

DISCLOSURE

All forward – looking statements are management's present expectations of future events and are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward – looking statements.

Forward – looking statements should not be relied upon for making investment or other decisions as the statements speak only as of the date they were made

INDEX

•	Economic Highlights
•	Fertilizer Industry
•	Business Highlights & Financial Performance
•	Way Forward
•	Q&A



Macroeconomic conditions continued to worsen in Q2..... characterized by the highest policy rate on record, uncontrollable inflation, declining indigenous gas and a decline in international prices of DAP.



INFLATION & POLICY RATE

- Inflation stands at 29% in June 2023 (SPLY 24%)
- SBP policy rate increased to 22% in June 2023 (SPLY 13.75%)



RUPEE DEVALUATION

- Unstable exchange rate;
- Devaluation by 49%
 (Avg Jan June)
 (PKR 278 vs PKR 186
 in SPLY) resulting in Exchange Losses.



Gas Supply

- Gas supply Jan June 2023 33% lower than SPLY.
- Gas curtailment in Jan

 June 23 reached a
 high of 43% (SPLY
 14%) of the allocation.



GOP Policies

- Non-Incentivization of DAP usage.
- GST cost of manufacturing DAP (Though resolved in Finance Bill 2023-24)

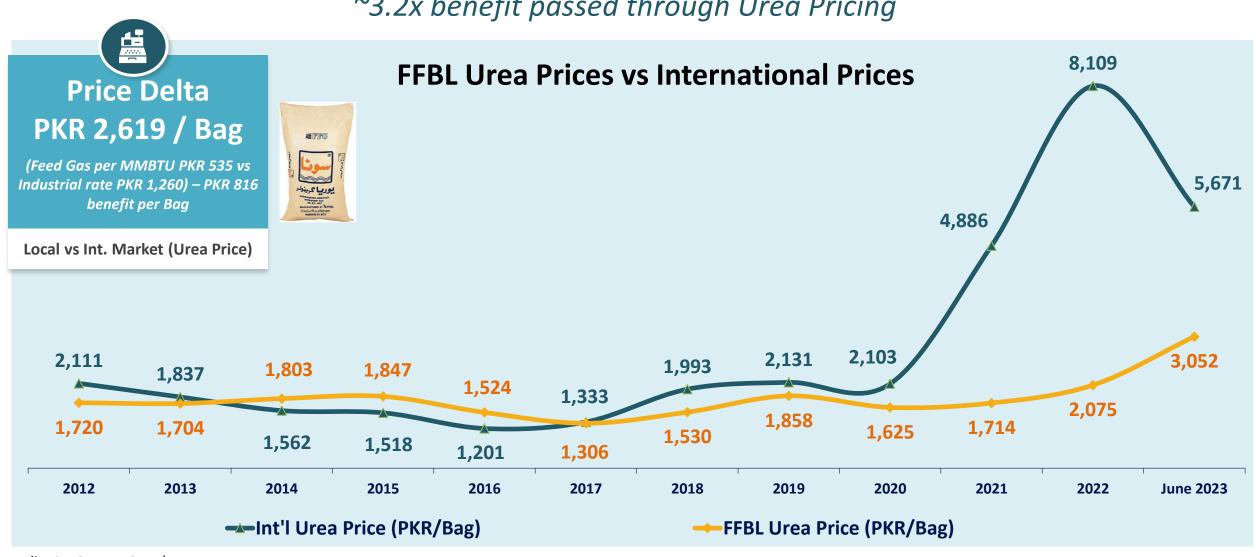
In addition to macroeconomic factors, declining International price of DAP and consequent reduction in DAP Primary Margin (DAP vs Phos. Acid) negatively impacting FFBL



