



FORM-5

March 7, 2023

MEBL/CS/PSX-18/027/2023

The General Manager
Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited
Stock Exchange Building
Stock Exchange Road
Karachi.

TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 - $\underline{\text{MEEZAN BANK LIMITED}}$

Dear Sir,

السَّلامُ عَلَيْكُمَ

We have to inform you that the Annual Report of Meezan Bank for the year ended December 31, 2022 have been transmitted through PUCARS and is also available on Bank's website.

You may please inform the TRE Certificate Holders of the Exchange accordingly.

Yours Sincerely,

Muhammad Sohail Khan Company Secretary

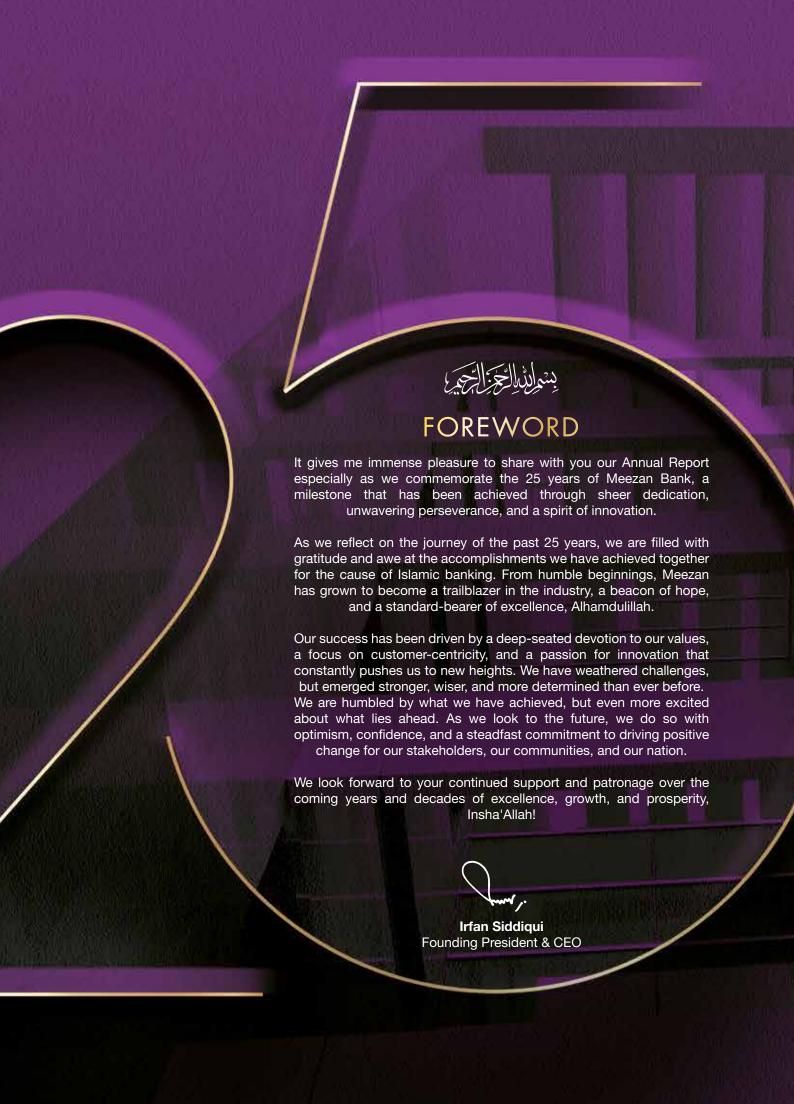
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ANNUAL REPORT 2022













This is a photograph of a calligraphic painting in the Board room of Meezan Bank's Head office.

As the idea of setting up Pakistan's first Islamic bank was taking shape, the name "Meezan" was handpicked from the Holy Quran by Dr. Ghazala Siddiqui, wife of Founding President & CEO, Mr. Irfan Siddiqui.

The word "Meezan" carries great significance in Islam and appears several times in Surah Ar Rahman, known to be one of the most beautiful surahs of the Quran. It represents the principles of balance and justice that are central to the natural world, as well as human affairs. Within the realm of Islamic finance, "Meezan" embodies the ideals of financial justice and fairness that are at the core of Shariah-compliant banking.

By Allah's grace, Meezan has now grown into one of the most recognised and reputable brands in the country. Through this brand, Meezan Bank reaffirms its commitment to upholding its Values, and providing pragmatic and excellence-driven solutions to those seeking financial services without compromising their faith. It serves as a reminder to always strive towards balance and justice in all aspects of life, and to promote the greater good for all.

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ABOUT THIS REPORT

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Integrated Reporting Framework to present the Bank's performance during year 2022. The adoption of the integrated framework is in its preliminary stages and the Bank will continue to improve on the information mentioned in this report.

This report provides an in-depth and transparent disclosure of the Bank's financial performance. In preparing this report, the Bank was guided by the local statutory and regulatory requirements and is also in compliance with the following:

- Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962
- Companies Act. 2017
- Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019
- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS)
- Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS, the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives, shall prevail.

Audience

The Annual Report and Financial Statements have been prepared to provide information to the Bank's stakeholders including investors (equity shareholders, Sukuk holders and prospective investors), employees, customers, regulators, research analysts, credit rating agencies and society at large. The annual financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on February 16, 2023 and signed on its behalf by the Chairman, President & CEO, two Directors and CFO.

Reporting & Publication Period

This report covers the financial and non-financial performance of Meezan Bank from the period January 01, 2022 to December 31, 2022 and is published within three months of the date of the Statement of Financial Position.

External Assurance

The Bank's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are audited by external auditors, A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants (a member firm of PwC network); and provide an in-depth and transparent disclosure of its financial performance. As a regulatory requisite, the auditors are rotated every five years to ensure their independence and transparency.

Availability
This report is published for a limited audience and dispatched upon request. It is available in soft copy (PDF format) on the Bank's official website as well as in electronic CD form. All three formats may be considered the audited, legally leading document.



For further clarification and feedback on this report, please contact through the following email id: investor.relations@meezanbank.com



When you see this icon, you will find more information on another page of this report.



When you see this icon, you will find more information on our website.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

بسُمِاللهِ الرَّحِيْمِ الرَّحِيْم

Alhamdulillah, it gives me immense pleasure to present to you the Annual Report of Meezan Bank for 2022. This is also the year which celebrates completion of the Bank's first 25 years since its establishment as an Investment Bank in 1997, and during this time, Meezan Bank has grown from its humble beginnings, to its current position of being one of the top five banks in Pakistan. As a Board Member and now as Chairman, I have had the privilege of witnessing this journey from the front seat, and it has been nothing short of breathtaking to see the Bank grow into the institution it is today.

66 Meezan Bank has been a pioneer in the establishment of Islamic banking in Pakistan and we are humbled to have led this initiative. The success of Meezan Bank is a testament to the blessings of Allah (SWT) and the dedication and hard work of our team.



By the grace of Allah (SWT), this has been an exciting journey of success and fulfilment. Meezan Bank has been a pioneer in the establishment of Islamic banking in Pakistan and we are humbled to have led this initiative. The success of Meezan Bank is a testament to the blessings of Allah (SWT) and the dedication and hard work of our team.

The local and international acclaims that the Bank has received are outstanding. It has won the Global award for 'Best Islamic Retail Bank' this year by Islamic Finance News (IFN), Malaysia, in addition to winning all the six country-level awards for Pakistan conferred by IFN. Meezan Bank was also the recipient of 'Best Consumer Bank for 2022' from Pakistan Banking Awards and the 'Best Bank of the Year - Large Size Banks' award by the CFA Society of Pakistan, which the Bank has won for the third year in a row, as well as 'Best Islamic Bank of the Year' and 'Best Digital Banking Services Award of the Year' - 2021. It is great to see the Bank achieve such successes and I pray that Insha'Allah the Bank continues to grow and be recognized for its achievements.

After the pandemic, this was the first full year when the Bank operated in an environment not dampened by the COVID-19 related restrictions. I am pleased to see that the measures the Bank took during the pandemic period such as keeping almost its entire branch network open and even working extended hours to facilitate customers, giving special attention to maintaining branch service levels, promoting an effective work-from-home domain and strengthening its systems to manage the increased levels of digital transactions, have all borne fruits in the form of both enhancing operational efficiency as well as strengthening customers' confidence and loyalty - and these are accruing long-term benefits for the organization.

Alhamdulillah, the Bank achieved one of the highest growths in profitability in the country's banking sector this year. The Bank's Profit After Tax increased by 60% over the previous year with return on equity of over 40%. Also, with market cap of Rs 178 billion, Meezan Bank remained the most valuable bank in Pakistan amongst all the listed banks.

Being cognizant of the United Nations Environmental Social Governance Framework, the Bank, in addition to actively extending solar financing to reduce the carbon footprint in the economy, has also taken the initiative to provide solar energy installations to various public interest organizations as a CSR

Meezan Bank continues to actively support the State Bank-led initiatives such as Prime Minister's Youth Entrepreneurship Scheme, Islamic SME Asaan Finance (ISAAF), Roshan Apna Ghar and Roshan Apni Car for Non-Resident Pakistanis.

I would like to commend the Meezan Family on the following key highlights of the Bank in 2022:

- The financing portfolio crossing the one trillion Rupee milestone for the first time.
- Crossing the two trillion Rupee mark in Trade Finance (Import and Export)

I am also happy to see the Bank's success in facilitating customers through alternate distribution channels and digitization, which is evidenced by:

- Launch of fully digital account opening App under the name Meezan Digital Account
- Debit Cards portfolio growing to 2.8 million cards and Mobile App Registrations growing to over 1.7 million subscribers
- A 90% increase in Debit Cards spend
- An eight-fold increase in NFC transactions
- More than 80% increase in Inter Bank Fund Transfers (IBFT) and Utility Bill Payments volumes

It gives me great pleasure to inform our shareholders that the Bank's brand equity, which was ranked sixth in the banking industry two years ago, has now risen to become the second highest in the industry, according to a recent survey conducted by a leading research company. This remarkable progress is a clear indication of the growing confidence, trust and top-of-mind recognition of our Bank among the general public.

Since its inception. Meezan Bank has been at the forefront of the Islamic banking industry in Pakistan, and our unwavering focus on providing exceptional customer service has been integral to our success. We remain dedicated to our Vision of establishing 'Islamic banking as banking of first choice...' and the best way to achieve this, in addition to growing our branch network, is by focusing on increasing financial inclusion and using technology to enable people to conduct their banking transactions 'on the go'. Financial inclusion is an important goal of both the Government of Pakistan and the State Bank of Pakistan and we are committed to supporting this initiative. Despite the current challenges, we are optimistic about the progress of Pakistan's economy and are committed to contributing to its growth.

All the success and accolades that the Bank has achieved have only been possible by the blessings and rehmat of Allah (SWT) and we bow our heads to Him in thankfulness and gratefulness for making our meagre efforts bear such extraordinary fruits.

I would like to take this opportunity to congratulate the State Bank of Pakistan on being recognized as the 'Best Central Bank in Promoting Islamic Finance' by Islamic Finance News - Malaysia for the third year in a row and the sixth time in the last eight years. This recognition clearly reflects on the commitment and success of the State Bank of Pakistan towards implementation of the Islamic banking system in the country.

I would like to express my gratitude to the State Bank of Pakistan, Ministry of Finance and the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan for their continuous efforts to establish a viable Islamic financial system in the country.

I would also like to express my gratitude to our shareholders, members of Shariah Board, my fellow Board members and the entire Meezan team for their hard work and dedication in making Meezan Bank a leading financial institution in the country and the best bank in Pakistan.

Finally, I would like to thank our customers for their trust and confidence in Meezan Bank and the cause of Islamic banking. Their unwavering support has been crucial to the growth and success of the Bank and of a Riba-free financial system in Pakistan.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees

Chairman

February 16, 2023

CHAIRMAN SHARIAH **BOARD'S** MESSAGE

بشمِللهِ الرَّحْبُمُ الرَّحِيمُ

الحمدالله رب الغلمين

والصلوة والسلام على رسوله الكريم وعلى الهواصحابه اجمعين، اما بعي

المدللة، میزان بینک کوکام کرتے ہوئے بچیس سال مکمل ہورہے ہیں۔شروع میں اس بینک نے ایک انویسٹمنٹ بینک کےطور پر کام کا آغاز کیا تھااور یہ بافری سرٹیفکیٹ آف اسلا مک انویسٹمنٹ جاری کئے تھے۔2002 میں اس کومکمل اسلامی بینک کےطور پر لائسنس ملا اوراس کا نام میزان بینک ہوگیا۔

الحمد ملتداس بینک نے دوسرے بینکوں کے مقابلہ میں کافی تیز رفتاری ہے ترقی کی ۔شروع میں اس کی صرف چار برانچییں تھیں اوراب الحمد ملتہ 950 برانچیں پورے پاکستان میں پھیل گئی ہیں اوراس لحاظ سے بھی میزان بینک کو پاکستان کا چوتھاسب سے بڑا بینک قرار دیا گیا ہے۔2018 اور2020 کے درمیان اس کو بییٹ اوورآ ک اسلامک بینک اورموسٹ انو و ٹیواسلامک بینک گلوبل ایوار ڈ دیا گیااوراس کےعلاوہ بھی اس نے کئی ابوارڈ زحاصل کئے ہیں ۔

پیتمام ترقی اس دجہ سے بے کہاں نے شروع سے ہی اپنے تمام کاموں میں شریعت کو مذاخرر کھنے کا اہتمام کیا اور شریعت کے موافق معاملات کی انجام دہی کے لئے اوراس کی جانچ کرنے کے لئے میرےعلم کے مطابق سب سے پہلےاتن بڑیٹیماس بینک نے بنائیاوراس میں نئیٹی پروڈکٹس کا بھی اجرا کیا گیااور بہساری یا تیں شریعہ بورڈ کی سریرسی میں اوراس کی زیرنگرانی ہوتی رہیں۔

المدمللہ،اس کا شریعہ کمپلائنس معیار میری نظرمیں بہت اچھا ہے اور جہاں کو نمنطعی ہوتی ہے تواس کی اصلاح کی بھی کوشش کی جاتی ہے۔ میں میزان بینک کے چیف ایگزیکٹیوآ فیسر جنابعرفان صدیقی صاحب کوان کی کوششوں پرخراج تحسین پیش کرتا ہوں اورمبارک بادییش کرتا ہوں کہ بچیس سال کے عرصے میں بینک نے ماشاءاللہ اتی ترتی کی ہے۔اللہ تبارک وتعالی ان کی کوششوں کومزید بہتر بنائے اُور بینک کی اسلامی حیثیت کوزیادہ سے زبادہ مضبوط بنانے کی توفیق عطافر مائے۔

🛇 نثر یعت کے موافق معاملات کی انجام دہی کے لئے اوراس کی جانج کرنے کے لئے میرے علم کے مطابق سب سے پہلے اتن بڑی ٹیم اس بینک نے بنائی۔ گ

میں سمجھتا ہوں کہ جس محنت اورا خلاص کے ساتھ اب تک جناب عرفان صاحب نے اس بینک میں کام کیا ہے، اس محنت اور اخلاص کے ساتھ جو ہاقی ماندہ پہلو ہیں ان کے اندر بھی انشاء اللہ وہ تو حیفر مائمیں گے اور بینک اپنی کارکردگی کےاعتبار سےاوراسلامی حیثیت کےاعتبار سے مزیدتر قی کرےگا۔اللہ تبارک وتعالیٰ اپنے فضل وکرم ہےایں کی تو فیق عطافر مائے۔

وَاخِرُ دَعُونا آن الحمدُ سلورب العلمين

The following is a translation of the body of the above message of Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani

Alhamdulillah, Meezan Bank has been operational for twenty-five years. It started operations as an Investment Bank and issued Riba-free Certificates of Islamic Investment. It got the commercial Islamic Banking licence in 2002 and was named Meezan Bank.

Alhamdulillah, Meezan Bank has progressed much faster compared to other banks. In the beginning it had only four branches and now, Alhamdulillah, its 950 branches have spread all over Pakistan and Meezan Bank has become the fourth largest bank in Pakistan. During 2018 and 2020, it was also awarded the Best Bank and also won the most Innovative Islamic Bank Global award as well as numerous other awards.

All this progress is due to the fact that from the very beginning, it ensured following Shariah in everything it does. To my knowledge, it is also the first bank to establish such a large team for ensuring Shariah-compliance in all its matters and several new products were also launched, and all this work was done under the supervision and monitoring of its Shariah Board.

Alhamdulillah, in my view, the Bank's Shariah-compliance standards are very good and where there is an error they try to rectify it. I pay tribute to Mr. Irfan Siddiqui, Chief Executive Officer of Meezan Bank for his efforts, and congratulate him that the Bank has Masha'Allah progressed so much in a period of twenty-five years. May Allah Ta'ala help them further improve what they are doing and enable them to keep ever strengthening the Bank's Islamic status.

I believe that Mr. Irfan will Insha'Allah focus on the remaining elements with the same level of industry and sincerity that he has shown in the Bank till now and the Bank will progress further in terms of both performance and Islamic standing. May Allah (SWT) help them in this with His grace and mercy.

FOUNDING PRESIDENT & CEO'S MESSAGE

All praise is for the Almighty.

As we commemorate these 25 years of Meezan, it is also an opportunity for us all to reflect on the past, celebrate our successes, and prepare for the future.

We started with a simple yet ambitious Vision, "to establish Islamic banking as banking of first choice...," and today, Alhamdulillah, we stand proud amongst the largest, the most profitable, the most innovative and the highest rated banks in Pakistan. Our journey hasn't been easy, but it has been filled with determination, perseverance, and unwavering faith - and it is our values and principles that have been the guiding force throughout.

We have always been committed to offering Shariah-compliant banking services and, Alhamdulillah, we have been successful in doing so. We have shown that it is possible to do banking and business without compromising on our faith or principles. We have stayed true to our ethos, the 'Meezan'.

We believe that our corporate culture is our greatest asset, and our commitment to our Core Values - Shariah-compliance, Integrity and Service Excellence has helped us work as a focused team towards common goals. Moreover, the team's emphasis on humility, pragmatism, hard work and diligence have played a crucial role in our success.

I am grateful to everyone who has been a part of this journey: our customers, employees and the shareholders have been fuel to the stellar growth and achievements, while our Shariah Board, the Board of Directors and of course, the Management Team have helped navigate the institution from strength to strength. Together, we have created an institution - and a culture - that has placed us in a league of our own.

66 We believe that our corporate culture is our greatest asset, and our commitment to our Core Values – Shariah-compliance, Integrity and Service Excellence has helped us work as a focused team towards common goals.

Twenty-five years ago, Meezan started with one borrowed office room. Today, Meezan has a nation-wide presence of nearly one thousand branches and a family of over 15,000 staff members. Masha'Allah, the numbers have been staggering - as you will see in this report - and the recognition has been overwhelming. But our success is about far more than numbers or awards; it is about our impact on people's lives and on their faith; it is about the businesses we enable and support; and the communities we serve. Indeed, Meezan has played a pivotal role in fulfilling the national priority of increasing financial inclusion.

Ultimately, Meezan Bank is much more than just a financial institution; Allah (SWT) has helped us become a force for good, a catalyst for change, and the founder and guardian of the now thriving Islamic finance sector in Pakistan. Islamic banking now has solid foundations in Pakistan - with six dedicated Islamic banks, and fourteen banks with Islamic windows. It has been an incredible journey from zero to today's 21% of the total banking sector, and this proportion is expected to grow rapidly over the coming years Insha'Allah. As we look to the future, we must continue to educate, innovate, and digitize to ensure that we remain at the forefront of banking in Pakistan, providing services of value to all.

We are grateful for our past, proud of our present, and excited about our future, Insha'Allah. As our journey continues, we pray that Allah (SWT) grants us the strength to stay true to our Vision and ethos, and continue to serve the people of Pakistan with the finest Shariah-compliant financial services. Ameen!

JazakAllah Khair

Irfan Siddiqui

Founding President and CEO

DEPUTY CEO'S

All praise is for the Almighty.

It is indeed gratifying to pen my thoughts on the completion of 25 years of Meezan Bank. This chapter in the history of Meezan Bank may well be unprecedented in the history of the financial sector in Pakistan, not only in terms of what the Bank has achieved but also because it has laid the foundation for a viable Islamic Banking system in the country, undoubtedly due to the Blessings of Allah (SWT).

As the fastest growing bank in Pakistan, since its inception as a fledgling Investment Bank in 1997, Meezan has successfully delivered on the expectations of its stakeholders and, at the same time, achieved numerous accolades that are by no means short of being superlative. For me personally, it has been a journey of immense satisfaction. I am especially proud of the founding team that has worked seamlessly as one coherent team and has yielded the results that we celebrate today. I would like to thank everyone who has been a part of this incredible journey for their contributions, no matter how big or small, because it is their collective effort and unwavering commitment to the Vision and Mission of Meezan that has brought the Bank to where it is today. And of course, we are thankful to our customers who have believed in us and have helped us grow.

I believe that 2022 - the completion of 20 years of Islamic commercial banking and 25 years of Meezan's existence - will be seen as a watershed year in the Bank's history. The advent of technology, accelerated manifold by the onslaught of COVID-19, brings both challenges and opportunities for banks. Customer

expectations are changing rapidly and as FinTechs scramble to steal a piece of the financial pie, banks that are not able to adapt to the changing landscape will soon be left behind in the race. Fortunately, we realized early in our journey that technological superiority would be one of the key drivers of success in times to come and invested heavily in our technology stack so that we could deliver best in class service to our customers. I believe that this will also stand us in good stead in the future, as we embark upon a journey of digital transformation modelled on examples such as the Development Bank of Singapore, Ping An in China and others. We are fully committed to this transformation and Insha'Allah will endeavor to remain ahead of the curve in this

May Allah (SWT) guide us in the future and help us stay committed to the Vision & Mission of Meezan Bank.

JazakAllah Khair

66 Fortunately, we realized early in our journey that technological superiority would be one of the key drivers of success in times to come and invested heavily in our technology stack so that we could deliver best in class service to our customers.

Ariful Islam Deputy CEO الْحَسِمُدُيلَةِ

For 25 years, we have led the way, and yet our journey has just begun

2 (Jeurs

25 years ago, our journey began as an investment bank with the Vision to 'Establish Islamic banking as banking of first choice...'.

Today, Alhamdulillah, we are well on the way to realizing that Vision, and are honoured to have been the pioneers of Islamic banking in the country.



The First and Largest Islamic Bank in Pakistan with over 960 branches in more than 310 cities



Widest Range of Consumer Financing Products



Awarded The Best Bank in Pakistan and Best Islamic Bank in the World by various Local and International Platforms



Widest Range of Debit Cards in Pakistan



Highest-Rated Mobile Banking App



Awarded Employer of the Year by Employers Federation of Pakistan

A FEW MEMORIES

































CONSTRUCTION OF MEEZAN HOUSE









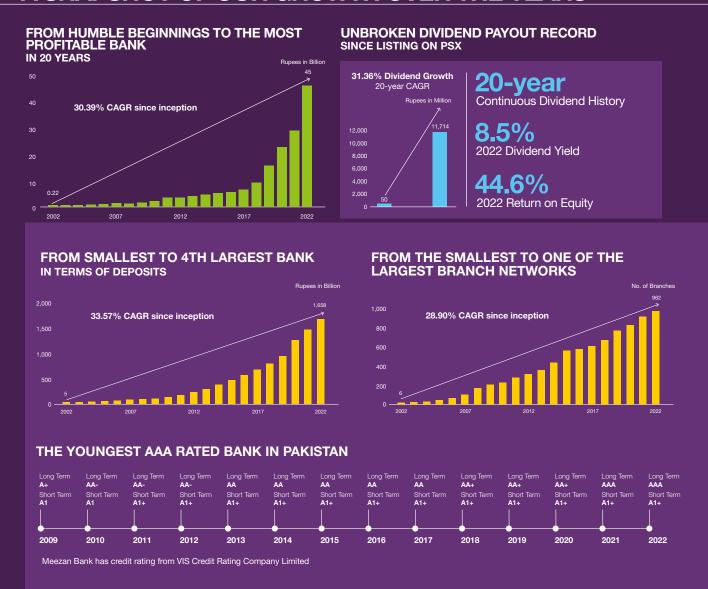






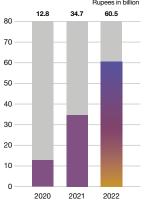


A SNAPSHOT OF OUR GROWTH OVER THE YEARS

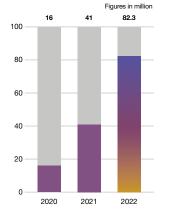


OUR DIGITAL LEADERSHIP

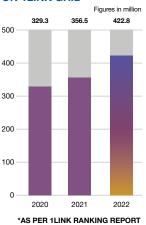
HIGHEST E-COMMERCE SPEND ON DEBIT CARDS IN INDUSTRY Rupees in billion



LARGEST PROCESSOR OF IBFT TRANSACTIONS* AMONG COMMERCIAL BANKS



LEADING BANK IN DIGITAL TRANSACTIONS* ON 1LINK GRID



We are reimagining banking for our customers

We continue to empower our customers with seamless digital banking channels making financial services more accessible and user-friendly.





STATE BANG TISSUES LICENCE FOR THE RETTING UP OF FIRST ISLANDS: COMMERCIAL BANG IN THE COUNTRY

State Bank of Pakistan today maned a license for the esting up of the first Schedulet islamic Commercial Bank in the country

The Coronan, Date Back of Fabrica, Dr. Islan, Horas hards ers to the Chaf Escation of Morasa Back Lindad, Mr. Silva Saldaga at many half at UNF, Karatha tine all-moras.

It may pointed out that the Government of Pakistan and It may pointed out that the Gevernment of Pakistan and SBP are firmly commissed to introduce banking based entirely an Islamic principles and the granting of this license is a major step is this direction. SBP had sadier released detailed guidelines for cetting up of Islamic Commercial Bank in the country. Consequently, upon completion of all requisite formalities SBP approved the application of Messan Bank.

The specimen of the Beak as funding financial authorizor which include Fabriera Korres Investment Complexy (Pris) Limited, a "AAA" with Sincerol contribute in Fabriera (Ikand. Black E.F., nor of the briding broke based in Babrier, Islands Development Beak, Addah, Korrest Joseph Philip Fabriera and South Pall The Chartens of the Bound of Development Beak. Addah, Korrest Joseph Ikand. Black Bounder Pall The Chartens of the Bound of Development of Martin Book in H.E. Ballis Bounder Pall The ALFJAddh, Not to the Depthy Fabriera Martin of Belleria, Merceta Paul's classicalises shall solute Streets Omersia. Pass who would have EPN state on the Beach

The measurement of the Best Congerns highly performed and represented tourism consistency of them in Passace. The Basic National Actions, Dr. Basica. Unions, a Print of Information Community of the State Passace with matter the articles of the Basic Action of the State Passace with matter the articles of the Basic Action of the State Passace with matter than the Dark Action of the State Passace with the State

Merum Buck Limited the familiation Commercial Earli in Faksitas in took to set up a seterali of hearlies Cayraghout the country so that benefit can be advergedure.

KARACHI Thursday, September 8, 2022

Meezan Bank launches POS

The bank will act as a link between merchants, issuers The bank will act as a link between merchants, issuers and payment networks by offering them state-of-the-art POS machines and making cashless transactions available over the counters, enabling retailers to benefit from the adoption of digital payments. The POS machines support acceptance of local and international cards, card and mobile tap payments and integration with the retailer system.

and mobile tap payments and integration with the retailer system.

Meezan Bank has launched Point-of-Sale (POS) pay-ment and online payment gateway services to further enhance its digital retail offering and fast-track the country's digital ecosystem.



- 2013, F122 - 1434 قرر 2013.

ميزان ويك ماستركارة والشييم ويبث كارة متعارف كرائ كادمعام عدر وحلا

212 20x (10 02) 3V JUSTINES STEPHENDER ے مالد ایک معاہدے پر الله کی کردیا ہیں، عمران وك كا الكاميات الركارة المنام الدوا المناه الكاميات صارفين كامتعدد كوليات فراءيم كرس كالم سرق والخى これからからないとかいとからいけんか JE 11 10 6 50 076 02 40 76 5897 4 ا نُحرَيِّهُ آخِيرِ عَمَانَ صَدِيَّتُهُ وَيَىٰ عَلَيْتُ ا تَحْرَيَّهُ آخِرِيرِانَ وَكَ عَالَتُ الامامِ يَكُلُّ فَيُرْتِبُلُ وَلَمِنَ ي فيرو ليم الله ما من كارة ك (و ي العدر الكولمية الار 一色のからいしゃんろのだらだといかい

RECORDER

Meezan Bank, Samba Bank celebrate RDA success in Bahrain



BUSINESS RECORDER

Meezan receives
Best Islamic
Bank in
Pakistan award
KARACH: Meezan Bank
was the swap of "flexe leaves of procession of the state of the swap of the sw

Pakistan' award

KARACHI Mercana Bank
haw won the sward of "Batte
blamei Blank in Pakistan' for
2013 from halmei France News
2014 from halmei France News
2015 from halmei France Olden
2017 france North
2015 france News
2015 f

Tuesday THE NEWS

This Ramazan, help is 'in the air' for the disab

Not-for-profit organisation, private bank pla to employ people with special needs

A private bank will have a water a seed a seed as a seed

We want to expand our footprint: Meezan CEO

By Eram Zeila

KARACHE: "We want to continue to expand our footprint being fifth first and largest Islamic banks in 1982. The first and largest Islamic banks in talks to sell its business in Plack and her and her self-ground of the first and largest Islamic banks in business in Plack and her search of the first and largest Islamic banks business in Plack and her search of the Secretary of the Secreta

KARACHI Saturday, September 10, 2016

First Islamic bank branch opens in GB KARACHI: Meezan Bank has recently opened its branch in Gilgit-Baltistan making it the first Islamic banking branch in the region

The branch was inaugurated by Gligh-Bahist. Minister Hafiz Hafeez-ur-Rehman, said a preited by Gilgit-Baltistan Chief

بانى: مرطليل الرمن



الوار20/شعبان المعظم 1434 = 30/جون 2013ء

ميزان ويك في اسلامي ويك كالوارد جيت ليا ك يك (اعالد ريدار)عران وك لود ي مسلس تير ، سال بعري إكتال اساى وك كا الا بيد الإد باكساكا كل كالبداري في عادان ويد المسلم قير سال باكنان كا" وسد الماكس وكدور الاكدول وكدادور الاكدارة L - 50 0100 € - 2012 UL- 4 5013 でから الاو بات على 36 فعد اشاق مو عداد الاقول ك الى دائد مدى درك كى الماد كى عبد الدول الماد الموال دائد الموال دائد كى المواد كا الموال الماد الموال المواد كا الموال المواد كا الموال المواد كا الموال المواد كا ال -6 KUL TRIBUNE Sunday

Islamic banks witness rapid growth

Growth in deposits of Shariah compliant banks crosses that of conventional banks

PENETRATE THE POPULATION AND GROW ITS SHARE Financial sector moving in a right path; Islamic Banking set to double its size in 5 years Interview with Mr. Irfan Siddiqui, President & CEO Meezan Bank

CONOMIST Navember 17 -- 23, 2014

erment of Pakistan and Government of Kurwat.

PAGE: How would you comment on the banking sector of Pakistan?

BEFAN SIDDEQUI-The banking sector of Pakistan went through a transforma-tion process in the bast decade. With a number of new banks coming into the market, the banking industryput a strong focus on technological advancement and service quality. Recently, the banking

BANKING INDUSTRY STILL HAS ROOM TO

Interview with Mr. Irfan Siddiqui,
President & CEO Meezan Bank

PAGE: Tell me something about
yourself and organization,
please:
IRFAN SIDDOQUI: Alhamolaifish, I am
fortunate to be the founding President &
CEO of Meesan Bank
IRFAN SIDDOQUI: Alhamolaifish, I am
fortunate to be the founding President &
CEO of Meesan Bank Lussied, the first
CEO of Meesan Bank is also one of the fastest
paveing banks in the history of the banking sector of Pakistan. Having the largest
proving banks in the history of the banking sector of Pakistan. Having the largest
bank prevant in establishing astern replete with dynamic and courtingfeep products and services.
Meesan Bank has developed an extraor
futury research and development capabidge by combining assessment bankers.
Meesan Bank has developed an extraor
futury research and development capabidge by combining assessment bankers,
and legid caperts to develop innovative,
while, and competitive-wake propositions
hat not only meet the requirements of
today's compite financial world, but do
so with world-class service excellence
which our customers demand; all within
the bounds of Sharaih.

I am a Chartered Accountant feem E

paid & Walks, I started my career from
Abu Dhabi Investment Autherity and
Abu Dhabi Investment Autherity
Any excellence of the services of the contrast of the
Capaca Chemical Pakistan Ltd. Abu
Lovestment Company (Newart Investment Company (Ne billion in the year 2013. An econtinues to a street high deposit volumes in the year 2014.

There is still a very strong potential in the banking industry of Pakistan. Only a ground 15 percent dour population uses the product hase for deverse populations of the country, bening industry of Pakistan. Only the contrary, as more than 50 percent use mobile phones for communication. By focusing on SME and a rich product hase for deverse populations of the country, bening industry with other Pakistans in Stanzial industry of Pakistans.

BIPAM SIDDIGCE: If you compare Pakistans in Stanzial industry of Pakistans in Stanzial industry of Pakistans.

BIPAM SIDDIGCE: If you compare Pakistans in Stanzial industry of Pakistans in Stanzial industry by Takistans in Stanzial industry of Pakistans in Stanzial industry of Pakistans in Stanzial industry of Pakistans and global recession, where almost all countries in through that phase without much industry benefits overall. As a matter of fact, in the crossion, Pakistans in Stanzial industry of the patient of the committee of the markets where the impact was the stringent regulations by the government and central bank of Pakistans in Stanzial industry in the part of the patient in the rough that phase without much industry benefits overall. As a matter of fact, in the part of the pakistans in the patient of the patient in the country benefits overall. As a matter of fact, in the patient in th

TRIBUNE Tuestay

Meezan Bank acquires HSBC

Will make operations Shariah-compliant

led



BUSINESS RECORDER

Karachi, Friday 3 January 2014, 1 Rabi-ul-Awwal 1435

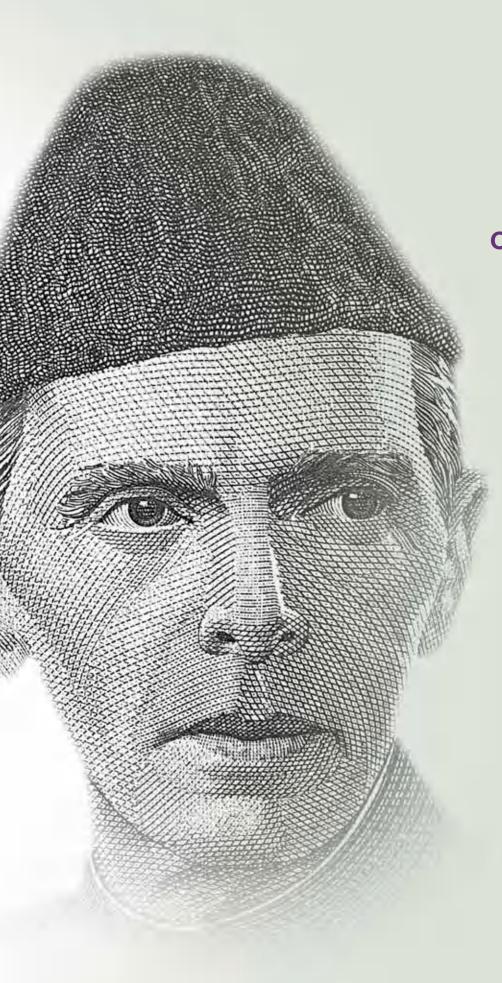
Muffit Taqi
Usmani visits
Meezan House
KARACHI: Renowned Islamis scholar and Chairman of the Sharish Sapervisory Board of Meezan Bank, sholar and Chairman of the Sharish Sapervisory Board of Meezan Bank's staff. The cremency was attended by senior members of Meezan Bank's hand office of Meezan Bank, and addressed the Bank's staff. He appreciated Meezan Bank's role in the successful implementation of proper Islamis banking in Pakistan and congratulated the Bank on its achievement of having the eighth largest bank's staff were 100 percentaged where the people of Meezan Bank's modeling in Pakistan and congratulated the Bank on its achievement of having the eighth largest bank of the construction of t





Organizational Overview & External Environment





QUAID'S CONCEPT OF ISLAMIC BANKING

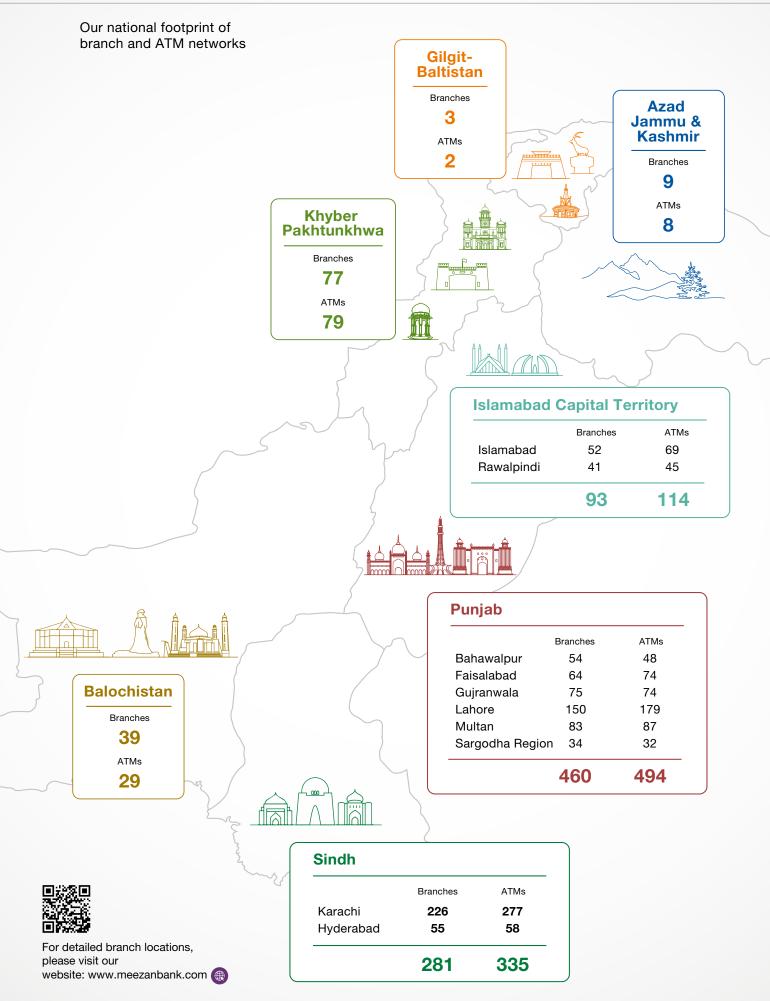
"I shall watch with keenness the work of your Research Organization in evolving banking practices compatible with Islamic ideas of social and economic life. The economic system of the West has created almost insoluble problems for humanity and to many of us it appears that only a miracle can save it from disaster that is now facing the world. It has failed to do justice between man and a man and to eradicate friction from the international field. On the contrary, it was largely responsible for the two world wars in the last half century. The Western world, inspite of its advantages of mechanisation and industrial efficiency is today in a worse mess than ever before in history. The adoption of Western economic theory and practice will not help us in achieving our goal of creating a happy and contended people.

We must work our destiny in our own way and present to the world an economic system based on true Islamic concept of equality of manhood and social justice. We will thereby be fulfilling our mission as Muslims and giving to humanity the message of peace which alone can save it and secure the welfare, happiness and prosperity of mankind."

Quaid-e-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah Founder of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan

On the occasion of the Opening Ceremony of The State Bank of Pakistan on July 1, 1948.

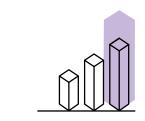
OUR PRESENCE



More than 960 branches in over

300 cities

One of the Largest Banks in Pakistan



Most Valuable Bank by Market Capitalization

amongst all banks listed on PSX





Launch of

Meezan VISA Infinite Debit Card Highest

Debit Card

spend in the industry

1,000+ ATMs







Best Bank of the Year-2021

Large Size Banks CFA Society Pakistan Profit After Tax

Rs **45.01**Billion

Deposits

Rs 1.66
Trillion

Total Assets

Rs2.58

Trillion •



Basic Earnings Per Share

Rs 25.15



Deposit Growth

14%

Highest-rated Mobile Banking App

in Pakistan on Google Play Store & Apple App Store



Highest No. of Transactions

passing through 1Link Grid in Industry



Processed

Largest Commodity Imports Quantum

on account of

Trading Corporation of Pakistan \$375 million

15,000⁺ Employees

and Ambassadors of Islamic banking

Donated





to The Indus Hospital & Citizens-Police Liaison Committee (CPLC)

CORPORATE PROFILE

Founded with the Vision to 'Establish Islamic banking as banking of first choice...', the Bank commenced operations in 1997 as Al Meezan Investment Bank Limited. It converted to Meezan Bank Limited, a full-fledged Islamic commercial bank in 2002, when the State Bank of Pakistan

issued it Pakistan's first Islamic Commercial Banking license. Concurrently, the Bank acquired the Pakistan operations of Societe Generale and started commercial banking with a small network of four branches, that has now grown to become one of the largest banking networks in the country with 962 branches in 317 cities.

Meezan Bank is a public listed company sponsored by leading financial institutions from Pakistan and the Middle East. The Bank offers a complete range of Islamic banking products and services through an extensive retail banking network.

Meezan Bank has a strong Shariah-compliance setup that comprises a dedicated Shariah Compliance Department, a Resident Shariah Board Member and a Shariah Board comprising of internationally renowned Shariah scholars. The Bank is well-recognized for its product development capability, Islamic research and advisory services at both national and international levels.

Credit Rating

The VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the Bank's medium to long-term entity rating as AAA (Triple A) and its short-term rating as A1+ (A One Plus) with stable outlook. The AAA rating denotes highest possible credit quality, with negligible risk factors, being only slightly more than for risk-free debt of the Government of Pakistan.

Meezan Bank is the only full-fledged Islamic bank with AAA credit rating in the Islamic banking industry of Pakistan.

2022

2021

Long Term

2022

2021

Short Term

Calendar of Major **Events**



January 27, 1997 Date of

Incorporation



January 31, 2002

Issuance of Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank license



March 20, 2002

Commencement of Operations as Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank



October 17, 2014

Acquisition of HSBC **Pakistan Operations**



Financial Calendar 2022

1st Quarter Results April 25, 2022

2nd Quarter Results August 11, 2022

3rd Quarter Results October 19, 2022

Annual Results February 16, 2023 27th Annual General Meeting scheduled on March 29, 2023

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar Bader H.A.M.A. Al-Rabiah

Mubashar Maqbool Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani Mohamed Guermazi

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Nausheen Ahmad Yousef S. M. A. Al-Saad

Irfan Siddiqui

President & CEO

Shariah Board

Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani Dr. Muhammad Imran Ashraf Usmani Sheikh Esam Mohamed Ishaq

Vice Chairman

Chairman

Chairman

Vice Chairman

Mufti Muhammad Naveed Alam

Resident Shariah Board Member

Management

Irfan Siddiqui Ariful Islam

President & CEO Deputy CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Syed Imran Ali Shah

Company Secretary

Muhammad Sohail Khan

Auditors

A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants

Legal Adviser

Haidermota & Co., Advocates

Registered Office

Meezan House C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi-75730, Pakistan.

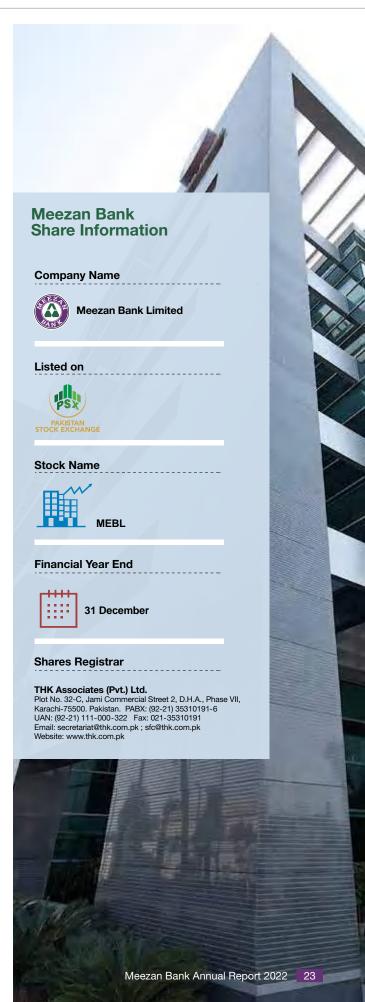
Contacts

PABX: (92-21) 38103500, 37133500, Fax: (92-21) 3640605

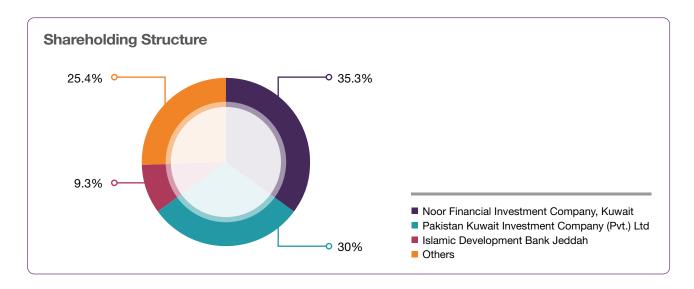
24/7 Call Centre: 111-331-331 & 111-331-332

Email: info@meezanbank.com

Website: www.meezanbank.com, www.meezanbank.pk



SHAREHOLDERS



Noor Financial Investment Company



Noor Financial Investment Company is a Kuwaiti investment company engaged in investment and financial activities primarily in Kuwait, the Middle East, Asia and other emerging markets. The company was established as the financing arm of the National Industries Group (NIG), which is one of the largest private sector industrial groups in Kuwait.

Noor Financial Investment Company provides a broad range of financial services through its investment banking department. These activities/services broadly include private equity, investment strategy & implementation, mergers & acquisition advisory, valuations, hedging & risk management, local / foreign listing, long-term financial planning and innovative structuring. The asset management department of the company also engages in managing proprietary and client portfolios of quoted and unquoted securities, real estate and funds in Kuwait, GCC and the MENA region.

Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company



Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company (Private) Limited (PKIC), a joint venture between the Governments of Pakistan and Kuwait was established in 1979. PKIC is one of the most respected and profitable institutions in Pakistan. The company, operating for over 30 years in Pakistan, is engaged in investment and development banking activities in Pakistan. PKIC is the first financial institution in Pakistan that has been rated AAA (triple A) for the long-term by both PACRA and VIS Credit Rating Company.

Islamic Development Bank (IsDB)



Islamic Development Bank (IsDB) is located in Jeddah and is an International Financial Institution established in 1975 in pursuance of a declaration by the Conference of Finance Ministers of Muslim countries to foster economic development and social progress in member (Islamic) countries. IsDB has a subscribed capital of USD 70 Billion and enjoys presence in 57 member countries. The Bank participates in equity capital and grants loans for productive projects and enterprises besides providing financial assistance in other forms for economic and social development.

PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

Meezan Bank offers a diverse range of Shariah-compliant banking products and services to cater customer requirements.

Deposit Products

Meezan Rupee I Current & Savings Accounts PKR

Meezan Asaan I Current & Savings Accounts PKR

Meezan Express I Current & Savings Accounts PKR

Meezan Kids Club | Savings Account PKR Meezan Teen Club

Meezan Senior Citizen | Savings Account PKR

Meezan Labbaik I Savings Account I Hajj and Umrah Pilgrimage Facility PKR

Meezan Kafalah I Savings Account PKR

Meezan Bachat I Savings Account PKR

Karobari Munafa I Savings Account PKR

Foreign Currency I Current & Savings Account USD, GBP, EUR

Meezan Roshan Digital | Current & Savings Account PKR, USD, GBP, EUR

Meezan Roshan Resident | Current & Savings Account USD, GBP, EUR

Meezan Payroll Partner | Savings Account PKR

Account Opening Facility for Freelancers I Current & Savings Account PKR. USD. GBP. EUR

Meezan Digi Asaan I Current & Savings Account PKR

Meezan Digi Remittance | Current & Savings Account PKR

Meezan Digi Freelancer I Current & Savings Account PKR

Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate (INPC) I PKR, USD, GBP, EUR

Monthly Mudarabah Certificate One Month Maturity

Certificate of Islamic Investment | 3 & 6 Months; 1, 1.5, 2, 3 & 5 Year(s)

Meezan Aamdan Certificate | 5.5 & 7 Years

Meezan Aamdan Certificate for Senior Citizens, Widows & Disabled Persons | 5.5 & 7 Years

Dollar Mudarabah Certificates | 3 & 6 Months; 1 & 3 Year(s) USD

Alternate Distribution Channels

Meezan Mobile Banking App

Meezan Internet Banking

SMS Alerts

SMS Banking

Meezan Mastercard Debit Cards | World, Platinum, Titanium & Classic

Meezan Visa Debit Cards I Infinite, Platinum, Gold & Classic

Meezan PayPak Debit Card

Meezan Supplementary Debit Cards

Contactless Payments | Debit Cards & Mobile Tap & Go

Discounts & Privileges

Meezan ATM Network

Fintech Services

Meezan Digital Account Opening App

Meezan POS Terminals

Meezan E-Commerce Payment Gateway

Branchless Banking

Smart Remittance Wallet | Wallet Account

Smart Asaan Mobile Account | Wallet Account

Smart Disbursement Solution | Employee Salary Account

Smart Wallet I Wallet Account

Priority Banking

Meezan Premium Banking

Consumer Financing

Car Ijarah I Shariah-compliant Auto Financing

Roshan Apni Car

Meezan Women First I Car Ijarah Meezan Apni Bike I Shariah-compliant Motorcycle Financing

Easy Home I Shariah-compliant Home Financing

Easy Home - Mera Pakistan Mera Ghar I Shariah-compliant Home Financina

Meezan Roshan Apna Ghar I Shariah-compliant Home Financing

Meezan Women First | Shariah-compliant Home Financing

Meezan Consumer Ease* |

Meezan Solar I Shariah-compliant Solar Panel Financing

Transaction Banking

Meezan eBiz I Business Internet **Banking Solution**

Meezan eBiz+ I Payments & Cash Management Solution

Meezan eBiz+ LITE | SME Payments Solution

Financing Products

Murabaha I Short-Term Facility I Procurement of Raw Material & Stock in Trade

Musawamah I Short-Term Facility I Procurement of Raw Material and Stock in Trade

Istisna I Short-Term Facility I Working Capital Finance for Manufacturers

Commodity Salam I Short-term Facility I Working Capital Finance for Agri Customers

Tijarah I Short-Term Facility I Working Capital Solution for Traders

Ijarah I Long-Term Rental Facility I Running Musharakah I Shirkat-Ul-Aqd Based Financing

Diminishing Musharakah I Long-Term Rental Facility Based on Joint Ownership

Structured Finance Solutions | Hybrid Solutions for CAPEX, BMR & Special Financing Requirements

Letter Of Credit Services | Wakala Based Facility for Import Facilitation

Short-Term Import Financing | Murabaha I Musawamah Based Facility for Financing Letter of Credit

Long-Term Import Financing Ijarah I DM Based Facility for Financing Letter of Credit

Shariah-compliant Hedging | Wa'ad-Based Hedging Facility

Alternative To Export Bill Discounting | Short Term Salam/Musawamah/Tijarah based Facility

Islamic Export Refinance Scheme | Subsidized Short Term Financing for **Exporters**

Islamic Long Term Finance Facility Subsidized Ijarah I Diminishing Musharakah Based Financing for Exporters

Guarantee Services | Payment & Performance Guarantees I Kafalah Based Service

Retail Supply Chain Financing I Working Capital Financing for Small Scale Retailers

Digital Supply Chain Financing I Working Capital Financing using Digital platform and FinTech

Commercial Vehicles Financing | Shariah-compliant Financing for SME & Corporate Segments

*Under improvement & currently being served only to existing active financing limit-holders.

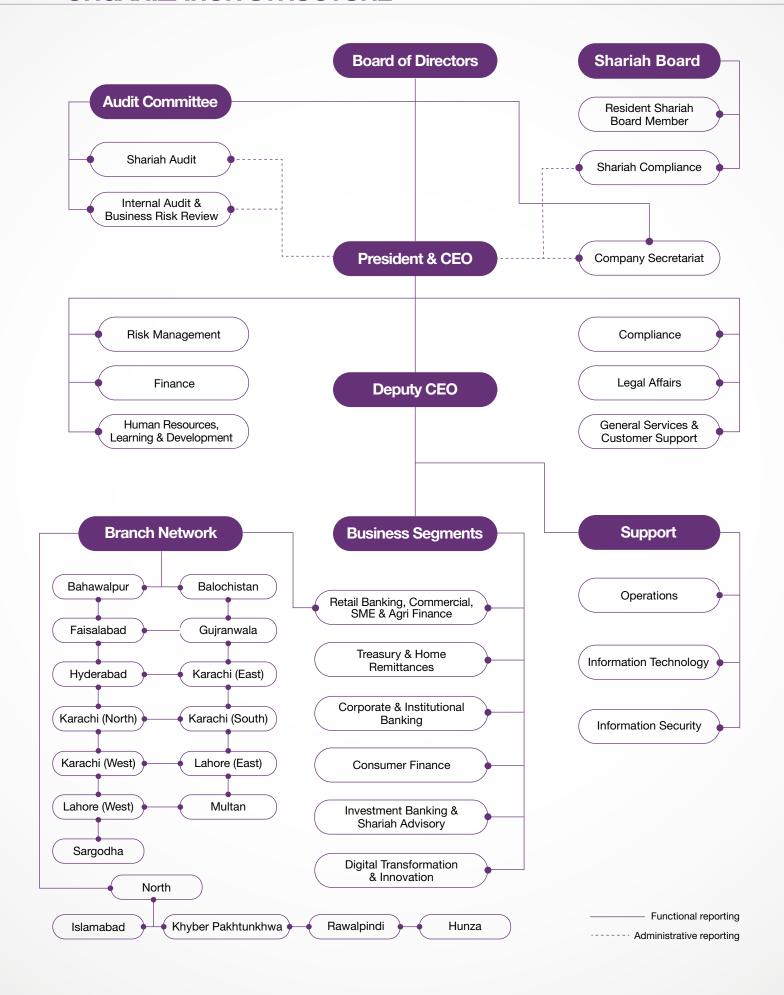


Detailed information is available on our website.

www.meezanbank.com



ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE



OUR LEADERSHIP

Senior Management Team

| Mr. Irfan Siddiqui | President & CEO |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Mr. Ariful Islam | Deputy CEO |
| Mr. Ahmed Ali Siddiqui | Group Head Shariah Compliance |
| Mr. Faiz Ur Rehman | Group Head Information Technology |
| Mr. Ijaz Farooq | Group Head Retail Banking, Commercial, SME & Agri Finance |
| Mr. Khalid Zaman Khan | Group Head Human Resources, Learning & Development |
| Mr. Muhammad Abdullah Ahmed | Group Head Corporate & Institutional Banking |
| Mr. Muhammad Raza | Group Head General Services & Customer Support |
| Syed Tariq Hassan | Chief Risk Officer & Group Head Risk Management |
| Mr. Zia UI Hassan | Group Head Operations |
| Mr. Muhammad Sohail Khan | Company Secretary |
| Mr. Shahzad Abdullah | Group Head Treasury & Home Remittances |
| Syed Iftikhar UI Haq | Group Head Consumer Finance |
| Mr. Ebrahim Yakoob | Head Internal Audit & Business Risk Review |
| Mr. Javed Ahmed | Head Compliance |
| Mr. Muhammad Farhan UI Haq Usmani | Head Shariah Audit |
| Mr. Shariq Mubeen | Chief Digital Officer |
| Syed Imran Ali Shah | Chief Financial Officer |
| Mr. Urooj Ul Hasan Khan | General Manager Investment Banking & Shariah Advisory |
| Mr. Muhammad Umar Khan Fareedy | Head Legal Affairs |

Regions

| Mr. Muhammad Saleem Khan | General Manager - Islamabad |
|--------------------------|--|
| Mr. Abid Hussain Abid | General Manager - Multan |
| Mr. Anwar UI Haq | General Manager - Lahore East |
| Syed Salman Ahmed | General Manager - Karachi West |
| Mr. Khurram Behzad Memon | Regional Manager - Hyderabad |
| Mr. Mashkoor A.G. Khan | Regional Manager - Karachi East |
| Mr. Moazzam Saeed Khan | Regional Manager - Faisalabad |
| Mr. Sohail Munir Bana | Regional Manager - Karachi North |
| Syed Mohammed Asad Alvi | Regional Manager - Karachi South |
| Mr. Amir Ali Durrani | Regional Manager - Balochistan |
| Mr. Arif Aslam Khan | Regional Manager - Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK) |
| Mr. Chohdry Asif Javed | Regional Manager - Gujranwala |
| Mr. Muhammad Ejaz Nadeem | Regional Manager - Bahawalpur |
| Mr. Shaikh Raashed Rauf | Regional Manager - Lahore West |
| Mr. Alam Zeb | Regional Manager - Hazara |
| Mr. Aneeq Ejaz Qureshi | Regional Manager - Rawalpindi |
| Mr. Kamran Mahmood Butt | Regional Manager - Sargodha |
| | |







Meezan, the Arabic word for 'Balance' has been taken from Surah Ar-Rahman.

At Meezan Bank, we believe in maintaining a balance between the needs of our shareholders, our customers, our staff and other stakeholders. This approach will Insha'Allah help us achieve our Vision of 'providing a strong foundation for establishing a fair and just society for mankind'.



issued the



nmercial bank, it is renamed a Meezan Bank

Deposit base stood at Rs. 5.08 billion



Pakistan's first product is launched 2003



Management Ltd. becomes a subsidiary of Meezan Bank

Branch network reaches



Pakistan's first Shariahcompliant Housing finance product is launched

2004

eezan Bank acts as the Sharia nistoric transaction of internationa Sukuk offering for USD 600 millior

Online Banking is launched

2005

Islamic Finance pews

Hwards

Meezan Bank wins Best Islamic Bank in Pakistar

Deposit base grows to **Rs. 22 billion**Number of branches reaches 28

2006

Deposit base grows t Rs. 34 billion Number of branches reaches 62 in 21 cities



the deposit base grows to

under a mandate awarded by the Government of Pakistan

Deposit base grows to Rs.13.7 billion



2007

Colcinating

Branch network reaches the milestone number of 100 branches in 31 cities

(a) her

100

Import/Export business reaches Rs. 70 billion

Deposit base grows to Rs. 54 billion

2008

166 166

Branch Network expands to **40 cities**

Deposit base grows to Rs. 70 billion

Government of Pakistan Ijarah Sukuk

posit base crosses Rs. 100 billi ank handles more than Rs.100 bi of Import/Export business



2009

201 54





Total deposits read
Rs. 131 billion &
Import/Export
Business volume
Rs. 143 billion

Meezan Bank stands among the op three auto-finance pro in the country

2011







otal deposits cross **Rs. 230 billi**o

Launch of Mock Branches for

staff training

KidsClub & TeensClub

2013



8th largest bank in Pakistan in terms of branch network

otal deposits reach Rs. 289 billior



Government of Pakistan nominates Mr. Irfan Siddiqui & Dr. Muhammad Imran Ashraf Usmani as members

of Steering committee of Islamic banking Launch of SMS Banking

2012







2014

428 Branches 117

Meezan Bank acquires HSBC

otal deposits reach Rs.380 billio

Mobile

Banking App

2015



Meezan Bank acquires Pakistan operations of HSBC Oman



Agreement Signing with Karandaaz Pakistan

Total deposits reach Rs. 472 billion



Centers of Excellence in Islamic Finance established at IBA, LUMS and IMSciences

2016



Best Islamic Bank in Pakistan Pakistan Banking Awards

Official facebook. Page crosses 1 Million Fans

2017



p 25 Companies of the Year, 2016



Most Innovative Solution Deployed fo Cash Displacement



Launch of EMV Chip & NFC enabled Debit Card

op 10 Excellent Places to Work Best Place to Work in Financial Services Industry



Launch of secure online shopping with 3D secure 2018









Launch of Fastest Debit Card Activation over ATM in Pakista



Adopted Idara Al-Khair Welfare Society School to provide free educa to underprivilege children

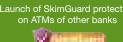
2019



760 220 6th Largest Bank in terms of Branch Network & Deposits



Launch of New Mobile Banking App



2020







Best Overall Islamic Bank -



Strongest Islamic Bank in Asia trongest Bank in Pakistan - 2020 The Asian Banker 500 Largest and Strongest Banks Ranking



CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

2021







State Bank of Pakistan - by mer Prime Minister Mr. Imran Kh



Best Performing Bank (1st Position astest Growing Bank Highest Amou of Deposits RDA (1st Position)



Mera Pakistan Mera Ghar Top performance award for disbursements & approvals (2nd Position)

Islamic Finance news



Best Islamic Bank in Pakistan Most Innovative Deal of the Year Syndicated Deal of the Year Pakistan Deal of the Year

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited Credit ratings upgraded to AAA - the highest possible rating i financial industry



The first Islamic bank to be recognized as market maker for Shariah-compliant debt instruments on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX)

Meezan Bank's success story incorporated as a case study in Philip Kotler's Essentials of Modern Marketing-Pakistan edition



Launch of Two COVID-19
Drive-Through
Vaccination Centres and
Mobile Vaccination Vans
in Karachi, in collaboration
with Government of Sindh

2022













Islamic Finance news





haball وشاقز ۱۷

Catzen Account
Launch of Meezan Senior
Citizen Account
Dedicated account for seniitizens, widows & differentl
abled persons



AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS

Over the past 25 years, Meezan Bank has been recognized by its peers as well as national and international organizations for its industry leadership.

The awards and recognition received by the Bank in financial year 2022 are mentioned below:



Mr. Irfan Siddiqui - President & CEO, Meezan Bank and Mr. Arful Islam - Deputy CEO, Meezan Bank while receiving the awards from Mr. Jameel Ahmed - Governor, State Bank of Pakistan at the 19th Annual Excellence Awards, CFA Society of Pakistan.



Mr. Irfan Siddigui - President & CEO, Meezan Bank while receiving the award from Mr. Miftah Ismail - Former Minister of Finance, Pakistan at the Management Association of Pakistan 37th Corporate Excellence Awards.



Meezan Bank wins Fire Safety Award 2022 by National Forum for Environment & Health (NFEH) in collaboration with the Fire Protection Industry of Pakistan (FPIP).



Honoured to be recognized by the Islamic Finance Forum of South Asia, Islamic Finance News - Malaysia, Global Islamic Finance Awards, Pakistan Banking Awards, CFA Society of Pakistan among other local and international platforms.

2022

Pakistan Banking Awards

Best Consumer Bank

CFA Society Pakistan

Best Bank of the Year - Large Size Banks

Best Islamic Bank of the Year

Best Digital Banking Services Award of the Year

The Asian Banker

The Asian Banker CEO Leadership Achievement for Pakistan Award -Mr. Irfan Siddiqui, Founding President & CEO, Meezan Bank Best Managed Bank in Pakistan - Meezan Bank

The Banker

Islamic Bank of the Year, Pakistan

Islamic Finance Forum of South Asia (IFFSA) Awards

Gold Award for Islamic Finance Entity of the Year (Large Category)

Gold Award for Islamic Bank of the Year

Gold Award for Islamic Investment Bank of the Year

Gold Award for Islamic Finance Education Provider of the Year

Gold Award for Islamic CSR Project

Asset Triple A - Hong Kong

Islamic Bank of the Year - Pakistan

Best Trade Finance Bank - Pakistan

Best Islamic Investment Bank - Pakistan

Sukuk Adviser of the Year - Pakistan Best Green Financing - Pakistan

Cherat Cement Company 1.4 billion rupees facility Mandated lead

adviser and arranger

Best Syndicated Loan - Pakistan

Pakistan Mobile Communications 10.5 billion rupees Islamic syndicated term finance facility Shariah adviser, mandated lead adviser

and arrangei

Islamic Finance News - Malaysia

Best Islamic Retail Bank - Global

Best Islamic Bank - Pakistan

Best Investment Bank - Pakistan

Best Corporate Bank - Pakistan Best Retail Bank - Pakistan

Most Innovative Bank - Pakistan

Best Digital Offering - Pakistan

Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited

Top 25 Companies of the Year - 2020 (2nd position)

Global Islamic Finance Awards

Shari'a Authenticity Award Shari'a Auditor of the Year

Best Islamic Bank

Global Finance - New York

Best Islamic Financial Institution in Pakistan

AsiaMonev

Most Outstanding Company in Pakistan - Banking Sector

Asian Banking and Finance Corporate & **Investment Banking Awards**

Innovative Islamic Deal of the Year - Pakistan

Employers Federation of Pakistan (EFP)

Employer of the Year - Large National Companies (2nd Position)

MAP - Management Association of Pakistan

Best Company in Financial Category

ICAP and **ICMAP**

Best Corporate Reports Awards - Banking Sector (Certificate of Merit)

12th Annual Fire Safety Awards

Fire Safety Award 2022

Shaukat Khanum Social Responsibility Awards

Shaukat Khanum Corporate Excellence Award

2021

CFA Society of Pakistan

Best Bank of the Year - Large Size Banks Best Islamic Bank of the Year

Islamic Finance News - Malaysia

Best Islamic Bank in Pakistan

Most Innovative Deal of The Year - Enertech's PKR 25.5 Billion Sukuk Syndicated Deal of The Year - Pakistan Mobile Communications Syndicated Finance Facility

Pakistan Deal of The Year - Enertech's PKR 25.5 Billion Sukuk

Asset Triple A Country Awards

Best Structured Finance Deal, Pakistan - Pakistan Mobile Communications Syndicated Term Finance Facility

State Bank of Pakistan

Best Performing Bank (1st position)

Fastest Growing Bank

Highest Amount of Remittances through Roshan Digital Account (1st position)

Top Performance Award - disbursements & approvals in Mera Pakistan Mera Ghar (2nd Position)

Employer of Year Awards

Employer of the Year - Diamond Award

ICAP and **ICMAP**

Best Corporate Reports Awards - Banking sector $3^{\rm rd}$ Position

International Finance Award

Fastest Growing Digital Transformation Bank - Pakistan

Asiamoney

Most Outstanding Company in Pakistan - Banking Sector

World Finance Magazine

World Finance Banking Awards

Best Banking Group - Pakistan

Best Retail Bank - Pakistan

World Finance Islamic Finance Awards

Best Islamic Bank - Pakistan

Asian Banking and Finance Corporate & Investment Banking Awards 2021

Renewable Energy Bank of the Year - Pakistan Green Deal of the Year - Pakistan

Asset Triple A - Hong Kong

Islamic Bank of the Year - Pakistan Best Islamic Retail Bank - Pakistan Best Islamic Trade Finance Bank - Pakistan Best Islamic Investment Bank - Pakistan Sukuk Adviser of the Year - Pakistan Best Islamic Custodian - Pakistan

Asset Triple A Asia Infrastructure Awards

Power Deal of the Year - Pakistan for Punjab

Thermal Power Private Limited US\$583 million project finance and working capital finance facilities

Global Islamic Finance Awards

Shari'a Authenticity Award Shari'a Auditor of the Year

Islamic Banker of the Year - Mr. Irfan Siddiqui

The Banker

Islamic Bank of the Year, Pakistan

Global Finance - New York

Best Islamic Financial Institution in Pakistan

Islamic Finance Forum of South Asia (IFFSA) Awards

Gold Award - Islamic Finance Entity of the Year (Large) Islamic Bank of the Year - Large

Islamic Investment Bank of the Year Islamic Finance Advisory Services Provider of the Year

2020

Pakistan Banking Awards

Best Bank - 2020

CFA Society Pakistan

Best Bank of the Year - Large Size Banks

Best Islamic Bank of the Year

Best Corporate Finance House of the Year - Fixed Income

State Bank of Pakistan

Highest amount of Deposits through Roshan Digital Account Highest amount of Investment in Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates

The Asian Banker

*Strongest Bank of Pakistan

*Fifth Strongest Islamic Bank in the World - 2020 in 500 Largest and Strongest Banks Ranking

*by balance sheet

Islamic Finance News (IFN) - Malaysia

Best Overall Islamic Bank - Global Award Most Innovative Islamic Bank - Global Award 2nd Position, Best Islamic Private Bank - Global Award 2nd Position, Best Islamic Retail Bank - Global Award Best Islamic Bank in Pakistan

Global Finance - New York

Best Islamic Financial Institution - Pakistan Best Trade Finance Provider - Pakistan

Asset Triple A - Hong Kong

Islamic Bank of the Year - Pakistan Best Islamic Retail Bank - Pakistan Best Islamic Trade Finance Bank - Pakistan Best Islamic Investment Bank - Pakistan Sukuk Adviser of the Year - Pakistan

Best Islamic Loan Adviser - Pakistan

Best Islamic Custodian - Pakistan Best Green Financing - Pakistan, NASDA Green Energy transaction Best Quasi-Sovereign Sukuk - Pakistan, Power Holding (Pvt) Limited

Best Structured Financing - Pakistan, Avari Hotels syndicated Islamic finance facility

Best Syndicated Loan - Pakistan, Pakistan Mobile Communications Limited syndicated term finance facility

Asset Triple A Asia Infrastructure Awards

Renewable Energy Deal of the Year - Pakistan Telecom Deal of the Year - Pakistan

Global Islamic Finance Awards

Shariah Authenticity Award Shariah Auditor of the Year Sukuk House of the Year

Islamic Finance Forum of South Asia (IFFSA) Awards

Gold Award - Islamic Finance Entity of the Year (Large) Gold Award -Islamic Finance Advisory Services Provider of the Year Gold Award - Islamic Investment Bank of the Year Gold Award - Islamic Bank of the Year - Large Silver Award - Islamic Finance Deal of the Year

Asian Banking and Finance Corporate & Investment Banking Awards

Project Infrastructure Finance Deal of the Year - Pakistan

ICAP and ICMAP

Best Corporate Reports Awards - Banking sector 3rd Position

DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

بشمِاللهِ الرَّحْبِمِنِ الرَّحِيمِ

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the twenty-sixth Annual Report of Meezan Bank for the year ended December 31, 2022.

25 years of Islamic Banking

Alhamdullillah, 2022 was a year of reflection and celebration for Meezan Bank. Formed with the Vision of establishing 'Islamic banking as banking of first choice' in 1997 as Al Meezan Investment Bank, this year marked the silver jubilee of our organisation as we completed twenty-five years of providing Riba-free banking services to our customers. As we reflect on our journey from being the smallest commercial bank in the country to one of the largest and most valued customer franchises, we must, first and foremost thank Allah SWT for his Blessings without which none of this would have been possible. At the same time, we are grateful for the extraordinary efforts and dedication of our current and past Directors of the Board, Members of the Shariah Board, Senior Management and employees in making this Vision a reality. We are fortunate that through Meezan Bank, the seed of Islamic banking has been sowed in Pakistan, and are proud of our efforts in growing the Islamic Banking Industry (IBI).

Meezan Bank is the youngest bank in Pakistan to have attained the prestigious AAA Credit Rating in just 19 years of operations and also has the highest market cap amongst all the banks listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

Having laid down the foundations of Islamic banking in Pakistan to eliminate Riba from the country, our Bank's successful endeavors have acted as a catalyst for developing landscape for Shariah-compliant banking and financing solutions for customers through innovation and capacity building across the IBI. We have historically conducted awareness sessions at all forums for the promotion of the Islamic finance and also played our pioneering role in development of Islamic banking certifications at leading education institutions to foster and enrich Islamic bankers in the country. As a direct result of these steps, today the Islamic Banking Industry has grown from a single institution to six full-fledged Islamic banks and fifteen Islamic banking windows of conventional banks. Many of the prominent Islamic banking ambassadors have been nurtured and trained with us in one way or the other. The market share of dedicated Islamic banks and Islamic banking windows now stands at 21%.

We sincerely acknowledge and appreciate the efforts of the Government of Pakistan (GoP) and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) for developing the IBI in Pakistan. The Honourable Federal Shariat Court (FSC)'s much awaited verdict on Riba, to complete conversion of the financial system to a Shariah-compliant interest-free system in five years, is an important milestone for us. We wish to place on record our appreciation for the formation of Steering Committee by the GoP's Finance Division for implementation of FSC's decision. We feel immense joy in informing you that the Chairman of our Shariah Board, Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani and our Founding President and CEO, Mr. Irfan Siddiqui have been nominated as members of this Steering Committee to provide strategic quidance and support, aid in capacity building and monitor the progress in implementation of the FSC's verdict on a Riba-free Pakistan. The Board acknowledges the extraordinary contributions of our Chairman Shariah Board and our President & CEO towards the promotion of Islamic banking. We firmly believe that we owe our success to the blessings of Allah (SWT) and strong adherence to our Core Values of Shariah-compliance, Integrity and Service Excellence.

Economic Overview

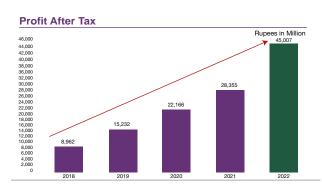
2022 started on high hopes as the world economy started to rebound on recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. However, this optimism was short-lived and soon ended with the emergence of the Russia-Ukraine conflict that trigged a downward spiral in global macroeconomic environment and led to a commodity super cycle (including oil) affecting economies around the world. For emerging markets like Pakistan, the economic challenges were further exacerbated due to a turn in the global interest rate cycle. Resultantly, Pakistan's economy, after posting a GDP growth of 6.0% in fiscal year 2022, slowed down with significant contraction in latter part of the year.

The economic challenges were further amplified with the convergence of domestic political unrest and unprecedented catastrophic floods that rendered more than 30 million people homeless and washed away thousands of cattle and agriculture crops, resulting in balance of payments pressures, fiscal slippages and high inflation. Inflation rose from 12.3% at the beginning of the year to 24.5% in December 2022. In response to the rising inflation in the country, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) also tightened its monetary policy stance thereby raising the policy rate (benchmark rate) in a staggered manner from 9.75 percent at the beginning of 2022 to 16 percent by the end of 2022 - a cumulative rise of 625 basis points. In January 2023, the benchmark rate was further increased to 17 percent. The exit from the FATF grey list was overshadowed by the concerns on macro-economic stability. The national bourse also witnessed a decline and lost 9 percent of its value, closing at 40,420 points compared to a level of 44,596 points in 2021.

The Federal Government is striving to control non-essential imports, enforcing austerity measures and striking a balance between fiscal prudence and economic relief for the masses. The resumption of IMF program will unlock the financial support from friendly countries and other multilateral institutions. In another positive development, Pakistan was able to secure total pledges of around \$10 billion in the International Conference on Climate Resilient Pakistan which took place in January 2023.

Our Performance

By the grace of Allah (SWT), despite deteriorating economic indicators, we continued our growth trajectory and delivered strong financial results. Profit After Tax increased by 59% over the previous year to Rs 45 billion from Rs 28.4 billion with Return on Equity clocking at over 40%. We have consistently maintained return on equity above the industry average and have focused on value creation for our shareholders. The basic earnings per Share - increased to Rs 25.15 from Rs 15.84 per share on enhanced share capital of Rs 17.9 billion.



Dividend per Share

We are pleased to inform you that the Board has approved Rs 3.00 (30%) per share final cash dividend for the fourth quarter of 2022. This brings the total cash dividend payout for the year to Rs 8.50 (85%) per share including Rs 5.50 (55%) interim cash dividends paid during the year. This is in addition to the issuance of 10% bonus shares during the year. Alhamdulillah, we have maintained our tradition of unbroken dividend pay-outs since the date of our listing on the Stock Exchange.

Most Valuable Bank by Market Capitalization

During the year 2022, Meezan Bank remained the most valuable bank in Pakistan, in terms of market capitalization, which highlights investors' confidence on our Bank's management, our performance and growth potential.

| | Rs in Million | |
|---|---------------|----------|
| Profit and Loss Account | 2022 | 2021 |
| Profit / return earned on financing, investments and placements | 232,121 | 110,072 |
| Return on deposits and other dues expensed | (110,417) | (41,151) |
| Net spread earned | 121,704 | 68,921 |
| Fee, commission and other income | 14,553 | 10,193 |
| Foreign exchange income | 3,617 | 3,158 |
| Dividend income and gain / (loss) on securities - net | 933 | 1,541 |
| Non-funded and other income | 19,103 | 14,892 |
| Total Income | 140,807 | 83,813 |
| Operating and other expenses | (48,245) | (35,324) |
| Profit before provisions | 92,562 | 48,489 |
| Provisions and write offs - net | (4,177) | (993) |
| Profit before taxation | 88,385 | 47,496 |
| Taxation | (43,378) | (19,141) |
| Profit after taxation | 45,007 | 28,355 |
| Earnings per share - on enhanced capital - Rs | 25.15 | 15.84 |

Profitability

Net Spread

Return on financings, investments, and placements increased to Rs 232 billion from Rs 110 billion last year - higher by 111% driven by substantial rise in earning assets and a higher underlying benchmark policy rate. The average policy rate during the year increased from 7.29% to 13.20%. The return on deposits and borrowings also increased to Rs 110 billion from Rs 41 billion in 2021 - higher by 168% due to an increase in average deposits and borrowings volume and an increase in depositors' profit rates.

28% Growth in Non-funded income - Driven by Rise in Trade Volumes & Digital Initiatives

Fee, commission and other income posted a robust uptick of 43% to Rs 14.6 billion from Rs 10.2 billion last year, led by an increase in debit cards, trade and branch banking related income. In 2022, more than 400,000 cards were added to our debit card portfolio, growing the portfolio size to over 2.8 million cards. Overall spend on debit cards also grew from Rs 78 billion to Rs 149 billion, a rise of 90%, with NFC transactions increasing by 8 times. Similarly, Inter Bank Fund Transfers (IBFT) and Utility Bill Payments (UBP) volumes reached a total throughput of Rs 2 trillion and Rs 400 billion respectively with transactions count growing by 83% and 82%. Our state-of-the-art mobile banking app continues to provide a seamless platform for customers to carry out their digital transactions in a secure and efficient manner. Meezan Bank's mobile banking application remained the industry leader, with an unbeatable 4.9 rating on both Google Play Store and Apple App Store throughout the year, Nearly 1.4 million 'financially active' customers used our mobile application to conduct more than 166 million digital transactions in 2022.

Our trade business volume reached Rs 2.2 trillion compared to Rs 1.7 trillion a year ago. We consider trade finance business a key segment as it not only contributes to fee income but also attracts current account balances which in turn drive higher profitability. Our extensive network of correspondent banks aids us in aggressively competing for trade business. Foreign exchange income also rose by 15% due to strong trade flows, prudent risk mitigation and concerted sales efforts. On an overall basis, non-funded income recorded a 28% growth, closing at Rs 19.1 billion.

Operating expenses

Operating and other expenses also increased by 37% to Rs 48.2 billion from Rs 35.3 billion, primarily due to an increase in costs associated with the opening of 60 new branches during the year; a substantial rise in inflation; steep rupee devaluation and investment in IT-related initiatives. Notwithstanding this increase in expenses, our income efficiency ratio improved to 34% from 42% last year due to our continued focus on cost rationalization, process automation and an efficient operating cycle.

Taxation - Contribution to the National Exchequer

The Federal Government, through Finance Act 2022, raised the tax rate on banking companies to 49% for the year 2022 (39% normal tax and 10% Super Tax) versus 39% in 2021 (35% normal tax and 4% Super Tax). As a result of this increase in tax rate and due to growth in our profitability, we have recorded a higher tax charge of Rs 43.4 billion for 2022 (2021: Rs 19.1 billion).

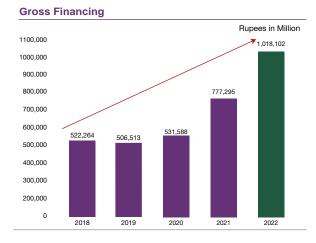
Furthermore, Federal Government increased additional penal tax rate for banks failing to maintain Gross Advance to Deposit Ratio (ADR) above 50% level. However, we did not attract this additional penal tax, due to our efficient tax strategy to maintain ADR at 50% plus levels.

During 2022, we also collected, withheld, and deposited Rs 21.9 billion (2021; Rs 16.4 billion) in the National Exchequer, on account of Income Tax / Federal Excise Duty / Provincial Sales Tax on Services as withholding tax agent on behalf of the Federal Board of Revenue and Provincial Tax Authorities.

Balance Sheet Insights

Sizable growth in financings and investment portfolio augmented our total assets, which crossed the Rs 2.5 trillion mark as compared to Rs 1.9 trillion in 2021- an increase of 35% or Rs 674 billion. A snapshot of key business results achieved during the year is as under:

| Key Business Results | 2022 | 2021 | Variation |
|--|------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Investments | | | |
| Sovereign | Rs 1.26 trillion | Rs 594 billion | 112% 📤 |
| Others | Rs 22 billion | Rs 26 billion | (15%) ▼ |
| | Rs 1.28 trillion | Rs 620 billion | 107% 🔺 |
| ADR (Gross Advance to Deposits) -% | 61% | 53% | 15% 🔺 |
| Islamic Financing and Related Assets - Gross | Rs 1.02 trillion | Rs 777 billion | 31% 🔺 |
| Deposits | Rs 1.66 trillion | Rs 1.46 trillion | 14% 🔺 |
| Total Assets | Rs 2.57 trillion | Rs 1.90 trillion | 35% 📤 |
| Equity | Rs 115.3 billion | Rs 86.6 billion | 33% 📤 |
| Capital Adequacy ratio | 18.42% | 17.81% | 3% 🔺 |
| Dividend per share: | | | |
| Cash Dividend - Rs | 8.50 | 6.00 | 42% 🔺 |
| Bonus Issue | 10% | 15% | (50%) ▼ |
| Branch Network | 962 Branches | 902 Branches | 7% ▲ |
| Presence | 317 Cities | 290 Cities | 9% 🔺 |
| Trade Business (Imports and Exports) | Rs 2.18 trillion | Rs 1.69 trillion | 29% 🔺 |



31% Growth in Gross Financings Portfolio

In line with our unwavering focus on maintaining a high-quality diversified asset portfolio spread across all segments including Corporate, Commercial & SME and Consumer, this year our gross financing portfolio crossed the Rs 1 trillion milestone and grew by 31% or Rs 241 billion without compromising on risk-acceptance parameters. Gross advances to deposits ratio (ADR) also rose to a comfortable level of 61% from 53% last year.

We continued to actively support the SBP-led initiatives for increasing financial inclusion and overall economic development of the country through participation under several refinance schemes and initiatives. These included Prime Minister's Kamyab Jawan Program, Islamic SME Asaan Finance (ISAAF), and Roshan Apna Ghar and Roshan Apni Car schemes for Non-Resident Pakistanis, to name a few. We have also extended our support to the agriculture sector and exceeded the SBP assigned targets of agriculture credit disbursement for 2021-22. The total exposure under various SBP refinance schemes has increased by more than 25%.

To support and promote affordable Islamic housing finance for the masses, we have joined hands with the Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company (PMRC) this year. We have also introduced a new product - "Meezan Women First - Car Ijarah" to reduce the gender gap in financial inclusion. Concerning United Nations Environmental Social Governance Framework, we are actively extending solar financing to reduce the carbon footprint in the economy.

Non-Performing Financings and Provisions

During 2022, a specific provision charge of Rs 815 million and a reversal of Rs 1.48 billion was recorded against non-performing financings. In view of recent catastrophic floods and the risk of any potential non-performing financings arising given the current economic slowdown, an additional general provision of Rs 3.75 billion was made during the year which takes the non-performing financing coverage ratio to 166% - one of the highest in the banking industry. The portfolio infection ratio (non-performing financing

ratio) remains at one of the lowest levels of 1.3% versus the overall banking industry average of 7.6%. We believe our existing level of provision adequately covers the impact of IFRS-9 implementation. Accordingly, we do not foresee any financial impact as a result of the adoption of IFRS-9 with effect from January 01, 2023.

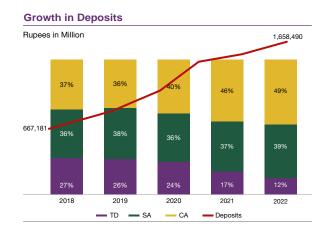
Growth in Investments

Our investment portfolio grew by 107% to Rs 1.28 trillion from Rs 620 billion last year. The issuance of GoP Ijarah Sukuk at regular intervals enabled us to increase the size of our investment book and reduce dependency on inter-bank secured placements under Bai Muajjal. During the year, an additional Rs 706 billion were invested in GoP Ijarah Sukuk taking the total GoP Ijarah Sukuk portfolio to Rs 1.1 trillion from Rs 398 billion. Out of the total investment portfolio, 98% represents investment in Federal Government / Government Guaranteed Securities.

The implementation of SBP's Shariah-compliant Open Market Operations (OMO-Injections) and Shariah-compliant Standing Ceiling Facility has immensely helped the Islamic Banking Industry to manage its day-to-day liquidity more efficiently, for which we remain grateful to the Government of Pakistan and the SBP.

Growth in Deposits

While the banking industry's deposits recorded a growth of 7% in 2022, our deposits grew by 14% to Rs 1.66 trillion from Rs 1.46 trillion as at December 2021, with a market share of 7.4% in the banking industry. More importantly, the deposit growth stemmed from Current Account (CA) deposits which grew to Rs 819 billion recording a growth of Rs 152 billion or 23% over last year. Current Accounts now represent 49% of total deposits – almost half of our total deposit book, while Saving Accounts (SA) represent 39% of total deposits, reflecting a growth of 18%. The CASA deposits now account for 88% of total deposits, amounting to Rs 1.46 trillion. Our focus on continuously innovating our product offering and ensuring unparalleled and seamless service delivery to our customers through both digital and physical channels has enabled us to achieve these milestones and has contributed in the shape of higher brand loyalty, customers' trust and satisfaction.



Roshan Digital Account (RDA)

Alhamdulillah, we continue to lead the RDA inflows in the industry. Till the end of 2022, we received around USD 1.4 billion since inception with a market share of around 25% in terms of RDA inflows in the industry and a total of more than 83,000 accounts. We now have a dedicated Roshan Digital Centre - another industry first, inaugurated by the then SBP Governor (Acting). This Centre is specifically designed to dedicatedly cater to the ever-growing needs of our overseas customers through innovative means. During 2022, the following milestones were achieved for RDA:

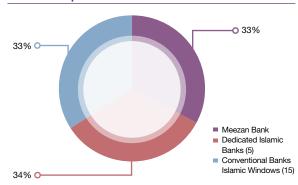
- USD \$ One billion plus inflow since inception;
- Highest number of Roshan Equity Accounts Rs 3 billion worth of deposits; and
- Over Rs 1 billion disbursement of Car Ijarah to our RDA customers since inception.

We will continue our active engagement with the SBP to create awareness about RDA and offer Shariah-compliant products to overseas Pakistanis for their banking needs.

Islamic Banking Industry

Islamic banking continues to strengthen its roots in Pakistan with Meezan Bank as the market leader, offering a complete range of Islamic banking products and services. The share of Islamic Banking Industry deposits now stands at 21% of the total banking industry deposits. Meezan Bank's share of deposits amongst dedicated Islamic banks operating in Pakistan is approximately 49% while its share of the Islamic banking industry as a whole, including Islamic banking windows of conventional banks in Pakistan is 33%.

Share of Meezan Bank in Islamic Banking Industry based on deposits



Growth in Branch Network

Our Bank follows a hybrid growth model underpinned by expanding its physical presence in underserved areas of the country whilst simultaneously augmenting its digital footprint through innovative offerings and smooth channel migration. With this spirit, another sixty branches in twenty-seven new cities were added to our network during the year. Our geographical network now stands at 962 branches in 317 cities (2021: 902 Branches in 290 cities). We believe that continued expansion in both physical and digital space is important, owing to the large, diversified, and geographically dispersed unbanked population of the country.

Branch Network 950 902 55 ↑ 900 850 100 800 760 750 700 660 650

ATM Network

In addition to the branch network, we operate with an extensive network of 1,000 plus ATMs across the country. We are the 3rd largest bank in Pakistan to acquire off-us transactions despite a relatively smaller ATM network compared to other banks. This shows the trust and confidence of other banks' customers in the up-time and availability of cash at Meezan Bank's ATMs at all times.

600

550 500 0

Merchant Acquiring Business

We continued to deepen our presence in the digital space through its merchant acquiring initiative. In 2022, we processed transactions worth Rs 22.2 billion through our POS machines and within the first year of launch, expanded its acquiring footprint to over 254 cities in Pakistan. Our acquiring business also increased to 11,000 plus POS machines deployed with merchants across Pakistan.

Credit Rating

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed our entity ratings at 'AAA/A-1+' (Triple A/ A-One Plus) which denotes the highest credit quality with negligible risk factors. The outlook on the assigned ratings is 'Stable'.

Capital Adequacy Ratio

We remain adequately capitalized with Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 18.42% - significantly above the minimum regulatory requirement of 12.00% for 2022. It is worth highlighting that our Common Equity Tier-I (CET-I) to total risk weighted assets ratio is almost twice the minimum regulatory requirement of 8% after witnessing an increase of 189 basis points in 2022 - reflective of the quality of our regulatory capital:

| Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) | Dec 31, 2022 | Dec 31, 2021 | Minimum Requirement |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Common Equity Tier I – (CET I) | 14.78% | 12.89% | 8.00% |
| Tier I | 15.69% | 14.00% | 9.50% |
| CAR | 18.42% | 17.81% | 12.00% |
| | | | |

Human Capital

Alhamdulillah, we continued to recognise potential talent in the economy and created 1,300 plus new employment opportunities in both rural as well as urban areas. Our human capital now comprises more than 15,000 resources. We believe in building a dynamic and professionally competent workforce capable of providing a world-class banking experience to our customers.

Continuing with the philosophy of developing and nurturing quality talent, we continued our hybrid learning model using a blended approach (including Virtual Instructor Led Trainings-VILT as well as face-to-face training modules) covering more than 12,000 staff via 1,100 plus internal and over 200 external trainings ranging from Islamic banking to role-based, technical and soft skills workshops. Apart from this, we have been actively participating in webinars and awareness sessions for our customers, staff and general public at large to bring Shariah-compliant offerings to the doorstep of every individual.

Performance of Subsidiary - Al Meezan Investment Management Limited

Our subsidiary, Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan) is the largest Asset Management Company (AMC) in Pakistan with Assets under Management (AUMs) crossing Rs 282 billion as at December 31, 2022, including Separately Managed Accounts (SMAs) for corporate and high net worth individuals - with an investor base of over 183,000 customers. These AUMs represent over 16% of the total mutual funds industry and 40% of the Shariah-compliant mutual funds industry. Al Meezan also manages the largest Voluntary Pension Fund in Pakistan called Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund with net assets of around Rs 15 billion as at December 31, 2022.

This year, Al Meezan received the prestigious 'Best Asset Management Company of the Year 2022' award at the CFA Society Pakistan's 19th Annual Excellence Awards. The award was given in recognition of the company's efforts to provide best in class Shariah-compliant innovative investment solutions to its investors, further cementing its position as the leading AMC in Pakistan. Al Meezan has a track record of over 27 years in fund management operations and has the unique privilege of being the first Asset Management Company (AMC) in Pakistan to be awarded the highest management quality rating of AM1 by both VIS and PACRA.

Al Meezan has made its products and services easily accessible through a physical network of 25 branches across 15 cities in Pakistan while also utilizing digital avenues and additional distribution network of Meezan Bank branches. Al Meezan offers a comprehensive

product suite of nineteen (19) Open Ended Mutual Funds, one (1) Voluntary Pension scheme and multiple investment plans, managing investments in multiple asset categories like money market, income, commodity, equity, dedicated equity, balanced and asset allocation. Al Meezan has recently launched a Shariah-compliant fixed term fund as well, expanding its comprehensive product suite.

Future Outlook and Strategy

Meezan Bank remains committed to contributing to the economic growth and stability of the country by strengthening the IBI and assisting the government to shift towards Shariah-compliant banking solutions in line with the SBP's vision to increase the market share of the IBI to 30% from its current level of around 21% over the next three years.

We intend to maintain our share of IBI deposits and follow a balanced-growth strategy for deposits and financings in the year ahead. We are ready to further diversify our exposures in different sectors of the economy while keeping all the risk acceptance parameters in check. Acknowledging our national obligation, active participation in SBP-led initiatives for increasing financial inclusion would also remain an area of focus. We will continue to maintain our financial stability ratios above the regulatory requirements and will further strengthen our equity base in line with our future growth plans.

Expansion will continue in line with our hybrid growth strategy – acknowledging the importance of both physical and digital outreach of the country. We will continue to invest in technology and offer the best-in-class digital services to our customers and maintain our distinction as the frontrunner in the banking industry in this domain. We will InshaAllah launch our Shariah-compliant alternative to Credit Card and employ a new high-tech Card Management System which will provide innovative solutions to our customers along with state-of-the art upgraded version of Customer Relationship Management System.

The present auditors, A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. As required under the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 the Board and the Audit Committee have recommended the appointment of A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants as auditors of the Bank, for the year ending December 31, 2023.

Awards and Recognitions

Meezan Bank has achieved several prestigious recognitions during the year that include the following:

Best Bank of the Year 2021 - Large Size Banks by the CFA Society of Pakistan

Alhamdulillah, Meezan Bank has won the prestigious 'Best Bank of the Year 2021 - Large Size Banks' award by the CFA Society of Pakistan for the third consecutive year. In addition to the above, Meezan Bank has also been recognized with the following awards:

- Best Islamic Bank of the Year 2021
- Best Digital Banking Services 2021

Best Islamic Retail Bank - Global Award by Islamic Finance News (IFN) Malaysia

Alhamdulillah, Meezan Bank has been recognized by Islamic Finance News (IFN) of REDmoney Group - Malaysia as the Global Best Islamic Retail Bank, for the year 2022. Meezan Bank has also swept the IFN 2022 Country Awards by winning all six categories for Pakistan:

- Best Islamic Bank in Pakistan
- Best Investment Bank in Pakistan
- Best Corporate Bank in Pakistan
- Best Retail Bank in Pakistan
- Most Innovative Bank in Pakistan
- Best Digital Offering in Pakistan

It is worth mentioning that this achievement has made Meezan Bank one of only two banks in the 21 countries participating in these polls that have the prestigious distinction of winning all local categories.

Best Consumer Bank - 2022 by Pakistan Banking Awards

This year, Meezan has won the highly coveted 'Best Consumer Bank - 2022' Award by the Pakistan Banking Awards - one of the most prestigious recognitions in Pakistan's banking industry. This award is given to the bank with the most efficient service delivery and attention to customer requirements. The Bank had previously been recognized as the Best Bank in Pakistan in 2018 and 2020.

The Pakistan Banking Awards are organized by the Institute of Bankers, Pakistan in collaboration with DAWN Media Group and A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network, under the patronage of the State Bank of Pakistan and adjudicated through an eminent jury of highly respectable luminaries with substantial experience in the financial sector.

We bow our heads to Allah (SWT) in thankfulness for such outstanding rewards for our meager efforts. At the same time, we express our deepest gratitude to our customers for trusting us with their banking needs.

The Board of Directors is pleased to endorse the following statements in the Annual Report:

- Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019;
- Profit after tax amounting to Rs 4.5 billion has been transferred to Statutory Reserves for the year 2022 as required under Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962;
- Risk management framework of the Bank;

- Statement made by the Management relating to internal controls over financial reporting along with overall internal controls;
- The pattern of Shareholding as at December 31, 2022; and
- Corporate Social Responsibility.

Directors

The Board consists of eleven directors, including one female director and the CEO as a deemed director:

| S. No. | Name of Directors | Category |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1. | Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees | Non-Executive Director |
| 2. | Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar | Non-Executive Director |
| 3. | Mr. Bader H.A.M.A. AlRabiah | Non-Executive Director |
| 4. | Mr. Mubashar Maqbool | Non-Executive Director |
| 5. | Mr. Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani | Non-Executive Director |
| 6. | Mr. Faisal Fahad AlMuzaini | Non-Executive Director |
| 7. | Mr. Mohamed Guermazi | Non-Executive Director |
| 8. | Ms. Nausheen Ahmad | Independent Director / Female Director |
| 9. | Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem | Independent Director |
| 10. | Mr. Yousef S.M.A. AlSaad | Independent Director |
| 11. | Mr. Irfan Siddiqui - President & CEO | Executive Director / Deemed Director |

During the year, four meetings of the Board of Directors were held. The record of the Board meetings held during the year and attended by the Directors is as follows:

| Name of Directors | Category | No. of meetings held in tenure | No. of meetings attended |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees – Chairman | Non-Executive Director | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar – Vice Chairman | Non-Executive Director | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Bader H.A.M.A. Al- Rabiah | Non-Executive Director | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Mubashar Maqbool | Non-Executive Director | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Faisal Fahad AlMuzaini | Non-Executive Director | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani | Non-Executive Director | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Mohamed Guermazi | Non-Executive Director | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem | Independent Director | 4 | 4 |
| Ms. Nausheen Ahmed | Independent / Female Director | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Yousef S.M.A. AlSaad | Independent Director | 3 | 3 |
| Mr. Irfan Siddiqui – President & CEO | Executive Director | 4 | 4 |

The Board has constituted the following five Committees with defined Terms of Reference (ToRs):

- 1. Human Resources, Remuneration and Compensation Committee
- 2. Risk Management Committee
- 3. Audit Committee
- 4. Information Technology Committee
- 5. IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee

The names of members and their attendance in Board Committees Meetings held during the year are included in the Annual Report.

Remuneration of Board members is recommended by the Board and approved by shareholders in the General Meeting. However, in accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance, it is ensured that no director takes part in deciding his / her own remuneration. The Bank does not pay any remuneration to non-executive directors except fee for attending the meetings. In order to retain the best talent, the Bank's remuneration policies are structured in line with the SBP regulations, prevailing industry trends and business practices. For information on remuneration of Directors and CEO in 2022, please refer notes to the financial statements.

The Bank has a policy in place for dealing with conflicts of interest relating to members of the Board. Under this policy, any director who has a business interest in a matter being presented at a Board meeting does not participate in either the discussion or the decision on that matter. This policy is applied consistently and there was no breach of this policy during the year.

Performance Evaluation Mechanism for the Board

Members of the Board of Directors and its sub committees are competent and experienced individuals, representing diversified educational and vocational backgrounds which are invaluable in determining the overall direction of the organization.

The Board of Directors is keen to ensure that it reviews the effectiveness of its performance periodically. To that end, all individual Board members answer a comprehensive questionnaire focused on evaluating, from various angles, whether the Board has discharged its duties diligently and with foresight. A committee of Directors is designated to manage the Board's self-evaluation exercise and present its findings to the Board for deliberation and discussion.

During the self-evaluation exercise, the Board evaluates itself from the following perspectives

- Evaluation of the overall Board
- Evaluation of the Chairperson
- Evaluation of Individual Directors
- Evaluation of Independent Directors
- Evaluation of Board Committees
- Evaluation of the CEO

This exercise in critical self-assessment allows the Board to evaluate its performance and overall effectiveness in setting strategies, devising controls, reading market trends by monitoring micro and macroeconomic factors and responding to adverse unforeseen situations to further the cause of a learning organization. This process also ensures that the Board is constantly growing intellectually and the responsibility of steering the Bank to new heights of success is discharged effectively and efficiently.

The SBP Guidelines require that at least once in every three years, the evaluation should be conducted by an external independent evaluator. The Bank engaged Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG) as an independent evaluator to conduct this evaluation in 2018 and 2021 while for 2022 this exercise is conducted by adopting an in-house approach using quantitative techniques, as per SBP guidelines.

Acknowledgement

The Board would like to express its sincere thanks and gratitude to the State Bank of Pakistan, the Ministry of Finance and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for their continuous commitment to establish a viable Islamic financial system in the country.

Our landmark achievements would not have been possible without the proactive support of our diversified customer base, for which we remain indebted to them. We also sincerely thank each one of our team members for their hard work and commitment. May Allah Almighty bestow His blessings on our entire team and their families. We would also like to thank the Chairman of our Shariah Board, Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani, members of the Shariah Board, shareholders, holders of Additional Tier I Sukuk and Sub-ordinated Sukuk (Tier II) for their continued support towards establishing Meezan Bank as the country's Premier Islamic Bank.

Most importantly, we are thankful to Allah Almighty for His continued blessings on our Bank which has enabled us to achieve this outstanding performance in a very short span of time and we pray that He gives us more strength and wisdom to further expand our Vision of establishing Islamic banking as banking of first choice.

On behalf of the Board

Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees Chairman

Karachi: February 16, 2023 Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO پالیسیوں ک تھکیل اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے دیکیے لیشور بسنعت کے موجود ورجمانات اور کاروباری طریقوں کے مطابق کی جاتی ہے۔2022 میں ڈائزیکٹرز اور CEO کے معاوضوں کی تفصیل سے لیے ذائل اسٹیشنس کے

بیتک بورڈ کے ممبران معتقل تصادم مفادات عصل کے لئے ایک واضح پالیسی رکھتا ہے۔ اس پالیسی کے قت کوئی ایسابورڈ ممبرجو بورڈ کے اجلاس میں چیش کے جانے والے کسی معاطے میں کوئی کاروباری مفاور کھتا ہے، وواس معاملے پرنة و بحث ومباعث اور ندی فیصلہ سازی میں شریک ہوسکتا ہے۔ اس پالیسی پرمستقل بنیادول پڑمل درآ مدکیا جاتا ہے اوراس سال مذکورہ پالیسی کی کوئی خلاف ورزی نہیں کی گئی ہے۔

بورڈ کی کارکردگی کی جانج کاطریقہ کار

بدرة آف وائز يكثر زادراس كى و يلي كمينيان متوع التليى اور پيشدوراند پس منظر كے حال ايل اور تجربيكا را فراد پرهشتال بين جوادار كى جموى ست كے تعين من اعتبائي منديكر دارا داكرتے بين۔

پورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز اس بات کویٹنی بتائے کے لئے بھیشے متعدر ہے ہیں کہ واپٹی کارکردگی کا میعادی جائز دلیں۔ اس وجہ سے تمام پورڈمبران فردافر والیک جامع سوالنامہ کا جواب دیے ہیں جوملف زاویوں سے اس بات کی جائج کرتا ہے کہ آیا بورڈ نے اپنے فرائن کی ادائیگی جاففٹ نی سے اور دورا تدبیش کے ساتھ کی ہے۔ دائر کیٹرز پرشتل ایک میٹی انفرادی جوابات کوتھ کرکے بورڈ کوفورو کر اور بحث ومراحشے کے جیش کرتی ہے۔

خودجائز وكارى على كردوران بورة مندرجد في نقط باع نظر اين جائج كرتاب:

- بورد کی جموی حایج
- چيز پرين کي جانج
- افرادی طور پرڈائز یکٹرزی جانچ
 - آزادۋائزيكثرزى جانچ
 - بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں کی جانچ
 - ELU CEO .

خود جائزہ کاری کا پیخت عمل بورڈ کو اپنی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینے اور حکت عملیاں مرتب کرنے ،کنٹرول کا طریق عمل وضع کرنے ،مائیکر واور میکروا کنا کہ عناصر کی تلمرانی کے اور کیٹ کے ربحانات سے واقفیت اور بدترین ناگہانی صورتحال کے مناسب رقبل کے قابل بناتا ہے۔ بیٹل اس بات کو بھی بیٹاتا ہے کہ بورڈ تھیری انداز میں اور دانائی کے ساتھ مسلسل آگے بڑھ رہاہے اور بیٹک کو کا میابی کی ٹی بلندیوں تک لے جانے کی اپنی ذمہ داری موررا ورفعال انداز عبده برآ بورباب-

اشیٹ بینک کی ہدایات کا نقاضہ ہے کہ برتین سال کے دوران کم از کم ایک مرتبہ جائزہ کاری کی ہیرونی آزاد جائزہ کارے کروائی جائے۔سال 2018 اور 2021 میں بینک نے ابطور آزاد جائزہ کاری کی ہیرونی آزاد جائزہ کارے کی ہدایات کے مطابق مقداری تکنیک کے ساتھ دداغلی تکنیز نظراختیار کر کے انجام دیا گیا۔ کارپوریٹ گورنس (PICG) کی خدمات حاصل کیں جبکہ 2022 میں اس ممل کو اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی ہدایات کے مطابق مقداری تکنیک کے ساتھ دداغلی تکنیز نظراختیار کر کے انجام دیا گیا۔

بورة اسنيت بينك آف ياكتان (SBP)، وزارت خزانداورسكيو رثيز ايند اليجيجة كميش آف ياكتان (SECP) كوملك من اليك قابل عمل المالى مالياتي اظام كي قيام ك لين كأن ان كالمسلس كوششول اور وابطلى كے ليے فرائ تحسين پيش كرتا ہے۔

میزان بینک کی امتیازی کامیابیاں ہارے متنوع صارفین کے فعال تعاون کے بغیرممکن ٹیس ہوسکتی تھیں، جس کے لئے ہم ان کےممنون احسان رہیں گے۔ہم اپنی ٹیم کے ہررکن کا ان کی محنت اور وابنتگی کے لئے حبد ول سے فکر سے ادا کرتے ہیں۔اللہ ﷺ اہماری پوری میم اوران کے اہلی خاند پر اپنی رحمت کا سابیر قائم رکھے۔ہم اپنے شریعہ بورڈ کے چیز مین جسٹس (ریٹائرڈ) محمد تقی حاتی صاحب،شریعہ بورڈ کے ممبران جسٹس یافتگان واضافی Tier ا صوک اور ٹانوی صوک (Tier II) یافتطان کاان کی معاونت کے لئے مشکر میاد آکر نا چاہتے ہیں جنہوں نے میزان مینک کواڈ کین اور متاز ترین اسلامی بینک بنانے کے لئے مسلسل محنت کی ہے۔

سب سے بڑھ کرہم اللہ ﷺ کے شکر گزار جیں کہ اس کی مسلسل رحمت کے باعث ہم اس قلیل عرصے میں اتنی شاندار کامیا بیوں کے حصول کے قابل ہوسکتے جیں اور ہم دعا گو جیں کہ اللہ ﷺ ہمیں حوصلہ اور دانائی عطا کرے کہ ہم اسلامی بینکاری کو بینکاری کا پہلا انتخاب بنانے کے اسے خواب کوتعبیر کی بلند یول تک پہنچا علیں۔ آمین

ریاض ایس۔اے.اے۔اوریس

يريذ يذنث ايندسي اي او

16 فروري، 2023

• 31 رئير 2022 تك حص يافظي كافا كدواور

• كارلوريث الى قدرارى-

ۋائز يكثرز بورة كياره واز يكرز رمشتل جن من ايك خاتون وائر يكراور CEO (جنين وائر يكم مجاجات كا) بحي شال ين:

| נוב | ڈائر یکٹرز کے نام | نمبرشار |
|--|-------------------------------|---------|
| - نانا گیزیکیپودار کیشر | جناب ریاض ایس اے اور لیں | 1 |
| نان ا مَكِز يَكْيْدُودْ الرِّيكُمْر | جناب فیصل اے اے النصر | r |
| نانا مَّلِر بَيْشُووْا الرَيكِشْر | جناب بدرائج اے ایم اے الربیعہ | ٣ |
| نان ایگزیکیووا از بکثر | جناب مبشر متبول | ۴ |
| نان الگيزيكثيوۋاتريكثر | جناب نويدافتخارشيرواني | ۵ |
| نان ا گَيْر بِكَشُودْ انرَ بَكِشْر | جناب فيصل فبدالموزي | ۲ |
| نان ا نَيْرِ بِيشُووْ انرَ بِيشْر | جناب محمد گر مازی | 4 |
| انڈیینیڈٹ ڈائز بکیٹر/ خاتون ڈائز بکٹر | محتر مەنوشىن احمد | ۸ |
| ا نثر بينيندْ نب ڈائز يكثر | جنا <i>ب مجرعب</i> دالعليم | 9 |
| انڈیینڈنٹ ڈائر بکٹر | جناب یوسف ایس ایم اے السعد | 1• |
| ا يَّزيكُووْ الرَّيكُمْ (Deemed) وْ الرِّيكُمْ (Deemed) وْ الرِّيكُمْر | جنابعر فان صديقى - صدراور CEO | 11 |

ووران سال بورد کے چاراجلاس ہوئے۔ان اجلاسوں اوران میں شرکت کرنے والے ڈائز یکٹرز کی تفصیل درج ڈیل کے مطابق ہے:

| اجلاس میں شرکت کی تعداد | دورانِ مدت منعقده اجلاس | נוב | ڈائر <i>یکٹرز کے</i> نام |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 4 | 4 | نانا گيزيکڻيوۋائز يکثر | جناب ریاض ایس. اے. اے. اور لیس چیئز مین |
| 4 | 4 | نان الگزيکثيو ڈائر بکٹر | جناب فیصل اے اے النصر واُس چیئر مین |
| 4 | 4 | نان الگزیشود اتر یکشر | جناب بدرانج. اے. ایم. اے. الربیعہ |
| 4 | 4 | نان الگزیکشوڈ ائر بکٹر | جناب مبشر مقبول |
| 4 | 4 | نان الگزیکٹوڈ ائزیکٹر | جناب فيصل فبهدالموزيني |
| 4 | 4 | نان ایگزیکشوڈ ائزیکٹر | جناب نويدافتخارشيرواني |
| 4 | 4 | نانا بگزیکٹیوڈائز بکٹر | جناب محمر گرمازی |
| 4 | 4 | انڈییپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر | جناب مجرعبدالعليم |
| 4 | 4 | انڈییپنڈنٹ ڈائر یکٹر/ خاتون ڈائر یکٹر | محتر مدنوشين احمد |
| 3 | 3 | انڈیپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر | |
| 4 | 4 | ا يكزيڭوۋائزيكٹر | جناب عرفان صدر لقی -صدراورCEO |

يورة في واضح وستوراهمل (ToRs) كيساتهدورية بل ياخ كميليال تفكيل وي إن:

1- يومن ريسورل ، ريموزيشن ايند ممنسيش كميني

2- ريك منجنت كيني

3- آۋىكى كىرى

4- انفارميشن فيكنالوري كميني

1FRS 9 -5 المراكب ميليفن اوورات ميلي (Implementation Oversight Committee IFRS 9)

بورؤ کی جانب ہے تھکیل وی جانے والی تمیٹیول کے مبران کے نام اور دوران سال منعقد واجلاسول میں ان کی حاضری کی تفصیل سالا ندر بورٹ میں شامل ہے۔

بورڈ کے ممبران کا معاوضہ بورڈ کی جانب سے بچر پڑکیا جاتا ہے اوراس کی منظوری سالانہ اجلاس میں صفص یافتطان کی جانب سے دی جاتی ہے تاہم کوڈ آف کاربوریٹ گورنش کی تغییل کے لئے اس بات کو تقیی بنایا جاتا ہے کہ کو گی ڈائز کیٹر خودا پنے معاوضے کا تعین نیس کرسکا۔ بینک نان ایگزیکٹوڈائز کیٹرز کوسوائے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کرنے کی قیس کے اور کوئی معاوضہیں دیتا۔ بہترین صلاحیتوں کے حال افراد کو برقرار رکھنے کے لئے معاوضے نے متعلق کموڈ ٹی ،ایکویٹی ، وقف ایکویٹی ، بیلنسڈ اورایٹ ایکویٹن شرمریا پیکار ایل کا انتظام کرتی ہے۔المیز ان نے حال ہی ش جامدیت کا شریعہ کمینا محت کاسٹرزم فٹزیجی متعارف کروایا ہے جس ہے اس کی جامع پروڈ کٹ رہ عج ش اضافه بوائ

متعتبل كآثاراور حكمت مملي

میزان بینک اسمامی بینکاری کی معنعت کوشکلم بنا کر ملک کی معافی ترقی اوراسخکام میں اپنا کردارا داکرنے اورشر پید کمیا نئٹ بینکاری پرمثنگی کے لئے تکونوت کےساتھ تعاون جاری رکھنے کے لئے پرمون ہے، جو یا کستان میں اسمای بیکاری کی صنعت کے حصہ کوموجودہ 1 فیصد ہے بڑھا کرا گلے تین سالول میں 30 فیصد تک اٹے گئے امٹیٹ بینک آف بیا کشان کے نصب انعین کے مطابق ہے۔

ہم اسلامی بینکاری کی صنعت کے ڈیازٹس میں اپنا صعہ برقر ارد کھنے کاارا دور کھتے ہیں اور سال کے اسحدوجے میں ڈیازٹس اور قنائسنگز کے حوالے سے متوازن ترقی کی تنکست عملی برغمل کریں گے۔ ہم تمام رسک پلسپنٹس ہیرامیٹرز کو مذظر رکتے ہوئے معیشت کے تنف شعبوں میں اپنی رسائی بڑھانے کے لئے تیار ہیں۔ اپنی تو می و مدواری بھتے ہوئے الیاتی شوایت کے فروغ سے لئے اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کستان کے زیرسریری اقدامات میں فعال انداز شر کت بھی ہاری تو جہا مرکز رہے گیا۔ ہم اپنے الیاتی استخام کے تناسب کوریکیو لیٹری اقاضوں ہے زیاد وشرح پر برقرار رکھیں کے اور اپنگاا کھرینی میں کومزید مستخلم بنا کمیں گے، جو ہار مے مشتل کی ترقی کے مشعولاں کے

ملک میں فزیکل اور ڈیجیٹل رسائی ، دونوں کی اہمیت کوپٹش نظر رکھتے ہوئے ہماری ہائبرو آگر وتھ کی تھے ہم علی کے مطابق توسیع کا سلہ جاری رہے گا۔ ہم تیکنالوجی میں سر مایہ لگانے اور اپنے صارفین کواپٹی توعیت کی بہترین و پیچیٹل خد مات فراہم کرئے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھیں گے، ادراس شعبے میں بینکاری صنعت میں سب سے آ گے دہنے کا بٹااعز از برقر ار کھیں گے۔ ہم انشا واللہ اپنااسلامی کریڈٹ کارڈ جاری کریں گے اور ایک نئے باتی تیک کارڈ جنجنٹ سنم کا ستوال کرتے ہوئے اپنے صارفین کو کشرر ملیشن شپ پنجنٹ سنم کے جدید تر ین طریقوں کے ساتھ عبدت پر می سوار شرقرا ہم کریں گے۔

موجودہ آڈیٹرز،اےالیف فرگون ایٹل مجنی، چارٹرڈ اکا ویکیٹس، جو PWC نیٹ درک کی ایک ممبر فرم ہے، ریٹائر ہو گئے ہیں اور بوجہ البیت خود کو دوبارہ لقر ری کے لئے ویٹل کرد یا ہے۔ جیسا کہ اسلامکیٹیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورش ار مگولیشتر ،2019 کا تقاضا ہے ، بورڈ اور آؤٹ میٹی نے اے اپنے قر گوئن ایٹر کمپنی ، چارٹر ڈاکا ویٹیٹس کی 31 وئمبر، 2023 کوئتم ہونے والے سال کے لیے مینک کے آؤٹیز کے طور پرووبارہ آخر رک کی تجویز وی ہے۔

الواروزاوراعتراف كاركردكي

ميزان بينك نے دوران سال متعدد معترا ورقائل قدرا يوارؤ زعاصل كے جن كا تفصيل درج ويل ب:

CFA موسائق آف یا کتان کی جانب ہے میٹ ویک آف وی ایئر 2021- الاری مائز تاکس

الحددثه، میزان بینک فیمسلس تیسرے سال CFA سوسانی آف یا کستان کی جانب ہے جیٹ بینک آف دی ایئر 2021 – اارج سائز ویکس کامعتبر ایوارڈ حاصل گیا ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ میزان بینک کودرج ڈیل اعزازات ہے جی نوازا کیا:

> • بيث وْ يَجِينُل مِيْكَنْكُ سروسُرْ 2021 • بيت اللاكم بنك آف دى ايز-2021

> > بيت اسلاك ريثيل مِنك - اسلاك فنانس نيوز (IFN) ملائيثيا كاجانب سے كلونل ايوار فر

الحديثه، ميزان بينك كواسلا كمه ننانس نيوز (REDMoney، (IFN) كروب، منائيشيا كي جانب سے 2022 كے لئے گلایل جيٹ اسلامک رشيل بينک کے اعزاز سے نواز آگيا۔ ميزان بينک نے پاکستان کے لئے تمام جير كيكريزين الوارة جيت كر1FN 2022 كترى الوارة زعى سبقت برقر ارر كلي-

> • بيث انويسمن ويك ان ياكتان • بيت اسلامك بينك الناياكتان

 بيت رينيل مينك ان ياكتان • جيث کار پوريٺ جينگ ان يا کستان

 جيٺ وُ يجيٺل آفرنگ ان پاکستان • موسث انووينو بينك إن ياكتان

بیماں ہے ہات بھی قائل ذکر ہے کداس کا میابی نے میزان ویک کواس احتاب میں حصہ لینے والے 21 مما لگ کے ان دومیکوں میں شامل کردیا ہے جنہیں تمام مقامی کفکریز میں ایوارڈ زجیتے کا اعزاز حاصل ہوا ہے۔

یا کتان ویکنگ ایواروز کی جانب ہے بیٹ کنز بومر پینک _2022

اس سال میزان نے پاکستان بینکنگ ایوار ڈز دجو پاکستان کی بینکاری صنعت کے سب سے معتبر ایوار ڈز ہیں ، کی جانب سے زیادہ معتبر اور مطلوب میسٹ کنز پومر بینک 2022 کا ایوار ڈ حاصل کیا۔ بیاایوار ڈ بینک کومؤثر انداز میں خدمات کی فراہمی اور سازفین کی ضروریات پر آوجہ کے لئے ویا گیا۔ بینک کواس سے بل 2018 اور 2020 میں پاکستان کے بہترین بینک کا اعزاز حاصل ہوا تھا۔

بیاکتان بینکنگ ایداروز کاانتهام استیفیت آف بینکرزه یاکتان وان میڈیا کروپ اوراے ایف فرگون ایند کمپنی وارزوا کاونجیش، جوک Pwc نیٹ ورک کی ممبرفرم ہے کے اشتراک سے اسٹیٹ مینک آف پاکتان کی زیرمر پڑی کیا جاتا ہے اوران کافیصلہ مالیاتی شعبہ میں خاطر خواہتجر ہد کی حال انتہائی معزز اورنا مورشخصیات پرشتمل جیوری کے ذریعے کیا جاتا ہے۔

ہم اپنی اوٹی کا دشوں کے اپنے شاخدارافعامات کے لئے اللہ کا کا مسے سرکبجوو ہیں۔اس کے ماتھ ہی ہم اپنی اوٹی کا بھی فکرییا واکرتے ہیں جنہوں نے اپنی بینکاری کی ضروریات کی محکمیل کے لئے ہم پرامتاد کیا۔

يورة أف دائر يكثر زمرت كرما تحد سالاندر يورث مين شال درج ويل بيانات كي تعديق كرت بين:

- لىغۇلىنىز (كۇۋا قىكار يورىڭ كونىش) رىگىولىشىز، 2019 ئىسىمالىت كابيان،
- جِيَمَنَاكَ كِينِيزَ آروْينن 1962 كِي تقاضول كِي العراد على Statutory Reserves عن تتكل،
 - ويك كارسك بنجنت فريم ورك،
 - انتظاميكا فنافش ريورنگ _ متعلق داخلى تشرول ، مع مجموى داخلى تشرول _ متعلق بهان ،

Branch Network



900 760 550

ا مارا بینک ملک کے بینکاری کی اولیات سے خروم علاقوں میں اپنی موجود کی بڑھا کر اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ جدیہ پیکٹش اور چینلز کی ہموار متقلی کے ذریعے ڈیجیٹل سکھ پر بینک کی موجود کی کومنتظم بنا کرایک ہائبرڈ کر وقعہ ماؤل يوعمل كرتا ہے۔اس جذبہ كے ساتھ ووران سال ہمارے نيٹ ورك بيس ستائيس خے شيرول بيس ساٹھونئ برائجوں كا اضاف كيا كيا۔ جارى جغرافيائى موجودگى اب 317 شيروں ميں 962 برائجوں كك وسع بوكن ہے (290 شرول ش 902 برائيس: 2021) - ہم تھے ہيں كرمك كى شِكُول كى سجوات سے فاكرہ ندا فعائے والى براى متنوع اور جغرافيا في طور پر بكھرى ہوئى آبادى كى وجەھ فتريكل اور ديجيش، دونول سطحول پرمسلسل توسيع كي ضرورت ہے۔

اے ٹی ایم نیٹ ورک

برا 🕏 نیٹ ورگ کے ساتھ سیزان بینک ملک بھر شن 1,000 ہے زائداے ٹی ایمز کے نیٹ ورگ کا حالی ہے۔ میزان بینک دیگر بڑے ٹیکوں کے مقابلہ شی اُسپتا چھوٹے اے ٹی ایم نیٹ ورک کا حالی ہونے کے باوجود پاکستان ش off-us شرائز پیشنز حاصل کرنے والانتیر ابڑا وینک ریا۔ اس میزان وینک کے اے ٹی ایمز کی فعالیت اوران میں قم کی موجود گی پروٹی تیکوں کے صارفین کے بھروے اوراعماد کی عکامی ہوتی ہے۔

مرچندا یکوائزنگ بزلس

2022 شی ہم نے اپنے مرینٹ ایکوائزنگ کے اقدامات کے ذریعے دیجیٹل سطح پراپٹی موجودگی شی اضافہ کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا۔ ہم نے اپنی یوائنٹ آف تیل مشینز کے ذریعے 22.2 ارب رویے کی ٹرانز پیشنز پراسس کیس اور اجراء کے پہلے ہی سال ایکوائزنگ بزنس پاکتان کے 254 شہروں تک وسیقے ہوگیا۔ ہماراا کجوائزنگ بزنس مجی 11,000 ہے زائد نی اوالیں مشیز تک وسیقے ہوگیا جو پاکتان محر کے مرچنٹ آؤٹ کیس پرنصب ہیں۔

VIS کریڈٹ ریٹائے کپنی لمینڈ نے بیٹک کی ۱+۱-۱۸۸۷۸ (تریل اے اے ون پلس) ریٹگنر کی دوبارہ اتصدیق کی ہے جوند ہونے کے برابررسک فیکٹرز کے ساتھ کریڈٹ کے مکنه حد تک اعلیٰ ترین معیار کی نشاندی کرتی الى _تفويض كروه ريفكركآ ثار متحكم إلى _

كيپڻل ايڈيکو سی ريشو

بینک 18.42 فیصر کیٹل ایڈ کے کی ریشو (CAR) کے ساتھ ایک Adequately capitalized ادارہ ہے، بینک CAR سال 2022 کے لئے کم از کم اازی شرح بعنی 12 فیصد سے کافی زیادہ ہے۔ یہ بات مجی تا بل ذکر ہے کے کل رسک ویلد از Risk Weighted) اٹا ٹول پر ہمارا کا من ایکو یٹ ا Tier کا تناسب 8 فیصد کی کم از کم ریکیج لیٹری شروریات سے تقریباد گناہے، جبکہ 2022 میں 189 میسس پوائنٹس کا الضافة بحى و يحض من آيا-يدشر ن الار دريكيو لينرى ميشل كمعيارى عاكا واكر في ب:

| کم از کم ضرورت | 31 دَيْمِر 2021 | 3022 ويرير 2022 | کیپیٹل ایڈیکو یی ریثو (CAR) |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 8.00% | 12.89% | 14.78% | كامن اليكوينُ (CET I) Tier I) |
| 9.50% | 14.00% | 15.69% | Tier I |
| 12.00% | 17.81% | 18.42% | CAR |

انسانی مرماید

الحمد بذہ ہم نے معاشی میدان میں ابل افراد کی قدر شائ کا اور تلاش کا سلند جاری رکھااور دیجی اور شہری ہونوں علاقوں میں ملازمت کے 1,300 سے زائد مواقع پیدا کئے۔ ہماراانسانی سرمایہ 15,000 سے زائد افراد پر محتمل ہے۔ہم ایک متحرک اور پیشرورانہ قابلیت کی حال ورک فورس کی تیاری پر تیمن رکھتے ہیں جو ہمارے صارفین کوعالمی معیار کی بیٹاری کے تجریہ سے روشان کرواسکے۔

معیاری ٹیلنٹ کی ترقی اورنشوونما کے فلنے کوآ تے بڑھاتے ہوئے ہم نے تلوط انداز نظر (بشمول ور چیل انسٹرکٹرز کی زیرنگرائی تربیت (VILT)اوراس کے ساتھے ساتھ روبروتربیت کے ماڈیلز)اختیار کرتے ہوئے اپناپائبرڈ ارتنگ واؤل جاری رکھاجس میں اسمامی دینکاری ہے کے کررول پیمنز بیکینیکل اور سافٹ استکار ورکشالی رمشتمل 1100 ہے زائد اندرونی اور 200 ہے زائد بیرونی تربیج سیشنز کے ذریعے 12,000 ہے زائد ملاز مین شامل ہوئے۔اس کے علاوہ ہم اپنے صارفین ، محملے اور بحیثیت مجموعی موام الناس کے لئے وسینا رز اور آگا ہی انستوں میں فعال اندازے شرکت کرتے رہنے ہیں تا کہ شرایعہ کمیا تنٹ بینکا ری خدیات ہر قرد تک پہنچائی جا سمیں۔

وَ لِي مَهِنِي الحيز ان انويسنون بينجنث لمينز كي كاركر د كي

جهار بی المین المیر ان انویسلمن پنجنٹ کمینڈ (المیر ان) یا کستان کی سب سے بڑی ایسٹ پنجنٹ میمن (AMC) ہے جس کرزیرا نظام اٹائے (AUMs) ہے جس کے ایمار 31(AUMs) ان کی سب سے بڑی ایسٹ پنجنٹ میمن تھے، جس میں کارپوریٹ اور ہائی نیٹ ورتھ افراد کے لئے SMA) Seperately Managed Accounts) بھی شامل ہیں۔ المیز ان کا انویسٹر میں 183,000 صارفین پرمشتمل ہے۔ المیز ان کے زیرا تظام ا الله القر (AUMs) ميوهل فنذ زكى جموق صنعت كالقريباً 16 فيصدا ورشر ايد كميلا است ميوهل فنذ زكى صنعت 40 فيصد حصد بفتة بين -الميز ان ميزان تحفظ بغش فنذ كينام سي ياكستان بين سب سي بز ب رضا كاران يغش فنذ كا بحى انظام كرتى بي جس كے خالص اثاثے 31 وممبر 2022 تك تقريرا 15 ارب رويے تھے۔

اس سال الميو ان نے CFA سوسائن يا كستان كے 19 ويں سالا نہ المسيلنس ايوارڈز ميں" مبيث ايت پنجنٹ كميني آف دى ايئز -2022 كامعتر ايوارڈ حاصل كيا۔ بيايوارڈ كميني كواپيز مين اورجد پيزين شريعه سم بلا نئٹ انویسٹوٹ انو دینوسولیشر بیش کرنے کی کوششوں کےاعتراف میں دیا گیا ہے، جس ہے یا کستان کی صف اوّل کی ایٹ پنجنٹ کمپنی (AMC) کے طور پراس کی حیثیت مزید متحکم ہوگئی ہے۔المیز ان فنڈ پنجنٹ آ پریشزیل 27 سالیز یک ریکارڈ کی صامل ہے اوراے پاکتان کی ایسی پہلی ایسٹ پینجنٹ کھنی (AMC) ہونے کا اعزاز بھی حاصل ہے ہے VIS اور PACRA دوتوں کی جانب سے انتظامی معیار کی اعلیٰ ترین ریڈنگ AM1 عاوازا كيا عد

الميز ان نے پاکستان کے 15 شروں ميں 25 برانچوں کے نيٹ ورک کے ذر ليع فويکل اور ؤيجيٹل ، دونوں ذرائع ہے اور ميزان وينک کی برانچوں کے اضافی ڈسٹری بیژن نيٹ ورک کے ذر ليع اپنی پروؤکٹس اور خد مات کو تانل رسائی بنایا ہے۔المیز ان انیس (19) او پن اینڈ ؤ میوٹل فٹڈ زیر مشتمل پروڈکشن کاعمل مجموعہ ایک (1) رضا کا دانہ پنش اسکیم اور متعدد انویسٹیٹ بیانز بیش کرتی ہے اور متعدد ایسٹ کینگریز جیسے کرمنی مارکیٹ،انگر،

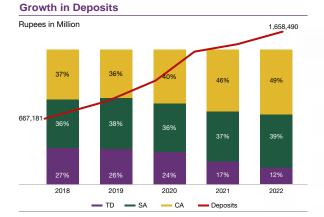
IFRS-9 کے اطلاق ہے ہونے والے اثرات کا مناسب انھاز سے اعمالہ کرلے گی مانبذا کیم جنوری ، 2023 ہے 1FRS کو اختیار کرنے سے دینک پر کی تشم کے اثرات مرتب ہونے کا امکان فیس ہے۔

مرمار کاربول میں اضافہ

ہماراسر ماریکاری یورٹ فولیکرنشتہ سال کے 620 ایب روپے کے مقالم بلے میں 107 فیصد بڑھ کر 1,28 ٹریلین روپے ہوگیا۔حکومت یا کشان کے اجارہ مسکوک کے یا قاعد و قفوں ہے اجرا م کی بدولت ہمارے سرماییکاری کھاتے میں اضافہ ہوا ہوئے مقبل سے تھت انٹر بینک سیکیو رو ملیسمٹس پر تھارا انھمار کم ہوا۔ دوران سال حکومت پاکستان کے اجارہ مسکوک بٹیں اضافی 706 ارب روپ کی سرماییکاری کی گئی جس سے ہمارا احکومت پاکستان کے اجارہ مسکوک کل يورث فوليو 398 ارب رويے سے بڑھ كر 1. 1 ٹريلين رويے ہو كيا يكل سرماييكارى يورث فوليويس سے 98 فيصد حصد وفاق عكومت كي عنانت شدہ يكور يكور يكر مرايكارى كاسے۔

اسٹیٹ جنگ آف پاکستان کے شریعہ تمیلا تحت او بن ہارکیٹ آپریشنز اورشر بعد تمیلا تحت اسٹینڈ تگ سیانگ فیسلٹی نے اسلامی بینکاری کی صنعت (IBI) کو اپنی اروز مرواکو یڈی کی ضروریات موشر انداز پی منظم کرنے میں بھر اور مدودی جس کے لئے ہم حکومت یا کتان اوراسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان کے بے حد مشکور ویل گے۔

يحع شده رقوم (ويازنس) مين اضافه



اس وقت جب بيكارى صنعت كى كل جع شده رقوم من 2022 من 7 فيصد اضاف ريكارة كيا كيا، مارى تح شده رقوم دعمير 2021 كے 1.46 فريلين روپے كے مقابلہ على 14 فيصدا ضافے كے بعد 66. 1 فريلين روپے رين اور بينكاري صنعت ين جارا ماركيت شيئر 4 7 فيصدر بار مزيد اجم بات بيك ويارض بين اضاف كرنث ا کاؤٹ (CA) ڈیازٹس سے ہوا جو بڑھ کر 819 ارب رو ہے ہو گئے ، جو گڑشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 152 ارب روبے یا23 فیصدزیادہ ہیں۔ کرنٹ اکاؤنش اب کل ڈیازٹس کا49 فیصد یعنی کل ڈیازٹس کا تقریباً اصف حصہ ہیں ، جَلِيسِوتِكَ اكاونش (SA)كُل دُيازش كا39 فيصد بين جو 18 فيصدا ضافه كي مكاسى كرت بين - كرنث اكاونش سيونك اكاؤنش (CASA) وبارش ابكل وبارش 888 فيصد حصه بين اور 1.46 فريلين روي يرمشتل ہیں۔اپنی پروڈکٹس میں مسلسل جدت لانے اورائے ڈیجیٹل اور روائق، دونوں ذرائع سے صارفین کو بےمثال اور بار کاوٹ خدمات کی فراہمی مسلسل توجہ نے جمعیں بیٹ شیسل حاصل کرنے سے قابل بنایا ہے اور صارفین کی یرا نڈے وفاداری ،اعتاداوراطمینان کی شکل میں ایناحصہ ڈالا ہے۔

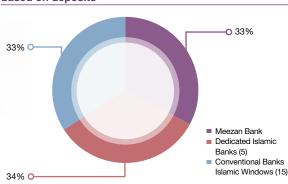
روش (محيل ا كاؤنث (RDA)

