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Company Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Muhammad Ali Tabba (Chairman) Mr. Muhammad Sohail Tabba (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Imran Yunus Tabba Mr. Jawed Yunus Tabba Ms. Zulekha Tabba Maskatiya

Mr. Muhammad Hassan Tabba Syed Muhammad Shabbar Zaidi (Independent Director) Mr. Moin M. Fudda (Independent Director)

Audit Committee Syed Muhammad Shabbar Zaidi (Chairman)

Mr. Moin M. Fuddə Mr. Muhəmməd Ali Təbbə Mr. Jəwed Yunus Təbbə

HR & Remuneration

Committee

Mr. Moin M. Fuddə (Chəirmən) Mr. Jəwed Yunus Təbbə Ms. Zulekhə Təbbə Məskətiyə

Budget Committee

Mr. Muhammad Ali Tabba (Chairman) Mr. Muhammad Sohail Tabba Mr. Jawed Yunus Tabba Syed Muhammad Shabbar Zaidi

Executive Director Finance Mr. Abdul Sattar Abdullah

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Muhammad Imran Moten **Chief Internal Auditor** Mr. Həji Muhəmməd Mundiə

Company Secretary Mr. Muhammad Umair

Auditors Yousuf Adil

Chartered Accountants Independent correspondent firm to Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Registered Office 200-201, Gadoon Amazai Industrial Estate,

Distt. Swabi, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Phone: 093-8270212-3 Fax: 093-8270311

Email: secretary@gadoontextile.com

Head Office 7-A, Muhammad Ali Society,

Abdul Aziz Həji Həshim Təbbə Street, Kərəchi 75350 Phone: 021-35205479-80 Fəx: 021-34382436

Liaison Office

Office No. 401, 4th Floor, Tri Tower, Opposite Sarhad University, Ring Road, Peshawar

Factory Locations 200-201, Gadoon Amazai Industrial Estate.

Distt. Swabi, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

57 K.M. on Super Highway, Karachi

Share Registrar / Transfer

Agent

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi Toll Free: 0800 23275

Bankers / DFIs Allied Bank Limited JS Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited Bank Al-Falah Limited (Islamic Banking) Meezan Bank Limited

Bank Al-Habib Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited Pak Kuwait Investment Company Pvt. Limited Soneri Bank Limited

Standard Chartered Bank Pakistan Limited

Faysal Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

The Bank of Khyber The Bank of Punjab

Industrial & Commercial Bank of China Limited United Bank Limited

Directors' Report to the Members

Dear Members

The Directors of the Company are pleased to present the performance review and the unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended March 31, 2023.

Sad Demise of Our Board Member:

On behalf of the Company, its employees and workers, the Board of Directors express their deep sorrow on the passing of Mr. Muhammad Yunus Tabba (Ex-Chairman of the Board of Director) on January 02, 2023.

Mr. Muhammad Yunus Tabba was one of the founding members of Yunus Brothers Group (YBG) and had seen its progress through manufacturing, sales, marketing management, and general management. With his expertise and diversified experience, he had taken YBG to a level that is appreciated by both local and international business communities.

He was awarded the "Sitara-e-Imtiaz", one of the highest civlian award given by the Government of Pakistan. He was also awarded "Businessman of the Year" by the Chamber of Commerce several times during his awe-inspiring entrepreneurial career. While we grieve on this great loss, we remain committed to follow in his footsteps and continue his legacy in order to achieve all that he and his late brother Mr. Abdul Razzak Tabba envisioned when setting out on this journey some fifty years ago.

Overview

The global economy is currently at a highly uncertain position due to the cumulative impacts of adverse events such as the COVID-19 pandemic and Russia's invasion of Ukraine. Spurred by pent-up demand, lingering supply disruptions, and commodity price spikes, inflation has reached multidecade highs in many economies, and Pakistan is no exception.

The reviewed financial period has presented severe economic challenges for Pakistan, reflecting long-standing structural weaknesses and political uncertainty. Despite a decrease in overall sales volumes, the Company has successfully maintained its revenue at Rs. 42.75 billion, showing a notable increase of 7.49% compared to the Same Period Last Year (SPLY). This was mainly on account of increased sales prices of yarn and the rupee devaluation.

Nevertheless, the increase in sales values was dampened by inflationary pressures on both raw material and conversion costs, along with a notable increase in finance costs. Moreover, increase in share of profits from associates by 113.31% to Rs. 1.79 billion, mainly due to gain arising from step-disposal by Lucky Core Industries Limited of its subsidiary, helped the Company post a net profit of Rs. 2.83 billion, compared to the Rs. 5.02 billion recorded in the previous period.

Economic Prospects

Pakistan's economy is currently under severe stress with low foreign reserves, depreciating currency, and high inflation whilst these imbalances are further exacerbated by the surging world commodity prices, tightening global financing conditions, and domestic political uncertainty.

During the period, the import bills have decreased by 25.34% to USD 43.95 billion in contrast to USD 58.86 billion SPLY, mainly on the back of tightening of monetary policy, and sizable import containment by the State Bank to cope with the macroeconomic imbalances and financing challenges. Similarly, the Country's exports and remittances also witnessed a decline of 9.87% and 10.82% to USD 21.05 billion and USD 20.53 billion respectively as compared to SPLY as global economic growth remained low by historical standards and financial risks have risen with stubbornly high inflation.

During the period, Pakistan has posted its highest ever inflation of 35.37% from the previous year and is expected to remain high in the near term. Therefore, in order to anchor inflation and to achieve the objective of price stability, State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), in its recent meeting decided to increase the policy rate to 21%.

Concentrated slowdown in the advanced world economies, coupled with the withdrawal of power subsidy, higher borrowing cost and depleting foreign reserves have created challenges for the local textile industry to sustain and remain competitive in the local and global market.

According to Pakistan Cotton Ginners' Association (PCGA) publication on April 03, 2023, the country's ginneries received 4.91 million bales of cotton, down from last year's 7.44 million bales. This showed a decrease of 33.99%, caused primarily by heavy rain and flooding, which made a significant impact on the Company's potential exports and also hampered the textile industry's growth.

Financial Performance

A comparison of the key financial results of the Company for the nine months ended March 31, 2023, is as follows:

Profit and Loss Summary	March 31,	March 31,	Percentage
	2023	2022	Favorable /
	(Rupe	es in '000)	(Unfavorable)
Direct Export	6,345,311	9,220,993	(31.19)
Indirect Export	15,531,796	16,535,798	(6.07)
Local	20,876,834	14,017,060	48.94
Sales (net) Gross Profit Distribution Cost	42,753,941	39,773,851	7.49
	4,249,827	6,564,642	(35.26)
	664.122	1.016.660	34.68
Administrative Expenses Other Operating Expenses	348,234 241,654	266,882 345,537	(30.48)
Finance Cost	1,358,769	331,731	(309.60)
Other Income	2,140,589	1,007,312	112.51
Profit Before Taxation	3,777,637	5,611,144	(32.68)
Profit After Taxation Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	2,834,818 101.14	5,016,597 178.97	(43.49)

Although the sales revenue has increased during the period, the overall sales volume of both yarn and knitted sheets has declined in this period as compared to SPLY mainly on account of global economic slowdown.

The gross margins have declined mainly on account of increased raw material prices, power cost (on account of increase in gas tariff and removal of subsidized electricity units) and other conversion costs as compared to the previous period.

The distribution costs decreased by 34.68% largely on account of decrease in the export sales of yarn and knitting sheets, reduction in shipping freight costs and decrease in global oil prices as compared to SPLY. The inflationary pressure on the economy during the period, has resulted in an increase in the administrative expenses as compared to SPLY.

The finance cost during the period experienced a significant increase of 309.6%, totaling Rs. 1,358.77 million. This surge can be attributed to various factors, including higher policy rates of 15% - 20% as compared to 7% - 10% during the SPLY, higher working capital requirements owing to inflationary impact / rupee devaluation and the non-availability of cheaper source of financing alternatives for investments in new machinery and expansion in the value-added sector.