Source: CRU / Argus

Urea Prices

~3.2x benefit passed through Urea Pricing

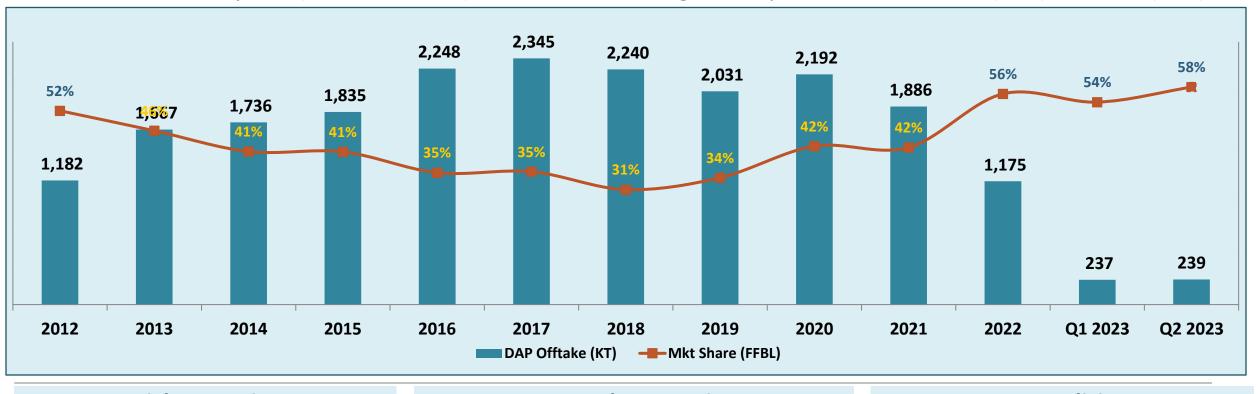


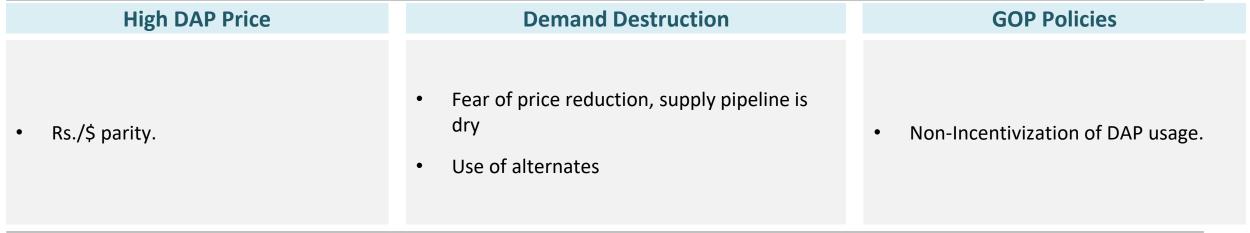
Int'l Price Source: CRU / Argus FFBL Price: Dealer Transfer Price



DAP Market (Jan – Jun 2023)

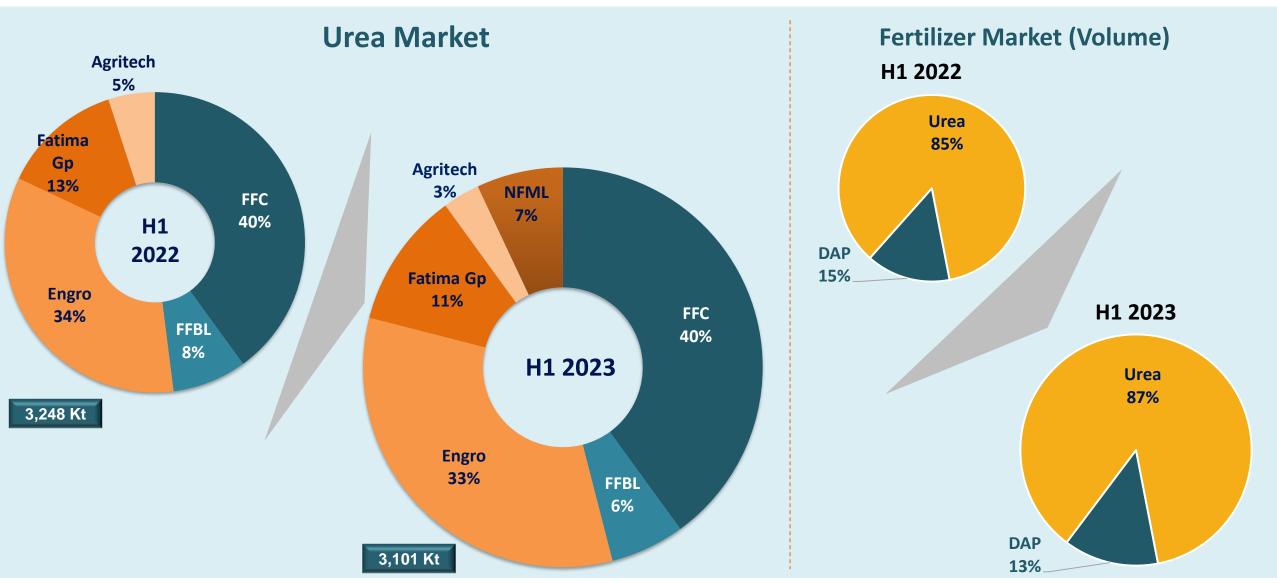
Market declined by 14% (476 KT vs 556KT), however FFBL managed to improve its market share (58%) over SPLY (56%).





