



ALSHAHEER FOODS_FO

Company Information



Al Shaheer Corporation entered the world of meat business in 2008 starting from humble beginnings and growing into a renowned name within a short span of time.

ASC Foods is certified on following regulatory & international standards:

- ISO 9001:2015
- ISO 22000:2005
- ISO 14001: 2015
- OHSAS 18001: 2007
- HACCP
- Pakistan Halal standard PS3733:2016
- Malaysian Halal standard MS 1500
- UAE/GSO Halal slaughtering standard 993:2015





Our Story

Al Shaheer Corporation entered the world of meat business in 2008 starting from humble beginnings and growing into a renowned name within a short span of time. The powerful fundamental values of teamwork, integrity, excellence, community service and consumer focus form the foundation of this business which aimed to serve and go beyond the expectations of the customers. Our meat products have always satisfied our consumers with the high hygiene and health standards we have always met, thus enabling us to grow and reach top levels in this industry.

Gadap Town - Karachi is home to our class apart abattoir, designed customarily as an answer to the global need and demand of Halal meat. Well organized logistics, spotless lairage area, cold storage and



ALSHAHEER







chillers imported from Australia, all make this abattoir one of the very best; and its capacity of 40 heads per hour makes it the country's largest private slaughtering facility. This has been further certified by the departments of health and food of Middle Eastern GCC countries as well. And if one would wonder who leads the meat export of Pakistan, the answer would be *Al Shaheer Corporation* venturing into export markets of Saudi Arabia, Dubai, Kuwait, Oman, Bahrain and Qatar in 2009.

'Chef One', Al Shaheer launched its new brand CHEF ONE nationwide during the year and is now available in all leading stores across Pakistan. Over the decades following the benchmarks set by Meat One, our new brand Chef One offers convenience and meeting consumer needs with differentiated and diversified innovative frozen foods products like poultry, meat, and fish. Just like its predecessor, this brand also upholds the quality standards of health and hygiene. Chef One hopes to bring significant improvement in our customers' lives not just through delicious satisfaction to the taste buds but also through an assortment of product offerings currently unmet by any other local brand. This will hence be the perfect opportunity for the Company to expand its presence even further both locally and internationally through general and modern trade and B2B market.

In addition, the Company also started its commercial production of frozen chicken at the Lahore plant during the year.

Meat One', the first red meat brand of Al Shaheer came into being in 2010 with the objective of providing innovative and convenient 'one stop fresh meat solutions' to consumers, placing us in the center of the fresh meat retail market of Pakistan. This brand offers various kinds of fresh meat operating through

exclusively designed outlets as well as standard shop-in-shop models. The quality standards of Meat One are unmatched at every level of the meat selection process. Highest quality cattle is chosen as the first step of our process. Getting the cattle checked by skilled vets comes next as health and safety are the two top most priorities. These are then slaughtered in a completely halal way at our abattoir, sectioning and processing them in large cuts before transporting them in hygienic refrigerated trucks to various outlets.

'Khaas Meat'. Al Shaheer's second retail brand emerged in 2014. This brand stands for three key elements: quality, hygiene and affordability. Neighborhood butcher shops were given a whole new look and meaning by this brand. The brand's reach further increased in 2015 through shop-in shop models in busy superstores across the major cities of Pakistan.

It was the same year that Al Shaheer Foods achieved yet another important milestone and became a corporate limited company, being listed on the Stock Exchange. The company transitioned to Al Shaheer Foods from Al Shaheer Corporation in the first month of 2017, with the objective of establishing itself as a 'foods' company. Keeping this



objective in mind, products like poultry, ready-to-cook / ready-to-eat products, fruits and vegetables are now being considered to be further included in the line of business as well.

The list of international accreditations to Al Shaheer Foods is nothing less than impressive. These include the ISO 9001:2015, ISO 22000:2005, HACCP for quality and food safety standards in the production process, SAFE Food Award 2009 & 2010 by URS for quality and hygiene. The Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry has also awarded Al Shaheer Foods with the 'Best Export Performance' Award in 2009, 2010, 2012 and 2013 for Fresh and Frozen Meat while Exhibitor (Pvt.) Ltd. has awarded us with Brand of the Year Award in 2009 and Best Emerging Brand of the Year 2009.

ASC Foods is certified on following regulatory & international standards:

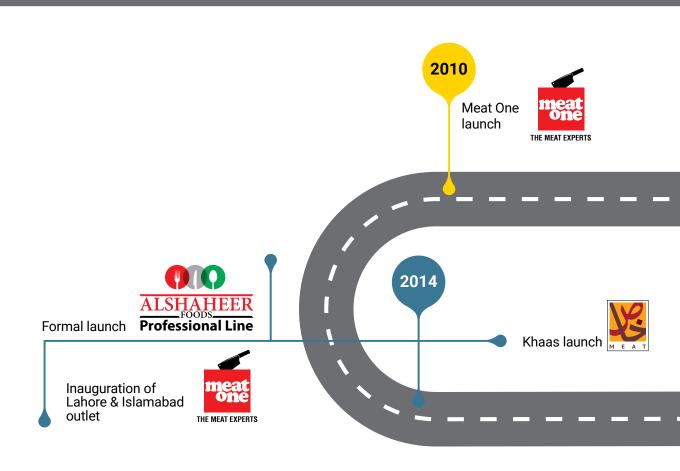
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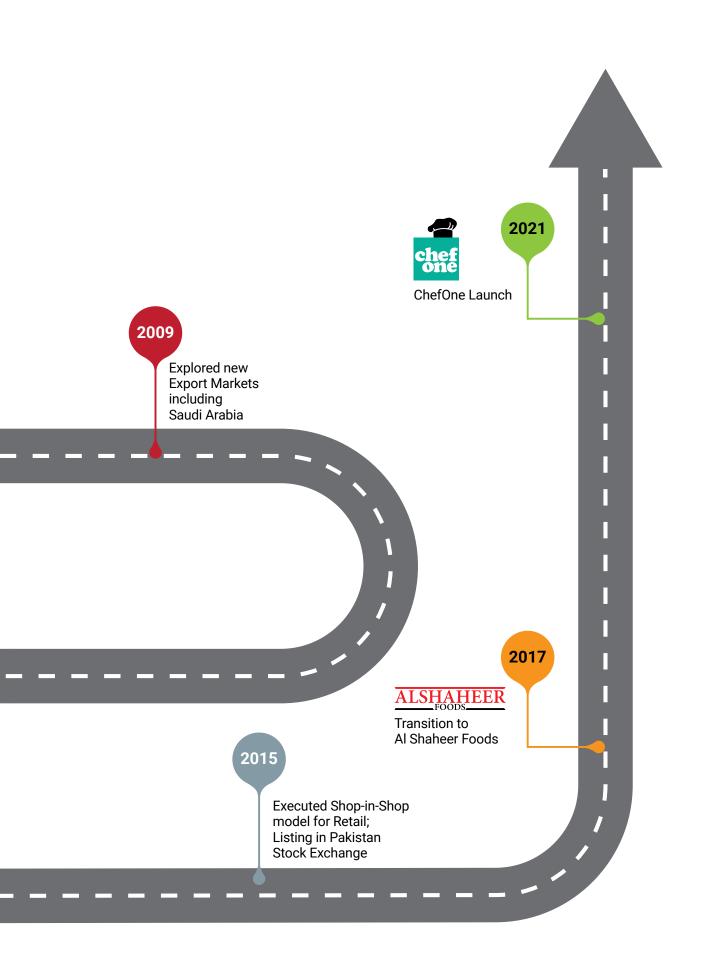


With the grace of Allah, we have always been able to supersede the benchmarks created every year by ourselves. This has only been possible because of the astounding support shown by everyone associated with us. It is our key stakeholders; be it our customers, suppliers. employees. agencies, bankers or shareholders, whose unwavering support is what keeps us driven. And as this support keeps increasing, so will our dedication to attain even higher standards and go beyond your expecta-tions every year.

Timeline

Al Shaheer Corporation (Pvt.) Ltd. inception





Chairman's Review

On behalf of the Board of Directors I am pleased to present the financial results for the year ended 2021-22.

During this year, the Company launched its much-awaited brand "CHEF ONE" from its poultry



and processed food plant based in Lahore. The Company has also started HORECA and institutional sales of frozen meat from the Lahore plant; and is now aiming to capitalize various opportunities through multiple channels i.e. Retail, HORECA, Institutions and Export market.

During the year, economic and inflation crises

were the key factors which adversely affected our margins; our volumes and margins faced immense pressure from the pricing strategies of local and international businesses in export market. As a result, the Company was unable to pass on all its costs to the consumers. These business pressures also coincided with the completion period of the new poultry and processed food project.

However, our team has continued to work diligently through the challenges and I would like to take this opportunity to thank the Company's staff and management who have played a pivotal role in the Company's success. I hope that we will continue to drive towards success, with the same spirit and determination.

Muhammad Qaysar Alam

Chairman

AlShaheer Corporation Limited



Vision

Dominate the meal table by offering delightful food solutions to consumers.



Mission

- We will delight and vitalize our consumers with food products that meet the highest standards of health, hygiene and fulfillment.
- We will achieve this by sourcing the best quality of livestock, purest ingredients and world class manufacturing processes.
- We will have excellence in our Shariah compliance standards for all our products, our operations and the way we interact with the communities and environment around us.
- We value diversity & teamwork and promote an open informal work environment.
- All our actions will clearly exhibit our relentless commitment to ethics, product safety and consumer satisfaction.

Core Values

Integrity

We act honestly, truthfully & fairly with our consumers, suppliers, employees & all stakeholders.

Consumer Focus

We are consumer-oriented, committed to delivering the best experience to our consumers every time.



Teamwork

We develop & empower our people to work as a strong unified team in an open, informal and disciplined environment.

Excellence

We strive to be the best at whatever we do.

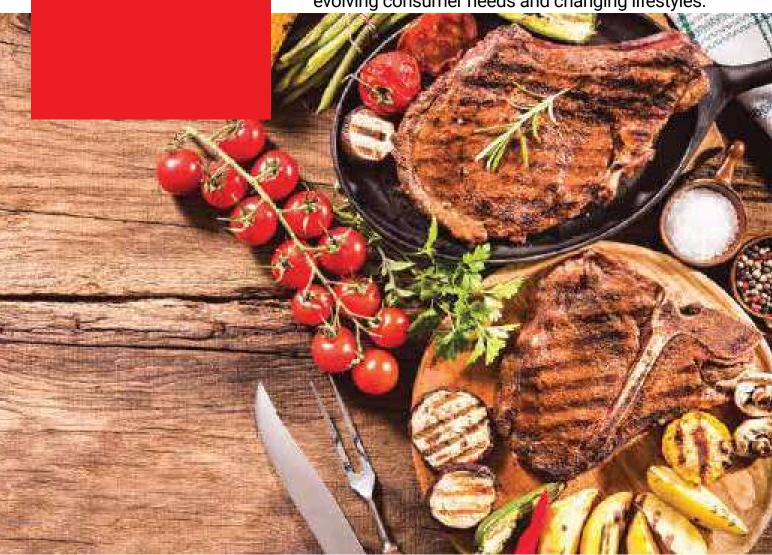
Community

We act as a responsible citizen, protecting the environment and contributing to the community in which we operate.

Code of Conduct

Introduction

The Company's General Business Principles govern how Al Shaheer Corporation Limited conducts its affairs. The objectives of the organization are to engage efficiently, responsibly and profitably in Halal and hygienic food business and to participate in the search for, and development of, new products to meet evolving consumer needs and changing lifestyles.



Halal and hygienic food is a basic human requirement that will exist forever. Our role is to ensure that we source, process and deliver this profitably and in environmentally & socially responsible ways. We seek high standards of performance, building a strong, long term and growing position in the competitive environments in which we choose to operate. We aim to work closely with our consumers, partners and policymakers to continuously strengthen our position and be recognized as a leader in the food categories we operate in.

Sustainable Development:

As part of the Business Principles, we commit to contribute to sustainable development. This requires balancing short and long term interests, integrating economic, environmental and social considerations into business decision-making, and investing in people, systems and infrastructure for sustainable advantage.

Responsibilities:

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited recognizes five areas of basic responsibilities. It is the duty of management continuously to assess the priorities and discharge these inseparable responsibilities.

- a) To shareholders: To protect shareholders' investment, and provide a long-term return competitive with those of other leading companies in the industry.
- b) To consumers: To win and maintain consumers by developing and providing products and services which offer value in terms of price, quality, safety and convenience.
- c) To employees: To respect rights of our employees and to provide them with good and safe working environment and competitive terms and conditions of employment. To develop leadership that continuously promotes best utilization of talent, to create a conducive work environment where every employee has an equal opportunity to develop his or her skills and talents. To encourage the involvement of employees in planning and strategizing their work and to provide them with appropriate channels and structure. We recognize that commercial and sustainable success depends on the commitment of all employees and disposition of their energies and efforts in the right direction.
- d) To business partners: To seek mutually beneficial relationships with contractors, suppliers and in joint ventures and to promote the application of our General Business Principles in such relationships. The ability to promote these principles effectively is an important factor in the decision to enter into or remain in such relationships.
- e) To society: To conduct business as responsible corporate members of society, to comply with applicable laws and regulations, to support fundamental human rights in line with the legitimate role of business, and to give proper regard to health, safety, security and the environment.

Economic:

Long-term profitability is as essential for the company as oxygen to the living being, in order to achieve our higher goals. It is a measure of both efficiency and of the value that consumers place on Al Shaheer Corporation Limited products and services. It supplies the necessary corporate resources for the continuing investment that is required to develop and produce Halal and hygienic supplies to meet & exceed consumer needs. Without profits and a strong financial foundation, it would not be possible to fulfill our higher levels of responsibilities.

Competition:

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited supports free enterprise. We believe that healthy competition always results in greater opportunities, better products and services, and in turn, benefits the consumer. We seek to compete fairly and ethically and within the framework of applicable competition laws; we will not prevent others from competing freely with us.

Business Integrity:

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited insists on honesty, integrity and fairness in all aspects of our business and expects the same in our relationships with all those with whom we conduct business. The direct or indirect offer, payment, soliciting or acceptance of bribes in any form is unacceptable. Facilitation payments are also bribes and should not be made. Employees must avoid conflicts of interest between

their private activities and their role in the conduct of Company business. Employees must declare to their employing Company potential conflicts of interest, if any. All business transactions on behalf of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited must be reflected accurately and fairly in the accounts of the Company in accordance with established procedures and are subject to audit and disclosure.

Health, Safety and the Environment:

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited has a systematic approach to health, safety and environmental management in order to ensure continuous well-being of our employees, consumers and public alike. To this end, Al Shaheer Corporation Limited manages these matters as critical business activities, sets standards and targets for improvement, and measures, appraises and reports performance externally. We continually look for ways to reduce the environmental impact of our operations, products and services.

Local Communities:

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited aims to be a good corporate citizen by continuously improving the ways in which we contribute, directly or indirectly, to the general well-being of the communities within which we operate. We manage the social impacts of our business activities carefully and work with others to enhance the benefits to local communities, and to mitigate any negative impacts from our activities. In addition, Al Shaheer Corporation Limited takes a constructive interest in social matters, directly or indirectly related to our business.

Communication and Engagement:

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited recognizes that regular dialogue and engagement with our stakeholders is essential. We are committed to reporting our performance by providing complete relevant information to legitimately interested parties, subject to any overriding considerations of business confidentiality. In our interactions with employees, business partners and local communities, we seek to listen and respond to them honestly and responsibly.

Compliance:

We comply with all applicable laws and regulations of the countries in which we operate.

Living by Our Principles:

Our shared core values of integrity, teamwork, consumer focus, fairness and excellence underpin all our activities and are the foundation of our Business Principles. The Business Principles apply to all transactions, large or small, and drive the behavior expected of every employee in Al Shaheer Corporation Limited in the conduct of its business at all times. We are judged by how we act. Our reputation will be upheld if we act in accordance with the law and the Business Principles. We also encourage our business partners to live by these principles.

We encourage our employees to demonstrate leadership, accountability and teamwork, and through these behaviors, contribute to the overall success of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited. It is the responsibility of the leadership to lead by example, to ensure that all employees are aware of these principles, and behave in accordance with the spirit as well as the letter of this statement.

The application of these principles is underpinned by a comprehensive set of assurance procedures which are designed to make sure that our employees understand the principles and confirm that they act in accordance with them. As part of the assurance system, it is also the responsibility of management to provide employees with safe and confidential channels to raise concerns and report instances of noncompliance. In turn, it is the responsibility of the Company employees to report suspected breaches of the Business Principles to the management. The Business Principles are fundamental to how we conduct our business and living by them is crucial to our continued success.

Purpose of Existance

Al Shaheer Foods was created in August 2008 after observing the increase in demand of Halal meat products globally. It operates a custom designed, state-of-the-art plant, brought in from Australia with attached chillers, cold storage, transportation and hygienic lairage area. This is the largest private slaughtering facility in the

country with a capacity of 40 heads per hour.

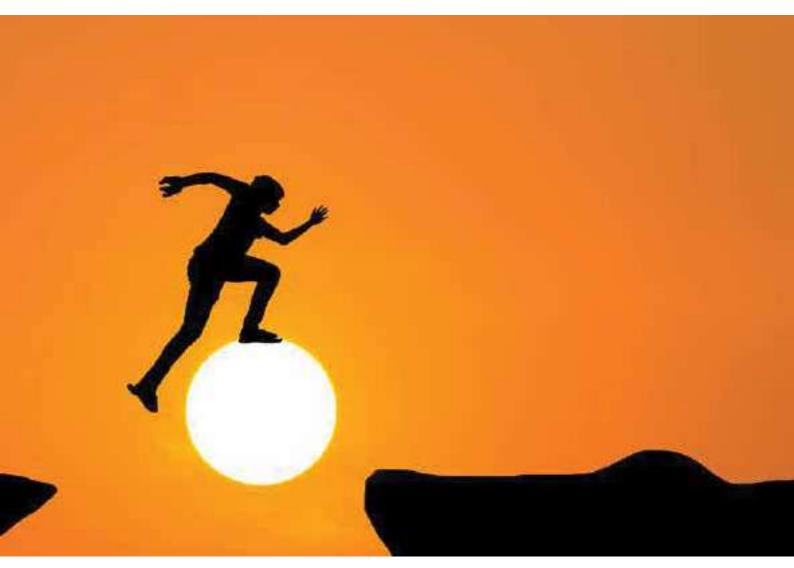
Winning several international accreditations like the ISO 9001:2015, IS022000:2005, HACCP for its quality and standards used in the production process, SAFE Food Award 2009 & 2010 by URS for quality and hygiene, the Company has conquered the global market with a continuous commitment to quality.

Al Shaheer Foods has also won the 'Best Export

Performance' award in 2009, 2010, 2012 and 2013 for Fresh and Frozen Meat from the Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry.

Al Shaheer currently possesses municipality licenses to export meat to some of the most lucrative markets in the region, including Dubai and Saudi Arabia.

The year 2010 started with a pledge to make the same quality meat available to



local consumers, thereby considerably raising the benchmark in meat selling. Starting off from our flagship Meat One boutique on main Khayaban-e-Shamsheer, DHA, Karachi, we have gradually expanded our network of dedicated Meat One outlets across Pakistan to introduce customers to the best quality, free range meat possible.



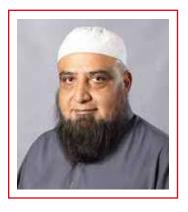




M. Qaysar Alam

On the Board of Directors of GS1 and Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited, Member Pakistan Advisory Board ISCEA, President Supply Chain Association of Pakistan. Supply Chain Specialist, Consultant, Trainer and speaker at various business schools and forums. Worked for 29 years at Unilever Pakistan Ltd., where, for the last 8 years served as Vice President responsible for Supply Chain, its strategies and operations.

He was on the Board of Directors, Member of Audit Committees and Management Committee of the Company. Key architect of Unilever Pakistan's Supply Chain structure and processes making it forward looking, achieving efficiencies in speed, service and cost. Earlier worked at Exxon Pakistan, ARAMCO SA and taught Petroleum engineering at KU.



Kamran Khalili

Kamran Khalili is the CEO of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited. It was his vision to establish a Halal meat processing company. Kamran Khalili took the initiative and started Al Shaheer Foods from scratch, playing a pivotal role in the company's growth.

Prior to Al Shaheer, Kamran was a member of the Karachi Stock Exchange for around 10 years and CEO of Fortune Securities (Pvt.) Ltd. He has also worked as an Investment Banker in Muslim Commercial Bank, Pakistan.

After receiving an encouraging response from exports, Kamran expanded his vision to provide export quality meat products in the local market as well. In accomplishment of this vision, he took the initiative to introduce a concept meat shop in the local market, Meat One. Kamran Khalili is an MBA.



Adeeb Ahmad

Mr. Ahmad's career spans over 30 years with premier multilateral, leading private equity firms and several international investment banks primarily in the Gulf region. He has held C-suite positions engaged in multisectoral asset management, private equity investments and M&A across multiple emerging markets, including Pakistan.

He has raised and led several large funds, managed landmark investments, and led several M&A advisory assignments. His last role was as Senior Advisor to the CEO (& Deputy CEO-Designate) at Islamic Corporation for the Development of the Private Sector ("ICD") in Saudi Arabia.

Mr. Ahmad holds an M.Sc. from the London School of Economics, United Kingdom, and an MBA from the Institute of Business Administration, Karachi, Pakistan. Other Engagements: Chairman, Al-Shaheer Corporation Ltd.