The Company's strategic investment in various avenues yield returns of Rs. 1.79 billion, compared to Rs. 0.84 billion over SPLY, resulted in a significant increase of 113.31% over SPLY. The rise in profits from the associate is primarily due to a one-time gain recorded by Lucky Core Industries Limited in the current period, amounting to Rs. 17.15 billion, of which the Company's share is Rs. 1.24 billion, arising from the partial disposal and remeasurement of remaining stake in NutriCo Morinaga (Private) Limited from 51% to 24.5%.

As a result, the net profits of the Company decreased by 43.49% in this period as compared to SPLY.

Segmental Review of Business Performance

During the current period, the Company was able to increase its overall sales value. However, the overall sales volume declined due to change in sales mix. The net profit margins for the knitting division have seen a significant improvement as the company was able to secure higher sales prices. However, the spinning division has experienced a decline in net profit due to the above-aforementioned reasons.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company emphasized the best CSR practices during the period to achieve its goal of a sustainable society. Our employees cordially participated thereby further strengthening Company's vision and culture towards empowerment, integrity, and equality. Following CSR activities were undertaken by the Company during the period:

As advocates of gender equality, our unwavering commitment is to create an inclusive platform that is free from discrimination. In celebration of the International Women's Day, our team came together to honor the occasion with a special event for survivors of acid attacks, aiming to inspire and empower women in a unique way, making them feel valued and included as equals in society.

In order to promote the advancement of a sustainable future, the Company coordinated a Beach Cleanup event in collaboration with its employees, with the aim of raising awareness about the significance of marine life and biodiversity.

In the context of our learning and development program, the Company is committed to providing a professional platform that empowers employees to reach their maximum potential. As part of this effort, we have conducted a series of training and awareness sessions during the specified period, and the details are as follows:

- To promote sustainable practices, an interactive awareness session was conducted by the HSE team at coastal line to support SDG of Life below Water & Life on Land for changing human behavior and creating a beach ethic
- o To provide an insight into universal criteria of legitimate leadership, the Company arranged a session on Level-03 Leadership for the senior management at Head Office.
- The Company collaborated with PSTD (Pakistan Society of Training & Development) for their flagship event WIBCON-23. It was a full-day learning session exclusively for females with a step-by-step creative process to motivate & empower them for achieving their life goals.

Future Outlook

Economic distress on account of policy tightening, flood impacts, import curtailment, coupled with political uncertainty has hampered the economic wheel. The economic outlook is dependent on timely and full implementation of policy reforms, with very high downside risks

The Country is expected to receive assistance from the friendly countries, despite the fact that the international credit risk agencies has downgraded the Country's ability to fulfill its commitments. The Government is committed to successfully implementing the IMF's EFF program, which is expected to provide relief to the balance of payments, ease import controls that have negatively impacted the manufacturing sector, and alleviate shortages of essential items

The country's textile exports have experienced a significant decline, dropping from USD 14.24 billion in the previous period to USD 12.48 billion in this period, marking a decrease of 12.4%. To achieve sustainable growth, it is crucial for every Country to manage the trade deficit effectively. In an effort to boost exports and foreign exchange, and enable the exporters to compete internationally the government has to prioritize export-oriented sectors, including the textile industry. This involves facilitating the import of raw materials, parts, and accessories, and rationalizing power tariff.

During this period, the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) collected Rs. 5,156 billion in revenue for the country, which fell short of the target of Rs. 5,460 billion by Rs. 304 billion. This shortfall was caused by factors such as significant import compression, economic slowdown zero rating on petroleum, and the impact of floods. To achieve the yearly target of Rs. 7,255 billion, the government may need to implement measures including relaxing import restrictions to stimulate the economy.

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With regards to the Company's operations, by making strong efforts to sustain its cost through maximum capacity utilization, cost rationalization, effective procurement strategy, etc., the Company is focused on following its footprint to ensure that maximum wealth can be generated for the well-being of the Company's shareholders. In addition, the sales mix will be altered based on a demand / supply basis to enhance the profit margins.

Further, to increase the overall performance of the value-added segment, the Company in addition to increasing its international customer base is also expanding value-added segment which will help the Company to build synergies, rationalizing the operating costs and consequently having a positive impact on the net margins.

Filling of Casual Vacancy:

During the period, the casual vacancy arising on the Board of Directors was fulfilled by the directors through the appointment of Mr. Imran Yunus as Non-Executive Director of the Company on the Board of Director for the remaining term.

Additionally, the directors appointed Mr. Muhammad Ali Tabba as Chairman of the Board of Directors for the remainder of the term.

Composition of Board

In line with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, the Company ensures representation of Independent and Non-Executive Directors, as well as gender diversity, on its Board. The Board of Directors as at March 31, 2023, consist of:

The total number of Directors are eight including the Chief Executive as a deemed Director as per the following:

	Total number of directors:	
а)	Məle	07
b)	Female	01

The composition of Board is as follows for the remainder term:

	Particulars	No.
9)	Independent Directors	02
b)	Executive Director	01
c)	Other Non-Executive Directors	04
d)	Female Non-Executive Director	01

There is no change in remuneration policy of non-executive directors as disclosed in the Annual Report 2022.

Acknowledgments

The Directors record their appreciation of the performance of the Company's workers, staff, and executives.

For and on behalf of the Board

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman Karachi: April 27, 2023 MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer

Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2023

AS 81 M81 (11 31, 2023		March 31, 2023 (Un-audited)	,
ASSETS	Note	— (Rupees	in '000)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment Biological asset-animals	5	19,287,259 519,115	11,016,751 365,430
Long term advance Long term loans Long term deposits	6	54,045 39,131	46,146 34,742
Long term investments	7	<u>5,617,116</u> <u>25,516,666</u>	4,233,555 15,696,624
Current assets			10,000,01
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments Other receivables Cash and bank balances	8	1,228,781 22,856,786 2,492,197 321,490 31,421 2,211,097 133,739 29,275,511	897,457 18,381,382 3,751,395 534,710 14,943 1,386,756 159,841 25,126,484
TOTAL ASSETS		54,792,177	40,823,108
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Share capital and reserves Authorized 57,500,000 ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each		575,000	575,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Capital reserves Revenue reserves		280,296 137,541 19,859,538	280,296 137,541 17,585,312
TOTAL EQUITY		20,277,375	18,003,149
Non-current liabilities			
Long term finance Retirement benefit obligation Deferred tax liabilities	9	8,840,853 913,261 1,106,342	4,008,570 820,993 756,100
Deferred government grant	10	195,380 11,055,836	186,528 5,772,191
Current Liabilities		70.440.000	0.117.071
Short term borrowings Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Current tax liability Current portion of long term finance Current portion of deferred government grant Accrued mark up	9 10	12,442,260 9,690,827 34,509 4,130 638,192 48,284 600,764 23,458,966	6,117,971 9,798,223 26,392 82,062 763,011 56,327 203,782 17,047,768
TOTAL LIABILITIES		34,514,802	22,819,959
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		54,792,177	40,823,108
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	12		

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer MUHAMMADIMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

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Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss (Un-audited)

For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023

	Nine Mon	ths Ended	Quarter Ended		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Note		(Rupees	s in '000)		
Səles - net	42,753,941	39,773,851	16,648,340	13,269,801	
Cost of sales 13	(38,504,114)	(33,209,209)	(15,797,629)	(11,121,503)	
Gross profit	4,249,827	6,564,642	850,711	2,148,298	
Distribution cost	(664,122)	(1,016,660)	(179,239)	(372,781)	
Administrative expenses	(348,234)	(266,882)	(116,914)	(95,342)	
	(1,012,356)	(1,283,542)	(296,153)	(468,123)	
	3,237,471	5,281,100	554,558	1,680,175	
Finance cost	(1,358,769)	(331,731)	(556,795)	(154,194)	
Other operating expenses	(241,654)	(345,537)	(85,163)	(102,275)	
	1,637,048	4,603,832	(87,400)	1,423,706	
Other income	344,068	165,115	131,687	52,678	
Share of profit from associates	1,796,521	842,197	1,408,212	197,061	
Profit before taxation	3,777,637	5,611,144	1,452,499	1,673,445	
Taxation 14					
Current tax	(621,728)	(645,743)	(205,240)	(220,301)	
Prior year tax	29,151	-	-	-	
Deferred tax (expense) / income	(350,242)	51,196	(232,075)	27,500	
	(942,819)	(594,547)	(437,315)	(192,801)	
Profit for the period	2,834,818	5,016,597	1,015,184	1,480,644	
Earnings per share					
- basic and diluted (Rupees)	101.14	178.97	36.22	52.82	

