11st Annual Report 2025



HAFIZ LIMITED

Company Information 2022

Board of Directors: Muhammad Farooq Usmani Chairman & Director

: Fakhruddin Usmani CEO & Exective Director

: Quamruddin Osmani Executive Director

: Mahmood Wali Muhammad Non-Executive Director

Huma Javaid Independent Director

Kamran Ahmed Independent Director

Non-Executive Director

Muhammad Shahzad Fakhir

Board of Audit Committee

Chairman : Kamran Ahmed

Members : Muhammad Farooq Usmani

Mahmood Wali Muhammad

Board of Human Resource Committee

Chairman: Fakhruddin UsmaniMembers: Quamruddin Osmani

Huma Javaid

Chief Financial Officer : Muhammad Shahid Siddiqui

Company Secretary : Ali Muhammad Usmani

Bankers : Habib Metropolitan Bank Ltd.

: HBL Bank Limited

: MIB Bank Limited

: National Bank of Pakistan

Auditors : MAZARS M.F. & Co.

Chartered Accountants.

Karachi.

Shares Registrar : F.D. Registrar Service (SMC-Pvt) Ltd.

170-5, 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower-A

I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi-74000

Registered Office : 97, Alliance Building, 2nd Floor,

Moolji Street, Mereweather Tower,

Karachi-74000.

Mill at : D-9, S.I.T.E., Karachi.

Webside : www.hafiztm.com

Email: htm1951@hotmail.com

VISION AND MISSION STATEMENT

While keeping our fundamentals correct we shall build upon our recognition as a very good company known and established for our principled and honest business practices and continue to strive for high standards of quality to regain the reputation earned duly in last Seventy One years.

We are committed to the higher expectations of our customers and through optimum utilization of available resources, make the Company viable and profitable so as to generate adequate profit to make reasonable returns on shareholders equity.

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the **71st Annual General Meeting** of shareholders of the **HAFIZ LIMITED** will be held **Insha-Allah** on **Thursday, 27th October, 2022 at 2:30 p.m.** at the Registered Office of the Company, 97, Alliance Building, 2nd Floor, Mooliji Street, Mereweather Tower, Karachi for the following purposes:

- 1. To confirm the Minutes of last Annual General Meeting held on 28th October, 2021.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Accounts of the company for the year ended 30th June, 2022 together with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.
- 3. To approve as recommended by the directors, the payment of Cash Dividend @ 20% Rs.2/- per share for the year ended 30th June, 2022.
- 4. To appoint Auditors for the year ending 30th June, 2023 and to fix their remuneration.
- 5. To transact any other business of the Company with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board Ali Muhammad Usmani Company Secretary

Karachi: 6th October, 2022.

Notes:

1- Closure of Share Transfer Books:

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 22, 2022 to October 29, 2022 (both days inclusive). Transfer received in order at our Share Registrar/Transfer agent, M/s. F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt) Ltd. 1705, 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower-A, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi-74000, at the close of business on October 21, 2022 will be considered in time for the purpose of above entitlement to the transferees.

2- Participation in the Annual General Meeting:

- i) A member, who has deposited his/her shares into Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, must bring his/her participant's ID number and CDC account/sub-account number along with original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original Passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii) A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint another member as his/ her proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him/her.
- iii) Form of proxy, in order to be valid must be properly filled-in/executed and received at the registered office of the Company situated at 97, Alliance Building, 2nd Floor, Moolji Street, Mereweather Tower, Karachi not later than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.

3- Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (E-Dividend Mechanism):

As per provision of Section 242 of Companies Act, 2017 any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders and SECP vide S.R.O.1145(I)/2017 (as amended) directed all shareholders to provide their valid International Bank Account Numbers (IBAN) to receive cash dividend electronically. The shareholders are hereby advised to provide details of their bank mandate specifying: (i) Title of Account, (ii) IBAN, (iii) Bank Name, (iv) Branch Name and Address to the Company's Share Registrar, shareholders who hold shares with Participants/CDC are advised to provide the mandate to the concerned Broker /Participant /CDC Investor account services.

4- Change in Address

Members holding shares in physical form are requested to promptly notify Share Registrar of the Company of any change in their addresses. Shareholders maintaining their shares in electronic form should have their address updated with their participant or CDC Investor Accounts Service.

5- Submission of Copies of CNIC (Mandatory):

Pursuant to the Notification SRO.275(I)/2016 dated March 31, 2016 read with S.R.O.19(I)/2014 dated January 10, 2014 and SRO.831(I)/2012 dated July 5, 2012 of the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), Dividend Warrant(s) shall mandatorily bear the Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) numbers of shareholders. Shareholders are therefore requested to fulfill the statutory requirements and submit a copy of their CNIC or NTN in case of corporate entities (if not already provided) to the Company's Share Registrar.

In case of non-availability of a valid copy of the Shareholders' CNIC in the records of the Company, the Company shall be

constrained to withhold the Dividend Warrants, which will be released by the Share Registrar only upon submission of a valid copy of the CNIC in compliance with the aforesaid SECP directives.

6- Withholding Tax on Dividend:

Government of Pakistan through Finance Act, 2019, has made certain amendments in withholding tax provision by substituting the definition of "Filers" with "Active Taxpayer List" (ATL), whereby the company is required to collect tax on dividend under Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 from the person not appearing in the ATL at the rates specified in the Ordinance as increased by 100%. These tax rates are as under:

(a) For persons appearing in Active Taxpayer List 15%. (b) For persons not appearing in Active Taxpayer List 30%.

Shareholders who are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into latest ATL provided on the website of FBR at the time of dividend payment, otherwise they shall be treated as person not appearing in ATL and tax on their cash dividend will be deducted at the rate of 30% instead of 15%.

For Joint Shareholders:

For shareholders holding their shares jointly as per the clarification issued by the Federal Board of Revenue, withholding tax will be determined separately as per status of their names appearing in the ATL for principal shareholder as well as joint-holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions. Therefore, all shareholders who hold shares jointly are required to provide shareholding proportions of principal shareholder and joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to our Share Registrar in writing as follows:

			Principal	Shareholder	Joint SI	nareholder
Company Name	Folio/CDS Account #	Total Shares	Name and CNIC #	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares)	Name and CNIC #	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares)

The required information must reach our Shares Registrar within 10 days of this notice; otherwise, it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by Principal shareholder and Joint Holder(s).

Corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the company or Registrar of company. Shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote company name and their respective folio numbers. Without the NTN company would not be in a position to check filer status on the ATL and hence higher tax of 30% may be applied in such cases.

7- Transmission of Audited Financial Statements / Notices Through E-mail:

As notified by the SECP vide SRO.787(I)/2014 dated September 8, 2014, all listed companies are allowed to circulate audited financial statements along with notice of annual general meetings to its shareholders through their e-mail addresses subject to written consent of the shareholders.

Shareholders of the company who wish to receive audited financial statements, notice of general meetings and other financial reports through e-mail are requested to fill the required information on the form is as under:

Name of	Folio / CDC	Email Address (requested to notify immediately	Contact	CNIC Number	Signature of the
Shareholder	Account Number	for any change)	Number.	(Attach visible &	Shareholder
				valid copy)	

The above duly filled form may please be send to Share Registrar of the Company.

8- Deposit of Physical shares into CDC Account

The shareholders having shares in physical form are advised to open CDC sub-account with any of the brokers or Investor Account directly with the CDC, to place their shares in scrip-less form, this will facilitate them in many ways including safe custody and sale of shares at any time they want, as the trading of physical shares is not permitted as per existing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

Further, Section 72 of the Act states that after the commencement of this Act from a date notified by the Commission, a company having share capital, shall have shares in book-entry form only. Every existing company shall be required to replace its physical shares with book-entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by the Commission, within a period not exceeding four years from the commencement of this Act.

REVIEW REPORT BY THE CHAIRMAN

It gives me pleasure to present this review report to the stakeholders of **Hafiz Limited** (the "Company") on the overall performance of the Board of Directors (the "Board") and its effectiveness in achieving the objectives of the Company.

During the year, HAFL has an effective governance framework in place which complies with the requirements set out in the Companies Act, 2017 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 with respect to the composition, procedures and meetings of the Board and its committees. The annual evaluation of the Board has been carried out under the Code of Corporate Governance to ensure that the Board's overall performance is in line with the developed comprehensive criteria.

During the year under review, the Board has played an effective role in managing the affairs of the Company depicting successful operational & financial performance. The Board has developed a mechanism of regular assessment of the Company's objectives, strategies and business & financial performance by timely interacting with the management. The management is responsible for carrying out day-to-day business activities and transforming the Board's strategies into actions. Particularly in the unprecedented situation of COVID-19 outbreak.