Zubair Haider

Zubair Haider's career started after completing his MBA from IBA Karachi. He has over 30 years of experience and has held senior positions at various banks in Pakistan and the Middle East; including HSBC, Meezan Bank Limited, NBP, Dubai Islamic Bank and Banque Saudi Fransi, Riyadh. Additionally, he holds an LLB degree from SM Law College, Karachi.

Zubair is also a member of Executive committee of Management Association of Pakistan for the years of 2021 to 2024. He is a Certified Director through ICAP's Director Training Program.

Zubair's area of expertise include Corporate Finance, Investment Banking, Capacity Building, Islamic Finance, Strategy, Leadership, Credit Risk and Business Development. He has also led complex multi-million-dollar deals and influenced profitable outcomes.



Zillay A. Nawab

Zillay A. Nawab is a trusted business adviser, coach and trainer with extensive experience in multiple business segments. He is an expert in managing complex organizational transformation programs, with an effective blend of leadership, facilitation and collaboration at all levels. His interventions deliver measurable cost savings, enhanced stakeholder satisfaction and strategic alignment.

Zillay's consulting and training experience is industry agnostic, including water, banking, stock exchange, oil, automotive, nuclear, IT, hospitality, retail, healthcare, engineering, fertilizers, electric power utilities, advertising, construction, manufacturing, process automation and a host of other verticals.

Zillay is currently engaged with Pakistan Institute of Management, Ministry of Industries & Production, Government of Pakistan, to develop, launch and manage the Pakistan Management Excellence Award program, designed to elevate national organizational performance to international best practices.

Zillay is active in international standards development. He Chairs both international and Canadian standards development committees and presents the Canadian viewpoint at International Organizational for Standardization (ISO) meetings. He is collaborating with global experts on developing risk, asset management and service excellence ISO standards.

Zillay is a gifted speaker and story-teller. He has delivered presentations and training workshops in North America, Middle East, Australia, Africa and Europe, on Business Excellence, Strategy, Organizational Performance Management, Benchmarking, Risk Management, Customer Centricity, Change Management and other topics.

Zillay is an avid writer and contributes regularly to newspapers, magazines and social media. He has edited and published magazines, company annual reports and in-house magazines. Zillay co-authored the ISO IWA on Sharing Economy. Passionate about writing, he is working on a book. He developed an innovative benchmarking methodology, registered under Benchmarking Canada trademark.



Sabeen Fazli Alavi

Sabeen is an FMCG industry specialist with more than 20 years of experience in mature and developing markets working on regional and global brands. She is known for defining winning business strategies, delivering differentiated, best-in class consumer experiences and crafting compelling brand stories to grow market share and build brand loyalty under challenging business conditions.

Sabeen's career started as a management consultant with Grant Thornton International before joining Unilever in Consumer and Market Insights where she spent two years before moving in to brand marketing. After a number of leadership roles in Unilever Pakistan she moved to the MENA region where her last corporate role was Marketing Director & Management Committee member for Unilever Gulf. Through her career Sabeen has successfully managed and grown large complex business units, launched numerous new brands and categories, led a number of disruptive innovation projects, managed large and often cross-functional teams, delivered market-beating growth, and spear-headed the organization's digital transformation agenda.

After a long and successful corporate stint, Sabeen has ventured into consulting where she continues to leverage her diverse and rich experience in consulting on projects that demand high-level strategic thinking, planning and implementation.



Umair Khalili

Umair Khalili is the youngest Director of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited. He is an HR graduate from London School of Economics and Political Sciences (LSE). He is an enthusiastic individual who has great talent in public speaking and debating.

Umair has been the team lead for various events including Model United Nations where he lead multi-cultural teams and won the MUNs in the home country. Apart from academics, Umair is actively involved in cricket & football.



The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the audited financial results of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Operational Performance

Summarized operating performance of the company for the year is as follows:

Turnover
Cost of sales
Gross profit
Expenses
Other income
Taxation
Profit / (loss) for the period
Basic and Diluted EPS (Rs./Share)

Year Ended					
June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021				
(Rupees 000)					
6,043,329	5,367,507				
(5,209,972)	(4,049,975)				
833,357	1,317,532				
(1,635,963)	(1,206,138)				
571,211	562				
(7,423)	1,081				
(238,818)	113,037				
(0.80)	0.38				

In this fiscal year, the Company's overall topline increased by 13% compared to the same period last year.

However, gross margins remained under pressure due to the challenges on account of economic and global inflation. In addition, the Company started commercial production from Poultry & Processed Foods plant at Lahore.

Poultry & Processed Foods Business

By the grace of Almighty, the Company has commenced its commercial production of its frozen and processed food facility at Lahore and launched its brand "CHEFONE". Initially, the Company focused on retail market for its brand and showcased its brand at leading stores across Pakistan; and also targeted institutional sales from frozen foods unit.

Export Performance

Exports have declined by 8% during the financial year due to several macroeconomic factors affecting both, business volume and margins. However, increased exchange rates along with internal cost efficiency exercise, resulted in profits for the year despite the depressed volumes.

Retail Outlets

Retail segments i.e. Meat One and Khaas Meat suffered majorly due to increased inflation cost of utilities and livestock, resulting in decrease in footfall.

Institutional Sales

The institutional sales business performed well in our portfolio, delivering a 387% growth versus the same period last year. Despite strong competition from the unorganized sector, the Company has successfully been able to increase its market share and is committed to expand its customer base in the following year.

Future Outlook

For Poultry & Processed Foods Business, the Company is planning to expand its processed food business into HORECA and Institutional sales in addition to retail market. The Company has high expectation as it is entering the market with premium quality product and services.

The Company has high hopes for significant growth this year by increasing the topline, Export and Institutional

Sales business as market conditions gradually return to normal. On the retail front, we will be utilizing effective marketing tools in order to enhance our market share. Furthermore, the Company will continue to work with optimized resources to ensure efficiencies and positive results.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company makes charitable donations of meat and funds to welfare and educational institutes, with its available resources. We are committed to local sourcing and local employment at our production and other facilities - creating jobs and supporting small businesses in rural areas.

Human Resource Policies

The Company is an equal opportunity employer with systems and procedures in place to reward success. Human Resource management policies are in place and have been disseminated to all. The Company considers its people its core strength, who work continuously to meet individual challenges and help the Company achieve its targets.

Consumer Protection Measures

The Company ensures across the entire supply and dispatch chain that meat is handled in accordance with international standards to deliver a healthy, safe and hygienic product to all its consumers. It complies with major health and safety standards and ensures that the customers get best value for their money. The company also operates a customer service help line for deliveries and complaints and offers full replacement guarantee to dissatisfied customers.

Business Ethics and Anti-Corruption Measures

The Company is committed to promoting high standards of ethical behavior throughout its business. The management condemns corrupt and fraudulent practices and ensures transparency, integrity and honesty in all aspects of work. The Company expects all its employees to perform their duties with integrity and professionalism. The Company has a whistle-blowing policy in place where any employee can point out any perceived discrepancy in total confidence.

Contribution to National Exchequer

The company contributed around Rs. 70.252 million to the government treasury in shape of taxes, excise duty, income tax and sales tax.

Financial Statements

The financial statements of the company have been audited and approved without qualification by the auditors of the company, M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman.

Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

- a) The financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, present its state of affairs fairly, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b) Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.
- c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departures there from has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f) There are no significant doubts upon the listed company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the

- listing regulations.
- h) Outstanding liabilities on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any, are disclosed in the financial statements.
- i) The Board consists of 5 independent Directors, 1 non-executive Director and 1 executive Directors. It includes 6 male and 1 female member.
- j) During the year, four meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each director in the meetings of the Board and its sub-committees is as follows. The list contains some Directors who left during the course of the year and were replaced by new ones.

Board / Committee	Board of Directors	Audit Committee	Strategic Steering Committee
Meetings held during YE 2021-22	4	4	1
Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili	4	4	1
Ms. Sabeen Fazli	4	-	1
Mr. M. Qaysar Alam	4	4	1
Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili	4	4	-
Mr. Adeeb Ahmad	4	-	-
Mr. Muhammad Zubair Haider Sheikh	4	4	1
Mr. Zillay A Nawab	4	-	1

- a) No trading in the shares of the company was carried out during the year by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary, Executives and their spouses and minor children.
- b) The company pays gratuity to its employees for which liability as at 30 June 2022 is Rs. 21.4 Million.
- c) Pattern of shareholding is annexed with the report.
- d) Transactions with related parties are presented in note number 36 of the financial statements.

Directors' Remuneration

The Board of Directors have a policy and established procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Sales Tax Refunds

During the year, sales tax refunds of Rs. 58.707 million were claimed.

Al Shaheer Farms (Pvt.) Ltd.

The company has 51% holding in Al Shaheer Farms (Pvt.) Ltd. The subsidiary was incorporated on 2 March 2015 as a private limited under Companies Ordinance 1984. The principal activity of the subsidiary is to carry on all kinds of farming including agricultural, poultry, horticultural and dairy and to purchase, acquire, maintain, breed, sell or otherwise dispose of all kinds of cattle and other form of livestock

Bonus Shares

No bonus shares have been issued.

Dividend

No dividend is proposed.

Rights Shares

No right shares have been issued during the year.

Chairman - Board of Directors

Appointment of Auditors

The present auditors M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for appointment.

Acknowledgment

The Board is thankful to our valuable members and bankers for their trust and continued support to the company. The Board would also like to place on record its appreciation to all employees of the company for their dedication, diligence and hard work.

Kamran Khalili

Chief Executive Officer





Kamran Khalili

Kamran Khalili is the CEO of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited. It was his vision to establish a Halal meat processing company. Kamran Khalili took the initiative and started Al Shaheer Foods from scratch, playing a pivotal role in the company's growth.

Prior to Al Shaheer, Kamran was a member of the Karachi Stock Exchange for around 10 years and CEO of Fortune Securities (Pvt.) Ltd. He has also worked as an Investment Banker in Muslim Commercial Bank, Pakistan.

After receiving an encouraging response from exports, Kamran expanded his vision to provide export quality meat products in the local market as well. In accomplishment of this vision, he took the initiative to introduce a concept meat shop in the local market, Meat One. Kamran Khalili is an MBA.



Mr. Ahsan Afzal Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Ahsan Afzal is Chief Operating Officer of the Company and is heading the frozen foods business. Ahsan has done his MBA from LUMS and carries a rich experience of over 25 years in functions as diverse as business unit management, brands, human resources, sales, business analysis, innovation and creative development with a track record of delivering exceptional business performance and leading cross-functional teams.

He spent almost 2 decades in the Engro group where he was engaged in various functions across the Foods and Fertilizer business. For last 3 years he was associated with startups in Food and Digital Banking sectors.



Muhammad Hamza Paracha CFO

Muhammad Hamza Paracha (ACA) is the Chief Financial Officer of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited. He is a qualified Chartered Accountant and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP).

He possesses extensive experience of over 12 years in the field of audit, financial management, accounting, reporting, taxation, and risk management.

Hamza started his career in 2009 with Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants, where he led statutory audits, non-assurance engagements, and risk advisory assignments for various private, listed, and multinational companies.

He also worked with Quick Foods Industries and led the internal audit department.

He is associated with Al Shaheer since 2019



Shahid Qureshi General Manager Technical

Mr. Shahid Qureshi is general and operations manager with 29 years of versatile manufacturing management experience in Dairy, Ice cream, Chocolates, Pasta, Cakes, Confectionery, Meat Industry & Seafood / Fish Processing Frozen Food Products.

He was associated with Yummy Milk Products, Polka Ice Cream Sharjah UAE, Nestlé Middle East Dubai UAE as inception partner to develop the largest ice cream plant in Asia, and IFFCO group Dubai UAE to develop Chocolate, Cakes and Pasta plants. He Played a Key role in product development and plant management for Alislami Foods (Meat division) UAE to nurture the giant brand of Frozen Food in UAE.

He allied with Perfect Foods UAE and aligned planning and craft/ produce the products for all the QSR's like Burger King, Subway, Pizza Hut (YUM) Applebees, chillies, Papa jones, Rastelli and own brand Tanmiah.

He graduated in Chemical Engineering from Punjab University.

He holds Food Protection Manager Certification (American National standard Institute (ANSI). He is also certified from HOCHSCHULE GEISENHEIM UNIVERSITY for Sensory evaluation of foods.

He is associated with CCFRA (Campden Chorleywood Food Research Association), dealing in immaculate quality and food safety. He is also associated with "Fraunhofer University Munich" to develop meat and seafood products with industrial and mass Production concepts.



Malik Naseer Ahmad Chief Sales Officer

Malik Naseer Ahmad is qualified & experienced Sales Professional with more than 24 years of proven experience in poultry processing raw frozen & chilled chicken and value added chicken products in Pakistan, where he started his career in 1998 from M. Atral Poultry International (Pvt) limited (Value Chicken) in the sale of frozen raw chicken and value added chicken products.

In 2012 he joined Sufi Group and launched Simply Sufi chicken products nationwide.

In 2015 he joined Big Bird foods the largest poultry processing plant as National Sales Manager and launched Raw, Marinated and value added chicken products across Pakistan and deal with major corporate level customers.

In 2020 he started his own business of poultry processing and closed due to Covid19 issue.

In 2021 he joined Al Shaheer Corporation and serving as Chief Sales Officer with chicken, beef, fish and flour products & raw frozen beef and chicken products across Pakistan. He has launching experience of four frozen chicken brands and his expertise are in Sales Operations, business development, market research, system assurance, marketing strategies & Distribution Management along with Modern Trade, General Trade, HORECA, Corporate Sector and Company Operated Outlets. The role is pivotal to drive collaboration at organization level and deliver business objectives.



Wajihuddin Farooq Company Secretary

Mr. Wajihuddin Farooq is the Company Secretary of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited. Prior to this, he worked for GSK Consumer Healthcare Pakistan Limited and DAMCO Pakistan Limited. He possesses more than 8 years of experience. He has diversified experience in HR, Finance, Admin and Corporate Affairs. Wajih has done his MBA from SZABIST.



Furqan Galla Head of Internal Audit

Furgan Galla is Head of Internal Audit of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited. He is Certified Chartered Accountant and Certified Internal Auditor (IIA - USA). He has more than 14 years of experience in the field of Financial Planning, Reporting and Auditing.

He has worked in several industries including Manufacturing, Textiles, Distribution and Retails. At Deloitte, he got exposure of auditing numerous industries including but not limited to Banking, Manufacturing, Textiles and Distribution.





Meat has always made meals more appetizing, more appealing and even when you think you're not all that hungry, the aroma of barbecued kababs is enough to pull you towards it. Accessibility to meat supposedly 'Halal' and fit for consumption was never a problem in Pakistan, dubious origins not withstanding but, what about our countrymen and fellow Muslims living abroad?



Halal meat was barely available in limited regions and limited quantities. Choice of cut and range of taste were luxuries. Poor Muslims abroad did not even consider to fathom. Reflective of the related notion that access to any meat that was Halal was primary and quality was a secondary, if at all, consideration, the term 'Halal' was not yet used synonymously with food items nor was 'Halal' a brand name that touched the hearts, minds and palate of voracious Muslims yearning for fresh, healthy meat prepared in a Halal way.

Imagine yourself sitting down for dinner oceans away from home, thinking of mouthwatering mutton chops, chicken drumsticks or a juicy beef steak but you have to make do with the daal and veggies because there isn't any Halal meat available, a tragedy indeed. But not anymore!

Halal meat has always been a necessity and its growing global demand makes it one of the fastest growing segments within the global food trade. The increased demand brought Pakistan into this business, soon making it the 19th biggest Halal meat exporter in the world. It was not long before the global market saw the emergence of Al Shaheer Foods which soon became a trusted supplier of high quality Halal meat to importers across GCC countries.

Amid significant competition, Al Shaheer Foods has made its mark as one of the leading meat exporters of Pakistan since its conception in the summer of 2008 answering the prayers of meat lovers all around the world. The wide range of products offered in beef, prime beef, mutton, chicken, steak stone, ready to cook/marinated range and lamb (local and Aussie) leaves nothing to be desired.

Being one of the leading meat exporters of Pakistan, Al Shaheer Foods plays a major role in the 27% annual growth of the Halal meat industry, on its way to making Pakistan one of the largest players in the meat trade.

Karachi, Pakistan's largest air and sea port houses our state-of-the-art abattoir, strategically situated with access to international trade routes and certified to export to some of the largest regional markets around the globe, making sure there is never any delay in providing the freshest produce to our distributors abroad.

With a determined focus on our vision of becoming global leaders in the Halal food sector, we began by exporting red meat only to Dubai and have now expanded our reach to Saudi Arabia, Oman, Kuwait, Bahrain and Qatar and strive to widen our reach worldwide.

Having won the 'Best Export Performance' award several times for Fresh and Frozen Meat from the Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry, we aim and are working towards further such accolades in the future.

Following are the countries Al Shaheer exports to:



Retail

Chef One

Al Shaheer launched its new brand CHEF ONE nationwide during the year and is now available in all leading stores across Pakistan. Over the decades following the benchmarks set by Meat One, our new





brand Chef One offers convenience and meeting consumer needs with differentiated and diversified innovative frozen foods products like poultry, meat, and fish. Just like its predecessor, this brand also upholds the quality standards of health and hygiene. Chef One hopes to bring significant improvement in our customers' lives not just through delicious satisfaction to the taste buds but also through an assortment of product offerings currently unmet by any other local brand. This will hence be the perfect opportunity for the Company to expand its presence even further both locally and internationally through general and modern trade and B2B market.

Retail

Meat One

There is a quagmire that residents of Karachi meat find themselves in when it comes to buying one top quality, healthy and hygienic meat that can be traced back to respectable origins. In some ways sadly, the choice is simple.





The contest is really between bad meat and worse meat, the quality being a direct function of how long the meat jostled around, marinating on the back of a truck, imbuing not only the sights and sounds of rural Pakistan, but also the urban air pregnant with lead, mercury and other highly undesirable elements.

Our meat buying practices are paradoxical to our lifestyles as most of us are forced to buy substandard meat at the local roadside butcher or perhaps at a higher end grocery store in more civilized surroundings. Either way, the origin of the meat remains entirely questionable.

This is where we come in. Owning and operating one of the largest abattoirs in Pakistan, we recognized that the practice of exporting good quality meat was a travesty, and realized the need to change this practice - to give Karachi a taste of good quality meat from free range animals. This was the obvious way of giving back to our country.

'Meat One' is a meat boutique; a concept which is not alien to most of Karachi, but one currently based on fantasy. The words "boutique" and "meat shop" do seem like two different ideas, but in effect it really translates into a unique opportunity to do something that has not been done before. Allow us to make this fantasy a reality. From nurturing to slaughtering, chilling, transporting and retailing, our products have to undergo stringent quality checks each step of the way. Halal, healthy and fresh, this meat is now being made available at various locations through specially designed Meat One boutiques.

Meat One is a concept meat shop, all about celebrating carnivorous yearnings. No more flailing arms like a banshee in an attempt to ward off the flies, no begums with their beautiful faces hidden behind duppattas, or worse yet contorted into ugliness due to the malodorous surroundings. Meat lovers will no longer have to worry about the dubious origins of their steak. Buying meat will no longer be the dreaded chore that is readily delegated to the errand boy, but will rather become an enjoyable weekly ritual.

Giving priority to health and hygiene, the shop is custom made, without compromising on aesthetics. The customers will be able to follow the whole process of meat preparation behind the glass counters and be thoroughly convinced of the quality of meat and the effort and honesty that the process entails.

Retail

Khaas Meat

Who doesn't want the best quality in the best economical price? But is that even possible in today's day and age, you may ask?

All you see around you is inflated prices and





deteriorating quality. Either the quality keeps falling or the quantity keeps shrinking and you end up with almost half of the quantity at double the price. It's enough to make you give up and just accept this as the norm which will keep emptying your pockets giving you a half filled rumbling stomach and the never ending frustration of having to put up with this daylight robbery.

But don't give up hope just yet because this is where Al Shaheer Foods steps in with their 'aam' priced Khaas Meat. The February of 2014 saw the launching of Khaas Meat, Al Shaheer's second retail brand after the success of Meat One.

You may be wondering about the purpose of a second retail brand offering the same as the first with the difference of a name. Well, the name says it all. At Khaas Meat, there is no compromise on quality or hygiene but we have chopped the prices to cater to SEC B & C, providing our customers with premium quality meat processed in a hygienic environment.

You don't need to go to the local butcher shops and share your meat with the hundreds of flies, having the time of their lives on your overly priced mutton leg. Khaas Meat is an upgrade to the existing butcher shops in the market providing high quality meat in a clean and hygienic environment.

Kiosk butcher shops being our primary competitors, it took a lot of hard work and dedication to place a firm foothold in that market but we managed to establish and secure our customers' loyalty. Our customers are offered the best meat of beef, mutton and chicken from animals that have been verified safe and healthy by our vets and which is compliant with international meat standards.

The best export quality meat can be found at our retail stores along with great service from competent, courteous and friendly staff. Our outlets are designed not only with an aesthetic sense but in a way that our customers can follow the whole process of meat preparation leaving no doubts about the quality of meat they are buying.

Our par excellence services and products have helped us make our mark in a significantly short period of time. The growth of Khaas Meat proves our claims of high quality and affordable prices and this will only keep increasing with our reputation and service.

Delivery & E-Commerce

As a pioneer in the organized meat industry, we take it upon ourselves to provide our customers with the best of our products and services by adding the prime value of home delivery. An ideal hassle free delivery service not only contributes to the convenience of our consumers but also follows an effective timely response meeting all goals keeping each business front satisfied.