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Un-audited) For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023

	Nine Month	ns Ended	Quarter E	inded			
	March 31, March 31, 2023 2022		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022			
	(Rupees in '000)						
Profit for the period	2,834,818	5,016,597	1,015,084	1,480,644			
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-			
Total comprehensive income for the period	2,834,818	5,016,597	1,015,084	1,480,644			

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

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Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows (Un-audited)

For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023

FOI	The Nine Months Ended March 31	, 2023		Nine Mont	hs Endad
			-	March 31.	March 31.
				2023	2022
Α.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AC		Note	— (Rupees i	in '000) ——
	Cash generated from operations		15	343,165	2,660,416
	Gratuity paid			(130,391)	(112,702)
	Income taxes paid			(670,509)	(455,498)
	Rebate received Finance cost paid			(961,787)	(308,166)
				(1,762,687)	(666,162)
	Net cash (used) / generated from opera	eting activition	es	(1,419,522)	1,994,254
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING AC	TIVITIES			
	Purchase of property, plant and equ	ipment		(9,181,836)	(1,247,021)
	Purchase of animals Sale proceeds from disposal of prop	octv		(9,876)	-
	plant and equipment	eity,		68,554	39,927
	Sale proceeds from disposal of biolog	icəl əsset - ə	niməls	20,234	7,902
	Loans paid to employees - net Long term deposits given			(4,703) (4,389)	(42,055) (1,163)
	Dividend received			412,960	436,800
	Profit received from bank deposits			12,897	3,655
	Net cash used in investing activities			(8,686,159)	(801,955)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING AC	TIVITIES			
	Long term finance facility obtained			434,363	417,508
	Repayment of long-term finance Term loan obtained			(450,852) 4,924,609	(327,635)
	Repayment of Salary refinance loan			(281,139)	(281,138)
	Temporary economic refinance facil	ity obtained		81,292	385,422
	Dividend Paid		_	(552,475)	(332,380)
	Net cash generated / (used) from final	_		4,155,798	(138,223)
	Net (Decrease) / Increase in cash and cash Cash and cash equivalents at the be	i equivalents (/ ginning	4+B+C)	(5,949,883)	1,054,076
	of the period			(4,615,259)	(3,313,321)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end o	f the period		(10,565,142)	(2,259,245)
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
	Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings			133,739 (10,698,881)	308,594 (2,567,839)
	ener v verm ver ev mige			(10,565,142)	(2,259,245)
	CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCII	IC ACTIVITI	EC		
		ly 01, Financ		ancing Non-	March 31,
		022 cash inflov	1 (cash cash tflows change	2023
			(Rυρ	ees in '000)	
	Loan from financial institutions 5,014				- 9,722,709
	Unclaimed dividend 26	5,392	- (5	52,475) 560,5	92 34,509

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial $\ensuremath{\text{1}}$ statements.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA
Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Condensed Interim Statement of Changes in Equity (Un-audited)

For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023

		Сар	ital Res	erves		Revenue	Reserves		
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital		Amalga- mation reserve	Sub total	General reserve	Amalga mation reserve	priated	- Sub total	Grand total
				(R	upees in	(000)			
Balance as at July 01, 2021	280,296	103,125	34,416	137,541	1,000,000	727,333	10,464,905	12,192,238	12,610,075
Transaction with owners									
Final dividend @ Rs. 12/- per share for									
the year ended June 30, 2021	-		-		-	-	(336,355)	(336,355)	(336,355
Total comprehensive income for the period									
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,016,597	5,016,597	5,016,597
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,016,597	5,016,597	5,016,597
Balance as at March 31, 2022	280,296	103,125	34,416	137,541	1,000,000	727,333	15,145,147	16,872,480	17,290,317
Balance as at July 01, 2022	280,296	103,125	34,416	137,541	1,000,000	727,333	15,857,979	17,585,312	18,003,149
Transaction with owners									
Final dividend @ Rs. 20/- per share for									
the year ended June 30, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	(560,592)	(560,592)	(560,592
Total comprehensive income for the period									
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-		2,834,818	2,834,818	2,834,818
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,834,818	2,834,818	2,834,818
Balance as at March 31, 2023	280,296	103,125	34,416	137,541	1,000,000	727,333	18,132,205	19,859,538	20,277,375

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Un-audited)

For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Gadoon Textile Mills Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on February 23, 1988 as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017) and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The principal activity of the Company is manufacturing and sale of yarn and knitted bedding products and production and sale of milk.

Y.B. Holdings (Private) Limited is the Holding Company of the Company.

Following are the geographical locations and addresses of all business units of the Company:

Head Office:

7-A, Muhammad Ali Society, Abdul Aziz Haji Hashim Tabba Street, Karachi, Province of Sindh, South, Pakistan.

Manufacturing facility:

a) 200-201, Gadoon Amazai Industrial Estate, District Swabi, Province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, North, Pakistan.

b) 57 K.M. on Super Highway (near Karachi), Province of Sindh, South, Pakistan.

Liaison Office:

Office No. 401, 4th Floor, Tri Tower, Opposite Sarhad University, Ring Road, Peshawar, Province of Khyber Pakhtukhwa, North, Pakistan.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1 These condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the nine months ended March 31, 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. In case where requirements differ, the provisions of or directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed. These condensed interim financial statements does not include all the information required for the full financial statements and therefore should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 2.2 These condensed interim financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency and figures presented in these condensed interim financial statements has been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupee.
- 2.3 These condensed interim financial statements are un-audited and all relevant compliance with Companies Act, 2017 has been made accordingly. The comparative statement of financial position presented has been extracted from annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022; the comparative condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of other comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of cash flows and condensed interim statement of changes in equity of the Company have been extracted from the unaudited condensed interim financial statements for the nine months ended March 31, 2022.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these condensed interim financial information are the same as those applied in the preparation of the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgements that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively commencing from the period of revision.

3.2 New / Revised Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

There are certain new and amended standards, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any Material effect on the Company's operations and therefore not detailed in these condensed interim financial statements.

3.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective:

The following standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standards, interpretations Effective from accounting period and amendments beginning on or after:

Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use – Amendments to IAS 16	January 01, 2022
Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract – Amendments to IAS 37	January 01, 2022
IAS 41 Agriculture - Taxation in fair value measurements IFRS 3 - Reference to the Conceptual Framework	January 01, 2022
(Amendments)	January 01, 2022
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition	January 01, 2022
Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to IAS 8	January 01, 2023
Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2	January 01, 2023
Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction Amendments to IAS 12	January 01, 2023
Classification of liabilities as current or non-current - Amendment to IAS 1	January 01, 2023
Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback - Amendements to IFRS 16	January 01, 2024
Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture - Amendment to IFRS	
10 and IAS 28	Not yet finalized
Third Overter	Decest Messh 2022 10

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The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Standards

IASB Effective date(annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 1 - First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

January 01, 2023

IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts

January 01, 2023

The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements and the significant judgements made by the management in applying the accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty are the same as those applied in the preparation of the financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2022.

> June 30, March 31, 2023 2022 (Un-audited) (Audited) — (Rupees in '000) --

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress

12,000,958 7,286,301	
19,287,259	_

10,070,483 946,268 11,016,751

5.1 Details of additions and disposals to operating fixed assets are as under:

		ths Ended 1, 2023	Nine Mont March 3:	
	Additions/ transfers			Disposals at book value
		(Rupee:	s in '000)	
Buildings	110,729	-	379,894	-
Plant and machinery	2,629,563	34,470	844,256	12,277
Power plant	9,483	-	45,000	-
Electric installations	3,607	4,608	15,185	-
Tools and Equipment	780	-	9,389	-
Furniture and fittings	672	-	-	-
Computer equipment	5,028	61	16,329	40
Office equipment and				
installations	4,074	-	5,622	34
Vehicles	77,866		88,641	17,111
	2,841,802	44,345	1,404,316	29,462

5.2 Details of additions and transfers from capital work in progress are as under:

	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023		Nine Months Ended March 31, 2022	
	Additions	Transfers	Additions	Transfers
		(Rupee	s in '000)	
Civil works	1,066,628	110,729	415,884	347,671
Plant and machinery	7,802,282	2,639,046	709,741	888,031
Electric installations	3,607	3,607	15,185	15,185
Tools and Equipment	780	780	4,846	9,389
Vehicles	84,661	77,866	76,042	88,641
Mərk up cəpitəlized	214,103	-	3,372	33,448
	9,172,061	2,832,028	1,225,070	1,382,365
			erch 31, 2023 -audited)	June 30, 2022 (Audited)
ONG TERM ADVANCE		Note _	— (Rupees in '	000) —

6. LONG TERM ADVANCE

7.

