Annual Report 2022



Tri-Star Power Ltd.

Company Information

Board of Directors:	Ms. Shamima Begum Mr. Asad Ahmad Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Mr. Mohammad Zameer Mr. M. Haroon Saeed Mr. Tanvir Hasan Mr. Syed Imran	Non Executive Chairperson Chief Executive Non Executive Director Non Executive Director Non Executive Director Non Executive Director Independent Director	
Auditors:	M/s. Feroze Sharif Tariq & C Chartered Accountants	Co.	
Audit Committee:	Mr. Syed Imran Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Mr. M. Haroon Saeed	Chairman Member Member	
Bankers:	Bank Al-Habib Ltd.		
Registered Office:	A/33, Central Commercial A Block 7/8, Main Shahrah-e-F KCHSU, Karachi75350.		
Shares Registrar / Transfer Agent:	Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd. 4th Floor, Karachi Chambers, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.		
Plant:	F/538, S.I.T.E., Karachi-75700		

Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty Ninth Annual General Meeting of Tri-Star Power Ltd., will be held on Friday, October 28, 2022 at 10.30 am at F/538, S.I.T.E., Karachi to transact the following business:

- Recitation from the HOLY QURAN.
- 2. To receive and adopt the audited accounts for the period ended June 30, 2022 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon and Chairman's Review Report.
- 3. To appoint Auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

Company Secretary

Karachi: October 6, 2022.

NOTES:

- 1. The Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 24.10.2022 to 31.10.2022 (both days Inclusive).
- 2. Participation in the AGM proceeding via the video Conference facility: The AGM proceeding can also be attended via video conference facility. Shareholders interested to participate in the meeting are requested to email their Name, Folio Number, Cell Number, Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) Number, and Number of shares held in their name with subject "Registration for Tri-Star Power Limited AGM" along with valid copy of both sides of CNIC at power@tristar.com.pk. Video link and login credentials will be shared with only those members whose emails, containing all the required particulars, are received at least 48 hours before the time of AGM. Shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM at the email.
- 3. A member entitled to attend AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy and vote in his place at the meeting. Proxy Forms in order to be effective must be received at the registered office of the Company at F/538, S.I.T.E., Karachi duly stamped, signed and witnessed, not later than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 4. CDC Shareholders or their Proxies are required to bring with them their Original CNIC or Passport along with the Participant's I.D. number and their account number at the time of attending AGM in order to authenticate their identity.
- 5. Proxy form must be submitted with the Company within the stipulated time, duly witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC number must be mentioned on the form, along with attested copies of the CNIC or passport of the beneficial owner and the proxy.
- 6. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with the specimen signature of the proxy holder shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.
- 7. Members are requested to notify any change in their addresses immediately to our Shares Registrar M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd., 4th Floor, Karachi Chamber, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.

ٹرائیاسٹار پاورکمیٹٹر نوٹس برائے سالا نہاجلاس عام

نوٹس ہذا کے ذریعے مطلع کیاجا تا ہے کہڑائی اسٹار پاور کمٹیڈ کا انتیبواں (29واں) سالانہ اجلاس عام (AGM) مؤرخہ 28 اکتوبر 2022 ء پروز جمعہ شن 10:30 ہبتے ہمقام S.I.T.E.F/538 کراچی میں مندرجہ ذبل امور کوزیزغور لانے کے لئے منعقد ہوگا:

- قرآن پاک کی تلاوت
- 2. 30 جون 2022ء کواختیام پذیر سال کے لئے ڈائر بکٹرزاور آڈیٹرز رپورٹ اور چیئر مین کی تجزیاتی رپورٹ کے ہمراہ پڑنال شدہ کھاتوں کووصول کرنااورا پنانا۔
 - تسمینی کے آڈیٹر ز کا تقر رکر نا اوران کا مشاہیرہ طے کرنا۔
 - 4. چيئر مين كي ا جازت سے ديگراموركوز رغورلانا ـ

منجانب/برائے بورڈ سمپنی سیریٹری

کراچی: 6ا کتوبر 2022ء

مندرجات:

- شیئر ٹرانسفر books مؤرخہ 24 اکتوبر 2022ء سے 31 اکتوبر 2022ء (ہشمول دونوں امام) تک بند رہیں گی۔
 - 2. سالاندا جلاس عام کی کارروائی میں ویڈیوکانفرنس ہولت کے ذریعے شرکت

AGM کی کارروائی میں ویڈیو کانفرس ہولت کے ذریعے بھی شرکت کی جاسکتی ہے۔ اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے کے خواہش مندشیئر ہولڈرز سے گذارش ہے کہ وہ اپنانا م، فولیونمبر، سیل نمبر اور کمپیوٹر ایز ڈشناختی کارڈنمبراورا پے ملکیتی صص کی تعداد بمعہ شناختی کارڈ کی دونوں اطراف کی کارآمدنقل عنوان کے خانے میں ''ٹرائی اسٹار پاور لمیٹڈ کی مصص کی تعداد بمعہ شناختی کارڈ کی دونوں اطراف کی کارآمدنقل عنوان کے خانے میں ''ٹرائی اسٹار پاور لمیٹڈ کی AGM میں شرکت کے لئے رجمٹریشن' تحریر کرکے power @tristar.com.pk پرائی میل کریں۔ ویڈیو لئک اور لاگان کی تفصیلات صرف انہی اراکین کے ساتھ شیئر کی جائیں گی جن کے ای میل ایڈرلیس بمعہ تمام تر

- در کار معلومات AGM کے انعقاد سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل موصول ہوجا کیں شیئر ہولڈرز AGM کے ایجنڈ اسٹمز کی بابت اپنی تجاویز اور سوالات بھی ای میل کے ذریعے بھیج سکتے ہیں۔
- 3. AGM میں شرکت کا اہل رکن اپنی جگہ پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے اوراس کی جگہ اجلاس میں ووٹ کرسکتا ہے۔مؤثر کرنے کی غرض سے ہا قاعدہ پُرشدہ ،مہر ، دستخط اور کواہان سے تصدیق شدہ پراکسی فارم کمپنی کے رجشر ڈ آفس واقع کرنے کی غرض سے ہا قاعدہ پُرشدہ ،مہر کا نعقاد سے کم از کم 48 گھنے قبل پہنچ جانا جا ہے۔

 8.1.T.E.F/538 کرا چی کواجلاس کے انعقاد سے کم از کم 48 گھنے قبل پہنچ جانا جا ہے۔
- 4. CDC شیئر ہولڈرزیاان کے پراکسی کواپنی شناخت ٹابت کرنے کے لئے AGM کے موقع پراپنے اصلی شناختی کارڈاوریاسپورٹ بمعیشرا کت آئی ڈیاورا کاؤنٹ نمبرہمراہ لانا ہوگا۔
- 5. دو کواہان ، جن کے نام ، پتے اور شاختی کارڈ فارم پر درج ہوں ، سے با قاعدہ تصدیق شدہ پراکسی فارم بمعہ مستفید ہونے والے رکن اور پراکسی کے شاختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقل کمپنی کومقررہ وفت پر لازمی جمع کرایا جائے۔
- 6. کاروباری ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قر ارداد/مختار نامہ بمعہ پراکسی ہولڈر کے نمونہ کے دستخط پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ کمپنی کوجمع کرایا جائے (اگر قبل ازیں جمع نہ کرایا گیاہے)۔
- 7. اراکین سے گذارش ہے کہانے ڈاک کے پتہ میں تبدیلی سے متعلق فو ری طور پرشیئر رجٹر ارمیسر زحمید مجیدایسوی ایشن (یرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ دفتر واقع چوتھی منزل، کراچی چیمبر، حسرت موہانی روڈ، کراچی کوآگاہ کیا جائے۔

Chairman's Review

It gives me immense pleasure to communicate with our valued members and stakeholders and to present the Annual Report of Tri-Star Power Limited for the year ended June 30, 2022 and to appraise them on the overall performance of the Board and the effectiveness of the role played by the Board in achieving the Company's objectives by illustrating the overall performance and achievements of the Company.

