

Half Yearly Report December, 2022

Janana De Malucho Textile Mills Limited

CONTENTS

	Pages
COMPANY'S PROFILE	1
DIRECTORS' REPORT (English & اُرُوو)	2-6
AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT	7
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	8
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS & OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	9
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	10
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	11
NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	12-21

COMPANY'S PROFILE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS MR. AHMAD KULI KHAN KHATTAK Chairman

LT. GEN. (RETD.) ALI KULI KHAN KHATTAK Chief Executive

LT. GEN. (RETD.) ALI KULI KHAN KHATTAK MRS. SHAHNAZ SAJJAD AHMAD

MR. GOHAR AYUB KHAN DR. SHAHIN KULI KHAN

BRIG. (RETD.) ABDUL SAMAD KHAN COL. (RETD.) SYED YUNUS ALI RAZA

AUDIT COMMITTEE BRIG. (RETD.) ABDUL SAMAD KHAN Chairman

MR. AHMAD KULI KHAN KHATTAK Member COL. (RETD.) SYED YUNUS ALI RAZA Member

HUMAN RESOURCE & COL. (RETD.) SYED YUNUS ALI RAZA Chairman

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE LT. GEN. (RETD.) ALI KULI KHAN KHATTAK Chief Executive /

MR. AHMAD KULI KHAN KHATTAK Member MRS. SHAHNAZ SAJJAD AHMAD Member

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER MR. AMIN-UR-RASHEED

B. Com. (Hons.) FICS

Sr. Gen. Manager Finance & Corporate Affairs

COMPANY SECRETARY MR. ABID RAZA, M.(Accounting & Finance), APFA

HEAD OF INTERNAL AUDIT MR. BILAWAL IRSHAD, CIA(Pak)

AUDITORS SHINEWING HAMEED CHAUDHRI & CO., Chartered Accountant

BANKERS NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN

THE BANK OF KHYBER

PAK OMAN INVESTMENT COMPANY LTD.

BANK ALFALAH LIMITED MEEZAN BANK LIMITED

HABIB METROPOLITAN BANK LTD.

LEGAL ADVISOR HASSAN & HASSAN (ADVOCATES)

PAAF BUILDING, 7 D, KASHMIR ROAD, LAHORE

TAX CONSULTANTS M. NAWAZ KHAN & CO.

GROUND FLOOR, FARRAH CENTRE, 2-MOZZANG ROAD,

LAHORE

REGISTRARS & VISION CONSULTING LIMITED

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DIRECTORS' REVIEW REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Directors' Review along with the condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the 2nd quarter & half year ended 31st December 2022, duly reviewed by the External Auditors.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial results of the Company for the review period and their comparison with the corresponding period of last year are tabulated below:

	Quarter		Half		
	End	ded	Year Ended		
	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Rs. in millions				
Sales-net	1,520.466	1,989.682	3,371.087	3,550.687	
Gross profit	87.115	284.253	258.525	419.468	
Profit from operations	79.706	246.405	205.919	351.646	
(Loss) / profit before taxation	(12.901)	220.370	44.462	309.448	
(Loss) / profit after taxation	(42.783)	133.989	(1.679)	206.808	
	Rupees				
(Loss) / Earnings per share	(6.19)	28.00	(0.24)	43.22	

During the period under review, the turnover of the Company has decreased by Rs.179.600 million as compared to the previous period. Main reason of decline in turnover is decrease in sale quantity due to unfavorable market conditions. Further, the Company, in the period under review, has earned profit before tax amounting to Rs.44.462 million and loss after tax of Rs.1.679 million in comparison with profit before tax amounting to Rs.309.448 million and profit after tax amounting to Rs.206.808 million respectively, in the previous comparative period. Main reasons of loss are the increase in raw material cost due to unprecedented devaluation of Pak Rupee viz a viz US Dollar, increase in power & fuel cost and impairment on investment in an associated company amounting Rs.28.101 million.

GENERAL MARKET CONDITIONS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

The country is facing a major economic crisis. After the fallout from the deadly floods of last fall and an ever-turbulent political scene, the World Bank has revised the country's growth projections from 4 percent in June last year to 2 percent for the current fiscal year, citing "precarious economic situation, low foreign exchange reserves and large fiscal deficit" among the primary reasons.

During the current financial year, Pakistan's economic landscape has taken a very drastic turn. The unprecedented increase in US Dollar exchange rate has led to historical rise in inflation which is prevailing at 27.6% in January, 2023 as compared to 13% in January, 2022. The State Bank of Pakistan has increased the key policy rate to over 25-year high at 17%, in the name of controlling the rise in inflation. But this increase is going to destroy the financial resources of companies and eat up all their earnings.

During the period under report, the restriction on import of cotton has been a major concern of the textile industry. Banks have not been opening LCs or retiring cotton imports. The industry is running out of cotton stocks and as consequence mills have either shut down or are close to shut down in the near future. However, as the government scrambles to save every dollar amid a severe foreign exchange crunch, experts have raised the alarm that cotton is needed to be

imported as its production has fallen short of the target. Therefore, in order to meet the gap between demand and production, the Country will have to import around seven million bales of cotton to meet the needs of local textile industries.

The Govt. has also notified a substantial hike in energy prices which can be said to be the "last nail in the coffin" of the ailing textile industry of the country in general and the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) textile industry in particular. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Textile Mills Association (KPTMA) has said in a statement that the withdrawal of regionally competitive energy tariff of Rs.19.99/kWh and a gas tariff of Rs.852/MMBTU for gas will result in complete closure of textile industry of KP.

The export-oriented textile industry would be badly hit due to reversal in policy of the already committed energy tariff. KPTMA further said that 60 percent of the industry was already closed and the remaining 40 percent would be closed due to that act of government. The textile industry would lose all export orders due to higher cost as compared to the regional competitions and due to increase in energy prices for which industry was not ready at all.

The export-oriented textile industry is the largest job provider and earning much needed billions of US dollars annually. However, due to high energy prices, the textile industry will not only lose their market share in the international market but it will lead to closure of many units because the higher costs of electricity and gas directly hurt export-oriented textile industry as they are the key inputs in the production.

In addition to continuously increasing inflation, the unprecedented rise in energy prices will reduce real GDP and productivity. Higher energy prices have contributed to painfully high inflation, forced factories to curtail output or even shut down and slowed economic growth to the point that the Country is heading towards severe recession.

