





# JORK WORK

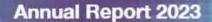
# **Table of Content**

CORPORATE INFORMATION	
Vision and Mission	06
CEO's Message	08
Company Information	09
SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION	
Notice of 19th Annual General Meeting(Eng)	10
Notice of 19th Annual General Meeting(Urdu)	16
Pattern of Shareholding	24
Additional Information	28
Corporate Calendar	29
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS	
Six Years at a Glance	30
Graphical Presentation	31
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	
Review Report to the Members on Statement of	
Compliance with CCG	35
Statement of Compliance with CCG	36
Chairman's Review Report (Eng)	38
Chairman's Review Report (Urdu)	39
Directors' Report to the Members (English)	40
Directors' Report to the Members (Urdu)	47
Report of Directors on the Consolidated	
Financial Statements (English)	55

# Table of Content

Report of Directors on the Consolidated	
Financial Statements (Urdu)	56
Code of Ethics & Business Practices	57
Whistle-Blowing Policy	62
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Unconsolidated Financial Statements	65
Auditors' Report to the Members	
on Unconsolidated Financial Statements	66
Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position	70
Unconsolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Account	71
Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	72
Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	73
Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows	74
Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements	75
Consolidated Financial Statements	107
Auditors' Report to the Members	
on Consolidated Financial Statements	108
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	112
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Account	113
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	114
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	115
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	116
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	117
OTHER INFORMATION	
Investors' Education (Jama Punji)	150
Proxy Form (English)	
Proxy Form (Urdu)	







# CEO'S Message

Dear Shareholders.

Financial year 2023 marks the year we celebrate our resilience and achievements amidst challenging circumstances. Despite the turbulent economic and political landscape that has gripped Pakistan in recent times, I am humbled to share encouraging results of your company's performance. We have witnessed an impressive growth in gross profits by 28 percent, while achieving record breaking 58 percent increase in net profits from last year reflecting the trust our business partners have placed in our brand and the dedication of our workforce.

In 2023, HUM TV not only maintained its position as one of Pakistan's top TV entertainment channels but also rose to become one of the leading News Channels in a short span of time since the launch of HUM News. We are committed to perfecting our content to cater to the everchanging consumer preferences with significant efforts directed towards key foreign markets of Europe and Middle East with an aim to further strengthen our linear viewership share.

The global entertainment industry is undisputedly being shaped by the rise of digital media and over-the-top (OTT) streaming services. In anticipation of this upward trend, we aspire to cater to the unique content preferences of diverse audience segments, positioning ourselves as the premier choice for the digital audience.

HUM Network Limited has recently completed the acquisition of a prominent sports channel, Ten Sports marking a significant milestone in our strategic growth. This strategic move enables us to expand our entertainment network portfolio, creating a well-rounded and comprehensive offering for our valued audience. This acquisition aligns perfectly with our vision to become a one-stop destination for unparalleled entertainment content, reaffirming our commitment to delivering top-notch programming and fostering a deeper connection with our ever-expanding audience base.

Moreover, to honor the hard work and commitment of our employees, we have introduced various employee medical and retirement initiatives which were widely appreciated within and outside alike. In addition to our commitment towards the employees of HNL, we also honor our social responsibilities to create meaningful impact within the communities we serve. During the year we have made generous donations towards improving public education and wellbeing of our fellow Pakistanis.

Lastly, I would like to extend my heartfelt gratitude to each and every one of you for your unyielding support and partnership on this extraordinary Journey.

Mr. Duraid Qureshi Chief Executive Officer

# **Company Information**

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Chairman	Mr. Mazhar-ul-Haq Siddiqui
Directors	Ms. Sultana Siddiqui Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi Mr. Shunaid Qureshi Lt. Gen. (R) Asif Yasin Malik Mr. Sohail Ansar Mrs. Khush Bakht Shulat Mr. Muhammad Ayub Younus Adhi
Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary Head of Internal Audit	Mr. Duraid Qureshi Mr. Muhammad Abbas Hussain Mr. Mohsin Naeem Mr. Kamran Shamshad Ahmed
AUDIT COMMITTEE	
Chairman Members	Mr. Sohail Ansar Mr. Shunaid Qureshi Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi Lt. Gen. (R) Asif Yasin Malik
HUMAN RESOURCE AND REMUNERATION (HR&R) COMMITTE	
Chairperson Members	Mr. Sohail Ansar Ms. Sultana Siddiqui Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi
AUDITORS	M/s. EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants 7th Floor Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road, Karachi
INTERNAL AUDITORS	M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Company Chartered Accountants 1st Floor, Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No.2, Beaumont Road, Karachi
LEGAL ADVISOR	M/s. IJaz Ahmed & Associates No.7, 11th Zamzama Street Phase-V D.H.A. Karachi.
BANKERS	Bank Alfalah Limited Faysal Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan The Bank of Punjab Allied Bank Limited United Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Habib Metropoliton Bank MCB Bank Limited Boston Private Bank & Trust Barclays Bank PLC Dubai Islamic Bank Wells Fargo Bank NRSP Microfinance Bank First Women Bank Silicon Valley Bank
REGISTERED & HEAD OFFICE	Hum TV, Plot No. 10/11, Hassan Ali Street, Off. I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi -74000 UAN: 111 -486-111
REGISTRAR/TRANSFER AGENT	M/s. F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt) Limited 17th Floor, Salma Trade Tower-A, I.I. Chundrigar Road Karachi-74000
WEBSITE	www.humnetwork.tv
PAKISTAN STOCK EXCHANGE LIMITED	HUMNL

# Notice Of The 19th Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 19th Annual General Meeting of HUM Network Limited will be held on Thursday, October 19, 2023 at 3:00 p.m. at Ground Floor, BRR Tower, Hassan Ali Street, Off. I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi as well as through video conference facility to transact the following businesses: -

#### **Ordinary Business:**

- 1- To confirm the minutes of the 18th Annual General Meeting held on October 25, 2022.
- 2- To receive, consider and adopt Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company together with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon for the year ended June 30, 2023 together with the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and the Auditors' Report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 3- To appoint Auditors of the Company for the financial year ending June 30, 2024 and to fix their remuneration. The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Audit Committee of the Company, has proposed the name of retiring auditors M/s. EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants, for their appointment as external auditors for the year ending June 30, 2024.

#### Special Business:

4- To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolutions to enable the Company to circulate the Annual Audited Financial Statements, to the members of the Company through QR enabled code and weblink, as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") vide its Notification S.R.O. 389 (1)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, instead of circulating the same through CD/DVD/USB.

RESOLVED THAT, the Company be and is hereby authorized to circulate its Annual Audited Financial Statements and reports, to the members of the Company through QR enabled code and weblink, in accordance with S.R.O. 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, issued by the SECP.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, the Company be and is hereby authorized to discontinue the circulation of annual financial statements through CD/DVD.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, the Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all acts, deeds and things, take or cause to be taken all necessary action to comply with all legal formalities and requirements and file necessary documents, as may be necessary or incidental for the purpose of implementing this resolution.

#### Any Other Business:

5- To transact any other business with the permission of the chair.

Statement under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017 in respect of special business contained in Agenda Item Number 4 is annexed to the notice being sent to the members.

By Order of the Board Sd/-

Mohsin Naeem Company Secretary

Dated: September 28, 2023 Place: Karachi

#### Notes:

#### 1. Notice of Book Closure:

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 12, 2023 to October 19, 2023 (both days inclusive). Transfer received in order by our Share Registrar, M/s. F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt) Limited. 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower-A, I.I. Chundrigar Road Karachi-74000 at the close of business on October 11, 2023 will be considered in time for any entitlement, as recommended by the Board of Directors and for the purpose of attending the AGM.

#### 2. Participation in AGM through electronic means

- The Company has made arrangement to provide video-link facility to members who wish to participation in the AGM through electronic means.
- ii) To attend the AGM through video-link, Members are requested to register their following particulars by sending an email at Mohsin.naeem@hum.tv with subject 'Video-Link Registration for HUM AGM scheduled on October 19, 2023', along with valid copy of CNIC (both sides) or passport as may be applicable.

Name of Member (s)	Folio / CDC Account Number/ CDC Participant ID	Number of Shares Held	CNIC/ Passport Number	Cell/Mobile Number	Email ID

- iii) The Video link and login credentials will be shared with the Members whose emails, containing all the required particulars as mentioned, are received at the given email address before the close of business hours i.e., 05:00 p.m. on October 11, 2023.
- iv) For any queries, the Members may please contact at the aforesaid email.

#### Appointment of Proxies and Attending AGM:

- A member eligible to attend, speak and vote at the Meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend, and vote instead of him/her.
- ii) A blank instrument of proxy applicable for the meeting is being provided with the notice sent to members. Further copies of the instrument of proxy may be obtained from the registered office of the Company during normal office hours or can be downloaded from the Company's website.
- iii) A duly completed instrument of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any), under which it is signed or a notarized certified copy of such power or authority must, to be valid, be deposited at the registered office not less than 48 working day hours before the time of the meeting. Attested copies of valid CNIC or the passport of the member and the Proxy shall be furnished with the Proxy Form.
- iv) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' Resolution / Power of Attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted with proxy form.
- v) The owners of the physical shares and the shares registered in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd. (CDC) and / or their proxies are required to produce their original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or Passport (in case of foreign nationals) for identification purpose at the time of attending the meeting.
- CDC account holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1, dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
- vii) In case of attending meeting by proxy through electronic means i.e., video-link facility, Cell Number and Email Id of proxy, shall be provided on the duly signed proxy form.

#### A. For Attending the Meeting:

- (i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/ or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his identity by showing his original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC), or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- (ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) the time of the meeting.

#### B. For Appointing Proxies:

- (i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and / or the person whose securities are in group account, and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirements.
- (ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- (iii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- (iv) The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of meeting.
- (v) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

## 4. Video-Conferencing Facility for attending AGM

If members holding ten percent of the total paid up capital, are resident in any other city, the company shall provide the facility of video-conferencing to such members for attending annual general meeting of the company, if so, required by such members in writing to the company at least seven days (7) before the date of the meeting.

The Company will intimate members regarding venue of conference facility at least 5 days before the date of general meeting along with complete information necessary to enable them to access such facility.

I/We,	of	, being a member of Hum Netw	ork
Limited, holder of	ordina	ry share (s) as per Register Folio/CDC Acco	unt
No her	reby opt for video confe	erence facility at,	for
participation at the Ar	nnual General Meeting to b	e held on October 19, 2023 or any adjournm	ent
thereof			

#### Change in Members Addresses:

Members are requested to notify any changes in their addresses immediately to the Share Registrar M/s. F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt) Limited. 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower-A, I.I. Chundrigar Road Karachi-74000.

#### Submission of Copies of Valid CNICs/NTN:

Members are requested to submit a copy of their valid CNICs/NTN Certificates along with the folio numbers to the Company's Share Registrar, if not already provided, otherwise payment of dividend would be withheld in terms of section 243 of the Companies Act, 2017 ('the Act') and clause 6 of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations").

## 7. Availability of Financial Statements and Reports on the Website:

The Annual Report of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2023 has been placed on the Company's website at the below link: http://www.humnetwork.tv/Annual\_Financial\_Reports.html

## 8. Circulation of Annual Report 2023 and Notice of AGM

The Annual Report 2023 and notice of AGM is being circulated to members through CDs/DVDs.

In pursuance of SRO No. 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, in future members will access and download the audited financial statements together with the reports through QR enabled code and the weblink shared through notice of the meeting.

The Company will provide hard copy of the Annual Report to any member, within 7 days after the receipt of request by Company under Section 235 of the Companies Act. 2017.

#### 9. E-Dividend Mandate (Mandatory)

Under section 242 of Companies Act, 2017(Act), every listed company is required to pay dividend if any to their members compulsorily through electronic mode by directly crediting the same in their bank account provided by them. In terms of SRO No. 1145(I)/2017 dated 06 November 2017, it is mandatory for shareholders to provide their bank account details to receive their cash dividend directly into their bank accounts, failing which the company shall be bound to withhold dividend of those members who do not provide their bank details.

All members are required to provide to the Company's Share Registrar, particulars relating to name, folio number, bank account number (24-digit IBAN), title of account, complete mailing address of the bank. CDC account holders should submit their request directly to their broker (participant)/CDC. A Form is available at the Registered Office of the Company and the same are also placed on the Company's website.

#### 10. Unclaimed Dividend / Shares

Pursuant to Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, any shares issued or dividend declared by the company, which remain unclaimed or unpaid for a period of three years from the date it became due and payable shall vest with the Federal Government after compliance of procedures prescribed under the Companies Act, 2017.

All valued members of the Company, who by any reason, could not claim their dividend/shares, if any, are requested to contact Company's Share Registrar, to file their claims with Company's Share Registrar for any unclaimed dividend or shares outstanding in their name.

In compliance with Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, after having completed the stipulated procedure, all such dividend outstanding for a period of 3 years or more from the date due and payable shall be deposited to the Federal Government in case of unclaimed dividend and in case of shares, shall be delivered to the SECP.

#### 11. Conversion of physical shares into book-entry form

Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 every existing company shall be required to replace its physical shares with book-entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by the Commission, within a period not exceeding four years from the commencement of the Companies Act, 2017.

The shareholders having physical shares are encouraged to convert their physical shares into book-entry form by depositing shares into Central Depository Company Pakistan Limited by opening CDC sub-account with any broker or investor accounts directly with CDC.

## Confirmation of "Filer" Status for Income Tax Withholding on cash dividend

For cash dividend, the rates of deduction of income tax, under section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 are as follows:

a. Rate of tax deduction for filer of income tax returns	15%
b. Rate of tax deduction for non-filer of income tax returns	30%

In case of Joint account, each holder is to be treated individually as either a filer or non-filer and tax will be deducted on the basis of shareholding of each Joint holder as may be notified by the shareholder, in writing to the Company / Share Registrar. If no notification is received, each Joint holder shall be assumed to have an equal number of shares.

The CNIC number / NTN detail is now mandatory and is required for checking the tax status as per the Active Taxpayers List (ATL) issued by the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) from time to time.

#### 13. Exemption from deduction of income tax / zakat

Members seeking exemption from deduction of income tax or are eligible for deduction at a reduced rate are requested to submit a valid tax withholding exemption certificate or necessary documentary evidence for this purpose. Members desiring non-deduction of zakat are also requested to submit a valid declaration for non-deduction of zakat. CDC account holders are requested to submit their declaration for non-deduction of zakat to the relevant member stock exchange or to CDC if maintaining CDC investor account.

#### 14. E-voting and Postal Ballot

Pursuant to amendments in the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018, notified vide SRO 2192(I)/2022 dated December 5, 2022, members will be allowed to exercise their right to vote for the special business in the AGM, in accordance with the provisions the aforesaid regulations.

#### A. Procedure for e-voting

- Details of the e-voting facility will be shared through an e-mail with those members of the Company who have their valid CNIC numbers, cell numbers, and e-mail addresses available in the register of members of the Company by the close of business on October 11, 2023
- The web address, login details, and password, will be communicated to members via email. The security codes will be communicated to members through SMS from the web portal of CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (being the e-voting service provider).
- Identity of the Members intending to cast vote through e-voting shall be authenticated through electronic signature or authentication for login.
- E-Voting lines will start from October 16, 2023, 09:00 a.m. and shall close on October 18, 2023 at 5:00 P.M.
- Members can cast their votes any time during this period. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by a Member, he / she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

#### B. Procedure for voting through postal ballot

The members shall ensure that duly filled and signed ballot paper, along with copy of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC), should reach the Chairman of the meeting through post on the Company's registered address at HUM TV, Plot No. 10/11, Hassan Ali Street, Off. I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi – 74000 or e-mail at Mohsin.naeem@hum.tv no later than one day before the AGM on October 18, 2023, during working hours. The signature on the ballot paper shall match the signature on CNIC. The postal ballot is annexed with notice and also placed on the Company's website, https://www.humnetwork.tv/Shareholder may also use the ballot paper published in the newspapers.

# STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS PERTAINING TO SPECIAL BUSINESS UNDER SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

# AGENDA NO. 4 CIRCULATION OF ANNUAL REPORTS THROUGH QR ENABLED CODE AND WEBLINK

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide SRO No. 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, has allowed listed companies to circulate their Annual Audited Financial Statements and reports (Annual Reports) to members under section 223(6) of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) through QR enabled code and weblink subject to approval of the members in general meeting and compliance with other requirements regarding circulation of notice of general meeting at the registered address of all members, transmission of Annual Reports by email to all those members who have provided their email addresses and provision of a hard copy of the Annual Report within one week of receiving any demand from a member on the standard request form available on the company's website.

The approval is hereby sought from members by way of an ordinary resolution to authorize the company for the circulation of Annual Audited Financial Statements and Reports electronically through QR enabled code and web link.

The directors of the Company have no direct or indirect interest in this agenda.

#### POSTAL BALLOT PAPER

For poll/voting through post for the Special Business at the Annual General Meeting to be held on Thursday, October 19, 2023 at 3:00 p.m. at Ground Floor, BRR Tower, Hassan Ali Street, Off. I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi

Folio /CDS Account Number	
Name of Shareholder / Proxy Holder	
Registered Address	
Number of Shares Held	
CNIC / Passport No. (in case of foreigner) (Copy to be attached)	
Additional information and enclosures (in case of representative of body corporate, corporation, and federal Government)	
Name of Authorized Signatory	
CNIC / Passport No. (in case of foreigner) (Copy to be attached)	

#### Resolution for Agenda No. 4:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolutions to enable the Company to circulate the Annual Audited Financial Statements, to the members of the Company through QR enabled code and weblink, as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") vide its Notification S.R.O. 389 (1)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, instead of circulating the same through CD/DVD/USB.

RESOLVED THAT, the Company be and is hereby authorized to circulate its Annual Audited Financial Statements and reports, to the members of the Company through QR enabled code and weblink, in accordance with S.R.O. 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, issued by the SECP.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, the Company be and is hereby authorized to discontinue the circulation of annual financial statements through CD/DVD.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, the Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all acts, deeds and things, take or cause to be taken all necessary action to comply with all legal formalities and requirements and file necessary documents, as may be necessary or incidental for the purpose of implementing this resolution.

#### Instruction for Poll

- 1. Please indicate your Vote by ticking ( ) the relevant box.
- In case if both the boxes are marked as (√), your poll shall be treated as "Rejected".

I/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the above resolution through ballot b conveying my/our assent or dissent to the resolution by placing tick (</) mark in the appropriate box below

Resolution	I / We assent the Resolution (FOR)	I / We assent the Resolution (AGAINST)
Resolution for Agenda No. 4		

#### NOTES:

- Duly filled ballot paper should be sent to the Chairman at registered office of the Company, HUM TV, Plot No. 10/11, Hassan Ali Street, Off. I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi – 74000 or e-mail at Mohsin.naeem@hum.tv
- 2. Copy of CNIC / Passport (in case of foreigner) should be enclosed with the postal ballot form.
- Ballot paper should reach the Chairman within business hours by or before October 18, 2023. Any postal ballot received after this date, will not be considered for voting.
- 4. Signature on ballot paper should match with signature on CNIC / Passport.
- 5. Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, over written poll paper will be rejected.
- 6. In case of representative of a body corporate, corporation or Federal Government, the Ballot Paper Form must be accompanied by a copy of the CNIC of an authorized person, an attested copy of Board Resolution, Power of Attorney, Authorization Letter etc. in accordance with Section(s) 138 or 139 of the Companies Act, 2017 as applicable. In case of foreign body corporate etc. all documents must be attested by the Counsel General of Pakistan having jurisdiction over the member. Ballot Paper form has also been placed on the website of the company at https://www.humnetwork.tv/

Shareholder / Proxy ho	older !	Signature /	Authorized	Signatory
(in case of corporate e	ntity,	please affix	Company	/ Stamp)

Danker.		

# ١٩ ويسالانه جزل ميثنگ كانوش

ہم نمیے ورک کمبینڈ کی 9اویں سالاند جزل میٹنگ کاانعقاو پر وز جعزات 19 اکتوبر ۲۰۱۳ء کو بوقت ۴۰:۰۰ بیجیشام ہمقام گراؤ تڈفلور، لی آر آرٹاور جسن علی اسٹریٹ، آئی آئی چندر میگرروڈ ، دکراچی پر ہوگا جس میں ویڈ یوکا تونس کی مہولت کے ذریعے ورخ ڈیل معاملات پر بات چیت ہوگی:

## عارضي كاروبار:

- ا ۔ ۱۲۵ کتو بر۲۴ مع محمد عقد ۱۸ وین سالانہ جزل میشنگ کی روداد کی تصدیق کرنا۔
- ۳۔ سالان آڈٹ شدہ کمپٹی کے مالیاتی حسابات بمع ڈائر یکٹرزاور آڈ بٹرزر پورٹ کی دصولی اور منظوری کرنا جو کہ ۳۰ جون ۳۰ میری کوشتم ہونے والے مالیاتی سال کے لئے ہے اس کے علاوہ کمپٹی کے مالیاتی حسابات آڈٹ شدہ اور ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۳ء کے لئے آڈ بٹرز کی رپورٹ شامل ہے۔
- ۔ ۳۰ جون ۲۰۰۳ موٹے والے مالیاتی سال کے لئے کپٹی کے آ ڈیٹرز کا تقرر کرنا اوران کی تھڑا د کا تعین کرنا مہیٹی کی اڈٹ کیٹی کی سفارش پر بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز نے ریٹا کر ہونے والے آ آڈیٹرزمیسرزای وائی فورڈ رھوڈ زمپارٹرڈ اکا دُٹلیٹس کی ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۷ء کوشتم ہوئے والے مالیاتی سال کے لئے بطورا بکشٹر ان ڈیٹرز دوبار مقترری کے لئے نام جو یز کیا ہے۔

## خصوصی کاروبار:

میخی کواپنے سالان آن ف شدہ مالیاتی کوشوارے اپنے ممبران کو کیوآ رکوڈاور دیب لنگ کا استعال کرتے ہوئے فراہم کرنے کی اجازت دیتا جیسا کہ سکتے دشیز اینڈ ایجیجی کمیشن آف یا کستان (ایس ای کی پی) نے ایس آراد تبر ۲۰۲۳/(۱)/۲۰۲۳ مورجه ۲۳ ماری ۱۳۳۳ می گفت اجازت دی ہے، غود کرنا اور اگر مناسب سمجھا جائے تو ترمیم یا بغیر ترمیم ورج از بل قرار داووں کے طور پرمنظور کرنا۔

'' طے پایا ہے کہ کپنی کو بیا ختیار حاصل ہے کہ وہ سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکیجی کمیشن آف پاکستان (ایس ای بی پی) کے ایس آراونبر۲۸۹(۱)/۲۰۲۳ مورصا ۲ مارچ ۲۰۲۳ء کے تحت کپنی کے ممبران کویڈر اید QR فعال کوڈا درویب لنگ اپنے سالانہ مالیاتی گوشوار دل کی قراہم کرسکتی ہے۔'' مزید ہے کیا گیا کہ، کپنی می ڈی/ ڈی وی ڈی کے ذریعے سالانہ مالیاتی گوشوارول کی فراہمی کویند کرنے کی مجاز ڈیوگی۔

حزید طے پایا کہ کپنی کے چیف انگز کیٹو، پیف فنانشل آبیسر ہیا کپنی سیکرٹری افٹر اوی طور پرتمام ضروری افتر امات اٹھال اور امور کوانجام وینے ، اور تمام قانونی تفاضوں کی قلیل کے لیے اور اس قرار داد کو عملی جاسے پہنا نے کے مقصد کے لیے ضروری وستا ویزات ، جبیبا کہ ضروری یا افقاتی ہو، فاکل کرنا تمام مطلوبیا قند امات اٹھانے یا شروع کرنے کے لیے بچاڑ ہیں۔

# ويكركاروبار:

۵\_ ویگرامور به اجازت چیئر بین انجام دینا۔

کمپنیزا یکٹ کا بیاء کے سیکشن (۳) ۱۳۳۱ کے تحت خصوصی قرارواد ہے متعلق میان کمپنی کے مبران کوارسال کئے گئے نوٹس کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

جنگم بورؤ مح**ت هیم** سمچنی سیکریزی

کراچی مورند: ۸۸ تتبر <u>۲۰۲۳</u> ه



# ا۔ کھالوں کی کلوزیک کا نوش:

سمینی کےشیئر فرانسفر بکس۱۱ کتوبر۳۳ ہے۔ ۱۹ اکتوبر۳۳ میرا دونوں دن اشتناء) بندرے گی بیرانسفر جمارے شیئر رجنٹرار، میسرزایف ڈی رجنٹرار مروسز (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ، کا دیں منزل، صائنہ ٹریکہ ٹاوراے، آئی آئی چندر بگرروؤ، کراچی \*\*\* کے بی ۱۱ کتوبر۳۰ سرکاروفت ختم ہونے تک وصول ہونے پرمیٹنگ بیں شرکت کے لئے موثر ہوگا۔

# ۲۔ سالانہ جزل میٹنگ میں شرکت کیلئے میٹنگ اور ویٹر یولنک کے انتظام کا مقام:

- (1) سیختی نے ان ممیران کوویڈ یولنگ کی سجولت فراہم کرنے کا انتظام کیا ہے جوالیکٹرا تک درائع ہے سالانہ جزل میلنگ بیں شرکت کر ناجا ہے جی
- (۲) ویڈیونک کے ذریعے غیر معمولی جزل میٹنگ بیں شرکت کیلیے ممبران ہے گز ارش کی جاتی ہے کہ دو''ہم اے جی ایم ۱۹ اکتوبر سیع میں میں کی جنوان کے ساتھ mohsin.naeem@hum.tv پرائی میں کئی کراپٹی مندرجہ ذیل تفصیلات درج کراکیں۔

ائ شل آفادی	سل/مه بأل فون فمبر	شاختی کارڈ/پاسپورے قبر	فولیوای ڈی می اکاؤنٹ نبرلی ڈی می نثراکق آئی	V5 00
			٤ي	

- (۳) ویڈ بولنک اور لاگ ان کی سبولت ان ممبران کے ساتھ شیئر کی جا کیس گی جن کے ای میلومطلوبہ تمام تفصیلات پر ششتل ہوں گی اور سورعدااء اکتو بر ۲۰۲۳ م کو کار و باری اوقات کار کے اعتقام یے تبل شام ۵۰۰ کا بچتک و بیے گئے ای میل ایڈرلیس پر موصول ہوگئی۔
  - کمی بھی معلومات کیلئے عمیران ترکورہ بالاای ٹیل پر رابط کر کئے ہیں۔

# ۳- پراکسیز کاتقرراورمیٹنگ میں حاضری:

- (1) میننگ بین شرکت کرنے اور دوٹ ڈالنے کا اہل تمبر کسی دوسرے مبر کواپنے پرائسی کے طور پرتقر رکز سکتا ہے اور دواس کی جانب ہے ووٹ ڈال سکتا / سکتی ہے۔
- (۲) اراکین کو بھیجے گئے نوٹس سے ساتھ میلنگ کیلئے پراکسی کا لیک خالی نمونہ فراہم کیا جار باہے۔ پراکسی سے نمونے کی مزید کا پیاں عام وفتری اوقات بیس کیپنی سے رہٹر ار آفس سے حاصل کی عاسکتی ہیں۔
- (٣) پرائسی کامنا سے طریقے سے کمل شدہ نمونہ اور پاورا قدامار تی اور گیا تھار تی (اگر کوئی ہو)، جس کے تحت اس پر و پیخنا ہوں یا اس طرح کی پاوریا اتھار ٹی کی ایک ٹوٹرا تز و تصدیق شدہ کا پیا میننگ سے پہلے ۴۸ کھنٹوں سے کم وقت میں اوقات کار کے دوران رجسٹرارا قس میں جن کروانا ہوگی میمراور پرائسی کے فعال شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ کا بیاں پرائسی فارم کے ساتھ ہوڑتی کی جائیں گی۔
  - (4) کارپوریث کی صورت ش بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹر کی تر ارداؤ یا درآف اٹارٹی بعدو تخط کے خونے والے پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ جع کردائی جائے گا۔
- (۵) فزیکل ثینتر زاورو وثینتر زجوکسینشرل قریاز ترکی کمپنی آف پاکستان لمینله (سی قری کا) یاان کے پراکسیز سے گئے ضروری ہے کدوہ اسپنے اصل شناختی کار قریا پاسپورٹ (غیر مکلی ہوئے کی صورت میں) میننگ میں شرکت کے وقت شناخت کی غرض ہے پیش کرنا ہوگا۔
  - (٦) ى ۋى ي ا كاۋنت بوللەرز كۈيكىيور ئىز ايندا الىمىچى ئىيىش آف ياكستان كے جارى كروه مركلۇنېرا، مورىد ٣٦ جنورى موسياء كى درج ۋىلى بدايات يرمز يدكمل كرناموگا-

# (اے) مینگ میں حاضری کیلئے:

- (۱) افراد کی صورت میں ۱۰ کا وَتِف ہولڈریا سب اکا وَتِف ہولڈراور ایادہ فخض جس کی سیکیو رشیز گروپ اکا وَتِف میں جیں اوران کی رجسٹریشن کی تفصیلات شاملے کے مطابق اپ اوؤ کی جاتی ہیں ، وومیٹنگ میں شرکت کے وقت اپنااصل کیپیوٹر انز ڈ تو می شاختی کار ڈ (سی این آئی سی )یااصل پاسپیورٹ دکھا کرا چی شاخت کی تقد بین کرائے گا۔
  - (+) کاربودیث کی صورت میں ، بورڈ آف ڈائر کی قرارداداً پاورآف اٹارتی بمعدد سخفائمون (جب تک کساس کی جانب نے فراہم نہ کیا گیا ہو) میڈنگ کے وقت پٹی کیا جائے گا۔

# (ب) يراكسير كي تقرري كيلية:

- (۱) افراه کی صورت میں ،اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریا ہے اکاؤنٹ بولڈراور/یاو (مجنس جس کی سیکیورٹیز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہیں ،اوران کی رجنزیشن کی تنصیلات ضا بلطے کے مطابق اپ لوڈ کی جاتی ہیں ، مندرجہ بالاخروریات کے مطابق پراکسی فارم جمع کروا کیل۔
  - (+) يراكى فارم يردد كوابان كى جانب سد وتخط بوسك جن كنام، ينا اورشاختى كارؤ نبرز كافارم يرذكر كياجات كا-
  - (٣) ياكمى كى جانب سے نامروكرد وافراد كے شاختى كار ذيايا سپورث كى تصديق شده كايياں پراكى قارم كے ساتھ پيش كى جائيں گ
    - (٣) يراكى مينتك كروتت اينااصل قوى شاختى كارؤياصل يا يودت ويش كرے گا۔
- (۵) کارپوریٹ کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرز کی قرار داو کیاور آف اٹار نی کے ساتھ دستی انہوں درجب تک کداس کی جانب سے فراہم ندکیا گیا ہو) پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ کہنی میں جس کر وایا حاسے گا۔
- (۲) پراکسی کی جانب سے الیکٹرا تک ذرائع سے میٹنگ میں شرکت کی صورت میں ،ویڈیولٹک کی سوات ، بیل نمبرادر پراکسی کا ای میل آئی ڈی ،سیج طریقے سے دستخط شدہ پراکسی قارم پر فراہم کیا جائے گا۔

# ٣- سالانه جزل ميننگ مين شركت كيليخ ويد يوكانفرنس كي سهوات:

اگرممبران پیڈاپکیٹیٹل کے دن فیصد کے حال ہیں،ادر کسی دوسرے شہریٹ رہائش پذیر ہیں تو کمپنی الیے ممبران کو کپنی کی سالا شد جزل میلنگ کی تاریخ ہے کم از کم کے دن کٹل دیڈ یو کا نفرنس کے ذریعے اجلاس بیں شرکت کیلئے دضامندی دے گ۔

سمینی عام میلنگ کی تاریخ ہے کم اوکم ۵ ون پہلے کا نفرنس کی سوات کے مقام کے بارے میں ممبران کوآگا ہ کرے گی اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ انہیں ایکی سوات تک رسائی کے قائل بناتے کیلئے ضروری معلومات کی بھی ضرورت ہوگی۔

# ويديوكا نفرنس كى سبولت كيلية رضامندى

میں/ ہم میں اور کی مینیڈ ، رجسٹرار فولیو کی کا کاؤنٹ ٹبر۔۔۔۔۔ کے مطابق حاش ۔۔۔ عارضی شیئر ز ۱۹۰ کو بر ۲۰۴۳ کو کے ایک کو اس کے کی کا نفرنس کی کواٹ پر بیغیر کئی ترود کے اپنی رضا متدی کا اظہار کرتے ہیں۔

## ممبرك ويتخط : \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

# ۵۔ ممبران کے پنوں میں تبدیلی:

ممبران سے درخواست ہے کہ اسکے پھول بیں کمی بھی تندیلی کی صورت بیل فوری طور پرشیئر رجٹرارمیسرز ایف ڈی رجٹرارسروسز (ایس ایم کارپرائیویٹ) کمیٹیڈ، کا فلور، صائد ٹریڈ ٹاور۔اے، آئی آئی چندریگرردڈ کراچی۔۔۔۔ کواطفاع دی جائے۔

# ۲ فعال شاختی کارڈز/این ٹی این کی کاپیاں داخل کرنا:

ممیران سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے فعال شاختی کا رڈ/این ٹی این سرفیقیکیٹ بھیٹو ٹیونمیرز کیٹی کے ثیبتر رجٹرار کے پاس جنع کر وائیں ،اگرانیوں نے پہلے فراہم ٹیبس کے ہیں یصورت ویکرکھیٹز ایکٹ کامین مر(ایکٹ) کرکیٹش ۱۲۳۳ دیکھیٹز (ؤسٹری ہوٹن آف ڈیویڈٹٹرز) ریگولیشٹز کامیار (ریگولیشٹز ) کیٹل 7 کیٹٹ 7 کیٹٹ ڈیویڈٹٹرکی ادائیٹل روک وی جائے گی۔

# الیاتی حابات اورویب سائٹ پررپورٹس کی دستیا بی:

۴۰ جون ۲۰۲۲ عرفتم ہونے والے مالیاتی سال سے لئے تمینی کی سالات رپورٹ تمینی کے درج ذیل ویب سائٹ پر دی گئی ہے:

http://www.humnetwork.tv/Annual\_Financial\_Reports.html

# ۸\_ سالاندر پورٹ ۲۰۲۳ عادرسالاندعام اجلاس کے نوٹس کی الیکٹرانگ سرکیشن:

سالاندر پورٹ ٢٠٢٣ء اورسالانه عام اجلاس كا نوش اليكشرانك و ريعيت ميران كوائ ميل كيوريان تمام شيتر بولڈرز كوارسال كياجاريا ہے۔

الیں آراد تبر ۲۰۱۳/(۱)/۲۰۲۳ مارچ ۲۰۲۳ء کی تغیل میں بمبران سختیل میں کیوآ رفعال کوڈ اور میٹنگ نوٹس کے ذریعے گئے ویب لنگ کے ذریعے رپورٹس کے ساتھ آ ڈے شدہ مالیاتی گوشوار دن تک رسائی اورڈا کان لوڈ کریں گے۔

سمپنے کہنیزا یکٹ کا ۲۰۱ ء کے تیششن ۲۳۵ کے تحت سمپنی کی جائب سے در تواست کی وصولی کے بعدے دنوں کے اندر کھی جمبر کوسالا شدریورٹ کی بارڈ کا لی قراہم کی جائے گی۔

## ۹- ای ڈویڈنڈمینڈیٹ (لازی):

تمام تمبران کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کےشیئر رجسٹر ارکوتیام تضیادت بعنی نام وفولیوفہر ، بینک اکا وُنٹ فہر (۴۳ ہیندسوں کا آئی بی اے این ) ،اکا وُنٹ کا نامٹل اور بینک کا کمل میلنگ ایڈرلیس فراہم کریں ہی ڈی می اکا وُنٹ جولڈرزایٹی ورخواست براور است بروکر (شرکت کنندو) اس ڈی می کے پاس بچھ کروا کیں جس کا فارم کپنی کے دچیٹر ؤ آفس میں دستیاب ہے اس کے علاوہ کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پربھی موجوو ہے۔

# ا- غير كليم كرده دُويدُ تدُاشيئرز:

کمپنیزا یکٹ سے اوج مے کسیشن ۲۴۴ کے تحت کوئی بھی شیئر جس کا اجراء یا ڈویڈیڈ کا اطلان کمپنی نے کیا جود دواجب الا دا تاریخ سے تین سال کی مدت کیلیے فیرکلیم کر دویا عدم اوا نیکی تصور کیا جائے گااوراس کی اوا نیکی پنیزا یکٹ ہے اوج مسیحت علم یقد کا دیر عملد درآمد کے بعد دوقاتی حکومت کے تحت کی جائے گی۔

کینی کے تمام محترم مبران جو کسی جب سے ذویر فزاشیئرز کا کلیم میں کر سکے ہیں ان ہورخواست ہے کہ دو کینی کے شیئر رجشرارے دابطہ کریں اوراپنے فیرکیم کردہ ڈویڈیڈیاان کے نام پر واجب الاواشیئرز کے کلیمز وافل کریں۔

کمپنیز ایکٹے کا وج سے سیکشن ۱۸۷۴ کے جواب میں تمام ترطر بیتہ کا رکوکھل کرنے سے بعدایے تمام واجب الا داؤ و پڈیڈ جو کہ گزشتہ تین سال یا اسے زائد عرصہ تک وسول نہ کئے ہوں ایمی تمام رقوم ڈویڈیڈ کے عدم کلیم کی صورت میں وفاقی حکومت کوجع کروا دے گی اورشیئز ز کی صورت میں ایس ای سی پی مے حوالے کردیا جائے گا۔

# اا۔ فزیکل شیئرزی بک انٹری فارم میں تبدیلی:

کمپینز ایکٹ کا ۱۶ مے کیکٹن الا کے تحت ہر موجودہ کمپنی کو اپنے فزیکل شیئر زکو یک انٹری قارم سے ساتھ اس طریقے ہے جس کی وضاحت کی گئی ہواور کمپیشن کی طرف سے مطلع کروہ تاریخ کے پینز ایکٹ کے ان 1 مے کے آغازے بیار سال کی مدت کے اندر تبدیل کرنا ہوگا۔

فزیکل ثیئر زے حال ثیئر ہولڈرزی حوسلدافزائی کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے فزیکل ثیئر ذکو بک اشری فارم میں تبدیل کر سے بیٹرل ڈیپازٹری تمپنی پاکستان کمیٹر ڈیٹو کر واکر براہ راست سی ڈی بی سے ساتھ کی بھی بروکر پاسرہا پیکا را کا پینٹس کے ساتھ ہی ڈی بی سب اکا وجٹ کھولیں۔

# ۱۲۔ نقد ڈیویڈ ٹر پرانکم ٹیکس و د ہولڈنگ کے لیے '' قامر'' اسٹیٹس کی تصدیق: نقد ڈویڈ ٹر کے لیے ، انکم ٹیس آرڈیٹس انٹیا و کیکٹن • ۱۵ کے خت، انکم ٹیس کی کو تی کی شرمیں حب زیل ہیں:

١٥ فيمد	اے) اکلم کیکس دیٹرن فائکر کیلئے میکن کو تی گی گرج
٠٠ فيمد	بي) الكم يكن ريزز كم نان فا كردكيك يكس كؤتى كاشرت

جوائٹ اکا ؤنٹ کی صورت میں ، ہرشیئر ہولڈرکوفر دی طور پریا تو فائکر یانان فائکر سمجھا جائے گا ادر ہرمشتر کہ ہولڈر کے شیئر ہولڈ کی بنیاد پرکنس کی کٹو تی کی جائے گی جیسا کہ شیئر ہولڈر سمپنی اشیئر رجنز ارکوتر پری طور پرمطلع کرےگا۔ اگرکوئی اطلاع موصول نہیں ہوتی ہے تو ، ہرجوا تھٹ ہولڈر کے پاس شیئر کی سیادی اتعداد فرض کی جائے گی۔

نیڈرل بورڈ آف ریونیو(ایف پی آر) کی طرف ہے وقا فو قاجاری کردوا یکٹولیک دہندگان کی فہرست (اےٹی ایل) کے مطابق می این آئی می نبرازاین ٹی این کی تفصیل اب لاڑی ہے اور تیکس کی دیثیت کوجا مجنز کے لیے ضروری ہے۔

# الم الكم يكس الركوة ك كوتى المثلى:

جومبران اکم میکس کی کوئی سے استی کے خواہش مند میں یا کم شرح پر کوئی کے اہل میں ان سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ دواک مقصد کے لیے ایک درست قبل وو ہواؤگل استی کا کرنیکایٹ یا مشروری دستاویزی شیوت بھی سے ایک درست وکھریشن تبح کرا کی سے وی می کا میں میں ان کے خواہ شند مجران سے بھی درخواست ہے کہ دوزکو ق کی کوئی ندکرنے کے لیے ایک درست وکھریشن تبح کرا کی سے وی می کا میں ان میں اگروہ می ڈی می سر مابیکارا کا اوسٹ کور قرار دیکھتے ہیں۔ ا

