36th Annual Report 2022



ANNUAL REPORT 2022

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Chief Executive Mr. Naeem Omer

Chairman Mr. Muhammad Omer

Directors Mr. Naeem Omer

Mr. Anwaar Abbass Mr. Muhammad Asghar Mr. Muhammad Aslam Bhatti

Mr. Muhammad Kashif Mr. Muhammad Omer

Mr. Shahid Iqbal

Audit Committee

Chairman: Mr. Muhammad Aslam Bhatti

Member: Mr. Anwaar Abbass
Member: Mr. Muhammad Omer

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Chairman: Mr. Muhammad Kashif Member: Mr. Muhammad Asghar

Member: Mr. Shahid Iqbal

Company Secretary Mr. Muhammad Ijaz Shahid

Auditors M/s Mushtaq & Co.

Chartered Accountants 19-B, Block G, Gulberg-III,

Lahore.

Bankers The Bank of Punjab

MCB (NIB) Bank Limited

Silk Bank Limited

Share Registrar M/s Corplink (Pvt.) Ltd.

Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial,

Model Town, Lahore.

Legal Advisor Aakif Majeed But

9-G, Mustaq Gurmani Road,

Gulberg II, Lahore

Head Office / Registered Office 109-A, Street No.3 Cavalry Ground,

Lahore Cantt Lahore, Pakistan Ph: +92 42 - 3667 2423 - 26 Fax No. +92 42 - 3717 5482 Email: fm@bilalfibres.com

Web site: www.bilalfibres.com

Mills 38th KM, Sheikhupura Road,

Tehsil Jaranwala, District Faisalabad.

CORPORATE VISION / MISSION STATEMENT

VISION

To be a customer oriented company having wide and diversified customer base with the team of professional working together to add value to all stakeholders and contributing to society to help build a strong and progressive Pakistan.

MISSION

To be a distinctive yarn seller with international presence delivering best quality yarn through innovative techniques and effective resource management by maintaining high ethical and professional standards.

To accomplish excellent financial results which can benefit all the stakeholders including members and employees of the Company.

To fulfil obligations toward the society, being a good corporate citizen.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given to all share holders of BILAL FIBRES LIMITED that the 36th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, 109-A, Street No.3, Cavalry Ground, Lahore Cantt. Lahore on Thursday October 27, 2022 at 09:00 A.M, to transact the following business::

- 1. To confirm the Minutes of last Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 27, 2021.
- To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022 together with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.
- 3. To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration for the next year ending on June 30, 2023
- 4. To consider any other business with the permission of chair.

Lahore. Dated: October 05, 2022 By order of the Board (Muhammad Ijaz Shahid) Company Secretary

NOTES:

- The share transfer books of the company will remain closed from October 21,2022 to October 27, 2022 (both days inclusive).
- 2) A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting. A proxy must be a member of the company.
- 3) For identification, CDC Account holders who wish to attend the Annual General Meeting are requested to please bring with them original/attested copy of their Computerized National Identity Card along with the participants I.D number and their account numbers in Central Depository Company of Pakistan to facilitate identification at Annual General Meeting. In case of proxy, an attested copy proxy's Identity card, Accounts & participants I.D numbers be enclosed. In case of corporate entity, the BOD, resolution/ Power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting (unless it has been provided earlier).
- 4) Due to current COVID-19 situation, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) in terms of its Circular No.5 of 2020 issued on March 17, 2020 has advised companies to modify their usual planning for general meetings for the safety and wellbeing of shareholders and the public at large. Considering the SECP's directives, the Company has decided to convene this AGM with minimal physical interaction of shareholders while ensuring compliance with the quorum requirements and requests the members to consolidate their attendance at the AGM through proxies.
- 5) In term of the Companies Act, 2017, member residing in a city holding at least 10% of the total paid up share capital may demand the facility of video-link for participating in the Annual General Meeting. The request for video-link facility shall be received by the Share Registrar at the address given hereunder at least 7 days prior to the date of the meeting on the standard Form placed in the Annual Report which is also available on the website of the Company.
- 6) The Shareholders are requested to notify any change in their addresses, if any, immediately to our Share Registrar, M/s Corplink (Pvt) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore.
- The audited financial statement of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022 have been placed at the Company's website; www.bilalfibres.com

اطلاع برائے سالا نہاجلاس عام

بلال فائبرزلمیٹڈ کے تمام حصص داران کو بذر بعیروٹس بذا مطلع کیاجا تا ہے کہ مجنی کا 36 وال سالا شداجلاس عام مورجیہ 27 اكتوبر 2022ء بروز جعرات بوقت ملح 09:00 كي كميني كر رجشر وُآفس واقع A-109 سريث فمبر 3، کیولری گراؤنڈ لا ہور کینٹ الا ہور میں درج ذیل امور کی انتہا کا دہی کے لئے منعقد ہوگا۔

1) سمینی کے گزشتہ سالا نہ احلاس عام منعقدہ 27 اکتوبر2021ء کی کاروائی کی توثیق۔

2) سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022ء کی ہاہت کمپنی کے سالات تنقیع شدہ حسابات بھر و ان پر ڈائز مکیٹران و آ ڈیٹران کی ر پوٹس کی وصولی بخور وخوش اوران کی قبولیت۔

3) 30 جون 2023 ء کوئتم ہونے والے الکیے سال کیلئے آڈیٹران کا تقرراوران کے صلہ خدمت کا تعین۔

4) چیئز مین کی اجازت ہے ویگر امور کی انحام دی۔

(محماعازشابد) كميني سكرتري

مورق 05 اكور 2022 .

1- سمینی کی پختلی صصص کی کتابیں موری 21 اکتوبر 2022 و تا 27 اکتوبر 2022 و بشمول دونوں دن) بندر ہیں گی۔ 2-سالا ندا جلاس عام میں شرکت اور ووٹ دینے کا اہل ممبر پراکسی مقر دکرنے کا اہل ہے۔ پراکسیاں تا آ نکہ موثر ہونکیس ،اجلاس عام كانعقاد كوقت كم ازكم 48 محفق لل كميني كرجشر و آفس ميس لاز مأوسول بوجاني حاجي ريراكسي

کولازی کمپنی کاممبر ہونا جا ہے۔ CDC-3 کے کھا تہ داران اگر اس اجلاس میں شرکت کے خواہاں میں تو اپنے اصل مصدقہ کابی قو می شناختی کارڈ بمعہ پارٹیسیات آئی ڈی اورائے CDC اکاؤنٹ فمبر شاعت کیلئے سالانداجلاس عام میں ہمراہ لائیں - براکسی کے ساتھ شاختی کارڈ کی تصدیق شدہ کا بی ،کھاتے اور پارٹیسینٹ آئی ڈی نمبر نسلک کریں۔کارپوریٹ انٹیٹی کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹری قرارداد / یاورآف اٹارنی معینامزوفرد کے وسخط کانمونہ (اگریمیلے فراہم نہ کئے گئے ہوں) اجلاس عام کے وقت مہا کرنا ہوگا۔

4- گووڈ-19 کی موجود وصور تھال کے ویش نظر سکو رثیز اینڈ انجیجینے کمیش آف یا کتان (SECP) نے اپنے 17 مارچ 2020ء کے سر کار نیسر 5 ، 2020 میں افراد کی بڑے بتائے برحفاظت اور فائدے کے لئے نمینوں کو جدایات دی ہیں۔ایس ان کی کی احکامات کو طوظ غاظرر کتے ہوئے ممینی نے فیصلہ کیا ہے کہ سالا شاجلاس عام جسس داران کے کم ہے کم جسمانی تعامل کے ساتھ منعقد کیا جائے جبکہ گورم کی ضرورت کویٹی بنانے کے لئے ممبران سے درخواست ہے کہ اس سالا ندا جاباس عام میں پراکسیز کے ذریعے حاضری کے لئے جمع ہول۔

5- كمپنيز ايك 2017ء ك طابق ووممبران جوكسي شير مين ہوں اوران كشيئر جولڈنگ كل ادا شد وشيئر كيوبل كاكم ازكم 10% ہو کمپنی ہے مطالبہ کر بچتے ہیں کہ انہیں وڈیوانک کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت کی بہولت وی جائے یہ درخواست شيئر رجيز ارك دفتر اجلاس كانعقاد سے 7 يوم قبل سالاند ريورث ميں ديے گئے فارم پرموسول جوني جا ہے۔ ندکورہ فارم کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی دستیاب ہے۔

6۔ حصد داروں سے التماس ہے کہ اگران کے پیدیمی کوئی تبدیلی ہو، فی الفور ہمارے شیئر رجس ارمیسرز کارب اتک (برائیوٹ لمیشد، ونگزار کیڈ 1 ۔ کے، کمرشل ماؤل ٹاون ، لا ہورکومطلع فرمائیں ۔

> 7- 30 جون 2022ء کوشتم ہونے والے مالی سال کی آؤٹ شدہ رپورٹ کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.bilalfibres.com پررکی کی ہے۔

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders

The Directors of your Company welcome you to the 36th Annual General Meeting and present the annual report together with the audited accounts of the Company for the financial year ended June 30, 2022.

The business conditions of Pakistan were not favorable due to political instability, inflation, and alltime high fuel prices.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Operations of the company remained closed during the financial year under review. The source of revenue was the rent of the factory amounting to Rs 6.00 million. Due to a depreciation of Rs 21.434 million and certain adjustment of Statement of Financial Position items the company declared a net loss after tax of Rs 55.558 million in the current period as compared to a net loss after tax of Rs 5.296 million in the previous year.

The financial results are summarized hereunder:

Particulars	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.	
Sales	2	2	
Cost of sales	-	ж	
Gross loss	57		
Operating loss	(5,705,741)	(3,472,081)	
Finance Cost	(49,852,229)	(1,824,008)	
Net Loss before tax	(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)	
Net Loss after tax	(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)	
Loss per shares	(3.94)	(0.38)	

OPERATING PERFORMANCE

The Company is in litigation with the banking companies whereas the factory operations remained closed during the year. The complete details of the litigation cases are fully disclosed in note 24 of the financial statements.

The management is confident that with the blessing of Allah (SWT) the company will overcome these issues once the business conditions will be favorable.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

Under the prevailing circumstances, the most important factor is to negotiate with the banking companies. However, the management is hoping that the government will take steps to overcome the post impacts of flood and ever worst inflation for a revival of the economy and textile sector.

The auditors have observations on the following areas in their report:

a) We did not observe the counting of the Physical inventory of stock in trade and property, plant and equipment amounting to Rs.57.873 million and Rs. 354.570 million respectively as at June 30, 2022. The management informed us that the stocks are pledged with the banking Companies and are under litigation, while the factory is on lease now with the third party.

The related preparations could not be made because we are in litigation with our banks whereas the stock figures reflected in books are unchanged since closure of the factory.

b) At the reporting date the Company has not carried out revaluation of property, plant and equipment note 5 (except for factory equipment, office and electric equipment and furniture and fixture) which was due on June 30, 2022 due to discontinuity of operations. Previous revaluation was carried out on June 28, 2019. Therefore, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments were necessary in this regard.

Our first priority is to deal and settle the matters with our bankers since all the machinery is under lien/pledge with the banks. However, we are aware of this non-compliance with the International Accounting Standard 16 and once the relevant arrangements are made with the banking companies, the compliance will be made accordingly.

c) The stocks are carried out in the statement of financial position at Rs.57.873 million i.e., at cost. Management has not stated the inventories at lower of cost or net realizable value as required by the financial reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, which constitutes a departure from applicable financial reporting standards. Therefore, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments were necessary in this regard.

The related preparations could not be made because we are in litigation with our banks whereas the stock figures reflected in books are unchanged since closure of the factory.

d) As explained in note 24 to the financial statements, the company is in litigation with the banking companies.

The banks have not confirmed the balances of Long Term financing, as shown in note 16, amounting Rs.493.145 million, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, as shown in note 18, amounting Rs.108.306 million and short term borrowings, as shown in note 23, amounting Rs.136.365 million. The banks have not confirmed the balances of accrued mark up on long term financing, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and short term borrowings, note 21, sum of Rs, 97.520 million. The Company had not worked out and provided the amount of markup on long term borrowings from financial institutions, Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and short-term borrowings, as shown in note 21, in these financial statements. Due to the unavailability of record, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments were necessary in this regard.