الحدملة، ہم نے بینکاری صنعت میں روژن ویکیٹل اکا ونٹ میں رقوم کی آئد کے حوالے ہے بھی اپنی صنب اوّل کی حیثیت برقرار رکھی ہے۔ روژن ویکیٹل اکا ونٹ کے آغازے 2022 کے اختام تک ہم نے تقریباً کہ 1 ارب امریکی ڈالرومول کئے اورآ رؤی اے میں رقوم کی آ یہ کےاعتبارے ہمارامارکیٹ شیئر بینکاری صنعت میں کل 83,000 ہے زیاد وا کا ڈنٹس کے ساتھ تقریباً 25 فیصدر پا۔اب بینکاری صنعت میں پہلیا پار ہماراایک مکمل وقف روٹن ڈیجیٹل سینز بھی ہےجس کا افتاح اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کستان کے اس وقت کے گورز (قائم مقام) نے کیا تھا۔ سیسینز ہمارے میرون ملک مقیم یا کتا نیول کی بڑھتی ہوئی بینکاری شروریات کی جدید طریقوں سے تحکیل کے لئے خاص طور برقائم کیا گیا ہے۔2022 کے دوران روٹن ڈیجیٹل اکاؤنٹ کے لئے درج ذیل سنگ میل مجور کئے گئے:

- آغازےاب تک ۱ ارب امریکی ڈالرے زائدگی آھ؛
- آغازے اب تک جارے دوشن ڈیکیٹل اکاؤنٹ صارفین کوکارا جارہ کی مدیش 1 ارب روے کی فراہمی۔

ہم اسٹیٹ مینک آف پاکستان کے ساتھ ل کرروش ڈیجیٹل اکا وَنٹ کے بارے بین آگائی پیدا کرنے اور بیرون ملک مقیم پاکستانیوں کوان کی دینکاری ضروریات کی پیکسل کے لیےشریعہ کمہاا محت پر ووکس کی پینکش میں فعال

Share of Meezan Bank in Islamic Banking Industry based on deposits



اسلامي بينكاري كي صنعت

اسلامی بینکاری کی صنعت نے پاکستان میں اپنی بنیادیں متحکم کرنے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا ہے اور میزان مِنَك شر ابِدِ تَميلا بحث بروزُ مُس اور خدمات كي حامع رزَّة كي پايكش كےساتھ ماركيث ميں هف اوّل كي حیثیت کا حامل ہے۔اسلامی بیٹکاری کی صنعت کے ڈیازٹس کا حسداب کل بیٹکاری صنعت کے ڈیازٹس میں 21 قصدے۔ پاکتان کے مکمل طور پراسلامی جینکاری کے لئے وقف مینکوں میں میزان بینک کے ڈیازنس کا حصہ تقریباً 49 فیصد ہے جبکہ مجموعی طور پر اسلامی بینکاری کی شاخوں میں میزان بینک کے ويازنس كاحد 33 فعدے۔

روش ایکویٹی اکاؤش کی سب ہے زیادہ اقعداد۔ 3ارب روپے مالیت کے ڈیازنس: اور

مزید برآل وفاقی محومت نے 50 فیصد سے زائد مجمولی Advance to Deposit Ratio) ADR) برقر ارتدر کھنے والے میکول کے لئے اضافی تعزیراتی میکس شرع میں مجی اضافہ کردیا۔ ۲ ہم ماری 50 فیصد سے زائد ADR برقرار ر کھنے کی مؤرثیکس حکمت عملی کی وجہ ہے ہم پر بیاضافی تعزیری تیکس لا گوٹیس ہوتا۔

بینک نے سال 2022 میں فیڈرل پورڈ آف ریو نیواورصوبائی ٹیکس اتھارٹیز کے ووہولڈنگ ٹیکس ایجنٹ کے طور پرخدیات (Services) پراٹھ ٹیکس/ فیڈرل ایکسائز ڈیوٹی) پرووشل بیزنیکس کی یدیٹ 12 ارب روپے اکھنے كاورة ى فرائي في كروائ (16.4 ارب دوني: 2021)-

بيلس شيث كاحائزه

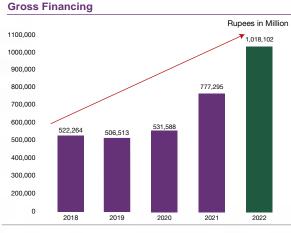
قائسگر اورسر مار کاری بورٹ فرلیوش قابل فرکنموے جارے کل اٹا ٹول میں اضافہ کیا جو 2021 کے 1,9 ٹر ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں بڑھ کر 2,5 ٹر ملین سے زائد ہو گئے، جو کہ 674 ارب روپے یا 35 فیصد کا اضافہ ہے۔ دوران سال حاصل ہونے والے اہم کاروباری نتائج کا خاکہ درج فریل ہے:

| £ | | | • < 1 |
|--|------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| ا ہم کاروباری نتائج | 2022 | 2021 | تبدیلی کی شرح |
| سر مامیکار بال | | | |
| سراميه ديان | | | |
| خودمختار (Sovereign) | 1.26 ٹریلین روپے | 594 ارب روپ | ▲ 112% |
| ریگر | 22 ارب روپے | 26 ارب روپ | ▼ (15%) |
| | 1.28 ٹریلین روپے | 620 ارب روپ | ▲ 107% |
| ADR (مجموعی ایڈوانسز ٹو ڈپازٹ ریشو) | 61% | 53% | 1 5% |
| اسلامی فنانسنگز اورمتعلقه اثاثے _مجموعی | 1.02 ٹریلین روپے | 777 ارب روپ | ▲ 31% |
| جمع شده رقوم | 1.66 ٹریلین روپے | 1.46 ارب روپ | 1 4% |
| كلافات في المناطق المن | 2.57 ٹریلین روپ | 1.90 ٹریلین روپ | 35 % |
| ا يکويڻ | 115.3 ارب روپ | 86.6 ارب روپ | 33 % |
| کیپیول ایڈ یکو لی _ک اریشو | 18.42% | 17.81% | A 3% |
| نی حصص ڈیویڈینڈ | | | |
| نفذر ٔ یو بنی نثر _رو پ | 8.50 | 6.00 | 42 % |
| بونس حصص کاا جراء | 10% | 15% | ▼ (50%) |
| برا پخ نیٹ ورک | 962 برانچیں | 902 برانچيں | ▲ 7% |
| موجودگی | 317 شم | م ²⁹⁰ م | 4 9% |
| تجارتی کاروبار(درآمدات وبرآمدات) | 2.18 ئرىلىن روپ | 1.69 ژبلین روپ | 2 9% |
| | | | |

مجموى فنانسكر يورث أوليوزين 31 فيصدا ضافيه

معیشت کے تمام شعبوں بشول کارپوریٹ، کمرشل اورایس ایم ای، اور کنز پومرشعبوں میں منظم اعلی معیار کا متنوع بورب فوليو برقرار ركحنه ير بهاري مركوز كوششول كي وجهات اس سال بهارے جموى فنانسنگر بورٹ فوليو نے رسک المسینس بی امیٹرز پر مجھونہ کے بغیر 241 ارب دویے ے 31 فیصد بڑھ کر 1 ٹریلین روپے کا سنگ مل عبور كرايا ينك كالمجنوى ايذوانسز تو و يازت ريشو (ADR) مجى كزشته سال ك 53 فيصد ك مقالمے میں سلی بخش حد تک بڑھ کر 61 فیصد ہو گیا ہے۔

ہم نے متعددری فالس اسلیمز اور اقدامات کے تحت مالیاتی شمولیت کے فروغ اور ملک کی مجموعی معاشی ترقی کے لئے اسلیٹ مینک آف یا کستان کی زر سریزی اقدامات میں سرگری سے تعاون کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا ہے۔ ان میں ے چنداقدامات میں وزیراعظم کامیاب جوان پروگرام، اسلامک ایس ایم ای آسان فائس (ISAAF) اور روش اپنا گھر اور روش اپنی کار اسکیم برائے بیرون ملک مقیم یا کستانی شامل ہیں۔ ہم نے زر بی شعبہ کو بھی تعاون فراہم کیا ہے اور 22-2021 میں زرقی قرضوں کے لئے اسٹیٹ بینک کے لازمی ہدف ے زیادہ کی فائنگ جاری ہے۔ اسلیٹ مینک آف یا کتان کی مخلف ری فانس اسلیمز کے تحت مینک کی جاری کردہ فناکسکو میں 25 قیصدے زیادہ کا اضافہ ہوا ہے۔



ہم نے اس سال عوام الناس کے لئے کم قیت اسلامک باؤسٹک فنانس جی اتعاون اورفروغ کے لئے پاکستان مورتیج ری قانس کمپنی (PMRC) ہے بھی اشتراک کیا ہے۔ ہم نے مالیاتی شمولیت بین سنٹی امتیاز گوشم کرنے کے لنے ایک ٹی پروڈ کٹ میزان دومن فرسٹ۔ کاراجارہ بھی متعارف کروائی ہے۔ اقوام حدوے ماحولیاتی ساتی انتقام کے بنیادی ڈھانچے کے معاملہ میں ہم معیشت سے کاربن کم کرنے کے لئے سولرفتانسنگ کی فراہمی میں آوسیج کاسلسلہ جاری رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔

غيرفعال فانستكراور يروويشز

سال 2022 کے دوران غیرفعال نتائنگر کی بدیمی 815 ملین روپے کاخصوصی پردویژن چارت اور 48. 1 ارب روپے کا Reversal ریکا رؤ کیا گیا۔ حالیہ تباد کن سلاب اور موجود ومعا شی ست روی کی دجہ ہے مکہ غیرفعال فٹائسکو کے چش نظر دوران سال اضافی 3.75 ارب رویے عموی پر دویز ترکے کے تختف کئے گئے جس نے غیر فعال فٹائسکو کا کوریج ریشو 166 فیصد ہوگیا، جو بینکاری صنعت میں سب سے زیاد ویشر حول میں ہے ایک ہے۔ یورٹ فویوافٹیشن ریٹو (غیرفعال نتائنگو کی شرع) مجموعی پیکاری صنعت کی اوساشرے 6.7 فیصد کے مقالبے میں کم ترین شرحوں میں سے ایک یعنی 1.3 فیصد پر برقرار ہے۔ بہمیں بھین ہے کہ ہماری پر دویرشز کی موجود وشرح

في حصص ڈیویڈنڈ

میں آپ کو بہ بتاتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں موری ہے کہ بورڈ نے 2022 کی چوشی سمانی کے لئے 30.0 روپ (30 فیصد) حتی نقذ ؤ بدیڈ نڈکی منظوری دی ہے،جس سے سال کے دوران نقذ ڈ بویڈ نڈ کی ادا کیلی 8.50 دوپ (85 فیصد) ہوگئی ہے کیونکدسال کے دوران 5.50روپے (55 فیصد) عبوری نفترڈ ایویڈ نذاوا کئے گئے تھے۔اس کے علاوہ سال کے دوران 10 فیصد بوٹس تصفی بھی جاری کئے گئے ہیں۔المحددثذہ ہم نے اسٹاک ایجیجینے میں عداج كے بعدے بالعطل ويويد تذرك اوائيكون كاريكار و برقر ارركما ب

ماركيث كيوطل تزيش كے لحاظ سے سب سے زیادہ قدر کا حامل بینک

سال 2022 کے دوران میزان بینک مارکیٹ کیٹل کڑیٹن کے لحاظ ہے سب ہے زیادہ قدر کا حال بینک رہا، جس ہے بینک کی انتظامیہ اس کی کا دکردگی اورز تی کی صلاحیت پرسم ما پیکاروں کے اعتماد کا انتخار ہوتا ہے۔

| | رو پیلین ا | میں |
|--|------------|----------|
| نع نقصان کھانتہ | 2022 | 2021 |
| نسگر ، سر ما بیکا ری اورتثین سے حاصل شدہ آیہ نی /منافع | 232,121 | 110,072 |
| م شده رتوم پرمنافع کی ادا نیگی اوردیگر واجب الا دامصارف | (110,417) | (41,151) |
| ىل منافع | 121,704 | 68,921 |
| س نمیشن کی آمد نی اور دیگر آمد نی | 14,553 | 10,193 |
| برمککی کرنسی میں لین دین کی آمدنی | 3,617 | 3,158 |
| ویینڈی آمدنی اور سیکیورٹیز پر منافع /(نقصان)۔اصل | 933 | 1,541 |
| ن- فنڈ ۋاورد بگرآ مەنى | 19,103 | 14,892 |
| لآمدنى | 140,807 | 83,813 |
| نظامی اور دیگراخرا جات | (48,245) | (35,324) |
| وویژنز ہے قبل منافع | 92,562 | 48,489 |
| وویژنزاور قرضول کی معافی _اصل | (4,177) | (993) |
| ما فع قبل اذمیس ان فع قبل اذمیس | 88,385 | 47,496 |
| بل | (43,378) | (19,141) |
| يا فع بعدا <i>ذنيك</i> س با فع بعدا ذنيكس | 45,007 | 28,355 |
| عصص آمدنی ۔اضافہ شدہ سرمائے پر۔روپ ا | 25.15 | 15.84 |

منافع جات

أصل منافع

فنانسگور ہم مایدکار ایوں اورتقین پرمنافع گزشتہ سال کے 110 ارب رویے کے مقابلہ بیل بڑھ کر 232 ارب رویے ہوگیا۔ 111 فیصد کا بیاضافہ آبد ٹی پیدا کرنے والے اٹاٹوں میں خاطرخوا واضافے اور نہار وہنیادی 🖔 ارک یالیسی شرح کی وجہ ہے ہوا۔ دوران سال اوسط پالیسی شرح20.2 فیصد ہے بڑھ کر 13.20 فیصد ہوگئی۔ جمع شدہ رقع م (Deposits) اور قر ضول پر منافع بھی 1021 کے 41 ارب روپ کے متا بلے میں بڑھ کر 110 ارب روبي موكيا -اس 168 فيصدا ضاف كي وجداوسط ويازش اورقر ضول كي جم اورو ياز ترز كي شرح مناقع من اضافة يحي-

تجارتی جم میں اضافے اور و عجیثل اقدامات کے باعث نان فنڈ و آمدنی میں 28 فیصد اضاف

بینک کی فیس کمپیشن کی آمدنی اوردنگر آمدنی گزشته سال کے 10.2 ارب روپے کے مقابلہ میں 43 فیصداضا نے کے بعد 14.6 ارب روپے ہوگئی جس میں ڈیبٹ کارڈ ، تجارت اور برانتی بینکنگ سے متعلقہ آمدنی نے بڑا حصہ ڈ الا۔2022 میں ہمارے ڈیبٹ کا رڈیورٹ فولیو میں 400,000 کا رڈز کا اضافہ ہواجس ہے یورٹ فولیوکا عجم بڑھ کر 2.8 ملین کارڈز تک بچھی گیا۔ ڈیبٹ کارڈز سے ٹری کی گئی آم بھی 78 ارب رویے ہے بڑھ کر 149 ارب رویے ہوگئی، چوکہ 90 فیصدا ضافہ ہے، جبکہ NFC ٹرانز پکشنز میں بھی8 گنا اضافہ ہوا۔ای طرح اعثر پینک فنڈ ٹرانسقر (IBFT) اور پیکٹی ٹل ملکنس (UBPS) کے جم بھی بالتر تیب 2 ٹریلین اور 400 ارب رویے تک کھٹی کے مس میں ٹرانز یکشنز کی تعداد میں بالترتیب83 فیصداور82 فیصدکا اضافہ ہوا۔ ہماری جدیدترین موبائل جیکنگ ایپ صارفین کو اپنیا ڈیجیٹل ٹرانز یکشنز محفوظ اورمؤ ٹرطریقے سے انجام دینے کے لئے ایک ہموار پلیٹ فارم فراہم کررت ہے۔ میزان مینک کی موہا کل بینکنگ اپیلی کیشن پوراسال Google Play Store اور Apple App Store دونوں پر نا قابل فکلت 9. 4 ریننگ کے ساتھ بینکاری صنعت میں سرفیرست رہی ۔ تقریباً 1.4 ملین الیاتی طور پر فعال صارفین نے 2022 میں 166 ملین سے زیاد وؤیجیٹل ٹرائز پکشنز کے لئے ہماری مو پاک اپیلیکیشن کاستعمال کیا۔

ہمارے تھارتی کاروبار کا جم جوایک سال پہلے 1.7 ٹریلین رویے تھا،اس سال بڑھ کر 2.2 ٹریلین روپے ہوگیا۔ہم تھارتی مالیاتی کاروبار کوائے کاروبار کا ایک اہم حصہ بچھتے ہیں جونہ شرف فیس کی آمد ٹی میں معاون ہوتا ہے جلکہ کرنٹ اکا وَزٹ بیلنسر کو بھی اپنی جانب متوجہ کرتا ہے جس کے نتیجے بیل زیاد ومنافع حاصل ہوتا ہے۔ تعارے Correspondent مینکوں کا وسٹے نیٹ ورک تجارتی کاروبار کے حصول میں تعاری معاونت کرتا ہے۔ مستحکم ٹریڈ القودرسك كى متناه تخفيف اور Concerted Sales كى كوششول كى وجد يرينك كى زرمبادل كى آيدنى مين جى 15 فيصدا ضافه بوا مجموق طور پر بينك كى نان فنذ ۋ آيدنى مين 28 فيصدا ضافه ريكار ؤ كميا هميا 19.1 ارب رومے پر بند ہوتی۔

ا تنظامی اوردنگراخراجات بھی 35.36 ارب روپے کے مقابلے میں 37 فیصدا ضافے کے بعد 2.48 ارب روپے ہو گئے۔ دوران سال 60 نئی برانچز کھولئے سے متعلقہ اخراجات ،افراط زر میں ٹمایاں اضافیہ روپے کی قدر میں زبردمت کی ادرآئی ٹی ہے متعلقہ اخراجات میں سرماییکاری جیسے والی اس اضافہ کی وجہ ہے ۔اخراجات میں اس اضافے کے باوجود پینک کا آئم پیکیشنسی ریشو (Income Efficiency Ratio) گزشتہ سال کے 42 فیصد کے مقالم میں بہتر: وکر 34 فیصد دو کیا بھی کی وجہ Cost rationalization، پرانس آٹومیشن اور مؤثر آپریٹنگ سائنگل پرمسلسل تو وچھی۔

فیس۔ قوی خزائے میں ھے۔

وفاتی تحویت نے قانس ایک ، 2022 کے زریعے بیکنٹ کمپنیوں پر علس کی شرح کو 2022 کے لئے 49 فیصد تک بڑھادیا ہے (39 فیصد مارٹ فیکس ادر 10 فیصد سر تکس)، بجد 2021 میں بیشر 39 فیصد تھی (35 مارٹ فیکس ادر 4 فیصد سرتیکس) فیکس کی شرح شری اس اضافے اور جارے میں اضافے جات میں اضافے کے نتیجے میں جاراتی سال 2022 میں بڑھ کر 43.44 ارب روپے ہوگیا (1.19 ارب روپے: 2021)۔

ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ برائے ممبران

بشمِللهِ الرَّحِيْنِ الرَّحِيْم

یورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز کی جانب ہے، ہم 31 دمبر، 2022 کیمل ہونے والے سال کے لئے پیرون بینک سے تعلیمالیا ٹی تا گئیر برگا26 ویں سالاند پورٹ چی کرنے میں سرت فسوس کرتے ہیں۔

سال ہم نے اپنے صادفین کو باسے یاک بینکا دی خدیا ہے کے فراہی سے بھیس سال عمل کر لئے۔ ملک سے مب سے چھوٹے کمرش بینک سے یاکشنان سےمب سے بڑے اور 6 کمل قدر سنرفر بھی کر جس سے ایک بینٹے تک کے ستر پرخورکریز آوجسی سب میلیمانند کافٹا کاشکرا داکرنا چاہیے جس کی رہت کے بغیر پرکامیاییاں تمکن تیکھی۔ای کے ساتھ ساتھ ہم اپ موجودہ اور سابقہ فائز یکٹرز، شریعہ بادرڈ کے ممبران ماریکا انتظامیہ اور طاز شناک خیر مقمول کوشٹوں اورنگوں کے لئے بھی شکر گزار ہیں ، جنہوں نے اس تواب کو تقیقت بتانے میں مددی۔ بہتداری خوش شتی ہے کرمیزان بینک کے زیعے یہ کمتان میں امان کی بینکاری کی بنیاد ڈالی کی اور جمیں امسالی بینکاری ک منعت (IBI) کے فروغ کی این کوشٹوں پرفخر ہے۔

میزان مینک یا کتابن کاسب سے تم عرصے میں باوقار 🗚 🗚 کریٹے ٹ دیڈنگ والسل کرنے والا مینک ہے جس نے اسپے آپریشنز کے مرف 19 سال میں پیدیڈنگ وامسل کی اور یا کتاب اسٹاک پینچینی شی دریج قام مینکوں کے ورميان مب معدز ياده ماركيث كيب بحى ركمتاب.

ہ بارے بیٹک نے زمرف ملک سے رہا کے فاقے کے لئے اسلامی بینکاری کی بنیادی ہے۔ متوارکیں بلکہ بمارئ کامیاب کوشٹوں نے بوری اسلامی بینکاری منعت میں جدے اورفٹیرا ستعداد کے وربیعے صارفین کے لئے شریعہ تھم جا محت بینکاری اور فٹائنگ سولیو بھور کرنے کے لئے قائدانہ کروارہ اوا میں۔ ہم نے اسلامی فٹائس کی ترقی کے لئے تاریخی طور پر ٹمام فورسز پر آگامی اجلاسوں کا انعقاد کریا ہے اور معروف تعلیمی اداروں میں اسلامک جیننگ مرملکنیشز کے فرورق کے لئے اہم کردارہ و کیا ہے تا کہ ملک شربا سلامی بینکاروں کی حوصلہ افزائی اوران کی تعداد شربا صافہ کیا جائے ۔ ان اقدامات کا براوراست نتیجہ یہ ہوا ہے کہ اسلامی بینکار کی کی صنعت واسدادارے سے ترتی یا تر چھس اسلاک بیکول اور وواقی بیکول کی بندرہ اسلامی بینکاری شاخول بجک و تی ہوئی ہے۔ اسلامی بینکاری کے بہت سے ممتاز منیروں نے کسی ذکسی غریقے ہے جارے ساتھ نشوون اور ہینہ حامس کی ہے۔ کمسل ا ملائ بينكول اورروايق بينكول كي اسلامي شاخول كامار كيث شيئر اب 2 فيصد موحميا ہے۔

نهم پاکستان شرا املاقی بینکاری شعب (IBI) کی تر تی اور تر ویچ که لینکه مکورت پاکستان (GoP) اور اسنیت بینک آف پاکستان (SBP) کی دُوشتون کوروسته بین اوران کی قدر کرت میں معزز وفاقی شرقی عدالت (FSC) کا بالیاتی نظام کویاری مال کے اندر کمل شریع کمیلا کنٹ اور مورے یاک کرنے کا فیصلہ جس کا بہت عرصے سے انظار تھا، ادارے کے ایک ایم سیکس ہے بہم حکومت یا کستان کے کائس وہ وال کی جانب سے ان قیلے کے خار کے کئے اشٹیز کے کمٹیل کی تفکیل کو ہاتا مداخور پرسراہتے ہیں اوراس بات کوریکا رہ براہانا جائے ہیں۔ جس آپ کو یا اطلاح دینے میں انتہائی خشی محسوس ہوری ہے کہ ہمارے شریعہ بورڈ کے چیئز میں جسفس ﴿ رِينًا رُوُّ ﴾ مُحِمِّقَ حَاتَى اورى رے إِنّى صدراورى اى او، جناب عرفان صديق كى تزويرانى رونهائى اورتعاولى كى قرابعى جميراستعدادين سعاوت اور ريا است يُ کسيا کستال کے لئے وفائی شرق عدالت کے فیطے کے نفاذ شر، چش، رفت کی تھرانی کے لئے اس اشیر تک معنی کا مبرنا مروکیا کیا ہے۔

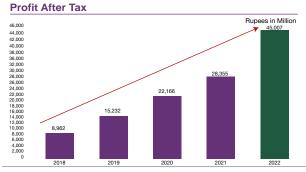
یورڈ اسلاق بینکاری کے فروغ کے لئے ہمارے نیئز میں شریعہ بورڈ اور ہمارے صدراوری الی اوکی فیرمعمولی کاوشول کا احتراف کرتا ہے۔ ہم اس بات پر بنٹھ نظین رکھتے ہیں کہ ہماری بیکا میاتی احتراف کی میت اورشریعہ تحمیلاً تنش دویانت داری اورایکی ترین معیار غدمت کی بنیاد کی اقدار کی مرجون منت ہے۔

سال 2022 موہ شی اعتبار سے بلندامیدوں کےساتھ شروع ہوا تھا کیزنکہ عالی معیشت 19-COVID کی عالمی و باکے بعد دوبار و تعالی ہوتا شروع ہوگئی تھی۔ تاہم پیٹوش امیدی بہت تکلی یہ آن موروز سے بیکرین تغاز عہ ے ماتھ ی ختم ہوگی جس نے مالی معاثی منظریا ہے تیں گرادٹ کوجنم ویاا دراس کے نتیجے میں مالی کموز ٹی سپر مائنگل (جشمول تیل) پیدا ہواجس سے بیری دنیا کی معیشتیں حت از ہوئیں۔ یاکستان جسمی امیرتی ہوئی ارکینوں کے لئے مالی شرح سود کے تاکرش تبدیلی کی دیا ہے معاقی چینٹیجوسزیہ بز دیکئے۔ پینٹیا یا کتان کی معیشت ہائی سال 2022 ش 6.0 فیصد شرح موظاہر کرنے کے بعد سال کے باتی ھے شی تمایاں کی کے ساتھ ست دوی کی جانب

مکی سطح پرسیای عدم استخام اور فیرسعموی تباد کن سیاب نے معاشی چیلخبر سے مزید اضافہ کرر یا۔ ہرطرف تباتی کی واستانیں چین جانے والا بیسیاں ب تعن کروڈ ہے ذا کدلوگون کو بیسے تھرکر حمیااور ہزارہ وال موسکی اور خصلتیں بیا ہے تھیا۔ جس کا نتجه او آبکیون کے تواز ان شرور با Secal stippa ges اور بلندا قراط زر کی صورت میں برقد بروار کا ان کے آباز میں افراط زر کی جوشر ہے 12.3 فیصد تھی وہ مورت میں برقد مرتاز کی سوست یز می به فیار فراه زرے ویٹر نظراشیٹ بیک آف یاکتنان (SBP) نے مجل ایڈ مالیاتی پالیسی کے مؤقف کوخت کرتے ہوئے پالیسی شرح (نظاماک شرح) میں اصافہ کردیااور پالیسی شرح جو 2022 کے آغاز شاب 9.75 فيصدهن سال كه ونترام كله بزعة مر66 فيصد وكن بزجموق طور بر625 بيسر يوائش اخاذ ب- جنور 2023 من تأثيارك شرية مزيد بز حاكر 1 فيصد كردي في - اكريد فين (FATF) كي كري لبت ست تقتا تحرش آئند تھا تا ہم سکروا کنا مک میم استخام کے فدشات نے اس کی ایمیت کم کردی۔ بھی ہاز ارتصاب میں بھی گراوٹ کار بھا کیا درائی سے اپنی قدر 9 نیسسر کم کردی وادر 2021 کے 696, 44 ہوائٹس کے مقالیج میں

ہ وفاقی حکیمت غیر خروری درآ ہات کو کنٹر دل کرنے دکھایت شعاری کے اقدامات کے نتو کا ، دالیاتی احتیاط میشدی اور موام کے لئے سواغی ریفیف کے درمیان توازان قائم کرنے میں کوشاں ہے۔ آئی ایم ایف پر جرام کی ہمائی ہے دوست تما لک اور دیگر کیے جتی اداروں کی جانب ہے مالیاتی تعمل کا وہ بارہ آغاز ہوگا۔ کیک اور شبت بیرمونی کہ یا کتان International Confarence on Climate Resilient Pakistan منعقدہ جور کے 2023 میں آخر بیا 10 ادب ذار کی اعداد کے دعدے مامل کرنے میں کامیاب دہا۔

امند بتلائل وحت ہے الحطاط یذ برمعاشی اشار ہول کے باوجودہم نے اپنی ترقی کی دفر دکھیاری رکھاا ومستقلم مالياتي مَن كُن وَيْن كَدر بعد ازتيكن منافع كزشة سال 4. 26 ورب روي كمتابل شرو في معدا مناف ك ما تد 45 ارب روب بوكيا اورا كوين برمنافي 40 فيموتك بي كيار بم في تعلس ك ما تدا كدي بر منافع کو بینکاری صنعت کی اوسط سے زیادہ پر برقراد رکھا ہے اور اسے تعمل یافتگان کے لئے تقمیر قدر (Value Creation) پرتو جمر کور د کی ہے۔ 17.9 ارب دویے کے بصافہ شدہ تعمیل کے سرمائے پر فى حسن آرنى 15.84 رويدنى حسن بيز هر 25.15 رويدنى حسن موكن ب





Performance

BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS REVIEW

Business Review

Despite deteriorating macroeconomic indicators and political uncertainty, the Bank continued its growth momentum during the year with total assets crossing Rs 2.5 trillion - a 35% growth over the preceding year. The supportive liquidity management framework adopted by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) enabled the Bank to channel its excess liquidity into Government of Pakistan (GoP) Ijarah Sukuk which led to an increase in the Bank's investment book by approximately Rs 660 billion. The Bank maintained its strategic focus of mobilizing deposits across all sectors of the economy whilst maintaining its Gross Advances to Deposits Ratio (ADR) above 50%. Key highlights of the Bank's business activities are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Total Assets | Rs 2.57 trillion | Rs 1.9 trillion |
| Islamic Financing & Related Assets - Gross | Rs 1.0 trillion | Rs 777 billion |
| Investments | Rs 1.28 trillion | Rs 620 billion |
| Deposits | Rs 1.66 trillion | Rs 1.46 trillion |
| Due to Financial Institutions | Rs 573 billion | Rs 220 billion |
| Total Equity | Rs 115 billion | Rs 87 billion |
| Total Branches | 962 | 902 |

GROWTH IN 2022

35% Total Assets

31% Islamic Financing & Related Assets - Gross

107%

160% Dues to Financial Institutions

Total Equity

'% Total Branches

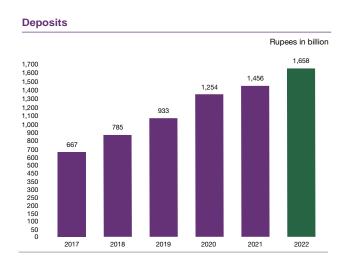
Notwithstanding the ongoing economic slowdown as a result of monetary contraction, the Bank was able to grow its financing portfolio by 31% while keeping all asset quality parameters in check. The Bank's gross financing assets crossed the Rs 1 trillion mark for the first time and is now the third largest financing portfolio in the industry. The biggest contributor to this increase was the Bank's Corporate & Institutional Banking segment with growth being well distributed across public-sector entities and private sector blue-chip companies. Commercial and SME portfolio also showed a healthy growth driven by the Bank's strategy to bring Shariah-compliant banking solutions to the doorstep of small and medium size enterprises - which represent a sizable share in overall GDP of the country. Consumer Financing segment of the Bank maintained its growth momentum in early 2022 but showed considerable slow-down in the latter part of the year due to changes in Prudential Regulations and supply chain disruptions in the automobile sector.

It is pertinent to note that there was no increase in the overall non-performing financing (NPL) portfolio despite a significant rise in overall size of the financing book with economic headwinds and catastrophic flood plaguing the country during the year. Instead, the Bank witnessed a decline in NPLs which reduced to Rs 13.6 billion from Rs 14.5 billion last year, with the NPL infection ratio improving further to 1.3%. This not only demonstrates the resilience of the Bank's customer base but also the robustness of its credit & risk assessment process and swift follow-up and prompt recovery mechanism. The Bank continued to build up for any potential NPLs and further beefed up its additional general provision which now stands at Rs 9.1 billion. The NPL coverage ratio has increased to 166% from 133% last year, which is one of the highest in the banking industry.

The Bank's investment portfolio recorded a two-fold increase following fresh investment in GoP Ijarah Sukuk. The Bank's variable rate GoP Ijarah Sukuk now amount to Rs 854 billion while it also holds Rs 256 billion of fixed rate Ijarah Sukuk. The Bank's portfolio of Bai Muajjal with other financial institutions decreased to Rs 35 billion from Rs 238 billion in 2021 as it deployed its liquidity in GoP Ijarah Sukuk. The Bank also increased its borrowing from SBP through Shariah-compliant Mudarabah based Open Market Operations (OMO).

The Current and Savings Account (CASA) deposits base of the Bank grew to Rs 1.46 trillion which is even higher than the Bank's total deposits a year ago. The Bank's CASA deposits have grown by 21%, representing 88% of deposit mix. The Bank rationalized its deposit mix and reduced its fixed deposit portfolio by 20% from last year. Nonetheless, similar to previous years, the Bank's overall deposits growth of 14% outpaced the overall industry deposit growth of 7%.

Driven by the growth in the Bank's business activities and increase in underlying SBP policy rate, the Bank's Profit After Tax grew to Rs 45 billion as compared to 28 billion last year - up by 59%, contributed by rise in both funded and non-funded income. Net spread grew to Rs 122 billion from Rs 69 billion in 2021 with non-funded income registering a 48% growth, closing at Rs 19.1 billion as compared to Rs 14.9 billion in 2021. Trade finance. branch banking and debit card related incomes were key drivers of the increase in non-funded income. The substantial growth in profitability enabled the Bank to build up its reserves and contributed to its strong equity base, which would enable it to sustain its growth trajectory. The Bank's total equity grew to Rs 115 billion, up by 33% from last year, after distribution to its shareholders out of current year's profits.



Credit Rating

Meezan Bank is the youngest AAA credit rated bank in Pakistan. The Bank's medium to long-term rating of 'AAA' denotes highest credit quality with negligible risk factors, being only slightly more than for risk-free debt of Government of Pakistan (GoP). The credit rating agency has acknowledged the Bank's liquidity profile as 'strong', as reflected by the Bank's ability to post strong growth in deposits along with an improvement in deposit composition whilst maintaining the lowest cost of fund amongst peers.



Retail Banking

Meezan Bank has achieved impressive growth over the last twenty years as a commercial bank and is recognised as the flag bearer of Islamic Banking in Pakistan. The key elements behind the Bank's growth and success have been its ability to provide a wide range of deposit products, its strong focus on customer services, fast & secure digital banking solutions and zero-tolerance approach to Shariah-compliance in all areas of its business.

In order to facilitate senior citizens, widows and differently-abled persons, Meezan Bank has launched dedicated bank accounts that offer higher Shariah-compliant returns on deposits in Pak Rupees only.

PROGRESS IN 2022

88%

CASA Mix

Launch of **Meezan Senior** Citizen Account USD 1.4 billion Leading in RDA total inflows

Four Fold _

Freelancer Account **Portfolio**

Launch of Meezan Digital Accounts

Rs 1 billion Disbursed for Roshan Apni Car

*Since inception

Prime Minister's Initiative of Roshan **Digital Account (RDA)**

Meezan Bank has maintained its lead position in terms of total inflows in Roshan Digital Accounts (RDA) and received around USD 1.4 billion since inception, which is 25% of the market share. The Bank closed the year 2022 with more than 83,000 accounts. Major highlights for Roshan Digital Accounts during 2022 were:

- USD 1 billion plus inflows since inception
- Top Bank for achieving the highest number of Roshan Equity Accounts
- More than Rs 1 billion disbursed for Roshan Apni Car since inception

Meezan Digital Accounts

In 2022, Meezan Bank launched an end-to-end digital account opening facility called Meezan Digital Account, which allows customers to conveniently open an account online without having to visit a branch. This is a major step towards the Bank's digital journey which will facilitate account opening process in an efficient manner. Over 29,000 accounts were opened during the year, ranging from current to basic savings accounts including:

- Meezan Digi Asaan Account
- Meezan Digi Remittance Account
- Meezan Digi Freelancer Account
- Meezan Rupee Account
- Meezan Bachat Account

Freelancer Accounts

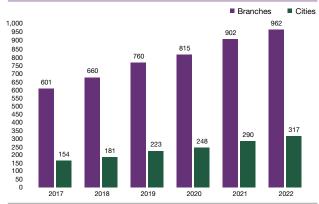
As part of its efforts towards financial inclusion and to support the growing talent pool of entrepreneurs in Pakistan, the Bank is providing conducive banking services to Freelancers and has opened more than 12,000 freelancer accounts, quadrupling this portfolio in 2022.

Branch Network

The Bank's strategy of focusing on financial inclusion by opening branches in remote locations has also contributed to its success by giving Islamic banking a geographically diverse footprint and making it accessible to a large portion of the country's population - an approach that is consistent with its Vision of establishing 'Islamic banking as banking of first choice...'

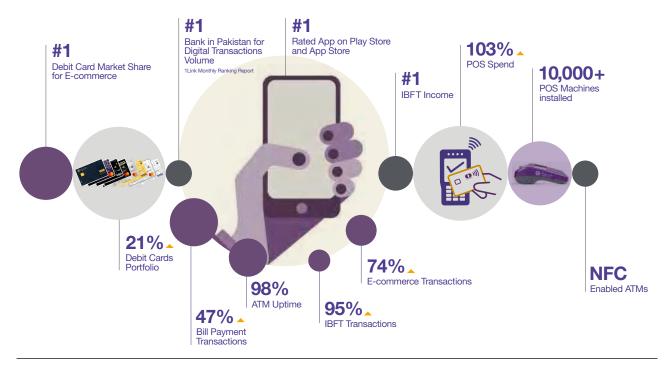
The Bank added 60 new branches to its network, taking the total network size to 962 branches in 317 cities across Pakistan. The growing 'brick & mortar' network is complemented by a comprehensive array of digital services including Meezan Internet Banking and Mobile App, which is the top-rated mobile application in the country's banking industry, as well as other Alternate Distribution Channels.

Branch Network



Alternate Distribution Channels

In addition to the traditional brick-and-mortar banking network, Meezan Bank provides convenient and instant access to banking services through a wide range of Alternate Distribution Channels (ADCs). Being one of the leading banks in the country, Meezan Bank has state-of-the-art ADC infrastructure as an integral part of its digital banking infrastructure.



The successful launch of Meezan Visa Infinite Debit Card and an effective build-up of Acquiring Business are some of the landmark achievements in addition to various other initiatives taken in 2022.

RAAST Payments



State Bank of Pakistan launched an instant payments gateway to offer free of cost, faster and safer payments to all citizens of Pakistan by the name of Raast. Meezan Bank, in line with its efforts to promote and grow digital payments, adopted Raast and offered it to all customers through its Mobile App and Internet Banking, free of cost. Raast offers world class convenience to customers whereby they can easily send and receive funds on cell phone numbers in a matter of seconds. Raast functions on latest payment standards (ISO 20022) that allows for a superior payment experience and real time settlement between banks. During the year, Meezan Bank processed 276,000 transactions amounting to over Rs. 13 billion.

ATM Network

Meezan Bank's ATM network crossed 1,000 touchpoints during the year to grow to 1,061 ATMs across Pakistan, including 115 off-site ATMs. Meezan Bank's ATMs offer an unparalleled customer experience with 98% up-time throughout the year.

All the Bank's ATMs are biometric enabled and EMV-compliant enabling customers to transact through their thumb impression even without a physical debit card. NFC acceptance on ATMs was also launched in 2022, permitting customers to withdraw their cash with just a tap of their debit card on Meezan Bank's ATMs. Meezan Bank also offers the highest withdrawal limit of Rs 100,000 in a single transaction through its ATMs, which is an additional convenience to its customers. The Bank dispensed over Rs 1.4 trillion in cash through its ATM network during 2022, which was 34% higher than the previous year. Meezan Bank also acquires the highest number of Cash Withdrawal transactions per ATM from other banks' customers, making it the most favourite ATM network for the banking customers of Pakistan.

Mobile App & Internet Banking

The Bank's customers can access its banking services 24/7 from the comfort of their homes and elsewhere through Meezan Mobile Banking App and Internet Banking. Meezan Mobile Banking App has consistently maintained its leadership position as the top-rated banking App in the country throughout the year, having an impressive user rating of 4.9 out of 5.0 third year in the row on both Google Playstore and Apple App Store.

63% of the Bank's active customers are using Meezan Mobile Banking App for their day-to-day banking needs and have performed over 166 million financial transactions amounting to over Rs 6 trillion during 2022, making Meezan Bank the leading bank in Pakistan in terms of digital transactions as per 1Link's Monthly Ranking Reports (a 3rd party switch) published during the year. Meezan Bank also ranks as the topmost bank in Pakistan for of active customers funds transfer & bill use Meezan payments through Mobile Banking digital channels as per 11 ink Monthly 9 rated Ranking Report. App Store Google play FY 2022 66 Mn

Debit Cards

Meezan Bank offers one of the most prolific Debit Card portfolios in the industry in terms of product offerings and has made available best in class payments-related technology to its customers, including NFC, Chip & PIN based security, mobile-based contactless payments and 3D Secure e-commerce payments.

Meezan Bank has been awarded the 'Fastest Growing Debit Cards Portfolio in Pakistan' by Visa for the year 2022. Visa is the Largest International Payment Scheme operating in Pakistan.

With a spend volume of Rs. 149 billion during the year, Meezan Bank is the industry leader in customers' usage of Debit cards. The Bank is also the market leader in e-commerce usage on its Debit Cards with more than 38% share of the industry spend as per the SBP's Payment Systems Review for fiscal year 2021-22. The Bank's volume of e-commerce transactions grew by an impressive 74% over last year. POS spend also surged by 103% by value during the year whereas the cards portfolio grew by 21%.

Meezan Bank launched Meezan Visa Infinite Card during the year. This card aims to provide a world-class, Shariah-compliant payment product to its high-net-worth customers. This is the top-most debit card available in Pakistan, offering one of the highest limits and a wide range of features and discounts, both locally and internationally, to the Bank's premium customers. The card also offers exclusive travel perks including access to over 1,000 VIP Airport Lounges globally, 24-hour concierge access and discount on car rentals, in addition to various other international offers by Visa.

Meezan Aura Card (Shariah-compliant alternative to Credit Card)

The soon to be launched Meezan Aura Card is a state of the art Shariah-compliant alternative to conventional Credit Cards that will provide best-in-class experience to customers for their short-term credit and transactional needs. Meezan Aura Card.

developed as a Charge Card, will offer upto 50 days of credit period without any interest. Additionally, customers will be able to earn reward points and carry out transactions while traveling internationally, which is not possible through a Debit Card. Currently, the product is in soft launch phase and would soon be available commercially to all customers of Meezan Bank who fulfil the Bank's underwriting criteria.

POS Terminals

2022 was the first full year for Merchant Acquiring Business after its launch in late 2021. During the year, Meezan Bank showed tremendous growth in the deployment of POS machines all across Pakistan. By covering 272 cities within the first year, Meezan Bank became the fastest bank to expand geographically in this domain. During the year, more than 10,000 POS terminals were installed at over 7,000 unique merchants - majority of whom started accepting digital payments for the first time. This way the Bank is making a significant contribution in digitizing the payments landscape of Pakistan while eliminating cash and documenting retail transactions in line with the long-term strategic vision of SBP. Meezan Bank remains committed to growing the footprint of digital acceptance in Pakistan.

E-Commerce Payment Gateway

Meezan Bank launched a state-of-the-art e-commerce Payment Gateway in 2021 and enabled over 300 e-commerce merchants during the year 2022. Meezan Bank's e-commerce Payment Gateway uses the latest technology and offers a wide range of checkout experiences on the websites of the Bank's clients. Meezan Bank also entered into strategic alliances with various digital payment aggregators who utilize the Bank's payments infrastructure to onboard a large number of merchants and thus help in growing digital payments at a much faster pace in Pakistan.

Digital Fund Transfers

Meezan Bank's customers can transfer funds to both Meezan and other banks' customers through its Mobile App and Internet Banking, both of which include the RAAST payment option as well. During the year, IBFT (Interbank Fund Transfer) transactions through digital channels increased by over 95%, primarily driven by the Bank's Mobile App. Meezan Bank received the highest amount of funds via IBFT during 2022 - amounting to Rs 3.08 trillion. Meezan Bank also ranked highest in IBFT income, second highest in IBFT sending transactions by value and third highest in IBFT sending transactions by volume, ahead of all commercial banks in Pakistan.

Bill Payments

Meezan Bank offers one of the largest bill payments portfolio to its customers, comprising over 2,000 bill payment options for Utility Bills, Top-ups, Internet Bundles, Challans, FBR Taxes, School Fees, University Fees, Club Fees, Vouchers, Credit Card payments and many others. In 2022, the Bank processed over 33 million bill payment/top-up transactions, amounting to Rs 442 billion.





MEEZAN ACQUIRING BUSINESS

Islamic bank to launch acquiring business in Pakistan

Islamic bank to launch an e-commerce Payment Gateway

Acquirer to launch all four schemes

Bank with 100% NFC Terminals across Pakistan

272 cities Fastest geographic penetration

Collaboration with FinTechs

The Bank believes in active collaboration with FinTech start-ups and has developed a range of API based payment services for its Fintech partners, including BIN sponsorship services with local and international payment schemes. Meezan Bank serves as the settlement bank as well as acts as a Trustee for various FinTechs. Some of the Bank's key Fintech partners are:



Home Remittance

Meezan Bank plays a vital role in driving home remittances through banking channels under both Pakistan Remittance Initiative (PRI) and non-PRI arrangements. In 2022, the flow of remittances was under pressure amid global economic challenges worldwide. Pakistan was no exception to this global economic meltdown as remittances steadily dwindled throughout the year. Despite these challenges, Meezan Bank achieved a revenue growth of 10%. To augment the Home Remittance business, the Bank maintained its focus on improving customer experience by leveraging technology, digitization and automation of processes and tapping of additional payment corridors. Additionally, the Bank's relationship with MTOs, exchange companies and remittance partners helped in fetching Roshan Digital Accounts (RDA) business which contributed to the Bank's leadership position in the segment.

Financing Portfolio

The Bank offers a comprehensive array of Shariah-compliant financing solutions to cater to working capital finance, import, export refinance, commodity operations financing, long-term finance, documentary credit requirements, and project-based financing needs of a large number of clients. The Bank's performance in various types of financing segments has been as follows:

PROGRESS IN 2022

Corporate Banking

| 2022 | Rs 763 billion | Portfolio | NPF under |
|------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 220/ | 4 50/ |
| 2021 | Rs 573 billion | 33% | 1.5% |

Investment Banking

Rs 272 billion Rs 1.47 trillion Transactions since inception Transactions during 2022

7 MW Solar Power projects financed during 2022

Commercial Banking

Portfolio

Rs 1,055 billion

NPF under

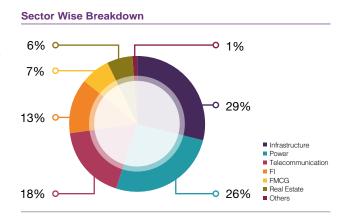
Corporate Banking

Meezan Bank provides Shariah-compliant innovative business solutions to a large number of corporate clienteles comprising private and public sector entities as well as multinationals. A focused business strategy to diligently build a high quality and well-diversified portfolio has enabled the Bank to grow its Corporate Banking portfolio from Rs 573 billion in 2021 to Rs 763 billion in 2022 - a substantial growth of 33%.

Investment Banking

Meezan Bank is one of the most active Investment Banking players in Pakistan. Since its inception, the Bank has led arrangement and advisory mandates for a significant number of project finance, syndications and capital market transactions amounting to over Rs 1.47 trillion. During 2022, the Bank negotiated and led transactions worth over Rs 272 billion, comprising debt arrangement and advisory deals (equity advisory) in diverse sectors including infrastructure, power, telecommunications, real estate and textiles.

Sectoral breakdown of the transactions led by the Bank is depicted here:



The Bank executed numerous large-scale infrastructure transactions under public-private partnership structure, thus playing a pivotal role in paving the path for attracting local and foreign investors for development of much-needed infrastructure projects in the country. Being mindful of the United Nations Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) framework, the Bank has always given priority to initiatives that focus on ESG as a strategic direction and has aligned its focus on renewable energy / green banking projects in line with its aim of combatting climate change and reducing dependence on costly imported fuels. Meezan Bank is engaged with numerous clients for providing financing for large and small-scale renewable energy projects, which will contribute in improving the energy mix of the country. During the year, Meezan Bank extended financing for a total of 7 mega-watt solar power captive projects to various corporate entities.

Meezan Bank's capabilities in the field of Islamic Finance are widely recognized and acknowledged by numerous local and international bodies through various awards and accolades. Awards and recognitions and key transactions of the year are highlighted below.

Key Transactions

| - | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|
| Din Energy Limited Mandated Lead Arranger & Adviso, Musharakah Agent | Running Musharaka Facility | Rs 670 million |
| Hyundai Nishat Mandated Lead Arranger & Advisor and Shariah Structuring Agent | Syndicated Long Term Islamic Finance Facility | Rs 1,000 million |
| Burj Solar Energy (Private) Limited Mandated Lead Arranger & Shariah Advisor, Investment Agent | Syndicated Long Term Islamic Finance Facility | Rs 1,000 million |
| Globe Residency REIT - Naya Nazimabad Financial Advisor, Shariah Advisor | Musharaka | Rs 1,300 million |
| Masood Textile Mills Limited Mandated Lead Arranger & Shariah Structuring Bank, Investment Agent | Syndicated Short-term Working Capital Financing Facility | Rs 1,500 million |
| Ismail Industries Limited Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Shariah Structuring Bank and Investment Agent | Syndicate Islamic Finance Facility | Rs 4,000 million |
| Hub Power Company Limited Mandated Lead Arranger & Financial Advisor & Investment Agent | Series of Short Term Sukuk | Rs 4,500 million |
| Ismail Industries Limited Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger | Working Capital Facility | Rs 5,000 million |
| Ghotki Kandhkot Road & Bridge Company Private Limited Mandated Lead Arranger & Advisor, Investment Agent, Shariah Advisor | Syndicated Bridge Finance Facility | Rs 5,000 million |
| Pak Gulf Construction Private Limited Mandated Lead Arranger & Financial Advisor, Investment Agent & Accounts Bank | Syndicated Finance Facility for Five Star Deluxe Hotel | Rs 6,202 million |
| Engro Polymer & Chemicals Limited Mandated Lead Arranger & Shariah Advisor, Investment Agent | Syndicated Long Term Islamic Finance Facility | Rs 8,750 million |
| Transworld Associates Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Investment Agent and Shariah Structuring Bank | Syndicated Long Term Islamic Finance Facility | Rs 11,100 million |
| Pakistan National Shipping Corporation Limited Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger | Syndicated Long Term Islamic Finance Facility | Rs 11,825 million |
| Sui Southern Gas Company Limited Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger and Shariah Structuring Agent | Syndicated Term Finance Facility | Rs 15,000 million |
| Sui Southern Gas Company Limited Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger and Shariah Structuring Agent | Syndicate Finance Facility | Rs 21,000 million |

| K-Electric Limited Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Investment Agent and Shariah Structuring Bank | Series of Rated, Unsecured, Privately Placed Short Term Sukuk Rs 28,500 million |
|---|--|
| Pakistan-Kuwait Investment Company (Private) Limited Long Term Islamic Finance Facility | Lead Arranger & Rs 30,000 million |
| Pakistan Telecommunications Limited Mandated Lead Arranger & Arranger and Shariah Structuring Advisor | Syndicated Term Finance Facility Rs 35,000 million |
| Pakistan Mobile Communications Limited Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger | Syndicated Term Finance Facility Rs 40,000 million |

Key Awards and Recognitions

Key Awards for the year 2022 are as follows:





DEVELOPING

CAPITAL MARK

Meezan Bank, being an Islamic Financial Institution, does not invest in non-Shariah-compliant shares. However, investment can be made in companies which are Shariah-compliant as per the criteria set by Shariah scholars. Islamic Indices are also available at PSX which consist of various Shariah-compliant companies. Currently, there are two Islamic Indices, under the name of KMI 30 Index and PSX-KMI All Share Index. KMI 30 Index reflects the performance of thirty most liquid Shariah-compliant stocks, whereas PSX-KMI All Share Index reflects all available Shariah-compliant stocks.

These Indices have the following objectives:

- To create awareness for the general public regarding Shariah-compliant shares
- To provide investors relevant benchmark for returns on Shariah-compliant equity investments.

List of Shariah-compliant companies on PSX website is updates semi-annually.

Commercial Banking

Including Small & Medium Enterprises (SME) and Agriculture Finance

Meezan Bank recognizes the fact that in order to achieve its Vision of establishing 'Islamic banking as banking of first choice...' it must increase the outreach of Islamic banking well beyond the blue-chip corporate sector. In this regard, the Bank has developed a very clear focus on developing the Small and Medium sized entities (SMEs) as well as commercial and agriculture sector enterprises, which represent a sizeable sector of the country's economy and act as the economy's backbone. The consistent growth of the Bank's Commercial Banking business over the years reflects the level of trust and confidence the Bank has built with its customers in this sector.

Meezan Bank's Commercial Banking portfolio has shown a remarkable growth of 28% during the year and stood at Rs 174 billion at year-end 2022. Non-performing financings in this segment remained less than 2% during the year despite the supply chain disruption in the country during the recent floods which highlights the Bank's prudent credit approach.

Small & Medium Enterprises & Supply Chain

In the backdrop of economic challenges, Meezan Bank managed to maintain the size of its SME portfolio in 2022 while simultaneously reducing its portfolio infection ratio. SME Trade (import/export) volume recorded an uptick of 20% from Rs 435 billion in 2021 to Rs 525 billion in 2022.

The Bank's portfolio under Prime Minister's Youth Entrepreneurship Scheme stood at Rs 1.26 billion in 2022, while its Supply Financing portfolio grew by 59% to Rs 67 billion.



Digital Supply Chain Financing

In 2022, Meezan Bank launched digital financing under supply chain structure in collaboration with a multinational corporation. This is the first ever Shariah-compliant and end-to-end digital supply chain financing platform in the industry.

Meezan Bank has engaged Islamic B2B FinTechs to streamline operational capabilities and move towards digital delivery of supply chain financing. As a first step, the Bank has integrated with Haball platform with exclusive product proprietary rights. It allows over 500 distributors of CCBPL to access Shariah-compliant financing to improve their working capital and expand their operations. Such technology will also provide instant liquidity to SMEs and rural clients by onboarding sub-distributors and retailers associated with the value chain.







Launch event of 1st Digital Supply Chain Financing Platform.

Commercial Vehicles Financing

The Bank disbursed Rs 3.5 billion in Commercial Vehicle financing, bringing its portfolio to Rs 6.8 billion. The Bank's focus was on passenger transportation and Liquid/Dry cargo transportation segments. Non performing financings of this segment were lower than 1%.



Agriculture Finance

Meezan Bank provides products that cater to the needs of the entire Agri value chain and non-crop sector activities such as dairy, livestock, poultry and allied activities. The Bank's agriculture financing portfolio grew by 23.28% during the year.

Meezan Bank's share among Islamic banks in the Agriculture Credit Market is approximately 50%. The Bank has signed financing programs with rice and sugar mills for providing banking services to the rural communities of Sindh and Baluchistan so that they can acquire new technology that can enable these communities to improve their efficiency in the agriculture sector.

Agriculture Financing Portfolio **0**/₀ share among Islamic Agriculture Credit Market

Meezan Bank exceeded State Bank's assigned agriculture credit disbursement and closing portfolio targets for 2021-22. Under Agri Value Chain finance, Meezan Bank has partnered with sugar mills and crop input providers to ensure proper utilization of financing without collateral. The Bank has also actively participated in SBP's initiatives including Regional Agriculture Credit Committees of Sindh, Baluchistan, KPK, AJK, GB and South Punjab.

Consumer Finance

Meezan Bank is the pioneer in providing Shariah-compliant consumer financing in the country and offers a diverse range of consumer asset products to its customers. The Bank's performance of this important business vertical during 2022 is detailed below:

PROGRESS IN 2022

Car ljarah Portfolio

12%

Housing Finance Portfolio 21%

1st Position

in Govt. Haji Application Collection

Car Ijarah



Car Ijarah enjoys market leadership position in Auto Finance Industry with 12% growth in 2022, the Bank has an active portfolio of Rs 62.4 billion with more than 34.500 vehicles on

Meezan Roshan Apni Car



Launched only a year ago under the State Bank's initiative to facilitate Non-Resident Pakistanis, the Bank financed over 260 units in 2022, amounting to more than Rs 950 million.



Meezan Easy Home

The Bank witnessed robust growth in regular housing finance during the year and was able to increase its portfolio by Rs 3.5 billion over the year with an outstanding portfolio of Rs.20 billion as of Dec 31, 2022.

Meezan Bank and Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company (PMRC), a Mortgage Liquidity Facility established by the State Bank of Pakistan, have signed a Master Musharakah agreement to facilitate and promote affordable housing finance in the country. Under this agreement, PMRC will provide Meezan Bank with concessional funds at a fixed rate for a period of five years. These funds will be utilized to support the housing value chain. With the acquisition of Rs 5 billion in funds, Meezan Bank aims to enhance access to affordable and Shariah-compliant housing finance in Pakistan by offering more favorable rates.

Under the female inclusion initiative of the State Bank, Meezan Bank is providing house finance at preferential rates to female customers along with additional benefits to reduce the gender gap in financial inclusion. More than 200 female customers have availed Easy Home under Meezan Women First with financing amount of over Rs 1.2 billion.

Mera Pakistan Mera Ghar



During 2021, Government of Pakistan (GoP) launched a massive drive for the revival of housing industry in the Country under the initiative named Mera Pakistan Mera Ghar (MPMG). Meezan Bank has shown excellent performance in GoP's MPMG initiative with portfolio size of Rs 6.3 billion as of December 31, 2022.

Roshan Apna Ghar



Launched in late 2021 by the State Bank of Pakistan under the Roshan Digital initiative, Roshan Apna Ghar is a financing scheme that allows Non-Resident Pakistanis to avail housing finance without having to visit a bank's branch. Meezan Bank has developed its Roshan Apna Ghar portfolio to over Rs 300 million as of December 2022 and continues to be one of the leading banks in both number of applications and disbursements under this initiative.

Meezan Solar Financing



Meezan Bank introduced a solar financing product in August 2021, called 'Meezan Solar' under the State Bank of Pakistan's Islamic Finance for Renewable Energy (IFRE) scheme. The Bank offers financing of complete solar panel systems to residential users as part of its efforts to contribute towards reduction of carbon emission and has an active portfolio of more than 300 customers worth more than Rs 270 million.

Labbaik Hajj <u>& Umrah</u>



Meezan Labbaik is a Halal & Riba-free travel solution for Hajj & Umrah that was initiated by the Bank as a Corporate Social Responsibility project. Meezan Bank secured 1st position among 14 banks in the Government's Hajj application collection initiative 2022 and also launched the first ever Data collection portal for Government Hajj applications with all types of payments integration (i.e., Internet Banking, ATM, Mobile App, 1Link & Branch counter).

Trade Business

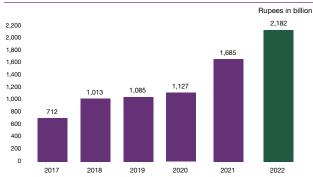
Islamic banking is ideally suited to cater to the trade finance needs of customers and the Bank's trade business (Import & Export) performed outstandingly during 2022 despite economic challenges. The Bank's trade business volumes touched an all-time high of over Rs 2 trillion which was almost 30% higher than last year.

PROGRESS IN 2022

Rs 2 trillion Trade Business Volume

30% **Trade Business Volume**

Trade Business



Shariah Advisory Services

Meezan Bank regularly facilitates banking as well as non-banking financial institutions (NBFIs) and development financial institutions (DFIs) including mutual funds, stock exchanges, Takaful companies, microfinance companies and other corporate entities, both locally and internationally, by providing Shariah advisory and Shariah related technical services and support.

The Bank's Shariah advisory services include a comprehensive suite of Shariah-compliant product development, pool management, risk management framework and advisory services related to Sukuk structuring, catering to tailor-made requirements of customers and meeting complex business needs.

In 2022, the Bank, along with other services, developed and delivered Islamic trade finance and takaful products for Pakistan's EXIM Bank, including export credit takaful products for the very first time in the country - a significant highlight of the year.

Meezan Bank is also providing Shariah specific technical advisory services and support to one of the leading DFIs in the country to launch their Islamic window operations. The scope of these services covers delivery of a complete suite of end-to-end Shariah-compliant products and services including Shariah-governance framework, credit and risk management policies, Shariah-compliance manual and Shariah audit framework. The Bank also conducted trainings for their staff on the principles of Islamic banking and finance.

The Bank has also developed various innovative and first-of-their-kind Sukuk structures, including Asset-light Sukuk based on royalty payment and purchase and sale of digital inventory of airtime, which received an overwhelming response from the market.

The Bank continues to provide Shariah Advisory services to one of the cooperative finance institutes in Australia and has also developed a car financing product for them.

Further details about Shariah Advisory initiatives of the Bank are provided in the Shariah Board Report 2022, which is included in this Annual Report.



Developed

Asset Light Sukuk Structures

Developed and delivered Islamic trade finance products for EXIM Bank of Pakistan

Treasury

Meezan Bank has maintained its dominance in the local foreign exchange and money markets as an active market maker and formidable player. 2022 was marked with extreme volatility in exchange rate; stemming from the aftermath of the floods, local political uncertainty and a reeling post-COVID global economy further dampened by the effects of the Russia-Ukraine war. During 2022, the Bank curtailed potential exchange losses through its prudent exchange rate risk management.

The Bank was able to capture a significant portion of the total Sukuk issued by GoP during the year, which in turn allowed it to optimize the risk profile of its investment portfolio while maximizing earnings. The implementation of Shariah-compliant Mudarabah based Open Market Operations - Injections facility (OMO) has enabled Islamic banks to generate funding from the SBP for their requirements. Meezan Bank was a key player in the introduction of this facility as well as a major participant.

Financial Institutions and Correspondent Banking

In 2022, the Bank's Correspondent Banking network grew to 661 correspondents in more than 70 countries. The Bank's Nostro network supports 18 different currencies, facilitating its clients to efficiently conduct trade payments and international remittances. The Bank has expanded its Nostro network to include another Chinese Yuan account with the Bank of China.

661 Correspondents

18 different currencies

0 countries

The Bank's back-to-back guarantee business has grown with a large number of international banks including Credit Industriel et Commercial Bank (France), Emirates Islamic and Bank of America. Beneficiary of these guarantees include both government and private entities.

Notwithstanding the foreign exchange difficulties being faced in Pakistan, the Bank was able to meet the expectations of regulators as well as its customers of having substantial confirmation lines from its correspondents for opening LCs. The Bank managed to leverage its correspondent banking relationships to provide large-sized import LC confirmation to its customers without placing cash collateral abroad.

Details of the Bank's Correspondent Banking Network are available on our website: www.meezanbank.com



Transaction Banking



The Bank has launched a comprehensive payroll management solution that provides features such as payroll disbursement, pension disbursal, staff reimbursement and bonus processing and provides a one-stop banking solution for clients' daily banking and payroll needs.

Meezan Bank's Subsidiary-Al Meezan Investment Management Limited



Meezan Bank's subsidiary, Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Al Meezan) is the largest Shariah-compliant Asset Management Company (AMC) in Pakistan, with Assets Under Management (AUM) of over Rs 283 billion as at December 31, 2022. Al Meezan enjoys one of the longest (over 27 years) and most consistent performance records among AMC's in Pakistan.

Apart from asset management, Al Meezan is also licensed to render Investment Advisory Services and manage Voluntary Pension Schemes (VPS).

Assets Under Management

183,00<u>U</u> Investors

Shariah-compliant Segment Share

Recently, Al Meezan has also acquired license to carry out Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) Management Services.

Al Meezan's Achievements in 2022

- AUMs increased by 54.63% in CY22
- Funds and Plans launched during the year
 - · Launched Meezan Fixed Term Fund (MFTF)- Pakistan's first Shariah Compliant Fixed Term Fund.
 - Launched Meezan Mahana Munafa Plan (MMMP) under Meezan Daily Income Fund (MDIF)- Exclusively for customers of Meezan Bank Limited
- Investor base of over 183,000 investors
- Share in Mutual Fund Industry stood at 16.91% as at December 31, 2022
- Share in Shariah-compliant Segment stood at 40.45% as at December 31, 2022

Al Meezan exhibits a strong Islamic asset management franchise with a healthy AUM profile with sizeable retail AUMs, adequate governance & control framework, a stable & professional management team and well-defined investment processes and strong customer confidence evident from its 183,000 plus strong investor base.

Al Meezan is rapidly growing its presence across Pakistan with 25 branches in 15 cities, supplemented by Meezan Bank's countrywide branch network. Investors can conveniently open their account through Al Meezan's account opening service and easily manage all their investment needs through their mobile application and online portal (Meezan Funds Online). Al Meezan's digital reach goes beyond borders with its services being offered digitally to overseas Pakistanis through the RDA initiative.

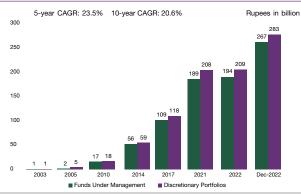
Al Meezan offers a comprehensive product suite of 20 mutual funds including a VPS scheme, multiple investment plans spanning across various asset classes and Separately Managed Accounts (SMA) customized to the unique needs of the clients. Al Meezan also maintained the highest Asset Management Quality rating of AM1 (AM-One) with stable outlook by both VIS & PACRA Credit Rating Companies.

Al Meezan has earned the following accolades during 2022:

| Award | Awarded By |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Asset Management Company of The Year | IFFSA Awards |
| Best Asset Management Company of Pakistan | CFA Society Pakistan |
| Best Islamic Asset Manager – Pakistan | Global Business Outlook (GBO) |
| Brand of the Year | Brands Foundation |
| Best Income Fund (Meezan Sovereign Fund MSF) | Lipper Award (Refinitiv) |

AUMs of Al Meezan have increased significantly over the last few years, as shown below:

Assets Under Management of Al Meezan



Operations Review

An efficient support function infrastructure is a pre-requisite for any organization to deliver products and services that consistently meet the demands of its customers. At Meezan Bank, the support units work hand in hand with business to ensure that all transactions undertaken by the Bank are in accordance with the directives of its Resident Shariah Board Member (RSBM) and the Shariah Board (SB) as well as with the Bank's policies and procedures. Following is a brief introduction of the support units and their role in the organization.

Service Quality

Service Excellence is one of the three Core Values of Meezan Bank, along with Shariah-compliance and Integrity. Customer-centricity is also one of the Bank's core strategic goals as it aspires to be a world-class service-oriented bank.

A Service Board, chaired by the Bank's President & CEO and comprising senior level representation from key business and support units, meets regularly to review service delivery performance of the Bank and takes measures to ensure that the Bank delivers a superior banking experience to its customers. A dedicated Service Quality team, headed by a senior resource, regularly monitors the performance of branches on the service standards defined by the Service Board and evaluates branch service quality. The Bank also uses service evaluation techniques such as mystery shopping and customer satisfaction surveys for obtaining feedback for improving its products and services.

The Bank has a dedicated complaint management team that handles customer complaints and disputes under the Customer Grievances Handling policy approved by the Board, in line with the State Bank of Pakistan's Consumer Grievance Handling Mechanism. Customer feedback is also taken after closure of complaints and Root Cause Analysis is conducted to drive a complaint prevention action plan.

Information Technology and Digital Banking

A robust and resilient technology infrastructure serves as the backbone of banking business today. With a growing need for innovative financial solutions, changing customer behavior, emergence of fiercely competitive Fintech Players and a rapidly evolving regulatory environment, the dependence on technology platforms has grown more than ever before.

PROGRESS IN 2022

*100% up-time Core Network & Data Centers 99.2% up-time **Branch Network**

*For ~100 Branches

Launch of WhatsApp Banking Launch of **Digital Onboarding**

Meezan Bank has grown at a very fast pace ever since its inception and its technology infrastructure has always played a pivotal role in supporting its growing portfolio of products and services as the Bank grew and became the Best Bank in Pakistan to maintain a robust IT infrastructure, Bank has invested in Software Defined Wide Area Network (SD-WAN) Infrastructure in Primary & DR Data, ensuring 100% Data Center & Core Network uptime.

Today Meezan Bank leverages the power of world-class technology solutions to

successfully process millions of transactions every day to win the confidence and trust of its customers. One of the Bank's key achievements during the year is the use of mobile technologies, data analytics capabilities and process automation to introduce new products and services at a faster pace while maintaining excellent customer satisfaction levels. The initiative of Digital Onboarding has further strengthened the account opening process and is helping customers to open their accounts in a seamless manner through the mobile app. With the introduction of WhatsApp banking customers can now easily get basic banking services with convenience. The Bank has also entered in Merchant Acquiring and E-commerce payment gateway services to accelerate the adoption of digital payments.

Another key area of focus has been FinTech collaboration. The Bank has established partnerships with various FinTech companies to offer innovative and convenient digital financial services to its customers. These collaborations have resulted in the launch of various digital products such as mobile wallets, online lending platforms and other digital payment solutions.



The investment in upcoming technologies and partnerships with FinTech companies has helped the Bank to stay ahead of its competition and meet the evolving needs of its customers. This has further enhanced its business agility - with DevOps and Agile methods used to accelerate its software development processes. Moreover, with the adoption of automation tools, the Bank has developed In-house capability of performance testing for core applications.

The Bank is now focusing on the following strategies:

- Implementing artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies to improve efficiency and decision-making.
- Investing in cloud computing to improve scalability, availability and reduce costs.
- Continuously monitoring and assessing emerging technologies to identify new opportunities for innovation
- Implementing an enterprise-wide digital transformation initiative to improve customer experience and drive business growth.



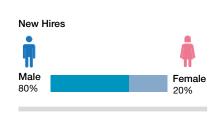
Human Resources

Meezan Bank believes in building a dynamic and professionally competent workforce that is fully capable of providing a world-class banking experience to its customers. The Bank now employs over 15,000 staff members. One additional element of Meezan Bank's contribution to the Islamic banking Industry is that a significant number of people working in other Islamic banking institutions, both locally and internationally, have been trained and groomed in Islamic banking during their association with Meezan Bank and are therefore Meezan Alumni.

Staff Head Count

| Region | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------------|--------|--------|
| Head Office | 3,326 | 2,828 |
| Central | 4,732 | 4,363 |
| South | 3,233 | 3,096 |
| North | 1,845 | 1,723 |
| Total | 13,136 | 12,010 |





In 2022, the Bank inducted 3,030 staff, out of which 905 were inducted through countrywide batch-hiring. Batch hiring enables the Bank to develop a pipeline of trained human resources for its continuously growing network. The Bank also maintained its focus on induction of female staff to achieve diversity and inclusion in its workforce.

The Bank firmly believes in providing career growth opportunities to its staff through internal job placements as well as through elevations. During the recent restructuring of the Bank's retail banking network, 3 new Regions and 26 new Area Offices were created and all these positions were filled through internal placements. A total of 646 elevations were made across the Bank at different levels during the year.

Another new initiative that the Bank has taken is introduction of 'Iddat leave With Pay' for its divorced or widowed female staff. The Bank also provides support to family members of its deceased staff by giving them a monthly payment for a period of 5 years from the staff's passing away.

Considering the inflationary trend in the country, the Bank

introduced an ex-gratia payment for staff of level SVP & below to help ease the inflationary pressure to some extent. The Bank also announced an ex-gratia payment for all staff members, including trainees, on completion of 25 years of Islamic Banking and winning the 'Best Consumer Bank - 2022' Award by Pakistan Banking Awards and Best Bank of the Year 2021 award by CFA Society Pakistan.

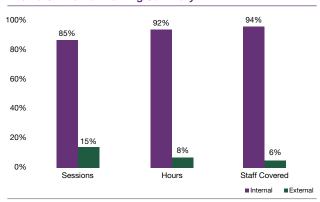
The Bank has joined State Bank's initiative - "Young Islamic Banking Professionals (Y-IBP) Program" under which the Bank and SBP jointly hold Islamic banking awareness sessions at various universities with the aim to enhance students' Islamic finance knowledge and providing them internship opportunities at various departments of the Bank. The Bank has also launched an internship program named 'MEEZANSHIP Program' that provides internships of three to six months, which could lead to permanent employment, depending on the intern's performance.

Meezan Bank had launched its Employee Benevolent Fund Trust (EBFT) program in November 2012 for providing financial assistance to its employees and their families for medical, marriage and education related expenses on need and merit basis. This year the Bank has helped 272 families through EBFT.

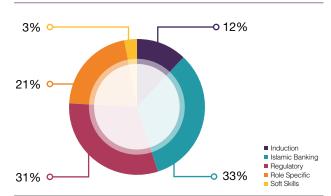
Learning & Development

The Bank continued its learning activities using a blended approach including Virtual Instructor Led Trainings (VILTs) and classroom trainings and organized 1,334 internal and external training sessions which ranged from induction programs to role-specific technical skills, Islamic banking knowledge, soft skills and sessions on regulatory compliance.

Internal / External Training Summary



Category Wise Staff Covered



The Bank also launched several new training programs such as:

- A three-day Islamic Banking Refresher for Senior Executives.
- A three-day Islamic Banking Refresher for existing staff.
- Train The Trainer (TTT) Program for In-house Shariah Trainers across Pakistan to brush up their training skills.
- 31 sessions on Banking on Equality (awareness of Gender sensitization and Persons with Disabilities) were conducted in main cities across Pakistan and were attended by over 1,600 staff members.

A detailed session on "Global Best Practices of Islamic Banks and Role of Senior Executives" was conducted by Sheikh Esam Mohamed Ishaq, Member Shariah Board of Meezan Bank.

The Bank has maintained its focus on function-specific Batch Trainings such as Compliance, Internal Audit, Operations, Information Technology, ACCA, Meezanship, etc.



Key Internal Training Programs



Regulatory Compliance 308



Role-specific trainings

205



Islamic banking & Shariah knowledge



Induction **Trainings**



Soft skills & leadership

Shariah Compliance

Shariah-compliance is a way of life at Meezan Bank and the Bank has a zero-tolerance policy in this regard. To continually ensure Shariah-compliance in all its products, services and processes, the Bank established a dedicated Shariah Compliance Department (SCD) in 2005. The department works under the guidance and direct supervision of the Bank's Shariah Board (SB) to facilitate product research and development, conduct Shariah-compliance reviews, provide internal and external trainings, acts as secretariat to Shariah Board, resolve Shariah Audit observations and take other initiatives for development of the Islamic banking industry - both locally and globally.

Some of the key functions that the Shariah Compliance Department undertakes are:

Secretariat to the Shariah Board

In 2022, the Shariah Compliance Department organized four meeting of the Shariah Board at regular intervals for obtaining timely approval of relevant proposals, agreements, manuals, process flows, contracts etc. The department also liaises between management and the Shariah Board - reviewing all proposals, agreements, manuals, process flows contracts, checklists etc submitted by different units of the Bank. SCD also reviews profit calculation on deposits pools and its distribution to depositors.





Product Support & Research

All the business functions of the Bank are provided product support by Shariah Compliance Department. The product support process starts from the initiation of business proposals till the structuring and execution of the solution through Shariah-related research, interdepartmental coordination and customer engagement. The product support process enables the Bank to continually modify existing products, identify new market niches and address new customer needs.

Shariah Compliance Review

Shariah Compliance Review is a continuous process of ensuring that all internal and external activities of the Bank are compliant to Shariah rules. All financing cases are reviewed periodically to monitor adherence with relevant Shariah guidelines. Moreover, industry visits and random checking by Shariah Compliance Department help identify gaps and subsequently add value through continuous process and controls improvement.

Scope of Shariah-compliance Review

The SCD ensures compliance to Shariah Guidelines in all areas of the Bank's business and operation, including the following key areas:

| Corporate Banking | Fresh Proposals, Renewals, Enhancements, Structured Transactions |
|-------------------------------|--|
| SME/Commercial/Agri Finance | Fresh Proposals, Renewals, Enhancements, Structured Transactions |
| Ancillary Documents | Letter of Guarantees, MoUs, Security Agreements, NOCs, Procurement Agreements, Vendor Agreements, Service Agreements |
| Investment Banking | Term Sheets, Shariah Structure, Legal Agreements, Post Transaction Review |
| Treasury | Placement of Funds, Acceptance of Funds, International Placements, Forex Transactions, Alternate to Bill Discounting Transactions |
| Branch Assessment | Branch Environment and understanding of employees |
| Marketing promotions | Bank's Product Promotions, Social Media Posts, Print and Electronic Media Ads, Sponsorship Proposals, Enlistment of Charitable Institutions |
| Other Head Office Departments | Policies, MoU, Legal Agreements, Understanding and Application of Shariah Guidelines |

Industry visits and random reviews are also conducted by the department.

Internal and External Training

The Shariah Compliance and Learning & Development teams work closely to design, implement and reinforce Islamic banking and financing products knowledge to employees, customers and general public. Training sessions are conducted throughout the year including orientations, refreshers and specialized courses for staff, based on Training Need Analysis.

The Bank also collaborates with leading educational institutes such as IBA-CEIF towards the common aim of capacity building for Islamic banking. Major programs include Certified Shariah Auditor AAOIFI certification and Certified Islamic Finance Reporting and Auditing Course.

Contributions towards the Islamic Banking Industry in Pakistan

The Bank regularly acts as joint financial advisor for issuance of Government of Pakistan Sukuk to help address the liquidity management needs of the Islamic Banking industry. In 2022, the Bank as one of the Joint Financial Advisors of the Government of Pakistan issued Sukuk worth Rs 1.35 trillion.



Shariah Audit

Meezan Bank has a dedicated and independent Shariah Audit department that plays a vital role in ensuring that all of the Bank's operations are carried out according to the rules and principles prescribed by its Shariah Board, Resident Shariah Board Member (RSBM) and the State Bank of Pakistan.

The Bank has a qualified team of Shariah Auditors and Advisers certified by Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), Certified Chartered Accountants and Shariah Scholars. The Bank's Shariah Audit expertise and effectiveness have been consistently recognised at international forums. Global Islamic Finance Awards (GIFA) UK recognised Meezan Bank as 'Shariah Auditor of the Year' for the fifth consecutive year and also awarded 'Shariah Authenticity Award' for 2022.



In line with the Bank's digital strategy and United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals, the Bank is in the process of digitizing its Shariah Audit processes, which would both enhance process efficiency and reduce its carbon footprint.

Information Security **Our Focus on Cyber Security**

Cybersecurity is a top priority for the Bank and it has implemented strict measures to protect its customers' data and assets from cyber threats. Various initiatives have been taken to continuously improve the cyber security of the Bank's digital assets; engaging departments such as Information Technology, Information Security, Internal Audit, Compliance and Risk Management carrying diverse responsibilities within their scope. Cyber Security is managed through tools and systems as well as through process-level controls.

The Bank has achieved PCI DSS compliance, which is a global security standard for protecting cardholder data and has implemented a Standardized IT Network Infrastructure to ensure 100% Compliance Rating for PCI-DSS 3.2.1 certification. Additionally, advanced security systems such as firewalls, intrusion detection and prevention systems and encryption technologies have been implemented to safeguard against cyber threats.

There is also a dedicated team of cybersecurity experts which is responsible for monitoring and analysing potential threats and implementing necessary security measures using powerful security management tools to detect and prevent security attacks in progress. Local and international experts of security domains are also regularly engaged to review the Bank's information assets and controls and to conduct penetration test exercises.

Implementation of a real time fraud detection module that analyses specific transaction patterns for Mobile App has enabled the Bank to heighten its customers' trust on its services' security. The implementation of CTM 360 platform for digital risk protection has further enhanced the Bank's ability to be better equipped in detecting and responding to vulnerabilities and cyber threats. The Bank has also implemented New State-of-art High Performance Core Data Center Security Firewalls for protection of Core Business applications from Internal & External threats.

The Bank is fully cognizant of the significance of Cyber Security and will continue to invest in systems and resources to further strengthen its operations against any Cyber-threat.

Largest fan base

in Pakistan's banking industry

20th in World's Top 100 Banks

on Facebook by 'The Financial Brand'

3.5B+ Impressions

143%

since 2021

Meezan Careers Facebook Page

48K+ Likes

16%

since 2021

facebook

First dedicated Islamic Banking Channel

in the country

12.5M+ Impressions

You Tube

MEEZAN
BANK'S
SOCIAL MEDIA
FOOTPRINT

The highest number of followers

amongst all banks in Pakistan

Instagram

Linked in

More than

150 Job Ads
An increase of

44%

since 2021

Find us here

f /MeezanBank ☑ /MeezanBankLtd in /company/meezan-bank-Itd

Digital Engagement

4.4M+ unique website visitors



2.3M+
Facebook Likes

304K+ LinkedIn Followers (+39% from 2021)

32.2K+YouTube Subscribers
(+13% from 2021)

25.7K+ Twitter Followers (+47% from 2021)

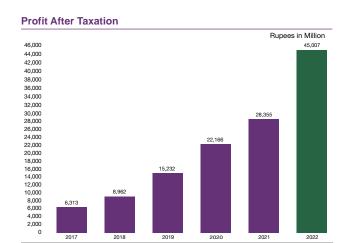
108K+ Instagram Followers (+12% from 2021)

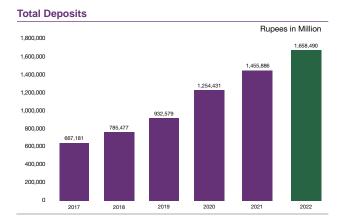
KEY FIGURES AT A GLANCE

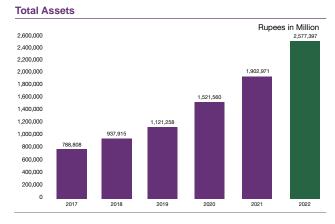
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| Profit and Loss Account | | | | | | | |
| Return on financing, investments and placements | 232,121 | 110,073 | 106,589 | 94,270 | 48,625 | 36,427 | |
| Return on deposits and other dues expensed | 110,417 | 41,152 | 41,740 | 47,731 | 20,457 | 15,684 | |
| Net Spread earned | 121,704 | 68,921 | 64,849 | 46,539 | 28,168 | 20,743 | |
| Fee, commission, forex and other income | 18,170 | 13,351 | 8,765 | 9,396 | 6,887 | 5,622 | |
| Gain / (loss) on securities - net and dividend income | 933 | 1,541 | 1,307 | (76) | 575 | 2,002 | |
| Total income | 140,807 | 83,813 | 74,921 | 55,859 | 35,630 | 28,367 | |
| Operating and other expenses | 48,245 | 35,324 | 29,775 | 25,522 | 19,670 | 16,832 | |
| Profit before Provisions | 92,562 | 48,489 | 45,146 | 30,337 | 15,960 | 11,535 | |
| Provisions / (reversals) and write offs - net | 4,177 | 993 | 8,210 | 4,186 | 1,168 | 1,283 | |
| Profit before Taxation | 88,385 | 47,496 | 36,936 | 26,151 | 14,792 | 10,252 | |
| Taxation | 43,378 | 19,141 | 14,770 | 10,919 | 5,830 | 3,939 | |
| Profit after Taxation | 45,007 | 28,355 | 22,166 | 15,232 | 8,962 | 6,313 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Statement of Financial Position | | | | | | | |
| Islamic Financing and Related Assets - Gross | 1,018,102 | 777,295 | 531,588 | 506,513 | 522,264 | 428,833 | |
| Total Assets | 2,577,397 | 1,902,971 | 1,521,560 | 1,121,258 | 937,915 | 788,808 | |
| Total Deposits | 1,658,490 | 1,455,886 | 1,254,431 | 932,579 | 785,477 | 667,181 | |
| Share Capital | 17,896 | 16,269 | 14,147 | 12,861 | 11,692 | 10,629 | |
| Sub-ordinated sukuk | 20,990 | 20,990 | 18,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 7,000 | |
| Total Shareholders Equity | 115,321 | 86,558 | 69,155 | 59,015 | 40,333 | 35,077 | |
| Market Capitalization | 178,139 | 218,188 | 147,754 | 122,348 | 108,022 | 71,321 | |
| Number of Staff | 15,380 | 14,007 | 12,423 | 11,649 | 10,069 | 9,551 | |
| Number of Branches | 962 | 902 | 815 | 760 | 660 | 601 | |
| Ratios | | | | | | | |
| Book Value (Rs) | 64.44 | 53.2 | 48.9 | 45.9 | 34.5 | 32.3 | |
| Market Value per Share (Rs) | 99.54 | 134.1 | 104.4 | 95.1 | 92.4 | 67.1 | |
| Price to Book Value Ratio | 1.54 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 2.1 | |
| Cash Dividend (%) | 85 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 35 | 30 | |
| Stock Dividend (%) | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | - | |
| Right Shares at par (%) | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | |
| Price Earning Ratio | 3.96 | 8.46 | 6.7 | 8.8 | 13.3 | 12.1 | |
| Basic Earning per Share (Rs) | 25.15 | 15.84 | 12.39 | 8.51 | 5.01 | 3.53 | |
| Net Spread to Gross Return (%) | 52.43 | 62.6 | 60.8 | 49.4 | 57.9 | 56.9 | |
| Profit Before Tax to Gross Income (%) | 35.18 | 38.0 | 31.7 | 25.2 | 26.4 | 23.3 | |
| Profit After Tax to Gross Income (%) | 17.92 | 22.7 | 19 | 14.7 | 16 | 14.3 | |
| Operating & Other Expenses to Income before provisions (%) | 34.26 | 42.2 | 39.7 | 45.7 | 55.2 | 59.3 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Gross Financing / Advances to Deposit Ratio-ADR (%) | | | | | | | |
| | 61.4 | 53.4 | 42.4 | 54.3 | 66.5 | 64.3 | |
| Investment to Deposit Ratio - IDR (%) | 61.4 77.4 | 53.4 42.6 | 42.4 34.6 | 54.3 24.2 | 66.5 15.8 | 64.3 17.9 | |
| Investment to Deposit Ratio - IDR (%) Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) | | | | | | | |
| | 77.4 | 42.6 | 34.6 | 24.2 | 15.8 | 17.9 | |

| | | | Rupees i | n Million |
|--------|--------|--------|----------|-----------|
| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | | | | |
| 31,027 | 32,893 | 28,487 | 23,016 | 21,592 |
| 13,239 | 15,181 | 15,539 | 12,658 | 11,385 |
| 17,788 | 17,712 | 12,948 | 10,358 | 10,207 |
| 4,102 | 3,617 | 3,387 | 1,971 | 1,413 |
| 1,622 | 971 | 1,432 | 1,539 | 986 |
| 23,512 | 22,300 | 17,767 | 13,868 | 12,606 |
| 14,787 | 13,313 | 10,402 | 8,128 | 6,925 |
| 8,725 | 8,987 | 7,365 | 5,740 | 5,681 |
| (218) | 535 | 467 | 93 | 451 |
| 8,943 | 8,452 | 6,898 | 5,647 | 5,230 |
| 3,381 | 3,429 | 2,328 | 1,690 | 1,722 |
| 5,562 | 5,023 | 4,570 | 3,957 | 3,508 |

| 319,617 | 215,776 | 183,286 | 133,475 | 94,402 |
|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 662,055 | 535,864 | 440,149 | 332,095 | 278,084 |
| 559,398 | 468,281 | 378,744 | 288,433 | 229,892 |
| 10,027 | 10,027 | 10,027 | 10,027 | 9,034 |
| 7,000 | - | - | - | - |
| 30,474 | 26,347 | 23,890 | 18,913 | 16,563 |
| 67,422 | 45,875 | 47,129 | 39,488 | 27,147 |
| 9,168 | 8,581 | 7,429 | 6,248 | 5,953 |
| 571 | 551 | 428 | 351 | 310 |
| | | | | |
| 28.1 | 25.5 | 23.2 | 17.9 | 17.1 |
| 67.2 | 45.7 | 47 | 39.4 | 30.1 |
| 2.4 | 1.8 | 2 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| 30 | 30 | 27.5 | 20 | 15 |
| - | - | - | - | 11 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 12.3 | 9.1 | 10.3 | | 8.6 |
| 3.11 | 2.81 | 2.55 | 2.21 | 1.96 |
| 57.3 | 53.9 | 45.5 | 45 | 47.3 |
| 24.3 | 22.6 | 20.7 | 21.3 | 21.8 |
| 15.1 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 14.6 |
| 62.9 | 59.7 | 58.6 | 58.6 | 54.9 |
| F7 4 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 44.4 |
| 57.1 | 46.1 | 48.4 | 46.3 | 41.1 |
| 23.3 12.9 | 31.2 11 | 30.1 11.9 | 52.6 12.5 | 66.3 14.1 |
| 0.9 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 14.1 |
| 19.6 | 20 | 21.4 | 22.3 | 23.1 |
| 19.6 | 20 | 21.4 | 22.3 | ∠3.1 |









SIX YEARS' HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Financial Position / Profit & Loss Account

Rupees in Million

| | 2022 | 22 Vs 21 | 2021 | 21 Vs 20 | 2020 | 20 Vs 19 | 2019 | 19 Vs 18 | 2018 | 18 Vs 17 | 2017 | 17 Vs 16 |
|---|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|----------|
| Assets | | % | | % | | % | | % | | % | | % |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 117,743 | (31) | 170,501 | 25 | 136,243 | 48 | 92,194 | 42 | 65,022 | 1 | 64,556 | 15 |
| Balances with other banks | 13,676 | (17) | 16,420 | (16) | 19,446 | 27 | 15,372 | 86 | 8,255 | 69 | 4,896 | (59 |
| Due from financial institutions - net | 34,964 | (85) | 238,402 | (30) | 342,069 | 53 | 223,689 | 21 | 184,815 | 26 | 147,229 | 1 |
| Investments - net | 1,283,210 | 107 | 620,132 | 43 | 434,208 | 92 | 225,646 | 82 | 123,743 | 4 | 119,238 | (|
| Islamic financing and related assets - net | 995,508 | 31 | 758,086 | 48 | 512,532 | 4 | 493,775 | | 512,564 | 22 | 420,029 | 3 |
| | 1 ' | | · ' | | | | | (4) | · · | | | 3 |
| Fixed assets | 40,427 | 19 | 33,958 | 44 | 23,568 | 1 | 23,285 | 77 or | 13,129 | 16 | 11,364 | |
| Intangible assets | 1,844 | 23 | 1,496 | 39 | 1,080 | 38 | 780 | 25 | 625 | 22 | 512 | 1 |
| Deferred tax asset | 4,646 | 2,555 | 175 | (55) | 390 | 100 | - | (100) | 983 | - | - | |
| Other assets - net | 85,379 | 34 | 63,801 | 23 | 52,024 | 12 | 46,517 | 62 | 28,779 | 37 | 20,984 | 2 |
| | 2,577,397 | 35 | 1,902,971 | 25 | 1,521,560 | 36 | 1,121,258 | 20 | 937,915 | 19 | 788,808 | 1 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bills payable | 40,175 | 11 | 36,141 | 36 | 26,494 | 54 | 17,187 | (28) | 23,751 | 38 | 17,175 | 2 |
| Due to financial institutions | 573,326 | 160 | 220,414 | 133 | 94,501 | 125 | 42,047 | 15 | 36,408 | (1) | 36,813 | 1 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 1,658,490 | 14 | 1,455,886 | 16 | 1,254,431 | 35 | 932,579 | 19 | 785,477 | 18 | 667,181 | |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk | 20,990 | - | 20,990 | 17 | 18,000 | 29 | 14,000 | - | 14,000 | 100 | 7,000 | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | _ | - | - | - | - | (100) | 2,830 | - | - | (100) | 8 | (9 |
| Other liabilities | 169,095 | 104 | 82,982 | 41 | 58,979 | 10 | 53,600 | 41 | 37,946 | 48 | 25,554 | |
| | 2,462,076 | 36 | 1,816,413 | 25 | 1,452,405 | 37 | 1,062,243 | 18 | 897,582 | 19 | 753,731 | 1 |
| Net Assets | 115,321 | 33 | 86,558 | 25 | 69,155 | 17 | 59,015 | 46 | 40,333 | 15 | 35,077 | 1 |
| Represented by: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Share capital | 17,896 | 10 | 16,269 | 15 | 14,147 | 10 | 12,861 | 10 | 11,692 | 10 | 10,629 | |
| Reserves | 28,188 | 20 | 23,393 | 15 | 20,424 | 12 | 18,207 | 20 | 15,161 | 13 | 13,369 | 3 |
| Unappropriated profit | 69,900 | 63 | 42,832 | 48 | 29,022 | 56 | 18,546 | 37 | 13,526 | 31 | 10,340 | 2 |
| (Deficit) / surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax | (663) | (116) | 4,064 | (27) | 5,562 | (41) | · ' | 204 times | (46) | (106) | 739 | (6 |
| (Delivity) Surplus of Fevaluation of assets - Het of tax | 115,321 | 33 | 86,558 | 25 | 69,155 | 17 | 59,015 | 46 | 40,333 | 15 | 35,077 | 1 |
| Profit & Loss Account | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | I | | | | l | | l | | 1 | | l | |
| | 2022 | 22 Vs 21 % | 2021 | 21 Vs 20 % | 2020 | 20 Vs 19 % | 2019 | 19 Vs 18 % | 2018 | 18 Vs 17 % | 2017 | 17 Vs 1 |
| Return on financing, investments | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and placements | 232,121 | 111 | 110,073 | 3 | 106,589 | 13 | 94,270 | 94 | 48,625 | 33 | 36,427 | 1 |
| Return on deposits and other | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| dues expensed | (110,417) | 168 | (41,152) | (1) | (41,740) | (13) | (47,731) | 133 | (20,457) | 30 | (15,684) | 1 |
| Net spread earned | 121,704 | 77 | 68,921 | 6 | 64,849 | 39 | 46,539 | 65 | 28,168 | 36 | 20,743 | 1 |
| Fee, commission, forex and other income | 18,171 | 36 | 13,351 | 52 | 8,765 | (7) | 9,396 | 36 | 6,887 | 23 | 5,622 | 3 |
| Gain / (loss) on securities - net and | | | .0,00 | | | | 0,000 | | 0,00. | | | |
| dividend income | 932 | (40) | 1,541 | 18 | 1,307 | 1,820 | (76) | (113) | 575 | (71) | 2,002 | 2 |
| Total income | 140,807 | 68 | 83,813 | 12 | 74,921 | 34 | 55,859 | 57 | 35,630 | 26 | 28,367 | 2 |
| Operating and other expenses | (48,245) | 37 | (35,324) | 19 | (29,775) | 17 | (25,522) | 30 | (19,670) | 17 | (16,832) | |
| Profit before Provisions | 92,562 | 91 | 48,489 | 7 | 45,146 | 49 | 30,337 | 90 | 15,960 | 38 | 11,535 | ; |
| Provisions and write offs - net | (4,177) | 321 | (993) | (88) | (8,210) | 96 | (4,186) | 258 | (1,168) | (9) | (1,283) | (68 |
| Profit before taxation | 88,385 | 86 | 47,496 | 29 | 36,936 | 41 | 26,151 | 77 | 14,792 | 44 | 10,252 | |
| | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Taxation | (43,378) | 127 | (19,141) | 30 | (14,770) | 35 | (10,919) | 87 | (5,830) | 48 | (3,939) | |

SIX YEARS' VERTICAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Financial Position / Profit & Loss Account

Rupees in Million

| | | | | | | | | | | Rup | ees in ivi | IIIIOI |
|--|-----------|------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|------|----------|------|------------|--------|
| Statement of Financial Position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets | 2022 | % | 2021 | % | 2020 | % | 2019 | % | 2018 | % | 2017 | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 117,743 | 4 | 170,501 | 9 | 136,243 | 9 | 92,194 | 8 | 65,022 | 7 | 64,556 | |
| Balances with other banks | 13,676 | 1 | 16,420 | 1 | 19,446 | 1 | 15,372 | 2 | 8,255 | 1 | 4,896 | |
| Due from financial institutions - net | 34,964 | 1 | 238,402 | 12 | 342,069 | 22 | 223,689 | 20 | 184,815 | 20 | 147,229 | |
| Investments - net | 1,283,210 | 50 | 620,132 | 33 | 434,208 | 29 | 225,646 | 20 | 123,743 | 13 | 119,238 | |
| Islamic financing and related assets - net | 995,508 | 39 | 758,086 | 40 | 512,532 | 34 | 493,775 | 44 | 512,564 | 55 | 420,029 | |
| Fixed assets | 40,427 | 2 | 33,958 | 2 | 23,568 | 2 | 23,285 | 2 | 13,129 | 1 | 11,364 | |
| Intangible assets | 1,844 | - | 1,496 | - | 1,080 | - | 780 | - | 625 | - | 512 | |
| Deferred tax asset | 4,646 | - | 175 | - | 390 | - | - | - | 983 | - | - | |
| Other assets - net | 85,379 | 3 | 63,801 | 3 | 52,024 | 3 | 46,517 | 4 | 28,779 | 3 | 20,984 | |
| Total Assets | 2,577,397 | 100 | 1,902,971 | 100 | 1,521,560 | 100 | 1,121,258 | 100 | 937,915 | 100 | 788,808 | 1 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bills payable | 40,175 | 2 | 36,141 | 2 | 26,494 | 2 | 17.187 | 2 | 23,751 | 3 | 17,175 | |
| Due to financial institutions | 573,326 | 22 | 220,414 | 12 | 94,501 | 6 | 42,047 | 4 | 36,408 | 4 | 36,813 | |
| Deposits and other accounts | 1,658,490 | 64 | 1,455,886 | 76 | 1,254,431 | 82 | 932,579 | 83 | 785,477 | 84 | 667,181 | |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk | 20,990 | 1 | 20,990 | 1 | 18,000 | 1 | 14,000 | 1 | 14,000 | 1 | 7,000 | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,830 | - | - | - | 8 | |
| Other liabilities | 169,095 | 7 | 82,982 | 4 | 58,979 | 4 | 53,600 | 5 | 37,946 | 4 | 25,554 | |
| | 2,462,076 | 96 | 1,816,413 | 95 | 1,452,405 | 95 | 1,062,243 | 95 | 897,582 | 96 | 753,731 | |
| Net Assets | 115,321 | 4 | 86,558 | 5 | 69,155 | 5 | 59,015 | 5 | 40,333 | 4 | 35,077 | |
| Represented by: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Share capital | 17,896 | 1 | 16,269 | 1 | 14,147 | 1 | 12,861 | 1 | 11,692 | 1 | 10,629 | |
| Reserves | 28,188 | 1 | 23,393 | 2 | 20,424 | 2 | 18,207 | 2 | 15,161 | 2 | 13,369 | |
| Jnappropriated profit | 69,900 | 2 | 42,832 | 2 | 29,022 | 2 | 18,546 | 2 | 13,526 | 1 | 10,340 | |
| Deficit) / surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax | (663) | - | 4,064 | - | 5,562 | - | 9,401 | - | (46) | _ | 739 | |
| | 115,321 | 4 | 86,558 | 5 | 69,155 | 5 | 59,015 | 5 | 40,333 | 4 | 35,077 | |
| Profit & Loss Account | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2022 | % | 2021 | % | 2020 | % | 2019 | % | 2018 | % | 2017 | |
| Patura on financing investments | 2022 | 70 | 2021 | 70 | 2020 | 70 | 2019 | 70 | 2010 | 70 | 2017 | |
| Return on financing, investments | 000 101 | 00 | 110.070 | 00 | 100 500 | 04 | 04.070 | 04 | 40 COE | 07 | 26 407 | |
| and placements | 232,121 | 93 | 110,073 | 88 | 106,589 | 91 | 94,270 | 91 | 48,625 | 87 | 36,427 | |
| Return on deposits and other | (4.5= | / | /4: -==: | (0.5) | (4: -::: | (0.0) | /4= == :: | (12) | (02.17 | (C=) | 45.00.0 | |
| dues expensed | (110,417) | (44) | (41,152) | (33) | (41,740) | (36) | (47,731) | (46) | (20,457) | (37) | (15,684) | |
| Net spread earned | 121,704 | 49 | 68,921 | 55 | 64,849 | 55 | 46,539 | 45 | 28,168 | 50 | 20,743 | |
| Fee, commission, forex and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| other income | 18,171 | 7 | 13,351 | 11 | 8,765 | 8 | 9,396 | 9 | 6,887 | 12 | 5,622 | |
| Gain / (loss) on securities - net and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| dividend income | 932 | - | 1,541 | 1 | 1,307 | 1 | (76) | - | 575 | 1 | 2,002 | |
| Total income | 140,807 | 56 | 83,813 | 67 | 74,921 | 64 | 55,859 | 54 | 35,630 | 63 | 28,367 | |
| Operating and other expenses | (48,245) | (19) | (35,324) | (28) | (29,775) | (25) | (25,522) | (25) | (19,670) | (35) | (16,832) | |
| Profit before Provisions | 92,562 | 37 | 48,489 | 39 | 45,146 | 39 | 30,337 | 29 | 15,960 | 28 | 11,535 | |
| Provisions and write offs - net | (4,177) | (2) | (993) | (1) | (8,210) | (7) | (4,186) | (4) | (1,168) | (2) | (1,283) | |
| Profit before taxation | 88,385 | 35 | 47,496 | 38 | 36,936 | 32 | 26,151 | 25 | 14,792 | 26 | 10,252 | |
| Faxation | (43,378) | (17) | (19,141) | (15) | (14,770) | (13) | (10,919) | (10) | (5,830) | (10) | (3,939) | |
| Profit after taxation | | 18 | | 23 | | | | | 8,962 | 16 | | |
| TOIL AILEI LAXALION | 45,007 | 10 | 28,355 | 23 | 22,166 | 19 | 15,232 | 15 | 0,902 | 10 | 6,313 | |

(Comparitive information has been reclassified / rearranged for better presentation)

REVIEW OF SIX YEARS' PERFORMANCE

The summary of financial performance of Meezan Bank Limited over the last six years (2017 - 2022) is as under:

Statement of Financial Position

Total Assets of the Bank crossed Rs 2.5 trillion in 2022 growing from Rs 789 billion in 2017 - a significant leap, taking Meezan Bank from a mid-sized entity to the league of big banks in Pakistan. The net financing portfolio has increased to Rs 995 billion from Rs 420 billion - up by Rs 575 billion representing a five year CAGR of 19%. Throughout this period, the Bank maintained its focus on channelising liquidity in all sectors of the economy. Corporate book led the growth in financing with the portfolio now totaling Rs 754 billion, representing more than 70% of the financing book. The Bank's SME / Commercial and Consumer portfolios also witnessed a healthy growth of 25% and 14% respectively. The Bank continues to have one of the lowest infection ratio of 1.3% in the industry demonstrating the superior quality and resilience of its financing portfolio.

The Bank's investment portfolio also recorded manifold growth closing at Rs 1.3 trillion from Rs 119 billion in 2017. As of December 31, 2022, the Bank's total investment in GoP ljarah Sukuk amounted to Rs 1.1 trillion and Pakistan Energy Sukuk (guaranteed by the Federal Government) amounted to Rs 120 billion. The resumption of Government of Pakistan (GoP) Ijarah Sukuk auctions at regular intervals have addressed the chronic liquidity deployment challenges faced by the Islamic Banking Industry. This enabled the Bank to reduce the dependency on inter-bank secured placements under Bai Muajjal which decreased to Rs 35 billion (around 1% of the Balance sheet) compared to Rs 147 billion (19% of the balance sheet).

The Bank's fixed assets (excluding right-of-use assets recognized under IFRS 16) have also increased to Rs 29 billion in 2022 from Rs 11 billion in 2017 primarily due to the Bank's sizeable investment in its Branch network which reached 962 branches in 2022 as compared to 601 branches in 2017 - an increase of 361 branches during the period. This expansion in the branch network has reaped fruits for the Bank, as is evident from the strong growth in deposits and profits over the years. The Bank's significant investment in IT infrastructure and digital channels (including Internet Banking and Mobile App) also contributed to this growth in fixed and intangible assets.

Deposits of the Bank rose by 2.5 times from Rs 667 billion in 2017 to Rs 1.66 trillion in 2022, representing a five year CAGR of 20%. The Bank's commitment towards high standards of customer service coupled with a seamless digital banking experience has enabled this key achievement. More importantly, Current Account (CA) deposits recorded growth of Rs 584 billion or 2.47 times taking the total CA deposits to Rs 819 billion compared to Rs 236 billion in 2017. The CA mix in total deposits improved to 49% compared to 35% in 2017. Savings Account (SA) deposits also grew to Rs 641 billion from Rs 263 billion in December 2017 - a cumulative growth of 1.4 times. The Fixed deposits recorded a nominal growth of Rs 30 billion - representing 12% of the deposit mix as against 25% in 2017. This is in line with Bank's strategic focus on maintaining an optimal deposit mix focused on mobilising growth in CASA.

The introduction of SBP's Shariah Compliant Open Market Operation (OMO) and Standing ceiling facility at the start of 2022, enabled the Bank to manage its day-to-day liquidity more efficiently. As of December 31, 2022, the Bank's total borrowing from SBP under the SBP OMO amounted to Rs 364 billion. This was followed by Rs 135 billion under several SBP-subsidized refinancing schemes to targeted businesses and export-oriented industries. The total amount due to financial institutions amounted to Rs 573 billion compared to Rs 37 billion in 2017.

To support its robust growth and have a sound regulatory capital base in line with the strategic direction set by the Board of Directors, the Bank successfully issued subordinated Tier II Sukuk and the first-ever Shariah-compliant Additional Tier I Sukuk. As of December 31, 2022, the total sub-ordinated Sukuk stood at Rs 21 billion, comprising Rs 7 billion of Additional Tier I Sukuk and Rs 14 billion of Subordinated Tier II Sukuk. Alhamdulillah, all subordinated Sukuk issuances of the Bank received an overwhelming response from the investors and the Bank was able to issue these Sukuk at very competitive pricing under the Mudaraba arrangement which is indicative of the strong brand value and standing of the Bank. Accordingly, despite significant growth in total assets in the period from 2017 to 2022, the Bank's Capital Adequacy Ratio has increased to a comfortable level of 18.42% in 2022, compared to a minimum requirement of 12%.

Equity

Equity of the Bank also witnessed a multifold increase reaching Rs 115 billion compared to Rs 35 billion in 2017. The Bank is committed to maintaining a sound balance between depositors' liability and shareholders' funds so that an optimal debt to equity ratio is maintained. This optimal debt to equity ratio provides reasonable assurance to depositors about the safety and security of their funds and at the same time provides impetus to the management to invest these funds into profitable ventures without compromising the risk profile of the Bank. The Bank has maintained a record of unbroken payout since the date of listing on the Stock Exchange.

Profit and Loss account

The Bank's Profit After Tax has recorded seven times increase from Rs 6.3 billion in 2017 to Rs 45 billion in 2022 with an average Return on Equity (ROE) of more than 30% while maintaining an unbroken payout to its shareholders.

In line with the growth in the Bank's deposit profile and increase in the underlying SBP policy rate, the net spread of the Bank rose to Rs 122 billion as compared to Rs 21 billion in 2017. Fee, foreign exchange and other income also grew significantly from Rs 5.6 billion in 2017 to Rs 18.2 billion in 2022, primarily due to the Bank's growing trade business which crossed Rs 2.1 trillion as compared to Rs 710 billion in 2017. The Bank's tremendous growth in digital banking business also played a significant role in this growth duly complemented by a significant increase in its customer base.

The Bank's operating expenses rose to Rs 48 billion in 2022 from Rs 17 billion in 2017. High inflation, rupee devaluation and continuous investment in physical and digital banking channels contributed to the increase in operating costs. The Bank now employs more than 15,000 staff across Pakistan, thereby creating more employment opportunities for the country's population. Despite the increase in operating expenses, the Bank's income efficiency ratio improved to 34% in 2022 from 59% in 2017.

In line with prudent practices, the Bank further strengthened its NPL coverage ratio which stood at 166% in 2022 as compared to 133% in 2017. The Bank's direct contribution to the national exchequer grew by 10 times with the total taxation charge (including super tax) for the year 2022 increasing to Rs 43.4 billion from Rs 3.9 billion in 2017 on account of higher profitability and taxation rates.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Financial Position

The total assets of the Bank grew by 35% or Rs 674 billion to cross the Rs 2.5 trillion landmark from Rs 1.9 trillion in 2021. Investments and financings both witnessed significant growth during the year.

The Gross Financings portfolio crossed Rs 1 trillion - Rs 241 billion or 31% up from last year with the Gross Advance to Deposits ratio (ADR) of the Bank hovering above 61% versus 53% last year. This growth was well-distributed across large-sized corporates, small and medium-sized commercial entities and retail consumers with financial inclusion being a key focus. Active participation in the State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) refinancing schemes also remained a top priority for the Bank as the total exposure under such schemes grew by more than 25%. The Bank has a market share of around 8.6% of overall banking industry financings.

The Bank's financing portfolio maintained its exemplary quality with the infection ratio falling to 1.3% compared to an average for the banking industry of around 7%. The Bank's coverage ratio stood at 166% - well above the banking industry average of 92%.

Investments portfolio also doubled to Rs 1.3 trillion from Rs 620 billion in 2021 mainly due to sizeable investment in Federal Government Securities - GoP Ijarah Sukuk which now represent Rs 1.1 trillion as compared to Rs 398 billion a year ago. The Bank's placements under Bai Muajjal reduced from Rs 238 billion in 2021 to Rs 35 billion in current year mainly due to surplus liquidity being deployed towards the regular auction of GoP Ijarah Sukuk.

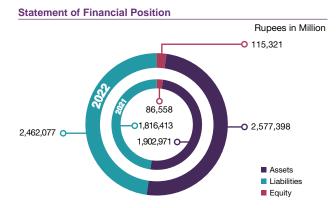
Continuing our tradition of outpacing the industry, yet again the Bank's deposits growth surpassed the banking industry deposit growth and registered an uptick of 14% versus 7% for the banking industry as a whole. Meezan Bank's deposit book now stands at Rs 1.66 trillion with Current Account (CA) and Savings Account (SA) deposits amounting to Rs 1.46 trillion – which is even higher than the total deposits of the Bank a year ago. The Bank has a market share of 7.4% of banking industry deposits with a CAGR growth of 34% since its inception. The major contribution of this growth is due to CASA deposits which grew by 21%, representing 88% of the deposit mix. The Bank's deposits depict a high level of granularity with individual depositors representing more than 60% of the deposit portfolio - a yardstick reflective of customers' preference and trust for choosing Meezan for their banking needs.

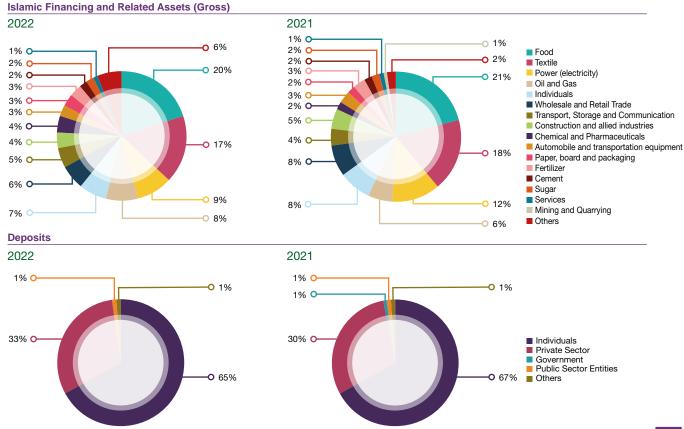
During the year, the Bank added 60 new branches to its network providing a vast coverage of 962 branches spread across 317 cities of the country supported by a network of 1,000 plus biometric-enabled card less ATMs. Apart from the physical infrastructure, the Bank has a strong

presence in digital channels as well which can be witnessed by the continuous rise in the Bank's debit card spent and increase in Inter Bank Fund Transfers (IBFT) and Utility Bill Payments (UBPS) transactions respectively. The Bank's Mobile Banking App remained the industry leader, with an unbeatable 4.9 rating on both Apple Store and Google Play Store throughout the year.

The Bank's equity increased to Rs 115 billion as compared to Rs 87 billion a year ago. The Board has approved a final cash dividend of Rs 3.00 per share (30%) bringing the total payout to Rs 8.50 per share (85%) as Rs 5.50 per share i.e. 55% interim cash dividend was paid in addition to issuance of 10% Bonus Shares during the year.

The Bank remains adequately capitalized with a Capital Adequacy Ratio of 18.42% over and above the minimum regulatory requirement of 12%.





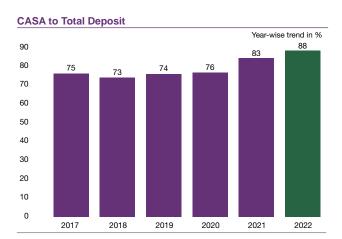
Profit and Loss Account

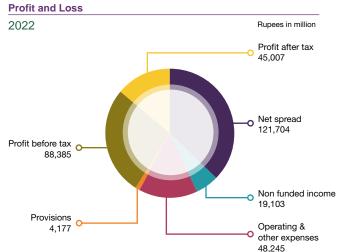
The Bank recorded a profit after tax of Rs 45 billion as compared to Rs 28.4 billion a year ago - a growth of 59%. The return on average equity increased to 45% while basic Earnings Per Share - on enhanced share capital of Rs 17.9 billion clocked Rs 25.15 per share as compared to Rs 15.84 per share in 2021.

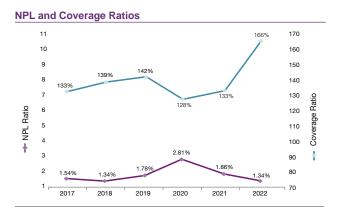
The Bank's net spread grew by 77% primarily due to strong balance sheet growth and higher underlying benchmark rates, complemented by a surge in average current account balance which enabled the Bank to achieve a healthy net spread. Fee, commission and other income, increased by 43% from the last year with a major rise in trade, branch banking, and debit card-related fee income. On an overall basis, the Bank's non-funded income recorded a growth of 28% totaling Rs 19 billion as compared to Rs 15 billion in 2021.

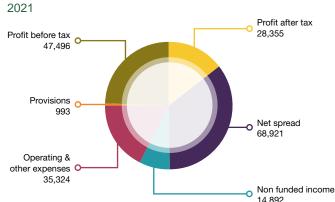
Operating and other expenses increased to Rs 48 billion from Rs 35.3 billion, primarily due to steep inflation, rupee devaluation, increase in costs associated with the opening of 60 new branches and investment in IT infrastructure. The Bank remained focused on cost optimisation by ensuring operational efficiencies and automation of processes to bring down its income efficiency ratio to a satisfactory level of 34% compared to 42% a year ago.

The total tax charge for the year, including super tax, increased to Rs 43.4 billion as compared to Rs 19.1 billion due to higher profitability and an increase in tax rates through Finance Act 2022. The effective tax rate of the Bank increased from 39% in 2021 to 49%. The Bank was able to maintain its Gross ADR at 50% plus levels which contributed to efficient tax management, as the Bank did not attract any ADR-related additional tax on its income from Federal Government Securities.









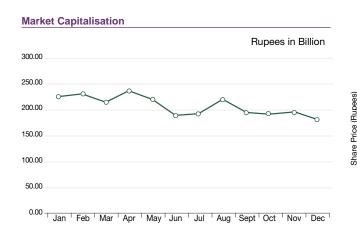
DuPont Analysis

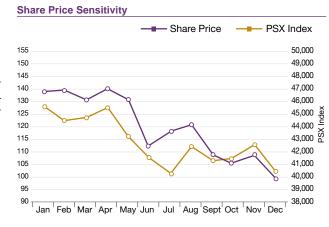
| Description | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Profit Margin - % | 17.9% | 22.7% | 19% | 14.7% | 16% | 14.3% |
| Asset turnover | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| Equity Multiplier - Times | 22.2 | 22 | 20.6 | 20.7 | 22.9 | 22.1 |
| ROE | 44.6% | 36.4% | 34.6% | 30.7% | 23.8% | 19.3% |

Following are the main DuPont analysis highlights:

- The Bank's profit margin depict a decline in 2022 owing to increase in tax rates
- The asset turnover has increased during the current year
- The equity multiplier is directly dependent on the Bank's equity in relation to total assets
- The Bank's Return on Equity is dependent on above mentioned three factors

Market Statistics of Meezan Bank's Share during 2022





| | | Share Price | | Daily | Number of | Market Capitalisation | | |
|----------------|--------|-------------|--------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|------------|--|
| | High | Low Closing | | average volume | trading days | Share Capital | Value | |
| | | Rupees | | - | | • | in Million | |
| Fourth Quarter | 117.97 | 98.20 | 99.54 | 871,075 | 64 | 17,896 | 178,139 | |
| Third Quarter | 138.90 | 108.90 | 109.75 | 1,039,184 | 61 | 17,896 | 196,411 | |
| Second Quarter | 147.40 | 109.01 | 112.98 | 1,228,058 | 60 | 16,269 | 183,811 | |
| First Quarter | 148.07 | 123.15 | 130.96 | 646,505 | 63 | 16,269 | 213,063 | |

Below are the key factors that may influence the share price of the Bank:

- Bank's Performance
- Regulatory Changes specifically in Banking sector
- Changes in Macro Economic scenario of Pakistan
- Changes in Political Environment of Pakistan

ALLOCATION OF INCOME AND EXPENSES TO REMUNERATIVE DEPOSITORS' POOL

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| | Rupees | in '000 |
| Income from financing activities | 76,628,930 | 38,409,877 |
| Income from investments | 72,946,915 | 39,750,947 |
| Income from placements with financial institutions | 9,202,271 | 24,654,260 |
| Other income attributable to pools | 5,973,096 | 4,330,174 |
| Total Income | 164,751,212 | 107,145,258 |
| Less: Directly attributable charges to pools including takaful (Note) | (2,197,829) | (1,794,432) |
| Less: Profit on assets allocated to IERS and other special pools | (48,158,641) | (26,729,388) |
| Less: Profit share allocated to bank's equity and other pools in Mudarabah pools | (24,501,071) | (23,527,530) |
| Gross distributable Income | 89,893,671 | 55,093,908 |
| Mudarib (Bank) share of profit before hiba | 45,581,851 | 27,734,239 |
| Less: Hiba from Mudarib (Bank) share | (7,846,233) | (564,181) |
| Net Mudarib (Bank) Share of profit | 37,735,618 | 27,170,058 |
| Rab-ul-Maal share of profit | 52,158,053 | 27,923,850 |
| Rab-ul-Maal share of profit is distributed as follows: | | |
| Remunerative depositors' profit share in mudarabah pools | 52,158,053 | 27,923,850 |

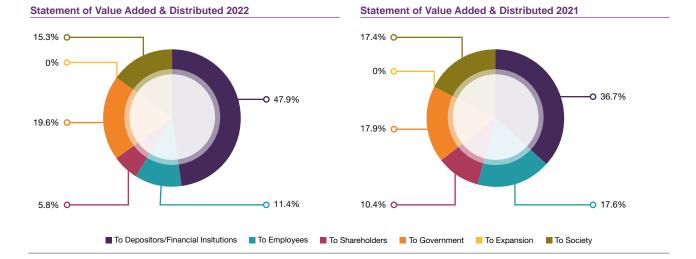
The Bank maintain following four remunerative general pools:

| | Income earned | Profit share allocated to bank's equity and other pools in mudarabah | Mudarib share of profit | Hiba from Mudarib (Bank) share | Net Mudarib (Bank) Share of profit | Remunerative depositors's share in Mudarabah pool |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | | pools | 2022 Bunasa i | | | • |
| Dunas danaska sal | 110 700 000 | 00 000 015 | Rupees ii | | 05 000 000 | F1 FC1 770 |
| Rupee deposit pool | 110,760,902 | 23,329,815 | 43,715,542 | 7,846,233 | 35,869,309 | 51,561,778 |
| Dollar deposit pool | 3,423,579 | 1,090,112 | 1,750,106 | - | 1,750,106 | 583,361 |
| Pound deposit pool | 158,838 | 59,207 | 89,665 | - | 89,665 | 9,966 |
| Euro deposit pool | Euro deposit pool 51,423 | | | - | 26,538 | 2,948 |
| | 114,394,742 | 24,501,071 | 45,581,851 | 7,846,233 | 37,735,618 | 52,158,053 |
| | | | 2021 Rupees ii | | | |
| Rupee deposit pool | 77,558,142 | 23,192,628 | 27,182,756 | 564,181 | 26,618,575 | 27,746,939 |
| Dollar deposit pool | 1,012,471 | 318,656 | 520,362 | - | 520,362 | 173,453 |
| Pound deposit pool | 37,280 | 9,865 | 24,673 | - | 24,673 | 2,742 |
| Euro deposit pool | 13,545 | 6,381 | 6,448 | - | 6,448 | 716 |
| | 78,621,438 | 23,527,530 | 27,734,239 | 564,181 | 27,170,058 | 27,923,850 |

Note: Administrative and operating expenses (including salaries and marketing costs) are paid by the Bank and not charged to the Depositors' pool as per the guidelines.

STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDED AND DISTRIBUTED

| | 2022 Rupees in '000 | % | 2021 Rupees in '000 | % |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Value Added | | | | |
| Profit / return on Islamic financings, investments and placements-net of provision | 227,944,571 | 98.8% | 109,079,717 | 97.4% |
| Fee and commission income | 13,316,054 | 5.8% | 9,352,808 | 8.3% |
| Dividend income | 987,533 | 0.4% | 1,192,467 | 1.1% |
| Foreign exchange income | 3,617,274 | 1.6% | 3,158,131 | 2.8% |
| Gain on securities and other income | 1,182,327 247,047,759 | 0.5% | 1,188,394 123,971,517 | 1.1% |
| Operating and other expenses excluding salaries, depreciation, amortisation and workers welfare fund | (16,381,620) | (7.1%) | (11,950,378) | (10.7%) |
| | 230,666,139 | 100% | 112,021,139 | 100% |
| Value allocated as follows: | | | | |
| To Depositors / Financial Institutions Profit on deposits and other dues expensed | 110,417,606 | 47.9% | 41,151,438 | 36.7% |
| To Employees Salaries, allowances & other benefits | 26,327,851 | 11.4% | 19,660,123 | 17.6% |
| To Shareholders Cash Dividend Bonus Shares | 11,713,905 1,626,931 13,340,836 | 5.1% 0.7% 5.8% | 9,514,013 2,122,084 11,636,097 | 8.5% 1.9% 10.4% |
| To Government Workers Welfare Fund Income tax | 1,910,344 43,378,218 45,288,562 | 0.8% 18.8% 19.6% | 939,869 19,140,588 20,080,457 | 0.8% 17.1% 17.9% |
| To Expansion Depreciation & Amortisation - owned assets Retained in business | 3,581,193 31,665,774 35,246,967 | 1.6% 13.7% 15.3% | 2,773,452 16,719,060 19,492,512 | 2.5% 14.9% 17.4% |
| To promote development and welfare of the society Donations | 44,317 230,666,139 | 100% | 512 112,021,139 | 100% |



HOW WE DISTRIBUTE THE VALUE CREATED

In fulfilling our promise to our stakeholders, Meezan Bank distributes the value created in relevant and meaningful ways - and for some stakeholders, beyond financial means. Stakeholders receive intangible benefits ranging from employee upskilling programmes to diverse avenues of alternate Shariah-compliant investments & financings, in our effort to 'Establish Islamic banking as banking of first choice...'



Economy

19.6%

Rs 45,289 Million

A total of Rs 45,289 Mn in Income Tax & Workers Welfare Fund to the Govt., contributing to the development of the country's economy.

Shareholders

5.8%

Rs 13,341 Mn

We rewarded our equity shareholders with a cash dividend of Rs 8.50 (85%) per share and bonus shares at 10%.

Expansion

15.3%

Rs 35,247 Mn

Depreciation & amortization - owned assets retained in business.

Depositors/Financial Institutions 47.9%

Rs 110,418 Mn

Profit paid to depositors and financial institutions.

Society

Rs 44 Mn

Donations to promote development and welfare of the society.

Employees

11.4%

Rs 26,327 Mn

Salaries, allowances & other benefits to the Bank's employees amounted to Rs 26,327 Mn.

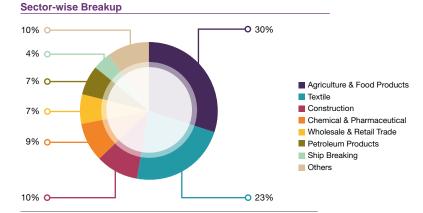
STATEMENT OF INVENTORY

Meezan Bank Limited provides financing through various sale-based modes including Murabaha, Musawamah, Istisna, Tijarah, Salam, etc. Under these modes, the Bank either purchases the goods or gets them manufactured. Meezan Bank being a premier Islamic bank, has a diversified portflio, well spread amongst sectors such as Pharmaceutical, Agriculture, Textile and Ship-Breaking, etc. Furthermore, Meezan Bank is continuously exploring new and untapped sectors of the economy in order to enhance its portfolio.

Islamic banks have expertise in products based on real assets and are involved in the process of trading, renting and construction contracts using various Islamic modes of financing that are based on risk sharing, owning and handling of physical goods, and participation on profit and loss basis. It also demonstrates the exposure that the Bank takes in different sectors.

The goods lying unsold at the date of the financial statements are carried as inventory in the financial statements of the Bank. The sector wise detail of inventory held by the Bank as at December 31, 2022 is as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|-----------------------------|--|------------|------------|
| Sector | Nature of Inventory | Rs in '000 | Rs in '000 |
| Agriculture & Food Products | Corn, Sugar, Soybean, Ghee, Canola, Rice (Grain, Paddy), Wheat, Syrups, Oil Cake, Edible Oil, Meat, Seed, Flour | 13,043,810 | 10,365,216 |
| Textile | Cotton (Raw Cotton, Bales, Fabric, Yarn), Bed Sheets, Garments, Home Textile Products (Towels, Pillow Covers, etc) | 10,050,336 | 8,863,254 |
| Ship Breaking | Ship Scrap | 4,207,910 | 4,526,344 |
| Chemical & Pharmaceutical | Chemicals, Medicines, Paints, Fertilizer, Polymers | 3,886,820 | 4,053,760 |
| Construction | Iron & Steel, Sanitary items & Fittings, Pipes, Cement Bags, Construction Equipment | 3,151,229 | 2,822,306 |
| Wholesale & Retail Trade | Rock Phosphate, Coal, Caps and Corks, Confectionary Items, Medical Machinery | 3,000,000 | 2,698,779 |
| Petroleum Products | High Speed Diesel, Low Sulphur Furnace Fuel Oil, High Sulphur Furnace Fuel Oil, Premium Motor Gasoline | 1,878,835 | 299,953 |
| Others | Poultry Feed, Float Glass, Copper Wire, Bottle Caps, Battery Lead Panels, Electronic Components, Sport Goods, Cars, ATM Machines, Fans, Furniture, Foam, Fiber, Auto Spare, Tractors, Cleaning Products, Finished Leather, Hardware Parts, Paper, Plastic Products, Packaging & Material (Chip Boards, Glass Vials, Glass Bottles) | 4,626,294 | 6,696,526 |
| Grand Total | | 43,845,234 | 40,326,138 |



STATEMENT OF FINANCING PORTFOLIO INCOME

Meezan Bank provides financing to its Corporate, Commercial, SME, Agriculture and Consumer banking customers using a variety of Shariah-compliant modes of financing. The below mentioned matrix shows the percentage of income earned on different financing modes, and depicts a well balanced and diversified financing portfolio of the Bank.

The diversification has been achieved by using arrangements based on trade, rent, joint ownership, profit / loss partnership and agency, to suitably meet the needs of customers and provide a halal return.

| , | 00 | 100 | 2021 | Rs in Million |
|---------------------------|--------|-------|-------------|---------------|
| Islamic mode of financing | Amount |)22 % | Amount 2021 | % |
| Running Musharakah | 24,652 | 27.5% | 9,123 | 21% |
| Diminishing Musharakah | 24,563 | 27.4% | 12,297 | 28.4% |
| Istisna | 8,110 | 9.0% | 3,719 | 8.6% |
| ljarah | 7,038 | 7.8% | 5,561 | 12.9% |
| Murabaha | 6,148 | 6.9% | 2,665 | 6.2% |
| Musawamah | 4,916 | 5.5% | 3,394 | 7.8% |
| Wakalah | 4,002 | 4.5% | 3,051 | 7% |
| Salam | 1,699 | 1.9% | 635 | 1.5% |
| Tijarah | 1,412 | 1.6% | 713 | 1.7% |
| Others | 7,194 | 7.9% | 2,173 | 4.9% |
| Total | 89,734 | 100% | 43,331 | 100% |

A PRODUCT MATRIX THAT DISTINGUISHES US

Meezan Bank has a unique business model that is based on trade. All our products and services are application of any of the various trade transactions that are permissible in Shariah, such as sale, rent, partnership. Based on these modes of trade, Meezan Bank's product and services can be categorized in the following broad categories.

SALE-BASED

Murabaha & Musawammah – Murabaha is a sale transaction where the seller discloses the cost and profit to the buyer at the time of execution of sale. Musawammah is a sale transaction where cost and profit is not disclosed at the time of sale.

- Customer Needs asset-based working capital requirement (e.g. raw material & inventory), Import Financing
- Key Features short-term facility, bank sells required asset on deferred or spot payment
- Variants Murabaha/Musawammah FIM (Finance Against Imported Merchandize), Murabaha/Musawammah FIM Spot, Murabaha against Export Usance Bill, Musawammah against Sight LC, etc.

Tijarah – working capital solution where customers sell their inventory on spot basis to Bank to get funds required for operations. Later the inventory is sold by the Bank in the market.

Istisna – A working capital solution for manufactures where Bank orders its customer to manufacture and deliver certain specific asset against spot/deferred payment.

Commodity Salam – A working capital solution where homogenous commodities like sugar, wheat, rice are purchased from customers by the Bank against advance payment and deferred delivery.

PARTNERSHIP-BASED

Running Musharakah – Shirkatul-aqd based financing facility offered to the customers where the Bank participates in the operating activities of the customer and shares profit and loss as per the actual performance of the business. It can be used by both service sectors and manufacturing sectors in meeting their day-to-day financing requirements.

RENT-BASED

Ijarah – technically means to give something on rent. The Bank acquires the asset required by the customer and then leases it to the customer for a fixed period

- Customer Needs fixed asset financing (e.g., plant, machinery, generators, equipment, vehicles, etc).
- Key Features Long-term facility

Diminishing Musharakah – Bank and the customer jointly purchase an asset and create joint ownership in the asset. The Bank then leases its share in the asset to the customer while the customer purchases units of ownership in the asset from the Bank at periodic intervals. Upon purchase of all the units, the customer becomes the owner of the asset

- Customer Needs fixed asset financing (e.g., land, house, factory, building, equipment, etc.)
- Key Features medium & long-term facility.

SERVICE-BASED

Letter of Credit Services – In order to facilitate imports of customers, Meezan Bank offers letter of credit establishment services on Wakalah basis.

Hedging Facilities – In order to hedge the risk of foreign currency price fluctuations, Meezan Bank offers a Shariah-compliant hedging facility on the basis of Wa'ad.

Guarantee Services – In order to facilitate trade, Meezan Bank offers Shariah-compliant guarantee facility to its customers where the Bank provides different types of payment and performance guarantees on behalf of the customer.



Strategy & Resource Allocation

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Meezan Bank's strategic focus is geared towards producing optimum performance in the present as well as readying the organization for the future. A primary strategic objective is to retain the trust of our customers by offering apt financial products and, increasingly important for today's competitive landscape, premium customer service round-the-clock. Meezan Bank optimizes its financial earnings by keeping a keen eye on micro and macroeconomic conditions, the various emerging trends in the financial market, as well as business opportunities which may be nurtured over time to provide benefit later. The focus, hence, is optimizing for the long run, and developing business relationships in all sectors that are resilient to market shocks.

The Bank also appreciates the increasingly important role technology is playing in finance and banking, and sizeable investments are being made in IT infrastructure as well as human resources to aid the organization in riding the wave.

With its focus on formulation and precise execution of strategy, Meezan Bank has identified several key metrics against which the organization routinely benchmarks its own performance. Ongoing detailed discussions on these metrics force Meezan Bank to compare each aspect of its organizational life against the very best, and is a constant motivator for pursuing excellence for the organization. This also allows Meezan Bank to recalibrate its efforts wherever required, redeploy resources, and generally respond to any market dynamic having an impact on the business. Likewise, Meezan Bank weighs all business decisions against its Vision, Mission and Core Values, and reaffirms its commitment to these enshrined statements of intent each step of the way.

LONG TERM **OBJECTIVES**

Establish Islamic banking as banking of first choice...

Protect and augment Meezan Bank's brand by maintaining its Core Values of Shariah-compliance, Integrity and Service Excellence

MEDIUM TERM OBJECTIVES

Establish itself as the best customer franchise by offering innovative, value-added services

Collaborate with educational institutes to nurture Islamic bankers

SHORT TERM **OBJECTIVES**

Provide financial solutions to fulfill needs and expectations of an increasingly technology-oriented customer base

Ensure consistent profitability to exceed shareholder and market expectations

STRATEGIES IN PLACE

Meezan Bank seeks to entrench its mutually beneficial relationship with all customer segments, and hence focuses on increased cross-selling and more meaningful management. This is done traditionally as well as digitally, as digital banking has announced itself less as a disruptor and more as a harbinger of opportunities. Meezan Bank has invested heavily in digital platforms which allows us to serve customers better, more conveniently and accurately. With digital banking, both product development and service delivery have come to the forefront as the real differentiators between the good and the great. Meezan Bank strives to provide digital services in an increasingly digital world by looking at what the most dynamic and purposeful clientele of the Bank could wish for.