# ١٥٠ اى دوئنك اور يوشل بيك كيلي طريقة كار:

کمپیٹز (پوشل بیلٹ)ر گیولیشنز ۱۸۰۸ء اوراس کی ترامیم ایس آراد ۲۰۲۲ (۱) ۲۰۲۲ مورتد ۵ دسمبر ۲۰۲۲ می گفت مطلع کیا گیا ہے، کرمبران کو فدکورہ دیگولیشنز میں بیان کر دوشرا کفا کے تحت سالا نداجلاس عام بیل خصوصی کاروبار کے لیے دوٹ کاحق استعمال کرنے کی اجازت ہوگی کمپنی اپنے تمبران کو دوئنگ کے لیے درج فریل اختیارات فراہم کرے گی۔

# اے) ای ووٹنگ کاطریقه کار:

- (۱) ای دوشگ کی سمولت کی تصیدات ۱۱ اکتوبر ۲۰۲۳ و کوکار دیار اوقات کار کے افتیام پر کمپنی کے ان مجمر ول کے ساتھ میذر بھیا کی میل شیئر کی جا تیں گی جن کے پاس ان کے درست می ایمین آئی می نمبرز ، تیل نمبرز ، اورای میل ایلیر لیس کمپنی کے ممبران کے دجٹر میں دستیاب ہول گئے۔
- (۲) ممبران کوبزر ایدای میل ویب ایگزرلیس الاگ ان کی تفسیلات اور پاس ورڈ ہے مطلع کیا جائے گاسی ڈی ٹی شیئر رجٹر ادسروسز لمبینڈ (ای دوننگ سروس فراہم کنندو ہوئے کے ناسطے ) کے ویب پورٹل سے ایس ایجم ایس کے ذریعے عمبران کو تیکیو رٹی کو ڈزے مطلع کیا جائے گا۔
  - (٣) اى دونگ ك در يع دوث والني ك خوابيشيند بمبران شاخت اليكثرا تك د سخط يالاگ ان ك ليم تقعدين ك وريع كي جائي گي-
    - (٣) اى دونك لائنزا اكتوبر ٢٠٠٠ من عنده عند عند من الدور اكتوبر ٢٠٢٠ مكوثام ٥٠٠٠ يج نديمول ك
  - (۵) ممبرالناس مت کے دوران کسی بھی دفت اپنادوٹ ڈال کتے ہیں۔ایک ہارکسی ممبر کی طرف نے آرار اور پرووٹ ڈالنے کے بعد واسے بعد ش اے تبدیل کرنے کی اجاز تے نہیں ہوگی۔

# بی) یوشل بیك كيزريع دونتك كاطريقه كار:

تمبران تباول طور پر پوشل بیلٹ کے ذریعے ووٹ ڈالنے کا انتخاب کر سکتے ہیں۔ ممبران اس بات کویٹنی بنا کمیں کہ بیٹ بیٹ کسل طور پر پر کئے گئے اور دستخاشدہ وہوں اور کمپیوٹرائز ڈقو می شناختی کا رڈ ( کی این آئی می ) کی کا ٹی کے ساتھ کمپنی کے رجشر ڈیپیڈ ہم ٹی دی، بلاٹ نمبراا/ ۱۰ اجسن علی اسٹریٹ ، آٹ آئی آئی چندر بگرروڈ ، کراچی۔ ۲۰۰۰ سے بالی میل Mohsin.naeem@hum.tw پر دستھا کی این آئی می کے دستھا ہے ممائل ہوئے جا بیس سے پیشل میل میپرنوٹس کے ساتھ شسکت ہے اور کمپنی کی ویب سائے https://www.humnetwork.tw پر بھی دستیاب ہیں بشیئر ہولڈراخبارات میں شائع ہوئے والے بیلے چیر کوچی استعمال کرسکتا ہے۔

# كمپنيزا يك كان اور السيك السيك السيك السين السين السين السين المستعلق مادى حقائق كابيان:

یے بیان خصوصی کا روبارے متعلق مادی حقائق کا تعین کرتا ہے، جونوٹس کے ایجنڈ انہر 4 اور 5 میں ویا حمیا ہے، جس کا مقصد سالاندا جلاس عام میں اس کے امورکوز پر بجٹ لانا ہے۔

# نونس كاليحنذ انمبرهم:

# كوآ رفعال كوۋاورويب لنك كۆر يعسالاندر پورش كى فراجى:

سکیورشیز ایندائیجینی کمیشن آف پاکستان (ایس ای بی پی) نے اپنے ایس آراد۳۸۹ (۱) ۴۸۳ مورس ۱۳۰۳ میروس ۱۳۰۳ میروس کون بازت دی ہے کہ دوا ہے سالانہ آؤٹ شدہ الیا آ گوشوارے کمپنی سے ممبران کو (سی ڈی اُری وی ڈی اُری ایس بی سے بجائے) کیوا رکوڈ اور دیب انگ کے ذریعے بھی فراہم کرسکتی ہے جوکہ سالانہ اجلاس عام میں شیئر ہولڈرڈی منظوری سے مشروط ہوگا۔ جہاں شیئر ہولڈرکی طرف سے ای میل ایڈر بس فراہم کیا گیا ہووہاں سکیٹی ای میل کے ذریعے مجرکوسالانہ آؤٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی ترسل کرے گی۔ ایک شیئر ہولڈر کمپنی سے سالانہ آؤٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی ہارڈ کا بی فراہم کرنے کی درخواست کرسکتا ہے،اورا سے شیئر ہولڈر کے درجوٹر ڈائیڈریس پر ہاضا بط طور پر کمل درخواست فارم کی وصولی پر کمپنی کی دیب سائٹ پر مفت فراہم کیا جائے گا۔

سیمنظوری ایک عام قرارداد کے ذریعے ممبران سے طلب کی گئی ہے تا کہ کانی کوسالانہ آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں اور رپورٹس کوالیکٹرا تک طور پر کیوآ رفعال کو واورویب لنگ کے ذریعے قراہم کرنے کی اجازت دی جائے۔

سمینی کے ڈائر بیٹرز کی اس ایجنڈے میں براہ راست بابالواسط کوئی ولچھی تیس ہے۔

# بيك پيرېذر بعد ۋاك

سالا شاجلاس عام میں تحصوصی کارو بار کیلئے بذریعید ڈاک رائے شاری/ ووقتک

منعقده بروز جعرات، بتاريخ ١٩ اكتوبر ٢٠٠٣ ع م كوبوقت شام ١٠٠٠ بيجه، بمقام كراؤنل قلور، في آرآرنا ورجسن هي استريك ، آف آني چندر يكرروؤ، كرايي-

فوليو <i>ا</i> ي وي مي ا كالؤنث ثمبر	
شيئر مولدُوار پراممي كانام	
رجراؤي:	
عاش شيئز زکي تقداد:	
ى اين آئى ى/ پاسپورٹ نمبر (غير مكلى بونے كى صورت ميں) (كاني شلك كى جائے گى)	
اضافی معلومات اور متعلقه وستاویزات ( باؤی کار بیوریث اکار پریشن اور وفا تی حکومت کے نمائند	، کی صورت میں )
ىجاز دستنداكتنده كانام:	
مجاز د حقظ کننده کا شاختی کار د نمبر/ پاسپورٹ نمبر (غیر ملکی ہونے کی صورت میں)۔ (کا بی شکل کی جائے گی)۔	

# قراردا دبرائے ایجنڈ انمبر، ۴:

کمپنی کوا پیز سالان آؤٹ شده مالیاتی گوشوارے اپنے عمبران کوی ڈی/ ڈی وی ڈی/ بیالیس بی کی بجائے کیوآ رکوڈ اور ویب لٹک کا استعمال کرتے ہوئے فراہم کرنے کی اجازت وینا جیسا کہ سیکے رشیز اینڈ ایکی پیشن آف پاکستان (الیس ای می پی) نے الیس آراد نمبر ۳۸۹ (۱)/۲۰۹۳ مورعه ۲۱ مارچی ۳۲۳ می کے تحت اجازت دگاہے، خورکرنا اور اگر مناسب سجھا جائے تو ترمیم یا بغیرترمیم درج ڈیل قرار دادوں کے طور پرمنظورکرنا۔

''ٹے پایا ہے کہ کپنی کو بیافتتیار حاصل ہے کدوہ سکیور شیز اینڈ ایک کیٹن آف پاکستان (ایس ای کی پی کے ایس آراونبر۳۸۹(۱)/۲۰۲۳ موردرا۴ ماریج ۳۳ مے کھنے کمبنی کے مبران کو بذریعہ QR فعال کوڈاورویب لنگ اپنے سالاندمالیاتی گوشوار نے فراہم کر سکتی ہے۔''

مزيد ظے کيا گيا کہ، کمپنی ک ڈی اوی ڈی اوی ڈی کے ذریعے سالانہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی فراہمی کو بندکرنے کی مجاز ہوگی۔

مزید نے پایا کہ کینی کے چیف ایکز کیٹو، چیف فانشل قیسر، یا کینی سیرٹری افغرادی طور پر تمام ضروری افقد امات، اشال اورا مورکواتجام دینے ،اور تمام قانونی نقاضوں کی قیاضوں کے لیے اوراس قمر ارواد کو کملی جامہ پہنائے کے مقصد کے لیے ضروری دستاویز ات، جیسا کہ ضروری یا اتفاقی ہو، فاکل کرنا تمام مطلوبیا فقد امات اٹھائے بیاشروع کرنے کے لیے بچاز میں۔

#### بدایات برائے رائے شاری:

- ا۔ براہ کرم متعلقہ خانہ پر (۷) نشان لگا کراینے ووٹ کی نشائد ہی کریں۔
- ا۔ اگردونوں خانوں کو(٧) کے بطور پرنشان زوکیا گیاہے، تو آپ کی رائے شاری کو''مستر ڈ'سمجھا جائے گا۔

یں/ ہم پربال مندرجہ ذیل قرار دادول کی منظوری یانہ منظوری کیلئے اپناحق رائے دی ( 🗸 ) کا نشان درج ذیل دیئے گئے خانوں میں دگا کرا سنتعال کرتا / کرتے ہیں۔

قرارواد	میں ہم درج ذیل کیلئے قرار داد کی منظوری دیے ہیں	یں/ہم ورج ذیل کے خلاف قرارواو کی منظوری ویتے
		U <u>t</u>
قراردا وبرائح الجبنذ وتمبرتا		

# نوش:

- - بیشل بیلٹ فارم مے ساتھ دی این آئی می پااسپورٹ کی کالی (غیر ملکی ہونے کی صورت میں ) نسلک کرنی ہوگی۔
- ے۔ پیٹل بیلٹ فارم جیئز بین کوایک دن قبل لیعنی ۱۱۸ کتو بر ۲۳ میڑ وقات کار بین موصول جوجانے جا تئیں۔اس تاریخ کے بحد موصول جونے والے پیٹل بیلٹ فارم ووقک کے لئے کار آ مُٹیس جو نگے۔
  - ٣- يوشل بيك جير پرموجودو تخفاى اين آفي يا پاسپورت (غير مكى بونے كي صورت من ) پرموجودو تخفا جيسے بونے حيا بيس -
    - ۵۔ ناممل، فیرو سخط شدہ ، قلط بخراب ، پھٹے ہوئے ، کٹے ہوئے یا مطا کر تکھے ہوئے بیاٹ پیپر متسوخ کرد ہے جا کیں گے۔
- ۱۱۔ کمپنیز ایکٹ کا واقع کے سیکشن ۱۳۸ کے بحق یا ذی کارپوریٹ یا وفاقی محکومت کے ٹمائند سے کی صورت میں میلٹ پیپر قارم مے ساتھ کی بھاؤٹھن کے کی این آئی می گ کا لِی ، بورڈ کی قرار داوہ یا درآف اٹارٹی ۱۰ جازت نامہ وغیرہ کی تصدیق شدہ کا لِی کے ساتھ ہونا شرور کے بے غیر ملکی یا ڈی کارپوریٹ وغیرہ کی صورت میں قمام وستا دیزات کو کوٹسل جزل آف یا کستان سے تصدیق شدہ ہونا ضرور کی ہے جس کا دائرہ اعتبار نمبر رہے ہے بیٹ کی ویب سائٹ https://www.humnetwork.tv

	شیئر ہولڈرا پرائمی/مجاز فیض کے دستھا:
ہریانی کمپنی کی مبرلگا کمیں)	( کار پوریٹ اوارے کی صورت میں ، برائے م
	* .

# Pattern of Shareholding As At June 30, 2023

mber Of Shareholders	Sho From	areholding SI	ab To	Total Shares Held
558	10	*	100	18,298
516	101	81	500	161,339
751	501	- 8	1000	513,270
2067	1001		5000	5,004,893
798	5001	8	10000	5,700,511
522	10001	29	15000	6,367,506
216	15001	20	20000	3,855,598
193	20001	28	25000	4,464,721
137	25001	8	30000	3,865,754
40	30001	129	35000	1,303,140
86	35001	8	40000	3,188,903
64	40001	<u>E</u>	45000	2,692,900
76	45001	8	50000	3,675,046
41	50001	8	55000	2,158,712
78	55001	E-1	60000	4,647,580
14	60001	86	65000	876,007
23	65001	- 51	70000	1,570,730
27	70001	8	75000	1,958,442
21	75001	- 55	80000	1,647,768
15	80001	8	85000	1,242,500
13	85001	2	90000	1,147,800
8	90001	8	95000	743,600
30	95001	23	100000	2,971,800
7	100001	8	105000	709,200
12	105001	25	110000	1,295,600
11	110001	8	115000	1,247,300
57	115001	29	120000	6,797,598
8	120001	E1	125000	974,560
7	125001	2	130000	886,600
3	130001	E#	135000	395,400
8	135001	2	140000	1,104,689
6	140001	- 21	145000	864,500
7	145001	8	150000	1,050,000
4	150001	- 23	155000	608,600
6	155001	8	160000	945,600
4	160001	25	165000	651,000
2	165001	8	170000	338,000
4	170001	23	175000	698,000
10	175001	8	180000	1,790,461
3	180001	E	185000	548,600
2	185001	8	190000	375,700
4	190001	129	195000	190,740
11	195001	E	200000	2,193,000
1	205001	8	210000	205,500

umber Of Shareholders	From Sha	areholding SI	ab To	Total Shares Held		
1	215001		220000	217,000		
2	220001		225000	448,560		
7	225001	- 8	230000	1,600,400		
16	235001		240000	3,839,400		
4	240001		245000	969,200		
4	245001	24	250000	993,200		
1	250001	8	255000	255,000		
2	260001	28	265000	526,000		
1	265001	=	270000	270,000		
3	270001	29	275000	821,700		
1	275001	=	280000	280,000		
1	285001	18	290000	288,000		
1	290001	51	295000	291,600		
7	295001	2	300000	2,095,200		
2	300001	=======================================	305000	604,200		
1	305001	86	310000	309,400		
6	310001	-	315000	1,870,400		
2	315001		320000	636,800		
1	320001		325000	325,000		
5	325001	- 8	330000	1,642,800		
2	330001	2	335000	668,600		
1	335001	8	340000	340,000		
2	340001	2	345000	681,594		
12	355001		360000	4,318,200		
1	365001	<u> </u>	370000	366,000		
1	370001		375000	370,500		
3	380001		385000	385,000		
1	385001		390000	387,200		
1	390001	8	395000	391,200		
3	395001		400000	1,195,500		
	400001	<u> </u>	405000	114 / 1/4/24 14/24		
2	410001		415000	805,800 410,500		
		<u> </u>	5-316,650,0515			
2	415001 420001	*	420000 425000	840,000		
2		- Si		425,000		
	425001	8	430000	854,000		
1	430001	- 2	435000	432,000		
2	435001	8	440000	877,200		
1	460001	- 27	465000	464,000		
2	470001	<b>S</b>	475000	949,067		
1	475001	124	480000	480,000		
2	485001	8	490000	972,000		
2	490001	25	495000	983,400		
5	495001	F	500000	2,496,000		

nber Of Shareholders	Shareholding Slab From To			Total Shares Held
1	510001	8	515000	512,000
1	515001	- 8	520000	516,000
3	535001	8	540000	1,614,000
1	550001	5:	555000	552,600
2	555001	8	560000	1,116,600
1	570001	2	575000	572,000
4	575001	82	580000	577,200
1	590001	29	595000	593,300
6	595001	8	600000	3,600,000
4	625001	14	630000	629,880
2	630001	=	635000	1,262,800
3	640001	139	645000	1,929,200
1	655001	==	660000	660,000
2	660001	8	665000	1,325,000
1	680001	51	685000	680,100
1	705001	- 8	710000	710,000
1	745001		750000	750,000
1	755001	- 8	760000	759,780
1	775001		780000	780,000
4	780001	8	785000	782,500
1	795001	2	800000	800,000
1	825001	2	830000	828,500
1	835001	2:	840000	840,000
1	850001	8	855000	852,000
3	895001	25	900000	2,700,000
1	955001	8	960000	960,000
2	995001	134	1000000	2,000,000
1	1000001	53	1005000	1,000,600
1	1015001	8	1020000	1,020,000
1	1025001	51	1030000	1,028,200
1	1045001	8	1050000	1,050,000
2	1075001	8	1080000	2,160,000
1	1130001	3	1135000	1,132,800
1	1150001	8	1155000	1,153,800
4	1195001	8	1200000	1,200,000
2	1220001	5	1225000	2,441,772
1	1355001	8	1360000	1,356,000
2	1395001	2	1400000	2,798,031
1	1795001	8	1800000	1,800,000
4	1825001	19	1830000	1,826,400
1	1915001	8	1920000	1,920,000
1	1980001	19	1985000	1,984,500
1	2245001	51	2250000	2,247,600
1	2395001	2	2400000	2,400,000

ımber Of Shareholders	Shi From	areholding	Slab To	Total Shares Held
2	2430001	- 84	2435000	4,868,400
1	2485001	25	2490000	2,489,598
1	2515001	- 8	2520000	2,520,000
1	2715001	- 51	2720000	2,720,000
1	2995001	8	3000000	3,000,000
1	3335001	2	3340000	3,336,000
4	3600001	왉	3605000	3,601,800
1	3650001	21	3655000	3,653,400
1	3900001	8	3905000	3,900,500
4	4225001	134	4230000	4,230,000
1	4315001	8	4320000	4,320,000
4	4835001		4840000	4,839,494
1	4995001	E)	5000000	5,000,000
1	5420001	8	5425000	5,423,281
1	6365001	<b>F</b>	6370000	6,367,200
1	8260001	86	8265000	8,263,820
1	11045001	81	11050000	11,045,100
1	11300001	86	11305000	11,300,400
1	11600001	51	11605000	11,604,000
4	12370001	8	12375000	12,370,500
1	13070001	21	13075000	13,072,200
4	15085001	8	15090000	15,090,000
1	17275001	21	17280000	17,280,000
1	18625001	8	18630000	18,629,715
4	20060001	124	20065000	20,061,000
1	20075001	8	20080000	20,079,001
1	21655001	12.5	21660000	21,656,209
f	23155001	8	23160000	23,160,000
1	58515001	2	58520000	58,518,744
f	112995001	<b>F</b>	113000000	113,000,000
1	243095001	8	243100000	243,096,000
1	275545001	59	275550000	275,546,388
6681				1,134,000,000

# **Additional Information**

As of June 30, 2023

Shareholders' Category	Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentag
Directors, heir Spouse(s) and Minor Children			
Duraid Qureshi	3	518,642,400	45.74
Sultana Siddiqui	2	8,263,832	0.73
Mazhar UI Haq Siddiqui	1	12	0.00
Mentab Akbar Rashdi	1	12	0.00
Asif Yasin Malik	1	12	0.00
Mrs. Khush Bakht Shujaat	1	12	0.00
Sohail Ansar	1	1,200	0.00
Shunaid Qureshi	2	61,038,744	5.38
Muhammad Ayub	1	12,000	0.00
Associated Companies, Undertakings and related parties			
Executives  Public Sector Companies and Corporations  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Insurance,	9	136.570.850	12.04
Executives  Public Sector Companies and Corporations  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking	80 80	136,570,850 65,860,607	12.04
Executives  Public Sector Companies and Corporations  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Insurance,  Takaful, Modaraba and Pension Funds  Mutual Funds	9		
Executives  Public Sector Companies and Corporations  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Insurance, Takaful, Modaraba and Pension Funds  Mutual Funds  General Public  a. Local	9 16 6584	65,860,607 251,619,249	5.81
Executives  Public Sector Companies and Corporations  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Insurance, Takaful, Modaraba and Pension Funds  Mutual Funds  General Public a. Local b. Foreign  Foreign Companies	9 16 6584 5 1 53	65,860,607 251,619,249 192,000 6,000	5.81 22.19 0.02 0.00
Executives  Public Sector Companies and Corporations  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Insurance, Takaful, Modaraba and Pension Funds  Mutual Funds  General Public a. Local b. Foreign  Foreign Companies  Others	9 16 6584 5 1 53	65,860,607 251,619,249 192,000 6,000 91,793,070	5.81 22.19 0.02 0.00 8.09



MEETINGS	DATE
Audit Committee Meeting to consider and approve the annual audited accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022	Sep 19, 2022
Board of Directors Meeting to consider the annual audited accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022	Sep 19, 2022
18th Annual General Meeting to consider accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022	Oct 25, 2022
Audit Committee Meeting to consider accounts of the Company for the Quarter ended September 30, 2022	Oct 26, 2022
Board of Directors Meeting to consider accounts of the Company for the Quarter ended September 30, 2022	Oct 26, 2022
Human Resource and Remuneration Committee Meeting to consider and discuss employees and remuneration matters	Feb 28, 2023
Audit Committee Meeting to consider accounts of the Company for the half year ended December 31, 2022	Feb 28, 2023
Board of Directors Meeting to consider accounts of the Company for the half year ended December 31, 2022	Feb 28, 2023
Corporate Briefing session for the year 2022	Mar 01, 2023
Audit Committee Meeting to consider accounts of the Company for the Quarter ended March 31, 2023	Apr 27, 2023
Board of Directors Meeting to consider accounts of the Company for the Quarter ended March 31, 2023	Apr 27, 2023

# Six Years At A Glance

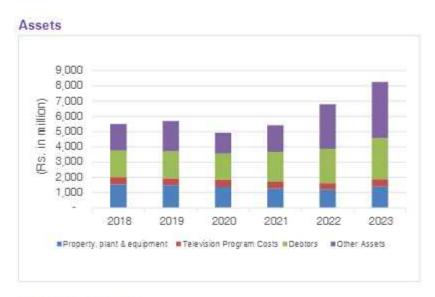
# **Key Financial Data**

#### OPERATING DATA

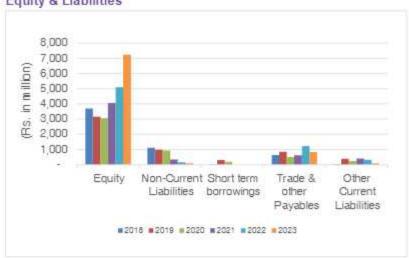
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenue-Net	4,609,478,886	3,979,099,138	3,679,468,088	4,327,326,066	6,018,969,888	6,825,586,346
Cost of production	(2,853,147,800)	(3,495,240,846)	(2,756,142,547)	(2,766,997,559)	(3,454,551,987)	(3,540,102,628)
Transmission Cost	(177,878,025)	(193,223,194)	(139,069,102)	(90,436,188)	(100,165,940)	(126,696,002)
Gross profit	1,578,453,061	290,635,098	784,256,439	1,469,892,319	2,464,251,961	3,158,787,716
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION						
	040 455 007	/AEA 705 5571	(400 400 000)	1 107 110 100	4 544 000 070	0.400.046.005
(Loss)/Profit before taxation	812,155,067	(454,725,557)	(136,120,065)	1,107,143,492	1,514,839,878	2,439,816,835
Taxation	(82,661,579)	(81,157,536)	22,881,574	(92,746,807)	(150,934,865)	(290,578,261)
Profit after taxation	729,493,488	(535,883,093)	(113,238,491)	1,014,396,685	1,363,905,013	2,149,238,574
Eine in English						
Financial Ratios						
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Current Ratios	4.68	2.25	2.85	3.40	3.11	6.43
Quick ratio	4.65	2.24	2.83	3.38	3.10	6.41
Debt/ Equity Ratio	0.31	0.53	0.44	0.18	0,09	0.02
Cash available per share- Rs. (R	e-stated)* 0.15	0.13	0.12	0.31	0.74	0.39
Return on equity - %	19,75	(16.97)	(3.71)	24.96	26.76	29.66
Share Price per share - Rs.	8.09	3.17	12.55	8.02	7.12	5.84
Break-up value per share - Rs. (	Re-stated)* 3.26	2.78	2.69	3.58	4.49	6.39
Gross Profit / (Loss) to Sales - 9	6 34.24	7.30	21.31	33.97	40.94	46.28
Cost of Production To Sales- %	61.90	87.84	74.91	63.94	57.39	51.87
Administrative Expenses to Sale	ıs - % 11.50	12.54	12.91	11.80	9.70	12.97
Net profit / (Loss) to Sales - %	15.83	(13.47)	(3.08)	23.44	22.66	31.49
Interest Cover - number of times	28.38	(2.27)	0.43	12.03	21.65	53.97
Debtors Turnover (number of da	ys) 138	161	173	155	127	132
Price earning ratio (Re-stated)*	12.58	(6.71)	(125.68)	8.97	5.92	3.08
Turn Over to Total Asset Ratio	0.86	0.71	0.77	0.82	0.91	0.84
Earnings/(Loss) per share Rs. (R	le-stated)* 0.64	(0.47)	(0.10)	0.89	1.20	1.90

\* Calculated using 1,134,000,000

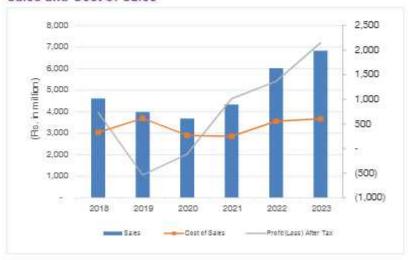
# Graphical Presentation Analysis of Statement of Financial Position and Profit & Loss Account



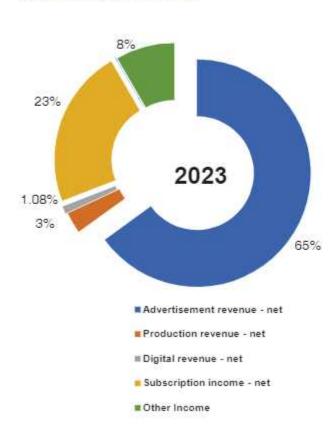
**Equity & Liabilities** 

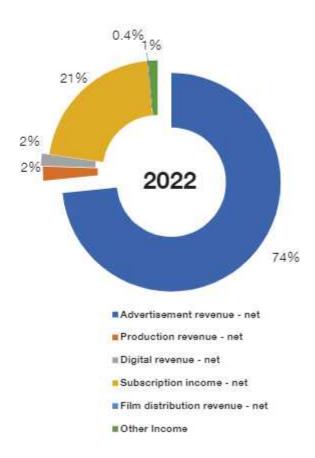


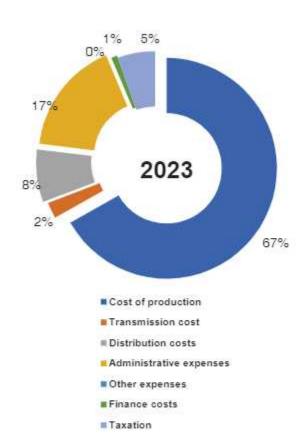
Sales and Cost of Sales

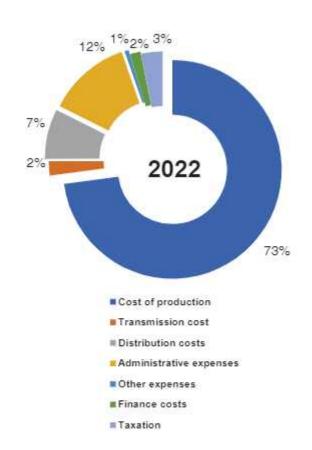


#### Break-up of Revenue Streams

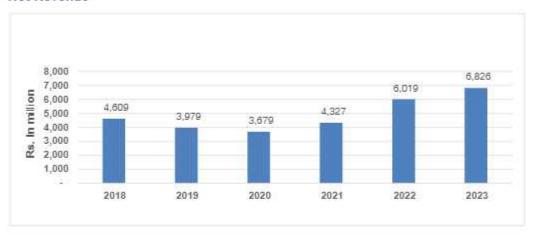




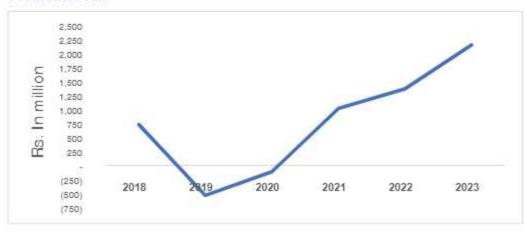




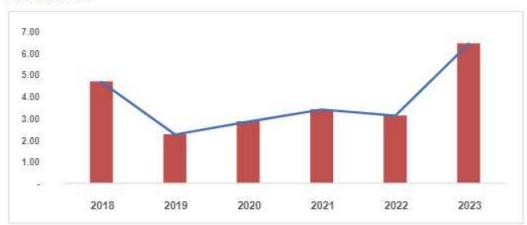
#### Net Revenue



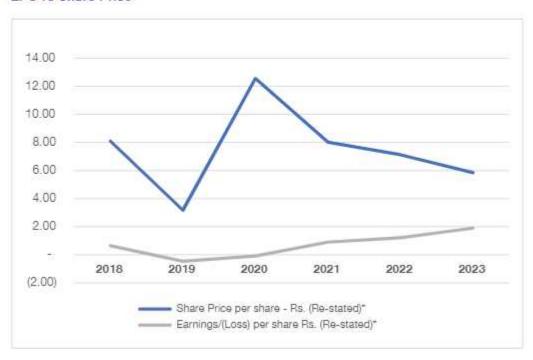
#### Profit After Tax



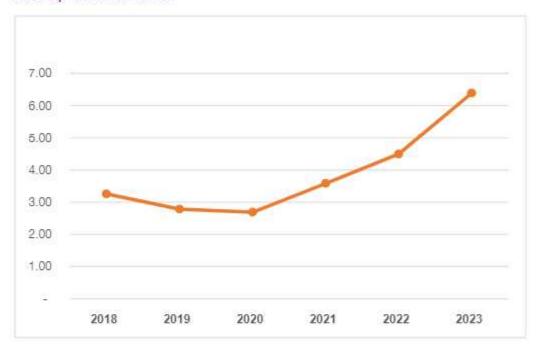
#### Current Ratio



#### **EPS vs Share Price**



#### Breakup Value Per Share





## Independent Auditor's Review Report

#### To the members of Hum Network Limited

# Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of HUM Network Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2023 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2023.

EY Ford Rhodes

Chartered Accountants

94 Fm Mil

Place: Karachi

Date: September 27, 2023

UDIN Number: CR202310120ljVAv7kqQ



#### HUM Network Limited ("the Company")

for the year ended June 30, 2023

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total of number of directors are 09 as per the following (As at June 30,2023):

Male	Six (6)
Female	Three (3)

2. The composition of the board is as follows (As at June 30, 2023):

Category	Name
Independent director	Mr. Sohail Ansar Mr. Muhammad Ayub Younus Adh
Non-executive directors	Mr. Mazhar ul Haq Siddiqui Mr. Shunaid Qureshi Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi Lt. Gen.(R) Asif Yasin Malik Ms. Khush Bakht Shujat
Executive directors	Ms. Sultana Siddiqui Mr. Duraid Qureshi
Female directors	Ms. Sultana Siddiqui Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi Ms. Khush Bakht Shujat

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company;
- The Company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company.
   The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board/Shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act

and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of Board.

- The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and the Regulations:
- The Company is compliant with the requirements of Directors' Training Program provided in these Regulations. All the
  Directors except one have either attended the required training in prior years or stand exempted, as per criteria mentioned
  in the Code:
- The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
  - a. Audit Committee

Mr. Sohail Ansar - Chairman (Independent)

Mr. Shunaid Qureshi (Non-Executive)

Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi (Non-Executive)

Lt. Gen. (R) Asif Yasin Malik (Non-Executive)

b. Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Sohail Ansar - Chairman (Independent)

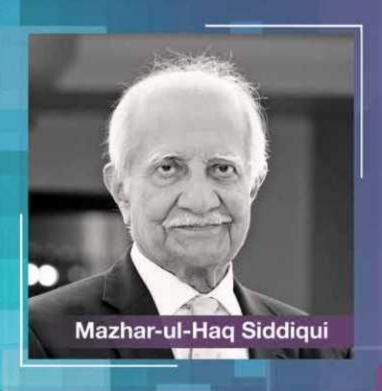
Ms. Sultana Siddiqui (Executive)

Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi (Non-Executive)

- The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of the meetings of the committees were as follows:
- a. Audit Committee Four [4] meetings during the financial year ended June 30, 2023.
- b. Human Resource and Remuneration Committee Two [2] meetings during the financial year ended June 30, 2023.
- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function with the support of an outsourced the internal audit function to M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard; and
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations including 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive Date: September 25, 2023 Place: Karachi

MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman & Director



# Chairman's Review Report

I am pleased to present the annual review as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of HUM Network Limited for the year ended June 30, 2023.

During the year under review, the economy sustained a subdued performance. However, HUM Network's unwavering commitment to competence and financial discipline aided us to gracefully navigate these most formidable challenges. In the face of adversity, Your Company not only experienced revenue growth but also achieved impressive profits. These remarkable accomplishments stand as a testament that the Board has performed their duties diligently while upholding the values and interest of the shareholders of the Company.

The Board of directors comprise of a rich mix of experience and expertise in the field of entertainment industry, finance and compliance. BOD members are well aware of their responsibilities while ensuring adequate policies and measures are in place which are in line with the vision of HNL.

Furthermore, the BOD has ensured that the financial disclosures are accurate and truly represent the affairs of the company. This accountability is enforced by the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS), Companies Act, 2017, Listing Regulations and others relevant laws and regulations. We have designed our corporate governance structure to ensure maximum compliance with legal and regulatory framework and meeting the information needs of our stakeholders. The Board has fulfilled all of their mandatory responsibilities including providing strategic direction to the management and ensuring compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements by the management of the Company.

The Board is constituted of Audit Committee and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. These committees provided valuable input and assistance to the Board. The Audit Committee particularly focused on detailed review of financial statements and effectiveness of internal controls. Further, an annual evaluation of the Board of Director's overall performance is conducted to ensure compliance with the requirement of the Code of Corporate Governance and the Companies Act, 2017. On the basis of the feedback received through this mechanism overall role of the Board has been found to be effective.

I would like to appreciate and thank my fellow board members, shareholders, all our employees, lenders and loyal viewers for their continued efforts and support.

Mr. Mazhar-ul-Haq Siddiqui

Chairman of the Board Date: September 25, 2022

# چیئر مین کی جائز ہر پورٹ

چھے ہم نبیٹ ورک کمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائز بکشرز کے چیئز مین محطور پر۲۰ جوان ۲۰۲۳ مکوٹٹم ہونے والے سال کے لیےسالانہ جائزہ رپورٹ چیش کرتے ہوئے وی جوری ہے۔

زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران معیشت ست روی کا شکار تی۔ تاہم ،ہم نیٹ درک کی قابلیت اور مالیاتی نظم درنبط کے لیے غیر مزلزل عزم نے ہمیں ان سب سے برائے پہلنج زکوانسن طریقے سے نیو مگیت کرنے میں مدوفراہم کی۔مشکلات کے باوجودہ آپ کی کمپنی نے ندھرف آمدنی میں اضافہ کیا بلکہ متاثر کن منافع بھی حاصل کیا۔ یہ نمایاں کامیابیاں اس بات کا ثبوت ہیں کہ بورڈ نے کمبنی کے ثبیتر مولڈرز کی اقدار اورمفادات کو برقرار رکھتے ہوئے تندہی سے اپنے فرائش سرانجام دیئے۔

بوری آف ڈائز بکٹرزا نٹر فیعمت انڈسٹری، فتانس اور قبیل کے شعبے بیس تجر بےکاراور مہارت کے بھر پور مرکب پر شمتل ہے۔ بوری آف ڈائز بکٹرز نمبران اپنی ڈ سدوار بول سے بخو بی واقف ہیں جبکہاس بات کو بیٹنی بناتے ہوئے کہ مناسب پالیسیال اورافڈ امات موجود ہیں جوانچ این ایل کےوژن کے مطابق ہیں۔

مزید برآن، بورؤ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کے مہران اس بات کو بیٹی بناتے میں کہ مالیاتی انکشافات درست میں اور کمپٹی کے معاملات کی سیح معنوں میں نمائندگی کرتے میں۔ یہ انتخاب مین الاقوای مالیاتی رپورنگ اسٹینڈرڈ (آئی ایف آرایس) کمپٹیز ایک سے امیر فرست سازی کے شوابطاور دیگر متعاشر تو امین اور ضوابط کے ڈریعے نافذ کیا جاتا ہے۔ بورڈ نے اپنی تمام اہم ڈسدار بول کو پورا کیا ہے جس میں انتظام یہ کو تک میں میں انتظام یہ کی جانب سے تمام قانونی اور دیگولیئری نقاضوں کی تھیل کو بیٹنی بنانا شامل ہے۔

پورڈ نے آڈٹ کمیٹی اور پیوش ریبورس اینڈ ریمیوزیش کمیٹی تھکیل وی ہے۔ان کمیٹیوں نے بورڈ کوفیتی ان پٹ اور تعاون قرائم کمیا ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی نے خاص طور پر مالی میانات کے تقصیلی جائزے اور انٹرنل کنٹرول کی تاثیر پرتینچہ مرکوز کی۔مزید برآں، بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹر کی مجموعی کارکردگی کا سمالانٹ جائزہ کوؤ آف کار پوریٹ گورنش اورکپیٹرا بکٹ کے اعزام کی تقاشوں کے مطابق لیاجا تا ہے۔ اس طریقتہ کارے ذریعے موصول ہونے والے تاثرات کی بنیاد پر بورڈ کا مجموعی کروارموٹر پایا گھیا ہے۔

جیں اس موقع پرطویل مدت سے لیے انتظامیہ کی تھنے عملی کی بھی تعریف کرنا جا ہوں گا کہ جوکہ واضح اور سناسب ہے اور تنام اسٹیک ہولڈرز بشمول ہمارے قابل قدر کلاکنش، سپلائزز، بیکوں اورشیئر ہولڈرز سے مسلسل تعاون پران کاشکر ہےاواکر تا ہوں۔

يور ذكى جانب

مظهرالحق صديقي چيز جن آف دي يورڈ

مودند ۲۵ تتمبر ۲۳ دو. گراچی

# **Directors' Report**

The Directors of Hum Network Limited (HNL) are pleased to present the Annual Report together with the Company's audited financial statement for the year ended 30 June 2023.

#### Financial Performance

The financial performance of your Company for the year ended June 30, 2023 is summarized below:

Particulars	Unconsolidated F	inancial Statements	Consolidated Fin	lidated Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenue from operations	6,825,586,346	6,018,969,888	7,567,863,940	6,544,962,442	
Other income	621,870,324	84,936,683	488,815,703	24,041,652	
Total Income	7,447,456,670	6,103,906,571	8,056,679,643	6,569,004,094	
Total expenses	(5,007,639,835)	(4,589,066,693)	(5,842,197,693)	(5,022,044,745)	
Profit before tax	2,439,816,835	1,514,839,878	2,214,481,950	1,546,959,349	
Taxation	(290,578,261)	(150,934,865)	(296,715,144)	(151,853,694)	
Profit after tax	2,149,238,574	1,363,905,013	1,917,766,806	1,395,105,655	
EPS	1.9	1.20 (restated)	1.72	1.25 (restated)	

In our unwavering pursuit of comprehensive growth and the expansion of our entertainment, news and current affairs, we remain committed to exceeding the expectations of our valued stakeholders. During the year, our net profits increased by staggering 58% from last year due to positive growth in all revenue streams especially in hum news and digital media sector revenues.

Throughout FY 2023, we made substantial investments in both our existing and novel ventures, driven by a robust diversification strategy. This strategic direction is guided by our overarching vision, one that is committed to fortifying our position in the present and harnessing the potential of future opportunities.

## **Principal Activities**

HNL distinguishes itself as a leading media network in Pakistan, committedly providing entertainment for nearly two decades. HUM, as a brand, has earned unparalleled admiration in Pakistan's media landscape, touching the lives of millions through its diverse range of channels and extensive distribution platforms worldwide, encompassing films, news, digital media, print, and live events.