We hope that the matters will be settled aptly with the banks. The relevant resultants will be incorporated accordingly.

e) As mentioned in note 24 we have not received reply of confirmation request from banks in respect of bank guarantees amounting to Rs. 8.675 million in aggregate and bank guarantee margin note 10 amounting to Rs. 2.925 million, to verify the correctness of contingency and trade deposits and short term prepayments. We were also unable to satisfy ourselves as to the correctness of the reported balances by performing other alternate auditing procedures. Although the prevailing circumstances are not very supportive, we eagerly believe the venture as a going concern since it has successfully managed to provide employment to many families working in the leased factory. The businesses have been going through the worst challenging situation resulting in the closure of many textile mills. Yet, the company is hoping that government will surely take up this matter on an emergency basis and necessary steps will be taken towards the revival of the textile sector. On the other hand, the company has always ensured timely compliance with all its corporate and statutory obligations.

f) At the reporting date the Company has accumulated losses amounting to Rs.501.565 million and its current liabilities exceed its current assets by Rs.923.492 million.

Although the prevailing circumstances are not very supportive, we eagerly believe the venture as a going concern since it has successfully managed to provide employment to many families working in the leased factory. The businesses have been going through the worst challenging situation resulting in the closure of many textile mills. Yet, the company is hoping that government will surely take up this matter on an emergency basis and necessary steps will be taken towards the revival of the textile sector. On the other hand, the company has always ensured timely compliance with all its corporate and statutory obligations.

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

The auditors have drawn attention to following the areas in their report:

- a) Presently, The Board has not appointed a female director as required by regulation 7 of chapter II of Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance regulations, 2019.
- b) The same person simultaneously holds office of chief financial officer and the company secretary of a listed company which is not allowed as required by regulation 24 of chapter VII of Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance regulations, 2019.
- c) The Board has not set-up an internal audit function as required by regulation 31 of Chapter X of Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance regulations, 2019.

The company operations are currently suspended and all the employees have left the company. So once the business operations are resumed then these compliances will be made accordingly.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, fairly present its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.

BOOKS OF ACCOUTNS

The company has maintained proper books of accounts.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments.

INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (IAS)

International accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.

ACCOUNTING YEAR

The accounting year of the company is from 1st July to 30th June.

DIVIDEND

Due to accumulated losses of the company, directors do not recommend any dividend for the year ended June 30, 2022.

AUDITORS

The present Auditors M/s Mushtaq & Co., Chartered Accountants, being due for retirement has offered themselves for reappointment for the next year ending June 30, 2023.

CORPORATE & FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAME WORK

In compliance to new listing regulations of stock exchanges and as required under the Companies Act. 2017, your directors are pleased to state as under: -

- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- b) Board is satisfied with the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- c) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations of the Stock Exchanges.
- Significant deviations from last year operating results of the Company and reasons thereof have been explained.
- e) There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges those are outstanding as on June 30, 2022 except for those disclosed in the financial statements.
- f) There are no significant plans for corporate restructuring, business expansions till the settlement of the court cases.
- g) Key operating and financial data for the last six years in summarized form is included in this annual report.
- h) Statement showing "Pattern of shareholding" June 30, 2022 is also enclosed herewith.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At each board meeting the Board of Directors approves Company's transactions with Associated Companies / Related parties. All the transactions executed with related parties are on arm's length basis.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES (CSR)

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is about business giving back to society. As a routine, we strive to safeguard the health and well being of our employees, neighbors and customers, as well as the communities in which we live, work and operate. The Company continuously takes initiatives for CSR activities as mentioned in paragraphs to follow.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors of the company cordially acknowledge the valued services rendered by the company's executives and staff. The Directors are also thankful to the banking companies for their cooperation and support.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

During the year four meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each director is as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Meetings attended
Mr. Naeem Omer	04
Mr. Anwaar Abbass	04
Mr. Shahid Iqbal	04
Mr. Muhammad Omer	04
Mr. Muhammad Asghar	03
Mr. Muhammad Aslam Bhatti	04
Mr. Muhammad Kashif	03

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Lahore

Dated: October 5, 2022

(Nacem Omer) Chief Executive

اظهارتشكر

ڈائر کیٹرز کمپنی کے ذمہ داروں اور عملے کی طرف ہے دی گئ گر ال قدر خدمات کو دل سے تسلیم کرتے ہیں اور کمپنی کے بینکاروں کی تھایت اور تغاون کا شکریدادا کرتے ہیں۔

ڈائز یکٹرز کے اجلاس

سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کے 14 جلاس ہوئے۔ ہرڈائر بکٹر کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے۔

اجلاسون كى تغدادش شركت كى	والريكر كنام
04	جناب نعيم عمر
04	جناب انوارعباس
04	جناب شاہدا قبال
04	جناب محمر عمر
03	جناب محمداصغر
04	جناب محمد اسلم بهشي
03	جناب <i>څر</i> کاشف

منجانب بوردٌ آف دُائرُ يكثرز

(نعیم عمر) چیف ایگزیکٹو لاہور تاریخ: 5 اکتوبر، 2022

اكاؤهنكسال

کمپنی کاا کاؤنٹنگ سال کم جولائی ہے 30 جون تک ہے۔

ななどう

سمین کے جمع شدہ نقصانات کی وجہ ہے، ڈائز یکٹرز 30 جون، 2022 کوفتم ہونے والے سال کے لئے کسی بھی ڈیویڈیڈ کی سفارش نہیں کرتے۔

7237

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرز تمشتا اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈا کا وئٹنٹس نے ریٹائرمنٹ کی وجہے،30 جون 2023 کوئتم ہونے والے الگے سال کے لئے خود کودوبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کیا ہے۔

كار پوريث اور فائتينشل ر پورنتگ فريم ورك

اسٹاک ایجینئے کے نے کسٹنگ ضوابط کی تعمیل میں اور جیسا کہ پہنیز ایک 2017ء کے تحت ضروری ہے۔ آپ کے ڈائریکٹر زیبہ بتاتے ہوئے توش ہیں:

- a) نظام داخلی کنٹرول کا نظام منتخکم ہے اور اس کوموٹر انداز میں نافذ اور نگرانی کی جارہی ہے۔
 - b) بورڈ کمپنی کوچلتا ہوا کاروبار کے طور پر کمپنی کی صلاحیت سے مطمئین ہے۔
- c) کارپوریٹ گورنش کے بہترین طریقہ ک**او ہے ک**ئی من مان سے ابڑ حیسا کہ اسٹاک ایسی پنجز کے اسٹنگ ضوابط میں تفصیلا دیا گیا ہے۔
 - d) كمپنى كے پچھلے سال آپريٹنگ نتائج سے اہم انحراف اوراس كى وجو بات كى وضاحت كى گئى ہے۔
- e) نیکسول، ڈیوٹیوں مجصولات اور محصولات کے حساب ہے کوئی قانونی ادا کی نہیں ہے جو 30 جون 2022 تک بقایا ہے سوائے اس کے کہ مالی بیانات میں انکشاف کیا گیا ہو۔
 - f) كار بوريث تظيم نو ، كاروبارى توسيع كے لئے عدالت كے معاملات طے ہوئے تك كوئى قابل عمل منصوبے نبيس بيں ۔
 - g) خلاصة تكل ميں پچھلے چھسالوں كے كليدى آپريٹنگ اور مالى اعدادوشاركواس سالا ندر پورٹ ميں شامل كيا گيا ہے۔
 - h) 2022-06-30 كور مسلك ب-

متعلقته يارفي كيلين دين

ہر بورڈ میٹنگ میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزایسوی ایٹ کمپنیوں/متعلقہ فریقوں کے ساتھ کمپنی کے لین دین کی منظوری دیتے ہیں۔متعلقہ فریقوں کے ساتھ انجام یانے والے تمام لین دین آزا دانہ بنیاد پر ہوئے ہیں۔

كاريوريث الى دمدداريول (CSR)

کار پوریٹ سابق ذ مدداری (CSR)معاشرے کوکار وبار کے فوائد دینے کے متعلق ہے۔ایک معمول کے طور پر ،ہم اپنے ملاز مین ، پڑوسیوں اور صارفین کے ساتھ ساتھ ان برادر یوں کی صحت اور سلامتی کی حفاظت کرتے ہیں جن میں ہم رہتے ہیں اور کام کرتے ہیں۔مندرجہ بالابیرا گراف میں سمپنی سی ایس آرکی سرگرمیوں کے لئے ستقل اقدامات کرتی ہے۔ ۴)رپور ننگ کی تاریخ پر کمپنی نے 561.565 ملین روپے کے اقصانات جمع کے بین اور اس کی موجودہ ذمہ داریاں اس کے موجودہ اٹانوں سے 923.492 ملین روپ سے زیادہ ہیں۔

انظامید اس منصوب پر پہند یقین رکھتی ہے کہ بیر جاتا ہوا کاروبار ہے اگر چہ اس وقت حالات بہت زیادہ معاون نیس ہیں، لیکن اب مجی لیز پر دی گئی قیگری قیگری میں کام کرنے والے بہت سے خاتد انوں کوروز گار فراہم کرنے کا انتظام کر رہی ہے جہاں متعدد فیکٹائل طوے کام بندہو چکے ہیں۔ تاہم، کمپنی انتظامید امید کر دی ہے۔ شجعے کی بحال کے لیے اقد امات کرے گا۔ اس کے ساتھ ہی، کمپنی اپنی تمام کارپورٹ اور کانوٹی ذمہ داریوں کی بروقت تعمیل کر رہی ہے۔

ضابله برائ كاربوريث كورش:

آ ڈیٹرز نے اپنی رپورٹ میں ان حصول پر توجہ مبذول کروائی ہے۔

- a) فی الحال، بورڈ نے ایک خاتون ڈائر کیٹر کی تغر ری نہیں کی ہے جیسا کہ اسٹڈ کمپنیز کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گور ننس ریگولیشنز، ۲۰۱۹ کے باب 2 کے ریگولیشن 2 کے مطابق ضروری ہے۔
- b) ایک ہی شخص بیک وقت چیف فنانشل آفیسر اور کمپنی سیکرٹری کاعبد ور کھتا ہے۔ جس کی اسٹڈ کمپنیز کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گور نئس ریکولیشن نمبر ۲۰۱۹،۲۳ کے باب نمبر کے کے مطابق اعازت نہیں ہے۔
 - ورڈ نے اسٹاڈ کھینز کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس ریگولیشنز،۲۰۱۹ کے باب نمبر ۱۰ کے ضابطہ نمبر ۳۱ کے مطابق اندرونی آڈٹ فنکشن ترتیب نہیں ویا۔
 کیٹی کی کاروائیاں بندیاں اور تمام ملاز بین کمیٹی چھوڑ بھے ہیں۔ لہذا ایک بارجب کاروبار دوبارہ شروع ہوجائے تو پھراس کی تعیل کی جائے گی۔
 مالی احداد و شارکی پیش کش

سمپنی انتظامیہ کے تیار کردومالی بیانات ،اس کی امور کی صورتحال ،اس کے کاموں ،نقد بہا واورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کا فشفانتیے پیش کرتے ہیں۔ **اکا وعش کی تنامیں**

کمپنی نے اکا ونٹس کی مناسب کتابیں ترتیب دے رکھی ہیں۔

اكاؤهنك بإليسال

مالى بيانات كى تيارى مين مناسب اكاؤنننگ پاليسيال مستقل طور پرلا گوہوتى بين اور محاسبه كاتخىينه معقول اور محتاط فيصلوں پر بنی ہوتا ہے۔

ين الاقواى اكاؤ تلك معيارات (IAS)

مالی بیانات کی تیاری کے سلسلے میں، بین الاقوامی اکا وَمُتنگ معیارات، جیسے پاکستان میں قابل اطلاق ہیں، پرعمل کیا گیا ہے۔

آليمرزف لين ريورث ين درج ذيل شعبول يرخد شات ظاهر كي في -

a)ہم نے30 جون 2022 کو بالتر تیب 57.873 ملین روپے تجارتی سٹاک اور354.570 ملین روپے جائیداد، پلامٹ اور آلات تجارت کی فزیکل انوینٹری کی گنتی کامشاہدہ شیس کیا۔ انتظامیہ نے ہمیں بتایا کہ اسٹاک بینکنگ کمپنیوں کے پاس گر وی ایں اور قانونی چارہ جو گی کے تحت ایں، جبکہ فیکٹری اب تیسرے فریق کے پاس لیز پر ہے۔

بينكنگ كينيوں كے ساتھ كانونى چارہ جوئى كى وجرے مناسب اقتظامات نيس كيے جاسكے اور فيكٹرى بتر ہونے كے بعد كتابوں ميں ظاہر جونے والا اسٹاك بيلنس ويى ب

b)ر پورٹنگ کی تاریخ پر سمپنی نے جائیداد، پلانٹ اور آلات نوٹ 5 (سوائے فیکٹری کے آلات، دفتری اور برقی آلات اور فرنیچر اور فکٹیجر کے) کی دوبارہ تشخیص نہیں گی ہے جو 30جون، 2022 کو بونا تھی۔ پیچھلا جائز و 28 جون 2019 کو کیا گیا تھا۔ لہذا، ہم یہ نقین کرنے سے قاصر ہیں کہ آیااس سلسلے میں کو ٹی ایڈ جسٹرنٹ ضروری تھی۔