I extend my appreciation to the company and its management for following the best practices relating to corporate governance and complies with all the relevant requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and the Code of Corporate Governance as per Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019. The board members continued to ensure and extend their guidance to the management to meet all legal and regulatory requirements.

Here, I would also like to place on record my sincere appreciation to our staff members for their valuable services and to the shareholders / other stakeholders for their continued support and trust towards the management and the Company.

Shamima Begum Chairperson

Place: Karachi

Dated: October 6, 2022

چیر*ٔ می*ن کا تجزیہ

میں 30 جون 2022 ء کو اختیام پذیر سال کے لئے اپنے معز زارا کین اوراسٹیک ہولڈرز کوٹرائی اسٹار پاورلمیٹڈ کی سالانہ رپورٹ از راومسرت پیش کرتی ہوں اور بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکر دگی اور کمپنی کی کارکر دگی اور کامیابیوں کی عکاس کرنے والے کمپنی کے مقاصد حاصل کرنے میں بورڈ کے مؤثر کردار کی قدر کرتی ہوں۔

میں بہترین کاروباری عمل داری اور کمینیزا یکٹ 2017ء کے متعلقہ اصولوں اور لسط کمینیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ کورنس) ضوالط 2019ء کی تعمیل پر کمپنی اور اس کی انتظامیہ کوخراج تحسین پیش کرتی ہوں۔بورڈ ارا کمین نے تمام قانون وریگولیٹری معیارات کو پورا کرنے میں انتظامیہ کی مسلسل رہنمائی کویقنی بنایا ہے۔

یہاں میں اپنے عملے کے تمام اراکین کی گراں قد رخد مات اور انظامیہ اور کمپنی پرشیئر ہولڈرز/ دیگر سٹیک ہولڈرز کے مسلسل بھرو سے اور جمایت پرشکر میا داکرتی ہوں۔

> شمیمه پنگم چیئر پرین

> > مقام: کراچی نارخ: 6 اکتوبر 2022ء

Directors' Report

The audited accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented herewith.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

Financial results are as summarised as follows:

	2022	2021	
	Rupees		
Sales	-	14,114,000	
Lease Rental	11,953,800	-	
	11,953,800	14,114,000	
Cost of Sales	3,192,025	10,237,416	
Gross Profit	8,761,775	3,876,584	
Less: Operating Expenses			
Administrative & General Expenses	840,968	621,436	
Operating Profit	7,920,808	3,255,148	
Finance Cost	190	205	
	7,920,618	3,254,943	
Other Income	2,420,600	2,081,059	
Profit before Taxation	10,341,218	5,336,002	
<u>Taxation</u>			
Current Year	(4,347,335)	-	
Prior Year	(10,515)	-	
Profit After Taxation	5,983,368	5,336,002	
Earning per share – basic	0.40	0.36	

2. DIVIDEND

The Board has not recommended any dividend this year.

3. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors assumed their office with effect from 28.12.2020 for 3 years.

4. AUDITORS

The present auditors M/s. Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co., Chartered Accountants, are due for retirement and being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.

5. STATEMENT ON CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAME WORK

a. The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly it's state of affairs, the results of it's operations' cash flows and change in equity.

- b. Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed.
- e. The system of internal control is sound and designed and have been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- h. No trading of Company Shares were done by Chief Executive, Directors, Company Secretary and their spouses.
- i. Key operating and financial data for the last six years in summarized form is annexed.
- j. During the year (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held, attendance by each Director is as follows:

Name of Director		No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Asad Ahmad	Director	04
Mrs. Shamima Begum	Director	04
Mr. Jawed Ahmad Siddiqui	Director	04
Mr. M. Zameer	Director	04
Mr. Syed Imran	Director	04
Mr. Tanvir Hasan	Director	04
Mr. M. Haroon Saeed	Director	04

k. The pattern of share holding is annexed.

6. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Board would like to place on record its appreciation of hard work of the staff responsible for the Company's affairs.

By Order of the Board

Asad Ahmad Chief Executive

Karachi: October 06, 2022

ڈائز یکٹرزر پورٹ

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز 30 جون 2022ء کواختیام پذیر سال کے لئے انتیبویں (29ویں) سالانہ رپورٹ کے ہمراہ پڑتال شدہ کھاتے از راومسرت پیش کرتے ہیں۔

مالياتى نتائج:

زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران ممپنی کو 5,983,368 روپے کا فائدہ ہوا۔مالیاتی نتائج کا خلاصہ حسب ذیل ہے:

,2021 ,2022

	پے
-	14,114,000
11,953,800	-
3,192,025	10,237,416
8,761,775	3,876,584
	•
(840,968)	(621,436)
(190)	(205)
7,920,618	3,254,943
2,420,600	2,081,059
10,341,218	5,336,002
(4,347,335)	-
(10,515)	-
5,983,368	5,336,002
0.40	0.36

شيئر ہولڈرز کوا دائيگی

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے ندکورہ سال کے لئے کوئی منافع منقسمہ تجویز نہیں کیا ہے۔

منافع منقسمه

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے 30 جون 2022ء کواختام پذیر سال کے لئے کسی منافع منقسمہ کا فیصلہٰ ہیں کیا ہے۔

بورة آف ڈائر يکٹرز

عالیہ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے 28 دیمبر 2020ء سے عرصہ تین برس کے لئے اپنے فرائض کی انجام دہی کا آغاز کیا۔

آڏيٽرز

حالیہ آڈیٹر زمیسر زفیروزشریف طارق اینڈ کو، جارٹر ڈاکاؤنٹٹس ریٹائر ہونے والے ہیں اور اہلیت کی بناپر اپنی دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کرتے ہیں۔ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ کورنس کے تحت آڈٹ کمیٹی بورڈ نے آئندہ برس کے لئے بطور کمپنی آڈیٹر میسر زفیروز شریف طارق اینڈ کو، جارٹر ڈاکاؤنٹٹس کی تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

<u>ماركيث كاجائزه</u>

کار وباری ومالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک پراعلامیہ

- ع) سسمینی کی انتظامیه کی تیار کرده مالیا تی انتیامنٹس سر مایے میں تبدیلی ، کیش فلو ، آپریشنز کے نتائج اور کاروباری امور کی بہترین عکاس کرتی ہیں ۔
 - b) سمینی کے کھاتوں کی صحیح کتابیں تیار کی گئی ہیں۔
- c) مالیاتی اشیمنش کی تیاری میں موافق ا کاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کا اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اورا کاؤنٹنگ تخمینہ جات موزوں فیصلوں کی بنیا دیرلگائے گئے ہیں۔
- d) مالیا تی استیمنٹس کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں رائج بین الاقوا می مالیا تی رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈ رڈ زکی پیروی کی گئی ہےاوراس میں کسی بھی فتم کے سقم کومنا سب ندا زمیں ظاہراورواضح کیا گیا ہے۔
 - وافلی نظم ونسق کا ایک مربوط سشم قائم اورمؤثر اندا زمین نافذ کیا گیا ہے اوراس کی باقاعدہ مگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
 - f) کسمپنی کی کا روبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کوئی ابہام نہیں ہے۔
 - g) کستنگرخوا بط میں بیان کر دہ کارپوریٹ کورننس کی بہترین عمل داری میں کوئی سقم موجود نہہے۔
- h) نہ کورہ سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے جار (04) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے ہر ڈائر کیٹر کی حاضر ی حسب ذیل