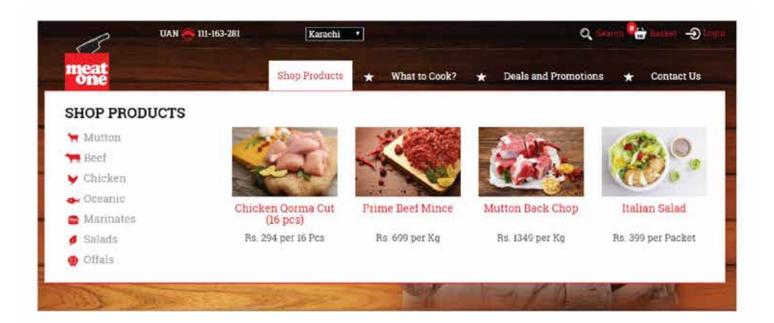








Initially the delivery service was being provided through a traditional way of call center in which a customer dials 1-11-MEAT-1 and place his/her order. But digitization has changed consumer buying behavior and people seek for more convenience. Keep this behavior in mind, Meat One has come up with e-commerce enabled website (www.meatone. net) to add more value and experience to consumer's convenience. Through e-commerce, the freshest Meat is just clicks away from the door step of consumers. Meat One's exceptional Store-to-Door delivery service combined with more convenient e-commerce facility takes consumer's shopping experience to new heights.



FROM STORE-TO-DOOR! CALL NOW



11-11-MEAT-1

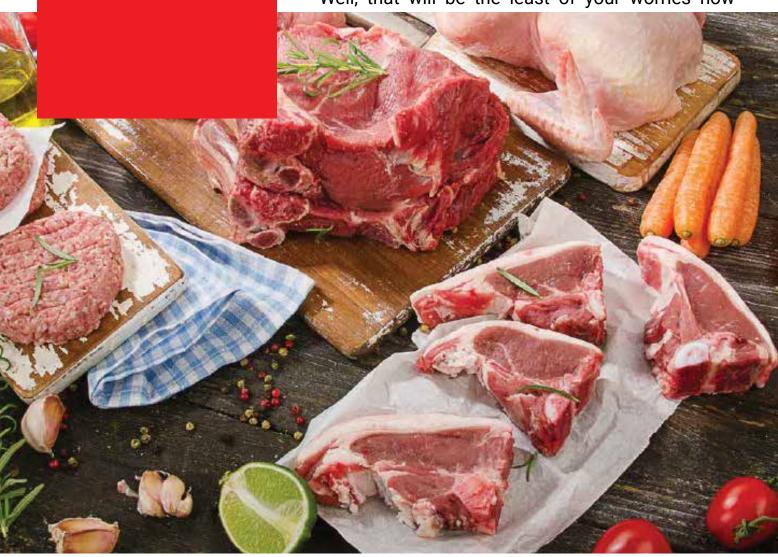


Professional Line

Traveling by air? Dining at a restaurant? Having lunch at your office cafeteria? What is one of your top concerns?

The hygiene and freshness of the food they are serving, right?

Well, that will be the least of your worries now



because the meat providers are none other than Al Shaheer Foods.



Meat has always been the main issue of concern regarding its origin, freshness, quality and distribution with Al Shaheer Foods ticking all these boxes every single time. This is especially important at the institutional level because they in turn have to serve the best to their customers. We realize that along with the institution's reputation it is mainly the provider's which is at stake, which is why Al Shaheer makes no compromises in providing the best quality of meat.

The overwhelming success of Meat One retail outlets and the massive positive response from household consumers encouraged us to widen our reach and serve consumers at the institutional level. In 2013, with a firm foothold in export and retail business, Al Shaheer ventured to serve local B2B customers, mainly Hotels, Restaurants, Hospitals and Corporates.

Having a start with shared retail resources, our Institutional Sales Unit gradually grew into a separate department, keeping in mind the requirements of bulk consumers. Fulfilling the needs of corporate clients being our primary objective, our clients in various cities have increased in a short span of time and the number keeps on increasing.

We don't believe in overpricing our products which is why our local clients with bulk orders are served premium products at cost efficient rates. We are a one stop solution to all our clients whose complete meat procurement requirements are satisfactorily and conveniently fulfilled by Al Shaheer Foods.

Our clients are primarily from three different channels. The first channel is HoReCa which includes Hotels, Restaurants, Cafes, Clubs and Caterers which consumes meat to make their primary offering i.e. food. They are pitched on the basis of food quality and taste.

The second channel is in-house Kitchens, Airlines, Hospitals & Ship Chandlers - These customers are pitched on the basis of price consciousness and value for money.

The third channel is Educational Institutions - In-house cafeterias which prepare fresh food for students and staff. These customers are targeted on the basis of nutrition and health benefits.



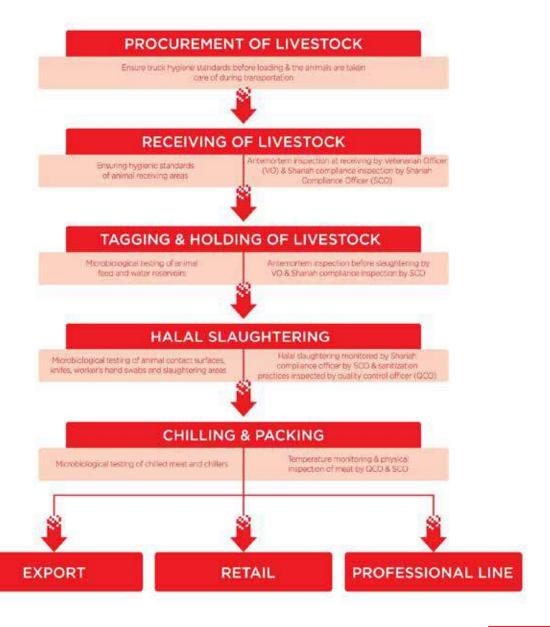
Certificates & Accreditations

- 1. HALAL certification on Pakistan HALAL standard PS 3733:2016
- 2. HALAL certification on international HALAL standard MS 1500
- 3. HALAL certification on UAE / GSO 993:2015 (HALAL slaughtering standard)
- 4. ISO 22000:2005
- 5. HACCP
- 6. ISO 14001:2015 7. OHSAS 18001:2007 8. ISO 9001:2015

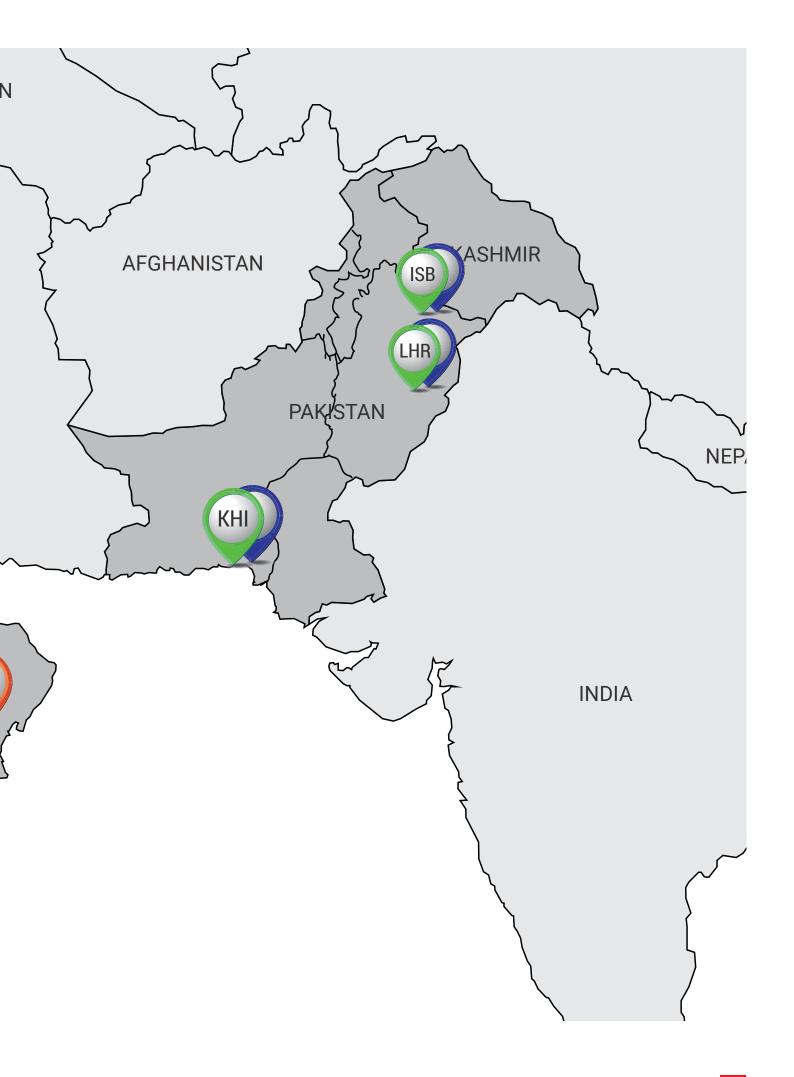
Value Supply Chain

From sparkling, air-conditioned stores that eliminate the risk of meat going bad on the shelves, to a closely-monitored supply chain, Al Shaheer Corporation Ltd is rapidly changing meat shopping in Pakistan, transforming the once-dreaded experience of visiting the butcher into a comfortable, hygienic experience.

We take care to ensure only the best, export-quality meat makes it to the customer's table. Before the Halal slaughtering of the meat, it is ensured that all animals are examined by veterinarians and are thoroughly cleaned, the meat is examined once again after slaughter, to ensure that only the freshest and healthiest meats make it to their stores. All our outlets are based on international hygiene standards, with a state of the art abattoir in Karachi receiving a HACCP (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points) certification. Indeed, even in transport, every step is taken to ensure the quality of the meat is not compromised, as a special fleet of chilled trucks transports all meat to our retail outlets, keeping it fresh in controlled temperature, but never frozen so it retains the nutrition and reaches the customer in best way possible, as fresh as it could get.







Corporate Governance

Stakeholder Interests

Al Shaheer Corporation Ltd. adopts the best corporate governance practices to maintain the proper balance in the allocation of rights, powers, duties and responsibilities among managers, the Board of Directors and share-holders.

The foremost objective of our business is to create economic and social value for our stakeholders. The extended contribution of our stakeholders towards our growth and existence is valuable for the Company. We cannot hold our purpose without input from the stakeholders.



Shareholders

Safeguarding our shareholders' interest is our prime responsibility. Our shareholders' interest revolves around good returns, profitability, growth and regulatory compliances. We respond to our shareholders' expectations through improvement in business mechanics, effective governance and corporate reporting

Investor Relations

The Company has a policy which sets out the principles in providing the shareholders and prospective investors with necessary information to make well informed investment decisions and to ensure a level playing field.

To keep transparency in the relation between the Company and its shareholders, the website of Al Shaheer Corporation Ltd. contains all the major financial information needed for investors' decision making in a separate tab of "Investor Relations" (http://www.alshaheer.net/ investor-relations/).

Customers and Suppliers

Sustaining and developing long term relationship with our customers and suppliers forms the key of our business success. Our sales and marketing team remain in close contact to our stakeholders to resolve issues on a priority basis. We continue to engage with our customers and suppliers through meetings, market visits and communications.

Our procurement teams are in continuous contact with suppliers and vendors thorough meetings and correspondence to resolve all queries for on time deliveries of livestock and other supplies. Cooperation of our suppliers gives us an extra edge over our competitors.

Banks and Other Lenders

We value our relationship with our financial partners and lenders. Periodic briefings, quarterly financial reporting, head office and factory visits are the main means for our engagement with this category of stakeholders.

Regulators

Our commitment to compliance with laws and regulations is evident from our Corporate team's continued efforts for efficient and effective legal and regulatory obedience. The engagement includes submission of periodic reports, responding to enguiries and meetings as and when required. Active engagement with regulators improves level of compliance.

Employees

Our company has extensive employee engagement schemes in place. The employees' issues revolve around work life balance, training and development and rewards. Employee meetings are on regular intervals in the form of quarterly town hall meetings, celebrating sports day and team building activities. Employee engagement improves the level of dedication and hard work.

Media

Ads and campaigns are launched in media based on marketing requirements. Interaction with media improves the brand image of the Company.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors consists of qualified individuals possessing knowledge, experience and skills in various professions, with the leadership and vision to provide oversight to the Company. The Board is assisted by two Committees, namely the Audit Committee and the Human Resource Committee, to support its decision-making in their respective domains:

Audit Committee

Mr. M. Zubair Haider Shaikh Chairman Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam Member Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili Member

The Audit Committee comprised of one Non-Executive Director and two Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members of the audit committee possess relevant financial expertise and experience. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO), the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), the Chief Internal Auditor (CIA) and the external auditor attend Audit Committee meetings by invitation. The Audit Committee also separately meets the Chief Internal Auditor (CIA) and external auditors at least once a year without the presence of the Management.

Meetings of the Audit Committee are held at least once every quarter. The Committee reviews the annual financial statements in the presence of external auditors. The recommendations of the Audit Committee are then submitted for approval of financial results of the Company by the Board. During the year 2021-22, the Audit Committee held four (4) meetings. The minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee are provided to all the members, Directors and the CFO. The CIA attends the Audit Committee meetings regularly and meets the Audit Committee without the presence of the Management, at least once a year, to point out various risks, their intensity and suggestions for mitigating risks and improvement areas. The business risks identified are referred to the respective departments and mitigating actions are then implemented.

Human Resource Committee

Mr. Zillay A. Nawab Chairman
Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili Member
Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam Member
Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili Member
Ms. Sabeen Fazli Alavi Member

The HRC comprises three Independent Non-Executive Directors, one Executive Director and one Non Executive Director. The Chairperson of the HRC is an Independent Non-Executive Director. HRC meetings are conducted at such frequency as the Chairperson may determine. The minutes of the meetings are provided to all members and Directors.

Offices of the Chairman & CEO

Being a corporate governance compliant company, Al Shaheer Corp. Ltd. designates separate persons for the positions of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the office of the Chief Executive with clear division of roles and responsibility.

Roles of the Chairman & CEO

The Chairman and the Chief Executive have separate and distinct roles. The Chairman has all the powers vested under the Code of Corporate Governance and presides over Board meetings. The Chief Executive Officer performs his duties under the powers vested by the law and the Board and recommends and implements the business plans and is responsible for overall control and operation of the Company.

Directors' Orientation and Training

The Directors of the Company are well experienced and have diverse backgrounds. At the time of induction of any new director, he or she is given proper orientation about the operations of the Company and his or her fiduciary responsibilities. five Directors of the Company are also certified under the Directors Training Program offered by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and Institute of Business Administration (IBA).

Evaluation of Board Performance

Board Evaluation Mechanism facilitates the Board of Directors to evaluate and assess its performance for providing strategic leadership and oversight to the management. Accordingly, procedure is in place to assist in the self-assessment of individual director and the full Board's performance.

Report of the Audit Committee

Meetings of the Board Audit Committee are held at least once every quarter. Four meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the year 2021-2022. Based on reviews and discussions in these meetings, the Audit Committee reports that

- The Company has adhered, without any material departure, with both the mandatory and voluntary provisions of the Pakistan Stock Exchange, Code of Corporate Governance, Company's Code of Conduct and values and the best practices of governance throughout the year
- The Company has issued a Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance which has also been reviewed and certified by the external auditors of the Company.
- The Audit Committee reviewed and approved the quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements of the Company and recommended them for approval of the Board of Directors.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied. Applicable International Accounting Standards and International
 Financial Reporting Standards were followed in preparation of financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis,
 which present fairly the state of affairs, results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company.
- Accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment. Proper and adequate accounting records have been maintained by the Company in accordance with the Companies Act, 2017 and the external reporting is consistent with management processes and adequate for shareholder needs.
- The financial statements comply with the requirements of the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 and applicable International Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards notified by SECP.

M. Zubair Haider Shaikh

Chairman - Audit Committee



Statement of Compliance

With the Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019

Al Shaheer Corporation Ltd.

Year ended 30th June 2022

The Company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:

a. Male: 6 b. Female: 1

2. The composition of the board is as follows:

	1	
Independent Directors	Mr. Adeeb Ahmad	
	Mr. M. Zubair Haider Shaikh	
	Mr. Saiyid Zillay A Nawab Rizvi	
	Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam	
	Ms. Sabeen Fazli Alavi	
Executive Directors	Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili (CEO)	
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili	
Female Director	Ms. Sabeen Fazli Alavi	

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for the remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. All directors required to obtain certification under director training program have obtained the said certification during the year.
- 10. Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary resigned during the year and the Board has approved the appointment of the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary on 29 November 2021 and on 04 March 2022 respectively. There was no new appointment of Head of Internal Audit.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.

12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

Audit Committee	Mr. M. Zubair Haider Shaikh (Chairman of the Audit Committee)
	Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam
	Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili
Human Resource & Remunera-	Mr. Zillay A Nawab (Chairman of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee)
tion Committee	Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili
	Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam
	Ms. Sabeen Fazli Alavi
	Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committees were as per following:

Name of Committee	Number of Meetings
Audit Committee	4
Human Resource Committee	Nil

- 15. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to Parker Russell-A.J.S., who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouses, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the CEO, CFO, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of Regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.
- 19. Explanation with regard to other non-mandatory requirements, i.e. other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 is as below:

Non-Mandatory	Provision
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The Human Resource committee shall meet at least once in a financial year and may meet more often if requested by a member of the Board, or committee itself or the chief executive officer and the head of human resource or any other person appointed by the Board may act as the secretary of the committee.

Regulation Reference

28 (3)

Explanation

During the year, no Human Resource Committee meeting had been held. The HR Committee has taken notice of the same and will ensure compliance in future.

Chairman - Board of Directors Dated: November 4, 2022



Orant Thornton Anjum Rahman

lat 6 3rd Floor, Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan,

T +922135672951-56

TO THE MEMBERS OF AL SHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED
REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN
LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS,
2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: 04 November 2022

UDIN: CR2022100932bmAyWvwY

grantthornton.pk

Chartered Accountants





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited

Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

1st & 3rd Floor, Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

T +9221 35672951-56

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of AI Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Company), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the loss, total comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Chartered Accountants grantthornton.pk



S.No	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit	
		our audit	
1.	Revenue recognition and trade debts		
	Refer notes 13 and 30 to the unconsolidated financial statements.	Our audit procedures among others included:	
The Company's revenue comprises both local and export sales. Sales generated through retail outlets and corporate customers involving lavolume of transactions. Further, to debts generated through sales are subto assessment of allowance for expected to loss (ECL) in accordance with II 9 – "Financial Instruments".		- We reviewed the terms and conditions of transactions for both export and local sales and assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition policies and practices followed by the Company. - We tested controls over revenue recognition and reporting process.	
We identified revenue recognition and associated trade debts as a key audit matter due to large volume of transactions and use of significant estimates and judgements by the management in respect of ECL.	recognition and reporting process within export and local sales including sales to retail and corporate customers.		
	of Ede.	 We performed analytical review procedures and other test of details for export and local sales including procedures ensure that revenue has been recognised in the appropriate accounting period. 	
		 We reviewed the methodology developed and applied by the management to estimate the allowance for ECL against trade debts. 	
		- We assessed the integrity and quality of the data used for ECL computation based on the accounting records and information system of the Company.	
		We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in accordance with the financial reporting standards.	

2.	Capital expenditure	
	Refer note 7 to the unconsolidated financial statements.	Our audit procedures among others included:
	The Company operates in a capital intensive industry and resultantly has invested significantly in assets of capital nature. As at 30 June 2022 the net book value of property, plant and equipment amounted to Rs 5.463 million including Rs3.517 million capitalized during the current. Operating fixed assets represent a significant portion of the Company's assets	 We obtained an understanding of the Company's process with respect to capital expenditure and tested the Company's controls in this area relevant to our audit. We physically verified the Company's fixed assets and
	and accordingly, we have identified capital expenditure as a key audit matter	tested the amounts. We reviewed the relevant documents with reference to the acquisition of newly acquired assets and assessed whether cost capitalization meets the recognition criteria of an asset in accordance with IAS 16 — "Property, plant and equipment". - We evaluated the basis used by the management for determining the useful lives of assets and the depreciation charged in relation thereto. - We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in accordance with the financial reporting standards.
3.	First year audit	
	We have been engaged to perform the audit of the Company for the first time i.e. for the year ended 30 June 2022. Initial audit engagements involve a number of considerations not associated with	We performed various procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding opening balances including the following: - We reviewed the predecessor
	recurring audits. Additional planning activities and considerations necessary to establish an appropriate audit strategy and audit plan include gaining an initial understanding of the Company and its business, obtaining sufficient audit evidence regarding the opening balances including the selection and application of accounting principles and communicating with the previous auditors.	auditor's work paper files and made additional inquiries of the predecessor auditors about matters that may affect our audit in the current period. - We evaluated the key accounting position and matters from prior
	accounting principles and communicating	



	- We evaluated whether accounting policies reflected in the opening balances have been consistently applied in the current year's financial statements and adequately presented and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
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Information Other than the Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the unconsolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors of the Company are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.





Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our





report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Other Matter

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2021 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements dated 27 October 2021.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Khurram Jameel.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: 4 November 2022

UDIN: AR202210093U5Ycak9Dt

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		2022	2021
ASSETS	Note	Rupees in	000'
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	7	5,463,374	5,553,067
Intangible assets	8	47,073	2,224
Long-term investment	9	14,940	19,049
Long-term loan	10	6,439	9,161
Deferred tax asset - net	11	326,678	281,377
Defence tax asset - net		5,858,504	5,864,878
CURRENT ASSETS			240.442
Stock-in-trade	12	289,061	249,142
Trade debts	13	3,094,203	2,040,752
Loans and advances	14	338,904	371,844
Trade deposits and prepayments		13,907	15,649
Other receivables	15	366,087	442,087
Taxation - net		134,947	147,950
Cash and bank balances	16	8,286	74,857
		4,245,395	3,342,281
TOTAL ASSETS		10,103,898	9,207,159
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital		3,000,000	3,000,000
300,000,000 (2021: 300,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	17	2,999,389	2,999,389
Share premium	**	1,507,705	1,507,705
Unappropriated profit		898,634	1,122,939
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	18	750,199	767,877
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	10	6,155,927	6,397,910
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
ong-term financing	19	731,640	579,898
	20	701,040	2,033
Deferred income - government grant	21	90,226	46,893
ease liabilities	22		76,069
Deferred liability	22	102,850 924,716	704,893
CURRENT LIABILITIES		324,110	104,650
rade and other payables	23	1,069,545	781,405
Short-term borrowings	24	1,637,867	710,962
	25	4,446	2,182
lue to a related party	26		
ccrued mark-up		117,787	90,768
urrent portion of long-term financing	19	138,862	450,70
urrent portion of deferred income - government grant	20	870	4,39
urrent portion of lease liabilities	21	53,878	63,93
		3,023,255	2,104,35
		10,103,898	9,207,15
OTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
OTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES ONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	27		1
		tatements. Var	Mar
ONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		externents.	Mar
ONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		- \\	nancial Officer

		2022	2021
	Note	Rupees In	000
Turnover	28	6,043,329	5,367,507
Cost of sales	29	(5,209,972)	(4,049,975)
Gross profit	-	833,357	1,317,532
Administrative and general expenses	30	(1,334,889)	(894,442)
Other expenses	31	(4,109)	(130,296)
Other income	32	571,211	562
Operating (loss) / profit	-	65,571	293,356
Finance cost	33	(296,966)	(181,400)
(Loss) / profit before taxation	-	(231,395)	111,956
Taxation	34	(7,423)	1,081
Net (loss) / profit for the year	-	(238,818)	113,037
	_	(Rupee	s)
(Loss) / earnings per share - basic / diluted	35 _	(0.80)	0.38

AL SHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	2022 ———Rupees in '	2021
Net (loss) / profit for the year	(238,818)	113,037
Other comprehensive Income		
Items not to be reclassified to statement of profit or loss in subsequent years		
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	(3,165)	(4,433)
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	(241,982)	108,604
The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statem	nents	42
Chief Executive Officer Director	Chief Financial	Officer

	Capital ssued, reserve		Revenue reserve	Revaluation surplus on		
	subscribed and paid-up capital	Share premium	Unappropriated profit	property, plant and equipment	Total	
	L1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1		- Rupees In '000' -		*****	
Balance as at 30 June 2020	1,999,593	1,507,705	1,023,332	788,049	5,318,679	
Net profit for the year	-	-	113,037		113,037	
Other comprehensive loss		-	(4,433)		(4,433)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		•	108,604	, -	108,604	
Issuance of right shares	999,796	•		•	999,796	
Issue cost on right shares			(29,169)		(29,169)	
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment realised on account of incremental depreciation -net of tax			20,172	(20,172)		
Balance as at 30 June 2021	0.050.000	4 507 706	1,122,939	767.877	6,397,910	
Balance as at 30 June 2021	2,999,389	1,507,705	1,122,555		1	
Net loss for the year Other comprehensive loss			(238,818) (3,165)	-	(238,818) (3,165)	
Total comprehensive loss for the year	•	•	(241,982)	•	(241,982)	
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment realised on account of incremental depreciation -net of tax		-	17,678	(17,678)		
Balance as at 30 June 2022	2,999,389	1,507,705	898,634	750,199	6,155,927	

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

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chief Financial Officer

FOR THE TEXAS		
	2022	2021
	Rupees In 'C	00'
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(231,395)	111,956
(Loss) / profit before taxation		
Adjustments for non-cash items:	319,995	63,619
Depreciation	9,623	734
Amortisation	55,291	61,383
Depreciation on right-of-use assels	23,715	14,836
Provision for defined benefit plan	4,109	5,031
Impairment loss on Subsidiary	10,155	2,509
Allowance for ECL	(1,866)	181,400
(Gain) / loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	296,966 717,987	329,512
Finance cost		441,468
gut after weaking capital changes	486,593	
Operating profit before working capital changes		
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:	(39,919)	(108,038)
Stock-in-trade	(1,053,451)	(55,326)
Trade debts	32,940	(55,125) (568)
Loans and advances	1,742	(139,824)
Trade deposits and prepayments	76,000	(358,881)
Other receivables	(982,689)	•
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:	288,140	(18,128)
Trade and other payables	(207,956)	64,459
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	(39,719)	(34,099)
Taxes paid	(413)	(12,937)
Gratuity paid	(269,947)	(182,006)
Finance cost paid	(518,035)	(164,583)
Net cash used in operating activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(246,669)	(641,597)
t plant and equipment	5,482	4,505
Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and one-	(241,187)	(637,092)
Net cash used in investing activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		970,627
Cash received from issuance of shares	(165,663)	273,366
Long-term financing - net	(70,855)	(71,321)
Lease rentals paid	926,905	(312,972)
Short term borrowings - net Due to a related party - net	2,264	(27,511)
Net cash generated from financing activities	692,650	832,189
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(66,571)	30,514
Net (decrease) / increase in cost and an annual series of the year	74,857	44,343
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8,286	74.857
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		1
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The annexe notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these unconsecutated financial st	atemens.	
	-11/2	
Chief Financial Officer	Direc	TOF
Chief Executive Officer	\sim	
V	' /	

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Company) was incorporated on 30 June 2012 and is quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is principally engaged in trading of different kinds of halal meat including goat, cow, chicken and fish, both for export market and local sales through chain of retail stores.
- **1.2** Geographical location and address of all the business units are as under:

Location	Business Unit
Suit # G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, Shahrah-e-Roomi, Clifton, Karachi	Registered office
Plot Bearing Survey No. 348, Deh Shah Mureed, Tappo, Songal, Gadap Town, Karachi	Slaughter house
3.5km Manga Road Raiwand, Lahore	Poultry plant

1.3 These are the separate financial statements of the Company in which investment in subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS differ from the IFRSs, the provision of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS have been followed.

3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for:
 - a) certain items of property, plant and equipment that are stated at revalued amount; and
 - b) defined benefit plan is measured at present value.
- **3.2** These unconsolidated financial statements have been presented in Pakistani rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

4. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

4.1 Accounting standards effective for the year

There are certain new standards and amendments that are mandatory for the Company's accounting period beginning on 01 July 2021, but are considered either to be not relevant or to not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these financial statements.

4.2 Accounting standards not yet effective

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on / after 01 July 2022. However, the Company expects that these standards will not have any material impact on the future financial statements of the Company.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the unconsolidated financial statements:

Property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the appropriateness of the rate of depreciation, useful life and residual value used in the calculation of depreciation. Further, where applicable, an estimate of the recoverable amount of assets is made for possible impairment on an annual basis. In making these estimates, the Company uses the technical resources available with the Company. Any change in estimates in future might affect the carrying amount of respective classes of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the appropriateness of the revaluation of property, plant and equipment (carried at revalued amounts) periodically for the purpose of ensuring that the carrying amount of the same does not differ materially from its fair value. In making this assessment, the Company uses the technical resources available with the Company. The revaluation exercise is carried out by independent professional valuers using various significant assumptions. Any change in assessment in future might affect the carrying amount of respective classes of fixed assets, with corresponding effect on surplus on revaluation of fixed assets.

Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company uses a provision matrix to calculate Expected Credit Loss (ECL) for trade debts and other receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for Company's various customer that have similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates. The Company calibrates the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

Taxation

In applying the estimate for income tax payable, the Company takes into account the applicable tax laws and the decision by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. Instance where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingency.

Staff retirement benefits

The cost of defined benefit plan is determined using actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rate and future salary increases. Due to long-term nature of the plan, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

6. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

6.1 Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets

Except for land and computers and accessories all items of property, plant and equipment are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Land is stated at revalued amount less impairment, if any. Computers and accessories are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation is charged to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method Depreciation is charged from the month in which an asset is available for use, while no depreciation is charged in the month on which an asset is disposed off.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements which increase the asset's remaining useful economic life or the performance beyond the current estimated levels are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains or losses on disposals of operating assets, if any, are recognized in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. The assets residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of certain items of property plant and equipment are recognized, in unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in unconsolidated statement of changes in equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognized in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognized in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognized in unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each unconsolidated statement of financial position date for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying values may not be recoverable. If such indication exists where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

Right-of-use (RoU) assets and lease liabilities

i) Right-of-use (ROU) assets

The Company recognises a ROU asset at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). These are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of ROU assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option (if any) reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

The Company has the option, under its lease arrangements to lease the assets for additional terms. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew. Any change is accounted for change in estimate and applied prospectively with corresponding change in ROU assets and lease liabilities.

Capital work-in-progress

These are stated at cost less impairment, if any, and consist of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of operating fixed assets and intangible assets in the course of their acquisition, erection, construction and installation. The assets are transferred to relevant category of operating fixed assets or intangible assets when they are available for use.

6.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Amortization is charged on reducing balance method over the useful lives of the assets. Amortisation is charged from the month the asset is available for use up to the month of derecognition. Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted, if appropriate.

6.3 Investment in subsidiary

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Provision is made for permanent impairment in the value of investment, if any.

6.4 Stock-in-trade

These are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined as follows:

- Livestock, raw and packaging materials - invoice price of specific items

- Stock-in-transit - at weighted average cost of purchases

- Finished Goods (Raw meat) - at weighted average cost of purchases

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Provision is recorded for slow moving and expired stock where necessary.

6.5 Cash and cash equivalents

These are stated at cost.

6.6 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets measured at FVPL

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- (a) Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding;
- (b) It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- (c) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at FVPL, if any.

Impairment

Financial assets at FVPL are not subject to impairment under IFRS 9.

The Company considers ECL for trade and other receivables and measures ECL using the probability of default (PD) and loss given default (LGD) estimates using the published information about these risk parameters. For trade and other receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, the Company has chosen to apply an approach similar to the simplified approach for ECL. The Company uses the provision matrix as a practical expedient to measuring ECLs on trade receivables, based on days past due for groupings of receivables with similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Company has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is only offset and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated statement of financial position if the Company has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses arising from such assets and liabilities are also offset accordingly.

6.7 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates an un-approved and unfunded defined gratuity scheme for all permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualifying year of service for entitlement of gratuity. The contributions to the scheme are made in accordance with the independent actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation is carried out as of reporting using Projected Unit Credit method.

6.8 Taxation

Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income in accordance with Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the reporting date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

6.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

6.10 Foreign currency translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees (functional currency) using the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pak Rupees using the exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are taken to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.

6.11 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at amounts that reflect the consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Company recognises revenue at a point in time when control of product is transferred to customer either on dispatch/acceptance of goods for local sales or issuance of the bill of lading in case of export sales. Control, depending on contractual terms, is considered to be transferred either when the product is directly uplifted by customer from Company premises or when it is delivered by the Company at customer premises. The Company generally enters generally enters into aggreement with its customers for supply of its products including delivery of product. As the transportation of product coincides with actual delivery, sale of product and transportation is considered single performance obligation. The credit limits in contract with customers varies depending on the terms of specific contract.

6.12 Borrowing costs

Borrowing and other related costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

6.13 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

6.14 Government Grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. As the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees i	in '000)
7.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	7.1	4,864,735	1,672,010
	Right-of-use assets	7.6	127,164	91,433
	Capital work-in-progress	7.5	471,474	3,789,624
			5,463,374	5,553,067

AL SHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2022

7.1 Operating fixed assets

July 01, 2021 Additions/ transfers (Disposals) June 30, 2022 Rate July 01, Charge for disposals) (On June 30, 2022 June 30, 2021 Freehold land Freehold land 572,880 - - 572,880 -	BOOK LUE
Freehold land 572,880 - - 572,880 - - - - - 55 Leasehold land 483,829 11,044 - 494,873 - - - - - - - 44 Buildings 222,669 935,787 - 1,158,456 10% 58,770 55,913 - 114,683 1,06	s at e 30,)22
Leasehold land 483,829 11,044 - 494,873 -	
Buildings 222,669 935,787 - 1,158,456 10% 58,770 55,913 - 114,683 1,06	72,880
	94,873
Plant and machinery 241,900 2,194,524 - 2,436,424 5% - 20% 81,977 185,117 - 267,094 2,10	13,773
	69,330
Furniture and fixture 205,810 212,064 - 417,874 10% 93,857 34,526 - 128,383 26	39,491
Motor vehicles 126,275 20,591 (6,176) 140,690 15% 49,596 13,600 (1,505) 61,691	78,999
Office equipment 170,255 135,229 - 305,484 15% 107,649 26,031 - 133,680 1	71,804
Tools and equipment 26,894 631 - 27,525 10% 13,356 1,421 - 14,777	12,748
Computers and accessories 55,184 7,521 - 62,705 10% 28,481 3,387 - 31,868	30,837
2022 2,105,696 3,517,391 (6,176) 5,616,911 433,686 319,995 (1,505) 752,176 4,86	64,735

		COST / REVAL	UED AMOUNT			AC	CCUMULATED	DEPRECIATIO	N	NET BOOK VALUE
	As at July 01, 2020	Additions / transfers (Rupees in	(Disposals)	As at June 30, 2021	Rate	As at July 01, 2020	Charge for the year	(On disposals) (Rupees in	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
Freehold land	572,880	-	-	572,880	-	-	-	-	-	572,880
Leasehold land	442,499	41,330	-	483,829	-	-	-	-	-	483,829
Buildings	211,526	11,143	-	222,669	10%	41,711	17,059	-	58,770	163,899
Plant and machinery	237,222	4,678	-	241,900	5% - 20%	72,940	9,037	-	81,977	159,923
Furniture and fixture	200,147	6,391	(728)	205,810	10%	81,780	12,077	-	93,857	111,953
Motor vehicles	111,611	25,061	(10,397)	126,275	15%	43,221	10,486	(4,111)	49,596	76,679
Office equipment	168,566	1,689	-	170,255	15%	96,922	10,727	-	107,649	62,606
Tools and equipment	26,894	-	-	26,894	10%	11,807	1,549	-	13,356	13,538
Computers and accessories	48,323	6,861	-	55,184	10%	25,799	2,682	-	28,481	26,703
2021	2,019,668	97,153	(11,125)	2,105,696		374,180	63,617	(4,111)	433,686	1,672,010

7.1.1 Except for computer and accessories, the company carries its fixed assets at revalued amount. The latest revaluation was carried out on 30 June 2018 which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 673.5 Million. The forced sale value as at 30 June 2018 of the revalued assets amounted to Rs. 1,433.09 Million. The above revaluations were carried out by an independent valuer namely Sadruddin Assciates (Private) Limited, professional surveyors and evaluators using present day valuation method. The fair values were determined with reference to market based evidence, based on active market prices and relevant enquiries and information as considered necessary, and adjusted for any difference in nature, location or condition of specific properties. The fair values fall under level 2 of fair value hierarchy (i.e significant observable inputs) Had there been no revaluation the book value of freehold land, leasehold land, buildings, plant and machinery, furniture and fixtures, office equipment, tools and equipments and motor vehicles would have been Rs.268.682 million, Rs.211.746 million Rs.132.797 million, Rs.189.644 million, Rs.140.666 million, Rs.88.963 million, Rs.16.764 million and Rs.67.622 million, respectively.

7.2	Depreciation for the year has been allocated as follows:	Note	2022 (Rupees in	2021 1 '000)
	Cost of sales	29	151,717	27,744
	Administrative and distribution costs	30	168,279	35,875
			319,995	63,619

7.3 Particulars of immovable assets are as follows:

Location	Addresses	Total Area
Karachi	Suite G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, Clifton.	5,000 Sq. Fts
Karachi	Survey No. 348, Deh Shah Mureed, Tapu Songle.	18.22 Acres
Karachi	Banglow # D-143 KDA Scheme No. 5 Clifton.	983.33 Sq. Yards
Karachi	Plot No.GA-55, 56-A6, 57-A9, Korangi Creek Industrial Park.	,780.84 Sq. Yards
Lahore	Rohinala Bypass, 3.5KMs Manga Raiwind Road.	11 Acres

7.4 The details of operating fixed assets disposed off during the year having book value of more than Rs. 500,000/- are as follows:

	Mode of disposal	Cost / Revaluation	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (loss)	of purchasers
					Rupees	in '000	
Motor vehicles	_						
Suzuki Cultus BFL-730	Company policy	1,117	474	643	445	(198)	Imran Zafar - Employee
Suzuki Mehran BCH -971	Company policy	726	442	284	309	25	Kamran Ahmed - Employee
Suzuki Cultus BFJ-740	Company policy	975	237	738	1,100	362	Muhammad Najam Employee
Suzuki Cultus AXN-321	Company policy	941	722	219	560	341	Muhammad Najam Employee
Toyota Altis BLM - 317	Company policy	2,214	922	1,292	2,750	1,458	Muhammad Najam Employee
Suzuki Mehran BFT - 901	Company policy	727	287	440	318	(122)	Muhammad Ali Rawat - Employee
		6,700	3,084	3,616	5,482	1,866	
2022		6,700	3,084	3,616	5,482	1,866	
2021		11,125	4,111	7,014	4,505	(2,509)	

2022 2021 ---- (Rupees in '000) ----

Particulars

7.5 Capital work-in-progress

Land -	11,044
Building 156,554	1,089,407
Plant and machinery 314,919	2,411,085
Furniture and fixture -	196,945
Office equipment -	23,798
Computers -	2,873
Software under development -	54,472
471,474	3,789,624

7.5.1 The movement in capital work-in-progress during the year is as follows:

		Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipement	Computers	Software under development	Total
					Rupees in '	000			
	Opening Additions	11,044	1,089,407	2,411,085 43,990	196,945	23,798	2,873	54,472	3,789,624 43,990
	Transfers Closing	(11,044)	(932,853) 156,554	(2,140,155) 314,919	(196,945)	(23,798)	(2,873)	(54,472)	(3,362,139) 471,474
									_
7.6	Right-of-use	assets					Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Opening net I Additions dur Disposal duri	ing the year ng the year	unad ta administ				20	91,433 91,022 - (55,204)	158,851 5,032 (7,807)
	Closing net b	for the year - cha ook value	rged to administ	ractive and gene	rai expenses		30	(55,291) 127,164	(61,383) 91,433
	_								
8.	INTANGIBLE	ASSETS							
			COST		ACCUMUI	.ATED AMOR	TISATION	WRITTEN DOWN VALUE	RATE
					AGGGMGE		HOAHON	VALUE	
		As at 01 July 2021	Additions/ Transfer	As at 30 June 2022	As at 01 July 2021	For the year	As at 30 June 2022	As at 30 June 2022	
			Rupees in '000				(000)		
	Computer								
	software	12,281	54,472	66,753	10,057	9,623	19,680	47,073	25%
	2022	12,281	54,472	66,753	10,057	9,623	19,680	47,073	
	2021	12,281		12,281	9,323	734	10,057	2,224	25%
9.									
	LONG-TERM	INVESTMENT					Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
			oted				Note		
	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 ord	Company - unquo arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F	mited				Note		
	Subsidiary C	Company - unquo arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F	mited				Note		
	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 ord Equity held: 5	Company - unquo arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F 51%	mited				Note 9.1	(Rupees 55,700 (40,760)	55,700 (36,651)
9.1.	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 ord Equity held: 5 At cost	Company - unquo arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F 51% impairment	mited					(Rupees	55,700
9.1.	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 ord Equity held: 5 At cost Provision for	Company - unquo arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F 51% impairment r impairment	mited					55,700 (40,760) 14,940	55,700 (36,651) 19,049
9.1.	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 ord Equity held: 5 At cost Provision for Provision for Opening bala Charge during	company - unque arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F 51% impairment r impairment ance g the year	mited					55,700 (40,760) 14,940 36,651 4,109	55,700 (36,651) 19,049
9.1.	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 orc Equity held: 5 At cost Provision for Provision for Opening balar Charge during Closing balar	Company - unque arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F 51% impairment r impairment ance g the year	mited				9.1	55,700 (40,760) 14,940	55,700 (36,651) 19,049
9.1.	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 ord Equity held: 5 At cost Provision for Provision for Opening bala Charge during	Company - unque arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F 51% impairment r impairment ance g the year	mited				9.1	55,700 (40,760) 14,940 36,651 4,109	55,700 (36,651) 19,049
	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 ord Equity held: 5 At cost Provision for Provision for Opening bala Charge during Closing balar LONG-TERM	Company - unque arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F 51% impairment r impairment ance g the year ace	mited				9.1	55,700 (40,760) 14,940 36,651 4,109 40,760	55,700 (36,651) 19,049 36,651 - 36,651
	Subsidiary C Al Shaheer F 5,570,000 orc Equity held: 5 At cost Provision for Provision for Opening bala Charge during Closing balar LONG-TERM	company - unque arms (Private) Lir dinary shares of F 51% impairment r impairment ance g the year ace	mited				9.1	55,700 (40,760) 14,940 36,651 4,109 40,760	55,700 (36,651) 19,049 36,651 - 36,651

Represents loan extended to an executive secured against his personal property. This loan is recoverable in 200 monthly installments and is interest free.