جاری پیلی ترج بیب کہ ہم اپنے شکر زاور تمام اداروں کے ساتھ اپنے معاملات کو ملے کریں۔مشینری شکر زکے پاس قرضہ /گردی ہے۔ تاہم،ہم بین الاقوای اکاؤیشک اسٹینٹررڈ 16 کے ساتھ عدم تقبیل سے آگاہ بیں۔ اور ایک باربیکنگ کمپنیوں کے ساتھ معاملات ملے ہوئے پر تقبیل کردی جائےگی۔

c) شاک مالی حالت کے بیان میں 57.873 ملین روپے بین لاگت کے حساب سے کئے جاتے ہیں۔ مینجنٹ نے پاکستان میں لا گومالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات کے مطابق کم لاگت یاخالص قابل وصول قیت پر انوینٹر پر کاذکر خبین کیا ہے، جو کہ قابل اطلاق مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات سے انحراف ہے۔ لہذا، ہم اس بات کا تعین کرنے سے قاصر بین کہ آیا اس سلسلے میں کوئی ایڈ جسٹنٹ ضروری تھی۔

بینکنگ کمینیوں کے ساتھ کافوتی چارہ جوئی کی دجہ سے مناسب اقتطابات نہیں کیے جاسکے اور فیکٹری بند ہونے کے بعد کتابوں میں ظاہر ہونے والا اسٹاک بیلنس وہی ہے۔

d) جیما کہ نوٹ 24 میں مالیاتی بیانات کی وضاحت کی گئی ہے کمپنی بینکنگ کمپنیوں کے ساتھ قانونی چارہ جوئی میں ہے۔ بینکوں نے لانگ ٹرم فنانسنگ کے بیلنس کی تصدیق خیمیں گئی ہے، جس کی رقم 145 میں روپے ہے جیمیا کہ نوٹ 18 میں و کھایا گیا ہے ، مالیاتی لیز سے مشر وطا ثاثوں کے خلاف واجبات جیمیا کہ نوٹ 18 میں و کھایا گیا ہے ، 493.145 ملین روپے کی رقم اور مختصر مدت کے قرضے 136.365 ملین روپے ۔ جیمیا کہ نوٹ 23 میں دکھایا گیا ہے بینکوں نے طویل مدتی فنانسنگ، فنانس لیز اور مختصر مدت کے قرضے 97.520 ملین روپے کی تصدیق شیمی کے جیمیا کہ نوٹ 12 میں دکھایا گیا ہے۔

مالیاتی اداروں سے طویل مدتی قرضوں اثاثوں کے خلاف واجبات فنانس لیزے مشروط اور مختصر مدت کے قرضوں کی رقم پر سمپنی نے مارک اپ پر کام نہیں کیا جیسا کہ ان مالیاتی بیانات میں نوٹ 21میں و کھایا کیا ہے۔ دیکارڈ کی عدم دستیالی کی وجہے، ہم یہ تغیین کرنے سے قاصر ہے کہ آیا اس ملسط میں کوئی ایڈ جسٹمنٹ ضروری ہے۔

مسی امیدے کہ بیکوں کے ساتھ معاملات مناسب طریقے سے پاجائیں گے۔متعلقہ متائج کواس کے مطابق شامل کرلیاجائے گا۔

(ہ) جیسا کہ نوٹ24 میں بتایا گیاہے کہ ہمیں مجموعی طور پر 8.675 ملین روپے کی بیٹک گار نئی کے سلسطے میں بینکوں سے اتعدیقی در خواست کا جواب موصول نہیں ہواہے۔ بینک گار نئی مار جن نوٹ 10 جس کی رقم 2.925 ملین روپے ہے۔ ہنگامی اور تجارتی ذخائز اور مختصر مدت کی قبل از ادائیگی کی در نظی کی تصدیق کے لیے۔ ہم دوسرے متبادل آڈیٹنگ طریقہ کار کوانجام دے کر رپورٹ شدہ بیلنس کی در نظمی کے بارے میں خود کو مطمئن کرنے سے بھی قاصر تھے۔

انتظامیہ اس منعوبے پر پخت بیشن رکھتی ہے کہ میں چلنا ہواکاروبار ہے اگرچہ اس وقت حالات بہت زیادہ معاون نیس ہیں، لیکن اب بھی لیز پر وی گئی قیکٹری ٹیس کام کرنے والے بہت سے خاند انوں کوروز گار فراہم کرنے کا انتظام کررہ ہے جہاں متعدد فیکٹنائل افزے کام بھر ہو پچکے ہیں۔ تاہم، کمینی انتظامیہ امید کررہی ہے کہ حکومت اس شعبے کی بھائی کے لیے اقد امات کرے گی۔ اس کے ساتھ ہی، کمیٹی ایٹی تمام کارپوریٹ اور قانونی ڈسروارپوں کی بروفت تغیل کررہی ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

عزيزهنص داران

آ پکی کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز آپ کو 36 ویں سالانہ اجلاس عام میں خوش آمدید کہتے جیں اور 30 جون 2022 کوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے کمپنی کے سنقیح شدہ حسابات کے ساتھ سالانہ رپورٹ پیش کرتے ہیں۔

سیای عدم استخام، مبنگائی اور ایند نفن کی ہمہ وقت بلند قیمتوں کی وجہ سے پاکستان کے کاروباری حالات ساز گار نہیں تھے۔

مالياتى كاركردكى

سمین کے آپریشنز زیر جائزہ مالی سال کے دوران بندر ہے۔ آمدنی کا ذریعہ فیکٹری کا کرایہ6.00ملین روپے تھا۔21.434 ملین ڈیپرسیشن اور مالی پوزیشن کی ٹیٹنٹ میں کچھے ایڈ جسٹرنٹ کی وجہ سے سمپنی نے موجو دہ مدت میں 55.558 ملین روپے کے فیکس کے بعد خالص نقصان کا علان کیا جبکہ پچھلے سال میں 5.296ملین روپے کے قیکس کے بعد خالص نقصان ہوا تھا۔

رو پ

مالى تائج كاخلاصدورى ويل وياكلياب:-

30ءك202	30 برن 2021	تفصيل
(#)	1-	فروضت
253	z.	<u>تي</u> ت فرونت
**	=	مجنوعي أقصاك
(5,705,741)	(3,472,081)	آپریننگ آنصان
(49,852,229)	(1,824,008)	مالى اخراجات
(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)	كيس سے مبلے خالص نقصان
(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)	ملکس کے بعد خالص انتصال
(3.94)	(0.38)	في شيئز نقصان

آ پریٹنگ کارکردگ

کمپنی بینکاری کمپنیوں کے ساتھ قانونی چارہ جوئی میں ہے۔ قانونی چارہ جوئی کے معاملات کی مکمل تضیلات مالی بیانات کے نوٹ نمبر 24 میں مکمل طور پر دی گئی ہیں۔ انتظامیہ کافی پُرامید ہے کہ اللہ تعالیٰ کی رحمت کے مپنی ان مسائل پرجلد قابو پالے گی۔ جیسے ہی کاروباری حالات ساز گارہوئے۔

ستنقبل كامكانات

موجودہ حالات میں، سب سے اہم عضر بینکنگ کمپنیوں کے ساتھ گفت وشنید کرنا ہے۔ تاہم،انتظامیہ امید کرر ہی ہے کہ حکومت معیشت اور ٹیکسٹائل سیکٹر کی بحالی کے لیے سیلاب کے بعد کے اثرات اور اب تک کی بدترین افراط زریر قابوپانے کے لیے اقد امات کرے گی۔

Chairman's Review

I welcome to you the 36th Annual General Meeting of your Company and present on behalf of the Board of Directors, the Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2022 along with my review on the performance of your Company.

Industry overview:

Due to un-favorable business environment the base of conventional industry has weakened in general as was evident from consistent plunge of Pakistan's share of textile in global market.

Company's performance

The management of the company also dealing with the litigation cases with their bankers in the court of law and our legal counsel are confident for a amicable settlement with them in due course of time.

Future Prospects

Currently, giving the factory on lease for production of textile product is the most feasible option. Also we are looking for the amicable settlement with our banker in due course of time and then to plan it accordingly.

Acknowledgement

On my and on behalf of the board of directors of your company I take this opportunity of acknowledging the devoted and sincere services of employees of the Company. I am also grateful to our bankers, shareholders and the government organizations.

چيتر مين کی جائزه ر پورث

یں 36 ویں سالانہ جزل میڈنگ میں آپ کوخوش آمدید کہتا ہوں اور بورۃ آف ڈ ائز بکٹرزی طرف سے 30 جون 2022 کوشتم ہوئے والے مالی سال کے لیے کمپیٹی کے نظر ثانی شدہ حسابات کے ساتھ ساتھ آپ کی کمپوٹی کی کارکرد گل پراینا جائز ہوٹی کرتا ہوں۔

منعتى جائزه

۔ فیر ساز گارکارہ باری ماحول کی دجہ ہے روا بی صنعت کی بنیاد عام طور پر کمز ورجور ہی ہے جیسا کہ عالمی منڈی بین ٹیکٹائل کے پاکستان کے جیسیش مسلسل کی ہے ظاہر ہو تا ہے۔ کمیعٹی ٹی بھارک گا

سی کی ورسردی کمپنی کی پینجنٹ اپنے مینکروں کے ساتھ عدالت میں مقدمات کا سامنا کررہ ہے اور ہمارے و کیل وقت کے ساتھ ان کے ساتھ خوشگوار عل کے لیے پر اعتادییں۔ مستقلق سے وسمانا

مستقبل کے امکانات فی الحال، ٹیکسٹائل مصنوعات کی پیدادار کے لیے قبیشر کی گولیز پر دیناسب سے پہترین آپشن ہے۔ نیز ہم وقت کے ساتھ ساتھ اپنے مینکر کے ساتھ دوستانہ تصفیے کی حواش میں جیں اور پھران کے مطابق اس کی منصوبہ بندی کریں۔

ظهار تشكر

کہنی کے بورڈ آفڈائز کیٹر ز کی طرف سے کمپنی کے شاف کی سرشار اور پر خلوص خدمات کا اعتراف کر تاہوں۔ میں گور نمنٹ اوا روں، حصص واروں اور اپنے فینکرز کا بھی پچے ہیں.

pt. orts

(88)

02/2

لا مور: 05 أكتوبر، 2022

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi, Tel: 021-32638521-3 Email: Info@mushtaqandco.com, audi kh@mushtaqandco.com



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Bilal Fibres Limited on the Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations. 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Bilal Fibres Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2022, in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach, we are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Following instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the code were observed:

Paragraph reference	Description
01	Presently, The Board has not appointed a female director as required by regulation 7 of chapter II of Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance regulations, 2019 However, in the next financial year the compliance of the said Regulation will be ensured.
10	The same person simultaneously holds office of chief financial officer and the company secretary of a listed company. Which is not allowed as required by regulation 24 o chapter VII of Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance regulations, 2019.
15	The Board has not set-up an internal audit function as required by regulation 31 o Chapter X of Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance regulations, 2019.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS





Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- (a) Proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- (b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have not been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns:
- (c) Investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- (d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Schild Hussain Zahid, (FCA).

Mushtaq and Co.