ہ:

اجلاس میں حاضری کی تعدا د	ڈائز <u>ک</u> یٹرزکانام
4	جناب اسداحمه
4	محتر مهشميمه بيكم
4	جناب جاويدا حمصد لقى
4	جنا ب محر شمير
4	جناب سيدعمران
4	جناب <i>تنور ح</i> سن
4	جناب محمر ہارون سعید

كود آف كار بوريك كورنس كى بهترين عمل دارى يرتغيل كااعلاميه

صفحہ 12 اور 13 پرموجود ہے۔

<u>مالياتی خلاصه</u>

صفحہ 26 پرموجود ہے۔

شيئر ہولڈنگ کی وضع

صحفہ 41 پرموجود ہے۔

آڏيٽرز

عالیہ آڈیٹر زمیسر زفیروزشریف طارق اینڈ کو، جارٹر ڈا کاؤنٹٹس ریٹائر ہونے والے ہیں اورا ہلیت کی بناپراپنی دوبارہ تقرری کی پیشکش کرتے ہیں۔

اظهارتشكر

آپے کے ڈائر کیٹر فنڈ کے افسران اور عملے کی جذب اوران تھک محنت اور شیئر ہولڈرز کی جانب سے فنڈ پر اعتماد کا اظہار کرنے پر اپنی حوصلدا فزائی کوریکارڈ پر رکھنا چاہتے ہیں ۔

منجانب بورڈ

اسداحم جاويد احمد لقی چيف ایگزیکٹو تاریخ: ۱۵ کتوبر 2022ء مقام کراچی

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Year ended: June 30, 2022

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner.

1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:

a. Male: 6 b. Female: 1

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Independent Director Mr. Syed Imran

Non - Executive Director Ms. Shamima Begum

Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Mr. Mohammad Zameer Mr. Mohammad Haroon Saeed

Mr. Tanvir Hasan

Executive Director Mr. Asad Ahmad (CEO)

Female Director Ms. Shamima Begum

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The Chief Executive and all Directors have the prescribed education and experience required for exemption under Clause 19(2) of Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) Regulations. Accordingly, they are exempt from attending directors' training program pursuant to the Clause 19(2) of the CCG Regulations.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.

12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a) Audit Committee Mr. Syed Imran (Chairman)

Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Mr. Mohammad Haroon Saeed

b) HR and Remuneration Committee Mr. Syed Imran (Chairman)

Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Mr. Mohammad Haroon Saeed

13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.

14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee Quarterly

b) HR and Remuneration Committee Annually

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function/or has outsourced the internal audit function to who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, head of internal audit, Company Secretary or director of the Company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of the Regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

Place: Karachi
Dated: October 6, 2022

Asad Ahmad
Chief Executive

Tri-Star Power Ltd | Annual Report 2022

Independent Auditor's Review Report to the members of Tri-Star Power Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance)

Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Tri-Star Power Limited (the Company) for

the year ended June 30, 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with

the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements

of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various

documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and

internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an

opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit

Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party

transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Following instances of Non-compliances with the requirements of the Code were observed which are not stated in

the Statement of Compliance.

a) The composition of board has includes one independent director the Code requires independent directors shall not be less than two or one third of the total members of the board, whichever is higher, whereas board

include one independent director.

Based on our review, except for the instances of non compliance, above, nothing has come to our attention which

causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year

ended June 30, 2022.

sd/-

Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

UDIN: CR202210129fNIQ7r5PM

Dated: October 6, 2022

14

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Tri-Star Power Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Tri-Star Power Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, and the statement of profit or loss, the Statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the Statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2022 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

- a) We have not been able to verify the investment made in units of National Investment Trust (NIT) amounting to Rs. 34,594,845 (2021: 34,594,845) as disclosed in note 12.2 to the financial statements. Further, No provision has been made in the accounts for the NIT investments the recovery and realization of which are doubtful, the same has been explained in Note No. 12.2.1 to the financial statements. Had the provision for doubtful investment been made in the accounts, the losses of the Company would have been increased by Rs. 34,594,845 (2019: 34,594,845) and the Shareholder's Equity would have been decreased by the same amount.
- a) The company has disclosed Investment in Associated companies First Tri-Star Modaraba and Tri-Star Energy Limited and as available for sales investment in note 12.1.1 and 12.1.2 to the financial Statements. In our opinion, these investments has to be shown / valued at equity method in accordance with International Accounting standard 28" Investment in associates". We are unable to quantify the effect of the Tri-Star Power Limited as latest audited accounts are not available as of reporting date.

Had the company valued the investment in Tri-Star Modaraba on equity method and the impairment would have been recognized, the profit for the year would have been increased by Rs. 13,529 and accumulated

loss would be higher and Shareholders equity and Long Term Investment would have been reduced by Rs. 1,096,520.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report other than the matters described in the basis for qualified opinion section.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the annual report including in particulars, the Chairman's Review, Directors Report, Financial and business highlights, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and Reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the Requirements of companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit except for the matter discussed in basis for qualified opinion section, we further report that in our opinion:

(a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);

Tri-Star Power Ltd | Annual Report 2022

(b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive Income, the

statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of

account and returns;

(c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the

Company's business; and

(d) No Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mohammad Tariq.

Other matters

The financial statements of Tri-Star Power Limited for the year ended June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021 were audited by another auditor who expressed modified opinion on those financial statements on October 5, 2021 and February 28, 2022.

sd/-Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co. Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

UDIN: AR202210129zAGVv0SBX

Dated: October 6, 2022

Vision Statement

Tri-Star Power Limited is committed to strive for excellence in all areas of its activity.

Mission Statement

We view our business objective of providing distinctive financial products and services that promote commerce and industry with in the context of our overall objective of contributing to the nation's prosperity.

Core Value

- 1. Striving for continuous improvement and innovation with commitment and responsibility;
- 2. Treating stakeholders with respect, courtesy and competence;
- 3. Practicing highest personal and professional integrity;
- 4. Maintaining teamwork, trust and support, with open and candid communication;
- 5. Ensuring cost consciousness in all decisions and operations.

Statement of Ethics and Business Practices

The articulation of this statement is based on following points:-

- 1. Questionable and improper payments or use of the Company's assets.
- 2. Political contributions.
- 3. Conflicts on interest.
- 4. Books and records of the Company.
- 5. Payment of amounts due to customers, agents or distributors.
- 6. Reporting violations.
- 7. Means as important as the end.
- 8. Integrity and scrupulous dealings.
- 9. Strict observance of the laws of the country.
- 10. Giving and receiving gifts.