The Board shall continue to play a vital role in setting the course of the Company, promoting its success and performance and guiding the management to conduct operations in conformity with the strategies approved by the Board while upholding the principles of good corporate governance.

On behalf of our company, I wish to acknowledge the contribution of the management, all our employees, and our valued shareholders, for their confidence, continued support and commitment to the Company.

Muhammad Farooq Usmani Chairman

Karachi:

6th October, 2022.

چیئر مین کی جانب سے جائزہ رپورٹ

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر ز ("بورڈ") کی مجموعی کار کر دگی اور کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول میں اس کی تا ثیر کے بارے میں **حافظ لمیٹڈ** ("کمپنی") کے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کو بیہ جائزہ ریورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے مجھے خوشی ہورہی ہے۔

سال کے دوران، آج اے ایف ایل کے پاس ایک مؤثر گور ننس فریم ورک موجود ہے جو بورڈ اور اس کی کمیٹیوں کی ساخت، طریقہ کار اور اجلاسوں کے سلسلے میں کمپنیز ایکٹ، ۲۰۱۷ اور لسٹڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ریگولیشنز، ۲۰۱۹ میں مقرر کر دہ ضروریات کی تعمیل کرتا ہے۔ بورڈ کی سالانہ تشخیص کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے تحت کی گئی ہے تا کہ اس بات کویقینی بنایا جاسکے کہ بورڈ کی مجموعی کار کردگی تیار کردہ جامع معیار کے مطابق ہے۔

زیر نظر سال کے دوران، بورڈ نے کامیاب آپریشنل اور مالی کار کر دگی کی عکاس کرتے ہوئے کمپنی کے معاملات کے انتظام میں ایک مؤثر کر دار ادا کیا ہے. بورڈ نے انتظامیہ کے ساتھ بروقت بات چیت کرتے ہوئے کمپنی کے مقاصد، حکمت عملیوں اور کاروباری اور مالی کار کر دگی کی با قاعد گی سے تشخیص کا ایک طریقہ کارتیار کیا ہے۔ انتظامیہ روز مرہ کی کاروباری سرگرمیوں کو انتجام دینے اور بورڈ کی حکمت عملی کو کارروائیوں میں تبدیل کرنے کی ذمہ دارہے۔ خاص طور پر کوویڈ ۱ پھیلنے کی غیر معمولی صور تحال میں۔

بورڈ کمپنی کی راہ متعین کرنے، اس کی کامیابی اور کار کر دگی کو فروغ دینے اور اچھی کارپوریٹ گور ننس کے اصولوں کوبر قرار رکھتے ہوئے بورڈ کی منظور کر دہ حکمت عملی کے مطابق آپریشنز کرنے کے لئے انتظامیہ کی <mark>رہنمائی کرنے می</mark>ں اہم کر دار اداکر تارہے گا۔

ہماری کمپنی کی طرف سے، میں انتظامیہ، ہمارے تمام ملاز مین، اور ہمارے قابل قدر حصص یافتگان کی شر اکت کو تسلیم کرناچاہتاہوں، ان کے اعتماد، مسلسل جمایت اور کمپنی کے لئے عزم کے لئے .

محمه فاروق عثانى

چيئر مين

کراچی:

۲اکتوبر 2022

Directors Report

To start with the name of Almighty Allah - the most Gracious, and Merciful, and blessing upon our beloved Prophet Peace be upon him.

The Board of Director of your company are pleasure to present the 71st Annual Report together with the audited financial statements of your company and auditor's report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Operating Results	2022	2021
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Net profit before taxation	14,545,329	40,127,972
Taxation	2,432,403	6,828,806
Net profit after taxation	12,112,926	33,299,166
Appropriation:		
Proposed Final Dividend 20% (2021:20%)	2,400,000	2,400,000
Transfer to reserves	9,712,926	30,899,166
Earnings per share	10.09	27.75

Review:

The year 2022, get some sigh of relief from COVID-19, as some restoration of business activities was about to restore all over the world. The company then realized that as restoration of business after almost 2 years, would face some challenges. Your company in an anticipated move during COVID-19 and did not take any further risk during grieved period of COVID-19.

The company has made some decision to make some investment in property, in an effort to consider business and revenue expansion as and soon the economic environment will be feasible. Apart from this, company also considered to meet some government delegates to mutually decide on business parameters. But in last quarter of financial year 2022, there was some political changes, where uncertainty started to grow, with Pak Rupee value continuously declined, along with international economic and commodities volatility, your company management as with cautious measures, secure itself to further take any business expansion, and just focused on to stabilize current revenue parameters.

The uncertainty and volatility not only in Pakistan, but all over the world, your company is by the grace of Almighty Allah make it stable, as fortunately, your company is totally on equity financing.

Future Outlook:

As the uncertain economic environment, it seems upcoming period will also face some volatile scenario, but as your company is trying to make itself stable, so, any positive turnaround of economic parameters will allow company to take any viable decision for expansion and ultimately to entertain its respected shareholders via good dividend.

As your company is trying to be in coordination with some international delegates, and local authorities to discuss the feasible options, like to Import/Export, Information Technology, but the matter is under mutual discussion, and waiting for feasible economic and political scenario.

Dividend:

The Board of Director of your company has announced the final dividend of 20% i.e., Rs.2/- per share for the year ended June 2022 to the shareholders of the company.

Auditors:

The present auditors M/s. Mazars M.F. & Co., Chartered Accountants retire and offer themselves for re-appointment. As suggested by the audit committee, the Board recommends their appointment as Auditors for the Company for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pattern of Shareholding:

The detailed pattern of shareholding as required by the Companies Act, 2017 and the statement of compliance with code of

corporate governance 2019 is enclosed.

Number of Board Meetings:

The statement showing the attendance of Directors in BOD meetings is as under:

Serial			Number of BOD Meetings					
Number	Name of Directors	Held	Attended	Leave Granted	Resigned / Appointment			
1	Mr. Fakhruddin Usmani	5	5	0				
2	Mr. Quamruddin Osmani	5	5	0				
3	Mr. Muhammad Farooq Usmani	5	5	0				
4	Mr. Mahmood Wali Muhammad	5	4	1				
5	Mrs. Huma Javaid	5	5	0				
6	Mr. Kamran Ahmed	5	5	0				
7	Mr. Muhammad Shazad Fakhir	5	5	0				

Audit Committee, Human Resource Committees, Nomination Committee and Risk Management Committee:

The board in compliance with the code of corporate governance has constituted the following committees comprising of the following members:

Audit Committee	Human Resource Comm	ittee	
Mr. Kamran Ahmed	Chairman	Mr. Fakhruddin Usmani	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Farooq Usmani	Member	Mr. Quamruddin Osmani	Member
Mr. Mahmood Wali Muhammad	Member	Mrs. Huma Javaid	Member
Nomination Committee		Risk Management Comm	ittee
Mr. Mahmood Wali Muhammad	Chairman	Mr. Muhammad Shazad Fakhir	Chairman
Mr. Fakhruddin Usmani	Member	Mr. Fakhruddin Usmani	Member
Mr. Muhammad Shazad Fakhir	Member	Mr. Quamruddin Osmani	Member

During the year under review, the committees have performed its function satisfactory and in accordance with the code of corporate governance.

Acknowledgment:

In the end, we pray Almighty Allah to guide us to select the project which is not only feasible, but also transparent in nature. We also thank our stakeholders for being with us, and we ensure that the name HAFIZ will never let your trust down.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD.

FakhruddinUsmani Chief Executive Officer

Karachi:

6th October, 2022.

ڈائز یکٹرز کی ربورٹ

سب سے پہلے اللہ تعالیٰ کے نام سے شروع کر ناجو ہمارے پیارے نبی صلی اللہ علیہ وآلہ وسلم پر سب سے زیادہ مہر بان اور مہر بان اور برکت ہے۔ آپ کی سمبیٰ کے بورڈ آفڈائر کیٹر ۳۰ جون، ۲۰۲۲ کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے آپ کی سمبیٰ کے آڈٹ شدہ مالی بیانات اور اس پر آڈیٹر کی رپورٹ کے ساتھ اے ویں سالانہ رپورٹ بیش کرنے پرخو ڈی محسوس کرتے ہیں .