Chartered Accountants

Karachi Dated: 0 5 OCT 2022

UDIN: AR202210043y8vpHsF2

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Name of company: Bilal Fibres Limited

Year ending: June 30, 2022

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are seven as per the following:

a. Male: 7 b. Female: -

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Muhammad Kashif
	Mr. Muhammad Aslam Bhatti
Other Non Executive Directors	Mr. Anwaar Abbass
	Mr. Muhammad Omer
	Mr. Shahid Iqbal
	4. Mr. Muhammad Asghar
Executive Director	Mr. Naeem Omer
	(Chief Executive)
Female Director	

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
- The company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensure that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by company;
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;

- The Board has arranged Directors' Training Program for the following;
 - Presently no director has participated in the training program required as per Regulation, however in the next financial year the compliance of the said Regulation will be ensured;
- There were no new appointment of chief financial officer, company secretary and head
 of internal audit due to no business activity and the function of chief financial efficer and
 company secretary performed by the same person;
- Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board;
- 12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

Committees	Composition/Names		
Audit Committee	Chairman: Mr. Muhammad Aslam Bhatti (Independent Director)		
	Members: Mr. Anwaar Abbas Mr. Muhammad Omer		
HR & Remuneration Committee	Chairman: Mr. Muhammad Kashif Members: Mr. Muhammad Asghar Mrs. Shahid Iqbal		

- The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following;-

Committees	Frequency		
Audit Committee	Four quarterly meetings were held during the financial year ended June 30, 2022		
HR & Remuneration Committee	One meeting was held during the financial year ended June 30, 2022		

- Due to no business activity presently the Board has not set up an effective internal audit function and there are no staff for the purpose;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in

the audit are not a close relative (Spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;

- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of the Regulations 3, 6, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulation have been complied with;

Muhammad Omer

pl. orgs

Chairman

Lahore: October 05, 2022

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi, Tel: 021-32636521-3 Email: info@mushtagandco.com, audit khi@mushtagandco.com



Independent auditor's report to the members of Bilal Fibres Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Disclaimer of Opinion

We were engaged to audit the financial statements of BILAL FIBRES LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022 and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

We do not express an opinion on the accompanying financial statements of the company. Because of the significance of the matters described in Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

- a) We did not observe the counting of the Physical inventory of stock in trade and property, plant and equipment amounting to Rs.57.873 million and Rs. 354.570 million respectively as at June 30, 2022. The management informed us that the stocks are pledged with the banking Companies and are under litigation, while the factory is on lease now with the third party.
- b) At the reporting date the Company has not carried out revaluation of property, plant and equipment note 5 (except for factory equipment, office and electric equipment and furniture and fixture) which was due on June 30, 2022 due to discontinuity of operations. Previous revaluation was carried out on June 28, 2019. Therefore, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments were necessary in this regard.
- c) The stocks are carried out in the statement of financial position at Rs.57.873 million i.e., at cost. Management has not stated the inventories at lower of cost or net realizable value as required by the financial reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, which constitutes a departure from applicable financial reporting standards. Therefore, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments were necessary in this regard.
- d) As explained in note 24 to the financial statements, the company is in litigation with the banking companies.

The banks have not confirmed the balances of Long Term financing, as shown in note 16, amounting Rs.493.145 million, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, as shown in note 18, amounting Rs.108.306 million and short term borrowings, as shown in note 23, amounting Rs.136.365 million.

The banks have not confirmed the balances of accrued mark up on long term financing, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and short term borrowings, note 21, sum of Rs, 97,520 million.

The Company had not worked out and provided the amount of markup on long term borrowings from financial institutions, Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and short-term borrowings, as shown in note 21, in these financial statements. Due to the unavailability of record, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments were necessary in this regard.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi, Tel: 021-32638521-3 Email: info@mushtaqandco.com, audit khi@mushtaqandco.com



- e) As mentioned in note 24 we have not received reply of confirmation request from banks in respect of bank guarantees amounting to Rs. 8.675 million in aggregate and bank guarantee margin note 10 amounting to Rs. 2.925 million, to verify the correctness of contingency and trade deposits and short term prepayments. We were also unable to satisfy ourselves as to the correctness of the reported balances by performing other alternate auditing procedures.
- At the reporting date the Company has accumulated losses amounting to Rs.501.565 million and its current liabilities exceed its current assets by Rs.923.492 million.

The Company has suspended its operations since June 16, 2016 and has leased out the factory. Further, financial results show adverse key financial ratios, and the decision of the court cases is still uncertain, whether it will be in favor of the company or otherwise.

The conditions mentioned in points 'a' to 'f' along with adverse key financial ratios, the Company's inability to comply with loan agreements and pay debts on due dates and discontinuance of operations indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. At present, there is no formal approved business Plan for future periods.

These conditions and events indicate material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. However, the management of the company has prepared these financial statements on going concern basis. Because of the circumstances and events as mentioned herein, in our opinion, the company cannot be considered to be a going concern and thus the preparation of these financial statements on going concern basis is inappropriate. In our opinion the financial statements should reflect adjustments to reduce the value of assets to their recoverable amount and to provide any further liabilities that may arise. These adjustments are likely to be substantial, and in view of further qualifications discussed in paragraphs (a) to (f) above we are unable to determine the quantum of the required adjustments and provisions with a reasonable degree of accuracy.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Company's financial statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer Opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants'

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Kerachi, Tet: 021-32638521-3 Email: info@mushtagandco.com, audit khi@mushtagandco.com



Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- (a) Proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- (b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have not been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns:
- (e) Investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- (d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Zahrd Hussain Zahid, (FCA).

Mushtaq and Co. *
Chartered Accountants

Karachi Dated 0 5 OCT 2022

UDIN: AR202210043y8vpllsF2

BILAL FIBRES LIMITED

KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA FOR LAST SIX YEARS

B. DETCHE A DO	Year Ended 30th June					
PARTICULARS	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
ASSETS EMPLOYED						
Property, plant and equipment	403.86	425.292	447.873	471.666	930.431	973.317
Investment Property	573.00	556.309	542.740	542.740	96	395
Long term deposits	1.156	1.156	1.156	1.156	3.356	3.389
Current assets	82.70	83.773	92.542	102.185	102,479	91,439
Total assets employed	1,060.711	1,066.530	1,084,311	1,117.747	1,036.266	1,068.144
FINANCED BY						
Shareholders' equity	(360.56)	(308.607)	(307.101)	(281.136)	(280.303)	(209.202
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	407.52	411.124	414.914	418.903	293.016	300.296
	46.959	102.517	107.813	137.767	12.713	91.094
Loan from directors/sponsors	- 1	95.917	111.021	117.307	110.459	92.372
Deferred Liability	7.561	7.420	6.936	6.936	60.396	22.257
	7.561	103.337	117.957	124.243	170.856	114.629
Current Liabilities	1,006.191	860.675	858.542	855.737	852.682	862.421
Foal funds invested	1,060.711	1,066.530	1,084.311	1,117.747	1,036.251	1,068,144
PROFIT & LOSS						
Furnover (net)	90	9	3-		93	95.048
Revenue - Income		S .	. 14	€ ,	22	1.500
				2 7		96.548
Gross (Loss)					(39.319)	(39.319
Operating (Loss) / Profit	(5,706)	(3.472)	(27.724)	(45.000)	(33.489)	1,162
Finance cost	(49.852)	(1.824)	(2.230)	(13.091)	17.373	21.307
loss) / Proft before taxation	(55.558)	(5.296)	(29.954)	(58.091)	(50.862)	22.468
loss) / Proft after taxation	(55,558)	(5.296)	(29.954)	(8.682)	(78.366)	13.363
Earnings per share (Rs.)	(3.94)	(0.38)	(2.12)	(0.62)	(5,56)	0.95
Number of spindle installed		-	-		-	29,016
Number of spindle worked	- 80	-			- 8	<u> </u>
Number of shifts per day						
Actual production converted						
into 20's count (Kgs in million)		-		-	-	

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

A3 A1 30/CE 30, 2022		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Note	Rupee	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	5000000		
Property, plant and equipment	5	354,570,907	373,410,730
Right of use assets	6	49,286,919	51,880,967
Investment Property	7	572,997,757	556,308,500
Long term deposits	8	1,156,180	1,156,180
5072-550-WIN (500000)		978,011,763	982,756,377
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock in trade	9	57,872,747	57,872,74
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	10	2,925,765	2,925,765
Other receivables	11	17,120,975	15,295,975
Sales tax refundable		818,786	3,540,913
Tax Refunds Due From Government	12	3,515,444	3,515,444
Cash and bank balances	13	445,250	622,540
		82,698,967	83,773,384
	-	1,060,710,730	1,066,529,761
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised share capital			
15,000,000 (June 30, 2021: 15,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	14 _	150,000,000	150,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	45	- 100	
14,100,000 (June 30, 2021: 14,100,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	Γ	141,000,000	141,000,000
Accumulated loss		(501,564,754)	(449,607,092
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	15	407,523,932	411,124,240
		46,959,178	102,517,148
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term financing from Banking Companies - Secured	16	0.50	
Long term financing from directors and associates	17	0.26	95,917,168
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	18	0:23	
Deferred liabilities	19	7,561,010	7,420,010
		7,561,010	103,337,178
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	20	42,494,535	34,483,679
Unclaimed dividend	41	235,776	235,776
Accrued Interest/Mark up payable	21	97,520,035	97,520,035
Loan from directors and associates	22	128,122,951	-
Short term borrowings	23	136,365,534	143,465,534
Current portion of:			
Long term financing from Banking Companies	16	493,145,381	476,664,086
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	18	108,306,331	108,306,331
		1,006,190,542	860,675,435
Contingencies and commitments	24 _	1,060,710,730	1,066,529,761
	=	1,000,710,130	2,000,000,000

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	(Rupe		es)
Sales	25	8	*
Cost of sales	26	12	
Gross loss	-	ĉ#	2
Distribution cost	27	12	9
Administrative expenses	28	(25,672,871)	(33,995,297)
Other operating expenses	29	(2,722,127)	2
Other income	30	22,689,257	30,523,216
Finance cost	31	(49,852,229)	(1,824,008)
		(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)
Loss before taxation	-	(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)
Taxation	32	8	*
Loss after taxation	2	(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	33	(3.94)	(0.38)

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	(Kuj	pees)
Loss after taxation	(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)
Other comprehensive income	(A)	2
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Arms DIRECTOR

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Revenue Reserve		Capital Reserve		
	Share capital	Accumulated loss	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	Total	
	(Rupees)				
Balance as on 01 July 2020	141,000,000	(448,100,801)	414,914,038	107,813,237	
Transfer from surplus on revaluation on account of incremental depreciation - net of tax					
	30	3,789,798	(3,789,798)	*:	
Net Profit/(loss) for the year	5.	(5,296,089)		(5,296,089)	
Other comprehensive income for the period		9.	16	=	
Balance as on June 30, 2021	141,000,000	(449,607,092)	411,124,240	102,517,148	
Transfer from surplus on revaluation on account of incremental depreciation - net of tax	Sec. 1	3,600,308	(3,600,308)	23	
Net Profit/(loss) for the year		(55,557,970)		(55,557,970)	
Other comprehensive income for the period	529	21	100	27	
Balance as on June 30, 2022	141,000,000	(501,564,754)	407,523,932	46,959,178	

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Amil DIRECTOR

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FOR THE TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		(Rupees)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before taxation		(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)
Adjustment for non-cash and other related items:			
Depreciation on operating fixed assets		18,839,823	19,851,194
Depreciation on right of use assets		2,594,048	2,730,577
Notional income /(expense) on interest free loans		49,477,084	(9,142,395)
Fair value gain on Investment property		(16,689,257)	(13,568,500)
Finance cost		145	11,687
Sales tax written off		2,722,127	89
Interest on staff retirement benefits		141,000	484,000
Cash flow generated/(used in) from operating activities before working capital changes		1,527,000	(4,929,526)
Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes :			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		ac s	2
Other receivables		(1,825,000)	8,800,000
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:			
Increase in trade and other payables		8,010,856	321,548
Net cash used in working capital		6,185,856	9,121,548
Cash generated from operations		7,712,856	4,192,022
Finance cost		(145)	(11,687)
Net cash generated from operating activities		7,712,711	4,180,335
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	9
Increase/(decrease) in short term borrowings - net		(7,100,000)	*
Increase/(decrease) in financing from directors and associates		(790,000)	(4,148,649)
Net cash (used in) financing activities		(7,890,000)	(4,148,649)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(177,290)	31,686
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		622,540	590,854
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		445,250	622,540
CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P		- Control of the Cont	The second secon

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.



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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 The company is limited by shares, incorporated in Pakistan on April 13, 1987 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017) and the shares of the company are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The principal business of the company is manufacture and sale of yarn. The geographical location and address of the company's business units including plant as follows.

Business Unit Geographical location and address

Registered office 109-A, Street No.3, Cavalry Ground, Lahore Cantt, Lahore

Manufacturing Plant 38.KM, Sheikhupura Road, Tehsil Jarranwala, District, Faisalabad

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan, comprise of:

- -International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017, and
- -Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain items as disclosed in the relevant accounting policies below:

Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the company's functional currency. Amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee, unless otherwise stated.

2.3 Key Judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. In addition, it requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a high degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are documented in the following accounting policies and notes, and relate primarily to:

- -useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment [Refer to Note.5].
- -Provision for slow moving inventories.
- -Obligation of defined benefit plans for employees.
- -Estimate of provision for warranty if any.
- -Estimate of current and deferred tax.
- -Estimate of contingent liabilities.
- -Impairment loss of non-financial assets other than inventories.

3 NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

3.1 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the company.

Effective date (annual reporting periods

		beginning on or after
IAS I	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12	Income Taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 3	Business Combinations (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 16	Leases (Amendments)	January 1, 2022

The management anticipates that adoption of above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures.

3.2 Further, the following new standards and interpretations have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), for the purpose of their applicability in Pakistan;

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards IFRS 17 Insurance contracts

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Property, Plant and equipment

a Owned assets

The Company has adopted revaluation model for its property, plant and equipment, except for factory equipment, office and electric equipment and furniture and fixture. Property, plant and equipment except for capital work-in-progress are stated at cost/revaluation less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Freehold land has been transferred to investment property and is stated at fair value.