Balance Sheet

190,801,476

201,055,187

Notes June 30, 2022 June 30, 2021 (Rupees)

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

CAPITAL & RESERVES

Authorized Capital			
15,000,000 (2021: 15,000,000) Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10/- each		150,000,000	150,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital	6	150,000,000	150,000,000
Capital Reserve			
Capital Reserve - (a Share Premium account)		70,000,000	70,000,000
Revenue Reserve			
Unrealized gain / (loss) due to change in fair value of			
investment through other Comprehensive Income		(1,402,000)	1,366,950
Accumulated (Loss)		(31,696,201)	(37,679,568)
Shareholders Equity		186,901,799	183,687,382
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and Other Payables	7	4,770,253	2,088,809
Unclaimed Dividend	8	5,025,285	5,025,285
Provision for Income Tax	10		-
Provision for taxation	9	4,357,850	-
		14,153,388	7,114,094
Contingencies and Commitments	10		

as at June 30, 2022

	Notes	June 30, 2022 <i>Rup</i>	June 30, 2021 pees
<u>ASSETS</u>			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Tangible Fixed Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipments	11	3,535,438	3,928,347
Long Term Investments	12	76,902,845	79,671,795
Long Term investments	12	70,902,645	79,071,795
Long term Loan to Related Party	13	20,000,000	20,000,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, Spares and Loose Tools	14	356,349	1,995,549
Stores, spares and Loose Tools	14	330,349	1,995,549
Trade Debtors - unsecured	15	40,000,930	26,760,930
Interest Receivable from Related Party		2,000,000	13,669,041
Advance Deposits and Prepayments - Considered good	16	11,495,600	75,000
Income Tax Refunds and Advances		2,241,185	190,829
Cash and Bank Balances	17	44,522,840	44,509,985
		100,616,904	87,201,334

201,055,187	190,801,476

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Notes	2022	2021	
	Notes	(Rup	ees)	
RENTAL INCOME/ SALES - Net	18	11,953,800	14,114,000	
COST OF SALES	19	3,192,025	10,237,416	
GROSS PROFIT	-	8,761,775	3,876,584	
Operating Expenses	_			
Administrative and General Expenses	20	840,968	621,436	
	-	840,968	621,436	
OPERATING PROFIT		7,920,808	3,255,148	
Finance Cost	21	190	205	
	-	7,920,618	3,254,943	
Other Income / (Charges)	22	2,420,600	2,081,059	
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	-	10,341,218	5,336,002	
<u>Taxation</u>	<u>-</u>			
- Current	9	(4,347,335)		
Prior		(10,515)		
Deferred	5.3			
		(4,357,850)		
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	-	5,983,367	5,336,002	
Earning Per Share - Basic	23	0.40	0.36	
The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.				

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			2022 2021		
			(Rupees)		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING AC	CTIVITIES				
Profit/(Loss) before Taxation			10,341,218	5,336,002	
Adjustment for Non-Cash and Oth	er Items:				
Depreciation			392,909	436,587	
Financial Expenses			190	205	
		!	393,099	436,792	
			10,734,317	5,772,794	
Working Capital Changes					
(Increase) / Decrease in Current As	ssets	_			
Stores and Spares			1,639,200	709,000	
Trade debtors			(13,240,000)	(13,914,000)	
Advances, Deposits and Prepayn	nents		(11,420,600)		
Interest Receivable from Related	d Party		11,669,041	(2,010,959)	
Increase / (Decrease) in Current Lic	abilities				
Trade and Other Payables			2,681,444	250,302	
			(8,670,915)	(14,965,657)	
Cash Flow from Investing Activities					
Sales Proceeds from Fixed assets					
			(8,670,915)	(14,965,657)	
Taxes Paid			(2,050,357)	(11,992)	
Financial charges Paid			(190)	(205)	
		•	(2,050,547)	(12,197)	
Net Cash Inflow/ (Outflow) from O	perating Activities		12,855	(9,205,060)	
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACT	TIVITIES				
Loan recovered from Related Pa	rty				
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equ	ivalents		12,855	(9,205,060)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the E			44,509,985	53,715,045	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the E	-	26	44,522,840	44,509,985	
The annexed notes form an integr	al part of these accounts.				
Chief Executive	Director		Chief Financ	cial Officer	

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		(Rupees)
Profit for the Year		5,983,367	5,336,002
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to	o profit or loss:		
Other comprehensive Income: Financial Asset at Fair value through other Comprehensive income		(2,768,950)	2,768,950
Total comprehensive Income for the year		3,214,417	8,104,952
The annexed notes form an integral part of the	ese accounts.		
Chief Executive	Director		Chief Financial Officer
CHICI EXCOUNT	Director		Cilici i maneiai Officei

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Capital Reserve	Revenue Reserve		
	Share Capital	Capital Reserve	Unrealized gain / (loss) due to change in fair value of investment through other Comprehensive Income	Unappropriated Profit/Accumula ted (Loss)	Total
Balance as on June 30, 2020	150,000,000	70,000,000	(1,402,000)	(43,015,570)	175,582,430
Net Profit for the year ended June 2021				5,336,002	5,336,002
Other Comprehensive income			2,768,950		2,768,950
Total Comprehensive income			2,768,950	5,336,002	8,104,952
Balance as on June 30, 2021	150,000,000	70,000,000	1,366,950	(37,679,568)	183,687,382
Net Profit for the year ended June 2022				5,983,367	5,983,367
Other Comprehensive income			(2,768,950)		(2,768,950)
Total Comprehensive income			(2,768,950)	5,983,367	3,214,417
Balance as on June 30, 2022	150,000,000	70,000,000	(1,402,000)	(31,696,201)	186,901,799
•					

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

LAST SIX YEAR RESULTS AT A GLANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Financial Position						
Paid-up Capital (Rs.)	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000
Reserves (Rs.)	36,901,799	33,687,383	25,582,430	20,192,616	15,168,123	6,786,307
Fixed Assets-WDV (Rs.)	3,535,438	3,928,347	4,364,934	4,850,057	13,285,994	14,762,421
Investments at Cost (Rs.)	78,304,845	78,304,845	78,304,845	78,304,845	78,304,845	78,304,845
Investments at Market						
Value (Rs.)	76,902,845	79,671,795	76,902,845	77,253,345	76,895,835	78,998,835
Current Assets (Rs.)	100,616,904	87,201,334	81,178,443	54,413,932	41,216,536	32,589,774
Current Liabilities (Rs.)	14,153,388	7,114,094	6,863,792	6,324,718	6,230,242	9,564,723
Income						
Sales (Rs.)	-	14,114,000	16,034,490	29,574,846	51,714,859	60,387,464
Lease Rental (Rs.)	11,953,800	-	-	-	-	-
Net Profit/(Loss) for the						
year (Rs.)	5,983,368	5,336,002	5,740,314	4,666,983	10,484,816	7,555,093
Accumulated Profit/						
(Loss) (Rs.)	(31,696,201)	(37,679,567)	(43,015,570)	(48,755,884)	(53,422,867)	(63,907,683)
Statistics & Ratios						
Gross Profit/(Loss)						
Ratio (%)	73.30	27.47	22.43	20.17	12.52	13.67
Net Profit/(Loss) Ratio (%)	50.05	37.81	35.80	15.78	20.27	12.51
Current Ratio	7.11	12.26	11.83	8.60	6.62	3.41
Paid-up Value Per						
Share (Rs.)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Earning/(Loss) Per						
Share (Rs.)	0.399	0.356	0.380	0.310	0.699	0.500
Net Assets (Rs.)	186,901,799	183,687,383	175,582,430	170,192,616	165,168,123	156,786,307
Net Assets Value Per						
Share (Rs.)	12.46	12.25	11.71	11.35	11.01	10.45
Cash Dividend (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus Dividend (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Tri-Star Power Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan, as a public limited company on September 27, 1993 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017) and its shares are listed in the Pakistan Stock Exchange in Pakistan. The principal activity of the Company is to generate, distribution and Supply of Electricity and lease of power generating plant to customers.