Despite the above-mentioned challenges, the Company is determined to endeavor towards minimizing the negative impacts and strives to explore opportunities to serve its stakeholders by providing them sustainable growth.

COMMENTS ON "EMPHASIS OF MATTER" PARAGRAPH IN THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Company has not made provisions against the levy of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) because the Company, after the decision of the Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) dated 13-08-2020 and its judgment of the review petition dated 02-11-2020, has challenged the levy of GIDC in the Peshawar High Court (PHC) 2015 in the ambit of the exemption in line with the proviso of Section 8(2) of the GIDC Act, 2015. However, PHC, vide its judgment dated June 15, 2022, has dismissed the petition filed by KP Textile Mills Association and Others, observing that while exercising jurisdiction vested under article 199 of the Constitution, the PHC can neither enter into factual controversies nor decide disputed questions of facts. The PHC, however, has allowed the Petitioners to approach a competent court of law having jurisdiction in the matter.

The Company and Babri Cotton Mills Ltd. (BCM - has been merged with the Company w.e.f. 04 February, 2022), during July, 2022, have filed civil suits before the Court of Senior Civil Judge, Peshawar (the Court) praying the Court to declare that the Company and BCM have not passed on the burden of GIDC to end consumers and are entitled to the benefit / exemption under section 8 (2) of the GIDC Act, 2015, which inter alia states that:

"(2) Where any cess referred to in sub-section (1) has not been paid or realized before the coming into force of this Act or if so paid or realized, has been refunded to or adjusted against other fees or taxes or charges payable by the gas consumers or the company, the same shall be recoverable in accordance with the provisions of this Act:

<u>Provided that the said cess shall not be collected from industrial sector</u> excluding Fertilizer Fuel Stock, mentioned at S.No. 3 of the Second Schedule to both the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Act, 2011 (XXI of 2011) and the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Ordinance, 2014 (VI of 2014), <u>if it has not been collected by it</u>"

The Court has granted a stay order against recovery of GIDC, because the Company, being a spinning unit and producing raw material for weaving sector has not passed on burden of GIDC to its customers. The yarn market is not a regulated market i.e., textile units are price takers not the price makers, therefore, spinning sector could not add GIDC in their prices and certainly has not collected the same from its customers

The case is pending adjudication and the lawyers of the Company have said that our case is very strong and valid, so we are hopeful that the decision of the Court will be in favour of the Company and the spinning industry.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board places on record its appreciation for the support of its bankers who have constantly facilitated the Company in financially difficult times and to all other stakeholders in their ongoing support to the Company. The hard work and diligence of the Company's senior management and the production workers is also commendable. We look forward to same dedication and cooperation from them in the future as well.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Col. (Retd) Syed Yunus Ali Raza
Director

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Lt. Gen. (Retd.) Ali Kuli Khan Khattak Chief Executive Officer

for the Kling

Dated: February 28, 2023

ڈائر یکٹرز کا جائزہ

بورڈ آفڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب ہے، 31 دعبر **2022 چ**ھاہ کی ختم ہونے والی مدت پر کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز کے نظر خانی شدہ مالیاتی رپورٹ پٹی کرنے میں خوجی محسوں کرتے ہیں۔ کارکردگی کا جائزہ

ہم آپ کو بتاتے ہوئے خوثی محسوں کرتے ہیں کہ آپ کی مہینی کی مالیاتی بنائج کی اہم جھلکیاں مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔

ائریدش کے بعد منافع 258.525 284.253 87.115 گوری منافع 351.646 205.919 246.405 79.706 گریس کے بعد منافع 309.448 44.462 220.370 (12.901) گئیس کے بہلے (فقصان) امنافع (1.679) 133.989 (42.783) گئیس کی بعد (فقصان) امنافع (206.808 (1.679) 133.989		ـــــمه ما	چو مانک چو مانک		
3,550.687 3,371.087 1,989.682 1,520.466 عبر رئ منافع 419.468 258.525 284.253 87.115 عبر رئ منافع 351.646 205.919 246.405 79.706 ترکیش کے بعد منافع 44.462 220.370 (12.901) کیکس سے پہلے (نقصان) امنافع 44.462 (205.808 (1.679) 133.989 (42.783)		31وتبر 2022	31 دنمبر 2021	31 ديمبر 2022	31 د کبر 2021
ائریدش کے بعد منافع 258.525 284.253 87.115 گوری منافع 351.646 205.919 246.405 79.706 گریس کے بعد منافع 309.448 44.462 220.370 (12.901) گئیس کے بہلے (فقصان) امنافع (1.679) 133.989 (42.783) گئیس کی بعد (فقصان) امنافع (206.808 (1.679) 133.989			روپے ملب	بن ميں ۔۔۔۔۔۔	
351.646 205.919 246.405 79.706 أو يَشْنُ كَ بعد منافَعُ 309.448 44.462 220.370 (12.901) كيُّل سَدِ بِهِ النِّفان) امنافع (1.679) 133.989 (42.783) يُكِي كَدِيود (نَفْصان) امنافع (42.783)	فروخت	1,520.466	1,989.682	3,371.087	3,550.687
309.448 44.462 220.370 (12.901) كيكس <u>- پيلي</u> (نقصان) امنافع (206.808 (1.679) 133.989 (42.783) كيكس كيبيعد (نقصان) امنافع (ي	عبورى منافع	87.115	284.253	258.525	419.468
مين كيبعد (نقصان) امنافع (42.783) 133.989 (42.783) يكس كيبعد (نقصان) امنافع	آ پریشن کے بعد منافع	79.706	246.405	205.919	351.646
	ٹیکس سے پہلے(نقصان) ا منافع	(12.901)	220.370	44.462	309.448
*	ئىكس كىيعد (نقصان) <i>ا</i> منافع	(42.783)	133.989	(1.679)	206.808
(نقصان)/ آمدنی فی شیئر (6.19) 28.00 (6.19)			,,	پ۔۔۔۔۔پ	
	(نقصان) <i>ا</i> آمدنی فی شیئر	(6.19)	28.00	(0.24)	43.22

