022	2021
21.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	(Rupe	es '000)
	Provision for expired and damaged stock - note 21.1 Warranty claim	21,600 4,294 25,894	52,319 - 52,319

21.1 This mainly includes provisions for damaged and expired items of business lines Johnson & Johnson (J&J) amounting to Rs. 1.78 million (2021: Rs. 39.96 million) and Kellogg's amounting to Rs. 5.53 million (2021 Rs. 0.53 million).

22.	OTHER INCOME	2022	2021
22.	OTTEN MOOME	(Rupe	es '000)
	Income from financial assets		
	De Constant de la con	4.044	000
	Profit on savings accounts - Islamic	1,611	882
	Profit on Term Deposit Receipt	1,878	196
	Income from non-financial assets		
	Exchange gain - net	-	47,293
	Scrap sales - note 22.1	9,168	31,091
	Severance payment	-	8,700
	Group relief	-	8,044
	Deferred income recognised on government grant	1,781	2,468
	Others	568	176
		15,006	98,850

22.1 This includes scap sales in relation to damaged items of Johnson & Johnson (J&J) and Unilever business line amounting to Rs. 8.52 million and Rs. 0.64 million respectively. This sale represents the portion of total stock which could not be sold to other distributor under inventory transfer agreement.

22	23. FINANCE COSTS	2022	2021
23.		(Rupe	es '000)
	Mark up on short term loans - note 23.1	29,520	37,219
	Exchange loss - net	5,218	-
	Bank charges	5,167	4,274
	Unwinding of discount on salary refinancing	2,307	4,151
	Mark up on running finance arrangements	-	1,477
		42,212	47,121

23.1 It includes mark-up expense of shariah compliant banks in respect of long term borrowings of Rs. Rs. 0.09 million (2021: Rs. 0.84 million) and short term borrowings of Rs. 29.43 million (2021: Rs. 36.37 million).

#### **INCOME TAX EXPENSE** 24.

- for current year
- for prior year

2022	2021
(Rupe	ees '000)
56,256 1,050	66,697 859
57,306	67,556

24.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit	2022 Effective ta	2021 ax rate %	<b>2022</b> Rupees	2021
	Profit before income tax			79,062	129,396
	Tax at the enacted tax rate	29.00	29.00	22,928	37,525
	Effect of:				
	- Minimum tax on imports	106.27	9.01	84,023	11,665
	- Minimum tax under section 113	49.54	19.65	39,171	25,426
	- Prior year impact	1.33	0.66	1,050	859
	- Others	(113.67)	(6.12)	(89,866)	(7,919)
	Income tax expense for the year			57,306	67,556

24.2 Deferred tax asset is not recognised because it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised.

25.	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	2022	2021
	Profit for the year attributable to ordinary		es '000)
	shareholders	<b>21,756</b> (Number	61,840 of Shares)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year - note 11	91,800,000	91,800,000
		(Rup	pees)
	Basic and diluted earnings per share	0.24	0.67

**25.1** A diluted earnings per share has not been presented as the Group does not have any convertible instruments in issue as at June 30, 2022 and 2021 which would have any effect on the earning per share if the option to convert is exercised.

26.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	2022	2021
		(Rupe	es '000)
	Profit before income tax	79,062	129,396

Adjustments for non-cash charges	2022		2021
and other items	(Rup	ees	s '000)
Depreciation	4,296		3,953
Amortisation	384		497
Deferred income - Government grant	(1,781)		(2,468)
Interest income	(1,878)		(196)

Mark-up on running finance arrangements Provision for expired and damaged stock Loss allowance on trade receivables Mark-up on short-term loans

Unwinding of discount on salary refinancing

4,296	3,953
384	497
(1,781)	(2,468)
(1,878)	(196)
-	1,477
21,600	52,319
6,969	5,872
29,520	37,219
2,307	4,151
61,417	102,824
140,479	232,220

2021

2022

## Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes Decrease / (increase) in current assets:

Inventories	(66,343)	138,391
Trade and other receivables	(71,166)	189,545
Prepayments and advances	(35,885)	102,764
Tax refunds due from government - sales tax	16,226	(50,470)
	(157,168)	380,230
Increase in trade and other payables	204,307	4,532
Cash generated from operations	187,618	616,982