Our broadcasting portfolio boasts an array of satellite channels, including HUM TV, HUM News, HUM Sitaray, HUM Masala in addition to our international channels, each beaming its captivating content to our audience globally. Amongst the most promising additions during the year, the most notable change involves the recent inclusion of Ten Sports, a renown sports channel, further diversifying our portfolio while broadening our range of content and offerings.

Beyond these stellar satellite channels, HNL places a strong emphasis on its diverse business divisions, encompassing Films, Digital Media, and Print Media, to create an exciting and dynamic range of offerings.

#### The External Environment

Our company thrives within a dynamic and fiercely competitive landscape, where innovation, constant change, and the allocation of resources vary significantly among players in each business segment.

The landscape of the advertising industry is constantly evolving, presenting greater challenges as advertisers seek ever more innovative means to enhance their return on investment. Under current environment of financial pinch, the majority of multinational companies have diligently streamlined their advertising budgets. However, our network is uniquely poised to not only navigate this intensifying competitive arena but also sustain our market share, a testament to our strategic prowess and adaptability.

## **Operational Performance**

The network has managed to assert its dominance in the current year by entering into new business ventures, updated approach towards changing economic landscape all while achieving growth in operational revenues, viewership, and Television Rating Points (TRPs).

#### Hum TV

Over the years, HUM TV has persistently been at the forefront of the entertainment industry, crafting compelling stories brought to life by talented ensembles that seamlessly blend exceptional writing, direction, and performances. This unwavering dedication has struck a deep chord with our viewers, drawing them into captivating narratives that illuminate the daily struggles of ordinary people while shedding light on pressing societal issues of our time.

In the present year, HUM TV has once again gifted our audience a rich tapestry of Pakistani dramas, soaps, and engaging tales. Notably, several dramas have taken the TRP charts by storm, including "Meesni," "Yunhi," "Muhabbat Gumshuda Meri," "Jhok Sarkar," and "Fareb," all of which have become prime-time sensations. With finesse, we address falsehoods, religious duplicity, feudalism, and infrastructure inadequacies while shining a spotlight on stories of power, politics, and justice.

Amongst most notable addition to screen this year, the enchanting storytelling of "Fairy Tale" captured the hearts of our audience to such an extent that we had to bring the cast back for a second season. This decision is a testament to the profound impact the show has had on its devoted fan base.

#### **Hum News**

In times when misinformation is rampant, the access to truth becomes an imperative, Hum News has risen amongst the ranks of leading News channels for its steadfast dedication in providing impartial and evidence-based news. We prioritize data-driven journalism to ensure our audience stays well-informed with accurate and essential information

Our channel, committed to providing viewers with the latest and most relevant information, has recently unveiled a lineup of new shows hosted by some of the most respected and renowned anchorpersons in the industry. These seasoned journalists bring a wealth of experience and expertise to the screen, offering viewers a fresh perspective on current events and in-depth analysis of pressing issues.

## **Hum Sitaray**

The channel is positioned as a hybrid channel offering both narrative as well as format-based entertainment shows. The content mix consists of Dramas, Soap operas, fashion lifestyle shows, Celebrity talk shows and international contents.

#### Hum Masala

Over the years HUM MASALA has truly become a household favorite, captivating audiences with their cherished celebrity chefs all the while consistently presenting exciting new culinary creations. During the year, HUM Masala presented a number of new cooking and informative shows while introducing new recipes, professional chefs, health consultants that made the channel a favorite of millions globally.

The "Masala Family Festival," the biggest family event in Pakistan, took place in Karachi and Lahore, serving as the focal point for celebrating HUM MASALA's 16th anniversary as South Asia's premier 24-hour cooking channel. The festival showcased a vibrant mix of musical performances, comedy acts, live cooking demonstrations, dancing and singing competitions, and a chance for attendees to interact with their beloved celebrity chefs.

## Ten Sports

Ten sports, newest addition to HUM Network portfolio, boasts a diverse lineup of events, from high-octane team competitions to individual sporting showcases, ensuring there's something for every fan. We're excited to bring you closer to your favorite athletes, coaches, and sports personalities, providing unprecedented access and insights into their journeys.

## **Digital Media Division**

The HUM Network's Digital Media division has diligently upheld our formidable presence across all key social media platforms including Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, and Youtube, a testament to the company's highly targeted and effective Social Media Strategy. We remain appreciative of all our digital partners for sponsoring our Awards shows and Dramas serials.

Direct sales (local web advertisers) have been another business avenue that has continued to grow significantly this year as we have open opportunities for digital sponsorship.

During the year "Fairy Tale" emerged as one of the most beloved shows, prompting trends and hashtags throughout social media platforms.

#### **Hum Films**

In the vibrant world of HUM Films, where the magic of storytelling unfolds on the grand canvas of the silver screen, our primary mission is to whisk you away into a captivating realm of narratives.

During the year HUM Films showcased multiple blockbusters, including "John" a twist to crime dramas whereas hit release of Eid, "Money Back Guarantee," a riotous comedy that will have you laughing until your sides ache. Another notable blockbuster, "Teri Meri Kahaniyaan" weaved together tales of destiny, love, and the complexities of human relationships.

These movies are our way of sharing relatable and captivating stories, ones that will leave an indelible mark on your cinematic journey.

#### Bridal Couture Week (BCW)

HUM Bridal Couture Week, which has been held annually since 2010, is the nation's most lavish and high-profile bridal event. This season's collection enveloped fans in the world of beauty, style, and pure couture magnificence, with its delicately embroidered lehengas and painstakingly made sherwanis.

For all the fashion lovers and brides-to-be seeking inspiration, HUM Bridal Couture Week offers an unparalleled experience with glamorous lineup of celebrities walked the ramp for numerous brands.

#### **Hum Awards**

During the month of September 2022, a glittering extravaganza unfolded as the 8th Hum Awards took center stage, a vibrant celebration of excellence in music, fashion, and the captivating world of Hum Television Dramas throughout 2021-22. This star-studded event unfolded on the international stage of Canada and was broadcasted on Hum TV in December 2022, bringing the magic to screens around the world.

However, the glamour wasn't the only highlight of the evening. In a heartfelt act of corporate social responsibility (CSR), a portion of the awards' ticket revenue was devoted to aiding the victims of the devastating 2022 Pakistan floods, demonstrating that the power of art and entertainment can touch lives and make a difference.

#### **Hum Women Leaders Awards**

In February 2023, the illustrious Jinnah Convention Center in Islamabad was ablaze with the brilliance of the fourth edition of the Hum Women Leaders Awards. This grand event celebrated the achievements of extraordinary women, both on a national and international stage, who have excelled in diplomacy, social work, education, healthcare, human rights, and Journalism.

The ceremony was an enchanting gathering, graced by the presence of none other than President Dr. Arif Alvi himself, along with a constellation of notable dignitaries and public figures from Pakistan. It was an evening that radiated inspiration and empowerment.

## **Human Resource Management**

The Network views its human resource as the most valuable asset and pays special attention towards developing an atmosphere which fosters growth, high performance, adherence to organizational values and business ethics.

#### Core Values

HUM Network Limited is continuously striving to provide an enabling corporate and social work environment to its employees as this helps them to work in complete harmony in a healthy and professional way.

For this very purpose the HUM Network Family has developed the following core values.

- Integrity & Honesty
- Respect for All
- Commitment/Dedication/ Ownership
- Accountability & Objectivity
- Team Work
- Discipline
- Safety/Health & Hygiene

We adhere to the above core values in all the initiatives that we undertake as this helps in promoting a culture of fairness, objectivity and teamwork.

## Risk Management

Our company boasts a reliable Risk Management framework designed not only to identify and assess potential risks but also to recognize advancement opportunities. This comprehensive system is meticulously crafted to enhance transparency, safeguard our business objectives, and fortify our competitive edge.

In the ever-evolving landscape of our industry, we recognize the significance of addressing not only internal but also external and regulatory risks. Our risk framework plays a pivotal role in quantifying our exposure and potential impact at a company-wide level. This approach ensures that we are well-prepared to navigate the challenges and capitalize on the opportunities that come our way.

#### Industry Risk

Entertainment industry is highly competitive with ever changing audience demands and trends creating an environment of stiff competition with domestic as well as international players all competing for the audience time.

With increasing availability of affordable internet plans, smart phones and laptops, digital media sector has ballooned to new heights piquing the interest of many new entrants in the industry along with ever increasing migration of media sponsors to digital media from television. In response to rapid growth in digital sphere, the Company has developed a digital media strategy to make most of this opportunity.

#### External Risk

The advertisement revenues of the media industry are inextricably linked to the economic growth of the country. Poor macro-economic environment can adversely impact the advertising revenues of the Company, which is the largest component of our revenues.

Higher inflation rates coupled with record high monetary rates have severely increased the cost of doing business. Further our country has a running Current Account Deficit (CAD) which heavily impacts PAK-USD currency disparity and fluctuation. Any further disturbance in any of these factors will have a massive impact on our declining economy, thus affecting our revenues and expenses.

#### Regulatory Risk

Any changes in law and regulations could have a material impact on the revenues and cost of doing business for the Company.

## Cash Flow and Liquidity

The Company is constantly monitoring the cash flows to ensure overall liquidity. The Company was able to manage its operating cash flows by ensuring tight credit controls and reduced indirect costs over the course of the year. The Company also managed to reap interest and foreign exchange rates gains taking advantage of hedging opportunities.

## Corporate Social Responsibility

The board is committed to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and integration of sound social practices in Company's day-to-day business activities.

This year, our company has taken up on itself to make a meaningful contribution in the lives of underprivileged children by taking responsibility of their education. Education is a powerful tool for breaking the cycle of poverty and providing hope for a brighter future, unfortunately, many children in our community lack access to quality education due to financial constraints. Understanding the need, HUM Network has made a generous amount of donation in addition to committing a portion of each year's annual net profits for the education of underprivileged children. The donations made shall be utilized to support 15 schools in Karachi, adopted by Momina & Duraid Foundations to provide quality education to underprivileged children.

In 2022 our country suffered one of the worst devastations caused by floods during the extended monsoon seasons. Along with the tragic loss of human life which was reported to be over a thousand, the floods had swept away livestock, crops and infrastructure worth billions. HUM Network initiated a flood relief campaign 'HUMDard' in association with Momina & Duraid Foundation where we conducted a telethon on September 4, 2022 live from Karachi and Islamabad to raise funds and relief goods for the flood affected. The management and the employees of HNL also donated their one-day salaries for the relief efforts.

As a part of our annual CSR activity, HNL collaborated with Fatimid Foundation and conducted a blood donation drive. It proved to be a great success and HUM family members participated actively in the event.

This year on Independence Day, HUM Network Limited launched a campaign HUMSE PAKISTAN, sharing a compelling message of optimism, cooperation and unity in overcoming challenges faced by our nation. This campaign aims to showcase the inspiring narratives of ordinary Pakistanis who have proactively initiated positive transformations within their communities.

## **Employee Training & Development**

As part of our annual appraisal exercise, each employee is assessed and counseled on individual basis. Training sessions are arranged on the basis of needs identified which creates growth opportunities for employees and provide us with highly motivated and trained resource.

#### Status Of The Board During The Year

The term of Board expired on August 22, 2020 and fresh election was scheduled for August 2020. Since the number of eligible candidates were equal to the number of directors fixed for election, the Company made the announcement on August 13, 2020 under section 159(4) of the Companies Act, 2017. The aforesaid election of directors was questioned by the ineligible candidates. Consequently, the elected directors also filed a Suit. The Honorable Sindh High Court through Order dated: 21.08.2020 has directed the Company that the elections scheduled to be held on August 22, 2020 would be postponed and rescheduled subject to the final decision by the learned single Judge of CMA No. 6787 of 2020 in Suit No. 968/2020. The final decision of the court is still awaited.

However, upon clarification from the SECP and after placing said clarification on record with the Honorable High Court of Sindh, the Company proceeded with the previous Board to carry out its statutory functions till the final decision of the Honourable court and appointment of their successors.

## Future Prospects & Challenges

Political instability and economic turmoil continue to ravage the economic growth in Pakistan. In addition, declining exports, a balance of payments crisis and sinking exchange rate has discouraged foreign investment while making it difficult for local businesses to operate. We hope the expected elections will create a more stable and predictable economic environment for businesses and investors.

We also view that the future of the entertainment industry underliably hinges on the transformative power of digital media and over-the-top (OTT) streaming services. These dynamic forces are reshaping the landscape, offering a tantalizing glimpse into what lies ahead. As industry leaders, we recognize the boundless potential and are unwaveringly focused on harnessing it for several compelling reasons.

Through HUM News we have an opportunity to evolve and thrive in the digital age by embracing innovation, upholding journalistic standards, and responding to the changing needs and preferences of our audiences. As long as we continue to provide credible, diverse, and engaging content, our future prospects remain positive.

In light of these circumstances, our company's management is diligently focusing on a multifaceted strategy. This includes diversifying our income sources, optimizing cost structures, enhancing operational efficiency, and ramping up our sales endeavors. The recent acquisition of Ten sports is a step towards achieving the diversification which presents an exciting opportunity for significant revenue growth. With the ever-increasing demand for sports content, we are optimistic that this strategic move positions us to tap into a thriving market.

Our immense pride in HUM Network's esteemed status as a premier entertainment provider, built through years of unwavering dedication and hard work, fuels our commitment. We are resolutely dedicated to delivering a premium entertainment experience that delights both our cherished viewers and valued stakeholders.

## **Credit Rating**

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) maintained the long-term and short-term entity ratings of Hum Network Limited at "A+" and "A1", respectively. These ratings denote a low expectation of credit risk and the network's established market position.

## **Board Composition & Remuneration**

Composition of the Board and the names of members of Board Committees may be referred to Statement of Compliance with CCG.

Furthermore, the Board of Directors has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of its directors in accordance with Companies Act 2017 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019.

## Pattern Of Shareholding

Pattern of shareholding as on June 30, 2023 is annexed with the annual report.

## Meeting Of The Directors

During the year, four [4] Board of Directors, four [4] Audit Committee and two [2] Human Resource & Remuneration (HR & R) Committee meetings were held.

Attendance by each Director was as follows:

Name of Director	Board of Directors Attendance	Audit Committee Attendance	Human Resource and Remuneration
Mr. Mazhar-ul-Haq Siddiqui	4	15	1.79
Ms. Sultana Siddiqui	2	1 ==	1
Mr. Sohail Ansar	3	3	2
Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi	4	4	2
Mr. Shunaid Qureshi	1	1	19
Ms. Khush Bakht Shujat	4	1-2	÷
Lt. Gen. (R) Asif Yasin Malik	4	4	28
Mr. Duraid Qureshi	4	1.33	75
Muhammad Ayub Younus Adhi	3	1.5	-

#### Auditors

The present auditors Messer EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants shall retire and may be considered for re-appointment for the year 2023-24.

## Corporate Governance And Financial Reporting Framework

- The financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Company.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- Key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed.
- The value of investments of Provident Fund operated by the Company as at June 30, 2023 (unaudited) is Rs. 364,956,299
   [June 30, 2022 (audited): Rs. 274,277,068].
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- There has been no departure from the best practices of transfer pricing.
- Outstanding taxes and levies are given in the Notes to the Financial Statement.
- Trading of shares by the Chief Executive Officer, Directors, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary, their spouse and minor children:

	Acquisition	Transfer
CEO-	132:	
Director - Ms. Sultana Siddique	8,000,000	425
CFO & Company Secretary	52:	225
Spouses & Minor Children		2.00

## **Dividend And Appropriations**

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Company has not declared any cash dividend however bonus shares were issued in proportion of 2 shares for every 10 shares held.

The Board is not proposing a final payout to the shareholders with a resolve to utilize this growth in revenue and operations by directing the funds available with the Company to materialize Board's plans of growth along with achieving our vision of becoming the largest entertainment organization.

September 25, 2023 Karachi

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman & Director



ہم نیٹ ورکے کمینٹر (انگاین ایل) کے ذائر یکٹر زوم جون ۲۰۲۳ء کوئٹم ہونے والے مالیاتی سال کیلئے سالاندر پورٹ بھی کوئٹر کا ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسایات چیش کرتے ہیں۔

# مالياتي كاركردكي:

٣٠ جون ٢٠٠١ و كوشتم و ق واليسال ك ليرة بكيني كي مالي كاركروكي كاخلاصدوري ولي ب:

تفعيلات	فيرج محود	غیر مجموق مالیاتی گوشوارے		لیاتی محوشوارے
	s <u>F* F*</u>	FFFF	, rotr	erett.
أبريشز ساآمدنى	7,010,001,077	AAA5PF85A1+5F	47P.7TA.2FQ.2	777737677767
نگرآ مدنی	1710AZ+07F1	APAPTATA	PAA:A1Q:4+	77:+11:70
الماري	Z.PPZ.PQ4.4Z+	1/1+1/9+1/021	174,924,40+1A	4-044-+6-46
ال الراح احبات	(01++214T91AF0)	(MPF, FF+, PAGM)	(DIAPTISE: 49T)	(0:+55:+55:250)
نِل اد تَنِيكس منافع	Portachite Comment	Latriarriala	toticoalogo+	1,007,909,779
<sup>قص</sup> ولات	(177.020.471)	(10-19PT:AYO)	(441-610-144)	(IDEADEATE)
حدازتيس منافع	t/184.427.020	1,545,9+0,+15	1,912,277,00	ממרימיוימידיו
فاحص آيدني	1,9	1,1-	1,47	1,70
(نظرهٔ فی شده)				

ترتی اورا پی تفریح بخبروں اور حالات حاضرہ کو وسعت ویے کی کوششوں میں ہم اپنے قابل قدرا سنیک ہوللدرزی او قعات پر پورا اتر نے کیلئے پرعزم ہیں۔ رواں سال ہمارے خالص منافع میں گذشتہ سال سے مقل بلے میں 58 فیصد کا اضافہ ہوا جس کی وجے آ مدنی میں خاص طور پر ہم نیوز اور ؤیجیشل میڈیا سیکٹر کی آمدنی میں اضافہ ہوا۔

مالی سال 2023 کے دوران ،ہم نے اپنی تکست عملی کے ڈریعے اپنے موجودہ اور نئے دونو ل منصوبوں میں خاطر خواہ سرما بیکاری کی۔اس تکست عملی کی رہنما کی ہمارے وسیج نظریہ سے شاہر ہوتی ہے ،جوکہ موجودہ وقت میں ہماری پوزیشن کومضبوط کرنے اور ستعتبل کے مواقع کے امکانات کو ہروئے کارلانے کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔

# اہم سرگرمیاں:

انتج این ایل بلاشبہ پاکستان کے معروف میڈیا حیف ورکس بیس سے ایک ہے اور دو دہائی سے زا کد عرصے بنیا دی طور پر تفریح فراہم کرنے والا رہا ہے۔ ہم ، ایک برا الڈ کے طور پر ، دنیا بھر بیں افلوں، خبروں، ذبیجنٹل میڈیا، پرنٹ اور لا بچا اپیٹس پرشنٹل اپنے منتوع جینٹر اور وسنج ذسری بیوٹن پلیٹ قارمز کے ذریعے لاکھوں اوگوں کی زند گیوں بیں پاکستان کے میڈیا کے منظرنا سے بیس بے مثال پذیرائی حاصل کرچاہے۔

ہمارابراذ کا سنگ پورٹ فولیو ہمارے بین الاقوا می چینلو کے علاوہ ہم آبی وی، ہم نیوز، ہم متارے، ہم مصالح سیت سیطلا سُنے چینلو کی ایک صف کا حامل ہے، ہرایک عالمی سطح پر ہمارے مامعین کے لیے اپنا وکٹس کوئینٹ چیش کرتا ہے۔ رواں سال سب سے زیاوہ قائل وکرتید بلی بیل بین اسپورٹس، ایک مشہوراسپورٹس چینل کی شولیت شامل ہے، جو ہمارے کوئینٹ اور پینکٹش کی صدکوہ سے ہوئے ہوئے ہمارے بورٹ فولیوکومز پرمتنوع بناتی ہے۔

ان شاندار سیلاست میشو کے علاوہ انتخابی ایل اپنے مختلف کاروباری شعبول کوخاص اہمیت دیتا ہے، جن میں قامین ، ڈیجیٹل میڈیا، اور پرنٹ میڈیا شامل میں۔ اس فقلہ نظر کا مقصد پیش مشول کی ایک سنتی خیز اور بھیٹ تیار ہوئی صف بیدا کرنا ہے۔

# بيروني ماحول:

تماری کمینی ایک تحرک اورامجهانی مسابقتی منظرنا سے میں پروان پڑھتی ہے، جہال جدت مسلسل تبدیلی ، اوروسائل کی تقسیم ہرکارو پاری طبقے کے افراد کے درمیان نمایاں طور پڑھنف ہوتی ہے۔

ایڈورٹا ٹزنگ افڈسٹری کا منظرنا سسکسل تبدیل رہاہے، جس سے بڑنے چہلنجوز پیدا ہورہ جیں کیونکہ شتہرین اپنی سرمانیکاری پروائیسی کو بہتر بنائے کے لیے تیزی سے انتزا کی طریقے تلاش کردہے ہیں۔ موجودہ مالیاتی طور پرمشکل ماحول میں ، زیادہ ترمائی بیٹیوں نے تندہی سے اشتہارات کے بجٹ میں کمی کی ہے۔ بہرحال، تمارائیٹ ورک شصرف اس بڑھتے ہوئے مسابقتی سیدان میں تشخریف لے جانے کے لیے بلکہ اپنے مارکیٹ شیئر کو برقر ارد کھنے کے لیے تیرمعمولی طور پراٹھی ہوزیشن میں ہے۔ سے ہماری اسٹرا اٹیجک مہارت اورموافقت کا ثبوت ہے۔

# عملی کار کردگی:

موجودہ سال میں بنیٹ درک نے نئے کاروباری منصوبوں میں داخل ہو کر ، امجرتے ہوئے اقتصادی منظرتا ہے کے لیے اپنے انتظام کو اپناتے ہوئے ، اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ آئی کے بیشل راہے تیو ، ویورشپ ، اور ٹیلی ویژان دیننگ پوئینش (ٹی آرپی) میں ترتی حاصل کر کے کامیابی سے نسایاں مقام حاصل کیا۔

# ہم ٹی وی

گئی سالوں ہے، ہم ٹی وی تغریبی صنعت میں سلسل ایک رہنمارہاہے، جو باصلاحیت کا سٹ سکے ذریعے جاندار دکش کہانیاں تنظیق کرتا ہے جوشاندارتھریے، ہدایت کا ری ادر پر فارمنس کومہارت کے ساتھ کھیا کرتی ہے۔ اس غیر متولزل کئن نے تعادے ناظرین کے ساتھ گہرا رابط قائم کیا ہے، انہیں دکش کہانیوں کی جانب راخپ کیا ہے جو عام افراد کوور پیش دو ذمر و کے چیلنجوں پر روشی ڈالتی ہے اور تعارب دور سکے اہم معاشرتی مسائل کومل کرتی ہے۔

دوران سال، ہم ئی دی نے ایک بار پھرہارے تاظرین کو پاکستانی ذراموں ،سوپ ادر دل چپ کہانیوں کی متنوع صف پیش کی ہے۔ قابل ذکر بات یہ ہے کہ گئی ڈراموں نے ٹی آر پی جیارے پر طوفان بر پاکیا، جن بیس ''''مینٹی'''''مینٹ کی بھرت کمشدہ میری''، ''مجھوک سرکاز''اور''فریب' شائل ہیں۔ بیٹمام پرائم ٹائم شنستیشن بن بچھے ہیں۔ ہم نفاست کے ساتھ مطاقت، سیاست اورانصاف کی کہانیوں پر روشتی ڈالتے ہوئے جموٹ ، خد ہی دوغلے بین، جا گیرداری ،اور بنیادی اسٹر پچرکی خامیوں کودور کرتا ہے۔

اس سال ہماری اسکرین پرسب سے زیادہ قابل قرکر اضافہ ' فیری ٹیل' کی ول گرفت ہیں بسنے والی کہانی تھی جس نے ہمارے سامعین کے دلوں کواس مدیک موہ لیا کہ ہم نے دوسرے بیزن کے لیے کاسٹ کووالیس لانے کافیصلہ کیا۔ بیان تقاب اس شوکے گہرے اثر ات کے ثبوت کے طور پر کام کرتا ہے جواس کے مرشار شبت اثر ات پر پڑا ہے۔

## ايم ينوز:

ا کیا ہے۔ دور میں جس میں وسیع پیانے پر غلط معلومات پھیلی ہوئی ہوں بہ چائی تک رسائی ائتیائی اہم ہوجاتی ہے۔ ہم نیوزغیر جانبدارانداورتھائی پرٹنی فجریں فراہم کرنے کے اپنے غیر متوازل ہوم کی جہ
سے نیوز توشو کے اعلی درج پرپٹنی گیا ہے۔ ہم اسراووشارے چلنے والی سحافت کواس بات کی سخانت وسیع ہیں کہ ہمارے سامعین درست ادراہم معلومات سے باخبرر ہیں۔ ہمارے تھیٹل تے ، جونا تھرین کوناز وترین اور مناسب معلومات فراہم کرنے کے لیے وقف ہے، نے حال ہی میں انڈ مشری کے مجھ معزز اور معروف اینکر کی میز بانی میں نے شوز کی آئیک لائن اپ متعارف کر انی ہے۔ یہ تجربہ کا رسحاتی اسکرین پر تجربے اور مہارت کا خزانہ لاتے ہیں، جونا تھرین کوموجود و دوا قعات پر ایک تاز و انتظار اور اہم مسائل کا گہرائی سے تجربی فراہم کرتے ہیں۔

## المستارك:

چینل کوا کی ہا ہمرؤ چینل کے طور پر رکھا گیا ہے جو بیاتیہ کے ساتھ ساتھ قارمیٹ پرٹنی تغریبی شوق پیش کرتا ہے۔جس پیس کی ڈراے،موپ او پیراز، فیشن لائف اسٹائل شوء ٹاک شواورا تغریبیش پروگرام پیش کے گھے ہیں۔

## بم مصالحة:

رواں سال ہم مصالح منتی طور پر گھرانوں کے لیے ایک پسندید دانتخاب بن گیا ہے، جوسامعین کواپنے پسندید وشہور طبیقوں کے ساتھر مصالح منتی کے ایک پسندید دانتخاب بن گیا ہے، جوسامعین کواپنے پسندید وشہور طبیقوں کے ساتھر ساتھ کھانا پکانے اور معلوماتی شوز کی ایک رنتی متعارف کروائی، جس سے چینل کوونیا بحریش لاکھوں لوگوں میں پسندیدہ ہنا دیا گیا۔

پاکستان کا سب سے بڑا فیلی فیسٹیول' مصالحہ ٹیلی فیسٹیول'' کرا تی اور لا ہور میں منعقد کیا گیا جو ہم مصالحہ کی ۱۱ دیں سائگر ہ کوچنو ٹی ایشیاء کے سب سے بڑے ۲۴ سھنے کھا نا پکانے والے جیش کے طور پر منانے کیلئے مرکزی نقط کے طور پر کام کرتا ہے۔ اس فیسٹیول میں میوزیکل پرقارمٹس، جا دواور کا میڈی کھا تا پکانے کے لا کیومظاہرے، ڈانس اور گانے کے مقابلے اور اپنے پہندیدہ شہور شیفس سے ملتے کا موقع شامل تھا۔

# يين اسپورش:

ہم نیٹ درک پورٹ قولیو میں تا زہ ترین اضافہ نمن اسپیورٹس ہے جواپیٹس کی ایک منتوع رہ بھٹی کرتا ہے، جو کہ توانائی کی حال ٹیم کے متنا بلوں سے لے کرانفرادی تھیاوں کے شوکیس تک پھیلے ہوئے ہیں، جو ہر تھیل کے شائقین کے لیے پچھوٹ کی شائٹ ویتا ہے۔ہم آپ کوآپ کے لیند بیرہ انتصابیٹس ،کوچز ، اور تھیاوں کی شخصیات کے قریب لانے کے لیے پر جوش ہے، جوان کے سفر میں بیدشال رسائی اور بھیمیرت ویش کرتے ہیں۔

## ۋىجىتل مىدىيا ۋويژن:

ہم نیٹ ورک کے دیجیٹل میڈیا ڈویژن نے فیس بک، انسٹا گرام، ٹویٹرادر یو ٹیوب سیت تمام بڑے سوشل میڈیا پلیٹ فارحز پراپٹی موجود گی کوسلسل برقرار رکھا ہے۔ یہ پنی کی اعتبا کی فتجہمرکوزاور کا میاب سوشل میڈیا بھکت عملی کا عبوت ہے۔ ہم اسپنے تمام ڈیجیٹل پارٹسزز کے ہمارے ایوارڈشوزاورڈ راسسیریز کواسپا آسرکرنے کے لیے فشرکز اربیں۔

یراه راست فروخت (مقامی ویب مشتیرین) ایک اور کارو پاری راسته رها به حس میں اس سال نمایاں اضافیہ وا ب کیونکہ ہمارے پاس ویجیشل اسپانسرشپ سے تکھے مواقع ہیں۔

روال سال معفری ٹیل ' سب سے بیندیدوشوز میں سے ایک محطور پر امجراء جس نے سوشل میڈیا پلیٹ فارمز پر رجحانات اور میش ٹیکو کوفروغ دیا۔

# بم فلر:

ہم فلمز کے متحرک وائزے میں، جہاں کہانی سنانے کافن سلوراسکرین کے وسیج کینوس پر انجرتا ہے، ہما را بنیا دی مقصد آپ کو داستانوں کی ایک محورکن و نیاش لے جاتا ہے۔

رواں سال ہم ظمر نے کی بلاک سٹر زفلمیں چڑ کیں، جن میں 'مجان' بھی شامل ہے، جس نے کرائم ذراموں میں ایک منفروموڑ چش کیا، اور عید پر یلیز ہونے والی ہٹ ریلیز 'منی بیک گارٹی'' ایک مزاحیدکا میڈی قلم ہے جو آپ کو بے ساختہ ہننے پر مجبود کروے گی۔ ایک اور قامل ذکر بلاک بسٹر'' شیری میری کہانیاں'' نے قسمت، محبت اور انسانی رشتوں کی ویجید گیوں کی کہانیوں کومہارت سے جوڑا ہے۔

يظمين متعلقه اور وَكُشْ كِهانيال شَيْرَكِ فِي كابهارا طريقة بين، جوآب كے سنيما كے سنر پرانمان نقوش جھوڑيں گا۔

# برائيژل کوچرو يک (بي ی ژبليو):

ہم برائیڈل کو چرو یک جو2010 سے ہر سال منعقد کیا جاتا ہے، ملک کا سب سے شائدار اور اعلیٰ پروفائل برائیڈل ایونٹ ہے۔اس میزن کے کلیکٹن نے شائقین کو فوبصور تی ،ائداز ،اورخالص لباس کی خوبصور تی کی دنیا میں اپنے دکش امپرائیڈری کہنگوں اور بردی محنت سے بنائی ہوئی ثیر وانی کے ساتھ گھیر لیا۔

فیشن سے بحبت کرنے والے تمام شائفین کے لیے حوصلہ افزائی کی تلاش میں جم برائیڈل کوچہ و بک ایک ہے مثال تجربہ بیش کرتا ہے جس میں متعدد برانڈز کے لیے ریپ پر چلنے والی مشہور شخصیات کی حجیمری لائن اپ ہے۔

# بم استأل ايواروز:

ستبر ۲۰۲۲ سے مہینے میں ۸۰ دیں ہم ایوارڈ اے دوران ایک شاندار تقریب منعقد کی گئی جس میں ۲۰ سامیر میں میں در ان موہیقی ، فیشن اور ہم ٹیلی ویژن ڈراموں کے دکشن دائر سے بہترین کارکر دگی کا جشن صنایا گیا۔ ستاروں سے سبح اس ایونٹ نے کینیڈ امیں ٹیان الماقوا می سطح پر اپنی جگہ ہتائی اورا سے دمبر ۲۰۱۳ء میں ہم ٹی دکی پر نشر کیا گیا، جس نے اپنے جادو سے دنیا بجر کے سامعین کوسمور کر دیا۔

کیکن گلیسرشام کا داحد مرکز نمیس تفاے کارپوریت ساجی ذمیداری (سی ایس آر) کے دل کوچھونے والے ڈسپلے میں ایوارڈ زے تکٹ کی آمدنی کا ایک مصر ۲۰۰۳ء میں یا کستان کے سیلاب کے متاثرین کی مدد کے لیے وقف کیا گیا تھا۔اس سے نکاہر ہوا کرفن اورتفزیج کااثر زندگیوں پراٹر انداز ہوسکتا ہے اورا یک شبت انبدیلی پیدا کرسکتا ہے۔

## بم وومين ليدرز ايواروز:

فروری ۱۹۰۳ء میں، اسلام آباد کا نامور جناح کونش سینٹر ہم دیمن لیڈرز ایوارڈ ز کے چوتھ ایڈیشن کی روفقوں سے جگمگا تھا۔ اس تظیم الشان تقریب بیں تو می اور بین الاقوامی سطح پر غیر معمولی خواتین کی کامیا بیوں کا جشن منایا گیا، جنہوں نے سفارت کاری معابق کام آبھیم جست کی دیکھ بھال، انسائی حقوق اور محافت بیس شاہدار کارکردگی کامظاہرہ کیا۔

یہ ایک پر دقارتقر یہ بھی جس بٹر کوئی اور نیس بلکہ خو وصدر مملکت ؤاکٹر عارف ماؤی ، پاکشان کی متحرک تفریخی صنعت سے تعلق ر کھنے والے قابل ذکر شخصیات اور روثن خیالوں کی موجود گی سے لطف اندوز ہوئے۔ بیا بک الیمن شام تھی جس نے خواتین کی حوصلہ افزائی کی اور انہیں ہاا ختیار مینایا۔

# جيومن ريسورس مينجنث:

نمیند درک اپندانسانی دسائل کوسب سے جیتی اٹا شرکے طور پر دیجتا ہے ادرایسی فضا قائم کرنے کی طرف خصوصی توجد دیتا ہے جوترتی ،اعلی کارکردگی تنظیمی اقد اراور کاروباری اخلاقیات پڑل بیرا ہو۔

## بنيادى اقدار:

ہم نبین ورک لمینڈا ہے ملاز مین کومعاشی اورا قضاوی غدمات فراہم کرنے کیلے مسلسل کوشاں ہے کیونگ اس سے انہیں صحت منداور پیشے وراند طریقے سے کمل ہم آ بنگی میں کام کرنے میں مدوماتی ہے۔

ال مقصد كيلي بم نيك ورك فيلى في ورج ذيل بنيادى اقدار قام ك ين إ

- \_ ویانتداری وایماعداری
  - ۲ ساکامزت کرا
  - ٢- عبدالكن/مليت
  - هم محاسبه ورمقاصد
    - هـ مجمورک
    - ۲۔ تبذیب
- محت/حفاظت اور حفظان محت

ہم تمام اقد امات میں مذکورہ بالا بنیاوی اقدار پر کاربند بیں اورہم بیا قرار کرتے ہیں کہ بیانساف بمعروضیت اورثیم ورک کے گھر کوفر وغ دیے میں مدو کرتا ہے۔

# خطرات كى انتظاميه:

حاری کینی اپنے قاتل احتاد رسک پنجمنٹ فریم ورک پرفتر کرتی ہے، جو تہ صرف مکنہ خطرات کی شناخت اوران کا جا کزد لینے کے لیے ڈیز ائن کیا گیا ہے بلکہ ترتی کے مواقع کی نشائد ہی کرنے کے لیے بھی بنایا گیا ہے۔ یہ جامع نظام شفافیت کو بہتر بنانے ، جارے کاروباری اہداف کی حفاظت ، اور جارے مسابقتی فائدہ کو مضبوط بنانے کے لیے احتیاط ہے ڈیز ائن کیا گیا ہے۔

جاری انڈسٹری کے سلسل بدلتے ہوئے منظرتا ہے ہیں، ہم نہ سرف اندرونی یک بیرونی اور یکولیٹری خطرات ہے نفتے کی اہمیت کوشلیم کرتے ہیں۔ ہمارارسک فریم ورک ہماری کپٹی کی وسیح تماش اور مکت اثرات کودرست کرنے میں اہم کردارادا کرتا ہے۔ بیفتا تنظراس بات کویٹی بتاتا ہے کہ ہم چیلنجوں کو نیو گئیٹ کرنے اور جارے اسے میں آنے والے مواقع سے فائدہ اٹھائے کے لیما چھی طرح سے تیار ہیں۔

## اندسرى كاخطره:

ا نٹر کیٹھنٹ انڈسٹری سامعین کے بدلتے ہوئے مطالبات اور ربھانات کے ساتھ انتہا کی مسابقتی ہے جس سے ملکی اور مین الاقوامی حریفوں کے ساتھ دخت مقالبے کا ماحول پیدا ہوتا ہے جو سامعین کے وقت کے لیے مقابلہ کرتے ہیں۔

سے انٹرنیٹ بلانز ، سارٹ فوٹز اور لیپ ناپس کی برحتی ہوئی وسٹیالی کے ساتھ ، ٹیلی ویژن ہے جیشل میڈیا کی طرف میڈیا سپانسرز کی برحتی ہوئی منتقی کے ساتھ ساتھ و بیجیشل میڈیا سیکسر نے انڈسٹری میں بہت سے ہے آنے والوں کی وقیسی کوئی بلند ہوں تک پہنچا دیا ہے۔ و بیجیشل میدان میں تیز رفتارتر تی کے جواب میں ، کپنی نے اس موقع سے زیادہ فاکدہ اٹھائے سے لیے ایک و بیجیشل میڈیا حکمت عملی تیار کی ہے۔

# بيرونی خطره:

میڈیا شری کی اشتباری آمدنی ملک کی اقتصادی ترق سے جڑی ہوئی ہے۔ خراب میکروا کنا سک محول کینی کی اشتباری آمدنی پرشفی اثر ڈال سکتا ہے بیجو کہ بماری آمدنی کا سب سے بروا حصیہ ہے۔

جارے ملک کاموجودہ کرنے اکاؤنٹ شارہ (ی اے ڈی) ہے جو پاکستانی اور امریکی کرنسی کے نفاوت اور اٹاریز ساؤ کو بہت زیادہ متناثر کرنڈ ہے۔ پاکستانی اور امریکی کرنسیوں میں کمی بھی انتہائی اٹاریز ساؤ کا ہماری معیشت پر بہت زیادہ اثر پوسکتا ہے ،اس طرح ہماری کہنی کی آمدتی اور اثر اجات متناثر ہوتے ہیں۔

# ريگوليثري خطره:

قانون اور شوابلا مین کوئی بھی تبدیلی کینی کے لیے آمد ٹی اور کا رویا رکرنے کی لاگت پر مادی اڑ ڈال عمق ہے۔

# كيش فلواورليكوئية يل:

کمپنی مجموع کیکویڈین کوئیٹنی بناتے سے لیے بیش فادی سلسل محرانی کر رہی ہے۔ کمپنی سخت کریڈرٹ کنٹرول کوئیٹنی بنا کر اور دوران سال بالواسط طور پراخراجات کو کم کر سے اپنے کیٹش فادکوشٹلم کرتے ہے۔ میں کا میاب رہی کمپنی نے کسی محمد بیت یا معاشی استخام مے طریقہ کا رکے مواقع سے فائد واقعانے سے لیے انٹریٹ اور زرمبادا۔ کے دیشس کی گرانی جاری رکھی۔

# كار پوريث معاشرتي ذمه داري:

بورؤ كاربوريت اجى فسددارى ( ى اليس آر ) اوركينى كى دوزمره كى كاردبارى سركرميول يس بهترا باجى طريقول كانتفام كے ليے برعوم ب-

اس سال، ہماری کمپنی نے پیما تدہ بچوں کی تعلیم کی و مدواری لے کران کی زندگیوں میں بامعنی حصہ والے کا بیڑا اٹھایا ہے۔ فریت کوئتم کرنے اور روش مستقبل کی امیدفراہم کرنے کیلئے تعلیم ایک طاقتور و رابیہ ہے، بدشتی سے ہماری کمیونئی میں بہت سے بیچے مالی مجبوریوں کی وجہ سے معیاری تعلیم تک رسانی سے تروم ہیں۔ اس ضرورت کو تیجیتے ہوئے، ہم دید ورک نے ہرسال کے سالانہ خالص منافع کا ایک حصہ پسما تدہ بچوں کی تعلیم میں دینے کے علاوہ عطید دیا ہے۔ ویدے گئے عطیات کو کراچی کے 10 اسکولوں کی مدو کے لیے استعمال کمیا جائے گا، جنہیں مومنہ اور دورید فاؤنڈیش نے بسما تدہ بچوں کو معیاری تعلیم فراہم کرنے کے لیے اپنایا ہے۔