Depreciation charged on all depreciable assets is charged statement of profit or loss account on the reducing balance method over its estimated useful life at annual rates mentioned in note of fixed assets after taking into account their residual values. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which asset is available for use and on disposal before the month of disposal. Residual values and the useful lives of the assets are reviewed at least at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant,

Subsequent costs including major renewals and improvements are included in the carrying amount of the asset or are recognized as separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the company and cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized at the time of replacement. Normal repair and maintenance and day to day servicing are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

The depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed periodically and altered if circumstances or expectations have changed significantly. Any change or adjustment in depreciation method, useful lives and residual values is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' and is applied prospectively in the financial statements by adjusting the depreciation charge for the period in which the amendment or change has been made and for future periods. Disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized when significant risk and rewards, incidental to the ownership of that asset, have been transferred to the buyer. Gain and loss on disposal is determined by comparing the carrying amount of that asset with the sales proceed and is recognized within 'other income / other operating expenses' in the statement of profit or loss.

b Leased Assets

At the inception of a contract, the company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The extension and termination options are incorporated in determination of lease term only when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise these options. Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and corresponding liabilities at the date at which the leased assets are available for use by the Company. The lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. The lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate. Right-of-use assets are initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentive received. The right of-use assets are depreciated on reducing balance method. The carrying amount of the right of use asset is also reduced by impairment losses if any. At transition, the the company recognizes right to use assets equal to the present value of lease payments. Payments associated with short term leases and leases of low value assets are recognized on a straight line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of less than 12 Months.

4.2 Capital Work In Progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any impairment loss.

4.3 Stock In Trade

Stock In trade have been stated at cost. Raw material in hand is measured at weighted average cost and raw material in transit is measured at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

4.4 Stores, Spares and Loose tools

Stores, spares and loose tools are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventory is based on weighted average cost. Items in transit are stated at cost accumulated up to the reporting date. The company reviews the carrying amounts of stores, spares and loose tools on an on-going basis and provision is made for obsolescence if there is any change in usage.

4.5 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in the previous year's arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

4.6 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are classified as financial assets at amortized cost according to IFRS 9. Under IAS 39, trade and other receivables were previously classified as loans and receivables. Trade debts are initially recognized at original invoice amount which is the fair value of the consideration to be received in future and subsequently measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts. The Company uses simplified approach for measuring the expected credit losses for all trade and other receivables including contract assets based on lifetime expected credit losses. The Company estimates the credit losses using a provision matrix, where trade receivables are grouped based on different customer attributes along with historical, current and forward looking assumptions. Bad debts are written off with the approval of board of directors when identified.

4.7 Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost in the statement of financial position. For the purpose of cash flow statement cash and cash equivalent consists of cash in hand and balances with banks.

4.8 Trade and other Payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at their amortized cost, which approximate fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

4.9 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value less directly attributable transactions costs, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of original liability and recognition of a new liability and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

4.10 Financial assets

The details of new accounting policies after the application of IFRS 9 is as follows. The new IFRS effectively eliminated loans and receivables category of the previous IAS 39.

4.10.1 Classification

Financial assets are classified, into following categories: financial assets at amortized cost, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as per the requirements of IFRS-9. The financial assets are classified at initial recognition based on the business model used for managing the financial assets and contractual terms of the eash flows.

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a Financial assets at amortized cost

A financial asset shall be classified as financial asset at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met; -the assets held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and -Contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Debt instruments where contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest and the objective of the company is achieved by both collecting cash flows and selling the financial assets.

Equity investments that are not held for trading and the company made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure it at fair value with only dividend income recognized in profit or loss.

c Financial assets at fair value through Profit or loss

Financial asset shall be measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive Income.

A debt instrument can be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains or losses on them on different basis.

4.10.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date - the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of profit or loss. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. After initial recognition, financial assets are measured at amortized cost. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of profit or loss within 'other income / other operating expenses' in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in the statement of profit or loss as part of 'other income' when the Company's right to receive payments is established. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income' category are recognized in other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognized in profit or loss. The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in the statement of profit or loss on equity instruments are not reversed through the statement of profit or loss.

4.11 Offsetting of financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on allies the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business.

4.12 Derivatives, financial instruments and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair values. The method of recognizing the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Company designates certain derivatives as either fair value hedge or cash flow hedge.

a Fair Value Hedge

A hedge of the exposure to changes in fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment or a component of any such item that is attributable to a particular risk and could affect profit or loss.

b Cash Flow Hedge

A hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with all or a component of a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect profit or loss.

4.13 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred except where such costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset in which case such costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset.

4.14 Provision

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

4.15 Foreign currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pakistan rupees at monthly average rates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gain or losses are charged to profit or loss account.

4.16 Impairment of Non-Financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to identify circumstances indicating occurrence of impairment loss or reversal of previous impairment losses, if any. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Reversal of impairment loss is restricted to the original cost of the asset.

4.17 Revenue Recognition

The company is involved in manufacturing and sale of yarn. According to the core principles of IFRS-15, the company recognizes the revenue from sale of yarn when the company satisfies a performance obligation (at a point of time) by transferring promised goods to customers being when the goods are dispatched to customers. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is reduced for allowances such as taxes, duties, commission, sales returns and discounts.

Income from different sources other than above is recognized on the following basis:

- -Interest income is recognized on accrual basis.
- -Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.
- -Rental income is recognized in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Unrealized gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'fair value through other comprehensive income' are included in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Unrealized gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'fair value through profit or loss' are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

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4.18 Related Party Transactions

The company enters into transactions with related parties on arm's length basis. Prices for transactions with related parties are determined using admissible valuation methods, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to approval of the board of directors it is in the interest of the company to do so.

4.19 Staff Retirement Benefits

The company has adopted IAS 19, (Revised) "Employee Benefits". The amendments in the revised standard require the company to eliminate the corridor approach and recognize all actuarial gains and losses (now called 'remeasurements', that result from the remeasurement of defined benefits obligations and fair value of plan assets at the balance sheet date) in other comprehensive income as they occur, immediately recognize all past service costs and replace interest cost and expected return on plan assets with a net interest amount that is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefits liability / asset.

The company had operated an unfunded gratuity scheme covering for all its permanent employees who have attained the minimum qualifying period for entitlement to the gratuity.

There was only four employee entitled for gratuity, therefore the management believed that it is unreasonable to conduct actuarial valuation as required by IAS 19 "(Revised) Employee Benefits".

4.20 Depreciation

Assets acquired under a finance lease are depreciated in the same manner and at the same rates used for similar owned assets, so as to depreciate these assets over their estimated useful lives in view of certainty of ownership of these assets at the end of lease term. Depreciation of the leased assets is charged to income.

4.21 Deferred income

Income arising from sale and lease back transaction, if any, which results in finance lease, is deferred and amortized equally over the lease period.

4.22 Investment property

Properties comprising leasehold land and building which are not occupied by the Company and are held for capital appreciation or to earn rental income are classified as investment property in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS)-40 'Investment Property'. These properties are carried at fair value, which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. The valuation of the properties will be carried out with sufficient regularity.

4.23 Dividend and appropriations

Dividend is recognized as liability in period in which it is declared, Appropriations of profit are reflected in the statement of changes in equity in the period in which appropriations are approved.

4.24 Earning per Share

The company presents earning per share data for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

5 Property, Plant and Equipment

5.1 Operating Fixed Assets

	2022							
24/18-240-27/12 (19/24/87)		COST			Đ	EPRECIATIO	N	WDV
PARTICULARS	As at July 01, 2021	Additions- (Disposal)	As at June 30, 2022	Rate %	As at July 01, 2021	For the Period	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022
Plant and machinery	410,000,000		410,000,000	5	39,975,000	18,501,250	58,476,250	351,523,750
Factory equipment	129,250	-	129,250	10	110,346	1,890	112,236	17,014
Office & electric equipment	10,869,612	-	10,869,612	10	8,132,932	273,668	8,406,600	2,463,012
Furniture and fixture	3,533,809	8	3,533,809	10	2,903,663	63,015	2,966,678	567,131
June 30, 2022	424,532,671		424,532,671		51,121,941	18,839,823	69,961,764	354,570,907

	2021							
B + DTICTLY + DC		COST			D	EPRECIATIO	N .	WDV
PARTICULARS	As at July 91, 2020	Additions- (Disposal)	As at June 30, 2021	Rate %	As at July 01, 2020	For the Period	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
Plant and machinery	410,000,000	9	410,000,000	5	20,500,000	19,475,000	39,975,000	370,025,000
Factory equipment	129,250	33	129,250	10	108,245	2,101	110,346	18,904
Office & electric equipment	10,869,612	8	10,869,612	10	7,828,855	304,077	8,132,932	2,736,680
Furniture and fixture	3,533,809	9	3,533,809	10	2,833,647	70,016	2,903,663	630,146
June 30, 2021	424,532,671		424,532,671		31,270,747	19,851,194	51,121,941	373,410,730

5.2 Depreciation charge for the year on operating fixed assets and assets subject to finance lease has been allocated as follows:

		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Administrative expenses		Ru	pees
Operating Fixed Assets	5.1	18,839,823	19,851,194
Right of use assets	6	2,594,048	2,730,577
		21,433,871	22,581,771

- 5.3 The Company had revalued its Plant and Machinery. Revaluation of the assets was carried out by the independent valuers. "M/S Impulse (Pvt.) Ltd. On June 28, 2019. The forced sale value of plant & machinery as per the valuation report was Rs. 307.50 million.
- 5.4 No operating fixed assets disposed off during the year.

5.5 Particulars of Immovable fixed Assets of the Company are as follows:

Location 109-A, Street No.3, Cavalry Ground, Lahore Chak No. 60-61/R.B; 38 KM Sheikhupuru road Tehsil, Jarranwala, District, Faisalabad
 Area of Land
 Covered area of Building

 1-Kanul
 4,628,26 Square foot

 154.3 Kmals
 250,349 Square foot

5.6 Had there been no revaluation, the carrying amount of the specific class of assets would have been as follows:

92,365,822

92,365,822

Plant and machinery 329,634,311 346,983,485 329,634,311 346,983,485

6 Right of Use assets

Plant and machinery

June 30, 2021

	2022							
	COST			D	EPRECIATION		WDV	
PARTICULARS	As at July 01, 2021	Additions	As at June 30, 2022	Rate %	As at July 01, 2021	For the Period	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022
Plant and machinery	92,365,822		92,365,822	5	40,484,855	2,594,048	43,078,903	49,286,919
June 30, 2022	92,365,822		92,365,822		40,484,855	2,594,048	43,078,903	49,286,919

PARTICULARS					2021			
	COST			DEPRECIATION			WDV	
	As at July 01, 2020	Additions	As at June 30, 2021	Rate	As at July 01, 2020	For the Period	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021

92,365,822

37,754,278

37,754,278

2,730,577

2,730,577

40,484,855

40,484,855

51,880,967

51,880,967

		Note	June 30, 2022 Rup	June 30, 2021 ecs
7	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			12/4/12/10/10/0
	Opening net book value	34	556,308,500	542,740,000
	Fair Value Gain Closing net book value	30	16,689,257 572,997,757	13,568,500
7.1	Investment property represents the fair value of land and building leased of 2017. The fair value of investment property is determined by the M/s a relevant professional experience. The fair market value was determined for	Akram Enterprises independ	dent valuer as at July	11, 2022 having
	similar land and building existing in near vicinity. There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop inv	estment property or for repa	irs, maintenance or er	hancements.
7.2	Forced Sale Value The forced sale value of Land and Building is 249,240 and 237,807 millio	n respectively.		
380	LONG TERM DEPOSITS		June 30, 2022 Rup	June 30, 2021
8	Utilities		1,156,180	1,156,180
	Connect		1,156,180	1,156,180
9	STOCK IN TRADE			0.55-0.00-1-1-1
	Raw Material		57,528,875	57,528,875
	Waste		343,872 57,872,747	343,872 57,872,747
9.1	It includes carrying value of pledged stock amounting to Rs. 57.872 millio	n (June 30, 2021; Pe. 57.82	00.00	37,672,147
	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS	(Anne 201 ave 1 100 27 19)	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
10	Bank Guarantee Margin		2,925,765	2,925,765
	Data Gallanie Magn		2,925,765	2,925,765
11	OTHER RECEIVABLES		4. A	
	Mkb Spinning Mills Ltd, Fsd -Unsecured considered good	11.1	7,225,000	5,400,000
	Other receivables - considered doubtful	11.2	9,895,975	9,895,975
			17,120,975	15,295,975
11.1	The movement of MKB Spinning Mills Ltd, Fsd is as follows:			
	Rent receivable from Mkb Spinning Mills Ltd, Fsd		7,600,000	5,400,000
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts / expected credit losses	11.1.1	(375,000)	56
	Closing rent receivable from Mkb Spinning Mills Ltd, Fsd		7,225,000	5,400,000
1.1.1	Provision for doubtful rent receivable / expected credit losses			
	Balance as at July 01			<u>\$2</u>
	Provision charged during the year		375,000	€
	Provision reversed during the year Balances written off during the year		\$	1
	Balance as at June 30		375,000	
	RESIDENCE TO SO NO MAN AND SOCIETY OF SOCIET		allinia Vanniteiraan	M 900 AN
11.2	This represents late payment surcharge and tariff adjustment claimed by the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore while encashing bank guarant SNGPL for recovery of this amount which is pending adjudication. This c	ee by Silk Bank Limited. T	The Company has fie	
927	TAN PERIADE DUE PROM CONTRACT		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
12	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT Advance Income Tax		3,515,444	3,515,444
	mayance income rax		3,515,444	3,515,444
	The Control of the Section (Section 1997) and the Section (Section 1997) and the Section (Section 1997) and the Section 1997 and the Se		,	
13	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
13	CASH AND BANK BALANCES Cash in hand		113,644	552,789
13			113,644 331,606	552,789 69,751