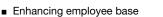
Meezan Bank will continue to lend judiciously while maintaining a good asset-to-deposit ratio. The organization has worked incredibly hard in cultivating progressive relationships with business entities in various sectors and industries, and sees itself as a partner to their commercial activities.

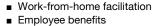
Meezan Bank continues to work towards establishing Islamic banking as banking of first choice. The Bank routinely conducts awareness sessions on Islamic banking throughout Pakistan, engaging audiences from all professions and age groups. Meezan Bank's efforts are quite evident from the growing Islamic banking market and increased demand towards Islamic banking products.



RESOURCE ALLOCATION

Human Capital







Manufactured Capital



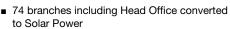
- 1,061 Biometric & Cardless services enabled ATMs
- Call Centres, Premium Banking and Consumer Finance Centres
- State-of-the-art Data Centres
- 38.6% share of e-commerce spend on debit cards in industrv*
- Deployment of over 10,000 POS machines nationwide in the launch year and tapped over 250 cities across the country

Financial Capital

- Rs 45,007 million net profit
- Rs 115,321 million total equity



Natural Capital



■ Cumulative solar capacity in FY22: 1.3 MW

Intellectual Capital

- Highest-rated Mobile App on Google Playstore & Apple App Store
- Highest Debit Card Spend in the Industry
- Largest E-commerce Share

Social and Relational Capital



- CSR initiatives executed through public-private partnerships
- Multiple Security Awareness & Financial Literacy Campaigns for customers
- 24.7 million awareness SMS sent in 14 different awareness campaigns to customers
- First dedicated Islamic Banking Youtube Channel in the country

*State Bank of Pakistan Report FY22

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND FUTURE RELEVANCE

Meezan Bank tracks its Key Performance Indicators at multiple levels so that smart business decisions may be made regarding all current and future projects.

| Category | Initiative | KPIs | Future Relevance |
|--|--|---|---------------------|
| Maintain growth momentum and ensure profitability | Maintain upward trajectory in terms of deposits and quality financing portfolio; optimize returns on equity and assets, and maximize the impact of each rupee invested | ROA ROE NFI CASA mix Deposits in PKR Financing mix ADR NPL | √ |
| Increase brand value, customer confidence and customer services | Ensure meaningful interaction with all business segments; protect and augment the organization's brand value by adhering to its lofty Shariah-compliance and customer care standards | Brand Equity IndexNPS | ✓ |
| Enhance interdepartmental coordination and controls | Enhance internal synergies and cross-functional coordination for increased efficiencies, ultimately enjoyed by customers as superior customer care | Error rateSurveysProcess flows reviewed / automated | ✓ |
| Enrich human and organizational capital | Empower, train and retain employees; provide a learning yet challenging environment for a rich career path | Retention rateEmployeeSatisfactionSurvey | ✓ |

COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE AND MARKET POSITIONING

Meezan Bank is part of a very competitive landscape, and the smallest macroeconomic adjustments or subtle microeconomic shifts can have immense bearing on the Bank's operations and profitability. Meezan Bank keeps a keen eye on these variables and strives to respond with alacrity.





RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Bank manages its risks through a framework of sound risk management principles which includes identification of potential risks, establishment of risk tolerance and control limits, assessment of the impact of potential risks and formulation of policies, procedures and strategies to mitigate risks to the Bank while ensuring continuous monitoring and reporting to stakeholders as well. While the Board provides policy framework and sets strategic direction, the Bank's management is required to formulate procedures, establish organizational structure, introduce systems and monitoring tools to ensure their implementation.

The Board has constituted a Board Risk Management Committee, comprising Board members with well-defined terms of reference. The Board of Directors have also constituted a Board IT Committee which, amongst other IT and Digital Banking related matters, ensures that cyber security risk management strategies are designed and implemented. The Bank's risk governance is mainly exercised through the following management committees:

- Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC)
- Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO)
- Compliance & Operational Risk Management Committee (CORMC)
- Business Continuity Steering Committee (BCSC)
- IT Steering Committee (ITSC)
- Service Board

The CRMC ensures that credit risk activities of the Bank fall within the ambit of approved policies, regulatory requirements and risk appetite thresholds. CRMC also provides support and guidance to business units in managing their portfolio with a prudent approach. ALCO reviews market and liquidity risk exposures, assets and liabilities mix, maturity profile, repricing gaps and sets pricing and takes decisions for sound liquidity management. The CORMC focuses on issues arising from compliance risk along with operational risk, Shariah Non-compliance Risk and control issues. The BCSC ensures that adequate business continuity/ disaster recovery plans are prepared, tested and decision making authority in the event of a crisis is clearly defined. ITSC is responsible for assisting the Senior Management in implementing IT and digital strategies approved by the Board of Directors and for playing an advisory role to the Senior Management in all technology-related matters. It is responsible for reviewing significant incidents, major risks and breaches submitted by Information Security. The purpose of the Service Board is to oversee and monitor performance of all relevant departments involved directly or indirectly in delivering customer experience and providing services to external as well as internal customers of the Bank.

Meezan Bank has a 'Three Lines of Defense' model for risk management with clearly defined roles and responsibilities that are at the core of the Bank's operations:

First Line of Defense

Business Units & Support Groups



Primarily responsible for risk identification and management in their respective fields of operations by ensuring compliance to all policies, procedures and regulations.

Second Line of Defense

Risk Management, Compliance & Other Control Functions



Establishing risk management standards/policies/frameworks and providing assurance on policy implementation and quality of

Third Line of Defense

Internal Audit. Shariah **Audit & Business Review Functions**



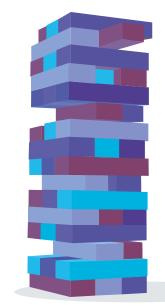
Provide independent assurance and assessment on adequacy of Bank's internal controls.

Meezan Bank has been designated as Sample Domestic Systemically Important Bank (D-SIB) by State Bank of Pakistan for 2022-2023, after being identified as Designated D-SIB for last year. However, the Bank as sample D-SIB requires to hold an additional 0.5% capital, over and above minimum capital adequacy ratio prescribed by the regulator. The Bank has a comprehensive Recovery Plan in place for

dealing with various crisis scenarios along with early warning signals and appropriate remedial actions during crises. The Bank has in place Board approved Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process and Risk Appetite Statement which is regularly reviewed and updated. The Bank has been continuously improving upon its stress testing framework to capture the impact of various shocks on the Bank's business portfolio, capital adequacy, liquidity and profitability. Moreover, Macro Stress Testing scenarios have also been developed to monitor the impact of change in macro-economic variables on the financial position of the Bank.

Risk Management Group (RMG) is mandated to implement this framework as a function, independent of commercial lines of business. RMG continued its efforts mainly focusing on improving policies and procedures, limit structuring and strengthening systems and controls. Under RMG, the credit risk function caters to corporate, investment banking, commercial & SME, agriculture, supply chain and consumer business segments. The Bank has in place automated financing approval system for corporate, commercial, SME, agriculture, and supply chain customers that has brought significant improvements in customer facilitation. Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) under RMG caters to market, liquidity, financial institutions, country, operational and business continuity risks. ERM function also deals with Basel, Capital Strategy Formulation & IFRS-9 implementation and development of risk related policy framework.

The Bank recognizes the importance of environmental, sustainability, compliance, reputational, strategic and information security risks as distinct types of risks and continuously improves upon to cater to these risks. Shariah Non-compliance Risk management principles and practices are also at the heart of business practices of the Bank.



RISK AND OPPORTUNITY REPORT

Risk assessment, management and oversight is a continuous activity at Meezan Bank. Based on the internal and external environment, the Bank's Governance works to identify and mitigate risks to formulate a strategy that is both risk-responsive and opportunity-aware.

Key Sources of Uncertainty

Banks are typically exposed to risks including but not limited to credit, market, concentration, liquidity, operational, information security/cyber security, regulatory, reputational, strategic as well as Shariah non-compliance risks and with Meezan Bank being the largest Islamic bank of the country, it is fully aware of the importance and implication of Shariah non-compliance risk on its business and strategy.

Year 2022 was a challenging year due to severe economic challenges including repayment of external debt, depleting FX reserves, rising interest rates and supply chain disruptions in the last quarter of the year. The challenges were exacerbated by floods in the country during the second half of the year.

Despite economic challenges, Meezan Bank continued its journey towards growth by increasing its deposit and financing base in selected sectors of the economy with prudent selection of customers, keeping in view the current economic environment, along with the growth in its branch network nationwide. Moreover, the Bank continued its role as an active

Types of Risks faced by the Bank Shariah **Cyber Information** non-compliance Security risk risk Credit risk Market risk Liquidity risk Operational risk

player in increasing Roshan Digital Accounts deposit base. Continuous flow of GoP Ijarah Sukuk remained an element of relief to the Islamic banks in managing their excess liquidity.

Year 2023 is expected to be challenging as well. The management of fiscal account, external funding, higher inflation, FX reserve position and exchange rate coupled with rehabilitation of flood-affected areas, will be the key determinants for the economy of Pakistan and banking sector. Higher policy rate and economic slowdown may also increase the credit risk and weaken demand for financing and supply chain disruptions will put further stress on the economy.

Statement of Board of Directors on Risk Assessment

The Board of Directors and its subcommittees comprising of Board members thoroughly assessed all principal risks including but not limited to credit, market, operational, liquidity, information security, solvency and compliance risks through various reports including early warning indicators to ensure that the Bank has in place necessary policies, procedures, systems and controls to mitigate risks that may affect its business objectives, performance, financial viability and sustainability.

Materiality Approach

The Bank gives due consideration to materiality concept while managing its risks. Resources are deployed efficiently in medium to high risk areas while minor risks are typically managed through transfer and outsourcing arrangements. The Bank manages all its core operations on its own. Regulatory and Shariah-compliance is at the heart of the Bank's materiality approach while managing existing operations and taking new initiatives.

Meezan Bank will continue its journey of growth by exploring opportunities to achieve its strategic objectives, while ensuring effective risk mitigants and controls in place, Insha'Allah.

BUSINESS CONTINUITY MANAGEMENT

The Bank's Business Continuity Plans are developed in a way that enable management of the impact of any significant disruptions and ensure uninterrupted operations. The Bank has implemented well-defined, approved plans, effective decision-making processes, outlined description of distressed scenarios and roles and responsibilities of various functions, so as to ensure coordinated efforts among stakeholders and operational continuity in case of any disruption. Simultaneously, the Bank has also been able to leverage on its technology infrastructure and improve upon its IT Disaster Recovery Set-up, to develop the right contingency plans and mitigating actions beforehand.

The Business Continuity Management (BCM) framework at the Bank facilitates the continuance of business activities and safeguards the interests of the Bank's key stakeholders in the event of crisis situations by ensuring appropriate availability of systems. The implementation of the BCM Framework ensures safety of human resources, protection of critical assets and resumption of mission critical activities from alternate processing site(s) in case the primary site(s) are not accessible or available. At Meezan Bank, the first priority is always to ensure the safety of human life in case of any disaster.

The recent floods wreaked havoc in various parts of Pakistan. In such challenging times, Meezan Bank, through effective BCP structure, ensured continued banking services in flood-affected areas. Meezan Bank's ADC channels, strong IT support and Alternative Processing Sites arrangements enabled continued services to its valued customers.

RESPONDING TO CRITICAL CHALLENGES

Global economic situation and geopolitical turmoil, mainly Russia and Ukraine War has resulted in massive commodity price volatility, creating economic challenges world-wide. The global economic conditions have impacted Pakistan adversely. Higher profit benchmark rates, coupled with economic slowdown and supply chain disruptions, and high rate of inflation will result in adverse impact on paying capacity of financing customers which may translate into high-risk of Non-Performing Financing. Higher rates will also result in adverse impact on carrying value of fixed income investments. Moreover, macroeconomic challenges including external debt concerns, depleting foreign currency reserves, adverse movement in exchange rate and political uncertainty remain key concerns for the banking industry. Additionally, the country experienced catastrophic floods during the second half of the year which would exacerbate economic challenges by putting further pressure on foreign currency reserves and inflation due to higher import bill for agriculture produce.

To maintain high level of assets quality, the Bank has equipped itself through robust risk assessment mechanism, effective portfolio management, limits structuring, four-eye financing approval mechanism, rapid portfolio review and post disbursement monitoring to minimize the level of its non-performing assets portfolio.

Considering the exponential growth in digital banking, the Bank has state-of-the-art digital platforms in place including mobile app and internet banking, enabling it to provide efficient platforms to customers for performing their banking transactions hassle-free. Continuous growth of digital banking, has resulted in elevated cyber security risk for banks. To manage the associated risks, the Bank has an independent Information Security Department in place, manned with experienced and qualified resources. The Bank conducts regular cyber security reviews and penetration testing and awareness sessions for its staff.

Information Security Measures



Strengthened the Bank's Data Security Infrastructure



Ensured regular and consistent Cyber Security Reviews across the Bank

The Bank's strong focus on learning and development of its staff helps in ensuring their competitiveness and ability to face new challenges and uncertainties. The Bank has a competitive compensation plan and reward policy to ensure retention of existing staff and hire the best human resources from the industry.



MAKES US RIBA-FREE •

Islamic banks offer products that are fundamentally different from those offered by conventional banks. While the business model of conventional banks is simply lending funds on interest, the business model of Islamic banks involves direct participation in trade, real assets and partnership-based activities. Moreover, Islamic banks enter into multiple types of multiple trade-based relationships with the customer by virtue of the underlying contracts unlike conventional banks, where the only bank-customer relationship is of a lender and borrower.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees Chairman

Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees has been a Director of Meezan Bank since October, 2012. In addition to being the Chairman of the Board, he is also Chairman of the Human Resources, Remuneration & Compensation Committee and IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee of the Board and a member of the Information Technology Committee. Mr. Riyadh has also previously served as the Vice Chairman of Meezan Bank's Board. He holds a B.Sc. degree in Chemical Engineering from Newcastle Upon Tyne University, U.K., and M.Sc. in Chemical Engineering from Kuwait University. His skills and experience encompass a wide range of industries and various roles.

Current Directorships

- Deputy CEO, National Industries Group Holding Kuwait.
- Chairman, Meezan Bank Limited Pakistan.
- Board Member, Sahara International Petrochemical Company (SIPCHEM) - KSA.
- Chairman, Middle East Complex for Engineering, Electronics and Heavy Industries Company - Jordan
- Chairman & CEO, Ikarus Petroleum Industries Company Kuwait.
- Board Member, Privatization Holding Company Kuwait.
- Board Member, Noor Financial Investment Company Kuwait.
- Chairman, IT Partners Information Technology Company Kuwait.
- Board Member, Combined National Industries Holding Company for Energy - Kuwait.
- Board Member, Al Durra National Real Estate Company Kuwait.
- Chairman & CEO, Gas & Oil Fields Services Company Kuwait.

Other Recent Offices held

- Vice Chairman, Airport International Group Company Jordan.
- Board member, Kuwait Rock Company Kuwait.
- Vice Chairman, Eastern United Petroleum Services Company Kuwait.
- Kuwait Ceramic Company Kuwait.
- Director at Sajaa Gas Private Limited Company UAE.
- United Gas Transmissions Company Limited Company UAE.
- Advisory Board Member, Markaz Energy Fund Kuwait.
- Chairman at K-Electric Company Pakistan.
- Board Member in Investment Committee of Bunyah Fund of the Kuwait Investment Company - Bahrain.
- Advisory Board Member, Cleantech I & II Zouk Venture Limited - U.K.

Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar Non-Executive Director

Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar has been a Director of Meezan Bank since March, 2015. He is Vice Chairman of the Board and Chairman of the Risk Management Committee as well as a member of the Audit Committee and Information Technology Committee of the Board. Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar has a Bachelor's degree in Accounting and Finance from Kuwait University and has held many senior management positions in the finance industry including Corporate Affairs Executive Manager at National Industries Group Holding Co., Auditor for government agencies in Kuwait Bureau of Accountancy and Head of Taxation Department, Ministry of Finance, Kuwait.

Current Directorships

- Deputy CEO, Finance and Administration, National Industries Group Holding Company - Kuwait
- Board Member, Al Durra National Real Estate Company Kuwait
- Chairman and Director, Noor Al Salhia Real Estate Kuwait
- Director, Noor Financial Investment Company Kuwait
- Member Audit Committee, Noor Financial Investment General Manager, IKARUS Real Estate UAE Company - Kuwait
- Member Risk Management Committee, Noor Financial Investment Company - Kuwait
- Member Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Noor Financial Investment Company - Kuwait
- Director, Proclad Group Limited UAE
- Director, Proclad International Investment Limited UAE
- Chairman of Audit and Risk Committee, Proclad Group Limited - UAE

- Chairman, Shorfat Al Safwa KSA
- Chairman, Durrat Al Shameya Investment KSA
- Vice Chairman, Abu Dhabi Marina Real Estate Investment UAE
- Director and Chairman Audit Committee. Abu Dhabi Marina Real Estate Investment - UAE
- Executive Committee Member, ARADI Abu Dhabi Investment -
- Board Member, Hotels Global Group Jordan
- Board Member, Al Ruwad Company Kuwait
- Vice Chairman & CEO, Al Manor Financing & Leasing Kuwait
- Chairman of Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Al Manor Financing & Leasing - Kuwait

Other Recent Offices held

- Vice Chairman, Al Salboukh Trading Company
- Chairman, Noor Telecommunication Company (Noortel), Kuwait
- Board Member, Arabic Investment Group (Egypt)

Mr. Bader H.A.M.A Al Rabiah Non-Executive Director

Mr. Bader H.A.M.A. Al Rabiah has been a Director of Meezan Bank since November, 2015. He is also a member of the Risk Management Committee of the Board.

Mr. Bader H.A.M.A. Al Rabiah has a strong academic background

in accounting and a focused experience in investments honed over the past 19 years. He was involved in establishing the Real Estate Investment Department at Noor Financial Investment Company and served as the Chairman at Arab Investment, Real Estate and Agricultural Development Group, Egypt.

Current Directorships

- Director, Savola Group KSA
- Director, Midchem Company KSA
- Director, Noor Financial Investment Company Kuwait
- Member Audit Committee, Noor Financial Investment Company - Kuwait
- Chairman Risk Management Committee, Noor Financial Investment Company - Kuwait
- Director, Palms Agro Production Company Kuwait
- Chairman, Al-Durra National Real Estate Company Kuwait
- Vice Chairman & CEO Noor Al Salhiya Real Estate Company -
- Board Member, International Hotels Group Jordan
- Director, Ikarus Real Estate (W.L.L.) UAE

Mr. Mubashar Maqbool Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mubashar Magbool has been a Director of Meezan Bank since October, 2019. He is also a member of the Risk Management Committee and Audit Committee as well as Chairman Information Technology Committee of the Board.

Mr. Mubashar Maqbool holds an MBA degree in Finance and International Business from University of Miami, U.S.A. and another MBA in Finance from Quaid-e-Azam University, Pakistan. He has a long, diversified and successful track record in Corporate Banking, Corporate Finance, Project Financing, Commercial Banking, SME Banking as well as General Management. In a career spanning over thirty years, he has held senior positions in renowned local and multinational organizations like Citigroup, Samba Financial Group, Habib Bank Limited, etc. both in Pakistan and abroad.

Mr. Maqbool started his banking career with Citibank Pakistan where he held various positions in Corporate Banking Group. In 1997, he was transferred to Saudi American Bank (Samba), Saudi Arabia. He was Division Head, Corporate Banking in Samba Bank till 2004. Mr. Mubashar joined Habib Bank Limited in 2004 and held various senior positions there including Corporate Head -Central, Group Head - Commercial Banking & Retail Lending, Group Head - Commercial Banking and Country Manager / CEO, HBL - UAE. He also represented HBL on the Board of Pakistan Agricultural Storage and Services Corporation (PASSCO).

Current Directorships

 Managing Director, Pak Kuwait Investment Company (Private) Limited

- Al Meezan Investment Management Limited
- National Clearing Company Pakistan Limited

Mr. Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini Non-Executive Director

Mr. Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini joined the Board of Directors of Meezan Bank in 2021. He is a member of IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee of the Board.

Mr. Al-Muzaini holds a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from Gulf University for Science and Technology and a PLD Harvard Business School Alumni. He has more than 16 years experience of working in Investments and Corporate Finance and has held various senior management positions.

Currently, he is working as Deputy Head of Debt Management Dept., with Ministry of Finance Debt Management Dept., Kuwait since 2018.

Other Recent Offices held

- Board Member in Arab Monetary Fund (AMF)
- Board Member in Arab Trade Financing Program (ATFP)
- Head of Investment in Commercial Bank of Kuwait
- Secretary to the Board in Commercial Bank of Kuwait
- Board Member in Al Mulla International Financing Company
- Board Member in Al Soor Financing Company (Al Mulla Group)
- Board Member in Al-Tijari For Investment Funds Company Kingdom of Bahrain
- Board Member in KIC Brokerage Company

Mr. Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani Non-Executive Director

Mr. Naveed Sherwani joined the Board of Directors of Meezan Bank in April, 2021. He has over 38 years of rich and diversified experience in Islamic and conventional banking of local and foreign banks. This includes working experience at the front end of Corporate, Commercial & SME segments and Enterprise Risk Management.

Mr. Naveed Sherwani has worked at various key senior roles during his association with different local and foreign banks, such as, Team Leader CIBG, Faysal Bank Limited; Country Head Risk Asset Review, Senior Credit Officer at Union Bank Limited/Standard Chartered Bank Pakistan Limited; Country Head Corporate Banking, Country Head Risk-SME/Commercial during two different stints with NIB Bank Limited; Head of Credits for Corporate & Investment Banking and Islamic Banking at Bank Alfalah Limited, Chief Risk Officer at Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited. Since 2016, he has been working with Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company Pvt. Limited (PKIC) as Chief Risk Officer. He has also represented PKIC as a Nominee Director on the Board of The General Tyre and Rubber Company of Pakistan Limited from October 2019 to September 2020.

Mr. Naveed Sherwani holds a Master's degree from Karachi University and has also attended various international and local trainings/seminars related with banking and management. Mr. Naveed Sherwani is a certified director from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).

Mr. Mohamed Guermazi Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mohamed Guermazi joined the Board of Directors of Meezan Bank in 2018. He is also a member of the Audit Committee of the Board. He is currently serving as Lead Awqaf Investment Specialist in the Islamic Development Bank (IsDB).

Mr. Guermazi is also serving as the Islamic Development Bank representative on the Board of Irada for Microfinance Company Ltd., which is part of the Bank of Khartoum Group in Sudan, and on the Board of the Waqf BID Guinée (WBG), a not-for-profit organization to support the development of the education and health sectors in Guinea.

Mr. Guermazi holds a Master's degree in Engineering from the National School of Bridges and Roads in Paris, France (Ecole Nationale des Ponts et Chaussées - Ponts ParisTech).

Before joining the IsDB in 2010, for over 15 years, he served as Director of Equities, Asset Management, Treasury, and Financial

Current Directorships

■ Board of the Waqf BID Guinee (WBG)

Markets at Banque de Tunisie, one of the most prominent private commercial banks in Tunisia. Besides his operational responsibilities within Banque de Tunisie, he also served as Chairman of the Société de Bourse de Tunisie, a subsidiary of the bank specializing in brokerage in securities, General Manager and Chairman of the Board of Placements de Tunisie, an affiliated investment company, Board Member and Chairman of the Audit Committee of Astrée Insurance company, Board Member of the Tunis Stock Exchange, as well as Board Member of several companies in which Banque de Tunisie holds a participation of reference.

Previously, Mr. Guermazi had also served as Deputy Managing Director of the Investment Loan Department at Banque de Tunisie, Project Officer at the Tunisian Qatari Bank for Investment, and Senior Engineer in charge of the budget and follow-up of the activity of the fertilizer plants at the Tunisian Chemical Group.

Irada for Microfinance Company Ltd.

Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem Independent Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem was re-elected as an Independent Director on the Board of Meezan Bank in November, 2021. He is the Chairman of Audit Committee and member of Human Resources Remuneration and Compensation Committee of the Board.

Previously, he had served as Director on Meezan Bank's Board from October, 2010 till November, 2018. He was Chairman of the Audit Committee as well as the Information Technology Committee of the Board during his last tenure. Besides Meezan Bank, Mr. Aleem currently is also a Director and Chairman, Audit Committee of the Engro Corporation Limited and Pakistan Refinery Limited.

Mr. Abdul Aleem is currently the CEO and Secretary General of Overseas Investors Chambers of Commerce & Industry (OICCI). He has worked in senior positions within both Exxon Chemicals and Engro Corporation, serving in both Singapore and Pakistan. Thereafter, he has worked with British American Tobacco Group UK (BAT) in Pakistan and overseas, where he ultimately served as CEO of BAT Operations in Cambodia, Mauritius, and Indian

Ocean territory. Since 2004, he has served in senior positions with large Government-owned organizations in Pakistan. His last assignment was as the Managing Director, Pakistan State Oil Company Ltd.

Mr. Abdul Aleem has in the past been a Director of Dawood Hercules Corporation, Pakistan Tobacco, LUMS, Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance and Chairman of Faysal Asset Management Company.

As a supporter of leading non-profit organizations in the field of education, Mr. Abdul Aleem is currently Vice Chairman of Professional Education Foundation and Chairman of Intellect School Governing Board.

Mohammad Abdul Aleem is a Fellow Chartered Accountant (Gold Medalist) and a Fellow Member of the Institute of Cost & Management Accountant. He has also attended extensive international management training programs at various institutes including Stanford University.

Current Directorships

- Engro Corporation Limited
- Pakistan Refinery Limited
- Professional Education Foundation

- Sharmeen Khan Memorial Foundation
- Overseas Investors Chamber of Commerce and Industry (OICCI)

Ms. Nausheen Ahmad Independent Director

Ms. Nausheen Ahmad joined the Board of Directors of Meezan Bank in April, 2019. She is also a member of the Human Resources, Remuneration & Compensation Committee of the

She holds an LL.B. from Kings College, London, an LL.M. degree from the University of London and a degree in the Philosophy of Religion from Kings College, London. She was called to the Bar from the Honorable Society of Grays Inn London and is registered as an Advocate of the Sindh High Court. She was also accredited as a mediator and master trainer by the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution, UK and recently completed a negotiation and conflict resolution course from Harvard Law School.

Having spent over three decades in the corporate sector, Ms. Ahmad brings with her a tremendous amount of experience and

expertise in the legal field, as well as proven leadership skills. She began her legal practice with the corporate law firm Surridge and Beecheno. Later, she went on to hold the position of Legal Counsel at Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. and Unilever Pakistan Ltd. She has also served with ICI Pakistan Ltd. and Habib Bank Limited as the Company Secretary and General Counsel.

Ms. Ahmad left inhouse legal practice in mid-2021 to establish a boutique law firm called the Legal and Governance Advisory to provide corporate governance advice and training to businesses. She is an executive trainer and teaches the Directors Certification Training with PICG and IBA. She also conducts diversity and inclusion training and conflict resolution and negotiation skills courses. Ms. Ahmad is part of the visiting faculty at KSBL and IOBM, Karachi.

Current Directorships

- International Steels Limited (ISL)
- Jubilee General Insurance Company Limited (JGICL)

Engro Powergen Qadirpur Limited

Descon Engineering Limited

Other Recent Offices held

- First Women Bank Limited (FWBL)
- Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX)

Altern Energy Limited

Mr. Yousef S. M. A. AlSaad Independent Director

Mr. Yousef Saad AlSaad joined the Board of Directors of Meezan Bank as an Independent Director in November, 2021. He is a member of Risk Management Committee of the Board.

He holds a Bachelor's in Finance and Financial Institutions from Kuwait University, College of Business Administration. He is also a Certified Credit Management professional from IFS School of Finance, UK.

Mr. AlSaad has completed various local and international training courses from institutes including Harvard Kennedy School, SCOR Global P&C, J.P. Morgan and Chase & Co., Wellington Institute and The Blackstone Group.

He brings over fourteen years of investment and finance expertise, having held several key management positions over the span of his career, including prior entrepreneurial experience in various areas.

Current Directorships

- Board Member & CEO Al Ahleia Insurance Company (S.A.K.P.) Kuwait
- Board Member Kuwait Reinsurance Company (K.S.C.P.)
- Chairman Al Etihad Co-operative Insurance (P.L.C) K.S.A
- Vice Chairman and Managing Director Trade Union Holding Company - Bahrain

Mr. Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Mr. Irfan Siddiqui is the Founding President and CEO of Meezan Bank. He is also a member of the Information Technology Committee and of the IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee of the Board. Having articled with Coopers & Lybrand, London from 1975 - 1979, Mr. Siddigui qualified as a Chartered Accountant from the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He has held several senior management

positions including Chief Executive Officer at Al Meezan Investment Bank Limited, General Manager at Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company, Chairman, Al Meezan Investment Management, Advisor to the Managing Director at Kuwait Investment Authority, Manager Finance and Operations at Abu Dhabi Investment Company and Senior Business Analyst at Exxon Chemical (Pakistan) Ltd.

Current Directorships

- Member of Board of Trustees, Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), Bahrain
- Member Steering Committee for providing strategic guidance regarding implementation of Federal Shariat Court (FSC)'s judgement on Riba
- Member of Government of Pakistan's sub-committee on awareness, training and capacity building for Promotion of Islamic Banking in Pakistan
- Member of IBA Centre of Excellence in Islamic Finance, (CEIF), **Board of Management**
- Council Member, Institute of Bankers Pakistan (IBP)
- Chairman, Institute of Bankers Pakistan (IBP) HR Committee

- Member of Steering Committee of Housing & Construction
- Chairman of Steering Committee on Media Campaign for Improving Islamic Finance Literacy
- Member of State Bank of Pakistan, Electronic Warehouse Receipt Financing Implementation Task Force (ETF)
- Member of Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Capital Market Advisory Council
- Member of Ministry of Finance Steering Committee for Establishment of Hajj Fund
- Member of AKU Corporate Committee for University Advancement

Other Recent Offices held

- President of the Overseas Investors Chamber of Commerce and Industry
- Member of Managing Committee, Overseas Investors Chamber of Commerce and Industry
- Member of Government of Pakistan Steering Committee for 'Promotion of Islamic Banking in Pakistan' (2013 - 2016)

SHARIAH BOARD

Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani Chairman - Shariah Board

Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani is a renowned figure in the field of Shariah, particularly in Islamic finance. He currently holds advisory positions in a number of financial institutions practicing Islamic banking and finance. He has vast experience in Islamic Shariah, teaching various subjects on Islam for more than 50 years. He has served as a Judge in the Shariat Appellate Bench, Supreme Court of Pakistan from 1982 to 2002. He is also a permanent member of the International Islamic Fiqh Academy, an organ of OIC based in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia. He has served as the Vice Chairman of the above mentioned Academy for nine years.

He is generally known as one of the leading Shariah scholars active in the field of Islamic finance. For more than a decade he has served as Chairman or Member of Shariah Supervisory Boards of a dozen Islamic banks and financial institutions in various parts of the world. He presently serves as Chairman of the International Shariah Council for the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI) in Bahrain. He has held many positions in the higher echelons of the education sector of Pakistan and has participated in numerous commissions set up by the Government of Pakistan in the field of education and economics. Since 1967, he has been the Chief

Editor of the monthly Urdu-language magazine 'Albalagh' and since 1990, he has been Chief Editor of the monthly English-language magazine 'Albalagh International'. He has also contributed articles to leading Pakistani newspapers on a range of issues. He has authored more than 60 books in Arabic, English and Urdu.

Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani graduated from Punjab University, Pakistan in 1970 and also holds an LL.B. from Karachi University, Pakistan. Prior to these, he completed the Takhassus course, which is the specialization course of Islamic Figh and Fatwa (Islamic Jurisprudence) from Jamia Darul Uloom Karachi, Pakistan. In March 2004, His Highness Sheikh Mohammad Bin Rashid Al Maktoum (Dubai Crown Prince and UAE Minister of Defense) presented a special award to Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani in recognition of his lifetime service and achievement in Islamic finance at the occasion of International Islamic Finance Forum, Dubai, which is one of the biggest events in the Islamic finance industry.

Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Tagi Usmani is the Chairman of Meezan Bank's Shariah Board since inception of Meezan Bank.

Current Board Memberships

- Vice President and Shaikul-Hadith, Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi
- President Wifag ul Madaris, Pakistan
- Chairman International Shariah Standard Council set up by the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), Bahrain
- Permanent Member International Islamic Figh Academy, Jeddah, sponsored by OIC
- Member, Islamic Figh Academy of Rabita-al- 'Alam-e-Islami,
- Fellow of the Royal Al al-Bayt Academy, Jordan
- Chairman Centre for Islamic Economics Pakistan since 1991
- Chairman Shariah Board, Arif Habib Investments Pakistan International Islamic Fund, Karachi
- Chairman Unified Shariah Board Islamic Development Bank Group, Jeddah

- Member Shariah Board Guidance Financial Group, USA
- Chairman Shariah Board, IFSB, Malaysia

Awards Received

| 2020 |
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| 2019 |
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| 2010 |
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| 2004 |
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Dr. Muhammad Imran Ashraf Usmani Vice Chairman - Shariah Board

Dr. Mufti Muhammad Imran Ashraf Usmani, son of Justice (Retd.) Mufti Muhammad Taqi Usmani, graduated with specialisation in Islamic Figh (Islamic jurisprudence) from Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi, where he has been teaching Fiqh since 1990. He also holds an LL.B. and Ph.D. in Islamic finance. He is a member of the administration board of Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi.

Presently, Dr. Imran Usmani is the Vice Chairman of the Shariah Board at Meezan Bank and oversees research and product development of Islamic banking products, advisory for Shariah-compliant banking and supervision of Shariah Audit & Compliance. He is also the President and CEO of Usmani & Co. Pvt. Ltd. that provides full suite of Islamic finance consultancy, Shariah advisory and related ancillary services to local and international clients across all legal jurisdictions and financial and non-financial sectors. He is serving in ICFAL-Australia, The Zeal-Canada and USA, Astana International Financial Centre-Kazakhstan, Sarasin Bank Switzerland, Amanah Bank-SriLanka, Guidance Financial Group USA, Nafa Mutual Fund, Al Meezan Investment and other mutual and property funds, Takaful companies and international Sukuk, etc.

Dr. Imran Usmani has been engaged with the Government of Pakistan in various initiatives and is also a member of the Steering Committee and implementation committee for promotion of Islamic banking since 2013. He has served as an advisor/member

of Shariah Boards of several renowned institutions in various jurisdictions since 1997 including the State Bank of Pakistan, Takaful Pakistan Ltd., Pakistan Mercantile Association, HSBC-Amanah Finance, UBS-Switzerland, Lloyds TSB Bank-UK, Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JABIC), Credit Suisse Switzerland, Royal Bank of Scotland Global, Old Mutual Albarakah Equity & Balanced Funds South Africa, AIG Takaful, ACR ReTakaful Malaysia, Premier Takaful Pakistan, Capitas Group USA, Bank of London and Middle East Kuwait, BMI Bank Bahrain, Al Khaliji Bank Qatar, AIFA Amana Islamic Finance Australia, DCD Group Dubai, Acumen Fund, Swip Sicave Fund, Old Mutual AlBarakah fund and other mutual and property funds, Takaful companies and international Sukuk, etc.

He also is serving as an Executive Committee Member of AAOIFI (Dubai), Shariah Supervisory Board of International Islamic Financial Market (IIFM) Bahrain and Academic Board at Institute of Business Administration (IBA)-Centre for Excellence in Islamic Finance (CEIF), Karachi and Director at Centre for Islamic Economics (CIE), Hira Foundation School and Hira Institute of Emerging Sciences, Karachi. Dr. Usmani is the author of numerous publications related to Islamic Finance and other Shariah related subjects. He has presented papers in numerous national and international seminars and has delivered lectures at academic institutions including Harvard, LSE, LUMS and IBA.

Board Memberships

- CEO Greens Fin Innovations (Pvt) Ltd.
- CEO & Director Hira Foundation School
- Director Centre for Islamic Economics (CIE)
- Faculty Member Jamia Darul Uloom
- Research Faculty Member Department of Economics Karachi University
- President & Founder Trustee Ihsan Trust
- Academic Committee Chairman / Board Member / Faculty Member - Centre for Excellence In Islamic Finance (CEIF) at IBA
- Shariah Board Member Chairman Shariah Board NBP Fullerton Asset Management Company (NAFA)
- Shariah Board Member Al Meezan Mutual Funds

- Chairman Islamic Index Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX)
- Shariah Board Member AAOIFI Shariah Committee
- Shariah Advisor / Shariah Board Secretary Guidance Financial Group USA
- Shariah Board Member Sarasin Bank Switzerland
- Shariah Board Member AAOIFI Dubai
- Shariah Board Member International Islamic Financial Market Bahrain IIFM
- Board Member International Islamic Rating Agency Bahrain
- Chairman Shariah Supervisory Council Amanah Bank Sri Lanka
- President and CEO Usmani and Company PVT Ltd.
- President and CEO Usmani and Company Shariah Advisors

Sheikh Esam Mohamed Ishaq Board Member - Shariah Board

Sheikh Esam Mohamed Ishaq graduated from McGill University, Montreal, Canada. He was born in Bahrain and studied Shariah with a number of Sheikhs in the traditional manner.

He is a member of the High Council of Islamic Affairs of the Government of Bahrain and holds various Shariah positions in many social, commercial and educational institutions. Currently, he also teaches Figh, Aqeeda and Tafseer courses in various Centers of Islamic studies, supervised by the Ministry of Islamic Affairs in Bahrain.

Furthermore, Sheikh Esam is Chairman of the Muslim Educational Society, Vice Chairman & Shariah Advisor for Discover Islam Centre & member of the Board of Trustees of Al-Iman Islamic Schools, Bahrain.

Sheikh Esam Mohamed Ishaq has served as member Shariah Board since inception of Meezan Bank.

Current Board Memberships

- The Shariah Board of Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), Bahrain
- The Shariah Council of the Maldives Monetary Authority (MMA), Maldives
- The Shariah Panel of International Islamic Financial Market (IIFM), Bahrain

In addition to membership of the Shariah Supervisory Boards of a number of local, regional and international Islamic

Financial Institutions (IFIs), he is the Chairman of Shariah Supervisory Boards of the following IFIs:

- The Family Bank for Microfinance, Bahrain
- Islamic Bank of Guinea, Africa
- Investment Dar Bank, Bahrain
- Eco Islamic Bank, Kyrgyzstan
- Al Barakah Islamic Bank, Pakistan

Mufti Muhammad Naveed Alam Resident Shariah Board Member

Mufti Muhammad Naveed Alam holds a Masters in Islamic Banking and Finance from University of Karachi and Shahadat ul Alamiyah and Takhassus (specialization in Islamic Jurisprudence and Fatwa) from Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi. He is also a Certified Shariah Advisor & Auditor (CSAA) from Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI). Mufti Muhammad Naveed Alam joined Meezan Bank in 2013 as a member of the Shariah Compliance Department of the Bank. His main responsibilities include Islamic banking training, Shariah Compliance review and Shariah Audit of different departments and branches.

He is an active teacher / trainer at Centre for Excellence in Islamic Finance (CEIF) of Institute of Business Administration (IBA) Karachi, Center of Islamic Economics (CIE) of Jamia Darul Uloom Karachi, as well as several other renowned universities.

He is also a member of the Shariah Board of NBP Funds. Prior to joining as RSBM, Mufti Muhammad Naveed Alam served as Shariah Advisor of Premier Window Takaful Operations and also as Shariah Coordinator at the Indus Hospital & Health Network.

Mufti Muhammad Naveed Alam is serving as the Resident Member of Meezan Bank's Shariah Board since October 1, 2018.

TERMS OF REFERENCE OF SHARIAH BOARD

Definition of Shariah Board

- A Shariah Board (SB) is an independent body of specialized jurists in fiqh almua'malat (Islamic commercial jurisprudence). Islamic Banking Institutions (IBIs) may, in consultation with the SB, also seek services of or engage lawyers, accountants, economists and such other professionals to assist and advise the SB on banking, legal, financial, economic and other relevant matters. The engagement of such members shall however be of advisory nature and they shall not have any voting rights in the meetings of the SB. The Shariah Board is entrusted with the duty of directing, reviewing and supervising the activities of the Islamic financial institution in order to ensure that they are in compliance with Islamic Shariah Rules and Principles. The fatwas, and rulings of the Shariah Board are binding on the Bank.
- Shariah Board would be appointed by the Board of Directors in line with State Bank of Pakistan's directives.

Composition, Selection and Dismissal of Shariah Board

- The Shariah Board shall consist of at least THREE members including the in-house Resident Shariah Board Member (RSBM). The Shariah Board may seek the service of consultants who have expertise in Shariah, business, economics, law, accounting and/or others. The Shariah Board should not include directors or significant shareholders of the Bank. However, at least two members of Shariah Board (other than RSBM) must be unique members and shall not be a part of any IBI in Pakistan.
- Any member can resign from its membership by giving written notice of at least three months to Board of Directors and the copy of which will be submitted to Islamic Banking Department - State Bank of Pakistan (IBD-SBP).

Functions of the Shariah Board

- The SB will review, revise, and modify, when necessary, all standard and other agreements of Islamic modes of finance, as and when used by the Bank, whether with the Bank's clients, shareholders or others.
- The SB shall supervise the Shariah review of the Bank through RSBM and will also guide the Shariah Compliance team of the Bank. SB or RSBM has a right to conduct spot Shariah reviews of the Bank's operation at their sole discretion.
- The RSBM through the Shariah Compliance Department shall ensure the implementation of guidelines of SB/RSBM in the Bank.
- SB or any of its members may represent the Bank in various Islamic Finance Conferences, Symposia, and/or Conventions, if and when necessary, which shall not be a conflict of interest.
- The Quorum of SB meeting including that with BOD of the Bank, is at least two third of members of SB and all SB rulings are majority-based decisions by any properly minuted and logged meeting of the SB.
- Rulings of the SB are arrived at by voting. However, in case of difference of opinion, the decisions may be made by a majority vote of the SB members. In the event of equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.
- The SB ordinarily holds at least 4 quarterly meetings every financial year. It may hold an extra-ordinary meeting if and when required by the Bank/Chairman of SB.
- The SB has a right to review and modify its former rulings on the basis of factors including but not limited to Internal Shariah Audit Report, Shariah Compliance Review, new findings/developments in industry, etc.
- Dates of SB meetings will be finalized by mutual consent of the members and normally each meeting will fix the date of next meeting.
- All meetings shall be chaired by the Chairperson of the SB and in his absence one of the Shariah Scholar members, other than the RSBM, shall be elected as the acting Chairperson to preside over the meeting.
- The agenda of the SB meeting along with sufficient details and documents shall be sent to SB members 05 days before the meeting to allow them to come prepared to the meeting; the specific timelines shall be set by the SB itself.
- The SB shall ensure to cause that minutes of its meetings are properly recorded incorporating necessary details of all decisions, rulings and fatwa issued along with the rationale and difference of opinion or dissenting note, if any. Further, the minutes shall be signed by all the SB members who attended the meeting and a copy thereof be provided to each member of SB.
- Any regulations pertaining to Governance of Shariah Board, issued by Islamic Banking Department of State Bank of Pakistan, will become part of this TOR as and when such regulation becomes applicable.

| Name of Shariah Board Member | No. of Meetings Attended | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani | 3 | |
| Dr. Muhammad Imran Ashraf Usmani | 5 | |
| Sheikh Esam Mohamed Ishaq | 5 | |
| Mufti Muhammad Naveed Alam | 5 | |
| Total Meetings Held | 5 | |

BOARD COMMITTEES

Board Human Resources, Remuneration & Compensation Committee

Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees (Chairman) - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem - Independent Director

Ms. Nausheen Ahmad - Independent Director

Terms of Reference

The Board Human Resources, Remuneration & Compensation Committee (BHRR&CC) ensures that the Bank manages its Human Resources in light of the best practices of the industry. It reviews and recommends Human Resource Management policies to the Board of Directors including but not limited to remuneration practices defined by the State Bank of Pakistan, the selection, evaluation, compensation (including retirement benefits), succession planning as well as the recommendation of structure of compensation package of Executive Directors, President & CEO, Key Executives and of any other employee(s) along with ensuring implementation of the same. The (BHRR&CC) also monitors the training activities, utilization and implementation of training & development budget and policy of the Bank.

Board Risk Management Committee

Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar (Chairman) - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Bader H.A.M.A Al Rabiah - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mubashar Magbool - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Yousef S. M. A. Al-Saad - Non-Executive Director

Terms of Reference

The Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) is responsible for assessing Bank's policies on all major risk categories including credit, market, liquidity and operational risk and adequacy of the risk management function of the Bank. The BRMC reviews adequacy of the Bank's capital in accordance with laid down rules and regulations as per Basel Accord. It also reviews the techniques developed and implemented to measure the Bank's risk exposure. Its responsibilities include evaluation of the risk profile and appetite of the Bank and ensuring that systems are in place for monitoring overall risk of the Bank. The Committee reviews exception reports highlighting deviations from the approved policies as well as deliberates upon risk related reports including Shariah non-compliance and early warning signals of potential risks emerging from the Bank's activities.

Board Audit Committee

Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem (Chairman) - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mohamed Guermazi - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mubashar Magbool - Non-Executive Director

Terms of Reference

The Audit Committee is responsible for determination of appropriate measures for safeguarding the Bank's assets; review of quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements; review of management letter / assurance reports issued by external auditors and management's response thereto; review and implementation of the scope, extent and plan of internal audit / Shariah audit; review of internal audit strategy; consideration of major findings, internal investigations of activities characterized by fraud, corruption and abuse of power, SBP inspection / supervisory assessment findings and management's response thereto; ascertaining that the internal control systems are adequate and effective; determination of compliance with relevant statutory requirements; audit observations; monitoring compliance with the best practices of corporate governance and oversight of implementation of Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR) program across the Bank, review effectiveness of whistle blowing procedures; ensure effectiveness of overall management of compliance and AML risk and consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the Board of Directors.

Board Information Technology Committee

Mr. Mubashar Maqbool (Chairman) - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Irfan Siddiqui (President & CEO) - Executive Director

Terms of Reference

The Board Information Technology Committee (BoIT) advises and reports to the Board on status of technology activities and digital initiatives, reviews IT and digital strategies and relevant policies periodically considering major technological / regulatory developments. The BoIT ensures risk management strategies are designed and implemented to achieve resilience to respond to wide scale disruptions, including cyber-attacks. It receives periodic updates from IT Steering Committee to monitor major technology-related projects and ensures technology procurements are aligned with the IT strategy. It also approves cloud-based outsourcing arrangements in line with the policy approved by the Board. If deemed necessary, the Committee seeks expert opinion from independent sources wherein the quorum comprises of any two members.

Board IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee

Mr. Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees (Chairman) - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Irfan Siddiqui (President & CEO) - Executive Director

Mr. Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini - Non-Executive Director

Terms of Reference

The Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving the Bank's transition plan for IFRS 9 implementation. It is required to review progress against the transition plan on a quarterly basis. The Committee is also responsible to ensure smooth implementation of IFRS 9 within the timelines stipulated by the State Bank of Pakistan. Dates and Attendance of Board Committees during 2022.

| Dates and Attendance of Board Committees during 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | No. of | | Remui | n Resourd neration tion Comm | - | Boa | rd Risk N Comn | /lanagem nittee | ient | Board Audit Committee | | | Board IT Committee | | | ee | IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee | | | | |
| Name of Director | Meetings Attended | 20-Feb 2022 | 19-Apr 2022 | 04-Aug 2022 | 18-0ct 2022 | 17-Feb 2022 | 21-Apr 2022 | 18-Aug 2022 | 12-0ct 2022 | 15-Feb 2022 | 20-Apr 2022 | 10-Aug 2022 | 16-0ct 2022 | 17-Feb 2022 | 21-Apr 2022 | 8-Aug 2022 | 12-Oct 2022 | 17-Feb 2022 | 19-Apr 2022 | 04-Aug 2022 | 13-0ct 2022 |
| Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees | 4/4 | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem | 4/4 | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ms. Nausheen Ahmad | 4/4 | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Mohamed Guermazi | 1/1 | - | - | - | - | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Bader Al Rabiah | 3/3 | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Mubashar Maqbool | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Yousef S.M.A. AlSaad | 3/3 | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Bader Al Rabiah | 1/1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Mohamed Guermazi | 3/3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Mubashar Maqbool | 3/3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Mubashar Maqbool | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Irfan Siddiqui | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees | 4/4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Р | Р | Р | Р |
| Mr. Irfan Siddiqui | 4/4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Р | Р | Р | Р |
| Mr. Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini | 3/3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | Р | Р | Р |

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES

Asset Liability Management Committee

President & CEO - Chairman Deputy CEO - Alternate Chairman Chief Financial Officer

CRO & Group Head Risk Management

Group Head Retail Banking, Commercial, SME & Agri Finance

Group Head Corporate & Institutional Banking

Group Head Consumer Finance

Group Head Treasury & Home Remittances

Terms of Reference

The Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) is responsible for reviewing the Asset and Liability structure of the Bank, transfer pricing, monitoring the liquidity situation, evaluating asset classes and taking decisions with regards to risks and rewards associated with purchasing and selling of these assets. Market and liquidity risks are examined based on stress testing exercises and gap analysis while considering the overall economic environment of the country. The ALCO is also responsible for monitoring policy rate movements and taking necessary steps across all assets and liabilities to ensure that the overall profitability of the Bank is maximized. This is mainly performed by alterations in the profit rates offered across different deposit products. It is also responsible for ensuring that the Bank's overall operations are fully compliant with regulatory framework for the business as provided by the State Bank of Pakistan.

Business Continuity Steering Committee

Deputy CEO - Chairman

CRO & Group Head Risk Management

Group Head Operations

Group Head Retail Banking, Commercial, SME & Agri Finance

Group Head General Services & Customer Support

Group Head Information Technology

Chief Compliance Officer

Manager IT Disaster Recovery

Head Enterprise Risk Management

Terms of Reference

The Business Continuity Steering Committee (BCSC) is responsible for ensuring that adequate business continuity / disaster recovery plans are prepared, tested and that decision making authority in the event of a crisis is clearly defined. The BCSC reviews and recommends Business Continuity Plan for approval of the Board. It facilitates in execution of Business Continuity Plan as and when invoked and in resumption of critical business activities. BCSC steers BCP project(s) and their implementation and provides guidance on project direction to ensure that organizational requirements are met. It is also responsible for reviewing the findings of mock drills / actual disasters and facilitating in removal of identified gaps.

Credit Risk Management Committee

President & CEO - Chairman

Deputy CEO

Chief Financial Officer

CRO & Group Head Risk Management

Group Head Retail Banking, Commercial, SME & Agri Finance

Group Head Corporate & Institutional Banking

Group Head Treasury & Home Remittances

Head Credit Risk

Terms of Reference

The Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC) is responsible for overseeing credit risk activities on Bank-wide basis while ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements and internal policies. The CRMC's responsibilities also include providing support and guiding front lines in managing their businesses, performing finance portfolio review, establishing financing standards and benchmarks, maintaining adequate industry diversification and deciding upon provisioning. It is also required for delegating financing approving powers and prudential limits on large financing exposures.

Disciplinary Action Committee -Branch Banking

Group Head Human Resources,

Learning & Development - Chairman

Group Head Retail Banking, Commercial, SME & Agri Finance **Group Head Operations**

Head Internal Audit & Business Risk Review (Special Invitee)

Terms of Reference

The Disciplinary Action Committee - Branch Banking (DAC-BB) is responsible for taking action on any violation of policies and procedures, acts of fraud and forgery, breaches of discipline and code of conduct, ethics and business practices, law of the land and statutory regulations of SBP by employees related to an incident of misconduct which has occurred at Branch / Area / Region / Hub level.

Disciplinary Action Committee -Head Office

Group Head Risk Management - Chairman

Group Head Human Resources, Learning & Development

Head Compliance

Head Internal Audit & Business Risk Review (Special Invitee)

Terms of Reference

The Disciplinary Action Committee - Head Office (DAC-HO) is responsible for taking action on any violation of policies and procedures, acts of fraud and forgery, breaches of discipline and code of conduct, ethics and business practices, law of the land and statutory regulations of SBP by employees related to an incident of misconduct which has occurred at the Bank's Head Office.

Disciplinary Action Review Committee

Deputy CEO - Chairman Company Secretary Head Legal Affairs

The Disciplinary Action Review Committee (DARC) is responsible for reviewing the appeals of the staff against whom DAC has already taken disciplinary action. The DARC is formed with a view to ensure a fresh review of each appeal filed against the DAC decision.

Compliance & Operational Risk Management Committee

President & CEO - Chairman

Deputy CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Group Head Information Technology

Group Head Retail Banking, Commercial, SME & Agri Finance

Group Head Operations

Group Head Shariah Compliance

CRO & Group Head Risk Management

Group Head Human Resources, Learning & Development

Head Compliance

Head Enterprise Risk Management

Terms of Reference

Terms of Reference

The Compliance & Operational Risk Management Committee (CORMC) is responsible for overseeing compliance risk by reviewing the adequacy of controls in place to meet regulatory requirements. The Committee is responsible for promoting compliance culture in the Bank, facilitate in implementation of Compliance Program and oversee Money Laundering, Financing Terrorism and Proliferation Financing risk. In addition, the Committee also oversees Operational Risk Framework by ensuring that policies and procedures are in place in all key risk areas and by reviewing Key Risk Indicators. The Committee also monitors level of compliance of major unresolved and recurring issues pointed out in the Internal Audit, Shariah Audit and SBP Inspection Report.

IT Steering Committee

Deputy CEO - Chairman

Group Head Information Technology

Group Head Operations

CRO & Group Head Risk Management

Head Digital Transformation & Innovation

Head Compliance

Group Head Consumer Finance

Group Head Retail Banking, Commercial, SME & Agri Finance

Manager Information Security

Terms of Reference

The IT Steering Committee (ITSC) is responsible for assisting the Senior Management in implementing IT and digital strategies approved by the Board of Directors and for playing an advisory role to the Senior Management in all technology-related matters. The ITSC monitors implementation of technology-related projects, ensuring that the IT procurement is in line with the business plan. It shall ensure that the outsourcing to Cloud Service Providers (CSPs) is conducted in line with the Service Level Agreement. It shall also ensure an efficient IT operating environment that supports the institution's goals and objectives. The ITSC may also review and determine the adequacy of training plan(s) and shall review significant incidents, major risks and breaches submitted by Information Security. The ITSC may also further review the status of projects assigned to PMO on periodic basis.

Investment Committee

Deputy CEO - Chairman CRO & Group Head Risk Management Chief Financial Officer

Terms of Reference

The Investment Committee (IC) is responsible for ensuring that the Bank's investments in listed equity securities are made in compliance with the:

- (i) Investment Policy of the Bank,
- (ii) Limits prescribed under Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan, and
- (iii) Directives of Shariah Board of the Bank.

The IC also reviews the performance of equity investment portfolio through its regular meetings and discussions wherein the members also discuss the forgoing investments and future strategies in line with investment policy and market dynamics.

Service Board

President & CEO - Chairman

Deputy CEO

Group Head Operations

Group Head Information Technology

Group Head Retail Banking, Commercial, SME & Agri Finance

Group Head Consumer Finance

Group Head General Services & Customer Support

Group Head Human Resources, Learning & Development

Head Service Quality

Unit Head - Service Analytics & Customer Insights

Terms of Reference

The purpose of the Service Board is to oversee and monitor performance of all relevant departments involved directly or indirectly in delivering customer experience and providing services to external as well as internal customers of the Bank. The Service Board is the main decision-making body for improving service standards of the

IFRS 9 Project Steering Committee

Deputy CEO - Chairman Chief Financial Officer CRO & Group Head Risk Management Group Head Information Technology

Terms of Reference

The Committee is responsible to ensure compliance with the requirements of SBP in respect of IFRS 9 implementation. It is also responsible to perform initial diagnostic and quantitative impact analysis to determine gaps and develop transition plan for the application of IFRS 9. The Committee is required to inform the Board/ Board IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee about the progress made and key issues that need to be addressed. It is responsible for developing appropriate staffing and training strategies, collect data and other risk inputs, assess existing infrastructure and provide recommendations on the required changes or upgrades and monitor progress against defined timelines.

BEST CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Governance practices positively impact long-term corporate performance and therefore, the Bank is careful about their implementation. The Bank has a system in place to ensure that it is fully compliant to all the legal requirements for e.g. Company Secretary's Office itself ensures that all the relevant regulatory requirements are complied with within the given deadlines. Furthermore, a dedicated Compliance Department is also functional which remains in contact with the regulators as well as with the internal departments to ensure timely compliance with the legal requirements. The Bank's Best Corporate Governance Practices include the following:

Build a Strong, Qualified Board of Directors and Evaluate Performance

The Board comprises of Directors who are knowledgeable and have expertise relevant to the business, are qualified and competent, and have strong ethics and integrity, diverse backgrounds and skill sets. Further, as per regulatory requirement, the Board performance is evaluated periodically.

Define Roles and Responsibilities

The Board establishes clear lines of roles and responsibilities among the Directors, Chairman and CEO.

Emphasize Integrity and Ethical Dealing

The Directors declare conflicts of interest and refrain from voting on matters in which they have an interest. The Bank has adopted a Conflict of Interest Policy, a Code of Business Conduct that sets out the Bank's requirements and a Whistle-blowing Policy.

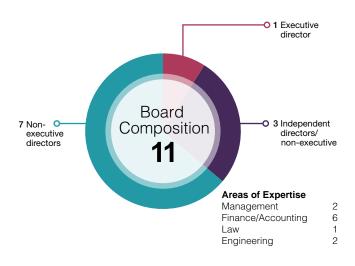
Formation of Various Board Committees

The Board of Directors has constituted various sub-committees, namely Board Audit Committee, Board Human Resources, Remuneration and Compensation Committee, Board Risk Management Committee, Board IT Committee and Board IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee to manage the relevant areas and to give their recommendations to the Board. The TORs of these Committees are approved by the Board of Directors.

Engage in Effective Risk Management

The Board has established its sub-committees, who regularly identify and assess the risks including financial, operational, reputational, environmental, industry-related and legal risks.

BOARD COMPOSITION



| Category | Names of Directors |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Non-Executive Directors | Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees – Chairman Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar Mr. Bader H.A.M.A. AlRabiah Mr. Mubashar Maqbool Mr. Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini Mr. Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani Mr. Mohamed Guermazi |
| Independent Directors | Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem Ms. Nausheen Ahmad (Female Director) Mr. Yousef S.M.A.AlSaad |
| Executive (Deemed Director) | Mr. Irfan Siddiqui - President & CEO |

Directors' Profiles and their Involvement / **Engagement in other Companies**

This information has been incorporated in the Directors' profiles.

Independent Directors

The Board has three (3) Independent Directors who meet the criteria of independence under Companies Act 2017 and the directive issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.

Representation of Female Director on Board Ms. Nausheen Ahmad is the female Director on the Board.

Non-Executive Directors

At present all Directors on the Board are non-executives except the President & CEO.

Executive Director serving as Non -Executive Director in other Company

The Executive Director does not serve as a Non-Executive Director in any other company.

Security Clearance of Foreign Directors

Security clearance of Foreign Directors is initially done by the sponsor shareholders being their nominee directors. Subsequently Meezan Bank conducts verification as per FPT requirements. Finally it is carried out by the Regulators as per law / regulatory requirements, as their appointment is subject to clearance by the Regulators.

Payment of Directors' Remuneration

As per Policy, the Board of Directors shall, from time to time, determine and recommend remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors (Chairman, Vice Chairman and members of the Board) for attending Board/Committees Meetings, for approval by the shareholders on a pre or post facto basis in the Annual General Meeting (AGM), as per State Bank of Pakistan Corporate Governance Regulatory Framework (CGRF).

Details of Board Meetings held outside Pakistan

A total of four meetings were held during the year 2022, and all were held in Pakistan.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors of Meezan Bank sets the Bank's strategic direction and ensures that the organization stays true to this direction - enabling it to achieve its long-term objectives while ensuring regulatory compliance. To discharge its fiduciary responsibility of safeguarding the stakeholders' interests, the Board of Directors has developed criteria for its performance evaluation as required by the State Bank of Pakistan and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

The Board of Directors discusses strategic objectives, budgetary expenses and projected national and international macroeconomic indicators to ensure that the Bank's business strategy stays aligned with macroeconomic indicators. The Board of Directors and its sub committees are competent and experienced, representing diversified educational and vocational backgrounds which are invaluable in determining the overall direction of the organization.

As per the guidelines issued by the State Bank of Pakistan, the Board decided to opt for an in-house approach with quantitative technique; and accordingly evaluated performance of overall Board, Board Committees and individual Board Members as per the following categories:

- Complete Board
- Chairman
- Individual Directors

- Independent Directors
- Chief Executive Officer
- Board Committees

Performance Evaluation by External Consultant

Evaluation of Board of Directors is conducted annually as per the State Bank of Pakistan's requirement. Furthermore, SBP Guidelines also require that at least once in every three years, the evaluation should be conducted by an external independent evaluator. The Bank engages an independent evaluator to conduct the Board's evaluation once in every three years as per regulatory requirement.

Criteria for Performance Evaluation

The Board of Directors, while ensuring regulatory compliance, is also vested with fiduciary responsibility on behalf of the shareholders to protect the Bank's interests, provide strategic direction and monitor the achievement of strategic objectives. The Companies Act 2017, Banking Companies Ordinance 1962, SBP's Corporate Governance Regulatory Framework (CGRF) and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019 describe the role of Board of Directors along with its responsibilities and functions.

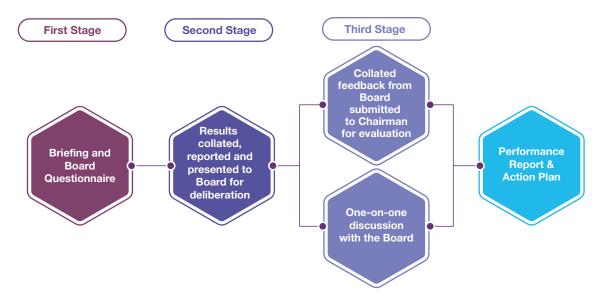
To comply with the regulatory requirement, the Board, in the year 2014, put in place an effective mechanism for Board Evaluation. All individual Board members answer a comprehensive questionnaire focused on evaluating, from various angles, whether the Board has discharged its duties diligently and with foresight. A committee of Directors is designated to collate individual responses and present them to the Board for deliberation and discussion. As per process, the responses / feedback from the Directors on each of the above-mentioned

categories is compiled and submitted to the Chairman. The Chairman discusses the results / findings with each individual Board Member. The authorized Independent Directors communicate the feedback in respect of the Chairman for incorporation in the consolidated Performance Report.

Accordingly, the analysis comprises of consolidated evaluation results and Action Plan forwarded by the Chairman to further strengthen comparatively weaker areas and is submitted to the Board of Directors for consideration in its meeting.

This exercise in critical self-assessment allows the Board to evaluate its performance and overall effectiveness in setting strategies, devising control processes, reading market trends by monitoring micro and macroeconomic factors, and responding to adverse unforeseen situations to further the cause of a learning organization. This process also ensures that the Board is constantly growing intellectually and the responsibility of steering the Bank to new heights of success is discharged effectively and efficiently.

Board Evaluation Process



Induction and Training of Directors

The Bank places keen focus on regular trainings regarding updates in law / regulations for the Directors. In addition, Shariah training is also arranged for the Directors as per the State Bank of Pakistan's 'Shariah Governance Framework for Islamic Banking Institutions'. In compliance to SBP Corporate Governance Regulatory Framework (CGRF), Board is regularly updated about any change in law/regulations.

Members of Meezan Bank's Board are experienced and qualified professionals who bring a diverse range of professional and technical expertise to the organization.

Directors Training Program (DTP)

The Bank is compliant to the training requirements of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Role and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is involved in strategic level decisions to establish and review the strategies and medium to long-term goals of the Bank, overseeing the business and affairs of the Bank in light of emerging risks and opportunities. The Management of the Bank is responsible for managing day-to-day business affairs in an effective and ethical manner in conformity with the strategies and goals approved by the Board and to identify and manage the principal risks and opportunities which could impact the Bank in the course of carrying out its business. It is also the responsibility of the Management, with the oversight of the Board and its sub-committees, to produce financial statements that fairly present the financial conditions and results of operations of the Bank in accordance with applicable accounting standards and to make timely disclosures to investors as required under regulatory requirements. Further, the Management also stays aware of the business and competitive environment and develops strategies to maintain the Bank's competitive business edge.

Role and Responsibilities of the Chairman

The Chairman of the Board of Directors ensures that the organization keeps true to its long-term Vision. Responsible for leadership of the Board, the Chairman ensures that the Board plays an effective role in fulfilling all its responsibilities. The role entails the following:

Chairman

All members of the Board may participate in all meetings and have the opportunity to express their opinion.

Dissent of Directors, if any, is properly recorded in the minutes.

Minutes truly reflect what transpired during the meeting.

The Board discharges its role effectively and swiftly in line with regulatory requirements.

The Board sub-committees perform their designated functions with due diligence.

Role and Responsibilities of the President & CEO

The President & CEO's role constitutes an absolutely engaged position, demanding complete involvement and shepherding of the organization. The role entails the following:

President & CEO

Provide an enabling environment within the Bank to facilitate promulgation of a culture of Shariah-compliance.

Ensure execution of the strategy developed by the Board.

Ensure that the Bank maintains its business position and brand image as the leading Islamic Bank of the country.

Efficiently allocate and manage organizational resources and budgets to ensure achievement of short and medium term objectives that contribute to the attainment of the long-term strategic goals.

Establish a system of checks and controls to supplement the fast-paced growth of the Bank.

Provide liaison between the Board and the Bank's management to ensure alignment of managerial efforts with Board's directives.

Foster a culture of professionalism and high ethical standards within the Bank.

Facilitate an organizational culture of development of innovative products and services to meet the growing needs of a diverse range of customers.

Role of Shariah Board

The Shariah Board (SB) is entrusted with the duty of directing, reviewing and supervising the activities of the Bank in order to ensure that they are in compliance with the rules and principles of Shariah. All products and services of the Bank are launched with the approval of the Shariah Board whose role also entails the following:

Shariah Board

To develop a comprehensive Shariah-compliance framework for all areas of operations of the Bank that serves as a guiding principle to the Bank for maintaining its commitment towards adherence to principles of Shariah.

Ensure Shariah-compliance of all aspects of the Bank by virtue of having unhindered access to all books of accounts, records and

Guide and direct the Bank through rigorous deliberation on issues placed before the Shariah Board.

Monitor the Shariah-compliance of the Bank through Shariah Audit and Shariah-compliance reviews and prescribe appropriate enforcements whenever needed.

PERFORMANCE REVIEW OF THE PRESIDENT & CEO

The President & CEO of Meezan Bank is responsible for supervising and leading the strategic and managerial affairs of the Bank. Various elements of the President & CEO's performance are monitored continuously and discussed periodically by the Board. As leader of the organization and executor of the strategy approved by the Board to further the interests of all stakeholders of the Bank, the President & CEO is evaluated on parameters such as financial performance and profitability, budget allocation and utilization of resources, organizational expansion, sustainability of product lines, credit ratings and inculcation of the desired organizational culture which is conducive to professional and ethical excellence.

ELECTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Procedures for Appointment

Election and Removal of Directors

There are formal, considered and transparent procedures for nominating candidates to stand for election as directors. The process of composition of the Board is ongoing to ensure that the Board retains its effectiveness at all times. Directors are subject to re-election / re-appointment at regular intervals defined under the relevant laws and regulations.

The sponsor shareholders of Meezan Bank nominate Directors on the Board as per their respective shareholding. The Independent Directors also file their nomination and are elected as per law. Minority shareholders are also given the right to participate in election as

The Board of Directors fixes the number of Directors for the next term of the Board, 35 days before election of the Board as per Companies Act 2017.

Election of Directors is held as per law and all regulatory requirements are complied with.

Appointment and Election of Directors

Election of Directors at the General Meetings

According to Companies Act, 2017, at General Meeting, the shareholders entitled to vote for the election of directors must elect a Board for a term of three years, consisting of the number of directors for the time being set, as per provisions of Companies Act.

All of the directors cease to hold office immediately before such election, but are eligible for re-election.

Directors may Fill Casual Vacancies

Any casual vacancy on the Board may be filled by the Directors and the person so appointed shall hold office for the remainder of the term of the Director in whose place he/she is appointed.

Information on the Directorship Candidates

To enable shareholders to make an informed decision on their election at a General Meeting, names of all candidates submitted for election or re-election as a director are set out in a Notice sent to shareholders prior to the meeting, as per Companies Act, 2017 and also placed on the Bank's website as per regulatory requirement.

Removal of Directors

Removal of Director by Shareholders

Shareholders may remove any director by a resolution in General Meeting, as per section 163 of the Companies Act 2017.

Resignation / Removal of Director by Board

The Board may remove any Director before the expiry of his or her term of office, or the Director may resign on his / her own, if the Director ceases to be qualified to act as a Director of a company as per Companies Act 2017 and the Board may appoint a Director to fill the resulting casual vacancy as per Companies Act 2017.

OTHER MATTERS RELATED TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Governance Practices Exceeding Legal Requirements

The Board of Directors, as a whole respects the country laws and ensures meticulous compliance of applicable laws, rules & regulations and being the Premier Islamic Bank, Meezan Bank always adheres to provide information and disclosures above the minimum regulatory requirements. The Board never gives room for any sort of non-compliance and takes it as reputational risk for the Bank. The Management also regularly updates the Board with the latest developments in regulatory environment and maintains stringent control over regulatory compliance, through designated resources.

Following are some of the practices of the Bank which exceed the minimum legal requirement:

- The Bank has only one Executive Director (President & CEO) though it has been permitted two executive directors by SBP.
- The Bank reports additional information in the Annual Report for stakeholders which is not required by law.

Code of Conduct & Ethical Standards

The Bank has also developed 'Code of Conduct & Ethical Standards' for Board, Senior Management and other employees as per requirements of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019, which is signed by every Director and employee of the Bank.

Presence of the Chairman of Audit Committee at the Annual General Meeting (AGM)

The Chairman of the Audit Committee attends the Annual General Meeting (AGM) and this is duly recorded in the minutes of AGM.

Policies for Sustainability and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)



Policies for Sustainability and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are annexed in Policies and Guidelines Section of this report.

Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance



The Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance is annexed with this annual report.

Informing the Company Secretary's Office on Sale or Purchase of Meezan Shares

Directors/Substantial Shareholders/Executives are required to inform the Company Secretary about any change in the shareholding in his/her own name, in the name of his/her spouse and/or dependent/minor children to the Company Secretary through a written notice regarding complete details of the actual transaction within seven days of its execution, enabling the Company Secretary to immediately notify the transaction to Pakistan Stock Exchange in terms of PSX Regulations and also to subsequently report the transaction to the Board of Directors as

Diversity

The Board of Directors firmly believes that the diverse mix of gender, knowledge, expertise and skill sets of the members/ employees enhances the effectiveness of the Bank.

The Bank embraces and encourages employees with a diverse mix of age, family ethnicity, language, socio-economic status, physical disability and other characteristics that make its employees unique.

Investor Grievances

Meezan Bank has established a robust grievance reporting mechanism which seeks to resolve any complaints or unattended issues if, despite all vigilance, do occur. The mechanism put in place allows for such matters to be reported electronically, in writing or over the phone. To ensure that the stakeholders may register their complaints conveniently, a multitude of online forms are available on Meezan Bank's corporate website (www.meezanbank.com). The Investor Complaints Form, on submission, is sent directly to the Office of the Company Secretary. Similarly, a general complaints form for reporting and resolution of business-related complaints are managed by the Customer Care Unit (CCU). A dedicated email (complaints@meezanbank.com) is also in place for the express purpose of reporting issues if the stakeholder feels the need to email rather than use online forms.

Furthermore, grievances may also be lodged by calling the Bank's Call Center (UAN: 111-331-331 & 111-331-332), which is functional round the clock, where officers are available to assist stakeholders with their queries and complaints.

Managing Conflict of Interest

The Bank has a policy in place for dealing with conflicts of interest relating to members of the Board. Under this policy, any Director who has a business interest in a matter being presented at a Board meeting does not participate in neither the discussion nor the decision on that matter. The policy is applied consistently and there was no breach of this policy during the year.

Board's Function and Decision Making

The Board plays an effective role and provides entrepreneurial leadership and direction to the Management of the Bank within a framework of prudent and effective controls. It promotes a collective Vision of the Bank's purpose, its culture, values and also demonstrates ethical leadership.

Matters delegated to the Management

The Board sets the strategic objectives and takes the overall responsibilities of overseeing its implementation. The Board performs its duties by giving guidelines to the Management, setting performance targets and monitoring their achievement. The Management is primarily responsible for implementing strategies as approved by the Board of Directors in conducting the operations of the Bank effectively.

Responsibility of the Management and the Board of Directors towards preparation and presentation of **Financial Statements**

The Management has fulfilled its responsibility for preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting frameworks as applicable in Pakistan. These include the requirements of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017). The Management also acknowledges its responsibility for designing, implementing, and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements. The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

Unreserved Compliance of International Financial Reporting Standards

The Management believes in ensuring unreserved compliance with the applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) for true and fair presentation of financial statements of the Bank.

The financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2022 have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards (including IFRSs) as applicable in Pakistan. For further details, please refer to the Statement of Compliance in note 3 of the financial statements of the Bank.

Human Resources Management Policies and Succession Planning

Human Resources Policies are approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank on the recommendation of Human Resources, Remuneration and Compensation Committee of Board in order to provide clear and definitive directions on Human Resource (HR) related matters.

Board's Review of Business Continuity Plan

The Board of Directors reviewed and approved Business Continuity Plan. This exercise is being performed on an annual basis.

Stakeholders' Engagement



Stakeholders' engagement and the steps taken to solicit and understand the views of the shareholders is detailed in stakeholders' engagement section of this report.

Accessibility of Annual Report



Annual Reports and other information of the Bank are accessible on Bank's website: www.meezanbank.com

REPORT OF THE BOARD AUDIT COMMITTEE

Board Audit Committee (BAC) comprises of four non-executive directors having vast experience and knowledge of finance and accounting. The Chairman of BAC is an independent director. Bank has adopted Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) Integrated Internal Control Framework and the Charter of Internal Audit & BRR department (IAD) provides complete independence to Head - IAD along with free access to BAC.

BAC has been proactively focusing on effectiveness of internal controls, risk management, compliance and governance processes in accordance with the requirements of Code of Corporate Governance and Audit Committee Charter (ACC) also referred to as Terms of Reference (ToRs) of BAC duly approved by the Board of Directors. During the year 2022, four BAC meetings were held and following major activities were performed by BAC in accordance with its approved Charter.

- BAC reviewed quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements of the Bank and recommended the same for approval of the Board.
- BAC reviewed management letters/assurance reports issued by the external auditors, management's response and their compliance status and held discussions with external auditors on major observations. BAC also recommended the appointment of external auditors and their fees to the Board.
- BAC reviewed and approved the audit plan, scope and extent of the work to be performed by internal audit (IAD) and Shariah audit and recommended the audit strategy for approval of the Board. BAC also reviewed adequacy of resources as per the scope.
- BAC reviewed significant findings of internal audit and Shariah audit along with monitoring of its timely compliance. BAC also reviewed the whistle blowing mechanism.
- BAC reviewed major findings of internal investigations with respect to fraud & forgery and whistle blowing along with management's action thereto. BAC also reviewed annual review report of fraud, forgeries and robberies.
- BAC reviewed related party transactions and recommended the same for Board's approval.
- BAC reviewed the AML environment, compliance risk assessment and AML activity report, compliance policy, AML policy, compliance program, bank internal risk assessment, details and action plan of SBP penalty items, composite risk rating and SBP inspection / supervisory assessment reports along with monitoring of its compliance status. BAC also reviewed minutes of Compliance and Operational Risk Management Committee meetings.
- BAC reviewed Internal audit manuals, programs, revision in polices, IAD Charter, ACC and recommended the same for Board's approval.
- BAC reviewed Shariah audit manual and ensured compliance of corrective actions determined by Shariah Supervisory Board on the reports of Shariah audit.
- BAC reviewed the independent assurance report on compliance with Shariah rules and principles along with monitoring of its compliance status.
- BAC reviewed and had an oversight on implementation of Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR) program across the bank.
- BAC reviewed Internal Audit department assessments, internal quality assurance reviews, eaudit system and compliance of SBP guidelines on Internal Audit function along with progress and implementation status. Focus areas for internal audit were also discussed.
- BAC conducted self assessment of its performance to review compliance with SECP Code of Corporate Governance and SBP circulars. Self-assessment report was also presented to the Board.
- BAC reviewed statement on internal control system and recommended the same for endorsement by the Board.
- BAC also held separate meetings with external auditor and internal auditor without the CFO and the management in line with the Code of Corporate Governance.

Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem Chairman-BAC





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Meezan Bank Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Meezan Bank Limited (the Bank) for the year ended December 31, 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Bank. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Bank's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Bank's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Bank to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Bank's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Bank to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Bank's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Affergusontes

A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants Karachi

Date: February 28, 2023

UDIN: CR2022100689tsxrfLeP

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

Meezan Bank Limited For the year ended December 31, 2022

The Bank has complied with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019 ("Regulations" or "Code") in the following manner:

- 1. The total number of directors are eleven including CEO as a deemed director. The directors include ten male directors and one
- The composition of the Board is as follows:

| Catagory | | Names |
|----------|-----------------------------|---|
| i. | Independent Directors | Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem Ms. Nausheen Ahmad Mr. Yousef S.M.A. Al-Saad |
| ii. | Non-Executive Directors | Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees – Chairman Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar Mr. Bader H.A.M.A. Al Rabiah Mr. Mubashar Maqbool Mr. Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani Mr. Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini Mr. Mohamed Guermazi |
| iii. | Executive Directors | Mr. Irfan Siddiqui - President & CEO |
| iv. | Female Independent Director | Ms. Nausheen Ahmad |

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Bank.
- The Bank has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Bank along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Bank. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Bank.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (Act) and these Regulations.
- The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and the Board has complied with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 (Act) and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board.
- 8. The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations; and directives of the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).
- The Bank is compliant to the training requirements of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.
- 10. During the year a new Chief Financial Officer (CFO) was appointed by the Board of Directors, on September 9, 2022, upon retirement of the previous CFO. There was no appointment of Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit during the year. The Board has approved their remuneration and terms and conditions of their employment are complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. The Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the Financial Statements before approval of the Board.

12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

| Committees | Composition |
|--|---|
| Audit Committee | Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem (Chairman) Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar Mr. Mohamed Guermazi Mr. Mubashar Maqbool |
| Human Resources, Remuneration and Compensation Committee | Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees (Chairman) Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem Ms. Nausheen Ahmad |
| Risk Management Committee | Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar (Chairman) Mr. Mubashar Maqbool Mr. Bader H.A.M.A. Al Rabiah Mr. Yousef S.M.A. Al-Saad |
| Information Technology Committee | Mr. Mubashar Maqbool (Chairman) Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees Mr. Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar Mr. Irfan Siddiqui |
| IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee | Mr. Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees (Chairman) Mr. Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini Mr. Irfan Siddiqui |

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the respective committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the Committees was as follows:

| a) | Audit Committee | Quarterly |
|----|--|-----------|
| b) | Human Resources, Remuneration and Compensation Committee | Quarterly |
| c) | Risk Management Committee | Quarterly |
| d) | Information Technology Committee | Quarterly |
| e) | IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee | Quarterly |

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function / team that is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Bank.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Bank have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the Bank;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied.

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

February 16, 2023

Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees Chairman

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROLS

This statement is presented to comply with the requirements of State Bank of Pakistan (SBP)'s BSD Circular No. 7 of 2004 dated May 27, 2004 "Guidelines on Internal Controls", SBP's OSED Circular No.01 dated February 07, 2014 and SBP BSD-1 Circular Letter No. 1 of 2021 dated July 06, 2021 on "Instructions on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR)".

The management of the Bank is responsible for establishing and maintaining an adequate and effective system of internal controls which has the main objective of ensuring effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting, safeguarding of assets and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The control activities are being closely monitored across the Bank through Compliance, Risk Management, Shariah and Internal Audit departments, which covers all banking activities in general and key risk areas in particular. The Management has Compliance and Operational Risk Management Committee (CORMC) which focuses on compliance risk issues and reviews the adequacy of controls and systems to meet the regulatory requirements. The Board of Directors has formed an Audit Committee which has direct oversight responsibility to ensure the independence of the internal and external audit function. The Audit Committee meets atleast once every quarter to discuss the scope and results of the work performed by the Compliance, Shariah and Internal Audit departments. The Audit Committee also meets with external auditors prior to approval of half-yearly and annual results of the Bank.

Based on observations and weaknesses found and identified by Internal and External auditors and the Compliance, Risk Management and Shariah audit teams, improvements are brought about by the management in internal controls to ensure non-recurrence of those exceptions and elimination of such weaknesses to the maximum possible level. Further, to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements including AML/CFT requirements, compliance managers alongwith their teams are also placed in major regions.

While the Internal Controls System is effectively implemented and monitored, there are inherent limitations in the effectiveness of any system, including the possibility of human error or system failure, circumvention and overriding of controls. Accordingly, even an effective internal control system can provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that the system's objective will be achieved.

Alhamdulillah, the Bank had successfully completed all stages of its ICFR program during 2014 and has been granted exemption from the requirement of submission of Auditor-issued Long Form Report through SBP OSED letter /SU-12/017(01)/358/15 dated January 05, 2015. As required by the State Bank of Pakistan, the Bank now prepares annual assessment report on efficacy of ICFR duly signed by the Chairman, Audit Committee. Having successfully achieved closure on ICFR, the Bank remains cognizant of its responsibility to continuously improve and strengthen its system of Internal Controls on an on-going basis.

Based on the above, the Board of Directors endorses the management's evaluation of Internal Controls.

On behalf of the Board.

Ariful Islam Deputy CEO

February 16, 2023

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

SHARIAH BOARD REPORT

الحمد لله رب العالمين، والصلاة والسلام على خاتم الأنبياء والمرسلين، محمد المصطفى الأمين، وعلى آله و أصحابه أجمعين، وبعد:

All praises to Allah (&). This year was the 20th year of Islamic commercial banking for Meezan Bank and also the 25th year of the journey that began from the launch of Al-Meezan Investment Bank. On the occasion of 25th anniversary of Shariah-compliant banking in Pakistan, we congratulate the entire Meezan family on this successful journey. We pray that may this journey be prolonged with true spirit Insha'Allah. May Allah (ﷺ) give us tawfeeq and more success in the future towards elimination of Riba from the society. Ameen

During the year, the Shariah Board (SB) of Meezan Bank held five meetings to review various issues, referred to them by the Bank.

Alhamdulillah, CFA Society of Pakistan has recognized Meezan Bank as 'Best Bank of the Year- Large Size Banks' and 'Best Islamic Bank of the Year' for 2022 which is a recognition of the Bank's exemplary performance. The Bank has also received the 'Best Consumer Bank' award by Pakistan Banking Awards, which is one of the most prestigious recognitions of merit in Pakistan's banking industry. In recognition of the Bank's efforts towards ensuring Shariah-compliance, the Bank was again given the Shariah Authenticity Award and the Shariah Auditor of the Year Award by Global Islamic Finance Awards (GIFA 2022).

We are pleased to share that Mr. Irfan Siddiqui - Founding President & CEO, along with Dr. Muhammad Imran Ashraf Usmani - Vice Chairman, Shariah Board of the Bank have been nominated in the high-power steering committee constituted by the Government of Pakistan for implementation of Federal Shariat Court judgement on Riba. We extend our warm wishes to them for being selected for this noble cause. May Allah () accept their efforts in His path.

Meezan Bank has a team of professionals in the Shariah Compliance Department (SCD) working under the guidance of the SB. The main objective of this department is to facilitate and ensure Shariah-compliance in all processes, procedures and products, refinement of existing products and procedures, conducting Islamic banking trainings & awareness sessions and Shariah-compliance review of transactions. The SCD also serves as secretariat to the Bank's Shariah Board.

We appreciate the efforts of entire staff of the Bank towards promoting and strengthening the environment of Shariah-compliance in the Bank. It gives us comfort to observe a high level of commitment of the staff, management and the Board members of the Bank. We are pleased to share the major achievements of Meezan Bank towards the growth of Islamic banking during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Research and New Product Development

We are pleased to inform that the Bank played a leading role as Joint Financial Advisor of Government of Pakistan (GoP) towards the issuance of Rs 1.35 trillion GoP Sukuk in this year. It is noteworthy that this is the highest amount of GoP Sukuk issued in any business year so far in Pakistan and these issuances have not only helped the GoP in its budget deficit but have also helped Islamic banks in managing their excess liquidity. We wish and pray that year 2023 also proves to be a prolific year in terms of issuance of GoP Sukuk of various nature to address the country's ever-increasing need of Islamic instruments and shall also provide solution to GoP to convert its existing conventional financings into Shariah-compliant financings.

On the deposit side, the Bank has launched a 'Senior Citizens Savings Account' which would enable elderly people to get Shariah-compliant profits on their savings. Also, after a soft launch in 2021, the Bank launched 'Meezan Payroll Partner' to facilitate employers with salary processing and to also encourage employees to avail banking services from the Bank. The Bank also joined hands with AMIM to provide a tailor-made plan to the Bank's customers for an opportunity to earn good Shariahcompliant returns. The Bank also launched Mudarabah based 'Asaan Mobile Account' product in collaboration with State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) to provide access to basic banking services by opening of bank account through any type of mobile phone. Meezan Bank is the only bank to offer a Shariah-compliant remunerative account in this category.

The SB is pleased to share that the Bank has successfully completed implementation of automated management of Mudarabah General Pool and profit distribution mechanism which would enhance transparency and authenticity in all the functions pertaining to profit calculation and distribution.

The Bank actively utilized the Shariah-compliant 'SBP Liquidity

Management Facility for Islamic Financial Institutions' which was launched last year. This facility has provided a level playing field to Islamic banks in competing with conventional banks and offers additional avenues for short-term liquidity management to Islamic banks. The Bank entered into a Musharakah arrangement with PMRC which will enable it to provide housing finance at competitive pricing and also to the low-income segment.

The Bank, in collaboration with an Islamic fintech named 'Haball'. has launched a first-of-its-kind Shariah-compliant digital financing platform to provide supply chain financing to vendors and distributors of local and multi-national companies. We are hopeful that the Bank will enter into further collaborations with different Shariah-compliant fintechs for launching digital financing solutions and other Shariah-compliant products that address genuine needs of the SME sector and other untapped market

In order to support energy conservation and efficient energy generation alternatives, the Bank continued to provide financing for solar panels under the SBP's Refinance Scheme. As of December 2022, total exposure to solar finance stood at over Rs 5.83 billion.

At the Alternate Distribution Channels (ADCs) front, the Bank launched its POS Acquiring Business with over 10,000 POS terminals installed in 272 cities in its first year. The Bank also launched Visa Infinite Card, which is a debit card for high-net worth individuals.

During the year, 10 Shariah-compliant syndicated transactions for various private and public sector entities involving diverse structures such as Ijarah, Diminishing Musharakah and Running Musharakah were executed for infrastructure development, capital expansion and project financing related needs.

Shariah Compliance

The SB appreciates the efforts of SCD for conducting around 248 customer and industry visits and reviewing more than 4,000 different types of financing cases as per the guidelines of SB/RSBM.

The SCD conducted a review of more than 121 branches of the Bank to assess basic knowledge of branch staff and general Shariah environment of the Bank. Based on their assessment, a report is issued to the Regions to improve their performance on certain areas that were highlighted during these reviews. The SCD also conducted Shariah review of 12 departments of the Bank to ensure that operations of the departments are in line with the SB guidelines.

During the year, the SB provided guidelines for different matters; most noteworthy of them were:

- Guidance on avoidance of qalb ul dain in financing transactions
- Guidance on trading in KMI scripts where Net Liquid Assets per share is more than the current share price
- Approval of Shariah Structure of GoP Ijarah Sukuk on new NHA Assets
- Approval of Financing Structure for acquiring patents/rights
- Approval of various policies and manuals of the Bank
- Approval of training and audit plans



Training & Development

During the year, 280 training sessions comprising more than 4,541 man-hours were organized for staff members across the country, catering to around 12,000 employees of the Bank. This number includes Orientation and Batch Trainings for new joiners, Refresher Programs such as Asset Refresher, Deposit Refresher, Treasury and Trade Refreshers and Certification Programs in Islamic financial products. We are pleased to inform that SCD, in co-ordination with Learning & Development launched 2 digital learning modules on internal LMS system which was attended by 11,709 and 10,591 number of staff respectively. The Bank also conducted a 'Train the Trainer' program for the internal Shariah trainers of the Bank as well as 3 programs of Advance level interactive training for senior staff of the Bank in Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad regions.

The Bank had also collaborated with NIBAF and IBA-CEIF for an inaugural certificate program on Islamic Finance for the business faculty of different universities of Karachi. The program was attended by more than 45 faculty members and Insha'Allah would enable them to provide knowledge about Islamic banking to their students in an effective manner.

We are pleased to share that the Bank is making considerable efforts towards establishing strong cultural values in the Bank in line with Islamic cultural values. In this regard, the Bank had arranged various 'experience sharing sessions' of different scholars and motivational speakers. Noteworthy of them were a series of sessions from a reputable female scholar for female staff regarding grooming, work-life balance management, time management, etc. The Bank also arranged one session for women with an associate professor of INCEIF, who inspired the audience to contribute towards Islamic banking.

The Bank launched 4 training videos where our Shariah Board member Sheikh Esam Mohamed Ishaq educated the audience about various misconceptions in the minds of general public about Islamic banking.

In order to create awareness of Islamic banking among general public, the Bank conducted 160 seminars in major cities, which were attended by more than 10,000 participants from different spheres of the society. During the year, the Bank conducted 5 workshops for its Corporate and SME customers across different cities of Pakistan, two of them were in collaboration with IBA-CEIF.

Shariah Advisory and Industry Support

The SB is also pleased to share that the Bank is actively supporting the Islamic finance industry at a global level by providing tailor-made Shariah advisory solutions for their business needs. Following are the notable advisory services provided by the Bank during the year:

- Advisory support to an Islamic Financial Institute in Australia regarding Takaful and other working capital products.
- Technical advisory services related to converting a leading consumer electronic goods company into a Shariah-compliant company.
- Technical advisory services to a Shariah-compliant stock trading platform for Shariah screening of various foreign companies listed in different stock markets globally.
- Technical advisory services to 51 funds and plans, which covers a major share of the Islamic Mutual Fund industry.

- Facilitation to EXIM Bank for launching of an Islamic window that will support trade business in Pakistan in a Shariah-compliant
- Provide screening facility to PSX in bi-annual re-composition of KMI-30 and PSX-KMI All Share Indices.
- Assisting many brokerage houses in developing Shariah Trading Platforms at PSX for Roshan Digital Account holders.
- Developed Sukuk structures for telecommunication and pharma companies based on digital airtime and royalty payment respectively.
- Advisory support to a leading asset management company for launch of Islamic window.
- Advisory support to a leading microfinance company for investments of funds in asset management company.

Review of Assets

The Bank has moved towards diversification in the usage of various financing products and has reduced reliance on Murabaha, as is evident from the Bank's financing portfolio. There is a 5.5% growth in Musharakah from the previous year. The Bank has mainly focused on financing through Musharakah modes, which now constitute 54.9% of the Bank's total financing. The Bank's total financing portfolio reached Rs 1,018 billion (gross) as of December 31, 2022. Breakup of different financing modes is given here.

We have noted that as per our guidelines, the Bank reversed the financing of Rs 501 million provided to its customers under Murabaha & Musawamah without any profit, as those transactions could not be converted into real trade due to genuine business reasons.

| Financing Modes | 2022 % in total portfolio | 2021 % in total portfolio | Increase/ (Decrease)% in total portfolio |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Diminishing Musharakah | 27.4 | 28.4 | (1.0) |
| Musharakah & Running Musharakah | 27.5 | 21.0 | 6.5 |
| Istisna | 9.0 | 8.6 | 0.4 |
| ljarah | 7.8 | 12.9 | (5.1) |
| Murabaha | 6.8 | 6.2 | 0.6 |
| Musawamah | 5.5 | 7.8 | (2.3) |
| Salam - Bills | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Wakalah Tul Istithmar | 4.5 | 7.0 | (2.5) |
| Tijarah | 1.6 | 1.7 | (0.1) |
| Salam - Commodity | 1.9 | 1.5 | 0.4 |
| Other | 8.0 | 4.9 | 3.1 |

Summary of Direct Payment in Murabaha Financing

During the year 2022, 84% of payments for Murabaha financings to Corporate and SME/Commercial customers were direct payments. It is highly recommended that efforts be continued to increase this percentage of direct payments in Murabaha transactions.

It is worth mentioning that in order to strengthen the Shariah-compliance control, physical inspection of delivery of goods was carried out in almost all Istisna and Tijarah transactions.

Liquidity Management

For the purpose of liquidity management, the Bank invested Rs 713 billion in GoP Sukuk which is approximately 1.8 times more than the Bank's investment of Rs 398 billion in GoP Sukuk last year. With the increase in Sukuk issuance, the Bank has reduced its reliance on Bai Muajjal transactions, whose outstandings have decreased remarkably to Rs 60 billion at year end 2022, which also includes Bai Muajjal transactions of Rs 32 billion with SBP.

Review of Deposits

It is heartening to see the Bank's deposits grow by 13.9% to reach a sum of Rs 1,658 billion as on December 31, 2022. On the advice of Shariah Board to explore areas for goods returns in Meezan Bank's savings accounts, the Bank had increased the weightages of various deposit categories which increased the returns and rates of those categories. During the year, the process

of allocation of assets and funds to various deposit pools, announcement of overall profit-sharing ratios for Mudarabah-based deposits, monthly allocation of weightages, and distribution of income to deposit accounts was monitored and reviewed in accordance with the respective pool management guidelines of SBP and Meezan Bank.

Shariah Audit

In compliance of the Shariah Governance Framework issued by the SBP, a dedicated Shariah Audit Department reporting to the Audit Committee of the Board is in place. This department is playing a significant role towards accomplishment of the objective of ensuring Shariah-compliance by evaluating adherence to Shariah guidelines prescribed by SB, RSBM and Shariah guidelines of Islamic Banking Department of the SBP. The department also submits its report to RSBM/SB for information, review and determination of appropriate corrective actions.

During the year under review, Shariah Audit of 736 branches, area offices, consumer & corporate hubs and Head Office departments was conducted as a part of the Bank's efforts to strengthen the internal Shariah control mechanism. These audits not only cover the assessment of financial transactions and operational activities that the branches and departments undertake, but also include an evaluation of the knowledge of staff pertaining to Islamic finance.

Charity

An amount of Rs 154.85 million was transferred to the Charity Payable Account during the year. This includes Rs 9.32 million to eliminate the non-compliant income portion which was identified during Shariah audit, Rs 15.36 million to purify the dividend income earned from investments made in the Shariah-compliant stocks by the Bank and Rs 122.79 million transferred to Charity Payable Account in the normal course of business on account of non-timely payments by customers in various financial transactions. An amount of Rs 121.43 million was disbursed from the Charity Account after approval of the RSBM/SB.



Details of charity account are available in the note 20.5 of the financial statements of the Bank.

Suggestions

For the purpose of further improving the business of the Bank and the overall Islamic Banking Industry, the SB suggests the following:

Conversion of Financial System

- Being the Premier Islamic Bank, Meezan Bank should strive to give maximum support to Government of Pakistan and State Bank of Pakistan for their efforts towards Islamization of financial system.
- It is also suggested that the Bank may offer technical support to different public and private sector financial institutions for conversion of their operations to Shariah-compliant operations.

Economic Outlook of Pakistan

- It is suggested that the Bank should try to further explore offering better returns to its depositors in these testing times of high inflation, especially to the small savers.
- In the current economic landscape of Pakistan, the Bank should target young generation and encourage young entrepreneurs, small business and startups by way of different forms of capacity building and financing solutions.

Shariah-compliance Environment

- It is suggested that Bank should make efforts to use digital technology for its capacity building efforts.
- It is suggested that the Bank should continue its focus on strengthening Shariah controls and accountability culture for Shariah non-compliance to ensure Shariah-compliance in all spheres of banking.
- It is strongly suggested that the Bank should explore ways for inducting human resources who possess strong Shariah mindset and conviction about Islamic banking and who generally practice Islamic values in their personal lives.
- Conventional insurance is not permissible from a Shariah perspective; therefore, it is again recommended to convert more clients to Islamic insurance i.e., Takaful as soon as possible.

Green and Sustainable Finance

- The Bank should continue to play its part in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals set by the United Nations (UN-SDGs) and as the market leader, it should set targets to go above and beyond these goals.
- The Bank should endeavor to increase sustainable banking practices, green banking and climate-friendly banking practices.

Awareness

- To bring SMEs and corporates closer to Islamic banking, the Bank should continue to conduct workshops on Islamic banking products & services and may collaborate with trade bodies & chambers for Islamic banking awareness in the business community.
- The Bank should arrange sessions for specific segments of society such as women, children, university students, media persons, journalists to educate them about Islamic banking & finance.
- The Bank should continue to work on creating awareness about Islamic finance, accounting and business amongst faculty members of universities and colleges and other influential leaders how are members of Government bodies and media houses.

Conclusion

As per the charter of the Bank, it is mandatory for the management and employees to ensure application of Shariah principles and guidelines issued by the SB and RSBM and to ensure Shariah-compliance in all activities of the Bank. The prime responsibility for ensuring Shariahcompliance of the Bank's operations thus lies with the Board of Directors and Executive Management.

Based on extensive reviews of sample cases for each class of transaction, related documentations, processes, profit distribution mechanism for the depositors by SCD, review of Internal Shariah Audit and External Shariah Audit reports and Management's representation made in this regard, the Bank, in our opinion, has complied with the rules & principles of Islamic Shariah in light of the guidelines and directives given by the Shariah Board, Resident Shariah Board Member of Meezan Bank and guidelines issued by Shariah Advisory Committee of the SBP related to Shariah-compliance. The non-compliant income identified during the review is being transferred to the Charity Account through a well-defined system and is being utilized properly in accordance with the instructions of the Shariah Board.

Based on the strength and capacity of the full-fledged SC department and policies/guidelines for Shariah-compliance issued at the Bank, we are of the opinion that an effective mechanism is in place to ensure Shariah-compliance in overall operations of the Bank.

May Allah (德) bless us with the best tawfeeq to accomplish His cherished tasks, make us successful in this world and in the life Hereafter and forgive our mistakes.

Wassalam Alaikum WaRahmat Allah Wa Barakatuh.

Mufti Muhammad Naveed Alam Resident Shariah Board Member

Sheikh Esam Mohamed Ishaq Member, Shariah Board

Dr. Muhammad Imran Ashraf Usmani /ice Chairman, Shariah Board

Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani Chairman, Shariah Board

Dated: 16th Raiab Ul Muraiiab 1444 H / February 7, 2023

مالياتي نظام كى تبديلي

- ۔ ایک اہم اسلامی بینک ہونے کے نامطے میزان بینک کو مالیاتی نظام کو اسلاما انز کرنے کے لئے حکومت پاکستان اوراسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی کوششوں میں زیادہ سے زیادہ مدفر اہم کرنے کی کوشش کرنی چاہے۔ ۔ یہ بھی تجویز کیا گیا ہے کہ بینک مختلف سرکاری اور بھی شعبے کے مالیاتی اداروں کو ان کے آپریشٹز کوشریعت کے مطابق تبدیل کرنے کے لئے تعلیکی مدفر اہم کرسکتا ہے۔

ياكشان كامعاشي منظرنامه

۔ سیمشور دو یا جاتا ہے کد بینکہ کواعلی افراط زر کے اس آز ماکثی وقت میں اپنے ڈیازٹرز کو بہتر منافع فراہم کرنے کی کوشش کرنی چاہئے خاص طور پر چھوٹے بچت کرنے والوں سے لئے۔ یا کمتان کے موجود دمعاشی منظرنا سے میں بینک کونو جوان نسل کو ہدف بنانا چاہیے اور استعداد کار بڑھانے اور فنائسنگ سلوشتر کی مختلف شکلوں کے ذریعے نوجوان کاروباری افراد، چھوٹے کاروباری اداروں اورا شارے الیں کی خوصلہ افزائی کرنی جاہے۔

شريعة كميلائنس كاماحول

- پیمشورہ دیاجا تا ہے کہ بینک کواپٹی صلاحیت سازی کی کوششوں کے لئے ڈیکیٹل نیکنالوجی کے موڑ استعمال کا انتظام کرنا چاہئے۔
- يتجويزوي جاتى ہے كہ بينك كو بينكنگ كے تمام شعبول ميں شريعة كم بيائنس كويقيني بنائے كے لئے شرق كنثرول اور شريعة بنان كم بيائنس كے لئے احتساب كے ليجر كومضبوط بنائے پراپئي تو جدجاري رکھني جاہتے۔
- ستجویز دی جاتی ہے کہ بینک کو ایسے طاز مین کوشال کرنے کے مواقع تلاش کرنے جائیس جومضوط اسلامی ذہنیت کے حامل ہوں اور اسلامی بینکاری کی درست ہوئی پر پہند بین رکھتے ہوں اور جو عام طور پر اپنی ذاتی زندگی میں اسلامی اقدار پر مل کرتے ہول۔
 - شرى نقط نظر سے رواجي انشورنس جائز مبيں ہے۔ لبنداايك بار پر سفارش كي جاتى ہے كەزياد وسے زياد وگا كول كومبلداز جلداسلا كم انشورنس بعني تكافل ميں تبديل كياجائے۔

ماحول دوست اور متحكم/ يائيدار فنانسنگ

- بینک کواتوام تحده (UN-SDG) کے طے کردہ یا ئیدارتر تی کے اہداف کو حاصل کرنے کے لیے اپنا کردارادا کرنا چاہیے ادر یا کتان کے سب سے بڑے اسلامی بینک ہونے کے ناطح آ کے بڑھتے ہوئے مستقل ابداف بھی مقرر کرنے جاہے۔
 - بینک کو پائیدار پیکنگ کے طریقوں کو بڑھانے اور ماحول دوست فنائنگ کے بورٹ فولیوکو بڑھائے کی کوشش کرنی جاہیے۔

- SMEs اور کار پوریٹ ادارول کواسلامی بینکاری کے تخریب لانے کے لئے بینک اسلامی بینکاری کی مصنوعات اور خدمات پرورکشالی کا انعقاد جاری رکھے اور اس سلسلے بین تاجر براوری بین اسلامی بینکاری کے بارے میں آگا بی پیدا کرنے کے لئے فتلف تجارتی اداروں اور چیمبرز کے ساتھ تعاون کرے۔
- بینک کوخصوص معاشرتی طبقات جیسے خواتین ، بچوں ، یو نیورٹی کے طلباء ، میڈیا پرسنز ، صحافیوں کے لیخضوص سیشنز کا اہتمام کرنا چاہئے تا کہ آئیس اسلامی بینکا ری اوراسلامک فٹانس کے فروغ میں ان کے کردار کے بارے میں آگاہ کیاجا سکے۔
- بینک کو بو نیورسٹیز اور کا لجوں کی اسلامی مالیات ۱۰ کا و مختل اور برنس فیکلنی ممبران اور سرکاری اداروں اور میڈیا ہاؤسز نے تعلق دکھنے والے دیگر قکری رہنماؤں میں اسلامی مالیات کے بارے میں آگاہی پیدا کرنے کے لیے بھی کام کرنا جاہے۔

بینک کے چارٹر کے تحت تمام انتظامیاور ملازمین کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ شراید بورڈاورریزیڈنٹ شراید بورڈمبر کی طرف ہے جاری کردوہ بینک کے تمام معاملات مے متعلق بدایات پڑھمل درآ ہر کویٹینی بنائمیں۔ بینک کے معالمات كے شریعت كے مطابق موتے كى بنيا دى ذمه دارى بورد آف ڈائير يکٹرز اور بينک كى انتظاميہ پرعائد ہوتى ہے۔

SCD کی جانب سے بینک کے انجام کرد و مختلف معتود کے جائزے، اسکے متعلقد دستاویزات کی جائج پڑتال، ڈیپازیٹرز کوشتیم ہونے والے نفع کے طریقہ کارکامشاہدہ، اوران کے متعلق اندرونی شریعہ آؤٹ ریورٹ، بیرونی شریعہ آؤٹ ریورٹ اورا نتظامیہ کی دی گئی رائے کے جائزہ کی بنیاد پر ہماری رائے میں رواں سال میں بینک کی طرف ہے کئے گئے عقو داسلامی شریعہ کے ان اصولوں اور ہدایات کے مطابق میں جومیزان بینک کے شریعہ بورڈ ،ریزیڈ ٹٹ شریعہ بورڈممبراورشر بعدایڈ وائز ری ممیٹی اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کستان کی طرف ہے جاری کی گئی ہیں۔اس جائزہ کے دوران جوغیرشرگ آمدنی یائی گئی وہ چیر پی میں نتقل کی گئی ہےجس کوشریعہ يورؤ كى بدايات كمطابق خرج كياجائ كا_

SCD کی صلاحیت اوراستعداد کود کھتے ہوئے اور بینک کی طرف ہے جاری کردہ شریعہ کمیلائنس کی ہدایات اوراحکامات کے جائزے کے ابعد ہماری رائے میں بینک میں تمام شعبوں کی تقرافی اورشریعہ کمیلائنس کو پیشینی ينائے كيليخ ايك موثر نظام موجود ب_

الله تعالی ہے دعا ہے کدوہ ہماری رہنمائی ان راموں کی طرف کرے جواس کی رضا کا باعث موں ہمیں و نیااور آخرت میں کامیابیوں سے نوازے اور ہماری غلطیوں اور خطاؤں ہے درگز رقم مائے۔ آمین ۔

والسلام عليكم ورحمة اللدوبر كابتأ

ڈاکٹرمحمّدعمراناشرفعثانی وائس چُيئر مين شريعه بور ڈ

Under جسٹس (ر)مجرتقی عثانی چيئر مين شريعه بورڈ

كزيوعا كمحر مفتى "محدنو يدعالم ر بزیڈنٹ شریعہ بورڈممبر

شيخ عصام محمداسحاق ممبرشر بعه سپروائزري بورڈ

16 رجب المرجب 1444 ہجری بمطابق 7 فروری 2023

ا ثا نُول كا حائزه

بینک نے امسال بھی تھن مرا بحد پر افھمار کرنے کے بجائے گئی دیگر طرق تھویل کو افتیار کیا، جیسا کہ حمولی تناسب سے واضح ہے۔ چھلے سال کے مقابلے میں اس سال مشارکہ کے تناسب میں 5.5 فيصد كا اضاف د موار ينك نے سب ہے زياد و توجہ مشاركه كى بنياد ير تمويل يرم كوزر أي مشركت کی بنیاد پرکی جانے والی فا نازشک بینک کے مجمولی پورٹ فولیو کا 54.9 فیصد ہے۔ الحدوللہ بینک کا مجمول حمو کی بورٹ فولیو (برطابق 31 دنمبر، 2022ء) 1.018 ارب رویے تک بھی چکاہے۔ مخلف طریقتہ ہائے تھویل کی تفصیل بیاں دی گئی ہے:

SCD كى رہنمائى سے مرا بحداور مساومه كى فائنائك كے معاملات ميں 501 ملين كى رقم ينك في کوئی نفع وصول کئے بغیر سٹمرے والیں لے کی کیونکہ اس رقم کی حد تک کوئی خرید وقروخت کا معاملہ كرنامكن نبيل قبابه

| شريرتر قى انتزلى% | 2021 % in total portfolio | 2022 % in total portfolio | شرى طريقة بتعويل |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1.0) | 28.4 | 27.4 | مشاركه متناقصه |
| 6.5 | 21.0 | 27.5 | رننگ مشار که اورمشار که |
| 0.4 | 8.6 | 9.0 | استصناع |
| (5.1) | 12.9 | 7.8 | اجاره |
| 0.6 | 6.2 | 6.8 | مرابحه |
| (2.3) | 7.8 | 5.5 | مساومه |
| 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.3 | بل سِلم |
| (2.5) | 7.0 | 4.5 | وكالدالاستثمار |
| (0.1) | 1.7 | 1.6 | شجاره |
| 0.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 | كموژ في سلم |
| 3.1 | 4.9 | 8.0 | دیگر |

مرابحه میں کی جانے والی براہ راست ادائیگیوں کا خلاصہ

دوران سال 2022ء، مرابحد کی بنیاد پر Corporate and SME/Commercial کو کی تی سرماییکاری میں براوراست ادائیگیوں کا تناسب 84 فیصدریا۔ اس بات کی تاکید کی جاتی ہے کہ مراجحہ کے عقود میں اس تناسب میں اضافہ کی کوشش جاری رعمی جائے۔

ب یا ہے بھی قابل ذکر ہے کے شرق اصواوں کی یاسداری کی تیٹین و ہائی اور جانتے پڑتال کی غرض ہے استعمارا ورتعارہ کے نقر یہا تمام معاملات میں بینک کے نمائندہ نے ورجا کر بینک کے خریدے ہوئے مال کا مشاہدہ کیا اوراس پر قبضه حاصل کیا۔

سيوليت كاانتظام

سیولیت کے انتظام کے لئے بینک نے (GOP) بی او کی صکوک میں 713 ارب کی سرمایہ کاری کی جوگز شتہ سال (GOP) جی او کی صکوک میں بینک کی سرمایہ کاری (398 ارب روپے) سے تقریبا 81.8 گنا تریادہ ہے۔ مسکوک کے اجرا ویٹن اضافے کے ساتھ بینک نے تاج موجل فرانز میشنز پراہنا اٹھمار کم کردیا ہے، جن کے داجیات سال 2022 کے اختیام پرنمایاں طور پر کم ہوکر 60ارب روپے روکتے ویں جس میں اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکتان کے ساتھ 32 ادب رویے کی تاہ موجل کی ٹرانز یکشنز بھی شامل ہیں۔

ڈیبازٹس کا جائزہ

برطابن 31 وتمبر 2022 بيك كرؤياز الم عن 13.9 فيعدا ضافيه واب اور بينك كالمجموى ويازات 1,658 ارب روپے تک بھنج چکاہے۔شریعہ پورڈ کی جانب ہے میزان بینک سیونگ ا کا وُئٹس میں ایکھے منافع کے مواقع علائل کرنے کے مشورے پر بینک نے سال کے دوران مختلف ڈیازٹ کیٹیکر پر کے اوزان اورشرح منافع میں اضافہ کیا ہے جس ہے ان کینیگریز کے منافع اورشرحول میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔

شريعهآ ڈٹ

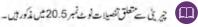
اسٹیٹ وینک آف یا کشان کے جاری کرووشر پیدگورنش فریم ورک کی ہدایات کے مطابق مستقل شریعہ آ ڈے ڈیار منٹ کی تھکیل دی گئی ہے جو بورڈ آف ڈائیر یکٹرڈ کی آ ڈٹ میٹی کے زیر گلمرانی میں شدو ہی ے كام كرر باہ اورشر ايد كم بلائنس كى يقين و بانى ك لئے تمام شرق اصواوں ك نفاذ كى جانح يز تال كرتا ب جو كدشر يعد بارة ، ريزيد نث شريعد إورة ممير، اوراسلامك بينكنگ و يار منت اعليث بينك آف یا کتان کی طرف سے دکی تی بین بیار فرنٹ RSBM/Shariah Board کوآگانی ، جائز واور في على ك تعيين ك فيد بورث جع كروا تا ب-

اسٹیت بینک اورمیزان بینک کی متعلقہ اول پینجنٹ گائیڈ لائنز کےمطابق سال کے دوران مختلف ڈیازٹ پلز میں انا اور انڈز کی الد منت کے عمل مضارب پر بنی ڈیازش کے لیے مجموق طور پر منافع یا نشخ كِ تناسب كاعلان، وزن كي ما ينتقيم اورة يازت اكاؤنش مِن آمدني كي تقيم كِ قل كي تخرا في اورجائزه

اس سال ميزان ويك كى كل 736 برائيون, ايريا أفسر، كنزيوم اور Corporate Hubs، ميذا من ديار منتس كا آدك كيا كيا تاكشرى اصواول كالعيل كاد افلي تقم اورطريقة كاركومضوط كياجا سك-شریعهآ ڈٹ کے دوران بختلف عقو دکی جانگ پڑتال کے ساتھ ساتھ دینگ کے عملہ کی شرقی معاملات اور محقود کے بارے میں معلومات بھی جا کھی جاتی ہے۔

چریٹ/صدقات وخیرات

روال سال کل 154.85 ملین روپے چیر پٹی واجب الاوا ما کاؤنٹ میں تنظل کئے گئے۔اس میں 9.32 ملین کی قم ایک آلمدنی کی تھی جس کے بارے میں شریعی آؤٹ کے دوران میریات سامنے آئی کہ وونا جائزے،مزید 15.36 ملین روپے کی چیرین اشاک ایم پینے میں گئی شریع کمیا اعث انوسٹنٹ ہے حاصل شدہ آمدنی کو Purify کرنے کیلیے کی گئی اور 122.79 ملین روپے چیرین واجب الاواءا کا وَنٹ میں ٹرانسفر کئے گئے جو روزمرہ کتھ ویل معاملات میں مستمرزی جانب سے ادائیلی میں تاخیری بنیاد پر دسول کئے گئے تھے۔علاووازیں 121.43 ملین روپے RSBM /شریعہ پورڈ سے منظوری کے بعد چیرین سیونگزا کا واٹ سے ادا کئے گئے۔



بینک کے معاملات اور مجموع طور پر اسلامی بنکاری کے نظام کومزید بہتر بنائے کے لئے شریعہ بورڈ کی تجاویز ورج ذیل ہیں:

بثمر يعتمميلائنس

شریعہ بورڈ SCD کی اس کاوٹر کومراہتا ہے کہ دوران سال تقریبا 248 مسٹرزے ملاقاتیں کی میکی اوران کے کاروبار کامشاہدہ کیا عمل بورڈ کر آ رایس ٹی ایم (RSBM) کی ہدایات کے مطابق 4000 ے زائد مختلف قتم کے مالی معاملات کا جائز ولیا گیا۔

SCD نے بینک کی 121 سے زائد براٹیجوں کا جائز ولیا تاکہ براٹی اشاف کی بٹیاوی اسلامک بینکنگ معلومات اور بینک کے عمومی شرعی ماحول کا انداز ولگا یا جاستے۔ان کے جائز ہے کی بٹیاد پر ،رکیبل مثیجرز کوالیک ر اورٹ جاری کی گئی تا کہاس میں انشاندی کی جانے والی تلطیوں کوورست کر کے کارکرو گی کوبہتریتا یا جا سکے۔ SCD نے بینک کے 12 فیریار فہنٹ کا شرقی جائز وجھی لیا تا کہاس بات کو جیٹنی بنایا جا سکے کہ فیریار فہنٹ کا کام شریعہ بورؤ کی ہدایات کے مطابق ہے۔

سال کے دوران بھر بعد بورؤ نے مختلف معاملات کے لئے رہنما خطوط فراہم کے۔ان میں ہے سب سے زیاد و قابل ذکر مہ تھے:

- فانسك معاملات من قلب الدين = بيخ كے بارے من رہنمائی
- KMI انڈئس میں ٹریڈ گا کے بارے میں رہنمائی جہاں فی صصی خالص سال اٹا ئے (Net Liquid Assets) موجود وصصی کی یاز اری قیت سے زیادہ ووں
 - نے این ان ایس (NHA) اٹاٹوں یر تی اونی (GOP) اجار وسکوک عشر بعداسر کچرکی منظوری
 - پینٹ/حقوق کی خریداری کے لئے فنانسٹگ کی منظوری
 - مينك كى مختلف ياليسيول اورمينوكلز كى مختلورى
 - تربیت اورآ ڈٹ یاان کی منظوری

121 4.000 248 سٹمراورانڈسٹری کے دورے سرماییکاری کا جائزہ

ٹریننگ اور ڈیویلیمنٹ

دوران سال دیک نے280 تر بیتی مجالس منعقد کیس جن کی کل میعاد 4,541 محسنوں سے زائدرہی ،ان ترجِق عِلْس مِن مِيزان وِنِك كِنقر يا12,000 ماز فين في شركت كيدان ترجِق عِلْس مِن اسلامك فاکانس سے متعلق مازین کے لیےOrientation and Batch Trainings Asset Refresher Treasury and Trade 2 Refreshers Deposit Refresher ، Refresher اورديگر سر فيقليث پروگرام شامل بين يمين به بتات ہو ئے خوشی جورتی ہے کہ SCD نے ارتقال اینڈ ڈویلیٹٹ کے تعاون سے اعزال LMS سستم پر 2 و بحييل ارتفك ماؤيوز كا آغاز كياجس ميں بالترتيب 11,709 اور 10,591 استاف في شركت كي۔ بینک نے اعرال شریعیر بیزز کے لئے "Train the Trainer" پروگرام کا بھی انعقاد کیا اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ کرا تی الاجوراور اسلام آباور پجنز میں بینک کے سیٹر اسٹاف کے لئے اعلی تنظی شقی ٹریڈنگ پروگرام بھی منعقد کے۔

> 12,000 4,541 280

بینک نے کراچی کی مختلف یو نیورسٹیوں کی برنس فیکلٹی کے لئے اسلا کم فتانس پرتعار فی سرفیقلیٹ پروگرام کے لئے NIBAF اور IBA-CEIF کے ساتھ بھی تعاون کیا تھا۔ پروگرام میں 45 سے زائد فیکٹی

ممبران نے شرکت کی اور انشاء اللہ وہ اپنے طلباء کو اسلامی بینکاری کے بارے میں مؤثر انداز میں معلومات فراہم کرنے کے قابل ہوں گے۔

جمعیں یہ بتاتے ہوئے خوشی ہوری ہے کہ بینک اسلامی ثقافتی اقدار کے قیام کے لئے خاطرخوا وکوششیں کر ر ہاہے۔اس ملسلے میں بینک نے مختلف اسکالرز اور موٹیویشنل اپلیکرز کے مختلف سیشنز کا اہتمام کیا ہے۔ ان میں ہے ایک معروف خاتون اسکالر کی جانب ہے خواتین عملے کے لیے گرومنگ، ورک لائف ہیلنس مینجنٹ، ٹائم مینجنٹ وغیرہ کے حوالے ہے سیشنز کا یک سلسلہ قابل و کرتھا۔

بینک نے INCEIF کی الیوی ایٹ پروفیسر کے ساتھ محواقین کے لئے ایک میشن کا بھی اہتمام کیا، جنہوں نے سامعین کواسلامی بیٹکاری میں اہم کر دارادا کرنے کی ترغیب دی۔

بینک نے 4 تربیتی ویڈیوز جاری کیں جہاں ہارے شریعہ پورڈ کے رکن شیخ عصام مجرا حاق نے حاضرین کو اسلامی بینکاری کے بارے میں وہنول میں موجود وفقف غلط فہیوں کے بارے میں آگاہ کیا۔

عوام الناس میں اسلامی پینکاری کے بارے میں شعور بیدار کرنے کے لئے بینک نے بڑے شیروں میں 160 سیمینار منعقد کئے جن میں معاشرے کے فتلف شعبوں نے ملق رکھنے والے 10,000 سے زائد شرکاء نے شرکت کی۔ مال کے دوران بینک نے پاکستان کے مختلف شہروں میں اپنے Corporate اور SME صارفین کے لئے 5 ورکشائی کا انعقاد کیا، جن میں ہے دو IBA-CEIF کے تعاون

شريعها يڈوائزرى اورانڈسٹرى سپورٹ

یہ بات بڑی قابل محسین ہے کہ میزان بینک عالمی مطح پر کاائٹ کی ضرورت کے موافق شریعہ ایڈ وائز ری قراہم کر کے اسلاک فائنانس انڈسٹری کوتھاون قراہم کرنے ٹیں چیش چیش رہاہے، دوران سال بینک کی طرف سے فراہم کردہ چند قابل ذکر ایڈ وائز ری خدمات درج ذیل ہیں:

- آسٹریلیا پی آگافل(Takaful) ہے متعلق ایک اسلاک فنافٹل انسٹیٹیوٹ کوشریعیا یہ وائز ری عدمات كى فراجى جارى ركى كني-
- ایک معروف کنزیوم الیکٹرانگ ممپنی کوشریعہ کمپلائٹ کمپنی میں تبدیل کرنے سے متعلق تھنیکی
- آیک شریعه کمیلا سخت اسٹاک ٹریڈ تک پلیٹ فارم کوعالمی سطح پرمختف اسٹاک مارکیٹوں میں درج غیرمکئی نمینوں کی شریعہ اسکرینٹگ کے لئے تکنیکی مشاورتی خدمات۔
- 51 = زیاده فنڈ اور پلان کوشر اید ایڈ وائز ری فراہم کی گئی جو کداسلا کک میونل فنڈ انڈسٹری کا

- اسلامی ویڈ و کے آغاز کے لیے EXIM Bank کو سپولٹ فراہم کرنا جو یا کتان میں شریعت کے مطابق تھارتی کاروبارگوسیورٹ کرے گی۔
- PSX کو 30- KMI اور PSX-KMI کے قمام شیئر انڈیکس کی چھے مائی ووبار پاتھکیل میں اسكريفنك كي مهولت فراجم كي كفي-
- روش ویجیش اکاؤن ، ولڈرز کے لیے PSX میں شریعے ٹریڈنگ پلیٹ فارم تیار کرنے میں بہت ہے بروکر تا ہاؤسز کی مدد کی گئی۔
- ویش ایئر ٹائم اور حقق کی اوائیل کے لئے بالتر تیب ٹیلی کمیوٹیکیٹن اور فار ہا کمپنیوں کے لئے صکوک تفکیل کے تھے۔
- اسلامک ونڈو کے اجراء کے لئے ایک معروف ایٹ پنجنٹ کمپنی کومشاور تی معاونت ۔ 10 ایٹ مینجنٹ کمپنی میں فنڈ زک سر ماریکاری کے لئے معروف مائیکر وفانس کمپنی کومشاور تی معاونت۔

الحمد لله رب العا لمين، والصلاة والسلام على خاتم الأنبياء والمرسلين، محمد المصطفى الأمين، وعلى آله وأصحابه أجمعين، وبعد:

تمام تعریفیس اللہ ﷺ کے لیے ہیں۔ بیسال میزان بینک کے لیے اسلامی کمرشل بینکنگ کا بیسواں سال تھااور المیز ان انویسٹنٹ بینک کے آغاز سے شروع ہونے والے سفر کا 25واں سال بھی تھا۔ پاکشان میں شریعہ کمپلائنٹ بینکنگ کی 25 دیں سالگرہ کے موقع پر، ہم میزان بینک کے تمام اسٹاف کواس کا میاب سفر پرمبار کباد پیش کرتے ہیں۔ ہماری دعاہے کہ انشاء اللہ یہ سفر حقیقی روح کے ساتھ آ گے بڑھے۔اللہ رب العزت ہمیں معاشرے سے سود کے خاتمے کی تو فیق اور مستقبل میں مزید کا میا بیاں عطافر مائے۔آمین

دوران سال میزان بینک کے شرید بورؤ کی طرف ہے پانچ مجالس کا انعقاد کیا گیا جن میں بینک کی طرف ہے چیش کیے گئے مختلف مسأل کا جائز ولیا گیا۔

"Best Islamic Bank of the Year" اور "Large size Banks-Best Bank of the Year" اور "CFA) سورمائلي آف ياكتان نے ميزان بينك كو یرائے 2022 قرار دیا ہے جو بیک کی مثالی کارکروگی کا اعتراف ہے۔میزان بینک نے یا کتان بیکنگ ایسوی ایش ایوارڈز کی جانب سے "Best Consumer Bank" کا ایوارڈ حاصل کیا، جوکہ پیاکتان بینکنگ انڈسٹری کے سب سے باوقارا اوارڈ زیمی سے ایک ہے۔ شریعہ تمہا کنس کو تینی نانے کے لیے بینک کی کوششوں کے اعتراف میں، بینک کو گلوٹل اسلامک فتانس ایوارڈز (GIFA 2022) کی ظرف ے ایک بار پچرے Shariah Authenticity Award اور Shariah Auditor of the Year Award ہے واز اگیا۔

جمیں بیبتاتے ہوئے خوشی ہور ہی ہے کہ جناب عرفان صدر اوری ای اور اُ اکٹر محد عمران اشرف عثانی (وائس چیئر مین) شریعہ بورڈ کو حکومت پاکستان کی جانب ہے سود پر وفاقی شرعی عدالت کے نصلے پرعمل درآ مدے لیے بنائی می اعلى سطى اسٹير بھے ميٹن ميں نامزد كيا ميا ہے۔ ہم اس نيك مقصد كے لئے نتنج ہونے پران كے لئے نيك متواہ شات كا اظہار كرتے ہيں۔ اللہ علاقان كى کوششوں کوا بنی راہ میں قبول فرمائے۔

میزان بینک پیل ماہرین کا ایک منتقل شعبہ 'شریعہ کمپلائنس ڈیپارشنٹ (SCD)'' شریعہ بورڈ کی زیر گھرانی کام کررہاہے۔اس شصے کی بنیادی ذمہ داریوں بیس تمام پراسس،طریعہا ﷺ عمل ادر پروؤکٹ میں شری اصواوں کی پاسداری کویٹینی بنانا، موجود و پروؤکٹس اور طریقہائے عمل میں مزید بہتری ،اسامی بینکاری کی تربیت اور عقو دکوانجام دینے کے طریقہ کار کی شرعی تعمیل کا جائز ولینا ہے۔شریعہ کمپلائنس فی بیار شنث، بینک کے شریعہ بورڈ کے لئے سیکر میٹری کا کردار بھی اوا کرتا ہے۔

ہم تمام اسٹاف کی کاوشوں کوسرا ہے جیں کدانہوں نے بینک کے ماحول کوشریعت کے احکامات کے مطابق ڈھالنے میں اہم کردارادا کیا۔ یہ بات ہمارے لئے قابل اطمینان ہے کہ بینک کے اسٹاف مینجنٹ اور پورڈ ممبران میں اسلامی بینکاری کی ترویج اور ترقی کے لئے اعلی ورجہ کا عزم و یکھا جاسکتا ہے۔ گزشتہ سال 2022 و میں اسلامی بینکاری کے فروغ کے لئے ورج ویل اہم اصورانجام و یے گئے:

نئی بروڈ کٹس کی تیاری اور محقیق

جمیں بیاتاتے ہوئے خوشی ہوری ہے کہ بینک نے روال سال 1.35 اربلین رویے کے GOP صکوک کے اجراء میں حکومت یا کستان کے جوائنٹ ڈنافشل ایڈ وائز رکی حیثیت ہے اہم کر دارا واکیا۔ بدیات قابل ذکر ہے کہ پاکستان میں اب تک سمی می کاروباری سال میں جاری کیے جانے والے GOP سکوک کی بیرسب سے زیادہ رقم ہے اور ان اجراء سے نہ صرف حکومت پاکستان کو اس کے یجٹ خسارے کی گئی میں مدد ملی ہے بلکہ اسلامی مینگوں کو اپنی اضافی کیکویڈیٹ کوسنجا لئے/ انویسٹ کرنے اس ماید کاری کرنے میں بھی مدولی ہے۔ ہم جاہتے ہیں اور وعاکرتے ہیں کہ سال 2023 تھی ملک کی اسلامی مالی دستاویزات کی بڑھتی ہوئی ضرور یات کو پورا کرنے کے لئے مختلف نوعیت کے GOP صکوک کے اجراء کے لحاظ سے ایک شاندار سال ثابت ہو اور جوموجودہ روایتی فنانسنگ کوشر یعت کے مطابق فنانسنگ میں تبدیل کرنے کے لئے حکومت یا کستان کا معاون ہو۔

"Senior Citizens Savings Account" ڈیازٹ سائیڈ پر بینک نے ایک شروع کیاہے جو ہزرگ افراد کواپٹی بجت پرشریعت کےمطابق مناقع وےگا۔ سال 2021 میں آ زمائتی آغاز کے بعد بینک نے تاجروں کو تخواہوں کی ترسیل میں آسانی فراہم کرنے اور ملاز مین کو بینک سے بیٹکنگ خدمات عاصل کرنے کی تر غیب دینے کے لئے Meezan Payroll "Partner کا آغاز کیا۔ بینک نے المیز ان انویسٹنٹ مینجنٹ (AMIM) کے ساتھ ل کر بینک صارفین کی ضروریات کویدنظرر کھتے ہوئے ایک مخصوص اسکیم قراہم کی ہے تا کہ مسلمرز کوشریعت کے مطابق اچھامنافع حاصل کرنے کا موقع مل سکے۔ بینک نے اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان (SBP) کے ایما پر مضاربہ پر بنی "Asaan Mobile Account" پروڈ کٹ کا تھی آغاز کیا تا کہ تھی تھے تھے کے موبائل فون کے ذریعے بینک اکاؤنٹ کھول کر بنیادی بدیکاری خدمات تک رسائی فراہم کی جا سکے۔ میزان بینک واحد بینک ب جو اس میل بین شریعت کے مطابق سيونكزا كاؤنث پيش كرتا ہے۔

شریعہ اورڈ کو یہ بتاتے ہوئے خوتی ہوری ہے کہ بینک نے مضاربہ جزل بول اور منافع کی تقسیم کے طريقة كارك فودكارستم يركامياني على ورآ وكل كرلياع جس عدمنافع عصاب اورتشيم ہے متعلق تمام کا موں میں شفافیت میں اضافہ ہوگا۔

بینک نے اسلامی مالیاتی اداروں کے لئے شریعہ کمیلا سے" اسٹیٹ بینک کیکویڈیٹی پنجنٹ سپولت'' کو فعال طور پراستعمال کیا جس کا آغاز گزشته سال کیا گیا تھا۔اس مہولت نے اسلامی جینکوں کوروا پی ہینکوں کے مقالعے میں یکسان مواقع فراہم کیے ہیں اور اسلامی ہینکوں کوقیل مدتی کیاویڈ_یٹی مینجمنٹ ك لئے اضافی مواقع فراہم كيے ہيں۔ ويك نے PMRC كى ساتھ مشاركه معابدہ كيا ہے جس ے بینک مسابقتی قیت پراور کم آیدنی والے طبقے کو ہاؤسٹگ فنانس فراہم کر سکے گا۔

مینک نے '' (Haball) ٹائی ایک اسلا کہ Fintech تھینی کے تعاون سے قومی اور مین لاتوا می کمپنیوں کے وینڈرز اورڈسٹری بیوٹرز گوسیلائی چین فٹانسنگ فراہم کرنے کے لئے اپنی نوعیت کا يبلاشريعت كے مطابق و يجيش فنانسگ بليث فارم لا في كيا ہے۔ جميس اميد ہے كه بيك و يجيش فنائنگ کی سہولت کے لیے دیگر شریعہ کم پیا سے Fintech کمپنیوں کے ساتھ ٹل کرالی پروڈکٹس شروع کرے گا جو SME سیکٹراور دیگر غیر فعال مارکیٹ کی حقیق ضروریات کو پوراکز سکیس گی۔

توانائی کے تحفظ اور مؤثر توانائی کی پیداوار کے متبادل کی حوصلہ افزائی کے لئے بینک اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان ری فنانس اسکیم کے تحت مشی وظر کے لئے فنائنگ فراہم کرتار با۔ وممر 2022 ویک سوار فنانسنگ میں مجموعی طور پر 5.83 ارب رو بے سے زائد کی سرمایکاری کی گئی۔

مِیک نے ADC کے شعبہ کوفروغ ویتے ہوئے اپنے لی اوالیں (POS) ایکوائرنگ برنس کا آغاز کیا جس کے آغاز کے پہلے سال میں 272 شہروں میں 10,000 سے زیادہ بی اوالیں (POS) رمینارنصب کیے گئے تھے۔ مینک نے ویزاا نفااینائٹ کارڈ بھی لا ﷺ کیا، جو بائی نیٹ ورتهدا فراد کے لئے ایک ڈیبٹ کارڈ ہے۔

روال سال کے دوران انفراسٹر کچر کی ترتی ، سرمائے کی توسیع اور پراجیک فنانسک مے متعلق ضروریات کے لیے شریعت کے مطابق دی (10) سند کیٹ معاملات مختلف کی اور سرکاری شعبے کے اواروں کے لیے نجام دیے گئے جو کہ اجارہ ،شرکت متنا قصہ اور زنگ مشار کہ پرمشتل تھے۔

POLICIES AND GUIDELINES

Standards of Ethics, Business Practices & Code of Conduct

The objective of these standards is to promote business practices within Meezan Bank, which are Shariah compliant, fair, reasonable and reflect high standards of ethical behavior.