اس سال بیم آزادی پر، ہم دیے ورک کمینڈ نے ''ہم سے پاکستان' ممہم کا آغاز کیا، جس میں ہماری قوم کو در پیش چیلنجوں پر قابر پائے کے لیے اسید، تعاون اور اتحاوکا ایک زبروست پیغام و یا گیا۔ اس مہم کا مقصد عام پاکستانیول کی مثنا اثر کن واستانوں کو ظاہر کرنا ہے جنہوں نے اپنی براور یوں میں شبت تبدیلیوں کا آغاز کیا ہے۔

## ملازمین کی تربیت اورترقی:

ہماری سالا نہ تشخیصی مشق کے جھے کے طور پر ، ہرمان زم کا انفرادی بنیادول پر جائزہ اور مشاورت کی جاتی ہے۔ تر بیتی سیشنز کا تعین ضرور یات کی بنیاد پر کیا جاتا ہے جوملاز ثان کے لیے تر قی کے مواقع پیدا کرتا ہے اور جسیں انتہائی حوصلہ افزاء اور تر بیت یافتہ وسائل فراہم کرتا ہے۔

# دوران سال بورد كاستينس:

پورڈی میعاد ۲۴ اگست ۱۹۳۰ و کوشم ہوئی اور سے انتھابات اگست ۱۹۳۰ و نے تھے۔ چونکہ اللی امید داروں کی تعداد انتھابات کے لیے مقررکرد دوائر یکٹرز کی تعداد کے برابرتھی ، فہذا کہتی نے کمینز ایکٹ سے ۱۹۳۰ و کے سیکٹن (۴) ۹۵ کے تحت مورض ۱۳ اگست ۱۹۳۰ و کوسٹے انتھابات کرانے کا اعلان کیا۔ ناائل امید داروں کی جانب سے ڈائر یکٹرز کے ذکورہ انتھاب پر سوال اشایا گیا۔ چنا خیر نتیج ڈائر یکٹرز نے بھی مقدمہ دائر کیا۔ معزز مندھ ہاکیورٹ نے آرڈ رمورہ انتھابار کرا ۱۹۳۰ و کے ذریعے کہتی کو بدایت کی کہ مقدمہ نبر ۹۹۸/۲۰۲۰ میں سنگل نے کے تی ایم اے نبر ۲۰۲۰ کے تھی فیصلے کے تحت ۱۳ اگست ۱۹۳۰ و کو دوئے والے انتھابات ملتو کی اور شیڈول کیے جا کیں۔ عدالت کے تھی فیصلے کا انتظار ہے۔

تاہم، الیس ای بی کی جانب سے وضاحت کے بعد اور نذکور ووضاحت کومتر م ہائی کورٹ آف سندھ کے پاس ریکارڈ پر رکھنے کے بعد، کینی نے اپنے قانونی امورانجام ویئے کے لیے سابقہ بورڈ کے ساتھ کاردوائی کی۔ ساتھ کاردوائی کی۔

# منتقبل كي حكمت عملي اور چيلنجز:

سیای عدم استخام اور معافی پر سالی پاکستان کی اقتصادی ترقی کوسلسل متاثر کررتی ہے۔ مزید برآ ں ، ہرآ ہدات میں کی ، ادائیکیوں کے قوائدن کا بحران ، ادرگرتی ہوئی شرح مباولہ نے غیر کئی سرما بیکاری کودو کا ہوئی شرح مباولہ نے غیر کئی سرما بیکاری کودو کا ہوئی ہوئی شرح کرتے ہیں کہ آئے والے استخاب اور اور دی کا ہاہ ہے : فیس ہے ہوئی سے ایک کا روبار دوں اور سرما بیکار دوں کے لیے تیادہ شخص ہے۔ یہ سخرک موالی زیبن کی تو کین کونی شکل دے ہم کے بھی تنایع کرتے ہیں کہ تفریق کو کی اور کونی شکل دے اور کا بیک کونی میں ایک دورہ ہوئی ہوئی جو روجو ہات کی بناء پر اس کو برو سے کا روبا نے کے لیے ٹابت میں ، جو سندنی میں ایک دلک فراہم کرد ہے ہیں۔ سندت کے رہنما کے طور پر ، ہم الامحد دو صابحیتوں کو تسلیم کرتے ہیں اور قتاف مجبور وجو ہات کی بناء پر اس کو برو سے کا روبا نے کے لیے ٹابت قدم رہتے ہیں۔

ہم نیوز کے ذریعے، جدت اور صافتی دیانت کو برقر ار کھتے ہوئے اوراپ ناظرین کی انجرتی ہوئی ضروریات اور ترجیات کے مطابق ڈھال کر ڈیجیٹل دور میں اپنانے اور پھٹے پھولنے کا موقع ہے۔ جب تک ہم ستقل طور پر قابل اعتاد مبتنوع اور ککش مواوفراہم کرتے ہیں، ہمارے ستقبل کے امکانات امیدا فزار ہیں گے۔

ان حالات کے پیش نظر، بماری کمپنی کی انتظامیرتندی سے کثیر جبتی محلت عملی پر تل بیرا ہے۔ اس محلت عملی بیس ہماری آیدنی کے ذرائع کومتنوع بنانا، ہماری لاگتی اسٹر پچرکو بموار کرنا، آپریشنل کا ارکردگی کو بہتر بنانا، اور ہماری فروخت کی کوششوں کو تیز کرنا شامل ہے۔ بین اسپورٹس کا حالیہ حسول توع کے حصول کی جانب ایک اہم قدم ہے، جوکہ آمدنی بیس خاطر خواہ اضافے کا ایک ولیب موقع فراہم کر ہے گا۔ کھیلوں کے کوئینٹ کی سلسل پڑھتی ہوئی، تگ کے ساتھ، ہم پرامید بیں کہ بیاسٹرا ٹیجک اقدام تعیس آیک فروٹے پر بریاد کیٹ بیس داخل ہونے کا صوقع فراہم کر ہے گا۔

ایک اعلی درج کے تفریحی فراہم کشندہ کے طور پرہم نیٹ درک کے معزز مقام پرہمارا گہرا فخر ، بؤکر سالول کی ثابت قدی ادرا مخت سے بنا ہے ،ہمارے مزم کو آگے بڑھا تا ہے۔ہم ایک بہترین تفریکی تجریب فراہم کرنے کے لیے پرعزم میں جوہمارے پہندیدہ ناظرین ادر قابل فقد راسٹیک بولڈرز دوٹول کے لیے خوشی کا باعث ہے۔

## كريدكى ريثنك:

پاکستان کریٹرٹ ریٹنگ ایجننی کمینٹر(پاکرا) نے طویل بدتی اور مخترمہ تی ریٹنگ برائے انتجابین ایل اے + اوراے ون مرتب کی ہے، یہ دیجہ بندیاں کریٹرٹ کے خطرے کی کم توقع اور ہارکیٹ میں میٹ ورک کی مضوط پوزیش کو فلا ہر کرتی ہیں۔

## بورة كى تفكيل اورمعاوضے:

بورد کی تفکیل اور بورد کمیڈیول محمیران کے نام ک کی گرساتھ قبل کے بیان میں دیتے جاسکتے ہیں۔

عزید برآس، بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کے پاک کینیزا بکٹ سے اور اسٹائینیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گونٹس)ر بگولیشنو ۱۹۰۸ء کے مطابق اپنے ڈائر بکٹرز کے معاوضے کے لیے با قاعدہ پالیسی اور شفاف طریقہ کارموجود ہے۔

# شيئر بولدنگ كاپيرن:

٣٠ جون ٢٣٠ ء عک شيئر مولد عک كاپيرن سالاندر بورث كرساتهونسك

## دُائر يكثرز كي ميٽنك:

دوران سال بورة آف ۋائز يكشرزى جار (٧) مآ ۋى كىمىنى كى جار (٧) اور يېيىن راينورس اور ديميو ئريش كىيىنى كى دو (٢) مىلنگ منعقد تېيىل بوكىي -

## بردُارٌ يكثرزك شركت درج ذيل ع:

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ڈائز <u>ک</u> ٹرز کام	يورؤآف والزيكثرزى شركت	آ ڈے کمیٹی کی شرکت	بيوس ريسور اور ريميونريش
جناب عظير الحق صديقي	Pr.		5
مس سلطانه صديقي	r		1
جناب سبيل انصار	r.	150	r
سزمبتاب أكبرراشدي	r	nes.	<b>f</b> .
<i>ڄ</i> ڻاب شنيد قريش	n i	zř.	-
محترمه فوش بخت عباعت	r		
ليفايوك جزل (ريثارُوُ) آصف ياسين ملك	e e	۳	
چناب وريد قريش	p'		=
محمدا يوب يونس آدهي	+		

## : 15 2 1

موجوده آذینرز تیسرزای دائی فورد رحودز چارزد اکا تیشیشس جوکه رینائز بوت چین ممکن ہے کہ اس سال ۲۰۲۳-۲۰۰۴ء کے لئے ان کاووبارہ تقرر کیاجائے۔

# نظم وصبط اور مالياتي ريور ننگ كافريم ورك:

- میں کھنے کی انتظامیری جانب سے تیار کروہ مالیاتی گوشوار کے پیٹی کے حالات اس کے آپریشنز کے نتائے ، کیش فلواورا یکوئی میں تبدیلی کی شفاف عکای کرتے ہیں۔
  - الله كيني ككمات مناب طريقت الكيوار بيل.
  - الله مناب اكاؤ منك باليسيول ك تسلسل كومالياتي محوشوار من تياري شي الأكوكيا كياب- اكاؤ منتك كمانداز ما مران اورهنا ط فيسلول بينتي و تي الله
    - 🚓 مالیاتی گوشوار کے تیاری شن بین الاقوای مالیاتی رپورنگ معیارات، جوکہ پاکستان شن نافذ العمل ہیں ،ان کی بیروی کی گئی ہے۔
      - 🖈 اشرال محترول کے نظام مضبوط میں اور اس کی مورثر طریقے ہے محملدر آ مداور گرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
        - مین آئے والے سالوں میں کمپنی کی کاروباری شلسل پرکوئی قابل ذکر مشکوک و شبهات نیس میں۔

- 🖈 نظم فتق محوالے ہے مینی میں کارپوریٹ گورشس کو کمل طور پر نافذ کیا ہے جو کہ لسٹنگ ریکولیشن میں درج ہے اوراس سے کوئی انح اف جیس کیا گیا ہے۔
  - 🖈 منیسز، ڈیوٹیز اور دیگر میار جز کے اکاؤٹ پڑلوئی ادا لیگی واجب اللاوائیس ہے جو کہ مالیاتی سال ہے متعلق ہے۔
    - جنة زيرجائز ومدت كروران يورد آف دائر يكثر زكي وومينتكز منعقد بوكس
  - 🚓 چیف ایکزیکیٹیو آفیسرز، ڈائریکٹرز، چیف ٹانشل آفیسراور کمپنی سکریٹری، ان کی بیمات اور بچوں کی شیئرز میں تجارت ورج ذیل ہے:

	حول	أرأنغ
چيف ا گيز يكينيو آفيسر		
والزبيشر محتز مسلطانه صديقي	Λε***ε***	
ى اليف او وكم پنى تىكىر يېژى		
بيكات اوريج		

## ۋويدنش اورمناسبت:

٣٠ جون ٢٠٠١ م مؤخم ہونے والے مالی سال کے دوران ، کیتی نے کسی جمی کیش ڈیویڈیڈ کا اطلان ٹیس کیا تا ہم ہروا شیئر زے لیے ا شیئر زے تناسب سے بوٹس شیئر ز جاری کیے گھے۔

بورڈ سب سے پرداانٹر میشندے آرگنا تربیشن بننے کے اپنے نظر یکو حاصل کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ بورڈ کی ترقی کے منصوبوں کو ملی جامد پہنانے کیلئے کپنی کے پاس دستیاب فنڈ زکو مذنظر رکھتے ہوئے شیئر ہولڈرز کے حتی اوا بیکی کی جمجو پرٹیس دے رہا تا کہ اس ترقی کو آمدتی اور آپریشنز میں استعال کیا جاسکے۔

بورد آف والريمرزى جانب

موری ۲۵ حمبر ۲<u>۳ن</u> گراچی

مظهرالهق صديقي

起冷息的 海

وريدقريشي مريد تريشي

# Report Of The Directors On Consolidated Financial Statements

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to submit the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements along with the Auditor's Report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The consolidated financial statements comprise of group companies consisting of;

Company	Region	Relationship	Shareholding %
Skyline Publications (Private) Limited	Pakistan	Subsidiary	100%
HUM TV Inc.	Pakistan	Subsidiary	100%
HUM Network FZ LLC	Dubai	Subsidiary	100%
HUM Network UK Limited	United Kingdom	Subsidiary	100%
HUM Co. (Private) Limited	Pakistan	Subsidiary	100%
HUM Mart (Private) Limited	Pakistan	Subsidiary	70%
Tower Sports (Private) Limited	Pakistan	Subsidiary	100%

For the financial year ended June 30, 2023 the group recorded revenue of Rs. 7,568 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 6,545 million) and profit after tax of Rs. 1,918 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 1,395 million). The results translate into earnings per share of Rs. 1.72 (FY 2022 – restated: Rs. 1.25).

The Directors' Report on HUM Network Limited for the year ended June 30, 2023 has been separately presented in the annual report.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

September 25, 2023 Karachi

DURAID QURESHI
Chief Executive

MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman & Director

# مجموعی مالیاتی گوشواروں پرڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

بورد آف دائر يكثرزى جانب سے ش مالياتى سال ٢٠٠٠ جون ٢٠٠٠ على سالان مجموى مالياتى كوشوار سے محمع آؤيئرزر بورث پيش كرر بابول-

# گروپ درج ذیل پ<sup>مش</sup>مثل ہے:

سميني المستحدث	تمطه	رشته	شيئر مولدٌ تك فيصد
اسكائ لائن يعليكيشز (يا ئيريك) لميند	پاکستان	ة يلى اداره	++ فيصد
بهم فی وی انکار پوریش	باكستان	ة طي اواره	١٠٠ فيصد
جم نیت درک ایف زید وایل ایل ی	وعيّ	و یلی اداره	++ا قِصد
بم بيك ورك يو كالمينة	يونا يَيْفَدُ تَكَلَّدُم	ة يلى اواره	١٠٠ قِصد
بهم کپنی (پرائیویٹ) لمینڈ	پاکستان	ة يلى اواره	١٠٠ فيصد
بم مارے ( پائیویٹ ) لینڈ	ياكشان	قریلی اواره	دے فیصد
ئاوراسپور <sup>ش</sup> (پرائيويث)لمبيد	پاکستان	ة يلى اواره	••ا فيصد

مالياتي سال ۴۰ جون ۲۰۲۳ء يم گروپ نے مبلغ ۵۱۸ ماليين روپ منافع (۳۰ جون ۲۰۵۲ ماليين روپ) اور بعد الرئيس مبلغ ۱۹۱۸ اليين روپ (۳۰ جون ۲۰۳۳ء ۱۳۵۵ الليين روپ) منافع حاصل كيار بينتائج آمدتي ۷۷ سار ۷ دروپ في شيئر (مالياتي سال ۲۰۲۲ء ۲۵ سار ۱۶۵ سار ۱۶۵ سار کارت ترب دينځ کي چي ر

ہم نیٹ ورک لینڈر پر مالیاتی سال ۲۰ جون ۲۰ تا کی ڈائر بھٹر رپورٹ سالاندر پورٹ میں علیحدہ سے پیش کی گئی ہے۔

پورؤ آف ۋار كيشرز كى جانب

موری ۲۵ عتبر ۲۳۰۰م

315

مقلبرالحق صديقي

چيئز بين وڏائز يکثر

در پیرقریش چیف انگزیکیپیو آفیه

# Code of ethics & business practices

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 The provisions of this Code as set forth are mandatory, and full compliance is expected under all circumstances. The Code affirms the Company's commitment to uphold high moral and ethical standards and specifies the basic norms of behavior for those who are involved in representing the Company i.e. every director or every employee or other person(s) associated or working with the Company (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Members or We or Us or Our").
- 1.2 Failure to comply with the Code can result in consequences for both the individual and the Company. The Company can impose appropriate discipline which may include discharge for violations of the Code. Furthermore, conduct that violates the Code may also violate federal or provincial law and could subject both the Company and the individual to prosecutions and legal sanctions.
- 1.3 All members are responsible for complying with the Code. Any director or employee who becomes aware of a violation or possible violation of the Code must report that information immediately to his/her superior or a senior officer of the Company or the audit committee of the Board of Directors. It is a violation of the Code to discriminate or retaliate against any person for reporting such information.

#### 2. Build Trust and Credibility

2.1 The success of our business is dependent on the trust and confidence we earn from our employees, directors and shareholders. We gain credibility by adhering to our commitments, displaying honesty and integrity and reaching Company goals solely through honorable conduct. It is easy to say what we must do, but the proof is in our actions. Ultimately, we will be judged on what we do.

#### Compliance with the Law

- 3.1 Company's commitment to integrity begins with complying with laws, rules and regulations where we do business. Further, each of us must have an understanding of the company policies, laws, rules and regulations that apply to our specific roles. If we are unsure of whether a contemplated action is permitted by law or Company policy or in case of any other ambiguity, we should seek the advice from the HR Department/HR & R Committee/ Company's Legal Counsel/ Audit Committee as the case may be. We are responsible for preventing violations of law and for reporting to the appropriate person(s) if we see possible violations.
- 3.2 Many of the Company's activities are subject to complex and changing laws. Ignorance of the law is not a defense. Accordingly, Members must diligently ensure that they are aware of, and that their conduct cannot be interpreted as being in contravention of laws governing the affairs of the Company.

## 4. Confidential and Proprietary Information

- 4.1 Integral to the Company's business success is our protection of confidential company information, as well as nonpublic information entrusted to us by employees, customers and other business partners. Confidential and proprietary information includes such things as pricing and financial data, customer names/addresses or nonpublic information about other companies, including current or potential supplier and vendors. We will not disclose confidential and nonpublic information without a valid business purpose and proper authorization.
- 4.2 Certain records, reports, papers, processes, plans and methods of the Company or to which the Company has been permitted access are considered to be secret and confidential by the Company or the party who has permitted access thereto, and employees and Directors are prohibited from revealing information concerning such matters without proper authorization.
- 4.3 Directors, individuals, clients, agencies, investors and the public should have information about the Company as is necessary for them adequately to Judge the Company and its activities. The Company believes that full and complete reporting to governmental agencies and the provision of information to the public as required constitutes a responsible and workable approach to disclosure. However, the Company except as required by law, will not disclose information important to its competitive effectiveness or which might violate the private rights of individuals, enterprises or institutions. Employee and Directors are therefore prohibited from discussing or disclosing any secret or confidential information about the Company or in the possession of the Company unless such disclosure has been authorized by the Board of Directors and /or as required by the law.
- 4.4 All member shall comply with Company's policies and procedures relating to the retention and orderly destruction of the Company's documents.

4.5 It is important that we respect the proprietary rights of others. We will not acquire or seek to acquire improper means of a competitor's trade secrets or other proprietary or confidential information. We will not engage in unauthorized use, copying, distribution or alteration of software or other intellectual property.

## 5. Use of Company Resources/Property

- 5.1 The employees and directors will always maintain in good condition Company property/resources, which may be entrusted to them for official use during the course of employment and shall return all such property to the Company prior to relinquishment of her/his charge, failing which the cost of the same will be recovered by the Company.
- 5.2 Company resources, including but not limited to the materials, assets (moveable or immoveable), intellectual property, equipment, electronic devices, telephones, fax machines, emails, WhatsApp, mobile/cell phones, mobile sims, computers, laptops, internet connections/devices, social media accounts, digital platforms, data and information etc. ("Company Property") are provided for company business use only and no personal use is permissible.
- 5.3 All employees and those who represent the Company are trusted to behave responsibly and use good judgment to conserve company resources and properties. Head of the departments (HOD) are responsible for the resources assigned to their departments and are empowered to resolve issues concerning their proper use.
- 5.4 No employee shall be allowed or permitted to use Company Property in the conduct of an outside business or in support of any religious, political or other outside daily activity, except for company-requested support to nonprofit organizations. Company will not solicit contributions nor distribute non-work related materials.
- 5.5 In order to protect the interests of the Company and/or other employees or associated person or undertakings, the Company reserves the right to monitor or review all data and information contained on an employee's company-issued computer or electronic device, the use of the Internet or Company's intranet, Company will not tolerate the use of Company Property or other resources to create, access, store, print, solicit or send any materials that are harassing, threatening, abusive, sexually explicit or otherwise offensive or inappropriate in any manner whatsoever.

## 6. Create a Culture of Open and Honest Communication

- 6.1 At the Company everyone should feel comfortable to speak his or her mind, particularly with respect to ethics concerns. Head of departments have a responsibility to create an open and supportive environment where employees feel comfortable raising such questions. We all benefit tremendously when employees exercise their power to prevent mistakes or wrongdoing by asking the right questions at the right times.
- 6.2 Employees are encouraged, in the first instance, to address such issues with their managers/superior, as most problems can be resolved swiftly at this stage. If for any reason that is not possible or if an employee is not comfortable raising the issue with his or her manager/HOD, HR does operate with an open-door policy.

#### 7. Gifts and Entertainment

- 7.1 Members shall not on behalf of the Company, furnish directly or indirectly, expensive gifts or provide excessive entertainment or benefits to other persons.
- 7.2 Members whose duties permit them to do so, may furnish modest gifts, favors and entertainment to persons other than public officials, provided all of the following criteria are met:
- (a) The gifts are not in form of cash, bonds or other negotiable securities and are of limited value so as not to be capable of being interpreted as a bribe, payoff or other improper payment;
- they are made as a matter of general and accepted business practice and does not constitute unfair business inducements that would violate law, regulation or policies of the Company;
- (c) they do not contravene any laws and are made in accordance with generally accepted ethical practices; and
- (d) if subsequently disclosed to the public, their provision would not in any way embarrass the Company or the recipients or reflect negatively on Company's reputation
  - For example, reasonable expenses of the entertainment of current or prospective business associates or customers are permissible by employees whose duties embrace the providing of such entertainment, provided prior approval from the CEO are obtained and proper accounting is made.
- 7.3 Members who award contracts or who can influence the allocation of business, who create specifications that result in the placement of business or who participate in negotiation of contracts must be particularly careful to avoid actions

that create the appearance of favoritism or that may adversely affect the Company's reputation for impartiality and fair dealing. The prudent course is to refuse a courtesy from a vendor when Company is involved in choosing or reconfirming a supplier or under circumstances that would create an impression that offering courtesies is the way to obtain Company business.

#### 8. Public Officials

- 8.1 All dealings between employees or directors of the Company and public officials should be transparent.
- 8.2 Even the appearance of impropriety in dealing with public officials is improper and unacceptable. Any participation directly or indirectly, in any bribes, kickbacks, illegal gratuities indirect contributions or similar payments is expressly forbidden, whether or not they might further the business interest of the Company. Maintenance of a high standard of integrity is of the utmost importance to the Company.
- 8.3 Since the furnishing, on behalf of the Company, of even an inexpensive gift or a modest entertainment or benefit to a public official may be open to the interpretation that it was furnished illegally to secure the use of his/her influence as public official, no such gift, entertainment or benefit may be furnished by an employee or director.

#### 9. Political Contributions

- 9.1 The use of the Company's funds, goods or services as contributions to political parties, candidates or campaigns is specifically forbidden.
- 9.2 Contributions include money or anything having value, such as loans, services, entertainment, trips and the use of the Company's facilities or assets.

#### 10. Personal Gain

- 10.1 Directors or employees shall not use their status to obtain personal gain from those doing or seeking to do business with the Company.
- 10.2 Except as hereinafter provided, employees and directors should neither seek nor accept gifts, payments, services, fees, special valuable privileges, pleasure or vacation trips or accommodations or loans from any persons (except, in the case of loans, from persons in the business of lending and then only on conventional terms) or from any organization or group that does or is seeking to do business with the Company or any of its affiliates, or from a competitor of the Company or any of its affiliates. However, employees and directors may accept modest gifts, favors or entertainment up to the maximum limits prescribed by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time provided that doing so is consistent with the tests relating to the furnishing of gifts set forth in section-7.

#### 11. Conflicts of Interest

- 11.1 Members should avoid situations in which their personal interests conflict or might conflict with their responsibilities towards the Company. All such conflicts must be fully disclosed to the employee's superior or in the case of directors, to the audit committee of the Board of directors.
- 11.2 Members should seek to avoid acquiring any interest or participation in any activities that would tend to:
- Deprive the Company of the time or attention required to perform their duties properly; or
- b. Create an obligation or distraction which would affect their judgment or ability to act solely in the Company's best interest.
- 11.3 All members are required to disclose in writing to their supervisors or to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors all business, commercial or financial interests or activities where such interests or activities might reasonably be regarded as creating an actual or potential conflict with their duties to the Company. Every employee of the Company who is charged with executive, managerial or supervisory responsibility and every Director is required to see that actions taken and decision made within his/her jurisdiction are free from the influence of any interests that might reasonably be regarded as conflicting with those of the Company.
- 11.4 If personal financial benefit is improperly gained by an employee or director, directly or indirectly, or through a spouse or child or a relative sharing the same residence as the employee or director, as a result of his / her employment or position with the Company or by the use or misuse of the Company's property or of information that is confidential to the Company's business, then the employee or director must account to the Company for any benefit received. Member must do more than merely act within the law. They must act in such a manner that their conduct will bear the closest scrutiny should circumstance demand that it be examined. Not only actual conflicts of interest but the very appearance of conflict should be avoided.

11.5 Determining whether a conflict of interest exists is not always easy to do. Member with a conflict of interest question should seek advice from management. Before engaging in any activity, transaction or relationship that might give rise to a conflict of interest, employees must seek review from their managers or the HR department/ Company's Legal Counsel/Audit Committee.

#### 12. Inside Information

- 12.1 Members shall not use for their own financial gain or disclose for the use of others, inside information obtained as a result of their position within the Company.
- 12.2 Members may find themselves in violation of the applicable securities laws if they misuse information not generally known to the public and either trade or induce others to trade in the stock of the Company or in the stock of another Company. Specific confidential information would include but not limited to financial information, information concerning acquisitions or dispositions of properties and proposed acquisition or mergers with other companies.
- 12.3 Confidential, price-sensitive information may only be acted on or passed on if the transfer of information is necessary for legitimate business reasons ("Need to Know-Principal") or unless it is required by the law. Anyone who has such information may not recommend or initiate transactions with respect to any securities or other financial instruments the price of which may be affected by such information. The Company must be informed immediately if a member has reason to believe information is being or has been shared that violates insider trading regulations.

#### 13. Client Information and Advice

13.1 Members must not seek to mislead the market or clients in any manner. When working with a client, appropriate care shall be taken that the client receives information which is necessary for a reasonable decision by the client. This includes information and advice given. Members shall not provide advice and/or recommendations regarding any service in which they are not appropriately authorized.

# 14. Authorization and Recording of Transactions and safekeeping of Assets

- 14.1 The Company's books and records must reflect, in an accurate, fair and timely manner, the transactions and disposition of assets of the Company. Member responsible for the Company's books and records must ensure that this occurs.
- 14.2 All transactions must be authorized and executed in accordance with the instructions of management and the Board of Directors. They must be recorded so as to permit the accurate preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and other generally accepted laws applicable to such statements and to maintain accountability for assets.
- 14.3 Access to assets is permitted only in accordance with the authorization of management.
- 14.4 The use of Company funds or assets for any unlawful or improper purpose is strictly prohibited and those responsible for the accounting and record Keeping functions are expected to be vigilant in ensuring enforcement of this prohibition. The recorded accountability for assets will be compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action will be taken with respect to any differences.
- 14.5 We must not improperly influence, manipulate or mislead any authorized audit, nor interfere with any auditor engaged to perform an internal independent audit of Company books, records, processes or internal controls.
- 14.6 Safeguarding the company's assets is the responsibility of all members. Theft, carelessness, and waste have a direct impact on the company's profitability. Assets should be used efficiently and maintain such assets with care and respect, while guarding against waste and abuse. Look for opportunities to improve performance while reducing costs. The use of company time, materials, assets, or facilities for purposes unrelated to the company's business, or the removal or borrowing of company property, is prohibited

#### 15. Discrimination-Free Work Environment

- 15.1 The policy of the Company is to provide a working environment free of discrimination and harassment in which individuals are accorded equality of employment opportunity based upon merit and ability.
- 15.2 Discriminatory practices based on race, sex, color, national or ethnic origin, religion, marital status, family status, age or disability will not be tolerated. Members are entitled to freedom from sexual and all other forms of personal harassment in the work place.

15.3 It is not a discriminatory practice to make a distinction between persons based on bona fide occupational requirements. Since bona fide occupational requirements are narrowly defined, such distinctions should not be undertaken without first obtaining express authorization.

## 16 Competition and Trade Practice Standards

- 16.1 The Company shall compete vigorously and creatively in its business activities, but its efforts in the marketplace shall be conducted in a fair and ethical manner in strict compliance with applicable competition and trade practice laws and regulations.
- 16.2 Under no circumstances shall any employee or Director of the Company be a party to any collusion or concerted effort of any type involving any competitor vendor, supplier, customer or other party, which is in restraint of trade or violation of laws and regulations designed to foster competition. Because laws relating to competition are complex, employees and Directors should refer matters about what they are in doubt to their superior or should seek the advice of the HR Department/ Company's Legal Counsel/ Audit Committee/ HR&R Committee as the case may be.

## 17 Accountability

- 17.1 Each of us is responsible for knowing and adhering to the values and standards set forth in the Code and for raising questions if we are uncertain about Company policy. If we are concerned whether the standards are being met or are aware of violations of the Code, we must contact the HR department/Legal Counsel/Audit Committee/HR&R Committee.
- 17.2 Company takes seriously the standards set forth in the Code, and violations are cause for disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment.

#### 18. Standards of Conduct

18.1 Although the various matters dealt with in this Code do not cover the full spectrum of employee or Director activities, they are indicative of the Company's commitment to the behavior expected from employees and Directors in all circumstances.

# Whistle-Blowing Policy

## 1. Purpose

To encourage employees to disclose any malpractice or misconduct of which they become aware and to provide protection for employees who report allegations of such malpractice or misconduct. The main purpose of this whistle blowing policy is to give all employees an opportunity to disclose matters they feel need to be reported in the interest of fair-play and larger benefit of the organization; high standard of corporate governance; compliance with legal requirements and protection of the Company's interest.

## 2. Policy

The whistle blowing policy is designed to encourage employees to report alleged malpractice or misconduct, to ensure that all allegations are thoroughly investigated and suitable action taken where necessary. Any whistle-blowing employee is protected against adverse employment actions (discharge, demotion, suspension, harassment, or other forms of discrimination) for raising allegations of business misconduct. An employee is protected even if the allegations prove to be incorrect or unsubstantiated as long as there is no evidence of willful misreporting. Employees who participate or assist in an investigation will also be protected.

## 3. Requirement of policy

This document thus sets out a formal whistle-blowing policy, consisting of safe and effective procedures for misconduct disclosure or reporting so that appropriate remedial action can be taken. A written, formal policy is also a means of preventing and deterring misconduct that might be contemplated but has not yet taken place. It is also a transparent method of addressing issues relating to whistle blowing, such as answering standard questions, giving assurances, providing information and offering explanations.

#### On what should one blow the whistle

What is reportable misconduct?

Any serious concerns you may have about any aspect of the operations of the Hum Network Limited (the Company) and those who work in the Company can be reported under this policy. This may be a conduct that:

- Is against the governing rules, procedures, and policies, or established standards of practice of the Company, amounts to improper, unethical, or unlawful conduct;
- Amounts to waste of company's resources; makes you feel uncomfortable in terms of your experience with the standards you believe; or
- Amounts to an attempt to cover up any of these types of actions. Conduct becomes reportable when it happens or when
  it is reasonably likely to occur. Harm to the Company or to its integrity may occur when any of this conduct is unchecked
  or unaddressed. Importantly, in determining whether to report conduct, harm is not only measured in terms of monitory loss
  to the organization, or damage to a particular program or initiative, but the harm may also be done to the integrity and
  reputation of the Company itself, or its survival and/or growth.

Reportable conduct falls into the following categories:

## 4.1 Illegal or unlawful conduct

Conduct may be illegal or unlawful in terms of the Rules and Regulations of the Company and other applicable laws. We all have legal responsibilities, obligations or duties. Criminal offences - such as theft, fraud, corruption (for example, bribery), or money laundering - are in breach of legal duties and therefore constitute reportable misconduct.

## 4.2 Un-procedural conduct

Conduct may be un-procedural since it violates clearly communicated procedures (in the form of policies, regulations, or rules) governing the operations of the Specific rules and processes, together with other best practice procedures, guide accounting practices and controls, financial reporting, auditing matters, the transfer of funds to recipients, approved recipient accounts, and the like. Such procedures are important for good governance and breaching them may expose the application of funds to risk of loss or real loss.

#### 4.3 Unethical conduct

Conduct may be unethical since it undermines universal, core ethical values, such as integrity, respect, honesty, responsibility, accountability, fairness. For example one could exert undue pressure on a person in position of power in order to gain an advantage. That would be unfair to others and as such unethical, although neither unlawful nor un-procedural. But not all unethical conduct is reportable. For example, some kinds of conduct may be disrespectful and therefore undesirable, without harming any serious interests other than personal feelings. This would not be reportable misconduct.

#### 4.4 Wasteful conduct

Conduct constituting a gross waste of resources is a reportable category in its own right since responsible stewardship of resources is as crucial to the success of the Company as all employees have an obligation to ensure that all resources are used prudently and efficiently. If resources are spent in a wasteful manner, and in breach of the public trust under which they are provided, and an employee knows about this then this would be reportable under the whistle-blowing mechanism.

#### Whistle-blower protection

HNL shall take all necessary actions to safeguard the interests of the whistle-blower. Where an individual makes a report under this policy in good faith, reasonably believed to be true, there will be no retaliation (please read detail below) against the reporter should the disclosure turn out to be misguided. Retaliation means any direct or indirect detrimental action recommended, threatened or taken because an individual reported conduct described in Section 4 of this policy. When established, retaliation is by itself misconduct which may be pursued under the appropriate mechanisms - for example, through disciplinary action initiated through mechanisms of HR Policy or more broadly and as appropriate, through other mechanisms of the company's rules. Reporting under this policy, however, in no way immunizes or shields a whistle-blower against action following from his or her own misconduct, which includes willfully making allegations through the whistle-blowing mechanism that the individual knows to be false or makes with an intent to misinform.

## 6. Whistle-blowing procedures

HNL encourages all its employees to act responsibly at all times and protect themselves and the company against any illegal or immoral acts (see section 4) by immediately reporting any such actions to the Designated Person.

Designated Persons (DPs)

The

- Company secretary, and
- Head of Internal Audit

Shall be the "Designated Persons" (DPs), and all information shall be directly conveyed to the DPs by the whistle-blower.

## Access to the Designated Person

The whistle-blower shall have direct access to the Designated Persons at all times. This right of the whistle-blower shall be upheld under all circumstances and respected by the management of the Company.

## Medium of Reporting

Reports to the Designated Persons can be made by: Official email address of the Designated Persons,

## Follow up Procedure

The DPs will initiate an investigation and take any consequent action as deemed appropriate and will record the same for information of the Board of Directors, Keeping at all times, the confidentiality of the Whistle Blower's identity.



# UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the members of HUM Network Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of HUM Network Limited (the Company), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, and the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity, the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2023 and of the profit, the other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key Audit Matters:

#### Key audit matters

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

#### 1. Net realizable value of television program costs

As of the year end, the balance of television program costs amounted to Rs. 483,447,376 (30 June 2022; 425,690,238) which represents unamortized cost of completed television programs and television programs in production.

As per the accounting policy of the Company, television program costs and acquired television program licenses and rights are charged to expense based on the ratio of the revenues earned till date to total revenues to be earned from the program including future estimated revenues, less cost expensed in prior years on an individual program basis.

Allocation of television program costs over several accounting periods based on estimates of revenue involve significant judgement of the management which may have a significant impact on the unconsolidated financial statements. For this reason, we have identified this area as key audit matter.

Refer notes 3.4, 8 and 23 to the unconsolidated financial statements.

Our audit procedures amongst others, comprised reviewing the appropriateness of the accounting policy of the Company in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards. Further, we obtained understanding of the revenue estimation and amortization process of the Company.

In this regard, we selected a sample of television programs and considered the factors used by the management for revenue estimation and amortization of television program cost including:

- historic experience of revenue earned by similar programs;
- · ratings of the program from available evidences;
- rates used by the Company and its fluctuation based on the trend analysis; and
- we also considered subsequent events which may have an impact on unamortized cost.

We also evaluated whether adequate disclosures have been made in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards.

#### 2. Revenue recognition

Refer note 3.20 and 22 to the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements)

The Company earns revenue from a variety of sources among the different business areas of which 96% pertains to revenue from advertisements and subscriptions.

As reported in the explanatory notes, revenues from advertisement are recognized at the time of the appearance of the advertisement and subscription income is recognized in the month in which service is rendered.

We concluded that this area constitutes a key audit matter for the Company considering the significance of the amount, it being a key performance indicator and also the increase of 8% and 29% in advertisement and subscription income as compared to the prior year respectively. We obtained an understanding of the Company's processes in place for revenue recognition and tested key controls over each significant revenue stream.

We inspected a sample of contracts to check that revenue recognition was in accordance with the contract terms and the Company's revenue recognition policies.

We performed analytical review procedures and other test of details over revenue including cut-off procedures to check that revenue has been recognised in the appropriate accounting period.

We assessed the adequacy of the Company's disclosures in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards.

#### Information Other than the Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the unconsolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate
  to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
  one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
  evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on
  the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
  draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures
  are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
  report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position, the unconsolidated Statement of Profit or Loss, the unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Omer Chughtai.

EY Ford Rhodes

Chartered Accountant Place: Karachi

Date: September 27, 2023

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UDIN Number: AR202310120q4NU6hF9f

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

		2023	2022
ASSETS	Note	Rupe	es
2.702.702.1			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	4	1,402,053,549	1,205,184,777
Intangible assets	5	2,966,208	10,102,023
Long-term investments	6	338,898,481	188,898,48
Long-term deposits and prepayments	7	30,327,428	31,967,33
Television program costs	8	397,617,518	335,343,019
Deferred tax asset	9 _	131,016,868	1,960,464,76
CURRENT ASSETS		2,302,000,032	1,300,404,70
Inventories		16,715,587	16,627,26
Current portion of television program costs	8	85,829,858	90,347,21
Trade debts	10	2,688,381,940	2,239,728,745
Short-term investments	11	589,143,291	1,127,212,68
Advances	12	154,575,629	108,662,120
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	13	28,904,298	25,160,453
Other receivables	14	1,742,173,997	166,202,80
Taxation – net		202,602,801	236,500,979
Cash and bank balances	15	447,796,769	833,498,560
	_	5,956,124,170	4,843,940,836
TOTAL ASSETS	-	8,259,004,222	6,804,405,600
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorised capital			
1,500,000,000 (2022: 1,500,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs.1/- each	=	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	16	1,134,000,000	945,000,000
Unappropriated profit		6,111,864,380	4,151,625,800
		7,245,864,380	5,096,625,806
ION-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term lease liabilities	17	55,234,536	72,676,898
Long-term financing	18	31,250,000	78,125,02
URRENT LIABILITIES		86,484,536	150,801,91
	20 F	044 040 507]	4 247 002 44
Trade and other payables	20	814,018,597	1,217,983,14
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up		26,724,620	14,579,80
Undaimed dividend		218,809	4,296,85
Undamed dividend		6,153,603	6,153,63
Unanid dividend		1,374,738	2,299,78
Unpaid dividend	40		
Current portion of deferred income - Government grant	19	15 554 020	
Current portion of deferred income - Government grant Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	17	15,664,939	16,372,56
Current portion of deferred income - Government grant		15,664,939 62,500,000 926,655,306	16,372,569 294,813,943
Current portion of deferred income - Government grant Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	17	62,500,000	478,147 16,372,569 294,813,943 1,556,977,879

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

**HUM NETWORK LIMITED** 

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	Rupe	es
Revenue	22	6,825,586,346	6,018,969,888
Cost of production	23	(3,540,102,628)	(3,454,551,987)
Transmission cost		(126,696,002)	(100,165,940)
	•	(3,666,798,630)	(3,554,717,927)
Gross profit	-	3,158,787,716	2,464,251,961
Distribution costs	24	(409,427,716)	(349,265,091)
Administrative expenses	25	(885,354,383)	(583,616,663)
Other income	26	621,870,324	84,936,683
Other expenses	27		(28,112,800)
Operating profit	_	2,485,875,941	1,588,194,090
Finance costs	28	(46,059,106)	(73,354,212)
Profit before taxation	-	2,439,816,835	1,514,839,878
Taxation	29	(290,578,261)	(150,934,865)
Profit for the year	=	2,149,238,574	1,363,905,013
Earnings per share – basic and diluted (Rupee)	30	1.90	(Restated) 1.20

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2023 Rupe	2022
Profit after taxation	2,149,238,574	1,363,905,013
Other comprehensive income	*	34
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,149,238,574	1,363,905,013

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMÁD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Revenue Reserve	
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Unappropriated profitRupees	Total
Balance as at June 30, 2021	945,000,000	3,118,470,793	4,063,470,793
Profit for the year		1,363,905,013	1,363,905,013
Other comprehensive income	1921	:-	8
Total comprehensive income for the year	×	1,363,905,013	1,363,905,013
Interim cash dividend for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 @ Re.0.35 per share	ν;	(330,750,000)	(330,750,000)
Balance as at June 30, 2022	945,000,000	4,151,625,806	5,096,625,806
Profit for the year		2,149,238,574	2,149,238,574
Other comprehensive income	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,149,238,574	2,149,238,574
Issue of bonus shares @ 20%	189,000,000	(189,000,000)	*
Balance as at June 30, 2023	1 134 000 000	6 111 864 380	7 245 864 380

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	Ruper	es
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	31	3,029,002	2,091,176,319
Taxes paid		(198,727,818)	(243, 184, 625)
Finance costs paid		(39,141,385)	(77,150,055)
Profit received on deposit accounts	26	56,453,532	28,038,991
Long-term deposits	7	1,639,903	(846,776)
Television program costs	8	(62,274,499)	16,720,993
Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities	0.02-7	(239,021,265)	1,814,754,847
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure	4.1	(314,570,888)	(90,559,873)
Short-term investments - net	11	558,408,963	(705,809,061)
Long-term investment	6	(150,000,000)	
Dividend received	26	58,931,534	23,451,856
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets	4.4	4,922,839	18,071,921
Net cash generated / (used in) from investing activities	327900 1	157,692,448	(754,845,157)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend paid	1	(925,077)	(328,450,231)
Lease rentals paid	17	(24,258,933)	(25,726,988)
Long-term financing – net	18	(279,188,964)	(228,061,496)
Net cash used in financing activities		(304,372,974)	(582,238,715)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3	(385,701,791)	477,670,975
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	19	833,498,560	355,827,585
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		447,796,769	833,498,560

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 HUM Network Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on 25 February 2004 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance) now Companies Act, 2017. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange.
- 1.2 The Company's principal business is to launch transnational satellite channels and aims at presenting a wide variety of cultural heritage and news. Its core areas of operation are production, advertisement, entertainment and media marketing. It covers a wide variety of programmes with respect to information, entertainment, current affairs, education, health, food, music and society.