#### **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 27.

Cash and bank balances excluding term deposit receipt - note 10

2022	2021
(Rupee	es '000)
117,593	101,708

#### 28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

**28.1** All the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group are classified at amortised cost.

				2022			
	Interest	t / mark-up be	aring	Non-inter	est / mark-up	bearing	Total
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Total	
FINANCIAL ASSETS	•			Rupees '000			
At amortized cost							
Accrued interest	363		363				363
Long term deposits	-	-	-	_	3,212	3,212	3,212
Trade and other receivables	_	_	_	613,829		613,829	613,829
Cash and bank balances	73,247	_	73,247	76,438	_	76,438	149,685
June 30, 2022	73,610	-	73,610	690,267	3,212	693,479	767,089
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES							
At amortized cost							
Accrued mark-up	10,398	_	10,398	_	_	-	10,398
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	961,897	-	961,897	961,897
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	-	353	-	353	353
Long-term borrowings	14,672	-	14,672	-	-	-	14,672
Short term financing	253,034	-	253,034	-	-	-	253,034
June 30, 2022	278,104	-	278,104	962,250	-	962,250	1,240,354
ON REPORTING DATE GAP June 30, 2022	(204,494)	-	(204,494)	(271,983)	3,212	(268,771)	(473,265
				2021			
	Interes	st / mark-up b	earing	Non-inter	est / mark-up	bearing	Total
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Total	
FINANCIAL ASSETS	-			Rupees '000			
At amortized cost							
Accrued interest	196	_	196	_	_	_	196
Long term deposits	-	-	_	_	2,532	2,532	2,532
Trade and other receivables	-	-	_	549,632	_	549,632	549,632
Cash and bank balances	76,487	-	76,487	57,313	-	57,313	133,800
June 30, 2021	76,683	-	76,683	606,945	2,532	609,477	686,160
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES							
At amortized cost							
Accrued mark-up	2,850	-	2,850	575	-	575	3,425
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	819,352	-	819,352	819,352
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	-	353	-	353	353
Long-term borrowings	29,344	12,571	41,915	-	-	-	41,915
Short term financing	307,621	-	307,621	-	-	-	307,621
June 30, 2021	339,815	12,571	352,386	820,280	-	820,280	1,172,666
ON REPORTING DATE GAP	(000 100)	(40.574)	(075 706)	(040.005)	0.505	(040.000)	(400.50
June 30, 2021	(263,132)	(12,571)	(275,703)	(213,335)	2,532	(210,803)	(486,506
OFF STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL P	OCITION ITEMS						
	OSTITION ITEMS						
Letters of credit / guarantees June 30, 2022	OSITION ITEMS						246,943

## 28.2 Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk

## Risk management framework

The Group's Board of Directors ("the Board") has overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

The Group's exposure to financial risks, the way these risks affect the financial position and performance, and forecast transactions of the Group and the manner in which such risks are managed is as follows:

#### 28.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to the financial instrument fails to perform as contracted. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets. The Group believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk as the exposure is spread over a number of counter parties. To manage exposure to credit risk, the Group applies credit limits to its customers.

## 28.3.1 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

## Financial assets at amortised cost

Long term deposits - note 5 Trade and other receivables - note 7 Accrued interest Bank balances - note 10

2022	2021
(Rupe	es '000)
3,212 613,829	2,532 549,632
363 139,301	196 112,829
756,705	665,189

## 28.3.2 Credit quality and impairment

Credit quality of financial assets is assessed by reference to external credit ratings, where available, or to historical information about counterparty default rates. All counterparties, with the exception of customers, employees, regulatory authorities and utility companies have external credit ratings determined by various credit rating agencies. Credit quality of customers is assessed by reference to historical defaults rates.