1.1 During the year from July 1, 2021 the Company entered into an agreement with related party i.e. Image Pakistan Limited to provide Power Plant already installed in the premises of the said Company. The Company previously charged billing of Electricity/ unit basis. Now from July 1, 2021 the same electricity production facility has been provided on Rental Basis.

The geographical location and address of the company's business units, including mill/plant are as under:

The registered office of the company is located at A/33, Central Commercial Area, Block 7/8, KCHSU, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan.

The Generation/manufacturing facility is located at F/538, S.I.T.E., Karachi - 75700, Pakistan, which is not the property of the company. The same premises is obtained from related party of the Company to install the Plant.

1.2 Summary of significant events and transactions in the current reporting period

All significant transactions and events that have affected the Company's statement of financial position and performance during the year have been adequately disclosed either in the notes to these financial statements or in the Directors' report.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

International Financial Reporting Standard issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION/MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have primarily been prepared under the historical cost convention without any adjustments for the effect of

inflation or current values, except quoted investment in related parties valued at Fair Market Value. and for cash flow information.

4 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on October 06, 2022.

5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

year except application of new amendments and interpretations in the International Accounting Standards as described below in note 5.1.

5.1 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS, INTERPRETATION AND IMPROVEMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5.1.1 Amendments to approved accounting standards and the framework for financial reporting that became effective during the The Company has adopted the following amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) which became effective for the current year:

Amendment or Framework

IFRS 3 - Business Combinations - Definition of a Business (Amendments)

IFRS 9 / IAS 39 / IFRS 7 - Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments)

IAS 1 / IAS 8 - Definition of Material (Amendments)

Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting

The adoption of above amendments to the approved accounting standards and the framework for financial reporting did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

5.1.2 Standards, amendments and improvements to the approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following amendments and improvements to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective amendment or improvements:

	Amendment or Improvement	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and	d Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2 (Amendment)	01 January 2022
IFRS 16		•
IFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2022 (Amendments)	01 April 2022
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IAS 12	Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single transaction	01 January 2023
IFRS 10 / IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendment)	Not yet finalized
Improvements t	o Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2018-2021 cycle)	
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 percent' test for derecognition of financial	01 January 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture – Taxation in fair value measurements	01 January 2022
IFRS 16	Leases: Lease incentives	01 January 2022

The above amendments and improvements are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan and are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

	Standard	IASB effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 1 IFRS 17	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Insurance Contracts	01 January 2004 01 January 2023

5.2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

5.2.1 Property, plant and equipment

Estimates with respect to residual values and depreciable lives and pattern of flow of economic benefits are based on the recommendation of technical team of the Company. Further, the Company reviews the value of the assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of tangible fixed assets with a corresponding affect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

5.2.2 Taxation

In making the estimates for income taxes payable by the Company, the management considers applicable tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain cases issued in past. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all unused tax losses and credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such losses and credits can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

5.2.3. Store and spares and Stock-in-trade

The Company reviews the Net Realizable Value (NRV) of stock-in-trade to assess any diminution in the respective carrying values.

5.2.4 Provision for doubtful receivables

A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

5.2.5 Contingencies

The assessment of the contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment as the out come of the future events cannot be predicted with certainty. The company, based on the availability of the latest information, estimates at the value of contingent assets and liabilities which may differ on the occurrence/non occurrence of the uncertain future events.

5.3 Taxation

Current Year

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or minimum tax on turnover or Alternate Corporate Tax whichever is higher and tax paid on final tax regime basis. Alternate Corporate Tax is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 113C of Income Tax Ordinance.

Deferred

Deferred tax is provided Proportionate to local sales using the liability method on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date, between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial statements reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all temporary taxable differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the assets is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

No deferred tax has been provided during the year due to the company are exempt from levy of Income tax under clause 132 of the second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

5.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Initial recognition

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.

Subsequent measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any; except for capital works in progress (if any) which are stated at cost accumulated up to the balance sheet date.

Buildings and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss (if any).

Depreciation

Full Years Depreciation is charged on acquisition or transfer of assets from capital work in progress, while no depreciation is charged on assets disposed off during the year. Depreciation is charged to income using reducing balance method, at the rates specified in the annexed schedule in note no. 11 to the financial statements, whereby the cost/revalued amounts of asset is written off over its estimated useful life, reflecting the approximate value of the consumption of the respective assets economic benefits. The depreciation method and useful lives of the items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed periodically and altered if circumstances or expectations have changed significantly

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance Right for use of Assets is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Disposal

The gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amounts of the asset and is recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss. In case of the sale or retirement of a revalued items, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the surplus on revaluation of such item is transferred directly to the unappropriated profit.

Judgment and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Repairs, renewals and maintenance

Major repairs and renewals are capitalized. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged as expense when incurred. Gains or losses on disposal or retirement of assets are determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amounts of these assets, and are included in the income currently.

5.5 Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received as applicable. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight line method over the shorter of the lease term and the asset's useful life. The estimated useful lives of assets are determined on the same basis as that for owned assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any.

5.6 Lease Liability

Lease liabilities The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease, i.e. if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date of the lease if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset."

5.7 Impairment of non-financial assets other than inventories

The assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. The Company recognises the reversal immediately in the statement of profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with the revaluation model. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

5.8 Investment

Investment at fair value of investment through other comprehensive income are initially recognized at cost being the fair value of the consideration given including acquisition charges associated with. After initial recognition of investment are premeasured at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on investment are recognized in other comprehensive income as required by IFRS 9 till the investment is sold or otherwise disposed off, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in income. Measurement made as per IFRS 9 and disclosed the fair value as Price Quoted in Pakistan stock exchange

Investments in NIT's are stated at cost due to litigation with the Income tax department as fully described in note 12.2 and 12.2.1 to the financial statements.

5.9 Stores, Spares and Loose Tools

These are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). The cost of inventory is based on the FIFO basis. Items in transit are stated at cost accumulated upto the date of the balance sheet.

Stores, spares and loose tools are regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

Net Realizable Value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale.

5.10 Stock-in-Trade

These are valued as follows:

Raw Material : At lower of weighted average cost or net realizable value. Cost of raw material and components

represents invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

Stock-in-Transit : At cost accumulated upto the balance sheet date.

Stock in trades are regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

5.11 Trade Debts and other Receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are stated at original invoice amount less provision for doubtful debts, if any. Provision for doubtful debts / other receivables is based on the management's assessment of customers' outstanding balances and creditworthiness. Bad debts are written-off when identified.

5.12 Post Employment Benefits - Defined Benefit Plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for its staff during the year the company has not made the provision for gratuity due to all the employees are contractual.

5.13 Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded using the rates of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. In order to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange risks, the company enters into forward exchange contracts. Such transactions are translated at contracted rates. All exchange differences are included in the Profit and Loss Account.

5.14 Revenue Recognition

Rentals are recognised as income on an accrual basis, as and when rentals become due.

Revenue from supply of electricity is recognised on issue of bills on monthly basis to its customers. Performance obligation satisfied when supplied the Electricity.

Unrealized gains/(losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as "financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Dividend income is recognized on the basis of declaration by the investee company.

Other Income/Scrap Sales is recognized on accrual Basis.

Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets is recorded when the title is transferred in favor of transferor.

5.15 Provisions

Provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, and, as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and that a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of this obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

5.16 Financial instruments

5.16.1 Financial asset

The financial assets of the Company mainly include trade debts, loans, deposits, long-term investments, other receivables and cash and bank balances.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Based on the business model of the Company, the financial assets of the Company are measured and classified under IFRS 9 as follows;

Trade debts and other financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less an allowance for expected credit losses, if any.