#### 1.3 Geographical location and address of business units

Registered office Piot No. 10/11, Hassan Ali Street, Off, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

City offices - Karachi Alfalah Court, I.I Chundrigar Road

City office - Islamabad 2A, I&T center, sector G-6/1

City office - Lahore House # 58, R-24, Masson Road

City office - Quetta House # 3, Phase II, Shahbaz town

City office - Multan Ghous-e-Azam Road, Bismillah Colony

1.4 These are separate financial statements of the Company in which investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment, if any.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act 2017 (the Act); and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

#### 2.2 Accounting convention

- 2.2.1 These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except otherwise specifically stated.
- 2.2.2 These unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.



#### 2.3.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments applicable to these unconsolidated financial statements

There are certain new and amended standards, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

#### Amendments to approved accounting standards

IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments)
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments)

The adoption of the above amendments to the accounting standards did not have any material effect on the Company's financial statements.

The IASB has also issued the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the Conceptual Framework) in March 2018 which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2020 for preparers of financial statements who develop accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts override those in any standard or any requirements in a standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist IASB in developing standards, to help preparers evelop consistent accounting policies if there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards.

#### Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2018-2020 cycle)

IFRS 9	Financial Instruments - Fees in the '10 percent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities
IAS 41	Agriculture - Taxation in fair value measurements
IFRS 16	Leases: Lease incentives

The adoption of the above amendments to the approved accounting standards did not have any material effect on the Company's financial statements.

2.3.2	Amendment or Ir	Effective dates	
	IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts (Amendments)	1-Jan-2023
	IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments)	1-Jan-2023
	IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)	1-Jan-2023
	IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arisingfrom a Single	1-Jan-2023
	IAS 12	International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments)	1-Jan-2023
	IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-curre	1-Jan-2024
	IFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (Amendments)	1-Jan-2024
	IAS 7 / IFRS 7	Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements (Amendments)	1-Jan-2024
	IFRS 10 / IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Assoc (Amendments)	Not yet finalised

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan and are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Standard	IASB effective date (annual
	periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 1 First time adoption of IFRSs January 01, 2004
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts January 01, 2023

#### 2.4 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the management to make judgment, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these judgments, estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The judgments, estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Judgments, estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, estimates and assumptions which are significant to the unconsolidated financial statements:

#### Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Company reviews appropriateness of the rate of depreciation / amortisation, useful life and residual value used in the calculation of depreciation / amortisation. Further, where applicable, an estimate of the recoverable amount of assets is made for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in the future might affect the carrying amount of respective item of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, with corresponding effects on the depreciation / amortisation charge and impairment.

#### Investment in subsidiaries

The Company value its investment in subsidiaries at cost less impairment, if any. The Company determines whether objective evidence of impairment exists for individual investments. The determination of fair value of unquoted subsidiaries involves inherent subjectivity, key assumptions (such as future cash flow forecasts, discount and growth rates and volatility), and estimation relation to valuation inputs and techniques. Any change in these assumptions and estimates may have significant impact on the fair value of investments with corresponding impact in statement of profit or loss.

#### Television program costs

Television program costs represent unamortized cost of completed television programs and television programs in production. In order to determine the amount to be charged to statement of profit or loss, the management estimates future revenues from each program. Estimates of future revenues can change significantly due to a variety of factors, including advertising rates and the level of market acceptance of the production in different geographical locations. Accordingly, revenue estimates are reviewed periodically and amortisation is adjusted, if necessary. Such adjustments could have a material effect on results of operations in future periods.

#### Income taxes

In making the estimate for income tax payable by the Company, the Company takes into account the applicable tax laws and the decision by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses and credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such losses and credits can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade debts and other receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for Company's various customer that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates. The Company will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Company's financial assets exposed to credit risk is disclosed in note 35.5.

#### Contingencies

The assessment of the contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment as the outcome of the future events cannot be predicted with certainty. The Company, based on the availability of the latest information, estimates the value of contingent assets and liabilities which may differ on the occurrence / non-occurrence of the uncertain future events.

#### Leases- Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

#### Leases- Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has lease contracts that include extension and termination option. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Property, plant and equipment

#### 3.1.1 Operating fixed assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation is charged to statement of profit or loss using straight line method so as to write off the historical cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available to use and no depreciation is charged for the month in which asset was disposed of.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements, if any, are capitalized when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are revised, and adjusted if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

#### 3.1.2 Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises a right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of lease term or useful life, except for the leases in which ownership of the underlying assets transfer to the lessee by the end of the lease term or cost of right of use assets reflects that the lessee will exercise a purchase option, the Company depreciate those right of use asset over the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### 3.1.3 Capital work-in-progress

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment and consist of expenditures incurred and advances made in respect of specific assets during the construction period. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are available for use.

#### 3.2 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in statement of profit or loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### 3.3 Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiary is a entity over which the Company has control. Control is achieved when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are currently exercisable are taken into account.

Investment in subsidiary is initially recognised at cost. At subsequent reporting dates, the Company reviews the carrying amount of the investment to assess whether there is any indication that such investments have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Such impairment losses or reversal of impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. These are classified as 'long-term investment' in the unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 3.4 Television program costs

Television program costs represent unamortized cost of completed television programs and television programs in production. These costs include direct production costs, cost of inventory consumed, and production overheads and are stated at the lower of cost, less accumulated amortisation and net realizable value (NRV). NRV is estimated by the management on the basis of future revenue generation capacity of the program. Acquired television program licenses and rights are recorded when the license period begins and the program is available for use.

Television program costs and acquired television program licenses and rights are charged to expense based on the ratio of the revenues earned till date to total revenues to be earned from the program including future estimated revenues less cost expensed in prior years on an individual program basis.

#### 3.5 Inventories

These are valued on weighted average cost basis and are stated at the lower of cost and NRV.

#### 3.6 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### i) Financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Under IFRS 9 Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at following:

- (a) at amortised cost
- (b) at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- (c) at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### (a) At amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### (b) At fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

#### (c) At fair value through other comprehensive income

A debt instruments is measured at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments).
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

#### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at FVPL include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVPL, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the unconsolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.

This category also includes derivative instruments and listed equity investments which the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

#### Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

#### Financial assets at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses (equity instruments)

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

As at the date of statement of financial position, Company does not have any equity instrument designated at fair value through OCI.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's unconsolidated statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade debts, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### ii) Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, borrowings and payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Exchange gain or losses arising in respect of borrowings in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of the borrowings.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.7 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 3.8 Advance from customers (Contract Liability)

A contract liability is the obligation of the Company to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liability are recognised as revenue when the Company fulfills its performance obligation mentioned in the contract.

#### 3.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets for which the estimate of future cash flow have not been adjusted. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

#### 3.10 Deposits, advances, prepayments and other receivables excluding financial assets

These are initially recognised at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given. Subsequent to initial recognition assessment is made at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is an indication that assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset is determined and any impairment loss is recognised for the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value.

#### 3.11 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the unconsolidated statement of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification. An asset is current when it is:

- . Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle
- · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period

Or

Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months
after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- . It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle
- . It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period

Or

. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

#### 3.12 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method, on all major temporary differences arising at the statement of financial position date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against which the assets may be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recognised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

#### 3.13 Cash and cash equivalents

These are carried at cost. For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and bank balances.

#### 3.14 Share capital and reserves

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognised at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the Issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Reserves comprise of unappropriated proft.

#### 3.15 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### 3.15.1 Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### i) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the termination option is reasonably certain to be exercised. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments at the lease commencement date, the Company uses the interest rate implicit in the lease. In case where the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### ii) Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

#### iii) Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

#### iv) Short-term leases

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office premises (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 3.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional / contractual right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the statement of financial position date.

#### 3.17 Government Grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. As the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

#### 3.18 Unclaimed and unpaid dividend

Dividend declared by the Company, in the preceding three years, which remains unclaimed or unpaid as on the statement of financial position date is recognised as unpaid dividend. Dividend declared and payable prior to the preceding three years from the statement of financial position date are recognised as unclaimed dividend.

#### 3.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 3.20 Revenue recognition

Advertising revenues are recognised at a point in time when the related advertisement or commercial appears before public i.e. aired.

Production revenue is recognised at a point in time when production work appears before public.

Digital revenue: Advertising revenues from digital properties are recognised on the basis of number of impressions on the advertisement aired on website.

Subscription income arises from the monthly billing to subscribers for services provided by the Company and from digital avenues based on number of views. Revenue is recognised in the month the service is rendered.

Film distribution revenue is recognised at a point in time upon receipt of related sales reports from cinemas.

Credit limits in contract with customers ranges from 2 to 90 days.

#### 3.21 Other income

Profit on bank deposits is accounted for on effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when it is declared and right to receive is established.

Interest / markup income is recognised on accrual basis.

Other revenues are accounted for on an accrual basis.

#### 3.22 Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised, net off amount of sales tax except:

- where sales tax incurred on a purchase of asset or service is not recoverable from the taxation authorities, in which
  case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable;
- · receivables or payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax; and
- the net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authorities is included as part of receivables or payables in the unconsolidated statement of financial position.

#### 3.23 Expenses

Expenses are recorded when incurred based on the accrual basis of accounting. Distribution costs and administrative expenses include direct and indirect costs not specifically part of cost of production. Allocations between cost of production, distribution and administrative expenses, when required, are made on a consistent basis.

#### 3.24 Donations

Donations are recorded as an expense when they are approved by the Board of Directors or actually paid, whichever is earlier.

#### 3.25 Staff retirement benefits

#### Defined contribution plan

The Company operates a funded and approved provident fund scheme for all its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Company and the employees, to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of the basic salary.

#### 3.26 Foreign currency translations and translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pakistani Rupees using the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistani Rupees using the exchange rate at the statement of financial position date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rate that existed when the values were determined. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at the year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are taken to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss currently.

#### 3.27 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of assets and incurred during the period in connection with the activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use are capitalized as a part of the cost of related asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 3.28 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

#### 3.29 Contingencies

Contingencies are disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 3.30 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

#### 3.31 Segment Reporting

Segment reporting is based on the reporting operating (business) segments of the Company. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the senior management of the Company to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

4	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		2023	2022
	SET TO A YOUR AST THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE SET OF THE S	Note	Rup	ees
	Operating fixed assets	4.1	1,149,193,211	1,019,504,819
	Right of use assets	4.5	51,984,192	78,765,338
	Capital work-in-progress	4.6	200,876,146	106,914,620
			1,402,053,549	1.205,184,777

#### 4,1 Operating fixed assets

	Cost			- Ar	cumulated depreciation	Provide and the	Depreciation	
-	As at	Additions   Transfers from ROUA** / (disposals)	Anat	As at	Charge / transfers from ROUA** /	As at	Book value as at	Rate
	July 01, 2 0 2 2	transfers	June 30, 2 0 2 3	July 01, 2 0 2 2 Rupses	(disposals) for the year	June 30, 2 0 2 1	June 30, 2 0 2 3	% per annum
Owned								
Leasehold land *	794,147,376	20	794,147,376	78,125,307	16,237,867	94,363,174	699,784,202	2.04 - 2.13
Building on leasehold land	109,890,511	20	109,890,511	86,784,388	7,686,963	74,391,351	35,499,160	10
Leasehold improvements.	190,489,515	2	180,489,515	185,983,418	2,794,076	188,777,494	1,712,021	33
Furniture and 9tings	49,148,817	6,387,137	55,268,854	27,314,940	4,502,344	31,686,187	23,580,667	10
		(267,100)			(129,097)			
Venicles	115,891,083	147,990,350	252,738,219	60,391,683	15,021,074	75,194,585	187,543,634	25-33
		5,358,108			3,750,676			
		(5,601,322)			(3,968,848)			
Audio visual equipment	583,301,119	23,716,217	604,375,718	476,991,902	14,170,578	488,921,247	115,454,471	25
		(2.641,618)			(2,241,233)			
Uptriking equipment	74,856,750	+:	71,656,758	53,089,945	3,105,028	54,754,873	16,991,786	10
		(3,200,000)			(1,440,000)			
Office equipment	122,626,177	6,264,216	128,271,493	89,264,999	12,298,811	180,944,905	27,326,587	15
		(010,900)			(648,900)			
Computers	194,962,394	36,888,259	230,397,367	177,862,354	12,541,737	189,006,684	41,390,683	33
		(1.453.286)			(1,397,406)			
-	2,235,313,751	220,346,179	2,447,235,842	1,215,808,932	88,278,478	1,298,042,601	1,149,193,211	
Note 4.4 =		5,358,108 **			3,750,676 (9,795,484)			
	U 4 1 4 2	Cost		Ao	oumulated depreciation	on .	Book value	Depreciation
	As at	Additions / transfers from ROUA** / (disposals)	As at	As at	Charge / transfers from ROUA* /	As at	as, at	Rata
	July 91.	more Marines	June 30,	July 01,	(disposals) for the	June 30,	June 30,	%
	2029	transfers	2022	2 0 21 Rupses	year	2022	2022	per annum
Owned								
Leasehold land *	784,147,378	20	794,147,376	51,887,440	14,237,867	78,125.307	716,022,069	2.04 - 2.13
Building on leasehold land *	109,890,511	-	109,890,611	69,177,426	7,606,963	66,784,388	43,106,123	10
Leasehold improvements	190,489,515	7.	150,489,515	181,156,118	4,826,300	185,983,418	4,506,997	33
Furniture and Wings	40,059,637	9,089,180	и9,148,617	23,320,111	3,994,829	27,314,940	21,833,877	10
Venicles	74,207,446	41,673,349	115,891,083	54,122,554	6,206,967	60,391,663	55,498,400	25-33
		23,750,732 **			13,291,852 ***			
		(23,740,444)			(13,329,684)			
Audio visual equipment	567,243,353	10,940,578	583,301,119	404,629,146	72,540,656	476,991,902	106,309,217	25
		(882,752)			(577,900)			
Uplinking equipment	77,306,750		74,856,750	50,347,428	3,687,766	53,080.045	21,766,814	10
		(2.450,000)			(845,250)			
	115,544,317	8.611.621	122,526,177	78,142.285	17,557,471	89,264.995	33,561,182	15
Office equipment					(1,429,761)			
Office equipment		(1.429.761)			distances to secure			
Computers	182,250,805	(1.429.761) 14.245.205	184,962,394	170,890,680	8,423,743	177,862,554	17,100.040	33
			184,952,304	170,890,680		177.862.554	17,100.040	33
		14,245,205	184,962,364 2,285,313,761	170,890,680	8,423,743	177.862.354 1.215.808.632	\$7,100.040 \$,010,504,610	33
	182,250,805	14,245,205 (1,533,616)	-		8,423,743 (1,452,069)	1,215,808.932		33

Includes asset under common ownership under Diminishing Musharaka arrangement.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Represents transfers from right of use assets to owned assets. (Refer note 4.5)

#### 4.2 Particular of immovable assets in the name of the Company are as follows:

****				5511,5013, 41.5					
	Location	Addresses							Total Area
	Karachi	Plot No. 10/11	Hassan Ali stre	et. off LL Chun	driger road.			3	2,070 sq yard
	Islamabad		T centre sector					5.0	30,610 sq.ft
	Islamabad		mir Highway, adj		H-17				303 sq yards
							20.60	2023	2022
4.3	Depreciation for the	year on opera	ting fixed assets	has been all	ocated as follo	ws:	Note	Rup	985
	Cost of production						23	41,617,894	99,939,95
	Distribution costs						24	8,213,258	3,085,34
	Administrative expens	e e					25	38,447,326	33,454,25
	North Totalive expens						.25	88,278,478	136,479,550
4.4	The details of operating	g fixed assets	disposed / writter	n off, during the	e year are as fo	lows:			
			Accumulated	Net book	Sale		Modes of		
	Description	Cost	depreciation	value	proceeds	Gain	Diposals	Particulars	of Buyer
	Uplinking equipment	10							
		3,200,000	1,440,000	1,760,000	1,200,000	(560,000)	Insurance	Adamjee Ir	surance
	Vehicles					description for		0.6110000200100	
							As per		
		2,786,200 2,571,908	1,950,340 1,800,336	835,860 771,572	1,088,100 878,100	252,240 106,528	Company Policy	Mr. Irlan Younu Mr. Omer Nas	
	Items having book								
	value of less than		1997/11/11/11/11/11	984.500	A SERVICE CONTROL	70 0000000	distribution.	VIGILEE	
	Rs. 500,000	5,224,118	4,604,808	619,310	1,756,639	1,137,329	Negotiation	Vario	us
	2023	13,782,226	9,795,484	3,986,742	4,922,839	936,097			
	2022	30,036,573	17,634,664	12,401,909	18,071,921	5,670,012			
							Note	2023 Rupi	2022
.5	Right of use assets							277	
	Opening net book valu	Jeë						78,765,338	109,028,621
	Additions in lease liab							1,638,463	13,426,784
	Change due to modific	cation						(6,262,102)	29,196,604
	Termination of lease		too out out of					// 007 /000	(37,329,117
	Transfer to operating fit Less: Depreciation cha						4.5.2 & 4.5.3	(1,607,432) (20,550,075)	(10,458,880)
	Closing net book value		31				4.5.1	51,984,192	78,765,338
	As at June 30								
	Cost							153,666,550	164,772,957
	Accumulated deprecia	ition					-	(101,682,358)	(86,007,619
	Net book value							51,984,192	78,765,338
.5.1	Breakup of net book v	alue of right-of	use assets by cl	ass of underlyi	ng asset is as f	ollows			
	Land and building							41,343,324	64,189,159
	Vehicles							10,640,868	14,576,179
								51 984 192	78 765 338

51,984,192

78,765,338

4.5.2 The right-of-use assets are depreciated on straight line basis over the lease term. Depreciation charge for the year on such assets has been allocated as follows:

								2023	2022
							Note	Rup	nees
	Cost of production						23	15,605,265	14,203,948
	Distribution costs						24	883,609	2,464,115
	Administrative expens	ses					25	4,061,201	8,430,611
	a como la como	****						20,550,075	25,098,674
4.5.3	Breakup of deprecia	ation of right-	of-use asse	rts by class of	f underlying a	sset is as fo	llows:		
	Land and building							16,540,141	18,787,176
	Vehicles							4,009,934	6,311,498
	· Comment							20,550,075	25,098,674
4.6	Capital work-in-prog	gress							
	Leasehold land							162,327,930	106,914,620
	Leasehold Improvem	ents						38,548,216	:=:
							15 14	200,876,146	106,914,620
4.6.1	Movement in capital v	work-in-progre	ss during th	e year.					
	Balance at beginning	of the year						106,914,620	87,420,469
	Additions during the y	/ear						93,961,526	19,494,151
	Balance at end of the	year						200,876,146	106,914,620
5	INTANGIBLE ASSET	rs							
			Cost		Accumi	ulated amort	isation	Book value	Amortisation
	_	As at	Additions	As at	As at	For the	As at	as at	rate
		July 01,	during the	June 30,	July 01,	year	June 30,	June 30,	%
		2022	year	2023	2022		2023	2023	per annum
	Computer softwares	58,466,118	12	58,466,118	51,449,489	5,058,365	56,507,854	1,958,264	20 - 33
	License fee	10,500,000		10,500,000	10,034,600	200,100	10,234,700	265,300	6.67
	Trade mark	33,883,500	85	33,883,500	31,263,506	1,877,350	33,140,856	742,644	20
	_	TOTAL CONTROL FOR		THE RESERVE TO SHARE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY					
	=	102,849,618	) y	102,849,618	92,747,595	7,135,815	99,883,410	2,966,208	
	-	102,849,618	Cost	102,849,618		7,135,815 ulated amort	1-110710071	2,966,208 Book value	Amortisation
	-	102,849,618 As at		102,849,618 As at			1-110710071	20 00 10	rate
	-		Cost		Accumi	ulated amort	isation	Book value	
	-	As at	Cost	As at	Accumi As at	ulated amort For the	isation As at	Book value as at	rate
	Computer softwares	As at July 01,	Cost Additions	As at June 30,	Accumi As at July 01,	ulated amort For the	isation As at June 30,	Book value as at June 30,	rate %
	Computer softwares	As at July 01, 2 0 21	Cost Additions	As at June 30, 2022	Accumi As at July 01, 2 0 21	For the year	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2	Book value as at June 30, 2 0 2 2	rate % per annum
		As at July 01, 2 0 21 58,466,118	Cost Additions	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 58,466,118	Accumi As at July 01, 2 0 21	For the year	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 51,449,489	Book value as at June 30, 2 0 2 2	rate % per annum 20 – 33
	License fee	As at July 01, 2 0 21 58,466,118 10,500,000	Cost Additions	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 58,466,118 10,500,000	Accumi As at July 01, 2 0 21 45,200,680 9,752,274	For the year 6,248,809 282,326	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 51,449,489 10,034,600	Book value as at June 30, 2 0 2 2 7,016,629 465,400	rate % per annum 20 – 33 6.67
	License fee	As at July 01, 2 0 21 58,466,118 10,500,000 33,883,500	Cost Additions	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 58,466,118 10,500,000 33,883,500	Accumi As at July 01, 2 0 21 45,200,680 9,752,274 27,889,122	For the year 6,248,809 282,326 3,374,384	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 51,449,489 10,034,600 31,263,506	Book value as at June 30, 2 0 2 2 7,016,629 465,400 2,619,994	rate % per annum 20 – 33 6.67
55.1	License fee	As at July 01, 2 0 21 58,466,118 10,500,000 33,883,500 102,849,618	Cost Additions	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 58,466,118 10,500,000 33,883,500 102,849,618	Accumi As at July 01, 2 0 21 45,200,680 9,752,274 27,889,122	For the year 6,248,809 282,326 3,374,384	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 51,449,489 10,034,600 31,263,506	Book value as at June 30, 2 0 2 2 7,016,629 465,400 2,619,994 10,102,023	rate % per annum 20 – 33 6.67 20
5.1	License fee Trade mark	As at July 01, 2 0 21 58,466,118 10,500,000 33,883,500 102,849,618	Cost Additions	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 58,466,118 10,500,000 33,883,500 102,849,618	Accumi As at July 01, 2 0 21 45,200,680 9,752,274 27,889,122	For the year 6,248,809 282,326 3,374,384	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 51,449,489 10,034,600 31,263,506 92,747,595	Book value as at June 30, 2 0 2 2 7,016,629 465,400 2,619,994 10,102,023	rate % per annum 20 – 33 6.67 20
5.1	License fee Trade mark = Amortisation for the	As at July 01, 2 0 21 58,466,118 10,500,000 33,883,500 102,849,618	Cost Additions	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 58,466,118 10,500,000 33,883,500 102,849,618	Accumi As at July 01, 2 0 21 45,200,680 9,752,274 27,889,122	For the year 6,248,809 282,326 3,374,384	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2 51,449,489 10,034,600 31,263,506 92,747,595	Book value as at June 30, 2 0 2 2 7,016,629 465,400 2,619,994 10,102,023	% per annum 20 – 33 6.67 20

#### 6 LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS - unquoted subsidiaries

	Country of incorporation	Holding / Note	2023	2022
	moor portation	Hote	Rup	ees
HUM TV, Inc	United States of America	100%		
10,000 Common stock at \$ 0.01 (\$ 100) Advance for future issue of shares (\$ 200,000)			8,603 18,716,750	8,603 18,716,750
HUM Network UK Ltd	United Kingdom	100%	18,725,353	18,725,353
553,677 Ordinary Share of 1 GBP (GBP 553,677)			95,923,751	95,923,751
Sky Line Publication (Private) Limited	Pakistan	100%		
3,999,997 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each Provision for impairment		6.1	39,999,970 (39,999,970)	39,999,970 (39,999,970)
HUM Network FZ LLC	United Arab Emirates	100%		5
2,400 Ordinary Shares of AED 1000 each (AED Advance for future issue of shares (AED 175,431)			69,802,371 4,446,966	69,802,371 4,446,966
HUMM Co. (Private) Limited	Pakistan	100%	74,249,337	74,249,337
4 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			40	40
HUM Mart (Private) Limited	Pakistan	70%		
14,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each Provision for impairment			140,000,000 (140,000,000)	140,000,000 (140,000,000)
Torres Courte (Del res)   Institut				:= 10:
Tower Sports (Private) Limited 20,100 ordinary shares of Rs. 7462.69 each		6.2	150,000,000	72
			338,898,481	188,898,481
			330,030,401	7,00,000,401

- 6.1 The Company owns 100% shareholding of Sky Line Publication (Private) Limited (Skyline) as at 30 June 2023 (2022: 100%). The principle business of the subsidiary is publishing a monthly English magazine and production and sales of documentary films. In the current year, Skyline earned a profit after tax amounting to Rs. 2,261,941 (2022: Rs. 2,249,511). Skyline has accumulated loss amounting to Rs. 82,852,521 (2022: Rs. 85,114,462). Since Skyline was not historically generating sufficient cashflows and profits and there was no recoverability of investment in the foreseeable future, the management decided to impair the full cost of investment in the year 2020.
- 6.2 During the year, the Company acquired 100% shareholding of Tower Sports (Private) Limited i.e. 20,100 ordinary shares having face value of Rs. 1,000 each, issued at Rs. 7,462.69 each, at a cost of Rs. 150 million. Resultantly, Tower Sports (Private) Limited became a subsidiary of the Company effective 01 May 2023. Tower Sports (Private) Limited is engaged in the business of providing specialised sports services which include but not limited to production, sales, marketing and distribution of sports media content.

		2023 Rupe	2022 es
7	LONG-TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS	La grada de extendes de la companya	
	Security deposits		
	- Rent	7,177,767	7,608,234
	- Trade	15,975,435	15,975,435
	- Others	5,069,149	4,173,504
		28,222,351	27,757,173
	Prepayments		
	- Software development fee	2,105,077	4,210,158
		30,327,428	31,967,331

TELEVISION PROGRAM COSTS			Note	2023	2022
In production	8	TELEVISION PROGRAM COSTS		Ruj	ees
In production		Unreleased / released less amortisation		432 610 726	300 220 088
Less: Current portion		The first set of the first first of the company of the contract of the contrac			
DEFERRED TAX ASSET   Taxable temporary differences arising in respect of: Unrealised exchange gain   Unrealised exchange gain   Value   Valu		11. <b>F</b> 100-70-20-20-20	-		
DEFERRED TAX ASSET		Less: Current portion	S-		
Taxable temporary differences arising in respect of:   Unrealised exchange gain   123,957,122   124,773,647   123,957,122   124,773,647   123,957,122   124,773,647   123,957,122   124,773,647   123,957,122   124,773,647   123,957,123   124,773,647   123,957,769,946   13,393,768   135,913,776   143,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   146,64,959   141,929,618   148,969,133   131,016,865   188,969,133   131,016,865   188,969,133   131,016,865   188,969,133   148,969,			=	397,617,518	335,343,019
Deductible temporary differences arising in respect of:	9				
Deductible temporary differences arising in respect of:   Provisions   123,957,122   124,773,646   3,393,787   1,000   1,00				(2.896.908)	-
Provisions Long-term lease liabilities - net Unrealised loss on short-term investments - net l Accelarated tax depreciation and amortisation  TRADE DEBTS - unsecured  Considered good Considered good Considered good Considered foubtful Less: Allowance for ECL Less: Allowance for ECL  Balance at the beginning of the year Balance at the beginning of the year Balance at the beginning of the year Balance at the not fimptined United Kingdom United Kingdom United Kingdom United States of America  10.7 Particulars of receivable from foreign jurisdictions:  United Kingdom United States of America  10.8 Particulars of receivable from the following related parties:  HUM TV Inc. HUM TV inc. HUM Network UK Limited Past due nor impaired Past due nor impaired Past due but no impaired Past du		7 A		,,	
Long-term lease liabilities - net   7,376,946   3,393,783   1,090   11,090,818   1,090,8			T	122 057 122	124 772 647
Unrealised loss on short-term investments - net   195,112   11,929,618   48,872,105   133,913,776   188,969,133   133,913,776   188,969,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   131,016,686   189,569,133   189,569,133   189,569,537   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,579,579   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   189,569,57   1					Control Control Control Control
Accelarated tax depreciation and amortisation   1,664,596   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,133   133,013,776   188,096,632   10,000,000   10				0.5.40 (1.5.45) (3.445)	
10.1 TRADE DEBTS — unsecured  Considered good				7-12-12-12-12-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-	
10. RADE DEBTS - unsecured  Considered good Considered good Considered good Considered good Less: Allowance for ECL Less: Allowance for ECL Less: Allowance for ECL  Allowance for ECL  Balance at the beginning of the year Provision recognised during the year Reversal during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year Reversal during the year Balance at the end of the year B				133,913,776	TO THE ROOM OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE
Considered good   2,688,381,940   3,221,115   88,966,632   10.4 & 10.5   2,724,603,555   2,328,695,377   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,728,745   2,329,729,728,745   2,				131,016,868	188,969,133
Considered doubtful   10.4 & 10.5   2,724,603,055   2,328,695,377   (28,966,632   10.4 & 10.5   2,224,603,055   2,328,695,377   (28,966,632   26,883,81,940   2,239,728,745   2,288,381,940   2,239,728,745   2,288,381,940   2,239,728,745   2,288,381,940   2,239,728,745	10	TRADE DEBTS – unsecured	100		
10.4 & 10.5   2,724,603,055   2,326,695,377   (36,221,115)   (88,966,632   2,688,381,940   2,239,728,745   (28,896,632   2,688,381,940   2,239,728,745   (28,896,632   2,688,381,940   2,239,728,745   (28,896,632   2,688,381,940   2,239,728,745   (28,896,632   2,688,381,940   2,239,728,745   (28,896,632   2,688,381,940   2,239,728,745   (28,896,632   26,853,832   2,241,2,800   2,241,557   2,241,2,800   2,241,557   2,241,2,800   2,241,557   2,241,2,800   2,241,557   2,241,2,800   2,241,557   2,241,2,800   2,241,2,80					2,239,728,745
Less: Allowance for ECL   10.1   36,221,115   (88,966,632   2,393,728,745   10.1   2,300   2,393,728,745   10.1   2,300   2,393,728,745   10.1   2,300   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.2   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745   10.3   2,300,728,745		Considered doubtful	-		
10.1 Allowance for ECL  Balance at the beginning of the year Provision recognised during the year Reversal during the year (52,745,517) Balance at the beginning of the year (52,745,517) Balance at the end of the year (52,745,517) Balance at the beginning of the year (52,745,517) Balance at the end of the year (52,745,517) Balance at the beginning of the year (52,345,421) Balance at the beginning of the year (52,345,421) Balance at the bedinning head (52,345,421) B		14 MW 27 ASST			
10.1 Allowance for ECL  Balance at the beginning of the year Provision recognised during the year Reversal during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year 36,221,115 38,966,632  10.2 Particulars of receivable from foreign jurisdictions:  United Kingdom 108,772,218 82,345,421 198,439,879 236,957,209 280,785,300  These receivables are on contract basis and there are no defaulting partiles as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.  These receivables are on contract basis and there are no defaulting partiles as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.  Note 2023 2022 2020 200,785,300  10.3 Include amount receivable from the following related parties:  HUM TV Inc. 128,184,991 97,234,456 108,772,218 82,345,421 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,772,218 108,77		Less: Allowance for ECL	10.1	- Control Street, Street, Control Street, Cont	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAME
Balance at the beginning of the year   28,966,632   28,112,800   Reversal during the year   (52,745,517)   36,221,115   38,966,632   32,112,800   Reversal during the year   (52,745,517)   36,221,115   38,966,632   38,966,63	122.25	10 00	=	2,688,381,940	2,239,728,745
Provision recognised during the year         28,112,800           Reversal during the year         (52,745,517)         88,966,632           10.2         Particulars of receivable from foreign jurisdictions:           United Kingdom United States of America         108,772,218         82,345,421           United States of America         128,184,991         198,439,879           236,957,209         280,785,300           These receivables are on contract basis and there are no defaulting parties as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.           10.3         Include amount receivable from the following related parties:           HUM TV Inc.         128,184,991         97,234,456           HUM Network UK Limited         108,772,218         82,345,421           10.4         The aging of trade debts from other than related parties is as follows:           Neither past due nor impaired         2,124,111,656         1,649,492,868           Past due but not impaired         2,124,111,656         1,649,492,868           Past due but not impaired         2,2437,645,846         2,149,115,500           10.5         The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:           Neither past due nor impaired         2,437,645,846         2,149,115,500           10.5         The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:	10.1	Allowance for ECL			
Provision recognised during the year         28,112,800           Reversal during the year         (52,745,517)         88,966,632           10.2         Particulars of receivable from foreign jurisdictions:           United Kingdom United States of America         108,772,218         82,345,421           United States of America         128,184,991         198,439,879           These receivables are on contract basis and there are no defaulting parties as of June 236,957,209         280,785,300           10.3         Include amount receivable from the following related parties:         4023         2022           HUM TV inc.         128,184,991         97,234,456           HUM Network UK Limited         188,184,991         97,234,456           HUM Network UK Limited         188,184,991         97,294,456           Past due for impaired         2,124,111,656         1,649,492,868           Past due but not impaired         2,124,111,656         1,649,492,868           Past due but not impaired         2,124,111,656         1,649,492,868           Past due but not impaired         2,487,645,846         2,149,115,500           10.5         The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:           Neither past due nor impaired         2,487,645,846         2,149,115,500           10.5         The aging of		Balance at the beginning of the year		88.966.632	60.853.832
Reversal during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the ye		[		*	
Balance at the end of the year   36,221,115   88,966,632		[일급 집자 16 사업자 : 10 NG 16 시간 : 10 NG 16 NG		(52,745,517)	
United Kingdom United States of America  108,772,218 128,184,991 198,439,879 236,957,209 280,785,300  These receivables are on contract basis and there are no defaulting parties as of Jum 30, 2023 and Jum 30, 2022.  Note  Note  10.3 Include amount receivable from the following related parties:  HUM TV Inc. HUM Network UK Limited 108,772,218 82,345,421 236,957,209 179,579,877  10.4 The aging of trade debts from other than related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - 0ver 60 days  10.5 The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired - 01 to 30 days - 10 to 30			-		88,966,632
United States of America   128,184,991   198,439,879   230,6957,209   280,785,300	10.2	Particulars of receivable from foreign jurisdictions:			
United States of America   128,184,991   198,439,879   230,6957,209   280,785,300   230,6957,209   280,785,300   230,857,209   230,458,458   230,458,450   230,857,209		United Kingdom		108.772.218	82.345.421
These receivables are on contract basis and there are no defaulting parties as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.    Note   2023   2022   202					
10.3   Include amount receivable from the following related parties:   HUM TV Inc.   128,184,991   97,234,456   108,772,218   82,345,421   236,957,209   179,579,877			=	236,957,209	280,785,300
Note   Rupes		These receivables are on contract basis and there are no defaulting par	ties as of June	30, 2023 and June	30, 2022.
Note   Rupes				2023	2022
HUM TV Inc. HUM Network UK Limited 108,772,218 82,345,421 236,957,209 179,579,877  10.4 The aging of trade debts from other than related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days  10.5 The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - 31			Note		
HUM Network UK Limited 108,772,218 82,345,421 236,957,209 179,579,877 10.4 The aging of trade debts from other than related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired Past due so days 203,413,408 159,787,095 2487,645,846 2,149,115,500 10.5 The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired Past due nor impaired Past due hour not impai	10.3	Include amount receivable from the following related parties:			
HUM Network UK Limited 108,772,218 82,345,421 236,957,209 179,579,877 10.4 The aging of trade debts from other than related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired Past due so days 203,413,408 159,787,095 2487,645,846 2,149,115,500 10.5 The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired Past due nor impaired Past due hour not impai		HUM TV/ inc		128 184 991	07 234 456
10.4 The aging of trade debts from other than related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days  10.5 The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days - Over 60 days  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days - 31 to 60 days - Over					
Neither past due nor impaired 2,124,111,656 1,649,492,868 Past due but not impaired 116,852,035 241,089,350 - 31 to 60 days 43,268,747 98,746,187 - Over 60 days 203,413,408 159,787,095 2,487,645,846 2,149,115,500  10.5 The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired		Train Promote Services	· ·		
Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days - Over 60 days  Neither past due nor impaired - 01 to 30 days - Over 60 days - Over 60 days  Neither past due nor impaired - Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days - 179,579,877	10.4	The aging of trade debts from other than related parties is as follows:	.=		
Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days - Over 60 days  10.5 The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired - Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days - 179,579,877				0.404.444.050	1 040 400 000
- 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days		III (1977) [1974] [1975] [1974] [		2,124,111,656	1,649,492,868
- 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days				116 952 035	244 080 350
- Over 60 days 203,413,408 159,787,095 2,487,645,846 2,149,115,500 2,487,645,846 2,149,115,500 2,149,115,149,115,149,149,149,149,149,149,149,149,149,149					
10.5 The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:  Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days - Over 60 days - 179,579,877					
Neither past due nor impaired			0 <del>-</del>		
Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days 236,957,209 179,579,877	10.5	The aging of trade debts from related parties is as follows:			
Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days 236,957,209 179,579,877		Neither past due nor impaired			2
- 01 to 30 days - 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days 236,957,209 179,579,877		- 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.			
- 31 to 60 days - Over 60 days 236,957,209 179,579,877		10 - FANTE NEOTHE IN THE FEE T		€	-
				<b>3</b>	
10.6 <b>236,957,209</b> 179,579,877		- Over 60 days	14.000 Na		
			10.6	236,957,209	179,579,877

10.6 The maximum amount outstanding from related parties at any time during the year calculated by reference to month end balances are as follows:

		Note	2023 Rupee	2022
	HUM TV Inc. HUM Network UK Limited		128,184,991 108,772,218	97,234,456 91,011,857
11	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	=	236,957,209	188,246,313
	At fair value through profit or loss			
	Term Finance Certificates (TFCs) U Microfinance Bank Limited			
	8,400 TFCs having face value of Rs 2,496 each (Fair Value 1,008669)			
	(2022: 8,400 TFCs having face value of Rs.4,991 each, Fair Value: 1,082586)	11.1	21,148,158	45,386,768
	Mutual Funds AKD Opportunity Fund 542.247 units (2022: 771,787) having NAV of Rs. 88.8353 (2022: Rs. 100.9845) per unit		48,170,691	77,938,517
	AKD Islamic Income Fund 99,961 units having NAV of Rs. 50.8934 (2022; Rs. 51.0601) per unit		5,087,356	3,153,100
	AKD Golden Arrow Stock Fund 3,900,838 units (2022: 7,369,230) having NAV of Rs. 12.0312 (2022: Rs. 13,4231) per unit		46,931,759	98,917,914
	NBP Money Market Fund 2,972,935 units (2022: 2,599,042) having NAV of Rs. 9,9797 (2022: Rs. 9,9311) per unit		29,668,997	25.811.342
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund 228.544 units (2022: 199.646) having NAV of Rs. 101.18638 (2022: Rs. 101.0881) per unit		23,125,569	20,181,785
	Faysal Cash Fund		186 - 188	
	Nil units (2022: 2,017,449) having NAV of Rs. 101.5897 (2022: Rs. 100.1818) per unit Alfalah Islamic Capital Preservation Plan 4 Class A		8	202,111,633
	8 units (2022: Nit) having NAV of Rs. 100.5236 (2022: 99.7612) per unit Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund		849	*
	1,320,747 units (2022: 1,016,550) having NAV of Rs. 98.6615 (2022: Rs. 98.3719) per unit		130,306,874	100,000,000
	MCB Pakistan Cash Management Fund 2,086,618 units (2022: 408,421) having NAV of Rs. 50,3835 (2022: Rs. 50,4678) per unit		105,131,135	20,662,596
	MCB Pakistan Cash Management Optimizer Nil units (2022: 987,169) having NAV of Rs. 101,6316 (2022: Rs. 101,2998) per unit			100,000,000
	HBL Financial Sector Income Fund Plan I Nil units (2022: 4,098,057) having NAV of Rs. 101.112 (2022: Rs. 100.0454) per unit		-	409,991,800
	HBL Cash Fund 1,004,202 units (2022; Nil) having NAV of Rs. 102.1648 (2022; 101.2227) per unit		102,594,119	3
	ABL Cash Fund 2,316,350 units (2022: 2,023,967) having NAV of Rs. 10.2287 (2022: Rs. 10.2015) per unit		23,693,247	20,647,500
	Askarl High Yelld Scheme 512,983 (2022: 23,286) having NAV of Rs. 103,872 (2022:103,4798) per unit	2	53,284,537	2,409,729
11.1	These carry interest ranging from 18.73% to 20.32% (2022: 11% to 14.96%) per annum.	.00	589,143,291	1,127,212,684
12	ADVANCES			
	- Unsecured, considered good			
	Interest free advances to:	122		
	- Producers - Suppliers	12.1	98,094,079 49,164,845	84,183,888 19,161,090
	The Market of th		147,258,924	103,344,978
	- Secured Interest free advances to:			
	- Employees		7,316,705	5,317,150
V2500	# - 0 4 V - 0 400 W - 0 W	=	154,575,629	108,662,128
12.1	The aging of advances to related parties is as follows:		2012	
	Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days		29,108,714	
	- 31 to 60 days		9	-
	- Over 60 days	-		-
13	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS	_	29,108.714	-
	Deposits - Rent		1,364,500	514,500
	Prepayments		1,504,500	314,300
	- Insurance		22,596,139	16,739,046
	- Rent		2,711,983	66,923
	- Other		2.231.676	7.839.982
	- Other		2,231,676 27,539,798	7,839,982 24,645,953

2023

2022

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupe	es
14	OTHER RECEIVABLES - considered good			
	Sales tax receivable	14.1	129,835,895	124,140,222
	Due from related parties	14.2	1,659,654,904	98,916,587
	Others		10,288,417	751,217
			1,799,779,216	223,808,026
	Provision for impairment	14.5	(57,605,219)	(57,605,219)
			1,742,173,997	166,202,807
			a 10	2000 100 100

14.1 As per rule 3(5) of Sindh Sales Tax Special Procedure (withholding) Rule 2014, registered persons as recipient of advertisement services shall withhold sales tax applicable on the person providing advertisement services. Accordingly, the Company is unable to adjust its input tax deducted on purchases of taxable goods and services as 100% of the output tax on the Company's taxable services are being withheld by the recipient of these services. However, the Company is in correspondence with the relevant authorities through its legal advisor to resolve the matter.