### a) Counterparties with external credit ratings

These include banking companies and financial institutions, which are counterparties to bank balances, margin against bank guarantees, margins against letter of credit and accrued return on deposits. Credit risk is considered minimal as these counterparties have reasonably high credit ratings as determined by various credit rating agencies. Due to long standing business relationships with these counterparties and considering their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Group. Following are the credit ratings of counterparties with external credit ratings:

**Bank balances** 

		Rating		2022	2021
	Short	Long		Rupees	3 '000
	Term	Term	Agency		
Al Baraka Bank Pakistan Limited	A1	А	JCR-VIS	20,056	3,589
Habib Metropolitan Bank	A1+	AA+	PCRA	3,376	3,179
Silkbank Limited	A2	A-	JCR-VIS	22,284	1,962
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	1,467	1,506
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	54,153	48,064
Bank AL Habib Limited	A1+	AAA	PCRA	650	1,818
Meezan Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	5,223	20,619
				107,209	80,737

#### b) Counterparties without external credit ratings

These mainly include customers which are counter parties to local trade debts against sale of goods. As explained in note 2.20, the Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

Management uses an allowance matrix to base the calculation of ECL of trade receivables from individual customers, which comprise a very large number of small balances. Loss rates are calculated using a 'role rate' method based on the probability of receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency to write-off.

The Group has used three years monthly data in the calculation of historical loss rates along with the matching monthly ageing brackets for the computation of roll rates. The analysis of ages of trade receivables and loss allowance using the aforementioned approach as at June 30, 2022 was determined as follows:

		2022			2021	
	Expected	Gross	Loss	Expected	Gross	Loss
	loss rates %	carrying amount	allowance	loss rates %	carrying amount	allowance
	_	Rupe	es '000		Rupe	ees '000
Not past due	1.77%	230,037	4,080	1.04%	226,695	2,358
Past due						
1 - 30 days	3.41%	87,527	2,983	1.58%	90,409	1,424
31 - 90 days	5.49%	65,514	3,596	4.36%	46,330	2,018
91 - 360 days	28.28%	43,640	12,343	29.95%	22,363	6,697
More than 360 days	100.00%	44,313	44,312	100.00%	47,848	47,848
	_	471,031	67,314		433,645	60,345

## 28.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The management closely monitors the Group's liquidity and cash flow position. The Group's approach to manage liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient level of liquidity based on expected cash flow by holding highly liquid assets, creditor concentration and maintaining sufficient reserve financing facilities.

## 28.4.1 Exposure to liquidity risk

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

			202	22		
•	Carrying	Contractual	Six months	Six to	One to	More than
	amount	cash flows	or less	twelve	five years	five years
			Rupees	months :'000		
			Паросо	, 000		
Financial liabilities						
Long-term borrowings	14,672	(14,761)	(14,761)	-		-
Trade and other payables	961,897	(961,897)	(961,897)	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	353	(353)	(353)	-		-
Accrued mark-up	10,398	(10,398)	(10,398)			
Short-term borrowings	253,034	(260,481)	(260,481)	-	-	
-	1,240,354	(1,247,890)	(1,247,890)	-		-
			202	21		
	Carrying	Contractual	Six months	Six to	One to	More than
	amount	cash flows	or less	twelve	five years	five years
			D	months		
			Rupees	000		
Financial liabilities						
Long-term borrowings	41,915	(44,841)	(15, 173)	(14,941)	(14,727)	-
Trade and other payables	819,352	(823,668)	(823,668)	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	353	(353)	(353)	-	-	-
Accrued mark-up	3,425	(3,425)	(3,425)	-	-	-
Short-term borrowings	307,621	(307,621)	(307,621)	-	-	-
	1,172,666	(1,179,908)	(1,150,240)	(14,941)	(14,727)	
:						

## 28.5 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing return.

## a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. As at June 30, 2022, the Group is not materially exposed to interest rate risk.

As at June 30, 2022, the Group had variable interest bearing financial liabilities of Rs. 267.71 million (2021:Rs. 349.54 million) and had the interest rate varied by 200 basis points with all the other variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year would have been approximately Rs. 5.35 million (2021: Rs. 6.99 million) lower / higher.

## b) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of the financial instruments, will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to foreign currency transactions. The Group is not exposed to any of the currency risk since all of its transactions are denominated in Pakistan Rupees.

#### **CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT** 29.

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide adequate returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital.

The Group finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintain an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimise risk.