- Considered doubtful

Investment in a joint venture - advance Less: Provision against advance

66,667 6.1 66,667 (66,667)(66,667)

> June 30, 2022

March 31,

6.1 This represents first and second tranche of advance for a Joint Venture project amounting to Rs. 4,250 million. The principal activity of the Joint Venture project was acquisition and development of a real estate project in Karachi through a Joint Venture Company. The Company's share in this Joint Venture project is ten percent. Currently, the future of this project is not certain and the recovery of this amount is considered doubtful.

		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
LONG TERM INVESTMENTS		(Rupees	s in '000) ——
Investment in associates			
Lucky Core Industries Limited			
(formerly "ICI Pakistan Limited")	7.1	3,964,814	2,564,380
Lucky Holdings Limited		1,763	581
Yunus Energy Limited		1,650,539	1,668,594
		5,617,116	4,233,555

7.1 Share of profit from Lucky Core Industries Limited includes the impact of a one-time gain, amounting to Rs. 17.15 billion, of which the Company's share is Rs. 1.24 billion, arising from the partial disposal and remeasurement of remaining stake in NutriCo Morinaga (Private) Limited from 51% to 24.5%.

March 31, June 30, 2023 2022 (Un-audited) (Audited) —— (Rupees in '000) ——

8. STOCK IN TRADE

mater	

- in hand
- in transit
- feed

Work in process Finished goods

- yarn
- knitted fabric
- waste
- unprocessed milk

13,121,533	10,174,730
6,734,402	5,118,838
85,925	34,300
19,941,860	15,327,868
797,249	649,453
1,622,484	1,976,680
401,085	332,640
93,547	94,727
561	14
2,117,677	2,404,061
22.856.786	18.381.382

9. LONG TERM FINANCE

Long term finance facility Term Loan Salary refinance scheme	9.1 9.2 9.3	3,725,461 4,924,609 -	3,741,950 - 274,467
Temporary economic refinance facility Less: Current portion of long	9.4	828,975	755,164
term finance		(638,192)	(763,011)
		8,840,853	4,008,570

- 9.1 The Company has entered into a long term finance agreement with commercial banks, with an approved limit of Rs. 12.11 billion (June 30, 2022: Rs. 6.07 billion). The facility carries a mark up ranging from SBP Base Rate + 0.10% to 1.00% payable on a quarterly basis (June 30, 2022: SBP Base Rate + 0.10% to 0.75% payable on a quarterly basis). The tenure of this facility is 10 years including grace period of 2 years.
- 9.2 This represent term loan obtained under the the long term finance facility from various commercial banks having markup ranging from KIBOR + 0.20% to 0.75%.
- 9.3 The Company has entered into a salary refinance scheme agreement with a commercial bank, with an approved limit of Rs. 0.80 billion (June 30, 2022: Rs. 0.80 billion). The facility carries a mark up of SBP Base Rate + 0.40% (June 30, 2022: SBP Base Rate + 0.40%). For this facility, the SBP base rate is 0% as advised by SBP vide circular no. 7 dated April 22, 2020. The tenure of this facility is 2.5 years including grace period of 6 months. The said loan has been settled during the period.

- 9.4 The Company has entered into a temporary economic refinance facility agreement with commercial banks, with an approved limit of Rs. 1.072 billion (June 30, 2022: Rs. 1.19 billion). The facility carries a mark up ranging from SBP Base Rate + 0.50% to 0.75% (June 30, 2022: SBP Base Rate + 0.50% to 0.75%). The tenure of this facility is 10 years including grace period of 2 years.
- 9.5 The above financing agreement is secured by pari passu charge over plant and machinery of the Company.

March 31,	June 30,
2023	2022
(Un-audited)	(Audited)
—— (Rupees in	'000) ——

10. DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANT

11. SHORT

Deferred grant against salary		
refinance scheme	-	6,672
Deferred grant against temporary economic		
refinance facility	243,664	236,183
Less: Current portion of deferred grant	(48,284)	(56,327)
	195,380	186,528

- 10.1 Deferred government grant relates to the difference between the fair value and actual proceed of salary refinance loan obtained under SBP's Refinance scheme for payment of salaries. It is being amortised over the period of two and a half year from the date of loan disbursement with an amount equal to the difference between the finance cost that would have been charged to statement of profit or loss at market rate on the date of disbursement and the interest paid at SBP's defined rate as per the scheme.
- 10.2 Deferred government grant relates to the difference between the fair value and actual proceed of temporary economic refinance facility loan obtained under SBP's refinance scheme. It is being amortised over the period of ten years from the date of loan disbursement with an amount equal to the difference between the finance cost that would have been charged to statement of profit at market rate on the date of disbursement and the interest paid as per the scheme.

		March 31, 2023 (Un-audited)	June 30, 2022 (Audited)
	Note	— (Rupees	in '000) ——-
HORT TERM BORROWINGS			
Banking companies - secured			
lunning finance	11.1	10,198,881	4,775,100

Running finance	11.1	10,198,881	4,775,100
Money Market	11.2	500,000	-
Export refinance	11.3	1,743,379	1,342,871
		12,442,260	6,117,971

- 11.1 Facilities for running finance, import finance, export finance, export refinance and other facilities are available from various commercial banks upto Rs. 38.11 billion (June 30, 2022: Rs. 36.81 billion). For running finance facility, the rates of mark up range between KIBOR + 0.05% to 1.00% per annum (June 30, 2022: KIBOR + 0.05% to 1.00% per annum). These are secured against hypothecation of stock, receivables and plant and machinery.
- 11.2 This represent money market loan obtained under the above limit from various commercial banks having markup ranging from SBP base rate +(-0.79% to 0.10%)
- 11.3 The rate of mark-up on export re finance is SBP base rate + 0.50% to + 1.00% (June 30, 2022: SBP base rate + 0.50% to 1.00%).

12. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

12.1 Contingencies

12.1.1 As at period end, bank guarantees given in favour of the Company by banks in normal course of business amounting to Rs. 2.38 billion (June 30, 2022: Rs. 1.83 billion).

Other contingencies are almost same as disclosed in notes 22.1.1 to 22.1.8 to the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

March 31,	June 30,
2023	2022
(Un-audited)	(Audited)
— (Rupees in	'000) ——

12.1.2 Others

Export bills discounted with recourse	-	195,240
Local bills discounted	407,303	330,574
Post dated cheques in favour of Collector		
of Customs against imports	6,193,390	1,884,666

12.2 Commitments

Letters of credit opened by banks for:		
Plant and machinery	4,646,122	8,112,840
Raw materials	5,423,603	5,094,800
Stores and spares	74,976	90,272

Further, the Company has outstanding contractual commitment under sponsors support agreement, for debt servicing of two loan installments upto Rs. 338 million on behalf of Yunus Energy Limited, an associate.