		2023	2022
		Rupee	s
14.2	Due from related parties		
	HUM NETWORK FZ LLC	1,538,255,996	
	HUM TV, Inc.	56,339,751	38,943,913
	HUM Mart (Private) Limited		1,320,991
	Sky Line Publications (Private) Limited	65,059,157	58,651,683
		1,659,654,904	98,916,587
14.3	The aging of receivables from related parties is as follows:		
	Neither past due nor impaired	1,601,003,221	40,264,904
	Past due but not impaired		
	- 60 to 90 days	*	
	- over 90 days	58,651,683	58,651,683
		1,659,654,904	98,916,587

14.4 The maximum amount outstanding from related parties at any time during the year calculated by reference to month end balances are as follows:

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	s
	HUM TV, Inc.		56,339,751	38,943,913
	HUM Mart (Private) Limited		2	1,320,991
	Skyline Publications (Private) Limited		65,059,157	58,651,683
	HUM NETWORK FZ LLC		1,538,255,996	(4)
			1,659,654,904	98,916,587
14.5	Provision for impairment			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		(57,605,219)	(57,605,219)
	Provision made during the year			-
	Balance at the end of the year		(57,605,219)	(57,605,219)
15	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		883,126	561,806
	Cash at banks			
	- in current accounts		128,796,622	126,555,158
	- in deposit accounts	15.1	318,117,021	706,381,596
			446,913,643	832,936,754
			447,796,769	833,498,560

15.1 These carry profit at the rates ranging from 12.5% to 19.75% per annum (2022: 5.5% to 12.85%) per annum.

#### 16 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

2022

2023

17

(Number of	shares)		Rupee:	5
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 1/- each		
500,000,000	500,000,000	Fully paid in cash	500,000,000	500,000,000
634,000,000	445,000,000	Issued as fully paid bonus shares	634,000,000	445,000,000
1,134,000,000	945,000,000		1,134,000,000	945,000,000

2023

2022

- 16.1 Voting rights, board selection, right of first refusal and block voting are in proportion to the shareholding.
- 16.2 Bonus shares issued to directors of the Company are 96,657,902 shares (2022: Nil).

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es
LONG-TERM LEASE LIABILITIES		
Opening balance	89,049,467	121,616,252
Additions during the year	1,375,281	13,943,510
Change due to termination		(49.463,171)
Change due to modification	(6,262,102)	22,469,102
Mark up on lease liabilities	10,995,762	14,287,879
Less: Lease rentals paid	(24,258,933)	(33,804,105)
Closing balance	70,899,475	89,049,467
Less: Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	(15,664,939)	(16,372,569)
Long-term lease liabilities	55,234,536	72,676,898

17.1 Includes lease finance facility entered into by the Company with commercial banks for vehicles amounting to Rs.115,000,000 (2022: Rs.115,000,000) out of which Rs.109,752,920 (2022: Rs.105,265,279) remains unutilized at period end.

			2023	2022
18	LONG-TERM FINANCING - secured	Note	Rupe	nes
	Islamic banks			
	Diminshing Musharaka - I	18,1		128,853,318
	Diminshing Musharaka - II	18.2		69,975,325
	Diminshing Musharaka - III	18.3	93,750,000	125,000,000
	Salary Refinance Loan	18.4	CONTRACTOR OF STREET	49,110,321
	BANDAR TALLY RANGE CONTRACTOR AND A CONT		93,750,000	372,938,964
	Less: current maturity		(62,500,000)	(294,813,943)
			31,250,000	78,125,021

- 18.1 Represents Diminishing Musharaka facility carrying profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 1% (June 2022: 6 months KIBOR plus 1%) per annum. The financing has been fully repaid by 24 May 2023 in 48 equal monthly instalments commencing after a grace period of 12 months from the date of first disbursement i.e. from June 2018. The loan was secured by way of registered mortgage over the building on leasehold land.
- 18.2 Represents Diminishing Musharaka carrying profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 1% (June 2022: 6 months KIBOR plus 1%) per annum. The financing is repayable in 48 equal monthly instalments commencing after a grace period of 18 months from the date of first disbursement i.e. December 2017. In 2020, the Company has availed the principal deferment facility for LTFF offered by the SBP through BPRD circular no. 13 of 2020 to dampen adverse effects of the COVID-19 and to provide relief to the businesses. Financing is secured by way of Equitable Mortgage over registered office, first parl passu constructive mortgage charge over land and first hypothecation charge over plant, machinery & equipment. The loan has been fully repaid during the year.
- 18.3 Represents Diminishing Musharaka facility secured during the last year carrying profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 1% (June 2022: 6 months KIBOR plus 1%) per annum. The financing is repayable in 8 equal quarterly instalments commencing after a grace period of 12 months from the date of disbursement i.e. December 2021. Financing is secured by way of Equitable Mortgage over registered office, first hypothecation charge over plant, machinery & equipment, first pari passu charge over receivables of the company and first pari passu charge by way of constructive mortgage charge over Islamabad office.

18.4 Represents long-term financing of Rs. 200 million obtained from an Islamic bank in June 2020 under the refinance scheme for the payment of wages and salaries as per the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) guidelines. The loan carries an interest rate of SBP rate + 3%. However, the loan has been recognised at its present value using the effective interest rates applicable at the drawdown dates. The loan was scheduled to be repaid in 8 equal quarterly installments, commencing from January 2021. The differential markup has been recognised as a government grant, which will be amortized as interest income over the loan period. The facility is secured by a registered equitable mortgage on land and property, with a 30% margin, The loan has been fully repaid during the year.

		2023	2022
19	Deferred Income - Government grant	Rupee	S
	Opening balance	478,147	5,056,265
	Received during the year	•	(*)
	Released to the statement of profit or loss	(478,147)	(4,578,118)
	Closing balance		478,147
	Less: Current portion	<u></u>	(478,147)
	Non-current portion		-

19.1 Government grant has been recorded pursuant to a salary refinance scheme introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan (IH&SMEFD Circular Nos. 07 &14) to provide loan to businesses at concessional rates to finance salary expense during the COVID-19 outbreak. The grant has been provided to the Company as a reimbursement of average wages and salaries' bill for the months of April, May and June 2020 subject to Company's undertaking that no employees be laid off due to cash flow limitations, for a period of three months between April 01, 2020 to June 30, 2020.

5787207		Note	2023 Rupe	2022 es
20	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors	20.1	362,775,566	838,147,526
	Accrued liabilities	20.2	388,661,167	292,720,290
	Due to related party - HUM Network FZ LLC			27,215,492
	Withholding tax payable		17,196,303	22,224,940
	Payable to provident fund	20.3	*	1,031,524
	Others		45,385,561	36,643,371
			814,018,597	1,217,983,143
20.1	Includes amount payable to the following related parties:			
	M.D Production (Private) Limited			392,304,729

- 20.2 Includes donation amounting to Rs. 56,135,292/ accrued on the basis of Board's approval which will be paid to Momina and Duraid Foundation.
- 20.3 Investments in collective investment schemes, listed equity and listed debt securities out of provident funds have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the rules formulated for this purpose.

#### 21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

- 21.1 Contingencies
- 21.1.1 For tax related matters, refer note 29 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 21.2 Commitments

21.2.1 Purchase of television programs commitments with M.D Production (Private) Limited - a related party as at June 30, 2023 amounted to Rs. 258,962,000 (June 30 2022; Rs. 204,378,000). Commitment for purchase of television programs with other than related parties as at June 30, 2023 amounted to Rs. 41,215,500 (June 30, 2022; Rs. 48,902,000).

		Note	2023 Rupe	2022 es
22	REVENUE - net	SAMPATA		
	Advertisement revenue		4,844,229,306	4,480,516,784
	Production revenue		221,648,886	126,691,090
	Digital revenue		80,643,000	108,992,303
	Subscription income		1,677,339,186	1,297,020,232
	Film distribution revenue		1,725,968	5,749,479
		22.1 & 22.2	6,825,586,346	6,018,969,888
22.1	Revenue is net off the following items:			
	Sales tax		722,681,112	671,884,784
	Discount to customers		598,870,841	498,649,987
			1,321,551,953	1,170,534,771
22.2	Represents revenue from the following geographical regions:			
	Asia		5,172,962,977	4,776,231,297
	America		1,652,623,369	1,242,738,591
			6,825,586,346	6,018,969,888
23	COST OF PRODUCTION			
	Cost of outsourced programs		1,854,864,608	1,717,633,741
	Cost of in-house programs		311,230,418	227,538,028
	Cost of inventory consumed		2,000,487	1,178,980
	Salaries and benefits	23.1	1,075,741,256	851,372,089
	Technical advisory fee	23.2	54,751,500	47,610,000
	Depreciation	4.3 & 4.5.2	57,223,159	114,143,902
	Traveling and conveyance		138,335,274	77,707,529
	Utilities		14,869,487	14,312,520
	Rent, rates and taxes		305,538	1,105,049
	Insurance		27,315,856	26,069,116
	Repair and maintenance		26,034,116	47,245,595
	Fee and subscription	23.3	4,514,981	266,575,475
	Communication		21,765,697	18,672,793
	Security charges		438,350	180,200
	Amortisation	5.1	6,271,976	8,745,980
	Consultancy		1,188,586	5,886,311
	Printing and stationery		1,008,477	1,815,106
			3,597,859,766	3,427,792,414
	In production television programs – opening		35,460,250	22,282,250
	In production television programs - closing	_	(50,827,650)	(35,460,250)
			3,582,492,366	3,414,614,414
	Released / unreleased programs - opening		390,229,988	430,167,561
	Released / unreleased programs - closing	0 <u>-</u>	(432,619,726)	(390,229,988)
			3,540,102,628	3,454,551,987

- 23.1 Includes Rs. 29,765,982 (2022: Rs. 25,213,478) in respect of staff retirement benefits.
- 23.2 Represents fee paid to a Director for technical advisory services rendered in terms of the technical advisory agreement duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 23.3 includes Rs. Nil (2022: Rs. 230,350,586) in respect of fees for managing the digital subscriptions of the Company.

24				
	DISTRIBUTION COSTS		2023	2022
		Note	Rupe	es
	Advertisement and promotion		179,032,049	161,676,181
	Salaries and benefits	24.1	180,243,903	154,710,507
	Traveling and conveyance		28,139,827	15,195,322
	Rent, rates and taxes		532,297	120,225
	Utilities	120150	2,890,633	3,313,001
	Depreciation	438452	9,096,867	5,549,460
	Communication		674,255	677,368 2,717,912
	Repair and maintenance		3,688,871 2,461,343	2,360,689
	Fees and subscription		1,120,873	2,585,055
	Printing and stationery		1,546,798	359.371
		_	409,427,716	349,265,091
24.1	This include Rs. 7,869,125 (2022: Rs. 6,462,264) in respect of staff retirement benefits:	-		
25	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
25	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries and benefits	25.1	475,677,349	343,388,335
	Depreciation	4.3 & 4.5.2	42,508,527	41,884,869
	Amortisation	5.1	863,839	1,159,539
	Repair and maintenance		53,463,407	44,104,271
	Communication		7,262,392	7,749,443
	Traveling and conveyance		66,565,849	30,057,434
	Fee and subscription Utilities		13,579,225	25,286,082 33,995,048
	Legal and professional charges		47,703,555 28,071,062	17,829,906
	Printing, stationery and periodicals		11,145,315	9,609,492
	Rent, rates and taxes		9,061,102	9,090,315
	Insurance		7,457,795	5,674,372
	Auditors' remuneration	25.2	6,480,533	4,974,321
	Security charges		9,284,141	8,213,236
	Donations	25.3 & 25.4	106,230,292	600,000
			885,354,383	583,616,663
25.1	Include Rs. 7,030,043 (2022: Rs. 5,712,115) in respect of steff retirement benefits.	-		
25.2	Auditors' remuneration			
			>=742E7ETEW	< 12 LT 22 LT 20 TV
	Audit fee		2,187,000	1,687,500
	Fee for consolidated financial statements		801,900	618,750
	Fee for half yearly review		656,100	506,250
	Tax and other assurance services		2,200,000	1,757,667
	Out of pocket expenses	-	635,533	404,154
			6,480,533	4,974,321
25.3	Donation to following parties exceeds 10% of the Company's total donations or Rs. 1 million	on, whichever is highe	ar:	
			200 200 20	AGENT STREET
	Dhorail Youth Services Foundation		75.000	100.000
	Dhoraji Youth Services Foundation Sindh Graduates Association		75,000 500,000	100,000 500,000
			355555333	
	Sindh Graduates Association	=	500,000	
25.4	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation	any interest except for	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292	500,000
25.4	Sindh Graduates Association	any interest except fo	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292	500,000
25.4	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust.	any interest except fo	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292	500,000
25.4	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a	any interest except fo	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292	500,000
25.4	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi	any interest except fo	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292	500,000
25.4	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi	any interest except fo	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to f	500,000 600,000 Momina and 2022
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui	any interest except fo	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 or donation paid to N	500,000 600,000 Momina and 2022
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net	any interest except fo	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 or donation paid to N	500,000 600,000 Momina and 2022
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net  Profit on deposit accounts	C7425V	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 or donation paid to N	500,000 600,000 Momina and 2022
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net	C7425V	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 or donation paid to N	500,000 600,000 Momina and 2022 28,038,991
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income	C7425V	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 or donation paid to N 2023 Rupe 56,453,532 293,418,632	500,000  600,000  Momina and  2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net  Profit on deposit accounts  Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant	C7425V	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to fine to	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439 4,578,119
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to fine to	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 5,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679)
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net  Profit on deposit accounts  Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to fine to fine the fine to fine to fine the f	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679) (31,191,855)
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments Gain / (loss) on redemption / sale of investments	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to fine to	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 5,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679)
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments Gain / (loss) on redemption / sale of investments Income from non financial assets	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to h 2023 Rupe 56,453,532 293,418,632 58,931,534 7,126,948 478,147 (7,320,895) 27,660,465 436,748,363	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679) (31,191,855) 30,999,128
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments Gain / (loss) on redemption / sale of investments	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to fine to fine the fine to fine to fine the f	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679) (31,191,855)
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments Gain / (loss) on redemption / sale of investments  Income from non financial assets Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to h 2023 Rupe 56,453,532 293,418,632 58,931,534 7,126,948 478,147 (7,320,895) 27,660,465 436,748,363	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679) (31,191,855) 30,999,128 5,670,012
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments Gain / (loss) on redemption / sale of investments  Income from non financial assets Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets Gain on termination of right of use asset	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to N 2023 Rupe 56,453,532 293,418,632 293,418,632 58,931,534 7,126,948 478,147 (7,320,895) 27,660,465 436,748,363	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679) (31,191,855) 30,999,128 5,670,012
	Sindh Graduates Association  Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments Gain / (loss) on redemption / sale of investments  Income from non financial assets Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets Gain on termination of right of use asset Reversal of ECL	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to M 2023 Rupe 56,453,532 293,418,632 58,931,534 7,126,948 478,147 (7,320,895) 27,660,465 436,748,363 936,097 52,745,517 98,671,515 32,768,832	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679) (31,191,855) 30,999,128 5,670,012 12,134,055
	Sindh Graduates Association Momina and Duraid Foundation  Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had a Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Company are also trustees of the said trust:  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets - net Profit on deposit accounts Exchange gain - net Dividend income Interest / markup income Government grant Uhrealised loss on revaluation of investments Gain / (loss) on redemption / sale of investments  Income from non financial assets Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets Gain on termination of right of use asset Reversal of ECL Reversal of liabilities - no longer payable	15.1	500,000 105,655,292 106,230,292 r donation paid to M 2023 Rupe 56,453,532 293,418,632 293,418,632 58,931,534 7,126,948 478,147 (7,320,895) 27,660,465 436,748,363 936,097 52,745,517 98,671,515	2022 28,038,991 49,373,257 23,451,856 6,568,439 4,578,119 (49,819,679) (31,191,855) 30,999,128 5,670,012 12,134,055

		2023 Rupe	2022
27	OTHER EXPENSES	Kupe	0.5
	Allowance for ECL		28,112,800
28	FINANCE COSTS		
	Mark-up on long-term financing	34,506,149	49,626,966
	Mark-up on short-term borrowings	98,402	8,090,625
	Finance lease charges	10,995,762	14,287,879
	Bank charges	458,793	1,348,742
		46,059,106	73,354,212
29	TAXATION	,	
	Current	229,073,182	219,949,554
	Deferred	57,952,265	(67,537,087)
	Prior	3,552,814	(1,477,602)
		290,578,261	150,934,865
	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit		-
	Profit before taxation	2,439,816,835	1,514,839,878
	Tax at the applicable rates	707,546,882	439,303,565
	Tax effects of:		
	Tax at reduced rate on dividend income	(10,607,676)	(4,221,334)
	Income subject to final tax regime	(514,021,552)	(415,030,747)
	Tax effect of super tax	65,747,467	26,457,707
	Prior year tax charge reversal	3,552,814	(1,477,602)
	Others	38,360,326	105,903,276
		290,578,261	150,934,865
	Effective %	12%	10%

- 29.1 The Company has filed its return of income up to tax year 2022. The returns so filed are deemed to be an assessment order issued by the Taxation Authorities on the date the complete return is filed. The Company was mainly subject to minimum tax during the year ended 30 June 2021 under section 153(1)(b) of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001, therefore, relationship between income tax expense and accounting profit has not been presented.
- 29.2 During the year 2017, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued a show cause notice to the Company, for the tax year 2014, showing his intention to disallow the deduction claimed on account of agency commission on alleged non-deduction of tax on such agency commission. The Company filed a suit before the Hon'ble High Court of Sindh challenging the above showcause notice.

Based on a recent judgement of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan, suits filed by taxpayers are not to be maintained unless 50% of the tax due is deposited by the petitioners. In compliance to the above order, the Company has deposited an amount of Rs. 24,395,012 into the Government treasury. The decision in respect of the Suit filed by the Company is still pending. The management, based on the legal advice, is confident that the ultimate outcome will be in favor of the Company and accordingly, no provision has been made in this respect in these unconsolidated financial statements.

29.3 During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) passed an order under section 122(1) of the Ordinance for the tax year 2017 whereby tax demand of Rs.771,644,857 was raised. The company challenged the above order before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). The CIR(A) pursuant to the above appeal has decided majority of the issues in favor of the company. Furthermore, issue of additions to fixed assets has been remanded back for verification whereas disallowance in respect of unpaid creditors and accrued liabilities, loss on disposal of fixed assets and levy of super tax under section 4B has been confirmed. The company has filed further appeal in respect of the confirmed issues before the ATIR, which is pending adjudication.

		Note	2023 Rupe	2022 es
30	EARNINGS PER SHARE – basic and diluted		Rupe	es
	Profit for the year		2,149,238,574	1,363,905,013
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares			(Restated)
	outstanding during the year	30.1	1,134,000,000	1,134,000,000
	Earnings per share (Rupee)		1.90	1.20
30.1	Weighted average number of ordinary shares			
	Issued ordinary shares at the beginning of the year		945,000,000	945,000,000
	Effect of bonus shares		189,000,000	189,000,000
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares at the end of the	ne year	1,134,000,000	1,134,000,000
30.2	There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of	the Company.		
31	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			
	Profit before taxation		2,439,816,835	1,514,839,878
	Adjustments for:			
	Depreciation	23, 24 & 25	108,828,553	161,578,231
	Amortisation	25	7,135,815	9,905,519
	Finance costs	28	46,059,106	73,354,212
	Unrealized exchange gain	26	(293,418,632)	(49,373,257)
	Profit on deposit accounts	26	(56,453,532)	(28,038,991)
	Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets	26	(936,097)	(5,670,012)
	(Gain) / loss on redemption / sale of investments	26	(27,660,465)	31,191,855
	Dividend income	26	(58,931,534)	(23,451,856)
	Government grant amortized	26	(478,147)	(4,578,119)
	Gain on termination of right of use asset	26		(12,134,055)
	Provision for impairment	27	community Simon	28,112,800
	Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments	26	7,320,895 (268,534,038)	49,819,679 230,716,006
	Increase/(decrease) in current assets		(200,004,000)	230,710,000
		Ī	(00.000)	22.040
	Inventories		(88,326)	33,640
	Current portion of television program costs		4,517,361	10,038,580
	Trade debts Advances		(155,234,563)	(281,177,064)
	U STATE OF THE STA		(45,913,501)	20,344,649
	Trade deposits and short term prepayments  Other receivables		(3,743,845)	(4,058,440)
	Other receivables	L	(1,575,971,190)	(21,586,295)
	(Increase)/decrease in current liabilities			
	Trade and other payables		(403,964,546)	636,038,766
	Advance from customers		12,144,815	(14,013,401)

#### 32 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	2023					2022		
	Chief Executive	Executive Director	Non - Executive Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Executive Director	Non - Executive Directors	Executives
Managerial remuneration	42,935,390			307,685,725	36,903,070		-	238,473,580
Technical advisory fee	-	54,751,500		) <del>-</del>	i.e	47,610,000	+	
Fee	wan a Aras		3,900,000	7.		Livering St.	3,175,000	
Bonus	184,398,314	184,398,314		94	104,580,249	104;560,249	207	-
Retirement benefits	the second second		20	18,858,646			2	15,196,157
House rent	17,133,842		**	99,164,290	15,775,403		-	79,062,033
Utilities	3,807,520		2	22,036,508	3,505,645			17,569,340
Car allowance	20,767,188	23,500,000	•		20,128,072	23,500,000	-	120111111111111111111111111111111111111
Fuel and conveyance.	2,975,351	2,704,411	1,478,447	30,302,101	1,834,938	1,548,927	870,287	15,637,903
	272,017,605	265,354,225	5,378,447	478,047,270	182,707,377	177,219,176	4,045,287	365,939,013
Number	1	1	5	65	1	1	5	53

<sup>32.1</sup> The Chief Executive and certain Executives are also provided with free use of Company maintained cars in accordance with the Company's policy and reimbursement of expenses related to business travel.

#### 33 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Company comprise subsidiaries, associated companies, retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Details of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

Relationship	Nature of transactions	2023 Rup	2022 ees
Subsidiaries	Expenses paid on behalf of the Company Expenses paid on behalf of the subsidiary Payment received on behalf of subsidiary	33,561,469 29,624,132 70,993,275	40,162,558 42,367,834 55,185,231
	Payment received on behalf of the Company Management fee. Amount paid on behalf of the Company Professional or promotional services acquired	1,439,683,704 7,511,340 39,624,981 3,845,000	953,512 5,400,000 - 3,235,000
Associated Companies	Subscription income  Purchases of television programs rights  Expenses paid on behalf of the associate	34,019,983 1,572,300,900	53,765,500 1,522,637,694 11,182,630
Others	Payment made during the year  Contribution to the provident fund	1,993,714,343 44,865,150	1,720,819,343 37,387,857

All transactions with related parties are entered into at agreed terms duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The outstanding receivable and payable balances of the related parties are disclosed in their respective notes to these unconsolidated financial statements.

33.1 Following are the related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement / agreement in place:

			Aggregate %
S.No.	Company Name	Basis of association	of
			shareholding
1	Skyline Publications (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	100%
2	HUM TV Inc.	Subsidiary	100%
3	HUM Network FZ LLC	Subsidiary	100%
4	HUM Network UK Limited	Subsidiary	100%
5	HUMM Co. (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	100%
6	Tower Sports (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	100%
7	HUM Mart (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	70%
8	M.D Productions (Private) Limited	Associated company (33.1.1)	
9	Momina & Duraid Films (Private) Limited	Associated company (33.1.1)	
10	Momina and Duraid Foundation	Associated company (33.1.1)	
11	HUM Network Limited- Employees' Provident Fund	Retirement Fund	
1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Ms. Sultana Siddiqui	Director	0.73%
13	Mr. Mazhar ul Hag Siddigui	Director	
14	Mr. Duraid Qurashi	Director	45.74%
15	Mr. Shunaid Qureshi	Director	5.38%
15 16 17 18	Mrs. Mahtab Akbar Rashdi	Director	_
17	Lt Gen (R) Asif Yasin Malik	Director	
18	Mr. Muhammad Ayub Younus Adhi	Director	
19	Mr. Schall Anser	Director	
20	Ms. Khush Bakht Shujaat	Director	

<sup>33.1.1</sup> These entities are associated companies / undertakings of the Company under Companies Act, 2017.

#### 33.2 Subsidiaries incorporated outside Pakistan:

Name Country of Incorporation
HUM TV, Inc.
United States of America

HUM Network FZ LLC HUM Network UK Limited United States of America United Arab Emirates United Kingdom

33.3 None of the key management personnel had any arrangements with the Company other than the employment contract.

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupe	es
34	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY			
34.1	Financial assets as per statement of financial position			
	Financial assets at amortised cost			
	<ul> <li>Long-term deposits</li> </ul>	7	28,222,351	27,757,173
	- Trade debts	10	2,688,381,940	2,239,728,745
	<ul> <li>Trade deposits</li> </ul>	13	1,364,500	514,500
	- Other receivables	14	1,612,338,102	42,062,585
	- Cash and bank balances	15	447,796,769	833,498,560
		_	4.778,103,662	3,143,561,563
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
	- Short-term investments	11 =	589,143,291	1,127,212,684
34.2	Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position			
	Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
	<ul> <li>Long-term financing</li> </ul>	18	31,250,000	78,125,021
	<ul> <li>Trade and other payables</li> </ul>	20	796,822,294	1,195,758,203
	- Accrued mark-up		218,809	4,296,850
	<ul> <li>Current portion of long-term financing</li> </ul>	18	62,500,000	294,813,943
	- Unclaimed dividend		6,153,603	6,153,631
	- Unpaid dividend		1,374,738	2,299,787
	un in vinciate de les vince Vinte Vi	_	898,319,444	1,581,447,435
		-		

#### 35 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks i.e. market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management provides policies for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and credit risk, use of financial derivatives, financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken.

The Board of Directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:

#### 35.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and equity price risk, such as equity risk.

#### 35.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Company's interest rate risk arises from long-term financing and finance lease obligations and bank balances. The Company manages these risks through risk management strategies.

#### Sensitivity analysis:

The following figures demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before taxation:

	Increase / decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before taxation Rupees
June 30, 2023	+100	4,244,938
	-100	(4,244,938)
June 30, 2022	+100	6,652,243
	-100	(6,652,243)

#### 35.3 Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of financial assets or financial liabilities will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

		June 30, 2023			June 30, 2022	
	US Dollar	GBP	AED	US Dollar	GBP	AED
Trade debts		454,406	298,689	E. C.	972,268	333,247
Other receivables	19,756,691	190,808	***		190,808	
Trade and other payables	17	(85,000)	50	(479,281)	(87,562)	
		- Rupees	***	******	Rupees	
Closing exchange rates	77.86	285.99	364.14	55.60	204.10	247.10

#### Sensitivity analysis:

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the AED,USD and GBP exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before taxation:

	Change in AED rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax Rupees	Change in US dollar rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax Rupees	Change in GBP rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax Rupees
June 30, 2023	+10	153,825,600	+10	16,021,560	+10	10,876,461
	-10	(153,825,600)	-10	(16,021,560)	-10	(10,876,461)
June 30, 2022	+10	(2,662,406)	+10	21,951,239	+10	8,234,533
	-10	2,662,406	-10	(21,951,239)	-10	(8,234,533)

#### 35.4 Equity price risk

The Company's investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of investment securities. The Company manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total investments. Reports on the investments portfolio are submitted to the Company's senior management on a regular basis:

As of the statement of financial position date, the exposure to investments at fair value through profit or loss was Rs. 585,381,954 (30 June 2022; Rs. 1,127,212,684).

#### 35.5 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Concentration of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

#### Management of credit risk

The Company's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the guidelines set by the Board of Directors and other internal guidelines.

Credit risk is managed and controlled by the management of the Company in the following manner:

- Credit rating and / or credit worthiness of the counterparty is taken into account along with the financial background so as to minimize the risk of default.
- The risk of counterparty exposure due to failed agreements causing a loss to the Company is mitigated by a periodic review of their credit ratings, financial statements, credit worthiness and market information on a regular basis.
- Cash is held with reputable banks only.

As of the unconsolidated statement of financial position date, the Company is exposed to credit risk on the following assets:

a of the character determines interest position does no company to expecte to		
	2023	2022
	Rup	ees
Long-term deposits	28,222,351	27,757,173
- Trade debts	2,688,381,940	2,239,728,745
- Short-term investments	589,143,291	1,127,212,684
- Trade deposits	1,364,500	514,500
- Other receivables	1,612,338,102	42,062,585
Bank balances	446,913,643	832,936,754
	5,366,363,827	4,270,212,441

#### Quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rates:

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees	
Bank balances				
AAA			2,382,575	1,112,428
AA+			211,048,650	561,515,556
AA.			218,474,972	270,306,554
A			15,007,446	2,216
		15	446,913,643	832,936,754
Short-term investments				
Mutual funds	A(f)		53,284,537	2,409,729
	A+(f)		5,087,356	413,144,899
	AA(f)		29,668,996	25,811,342
	AA+(f)		384,850,945	261,491,882
	Non-rated		95,103,299	378,968,064
			567,995,133	1,081,825,916
Term finance certificate	A		21,148,158	45,386,768
		11	589,143,291	1,127,212,684

#### 35.6 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company applies prudent risk management policies by maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and by keeping committed credit lines.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at the following reporting dates:

2023	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
	***************************************	Ruj	ees		
Long-term lease liabilities	*	3,781,136	11,883,803	55,234,536	70,899,475
Long-term financing	*	15,625,000	46,875,000	31,250,000	93,750,000
Trade and other payables	451,243,031	161,954,257	200,821,309		814,018,597
Accrued mark-up	218,809	-	*		218,809
	451,461,840	181,360,393	259,580,112	86,484,536	978,886,881
2022	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
	2015 THE STREET OF THE STREET	Rup	nees		
Long-term lease liabilities	5	3,032,131	13,340,438	72,676,898	89,049,467
Long-term financing	-	88,265,377	206,548,563	78,125,024	372,938,964
Trade and other payables	251,369,738	361,458,135	605,155,270	*	1,217,983,143
Accrued mark-up	4,296,850				4.296,850
	255,666,588	452,755,643	825,044,271	150,801,922	1,684,268,424

#### 35.6.1 Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	1-Jul-22	Cash Flows	New leases	Others	30-Jun-23
Long-term financing	372,938,964	(279,188,964)	-	7.00	93,750,000
Long-term lease liabilities	89,049,467	(24,258,933)	1,375,281	4,733,660	70,899,475
	1-Jul-21	Cash Flows	New leases	Others	30-Jun-22
Long-term financing	601,000,449	(228,061,485)	-		372,938,964
Long-term lease liabilities	121,616,252	(33,804,105)	13,943,510	36,756,981	89,049,467

#### 35.6.2 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the unconsolidated financial statements appropriate their fair values.

#### 35.7 Capital risk

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view of maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business sustain future development of the business and maximize shareholders value. The Company monitors capital using a debt equity ratio as follows:

	Note	2023 Run	2022 nees
	11010		
Long-term lease liabilities	17	55,234,536	72,676,898
Long-term financing	18	31,250,000	78,125,021
Trade and other payable	20	814,018,597	1,217,983,143
Accrued markup		218,809	4,296,850
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	17	15,664,939	16,372,569
Current portion of long-term financing	18	62,500,000	294,813,943
Total debt		978,886,881	1,684,268,424
Cash and bank balances	15	(447,796,769)	(833,498,560)
Net debt		531,090,112	850,769,864
Share capital	16	1,134,000,000	945,000,000
Unappropriated profit		6,111,864,380	4,151,625,806
Total equity		7,245,864,380	5,096,625,806
Capital		7,776,954,492	5,947,395,670
Gearing ratio		6.83%	14.30%

#### 35.8 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate fair values.

The following table shows assets recognised at fair value, analysed between those whose fair value is based on:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities,

Level 2: Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and

Level 3: Those whose inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### Assets measured at fair value

	2023				2022
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	- Indiana - I
	0.000		(Rupees)		
Short-term investments		589,143,291		589,143,291	1,127,212.684

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of level 3 fair value measurement.

35.9 Financial instruments which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of financial position date.

#### 36 OPERATING SEGMENTS

For management purposes, the Company has determined following reportable operating segments on the basis of areas of operations i.e. entertainment and news.

Entertainment segment is engaged in advertisement, entertainment and media marketing.

News segments is engaged in broadcasting of news programs.

	Entertain	ment	News		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue						
Net revenue from external						
customer	5,622,541,366	5,417,080,742	1,203,044,980	601,889,146	6,825,586,346	6,018,969,888
Result						
Segment profit / (lass)	2,324,897,472	2,288,554,361	424,462,528	(173,567,491)	2,749,360,000	2,114,986,870
Taxation					(290,578,261)	(150,934,865)
Unallocated income / (expenses) :						
Administrative expenses					(885,354,383)	(583,616,663)
Other Expenses						(28,112,800)
Other income					621,870,324	84,936,683
Gain on sale of non-current asset held for sale						
Finance cost					(46,059,106)	(73,354,212)
Profit / (loss) for the year				=	2,149,238,574	1,363,905,013
Other information						
Amortization	(3,584,024)	(4,685,183)	(3,551,791)	(5,220.336)	(7,135,815)	(9,905,519)
Depreciation	(55,333,391)	(43,217,134)	(53,495,162)	(118,361,097)	(108,828,553)	(161,578,231)
Segment assets	565,805,921	399,697,988	839,213,836	815 588,812	1,405,019,757	1,215,286,800
Unallocated Assets	365,865,821	389,097,900	639,213,636	B10,000,012	6,853,984,465	5,589,118,800
Orialiocated Assets	565,805,921	399,697,988	839,213,836	815,588,812	8,259,004,222	6,804,405,600
Capital expenditure	137,075,701	69,063,334	83,270,478	24.626,727	220,346,179	93,692,061
Segment liabilities	735,718,643	1,068,495,432	277,421,199	639.254,362	1,013,139,842	1,707,779,794

36.1 Revenue from three major customers of the Company during the year constituted 57% (2022: 65%) of the total revenue.

#### 37 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total number of employees and average number of employees at year end and during the year respectively are as follows:

	2023	Rupees	2022
Total number of employees	721		676
Average number of employees during the year	696		669

#### 38 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 26, 2023, our Company acquired 100% shareholding of M/s. Sphere Ventures (Private) Limited against consideration of Rs. 10,000,000 paid in full. M/s. Sphere Ventures (Private) Limited is engaged in the business of kids content.

- 39 GENERAL
- 39.1 For better presentation, certain prior year figures have been reclassified consequent to certain changes in current period presentation. However, there are no material reclassifications to report.
- 39.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.
- 40 BONUS SHARES

During the year, the board of directors in the meeting held on October 26, 2022 approved bonus dividend @ 20%.

41 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements have been authorised for issue on September 25, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the members of Hum Network Limited

## Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

## Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Hum Network Limited (the Holding Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key Audit Matters:

#### Key audit matters

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

#### 1. Net realizable value of television program costs

As of the year end, the balance of television program costs amounted to Rs. 483,447,376 (30 June 2022: 425,690,238) which represents unamortized cost of completed television programs and television programs in production.

As per the accounting policy of the Holding Company, television program costs and acquired television program licenses and rights are charged to expense based on the ratio of the revenues earned till date to total revenues to be earned from the program including future estimated revenues, less cost expensed in prior years on an individual program basis.

Allocation of television program costs over several accounting periods based on estimates of revenue involve significant judgement of the management which may have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. For this reason, we have identified this area as key audit matter.

Refer notes 3.7, 8 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our audit procedures amongst others, comprised reviewing the appropriateness of the accounting policy of the Holding Company in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards. Further, we obtained understanding of the revenue estimation and amortization process of the Holding Company.

In this regard, we selected a sample of television programs and considered the factors used by the management for revenue estimation and amortization of television program cost including:

- historic experience of revenue earned by similar programs;
- ratings of the program from available evidences;
- rates used by the Holding Company and its fluctuation based on the trend analysis; and
- we also considered subsequent events which may have an impact on unamortized cost.

We also evaluated whether adequate disclosures have been made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards.

#### 2. Revenue recognition

(Refer note 3.23 and 22 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements)

The Group earns revenue from a variety of sources among the different business areas of which 96% pertains to revenue from advertisements and subscriptions.

As reported in the explanatory notes, revenues from advertisement are recognized at the time of the appearance of the advertisement and subscription income is recognized in the month in which service is rendered.

We concluded that this area constitutes a key audit matter for the Group considering the significance of the amount, it being a key performance indicator and also the increase of 7% and 49% in advertisement and subscription income as compared to the prior year respectively. We obtained an understanding of the Group's processes in place for revenue recognition and tested key controls over each significant revenue stream.

We inspected a sample of contracts to check that revenue recognition was in accordance with the contract terms and the Group's revenue recognition policies.

We performed analytical review procedures and other test of details over revenue including cut-off procedures to check that revenue has been recognised in the appropriate accounting period.

We assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards.

#### Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic afternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
  evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on
  the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
  attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are
  inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
  report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the

Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Omer Chughtai.

EY Ford Rhodes

94 Fw Mil

Chartered Accountant Place: Karachi

Date: September 27, 2023

UDIN Number: AR202310120lpK1JbwAd



# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

	Note	2023 Rupe	2022
ASSETS		033900	102
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	4	1,468,308,459	1,213,806,080
Intangible assets	5	208,193,768	68,700,604
Long-term investment	6	49,527,574	-
Long-term deposits and prepayments	7	30,905,161	32,382,764
Television program costs	8	397,617,518	335,343,019
Deferred tax asset	9	152,607,326	206,123,723
CURRENT ASSETS		2,307,159,806	1,856,356,190
CORRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		16,715,587	16,627,261
Current portion of television program costs	8	85,829,858	90,347,219
Trade debts	10	3,100,542,350	2,499,313,014
Short-term investments	-11	589,143,291	1,127,212,684
Advances	12	217,960,460	116,367,406
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	13	87,363,141	54,878,938
Other receivables	14	220,269,938	211,773,875
Taxation – net	Alex-	245,616,828	232,393,146
Cash and bank balances	15	2,101,996,791 6,665,438,244	925,578,242 5,274,491,785
TOTAL ASSETS		8,972,598,050	7,130,847,975
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		0,972,390,030	7,130,047,573
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
to the street of			
Authorised capital 1,500,000,000 (2022: 1,500,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 1/- each		1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	16	1,134,000,000	945,000,000
Revenue reserves		6,297,572,560	4,296,372,452
Attributable to owners of the Holding Company		7,431,572,560	5,241,372,452
Non-controlling interest		(88,581,465)	(53,578,718
		7,342,991,095	5,187,793,734
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term lease liabilities	17	55,234,536	72,676,898
Long-term financing	18	58,765,328	101,461,145
Staff retirement benefits	/	94,199,346	48,070,804
AUDDENT LIADUTES		208,199,210	222,208,847
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
<del>                                    </del>	0.660		
Trade and other payables	20	1,192,647,473	
Advance from customers	20	137,005,058	86,356,790
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up	20	137,005,058 2,033,411	86,356,790 6,111,455
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend	20	137,005,058 2,033,411 6,153,603	86,356,790 6,111,455 6,153,63
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend		137,005,058 2,033,411	86,356,790 6,111,456 6,153,63 2,299,78
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Current portion of deferred income - Government grant	19	137,005,058 2,033,411 6,153,603 1,374,738	86,356,790 6,111,455 6,153,63 2,299,78 478,147
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Current portion of deferred income - Government grant Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	19 17	137,005,058 2,033,411 6,153,603 1,374,738 - 15,664,939	86,356,790 6,111,455 6,153,63 2,299,787 478,147 16,372,569
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Current portion of deferred income - Government grant	19	137,005,058 2,033,411 6,153,603 1,374,738 - 15,664,939 66,528,523	86,356,790 6,111,455 6,153,631 2,299,787 478,147 16,372,569 295,570,069
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Current portion of deferred income - Government grant Current portion of long-term lease liabilities Current portion of long-term financing	19 17 18	137,005,058 2,033,411 6,153,603 1,374,738 - 15,664,939	86,356,790 6,111,455 6,153,631 2,299,787 478,147 16,372,569 295,570,069
Advance from customers Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Current portion of deferred income - Government grant Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	19 17	137,005,058 2,033,411 6,153,603 1,374,738 - 15,664,939 66,528,523	1,307,502,946 86,356,790 6,111,455 6,153,631 2,299,787 478,147 16,372,569 295,570,069 1,720,845,394

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Note	2023 Rupes	2022
	Note	Rupee	25
Revenue	22	7,567,863,940	6,544,962,442
Cost of production	23	(3,784,999,321)	(3,462,463,856)
Transmission cost		(332,605,797)	(250,797,633)
	<u> </u>	(4,117,605,118)	(3,713,261,489)
Gross profit		3,450,258,822	2,831,700,953
Distribution costs	24	(482,974,749)	(415,772,921)
Administrative expenses	25	(1,194,481,812)	(790,332,088)
Other expenses	26	•	(28,112,800)
Other income	27	488,815,703	24,041,652
Operating profit	-	2,261,617,964	1,621,524,798
Finance costs	28	(47,136,014)	(74,565,447)
Profit before taxation		2,214,481,950	1,546,959,349
Taxation	29	(296,715,144)	(151,853,694)
Profit after taxation	_	1,917,766,806	1,395,105,655
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		1,952,769,553	1,416,178,509
Non-controlling interests		(35,002,747)	(21,072,854)
	=	1,917,766,806	1,395,105,655
	-		(Restated)
Earnings per share – basic and diluted (Rupee)	30 =	1.72	1.25

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESH Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2023 Rupee	2022 s
Profit after taxation	1,917,766,806	1,395,105,655
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit or loss		
Effect of translation of net investment in foreign subsidiary companies	237,430,555	112,753,585
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,155,197,361	1,507,859,240
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Holding Company	2,190,200,108	1,528,932,094
Non-controlling Interests	(35,002,747)	(21,072,854)
	2,155,197,361	1,507,859,240

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMÁD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Revenue Reserves	E		
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Foreign exchange translation reserve	Unappropriated profit	Sub-total	Non- controlling interest	Total
945,000,000	166,704,530	2,931,485,828	3,098,190,358	(32,505,864)	4,010,684,494
141		:-		(21,072,854)	(21,072,864)
	•			(21,072,854)	(21,072,854)
		1,416,178,509	1,416,178,509		1,416,178,509
1941	112,753,585		112,753,585	· ·	112,753,585
-	112,753,585	1,416,178,509	1,528,932,094	-	1,528,932,094
	3	(330,750,000)	(330,750,000)	2	(330,750,000)
945,000,000	279,458,115	4,016,914,337	4,296,372,452	(53,578,718)	5,187,793,734
3,60	361	7-		(35,002,747)	(35,002,747)
•	(•)			(35,002,747)	(35,002,747)
		1,952,769,553	1,952,769,553		1,952,769,553
	237,430,555		237,430,555	-	237,430,555
•	237,430,555	1,952,769,553	2,190,200,108		2,190,200,108
189,000,000	•	(189,000,000)	(189,000,000)	9	*
1,134,000,000	516,888,670	5,780,683,890	6,297,572,560	(88,581,465)	7,342,991,095
	945,000,000  945,000,000	subscribed and paid-up capital reserve  945.000.000 166,704,530  - 112,753,585 - 112,753,585 - 237,430,555 - 237,430,555 - 237,430,555	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital   reserve   Unappropriated profit	Issued, subscribed exchange and paid-up translation reserve	Subscribed and paid-up capital   Profit   Sub-total   Sub-total   Non-controlling interest

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	Rupee	s
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	31	1,542,905,675	2,085,274,482
Taxes paid		(249,585,741)	(240,904,038)
Finance costs paid		(40,218,296)	(64,073,412)
Profit received on deposit accounts	27	67,328,851	28,562,426
Long-term deposits and prepayments	7	1,477,603	1,060,670
Television program costs  Net cash flow generated in operating activities	8	(62,274,499) 1,259,633,593	16,720,993
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure		(378,405,110)	(86,449,802)
Acquisition of Tower Sports (Private) Limited		(30,434,566)	
Short-term investments - net	11	558,691,632	(705,809,061)
Dividend received	27	58,931,534	23,451,856
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets	4.4	4,922,839	18,071,921
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities		213,706,329	(750,735,086)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Long-term financing - net	18	(271,737,363)	(225,766,984)
Dividend paid		(925,077)	(328,450,231)
Lease rentals paid	17	(24,258,933)	(33,804,105)
Net cash used in from financing activities		(296,921,373)	(588,021,320)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,176,418,549	487,884,715
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		925,578,242	437,693,527
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		2,101,996,791	925,578,242

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMAD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 1 THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 HUM Network Limited (the Holding Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance). The shares of the Holding Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange.
- 1.2 The Holding Company's principal business is to launch transnational satellite channels and aims at presenting a wide variety of cultural heritage and news. Its core areas of operation are production, advertisement, entertainment and media marketing. It covers a wide variety of programmes with respect to information, entertainment, current affairs, education, health, food, music and society.

The 'Group' consists of:

#### **Holding Company**

**HUM Network Limited** 

#### **Subsidiary Companies**

	2023	2022
	Percentag	e of holding
HUM TV, Inc.	100%	100%
HUM Network UK Limited	100%	100%
Sky Line Publications (Private) Limited	100%	100%
HUM Network FZ LLC	100%	100%
HUMM Co. (Private) Limited	100%	100%
HUM Mart (Private) Limited	70%	70%
Tower Sports (Private) Limited	100%	

#### 1.3 Nature of operations of subsidiaries

HUM TV, Inc., HUM Network UK LTD and HUM Network FZ LLC have been established with the purpose of providing entertainment programs to the South Asian community by increasing presence in the United States of America (USA), Canada, UK and UAE respectively. HUM Network UK LTD has 100% equity in HUM News Limited, which is engaged in business of transmission of news for UK audience. The subsidiary companies will also serve as a platform for the Holding Company to explore avenues for greater distribution of the Holding Company's brands in USA, Canada, UK and UAE and will establish relations with advertisers, as well as develop US-based media materials, such as dramas, documentaries and other entertainment shows and events.

Skyline Publication (Private) Limited (SPL) is engaged in the publications of books and magazines.

HUMM Co. (Private) Limited has been established with the purpose of developing and producing contents, shows and programs. A scheme of merger, by way of amalgamation, of M.D Productions (Private) Limited, a related party with and into Humm Co. (Private) Limited was approved by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company on September 22, 2016. The petition for the scheme of arrangement has been withdrawn by the Holding Company on April 23, 2019 due to inordinate delay in the matter proceeding with the High Court.

HUM Mart (Private) Limited is engaged in the business of online shopping for grocery, household items and consumer goods.

During the year, the Holding Company acquired 100% shareholding of Tower Sports (Private) Limited i.e. 20,100 ordinary shares having face value of Rs. 1,000 each, issued at Rs. 7,462.69 each at a cost of Rs. 150 million through purchase of 20,100 ordinary shares. Resultantly, Tower Sports (Private) Limited became a subsidiary of the Holding Company effective 01 May 2023. Tower Sports (Private) Limited is engaged in the business of providing specialised sports services which include but are not limited to production, sales, marketing and distribution of sports media content.

#### 1.4 Geographical location and address of business units

Registered office Plot No. 10/11, Hassan Ali Street, Off. I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

City offices – Karachi Alfalah Court, I.I Chundrigar Road
City office – Islamabad 2A, 1&T center, sector G-6/1
City office – Lahore House # 58, R-24, Masson Road

City office - Peshawar Plot No. 7-A, 29 The Mall, Peshawar Cantonment

City office – Quetta House # 3, Phase II, Shahbaz town
City office – Multan Ghous-e-Azam Road, Bismillah Colony

HUM Network UK Limited 38-P Alum rock road, Birmingham, England. 2 Hemlet Mews, London HUM News Limited Evergreen House North Third Floor, Office Suite 311, Grafton Place,

Euston London, United Kingdom.

Skyline Publication (Private) Plot No. 10/11, Hassan Ali Street, Off. I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

Limited

Hum Mart (Private) Limited Plot # SR-7, Shed # A-2, Survey 413, Sector 7 A, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi.

HUM TV, Inc. 6201 Bonhomme Road, 180N, Houston Texas.

Tower Sports (Private) Limited Office Number 113-114, 1st floor, Sidco Avenue Centre, opposite YMCA Saddar,

Karachi, Pakistan.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

- 2.2.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost convention, except otherwise specifically stated.
- 2.2.2 These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

#### 2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments applicable to these consolidated financial statements

There are certain new and amended standards, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Group's operations and therefore not detailed in these consolidated financial statements.

#### Amendments to approved accounting standards

IFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments)

IAS 37 Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments)

The adoption of the above amendments to the accounting standards did not have any material effect on the Group's financial statements.

The IASB has also issued the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the Conceptual Framework) in March 2018 which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2020 for preparers of consolidated financial statements who develop accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts override those in any standard or any requirements in a standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist IASB in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies if there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards.

#### Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2018-2020 cycle)

	IFRS 9	Financial Instruments	<ul> <li>Fees in the '10 p.</li> </ul>	percent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities
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IAS 41 Agriculture - Taxation in fair value measurements

IFRS 16 Leases: Lease incentives

The adoption of the above amendments to the approved accounting standards did not have any material effect on the Group's financial statements.

Amendment or I	Amendment or Improvement			
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts (Amendments)	1-Jan-2023		
IAS 1 and IFRS	Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments)	1-Jan-2023		
Practice Statement 2				
IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)	1-Jan-2023		
IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1-Jan-2023		
IAS 12	International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments)	1-Jan-2023		
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities	1-Jan-2024		
IFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (Amendments)	1-Jan-2024		
IAS 7 / IFRS 7	Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements (Amendments)	1-Jan-2024		
IFRS 10 / IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments)	Not yet finalised		

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan and are not expected to have any material impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

#### Standard

#### IASB effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 1	First time adoption of IFRSs	January 01, 2004
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	January 01, 2023

#### 2.4 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the management to make judgment, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Estimates, assumptions and judgments are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the consolidated financial statements:

#### Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Group reviews appropriateness of the rate of depreciation / amortisation, useful life and residual value used in the calculation of depreciation / amortisation. Further, where applicable, an estimate of the recoverable amount of assets is made for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in the future might affect the carrying amount of respective item of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, with corresponding effects on the depreciation / amortisation charge and impairment.

#### Television program costs

Television program costs represent unamortised cost of completed television programs and television programs in production. In order to determine the amount to be charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss, the management estimates future revenues from each program. Estimates of future revenues can change significantly due to a variety of factors, including advertising rates and the level of market acceptance of the production in different geographical locations. Accordingly, revenue estimates are reviewed periodically and amortisation is adjusted, if necessary. Such adjustments could have a material effect on results of operations in future periods.

#### Income taxes

In making the estimate for income tax payable by the Group, the Group takes into account the applicable tax laws and the decision by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all unused tax losses and credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such losses and credits can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade debts and other receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for Group's various customer that have similar loss patterns

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's financial assets exposed to credit risk is disclosed in note 35.5.

#### Contingencies

The assessment of the contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment as the outcome of the future events cannot be predicted with certainty. The Group, based on the availability of the latest information, estimates the value of contingent assets and liabilities which may differ on the occurrence / non-occurrence of the uncertain future events.

#### Leases- Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

#### Leases- Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has lease contracts that include extension and termination option. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiary is a entity over which the Group has control. Control is achieved when the group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control.

The Group re-assess whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more elements of control.

Subsidiary is consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. Income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed off during the year are included in profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

The financial statements of the Subsidiary Company are prepared for the same reporting period as the Holding Company, using consistent accounting policies. The accounting policies of the Subsidiary Company have been changed to conform with accounting policies of the Holding Company, where required.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date, any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting, Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest.

The cost of an acquisition is measured as the cash paid and the fair value of other assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of cost of acquisition is recorded as goodwill, however, if the cost of acquisition is less than fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the profit or loss.

Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized.

All intra-group balances, transactions and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends within the Group are eliminated in full.

Non-controlling interest (NCI) is that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of subsidiary attributable interest which are not owned by the Group. The Group measures NCI on proportionate basis of the net assets of subsidiary company.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, carrying amount of any NCI, cumulative translation differences recognised in other comprehensive income, and recognises fair value of consideration received, any investment retained, surplus or deficit in profit and loss, and reclassifies the Holding Company share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to profit or loss account or retained earnings, as appropriate.

#### 3.2 Business combinations

On 1 May 2023, the Group acquired 100% of the voting shares of Tower Sports (Private) Limited, a non-listed company engaged in the business of providing specialised sports services which include but are not limited to production, sales, marketing and distribution of sports media content.

International Financial Reporting Standard 3, (IFRS 3) "Business Combinations", requires that all identified assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination should be carried at fair values in the acquirer's balance sheet and any intangible assets acquired in the business combination are required to be separately recognised and carried at fair values.

The acquisition has been accounted for by applying the acquisition method in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 3 which allows the acquirer a maximum period of one year from the date of acquisition to finalise the accounting for business combination. Identified assets acquired, liabilities assumed or incurred have to be carried at the fair value as at the acquisition date. The fair valuation exercise is in progress and will be finalised within the period of one year as allowed under IFRS 3. Any adjustment arising at the time of finalisation of this exercise will be incorporated with retrospective effect from the date of acquisition.

#### Assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The provisional fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Tower Sports (Private) Limited as at the date of acquisition were:

Amounts in PKR

<u> </u>	Provisional fair values recognised on acquisition
Assets	
Property and equipments	7,038,747
Intangible assets	1
Long-term deposits	16,160
Long-term investment	49,244,948
Trade debts	3,192,387
Loans and advances	582,717
Short-term deposit and prepayments	1,866,826
Interest receivable	1,398,750
Income tax refundable-net	42,757,564
Cash and bank balances	119,565,434
Total Assets	225,663,534
Liabilities	
Advance against shares	1,570,000
Trade and other payables	21,188,114
Payable against sales - net	178,003,839
	200,761,953
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	24,901,581
Purchase consideration transferred at acquisition date	150,000,000
Provisional fair value of net assets acquired	24,901,581
Goodwill arising on acquisition	125,098,419
Cash paid on acquisition	(150,000,000
Cash acquired in subsidiary	119,565,434
Net cash acquired with the subsidiary	(30,434,566

Further, as noted above, the goodwill recorded in the consolidated financial statements is based on provisional figures and does not incorporate adjustments which will be recorded after completion of the fair value exercise of recorded assets and liabilities.

#### 3.3 Investment in associate

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally represented by a shareholding of 20% or more but less than 50% of the voting rights. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policies and decision of investees. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost.

The Group's share of its associates' post acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss and its share in associates' post acquisition other comprehensive income is recognised in the Group's other comprehensive income. Cumulative post acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying value of the investments. Dividends received from associates reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate including any other long-term unsecured receivable, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

When FVOCI investment is converted into associated company, the balance in the surplus on revaluation of related asset is transferred to un-appropriated profit. Gain on transaction between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of

The carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount and loss, if any, is recognised in the profit or loss.

#### 3.4 Property, plant and equipment

#### 3.3.1 Operating fixed assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation is charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss using straight line method so as to write off the historical cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available to use and no depreciation is charged for the month in which asset was disposed of.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements, if any, are capitalised when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the Group.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are revised, and adjusted if appropriate, at each consolidated statement of financial position date.

#### 3.3.2 Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises a right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of lease term or useful life, except for the leases in which ownership of the underlying assets transfer to the lessee by the end of the lease term or cost of right of use assets reflects that the lessee will exercise a purchase option, the Group depreciate those right of use asset over the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### 3.3.3 Capital work-in-progress

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses and consists of expenditures incurred and advances made in respect of specific assets during the construction period. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are available for use.

#### 3.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### 3.7 Television program costs

Television program costs represent unamortised cost of completed television programs and television programs in production. These costs include direct production costs, cost of inventory consumed, and production overheads and are stated at the lower of cost, less accumulated amortisation and net realizable value (NRV). NRV is estimated by the management on the basis of future revenue generation capacity of the program. Acquired television program licenses and rights are recorded when the license period begins and the program is available for use.

Television program costs and acquired television program licenses and rights are charged to expense based on the ratio of the revenues earned till date to total revenues to be earned from the program including future estimated revenues less cost expensed in prior years on an individual program basis.

#### 3.8 Inventories

These are valued on weighted average cost basis and are stated at the lower of cost and NRV.

Provision is made for obsolete and slow moving stock-in-trade based on management's best estimate and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.9 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### i) Financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Under IFRS 9 Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at following:

- (a) at amortised cost
- (b) at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- (c) at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### (a) At amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### (b) At fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

#### (c) At fair value through other comprehensive income

A debt instruments is measured at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments; Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments).
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

#### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at FVPL include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVPL, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at FVOCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss.

This category also includes derivative instruments and listed equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

#### Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

#### Financial assets at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses (equity instruments)

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

As at the date of consolidated statement of financial position, Group is not having any equity instrument designated at fair value through OCI.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade debts, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### ii) Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, borrowings and payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Exchange gain or losses arising in respect of borrowings in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of the borrowings.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.10 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 3.11 Advance from customers (Contract Liability)

A contract liability is the obligation of the Group to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liability are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

#### 3.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets for which the estimate of future cash flow have not been adjusted. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

#### 3.13 Deposits, advances, prepayments and other receivables excluding financial assets

These are initially recognised at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given. Subsequent to initial recognition assessment is made at each consolidated statement of financial position date to determine whether there is an indication that assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset is determined and any impairment loss is recognised for the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value.

#### 3.14 Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- . Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period

O

 Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- · It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle
- · It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period

Or

. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

#### 3.15 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income in accordance with the applicable laws.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method, on all major temporary differences arising at the consolidated statement of financial position date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against which the assets may be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each consolidated statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recognized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the consolidated statement of financial position date.

#### 3.16 Cash and cash equivalents

These are carried at cost. For the purpose of consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances and short-term running finance.

#### 3.17 Share capital and reserves

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Reserves comprise of unappropriated profit and share exchange reserve.

#### 3.18 Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### 3.18.1 Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### i) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the termination option is reasonably certain to be exercised. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments at the lease commencement date, the Group uses the interest rate implicit in the lease. In case where the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### ii) Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

#### iii) Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

#### iv) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office premises (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 3.19 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional / contractual right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the consolidated statement of financial position date.

#### 3.20 Government Grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be compiled with. As the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

#### 3.21 Unclaimed and unpaid dividend

Dividend declared by the Group, in the preceding three years, which remains unclaimed or unpaid as on the consolidated statement of financial position date is recognized as unpaid dividend. Dividend declared and payable prior to the preceding three years from the consolidated statement of financial position date are recognized as unclaimed dividend.

#### 3.22 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each consolidated statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 3.23 Revenue recognition

Advertisement revenue is recognised when the related advertisement or commercial appears before the public i.e., aired.

Production revenue: Production revenue is recognised when production work appears before public.

Digital revenue: Advertising revenues from digital properties are recognized on the basis of number of impressions on the advertisement aired on website.

Subscription income arises from the monthly billing to subscribers for services provided by the Group and from digital avenues based on number of views. Revenue is recognised in the month the service is rendered.

Film Distribution revenues: Revenue from film distribution is recognized at a point in time upon receipt of related sales reports from cinemas.

Sale of goods are recognized when goods are delivered to customers.

Sale of magazines: Revenue is recognised on dispatch of magazines.

Credit limits in contract with customers ranges from 2 to 90 days.

#### 3.24 Other income

Sale of magazine and DVD's is recognized on receipt basis.

Profit on bank deposits is accounted for on effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognized when it is declared and right to receive is established.

Interest / markup income is recognized on accrual basis.

Other revenues are accounted for on an accrual basis.

#### 3.25 Expenses

Expenses are recorded when incurred based on the accrual basis of accounting. Distribution costs and administrative expenses include direct and indirect costs not specifically part of cost of production. Allocations between cost of production, distribution and administrative expenses, when required, are made on a consistent basis.

#### 3.26 Donation

Donations are recorded as an expense when they are approved by the Board of Directors or actually paid, whichever is earlier.

#### 3.27 Staff retirement benefits

#### Defined contribution plan

The Holding Company operates a funded and approved provident fund scheme for all its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Holding Company and the employees, to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of the basic salary.

#### 3.28 Foreign currency translations and translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pakistani Rupees using the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistani Rupees using the exchange rate at the consolidated statement of financial position date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at the year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are taken to consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiary companies are translated to Pak rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the consolidated statement of financial position date. The income and expenses of foreign subsidiary companies are translated at average rate of exchange for the year. Translation gains and losses arising on the translation of net investment in foreign subsidiary companies are taken to equity under "Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve" and on disposal are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.29 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of assets and incurred during the period in connection with the activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use are capitalised as a part of the cost of related asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 3.30 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which these are approved

#### 3.31 Contingencies

Contingencies are disclosed when the Group has a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 3.32 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Holding Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

#### 3.33 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

#### 3.34 Segment Reporting

Segment reporting is based on the reporting operating (business) segments of the Group. An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the senior management of the Group to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

### Note 4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Operating fixed assets Right of use assets Capital work-in-progress

1,215,448,121 1,028,126,121 51,984,192 78,765,339 200,876,146 106,914,620 1,468,308,459 1,213,806,090 4.5 4.6

2023

--- Rupees --

2022

#### 4.1 Operating fixed assets

As at July 01, reversal of June 30, July 01, reversal of June 30, July 01, July 01		5	Cost			Accumulated depreciat	on	Book value	Depreciation
Leasehold land * 794,147,376		As at July 01,	reversal of	June 30,	July 01.	from ROUA**/ (disposals) for the	June 39,	June 30,	*
Building on leasehold land 109,890,511 - 100,890,511 66,784,389 7,606,963 74,391,352 35,498,159 10 Leasehold improvements 192,375,484 192,375,484 199,216,059 2,794,076 192,009,135 366,349 33			impairment 1			year		****	Jees arranger
Leaschold improvements 192,375,484				794,147,376	78,125,307	16,237,867	94,365,174	699,784,202	2.04 - 2.13
Furniture and fittings 58,964,845 6,529,491 65,251,341 30,602,925 6,406,820 36,880,648 28,370,693 10 (267,160) (128,007)  Vehicles 119,077,534 152,416,470 271,250,790 63,002,418 15,021,074 77,805,320 193,445,470 25 - 33	Building on leasehold land	109,890,511		100,890,511	66,784,389	7,606,963	74,391,352	35,499,159	10
Vehicles 119,977,534 152,416,470 271,250,790 63,002,418 15,021,074 77,805,320 193,445,470 25 - 33 3,105 ***	Leasehold improvements	192,375,484		192,375,484	189,215,059	2,794,076	192,009,135	366,349	33
Substitute   Sub	Furniture and fittings	58,964,845	(267,100)	65,251,341	30,602,925		36,880,648	28,370,693	10
Uplinking equipment 74,856,759 71,656,759 53,094,524 3,105,028 54,750,552 16,897,297 10  Office equipment 123,386,718 6,549,424 129,381,485 89,510,432 12,439,118 101,330,650 28,656,835 15  (618,900) 84,243 ***  Computers 200,007,174 96,848,415 296,916,864 180,782,112 19,300,092 198,684,796 97,332,966 33  (1,453,288) (1,453,288) (1,397,406)  2,256,355,987 286,051,017 2,534,714,795 1,228,229,866 97,081,616 1,319,266,674 1,215,448,121	Vehicles	119,077,534	5,358,108 **	271,250,790	63,002,418	3,750,676		193,445,470	25 - 33
Office equipment 123,388,718 (3,200,000) (1,440,000) (	Audio visual equipment	583,669,586		504,744,185	477,112,700		489,042,045	115,702,140	25
(618,900) (618,900)  84,243 ***  Computers 200,007,174 96,848,415 296,916,864 180,782,112 19,308,092 198,684,798 97,332,966 33  (1,453,288) (1,397,406)  614,561 ***  2,256,355,987 286,051,017 2,534,714,795 1,228,229,866 97,081,616 1,319,266,674 1,215,448,121	Uplinking equipment	74,856,759	(3.200,000)	71,656,759	53,094,524		54,759,552	16,897,207	
(1,453,288) 614,561 *** 2,256,355,987 286,051,017 2,534,714,795 1,228,229,866 97,081,616 1,319,266,674 1,215,448,121	Office equipment	123,386,718	(618,960)	129,381,485	89,510,432	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	101,330,650	28,050,835	
	Computers	200,007,174	(1,453,288)	296,916,864	180,782,112		198,684,798	97,332,966	33
(13,782,226) (9,785,484) 731,969 ***		2,256,355,987	286,051,017 5,358,108 ** (13,782,226)	2,534,714,795	1,228,229,866	3,750,676	The state of the s	1,215,448,121	
Cost Accumulated depreciation Book value Deprecia						Accumulated deprecia	tion	Book value	Depreciation

		Cost Additions / transfers			Accumulated depreciati Charge / transfers	ion	Book value	Depreciation Rate
	As at July 01, 2 0 2 1	from ROUA**  (disposals) / (impairment)***	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2	As at July 91, 2 0 2 1 Rupees	from ROUA** ) (disposals) for the year	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2	as at June 30. 2 0 2 2	% per annum
Owned				1,510,000				
Leasehold land * Building on leasehold land *	794,147,376 109,890,511		794,147,376 109,890,511	61,887,440 59,177,426	16,237,867 7,606,963	78,125,307 66,784,389	716.022,069 43,106,122	2.04 + 2.13 10
Leasehold improvements Furniture and fittings	192,375,484 49,835,939	9,089,180 29,726	192,375,484 58,964,845	183,060,092 26,356,985	6,154,967 4,245,940	189,215,059 30,602,925	3.160,425 28.361,920	10 33 10
Vehicles	77,393,897	41,573,349 23,750,732 (23,740,444)	119,077,534	56,733,289	6,306,961 13,291,652 (13,329,684)	63,002,418	56,075,116	25 - 33
Audio visual equipment	557,611,820	16.940,518 (882,752)	683,680,586	404,749,944	72,940,658 (577,900)	477,112,700	106.558,888	25
Uplinking equipment	77,306.759	(2.450,000)	74,656,759	50,352,008	3,587,768 (845,250)	53,094,524	21,762,235	10
Office equipment	116,058,493	8,511,521 (1,429,761) 126,365	123,366,718	78,266,957	12,673,236 (1,429,761)	89,510,432	33.856,286	15
Computers	184,948,733	15.429.405 (1,533.616)	200,007,174	173,468,913	8,825,268 (1,452,069)	180,782,112	19.225,062	33
	2,189,569,012	91,744,073 23,750,732 (30,036,573)	2,256,355,987	1,093,993.054	138,579,624 13,291,852 (17,634,664)	1,228,229,866	1.028,126,121	

Includes asset under common ownership under Diminishing Musharaka amangement,

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes transfers from leased to owned assets, (Refer note 4.5)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Represents reversal of provision for impairment against assets of subsidiary.

#### 4.2 Particulars of immovable assets in the name of the Group are as follows:

	Location	Addresses			Total	Area
	Karachi	Plot No. 10/11 Hassan Ali Street, off I.I. Chundrigar road.			2,070 s	3 S. C. C. C.
	Islamabad	Plot No.2A, I&T Centre Sector G-6/1.			30,610	
	Islamabad	6-7 km, Kashmir Highway, adjacent to Sector H-17			303 sc	yard
				2023	202	22
			Note		Rupees	
4.3	Depreciation	on for the year on operating fixed assets has been allocated as follows:			27	
	Cost of proc	fuction	23	42,139,1	14 100,9	88,088
	Distribution	costs	24	8,213,2	58 3,0	85,345
	Administrati	ve expenses	25	46,729,2	44 34,5	06,191
				97,081,6	138,5	79,624
4.4	The details	of operating fixed assets disposed / written off during the year are as follows:				

Description	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (loss)	Modes of Disposals	Particulars of Buyer
Uplinking equipme	3,200,000	1,440,000	1,760,000	1,200,000	(560,000)	Insurance Claim	Adamjee Insurance
Vehicles	2,786,200 2,571,908	1,950,340 1,800,336	835,860 771,572	1,088,100 878,100	252;240 106,528	As per Group's Policy Negotiation	Mr. Irfan Younus; Employee Mr. Ömer Nasir; Employee
Items having than Rs. 500,000	5,224,118	4,604,808	619,310	1,756,639	1,137,329	Negotiation	Various
2023	13,782,226	9,795,484	3,986,742	4,922,839	936,097		
2022	30,036,573	17,634,664	12,401,909	18,071,921	5,670,012		

	2023		2022
Note		Rupees	

#### 4.5 Right of use assets

Accumulated depreciation

Net book value

Year ended June 30			
Opening net book value		78,765,339	109,028,622
Additions		1,638,463	13,426,784
Change due to modification during the year		(6,262,103)	29,196,604
Termination of lease		-	(37,329,117)
Transfer to operating fixed assets - book value		(1,607,432)	(10,360,614)
Less: Depreciation charge for the year	4.5.2 & 4.5.3	(20,550,075)	(25,196,940)
Closing net book value	=	51,984,192	78,765,339
As at June 30			
Cost		153,666,550	183,987,447

(101,682,358) (105,222,108)

**51,984,192** 78,765,339



#### 4.5.2 Depreciation for the year on right of use assets has been allocated as follows:

			2023	2022
		Note	Rup	ees
	Cost of production	23	15,605,265	14,203,948
	Distribution costs	24	883,609	2,464,115
	Administrative expenses	25	4,061,201	8,528,877
			20,550,075	25,196,940
4.5.3	Breakup of depreciation of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follow	5:		
	Land and building		16,540,141	18,787,176
	Vehicles		4,009,934	6,409,764
			20,550,075	25,196,940
4.6	Capital work-in-progress			
	Leasehold land		162,327,930	106,914,620
	Leasehold Improvements		38,548,216	-
			200,876,146	106,914,620
4.6.1	Movement in capital work-in-progress during the year:			
	Balance at beginning of the year		106,914,620	87,420,469
	Additions during the year		93,961,526	19,494,151
	Balance at end of the year		200,876,146	106,914,620
5	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			

	Cost			Accumulated amortisation Book value		Accumulated amortisation Book value			Amortisation
	As at	170.00	As at As at As at pact of OCI*  As at As at July 01, 2023 2022	As at	Charge for the		as at	rate	
	July 01,			July 01,	year		June 30,	%	
	2022	import or our			2023	2023	per annum		
Goodwill	13,849,339	125,098,419	138,947,758	11,803,791		11,803,791	127,143,967		
Computer softwares	79,036,067	9	79,036,067	53,780,362	5,058,365	58,838,727	20,197,340	20 - 33	
License fee	52,286,498	-	52,286,498	14,328,972	200,100	14,529,072	37,757,426	6.67	
Trade mark	41,470,477	26,570,263	68,040,740	38,028,652	6,917,053	44,945,705	23,095,035	20	
	185,642,381	151,668,682	338,311,063	117,941,777	12,175,518	130,117,295	208,193,768		

		Cost			mulated amortisation		Book value	Amortisation
	As at July 01, 2 0 2 1	Additions / Impact of OCI*	As at June 30, 2 0 2 2	As at Charge for the July 01, year 2 0 2 1		June 30, June 30, 2 0 2 2		rate % per annum
Goodwill	13,849,339	-	13,849,339	11,803,791	-	11,803,791	2,045,548	
Computer softwares	79,036,067	-	79,036,067	47,531,553	6,248,809	53,780,362	25,255,705	20 - 33
License fee	52,286,498		52,286,498	14,046,646	282,326	14,328.972	37,957,526	6.67
Trade mark	33,883,500	7,586,977 *	41,470,477	30,679,041	7,349,611	38,028,652	3,441,825	20
	179,055,404	7,586,977	186,642,381	104,061,031	13,880,746	117,941,777	68,700,604	

Represents effects of re-translation in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

#### 5.1 Amortisation for the year has been allocated as follows:

			2023	2022
		Note	Ruj	ees
	22.22.20.20.20.20.	22		
	Cost of production	23	6,350,640	8,826,282
	Administrative expenses	25	5,824,878	5,054,464
		i	12,175,518	13,880,746
	LONG-TERM INVESTMENT			
	Pakistan investment bond	6.1	49,527,574	-
.1	This represents Pakistan Investment Bonds held by Tower Sports Rs. 35 million maturing on July 12, 2023 and July 12, 2028 respecti 8% - 8.75%).			
			2023	2022
		Note	Ruj	)ees
	LONG-TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS			
	Security deposits			
	- Rent		7,177,767	7,608,234
	- Trade		15,975,435	15,975,435
	- Others		5,646,882	4,588,937
	The state of	,	28,800,084	28,172,606
	Prepayments			
	- Software development fee		2,105,077	4,210,158
			30,905,161	32,382,764
	TELEVISION PROGRAM COSTS			
	Unreleased / released less amortisation		432,619,726	390,229,988
	In production		50,827,650	35,460,250
			483,447,376	425,690,238
	Less: Current portion		(85,829,858)	(90,347,219)
			397,617,518	335,343,019
	DEFERRED TAX ASSET			
	Taxable temporary differences arising in respect of:			
	Unrealised exchange gain		(2,896,908)	
	Deductible temporary differences arising in respect of:			
	Provisions		128,838,706	130,859,407
	Long-term lease liabilities - net		7,376,946	3,393,763
	Unabsorbed losses		16,901,525	11,159,859
	Unrealised loss on short-term investments - net		414,837	11,929,618
	Accelerated tax depreciation and amortisation		1,972,220	48,781,076
		-	155,504,234	206,123,723
			152,607,326	206,123,723
0	TRADE DEBTS – unsecured			
	Considered good		3,100,542,350	2,499,313,014
	Considered doubtful		47,592,291	114,234,344
		10.3	3,148,134,641	2,613,547,358
	Less: Allowance for ECL	10.2	(47,592,291)	(114,234,344)
		10.545.4	3,100,542,350	2,499,313,014
0.1	Particulars of receivable from foreign jurisdictions:	ĺ		
	Jurisdiction		202-203-203	
	United Arab Emirates		359,671,228	142,213,680
	United Kingdom		197,480,965	190,271,693
	United States of America		86,760,665	345,609,009
	Office States of Afficia	3	643,912,858	678,094,382

These receivables are on contract basis and there are no defaulting parties as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

2023

2022

			2023	2022
40.2	Allowance for ECL		Rupe	ees
10.2				
	Opening balance		114,234,344	78,385,137
	Addition of subsidiary Written off		3,485,486 (28,935,065)	
	Charge for the year		6,215,306	28,112,800
	Reversal of provision		(52,745,517)	20,112,000
	Impact of translation		5,337,737	7,736,407
	Balance as at the end of the year		47,592,291	114,234,344
	55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55		7710081801	13.142.143.14
			2023	2022
40.0	The same of the sa	Note	Rup	000S
10.3	The aging of trade debts as at June 30 is as follows:			
	Neither past due nor impaired		2,505,754,593	2,113,924,726
	Past due but not impaired - 01 to 30 days		264,705,401	241,089,350
	- 31 to 60 days		147,839,419	124,072,429
	- Over 60 days		229,835,228	134.460,853
945			3,148,134,641	2,613.547,358
11	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS			
	At fair value through profit or loss			
	Term Finance Certificates (TFCs)			
	U Microfinance Bank Limited			
	8,400 TFCs having face value of Rs.2,496 each (Fair Value: 1.008669)			
	(2022: 8,400 TFCs having face value of Rs.4,991 each, Fair Value: 1.082586)	11.1	21,148,158	45,386,768
	Mutual Funds			
	AKD Opportunity Fund			
	542,247 units (2022: 771,787) having NAV of Rs. 88.8353 (2022: Rs. 100.9845) per unit		48,170,691	77,938,517
	AKD Islamic Income Fund			
	99,961 units having NAV of Rs. 50.8934 (2022: Rs. 51.0601) per unit		5,087,356	3,153,100
	AKD Golden Arrow Stock Fund			
	3,900,838 units (2022: 7,369,230) having NAV of Rs. 12,0312 (2022: Rs. 13,4231) per unit		46,931,759	98,917,914
	NBP Money Market Fund			
	2,972.935 units (2022: 2,599,042) having NAV of Rs. 9.9797 (2022: Rs. 9.9311) per unit		29,668,997	25.811,342
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund			
	228,544 units (2022; 199,646) having NAV of Rs. 101.18638 (2022; Rs. 101.0881) per unit		23,125,569	20,181,785
	- Electrony-dolly real-growth of the contract		20,120,000	20,101,100
	Faysal Cash Fund Nil units (2022: 2,017,449) having NAV of Rs. 101,5897 (2022: Rs. 100,1818) per unit		4.0	202.111,633
				202,111,000
	Alfalah Islamic Capital Preservation Plan 4 Class A			
	8 units (2022: Nil) having NAV of Rs. 100.5236 (2022: 99.7612) per unit		849	
	Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund			
	1,320,747 units (2022: 1,016,550) having NAV of Rs. 98.6615 (2022: Rs. 98.3719) per unit		130,306,874	100,000,000
	MCB Pakistan Cash Management Fund			
	2,086,618 units (2022: 409,421) having NAV of Rs. 50.3835 (2022: Rs. 50.4678) per unit		105,131,135	20,662,596
	MCB Pakistan Cash Management Optimizer			
	Nil units (2022: 987,169) having NAV of Rs. 101,6316 (2022: Rs. 101.2998) per unit		(2)	100,000,000
				Manual Control of the
	HBL Financial Sector Income Fund Plan I			105 001 000
	Nil units (2022: 4,098,057) having NAV of Rs. 101.112 (2022: Rs. 100.0454) per unit		•	409,991,800
	HBL Cash Fund			
	1,004,202 units (2022: Nii) having NAV of Rs. 102.1648 (2022: 101.2227) per unit		102,594,119	2.00
	ABL Cash Fund			
	2,316,350 units (2022: 2,023,967) having NAV of Rs. 10,2287 (2022: Rs. 10,2015) per unit		23,693,247	20,647,500
	Askari High Yield Scheme			
	512,983 (2022: 23,286) having NAV of Rs. 103.872 (2022;103.4798) per unit		53,284,537	2,409,729
			589,143,291	1,127,212,684
			303,143,231	1,121,212,004

11.1 These carry interest ranging from 18.73% to 20.32% (2022: 11% to 14.96%) per annum.

12	ADVANCES		
	- Unsecured, considered good		
	Interest free advances to:		
	- Producers	98,094,079	84,183,888
	- Suppliers	60,142,517	26,866,368
	- Secured	158,236,596	111,050,256
	Interest free advances to:		
	- Employees	59,723,864	5,317,150
		217,960,460	116,367,406
12.1	The aging of advances to M.D Production (Private) Limited, a related parties is as follows:		
	Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired	29,108,714	
	- 01 to 30 days	92	
	- 31 to 60 days		
	- Over 60 days		22
		29,108,714	7.00
		2022	2022
	Note	2023 Puna	2022 es
13	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS		es ······
13	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM FREFATMENTS		
	Deposits		
	- Rent	357,175	514,500
	- Other	1,373,639	-
		1,730,814	514,500
	Prepayments - Insurance	22.002.005	16 720 040
	- Rent	22,862,965 19,709,609	16,739,048 748,365
	- Other	43,059,753	36,877,025
	- Oute	85,632,327	54,364,438
		87,363,141	54,878,938
14	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Sales tax receivable 14.1	129,235,857	124,140,222
	Income/ mark-up accrued	3,863,036	22,421,887
	Others	87,171,045	65,211,766
		220,269,938	211,773,875
14.1	As per rule 3(5) of Sindh Sales Tax Special Procedure (withholding) Rule, 2014,	registered persons	as recipient of
1-4.1	advertisement services shall withheld whole of sales tax applicable on the person		
	Accordingly, the Holding company is unable to adjust its input tax deducted on		
	services as 100% of the output tax on the Holding Company's taxable services are		
	these services. However, Holding Company is in correspondence with the relevant		
	to resolve the matter.	autriornics trirough in	a rogar advisor
		73000	2006
		2023	2022
15	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Rupe	es
15	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash in hand	391,193	562,018
	Cash at banks		
		1,522,252,443	206,934,944
	- in current accounts		
	- in current accounts - in deposit accounts 15.1		
	- in current accounts - in deposit accounts  15.1	579,353,155	718,081,280

#### 16 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

2023	2022		2023	2022
(Number of	shares)		Rupe	es
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 1/- each		
500,000,000	500,000,000	Fully paid in cash	500,000,000	500,000,000
634,000,000	445,000,000	Issued as fully paid bonus shares	634,000,000	445,000,000
1,134,000,000	945,000,000		1,134,000,000	945,000,000

- 16.1 Voting rights, board selection, right of first refusal and block voting are in proportion to the shareholding.
- 16.2 Bonus shares issued to directors of the Holding Company are 96,657,902 shares (2022: Nil).