5.16.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs. For the purpose of subsequent measurement financial liabilities are either classified at amortized cost or fair value through profit or loss. The Company does not have any financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

5.16.3 Impairment of financial assets - allowance for expected credit losses

Impairment of financial assets - allowance for expected credit losses ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.

At each date of statement of financial position, the Company assesses whether financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the respective asset.

The Company uses the standard's simplified approach and calculates ECL based on life time ECL on its financial assets. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

5.16.4 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

5.16.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than inventories and deferred tax assets are assessed at date of statement of financial position to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in the statement of profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets.

5.17 Related Party Transaction

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the company at mark to market basis with the exception of loan taken from related parties which are interest/mark up free. Prices for these transactions are determined on the basis of admissible valuation methods.

5.18 Loan, Advances and other Receivables

Loans, advances and other receivables are recognized initially at cost, and subsequently at their amortized/ residual cost.

5.19 Dividends and Appropriation to Reserve

Dividend and appropriation to reserve and recognized in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

5.20 Contingent Liability

A contingent liability is disclosed in the financial statements unless the possibility of an out flow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

5.21 Contingent Assets

A contingent asset is disclosed where in inflow of economic benefits is probable.

5.22 Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their cost.

5.23 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

5.24 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances

5.25 <u>Dividend and Appropriation to reserves</u>

Dividend and appropriation to reserve are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

5.26 <u>Earnings per share</u>

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

6 Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital

No. of Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10/- each

2022	2021	2022	2021
15,000,000	15,000,000 Fully Paid in cash	Rupe 150,000,000	150,000,000
15,000,000	15,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000

6.1 As of the reporting date 20,300 (2021: 20,300) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each were held by associated companies.

			2022 Kupees	2021
7	Trade and Other Payables		Nupces	
	Accrued Expenses		2,204,883	1,309,639
	Gratuity Payable	7.1	78,428	78,428
	Zakat Payable		381,808	381,808
	With holding tax Payable		30,000	30,000
	Other Liability		288,934	288,934
	Sales tax Payable	18.3	1,786,200	
			4,770,253	2,088,809

8 Unclaimed dividend

As per the provision of Section -242 of the Companies Act, 2017 and directives of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide circular no. 18 dated 01 August, 2017, cash dividend will only paid through electronic mode directly in the bank accounts of shareholders, accordingly this unpaid dividend pertains to those shareholders who did not provided their valid bank accounts details.

		2022 Rupees	2021
9	Provision for Taxation		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
	Provision made during the year	4,357,850	-
		4,357,850	-
	Payment/ Adjusted during the year	-	-
		4,357,850	-

The income tax returns of the company has been filed up to tax year 2021 to income tax department and the assessments of the company have been finalized up to and including the tax year 2020. However, the commissioner of income tax may at any time during a period of five years from the date of filling of return may select the deemed assessment for audit.

Further the management feels that the Provision for tax on Other income will be Provided in the financial statement and the Income tax Return when the Investee company will pay the same after deduction of Income tax on the same interest amount therefore this year no Provision is made in these accounts for the year ended June 30, 2022 on the same amount.

upto the last year as eper the operations of the company is exempt from levy of Income tax under clause 132 of the second Schedule to the income tax ordinance, 2001, therefore, the company has note made provision for taxation in the financial Statement.

10 Contingencies and Commitments

10	0.1 Guarantees issued by banks	nil	nil
10	0.2 Letters of Credit in respect of committed capital expenditures	nil	nil
10	0.3 Letters of Credit for other than capital expenditures	nil	nil

10.4 The company did not charge sales tax on Sales made during the years June 30, 2016 to 2021 on Sales amounting to Rs. 148.998 (2020: Rs. 132.964)million.

11 Tangible Fixed Assets

Property, Plant and Equipment	3,535,438	4,364,934
	3 535 438	3 928 347

				2022								
		Cost/Rev	/aluation				Deprec	iation		Written Dow		
Particulars	As at	Additions /		As at	Rate	As at		For the	As at	Value As At		
Pal ticulais	July 01,	Transfers/	Revaluation	June	%	July 01,	Transfer/	year	June	June		
	2021	(Deletion)		30, 2022		2021	(Deletion)		30, 2022	30, 2022		
		Rup	ees			Rupees						
Owned												
Rental Assets 11.3.												
Factory Building	8,498,610			8,498,610	10	8,033,475		46,513	8,079,989	418,621		
Plant and Machinery	57,026,560			57,026,560	10	53,641,896		338,466	53,980,362	3,046,198		
Electrical Installations	496,144			496,144	10	467,697		2,845	470,542	25,602		
Owned used assets												
Furniture and Fixture	896,000			896,000	10	846,961		4,904	851,865	44,135		
Office Equipments	187,700			187,700	20	187,300		80	187,380	320		
Air Conditioner and Refrig.	5,900			5,900	10	5,577		32	5,609	291		
Vehicles	156,000			156,000	20	155,667		67	155,734	266		
Computers	23,500			23,500	30	23,493		2	23,495	5		
Jun-21	67,290,414			67,290,414		63,362,067		392,909	63,754,976	3,535,438		
Jun-21	67,290,414			67,290,414		62,925,480		436,587	63,362,067	3,928,347		
								June	June			
								2022	2021			
	Allocation of D	epreciation						Rup	ees			
	Depreciation fo	r the period has	s been allocated	as follows:								
	Cost of Services	/ Sales						387,825	430,916			
	Administrative	and General Exp	oense					5,085	5,671			
								392,909	436,587			

11.1 The Building and Plant & Machinery are installed on the associated company's premises where the Company has supplied the plant / machinery on lease during the year.

11.2

Register of fixed assets of the company was illegally removed by the officials of the Income tax department at the time of conducting raid at the company's premises which has not yet been returned. Consequently the same remain not to be updated and could also not made available to the auditors. However, subsequently the Company is maintaining the same in computer.

11.3 During the year from July 1, 2021 the Company has started Power Plant to provide on Rented basis and the Power Plant.

				2021						
		Cost/Reva	aluation				Deprecia	ation		Written Down
Particulars	As at	Additions /		As at	Rate	As at		For the	As at	Value As At
Particulars	July 01,	Transfers/	Revaluation	June	%	July 01,	Transfer/	year	June	June
	2020	(Deletion)		30, 2021		2020	(Deletion)		30, 2021	30, 2021
		Rupe	es			Rupees				
Owned										
Rented Assets						-				
Factory Building	8,498,610			8,498,610	10	7,981,793		51,682	8,033,475	465,135
Plant and Machinery	57,026,560			57,026,560	10	53,265,822		376,074	53,641,896	3,384,664
Electrical Installations	496,144			496,144	10	464,536		3,161	467,697	28,44
Owned used Assets										
Furniture and Fixture	896,000			896,000	10	841,512		5,449	846,961	49,039
Office Equipments	187,700			187,700	20	187,200		100	187,300	400
Air Conditioner and Refrig.	5,900			5,900	10	5,541		36	5,577	323
Vehicles	156,000			156,000	20	155,584		83	155,667	333
Computers	23,500			23,500	30	23,490		3	23,493	
Jun-21	67,290,414			67,290,414		62,925,480		436,587	63,362,067	3,928,347
Jun-20	67,290,414			67,290,414	_	62,440,357		485,123	62,925,480	4,364,934
								June	June	
								2021	2020	
	Allocation of Depre	<u>ciation</u>						Rupe	es	
	Depreciation for the	period has been al	located as follows:							
	Cost of Sales							430,916	478,796	
	Administrative and	General Expense						5,671	6,327	
								436,587	485,123	