زیرجائزہ مدت کے دوران بمپنی کے کاروبار میں گزشتہ مدت کے مقابلے میں 179.600 ملین روپے کی کی واقع ہوئی ہے۔ مارکیٹ کے ناموافق حالات کی وجہ سے پپنی کی فروخت کی مقدار میں کی ہوئی ہے۔ مزید بمپنی نے مزیر جائزہ مدت میں بالتر تیب 44.462 ملین روپے کائیں ہے۔ بھی اور 1.679 ملین روپے کائیس کے بعد نقصان ہوا ہے۔ مزید میں بھی ان اے جب کی مزید میں بھی بھی ہوئی ہوئی ہوئی ہوئی ہوئی امریکی وجہ بات میں خام مال کی لاگت میں اضافہ ہے۔ بھی کہ اوپ کی امریکی والرکے مقابلے کینی میں مرابیکار کی وجہ سے 101.20 میں دوپے کا نقصان ہیں شامل ہے۔ فیر معمولی قدر میں کی بھی اورایڈ میں اضافہ اور مسلک کینی میں سامل خاور مسلک کینی میں سرما ہیکار کی وجہ سے 28.101 میں دوپے کا نقصان ہی شامل ہے۔

عمومی مارکیٹ کی حالت اور مستقبل کا نظریہ

ملک وایک بڑے معاثی بحران کا سامنا ہے۔ گزشتہ موتم خزال کے مہلک سیلاب کے نتیجے میں آنے والے فقصانات اور ہمیشہ ہنگامہ خیز سیاسی منظرنا مے کے بعد، عالمی بینک نے ملک کی شرح نمو کے تخیینے کو گزشتہ سال جون می**ں 4** فیصد سے تم کر کے رواں ہالی سال کے لیے 2 فیصد کر دیا ہے ، جس کا حوالہ دیتے ہوئے کہا گیا ہے کہ "معاثی حالات کی خرابی ، کم زرمبادلہ کے ذخائزاور بڑے مالیاتی خسارے بنیاد کی وجہ ماہ میں شامل میں

رواں مالی سال کے دوران پاکستان کے معاشی منظرنا سے نے انتہائی تخت رخ اختیار کیا ہے۔ اسر کی ڈالر کی شرح مبادلہ میں غیر معمولی اضافے سے مہدگائی میں تاریخی اضافیہ ہوا ہے جو چنوری 2022 میں 17 فیصد کے مقاطح میں جنوری 2023 میں 27.6 فیصد پر آگئی ہے۔ سٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے مہدگائی میں اضافے کو کنفرول کرنے کے لئے گزشتہ 25 سال کے مقاطح میں بلندترین شرح 77 فیصد مقرر کی ہے۔ لیکن بداضافہ کمپنیوں کے مالی وسائل کوتیاہ کردے گا اوران کی ساری کمائی کھا جائے گا۔

موجودہ رپورٹ کی مدت کے ختم ہونے کے دوران کیاس کی درآ مدیر پابندی ٹیکٹائل انڈسٹری کی ایک بڑی پریشانی رہی ہے۔ بینک ندتو ایل ی کھول رہے ہیں اور مذہ ی کیاس کی درآ مدکو ختم کررہے ہیں۔ مکلی صنعت میں کیاس کا ذخیرہ ختم ہورہا ہے اور اس کے بنتیے میں ملیس یا تو بندہ ہو چک ہیں یا مستقبل قریب میں بند ہونے کے قریب ہیں۔ تاہم ، جب حکومت غیر ملکی زر رمبادلہ کے شدید برخزان کے درمیان ہر ڈالرکو ۔ بچانے کے لیے جدوجہد کررہ بی ہے، ماہرین نے خطرے کی تھنٹی بجادی ہے کہ کیاس درآ مدکر نے کی ضرورت ہے کیونکہ موجودہ سال میں اس کی پیدادار ہوف ہے کم ہوئی ہے۔ اس لیے اس کی طلب اور پیدادار کے درمیان فرق کا پیوراکرنے کے لیک کو کیاس کی تقریباً 70 ان کھڑ تھیں درآ مدکر نی ہوں گی تاکہ مقامی ٹیکٹائل صنعتوں کی ضرور بیات پوری ہوکئیں۔

حکومت نے توانائی کی قیمتوں میں خاطر خواہ اصافے کی اطلاع بھی دی ہے جے ملک کی بالعموم اور بالحضوص خیبر پختونخواہ کی ٹیکسٹائل انڈسٹری کے لیے "تابوت میں آخری کیل" کہا جاسکتا ہے۔ خیبر پختونخوا ٹیکسٹائل ملز ایسوی ایشن (کے پی ٹی ایم اے) نے ایک بیان میں کہا ہے کہ حکومت 19.99 روپے ٹی کلوواٹ ٹی گھنٹہ کے ملاقائی مسابقتی توانائی ٹیرف اورگیس کے لیے 852روپے ٹی ایم ایم بی ٹی مور پے نہدہ وجائے گی۔ گیس ٹیرف کووائیس لیننے کی سفارش کی ہے تواس کے نتیجے میں کے پی کی ٹیکسٹائل انڈسٹری کمکس طور پر بندہ وجائے گی۔

پہلے سے طے شدہ اوانائی ٹیرف کی پالیسی میں ردوبدل کی وجہ سے ایکسپورٹ پرٹنی ٹیکٹائل انڈ سڑی پر کاطرح متاثر ہوگی۔ کے پی ٹی ایم اے نے مزید کہا کہ **60 فیصد**انڈ سڑی پہلے ہی بند **تھی اور باتی 40 فیصد** حکومت کے اس عمل کی وجہ سے بند ہوجائے گی۔ علاقائی مقابلوں کے مقابلے زیادہ الاگست اور توانائی کی قیمتوں میں اضافے کی وجہ سے ٹیکٹائل انڈسٹری تمام برآمدی آرڈرز کھودے گی جس سے لیے انڈسٹری بالکل تیازئیس ہے۔

برآ مدات برپٹی ٹیکٹاکل کی صنعت سب سے بڑی ملازمت فراہم کرنے والی صنعت ہے اور سالاندار بوں امریکی ڈالر کماتی ہے۔ تاہم ، توانائی کی اونچی قیمتوں کی وجہ سے ، ٹیکٹاکل کی صنعت ندصرف بین الاقوامی

مارکٹ میں اپنامارکیٹ شیئر تھودے گی بلکداس سے بہت سے نویٹس بند ہوجا کیں گے کیونکہ بخلیا اور گیس کی زیادہ قبیتوں سے براہ راست برآ مدات پربٹی ٹیکسٹائل انڈسٹری کونقصان پہنچتا ہے۔ کیونکہ میر لاگٹ میں اہم جزر کھتی ہے۔