آپر مینگ نتائج	2022 (روپي)	2021 (روپے)
نیک <u>ں سے پہل</u> ے خالص منافع	14,545,329	40,127,972
کیس	2,432,403	6,828,806
نکیس کے بعد خا ^{لص} منافع	12,112,926	33,299,166
تقرف:		
بچوزه حتی منافع	2,400,000	2,400,000
ذ خائر میں منتقلی ذ خائر میں	9,712,926	30,899,166
في حصص آمدني	10.09	27.75

جائزه:

سال ۲۰۲۲ میں کوویڈ 19 سے کچھ راحت کی سانس لیس، کیونکہ پوری دنیامیں کاروباری سر گرمیوں کی کچھ بھالی بھال ہونے والی تھی۔اس کے بعد کمپنی کواحساس ہوا کہ تقریبا ۲ سال کے بعد کاروباری کہ بھالی کے طور پر ،کچھ چیلنجوں کاسامناکرناپڑے گا۔ آپ کی کمپنی کوویڈ 19 کے دوران متوقع اقدام میں تھی اور کوویڈ 19 کے غمز دہ عرصے کے دوران مزید کوئی خطر و نہیں اٹھایا۔

کمپنی نے جائیداد میں کچھے سرمابید کاری کرنے کے لئے کچھ فیصلہ کیا ہے ، کاروبار اور آمدنی کی توسیع پر غور کرنے کی کو شش میں اور جلد ہی اقتصادی ماحول ممکن ہو جائے گا. اس کے علاوہ کمپنی نے کاروبار ک پیرامیٹرز پر باہمی طور پر فیصلہ کرنے کے لئے کچھ سرکاری مندو بین سے ملنے پر بھی غور کیا۔ لیکن مالی سال ۲۰۲۲ کی آخری سے ماہی میں کچھ سیاسی تبدیلیاں رونما ہو بھی ، جہاں غیر بھینی صور تحال بڑھا گئے ہے گی ، پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں مسلسل کی کے ساتھ ساتھ بین الا قوامی معاشی اور اجناس کے اتار چڑھاؤ کے ساتھ ساتھ آپ کی کمپنی انتظامیہ مختاط اقد امات کے ساتھ کی بھی کاروباری توسیع کو آگے بڑھائے کے لیے خود کو محفوظ رکھتی ہے، اور صرف موجو دہ آمدنی کے بیرامیٹرز کو محظام کرنے پر توجہ مرکوز کرتی ہے۔

نہ صرف پاکستان بلکہ یوری دنیامیں غیریقینی صورتحال اور اتار چڑھاؤہے، آپ کی سمپنی اللہ تعالیٰ کے فضل و کرم ہے اسے مستظلم بناتی ہے، خوش قسمتی سے آپ کی سمپنی مکمل طور پر ایکو کئی فنانسنگ پر ہے۔

منتقبل كا آؤث لك:

غیر تقینی معاشی ماحول کے طور پر، ایسالگتاہے کہ آنے والی مدت کو بھی کچھ غیر متحکم منظر نامے کا سامنا کرنا پڑے گا، لیکن جیسا کہ آپ کی کمپنی خو د کو متحکم بنانے کی کوشش کر رہی ہے، اہذا، اقتصادی پیرامیٹرز کی کوئی بھی مثبت تبدیلی کمپنی کو توسیع کے لئے کسی بھی قابل عمل فیصلے کو لینے کی اجازت دے گی اور بالآخر اس کے معزز خصص یافتیگان کو تفز تے فراہم کرے گی .

جیسا کہ آپ کی کمپنی کچھ بین الا قوامی مندومین، اور مقامی حکام کے ساتھ مل کر مکنہ اختیارات پر تبادلہ خیال کرنے کی کوشش کر رہی ہے، جیسے درآمہ / بر آمد، انفار میشن ٹیکنالو ہی، کیکن بیہ معاملہ باہمی بحث کے تحت ہے، اور قابل عمل اقتصادی اور ساسی منظریا ہے کا اقطار کر رہاہے ۔

منافع:

آپ کی کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر نے جون ۲۰۲۲ کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے کمپنی کے حصص یافتیگان کو ۲۰ فیصد بعنی - / 2روپے فی حصص کے حتی منافع کا اعلان کیا ہے۔

آڏيڻرز:

موجودہ آڈیٹرز میسرز مز ارزایم ایف اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس ریٹائز ہو جاتے ہیں اور خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے بیش کرتے ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمپنی کی تبحویز کے مطابق، بورڈ • ۳ جون ، ۲۰۲۳ کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے کمپنی کے لئے آڈیٹرز کے طوریران کی تقرری کی سفارش کرتا ہے.

شيئر ہولڈنگ کانمونہ:

کمپنیزایک ،۲۰۱۷ کے ذریعہ ضروری شیئر ہولڈنگ کا تفصیلی نموند اور کارپوریٹ گور ننس ۲۰۱۹ کے کوڈ کی تغیل کا بیان مسلک ہے۔

بورڈ کے اجلاسوں کی تعداد:

بی اوڈی اجلاسوں میں ڈائر کیٹرز کی حاضری کو ظاہر کرنے والا بیان درج ذیل ہے:

		ڈائز یکٹر ز کے نام	سيريل		
مستعفی/ تقرری	رخصت کی اجازت دی گئی	شرکت کی	منعقد کیا گیا	والريسرزكام	نمبر
	0	5	5	جناب فخر الدين عثاني	1
	0	5	5	جناب قمرالدين عثاني	2
	0	5	5	جناب محمه فاروق عثمانی	3
	1	4	5	جناب محمود ولي محمه	4
	0	5	5	مسز جما جاويد	5
	0	5	5	جناب كامر ان احمد	6
	0	5	5	جناب محمد شزاد فاخر	7

آوٹ كىيٹى، جيومن ريسورس كميٹياں، نامز دگى كميٹى اور رسك مينجنث كميٹى:

بورڈنے کارپوریٹ گورننس کے کوڈ کی لقبیل میں مندر جہ ذیل کمیٹیاں تشکیل دی ہیں جن میں درج ذیل ممبران شامل ہیں:

	ن ريسورس سميني	بيوم		آڈٹ سمیٹی
چيئر مين	. فخر الدين عثاني	جناب	چيئر مين	جناب کامر ان احمد
ر کن	، قمر الدين عثاني	جناب	ر کن	جناب محمه فاروق عثانى
ر کن	ماجاو يد	مسزة	ر کن	جناب محمود ولی محمه

	رسک مینجنث نمیٹی		نامز د گی سمینی
چيئر مين	جناب محمد شزاد فاخر	چيئر مين	جناب محمود ولی محمه
ر کن	جناب فخر الدين عثاني	ر کن	جناب فخر الدين عثماني
ر کن	جناب قمرالدين عثاني	ر کن	جناب محمد شنزاد فاخر

جائزہ کے تحت سال کے دوران، کمیٹیوں نے اطمینان بخش اور کار ایوریٹ گور ننس کے کوڈ کے مطابق اپنے کام کو انجام دیاہے.

اعتراف:

آخر میں ہم اللہ تعالیٰ سے دعا گوہیں کہ وہ ہمیں اس منصوبے کا انتخاب کرنے کی توفیق عطافرمائے جونہ صرف قابل عمل ہے بلکہ شفاف نوعیت کا بھی ہے۔ ہم اپنے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کا بھی شکریہ اداکرتے ہیں کہ وہ ہمارے ساتھ ہیں اور ہم اس بات کو یقینی بناتے ہیں کہ حافظ کانام آپ کے اعتاد کو کبھی کم نہیں ہونے دے گا۔

کے لئے اور بورڈ کی طرف سے

فخرالدین عثانی چیفاگیزیکٹو آفیسر

کراچی:

۲اکۋېر 2020

KEY OPERATING & FINANCIAL RESULTS FROM 2018 TO 2022

PARTICULARS	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
PARTICULARS		(Rupe	es in thous	ands)	
OPERATING DATA					
Sales (Net)	25,465	23,035	13,792	11,267	13,654
Cost of Sales	-	-	-	-	-
Gross Profit / (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Expenses	11,856	6,649	6,647	5,556	6,178
Opeerating Profit / (Loss)	13,609	16,386	7,145	5,711	7,476
Financial Charges	12	12	14	12	24
Gain on change in fair value of					
investment property	11 ,848	9,714	14,103	19,487	11,511
Profit/ (Loss) Before Taxation	14,545	40,128	23,643	25,678	19,062
Profit/ (Loss) After Taxation	12,113	33,299	20,742	24,184	16,953
FINANCIAL DATA					
Paid up Capital	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
Equity Balance	479,733	470,299	427,362	408,481	386,617
Long Term Loans	56,635	56,635	56,635	56,635	56,635
Fixed Assets (Net)	529,667	504,995	491,508	478,340	457,238
Current Assets	24,721	33,989	14,515	10,590	9,925
Current Liabilities	17,284	11,689	9,694	11,550	11,601
KEY RATIOS					
Gross Margin	_	_	-	_	_
Operating Margin	-	-	-	-	-
Net Profit	53%	71%	48%	42%	40%
Return on Capital Employed	2.53%	3.39%	1.44%	1.20%	1.64%
Current Ratio	1.43	2.91	1.50	0.92	0.86
Earning per share (Rupees)	10.09	27.75	17.28	20.15	14.13
Cash Dividend	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	17.50%	15.00%

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies

(Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

Name of company: HAFIZ LIMTED (the "Company") For the year ended: 30th June, 2022.