The debt to capital ratios at June 30, 2022 and at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
	(Rupe	es '000)
Total borrowings Cash and bank - note 10 Net debt	267,706 (149,685) 118,021	349,536 (133,800) 215,736
Equity	130,586	108,830
Total capital	248,607	324,566
Debt to capital ratio	0.47	0.66

#### REMUNERATION TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES 30.

	CHIEF EX	CHIEF EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		DIRECTORS		TIVES
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	•		Rupees	s '000 ———		<b></b>
Managerial remuneration	-	-	-	-	14,033	15,923
Allowances	-	-	-	-	7,017	7,962
Bonus	-	-	-	-	2,339	2,654
Group's contribution to provident fund		-	-	-	1,128	1,593
Leave encashment	-	-	-	-	584	664
Medical expenses	-	-	:	-	1,170	1,327
			-	-	26,271	30,123
Number of persons	1	1	7	7	8	9

2021

- 30.1 The Chief Executive and certain Executives are entitled for medical facility to the extent of reimbursement of actual expenditure and other benefits in accordance with their terms of employment.
- **30.2** In addition to the above, fee paid to directors for attending Board of Directors meetings during the year amounted to Rs. 0.15 million (2021: Rs. 0.58 million).
- **30.3** Salary of Chief Executive and Directors is borne by another group company.

#### SEGMENT INFORMATION 31.

Based on internal reporting structure for the year, no reportable segments were identified that were of accounting significance for decision making.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** 32.

The related parties comprise of associated undertakings, directors of the Group and key management personnel. The Group continues to have a policy whereby transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms, approved policy and at rate agreed under a contract / arrangement / agreement. Remuneration of key management personnel are in accordance with their terms of contractual engagements.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. The Group considers its Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Non-Executive Directors to be its key management personnel. There are no transactions with key management personnel other than their terms of employment / entitlement.

**32.1** The following transactions were carried out with related parties during the year:

Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	2022	2021
		(Rupe	ees '000)
Ultimate Holding Company	- Corporate service charges	12,000	12,000
Associated companies	<ul><li>- Purchases</li><li>- Services rendered</li><li>- Allocation of</li></ul>	63,602 219,396	97,287 199,312
	expenses - note 32.2 - Funds received for working capital - note 14.1 - Group relief - Sale of goods	165,201 126,748 - 14,939	136,919 107,200 8,044 6,266
Employees' Provident Fund	- Contributions paid	7,592	6,482
Key management personnel (KMP)	- Sale of goods	8	1,184

- 32.2 The Group has an agreement with IBL Operations (Private) Limited associated company, regarding sharing of expenses relating to sales and administrative infrastructure.
- 32.3 The status of outstanding balances with related parties as at June 30, 2022 is included in the respective notes to the consolidated financial statements. These are settled in the ordinary course of business.

**32.4** Following are the related parties with whom the Group had entered into transactions or have arrangement / agreement in place.

S.No.	Company Name	Basis of relationship	Aggregate % of Shareholding
1.	International Brands (Private) Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	96.08%
2.	IBL Operations (Private) Limited	Common Directorship	N/A
3.	The Searle Company Limited	Common Directorship	N/A
4.	IBL Healthcare Limited	Common Directorship	N/A
5.	Searle Pakistan Limited	Group Company	N/A
6.	United Retail (Private) Limited	Group Company	N/A
7.	Universal Retails (Private) Limited	Group Company	N/A
8.	United Brands Limited- Staff Provident Fund	Retirement Fund	-
9.	Hasan Tariq Khan	Independent Director	N/A
10.	Tayyaba Rasheed	Independent Director	N/A
11.	Munis Abdullah	Chairman of Parent	N/A
12.	Syed Nadeem Ahmed	Chief Executive Officer	N/A
13.	Zubair Razzak Palwala	Director	N/A
14.	Syed Qaisar Abbas	Director	N/A
15.	Hammad Kafeel	Director	N/A
16.	Shariq Ahmed	Chief Financial Officer	N/A
17.	Rizwan Ahmad	Director	N/A

#### **NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES** 33.

The total number of employees and average number of employees at year end and during the year respectively are as follows:

	2022	2021
Number of employees as at June 30	(Rupe	es '000)
- Permanent - Contractual	283 82	320
Average number of employees during the year		
- Permanent - Contractual	309 82	350 51

## 34. BUSINESS UNITS - GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATIONS AND ADDRESSES

SALES OFFICES **ADDRESSES** 

Bahawalpur Plot No. 73-74/A, Small Industrial Area Estate, Multan Road, Near NBP. Bahawalpur.