2022 2021

Rupees

12 Long Term Investment

 Related Parties - at fair value through other Comprehensive income
 12.1
 42,308,000
 45,076,950

 Others marketable securities - At Cost
 12.2
 34,594,845
 34,594,845

 76,902,845
 79,671,795

${\bf 12.1} \quad {\bf Related\ Parties\ - at\ fair\ value\ through\ other\ Comprehensive\ income}$

	Associated Und	ertakings:						
	2022	2021		Rup	ees	Rup	ees	
	No. of Shares/	No. of Shares/		2021		2020		
	Units	Units	Name of Company	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	
			Quoted					
12.1.1	701,000	701,000	First Tri Star Modaraba	7,010,000	5,608,000	7,010,000	8,376,950	
			Un-quoted					
12.1.2.	3,670,000	3,670,000	Tri-Star Energy Ltd.	36,700,000	36,700,000	36,700,000	36,700,000	
				43,710,000	42,308,000	43,710,000	45,076,950	
	Less: Prov	ision for diminu	ution in value of investments	1,402,000		(1,366,950)		
				42,308,000		45,076,950		
	The above Comp	anies are assoc	iated by virtue of Common Dir	ectors ship and	the Common Mar	nagement Control		
12.1.1	Equity held by T	ri-Star Power Ltd	., in Tri-Star Energy Ltd., is 3.3	1% (2021: 3.31%	6).			
12.1.2.								
	i. The Break-up	value of Tri-Sta	r Energy Ltd., is determined or	the basis of au	dited accounts fo	r the year ended		
	June 30, 2020	0 are not availal	ole due to Company's Audited	Financial Satem	ents not availabl	e.		
	ii. Mr. Asad Ah	mad is the Chief	Executive of Tri-Star Energy Lt	d.				
	iii. Equity held l	oy Tri-Star Powe	r Ltd., in Tri-Star Energy Ltd., is	11.85% (2020:	11.85%).			

12.2 Others marketable securities - At Cost

Others:						
2022	2021		Rup	ees	Rup	ees
No. of Shares/	No. of Shares/		20	22	20	21
Units	Units	Name of Company	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
2,373,080	2,373,080	N.I.T. units	34,594,845	-	34,594,845	-
			34,594,845	-	34,594,845	-
Less: Prov	ision for dimin	ution in value of investments				
			34,594,845		34,594,845	
Average Cost Pri	ce Rs. 14.578/U	nit				
Market value as	at June 30, are	as under				
June 30 (2020: Ju	une 30) @ Rs. 7	5.18 . (2020: Rs.54.97) per unit				

- 12.2.1 In, September 1996, the Income Tax Authorities raided the Company's premises and took away, by force, all the records, documents, and valuable securities, including FEBC's/Bearer NIT units of all the Group companies, which included the bearer NIT units of the company; without lawful authority and without making any inventory. This raid caused a serious disruption in the company's business. The company has filed a suit against the Income Tax Authorities in the Honorable High Court of Sind, challenging the said act as being illegal. The Honorable High Court of Sind, vide its Order dated July 31, 1998, held that the presence of irregularities and malafides in the act of the Income Tax Department cannot be ruled out. Further, the remaining two ingredients namely balance of convenience and causing irreparable loss and injury, also exists in favor of the company. Further, the Income Tax Department was directed to submit their report keeping in view the provisions of Section 146(c) of The Income Tax Ordinance, 1979, declaring how much more time they would need to return the impounded documents and records. The matter is now in evidence stage.
- **12.2.2.** The above investment of the company was illegally removed by the officials of the Income tax department at the time of conducting raid at the company's premises which has not yet been returned. Consequently the same remain to be updated and could also not be made available to the auditors for physical verification.

	made available to the auditors for physical verification.	·	
		2022	2021
		Rupees	;
13	Long term Loan to Related Party	20,000,000	20,000,000
		20,000,000	20,000,000
	As per the Agreement the above loan are unsecured and interest bearing @ 10% loans give the Related Parties to meet the working Capital requirements of the Related next twelve months till June 30, 2023 and extendable if the both parties agreed.		
14	Stores, Spares & Loose Tools		
	Stores and Spares	356,349	1,995,549
		356,349	1,995,549
15	Trade Debts - Considered Good		
13	Local Receivables - Considered Good (An Associated Party)	40,000,930	26,760,930
	Considered Doubtful		<u></u>
	Provision for Doubtful debts	40,000,930	26,760,930
	Provision for Doubtful debts	40,000,930	26,760,930
	15.1 The aging of debtors (Related Party) at the reporting date was:		
	Up to one month	1,145,000	1,186,000
	1 to 6 months	5,725,000	5,688,000
	More than 6 months	6,870,000	7,240,000
	More than one year	26,260,930	12,846,930
		40,000,930	26,960,930
	15.2 Maximum amount due at any month during the year with Related Party amounting	to 40.001 million (2021: F	Rs. 26.761million)
16	Advance Deposits and Prepayments - Considered good		
	Deposits	75,000	75,000
	Dividend Receivable	420,600	
	Advance for Purchase	11,000,000	
		11,495,600	75,000
17	Cash and Bank Balances		
	Cash in Hand	44,425,161	44,445,651
	Cash at Banks - Current Accounts 17.1	97,679	64,334
		44,522,840	44,509,985
	17.1 The Company has conventional banking relationships with all the banks.		

18	SALES - Net			
	Gross Sales			14,114,000
	Sales Tax			
				14,114,000
	Rental Income on Generator	18.1	13,740,000	
	Less: Sales Tax	18.2	(1,786,200)	
			11,953,800	
			11,953,800	14,114,000

- 18.1 During the year from July 1, 2021 the Company entered into an agreement with related party i.e. Image Pakistan Limited to provide Power Plant already installed in the premises of the said Company. The Company previously charged billing of Electricity/ unit basis. Now from July 1, 2021 the same electricity production facility has been provided on rental basis. The tenure of the Agreement is for twelve months from the date of the Agreement and renewable for the further period upon the agreement between both the parties.
- 18.2 The Company has not filed Sindh Sales tax Returns as the company is in the process of registration with Sindh Revenue Board.

			2022	2021
			Rupee	s
19	Cost of Operating Expenses /Sales			
	Fuel and Power, Oil and Lubricant			6,766,500
	Salaries, Wages and Other Benefits			1,495,000
	Store consumed		1,639,200	709,000
	Repairs and Maintenance		1,165,000	836,000
	Depreciation	_	387,825	430,916
			3,192,025	10,237,416
20	Administrative and General Expenses			
	Fee and Subscription		357,310	130,200
	Auditors Remuneration	20.1	200,000	200,000
	Advertisement Expenses		19,500	65,000
	Postage		990	700
	Registrar Services		258,083	219,865
	Depreciation		5,085	5,671
			840,968	621,436
20.1	Auditors Remuneration			
	Audit Fee		200,000	200,000
		•	200,000	200,000
21	Finance Cost			
21	Bank Charges and Commission		190	205
	bank charges and commission		190	205
		•		
22	Other Charges / Income			
	Dividend Income		420,600	70,100
	Interest Charge on loan to Related Party		2,000,000	2,010,959
			2,420,600	2,081,059
23	Earnings Per Share - Basic			
	Profit after Taxation		5,983,367	5,336,002
	Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares		15,000,000	15,000,000
	Earning Per Share - Basic	Rupees	0.40	0.36

24 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Director and Executives

No remuneration or meeting fee has been paid during the year to the Chief Executive, Director and Executives of the Company.