مہنگائی میں مسلسل اضافے کےعلاوہ ، توانائی کی قیمتوں میں غیر معمولی اضافہ کی وجہ ہے حقیقی جی ڈی پی اور پیداواری صلاحیت کو کم کرےگا۔ توانائی کی بلندقیتوں نے تکلیف دہ طور پر مہنگائی کےاضافہ میں حصہ ڈالا ہے، کارخانوں کو پیداوارکم کرنے یا یہاں تک کہ بندکرنے پر مجبور کیا ہے اور معاشی ترقی کواس مقام تک سے کردیا ہے کہ

ندکورہ بالا چیلنجوں کے باوجود، کمپنی منفی اثرات کو کم کرنے کی کوشش کرنے کے لیے پرعزم ہاوراپنے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کو پائیدارتر قی فراہم کر کے ان کی خدمت کےمواقع علاش کرنے کی کوشش کرتی ہے۔

آ ڈیٹر کی رپورٹ میں دیئے گئے اعتراض کا جواب

سمپنی اور بی می ایم (بابری کاش ملزلیمییٹا ۔ جو کہ فمروری 2022 کو کمپنی میں ضم ہوچکل ہے) نے جولائی، 2022 کے دوران بینئرسول نٹج نیٹا در کی عدالت میں کیس دائر کیے ہیں اورعدالت سے درخواست کی ہے کہ دووییا علان کرے کہ کمپنی اور بی میں ایم نے اپنے صارفین پر بی آئی ڈی می کے بوچھوکٹییں ڈالا ۔ بی آئی ڈی می ایک ، 2015 کے سیشن 8(2) کے تحت فاکدہ میچھوٹ کا حقدار ہے، جس میں دیگر باتوں کے ساتھ ہی کہا گیا ہے کہ:

(2) جہاں ذیلی دفعہ (1) میں حوالہ دیا گیا کوئی بھی سیس اس ایکٹ کے نافذ ہونے سے پہلے اوانہیں کیا گیا یا اس کی وصوفی نہیں کا ٹی ہے یا آگرادا کی گئی ہے یا وصول کیا جائے گئی ہے تواسے والپس کر دیا گیا ہے یا دیگر فیصوں یا نگیسوں یا ادائیگیوں کے مقابلے میں ایٹر جسٹ کیا گیا ہے کیس صارفین ریا کھڑی کے ذریعہ اس ایکٹ کی دفعات کے مطابق وصول کیا جائے گا:

بشرطیکہ فدکورہ سیس صنعتی شعبے سے جن نہیں کیا جائے گا سوائے فرٹیلائزر فیول اشاک کے، جس کا ذکرالیں نمبر۳، دوسرے شیڈول جو کہ دونوں گیس انفراسٹر کچرڈو ملپہنٹ سیس ایک نا 2011 (2011 کا XX) اور گیس انفراسٹر کیمرڈ ویلپہنٹ میس آرڈیننس ، 2014 (2014) میں ہے۔

عدالت نے جی آئی ڈی می کی ریکوری کے خلاف تھم امتنا می جاری کیا ہے، کیونکہ کپنی ، ایک سپٹنگ بینٹ ہونے کے نامے اور و بیٹ کیلئر کے لیے خام مال تیار کرتی ہے، اس نے بی آئی ڈی می کا ابوجھا پنے صارفین پڑمیں ڈالا۔ یارن مارکیٹ ریٹویس کی آئی ڈی می شال ٹہیں کر کا اور نظینی طور سرائی نے سارفین سے وصول ٹہیں کیا ہے۔ پراس نے اپنے صارفین سے وصول ٹہیں کیا ہے۔

کیس زیرالتوا ہے اور کمپنی کے وکا اے نے کہا ہے کہ ہمارا کیس بہت مضبوط اور درست ہے ،اس لیے ہمیں امید ہے کہ عدالت کا فیصلہ کمپنی اور اسپنگ انڈسٹری کے فق میں آئے گا۔

اعتراف

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر رسپنی کے بینکاروں کی قدر کرتا ہے جو کمسلسلسکینی کی مالی مشکلات میں بروقت مدر کرتے ہیں۔اسکےعلاوہ کمپنی کی انتظامیا اور کارکنوں کی محت کو بےمثال مشکل حالات میں بہتر نہا گئے حاصل کرنے برشاباش دیتا ہے۔اورام میدکرتا ہے کمستقبل میں تمام کارکنان ای کگئن اور محت ہے کام کرتے رہیں گے۔

سمینی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے

تاریخ:28 فروری 2023

لمن محمد مل المسلم المالي الم

Independent Auditors' Review Report to the Members of Janana De Malucho Textile Mills Limited

Report on Review of Interim Financial Statements

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of **Janana De Malucho Textile Mills Limited** (the Company) as at December 31, 2022 and the related condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity, and condensed interim statement of cash flows, and notes to the condensed interim financial statements for the six months period then ended (here-in-after referred to as "interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review.

The figures of the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the quarters ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022 have not been reviewed, as we are required to review only the cumulative figures for the six months period ended December 31, 2022.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to note 17.4 to the interim financial statements, which describes the matter regarding non-provisioning of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess aggregating Rs.648.175 million demanded by Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. Our review report is not modified in respect of this matter.

The engagement partner on the review resulting in this independent auditors' review report is Nafees ud din.