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are **SEVEN** as per the following:

a. Male: Six b. Female: One

2. The composition of Board is as follows:

a. Independent Directors Huma Javaid

Kamran Ahmed

b. Other Non-executive Director Muhammad Faroog Usmani

Mahmood Wali Muhammad Muhammad Shazad Fakhir

c. Executive Director Fakhruddin Usmani

Quamruddin Osmani

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / Shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of Board.
- 8. The Board of Directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The Company stands complied with the requirements of the Regulations with respect to Directors' Training. One director has certification under Directors' Training Program and four directors met criteria of exemption as allowed under the Regulations. The remaining Director would be attending the Directors' Training Program within the time limit as allowed under these Regulations.
- 10. There was no fresh appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company secretary and Head of Internal Audit during the year ended June 30, 2022. The Board has approved appointment of chief financial officer, company secretary and head of internal audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and

complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.

- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members as given below:
- a. Audit Committee (Name of members and Chairman)

Mr. Kamran Ahmed - Chairman (Independent Director)

Mr. Muhammad Farooq Usmani - Member Mr. Mahmood Wali Muhammad - Member

b. HR and Remuneration Committee (Name of members and Chairman)

Mr. Fakhruddin Usmani - Chairman (Independent Director)

Mr. Quamruddin Osmani - Member

Mr. Huma Javaid - Member (Independent Director)

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following:

a. Audit Committee Four quarterly meetings were

held during the financial year ended June 30, 2022.

b. HR and Remuneration Committee One meeting was held during

the financial year ended June 30, 2022.

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function. The Head of Internal Audit is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the Company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

Fakhruddin Usmani Chief Executive Officer

Karachi:

6th October, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Hafiz Limited (the Company)

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Hafiz Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

MAZARS M.F. & CO. Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi Date: 6th October, 2022.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Hafiz Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Hafiz Limited (the Company)**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at **30 June 2022**, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matters:

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the Key audit matters
Valuation of Investment Property At June 30, 2021, the Company held investment property amounting to Rs. 522.463 million, constituting 94.24% of the total assets, as disclosed in note 8 to the financial statements. As described in note 5.3 to the financial statements, investment property is measured at fair value and accordingly revaluation gain of Rs. 11.848 million was recognized and presented as a "revaluation gain on investment property".	Our procedures amongst others comprised of: - Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the management's external valuer and obtaining an understanding of the their scope of work and the terms of engagement; - Reviewing the valuation report prepared by the management's external valuer to understand the basis and methodology of valuation;

The Company's investment property valuation is performed by an independent qualified professional valuer. The land was valued on the basis of fair market rates for similar sized plots and the building was valued based on the estimated gross replacement cost, depreciated to reflect the residual service potential of the assets taking account of the age, condition and obsolescence.

We identified valuation of investment property as a key audit matter because of the significance of investment property to the total assets of the Company and the estimation uncertainty and significant judgement involved in the valuation.

Assessing the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements in respect of investment property.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Muhammad Saqlain Siddiqui**.

Date: 6th October, 2022.

Place: Karachi

MAZARS M.F. & CO. Chartered Accountants



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITIONAS AT JUNE 30, 2022

		No	ote	2022 (Ruj	2021 pees)
ASSETS					,
NON-CURRENT A	SSETS				
Property, plant and Investment propert Long-term investment	у	8	7 8 9	7,203,960 522,463,352 1	6,453,319 498,541,808 1
•				529,667,313	504,995,128
CURRENT ASSET	s				
Short-term investm Stores and spares Trade debts Trade deposits and Taxation- net Bank balances - cu	l advances	1 1	10 11 12 13	12,211,510 - - 736,922 4,256,637 7,515,858 24,720,927	24,424,070 - - 1,477,872 2,097,176 5,989,752 33,988,870
Net assets in Bang	ladesh	1	14	1	1
Total assets			_	554,388,241	538,983,999
EQUITY AND LIAE	BILITIES				
SHARE CAPITAL	AND RESERVES				
Authorised capital 2,000,000 (2021: 2	,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs	. 10/- each		20,000,000	20,000,000
Issued, subscribed Reserves	and paid-up capital	1	15 _	12,000,000 524,353,934 536,353,934	12,000,000 514,934,109 526,934,109
NON-CURRENT L	IABILITY			330,333,334	020,004,100
Deferred liability - s	staff gratuity	1	16	750,250	360,473
CURRENT LIABIL	ITIES				
Trade and other pa Unclaimed dividend	-	1	17	13,004,743 4,279,314 17,284,057	7,807,830 3,881,587 11,689,417
TOTAL EQUITY A	ND LIABILITIES		_	554,388,241	538,983,999
CONTINGENCIES	AND COMMITMENTS	1	18		
The annexed notes for	rm an integral part of these financial st	atements.	l.		5
Karachi 6th October, 2022	Muhamad Shahid Siddiqui CFO	Fakhruddin Us CEO	mani	(Qumaruddin Osmani Director

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2022 (Rug	2021 ees)		
Rental income		25,465,460	23,035,052		
Administrative expenses	19	(11,855,957)	(6,648,663)		
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of investment property	8	11,848,204	9,714,031		
Other charges	20	(12,381,265)	-		
		(12,389,018)	3,065,368		
Other income	21	1,480,997	14,039,650		
Operating profit		14,557,439	40,140,070		
Finance cost - bank charges		(12,110)	(12,098)		
Profit before taxation		14,545,329	40,127,972		
Taxation	22	(2,432,403)	(6,828,806)		
Net profit for the year		12,112,926	33,299,166		
		(Rup	oees)		
Basic and diluted earnings per share	23	10.09	27.75		

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Karachi 6th October, 2022 Muhamad Shahid Siddiqui

Fakhruddin Usmani CEO

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 s)
Net profit for the year		12,112,926	33,299,166
Other comprehensive income			
Item that will not be reclassified to statement of profit or loss in subsequent periods;			
(Loss) / Gain on remeasurement of post retirement benefits obligation		(293,100)	38,130
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	11,819,826	33,337,296

'The annexed notes from an integral part of these financial statements.

Karachi 6th October, 2022 Muhamad Shahid Siddiqui CFO Fakhruddin Usmani

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITYFOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		RESERVES						
		Capital General						
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Interest free Ioan from Directors Note: 4.18	Unappropriated profit	Fair value reserve for investment property	Gain on revaluation of investment at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total equity		
Balance as at June 30, 2020	12,000,000	56,634,905	55,951,915	371,752,394	(342,401)	495,996,813		
Final dividend @ Rs 2/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2021	-	-	(2,400,000)	-	-	(2,400,000)		
Net Profit for the year	-	-	33,299,166	-	-	33,299,166		
Other comprehensive income	-	-	38,130	-	-	38 ,130		
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	33,337,296	-	-	33,337,296		
Balance as at June 30, 2021	12,000,000	56,634,905	86,889,211	371,752,394	(342,401)	526,934,109		
Final dividend @ Rs 2/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2022	-	-	(2,400,000)	-	-	(2,400,000)		
Net Profit for the year	-	-	12,112,926	-	-	12,112,926		
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	(293,100)	-	-	(293,100)		
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	11,819,826	-	-	11,819,826		
Balance as at June 30, 2022	12,000,000	56,634,905	96,309,036	371,752,394	(342,401)	536,353,934		

The annexed notes from an integral part of these financial statements.