		Note	June 30, 2022 Rupe	June 30, 2021
14	AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL 15,000,000 (June 30, 2021: 15,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			150,000,000
	15,000,000 (June 39, 2021: 15,000,000) Ordinary snares of Rs. 10 each		150,000,000	150,000,000
	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL			
	14,100,000 (June 30, 2021: 14,100,000) Ordinary			
	shares of Rs. 10 each Paid in cash	14.1	141,000,000	141,000,000
			141,000,000	141,000,000
14.1	The shareholders' are entitled to receive all distributions to them including divi- shares as and when declared by the company. All shares carry "one vote" per capital during the year.			
		Note	June 30, 2022 Rupe	June 30, 2021 ces
15	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPM	ENT		
13	Opening balance	0200000	490,493,896	495,831,639
1260	The state of the s		434,433,630	45044004003
15.1	Less: Transferred to unappropriated profit		C 2 (00 ton) [2 700 700
	Incremental depreciation for the period Related deferred tax liability		3,600,308 1,470,548	3,789,798
	Related deferred tax flability		5,070,856	1,547,945 5,337,743
			485,423,040	490,493,896
			40.544.040	370,472,070
15.2	Less: Related deferred tax liabilities on			
	Opening balance		79,369,656	80,917,601
	Incremental depreciation for the year		(1,470,548)	(1,547,945)
			77,899,108	79,369,656
			407,523,932	411,124,240
16	LONG TERM FINANCING FROM BANKING COMPANIES - SECURE	D.	5	
10	Demand Finance - Under mark up arrangements	30		
	Demand finance - Settled amount	16.1	123,137,000	106,655,699
	Demand finance - II	16.2	3,697,000	3,697,000
	Demand finance - III	16.3	6,977,063	6,977,063
	Demand finance - IV	16.4	174,170,823	174,170,823
	Demand finance - IV (unserviceable)	16.5	62,820,000	62,820,000
	Demand finance - VIII	16.6	19,938,937	19,938,937
	Forced demand finance	16.7	10,936,850	10,936,850
	Frozen mark up		20027400000	
	Demand finance - II	16.8	252,000	252,000
	Demand finance - III	16.9	140,091	140,091
	Demand finance - IV	16.10	89,609,132	89,609,132
	Demand finance - VIII	16.11	1,466,485	1,466,485
	Last Control Control Charles and Last Day to Assess		493,145,381	476,664,080
	Less: Current portion of long term loan Due to decree by the banking companies		(493,145,381)	(476,664,080)
	The same of the sa		(420,1420,01)	(470,004,000)
	Name of the control o			10.50
16.1	Demand finance - Settled amount Gross amount payable	16.1.1	123,137,000	123,137,000
	Present value adjustment - deferred notional income	16.1.1	123,137,000	(16,481,301)
	Present value of settled amount	10,1,4	123,137,000	106,655,699
			Carling Manager	A

16.1.1 During the year ended June 30, 2013 the Company had rescheduled its Demand Finance -1 amounted to Rs. 90.075 million, Term finance-I amounted to Rs. 18,639 million, Term finance III amounted to Rs. 7.336 million, Term finance IV amounted Rs. 40.00 million, Frozen markup on demand finance-I amounted 0.157 million and running finance amounted to Rs. 9.90 million in one demand finance facility aggregating to Rs. 166.197 million with NIB Bank limited (now MCB Bank limited). As per the terms of revised agreement, the rescheduled loan is repayable in 106 monthly instalments, commenced from June 12, 2013 and expired on March 31, 2022. The restructured loan is secured against existing securities of the respective loan i.e. against joint pari passu charge over land, building and machinery for Rs. 462.67 million(NIB bank's share in charge is Rs. 206.67 million), specific / exclusive charge of Rs. 124.246 million on machinery and 3 gas generators, second charge of Rs. 100 million over stocks and receivable and personal guarantee of the sponsoring directors of the company. The amount is settled as a result of consent decree passed by the court in favor of the bank and against the principal borrower and the guarantee for Rs. 250.011 million the basis of rescheduling agreement. Rescheduling agreement states that non payment of any three

consecutive instalments towards adjustment of the settled amount as required in terms of the rescheduled agreement shall be considered as a failure to satisfy the decree. In event of default, the bank shall be entitled to cancel / revoke any of the arrangement including waiver of mark-up under the rescheduling agreement and the principal borrower and the guarantor shall become immediately liable to pay to the bank forthwith the entire decreetal amount less any payments made there under and the bank disregarding any arrangement shall immediately forthwith be entitled to continue execution of proceedings for recovery of decreetal amount less any payment made against by the principal borrower and the guarantor.

16.1.2 This represent the difference between amortized cost and face value of interest free loan (rescheduled during the year ended on June 30, 2013) from NIB Bank Limited, mortized cost has been determined using effective interest rate of 10,00% per annum being the rate prevailing in the market. Movement of the present value adjustments is as follows. This represent the difference between amortized cost and face value of interest free loan (rescheduled during the year ended on June 30, 2013 as explained in note 16.1.1 above) from NIB Bank Limited. Amortized cost has been determined using effective interest rate of 10,00% per annum being the rate prevailing in the market. Movement of the present value adjustments is as follows:

	June 30, 2022 Ji Rupee-	une 30, 2021
Present value adjustments		
Opening balance	16,481,301	18,293,622
Amortized during the period	(16,481,301)	(1,812,321)
	<u>.</u> •	16,481,301

- 16.2 The loan was obtained to finance fixed assets of the company. The loan is subject to mark up at the rate of 10 percent per annum payable quarterly (June 30, 2021; 10 percent per annum payable quarterly). The loan was repayable in thirty two quarterly instalments, commencing from March 31, 2010 which expired on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against first registered specific charge for Rs. 33.515 million over the textile machinery, first registered pari passu charge for Rs. 66.00 million over all present and future fixed assets (including land, building and machinery) of the company.
- 16.3 The loan was obtained to adjust the existing RF facility of the company. The loan is subject to mark up at the rate of 10 percent per annum (June 30, 2021; 10 percent per annum) payable quarterly. The loan was repayable in thirty two quarterly installments, commencing from March 31, 2010 which expired on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against first registered specific charge for Rs. 33.515 million over the textile machinery, first registered part passu charge for Rs. 66,00 million over all present and future fixed assets (including land, building and machinery) of the company.
- 16.4 The loan was rescheduled and merged in one Demand finance, previously disclosed as DF-IV amounted to Rs. 25 million, DF-VI amounted to Rs. 70 million, DF-VI amounted to Rs. 17 million DF-VII amounted to Rs. 65.208 million and lease finance facility amounted Rs. 6.925 million. The loan is subject to mark-up at the rate of 3 months average KIBOR of quarter (June 30, 2021; 3 months average KIBOR). The loan was repayable in 30 instalments payable quarterly commencing from September 30, 2009 which expired on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against registered joint pari passu charge of Rs. 190 million on the present and future fixed assets (including land, building, plant and machinery) of the company valuing Rs. 472 million (already registered with SECP), additional second charge on a plot amounting to Rs. 40 million (currently mortgaged with Meezan Bank Limited), ranking charge on fixed assets of the company of Rs. 29,933 million, ranking charge on fixed assets (including land, building and machinery) of the company of Rs. 54.660, exclusive hypothecation charge over plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 50.350 million, floating charge over plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 23.140. Exclusive hypothecation over plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 2.188 and personal guarantees of sponsoring director.
- 16.5 Overdue markup was converted into demand finance facility amounting to Rs. 65.825 million. The facility was repayable in 34 quarterly installments starting from September 30, 2009 which ended on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against ranking charge on fixed ussets of the company to cover markup for Rs. 65.825 million.
- 16.6 The loan was obtained to finance imported polyester subsequently restructured as demand finance. The loan was repayable in 32 quarterly installments commencing from March 31, 2010 which expired on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against registered specific charge for Rs.33,515 million, registered pari passu charge of Rs.66 million on all present and future fixed assets of the company and accepted drafts and TRs.
- 16.7 This represents the forced loan created by Silk Bank on encashment of bank guarantee by Sui Northern Gas Pipe Lines Limited.
- 16.8 Deferred mark up on demand finance II for Rs. 0.252 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 0.252 million) frozen and converted into long term financing. Frozen markup was payable in 28 equal quarterly installments of Rs. 0.019 million and 5 installments Rs. 0.020 million commencing from December 2009.

- 16.9 Deferred mark up on demand finance III as disclosed above of Rs. 0.140 million (June 30, 2021: for Rs. 0.140 million) froze and converted in to long term financing. Frozen markup was payable in 33 equal quarterly installments of Rs. 0.011 million commencing from December 2009.
- 16.10 Deferred mark up on demand finance IV of Rs. 89,609 million (June 30, 2021; Rs, 89,609 million) freezed and converted in to long term financing. Frozen markup was due to be paid in lump sum on December 31, 2017.
- 16.11 Deferred mark up on demand finance VIII as disclosed above for Rs. 1.466 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 1.466 million) froze and converted into long term financing. Frozen markup was payable in 33 quarterly installments of Rs. 0.114 million commencing from December 2009.
- 16.12 The long term financing from Banking companies have been shown under the current liabilities in view of suits for recovery and execution applications filed by the banking companies under the Honorable Lahore High Court.

17	LONG TERM FINANCING FROM DIRECTORS AND ASSOCIATES -	Note	June 30, 2022 Rupe	June 30, 2021 ces
	UNSECURED			
	Interest free loan	17.1	128,122,951	128,912,951
	Present value adjustment	17.2		(32,995,783)
	Loan transferred to current liabilities	22	(128,122,951)	0.25
				95,917,168

- 17.1 The directors of the Company have provided interest free loan to the Company that were utilised to meet working Capital Requirements. As at June 30, 2015, the management of the Company entered into an agreement with directors and associates and decided repayment terms of the interest free and unsecured loan (previously repayment terms of the loan were not determinable). The payment of loan was rescheduled on June 30,2021 and according to the agreement, loan from directors and associates will be paid on July 31, 2024. These loan have been recognized at amortized cost using effective discount rate of 10 percent. The resulting difference has been charged to profit and loss account and will be amortized over the remaining life of loan. During the year ended June 30,2022, the agreement has been revised and the loan is payable on demand of directors and associates. This loan is accounted for in accordance with the Technical Release-32 issued by ICAP.
- 17.2 This represent the difference between amortized cost and face value of interest free loan. Amortized cost has been determined using effective interest rate of 10 % per annum being the weighted average rate of return prevailing in the market. Movement of the deferred notional income is as follows:

		June 30, 2022 Rup	June 30, 2021 nees
	Movement in present value	1 1	
	Opening balance	32,995,783	22,041,067
	Amortized during the period/ Loan acceration	(32,995,783)	10,954,716
		-	32,995,783
18	LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE	777	
	Overdue installments	155,582,331	155,582,331
	Upto one year		
	Minimum lease payments	155,582,331	155,582,331
	Less: Finance charges for future years	(47,276,000)	(47,276,000)
	Present value of minimum lease payments	108,306,331	108,306,331
	Less: current maturity of lease liability	(108,306,331)	(108,306,331)

- 18.1 The lease was obtained under sale and lease back transaction of plant and machinery from Bank of Punjab. The total lease rentals due under the lease agreements were payable in 33 quarterly installments commencing from December 31, 2009. The present value of minimum lease payments has been discounted at interest rate implicit in the lease, which equates to an interest rate of 3 months average KIBOR of the last day of quarter. The cost of repairs and insurance are borne by the lessee. The liability is secured by a lease agreement lien on leased assets, trust receipts to be executed in bank's favor and 33 post dated cheques for complete adjustment of principal.
- 18.2 Amount of lease liability includes an amount of Rs. 22.645 million (June 30, 2021; Rs. 22.645 million) deferred markup transferred to memo account. The deferred markup was payable in 16 quarterly installments starting from March 31, 2014 which ended on December 31, 2017. The breakup of the present value of minimum lease payment is given below.