The standards of ethics and business practices, which the Bank expects from all of its employees, is a condition of employment with the Bank and may be considered at the time of performance appraisal of an employee.

- Code of Conduct, during office hours or otherwise, shall always be that of a good citizen.
- Act with integrity, competence, dignity, and ethically while dealing with the customers, shareholders, vendors and colleagues.
- Understand and comply with the legal / regulatory requirements and internal policies and procedures of the Bank that apply to the duties assigned to the employee.
- Never willingly enter into a business transaction, which shall violate any law or principles of Islamic finance.
- Never use their position to force. induce, coerce, harass and intimidate any other person, including sub-ordinate to provide any force, gift or benefit, whether financial or otherwise, to themselves or others.
- Avoid professional misconduct involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit or misrepresentation. Any unintentional mistake, wherever possible, shall be immediately rectified and reported to the line manager.
- Not make use of any information including Bank's trade secrets, proprietary, confidential information, gained in the performance of official Bank duties as a means of making any personal profit, gain or benefit for themselves or connected persons.
- Immediately report to the management of pre-existing personal relationship with any existing or potential customer, industry representative or government employee with whom the Bank has a business relationship. Pending clearance from the management, the employee shall take no further action associated with the business in which a personal relationship exists.
- Will not use the Bank's services or facilities for private purposes except with prior permission.
- Conduct Bank's business with honesty, integrity and in a professional
- Avoid any action on his / her part that may be repugnant, unethical or unlawful.

- Avoid any action on his / her part that may be viewed as repugnant, unethical or unlawful by customers or public at large or the Bank itself.
- Avoid any activities that could involve or lead to involvement in any unlawful or unethical governance practice.
- Avoid participation in any political activities.
- Avoid participation in any other subversive activities.
- Abstain from gambling, betting and wagering contracts.
- Be exemplary in personal conduct towards the Bank, other employees and customers of the Bank.
- Safeguard the confidential information of the Bank and its customers.
- Avoid actual or potential conflicts of interests in transactions on behalf of
- Provide accurate and reliable information in records submitted.

Code of Conduct Confidential Information

Employees shall maintain strict secrecy regarding the Bank's affairs and shall not (except so far as is necessary and appropriate in the normal course of their employment) disclose to any person, any information as to the practice, dealing or affairs of the Bank or any of their customers, which may come to their knowledge by reason of their employment.

During the course of employment and after its termination for whatever reason, the employee must not disclose to anyone (nor use for any purpose other than the business of the Bank) any information relating to the Bank or its employees which is not already available to the public, unless authorized to do so. Such information includes customer data, product manuals, technical secrets. confidential research work, technical processes, operating manuals, marketing plans and strategies and other confidential financial or business information of the Bank.

Recording of Information

No unrecorded fund or assets of Bank shall be established or maintained for any reason. No false, artificial or misleading entries in the books and records of Bank shall be made for any reason. All reporting of information should be accurate, honest and timely and should be a fair representation of the facts.

Conflict of Interest

It is obligatory that:

An employee may not hold a position

- of director, consultant, employee, representative or agent with any supplier, competitor, customer, individual or organization either doing or seeking to do business with the Bank without prior written consent of the Bank's President & CEO. If any immediate family member holds a position, with any organization doing or seeking to do business with the Bank, a written disclosure must be made promptly to line manager / HRD.
- An employee may not hold any interest in any organization doing business with the Bank without the written consent of Regional Manager or Department Head, unless it is a company / establishment quoted on a Stock Exchange and the interest is less than 1 percent.

Mis-declaration/Concealment of Facts

An employee shall not make any mis-declaration or conceal the facts in knowledge. The following are illustrative examples, but are not all-inclusive:

- An employee issuing an incorrect account statement, salary certificate or any other information for any customer or staff member.
- An employee issuing a fake claim for reimbursement of any expenses whereby either the expenses are inflated and/or the difference between expenses claimed and actually incurred are pocketed by the staff member
- An employee at the time of induction in Meezan Bank (i.e. during interview and in testimonials) provided a false, forged, misleading information or concealed, hid, incompletely stated, any information regarding credentials, academic record(s), previous employment(s) and demographic details.

Know Your Customer, Vendors and Counter Parties

In order to safeguard the Bank's reputation and integrity, it is not only necessary for employees to discipline their own actions, it is also necessary to be aware of the character and actions of customers, vendors and counter parties. Care must be exercised in selecting those with whom we deal. Each Meezan Bank business must have processes in place for checking on the credit and character of customers, vendors and counter parties.

Employees must ensure that the Bank establishes relationship with only those

individuals, businesses, and entities who have a sound reputation and whose true identity has been established. Employees should conduct maximum caution in opening new accounts and before opening, ensure that due diligence steps are completed.

Gifts & Entertainment

At certain times of the year, some customers, suppliers, contractors and consultants to the Bank may present gifts or arrange entertainment for employees. While the sentiments behind such actions are usually genuine, there is a possibility that others may misconstrue them. In a minority of cases such actions may not be in the best interest of good working relationships. Gifts may be presented locally or internationally in the form of Cash or in kind of Services, either free or discounted.

Bribery & Misconduct

An employee will be guilty of an offence, who, without lawful authority or reasonable excuse:

- Solicits or accepts any advantage as an inducement or reward for doing or intending to commit any action in relation to the Bank's affairs or business.
- Showing or intending to show favors or disfavors to any person in relation to the Bank's affairs or business.
- Offers any advantage to any one as an inducement or reward for any favor/disfavor or otherwise.
- Intends to deceive the Bank by using any receipt, account or other document which is false or erroneous or defective in any way and which to employee's knowledge is intended to mislead the Bank.
- Take any cash or near-to-cash benefit from any stake holder of the bank to provide undue advantage.
- Pay any cash or near-to-cash benefit to any stake holder of the Bank to take undue advantage.

Fraud, Theft or Illegal Activities

Employees shall be alert and vigilant with respect to frauds, thefts or illegal activities committed within the office. If any such activity comes to the attention of an employee, the employee must immediately report the same to the Head of Audit, Head of Operations and Head of Human Resources; who will arrange for appropriate follow-up action to be taken. Failure to report any such activity will be subject to disciplinary action.

Money Laundering

The Bank has set its priority not to become implicated, in any way, with individuals or firms involved in criminal activities and money laundering. The employees are expected to exercise maximum caution in this regard.

The employee should know the customer, be vigilant for unusual circumstances and immediately report any suspected case to the Manager / Area Manager / Regional Manager / Compliance Department/Audit Department, who will arrange for appropriate follow-up action to be taken. Failure to report any such activity will be subject to disciplinary action.

Courtesy & Manners

Employees of Meezan Bank shall maintain utmost courtesy and exemplary manners when interacting with clients or with each other. Employees are dealing on behalf of the Bank, so they are required to keep high standards of professionalism and ethics. Any violations of this code shall be brought to the attention of supervising officials as well as the Human Resources Department for their information, record and remedial disciplinary action.

Honesty & Integrity

Employees shall serve the Bank, devote whole time during office hours and discharge their duties honestly, faithfully and use their utmost endeavors to promote the interest of the Bank. They shall behave with decorum, integrity, show courtesy and attention in all dealings with customers, government officials, senior officers, colleagues, subordinates and general public.

Participation in Political Organizations

No employee shall take part in, subscribe in aid of, or assist in anyway in any political movement in Pakistan during the office timing at the office premises. No employee shall use official influence in connection with or take part in any election to a legislative body, whether in Pakistan or elsewhere.

Ideology of Pakistan

No employee shall express views detrimental to the ideology or integrity of Pakistan.

Direct Representations to the High Govt. & Meezan Bank Officials

No employee shall make any personal representations directly to Chairman, Directors or Members of the Board, or Government functionaries. Such representations must be addressed to the President & CEO through the immediate supervisor of the employee. However this policy does not, in any way, seek to block a citizen's redress to the judiciary and other statutory redresses.

Core Values

- Shariah Compliance
- Integrity
- Service Excellence

Meezan Bank's Personality

The Bank expects its employees to be:

- Sober
- Truthful
- Committed to excellence
- Empathetic
- Professional
- Extremely loyal
- Dependable friend
- Trustworthy business partner
- Committed to the cause of Islamic banking

Health & Hygiene

Personal Hygiene is the most important aspect of our daily life. The personality is perceived by its degree of neatness. The personal hygiene covers care of body odor, bad breath, teeth, nails, ears, nose, hair, daily shower, shave (if not keeping proper beard), daily wear washed, clean, pressed clothes etc.

Computer, E-mail, Information Security

Meezan Bank computer system contains an e-mail facility, access rights, information and software, which are intended to promote effective communication within and outside the Bank, on matters relating to its business and facilitate routine information flow and smooth and safe transactions.

The e-mail system should therefore only be used for official/business purpose. All communication and information are the property of Meezan Bank and the Bank reserves the right to retrieve the contents of the messages for the purpose of monitoring. The employee shall be held accountable for all activities under his/her password.

Dress Code & Professional Attire

Attire is a reflection of professionalism as well as that of the Bank's brand and personality. A professional business appearance together with a high standard of personal hygiene is expected from all employees. The Official Dress Code of Meezan Bank is professional corporate attire inline with traditional Islamic modesty. At Meezan Bank every staff member is expected to have a professional business appearance together with a high standard of personal hygiene.

Guidelines on Whistle-Blowing

The purpose of these whistle blowing guidelines is to provide a mechanism to Bank's stakeholders (employees, customers, vendors, etc.) to report any activity which in their opinion may cause financial and/or reputational loss to the Bank. The major objectives of whistle blowing policy can be classified as:

- To provide an environment whereby stakeholders feel confident to blow the whistle without any fear of reprisal, subsequent discrimination and of being disadvantaged in any way;
- To develop a culture of accountability and integrity:
- To create awareness amongst stakeholders regarding the whistle blowing function; and
- To be a source of early warning signal.

Scope

The scope of these guidelines includes, without limitation, disclosure of all types of unlawful acts / orders, fraud. corruption, misconduct, collusive practices or any other activity which undermines Bank's operations, financial position, reputation and mission.

Who must blow the whistle and how?

It is the responsibility of each and every stakeholder of the Bank, instead of limiting it to a particular department or senior management only, that if any stakeholder observes any suspicious, fraudulent or unethical activity, transaction or act that may cause a potential threat to the Bank or could be against the interest of the Bank, he/she

must immediately report this to Whistle Blowing Unit through various modes including but not limited to Meezan Bank's website, E-mail, fax, mobile and landline

Confidentiality & protection of whistle blowers

The whistle blowing mechanism has been designed to ensure complete confidentiality of the entire process and also enables the bank to take immediate corrective measures. Identification of the whistleblower is kept completely confidential except as required by law or who have legitimate right to know. The bank stands committed to protect whistleblowers for whistle blowing and any subsequent harassment or victimization of the whistleblower is not tolerated.

Guidelines for Safety of Records of the Company

Comprehensive guidelines are in place at Meezan Bank for ensuring that physical documents are being archived in an organized, efficient and reliable manner. These guidelines encompass detailed processes for preservation, organization, transfer, retrieval and destruction of physical records. The guidelines comprise of the following elements:

General Guidelines

This section deals with the role of the Administration Department in providing an Archive facility outside the branch and provides guidelines on when old records will be transferred to the archive, signatories that may authorize retrieval of records, treatment of records under litigation / dispute, type of records that may be kept under fire-proof cabinet, and the convention to be followed for allocating serial numbers to archived records.

Preservation of Old Records

This section deals with maintenance of old records in a secured environment and the procedure for documenting their complete details to facilitate retrieval and destruction after expiry of retention timelines. This section also defines the responsibilities of the Archiving Officer.

Procedures to Handle Records at Archives

These are detailed procedures with clearly allocated responsibilities of Branch / Head Office departments and archiving officers for transferring/retrieval of records to and from Archives.

Destruction of Records

This section provides guidelines about the type of records that need to be retained permanently or till the time approval from Regulators is obtained for their destruction. e.g. cases in litigation, records relating to suspicious

transactions, etc. Relevant Branch Manager / Area Manager / Departmental Head is responsible for checking and verifying the list of records that need to be destroyed. For branch records, Head Office operations will finally approve branch's request for destruction of record, which will be carried out in the presence of Branch Manager and Operations Manager.

Retention of Old Records

These guidelines outline the various types of records and the recommended period for their retention and subsequent destruction in view of the Banking Companies Ordinance, SBP Prudential Regulations and other regulatory requirements.

Standardized Formats

Formats for forms and registers have been provided to facilitate standardization and controls across Meezan Bank's network.

Summary of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy

Scope of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy

The CSR Policy pertains to all corporate social responsibility activities undertaken by Meezan Bank and applies to all employees of the Bank.

Activities undertaken by the Bank may include projects being implemented independently by Meezan Bank or projects undertaken in coordination with other entities.

Objective of Meezan Bank's **CSR** initiatives

To contribute as a responsible corporate citizen to the community and environment in which the Bank is operating.

Areas of Focus

Meezan Bank may contribute in the form of financial assistance, providing logistic support and availability of human resources for charitable causes in various sectors including, but not limited to the

ones mentioned below, as per the Management's discretion:

- Health
- Social & Environment Sustainability
- Education
- Creating awareness about the prohibition of Riba and the available alternatives

The Bank may also encourage its employees to volunteer and contribute to its own or other organizations' CSR initiatives.

Summary of Sustainability Policy

Purpose

The Purpose of this Sustainability Policy is to provide framework for incorporating sustainability into the Bank's business operations and to minimize the environmental, social & ethical risks to Bank's stakeholders and to organization

Scope of Sustainability Policy

The Sustainability Policy shall support business decision making at all levels of the Bank and will provide a frame of reference for dealing with direct and indirect sustainability risks.

It is applicable to all of the Bank's organizational units and departments and may include projects and business activities being implemented independently by Meezan Bank or projects undertaken in coordination with other entities.

Summary of Green Banking Policy

Scope and Objective

The Green Banking Policy of Meezan Bank has been prepared in light of the 'Green Banking Guidelines' issued vide IH & SMEFD Circular # 08 dated October 09, 2017 of State Bank of Pakistan, The objective of this policy is to

institutionalize Green Banking across Meezan Bank by focusing on the following major aspects:

- Governance Structure and Responsibilities
- Organizational Structure
- Environmental Risk Management Framework
- Green Business Facilitation
- Own Impact Reduction/In-house **Environment Management**
- General Guidelines

Summary of Information Security Policy

Information Security relates to protection of valuable assets against loss, misuse, disclosure or damage. Each asset has to be reviewed from the perspective of its Confidentiality, Integrity and its Availability to the authorized personnel. A number of factors play a critical role in the successful implementation of information security.

Information Security Policy

The Information Security Policy defines the policies and procedures to ensure that information is adequately protected against improper and uncontrolled disclosure. Meezan Bank's Information Security Policy is based on ISO 27001. The policy comprises of the following domains:

Organization of Information Security

In order to manage information security within the Bank, a framework has been established by the Bank's management to initiate and control the implementation of information security within the organization.

Identification and Prioritization of Information System Assets

To ensure the criticality of information system assets is defined in line with the Tier Classification.

Risk Assessment & Treatment

To review IT System and Operation for identifying and mitigating the risk that could affect Meezan Bank's infrastructure through internal and external attacks. The basis of these assessments is the Confidentiality, Integrity and Availability

(CIA) of the information assets and services.

Cyber Security Action Plan

Cyber security action plan is developed to proactively address the likely cyber-attacks in order to anticipate, withstand, detect and respond to cyber-attacks in line with international standards and best practices.

Cyber Crime and Methods of Prevention

To protect the Bank against the range of cybercrimes by formulating methods of Prevention.

Human Resources Security

This segment of the policy ensures that the Bank's employees, contractors and third-party users understand their responsibilities and are suitable for the roles they are considered for, thereby reducing the risk of theft, fraud or misuse of facilities.

Asset Management

To achieve and maintain appropriate protection of the Bank's Information Assets.

Access Control

To control the access to information, information processing facilities and business processes based on business and security requirements.

Cryptography

To protect the confidentiality, authenticity and integrity of information by Cryptography (The conversion of data into a secret code for transmission over a public network.)

Physical and Environmental Security

To prevent unauthorized physical access, damage to, and interference with the Bank's premises (head office and branches) and information.

Operations Security

To ensure correct and secure operation of information processing facilities.

Threat Intelligence and **Industry Collaboration**

Share, gather and interpret Information about technical vulnerabilities and relevant cyber threats arising from information systems, services, utility providers and other banks.

Communications Security

To maintain the integrity and availability of information and information processing facilities.

Work from Home

Work from home facility provision shall only be facilitated in a controlled manner with pre-requisites defined in the procedure. The work from home arrangements is subject to system and VPN provision according to their job-role and need to use basis.

Information Systems Acquisition, Development and Maintenance

To ensure that security measures are always built into and are an integral part of all information systems.

Supplier Management

To ensure the protection of the organization's information assets that is accessible by IT suppliers for providing IT service delivery.

Information Security Incident Management

To ensure that information security events and weaknesses associated with the Bank's information systems are communicated in a manner that allows timely corrective action to be taken.

Information Security Aspects of Business Continuity Management

To counteract interruptions to business activities and to protect critical business processes from the effects of major failures of information systems or disasters and to ensure their timely resumption of bank Operations.

Compliance

To ensure compliance in order to avoid breaches of any law, statutory, regulatory or contractual obligations, and of any security requirements.

IT Governance Policy

Scope

This policy creates the governance for the Information Technology Division for the Bank under the supervision of IT Steering Committee, Board IT Committee and Board of Directors. This policy describes and create a framework that will pave the roadmap on which IT Division will provide services to Bank's business functions and to ensure that the Bank's business operations are driven based on Technology Solutions.

Objective

To put in place the policy framework for IT Governance at the Bank in order to provide services to the Bank's Business functions. This policy framework is also aligned with the IT Security Policy of the Bank which is based on the standard ISO 27001

Executive Summary

Establish Partnership with business to enrich Business and IT alignment and by delivering cost effective technology solutions and services

This model describes all functions of the IT Division in the form of services which results in business benefits. It consists of five core services area (IT Service Strategy, IT Service Design, IT Service Transition, IT service Operations and Continual IT Service Improvement) that cover best practices and guidelines within IT management.

Key Areas – IT Management Policy

Key areas in Meezan Bank IT Management Policy are as follows:

- 1. IT Capacity and Performance Management provides guidelines for maintaining scalable IT capacity and making the best and optimal use to meet the performance requirements expected by the business.
- 2. IT Project Management defines standard and best practice guidelines

- for project management to assure that they are accomplished in timely, cost effective manner. It is governed by PMO Charter.
- Change Management emphasizes on managing all changes within the IT environment including emergency changes, fixes and patch management to minimize the disruption in services.
- 4. IT Helpdesk and Problem Management ensures incidents and problems related to systems are reported, tracked investigated and resolved in effective and efficient manner.
- Service Level Agreement Management ensures the SLA's are established, agreed between vendors and IT in line with Business needs to gauge the service delivery performance.
- 6. IT System Acquisition Management caters the way the IT Systems should be procured in line with Bank's expenditure policy.
- 7. Configuration Management covers the rules for configuration of information technology devices and infrastructure for tracking and controlling all changes to information systems of the Bank.
- 8. IT Compliance Management defines the way ITD works under compliance guidelines.
- 9. IT Continuity Management covers the aspect of Business Continuity Plan and Disaster Recovery Plan in case of any service disruption.
- 10. IT Backup and Restoration Management defines the rules for backup and storage of electronic information within the entity that are responsible for electronic data stored in archive.

- 11. IT Outsourcing Management defines the framework for outsourcing of IT services.
- 12. Software Solution Development and Maintenance Management facilitates the effective development and maintenance of Software solutions to compliment business functions.
- 13. IT Infrastructure Management determines the process for requirements analysis, planning, design, deployment and on-going operations management. It also ensures technology is accessible and equipped with current hardware and software for application management.
- 14. Network Management defines the principles covering internal and external network environment operated by the Bank including Logical Access Management, Infrastructure security, Operational Management and Bandwidth Management.
- 15. Database Management aims at ensuring the availability, integrity, security, consistency and accuracy of the Bank's database.
- 16. Virus and Malware Management ensures that systems, database and software are protected against the risk to malicious software and unauthorized code.
- 17. Internet and Intranet Usage Management defines the rules for Internet usage.
- 18. Desktop Support Management defines the principle covering the IT related Support activities and covers the Installation and configuration of desktops in branches and providing first level support.
- 19. Cloud computing management defines the controls of outsourcing IT services to cloud.

Salient Features - Directors' Remuneration Policy

- Remuneration shall be fixed in Pakistani Rupees (PKR) invariably; nevertheless, payment of the same can be made to foreign Directors in equivalent foreign currency(ies), where necessary, after obtaining the regulatory approvals as may be required from time to time.
- 2. No single member of the Board of Directors shall determine his/her own remuneration.
- 3. Proper and transparent disclosure of remuneration and other benefits/facilities provided to the Board members shall be made in the annual financial
- statements of the Bank, as per SBP instructions issued from time to time.
- 4. The Fees for attending the Board and its Committee meetings shall be as follows:

Board Meeting Fee Rs. per meeting

Committee Meeting Fee Rs. per meeting

| Chairman | 960,000 | 650,000 |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Other Non-executive Directors | 800,000 | 650,000 |

- 5. The Board and Committee meeting fees will be approved by the shareholders in Annual General Meeting on pre or post facto basis on the recommendation of the Board and Board Human Resources, Renumeration & Compensation Committee. The meeting fee, in any case, shall not exceed the limits prescribed by the Regulators.
- 6. All traveling / boarding / lodging expenses of the Directors related to

Attendance of Board Meeting(s)/ Committee Meetings will be borne by the Bank at actuals. Expenses such as hotel stay etc. incurred due to personal reason or reason other than performance of Bank's duties and business will be borne by the concerned Director.

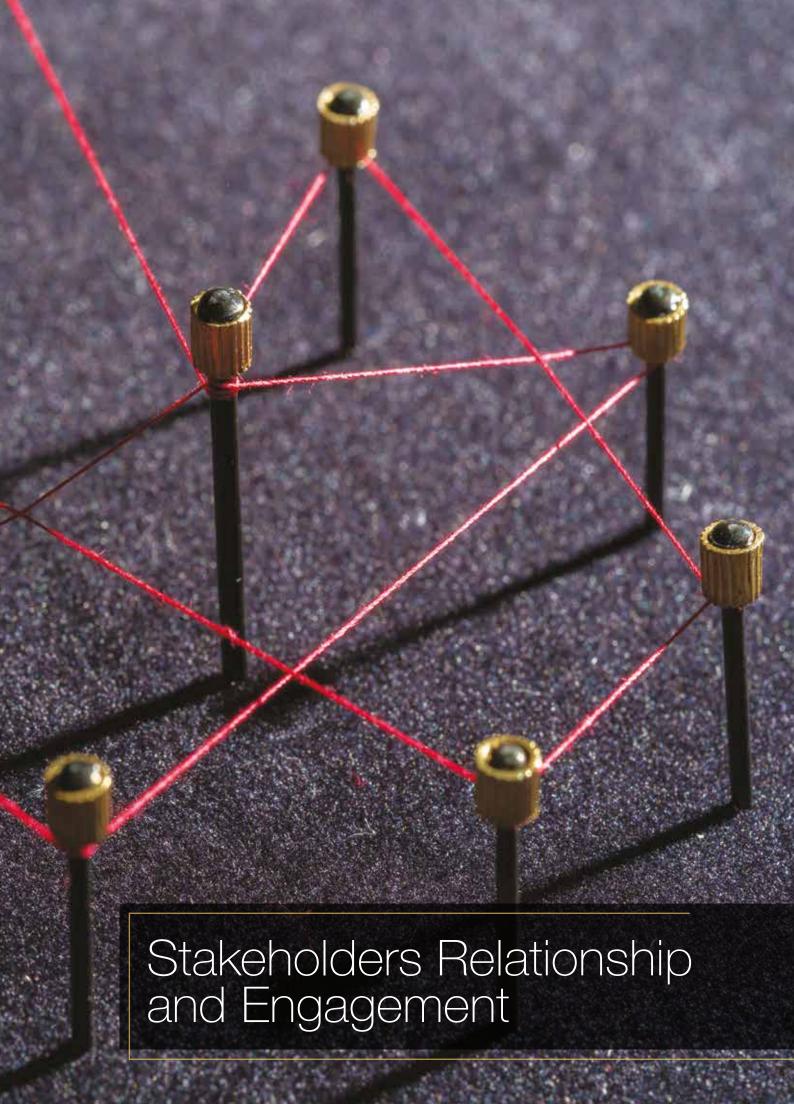
- 7. No additional payments or perquisites will be paid to the Non-Executive Directors and Chairman except as mentioned in above clauses.
- 8. No consultancy or allied work shall be awarded to a Director or to the firm(s), institution(s) or company(ies) etc. in which he/she individually and/or in concert with other Directors of the Bank, holds substantial interest.
- 9. No remuneration under this policy would be paid to the Executive Directors except travel and boarding costs as per the Bank's standard rules and regulations and relevant laws.



ISLAMIC FINANCE OUR CONSTITUTIONAL ESPONSIB

Islamic Banks are transforming Quaid's vision into reality, simultaneously playing a crucial role in fulfilling the constitutional responsibility by developing an interest-free financial infrastructure that is in accordance with the teachings of Holy Quran and Sunnah. The Preamble of the 1973 Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan states: The Muslims shall be enabled to order their lives in the individual and collective spheres in accordance with the teachings and requirements of Islam as set out in the Holy Quran and Sunnah

Article 38 (f) of the Constitution of Pakistan (1973) clearly states the State is responsible to eliminate Riba (interest) as early as possible



HOW WE ENGAGE WITH OUR STAKEHOLDERS

Meezan Bank maintains active engagement with its stakeholders to drive its business. All stakeholder engagement is driven by the Bank's Core Values - Shariah-compliance, Integrity and Service Excellence, to address its business impact and to enhance the value created.

Key Stakeholders

Modes of Engagement

Customer satisfaction

surveys and feedback

Frequency

Key Initiatives

Customers



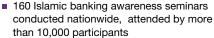
Value Created

Online, phone, social media and postal communication





24.7 million customer awareness SMS sent in 14 different campaigns



Active interaction and prompt follow-up to queries/feedback received on Bank's official channels including social media

Bi-annual customer letters

12 webinars held for customers

- Launched Islamic Banking awareness video with Sign Language
- Launched Cyber Security awareness campaigns social media

Promote financial inclusion, fair treatment and high customer satisfaction and loyalty.



Informative video on Murabaha and how it works in sign language





Value Created



Create shareholder value and build strong corporate governance. Minimize non-compliance resulting in any potential sanctions, penalties and/or reputational loss.

Financial statements







Annual General Meeting

Media releases

sessions



Responding to multiple queries of institutional investors and ESG analysts

Investors & Analyst briefing



- Consistent payment of dividend
- Conducted 3 investor briefing sessions
- Conducted 1 corporate briefing session
- Participated in Tundra Fonder ESG, Terra Nova ESG due diligence questionnaires Global Islamic Bankers' Survey and OICCI CSR report

Regulatory **Bodies**



Value Created

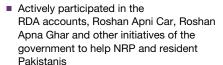
Regular engagement for matters impacting business and compliance through face to face, written and telephonic communication





Audit and annual reports





■ 523 Regulatory & Compliance sessions including:

- AML/CFT Training
- Outreach Awareness on ML/TF/PF (Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing & Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction)
- Information Security and Trade Compliance
- Gender Sensitization & Banking on Equality
- · Actively participated in SBP Banking Services Corporation (SBP-BSC) 'Young Islamic Banking Professionals (Y-IBP) Program' and arranged 'One Day Branch Visits' for SZABIST students and faculty.

Enhance capability to adapt to regulatory compliance and establish strong risk management and control.



Frequency Key Initiatives Key Stakeholders Modes of Engagement CEO messages on regular **Employees** Regular cyber security awareness and topical subjects campaigns for staff ■ Employee Share Option Scheme (ESOS) Training initiatives ■ Introduction of 'Iddat leave With Pay' for its Value Created **Employee Satisfaction Survey** divorced or widowed female staff Offsite strategy sessions & ■ 1,334 internal and external training sessions townhall meetings Manage employee relations 75 Induction Training Programs held to create an inclusive and Employee benefits including learning environment. Train The Trainers (TTT) Program for compensation, medical, Encourage talent attraction In-house Shariah Trainers and retention. performance bonus and end of service benefits ■ Islamic Banking Refresher Program launched for Senior Executives Internal newsletter and intranet ■ 5-day Executive Development Program for Retail Banking Group Inter-departmental sports and recreational activities Community Financial literacy initiatives ■ Enabled job opportunities for people with special abilities Hiring individuals with hearing ■ Participated in SBP's National Financial and visual impairments Literacy Program (NFLP) for financial Value Created inclusion in Pakistan Sponsoring various Launched multiple online campaigns on $\langle \mathbf{v} \rangle$ inculcating early saving habits in childeren fundraising events Campaign on International Day of Disabled Building the Islamic Persons to promote inclusion Support economic, social and sustainable development Financial industry ■ Launched Dars-e-Quran & Meezan Taleem and green banking while campaigns for Islamic Finance Education ensuring ethical and Shariah-compliant business Meezanship Program – for last semester practices. students and recent graduates. ■ ACCA Trainee Program – for deputing ACCA trainees in the Bank Media Ads through print, electronic, Interacted regularly and frequently with the local, regional and international media social media and website through PR, articles and interviews of senior management Interviews on print and electronic channels Value Created Encourage positive brand Social media platforms building, mitigate reputational risks. Regular meetings **Suppliers** Vendor briefings Value Created Quarterly Purchase agreements Ensure continuous Semi-annually supplier evaluation towards ethical practices & quality management.

Regularly/Continuous

On need basis

Encourage accessible

whistle-blowing channels.

INVESTOR RELATIONS SECTION ON CORPORATE WEBSITE

Meezan Bank places great emphasis on ensuring two-way, regular engagement with its investors through various channels. The Bank's corporate website is one such channel that is regularly updated with all important business announcements, financial results as well as regulatory information. The Investor Relations section of the Bank's website serves to connect its stakeholders with the Bank as per the applicable regulatory framework.

The Bank's website also includes all latest information regarding the Bank, including its financial highlights, Board of Directors, Management Team, External Auditors, Past and Current Financial Data, Shareholding details, investor relations/grievances, dividend information, investor information as well as such other information and a link to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's (SECP) Service Desk Management System (SDMS).

Further, in order to facilitate our shareholders, the following information has been prominently displayed on the Bank's corporate website:

- Contact details of our Share Registrar.
- Contact information of the focal person of the Bank for dealing with investors' grievances.
- Designated email address of the Bank for addressing the queries / complaints relating to shares / dividend.
- Various documents, such as Notice of AGM, Proxy Form, Dividend Mandate Form, Transfer Deed, etc. for easy access of the

For shareholders, analysts and investors, the Bank also updates contact details for investor relations and Company Secretariat.



The relevant section is available on the Bank's website: https://www.meezanbank.com/investor-relations/

STEPS TO ENCOURAGE MINORITY SHAREHOLDERS' PARTICIPATION IN GENERAL MEETINGS

The Bank ensures that the interest of the minority shareholders is protected. In order to ensure their participation in general meetings, the Bank takes the following measures:

- All notices of the shareholders' meetings are timely announced on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX), published in nationwide
- All notices of the shareholders' meetings are dispatched at the registered addresses of the shareholders as per regulatory requirement.
- Annual Reports are sent to each member of the Bank before the AGM in hard copy and/or in electronic form.
- Shareholders are facilitated in appointing proxies in case they are unable to attend the AGM in person.
- Shareholders are provided with a detailed overview of the Bank's performance, future outlook in both English and Urdu languages.
- Shareholders are encouraged to comment, raise queries and provide feedback related to the Bank's operations.
- The Bank also ensures compliance to all the regulatory requirements and takes all possible steps to encourage attendance of minority shareholders in their meetings.

Matters Raised in the Last Annual General Meeting (AGM)

No significant issue was raised in the last AGM.

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE AND ANALYST BRIEFINGS

Corporate and Analyst briefings provide the Bank, its shareholders and the investor community with an opportunity to share business updates that are relevant to the shareholders and analysts' coverage areas. As per the requirements of PSX, all listed companies are required to hold at least one Corporate Briefing Session (CBS) for the shareholders and analysts during a financial year. The Bank held one Corporate Briefing Session and one Analyst Briefing session during the year.

The interactive sessions served to apprise the audience of a detailed overview of the Bank's performance, its business environment as well as future prospects and strategy.

The audience was also informed about the Bank's focus on digital transformation and process innovation. The engagement session served to give the right perspective of the Bank's business affairs. To facilitate shareholders and to accommodate regional analysts and fund managers, conference call facilities are provided to ensure full access to all necessary stakeholders. The information and presentations are subsequently uploaded onto the Investor Relations segments on the Bank's website. Apart from Corporate and Analyst Briefing Sessions, the Bank also held Investor Briefing Sessions during the year.



These Investor Presentations are available on the Bank's website.

Dates:

Investor Briefing Session March. 2022 Corporate Briefing Session (CBS) August, 2022 Investor Briefing Session Investor Briefing Session

[BEWARE]

Meezan Bank or its Employees never ask for your









via SMS, Call or Email



[!رار!] میزان بینک یااس کے ملاز مین آپ ہے بھی بھی آپ کا









بذر بعدایس ایم ایس، کال یاای میل طلب سیس کرتے









CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY REPORT



Meezan Bank believes in conducting business in a manner that is ethical and contributes to its stakeholders, environment and society in a positive manner. Meezan Bank's consciousness of its responsibility towards society and stakeholders is also expressed in its Vision and Mission statements. The Bank's focus on CSR includes its participation in charity and donations, social welfare in terms of health and education as well as ensuring transparency in its CSR initiatives.



EDUCATION

The Citizens Foundation (TCF)

The Citizens Foundation (TCF) is one of Pakistan's leading non-profit organizations in the field of education for the less privileged. It was set up in 1995 by a group of citizens concerned with the dismal state of education in the country. Meezan Bank supported TCF by participating in a fundraiser event held at Karachi Golf Club, Karsaz. With these efforts, TCF aimed to raise funds for 48 TCF classrooms in 8 school units.

HEALTHCARE

Indus Hospital & Health Network (IHHN)

The Indus Hospital & Health Network (IHHN) provides quality healthcare absolutely free-of-cost to millions of deserving patients through its countrywide network of hospitals in Pakistan. With an exponential increase in the patient volume over the past few years, the IHHN is further expanding its services and facilities while maintaining its quality standards.

Meezan Bank supported IHHN through participating in its 7th Indus Annual Golf Tournament, 2023 that engaged more than 100 golfers and top CEOs of several organizations. The fundraiser not only helped create awareness about the network and philanthropic activities of IHHN, Karachi, but also helped collect voluntary financial support to expand and continue providing free quality healthcare to all.



40 wheelchairs donated through Dawood Global Foundation

Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust (LRBT)

Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust (LRBT) is Pakistan's largest non-governmental organization working to fight blindness in the country. Meezan Bank strongly believes in giving back to the community and donated forty wheelchairs to Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust through Dawood Global Foundation.

Meezan Bank also participated in the 6th Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust Golf Tournament fundraiser event. This event was held to create awareness and raise funds for the free

treatment of eye diseases such as cataract, glaucoma, retinal and corneal diseases in Pakistan.



Donation of Rs 35 Million

to Finance Solar Panels System for Indus Hospital & Health Network (IHHN)



Meezan Bank has long understood its responsibility towards the planet, its customers, its communities and the country. The Bank has therefore committed itself to sustainable energy and reducing the carbon footprint of its activities.

During 2022, the Bank donated Rs 35 million to Indus Hospital & Health Network (IHHN) for installation of a solar panels system. The initiative is part of the Bank's Corporate Social Responsibility and Sustainability initiatives and will provide financing to cover part of the 1.2MW solar power project being installed on the hospital's rooftop.

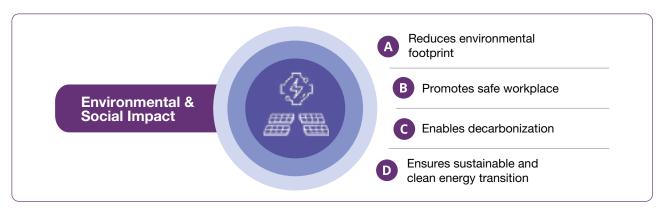


Mr. Ariful Islam - Deputy CEO, Meezan Bank at the cheque handing over ceremony with Dr. Abdul Bari Khan - Founder, Indus Hospital & Health Network.

The system financed by the Bank will generate nearly 250

KW of electricity, reducing approximately 75 tons of Carbon dioxide emissions per annum, which is equivalent to taking over 20 gasoline-powered vehicles off the road for one year.

With this solar panel system installation, IHHN would be able to reduce its rising electricity expenses while channelling those funds towards patients' welfare. The collaboration between both the parties promises a shared sustainable future for the community at large, benefitting healthcare of individuals – thus fulfilling one of the core objectives defined in the Bank's CSR policy.





Lady Dufferin Hospital (LDH)

Over the years, Lady Dufferin Hospital (LDH) has been providing high quality, free of charge / highly subsidized health care to a large population of low-income women and children. In an effort to create awareness and raise funds for fighting maternal mortality in Pakistan amongst the marginalized women of society, Meezan Bank supported Lady Dufferin Hospital by contributing towards the Dr. Faridon Setna - 3rd LDH Golf Tournament Fundraiser that took place at





Karachi Down Syndrome Program (KDSP)

The Karachi Down Syndrome Program (KDSP) is a non-profit organization formed by a group of parents and individuals who, due to limited support and resources available locally, realized a need for a platform for those with Down syndrome. Meezan Bank supported KDSP in its Annual Fundraiser Golf Tournament at Karachi Golf Club.

OTHER INITIATIVES

Supporting the Community

Meezan Bank sponsored The Food Project Trust's (FPT) kitchens in Ghazi Goth, Data Nagar and Northern Bypass, Karachi, providing freshly cooked meals to underprivileged families.

Initiated in 2009, FPT is a voluntary organization which aims to provide wholesome cooked meals to underprivileged families in low-income areas of Karachi. The trust has a total of three kitchens, which are all run by women from the local community with the vegetables and other items for the kitchen sourced from a leading superstore as well as local vendors, helping in providing livelihood to these women and supporting the economy.



Tree Plantation Drives

Meezan Bank conducted tree plantation drives at Garrison Public Library, Multan and at Molana Tariq Jamil Foundation in Tulamba, Punjab. These efforts form part of the Bank's initiatives to restore landscapes and mitigate the impacts of climate change in the country.

MODEL BRANCH INAUGURATION TO FACILITATE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (PWDs)





Mr. Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees - Chairman, Meezan Bank inaugurating the first PWD branch at Boat Basin in the presence of Mr. Irfan Siddiqui - Founding President & CEO, Meezan Bank and other Senior Executives.

Meezan Bank inaugurated a model branch designed to facilitate Persons With Disabilities (PWDs) in order to make banking more accessible and to tackle the barriers PWDs can face. Mr. Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees - Chairman, Meezan Bank inaugurated the branch at Boat Basin, Karachi. The branch features special adjustments and includes:

- Ramps and locker areas with wheelchair accessibility
- Reduced height cash counter
- Tactile floor for visually impaired
- Support bars in washrooms
- Dedicated parking space
- Talking ATMs for easy usage by visually impaired

This model will be replicated in other branches, covering all major cities/districts of Pakistan, making banking easier and convenient for PWDs.

International Day of Disabled Persons

To further spread awareness on this important issue, the Bank also observed International Day of Disabled Persons, encouraging a more inclusive Islamic banking space for everyone.







Watch the video on our PWD friendly branch

Facilitating Persons with Disabilities (PWDs):



Numerous training sessions on 'Gender Sensitization and Handling PWD Customers'



Issuance of priority token in multiple branches



Account opening form, deposit slip, remittance form along with Terms & Conditions converted to Braille script and available in numerous branches



Virtual training of 10,000 staff members on treatment of PWD customers



75% of branches equipped with wheelchair ramps for easier access to branches

Blood Donation Drive



Meezan Bank held a Blood Donation Drive at its Head office in collaboration with Indus Hospital & Health Network, where the Bank's employees contributed wholeheartedly to this noble cause. All blood donors were screened for general health and blood group type, reports of which were provided by the hospital management.



Raising Awareness of Social Causes on Social Media

Meezan Bank has regularly been raising awareness about various social causes such as financial literacy, giving back to society, inclusion of disabled persons, etc. on social media. The Bank released a detailed video on its PWD-friendly branches to encourage a more inclusive Islamic banking system in Pakistan. In addition, the Bank created awareness about breast cancer and the ways to reduce the risk of breast cancer and also about the different ways we can conserve energy in order to combat the energy crisis in our country.









Meezan Bank acknowledged by Shaukat Khanum

Meezan Bank was conferred with the Shaukat Khanum Corporate Excellence Award at the Shaukat Khanum Social Responsibility Awards 2021 held in Lahore.

Dr. Faisal Sultan - CEO, Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust presented the award to Mr. Anwar UI Haq - General Manager Lahore East Region, Meezan Bank, who received the award on the Bank's behalf. This award is a testament to Meezan Bank's commitment to giving back to the society and contributing to the welfare of the general public.

SUKUK

Since 2020 Pakistan has issued Sukuk. worth more than PKR 2.6 trillion!

This collaborative effort of the Islamic banking industry in Pakistan lead by the Ministry of Finance is reflective of the volume and potential of Islamic Banking. Not only is this a step away from Riba, closer to the constitution of Pakistan and making Quaid-e-Azam's dream a reality but has also resulted in significant cost savings for the Government.





Ration Distribution Drive in Flood-Affected Areas As a part of its ongoing relief efforts, the Bank and its employees across Pakistan initiated a ration distribution drive to help the flood-affectees.

Collaboration with Akhuwat Foundation

Meezan Bank, besides providing donation for ration, also helped Akhuwat Foundation in its donations appeal through various mediums including its social media pages and alternate distribution channels such as internet banking and Mobile App. The Bank's staff members accompanied the Akhuwat team during their donation drive in various parts of the country.



♥ Balochistan Sibbi, Bagbana Khuzdar, Village Dosa & Mithri, Naseerabad division,

Areas Covered

Umer Kot, Badin,

Nawabshah, Hyderabad, Latifabad

& Mirpurkhas

Sindh

Donations to Organizations

The Bank made donations from its charity fund to organizations that are ceaselessly working to help the flood-affected people; including Alamgir Welfare Trust International, Baitussalam Welfare Trust and Saylani Welfare International Trust.



SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

For twenty-five years, Meezan Bank has centered its core business model on enabling access to Islamic and ethical banking to promote inclusive growth through fair distribution of wealth, social justice and equitable risk sharing. Sustainable finance fits naturally with the Bank's ethos. Every day, we edge a step closer to our Vision by fulfilling our financial and social responsibilities and strive to live up to our societal duties to foster sustainable businesses that are aligned with the Islamic principle of 'Ihsan'.

As the country's leading Islamic bank and one of the largest banks in the country, Meezan is contributing to the implementation of United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) by integrating ESG matters into its decision-making through multiple business activities as well as stakeholder engagement:



Stakeholder Engagement

Meezan Bank's stakeholders are the people and organizations that affect or are affected by its operations. The Bank's commitment to its stakeholders is central to its sustainability strategy and reflects the values that allow it to create shared success with its clients, communities and other stakeholders.

Meezan Bank's personality embodies how all Meezan professionals think, operate and make decisions. These behaviours define how the Bank does its business and interacts with its stakeholders.

Meezan Bank's Personality



















Committed to Islamic banking



For further details on how we engage with our stakeholders, refer Section Stakeholders Relationship & Engagement.

Our Focus on Sustainable Finance



Climate Action

Meezan Bank is committed to driving growth for green banking initiatives and is therefore continuously exploring opportunities to support and finance environment friendly projects.

Amount disbursed in Solar Financing Rs 1.68 billion to SMEs

Amount disbursed in Green Financing Rs 1.7 billion

Renewable Energy Financing Projects



Islamic Finance Facility for Renewable Energy (IFRE)

Meezan Bank is amongst the most active banks in supporting the State Bank of Pakistan's Islamic Finance Facility for Renewable Energy (IFRE) scheme.

to SMEs

- The Bank has a comprehensive 'Green Banking Policy' in line with the guidelines of the State Bank of Pakistan duly approved by the Bank's Board of Directors.
- The Board of Directors has also implemented a policy framework that delineates broader quidelines to the Management for ensuring that adequate controls are maintained and risk is managed within acceptable limits.

Meezan Bank secured and closed the maximum number of renewable energy mandates amongst all local banks amounting to USD 272 million. These mandates have reduced the financing cost of the projects and thus benefit the end consumer in the form of reduced tariff.



Highlights of Wind and Solar Projects

| NASDA Green Energy Limited I Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Intercreditor Agent, Project Monitoring Bank, Shariah Structuring Bank, Onshore Trustee and Accounts Bank | Rs 4,601 |
|--|--------------------------|
| Gul Ahmed Electric Limited I Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Musharakah Agent | Rs 4,500 million |
| Din Energy Limited I Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Project Monitoring Bank, Musharakah Agent, Shariah Structuring ▶ Advisor and Accounts Bank | Rs 2,250 million |
| Artistic Wind Power Private Limited I Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Project Monitoring Bank, Musharakah Agent and Shariah Structuring Advisor | Rs 2,250 million |
| Cherat Cement Company Limited I Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Investment Agent | Rs 1,400 million |
| Burj Solar Energy Private Limited I Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Investment Agent | Rs 203 |
| Cherat Packaging I Mandated Lead Advisor & Arranger, Investment Agent | Rs 120 |
| Total | Rs 15,324 million |

Significance of Renewable **Energy Projects**

- The projects are a step towards changing the energy mix of the country which is currently tilted significantly towards thermal sources of energy.
- The projects will further contribute to production of cleaner and cheaper power resulting in reduction in reliance on expensive imported fossil fuels and emission reductions and at the same time meet the country's increasing demand for electricity.
- Power generated by these projects are expected to be at the lowest cost as compared to any other power project in the country to date.

Commissioned Projects

It is pertinent to mention that the perspective projects are now commissioned and are expected to generate over 600 gigawatt hours of electricity per annum.

Projects in Pipeline

Meezan Bank has also been mandated with additional deals pertaining to the utilisation of SBP subsidised development schemes. These include:

M/s. Prism Energy (Pvt.) Ltd

M/s. Prism Energy (Pvt.) Ltd intends to develop, construct and operate multiple distributed solar (rooftop and ground-mounted) sub-projects of different capacities on residential, commercial and industrial sites across Pakistan over the next 24 months under Category III of IFRE scheme.

United States Agency for International Development (USAID) Development Credit Authority (DCA) Guarantee Program for

Meezan Bank along with other players has partnered with The United States Agency for International Development (USAID) Development Credit Authority (DCA) Guarantee Program for specific financing extended by these banks for clean energy value chain. In Pakistan, the DCA program supports smaller scale clean energy projects and companies in the clean energy value chain. The DCA Guarantee is for clean energy projects and therefore encourages environment friendly and sustainable green projects which will help reduce the present energy shortfall in the country.

Meezan Bank's quarantee limit under this program is USD 5,000,000 which may cover 25% to 50% of any clean energy financing exposure under the DCA program.

Green Energy Initiatives

The Bank's main energy sources include electricity, fuel and solar power. In an effort to reduce dependence on fuel-based energy sources, the Bank is gradually shifting a portion of its branches to solar power. In line with SBP Green Banking Guidelines, the Bank has designed a Green Sustainability Drive.

with a 74 Branches cumulative including 386 tons of capacity of **Head office** CO2 saved 1.3 MW annually shifted to Solar Energy

equivalent

to planting

2,300

fully grown

trees

Donation of Solar Power Systems

40 KW Solar Power System Donated to Citizens-Police Liaison Committee (CPLC)



Mr. Irfan Siddigui - President & CEO, Meezan Bank with Mr. M. Zubair Habib - Chief CPLC Sindh

40 KW solar system, saving 11 tons of CO2 annually



250 KW Solar System Donated to Indus Hospital & Health Network (IHHN)





Mr. Ariful Islam - Deputy CEO, Meezan Bank with Dr. Abdul Bari - Founder, IHHN



Our Focus on Responsible Development

Meezan Bank's environmental commitment to build and operate sustainable properties also applies to its development project. The Bank has therefore incorporated Green Building design at its new regional office building being constructed in Islamabad and is getting LEEDS certifications (Gold category review submitted) for it. An overview of the main initiatives is as follows:

- Curtain wall glass is of 1.2 UV rating for better sunlight utilization and less energy losses (heat inflows/cooling out flows), saving approx. 30% in HVAC power consumption
- LEED compliant faucets and sanitary fixtures, in terms of water flow control/usage
- Energy efficient lighting
- Incorporation of energy recovery wheel
- State-of-the-art energy efficient HVAC system & equipment
- Noise pollution target level below 75 dB

Safe & Affordable Housing

Meezan Bank played an active role in the Government of Pakistan's program for low-cost housing construction in the country. The Scheme aimed to boost the construction sector by offering affordable housing for low-income households.

The Bank has financed 1,393 housing units worth more than Rs 6.6 billion in Mera Pakistan Mera Ghar as of Dec 31, 2022.

Facilitating Persons With Disabilities (PWDs)

To facilitate Persons With Disabilities (PWDs), Meezan Bank has introduced its first PWD model branch at Boat Basin, Karachi. The Bank is also facilitating PWDs through the following:

- Conversion of Account Opening Form, Deposit Slip, Remittance Form along with T&Cs to Braille script
- Issuance of priority token at numerous branches
- 75% of branches are equipped with wheelchair ramps, making it easier for PWDs to access branches
- Conducted training sessions on 'Gender Sensitization and Handling PWD customers'
- Over 10,000 staff trained on this topic via the Bank's Learning Management System





Employment of Special Persons

Meezan Bank provides merit-based opportunities to special persons who face challenges such as lack of speech, visual impairment, inadequate or no hearing and physical deformity; providing them with livelihood and self-reliance opportunities.





Standardization of Office Space

As the Bank goes from strength to strength, it is making efforts to standardize the configuration and optimize the workplace across its network. As an example of modified office space and to further help reduce the building's Carbon footprint, workstations at the Head Office have been standardized according to three variations. The Bank has also shifted from a triangular based set-up to a straight-line design that has helped in the following:

- Optimized space usage
- Helped increase staff seating capacity by 30% 40% within the same space
- Reduced usage of valuable materials such as wood, electric wiring/copper in wires
- Fliminated additional construction costs

As the Bank continues to implement better controls on paper usage, it is also reducing space wastage by enabling paperless environment, thus no longer needing the extra storage for files and paper records.



Our Focus on Clean Water and Sanitation

Water Conservation at Head Office

Meezan Bank acknowledges the importance of water conservation and is taking steps to ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns, to minimize its impact on the natural environment and resources.

- Ablution water from the masjid is reused for watering plants
- Water TDS monitoring & chlorination

Water Conservation at Meezan Tower

With the new Meezan Tower currently under construction in the country's capital city, the Bank has made use of harvesting tanks to augment the fresh water resources and to harvest rainwater.

- 30,000 gallons specific tank for rain water harvesting
- 45,000 gallons at UGWT and 15,000 gallons of water reserved at OHWT to meet water demand during fire events
- 85,000 gallons of water conserved
- Addition of chlorine to purify water for usage as grey water

Water Infrastructure Projects

With respect to development of water and infrastructure projects, Meezan Bank has been playing a pivotal role in terms of financing of these projects. In this regards, the Bank has been engaged with various water infrastructure developers in order to streamline the water related issues currently being faced by the country.

E-waste

The Bank is responsibly recycling/disposing and selling obsolete IT equipment for reuse in an effort to reduce its environmental impact. A major component of the Bank's e-waste includes desktops, laptops and screens.

With the extended life plan, the Bank has introduced a buy-back option for employees for further personal use of laptops.

Paper Recycling

The Bank has in place a stringent paper recycling and discarding policy to ensure privacy and information security of its operations as well as customers information.

Paper Recycling & Disposal Mechanism



Approx. 38% PCs, laptops and screens are re-used

33,195 kgs paper recycled





The Bank is working to ensure proper implementation of Green Sustainability drive in every region of Its network, focusing on the following areas:



Issuance of Energy Conservation Guidelines and targets



Guidelines to switch-off electricity in case of non-usage



Employee capacity-building workshops and trainings on Occupational Health, Emergency Response, Employee Coaching & Environmental Compliance, Fire Drills and how to be a safety warden



Installation of auto fire extinguishers



Energy efficient building designs for new buildings



Re-designed energy-saving branch signage



Maintaining a large plantation section at the Head Office that utilizes recycled ablution water from the in-house mosque



Implementation of electronic process flows, eco-printing campaign, tracking system for photocopied documents and e-statements



Deployment of energy efficient ATMs



Our Focus on Managing Customer Relations

Digital Leadership

Meezan Bank is leveraging the latest technologies to strategically expand its reach, bring in newer product innovations, digitize its customers journeys and offer newer and simpler payment solutions. Today, the Bank enjoys digital leadership in multiple areas.

Launch of First-ever Digital Hajj Portal

During 2022, the Bank launched the first-ever Hajj Portal that allowed digital collection of Govt. Hajj applications and all types of payment integration (i.e. Internet Banking, ATM, Mobile App, 1Link & branch counter).

- Highest-Rated Mobile App on Google Playstore & Apple App Store
- Highest Debit Card Spend in the Industry
- Largest E-commerce Share in the Industry
- Highest No. of Transactions passing through 1Link Grid in Industry
- Largest Processor of Bill Payments by Value on 1Link
- Highest receivers of IBFT in Pakistan
- Highest No. of Fintech Partnerships in Pakistan
- Fastest Geographic Penetration in Acquiring Business
- Most Popular Choice of ATMs for other banks' cards



Our Focus on Financial Literacy & Islamic Banking Awareness

The Bank continued its efforts towards conducting Islamic finance education programmes through public events, webinars, social media as well as SMS campaigns. The content of these campaigns is carefully designed by Islamic finance experts to help individuals understand various concepts of Islamic finance and dispel misunderstandings about this field.

Islamic Banking Awareness Seminars

160

No. of Participants

10,000+



Publications by Employees

The Bank fosters a culture of learning and continuous development which is evident from the various papers and articles published by its employees some of which are mentioned here. Over the years, the Bank's employees have played a significant role in developing the Islamic finance industry.



Essays in Honour of Dr Ishrat Husain

Ahmed Ali siddiqui

Centers for Excellence in Islamic Finance







Through its strategic initiatives; Centers for Excellence in Islamic Finance at Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS), Institute of Business Administration (IBA) and IM Sciences (Peshawar), the Bank is making a substantial contribution in increasing the relevant skills for employment and entrepreneurship of youth in the country.

Young Islamic Banking Professionals (Y-IBP) Program

To address the shortage of qualified Islamic finance professionals, the SBP Banking Services Corporation (BSC) has launched 'Young Islamic Banking Professionals (Y-IBP) Program' under which students of different universities are provided with Islamic finance education. As a first step, Meezan Bank and SBP visited Shaheed Zulfikar Ali Bhutto Institute of Science and Technology (SZABIST) to offer them internship opportunities.

The Bank also arranged 'One Day Branch Visits' for the students and faculty members to help them understand the different operations of Islamic banking.

Meezanship Program

In 2022, the Bank initiated a structured internship program titled 'Meezanship Program', which offers last semester students and recent graduates with an internship program of three to six months, leading to performance-based employment opportunity.

Meezanship Program is designed to allow qualified and motivated students with diverse backgrounds exposure to the Bank's projects and corporate functions. The main goal is to allow potential candidates to improve their analytical and technical skills in a professional environment under the supervision of field experts.

ACCA Trainee Program

Meezan Bank established 'ACCA Trainee Program' in 2006 to hire ACCA trainees who wish to grow in the field of Finance and Accounting. This year, the Bank relaunched this program in view of market needs and inducted 49 trainees to develop a pipeline of potentially qualified ACCA individuals to be hired as regular employees of the Bank.





Our Focus on Our Employees

Considered as Meezan Bank's most valuable asset; the Bank provides its employees an inclusive environment that provides them multiple growth opportunities, recognizes and rewards their performance and supports them in ensuring their financial, physical and emotional wellness.

Staff Benefits

The Bank provides multiple benefits to its employees including medical assistance, hospitalization coverage, vehicle maintenance and travel allowance, among others. The Bank has also instituted outpatient, hospitalization and maternity benefit plans (including pre and post hospitalization expenses) for its employees by providing coverage for these eventualities.

2022 Human Capital Management Highlights: .



Cafeteria at Subsidized Cost



Free Daycare Facility for Working Parents



State-of-the-art Gvm



Staff Relocation Allowance to encourage deployment in rural & unbanked areas



Ex-Gratia Inflationary Bonus for approx. 12,500 employees



Ex-Gratia 25-Year Anniversary Bonus



Additional Performance Bonus for eligible employees



Introduction of Iddat Leaves with Pay

Employee Share Option Scheme (ESOS)

To recognize the contribution of staff members towards the Bank's success and to incentivize retention of talented team members, the Bank introduced Employee Share Option Scheme in 2021, pursuant to which employees meeting certain criteria are given the option of purchasing shares of the Bank at a 30% discount to market price. This Scheme is designed to run for a period of 10 years.

Approximately 7,500,000 shares were granted to staff during 2022 under this scheme.

Scheme duration

Helping in the moments that matter

Stepping up to provide help and support in times of need is the sign of a true friend. To help its employees cope with situations where they need financial support, Meezan Bank had launched its Employee Benevolent Fund Trust (EBFT) program in November 2012. EBFT is a joint employee and company-funded program that allows employees to seek financial support for themselves and for their families during difficult times.

Employee Benevolent Fund Trust

The Bank provides financial assistance to its employees and their families for medical, marriage and education related expenses on need and merit basis;

Medical Exigencies:

- 100% Grant given for hospitalization cases of staff (as well as immediate family)
- 90% Grant & 10% Qarz given for hospitalization cases for parents' medical cases

Financial Support to the Family of Deceased Staff:

- Rs.50,000/- for funeral of deceased staff
- Between Rs. 30,000 to Rs. 100,000 per month for five years to support the family of deceased staff

Education:

- 100% Qarz given for Self-education.
- 100% Qarz given Children's Professional Education

Marriage:

■ Rs.300,000/- provided as 100% Qarz for self, daughter & sister marriage

Flood Relief via EBFT

This year many employees have endured impacts of the devastating flood that hit the country. Meezan Bank took steps to ensure safety and provide financial support to those team members who had been effected by the floods.



Employee Fitness

During 2022, the Bank launched a holistic incentive-based fitness drive that promoted employee well-being. The program supported employees through general health and stress-management guidance to help them create and achieve personalized goals. Incentives were built into the program to help them with weight management, while also providing consistent coaching on health. Employees who chose to participate in the program were asked to complete a health assessment to help them understand their current health and potential risks. With manageable goals, employees then competed organization-wide in the program that also offered financial incentives.



2022 Meezan Fitness Drive Highlights:



Physical Exam



Lifestyle Coaching



Achieve Goals



Receive Incentives

employees

Preparing a Workforce for the Future

Meezan Bank realizes that its success is dependent on its people. It is therefore investing in its employees to help foster a culture of innovation and personal development. The Bank offers an extensive range of training opportunities to employees for their professional development.



1,334 training programs

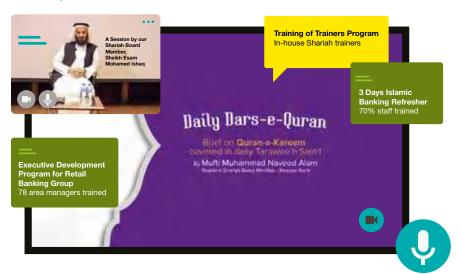


1,384 training days & 37,537 learners days



34.440 staff trained (12,377 unique staff)

31 Sessions on banking and equality (awareness of gender sensitization and persons with disabilities).



Complaint Management

The Bank continues to strive towards working with stakeholders not only to expedite the resolution, but also to identify and address underlying causes because of which customer dissatisfaction emanates. In order to achieve these objectives, dedicated units are in place to resolve customer complaints, disputes and allegations of fraud. The Bank also has Customer Grievance Handling Policy in place and is fully committed towards complying with regulations of the SBP related to customer grievance handling.

Total Complaints Directly Received: 350.343 Average TAT: 7.8 days

Business Ethics & Anti-Corruption Measures

Meezan Bank has a comprehensive Code of Conduct and Standard of Ethics that form part of its Human Resource Policy. The Code of Conduct applies to all employees, from Senior Management to front-line staff across all verticals of the Bank. In addition to Disciplinary Action Committee for branch banking and head office and Disciplinary Action Review Committee, the Bank has also established an Anti-Harassment Committee that deals with instances of sexual harassment reported either verbally or in writing.



Our Focus on Compliance & Fair Banking

Shariah Audit & Compliance Check

As the country's leading Islamic bank, Meezan takes pride in adopting ethical screening and assessment in its operations. A stringent Shariah-compliance check and Audit ensures that the Bank's activities are as per Islamic principles. Meezan Bank is also playing its part in helping its employees understand the growing scope of regulatory compliance and maintaining robust and sustainable operations.

Regulatory & Compliance Training Sessions 9,720 **Employees trained**



Our Focus on Supporting Our Communities

Financial Inclusion through Farmers Literacy Program - Kissan Baithak

Kissan Baithak aims to develop collaboration between farmers and Meezan Bank. Through Kissan Baithak, the Bank is enhancing its outreach and building capacity of rural households in non-financial areas by sharing information from qualified agriculture graduates serving as Agriculture Finance Officers (AFOs). Numerous sessions of Farmer's Literacy Program for Islamic financial solutions were organised in the rural villages of Bahawalpur, Naseerabad, Badin, Hyderabad, Sahiwal, Sadiqabad, Depalpur, Okara, Yazman, Shorkot, Kunri, Layyah, Kasur, Chistiyan, Multan, Rahimyar Khan and D.I. Khan that aimed to:

- Provide advisory services on better agriculture farm management both in crop & non-crop sectors
- Share information on innovation in agriculture
- Resolve farmers' queries about Islamic banking









Our Focus on Diversity & Inclusion

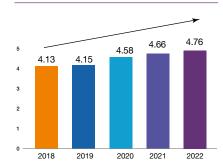
Board's Policy on Diversity

As an equal opportunity employer, Meezan Bank understands the importance of diversity at work place. With diversity high on its agenda, there has been an increase of 27% in female population compared to last year. The Board Human Resources, Remuneration and Compensation Committee (BHRR&CC) and Board of Directors have also approved a policy named Banking on Equality, which caters financial inclusion with respect to female customers and gender diversity at workplace.

Female Employees



Employees' Average Years of Services

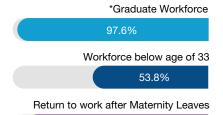


Ratio of Annual Paid Leave Taken



Ratio of Annual Paid Leaves Taken = (Total staff who have availed the Leaves / Total staff who are eligible for annual leave as of the year)

Human Capital



96.8%

Asian Development Bank (ADB) Women's Finance Exchange (WFX) Program

The Women's Finance Exchange (WFX) is a new ADB initiative to support financial institutions and their women borrowers through innovative tech-enabled solutions, digital support and capacity building. During 2022, the Bank remained involved in ADB WFX in an effort to increase access to finance for women entrepreneurs including digitalization and green finance goals.



Our Focus on Employee & Customer Safety

Data Protection and Cyber Security

The Bank remains committed to the safety of its customers, employees and other stakeholders. Some of our practices in this respect include:





A Robust Information Security Policy

Regular Awareness Campaigns for **Employees & Customers**

Regular Testing & Assessments to Identify System Vulnerabilities

24.7 million Customer Awareness SMS sent 4 Campaigns



The Bank has invested in protecting its employees and customers through the following means

Employees

- Medical and Life Takaful coverage
- Shuttle transportation with security at subsidized cost for travelling to and from Meezan House (Head Office)
- High-tech security systems and security guards are deployed at the Bank's premises
- Well-designed fire-fighting system, with availability of trained fire fighters at the location
- Regular fire training and evacuation drills to help employees become aware of the safety steps in case
- Provision of a trained and assigned team to provide assistance to staff in the case of a fire or natural calamity

Customers

The Bank has invested in protecting its customers through the following means:

- Strong compliance of regulations for the security of Internet Banking.
- First bank to introduce EMV CHIP and PIN security on its debit cards which is complemented with no-fallback mechanism.
- Implementation of various checks to detect frauds against Internet Banking and Mobile App.
- Blocking and unblocking of debit cards via Mobile App and Internet Banking.
- Setup of 24/7 monitoring team to detect and respond to any fraud attempts through Meezan Bank's digital banking









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Meezan Bank Limited

Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Meezan Bank Limited (the Bank), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, along with unaudited certified returns received from the branches except for 35 branches which have been audited by us and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at December 31, 2022 and of the profit and other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network

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Following is the Key Audit Matter:

| S.No. | Key Audit Matter | How the matter was addressed in our audit |
|-------|---|---|
| 1 | Provision against Islamic financing and related assets (Refer notes 6.3.2 and 11.12 to the unconsolidated financial statements) | |
| | The Bank makes provision against Islamic financing and related assets on a time-based criteria that involves ensuring that all non-performing Islamic financing and related assets are classified in accordance with the ageing criteria specified in the Prudential Regulations (PRs) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). In addition to the above time-based criteria, the PRs require a subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of borrowers to determine the classification of Islamic financing and related assets. The PRs also require the creation of general provision for certain categories of Islamic financing and related assets. The Bank has recognised a net provision against Islamic financing and related assets amounting to Rs. 3,249.734 million in the unconsolidated profit and loss account in the current year. As at December 31, 2022, the Bank holds a provision of Rs 22,593.403 million against Islamic financing and related assets. The determination of provision against Islamic financing and related assets based on the above criteria remains a significant area of judgement and estimation. Because of the significance of the impact of these judgements / estimations and the materiality of Islamic financing and related assets relative to the overall unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank, we considered the area of provision against Islamic financing and related assets as a key audit matter. | Our audit procedures to verify provision against Islamic financing and related assets included, amongst others, the following: We obtained an understanding of the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the relevant controls established by the Bank to identify loss events and for determining the extent of provisioning required against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets. The testing of controls included testing of: • controls over correct classification of non-performing Islamic financing and related assets on time-based criteria; • controls over monitoring of Islamic financing and related assets with higher risk of default and correct classification of non-performing Islamic financing and related assets on subjective criteria; • controls over accurate computation and recording of provisions; and • controls over the governance and approval process related to provisions, including continuous reassessment by the management. We selected a sample of Islamic financing accounts and performed the following substantive procedures: • checked repayments of Islamic financing / profit instalments, tested classification of non-performing Islamic financing and related assets based on the number of days overdue; and • evaluated the management's assessment for classification of a customer's financing facilities as performing or non-performing based on review of repayment pattern, inspection of credit documentation and thorough discussions with the management. We checked the accuracy of specific provision made against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets and of general provision by recomputing the amount of provision as per the requirements of PRs. |

Information Other than the Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.







In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, the requirements of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.







 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:
 - a) proper books of account have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and the returns referred above from the branches have been found adequate for the purpose of our audit;
 - b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated cash flow statement together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
 - investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were in accordance with the objects and powers of the Bank and the transactions of the Bank which have come to our notice have been within the powers of the Bank; and
 - d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.
- We confirm that for the purpose of our audit we have covered more than sixty per cent of the total Islamic financing and related assets of the Bank.

Other Matter

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021 were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants who had expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements vide their report dated February 28, 2022.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Shahbaz Akbar.

Affergusoners

A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants Karachi

Dated: February 28, 2023

UDIN: AR202210068HZ850pkSF

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---|--------|----------------|---------------|--|
| ASSETS | | Rupees in '000 | | |
| Cook and balances with traceury banks | 7 | 117,743,106 | 170,500,698 | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks | , 8 | 13,676,159 | 16,420,036 | |
| Due from financial institutions | 9 | 34,964,299 | 238,401,637 | |
| Investments | 10 | 1,283,210,287 | 620,132,043 | |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 11 | 995,508,354 | 758,086,120 | |
| Fixed assets | 12 | 40,426,520 | 33,957,947 | |
| Intangible assets | 13 | 1,843,984 | 1,495,810 | |
| Deferred tax asset | 14 | 4,646,002 | 175,555 | |
| Other assets | 15 | 85,378,800 | 63,801,554 | |
| | | 2,577,397,511 | 1,902,971,400 | |
| LIABILITIES | | _,,, | .,,, | |
| | | | | |
| Bills payable | 16 | 40,175,122 | 36,141,378 | |
| Due to financial institutions | 17 | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 | |
| Deposits and other accounts | 18 | 1,658,490,118 | 1,455,886,468 | |
| Sub-ordinated sukuk | 19 | 20,990,000 | 20,990,000 | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | - | - | |
| Other liabilities | 20 | 169,095,139 | 82,981,545 | |
| | | 2,462,076,818 | 1,816,413,625 | |
| NET ASSETS | | 115,320,693 | 86,557,775 | |
| | | | | |
| REPRESENTED BY | | | | |
| | 0.4 | 17.000.040 | 10.000.010 | |
| Share capital | 21 | 17,896,243 | 16,269,312 | |
| Reserves | 22 | 28,187,821 | 23,393,198 | |
| (Deficit) / surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax | 23 | (663,671) | 4,063,610 | |
| Unappropriated profit | | 69,900,300 | 42,831,655 | |
| | | 115,320,693 | 86,557,775 | |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS | 24 | | | |

The annexed notes 1 to 51 and Annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

Syed Imran Ali Shah

UNCONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| Rupes in '000 Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and related assets, investments and placements 25 232,121,232 110,072,547 Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed 26 110,417,606 41,151,438 Net profit / return 27 13,316,054 9,352,808 Dividend income 27 13,316,054 9,352,808 Dividend income 29 1,274 3,158,131 (Loss) / gain on securities 28 (55,075) 348,841 (Loss) / gain on securities 28 (55,075) 348,841 (Loss) / gain on securities 29 1,237,402 359,510 Total other income 19,103,188 14,891,800 Total income 140,806,814 83,812,909 OTHER EXPENSES Operating expenses 30 46,239,831 34,356,293 Other charges 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 31 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profi | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---|------|-------------|-------------|
| investments and placements Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed Net profit / return | | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| investments and placements Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed Net profit / return | Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and related assets. | | | |
| Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed Net profit / return 26 110,417,606 41,151,438 Net profit / return 121,703,626 68,921,109 OTHER INCOME Fee and Commission Income 27 13,316,054 9,352,808 Dividend income 987,533 1,192,467 3,158,131 Loss) / gain on securities 28 (55,075) 348,884 Other income 29 1,237,402 839,510 Total other income 140,806,814 83,812,909 OTHER EXPENSES Operating expenses 30 46,239,831 34,356,293 Workers Welfare Fund 20.9 1,910,344 939,869 Other charges 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 31 95,150 28,172 Total other provisions 92,561,489 48,886,75 Provisions and write offs - net 32 4,76,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items - - - PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 | | 25 | 232,121,232 | 110,072,547 |
| Net profit / return 121,703,626 68,921,109 OTHER INCOME 121,703,626 68,921,109 Fee and Commission Income Dividend income Dividend income Prorising Exchange Income (Loss) / gain on securities (So,075) (So,75) (So | • | 26 | | |
| Fee and Commission Income 27 13,316,054 987,533 1,192,467 33 1,192,467 3,617,274 3,618,131 (Loss)/ gain on securities 987,533 1,192,467 3,617,274 3,158,131 3,158,131 3,615,727 4 3,618,131 (Loss)/ gain on securities 28 (55,075) 348,884 39,510 348,884 39,510 Total other income 29 1,237,402 839,510 14,891,800 348,884 39,510 348,884 39,510 14,891,800 Total income 140,806,814 83,812,909 83,812,909 OTHER EXPENSES Operating expenses 30 46,239,831 191,0344 939,869 398,689 393,869 3 | · | | | |
| Fee and Commission Income 27 13,316,054 987,533 1,192,467 33 1,192,467 3,617,274 3,618,131 (Loss)/ gain on securities 987,533 1,192,467 3,617,274 3,158,131 3,158,131 3,615,727 4 3,618,131 (Loss)/ gain on securities 28 (55,075) 348,884 39,510 348,884 39,510 Total other income 29 1,237,402 839,510 14,891,800 348,884 39,510 348,884 39,510 14,891,800 Total income 140,806,814 83,812,909 83,812,909 OTHER EXPENSES Operating expenses 30 46,239,831 191,0344 939,869 398,689 393,869 3 | | | | |
| Dividend income 987,533 1,192,467 5076ign Exchange Income 3,617,274 3,158,131 (Loss) / gain on securities 28 (55,075) 348,884 (35,075) 348,884 (35,075) 348,884 (35,075) (36,075) | OTHER INCOME | | | |
| Dividend income 987,533 1,192,467 3,158,131 (Loss) / gain on securities 28 (55,075) 348,884 (Coss) / gain on securities 29 (1,237,402) 839,510 (Loss) / gain come 29 (1,237,402) 839,510 (Loss) / gain come 29 (1,237,402) 839,510 (Loss) / (Lo | Fee and Commission Income | 27 | 13 316 054 | 0 352 808 |
| Section Process Company Comp | | 21 | | |
| CLOSS / gain on securities 28 | | | | 1 ' ' |
| Other income 29 1,237,402 839,510 Total other income 19,103,188 14,891,800 Total income 140,806,814 83,812,909 OTHER EXPENSES 50 46,239,831 34,356,293 Workers Welfare Fund 20.9 1,910,344 939,869 Other charges 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profit before provisions 92,561,489 48,488,575 Provisions and write offs - net 32 4,176,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items - - - PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | | 20 | | |
| Total other income 19,103,188 14,891,800 Total income 140,806,814 83,812,909 OTHER EXPENSES 30 46,239,831 34,356,293 Workers Welfare Fund 20.9 1,910,344 939,869 Other charges 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profit before provisions 92,561,489 48,488,575 Provisions and write offs - net 32 4,176,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | | | | |
| Total income 140,806,814 83,812,909 OTHER EXPENSES Operating expenses 30 46,239,831 34,356,293 Workers Welfare Fund 20.9 1,910,344 939,869 Other charges 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profit before provisions 92,561,489 48,488,575 Provisions and write offs - net 32 4,176,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items - - - PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | | 25 | | |
| OTHER EXPENSES Operating expenses 30 46,239,831 34,356,293 Workers Welfare Fund 20.9 1,910,344 939,869 Other charges 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profit before provisions 92,561,489 48,488,575 Provisions and write offs - net 32 4,176,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items - - - PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | lotal other medime | | 10,100,100 | 14,001,000 |
| Operating expenses 30 46,239,831 34,356,293 Workers Welfare Fund 20.9 1,910,344 939,869 Other charges 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profit before provisions 92,561,489 48,488,575 Provisions and write offs - net 32 4,176,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items - - - PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | Total income | | 140,806,814 | 83,812,909 |
| Workers Welfare Fund Other charges 20.9 Other charges 1,910,344 939,869 28,172 939,869 28,172 Total other expenses 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profit before provisions Provisions and write offs - net Extra ordinary / unusual items 32 4,176,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items | OTHER EXPENSES | | | |
| Workers Welfare Fund Other charges 20.9 Other charges 1,910,344 939,869 28,172 939,869 28,172 Total other expenses 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profit before provisions Provisions and write offs - net Extra ordinary / unusual items 32 4,176,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items | Operating expenses | 30 | 46,239,831 | 34,356,293 |
| Other charges 31 95,150 28,172 Total other expenses 48,245,325 35,324,334 Profit before provisions 92,561,489 48,488,575 Provisions and write offs - net 32 4,176,661 992,830 Extra ordinary / unusual items - - - PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 20.9 | | |
| Profit before provisions 32 92,561,489 48,488,575 992,830 4,176,661 992,830 92,83 | Other charges | 31 | | 28,172 |
| Provisions and write offs - net Extra ordinary / unusual items 32 4,176,661 992,830 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Rupees Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | Total other expenses | | 48,245,325 | 35,324,334 |
| Provisions and write offs - net Extra ordinary / unusual items 32 4,176,661 992,830 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Rupees Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | Dvofit hafava nyavisiana | | 00 561 400 | 40 400 575 |
| Extra ordinary / unusual items - - - PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Rupees Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | · | 20 | | |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION 88,384,828 47,495,745 Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Rupees Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | | 32 | 4,170,001 | 992,030 |
| Taxation 33 43,378,218 19,140,588 PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Rupees Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | Extra ordinary / unusual items | | _ | - |
| PROFIT AFTER TAXATION 45,006,610 28,355,157 Rupees Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | | 88,384,828 | 47,495,745 |
| Rupees Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | Taxation | 33 | 43,378,218 | 19,140,588 |
| Rupees Restated Basic earnings per share 34 25.15 15.84 | DDOCIT AFTER TAVATION | | 45,000,010 | 00.055.157 |
| Basic earnings per share Restated 15.84 | PROFIT AFTER TAXATION | | 45,006,610 | 28,355,157 |
| Basic earnings per share Restated 15.84 | | | | |
| Basic earnings per share 34 <u>25.15</u> <u>15.84</u> | | | R | |
| | Dania associana associana | 0.4 | 05.45 | |
| Diluted earnings per share 34 25.14 15.84 | basic earnings per snare | 34 | 25.15 | 15.84 |
| | Diluted earnings per share | 34 | 25.14 | 15.84 |

The annexed notes 1 to 51 and Annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

Syed Imran Ali Shah

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------|----------------|-------------|
| | | Rupees in '000 | |
| Profit after taxation for the year | | 45,006,610 | 28,355,157 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods: | | | |
| Movement in deficit on revaluation of investments - net of tax | 23 | (4,706,426) | (1,502,274) |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods: | | | |
| Remeasurement loss on defined benefit obligations - net of tax | 37.6.2 | (96,555) | (73,503) |
| Movement in (deficit) / surplus on revaluation of non - banking assets - net of tax | 23 | (20,768) | 3,685 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | 40,182,861 | 26,783,065 |

The annexed notes 1 to 51 and Annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. **Edrees** Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

Syed Imran Ali Shah

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | Capital reserves | | Revenue reserves (Deficit) / surplus on revaluation of | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|---|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Share capital | Share premium | Statutory reserve* | Non - Distributable Capital Reserve - Gain on Bargain Purchase | Employee share option compensation reserve | General reserve | Investments | Non-banking Assets | Unappropriated profit | Total |
| | | | | | — Rup | ees in '000 | | | | |
| Balance as at January 01, 2021 | 14,147,228 | 2,406,571 | 14,833,341 | 3,117,547 | - | 66,766 | 5,542,351 | 19,941 | 29,021,521 | 69,155,266 |
| Profit after taxation for the year Other Comprehensive (loss) / income for the year - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - (4 500 074) | - | 28,355,157 | 28,355,157 |
| net of tax | | - | - | | - | | (1,502,274) | 3,685 3,685 | (73,503) 2 8,281,654 | (1,572,092) 26,783,065 |
| Transfer from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of Non-banking assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax | | | | | | | (1,002)=1.1/ | (93) | 93 | |
| Recognition of share based compensation (Note 39) | | - | - | - | 133,457 | - | | - | - | 133,457 |
| Other appropriations Transfer to statutory reserve* | - | - | 2,835,516 | - | - | - | - | - | (2,835,516) | - |
| Transactions with owners recognised directly in equity Issue of bonus shares @ 15% | 2,122,084 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,122,084) | - |
| Final cash dividend for the year 2020 @ Rs 2 per share | - | - | - | - | - | - 1 | - | - | (2,829,446) | (2,829,446) |
| First interim cash dividend for the year 2021 @ Rs 1.5 per share | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,122,085) | (2,122,085) |
| Second interim cash dividend for the year 2021 @ Rs 1.5 per share Third interim cash dividend for the year 2021 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,122,085) | (2,122,085) |
| @ Rs 1.5 per share | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,440,397) | (2,440,397) |
| Balance as at December 31, 2021 | 16,269,312 | 2,406,571 | 17,668,857 | 3,117,547 | 133,457 | 66,766 | 4,040,077 | 23,533 | (9,514,013) 42,831,655 | (9,514,013) 86,557,775 |
| , | | | | | , | | 4,040,077 | , | | |
| Profit after taxation for the year Other Comprehensive loss for the year - net of tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | (4,706,426) | (20,768) | 45,006,610 (96,555) | 45,006,610 (4,823,749) |
| Transfer from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of | - of | - | - | - | - | - | (4,706,426) | (20,768) | 44,910,055 | 40,182,861 |
| Non-banking assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (87) | 87 | - |
| Recognition of share based compensation (Note 39) | - | - | - | - | 293,962 | - | - | - | - | 293,962 |
| Other appropriations Transfer to statutory reserve* | - | - | 4,500,661 | - | | - | - | - | (4,500,661) | - |
| Transactions with owners recognised directly in equity Issue of bonus shares @ 10% | 1,626,931 | - | - | - | - | | - | - | (1,626,931) | - |
| Final cash dividend for the year 2021 @ Rs 1.5 per share | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,440,397) | (2,440,397) |
| First interim cash dividend for the year 2022 @ Rs 1.75 per share | - | - | - | - | - | . | - | - | (2,847,130) | (2,847,130) |
| Second interim cash dividend for the year 2022 @ Rs 1.75 per share Third interim cash dividend for the year 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | . | - | - | (2,847,130) | (2,847,130) |
| Third interim cash dividend for the year 2022 @ Rs 2 per share | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (3,579,248) | (3,579,248) |
| _ | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | (11,713,905) | (11,713,905) |
| Balance as at December 31, 2022 | 17,896,243 | 2,406,571 | 22,169,518 | 3,117,547 | 427,419 | 66,766 | (666,349) | 2,678 | 69,900,300 | 115,320,693 |

^{*}This represents reserve created under section 21(i)(b) of the Banking Companies Ordinance ,1962.

The annexed notes 1 to 51 and Annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

Syed Imran Ali Shah

UNCONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | Rupees | in '000 |
| CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Profit before taxation | | 88,384,828 | 47,495,745 |
| Less: Dividend income | | (987,533) | (1,192,467) |
| | | 87,397,295 | 46,303,278 |
| Adjustments: | 00 | 0.100.000 | 0.440.407 |
| Depreciation Americation | 30 30 | 3,122,609 | 2,416,407 |
| Amortisation Non cash items related to right-of-use assets | 26 & 30 | 458,584 4,577,794 | 357,045 3,163,032 |
| Provisions and write offs - net | 32 | 4,176,661 | 992,830 |
| Charge for defined benefit plan | 30 | 605,247 | 462,114 |
| Share based compensation expense | 39 | 293,962 | 133,457 |
| Unrealised gain - held for trading | 28 | (18) | - |
| Gain on sale of operating fixed assets | 29 | (214,797) | (145,657) |
| | | 13,020,042 | 7,379,228 |
| | | 100,417,337 | 53,682,506 |
| (Increase) / decrease in operating assets | | | |
| Due from financial institutions | | 203,437,338 | 103,667,162 |
| Islamic financings and related assets | | (240,666,103) | (246,289,233) |
| Other assets | | (21,805,041) | (11,798,016) |
| Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities | | (59,033,806) | (154,420,087) |
| Bills payable | | 4,033,744 | 9,647,372 |
| Due to financial institutions | | 352,912,205 | 125,913,594 |
| Deposits and other accounts | | 202,603,650 | 201,455,934 |
| Other liabilities | | 75,759,222 | 13,250,521 |
| | | 635,308,821 | 350,267,421 |
| | | 676,692,352 | 249,529,840 |
| Contribution to defined benefit plan | 37.5 | (537,715) | (304,163) |
| Income tax paid | | (38,071,645) | (14,658,852) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | | 638,082,992 | 234,566,825 |
| CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Net investments in available for sale securities | | (531,153,574) | (121,925,177) |
| Net investments in held to maturity securities | | (140,520,461) | (66,116,795) |
| Net investments in held for trading securities | | (2,470) | - |
| Net (investments) / redemption in associates | | (514) | 28 |
| Dividends received | | 990,676 | 1,196,551 |
| Investments in operating fixed assets | | (10,872,466) | (6,180,303) |
| Investments in intangible assets | | (806,758) | (772,894) |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | | 372,429 | 248,168 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (681,993,138) | (193,550,422) |
| CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Payment of lease liability against right-of-use assets | | (3,683,278) | (3,258,301) |
| Issuance of sub-ordinated Sukuk - Tier II | | - | 9,990,000 |
| Redemption of sub-ordinated Sukuk - Tier II | | - | (7,000,000) |
| Dividend paid | | (7,908,045) | (9,515,742) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (11,591,323) | (9,784,043) |
| | | | |
| (Decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents | | (55,501,469) | 31,232,360 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 35 | 186,920,734 | 155,688,374 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 35 | 131,419,265 | 186,920,734 |

The annexed notes 1 to 51 and Annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. **Edrees** Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Syed Imran Ali Shah

Director

For the year ended December 31, 2022

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- Meezan Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated in Pakistan on January 27, 1997, as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 2017 (previously Companies Ordinance, 1984), and its shares are quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank was registered as an 'Investment Finance Company' on August 8, 1997, and carried on the business of investment banking as permitted under SRO 585(I)/87 dated July 13, 1987, in accordance and in conformity with the principles of Islamic Shariah. A 'Certificate of Commencement of Business' was issued to the Bank on September 29, 1997.
- The Bank was granted a 'Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank' license on January 31, 2002 and formally commenced 1.2 operations as a Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank with effect from March 20, 2002, on receiving notification in this regard from the State Bank of Pakistan (the SBP) under section 37 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. Currently, the Bank is engaged in corporate, commercial, consumer, investment and retail banking activities.
- 1.3 The Bank was operating through nine hundred and sixty two branches as at December 31, 2022 (2021: nine hundred and two branches). Its registered office is at Meezan House, C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi, Pakistan.
- Based on the unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2021, the VIS Credit 1.4 Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the Bank's medium to long-term rating as 'AAA' and the short-term rating as 'A1+'.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Bank provides Islamic financing and related assets mainly through Murabaha, Istisna, Tijarah, Ijarah, Diminishing Musharakah, Running Musharakah, Bai Muajjal, Musawammah, Service ljarah, Wakalah, Wakalah Tul Istithmar including under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme and various long term islamic refinancing facilities of the State Bank of Pakistan respectively as briefly explained in note 6.3.

The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these unconsolidated financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilised and the appropriate portion of profit thereon. The income on such financing is recognised in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah. However, income, if any, received which does not comply with the principles of Islamic Shariah is recognised as charity payable if so directed by the Resident Shariah Board Member (RSBM) of the Bank.

The Bank believes that there is no significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, Insha'Allah. Therefore, the unconsolidated financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- These unconsolidated financial statements (here-in-after referred to as "financial statements") have been prepared in 3.1 accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:
 - International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act. 2017:
 - Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017: and
 - Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Securities Exchange Commission of Pakistan

Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS, the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives, shall prevail.

- 3.2 The SBP vide its BPRD Circular No. 04 dated February 25, 2015 has clarified that the reporting requirements of IFAS-3, 'Profit and loss sharing on deposits' for Institutions offering Islamic Financial Services (IIFS) relating to annual, half yearly and quarterly financial statements would be notified by the SBP through issuance of specific instructions and uniform disclosure formats in consultation with IIFS. These reporting requirements have not been notified to date. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements under IFAS 3 have not been considered in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 3.3 The SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, 'Investment property' for Banking Companies through BSD Circular Letter No. 10 dated August 26, 2002 till further instructions. Further, the SECP has also deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7, 'Financial instruments: disclosures' through its S.R.O. 633(I)/2014 dated July 10, 2014. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 3.4 The SECP through S.R.O. 56(1)/2016 dated January 28, 2016, has directed that the requirements of IFRS 10,

For the year ended December 31, 2022

'Consolidated financial statements' are not applicable in case of investments by companies in mutual funds established under Trust Deed structure. Accordingly, implications of IFRS 10 in respect of investment in mutual funds are not considered in these unconsolidated financial statements.

- 3.5 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year:
 - There are certain new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on January 1, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and are therefore not detailed in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 3.6 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective:
 - The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the accounting and reporting 3.6.1 standards would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standards, amendments or interpretations: Effective date (accounting

| - IFRS 9 - 'Financial instruments' | January 1, 2023 | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|--|--|
| - IAS 1 - 'Accounting policy disclosures' (amendments) | January 1, 2023 | | | |
| - IAS 1 - Non current liabilities with covenants (amendments) | January 1, 2024 | | | |
| - IFRS 16 - Sale and leaseback (amendments) | January 1, 2024 | | | |
| IAS 8 - 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates | | | | |
| and errors' (amendments) | January 1, 2023 | | | |
| - IAS 12 - 'Income taxes' (amendments) | January 1, 2023 | | | |

periods beginning on or after)

The management is in the process of assessing the impact of these standards and amendments on the unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank except IFRS 9 (Financial Instruments), the impact of which is as follows:

IFRS 9 - 'Financial Instruments'

Standard and Amendments

As directed by the SBP via BPRD Circular no 3 of 2022, (IFRS) 9, 'Financial Instruments' is effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 for banks having asset base of more than Rs. 500 billion as at December 31, 2021. SBP via the same circular has finalized the instructions on (IFRS) 9 (Application Instructions) for ensuring smooth and consistent implementation of the standard in the banks.

During 2022, the management of the Bank has performed an impact assessment of (IFRS) 9 taking into account the SBP's (IFRS) 9 application instructions. The assessment is based on available information and may be subject to changes arising from further reasonable and supportable information being made available to the Bank at the time of finalizing the impact for initial application of (IFRS) 9. In addition, the Bank will implement changes in classification of certain financial instruments.

An overview of the (IFRS) 9 requirements that are expected to have significant impact are discussed below along with the additional requirements introduced by the SBP:

Classification and measurement

The classification and measurement of financial assets will base on the business model within which they are held and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets that do not meet the solely payments of principal and profit (SPPI) criteria are measured at FVTPL regardless of the business model in which they are held. The Bank's business model in which financial assets are held will determine whether the financial assets are measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL').

The business model reflects how groups of financial assets are managed to achieve a particular business objective. Financial assets can only be held at amortised cost if the instruments are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows ('hold to collect'), and where those contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit

Debt instruments where the business model objectives are achieved by collecting the contractual cash flows and by selling the assets ('hold to collect and sell') and that have SPPI cash flows are held at FVOCI, with unrealised gains or losses deferred in reserves until the asset is derecognised.

The classification of equity instruments is generally measured at FVTPL unless the Bank, at initial recognition, irrevocably designates as FVOCI but both unrealized and realized gains or losses are recognized in reserves and no amounts other than dividends received are recognized in the income statement.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

All other financial assets will mandatorily be held at FVTPL. Financial assets may be designated at FVTPL only if doing so eliminates or reduces an accounting mismatch.

Impairment

The impairment requirements apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI (other than equity instruments), lease receivables, and certain loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. At initial recognition, an impairment allowance (or provision in the case of commitments and guarantees) is required for expected credit losses ('ECL') resulting from default events that are possible within the next 12 months ('12-month ECL'). In the event of a significant increase in credit risk, an allowance (or provision) is required for ECL resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument ('lifetime ECL'). Financial assets where 12-month ECL is recognised are in 'stage 1'; financial assets that are considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk are in 'stage 2'; and financial assets for which there is objective evidence of impairment, so are considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired, are in 'stage 3'.

The assessment of credit risk and the estimation of ECL are required to be unbiased and probability-weighted and should incorporate all available information which is relevant to the assessment including information about past events, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts of economic conditions at the reporting date. In addition, the estimation of ECL should take into account the time value of money.

Based on the requirement of (IFRS) 9 and SBP's (IFRS) 9 application instructions, the Bank has performed an ECL assessment taking into account the key elements such as assessment of SCIR, Probability of Default, Loss Given Default and Exposure at Default.

Under the SBP's instructions, credit exposure (in local currency) guaranteed by the Government and Government securities are exempted from the application of ECL Framework. Moreover, until implementation of IFRS 9 has stabilised, stage 1 and stage 2 provisions would be made as per IFRS 9 ECL and stage 3 provision would be made considering higher of (IFRS) 9 ECL or provision computed under existing PRs' requirements.

Presentation and disclosure

(IFRS) 9 also introduces expanded disclosure requirements and changes in presentation. These are expected to change the nature and extent of Bank's disclosure about its financial instruments particularly in the year of adoption of the (IFRS) 9.

Impact of adoption of IFRS 9

The Bank will adopt IFRS 9 in its entirety effective January 01, 2023 with modified retrospective approach for restatement. The cumulative impact of initial application will be recorded as an adjustment to equity at the beginning of the accounting period. The actual impact of adopting IFRS 9 on the Bank's financial statements in the year 2023 will be dependent on the financial instruments that the Bank would hold during next year and economic conditions at that time as well as accounting elections and judgements that it will make in future.

Nevertheless, the Bank has performed a preliminary assessment of the potential impact of adoption of IFRS 9 and based on this assessment, the Bank does not expect any material effect on the Bank's Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) and equity as of December 31, 2022.

The SBP vide its BPRD Circular No. 02 of 2023 dated February 9, 2023 has specified the new reporting format for financial statements of Banking Companies. The new format has revised the disclosure requirements and will become applicable for the financial statements of the Bank for the quarter ending March 31, 2023.

BASIS OF MEASUREMENT 4

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that certain available for sale investments, foreign currency balances, non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims and certain foreign exchange commitments have been marked to market and carried at fair value in accordance with the requirements of the SBP.

Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgments in application of its accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgments were made by the management in the application of the accounting policies are as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2022

- i) classification and valuation of investments (notes 6.4.1, 6.4.4 and 10);
- ii) provision against non-performing advances (notes 6.3.2 and 11.12);
- income taxes (notes 6.6 and 33); iii)
- defined benefit plans (notes 6.11 and 37); iv)
- v) valuation and depreciation of fixed assets (notes 6.5.1, 6.5.5 and 12.2);
- valuation and amortisation of intangible assets (note 6.5.3, 6.5.5 and 13.1); vi)
- valuation of right-of-use assets and their related lease liability (notes 6.5.2, 12.3 and 20.8); vii)
- viii) impairment (note 6.4.5);
- valuation of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims (note 6.7 and 23.1); and ix)
- assumptions and estimates used in valuation of options under share-based payments (note 39). x)

5 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

- Items included in these unconsolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic 5.1 environment in which the Bank operates. These unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.
- 5.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees unless otherwise stated.

6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

6.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash and non-restricted balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks in current and deposit accounts.

Due to / from financial institutions 62

Bai Muajjal

In Bai Muajjal, the Bank sells sukuk on credit to other financial institutions. The credit price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period. Bai Muajjal with the Federal Government is classified as investment.

Musharaka / Mudaraba

In Musharaka / Mudaraba, the Bank (or the counterparty financial institutions / the SBP) invests in the shariah compliant business pools of the counterparty financial institutions / the SBP (or the Bank) at the agreed profit and loss sharing ratio.

Musharaka from the SBP under IERS

Under IERS, the Bank accepts funds from the SBP under Shirkat-ul-agd to constitute a pool for investment in export refinance portfolio of the Bank under the guidelines issued by the SBP. The profit of the pool is shared as per the agreed weightages between the partners.

Mudaraba investment from the SBP under various long term Islamic refinance schemes

Under various long term Islamic refinance schemes of the SBP, the Bank accepts funds from the SBP which are received on Mudaraba basis for investment in general pool of the Bank. The profit of the pool is shared as per the announced profit sharing ratio of the pool and the weightages assigned to these investments.

These are initially recognised at amount of funds disbursed / accepted (in case of Bai Muajjal, at sale price of the Sukuk net of deferred profit) and subsequently measured at amount receivable / payable under the contractual terms of the underlying agreement (in case of Bai Muajjal, at sale price of the Sukuk net of remaining deferred profit at reporting date, if any).

Islamic financing and related assets 6.3

Murabaha

In Murabaha transactions, the Bank purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer on cost plus disclosed profit basis either in a spot or credit transaction.

ljarah

ljarah assets are stated at cost less depreciation and are disclosed as part of 'Islamic financing and related assets'. The rental received / receivable on Ijarah under Islamic Financial Accounting Standard - 2 'Ijarah' (IFAS 2) are recorded as income / revenue. The Bank charges depreciation from the date of recognition of Ijarah of respective assets to mustajir. Ijarah assets are depreciated over the period of Ijarah using the straight line method. Ijarah rentals outstanding are

For the year ended December 31, 2022

disclosed in 'other assets' on the Statement of Financial Position at amortised cost. Impairment of Ijarah assets is determined in accordance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. The provision for impairment of Ijarah assets is shown as part of 'Islamic financing and related assets'.

Istisna

In Istisna financing, the Bank places an order to purchase some specific goods / commodities from its customers to be delivered to the Bank within an agreed time. The goods are then sold by the customer on behalf of the Bank and the amount hence financed along with profit realised net of agency fee and incentives is paid to the Bank.

Tijarah

In Tijarah financing, the Bank purchases specific goods / commodities on cash basis from its customers which is then onward sold by the customer on behalf of the Bank and on subsequent sale, the financed amount along with profit realised net of agency fee and incentives is paid by the customer to the Bank.

Diminishing Musharakah

In Diminishing Musharakah financing, the Bank enters into Musharakah based on Shirkat-ul-milk for purchasing an agreed share of fixed asset (e.g. house, land, plant or machinery) with its customers. The customers pay periodic profit as per the agreement for the utilisation of the Bank's Musharakah share and also periodically purchase the Bank's share over the tenure of the transaction.

Running Musharakah

In Running Musharakah financing, the Bank enters into financing with the customer based on Shirkatul Aqd or business partnership in the customer's operating business. Under this mechanism the customer can withdraw and return funds to the Bank subject to his Running Musharakah Financing limit during the Musharakah period. At the end of each quarter / half year the customer pays the provisional profit as per the desired profit rate which is subject to final settlement based on the relevant quarterly / half yearly / annual accounts of the customer.

Bai Muajjal

In Bai Muajjal financing, the Bank sells Shariah compliant sukuk on credit to customers. The credit price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period.

Service Ijarah

In Service Ijarah financing, the Bank provides financing by acquiring certain agreed services from the customer. After the purchase of services, the Bank appoints the customer to sell these services in the market over a period and provide a sale confirmation of such sale. The profit is only accrued from the date of receipt of such confirmation.

Wakalah

Wakalah is an agency or a delegated authority where the Muwakkil (principal) appoints the Wakil (agent) to carry out a specific job on behalf of the Muwakkil. Funds disbursed are initially recorded as 'Advance against Wakalah'. On culmination, the same are recorded as financings.

Wakalah tul Istithmar

In Wakalah tul Istithmar financing, the Bank enters into investment agency transaction with customer acting as an agent of the Bank. Under this mechanism, the funds disbursed are invested by the customer on behalf of the Bank and are recorded as financing upon their investment in the business. At the end of each guarter / half year / other defined period, the customer pays the provisional profit which is subject to adjustment upon actual declaration of wakala business performance by the agent.

Musawammah

In Musawammah financing, the Bank purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer either in spot or credit transaction, without disclosing the cost.

Islamic financing and related assets are stated net of specific and general provisions against non-performing 6.3.1 Islamic financing and related assets which are charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

Funds disbursed, under financing arrangements for purchase of goods / assets are recorded as advance. On culmination, financing are recorded at the deferred sale price net of profit. Goods purchased but remaining unsold at the unconsolidated statement of financial position date are recorded as inventories.

6.3.2 Provision against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets

Specific provision

The Bank determines provisions against Islamic financing and related assets on a prudent basis in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

General provision

In accordance with Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP, general provision against consumer financing and house financing are maintained at varying percentages based on the non-performing loan ratio present in the portfolio. These percentages range from 0.5% to 2.5% for secured and 4% to 7% for unsecured portfolio.

In addition to the above mentioned requirements, the Bank has also maintained a general provision in respect of financing against potential losses as may be present in the portfolio. This provision is based on management's best estimate and is approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

The net provisions made / reversed during the year is charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account and accumulated provision is netted off against Islamic financing and related assets. Islamic financing and related assets are written off when there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

6.3.3 Inventories

The Bank values its inventories at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Cost of inventories represents actual purchases made by the Bank / customers as an agent of the Bank for subsequent sale. Inventory against each contract is maintained on specific identification method.

6.4 Investments

6.4.1 Classification

The Bank classifies its investments as follows:

Held for trading

These are investments which are either acquired for generating profits from short-term fluctuations in market prices or are securities included in a portfolio for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking.

Held to maturity

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and maturity that the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold till maturity.

Available for sale

These are investments, other than those in associates and subsidiaries, which do not fall under either 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories.

Associates are all entities over which the Bank has significant influence but not control. Certain mutual funds are managed by the subsidiary company of the Bank and hence, the Bank has significant influence over such funds and therefore, investment in these mutual funds are considered as investment in associates in these unconsolidated financial statements.

Subsidiary

Subsidiary is an entity over which the Bank has control.

6.4.2 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date, which is the date on which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investments.

6.4.3 Initial recognition and measurement

Investments other than those categorised as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value which includes transaction costs associated with the investments. Investments classified as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

6.4.4 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition investments are valued as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Held for trading

These are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Gains and losses on remeasurement are included in the net profit and loss for the year.

Held to maturity

These are measured at amortised cost less any impairment loss recognised to reflect irrecoverable amount. Premium / discount (if any) is amortised over the remaining maturity.

Available for sale

In accordance with the requirements specified by the SBP, quoted securities (other than those classified as 'held to maturity' and 'investments in associates and subsidiary'), are subsequently re-measured to market value. Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. Break-up value of unquoted equity securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements. Investment in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment losses, if any.

Surplus / deficit arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as 'available for sale', is included in the Other Comprehensive Income. On derecognition or impairment of available for sale investments, the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit and loss for the period.

Investments in associates and subsidiary

Investment in associates and subsidiary is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The carrying amount of associates and subsidiary are tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in note 6.4.5 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

6.4.4.1 Details of valuation techniques used in determination of fair value is included in note 41 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

6.4.5 Impairment

Available for sale and Held to maturity investments

Impairment loss in respect of investments classified as available for sale and held to maturity (except sukuk certificates) is recognised based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. A significant or prolonged decline in fair value of an equity investment below its cost is also considered an objective evidence of impairment. The determination of "significant or prolonged" requires judgment.

Provision for diminution in the value of sukuk certificates is made as per the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. In case of impairment in available-for-sale investments, the related loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit and loss account for the period. For investments classified as held to maturity, the impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Investment in associates and subsidiary

In respect of investment in associates and subsidiary, the Bank reviews their carrying values at each reporting date to assess whether there is an indication of impairment. The amount of impairment loss would be determined based on the higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment loss is recognised in the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

6.5 Operating fixed assets

6.5.1 Tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss. Items of fixed assets costing Rs 25,000 or less are not capitalised and are charged off in the month of purchase. An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Profit or loss on disposal of fixed assets is included in the unconsolidated profit and loss account currently.

6.5.2 Right-of-use assets and Lease liabilities

At the inception of the contract, the Bank assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. The Bank applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Bank recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation

For the year ended December 31, 2022

and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented within note 12 and are subject to impairment in line with the Bank's policy as described in note 6.5.8.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Bank recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The Bank determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. After the commencement date, the Bank reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate. The Bank cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental fund acceptance rate to measure lease liabilities.

6.5.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise of computer software. Intangible assets with definite useful lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (if any).

6.5.4 Subsequent costs

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amounts or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenditure are charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account as and when incurred.

6.5.5 Depreciation / amortisation

Depreciation / amortisation is charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account by applying the straight line method in accordance with the rates specified in notes 12.2 and 13.1 whereby the depreciable value of an asset is written off over its estimated service life. The Bank charges depreciation / amortisation from the month of acquisition and up to the month preceding the disposal. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term specified in note 12.3.

6.5.6 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

6.5.7 Useful lives and residual values

Useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if impact on depreciation / amortisation is significant.

6.5.8

The Bank assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the operating fixed assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amounts, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment charge is recognised in the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

6.6 **Taxation**

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the unconsolidated profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current

The charge for current taxation is based on expected taxable income for the year in accordance with the prevailing laws of taxation. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years including those arising from assessments finalised during the year and are separately disclosed.

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the temporary differences relating to initial recognition of goodwill, initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they probably will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

In making the estimates for current and deferred taxes, the management considers the income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

67 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

The non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation. The useful lives are reviewed annually and adjusted, if appropriate. These assets are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure their net carrying value does not differ materially from their fair value. Surplus arising on revaluation of property, if any, is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of assets' account in the statement of other comprehensive income. Any deficit arising on revaluation is taken to unconsolidated profit and loss account directly. On derecognition of the assets, the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to unappropriated profit in the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity. Legal fees, transfer cost and direct cost of acquiring title to property is charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

6.8 **Deposits**

Deposits are generated on the basis of two modes i.e. Qard and Mudaraba.

Deposits taken on Qard basis are classified as 'Current accounts' and Deposits generated on Mudaraba basis are classified as 'Savings deposits' and 'Fixed deposits'. No profit or loss is passed on to current account depositors, however the funds of current accounts are treated as equity for the purpose of profit calculation and any profit earned / loss incurred on those funds are allocated to the equity of the Bank. While the product features of each product differ, there is usually no restriction on withdrawals or number of transactions in current and savings accounts. In case of fixed deposits, pre-mature withdrawals can be made as per approved terms only.

Profits realised in investment pools are distributed in pre-agreed profit sharing ratio between Rab-ul-Maal and Mudarib. Rab-ul-Maal share is distributed among depositors according to weightages assigned at the inception of profit calculation period. Mudarib can distribute its share of profit to Rab-ul-Maal up to a maximum of 50% of their profit as Incentive profits (Hiba).

Profits are distributed from the pool such that the depositors (remunerative) only bear the risk of assets in the pool during the profit calculation period. In case of loss in a pool during the profit calculation period, the loss is distributed among the depositors (remunerative) according to their ratio of Investments.

Asset pools are created at the Bank's discretion and the Bank can add, amend or transfer an asset to any other pool in the interests of the deposit holders.

6.9 Sub-ordinated Sukuk

The Bank records sub-ordinated sukuk initially at the amount of proceeds received. Profit accrued on sub-ordinated sukuk is charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account. These are subsequently measured at amount outstanding.

6.10 Pool Management

The Bank operates general and specific pools for deposits and inter-bank funds accepted / acquired under Mudaraba and Musharakah modes.

Under the general deposits pools, the Bank accepts funds on Mudaraba basis from depositors (Rab-ul-Maal) where the Bank acts as Manager (Mudarib) and invests the funds in the Shariah Compliant modes of financing, investments and placements. When utilising investing funds, the Bank prioritizes the funds received from depositors over the funds generated from own sources after meeting the regulatory requirement relating to such deposits.

Specific pools are operated for funds acquired / accepted from the State Bank of Pakistan and other banks for Islamic Export Refinance to the Bank's customers and liquidity management respectively under the Musharakah / Mudaraba

The profit of each deposit pool is calculated on all the remunerative assets booked by utilising the funds from the pool after deduction of expenses directly incurred in earning the income of such pool along with related fee income, if any. The directly related costs comprise of depreciation on ijarah assets, takaful premium, documentation charges etc. No expense of general or administrative nature is charged to the pools. No provision against any non-performing asset of the pool is passed on to the pool except on the actual loss / write-off of such non-performing asset. The profit of the pool is shared between equity and other members of the pool on the basis of Musharakah at gross level (before charging of mudarib fee) as per the investment ratio of the equity. The profit of the pool is shared among the members of the pool on pre-defined mechanism based on the weightages announced before the profit calculation period after charging of

For the year ended December 31, 2022

mudarib fee. During the year, the Bank has given General Hiba to the depositors of Rupee General Pool, keeping in view the prescribed guidelines of Pool Management provided by the SBP and with the approval of the Bank's Resident Shariah Board Member. However, Hiba are given at the sole discretion of the Bank without any contractual commitment and can be withdrawn or reduced by the Bank at its sole discretion.

The risk characteristic of each pool mainly depends on the assets and liabilities profile of each pool. As per the Bank's policy, relatively low risk / secured financing transactions and assets are allocated to general depositors pool of Rupee, USD, GBP and Euro. The Bank maintains General Pools (Rupee, USD, EUR, GBP), FI Pools, IERS pool and Equity pool. The general pools are exposed to general credit risk, asset ownership risk and profit rate risk of the underlying assets involved.

General Pools:

For General Pools (Rupee, USD, EUR, GBP), the Bank allocates PKR financing to Corporate, Commercial, SME and Consumer Finance customers in diversified sectors and avenues of the economy / business as mentioned in note 47.1.1.3. Investments in Sovereign Guaranteed Sukuk, and Bai Muajjal with the State Bank of Pakistan / Government of Pakistan, are also done through General Pools. All remunerative deposits are tagged to these general pools and their funds generated from the depositors are invested on priority basis. Investments from the SBP under various long term Islamic refinance schemes, and sub-ordinated sukuks are also remunerated through the Rupee General Pool. Due to limited investment options in USD, GBP and EURO pool, funds from foreign currency pools are invested in available International Sukuk, Shariah Compliant Nostro accounts, foreign currency financing and the remaining funds are taken out and invested in Rupee general pool as part of equity. In such cases, return from Rupee General Pool is given back to foreign currency pools, so that returns can be passed on to foreign currency pool customers accordingly. The Bank as Mudarib in the general pools is responsible for financing costs / assets such as land, building, furniture, fixtures, computers and IT system from its own sources / equity.

IERS Pools:

The IERS pool assets comprise of sovereign guaranteed sukuk, and financing to / sukuk of mainly blue chip companies and exporters as allowed under the applicable rules and regulations, and as such are exposed to lower credit risk. The Musharakah with SBP under IERS is tagged to the IERS pool.

FI Pools:

The FI pool assets generally comprise of sovereign guaranteed sukuk and financing under diminishing musharakah mode only and the related liability of the FI pool comprise of Musharakah / Mudarabah from other banks and financial institutions. These pools are created to meet the liquidity requirements of the Bank.

Equity Pools:

All other assets including fixed assets, exposure in shares, Rupee bai-salam financing and subsidized financing to the Bank's employees are tagged to equity pool. To safeguard the interest of customers, all high risk investments are also done through equity pool. The Bank as Mudarib in the equity pools is responsible for financing costs / assets such as land, building, furniture, fixtures, computers and IT system from its own sources / equity.

6 11 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Bank operates an approved Gratuity Funded Scheme for its permanent employees. The scheme was approved by the tax authorities in April 2000. The liability recognised in respect of Gratuity Funded Scheme is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. Contributions to the fund are made on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The defined benefit obligation is calculated periodically by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The last valuation was conducted as on December 31, 2022.

The Bank also operates End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme as approved by the Board of Directors for the benefit of the founding President and Chief Executive Officer of the Bank. The defined benefit obligation for this benefit has been calculated by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The valuation has been conducted as on December 31, 2022.

Amounts arising as a result of "Remeasurements", representing the actuarial gains and losses and the difference between the actual investment returns and that implied by the net return cost are recognised in the unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position immediately, with a charge or credit to "Other Comprehensive Income" in the periods in which they occur. The actuarial valuations involve assumption and estimates of discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases and future inflation rates as disclosed in note 37.

Defined contribution plan

The Bank also operates a recognised contributory Provident Fund for all permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Bank and the employees, to the fund at a rate of 10% of basic salary.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

6.12 Compensated absences

The Bank recognises liability in respect of employees compensated absences in the period in which these are earned up to the date of Statement of Financial Position. The provision is recognised on the basis of actuarial valuation conducted on December 31, 2022 using the projected unit credit method.

6.13 Share-based compensation

The Bank has granted share options to its employees under the Meezan Bank Employees Share Option Scheme, 2021 as approved by the shareholders and SECP. The cost of these share options is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using a valuation model by an independent valuer and is recognized as expense over the vesting period together with a corresponding credit in equity - Employee share option compensation reserve (Note 39). The dilutive effect of outstanding options (if any) is reflected as share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share. When the options are exercised, employee stock option compensation reserve relating to these options is transferred to share capital and share premium.

Dividend and reserves 6.14

Dividend declared and appropriations, except for transfer to statutory reserve, made subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non adjusting events and are recorded as a liability in the unconsolidated financial statements in the year in which these are approved by the directors / shareholders as appropriate.

6.15 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets, monetary liabilities and contingencies and commitments in foreign currencies except forward commitments (promises) are reported in Rupees at exchange rates prevalent on the reporting date.

Forward commitments other than those with the SBP relating to the foreign currency deposits are valued at forward rates applicable to the respective maturities of the relevant foreign exchange commitments. Forward commitments with the SBP relating to foreign currency deposit, are valued at spot rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses are included in the current year profit and loss account.

Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange transactions are disclosed at the rates applicable at the reporting date. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit, and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date.

Translation gains and losses are included in the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

6 16 Provisions and contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised, and are also not disclosed unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits are remote.

6.17 Acceptances, guarantees and letters of credit

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Bank to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Bank expects most acceptances to be settled simultaneously with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for as on-balance sheet transactions and related balances are disclosed under other assets and other liabilities.

The Bank issues guarantees and letters of credit. These are disclosed in the unconsolidated statement of financial position as part of contingencies and commitments.

6.18 Offsetting and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted by the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is

For the year ended December 31, 2022

derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Bank has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset. The Bank derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

6.19 Revenue recognition

- Profit on Murabaha (including Commodity Murabaha) and Musawammah is recognised on an accrual basis. Profit on Murabaha and Musawammah transactions for the period from the date of disbursement to the date of culmination of Murabaha and Musawammah is recognised immediately upon the later date in line with IFAS requirements.
- ii) Rentals on Ijarah contracts are recognised as income on an accrual basis in line with IFAS requirements.
- iii) Profit on Bai Muajjal transaction is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Profit on Diminishing Musharakah financing is recognised on an accrual basis. iv)
- Profit on Running Musharakah financing is recognised on an accrual basis and is adjusted upon declaration of V) profit by Musharakah partners.
- Profit on Tijarah and Istisna financing is recognised on an accrual basis commencing from time of sale of goods vi) till the realisation of sale proceeds by the Bank.
- Profit on Service Ijarah is recognised on an accrual basis commencing from the date of confirmation of sale. vii)
- Profit on Wakalah tul Istithmar / Wakalah is recognised on an accrual basis and is commensurate with the viii) Wakalah business performance/ work done by the agent.
- ix) Profit on Sukuk is recognised on an accrual basis. Where Sukuk (excluding held for trading securities) are purchased at a premium or discount, those premiums / discounts are amortised through the unconsolidated profit and loss account over the remaining maturity.
- Commission on letters of credit, acceptances and guarantees is recognised on receipt basis, except for x) commission on guarantees in excess of Rs 250,000 which is recognised over the period of the guarantee. Fee and brokerage income are recognised when earned.
- The Bank earns fee and commission income from certain non-funded banking services. The related fee and xi) commission income is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Bank expects to be entitled in exchange for providing the services. The Bank recognises fees earned on transaction-based arrangements at a point in time when the Bank has fully provided the service to the customer. Where the contract requires services to be provided over time, the income is recognised on a systematic basis over the life of the related service. Unearned fees and commissions are included under Other liabilities.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Bank's right to receive dividend is established. xii)
- xiii) Gain or loss on sale of investments is included in the unconsolidated profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.
- Gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets, liarah assets and Musharakah assets is taken to the xiv) profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.
- Profit suspended in compliance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP is recognised on receipt xv) basis. Profit on rescheduled / restructured financing and investments is recognised as permitted by the SBP.

6.20 Seament reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Bank's primary format of reporting is based on business segments. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the management. Management monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

6.20.1 Business segments

Corporate and Commercial Banking

It includes trade finance, export finance, project finance, Ijarah, guarantees and bills of exchange relating to its Corporate and Commercial customers, investment banking, syndications, IPO related activities (excluding investments), secondary private placements, underwriting and securitisation.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Retail Banking

It includes retail financing, deposits and banking services offered to its retail customers and small and medium enterprises.

Trading and Sales

It includes equity, foreign exchanges, commodities, own securities and placements.

It includes functions which cannot be classified in any of the above segments.

6.20.2 Geographical segments

The Bank operates only in Pakistan.

6.21 Earnings per share

7

The Bank presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing profit after tax for the year attributable to equity holders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. EPS is retrospectively adjusted for the effect of bonus shares issued.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit of Bank (after adjusting for return and related tax impact) on the convertible instruments / share options by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion / exercise of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------------|-------------|--|
| CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS | | Rupees in '000 | | |
| In hand | | | | |
| - local currency | | 40,142,380 | 36,028,760 | |
| - foreign currencies | | 1,120,217 | 2,821,769 | |
| | | 41,262,597 | 38,850,529 | |
| With the State Bank of Pakistan in | | | | |
| - local currency current accounts | | 69,747,152 | 70,308,704 | |
| - foreign currency current accounts | | 6,433,593 | 10,259,746 | |
| | 7.1 | 76,180,745 | 80,568,450 | |
| With the National Bank of Pakistan in | | | | |
| - local currency current accounts | | 222,839 | 50,668,296 | |
| | | | | |
| National Prize Bonds | 7.2 | 76,925 | 413,423 | |
| | | 117,743,106 | 170,500,698 | |

- These include local and foreign currency amounts required to be maintained by the Bank with the SBP under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and /or stipulated by the SBP. These accounts are non-remunerative in nature.
- 7.2 These represent the national prize bonds received from customers for onward surrendering to SBP. The Bank, as a matter of Shariah principle, does not deal in prize bonds.

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---|--|------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 8 | BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS | | Rupees in '000 | | |
| | In Pakistan - in current accounts | | 4,770,402 | 14,901,943 | |
| | Outside Pakistan - in current accounts - in deposit accounts | 8.1 | 4,080,128 4,825,629 13,676,159 | 1,275,566 242,527 16,420,036 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

8.1 It represent the balance in the remunerative account maintained with financial institutions outside Pakistan. The return on these balances ranges from 0.20% to 2.25% (2021: 0.0001%) per annum.

| Bai Muajjal receivable: - from scheduled banks / financial institutions - Secured - from other Financial Institution - g.2 | | | | | Note | 2022 | 2021 | |
|--|---|-----------------|--|--------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|--|
| - from scheduled banks / financial institutions - Secured | 9 | DUE | FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS | | | Rupees in '000 | | |
| - from other Financial Institution 9.2 34,979,799 238,417,137 Commodity Murabaha 26,066 26,066 Description of the from financial institutions 9.3 35,005,865 238,443,203 Less: Provision held against due from financial institutions 9.4 (41,566) (41,566) Due from financial institutions 9.4 (41,566) (41,566) The effective average return on this product is 11.25% (2021: 8.10%) per annum. The balances have maturities in July 2025 (2021: ranging between January 2022 to July 2025). These Bai Muajial are secured against Federal Government securities received as collateral and having market value of Rs 36,915 million as at December 31, 2022 (2021: Rs 240,575 million). 2022 2021 Rupees in '000 9.2 Bai Muajial Placements Less: Deferred income 9,878,329 (18,895,001) Profit receivable shown in other assets Bai Muajial Placements 24,979,799 238,417,137 9.3 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency 35,005,865 238,443,203 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency 35,005,865 238,443,203 Provision held institutions Rupees in '000 9.4 Category of classification Provision held institutions Rupees in '000 | | Bai M | /luajjal receivable: | | _ | | | |
| 9.2 34,979,799 238,417,137 | | - fr | om scheduled banks / financial institutions - Se | ecured | 9.1 | 34,964,299 | 238,401,637 | |
| Commodity Murabaha 26,066 26,066 238,443,203 | | - fr | om other Financial Institution | | | 15,500 | 15,500 | |
| Less: Provision held against due from financial institutions Due from financial institutions - net of provision 9.4 (41,566) (4 | | | | | 9.2 | 34,979,799 | 238,417,137 | |
| Less: Provision held against due from financial institutions Due from financial institutions - net of provision 9.4 (41,566) 34,964,299 238,401,637 9.1 The effective average return on this product is 11.25% (2021: 8.10%) per annum. The balances have maturities in July 2025 (2021: ranging between January 2022 to July 2025). These Bai Muajjal are secured against Federal Government securities received as collateral and having market value of Rs 36,915 million as at December 31, 2022 (2021: Rs 240,575 million). 2022 2021 Rupees in '000 9.2 Bai Muajjal Placements Less: Deferred income Profit receivable shown in other assets Bai Muajjal Placements 1 52,821,177 270,204,082 1 (18,895,001) 1 (7,963,049) (12,891,944) 2 Bai Muajjal Placements 9.3 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency In foreign currency 2022 2031 Non-performing due from financial institutions In local currency Rupees in '000 9.4 Category of classification Rupees in '000 Provision held institutions Rupees in '000 Rupees in '000 | | Com | modity Murabaha | | | 26,066 | 26,066 | |
| Institutions | | | | | 9.3 | 35,005,865 | 238,443,203 | |
| Substitutions - net of provision 34,964,299 238,401,637 238,401,637 | | Less: | : Provision held against due from financial | | | | | |
| 9.1 The effective average return on this product is 11.25% (2021: 8.10%) per annum. The balances have maturities in July 2025 (2021: ranging between January 2022 to July 2025). These Bai Muajjal are secured against Federal Government securities received as collateral and having market value of Rs 36,915 million as at December 31, 2022 (2021: Rs 240,575 million). 2022 2021 Rupees in '000 9.2 Bai Muajjal Placements Less: Deferred income Profit receivable shown in other assets Bai Muajjal Placements | | | institutions | | 9.4 | (41,566) | (41,566) | |
| (2021: ranging between January 2022 to July 2025). These Bai Muajjal are secured against Federal Government securities received as collateral and having market value of Rs 36,915 million as at December 31, 2022 (2021: Rs 240,575 million). 2022 2021 Rupees in '000 9.2 Bai Muajjal Placements Less: Deferred income Profit receivable shown in other assets Bai Muajjal Placements Bai Muajjal Placements 9.3 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency In foreign currency 2022 Non-performing due from financial institutions In due from financial institutions In Sp. 2021 Non-performing due from financial institutions In stitutions Rupees in '000 Provision held institutions Rupees in '000 | | Due 1 | from financial institutions - net of provision | | | 34,964,299 | 238,401,637 | |
| 9.2 Bai Muajjal Placements Less: Deferred income Profit receivable shown in other assets Bai Muajjal Placements 9.3 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency In foreign currency 9.4 Category of classification 9.5 East 1,177 (983,049) (18,895,001) (7,963,049) (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (13,979,799) (13,895,001) (13,895,001) (14,895,001) (15,891,944) (15,891,944) (16,891,944) (17,963,049) (12,891,944) (17,963,049) (12,891,944) (18,895,001) (18,895,001) (18,895,001) (19,878,329) (18,895,001) (19,878,329) (18,895,001) (19,891,944) (10,89 | | | Table 1 | 2.1.2.33,3.3 | 2 333301 6 | , , | , | |
| 9.2 Bai Muajjal Placements Less: Deferred income Profit receivable shown in other assets Bai Muajjal Placements 9.3 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency In foreign currency 9.4 Category of classification 9.5 East 1,177 (983,049) (18,895,001) (7,963,049) (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (13,979,799) (13,895,001) (13,895,001) (14,895,001) (15,891,944) (15,891,944) (16,891,944) (17,963,049) (12,891,944) (17,963,049) (12,891,944) (18,895,001) (18,895,001) (18,895,001) (19,878,329) (18,895,001) (19,878,329) (18,895,001) (19,891,944) (10,89 | | | | | | 2022 | 2021 | |
| Less: Deferred income | | | | | | Rupees | in '000 | |
| Profit receivable shown in other assets Bai Muajjal Placements 9.3 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency In foreign currency 2022 Non-performing due from financial institutions In local currency Rupees in '000 (12,891,944) (12,891,944) (238,417,137) 238,443,203 Provision held institutions Rupees in '000 | | 9.2 | | | | | 270,204,082 | |
| 9.3 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency In foreign currency 2022 Non-performing due from financial institutions fundamental institutions 2022 Non-performing due from financial institutions 9.4 Category of classification Provision held Institutions Rupees in '000 238,417,137 238,443,203 238,443,203 Provision due from financial institutions Rupees in '000 | | | | | | | , , , , | |
| 9.3 Particulars of due from financial institutions In local currency In foreign currency In foreign currency 2022 Non-performing due from financial institutions 9.4 Category of classification Particulars of due from financial institutions 35,005,865 238,443,203 2021 Non-performing due from financial institutions Rupees in '000 Rupees in '000 | | | | | | | | |
| In local currency In foreign currency In foreign currency | | | Bai Muajjal Placements | | = | 34,979,799 | 238,417,137 | |
| In local currency In foreign currency In foreign currency | | 9.3 | Particulars of due from financial institutions | | | | | |
| In foreign currency 2022 Non-performing due from financial institutions 9.4 Category of classification Provision held due from financial institutions Rupees in '000 Rupees in '000 | | 0.0 | | | | 35.005.865 | 238.443.203 | |
| Non-performing Provision Non-performing Provision due from financial institutions 9.4 Category of classification Provision Non-performing Provision due from financial institutions Rupees in '000 | | | , and the second | | | - | - | |
| Non-performing Provision Non-performing Provision due from financial held due from financial held institutions 9.4 Category of classification Rupees in '000 | | | | | | 35,005,865 | 238,443,203 | |
| Non-performing Provision Non-performing Provision due from financial held due from financial held institutions 9.4 Category of classification Rupees in '000 | | | | 2022 | | 204 | 04 | |
| due from financial held due from financial held institutions 9.4 Category of classification Rupees in '000 | | | | | | | | |
| 9.4 Category of classification Rupees in '000 | | | | due from financial | | due from financia | | |
| Rupees III 000 | | 0.1 | Category of classification | institutions | _ | | | |
| Loss 41,566 41,566 41,566 41,566 | | J. 4 | Category of classification | | Rupe | ees in '000 | | |
| | | | Loss | 41,566 | 41,566 | 41,566 | 41,566 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

10 INVESTMENTS - NET

| 10.1 | Investments | by t | vpes |
|------|-------------|------|------|
|------|-------------|------|------|

| investments by types | Note | 2022 | | | | 2021 | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | | Cost / Amortised cost | Provision for diminution | Surplus / (Deficit) | Carrying Value | Cost / Amortised cost | Provision for diminution | Surplus / (Deficit) | Carrying Value |
| | | | | | Rup | ees in '000 — | | | |
| Held for trading securities | | | | | | | | | |
| - Federal Government Securities | | 2,470 | - | 18 | 2,488 | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Available for sale securities | | | | | | | | | |
| - Federal Government Securities | 10.5.1 | 925,056,827 | - | (7,185,753) | 917,871,074 | 387,898,392 | - | (1,300,655) | 386,597,737 |
| - Shares | 10.5.2 & 10.5.3 | 10,205,678 | 3,128,805 | 1,035,172 | 8,112,045 | 9,662,370 | 2,322,124 | 1,928,965 | 9,269,211 |
| - Non Government Sukuk | 10.5.4 | 125,481,220 | 75,892 | 5,123,927 | 130,529,255 | 130,407,390 | 75,892 | 5,624,000 | 135,955,498 |
| - Foreign Securities | 10.5.5 | 8,721,244 | - | (142,380) | 8,578,864 | 10,343,243 | - | 370,768 | 10,714,011 |
| | | 1,069,464,969 | 3,204,697 | (1,169,034) | 1,065,091,238 | 538,311,395 | 2,398,016 | 6,623,078 | 542,536,457 |
| Held to maturity securities - Federal Government Securities | 10.6 | 217,208,259 | - | - | 217,208,259 | 76,687,798 | - | - | 76,687,798 |
| In related parties | | | | | | | | | |
| Associates (listed) - Units of mutual funds | 10.1.1 & 10.2 | 845,252 | - | - | 845,252 | 844,738 | - | - | 844,738 |
| Subsidiary - Shares | 10.1.1 & 10.2 | 63,050 | - | - | 63,050 | 63,050 | - | - | 63,050 |
| Total Investments | | 1,287,584,000 | 3,204,697 | (1,169,016) | 1,283,210,287 | 615,906,981 | 2,398,016 | 6,623,078 | 620,132,043 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

10.1.1 Details of investment in subsidiary and associates

| | | | | 2022 | | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------|
| | Percentage of holding | Assets | Liabilities | Revenue | Profit/(loss) after taxation | Total comprehensive income/(loss) | Asset |
| | | | | —Rupees i | n '000 —— | | Share |
| Subsidiary (unlisted) | | | | | | | |
| Al Meezan Investment Management Limited | 65.00% | 4,177,658 | 736,567 | 1,630,866 | 584,448 | 572,465 | N/A |
| | | | | | | | |
| Associates (open ended - listed) | | | | | | | |
| Meezan Balanced Fund | 12.43% | 2,500,588 | 72,183 | 98,518 | (13,271) | (13,271) | 301,980 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund | 8.86% | 4,136,249 | 82,010 | (236,436) | (416,828) | (416,828) | 359,226 |
| Meezan Islamic Fund | 3.31% | 21,250,501 | 472,320 | (1,700,775) | (2,667,417) | (2,667,417) | 688,124 |
| Meezan Sovereign Fund | 0.01% | 6,786,165 | 119,363 | 765,454 | 686,421 | 686,421 | 548 |
| Meezan Gold Fund | 16.64% | 758,030 | 4,607 | 153,382 | 135,535 | 135,535 | 125,369 |
| KSE Meezan Index Fund | 5.07% | 2,732,821 | 72,794 | (114,498) | (166,830) | (166,830) | 134,841 |
| | | 38,164,354 | 823,277 | (1,034,355) | (2,442,390) | (2,442,390) | 1,610,088 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | 2021 | | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | Percentage of holding | Assets | Liabilities | Revenue | Profit/(loss) after taxation | Total comprehensivincome/(loss |) Asset |
| | | | | —Rupees i | n '000 —— | | Share |
| Subsidiary (unlisted) | | | | | | | |
| Al Meezan Investment Management Limited | 65.00% | 4,191,720 | 773,094 | 1,819,984 | 800,081 | 805,735 | N/A |
| Associates (listed and open ended) | | | | | | | |
| Meezan Balanced Fund | 6.99% | 4,431,599 | 92,017 | 290,185 | 119,539 | 119,539 | 303,321 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund | 7.79% | 5,146,860 | 96,918 | 233,770 | 119,575 | 119,575 | 393,266 |
| Meezan Islamic Fund | 2.52% | 31,105,508 | 626,613 | 1,954,186 | 1,208,948 | 1,208,948 | 767,340 |
| Meezan Gold Fund | 17.05% | 604,535 | 3,366 | 43,574 | 35,022 | 35,022 | 102,503 |
| KSE Meezan Index Fund | 5.22% | 2,782,962 | 18,943 | 11,270 | (18,189) | (18,189) | 144,164 |
| | | 44,071,464 | 837,857 | 2,532,985 | 1,464,895 | 1,464,895 | 1,710,594 |

Subsidiary and associates are incorporated / registered in Pakistan. Shares in subsidiary are placed in custody account with Central Depository of Pakistan and cannot be sold without the prior approval of SECP in accordance with the SECP's circular No. 9 of 2006 dated June 15, 2006.