			2022	2021
11.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET - net	Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
	Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences:			
	Unused tax losses / credits		460,705	272,148
	Provisions		32,458	33,868
			493,164	306,016
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences:			
	Accumulated tax depreciation		(157,539)	(14,832)
	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment		(8,947)	(9,807)
			(166,486)	(24,639)
		11.1	326,678	281,377
11.1	Movement in deferred tax asset is as follows:			
	Balance at beginning of the year		281,377	246,790
	- recognised in profit or loss		44,986	36,774
	- recognised in other comprehensive income		315	(2,187)
	Balance at end of the year		326,678	281,377
12.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Livestock		143,766	180,629
	Raw and packaging materials		57,562	12,255
	Stock in transit		17,036	42,487
	Finished goods		70,697	13,771
			289,061	249,142
13.	TRADE DEBTS - unsecured			_
	Considered good			
	Considered good Overseas		2,832,169	1,936,712
	Local		2,032,109	1,930,712
	- related party - Enrich Foods (Pvt) Limited		2,206	1,093
	- others		259,828	102,947
	outers		262,034	104,040
			3,094,203	2,040,752
	Considered doubtful		56,551	46,396
	Allowance for ECL	13.1	(56,551)	(46,396)
	Allowarios for EGE	10.1	(50,551)	(40,000)
			3,094,203	2,040,752
				, , , , , ,
13.1	Allowance for ECL			
	Opening balance		46,396	41,365
	Charge for the year	30	10,155	5,031
	Closing balance	30	56,551	46,396
				.0,000

Cash in hand

With banks: Saving accounts

Current accounts

14.	LOANS AND ADVANCES - considered good	Note	2021 (Rupees i	2020 n '000)
	Loans - secured			
	Executives		5,826	4,114
	Other employees		4,122	4,595
	Current portion of long-term loan	10	1,200	1,200
	·		11,148	9,909
	Advances - unsecured			
	Suppliers		318,491	356,115
	Others		9,266	5,820
			327,756	361,935
			338,904	371,844
15.	OTHER RECEIVABLES		=======================================	
	Sales tax receivable		181,363	182,321
	Receivable from shareholders	15.1	1,496	1,496
	Receivable against export rebate		180,708	253,667
	Others		2,519	4,603
			366,087	442,087
15.1	Represents amount receivable from shareholders on account of tax of	n bonus share	s issued during the y	ear 2015.
16.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	2022 (Rupees i	2021 n '000)

4,828

805

2,653

3,458

8,286

17.1

33,095

41,657

41,762

74,857

105

16.1 These carry profit at the rates ranging between 6.04% to 6.50% (2021: 3.54% to 6.54%) per annum.

17.	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL			Note	2022 2021 (Rupees in '000)	
	2022 Number of sha	2021 res in thousands	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 ea	ach		
	187,762	187,762	Issued for cash		1,877,621	1,877,621
	26,000	26,000	Issued for consideration other than cash	17.1	260,000	260,000
	86,177	86,177	Issued as bonus shares		861,768	861,768
	299,939	299,939		17.2	2,999,389	2,999,389

- 17.1 Represents shares issued at a face value of Rs.10 each against transfer of net assets from the amalgamated firms namely, 'Al Shaheer Corporation' and 'MeatOne'.
- 17.2 As at 30 June 2022, institutions and others held 48,007,174 and 251,931,656 shares, respectively (30 June 2021: 61,925,689 and 238,013,141). Voting rights, board selection, right of first refusal and block voting are in proportion to their shareholding.

18.	REVALUATION SURPLUS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	2022 (Rupees ii	2021 n '000)
	Opening balance Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of		778,785	800,358
	incremental depreciation during the year		(18,366)	(19,830)
	Disposal of fixed assets during the year		(524)	(1,743)
			759,895	778,785
	Related deferred tax liability			
	Opening balance		(10,908)	(12,309)
	Incremental depreciation charged during the year		1,212	1,401
			(9,696)	(10,908)
	LONG-TERM FINANCING - secured		750,199	767,877
19.	Diminishing musharaka			
	Askari Bank Limited	19.1	56,250	79,167
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	19.2	132,922	491,944
	Sindh Bank Limited	19.3	165,000	220,000
	First Habib Modaraba	19.4	44,327	32,286
	Faysal Bank Limited	19.5	81,250	100,000
	National Bank Limited	19.6	300,000	-
	Summit Bank Limited	19.7	49,734	- 000 007
	Payroll Financing		829,483	923,397
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	19.8	41,019	107,206
			870,502	1,030,603
	Less: current maturity		(138,862)	(450,705)
			731,640	579,898

19.1 Represents diminishing musharaka facility in respect of purchase of various fixed assets for a period of 5 years including 1 year grace period. It carries profit at the rate of 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: June 2024). The facility is secured by exclusive charge of Rs.134 million over plant and machinery and Rs.100 million ranking charge over fixed assets of the Company.

19.2 This includes the following facilities:

- a) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.200 million in respect of procurement and installation of chicken processing plant for a period of 4 years including 1 year grace period and having maturity till January 2024 (June 30, 2021: January 2024). It carries profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of the Company's chicken plant located in Lahore.
- b) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.350 million in respect of procurement and installation of chicken processing plant for a period of 4.5 years including 1.5 years grace period. It carries profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR + 2% (June 30, 2020: 6 months KIBOR + 2%) per annum and having maturity till July 2023 and January 2024 (June 30, 2020: July 2023 and January 2024). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of the Company's chicken plant located in Lahore.
- c) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.150 million in respect of improvement, replacement and expansion of existing slaughtering house for a period of 2 years. It carries profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum (June 30, 2020: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5%) and having maturity till November 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: November 30, 2021). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of chicken plant located in Lahore processing unit with 25% margin.
- d) TERF financing facility amounting to Rs.123.650 million for procurement of Deep freezers. It carries profit at the rate of 5% per annum and having maturity till November 30, 2027 (June 30, 2021: November 30, 2027). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of chicken plant located in Lahore processing unit with 25% margin.

- **19.3** Represents diminishing Musharikah facility carrying profit at the rate of 1 year KIBOR + 5.55% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 5.55%) per annum for local facility. Rs.145.04 million is secured by specific charge over plant and machinery. The remaining facility is secured by first mortgage charge over Gadap Land amounting to Rs.367 million.
- 19.4 Represents diminishing Musharikah facility carrying profit at the rate of 1 year KIBOR + 5.55% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 5.55%) per annum for local facility. Rs.145.04 million is secured by specific charge over plant and machinery. The remaining facility is secured by first mortgage charge over Gadap Land amounting to Rs.367 million.
- 19.5 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 4% (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 4%) per annum. The facility is secured against residential Land (Musharaka Asset) for Rs. 106 million admeasuring 1000 sq. yards situated at Plot no. 156/I, Street No. 2, DHA Phase VIII-A, Karachi. The facility is secured against hypothecation charge of Rs.53 million over receivables of the Company and Rs.115 million exclusive charge over plant and machinery of the Company. Letter of Hypothecation over current assets of Rs.86.0 million and Letter of Hypothecation over receivables of Rs.85.700 million.
- 19.6 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5%) per annum. The facility is secured against first Pari Passu charge of Rs. 100 million over all present and Future plant and machinery of the company, located at Rohinala Bypass, 3.5 KM Manga Raiwand Road, Lahore. The facility also is secured for Rs. 400 million First Charge over Equitable Mortgage, bearing Plot No.D-143, Block No. 4, Situated in KDA scheme No. 5, Clifton Karachi.
- 19.7 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of KIBOR + 3% per annum. The facility is secured against exclusive charge of Rs. 73.50 million over Specific Plant & Machinery located at Karachi Facility at Survey No. 348, Deh Mureed, Tappo Songal, Gadap Town, Karachi.
- 19.8 Represents financing obtained under the refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries introduced by State Bank of Pakistan carrying mark-up at the rate of SBP rate + 1% per annum (June 30, 2021: SBP rate + 1%). The loan along with the mark-up is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 2021. The facility is secured by way of equitable mortgage charge over commercial property (Head Office).

20.	DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT	2022 (Rupees in	2021 n '000)
	Balance at beginning of the year Recognised during the year Amortisation of deferred income - government grant	6,432 - (5,562)	2,080 8,341 (3,989)
	Balance at end of the year	870	6,432
	Less: Current portion		(4,399) 2,033
21	LEASE LIABILITIES		
	Lease liabilities	144,104	110,828
	Current portion of lease liabilities	(53,878)	(63,935)
	·	90,226	46,893
21.1	Opening Addition / Reassessment of lease during the year Accretion of finance cost Lease rental payments made during the year Lease liability as at June 30, Current portion of lease liabilities Long-term lease liabilities as at June 30,	110,828 89,783 14,347 (70,855) 144,104 (53,878) 90,226	175,532 (10,884) 17,501 (71,321) 110,828 (63,935) 46,893
21.2	Maturity analysis Gross lease liabilities - minimum lease payments:		
	Not later than one year	70,329	73,843
	Later than one year but not later than five years	70,329 102,737	52,330
	Later than one year but not later than live years	173,066	126,173
	Future finance charge	(28,962)	(15,345)
	Present value of finance lease liabilities	144,104	110,828
	1 100011 Talad of Illiano loade habilities	177,107	110,020

22.

DEFERRED LIABILITY	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
Staff gratuity	102,850	76,069
		,
The number of employees covered under the defined benefit scheme are:	725	426
The following principal actuarial assumptions were used for the valuation of	f above mentioned scheme:	
Financial assumptions		
- Discount rate (per annum compounded)	13.25%	9.00%
- Salary increase per annum	13.25%	9.00%
	2022	2021
Demographic assumptions		
- Normal retirement	60 years	60 years
- Mortality rate	70% of the	70% of the EFU
	EFU (61-66)	(61-66)
	2022	2021
	(Rupees	-
Liability in statement of financial position		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	102,850	76,069
Movement in liability during the year		
Opening balance	76,069	71,924
Charged to profit or loss account	23,715	14,836
Benefits paid during the year	(413)	(12,937)
Actuarial loss recognised in other comprehensive income	3,479	2,246
Closing balance	102,850	76,069
Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligations		
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at July 01,	76,069	71,924
Current service cost	18,415	11,168
Finance cost	5,300	3,668
Benefits paid	(413)	(12,937)
Actuarial loss on obligation	3,479 102.850	2,246 76,069
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at June 30,	102,030	70,009
Charge for the defined benefit plan		
Cost recognised in profit and loss Current service cost	18,415	11,168
Finance cost	5,300	3,668
	23,715	14,836
Actuarial loss on defined benefit obligation recognised in other comprehensive income		
Actuarial loss / (gain) on defined benefit obligation		
- Loss / (gain) due to change in experience adjustments	3,479	2,246
	3,479	2,246
Expected benefit payments to retirees in the following year	27,437	20,853
		

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis has been performed by varying one assumption keeping all other assumptions constant and calculating the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations on various employee benefit schemes. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption is summarized below:

	below.				2022 (Rupees in	2021
	Increase in discount rate by 1% Decrease in discount rate by 1% Increase in expected future increment in salary Decrease in expected future increment in salary	•			(2,186) 2,331 2,310 (2,205)	(1,794) 1,918 1,900 (1,810)
	Comparison for Five Years					
	As at 30 June,					
		2022	2021	2020 (Rupees in '0	2019 100)	2018
	Defined benefit obligation	102,850	76,069	71,924	73,386	59,639
			. 0,000	,== .		
					2022 (Rupees in	2021
	Maturity Profile				(Rupees in	000)
	Year 1				27,437	20,853
	Year 2				28,574	19,450
	Year 3				29,866	20,062
	Year 4				28,297	19,316
	Year 5				27,482	17,044
	Year 6 to Year 10				118,652	63,720
23.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES				2022	2021
				Note	(Rupees in	'000)
	Creditors:				40	
	Trade				40,728	20,953
	Non-trade			_	708,779	523,795
					749,507	544,748
	Accrued liabilities				58,935	38,476
	Advance from customers				150,359	86,030
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund				47,182	47,182
	Workers' Welfare Fund				22,842	22,842
	Retention money				2,520	2,520
	Other payables				38,200	39,608
					1,069,545	781,405
24.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured					
	Murabaha					
	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited			24.1	299,770	174,578
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited			24.2	1,250,937	322,700
	Askari Bank Limited			24.3	87,160	99,950
				_	1,637,867	597,228
	Running Musharaka			_	-	113,734
				_	1,637,867	710,962

24.1 It carries profit at the rate of relevant KIBOR + 2.5% (June 30, 2021: LIBOR / KIBOR + 2.5%) per annum. The facility is secured by first pari passu charge over receivables for Rs.334 million and first exclusive charge over specific plant and machinery of the Company for Rs.87 million and Rs.50 million respectively, duly insured in bank's favor.The facility is secured by first pari passu charge over Memorandum of Constructive Deposits of Title Deeds located at Raiwind Road, Lahore for Rs.390 million.

- 24.2 This includes local as well as foreign currency facility carrying profit at the rate of KIBOR + 2% and LIBOR + 2% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 2% and LIBOR + 2%) per annum respectively. The facility is secured by the first registered pari passu hypothecation charge over receivables including trade receivables for Rs.400 million & Rs.600 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 1,000 million) and the remaining facility is secured against exclusive charge over specific plant and machinery of Rs.43 million and Rs.64.29 million.
- 24.3 It carries profit at the rate of KIBOR + 1.75% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 1%) per annum. The facility is secured against 1st pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs.134 million over receivables of the Company.

25. DUE TO A RELATED PARTY

Represents interest free loan obtained from the Chief Executive Officer of the company. The loan is unsecured and is repayable on demand.

26.	ACCRUED MARK-UP	Note	2022 (Rupees in	2021 '000)
	- Long-term financing		43,212	61,505
	- Short-term borrowings		74,576	23,209
			117,787	90,768

27. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies and commitments as of 30 June 2022.

28.	REVENUE - net	Note	(Rupees in	'000)
	Sales		6,140,047	5,445,970
	Trade discount		(96,718)	(78,463)
			6,043,329	5,367,507

28.1 Includes sales to Enrich Foods (Pvt) Limited - related party amounting to Rs. 1.213 million (2021: 0.957 million)

29.	COST OF SALES	Note	2022 (Rupees in '	2021 (000)
	Live stock and raw material consumed			
	Opening stock		235,371	134,611
	Purchases		4,832,288	3,955,571
	Closing stock		(218,364)	(235,371)
			4,849,295	3,854,811
	Conversion cost			
	Salaries, wages and other benefits		95,717	43,634
	Electricity, diesel and related expenses		96,110	36,448
	Repairs and maintenance		8,174	8,202
	Depreciation	7.2	151,717	27,744
	Clearing and forwarding		17,918	20,930
	Packing material consumed		38,703	53,527
	Marination		3,788	5,943
	Others		4,980	6,014
			417,106	202,442
	Cost of goods available for sale		5,266,401	4,057,252
	Finished goods			
	Opening stock		14,267	6,990
	Closing stock		(70,697)	(14,267)
			(56,430)	(7,277)
			5,209,972	4,049,975

Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
30.	ADMINISTRATIVE AND DISTRIBUTION COSTS			
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	30.1	384,890	225,173
	Electricity, diesel and related expenses		53,904	31,759
	Repair and maintenance		24,653	9,865
	Fuel and vehicle maintenance		13,949	13,957
	Travelling and conveyance		32,746	4,348
	Telephone and communication		17,383	6,790
	Cargo		271,655	364,118
	Marketing and advertisement		148,981	21,473
	Rent, rates and taxes		26,423	31,400
	Food		18,475	8,341
	Depreciation	7.2	168,279	35,875
	Depreciation on RoU	7.6	55,291	61,383
	Amortization	8	9,623	734
	Legal and professional		12,899	17,976
	Software maintenance cost		4,872	5,689
	Office supplies		1,916	2,585
	Postage and courier		1,590	_,000
	Takaful		10,979	10,039
	Staff welfare		422	643
	Allowance for expected credit loss	13.1	10,155	5,031
	Security	10.1	5,033	5,551
	Cleaning		1,952	1,938
	Commission on credit card facilities		9,036	9,698
	Auditors' remuneration	30.2	4,078	4,078
	Others	30.2	45,704	21,549
	Others		1,334,889	894,443
		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
30.2	Auditors' remuneration		()	,
	Audit fee		2,210	2,210
	Half yearly review		650	650
	Certifications and other services		820	820
	Out of pocket expenses		398	398
	Out of pocket expenses		4,078	4,078
			4,010	4,010
31.	OTHER EXPENSES			
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund		-	6,013
	Workers' Welfare Fund		-	2,285
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7.4	-	2,509
	Exchange loss		-	119,489
	Impairment loss on subsidiary		4,109	
			4,109	130,296
32.	OTHER INCOME			_
	Income from financial assets Profit on bank accounts		103	43
			569,252	43
	Exchange gain		569,355	43
	Income from non - financial assets		303,333	40

519

562

1,856 571,211

33.	FINANCE COST	2022 (Rupees i	2021 n '000)
	Interest/mark-up on:		
	Long term financing	109,631	67,731
	Short term borrowings	147,580	72,904
	Lease liabilities	14,347	17,501
	Bank charges	25,408	23,264
		296,966	181,400
34.	TAXATION		
	Current	(52,645)	(46,594)
	Prior	236	10,901
	Deferred	44,986	36,774
		(7,423)	1,081
			

- **34.1** As the charge for current year taxation is based on Final Tax Regime in case of export sales and minimum tax in case of local sales, therefore, tax reconciliation is not presented.
- 34.2 The return of income for the tax year 2021 has been filed which is deemed to be an assessment order in view of the provisions of Section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- 34.3 The Company filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the demand created under Section 122 5(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 by the Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals (CIRA) of Rs.362.546 million for the tax year 2016. The ATIR remanded the order back to CIRA who remanded back the case to DCIR. The Company again preferred an appeal before ATIR, against order of CIRA, which is pending for hearing. The management, based on tax advice, expects a favorable outcome in this respect.
- 34.4 The Company filed appeals against orders passed by income tax and sale tax authorities for aggregate demands of Rs.679.621 million which are pending at CIR and ATIR levels pertaining to tax years 2012-2019. The management, in view of tax advice, expects a favourable outcome in these cases.
- 34.5 The Company's appeal is pending before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals IV) against order passed by Additional Commissioner under section 122(5A) of ITO for tax year 2018 increasing the tax liability thereby reducing the tax refund by Rs. 28.406 million. The Company expects a favorable outcome in this respect based on tax advice.

35.	(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE - basic and diluted	2022	2021 (Restated)
	Net (loss)/profit for the year - (Rupees in '000)	(238,818)	113,037
	Weighted average ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each - (Number in '000)	299,939	299,939
	(Loss) / Earning per share (Rupees) – basic and diluted	(0.80)	0.38

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties of the Company comprise subsidiary, associates, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these unconsolidated financial statements, are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Relationship	2022 (Rupees ir	2021 n '000)
(Repayment to) / Settlement of liabilities by CEO	Key Management Personnel	2,264	(27,511)

37. SEGMENT REPORTING:

The Company has two reportable segments - raw meat and processed food items. The management has determined the operating segments based on the information that is presented to the Board of Directors of the Company for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. The results of the reportable segments of the Company are as follows:

Segment results	Raw Meat	Frozen and Processed Meat	Total
Revenue Cost of sales	5,459,798 (4,550,638)	583,531 (659,334)	6,043,329 (5,209,972)
Gross profit / (loss)	909,160	(75,803)	833,357
Administrative and distribution costs	(771,662)	(563,227)	(1,334,889)
Other expenses	(4,109)		(4,109)
Other income	571,211	-	571,211
Operating profit / (loss)	704,601	(639,031)	65,571
Finance cost	(218,268)	(78,698)	(296,966)
Profit / (loss) before taxation	486,333	(717,729)	(231,395)
Taxation			(7,423)
Net profit / (loss) for the year	486,333	(717,729)	(238,818)
Segment assets and liabilities			
Segment Assets Unallocable Assets Total Assets	4,898,624	4,220,674	9,119,298 984,600 10,103,898
Segment Liabilities Unallocable Liabilities Total Liabilities	738,360	303,558	1,041,918 2,906,053 3,947,971

No comparative figures have been presented due to single reportable segment in the prior year.

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks such as market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. The Company's Board of Directors oversees the management of these risks which are summarized below:

38.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk.

38.1.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term financing and short-term borrowings at floating interest rates to meet its business operations and working capital requirements. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant:

	Increase / decrease in basis points	Effect on loss / profit before tax Rupees in '000
2022	+100	(25,721)
	-100	25,721
2021	+100	(13,868)
	-100	13,868
O		

38.1.2 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to change in a foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates risk primarily relates to the Company's operating activities i.e. bank accounts and receivables / payables in foreign currencies. The Company manages its foreign currency risk by effective fund management. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the US Dollar exchange rate:

	Increase / decrease in US Dollar to Pak Rupees	Effect on loss / profit before tax Rupees in '000
2022	10% -10%	269,977 (269,977)
2021	10% -10%	182,152 (182,152)

38.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Company's management is regularly conducting detailed analysis on sectors.

The Company seeks to minimize the credit risk through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	Carrying	yalue	
	2022	2021	
	(Rupees	s in '000)	
Trade debts	3,094,203	2,040,752	
Loans	17,587	19,070	
Bank balances	3,458	41,762	
	3,115,248	2,101,584	

Credit quality of financial assets

The loans are given to employees which are secured against their salaries. Trade debts include customers with no default in prior years.