Bannu Back Side Bannu University IT Campus Fatima Khel Road. IBL Bannu

Buner Shall Bandle Bypass Road, Sooray Baba swarhi City, IBL Buner

Dera Gazi Khan House No. 64-65, Block No. 16, Al-Mansoor Lodge, Ex PTCL Revenue Office. IBL Dera

Ghazi Khan.

Faisalabad Plot No. 387,388, Amin Town, Askari Road Near Educators School, West Canal Road.

IBL Faisalabad.

Gujranwala 8 KM G.T Road, G Mangolia Housing Society. IBL Gujranwala.

Guirat Near Railway Crossing Shadiwal Road. IBL Gujrat.

Plot # A-10-H, Near Bolevard Mall, SITE Area. IBL Hyderabad Hyderabad Islamabad Plot No. 65 & 66, Street 13, I/9-2, Industrial Area. IBL Islamabad. Jhang Opposite Chungi No. 14 Faisalabad Road Jhang Sadar. IBL Jhang.

Karachi Plot # L-16 A, Block-22, FB Industrial Area. IBL Karachi

Karachi Habitt Factory and Warehouse Plot # 548, SITE Industrial Area Karachi.

Plot # 56, Sector 7, Sharifabad Near Leather Market, Korangi industrial area Karachi. Korangi

131/3, Quaid-e-Azam Industrial Estate Gate - 4, Near Fine Chowk, Kot Lakhpat. Lahore

IBL Lahore

Larkana Latif Colony, Main Road Rehmatpur. IBL Larkana.

Mardan Ittifaq Colony Near Custom Office Koragh Chowk. IBL Mardan.

Multan Plot No.590, 591 Jahangir Abad NLC Chowk Main G.T Road. IBL Multan.

#### **SALES OFFICES ADDRESSES**

New Challi Moon Plaza, Warehouse # 4, Near Burhani Hospital.

Nowshera The Mall Opposite Daewoo Terminal Nowshera Cantt. IBL Nowshera Peshawar Jhagra Stop, Near Jhagra Gattering Hall, G.T. Road. IBL Peshawar. Quetta Plot # 869 Killi Gul Muhammad, Muslimabad, Opposite TCS Office,

Adjacent Tagwa Masjid, Off: Airpport Road. IBL Quetta.

Sahiwal Khalid Plaza, Near PSO Pump, Baba Farid Park, Arifwala Road. IBL Sahiwal Sargodha Hosue No. 42, Officer Colony, Behind Commerce College, Faisalabad Road.

IBL Sargodha.

Sawabi Plot No 107 Faquir Elahi Chowk Near Fauji Foundation, Topi Road. IBL Swabi

Shaikhupura B - II-11S-18, Street No. 1, Khalid Road, Muslim Gunj. IBL Sheikhupura

Sialkot Plot No. 656,657 Barkat Town Near Moltex Factory Off Kasmir Road. IBL Sialkot.

Plot No. A - 3, Golimar Area, Near Khabrain Newspaper Press. IBL Sukkur. Sukkur

Wah Cantt Street No.1, Green Town Ghatiya Road Wah Garden. IBL Wah Cantt.

**DISTRIBUTION** 

**WAREHOUSES ADDRESSES** 

National Warehouse Plot # 56, Sector 7, Sharifabad Near Leather Market, Korangi industrial area Karachi.

### 35. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Comparative information has been reclassified and re-arranged in these consolidated financial statements, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison and to confirm with presentation in the current period, having insignificant impact

### 36. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of directors of the Group and authorised for issue on 28 September 2022.