2022

10.2 Investments by segments

| | Note | | 20 | 22 | | | | 20 | 21 | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | | Cost / Amortised cost | Provision for diminution | Surplus / (Deficit) | Carrying Value | | Cost / Amortised cost | Provision for diminution | Surplus / (deficit) | Carrying Value |
| | | | | | Rup | ees | in '000 — | | | |
| Federal Government Securities | | 1 111 100 050 | | (7.405.705) | 1 100 010 001 | ır | 000 057 570 | | (4 000 055) | 007.550.047 |
| Ijarah Sukuks Bai Muajjal with Government of | 10.5.1 | 1,111,102,059 | - | (7,185,735) | 1,103,916,324 | | 398,857,572 | - | (1,300,655) | 397,556,917 |
| Pakistan (through State Bank of | 10.5.1 & | | | | | | | | | |
| Pakistan) | 10.6 | 23,224,694 | - | - | 23,224,694 | | 64,443,192 | - | - | 64,443,192 |
| - Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates | | 7,940,803 | _ | _ | 7,940,803 | | 1,285,426 | - | - | 1,285,426 |
| | | 1,142,267,556 | - | (7,185,735) | 1,135,081,821 | | 464,586,190 | - | (1,300,655) | 463,285,535 |
| Shares | 40.50 | 0.000.000 | 0.070.004 | 4 005 470 | 7 505 007 | ır | 0.057.004 | 0.000.074 | 4 000 005 | 0.740.005 |
| Listed Companies Unlisted Companies | 10.5.2 10.5.3 | 9,600,999 604,679 | 3,070,304 58,501 | 1,035,172 | 7,565,867 546,178 | | 9,057,691 604,679 | 2,268,371 53,753 | 1,928,965 | 8,718,285 550,926 |
| Offilisted Companies | 10.5.5 | 10,205,678 | 3,128,805 | 1,035,172 | 8,112,045 | l L | 9,662,370 | 2,322,124 | 1,928,965 | 9,269,211 |
| Non Government Sukuk | | 10,200,076 | 3,120,003 | 1,033,172 | 0,112,040 | | 9,002,370 | 2,322,124 | 1,920,900 | 9,209,211 |
| Listed | 10.2.1 & 10.5.4 | 114,385,781 | _ | 5,123,927 | 119,509,708 | [| 114,404,511 | - | 5,624,000 | 120,028,511 |
| Unlisted | 10.5.4 | 11,095,439 | 75,892 | | 11,019,547 | | 16,002,879 | 75,892 | - | 15,926,987 |
| | | 125,481,220 | 75,892 | 5,123,927 | 130,529,255 | | 130,407,390 | 75,892 | 5,624,000 | 135,955,498 |
| Foreign Securities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Government Sukuk | 10.5.5 | 5,314,367 | | (134,204) | 5,180,163 | [| 7,684,473 | | 300,073 | 7,984,546 |
| Non Government Sukuk | 10.5.5 | 3,396,488 | _ | (8,176) | 3,388,312 | | 2,648,381 | - | 70.695 | 2,719,076 |
| Shares | 10.5.5 | 10,389 | | - (-, / | 10,389 | | 10,389 | - | - | 10,389 |
| | | 8,721,244 | - | (142,380) | 8,578,864 | | 10,343,243 | - | 370,768 | 10,714,011 |
| Associates | | 404.045 | | | 404.045 | ır | 101.045 | | | 404.045 |
| Meezan Balanced Fund Al Meezan Mutual Fund | | 161,345 312,371 | [| [| 161,345 312,371 | | 161,345 312,371 | - | - | 161,345 312,371 |
| Meezan Islamic Fund | | 221,050 | [| [| 221,050 | | 221,050 | _ | _ [| 221,050 |
| Meezan Sovereign Fund | | 514 | - | - | 514 | | - | - | - | - |
| Meezan Gold Fund | | 49,972 | - | - | 49,972 | | 49,972 | - | - | 49,972 |
| KSE Meezan Index Fund | | 100,000 | - | - | 100,000 | | 100,000 | - | - | 100,000 |
| Cubaidian | | 845,252 | - | - | 845,252 | | 844,738 | - | - | 844,738 |
| Subsidiary Al Meezan Investment Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| Limited | 10.7 | 63,050 | - | - | 63,050 | | 63,050 | - | - | 63,050 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Investments | | 1,287,584,000 | 3,204,697 | (1,169,016) | 1,283,210,287 | | 615,906,981 | 2,398,016 | 6,623,078 | 620,132,043 |
| | | | | | | - | | | | |

10.2.1 This represents investment in Pakistan Energy Sukuk-I and Pakistan Energy Sukuk-II issued by Power Holding Limited, wholly owned by the Government of Pakistan. These Energy Sukuk are guaranteed by the Government of Pakistan and are eligible for Statutory Liquidity Requirements. These Energy Sukuk are based on Islamic mode of Ijarah with semi-annual rental payments and are due to mature in 2029-30.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | 10.2.2 Investments given as co | ollateral 202 | al 2022 | | 2021 | | | |
|-----|--|---|-------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | Cost / Amortised Cost | Market value | Cost / Amortised Cost | Market value | | | |
| | F. d | | Rupees | in '000———— | | | | |
| | Federal Government Securitie - Sukuk - Bai Muajjal with Governmen | 404,000,000 | 401,903,600 | 30,000,000 | 30,054,000 | | | |
| | Pakistan (through State Ba of Pakistan) | nk - | _ | 28,150,000 | 28,150,000 | | | |
| | or r anotary | 404,000,000 | 401,903,600 | 58,150,000 | 58,204,000 | | | |
| | | | | 2022 | 2021 | | | |
| 0.3 | Provision against diminution i | n value of investments | | Rupees | | | | |
| | Opening balance | | | 2,398,016 | 2,183,393 | | | |
| | Charge / (reversals) | | | | | | | |
| | Charge for the year Reversals for the year | | | 970,287 | 305,016 (3,456) | | | |
| | Reversals on disposals | | | (163,606) | (86,937) | | | |
| | | | | 806,681 | 214,623 | | | |
| | Closing balance | | | 3,204,697 | 2,398,016 | | | |
| 0.4 | Particulars of provision agains | | 22 | 202 | ı . | | | |
| | | Non-performing investment | Provision | Non-performing investment | Provision | | | |
| | Only and a following the office | | Rupees | in '000 — | | | | |
| | Category of classification Domestic | | apooo | | | | | |
| | Domestic | | | | | | | |
| | Loss | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 | | | |
| 0.5 | Loss | | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 | | | |
| 0.5 | Loss | ecurities | | 75,892 | 75,892 | | | |
| 0.5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S | ecurities | | 2022 | 2021 | | | |
|).5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securitie | | | 2021 | | | |
| 0.5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S The same of | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securitie | s are as follows: | | 2021 | | | |
|).5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Ava 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees | 2021 in '000 | | | |
|).5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government Government of Pakir | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Ava 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees | 2021 in '000 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government Government of Pakis GIS VRR-18 | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Paking Government of Paking GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Paking GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government Government of Pakis GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Paking Gis VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 | 2021 fin '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government Government of Pakis GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 25,007,215 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Paking Syrament of Paking Syrament of Paking Syrament of Syram | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 24,960,971 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 25,007,215 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Paking Government of Paking GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-24 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-26 | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 24,960,971 283,874,972 319,555,078 40,225,999 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 25,007,215 87,866,118 | | | |
| .5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Paking Government of Paking Government of Paking SVRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-24 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-26 GIS-FRR 08 | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 24,960,971 283,874,972 319,555,078 40,225,999 5,000,000 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 25,007,215 87,866,118 | | | |
| .5 | Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Paking Side of Sale of | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States - Government guastan Ijarah Sukuk | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 24,960,971 283,874,972 319,555,078 40,225,999 | 2021 fin '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 25,007,215 87,866,118 | | | |
| 0.5 | Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Pakis GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-24 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-26 GIS-FRR 08 GIS-FRR 11 Islamic Naya Pakist Islamic Naya Pakist | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States - Government guastan Ijarah Sukuk | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 24,960,971 283,874,972 319,555,078 40,225,999 5,000,000 21,963,005 893,891,330 741,885 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 25,007,215 87,866,118 5,000,000 6,500,000 322,169,774 | | | |
| 0.5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Pakis Government of Pakis GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-24 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-26 GIS-FRR 08 GIS-FRR 11 Islamic Naya Pakist Islamic Naya Pakist Islamic Naya Pakist Islamic Naya Pakist | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States - Government guastan Ijarah Sukuk tan Certificate an Certificate - PKR an Certificate - USD | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 24,960,971 283,874,972 319,555,078 40,225,999 5,000,000 21,963,005 893,891,330 741,885 6,506,281 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 25,007,215 87,866,118 5,000,000 6,500,000 322,169,774 58,724 907,167 | | | |
|).5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Pakis GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-24 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-26 GIS-FRR 08 GIS-FRR 11 Islamic Naya Pakist | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States - Government guastan Ijarah Sukuk tan Certificate an Certificate - PKR an Certificate - USD an Certificate - GBP | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 24,960,971 283,874,972 319,555,078 40,225,999 5,000,000 21,963,005 893,891,330 741,885 6,506,281 376,155 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 10,704,268 25,639,965 16,982,211 50,761,174 9,951,546 81,132,277 2,625,000 25,007,215 87,866,118 5,000,000 6,500,000 322,169,774 58,724 907,167 56,346 | | | |
|).5 | Loss Quality of Available for Sale S Details regarding quality of Available for Sale S 10.5.1 Federal Government Bai Muajjal with Government of Pakis Government of Pakis GIS VRR-18 GIS VRR-19 GIS VRR-20 GIS VRR-21 GIS FRR-04 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-22 GIS FRR-07 GIS VRR-23 GIS VRR-24 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-25 GIS VRR-26 GIS-FRR 08 GIS-FRR 11 Islamic Naya Pakist Islamic Naya Pakist Islamic Naya Pakist Islamic Naya Pakist | ecurities ailable for Sale (AFS) securities at Securities rnment of Pakistan (through States - Government guastan Ijarah Sukuk tan Certificate an Certificate - PKR an Certificate - USD an Certificate - GBP | s are as follows: | 2022 Cost Rupees 23,224,694 10,680,852 25,624,975 16,982,294 50,792,803 9,979,161 81,626,220 2,625,000 24,960,971 283,874,972 319,555,078 40,225,999 5,000,000 21,963,005 893,891,330 741,885 6,506,281 | 2021 in '000 64,443,192 | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | 2022 | | 2021 |
|--------|---|--|---|--|---|
| 10.5.2 | Shares - Listed | | Ruj | oees in '000 |) |
| | Automobile Assembler Automobile parts and accessories Construction and materials (cement) Power Generation and Distribution Commercial Banks Refinery Oil and Gas Marketing Companies Oil and Gas Exploration Companies Fertilizers Chemicals Pharmaceuticals Leather & Tanneries Miscellaneous Modarabas Technology and Communication Paper and Board Glass and Ceramics Textile (Composite) Vanaspati and Allied Industries Food and Personal Care Products Engineering | | 113,964 55,908 1,642,867 198,419 40,922 124,827 773,163 1,949,872 950,977 163,557 748,869 19,336 26,974 66,390 642,311 710,838 106,833 464,327 - 9,691 790,954 9,600,999 | 1 | 112,532 55,908 ,360,148 193,729 - 124,827 618,263 ,623,690 890,114 402,861 748,869 19,336 26,974 66,390 445,542 685,941 - 516,520 174,923 9,691 981,433 ,057,691 |
| 10.5.3 | Shares - Unlisted | 20 Cost | 22 Breakup value* Rupees in | Cost | 021 Breakup value* |
| | Sapphire Electric Company Limited Daewoo Pakistan Express Bus Service Limited Pakistan Corporate Restructuring Company Limited * Based on latest available audited financial statements | 318,638 253,240 32,801 604,679 | 993,415 231,720 26,011 1,251,146 | 318,638 253,240 32,801 604,679 | 920,535 251,080 30,767 1,202,382 |
| 10.5.4 | Non Government Sukuk | | 2022 | Cost | 2021 |
| | Listed - Government guaranteed Unlisted - Government guaranteed Unlisted Credit Ratings - AAA / AAA - AA / AA+, AA, AA A / A+, A, A Unrated | | 114,385,781 6,716,920 1,241,831 1,756,333 1,304,463 75,892 4,378,519 125,481,220 | 10 1 1 1 2 5 | ,404,511 ,786,560 ,307,190 ,596,667 ,236,570 75,892 ,216,319 ,407,390 |
| 10.5.5 | Foreign Securities Government Sukuk | Cost | 22 Rating Rupees in | 202 Cost 1 '000 | Rating |
| | Saudi Arabia Qatar Indonesia | 1,916,491 1,132,295 2,265,581 5,314,367 | Aa3 Baa2 | 4,150,186 885,035 2,649,252 7,684,473 | A Aa3 Baa2 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

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| | | | | 2022 | |
|------|--|--------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | Rup | Cost ees in '000 |
| | Non Government Sukuk - Unlisted - Aa3 / A | | | 2,264,22 | 29 1,764,736 |
| | - Baa2 | | | 1,132,25 3,396,48 | |
| | Equity securities - Unlisted S.W.I.F.T. SCRL | | | 10,38 | 10,389 |
| | | | | 8,721,24 | 10,343,243 |
| 10.6 | 6 Particulars relating to Held to Maturity securities are as follows: | | | | |
| | Federal Government Securities - Government guaranteed | | | | |
| | GIS FRR-04 | | | 10,566,2 | 10 10,562,798 |
| | GIS FRR-07 | | | 2,625,00 | 00 2,625,000 |
| | GIS FRR-08 | | | 5,000,00 | |
| | GIS FRR-11 | | | 199,017,0 | 49 58,500,000 |
| | | | | 217,208,2 | 76,687,798 |
| 10.7 | (2021: Rs 76,651 million). Investment in subsidiary | | 022 | | 2021 |
| 10.7 | in council in cubsidial y | Cost | Breakup value* | Cos | st Breakup value* |
| | | | Rupee | es in '000 | |
| | Al Meezan Investment Management Limited | 63,050 | 3,441,092 | 63,0 | 50 3,447,791 |
| | * Based on latest available audited financial statements | | | | |
| | | Note | 2022 | | 2021 |
| | LAMIC FINANCING AND RELATED ASSETS | | | Rupees in | 1.000 |
| | Pakistan: | | | | |
| | urabaha financing and related assets Murabaha financing | 11.1 | 7,127 | 7.282 | 6,195,161 |
| - A | dvances against Murabaha | | 4,888 | 3,537 | 2,224,908 |
| | Murabaha inventory | 11.0 | 3,872 | | 2,085,908 |
| | inancing under Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha inancing against Islamic SME Asaan Finance | 11.2 11.3 | | 1,413 1,018 | 1,048,988 10,000 |
| | dvance against Islamic SME Asaan Finance | 11.0 | 92 | - | 40,000 |
| - A | dvance against Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha | | 2,465 | 5,400 | 460,014 |
| | nventory under Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha nning Musharakah financing | | 19,159 | 9,329 | 35,000 12,099,979 |
| | Running Musharakan financing | | 240,531 | ,788 | 193,218,603 |
| | inancing under Islamic Export Refinance - Running Musharakah | | 50,965 | 5,430 | 37,235,077 |
| Ist | isna financing and related assets | | 291,497 | ,218 | 230,453,680 |
| | stisna financing | | 23,081 | | 6,534,664 |
| | dvances against Istisna stisna inventory | | 94,010 | | 68,370,720 5,574,727 |
| | inancing under Islamic Export Refinance - Istisna | | | 2,143 | 266,800 |
| - A | dvances under Islamic Export Refinance - Istisna | | 10,957 | 7,214 | 7,985,372 |
| - Ir | nventory under Islamic Export Refinance - Istisna | | 1,658 | | 2,866,783 |
| | | | 143.089 | 1.498 | 91.599.066 |

143,089,498

91,599,066

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 Runasa | 2021 |
|--|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Tijarah financing and related assets | | Rupees | in 000 |
| - Tijarah financing | | 1,959,394 | 1,715,312 |
| - Tijarah inventory | | 9,160,823 | 10,959,567 |
| - Financing under Islamic Export Refinance - Tijarah | | 1,056,241 | 1,549,127 |
| - Financing under Islamic SME Asaan Finance - Tijarah | | - | 2,738 |
| - Inventory under Islamic Export Refinance - Tijarah | | 1,132,182 | 413,901 |
| Musawammah financing and related assets | | 13,308,640 | 14,640,645 |
| - Musawammah financing | 11.4 | 74,983,110 | 33,362,530 |
| - Advances against Musawammah | 11.4 | 11,073,176 | 8,621,219 |
| - Musawammah Inventory | | 12,874,909 | 15,944,490 |
| - Financing under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah - Financing under SBP's Islamic Financing Facility for | 11.5 | 1,481,762 | 2,313,610 |
| Renewable Energy (IFRE) - Musawammah | 11.6 | 271,213 | 90,260 |
| - Advances under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah | | 412,100 | 647,638 |
| - Inventory under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah | | - | 1,215,492 |
| | | 101,096,270 | 62,195,239 |
| Salam Financing and related assets - Salam Financing | | 200 621 | 000 222 |
| - Salam Financing - Advances against Salam | | 899,631 18,705,389 | 990,223 11,204,294 |
| - Salam Inventory | | 1,836,491 | 1,230,270 |
| - Advances under Islamic Export Refinance - Salam | | - | 449,206 |
| Financing against bills | | 21,441,511 | 13,873,993 |
| - Financing against bills - Salam | | 5,173,912 | 9,827,325 |
| - Advance against bills - Salam | | 1,738 | 1,947 |
| | | 5,175,650 | 9,829,272 |
| - Bai Muajjal financing | 11.7 | 35,969,952 | 39,429,724 |
| ljarah financing and related assets | | | |
| - Net investment in Ijarah | | 74,960 | 75,042 |
| - Net book value of assets/investment in Ijarah under IFAS 2 | | 63,004,338 | 54,013,622 |
| Net book value of assets/investment in Ijarah under IFAS 2 Islamic Long Term Financing Facility (ILTFF) for Plant & Machinery | | | 11,030 |
| islamic Long Term Financing Facility (ILTFF) for Flant & Machinery | 11.8 | 63,079,298 | 54,099,694 |
| - Advances against Ijarah | 11.0 | 6,508,337 | 8,865,508 |
| | | 69,587,635 | 62,965,202 |
| Diminishing Musharakah financing and related assets | | | |
| - Diminishing Musharakah financing | | 151,635,702 | 110,857,954 |
| - Diminishing Musharakah financing - housing | | 20,132,503 | 16,670,211 |
| Diminishing Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Financing Facility for Storage of Agricultural Produce (IFFSAP) | | 263,206 | 62,913 |
| - Diminishing Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Financing | | 200,200 | 02,510 |
| Facility for Renewable Energy (IFRE) | | 14,350,196 | 952,704 |
| Diminishing Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Refinance Facility for Combating COVID – 19 (IRFCC) | | 295,145 | 402,751 |
| - Diminishing Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic SME | | 290,140 | 402,731 |
| Asaan Finance (I-SAAF) Scheme | | 80,771 | 9,900 |
| - Diminishing Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Long Term | | , | , |
| Financing Facility (ILTFF) for Plant & Machinery | | 15,771,049 | 12,881,740 |
| - Diminishing Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Temporary | | 10 000 005 | 1 507 000 |
| Economic Refinance Facility (ITERF) - Diminishing Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Refinance | | 10,880,035 | 1,507,883 |
| Scheme for Payment of Wages & Salaries to the Workers and | | | |
| Employees of Business Concerns (IRSPWS) | | 427,780 | 2,321,293 |
| - Advances against Diminishing Musharakah | | 29,957,946 | 11,302,256 |
| - Advances against Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's IFFSAP | | 57,141 | 83,939 |
| - Advances against Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's IFRE | | 2,870,913 | 15,188,412 |
| - Advances against Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's IRFCC | | 254,401 | 327,087 |
| - Advances against Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's ISAAF | | 4,800 | - 10 1 10 500 |
| - Advances against Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's ITERF | | 9,030,290 | 12,148,592 |
| - Advances against Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's ILTFF | | 9,986,155 265,998,033 | 4,963,408 189,681,043 |
| | | 200,000,000 | 100,001,043 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | Note | 2022 Bungas | 2021 |
|---------------|---|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| - N | Musharakah | financing | | 888,725 | - |
| - V | Vakalah Tul | Istithmar financing | | 6,375,000 | 10,625,000 |
| - A | Advances aç | gainst Wakalah Tul Istithmar | | 19,227,133 | 23,714,700 |
| - A | Advance aga | ainst Service Ijarah | | 14,899,103 | 7,749,103 |
| - (| Qard financi | ng under SBP's IRSPWS | | 5,783 | 28,914 |
| - 0 | Qard financi | ng under SBP's IRFCC | | 406,027 | 528,791 |
| - L | _abbaik (Qa | rd for Hajj and Umrah) | | 9,714 | 274 |
| - 8 | Staff financii | ng (including under SBP's IFRE) | 11.9 | 8,433,655 | 6,237,617 |
| - (| Other financ | ing | | 1,532,881 | 1,642,884 |
| Gr | oss Islamic | Financing and Related Assets | 11.10 | 1,018,101,757 | 777,295,126 |
| l Le Is | slamic finan ss: Provision slamic finan | n against non-performing cing and related assets - Specific n against non-performing cing and related assets - General ing and related assets - net of provision | 11.12 11.12 | (12,812,762) (9,780,641) 995,508,354 | (13,338,988) (5,870,018) 758,086,120 |
| | | | | | |
| 11.1 | Less: Defe | receivable - gross rred murabaha income receivable shown in other assets financing | 11.1.1 11.1.3 11.1.2 | 12,435,057 (164,688) (5,143,087) 7,127,282 | 6,944,861 (117,597) (632,103) 6,195,161 |
| | 11.1.1 | Murabaha Sale Price Murabaha Purchase Price | | 12,435,057 (7,127,282) | 6,944,861 (6,195,161) |
| | | | | 5,307,775 | 749,700 |
| | 11.1.2 | The movement in Murabaha financing during the Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance | year is as follows: | 6,195,161 68,424,533 (67,492,412) 7,127,282 | 7,292,120 72,951,570 (74,048,529) 6,195,161 |
| | 11.1.3 | Deferred murabaha income Opening balance Arising during the year Recognised during the year Closing balance | | 117,597 10,906,739 (10,859,648) 164,688 | 112,171 2,621,586 (2,616,160) 117,597 |
| 11.2 | Less: Defe Less: Profi | under Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha - gross rred income t receivable shown in other assets under Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha | | 745,114 (10,030) (23,671) 711,413 | 1,068,203 (5,937) (13,278) 1,048,988 |
| | 11.2.1 | The movement in Islamic Export Refinance Murab during the year is as follows: | paha financing | | |
| | | Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance | | 1,048,988 3,990,743 (4,328,318) 711,413 | 873,321 3,159,707 (2,984,040) 1,048,988 |
| | 11.2.2 | Deferred Islamic Export Refinance murabaha inco | ome | | |
| | | Opening balance Arising during the year Recognised during the year Closing balance | | 5,937 82,533 (78,440) 10,030 | 5,106 51,534 (50,703) 5,937 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| 11.3 | Less: Defe Prof | against Islamic SME Asaan Finance - Murabaha - gross erred income fit receivable shown in other assets against Islamic SME Asaan Finance - Murabaha | 142,590 (37,218) (11,354) 94,018 | 11,546 (1,526) (20) 10,000 |
| | 11.3.1 | The movement in Islamic SME Asaan Finance (Murabaha financing) during the year is as follows: | | |
| | | Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance | 10,000 116,957 (32,939) 94,018 | 10,000 - 10,000 |
| | 11.3.2 | Deferred Islamic SME Asaan Finance Murabaha income | | |
| | | Opening balance Arising during the year Recognised during the year Closing balance | 1,526 47,046 (11,354) 37,218 | 1,546 (20) 1,526 |
| 11.4 | Less: Defe Prof | nmah financing - gross erred income fit receivable shown in other assets amah financing | 76,327,808 (593,935) (750,763) 74,983,110 | 34,477,153 (468,449) (646,174) 33,362,530 |
| 11.5 | Less: Defe Prof | under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah - gross erred income fit receivable shown in other assets under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah | 1,548,225 (33,599) (32,864) 1,481,762 | 2,346,068 (13,048) (19,410) 2,313,610 |
| 11.6 | Less: Defe Prof | under SBP's IFRE - Musawammah - gross erred income fit receivable shown in other assets under SBP's IFRE - Musawammah | 304,510 (29,482) (3,815) 271,213 | 101,406 (10,925) (221) 90,260 |
| 11.7 | Less: Defe Prof | al financing - gross erred income fit receivable shown in other assets al financing | 42,504,634 (5,283,514) (1,251,168) 35,969,952 | 40,373,453 (300,831) (642,898) 39,429,724 |

- 11.8 Net book value of assets / investments in Ijarah under IFAS 2 is net of depreciation of Rs 45,881 million (2021: Rs 41,547
- 11.9 This includes Rs 699 million (2021: Rs 671 million) representing profit free financing to staff advanced under the Bank's Human Resource Policies.

11.10 Particulars of financing - gross

| Particulars of financing - gross | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | Rupe | es in '000 |
| In | | |
| - local currency | 972,271,359 | 733,552,562 |
| - foreign currencies | 45,830,398 | 43,742,564 |
| | 1,018,101,757 | 777,295,126 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

11.11 Islamic financing and related assets include Rs 13,628 million (2021: Rs 14,450 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

| | 20 |)22 | | 2021 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Category of classification | Non Performing Amount | ricia | Non Performing Amount es in '000 | Provision Held |
| | | • | | |
| Domestic | | | | |
| Other Assets Especially Mentioned | 221,234 | 114 | 41,771 | 358 |
| Substandard | 318,621 | 69,740 | 409,772 | 82,151 |
| Doubtful | 305,332 | 127,458 | 1,000,601 | 356,314 |
| Loss | 12,783,100 | 12,615,450 | 12,997,394 | 12,900,165 |
| Total | 13,628,287 | 12,812,762 | 14,449,538 | 13,338,988 |

11.12 Particulars of provision against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets:

| | 2022 | | | | | 2021 | | |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | Specific | General | Total | _ | Specific | General | Total | |
| | | | Rupe | ees in ' | 000 | | | |
| Opening balance | 13,338,988 | 5,870,018 | 19,209,006 | | 13,602,974 | 5,452,711 | 19,055,685 | |
| Exchange Adjustment | 219,559 | - | 219,559 | | - | - | - | |
| Charge for the year | 815,425 | 3,910,623 | 4,726,048 | | 2,186,594 | 417,307 | 2,603,901 | |
| Less: Reversals | (1,476,314) | - | (1,476,314) | | (1,859,091) | - | (1,859,091) | |
| | (660,889) | 3,910,623 | 3,249,734 | | 327,503 | 417,307 | 744,810 | |
| Amount written off | (84,896) | - | (84,896) | | (591,489) | - | (591,489) | |
| Closing balance | 12,812,762 | 9,780,641 | 22,593,403 | | 13,338,988 | 5,870,018 | 19,209,006 | |

11.12.1 Particulars of provision against non-performing financing:

| | 2022 | | | | 2021 | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|------------|--|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Specific | General | Total | | Specific | General | Total |
| | Rupees in '000 | | | | | | |
| In local currency | 12,344,783 | 9,780,641 | 22,125,424 | | 13,090,568 | 5,870,018 | 18,960,586 |
| In foreign currencies | 467,979 | - | 467,979 | | 248,420 | - | 248,420 |
| | 12,812,762 | 9,780,641 | 22,593,403 | | 13,338,988 | 5,870,018 | 19,209,006 |

11.12.2 The Bank maintains general provision in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Consumer Financing and House Financing issued by the SBP.

In addition, the Bank has also maintained a general provision of Rs 9,100 million (2021: Rs 5,350 million) against financing made on prudent basis, in view of prevailing economic conditions. This general provision is in addition to the requirements of Prudential Regulations.

11.12.3 In accordance with BSD Circular No. 2 dated January 27, 2009 issued by the SBP, the Bank has availed the benefit of Forced Sales Value (FSV) of collaterals against the non-performing financing. The accumulated benefit availed amounts to Rs 256.30 million (2021: Rs 176.60 million). The additional profit arising from availing the FSV benefit - net of tax amounts to Rs 130.70 million (2021: Rs 107.70 million). The increase in profit, due to availing of the benefit, is not available for distribution of cash and stock dividend to share holders.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---|-------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 11.13 Particulars of write offs | | Rupees in '000 | | |
| Against provisions Directly charged to unconsolidated profit and loss account | 11.12 | 84,896 - 84,896 | 591,489 515 592,004 | |
| Write offs Rs 500,000 and above - Domestic Write offs below Rs 500,000 - Domestic | | 84,896 - 84,896 | 592,004 - 592,004 | |

11.13.1 Details of financing written off of Rs 500,000 and above

In term of sub-section (3) of section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Statement in respect of written off financing or any other financial relief of rupees five hundred thousand or above allowed to any person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2022 is given in Annexure I.

| | | | | Note | 20 | 22 | 202 | 21 |
|----|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| 12 | FIXED ASSETS | | | | | Rupees | in '000 | |
| | Capital work-in-progress Property and equipment Right-of-use assets 12.1 Capital work-in-progress | | | 12.1 12.2 12.3 | 6,782 22,297 11,347 40,426 | ,092 ,016 | 5,117,8 16,304,6 12,535,4 33,957,9 | 43 83 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Advances to suppliers and contract - civil works - computer hardware - purchase of vehicles - office machines - furniture and fixtures | ctors for: | | | 76 993 | ,696 ,824 ,941 ,933 | 3,600,3 583,7 346,2 472,4 115,1 5,117,8 | 04 10 67 27 |
| | 12.2 Property and equipment | | | | 2022 | | | |
| | | Leasehold Land | Buildings on leasehold land | Leasehold improvements | Furniture and fixtures | Electrical, office and computer equipments | Vehicles | Total |
| | | | | Rupe | es in '000 | | | |
| | At January 1, 2022 | | | | | | | |
| | Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book value | 5,919,065 - 5,919,065 | 2,408,559 799,083 1,609,476 | 8,516,895 4,794,140 3,722,755 | 1,048,975 578,310 470,665 | 8,761,012 6,030,200 2,730,812 | 3,212,583 1,360,713 1,851,870 | 29,867,089 13,562,446 16,304,643 |
| | At December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | |
| | Opening net book value Additions Transfer from non-banking assets Disposals Depreciation charge (note 30) | 5,919,065 509,619 64,815 - | 1,609,476 1,499,517 - - (152,665) | 3,722,755 1,733,755 - (26,000) (745,208) | 470,665 343,553 - (1,147) (107,459) | 2,730,812 3,715,086 - (17,576) (1,400,698) | 1,851,870 1,406,345 - (112,909) (716,579) | 16,304,643 9,207,875 64,815 (157,632) (3,122,609) |
| | Closing net book value | 6,493,499 | 2,956,328 | 4,685,302 | 705,612 | 5,027,624 | 2,428,727 | 22,297,092 |
| | At December 31, 2022 Cost | 6,493,499 | 3,908,076 | 10,172,770 | 1,378,281 | 12,241,117 | 4,161,690 | 38,355,433 |
| | Accumulated depreciation | - | 951,748 | 5,487,468 | 672,669 | 7,213,493 | 1,732,963 | 16,058,341 |
| | Net book value | 6,493,499 | 2,956,328 | 4,685,302 | 705,612 | 5,027,624 | 2,428,727 | 22,297,092 |
| | Rate of depreciation (percentage) | - | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 and 20 | 20 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | 2021 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------|-------------|
| | Leasehold Land | Buildings on leasehold land | Leasehold improvements | Furniture and fixtures | Electrical, office and computer equipments | Vehicles | Total |
| | | | Runee | es in '000 | | | |
| At January 1, 2021 | | | Парос | 30 000 | | | |
| Cost | 4,881,161 | 2,012,816 | 7,901,111 | 921,210 | 7,628,283 | 2,597,383 | 25,941,964 |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | 691,325 | 4,075,042 | 504,963 | 5,128,924 | 1,011,545 | 11,411,799 |
| Net book value | 4,881,161 | 1,321,491 | 3,826,069 | 416,247 | 2,499,359 | 1,585,838 | 14,530,165 |
| At December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Opening net book value | 4,881,161 | 1,321,491 | 3,826,069 | 416,247 | 2,499,359 | 1,585,838 | 14,530,165 |
| Additions | 1,037,904 | 395,743 | 616,091 | 130,810 | 1,173,501 | 939,347 | 4,293,396 |
| Transfer from non-banking assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disposals | - | - | (174) | (72) | (1,033) | (101,232) | (102,511) |
| Depreciation charge (note 30) | - | (107,758) | (719,231) | (76,320) | (941,015) | (572,083) | (2,416,407) |
| Closing net book value | 5,919,065 | 1,609,476 | 3,722,755 | 470,665 | 2,730,812 | 1,851,870 | 16,304,643 |
| At December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Cost / Revalued amount | 5,919,065 | 2,408,559 | 8,516,895 | 1,048,975 | 8,761,012 | 3,212,583 | 29,867,089 |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | 799,083 | 4,794,140 | 578,310 | 6,030,200 | 1,360,713 | 13,562,446 |
| Net book value | 5,919,065 | 1,609,476 | 3,722,755 | 470,665 | 2,730,812 | 1,851,870 | 16,304,643 |
| Rate of depreciation (percentage) | - | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 and 20 | 20 | |

Included in cost of property and equipment are fully depreciated items still in use aggregating Rs 6,529 million (2021: Rs 5,749 million).

12.2.2 Details of disposal of fixed assets to related parties or other persons having net book value of Rs 500,000 or above are as follows:

| Description | Cost | Accumulated depreciation | l Net book value | Sale proceeds | Mode of disposal | Particulars of purchaser |
|---------------------|--------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------|---|
| | | — Rupees | in '000 – | | | |
| Vehicles | | | | | | |
| Toyota Land Cruiser | 11,525 | 8,644 | 2,881 | 5,655 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Arshad Majeed (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Toyota Prado | 8,906 | 7,391 | 1,515 | 3,331 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Ahmed Ali Siddiqui (Executive, Employee) |
| Toyota Fortuner | 6,735 | 4,925 | 1,810 | 3,793 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Kazi Muhammad Aamir (Late) (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Toyota Fortuner | 6,166 | 5,532 | 634 | 2,339 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Shabbir Hamza Khandwala (Executive, Employee) |
| Toyota Revo | 4,055 | 3,514 | 541 | 1,921 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Urooj Ul Hasan Khan (Executive, Employee) |
| KIA Sportage | 5,020 | 1,504 | 3,516 | 4,036 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Imran Taufiq Dhedhi (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| KIA Sorento | 4,195 | 764 | 3,431 | 4,581 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Mian Nasir Mehmood (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| BMW | 6,318 | 5,792 | 526 | 2,271 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Ariful Islam (Deputy Chief Executive Officer, a related party) |
| Honda Civic | 3,864 | 2,438 | 1,426 | 2,204 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Nizar Diamond Ali (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 3,495 | 2,384 | 1,111 | 1,810 | MBL Staff Policy | Syed Mehdi Abbas Nagvi (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 3,491 | 2,321 | 1,170 | 1,896 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Mubasher Ahmed (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 3,393 | 2,201 | 1,192 | 1,967 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Muhammad Amin (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,933 | 2,035 | 898 | 1,676 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Sohail Aslam (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,864 | 2,272 | 592 | 1,282 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Mohammad Adil Sami (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,822 | 1,687 | 1,135 | 1,636 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Shahzad Abdullah (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,818 | 2,141 | 677 | 1,301 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Bashir Ahmed (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,768 | 2,147 | 621 | 1,551 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Kazi Muhammad Aamir (Late) (Executive, |
| | | | | | • | Ex-employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,767 | 2,483 | 284 | 1,054 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Shabbir Hamza Khandwala (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,632 | 2,104 | 528 | 1,181 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Shayan Ahmed Baig (Executive, Employee) |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| Description | Cost | depreciation | | Sale proceeds | Mode of disposal | Particulars of purchaser |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Vehicles | | — Rupees | in '000 – | | | |
| verilcies | | | | | | |
| Honda Civic | 2,236 | 1,408 | 828 | 1,285 | MBL Staff Policy | Syed Tanveer Hussain (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 1,419 | 1,007 | 412 | 712 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Arshad Majeed (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Toyota Corolla | 3,238 | 2,148 | 1,090 | 1,755 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Zeeshan Ahmed (Executive, Employee) |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,997 | 2,345 | 652 | 1,559 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Amjad Ayub Khan (Executive, Employee) |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,187 | 1,384 | 803 | 1,268 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Nadeem Abdul Razzak (Executive, Employee) |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,095 | 1,570 | 525 | 1,079 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Muhammad Adnan Razzak (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda City | 2,621 | 1,347 | 1,274 | 2,525 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Munaf Usmani (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Honda City | 2,373 | 1,422 | 951 | 1,376 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Tariq Kamal (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda City | 2,055 | 1,505 | 550 | 1,027 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Faisal Yunus (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda City | 2,052 | 1,369 | 683 | 1,116 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Yousaf Ijaz (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda City | 1,904 | 1,206 | 698 | 1,593 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Ghiyas Ud Din Butt (Late) (Executive, |
| | | | | | | Ex-employee) |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,501 | 974 | 527 | 831 | MBL Staff Policy | Mr Naveed Uz Zaman Khan Sherwani (Executive, Employee) |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,836 | 1,312 | 1,524 | 2,577 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Honda City | 2,577 | 1,238 | 1,339 | 2,372 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited |
| Honda City | 2,568 | 849 | 1,719 | 2,439 | Negotiation | Mr Qaiser Ali Awan |
| Honda City | 2,498 | 498 | 2,000 | 2,850 | Negotiation | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Honda City | 2,496 | 663 | 1,833 | 2,701 | Negotiation | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Honda City | 2,492 | 498 | 1,994 | 2,620 | Negotiation | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Honda City | 2,491 | 579 | 1,912 | 2,401 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited |
| Honda City | 2,487 | 663 | 1,824 | 2,280 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Honda City | 2,456 | 652 | 1,804 | 2,160 | Negotiation | Mr Naveed Ahmad |
| Honda City | 2,386 | 1,185 | 1,201 | 1,807 | Negotiation | Mr Muhammad Yamin |
| Honda City | 2,362 | 1,101 | 1,261 | 2,058 | Negotiation | Mr Khurram Ayub |
| Honda City | 1,968 | 1,145 | 823 | 2,173 | Negotiation | Mr Khurram Ayub |
| Honda City | 1,926 | 1,283 | 643 | 2,150 | Negotiation | Mr Tanveer Mehmood |
| Honda City | 1,914 | 1,339 | 575 | 2,064 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Honda City | 1,906 | 1,237 | 669 | 2,166 | Negotiation | Mr Khurram Ayub |
| Honda City | 1,769 | 1,267 | 502 | 1,927 | Negotiation | Mr Khurram Ayub |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 849 | 908 | 1,442 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem Mr Muhammad Chand |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,790 | 446 | 1,344 | 1,486 | Negotiation | |
| Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus | 1,790 1,790 | 448 | 1,342 | 1,818 | Negotiation Negotiation | Mr Adeel Hameed Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,786 | 326 327 | 1,464 1,459 | 1,865 1,857 | Negotiation | Mr Haseeb Tariq |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,770 | 825 | 945 | 2,125 | Negotiation | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,768 | 852 | 916 | 1,721 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 849 | 908 | 1,486 | Negotiation | M Shahbaz Munawar |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 936 | 821 | 1,464 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 847 | 910 | 1,627 | Negotiation | Mr Tariq Mehmood |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 842 | 915 | 1,655 | Negotiation | Mr Adeel Hameed |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 849 | 908 | 1,387 | Negotiation | Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 847 | 910 | 1,488 | Negotiation | Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 849 | 908 | 1,682 | Negotiation | Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,756 | 732 | 1,024 | 1,726 | Negotiation | Mr Safeer Ahmed |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,756 | 732 | 1,024 | 1,756 | Negotiation | Mr Safeer Ahmed |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,755 | 583 | 1,172 | 1,684 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,755 | 640 | 1,115 | 1,751 | Negotiation | Mr Adeel Hameed |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,755 | 640 | 1,115 | 1,726 | Negotiation | Mr Adeel Hameed |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,744 | 813 | 931 | 1,770 | Negotiation | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,743 | 668 | 1,075 | 1,853 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,743 | 696 | 1,047 | 1,801 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,743 | 813 | 930 | 1,750 | Negotiation | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,738 | 578 | 1,160 | 1,790 | Negotiation | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,738 | 608 | 1,130 | 1,851 | Negotiation | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,720 | 831 | 889 | 1,490 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,720 | 831 | 889 | 1,446 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,720 | 831 | 889 | 1,566 | Negotiation | Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,485 | 716 | 769 | 1,514 | Negotiation | Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| Description | Cost | depreciation | | Sale proceeds | Mode of disposal | Particulars of purchaser | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|--------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Vehicles | | — Rupees | s in '000 - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,471 | 708 | 763 | 1,652 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,443 | 938 | 505 | 1,472 | Negotiation | Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,429 | 809 | 620 | 1,636 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,419 | 851 | 568 | 1,412 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,413 | 895 | 518 | 1,434 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,407 | 767 | 640 | 1,602 | Negotiation | Mr Riaz Ahmed Khan | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,404 | 795 | 609 | 1,623 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,404 | 772 | 632 | 1,801 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,385 | 716 | 669 | 1,541 | Negotiation | Mr Riaz Ahmed Khan | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,336 | 801 | 535 | 1,470 | Negotiation | Mr Tariq Mehmood | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,308 | 892 | 416 | 1,575 | Negotiation | Mr Adeel Hameed | | | | | |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,735 | 1,959 | 776 | 2,135 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,493 | 1,536 | 957 | 2,606 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| Honda City | 2,492 | 664 | 1,828 | 2,467 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,786 | 587 | 1,199 | 1,780 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,774 | 206 | 1,568 | 1,780 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,773 | 147 | 1,626 | 1,780 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,404 | 794 | 610 | 1,425 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| | 231,074 | 131,114 | 99,960 | 178,124 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Leasehold improvemer | nts | | | | | | | | | | |
| Civil Works | 13,616 | 9,650 | 3,966 | 670 | Negotiation | M/s Mughal Scrap | | | | | |
| Civil Works | 9,463 | 7,907 | 1,556 | 867 | Negotiation | M/s Mughal Scrap | | | | | |
| Civil Works | 6,957 | 3,635 | 3,322 | 4,406 | Takaful Claim | Ms Adamjee General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| Civil Works | 618 | 108 | 510 | 557 | Takaful Claim | Ms Adamjee General Insurance Limited | | | | | |
| | 30,654 | 21,300 | 9,354 | 6,500 | | | | | | | |
| Other disposals | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other disposais | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vehicles | 226,164 | 213,215 | 12,949 | 99,504 | | | | | | | |
| Electrical, office | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and computer | | | | | | | | | | | |
| equipment | 234,981 | 217,405 | 17,576 | 58,125 | | | | | | | |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 14,247 | 13,100 | 1,147 | 4,953 | | | | | | | |
| Leasehold improvements | 47,226 | 30,580 | 16,646 | 25,223 | | | | | | | |
| | 522,618 | 474,300 | 48,318 | 187,805 | | | | | | | |
| Total disposals | 784,346 | 626,714 | 157,632 | 372,429 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

12.3 Right-of-use assets

At January 1, Additions during the year Adjusted upon reassessment of useful life (note 12.3.1) Depreciation Charge Derecognition during the year At December 31, Useful life

| 2022 | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cost | Accumulated Depreciation | Net Book Value | | | | | |
| | — Rupees in '000 — | | | | | | |
| 19,050,825 | (6,515,342) | 12,535,483 | | | | | |
| 1,439,921 | = | 1,439,921 | | | | | |
| 624,880 | - | 624,880 | | | | | |
| - | (3,054,831) | (3,054,831) | | | | | |
| (432,906) | 234,469 | (198,437) | | | | | |
| 20,682,720 | (9,335,704) | 11,347,016 | | | | | |
| | | 5 years | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | 2021 | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | Cost | Accumulated Depreciation | Net Book Value |
| | | — Rupees in '000 — | |
| At January 1, | 9,975,122 | (4,167,850) | 5,807,272 |
| Additions during the year | 942,515 | = - | 942,515 |
| Adjusted upon reassessment of useful life | 8,178,322 | - | 8,178,322 |
| Depreciation Charge | - | (2,392,626) | (2,392,626) |
| Derecognition during the year | (45,134) | 45,134 | = |
| At December 31, | 19,050,825 | (6,515,342) | 12,535,483 |
| Useful life | | | 2 - 7 years |

During the current year, the Bank has reassessed a number of existing lease agreements resulting in reassessment of the lease agreements under IFRS 16, 'Leases'.

The Bank has remeasured the lease liabilities by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rates and making a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets.

| | 2022 | 2021 | |
|--|--|--|--|
| INTANGIBLE ASSETS | Rupees in '000 | | |
| Computer Software Advance against computer software | 1,421,338 422,646 1,843,984 | 1,235,876 259,934 1,495,810 | |
| 13.1 At January 1, 2022 Cost Accumulated amortisation Net book value | 3,178,875 1,942,999 1,235,876 | 2,331,467 1,585,954 745,513 | |
| Year ended December 31,2022 Opening net book value Additions - directly purchased Amortisation charge (note 30) Closing net book value | 1,235,876 644,046 (458,584) 1,421,338 | 745,513 847,408 (357,045) 1,235,876 | |
| At December 31, 2021 Cost Accumulated amortisation Net book value | 3,822,921 2,401,583 1,421,338 | 3,178,875 1,942,999 1,235,876 | |
| Rate of amortisation (percentage) Useful life | 10-20 5 - 10 years | 10-20 5 - 10 years | |

13.1.1 Included in cost of intangible assets are fully amortised items still in use aggregating Rs 1,449 million (2021: Rs 1,219 million). Remaining life of intangible assets ranges from 1 to 10 years.

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For the year ended December 31, 2022

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / (LIABILITIES) 14

| DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / (LIABILITIES) | 2022 | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | At January 1, 2022 | Recognised in profit and loss account | Recognised in OCI | At December 31, 2022 | | |
| Taxable temporary differences on: | | ——— nupees | III 000 ——— | | | |
| Excess of accounting book values over tax | | | | | | |
| written down values of owned assets | (136,865) | (326,465) | - | (463,330) | | |
| Surplus on revaluation of non-banking | | | | | | |
| assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | (15,045) | (326,399) | 12,958 12,958 | (2,021) (465,351) | | |
| Deductible temporary differences on: | (131,310) | (020,000) | 12,000 | (400,001) | | |
| (Surplus) / deficit on revaluation of available | | | | | | |
| for sale investments | (2,583,001) | - | 3,085,686 | 502,685 | | |
| Provision for diminution / impairment in value | | | | | | |
| of investments | 1,209,055 | 168,965 | - | 1,378,020 | | |
| Income not accrued due to non-culmination of | | | | | | |
| financing Provision against non-performing Islamic financing | 1,365,823 | 1,632,208 | - | 2,998,031 | | |
| and related assets | 125,678 | 36,812 | _ | 162,490 | | |
| Provision against non-banking assets acquired | 120,070 | 33,312 | | 102,100 | | |
| in satisfaction of claims and others | 209,910 | (139,783) | - | 70,127 | | |
| | 327,465 | 1,698,202 | 3,085,686 | 5,111,353 | | |
| | 175,555 | 1,371,803 | 3,098,644 | 4,646,002 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 202 | 1 | | | |
| | At January 1, 2021 | Recognised in profit and loss account | Recognised in OCI | At December 31, 2021 | | |
| | | Rupees | in '000 ——— | | | |
| Taxable temporary differences on: | | | | | | |
| Excess of accounting book values over tax | | | | | | |
| written down values of owned assets | (321,162) | 184,297 | - | (136,865) | | |
| Surplus on revaluation of available | | | | | | |
| for sale investments | (2,984,345) | - | 401,344 | (2,583,001) | | |
| Surplus on revaluation of non-banking | | | | | | |
| assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | (10,737) | 60 | (4,368) | (15,045) | | |
| Deductible temporary differences on: | (3,316,244) | 184,357 | 396,976 | (2,734,911) | | |
| • • | | | | | | |
| Provision for diminution / impairment in value | 4 000 000 | 100 100 | | 4 000 055 | | |
| of investments | 1,009,932 | 199,123 | - | 1,209,055 | | |
| Income not accrued due to non-culmination of | 1 040 507 | 017.006 | | 1 265 202 | | |
| financing Provision against non performing Islamic financing | 1,048,537 | 317,286 | - | 1,365,823 | | |
| Provision against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets | 1,474,152 | (1,348,474) | _ | 125,678 | | |
| Provision against non-banking assets acquired | 1,474,132 | (1,040,474) | | 123,076 | | |
| in satisfaction of claims and others | 173,276 | 36,634 | _ | 209,910 | | |
| calliagion of diamic and others | 3,705,897 | (795,431) | - | 2,910,466 | | |
| | 389,653 | (611,074) | 396,976 | 175,555 | | |
| | | (011,074) | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|--|---|---|--------------------------------|---|---|
| 15 | OTHE | R ASSE | rs | | Rup | ees in '000 |
| | Profit Accep Advar Non-b Mark Receiv Divide Stamp Secur Advar Other Less: Other Surplu satis | / return a brances noes, deponding a to marke vables or one of the provision Assets (in us on rev | sits vestments n held against other assets net of provision) aluation of non-banking assets acquired in of claims | 15.1 15.2 20.7 15.3.1 | 68,614,403 390,362 12,495,872 2,301,748 50,301 - 61,941 950 27,400 427,931 - 1,111,114 85,482,022 (107,921) 85,374,101 4,699 85,378,800 | 48,899,926 109,199 10,925,144 2,075,376 115,269 976,644 - 4,093 25,173 234,949 882 436,175 63,802,830 (39,854) 63,762,976 38,578 63,801,554 |
| | 15.1 | This income year | cludes prepaid takaful aggregating Rs 826 million (2021: ar. | Rs. 847 million) w | nich is being amort | ised over a period of |
| | | | | | 2022 Rup | 2021 pees in '000 |
| 1 | 15.2 | Market | value of Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claim | ims | 55,000 | 153,847 |
| | | M/s K.0 | value of the non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction G. Traders (Private) Limited based on prevailing market va ctive realtors as more detailed in note 41.3. The valuer is | lues determined th | rough independen | t market inquiries from |
| | | 15.2.1 | Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | | 2022 | 2021 pees in '000 |
| | | | Opening Balance Depreciation Transfer to fixed assets Closing Balance | | 115,269 (153) (64,815) 50,301 | 115,422 (153) 115,269 |
| 1 | 15.3 | Provisio | on held against other assets | | | |
| | | Others | | | 107,921 107,921 | 39,854 39,854 |
| | | 15.3.1 | Movement in provision held against other assets | | | |
| | | | Opening balance Charge for the year Reversals Amount adjusted / written off Closing balance | | 39,854 134,167 (8,056) (58,044) 107,921 | 53,923 61,004 (36,518) (38,555) 39,854 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

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| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--|--------|------------------|-----------------|
| 6 | BILLS PAYABLE | | Rupe | ees in '000 |
| | In Pakistan Outside Pakistan | | 40,175,122 | 36,141,378 - |
| | | | 40,175,122 | 36,141,378 |
| 7 | DUE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS | | | |
| | In Pakistan Outside Pakistan | | 573,326,439 - | 220,414,234 |
| | 17.1 Details of due to financial institutions secured / unsecured | | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 |
| | Secured | | | |
| | With State Bank of Pakistan | | | |
| | Musharakah under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme | 17.1.1 | 71,610,934 | 55,181,621 |
| | Investment under Islamic Long Term Financing Facility | 17.1.2 | 25,694,774 | 17,490,047 |
| | Investment under Islamic Refinance Facility for Combating COVID-19 | 17.1.2 | 955,573 | 1,244,792 |
| | Investment under Islamic Financing for Renewal Energy | 17.1.2 | 17,251,134 | 12,967,880 |
| | Investment under Islamic Temporary Economic Refinance | | | |
| | Facility for Plant and Machinery | 17.1.2 | 19,384,119 | 13,230,968 |
| | Investment under Islamic Refinance Scheme for storage | | | |
| | of agriculture produce | 17.1.2 | 282,324 | 40,677 |
| | Investment under Islamic Refinance Scheme for payment of | | | |
| | wages and salaries | 17.1.2 | - | 2,177,385 |
| | Investment under Islamic Refinance Scheme for SME Asaan Finance | 17.1.2 | 201,614 | - |
| | Investment under Shariah Compliant Open Market Operations | 17.1.3 | 363,382,155 | - |
| | Investment under Shariah Compliant Standing Ceiling Facility | | _ | 39,993,944 |
| | Total secured | | 498,762,627 | 142,327,314 |
| | With Scheduled Bank | 17.1.4 | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 |
| | Other financial institutions | 17.1.5 | 5,856,908 | 693,096 |
| | Unsecured | | | |
| | Overdrawn nostro accounts | | 496,904 | 443,824 |
| | Musharakah with scheduled banks / financial institutions | 17.1.6 | 37,775,000 | 46,950,000 |
| | Others | | 435,000 | - |
| | | | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 |
| | | | | |

- 17.1.1 These Musharakah are on a profit and loss sharing basis maturing between January 2023 to June 2023 and are secured against demand promissory notes executed in favour of SBP. A limit of Rs 81,869 million (2021: Rs 58,140 million) has been allocated to the Bank by SBP under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme. Last announced profit rate on the Musharakah investment is 7.22% per annum.
- 17.1.2 These Investments are on profit and loss sharing basis which has been invested in general pool of the Bank and are secured against demand promissory notes executed in favour of SBP. Last announced profit rate on these investments ranges from 0.18% to 4.90% per annum.
- 17.1.3 These represents acceptance of funds by the Bank on Mudarabah basis which has been invested in special pools of the Bank and are secured against lien of the Bank's investment in Federal Government securities. The expected average return on Open Market Operations is 15.91% (2021: Nil) per annum.
- 17.1.4 These represents acceptance of funds by the Bank on Musharakah basis which are secured against pledge of the Bank's investment in Federal Government securities (Note 10.2.2). The expected average return on these Musharakah is around 16.15% (2021: 10.65%) per annum. These balances have matured in January 2023 (2021: January 2022).
- 17.1.5 These Musharakah are on profit and loss sharing basis with Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company and Karandaaz with the objective of promoting low cost consumer housing and growth in SME financing respectively. The expected average return on Karandaaz Musharakah ranges from 9.02% to 20.26% per annum. The expected profit rate on PMRC borrowing is 12.89% per annum (2021: Nil) having maturity in November 2027.
- 17.1.6 These represents acceptance of funds by the Bank on Musharakah basis. The expected average return on these Musharakah is around 15.51% (2021: 10.37%) per annum. These balances have matured in January 2023 (2021: January 2022).

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|---|----------------|-------------|
| 17.2 | Particulars of due to financial institutions with respect to currencies | Rupees in '000 | |
| | In local currency | 572,829,535 | 219,970,410 |
| | In foreign currencies | 496,904 | 443,824 |
| | | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 |
| 17.3 | Particulars of due to financial institutions | | |
| | Short - term | 504,444,883 | 175,358,839 |
| | Long - term | 68,881,556 | 45,055,395 |
| | | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 |
| | | | |

18 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

| | | 2022 | | | | 2021 | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | In Local currency | In Foreign currencies | Total | _ | In Local currency | In Foreign currencies | Total |
| Customers | | | Rupe | ees ir | · '000 ——— | | |
| - Current accounts - non-remunerative | 736,468,532 | 38,420,227 | 774,888,759 | | 622,823,894 | 30,848,040 | 653,671,934 |
| | 1 ' ' 1 | 1 ' ' | ' ' | | 1 ' ' | 1 ' ' 1 | |
| Savings deposits | 581,314,505 | 53,554,524 | 634,869,029 | | 492,095,194 | 43,166,844 | 535,262,038 |
| - Fixed deposits | 181,114,576 | 16,136,130 | 197,250,706 | | 231,366,955 | 14,454,313 | 245,821,268 |
| - Margin | 40,429,443 | 2,005,656 | 42,435,099 | | 12,003,635 | 6,566 | 12,010,201 |
| | 1,539,327,056 | 110,116,537 | 1,649,443,593 | | 1,358,289,678 | 88,475,763 | 1,446,765,441 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Financial institutions | | | | | | | |
| - Current accounts - non-remunerative | 1,770,475 | 345,846 | 2,116,321 | | 1,829,027 | 308,877 | 2,137,904 |
| - Savings deposits | 5,929,062 | 904 | 5,929,966 | | 6,096,621 | 702 | 6,097,323 |
| - Fixed deposits | 1,000,238 | - | 1,000,238 | | 885,800 | - | 885,800 |
| | 8,699,775 | 346,750 | 9,046,525 | | 8,811,448 | 309,579 | 9,121,027 |
| | 1,548,026,831 | 110,463,287 | 1,658,490,118 | | 1,367,101,126 | 88,785,342 | 1,455,886,468 |

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|----------------|---------------|
| 18.1 | Composition of deposits | Rupees in '000 | |
| | - Individuals | 1,162,218,140 | 979,782,648 |
| | - Government (Federal and Provincial) | 8,258,422 | 6,950,408 |
| | - Public Sector Entities | 15,684,966 | 16,747,910 |
| | - Banking Companies | 4,961 | 68,346 |
| | - Non-Banking Financial Institutions | 9,041,564 | 9,052,681 |
| | - Private Sector | 463,282,065 | 443,284,475 |
| | | 1,658,490,118 | 1,455,886,468 |
| 18.2 | Particulars of deposits and other accounts in Pakistan | | |
| | - In local currency | | |
| | Mudaraba based deposits | 780,027,861 | 737,046,342 |
| | Qard based deposits | 767,998,970 | 630,054,784 |
| | | 1,548,026,831 | 1,367,101,126 |
| | - In foreign currencies | | |
| | Mudaraba based deposits | 71,688,818 | 57,621,859 |
| | Qard based deposits | 38,774,469 | 31,163,483 |
| | | 110,463,287 | 88,785,342 |
| | | 1,658,490,118 | 1,455,886,468 |
| | | | |

^{18.3} Eligible deposits covered under deposit protection scheme (including call deposit receipts disclosed under bills payable) amount to Rs 1,401,490 million (2021: Rs 1,243,142 million).

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------------------------|------|------------|------------|
| 19 SUB-ORDINATED SUKUK | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| Additional Tier I Sukuk | 19.1 | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 |
| Tier II Sukuk | 19.2 | 13,990,000 | 13,990,000 |
| | | 20,990,000 | 20,990,000 |

19.1 In August 2018, the Bank issued regulatory Shariah compliant unsecured, sub-ordinated privately placed Additional Tier I Sukuk based on Mudaraba of Rs 7,000 million as instrument of redeemable capital under section 66 of the Companies Act, 2017. The brief description of Additional Tier I sukuk is as follows:

| Credit Rating | AA (Double A) by VIS Credit Rating Company Limited. |
|---|--|
| Issue Date | August 01, 2018 |
| Tenor | Perpetual |
| Profit payment frequency | Monthly in arrears |
| Redemption | Perpetual. However, the Bank has call option which can be exercised with prior approval of SBP. |
| Expected Periodic Profit Amount (Mudaraba Profit Amount)-Non-discretionary subject to actual profit of the pool | The Mudaraba Profit is computed under General Pool on the basis of profit sharing ratio and monthly weightages announced by the Bank under the SBP guidelines of pool management. Last announced profit rate on the Sukuk is 17.68% per annum. |
| Call Option | The Bank may call Additional Tier I Sukuk with prior approval of SBP on or after five years from the date of issue. |
| Loss Absorbency | The Additional Tier I Sukuk, at the option of the SBP, will be fully and permanently converted into common shares (variable) upon the occurrence of a point of non-viability trigger event as determined by SBP or for any other reason as may be directed by SBP. |
| Lock-in-Clause | Profit and/or redemption amount can be held back in respect of the Additional Tier I Sukuk, upon directive of the SBP, if such payment will result in a shortfall in the Bank's minimum capital requirement, capital adequacy ratio requirement or leverage ratio requirement. |

19.2 In January 2020 and December 2021, the Bank issued regulatory Shariah compliant unsecured, subordinated privately placed Tier II Sukuk based on Mudaraba of Rs 4,000 million and Rs 9,990 million respectively as instrument of redeemable capital under section 66 of the Companies Act, 2017. The brief description of Tier II sukuk is as follows:

| Credit Rating | AA+ (Double A plus) by VIS Credit Rating Company Limited. |
|---|---|
| Issue Date | January 09, 2020 and December 16, 2021. |
| Tenor | 10 years from the issue date. |
| Profit payment frequency | Semi-annually in arrears. |
| Redemption | Bullet payment at the end of the tenth year. |
| Expected Periodic Profit Amount (Mudaraba Profit Amount)-Non- discretionary subject to actual profit of the pool | The Mudaraba Profit is computed under General Pool on the basis of profit sharing ratio and monthly weightages announced by the Bank under the SBP guidelines of pool management. Last announced profit rate on the Sukuk are 16.28% and 16.28% per annum respectively. |
| Call Option | The Bank may call Tier II Sukuk with prior approval of SBP on or after five years from the date of issue. |
| Loss Absorbency | The Tier II Sukuk, at the option of the SBP, will be fully and permanently converted into common shares (variable) upon the occurrence of a point of non-viability trigger event as determined by SBP or for any other reason as may be directed by SBP. |
| Lock-in-Clause | Profit and/or redemption amount can be held back in respect of the Tier II Sukuk upon directive of the SBP, if such payment will result in a shortfall in the Bank's minimum capital requirement, capital adequacy ratio requirement or leverage ratio requirement. |

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| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| OTHER LIABILITIES | | Rup | ees in '000 |
| Return on deposits and other dues | | | |
| - payable in local currency | 20.1 | 13,408,460 | 4,643,447 |
| - payable in foreign currencies | | 222,900 | 49,414 |
| Unearned income | 20.2 | 2,123,582 | 1,449,591 |
| Accrued expenses | 20.3 | 17,360,130 | 12,187,304 |
| Current taxation (provision less payments) | | 20,084,580 | 13,498,972 |
| Acceptances | | 12,495,872 | 10,925,144 |
| Unclaimed dividends | | 3,825,350 | 19,490 |
| Payable to defined benefit plan | 37.3 & 37.15 | 1,198,444 | 941,589 |
| Provision against off-balance sheet obligations | 20.4 | 55,167 | 55,167 |
| Charity payable | 20.5 | 4,159 | 3,932 |
| Security deposits against Ijarah | | 21,959,346 | 20,370,305 |
| Payable on account of credit murabaha / ijarah / musawammah | 20.6 | 53,681,143 | 24,819 |
| Security deposits against lockers | | 183,412 | 160,555 |
| Mark to market loss on forward foreign exchange commitments - net | 20.7 | 214,602 | - |
| Advance against future Diminishing Musharakah | | 34,987 | 490,951 |
| Withholding taxes payable | | 400,426 | 275,530 |
| Lease liability against right-of-use assets | 20.8 | 12,813,226 | 13,107,177 |
| Workers Welfare Fund payable | 20.9 | 5,620,598 | 3,710,254 |
| Others | | 3,408,755 | 1,067,904 |
| | | 169,095,139 | 82,981,545 |

- 20.1 This includes Rs 1,226 million (2021: Rs 264 million) in respect of return accrued on acceptances from SBP under the Islamic Export Refinance Scheme and Rs 365.80 million (2021: Rs 221.30 million) in respect of return accrued on acceptances from the SBP under various Islamic Long Term Refinance Schemes.
- 20.2 The Bank expects that the present balance of unearned income will be recognised as income in the next financial year
- 20.3 This includes Rs 1.99 million (2021: Rs 3.97 million) in respect of payable to Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (Subsidiary).

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|---|--------|--------|-----------|
| 20.4 | Provision against off-balance sheet obligations | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| | Opening balance | | 55,167 | 36,489 |
| | Charge for the year | | - | 18,678 |
| | Closing balance | 20.4.1 | 55,167 | 55,167 |

20.4.1 This represents provision recognised against guarantees and letter of credit of non-performing customers.

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|--------|-----------|-----------|
| 20.5 | Reconciliation of charity payable | | Rupee | s in '000 |
| | Balance as at January 1 | | 3,932 | 989 |
| | Additions during the year | | 147,472 | 201,777 |
| | Less: Transferred to charity savings account | | | |
| | (included in deposits and other accounts) | 20.5.1 | (147,245) | (198,834) |
| | Balance as at December 31 | | 4,159 | 3,932 |

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20.5.1 Charity paid through savings account during the year is Rs 121.43 million (2021: Rs 94.20 million). Charity of Rs 100,000 or higher was paid to the following organisations:

| of Rs 100,000 or higher was paid to the following organisations: | | |
|---|----------------|------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| | Rupe | es in '000 |
| Ihsan Trust - Related Party | 55,000 | 63,000 |
| Institute of Business Administration - Centre for Excellence in Islamic Finance | 17,330 | 25,800 |
| Alamgir Welfare Trust | 8,500 | , |
| Baitussalam Welfare Trust | 5,000 | - |
| Saylani Welfare Trust | 5,000 | - |
| Patients' Behbud Society for the Aga Khan University Hospital | 2,000 | - |
| Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan | 2,500 | - |
| The Indus Hospital, Karachi | 2,000 | - |
| Rashid Memorial Welfare Organization | 1,000 | - |
| Friends of Burns Centre, Karachi | 1,000 | - |
| Transformation International Society, Karachi Child Life Foundation, Karachi | 1,000 | - |
| Patients Welfare Foundation, Creek General Hospital | 1,000 1,000 | - |
| Diya Pakistan - Related Party | 1,000 | _ |
| Idara Al-Khair Welfare Society | 1,000 | - |
| Pakistan's Childrens' Heart Foundation | 1,000 | 500 |
| Afzaal Memorial Thalassemia Foundation | 500 | - |
| Chhipa Welfare Association | 500 | - |
| Family Educational Services Foundation | 500 | - |
| Bin Qutab Foundation | 500 | 500 |
| The Garage School Karigar Training Institute | 500 500 | 400 300 |
| Omair Sana Foundation | 500 | 300 |
| Muhammadi Blood Bank | 500 | - |
| NICE Welfare Society | 500 | - |
| Help of Patients in Exigency by Students (HOPES) | 500 | - |
| Patients Aid Foundation, Jinnah Postgraduate Medical Centre, Karachi | 500 | - |
| Balochistan University of Information Technology, Engineering and | | |
| Management Sciences | 500 | - |
| University of Agriculture, Faisalabad | 500 | - |
| Islamia University, Bahawalpur | 500 | - |
| University of Punjab Institute of Business Management, Karachi | 500 500 | - |
| NED University of Engineering & Technology, Karachi | 500 | _ |
| Jinnah University for Women, Karachi | 500 | - |
| Quaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad | 500 | - |
| University of Karachi | 500 | - |
| Behbud Association, Karachi | 500 | - |
| Federal Urdu University of Arts, Science and Technology | 500 | - |
| COMSATS University, Islamabad | 500 | - |
| The Cancer Foundation, Karachi Al Mustafa Welfare Society - Karachi | 500 500 | - |
| Pakistan Disabled Foundation | 500 | _ |
| Zubaida Machiyara Trust | 500 | 200 |
| Pakistan Eye Bank | 500 | 200 |
| Mukhtaran Rafiq Foundation | 500 | 200 |
| Pakistan Association of Deaf | 300 | 100 |
| Kiran Foundation | 300 | - |
| Jamiyat Punjabi Saudagran-e-Delhi | 300 | - |
| Life Care Foundation Trust Fatimid Foundation | 300 200 | - |
| Read Foundation | 100 | - |
| Dua Foundation | 100 | _ |
| Prevention of Blindness Trust | - | 500 |
| Burhani Medical Welfare Association | - | 400 |
| Jamal Noor Hospital | - | 300 |
| Frontier Foundation Welfare Hospital And Blood Transfusion Service | - | 200 |
| Women Islamic Lawyer's Forum | - | 200 |
| Child Aid Association | - | 200 |
| Women Empowerment Group | - | 200 |
| Health Education Livelihood Promoters (HELP) - Balochistan | - | 200 |
| The Kidney Centre, Karachi Health & Social Welfare Association | - | 200 200 |
| The Diabetes Centre | _ | 100 |
| The Bladetoe Contro | 121 430 | 94 200 |

20.5.2 The balance in Charity's savings account is Rs 155.79 million (2021: Rs 122.60 million).

121,430

94,200

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| 20.5.3 Movement of charity fund during the year is as under: | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-----------|--------------|
| | Rup | pees in '000 |
| Opening balance | 126,535 | 17,980 |
| Additions during the year | | |
| Received from customers on delayed payment | 122,793 | 108,650 |
| Dividend Purification Amount | 15,359 | 16,002 |
| Non-shariah compliance income | 9,320 | 77,125 |
| Profit on charity saving account (net of bank charges) | 7,373 | 978 |
| | 154,845 | 202,755 |
| Distribution of Charity | | |
| Education | (84,030) | (89,200) |
| Health | (13,200) | (4,000) |
| Health & Education | - | (1,000) |
| Community Development | (24,200) | - |
| | (121,430) | (94,200) |
| Closing balance | 159,950 | 126,535 |

- 20.6 This represents payable on account of credit Musawammah in accordance with the guidelines of the State Bank of Pakistan.
- 20.7 This is net off gain on forward foreign exchange commitments of Rs 1,787 million (2021: net off loss on forward foreign exchange commitments of Rs 1,965 million - Note 15).
- 20.8 The carrying amounts of lease liability against right-of-use assets and the movement during the year are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|----------------|-------------|
| | Rupees in '000 | |
| As at January 1, | 13,107,177 | 6,474,235 |
| Additions | 1,439,921 | 942,515 |
| Adjustment upon reassessment of useful life | 624,880 | 8,178,322 |
| Amortisation of lease liability against right-of-use assets | 1,522,963 | 770,406 |
| Derecognition during the year | (198,437) | - |
| Payments | (3,683,278) | (3,258,301) |
| As at December 31, | 12,813,226 | 13,107,177 |

20.9 The Bank has made full provision for Workers Welfare Fund (WWF) based on profit for the respective years (2008-2022). In 2016, the Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its order dated November 10, 2016 has held that the amendments made in the law introduced by the Federal Government for the levy of Workers Welfare Fund were not lawful. The Federal Board of Revenue filed review petitions against this order which are currently pending. Legal advice obtained on the matter indicates that consequent to filing of these review petitions the judgment may not be treated as conclusive. Accordingly, the Bank continues to maintain the provision in respect of WWF.

21 SHARE CAPITAL

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21.1 Authorised capital

| | - | | | | |
|-----|----------------------|---------------------|---|------------|-------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | (Numbe | er of Shares) | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| | (| | | • | |
| | 3,253,860,000 | 3,253,860,000 | Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each | 32,538,600 | 32,538,600 |
| | | | | | |
| 1.2 | Issued, subscribed a | and paid up capital | | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | (Numbe | er of Shares) | | Rupe | ees in '000 |
| | | • | Fully paid-up ordinary shares of Rs 10 each | | |
| | 516,517,908 | 516.517.908 | Issued for cash | 5,165,179 | 5,165,179 |
| | 1,273,106,413 | 1,110,413,293 | Issued as bonus shares | 12,731,064 | 11,104,133 |
| | 1,789,624,321 | 1,626,931,201 | | 17,896,243 | 16,269,312 |
| | | | | | |

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21.3 Shareholding held by associated companies / entities are as follows:

| | | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|----|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Number of | Percentage | of Number of | Percentage of |
| | Name of Shareholders | shares held | Shareholdin | g shares held | Shareholding |
| | Noor Financial Investment Company, Kuwait | 630,819,684 | 35.25% | 573,472,440 | 35.25% |
| | Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company (Private) Limited | 536,887,288 | 30.00% | 488,079,353 | 30.00% |
| | Islamic Development Bank, Jeddah | 166,863,457 | 9.32% | 151,694,052 | 9.32% |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Islamic Fund | 15,079,983 | 0.84% | 15,277,983 | 0.94% |
| | CDC - Trustee Al Meezan Mutual Fund | 2,871,197 | 0.16% | 2,285,548 | 0.14% |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund | 2,712,724 | 0.15% | 2,374,743 | 0.15% |
| | CDC - Trustee KSE Meezan Index Fund | 1,658,338 | 0.09% | 1,294,530 | 0.08% |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Balanced Fund | 817,023 | 0.05% | 1,149,463 | 0.07% |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Asset Allocation Fund | 526,683 | 0.03% | 645,167 | 0.04% |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Dedicated Equity Fund | 498,227 | 0.03% | 497,080 | 0.03% |
| | Trustee Habbah Education Trust | 72,532 | 0.00% | 65,939 | 0.00% |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Pakistan Exchange Traded Fund | 66,263 | 0.00% | - | 0.00% |
| 00 | DECEDIFO | N | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
| 22 | RESERVES | | | Rupees | in '000 |
| | Share Premium | | | 2,406,571 | 2,406,571 |
| | Statutory reserve | 2 | 22.1 | 22,169,518 | 17,668,857 |
| | Non Distributable Capital Reserve - Gain on Bargain Purchase | | | 3,117,547 | 3,117,547 |
| | Employee share option compensation reserve | | 39 | 427,419 | 133,457 |
| | General reserve | | | 66,766 | 66,766 |
| | | | | 28,187,821 | 23,393,198 |
| | | | | | |

22.1 Under section 21(i)(b) of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, an amount not less than 10.00% of the profit is to be transferred to create a reserve fund.

| (DEFICIT) / SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF | TAX Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---------------|--|--|
| A child formal and the | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| Available for sale securities - Listed shares - Sukuk | | 1,035,172 (2,204,206) (1,169,034) | 1,928,965 4,694,113 6,623,078 |
| Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | 23.1 | 4,699 | 38,578 |
| Less: Deferred tax asset / (liability) on - Available for sale securities - Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | 23.1 | (1,164,335) 502,685 (2,021) 500,664 (663,671) | 6,661,656 (2,583,001) (15,045) (2,598,046) 4,063,610 |
| 23.1 Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in satisfact | ion of claims | | |
| Surplus on revaluation as at January 1 Recognised during the year Adjusted upon transfer to fixed assets during the year Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental depreciation charged during the year Surplus on revaluation as at December 31 | | 38,578 (3,542) (30,184) (153) 4,699 | 30,678 8,053 - (153) 38,578 |
| Less: related deferred tax liability on: - Revaluation as at January 1 - Impact of change in applicable tax rate - Revaluation recognised during the year - Adjusted upon transfer to fixed assets during the year - Incremental depreciation charged during the year | | 15,045 1,544 (1,523) (12,979) (66) 2,021 2,678 | 10,737 - 4,368 - (60) 15,045 23,533 |

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| CONT | TINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------|--|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Rupees in '000 | |
| | antees | 24.1 | 56,485,801 | 45,072,765 |
| | mitments | 24.2 | 1,238,876,726 | 887,366,094 |
| -Othe | r contingent liabilities | 24.3 | 1,802,000 1,297,164,527 | 1,802,000 934,240,859 |
| 24.1 | Guarantees: | | 1,231,104,321 | 934,240,039 |
| | Financial guarantees | | 570,477 | 930,441 |
| | Performance guarantees | | 33,361,532 | 23,651,964 |
| | Other guarantees | | 22,553,792 | 20,490,360 |
| | | | 56,485,801 | 45,072,765 |
| 24.2 | Commitments: | | 224 222 422 | (======== |
| | Documentary letters of credit | | 221,689,496 | 175,227,624 |
| | Commitments in respect of: | 24.2.1 | 040 060 470 | 200,615,279 |
| | forward foreign exchange transactions Commitments for acquisition of: | 24.2.1 | 243,862,470 | 200,615,279 |
| | - fixed assets | | 640,778 | 389,225 |
| | - intangible assets | | 291,358 | 309,824 |
| | Other commitments | 24.2.2 | 772,392,624 | 510,824,142 |
| | | | 1,238,876,726 | 887,366,094 |
| | 04.04. O | | | |
| | 24.2.1 Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange | ge contracts | | |
| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| | Purchase | | 139,648,096 | 114,757,851 |
| | Sale | | 104,214,374 | 85,857,428 |
| | | | 243,862,470 | 200,615,279 |
| | 04.0.0 Other Commitments | | | |
| | 24.2.2 Other Commitments | | | |
| | Commitments in respect of financing | 24.2.2.1 | 772.392.624 | 510,824,142 |
| | 25intriorite in respect of interiority | | . 12,002,024 | |

24.2.2.1 The Bank makes commitments to extend credit (including to related parties) in the normal course of business but these being revocable commitments do not attract any significant penalty or the expense if the facility is unilaterally withdrawn, other than commitments in respect of syndicated / long term financings amounting to Rs 61,232 million (2021: Rs 70,453 million).

24.3 Other contingent liabilities

The Income Tax Department amended the deemed assessment orders of the Bank for prior years including the tax year 2021. The additions / disallowances were mainly due to allocation of expenses relating to dividends and capital gain, allowability of provision against loans and advances, provision against investments and provision against other assets. In the amended order for tax year 2015, additional issues with respect to the taxability of gain on bargain purchase and non-adjustment of loss pertaining to HSBC Bank Middle East - Pakistan Branches have also been raised. The Bank has obtained stay order from the High Court of Sindh against the demands raised through the amended order for the tax year 2015. Both the Bank and the department have filed appeals with the Appellate Authorities in respect of the aforementioned matters.

The management of the Bank, in consultation with its tax advisors, is confident that the decision in respect of the above matters would be in Bank's favour and accordingly no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements with respect thereto. The additional tax liability in respect of gain on bargain purchase and non-adjustment of loss pertaining to HSBC Bank Middle East - Pakistan Branches is Rs 1,096 million and Rs 706 million respectively.

| 25 | PROFIT / RETURN EARNED ON FINANCING, Note INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENTS | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|---|------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Rupees in '000 | |
| | On financing | 25.1 | 89,733,691 | 43,330,817 |
| | On investments in - Available for sale securities - Held for trading securities - Held to maturity securities | | 109,855,350 484 23,329,436 | 40,689,074 - 1,391,185 |
| | On deposits / placements with financial institutions | | 9,202,271 232,121,232 | 24,661,471 110,072,547 |

25.1 The income on Ijarah under IFAS 2 is net of takaful of Rs 2,164 million (2021: Rs 1,737 million) recovered from customers.

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| 26 | PROFIT / RETURN ON DEPOSITS AND OTHER DUES EXPENSED | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|---|------|----------------|------------|
| | | | Rupees in '000 | |
| | | | | |
| | Deposits and other accounts | 26.1 | 59,584,928 | 33,995,613 |
| | Sub-ordinated Sukuk | | 3,022,277 | 1,588,467 |
| | Shariah Compliant Open Market Operations and Standing Ceiling | | | |
| | Facility from the State Bank of Pakistan | | 34,969,578 | 11,781 |
| | Other Musharakahs / Mudarabas | 26.2 | 11,317,860 | 4,785,171 |
| | Amortisation of lease liability against right-of-use assets | | 1,522,963 | 770,406 |
| | | | 110,417,606 | 41,151,438 |

^{26.1} This includes conversion cost of Rs 2,252 million (2021: Rs 2,373 million) against foreign currency deposits.

26.2 This includes Rs 2,478 million (2021: Rs 989 million) paid / payable to SBP under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme and Rs 1,284 million (2021: Rs 689 million) paid / payable to SBP under the various Islamic Long Term Refinance Schemes.

| 27 | FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME | | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|------------------------------------|------|----------------|-----------|
| | | | Rupees in '000 | |
| | Trade related fees and commissions | 27.1 | 3,790,368 | 3,318,195 |
| | Commission on guarantees | | 174,358 | 179,041 |
| | Branch banking customer fees | | 2,278,685 | 1,715,285 |
| | Credit related fees | 27.2 | 102,394 | 124,379 |
| | Debit card related fees | | 5,773,464 | 3,081,103 |
| | Investment banking related fees | | 347,619 | 305,304 |
| | Commission on cash management | | 301,411 | 172,878 |
| | Commission on home remittances | | 259,616 | 283,302 |
| | Others | | 288,139 | 173,321 |
| | | | 13,316,054 | 9,352,808 |

^{27.1} Trade related income pertain to corporate, commercial and SME segments, branch banking fees pertain to retail banking segment and debit card fee pertains to alternative delivery channel segment (others).

^{27.2} This includes consumer processing fees of Rs 46.30 million (2021: Rs 47.70 million).

| (LOSS) / GAIN ON SECURITIES | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| Realised - net | 28.1 | (55,093) | 348,884 |
| Unrealised - held for trading - net | | 18 | - |
| | | (55,075) | 348,884 |
| 28.1 Realised (loss) / gain on: | | | |
| Federal Government Securities | | 34,033 | 9,315 |
| Listed Shares | | 37,056 | 306,888 |
| Non Government Sukuk (Pakistan Energy Sukuk) | | - | 32,659 |
| Foreign Securities | | (126,182) | - |
| Associates | | - | 22 |
| | | (55,093) | 348,884 |

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| 29 | OTHER INCOME | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|--|------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Rupees | in '000 |
| | Gain on termination of | | | |
| | - Ijarah financing | | 573,794 | 671,649 |
| | - Diminishing Musharakah and other financing | | 70,935 | 19,698 |
| | Gain on sale of operating fixed assets | | 214,797 | 145,657 |
| | Liabilities written back - donation to Meezan Foundation (Liquidated) | | 350,000 | - |
| | Others | | 27,876 | 2,506 |
| | | | 1,237,402 | 839,510 |
| 30 | OPERATING EXPENSES | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Total compensation expense | 30.1 | 26,327,851 | 19,625,308 |
| | Property expense | | | |
| | Depreciation on right-of-use assets | | 3,054,831 | 2,392,626 |
| | Rent and taxes | | 64,112 | 62,320 |
| | Utilities cost (including electricity and diesel) | | 2,081,765 | 1,224,763 |
| | Security (including guards) | | 1,197,309 | 824,785 |
| | Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges) | | 806,487 | 589,158 |
| | Depreciation | | 897,873 | 826,989 |
| | Takaful expenses | | 3,583 | 4,800 |
| | Others | | 40,835 8,146,795 | 30,458 5,955,899 |
| | Information technology expenses | | 0,140,755 | 0,000,000 |
| | Software maintenance | | 875,434 | 619,499 |
| | Hardware maintenance | | 337,590 | 312,745 |
| | Depreciation | | 728,752 | 502,687 |
| | Amortisation | | 458,584 | 357,045 |
| | Network charges | | 318,459 | 267,614 |
| | Out I' | | 2,718,819 | 2,059,590 |
| | Other operating expenses | | 4 504 007 | 0.45 774 |
| | Stationery and printing (including debit card related cost) | | 1,501,807 | 845,771 |
| | Repairs and maintenance | | 439,545 | 304,655 |
| | Local transportation and car running Depreciation on vehicles, equipment etc. | | 1,214,852 1,495,984 | 646,817 1,086,731 |
| | Legal and professional charges | | 122,727 | 139,513 |
| | NIFT and other clearing charges | | 214,124 | 197,646 |
| | Marketing, advertisement and publicity | | 954,066 | 1,005,603 |
| | Security charges - cash transportation | | 720,409 | 601,360 |
| | Communication (including courier) | | 580,749 | 468,882 |
| | Travelling and conveyance | | 173,296 | 71,806 |
| | Training and Development | | 93,542 | 26,561 |
| | Donation | 30.4 | 44,317 | 512 |
| | Fees, subscription and other charges | | 437,499 | 347,777 |
| | Brokerage and bank charges | | 267,411 | 306,749 |
| | Office supplies | | 417,196 | 304,337 |
| | Entertainment | | 72,861 | 67,314 |
| | Takaful expense | | 130,718 | 124,012 |
| | Outsourced services costs | 30.2 | 22,537 | 23,478 |
| | Auditors' Remuneration | 30.3 | 25,247 | 21,856 |
| | Fees and allowances to Shariah Board | 40 | 43,403 | 36,915 |
| | Directors' fees and allowances | 40 | 71,490 | 65,040 |
| | Others | | 2,586 | 22,161 |
| | | | 9,046,366 | 6,715,496 |
| | | | 46,239,831 | 34,356,293 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 30.1 | Total compensation expense | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|------|------------|------------|
| | | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| | Managerial Remuneration | | | |
| | i) Fixed | | 12,810,754 | 10,821,768 |
| | ii) Cash Bonus / Awards etc. | | 11,251,653 | 7,088,789 |
| | iii) Share based compensation expense | 39 | 293,962 | 133,457 |
| | Charge for defined benefit plan | | 605,247 | 462,114 |
| | Contribution to defined contribution plan | | 538,270 | 463,194 |
| | Compensated absences | | 190,939 | 110,097 |
| | Others including EOBI, SESSI, uniform, sports etc. | | 637,026 | 545,889 |
| | Total compensation expense | | 26,327,851 | 19,625,308 |

30.2 Total cost for the year included in other operating expenses relating to outsourced activities is Rs 3,230 million (2021: Rs 2,689 million). This cost includes outsourced service costs, which are disclosed specifically in note 30. The entire cost pertains to payments to companies incorporated in Pakistan and mainly on account of security guards, janitorial staff and courier services. Total cost of outsourced activities on account of portfolio management for the year given to Al-Meezan Investment Management Limited (a related party) is Rs 22.50 million (2021: Rs 23.5 million) has been disclosed in outsourced services costs, which has been disclosed above under operating expenses.

| | 30.3 | Auditors' remuneration | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|--------|---|---------------|-----------|------------|
| | | | | Rupee | es in '000 |
| | | Audit fee | | 7,000 | 7,000 |
| | | Fee for interim review | | 1,170 | 1,170 |
| | | Special certifications / review / tax advisory services | | 13,483 | 10,500 |
| | | | | 21,653 | 18,670 |
| | | Sindh sales tax on services | | 2,184 | 2,275 |
| | | Out of pocket expenses | | 1,410 | 911 |
| | | Cut of position expenses | | 25,247 | 21,856 |
| | 30.4 | Donation | , | | |
| | | The leading Heavited | | 05.000 | |
| | | The Indus Hospital Akhuwat Foundation | | 35,000 | - |
| | | | | 5,000 | - |
| | | Citizen Police Liaison Committee Idara Al-Khair | | 4,317 | - 510 |
| | | idara Ai-Kriair | | 44,317 | 512 512 |
| | | | | 44,317 | 312 |
| 31 | ОТНЕ | ER CHARGES | | | |
| | Penal | Ities imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan | | 95,150 | 28,172 |
| 32 | PRO\ | /ISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET | | | |
| | Provis | sion against non-performing Islamic financing | | | |
| | | I related assets - net | 11.12 | 3,249,734 | 744,810 |
| | | sion for diminution in value of investments | 10.3 | 806,681 | 214,623 |
| | Provis | sion against other assets | 15.3.1 & 32.1 | 126,111 | 24,486 |
| | | sion against off-balance sheet obligations | 20.4 | - | 18,678 |
| | | debts written off directly | | - | 515 |
| | Reco | veries of written off financings | 32.2 | (5,865) | (10,282) |
| | | | | 4,176,661 | 992,830 |
| | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

32.1 This mainly represents provision (net of recoveries) against operational losses incurred by the Bank in the current or prior years.

32.2 This includes recoveries against financing written off by HSBC ME prior to its acquisition by the Bank.

| 33 TAX | ATION | Note | 2022 2021 Rupees in '000 | |
|---------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | · | |
| Currer | nt | 33.1 | 45,118,283 | 18,529,514 |
| Prior y | /ears | | (368,262) | - |
| Deferr | | | (1,371,803) | 611,074 |
| 20.0 | | | 43,378,218 | 19,140,588 |
| | | | , , | |
| 33.1 | Through Finance Act 2022, the effective tax rate on banking cor 2022, tax rates has been enhanced to 49% (inclusive of 10% s Accordingly, the Bank has recognised super tax charge of Rs 9,2 on taxable income for the year. | Super Tax) from | 39% in 2021 (inclusion | ive of 4% Super Tax). |
| 33.2 | Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | Rupee | s in '000 |
| | | | | |
| | Profit before taxation | | 88,384,828 | 47,495,745 |
| | | | | |
| | Effects of: | | | |
| | - Tax calculated at the applicable rate of 39% / 35% | | 34,470,083 | 16,623,511 |
| | - Super tax @ 10% / 4% | | 9,209,551 | 1,806,110 |
| | - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes | | (86,979) | 198,572 |
| | - Other additions / adjustments for tax purposes | | (284,472) | 119,848 |
| | - Others | | 70,035 | 392,547 |
| | Tax charge for the year | | 43,378,218 | 19,140,588 |
| | | | | |
| 34 BASI | C AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE | | | |
| 34.1 | Basic Earnings per share | | | |
| | Profit for the year | | 45,006,610 | 28,355,157 |
| | | | (Nu | umber) Restated |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares | | 1,789,624,321 | 1,789,624,321 |
| | roiginou aroi ago nambor or oramar, orialos | | | |
| | | | (Ru | upees) Restated |
| | Basic earnings per share | 34.4 | 25.15 | 15.84 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 34.2 | Diluted Earnings per share | | Rupee | s in '000 |
| | Due fit fourth a coon | | 45,000,010 | 00.055.457 |
| | Profit for the year | | 45,006,610 | 28,355,157 |
| | | | (Nı | umber) Restated |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares | 34.3 | 1,790,444,362 | 1,789,665,752 |
| | | | (Ri | upees) |
| | | | (1.10 | Restated |
| | Diluted earnings per share | 34.4 | 25.14 | 15.84 |
| 34.3 | Decemblishing of hoois and diluted couning you show | | | |
| 34.3 | Reconciliation of basic and diluted earning per share | | (Nı | umber) |
| | | | | |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares | | 1,789,624,321 | 1,789,624,321 |
| | Add: Diluted impact of Employee stock option scheme | | 820,041 | 41,431 |
| | Dilutive potential ordinary shares | | 1,790,444,362 | 1,789,665,752 |
| | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

34.4 The Bank has issued bonus shares during the year and accordingly the earnings per share for the comparative year has been restated.

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|---------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| 35 | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| | Cash and balances with treasury banks | 7 | 117,743,106 | 170,500,698 |
| | Balances with other banks | 8 | 13,676,159 | 16,420,036 |
| | | | 131,419,265 | 186,920,734 |

35.1 Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

| neconclination of movement of habilities to cash nows ansing from financing activities | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 2022 | | | |
| | Sub-ordinated Sukuk | Lease liability against right-of-use assets | Dividend Payable | | |
| | | Rupees in '000 | | | |
| Balance as at January 01, 2022 | 20,990,000 | 13,107,177 | 19,490 | | |
| Changes from financing cash flows Payment against lease liability against right-of-use assets | - | (3,683,278) | (7,000,045) | | |
| Dividend paid Total changes from financing cash flows | - | (3,683,278) | (7,908,045) (7,908,045) | | |
| Other changes Addition to right-of-use-assets Amortisation of lease liability against right-of-use assets | - - | 1,439,921 1,522,963 | - - | | |
| Adjustment upon reassessment of useful life Derecognition during the year Cash dividend (Rs 7 per share) | - - - | 624,880 (198,437) - 3,389,327 | - - 11,713,905 11,713,905 | | |
| Balance as at December 31, 2022 | 20,990,000 | 12,813,226 | 3,825,350 | | |
| | | 2021 | | | |
| | Sub-ordinated Sukuk | Lease liability against right-of-use assets | Dividend Payable | | |
| | | Rupees in '000 | | | |
| Balance as at January 1, 2021 | 18,000,000 | 6,474,235 | 21,219 | | |
| Changes from financing cash flows | | | | | |
| Issuance of Sub-ordinated Sukuk - Tier II Redemption of Sub-ordinated Sukuk - Tier II Payment against lease liability against | 9,990,000 (7,000,000) | | | | |
| right-of-use assets Dividend paid | | (3,258,301) | - (9,515,742) | | |
| Total changes from financing cash flows | 2,990,000 | (3,258,301) | (9,515,742) | | |
| Other changes | | | | | |
| Addition to right-of-use-assets | - | 942,515 | - | | |
| Amortisation of lease liability against right-of-use assets | | 770,406 | | | |
| Amortisation of lease liability against | | 770,406 8,178,322 | 9,514,013 | | |
| Amortisation of lease liability against right-of-use assets Adjustment upon reassesment of useful life | 20,990,000 | 770,406 | 9,514,013 9,514,013 19,490 | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 33.2 Additional information on oberational cash hows from broth / fett | 35.2 | Additional information on | operational ca | ash flows from | profit / return |
|--|------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
|--|------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|

Profit / Return received on financings, investments and placements Profit / Return paid on deposits and other dues

2022 2021 Rupees in '000

212,125,592 101,479,107 313,604,699

102,096,277 40,477,380 142,573,657

| 36 | STAFF STRENGTH | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|----------------|------|--------|-------------|
| | | | (Numbe | r of Staff) |

| Permanent | 12,324 | 11,275 |
|--|--------|--------|
| On Bank's contract | 920 | 830 |
| Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year | 13,244 | 12,105 |
| | | |
| Outsourced 36.1 | 2,136 | 1,902 |
| Total Staff Strength | 15,380 | 14,007 |

36.1 This excludes outsourced security guards and janitorial staff.

37 **DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN**

37.1 Meezan Bank Gratuity Funded Scheme

The activities of the Gratuity Funded Scheme are governed by Meezan Bank Limited Staff Gratuity Fund established in 2000 under the provisions of a Trust Deed. Plan assets held in trust are governed by the Trust Deed as is the nature of the relationship between the Bank and the trustees and their composition. Responsibility for governance of the plan including the investment decisions lies with the Trustees. The Board of Trustees comprise of representatives of the Bank and scheme participants in accordance with the Fund's Trust Deed.

| 37.2 | Number of Employees under the Gratuity Funded Scheme | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|---|------|-------|-------|
| | | | (Nun | nber) |
| | Number of Employees eligible under the Gratuity Funded Scheme | | 9,941 | 9,245 |

37.3 Reconciliation of amount payable to defined benefit plan

Rupees in '000

| Present value of defined benefit obligations | 37.5 | 3,671,959 | 2,688,572 |
|--|------|-------------|-------------|
| Fair value of plan assets | 37.5 | (3,002,944) | (2,150,857) |
| | | 669,015 | 537,715 |

37.4 Components of plan assets

| componente en plan accete | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|-------|------------------|-------------|--|
| | | 202 | 2 | 2021 | | |
| | Entity / Instrument Credit Rating | Rupees in '000 | % | Rupees in '000 | % | |
| GoP Ijarah Sukuk | Govt. Guaranteed | 2,792,376 | 92.99 | 900,000 | 41.84 | |
| Meezan Aamdan Certificates | AAA | - | - | 1,078,388 | 50.13 | |
| Mutual Funds managed by Al Meezan Investment Management Limited | AM1 | 130,926 | 4.36 | 133,530 | 6.21 | |
| Bank Islami Pakistan Limited - Additional Tier 1 Sukuk | A- | 5,000 | 0.17 | 5,000 | 0.23 | |
| Savings account with Dubai Islamic Bank Limited | AA | 141 | - | 133 | 0.01 | |
| Savings account with Meezan Bank Limited | AAA | 74,501 3,002,944 | 2.48 | 33,806 2,150,857 | 1.58 100 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

37.6

37.5 The movement in the defined benefit obligation over the year is as follows:

| | | | 2022 | |
|-----------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| | | Present Value of obligation | Fair Value of Plan Assets | Total |
| | | | —— Rupees in '000 ——— | |
| At Janua | arv 1 | 2,688,572 | (2,150,857) | 537,715 |
| | service cost | 466,852 | - | 466,852 |
| Return e | expense / (income) | 314,103 | (243,317) | 70,786 |
| | | 3,469,527 | (2,394,174) | 1,075,353 |
| | urements: | | | |
| | on plan assets, excluding amounts included in | | (070.500) | (070 500) |
| | expense / (income) shown as above | 410.000 | (279,586) | (279,586) |
| -Expene | nce gains | 410,963 410,963 | (279,586) | 410,963 131,377 |
| | | 3,880,490 | (2,673,760) | 1,206,730 |
| Contribu | ution | - | (537,715) | (537,715) |
| | payments | (208,531) | 208,531 | - |
| | , | | | |
| At Decei | mber 31 | 3,671,959 | (3,002,944) | 669,015 |
| | | | | |
| | | | 2021 | |
| | | Present Value of obligation | Fair Value of Plan Assets | Total |
| | | | Rupees in '000 | |
| At Janua | ary 1 | 2,190,677 | (1,886,514) | 304,163 |
| | service cost | 375,047 | - | 375,047 |
| Return e | expense / (income) | 217,802 | (184,021) | 33,781 |
| | | 2,783,526 | (2,070,535) | 712,991 |
| | urements: | | | |
| | on plan assets, excluding amounts | | | |
| | ed in return expense / (income) shown | | 100.047 | 100.047 |
| as abo | nce gains | 26,840 | 102,047 | 102,047 26,840 |
| -Lxperie | rice gairis | 26,840 | 102,047 | 128,887 |
| | | 2,810,366 | (1,968,488) | 841,878 |
| Contribu | ution | - | (304,163) | (304,163) |
| Benefit p | payments | (121,794) | 121,794 | |
| At Dece | mber 31 | 2,688,572 | (2,150,857) | 537,715 |
| | | | | |
| Charge | for defined benefit plan (in respect of the | Gratuity Funded Sch | | |
| | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| 37.6.1 | Cost recognised in profit and loss | | | |
| | Current service cost | | 466,852 | 375,047 |
| | Net return cost | | 70,786 | 33,781 |
| | | | 537,638 | 408,828 |
| | | | | |
| 37.6.2 | Re-measurements recognised in OCI d | uring the year | | |
| | Gain on obligation - Experience adjustm | ent | 410,963 | 26,840 |
| | Return on plan assets over expected return | | (279,586) | 102,047 |
| | | | | |
| | Total re-measurements recognised in OC | JI | 131,377 | 128,887 |
| | | | | |

Total expense recognised in unconsolidated Profit and Loss Account amounted to Rs 605.248 million (2021: Rs 462.11 million) of which Rs 537.64 million (2021: Rs 408.83 million) pertains to approved Gratuity Funded Scheme and Rs 67.61 million (2021: Rs 53.29 million) pertains to End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme. Total expense recognised in Other Comprehensive Income amounted to Rs 189.32 million (2021: credit of Rs 120.50 million) of which expense of Rs 131.377 million (2021: credit of Rs 128.887 million) pertains to Gratuity Funded Scheme and charge of Rs 57.946 million (2021: credit of Rs 8.390 million) pertains to End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

37.7 The plan assets and defined benefit obligations (in respect of the Gratuity Funded Scheme) are based in Pakistan.

| 37.8 | Principal actuarial assumptions | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|------------|------------|
| | Discount rate | 14.25% p.a | 12.25% p.a |
| | Expected rate of increase in salaries | 14.25% p.a | 11.25% p.a |
| | Expected rate of return on investments | 14.25% p.a | 12.25% p.a |
| | Normal retirement age | 60 years | 60 years |

- 37.9 Assumptions regarding future mortality are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in Pakistan. The rates assumed are based on the adjusted SLIC 2001 - 2005 mortality tables.
- 37.10 The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

Impact on defined benefit obligation - Increase / (Decrease)

| | | obligation moreage, (Beergase) | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | Decembe | er 31, 2022 | Decembe | er 31, 2021 |
| | Change in assumption | Increase in assumption | Decrease in assumption | Increase in assumption | Decrease in assumption |
| | | | Rupee | s in '000——— | |
| Discount rate | 1.00% | (386,264) | 455,722 | (277,147) | 327,488 |
| Salary growth rate | 1.00% | 469,642 | (403,962) | 340,683 | (292,327) |
| Withdrawal rate | 10.00% | (7) | 6 | 1,204 | (1,212) |

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the gratuity liability recognised within the unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position.

- 37.11 The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 11.49 years.
- 37.12 Expected maturity analysis of undiscounted defined benefit obligation for the Gratuity Funded Scheme is as follows:

| | Less than a year | Between 1-2 years | Between 2-5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|
| | | | — Rupees in '000 |) | |
| At December 31, 2022 | 191,654 | 158,718 | 702,933 | 35,224,168 | 36,277,473 |
| At December 31, 2021 | 165,485 | 137,177 | 429,283 | 15,785,623 | 16,517,568 |

37.13 Funding levels are monitored on an annual basis and are based on actuarial recommendations. Contribution for the next year works out to Rs 586.373 million as per the actuarial valuation report of the Bank as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

37.14 Through its Gratuity Funded Scheme, the Fund is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

| Asset volatility | The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to corporate sukuk yields; if plan assets underperform to the yield, this will create a deficit. The Fund believes that due to long-term nature of the plan liabilities and the Bank's support, the current investment strategy manages this risk adequately. |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Changes in Sukuk yields | A decrease in corporate sukuk yields will increase plan liabilities, although this will be partially offset by an increase in the value of the plans' sukuk holdings. |
| Inflation risk | The majority of the plans' benefit obligations are linked to inflation, and higher inflation will lead to higher liabilities. However plan assets are variable rate instruments and are re-priced at regular intervals to off set inflationary impacts. |
| Life expectancy / Withdrawal rate | The majority of the plans' obligations are to provide benefits on severance with the Bank on achieving retirement. Any change in life expectancy / withdrawal rate would impact plan liabilities. |

37.15 End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme

The Bank also operates an End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme for the founding President and Chief Executive Officer.

The charge in respect of current service cost is recognised based on expected period of future service. The net charge for the year of this benefit amounted to Rs 125.56 million. The charge of Rs 67.61 million has been recognized in the Profit and Loss Account and the charge of Rs 57.95 million has been recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. The present value of defined benefit obligation recognised in respect of this scheme amounts to Rs 529.43 million.

The principal actuarial assumptions comprise of discount rate of 14.25 percent and salary increase rate of 8.00 percent. The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation due to a one percent change in discount rate would be Rs 10.10 million (in case the discount rate is increased) and Rs 10.40 million (in case the discount rate is decreased). These sensitivities are calculated using the same methodology as explained in note 37.10.

37.16 The disclosures made in notes 37.1 to 37.15 are based on the information included in the actuarial valuation reports of the Bank as of December 31, 2022.

38 **DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN**

The Bank also operates a recognised contributory provident fund for all permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Bank and the employees, to the fund at a rate of 10% of basic salary.

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Rupe | ees in '000 |
| Contribution from the Bank | 538,270 | 463,194 |
| Contribution from the employees | 538,270 | 463,194 |
| | 1,076,540 | 926,388 |

EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION SCHEME 39

During the year 2022, the Board Human Resources, Remuneration and Compensation Committee (the Committee) has granted Share Options to the designated employees under the Meezan Bank Employees Share Option Scheme, 2021 (the Scheme) approved by the shareholders and Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its letter no. SMD/Co.86(1)/3/2001/4 dated April 21, 2021.

Under the scheme, the exercise price has been determined as 70% of the average market closing price of the Bank's shares quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange during the last forty trading days prior to the date of grant. There are no performance measures attached to options granted. The options carry neither right to dividends nor voting rights till shares are issued to employees on exercise of options on completion of the vesting period. The shares will be vested over a period of 4 years, with one-third being vested after two years from the date of grant, remaining one-third after three years and the remaining one-third after four years.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

The value of these equity-settled options have been determined using the Black Scholes Merton (BSM) method using an independent valuer. The key details of the share options granted during the year on May 01, 2022 and May 01, 2021 are as under:

| | Vesting Period | Exercise Date | Options | Options outstanding | Exercise | Fair value per | Risk Free Rate | Standard Deviation |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | Period | Date | granted | outstanding | Price (Rs) | option (Rs) | Hate | Deviation |
| Share options | 2 years | 01-May-24 | 2,498,648 | 2,498,648 | 94.34 | 44 | 13.50% | 30.08% |
| issued in 2022 | 3 years | 01-May-25 | 2,498,648 | 2,498,648 | 94.34 | 55 | | |
| | 4 years | 01-May-26 | 2,498,648 | 2,498,648 | 94.34 | 64 | | |
| | | | 7,495,944 | 7,495,944 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Vesting | Exercise | Options | Options | Exercise | Fair value per | Risk Free | Standard |
| | Vesting Period | Exercise Date | Options granted | Options outstanding | Exercise Price (Rs) | Fair value per option (Rs) | Risk Free Rate | Standard Deviation |
| Share options | Ü | | • | • | | • | | |
| Share options issued in 2021 | Period | Date | granted | outstanding | Price (Rs) | option (Rs) | Rate | Deviation |
| • | Period 2 years | Date 01-May-23 | granted 2,340,833 | outstanding 2,340,833 | Price (Rs) 77.43 | option (Rs) | Rate | Deviation |

Expense arising from this scheme is disclosed in Note 30.1.

40 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

| | | | | 2022 | | | |
|---|----------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| - | | Directors | | Members | President | Key | Other Material |
| _ | Chairman | Executives (other than CEO) | Non- Executives | Shariah Board | / CEO | Management Personnel | Risk Takers/ Controllers |
| - | | | | — Rupees in '00 | 00 ——— | | |
| Fees and allowances | 11,640 | - | 59,850 | 2,500 | - | - | - |
| Managerial remuneration | | | | | | | |
| i) Fixed | - | - | - | 34,903 | 88,818 | 402,318 | 460,947 |
| ii) Cash Bonus | - | - | - | 6,000 | 200,000 | 460,000 | 370,350 |
| iii) Share based compensation expense | - | - | - | - | 4,290 | 21,375 | 30,236 |
| Charge for gratuity fund / EOSB | - | - | - | - | 125,555 | 12,019 | 18,691 |
| Contribution to defined contribution plan | - | - | - | - | - | 14,952 | 22,876 |
| Others | - | - | - | - | 4,180 | 1,224 | - |
| | 11,640 | - | 59,850 | 43,403 | 422,843 | 911,888 | 903,100 |
| Number of persons | 1 | - | 9 | 4 | 1 | 22 | 63 |
| | | | | 2021 | | | |

| | | | | 2021 | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Directors | | Members | President | Key | Other Material |
| | Chairman | Executives (other than CEO) | Non- Executives | Shariah Board | / CEO | Management Personnel | Risk Takers/ Controllers |
| | | | | — Rupees in '000 | | | |
| Fees and allowances | 11,640 | - | 53,400 | 2,100 | - | - | - |
| Managerial remuneration | | | | | | | |
| i) Fixed | - | - | - | 18,815 | 82,239 | 336,441 | 394,768 |
| ii) Cash Bonus | - | - | - | 16,000 | 175,000 | 388,000 | 330,000 |
| iii) Share based compensation | | | | | | | |
| expense | - | - | - | - | 1,900 | 8,134 | 12,714 |
| Charge for gratuity fund / EOSB | - | - | - | - | 44,896 | 10,008 | 15,962 |
| Contribution to defined | | | | | | | |
| contribution plan | - | - | - | - | - | 12,061 | 19,615 |
| Others | - | - | - | - | 2,146 | 1,434 | - |
| | 11,640 | - | 53,400 | 36,915 | 306,181 | 756,078 | 773,059 |
| Number of persons | 1 | - | 9 | 4 | 1 | 19 | 55 |
| | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

- 40.1 The Chief Executive, the key management personnel, certain members of Shariah board and certain material risk takers / controllers have been provided with free use of the Bank's cars.
- 40.2 The amount of cash bonus to the key management personnel, Resident Shariah Board Member and other material risk takers / controllers, is based on the management's best estimate.
- 40.3 Remuneration to Directors for participation in Board and Committee Meetings

| 0 | ^ | 0 | • |
|---|---|---|---|
| _ | u | _ | |

| | Ī | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---|--|-----------------|--|
| | | Meeting Fees and Allowances | | | | | | | |
| | | | | For Boa | rd Committe | es | | | |
| Sr. No. | Name of Director | For Board Meetings | Audit Committee | Risk Management Committee | Information | Human Resources, Remuneration & Compensation Committee | IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee | Total Amount | |
| | - | | | | Rupees in | 000 | | | |
| 1 | Mr Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees (Chairman | 3,840 | - | - | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 11,640 | |
| 2 | Mr Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar (Vice Chairman | 3,200 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | - | 11,000 | |
| 3 | Mr Bader H.A.M.A. Al-Rabiah | 3,200 | 650 | 1,950 | - | - | - | 5,800 | |
| 4 | Mr Mubashar Maqbool | 3,200 | 1,950 | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | - | 10,350 | |
| 5 | Mr Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini | 3,200 | - | - | - | - | 1,950 | 5,150 | |
| 6 | Mr Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani | 3,200 | - | - | - | - | - | 3,200 | |
| 7 | Mr Mohamed Guermazi | 3,200 | 1,950 | 650 | - | - | - | 5,800 | |
| 8 | Mr Mohammad Abdul Aleem | 3,200 | 2,600 | - | - | 2,600 | - | 8,400 | |
| 9 | Ms Nausheen Ahmad | 3,200 | - | - | - | 2,600 | - | 5,800 | |
| 10 | Mr Yousef S.M.A. Al-Saad | 2,400 | - | 1,950 | - | - | - | 4,350 | |
| | | 31,840 | 9,750 | 9,750 | 7,800 | 7,800 | 4,550 | 71,490 | |

2021

| | | | Meeting Fees and Allowances | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------|--|-----------------|--|
| | | | For Board Committees | | | | | | |
| Sr. No. | Name of Director | For Board Meetings | Audit Committee | Risk Management Committee | Information | | IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee | Total Amount | |
| | | | | • | Rupees in | 000 | • | | |
| 1 | Mr Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees (Chairma | ın) 3,840 | - | - | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 11,640 | |
| 2 | Mr Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar (Vice Chairman | n) 3,200 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | - | 11,000 | |
| 3 | Mr Bader H.A.M.A. Al-Rabiah | 2,400 | 1,950 | - | - | - | - | 4,350 | |
| 4 | Mr Mubashar Maqbool | 3,200 | - | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | - | 8,400 | |
| 5 | Mr Saad Fazil Abbasi | 800 | - | 650 | - | - | - | 1,450 | |
| 6 | Mr Mohamed Guermazi | 3,200 | - | 2,600 | - | - | - | 5,800 | |
| 7 | Mr Noorur Rahman Abid | 3,200 | 2,600 | - | - | 2,600 | - | 8,400 | |
| 8 | Ms Nausheen Ahmad | 3,200 | - | - | - | 2,600 | - | 5,800 | |
| 9 | Mr Atif Azim | 3,200 | - | - | 2,600 | - | - | 5,800 | |
| 10 | Mr Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani | 2,400 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,400 | |
| | | 28,640 | 7,150 | 8,450 | 10,400 | 7,800 | 2,600 | 65,040 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 40.4 Remuneration to Members Shariah Board | | 2022 | | | 2021 | |
|--|----------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| | Chairman | Resident Member | Non Resident Members | Chairman | Resident Member | Non Resident Members |
| | | | Rupees | in '000 —— | | |
| Meeting Fees | - | - | 2,500 | - | - | 2,100 |
| Managerial remuneration and allowances | - | 6,007 | 28,896 | - | 4,157 | 14,658 |
| Cash Bonus | - | 6,000 | - | - | 4,000 | 12,000 |
| | - | 12,007 | 31,396 | - | 8,157 | 28,758 |
| Total Number of Persons | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |

41 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities, fixed term deposits and borrowings cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for these assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

41.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

| | | 2022 | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | 0 | | Fair value | | | | | |
| | Carrying value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | | |
| | | | Rupees | in '000 ——— | | | | |
| On balance sheet financial instruments | | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets - measured at fair value Investments | | | | | | | | |
| - Federal Government securities | 917,873,562 | - | 917,873,562 | - | 917,873,562 | | | |
| - Shares | 7,565,867 | 7,565,867 | - | - | 7,565,867 | | | |
| - Non Government Sukuk | 119,509,708 | 119,509,708 | - | - | 119,509,708 | | | |
| - Foreign Securities | 8,568,475 | - | 8,568,475 | - | 8,568,475 | | | |
| | 1,053,517,612 | 127,075,575 | 926,442,037 | - | 1,053,517,612 | | | |
| Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments | | | | | | | | |
| - Federal Government securities | 217,208,259 | - | 203,805,000 | - | 203,805,000 | | | |
| | 217,208,259 | - | 203,805,000 | - | 203,805,000 | | | |
| | 1,270,725,871 | 127,075,575 | 1,130,247,037 | - | 1,257,322,612 | | | |
| Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value | | | | | | | | |
| Forward purchase and sale of foreign | | | | | | | | |
| exchange contracts | 244,685,475 | | 244,685,475 | | 244,685,475 | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|---------------|----------|-------------|--|--|
| _ | Carrying | Fair value | | | | | |
| | value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | |
| On balance sheet financial instruments | | | ——— Rupees in | .000 | | | |
| On balance sheet illiancial instruments | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets - measured at fair value Investments | | | | | | | |
| - Federal Government securities | 386,597,737 | - | 386,597,737 | - | 386,597,737 | | |
| - Shares | 8,718,285 | 8,718,285 | - | - | 8,718,285 | | |
| - Non Government Sukuk | 120,028,511 | 120,028,511 | - | - | 120,028,511 | | |
| - Foreign Securities | 10,703,622 | - | 10,703,622 | - | 10,703,622 | | |
| _ | 526,048,155 | 128,746,796 | 397,301,359 | - | 526,048,155 | | |
| Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments | | | | | | | |
| - Federal Government securities | 76,687,798 | - | 76,651,000 | _ | 76,651,000 | | |
| - | 76,687,798 | - | 76,651,000 | - | 76,651,000 | | |
| - - | 602,735,953 | 128,746,796 | 473,952,359 | - | 602,699,155 | | |
| Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value Forward purchase and sale of foreign exchange contracts | 203,234,909 | - | 203,234,909 | <u>-</u> | 203,234,909 | | |
| = | | | | | | | |
| 41.2 Fair Value of non-financial assets | | | 2022 | | | | |
| | Carrying | | Fair value | | | | |
| | value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | |
| _ | | | Rupees in | '000 ——— | | | |
| Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction | | | | | | | |
| of claims | 55,000 | _ | _ | 55,000 | 55,000 | | |
| | 55,000 | | | 55,000 | 55,000 | | |
| = | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | 2021 | | | | |
| | Carrying | | Fair value | | | | |
| | value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | |
| _ | | | ——— Rupees in | '000 ——— | | | |
| Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction | | | | | | | |
| of claims | 153,847 | _ | _ | 153,847 | 153,847 | | |
| | 153,847 | | | 153,847 | 153,847 | | |
| = | ======================================= | | | | 100,041 | | |

Non-banking assets acquired in satisfactions of claims are carried at revalued amounts (level 3 measurement) determined by professional valuers based on their assessment of the market values.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values

| Item | Valuation approach and input used |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Listed Securities | The valuation has been determined through closing rates of Pakistan Stock Exchange. |
| GoP Sukuk | The fair value of GoP Ijarah Sukuk quoted are derived using PKISRV rates. The PKISRV rates are announced by FMA (Financial Market Association) through Reuters. The rates announced are simple average of quotes received from eight different pre-defined/approved dealers / brokers. |
| Foreign Sukuk | The valuation has been determined through closing rates of Bloomberg. |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | The valuation has been determined by interpolating the mid rates announced by SBP. |
| Mutual Funds | The valuation has been determined based on Net asset values declared by respective funds. |

The Bank's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of the different fair value hierarchy levels at the date the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer occurred.

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

Fair value of Islamic financing and related assets, unquoted sukuk, other assets, other liabilities and fixed term deposits and other accounts and due to financial institutions cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to absence of current and active market for such assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments. The provision for impairment of Islamic financing and related assets has been made in accordance with the Bank's accounting policy as stated in note 6.3.2.

In the opinion of the management, the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since these assets and liabilities are short term in nature or in the case of financings and deposits are frequently repriced.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

42 SEGMENT ANALYSIS

42.1 Segment Details with respect to Business Activities

| Segment Details with respect to E | 2022 | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--|------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | Corporate and Commercial banking | Retail banking | Trading and Others sales Rupees in '000 | | Inter-segment Eliminations | Total | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Profit and loss account | | | | | | | |
| External funded revenue | 83,882,167 | 7,655,763 | 140,583,302 | - | - | 232,121,232 | |
| External non funded revenue | 4,558,746 | 3,326,592 | 4,809,368 | 6,408,482 | - | 19,103,188 | |
| Inter segment revenue - net | - | 196,667,127 | - | 173,327 | (196,840,454) | - | |
| Total Income | 88,440,913 | 207,649,482 | 145,392,670 | 6,581,809 | (196,840,454) | 251,224,420 | |
| External cost of funds | 6,777,093 | 61,280,572 | 42,359,941 | - | - | 110,417,606 | |
| Segment direct expenses | 1,400,367 | 44,750,561 | 165,724 | 1,928,673 | - | 48,245,325 | |
| Inter segment expense allocation | 74,213,540 | - | 122,626,914 | - | (196,840,454) | - | |
| Total expenses | 82,391,000 | 106,031,133 | 165,152,579 | 1,928,673 | (196,840,454) | 158,662,931 | |
| Provisions and write offs - net | 3,201,688 | 124,306 | 806,681 | 43,986 | - | 4,176,661 | |
| Profit before tax | 2,848,225 | 101,494,043 | (20,566,590) | 4,609,150 | - | 88,384,828 | |
| Statement of financial position | | | | | | | |
| Cash and bank balances | - | 112,300,051 | 8,905,757 | 10,213,457 | - | 131,419,265 | |
| Due from financial institutions - net | - | - | 34,964,299 | - | - | 34,964,299 | |
| Investments - net | 11,019,547 | - | 1,272,190,740 | - | - | 1,283,210,287 | |
| Net inter segment lending | - | 1,544,149,502 | - | - | (1,544,149,502) | - | |
| Islamic financings and related assets - net | 902,768,059 | 92,740,295 | - | - | - | 995,508,354 | |
| Others | 35,208,094 | 52,596,851 | 43,932,977 | 557,384 | - | 132,295,306 | |
| Total Assets | 948,995,700 | 1,801,786,699 | 1,359,993,773 | 10,770,841 | (1,544,149,502) | 2,577,397,511 | |
| Due to financial institutions | 134,872,920 | 6,364,466 | 432,089,053 | - | - | 573,326,439 | |
| Deposits and other accounts | - | 1,658,490,118 | - | - | - | 1,658,490,118 | |
| Subordinated sukuk | 20,990,000 | - | - | - | - | 20,990,000 | |
| Net inter segment borrowing | 675,947,666 | - | 861,843,217 | 6,358,619 | (1,544,149,502) | - | |
| Others | 74,724,128 | 125,404,634 | 5,211,198 | 3,930,301 | - | 209,270,261 | |
| Total liabilities | 906,534,714 | 1,790,259,218 | 1,299,143,468 | 10,288,920 | (1,544,149,502) | 2,462,076,818 | |
| Equity | 42,460,986 | 11,527,481 | 60,850,305 | 481,921 | - | 115,320,693 | |
| Total Equity and liabilities | 948,995,700 | 1,801,786,699 | 1,359,993,773 | 10,770,841 | (1,544,149,502) | 2,577,397,511 | |
| Contingencies and Commitments | 965,252,925 | 88,049,132 | 243,862,470 | - | - | 1,297,164,527 | |
| | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Corporate and Commercial banking | Retail banking | Trading and sales | Others | Inter-segment Eliminations | Total | | |
| 5 % | | | Rupees | in '000 —— | | | | |
| Profit and Loss Account | | · · · · · | | | | | | |
| External funded revenue | 38,904,867 | 5,784,199 | 65,383,481 | - | - | 110,072,547 | | |
| External non funded revenue | 3,984,822 | 2,556,850 | 5,095,743 | 3,254,385 | - | 14,891,800 | | |
| Inter segment revenue - net | - | 89,808,493 | - | - | (89,808,493) | - | | |
| Total Income | 42,889,689 | 98,149,542 | 70,479,224 | 3,254,385 | (89,808,493) | 124,964,347 | | |
| External cost of funds | 3,266,249 | 34,832,977 | 3,052,212 | - | - | 41,151,438 | | |
| Segment direct expenses | 1,077,132 | 32,047,212 | 762,109 | 1,437,881 | - | 35,324,334 | | |
| Inter segment expense allocation | 30,037,728 | - | 59,760,519 | 10,246 | (89,808,493) | - | | |
| Total expenses | 34,381,109 | 66,880,189 | 63,574,840 | 1,448,127 | (89,808,493) | 76,475,772 | | |
| Provisions and write offs - net | 642,026 | 92,940 | 218,079 | 39,785 | - | 992,830 | | |
| Profit before tax | 7,866,554 | 31,176,413 | 6,686,305 | 1,766,473 | | 47,495,745 | | |
| Statement of financial position | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and bank balances | - | 174,828,996 | 1,518,093 | 10,573,645 | - | 186,920,734 | | |
| Due from financial institutions - net | - | - | 238,401,637 | - | - | 238,401,637 | | |
| Investments - net | 15,926,987 | - | 604,205,056 | - | - | 620,132,043 | | |
| Net inter segment lending | - | 1,267,123,798 | - | - | (1,267,123,798) | - | | |
| Islamic financings and related assets - net | 670,252,106 | 87,834,014 | - | - | - | 758,086,120 | | |
| Others | 18,243,198 | 40,247,352 | 40,932,915 | 7,401 | - | 99,430,866 | | |
| Total Assets | 704,422,291 | 1,570,034,160 | 885,057,701 | 10,581,046 | (1,267,123,798) | 1,902,971,400 | | |
| Due to financial institutions | 102,332,649 | 693,821 | 117,387,764 | - | - | 220,414,234 | | |
| Deposits and other accounts | - | 1,455,886,468 | - | _ | - | 1,455,886,468 | | |
| Subordinated sukuk | 20,990,000 | - | - | _ | - | 20,990,000 | | |
| Net inter segment borrowing | 533,751,157 | - | 724,249,670 | 9,122,971 | (1,267,123,798) | - | | |
| Others | 15,307,422 | 99,675,815 | 3,162,896 | 976,790 | - | 119,122,923 | | |
| Total liabilities | 672,381,228 | 1,556,256,104 | 844,800,330 | 10,099,761 | (1,267,123,798) | 1,816,413,625 | | |
| Equity | 32,041,063 | 13,778,056 | 40,257,371 | 481,285 | <u>-</u> | 86,557,775 | | |
| Total Equity and liabilities | 704,422,291 | 1,570,034,160 | 885,057,701 | 10,581,046 | (1,267,123,798) | 1,902,971,400 | | |
| Contingencies and Commitments | 657,044,559 | 76,581,021 | 200,615,279 | - | - | 934,240,859 | | |
| ŭ | | | | | | | | |

TRUST ACTIVITIES 43

The Bank provides trustee services in respect of Islamic Financing transactions. The services primarily includes holding of assets as security trustee / custodian on behalf of investors.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 44

- Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions and includes a subsidiary company, associated companies, retirement benefit funds, directors, and key management personnel and their close family members.
- The Banks enters into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as 44.2 for comparable transactions with person of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration and other benefit to the key management personnel is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

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44.3 Subsidiary company

- Al Meezan Investment Management Limited

44.4 Associates

Associates include mutual funds managed by Al Meezan Investment Management Limited and entities having common directorship with the Board. However, entities are not considered related party only if common director is an independent director working on both the Boards.

44.5 Key management personnel

- President and Chief Executive Officer
- Deputy Chief Executive Officer
- 44.6 Details of transactions with related parties and balances with them (other than those disclosed in respective notes) as at the year-end as are follows:

| | То | tal | Subs | sidiary | Asso | ciates | Directors | | Key Management Personnel | | Other Related Parties | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------|---------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | | | — Rupe | es in '000— | | | | | |
| Islamic financing and related assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| At January 1, | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Addition during the year | 29,972,348 | - | - | - | 29,972,348 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Repayment / redemption / deletion during the year | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| At December 31 | 29,972,348 | - | - | - | 29,972,348 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| At January 1, | 907,788 | 908,669 | 63,050 | 63,050 | 844,738 | 845,619 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Addition during the year | 514 | - | - | - | 514 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Repayment / redemption / deletion during the year | - | (881) | - | - | - | (881) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| At December 31 | 908,302 | 907,788 | 63,050 | 63,050 | 845,252 | 844,738 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Due from financial institutions | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| At January 1, | 21,858,348 | 36,671,288 | - | - | 21,858,348 | 36,671,288 | - | - | • | - | • | - |
| Addition during the year | - | 76,546,772 | - | - | - | 76,546,772 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Repayment / redemption / deletion during the year | (21,858,348) | (91,359,712) | - | - | (21,858,348) | (91,359,712) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| At December 31 | - | 21,858,348 | - | - | - | 21,858,348 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Balances pertaining to parties that were related at the beginning of the year but ceased to be related during any part of the current year are not reflected as part of the closing balance. However, new related parties have been added during the year. The same are accounted for through the movement presented above.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | То | tal | Subs | sidiary | Assoc | iates | Directors | | Key Mana Pers | gement onnel | Other Related Parties | |
|---|--------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 — Rupee | 2022 es in '000— | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Deposits | 4,494,250 | 7,236,303 | 20,530 | 15,388 | 3,565,923 | 2,386,870 | 134,806 | 131,435 | 180,487 | 188,427 | 592,504 | 4,514,183 |
| Other Assets Profit receivable on financing / investments / | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| placements | 684,919 | 725,460 | | _ | 684,919 | 725,460 | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ |
| Fee and Other Receivable | 47,936 | 59,573 | 24,975 | 22,111 | 17,864 | 9,037 | - | - | 1,745 | - | 3,352 | 28,425 |
| Due to financial institutions | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| At January 1, | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Addition during the year | 53,500,000 | - | - | _ | 53,500,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Repayment / redemption / deletion during the year | (35,500,000) | - | - | - | (35,500,000) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| At December 31 | 18,000,000 | - | - | - | 18,000,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| At January 1, | 200,000 | 578,000 | _ | _ | 200,000 | 578,000 | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Addition during the year | 10,000 | 10,000 | | _ | 10,000 | 10,000 | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Repayment / redemption / deletion during the year | 10,000 | (388,000) | | _ | 10,000 | (388,000) | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| At December 31 | 210,000 | 200,000 | _ | | 210,000 | 200,000 | | | | | | |
| AL DOCCHIDGE OF | 210,000 | 200,000 | | | 210,000 | 200,000 | | | | | | |
| Other Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Profit payable on musharakah acceptance | 54,568 | - | - | - | 54,568 | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| Payable to defined benefit plan | 1,198,444 | 941,589 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 529,429 | 403,874 | 669,015 | 537,715 |
| Accrued Expenses | 1,992 | 353,974 | 1,992 | 3,974 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | 350,000 |
| Unearned Income | 16,615 | 16,648 | - | - | 16,615 | 16,648 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contingencies and Commitments | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Letters of credit (unfunded) | 725,168 | - | - | - | 725,168 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Letters of Guarantee (unfunded) | 2,387,177 | 2,491,377 | 100 | 100 | 2,387,077 | 2,491,277 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transactions, income and expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Profit earned on financing / investments / | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| placements | 753,103 | 2,850,799 | | _ | 753,103 | 2,850,799 | _ | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Fees and other income earned | 622,220 | 163,937 | 98,516 | 94,734 | 173,219 | 69,005 | 18 | 20 | 404 | 100 | 350,063 | 78 |
| Dividend income earned | 358,056 | 650,000 | 357,500 | 650,000 | 556 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital gain - net | 2,028 | 302 | - | - | - | 302 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2,028 | _ |
| Return on deposits / acceptance expensed | 668,541 | 581,473 | 3,273 | 1,612 | 497,492 | 251,625 | 1,784 | 733 | 7,440 | 7,695 | 158,552 | 319,808 |
| Recovery of expenses | 3,352 | 3,155 | - | ,0.2 | - | - | -,, | - | -, | - | 3,352 | 3,155 |
| Charge for defined benefit plan | 669,015 | 537,715 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | 669,015 | 537,715 |
| Contribution to defined contribution plan | 538,270 | 463,194 | _ | | | | - | _ | _ | - | 538,270 | 463,194 |
| Contribution to staff benevolent fund | 65,993 | 54,418 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | 65,993 | 54,418 |
| Fees expensed | 24,193 | 24,949 | 22,537 | 23,478 | 1,224 | 1,471 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 432 | , |
| Charity Paid | 56,000 | 63,000 | - | -0, | 1,000 | -, | - | _ | _ | _ | 55,000 | 63,000 |
| Purchase of fixed assets | 153,417 | 425,393 | _ | _ | 153,417 | 425,393 | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | - |
| Remuneration to key management personnel | 631,638 | 489,318 | _ | _ | - | | | _ | 631,638 | 489,318 | | |
| Fee to non-executive directors (note 40) | 71,490 | 65,040 | _ | _ | | _ | 71,490 | 65,040 | - | - | | |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets having | 71,100 | 33,010 | | | | | . 1,100 | 55,010 | | | | |
| net book value of Rs 526 thousands | 2,271 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,271 | - | - | - |

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45 CAPITAL ASSESSMENT AND ADEQUACY BASEL SPECIFIC

Capital structure

The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) introduced updated guidelines with respect to disclosure of capital adequacy related information in the financial statements of banks vide its communication dated November 5, 2014. These guidelines are based on the requirements of Basel III which were introduced earlier by the SBP in August 2013 for implementation by banks in Pakistan. The SBP had specified a transitional period for implementing new standards which came to its end on December 31, 2019. The disclosures below have been prepared on the basis of these new guidelines. The comparative information is as per requirements which were applicable last year.

45.1 Capital structure

Under Basel III framework, the Bank's regulatory capital has been analysed into two tiers as follows:

- Tier 1 capital (going concern capital) which is sub divided into:
- a) Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1), which includes fully paid up capital, balance in share premium account, statutory and general reserves, and un-appropriated profits (net of losses), after regulatory deductions for book value of intangibles, reciprocal cross holdings and deficit on revaluation of AFS investments.
- b) Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1), which includes perpetual, unsecured, subordinated, non-cumulative and contingent convertible Sukuk instrument issued by the Bank.
- Tier II capital, which includes sub-ordinated sukuk, general provisions for loan losses (up to a maximum of 1.25% of credit risk weighted assets).

Banking operations are categorised in either the trading book or the banking book and risk weighted assets are determined according to the specified requirements that seek to reflect the varying levels of risk attached to assets and off balance sheet exposures.

The required capital adequacy ratio is achieved by the Bank through:

- (a) Adequate level of paid up capital;
- (b) Adequate risk profile of asset mix;
- (c) Ensuring better recovery management; and
- (d) Maintaining acceptable profit margins.

45.2 Capital adequacy ratio

The main objective of the capital management is to improve the financial position and strengthen the statement of financial position of the Bank to support the growth in business, provide protection to depositors and enhance shareholders' value.

The Bank's Board and the management is committed to maintaining a sound balance between depositors' liability and shareholders' funds so that optimal capital / debt ratio is maintained. The optimal capital / debt ratio will provide reasonable assurance to depositor's about safety and security of their funds and at the same time provide impetus to the management to invest their depositors' funds into profitable ventures without compromising the risk profile of the Bank. The capital requirement of the Bank has been determined based on the projected growth plan to be achieved in the next 3 years in all areas of business operations. Further, it also takes into account a road map for capital enhancement as directed by the State Bank of Pakistan vide its various circulars issued from time to time.

The Bank prepares Annual Budget and Three Year Plan for purpose of the growth map and future direction. Bottom up approach is used to prepare annual budget and detailed deliberations are held while preparing Three Year Plan. The growth prospects takes into consideration prevailing economic and political factors in Pakistan and abroad.

In implementing current capital requirements the State Bank of Pakistan requires banks to maintain minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 11.50% as of December 31, 2022 whereas CAR stood at 18.42% at the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Bank calculates capital adequacy ratio for credit risk, market risk and operational risk based upon requirements under Basel Accord as per guidelines issued by the State Bank of Pakistan from time to time in this regard.

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Sensitivity and stress testing of the Bank under different risk factors namely yield rate, forced sale value of collateral, non-performing financings and foreign exchange rate depicts that the Bank's capital adequacy ratio is above the regulatory requirements.

The Bank has taken into account credit risk, market risk and operational risk when planning its assets.

| 46 | CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|---|-------------|------|
| | | Runees in " | 000 |

| | Rupees in '000 | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|--|
| | | | |
| Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) | | | |
| Paid-up capital (net of losses) | 17,896,243 | 16,269,312 | |
| | | | |
| Capital Adequacy Ratio | | | |
| Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital | 113,339,894 | 80,903,080 | |
| Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 | |
| Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital | 120,339,894 | 87,903,080 | |
| Eligible Tier 2 Capital | 20,962,210 | 23,900,095 | |
| Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) | 141,302,104 | 111,803,175 | |
| | | | |
| Risk weighted assets (RWAs): | | | |
| Credit Risk | 557,776,813 | 471,179,745 | |
| Market Risk | 22,678,235 | 22,956,751 | |
| Operational Risk | 186,602,267 | 133,736,815 | |
| Total | 767,057,315 | 627,873,311 | |
| | | | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio | 14.78% | 12.89% | |
| Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio | 15.69% | 14.00% | |
| Total Capital Adequacy Ratio | 18.42% | 17.81% | |
| | | | |
| Leverage ratio (LR) | | | |
| Tier-1 Capital | 120,339,894 | 87,903,080 | |
| Total Exposures | 2,940,154,033 | 2,244,744,326 | |
| Leverage Ratio | 4.09% | 3.92% | |
| | | | |
| Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) | | | |
| Total High Quality Liquid Assets | 682,411,975 | 464,998,495 | |
| Total Net Cash Outflow | 240,277,969 | 209,348,310 | |
| Liquidity Coverage Ratio | 284% | 222% | |
| | | | |
| Net stable funding ratio (NSFR) | | | |
| Total Available Stable Funding | 1,628,565,640 | 1,370,517,865 | |
| Total Required Stable Funding | 1,038,717,022 | 829,111,476 | |
| Net Stable Funding Ratio | 157% | 165% | |
| | | | |

46.1 In the latest assessment carried out by the SBP under the Framework for Domestic Systemically Important Banks (D-SIBs) introduced vide BPRD Circular No.04 of 2018 dated April 13, 2018, the Bank has been identified as a sample D-SIB. In line with the framework, the Bank is required to meet the HLA capital surcharge, in the form of additional Common Equity Tier 1 (CET-1) capital of 0.5% on a standalone and consolidated basis till June 30, 2023.