The credit quality of banks can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rates as shown below:

Bank balances Ratings
Ratings
4.44
AAA 1,598 6,485
AA+ 794 29,196
AA 12 6,003
AA- 912 -
A+ 67 46
A - 29
A
BBB- 75
3,458 41,762

38.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations with the financial liabilities. The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility by maintaining sufficient bank balances and committed credit lines. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at 30 June 2022 based on contractual undiscounted payment dates and present market interest rates:

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months Rupees in '000)	1 to 5 Years	Total
2022		`	,		
Long-term financing	-	82,525	56,337	731,640	870,502
Lease liabilities	-	13,463	40,416	90,225	144,104
Short-term borrowings		409,455	1,228,412		1,637,867
Trade and other payables	12,075	415,508	158,548	243,841	829,972
Accrued mark-up		97,080	20,706		117,786
Due to a related party	4,446	-	-	-	4,446
	16,521	1,018,031	1,504,419	1,065,706	3,604,678
	On demand	Less than	3 to 12	1 to 5	Total
		3 months	months	Years	
		(Ru _l	pees)		
2021					
Long-term financing	-	200,754	250,291	579,558	1,030,603
Lease liabilities	-	16,152	47,782	46,894	110,828
Short-term borrowings	200,232	468,650	42,080	-	710,962
Trade and other payables	26,230	182,740	201,525	214,856	625,351
Accrued mark-up	7,049	80,872	2,847	-	90,768
Due to a related party	2,182	-	-	-	2,182
	235,693	949,168	544,525	841,308	2,570,694

38.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the unconsolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

38.5 Capital risk management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structures in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investments projects to support its business sustainability and future development and maximise its shareholders value.

The Company monitors capital using a debt equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Equity comprises of share capital, reserves and revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment. The gearing ratio as at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
Long-term financing	870,502	923,397
Short-term borrowings	1,637,867	710,962
Accrued mark-up	117,787	90,768
Total debt	2,626,155	1,725,127
Less: Cash and bank balances	(8,286)	(74,857)
Net debt	2,617,869	1,650,270
Share capital	2,999,389	2,999,389
Reserves	2,406,339	2,630,644
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	750,199	767,877
Total equity	6,155,927	6,397,909
Equity and net debt	8,773,797	8,048,179
Gearing ratio		
Including revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	30%	21%
Excluding revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	33%	23%

39 REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Exec	utive	Directors		Executiv	**
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	********	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	(Rupees In	'000)		
Managerial Remuneration	31,241	30,000	•	•	122,795	78,376
Housing And Utilities		•		•	6,967	4,382
Reimbursable Expenses			•	•	3,185	1,842
Gratuity			•	•	4,150	6,500
Board Meeting Fees	•	•	3,840	2,970		<u> </u>
	31,241	30,000	3,840	2,970	137,097	91,100
						14
	1	1	7	7	4/	34

40.			AL
4 U.	u		ML

40.1 Certain prior year figures have been reclassified for better presentation.

40.2	Number of employees	2022	2021
	Total number of employees as at the reporting date Average number of employees during the year	725 634	426 393

40.3 Date of authorization for issue

These unconsolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on Company.

by the Board of Directors of the



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

1st & 3rd Floor, Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

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We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited and its subsidiary (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the loss, total comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Chartered Accountants grantthornton.pk



S.No	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in		
		our audit		
1.	Revenue recognition and trade debts			
1.		Our audit procedures among others included: - We reviewed the terms and conditions of transactions for both export and local sales and assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition policies and practices followed by the Group. - We tested controls over revenue recognition and reporting process within export and local sales including sales to retail and corporate customers. - We performed analytical review procedures and other test of details for export and local sales including procedures ensure that revenue has been recognised in the appropriate accounting period. - We reviewed the methodology developed and applied by the management to estimate the		
		allowance for ECL against trade debts. - We assessed the integrity and quality of the data used for ECL computation based on the accounting records and information system of the Group. - We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in accordance with the financial reporting standards.		

2.	Capital expenditure				
	Refer note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.	Our audit procedures among others included:			
	The Group operates in a capital intensive industry and resultantly has invested significantly in assets of capital nature. As at 30 June 2022 the net book value of property, plant and equipment amounted to Rs. 5.463 million including Rs. 3.517 million capitalized during the current.	 We obtained an understanding of the Group's process with respect to capital expenditure and tested the Group's controls in this area relevant to our audit. 			
	Operating fixed assets represent a significant portion of the Group's assets and accordingly, we have identified capital expenditure as a key audit matter	 We physically verified the Group's fixed assets and tested the amounts. We reviewed the relevant documents with reference to the acquisition of newly acquired assets and assessed whether cost capitalization meets the recognition criteria of an asset in accordance with IAS 16 - "Property, plant and equipment". We evaluated the basis used by the management for determining the useful lives of assets and the depreciation charged in relation thereto. We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in accordance with the financial reporting standards. 			
3.	First year audit				
	We have been engaged to perform the audit of the Group for the first time i.e. for the year ended 30 June 2022. Initial audit engagements involve a number of considerations not associated with recurring audits. Additional planning activities and considerations necessary to establish an appropriate audit strategy and audit plan include gaining an initial understanding of the Group and its business, obtaining sufficient audit evidence regarding the opening balances including the selection and application of accounting principles and communicating with the previous auditors.	made additional inquiries of the predecessor auditors about matters that may affect our audit in the current period. - We evaluated the key accounting			



	- We evaluated whether accounting policies reflected in the opening balances have been consistently applied in the current year's financial statements and adequately presented and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
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Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors of the Group are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in



the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Groups ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our





report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Group as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Group's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2021 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements dated 27 October 2021.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Khurram Jameel.

Chartered Accountants

Ryshel An R

Place: Karachi

Date: 4 November 2022

UDIN: AR202210093Zd1u7kAPi



		2022	2021
ASSETS	Note	Rupees in	'000'
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			T 000 400
Property, plant and equipment	7	5,510,390	5,600,100
Intangible assets	8	47,073	2,224
Long-term loan	9	6,439	9,161
Deferred tax asset - net	10	326,678 5,890,580	281,377 5,892,862
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock-in-trade	11	289,061	249,142
Trade debts	12	3,094,203	2,040,752
Loans and advances	13	338,964	371,904
Trade deposits and prepayments		13,907	15,649
Other receivables	14	366,087	442,087
Taxation - net		134,946	147,950
Cash and bank balances	15	8,613	74,884
		4,245,780	3,342,368
TOTAL ASSETS		10,136,361	9,235,230
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital		3,000,000	3,000,000
300,000,000 (2021: 300,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	16	2,999,389	2,999,389
Share premium		1,507,705	1,507,705
Unappropriated profit		906,442	1,126,849
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	17	750,199	767,877
		6,163,735	6,401,820
Non-controlling interest		6,522	6,725
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term financing	18	731,640	579,898
Deferred income - government grant	19	-	2,033
Lease liabilities	20	90,226	46,893
Deferred liability	21	102,850	76,069
*		924,716	704,893
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	22	1,070,770	782,187
Short-term borrowings	23	1,637,867	710,962
Accrued mark-up	24	117,787	90,768
Due to a related party	25	21,355	18,836
Current portion of long-term financing	18	138,862	450,705
Current portion of deferred income - government grant	19	870	4,399
Current portion of lease liabilities	20	53,878	63,935
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,041,388	2,121,792
		10,136,361	9,235,230
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	26		7/
The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of the e consolidated fin	ancial stateme	nts.	
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Chief Executive Officer Director		Chieffin	l Officer
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	Note -	2022 Rupees in	2021 '000'
Turnover	27	6,043,329	5,367,507
Cost of sales	28	(5,209,972)	(4,049,971)
Gross profit	-	833,357	1,317,536
Administrative and distributive expenses	29	(1,335,303)	(894,805)
Other expenses	30	-	(130,296)
Other income	31	571,211	562
Operating (loss) / profit	-	69,265	292,997
Finance cost	32	(296,966)	(181,400)
(Loss) / profit before taxation	_	(227,701)	111,597
Taxation	33	(7,423)	1,081
Net (loss) / profit for the year	_	(235,124)	112,678
Attributable to			
Owners of the Holding group		(234,921)	112,855
Non controlling interest	_	(203)	(177)
	_	(235,124)	112,678
		(Rupees	s)
(Loss) / earnings per share - basic / diluted	34 _	(0.78)	0.38

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Chief Financial Officer

	2022 Rupees In	2021 1'000'
Net (loss) / profit for the year	(235,124)	112,678
Other comprehensive income		
Items not to be reclassified to statement of profit or loss in subsequent years		
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	(3,165)	(4,433)
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	(238,288)	108,245
Attributable to Owners of the Holding Company Non controlling interest	(238,085) (203) (238,288)	108,422 (177) 108,245

Director

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

	Issued,	Capital reserve	Revenue reserve	Non-	Revaluation surplus on	
	subscribed and paid-up capital	Share premium	Unappropriated profit	Controlling Interest	property, plant and equipment	Total
			Rupees in	'000'		*****
Balance as at 30 June 2020	1,999,593	1,507,705	1,027,424	6,902	788,049	5,329,673
Net profit for the year Other comprehensive loss	-	-	112,855 (4,433)	(177) -	-	112,678 (4,433)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		108,422	(177)	-	108,245
Issuance of right shares	999,796	-	-		-	999,796
Issue cost on right shares			(29,169)			(29,169)
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment realised on account of						
incremental depreciation -net of tax		-	20,172		(20,172)	-
Balance as at 30 June 2021	2,999,389	1,507,705	1,126,849	6,725	767,877	6,408,545
Net loss for the year Other comprehensive loss	-	-	(234,921) (3,165)	(203)	-	(235,124) (3,165)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		•	(238,085)	(203)	-	(238,288)
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment realised on account of						
incremental depreciation -net of tax		•	17,678		(17,678)	-
Balance as at 30 June 2022	2,999,389	1,507,705	906,442	6,522	750,199	6,170,257

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Rupees in	'000'
(Loss) / profit before taxation	(227,701)	111,597
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Depreciation	320,009	63,634
Amortisation	9,623	734
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	55,291	61,383
Provision for defined benefit plan	23,715	14,836
Impairment loss on Subsidiary		
Allowance for ECL	10,155	5,031
(Gain) / loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,866)	2,509
Finance cost	296,966 713,893	181,400 329,527
Operating profit before working capital changes	486,193	441,124
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:	,	,
Stock-in-trade Trade debts	(39,919)	(108,040)
Loans and advances	(1,053,451)	(55,326)
Trade deposits and prepayments	32,940	(55,125)
Other receivables	1,742 76,000	(568) (139,824)
C III O TO SOTT ABIOS	(982,687)	(358,883)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:	(302,001)	(000,000)
Trade and other payables	288,583	(18,230)
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	(207,912)	64,011
Taxes paid	(39,717)	(34,099)
Gratuity paid	(413)	(12,937)
Finance cost paid	(269,947)	(182,006)
Net cash used in operating activities	(517,989)	(165,032)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(246,670)	(641,597)
Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	5,482	4,505
Net cash used in investing activities	(241,188)	(637,092)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from issuance of shares		970,627
Long-term financing - net	(165,663)	273,366
Lease rentals paid	(70,855)	(71,318)
Short term borrowings - net	926,905	(312,972)
Due to a related party - net	2,519	(27,208)
Net cash generated from financing activities	692,905	832,495
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(66,271)	30,371
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	74,884	44,515
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8,613	74,886
		7 1,000

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Inancial Officer

1. LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP

The Group consists of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Holding Company) and its subsidiary Al Shaheer Farms (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company) that have been consolidated in these consolidated financial statements. Brief profiles of the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Company are as follows:

Holding Company

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Holding Company) was incorporated on 30 June 2012 and is quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Holding Company is engaged in trading of different kinds of halal meat including goat, cow, chicken and fish, both for export market and local sales through chain of retail stores. The registered office of the Holding Company is situated at Suite No. G/5/5, 3rd floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, shahrah-eroomi, Clifton, Karachi.

Subsidiary Company

The Subsidiary Company was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company. The principal activity of the Subsidiary Company is to carry on all kinds of farming including agricultural, poultry, horticultural and dairy and to purchase, acquire, keep, maintain, breed, sell or otherwise dispose of all kinds of cattle and other form of live stocks. The registered office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at Suite No. G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, Shahrah-e-Roomi, Clifton, Karachi, Pakistan. As of the reporting date, the Holding Company has 51% shareholding in the Subsidiary Company.

Geographical location and address of all the business units are as under:

Location	Business Unit
Plot Bearing Survey No. 348, Deh Shah Mureed, Tappo, Songal, Gadap Town, Karachi	Slaughter house
3.5km Manga Road Raiwand, Lahore	Poultry plant

1.1 These are consolidated financial statements of the Group. Unconsolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its Subsidiary have been presented separately.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS differ from the IFRSs, the provision of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS have been followed.

3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for:
 - certain items of property, plant and equipment that are stated at revalued amount; and
 - b) defined benefit plan is measured at present value.
- **3.2** These consolidated financial statements have been presented in Pakistani rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

4. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

4.1 Accounting standards effective for the year

There are certain new standards and amendments that are mandatory for the Group's accounting period beginning on 01 July 2021, but are considered either to be not relevant or to not have any significant effect on the Group's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these consolidated financial statements.

Accounting standards not yet effective

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on / after 01 July 2022. However, the Group expects that these standards will not have any material impact on the future consolidated financial statements of the Group.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the consolidated financial statements:

Property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the appropriateness of the rate of depreciation, useful life and residual value used in the calculation of depreciation. Further, where applicable, an estimate of the recoverable amount of assets is made for possible impairment on an annual basis. In making these estimates, the Group uses the technical resources available with the Group. Any change in estimates in future might affect the carrying amount of respective classes of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the appropriateness of the revaluation of property, plant and equipment (carried at revalued amounts) periodically for the purpose of ensuring that the carrying amount of the same does not differ materially from its fair value. In making this assessment, the Group uses the technical resources available with the Group. The revaluation exercise is carried out by independent professional valuers using various significant assumptions. Any change in assessment in future might affect the carrying amount of respective classes of fixed assets, with corresponding effect on surplus on revaluation of fixed assets.

Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate Expected Credit Loss (ECL) for trade debts and other receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for Group's various customer that have similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group calibrates the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

Taxation

In applying the estimate for income tax payable, the Group takes into account the applicable tax laws and the decision by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. Instance where the Group's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Group considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingency.

Staff retirement benefits

The cost of defined benefit plan is determined using actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rate and future salary increases. Due to long-term nature of the plan, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

6. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

6.1 Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets

Except for land and computers and accessories all items of property, plant and equipment are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Land is stated at revalued amount less impairment, if any. Computers and accessories are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation is charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method. Depreciation is charged from the month in which an asset is available for use, while no depreciation is charged in the month on which an asset is disposed off.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements which increase the asset's remaining useful economic life or the performance beyond the current estimated levels are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains or losses on disposals of operating assets, if any, are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The assets residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of certain items of property plant and equipment are recognized in consolidated statement of comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in consolidated statement of changes in equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognized in consolidated statement of comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss. The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each consolidated statement of financial position date for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying values may not be recoverable. If such indication exists where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

Right-of-use (RoU) assets and lease liabilities

i) Right-of-use (ROU) assets

The Group recognises a ROU asset at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). These are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of ROU assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option (if any) reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group has the option, under its lease arrangements to lease the assets for additional terms. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew. Any change is accounted for change in estimate and applied prospectively with corresponding change in ROU assets and lease liabilities.

Capital work-in-progress

These are stated at cost less impairment, if any, and consist of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of operating fixed assets and intangible assets in the course of their acquisition, erection, construction and installation. The assets are transferred to relevant category of operating fixed assets or intangible assets when they are available for use.

6.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Amortization is charged on reducing balance method over the useful lives of the assets. Amortisation is charged from the month the asset is available for use up to the month of derecognition. Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted, if appropriate.

6.3 Stock-in-trade

These are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined as follows:

Livestock, raw and packaging materials

- invoice price of specific items

- Stock-in-transit

- at weighted average cost of purchases

- Finished Goods (Raw meat)

- at weighted average cost of purchases

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Provision is recorded for slow moving and expired stock where necessary.

6.4 Cash and cash equivalents

These are stated at cost.

6.5 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets measured at FVPL

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- (a) Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding;
- (b) It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell: or
- (c) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at FVPL, if any.

Impairment

Financial assets at FVPL are not subject to impairment under IFRS 9.

The Group considers ECL for trade and other receivables and measures ECL using the probability of default (PD) and loss given default (LGD) estimates using the published information about these risk parameters. For trade and other receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, the Group has chosen to apply an approach similar to the simplified approach for ECL. The Group uses the provision matrix as a practical expedient to measuring ECLs on trade receivables, based on days past due for groupings of receivables with similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Group has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is only offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if the Group has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses arising from such assets and liabilities are also offset accordingly.

6.6 Staff retirement benefits

The Group operates an un-approved and unfunded defined gratuity scheme for all permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualifying year of service for entitlement of gratuity. The contributions to the scheme are made in accordance with the independent actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation is carried out as of reporting using Projected Unit Credit method.

6.7 Taxation

Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income in accordance with Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the reporting date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

6.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

6.9 Foreign currency translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees (functional currency) using the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pak Rupees using the exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are taken to consolidated statement of profit or loss.

6.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at amounts that reflect the consideration that the Group expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group recognises revenue at a point in time when control of product is transferred to customer either on dispatch/acceptance of goods for local sales or issuance of the bill of lading in case of export sales. Control, depending on contractual terms, is considered to be transferred either when the product is directly uplifted by customer from Group premises or when it is delivered by the Group at customer premises. The Group generally enters generally enters into aggreement with its customers for supply of its products including delivery of product. As the transportation of product coincides with actual delivery, sale of product and transportation is considered single performance obligation. The credit limits in contract with customers varies depending on the terms of specific contract.

6.11 Borrowing costs

Borrowing and other related costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

6.12 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

6.13 Government Grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. As the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
7.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	7.1	4,864,822	1,672,111
	Capital work-in-progress	7.5	518,404	3,836,556
	Right-of-use assets	7.6	127,164	91,433
			5,510,390	5,600,100

AL SHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2022

7.1 Operating fixed assets

		COST / REVAL	UED AMOUNT			A	CCUMULATED	DEPRECIATIO	N	NET BOOK VALUE
	As at July 01, 2021	Additions/ transfers	(Disposals)	As at June 30, 2022	Rate	As at July 01, 2021	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022
		(Rupees ir	า '000)					(Rupees in '	000)	
Freehold land	572,880	-	-	572,880	-	-	-	-	-	572,880
Leasehold land	483,829	11,044	-	494,873	-	-	-	-	-	494,873
Buildings	222,669	935,787	-	1,158,456	10%	58,770	55,913	-	114,683	1,043,773
Plant and machinery	241,900	2,194,524	-	2,436,424	5% - 20%	81,977	185,117	-	267,094	2,169,330
Furniture and fixture	205,810	212,064	-	417,874	10%	93,857	34,526	-	128,383	289,491
Motor vehicles	126,275	20,591	(6,176)	140,690	15%	49,596	13,600	(1,505)	61,691	78,999
Office equipment	170,444	135,229	-	305,673	15%	107,753	26,044	-	133,797	171,876
Tools and equipment	26,894	631	-	27,525	10%	13,356	1,421	-	14,777	12,748
Computers and accessories	55,217	7,521	-	62,738	10%	28,498	3,388	-	31,886	30,852
2022	2,105,918	3,517,391	(6,176)	5,617,133	- -	433,807	320,009	(1,505)	752,311	4,864,822
	·		·			·		·	·	·

		COST / REVAL	UED AMOUNT			AC	CCUMULATED	DEPRECIATIO	N	NET BOOK VALUE
	As at July 01, 2020	Additions / transfers	(Disposals)	As at June 30, 2021	Rate	As at July 01, 2020	Charge for the year	(On disposals) (Rupees in	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
Freehold land	572,880	(itupees iii -	-	572,880	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(Nupees III -	-	572,880
Leasehold land	442,499	41,330	-	483,829	-	-	-	-	-	483,829
Buildings	211,526	11,143	=	222,669	10%	41,711	17,059	-	58,770	163,899
Plant and machinery	237,222	4,678	-	241,900	5% - 20%	72,940	9,037	-	81,977	159,923
Furniture and fixture	200,147	6,391	(728)	205,810	10%	81,780	12,077	-	93,857	111,953
Motor vehicles	111,611	25,061	(10,397)	126,275	15%	43,221	10,486	(4,111)	49,596	76,679
Office equipment	168,755	1,689	-	170,444	15%	97,011	10,742	-	107,753	62,691
Tools and equipment	26,894	-	-	26,894	10%	11,807	1,549	-	13,356	13,538
Computers and accessories	48,356	6,861	-	55,217	10%	25,814	2,684	-	28,498	26,719
2021	2,019,890	97,153	(11,125)	2,105,918		374,284	63,634	(4,111)	433,807	1,672,111

7.1.1 Except for computer and accessories, the Group carries its fixed assets at revalued amount. The latest revaluation was carried out on 30 June 2018 which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 673.5 million. The forced sale value as at 30 June 2018 of the revalued assets amounted to Rs. 1,433.09 million. The above revaluations were carried out by an independent valuer namely Sadruddin Assciates (Private) Limited, professional surveyors and evaluators using present day valuation method. The fair values were determined with reference to market based evidence, based on active market prices and relevant enquiries and information as considered necessary, and adjusted for any difference in nature, location or condition of specific properties. The fair values fall under level 2 of fair value hierarchy (i.e significant observable inputs) Had there been no revaluation the book value of freehold land, leasehold land, buildings, plant and machinery, furniture and fixtures, office equipment, tools and equipments and motor vehicles would have been Rs.268.682 million, Rs.211.746 million Rs.132.797 million, Rs.189.644 million, Rs.140.666 million, Rs.88.963 million, Rs.16.764 million and Rs.67.622 million, respectively.