Urea Market (Jan – Jun 2023)

Urea Market size shrunk by 5% over SPLY. DAP market (as a %age of the total Fert Mkt) shrunk by 2% over SPLY.





2023 - Challenges

Company continued to face the economic and business headwinds throughout the period



Inflation

Averaging ~33% for H1 2023

12% increase in Cost of production on a YoY basis

52% reduction in GP Margin



Interest Rate

Net Finance cost PKR ~3.6 Bn for H1 2023 (SPLY PKR ~0.5 Bn)



Rupee Devaluation

FOREX loss PKR ~4.7 Bn for H1 2023 (SPLY PKR ~3 Bn)

FFBL reliant on imported raw material (Phos Acid)



Govt. Policies

GST exemption
GST impact H1 2023 PKR
~2.5 Bn

(Post July, DAP has been made subject to GST)

Continuous decline in Gas supply from SSGC

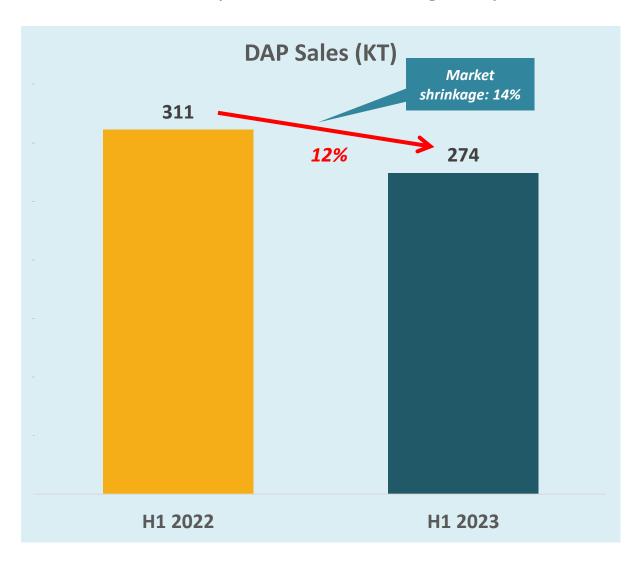


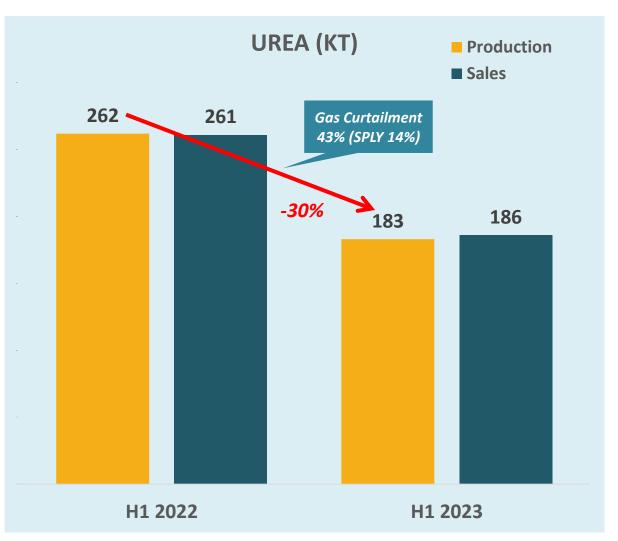
Super Tax

Actively being contested by FFBL (PKR ~1 Bn on FY22 profits)

FFBL Volumetric sales (Jan – Jun 2023)

Despite market shrinkage, improvement in DAP market share to 58% from 56% SPLY

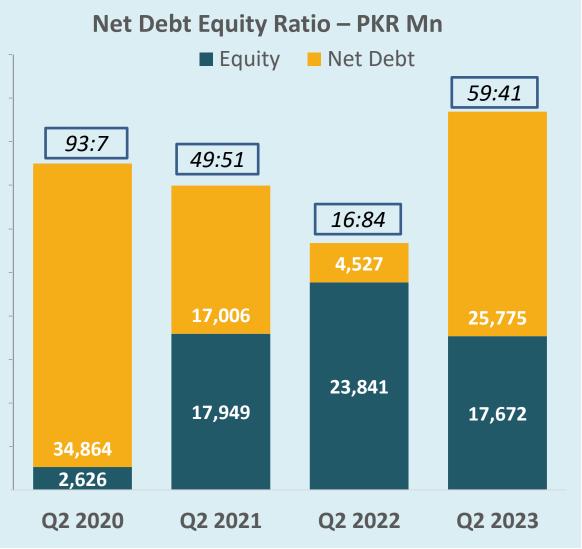




Standalone 2nd highest GP & 3rd highest OP for 2nd Quarter (since 2010).