Karachi 6th October, 2022 Muhamad Shahid Siddiqui CFO Fakhruddin Usmani CFO



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022	2021
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(Rupe	es)
Profit before taxation	14,545,329	40,127,972
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:		
Depreciation	911,379	1,026,436
Provision for gratuity	96,677	65,533
(Gain) / loss on revaluation of investments	12,381,265	- (0.744.004)
Unrealized gain on revaluation of investment property Other income	(11,848,204)	(9,714,031)
Finance cost	(1,480,997)	(14,039,650) 12,098
Finance cost	12,110	(22,649,614)
Decrease / (increase) in current assets	72,230	(22,043,014)
Trade deposits and advances	740,950	11,200
	740,950	11,200
(Decrease) / increase in current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	5,196,913	1,549,206
Cash generated from operations	20,555,422	19,038,764
Income tax paid	(4,591,864)	(7,007,642)
Finance cost paid	(12,110)	(12,098)
Net cash generated from operating activities	15,951,448	12,019,024
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Fixed capital expenditure	(182,020)	(4,799,554)
Investments made during the year	(12,241,049)	(5,396,675)
Net cash used in investing activities	(12,423,069)	(10,196,229)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividend paid	(2,002,273)	(1,953,481)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,002,273)	(1,953,481)
· ·	, , ,	,
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,526,106	(130,686)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	5,989,752	6,120,438
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	7,515,858	5,989,752

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Karachi 6th October, 2022 Muhamad Shahid Siddiqui CFO Fakhruddin Usmani CEO

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Hafiz Limited (the Company) was incorporated in 1951. The shares of the Company are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited .

In previous years, the Company had changed the name and nature of its business. Previously, the principal activity of the Company was to deal in spinning of textile fibers and now the principal activity of the Company is to earn rentals on land and building.

1.2 Geographical location and address of business units

The registered office and business units of the Company is situated at 97, Alliance Building, 2nd Floor, Moolji Street, Mereweather Tower, Karachi.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- **3.1** These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain investments which have been disclosed in the accounting policies below.
- **3.2** These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Estimates, assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under current circumstances. The Company makes estimates and judgments concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and judgments that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

		Notes
-	determining the residual values, useful lives and impairment of property, plant and equipment	7
-	impairment of financial and non-financial assets	5.19
-	Allowance for expected credit loss	12
-	provision for tax and deferred tax	22
-	contingencies	18

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

5.1 New / Revised Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

The Company has adopted the following accounting standards, amendments and interpretations of IFRSs and the improvements to accounting standards which became effective for the current year:

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2 which amended IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16

COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions (Amendments to IFRS 16)

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements did not have any effect on the accounting policies.

5.2 Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is charged to the statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month asset is available for use and in case of deletion, up to the month preceding the month of disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

An item of operating fixed assets and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of operating fixed assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

5.3 Investment property

These are initially recognized at cost, which is the fair value of consideration given. Subsequently it is measured at fair value, any gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of investment property is recognised in the statement of profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value at the date of transfer is recognized in the statement of changes in equity as a fair value reserve for investment property. However, if a fair value gain reverses a previous impairment loss the gain is recognized in the statement of profit or loss to the extent of impairment charged previously in the statement of profit or loss. Upon the disposal of such investment property, any surplus previously recorded in the statement of changes in equity is transferred to retained earnings, the transfer is not made through the statement of profit or loss.

5.4 Stores and spares

These are valued at lower of cost, determined using weighted average method, and Net Realisable Value (NRV), less provision for obselete items (if any). Items in transit are valued at cost comprising purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the reporting date. Provision is made for items which are obsolete and slow moving and is determined based on management estimate regarding their future usability.

5.5 Trade debts

These are recognized and carried at original invoice amount being the fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Provision is made on the basis of lifetime Expected Credit Losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade debts. Bad debts are written off when considered irrecoverable.

5.6 Loans, advances and deposits

These are initially recognised at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given. Subsequent to initial recognition, assessment is made at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is an indication that a financial asset or group of assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset or group of assets is determined and any impairment loss is recognised for the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value.

5.7 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition net of short-term borrowings. The cash and cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amount of cash and are therefore subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

5.8 Taxation

Current

Charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax rebates and credits available, if any.

Deferred

Deferred tax is provided using the statement of financial position liability method, on all temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each statement of financial position date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 20.894 million (2021: Rs. 3.776 million) has not been recognized in these financial statements in accordance with the above policy.

5.9 Unclaimed dividend

The Company recognises unclaimed dividend which was declared and remained unclaimed by the shareholder from the date it was due or payable.

5.10 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payable are carried at amortised cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

5.11 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- there is a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measure with sufficient reliability.

5.12 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of assets and incurred during the period in connection with the activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use are capitalised as a part of the cost of related asset.

5.13 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates an un-approved and unfunded defined gratuity scheme for all permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualifying year of service for entitlement of gratuity. Gratuity is based on employees' last drawn salary. Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Actuarial gain or loss (remeasurements) are immediately recognised in 'Other Comprehensive Income' as they occur. The amount recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of the plan assets. Current service costs and any past service costs together with net interest cost are charged to the statement of profit or loss.

Retirement benefits are payable to employees on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service under the Plan.

5.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised in the statement of financial position where the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

5.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at amounts that reflect the consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Rental income from properties is recognized as revenue as per the tenancy agreements on accrual basis.

5.16 Other income

Other income is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and amount can be measured reliably. Other income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised on the following basis:

- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- Gain on disposal is recognised at the time of disposal of operating fixed assets.

5.17 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange gains or losses are included in statement of profit or loss of the current period.

5.18 Interest free loan from Directors

These are classified as equity. According to Technical Release - 32 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), any loan to an entity by the director which is agreed to be paid at the discretion of the entity does not pass the test of liability and is to be recorded as equity at face value . This is not subsequently re-measured. The decision by the entity at any time in future to deliver cash or any other financial asset to settle the director's loan would be a direct debit to equity .

5.19 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Under IFRS 9 Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at following:

- (a) at amortised cost
- (b) at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); and
- (c) at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the business model for managing them.

(a) At amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(b) At fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

 The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and

The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. The company has irrevocably elected to carry its quoted investments in equity instruments under this category.

(c) At fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

Susbequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into following categories;

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments); and
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses (equity instruments)

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with an 'expected credit loss' (ECL) model. The new impairment model applies to financial assets measured at amortised cost , contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments .

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the respective asset.

The Company uses the standard's simplified approach and calculates ECL based on life time ECL on its financial assets. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

ii) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss. This category generally applies to interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

iii) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

5.20 Dividends and appropriation to reserves

The Company recognises a liability for dividend to equity holder when it is authorized as per corporate laws in Pakistan. The transfer of reserves within the equity are recognized when these are approved as per the applicable laws.

6. STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following standards, amendments and improvements to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standard or Amendments	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 3 - Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 37 - Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 1 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IFRS 10 / IAS 28 - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments)	Not Yet Finalized
IFRS 16 - Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 1 - Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 8 - Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 12 - Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single transaction (Amendments)	January 01, 2023

Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2018-2020 cycle)

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 percent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities	January 1, 2022
IAS 41 - Agriculture – Taxation in fair value measurements	January 1, 2022
IFRS 16 - Leases: Lease incentives	January 1, 2022

Further, following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard		IASB effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 1	First time adoption of IFRSs	01 January 2004
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	01 January 2023

The Company expects that above new standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

WRITTEN DOWN VALUE	As at June 30, 2022		1,399,237	2,883	623,353	826,843	881,686	3,463,958	7,203,960	WRITTEN DOWN VALUE	As at June 30, 2021		1,554,708	3,203	692,615	918,715	804,131	2,479,947	6,453,319
	As at June 30, 2022	()	54,818,449	463,208	2,801,989	1,183,837	1,260,664	1,940,434	62,468,581		As at June 30, 2021		54,662,978	462,888	2,732,727	1,091,965	1,162,199	1,444,445	61,557,202
PRECIATION	On disposals	(Rupees)	•			•	•			PRECIATION	On disposals	(Rupees)		•		•	•		
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	Charge for the year		155,471	320	69,262	91,872	98,465	495,989	911,379	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	Charge for the year		172,745	356	71,360	102,079	62,764	617,132	1,026,436
ACCI	As at July 01, 2021	1	54,662,978	462,888	2,732,727	1,091,965	1,162,199	1,444,445	61,557,202	ACCI	As at July 01, 2020		54,490,233	462,532	2,661,367	989,886	1,099,435	827,313	60,530,766
	Rate	% !	9	9	9	9	9	70			Rate		9	9	9	9	9	70	
	As at June 30, 2022		56,217,686	466,091	3,425,342	2,010,680	2,148,350	5,404,392	69,672,541		As at June 30, 2021		56,217,686	466,091	3,425,342	2,010,680	1,966,330	3,924,392	68,010,521
ST	Disposals	(Rupees)					•	•		ST	Disposals	(Rupees)				•			
COST	Additions	(Ru			•		182,020	1,480,000	1,662,020	COST	Additions	(Ru		•	72,398	•	429,481	2,083,770	2,585,649
	As at July 01, 2021		56,217,686	466,091	3,425,342	2,010,680	1,966,330	3,924,392	68,010,521		As at July 01, 2020		56,217,686	466,091	3,352,944	2,010,680	1,536,849	1,840,622	65,424,872
			Plant and machinery	Tools and equipments	Electrical fittings	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Vehicles	2022				Plant and machinery	Tools and equipments	Electrical fittings	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Vehicles	2021

8. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

<i>,</i>	As at July 01, 2021	Addition	Revaluation	Disposal	As at June 30, 2022
Land - freehold Building on freehold land	450,000,000 46,327,903	<u>-</u>	12,000,000 (151,796)	- -	462,000,000 46,176,107
Capital work in progress (Note 8.4)	2,213,905	12,073,340			14,287,245
2022	498,541,808	12,073,340	11,848,204	-	522,463,352
	As at July 01, 2020	Addition	Revaluation	Disposal	As at June 30, 2021
Land - freehold	440,673,125	-	9,326,875	-	450,000,000
Building on freehold land	45,940,747	-	387,156	-	46,327,903
Capital work in progress		2,213,905			2,213,905
2021	486,613,872	2,213,905	9,714,031	-	498,541,808

8.1 Had there been no revaluation the written down values of revalued investment property (after providing depreciation, if any) would have been as follows:

	2022 2021 (Rupees)			
Land - freehold Building on freehold land	94,880,000 1,765,253	94,880,000 1,918,753		
	96,645,253	96,798,753		
The forced sale value is estimated as follows:				
Land - freehold	369,600,000	360,000,000		
Building on freehold land	36,940,885	37,062,322		
	406,540,885	397,062,322		

8.2 Investment property was revalued and the value has been determined on the basis of valuation carried out by an independent valuer as of June 30, 2022. The land was valued on the basis of fair market rent and the building was valued based on the estimated gross replacement cost, depreciated to reflect the residual service potential of the assets taking account of the age, condition and obsolesence.

8.3 Details of the Company's immovable investment property

	Land Area (square yards) (F	Building Covered Area (square feet) Rupees)
Plot no.9, Manghopir road, S.I.T.E, Karachi.	28,701	258,311

8.4 Capital work in progess

During the year, Company has given advance for the purchase of land in the area of K28, Phase II, Block A, Trans Lyari Quarters, Hawksbay Road, District Maripur, Karachi.



9.	LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS Quoted - at fair value through other comprehensive income	Note	2022 (Rup	2021 ees)
	Pan Islamic Steamship Company Limited 275,000 (2021: 275,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each Less: Provision for impairment	9.1	16,137 (16,136) 1	16,137 (16,136) 1
	Change in fair value		-	-
			1	1
9.1	During the year 2015, Pan Islamic Steamship Company Limited Stock Exchange Limited due to which no trading is taking place made full provision against it, leaving a token value of Rs1			
10.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	Note	2022 (Rup	2021 ees)
	Investments at fair value through profit or loss	10.1	12,211,510	24,424,070
10.1	Financial Assets			
	Quoted - at fair value through profit or loss			
	AISHA STEEL MILLS LIMITED 25000 (2021: 15000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each AMTEX LIMITED		608,464	370,821
	25000 (2021: 25000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each ARIF HABIB CORPORATION LIMITED		-	-
	Nil (2021: 25000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		-	1,045,305
	AZGARD NINE LIMITED			
	10000 (2021: Nil) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		125,568	-
	50000 (2021: Nil) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		187,520	-
	CNERGYICO PK LIMITED 130000 (2021: 130000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		1,509,300	1,314,537
	COLONY TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED 40000 (2021: 95500) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		393,627	450,097
	DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED Nil (2021: 25000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		-	79,513
	DOLMEN CITY REIT Nil (2021: 20000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		-	226,462
	DOST STEELS LIMITED		40.000	
	10000 (2021: 10000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each ENGRO POWERGEN QADIRPUR LIMITED		49,800	64,607
	Nil (2021: 30000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each FAUJI FOODS LIMITED		-	694,138
	2000 (2021: 10000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each GHANDHARA NISSAN LIMITED		11,873	170,511
	3000 (2021: Nil) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		226,506	
	20000 (2021: 20000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		185,000	239,892
	HIRA TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED 60000 (2021: 60000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		244,800	284,906
	IMAGE PAKISTAN LTD 5000 (2021: Nil) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		73,259	

No	2022 te (I		
K-ELECTRIC LIMITED	1	1 1	
825000 (2021: 425000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	2,987,310	1,741,005	
LALPIR POWER LIMITED	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
20000 (2021: 20000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	357,200	382,024	
MAPLE LEAF CEMENT FACTORY LIMITED	·	,	
Nil (2021: 10000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	-	468,471	
NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LIMITED			
20000 (2021: 20000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	300,400	363,024	
NISHAT POWER LIMITED			
30000 (2021: 10000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	606,808	203,562	
PAK SUZUKI MOTOR COMPANY LIMITED			
2000 (2021: 2000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	750,613	723,224	
PAKISTAN INTERNATIONAL BULK TERMINAL			
10000 (2021: 10000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	113,800	131,999	
PAKISTAN STOCK EXCHANGE LIMITED			
2000 (2021: 10000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	13,793	172,511	
PAKISTAN TELECOMMUNICATION COMPANY LTD			
55000 (2021: 55000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	651,200	625,136	
POWER CEMENT LIMITED			
464000 (2021: 490000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	4,775,355	4,714,424	
SINDH MODARABA			
34000 (2021: 35000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	299,515	330,670	
TELECARD LIMITED			
Nil (2021: 25000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	-	351,374	
WORLDCALL TELECOM LIMITED			
2285000 (2021: 2245000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	10,054,612	4,468,904	
ZEPHYR TEXTILES LIMITED			
6000 (2021: 10500) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	66,452	147,646	
	24,592,775	19,764,762	
(Loss) / gain on revaluation of investments	(12,381,265)	4,659,308	
	12,211,510	24,424,070	

		Note	2022 (Rup	2021 ees)
11.	STORES AND SPARES	11010	(1.24)	
	Stores Spares		196,970 2,531,821	•
	Less: Provision for obsolesence		2,728,791 (2,728,791)	
				<u>-</u>
12.	TRADE DEBTS - unsecured			
	Considered good Less: Allowance for expected credit losses			2,012,797 (2,012,797)
12.1	These are in normal course of business and are interest fre	ee.		
13.	TRADE DEPOSITS AND ADVANCES			
	Deposits	13.1	148,846	1,028,846
	Funds at Ghani Securities		139,050	-
	Advance to staff		449,026	449,026
	Advances to suppliers Less: Provision against doubtful advances		3,807,863 (3,807,863)	3,807,863 (3,807,863)
			736,922	1,477,872
13.1	These are in normal course of business and are interest fre	ee.		
14.	NET ASSETS IN BANGLADESH			
	Board Loan Unit Less: Loan from PICIC and interest accrued thereon		10,196,790 (4,741,141) 5,455,649	10,196,790 (4,741,141) 5,455,649
	Investment: 712,500 (2021: 712,500) fully paid ordinary shoof Rs. 10/- each Hafiz Jute Mills Limited	ares	7,125,000	7,125,000
	Chittagong branch:		400.005	400.005
	Vehicles Office equipment		106,085 24,319	106,085 24,319
	Furniture and fixtures		3,641	3,641
			134,045	134,045
	Less: Accumulated depreciation Less: Provision		(44,389) (12,670,304)	(44,389) (12,670,304)
			1	1

15. SHARE CAPITAL

15.1 Authorized Capital

The Company has authorised capital of 2,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each amounting to Rs. 20 million.