7.2	Depreciation for the year has been allocated as follows:	Note	2022 (Rupees in	2021 '000)
	Cost of sales	28	151,717	27,740
	Administrative and distribution costs	29	168,293	35,894
			320,010	63.634

7.3 Particulars of immovable assets are as follows:

Location	Addresses	Total Area
Karachi	Suite G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, Clifton.	5,000 Sq. Fts
Karachi	Survey No. 348, Deh Shah Mureed, Tapu Songle.	18.22 Acres
Karachi	Banglow # D-143 KDA Scheme No. 5 Clifton.	983.33 Sq. Yards
Karachi	Plot No.GA-55, 56-A6, 57-A9, Korangi Creek Industrial Park.	6,780.84 Sq. Yards
Lahore	Rohinala Bypass, 3.5KMs Manga Raiwind Road.	11 Acres

7.4 The details of operating fixed assets disposed off during the year having book value of more than Rs. 500,000/- are as follows:

	Mode of	Cost /	Accumulated	Net book	Sale		Particulars of
	disposal	Revaluation	depreciation	value	proceeds	Gain / (loss)	purchasers
Motor vehicles					Rupees	in '000	
Suzuki Cultus BFL-730	Company policy	1,117	474	643	445	(198)	Imran Zafar - Employee
Suzuki Mehran BCH -971	Company policy	726	442	284	309	25	Kamran Ahmed - Employee
Suzuki Cultus BFJ-740	Company policy	975	237	738	1,100	362	Muhammad Najam - Employee
Suzuki Cultus AXN-321	Company policy	941	722	219	560	341	Muhammad Najam - Employee
Toyota Altis BLM - 317	Company policy	2,214	922	1,292	2,750	1,458	Muhammad Najam - Employee
Suzuki Mehran BFT - 901	Company policy	727	287	440	318	(122)	Muhammad Ali Rawat - Employee
		6,700	3,084	3,616	5,482	1,866	
2022		6,700	3,084	3,616	5,482	1,866	
2021		11,125	4,111	7,014	4,505	(2,509)	

7.5 Capital work-in-progress

Land	-	11,044
Building	203,382	1,136,235
Plant and machinery	314,919	2,411,085
Furniture and fixture	-	196,945
Office equipment	102	23,899
Computers	-	2,873
Software under development	-	54,472
	518,404	3,836,553

7.5.1 The movement in capital work-in-progress is as follows:

		Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipement	Computers	Software under development	Total
					Rupe	ees in '000			
A	pening dditions	11,044 -	1,136,235 -	2,411,085 43,990	196,945 -	23,899	2,873 -	54,472 -	3,836,553 43,990
	ransfers losing	(11,044)	(932,853) 203,382	(2,140,155) 314,919	(196,945)	(23,797) 102	(2,873)	(54,472)	(3,362,138) 518,404
C	=		203,362	314,919		102	<u>-</u>		516,404
								2022	2021
								(Rupees	in '000)
7.6 R	light-of-use asse	ts							
	pening net book validitions during the							91,433 91,022	158,851 5,032
	isposal during the							91,022	(7,807)
	epreciation for the							(55,291)	(61,383)
С	losing net book va	alue						127,164	91,433
o 11	NTANGIBLE ASS	ETC						WRITTEN DOWN	
8. IN	NIANGIBLE ASS	EIS	COST		ACCUMUI	ATED AMORT	ISATION	VALUE	
	-	As at	0001	As at	ACCOMOL	AILD AMORT	IOATION	VALUE	
		01 July	Additions/	30 June	As at	For the	As at	As at	
	=	2021	Transfer	2022	01 July 2021	year		30 June 2022	Rate
	-		(Rupees in '00	00)		(Rupees in	(000)		
С	computer softwa	12,281	54,472	66,753	10,057	9,623	19,680	47,073	25%
	2022	12,281	54,472	66,753	10,057	9,623	19,680	47,073	
	2021	12,281	-	12,281	9,323	734	10,057	2,224	

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	า '000)
9.	LONG-TERM LOAN			
	Long term loan		7,639	10,361
	Less: current maturity	13.	(1,200)	(1,200)
			6,439	9,161
			· ·	_
	Represents loan extended to an executive secured against his personal property. The	is loan is reco	verable in 200 mont	thly
	installments and is interest free.			
			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	י (000' ר
10.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET - net			
	The state of the s			
	Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences:		100 705	070 440
	Unused tax losses / credits		460,705	272,148
	Provisions		32,458	33,868
	Defended to the life on touch a terminal differences		493,164	306,016
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences:	ı	(457 500)	(4.4.000)
	Accumulated tax depreciation		(157,539)	(14,832)
	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment		(8,947)	(9,807)
		10.1	(166,486) 326,678	(24,639)
		10.1	320,070	281,377
10.1	Movement in deferred tax asset is as follows:			
	Woverhead and about to as follows.			
	Balance at beginning of the year		281,377	246,790
	- recognised in profit or loss		44,986	36,774
	- recognised in other comprehensive income		315	(2,187)
	Balance at end of the year		326,678	281,377
			· ·	_
11.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
			4.40.700	400.000
	Livestock		143,766	180,629
	Raw and packaging materials		57,562	12,255
	Stock in transit		17,036	42,487
	Finished goods	,	70,697	13,771
		:	289,061	249,142
12.	TRADE DEBTS - unsecured			
	Considered good			
	Considered good		0.000.400	4 000 740
	Overseas		2,832,169	1,936,712
	Local	ı	0.000	4.000
	- related party - Enrich Foods (Pvt) Limited		2,206	1,093
	- others		259,828	102,947
			262,034	104,040
		•	3,094,203	2,040,752
	Considered doubtful		56,551	46,396
	Allowance for ECL	12.1	(56,551)	(46,396)
				-
			3,094,203	2,040,752
		•		
12.1	Allowance for ECL			
			40.000	44.00=
	Opening balance	00	46,396	41,365
	Charge for the year	29	10,155	5,031
	Closing balance	:	56,551	46,396

13.	LOANS AND ADVANCES - considered good	Note	2022 (Rupees ir	2021 1 '000)
	Loans - secured			
	Executives		5,826	4,114
	Other employees		4,182	4,655
	Current portion of long-term loan	9	1,200	1,200
			11,208	9,969
	Advances - unsecured			
	Suppliers		318,491	356,115
	Others		9,266	5,820
			327,756	361,935
			338,964	371,904
14.	OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Sales tax receivable		181,363	182,321
	Receivable from shareholders	14.1	1,496	1,496
	Receivable against export rebate		180,708	253,667
	Others		2,519	4,603
			366,087	442,087

14.1 Represents amount receivable from shareholders on account of tax on bonus shares issued during the year 2015.

15.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Cash in hand		4,829	33,096
	With banks:			
	Saving accounts	15.1	805	105
	Current accounts		2,979	41,683
			3,784	41,788
			8,613	74,884

^{15.1} These carry profit at the rates ranging between 6.04% to 6.50% (2021: 3.54% to 6.54%) per annum.

16. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

2022 Number of sh	2021 ares in		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
thousand	ds	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			
187,762	187,762	Issued for cash		1,877,621	1,877,621
26,000	26,000	Issued for consideration other than cash	16.1	260,000	260,000
86,177	86,177	Issued as bonus shares		861,768	861,768
299,939	299,939		16.2	2,999,389	2,999,389

- **16.1** Represents shares issued at a face value of Rs.10 each against transfer of net assets from the amalgamated firms namely, 'Al Shaheer Corporation' and 'MeatOne'.
- **16.2** As at 30 June 2022, institutions and others held 48,007,174 and 251,931,656 shares, respectively (30 June 2021: 61,925,689 and 238,013,141). Voting rights, board selection, right of first refusal and block voting are in proportion to their shareholding.

17.	REVALUATION SURPLUS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	2022 (Rupees i	2021 n '000)
	Opening balance		778,785	800,358
	Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of		(18,366)	(19,830)
	incremental depreciation during the year			
	Disposal of fixed assets during the year		(524)	(1,743)
			759,895	778,785
	Related deferred tax liability			
	Opening balance		(10,908)	(12,309)
	Incremental depreciation charged during the year		1,212	1,401
			(9,696)	(10,908)
			750,199	767,877
18.	LONG-TERM FINANCING - secured			
	Diminishing musharaka			
	Askari Bank Limited	18.1	56,250	79,167
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	18.2	132,922	491,944
	Sindh Bank Limited	18.3	165,000	220,000
	First Habib Modaraba	18.4	44,327	32,286
	Faysal Bank Limited	18.5	81,250	100,000
	National Bank Limited	18.6	300,000	-
	Summit Bank Limited	18.7	49,734	-
			829,483	923,397
	Payroll Financing			
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	18.8	41,019	107,206
			870,502	1,030,603
	Less: current maturity		(138,862)	(450,705)
		•	731,640	579,898

- 18.1 Represents diminishing musharaka facility in respect of purchase of various fixed assets for a period of 5 years including 1 year grace period. It carries profit at the rate of 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: June 2024). The facility is secured by exclusive charge of Rs.134 million over plant and machinery and Rs.100 million ranking charge over fixed assets of the Group.
- **18.2** This includes the following facilities:
 - a) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.200 million in respect of procurement and installation of chicken processing plant for a period of 4 years including 1 year grace period and having maturity till January 2024 (June 30, 2021: January 2024). It carries profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of the Group's chicken plant located in Lahore.

- b) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.350 million in respect of procurement and installation of chicken processing plant for a period of 4.5 years including 1.5 years grace period. It carries profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR + 2% (June 30, 2020: 6 months KIBOR + 2%) per annum and having maturity till July 2023 and January 2024 (June 30, 2020: July 2023 and January 2024). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of the Group's chicken plant located in Lahore.
- c) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.150 million in respect of improvement, replacement and expansion of existing slaughtering house for a period of 2 years. It carries profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum (June 30, 2020: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5%) and having maturity till November 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: November 30, 2021). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of chicken plant located in Lahore processing unit with 25% margin.
- d) TERF financing facility amounting to Rs.123.650 million for procurement of Deep freezers. It carries profit at the rate of 5% per annum and having maturity till November 30, 2027 (June 30, 2021: November 30, 2027). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of chicken plant located in Lahore processing unit with 25% margin.
- **18.3** Represents diminishing Musharikah facility carrying profit at the rate of 1 year KIBOR + 5.55% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 5.55%) per annum for local facility. Rs.145.04 million is secured by specific charge over plant and machinery. The remaining facility is secured by first mortgage charge over Gadap Land amounting to Rs.367 million.
- 18.4 Represents diminishing Musharikah facility carrying profit at the rate of 1 year KIBOR + 5.55% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 5.55%) per annum for local facility. Rs.145.04 million is secured by specific charge over plant and machinery. The remaining facility is secured by first mortgage charge over Gadap Land amounting to Rs.367 million.
- 18.5 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 4% (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 4%) per annum. The facility is secured against residential Land (Musharaka Asset) for Rs. 106 million admeasuring 1000 sq. yards situated at Plot no. 156/I, Street No. 2, DHA Phase VIII-A, Karachi. The facility is secured against hypothecation charge of Rs.53 million over receivables of the Group and Rs.115 million exclusive charge over plant and machinery of the Group. Letter of Hypothecation over current assets of Rs.86.0 million and Letter of Hypothecation over receivables of Rs.85.700 million.
- 18.6 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5%) per annum. The facility is secured against first Pari Passu charge of Rs. 100 million over all present and future plant and machinery of the Group, located at Rohinala Bypass, 3.5 KM Manga Raiwand Road, Lahore. The facility also is secured for Rs. 400 million First Charge over Equitable Mortgage, bearing Plot No.D-143, Block No. 4, Situated in KDA scheme No. 5, Clifton Karachi.
- 18.7 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of KIBOR + 3% per annum. The facility is secured against exclusive charge of Rs. 73.50 million over Specific Plant & Machinery located at Karachi Facility at Survey No. 348, Deh Mureed, Tappo Songal, Gadap Town, Karachi
- 18.8 Represents financing obtained under the refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries introduced by State Bank of Pakistan carrying mark-up at the rate of SBP rate + 1% per annum (June 30, 2021: SBP rate + 1%). The loan along with the mark-up is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 2021. The facility is secured by way of equitable mortgage charge over commercial property (Head Office).

19. DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT

		2022	2021
		(Rupees i	in '000)
	Balance at beginning of the year	6,432	2,080
	Recognised during the year	-	8,341
	Amortisation of deferred income - government grant	(5,562)	(3,989)
	Balance at end of the year	870	6,432
	Less: Current portion	(870)	(4,399)
		-	2,033
20.	LEASE LIABILITIES		
	Lease liabilities	144,104	110,828
	Current portion of lease liabilities	(53,878)	(63,935)
	'	90,226	46,893

20.1	Reconciliation of the carrying amount is as follows:	2022	2021
		(Rupe	es in '000)
	Opening Addition / Reassessment of lease during the year	110,828 89,783	175,532 (10,884)
	Accretion of finance cost	14,347 (70,855)	17,501
	Lease rental payments made during the year Lease liability as at June 30,	144,104	(71,321) 110,828
	Current portion of lease liabilities	(53,878)	(63,935)
	Long-term lease liabilities as at June 30,	90,226	46,893
20.2	Maturity analysis		
	Gross lease liabilities - minimum lease payments:		
	Not later than one year	70,329	73,843
	Later than one year but not later than five years	102,737	52,330
	Later than one year but not later than five years	173,066	126,173
	Future finance charge	(28,962)	(15,345)
	Present value of finance lease liabilities	144,104	110,828
21.	DEFERRED LIABILITIES		
	Staff gratuity	102,850	76,069
		2022 Number of	2021 Employees
	The number of employees covered under		
	the defined benefit scheme are:	725	426
	The following principal actuarial assumptions were used for the valuation of above mentioned	d scheme:	
	Financial assumptions		
	- Discount rate (per annum compounded)	13.25%	9.00%
	- Salary increase per annum	13.25%	9.00%
		2022	2021
	Demographic assumptions		
	- Normal retirement	60 years	60 years
	- Mortality rate	70% of the	70% of the EFU
	·	EFU	(61-66)
		(61-66)	, ,
		2022	2021
		(Rupees	s in '000)
	Liability in statement of financial position		
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	102,850	76,069
		2022	2021
	Movement in liability during the year	(Rupees	s in '000)
	Opening balance	76,069	71,924
	Charged to profit or loss account	23,715	14,836
	Benefits paid during the year	(413)	(12,937)
	Actuarial loss recognised in other comprehensive income	3,479	2,246
	Closing balance	102,850	76,069
		·	

	2022 (Rupees in	2021
Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligations		,
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at July 01,	76,069	71,924
Current service cost	18,415	11,168
Finance cost	5,300	3,668
Benefits paid	(413)	(12,937)
Actuarial loss on obligation	3,479	2,246
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at June 30,	102,850	76,069
Charge for the defined benefit plan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cost recognised in profit and loss		
Current service cost	18,415	11,168
Finance cost	5,300	3,668
	23,715	14,836
Actuarial loss on defined benefit obligation recognised in other comprehensive income		
Actuarial loss / (gain) on defined benefit obligation		
- Loss / (gain) due to change in experience adjustments	3,479	2,246
	3,479	2,246
Expected benefit payments to retirees in the following year	27,437	20,853

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis has been performed by varying one assumption keeping all other assumptions constant and calculating the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations on various employee benefit schemes. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption is summarized below:

				2022 (Rupees in	2021 1 '000)
Increase in discount rate by 1% Decrease in discount rate by 1% Increase in expected future increment in salar Decrease in expected future increment in salar				(2,186) 2,331 2,310 (2,205)	(1,794) 1,918 1,900 (1,810)
Comparison for Five Years					
As at June 30,					
	2022 	2021 (2020 (Rupees in '00	2019 0)	2018
Defined benefit obligation	102,850	76,069	71,924	73,386	59,639
Defined benefit obligation	102,850	76,069	71,924	2022	2021
Defined benefit obligation Maturity Profile	102,850	76,069	71,924	,	2021
Ç	102,850	76,069	71,924	2022	2021
Maturity Profile	102,850	76,069	71,924	2022 (Rupees in	2021 1 '000)
Maturity Profile Year 1	102,850	76,069	71,924	2022 (Rupees in 27,437	2021 1 '000) 20,853
Maturity Profile Year 1 Year 2	102,850	76,069	71,924	2022 (Rupees ir 27,437 28,574	2021 1 '000) 20,853 19,450
Maturity Profile Year 1 Year 2 Year 3	102,850	76,069	71,924	2022 (Rupees in 27,437 28,574 29,866	2021 1'000) 20,853 19,450 20,062

22.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	2021 (Rupees i	2020 n '000)
	Creditors: Trade		40,728	20,953
	Non-trade		708,779	523,795
			749,507	544,748
	Accrued liabilities		59,722	39,073
	Advance from customers		150,359	86,030
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund		47,182	47,182
	Workers' Welfare Fund		22,842	22,842
	Retention money		2,520	2,520
	Other payables		38,639	39,793
			1,070,770	782,187
23.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured			
	Murabaha			
	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	23.1	299,770	174,578
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	23.2	1,250,937	322,700
	Askari Bank Limited	23.3	87,160	99,950
			1,637,867	597,228
	Running Musharaka		-	113,734
	-		1,637,867	710,962

- 23.1 It carries profit at the rate of relevant KIBOR + 2.5% (June 30, 2021: LIBOR / KIBOR + 2.5%) per annum. The facility is secured by first pari passu charge over receivables for Rs.334 million and first exclusive charge over specific plant and machinery of the Group for Rs.87 million and Rs.50 million respectively, duly insured in bank's favor. The facility is secured by first pari passu charge over Memorandum of Constructive Deposits of Title Deeds located at Raiwind Road, Lahore for Rs.390.0 Million
- 23.2 This includes local as well as foreign currency facility carrying profit at the rate of KIBOR + 2% and LIBOR + 2% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 2% and LIBOR + 2%) per annum respectively. The facility is secured by the first registered pari passu hypothecation charge over receivables including trade receivables for Rs.400 million & Rs.600 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 1,000 million) and the remaining facility is secured against exclusive charge over specific plant and machinery of Rs.43 million and Rs.64.29 million.
- 23.3 It carries profit at the rate of KIBOR + 1.75% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 1%) per annum. The facility is secured against 1st pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs.134 million over receivables of the Group.

24.	ACCRUED MARK-UP	2022 2021 (Rupees in '000)
	- Long-term financing	43,212 61,505
	- Short-term borrowings	74,576 23,209
		117,787 90,768

25. **DUE TO A RELATED PARTY**

Represents interest free loan obtained from the Chief Executive Officer of the Group. The loan is unsecured and is repayable on demand.

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS 26.

There are no contingencies and commitments as of 30 June 2022.

27.	REVENUE - net	2022 (Rupe	2021 es in '000)
	Sales	6,140,047	5,445,970
	Trade discount	(96,718)	(78,463)
		6,043,329	5,367,507

27.1 Includes sales to Enrich Foods (Pvt) Limited - related party amounting to Rs. 1.213 million (2021: 0.957 million).

		Note	2022	2021
28.	COST OF SALES		(Rupees i	n '000)
	Live stock and raw material consumed			
	Opening stock		235,371	134,611
	Purchases		4,832,288	3,955,571
	Closing stock	-	(218,364)	(235,371)
	Conversion cost		4,849,295	3,854,811
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	Г	95,717	43,634
	Electricity, diesel and related expenses		96,110	36,448
	Repairs and maintenance		8,174	8,202
	Depreciation	7.2	151,717	27,744
	Clearing and forwarding		17,918	20,930
	Packing material - consumed		38,703	53,527
	Marination		3,788	5,943
	Others		4,980	6,010
			417,106	202,437
	Cost of goods available for sale	_	5,266,401	4,057,248
	Finished goods	-		
	Opening stock		14,267	6,990
	Closing stock	L	(70,697)	(14,267)
		_	(56,430)	(7,277)
		=	5,209,972	4,049,971
29.	ADMINISTRATIVE AND DISTRIBUTION COSTS			
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	29.1	385,070	225,317
	Electricity, diesel and related expenses		53,904	31,759
	Repair and maintenance		24,653	9,865
	Fuel and vehicle maintenance		13,949	13,957
	Travelling and conveyance		32,746	4,348
	Telephone and communication		17,383	6,790
	Cargo		271,655	364,118
	Marketing and advertisement Rent, rates and taxes		148,980 26,423	21,473 31,400
	Food		26,423 18,475	8,341
	Depreciation	7.2	168,293	35,894
	Depreciation on RoU	7.6	55,291	61,383
	Amortization	8	9,623	734
	Legal and professional		12,899	17,976
	Software maintenance cost		4,872	5,689
	Office supplies		1,916	2,585
	Postage and courier		1,590	-
	Takaful		10,979	10,039
	Staff welfare	40.4	422	643
	Allowance for expected credit loss	12.1	10,155	5,031
	Security Cleaning		5,033 1,952	- 1,938
	Commission on credit card facilities		9,036	9,698
	Auditors' remuneration	29.2	4,298	4,278
	Others	20.2	45,704	21,549
		=	1,335,303	894,805
29.1	Include Rs.23.715 million (2021: Rs.14.836 million) in respect of staff retirement	ent benefits.		
29.2	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		2,430	2,410
	Half yearly review		650	650
	Certifications and other services		820	820
	Out of pocket expenses		398	398
		_	4,298	4,278

			2022	2021
30.	OTHER EXPENSES	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund		-	6,013
	Workers' Welfare Fund		-	2,285
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7.4	-	2,509
	Exchange loss			119,489
				130,296
31.	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Profit on bank accounts		103	43
	Exchange gain		569,252	-
			569,355	43
	Income from non - financial assets			
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		1,856	519
			571,211	562
32.	FINANCE COST			
	Interest/mark-up on:			
	Long term financing		109,631	67,731
	Short term borrowings		147,580	72,904
	Lease liabilities		14,347	17,501
	Bank charges		25,408	23,264
			296,966	181,400
33.	TAXATION			
	Current		(52,645)	(46,594)
	Prior		236	10,901
	Deferred		44,986	36,774
			(7,423)	1,081

- 33.1 As the charge for current year taxation is based on Final Tax Regime in case of export sales and minimum tax in case of local sales, therefore, tax reconciliation is not presented.
- **33.2** The return of income for the tax year 2021 has been filed which is deemed to be an assessment order in view of the provisions of Section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- 33.3 The Group filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the demand created under Section 122 5(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 by the Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals (CIRA) of Rs 362,546,905/- for the tax year 2016. The ATIR remanded the order back to CIRA who remanded back the case to DCIR. The Group again preferred an appeal before ATIR, against order of CIRA, which is pending for hearing. The management, based on tax advice, expects a favorable outcome in this respect.
- 33.4 The Group filed appeals against orders passed by income tax and sale tax authorities for aggregate demands of Rs.679,621,876/- which are pending at CIR and ATIR levels pertaining to tax years 2012-2019. The management, in view of tax advice, expects a favourable outcome in these cases.
- 33.5 The Group's appeal is pending before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals IV) against order passed by Additional Commissioner under section 122(5A) of ITO for tax year 2018 increasing the tax liability thereby reducing the tax refund by Rs. 28,406,436/-. The Group expects a favorable outcome in this respect based on tax advice.