	Nine Mon	ths End	led	Quarter Ended			
	March 31, 2023	2	ch 31, 022	March 3	3	March 31, 2022	
Note			(Rupees	s in '000)			
13. COST OF SALES							
Opening stock							
- finished goods Cost of goods	2,404,061	1,42	28,476	4,897,12	26	1,540,253	
manufactured 13.1	38,217,730	33,75	58,490	13,018,18	30	11,559,007	
	40,621,791	35,18	36,966	17,915,30	06	13,099,260	
Closing stock - finished goods	(2,117,677)	(1.0	77 757)	(2 1176	77)	(1 077 757	
- Illistieu guuus	38,504,114		77,757) 09,209	(2,117,677)		(1,977,757	
	30,304,114	33,20	33,203	13,737,02		11,121,505	
3.1 Cost of goods manufa	ctured						
Opening stock - work in process	649,453	10	21210	002.002		754.065	
- work in process	049,455	491,318		893,663		754,965	
Raw and packing	30,493,530 26,865,9		25 000	10.101.10	25	0.000.000	
material consumed Other manufacturing	30,493,530			10,161,10	J5	9,293,909	
expenses	7,871,996	7,50	04,739	2,760,66	61	2,613,689	
	38,365,526	34,37	70,728	12,921,76	66	11,907,598	
	39,014,979	34,86	34,862,046 13,815,429		29	12,662,563	
Closing stock - work in process	(797,249)	(1.10	03,556)	6) (797,249)		(1,103,556	
Work in process	38.217.730		58,490 13,018,180			11,559,007	
	30,217,730	33,7	50,450	13,016,160		11,555,007	
L4. TAXATION							
There have been no r	material chann	a in th	a tay c	notionenc	ioc a	e diecloead	
note number 22.1.5 t	to 22.1.8 to the	9000	əl finən	ciəl stəten	nent	s for the ye	
ended June 30, 2022	2.			Nine Month			
			Marc	h 31,	М	larch 31,	
	N	ote		23		2022	
.5. CASH GENERATED FF				(Rupees in	7000)) ——	
UMSH GENERATED FI	COM OPERATIO	UN3 _					
Profit before taxation				3,777,637		5,611,144	
Adjustments for:							
Depreciation			86	63,983		776,930	
Gain on disposal of pro	perty, plant		,,	24 200)		(10.465)	
and equipment Gain arising from changes in fair value of			(,	24,209)		(10,465)	
biological accet		(7)	24 525)		(CE 420)		

15.1

Cash generated from operations

Share of profit from associates

Working capital changes

biological asset - animals

Profit on deposits

Finance cost

Loss on sale of biological asset - animals

Provision for retirement benefit obligation

(194,525) (65,439) 13,183 (3,743) 30,482 (12,648)222,659 177,198 (842,197) (1,796,521) 1,358,769 331,731 (3,882,462) (3,327,926) (3,434,472) (2,950,728) 343,165 2,660,416

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Nine Months Ended				
March 31,	March 31,			
2023	2022			
(Rupees in '000)				

15.1 Working capital changes

Decrease / (increase) in current assets		
Stores, spares and loose tools	(328,324)	(176,393)
Stock in trade	(4,475,404)	(7,951,272)
Trade debts	1,259,198	510,669
Loans and advances	210,024	(1,472)
Trade deposits and short term		
prepayments	(16,478)	16,684
Other receivables	(824,590)	(206,788)
	(4,175,574)	(7,808,572)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		
Export re finance	400,508	1,261,972
Trade and other payables	(107,396)	3,218,674
Working capital changes	(3,882,462)	(3,327,926)

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Details of significant transactions with related parties, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these condensed interim financial statements, are as follows:

Nine Months Ended

Nine Months Ended				
March 31,	March 31,			
2023	2022			
(Rupees in '000)				

a. Related Companies

Name of Related Party	Basis of relationship	% of Share holdin	Nature of Transaction 9		
Y.B.Holdings (Private) Limited	Holding Company	-	Reimbursement of expenses to Company Dividend paid	2,264 389,995	1,257 233,997
Lucky Core Industries Limited (formerly known a	s				
"ICI Pakistan Limited")		7.21%	Purchase of fiber Purchase of silage Purchase of soda Dividend Received	2,754,011 62,074 3,250 166,372	1,001,081 37,940 2,212 266,195
Yunus Energy Limited	Associate	19.98%	Reimbursement of expenses to Company Dividend received	683 244,546	692 168,125
Lucky Holdings Limited	Associate	1%	Dividend received	2,042	2,480
Lucky Cement Limited	Associated Company	-	Purchase of cement Reimbursement of expenses to Company Reimbursement of expenses from Company	130,991 1,108	33,526 1,082 1,742
20 Gədoon Textile Mills Limi	ted				

			_	<u> </u>	line Month	s Ended
			_	March 202		March 31, 2022
Name of Related Party	Basis of relationship	% of Share holdin		_		'000) ——-
Lucky Energy (Private) Limited	Associated Company	-	Purchase of ele		1,240,422	1,056,735
			Reimbursemer expenses to Co Reimbursemer	ompany	2,046	887
Lucky Knits (Private)	Associated		expenses from	Company	273	-
Limited	Company	-	Yarn sold Knitting and D	voino	2,551,194	1,702,799
			charges Purchase of gene	, 0	95,613 39	109,366 130
Lucky Motor Corporation Limited	Associated Company	-	Purchase of ve		36,308	21,321 21
Lucky Textile Mills Limited	Associated Company	-	Yarn sold Sale of fabric Purchase of R	0147	4,402,471	4,545,470 5,343
			Material / Go Processing cha	ods arges	3,076 373	53 29
			Reimbursemer expenses to (Company	4,826	3,637
T' 0 D			Reimbursemer expenses from		y 313	-
Tricom Solar Power (Private) Limited	Associated Company	-	Interest incom subordinated Advance agains	lloan	1,024 8.463	537 360
Yunus Textile Mills Limited	Associated Company	-	Yarn sold Waste sold		223,644	2,245,673 263,998
Yunus Wind Power Limited	Associated Company	-	Interest incom		602	323
Lucky Entertainment (Private) Limited	Associated Company	-	Reimbursemer expenses to Co	nt of	-	800
Benefits to key managem	ent personnel				123,735	101,718

17. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

b)

fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level - 2:

fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level - 3:

fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at March 31, 2023, the Company has no financial instruments that falls into any of the above category except biological assets which are classified in level 2 above.

	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023			Nine Months Ended March 31, 2022				
	Spinning		Unallocate		Spinning (000)		Unallocated	
Segment revenues Export Indirect export	2,155,774		-	6,345,311 15,531,796		3,229,195	-	
Local				20,876,834	13,650,138			14,017,060
Profit before tax	806,947	1,139,421	1,831,269	3,777,637	4,332,752	404,076	874,316	5,611,144
Finance cost	1,279,791	45,729	33,249	1,358,769	301,219	17,951	12,561	331,731
Depreciation	792,477	32,315	39,191	863,983	721,716	17,880	37,334	776,930
		March 3 (Un-au		3			30, 2022 udited)	2
	Spinning			ed Total	Spinning (000)		Unallocated	
Segment assets				(Kupees III	000)			
Property, plant and equipment	14,553,560	567,726 4	4,165,973	19,287,259	9,855,155	426,567	735,029	11,016,751
Other non-current assets	37,712	- 6	6,191,695	6,229,407		-	4,679,873	4,679,873
Current assets	24,068,971	1,190,389 4	4,016,151	29,275,511	20,456,313	1,639,435	3,030,736	25,126,484

19. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Comparative information has been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these condensed interim financial statements, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison and to conform with changes in presentation in the current period.

20. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These condensed interim financial statements have been approved and authorized for issue on April 27, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN
Chief Financial Officer

ڈائر یکٹرزر بورٹ برائے ممبران

معززمميران

کمپتی کے ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے 31 مارچ 2023 کوفتم ہونے والی نوماہ کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ اور غیر آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی وستاویزات آ پکی خدمت میں پیش کی جارہی ہیں۔

بورڈ کے ممبر کا انتقال پُر ملال

آ کی سمبنی ، اسکے ملاز مین ، ورکروں اور یورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے جناب مجمد پینس فیہ (سابق چیئر مین بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز) کے انتقال پُر ملال مؤرند 2 جنور 2023 پرگھرے افسوں کا اظہار کیا جاتا ہے۔

چناب مجر اپنس نبر، بینس برادرز گروپ (وائی بی بی) کے بانی ممبران میں سے تھے اور آپ نے گروپ کوصنعت کاری بفروخت، انظامیہ، مارکیننگ اور مجموعی انظامی شعبوں میں ترقی کی منازل طے کرتے دیکھا۔ آپ نے اپنی مہارت اور منتوع تجربے کی بنیاد پروائی بی بی کواس مقام پر پہنچایا جے مقامی اور مین الاقوامی کاروباری برادریوں میں سراہاجا تا ہے۔

آپ کو حکومت پاکتان کی جانب ہے، سویلین سطح پراعلیٰ ترین اعزاز "ستارہ امتیاز" ہے نوازا گیا۔ مزید برآں آپ کومتاثر کن پیشہ ورانہ کیریئر کے دوران چیم آف کامرس کی جانب ہے گئی ہار "برنس بین آف دی ایئر" ہے بھی نوازا گیا۔ اس نا قابل تلائی انفصان پر دنجیدگی کے ساتھ ہم کہ عزم ہیں کے ان کے نقش قدم پر چلتے ہوئے ان کی میراث کو جاری رکھیں تا کہ اس مقصد کو حاصل کرسکیں جس کا تصور انھوں نے اپنے مرحوم بھائی جناب عبدالرزاق دیتہ کے ساتھ پچپاس سال قبل اس سفر کے آغاز پر کیا تھا۔

جائزه

عالمی سطح پرتمام معیشتیں اس وقت انتہائی غیریقینی صورت حال ہے دو جارہیں جس کی دجہ وقوع پزیر منفی واقعات جیسے روس کے بوکرین پر جملے اور 19-COVID وہائی مرض کے جموعی اثرات ہیں۔ طلب میں کی ،رسد میں تاخیر اوراجناس کی قیمتوں میں ہوشر یااضافے کے باعث بہت کی معیشتوں میں افراط ذر گزشیہ کئی دہایوں کی بلندترین طبح پر بختیج چکا ہے اور وطن عزیز یاکتان ان حالات ہے شکٹی نہیں ہے۔

نظر فانی شدہ رواں مالیاتی عرصے نے وطن عزیز پاکستان کے لئے ہے چیلنجر پیش کئے ہیں جو دیرینہ ساختی کنروریوں اور مہم ہیا ہی صور تعالی کا عکا می کرتے ہیں۔ باوجوداس امر کے کمپنی کی مجموعی فرختگی (بلحاظ قدر) کو 42,75 ارب روپ پر برقر ارر کھنے میں اس ہے اور کھنے میں کا شکار دی، کہنی کی کا شکار دی، کہنی کی کہ بیادی وجہ سوت کی قیمت کا میاب ردی، جس سے گزشتہ مالی سال کے اس عرصے کے مقاطعے میں 7.49 فیصد کا قابل ذکر اضافہ ظاہر ہوتا ہے۔ اس کی بنیادی وجہ سوت کی قیمت فروخت میں اشافہ اور روپ کی قدر میں کی ہے۔

تا ہم فرونتگی کی قدر میں حاصل اضافہ افراط زر کے باعث مہنگے نام مال اور کنور ژن کی لاگت کی نذر ہو گیا اور اس کے علاوہ تو میلی لاگت کے اثرات بھی اس سلسلے میں نمایاں ہیں۔ مزید برآں ، شریک کمپنیز (ایسوی ایٹس) سے حاصل شدہ منافع 113.31 فیصد اضافے کے ساتھ 1.79 ارب کی وجہ کی کورانڈ سٹریز کمیٹرڈ کی جانب سے اپنی ذیلی کمپنی کی جزو می فروخت سے حاصل ہونے والا فائدہ ہے، جس کے باعث کمپنی کو گزشتہ مدت کے 5.02 ارب روپے کے مقابلے میں روان عرصے میں 2.83 ارب روپے کا خالص منافع درج کرنے میں مدد کی۔

معاشي منظرنامه

پاکتان کی معیشت اس وقت گفتے ہوئے غیرملکی زرمبادلہ کے ذخائز ، روپے کی قدر میں تیزی ہے آنے والی کی اور بلندافراط زرکے باعث شدید دباؤ کا شکار ہے جبکہ یہ عدم توازن عالمی سطح پراجناس کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں ، عالمی مالیاتی حالات میں تناؤ ، اور ملکی سطح پر سیاس غیر قیمتی صورتحال سے مزید بڑھ گیا ہے۔ دینز کے مصرف سے مصرف میں معرف و جروف کے داری میں کے داری کے ساتھ کے جرور و مصرف کے دارا کے ساتھ کی ساتھ کے سات

زیرنظر عرصے کے دوران درآ مدی بلز 25.34 فیصد (بلحاظ امر یکی ڈالر) سے کم ہوکر 43.95 ارب امریکی ڈالر رہ گئے ہیں جیکہ گزشتہ مالی سال کے ای عرصے کے دوران درآ مدی بلز 58.86 ارب امریکی ڈالریتے، درآ مدی بلوں میں اس کمی کی بنیا دی وجیخت مالیاتی پالیسی اور بینک دولت پاکستان کی جانب سے درآ مدات میں کی لانے کی تھمت عملی ہے تا کہ وسیح اقتصادی عدم توازن اور سرماییکاری سے تعلق در دبیش چیلنجز سے نمٹا جا سکے۔اسی طرح گزشتہ مالی سال کے مقابلے میں ملکی پر آمدات اور بیرون ملک سے آنے والی ترسیل سیال نے درمیں بھی (جماط امریکی ڈالر) بالتر تیب 9.8 فیصد اور 10.82 فیصد

اس عوصے کے دوران، وطن عزیز پاکستان نے گزشتہ ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں اب تک کی سب سے بلندشرح افراط زر35.37 فیصد درج کی اور مستقبل قریب میں میشرح بلند مطح پر رہنے کی توقع ہے۔ لبندا، افراط زر کی بڑھتی ہوئی شرح کو قابو میں رکھنے اور قیمتوں میں استحکام کو مذظرر کھتے ہوئے، بینک دولت پاکستان کی ایک حالیہ اجلاس میں شرح کو تی (ڈسکاؤنٹ ریٹ) کو 21 فیصد تک بڑھانے کا فیصلہ کیا گیا۔

مقامی ٹیکٹائل صنعت کے لیے مقامی اور عالمی منڈیوں میں خود کہ سنجالنے اور مسابقتی مقام برقر ارر کھنے میں شدید دشواریوں کا سامنا ہے جس کی وجوہات میں ترقی یافتہ معیشتوں میں جاری ست روی بھل کی مدمیں دی جانے والی امداد کی واپسی بقر ضوں کی بڑھتی ہوئی لاگت اور غیر ملکی زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں کی ہے۔

پاکتان کپاس جزز ایسوی ایشن (PCGA) کی اشاعت مؤرخہ 3 اپریل2023 کے مطابق ملک میں موجود جزیز (روئی دھننے کے کارنانے) کو 4.91 ملین کپاس کی گاٹھیں موصول ہوئی ہیں، جبکہ گزشتہ مالی سال ای عرصے کے دوران 7.44 ملین گاٹھیں موصول ہوئی تھیں بھی کہ گاٹھوں کی وصولی میں99۔33 فیصد کی کمی واقع ہوئی ہے، جس کی بنیادی وجہ بارشیں اور تباہ کن سیلاب ہے، جس کے باعث منصرف کمپنی کی ممکنہ برآ مدات اثر انداز ہوئیں بلکہ ٹیکساکل صنعت کی نمو میں بھی رکاوٹ کا ماعث بنی۔

مالیاتی کار کردگ

سمپتی کی نوماہ کی اہم مالیاتی کارکردگی اختتا میہ 31 مارچ 2023 کا تقابلی جائزہ ذیل میں پیش کیا جارہا ہے:

حبائز ه نفع ونقتصان	3023ھارچ	31 ادقى 2022	^{نقع} /نقصان
	.9)	پے ہزاروں میں	شرح فيصد
براه راست برآمدات	6,345,311	9,220,993	(31.19)
بالواسطه برآ مدات	15,531,796	16,535,798	(6.07)
مقامی	20,876,834	14,017,060	48.94
فروخت(صافی)	42,753,941	39,773,851	7.49
غام منافع	4,249,827	6,564,642	(35.26)
لاگت برائے ترمیل	664,122	1,016,660	34.68
انتظامی اخراجات	348,234	266,882	(30.48)
دیگراخراجات برائے کاروباری افعال	241,654	345,537	30.06
تمو بلی لاگت 	1,358,769	331,731	(309.60)
دیگرآ مدن : قد	2,140,589	1,007,312	112.51
منافع قبل از میکس	3,777,637	5,611,144	(32.68)
منافع بعداز ٹیکس منافع بعداز ٹیکس	2,834,818	5,016,597	(43.49)
آمدن فی خصص (روپے)	101.14	178.97	