Full disclosure on Capital Adequacy, Leverage Ratio & Liquidity Requirements prepared as per SBP instructions is available at https://www.meezanbank.com

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47 RISK MANAGEMENT

During 2022, Pakistan witnessed significant economic headwinds. Rising inflation, increasing fuel prices, depleting foreign exchange reserves, massive devaluation of the Pakistani rupee, political instability, increasing interest rates, and high budget deficit made the year more challenging. In this backdrop, Fitch, Moody's and S&P Global lowered the country's sovereign credit rating. In June 2022, Pakistan was hit with a natural catastrophe in the shape of worst ever floods in the history of the country. The floods resulted in millions of people being displaced and severe damage to both crops and livestock. Additionally, international commodity prices also remained elevated through the year. The headline inflation increased significantly touching a multi-year high of 27.32% in August. During the year, SBP increased the benchmark interest rate by a cumulative 625 bps to 16%. This steep increase was aimed at reducing aggregate demand in the economy and also to counter high inflation. This led to a steep uptick in domestic food prices.

The Bank is regularly conducting assessments of the credit portfolio, with robust post disbursement credit review mechanism to identify borrowers most likely to be affected in the challenging business and economic environment. Bank is confident that it has more than sufficient risk bearing capacity to with stand these difficult times.

The wide variety of the Bank's business activities require the Bank to identify, assess, measure, aggregate and manage risks effectively which are constantly evolving as the business activities expand in response to the Bank's strategy and growth. The Bank manages the risk through a framework of risk management encompassing policies and procedures, organisational structures, risk measurement and monitoring processes and techniques that are closely aligned with business activities of the Bank.

Risk management principles

- The Board of Directors (the Board) provides overall risk management supervision. The Board Risk Management Committee regularly reviews the Bank's risk profile.
- The Bank has set up objectives and policies to manage the risks that arise in connection with the Bank's activities. The risk management framework and policies of the Bank are guided by specific objectives to ensure that comprehensive and adequate risk management tools and techniques are established to mitigate the salient risk elements in the operations of the Bank.
- The establishment of the overall financial risk management objectives is consistent and in tandem with the strategy to create and enhance shareholders' value, whilst guided by a prudent risk management framework.
- The structure of risk management function is closely aligned with the organisational structure of the Bank.
- The risk management function is independent of the Bank's operations.

Risk management organisation

The Board Risk Management Committee comprises of four non-executive directors. One of the non-executive directors of the Bank chairs the Risk Management Committee.

Specialized Committees comprising of Senior Management team members perform their functions in line with the strategic direction set by the Board while ensuring that there is optimal balance between risk reward trade-off. The Committees include:

Name of the sub-committee Chaired by Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC) President & CEO Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO) President & CEO Compliance & Operational Risk Management Committee (CORMC) President & CEO

CRMC is responsible to oversee credit risk activities on bank wide basis while ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements and internal policies. Its responsibilities also include to provide support and guide front lines in managing their businesses, perform finance portfolio review, establish financing standards and benchmarks, maintain adequate industry diversification and decide upon provisioning. It is also required to delegate financing approving powers & prudential limits on large financing exposures. Credit Committee, a sub-committee of CRMC is the highest level body for approval of financing transactions.

ALCO is responsible for reviewing the Asset and Liability structure of the Bank, monitoring the liquidity situation and overall changing market scenario. Market and Liquidity risks are examined based on stress testing exercises and gap analysis. ALCO is also responsible for monitoring policy rate movements and taking necessary steps across various products to ensure that the overall profitability of the Bank is maximized without compromising on risk appetite. ALCO also ensures that the Banks' overall operations are fully compliant with regulatory framework for the business as provided by the State Bank of Pakistan.

The CORMC is responsible for overseeing compliance risk by reviewing the adequacy of controls in place to meet regulatory requirements. The Committee is responsible for promoting compliance culture in the Bank, facilitate in implementation of Compliance Program and oversee Money Laundering, and Financing Terrorism and Proliferation risk. In addition, the Committee also oversees Operational Risk Framework by ensuring that policies and procedures are in place in all Key risk areas and by reviewing Key Risk Indicators. The Committee also monitors level of compliance of major unresolved and recurring issues pointed out in the Internal Audit, Shariah Audit and SBP Inspection Report.

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The Bank's risk management, compliance, internal audit and legal departments support the risk management function. The role of the risk management department is to assess, measure, identify risks and established risk mitigants through a detailed policy and monitoring framework. The compliance department ensures that all the directives and guidelines issued by the SBP are being complied with in order to mitigate the compliance risk. The internal audit and BRR department reviews the compliance of internal control procedures with internal and regulatory standards.

47.1 Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that an obligor is either unwilling to perform on an obligation or its ability to perform such obligations is impaired resulting in economic loss to the Bank. This credit risk arises mainly from both direct financing activities as well as contingent liabilities.

Credit risk management and structure

The Bank manages credit risk by effective credit appraisal mechanism, approving and reviewing authorities, limit structures, internal credit risk rating system, collateral management and post disbursement monitoring so as to ensure prudent financing activities and sound financing portfolio under the umbrella of a comprehensive Financing Policy approved by the Board of Directors. A comprehensive financing procedural manual approved by the senior management is also in place. The Bank also ensures diversification of its portfolio into different business segments, products and sectors. Further, to avoid risk concentration; counterparty limits, counterparty group limits and industry concentration limits are also established, monitored and assessed in the light of changing counterparty and market conditions.

Watchlist procedure is also functioning which identifies financings with early warning indicators in respect of clients having the potential to become non performing. The risk management function also monitors the non-performing financing portfolio of the Bank and reports all significant matters to the Board Risk Management Committee.

The Bank takes into account the risk mitigating effect of the eligible collaterals for the calculation of capital requirement for credit risk. Use of Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) resulted in the total credit risk weighted amount of Rs 557,776.81 million (2021: Rs 471,179.75 million).

Thus, use of CRM resulted in capital adequacy ratio of the Bank of 18.42%.

47.1.1 Segmental information

47.1.1.1 Due from financial institutions

Credit risk by public / private sector

| | Gross amount due from financial institutions | | Non-performing amount due from financial institution | | Provision held | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | Rupees in '000 | | | | |
| Public / Government Private | 35,005,865 35,005,865 | 112,003,699 126,439,504 238,443,203 | 41,566 41,566 | 41,566 41,566 | 41,566 41,566 | 41,566 41,566 |

47.1.1.2 Investment in Sukuk and government securities

| Credit risk by industry sector | Gross investments | | Non-performing investments | | Provision held | |
|---|----------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | —— Rupees i | n '000 —— | | |
| Automobile and transportation equipment | 1,132,254 | 883,640 | - | - | - | - |
| Chemical and Pharmaceuticals | 25,892 | 25,892 | 25,892 | 25,892 | 25,892 | 25,892 |
| Construction and allied industries | 333,333 | 416,667 | - | - | - | - |
| Steel and allied industries | 868,750 | 1,100,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Federal Government Securities | 1,142,267,556 | 464,586,190 | - | - | - | - |
| Financial | 3,347,228 | 2,572,735 | - | - | - | - |
| Foreign Government Securities | 5,314,367 | 7,684,473 | - | - | - | - |
| Oil and Gas | - | 2,950,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Power (electricity) | 123,034,537 | 124,928,266 | - | - | - | - |
| Textile | 135,714 | 178,571 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| | 1,276,459,631 | 605,326,434 | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 |

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| | Gross investments | | | Non-performing investments | | on held |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | Rupees | in '000 —— | | |
| Dublic / Coverament | 1 000 000 455 | E00 000 004 | | | | |
| Public / Government Private | 1,269,926,455 6,533,176 | 598,968,924 6,357,510 | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 |
| · ··········· | 1,276,459,631 | 605,326,434 | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 | 75,892 |
| | | | | | | |
| 47.1.1.3 Islamic financing and re | lated assets | | | | | |
| Credit risk by industry sector | | | | | | |
| , | | | Non n | erforming | | |
| | Gross | s Amounts | • | ounts | Provisi | on held |
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | in '000 — | | |
| | | | Tiupees | | | |
| Assistable Cond Food Mills Double Dain | | | | | | |
| Agriculture, Food, Feed Mills, Poultry, Dairy, Forestry and Fishing | 200 072 442 | 162,478,493 | 2,270,930 | 3,395,929 | 2,270,930 | 3,165,623 |
| Automobile and transportation equipment | 208,073,442 26,072,313 | 20,719,843 | 157,974 | 74,585 | 2,270,930 82,035 | 73,158 |
| Cement | 19,353,573 | 13,825,174 | 157,974 | 74,565 | 62,033 | 73,130 |
| Chemical and Pharmaceuticals | 36,842,695 | 16,542,558 | 22.036 | 22,036 | 22,036 | 22,036 |
| Construction | 17,530,547 | 11,737,462 | 1,367,291 | 1,278,654 | 1,283,436 | 1,278,654 |
| Steel and allied industries | 27,836,119 | 26,145,539 | 472,264 | 546,615 | 378,626 | 416,337 |
| Plastic products manufacturer | 4,539,985 | 3,994,568 | - | - | - | - |
| Electronics and electrical appliances | 7,671,307 | 8,281,523 | - | - | - | - |
| Exports/Imports | 1,522,101 | 2,016,709 | 195,415 | 205,493 | 195,415 | 205,493 |
| Fertilizer | 28,544,431 | 19,743,356 | - | 38,833 | - | 38,833 |
| Financial | 38,074,312 | 519,309 | - | - | - | - |
| Footwear and Leather garments | 4,964,169 | 4,170,916 | - | 11,435 | - | 11,435 |
| Individuals | 73,475,097 | 66,641,606 | 1,011,366 | 933,318 | 534,783 | 370,138 |
| Takaful / Insurance | 654,300 | 627,760 | - | - | - | - |
| Mining and Quarrying | 3,530,578 | 5,309,238 | - | - | - | - |
| Oil and Gas | 85,322,255 | 44,479,242 | 4,364,340 | 4,224,503 | 4,337,347 | 4,206,236 |
| Paper, board and packaging | 21,977,610 | 10,388,890 | 123,435 | 231,306 | 121,420 | 229,291 |
| Power (electricity) | 88,675,574 | 97,775,783 | 788,840 | 817,480 | 788,840 | 817,480 |
| Services | 9,415,229 | 9,363,039 | 20,285 | 84,219 | 18,071 | 45,915 |
| Sugar | 21,257,976 | 12,612,935 | - | - | - | - |
| Textile | 172,803,936 | 143,773,181 | 2,361,930 | 2,058,162 | 2,361,930 | 2,021,650 |
| Transport, Storage and Communication | 50,649,542 | 31,497,141 | 77,129 | 77,513 | 43,697 | 41,466 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade | 63,955,770 | 61,749,684 | 337,378 | 338,625 | 317,430 | 287,482 |
| Others | 5,358,896 | 2,901,177 | 57,674 | 110,832 | 56,766 | 107,761 |
| | 1,018,101,757 | 777,295,126 | 13,628,287 | 14,449,538 | 12,812,762 | 13,338,988 |

Credit risk by public / private sector

| | Gross Amounts | | Non-performing amounts | | Provision held | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | Rupees in '000 — | | | | | |
| Public / Government Private | 318,259,246 699,842,511 1,018,101,757 | 237,476,802 539,818,324 777,295,126 | 13,628,287 13,628,287 | 14,449,538 14,449,538 | 12,812,762 12,812,762 | - 13,338,988 13,338,988 |

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47.1.1.4 Contingencies and Commitments

| Credit risk b | v industrv | sector |
|---------------|------------|--------|
|---------------|------------|--------|

| Credit risk by industry sector | 2022 202 | | |
|--|---------------|---|--|
| | Rup | ees in '000 | |
| Agriculture, Food, Feed Mills, Poultry, Dairy, | | | |
| Forestry and Fishing | 98,417,326 | 71,453,206 | |
| Automobile and transportation equipment | 43,510,460 | 27,560,120 | |
| Cement | 24,368,223 | 14,392,244 | |
| Chemical and Pharmaceuticals | 37,636,764 | 36,754,088 | |
| Construction | 32,544,198 | 39,002,386 | |
| Steel and allied industries | 41,774,472 | 32,541,776 | |
| Plastic products manufacturer | 7,488,719 | 6,924,962 | |
| Electronics and electrical appliances | 16,899,349 | 11,565,939 | |
| Exports/Imports | 5,531,431 | 3,965,076 | |
| Fertilizer | 18,124,795 | 16,005,439 | |
| Financial | 266,595,919 | 161,294,410 | |
| Footwear and Leather garments | 7,538,339 | 5,934,844 | |
| Individuals | 336,981 | 7,687,462 | |
| Takaful / Insurance | 374,450 | 263,952 | |
| Mining and Quarrying | 12,314,638 | 5,654,762 | |
| Oil and Gas | 92,706,034 | 41,796,492 | |
| Paper, board and packaging | 22,947,107 | 14,058,322 | |
| Power (electricity) | 146,814,179 | 76,128,620 | |
| Services | 66,587,092 | 63,951,481 | |
| Sugar | 22,340,850 | 25,102,487 | |
| Textile | 217,879,460 | 214,583,093 | |
| Transport, Storage and Communication | 23,137,093 | 23,854,641 | |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade | 75,625,125 | 22,649,002 | |
| Others | 15,671,523 | 11,116,055 | |
| | 1,297,164,527 | 934,240,859 | |
| Credit risk by public / private sector | | | |
| Public / Government | 271,179,069 | 92,770,090 | |
| Private | 1,025,985,458 | 841,470,769 | |
| THVALO | 1,297,164,527 | 934,240,859 | |
| | 1,201,104,021 | ======================================= | |

47.1.1.5 Concentration of Top 10 exposures

Top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded) exposures aggregated to Rs 408,589 million (2021: Rs 301,905 million) as follows:

| | Rupe | ees in '000 |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Funded Exposure | 331,735,662 | 249,871,722 |
| Non Funded Exposure | 76,853,260 | 52,033,362 |
| Total Exposure | 408,588,922 | 301,905,084 |

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposures aggregated to Rs 518,795 million (2021: Rs 324,895 million). None of the exposure against these top 10 customers is in classified stage.

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47.1.1.6 Islamic Financings and related assets - Province/Region-wise Disbursement & Utilization

| | 2022 | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Disbursements | Utilization | | | | | | |
| | Disbursements | Punjab | Sindh | KPK including FATA | Balochistan | Islamabad | AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan | |
| Province / Region | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Punjab | 664,533,491 | 664,533,491 | _ | - | - | - | - | |
| Sindh | 770,568,389 | - | 770,568,389 | - | - | - | - | |
| KPK including FATA | 9,151,023 | - | - | 9,151,023 | - | - | - | |
| Balochistan | 2,169,900 | - | - | - | 2,169,900 | - | - | |
| Islamabad | 137,770,908 | - | - | - | - | 137,770,908 | - | |
| AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan | 399,082 | - | - | - | - | - | 399,082 | |
| Total | 1,584,592,793 | 664,533,491 | 770,568,389 | 9,151,023 | 2,169,900 | 137,770,908 | 399,082 | |

| | 2021 | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Disbursements | Utilization | | | | | | | |
| | Dispursements | Punjab | Sindh | KPK including FATA | Balochistan | Islamabad | AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan | | |
| Province / Region | | Rupees in '000- | | | | | | | |
| Punjab | 442,069,392 | 442,069,392 | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Sindh | 409,068,056 | - | 409,068,056 | - | - | - | - | | |
| KPK including FATA | 5,683,347 | - | - | 5,683,347 | - | - | - | | |
| Balochistan | 1,186,334 | - | - | - | 1,186,334 | - | - | | |
| Islamabad | 41,009,443 | - | - | - | - | 41,009,443 | - | | |
| AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan | 246,833 | - | - | - | - | - | 246,833 | | |
| Total | 899,263,405 | 442,069,392 | 409,068,056 | 5,683,347 | 1,186,334 | 41,009,443 | 246,833 | | |

47.1.2 Credit Risk - General Disclosures

The Bank has adopted Standardised Approach of Basel Accord for calculation of capital charge against credit risk. Therefore, risk weights for the credit risk related assets (on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet - market and non market related exposures) are assigned on basis of standardised approach.

The Bank is committed to further strengthen its risk management framework which will enable the Bank to move ahead for adopting Foundation Internal Ratings Based (IRB) approach of Basel II. Meanwhile, none of the Bank's assets class is subject to the Foundation IRB or advanced IRB approaches.

Credit Risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the Standardised Approach 47.1.2.1

Under standardised approach the capital requirement is based on the credit rating assigned to the counterparties by the External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs) duly recognised by the SBP for capital adequacy purposes. In this connection, the Bank utilises the credit ratings assigned by ECAIs and has recognised agencies such as PACRA (Pakistan Credit Rating Agency) and VIS Credit Rating Company which are also recognised by the SBP.

In case of foreign currency exposures against banks, ratings assigned by S&P, Fitch and Moody's have been applied. In case of exposure against banks, some banks have multiple ratings but those ratings do not result in mapping with different risk weights.

Types of Exposure and ECAI's used

| | 2022 | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|-------|----------------------|-------|---------|--|--|
| Exposures | VIS | PACRA | Standard & Poor's | Fitch | Moody's | | |
| Corporate | J | 1 | √ | J | J | | |
| Banks | J | √ | J | J | J | | |
| Public Sector Entities | J | √ | - | - | - | | |

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Use of ECAI Ratings

The Bank prefers solicited ratings over unsolicited ratings at all times, owing to the greater degree of accuracy (in general) associated with solicited ratings. Unsolicited ratings may only be used in cases where a solicited rating is not available.

Mapping to SBP Rating Grades

The alignment of the Alphanumerical scale of each agency used with risk buckets is as per instructions laid down by SBP under Basel III requirements.

47.1.2.2 Credit exposures subject to standardised approach

| | 2022 | | | 2021 | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|--|---------------|--|
| On-balance sheet Exposures | Amount Outstanding | Deduction Credit Risk Management | Net amount | Amount Outstanding | Deduction Credit Risk Management | Net amount | |
| | | | ——— Rupees ir | ı '000——— | | | |
| Banks | | | | | | | |
| 20% | 83,540,160 | 59,789,988 | 23,750,172 | 256,066,796 | 192,460,283 | 63,606,513 | |
| 50% | 1,692,525 | - | 1,692,525 | 255,474 | - | 255,474 | |
| 100% | 1,082,999 | - | 1,082,999 | 807,999 | - | 807,999 | |
| 150% | 63,662 | _ | 63,662 | 53,321 | _ | 53,321 | |
| Unrated | 1,572,546 | - | 1,572,546 | 298,108 | - | 298,108 | |
| Sovereigns | | | | | | | |
| 0% | 1,254,669,893 | 50,766,630 | 1,203,903,263 | 643,811,199 | 50,351,600 | 593,459,599 | |
| 20% | 1,340,122 | _ | 1,340,122 | 2,779,262 | _ | 2,779,262 | |
| 50% | 2,259,452 | _ | 2,259,452 | 2,828,610 | _ | 2,828,610 | |
| 100% | - | _ | - | 1,624,771 | _ | 1,624,771 | |
| Unrated | - | _ | - | - | _ | | |
| 150% | 8,460,046 | - | 8,460,046 | - | - | - | |
| Public Sector entities | | | | | | | |
| 20% | 44,501,577 | 14,769,333 | 29,732,244 | 19,201,818 | 16,463,593 | 2,738,225 | |
| 50% | 8,875,000 | 7,124,600 | 1,750,400 | _ | - | - | |
| Unrated (50%) | 311,881,517 | 283,200,020 | 28,681,497 | 291,758,453 | 263,798,927 | 27,959,526 | |
| Corporate | | | | | | | |
| 20% | 217,913,433 | 3,147,228 | 214,766,205 | 140,474,238 | 1,626,445 | 138,847,793 | |
| 50% | 165,544,908 | 1,225,652 | 164,319,256 | 123,360,922 | 47,298 | 123,313,624 | |
| 100% | 7,212,656 | - | 7,212,656 | 5,196,338 | _ | 5,196,338 | |
| Unrated 1 (100%) | 130,349,482 | 9,753,949 | 120,595,533 | 103,327,444 | 7,927,692 | 95,399,752 | |
| Unrated 2 (125%) | 74,547,481 | 12,564,932 | 61,982,549 | 85,647,398 | 13,186,425 | 72,460,973 | |
| Retails | | | | | | | |
| 75% | 73,405,947 | 15,669,516 | 57,736,431 | 70,160,902 | 15,910,991 | 54,249,911 | |
| Residential Mortgage | | | | | | | |
| 35% | 20,728,463 | - | 20,728,463 | 19,193,855 | - | 19,193,855 | |
| 25% | 6,371,277 | 2,548,049 | 3,823,228 | 2,904,311 | 1,160,239 | 1,744,072 | |
| Past Due | | | | | | | |
| 50% | 256,255 | 109,883 | 146,372 | 138,686 | 88,442 | 50,244 | |
| 100% | 694,837 | 21,672 | 673,165 | 937,088 | 30,727 | 906,361 | |
| 150% | 41,733 | 12,253 | 29,480 | 57,362 | 15,293 | 42,069 | |
| Total | 2,417,005,971 | 460,703,705 | 1,956,302,266 | 1,770,884,355 | 563,067,955 | 1,207,816,400 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

47.1.2.3 Credit Risk: Disclosures with respect to Credit risk mitigation for Standardised approach and IRB

The Bank obtains capital relief for both its on-balance and off-balance sheet non-market related exposures by using simple approach for credit risk mitigation (CRM). Off-balance sheet items under the simplified standardised approach are converted into credit exposure equivalents through the use of credit conversion factors. Under the standardised approach the Bank has taken advantage of the cash collaterals available with the Bank in the form of security deposits, cash margins, certificates of Islamic investment, monthly mudaraba certificate, saving accounts, guarantees, shares and Government securities.

Valuation and management of eligible collaterals for CRM is being done in accordance with the conditions laid down by the State Bank of Pakistan. Eligible collaterals for CRM purposes do not expose the Bank to price risk as they are in the form of cash/cash equivalent collaterals. Since eligible collaterals for CRM purposes are all in the form of cash/cash equivalent collaterals, they generally do not pose risk to the Bank in terms of change in their valuation due to changes in the market condition.

The credit equivalent amount of an off-balance sheet market related foreign exchange contracts are determined by using the current exposure (mark to market) method.

The total benefit of Rs 460,703.71 million was availed through CRM against total on-balance sheet exposure of Rs 2,576,920.56 million. Under off-balance sheet, total benefit of Rs 25,942.350 million was availed by the Bank through CRM against total off-balance sheet, non-market related exposure of Rs 1,053,302.06 million. In the year 2022, total CRM benefit was Rs 486,646.05 million as against amount of Rs 577,988.90 million in year 2021.

47.1.2.4 Credit concentration risk

Credit concentration risk arises mainly due to concentration of exposures under various categories viz., industry, geography, and single / group borrower obligor. Within credit portfolio, as a prudential measure aimed at better risk management and avoidance of concentration of risks, the SBP has prescribed regulatory limits on banks' maximum exposure to single and group obligors. Within the SBP limits, the Bank has further defined limits to avoid excessive concentration of portfolio.

47.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk reflects yield rate risk, currency risk and other price risks. Banks could be adversely affected by movements in market rates or prices such as benchmark rates, deposit rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and market conditions resulting in a loss to earnings and capital.

47.2.1 Equity position in the banking and trading book

The Bank classifies and values its investment portfolio in accordance with the directives of SBP as stated in note 6.4 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

Trading book

Held for trading and available for sale securities with trading intent;

- They are marked to market daily; and
- Any valuation difference is charged / credited to the profit and loss account in case of held for trading securities and to surplus on revaluation of investments - net of tax under equity in case of available for sale securities.

Banking book

Assets outside trading book are part of the banking book. These may include assets classified as available for sale and held to maturity investments.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

47.2.2 Balance sheet split by trading and banking books

| | | 2022 | | | 2021 | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Banking Book | Trading Book | Total | Banking Book | Trading Book | Total |
| | | | Rupe | es in '000 ——— | | |
| Cash and balances with | | | | | | |
| treasury banks | 117,743,106 | - | 117,743,106 | 170,500,698 | - | 170,500,698 |
| Balances with other banks | 13,676,159 | - | 13,676,159 | 16,420,036 | - | 16,420,036 |
| Due from financial institutions | 34,964,299 | - | 34,964,299 | 238,401,637 | - | 238,401,637 |
| Investments | 1,274,796,680 | 8,413,607 | 1,283,210,287 | 610,569,020 | 9,563,023 | 620,132,043 |
| Islamic financings and | | | | | | |
| related assets | 995,508,354 | - | 995,508,354 | 758,086,120 | _ | 758,086,120 |
| Fixed assets | 40,426,520 | - | 40,426,520 | 33,957,947 | - | 33,957,947 |
| Intangible assets | 1,843,984 | - | 1,843,984 | 1,495,810 | - | 1,495,810 |
| Deferred tax asset | 4,646,002 | - | 4,646,002 | 175,555 | - | 175,555 |
| Other assets - net | 85,378,800 | - | 85,378,800 | 63,801,554 | - | 63,801,554 |
| | 2,568,983,904 | 8,413,607 | 2,577,397,511 | 1,893,408,377 | 9,563,023 | 1,902,971,400 |

The Bank uses a number of methods to monitor and control market risk exposures. One of the major tools used by the Bank to monitor and limit market risk is Value at Risk (VaR). VaR is defined as the estimated loss that will arise on a position or a portfolio over a particular (holding) period of time from an adverse market movement with a specific probability (confidence level). The VaR model used by the Bank takes 99% confidence level and assumes a 1 to 10 days holding period whilst using the historical simulation taking the data of the last three years. Daily VaR figures are circulated to the senior management and regular summaries are reported in ALCO meetings.

The VaR reports are complemented by various other position and sensitivity limit structures, including stress, sensitivity, gap and scenario analysis. The capital charge for market risk has been calculated by using Standardized Approach.

47.2.3 Foreign exchange risk

The foreign exchange risk is defined as the current or prospective risk to earnings and capital arising from adverse movements in currency exchange rates. It refers to the impact of adverse movement in currency exchange rates on the value of open foreign currency position. The objectives of the foreign exchange risk management is to minimise the adverse impact of foreign exchange rate movements on the assets and liabilities mismatch (tenor and position) and maximise their earnings.

Whenever a commercial bank deals in foreign currency, it is exposed to risk of exchange rate. The Bank's assets and liabilities in foreign currencies give rise to foreign exchange risk which has to be managed by the Bank; this risk is mitigated by using different hedging techniques. Hedging is a way used by a bank to eliminate or minimize its risk exposures. Hedging can be done using different ways like gap analysis, hedging (forwards), assigning limits in terms of amount, tenor, currency, product, countries, counterparties etc. The Bank limits its currency exposure to the extent of statutory net open position prescribed by the SBP except in the cases where exemption is provided by the SBP. Foreign exchange open and mismatch positions are controlled through close monitoring and are marked to market on a daily basis.

- Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended December 31, 2022

The analysis below represents the concentration of the Bank's foreign currency risk for on and off balance sheet financial instruments:

| | | 20 | 022 | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Assets | Liabilities | Off-balance sheet items | Net foreign currency exposure |
| | | Rupee | es in '000 ——— | САРОЗИІС |
| Pakistan Rupees | 2,491,886,514 | 2,337,854,056 | (35,433,722) | 118,598,736 |
| United States Dollars | 81,666,765 | 110,417,824 | 25,453,007 | (3,298,052 |
| Great Britain Pounds Japanese Yen | 955,161 142,804 | 7,493,793 88,927 | 6,546,533 (59,976) | 7,901 (6,099 |
| Euro | 1,474,874 | 5,437,092 | 4,019,733 | 57,515 |
| Singapore Dollars | 18,118 | - | (6,743) | 11,375 |
| Australian Dollars Canadian Dollars | 257,134 | 132 976 | (253,346) | 3,656 |
| United Arab Emirates Dirham | 52,441 27,242 | 547 | (33,417) | 18,048 (10,298 |
| Swiss Francs | 58,950 | - | (51,456) | 7,49 |
| Saudi Riyal | 26,006 | - | · | 26,000 |
| Swedish Krona | 5,390 | - | (6,496) | (1,100 |
| Malaysian Ringgit Hong Kong Dollar | 3,208 39,714 | 23 | (34,848) | 3,208 4,843 |
| Thailand Bhat | 837 | - | - | 837 |
| Norwegian Krone | 10,157 | - | (4,581) | 5,576 |
| Danish Krone Chinese Offshore Spot | 11,968 | | - | 11,968 |
| Chinese Yuan | 760,228 | 783,448 | (97,697) | (120,917 |
| Total foreign currency exposure | 85,510,997 | 124,222,762 | 35,433,722 | (3,278,043 |
| Total currency exposure | 2,577,397,511 | 2,462,076,818 | - | 115,320,693 |
| | | 20 | 021 | |
| | Assets | Liabilities | Off-balance | Net foreign |
| | | | sheet items es in '000 ——— | currency exposure |
| Pakistan Rupees | 1,826,584,181 | 1,708,416,423 | (28,900,423) | 89,267,335 |
| United States Dollars | 70,850,151 | 95,296,400 | 21,587,004 | (2,859,245 |
| Great Britain Pounds | 1,694,459 | 6,837,618 | 5,155,365 | 12,206 |
| Japanese Yen | 36,322 | 72,666 | 24,528 | (11,81) |
| Euro Singapore Dollars | 2,045,814 6,532 | 4,821,334 | 2,746,479 | (29,04 |
| Australian Dollars | 283,338 | 2,082 | (280,530) | 72 |
| Canadian Dollars | 9,457 | 1,105 | - ' ' | 8,35 |
| United Arab Emirates Dirham Swiss Francs | 146,900 77,144 | 37,311 55,712 | (48,056) (8,687) | 61,533 12,743 |
| Saudi Riyal | 27,791 | - 33,712 | (0,007) | 27,79 |
| Swedish Krona | 12,058 | - | - | 12,05 |
| Malaysian Ringgit | 2,642 | - 00 | - | 2,64 |
| Hong kong Dollar Thailand Bhat | 4,519 1,624 | 29 | | 4,49 1,62 |
| Norwegian Krone | 7,178 | - | _ | 7,17 |
| Danish Krone | 16,712 | - | - | 16,71 |
| Chinese Offshore Spot Chinese Yuan | - 1,164,578 | 872,945 | (275,680) | 15,950 |
| Total foreign currency exposure | 76,387,219 | 107,997,202 | 28,900,423 | (2,709,560 |
| Total currency exposure | 1,902,971,400 | 1,816,413,625 | - | 86,557,775 |
| | | 2022 | 2 | 021 |
| | Banking | Trading | Banking | Trading |
| | book | book | book | book |
| Impact of 1% change in | | ———— nupee | s in '000 ——— | |
| foreign exchange rates on | | | | |
| - Profit and Loss Account | | 17,526 | | 17,997 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

47.2.4 Equity position risk

Equity position risk is defined as the risk to earnings or capital arising from adverse changes in value of equity portfolios of Bank. The limits assigned to various individual scripts and total portfolio investments are fixed as per the guidelines issued by the SBP. The Bank invests in only Shariah compliant equities as advised by the Resident Shariah Board Member.

| | 2 | 2022 | 20 | 21 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Banking book | Trading book | Banking book | Trading book |
| Impact of 5% change in equity prices on | | ——— Rupees | in '000 ——— | |
| Profit and Loss AccountOther Comprehensive Income | - | 192,930 | <u> </u> | 265,908 |

47.2.5 Yield / profit rate risk

Yield risk occurs when there is a mismatch between positions, which are subject to profit rate alterations within a particular time period. The Bank's financing, placement and investment activities give rise to profit rate risk. The effect of changes in profit rate is on the Bank's income, and resultant impact is on the Bank's net worth.

Profit rate risk is primarily managed by monitoring the rate sensitive gaps and by having the pre-approved limits for repricing buckets. ALCO is the supervising body for adherence with these, complemented by the monitoring of sensitivity of the Bank's financial assets and liabilities to various scenarios.

The Bank estimates changes in the market value of equity due to changes in the yield rates on on-balance sheet positions and their impact on capital adequacy ratio by conducting stress tests. It also assesses risk on earnings

| of the Bank by various shocks. | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2 | 022 | 202 | 21 |
| | Banking book | Trading book | Banking book | Trading book |
| | | Rupees i | in '000 ——— | |
| Impact of 1% change in discount rates with other factors remaining constant, on: | | | | |
| Profit and Loss account Other Comprehensive Income | 4,378,356 | - | 3,419,294 | <u>-</u> |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

47.2.6 Mismatch of yield rate sensitive assets and liabilities

| | | | | | | E. | 2022 cposed to yield ri | al. | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Effective yield rate % | Total | Upto 1 month | Over 1 to 3 months | Over 3 to 6 months | Over 6 months to 1 year | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 to 3 years | Over 3 to 5 years | Over 5 to 10 years | Above 10 years | Non-yield bearing financial instruments |
| On-balance sheet financial instruments | | | | | | | Rupees in '000 | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks | 0.87 | 117,743,106 13,676,159 | 4,825,629 | | | | | | | | | 117,743,106 8,850,530 |
| Due from financial institutions | 11.25 | 34,964,299 | | | | - | | 34,964,299 | | - | - | |
| Investments Islamic financing and related assets Other assets | 14.52 13.96 | 1,283,210,287 995,508,354 83,102,573 | 53,732,129 345,002,704 | 94,242,965 271,683,454 | 868,512,735 179,853,354 | 34,107,321 | 2,005,915 32,096,915 | 20,459,705 18,916,857 | 235,226,102 40,236,413 | 60,119,468 | 7,616,509 | 9,030,736 5,875,359 83,102,573 |
| Calor about | | 2,528,204,778 | 403,560,462 | 365,926,419 | 1,048,366,089 | 34,107,321 | 34,102,830 | 74,340,861 | 275,462,515 | 60,119,468 | 7,616,509 | 224,602,304 |
| Liabilities | | 40.475.400 | | | | | | | | | | 40.475.400 |
| Bills payable Due to financial institutions | 13.89 | 40,175,122 573,326,439 | 275,653,427 | 204,300,004 | 23.513.500 | 46,047 | 518,145 | 6,930,569 | 4,057,809 | 57,375,034 | | 40,175,122 931,904 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 3.71 | 1,658,490,118 | 847,047,998 | 4,668,681 | 23,313,300 | 40,047 | 310,143 | 0,550,505 | 4,007,003 | 37,373,034 | | 806,773,439 |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk | 16.75 | 20,990,000 | 11,000,000 | - 1 | 9,990,000 | - | - | - 1 | - 1 | - | - | - |
| Other liabilities | - | 144,922,057 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 144,922,057 |
| | | 2,437,903,736 | 1,133,701,425 | 208,968,685 | 33,503,500 | 46,047 | 518,145 | 6,930,569 | 4,057,809 | 57,375,034 | - | 992,802,522 |
| On-balance sheet gap | | 90,301,042 | (730,140,963) | 156,957,734 | 1,014,862,589 | 34,061,274 | 33,584,685 | 67,410,292 | 271,404,706 | 2,744,434 | 7,616,509 | (768,200,218) |
| Non financial assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Fixed assets | | 40,426,520 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Intangible assets | | 1,843,984 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Deferred tax asset | | 4,646,002 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Other assets | | 2,276,227 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 49,192,733 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non financial liabilities - Other liabilities | | 04470.000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Other liabilities - Deferred tax liabilities | | 24,173,082 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Deletted tax liabilities | | 24.173.082 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total net assets | | 115,320,693 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Off-balance sheet financial instruments | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Guarantees | | 56.485.801 | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 56,485,801 |
| Documentary letter of credits | | 221,689,496 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 221,689,496 |
| Forward purchase of foreign exchange cont | racts | 139,648,096 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 139,648,096 |
| Forward sale of foreign exchange contracts | | (104,214,374) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (104,214,374) |
| Off-balance sheet gap | | 313,609,019 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 313,609,019 |
| Total yield risk rate sensitivity gap | | | (730,140,963) | 156,957,734 | 1,014,862,589 | 34,061,274 | 33,584,685 | 67,410,292 | 271,404,706 | 2,744,434 | 7,616,509 | (454,591,199) |
| Cumulative yield risk rate sensitivity gap | | | (730,140,963) | (573,183,229) | 441,679,360 | 475,740,634 | 509,325,319 | 576,735,611 | 848,140,317 | 850,884,751 | 858,501,260 | 403,910,061 |

| | | | | | | | 2021 | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Effective | Total | | | | Ex | posed to yield ris | sk | | | | Non-yield |
| | yield rate % | 1014 | Upto 1 month | Over 1 to 3 months | Over 3 to 6 months | Over 6 months to 1 year | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 to 3 years | Over 3 to 5 years | Over 5 to 10 years | Above 10 years | bearing financial instrument |
| On-balance sheet financial instruments | | | | | | | Rupees in '000 | | | | | |
| Accepta | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks | _ | 170.500.698 | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | | _ | 170,500,698 |
| Balances with other banks | 0.02 | 16.420.036 | 242,527 | - | | | | | _ | - 1 | _ | 16,177,509 |
| Due from financial institutions | 7.52 | 238,401,637 | 21,858,347 | 24,458,492 | 113,251,970 | 43,868,529 | - 1 | 1 | 34,964,299 | - | - | - |
| Investments | 9.13 | 620,132,043 | 54,282,173 | 127,373,150 | 294,986,218 | 904,146 | 26,851,491 | 1,678,453 | 102,017,553 | 1,851,471 | - | 10,187,388 |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 9.28 | 758,086,120 | 197,161,911 | 259,970,790 | 141,996,581 | 19,491,897 | 10,436,579 | 17,798,822 | 32,792,056 | 67,931,120 | - | 10,506,364 |
| Other assets | - | 61,587,012 | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 61,587,012 |
| 11.190 | | 1,865,127,546 | 273,544,958 | 411,802,432 | 550,234,769 | 64,264,572 | 37,288,070 | 19,477,275 | 169,773,908 | 69,782,591 | - | 268,958,971 |
| Liabilities | _ | 36,141,378 | | | | | _ | | | | - | 36,141,378 |
| Bills payable Due to financial institutions | 5.78 | 220.414.234 | 121.110.629 | 31,267,637 | 20.301.496 | 2.235.253 | 111.303 | 1.062.131 | 4.261.659 | 39.620.302 | | 443.824 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 2.66 | 1.455.886.468 | 793.728.828 | 762,073 | 177,300 | 2,235,255 | 111,303 | 1,002,131 | 4,201,009 | 39,020,302 | _ | 661,218,267 |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk | 10.40 | 20.990.000 | 11,000,000 | 702,070 | 9,990,000 | _ | | . | _ | | _ | 001,210,201 |
| Other liabilities | - | 60,615,531 | - | | | | - 1 | 1 | - 1 | - | - | 60,615,531 |
| | | 1,794,047,611 | 925,839,457 | 32,029,710 | 30,468,796 | 2,235,253 | 111,303 | 1,062,131 | 4,261,659 | 39,620,302 | | 758,419,000 |
| On-balance sheet gap | | 71,079,935 | (652,294,499) | 379,772,722 | 519,765,973 | 62,029,319 | 37,176,767 | 18,415,144 | 165,512,249 | 30,162,289 | - | (489,460,029 |
| Non financial assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Fixed assets | | 33,957,947 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Intangible assets | | 1,495,810 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Deferred tax asset | | 175,555 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Other assets | | 2,214,542 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 37,843,854 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non financial liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Other liabilities | | 22.366.014 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Deferred tax liabilities | | - | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total net assets | | 22,366,014 86,557,775 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Off-balance sheet financial instruments | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Guarantees | | 45.072.765 | _ | _ | | | | | _ | _ | _ | 45.072.765 |
| Documentary letter of credits | | 175,227,624 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 175,227,624 |
| Forward purchase of foreign exchange contra | icts | 114,757,851 | - | - | - | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | 114,757,851 |
| Forward sale of foreign exchange contracts | | (85,857,428) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (85,857,428 |
| Off-balance sheet gap | | 249,200,812 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 249,200,812 |
| Total yield risk rate sensitivity gap | | | (652,294,499) | 379,772,722 | 519,765,973 | 62,029,319 | 37,176,767 | 18,415,144 | 165,512,249 | 30,162,289 | - | (240,259,217) |
| Cumulative yield risk rate sensitivity gap | | | (652,294,499) | (272,521,777) | 247,244,196 | 309.273.515 | 346.450.282 | 364.865.426 | 530,377,675 | 560,539,964 | 560,539,964 | 320,280,747 |
| Camadate field flow rate definitivity gap | | | (502,204,400) | (272,021,777) | E 17 ,E 177, 100 | 333,270,010 | 5 15, 150,E0E | 001,000,420 | 000,011,010 | 000,000,004 | 000,000,004 | 525,200,141 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

The Bank takes on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market profit rates on both its fair value and cash flow risks.

Profit margins may increase as a result of such changes but may reduce to losses in the event that unexpected movement arise.

47.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the potential for loss to the Bank arising from either its inability to meet its obligations or to fund increases in assets as they fall due without incurring an unacceptable cost.

The Bank's Board of Directors sets the Bank's policy for managing liquidity risk and entrusts accountability for supervision of the implementation of this strategy to senior management. Senior management exercises its responsibilities for managing market & liquidity risk through various committees including the Asset & Liability Management Committee (ALCO). Treasury department manages the Bank's liquidity position on daily basis. The Bank's main approach of managing the liquidity risk is to make certain that it will always have adequate liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due in normal and stressed scenarios without incurring any untoward expenditure or risking reputational harm. ALCO monitors the maintenance of liquidity ratios, depositor's concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual deposits. Regular liquidity stress testing is conducted under a variety of scenarios covering both normal and more severe market conditions.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Maturities of assets and liabilities based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the bank 47.3.1

| | | | | | | | 20 | 2022 | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Total | Upto 1 Day | Over 1 to 7 Days | Over 7 to 14 Days | Over 14 days to 1 Month | Over 1 to 2 Months | Over 2 to 3 Months | Over 3 to 6 Months | Over 6 to 9 Months | Over 9 months to 1 Year | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 to 3 years | Over 3 to 5 years | Over 5 years |
| | | | | | | | Bupee | Rupees in '000 | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 117,743,106 | 117,743,106 | | | • | | | | • | • | | | | |
| Balances with other banks | 13,676,159 | 13,676,159 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | | |
| Due from financial institutions | 34,964,299 | _ | • | 1 | • | • | • | • | • | • | ' | 34,964,299 | | ' |
| Investments | 1,283,210,287 | 319,671 | 1,670,524 | 1,973,944 | 6,682,242 | 7,940,803 | 2,281,694 | 23,988,326 | 309,464 | 763,631 | 4,298,970 | 218,041,978 | 891,620,782 | 123,318,258 |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 995,508,354 | 288,980,031 | 8,005,870 | 15,154,782 | 25,186,893 | 81,025,104 | 38,107,478 | 143,955,527 | 25,186,148 | 12,913,739 | 73,911,982 | 57,797,039 | 84,192,273 | 141,091,488 |
| Fixed assets | 40,426,520 | 28,673 | 172,040 | 200,715 | 647,890 | 1,526,448 | 857,782 | 3,119,196 | 4,352,176 | 1,828,959 | 5,258,721 | 4,772,674 | 7,664,848 | 9,996,398 |
| Intangible assets | 1,843,984 | 1,024 | 6,147 | 7,171 | 16,391 | 30,733 | 30,733 | 92,199 | 92,199 | 92,199 | 368,797 | 368,797 | 737,594 | |
| Deferred tax assets | 4,646,002 | • | | 1 | • | • | • | • | 580,750 | 580,750 | 1,161,500 | 1,161,501 | 1,161,501 | • |
| Other assets | 85,378,800 | 277,139 | 2,306,303 | 2,105,615 | 6,358,060 | 10,891,171 | 7,582,453 | 19,610,361 | 17,752,123 | 17,802,424 | 64,942 | 64,942 | 563,267 | _ |
| | 2,577,397,511 | 421,025,803 | 12,160,884 | 19,442,227 | 38,891,476 | 101,414,259 | 48,860,140 | 190,765,609 | 48,272,860 | 33,981,702 | 85,064,912 | 317,171,230 | 985,940,265 | 274,406,144 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bills payable | 40,175,122 | 13,257,790 | 8,972,444 | 8,972,444 | 8,972,444 | | | | | | • | | ٠ | ' |
| Due to financial institutions | 573,326,439 | 2,298,935 | 105,138,698 | 23,793,134 | 145,354,564 | 120,221,095 | 84,078,910 | 23,513,500 | 26,312 | 19,735 | 518,145 | 1,930,569 | 9,057,809 | 57,375,033 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 1,658,490,118 | 1,460,253,236 | 8,936,398 | 9,236,718 | 18,123,288 | 18,687,094 | 11,075,804 | 22,113,911 | 17,034,887 | 20,089,632 | 36,187,302 | 6,392,202 | 15,959,780 | 14,399,866 |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk | 20,990,000 | _ | • | 1 | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | 20,990,000 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | , | ' | , | 1 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ' |
| Other liabilities | 169,095,139 | 416,931 | 3,172,103 | 3,083,369 | 8,379,443 | 62,207,493 | 13,357,315 | 22,425,414 | 22,699,152 | 2,569,673 | 5,067,092 | 5,447,003 | 9,275,417 | 10,994,734 |
| | 2,462,076,818 | 1,476,226,892 | 126,219,643 | 45,085,665 | 180,829,739 | 201,115,682 | 108,512,029 | 68,052,825 | 39,760,351 | 22,679,040 | 41,772,539 | 13,769,774 | 34,293,006 | 103,759,633 |
| Net assets | 115,320,693 | (1,055,201,089) | (114,058,759) | (25,643,438) | (141,938,263) | (99,701,423) | (59,651,889) | 122,712,784 | 8,512,509 | 11,302,662 | 43,292,373 | 303,401,456 | 951,647,259 | 170,646,511 |
| Share capital | 17,896,243 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves | 28,187,821 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deficit on revaluation of assets | (663,671) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unappropriated profit | 69,900,300 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 115,320,693 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | | | | 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Total | Upto 1 Day | Over 1 to 7 Days | Over 7 to 14 Days | Over 14 days to 1 Month | Over 1 to 2 Months | Over 2 to 3 Months | Over 3 to 6 Months | Over 6 to 9 Months | Over 6 to 9 Over 9 months Months to 1 Year | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 to 3 years | Over 3 to 5 years | Over 5 years |
| | | | | | | | Bupees | Rupees in '000 | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 170,500,698 | 170,500,698 | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balances with other banks | 16,420,036 | 16.420.036 | • | • | • | • | • | • | ' | • | • | ' | | |
| Due from financial institutions | 238,401,637 | - | 9,136,188 | 2,075,902 | 10,646,257 | 7,433,912 | 17,024,580 | 113,251,970 | 43,868,529 | • | • | • | 34,964,299 | • |
| Investments | 620,132,043 | 732,568 | 1,732,906 | 2,046,724 | 4,621,084 | 42,933,604 | 146,905 | 1,504,998 | 366,607 | 2,013,046 | 29,400,035 | 5,997,866 | 402,324,802 | 126,310,898 |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 758,086,120 | 222,414,768 | 5,656,941 | 5,563,877 | 26,406,246 | 68,076,001 | 28,083,086 | 106,257,573 | 11,059,239 | 10,946,216 | 37,499,645 | 56,775,730 | 80,633,851 | 98,712,947 |
| Fixed assets | 33,957,947 | 32,762 | 196,570 | 229,331 | 524,186 | 1,328,842 | 838,525 | 2,932,714 | 3,850,315 | 1,979,854 | 6,313,992 | 5,894,054 | 1,945,624 | 7,891,178 |
| Intangible assets | 1,495,810 | 831 | 4,986 | 5,816 | 13,296 | 24,930 | 24,930 | 74,791 | 74,791 | 74,791 | 299,162 | 299,162 | 598,324 | • |
| Deferred tax assets | 175,555 | 488 | 2,926 | 3,414 | 7,802 | 14,629 | 14,629 | 43,889 | 87,778 | | • | , | | • |
| Other assets | 63,801,554 | 2,019,083 | 1,637,791 | 1,699,188 | 4,757,563 | 7,468,312 | 5,478,049 | 13,768,725 | 13,451,644 | 12,949,677 | 542,421 | 9,700 | 19,401 | • |
| | 1,902,971,400 | 412,121,234 | 18,368,308 | 11,624,252 | 46,976,434 | 127,280,230 | 51,610,704 | 237,834,660 | 72,758,903 | 27,963,584 | 74,055,255 | 68,976,512 | 520,486,301 | 232,915,023 |
| i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bills payable | 36.141,378 | 11,926,655 | 8.070.370 | 8.070.370 | 8.073.983 | , | | | | , | , | | ٠ | |
| Due to financial institutions | 220,414,234 | 397,683 | 118,164,846 | 690,226 | 2,301,698 | 24,271,935 | 6,995,702 | 20,301,496 | 25,387 | 2,209,866 | 111,303 | 1,062,131 | 4,261,659 | 39,620,302 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 1,455,886,468 | 1,209,179,399 | 15,515,306 | 13,316,714 | 33,137,209 | 21,177,259 | 9,079,052 | 21,999,364 | 27,942,075 | 27,289,340 | 38,868,341 | 6,998,947 | 17,840,254 | 13,543,208 |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk | 20,990,000 | • | • | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | 20,990,000 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | • | • | | 1 | | 1 | | | • | 1 | | | | |
| Other liabilities | 82,981,545 | 288,430 | 2,269,956 | 2,436,382 | 6,443,515 | 10,621,946 | 8,621,633 | 23, 195, 302 | 10,167,730 | 9,664,976 | 4,902,615 | 4,369,060 | - 50 | |
| | 1,816,413,625 | 791,797,152,1 | 144,020,478 | 24,513,692 | 49, 956,405 | 96,071,740 | 24,696,387 | 65,496,162 | 38,135,192 | 39,164,182 | 43,882,259 | 12,430,138 | 52,101,22 | 74,153,510 |
| Net assets | 86,557,775 | (809,670,933) | (125,652,170) | (12,889,440) | (2,979,971) | 71,209,090 | 26,914,317 | 172,338,498 | 34,623,711 | (11,200,598) | 30,172,996 | 56,546,374 | 498,384,388 | 158,761,513 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| O | 000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Share capital Reserves | 16,269,312 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Surplus on revaluation of assets | 4,063,610 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unappropriated profit | 42,831,655 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 86,557,775 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Current and Savings deposits have been classified under maturity upto one day as these do not have any contractual maturity.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

47.3.2 Maturities of assets and liabilities based on expected maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

| | | | | | 20 | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| | | | Over 1 | Over 3 | Over 6 | Over 1 | Over 2 | Over 3 | Over 5 | |
| | Total | Upto 1 Month | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | Months to 1 Year | to 2 Years | to 3 Years | to 5 | to 10 Years | Above 1 Years |
| | | WOTH | WOITHS | WOTUS | | sin '000 —— | Teals | Years | Teals | Teals |
| Accede | | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets | 447.740.400 | 447.740.400 | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 117,743,106 | 117,743,106 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Balances with other banks | 13,676,159 | 13,676,159 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Due from financial institutions | 34,964,299 | - | - | - | - | - | 34,964,299 | · | - | ' |
| Investments | 1,283,210,287 | 9,801,129 | 10,222,498 | 23,988,325 | 1,073,095 | 4,298,970 | 218,887,230 | 891,620,782 | 123,318,258 | |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 995,508,354 | 109,889,188 | 170,557,449 | 191,790,440 | 166,278,495 | 73,911,982 | 57,797,039 | 84,192,273 | 116,506,442 | 24,585,0 |
| Operating fixed assets | 40,426,520 | 1,049,317 | 2,384,231 | 3,119,196 | 6,181,135 | 5,258,721 | 4,772,674 | 7,664,848 | 2,395,829 | 7,600,5 |
| Intangible assets | 1,843,984 | 30,733 | 61,466 | 92,199 | 184,398 | 368,797 | 368,797 | 737,594 | - | |
| Deferred tax assets | 4,646,002 | - | - | - | 1,161,500 | 1,161,500 | 1,161,501 | 1,161,501 | - | |
| Other assets | 85,378,800 | 11,047,116 | 18,473,625 | 19,610,361 | 35,554,547 | 64,942 | 64,942 | 563,267 | - | |
| | 2,577,397,511 | 263,236,748 | 201,699,269 | 238,600,521 | 210,433,170 | 85,064,912 | 318,016,482 | 985,940,265 | 242,220,529 | 32,185,6 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bills payable | 40,175,122 | 40,175,122 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Due to financial institutions | 573,326,439 | 276,585,332 | 204,300,004 | 23,513,500 | 46,047 | 518,145 | 1,930,569 | 9,057,809 | 56,549,574 | 825,4 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 1,658,490,118 | 126,858,570 | 102,452,709 | 89,729,270 | 132,747,075 | 171,418,019 | 110,158,381 | 180,509,205 | 316,778,745 | 427,838,14 |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk | 20,990,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13,990,000 | 7,000,00 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ | | |
| Other liabilities | 169,095,139 | 16,569,847 | 78,772,948 | 27,581,854 | 15,386,244 | 5,067,092 | 5,447,003 | 9,275,417 | 10,994,734 | |
| | 2,462,076,818 | 460,188,871 | 385,525,661 | 140,824,624 | 148,179,366 | 177,003,256 | 117,535,953 | 198,842,431 | 398,313,053 | 435,663,60 |
| Net assets | 115,320,693 | (196,952,123) | (183,826,392) | 97,775,897 | 62,253,804 | (91,938,344) | 200,480,529 | 787,097,834 | (156,092,524) | (403,477,9) |
| | 17,896,243 | (***,****) | (:==;===;===) | ,, | ,, | (=:,===,=::) | | , , | (,,, | (100), |
| Share capital | | | | | | | | | | |
| Share capital | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves | 28,187,821 | | | | | | | | | |
| · | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 | | Over 1 | Over 3 | 20 Over 6 | 121 Over 1 | Over 2 | Over 3 | Over 5 | |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 | Upto 1 | Over 1 to 3 | Over 3 to 6 | | | Over 2 to 3 | Over 3 to 5 | Over 5 to 10 | Above |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 | Upto 1 Month | | | Over 6 | Over 1 | | | | Above Years |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 | | to 3 | to 6 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year | Over 1 to 2 | to 3 | to 5 | to 10 | |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 | | to 3 | to 6 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year | Over 1 to 2 Years | to 3 | to 5 | to 10 | |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 | | to 3 | to 6 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year | Over 1 to 2 Years | to 3 | to 5 | to 10 | |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees | Over 1 to 2 Years | to 3 | to 5 Years | to 10 | |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees | Over 1 to 2 Years | to 3 Years | to 5 Years | to 10 Years | Years |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years | to 5 Years | to 10 Years | Years 3,672,2: |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 982,849 | to 3 Months - 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 | to 6 Months - 113,251,970 1,504,998 148,651,817 2,932,714 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupee: 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years | to 5 Years - 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2: 14,657,0: |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Intangible assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 | to 3 Months | to 6 Months - 113,251,970 1,504,998 148,651,817 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer - 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 ————————————————————————————————— | to 3 Years 5,997,866 56,775,730 5,894,054 299,162 | to 5 Years - 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2: 14,657,0: |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Inlangible assets Deferred tax assets Deferred tax assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,636 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 | 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 982,849 24,930 | to 3 Months - 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 49,860 | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupee: 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years 5,997,866 56,775,730 5,894,054 299,162 43,889 | to 5 Years | to 10 Years | 3,672,2 14,657,0 |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Issert financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Other assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 982,849 | to 3 Months - 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 | to 6 Months - 113,251,970 1,504,998 148,651,817 2,932,714 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer - 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 ————————————————————————————————— | to 3 Years 5,997,866 56,775,730 5,894,054 299,162 | to 5 Years - 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2 14,657,0 6,380,6 |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Intangible assets Other assets Other assets Liabilities | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 63,801,554 1,902,971,400 | 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 982,849 24,930 10,113,624 315,455,700 | to 3 Months 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 49,860 12,946,361 | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupee: 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years | to 5 Years 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 43,888 19,400 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2 14,657,0 6,380,6 |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Untangible assets Untangible assets Uther assets Uther assets Utabilities Bills payable | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 53,801,554 1,902,971,400 | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,349 982,849 24,930 10,113,624 315,455,700 | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years 5,997,866 56,775,730 5,894,054 299,162 43,889 9,700 69,020,401 | 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2 14,657,0 6,380,6 |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,697 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 63,801,554 1,902,971,400 | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 982,849 24,930 - 10,113,624 315,455,700 | to 3 Months - 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 49,860 - 12,946,361 224,465,547 | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer - 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 ————————————————————————————————— | to 3 Years 5,997,866 56,775,730 5,894,054 299,162 43,889 9,700 69,020,401 | to 5 Years - 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years 122,638,679 84,055,913 1,510,526 208,205,118 | 3,672,2:14,657,0:6,380,6:24,709,9 |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Interpretate axsets Operating fixed assets Unablible as | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 53,801,554 1,902,971,400 | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,349 982,849 24,930 10,113,624 315,455,700 | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years 5,997,866 56,775,730 5,894,054 299,162 43,889 9,700 69,020,401 | 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2:14,657,0:6,380,6:24,709,9: |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Deferred tax liabilities | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 175,555 63,801,554 1,902,971,400 | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 982,849 24,930 -10,113,624 315,455,700 36,141,378 121,554,453 141,392,780 - | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer - 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 - 2,235,253 139,105,982 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 ————————————————————————————————— | to 3 Years 5,997,866 56,775,730 5,894,054 299,162 43,889 9,700 69,020,401 - 1,062,131 98,016,627 | to 5 Years - 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2 14,657,0 6,380,6 24,709,9 |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Interpretate axsets Operating fixed assets Unablible as | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 63,801,554 1,902,971,400 | 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 982,849 24,930 - 10,113,624 315,455,700 36,141,378 121,554,453 141,392,780 - 11,438,283 | to 3 Months 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 49,660 - 12,946,361 224,465,547 | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupee: 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years | to 5 Years 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years 122,638,679 84,055,913 1,510,526 - - 208,205,118 39,620,302 308,209,213 13,990,000 | 3,672,2 14,657,0 6,380,6 24,709,9 274,180,2 7,000,0 |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Deferred tax assets Dither assets Dither assets Dither assets Diber asset | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 175,555 63,801,554 1,902,971,400 | Month 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,934 982,849 24,930 -10,113,624 315,455,700 36,141,378 121,554,453 141,392,780 - | to 3 Months | to 6 Months | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer - 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 - 2,235,253 139,105,982 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 ————————————————————————————————— | to 3 Years 5,997,866 56,775,730 5,894,054 299,162 43,889 9,700 69,020,401 - 1,062,131 98,016,627 | to 5 Years - 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2 14,657,0 6,380,6 24,709,9 274,180,2 7,000,0 |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Other liabilities Net assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 63,801,554 1,902,971,400 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,886,488 20,990,000 82,981,545 1,816,413,625 86,557,775 | 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,394 982,849 24,930 10,113,624 315,455,700 36,141,378 121,554,453 141,392,780 111,438,283 310,526,894 | to 3 Months 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 49,860 12,946,361 224,465,547 31,267,637 94,015,603 - 19,243,579 144,526,819 | to 6 Months 113,251,970 1,504,998 148,651,817 2,932,714 74,791 13,768,727 280,185,017 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 2,235,253 139,105,982 - 19,832,706 161,173,941 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years | to 5 Years 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years | Above Years 3,672,22 14,657,00 6,380,68 24,709,98 274,180,22 7,000,00 281,180,22 (256,470,38 |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Intangible assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Net assets Net assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 63,801,554 1,902,971,400 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,886,488 20,990,000 -82,981,545 1,816,413,625 86,557,775 | 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,394 982,849 24,930 10,113,624 315,455,700 36,141,378 121,554,453 141,392,780 111,438,283 310,526,894 | to 3 Months 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 49,860 12,946,361 224,465,547 31,267,637 94,015,603 - 19,243,579 144,526,819 | to 6 Months 113,251,970 1,504,998 148,651,817 2,932,714 74,791 13,768,727 280,185,017 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 2,235,253 139,105,982 - 19,832,706 161,173,941 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years | to 5 Years 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2 14,657,0 6,380,6 24,709,9 274,180,2 7,000,0 |
| Reserves Deficit on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Operating fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Other liabilities Net assets | 28,187,821 (663,671) 69,900,300 115,320,693 Total 170,500,698 16,420,036 238,401,637 620,132,043 758,086,120 33,957,947 1,495,810 175,555 63,801,554 1,902,971,400 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,886,488 20,990,000 82,981,545 1,816,413,625 86,557,775 | 170,500,698 16,420,036 21,858,347 9,133,282 86,421,394 982,849 24,930 10,113,624 315,455,700 36,141,378 121,554,453 141,392,780 111,438,283 310,526,894 | to 3 Months 24,458,492 43,080,508 141,762,960 2,167,366 49,860 12,946,361 224,465,547 31,267,637 94,015,603 - 19,243,579 144,526,819 | to 6 Months 113,251,970 1,504,998 148,651,817 2,932,714 74,791 13,768,727 280,185,017 | Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupeer 43,868,529 2,379,653 107,627,237 5,830,169 149,581 43,889 26,401,321 186,300,379 2,235,253 139,105,982 - 19,832,706 161,173,941 | Over 1 to 2 Years s in '000 | to 3 Years | to 5 Years 34,964,299 402,324,802 80,633,851 1,945,624 598,324 43,888 19,400 520,530,188 | to 10 Years | 3,672,2 14,657,0 6,380,6 24,709,9 274,180,2 7,000,0 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Regarding behaviour of non-maturity deposits (non-contractual deposits), the Bank has carried out a behavioural study using the Value at Risk (VaR) methodology based on 5 years data. On the basis of its findings, 27.20% of current accounts and 16.20% of saving accounts are bucketed into 'Upto 1-Year maturity' whereas, 72.80% of current accounts and 83.80% of savings accounts are bucketed into maturities of above 1-Year.

47.4

The Bank uses Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) for assessing the capital charge for operational risk. Under BIA the capital charge is calculated by multiplying average positive annual gross income of the Bank over past three years with 15% as per guidelines issued by SBP under Basel II.

To reduce losses arising from operational risk, the Bank has strengthened its risk management framework by developing policies, strategies, guidelines and manuals. It also includes set up of functions like operational risk management, prevention of fraud and forgery and information security function, defining responsibilities of individuals, implementing four eye principle, enhancing security measures, improving efficiency and effectiveness of operations, outsourcing and improving quality of human resources through trainings and development.

PROFIT / (LOSS) DISTRIBUTION TO DEPOSITORS' POOLS AND SPECIFIC POOLS 48

The Bank managed following general and specific pools during the year:

| | | | 2022 | | | | |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| General Remunerative (Savings and Fixed) Depositors' Pools | Profit Rate and weightage announcement period | Profit rate return earned - Average | Profit Sharing Ratio of Mudarib | Mudarib Fee based on profit sharing ratio | Profit rate return distributed to remunerative deposits (Savings and Fixed) - Average | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Amount of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerative deposits |
| | | | | Rupees in '00 | 0 | | Rupees in '000 |
| PKR Pool USD Pool GBP Pool EUR Pool | Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly | 11.03% 3.78% 2.90% 1.77% | 50% 75% 90% 90% | 43,715,542 1,750,106 89,665 26,538 | 6.57% 0.95% 0.26% 0.16% | 18% - - - | 7,846,233 - - - |

| | | | 2021 | | | | |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| General Remunerative (Savings and Fixed) Depositors' Pools | Profit Rate and weightage announcement period | Profit rate return earned - Average | Profit Sharing Ratio of Mudarib | Mudarib Fee based on profit sharing ratio | Profit rate return distributed to remunerative deposits (Savings and Fixed) - Average | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Amount of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerative deposits |
| | | | | Rupees in '00 | 0 | | Rupees in '000 |
| PKR Pool | Monthly | 7.80% | 50% | 27,182,756 | 3.98% | 2% | 564,181 |
| USD Pool | Monthly | 1.45% | 75% | 520,362 | 0.36% | - | - |
| GBP Pool | Monthly | 0.88% | 90% | 24,673 | 0.09% | - | - |
| EUR Pool | Monthly | 0.54% | 90% | 6,448 | 0.05% | - | - |

| | | | 2022 | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Specific Pools | Profit rate and weightage announcement period | Profit rate return earned | Profit sharing ratio | Investment ratio | Profit rate return distributed | Percentage of Mudarib share transferred through Hiba | Amount of Mudarib share transferred through Hiba to remunerative deposits |
| Islamic Export Refinance (IERS) Musharaka Pool | Monthly | 9.18% | _* | _* | 3.63% | N/A | N/A |
| Inter Bank Musharaka / Mudaraba borrowing Pool | As required | 16.80% - 7.32% | _* | _* | 16.75% - 9.50% | N/A | N/A |
| Special Sharikah Certificate Musharaka / Mudaraba borrowing Pool | As required | 19.00% - 7.32% | _* | _* | 16.77% - 2.87% | N/A | N/A |

^{*} The profit sharing ratio and the investment ratio varies on case to case basis.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | 2021 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Specific Pools | Profit Rate and weightage announcement period | Profit rate return earned | Profit Sharing Ratio | Investment ratio | Profit rate return distributed | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Amount of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerative deposits | | | |
| Islamic Export Refinance (IERS) Musharaka Pool | Monthly | 6.11% | _* | _* | 2.03% | N/A | N/A | | | |
| Inter Bank Musharaka / Mudaraba borrowing Pool | As required | 11.46% - 5.95% | _* | _* | 4.00% - 10.80% | N/A | N/A | | | |
| Special Sharikah Certificate Musharaka /Mudaraba borrowing Pool | As required | 12.04% - 5.95% | _* | _* | 9.20% - 2.75% | N/A | N/A | | | |

^{*} The profit sharing ratio and the investment ratio varies on case to case basis.

48.2 Following weightages have been assigned to different major products under the General pools during the year:

| | | Percentage to Total Mudaraba based Deposits | | Minimum Weightage | Maximum Weightage | Minimum Weightage | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 | 2021 | |
| PKR Pool | | | | | | | |
| Saving Accounts | 28.65% | 27.25% | 0.40 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 0.32 | |
| Meezan Bachat Account | 17.29% | 18.04% | 0.41 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.32 | |
| Karobari Munafa Account | 10.71% | 8.36% | 0.57 | 0.36 | 0.60 | 0.32 | |
| Certificate of Islamic Investment | 10.96% | 13.31% | 0.66 | 0.34 | 0.80 | 0.47 | |
| Meezan Aamdan Certificate | 4.45% | 5.30% | 0.80 | 0.57 | 0.92 | 0.65 | |
| USD Pool | | | | | | | |
| Saving Accounts | 4.23% | 4.00% | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.45 | |
| Certificate of Islamic Investment | 1.76% | 1.75% | 1.35 | 0.77 | 1.35 | 0.77 | |
| GBP Pool | | | | | | | |
| Saving Accounts | 0.37% | 0.38% | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.27 | |
| EUR Pool | | | | | | | |
| Saving Accounts | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.27 | |

48.3 Allocation of Income and Expenses to Depositors' Pools

Following are material items of revenues, expenses, gains and losses

2022 2021 Rupees in '000

Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and related assets, investments and placements Other Income (including other charges and interpool income) Directly related costs attributable to pool

| 158,778,116 | 102,815,084 |
|-------------|-------------|
| 5,973,096 | 4,330,174 |
| (2,197,829) | (1,794,432) |

49 **GENERAL**

Comparative information has been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these unconsolidated financial statements, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison and better presentation.

50 NON-ADJUSTING EVENT

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on February 16, 2023 has announced final cash dividend of Rs 3.00 per share (30%). The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for in the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2023.

51 DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on February 16, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

Syed Imran Ali Shah

STATEMENT SHOWING WRITTEN-OFF FINANCING OR ANY OTHER FINANCIAL RELIEF OF RUPEES 500,000 OR ABOVE (ANNEXURE I)

During the year ended December 31, 2022

Rupees in '000

Statement showing written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above provided during the year ended December 31, 2022 as referred in note 11.13 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

| S. | Name and | Name of individuals | Father's / | Outstanding liabilities as at January 1, 2022 | | | | Principal | Profit | Other | Total |
|-----|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---|--------|--------|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| No. | address of the borrower | / directors (with CNIC / Passport No) | Husband's Name | Principal | Profit | Others | Total (5+6+7) | written-off | written-off | Financial relief provided | (9+10+11) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

| 1 | Millennium Industries | Kalash Lohana 41207-9936424-7 | Nuko Mal | 454,961 | 93,202 | - | 548,163 | 79,618 | 126,938 | - | 206,556 |
|---|---|---|-------------------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|--------|---------|-------|---------|
| | Main National Highway, Hyderabad | Vinesh Kumar Lohana 41303-4170015-9 | Nuko Mal | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Millennium Cotton Ginning And Oil Industries | Kalash Lohana 41207-9936424-7 | Nuko Mal | 29,935 | 26,670 | - | 56,605 | 5,278 | 21,487 | - | 26,765 |
| | Main National Highway, Hyderabad | Vinesh Kumar Lohana 41303-4170015-9 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Kevin Roy House # 448, Block-B, Phase 12, Sector-EME, Defence Housing Authority, Lahore | 90406-0152911-1 | Kenneth Manmouan Roy | 28,403 | 3,409 | 972 | 32,784 | - | 6,204 | 972 | 7,176 |
| 4 | Shoaib Maqsood House # 543, Block-D, Phase-6, Defence Housing Authority, Lahore | 35202-3905341-3 | Sheikh Maqsood Ahmad | 23,191 | 4,371 | 696 | 28,258 | - | 5,069 | 696 | 5,765 |
| 5 | Muhammad Riaz House # 22, Street # 1, Mahmoodabad, Faisalabad | 33100-3959669-1 | Muhammad Ismail | 2,918 | 5,136 | 208 | 8,262 | - | 3,561 | 208 | 3,769 |
| 6 | Kashif Mehmood House # 407, Khewat # 965, khatooni # 1244, Khasra # 7995/927, Hadbast Mouza Rakh Khamba, Airline Housing Society, Tehsil Raiwind, District Lahore | 35202-2713326-7 | Khalid Mahmood | 18,837 | 3,812 | 565 | 23,214 | ٠ | 2,854 | 565 | 3,419 |
| 7 | Farhan Ahmad House # P-100, Canal Road, Saeed Colony # 1, Faisalabad | 33100-4860917-9 | Basharat Ahmad | 1,942 | 411 | - | 2,353 | - | 2,056 | 475 | 2,531 |
| 8 | Irfan Ali Apartment # 304, Tayyaba Homes, Plot # 125/1, Kharaget Road, Jamshed Quarters, Karachi, | 42201-0383289-1 | Ejaz Ali | 7,663 | 2,343 | - | 10,006 | - | 2,343 | - | 2,343 |
| 9 | Nayyar Ghias Khokhar Plot No 27, Block A-4, Phase I, Punjab Government Employees Co-Operative Housing Society, Lahore | 35200-6618149-1 | Khair Ud Din Khokhar | 5,200 | 1,914 | 156 | 7,270 | - | 964 | 156 | 1,120 |
| | ' | | | 573,050 | 141,268 | 2,597 | 716,915 | 84,896 | 171,476 | 3,072 | 259,444 |







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Meezan Bank Limited

Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Meezan Bank Limited (the Bank) and its subsidiary, Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the Key Audit Matter:

| S.No. | Key Audit Matter | How the matter was addressed in our audit |
|-------|---|---|
| 1 | Provision against Islamic financing and related assets (Refer notes 6.3.2 and 11.12 to the consolidated financial statements) | |
| | The Group makes provision against Islamic financing and related assets on a time-based criteria that involves ensuring that all non-performing Islamic financing and related assets are classified in accordance with the ageing criteria specified in the Prudential Regulations (PRs) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). | |





| S.No. | Key Audit Matter | How the matter was addressed in our audit |
|-------|--|--|
| | In addition to the above time-based criteria, the PRs require a subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of borrowers to determine the classification of Islamic financing and related assets. The PRs also require the creation of general provision for certain categories of Islamic financing and related assets. The Group has recognised a net provision against Islamic financing and related assets amounting to Rs. 3,249.734 million in the consolidated profit and loss account in the current year. As at December 31, 2022, the Group holds a provision of Rs 22,593.403 million against Islamic financing and related assets. The determination of provision against Islamic financing and related assets based on the above criteria remains a significant area of judgement and estimation. Because of the significance of the impact of these judgements / estimations and the materiality of Islamic financing and related assets relative to the overall consolidated financial statements of the Group, we considered the area of provision against Islamic financing and related assets as a key audit matter. | Controls over correct classification of non-performing Islamic financing and related assets on time-based criteria; controls over monitoring of Islamic financing and related assets with higher risk of default and correct classification of non-performing Islamic financing and related assets on subjective criteria; controls over accurate computation and recording or provisions; and controls over the governance and approval process related to provisions, including continuous reassessment by the management. We selected a sample of Islamic financing accounts and performed the following substantive procedures: checked repayments of Islamic financing / profit instalments, tested classification of non-performing Islamic financing and related assets based on the number of days overdue; and evaluated the management's assessment for classification of a customer's financing facilities as performing or non-performing based on review or repayment pattern, inspection of credit documentation and thorough discussions with the management. We checked the accuracy of specific provision made against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets and of general provision by recomputing the amount of provision as per the requirements of PRs. |

Information Other than the Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, the requirements of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.







In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.







We also provide to the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021 were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants who had expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements vide their report dated February 28, 2022.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Shahbaz Akbar.

Allergusontes

A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants Karachi

Dated: February 28, 2023

UDIN: AR202210068H4ZTiKclO

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| ASSETS | Rupees in '000 | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 7 | 117,743,672 | 170,501,306 | |
| Balances with other banks | 8 | 13,710,753 | 16,465,169 | |
| Due from financial institutions | 9 | 34,964,299 | 238,401,637 | |
| Investments | 10 | 1,287,316,423 | 624,332,881 | |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 11 | 995,508,354 | 758,086,120 | |
| Fixed assets | 12 | 40,624,658 | 34,185,975 | |
| Intangible assets | 13 | 1,873,518 | 1,505,581 | |
| Deferred tax assets | 14 | 4,439,835 | - | |
| Other assets | 15 | 85,719,066 | 64,180,378 | |
| | | 2,581,900,578 | 1,907,659,047 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Bills payable | 16 | 40,175,122 | 36,141,378 | |
| Due to financial institutions | 17 | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 | |
| Deposits and other accounts | 18 | 1,658,469,588 | 1,455,871,080 | |
| Sub-ordinated sukuk | 19 | 20,990,000 | 20,990,000 | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 14 | - | 72,189 | |
| Other liabilities | 20 | 169,804,739 | 83,728,554 | |
| | | 2,462,765,888 | 1,817,217,435 | |
| NET ASSETS | | 119,134,690 | 90,441,612 | |
| REPRESENTED BY | | | | |
| Share capital | 21 | 17,896,243 | 16,269,312 | |
| Reserves | 22 | 28,212,137 | 23,417,514 | |
| (Deficit) / surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax | 23 | (663,671) | 4,063,610 | |
| Unappropriated profit | | 72,485,599 | 45,494,657 | |
| Total equity attributable to the equity holders of the Bank | | 117,930,308 | 89,245,093 | |
| Non-controlling interest | 24 | 1,204,382 | 1,196,519 | |
| | | 119,134,690 | 90,441,612 | |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS | 25 | | | |

The annexed notes 1 to 52 and Annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------|-------------|-----------------|
| | | Rupees | in '000 |
| Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and related | | | |
| assets, investments and placements | 26 | 232,245,452 | 110,077,456 |
| Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed | 27 | 110,426,062 | 41,171,867 |
| Net profit / return | | 121,819,390 | 68,905,589 |
| OTHER INCOME | | | |
| Fee and commission income | 28 | 14,729,321 | 10,861,439 |
| Dividend income | | 629,478 | 542,467 |
| Foreign exchange income | | 3,617,274 | 3,158,131 |
| (Loss) / gain on securities | 29 | (100,184) | 536,390 |
| Other income | 30 | 1,238,374 | 843,518 |
| Total other income | | 20,114,263 | 15,941,945 |
| Total income | | 141,933,653 | 84,847,534 |
| OTHER EXPENSES | | | |
| Operating expenses | 31 | 46,841,953 | 34,939,071 |
| Workers Welfare Fund | 20.8 | 1,927,520 | 962,709 |
| Other charges | 32 | 95,150 | 28,172 |
| Total other expenses | | 48,864,623 | 35,929,952 |
| | | 93,069,030 | 48,917,582 |
| Share of (loss) / profit of associates | 10.7 | (87,366) | 52,006 |
| Profit before provisions | | 92,981,664 | 48,969,588 |
| Provisions and write offs - net | 33 | 4,176,661 | 992,830 |
| Extra ordinary / unusual items | | - | |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | | 88,805,003 | 47,976,758 |
| Taxation | 34 | 43,663,751 | 19,469,170 |
| PROFIT AFTER TAXATION | | 45,141,252 | 28,507,588 |
| Attributable to: | | | |
| Equity holders of the Bank | | 44,936,695 | 28,227,560 |
| Non-controlling interest | 24 | 204,557 | 280,028 |
| G | | 45,141,252 | 28,507,588 |
| | | Rupe | ees Restated |
| Basic earnings per share | 35 | 25.11 | 15.77 |
| | | | |
| Diluted earnings per share | 35 | 25.10 | 15.77 |

The annexed notes 1 to 52 and Annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | Rup | ees in '000 |
| Profit after taxation for the year | | 45,141,252 | 28,507,588 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods: | | | |
| Movement in deficit on revaluation of investments - net of tax | 23 | (4,706,426) | (1,502,274) |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods: | | | |
| Remeasurement loss on defined benefit obligations - net of tax | | (108,537) | (67,849) |
| Movement in (deficit) / surplus on revaluation of non - banking assets net of tax | 23 | (20,768) | 3,685 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | 40,305,521 | 26,941,150 |
| Attributable to: | | | |
| Shareholders of the Holding Company Non-controlling interest | 24 | 40,105,158 200,363 | 26,659,143 282,007 |
| Non-Controlling interest | 24 | 40,305,521 | 26,941,150 |

The annexed notes 1 to 52 and Annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| Share Share Statutory Non- Employee General Investments Non-banking Unappropriated Sub- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| capital premium reserve" Distributable share option reserve Assets profit Capital Reserve compensation - Gain on reserve Bargain Purchase | otal Non- controlling Interest | Total |
| | | |
| Balance as at January 1, 2021 14,147,228 2,406,571 14,833,341 3,117,547 - 91,082 5,542,351 19,941 31,808,445 71,966,506 | 1,264,512 | 73,231,018 |
| Profit after taxation for the year | 280,028 1,979 | 28,507,588 (1,566,438) |
| | 282,007 | 26,941,150 |
| Recognition of share based compensation (Note 40) 133,457 133,457 | - | 133,457 |
| Other appropriations Transfer to statutory reserve* 2.835.516 (2.895.516) - | | - |
| Transactions with owners recognised directly in equity Issue of borrus shares @ 15% 2,122,084 (2,122,084) - | | - |
| Final cash dividend for the year 2020 @ Rs 2 per share | : : : | (2,829,446) (2,122,085) (2,122,085) (2,440,397) (9,514,013) |
| Dividend payout by Subsidiary | (350,000) | (350,000) |
| Balance as at December 31, 2021 16,269,312 2,406,571 17,668,857 3,117,547 133,457 91,082 4,040,077 23,533 45,494,657 89,245,093 | 1,196,519 | 90,441,612 |
| Profit after taxation for the year 44,936,695 44,936,695 | 204,557 | 45,141,252 |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year - net of tax (4,706,426) (20,768) (104,343) (4,831,537 | (4,194) | (4,835,731) |
| (4,706,426) (20,768) 44,832,352 40,105,158 | 200,363 | 40,305,521 |
| Transfer from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of Non-banking assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax (87) 87 | | |
| Recognition of share based compensation (Note 40) 293,962 293,962 | | 293,962 |
| Other appropriations 4,500,661 - - - (4,500,661) - | - | - |
| Transactions with owners recognised directly in equity Issue of bonus shares @ 10% 1,626,931 (1,626,931) | - | - |
| Final cash dividend for the year 2021 @ Rs 1.5 per share | · . | (2,440,397) (2,847,130) (2,847,130) (3,579,248) |
| (11,713,905) (11,713,905) | • | (11,713,905) |
| Dividend payout by Subsidiary | (192,500) | (192,500) |
| | | |

^{*} This represents reserve created under section 21(i)(b) of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

The annexed notes 1 to 52 and Annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

Syed Imran Ali Shah

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Profit before taxation | | 88,805,003 | 47,976,758 |
| Less: Dividend income | | (629,478) | (542,467) |
| Share of (loss) / profit of associates | 10.7 | 87,366 | (52,006) |
| • • • • | | 88,262,891 | 47,382,285 |
| Adjustments: | 31 | 3,177,882 | 2,472,917 |
| Depreciation Amortisation | 31 | 469.666 | 368,642 |
| Non cash items related to right-of-use assets | 27 & 31 | 4.657.904 | 3,250,363 |
| Provisions and write offs - net | 33 | 4,176,661 | 992,830 |
| Charge for defined benefit plan | 31.1 | 629,796 | 482,378 |
| Share based compensation expense | 40 | 293,962 | 133,457 |
| Unrealised gain - held for trading | | (18) | |
| Gain on sale of operating fixed assets | 30 | (215,770) | (149,406) |
| | | 13,190,083 101,452,974 | 7,551,181 54,933,466 |
| (Increase) / decrease in operating assets | | 101,432,874 | J4,333,400 |
| Due from financial institutions | | 203,437,338 | 103,667,162 |
| Islamic financing and related assets | | (240,666,103) | (246,289,233) |
| Other assets | | (21,701,668) | (11,906,053) |
| | | (58,930,433) | (154,528,124) |
| Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities | | 4 000 744 | 0.047.070 |
| Bills payable | | 4,033,744 | 9,647,372 125,913,594 |
| Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts | | 352,912,205 202,598,508 | 201,458,838 |
| Other liabilities | | 75,747,451 | 13,150,430 |
| Other madmittee | | 635,291,908 | 350,170,234 |
| | | 677,814,449 | 250,575,576 |
| Contribution to defined benefit plan | 38.5 | (557,689) | (322,792) |
| Income tax paid | | (38,388,893) | (14,991,929) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | | 638,867,867 | 235,260,855 |
| CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Net investments in available for sale securities | | (531,153,574) | (121,925,177) |
| Net investments in held to maturity securities | | (141,110,504) | (66,346,047) |
| Net investments in held for trading securities | | (2,470) | |
| Net redemption in associates Dividends received | | 596,865 632,621 | 667,733 546,551 |
| Investments in operating fixed assets | | (10,999,090) | (6,219,443) |
| Investments in intangible assets | | (837,603) | (782,711) |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | | 375,048 | 253,700 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (682,498,707) | (193,805,394) |
| CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Payment of lease liability against right-of-use assets | | (3,780,665) | (3,335,554) |
| Issuance of sub-ordinated Sukuk - Tier II | | - | 9,990,000 |
| Redemption of sub-ordinated Sukuk - Tier II | | - | (7,000,000) |
| Dividend paid to equity shareholders of the Bank | | (7,908,045) | (9,515,742) |
| Dividend paid to non-controlling interest | | (192,500) | (350,000) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (11,881,210) | (10,211,296) |
| (Decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents | | (55,512,050) | 31,244,165 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 36 | 186,966,475 | 155,722,310 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 36 | 131,454,425 | 186,966,475 |
| | | | |

The annexed notes 1 to 52 and Annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddiqui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

For the year ended December 31, 2022

STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS 1

- The "Group" consists of: 1 1
 - Meezan Bank Limited Holding Company
 - (ii) Al Meezan Investment Management Limited Subsidiary Company

Holding Company - Meezan Bank Limited

Meezan Bank Limited (the Bank / Holding Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on January 27, 1997, as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 2017 (previously Companies Ordinance, 1984), and its shares are quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank was registered as an 'Investment Finance Company' on August 8, 1997, and carried on the business of investment banking as permitted under SRO 585(I)/87 dated July 13, 1987, in accordance and in conformity with the principles of Islamic Shariah. A 'Certificate of Commencement of Business' was issued to the Bank on September 29, 1997.

The Bank was granted a 'Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank' license on January 31, 2002 and formally commenced operations as a Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank with effect from March 20, 2002, on receiving notification in this regard from the State Bank of Pakistan (the SBP) under section 37 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. Currently, the Bank is engaged in corporate, commercial, consumer, investment and retail banking

The Bank was operating through nine hundred and sixty two branches as at December 31, 2022 (2021: nine hundred and two branches). Its registered office is at Meezan House, C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi,

Based on the financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2021, the VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the Bank's medium to long-term rating as 'AAA' and the short-term rating as "A1+".

1.1.2 Subsidiary Company - Al Meezan Investment Management Limited

Percentage of holding

| 2022 | 2021 |
|------|------|
| 65% | 65% |

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited - Subsidiary

Al Meezan Investment Management Limited (AMIML) ('the Subsidiary Company') is involved in asset management, investment advisory, portfolio management, equity research, underwriting and corporate finance.

The principal activities of the Subsidiary Company are floating and managing Collective Investment Schemes, Voluntary Pension Schemes and providing investment advisory services. The registered office of the Company is situated at Ground Floor, Block B, Finance and Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan. AMIML is a subsidiary of Meezan Bank Limited (Holding Company) which owns 65% share capital of AMIML.

The Subsidiary Company has been assigned an Asset Manager rating of 'AM1' by the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) dated June 23, 2022 (2022: 'AM1' dated June 23, 2021).

1.2 The Group's associates are as follows:

The Group considers the following open end funds managed by AMIML as its associates:

- Meezan Islamic Fund
- Meezan Balanced Fund
- Meezan Islamic Income Fund
- Al-Meezan Mutual Fund
- KSE Meezan Index Fund
- Meezan Sovereign Fund
- Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund
- Meezan Energy Fund
- Meezan Gold Fund
- Meezan Cash Fund
- Meezan Dedicated Equity Fund
- Meezan Strategic Allocation Fund
- Meezan Strategic Allocation Fund II
- Meezan Strategic Allocation Fund III
- Meezan Asset Allocation Fund
- Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds
- Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund
- Meezan Daily Income Fund
- Meezan Pakistan Exchange Traded Fund
- Meezan Paidar Munafa Plan II

For the year ended December 31, 2022

The country of establishment in respect of all of the above funds is Pakistan. Further, all the above funds are individual open-end schemes and have been established by execution of trust deeds between AMIML and the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND CONSOLIDATION

2.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the information available in the audited financial statements of the Meezan Bank Limited (Holding Company) for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the condensed interim financial statements of Al-Meezan Investment Management Limited (AMIML) (Subsidiary Company) for the six months period ended December 31, 2022 which have only been subjected to review but are not audited. AMIML prepares its annual financial statements up to June 30 each year. In preparing the consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended December 31, 2022 the results for the period from January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022 have been calculated from the audited financial statements of AMIML for the year ended June 30, 2022 after eliminating the results for the six months period ended December 31, 2021.

These consolidated financial statements comprise of the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The associates have been accounted for in these consolidated financial statements under the equity method of accounting. For applying equity method financial statements of respective funds for the half years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (unaudited but subject to a limited review by its statutory auditors) and audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 have been used.

2.2 Subsidiaries are those enterprises in which the Holding Company directly or indirectly exercises control over investee, and / or beneficially owns or holds more than 50 percent of the voting securities or otherwise, has power to elect and appoint more than 50 percent of its directors. The financial statements of the subsidiary are included in these consolidated financial statements from the date when the control commenced. The financial statements of AMIML have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis. The Group applies uniform accounting policies for similar transactions and events in similar circumstances except where specified otherwise.

Associates are entities over which the Group has a significant influence, but not control, over investee. The Group's share in an associate is the aggregate of the holding in that associate by the Holding Company and by the Subsidiary. Investments in associates are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost, thereafter for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of net assets of the associates. The consolidated profit and loss account reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) of associates is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. These consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of income and expenses of associates from the date that significant influence commences until the date that such influence ceases.

Non-controlling interest is that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of the subsidiary attributable to interests which are not owned by the Holding Company.

All material intra-group balances and transactions have been eliminated.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE 3

- 3.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:
 - International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Securities Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS, the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives, shall prevail.

The SBP vide its BPRD Circular No. 04 dated February 25, 2015 has clarified that the reporting requirements of IFAS-3, 3.2 'Profit and loss sharing on deposits' for Institutions offering Islamic Financial Services (IIFS) relating to annual, half yearly and quarterly financial statements would be notified by the SBP through issuance of specific instructions and uniform disclosure formats in consultation with IIFS. These reporting requirements have not been notified to date. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements under IFAS 3 have not been considered in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

- 3.3 The SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, 'Investment property' for Banking Companies through BSD Circular Letter No. 10 dated August 26, 2002 till further instructions. Further, the SECP has also deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7, 'Financial instruments: disclosures' through its S.R.O. 633(I)/2014 dated July 10, 2014. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.
- The SECP through S.R.O. 56(1)/2016 dated January 28, 2016, has directed that the requirements of IFRS 10, 3.4 'Consolidated financial statements' are not applicable in case of investments by companies in mutual funds established under Trust Deed structure. Accordingly, implications of IFRS 10 in respect of investment in mutual funds are not considered in these consolidated financial statements.
- 3.5 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year:
 - There are certain new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on January 1, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Group's operations and are therefore not detailed in these consolidated financial
- Standards, interpretations of and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet 3.6 effective:
 - 3.6.1 The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the accounting and reporting standards would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standards, amendments or

Effective date (annual periods Standard, Interpretations and Amendments beginning on or after)

| - IFRS 9 - 'Financial instruments' | January 1, 2023 |
|---|-----------------|
| - IAS 1 - 'Accounting policy disclosures' (amendments) | January 1, 2023 |
| - IAS 1 - Non current liabilities with covenants (amendments) | January 1, 2024 |
| - IFRS 16 - Sale and leaseback (amendments) | January 1, 2024 |
| - IAS 8 - 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' | |
| (amendments) | January 1, 2023 |
| - IAS 12 - 'Income taxes' (amendments) | January 1, 2023 |

The management is in the process of assessing the impact of these standards and amendments on the consolidated financial statements of the Group except IFRS 9 (Financial Instruments), the impact of which is as follows:

IFRS 9 - 'Financial Instruments'

As directed by the SBP via BPRD Circular no 3 of 2022, (IFRS) 9, 'Financial Instruments' is effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 for banks having asset base of more than Rs. 500 billion as at December 31, 2021. SBP via the same circular has finalized the instructions on (IFRS) 9 (Application Instructions) for ensuring smooth and consistent implementation of the standard in the banks.

During 2022, the management of the Holding Company has performed an impact assessment of (IFRS) 9 taking into account the SBP's (IFRS) 9 application instructions. The assessment is based on available information and may be subject to changes arising from further reasonable and supportable information being made available to the Holding Company at the time of finalizing the impact for initial application of (IFRS) 9. In addition, the Holding Company will implement changes in classification of certain financial instruments.

An overview of the (IFRS) 9 requirements that are expected to have significant impact are discussed below along with the additional requirements introduced by the SBP:

Classification and measurement

The classification and measurement of financial assets will base on the business model within which they are held and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets that do not meet the solely payments of principal and profit (SPPI) criteria are measured at FVTPL regardless of the business model in which they are held. The Group's business model in which they are held. The Group's business model in which financial assets are held will determine whether the financial assets are measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL').

The business model reflects how groups of financial assets are managed to achieve a particular business objective. Financial assets can only be held at amortised cost if the instruments are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows ('hold to collect'), and where those contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit (SPPI).

Debt instruments where the business model objectives are achieved by collecting the contractual cash flows and by selling the assets ('hold to collect and sell') and that have SPPI cash flows are held at FVOCI, with unrealised gains or losses deferred in reserves until the asset is derecognised.

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The classification of equity instruments is generally measured at FVTPL unless the Group, at initial recognition, irrevocably designates as FVOCI but both unrealized and realized gains or losses are recognized in reserves and no amounts other than dividends received are recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account.

All other financial assets will mandatorily be held at FVTPL. Financial assets may be designated at FVTPL only if doing so eliminates or reduces an accounting mismatch.

Impairment

The impairment requirements apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI (other than equity instruments), lease receivables, and certain loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. At initial recognition, an impairment allowance (or provision in the case of commitments and guarantees) is required for expected credit losses ('ECL') resulting from default events that are possible within the next 12 months ('12-month ECL'). In the event of a significant increase in credit risk, an allowance (or provision) is required for ECL resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument ('lifetime ECL'). Financial assets where 12-month ECL is recognised are in 'stage 1'; financial assets that are considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk are in 'stage 2'; and financial assets for which there is objective evidence of impairment, so are considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired, are in 'stage 3'.

The assessment of credit risk and the estimation of ECL are required to be unbiased and probability-weighted and should incorporate all available information which is relevant to the assessment including information about past events, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts of economic conditions at the reporting date. In addition, the estimation of ECL should take into account the time value of money.

Based on the requirement of (IFRS) 9 and SBP's (IFRS) 9 application instructions, the Group has performed an ECL assessment taking into account the key elements such as assessment of SCIR, Probability of Default, Loss Given Default and Exposure at Default.

Under the SBP's instructions, credit exposure (in local currency) guaranteed by the Government and Government Securities are exempted from the application of ECL Framework. Moreover, until implementation of IFRS 9 has stabilised, stage 1 and stage 2 provisions would be made as per IFRS 9 ECL and stage 3 provision would be made considering higher of (IFRS) 9 ECL or provision computed under existing PRs' requirements.

Presentation and disclosure

(IFRS) 9 also introduces expanded disclosure requirements and changes in presentation. These are expected to change the nature and extent of Holding Company's disclosure about its financial instruments particularly in the year of adoption of the (IFRS) 9.

Impact of adoption of IFRS 9

The Group will adopt IFRS 9 in its entirety effective January 01, 2023 with modified retrospective approach for restatement. The cumulative impact of initial application will be recorded as an adjustment to equity at the beginning of the accounting period. The actual impact of adopting IFRS 9 on the Group's financial statements in the year 2023 will be dependent on the financial instruments that the Group would hold during next year and economic conditions at that time as well as accounting elections and judgements that it will make in future.

Nevertheless, the Group has performed a preliminary assessment of the potential impact of adoption of IFRS 9 and based on this assessment, the Group does not expect any material effect on the Group's Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) and equity as of December 31, 2022.

The SBP vide its BPRD Circular No. 02 of 2023 dated February 9, 2023 has specified the new reporting format for financial statements of Banking Companies. The new format has revised the disclosure requirements and will become applicable for the financial statements of the Group for the quarter ending March 31, 2023.

BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that certain available for sale investments, foreign currency balances, non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims and certain foreign exchange commitments have been marked to market and carried at fair value in accordance with the requirements of the SBP.

4.1 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgments in application of its accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgments were made by the management in the application of the accounting policies are as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2022

- classification and valuation of investments (notes 6.4.1, 6.4.4 and 10);
- ii) provision against non-performing advances (notes 6.3.2 and 11.12);
- income taxes (notes 6.6 and 34); iii)
- defined benefit plans (notes 6.11 and 38); iv)
- valuation and depreciation of fixed assets (notes 6.5.1, 6.5.5 and 12.2); V)
- vi) valuation and amortisation of intangible assets (note 6.5.3, 6.5.5 and 13.1);
- valuation of right-of-use assets and their related lease liability (notes 6.5.2, 12.3 and 20.7); vii)
- viii) impairment (note 6.4.5);
- valuation of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims (note 6.7 and 23.1); and ix)
- assumptions and estimates used in valuation of options under share-based payments (note 40). x)

FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY 5

- 5.1 Items included in these consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.
- 5.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees unless otherwise stated.

6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

6.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash and non-restricted balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks in current and deposit accounts.

6.2 Due to / from financial institutions

Bai Muajjal

In Bai Muajjal, the Group sells sukuk on credit to other financial institutions. The credit price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period. Bai Muajjal with the Federal Government is classified as investment.

Musharaka / Mudaraba

In Musharaka / Mudaraba, the Group (or the counterparty financial institutions / the SBP) invests in the shariah compliant business pools of the counterparty financial institutions / the SBP (or the Group) at the agreed profit and loss sharing ratio.

Musharaka from the SBP under IERS

Under IERS, the Group accepts funds from the SBP under Shirkat-ul-agd to constitute a pool for investment in export refinance portfolio of the Group under the guidelines issued by the SBP. The profit of the pool is shared as per the agreed weightages between the partners.

Mudaraba investment from the SBP under various long term Islamic refinance schemes

Under various long term Islamic refinance schemes of the SBP, the Group accepts funds from the SBP which are received on Mudaraba basis for investment in general pool of the Group. The profit of the pool is shared as per the announced profit sharing ratio of the pool and the weightages assigned to these investments.

These are initially recognised at amount of funds disbursed / accepted (in case of Bai Muajjal, at sale price of the Sukuk net of deferred profit) and subsequently measured at amount receivable / payable under the contractual terms of the underlying agreement (in case of Bai Muajjal, at sale price of the sukuk net of remaining deferred profit at reporting date, if any).

6.3 Islamic financing and related assets

Murabaha

In Murabaha transactions, the Group purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer on cost plus disclosed profit basis either in a spot or credit transaction.

liarah

ljarah assets are stated at cost less depreciation and are disclosed as part of 'Islamic financing and related assets'. The rental received / receivable on Ijarah under Islamic Financial Accounting Standard - 2 'Ijarah' (IFAS 2) are recorded as income / revenue. The Group charges depreciation from the date of recognition of Ijarah of respective assets to mustajir. Ijarah assets are depreciated over the period of Ijarah using the straight line method. Ijarah rentals outstanding are disclosed in 'other assets' on the consolidated statement of financial position at amortised cost. Impairment of Ijarah assets is determined in accordance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. The provision for impairment of Ijarah assets is shown as part of 'Islamic financing and related assets'.

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Istisna

In Istisna financing, the Group places an order to purchase some specific goods / commodities from its customers to be delivered to the Group within an agreed time. The goods are then sold by the customer on behalf of the Group and the amount hence financed along with profit realised net of agency fee and incentives is paid to the Group.

Tijarah

In Tijarah financing, the Group purchases specific goods / commodities on cash basis from its customers which is then onward sold by the customer on behalf of the Group and on subsequent sale, the financed amount along with profit realised net of agency fee and incentives is paid by the customer to the Group.

Diminishing Musharakah

In Diminishing Musharakah financing, the Group enters into Musharakah based on Shirkat-ul-milk for purchasing an agreed share of fixed asset (e.g. house, land, plant or machinery) with its customers. The customers pay periodic profit as per the agreement for the utilisation of the Group's Musharakah share and also periodically purchase the Group's share over the tenure of the transaction.

Running Musharakah

In Running Musharakah financing, the Group enters into financing with the customer based on Shirkat-ul-Aqd or business partnership in the customer's operating business. Under this mechanism the customer can withdraw and return funds to the Group subject to his Running Musharakah Financing limit during the Musharakah period. At the end of each quarter / half year the customer pays the provisional profit as per the desired profit rate which is subject to final settlement based on the relevant quarterly / half yearly / annual accounts of the customer.

Bai Muajjal

In Bai Muajjal financing, the Group sells Shariah compliant sukuk on credit to customers. The credit price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period.

Service Ijarah

In Service Ijarah financing, the Group provides financing by acquiring certain agreed services from the customer. After the purchase of services, the Group appoints the customer to sell these services in the market over a period and provide a sale confirmation of such sale. The profit is only accrued from the date of receipt of such confirmation.

Wakalah

Wakalah is an agency or a delegated authority where the Muwakkil (principal) appoints the Wakil (agent) to carry out a specific job on behalf of the Muwakkil. Funds disbursed are initially recorded as 'Advance against Wakalah'. On culmination, the same are recorded as financings.

Wakalah tul Istithmar

In Wakalah tul Istithmar financing, the Group enters into investment agency transaction with customer acting as an agent of the Group. Under this mechanism, the funds disbursed are invested by the customer on behalf of the Group and are recorded as financing upon their investment in the business. At the end of each quarter / half year / other defined period, the customer pays the provisional profit which is subject to adjustment upon actual declaration of wakala business performance by the agent.

Musawamah

In Musawammah financing, the Group purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer either in spot or credit transaction, without disclosing the cost.

Islamic financing and related assets are stated net of specific and general provisions against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets which are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account.

Funds disbursed, under financing arrangements for purchase of goods / assets are recorded as advance. On culmination, financing are recorded at the deferred sale price net of profit. Goods purchased but remaining unsold at the consolidated statement of financial position date are recorded as inventories.

6.3.2 Provision against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets

Specific provision

The Group determines provisions against Islamic financing and related assets on a prudent basis in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

General provision

In accordance with Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP, general provision against consumer financing and house financing are maintained at varying percentages based on the non-performing loan ratio present in the portfolio. These percentages range from 0.5% to 2.5% for secured and 4% to 7% for unsecured portfolio.

In addition to the above mentioned requirements, the Group has also maintained a general provision in respect of financing against potential losses as may be present in the portfolio. This provision is based on management's

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best estimate and is approved by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company.

The net provisions made / reversed during the year is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account and accumulated provision is netted off against Islamic financing and related assets. Islamic financing and related assets are written off when there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

6.3.3 Inventories

The Group values its inventories at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Cost of inventories represents actual purchases made by the Group / customers as an agent of the Group for subsequent sale. Inventory against each contract is maintained on specific identification method.

6.4 Investments

6.4.1 Classification

The Group classifies its investments as follows:

Held for trading

These are investments which are either acquired for generating profits from short-term fluctuations in market prices or are securities included in a portfolio for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking.

Held to maturity

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and maturity that the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold till maturity.

Available for sale

These are investments, other than those in associates and subsidiaries, which do not fall under either 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories.

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. Certain mutual funds are managed by the subsidiary company of the Group and hence, the Group has significant influence over such funds and therefore, investment in these mutual funds are considered as investment in associates in these consolidated financial statements.

6.4.2 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date, which is the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the investments.

6.4.3 Initial recognition and measurement

Investments other than those categorised as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value which includes transaction costs associated with the investments. Investments classified as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated profit and loss account.

6.4.4 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition investments are valued as follows:

Held for trading

These are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Gains and losses on remeasurement are included in the net profit and loss for the year.

Held to maturity

These are measured at amortised cost less any impairment loss recognised to reflect irrecoverable amount. Premium / discount (if any) is amortised over the remaining maturity.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Available for sale

In accordance with the requirements specified by the SBP, quoted securities (other than those classified as 'held to maturity' and 'investments in associates and subsidiary'), are subsequently re-measured to market value. Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. Break-up value of unquoted equity securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements. Investment in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment losses, if any.

Surplus / deficit arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as 'available for sale', is included in the Other Comprehensive Income. On derecognition or impairment of available-for-sale investments, the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit and loss for the period.

6.4.4.1 Details of valuation techniques used in determination of fair value is included in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

6.4.5 Impairment

Available for sale and Held to maturity investments

Impairment loss in respect of investments classified as available for sale and held to maturity (except sukuk certificates) is recognised based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. A significant or prolonged decline in fair value of an equity investment below its cost is also considered an objective evidence of impairment. The determination of "significant or prolonged" requires judgment.

Provision for diminution in the value of sukuk certificates is made as per the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. In case of impairment in available-for-sale investments, the related loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit and loss for period. For investments classified as held to maturity, the impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Investment in associates

In respect of investment in associates, the Group reviews their carrying values at each reporting date to assess whether there is an indication of impairment. The amount of impairment loss would be determined based on the higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account.

6.5 Operating fixed assets

6.5.1 Tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss. Items of fixed assets costing Rs 25,000 or less are not capitalised and are charged off in the month of purchase. An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Profit or loss on disposal of fixed assets is included in the consolidated profit and loss account currently.

6.5.2 Right-of-use assets and Lease liabilities

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented within note 12 and are subject to impairment in line with the Group's policy as described in note 6.5.8.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate. The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental fund acceptance rate to measure lease liabilities.

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6.5.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise of computer software. Intangible assets with definite useful lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (if any).

6.5.4 Subsequent costs

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amounts or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenditure are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account as and when incurred.

6.5.5 Depreciation / amortisation

Depreciation / amortisation is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account by applying the straight line method in accordance with the rates specified in notes 12.2 and 13.1 whereby the depreciable value of an asset is written off over its estimated service life. The Group charges depreciation / amortisation from the month of acquisition and up to the month preceding the disposal. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term specified in note 12.3.

6.5.6 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

6.5.7 Useful lives and residual values

Useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if impact on depreciation / amortisation is significant

6.5.8 Impairment

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the operating fixed assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amounts, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment charge is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account.

6.6 **Taxation**

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current

The charge for current taxation is based on expected taxable income for the year in accordance with the prevailing laws of taxation. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years including those arising from assessments finalised during the year and are separately disclosed.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the temporary differences relating to initial recognition of goodwill, initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they probably will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

In making the estimates for current and deferred taxes, the management considers the income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

6.7 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

The non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation.

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The useful lives are reviewed annually and adjusted, if appropriate. These assets are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure their net carrying value does not differ materially from their fair value. Surplus arising on revaluation of property, if any, is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of assets' account in the statement of other comprehensive income. Any deficit arising on revaluation is taken to consolidated profit and loss account directly. On derecognition of the assets, the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to unappropriated profit in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Legal fees, transfer cost and direct cost of acquiring title to property is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account

6.8 **Deposits**

Deposits are generated on the basis of two modes i.e. Qard and Mudaraba.

Deposits taken on Qard basis are classified as 'Current accounts' and Deposits generated on Mudaraba basis are classified as 'Savings deposits' and 'Fixed deposits'. No profit or loss is passed on to current account depositors, however the funds of current accounts are treated as equity for the purpose of profit calculation and any profit earned / loss incurred on those funds are allocated to the equity of the Group. While the product features of each product differ, there is usually no restriction on withdrawals or number of transactions in current and saving accounts. In case of fixed deposits, pre-mature withdrawals can be made as per approved terms only.

Profits realised in investment pools are distributed in pre-agreed profit sharing ratio between Rab-ul-Maal and Mudarib. Rab-ul-Maal share is distributed among depositors according to weightages assigned at the inception of profit calculation period. Mudarib can distribute its share of profit to Rab-ul-Maal up to a maximum of 50% of their profit as Incentive profits (Hiba).

Profits are distributed from the pool such that the depositors (remunerative) only bear the risk of assets in the pool during the profit calculation period. In case of loss in a pool during the profit calculation period, the loss is distributed among the depositors (remunerative) according to their ratio of Investments.

Asset pools are created at the Group's discretion and the Group can add, amend or transfer an asset to any other pool in the interests of the deposit holders.

6.9 Sub-ordinated Sukuk

The Group records sub-ordinated sukuk initially at the amount of proceeds received. Profit accrued on sub-ordinated sukuk is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account. These are subsequently measured at amount outstanding.

6 10 **Pool Management**

The Group operates general and specific pools for deposits and inter-bank funds accepted / acquired under Mudaraba and Musharakah modes.

Under the general deposits pools, the Group accepts funds on Mudaraba basis from depositors (Rab-ul-Maal) where the Group acts as Manager (Mudarib) and invests the funds in the Shariah Compliant modes of financing, investments and placements. When utilising investing funds, the Group prioritizes the funds received from depositors over the funds generated from own sources after meeting the regulatory requirement relating to such deposits.

Specific pools are operated for funds acquired / accepted from the State Bank of Pakistan and other banks for Islamic Export Refinance to the Group's customers and liquidity management respectively under the Musharakah / Mudaraba modes.

The profit of each deposit pool is calculated on all the remunerative assets booked by utilising the funds from the pool after deduction of expenses directly incurred in earning the income of such pool along with related fee income, if any. The directly related costs comprise of depreciation on ijarah assets, takaful premium, documentation charges etc. No expense of general or administrative nature is charged to the pools. No provision against any non-performing asset of the pool is passed on to the pool except on the actual loss / write-off of such non-performing asset. The profit of the pool is shared between equity and other members of the pool on the basis of Musharakah at gross level (before charging of mudarib fee) as per the investment ratio of the equity. The profit of the pool is shared among the members of the pool on pre-defined mechanism based on the weightages announced before the profit calculation period after charging of mudarib fee. During the year, the Group has given General Hiba to the depositors of Rupee General Pool, keeping in view the prescribed guidelines of Pool Management provided by the SBP and with the approval of the Group's Resident Shariah Board Member. However, Hiba are given at the sole discretion of the Group without any contractual commitment and can be withdrawn or reduced by the Group at its sole discretion.

The risk characteristic of each pool mainly depends on the assets and liabilities profile of each pool. As per the Group's policy, relatively low risk / secured financing transactions and assets are allocated to general depositors pool of Rupee, USD, GBP and Euro. The Group maintains General Pools (Rupee, USD, EUR, GBP), FI Pools, IERS pool and Equity pool. The general pools are exposed to general credit risk, asset ownership risk and profit rate risk of the underlying assets involved.

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General Pools:

For General Pools (Rupee, USD, EUR, GBP), the Group allocates PKR financing to Corporate, Commercial, SME and Consumer Finance customers in diversified sectors and avenues of the economy / business as mentioned in note 48.1.1.3. Investments in Sovereign Guaranteed Sukuk, and Bai Muajjal with the State Bank of Pakistan / Government of Pakistan, are also done through General Pools. All remunerative deposits are tagged to these general pools and their funds generated from the depositors are invested on priority basis. Investments from the SBP under various long term Islamic refinance schemes, and sub-ordinated sukuks are also remunerated through the Rupee General Pool. Due to limited investment options in USD, GBP and EURO pool, funds from foreign currency pools are invested in available International Sukuk, Shariah Compliant Nostro accounts, foreign currency financing and the remaining funds are taken out and invested in Rupee general pool as part of equity. In such cases return from Rupee General Pool is given back to foreign currency pools, so that returns can be passed on to foreign currency pool customers accordingly. The Group as Mudarib in the general pools is responsible for financing costs / assets such as land, building, furniture, fixtures, computers and IT system from its own sources / equity.

IERS Pools:

The IERS pool assets comprise of sovereign guaranteed sukuk, and financing to / sukuk of mainly blue chip companies and exporters as allowed under the applicable rules and regulations, and as such are exposed to lower credit risk. The Musharakah with SBP under IERS is tagged to the IERS pool.

The FI pool assets generally comprise of sovereign guaranteed sukuk and financing under diminishing musharakah mode only and the related liability of the FI pool comprise of Musharakah / Mudarabah from other banks and financial institutions. These pools are created to meet the liquidity requirements of the Group.

Equity Pools:

All other assets including fixed assets, exposure in shares, Rupee bai-salam financing and subsidized financing to the Group's employees are tagged to equity pool. To safeguard the interest of customers, all high risk investments are also done through equity pool. The Group as Mudarib in the equity pools is responsible for financing costs / assets such as land, building, furniture, fixtures, computers and IT system from its own sources / equity.

6.11 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Holding Company operates an approved Gratuity Funded Scheme for its permanent employees. The scheme was approved by the tax authorities in April 2000. The liability recognised in respect of Gratuity Funded Scheme is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. Contributions to the fund are made on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The defined benefit obligation is calculated periodically by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The last valuation was conducted as on December 31, 2022.

The Holding Company also operates End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme as approved by the Board of Directors for the benefit of the founding President and Chief Executive Officer of the Holding Company. The defined benefit obligation for this benefit has been calculated by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The valuation has been conducted as on December 31, 2022.

Amounts arising as a result of "Remeasurements", representing the actuarial gains and losses and the difference between the actual investment returns and that implied by the net return cost are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Financial Position immediately, with a charge or credit to "Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income" in the periods in which they occur. The actuarial valuations involve assumption and estimates of discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases and future inflation rates as disclosed in (Note 38).

Defined contribution plan

The Group also operates a recognised contributory Provident Fund for all permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Group and the employees, to the fund at a rate of 10% of basic salary.

6.12 Compensated absences

The Group recognises liability in respect of employees compensated absences in the period in which these are earned up to the reporting date. The provision is recognised on the basis of actuarial valuation conducted on December 31, 2022 using the projected unit credit method.

6.13 Share-based compensation

The Holding Company has granted share options to its employees under the Meezan Group Employees Share Option Scheme, 2021 as approved by the shareholders and SECP. The cost of these share options is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using a valuation model by an independent valuer and is recognised as expense over the vesting period together with a corresponding credit in equity - Employee share option compensation

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reserve (Note 40). The dilutive effect of outstanding options (if any) is reflected as share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share. When the options are exercised, employee stock option compensation reserve relating to these options is transferred to share capital and share premium.

6.14 Dividend and reserves

Dividend declared and appropriations, except for transfer to statutory reserve, made subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non adjusting events and are recorded as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the year in which these are approved by the directors / shareholders as appropriate.

6.15 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets, monetary liabilities and contingencies and commitments in foreign currencies except forward commitments (promises) are reported in Rupees at exchange rates prevalent on the reporting date.

Forward commitments other than those with the SBP relating to the foreign currency deposits are valued at forward rates applicable to the respective maturities of the relevant foreign exchange commitments. Forward commitments with the SBP relating to foreign currency deposit, are valued at spot rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses are included in the current year profit and loss account.

Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange transactions are disclosed at the rates applicable at the reporting date. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit, and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date.

Translation gains and losses are included in the consolidated profit and loss account.

6.16 Provisions and contingent assets and liabilities

Provision are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised, and are also not disclosed unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits are remote.

Acceptances, guarantees and letters of credit

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Group to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Group expects most acceptances to be settled simultaneously with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for as on-balance sheet transactions and related balances are disclosed under other assets and other liabilities.

The Group issues guarantees and letters of credit. These are disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position as part of contingencies and commitments.

6.18 Offsetting and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted by the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset. The Group derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

6.19 Revenue recognition

- Profit on Murabaha (including Commodity Murabaha) and Musawammah is recognised on an accrual basis. Profit on Murabaha and Musawammah transactions for the period from the date of disbursement to the date of culmination of Murabaha and Musawammah is recognised immediately upon the later date in line with IFAS
- ii) Rentals on Ijarah contracts are recognised as income on an accrual basis in line with IFAS requirements.
- iii) Profit on Bai Muajjal transaction is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Profit on Diminishing Musharakah financing is recognised on an accrual basis. iv)
- v) Profit on Running Musharakah financing is recognised on an accrual basis and is adjusted upon declaration of

For the year ended December 31, 2022

profit by Musharakah partners.

- vi) Profit on Tijarah and Istisna financing is recognised on an accrual basis commencing from time of sale of goods till the realisation of sale proceeds by the Group.
- vii) Profit on Service Ijarah is recognised on an accrual basis commencing from the date of confirmation of sale.
- Profit on Wakalah tul Istithmar / Wakalah is recognised on an accrual basis and is commensurate with the viii) Wakalah business performance / work done by the agent.
- Profit on Sukuk is recognised on an accrual basis. Where Sukuk (excluding held for trading securities) are ix) purchased at a premium or discount, those premiums / discounts are amortised through the consolidated profit and loss account over the remaining maturity.
- Commission on letters of credit, acceptances and guarantees is recognised on receipt basis, except for x) commission on guarantees in excess of Rs 250,000 which is recognised over the period of the guarantee. Fee and brokerage income are recognised when earned.
- The Group earns fee and commission income from certain non-funded banking services. The related fee and xi) commission income is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for providing the services. The Group recognises fees earned on transaction-based arrangements at a point in time when the Group has fully provided the service to the customer. Where the contract requires services to be provided over time, the income is recognised on a systematic basis over the life of the related service. Unearned fees and commissions are included under other liabilities.
- xii) Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive dividend is established.
- Gain or loss on sale of investments is included in the consolidated profit and loss account in the period in which xiii) they arise.
- xiv) Gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets, Ijarah assets and Musharakah assets is taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.
- Profit suspended in compliance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP is recognised on receipt xv) basis. Profit on rescheduled / restructured financing and investments is recognised as permitted by the SBP.
- Remuneration from funds (management fee) is recognised based on the net asset value of the funds calculated xvi) on daily basis.

6.20 Seament reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group's primary format of reporting is based on business segments. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the management. Management monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

6.20.1 Business segments

Corporate and Commercial Banking

It includes trade finance, export finance, project finance, Ijarah, guarantees and bills of exchange relating to its Corporate and Commercial customers, investment banking, syndications, IPO related activities (excluding investments), secondary private placements, underwriting and securitisation.

Retail Banking

It includes retail financing, deposits and banking services offered to its retail customers and small and medium enterprises.

Asset Management

It includes asset management, investment advisory and portfolio management.

Trading and Sales

It includes equity, foreign exchanges, commodities, own securities and placements.

It includes functions which cannot be classified in any of the above segments.

6.20.2 Geographical segments

The Group operates only in Pakistan.

6.21 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing profit after tax for the year attributable to equity holders of the Holding company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. EPS is retrospectively adjusted for the effect of bonus shares issued.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders of the Holding company (after adjusting for return and related tax impact) on the convertible instruments / share options by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion / exercise of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

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| CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| In hand | | | |
| - local currency | | 40,142,946 | 36,029,312 |
| - foreign currencies | | 1,120,217 | 2,821,769 |
| | | 41,263,163 | 38,851,081 |
| With the State Bank of Pakistan in | | | |
| - local currency current accounts | | 69,747,152 | 70,308,704 |
| - foreign currency current accounts | | 6,433,593 | 10,259,746 |
| | 7.1 | 76,180,745 | 80,568,450 |
| With the National Bank of Pakistan in | | | |
| - local currency current accounts | | 222,839 | 50,668,352 |
| | | | |
| National Prize Bonds | 7.2 | 76,925 | 413,423 |
| | | 117,743,672 | 170,501,306 |

- 7.1 These include local and foreign currency amounts required to be maintained with the SBP under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and /or stipulated by the SBP. These accounts are non-remunerative in nature.
- 7.2 These represent the national prize bonds received from customers for onward surrendering to SBP. The Group, as a matter of Shariah principle, does not deal in prize bonds.

| | BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---------------------------|------|------------|------------|
| 8 | | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| | In Pakistan | | | |
| | - in current accounts | | 4,804,996 | 14,947,076 |
| | Outside Pakistan | | | |
| | - in current accounts | | 4,080,128 | 1,275,566 |
| | - in deposit accounts | 8.1 | 4,825,629 | 242,527 |
| | | | 13,710,753 | 16,465,169 |

8.1 It represents the balance in the remunerative account maintained with financial institutions outside Pakistan. The return on these balances ranges from 0.20% to 2.25% (2021: 0.0001%) per annum.

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---|------|------------|-------------|
| 9 | DUE FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS | | Rupee | s in '000 |
| | Bai Muajjal receivable: | | | |
| | - from scheduled banks / financial institutions - Secured | 9.1 | 34,964,299 | 238,401,637 |
| | - from other Financial Institution | | 15,500 | 15,500 |
| | | 9.2 | 34,979,799 | 238,417,137 |
| | | | | |
| | Commodity Murabaha | | 26,066 | 26,066 |
| | | 9.3 | 35,005,865 | 238,443,203 |
| | Less: Provision held against due from financial | | | |
| | institutions | 9.4 | (41,566) | (41,566) |
| | Due from financial institutions - net of provision | | 34,964,299 | 238,401,637 |
| | | | | |

The effective average return on this product is 11.25% (2021: 8.10%) per annum. The balances have maturities in July 9.1 2025 (2021: ranging between January 2022 to July 2025). These Bai Muajjal are secured against Federal Government securities received as collateral and having market value of Rs 36,915 million as at December 31, 2022 (2021: Rs 240,575 million).

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | 2022 | 2021 |
|-----|---|--|-------------------|--|--|
| | | | | Rupees | in '000 |
| 9.2 | Bai Muajjal Placements Less: Deferred Income Profit Receivable shown in oth Bai Muajjal Placements | ner assets | | 52,821,177 (9,878,329) (7,963,049) 34,979,799 | 270,204,082 (18,895,001) (12,891,944) 238,417,137 |
| 9.3 | Particulars of due from financial ins In local currency In foreign currency | | | 35,005,865 - 35,005,865 | 238,443,203 |
| | | 2022 | <u> </u> | 20 |)21 |
| | | Non-performing due from financial institutions | Provision held | Non-performing due from financial institutions | Provision held |
| 9.4 | Category of classification | | Rupees | in '000——— | |
| | Loss | 41,566 | 41,566 | 41,566 | 41,566 |

10 INVESTMENTS

| 10.1 | Investments by types | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | | Note | | 202 | 22 | | | 202 | 21 | |
| | | | Cost / Amortised cost | Provision for diminution | (Deficit) / surplus | Carrying Value | Cost / Amortised cost | Provision for diminution | Surplus / (deficit) | Carrying Value |
| | | | | | | Rup | ees in '000 — | | | |
| | Held to trading securities | | | | | | | | | |
| | - Federal Government Securities | | 2,470 | - | 18 | 2,488 | - | - | - | - |
| | Available for sale securities | | | | | | | | | |
| | - Federal Government Securities | 10.5.1 | 925,056,827 | - | (7,185,753) | 917,871,074 | 387,898,392 | - | (1,300,655) | 386,597,737 |
| | - Shares | 10.5.2 & 10.5.3 | 10,205,678 | 3,128,805 | 1,035,172 | 8,112,045 | 9,662,370 | 2,322,124 | 1,928,965 | 9,269,211 |
| | - Non Government Sukuk | 10.5.4 | 125,483,520 | 78,192 | 5,123,927 | 130,529,255 | 130,409,690 | 78,192 | 5,624,000 | 135,955,498 |
| | - Foreign Securities | 10.5.5 | 8,721,244 | - | (142,380) | 8,578,864 | 10,343,243 | - | 370,768 | 10,714,011 |
| | | | 1,069,467,269 | 3,206,997 | (1,169,034) | 1,065,091,238 | 538,313,695 | 2,400,316 | 6,623,078 | 542,536,457 |
| | Held to maturity securities | | | | | | | | | |
| | - Federal Government Securities | 10.6 | 217,740,599 | - | - | 217,740,599 | 76,941,760 | - | - | 76,941,760 |
| | - Non Government sukuk | 10.6 | 311,665 | - | - | 311,665 | | | | |
| | Associates (listed) | | | | | | | | | |
| | - Units of funds | 10.7 | 4,170,433 | - | - | 4,170,433 | 4,854,664 | - | - | 4,854,664 |
| | Total Investments | | 1,291,692,436 | 3,206,997 | (1,169,016) | 1,287,316,423 | 620,110,119 | 2,400,316 | 6,623,078 | 624,332,881 |
| | iotai ilivestillettis | | 1,291,092,430 | 3,200,997 | (1,109,010) | 1,201,310,423 | 020,110,119 | 2,400,310 | 0,023,076 | 024,332,001 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

10.2 Investments by segments

| | | 2022 | | | | 2021 | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | Note | Cost / Amortised cost | Provision for diminution | (Deficit) / surplus | Carrying Value | Cost / Amortised cost | Provision for diminution | Surplus / (deficit) | Carrying Value |
| | | | | | Rup | ees in '000 — | | | |
| Federal Government Securities | | [| | 1 | | | | | |
| - Ijarah Sukuks | 10.5.1 & 10.6 | 1,111,634,399 | - | (7,185,735) | 1,104,448,664 | 399,111,534 | - | (1,300,655) | 397,810,879 |
| - Bai Muajjal with Government of | | | | | | | | | |
| Pakistan (through State Bank of Pakistan) | 10.5.1 & 10.6 | 23,224,694 | - | - | 23,224,694 | 64,443,192 | - | - | 64,443,192 |
| - Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates | 10.5.1 & 10.6 | 7,940,803 | - | - | 7,940,803 | 1,285,426 | - | - | 1,285,426 |
| | | 1,142,799,896 | - | (7,185,735) | 1,135,614,161 | 464,840,152 | - | (1,300,655) | 463,539,497 |
| Shares | | | | | | | | | |
| Listed Companies | 10.5.2 | 9,600,999 | 3,070,304 | 1,035,172 | 7,565,867 | 9,057,691 | 2,268,371 | 1,928,965 | 8,718,285 |
| Unlisted Companies | 10.5.3 | 604,679 | 58,501 | - | 546,178 | 604,679 | 53,753 | - | 550,926 |
| | | 10,205,678 | 3,128,805 | 1,035,172 | 8,112,045 | 9,662,370 | 2,322,124 | 1,928,965 | 9,269,211 |
| Non Government Sukuk | | | | | | | | | |
| Listed | 10.2.1 & 10.5.4 | 114,385,781 | - | 5,123,927 | 119,509,708 | 114,404,511 | - | 5,624,000 | 120,028,511 |
| Unlisted | 10.5.4 & 10.6 | 11,409,404 | 78,192 | - | 11,331,212 | 16,005,179 | 78,192 | - | 15,926,987 |
| | | 125,795,185 | 78,192 | 5,123,927 | 130,840,920 | 130,409,690 | 78,192 | 5,624,000 | 135,955,498 |
| Foreign Securities | | | | | | | | | |
| Government Sukuk | 10.5.5 | 5,314,367 | | (134,204) | 5,180,163 | 7,684,473 | - | 300,073 | 7,984,546 |
| Non Government Sukuk | 10.5.5 | 3,396,488 | - | (8,176) | 3,388,312 | 2,648,381 | - | 70,695 | 2,719,076 |
| Shares | 10.5.5 | 10,389 | - | - 1 | 10,389 | 10,389 | - | - | 10,389 |
| | | 8,721,244 | - | (142,380) | 8,578,864 | 10,343,243 | - | 370,768 | 10,714,011 |
| Associates | 10.7 | | | | | | | | |
| Meezan Balanced Fund | | 317,124 | - | - | 317,124 | 318,543 | - | - | 318,543 |
| Al-Meezan Mutual Fund | | 638,680 | - | - | 638,680 | 759,161 | - | - | 759,161 |
| Meezan Islamic Fund | | 761,193 | - | - | 761,193 | 811,206 | - | - | 811,206 |
| Meezan Strategic Allocation Fund - III - MCI | | - | - | - | - | 84,820 | - | - | 84,820 |
| Meezan Financial Planning Fund - Conserva | ative | 9,255 | - | - | 9,255 | 8,815 | - | - | 8,815 |
| KSE Meezan Index Fund | | 1,317,591 | - | - | 1,317,591 | 1,096,022 | - | - | 1,096,022 |
| Meezan Pakistan Exchange Traded Fund | | 7,961 | - | - | 7,961 | 8,800 | - | - | 8,800 |
| Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold sub-fund | | 37,943 | - | - | 37,943 | 31,227 | - | - | 31,227 |
| Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity sub-fund | l | 125,958 | - | - | 125,958 | 136,556 | - | - | 136,556 |
| Meezan Energy Fund | | 85,737 | - | - | 85,737 | 85,475 | - | - | 85,475 |
| Meezan Gold Fund | | 125,370 | - | - | 125,370 | 102,503 | - | - | 102,503 |
| Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund | | 174,508 | - | - | 174,508 | 75,241 | - | - | 75,241 |
| Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I | | 271,188 | - | - | 271,188 | 1,336,295 | - | - | 1,336,295 |
| Meezan Sovereign Fund | | 115,954 | - | - | 115,954 | - | - | - | - |
| Meezan Paidar Munafa Plan II | | 181,971 4,170,433 | - | | 181,971 4.170.433 | 4,854,664 | - | | 4.854.664 |
| Total Investments | | 1,291,692,436 | 3,206,997 | (1,169,016) | 1,287,316,423 | 620,110,119 | 2.400.316 | 6,623,078 | 624,332,881 |
| iotai investinents | | 1,291,092,430 | 3,200,997 | (1,109,010) | 1,201,310,423 | 020,110,119 | ۷,400,310 | 0,023,076 | 024,332,001 |

10.2.1 This represents investment in Pakistan Energy Sukuk-I and Pakistan Energy Sukuk-II issued by Power Holding Limited, wholly owned by the Government of Pakistan. These Energy Sukuk are guaranteed by the Government of Pakistan and are eligible for Statutory Liquidity Requirements. These Energy Sukuk are based on Islamic mode of Ijarah with semi-annual rental payments and are due to mature in 2029-30.

10.2.2 Investments given as collateral

| | 2022 | | 2021 | | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| _ | Cost / Amortised cost | Market value | Cost / Amortised cost | Market value | |
| Federal Government Securities | | Rupees i | in '000———— | | |
| - Sukuk - Bai Muajjal with Government of Pakistan (through State Bank) | 404,000,000 | 401,903,600 | 30,000,000 | 30,054,000 | |
| of Pakistan) | - | - | 28,150,000 | 28,150,000 | |
| | 404,000,000 | 401,903,600 | 58,150,000 | 58,204,000 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|-----------|------------|
| 10.3 | Provision for diminution in value of investments | Rupe | es in '000 |
| | Opening balance | 2,400,316 | 2,185,693 |
| | Charge / (reversals) | | |
| | - Charge for the year | 970,287 | 305,016 |
| | - Reversals for the year | - | (3,456) |
| | - Reversals on disposals | (163,606) | (86,937) |
| | | 806,681 | 214,623 |
| | | | |
| | Closing balance | 3,206,997 | 2,400,316 |

10.4 Particulars of provision against Sukuk

| | 2022 | 2022 | | 21 |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | Non-performing Investment | Provision held | Non-performing Investment s in '000- | Provision held |
| Category of classification | | nupees | 5 III 000 | |
| Domestic | | | | |
| Loss | 78,192 | 78,192 | 78,192 | 78,192 |

10.5 Quality of Available for Sale Securities

Details regarding quality of Available for Sale (AFS) securities are as follows:

10.5.1 **Federal Government Securities**

| . 555.4. 5575. | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | Cost |
| | Rup | ees in '000 |
| Bai Muajjal with Government of Pakistan | | |
| (through State Bank of Pakistan) | 23,224,694 | 64,443,192 |
| Federal Government securities - Government guaranteed | | |
| Government of Pakistan Ijarah Sukuk | | |
| GIS VRR-18 | 10,680,852 | 10,704,268 |
| GIS VRR-19 | 25,624,975 | 25,639,965 |
| GIS VRR-20 | 16,982,294 | 16,982,211 |
| GIS VRR-21 | 50,792,803 | 50,761,174 |
| GIS FRR-04 | 9,979,161 | 9,951,546 |
| GIS VRR-22 | 81,626,220 | 81,132,277 |
| GIS FRR-07 | 2,625,000 | 2,625,000 |
| GIS VRR-23 | 24,960,971 | 25,007,215 |
| GIS VRR-24 | 283,874,972 | 87,866,118 |
| GIS VRR-25 | 319,555,078 | - |
| GIS VRR-26 | 40,225,999 | - |
| GIS-FRR 08 | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 |
| GIS-FRR 11 | 21,963,005 | 6,500,000 |
| | 893,891,330 | 322,169,774 |
| Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate | | |
| Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate - PKR | 741,885 | 58,724 |
| Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate - USD | 6,506,281 | 907,167 |
| Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate - GBP | 376,155 | 56,346 |
| Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate - EUR | 316,482 | 263,189 |
| | 925,056,827 | 387,898,392 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | 2022 | | 2021 |
|--------|--|-----------|-------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 10.5.2 | Shares - Listed | | Bu | Cost pees in '000 | 1 |
| | A | | | | |
| | Automobile Assembler | | 113,964 | | 112,532 |
| | Automobile parts and accessories | | 55,908 | | 55,908 |
| | Construction and materials (cement) | | 1,642,867 | | 1,360,148 |
| | Power Generation and Distribution | | 198,419 | | 193,729 |
| | Commercial Banks | | 40,922 | | - |
| | Refinery | | 124,827 | | 124,827 |
| | Oil and Gas Marketing Companies | | 773,163 | | 618,263 |
| | Oil and Gas Exploration Companies | | 1,949,872 | | 1,623,690 |
| | Fertilizers | | 950,977 | | 890,114 |
| | Chemicals | | 163,557 | | 402,861 |
| | Pharmaceuticals | | 748,869 | | 748,869 |
| | Leather & Tanneries | | 19,336 | | 19,336 |
| | Miscellaneous | | | | |
| | | | 26,974 | | 26,974 |
| | Modarabas | | 66,390 | | 66,390 |
| | Technology and Communication | | 642,311 | | 445,542 |
| | Paper and Board | | 710,838 | | 685,941 |
| | Glass and Ceramics | | 106,833 | | |
| | Textile (Composite) | | 464,327 | | 516,520 |
| | Vanaspati and Allied Industries | | - | | 174,923 |
| | Food and Personal Care Products | | 9,691 | | 9,691 |
| | Engineering | | 790,954 | | 981,433 |
| | | | 9,600,999 | | 9,057,691 |
| | | | | _ | <u> </u> |
| 10.5.3 | Shares - Unlisted | 20 | 22 | 2 | 021 |
| 10.5.5 | Silates - Offisted | Cost | Breakup | Cost | Breakup |
| | | | value* | | value* |
| | | | Rupees in | '000 | |
| | Sannhira Electric Company Limited | 210 620 | 002 415 | 210 620 | 020 525 |
| | Sapphire Electric Company Limited | 318,638 | 993,415 | 318,638 | 920,535 |
| | Daewoo Pakistan Express Bus Service Limited | 253,240 | 231,720 | 253,240 | 251,080 |
| | Pakistan Corporate Restructuring Company Limited | 32,801 | 26,011 | 32,801 | 30,767 |
| | | 604,679 | 1,251,146 | 604,679 | 1,202,382 |
| | * Based on latest available audited financial statements | | | | |
| | | | 2022 | | 2021 |
| 10.5.4 | Non Government Sukuk | | | Cost | 2021 |
| | | | Ru | pees in '000 |) |
| | Listed | | | | |
| | - Government guaranteed | | 114,385,781 | 114 | 1,404,511 |
| | | | | | |
| | Unlisted | | | | |
| | - Government guaranteed | | 6,716,920 | 10 | 0,786,560 |
| | Unlisted | | | | |
| | Out III Bullion | | | | |
| | Credit Ratings | | | | |
| | - AAA / AAA | | 1,241,831 | | 1,307,190 |
| | - AA / AA+, AA, AA- | | 1,756,333 | | 1,596,667 |
| | - A / A+, A, A- | | 1,304,463 | | 2,236,570 |
| | - Unrated | | 78,192 | | 78,192 |
| | | | 4,380,819 | | 5,218,619 |
| | | | 125,483,520 | 130 | 0,409,690 |
| | | 202 | 22 | 20 | 21 |
| 10.5.5 | Foreign Securities | Cost | Rating | Cost | Rating |
| | Government Sukuk | | Rupees i | n '000 | • |
| | Caudi Arabia | 1.010.404 | | | Λ |
| | Saudi Arabia | 1,916,491 | | 4,150,186 | A |
| | Qatar | 1,132,295 | Aa3 | 885,035 | Aa3 |
| | Indonesia | 2,265,581 | | 2,649,252 | Baa2 |
| | | 5,314,367 | | 7,684,473 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

2022 2021 Cost Rupees in '000

Non Government Sukuk - Unlisted **Credit Ratings**

- Aa3 / A
- Baa2

Equity securities - Unlisted S.W.I.F.T. SCRL

| 2,264,229 1,132,259 | 1,764,736 883,645 |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1,132,259 | 883,645 |
| 3,396,488 | 2,648,381 |
| 10,389 | 10,389 |
| 8,721,244 | 10,343,243 |

10.6 Particulars relating to Held to Maturity securities are as follows:

Federal Government Securities - Government guaranteed

| GIS FRR-04 | 10,566,210 | 10,562,798 |
|----------------------------|-------------|------------|
| GIS FRR-07 | 2,625,000 | 2,625,000 |
| GIS FRR-08 | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 |
| GIS FRR-11 | 199,395,069 | 58,500,000 |
| GIS VRR-24 | - | 253,962 |
| GIS VRR-26 | 154,320 | _ |
| | 217,740,599 | 76,941,760 |
| Non Government Sukuk | | |
| Lucky Electric Power Sukuk | 311,665 | - |
| | 218,052,264 | 76,941,760 |

The market value of securities classified as held-to-maturity as at December 31, 2022 amounted to Rs 204,617 million (2021: Rs 76,899 million).