34.	(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE - basic and diluted	2022	2021 (Restated)
	Net (loss)/profit for the year - (Rupees in '000)	(235,124)	112,678
	Weighted average ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each - (Number in '000)	299,939	299,939
	(Loss) / Earning per share (Rupees) – basic and diluted	(0.78)	0.38

2022 2021

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties of the Group comprise associates, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Relationship	2022 (Rupees in	2021 '000)
(Repayment to) / Settlement of liabilities by CEO	Key Management Personnel	2,519	(27,208)

36. Segment Reporting

The Company has two reportable segments - raw meat and processed food items. The management has determined the operating segments based on the information that is presented to the Board of Directors of the Company for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. The results of the reporatable segments of the Company are as follows:

	Raw Meat	Frozen and Processed Meat	Total
		Rupees	
Revenue	5,459,798	583,531	6,043,329
Cost of sales	(4,550,638)	(659,334)	(5,209,972)
Gross profit	909,160	(75,803)	833,357
Administrative and distribution costs	(772,076)	(563,227)	(1,335,303)
Other income	571,211	-	571,211
Operating profit / (loss)	708,296	(639,031)	69,265
Finance cost	(218,268)	(78,698)	(296,966)
Segment Profit / (Loss) before taxation	490,028	(717,729)	(227,701)
Taxation			(7,423)
Profit / (Loss) after taxation			(235,124)
Segment Assets	4,898,624	4,220,674	9,119,298
Unallocable Assets			1,017,063
Total Assets			10,136,361
Segment Liabilities	738,360	303,558	1,041,918
Unallocable Liabilities			2,924,186
Total Liabilties			3,966,104

No comparative figures have been presented due to single reportable segment in the prior year.

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks such as market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group's Board of Directors oversees the management of these risks which are summarized below:

37.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk.

37.1.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term financing and short-term borrowings at floating interest rates to meet its business operations and working capital requirements. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant:

	Increase / decrease in basis points	Effect on loss / profit before tax Rupees in '000
2022	+100	(25,721)
	-100	25,721
2021	+100	(13,868)
	-100	13,868

37.1.2 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to change in a foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates risk primarily relates to the Group's operating activities i.e. bank accounts and receivables / payables in foreign currencies. The Group manages its foreign currency risk by effective fund management. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the US Dollar exchange rate:

	Increase / decrease in US Dollar to Pak Rupees	Effect on loss / profit before tax Rupees in '000
2022	10%	269,977
	-10%	(269,977)
2021	10%	182,152
	-10%	(182,152)

2022 2021

37.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Group's management is regularly conducting detailed analysis on sectors.

The Group seeks to minimize the credit risk through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	Carrying	value
	2022	2021
	(Rupees	s in '000)
Trade debts	3,094,203	2,040,752
Loans	17,647	19,130
Bank balances	3,784	41,788
	3,115,633	2,101,670

37.2.1 Credit quality of financial assets

The loans are given to employees which are secured against their salaries. Trade debts include customers with no default in prior years.

The credit quality of banks can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rates as shown below:

	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
Bank balances Ratings		
AAA	1,924	6,485
AA+	794	29,222
AA	12	6,003
AA-	912	-
A+	67	46
A	-	29
BBB-	75	3
	3,784	41,788

37.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Group will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations with the financial liabilities. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility by maintaining sufficient bank balances and committed credit lines. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at 30 June 2022 based on contractual undiscounted payment dates and present market interest rates:

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 Years	Total
			(Rupees in '00	0)	
2022					
Long-term financing	-	82,525	56,337	731,640	870,502
Lease liabilities	-	13,463	40,416	90,225	144,104
Short-term borrowings		409,455	1,228,412		1,637,867
Trade and other payables	12,075	415,508	158,548	243,841	829,972
Accrued mark-up		97,080	20,706		117,786
Due to a related party	21,355	-	-	-	21,355
	33,430	1,018,031	1,504,419	1,065,706	3,621,586

	On demand	Less than 3 months (Rup	3 to 12 months ees)	1 to 5 Years	Total
2021		` .	,		
Long-term financing	-	200,754	250,291	579,558	1,030,603
Lease liabilities	-	16,152	47,782	46,894	110,828
Short-term borrowings	200,232	468,650	42,080	-	710,962
Trade and other payables	26,230	182,740	190,670	226,493	626,133
Accrued mark-up	7,049	80,872	2,847	-	90,768
Due to a related party	18,836			-	18,836
	252,347	949,168	533,670	852,945	2,588,130

37.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

37.5 Capital risk management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structures in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investments projects to support its business sustainability and future development and maximise its shareholders value.

The Group monitors capital using a debt equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Equity comprises of share capital, reserves and revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment. The gearing ratio as at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	2022 2021 (Rupees in '000)	
Long-term financing	870,502	923,397
Short-term borrowings	1,637,867	710,962
Accrued mark-up	117,787	90,768
Total debt	2,626,155	1,725,127
Less: Cash and bank balances	(8,613)	(74,857)
Net debt	2,617,542	1,650,270
Share capital	2,999,389	2,999,389
Reserves	2,414,147	2,634,554
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	750,199	767,877
Total equity	6,163,735	6,397,909
Equity and net debt	8,781,278	8,048,179
Gearing ratio		
Including revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	30%	20%
Excluding revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	33%	23%

38. REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Exec	cutive	Director	rs	Executiv	es
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			(Rupees i	n '000)		
Managerial Remuneration	31,241	30,000	-	-	122,795	78,376
Housing And Utilities	-	-	-	-	6,967	4,382
Reimbursable Expenses	-	-	-	-	3,185	1,842
Gratuity	-	-	-	-	4,150	6,500
Board Meeting Fees		<u> </u>	3,840	2,970	-	<u>-</u>
	31,241	30,000	3,840	2,970	137,097	91,100
	1	1	7	7	47	34

		2022	2021
39.	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		
	and the second and date	725	426
	Total number of employees as at the reporting date	634	393
	Average number of employees during the year		

- 40. GENERAL
- 40.1 Certain prior year figures have been reclassified for better presentation.
- 41. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

 These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on ______
 the Group.

by the Board of Directors of

Chief Financial Officer

AL SHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED

Pattern of Shareholding as at June 30, 2022

Categories of Shareholders	Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children			
ADEEB AHMAD	2	1,724,452	0.57
KAMRAN AHMED KHALILI	2	72,585,447	24.20
MR. UMAIR AHMED KHALILI	2	5,789,102	1.93
SYED ZILLAY AHMED NAWAB RIZVI	1	1,054	0.00
QAYSAR ALAM	1	3,451	0.00
SABEEN FAZLI ALAVI	1	750	0.00
MUHAMMAD ZUBAIR HAIDER SHEIKH	1	750	0.00
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties			
Nil	0	-	0.00
NIT and ICP	0	-	0.00
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Institutions	3	4,490,000	1.50
Insurance Companies	11	21,527,350	7.18
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	17	21,989,824	7.33
General Public			
a. Local	6485	129,593,218	43.21
b. Foreign	171	7,008,435	2.34
Foreign Companies	0	-	0.00
Others	73	35,224,997	11.74
Totals	6770	299,938,830	100.00

Share holders holding 10% or more	Shares Held	Percentage
KAMRAN AHMED KHALILI	72,585,447	24.20



NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF ALSHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED

Notice is hereby given that the 8th Annual General Meeting of AlShaheer Corporation Limited ("Company") will be held on Monday, November 28, 2022, at 09:00 a.m. through video-link facility to transact the following business;

Ordinary Business

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on November 25, 2021.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Stand-alone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended June 30, 2022, together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 3. To elect directors of the Company for a three-year term. The Board of Directors in the meeting held on November 04, 2022, fixed the number of Directors at seven (7). The retiring directors of the Company are as follows:
 - Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili
 - Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam
 - Mr. Babur Sultan
 - Mr. Zillay A. Nawab
 - Mr. Muhammad Zubair Haider Sheikh
 - Ms. Sabeen Fazli
 - Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili
- 4. To appoint auditors for the ensuing year ended June 30, 2023, and fix their remuneration. M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, being eligible, offer themselves for the appointment.

Special Business

To consider and if thought fit approve an increase in the authorized share capital of the Company and for this purpose pass the following special resolution, with or without any amendments and to approve the consequent amendments in the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, subject to requisite approvals, if any:

"RESOLVED THAT the authorized share capital of the company be and is hereby increased from Rs. 3,000,000,000 (Rupees Three Thousand Million Only) divided into 300,000,000 (Three Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares at Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each to Rs. 4,000,000,000 (Rupees Four Billion Only) divided into 400,000,000 (Four Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each ranking pari passu in every respect with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, in consequence of the said increase in the Authorized Share Capital of the Company, the existing Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company and Article [4] of the Articles of Association of the Company be and hereby replaced accordingly, to read as follows;

Clause V of the Memorandum of Association

The Authorized capital of the Company is Rs. 4,000,000,000 (Rupees Four Billion Only) divided into 400,000,000 (Four Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten) each with power to increase the capital or any portion thereof and to consolidate, reorganize or alter the share capital of the Company; and to divide and/or sub-divide whole or any part of its share capital into several classes as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company or subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017.

Article [4] of the Article of Association

The Authorized capital of the Company is Rs. 4,000,000,000 (Rupees Four Billion Only) divided into 400,000,000 (Four Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten) each with power to increase the capital or any portion thereof and to consolidate, reorganize or alter the share capital of the Company; and to divide and/or sub-divide whole or any part of its share capital into several classes as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company or subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017.

"FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby singly authorized to take all necessary steps and execute documents including legal and corporate formalities and file all requisite documents with Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of giving effect to the spirit and intent of the above resolutions."

Sd.
Company Secretary
November 07, 2022

Notes:

- The individual Members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) to the Company/ Share Registrar, are once again reminded to send the same at the earliest directly to Company's Share Registrar, CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi — 74400.
 - The Corporate Entities are requested to provide their National Tax Number (NTN). Please give Folio Number with the copy of CNIC/NTN details. Reference is also made to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) Notifications SR0 779(I) dated August 18, 2011, and SR0 831 (I) 2012 dated July 05, 2012, which mandates that the dividend warrants should bear CNIC number of the registered member or the authorized person, except in case of minor(s) and corporate members.
- Share Transfer Books will be closed from November 22, 2022 to November 28, 2022 (both days inclusive) when no transfer
 of shares will be accepted for registration. Transfers in good order, received at the office of Company's Share Registrar, CDC Share
 Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400 on November 21, 2022 by
 5:00 p.m. will be considered for entitlement.
- 3. The Company intends to convene the Annual General Meeting (AGM) through video link facility managed from the Suit # G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block 8, Shahrah-e-Roomi, Clifton, Karachi for the safety and well- being of all its stakeholders. Meeting trough video link facility is being held in line with Company's austerity cum safety measures in the wake of the current macroeconomic situation and devastating floods in the country and the outbreak of Dengue fever in Karachi. For the foregoing reasons, the Company plans to convene the AGM electronically which, without compromising the safety and well-being of its stakeholders, shall allow the accommodation of a large number of members across the country. Needless to mention that Corona SOPs are largely irrelevant in the given circumstances and their observance cannot alleviate the above concerns of the Company In this regard, special arrangements have been made for the AGM which are as under:
 - a) AGM will be held through the Zoom application a video link facility.
 - b) The notice will also be uploaded on the website of the Company.
 - The Members are requested to attend and participate in the AGM through the video link facility. To attend through video link, Members can download the app/software through https://zoom.us/download and log in via video-link to participate in the AGM proceedings.
 - d) Shareholders are requested to get themselves registered at least two working days before the AGM by email at cs@ascfoods.com by providing the following details:

Folio/CDC A/c No.	Company	Name of Shareholder	CNIC Number	Cell Number	Email Address
	Al Shaheer Corporation Limited				

Video-link for the meeting will be sent to members at their provided email addresses enabling them to attend the meeting on the given date and time.

The login facility will be opened thirty minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting after the identification process. Shareholders will be able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings their devices after completing all the formalities required for their identification and verification of the shareholders.

All members, entitled to attend the meeting, are entitled to appoint another person in writing as their proxy to attend on their behalf. A proxy must be a member of the Company.

- d) Shareholders may send their comments and suggestions relating to the agenda items of the AGM to the Company Secretary's office at least two (2) working days before the AGM at the given email address cs@ascfoods.comShareholders are requested to mention their full name, CNIC #, and Folio/ CDC Account # for this purpose.
- e) Shareholders are encouraged to participate in the AGM to consolidate their attendance and participation through proxies.
- 4. In case of individuals, the account holders or sub-account holders whose registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirements.
- 5. Duly completed instrument of the proxy, and the other authority under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy thereof, must be lodged with the Company Secretary at the Company's Registered Office (Suite # G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Shahrah e Roomi, Block 8, Clifton) at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 6. Members having physical shareholding are requested to notify the change in address if any to the Company's Share Registrars, CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400.
- 7. In case shares are held by CDC, then the request notify the change of address must be submitted directly to the broker/participant / CDC investor account Services.

8. CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under-mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

For Appointing Proxies:

- 1. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in a group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form accordingly.
- 2. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two person whose names, addresses, and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- 3. Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- 4. In case of the corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature of the person nominated by the corporate entity shall be submitted.

FORM OF PROXY

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I / Wa	of	in the district of	heing a member of "ALSHA-
		ordinary shares as per Registration Folio No./CDC	•
		entitled to vote, hereby appoint Mr./Mrs./M	
address)		(being member of the Company)as my/our proxy to att	end, act and vote for me/us and
on behalf at the A	nnual General Meeting of the	Company to be held on 28th day of November, 2022 and/	or at any adjournment thereof.
Dated:			
Signature:			
Presence of:			
1			
2			

Important Note:

- 1. This form of proxy, duly completed and signed, must be deposited at the registered office of the company situated at Suite # G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block 8, Shahrah e Roomi, Clifton, Karachi.
- 2. This form should be signed by the Member or by his/her attorney duly authorized in writing. If the member is a Corporation, its common seal should be affixed to the instrument.
- 3. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint any other Member as his/ her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf except that a corporation may appoint a person who is a Member.

For CDC Account Holders/Corporate Entities:

In addition to the above, following requirements have to be met:

- 1. The Proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC Numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- 2. Attested copies of CNIC or Passport of the beneficial owners and proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- 3. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of the meeting.
- 4. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form.



Minutes of 7th Annual General Meeting Al Shaheer Corporation Limited Thursday, November 25, 2021 Karachi

The 7th Annual General Meeting of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited ("Company") was held through video link facility on Thursday, November 25, 2021 at 09:00 a.m.

The proceedings of the meeting started with a welcome note to the shareholders by the Company Secretary.

Recitation

The proceedings began with recitation of verses from the Holy Quran.

Permission from Chair

The Company Secretary informed the Chair that the Quorum is Complete1 and requested to proceed.

Presentation of Resolutions

The Company Secretary proceeded with the resolutions as per the pre-circulated agenda sent to the members through the notice dated November 03, 2021.

¹ Annexure - A



Ordinary Business

- 1. To confirm the minutes of last Annual General Meeting held on November 27, 2020 and last Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on December 09, 2020.
 - a. The company secretary read out the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on November 27, 2020 and Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on December 09, 2020 and requested the members for their approval.
- b. After discussions, the following resolution was unanimously passed by the house,

"Resolved that the minutes of last Annual General Meeting held on November 27, 2020 and last Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on December 09, 2020 be and are hereby approved".

- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Stand alone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited for the financial year ended June 30, 2021 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
 - a. The Stand alone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company were presented and members were invited to discuss.
 - b. The members asked various questions on the financial statements and the general functioning of the Company.
 - c. The Chairman of the meeting responded to the comments of the members and provided satisfactory and detailed responses.
 - d. After due discussion and on receiving satisfactory responses, the following resolution was passed by the house:

"Resolved that the Stand alone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited for the financial year ended June 30, 2021 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon are duly adopted."

To appoint auditors for the ensuing year ending June 30, 2022 and fix their remuneration, EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants retire and M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman being eligible have offered themselves for appointment.

The following resolution was unanimously approved by the house:

"Resolved that EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants retire and M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, be and are hereby appointed as the statutory auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2022".

"Further resolved that CFO & Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby authorized to sign necessary documents, proposal and engagement letters etc. necessary for appointment of M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman as auditors for the year ending June 30, 2022".

Vote of Thanks

There being no other item on agenda, the meeting concluded with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

Sd/-	Sd/-
Chairman	Company Secretary



Annexure-A

Attendees and Proxy Shareholders in the Annual General Meeting 2021

	SHAREHOLDERS	REPRESENTING SHARES
TOTAL	7,564	299,938,830
PRESENT IN PERSON OR BY PROXY	12	80,109,510



Minutes of Extra Ordinary General Meeting Al Shaheer Corporation Limited

Wednesday December 09, 2020

The Extra Ordinary Annual General Meeting of AlShaheer Corporation Limited ("Company") was held on Wednesday, December 09, 2020 at 10:00 a.m. at Zoom Video Communications.

The proceedings of the meeting started with a welcome note to the shareholders by the Company Secretary.

Recitation

The proceedings began with recitation of verses from the Holy Quran.

Permission from Chair

The Company Secretary informed the Chair that the Quorum is Complete 1 and requested to proceed.

Presentation of Resolutions

The Company Secretary proceeded with the resolutions as per the pre-circulated agenda sent to the members through the notice dated November 17, 2020.

¹ Annexure - A



Special Business

1. To consider and if thought fit approve an increase in the authorized share capital of the Company and for this purpose pass the following special resolution, with or without any amendments and to approve the consequent amendments in the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, subject to requisite approvals, if any:

"RESOLVED THAT the authorized share capital of the company be and is hereby increased from Rs. 2,000,000,000 (Rupees Two Thousand Million Only) divided into

200,000,000 (Two Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares at Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each to Rs. 3,000,000,000 (Rupees Three Billion Only) divided into 300,000,000 (Three Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each ranking pari passu in every respect with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, in consequence of the said increase in the Authorized Share Capital of the Company, the existing Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company and Article [4] of the Articles of Association of the Company be and hereby replaced accordingly, to read as follows;

Clause V of the Memorandum of Association

The Authorized capital of the Company is Rs. 3,000,000,000 (Rupees Three Billion Only) divided into 300,000,000 (Three Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten) each with power to increase the capital or any portion thereof and to consolidate, reorganize or alter the share capital of the Company; and to divide and/or sub-divide whole or any part of its share capital into several classes as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company or subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017.

Article [4] of the Article of Association

The Authorized capital of the Company is Rs. 3,000,000,000 (Rupees Three Billion Only) divided into 300,000,000 (Three Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten) each with



power to increase the capital or any portion thereof and to consolidate, reorganize or alter the share capital of the Company; and to divide and/or sub-divide whole or any part of its share capital into several classes as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company or subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby singly authorized to take all necessary steps and execute documents including legal and corporate formalities and file all requisite documents with Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of giving effect to the spirit and intent of the above resolutions."

"Resolved that the increase in the authorized share capital of the Company and amendments in the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company be and are hereby approved."

Vote of Thanks

There being no other item on agenda, the meeting concluded with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

Sd/-	Sd/-
Chairman	Company Secretary

Annexure-A

Attendees and Proxy Shareholders in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting 2020

	SHAREHOLDERS	REPRESENTING SHARES
TOTAL	5,589	199,959,220
PRESENT IN PERSON OR BY PROXY	11	52,248,850



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