اگر چہز برنظر عرصے کے دوران فروختگی کی قدر میں گزشتہ ہالی سال کے اس عرصے کے مقابلے میں اضافہ ہو،ا تاہم رواں عرصے میں سوت اور نئی ہوئی بیا دروں کی جموعی فروخت بلحاظ تجم میں کمی واقع ہوئی جس کی بنیا دی وجہ عالمی معیشت میں جاری ست روی ہے۔

گزشتہ مدت کے منتا ملبے میں خام منافع کی شرح میں کی آئی جس کی بنیادی وجہ مہنگا خام مال، توانائی کی لاگت میں اضافہ (گیس کی قیمتوں میں اضافے اور بجلی کی قیمتوں کی مدمیں دی جانے والی امداد کوشتر کرنے کی وجہ ہے) اور کنورژن کی بڑھتی ہوئی لاگت ہے۔ گزشتہ مالی سال کے مقابلے میں زیرنظر عرصے کے دوران عالمی سطح پرتیل کی قیت اور مال برداری کی لاگت میں کی کے ساتھ ساتھ سوت اور بُنائی کی چادروں کی برآمدات میں آنے والی کی جیسی وجوہات کی بناء پر لاگت برائے تربیل مال میں 34.68 فیصد کی کی واقع ہوئی ہے۔علاوہ ازیں، زیرنظر عرصے کے دوران معیشت پر افراط زر کے دیاؤ کے بتیجے میں کمپنی کے انتظامی افراجات میں گزشتہ مالی سال کے مقابلے میں زیرنظر عرصے کے دوران اضافیہ ہوا ہے۔۔

نَتِجًاً، كَمِيتَى كاصافي منافع گزشته مالي سال كاسي عرصے كے مقابلے ميں 43.49 فيصد ہے كم رہا۔

شعبه جات کی کاروباری کارکردگی

زیرنظر عرصے کے دوران بھپتی اپنی مجموعی فرونشکل (بلحاظ قدر) کو ہڑھانے میں کامیاب رہی ، تاہم مجموعی فروخت کے قبم میں کی دیکھی گئی جس کی وجہفرونشکی کے امتزاج میں آنے والی تیدیلی ہے۔ بُنائی کے شعبے کاصافی منافع میں قابل قدراضافہ ہوا کیونکہ گزشتہ مالی سال کے اس عرصے کے مقابلے میں سمپنی کوزیر نظر عرصے کے دوران بہتر قیت فروخت حاصل ہوئی۔ تاہم ، سوت کتائی کے شعبے کاصافی منافع کی کا شکار رہا جس کی وجو ہات مندرج بالاسطور میں بیان کی جاچکی ہیں۔

کارپوریٹ معاشرتی ذمہداری (سیالیسآر)

کمپنی نے ایک پائیدارمعاشر کی تفکیل کوا پناہدف مقرر کیا ہے جس کے حصول کی خاطر کمپنی نے روال عرصے کے دوران کارر پوریٹ معاشرتی ذمہ داری (سی ایس آر) کی بہترین سرگرمیوں پراپنی بجر پورتوجہ مرکوز رکھی۔ ہمارے عملے نے نہایت خوش دلی سے ان سرگرمیوں میں حصد لیا جس سے نہ صرف سمپنی کے نظر پیدا سخکام ملا بلکہ دیا نتداری، مساوات اوراضیار پریٹی ثقافت کو بھی تقویت کی ۔

صنفی مساوات کا حامی ہونے کے تحت، کمپٹی کاغیر متزلزل عزم ہے کہ ایک ایسے جامع پلیٹ فارم کی تکلیل دی جائے جو ہر کسی کے لیے اتنیاز سے پاک ہو۔ خواتین کے عالمی دن کے موقع پر، ہماری ٹیم کی جانب سے "تیزاب کے حملوں" سے چھ جانے والی متاثرہ خواتین کے اعزاز میں ایک خصوصی تقریب کا اہتمام کیا گیا جس کا مقصد خواتین کی ایک منفر دانداز میں حوصلہ افزائی اورانہیں بااختیار بنانے کے ساتھ ساتھ ان کی قدر کے احساس کو اجا گر کرنا اورانہیں معاشرے میں برابری کی حیثیت سے شامل کرنا ہے۔

ایک پائیدامستقبل کے فروغ اور نمو کی خاطر بکپنی نے اپنے عملے کے ساتھ ل کرساحل سمندر پرصفائی کا اجتمام کیا، جس کا مقصد سمندری حیات اور حیاتیاتی تنوع کی اجمیت کے بارے میں آگاہی پیدا کر ماتھا۔ عملے کے سکھتے اور مزید ترتی کرنے کے حوالے سے سرگرمیوں کے تناظر میں ، کمپٹی بطورا میک پیشہ وراندادارے کے پرعزم ہے کہ ملاز مین کو بااختیار بنایا جائے اورانہیں اپنی صلاحیتوں کو زیادہ سے زیادہ بڑھانے کے مواقع فراہم کیے جائیں۔اسی سلسلے میں کی گئی کا وشوں کے تحت ، کمپنی نے رواں مدت کے دوران تربیت اور آگاہی کی نشتوں کا ایک سلسلہ منعقد کیا جن کی تفصیلات ورج ذیل ہیں:

ﷺ پائیدارطریقوں کوفروغ دینے کے لیے بمپنی کے"صحت، حفاظت اور ماحول" (HSE) سے متعلق عملے کی جانب سے ساحلی مقام پر ایک انشرا یکئو آگاہی نشست کا انعقاد کیا گیا جس کا مقصد" پانی اور زمین پر زندگی" جیسے موضوع پر انسانی رویوں میں تبدیلی لائی جا سکے، ساحل سمندر کی اخلاقیات کا نصور اجاگر کیا جائے اور ان مے متعلق" یا کدار ترقی کے مقاصد" (SDG) کی جاہتے کی جائے۔

ا مناسب قیادت کے عالمی معیارات کی پیچان اور آگا ہی فراہم کرنے کے لیے ، کمپتی نے اپنے صدر دفتر میں سینئر انتظامیہ کے لیے لیول-03 لیڈرشپ پرا کیکسیشن کا اہتمام کیا۔

پھ سمپنی کی جانب سے پاکستان سوسائٹی آفٹریڈنگ اینڈ ڈایولپنٹ (پی ایس ٹی ڈی) کے اشتراک بےخصوصاً خواتین عملے کے لئے فلیگ شپ ایونٹ 23-WIBCON کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔ایک روز ہکمل تربیتی نشست میں مرحلہ وارتخلیقی سرگرمیاں شامل تھیں جس سےخواتین کو بااختیار بنانے اور زندگی کے اہداف کو عاصل کرنے کے لیے حوصلہ افز ائی کاعضر شامل تھا۔

مستنقيل يرنظر

حکومت کی جانب سے پالیسیوں بیس بختی،سیلاب کی تناہ کاریوں کے اثرات، درآمدات میس تخفیف اورغیر بیٹنی سیاسی صورتحال کی وجہ سے معاثی بدحالی نے معیشت کا پہیر روک دیا ہے۔مستقبل میں اقتصادی نقطہ نظر کا بہت زیادہ انحصار کمل پالیسی اصلاحات اور بروقت نفاذ پر ہے جس میں خدشات کا تناسب کم سے کم ہو۔