For the year ended December 31, 2022

10.7 Investment in associates

| Movement of investment in associates | | | | 2022 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| i | Country of ncorporation | % Holding | Investment at the beginning of the year | Investment/ (redemption) during the year | Share of profit/(loss) in | Dividend received | Investmen at the end of the yea |
| | | | F | Rupees in '000 — | associates | | |
| Associates | | | | | | | |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund | Pakistan | 15.75% | 759,161 | (62,274) | (58,207) | _ | 638,680 |
| Meezan Islamic Fund | Pakistan | 3.66% | 811,206 | 29,176 | (79,189) | _ | 761,193 |
| Meezan Balanced Fund | Pakistan | 13.06% | 318,543 | - | (1,419) | _ | 317,124 |
| Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - | | | , | | () -) | | , |
| Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity | Pakistan | 18.84% | 31,227 | - | 6,716 | - | 37,943 |
| Sub Fund | Pakistan | 3.20% | 136,556 | _ | (10,598) | _ | 125,958 |
| KSE Meezan Index Fund | Pakistan | 49.53% | 1,096,022 | 249,629 | (28,060) | _ | 1,317,591 |
| Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund | Pakistan | 0.19% | 75,241 | 99,267 | 8,564 | (8,564) | 174,508 |
| Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I | Pakistan | 0.36% | • | (1,065,107) | 43,585 | (43,585) | 271,188 |
| Meezan Gold Fund | Pakistan | 16.64% | 102,503 | - | 23,409 | (542) | 125,370 |
| Meezan Energy Fund | Pakistan | 15.94% | 85,475 | 346 | (84) | (042) | 85,737 |
| Meezan Paidar Munafa Plan II | Pakistan | 7.05% | - | 174,500 | 7,471 | _ | 181,971 |
| Meezan Sovereign Fund | Pakistan | 1.74% | _ | 115,384 | 584 | (14) | 115,954 |
| Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds - Conservative | Pakistan | 12.80% | 9 915 | 286 | 489 | . , | 9,255 |
| Meezan Strategic Allocation | | | 8,815 | | | (335) | 9,20 |
| Fund - III - MCPP-IX | Pakistan | 0.00% | 84,820 | (85,032) | 212 | - | - |
| Meezan Pakistan Exchange | | | | | (0.00) | | |
| Traded Fund Total | Pakistan | 10.11% | 8,800 4,854,664 | (543,825) | (839) (87,366) | (53,040) | 7,961 4,170,433 |
| | | = | | , , , | | | |
| | | | | 2021 | | | |
| | Country of incorporation | % Holding | Investment a the beginning of the year | | Share of profit/(loss) in | received | at the end of the year |
| | | | or the year | | | | or the year |
| | | | • | | associates | | or the year |
| Associates | | | • | Rupees in '000— | | | or the year |
| | Politica | 45.000/ | | Rupees in '000— | associates | | • |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund | Pakistan | 15.03% | 931,058 | Rupees in '000— (171,052) | associates (845) | - | 759,16 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund | Pakistan | 2.66% | 931,058 988,659 | Rupees in '000— | (845) 14,027 | - - | 759,16 811,20 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund | Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 | (171,052) (191,480) | (845) 14,027 9,323 | - - - | 759,16 811,20 318,54 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 | Rupees in '000— (171,052) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 | - - - - | 759,16 811,20 318,5 ² 31,22 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 | - - - - - | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) | - - - - - | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) | - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 | - - - - - - (91,126) | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% 10.15% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) 1,336,295 | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 36,406 | - - - - - - (91,126) (36,406) | 759,16 811,22 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 75,24 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I Meezan Gold Fund | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% 10.15% 17.05% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) 1,336,295 (28) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 36,406 6,415 | | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 75,24 1,336,25 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I Meezan Gold Fund Meezan Energy Fund | Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% 10.15% 17.05% 16.85% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) 1,336,295 (28) (20,335) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 36,406 6,415 (993) | | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 75,24 1,336,25 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I Meezan Gold Fund Meezan Energy Fund Meezan Sovereign Fund | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% 10.15% 17.05% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) 1,336,295 (28) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 36,406 6,415 | | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 75,24 1,336,25 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I Meezan Gold Fund Meezan Energy Fund Meezan Sovereign Fund Meezan Financial Planning Fund of | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% 10.15% 17.05% 16.85% 0.00% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 - 96,116 106,803 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) 1,336,295 (28) (20,335) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 36,406 6,415 (993) 297 | | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 75,24 1,336,25 102,50 85,47 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I Meezan Gold Fund Meezan Energy Fund Meezan Sovereign Fund Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds - Conservative | Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% 10.15% 17.05% 16.85% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) 1,336,295 (28) (20,335) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 36,406 6,415 (993) | | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 75,24 1,336,25 102,50 85,47 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I Meezan Gold Fund Meezan Energy Fund Meezan Sovereign Fund Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds - Conservative Meezan Strategic Allocation Fund - III - MCPP-IX | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% 10.15% 17.05% 16.85% 0.00% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 - 96,116 106,803 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) 1,336,295 (28) (20,335) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 36,406 6,415 (993) 297 | | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 75,24 1,336,25 102,50 85,47 |
| Al Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Islamic Fund Meezan Balanced Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Gold Sub Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension - Equity Sub Fund KSE Meezan Index Fund Meezan Islamic Income Fund Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Meezan Daily Income Fund - MDIP - I Meezan Gold Fund Meezan Energy Fund Meezan Sovereign Fund Meezan Financial Planning Fund of Funds - Conservative Meezan Strategic Allocation Fund - III - | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | 2.66% 7.34% 23.19% 2.64% 39.65% 0.00% 0.14% 10.15% 16.85% 0.00% 3.88% | 931,058 988,659 309,220 50,424 131,589 1,130,226 51,630 1,574,673 - 96,116 106,803 - 8,276 | (171,052) (191,480) - (19,912) - 77,495 (50,205) (1,499,432) 1,336,295 (28) (20,335) | (845) 14,027 9,323 715 4,967 (111,699) (1,425) 91,126 36,406 6,415 (993) 297 | | 759,16 811,20 318,54 31,22 136,55 1,096,02 75,24 1,336,29 102,50 85,47 8,81 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|---|------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 11 | ISLAMIC FINANCING AND RELATED ASSETS | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| | In Pakistan: | | | |
| | Murabaha financing and related assets | | | |
| | - Murabaha financing | 11.1 | 7,127,282 | 6,195,161 |
| | - Advances against Murabaha | | 4,888,537 | 2,224,908 |
| | - Murabaha inventory | 11.2 | 3,872,679 | 2,085,908 1,048,988 |
| | Financing under Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha Financing against Islamic SME Asaan Finance | 11.3 | 711,413 94,018 | 10,000 |
| | - Inventory under Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha | 11.5 | 34,010 | 35,000 |
| | - Advance against Islamic SME Asaan Finance | | _ | 40,000 |
| | - Advance against Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha | | 2,465,400 | 460,014 |
| | | | 19,159,329 | 12,099,979 |
| | Running Musharakah financing - Running Musharakah financing | | 240,531,788 | 193,218,603 |
| | - Financing under Islamic Export Refinance - Running Musharakah | | 50,965,430 | 37,235,077 |
| | - I mancing under islamic export helinance - numining musharakan | | 291,497,218 | 230,453,680 |
| | Istisna financing and related assets | | | |
| | - Istisna financing | | 23,081,974 | 6,534,664 |
| | - Advances against Istisna | | 94,010,017 | 68,370,720 |
| | Istisna inventory Financing under Islamic Export Refinance - Istisna | | 13,309,627 72,143 | 5,574,727 266,800 |
| | - Advances under Islamic Export Refinance - Istisna | | 10,957,214 | 7,985,372 |
| | - Inventory under Islamic Export Refinance - Istisna | | 1,658,523 | 2,866,783 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 143,089,498 | 91,599,066 |
| | Tijarah financing and related assets - Tijarah financing | | 1,959,394 | 1,715,312 |
| | - Tijarah inventory | | 9,160,823 | 10,959,567 |
| | - Financing under Islamic Export Refinance - Tijarah | | 1,056,241 | 1,549,127 |
| | - Financing under Islamic SME Asaan Finance - Tijarah | | - | 2,738 |
| | - Inventory under Islamic Export Refinance - Tijarah | | 1,132,182 | 413,901 |
| | | | 13,308,640 | 14,640,645 |
| | Musawammah financing and related assets | 44.4 | 74.000.440 | 00,000,500 |
| | - Musawammah financing | 11.4 | 74,983,110 | 33,362,530 |
| | - Advances against Musawammah - Musawammah Inventory | | 11,073,176 12,874,909 | 8,621,219 15,944,490 |
| | - Financing under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah | 11.5 | 1,481,762 | 2,313,610 |
| | - Financing under SBP's Islamic Financing Facility for | 11.0 | 1,401,702 | 2,010,010 |
| | Renewable Energy (IFRE) - Musawammah | 11.6 | 271,213 | 90,260 |
| | - Advances under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah | | 412,100 | 647,638 |
| | - Inventory under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah | | - | 1,215,492 |
| | Calara Financia a and related assets | | 101,096,270 | 62,195,239 |
| | Salam Financing and related assets - Salam Financing | | 899,631 | 990,223 |
| | - Advances against Salam | | 18,705,389 | 11,204,294 |
| | - Salam Inventory | | 1,836,491 | 1,230,270 |
| | - Advances under Islamic Export Refinance - Salam | | - | 449,206 |
| | | | 21,441,511 | 13,873,993 |
| | Financing against bills | | E 170 010 | 0.007.005 |
| | - Financing against bills - Salam - Advance against bills - Salam | | 5,173,912 1,738 | 9,827,325 1,947 |
| | Advance against bills Galain | | 5,175,650 | 9,829,272 |
| | | | , ,,,,,,, | -,, |
| | - Bai Muajjal financing | 11.7 | 35,969,952 | 39,429,724 |
| | Ijarah financing and related assets | | | |
| | - Net investment in Ijarah | | 74,960 | 75,042 |
| | - Net book value of assets/investment in Ijarah under IFAS 2 | | 63,004,338 | 54,013,622 |
| | - Net book value of assets/investment in Ijarah under IFAS 2 | | | 11 000 |
| | Islamic Long Term Financing Facility (ILTFF) for Plant & Machinery | 11.8 | 63 070 200 | 11,030 54,099,694 |
| | - Advances against Ijarah | 11.0 | 63,079,298 6,508,337 | 8,865,508 |
| | | | 69,587,635 | 62,965,202 |
| | | | | • • • |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|---------------|--|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| Dir | minichina N | Musharakah financing and related assets | | | |
| | | Musharakah financing and related assets Musharakah financing | | 151,635,702 | 110,857,954 |
| | | Musharakah financing - housing | | 20,132,503 | 16,670,211 |
| | | Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Financing | | 062.006 | 60.010 |
| | | Storage of Agricultural Produce (IFFSAP) Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Financing | | 263,206 | 62,913 |
| F | acility for F | Renewable Energy (IFRE) | | 14,350,196 | 952,704 |
| | | Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Refinance | | | |
| | | Combating COVID – 19 (IRFCC) Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic SME | | 295,145 | 402,751 |
| | | nce (I-SAAF) Scheme | | 80,771 | 9,900 |
| | | Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Long Term | | | |
| | | acility (ILTFF) for Plant & Machinery Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Temporary | | 15,771,049 | 12,881,740 |
| | | refinance Facility (ITERF) | | 10,880,035 | 1,507,883 |
| | | Musharakah financing - SBP's Islamic Refinance | | . 0,000,000 | 1,001,000 |
| | | Payment of Wages & Salaries to the Workers and | | 407.700 | 0.004.000 |
| | | of Business Concerns (IRSPWS) gainst Diminishing Musharakah | | 427,780 29,957,946 | 2,321,293 11,302,256 |
| | | gainst Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's IFFSAP | | 57,141 | 83,939 |
| - A | dvances a | gainst Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's IFRE | | 2,870,913 | 15,188,412 |
| | | gainst Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's IRFCC | | 254,401 | 327,087 |
| | | gainst Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's ISAAF gainst Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's ITERF | | 4,800 9,030,290 | 12,148,592 |
| | | gainst Diminishing Musharakah under SBP's ILTFF | | 9,986,155 | 4,963,408 |
| | | • | | 265,998,033 | 189,681,043 |
| - N | /lusharakal | ı financing | | 888,725 | - |
| - W | Vakalah Tul | Istithmar financing | | 6,375,000 | 10,625,000 |
| - A | dvances a | gainst Wakalah Tul Istithmar | | 19,227,133 | 23,714,700 |
| | _ | ainst Service Ijarah | | 14,899,103 | 7,749,103 |
| | | ing under SBP's IRSPWS | | 5,783 | 28,914 |
| | | ing under SBP's IRFCC | | 406,027 | 528,791 |
| | - | ard for Hajj and Umrah) | 44.0 | 9,714 | 274 |
| | | ng (including under SBP's IFRE) | 11.9 | 8,433,655 | 6,237,617 |
| | ther financ | | | 1,532,881 | 1,642,884 |
| Gro | oss Islamic | Financing and Related Assets | 11.10 | 1,018,101,757 | 777,295,126 |
| | | n against non-performing | 44.40 | (10.010.700) | (40,000,000) |
| | | ncing and related assets - Specific n against non-performing | 11.12 | (12,812,762) | (13,338,988) |
| | | ncing and related assets - General | 11.12 | (9,780,641) | (5,870,018) |
| Isla | amic financ | ing and related assets - net of provision | | 995,508,354 | 758,086,120 |
| | | | | | |
| 11.1 | Murabaha | receivable - gross | 11.1.1 | 12,435,057 | 6,944,861 |
| | | rred murabaha income | 11.1.3 | (164,688) | (117,597) |
| | | t receivable shown in other assets | | (5,143,087) | (632,103) |
| | Murabaha | financing | 11.1.2 | 7,127,282 | 6,195,161 |
| | 11.1.1 | Murabaha Sale Price | | 12,435,057 | 6,944,861 |
| | | Murabaha Purchase Price | | (7,127,282) | (6,195,161) |
| | | | | 5,307,775 | 749,700 |
| | 11.1.2 | The movement in Murabaha financing during the year | ar is as follows: | | |
| | | Opening balance | | 6,195,161 | 7,292,120 |
| | | Sales during the year Adjusted during the year | | 68,424,533 (67,492,412) | 72,951,570 (74,048,529) |
| | | Closing balance | | 7,127,282 | 6,195,161 |
| | 44.4.0 | · · | | | |
| | 11.1.3 | Deferred Murabaha income | | 4.4 | 4.5 |
| | | Opening balance Arising during the year | | 117,597 10,906,739 | 112,171 2,621,586 |
| | | Recognised during the year | | (10,859,648) | (2,616,160) |
| | | Closing balance | | 164,688 | 117,597 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| 11.2 | Less: Defe Profi | under Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha - gross rred income t receivable shown in other assets under Islamic Export Refinance - Murabaha | 745,114 (10,030) (23,671) 711,413 | 1,068,203 (5,937) (13,278) 1,048,988 |
| | 11.2.1 | The movement in Islamic Export Refinance Murabaha financing during the year is as follows: | | |
| | | Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance | 1,048,988 3,990,743 (4,328,318) 711,413 | 873,321 3,159,707 (2,984,040) 1,048,988 |
| | 11.2.2 | Deferred Islamic Export Refinance Murabaha income | | |
| | | Opening balance Arising during the year Recognised during the year Closing balance | 5,937 82,533 (78,440) 10,030 | 5,106 51,534 (50,703) 5,937 |
| 11.3 | Less: Defe Prof | against Islamic SME Asaan Finance - Murabaha - gross rred income 11.3. it receivable shown in other assets against Islamic SME Asaan Finance - Murabaha | 142,590 2 (37,218) (11,354) 94,018 | 11,546 (1,526) (20) 10,000 |
| | 11.3.1 | The movement in Islamic SME Asaan Finance (Murabaha financing during the year is as follows: |) | |
| | | Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year | 10,000 116,957 (32,939) | 10,000 |
| | 11.00 | Closing balance | 94,018 | 10,000 |
| | 11.3.2 | Deferred Islamic SME Asaan Finance Murabaha income Opening balance Arising during the year Recognised during the year Closing balance | 1,506 47,066 (11,354) 37,218 | 1,546 (20) 1,526 |
| 11.4 | Less: Defe Prof | mah financing - gross erred income it receivable shown in other assets mah financing | 76,327,808 (593,935) (750,763) 74,983,110 | 34,477,153 (468,449) (646,174) 33,362,530 |
| 11.5 | Less: Defe Prof | under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah - gross erred income it receivable shown in other assets under Islamic Export Refinance - Musawammah | 1,548,225 (33,599) (32,864) 1,481,762 | 2,346,068 (13,048) (19,410) 2,313,610 |
| 11.6 | Financing Less: Defe Prof | under SBP's IFRE - Musawammah - gross erred income it receivable shown in other assets under SBP's IFRE - Musawammah | 304,510 (29,482) (3,815) 271,213 | 101,406 (10,925) (221) 90,260 |
| 11.7 | Less: Defe Prof | I financing - gross erred income it receivable shown in other assets I financing | 42,504,634 (5,283,514) (1,251,168) 35,969,952 | 40,373,453 (300,831) (642,898) 39,429,724 |
| | | | | |

- 11.8 Net book value of assets / investments in Ijarah under IFAS 2 is net of depreciation of Rs 45,881 million (2021: Rs 41,547 million).
- 11.9 This includes Rs 699 million (2021: Rs 671 million) representing profit free financing to staff advanced under the Holding Company's Human Resource Policies.

11.10 Particulars of financing - gross

2022 Rupees in '000

- local currency - foreign currencies

| 972,271,359 | 733,552,562 |
|---------------|-------------|
| 45,830,398 | 43,742,564 |
| 1,018,101,757 | 777,295,126 |

2021

For the year ended December 31, 2022

11.11 Islamic financing and related assets include Rs 13,628 million (2021: Rs 14,450 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

| | 20 | 022 | : | 2021 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Category of classification | Non performing amount | Provision held | Non performing amount | Provision held |
| | - | — Rupees | in '000 —— | |
| Domestic | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Other Assets Especially Mentioned | 221,234 | 114 | 41,771 | 358 |
| Substandard | 318,621 | 69,740 | 409,772 | 82,151 |
| Doubtful | 305,332 | 127,458 | 1,000,601 | 356,314 |
| Loss | 12,783,100 | 12,615,450 | 12,997,394 | 12,900,165 |
| Total | 13,628,287 | 12,812,762 | 14,449,538 | 13,338,988 |

11.12 Particulars of provision against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets:

| | 2022 | | | | | 2021 | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|---|-------|---|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Specific | General | Total | | Specific | General | Total | | |
| | | | Rupe | es in | es in '000 — | | | | |
| Opening balance Exchange Adjustment Charge for the year Less: Reversals | 13,338,988 219,559 815,425 (1,476,314) | 5,870,018 - 3,910,623 - | 19,209,006 219,559 4,726,048 (1,476,314) | | 13,602,974 - 2,186,594 (1,859,091) | 5,452,711 - 417,307 - | 19,055,685 - 2,603,901 (1,859,091) | | |
| Amount written off | (660,889) (84,896) | 3,910,623 | 3,249,734 (84,896) | | 327,503 (591,489) | 417,307 | 744,810 (591,489) | | |
| Closing balance | 12,812,762 | 9,780,641 | 22,593,403 | | 13,338,988 | 5,870,018 | 19,209,006 | | |

11.12.1 Particulars of provision against non-performing financing:

| | 2022 | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------|------------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Specific | General | Total | | Specific | General | Total |
| | | | Rupe | es in ' | 000 | | |
| In local currency | 12,344,783 | 9,780,641 | 22,125,424 | | 13,090,568 | 5,870,018 | 18,960,586 |
| In foreign currencies | 467,979 | - | 467,979 | | 248,420 | - | 248,420 |
| | 12,812,762 | 9,780,641 | 22,593,403 | | 13,338,988 | 5,870,018 | 19,209,006 |

11.12.2 The Holding Company maintains general provision in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Consumer Financing and House Financing issued by the SBP.

In addition, the Holding Company has also maintained a general provision of Rs 9,100 million (2021: Rs 5,350 million) against financing made on prudent basis, in view of prevailing economic conditions. This general provision is in addition to the requirements of Prudential Regulations.

11.12.3 In accordance with BSD Circular No. 2 dated January 27, 2009 issued by the SBP, the Holding Company has availed the benefit of Forced Sales Value (FSV) of collaterals against the non-performing financing. The accumulated benefit availed amounts to Rs 256.30 million (2021: Rs 176.60 million). The additional profit arising from availing the FSV benefit - net of tax amounts to Rs 130.70 million (2021: Rs 107.70 million). The increase in profit, due to availing of the benefit, is not available for distribution of cash and stock dividend to shareholders.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 11.13 Particulars of write offs | Note | 2022 Rupee: | 2021 s in '000 |
|---|-------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Against provisions Directly charged to consolidated profit and loss account | 11.12 | 84,896 - 84,896 | 591,489 515 592,004 |
| Write offs Rs. 500,000 and above - Domestic Write offs below Rs. 500,000 - Domestic | | 84,896 - 84,896 | 592,004 - 592,004 |

11.13.1 Details of financing written off of Rs 500,000 and above

In term of sub-section (3) of section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Statement in respect of written off financing or any other financial relief of rupees five hundred thousand or above allowed to any

| | person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2022 is given in Annexure I. | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|--|-------------|--------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|------------|---------------------|
| | | | | 1 | Note | 2022 | | 2021 | |
| 12 | FIXED | ASSETS | | | | | Rı | pees in '0 | 00 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Capita | l work-in-progress | | | 1: | 2.1 | 6,788,047 | 7 | 5,117,821 |
| | Prope | ty and equipment | | | 1: | 2.2 | 22,397,767 | 7 | 16,406,063 |
| | Right- | of-use assets | | | 1: | 2.3 | 11,438,844 | 1 | 12,662,091 |
| | | | | | | | 40,624,658 | 3 | 34,185,975 |
| | 12.1 | Capital work-in-progress | | | | _ | | | |
| | | Advances to suppliers and contra | actors for: | | | | | | |
| | | - civil works | | | | | 4,767,018 | | 3,600,313 |
| | | - computer hardware | | | | | 815,696 | | 583,704 |
| | | - purchase of vehicles | | | | | 76,824 | | 346,210 |
| | | - office machines | | | | | 999,576 | | 472,467 |
| | | - furniture and fixtures | | | | | 128,933 | | 115,127 |
| | | | | | | _ | 6,788,047 | | 5,117,821 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | 12.2 | Property and equipment | | | | 2022 | | | |
| | | | Leasehold | Buildings on | Leasehol | d Furniture | Electrical, | Vehicles | Total |
| | | | Land | leasehold | | ents and fixtures | office and | | |
| | | | | land | | | computer | | |
| | | | | | | Rupees in '000 | equipments | | |
| | | At January 1, 2022 | | | | Trupeces iii 000 | | | |
| | | Cost | 5,919,065 | 2,408,559 | 8,516,895 | 1,133,257 | 9,006,197 | 3,301,369 | 30,285,342 |
| | | Accumulated depreciation | - | 799,083 | 4,794,140 | 648,413 | 6,230,634 | 1,407,009 | 13,879,279 |
| | | Net book value | 5,919,065 | 1,609,476 | 3,722,755 | 484,844 | 2,775,563 | 1,894,360 | 16,406,063 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Year ended December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | |
| | | Opening net book value | 5,919,065 | 1,609,476 | 3,722,755 | 484,844 | 2,775,563 | 1,894,360 | 16,406,063 |
| | | Additions Transfer from non-banking assets | 509,619 | 1,499,517 | 1,733,755 | 351,397 - | 3,730,318 | 1,439,443 | 9,264,049 64,815 |
| | | Disposals | 64,815 | - | (26,000) | (1,331) | (18,146) | (113,801) | (159,278) |
| | | Depreciation charge (note 31) | _ | (152,665) | (745,208) | (1,051) | (1,429,492) | (735,466) | (3,177,882) |
| | | Closing net book value | 6,493,499 | 2,956,328 | 4,685,302 | 719,859 | 5,058,243 | 2,484,536 | 22,397,767 |
| | | ů | | | · · · | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | |
| | | At December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | |
| | | Cost | 6,493,499 | | 10,172,770 | 1,468,943 | 12,499,790 | 4,271,872 | 38,814,950 |
| | | Accumulated depreciation | - | 951,748 | 5,487,468 | 749,084 | 7,441,547 | 1,787,336 | 16,417,183 |
| | | Net book value | 6,493,499 | 2,956,328 | 4,685,302 | 719,859 | 5,058,243 | 2,484,536 | 22,397,767 |
| | | Rate of depreciation (percentage) | - | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10, 20 and 33 | 20 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | 2021 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---|-----------|-------------|
| | Leasehold Land | Buildings on leasehold land | | f Furniture and fixtures | Electrical, office and computer equipments | Vehicles | Total |
| | | | I | Rupees in '000 - | equipments | | |
| At January 1, 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Cost | 4,881,161 | 2,012,816 | 7,901,111 | 1,004,393 | 7,855,608 | 2,684,083 | 26,339,172 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | 691,325 | 4,075,042 | 569,478 | 5,300,335 | 1,052,254 | 11,688,434 |
| Net book value | 4,881,161 | 1,321,491 | 3,826,069 | 434,915 | 2,555,273 | 1,631,829 | 14,650,738 |
| Year ended December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Opening net book value | 4,881,161 | 1,321,491 | 3,826,069 | 434,915 | 2.555.273 | 1,631,829 | 14,650,738 |
| Additions | 1,037,904 | 395,743 | 616,091 | 133,164 | 1,195,076 | 954,558 | 4,332,536 |
| Transfer from non-banking assets | - | - | - | - | - | · - | - |
| Disposals | - | - | (174) | (72) | (1,286) | (102,762) | (104,294) |
| Depreciation charge (note 31) | - | (107,758) | (719,231) | (83,165) | (973,498) | (589,265) | (2,472,917) |
| Closing net book value | 5,919,065 | 1,609,476 | 3,722,755 | 484,842 | 2,775,565 | 1,894,360 | 16,406,063 |
| At December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | _ |
| Cost | 5,919,065 | 2,408,559 | 8,516,895 | 1,133,257 | 9,006,197 | 3,301,369 | 30.285.342 |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | 799,083 | 4,794,140 | 648,413 | 6,230,634 | 1,407,009 | 13,879,279 |
| Net book value | 5,919,065 | 1,609,476 | 3,722,755 | 484,844 | 2,775,563 | 1,894,360 | 16,406,063 |
| Rate of depreciation (percentage) | - | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10, 20 and 33 | 20 | |

- 12.2.1 Included in cost of property and equipment are fully depreciated items still in use aggregating Rs 6,761 million (2021: Rs 5,943 million).
- 12.2.2 Details of disposal of fixed assets to related parties or other persons having net book value of Rs 500,000 or above are as follows:

| Description | Cost | Accumulated depreciation | l Net book value | Sale proceeds | Mode of disposal | Particulars of purchaser |
|---------------------|--------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------------|--|
| | | — Rupees | in '000 – | | | |
| Vehicles | | | | | | |
| Toyota Land Cruiser | 11,525 | 8,644 | 2,881 | 5,655 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Arshad Majeed (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Toyota Prado | 8,906 | 7,391 | 1,515 | 3,331 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Ahmed Ali Siddiqui (Executive, Employee) |
| • | 1 1 | | 1 1 | | | |
| Toyota Fortuner | 6,735 | 4,925 | 1,810 | 3,793 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Kazi Muhammad Aamir (Late) (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Toyota Fortuner | 6,166 | 5,532 | 634 | 2,339 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Shabbir Hamza Khandwala (Executive, Employee) |
| Toyota Revo | 4,055 | 3,514 | 541 | 1,921 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Urooj Ul Hasan Khan (Executive, Employee) |
| KIA Sportage | 5,020 | 1,504 | 3,516 | 4,036 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Imran Taufiq Dhedhi (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| KIA Sorento | 4,195 | 764 | 3,431 | 4,581 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Mian Nasir Mehmood (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| BMW | 6,318 | 5,792 | 526 | 2,271 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Ariful Islam (Deputy Chief Executive Officer, a |
| | | | | | | related party) |
| Honda Civic | 3,864 | 2,438 | 1,426 | 2,204 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Nizar Diamond Ali (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 3,495 | 2,384 | 1,111 | 1,810 | Group's Staff Policy | Syed Mehdi Abbas Naqvi (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 3,491 | 2,321 | 1,170 | 1,896 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Mubasher Ahmed (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 3,393 | 2,201 | 1,192 | 1,967 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Muhammad Amin (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,933 | 2,035 | 898 | 1,676 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Sohail Aslam (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,864 | 2,272 | 592 | 1,282 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Mohammad Adil Sami (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,822 | 1,687 | 1,135 | 1,636 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Shahzad Abdullah (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,818 | 2,141 | 677 | 1,301 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Bashir Ahmed (Executive, Ex-employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,768 | 2,147 | 621 | 1,551 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Kazi Muhammad Aamir (Late) (Executive, |
| | | | | | | Ex-employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,767 | 2,483 | 284 | 1,054 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Shabbir Hamza Khandwala (Executive, Employee) |
| Honda Civic | 2,632 | 2,104 | 528 | 1,181 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Shayan Ahmed Baig (Executive, Employee) |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| Pubmic P | Description | Cost | Accumulated depreciation | value | Sale proceeds | Mode of disposal | Particulars of purchaser |
|--|----------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| Honda Chic 1.419 1.007 412 7.712 Group Staff Policy Mr Zeenhan Arhand (Executive, Employee) 1.750 1.550 1.007 1. | Vehicles | | — Rupees | in '000 – | | | |
| Honda Chic 1.419 1.007 412 7.712 Group Staff Policy Mr Zeenhan Arhand (Executive, Employee) 1.750 1.550 1.007 1. | Honda Civic | 2 236 | 1 408 | 828 | 1 285 | Group's Staff Policy | Sved Tanveer Hussain (Executive Employee) |
| Toyota Corolla 2,997 2,345 652 1,559 Group's Staff Policy for Corolla 2,997 1,794 2,825 1,759 5,707 1,268 1,794 2,925 1,795 1,796 1, | | 1 ' 1 | | 1 | | | • |
| Toyota Corolla 2,997 2,345 652 1,5569 Group's Staff Policy Mr Angement And Agun Afrance (Employee) Toyota Corolla 2,187 1,384 833 1,288 Group's Staff Policy Mr Nadeem Add Razak (Executive, Employee) Honda City 2,625 1,1079 525 1,1079 Group's Staff Policy Mr Madem Add Razak (Executive, Employee) Honda City 2,052 1,208 683 1,116 Group's Staff Policy Mr Manuf Usani (Executive, Employee) Honda City 1,004 505 1,116 Group's Staff Policy Mr Manuf Usani (Executive, Employee) Honda City 1,501 974 527 831 Group's Staff Policy Mr Oxysia figure, Executive, Employee) Honda City 1,501 974 527 831 Group's Staff Policy Mr Oxysia figure, Executive, Employee) Honda City 2,636 1,312 1,524 2,577 Negotiation Mr Oxysia figure, Executive, Employee) Honda City 2,636 4,838 2,000 2,550 Negotiation Mr Save arrance facts and facts and facts and facts | | | | 1 | 1 | | |
| Toyota Corola 2,985 1,384 803 1,286 Scrup's Staff Policy Final Propose Final P | • | | | | | | |
| Toylor Corolla 2,095 1,570 525 1,079 Group's Staff Policy Muhammad Adrian Razzak (Executive, Employee) Honda City 2,051 1,505 505 1,027 Group's Staff Policy Muhammad Adrian Razzak (Executive, Employee) Honda City 2,055 1,505 505 1,027 Group's Staff Policy Muhammad Charmad (Executive, Employee) Honda City 1,964 1,206 688 1,593 Group's Staff Policy Mr Faisak Yunas (Executive, Employee) Honda City 1,964 1,206 689 1,593 Group's Staff Policy Mr Faisak Yunas (Executive, Employee) Honda City 1,964 1,206 689 1,593 Group's Staff Policy Mr Grinys Lud Din Butt Late) (Executive, Employee) Group's Staff Policy Mr Grinys Lud Din Butt Late) (Executive, Employee) Honda City 2,577 1,79 2,439 May May May Mr Nawa Curs Pakistan Limited Honda City 2,496 663 1,833 2,701 May May May May May Mr Nawa Curs Pakistan Limited Honda City 2,496 663 1,834 2,280 Magotation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Monda City 2,496 663 1,824 2,280 Magotation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Mroda City 2,496 665 1,804 2,760 Magotation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Mroda City 2,496 662 1,804 2,760 Magotation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Mroda City 2,496 663 1,824 2,280 Magotation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Mroda City 2,496 662 1,804 2,760 Magotation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Mroda City 2,496 663 1,824 2,280 Magotation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Mroda City 2,496 675 1,807 1,807 Magotation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Mr May Mroda City 2,986 Mroda City 2,986 Mroda City 3,986 M | • | | | 1 | | | |
| Honda City | | 1 ' 1 | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | | |
| Honda City | | | | | | , | , , , , |
| Honda City | , | | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | | |
| Honda City | | 1 ' 1 | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | | |
| Honda City | • | | | 1 | | | |
| Toyola Corolla | Honda City | 1,904 | 1,206 | 698 | 1,593 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Ghiyas Ud Din Butt (Late) (Executive, |
| Toylor Corolla | Suzuki Cultus | 1,501 | 974 | 527 | 831 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Naveed Uz Zaman Khan Sherwani (Executive, |
| Honda City | Toyota Carolla | 2 026 | 1 212 | 1 504 | 0.577 | Negotiation | |
| Honda City | • | 1 ' 1 | | | | • | • |
| Honda City | • | | 1 . | | 1 ' 1 | | |
| Honda City | • | 1 ' 1 | | | | • | |
| Honda City | • | | | | | | · · |
| Honda City | , | 1 ' 1 | | | | • | - |
| Honda City | • | | 1 | | 1 | - | • |
| Honda City | • | 1 ' 1 | | | | • | |
| Honda City | • | | | | 1 ' 1 | | |
| Honda City | , | 1 ' 1 | 1 | | 1 ' 1 | - | |
| Honda City | • | | | | | • | |
| Honda City | • | | | | 1 ' 1 | | |
| Honda City | | 1 ' 1 | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | - | • |
| Honda City | • | | | 1 | | • | |
| Honda City | • | | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | - | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,442 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,790 446 1,344 1,486 Negotiation Mr Adnammad Chand Suzuki Cultus 1,790 326 1,464 1,865 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,786 327 1,459 1,857 Negotiation Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,768 852 945 2,125 Negotiation Mr Abase Daria Suzuki Cultus 1,768 852 916 1,721 Negotiation Mr Abase Daria Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation Mr Shahbaz Munawar Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,627 Negotiation Mr Tariq Mehmood Suzuki Cultus 1,757 842 915 1,655 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,488 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | 1 ' 1 | | 1 | | - | • |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,790 446 1,344 1,486 Negotiation Negotiation Mr Muhammad Chand Suzuki Cultus 1,790 448 1,342 1,818 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,786 327 1,459 1,857 Negotiation Mr Almar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,770 825 945 2,125 Negotiation Mr Almar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,768 852 945 2,125 Negotiation Mr Almar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,767 849 908 1,486 Negotiation Mr Almar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation Mr Almar Mamar Mr Tariq Mehmood Mr Almar Maeem Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,655 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,726 Negotiation Mr Almar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | • | | | 1 | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,790 448 1,342 1,818 Negotiation Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,780 326 1,464 1,865 Negotiation Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,780 825 945 2,125 Negotiation Mr Haseeb Tariq Suzuki Cultus 1,768 852 916 1,721 Negotiation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation Mr Savac Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation Mr Shahbaz Munawar Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,627 Negotiation Mr Tariq Mehmood Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adana Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Adana | | | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | - | • |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,790 326 1,464 1,865 Negotiation Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,786 327 1,459 1,857 Negotiation Mr Haseeb Tariq Suzuki Cultus 1,768 852 916 1,721 Negotiation Mr/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation Mr Shabbaz Munawar Suzuki Cultus 1,757 936 821 1,464 Negotiation Mr Shabbaz Munawar Suzuki Cultus 1,757 936 821 1,464 Negotiation Mr Adnan Maseer Almed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,625 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Almed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Almed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,682 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Almed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Almed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 533 1,172 1,682 Negot | | 1 ' 1 | | | 1 ' 1 | - | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,786 327 1,459 1,857 Negotiation Mys Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,770 825 945 2,125 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,768 852 916 1,721 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,627 Negotiation M/s Augmented Business Solution M/s Augmented Business Solut | | | 1 | | | • | Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,770 825 945 2,125 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,768 852 916 1,721 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation M Shahbaz Munawar Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,627 Negotiation Mr Tariq Mehmood Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,655 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,488 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,726 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed< | Suzuki Cultus | 1,786 | 327 | 1,459 | 1,857 | | Mr Haseeb Tariq |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,768 852 916 1,721 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation M Shahbaz Munawar Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,627 Negotiation Mr Tariq Mehmood Suzuki Cultus 1,757 842 915 1,655 Negotiation Mr Adeal Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,682 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,726 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,726 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed | Suzuki Cultus | 1,770 | 825 | 945 | 2,125 | | M/s Augmentech Business Solution |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,486 Negotiation M Shahbaz Munawar Suzuki Cultus 1,757 936 821 1,464 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,627 Negotiation Mr Tariq Mehmood Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,682 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,726 Negotiation Mr Adram Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,755 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed | Suzuki Cultus | 1,768 | 852 | 916 | | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,627 Negotiation Mr Tariq Mehmood Suzuki Cultus 1,757 842 915 1,655 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,682 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,726 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus <td>Suzuki Cultus</td> <td>1,757</td> <td>849</td> <td>908</td> <td>1,486</td> <td>Negotiation</td> <td>M Shahbaz Munawar</td> | Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 849 | 908 | 1,486 | Negotiation | M Shahbaz Munawar |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,757 842 915 1,655 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,682 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,726 Negotiation Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mr S Vava Cars Pakistan Limited <td>Suzuki Cultus</td> <td>1,757</td> <td>936</td> <td>821</td> <td>1,464</td> <td>Negotiation</td> <td>Syed Muhammad Naeem</td> | Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 936 | 821 | 1,464 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,387 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,488 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,682 Negotiation Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,726 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation Mrs Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mrs Avava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 813 930 1,750 Negotiation Mrs Augmentec | Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 847 | 910 | 1,627 | Negotiation | Mr Tariq Mehmood |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,757 847 910 1,488 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,682 Negotiation Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,726 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mr Satgenter Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 696 1,047 1,801 Negotiation Mr Saugmentech Business Solution< | Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 842 | 915 | 1,655 | Negotiation | Mr Adeel Hameed |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,757 849 908 1,682 Negotiation Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Adeel Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,726 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mr/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 696 1,047 1,801 Negotiation Mr/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation Mr/s Augmentech B | Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 849 | 908 | 1,387 | Negotiation | Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,726 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mrs Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mrs Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 896 1,047 1,801 Negotiation Mrs Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation Mrs Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,46 Negotiation | Suzuki Cultus | 1,757 | 847 | 910 | 1,488 | Negotiation | Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,756 732 1,024 1,756 Negotiation Mr Safeer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation Mr/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 896 1,047 1,801 Negotiation Mr/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation Mr/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation S | Suzuki Cultus | | 1 | 1 | | - | Mr Ahmar Hameed Sheikh |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,755 583 1,172 1,684 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,726 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 696 1,047 1,801 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 608 1,130 1,851 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 <td< td=""><td></td><td>1 ' 1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td></td<> | | 1 ' 1 | 1 | | | • | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,751 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,726 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 813 930 1,750 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 608 1,130 1,851 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation M/s Adman Maeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 | | | | | 1 ' 1 | | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,755 640 1,115 1,726 Negotiation Mr Adeel Hameed Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 813 930 1,750 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 608 1,130 1,851 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 769 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1 ' 1</td><td>-</td><td></td></t<> | | | 1 | | 1 ' 1 | - | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,744 813 931 1,770 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 1,075 1,853 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 696 1,047 1,801 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 813 930 1,750 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 608 1,130 1,851 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation M/s Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 7 | | 1 ' 1 | | | | • | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,743 668 Suzuki Cultus 1,075 Suzuki Cultus 1,853 Suzuki Cultus Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 Suzuki Cultus 1,743 Suzuki Cultus 1,743 Suzuki Cultus 1,750 Suzuki Cultus Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 Suzuki Cultus 1,738 Suzuki Cultus 608 Suzuki Cultus 1,130 Suzuki Cultus 1,720 Suzuki Cultus 831 Suzuki Cultus 1,740 Suzuki Cultus 1,485 Suzuki Cultus 716 Suzuki Cultus 769 Suzuki Cultus 1,471 Suzuki Cultus 1,471 Suzuki Cultus 1,471 Suzuki Cultus 1,471 Suzuki Cultus 1,443 Suzuki Cultus | | | | | | - | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,743 696 1,047 1,801 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,743 813 930 1,750 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,446 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 769 1,514 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,471 708 763 1,652 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | • | - |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,743 813 930 1,750 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 608 1,130 1,851 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,466 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 769 1,514 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,471 708 763 1,652 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | 1 ' 1 | | | | • | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,738 578 1,160 1,790 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,738 608 1,130 1,851 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,466 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 769 1,514 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,471 708 763 1,652 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | | | 1 ' 1 | • | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,738 608 1,130 1,851 Negotiation M/s Augmentech Business Solution Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,440 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,446 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 769 1,514 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,471 708 763 1,652 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | 1 ' 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 ' 1 | - | · · |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,490 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,446 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 769 1,514 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,471 708 763 1,652 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | | | | • | · · |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,446 Negotiation Syed Muhammad Naeem Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 769 1,514 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,471 708 763 1,652 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | 1 | | 1 ' 1 | • | - |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,720 831 889 1,566 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,485 716 769 1,514 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed Suzuki Cultus 1,471 708 763 1,652 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | 1 | 1 | 1 ' 1 | - | • |
| Suzuki Cultus1,4857167691,514NegotiationMr Adnan Naseer AhmedSuzuki Cultus1,4717087631,652NegotiationM/s Vava Cars Pakistan LimitedSuzuki Cultus1,4439385051,472NegotiationMr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | 1 | 1 | | • | • |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,471 708 763 1,652 Negotiation M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | | |
| Suzuki Cultus 1,443 938 505 1,472 Negotiation Mr Adnan Naseer Ahmed | | | | 1 | | - | |
| | | 1 ' 1 | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | • | |
| Suzuni Guitus 1,429 009 020 1,030 Negotiation M/s vava Cars Pakistan Limited | | | | 1 | 1 ' 1 | • | |
| | Suzuki Guilüs | 1,429 | 609 | 020 | 1,030 | педопаноп | IVI/S VAVA CAIS FANISIAII LIITIILEU |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| Description | Cost | depreciation | | Sale proceeds | Mode of disposal | Particulars of purchaser |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Vehicles | | — Rupee | s in '000 - | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,419 | 851 | 568 | 1,412 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,413 | 895 | 518 | 1,434 | Negotiation | Syed Muhammad Naeem |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,407 | 767 | 640 | 1,602 | Negotiation | Mr Riaz Ahmed Khan |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,404 | 795 | 609 | 1,623 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,404 | 772 | 632 | 1,801 | Negotiation | M/s Vava Cars Pakistan Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,385 | 716 | 669 | 1,541 | Negotiation | Mr Riaz Ahmed Khan |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,336 | 801 | 535 | 1,470 | Negotiation | Mr Tarig Mehmood |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,308 | 892 | 416 | 1,575 | Negotiation | Mr Adeel Hameed |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,735 | 1,959 | 776 | 2,135 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,493 | 1,536 | 957 | 2,606 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited |
| Honda City | 2,492 | 664 | 1,828 | 2,467 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,786 | 587 | 1,199 | 1,780 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,774 | 206 | 1,568 | 1,780 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,773 | 147 | 1,626 | 1,780 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,404 | 794 | 610 | 1,425 | Takaful Claim | M/s EFU General Insurance Limited |
| Honda Civic | 2,507 | 2,257 | 250 | 451 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Muhammad Ali Lawai |
| Toyota Corolla | 1,682 | 1,682 | - | 135 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Anwar Arshad |
| Toyota Corolla | 2,025 | 1,384 | 641 | 813 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Muhammad Ali Khan |
| Toyota Fortuner | 5,488 | 5,488 | - | 521 | Group's Staff Policy | Mr Mohammad Shoaib |
| | 242,776 | 141,925 | 100,851 | 180,044 | | |
| Leasehold improvemen | to. | | | | | |
| Leasenoid improvemen | lis . | | | | | |
| Civil Works | 13,616 | 9,650 | 3,966 | 670 | Negotiation | M/s Mughal Scrap |
| Civil Works | 9,463 | 7,907 | 1,556 | 867 | Negotiation | M/s Mughal Scrap |
| Civil Works | 6,957 | 3,635 | 3,322 | 4,406 | Takaful Claim | Ms Adamjee General Insurance Limited |
| Civil Works | 618 | 108 | 510 | 557 | Takaful Claim | Ms Adamjee General Insurance Limited |
| | 30,654 | 21,300 | 9,354 | 6,500 | | |
| Other disposals | | | | | | |
| Vehicles | 226,164 | 213,215 | 12,949 | 99,504 | | |
| Electrical, office | | | | | | |
| and computer | 226 724 | 219 570 | 10 146 | 59 652 | | |
| equipment Furniture and Fixtures | 236,724 15,711 | 218,578 14,380 | 18,146 1,331 | 58,653 5,124 | | |
| Leasehold improvements | | 30,580 | 16,647 | 25,223 | | |
| Loadenoid improvements | 525,826 | 476,753 | 49,073 | 188,504 | | |
| Total Disposals | 799,256 | 639,978 | 159,278 | 375,048 | | |
| . C.C. Diopodalo | . 00,200 | 300,010 | .00,210 | 0.0,010 | | |

| 12.3 | Ria | ht-of. | .1100 | assets |
|------|-----|---------|-------|--------|
| 12.0 | nıy | 111-01. | ·use | assets |

At January 1, Additions during the year Adjusted upon reassessment of useful life (note 12.3.1) Depreciation Charge (note 31) Derecognition during the year At December 31, Useful life

| | 2022 | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Cost | Accumulated Depreciation | Net Book Value |
| | Rupees in '000 —— | |
| 19,340,985 | (6,678,894) | 12,662,091 |
| 1,473,522 | = | 1,473,522 |
| 624,880 | = | 624,880 |
| = | (3,123,212) | (3,123,212) |
| (432,906) | 234,469 | (198,437) |
| 21,006,481 | (9,567,637) | 11,438,844 |
| | | 5 years |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | 2021 | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | Cost | Accumulated Depreciation | Net Book Value |
| | | — Rupees in '000 — | |
| At January 1, | 10,266,335 | (4,266,112) | 6,000,223 |
| Additions during the year | 941,462 | - | 941,462 |
| Adjusted upon reassessment of useful life (note 12.3.1) | 8,178,322 | - | 8,178,322 |
| Depreciation Charge (note 31) | = | (2,457,916) | (2,457,916) |
| Derecognition during the year | (45,134) | 45,134 | = |
| At December 31, | 19,340,985 | (6,678,894) | 12,662,091 |
| Useful life | | | 2 - 10 years |

12.3.1 During the current year, the Holding Company has reassessed a number of existing lease agreements resulting in a reassessment of the lease agreements under IFRS 16, 'Leases'.

The Holding Company has remeasured the lease liabilities by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rates and making a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets.

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 13 | INTANGIBLE ASSETS | Rupees | s in '000 |
| | Computer software | 1,450,872 | 1,245,647 |
| | Advance against computer software | 422,646 | 259,934 |
| | | 1,873,518 | 1,505,581 |
| | 13.1 At January 1 | | |
| | Cost | 3,272,073 | 2,414,848 |
| | Accumulated amortisation | 2,026,426 | 1,657,784 |
| | Net book value | 1,245,647 | 757,064 |
| | Year ended December 31 | | |
| | Opening net book value | 1,245,647 | 757,064 |
| | Additions - directly purchased | 674,891 | 857,225 |
| | Amortisation charge (note 31) | (469,666) | (368,642) |
| | Closing net book value | 1,450,872 | 1,245,647 |
| | At December 31 | | |
| | Cost | 3,946,964 | 3,272,073 |
| | Accumulated amortisation | 2,496,092 | 2,026,426 |
| | Net book value | 1,450,872 | 1,245,647 |
| | Rate of amortisation (percentage) | 10 - 33 | 10, 20 & 33 |
| | Useful life | 3 - 10 years | 3 - 10 years |
| | | | |

^{13.1.1} Included in cost of intangible assets are fully amortised items still in use aggregating Rs 1,529 million (2021: Rs 1,287 million). Remaining life of intangible assets ranges from 1 to 10 years.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

14 **DEFERRED TAX ASSET / (LIABILITY)**

| DEFERRED TAX ASSET / (LIABILITY) | 2022 | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| | At January 1, 2022 | Recognised in profit and loss account Rupees i | Recognised in OCI | At December 31, 2022 | |
| Taxable temporary differences on: | | | | | |
| Excess of accounting book values over tax written down values of owned assets Surplus on revaluation of Non-banking | (117,836) | (327,954) | - | (445,790) | |
| assets acquired in satisfaction of claims Tax on accumulated profit of associates | (15,045) (360,086) | 66 8,805 | 12,958 | (2,021) (351,281) | |
| Deductible temporary differences on: | (492,967) | (319,083) | 12,958 | (799,092) | |
| (Surplus) / deficit on revaluation of available for sale investments | (2,583,001) | - | 3,085,686 | 502,685 | |
| Provision for diminution / impairment in value of investments Income not accrued due to non-culmination of | 1,219,092 | 164,406 | - | 1,383,498 | |
| financing Provision against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets | 1,365,823 125,678 | 1,632,208 | - | 2,998,031 | |
| Provision against non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims and others | 209,910 | (139,783) | - | 70,127 | |
| Others | 83,276 420,778 (72,189) | 38,820 1,732,463 1,413,380 | 3,085,686 3,098,644 | 122,096 5,238,927 4,439,835 | |
| | | 202 | 1 | | |
| | At January 1, 2021 | Recognised in profit and loss account | Recognised in OCI n '000 ————————————————————————————————— | At December 31, 2021 | |
| Taxable temporary differences on: | | ——— nupees i | 11 000 | | |
| Excess of accounting book values over tax written down values of owned assets Surplus on revaluation of available | 308,351 | (190,515) | - | 117,836 | |
| for sale investments Surplus on revaluation of non-banking | 2,984,345 | - | (401,344) | 2,583,001 | |
| assets acquired in satisfaction of claims Tax on accumulated profit of associates | 10,737 315,211 3,618,644 | (60) 44,875 (145,700) | 4,368 - (396,976) | 15,045 360,086 3,075,968 | |
| Deductible temporary differences on: | 5,5 . 5,5 | (1.10,1.00) | (000,010) | 3,0.0,000 | |
| Provision for diminution / impairment in value of investments Income not accrued due to non-culmination of | (1,019,969) | (199,123) | - | (1,219,092) | |
| financing Provision against non-performing Islamic financing and related assets | (1,048,537) | (317,286) | - | (1,365,823) | |
| Provision against non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims and others Others | (173,276) (76,653) | (36,634) (6,623) | - | (209,910) (83,276) | |
| | (3,792,587) | 788,808 643,108 | (396,976) | (3,003,779) | |

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| | | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------|-----------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| 15 OTHE | ER ASSI | ETS | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| Profit | / return | accrued in local currency - net of provisions | | 68,614,403 | 48,899,926 |
| | | accrued in foreign currencies - net of provisions | | 390,362 | 109,199 |
| Acce | ptances | • | | 12,495,872 | 10,925,144 |
| | | eposits, and other prepayments | 15.1 | 2,382,013 | 2,319,060 |
| | | assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | 15.2 | 50,301 | 115,269 |
| | | et gain on forward foreign exchange contracts | 20.6 | - | 976,644 |
| | | on account of sale of securities eivable | | 61,941 950 | 4,093 |
| Stam | | cervable | | 27,400 | 25,173 |
| | rity depo | osits | | 437,257 | 243,727 |
| | | nvestments | | - | 882 |
| Other | | | | 1,522,017 | 722,765 |
| | | | | 85,982,516 | 64,341,882 |
| | | on held against other assets | 15.3.1 | (268,149) | (200,082) |
| | | (Net of Provision) | | 85,714,367 | 64,141,800 |
| | | valuation of non-banking assets acquired in | 00 | 4 000 | 00.570 |
| | | of claims | 23 | 4,699 | 38,578 |
| Otnei | Assets | - total | | 85,719,066 | 64,180,378 |
| 15.1 | This i | ncludes prepaid takaful aggregating Rs 826 million | (2021: Rs 847 million) wh | nich is being amortize | d over a period of |
| | one y | ear. | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | | 2021 s in '000 |
| | | | | Парос | o 000 |
| 15.2 | Marke | t value of Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction | n of claims | 55,000 | 153,847 |
| | | active realtors as more detailed in note 42.2. The va | · | el of Pakistan Banks' . 2022 | Association. 2021 |
| | 15.2.1 | Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | | | s in '000 |
| | | | | Парос | |
| | | Opening Balance | | 115,269 | 115,422 |
| | | Depreciation | | (153) | (153) |
| | | Transfer to fixed assets | | (64,815) | |
| | | Closing Balance | | 50,301 | 115,269 |
| 15.3 | Provis | sion held against other assets | | | |
| | Others | | | 268,149 | 200,082 |
| | Othor | • | | 268,149 | 200,082 |
| | 15.3.1 | Movement in provision held against other assets | | | |
| | | Opening balance | | 200,082 | 214,151 |
| | | Charge for the year | | 134,167 | 61,004 |
| | | Reversals | | (8,056) | (36,518) |
| | | Amount adjusted / written off | | (58,044) | |
| | | Closing balance | | 268,149 | (38,555) 200,082 |
| | | Closing balance | | 200,140 | |
| 16 BILLS | S PAYAE | BLE | | | |
| l. D. | kistan | | | 40,175,122 | 36,141,378 |
| | de Pakis | | | 10,170,122 | 00,141,070 |

40,175,122

36,141,378

For the year ended December 31, 2022

17

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|--------|-------------|---------------------------|
| DUE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS | | Rupees | in '000 |
| DUE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS | | | |
| In Pakistan Outside Pakistan | | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 |
| | | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 |
| 17.1 Details of due to financial institutions secured / unsecured | | | |
| | | | |
| Secured | | | |
| With State Bank of Pakistan | | | |
| Musharakah under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme | 17.1.1 | 71,610,934 | 55,181,621 |
| Investment under Islamic Long Term Financing Facility | 17.1.2 | 25,694,774 | 17,490,047 |
| Investment under Islamic Refinance Facility for Combating COVID-19 | 17.1.2 | 955,573 | 1,244,792 |
| Investment under Islamic Financing for Renewal Energy | 17.1.2 | 17,251,134 | 12,967,880 |
| Investment under Islamic Temporary Economic Refinance | | | |
| Facility for Plant and Machinery | 17.1.2 | 19,384,119 | 13,230,968 |
| Investment under Islamic Refinance Scheme for storage | 47.4.0 | 000 004 | 40.077 |
| of agriculture produce | 17.1.2 | 282,324 | 40,677 |
| Investment under Islamic Refinance Scheme for payment of | 17.1.0 | | 0.477.005 |
| wages and salaries | 17.1.2 | - 004.04.4 | 2,177,385 |
| Investment under Islamic Refinance Scheme for SME Asaan Finance | 17.1.2 | 201,614 | - |
| Investment under Shariah Compliant Open Market Operations | 17.1.3 | 363,382,155 | - 00 000 044 |
| Investment under Shariah Compliant Standing Ceiling Facility Total secured | | 498,762,627 | 39,993,944 142,327,314 |
| Total Secured | | 490,702,027 | 142,327,314 |
| With Scheduled Bank | 17.1.4 | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 |
| Other financial institutions | 17.1.5 | 5,856,908 | 693,096 |
| Unsecured | | | |
| Overdrawn nostro accounts | | 496,904 | 443,824 |
| Musharakah with scheduled banks / financial institutions | 17.1.6 | 37,775,000 | 46,950,000 |
| Others | 17.1.0 | 435,000 | |
| outors | | 573,326,439 | 220,414,234 |
| | | 370,020,709 | |

- 17.1.1 These Musharakah are on a profit and loss sharing basis maturing between January 2023 to June 2023 and are secured against demand promissory notes executed in favor of SBP. A limit of Rs 81,869 million (2021: Rs 58,140 million) has been allocated to the Holding Company by SBP under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme. Last announced profit rate on the Musharakah investment is 7.22% per annum.
- 17.1.2 These Investments are on profit and loss sharing basis which have been invested in general pool of the Holding Company and are secured against demand promissory notes executed in favor of SBP. Last announced profit rate on these investments ranges from 0.18% to 4.90% per annum.
- 17.1.3 These represent acceptance of funds by the Holding Company on Mudarabah basis which have been invested in special pools of the Holding Company and are secured against lien of the Holding Company's investment in Federal Government securities. The expected average return on Open Market Operations is 15.91% (2021: Nil) per annum.
- These represent acceptance of funds by the Bank on Musharakah basis which are secured against pledge of the Holding Company's investment in Federal Government securities (Note 10.2.2). The expected average return on these Musharakah is around 16.15% (2021: 10.65%) per annum. These balances have matured in January 2023 (2021: January 2022).
- 17.1.5 These Musharakah are on profit and loss sharing basis with Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company and Karandaaz with the objective of promoting low cost consumer housing and growth in SME financing respectively. The expected average return on Karandaaz Musharakah ranges from 9.02% to 20.26% per annum. The expected profit rate on PMRC borrowing is 12.89% per annum (2021: Nil) having maturity in November 2027.
- 17.1.6 These represent acceptance of funds by the Holding Company on Musharakah basis. The expected average return on these Musharakah is around 15.51% (2021: 10.37%) per annum. These balances have matured in January 2023 (2021: January 2022).

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | | | 20 | 22 | 2021 |
|----|--|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 17.2 Particulars of due to finan | icial institutions v | with respect to | currencies | | | Rupees in | '000 |
| | In local currency | | | | | 572,829 | 9,535 | 219,970,410 |
| | In foreign currencies | | | | | | 6,904 | 443,824 |
| | 17.3 Particulars of due to finan | icial institutions | | | - | 573,320 | 0,439 | 220,414,234 |
| | Short - term | | | | | 504,444 | 4,883 | 175,358,839 |
| | Long - term | | | | | 68,88 | 1,556 | 45,055,395 |
| | | | | | | 573,320 | 6,439 | 220,414,234 |
| 18 | DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOU | UNTS | 2022 | | | | 2021 | |
| | | In local | In foreign | Total | In lo | cal | In foreign | Total |
| | | currency | currencies | | curre | | currencies | |
| | Customers | | | Rupe | es in '000 — | | | |
| | - Current accounts - non-remunerative | 736,468,532 | 38,420,227 | 774,888,759 | 622.8 | 23,894 | 30,848,040 | 653,671,934 |
| | - Savings deposits | 581,314,505 | 53,554,524 | 634,869,029 | 1 . | 95,194 | 43,166,844 | 535,262,038 |
| | - Fixed deposits | 181,114,576 | 16,136,130 | 197,250,706 | | 66,955 | 14,454,313 | 245,821,268 |
| | - Margin | 1.539.327.056 | 2,005,656 110.116.537 | 42,435,099 1,649,443,593 | 1,358,2 | 03,635 89.678 | 6,566 88.475.763 | 12,010,201 1.446.765.441 |
| | | 1,000,021,000 | 110,110,001 | 1,010,110,000 | 1,000,2 | 00,070 | 00,110,100 | 1,110,100,111 |
| | Financial institutions - Current accounts - | | | | | | | |
| | on-remunerative | 1,770,475 | 345,846 | 2,116,321 | 1,8 | 29,027 | 308,877 | 2,137,904 |
| | - Savings deposits | 5,908,532 | 904 | 5,909,436 | | 81,233 | 702 | 6,081,935 |
| | - Fixed deposits | 1,000,238 8,679,245 | 346,750 | 1,000,238 9,025,995 | | 85,800 96,060 | 309,579 | 9,105,639 |
| | | 1,548,006,301 | 110,463,287 | 1,658,469,588 | 1,367,0 | | 88,785,342 | 1,455,871,080 |
| | 18.1 Composition of deposits | | | | | 202 | 22 Rupees ii | 2021 1 '000 |
| | - Individuals | | | | 1, | 162,218, | | 979,782,648 |
| | Government (Federal and - Public Sector Entities | l Provincial) | | | | 8,258, 15,684, | | 6,950,408 16,747,910 |
| | - Banking Companies | | | | | | 961 | 68,346 |
| | - Non-Banking Financial In | stitutions | | | | 9,021, | 034 | 9,037,293 |
| | - Private Sector | | | | | 463,282, | | 443,284,475 |
| | 18.2 Particulars of deposits and | d other accounts | in Pakistan | | 1, | 658,469, | 588 1, | 455,871,080 |
| | - in local currency | | | | | | | |
| | Mudaraba based deposit | ts | | | | 780,007, | | 737,046,342 |
| | Qard based deposits | | | | | 767,998, 548,006, | | 630,039,396 367,085,738 |
| | - in foreign currencies | | | | 1, | 546,006, | 301 1, | 307,003,730 |
| | Mudaraba based deposit | ts | | | | 71,688, | 818 | 57,621,859 |
| | Qard based deposits | | | | | 38,774, | | 31,163,483 |
| | | | | | | 110,463, 658,469, | | 88,785,342 455,871,080 |
| | | | | | _ | | | |
| | 18.3 Eligible deposits covered un to Rs 1,401,490 million (20 | | | (including call de | posit receip | ts disclos | sed under bills | payable) amount |
| | | | | Note | | 202 | 22 | 2021 |
| | Aug | | | 11010 | | _5 | Rupees ii | |
| 19 | SUB-ORDINATED SUKUK | | | | | | • | |
| | Additional Tier I Sukuk | | | 19.1 | | 7,000, | 000 | 7,000,000 |
| | Tier II Sukuk | | | 19.2 | ! | 13,990, | | 13,990,000 |
| | | | | | | 20,990, | 000 | 20,990,000 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

19.1 In August 2018, the Holding Company issued regulatory Shariah compliant unsecured, sub-ordinated privately placed Additional Tier I Sukuk based on Mudaraba of Rs 7,000 million as instrument of redeemable capital under section 66 of the Companies Act, 2017. The brief description of Additional Tier I sukuk is as follows:

| Credit Rating | AA (Double A) by VIS Credit Rating Company Limited. |
|---|---|
| Issue Date | August 01, 2018. |
| Tenor | Perpetual. |
| Profit payment frequency | Monthly in arrears. |
| Redemption | Perpetual. However, the Holding company has call option which can be exercised with prior approval of SBP. |
| Expected Periodic Profit Amount (Mudaraba Profit Amount)-Non- discretionary subject to actual profit of the pool | The Mudaraba Profit is computed under General Pool on the basis of profit sharing ratio and monthly weightages announced by the Holding Company under the SBP guidelines of pool management. Last announced profit rate on the Sukuk is 17.68% per annum. |
| Call Option | The Holding company may call Additional Tier I Sukuk with prior approval of SBP on or after five years from the date of issue. |
| Loss Absorbency | The Additional Tier I Sukuk, at the option of the SBP, will be fully and permanently converted into common shares (variable) upon the occurrence of a point of non-viability trigger event as determined by SBP or for any other reason as may be directed by SBP. |
| Lock-in-Clause | Profit and / or redemption amount can be held back in respect of the Additional Tier I Sukuk, upon directive of the SBP, if such payment will result in a shortfall in the Holding company's minimum capital requirement, capital adequacy ratio requirement or leverage ratio requirement. |

19.2 In January 2020 and December 2021, the Holding company issued regulatory Shariah compliant unsecured, subordinated privately placed Tier II Sukuk based on Mudaraba of Rs 4,000 million and Rs 9,990 million respectively as instrument of redeemable capital under section 66 of the Companies Act, 2017. The brief description of Tier II sukuk is as follows:

| Credit Rating AA+ (Double A plus) by VIS Credit Rating Company Limited. | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Issue Date | January 09, 2020 and December 16, 2021. | | | |
| Tenor | 10 years from the issue date. | | | |
| Profit payment frequency | Semi-annually in arrears. | | | |
| Redemption | Bullet payment at the end of the tenth year. | | | |
| Expected Periodic Profit Amount (Mudaraba Profit Amount)-Non- discretionary subject to actual profit of the pool | The Mudaraba Profit is computed under General Pool on the basis of profit sharing ratio and monthly weightages announced by the Bank under the SBP guidelines of pool management. Last announced profit rate on the Sukuk are 16.28% and 16.28% per annum respectively. | | | |
| Call Option | The Holding company may call Tier II Sukuk with prior approval of SBP on or after five years from the date of issue. | | | |
| Loss Absorbency | The Tier II Sukuk, at the option of the SBP, will be fully and permanently converted into common shares (variable) upon the occurrence of a point of non-viability trigger event as determined by SBP or for any other reason as may be directed by SBP. | | | |
| Lock-in-Clause | Profit and / or redemption amount can be held back in respect of the Tier II Sukuk upon directive of the SBP, if such payment will result in a shortfall in the Holding company's minimum capital requirement, capital adequacy ratio requirement or leverage ratio requirement. | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

20

|) | OTHER LIABILITIES | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | | | Rup | ees in '000 |
| | Return on deposits and other dues | | | |
| | - payable in local currency | 20.1 | 13,408,460 | 4,643,447 |
| | - payable in foreign currencies | | 222,900 | 49,414 |
| | Unearned income | 20.2 | 2,123,582 | 1,449,591 |
| | Accrued expenses | | 17,358,140 | 12,243,534 |
| | Current taxation (provision less payments) | | 20,149,887 | 13,648,852 |
| | Acceptances | | 12,495,872 | 10,925,144 |
| | Unclaimed dividends | | 3,825,350 | 19,490 |
| | Payable to defined benefit plan | 38.3, 38.15 & 38.16 | 1,260,213 | 981,907 |
| | Provision against off-balance sheet obligations | 20.3 | 55,167 | 105,396 |
| | Charity payable | 20.4 | 4,159 | 3,932 |
| | Security deposits against Ijarah | | 21,959,346 | 20,370,305 |
| | Payable on account of credit murabaha / ijarah / musawammah | 20.5 | 53,681,143 | 24,819 |
| | Security deposits against lockers | | 183,412 | 160,555 |
| | Unrealised loss on forward foreign exchange commitments - net | 20.6 | 214,602 | - |
| | Advance against future Diminishing Musharakah | | 34,987 | 490,951 |
| | Withholding taxes payable | | 406,724 | 276,832 |
| | Lease liability against right-of-use assets | 20.7 | 12,915,927 | 13,261,935 |
| | Workers Welfare Fund payable | 20.8 | 5,793,172 | 3,865,653 |
| | Others | | 3,711,696 | 1,206,797 |
| | | | 169,804,739 | 83,728,554 |
| | | | , , , , , , , | |

^{20.1} This includes Rs 1,226 million (2021: Rs 264 million) in respect of return accrued on acceptances from SBP under the Islamic Export Refinance Scheme and Rs 365.80 million (2021: Rs 221.30 million) in respect of return accrued on acceptances from the SBP under various Islamic Long Term Refinance Schemes.

20.2 The Holding Company expects that the present balance of unearned income will be recognised as income in the next financial year.

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|---|--------|----------|--------|
| 20.3 | Provision against off-balance sheet obligations | | Rupees i | n '000 |
| | Opening balance | | 55,167 | 36,489 |
| | Charge for the year | | - | 18,678 |
| | Closing balance | 20.3.1 | 55,167 | 55,167 |

20.3.1 This represents provision recognised against guarantees and letter of credit of non-performing customers.

| | | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|--------|-----------|-------------|
| 20.4 | Reconciliation of charity payable | | Rupe | ees in '000 |
| | | | | |
| | Balance as at January 1 | | 3,932 | 989 |
| | Additions during the year | | 147,472 | 201,777 |
| | Less: Transferred to charity savings account | | | |
| | (included in deposits and other accounts) | 20.4.1 | (147,245) | (198,834) |
| | Balance as at December 31 | | 4,159 | 3,932 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

20.4.1 Charity paid through savings account during the year is Rs 121.43 million (2021: Rs 94.2 million). Charity of Rs 100,000 or higher was paid to the following organizations:

| or ingress state part to the continuity or gamman. | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|----------------|------------|
| | Rupe | es in '000 |
| Ihsan Trust - Related Party | 55,000 | 63,000 |
| Institute of Business Administration - Centre for Excellence in Islamic Finance | 17,330 | 25,800 |
| Alamgir Welfare Trust | 8,500 | - |
| Baitussalam Welfare Trust | 5,000 | - |
| Saylani Welfare Trust | 5,000 | - |
| Patients' Behbud Society for the Aga Khan University Hospital Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan | 2,000 2,500 | - |
| The Indus Hospital, Karachi | 2,000 | _ |
| Rashid Memorial Welfare Organization | 1,000 | - |
| Friends of Burns Centre, Karachi | 1,000 | - |
| Transformation International Society, Karachi | 1,000 | - |
| Child Life Foundation, Karachi Patiente Welfers Foundation, Crock Coperal Heapitel | 1,000 | - |
| Patients Welfare Foundation, Creek General Hospital Diya Pakistan - Related Party | 1,000 1,000 | - |
| Idara Al-Khair Welfare Society | 1,000 | _ |
| Pakistan's Childrens' Heart Foundation | 1,000 | 500 |
| Afzaal Memorial Thalassemia Foundation | 500 | - |
| Chhipa Welfare Association | 500 | - |
| Family Educational Services Foundation | 500 500 | - 500 |
| Bin Qutab Foundation The Garage School | 500 500 | 500 400 |
| Karigar Training Institute | 500 | 300 |
| Omair Sana Foundation | 500 | 300 |
| Muhammadi Blood Bank | 500 | - |
| NICE Welfare Society | 500 | - |
| Help of Patients in Exigency by Students (HOPES) | 500 | - |
| Patients Aid Foundation, Jinnah Postgraduate Medical Centre, Karachi | 500 | - |
| Balochistan University of Information Technology, Engineering and Management Sciences | 500 | _ |
| University of Agriculture, Faisalabad | 500 | _ |
| Islamia University, Bahawalpur | 500 | - |
| University of Punjab | 500 | - |
| Institute of Business Management, Karachi | 500 | - |
| NED University of Engineering & Technology, Karachi | 500 | - |
| Jinnah University for Women, Karachi Quaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad | 500 500 | - |
| University of Karachi | 500 | _ |
| Behbud Association, Karachi | 500 | - |
| Federal Urdu University of Arts, Science and Technology | 500 | - |
| COMSATS University, Islamabad | 500 | - |
| The Cancer Foundation, Karachi | 500 | - |
| Al Mustafa Welfare Society - Karachi Pakistan Disabled Foundation | 500 500 | - |
| Zubaida Machiyara Trust | 500 | 200 |
| Pakistan Eye Bank | 500 | 200 |
| Mukhtaran Rafiq Foundation | 500 | 200 |
| Pakistan Association of Deaf | 300 | 100 |
| Kiran Foundation | 300 | - |
| Jamiyat Punjabi Saudagran-e-Delhi Life Care Foundation Trust | 300 300 | - |
| Fatimid Foundation | 200 | - |
| Read Foundation | 100 | _ |
| Dua Foundation | 100 | - |
| Prevention of Blindness Trust | - | 500 |
| Burhani Medical Welfare Association | - | 400 |
| Jamal Noor Hospital | - | 300 |
| Frontier Foundation Welfare Hospital And Blood Transfusion Service Women Islamic Lawyer's Forum | - | 200 200 |
| Child Aid Association | _ | 200 |
| Women Empowerment Group | _ | 200 |
| Health Education Livelihood Promoters (HELP) - Balochistan | - | 200 |
| The Kidney Centre, Karachi | - | 200 |
| Health & Social Welfare Association | - | 200 |
| The Diabetes Centre | 101 100 | 100 |
| | 121,430 | 94,200 |

20.4.2 The balance in Charity's savings account is Rs 155.79 million (2021: Rs 122.60 million).

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| 20.4.3 | Movement of charity fund during the year is as under: | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------|--|-----------|--------------|
| | | Rup | pees in '000 |
| | Opening balance | 126,535 | 17,980 |
| | Additions during the year | | |
| | Received from customers on delayed payment | 122,793 | 108,650 |
| | Dividend Purification Amount | 15,359 | 16,002 |
| | Non-shariah compliance income | 9,320 | 77,125 |
| | Profit on charity saving account (net of bank charges) | 7,373 | 978 |
| | | 154,845 | 202,755 |
| | Distribution of Charity | | |
| | Education | (84,030) | (89,200) |
| | Health | (13,200) | (4,000) |
| | Health & Education | - | (1,000) |
| | Community Development | (24,200) | - |
| | | (121,430) | (94,200) |
| | Closing balance | 159,950 | 126,535 |

- 20.5 This represents payable on account of credit Musawammah in accordance with the guidelines of the State Bank of Pakistan.
- 20.6 This is net off gain on forward foreign exchange commitments of Rs 1,787 million (2021: net off loss on forward foreign exchange commitments of Rs 1,965 million - Note 15).
- 20.7 The carrying amounts of lease liability against right-of-use assets and the movement during the year are as follows:

| | Ru | pees in '000 |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| As at January 1, | 13,261,935 | 6,685,258 |
| Additions | 1,473,522 | 941,462 |
| Adjustment upon reassesment of useful life | 624,880 | 8,178,322 |
| Amortisation of lease liability against right-of-use assets | 1,534,692 | 792,447 |
| Derecognition during the year | (198,437) | - |
| Payments | (3,780,665) | (3,335,554) |
| As at December 31, | 12,915,927 | 13,261,935 |

20.8 The Group has made full provision for Workers Welfare Fund (WWF) based on profit for the respective years (2008-2022). In 2016, the Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its order dated November 10, 2016 has held that the amendments made in the law introduced by the Federal Government for the levy of Workers Welfare Fund were not lawful. The Federal Board of Revenue filed review petitions against this order which are currently pending. Legal advice obtained on the matter indicates that consequent to filing of these review petitions the judgment may not be treated as conclusive. Accordingly, the Group continues to maintain the provision in respect of WWF.

21 SHARE CAPITAL

Authoricad conital

| 21.1 | Authorised capital | | | | |
|------|--------------------|---------------------|---|--------------|-------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | (Numbe | er of Shares) | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| | 3,253,860,000 | 3,253,860,000 | Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each | 32,538,600 | 32,538,600 |
| 21.2 | Issued, subscribed | and paid up capital | | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | (Numbe | er of Shares) | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| | | | Fully paid-up ordinary shares of Rs 10 each | | |
| | 516,517,908 | 516,517,908 | Issued for cash | 5,165,179 | 5,165,179 |
| | 1,273,106,413 | 1,110,413,293 | Issued as bonus shares | 1 12,731,064 | 11,104,133 |
| | 1,789,624,321 | 1,626,931,201 | | 17,896,243 | <u>16,269,312</u> |

2021

2022

For the year ended December 31, 2022

21.3 Shareholding held by associated companies / entities are as follows:

| | | 20 |)22 | 2021 | | |
|-------|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Name of Shareholders | Number of shares held | Percentage of Shareholding | | Percentage of Shareholding | |
| | Noor Financial Investment Company, Kuwait | 630,819,684 | 35.25% | 573,472,440 | 35.25% | |
| | Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company (Private) Limited | 536,887,288 | 30.00% | 488,079,353 | 30.00% | |
| | Islamic Development Bank, Jeddah | 166,863,457 | 9.32% | 151,694,052 | 9.32% | |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Islamic Fund | 15,079,983 | 0.84% | 15,277,983 | 0.94% | |
| | CDC - Trustee Al Meezan Mutual Fund | 2,871,197 | 0.16% | 2,285,548 | 0.14% | |
| | Cdc - Trustee Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund | 2,712,724 | 0.15% | 2,374,743 | 0.15% | |
| | CDC - Trustee KSE Meezan Index Fund | 1,658,338 | 0.09% | 1,294,530 | 0.08% | |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Balanced Fund | 817,023 | 0.05% | 1,149,463 | 0.07% | |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Asset Allocation Fund | 526,683 | 0.03% | 645,167 | 0.04% | |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Dedicated Equity Fund | 498,227 | 0.03% | 497,080 | 0.03% | |
| | Trustee Habbah Education Trust | 72,532 | 0.00% | 65,939 | 0.00% | |
| | CDC - Trustee Meezan Pakistan Exchange Traded Fund | 66,263 | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | |
| o DEG | SERVES | 1 | Note | 2022 | 2021 | |
| 2 NEX | SERVES | | | Rupees | in '000 | |
| Sha | are Premium | | | 2,406,571 | 2,406,571 | |
| Sta | tutory reserve | 2 | 22.1 | 22,169,518 | 17,668,857 | |
| Nor | n Distributable Capital Reserve - Gain on Bargain Purchase | | | 3,117,547 | 3,117,547 | |
| Em | ployee share option compensation reserve | | 40 | 427,419 | 133,457 | |
| Ger | neral reserve | | | 91,082 | 91,082 | |
| | | | | 28,212,137 | 23,417,514 | |
| | | | | | | |

22.1 Under section 21(i)(b) of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, an amount not less than 10% of the profit is to be transferred to create a reserve fund.

| (DEFICIT) / SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF TAX | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|--------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | Rupees | s in '000 |
| Available for sale securities - Listed shares - Sukuk | | 1,035,172 (2,204,206) (1,169,034) | 1,928,965 4,694,113 6,623,078 |
| Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | 23.1 | 4,699 | 38,578 |
| Less: Deferred tay asset / (liability) on | | (1,164,335) | 6,661,656 |
| Less: Deferred tax asset / (liability) on - Available for sale securities - Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims | 23.1 | 502,685 (2,021) | (2,583,001) (15,045) |
| | | 500,664 | (2,598,046) |
| | | (663,671) | 4,063,610 |
| 23.1 Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of o | claims | | |
| Surplus on revaluation as at January 1 Recognised during the year Adjusted upon transfer to fixed assets during the year Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental | | 38,578 (3,542) (30,184) | 30,678 8,053 - |
| depreciation charged during the year | | (153) | (153) |
| Surplus on revaluation as at December 31 | | 4,699 | 38,578 |
| Less: related deferred tax liability on: | | | |
| Revaluation as at January 1 Impact of change in applicable tax rate Revaluation recognised during the year Adjusted upon transfer to fixed assets during the year Incremental depreciation charged during the year | | 15,045 1,544 (1,523) (12,979) (66) | 10,737 - 4,368 - (60) |
| incremental depreciation charged during the year | | 2,021 | 15,045 |
| | | 2,678 | 23,533 |

22

23

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 24 | NOI | N-CONTROLLING INTEREST | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|--------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Rupees | in '000 |
| | Оре | ning balance | | 1,196,519 | 1,264,512 |
| | Sha | re of profit for the year | | 204,557 | 280,028 |
| | Ren | neasurements of defined benefit plan - net of tax (directly re | ecognised in OCI) | (4,194) | 1,979 |
| | | dend payout by Subsidiary | , | (192,500) | (350,000) |
| | | sing balance | | 1,204,382 | 1,196,519 |
| | | - | | | |
| | 24.1 | Subsidiary (unlisted) | | | |
| | | Al Meezan Investment Management Limited | | | |
| | | Percentage of holding | | 65% | 65% |
| | | Assets | | 4,177,658 | 4,191,720 |
| | | Liabilities | | 736,567 | 773,094 |
| | | Revenue | | 1,630,866 | 1,819,984 |
| | | Profit after taxation | | 584,448 | 800,081 |
| | | Total comprehensive income | | 572,465 | 805,735 |
| | | Market Value / Net Asset Value | | N/A | N/A |
| | | | | | |
| 25 | CONT | NGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS | | | |
| | -Guara | ntees | 25.1 | 56,485,701 | 45,072,765 |
| | | nitments | 25.2 | 1,238,876,726 | 887,366,094 |
| | -Other | contingent liabilities | 25.3.1 | 1,802,000 | 1,802,000 |
| | | | | 1,297,164,427 | 934,240,859 |
| | 25.1 | Guarantees: | | | 200.444 |
| | | Financial guarantees | | 570,477 | 930,441 |
| | | Performance guarantees Other guarantees | | 33,361,532 22,553,692 | 23,651,964 20,490,360 |
| | | Other guarantees | | 56,485,701 | 45,072,765 |
| | 25.2 | Commitments: | | 00,400,701 | 40,072,700 |
| | | Documentary letters of credit | | 221,689,496 | 175,227,624 |
| | | Commitments in respect of: | | | |
| | | forward foreign exchange transactions | 25.2.1 | 243,862,470 | 200,615,279 |
| | | Commitments for acquisition of: | | | |
| | | - fixed assets | | 640,778 | 389,225 |
| | | - intangible assets | 05.0.0 | 291,358 | 309,824 |
| | | Other commitments | 25.2.2 | 772,392,624 | 510,824,142 |
| | | | | 1,238,876,726 | <u>887,366,094</u> |
| | | 25.2.1 Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange | nange contracts | | |
| | | Purchase | | 139,648,096 | 114,757,851 |
| | | Sale | | 104,214,374 | 85,857,428 |
| | | | | 243,862,470 | 200,615,279 |
| | | 25.2.2 Other Commitments | | | |
| | | Commitments in respect of financing | 25.2.2.1 | 772,392,624 | 510,824,142 |

The Holding Company makes commitments to extend credit (including to related parties) in the normal course of business but these being revocable commitments do not attract any significant penalty or the expense if the facility is unilaterally withdrawn, other than commitments in respect of syndicated / long term financings amounting to Rs 61,232 million (2021: Rs 70,453 million). 25.2.2.1

For the year ended December 31, 2022

25.3 Other contingent liabilities

25.3.1 **Holding Company:**

The Income Tax Department amended the deemed assessment orders of the Holding Company for prior years including the tax year 2021. The additions / disallowances were mainly due to allocation of expenses relating to dividends and capital gain, allowability of provision against loans and advances, provision against investments and provision against other assets. In the amended order for tax year 2015, additional issues with respect to the taxability of gain on bargain purchase and non-adjustment of loss pertaining to HSBC Bank Middle East - Pakistan Branches have also been raised. The Holding Company has obtained stay order from the High Court of Sindh against the demands raised through the amended order for the tax year 2015. Both the Holding Company and the department have filed appeals with the Appellate Authorities in respect of the aforementioned matters.

The management of the Holding Company, in consultation with its tax advisors, is confident that the decision in respect of the above matters would be in Holding Company's favour and accordingly no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements with respect thereto. The additional tax liability in respect of gain on bargain purchase and non-adjustment of loss pertaining to HSBC Bank Middle East - Pakistan Branches is Rs 1,096 million and Rs 706 million respectively.

| 26 | PROFIT / RETURN EARNED ON ISLAMIC FINANCING AND RELATED ASSETS, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENTS | Note | 2022 Rupe | 2021 ees in '000 |
|----|--|------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | On financing | 26.1 | 89,733,691 | 43,330,817 |
| | On investments in - Available for sale securities - Held for trading securities - Held to maturity securities | | 109,855,350 484 23,453,174 | 40,689,074 - 1,396,080 |
| | On deposits / placements with financial institutions | | 9,202,753 232,245,452 | 24,661,485 110,077,456 |

The income on Ijarah under IFAS 2 is net of takaful of Rs 2,164 million (2021: Rs 1,737 million) recovered from customers.

| 27 | PROFIT ON DEPOSITS AND OTHER DUES EXPENSED | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|---|------|-------------|------------|
| | | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| | Deposits and other accounts | 27.1 | 59,581,655 | 33,994,001 |
| | Sub-ordinated Sukuk | | 3,022,277 | 1,588,467 |
| | Shariah Compliant Open Market Operations and Standing Ceiling | | | |
| | facility from the State Bank of Pakistan | | 34,969,578 | - |
| | Other Musharakahs / Mudarabas | 27.2 | 11,317,860 | 4,796,952 |
| | Amortisation of lease liability against right-of-use assets | | 1,534,692 | 792,447 |
| | | | 110,426,062 | 41,171,867 |

- This includes conversion cost of Rs 2,252 million (2021: Rs 2,373 million) against foreign currency deposits. 27.1
- 27.2 This includes Rs 2,478 million (2021: Rs 989 million) paid / payable to SBP under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme and Rs 1,284 million (2021: Rs 689 million) paid / payable to SBP under the various Islamic Long Term Refinance Schemes.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 28 | FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|---|------|---|---|
| | | | Rupees | in '000 |
| | Trade related fees and commissions Management fees in respect of Mutual Funds Commission on guarantees Branch banking customer fees Credit related fees | 28.1 | 3,790,368 1,278,477 174,358 2,278,685 102,394 | 3,318,195 1,389,143 179,041 1,715,285 124,379 |
| | Debit card related fees Investment banking related fees Commission on cash management Commission on home remittances Others | | 5,773,464 347,619 301,411 259,616 422,929 14,729,321 | 3,081,103 305,304 172,878 283,302 292,809 10,861,439 |

^{28.1} Trade related income pertain to corporate, commercial and SME segments, branch banking fees pertain to retail banking segment and debit card fee pertains to alternative delivery channel segment (others).

28.2 This includes consumer processing fees of Rs 46.30 million (2021: Rs 47.70 million).

| 29 | (LOSS) | / GAIN ON SECURITIES | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|-----|-----------|---|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | Rupee | s in '000 |
| | | ed - net ised gain - held for trading - net | 29.1 | (100,202) 18 | 536,390 - |
| Ç Ç | | | (100,184) | 536,390 | |
| | 29.1 | Realised (loss) / gain on: | | | |
| | | Federal Government Securities Listed Shares | | 34,033 37,056 | 9,315 306,888 |
| | | Non Government Sukuk (Pakistan Energy Sukuk) Foreign Securities | | - (126,182) | 32,659 - |
| | | Associates | _ | (45,109) (100,202) | 187,528 536,390 |
| 30 | OTHER | RINCOME | | | |
| | Gain or | n termination of | | | |
| | - Ijara | ah financing | | 573,794 | 671,649 |
| | - Dim | iinishing Musharakah and other financing | | 70,935 | 19,698 |
| | Gain or | n sale of operating fixed assets | | 215,770 | 149,406 |
| | Liabiliti | es written back - donation to Meezan Foundation (Liquidated) | | 350,000 | - |
| | Others | | | 27,875 | 2,765 |
| | | | | 1,238,374 | 843,518 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------|------------|------------|
| | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | |
| Total compensation expense | 31.1 | 27,279,446 | 20,611,489 |
| Property expense | | | |
| Depreciation on right-of-use assets | | 3,123,212 | 2,457,916 |
| Rent and taxes | | 65,685 | 63,876 |
| Utilities cost (including electricity and diesel) | | 2,109,281 | 1,242,997 |
| Security (including guards) | | 1,197,309 | 824,785 |
| Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges) | | 806,487 | 589,158 |
| Depreciation | | 897,873 | 826,989 |
| Takaful expenses | | 3,583 | 4,800 |
| Others | | 40,835 | 67,076 |
| | | 8,244,265 | 6,077,597 |
| Information technology expenses | | | |
| Software maintenance | | 900,836 | 640,306 |
| Hardware maintenance | | 337,590 | 312,745 |
| Depreciation | | 751,353 | 528,641 |
| Amortisation | | 469,666 | 368,642 |
| Network charges | | 318,459 | 267,614 |
| • | | 2,777,904 | 2,117,948 |
| Other operating expenses | | | |
| Stationery and printing (including debit card related cost) | | 1,508,506 | 850,881 |
| Repairs and maintenance | | 460,908 | 322,241 |
| Local transportation and car running | | 1,244,390 | 673,635 |
| Depreciation on vehicles, equipments etc. | | 1,528,656 | 1,117,287 |
| Legal and professional charges | | 132,571 | 148,244 |
| NIFT and other clearing charges | | 214,124 | 228,141 |
| Marketing, advertisement and publicity | | 1,010,945 | 1,005,603 |
| Security charges - cash transportation | | 720,409 | 601,360 |
| Communication (including courier) | | 619,700 | 503,848 |
| Travelling and conveyance | | 175,727 | 72,302 |
| Training and Development | | 96,396 | 29,900 |
| Donation | 31.3 | 44,317 | 512 |
| Fees, subscription and other charges | | 375,310 | 273,558 |
| Brokerage and bank charges | | 267,493 | 306,871 |
| Office supplies | | 428,864 | 313,758 |
| Entertainment | | 77,994 | 69,056 |
| Takaful expense | | 162,384 | 109,283 |
| Auditors' Remuneration | 31.2 | 26,453 | 22,808 |
| Fees and allowances to Shariah Board | 41 | 43,403 | 37,770 |
| Directors' fees and allowances | 41 | 71,490 | 65,040 |
| Others | | 142,074 | 154,410 |
| Reimbursement of expenses from associated funds to the subsidiary | 31.4 | (811,776) | (774,471) |
| , | | 8,540,338 | 6,132,037 |
| | | 46,841,953 | 34,939,071 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 31.1 Total compensation expense | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|------|------------|------------|
| · | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| Managerial Remuneration | | | |
| i) Fixed | | 13,510,826 | 11,399,118 |
| ii) Cash Bonus / Awards etc. | | 11,439,688 | 7,430,263 |
| iii) Share based compensation expense | 40 | 293,962 | 133,457 |
| Charge for defined benefit plan | | 629,796 | 482,378 |
| Contribution to defined contribution Plan | | 569,613 | 490,717 |
| Compensated absences | | 195,258 | 114,831 |
| Others including EOBI, SESSI, uniform, sports etc. | | 640,303 | 560,725 |
| Total compensation expense | | 27,279,446 | 20,611,489 |

31.1.1 This also includes outsourced service costs which pertain to payments to companies incorporated in Pakistan.

| 31.2 | Auditors' remuneration | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|--------|------------|
| | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| | Audit fee | 7,606 | 7,441 |
| | Fee for interim review | 1,520 | 1,401 |
| | Special certifications / review / tax advisory services | 13,621 | 10,625 |
| | | 22,747 | 19,467 |
| | Sindh sales tax on services | 2,184 | 2,430 |
| | Out of pocket expenses | 1,522 | 911 |
| | | 26,453 | 22,808 |
| 31.3 | Donation | | |
| | The Indus Hospital | 35,000 | - |
| | Akhuwat Foundation | 5,000 | - |
| | Citizen Police Liaison Committee | 4,317 | - |
| | Idara Al-Khair | - | 512 |
| | | 44,317 | 512 |
| | None of the directors, executives or their spouses had any interest in the donees. | | |

31.4 In accordance with Regulation 60 of the NBFC Regulations, the Subsidiary Company is entitled to charge fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services, related to a collective investment

Therefore, the Subsidiary Company is charging the allocated expenses variably keeping in view the overall return of the fund and subject to the total expense ratio of the funds as defined under the NBFC Regulations.

| 32 | OTHER CHARGES | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|----|--|---------------|-----------|------------|
| - | | | Rupe | es in '000 |
| | Penalties imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan | | 95,150 | 28,172 |
| 33 | PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET | | | |
| | Provision against non-performing islamic financing | | | |
| | and related assets - net | 11.12 | 3,249,734 | 744,810 |
| | Provision against diminution in the value of investments | 10.3 | 806,681 | 214,623 |
| | Provision against other assets | 33.1 & 15.3.1 | 126,111 | 24,486 |
| | Provision against off-balance sheet obligations | 20.3 | - | 18,678 |
| | Bad debts written off directly | | - | 515 |
| | Recovery against written off financings | 33.2 | (5,865) | (10,282) |
| | | | 4,176,661 | 992,830 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

- 33.1 This mainly represents provision (net of recoveries) against operational losses incurred by the Holding Company in the current or prior years.
- 33.2 This includes recoveries against financing written off by HSBC ME prior to its acquisition by the Holding Company.

| 34 | TAXAT | TION | Note | 2022 Rupee | 2021 es in '000 |
|----|---------|--|--|---|---|
| | Curren | nt | 34.1 | 45,445,393 | 18,826,062 |
| | Prior y | rears | | (368,262) | - |
| | Deferre | ed | | (1,413,380) | 643,108 |
| | | | | 43,663,751 | 19,469,170 |
| | 34.1 | Through Finance Act 2022, the effective tax rate on banking companies 2022, tax rates has been enhanced to 49% (inclusive of 10% Super T Accordingly, the Holding Company has recognised super tax charge current year based on taxable income for the year. Moreover, Super companies has been imposed for the year 2021 and onwards at the rate persons). Accordingly, Subsidiary Company has recorded a Super Tax | Tax) from 39 of Rs 9,21 Tax on highs specified | 9% in 2021 (inclus 0 million (2021: F gh earning persor in section 4C (Sup | sive of 4% Super Tax). As 1,806 million) in the constant of the state |
| | 34.2 | Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit | Note | 2022 | 2021 |

| | Rupe | es in '000 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Profit before taxation | 88,805,003 | 47,976,758 |
| Effects of: | | |
| - Tax calculated at the applicable rate of 39% / 35% | 34,633,951 | 16,791,865 |
| - Super tax @ 10% / 4% | 9,209,551 | 1,806,110 |
| - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes | (86,979) | 198,572 |
| - Other additions for tax purposes | (284,472) | 119,848 |
| - Income chargeable to tax at reduced rate | (48,389) | (101,908) |
| - Others | 240,089 | 654,683 |
| Tax charge for the year | 43,663,751 | 19,469,170 |
| | | |

35 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

| 35.1 | Basic Earnings per share | | | |
|------|--|------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| | Profit for the year | | 44,936,695 | 28,227,560 |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares | | (Nun | nber) Restated 1,789,624,321 |
| | | | (Rup | ees) Restated |
| | Basic earnings per share | 35.4 | 25.11 | 15.77 |
| 35.2 | Diluted Earnings per share | | Rupees | in '000 |
| | Profit for the year | | 44,936,695 | 28,227,560 |
| | | 05.0 | · | nber) |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares | 35.3 | 1,790,444,362 | 1,789,665,752 |
| | | | (Rup | ees) Restated |
| | Diluted earnings per share | 35.4 | 25.10 | 15.77 |
| | | | | |

For th

36

| or the | year ended December 31, 2022 | | | | | |
|--------|---|------------------------|-------------|---|----------|--|
| 35.3 | Reconciliation of basic and diluted earning per | share | | 2022 (N | lumber) | 2021 |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares Add: Diluted impact of Employee stock option so Dilutive potential ordinary shares | heme | | 1,789,624,321 820,041 1,790,444,362 | | ,789,624,321 41,431 ,789,665,752 |
| 35.4 | The Holding Company has issued bonus shar comparative year has been restated. | es during the yea | r and accor | dingly the earnin | gs per | share for the |
| CASH | AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | Note | 2022 Rupe | es in '(| 2021 000 |
| Cash a | and balances with treasury banks | | 7 | 117,743,672 | | 170,501,306 |
| Baland | ces with other banks | | 8 | 13,710,753 | | 16,465,169 |
| | | | | 131,454,425 | _ | 186,966,475 |
| 26.1 | Decemblishing of marrament of liabilities to each | flavor aviaina fram | financina c | | _ | |
| 36.1 | Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash | nows arising from | financing a | | | |
| | | | | 2022 | | |
| | | Sub-ordinated Sukuk | against ri | ase liability ght-of-use assets pees in '000 —— | | Dividend Payable |
| | | | | | | |
| | Balance as at January 01, 2022 | 20,990,000 | | 13,261,935 | | 19,490 |
| | Changes from financing cash flows | | | | | |
| | Payment against lease liability against right-of-use assets | _ | | (3,780,665) | | _ |
| | Dividend paid to equity shareholders of | - | | (3,780,003) | | _ |
| | the Holding Company | - | | - | | (7,908,045) |
| | Dividend paid to non controlling interest Total changes from financing cash flows | - | | (3,780,665) | | (192,500) (8,100,545) |
| | · · | | | (0,700,000) | | (0,100,040) |
| | Other changes Addition to right-of-use-assets | | | 1,473,522 | | |
| | Amortisation of lease liability against | _ | | 1,473,322 | | _ |
| | right-of-use assets | - | | 1,534,692 | | - |
| | Adjustment upon reassessment of useful life Derecognition during the year | - | | 624,880 (198,437) | | - |
| | Cash dividend - equity shareholders of | | | (100, 101) | | |
| | the Holding Company Cash dividend - non controlling interest | - | | - | | 11,713,905 192,500 |
| | Cash dividend - non controlling interest | - | | 3,434,657 | | 11,906,405 |
| | Balance as at December 31, 2022 | 20,990,000 | 1 | 12,915,927 | | 3,825,350 |
| | | | | 2021 | | |
| | | Sub-ordinated | | ase liability | | Dividend |
| | | Sukuk | • | ght-of-use assets bees in '000 —— | | Payable |
| | Polonge on at January 1, 2001 | 18,000,000 | Rup | 6,685,258 | | 21,219 |
| | Balance as at January 1, 2021 Changes from financing cash flows | 18,000,000 | | 0,003,236 | | 21,219 |
| | Issuance of Sub-ordinated Sukuk - Tier II | 9,990,000 | | | | _ |
| | Redemption of Sub-ordinated Sukuk - Tier II | (7,000,000) | | - | | - |
| | Payment against lease liability against | | | (2 225 55 A) | | |
| | right-of-use assets Dividend paid to equity shareholders of | - | | (3,335,554) | | - |
| | the Holding Company | - | | - | | (9,515,742) |
| | Dividend paid to non controlling interest Total changes from financing cash flows | 2,990,000 | | (3,335,554) | | (350,000) (9,865,742) |
| | Other changes | | | | | |
| | Addition to right-of-use-assets | - | | 941,462 | | - |
| | Amortisation of lease liability against right-of-use assets | _ | | 792,447 | | _ |
| | Adjustment upon reassesment of useful life | - | | 8,178,322 | | - |
| | Cash dividend - equity shareholders of the Holding Company | | | _ | | 9,514,013 |
| | Cash dividend - non controlling interest | | | <u> </u> | | 350,000 |
| | Ralance as at 21 December 2021 | 20,000,000 | | 9,912,231 | | 9,864,013 |
| | Balance as at 31 December 2021 | 20,990,000 | | 13,261,935 | = | 19,490 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

36.2 Additional information on operational cash flows from profit / return

2022 2021 Rupees in '000

Profit / Return received on financings, investments and placements Profit / Return paid on deposits and other dues

212,125,591 101,506,990

102,096,277 40,475,768

| 37 STAFF STRENGTH | Note | 2022 2021 (Number of Staff) | | |
|---|------|--------------------------------|--------|--|
| Permanent | | 12,762 | 11,710 | |
| On Group's contract | | 1,065 | 958 | |
| Group's own staff strength at the end of the year | | 13,827 | 12,668 | |
| Outsourced | 37.1 | 2,212 | 1,902 | |
| Total staff strength | | 16,039 | 14,570 | |

37.1 This excludes outsourced security guards and janitorial staff.

38 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

38.1 Meezan Bank Gratuity Funded Scheme

The activities of the Gratuity Funded Scheme are governed by Meezan Bank Limited Staff Gratuity Fund established in 2000 under the provisions of a Trust Deed. Plan assets held in trust are governed by the Trust Deed as is the nature of the relationship between the Bank and the trustees and their composition. Responsibility for governance of the plan including the investment decisions lies with the Trustees. The Board of Trustees comprise of representatives of the Bank and scheme participants in accordance with the Fund's Trust Deed.

| 38.2 | Number of Employees under the Gratuity Funded Scheme | Note | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|---|------|----------------|-------------------|
| | | | (Nu | ımber) |
| | Number of Employees eligible under the Gratuity Funded Scheme | | 9,941 | 9,245 |
| 38.3 | Reconciliation of amount payable to defined benefit plan | | 2022 Rupees | 2021 s in '000 |
| | Present value of defined benefit obligations | 38.5 | 3,671,959 | 2,688,572 |
| | Fair value of plan assets | 38.5 | (3,002,944) | (2,150,857) |
| | | | 669,015 | 537,715 |

38.4 Components of plan assets

| | | 202 | 2 | 2021 | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|--|
| | Entity / Instrument Credit Rating | Rupees in '000 | % | Rupees in '000 | % | |
| GoP Ijarah Sukuk | Govt. Guaranteed | 2,792,376 | 92.99 | 900,000 | 41.84 | |
| Meezan Aamdan Certificates | AAA | - | 0.00 | 1,078,388 | 50.13 | |
| Mutual Funds managed by Al Meezan | | | | | | |
| Investment Management Limited | AM1 | 130,926 | 4.36 | 133,530 | 6.21 | |
| Bank Islami Pakistan Limited - | | | | | | |
| Additional Tier 1 Sukuk | A- | 5,000 | 0.17 | 5,000 | 0.23 | |
| Savings account with Dubai Islamic | | | | | | |
| Bank Pakistan Limited | AA | 141 | 0.00 | 133 | 0.01 | |
| Savings account with Meezan | | | | | | |
| Bank Limited | AAA | 74,501 | 2.48 | 33,806 | 1.58 | |
| | | 3,002,944 | 100 | 2,150,857 | 100 | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

38.6

38.5 The movement in the defined benefit obligation over the year is as follows:

| | | | 2022 | |
|-----------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | | Present Value of obligation | Fair Value of Plan Assets | Total |
| | | | Rupees in '000 | |
| At Janua | | 2,688,572 | (2,150,857) | 537,715 |
| | service cost | 466,852 | - | 466,852 |
| Return ex | xpense / (income) | 314,103 3,469,527 | (243,317) (2,394,174) | 70,786 1,075,353 |
| Remeasu | urements: | -,, | (=,== ,, ,) | ., |
| | n on plan assets, excluding amounts included in | | | |
| | n expense / (income) shown as above | - | (279,586) | (279,586) |
| -Experie | ence gains | 410,963 | - (070,500) | 410,963 |
| | | 410,963 | (279,586) | 131,377 |
| Contribut | tion | 3,880,490 | (2,673,760) (537,715) | 1,206,730 (537,715) |
| Benefit p | | (208,531) | 208,531 | (557,715) |
| At Decen | - | 3,671,959 | (3,002,944) | 669,015 |
| | | | | |
| | | | 2021 | |
| | | Present Value of obligation | Fair Value of Plan Assets | Total |
| | | | Rupees in '000 | |
| At Janua | rv 1 | 2,190,677 | (1,886,514) | 304,163 |
| | service cost | 375,047 | (1,000,011) | 375,047 |
| | xpense / (income) | 217,802 | (184,021) | 33,781 |
| | | 2,783,526 | (2,070,535) | 712,991 |
| -Return o | urements: on plan assets, excluding amounts | | | |
| as abov | ed in return expense / (income) shown | | 102,047 | 102,047 |
| | nce gains | 26,840 | 102,047 | 26,840 |
| _Apono. | ga | 26,840 | 102,047 | 128,887 |
| | | 2,810,366 | (1,968,488) | 841,878 |
| Contribut | tion | · · · - | (304,163) | (304,163) |
| Benefit p | payments | (121,794) | 121,794 | |
| At Decen | mber 31 | 2,688,572 | (2,150,857) | 537,715 |
| Charge | for defined benefit plan (in respect of the | Gratuity Funded Sch | eme) | |
| ona.go | Tot delined benone plan (in respect of the | Gratuity Furidou Con | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | es in '000 |
| 38.6.1 | Cost recognised in Consolidated profit | and loss | | |
| | Current service cost | | 466,852 | 375,047 |
| | Net return cost | | 70,786 | 33,781 |
| | Not retain cost | | 537,638 | 408,828 |
| | | | 307,000 | 400,020 |
| 38.6.2 | Re-measurements recognised in OCI du | uring the year | | |
| | Gain on obligation - Experience adjustm | ient | 410,963 | 26,840 |
| | Return on plan assets over expected ret | | (279,586) | 102,047 |
| | Total re-measurements recognised in O | | 131,377 | 128,887 |
| | .s.a. is insusaismente recognicou in ov | ~ . | 101,011 | ======================================= |

Total expense recognised in Profit and Loss Account amounted to Rs 605.25 million (2021: Rs 462.11 million) of which Rs 537.64 million (2021: Rs 408.83 million) pertains to approved Gratuity Funded Scheme and Rs 67.61 million (2021: Rs 53.29 million) pertains to End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme. Total expense recognised in Other Comprehensive Income amounted to Rs 189.32 million (2021: credit of Rs 120.50 million) of which expense of Rs 131.38 million (2021: credit of Rs 128.89 million) pertains to Gratuity Funded Scheme and charge of Rs 57.95 million (2021: credit of Rs 8.39 million) pertains to End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme.

38.7 The plan assets and defined benefit obligations (in respect of the Gratuity Funded Scheme) are based in Pakistan.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 38.8 | Principal actuarial assumptions | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|--|--|
| | Discount rate Expected rate of increase in salaries Expected rate of return on investments Normal retirement age | 14.25% p.a 14.25% p.a 14.25% p.a 60 years | 12.25% p.a 11.25% p.a 12.25% p.a 60 years |

- 38.9 Assumptions regarding future mortality are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in Pakistan. The rates assumed are based on the adjusted SLIC 2001 - 2005 mortality tables.
- 38.10 The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

Impact on defined benefit obligation - Increase / (Decrease)

| | | Decembe | er 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | |
|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | Change in assumption | Increase in assumption | Decrease in assumption | Increase in assumption | Decrease in assumption |
| | | | Rupe | es in '000 — | |
| Diagount vota | 1.000/ | (206.064) | 4EE 700 | (077 147) | 207 400 |
| Discount rate | 1.00% | (386,264) | 455,722 | (277,147) | 327,488 |
| Salary growth rate | 1.00% | 469,642 | (403,962) | 340,683 | (292,327) |
| Withdrawal rate | 10.00% | (7) | 6 | 1,204 | (1,212) |

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the gratuity liability recognised within the consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

- 38.11 The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 11.49 years.
- 38.12 Expected maturity analysis of undiscounted defined benefit obligation for the Gratuity Funded Scheme is as follows:

| | Less than a year | Between 1-2 years | Between 2-5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|
| | | | Rupees in '000 |) | |
| At December 31, 2022 | 191,654 | 158,718 | 702,933 | 35,224,168 | 36,277,473 |
| At December 31, 2021 | 165,485 | 137,177 | 429,283 | 15,785,623 | 16,517,568 |

- 38.13 Funding levels are monitored on an annual basis and are based on actuarial recommendations. Contribution for the next year works out to Rs 586.37 million as per the actuarial valuation report of the Holding Company as of December 31, 2022.
- 38.14 Through its Gratuity Funded Scheme, the Fund is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

| Asset volatility | The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to corporate sukuk yields; if plan assets underperform to the yield, this will create a deficit. The Fund believes that due to long-term nature of the plan liabilities and the Bank's support, the current investment strategy manages this risk adequately. |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Changes in Sukuk yields | A decrease in corporate sukuk yields will increase plan liabilities, although this will be partially offset by an increase in the value of the plans' sukuk holdings. |
| Inflation risk | The majority of the plans' benefit obligations are linked to inflation, and higher inflation will lead to higher liabilities. However plan assets are variable rate instruments and are re-priced at regular intervals to off set inflationary impacts. |
| Life expectancy / Withdrawal rate | The majority of the plans' obligations are to provide benefits on severance with the Holding Company on achieving retirement. Any change in life expectancy / withdrawal rate would impact plan liabilities. |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

38.15 Meezan Bank End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme

The Holding Company also operates an End of Service Unfunded Defined Benefit Scheme for the founding President and Chief Executive Officer.

The charge in respect of current service cost is recognised based on expected period of future service. The net charge for the year of this benefit amounted to Rs 125.56 million. The charge of Rs 67.61 million has been recognised in the consolidated Profit and Loss Account and the charge of Rs 57.95 million has been recognised in Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income. The present value of defined benefit obligation recognised in respect of this scheme amounts to Rs 529.43 million.

The principal actuarial assumptions comprise of discount rate of 14.25 percent and salary increase rate of 8.00 percent. The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation due to a one percent change in discount rate would be Rs 10.10 million (in case the discount rate is increased) and Rs 10.40 million (in case the discount rate is decreased). These sensitivities are calculated using the same methodology as explained in note 38.10.

The disclosures made in notes 38.1 to 38.15 are based on the information included in the actuarial valuation reports of the Holding Company as of December 31, 2022.

38.16 Al Meezan Investment Management Limited Gratuity Funded Scheme

The Subsidiary Company operates a defined benefit plan i.e. an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the scheme. Actuarial valuation of the scheme is carried out every year.

Total expense recognised in Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income amounted to Rs 24.55 million (2021: Rs 20.26 million) and Rs 11.98 million (2021: credit of Rs 5.65 million) respectively pertains to approved Gratuity Funded Scheme.

The present value of defined benefit obligation recognised in Statement of Financial Position amounted to Rs 61.77 million (2021: Rs. 66.80 million).

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN 39

The Group also operates a recognised contributory provident fund for all permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Group and the employees, to the fund at a rate of 10% of basic salary.

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Rup | ees in '000 |
| Contribution from the Group | 569,613 | 490,717 |
| Contribution from the employees | 569,613 | 490,717 |
| | 1,139,226 | 981,434 |

EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION SCHEME OF HOLDING COMPANY 40

During the year 2022, the Board Human Resources, Remuneration and Compensation Committee of the Holding Company (the Committee) has granted Share Options to the designated employees under the Meezan Bank Employees Share Option Scheme, 2021 (the Scheme) approved by the shareholders and Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its letter no. SMD/Co.86(1)/3/2001/4 dated April 21, 2021.

Under the scheme, the exercise price has been determined as 70% of the average market closing price of the Bank's shares quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange during the last forty trading days prior to the date of grant. There are no performance measures attached to options granted. The options carry neither right to dividends nor voting rights till shares are issued to employees on exercise of options on completion of the vesting period. The shares will be vested over a period of 4 years, with one-third being vested after two years from the date of grant, remaining one-third after three years and the remaining one-third after four years.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

The value of these equity-settled options have been determined using the Black Scholes Merton (BSM) method using an independent valuer. The key details of the share options granted during the year on May 01, 2022 and May 01, 2021 are as under:

| | Vesting Period | Exercise Date | Options granted | Options outstanding | Exercise Price (Rs) | Fair value per option (Rs) | Risk Free Rate | Standard Deviation |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Share options issued in 2022 | 2 years 3 years 4 years | 01-May-24 01-May-25 01-May-26 | 2,498,648 2,498,648 2,498,648 7,495,944 | 2,498,648 2,498,648 2,498,648 7,495,944 | 94.34 94.34 94.34 | 44.43 54.59 63.59 | 13.50% | 30.08% |
| | Vesting Period | Exercise Date | Options granted | Options outstanding | Exercise Price (Rs) | Fair value per option (Rs) | Risk Free Rate | Standard Deviation |
| Share options issued in 2021 | 2 years 3 years 4 years | 01-May-23 01-May-24 01-May-25 | 2,340,833 2,340,833 2,340,834 7,022,500 | 2,340,833 2,340,833 _2,340,834 _7,022,500 | 77.43 77.43 77.43 | 78.35 84.59 89.72 | 10.50% | 31.63% |

Expense arising from this scheme is disclosed in Note 31.1.

41 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL HOLDING COMPANY

| | | | | 2022 | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| _ | Directors | | Members | President | Key | Other Material | | |
| | Chairman | Executives (other than CEO) | Non- Executives | Shariah Board | / CEO | Management Personnel | Risk Takers/ Controllers | |
| _ | | | | — Rupees in '0 | 000 ——— | | | |
| Fees and allowances | 11,640 | - | 59,850 | 2,500 | - | - | - | |
| Managerial remuneration | | | | | | | | |
| i) Fixed | - | - | - | 34,903 | 88,818 | 402,318 | 460,947 | |
| ii) Cash Bonus | - | - | - | 6,000 | 200,000 | 460,000 | 370,350 | |
| iii) Share based compensation expense | - | - | - | - | 4,290 | 21,375 | 30,236 | |
| Charge for gratuity fund / EOSB | - | - | - | - | 125,555 | 12,019 | 18,691 | |
| Contribution to defined contribution plan | - | - | - | - | - | 14,952 | 22,876 | |
| Others | - | - | - | - | 4,180 | 1,224 | - | |
| | 11,640 | - | 59,850 | 43,403 | 422,843 | 911,888 | 903,100 | |
| Number of persons | 1 | - | 9 | 4 | 1 | 22 | 63 | |

| | | | | 2021 | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| - | | Directors | | Members | President | Key | Other Material |
| | Chairman | Executives (other than CEO) | Non- Executives | Shariah Board | / CEO | Management Personnel | Risk Takers/ Controllers |
| | | , | | — Rupees in '00 | 00 ——— | | |
| Fees and allowances | 11,640 | - | 53,400 | 2,100 | - | - | - |
| Managerial remuneration | | | | | | | |
| i) Fixed | - | - | - | 18,815 | 82,239 | 336,441 | 394,768 |
| ii) Cash Bonus | - | - | - | 16,000 | 175,000 | 388,000 | 330,000 |
| iii) Share based compensation | | | | | | | |
| expense | - | - | - | - | 1,900 | 8,134 | 12,714 |
| Charge for gratuity fund / EOSB | - | - | - | - | 44,896 | 10,008 | 15,962 |
| Contribution to defined | | | | | | | |
| contribution plan | - | - | - | - | - | 12,061 | 19,615 |
| Others | - | - | - | - | 2,146 | 1,434 | - |
| | 11,640 | - | 53,400 | 36,915 | 306,181 | 756,078 | 773,059 |
| Number of persons | 1 | - | 9 | 4 | 1 | 19 | 55 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

- 41.1 The Chief Executive, the key management personnel, certain members of Shariah board and certain material risk takers / controllers have been provided with free use of the Bank's cars.
- 41.2 The amount of cash bonus to the key management personnel, Resident Shariah Board Member and other material risk takers / controllers, is based on the management's best estimate.
- 41.3 Remuneration to Directors for participation in Board and Committee Meetings

Holding Company

| | | | Meeting Fees and Allowances | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---|-------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | For Boa | rd Committe | es | | | | | | | | |
| Sr. No. | Name of Director | For Board Meetings | Audit Committee | Risk Management Committee | Information | Human Resources, Remuneration & Oversight Committee | | Total Amount | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Rupees in | 000 | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Mr Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees (Chairman) | 3,840 | - | - | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 11,640 | | | | | | |
| 2 | Mr Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar | -,- | | | , | , | , | , | | | | | | |
| | (Vice Chairman) | 3,200 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | - | 11,000 | | | | | | |
| 3 | Mr Bader H.A.M.A. Al-Rabiah | 3,200 | 650 | 1,950 | - | - | - | 5,800 | | | | | | |
| 4 | Mr Mubashar Maqbool | 3,200 | 1,950 | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | - | 10,350 | | | | | | |
| 5 | Mr Faisal Fahad Al-Muzaini | 3,200 | - | - | - | - | 1,950 | 5,150 | | | | | | |
| 6 | Mr Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani | 3,200 | - | - | - | - | - | 3,200 | | | | | | |
| 7 | Mr Mohamed Guermazi | 3,200 | 1,950 | 650 | - | - | - | 5,800 | | | | | | |
| 8 | Mr Mohammad Abdul Aleem | 3,200 | 2,600 | - | - | 2,600 | - | 8,400 | | | | | | |
| 9 | Ms Nausheen Ahmad | 3,200 | - | - | - | 2,600 | - | 5,800 | | | | | | |
| 10 | Mr Yousef S.M.A. Al-Saad | 2,400 | - | 1,950 | - | - | - | 4,350 | | | | | | |
| | | 31,840 | 9,750 | 9,750 | 7,800 | 7,800 | 4,550 | 71,490 | | | | | | |

2021

| | | 2021 | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | Meeting Fees | and Allowa | nces | | | | | |
| | | | | For Boa | rd Committe | es | | | | | |
| Sr. No. | Name of Director | For Board Meetings | Audit Committee | Risk Management Committee | Information Technology Committee | Human Resources, Remuneration & Compensation Committee | IFRS 9 Implementation Oversight Committee | Total Amount | | | |
| | | | | | Rupees in | ,000 ——— | | | | | |
| 1 | Mr Riyadh S.A.A. Edrees | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (Chairman) | 3,840 | - | - | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 11,640 | | | |
| 2 | Mr Faisal A.A.A. Al-Nassar | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (Vice Chairman) | 3,200 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | - | 11,000 | | | |
| 3 | Mr Bader H.A.M.A. Al-Rabiah | 2,400 | 1,950 | - | - | - | - | 4,350 | | | |
| 4 | Mr Mubashar Maqbool | 3,200 | - | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | - | 8,400 | | | |
| 5 | Mr Saad Fazil Abbasi | 800 | - | 650 | - | - | - | 1,450 | | | |
| 6 | Mr Mohamed Guermazi | 3,200 | - | 2,600 | - | - | - | 5,800 | | | |
| 7 | Mr Noorur Rahman Abid | 3,200 | 2,600 | - | - | 2,600 | - | 8,400 | | | |
| 8 | Ms Nausheen Ahmad | 3,200 | - | - | - | 2,600 | - | 5,800 | | | |
| 9 | Mr Atif Azim | 3,200 | - | - | 2,600 | - | - | 5,800 | | | |
| 10 | Mr Naveed Iftikhar Sherwani | 2,400 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,400 | | | |
| | | 28,640 | 7,150 | 8,450 | 10,400 | 7,800 | 2,600 | 65,040 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 41.4 | Remuneration to Members Shariah Board | | 2022 | | 2021 | | | |
|------|--|----------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | Chairman | Resident Member | Non Resident Members | Chairman | Resident Member | Non Resident Members | |
| | | | | Rupee | s in '000 —— | | | |
| | Meeting Fees | - | - | 2,500 | - | - | 2,100 | |
| | Managerial remuneration and allowances | - | 6,007 | 28,896 | - | 4,157 | 14,658 | |
| | Cash Bonus | - | 6,000 | - | - | 4,000 | 12,000 | |
| | | - | 12,007 | 31,396 | - | 8,157 | 28,758 | |
| | Total Number of Persons | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | |

42 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities, fixed term deposits and borrowings cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for these assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

42.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

| | 2022 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|-------------|----------------|---------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Carrying | | Fair value | | | | | | |
| | value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | | | |
| | | | Rupees in '000 | | | | | | |
| On balance sheet financial instruments | | | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets - measured at fair value | | | | | | | | | |
| Investments | | | | | | | | | |
| - Federal Government securities | 917,873,562 | - | 917,873,562 | - | 917,873,562 | | | | |
| - Shares | 7,565,867 | 7,565,867 | - | - | 7,565,867 | | | | |
| - Non Government Sukuk | 119,509,708 | 119,509,708 | - | - | 119,509,708 | | | | |
| - Foreign Securities | 8,568,475 | | 8,568,475 | - | 8,568,475 | | | | |
| | 1,053,517,612 | 127,075,575 | 926,442,037 | - | 1,053,517,612 | | | | |
| Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value | | | | | | | | | |
| Investments | | | | | | | | | |
| - Federal Government securities | 217,740,599 | - | 204,305,335 | - | 204,305,335 | | | | |
| - Non Government Sukuk | 311,665 | | 311,665 | | 311,665 | | | | |
| | 218,052,264 | - | 204,617,000 | - | 204,617,000 | | | | |
| | 1,271,569,876 | 127,075,575 | 1,131,059,037 | - | 1,258,134,612 | | | | |
| Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value | | | | | | | | | |
| Forward purchase and sale of foreign | | | | | | | | | |
| exchange contracts | 244,685,475 | - | 244,685,475 | | 244,685,475 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | 2021 | | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| | Carrying | | Fair value | | |
| | value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| On balance sheet financial instruments | | | Rupees in '000 | | |
| Financial assets - measured at fair value | | | | | |
| Investments | | | | | |
| Federal Government securities | 386,597,737 | - | 386,597,737 | - | 386,597,737 |
| - Shares | 8,718,285 | 8,718,285 | - | - | 8,718,285 |
| - Non Government Sukuk | 120,028,511 | 120,028,511 | - | - | 120,028,511 |
| - Foreign Securities | 10,703,622 526,048,155 | 128,746,796 | 10,703,622 397,301,359 | - | 10,703,622 526,048,155 |
| Financial assets - disclosed but not | 320,040,133 | 120,740,790 | 397,301,339 | - | 526,046,155 |
| measured at fair value | | | | | |
| Investments | | | | | |
| - Federal Government securities | 76,687,798 | - | 76,651,000 | - | 76,651,000 |
| | 76,687,798 | - | 76,651,000 | - | 76,651,000 |
| | | | | | |
| | 602,735,953 | 128,746,796 | 473,952,359 | | 602,699,155 |
| | | 120,140,100 | 470,002,000 | | 002,000,100 |
| Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value | | | | | |
| Forward purchase and sale of foreign | | | | | |
| exchange contracts | 203,234,909 | - | 203,234,909 | - | 203,234,909 |
| | | | | | |
| 42.2 Fair Value of non-financial assets | | | 2022 | | |
| | Carrying | | Fair value | | |
| | value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| | | | Rupees in '000 | | |
| Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction | FF 000 | | | 55.000 | 55.000 |
| of claims | 55,000 | | - - | 55,000 | 55,000 |
| | 55,000 | | | 55,000 | 55,000 |
| | | | 2021 | | |
| | Carrying | | Fair value | | |
| | value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| | | | Rupees in '000 | | |
| Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction | | | | | |
| of claims | 153,847 | | <u> </u> | 153,847 | 153,847 |
| | 153,847 | | <u> </u> | 153,847 | 153,847 |
| | | | | | |

Non-banking assets acquired in satisfactions of claims are carried at revalued amounts (level 3 measurement) determined by professional valuers based on their assessment of the market values.

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values

| Item | Valuation approach and input used |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Listed Securities | The valuation has been determined through closing rates of Pakistan Stock Exchange. |
| GoP Sukuk | The fair value of GoP Ijarah Sukuk quoted are derived using PKISRV rates. The PKISRV rates are announced by FMA (Financial Market Association) through Reuters. The rates announced are simple average of quotes received from eight different pre-defined/approved dealers / brokers. |
| Foreign Sukuk | The valuation has been determined through closing rates of Bloomberg. |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | The valuation has been determined by interpolating the mid rates announced by SBP. |
| Mutual Funds | The valuation has been determined based on Net asset values declared by respective funds. |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of the different fair value hierarchy levels at the date the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer occurred.

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

Fair value of Islamic financing and related assets, unquoted sukuk, other assets, other liabilities and fixed term deposits and other accounts and due to financial institutions cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to absence of current and active market for such assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments. The provision for impairment of Islamic financing and related assets has been made in accordance with the Group's accounting policy as stated in note 6.3.2.

In the opinion of the management, the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since these assets and liabilities are short term in nature or in the case of financings and deposits are frequently repriced.

SEGMENT ANALYSIS 43

43.1 Segment Details with respect to Business Activities

| | | | | 2022 | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| | Corporate and Commercial banking | Retail banking | Trading and sales | Asset Management Rupees in '000 | Others | Inter-segment Eliminations | Total |
| Consolidated profit and loss account | | | | | | | |
| External funded revenue | 83,882,167 | 7,655,763 | 140,707,522 | - | - | - | 232,245,452 |
| External unfunded revenue | 4,558,746 | 3,326,592 | 4,318,838 | 1,414,239 | 6,408,482 | - | 20,026,897 |
| Inter segment revenue - net | | 196,667,127 | - | | 173,327 | (196,840,454) | - |
| Total income | 88,440,913 | 207,649,482 | 145,026,360 | 1,414,239 | 6,581,809 | (196,840,454) | 252,272,349 |
| External cost of funds | 6,777,093 | 61,280,572 | 42,368,397 | - | - | - | 110,426,062 |
| Segment direct expenses | 1,400,367 | 44,750,561 | 165,724 | 619,298 | 1,928,673 | - | 48,864,623 |
| Inter segment expense allocation | 74,213,540 | - | 122,626,914 | - | - | (196,840,454) | - |
| Total expenses | 82,391,000 | 106,031,133 | 165,161,035 | 619,298 | 1,928,673 | (196,840,454) | 159,290,685 |
| Provisions and write offs - net | 3,201,688 | 124,306 | 806,681 | - | 43,986 | | 4,176,661 |
| Profit before tax | 2,848,225 | 101,494,043 | (20,941,356) | 794,941 | 4,609,150 | | 88,805,003 |
| Consolidated statement of financial position | | | | | | | |
| Cash and bank balances | - | 112,300,051 | 8,905,757 | 35,160 | 10,213,457 | - | 131,454,425 |
| Due from financial institutions - net | - | - | 34,964,299 | - | - | - | 34,964,299 |
| Investments - net | 11,019,547 | - | 1,272,190,740 | 4,106,136 | - | - | 1,287,316,423 |
| Net inter segment lending | - | 1,544,149,502 | | - | - | (1,544,149,502) | - |
| Islamic financings and related assets - net | 902,768,059 | 92,740,295 | - | - | - | - | 995,508,354 |
| Others | 35,208,094 | 52,596,851 | 43,932,977 | 361,771 | 557,384 | - | 132,657,077 |
| Total Assets | 948,995,700 | 1,801,786,699 | 1,359,993,773 | 4,503,067 | 10,770,841 | (1,544,149,502) | 2,581,900,578 |
| Due to financial institutions | 134,872,920 | 6,364,466 | 432,089,053 | - | - | - | 573,326,439 |
| Deposits and other accounts | - | 1,658,469,588 | - | - 11 | - | - | 1,658,469,588 |
| Subordinated sukuk | 20,990,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 20,990,000 |
| Net inter segment borrowing | 675,947,666 | - | 861,843,217 | - | 6,358,619 | (1,544,149,502) | - |
| Others | 74,724,128 | 125,404,634 | 5,211,198 | 709,600 | 3,930,301 | - | 209,979,861 |
| Total liabilities | 906,534,714 | 1,790,238,688 | 1,299,143,468 | 709,600 | 10,288,920 | (1,544,149,502) | 2,462,765,888 |
| Equity | 42,460,986 | 11,548,011 | 60,850,305 | 3,793,467 | 481,921 | | 119,134,690 |
| Total Equity and liabilities | 948,995,700 | 1,801,786,699 | 1,359,993,773 | 4,503,067 | 10,770,841 | (1,544,149,502) | 2,581,900,578 |
| Contingencies and Commitments | 965,252,825 | 88,049,132 | 243,862,470 | | | | 1,297,164,427 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | 2021 | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| | Corporate and Commercial banking | Retail banking | Trading and sales | Asset Management Rupees in '000 | Others | Inter-segment Eliminations | Total |
| Consolidated profit and loss account | | | | | | | |
| External funded revenue | 38,904,867 | 5,784,199 | 65,383,481 | - | - | _ | 110,072,547 |
| External non funded revenue | 3,984,822 | 2,556,850 | 4,445,743 | 1,851,794 | 3,159,651 | _ | 15,998,860 |
| Inter segment revenue - net | _ | 89.808.493 | - | - | - | (89.808.493) | - |
| Total Income | 42,889,689 | 98,149,542 | 69,829,224 | 1,851,794 | 3,159,651 | (89,808,493) | 126,071,407 |
| External cost of funds | 3,266,249 | 34,832,977 | 3,052,212 | - | - | - | 41,151,438 |
| Segment direct expenses | 1,077,132 | 32,045,600 | 667,375 | 722,393 | 1,437,881 | - 1 | 35,950,381 |
| Inter segment expense allocation | 30,037,728 | - | 59,760,519 | - | 10,246 | (89,808,493) | - |
| Total expenses | 34,381,109 | 66,878,577 | 63,480,106 | 722,393 | 1,448,127 | (89,808,493) | 77,101,819 |
| Provisions and write offs - net | 642,026 | 92,940 | 218,079 | | 39,785 | | 992,830 |
| Profit before tax | 7,866,554 | 31,178,025 | 6,131,039 | 1,129,401 | 1,671,739 | | 47,976,758 |
| Consolidated statement of financial position | | | | | | | |
| Cash and bank balances | - | 174,828,996 | 1,518,093 | 45,741 | 10,573,645 | - | 186,966,475 |
| Due from financial institutions - net | - | - | 238,401,637 | - 1 | · · · - | - | 238,401,637 |
| Investments - net | 15,926,987 | - | 604,205,056 | 4,200,838 | - | - | 624,332,881 |
| Net inter segment lending | - | 1,267,123,798 | | - 1 | - | (1,267,123,798) | - |
| Islamic financings and related assets - net | 670,252,106 | 87,834,014 | - | - | - | ' - ' | 758,086,120 |
| Others | 18,243,198 | 40,247,352 | 40,932,915 | 441,068 | 7,401 | - | 99,871,934 |
| Total Assets | 704,422,291 | 1,570,034,160 | 885,057,701 | 4,687,647 | 10,581,046 | (1,267,123,798) | 1,907,659,047 |
| Due to financial institutions | 102,332,649 | 693,821 | 117,387,764 | - 1 | - | - | 220,414,234 |
| Deposits and other accounts | - | 1,455,871,080 | - 1 | - | - | - | 1,455,871,080 |
| Subordinated sukuk | 20,990,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 20,990,000 |
| Net inter segment borrowing | 533,751,157 | - | 724,249,670 | - | 9,122,971 | (1,267,123,798) | - |
| Others | 15,307,422 | 99,691,203 | 3,162,896 | 803,810 | 976,790 | ' - ' | 119,942,121 |
| Total liabilities | 672,381,228 | 1,556,256,104 | 844,800,330 | 803,810 | 10,099,761 | (1,267,123,798) | 1,817,217,435 |
| Equity | 32,041,063 | 13,778,056 | 40,257,371 | 3,883,837 | 481,285 | | 90,441,612 |
| Total Equity and liabilities | 704,422,291 | 1,570,034,160 | 885,057,701 | 4,687,647 | 10,581,046 | (1,267,123,798) | 1,907,659,047 |
| Contingencies and Commitments | 657,044,559 | 76,581,021 | 200,615,279 | | _ | | 934,240,859 |
| | | | | | | | |

TRUST ACTIVITIES 44

The Holding Company provides trustee services in respect of Islamic Financing transactions. The services primarily includes holding of assets as security trustee / custodian on behalf of investors.

45 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions and includes a subsidiary company, associated companies, retirement benefit funds, directors, and key management personnel and their close family members.
- 45.2 Transactions with related parties are entered in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions with person of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration and other benefit to the key management personnel is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

45.3 Associates

Associates include mutual funds managed by Al Meezan Investment Management Limited and entities having common directorship with the Board. However, entities are not considered related party only if common director is an independent director working on both the Boards.