15.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

	2022	2021				
	Number of ord	dinary	_		2022	2021
	shares of Rs. 10	0/- each			(Rup	ees)
	395,000	395,000	Fully paid in cas	h	3,950,000	3,950,000
	105,000	105,000	Other than cash		1,050,000	1,050,000
	700,000	700,000	Issued as fully p	aid bonus shares	7,000,000	7,000,000
	1,200,000	1,200,000	- •	-	12,000,000	12,000,000
16.	DEFERRED LIABILIT	Y - STAFF G	RATUITY			
	Staff gratuity			16.1	750,250	360,473
46.4	Amount vocavniced	:	of financial was	:4: a.m		
10.1	Amount recognised Opening balance	ın statement	or imanciai pos	ition	360,473	333,070
	Charge for the year			16.2	96,677	65,533
	Recognised in other c	omnrehensiy	e income	10.2	293,100	(38,130)
	Benefits paid	omprenensiv	e income		293,100	(30, 130)
	Closing balance			-	750,250	360,473
	Crooming Datarroo			=	100,200	000,110
16.2	Movement in the pre	sent value o	f defined benefit	obligation		
	Current service cost			J	24,152	22,222
	Interest cost				72,525	43,311
	mioroot ooot			_	96,677	65,533
				=	30,011	00,000
16.3	Principal acturial ass	sumptions				
	Expected rate of incre	-	level		12.25%	9.00%
	Valuation discount rate				13.25%	10.00%
	valuation aloosant rate	S			13.23 /0	10.0070
16.4	Sensitivity analysis					
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			June 30,	2022	
			Discou	ınt rate	Salary in	crease
			+100 bps	-100 bps	+100 bps	-100 bps
	Present value of obliga	ations	742,813	757,743	757,762	742,822

		Note	2022 (Rupe	2021 ees)
17.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Accrued liabilities	17.1	6,341,243 4,968,445	2,069,125
	Security deposits Advance from tenant		1,200,640	4,338,152 906,138
	War risk insurance premium	18.1.1	494,415	494,415
			13,004,743	7,807,830

17.1 All security deposits are interest free and are payable on demand.

18. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

18.1 Contigencies

- **18.1.1** The Company has a contingent liability of Rs. 1.12 million in respect of "War Risk Insurance Dues" for the year 1971 imposed by Federation of Pakistan through its secretary commerce. The Company has filed an appeal with the Honorable High Court of Sindh and the case is still in progress. The management and its legal adviser are confident of a favourable outcome however, as a matter of prudence the Company has made a provision of Rs. 0.494 million.
- **18.1.2** During the year 1992, the Company was served a notice by the Honorable High Court of Sindh in respect of termination of various employees demanding a compensation of Rs. 0.41 million be paid to such employees. The management and its legal adviser are confident of a favourable outcome hence, no provision in respect of the above amount has been made in these financial statements.
- 18.1.3 During the year 2010, SECP vide its order EMD/233/253/2002-1131 dated May 20, 2010 under the provisions of Section 473 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 directed the Company to reverse the Director's loan of Rs. 57,790,720 and write back advances from suppliers/creditors to the Statement of profit and loss of the Company. The Company's appeal before SECP has been dismissed but the Company has filed appeal before Honorable High Court of Sindh The outcome of the above appeal is pending and the management is confident that the appeal will be decided in Company's favour accordingly, no related adjustments have been recorded in these financial statements.

18.2 Commitments

There were no outstanding commitments as at June 30, 2022 (2021: Nil).

		Note	2022 (Rup	2021 ees)
19.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Directors' remuneration		3,300,000	947,850
	Salaries and benefits	19.1	886,677	461,533
	Utilities		1,398,932	1,277,982
	Postage, telegram and telephone		310,529	205,891
	Printing and stationery		171,284	86,037
	Vehicle running expense		379,989	285,442
	Legal and professional		210,395	194,010
	Auditors' remuneration	19.2	710,000	710,000
	Fees and subscription		2,203,458	410,581
	Rent, rates and taxes		376,203	277,201
	Repairs and maintenance		409,603	348,781
	Depreciation	7	911,379	1,026,436
	Entertainment		306,798	314,891
	Advertisement		131,125	40,000
	Travelling expenses		79,000	-
	Others		70,585	62,028
			11,855,957	6,648,663
19.1 19.2	These include retirement benefits of Rs.96,677 (Auditors' remuneration	2021: 65,533).		
	Audit fee		600,000	600,000
	Half-yearly review		50,000	50,000
	Other services		50,000	50,000
	Out of pocket expenses		10,000	10,000
	out of pooket expenses		710,000	710,000
20.	OTHER CHARGES			
	Loss on revaluation of investments		12,381,265	<u> </u>
21.	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Dividend		537,600	151,750
	Gain on sale of short term investments		392,356	9,228,592
	Gain on revaluation of investments		-	4,659,308
			929,956	14,039,650
	Income from non financial assets		·	
	Liability no longer payable written back		551,041	-
	,		1,480,997	14,039,650

				2022	2021
22.	TAXATION		Note	(Rup	ees)
	Current			3,814,092	7,210,007
	Prior			(1,381,689)	(381,201)
				2,432,403	6,828,806
22.1	Relationship between income tax	expense and acc	counting profit		
	Profit before taxation			14,545,329	40,127,972
	Tax at the rate of 29% (2021: 29%)			4,218,145	11,637,112
	Tax effects of:				
	Expenses / income that are not allow	wable for tax purpo	oses	(408,114)	(4,427,105)
	Prior			(1,381,689)	(381,201)
				(1,789,803)	(4,808,306)
				2,428,342	6,828,806
22.2	The Company has filed its return of in accordance with the requirements BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS	s of Income Tax Oi	rdinance 2001.		
	There is no dilutive effect on the bas	sic earnings per sh	are of the Comp	pany, which is ba	sed on:
	Net profit for the year			12,112,926	33,299,166
				Number of	shares
	Weighted average No. of ordinary s	hares of Rs. 10/- e	each in issue	1,200,000	1,200,000
				(Rup	ees)
	Basic and diluted earnings per sh	nare		10.09	27.75
24.	REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS	AND CHIEF EXE	CUTIVE		
		202	2	202	1
		Chief executive	Directors	Chief executive	Directors
	Managerial remuneration	1,620,000	1,350,000	300,000	180,000
	Other perquisites	180,000	150,000	175,000	292,850
		1,800,000	1,500,000	475,000	472,850
	Number of persons	1	1	1	1
	;				

25. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related party comprises of directors and key management personnel of the Company. Details of transactions with related parties have been disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

26.1 Financial assets as per statement of financial position

At amortised cost		
Trade deposits and advances	736,922	1,477,872
Bank balances	7,515,858	5,989,752
At fair value through OCI		
Long-term investments	1	1
At fair value through profit and loss		
Investment property	522,463,352	498,541,808
Short term investments	12,211,510	24,424,070
Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position		
At amortised cost		
Deferred liability - staff gratuity	750,250	360,473
Trade and other payables	13,004,743	7,807,830
Unclaimed dividend	4,279,314	3,881,587

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's financial instruments are subject to credit risk, liquidity risk and equity price risk. The Board of Directors oversees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below.

27.1 Credit risk

26.2

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Company is exposed to credit risk on trade debts, trade deposits, short-term investments and bank balances. The Company seeks to minimize the credit risk exposure through having exposure only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable.

Quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets is analyzed as under:

2022		2021
	(Rupees)	

Bank balances

Ratings

A1+ 5,989,752

Financial assets other than bank balances, are not exposed to any material credit risk.

27.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with the financial instruments. To guard against the risk, the Company has diversified funding sources and the assets are managed with liquidity in mind. The maturity profile is monitored to ensure that adequate liquidity is maintained.

Year ended June 30, 2022	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months (Rupees	1 to 5 years s)	Total
Trade and other payables	13,004,743	-	-	-	13,004,743
Unclaimed dividend	4,279,314	-	-	-	4,279,314
	17,284,057			-	17,284,057
Year ended June 30, 2021		Less			
		than	3 to 12	1 to 5	
	On demand	3 months	months (Rupees	years s)	Total
Trade and other payables	7,807,830	-	-	-	7,807,830
Unclaimed dividend	3,881,587	-	-	-	3,881,587
	11,689,417			-	11,689,417

^{*} This includes rating assigned by an international rating agency to foreign banks.

27.3 Equity price risks

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cashflows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company's quoted equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Company manages the equity price risk through diversification. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Company's Board of Directors on a regular basis. The Board of Directors review and approve all equity investment decisions.

As at the statement of financial position date , the exposure to listed equity securities at fair value was Rs . 12,211,510. A decrease of 10% in the share price of these securities would have an impact of approximately Rs 1,221,151 on equity. An increase of 10% in the share price of the listed security would impact equity with the similar amount.

28. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company is currently financing its operations through equity.

29. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The carrying values of all other financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of financial position date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not significantly different from their book value.

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different level have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3).