اس حقیقت کے باوجود کدین الاقوامی کریڈٹ رسک ایجنسیوں نے وطن عزیز پاکستان کی قرض واپسی صلاحیت کی درجہ بندی کو کم کر دیا ہے، وطن عزیز پاکستان کواپنے دوست ممالک کی جانب سے امداد سے متعلق مثبت جواب کی قوقع ہے ۔ حکومت پرعزم ہے کہ بین الاقوامی بالیاتی فٹڈ (آئی ایم ایف) کے توسیعی فٹڑ سہولت (ای الیف ایف) پردگرام کو کامیا بی کے ساتھ نافذ کر ہے جس سے ادائیگیوں کے قواز ن میں سہارا ملنے کے ساتھ ساتھ درآمدات پرعائد پابندیوں میں زمی بھی کی جاسکے گی جس کے باعث ندصرف منعظاری کا پہیدرک رک کرچل رہاہے بلکدانتہائی ضروری اشیاء کی قلت پیدا ہور ہی ہے۔

ملکی ٹیکٹائل برآ مدات میں نمایاں کی واقع ہوئی ہے، جوگزشتہ مدت ہے4.24 ارب امریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں 12.4 فیصد کم ہوکرز برنظر عرصے کے دوران 12.48 ارب امریکی ڈالر ہوگئی ہیں۔ کسی بھی ملک کے لیے پائیدار ترقی کے حصول کے لیے ضروری ہے کہ تجارتی خسارے کومؤثر طریقے سے قابو میں رکھا جائے۔ برآ مدات اورزرمبادلہ کے ذفائز کوفروغ دینے اور برآ مدکندگان کو بین الاقوامی سطح پر مسابقت کے قابل بنانے کی کاوشوں کے تحت حکومت کو ٹیکٹائل صنعت سمیت برآ مدات پر بنی شعبوں کو ترجیح دینی ہوگی۔ اس میں خام مال، پر زہ جات اوراضا فی لواز مات کی درآ مد میں سہولت فراہم کرنا اور بجلی کے نزموں کو معقول بنانا شامل ہے۔

ملک کی آمدن کے لحاظ سے اس عرصے کے دوران ایف بی آر کی جانب سے 1,516 ارب روپے جمع کئے گئے جو کہ مقرر شدہ ہدف 460,5 ارب روپے سے 304 ارب روپے کم تھے۔ اس کمی کی بنیاد دی وجو ہات میں درآ مدات میں نمایاں کی ، اقتصاد می سست روی ، بیٹیر ولیم صورتحال جیسے عوامل شامل میں ، جس سے ظاہر ہوتا ہے کے حکومت کا اپنے سالانہ ہدف 7,255 ارب روپے پورا کرنے کے لئے اور معاثی سرگرمیوں میں تیزی کی خاطر درآمدی یا بندیوں میں نری سمیت دیگر افتر امات اٹھانا ہوئیگے۔

جہاں تک کپنی کے آپریشنز کا تعلق ہے، کپنی کی جانب ہے اپنی پیداواری گنجائش کوزیادہ سے زیادہ زیراستعمال لاکر، پیداواری لاگت میں کی لاکراورخریداری کی مؤثر حکمت عملی بنا کر کمپنی اس بات کویٹی بنارہی ہے کہ پیدائش دولت کے مل کومؤثر بنایا جائے تا کہ کمپنی کے حصص داران کی دولت اور فلاح میں اضافہ ممکن ہوسکے۔علاوہ ازیں، فروخت کیلئے پیش کی جانے والی مصوعات کے امتزاج کوطلب ورسد کی بنیاد پر بہتر بنایا جائے گا تا کہ منافع کی شرح کو بڑھایا جا سکے۔ مزید برآن، اپنے صارفین کی تعداد میں اضافہ کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ و بلیوا ٹیڈ ڈشعبے کی مجموعی کارکرد گی کو بڑھانے کیلئے سمپنی کی جانب سے اس سلسلے میں توجہ مرکوز کی جارہ ہی ہے تا کہ کمپنی نہ صرف اپنی پیداواری صلاحیت میں اضافہ کر سکے بلکہ پیداواری الاگت میں بھی کی لا سکے اور نتیجاً اپنے منافع میں اضافہ کر سکے۔

پورڈ کی اسامی پرتعیناتی (Casual Vacancy)

پورڈ پرخالی ہونے والی اسامی کوڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے جناب عمران یونس صاحب کی بحثیت غیرانظامی ڈائر یکٹرنعیناتی کے ذریعے پر کیا گیا جو کہ بقیہ مدت تک بطورڈائر یکٹرجھیا بنی ذمہ داریاں بھا کمیں گے۔

علاوہ ازیں، ڈائریکٹرز کی جانب سے بقیہ مدت کیلئے جناب محملی مٹیہ کوبطور چئیر مین یورڈ تعینات کیا گیا ہے۔

يورڈ کاامتزاج

لٹ کمپنیوں کے تواعد (کو ڈا آف کارپوریٹ گومنس) ریگولیشنر 2019 کے تحت کمپنی کی جانب ہے بورڈ میں غیر جانبداراورغیرانظا می ڈائز یکٹرز کی نمائندگی کونٹی بنایا گیا ہے۔اس کے علاوہ بورڈ میں شفع متنوع نمائندگی کو تھی تینی بنایا گیا ہے۔ بمطابق 301 مارچ 2023 بورڈ ورج ذیل ڈائز یکٹرز پر مشتل ہے:

سکپنی کے یورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز میں ڈائر یکٹرز کی کل تعداد آٹھ ہے بشمول چیف ایگزیکیوٹیو بحثیبت ڈائر یکٹر:

	ڈائز یکٹرز کی تعداد
07	الف) مرد
01	ب) خواتین

بقیدمدت کیلئے بورڈ کاامتراج درج ذیل ہے:

تعداد	تفصيلات
02	الڤ) غير جانبدار ڈائر يکٹرز
01	ب) انتظامی ڈائر یکٹرز
04	ج) دیگرغیرا نظامی ڈائز یکٹرز
01	د)خواتین غیرانتظامی ڈائز یکٹر

علاوہ ازیں، غیرانظامی ڈائریکٹرز کےمشاہرے کی پالیسی میں کوئی تبدیلی نہیں گائی جےسالا ندرپورٹ 2022 میں بیان کیاجا چکا ہے۔

اظهارتشكر

ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے کمپٹی کے ورکروں ،اسٹاف اورا نگزیکٹیوز کی کارکردگی کےمؤثر ہونے کے اعتراف کوریکارڈ کا حصہ بتایاجا تاہے۔

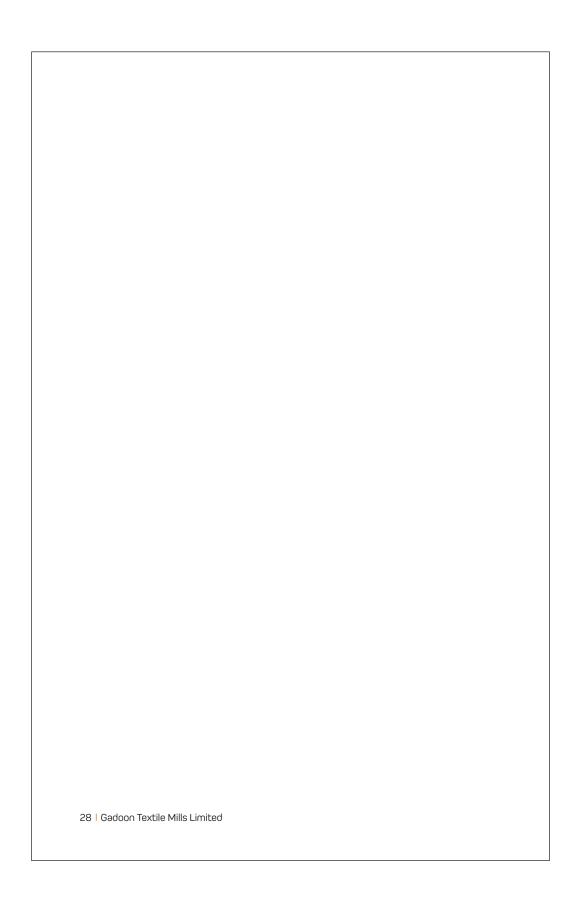
برائے ومنجانب بورڈ

م میسهیل شبه چیف ایگزیکیٹیو آفیسر

کے کہا محمعلی شبہ چیر مین اڈائر کیٹر

كراچى: 27 اپريل،2023

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Gadoon Textile Mills Limited

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