45.4 Key management personnel

- President and Chief Executive Officer of the Holding Company
- Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Holding Company

For the year ended December 31, 2022

45.5 Details of transactions with related parties and balances with them (other than those disclosed in respective notes) as at the year-end as are follows:

| 10 | tal | Associates Directors | | Key Management Personnel | | Other R Parti | | | |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | — Rupees i | n '000 — | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 29,972,348 | - | 29,972,348 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 29,972,348 | - | 29,972,348 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 4,854,664 | 5,470,391 | 4,854,664 | 5,470,391 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 759,618 | 1,581,448 | 759,618 | 1,581,448 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (1,443,849) | (2,197,175) | (1,443,849) | (2,197,175) | - | | - | - | - | - |
| 4,170,433 | 4,854,664 | 4,170,433 | 4,854,664 | - | | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 21,858,348 | 36,671,288 | 21,858,348 | 36,671,288 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 76,546,772 | - | 76,546,772 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (21,858,348) | (91,359,712) | (21,858,348) | (91,359,712) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 21,858,348 | - | 21,858,348 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 2022 - 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 4,854,664 759,618 (1,443,849) 4,170,433 21,858,348 - | 2022 2021 29,972,348 | 2022 2021 2022 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 4,854,664 5,470,391 4,854,664 759,618 1,581,448 759,618 (1,443,849) (2,197,175) (1,443,849) 4,170,433 4,854,664 4,170,433 21,858,348 36,671,288 21,858,348 - 76,546,772 - 21,858,348) (91,359,712) (21,858,348) | 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2023 2021 2024 2021 2026 2021 2027 2021 2028 2021 2029,972,348 | 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 Rupees i 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 29,972,348 - 20,972,348 21,858,348 36,671,288 21,858,348 36,671,288 - 76,546,772 - 76,546,772 - 21,858,348) (91,359,712) - 21,858,348) (91,359 | 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 Rupees in '000 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 29,972,348 29,972,348 29,972,348 29,972,348 21,854,664 5,470,391 4,854,664 5,470,391 21,858,348 36,671,288 21,858,348 36,671 | Person Pe | 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 Rupees in '000 29,972,348 - 29,972,348 | 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2021 2022 2021 2021 2 |

Balances pertaining to parties that were related at the beginning of the year but ceased to be related during any part of the current year are not reflected as part of the closing balance. However, new related parties have been added during the year. The same are accounted for through the movement presented above.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | Tot | al | Associa | ates | Direc | ctors | Key Mana Perso | | Other Re Partio | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | | — Rupees ir | n '000 — | | | | |
| Deposits | 4,473,715 | 7,220,915 | 3,565,923 | 2,386,870 | 134,806 | 131,435 | 180,487 | 188,427 | 592,499 | 4,514,183 |
| Other Assets Profit receivable on financing / investments / placements Fee and Other Receivable | 684,919 22,216 | 725,460 37,462 | 684,919 17,864 | 725,460 9,037 | - | - | - 1,745 | - | - 3,352 | - 28,425 |
| Due to financial institutions At January 1, Addition during the year Repayment / redemption / deletion during the year At December 31 | 53,500,000 (35,500,000) 18,000,000 | - - - - | 53,500,000 (35,500,000) 18,000,000 | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | | - - - - |
| Sub-ordinated Sukuk At January 1, Addition during the year Repayment / redemption / deletion during the year At December 31 | 200,000 10,000 - 210,000 | 578,000 10,000 (388,000) 200,000 | 200,000 10,000 - 210,000 | 578,000 10,000 (388,000) 200,000 | - - - | - - - - | - - - | - - - - | - - - | - - - - |
| Other Liabilities Profit payable on Musharakah acceptance Payable to defined benefit plan Accrued Expenses Unearned Income | 54,568 1,263,565 - 16,615 | 941,589 350,000 16,648 | 54,568 - - 16,615 | - - - 16,648 | - - - - | - - - - | 529,429 - - | - 403,874 - - | - 734,136 - - | 537,715 350,000 |
| Contingencies and Commitments Letters of credit (unfunded) Letters of Guarantee (unfunded) | 725,168 2,387,077 | - 2,491,277 | 725,168 2,387,077 | - 2,491,277 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Transactions, income and expenses Profit earned on financing / investments / placements Fees and other income earned Dividend income earned Capital (loss)/gain - net | 753,103 2,018,169 53,041 (41,390) | 2,850,799 1,653,881 128,782 187,358 | 753,103 1,667,684 53,041 (43,418) | 2,850,799 1,653,683 128,782 187,358 | - 18 - - | - 20 - - | - 404 - - | - 100 - - | 350,063 - 2,028 | - 78 - - |
| Return on deposits / acceptance expensed Recovery of expenses Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Contribution to staff benevolent fund Fees expensed Charity Paid Purchase of fixed assets Remuneration to key management personnel | 665,268 3,352 710,440 569,613 65,993 1,656 56,000 153,417 631,638 | 579,861 3,155 594,911 490,717 54,418 1,471 63,000 425,393 489,318 | 497,492 - - - 1,224 1,000 153,417 | 251,625 - - - - 1,471 - 425,393 - | 1,784 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 733 - - - - - - - - | 7,440 - - - - - - - - - 631,638 | 7,695 - - - - - - - - 489,318 | 158,552 3,352 710,440 569,613 65,993 432 55,000 | 319,808 3,155 594,911 490,717 54,418 - 63,000 |
| Fee to non-executive directors (note 41) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets having net book value of Rs. 526 thousand | 71,490 2,271 | 65,040 | - | - | 71,490 | 65,040 | 2,271 | - | - | |

CAPITAL ASSESSMENT AND ADEQUACY BASEL SPECIFIC 46

Capital structure

The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) introduced updated guidelines with respect to disclosure of capital adequacy related information in the financial statements of banks vide its communication dated November 5, 2014. These guidelines are based on the requirements of Basel III which were introduced earlier by the SBP in August 2013 for implementation by banks in Pakistan. The SBP had specified a transitional period for implementing new standards which came to its end on December 31, 2019. The disclosures below have been prepared on the basis of these new guidelines. The comparative information is as per requirements which were applicable last year.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

46.1 Capital structure

Under Basel III framework, the Holding Company's regulatory capital has been analysed into two tiers as

- Tier 1 capital (going concern capital) which is sub divided into:
- a) Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1), which includes fully paid up capital, balance in share premium account, statutory and general reserves, and un-appropriated profits (net of losses), after regulatory deductions for book value of intangibles, reciprocal cross holdings and deficit on revaluation of AFS investments.
- b) Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1), which includes perpetual, unsecured, subordinated, non-cumulative and contingent convertible Sukuk instrument issued by the Holding Company.
- Tier II capital, which includes sub-ordinated sukuk, general provisions for loan losses (upto a maximum of 1.25% of credit risk weighted assets)

Banking operations are categorised in either the trading book or the banking book and risk weighted assets are determined according to the specified requirements that seek to reflect the varying levels of risk attached to assets and off balance sheet exposures.

The required capital adequacy ratio is achieved by the Holding Company through:

- (a) Adequate level of paid up capital;
- (b) Adequate risk profile of asset mix;
- (c) Ensuring better recovery management; and
- (d) Maintaining acceptable profit margins.

46.2 Capital adequacy ratio

The main objective of the capital management is to improve the financial position and strengthen the statement of financial position of the Group to support the growth in business, provide protection to depositors and enhance shareholders' value.

The Holding Company's Board and the management is committed to maintaining a sound balance between depositors' liability and shareholders' funds so that optimal capital / debt ratio is maintained. The optimal capital / debt ratio will provide reasonable assurance to depositor's about safety and security of their funds and at the same time provide impetus to the management to invest their depositors' funds into profitable ventures without compromising the risk profile of the Holding Company. The capital requirement of the Holding Company has been determined based on the projected growth plan to be achieved in the next 3 years in all areas of business operations. Further, it also takes into account a road map for capital enhancement as directed by the State Bank of Pakistan vide its various circulars issued from time to time.

The Holding Company prepares Annual Budget and Three Year Plan for purpose of the growth map and future direction. Bottom up approach is used to prepare annual budget and detailed deliberations are held while preparing Three Year Plan. The growth prospects takes into consideration prevailing economic and political factors in Pakistan and abroad.

In implementing current capital requirements the State Bank of Pakistan requires banks to maintain minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 11.50% as of December 31, 2022 whereas CAR stood at 18.64% at the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Group calculates capital adequacy ratio for credit risk, market risk and operational risk based upon requirements under Basel Accord as per guidelines issued by the State Bank of Pakistan from time to time in this regard.

Sensitivity and stress testing of the Holding Company under different risk factors namely profit rate, non-performing financings, equity price and foreign exchange rate depicts that the Bank's capital adequacy ratio is above the regulatory requirements.

The Group has taken into account credit risk, market risk and operational risk when planning its assets.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

47 CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS

2022 2021 Rupees in '000

| Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Paid-up capital (net of losses) | 17,896,243 | 16,269,312 |
| | | |
| Capital Adequacy Ratio | | |
| Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital | 115,968,337 | 83,697,220 |
| Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital | 7,027,796 | 6,981,089 |
| Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital | 122,996,133 | 90,678,309 |
| Eligible Tier 2 Capital | 21,007,720 | 23,962,002 |
| Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) | 144,003,853 | 114,640,311 |
| | | |
| Risk weighted assets (RWAs): | | |
| Credit Risk | 557,711,426 | 471,199,111 |
| Market Risk | 26,213,803 | 28,183,530 |
| Operational Risk | 188,426,624 | 135,565,726 |
| Total | 772,351,853 | 634,948,367 |
| | | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio | 15.01% | 13.18% |
| Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio | 15.92% | 14.28% |
| Total Capital Adequacy Ratio | 18.64% | 18.06% |
| | | |
| Leverage ratio (LR): | | |
| Tier-1 Capital | 122,996,133 | 90,678,309 |
| Total Exposures | 2,991,568,828 | 2,303,517,674 |
| Leverage Ratio | 4.11% | 3.94% |
| | | |

47.1 In the latest assessment carried out by the SBP under the Framework for Domestic Systemically Important Banks (D-SIBs) introduced vide BPRD Circular No.04 of 2018 dated April 13, 2018, the Bank has been identified as a sample D-SIB. In line with the framework, the Bank is required to meet the HLA capital surcharge, in the form of additional Common Equity Tier 1 (CET-1) capital of 0.5% on a standalone and consolidated basis till June 30, 2023.

Full disclosure on Capital Adequacy, Leverage Ratio & Liquidity Requirements prepared as per SBP instructions is available at https://www.meezanbank.com

48 **RISK MANAGEMENT**

During 2022, Pakistan witnessed significant economic headwinds. Rising inflation, increasing fuel prices, depleting foreign exchange reserves, massive devaluation of the Pakistani rupee, political instability, increasing interest rates, and high budget deficit made the year more challenging. In this backdrop, Fitch, Moody's and S&P Global lowered the country's sovereign credit rating. In June 2022, Pakistan was hit with a natural catastrophe in the shape of worst ever floods in the history of the country. The floods resulted in millions of people being displaced and severe damage to both crops and livestock. Additionally, international commodity prices also remained elevated through the year. The headline inflation increased significantly touching a multi-year high of 27.32% in August. During the year, SBP increased the benchmark interest rate by a cumulative 625 bps to 16%. This steep increase was aimed at reducing aggregate demand in the economy and also to counter high inflation. This led to a steep uptick in domestic food prices.

The Group is regularly conducting assessments of the credit portfolio, with robust post disbursement credit review mechanism to identify borrowers most likely to be affected in the challenging business and economic environment. Group is confident that it has more than sufficient risk bearing capacity to with stand these difficult times.

The wide variety of the Group's business activities require the Group to identify, assess, measure, aggregate and manage risks effectively which are constantly evolving as the business activities expand in response to the Group's strategy and growth. The Group manages the risk through a framework of risk management encompassing policies and procedures, organisational structures, risk measurement and monitoring processes and techniques that are closely aligned with business activities of the Group.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Risk management principles

- The Board of Directors (the Board) provides overall risk management supervision. The Board Risk Management Committee regularly reviews the Group's risk profile.
- The Group has set up objectives and policies to manage the risks that arise in connection with the Group's activities. The risk management framework and policies of the Group are guided by specific objectives to ensure that comprehensive and adequate risk management tools and techniques are established to mitigate the salient risk elements in the operations of the Group.
- The establishment of the overall financial risk management objectives is consistent and in tandem with the strategy to create and enhance shareholders' value, whilst guided by a prudent risk management framework.
- The structure of risk management function is closely aligned with the organisational structure of the Group.
- The risk management function is independent of the Group's operations.

Risk management organisation

The Board Risk Management Committee comprises of four non-executive directors. One of the non-executive directors of the Holding Company chairs the Risk Management Committee.

Specialized Committees comprising of Senior Management team members perform their functions in line with the strategic direction set by the Board while ensuring that there is optimal balance between risk reward trade-off. The Committees include:

Name of the sub-committee

Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC) Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO) Compliance & Operational Risk Management Committee (CORMC)

Chaired by

President & CEO of the Holding Company President & CEO of the Holding Company President & CEO of the Holding Company

CRMC is responsible to oversee credit risk activities on Group wide basis while ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements and internal policies. Its responsibilities also include to provide support and guide front lines in managing their businesses, perform finance portfolio review, establish financing standards and benchmarks, maintain adequate industry diversification and decide upon provisioning. It is also required to delegate financing approving powers & prudential limits on large financing exposures. Credit Committee, a sub-committee of CRMC is the highest level body for approval of financing transactions.

ALCO is responsible for reviewing the Asset and Liability structure of the Holding Company, monitoring the liquidity situation and overall changing market scenario. Market and Liquidity risks are examined based on stress testing exercises and gap analysis. ALCO is also responsible for monitoring policy rate movements and taking necessary steps across various products to ensure that the overall profitability of the Group is maximized without compromising on risk appetite. ALCO also ensures that the Group's overall operations are fully compliant with regulatory framework for the business as provided by the State Bank of Pakistan.

The CORMC is responsible for overseeing compliance risk by reviewing the adequacy of controls in place to meet regulatory requirements. The Committee is responsible for promoting compliance culture in the Group, facilitate in implementation of Compliance Program and oversee Money Laundering and Financing Terrorism and Proliferation risk. In addition, the Committee also oversees Operational Risk Framework by ensuring that policies and procedures are in place in all Key risk areas and by reviewing Key Risk Indicators. The Committee also monitors level of compliance of major unresolved and recurring issues pointed out in the Internal Audit, Shariah Audit and SBP Inspection Report.

The Group's risk management, compliance, internal audit and legal departments support the risk management function. The role of the risk management department is to assess, measure, identify risks and established risk mitigants through a detailed policy and monitoring framework. The compliance department ensures that all the directives and guidelines issued by the SBP are being complied with in order to mitigate the compliance risk. The internal audit and BRR department reviews the compliance of internal control procedures with internal and regulatory standards.

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48.1 Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that an obligor is either unwilling to perform on an obligation or its ability to perform such obligations is impaired resulting in economic loss to the Group. This credit risk arises mainly from both direct financing activities as well as contingent liabilities.

Credit risk management and structure

The Group manages credit risk by effective credit appraisal mechanism, approving and reviewing authorities, limit structures, internal credit risk rating system, collateral management and post disbursement monitoring so as to ensure prudent financing activities and sound financing portfolio under the umbrella of a comprehensive Financing Policy approved by the Board of Directors. A comprehensive financing procedural manual approved by the senior management is also in place. The Group also ensures diversification of its portfolio into different business segments, products and sectors. Further, to avoid risk concentration; counterparty limits, counterparty group limits and industry concentration limits are also established, monitored and assessed in the light of changing counterparty and market conditions.

Watchlist procedure is also functioning which identifies financings with early warning indicators in respect of clients having the potential to become non performing. The risk management function also monitors the non-performing financing portfolio of the Group and reports all significant matters to the Board Risk Management Committee.

The Group takes into account the risk mitigating effect of the eligible collaterals for the calculation of capital requirement for credit risk. Use of Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) resulted in the total credit risk weighted amount of Rs 557,711.43 million (2021: Rs 471,199.11 million).

Thus, use of CRM resulted in capital adequacy ratio of the Group of 18.64%.

48.1.1 Segmental information

48.1.1.1 Due from financial institutions

Credit risk by public / private sector

| | Gross amount due from financial institutions | | Non-per amount c financial ir | lue from | Provision held | |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | Rupees | in '000 —— | | |
| Public / Government Private | 35,005,865 | 112,003,699 126,439,504 | - 41,566 | - 41,566 | - 41,566 | - 41,566 |
| | 35,005,865 | 238,443,203 | 41,566 | 41,566 | 41,566 | 41,566 |

48.1.1.2 Investment in Sukuk and government securities

Credit risk by Industry sector

| ,, | Gross Investments | | Non-performing Investments | | Provision held | |
|---|-------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------|
| | 2022 | 2022 2021 | | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | —— Rupees i | n '000 —— | | |
| Automobile and transportation equipment | 1,132,254 | 883,640 | - | - | - | - |
| Chemical and Pharmaceuticals | 25,892 | 25,892 | 25,892 | 25,892 | 25,892 | 25,892 |
| Construction and allied industries | 333,333 | 416,667 | - | - | - | - |
| Steel and allied industries | 868,750 | 1,100,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Federal Government Securities | 1,142,799,896 | 464,840,152 | - | - | - | - |
| Financial | 3,347,228 | 2,572,735 | - | - | - | - |
| Foreign Government Securities | 5,314,367 | 7,684,473 | - | - | - | - |
| Oil and Gas | - | 2,950,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Power (electricity) | 123,346,202 | 124,928,266 | - | - | - | - |
| Textile | 138,014 | 180,871 | 2,300 | 52,300 | 2,300 | 52,300 |
| | 1,277,305,936 | 605,582,696 | 28,192 | 78,192 | 28,192 | 78,192 |

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Credit risk by public / private sector

| | Gross investments | | Non-performing investments | | Provision held | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | Rupees | n '000 —— | | |
| Public / Government Private | 1,270,458,795 6,847,141 | 599,222,886 6,359,810 | 28,192 | 78,192 78,100 | 28,192 | - 78,192 |
| | 1,277,305,936 | 605,582,696 | 28,192 | 78,192 | 28,192 | 78,192 |

48.1.1.3 Islamic financing and related assets

Credit risk by industry sector

| | Gross amounts | | Non-perf amou | • | Provisio | n held |
|--|---------------|-------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | in '000 —— | | |
| Agriculture, Food, Feed Mills, Poultry, Dairy, | | | | | | |
| Forestry and Fishing | 208,073,442 | 162,478,493 | 2,270,930 | 3,395,929 | 2,270,930 | 3,165,623 |
| Automobile and transportation equipment | 26,072,313 | 20,719,843 | 157,974 | 74,585 | 82,035 | 73,158 |
| Cement | 19,353,573 | 13,825,174 | - | - | - | - |
| Chemical and Pharmaceuticals | 36,842,695 | 16,542,558 | 22,036 | 22,036 | 22,036 | 22,036 |
| Construction | 17,530,547 | 11,737,462 | 1,367,291 | 1,278,654 | 1,283,436 | 1,278,654 |
| Steel and allied industries | 27,836,119 | 26,145,539 | 472,264 | 546,615 | 378,626 | 416,337 |
| Plastic products manufacturer | 4,539,985 | 3,994,568 | - | - | - | - |
| Electronics and electrical appliances | 7,671,307 | 8,281,523 | - | - | - | - |
| Exports/Imports | 1,522,101 | 2,016,709 | 195,415 | 205,493 | 195,415 | 205,493 |
| Fertilizer | 28,544,431 | 19,743,356 | - | 38,833 | - | 38,833 |
| Financial | 38,074,312 | 519,309 | - | - | - | - |
| Footwear and Leather garments | 4,964,169 | 4,170,916 | - | 11,435 | - | 11,435 |
| Individuals | 73,475,097 | 66,641,606 | 1,011,366 | 933,318 | 534,783 | 370,138 |
| Takaful / Insurance | 654,300 | 627,760 | - | - | - | - |
| Mining and Quarrying | 3,530,578 | 5,309,238 | - | - | - | - |
| Oil and Gas | 85,322,255 | 44,479,242 | 4,364,340 | 4,224,503 | 4,337,347 | 4,206,236 |
| Paper, board and packaging | 21,977,610 | 10,388,890 | 123,435 | 231,306 | 121,420 | 229,291 |
| Power (electricity) | 88,675,574 | 97,775,783 | 788,840 | 817,480 | 788,840 | 817,480 |
| Services | 9,415,229 | 9,363,039 | 20,285 | 84,219 | 18,071 | 45,915 |
| Sugar | 21,257,976 | 12,612,935 | - | - | - | - |
| Textile | 172,803,936 | 143,773,181 | 2,361,930 | 2,058,162 | 2,361,930 | 2,021,650 |
| Transport, Storage and Communication | 50,649,542 | 31,497,141 | 77,129 | 77,513 | 43,697 | 41,466 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade | 63,955,770 | 61,749,684 | 337,378 | 338,625 | 317,430 | 287,482 |
| Others | 5,358,896 | 2,901,177 | 57,674 | 110,832 | 56,766 | 107,761 |
| | 1,018,101,757 | 777,295,126 | 13,628,287 | 14,449,538 | 12,812,762 | 13,338,988 |

Credit risk by public / private sector

| | Gross amounts | | • | Non-performing amounts | | Provision held | |
|---------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|------------|----------------|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | | | Rupees | in '000 —— | | | |
| Public / Government | 318,259,246 | 237,476,802 | - | - | - | _ | |
| Private | 699,842,511 | 539,818,324 | 13,628,287 | 14,449,538 | 12,812,762 | 13,338,988 | |
| | 1,018,101,757 | 777,295,126 | 13,628,287 | 14,449,538 | 12,812,762 | 13,338,988 | |

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48.1.1.4 Contingencies and Commitments

| Credit | risk | hv | industry | sector |
|--------|------|--------------|------------|--------|
| Orean | HOL | \mathbf{v} | iiiuusii y | 300101 |

| Credit risk by industry sector | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| | Rup | ees in '000 |
| Agriculture, Food, Feed Mills, Poultry, Dairy, | | |
| Forestry and Fishing | 98,417,326 | 71,453,206 |
| Automobile and transportation equipment | 43,510,460 | 27,560,120 |
| Cement | 24,368,223 | 14,392,244 |
| Chemical and Pharmaceuticals | 37,636,764 | 36,754,088 |
| Construction | 32,544,198 | 39,002,386 |
| Steel and allied industries | 41,774,472 | 32,541,776 |
| Plastic products manufacturer | 7,488,719 | 6,924,962 |
| Electronics and electrical appliances | 16,899,349 | 11,565,939 |
| Exports / Imports | 5,531,431 | 3,965,076 |
| Fertilizer | 18,124,795 | 16,005,439 |
| Financial | 266,595,819 | 161,294,310 |
| Footwear and Leather garments | 7,538,339 | 5,934,844 |
| Individuals | 336,981 | 7,687,462 |
| Takaful / Insurance | 374,450 | 263,952 |
| Mining and Quarrying | 12,314,638 | 5,654,762 |
| Oil and Gas | 92,706,034 | 41,796,492 |
| Paper, board and packaging | 22,947,107 | 14,058,322 |
| Power (electricity) | 146,814,179 | 76,128,620 |
| Services | 66,587,092 | 63,951,481 |
| Sugar | 22,340,850 | 25,102,487 |
| Textile | 217,879,460 | 214,583,093 |
| Transport, Storage and Communication | 23,137,093 | 23,854,641 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade | 75,625,125 | 22,649,002 |
| Others | 15,671,523 | 11,116,055 |
| | 1,297,164,427 | 934,240,759 |
| Credit risk by public / private sector | | |
| Public / Government | 271,179,069 | 92,770,090 |
| Private | 1,025,985,358 | 841,470,669 |
| | 1,297,164,427 | 934,240,759 |
| | | |

48.1.1.5 Concentration of Top 10 exposures

Top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded) exposures aggregated to Rs 408,589 million (2021: Rs 301,905 million) as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Rupee | es in '000 |
| Funded Exposure | 331,735,662 | 249,871,722 |
| Non Funded Exposure | 76,853,260 | 52,033,362 |
| Total Exposure | 408,588,922 | 301,905,084 |
| | | - |

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposures aggregated to Rs 518,795 million (2021: Rs 324,895 million). None of the exposure against these top 10 customers is in classified stage.

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48.1.1.6 Islamic Financings and related assets - Province/Region-wise Disbursement & Utilization

| | | | | 2022 | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Disbursements | | | Utilization | | | |
| Province / Region | Dispursements | Punjab | Sindh | KPK including FATA | Balochistan | Islamabad | AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan |
| | - | | | Rupees in '00 | 0 | | |
| Punjab | 664,533,491 | 664,533,491 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sindh | 770,568,389 | - | 770,568,389 | - | - | - | - |
| KPK including FATA | 9,151,023 | - | - | 9,151,023 | - | - | - |
| Balochistan | 2,169,900 | - | - | - | 2,169,900 | - | - |
| Islamabad | 137,770,908 | - | - | - | = | 137,770,908 | - |
| AJK including | | | | | | | |
| Gilgit-Baltistan | 399,082 | - | - | - | = | - | 399,082 |
| Total | 1,584,592,793 | 664,533,491 | 770,568,389 | 9,151,023 | 2,169,900 | 137,770,908 | 399,082 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2021 | | | |
| | D'alamana and | | | Utilization | | | |

| | Utilization Disbursements | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Province / Region | Dispursements | Punjab | Sindh | KPK including FATA | Balochistan | Islamabad | AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan |
| | | | | Rupees in '00 | 0 | | |
| Punjab | 442,069,392 | 442,069,392 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sindh | 409,068,056 | - | 409,068,056 | - | - | - | - |
| KPK including FATA | 5,683,347 | - | - | 5,683,347 | - | - | - |
| Balochistan | 1,186,334 | - | - | - | 1,186,334 | - | - |
| Islamabad | 41,009,443 | - | - | - | - | 41,009,443 | - |
| AJK including | | | | | | | |
| Gilgit-Baltistan | 246,833 | - | - | - | - | - | 246,833 |
| Total | 899,263,405 | 442,069,392 | 409,068,056 | 5,683,347 | 1,186,334 | 41,009,443 | 246,833 |

48.1.2 Credit Risk - General Disclosures

The Group has adopted Standardised Approach of Basel Accord for calculation of capital charge against credit risk. Therefore, risk weights for the credit risk related assets (on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet - market and non market related exposures) are assigned on basis of standardised approach.

The Group is committed to further strengthen its risk management framework which will enable the Group to move ahead for adopting Foundation Internal Ratings Based (IRB) approach of Basel II. Meanwhile, none of the Group's assets class is subject to the Foundation IRB or advanced IRB approaches.

48.1.2.1 Credit Risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the Standardised Approach

Under standardised approach the capital requirement is based on the credit rating assigned to the counterparties by the External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs) duly recognised by the SBP for capital adequacy purposes. In this connection, the Group utilises the credit ratings assigned by ECAIs and has recognised agencies such as PACRA (Pakistan Credit Rating Agency) and VIS Credit Rating Company which are also recognised by the SBP.

In case of foreign currency exposures against banks, ratings assigned by S&P, Fitch and Moody's have been applied. In case of exposure against banks, some banks have multiple ratings but those ratings do not result in mapping with different risk weights.

Types of Exposure and ECAI's used

| | | 2022 — | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----|--------|---------------------------|-------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Exposures | VIS | PACRA | Standard & Poors (S&P) | Fitch | Moody's | | | | |
| Corporate | 1 | J | J | √ | J | | | | |
| Banks | √ | J | √ | √ | J | | | | |
| Public Sector Entities | 1 | J | - | - | - | | | | |

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Use of ECAI Ratings

The Group prefers solicited ratings over unsolicited ratings at all times, owing to the greater degree of accuracy (in general) associated with solicited ratings. Unsolicited ratings may only be used in cases where a solicited rating is not available.

Mapping to SBP Rating Grades

The alignment of the Alphanumerical scale of each agency used with risk buckets is as per instructions laid down by SBP under Basel III requirements.

48.1.2.2 Credit exposures subject to standardised approach

| | 2022 | | | 2021 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| On-balance sheet Exposures | Amount Outstanding | Deduction Credit Risk Management | Net amount | Amount Outstanding | Deduction Credit Risk Management | Net amount | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | | | |
| Banks | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20% | 83,574,754 | 59,789,988 | 23,784,766 | 256,111,929 | 192,460,283 | 63,651,646 | | | | |
| 50% | 1,692,525 | - | 1,692,525 | 255,474 | = | 255,474 | | | | |
| 100% | 1,082,999 | - | 1,082,999 | 807,999 | - | 807,999 | | | | |
| 150% | 63,662 | - | 63,662 | 53,321 | - | 53,321 | | | | |
| Unrated | 1,572,546 | - | 1,572,546 | 298,108 | - | 298,108 | | | | |
| Sovereigns | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0% | 1,255,202,233 | 50,766,630 | 1,204,435,603 | 644,065,162 | 50,351,600 | 593,713,562 | | | | |
| 20% | 1,340,122 | - | 1,340,122 | 2,779,262 | - | 2,779,262 | | | | |
| 50% | 2,259,452 | - | 2,259,452 | 2,828,610 | - | 2,828,610 | | | | |
| 100% | - | - | - | 1,624,771 | - | 1,624,771 | | | | |
| 150% | 8,460,046 | - | 8,460,046 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Public Sector entities | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20% | 44,501,577 | 14,769,333 | 29,732,244 | 19,201,818 | 16,463,593 | 2,738,225 | | | | |
| 50% | 8,875,000 | 7,124,600 | 1,750,400 | 19,201,616 | 10,403,393 | 2,730,223 | | | | |
| Unrated (50%) | 311,881,517 | 283,200,020 | 28,681,497 | 291,758,453 | 263,798,926 | 27,959,527 | | | | |
| Corporate | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20% | 218,225,099 | 3,147,228 | 215,077,871 | 140,474,238 | 1,626,445 | 138,847,793 | | | | |
| 50% | 165,544,908 | 1,225,652 | 164,319,256 | 123,360,922 | 47,298 | 123,313,624 | | | | |
| 100% | 7,212,656 | - | 7,212,656 | 5,196,338 | , | 5,196,338 | | | | |
| Unrated 1 (100%) | 130,349,482 | 9,753,949 | 120,595,533 | 103,327,444 | 7,927,692 | 95,399,752 | | | | |
| Unrated 2 (125%) | 74,547,481 | 12,564,932 | 61,982,549 | 85,647,398 | 13,186,425 | 72,460,973 | | | | |
| Retails | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75% | 73,405,947 | 15,669,516 | 57,736,431 | 70,160,902 | 15,910,991 | 54,249,911 | | | | |
| Residential | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35% | 20,728,463 | - | 20,728,463 | 19,193,855 | - | 19,193,855 | | | | |
| 25% | 6,371,277 | 2,548,049 | 3,823,228 | 2,904,311 | 1,160,239 | 1,744,072 | | | | |
| Past Due | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50% | 256,255 | 109,883 | 146,372 | 138,686 | 88,442 | 50,244 | | | | |
| 100% | 694,837 | 21,672 | 673,165 | 937,088 | 30,727 | 906,361 | | | | |
| 150% | 41,733 | 12,253 | 29,480 | 57,362 | 15,293 | 42,069 | | | | |
| Total | 2,417,884,571 | 460,703,705 | 1,957,180,866 | 1,771,183,451 | 563,067,954 | 1,208,115,497 | | | | |

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48.1.2.3 Credit Risk: Disclosures with respect to Credit risk mitigation for Standardised approach and IRB

The Group obtains capital relief for both its on-balance and off-balance sheet non-market related exposures by using simple approach for credit risk mitigation (CRM). Off-balance sheet items under the simplified standardised approach are converted into credit exposure equivalents through the use of credit conversion factors. Under the standardised approach the Group has taken advantage of the cash collaterals available with the Group in the form of security deposits, cash margins, certificates of islamic investment, monthly mudaraba certificate, saving accounts, guarantees, shares and Government securities.

Valuation and management of eligible collaterals for CRM is being done in accordance with the conditions laid down by the State Bank of Pakistan. Eligible collaterals for CRM purposes do not expose the Group to price risk as they are in the form of cash/cash equivalent collaterals. Since eligible collaterals for CRM purposes are all in the form of cash/cash equivalent collaterals, they generally do not pose risk to the Group in terms of change in their valuation due to changes in the market condition.

The credit equivalent amount of an off-balance sheet market related foreign exchange contracts are determined by using the current exposure (mark to market) method.

The total benefit of Rs 460,703.70 million was availed through CRM against total on-balance sheet exposure of Rs 2,578,068.91 million. Under off-balance sheet, total benefit of Rs 25,942.35 million was availed by the Group through CRM against total off-balance sheet, non-market related exposure of Rs 1,053,302.06 million. In the year 2022, total CRM benefit was Rs 486,646.053 million as against amount of Rs 577,988.895 million in year 2021.

48.1.2.4 Credit concentration risk

Credit concentration risk arises mainly due to concentration of exposures under various categories viz., industry, geography and single / group borrower obligor. Within credit portfolio, as a prudential measure aimed at better risk management and avoidance of concentration of risks, the SBP has prescribed regulatory limits on banks' maximum exposure to single and group obligors. Within the SBP limits, the Group has further defined limits to avoid excessive concentration of portfolio.

48.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk reflects yield rate risk, currency risk and other price risks. Group could be adversely affected by movements in market rates or prices such as benchmark rates, deposit rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and market conditions resulting in a loss to earnings and capital.

48.2.1 Equity position in the banking and trading book

The Group classifies and values its investment portfolio in accordance with the directives of SBP as stated in note 6.4 to these consolidated financial statements.

Trading book

Held for trading and available for sale securities with trading intent;

- They are marked to market daily; and
- Any valuation difference is charged / credited to the profit and loss account in case of held for trading securities and to surplus on revaluation of investments - net of tax under equity in case of available for sale securities.

Banking book

Assets outside trading book are part of the banking book. These may include assets classified as available for sale and held to maturity investments.

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48.2.2 Balance sheet split by trading and banking books

| | | 2022 | | | | 2021 | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Banking Book | Trading Book | Total | | Banking Book | Trading Book | Total |
| | | | Rup | ees in | '000 — | | |
| Cash and balances with | | | · | | | | |
| treasury banks | 117,743,672 | - | 117,743,672 | | 170,501,306 | - | 170,501,306 |
| Balances with other banks | 13,710,753 | - | 13,710,753 | | 16,465,169 | - | 16,465,169 |
| Due from financial institutions | 34,964,299 | - | 34,964,299 | | 238,401,637 | - | 238,401,637 |
| Investments - net | 1,275,033,945 | 12,282,478 | 1,287,316,423 | | 610,209,006 | 14,123,875 | 624,332,881 |
| Islamic financings and | | | | | | | |
| related assets - net | 995,508,354 | - | 995,508,354 | | 758,086,120 | - | 758,086,120 |
| Fixed assets | 40,624,658 | - | 40,624,658 | | 34,185,975 | - | 34,185,975 |
| Intangible assets | 1,873,518 | - | 1,873,518 | | 1,505,581 | - | 1,505,581 |
| Deferred tax asset | 4,439,835 | - | 4,439,835 | | - | - | - |
| Other assets - net | 85,719,066 | - | 85,719,066 | | 64,180,378 | - | 64,180,378 |
| | 2,569,618,100 | 12,282,478 | 2,581,900,578 | 1, | ,893,535,172 | 14,123,875 | 1,907,659,047 |

The Group uses a number of methods to monitor and control market risk exposures. One of the major tools used by the Group to monitor and limit market risk is Value at Risk (VaR). VaR is defined as the estimated loss that will arise on a position or a portfolio over a particular (holding) period of time from an adverse market movement with a specific probability (confidence level). The VaR model used by the Group takes 99% confidence level and assumes a 1 to 10 days holding period whilst using the historical simulation taking the data of the last three years. Daily VaR figures are circulated to the senior management and regular summaries are reported in ALCO meetings.

The VaR reports are complemented by various other position and sensitivity limit structures, including stress, sensitivity, gap and scenario analysis. The capital charge for market risk has been calculated by using Standardized Approach.

48.2.3 Foreign exchange risk

The foreign exchange risk is defined as the current or prospective risk to earnings and capital arising from adverse movements in currency exchange rates. It refers to the impact of adverse movement in currency exchange rates on the value of open foreign currency position. The objectives of the foreign exchange risk management is to minimise the adverse impact of foreign exchange rate movements on the assets and liabilities mismatch (tenor and position) and maximise their earnings.

Whenever a commercial bank deals in foreign currency, it is exposed to risk of exchange rate. The Group's assets and liabilities in foreign currencies give rise to foreign exchange risk which has to be managed by the Group; this risk is mitigated by using different hedging techniques. Hedging is a way used by a Group to eliminate or minimize its risk exposures. Hedging can be done using different ways like gap analysis, hedging (forwards), assigning limits in terms of amount, tenor, currency, product, countries, counterparties etc. The Group limits its currency exposure to the extent of statutory net open position prescribed by the SBP except in the cases where exemption is provided by the SBP. Foreign exchange open and mismatch positions are controlled through close monitoring and are marked to market on a daily basis.

The analysis below represents the concentration of the Group's foreign currency risk for on and off balance sheet financial instruments:

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The analysis below represents the concentration of the Bank's foreign currency risk for on and off balance sheet financial instruments:

| | | 20 |)22 | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Assets | Liabilities _ | Off-balance sheet items | Net foreign currency exposure |
| | | ——— Rupees | in '000 ——— | |
| Pakistan Rupees | 2,496,389,581 | 2,338,543,126 | (35,433,722) | 122,412,733 |
| United States Dollars | 81,666,765 | 110,417,824 | 25,453,007 | (3,298,052) |
| Great Britain Pounds | 955,161 | 7,493,793 | 6,546,533 | 7,901 |
| Japanese Yen | 142,804 | 88,927 | (59,976) | (6,099) |
| Euro | 1,474,874 | 5,437,092 | 4,019,733 | 57,515 |
| Singapore Dollars | 18,118 | - | (6,743) | 11,375 |
| Australian Dollars | 257,134 | 132 | (253,346) | 3,656 |
| Canadian Dollars | 52,441 | 976 | (33,417) | 18,048 |
| United Arab Emirates Dirham | 27,242 | 547 | (36,991) | (10,296) |
| Swiss Francs | 58,950 | - | (51,456) | 7,494 |
| Saudi Riyal | 26,006 | - | - | 26,006 |
| Swedish Krona | 5,390 | - | (6,496) | (1,106) |
| Malaysian Ringgit | 3,208 | - | - | 3,208 |
| Hong Kong Dollar | 39,714 | 23 | (34,848) | 4,843 |
| Thailand Bhat | 837 | - | - | 837 |
| Norwegian Krone | 10,157 | - | (4,581) | 5,576 |
| Danish Krone | 11,968 | - | - | 11,968 |
| Chinese Offshore Spot | - | - | | . . |
| Chinese Yuan | 760,228 | 783,448 | (97,697) | (120,917) |
| Total foreign currency exposure | 85,510,997 | 124,222,762 | 35,433,722 | (3,278,043) |
| Total currency exposure | 2,581,900,578 | 2,462,765,888 | - | 119,134,690 |

| | | 20 | 021 | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Assets | Liabilities | Off-balance sheet items | Net foreign currency |
| | | Rupees | in '000 ——— | exposure |
| Pakistan Rupees | 1,831,271,828 | 1,709,220,233 | (28,900,423) | 93,151,172 |
| United States Dollars | 70,850,151 | 95,296,400 | 21,587,004 | (2,859,245) |
| Great Britain Pounds | 1,694,459 | 6,837,618 | 5,155,365 | 12,206 |
| Japanese Yen | 36,322 | 72,666 | 24,528 | (11,816) |
| Euro | 2,045,814 | 4,821,334 | 2,746,479 | (29,041) |
| Singapore Dollars | 6,532 | - | - | 6,532 |
| Australian Dollars | 283,338 | 2,082 | (280,530) | 726 |
| Canadian Dollars | 9,457 | 1,105 | - | 8,352 |
| United Arab Emirates Dirham | 146,900 | 37,311 | (48,056) | 61,533 |
| Swiss Francs | 77,144 | 55,712 | (8,687) | 12,745 |
| Saudi Riyal | 27,791 | - | - | 27,791 |
| Swedish Krona | 12,058 | - | - | 12,058 |
| Malaysian Ringgit | 2,642 | - | - | 2,642 |
| Hong kong Dollar | 4,519 | 29 | - | 4,490 |
| Thailand Bhat | 1,624 | - | - | 1,624 |
| Norwegian Krone | 7,178 | - | - | 7,178 |
| Danish Krone | 16,712 | - | - | 16,712 |
| Chinese Offshore Spot | - | - | - | - |
| Chinese Yuan | 1,164,578 | 872,945 | (275,680) | 15,953 |
| Total foreign currency exposure | 76,387,219 | 107,997,202 | 28,900,423 | (2,709,560) |
| Total currency exposure | 1,907,659,047 | 1,817,217,435 | - | 90,441,612 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | 2 | 022 | 20 |)21 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Banking book | Trading book | Banking book | Trading book |
| | | ——— Rupees | in '000 ——— | |
| Impact of 1% change in foreign exchange rates | | | | |
| - Consolidated Profit and Loss Account - Consolidated Other Comprehensive | - | 17,526 | | 17,997 |
| Income | - | - | | - |

48.2.4 Equity position risk

Equity position risk is defined as the risk to earnings or capital arising from adverse changes in value of equity portfolios of Group. The limits assigned to various individual scripts and total portfolio investments are fixed as per the guidelines issued by the SBP. The Group invests in only Shariah compliant equities as advised by the Resident Shariah Board Member.

| | 20 | 22 | 20 | 21 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Banking book | Trading book | Banking book | Trading book |
| | - | Rupees i | n '000 ——— | |
| Impact of 5% change in equity prices | | | | |
| - Consolidated Profit and Loss Account | - | 123,028 | - | 148,067 |
| - Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income | - | 276,149 | - | 265,908 |

48.2.5 Yield / profit rate risk

Yield risk occurs when there is a mismatch between positions, which are subject to profit rate alterations within a particular time period. The Group's financing, placement and investment activities give rise to profit rate risk. The effect of changes in profit rate is on the Group's income, and resultant impact is on the Group's net worth.

Profit rate risk is primarily managed by monitoring the rate sensitive gaps and by having the pre-approved limits for repricing buckets. ALCO is the supervising body for adherence with these, complemented by the monitoring of sensitivity of the Group's financial assets and liabilities to various scenarios.

The Group estimates changes in the market value of equity due to changes in the yield rates on on-balance sheet positions and their impact on capital adequacy ratio by conducting stress tests. It also assesses risk on earnings of the Group by various shocks.

| | 2 | 022 | 202 | 21 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Banking book | Trading book | Banking book | Trading book |
| Impact of 1% change in discount rates, with other factors remaining constant, on: | | ——— Rupees ir | ı '000 ——— | |
| - Consolidated Profit and Loss Account - Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income | 4,447,366 | - | 3,437,737 | <u>-</u> |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

48.2.6 Mismatch of yield rate sensitive assets and liabilities

| | | | | | | Ev | 2022 posed to yield ris | -k | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------|---|
| | Effective yield rate | Total | Upto 1 | Over 1 to 3 | Over 3 to 6 | Over 6 months to 1 | Over 1 to 2 | Over 2 to 3 | Over 3 to 5 | Over 5 to 10 | Above | Non-yield bearing financial |
| | % | | month | months | months | year | years | years | years | years | 10 years | instruments |
| On-balance sheet financial instruments | | | | | | | Rupees in '000 | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Other assets | 0.87 11.25 14.52 13.96 | 117,743,672 13,710,753 34,964,299 1,287,316,423 995,508,354 83,538,015 | 4,825,629 - 53,732,131 345,002,703 | 94,242,964 271,683,454 | - - 868,978,721 179,853,354 | - - - - 34,107,321 | 2,005,914 32,096,915 | 34,964,299 20,459,704 18,916,857 | 235,604,122 40,236,414 | - - - - 60,119,468 | - - - - 7,616,509 | 117,743,672 8,885,124 - 12,292,867 5,875,359 83,538,015 |
| Liabilities | - | 2,532,781,516 | 403,560,463 | 365,926,418 | 1,048,832,075 | 34,107,321 | 34,102,829 | 74,340,860 | 275,840,536 | 60,119,468 | 7,616,509 | 228,335,037 |
| Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Other liabilities | 13.89 3.71 16.75 | 40,175,122 573,326,439 1,658,469,588 20,990,000 145,721,198 2,438,682,347 | 275,653,428 834,360,728 11,000,000 - 1,121,014,156 | 204,300,004 4,668,681 - 208,968,685 | 23,513,500 - 9,990,000 - 33,503,500 | 46,047 - - - 46,047 | 518,145 - - - 518,145 | 6,930,569 - - - 6,930,569 | 4,057,809 - - - 4,057,809 | 57,375,033 - - - - 57,375,033 | | 40,175,122 931,904 819,440,179 - 145,721,198 1,006,268,403 |
| On-balance sheet gap | | 94,099,169 | (717,453,693) | 156,957,733 | 1,015,328,575 | 34,061,274 | 33,584,684 | 67,410,291 | 271,782,727 | 2,744,435 | 7,616,509 | (777,933,366) |
| Non financial assets - Fixed assets - Intangible assets - Deferred tax asset - Other assets | | 40,624,658 1,873,518 4,439,835 2,181,051 49,119,062 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non financial liabilities - Other liabilities - Deferred tax liabilities | | 24,083,541 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total net assets | | 24,083,541 119,134,690 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Off-balance sheet financial instruments Guarantees Documentary letter of credits Forward purchase of foreign exchange contr Forward sale of foreign exchange contracts Off-balance sheet gap | acts | 56,485,801 221,689,496 139,648,096 (104,214,374) 313,609,019 | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - - | - - - - | 56,485,801 221,689,496 139,648,096 (104,214,374) 313,609,019 |
| Total yield risk rate sensitivity gap | | | (717,453,693) | 156,957,733 | 1,015,328,575 | 34,061,274 | 33,584,684 | 67,410,291 | 271,782,727 | 2,744,435 | 7,616,509 | (464,324,347) |
| Cumulative yield risk rate sensitivity gap | | | (717,453,693) | (560,495,960) | 454,832,615 | 488,893,889 | 522,478,573 | 589,888,864 | 861,671,591 | 864,416,026 | 872,032,535 | 407,708,188 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Effective yield rate | Total | Upto 1 | Over 1 to 3 | Over 3 to 6 | Over 6 months to 1 | 2021 posed to yield ris Over 1 to 2 | Over 2 to 3 | Over 3 to 5 | Over 5 to 10 | Above | Non-yield bearing financial |
| | yield | Total | Upto 1 month | | | Over 6 | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 | | | Above 10 years | bearing |
| On-balance sheet financial instruments | yield rate | Total | | to 3 | to 6 | Over 6 months to 1 | posed to yield ris Over 1 to 2 | Over 2 to 3 | to 5 | to 10 | | bearing financial |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Other assets | yield rate | 170,501,306 16,465,169 238,401,637 624,332,881 758,006,120 61,881,125 1,869,668,238 | | to 3 | to 6 | Over 6 months to 1 | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 to 3 | to 5 | to 10 | | bearing financial |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Other liabilities | yield rate % - 0.02 7.52 9.13 | 170,501,306 16,465,169 238,401,637 624,332,881 758,086,120 61,881,125 1,869,668,238 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,871,080 20,990,000 61,362,539 | 287,60 21,858,347 54,282,173 197,161,911 273,590,091 121,110,629 791,004,367 20,990,000 | to 3 months | 113,251,970 295,240,180 141,996,581 -550,488,731 -20,301,496 177,300 | Over 6 months to 1 year 43,868,529 904,146 19,491,897 - 64,264,572 2,235,253 | Over 1 to 2 years Rupees in '000 - 26,851,491 10,436,579 - 37,288,070 | Over 2 to 3 years - 1,678,453 17,798,822 - 19,477,275 - 1,062,131 | 34,964,299 102,017,553 32,792,056 - 169,773,908 | 1,851,474 67,931,119 69,782,593 | 10 years | bearing financial instruments 170,501,306 16,177,509 14,134,261 10,506,365 61,881,125 273,200,566 36,141,378 44,3824 463,927,340 61,362,539 |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk | yield rate % | 170,501,306 16,465,169 288,401,637 624,332,881 758,086,120 61,881,125 1,869,668,238 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,871,080 20,990,000 | 287,660 21,858,347 54,282,173 197,161,911 273,590,091 | to 3 months - 24,458,492 127,373,150 259,970,790 - 411,802,432 | 113,251,970 295,240,180 141,996,581 550,488,731 | Over 6 months to 1 year - 43,868,529 904,146 19,491,897 - 64,264,572 - 2,235,253 | Over 1 to 2 years Rupees in '000 | Over 2 to 3 years - 1,678,453 17,798,822 19,477,275 | 10.5 years - 34,964,299 102,017,553 32,792,056 - 169,773,908 | 1,851,474 67,931,119 - 69,782,593 | - 10 years | bearing financial instruments 170,501,306 16,177,509 14,134,261 10,506,365 61,881,125 273,200,566 36,141,378 443,824 663,927,340 - |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financial and related assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Other liabilities On-balance sheet gap Non financial assets - Fixed assets - Intangible assets - Deferred tax asset - Other assets | yield rate % | 170,501,306 16,465,169 238,401,637 624,332,881 758,086,120 61,881,125 1,869,668,238 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,871,080 20,990,000 61,362,539 1,794,779,231 | 287,660 21,858,347 54,282,173 197,161,911 273,590,091 | to 3 months | 113,251,970 295,240,180 141,996,581 550,488,731 20,301,496 177,300 | Over 6 months to 1 year 43,868,529 904,146 19,491,897 64,264,572 2,235,253 - 2,235,253 | Dosed to yield ris Over 1 to 2 years Rupees in '000 | Over 2 to 3 years | to 5 years | 1,851,474 67,931,119 | 10 years | bearing financial instruments 170,501,306 16,177,509 14,134,261 10,506,365 61,881,125 273,200,566 36,141,378 443,824 663,927,340 61,362,539 761,875,081 |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financial and related assets Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Other liabilities On-balance sheet gap Non financial assets - Fixed assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Deferred tax asset | yield rate % | 170,501,306 16,465,169 238,401,637 624,332,881 758,086,120 1,869,668,238 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,871,080 20,990,000 61,362,539 1,794,779,231 74,889,007 | 287,660 21,858,347 54,282,173 197,161,911 273,590,091 | to 3 months | 113,251,970 295,240,180 141,996,581 550,488,731 20,301,496 177,300 | Over 6 months to 1 year 43,868,529 904,146 19,491,897 64,264,572 2,235,253 - 2,235,253 | Dosed to yield ris Over 1 to 2 years Rupees in '000 | Over 2 to 3 years | to 5 years | 1,851,474 67,931,119 | 10 years | bearing financial instruments 170,501,306 16,177,509 14,134,261 10,506,365 61,881,125 273,200,566 36,141,378 443,824 663,927,340 61,362,539 761,875,081 |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financial gand related assets Other assets Liabilities Billis payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Other liabilities On-balance sheet gap Non financial assets - Fixed assets - Intangible assets - Deferred tax asset - Other assets - Other liabilities - Other liabilities - Other liabilities - Deferred tax liabilities | yield rate % - 0.02 7.52 9.13 9.28 5.78 2.66 10.40 | 170,501,306 16,465,169 238,401,637 624,332,881 758,086,120 1,869,668,238 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,871,000 61,362,539 1,794,779,231 74,889,007 34,185,975 1,505,581 2,299,253 37,990,809 22,366,015 72,189 22,438,204 | 287,660 21,858,347 54,282,173 197,161,911 273,590,091 | to 3 months | 113,251,970 295,240,180 141,996,581 550,488,731 20,301,496 177,300 | Over 6 months to 1 year 43,868,529 904,146 19,491,897 64,264,572 2,235,253 - 2,235,253 | Dosed to yield ris Over 1 to 2 years Rupees in '000 | Over 2 to 3 years | to 5 years | 1,851,474 67,931,119 | 10 years | bearing financial instruments 170,501,306 16,177,509 14,134,261 10,506,365 61,881,125 273,200,566 36,141,378 443,824 663,927,340 61,362,539 761,875,081 |
| Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financial and related assets Other assets Liabilities Billis payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated Sukuk Other liabilities On-balance sheet gap Non financial assets - Fixed assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Other assets - Other assets Non financial liabilities - Other liabilities - Other liabilities - Other liabilities Total net assets Off-balance sheet financial instruments Guarantees Documentary letter of credits Forward purchase of foreign exchange contraforward purchase of foreign exchange contraformations and the same an | yield rate % - 0.02 7.52 9.13 9.28 5.78 2.66 10.40 | 170,501,306 16,465,169 238,401,637 624,332,881 758,086,120 61,881,125 1,869,668,238 36,141,378 220,414,234 1,455,871,080 20,990,000 1,794,779,231 74,889,007 34,185,975 1,505,581 2,299,253 37,990,809 22,366,015 2,299,253 37,990,809 22,386,015 1,752,189 24,48,204 90,441,612 | month 287,660 21,858,347 54,282,173 197,161,911 - 273,590,091 121,110,629 791,004,367 20,990,000 - 933,104,996 (659,514,905) | to 3 months | 113,251,970 295,240,180 141,996,581 550,488,731 20,301,496 177,300 2,20,478,796 530,009,935 | Over 6 months to 1 year 43,868,529 904,146 19,491,897 64,264,572 2,235,253 2,235,253 62,029,319 | Dosed to yield ris Over 1 to 2 years Rupees in '000 | Over 2 to 3 years | to 5 years | 1,851,474 67,931,119 | 10 years | bearing financial instruments 170,501,306 16,177,509 - 14,134,261 10,506,365 61,881,125 273,200,566 36,141,378 443,824 663,927,340 663,927,340 61,362,539 761,875,081 (488,674,515) |

2022

The Group takes on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market profit rates on both its fair value and cash flow risks. Profit margins may increase as a result of such changes but may reduce to losses in the event that unexpected movement arise.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

48.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the potential for loss to the Group arising from either its inability to meet its obligations or to fund increases in assets as they fall due without incurring an unacceptable cost.

The Holding Company's Board of Directors sets the Group's policy for managing liquidity risk and entrusts accountability for supervision of the implementation of this strategy to senior management. Senior management exercises its responsibilities for managing market & liquidity risk through various committees including the Asset & Liability Management Committee (ALCO). Treasury department manages the Group's liquidity position on daily basis. The Group's main approach of managing the liquidity risk is to make certain that it will always have adequate liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due in normal and stressed scenarios without incurring any untoward expenditure or risking reputational harm. ALCO monitors the maintenance of liquidity ratios, depositor's concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual deposits. Regular liquidity stress testing is conducted under a variety of scenarios covering both normal and more severe market conditions.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Group 48.3.1

| | | | | | | | 2022 | 52 | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Total | Upto 1 Day | Over 1 to 7 Days | Over 7 to 14 Days | Over 14 days to 1 Month | Over 1 to 2 Months | Over 2 to 3 Months | Over 3 to 6 Months | Over 6 to 9 Months | Over 6 to 9 Over 9 months Months to 1 Year | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 to 3 years | Over 3 to 5 years | Over 5 years |
| | | | | | | | Bupees | Rupees in '000 | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 117,743,672 | 117,743,672 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Balances with other banks | 13,710,753 | 13,710,753 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Due from financial institutions | 34,964,299 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | 34,964,299 | • | • |
| Investments | 1,287,316,423 | 430,510 | 2,335,560 | 2,749,820 | 8,455,672 | 7,940,803 | 2,281,694 | 24,299,991 | 309,464 | 763,631 | 4,298,970 | 218,041,978 | 892,153,122 | 123,255,208 |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 995,508,354 | 288,980,031 | 8,005,870 | 15,154,782 | 25,186,893 | 81,025,104 | 38,107,478 | 143,955,527 | 25,186,148 | 12,913,739 | 73,911,982 | 57,797,039 | 84,192,273 | 141,091,488 |
| Fixed assets | 40,624,658 | 28,720 | 172,321 | 201,042 | 459,524 | 1,340,171 | 670,642 | 2,570,878 | 3,799,169 | 1,280,205 | 3,158,240 | 3,112,996 | 13,771,643 | 10,059,107 |
| Intangible assets | 1,873,518 | 1,041 | 6,245 | 7,286 | 16,653 | 31,225 | 31,225 | 93,676 | 93,676 | 93,676 | 374,704 | 374,704 | 749,407 | • |
| Deferred tax assets | 4,439,835 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | 554,979 | 554,979 | 1,109,959 | 1,109,959 | 1,109,959 | • |
| Other assets | 85,719,066 | 279,562 | 2,320,833 | 2,122,568 | 6,396,811 | 10,963,829 | 7,655,111 | 19,828,334 | 17,764,644 | 17,814,945 | 34,761 | 34,761 | 502,907 | • |
| | 2,581,900,578 | 421,174,289 | 12,840,829 | 20,235,498 | 40,515,553 | 101,301,132 | 48,746,150 | 190,748,406 | 47,708,080 | 33,421,175 | 82,888,616 | 315,435,736 | 992,479,311 | 274,405,803 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bills payable | 40,175,122 | 13,257,790 | 8,972,444 | 8,972,444 | 8,972,444 | | | ٠ | | | | | | |
| Due to financial institutions | 573,326,439 | 2,298,935 | 105,138,698 | 23,793,134 | 145,354,564 | 120,221,095 | 84,078,910 | 23,513,500 | 26,312 | 19,735 | 518,145 | 1,930,569 | 9,057,809 | 57,375,033 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 1,658,469,588 | 1,460,232,706 | 8,936,398 | 9,236,718 | 18,123,288 | 18,687,094 | 11,075,804 | 22,113,911 | 17,034,887 | 20,089,632 | 36,187,302 | 6,392,202 | 15,959,780 | 14,399,866 |
| Subordinated sukuk | 20,990,000 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | • | 20,990,000 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | i | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | • | |
| Other liabilities | 169,804,739 | 419,845 | 3,189,589 | 3,104,190 | 8,191,418 | 62,160,870 | 13,271,188 | 22,162,316 | 22,171,423 | 2,043,918 | 2,392,535 | 2,930,938 | 16,771,775 | 10,994,734 |
| | 2,462,765,888 | 1,476,209,276 | 126,237,129 | 45,106,486 | 180,641,714 | 201,069,059 | 108,425,902 | 67,789,727 | 39,232,622 | 22,153,285 | 39,097,982 | 11,253,709 | 41,789,364 | 103,759,633 |
| Net assets | 119,134,690 | (1,055,034,987) | (113,396,300) | (24,870,988) | (140,126,161) | (99,767,927) | (59,679,752) | 122,958,679 | 8,475,458 | 11,267,890 | 43,790,634 | 304,182,027 | 950,689,947 | 170,646,170 |
| Share capital | 17,896,243 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves | 28,212,137 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unappropriated profit | 72,485,599 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deficit on revaluation of assets | (663,671) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-controlling interest | 1,204,382 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| | | | | | | | 2021 | 21 | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| | Total | Upto 1 Day | Over 1 to 7 Days | Over 7 to 14 Days | Over 14 days to 1 Month | Over 1 to 2 Months | Over 2 to 3 Months | Over 3 to 6 Months | Over 6 to 9 Months | Over 6 to 9 Over 9 months Months to 1 Year | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 to 3 years | Over 2 to 3 Over 3 to 5 years | Over 5 years |
| | | | | | | | Bupee | Rupees in '000 | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 170,501,306 | 56,265,431 | 38,078,625 | 38,078,625 | 38,078,625 | | | | | | | | | ٠ |
| Balances with other banks | 16,465,169 | 8,232,584 | 8,232,585 | ' | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Due from financial institutions | 238,401,637 | | 9,136,188 | 2,075,902 | 10,646,257 | 7,433,912 | 17,024,580 | 113,251,970 | 25,794,599 | 18,073,930 | • | • | 34,964,299 | • |
| Investments | 624,332,881 | 864,130 | 2,522,282 | 2,967,662 | 6,726,084 | 42,933,604 | 146,905 | 1,504,998 | 686,256 | 1,693,397 | 29,400,035 | 5,997,866 | 402,578,763 | 126,310,899 |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 758,086,120 | 222,414,768 | 5,656,942 | 5,563,877 | 26,406,246 | 68,076,001 | 28,083,086 | 106,257,573 | 14,546,831 | 7,458,623 | 37,499,645 | 56,775,730 | 80,633,852 | 98,712,946 |
| Fixed assets | 34,185,975 | 32,982 | 197,890 | 230,871 | 527,706 | 1,337,765 | 844,155 | 2,952,407 | 4,390,015 | 1,479,304 | 6,356,391 | 5,933,633 | 1,958,687 | 7,944,169 |
| Intangible assets | 1,505,581 | 836 | 5,019 | 5,855 | 13,383 | 25,093 | 25,093 | 75,279 | 75,279 | 75,279 | 301,116 | 301,116 | 602,233 | • |
| Deferred tax assets | i | 1 | • | • | • | • | • | • | i | 1 | • | 1 | 1 | • |
| Other assets | 64,180,378 | 2,031,071 | 1,647,515 | 1,709,277 | 4,785,811 | 7,512,656 | 5,510,575 | 13,850,480 | 13,260,378 | 13,297,875 | 545,640 | 9,700 | 19,400 | • |
| | 1,907,659,047 | 289,841,802 | 65,477,046 | 50,632,069 | 87,184,112 | 127,319,031 | 51,634,394 | 237,892,707 | 58,753,358 | 42,078,408 | 74,102,827 | 69,018,045 | 520,757,234 | 232,968,014 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bills payable | 36.141.378 | 11.926.655 | 8.070.370 | 8.070.370 | 8.073.983 | | | | | | | | | |
| Due to financial institutions | 220,414,234 | 397,683 | 118,164,846 | 690,226 | 2,301,698 | 24,271,935 | 6,995,702 | 20,301,496 | 25,387 | 2,209,866 | 111,303 | 1,062,131 | 4,261,659 | 39,620,302 |
| Deposits and other accounts | ,455,871,080 | 1,209,164,011 | 15,515,306 | 13,316,714 | 33,137,209 | 21,177,259 | 9,079,052 | 21,999,364 | 27,942,075 | 27,289,340 | 38,868,341 | 6,998,947 | 17,840,254 | 13,543,208 |
| Subordinated sukuk | 20,990,000 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | 20,990,000 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 72,189 | • | • | 1 | • | • | | • | 1 | 18,048 | 18,047 | 18,047 | 18,047 | • |
| Other liabilities | 83,728,554 | 291,027 | 2,290,391 | 2,458,315 | 6,501,520 | 10,717,566 | 8,699,246 | 23,404,108 | 10,259,261 | 9,751,981 | 4,946,749 | 4,408,390 | | • |
| | 1,817,217,435 | 1,221,779,376 | 144,040,913 | 24,535,625 | 50,014,410 | 56,166,760 | 24,774,000 | 65,704,968 | 38,226,723 | 39,269,235 | 43,944,440 | 12,487,515 | 22,119,960 | 74,153,510 |
| Net assets | 90,441,612 | (931,937,574) | (78,563,867) | 26,096,444 | 37,169,702 | 71,152,271 | 26,860,394 | 172,187,739 | 20,526,634 | 2,809,173 | 30,158,387 | 56,530,530 | 498,637,274 | 158,814,504 |
| Share capital | 16,269,312 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves | 23,417,514 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unappropriated profit | 45,494,657 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Surplus on revaluation of assets | 4,063,610 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-controlling interest | 1,196,519 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

48.3.2 Maturities of assets and liabilities - based on expected maturities of the assets and liabilities of the Group

| | | | | | 20 | 22 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | Over 1 | Over 3 | Over 6 | Over 1 | Over 2 | Over 3 | Over 5 | |
| | Total | Upto 1 | to 3 | to 6 | Months to | to 2 | to 3 | to 5 | to 10 | Above 10 |
| | | Month | Months | Months | 1 Year | Years | Years | Years | Years | Years |
| | | | | | Rupees | s in '000 —— | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | • | | | | | |
| Cash and balances with treasury banks | 117,743,672 | 117,743,672 | | | | | | | | |
| Balances with other banks | 13.710.753 | 13,710,753 | 1 1 | 1 1 | | | 1 1 | | | |
| Due from financial institutions | 34,964,299 | 13,710,733 | 1 1 | 1 1 | | | 34.964.299 | | | |
| Investments | 1,287,316,423 | 9.801.129 | 10.222.498 | 24.299.991 | 1.073.095 | 4.298.970 | 222,212,410 | 892,153,122 | 123.255.208 | ' |
| Islamic financing and related assets | 995.508.354 | 109.889.188 | 170,557,448 | 191,790,440 | 166.278.496 | 73,911,982 | 57,797,039 | 84.192.273 | 116.506.442 | 24.585.046 |
| Fixed assets | 40.624.658 | 861.607 | 2.010.812 | 2,570,878 | 5,079,375 | 3,158,240 | 3,112,996 | 13,771,643 | 2,458,538 | 7,600,569 |
| Intangible assets | 1,873,518 | 31,225 | 62,451 | 93,675 | 187.352 | 374,704 | 374,704 | 749.407 | 2,400,000 | 7,000,309 |
| Deferred tax assets | 4,439,835 | 31,223 | 02,451 | 93,073 | 1,109,958 | 1,109,959 | 1,109,959 | 1,109,959 | 1 - 1 | |
| Other assets | 85.719.066 | 11,119,773 | 18.618.940 | 19.828.334 | 35,579,590 | 34,761 | 34,761 | 502,907 | 1 - 1 | |
| Other assets | 2,581,900,578 | 263.157.347 | 201.472.149 | 238,583,318 | 209.307.866 | 82,888,616 | 319,606,168 | 992,479,311 | 242.220.188 | 32,185,615 |
| Liabilities | 2,361,900,376 | 203, 137,347 | 201,472,149 | 230,303,310 | 209,307,000 | 02,000,010 | 319,000,100 | 992,479,311 | 242,220,100 | 32,100,010 |
| Bills payable | 40,175,122 | 40,175,122 | | | | | | | | |
| Due to financial institutions | 573,326,439 | 276,585,331 | 204.300.004 | 23.513.500 | 46,048 | 518.145 | 1.930.569 | 9.057.809 | 56.549.574 | 825,459 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 1.658.469.588 | 126.857.647 | 102.451.968 | .,, | 132.746.100 | 171.416.640 | 110.157.322 | 180,507,509 | 316.775.661 | 427,828,144 |
| Subordinated sukuk | | 120,007,047 | 102,451,900 | 89,728,580 | 132,740,100 | 171,410,040 | 110,157,322 | 160,307,326 | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 20,990,000 | - 1 | 1 - 1 | - 1 | 1 - 1 | - 1 | 1 - 1 | - 1 | 13,990,000 | 7,000,000 |
| Other liabilities | 100 004 700 | 10 400 405 | 78.651.082 | 07 005 000 | 14.300.107 | 0.000 505 | 0.000.000 | 10 771 775 | 10.994.734 | - |
| Other liabilities | 169,804,739 2.462,765,888 | 16,428,485 460.046.585 | 385.403.054 | 27,335,083 140.577.163 | 147,092,255 | 2,392,535 174,327,320 | 2,930,938 | 16,771,775 206,337,110 | 398.309.969 | 435,653,603 |
| | , . , , | , , | , , | -,-,- | | | -,, | | , , | |
| Net assets | 119,134,690 | (196,889,238) | (183,930,905) | 98,006,155 | 62,215,611 | (91,438,704) | 204,587,339 | 786,142,201 | (156,089,781) | (403,467,988) |
| 01 | 47,000,040 | | | | | | | | | |
| Share capital | 17,896,243 | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves | 28,212,137 | | | | | | | | | |
| Unappropriated profit | 72,485,599 | | | | | | | | | |
| Deficit on revaluation of assets | (663,671) | | | | | | | | | |
| Non controlling interest | 1,204,382 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 119,134,690 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | 20 |)21 | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| | _ | | Over 1 | Over 3 | Over 6 | Over 1 | Over 2 | Over 3 | Over 5 | |
| | Total | Upto 1 | to 3 | to 6 | Months to | to 2 | to 3 | to 5 | to 10 | Above 10 |
| | | Month | Months | Months | 1 Year | Years | Years | Years | Years | Years |
| | | | | | Rupee | s in '000 ——— | | | | |
| ssets | | | | | | | | | | |
| ash and balances with treasury banks | 170,501,306 | 170,501,306 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| alances with other banks | 16,465,169 | 16,465,169 | - 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ue from financial institutions | 238,401,637 | 21,858,348 | 24,458,492 | 113,251,970 | 43,868,528 | - | - | 34,964,299 | - | - |
| vestments | 624,332,881 | 13,080,158 | 43,080,508 | 1,504,998 | 2,379,653 | 29,400,035 | 5,997,866 | 402,578,764 | 122,638,679 | 3,672,220 |
| lamic financing and related assets | 758,086,120 | 86,421,934 | 141,762,960 | 148,651,817 | 107,627,236 | 37,499,645 | 56,775,730 | 80,633,851 | 84,055,913 | 14,657,034 |
| xed assets | 34,185,975 | 989,448 | 2,181,920 | 2,952,407 | 5,869,319 | 6,356,390 | 5,933,633 | 1,958,689 | 1,520,669 | 6,423,500 |
| tangible assets | 1,505,581 | 25,093 | 50,186 | 75,280 | 150,558 | 301,116 | 301,116 | 602,232 | - | - |
| eferred tax assets | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ther assets | 64,180,378 | 10,173,674 | 13,023,231 | 13,850,480 | 26,558,080 | 545,641 | 9,757 | 19,515 | | - |
| | 1,907,659,047 | 320,056,106 | 225,639,248 | 281,909,878 | 189,699,227 | 80,594,534 | 75,509,809 | 533,740,763 | 208,215,261 | 24,752,754 |
| abilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| ills pavable | 36.141.378 | 36.141.378 | - | - | _ | _ | - | _ | - | _ |
| ue to financial institutions | 220.414.234 | 121,554,453 | 31.267.637 | 20.301.496 | 2.235.253 | 111.304 | 1.062.131 | 4.261.659 | 39.620.301 | _ |
| eposits and other accounts | 1.455.871.080 | 141,377,392 | 94.015.603 | 81.307.639 | 139,105,982 | 157,484,892 | 98.016.627 | 162,173,475 | 308,209,213 | 274.180.257 |
| ubordinated sukuk | 20.990.000 | | - | | - | | - | | 13,990,000 | 7,000,000 |
| eferred tax liabilities | 72,189 | - | - | | 18,048 | 18,047 | 18,047 | 18,047 | - | - |
| ther liabilities | 83.728.554 | 11.541.252 | 19.416.811 | 23,404,108 | 20.011.242 | 4.946.749 | 4.408.392 | | - 1 | _ |
| | 1,817,217,435 | 310,614,475 | 144,700,051 | 125,013,243 | 161,370,524 | 162,560,992 | 103,505,197 | 166,453,181 | 361,819,514 | 281,180,257 |
| et assets | 90,441,612 | 9,441,631 | 80,939,197 | 156,896,635 | 28,328,703 | (81,966,458) | (27,995,388) | 367,287,582 | (153,604,253) | (256,427,503) |
| hare capital | 16,269,312 | | | | | | | | | |
| eserves | 23.417.514 | | | | | | | | | |
| nappropriated profit | 45.494.657 | | | | | | | | | |
| urplus on revaluation of assets | 4,063,610 | | | | | | | | | |
| on controlling interest | 1,196,519 | | | | | | | | | |
| y | 90.441.612 | | | | | | | | | |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Regarding behaviour of non-maturity deposits (non-contractual deposits), the Group has carried out a behavioural study using the Value at Risk (VaR) methodology based on 5 years data. On the basis of its findings, 27.20% of current accounts and 16.20% of saving accounts are bucketed into 'Upto 1-Year maturity' whereas, 72.80% of current accounts and 83.80% of savings accounts are bucketed into maturities of above 1-Year.

48.4 Operational risk

The Group uses Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) for assessing the capital charge for operational risk. Under BIA the capital charge is calculated by multiplying average positive annual gross income of the Group over past three years with 15% as per guidelines issued by SBP under Basel II.

To reduce losses arising from operational risk, the Group has strengthened its risk management framework by developing polices, strategies, guidelines and manuals. It also includes set up of functions like operational risk management, prevention of fraud and forgery and information security function, defining responsibilities of individuals, implementing four eye principle, enhancing security measures, improving efficiency and effectiveness of operations, outsourcing and improving quality of human resources through trainings and development.

PROFIT / (LOSS) DISTRIBUTION TO DEPOSITORS' POOLS AND SPECIFIC POOLS 49

The Holding Company managed following general and specific pools during the year: 49.1

| | | | 2022 | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| General Remunerative (Savings and Fixed) Depositors' Pools | Profit Rate and weightage announcement period | Profit rate return earned - Average | Profit Sharing Ratio of Mudarib | Mudarib Fee based on profit sharing ratio | Profit rate return distributed to remunerative deposits (Savings and Fixed) - Average | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Amount of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerative deposits |
| | | | | Rupees in '00 | 00 | | Rupees in '000 |
| PKR Pool USD Pool GBP Pool EUR Pool | Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly | 11.03% 3.78% 2.90% 1.77% | 50% 75% 90% 90% | 43,715,542 1,750,106 89,665 26,538 | 6.57% 0.95% 0.26% 0.16% | 18% - - - | 7,846,233 - - - |
| | | | 2021 | | | | |
| General Remunerative (Savings and Fixed) Depositors' Pools | Profit Rate and weightage announcement period | Profit rate return earned - Average | Profit Sharing Ratio of Mudarib | Mudarib Fee based on profit sharing ratio | Profit rate return distributed to remunerative deposits (Savings and Fixed) - Average | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Amount of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerative deposits |
| | | | | Rupees in '00 | 00 | | Rupees in '000 |
| PKR Pool USD Pool | Monthly Monthly | 7.80% 1.45% | 50% 75% | 27,182,756 520,362 | 3.98% 0.36% | 2% - | 564,181 - |
| GBP Pool EUR Pool | Monthly Monthly | 0.88% 0.54% | 90% 90% | 24,673 6,448 | 0.09% 0.05% | - | - - |
| | , | 0.88% | | 24,673 | | - | - |
| | , | 0.88% | 90% | 24,673 | | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Amount of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerativ e deposits |
| Specific Pools Islamic Export Refinance | Profit Rate and weightage announcement period | 0.88% 0.54% Profit rate return earned | 90% 2022 Profit Sharing | 24,673 6,448 Investment | 0.05% Profit rate return distributed | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerativ e deposits |
| Specific Pools | Monthly Profit Rate and weightage announcement | 0.88% 0.54% Profit rate return | 90% 2022 Profit Sharing Ratio | 24,673 6,448 Investment ratio | 0.05% Profit rate return | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerativ |

^{*} The profit sharing ratio and the investment ratio varies on case to case basis.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| 2021 | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Specific Pools | Profit Rate and weightage announcement period | Profit rate return earned | Profit Sharing Ratio | Investment ratio | Profit rate return distributed | Percentage of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba | Amount of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba to remunerativ e deposits | |
| Islamic Export Refinance (IERS) Musharaka Pool | Monthly | 6.11% | _* | _* | 2.03% | N/A | N/A | |
| Inter Bank Musharaka / Mudaraba borrowing Pool | As required | 11.46% - 5.95% | _* | _* | 4.00% - 10.80% | N/A | N/A | |
| Special Sharikah Certificate Musharaka / Mudaraba borrowing Pool | As required | 12.04% - 5.95% | _* | _* | 9.20% - 2.75% | N/A | N/A | |

^{*} The profit sharing ratio and the investment ratio varies on case to case basis.

49.2 Following weightages have been assigned to different major products under the General pools during the year:

| | Percentage to Total Mudaraba based Deposits | | Maximum Weightage | Minimum Weightage | Maximum Weightage | Minimum Weightage |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 | 2021 |
| PKR Pool | | | | | | |
| Saving Accounts | 28.65% | 27.25% | 0.40 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 0.32 |
| Meezan Bachat Account | 17.29% | 18.04% | 0.41 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.32 |
| Karobari Munafa Account | 10.71% | 8.36% | 0.57 | 0.36 | 0.60 | 0.32 |
| Certificate of Islamic Investment | 10.96% | 13.31% | 0.66 | 0.34 | 0.80 | 0.47 |
| Meezan Aamdan Certificate | 4.45% | 5.30% | 0.80 | 0.57 | 0.92 | 0.65 |
| USD Pool | | | | | | |
| Saving Accounts | 4.23% | 4.00% | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.45 |
| Certificate of Islamic Investment | 1.76% | 1.75% | 1.35 | 0.77 | 1.35 | 0.77 |
| GBP Pool | | | | | | |
| Saving Accounts | 0.37% | 0.38% | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| EUR Pool | | | | | | |
| Saving Accounts | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.27 |

49.3 Allocation of Income and Expenses to Depositors' Pools

Following are material items of revenues, expenses, gains and losses

2022 2021 Rupees in '000

Profit / return earned on islamic financing and related assets, investments and placements Other Income (including other charges and interpool income) Directly related costs attributable to pool

| 158,778,116 | 102,815,084 |
|-------------|-------------|
| 5,973,096 | 4,330,174 |
| (2.197.829) | (1.794.432 |

For the year ended December 31, 2022

GENERAL 50

Comparative information has been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these consolidated financial statements, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison and better presentation.

NON-ADJUSTING EVENT 51

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company in their meeting held on February 16, 2023 has announced final cash dividend of Rs 3.00 per share (30%). These consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2023.

52 DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on February 16, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the Holding

Riyadh S. A. A. Edrees Chairman

Irfan Siddigui President & CEO

Faisal A. A. A. Al-Nassar Director

Mohammad Abdul Aleem

Director

Syed Imran Ali Shah

Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated Statement Showing Written-off Financing or any other Financial Relief of Rupees 500,000 or Above (Annexure I)

During the year ended December 31, 2022

Rupees in '000

Statement showing written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above provided during the year ended December 31, 2022 as referred in note 11.13 to these consolidated financial statements.

| S. | Name and | Name of individuals | Father's / | Outstanding liabilities as at January 1, 2022 | | y 1, 2022 | Principal Profit | Profit | Other | Total | |
|-----|---|---|-------------------------|---|---------|-----------|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| No. | address of the borrower | / directors (with CNIC / Passport No) | Husband's Name | Principal | Profit | Others | Total (5+6+7) | written-off | written-off | Financial relief provided | (9+10+11) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Millennium Industries | Kalash Lohana 41207-9936424-7 | Nuko Mal | 454,961 | 93,202 | - | 548,163 | 79,618 | 126,938 | - | 206,556 |
| | Main National Highway, Hyderabad | Vinesh Kumar Lohana 41303-4170015-9 | Nuko Mal | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Millennium Cotton Ginning And Oil Industries | Kalash Lohana 41207-9936424-7 | Nuko Mal | 29,935 | 26,670 | - | 56,605 | 5,278 | 21,487 | - | 26,765 |
| | Main National Highway, Hyderabad | Vinesh Kumar Lohana 41303-4170015-9 | Nuko Mal | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Kevin Roy House # 448, Block-B, Phase 12, Sector-EME, Defence Housing Authority, Lahore | 90406-0152911-1 | Kenneth Manmouan Roy | 28,403 | 3,409 | 972 | 32,784 | - | 6,204 | 972 | 7,176 |
| 4 | Shoaib Maqsood House # 543, Block-D, Phase-6, Defence Housing Authority, Lahore | 35202-3905341-3 | Sheikh Maqsood Ahmad | 23,191 | 4,371 | 696 | 28,258 | - | 5,069 | 696 | 5,765 |
| 5 | Muhammad Riaz House # 22, Street # 1, Mahmoodabad, Faisalabad | 33100-3959669-1 | Muhammad Ismail | 2,918 | 5,136 | 208 | 8,262 | - | 3,561 | 208 | 3,769 |
| 6 | Kashif Mehmood House # 407, Khewat # 965, khatooni # 1244, Khasra # 7995/927, Hadbast Mouza Rakh Khamba, Airline Housing Society, Tehsil Raiwind, District Lahore | 35202-2713326-7 | Khalid Mahmood | 18,837 | 3,812 | 565 | 23,214 | | 2,854 | 565 | 3,419 |
| 7 | Farhan Ahmad House # P-100, Canal Road, Saeed Colony # 1, Faisalabad | 33100-4860917-9 | Basharat Ahmad | 1,942 | 411 | - | 2,353 | - | 2,056 | 475 | 2,531 |
| 8 | Irfan Ali Apartment # 304, Tayyaba Homes, Plot # 125/1, Kharaget Road, Jamshed Quarters, Karachi, | 42201-0383289-1 | Ejaz Ali | 7,663 | 2,343 | - | 10,006 | - | 2,343 | - | 2,343 |
| 9 | Nayyar Ghias Khokhar Plot No 27, Block A-4, Phase I, Punjab Government Employees Co-Operative Housing Society, Lahore | 35200-6618149-1 | Khair Ud Din Khokhar | 5,200 | 1,914 | 156 | 7,270 | - | 964 | 156 | 1,120 |
| | | | | 573,050 | 141,268 | 2,597 | 716,915 | 84,896 | 171,476 | 3,072 | 259,444 |



PATTERNS OF SHAREHOLDING

| No. of Shareholders Fro | No. of Shares | 'Shares I | held' Percentage |
|---|-------------------|--|--|
| 1,997 1,906 10 | | 100 70,90 500 506,08 | 9 0.0283 |
| 1,015 50 1,891 1,00 533 5,00 236 10,00 145 15,00 100 220,00 | | 1,000 764,00 5.000 4.475.70 | 0.0427 9 0.2501 |
| 533 5,00 236 10,00 145 15,00 | 15 | 0,000 3,825,71 5,000 2,902,16 0,000 2,541,60 | 0 0.2138 60 0.1622 64 0.1420 |
| 195 100 20,00 77 25,00 | 25 | 5,000 2,257,28 3,000 2,104,04 | 8 0.1261 6 0.1176 |
| 77 25,00 72 30,00 41 35,00 | 35 | 5,000 5,000 5,000 1,530,39 | 0 0.1314 0 0.0855 |
| 38 40.00 | 50 | 5,000 2,351,85 0,000 1,530,39 5,000 1,624,79 0,000 2,188,38 | 7 0.0908 5 0.1223 |
| 46 45,00 25 50,00 19 55,00 27 60,00 | | 5,000 1,317,41 0,000 1,091,58 5,000 1,679,50 | 9 0.0736 |
| 27 60,00 12 65,00 16 70,00 | 7(7) | J,000 808,09 5,000 1,167,10 | 15 U.U452 |
| 10 75.00 | 80 85 | 0,000 767,72 5.000 1.418.22 | 5 0.0429 0 0.0792 |
| 17 80,00 7 85,00 7 90,00 | 90 91 | 0,000 615,89 5,000 644,86 0,000 981,26 | 0.0344 0.0360 0.0548 |
| 10 95,00° 7 100,00° 15 105,00° | 100 100 110 | 5,000 981,26 5,000 723,36 0,000 1,625,03 | 3 0.0548 5 0.0404 0 0.0908 |
| 6 110.00 | 111 | 5,000 672,63 0,000 701,15 | 0.0376 9 0.0392 6 0.0616 |
| 6 115,00 9 120,00 9 120,00 4 130,00 8 135,00 5 140,00 | 125 130 | 5,000 1,102,13 0,000 1,144,36 | 6 0.0616 5 0.0639 6 0.0293 |
| 4 130,00° 8 135,00° 5 140,00° | 13: 140 141 | 5,000 524,40 0,000 1,098,56 5,000 711,80 | 0.0293 67 0.0614 61 0.0398 |
| 3 150,00 | 155 | 0,000 446,12 5,000 456,20 | 0.0249 |
| 7 155,00° 10 160.00° | 160 165 | 0,000 | 0.0255 0.0620 0.0620 0.0909 |
| 5 165,00 6 170,00 3 175,00 | 170 170 | 0,000 835,48 5,000 1,033,47 | 9 0.0467 1 0.0577 |
| 8 180.00 | 189 190 | 0,000 534,48 5,000 1,457,28 0,000 379,23 | 0.0299 62 0.0814 62 0.0212 |
| 2 185,00 2 190,00 8 195,00 3 200,00 | 198 200 | 5,000 386,43 1,000 1,586,02 | 64 0.0216 8 0.0886 |
| 5 205.00 | 205 210 | 5,000 605,17 5,000 1,040,64 | 0.0299 0.0212 0.0814 0.0212 0.44 0.0216 0.0886 0.0886 0.0338 0.0581 0.0238 0.0238 |
| 2 210,00 5 215,00 3 220,00 | 21: 220 22: | 5,000 426,33 0,000 1,100,00 5,000 667,23 | 0.0238 0 0.0615 5 0.0373 |
| 6 230,00 3 235,00 | 23! 24(| 5,000 1,392,12 | 9 0.0778 4 0.0397 |
| 2 240,00 3 245,00 | 245 250 | 0,000 710,61 5,000 484,83 0,000 745,10 0,000 519,00 | 67 0.0271 61 0.0416 90 0.0290 |
| 5 215,00 3 220,00 6 230,00 2 255,00 2 2 255,00 2 2 260,00 1 2775,00 1 288,00 2 2 288,00 1 2 288,00 1 2 288,00 1 1 2280,00 1 1 2280,00 1 1 2290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 290,00 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 260 261 | 0,000 519,00 5,000 525,69 5,000 818,67 | 00 0.0290 07 0.0294 00 0.0457 |
| 1 275,00 1 280,00 | 280 280 281 | 5,000 518,07 5,000 278,83 5,000 284,62 5,000 574,89 | 0.0457 88 0.0156 95 0.0159 |
| 2 285,00 1 290,00 | 290 291 | 5,000 293,98 | 31 0.0164 |
| 2 295,00° 3 300,00° | 300 | 5,000 905,28 | 31 0.0506 |
| 1 305,00 1 315,00 1 320,00 | 320 | 0,000 308,31 0,000 316,32 5,000 324,22 0,000 1,315,80 | 1 0.0172 21 0.0177 23 0.0181 |
| 4 325,00 1 330,00 | 330 331 | 5,000 334,15 | 0.0187 |
| 2 335,00 1 340,00 | 345 | 0,000 677,43 5,000 344,09 | 32 |
| 1 345,00 1 350,00 2 355,00 | 355 | 0,000 348,99 5,000 353,25 0,000 716,65 | 0.0197 |
| 1 360,00 2 365,00 | 369 370 | 5,000 710,000 5,000 363,67 0,000 734,50 | 0.0203 |
| 1 370,00 2 375,00 | 375 380 | 5,000 371,80 0,000 758,87 | 00 0.0208 '6 0.0424 |
| 2 380,00 1 390,00 1 395,00 | 39 | 5,000 768,75 5,000 393,25 0,000 400,00 | 0.0220 |
| 1 400,00 1 415,00 | 409 | 5,000 5,000 0,000 404,75 417,44 | 0.0226 |
| 1 420,00 2 445,00 | 425 450 | 5,000 424,75 0,000 893,43 | 58 0.0237 33 0.0499 |
| 1 450,00 1 455,00 | 460 | 5,000 455,00 0,000 458,98 5,000 461,22 | 34 0.0256 |
| 1 460,00 2 480,00 2 490,00 | 485 | 5,000 461,22 5,000 963,45 5,000 990,00 | 59 0.0538 |
| 2 495,00 3 500,00 | 500 500 | 0,000 998,14 5,000 1,508,01 | 8 0.0558 2 0.0843 |
| 1 510,00 3 515,00 | 520 | 5,000 510,62 0,000 1,557,69 | 0.0870 |
| 1 525,00 3 565,00 3 570,00 | 570 | 0,000 526,68 0,000 1,703,94 5,000 1,718,87 | 17 0.0952 |
| 575,00 1 575,00 1 585,00 | 580 | 0,000 1,716,87 0,000 578,67 0,000 585,37 | 73 0.0323 |
| 1 595,00 1 600,00 | 600 600 | 0,000 596,00 5,000 604,96 | 0.0333 0.0338 |
| 1 615,00 1 620,00 | 629 | 0,000 619,10 5,000 621,66 | 0.0347 |
| 1 625,00 2 645,00 1 655,00 | 650 | 0,000 629,67 0,000 1,298,46 0,000 657,17 | 55 0.0726 |
| 2 660,00 1 685,00 | 669 690 | 5,000 1,324,49 0,000 689,49 | 0.0740 04 0.0385 |
| 1 695,00 2 710,00 | 700 | 0,000 695,34 5,000 1,428,43 | 0.0389 |

| No. of | | No. of Shares | 'Shares held' | Percentage |
|--------------|---|---|--|----------------------------|
| Shareholders | From | То | | |
| 1 1 | 735,001 740,001 745,001 755,001 770,001 | 740,000 745,000 750,000 | 737,495 744,500 | 0.0412 0.0416 |
| 1 | 745,001 755,001 | 760,000 | 750,000 757,102 | 0.0419 0.0423 |
| 1 2 1 | 770,001 785,001 795,001 | 775,000 790,000 | 774,764 1,580,000 795,599 | 0.0433 0.0883 0.0445 |
| 1 | 815,001 820,001 | 800,000 820,000 825,000 | 795,599 817,023 821,253 | 0.0445 0.0457 0.0459 |
| i 1 | 815,001 820,001 840,001 845,001 | 845,000 850,000 | 841,440 847,550 | 0.0470 0.0474 |
| 1 2 | 850,001 895,001 | 855,000 | 850,491 1,792,412 | 0.0475 0.1002 |
| 1 | 850,001 895,001 925,001 935,001 955,001 985,001 1,030,001 | 930,000 930,000 940,000 960,000 990,000 | 927,179 938,096 | 0.0518 0.0524 |
| 1 | 955,001 985,001 995,001 | 990,000 990,000 1,000,000 | 959,947 988,973 1,000,000 | 0.0536 0.0553 0.0559 |
| i 1 | 1,030,001 1,035,001 | 1,035,000 | 1,030,544 1,036,358 | 0.0576 0.0579 |
| 1 1 | 1,035,001 1,035,001 1,055,001 1,120,001 1,130,001 | 1,060,000 1,125,000 1,130,000 | 1,055,758 1,124,332 | 0.0590 0.0628 |
| 1 2 1 | 1,125,001 1,130,001 | 1,130,000 1,135,000 1,170,000 | 1,127,210 2,266,551 1,167,071 | 0.0630 0.1266 |
| 1 1 2 | 1,165,001 1,205,001 1,250,001 | 1,170,000 1,210,000 1,255,000 | 1,107,071 1,209,968 2,506,776 | 0.0652 0.0676 0.1401 |
| 1 1 | 1,265,001 1,270,001 | 1,270,000 1,275,000 | 1,268,852 1,271,339 | 0.0709 0.0710 |
| 1 1 | 1,280,001 1,345,001 | 1,285,000 1,350,000 | 1,284,010 1,346,641 | 0.0717 0.0752 |
| 1 1 | 1,355,001 1,395,001 1,400,001 | 1,360,000 1,400,000 1,405,000 | 1,357,294 1,400,000 1,402,823 | 0.0758 0.0782 0.0784 |
| 1 | 1,400,001 1,415,001 1,440,001 | 1,405,000 1,420,000 1,445,000 | 1,420,000 1,440,630 | 0.0793 0.0805 |
| i 1 | 1,455,001 1,470,001 1,525,001 | 1,460,000 1,475,000 1,530,000 | 1,459,184 1,475,000 | 0.0815 0.0824 |
| 1 3 | 1,540,001 | 1,530,000 1,545,000 1,550,000 | 1,529,000 4,624,645 | 0.0854 0.2584 |
| 1 1 1 | 1,545,001 1,590,001 1,595,001 | 1,550,000 1,595,000 1,600,000 | 1,549,588 1,590,134 1,600,000 | 0.0866 0.0889 0.0894 |
| 1 | 1,600,001 1,610,001 | 1,605,000 1,605,000 1,615,000 | 1,602,515 1,612,600 | 0.0895 0.0901 |
| i 1 | 1,625,001 1,655,001 | 1,630,000 1,660,000 | 1,628,073 1,658,338 | 0.0910 0.0927 |
| 1 | 1,665,001 1,680,001 | 1,670,000 1,685,000 | 1,670,000 1,683,715 | 0.0933 0.0941 |
| 1 1 | 1,695,001 1,700,001 1,880,001 | 1,700,000 1,705,000 1,885,000 | 1,695,650 1,700,925 1,881,627 | 0.0947 0.0950 0.1051 |
| i 1 | 1,955,001 1,995,001 2,030,001 | 1,885,000 1,960,000 2,000,000 2,035,000 2,045,000 2,060,000 2,090,000 2,205,000 2,285,000 2,550,000 2,615,000 2,675,000 2,680,000 2,705,000 | 1,959,523 2,000,000 | 0.1095 0.1118 |
| 1 1 | 2.040.001 | 2,035,000 2,045,000 | 2,031,292 2,040,661 | 0.1135 0.1140 |
| 1 | 2,055,001 2,085,001 2,200,001 | 2,060,000 2,090,000 | 2,058,741 2,087,250 2,203,122 | 0.1150 0.1166 |
| 1 | 2.280.001 | 2,205,000 2,285,000 2,500,000 | 2,203,122 2,281,343 2,498,455 | 0.1231 0.1275 0.1396 |
| i 1 | 2,495,001 2,520,001 2,610,001 | 2,525,000 2,615,000 | 2,523,512 2,613,788 | 0.1410 0.1461 |
| 1 | 2,670,001 2.675.001 | 2,675,000 2,680,000 | 2,670,420 2,677,565 | 0.1492 0.1496 |
| 1 | 2,700,001 2,710,001 2,830,001 | 2,705,000 2,715,000 2,835,000 | 2,701,313 2,712,724 2,832,197 | 0.1509 0.1516 0.1583 |
| i 1 | 2,860,001 2,870,001 | 2,865,000 2,865,000 2,875,000 | 2,864,649 2,871,197 | 0.1601 0.1604 |
| i 1 | 2,955,001 3,205,001 | 2,960,000 3,210,000 | 2,960,000 3,206,087 | 0.1654 0.1791 |
| 1 | 3,260,001 3,475,001 | 3,265,000 3,480,000 | 3,261,035 3,477,466 | 0.1822 0.1943 |
| 1 1 1 | 3,485,001 3,550,001 3,670,001 | 3,490,000 3,555,000 3,675,000 | 3,485,570 3,550,422 3,671,779 | 0.1948 0.1984 0.2052 |
| i 1 | 3,830,001 3,935,001 | 3,835,000 3,940,000 | 3,834,861 3,939,335 | 0.2143 0.2201 |
| 1 1 | 4,005,001 4,020,001 | 4,010,000 4,025,000 | 4,008,303 4,023,329 | 0.2240 0.2248 |
| 1 | 4,110,001 4,220,001 | 4,115,000 4,225,000 | 4,112,748 4,221,957 | 0.2298 0.2359 |
| 1 1 1 | 4,360,001 4,915,001 4,985,001 | 4,365,000 4,920,000 4,990,000 | 4,361,365 4,916,279 4,985,290 | 0.2437 0.2747 0.2786 |
| i 1 | 5,580,001 5,740,001 | 5,585,000 5,745,000 | 5,584,234 5,743,399 | 0.3120 0.3209 |
| 1 | 6,110,001 6,190,001 | 6,115,000 6,195,000 | 6,113,262 6,192,073 | 0.3416 0.3460 |
| 1 1 | 6,235,001 7,095,001 | 6,240,000 7,100,000 8,420,000 | 6,236,920 7,095,987 | 0.3485 0.3965 |
| 1 1 | 8,425,001 9,070,001 10,380,001 | 8,430,000 9,075,000 10,385,000 | 8,427,315 9,071,711 10,384,471 | 0.4709 0.5069 0.5803 |
| i 1 1 | 10,620,001 10,770,001 | 10,625,000 10,775,000 | 10,622,374 10,772,667 | 0.5936 0.6020 |
| 1 | 13,235,001 14,840,001 | 13,240,000 14,845,000 | 13,238,751 14,840,532 | 0.7398 0.8293 |
| 1 1 1 | 15,075,001 20,425,001 28,065,001 | 15,080,000 20,430,000 28,070,000 | 15,079,983 20,425,552 28,067,063 | 0.8426 1.1413 1.5683 |
| 1 1 | 166,860,001 536,885,001 | 28,070,000 166,865,000 536,890,000 | 26,067,065 166,863,457 536,887,288 | 9.3239 30.0000 |
| <u> </u> | 630,815,001 | 630,820,000 | 630,819,684 | 35.2487 |
| 8,602 | Company Total | | 1,789,624,321 | 100.0000 |

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended December 31, 2022

| Particulars | Number of Shareholde | | Percentage | | Number of Shareholder | | Percentage |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 5 | | 2022 | | | | 2021 | |
| Directors, Chief Executive, their spouse and minor children | 6 | 14,861,523 | 0.83% | | 6 | 13,510,477 | 0.83% |
| Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties | 11 | 1,358,800,867 | 75.93% | | 10 | 1,236,770,359 | 76.02% |
| Banks, Development Financial Institutions and Non Banking Finance Companies | 26 | 40,078,136 | 2.24% | | 20 | 17,686,974 | 1.09% |
| Insurance Companies | 15 | 25,973,756 | 1.45% | | 13 | 28,218,534 | 1.73% |
| Modaraba and Mutual Funds | 84 | 43,307,471 | 2.42% | | 77 | 41,235,096 | 2.53% |
| General Public a.Local b.Foreign | 6,802 1,296 | 99,944,182 22,719,211 | 5.58% 1.27% | | 4,615 837 | 80,233,754 14,835,511 | 4.93% 0.91% |
| Others | 362 | 183,939,175 | 10.28% | | 328 | 194,440,496 | 11.95% |
| Total | 8,602 | 1,789,624,321 | 100.00% | | 5,906 | 1,626,931,201 | 100.00% |
| Additional Information as at December 31, 2022 Particulars | | | | | | | |

| Particulars | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|-----------|----|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| | Number of Shareholders | Shares held | Percentag | | umber of areholders | Shares held | Percentage |
| | | 2022 | | | | 2021 | |
| Associated Companies & Shareholders with more than 10% shareholding | | | | | | | |
| Noor Financial Investment Co, Kuwait | 1 6 | 630,819,684 | 35.25% | | 1 5 | 73,472,440 | 35.25% |
| Pakistan Kuwait Investment Co. (Pvt.) Ltd. | 1 ! | 536,887,288 | 30.00% | | 1 4 | 88,079,353 | 30.00% |
| Islamic Development Bank, Jeddah | 1 ' | 166,863,457 | 9.32% | | 1 1 | 51,694,052 | 9.32% |
| CDC Trustee Meezan Islamic Fund | 1 | 15,079,983 | 0.84% | | 1 | 15,277,983 | 0.94% |
| CDC Trustee Meezan Balanced Fund | 1 | 817,023 | 0.05% | | 1 | 1,149,463 | 0.07% |
| CDC Trustee Meezan Dedicated Equity Fund | 1 | 498,227 | 0.03% | | 1 | 497,080 | 0.03% |
| CDC Trustee Meezan Asset Allocation Fund | 1 | 526,683 | 0.03% | | 1 | 645,167 | 0.04% |
| CDC - Trustee Al Meezan Mutual Fund | 1 | 2,871,197 | 0.16% | | 1 | 2,285,548 | 0.14% |
| CDC - Trustee KSE Meezan Index Fund | 1 | 1,658,338 | 0.09% | | 1 | 1,294,530 | 0.08% |
| CDC - Trustee Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund - Equity Sub Fund | 1 | 2,712,724 | 0.15% | | 1 | 2,374,743 | 0.15% |
| CDC - Trustee Meezan Pakistan Exchange Traded Fund | 1 | 66,263 | 0.00% | | - | - | - |
| Directors, Chief Executive, | | | | | | | |
| their spouse and minor children | | | | | | | |
| Mr. Mohammad Abdul Aleem | 1 | 689,494 | 0.04% | | 1 | 626,813 | 0.04% |
| Ms. Nausheen Ahmad | 1 | 764 | 0.00% | | 1 | 695 | 0.00% |
| Mr. Yousef S.M.A. Alsaad | 1 | 550 | 0.00% | | 1 | 500 | 0.00% |
| Mr. Irfan Siddiqui | 1 | 5,743,400 | 0.32% | | 1 | 5,221,273 | 0.32% |
| Executives | 51 | 5,081,580 | 0.28% | | 41 | 4,609,287 | 0.28% |
| Public Sector Companies, Corporations, Banks, | 487 2 | 293,298,538 | 16.39% | | 438 2 | 81,581,100 | 17.31% |
| DFI's, NBFC's, Insurance Companies, Modaraba, | | | | | | | |
| Mutual Funds and other Organizations | | | | | | | |
| General Public | 8,049 | 126,009,128 | 7.04% | 5, | 413 | 98,121,174 | 6.03% |
| | 8,602 1,7 | 789,624,321 | 100.00% | 5, | 906 1,6 | 26,931,201 | 100.00% |
| | | | | | | | |

AAOIFI

Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions.

Al-'Aqd

Contract

A contract of sale which is exchange of thing of value with another thing of value with mutual

Al-Bai' Al-Mu'ajjal

It is a contract of sale in which the seller allows the buyer to pay the price of a commodity at a future date in lump sum or in instalments.

Al-'litihad

Endeavour of an Islamic jurist to derive or formulate a rule of law pertaining to a matter not explicitly mentioned in the Shariah sources.

Al-Kafalah

A contract of surety in which a person adds to his responsibility or liability on behalf of another person in respect of a demand for a loan or debt.

Bai' Al-Dain

Sale of debt.

A contract of sale, where a person sells an asset on credit and then buys back at a less price for cash.

Bai' Al-'Istijrar

A form of sale whereby the buyer keeps on taking the goods from the seller as and when needed without settling the price and then settles the account later on.

Bai' Al-Murabahah

Sale of goods with an agreed price by disclosing cost and profit.

Bai' Al-Musawamah

Sale of goods at a negotiated price without mentioning the cost to the buyer.

Bai Al-Salam

It is a kind of sale of specified homogenous goods in which full payment is in advance spot while the delivery of goods is deferred to a future date.

Bai' Al-Tawliyah

A contract of sale in which the seller agrees to sell a product at his cost by disclosing the cost.

Bai' Al-Wad'lyah

A sales contract in which a seller informs the buyer his actual cost and then gives a further discount on it.

Means monetarily helping those in need. In IBIs in order to mitigate the risk of delayed payment customer undertakes to pay an amount to IBI as charity in case of delay in payment which the IBI shall donate on behalf of the customer.

Diminishing Musharakah

It is a financing product being practiced by IBIs in which Bank and customer participate in joint ownership of a property. The share of the bank is divided into number of units and the units owned by the Bank are rented to the customer. Customer purchases these units from bank at periodic intervals, thereby increasing his/her share in the undivided property until all the units are purchased by the customer.

A decree by a competent Shariah scholar qualified to issue decrees (mufti) on a matter giving an opinion about the position of a matter in the light of the Shariah rules and principles.

It means any element of absolute or excessive uncertainty in a contract

Hiba

Gift/Transfer of ownership of an asset without any consideration.

liara/liarah

Letting on lease; technically, sale of a definite usufruct in exchange for a definite reward; commonly used for wages. It also refers to a mode of financing adopted by Islamic banks. It is an arrangement under which an Islamic bank leases equipment, a building etc. to a client against an agreed rental for a definite period.

Ijma'

Consensus of the Islamic jurists (mujtahidin) on a certain Shariah issue. after the demise of the Holy Prophet (P.B.U.H.)

Islamic Banking

Banking in consonance with the ethics and value system of Islam as compared to conventional banking that conducts its business of borrowing and lending on the basis of interest.

Islamic Credit Card

It is a Shariah-compliant credit card whereby no riba is involved.

Istisna'a/Istisna

It is a kind of sale where a purchaser orders to a manufacturer to manufacture a specific commodity for the purchaser. It is necessary for the validity of Istisna that the price is fixed with the consent of the parties and that necessary specification of the commodity (intended to be manufactured) is fully settled between them.

Mudarabah

An agreement between two or more persons whereby one or more of them provide finance, while the other provides entrepreneurship and management to carry on the business venture whether trade, industry or service, with the objective of earning profits. They share the profit in an agreed proportion. The loss is borne only by the financier(s) in proportion to their share in total capital.

Mudarabah Al-Muqayyadah

A contract of Mudarabah in which certain conditions like place, season, commodities credit and techniques of trade are stipulated by the provider of the capital (rabb al-mal).

Mudarabah Al-Mutlaqah

A contact of Mudarabah that does not bind the mudarib about the place, time, season, commodities, credit or techniques of trade.

Mudarib

A working partner; the partner who provides entrepreneurship and management in a Mudarabah agreement.

Undivided ownership of two or more persons in an asset

Parallel istisna

If the seller, after entering into a Istisna contract with buyer, enters into another separate and independent Istisna contract with a third party to manufacture goods of same specification then this arrangement is called Parallel Istisna

Parallel Salam

If the seller, after entering into a Salam contract with buyer, enters into another separate and independent Salam contract with a third party to acquire goods of same quality then this arrangement is called Parallel Salam.

Qard Al-Hasan

A loan with the stipulation to return the principal sum in the future without any increase

Qimar means gambling. Technically, it is an arrangement in which possession of a property is contingent upon the happening of an uncertain event.

Qiyas

To apply a recognized rule of Shariah expressly mentioned in the Holy Quran and Sunnah to a similar situation by way of analogy

Rabb-ul-Maal

A person who invests capital in a Mudarabah.

Rahn

To pledge or lodge a real or corporeal property of material value, in accordance with the law, as security for a debt or financial obligation, so as to make it possible for the creditor to regain the debt or some portion of the goods or property in case of default.

Any monetary or non-monetary agreed benefit to the lender on a contract of loan

Shariah Audit

Audit of the operations of an Islamic financial institution to assess the extent to which the institution adhered to the requirements of the Shariah.

Shariah Board

Committee of Islamic scholars in Islamic Banks for guidance and supervision and whose decisions are binding upon the bank.

Shariah

Shariah means a pathway to be followed and can further be explained as a set of divine injunctions and laws that regulates every aspect of human beings in their individual and collective lives.

Shariah-compliant

An act or activity that complies with the requirements of the Shariah, or Islamic law.

Shirkah al-'aqd

A joint enterprise formed for conducting some business in which all the partners share the profit according to a specific ratio while the loss is shared according to the ratio of contribution.

Shirkah al-milk

It means joint ownership of two or more persons in a particular property without commercial intention.

Sukuk/ Sukook

Sukuk are certificates of equal value representing undivided shares in ownership of tangible assist, usufruct and services or (in the ownership of) the assets of particular projects or special investment activity.

Takaful

Islamic Insurance. A scheme of mutual support based on Islamic concept of wagf, wakalah or Mudarabah that provides insurance to individuals against hazards of falling into unexpected and dire need.

Tabarru'

It is a gift, the basic purpose of which is to seek the pleasure of Allah

Tijarah Financing

Sale & Agency based financing facility for customers who sell finished goods on credit basis. This facility enables customers to sell their finished goods stock to the Bank to meet their working capital requirements and enjoy the benefits of cash sales.

Wakalah

A contract of agency in which one person appoints someone else to perform a certain task on his behalf, usually against a certain fee.

In Arabic language the word Waqf means preventing something from movement. In Shariah terminology, Waqf refers to making a property invulnerable to any disposition that leads to transfer of ownership and donating the usufruct of that property to beneficiaries.

Zakah (zakat)

A certain portion of wealth levied on Muslims having wealth above an exemption limit (nisab) at a rate fixed by the Shariah to purify wealth. Zakat is one of the five pillars of Islam. The objective is to take away a part of the wealth of the well-to-do and to distribute it among the poor and the needy.

NOTICE OF 27TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 27th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Meezan Bank Limited (the "Bank") will be held Insha-Allah on Wednesday, March 29, 2023 at 09:00 a.m. at Meezan House C-25, Estate Avenue, SITE, Karachi, Pakistan, (physical and virtual meeting) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the 26th Annual General Meeting held on March 29, 2022.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Accounts of the Bank, Audited Consolidated Accounts for the year ended December 31, 2022, together with the Auditors' Report, Directors' Report and Chairman's Review Report thereon.
- To appoint auditors of the Bank for the year ending December 31, 2023 and to fix their remuneration. The present auditors, M/s. A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.
- 4. To consider and, if thought fit, approve as recommended by the Board of Directors, final cash Dividend at the rate of Rs. 3/- per share i.e. 30% in addition to Rs. 5.50 per share i.e. 55% interim cash Dividend already declared/paid along with 10% Bonus Shares for the vear December 31, 2022.
- 5. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

Karachi February 16, 2023 Muhammad Sohail Khan Company Secretary

Notes:

CLOSURE OF SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS

The Members' Register will remain closed from March 22, 2023 to March 29, 2023 (both days inclusive). Transfer received at the Share Registrar office, by the close of business on March 21, 2023 will be treated in time for the purpose of entitlement to receive the 30% final cash dividend and attend, vote and speak in the 27th Annual General Meeting.

2. COVID-19 RELATED CONTINGENCY PLANNING FOR ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

In terms of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's (SECP) Circulars No. 5 of 2020 dated March 17, 2020 and No. 4 of 2021 dated February 15, 2021 for the well-being and their safety, the members are encouraged to attend and vote in the Annual General Meeting via Zoom Link. Accordingly, members are requested to get themselves registered by sending their particulars at the designated e-mail address agm@meezanbank.com giving particulars as per the below table by the close of business hours (1:00 PM) on Friday, March 24, 2023.

| Name of Shareholders/Proxy | CNIC / Passport No. | Folio No./CDC Participant ID No. | Cell No. | Email Address |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|---------------|
| | | | | |

- Link to video connectivity will be sent to the shareholders on their e-mail addresses after necessary verification from the records.
- Shareholders will be able to log in and participate in the Annual General Meeting proceedings through their smartphones or computer devices.
- The login facility will be available from 08:50 a.m. till the end of the Annual General Meeting on March 29 2023, enabling the participants to join the proceedings which will start at 09:00 a.m. sharp, Insha-Allah.
- In addition to the above, Shareholders can also give their suggestions/comments on the proposed agenda of the Annual General Meeting by e-mailing at the designated e-mail address agm@meezanbank.com

3. Copies of the Minutes of the 26th Annual General Meeting held on March 29, 2022, of Meezan Bank Limited, are available for inspection by Members as required under Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2017.

FOR ATTENDING THE GENERAL MEETING

- A member entitled to attend the Annual General Meeting may appoint any other person as his/her proxy to attend the meeting through video-link. A proxy form is enclosed.
- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-accountholder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his identity by showing his original Computerized National Identity Card ("CNIC") or original passport at the time of attending the Annual General Meeting.
- In case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the Annual General Meeting.

4. VIDEO CONFERENCE FACILITY FOR ATTENDING GENERAL MEETINGS

If the Bank receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 07 days prior to the date of the Annual General Meeting, the Bank will arrange a video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

To avail this facility, a request to be submitted to the registered address of the Bank 07 days before holding of the Annual General Meeting.

5. POSTAL BALLOT FACILITY

In case the Poll is demanded by the shareholders under Section 143 of the Companies Act 2017, the Company shall consider postal Balloting facility for voting, under the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018.

6. AVAILABILITY OF ANNUAL ACCOUNTS ON BANK'S WEBSITE

As required under Section 223 (7) of the Companies Act 2017, audited Financial Statements of the Bank have been uploaded on website of the Bank which can be downloaded from the Bank's website: www.meezanbank.com.

7. TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THROUGH CD:

The Bank has circulated Annual Financial statements to its members through CD at their registered address. A printed copy of the above referred statements can be provided to members upon request. The request form is available on the website of the Bank and may be accessed by clicking the following link; https://www.meezanbank.com/wp-content/themes/mbl/downloads/Annual-Report-Request-Form.pdf.

8. TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL REPORTS THROUGH E-MAIL

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through SRO No. 787(I)2014 and SRO No. 470(I) of 2016 dated September 8, 2014, and May 31, 2016, respectively has provided an option for shareholders to receive Annual Report along with the notice of Annual General Meeting electronically through E-mail/CD/DVD/USB/ in hard copy. Hence, members who are interested in receiving the Annual Reports and notice of Annual General meeting electronically in future are requested to send their request on the prescribed form placed on the Banks website (link as mentioned in Point No. 7), to the Bank's Share Registrar.

THE FOLLOWING CIRCULARS / NOTIFICATIONS REQUIRE SPECIAL ATTENTION OF THE SHAREHOLDERS:

9. PAYMENT OF CASH DIVIDEND THROUGH ELECTRONIC MODE (E-DIVIDEND) - MANDATORY

Under section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, and Regulation No. 4 of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017, it is mandatory for a listed company to pay cash dividend to shareholders only through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders.

In order to receive dividend directly into the bank account, shareholders are requested to fill the "E-Dividend Mandate Form" available on Bank's website and send it duly completed and signed along with a copy of his / her valid CNIC to the Bank's Share registrar, THK Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., Plot No. 32-C, Jami Commercial Street 2, D.H.A. Phase VII, Karachi -75500, Pakistan UAN 111-000-322., (in case of physical shares).

In case shares are held in CDC then the "E-Dividend Mandate Form" must be submitted directly to shareholder(s)'broker/participant/CDC account services.

Shareholders can directly register for e-Dividend Services by visiting CDC Portal: https://eservices.cdcaccess.com.pk/public/index.xhtml.

E-Dividend Mandate Form

| Folio Number/CDC Sub Account Number | |
|--|--|
| Name of Shareholder | |
| Title of the Bank Account | |
| International Bank Account Number (IBAN) | |
| Name of Bank | |
| Branch Name, Branch Code, Address | |
| Cell and Landline number | |
| CNIC/ Passport No. (Attach copy) | |
| Signature of Shareholder | |

10. SUBMISSION OF VALID CNIC COPY (MANDATORY)

In terms of Regulation No. 06 of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017 read with Section 243(3) of the Companies Act, 2017, listed Companies are entitled to withhold payment of dividend, if shareholders have not provided copies of their valid Computerized National Identity Cards ("CNIC")/ Passport Number as well as complete and valid details of designated bank accounts (IBAN) for direct credit of cash dividend.

The shareholders are therefore requested to submit a copy of their valid CNIC/NTN/Passport Number within ten (10) days from the date of this Notice to the Bank's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent/CDC (as the case may be). In case the same have already been provided, then these instructions may be ignored.

The shareholders while sending copies of their CNICs must quote their respective folio numbers and names for identification purpose.

11. TAX IMPLICATION ON DIVIDENDS

The Government of Pakistan has made certain amendments in Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 whereby different rates are prescribed for deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend paid by the companies/banks. These rates are as per law.

To enable the Bank to make tax deduction on the amount of Cash Dividend, all the members whose names are not entered into the Federal Board of Revenue's (FBR) Active Tax-Payers List (ATL), despite the fact that they are tax return filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL, before the date of book closure for cash dividend; otherwise, tax on their cash dividend will be deducted as non-filer.

12. TAX ON JOINT SHAREHOLDING

All shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of principal shareholder and joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to our Shares Registrar, in writing as follows:

| | | Principal | Principal Shareholder | | Joint Shareholder | |
|-----------|--------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|---|--|
| Folio/CDS | Total Shares | Name and CNIC No. | Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares) | Name and CNIC No. | Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares) | |

The required information must reach our Shares Registrar by the close of business (5:00 pm) on March 21, 2023 otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by principal shareholder and joint holder(s) and tax will be deducted according to the proportionate holding of each shareholder as clarified by the FBR vide its clarification letter No. I(54) Exp/2014-132872-R, dated September 25, 2014.

13. TAX EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE

Shareholders claiming tax exemption under clause 47(B) of Part IV of the Second Schedule of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 are requested to provide a valid exemption certificate under section 159 (1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 latest by March 21, 2023, to our Shares Registrar before the date of Book closure as required vide FBR clarification letter No. 1(43) D.G. (W.H.T.) / 2008-Vol.II-66417-R dated May 12, 2015.

14. INTIMATION OF CHANGE OF ADDRESS AND DECLARATION OF NON-DEDUCTION OF ZAKAT

Members are requested to immediately notify regarding the change, if any, in their registered and/or e-mail addresses, in writing, and their declaration for the non-deduction of Zakat (if applicable), to the Share Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Bank i.e. THK Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., Plot No. 32-C, Jami Commercial Street 2, D.H.A. Phase VII, Karachi -75500, Pakistan, UAN 111-000-322 (in case of Physical scrips) whereas Members/CDC Account holders are requested to contact their CDC Participant/CDC Account Services for the same, but no later than close of business hours (05:00 p.m.) on March 21, 2023.

15. CONVERSION OF PHYSICAL SHARES INTO BOOK-ENTRY FORM

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through its letter No. CSD/ED/Misc/2016- 639-640 dated March 26, 2021 has advised the listed companies to adhere with the provisions of section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the "Act") by replacing shares issued by them in Physical Form with the shares to be issued in the Book-Entry Form. Meezan Bank Limited (the "Bank"), being a listed company is also required to comply with aforesaid provisions of Act.

The shareholders of Meezan Bank Limited having physical folios/share certificates are requested to convert their shares from physical form into Book Entry Form as soon as possible. The shareholders may contact their Broker, a PSX Member, CDC Participant or CDC Investor Account Service Provider for assistance in opening a CDS Account and subsequent induction of the physical shares into Book Entry Form

It would facilitate the shareholders in many ways including safe custody of shares, no loss of shares, avoidance of formalities required for the issuance of duplicate shares and readily available for sale and purchase in open market at better rates. The shareholders of Bank may contact the Share Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Bank, namely THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited at the following address for the conversion of physical shares into Book-Entry Form.

THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited,

Plot No. 32-C, Jami Commercial, Street 2, D.H.A, Phase VII, Karachi -75500. Tel # 021-353101091-6 UAN: 021-111-000-322 Email: secretariat@thk.com.pk and sfc@thk.com.pk

16. UN-CLAIMED DIVIDENDS / SHARES

The shareholders are hereby informed that in accordance with section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the unclaimed shares, Modaraba certificates, Dividend, other instruments and undistributed Assets Regulations, 2017, the companies are required to deposit cash dividends to the credit of the Federal Government and shares to the Commission, which are undelivered/unclaimed for a period of three (3) years or more from the date it is due and payable.





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Meezan Bank Limited

E-Dividend Mandate Form

According to Section 242 of Companies Act, 2017 and Circular No. 18/2017 dated August 1, 2017 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), from November 1, 2017 all listed companies are to pay dividend only through electronic mode directly into the bank accounts designated by the entitled shareholders.

In view of above, Shareholder(s) are advised to provide their complete bank account / IBAN detail as per format given below required under clause 7,8 and 9 (ii) of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017 issued under S.R.O.1145 (I) / 2017 dated November 06, 2017 by SECP enabling us to comply with the above Section/Circular.

| For physical Shareholder(s): | THK Associates (Pvt) Limited, Plot No. 32-C Jami Commercial Street 2, DHA Phase VII, Karachi-75500, Pakistan. |
|------------------------------|---|
| For CDC Account holder (s) | in case of CDC account holder / Sub-account holder, please provide said |

details to CDC / to respective member Stock Exchange.

Company Secretary

E-Dividend Mandate Details

It is requested that all my cash Dividend amounts declared by the Bank may be credited into the following bank account:

Note

Signature of Shareholder (Please affix company stamp in case of a corporate entity)

Please provide complete IBAN, after checking with your concerned bank branch to enable electronic credit directly into your bank account.

The payment of cash dividend will be processed on the basis of the IBAN alone. Meezan Bank is entitled to rely on the IBAN information as per your instructions (provided by you). The Bank shall not be responsible for any loss, damage, liability or claim arising, directly or indirectly, from any error, delay or failure in performance of any of its obligations hereunder which is caused by incorrect payment instructions and /or due to any event beyond the control of the Bank.

میزان بینک کمیٹر ای ڈیویڈنڈمینڈیٹ فارم

کمپنیزا یک 2017 کی شق 242 اورسکیورٹیزائیڈا بھیجنج کمیشن آف پاکستان کےسرکلرنمبر 18/2017 بتاریخ کیم اگست، 2017 کے ذریعے تمام لسطۂ کمپنیوں کو ہدایت کی گئی ہے کہ کیم نومبر، 2017 کے بعد سے اداہونے والے ڈیویڈنڈکی رقم الیکٹرا نک طریقہ کارسے براہ راست شیئر ہولڈرز کی طرف سے فراہم کردہ بینک اکاؤنٹ میں منتقل کی جائے۔

درج بالا ہدایات کے پیش نظر، آپ سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ اپنے مکمل'' انٹرنیشنل بینک اکاؤنٹ نمبر (IBAN)" کی تفصیل درج ذیل نمونہ کے مطابق کمپنی کوفراہم کریں۔جس کی ہدایت 6 نومبر،2017 کو SECP نے جاری کردہ SRO 1145(I)/2017 میں SRO 2017 کی ثق 8-18 اور (ii) 9 کے مطابق کی ہے، تا کہ ہم درج بالاثق پڑمل پیرا ہو تکیس سے ڈی تی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر اسب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر یہ تفصیل متعلقہ ممبراسٹاک ایکیچنج کومہیا کریں۔

ٹی ایج کے ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ، پلاٹ نمبر 2-32، جامی کمرشل اسٹریٹ2، ڈی ایج اے، فیز VII ، کراچی-75500، پاکستان اگرآپ ہی ڈی ہی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر/سب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر ہیں تو برائے مہر بانی نیچے دی گئی تفصیلات ہی ڈی ہی/اسٹاک ایکیچینج کے معزز نمبر کوفراہم کمریں۔

فزیکل شیئر ہولڈرز کے لئے

سی ڈی تی ا کا وُنٹ ہولڈرز کے لئے

سمپنی سیریٹری

ای ڈیویڈنڈمینڈیٹ کی تفصیل:

درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ بینک کی جانب سے اعلان کر دہ میرے ڈیویٹی نڈکی تمام قم مندرجہ ذیل بینک اکاؤنٹ میں منتقل کی جائے:

| فوليونمبر/سى ڈى يارٹيسپينٹس آئى ڈىنمبر/ | |
|--|--|
| شيئر ہولڈر کا نام: | |
| بینک اکاؤنٹ جس نام ہے ہے: مکمل بینک اکاؤنٹ نمبر (IBAN): | |
| مكىل بىنك ا كاۇنٹ نمبر (IBAN): | |
| | |
| بینک کا نام، برانچ کا نام، کوڈ اورپیۃ: | |
| | |
| موبائل نمبر: | |
| فون نمبر(اگرہے): | |
| ای میل: | |
| کمپیوٹرائز ڈشاختی کارڈنمبر/ پاسپورٹ نمبر(اگرغیرملکی شیئر ہولڈر ہوتو) (کاپی نسلک کریں): | |

بیان کیا جاتا ہے کدورج بالامعلومات درست ہیں،اور بیک میں درج بالامعلومات میں کوئی بھی تبدیلی واقع ہونے کی صورت میں کمپنی اور متعلقہ شیئر رجٹر ارا پارٹیسپنٹ اس ڈی تی انویسٹرا کا ؤنٹ سروسز کوفوری طور پرمطلع کروں گا اگ۔

وستخط شیم هولڈر (براے مهربانی کار پوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں کپنی کی مهرثیت کریں)

(برائے مہریانی اپنے اکاؤنٹ میں براوراست الیکٹرا نک کریڈٹ کااٹل بننے کے لئے اپنائکس IBAN، پنی متعلقہ بینک برای کے سے تصدیق کے بعد فراہم کریں۔ نقد ڈیو ٹیڈنڈ کااوا ننگی کی کارروائی صرف IBAN کی ٹیاد پر کی جائے گی۔ میزان بینک کوصرف آپ کی ہدایات کے مطابق IBAN کی (آپ کی جانب سے فراہم کردہ) معلومات پر اٹھمار کرنے کا اختیار ہے۔ میزان بینک اس معاہدہ کے تحت اپنی کسی بھی خرداری کی اوا ننگی میں غلطی متا خیریا ناکا کی کی وجہ سے بلاواسطہ ہونے والے کسی بھی ضرر منتصان، ذمہ داری یادعوئی کے تجابدہ نہیں ہوگا اگر بیآ ہے کہ جانب سے ادائیگی کی غلط بدایا سے اور کیا بینک کے کنٹرول سے باہر کی واقعہ کی وجہ سے بیش آھے ہوں۔



FORM OF PROXY

The Company Secretary Meezan Bank Limited Meezan House C-25,Estate Avenue S.I.T.E, Karachi, Pakistan.

| I/We | of | | being a member(s) of Meezan Bank Limited and | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| holder of | ordinary shares as per Share | Register Folio No | and/or CDC Investor Account No | |
| / Participant I.D No | and Sub Ad | ccount No | do hereby appoint | |
| | of | | or failing him/her | |
| of | as my/our prox | y to attend, speak, vote | and act for me/us on my/our behalf at the 27th Annual | |
| General Meeting of Me | ezan Bank Ltd. to be held on We | nesday, March 29, 2023 | 3 at 9:00 a.m. at Meezan House, C-25, Estate Avenue, | |
| S.I.T.E., Karachi, Pakis | tan and at any adjournment thereo | f. | | |
| Signed this | day of 2023. | | Please affix revenue stamp of appropriate value | |
| Witness 1 | | Witness 2 | Signature of Member(s)/Attorney The Signature should agree with the specimen registered with the Company | |
| Signature: | | Signature: | | |
| Name: | | Name: | | |
| Address: | | Address: | | |

NOTES:

CNIC or Passport No:___

- Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint another person as his/her proxy to exercise all or any of his rights to attend, speak and vote for him/her.
- Members are required to timely notify any change in their address to Bank's Shares Registrar THK Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. Plot No. 32-C Jami Commercial Street 2, DHA, Phase VII, Karachi-75500, Pakistan.
- Shareholders will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
- 5. If any member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instruments of proxies for any one meeting are deposited with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.

For Attending the Meeting:

 In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail are uploaded as per the regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the Meeting.

2. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of Meeting.

For Appointing Proxies:

CNIC or Passport No:_

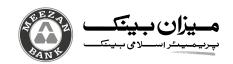
- The Proxy form be signed by the appointer or his attorney duly authorized in writing, or if the appointer is a body corporate, be under its seal or be signed by an officer or any attorney duly authorized by it.
- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and /or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be submitted along with proxy form to the Company.
- 4. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- Attested copies of CNIC or the passports of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.

Please affix correct postage

The Company Secretary

Meezan Bank Limited

Meezan House, C-25,
Estate Avenue, SITE,
Karachi, Pakistan.



نمائندگی فارم

جناب ممپنی سیکریٹری میزان بدیک کمیٹٹر میزان ہاؤس، ۲۵۔۲۵ ، اسٹیٹ الو نیو، سائٹ، کراچی، پاکستان۔

| | <u> </u> | يں/ہم |
|--|--|---|
| انولیشراکاؤنٹ نمبر/سی ڈی سی پارٹیسپنٹ آ | ياسى دى س | میزان بینک کمیشد اور شیئررجنر فولیونمبر |
| عمومی خصص کا / کے ما لک | کے مطابق | اور ذیلی ا کاؤنٹ نمبر |
| تِ دیگر | يا بصور | <i>ے ا</i> ی |
| کواپنا/ ہمارا نم | | <i>ے/</i> ی |
|) ، اسٹیٹ ایو نیو، سائٹ، کراچی ، پاکستان میر | ت ••:٩ بجے صبح کومیزان ہاؤس، ۲۵_C | میزان بینک لمیٹڈ کے ۲۹ مارچ ۲۰۲۳ بروزبدھ بوق ^ت |
| • | | |
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| | | |
| | ۲۰۲۳ کو کئے گئے۔ | يستخط و ين روز |
| | | |
| گواه 2 : | | گواه 1 : |
| دستخط | | دستخط |
| | | نامنام |
| پېټ | | پېټ |
| كمپيوٹرائز ڈقومی شناختی كارڈيا پاسپو | | كمپيوٹرائز ڈقو می شناختی كارڈيا پاسپورٹ نمبر |
| | انویسٹر اکاؤنٹ نمبر/سی ڈی سی پارٹیسپنٹ آ۔ عومی حصص کا / کے مالک ہے دیگر ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ کو اپنا/ ہمارا نما ا، اسٹیٹ ایو نیو، سائٹ، کراچی ، پاکستان میر نے کا اہل قرار دیتا ہوں/ دیتے ہیں گواہ 2 : | یا بصورت دیگر ت ۲۰۰: ۹ بج صبح کومیزان ہاؤس، ۲۵ د ۲۵ ،اسٹیٹ ابو نیو، سائٹ، کراچی ، پاکستان میر ائے دینے اور اپنی/ ہماری جگہ ووٹ دینے کا اہل قرار دیتا ہوں/ دیتے ہیں |

نونش:

- 1- نمائندگی کاتقر رنامہ مؤثر ہونے کے لئے اجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھٹے پہلے کمپنی کوموصول ہوجانا چاہئے۔
- 2- سالا ندا جلاس میں حاضر ہونے اور ووٹ دینے کا حق دار کوئی بھی ممبر کسی دوسر محبر کواجلاس میں حاضر ہونے ارائے اور ووٹ دینے کے اپنے کسی ایک یا تمام حقوق استعال کرنے کے لئے اپنی ابنائمائندہ مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔
- 1- ممبران سے درخواست ہے کہ اپنے بیت میں کسی بھی تھم کی تبدیلی کی صورت میں بینک کے شیئر رجٹرار THK البوی ایش میں ایش کی استان کو فروامطلع کر ایش کی استان کو فروامطلع کریں۔ ایسوی ایش کو فروامطلع کریں۔
- 4۔ مزید برآل، ثینرَ ہولڈرز کوسکیو ریٹیز اینڈ ایکی بھٹی آف پاکستان کے جاری کردہ سرکلر 1 مجریہ 26 جنوری 2000میں فراہم کردہ ہدایات کی بیردی کرنی ہوگی۔
- 5- اگر کوئی ممبر ایک سے زائد نمائندے مقرر کرتا ہے اور کسی ایک اجلاس کے لئے ایک سے زائد پراکسی فارم موصول ہوتے ہیں، ایک صورت میں تمام پراکسی فارمز فیرمؤثر سمجھے جائیں گے۔

اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے کے لئے:

۔ انفرادی صورت میں ،اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاذ کی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈراور ایا جن کی سکیوریٹیز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہوں اوران کی رجٹریشن کی تفسیلات تو اعدو ضوابط کے مطابق اَپ لوڈ ہوں ، کواجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت اصل قو می شاختی کارڈ (CNIC) یااصل یا سپورٹ دکھانا ہوگا۔

2 کارپوریٹ ادار ہے کی صورت میں، اجلاس کے وقت بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز کی قر ارداد ارپاور آف اٹار نی بمع شخصی دستخط کے پیش کرنا ہوں گی (تاوقتیکہ پہلے فراہم نہ کی گئی ہو)۔

نمائندوں کی تقرری کے لئے (Proxies):

- 1- نمائندگی فارم تقر رکننده یااس کے اٹارنی کی جانب سے دستخط شده اورتح یری طور پرتصدیق شده بو، یا اگر تقر رکننده کوئی کاروباری اداره بوتو فارم پراس کی مهر شبت بواور اسکی جانب سے قانونی طور پرمقرره مجاز افسریاا ٹارنی کے دستخط ہوں۔
- 2- انفرادی صورت میں ،اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاذیلی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر اور ایا جن کی سیکیوریٹیز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہوں اور ان کی رجٹریشن کی تفصیلات قواعد وضوابط کے مطابق اُپ لوڈ ہوں ، مندرجہ بالاشرائط کے مطابق پراکسی فارم جمع کرائیں گے۔
- 3- کار پوریٹ اداروں کی صورت میں، بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کی قرار داد / پاورآف اٹار نی امیدوار کے تخصی دستخط کے ساتھ کمپنی کو پرائسی فارم کے ساتھ جمع کروانی ہوگی (تا وفتتکیہ پہلے فراہم نہ کی گئی ہو)۔
- 4- جن دوافراد سے پراکسی فارم کی تصدیق کروائی جائے گی اُن کے نام، پتے کمپیوٹرائز ڈ قومی شاختی کارڈ نمبر فارم میں درج کیے جائیں گے۔
- 5- اصل ما لکان اوران کے نمائندول کی کمپیوٹرائز ڈقو می شاختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقول پرائسی فارم کےساتھ منسلک کی جائیں گی۔
 - 6- نامز وصلی اجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت اصل کمپیوٹر ائز ڈ تو می شناختی کارڈیااصل پاسپورٹ پیش کرنا ہوں گے۔

برائے مہر بانی درست ڈاکٹکٹ چسپاں کریں

محرر ممینی سیریری میزان بینک کمیطر میزان باؤس C-25،اسٹیٹ ایونیو سائٹ، کراچی، پاکستان