LAHORE; February 28, 2023

UDIN: RR202210195R6175KJYa

ShineWingHomed Choudhi & CO., SHINEWING HAMEED CHAUDHRI & CO., CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2022

Assets Non-current assets	Note	Dec. 31, 2022 Un-audited Rupees in t	June 30, 2022 Audited thousand
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Investments in an Associated Company Loans to employees Security deposits	5 6 7	7,645,849 1,170 45,547 1,085 14,346 7,707,997	7,674,209 0 68,691 873 14,346 7,758,119
Current assets Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts - unsecured, considered good Advances to employees Advance payments Trade deposits and prepayments	8	103,308 1,509,158 53,304 1,904 31,264 88,970	118,411 1,822,914 9,607 2,219 23,013 75,876
Other receivables Income tax refundable, advance tax and tax deducted at source Cash and bank balances		1,718 163,987 74,306 2,027,919	3,513 208,884 17,169 2,281,606
Total assets Equity and liabilities		9,735,916	10,039,725
Equity	40	4 000 000	450.000
Authorised capital Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	10	1,000,000 69,158	450,000 69,158
Treasury shares Capital reserves		(3,410)	(3,410)
capital redemptiontax holidayshare premiummerger reserve		6,694 350 11,409 5,350	6,694 350 11,409 5,350
 revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves general reserve 	11	5,071,834 371,530	5,124,591 371,530
- unappropriated profit		1,087,075	1,035,997
Shareholders' equity Liabilities Non-current liabilities		6,619,990	6,621,669
Long term finances	12	167,310	263,616
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Deferred taxation	13	107,446 631,189	104,794 623,960
Deserted taxation		905,945	992.370
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividends Accrued mark-up	14	732,285 2,715 41,656	865,347 2,715 52,215
Short term finances Current portion of non-current liabilities	15	1,264,071	1,346,760
Taxation	16	125,924 42,139	60,285 97,173
Preference shares redemption account		1,191	1,191
		2,209,981	2,425,686
Total liabilities Contingencies and commitments	17	3,115,926	3,418,056
Total equity and liabilities		9,735,916	10,039,725

The annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Lt. Gen (Retd)
Ali Kuli Khan Khattak
Chief Executive

Col. (Retd) Syed Yunus Ali Raza

Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income (Un-audited) For the Quarter and Six Months Period Ended December 31, 2022

		Quarter ended		Six months period ended		
	N	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	
	Note	2022	2021	2022 s in thousand -	2021	
			•			
Sales - net	18	1,520,466	1,989,682	3,371,087	3,550,687	
Cost of sales	19	1,433,351	1,705,429	3,112,562	3,131,219	
Gross profit		87,115	284,253	258,525	419,468	
Distribution cost	20	12,768	16,054	30,005	25,664	
Administrative expenses		25,502	22,310	53,518	42,705	
Other expenses	21	4,845	43	4,845	43	
Other income	22	(35,706)	(559)	(35,762)	(590)	
		7,409	37,848	52,606	67,822	
Profit from operations		79,706	246,405	205,919	351,646	
Finance cost	23	69,463	28,116	138,313	44,279	
		10,243	218,289	67,606	307,367	
Share of profit of an Associated						
Company (2021: Associated Companies) - net	7	4,957	2,081	4,957	2,081	
Impairment loss on investments i	n	, , ,				
an Associated Company		(28,101)	0	(28,101)	0	
		(23,144)	2,081	(23,144)	2,081	
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(12,901)	220,370	44,462	309,448	
Taxation						
- current	16	22,627	75,155	42,139	94,667	
- prior year	16	(3,227)	13,571	(3,227)	13,571	
- deferred		10,482	(2,345)	7,229	(5,598)	
		29,882	86,381	46,141	102,640	
(Loss) / profit after taxation		(42,783)	133,989	(1,679)	206,808	
Other comprehensive income		0	0	0	0	
Total comprehensive (loss) / inco for the period	me	(42,783)	133,989	(1,679)	206,808	
			Ru	pees		
(Loss) / earnings per share		(6.19)	28.00	(0.24)	43.22	

The annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Lt. Gen (Retd)
Ali Kuli Khan Khattak
Chief Executive

Col. (Retd) Syed Yunus Ali Raza Director

Condensed Interim Statement of Changes in Equity (Un-audited) For the Six Months Period Ended December 31, 2022

	Reserves									
				. (Capital			Rev	/enue	
	Share capital	Treas- ury shares	Capital redemp- tion	Tax holiday	Share premium	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	Merger reserve	General	Unappr- opriated profit	Total
					Rupees	in thousand -				
Balance as at June 30, 2022 (audited)	69,158	(3,410)	6,694	350	11,409	5,124,591	5,350	371,530	1,035,997	6,621,669
Total comprehensive income for the period of six months ended December 31, 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,679)	(1,679)
Transfer from revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment on account of incremental depreciation for the period - net of deferred taxation	0	0	0	0	0	(18,801)	0	0	18,801	0
Share of revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment of an Associated Company	0	0	0	0	0	(33,956)	0	0	33,956	0
Balance as at December 31, 2022 (un-audited)	69,158	(3,410)	6,694	350	11,409	5,071,834	5,350	371,530	1,087,075	6,619,990
Balance as at June 30, 2022 (audited)	47,848	0	6,694	350	11,409	2,353,716	0	371,530	718,568	3,510,115
Total comprehensive income for the period of six months ended December 31, 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	206,808	206,808
Transfer from revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment on account of incremental depreciation for the period - net of deferred taxation	0	0	0	0	0	(9,527)	0	0	9,527	0
Share of revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment of Associated Companies	0	0	0	0	0	(1,452)	0	0	0	(1,452)
Effect of items directly credited in equity by Associated Companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(629)	(629)
Balance as at December 31, 2021 (un-audited)	47,848	0	6,694	350	11,409	2,342,737	0	371,530	934,274	3,714,842

The annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Lt. Gen (Retd)
Ali Kuli Khan Khattak
Chief Executive

Col. (Retd) Syed Yunus Ali Raza Director

Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows (Un-audited) For the Six Months Period Ended December 31, 2022

	Six months per Dec. 31, 2022 (Rupees in	Dec. 31, 2021
Cash flows from operating activities	(Rupees III	tilousaliuj
Profit for the period - before taxation and share of profit		
on investments in an Associated Company		
(2021: Associated Companies)	67,606	307,367
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:		
Depreciation on operating fixed assets	81,337	40,548
Amortisation on intangible assets	130	0
Depreciation on right of use assets	426	1,189
Gain on sale of plant & machinery and vehicle	(307)	(552)
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity (net)	2,652	6,842
Receivable balances written-off	4,845	0
Payable balances written-back	(34,448)	0
Finance cost	138,313	44,279
Profit before working capital changes	260,554	399,673
Effect on cash flows due to working capital changes (Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
Stores, spares and loose tools	15,103	(62,286)
Stock-in-trade	313,756	(506,019)
Trade debts	(48,542)	(48,037)
Loans and advances to employees	103	(184)
Advance payments	(8,251)	6,987
Trade deposits and prepayments	(13,094)	(107,551)
Due from Associated Company	0	(676)
Other receivables	1,795	(364)
(Decrease) / increase in trade and other payables	(98,823)	110,004
,	162,047	(608,126)
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	422,601	(208,453)
Taxes paid	(49,049)	(67,118)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	373,552	(275,571)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Fixed capital expenditure	(54,229)	(177,326)
Sale proceeds of plant & machinery and vehicle	1,133	600
Net cash used in investing activities	(53,096)	(176,726)
Cash flows from financing activities	, , ,	, ,
Lease liabilities	(1,091)	(1,753)
Long term finances - net	(30,667)	(283)
Short term finances - net	(82,689)	484,391
Finance cost paid	(148,872)	(30,924)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	(263,319)	451,431
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	57,137	(866)
Cash and cash equivalents - at beginning of the period	17,169	18,886
Cash and cash equivalents - at end of the period	74,306	18,020
The annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed int		

The annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Lt. Gen (Retd)
Ali Kuli Khan Khattak
Chief Executive

Col. (Retd) Syed Yunus Ali Raza Director

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Un-audited) For the Six Months Period Ended December 31, 2022

1. Legal status and operations

Janana De Malucho Textile Mills Ltd. (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a Public Company in the year 1960 under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and its shares are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Ltd. The Company is principally engaged in manufacture and sale of yarn. The Company's mills and its registered office are located at Habibabad, Kohat.

As fully detailed in note 1.2 to the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022, Babri Cotton Mills Ltd. was merged / amalgamated into the Company with effect from February 04, 2022.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, 'Interim financial reporting', issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

- 2.2 These condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended June 30, 2022. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to the understanding of the changes in the Company's financial position and performance since the last annual audited financial statements.
- 2.3 These condensed interim financial statements are un-audited and are being submitted to the members as required by section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017. The figures for the six months period ended December 31, 2022 have, however, been subjected to limited scope review by the external Auditors.

2.4 Basis of measurement

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the Company's liability under defined benefit plan (gratuity), which is determined on the present value of defined benefit obligations determined by an independent actuary and property, plant and equipment at revalued amounts assessed by an independent valuer.

2.5 Functional and presentation currency

These condensed interim financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

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3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted for the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of audited financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended June 30, 2022.

- 3.1 Initial application of standards, amendments or an interpretation to existing standards
- a) Standards, amendments and interpretations to accounting standards that are effective in the current period

There were certain amendments to accounting and reporting standards which became mandatory for the Company during the period. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial reporting and, therefore, have not been detailed in these condensed interim financial statements.

b) Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

There are certain amendments to the accounting and reporting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2023. However, these amendments will not have any significant impact on the financial reporting of the Company and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these condensed interim financial statements.

- 4. Accounting estimates and judgements
- **4.1** The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.
- 4.2 In preparing these condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

			Un-audited Dec. 31, 2022	Audited June 30, 2022
5.	Property, plant and equipment	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
	Operating fixed assets - tangible	5.1	7,579,842	7,625,994
	Capital work-in-progress	5.2	66,007	43,107
	Right of use assets	5.3	0	5,108
			7,645,849	7,674,209
5.1	Operating fixed assets - tangible			
	Book value as at June 30, 2022		7,625,994	
	Additions made during the period:			
	- plant & machinery		19,756	
	- vehicles		11,573	
	- transfer from right of use assets		4,682	
			36,011	
	Book value of plant & machinery and vehicle sold		(826)	
	Depreciation charge for the period		(81,337)	
	Book value as at December 31, 2022		7,579,842	

Un-audited

Audited

5.2 Period end balance included Rs.22.899 million being advances made to Ghandhara Nissan Ltd. (an Associated Company) against purchase of vehicles.

		Un-audited Dec. 31, 2022 (Rupees in thousand)
5.3	Right of use assets	
	Book value as at June 30, 2022	5,108
	Depreciation charge for the period	(426)
	Transferred to property, plant and equipment during the period	(4,682)
	Book value as at December 31, 2022	0
6.	Intangible assets (ERP software)	
	Addition during the period	1,300
	Amortisation charge for the period	(130)
		1,170
7.	Investments in an Associated Company - Quoted	
	Bannu Woollen Mills Ltd. (BWM)	
	Carrying value of 731,626 shares of Rs.10 each before recognition of impairment loss as at June 30, 2022 Shareholding held: 7.70%	282,381
	Profit for the period - net of taxation	4,957
	Training the parious materials and an arrangement of the parious materials and the parious mater	
	Less: impairment loss:	287,338
	- balance as at June 30, 2022	(213,690)
	- loss recognised during the period	(28,101)
	issa isaagiiisaa aanng alo ponoa	(241,791)
	Corning value as at December 21, 2022	45,547
	Carrying value as at December 31, 2022	45,547

- **7.1** Although the Company has less than 20% voting rights in BWM as at December 31, 2022, BWM has been treated as an Associated Company by virtue of common directorships.
- **7.2** Market value of the Company's investments in BWM as at December 31, 2022 was Rs.16.288 million (June 30, 2022: Rs.21.949 million).

8. Stock-in-trade

Raw materials inventory valuing Rs.163.873 million (June 30, 2022: Rs.233.483 million) was in transit as at December 31, 2022.

		on-addited	Addited
		Dec. 31,	June 30,
		2022	2022
Trade deposits and prepayments	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
Letters of credit		424	468
Prepayments		13,546	408
Security deposit	9.1	75,000	75,000
		88,970	75,876
	Letters of credit Prepayments	Letters of credit Prepayments	Trade deposits and prepayments Letters of credit Prepayments Security deposit Note (Rupees in 424 13,546 9.1 75,000

Un-audited

Audited

9.1. This represents amount deposited with National Bank of Pakistan against guarantee amounting Rs.75 million provided by NBP on account of BCM (now merged with the Company) to Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. The guarantee is valid upto December 31, 2023.

10. Authorised share capital

The authorised share capital of the Company, during the period, has been increased from Rs.450 million divided into 35,500,000 ordinary shares of Rs.10 each and 700,000 7.5% cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs.10 each and 8,800,000 10% cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs.10 each to Rs.one billion divided into 90,500,000 ordinary shares of Rs.10 each and 9,500,000 cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs.10 each.