Syed Nalleem Ahmed Chief Executive Officer

Rizwan Ahmad Director

Shariq Ahmed Chief Financial Officer

## Pattern of Shareholding As of June 30, 2022

Categories of Shareholders	Number of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children	8	304,849	0.33%
Associated Companies, undertaking and related parties	2	88,243,591	96.13%
Executive	1	142	0.00%
NIT and ICP	1	1,650	0.00%
Banks DFIs, NBFIs	1	4	0.00%
Insurance Companies	0	-	0.00%
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	1	219,570	0.24%
General Public Local	1,004	2,984,434	3.25%
General Public Foreign	3	6,500	0.01%
Foreign Companies	0	-	0.00%
Others	8	39,260	0.04%
Total	1,029	91,800,000	100%

Share holders holding 10% or more	Number of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
International Brands Limited	1	88,200,462	96.08%

Number of Shareholders	Shareholding's Slab			Total Shares Held
511	1	То	100	9,496
139	101	То	500	51,416
115	501	То	1000	103,938
168	1001	To	5000	444,017
29	5001	То	10000	218,650
14	10001	То	15000	175,700
14	15001	To	20000	248,651
10	20001	То	25000	228,250
3	25001	То	30000	78,800
2	30001	То	35000	70,000
1	35001	То	40000	37,000
8	40001	То	45000	339,576
1	45001	То	50000	50,000
2	50001	То	55000	103,300
1	60001	То	65000	60,500
1	65001	То	70000	68,450
1	70001	То	75000	73,000
1	75001	То	80000	77,125
2	80001	То	85000	167,200
1	100001	То	105000	100,750
1	135001	То	140000	136,200
1	200001	То	205000	201,199
1	215001	То	220000	219,570
1	335001	То	340000	336,750
1	88200001	То	88205000	88,200,462
1029				91,800,000

## Pattern of Shareholding As of June 30, 2022

S. No.	Folio No./CDS Account No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	No. of shares	%
Directors	And Their Spouse(S) A				
2 0 3 8 4 0 5 8 6 8 7 0	01826-102244 03277-93293 817 03277-39675 843 818 05116-25660	HASAN TARIQ KHAN ZUBAIR RAZZAK PALW ZUBAIR PALWALA MUNIS ABDULLA MR. MONIS ABDULLAI SYED NADEEM AHMEI SYED QAISER ABBAS TAYYABA RASHEED	1 1 H 1 D 1 NAQVI 1	83,200 8,700 500 201,199 4,250 4,250 2,250 500	0.09 0.01 0.00 0.22 0.00 0.00 0.00
Associate	ed Companies under	takings and related parties	8	304,849	0.33
S. No.	Folio No./CDS Account No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	No. of shares	%
	)3277-2937 )3277-12714	INTERNATIONAL BRAN SHAKILA RASHID	1	88,200,462 43,129 8 <b>8,243,591</b>	96.08 0.05 <b>96.13</b>
Executive	e				
S. No.	Folio No./CDS Account No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	No. of shares	%
	354	SHARIQ AHMED (R-1)	1 1	142 <b>142</b>	0.00
NIT and I					
S. No.	Folio No./CDS Account No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	No. of shares	%
1 0	00083-36	IDBL (ICP Unit)	1 1	1,650 <b>1,650</b>	0.00 <b>0.00</b>
Banks, D	FIs, NBFCs, insuranc	e companies, takaful, modarb	as,pension fund	S	
S. No.	Folio No./CDS Account No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	No. of shares	%
	03889-28	NATIONAL BANK OF PA	AKISTAN 1	4 <b>4</b>	0.00 <b>0.00</b>
S. No.	e Companies Folio No./CDS	Name of	No. of	No. of	%
S. 110.	Account No.	Shareholders	Shareholders		70
1		NIL			-