2022	Level 1	Level 2 (F	Level 3 Rupees)	Total
Assets		•		
 Investments carried at fair value through OCI 	12,225,510			12,225,510
- Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss		522,463,352		522,463,352
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tatal
2021 Assets			Rupees)	Total
2021 Assets - Investments carried at fair value through OCI				

There were no transfers amongst levels during the year.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS 30.

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on 6th October, 2022 has approved the following:

payment of cash dividend of Rs. 2/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2022 for approval of the members (i) at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 27th October, 2022.

31. **NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES**

Total number of employees

	2022	2021
Total number of Company's employees as at June, 30	4	4
Average number of Company's employees during the year	4	4

DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL SHARES ISLAMIC INDEX

Following information has been disclosed as required under Paragraph10 of Part I of the 4th Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 relating to "All Shares Islamic Index".

Description	<u>Explanation</u>		
Trade deposits and advances	Non interest bearing		
Security deposits	Non interest bearing		
Bank Balances	All bank balances are maintained with conventional banks		
Relationship with Shariah compliant banks	Company does not have any relationship with bank under Islamic windows of operations		
	isiarile wiridows of operations		

33. **GENERAL**

Karachi

- 33.1 Corresponding figures have been re-arranged and reclassified, wherever necessary. However, there were no significant reclassifications to report.
- **33.2** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees.

DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on 6th October, 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Muhamad Shahid Siddiqui Fakhruddin Usmani **Qumaruddin Osmani** 6th October, 2022 CEO Director

FORM - "34"

Pattern of holding of shares held by the share holders as on \$0th June, 2022.

Pattern of hold	ing of shares held b	y the share holders as	or30th June, 202	22.
No. of shareholders	From	То		Share Value
725	1	100		Rs.10/- each 31,878
139	101	500		31,676
24	501	1000		18,778
29	1001	5000		69,548
8 4	5001	10000		55,445
2	10001 15001	15000 20000		48,903 37,065
2 3	20001	25000		67,910
12	25001	30000		313,626
3 7	30001 35001	35000 40000		100,342
1	40001	115000		254,151 50,979
<u>i</u> _	115001	120000		<u>118,156</u>
<u>958</u>		No. of Share	Shares	1,200,000
Categories of Share Hol	ders	Holders	Held	%
Directors, Chief Executive Officer	and their spouse and minor	10	272,247	22.69%
Associated Companies, Undertaki	•	1	118,156	9.85%
NIT and ICP	g	2	2,226	0.19%
Banks, Development Finance Inst	itutions Non-banking Finance		140	0.01%
Insurance Companies		1	200	0.02%
Modarabas and Mutual Funds		1	20	0.00%
Share Holders Holding 10%		'	20	0.00%
General Public		935	904 967	67.07%
			804,867	
Others (Joint Stock Companies)		3	2,144	0.18% 100.00%
D: / O!: (F // O!!		958	1,200,000	100.00%
Directors, Chief Executive Offic Mr. Fakhruddin Usmani	er and their spouse and	minor 1	26 000	2 00%
		•	36,000	3.00%
Mr. Quamruddin Osmani		1	35,000	2.92%
Mr. Muhammad Farooq Usmani		1	34,980	2.92%
Mr. Mahmood Wali Muhammad		1	36,000	3.00%
Mr. Muhammad Shazad Fakhir	(0	1	20,000	1.67%
Mrs. Sabra Fakhruddin	· ·	of Directors & CEO) 1	30,362	2.53%
Mrs. Zahida Quamruddin	· ·	of Directors & CEO) 1	27,455	2.29%
Mrs. Nasreen Farooq Usmani	· ·	of Directors & CEO) 1	25,831	2.15%
Mrs. Parveen Mahmood		of Directors & CEO) 1	21,598	1.80%
Miss. Javeria	(Minor Children	of Directors & CEO)1	5,021	0.42%
		10_	272,247	22.69%
Associated Companies, Underto	akings	4	440.450	0.040/
Textile Trading Company Limited		1	118,156	9.84%
NIT and ICP	n	1	1 202	0.100/
Investment Corporation of Pakista	П		1,203	0.10%
National Bank of Pakistan		1	1,023	0.09%
Banka Banalannant Sinana In	-44.41 N D	<u>2</u>	2,226	0.19%
Banks, Development Finance In Habib Bank Ltd. KSE Br., Karachi	stitutions, Non-Banking	rinance Companies	6	0.00%
HBL A/c A.G. Ismail		1	2	0.00%
HBL A/c A.K. Haji Moosa		1	2	0.00%
Muslim Commercial Bank Ltd				
		1	100	0.01%
Habib Bank Limited, HS Branch, k	Karacni		30	0.00%
		5	140	0.01%
Insurance Companies		1	200	0.020/
Pakistan Insurance Corporation		1	200	0.02%
Mutual Fund		4	00	0.040/
H.M. Investment (Pvt) Limited		1	20	0.01%
General Public		005	004.007	07.070/
a) Local b) Foreign		935	804,867	67.07%
b) Foreign		-	-	0.00%
		935	804,867	67.07%
Others (Joint Stock Companies)	,	0.004	0.4001
BCGA Punjab (Pvt.) Limited		1	2,004	0.16%
Fateh Textile Mills Limited		1	100	0.01%
Zam Zam Limited		1	40	0.01%
		3	2,144	0.18%
		958	1,200,000	100.00%

HAFIZ LIMITED

97 Alliance Building, 2nd Floor, Moolji Street, Mereweather, Tower, Karachi-74000.

NOTICE OF MANDATORY PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND THROUGH ELECTRONIC MODE

Subsequent to promulgation of Companies Act, 2017, and as per section 242 of the said Act now it is mandatory for listed companies that dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders.

Keeping in view the same, all cash dividend, if declared, by the Company in future will be directly transferred in bank account. In order to enable us to follow the directives of the regulators in regard to payment of divided only through electronic mode, you are requested to please provide/update your bank account detail in below mentioned format.

I hereby authorize **HAFIZ LIMITED** to directly credit cash dividend declared by it, if any, in the below mentioned bank account.

Bank Account Details of Transfer for Cash Dividend

*(Mandator	y to provide)
i) Shareholder's Detail	
Name of Company	
Name of shareholder	
Folio No/CDC Participants ID A/c No.	
CNIC No	
Passport No, (in case of foreign shareholder)**	
Land Line Phone Number	
Cell Number	
ii) Shareholder's Bank Detail	
Tile of Bank Account	
Bank Account Number (16 Digital) IBAN	
Bank's Name	
Branch Name and Address	
It is stated that the above-mentioned information is con information to the above addresses as soon as these continuous continu	rrect, that I will intimate the changes in the above mentioned occur.
(Signature of sh	areholder)
MEMBER HAS NOT PROVIDED THE COMPLETE The shareholder who hold shares in physical form are requafter duly filled in to Company's Share Registrar office, March 2015.	AYMENT OF DIVIDEND OF A MEMBER WHERE THE INFORMATION OR DOCUMENTS AS SPECIFIED. I lested to submit the above mentioned dividend mandate km/s,F.D. Registrar Services (SMC. Pvt.) Ltd 1705, 17th floor 000 Shareholders who hold shares in Central Depository
Company are requested to submit the above mention	ned dividend mandate form after duly filled in to their

For any query, you may please contact us Tel # 02132440371 or email us at htm1951@hotmail.com

Thanking you.
S. Shafiq Hasan
(Company Secretary)

Note: This is a computer generated letter and does not require signature.

participants/investor account services of the central depository company limited.

- *Please attach attested photocopy of CNIC
- **Please attach attested photocopy of the Passport

I,	CNIC					
of						
being a member of HAFIZ LIMITED,		IZ LIMITED, and en	titled to	vote (votes) hereby appoint		
				of		
				xy to vote		
	•	71st Annual Gener 2022 at 2:30 p.m. ar	_	ne Company to be held on ent thereof.		
As witness my/our hand seal this		seal this	day of			
Signed	by					
1. Nan						
		N.	I.C. No	·		
2 Nan	ne	Δ	ddrass			
Z. Mai				·		
	Folio No.	CDC Account #		Signature on		
		Participant I.D.	Account #	Five Rupees		
				Revenue Stamps		
				The Signature should agree with the specimen register of the company		
N.B.: 1.						
2.		areholder is necessary to		ongwith a photo copy of CNIC to		
3.	·					
	(iii) In case of a cor	oorate entity, the Board o	of Directors resolution	rt at the time of meeting. n / power of attorney with ded earlier along with proxy form		

BOOK POSTAL CERTIFICATE

If undelivered pleased return to:

HAFIZ LIMITED

97, Alliance Building, Moolji Street, Mereweather Tower, Karachi-74000