11. Revaluation surplus on property, plant and	Dec. 31,	June 30, 2022
equipment - net	(Rupees in	
Revaluation surplus on the Company's property, plant & equipment	4,928,219	4,947,017
Share of revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment of an Associated Company	143,621	177,574
	5,071,840	5,124,591
12. Long term finances - secured		
First Habib Modaraba (FHM)		
- diminishing musharaka (DM I)	3,338	3,756
The Bank of Khyber (BoK)		
- demand finance - I	8,905	72,417
- demand finance - II	52,667	12,244
Pak Oman Investment Company Ltd. (POIC)		
- term finance	200,000	200,000
Sindh Modaraba (SM)		
- diminishing musharaka (DM II)	28,324	34,393
	293,234	322,810
Less: current portion grouped under current liabilities		
- FHM (DM I)	940	877
- BoK (demand finance - I)	6,678	39,500
- BoK (demand finance - II)	39,500	6,678
- POIC	66,667	0
- SM (DM II)	12,139	12,139
	125,924	59,194
	167,310	263,616

13.	Staff retirement benefits - gratuity			Un-audited Dec. 31, 2022 (Rupees in thousand)
	Balance as at June 30, 2022			104,794
	Provision made during the period			22,385
	Payments made during the period			(19,733)
	Balance as at December 31, 2022			107,446
14.	Trade and other payables	Note	Un-audited Dec. 31, 2022 (Rupees in	Audited June 30, 2022 thousand)
	Creditors		134,975	180,543
	Bills payable against imported - stores and spares		0	9,008
	- raw materials		163,873	139,439
	Advances from customers - contract liabilities		76,525	95,954
	Advance payments		184	184
	Accrued expenses		239,582	360,417
	Tax deducted at source		11,441	11,314
	Sales tax payable		44,244	2,974
	Gratuity payable to employees		1,980	2,205
	Due to Waqf-e-Kuli Khan (wĸĸ)	14.1	28,412	28,616
	Workers' (profit) participation fund (WPPF)	14.1	15,564	14,268
	Workers' welfare fund (wwr)	14.1	0	5,256
	Security deposits repayable on demand - interest for	ree	282	283
	Others		15,223	14,886
			732,285	865,347
1/1	No provision in respect of WKK WDDE and	\\\\\\\ b		la in thans

^{14.1} No provision in respect of WKK, WPPF and WWF has been made in these condensed interim financial statements as the management intends to incorporate these provisions in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

15. Current portion of non-current liabilities

Lease liabilities		0	1,091
Long term finances	12	125,924	59,194
		125,924	60,285

		Un-audited Dec. 31, 2022
16.	Taxation - net	(Rupees in thousand)
	Balance as at June 30, 2022 Add: provision made during the period:	97,173
	current	42,139
	prior year	(3,227)
		38,912_
		136,085
	Less: payments / adjustments made against completed assessments	93,946
	Balance as at December 31, 2022	42,139

- **16.1** Income tax assessments of the Company have been completed up to the tax year 2022 i.e. accounting year ended June 30, 2022.
- **16.2** There has been no significant change in the status of taxation matters during the current period as detailed in note 26 to the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 16.3 Income tax expense is recognised in each interim period based on best estimate. Amounts accrued for income tax expense in one interim period may have to be adjusted in a subsequent interim period of that financial year if the estimate changes.

17. Contingencies and commitments

- 17.1 The Sales Tax Department (the Department), vide its judgment dated March 06, 2018, has created sales tax demands of Rs.5.978 million on account of discrepancies pointed out by CREST for which appeal was decided by the Commissioner Inland Revenue [Appeals-CIR(A)] and remanded-back the issue to the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue. The Company, however, has filed an appeal with the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, Lahore against the orders of CIR (A), which is pending adjudication.
- 17.2 The Department, vide order dated January 24, 2018 under section 11(3) of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 (the Act) has created demand of Rs.182.690 million for the period July, 2011 to June, 2013 against which the Company has filed writ petition before the Lahore High Court (LHC) on January 30, 2018, which has declared the order passed by the Department illegal and void ab-initio on February 09, 2018. The Department against order of the LHC has filed an appeal on March 27, 2018 before the Supreme Court of Pakistan, which is pending adjudication.
- 17.3 The Department, vide order dated May 31, 2022, under section 11(3) of the Act has created demand of Rs.1,360.689 million, which included further tax and penalties for the period July, 2016 to June, 2019 against post refund audit. The Company has filed appeal against the impugned assessment order with the Commissioner (Appeals), who decided the appeal in favour of the Company and deleted the whole demand vide order dated December 30, 2022.

17.4 The Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) vide its judgment dated August 13, 2020 has declared the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Act, 2015 as valid and constitutional. The SCP in its said judgment stated that the Cess under GIDC Act, 2015 is applicable only to those consumers of natural gas, which on account of their industrial or commercial dealings had passed on the GIDC burden to their end customers/clients

The Company and Babri Cotton Mills Ltd (BCM - merged with the Company on February 04, 2022) have filed review petitions against the said judgment of SCP for waiver of the full amount of GIDC cess on the ground that, being spinning Units and producing raw materials for weaving sector, have not passed on the GIDC burden to their customers. The SCP has dismissed the said review petitions vide its judgment dated November 02, 2020; however, the SCP, in its said judgment, has mentioned that the companies claiming any relief under the GIDC Act, 2015 may approach the right forum.

In case of the Company, Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. (SNGPL), along with gas bill for the month of August, 2020, has raised GIDC demands aggregating Rs.380.957 million. The management, during the financial year ended June 30, 2017, has made GIDC provision amounting Rs.78.043 million relating to that year in its books of account, however, the balance GIDC provisions aggregating Rs.302.914 million have not been recognised in the books of account.

In case of BCM, SNGPL, along with gas bill for the month of August, 2020, has raised GIDC demands aggregating Rs.345.261 million against which provisions have not been recognised in the books of account.