		Note	June 30, 2022 Ruj	June 30, 2021
	Break up of minimum lease payments			-
	Lease liability		85,661,821	85,661,821
	Deferred mark up		22,644,510	22,644,510
	8		108,306,331	108,306,331
18.3	Current maturity of the lease liability			
	Over due installments		108,306,331	108,306,331
	Payable within one year			
			108,306,331	108,306,331
19	DEFERRED LIABILITIES			
	Staff retirement benefits - gratuity	19.1	7,561,010	7,420,010
	Deferred taxation	19.2		
			7,561,010	7,420,010

19.1 The scheme provides for retirement benefits for all permanent employees who complete qualifying period of services with the company at varying percentages of last drawn salary. The percentage depends on the number of service years with the company. Annual provision is based on actuarial valuation, which was carried out as on June 30, 2019.

There was only four employee entitled for gratuity, therefore the management believed that it is unreasonable to conduct actuarial valuation as required by IAS 19 "(Revised) Employee Benefits". Provision is made on the basis of last drawn salary of the employees in employment.

19.2	Deferred Taxation	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Ruj	pees
	Deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences		
	Provision for gratuity	(2,192,693)	(2,151,803)
	Tax losses-Previous Period	(74,464,013)	(112,897,466)
	Provision for doubtful debts	(108,750)	M 5 2 N
	Leased Liability	(31,408,836)	(31,408,836)
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences		
	Property Plant Equipment	85,895,889	88,598,561
	Right of use asset	14,293,207	15,045,480
		(7,985,196)	(42,814,063)
	Tax rate used	29%	29%

During the year net deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 7.196 million (2021; Rs.42.814 million) has not been recognized because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilized.

		Notes	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021 pees
20	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		Ku	pees
	Trade creditors		18,935,348	13,349,493
	Accrued liabilities		23,559,187	21,134,186
			42,494,535	34,483,679
21	ACCRUED INTEREST/MARK UP PAYABLE - SECURED FINANCES			
	Long term financing from banking companies		43,782,571	43,782,571
	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		26,650,427	26,650,427
	Short term borrowings		27,087,037	27,087,037
			97,520,035	97,520,035

21.1 It includes overdue markup of Rupees 43:78 million (June 30, 2021; Rupees 43:78 million) Rupees 26:65 million (June 30, 2021; Rupees 26:65 million) and Rupees 27:08 million (June 30, 2021; Rupees 27:08 million) on long term financing from banking companies, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and on short term borrowings from banking companies respectively.

22	LOAN FROM DIRECTORS AND ASSOCIATES - UNSECURED	Notes	June 30, 2022 Rup	June 30, 2021 ces
	Mian Naeem Omer		92,622,951	341
	Mian Muhammad Saleem Omer		11,000,000	-
	Mrs. Surrya Begum		1,500,000	
	Mrs. Farrah Nacem		23,000,000	
			128,122,951	-

22.1 During the year ended June 30,2022, the agreement has been revised and the loan is payable on demand of directors and associates. Detail of loan initially provided is fully disclosed in note 17.1 of these financial statements.

		Notes	June 30, 2022 Rup	June 30, 2021 ees
23	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - SECURED Cash finance from banking companies	23.1	136,365,534	143,465,534
		F=13.5	136,365,534	143,465,534

- 23.1 The aggregate of credit limits available for short term borrowings from banking companies were Rs. 275 million. These above facilities have expired on various dates by June 30, 2015.
- 23.2 These are secured against pledge of cotton bales at 10 percent margin, imported cotton at invoice value, polyester/yam at 15 percent margin under lock and key of banks' approved macadam, join pari passu charge over land, building and machinery, exclusive charge on machinery, securities and personal guarantees of sponsoring directors.

These are subject to mark up ranging between 3 months KIBOR plus 3 percent (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR plus 3 percent).

24 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

- 24.1 The Honorable Lahore High Court, while disposing the suit C.O.S No. 55/2012 passed a decree of Rupees 419.608 million together with the cost and the cost of funds in favour of the Bank of Punjab. The company has filed a regular first appeal no. 1017/2016 on August 09, 2016 before the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore. The outcome of the case is not ascertainable as at June 30, 2022. The legal counsel is hopeful that the outcome of the case will be decided in favour of the company.
- 24.2 The Bank of Punjab has filed execution petition no 82/2016 dated September 19, 2016 with the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore for execution of decree dated January 28, 2016 of Rs. 419.608 million together with the cost and the cost of fund in the favor of Bank of Punjab which is pending adjudication till the financial statements date.
- 24.3 The NIB Bank Limited (now MCB) has filed suit C.O.S No. 85/2009 before Honorable Lahore High court, Lahore against the company for recovery of Rupees. 297.403 million as outstanding dues against the banking facilities provided by the bank. Consent decree was passed on September 16, 2013 by the court in favor of the bank and against the principal borrower and the guarantor for Rs. 250.011 million on the basis of resettlement agreement dated September 04, 2013. Resettlement agreement states that non payment of any three consecutive installments towards adjustment of the settled amount as required in terms of the rescheduled agreement shall be considered as a failure to satisfy the decree. In event of default, the bank shall be entitled to cancel / revoke any of the arrangement including waiver of markup under the rescheduling agreement and the principal borrower and the guarantor shall become immediately liable to pay to the bank forthwith the entire decreetal amount less any payments made there under and the bank disregarding any arrangement shall immediately forthwith be entitled to continue execution of proceedings for recovery of decreetal amount less any payment made against by the principal borrower and the guarantor, however, consent decree have been implemented. As required in resettlement agreements company had applied to the court to withdrawal of its suit C.O.S. No. 99/2009 filed against the bank and the case is disposed off by the Honorable judge of the Lahore High Court, Lahore.
- 24.4 The Silk Bank Limited has filed a suit C.O.S 67/2016 before Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore against Company for recovery of Rupees 80.89 million as outstanding dues against the banking facilities provided by the bank. The case was shifted to the Banking Court by the Lahore High Court. This suit was decreed on 08.02.2021. Against said Decree, the Company has filed an appeal vide RFA No. 10508/2021 before the Division Bench of Lahore High Court Lahore which is still pending adjudication. The Company has also filed a suit against the bank before the Banking Court Lahore claiming recovery of Rs.89.156 million. The outcome of the case is not ascertainable as at June 30, 2022. However, legal coursel is hopeful that the outcome of the case will be decided in favor of the Company.

- 24.5 The Company has filed a writ petition before the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore against the illegal levy of license/permit fee to the tune of Rs. 200,000 by the District Govt. Faisalabad, Legal counsel of the company is of the view that this similar of petitions had already been decided by the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore in favour of petitioner, legal council is hopeful that the outcome of the case will be decided in favour of the company.
- 24.6 The Company has filed a suit against The Bank of Punjab before the Lahore High Court vide COS No.74/2012 for the recovery of losses amounting to Rs. 475.665 million accrued to the company with the breaches of contractual obligations by The Bank of Punjab. The outcome of the case is not ascertainable as at June 30, 2022. However company is hopeful that the outcome of the case will be decided in the favour of the Company.
- 24.7 The suit was filed by Silk Bank Limited, against Bilal Fibres Ltd., and others before the Banking Court Lahore, wherein the Bank claimed recovery of Rs. 10.166 million on the basis of an alleged guarantee. This suit was decreed on 08.02.2021, Against said Decree, the Company has filed an appeal vide RFA No. 19512/2021 before the Division Bench of Lahore High Court Lahore which is still pending adjudication. This case is being vigorously and diligently contested by the company. The Bank has also filed Execution petition, which is also pending adjudication. The final outcome of this case shall be subjected to decision of Appeal.

			June 30, 2022 Ruj	June 30, 2021
24.8	Claims not acknowledged in view of pending appeals before appellate authorities / high court		100,000	100,000
24.9	Indemnity bonds issued against exemption of sales tax and custom duty on import of machinery and local procurement of raw material		17,537,477	17,537,477
24.10	Bank guarantee issued in favor of Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited for supply		6,000,000	6,000,000
1004000011	of gas		-2442-2450	100 100 100 100 100
24.11	Bank guarantee issued in favor of Collector of custom Karachi		2,675,000	2,675,000
24.12	Commitments outstanding		9	50
		Notes	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
25	SALES			inco.
	Sales			
26	COST OF SALES			
	Cost of goods manufactured	26.1		
	Finished Goods:			
	Opening stock		343,872	343,872
	Closing stock		(343,872)	(343,872)
	resound Mark Metallicum sign			
	Cost of goods sold			
26.1	Cost of goods manufactured			
	Raw material consumed	26.1.1	<u> </u>	- 527
	Work in process:		×	(A)
	Opening stock			38
	Closing stock			(2)
	1) China ta median caranta		-	-
26.1.1	Raw material consumed			
	Opening stock		57,528,875	57,528,875
	Closing stock		(57,528,875)	(57,528,875)
				200

It represents the stock pledged and under custody of the bank and the cases are under litigation in the court of law.

26.1.2

There is no dilutive effect on basic loss per share of the company.

28	DISTRIBUTION COST Selling and distribution expenses		-	
28	- E			
28	no testimone describ supplican distribution and an i			-
28) (1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0			
	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Directors' remuneration		1,800,000	1,800,000
	Staff salaries and benefits		1,958,000	1,104,000
	Staff retirement benefits		141,000	484,000
	Repair and Maintenance General			7,465,526
	Fee and subscriptions	14.40		220,000
	Auditors' remuneration	28.		340,000
	Depreciation	5.2	21,433,871 25,672,871	22,581,771 33,995,297
28.1	Auditor's Remuneration		2000/00011	12020102000
	Annual audit fee		300,000	300,000
	Half yearly review		40,000	40,000
29	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		340,000	340,000
	Web-Commonstrative and a second	Section 1	C COMMON NAME OF THE PARTY OF T	
	Sales tax written off	29.	2,722,127	~
			2,722,127	
29.1	During the year the management has assessed that s	ales tax authorities will not refund extra sai	es tax booked in financial sta	stements.
30	OTHER INCOME	Note	es June 30, 2022 Ruj	June 30, 2021
	Rental income		6,000,000	6,000,000
	Fair Value Gain	7	16,689,257	13,568,500
	Notional income on director's interest free loans			10,954,716
			22,689,257	30,523,216
31	FINANCE COST			
Mee	Notional charges on interest free loans		49,477,084	1,812,321
	Provision for doubtful rent receivable		375,000	50.50
	Bank charges and commission		145	11,687
	TO STATE FOR EACH STATE STATE OF THE STATE O		49,852,229	1,824,008
32	TAXATION EXPENSES			
	Current tax			
	Current year		75	- 9
	Prior year		7.6	2
	Deferred tax			
	Current year		-	
			-	
32.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting			
	The relationship between tax expense and account expense on account of taxable loss and NIL revenue		inancial statements as the co	empany has no tax
	expense on account of magnic ross and tyre revenue	b	June 30, 2022 Ruj	June 30, 2021 oces
33	Earning / (loss) per share - basic and diluted			
	Profit / (loss) for the year	Rupees	(55,557,970)	(5,296,089)
		050		
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares.	Number	14,100,000	14,100,000

		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Note	Rug	iees
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY			
Financial Assets as per Financial Statements			
Maturity upto one year:			
Trade deposits and short term prepayments		2,925,765	2,925,765
Other receivables		17,120,975	15,295,975
Cash and bank balances		445,250	622,540
Maturity after one year:			
Long term deposits		1,156,180	1,156,180
STANCE METAL TO A STANCE OF CASCASE OF ALL		21,648,170	20,000,460
Financial Liabilities as per Financial Statements			
Maturity upto one year:			
Trade and other payables		42,494,535	34,483,679
Unclaimed dividend		235,776	235,776
Accrued interest / mark up		97,520,035	97,520,035
Short term borrowings		136,365,534	143,465,534
Current portion of Long term financing from banking companies		493,145,381	476,664,080
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		108,306,331	108,306,331
Loan from directors and associates		128,122,951	50/02-00/80/E
Maturity after one year:			
Long term financing from directors and associates			95,917,168
entros en anticipas sentras comencentros entros de la Colonia de Colonia de Colonia de Colonia de Colonia de Co		1,006,190,542	956,592,603

35 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

35.1 Credit risk

34

- 35,2 Liquidity risk
- 35.3 Market risk

The board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of company's risk management framework. The board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the company's risk management policies.

35.1 Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the trade debts, loans and advances, trade deposits and short term prepayments and cash and bank balances. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 21.393 million (June 30, 2021; Rs. 20.00 million), financial assets which are subject to credit risk aggregate to Rs. 21.197 million (June 30, 2021; Rs 19.377 million). The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows.