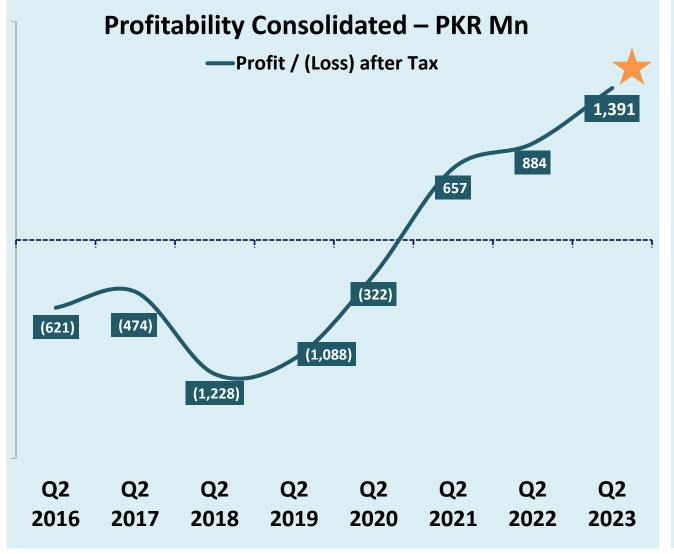
Historic inflation, elevated policy rates, tightening economic policy measures, reducing margins in the international phosphate fertilizer market, reduced dividends from PMP and geo-political tensions impacting FFBL's bottom line.





Consolidated Highest ever profit since inception for 2nd Quarter.

Finance cost and Exchange loss impacted consolidated bottom line. FFL achieved positive bottom line in Q2 for the 1st time since 2015 and FML delivered improved business performance owing to increase in Capacity utilization.





Subsidiaries





Consistently profitable.

Coal mix using local Thar coal.

Currently impacted by technical fault in 2 STGs providing power to FFBL.





EBITDA positive and improvement in Capacity utilization.

Binding conditional offer received from Fauji Foundation for sale of FFBL's entire shareholding in FML.

Approved by FFBL BoD and to be placed before shareholders in EOGM.





105% growth in H1 Topline over SPLY (PKR 9.8 Bn vs 4.8 Bn).

588% growth in H1 GP over SPLY (PKR 1.2 Bn vs 0.2 Bn).

EBITDA positive with 196% growth (PKR 0.45 Bn vs -0.46 Bn SPLY)

88% Reduction in LAT for H1. Profit after Tax for Q2.

Continued focus on value added portfolio. Fueling growth through optimization of distribution network, visibility on secondary sales and COGS reduction.



Farm Economics

Increase in rice, wheat and sugarcane earnings in 2022-23.

	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23*	
Crops	Net Income PKR / Acre			
Wheat	32,882	27,930	88,799 (†218%)	
Cotton	10,030	64,679	30,486 (\$.53%)	
Sugarcane	69,397	26,216	54,475 (108%)	
Rice	25,750	30,561	91,515 (199%)	

Yield assessed as per first pickings of early sown crop and general crop condition. The market rate is assumed as the indicative price announced by GoP.

^{*} Projected based on medium level farmers of irrigated areas. Numbers based on lease lands, whereas landowners earned significantly higher net income

Looking ahead gas unavailability, policy and macro issues will continue to pose challenges



MARKET DYNAMICS

- DAP Price decline in International market likely to negatively impact FFBL margins.
- DAP demand likely to improve owing to improvement in Farm economics.



GOP ENGAGEMENT

- Resolution of GST issue through Finance Act 2023
 (applicable from 01 July 2023). Development to have favorable impact on FFBL's performance. However, settlement of GST refunds pending.
- Engagement with GoP and SSGC for improved gas supply.
- FFBL partnering with GoP on its flagship 'Green Pakistan Initiative (GPI)' to promote balanced use of fertilizers.