25 Related Party Transactions

Related parties comprise subsidiary, associated companies, companies where directors also hold directorship, key management personnel disclosed in note 24 above. Significant transactions with related parties during the year are as under:

Name of the relate	d	Relatio	nship and pe	ercentage	Transaction	s during the year	and year	2022	2021
party			shareholdir	ng	end balances		(Rupees)	(Rupees)	
Image Pakistan Ltd		Associated o	company by	virtue of	Markup for	the year		2,000,000	2,010,959
		common directorship		Loan Recovered during the year					
				Lease Rental Charged		13,740,000			
				Electricity Sold			14,114,000		
					Loan receiv	able		20,000,000	20,000,000
					Maximum B	salance due at end	i	40,000,930	26,960,930
Habib Jamal & Compa	m.,	Downor	ship commo	n Control	Durchasa of	Raw Material			6,766,500

The outstanding balance with related parties as at the year-end have been disclosed in the respective notes to the financial All transactions were carried out on commercial terms and conditions and were valued at arm's length price. Remuneration and benefits to key management personnel under the terms of their employment are given in Note 24 above.

		2022	2021
		Rupees	
26	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	Cash and Bank Balances	44,522,840	44,509,985
	Short term Running Finances utilized		
	under mark-up arrangements		
		44,522,840	44,509,985

27	7 Plant Capacity and Production		Mega Watts	Mega Watts
	Actual Capacity/Day		10 Mega Watt	10 Mega Watt
	Actual Electricity produced	27.1		1,411,400 kWH

27.1 As the reason disclosed in note 1.1 to the Financial statements, therefore, the Actual Production attained has not been determinable due to Production of Electricity depend upon the customer demand after Renting out the Plant.

28 OPERATING SEGMENT

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of single segment basis.

in the year 2022 the Company Charged Rental on the Plant (2021: Revenue from sales of Electricity 100% of total revenue.)

All non current assets of the Company as at June 30, 2022 are located in Pakistan.

Revenue from single major customer of the Company represent 100% (2021: 100%) of total revenue of the Company

29 Financial Instruments

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit Risk

Liquidity Risk

Market Risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

29.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to the financial instruments will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk. However, to reduce exposure to credit risk, if any, the management monitors the credit exposure towards the customers and makes provisions against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	2022	2021
	Rupee	s
Long term loan to related party	20,000,000	20,000,000
Long Term Investment	76,902,845	79,671,795
Debtors	40,000,930	26,760,930
Cash with Banks in Current Accounts	44,522,840	44,509,985
	181,426,615	170,942,710

29.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liability when due.

The company is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of non current interest bearing liabilities, short term borrowings, trade and other payable and mark up accrued.

	2022				
Particulars	Carrying	Contractual	Six moths or	Six to twelve	One to two
Faiticulais	Amount	Cash Flows	Less	months	year
	Rupees				
Financial Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	4,770,253	4,770,253	4,292,670	477,583	-
Unclaimed Dividend	5,025,285	5,025,285	5,025,285		
	9,795,538	9,795,538	9,317,955	477,583	-
	2021				
Particulars	Carrying	Contractual	Six moths or	Six to twelve	One to two
Falticulais	Amount	Cash Flows	Less	months	year
	Rupees				
Financial Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	2,088,809	2,088,809	541,865	1,546,944	-
Unclaimed Dividend	5,025,285	5,025,285	5,025,285		
	2,088,809	2,088,809	541,865	1,546,944	_

29.3 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate resulting in as a result of changes in market prices or the market price due to change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activates, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market.

29.4 Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk arises mainly due to conversion of foreign currency assets and liabilities into local currency. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk on foreign currency assets and liabilities.

29.5 Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates, At the balance sheet date there no interest rate profile of the Company.

29.6 Risk Management Policies

Risk management is carried out by the management under policies approved by board of directors. The board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas like foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and investing excessive liquidity.

29.7 Capital Risk Management

The Company's objective when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares and take other measures commensuration to the circumstances.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company manages its capital risk by monitoring its debt levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectation of the shareholder. Debt is calculated as total borrowings ('long term loan' and 'short term borrowings' as shown in the balance sheet) (The Company has no Long term and short term Loans). Total capital comprises share holders' equity as shown in the balance sheet under 'share capital and reserves'.

	2022	2021
	Rupees	
Total Borrowings		
Less: Cash and Bank Balances	44,522,840	44,509,985
Net Debt	44,522,840	44,509,985
Total Equity	186,901,799	183,687,382
Total Capital	(142,378,959)	(139,177,397)
Gearing Ratio	(0.31)	(0.32)

29.8 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is an amount for which an assets could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying value and the fair value estimates.

As at the reporting date the fair value of all financial assets and liabilities are estimated to approximate their carrying values and Disclosed in relevant notes to the financial Statements.

30 Number of Employees

Number of persons employed contractual and Permanent as at year end were nil (2021: 6) and the average number of persons employed during the year were nil (2021: 6).

31 General

a. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

b. Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. The financial Statements are presented in Pakistani rupees, which is the Company's functional and Presentational

c. Corresponding figures

The corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary for Comparison.

Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

Pattern of Shareholding As At June 30, 2022

Number of	Shareho	olding	
Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
822	1 -	100	74,961
2,562	101 -	500	1,083,453
841	501 -	1,000	802,788
731	1,001 -	5,000	1,834,408
122	5,001 -	10,000	957,310
32	10,001 -	15,000	415,700
41	15,001 -	20,000	764,584
26	20,001 -	25,000	594,000
16	25,001 -	30,000	447,996
10	30,001 -	35,000	332,500
9	35,001 -	40,000	345,600
7	40,001 -	45,000	301,000
8	45,001 -	50,000	396,500
2	50,001 -	55,000	106,500
1	55,001 -	60,000	58,000
2	60,001 -	65,000	129,000
2	65,001 -	70,000	137,500
2	75,001 -	80,000	159,000
1	80,001 -	85,000	82,500
2	85,001 -	90,000	177,000
2	95,001 -	100,000	199,000
2	105,001 -	110,000	218,400
2	115,001 -	120,000	234,500
2	120,001 -	125,000	248,500
2	125,001 -	130,000	255,300
1	130,001 -	135,000	132,000
1	135,001 -	140,000	140,000
2	140,001 -	145,000	289,500
1	150,001 -	155,000	151,000
1	165,001 -	170,000	165,500
2	195,001 -	200,000	400,000
1	210,001 -	215,000	212,000
1	305,001 -	310,000	308,000
1	625,001 -	630,000	630,000
1	735,001 -	740,000	736,000
1	1,475,001 -	1,480,000	1,480,000
5,262			15,000,000

Proxy Form

I,	of
	being a member of Tri-Star
Power Ltd., Karachi and holder of	Shares as per R.F. No.
and/or CDC Participant I.D. No	and Sub Account No.
hereby appoint of _	or failing him
of	as my proxy to attend
and vote for me and on my behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Co	ompany to be held on October 28,
2022 at F/538, S.I.T.E., Karachi and at any adjournment thereof.	
As witness my hand this, 2	022.
Signed by the said	

Please affix Rs. 5/-Revenue Stamp

To be singed over Revenue Stamp

IMPORTANT:

- a) This form of proxy duly completed must be received at the office of the Company at F/538, S.I.T.E., Karachi, not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- b) CDC Shareholders and their Proxies must each attach an attested photocopy of their National Identity Card or Passport with their proxy form.
- c) A proxy should also be a share holder of the Company.