After dismissal of the petition by the Peshawar High Court filed by KP Textile Mills Association and Others, the Company and BCM, during July, 2022, have filed civil suits before the Court of Senior Civil Judge, Peshawar praying the Court to declare that the Company and BCM have not passed on the burden of GIDC to end consumers and are entitled to the benefit / exemption under section 8 (2) of the GIDC Act, 2015 as per the dicta laid down by the Supreme Court in civil appeals / civil review petition and by the PHC in a writ petition. The Company and BCM have further prayed that SNGPL be restrained from recovering GIDC and disconnecting their gas supplies. The Trial Court has issued restraining orders in favour of the Companies and has restrained SNGPL from the recovery of GIDC or taking any other coercive

- 17.5 An order has been passed by the Collector of Customs, Karachi creating a demand of Rs.19.223 million along with a penalty of Rs.500 thousand. The above order has been challenged by way of filing an appeal before the Customs Appellate Tribunal, Karachi, which is pending final adjudication. However, a stay order has been obtained from the Sindh High Court by filing constitutional petition, which is still operative.
- 17.6 Guarantee amounting Rs.75 million (June 30, 2022: Rs.75 million) issued by a commercial bank on behalf of Babri Cotton Mills Ltd. in favour of SNGPL was outstanding as at December 31, 2022.
- 17.7 Guarantee amounting Rs.100 million (June 30, 2022: Rs.100 million) issued by a commercial bank on behalf of the Company in favour of SNGPL was outstanding as at December 31, 2022.

				Un-audited Dec. 31, 2022	Audited June 30, 2022
17.8	Commitments against irrevocable outstanding at the period / year-e		dit	(Rupees in thousand)	
	- stores and spares			0	1,486
	- raw materials			118,554	98,280
				118,554	99,766
		Quarter	ended	Six months p	period ended
		Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
18.	Sales - Net		Rupees i	n thousand	
	Yarn	1,808,590	2,257,043	3,967,941	4,046,978
	Waste	204	88,542	38,212	158,240
	Raw materials	0	21,596	0	22,352
		1,808,794	2,367,181	4,006,153	4,227,570
	Less: sales tax	288,328	377,499	635,066	676,883
		1,520,466	1,989,682	3,371,087	3,550,687
19.	Cost of sales				
	Raw materials consumed	742,520	1,133,620	2,145,774	2,186,173
	Packing materials consumed	22,009	36,229	56,810	51,314
	Salaries, wages and benefits	187,509	174,628	317,127	348,396
	Power and fuel	146,467	167,243	421,870	362,191
	Stores consumed	39,151	52,338	93,726	107,432
	Repair and maintenance	2,281	4,834	6,874	8,041
	Depreciation	39,982	19,987	79,565	40,312
	Insurance	4,783	4,396	9,565	8,696
	Others	5,254	4,371	12,238	8,054
	Adjustment of work-in-process	1,189,956	1,597,646	3,143,549	3,120,609
	Opening	166,375	125,572	147,471	106,958
	Closing	(130,300)	(112,425)	(130,300)	(112,425)
		36,075	13,147	17,171	(5,467)
	Cost of goods manufactured Adjustment of finished goods	1,226,031	1,610,793	3,160,720	3,115,142
	Opening stock Closing stock	408,536 (201,216)	158,533 (76,420)	153,058 (201,216)	79,413 (76,420)
		207,320	82,113	(48,158)	2,993
	Cost of goods sold - own manufactured	1,433,351	1,692,906	3,112,562	3,118,135
	Cost of goods sold - raw materials purchased for resale	0	12,523	0	13,084
	materiale pareriaded for result	1,433,351	1,705,429	3,112,562	3,131,219

		Quarter ended		Six months period ended	
		Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,
		2022	2021	2022	2021
20.	Distribution cost	Rupees in thousand			
	Salaries and benefits	4,749	4,983	9,639	8,540
	Commission	6,895	9,626	16,788	14,193
	Freight and handling	1,094	1,359	2,577	2,620
	Gifts and samples	21	69	199	69
	Others	9	17	802	242
		12,768	16,054	30,005	25,664

21. Other expenses

Expense for the period represents write-off of receivable balances.

22. Other income

Income for the period mainly includes write-back of payable balances aggregating Rs.34.448 million and excess workers' welfare fund provision amounting Rs.0.928 million.

23. Finance cost

Interest on lease liabilities	9	81	44	178
Mark-up on long term finances	13,944	45	27,978	152
Mark-up on short term finances	53,235	25,566	107,108	40,738
Bank charges	980	888	1,888	1,675
Interest on workers' -				
(profit) participation fund	1,295	1,536	1,295	1,536
	69,463	28,116	138,313	44,279

24. Transactions with Related Parties

Significant transactions made during the period with related parties were as follows:

		Cumulative	
Name	Nature of transaction	Jul Dec., 2022	Jul Dec., 2021
		(Rupees in thousand)	
Associated Companies			
Babri Cotton Mills Ltd.			
	Utilities / expenses:		
	- paid	0	211,411
	Advance made for purchase of		450 400
	freehold land Lease rentals paid	0	150,433 600
Bannu Woollen Mills Ltd.	Expenses recovered	120	120
Barria Wooner Willis Eta.	Salaries and benefits recovered	1,169	1,224
	Sale of raw cotton	0	3,114
	Sale of varn	2,039	2,305
The Universal Insurance	cale of yarri	2,000	2,000
Company Ltd.	Salaries & benefits recovered	1,169	1,224
	Salaries & benefits paid	815	0
	Expenses recovered	120	120
Gammon Pakistan Ltd.	Rent paid	242	220
Ghandhara Nissan Ltd.	Salaries & benefits recovered	1,169	1,224
	Advances made for purchase		
	of vehicles	22,899	0
	Expenses recovered	120	120
Ghandhara Industries Ltd.	do	120	120
	Salaries & benefits recovered	1,169	1,224
Other related parties			
Employees' Provident Fund	Payments made to		
p.cycco i rovidont i and	Provident Fund	18,012	9,750
Key Management Personnel	Salaries & benefits	81.557	63,726
no, management croomer	24.422 4 253110	21,001	55,720

25. Financial risk management

25.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The condensed interim financial statements do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2022.

There have been no changes in the risk management department or in any risk management policies since the year ended June 30, 2022.

25.2 Fair value estimation

During the period, there were no significant changes in the business or economic circumstances that affect the fair value of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities. Further, there were no reclassifications of financial assets.

26. Corresponding figures

The comparative condensed interim statement of financial position presented in these condensed interim financial statements has been extracted from the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022, whereas the comparative condensed interim statement of profit or loss & other comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and condensed interim statement of cash flows have been extracted from the un-audited condensed interim financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2021.

27. Date of authorisation for issue

These condensed interim financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on February 28, 2023.

Lt. Gen (Retd)
Ali Kuli Khan Khattak
Chief Executive

Col. (Retd) Syed Yunus Ali Raza Director