## Pattern of Shareholding As of June 30, 2022

## **Modarabas and Mutial Funds**

S. No.		Name of	No. of	No. of	%
	Account No.	Shareholders	Shareholders	shares	
1	03277-1651	First UDL Modaraba	1 <b>1</b>	219,570 <b>219,570</b>	0.24 <b>0.2</b> 4
				210,070	OI.
Foreig	n Companies			-	
S. No.	Folio No./CDS	Name of	No. of	No. of	%
	Account No.	Shareholders	Shareholders	shares	
1	NIL				
Others					
S. No.	Folio No./CDS	Name of	No. of	No. of	9/
	Account No.	Shareholders	Shareholders	shares	
1	812	NAEEM'S SECURITIES (PVT)	) LTD. 1	2,000	0.00
2	03277-78335	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK	OF 1	733	0.00
		PAKISTAN EMPLOYEES PEN			
3	03277-82127	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK		26	0.00
4	00505 07005	PAKISTAN EMP BENEVOLEN		,	0.00
4	03525-87235	MAPLE LEAF CAPITAL LIMIT		1	0.00
5	04341-3265	RAO SYSTEMS (PVT.) LTD.	1	1,500	0.00
6	03525-54825	NAEEM'S SECURITIES (PVT)		15,000	0.02
7	14118-27	ASDA SECURITIES (PVT.) LT		15,000	0.02
8	10470-29	GPH SECURITIES (PVT.) LTD	). 1 <b>8</b>	5,000 <b>39,260</b>	0.01 <b>0.04</b>
Genera	l Public Foreign				
S. No.		Name of	No. of	No. of	%
0.110.	Account No.	Shareholders	Shareholders		,
1	01164-20751	IMRAN QAMAR	1	2,500	0.00
2	03277-113643	MUHAMMAD KAMRAN	1	3,500	0.00
3	03277-115447	MUHAMMAD JAHANGIF	R KHAN 1	500	0.00
			3	6,500	0.01
Genera	l Public Local				
S. No.		Name of	No. of	No. of	%
	Account No.	Shareholders	Shareholders	shares	
			1004 2	,984,434	3.25%
			1004 2	,984,434	3.25%

## FORM OF PROXY

Company Secretary UNITED BRANDS LIMITED

2nd, One IBL Centre, Block No. 7 & 8, DMMCHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Please quote:	
No. of shares held.	
Folio No.	

revenue stamp

I/We	ə,	of		. holding	a Comput	erized Nation	al Identity Card
(CN app	IC)/Passport Nooint	and b	eing a n f	nember of	UNITED	BRANDS LI , holding	MITED, hereby CNIC/Passport
No.		, or failing him	/her hereb	y appoint			of
	ote for me/us and on my/our be 2022 at 12:30 pm and at any a	ehalf at the Annual	General Me				
As v	vitness my/our hand this			day of		2022	
Sigr	ned by the Said				in th	e presence of	
Witr	nesses:						
1.	Name						
2.	Name				Signature	e	
					Rupee fiv	re	

### Notes:

- Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received at the Company's Registered Office or Shares Registrar not less than 48 hours before the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- CDC shareholders and their proxies are requested to attach an attested photocopy of their CNIC or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.

جناب تمپنی سیریٹری يونا يَبْثِرُ بِرا نِدْ زَلْمِيْثِرُ سينڈ فلور، ون آئی بی الل سينٹر، شاہراه فيصل، کراچی۔

## مختارنامه

بحثیت بونا ئیٹار برانڈلمیٹائر کے ممبران	کی جانب سے	میں اہم
اورسباكاؤنٹ نمبر	عام خصص اندراج فوليونمبر	اور
ب، یه میری/ہماری جانب سے ون آئی بی ایل سینٹر، شاہراہ فیصل کراچی میں	کوبطور پراکسی نامز د کرتے ہج	ا پنی طرف سے
جلاس عام میں ووٹ دینے کے مجاز ہیں۔	20 کو بوقت 12:30 بجے دو پہر منعقد نمینی کے سالاندا	بروز جمعه مورخه 28ا كتوبر 22(

لہذا گواہان کی موجود گی میں، میں/ہم نے مورخہ \_\_\_\_\_2022 کواینے دستخط کر دیئے ہیں۔

ا۔ دستخط شناختی کارڈ/یاسپورٹ نمبر:

( دستخط نا مز دکنندہ کے رجسٹر ڈ دستخط سے مماثل ہونے جاہئے )

نولس

- 🤝 سمینی کاممبرمیٹنگ میں حاضر ہونے اور ووٹ دینے کا اختیار کسی دوسرے کو بطور پراکسی دیسکتا ہے ۔ مکمل پر ہوئے پراکسی میٹنگ شروع ہونے سے 48 گھنٹے پہلے تک مینی کے رجٹر ڈا فس یاشیئر زرجٹر ارکوموصول ہوجانے چاہئے۔
- 🖈 اجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ دینے کے مستحق سی ڈی سی حصص داران اپنی شناخت کے لئے اپنااصل کمپیوٹرائز قومی شناختی کارڈ / یاسپورٹ مہیا کریں اور یراکسی کی صورت میں اپنے کمپیوٹرائز شناختی کارڈیا پایسپورٹ کی مصدقہ کا بی لازمی منسلک کریں۔





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