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Rup	ees
Long term deposits	1,156,180	1,156,180
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	2,925,765	2,925,765
Other receivables	17,120,975	15,295,975
Cush and bank balances	445,250	622,540
	21,648,170	20,000,460

35.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damages to the company's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

Financial liabilities

	erm fine	incing	
Financ	e lease		
Trade	and othe	r payables	
Unclai	med div	idends	
Ассти	ed mark	up / interest	
Loan	from	directors	and
associa	ntes		
Short t	erm bor	rowings	

			~~~			
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	Two to five years	More than five years
	493,145,381	493,145,381	- 1	493,145,381	34	
П	108,306,331	108,306,331	31	108,306,331	8	
П	42,494,535	42,494,535	42,494,535		72	72
	235,776	235,776	235,776	F0000000-A0000		
Ш	97,520,035	97,520,035		97,520,035	33	33
	128,122,951	128,122,951	128,122,951			
L	136,365,534	136,365,534	136,365,534	8	3	55
_	1,006,190,542	1,006,190,542	307,218,796	698,971,747	28	

Long term financing
Long term loans from directo
and associates
Finance Lease
Trade and other payables
Unclaimed dividends
Accrued markup / interest
Short term borrowings

	2021						
Carryi amou	30000	Contractual cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	Two to five years	More than five years	
476.6	64,080	476,664,080	12	476,664,080		0	
	866/0550	01.210903000.0000		SHAMMAR OF THE SEC			
95,9	17,168	95,917,168			95,917,168	9	
108,3	06,331	108,306,331	8	108,306,331			
34,4	83,679	34,483,679	34,483,679	98	- 3		
2	35,776	235,776	235,776				
97,5	20,035	97,520,035		97,520,035	≅	-	
143,4	65,534	143,465,534	143,465,534	2000000000	2	¥	
956.5	92.603	956 592 603	178.184.989	687 490 446	95.917.168		

35.2.1 The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of mark up rates effective as at June 30. The rates of mark up have been disclosed in relevant notes to these financial statements.

#### 35.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities, and liquidity in the market. The company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk only.

#### 35.3.1 Currency risk

#### Exposure to currency risk

The Company is not exposed to any currency risk as at the balance sheet date (2021; Nil), therefore no sensitivity analysis is required

#### 35.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposures arises from long term financing form banking companies, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, short term borrowings and deposits in accounts with banks. At the balance sheet date the company is in litigation with the banking companies and has not providing the mark up on all borrowings. Therefore, risk if any can not be accurately determined at the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the company's interest bearing financial instrument is as follow:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Ruj	pees
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets	¥	¥-1
Financial liabilities	32,471.576	32,471,576
Variable rate instruments		
Financial assets		56
Financial liabilities	705,345,670	695,964,369

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rate at the reporting date would have increased/ (decreased) profit or loss by amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in a particular foreign currency rate (if any), remains constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as for the previous year:-

#### 35.3.3 Other Price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk as it does not hold financial instruments based commodity prices.

#### 35.4 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of all financial instruments reflected in the financial statements approximate to their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and liabilities. The fair value of financial assets measured at fair value is shown below. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value as the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

		Carrying Amount		Carrying Amount			
		2022			2021		
	At amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	At amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	
Financial assets		2	Ru	pees	123		
Long term deposits	1,156,180	2		1,156,180	ğ	20	
Trade deposits and short term							
prepayments	2,925,765	3		2,925,765			
Other receivables	17,120,975	-		15,295,975	9	-	
Cash and bank balances	445,250	*		622,540		- 0	
	21,648,170	57.	-	20,000,460			
Financial Liabilities							
Long term financing	493,145,381			476,664,080		E-1	
Long term loans from directors							
& associates		-	25	95,917,168	9	25	
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	108,306,331	3	F:	108,306,331	8	20	
Trade and other payables	42,494,535			34,483,679		5	
Unclaimed dividends	235,776		23	235,776		2.5	
Accrued markup / interest	97,520,035	*		97,520,035			
Loan from directors and							
associates	128,122,951	3	5			=	
Short term borrowings	136,365,534	8	-	143,465,534			
	1,006,190,542		-	956,592,603		7.6	

The basis for determining fair values is as follows:

#### Interest rates used for determining fair value

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable, are based on the government yield curve at the reporting date plus an adequate credit spread. Since the majority of the financial assets are fixed rate instruments, there is no significant difference in market rate and the rate of instrument, fair value significantly approximates to carrying value.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyzes financial assets that are measured at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows

- Level 1 : Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: Observable inputs; and
- Level 3 : Unobservable inputs.

The Company held the following financial assets at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	-	Ruş	ees	
June 30, 2022				
At fair value through profit or loss				
	023		-	- 0
	€	8	8	
une 30, 2021				
At fair value through profit or loss				
	(E)	€.	€	
		5		

#### Determination of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

35.5	Off balance sheet items	June 30, 2022 Ruj	June 30, 2021
	Claims not acknowledged in view of pending appeals before appellate authorities / High Court	100,000	100,000
	Indemnity bonds issued against exemption of sales tax and custom duty on import of machinery and local procurement of raw material	17,537,477	17,537,477
	Bank guarantee issued in favor of Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited for supply of gas	6,000,000	6,000,000
	Bank guarantee issued in favor of the directors excise and taxation. Karachi	2,675,000	2,675,000

35.6 The effective rate of interest / mark up for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are mentioned in respective notes to the financial statements.

#### 36 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's prime object when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholder and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total capital employed. Borrowings represent long term financing from banking companies, long term financing from directors and associates, liability against asset subject to finance lease and short term borrowings. Total capital employed includes total equity as shown in the balance sheet plus borrowings.

		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Ruj	iees
Borrowings	Rupees	865,940,197	824,353,113
Total equity	Rupees	46,959,178	102,517,148
Total capital employed	Rupees	912,899,375	926,870,261
Gearing ratio	Percentage	94.86	88.94

# BILAL FIBRES LIMITED

## **ANNUAL REPORT 2022**

7 PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION	2022	2021
Total number of spindles installed	29,016	29,016
Total number of spindles worked	(*)	. 4
Number of shifts per day	2 826	13.1
Installed capacity converted into 20/1 count (Kgs.)	11,889,912	11,889,912
Actual production converted into 20/1 count (Kgs.)		-
The company closed it business operation since June 16,2016. Therefore no production duri	ing the year.	

#### 38 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

37

June 30, 2022 June 30, 2021

38.1 Transactions with related parties

Directors Repayment of Joan to director Mian Nacem Omer 790,000

Rupees 790,000 4,148,649

The company has related party relationship with its associated undertakings, its directors and executives officers. Transactions with related parties essentially entail sale and purchase of goods and / or services or Loans from the aforementioned concerns. All transactions are earried out on commercial basis.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity. The company considers all members of their management team, including the chief executive officer and directors to be its key management personnel.

38.2 Following are the related parties with whom the company had entered into transactions or have arrangements / agreements in place:

Sr. no.	Party Name	Basis of Relationship	Aggregate % of Share holding in the company
1.	MianNacem Omer	CEO	16.63%
2	Mian Hasham Omer	Associate	N/A
3.	Mrs. Farah Nacem	Associate	N/A
4.	Mian Muhammad Saleem Omer	Associate	N/A
5.	Mrs. Surrya Begum	Associate	N/A

#### 39 REMUNERATION TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

There is no executive in the company during the year (2021; Nil). There is only one chief executive and salaries and benefits amounting to Rs. 1,800,000 (2021; Rs. 1,800,000) are provided during the year. No salaries and benefits have been provided to the directors during the year.

#### 40 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Figures have been rearranged / reclassified in compliance with the accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan wherever necessary to reflect more appropriate presentation for the purpose of comparison.

#### 41 UN-CLAIMED DIVIDEND

This relates to un claimed dividend, pertaining to various Past years and are still Un-claimed. This amount is being transferred to Profit bearing account and profit will be utilized for Corporate Social responsibility and other Specific Purposes.

42 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	2022	2021
Number of employees worked as at June 30	4	4
Average number of employees worked during the year	4	4

#### 43 EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There are no subsequent events occurring after the balance sheet date.

#### 44 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been authorized for issue on October 05,2022 the board of directors of the company.

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## THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (Section 227(2)(f)) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

FORM 34

1.1 Name of the Company

BILAL FIBRES LIMITED

2.1. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

30-06-2022

14,100,000

2.2 No. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
179	1	100	9,849
451	101	500	194,666
149	501	1,000	140,414
251	1,001	5,000	692,095
92	5,001	10,000	772,286
31	10,001	15,000	392,533
17	15,001	20,000	320,886
10	20,001	25,000	235,000
8	25,001	30,000	223,000
10	30,001	35,000	329,000
5	35,001	40,000	192,500
- 5	40,001	45,000	213,000
8	45,001	50,000	396,000
7	50,001	55,000	366,600
2	60,001	65,000	128,000
5 8 7 2 1 4 2 4 2 2 1 1 3 1 2	65,001	70,000	69,500
4	70,001	75,000	294,000
2	80,001	85,000	166,000
4	95,001	100,000	400,000
2	100,001	105,000	209,000
2	105,001	110,000	216,500
1	110,001	115,000	115,000
1	115,001	120,000	120,000
3	140,001	145,000	429,000
1	145,001	150,000	146,500
2	150,001	155,000	306,500
1	155,001	160,000	157,000
1	175,001	180,000	178,500
1	185,001	190,000	187,500
1	190,001	195,000	191,000
1	205,001	210,000	209,500
1	245,001	250,000	250,000
1	265,001	270,000	270,000
1	290,001	295,000	295,000
1	350,001	355,000	352,500
1	480,001	485,000	480,500
1	485,001	490,000	487,500
1	520,001	525,000	523,500
1	575,001	580,000	575,497
1	1,090,001	1,095,000	1,094,500
1	1,765,001	1,770,000	1,769,674

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2.3 Categories of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
2.3.1 Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children	2,405,986	17.0637
2.3.2 Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties. (Parent Company)	<u>s</u>	0.0000
2.3.3 NIT and ICP	8,033	0.0570
2.3.4 Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.	12	0.0000
2.3.5 Insurance Companies	52,100	0.3695
2.3.6 Modarabas and Mutual Funds	33	0.0002
2.3.7 Shareholders holding 10% or more	2,345,171	16.6324
2.3.8 General Public		
a, Local	11,514,814	81.6653
b. Foreign	4,000	0.0284
2.3.9 Others	i sangan	0.0000
Joint Stock Companies	115,034	0.8158

# Categories of Shareholding required under Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) As on June 30, 2022

Sr. No.	Name	No. of Shares Held	Percentage
Associate	d Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties (Name Wise Detail):	353	
Mutual F	unds (Name Wise Detail)	<b>25</b>	583
Directors	and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):		
1	MIAN NAEEM OMER	2,345,171	16.6324%
2	MR.MOHAMMAD ASGHAR	11,015	0.0781%
3	MR. SHAHID IQBAL	10,000	0.0709%
4	MR. MUHAMMAD OMER	10,000	0.0709%
5 6	MR. MUHAMMAD KASHIF	10,000	0.0709%
6	MR. MUHAMMAD ASLAM BHATTI	10,000	0.0709%
7	MR. MUHAMMAD ANWAR ABBAS	9,800	0.0695%
Executiv	es:	(10)	7.00
Public S	ector Companies & Corporations:	3961	•
	evelopment Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance es, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:	52,133	0.3697%
Shareho	ders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed compan	y (Name Wise I	Detail)
1	MIAN NAEEM OMER	2,345,171	16.6324%
2	MR. MUHAMMAD RAFIQ ZAKI (CDC)	1,094,500	7.7624%
	s in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, Ex and minor children shall also be disclosed:	ecutives and th	eir
S.No	NAME Nil	SALE	PURCHASE

# **BILAL FIBRES LIMITED**

# **ANNUAL REPORT 2022**

# PROXY FORM

Folio No	CDC Participants Identity Card No.	A/C No
I/We		
of		being
a member(s) of I	BILAL FIBRES LIMITED, a holder of	
of ordinary as pe	er Registered Folio No	
hereby appoint		
Shares Registere	ed Folio No	
who is also men	iber of BILAL FIBRES LIMITED, as my proxy	y to for me and my behalf at
the 36th Annual C	General Meeting of the Company to be held on T	Thursday, October 27, 2022 and
at any adjournme	ent thereof.	
Signed this	day of	2022
orgined tills	uay or	2022
Witness:		
1.		
		Please affix
		Revenue Stamp
2.		St. 65 L

### NOTICE:

A member entitled to vote at this meeting may appoint a proxy. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at Registered Officer of the Company duly stamped and signed not later than 48 hours before the time of meeting.