		Note	2023 Rupe	2022 ees
17	LONG-TERM LEASE LIABILITIES	A CONTRACTOR		
	Opening balance		89,049,467	121,616,252
	Additions during the year		1,375,281	13,943,510
	Change due to termination			(49,463,171)
	Change due to modification during the year		(6,262,102)	22,469,102
	Mark up on lease liabilities	28	10,995,762	14,287,879
	Less: Lease rentals paid		(24,258,933)	(33,804,105)
	Closing balance	17.1	70,899,475	89,049,467
	Less: Current portion of long-term lease liabilities		(15,664,939)	(16,372,569)
	Long-term lease liabilities		55,234,536	72,676,898

17.1 Includes lease finance facility entered into by the Holding Company with commercial banks for vehicles amounting to Rs. 115,000,000 (2022; Rs.115,000,000) out of which Rs. 109,752,920 (2022; Rs. 105,265,279) remains unutilized at year end.

			2023	2022
18	LONG-TERM FINANCING	Note	Rup	oees
	Islamic banks - secured			
	Diminishing Musharaka - I	18.1	-	128,853,318
	Diminishing Musharaka - II	18.2		69,975,325
	Diminishing Musharaka - III	18.3	93,750,000	125,000,000
	Salary Refinance Loan	18.4		49,110,321
	500e-98# (50.589000000AV4.58ed7.		93,750,000	372,938,964
	Less: current maturity		(62,500,000)	(294.813,943)
	SARGES ASSESSED MONTHS STORES VIOLE		31,250,000	78,125,021
	Conventional bank			
	Bounce back loan - unsecured	18.5	31,543,851	24,092,250
			31,543,851	24,092,250
	Less: current maturity		(4,028,523)	(756,126)
	S. Control Control Management and Control Cont		27,515,328	23,336,124
			58,765,328	101,461,145

18.1 Represent Diminishing Musharaka facility carrying profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 1% (June 2022: 6 months KIBOR plus 1%) per annum. The financing is repayable by 24 June 2023 in 48 equal monthly instalments commencing after a grace period of 12 months from the date of first disbursement i.e. from June 2018. The loan is secured by way of registered mortgage over the building on leasehold land.

- 18.2 Represent Diminishing Musharaka carrying profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 1% (June 2022; 6 months KIBOR plus 1%) per annum. The financing is repayable in 48 equal monthly instalments commencing after a grace period of 18 months from the date of first disbursement i.e. December 2017. In 2020, the Holding Company had availed the principal deferment facility for LTFF offered by the SBP through BPRD circular no. 13 of 2020 to dampen adverse effects of the COVID-19 and to provide relief to the businesses. Hence, the financing is repayable by December 2023 now. Financing is secured by way of Equitable Mortgage over registered office, first pari passu constructive mortgage charge over land and first hypothecation charge over plant, machinery & equipment.
- 18.3 Represents Diminishing Musharaka facility secured in current year carrying profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 1% per annum. The financing is repayable in 8 equal quarterly instalments commencing after a grace period of 12 months from the date of disbursement i.e. December 2021. Financing is secured by way of Equitable Mortgage over registered office, first hypothecation charge over plant, machinery & equipment, first pari passu charge over receivables of the Holding Company and first pari passu charge by way of constructive mortgage charge over Islamabad office.
- 18.4 Represents long-term financing from an islamic bank of Rs. 200 million obtained in June 2020 under the refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). The loan carry markup rate at the rate of SBP rate + 3% however, the loan have been recognised at the present value. The loan is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 2021 discounted at effective rate of interest. The differential markup has been recognised as government grant which will be amortised to interest income over the period of loan. The facility is secured by way of registered equitable mortgage over land and property with 30% margin.
- 18.5 Represents foreign currency loan amounting to £100,000 obtained by the Group from Barclays Bank UK PLC at the rate of 2.5% per annum. The loan is repayable in 60 equal installments commencing after a grace period of 13 months from the date of disbursement. During the first 12 months, the UK government will pay interest due on this loan as Business Interruption payment. The loan is supported by the Bounce Bank Loan Scheme (BBLS) managed by the British Business Bank on behalf of the Secretary of State for Business Energy and Industrial Strategy.

19	Deferred income - Government grant	Note	2023 Rupe	2022 es
	Opening balance		478,147	5,056,265
	Received during the year		(7)	
	Released to the statement of profit or loss	27	(478,147)	(4,578,118)
	Closing balance	19.1		478,147
	Current portion		(*)	(478,147)
	Non-current portion			-

19.1 Government grant was recorded pursuant to a salary refinance scheme introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan (IH&SMEFD Circular Nos. 07 &14) to provide loan to businesses at concessional rates to finance salary expense during the COVID-19 outbreak. The grant had been provided to the Company as a reimbursement of average wages and salaries' bill for the months of April, May and June 2020 subject to Group's undertaking that no employees be laid off due to cash flow limitations, for a period of three months between April 01, 2020 to June 30, 2020.

20	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	2023 Ruj	2022 Dees
	mar and other manage			
	Creditors	20.1	408,564,969	906,282,078
	Accrued liabilities	20.2	452,689,331	322,532,560
	Withholding tax payable		19,144,897	26,638,648
	Payable to provident fund			1,031,524
	Others	20.3	312,248,276	51,018,136
			1,192,647,473	1,307,502,946

20.1 Include amount payable to following related party:

M.D Production (Private) Limited

-	392,304,729
1.0	392,304,729

- 20.2 Includes donation amounting to Rs. 56,135,292/ accrued on the basis of Board's approval which will be paid to Momina and Duraid Foundation.
- 20.3 Investments in collective investment schemes, listed equity and listed debt securities out of provident funds have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the rules formulated for this purpose.
- 21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS
- 21.1 Contingencies
- 21.1.1 For tax related matters, refer note 29 to these consolidated financial statements.
- 21.2 Commitments
- 21.2.1 Purchase of television programs commitments with M.D Production (Private) Limited a related party as at June 30, 2023 amounted to Rs. 258,962,000 (June 30 2022; Rs. 204,378,000). Commitment for purchase of television programs with other than related parties as at June 30, 2023 amounted to Rs. 41,215,500 (June 30, 2022; Rs. 48,902,000).

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupe	ees
22	REVENUE net			
	Advertisement revenue		5,404,575,900	5,059,603,781
	Production revenue		221,648,886	126,691,090
	Digital revenue		80,643,000	108,992,303
	Subscription income		1,852,244,529	1,243,254,732
	Film distribution revenue		7,437,607	5,749,479
	Sale of magazines		1,314,018	671,057
		22.1 & 22.2	7,567,863,940	6,544,962,442
22.1	Revenue is net off the following items:			
	Sales tax		722,681,112	671.884,784
	Discount to customers		598,870,841	499,258,813
		,	1,321,551,953	1,171,143,597
22.2	Represents revenue from the following geographical regions:			
	Asia		5,200,572,987	5,503,675,765
	Middle East		392,696,047	244,244,828
	United Kingdom		251,910,191	238,567,556
	America		1,722,684,715	558,474,293
			7,567,863,940	6,544,962,442
23	COST OF PRODUCTION			
	Cost of outsourced programs		2,087,370,509	1,718,531,600
	Cost of in-house programs		313,767,589	227,538,028
	Cost of inventory consumed		2,000,487	1,178,980
	Salaries and benefits	23.1	1,079,592,252	851,372,089
	Technical advisory fee	23.2	54,751,500	47,610,000
	Depreciation	4.3 & 4.5.2	57,744,379	115,192,036
	Traveling and conveyance		138,773,083	77,707,529
	Utilities		14,869,487	14,312,520
	Rent, rates and taxes		305,538	1,105,049
	Insurance		27,396,601	26,215,684
	Repair and maintenance		26,373,693	49,761,913
	Fee and subscription	23.3	4,914,981	266,575,476
	Communication		21,791,486	18,702,150
	Security charges		438,350	180,200
	Amortisation	5.1	6,350,640	8,826,282
	Consultancy		1,188,586	5,886,311
	Printing and stationery		5,127,298	5,008,436
			3,842,756,459	3,435,704,283
	In production television programs – opening		35,460,250	22,282,250
	In production television programs - closing		(50,827,650)	(35,460,250)
			3,827,389,059	3,422,526,283
	Released / unreleased programs - opening		390,229,988	430,167,561
	Released / unreleased programs - closing		(432,619,726)	(390,229,988)
			3,784,999,321	3,462,463,856

<sup>23.1</sup> Includes Rs. 29,765,982 (2022: Rs. 25,213,478) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

<sup>23.2</sup> Represents fee paid to a Director for technical advisory services rendered in terms of the technical advisory agreement duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Group.

<sup>23.3</sup> Includes Rs. Nil (2022: Rs. 230,350,586) in respect of fees for managing the digital subscriptions of the Group.

			2023	2022
		Note	Ri	upees
24	DISTRIBUTION COSTS			
	Advertisement and promotion		190,959,104	174,503,331
	Salaries and benefits	24.1	180,243,903	154,710,507
	Traveling and conveyance		28,139,827	15,195,322
	Rent, rates and taxes		532,297	120,225
	Utilities		2,890,633	3,313,001
	Depreciation	4.3 & 4.5.2	9,096,867	5,549,460
	Communication		674,255	677,368
	Insurance		3,688,942	2,717,912
	Repair and maintenance		2,461,343	2,360,688
	Fees and subscription		1,120,873	2,585,055
	Commission expense		61,619,907	53,680,681
	Printing and stationery		1,546,798	359,371
			482,974,749	415,772,921

24.1 This includes Rs. 7,869,125 (2022: Rs. 6,462,264) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

			2023	2022
		Note	Rup	ees
25	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries and benefits	25.1	695,850,663	504,884,156
	Depreciation	4.3 & 4.5.2	50,790,445	43,035,068
	Amortisation	5.1	5,824,878	5,054,464
	Repair and maintenance		57,443,583	45,323,409
	Communication		7,381,876	7,931,276
	Traveling and conveyance		74,825,501	34,793,307
	Fee and subscription		20,581,887	25,532,735
	Utilities		52,118,169	36,941,244
	Legal and professional charges		59,051,941	31,013,462
	Printing, stationery and periodicals		11,181,125	9,609,492
	Rent, rates and taxes		25,122,149	21,938,661
	Insurance		9,838,454	7,646,402
	Auditors' remuneration	25.2	8,956,708	7,815,176
	Security charges		9,284,141	8,213,236
	Donation	25,3	106,230,292	600,000
			1,194,481,812	790,332,088

25.1 Includes Rs. 7,030,043 (2022; Rs. 5,712,115) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

#### 25.2 Auditors' remuneration

4,641,570	4.528,355
801,900	618,750
656,100	506,250
2,200,000	1,757,667
657,138	404,154
8,956,708	7,815,176
	801,900 656,100 2,200,000 657,138

25.3 Donation to following parties exceeds 10% of the Group's total donations or Rs. 1 million, whichever is higher:

2023	2022
Rupee	s
75,000	100,000
500,000	500,000
105,655,292	-
106,230,292	600,000
	75,000 500,000 105,655,292

- 25.4 Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any director or his spouse had any interest except for donation paid to Momina and Duraid Foundation. Following directors of the Group are also trustees of the said trust:
  - Mr. Duraid Qureshi
  - Ms. Sultana Siddiqui

		Note	2023 Rup	2022 ees
20	ATUED EVDENCE			#10.00 m
26	OTHER EXPENSE			
	Provision for doubtful trade debts		<u> </u>	28,112,800
27	OTHER INCOME			
	Income / (loss) from financial assets - net			
	Profit on bank accounts	15.1	67,328,851	28,562,426
	Unrealised exchange gain / (loss)		176,577,118	(22,466,497)
	Dividend income		58,931,534	23,451,856
	Interest / markup income		7,904,032	6,568,439
	Government grant	19	478,147	4,578,119
	Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments		(7,320,853)	(49,819,679)
	Gain / (Loss) on redemption / sale of investments		27,943,092	(31,191,855)
			331,841,921	(40,317,191)
	Income from non financial assets			
	Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets	4.4	936,097	5,670,012
	Gain on termination of right of use asset		-	12,134,055
	Sale of content and festival revenue		25,290,719	30,733,489
	Reversal of provision for impairment against in subsidiary		1,776,832	7,842,911
	Reversal of ECL - net		30,298,619	
	Reversal of liabilities - no longer payable		98,671,515	7.070.070
	Others		450 070 700	7,978,376
			156,973,782 488,815,703	64,358,843 24,041,652
			400,015,705	24,041,032
28	FINANCE COSTS			
	Mark-up on long-term financing		34,506,149	49,764,169
	Mark-up on short-term borrowings		98,402	8,090,625
	Interest on lease liabilities		10,995,762	14,287,879
	Bank charges		1,535,701	2,422,774
00	TAVATION		47,136,014	74,565,447
29	TAXATION			
	Current		233,098,689	220,868,369
	Deferred		60,353,085	(67,537,073)
	Prior		3,263,370	(1,477,602)
			296,715,144	151,853,694
	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit			
	Profit before taxation		2,214,481,950	1,546,959,349
	Tax at the applicable rate		642,199,766	448,618,211
	Tax effects of:			
	Tax at reduced rate on dividend income		(10,607,676)	(4,221,334)
	Income subject to final tax regime		(514,021,552)	(415,030,747)
	Provision for super tax		65,747,467	26,457,707
	Prior year tax charge reversal		3,552,814	(1,477,602)
	Others		109,844,325	97,507,459
			296,715,144	151,853,694

- 29.1 The Holding Company has filed its return of income up to tax year 2022. The returns so filed are deemed to be an assessment order issued by the Taxation Authorities on the date the complete return is filed. The Holding Company was mainly subject to minimum tax during the year ended 30 June 2021 under section 153(1)(b) of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001, therefore, relationship between income tax expense and accounting profit has not been presented.
- 29.2 During the year 2017, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued a show cause notice to the Holding Company, for the tax year 2014, showing an intention to disallow the deduction claimed on account of agency commission on alleged non-deduction of tax on such agency commission. The Holding Company filed a sult before the Hon'ble High Court of Sindh challenging the above showcause notice.

Based on a recent judgement of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan, suits filed by taxpayers are not to be maintained unless 50% of the tax due is deposited by the petitioners. In compliance to the above order, the Holding Company has deposited an amount of Rs. 24,395,012 into the Government treasury. The decision in respect of the Suit filed by the Holding Company is still pending. The management, based on the legal advice, is confident that the ultimate outcome will be in favor of the Holding Company and accordingly, no provision has been made in this respect in these consolidated financial statements.

- 29.3 During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) passed an order under section 122(1) of the Ordinance for the tax year 2017 whereby tax demand of Rs.771,644,957 was raised. The Holding Company challenged the above order before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). The CIR(A) pursuant to the above appeal has decided majority of the issues in favor of the Holding Company. Furthermore, issue of additions to fixed assets has been remanded back for verification whereas disallowance in respect of unpaid creditors and accrued liabilities, loss on disposal of fixed assets and levy of super tax under section 4B has been confirmed. The Holding Company has filed further appeal in respect of the confirmed issues before the ATIR, which is pending adjudication.
- 29.4 The Group had received a notice dated October 26, 2016 for Tax Year 2014 issued u/s 122(5A) of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 from Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (Addl.CIR) which had required the Group to provide information/details. The Group through its AR provided all the required data/information/documents along with supporting reconciliation through various letters.

The Addl. CIR passed an order on June, 24 2020 making total additions/disallowances of Rs. 942,168,796 under various heads, which resulted into outstanding tax demand of Rs. 320,895,069.

In contrast, the Group filed an appeal before the first Appellate forum i.e. Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeal - III, Karachi who after consideration deleted the additions amounting to Rs. 2,217,579 whereas the remaining additions to be remanded back to Addl. CIR with instructions to re-examine the submission of AR and reconsider the facts of the case.

Still being aggrieved from Appellate order the Group has filed an appeal before the Honourable Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue which is pending for hearing date.

- 29.5 The Group received notice under Section 221 of the Ordinance for the Tax Year 2019 by the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, requiring the Group to provide an explanation in respect of adjustment of refunds claimed without determination of refunds under section 170 of the Ordinance by passing an order under section 221(1) of the Ordinance raising a demand of Rs. 147,392. Being aggrieved from the aforesaid order, the company filed an appeal before Commissioner Inland Revenue, Appeals III, Karachi, which is pending for adjudication till date.
- 29.6 The Group received a notice dated 23-04-2015 from Assistant commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR), issued u/s 161/205 read with section 153(1)(b) further read with section 182(1)(15) of the Ordinance for the Tax Year 2015 wherein ACIR has considered the retrospective application of withholding tax rates enhanced for non-filer through S.R.O. No. 136(I)/2015 dated 13-02-2015 in respect of Section 153(1)(b) of the Ordinance and asked the Group to pay short deduction of Rs. 246,144/- and intended to levy default surcharge of Rs. 35,075/- on aforesaid short deduction.

The Group through its AR's letter has contested that no statue shall be construed to have retrospective operation. No further correspondence has been received from Tax Department till date.

		2023	2022	
30	EARNINGS PER SHARE – basic and diluted	Rup	es	
	Profit attributable to the owners of the Holding Company	1,952,769,553	1,416,178,509	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	1,134,000,000	(Restated) 1,134,000,000	
	Earnings per share (Rupee)	1.72	1.25	
30.1	Weighted average number of ordinary shares			
	Issued ordinary shares at the beginning of the year	945,000,000	945,000,000	
	Effect of bonus shares	189,000,000	189,000,000	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares at the end of the year	1,134,000,000	1,134,000,000	

30.2 There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Holding Company.

Note	2,214,481,950	1,546,959,349
	2,214,481,950	1,546,959,349
23, 24 & 25	117,631,691	183,776,564
23 & 25	12,175,518	13,880,746
	46,128,542	14,814,911
28	47,136,014	74,565,447
27	(176,577,118)	22,466,497
27	(67,328,851)	(28.562,426)
27	(936,097)	(5,670,012)
27	(58,931,534)	(23.451,856)
19	(478,147)	(4.578,118)
27	(27,943,092)	31,191,855
27	7,320,853	49.819.679
27	(1,776,832)	(7,842,911)
	1785 C C SS 9 9 0 0	(12,134,055)
27	(98,671,515)	
27	(30,298,618)	28,112,800
	(232,549,186)	316,389,121
	(88,326)	33,640
	4,517,361	10.038.580
	(335,347,114)	(245,589,373)
	(101,593,054)	15,181,394
	(32,484,203)	(31,295,963)
	(8,496,063)	(100,349,711)
	(473,491,399)	(351,981,433)
	(16,183,958)	624,316,858
	50,648,268	(50,409,413)
	1,542,905,675	2.085.274.482
	27 27 27 27 27 19 27 27 27	27 (176,577,118) 27 (67,328,851) 27 (936,097) 27 (58,931,534) 19 (478,147) 27 (27,943,092) 27 7,320,853 27 (1,776,832) 27 (96,671,515) 27 (98,671,515) 27 (30,298,618) (232,549,186) (88,326) 4,517,361 (335,347,114) (101,593,054) (32,484,203) (8496,063) (473,491,399) (16,183,958) 50,648,268

REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amounts charged in the consolidated financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits to the Chief Executives, Directors and Executives are as follows:

	2023				2022			
	Chief Executive	Executive Director	Non-Executive Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Executive Director	Non-Executive Directors	Executives
Managerial remuneration	151,104,889		*	367,084,064	114,315,720	185	**	312,890,168
Technical advisory fee	-	54,751,500	Section Siles		in .	47,610,000	to a constitution	
Fee			3,900,000				3,175,000	19
Bonus	184,398,314	184,398,314	25		104,560,249	104,560,249	-	
Retirement benefits				18,858,646	Section Williams	The state of the state of		15,196,157
House rent	17,133,842		4.5	99.164.290	15,775,403		*	79,062,033
Utilities	3,807,520	1.7	-	22,036,508	3,505,645		7.1	17,569,340
Car allowance	20,767,188	23,500,000			20,128,072	23,500,000		TO THE SECTION OF
Fuel and conveyance	2,975,351	2,704,411	1,478,447	30,302,101	1,834,938	1,548,927	870,287	15,637,903
	380,187,104	265,354,225	5,378,447	537,445,609	260,120,027	177,219,176	4,045,287	440,355,601
Number	1	1	5	65		1	5	62

32.1 The Chief Executives, Directors and certain Executives are also provided with free use of Group maintained cars in accordance with the Group's policy and reimbursement of expenses related to business travel.

#### 33 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Group comprise associated undertaking, retirement benefits fund and key management personnel. Details of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Relationship	Nature of transactions	2023 Rup	2022
Associates	Purchases of television program rights Expenses paid on behalf of the associate Payment made during the year	1,572,300,900 - 1,993,714,343	1,522,637,694 11,182,630 1,720,819,343
Others	Contribution to the provident fund	44,665,150	37,387,857

All transactions with related parties are entered into at agreed terms duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Group. The outstanding receivable and payable balances of the related parties are disclosed in their respective notes to these consolidated financial statements.

31

32

#### 33.1 Following are the related parties with whom the Holding Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement / sqreement in place

S.No.	Company Name	Basis of association	Aggregate % of shareholding
1	M.D Productions (Private) Limited	Associated company (32.1.1)	
2	Momina & Duraid Films (Private) Limited	Associated company (32.1.1)	
3	Momina and Duraid Foundation	Associated company (32.1.1)	
4	HUM Network Limited- Employees' Provident Fund	Retirement Fund	
5	Ms. Sultana Siddioui	Director	0.73%
6	Mr. Mazhar ul Hag Siddiguil	Director	
7	Mr. Duraid Qureshi	Director	45.74%
8	Mr. Shunaid Qureshi	Director	5.38%
9	Mrs. Mehtab Akber Rashdi	Director	* *
10	Lt Gen (R) Asif Yasin Malik	Director	
11	Mr. Muhammad Avub Younus Adhi	Director	20
12	Mr. Sohell Anner	Director	
13	Ms. Khush bakht Shujaat	Director	

- 33.1.1 These entities are associated companies / undertakings of the Group under Companies Act. 2017.
- 33.2 None of the key management personnel had any arrangements with the Group other than the employment contract.

34		Note.	2023 Rupe	2022
34	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY			
34.1	Financial assets as per statement of financial position			
	Financial assets at amortised cost			
	- Long-term deposits	7 10	28,800.084	28,172,606
	- Trade debts	10	3.100.542.350	2.499,313,014
	- Trade deposits	13 14 15	357.175	514,500
	- Other receivables	14	91.034.081	87,633.653
	<ul> <li>Cesh and bank balances</li> </ul>	15	2.101.996.791	925,578,242
			5,322,730,481	3,541,212,015
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
	<ul> <li>Long-term investments</li> </ul>	6	49,527,574	-
	- Short-term investments	11	589.143.291	1,127,212.684
			638,670,865	1,127,212,684
34.2	Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position			
	Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
	- Long-term financing	18	58.765.328	101,461,145
	<ul> <li>Trade and other payables</li> </ul>	20	1,173.502,576	1,279,832,774
	- Accrued mark-up		2.033.411	6,111.455
	- Current portion of long-term financing	18	66,528,523	295,570.069
	- Unclaimed dividend		6.153.603	6,153.631
	- Unpaid dividend		1.374.738	2,299 787
			1,308,358,179	1,691,428,861

#### 35 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks i.e. market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Group's senior management provides policies for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and credit risk, use of financial derivatives, financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity. It is the Group's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken. The Board of Directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:

#### 35.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and equity price risk, such as equity risk.

#### 35.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises from finance lease obligations, short-term borrowings and bank balances. The Group manages these risks through risk management strategies.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The following figures demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before taxation:

	Increase / decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before taxation
		Rupees
June 30, 2023	+100	3,929,500
	-100	(3,929,500)
June 30. 2022	+100	6.411.320
	-100	(6.411.320)

#### 35.3 Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of financial assets or financial liabilities will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

	2023			2022		
	US Dollar	GBP	AED	US Dollar	GBP	AED
Trade debts	303,635	542,806	4,623,915	742,774	785,143	3,425,233
Deposits and prepayments	1,250	105,569	232,918	1,250	115,745	13,555
Trade and other payables	(116,040)	(88,545)	(29, 149)	(107,495)	(162,689)	(139,960)

The following significant exchange rates have been applied at the reporting dates:

		Rupees			Rupees	
Closing exchange rates	285.74	363.82	77.79	204,10	247.10	55,55

#### Sensitivity analysis:

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the US dollar and GBP exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before taxation:

	Change in US dollar rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Change in GBP rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Change in AED rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax
		Rupees		- Rupees		Rupees
30 June 2023	+10	5,396,057	10	20,367,735	+10	37.554.554
	-10	(5,396,057)	-10	(20,367,735)	-10	(37,554,554)
30 June 2022	+10	12,991,556	10	18,240,897	+10	18,324,990
	-10	(12,991,556)	-10	(18,240,897)	-10	18,324,990

#### 35.4 Equity price risk

The Group's investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of investment securities. The Group manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total investments. Reports on the investment portfolio are submitted to the Group's senior management on a regular basis.

As of the statement of financial position date, the exposure to investments at fair value through profit or loss was Rs. 638,670,865 (2022: Rs. 1,127,212,684).

#### 35.5 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Concentration of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Group is mainly exposed to credit risk on trade debts and bank balances. The Group seeks to minimize the credit risk exposure through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable.

#### Management of credit risk

The Group's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the guidelines set by the Board of Directors and other internal guidelines.

Credit risk is managed and controlled by the management of the Group in the following manner:

- Credit rating and / or credit worthiness of the counterparty is taken into account along with the financial background so as to minimize the risk of default.
- The risk of counterparty exposure due to failed agreements causing a loss to the Group is mitigated by a periodic review of their credit ratings, financial statements, credit worthiness and market information on a regular basis.

- Cash is held with reputable banks only.

As of the consolidated statement of financial position date, the Group is exposed to credit risk on the following assets:

			2023	2022
		Note	Ruj	pees
-	Long-term deposits	7	28,800,084	28,172,606
	Trade debts	10	3.100.542,350	2,499,313,014
-	Long-term investments	6	49,527,574	
	Short-term investments	11	589,143,291	1,127,212,684
-	Trade deposits	13	1,730,814	514,500
-	Other receivables	14	91,034,081	87,633,653
~	Bank balances	15	2,101,605,598	925,016,224
			5.962.383.792	4.667.862,681

#### Quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rates:

			2023	2022
		Note	Rup	ees
Trade debts				
Customers with no defaults in th	e past one year		3,100,542,350	2,499,313,014
Customers with some defaults in			47,592,291	114,234,344
		10	3,148,134,641	2,613,547,358
Bank balances				
AAA			275,943,937	1,112,428
AA+			417,173,167	653,595,026
AA			919,037,535	270,306,554
A			489,450,959	2,216
		15	2,101,605,598	925,016,224
Short-term investments				
Mutual funds	A(f)		53,284,537	2,409,729
	A+(f)		5,087,356	413,144,899
	AA(f)		29,668,996	25,811,342
	AA+(f)		384,850,946	261,491,882
	Non-rated		95,103,298	378,968,064
			567,995,133	1,081,825,916
Term finance certificate	A		21,148,158	45,386,768
		11	589,143,291	1,127,212,684

#### 35.6 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group applies prudent risk management policies by maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and by keeping committed credit lines. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the following reporting dates:

2023	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
Long-term lease liabilities Long-term financing Trade and other payables Accrued mark-up	492,911,715 2,033,411 494,945,126	3,781,136 16,632,130 235,393,385 - 255,806,651	11,883,803 49,896,393 445,197,476 506,977,672	55,234,536 58,765,328 	70,899,475 125,293,851 1,173,502,576 2,033,411 1,371,729,313
2022	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
Long-term lease liabilities Long-term financing Trade and other payables Accrued mark-up	246,570,024 6,111,454 252,681,478	5,032,131 88,950,624 417,857,777 511,840,532	22,623,132 208,604,305 615,404,973 846,632,410	61,394,204 99,476,285 - 160,870,489	89,049,487 397,031,214 1,279,832,774 6,111,454 1,772,024,909

#### 35.6.1 Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	01 July 2022	Cash flows	New leases	Others	30 June 2023
Long-term financing Long-term lease liabilities	397,031,214 89,049,467	(271,737,363) (24,258,933)	1,375,281	4,733,660	125,293,851 70,899,475
	01 July 2021	Cash flows	New leases	Others	30 June 2022
Long-term financing Long-term lease liabilities	622.798.198 121.616.252	(225,766,984) (33,804,105)	13.943.510	(12,706,190)	397.031.214 89.049.467

#### 35.6.2 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated financial statements appropriate their fair values.

#### 35.7 Capital risk

The Group finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view of maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business, sustain future development, and maximize shareholders' value. The Group monitors capital using a debt equity ratio as follows:

	Note	2023 Rupes	2022
	11010	100 E 70	
Long-term lease liabilities	17	55,234,536	72,676,898
Long-term financing	18	58,765,328	101,461,145
Trade and other payable	18 20	1,192,647,473	1,307,502,946
Accrued markup		2,033,411	6,111,455
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	17 18	15,664,939	16,372,569
Current portion of long-term financing	18	66,528,523	295,570,069
Total debt		1,390,874,210	1,799,695,082
Cash and bank balances	15	(2,101,996,791)	(925,578,242)
Net debt		(711,122,581)	874,116,840
Share capital	16	1,134,000,000	945,000,000
Unappropriated profit		6,297,572,560	4,296,372,452
Total equity		7,431,572,560	5,241,372,452
Capital		6.720.449.979	6,115,489,292
Gearing ratio		-10.58%	14.29%

#### 35.8 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

The following table shows assets recognised at fair value, analysed between those whose fair value is based on:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities,

Level 2: Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and

Level 3: Those whose inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Assets measured at fair v	alue	2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
			(Rupees)			
Long-term investments		120	49,527,574	49,527,574	12	
Short-term investments		589,143,291		589,143,291	1,127,212,684	

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of level 3 fair value measurement.

35.9 Financial instruments which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the consolidated statement of financial position date.

#### 36 OPERATING SEGMENTS

For management purposes, the Group has determined following reportable operating segments on the basis of areas of operations i.a. entertainment and news.

Entertainment segment is engaged in advertisement, entertainment and media marketing,

News segment is engaged in broadcasting of news programs.

	Enterta	inment	New	/s	Othe	ers	Tota	ıt.
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue Net revenue from external customer	6,348,280,938	5,943,073,296	1,203,044,980	601,889,146	16,538,022		7,567,863,940	6.544,962,442
Result Segment profit / (loss) Taxation Unallocated income / (expenses)	2,559,882,917	2,657,588,600	424,462,528	(171,417,721)	(17,061,372)	(70,242,847)	2,967,284,073 (296,715,144)	2,415,928,032 (151,853,694)
Administrative expenses Other income Other expenses Finance cost Profit for the year							(1,194,481,812) 488,815,703 (47,136,014) 1,917,766,806	(790,332,088) 24,041,652 (28,112,800) (74,565,447) 1,395,105,655
Other information Amortisation Depreciation	(8,511,349) (63,404,620)	(8,660,410) (45,415,467)	(3,551,791) (53,495,162)	(5,220,336) (116,361,097)	(112,378) (731,909)	<u>:</u>	(12,175,518) (117,631,691)	(13,880,746) (163,778,564)
Segment assets Unallocated Assets	830,550,023 830,550,023	229,175,529	839,213,836 839,213,836	1,053,331,155	6,738,368		1,676,502,227 7,296,095,823 8,972,598,050	1,282,506,684 5,848,341,291 7,130,847,975
Segment liabilities	1,006,635,192	1,229,236,026	295,611,949	651,639,362	327,359,814	62,176,853	1,629,606,955	1.943,054,241

36.1 Revenue from three major customers of the Group during the year constituted 57% (2022; 65%) of the total revenue.

#### 37 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total number of employees and average number of employees at year end and during the year respectively are as follows:

	2023	Rupees	2022	
Total number of employees		745		736
Average number of employees during the year	-	720	3	786

#### 38 GENERAL

- 38.1 Certain corresponding figures have been rearranged or reclassified wherever necessary for the purpose of comparison and better presentation. However, no significant reclassifications have been made during the year.
- 38.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupes.

#### 39 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- 39.1 On August 28, 2023, M/s. HUM Network FZ LLC (a Subsidiary Company) acquired 100% shareholding of M/s. TS3 FZ LLC, a company established in UAE for Rs. 130 million paid in AED equivalent. M/s. TS3 FZ LLC is engaged in the business of sports consultancy, media / marketing consultancy and digital media services.
- 39.2 On July 26, 2023, the Holding Company acquired 100% shareholding of M/s. Sphere Ventures (Private) Limited against consideration of Rs. 10 million paid in full. M/s. Sphere Ventures (Private) Limited is engaged in the business of kids content.

#### 40 BONUS SHARES

40.1 During the year, the board of directors in the meeting held on October 26, 2022 approved bonus dividend @ 20%.

#### 41 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements have been authorised for issue on September 25, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company.

DURAID QURESHI Chief Executive MAZHAR-UL-HAQ SIDDIQUI Chairman MUHAMMÁD ABBAS HUSSAIN Chief Financial Officer





## **Key features:**

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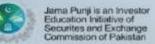


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The Company Secretary, HUM NETWORK LIMITED 19<sup>TH</sup>Annual GENERAL MEETING Karachi

I,		S/o	, holder of CNIC No.		Resident of	, be	ing member	of HUN	NET	WORK
LIMIT	ED, holding _	on	dinary shares as per Regi	istered Folio /	CDS Account No	hereb	y appoint _			
reside	ent of						or falling	him/	her	Mr./Ms.
			of			(full	address)	who	is/ar	e also
memi	per(s) of the (	Company, as my	/ our proxy to attend, act	t and vote for n	ne/ us and on my / or	ur behalf at Annual	General Me	eting (A	(GM)	of the
Comp	any to be held	d on Thursday, 1	9th day of October, 2023 a	at 3:00 pm at G	round Floor BRR Tox	ver, Hasan Ali Stree		drigar i	Road	Karachi
and /	or any Adjourn	ment thereof.								
As wil	tness my / our	hand / seal this	day of			2023.				
Signe	d by				in the prese	nce of;				
Witnes	\$S.							him/ her who is/ar ting (AGM)		
1.	Name:									
	Signature									
	Address:									
	CNIC or Passpo						reby appoint or falling (full address) ual General Me			
	-									
2.	Name:									
	Signature									
	CNIC or Passpo	ort No.;								

#### Note:

- The proxy form, duly completed and signed, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company, HUM Network Limited, Plot No. 10/11, Hassan All Street, Off. I.I. Chundrigan Road, Karachi.
- 2. All members are entitled to attend and vote at the meeting.
- 3. A member eligible to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend, and vote instead of him/her.
- An Instrument of proxy applicable for the meeting is being provided with the notice sent to members. Further copies of the instrument of proxy may be obtained from the
  registered office of the Company during normal office hours.
- An instrument of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any), under which it is signed or a not airly certified copy of such power or authority must, to be valid, be
  deposited at the registered office not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instruments of proxy are deposited by a member with the company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.
- 7. Members are requested to notify any changes in their addresses immediately.
- CDC account holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in circular 1, dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakisten

#### For CDC Account Holders/Corporate Entities:

- In addition to above, the following requirements have to be met:
- i) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two (2) persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- ii) Attested copies of CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iii) The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of meeting.
- Iv) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

# پراکسی فارم

میخی تیکریژی، هم نیده درک لیشد ۱۹وین سالاند جزل میشنگ،

يس		ولد	،شناختى كارۋنمېر	برساكن
	-		_، بطور ممبر ہم نیٹ ورک لمیٹنڈ ، حامل	عارضی شیئرز
رجا	رۇ فوليو/ى ۋى يى ا كاۋنٹ نمبر	جناب	، ساکن	
		_ كا تقرر كرتا ہوں جو كداس كم	ں کے مبر بھی ہیں بیمبری جانب سے مپنی کی سالا	نه جزل میثنگ میں شرکم
5	کے ووٹ و بے سکتے ہیں جس کا انعقاد پر		وشام البيج محراؤ تذفلور بيآرآ رئاور جسن على اس	
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	پاک قارم کوشل اورد شخط کرے تھی کے دجنر 21 میں میں میں اور میں میں اور اس میں اور ا	: آخس جم نسیف دوک المؤثر و بلاث مجر و وه سرکت مه	اا إحسن على استريف آف آفي جدر مكردول مراي عن وص	م مع جا ميں معد
-	تمام مران میشک ش ماخر دو کردد شد دسین کا علائد مدفق ش ساخ می دو در رسال	ال رہے ہیں۔ ماروان اور سروج می الم الاکار	رقے اور ووٹ دیے کیلئے کی جی دیگر ممبر کا پراکس کے طور پر تق	- 151
-	باكى كى سادە دىتادىز مىلنگ شى تانل استىما	روی با بات استان کردادم را بے جو کروش کے ساتھ قرائم کی م	رے مردور کی اور میں اور	ان کردوروائس سے
	حاصل کی جاستی ہیں۔			
-			كالحتاس بدعظ كركاوثرى فسديق شدهكاني بابت يا	
			ا کارڈیا یا سپورٹ اور پراکسی کی کابیاں پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ قر در اور اور اس کا کابیاں پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ قر	م ک جا کیں گا۔
			افل کرناہے تو ایک دستاویز ات کوفیر موثر تصور کیا جائے گا۔ الک ر	
-	ممران سورخواست بے کدوه اپنے پادیم کر سوری میں میں میں دیاں دک است کی اآن		ن کریں۔ ری جو کہ ۲۷ جوری ۲۰۰۰ مرکز کی رشوز ایڈ ایکٹھ کیٹھ کا آف۔	. plan
	الرواي ود حاوس داماعت مام	0 2240000-17700	CO - OF DESCRIPTION TORU.	-00

### ىۋى ئاكادىت موللد/كارىورىك كىلى:

## تركور والا كالماد وورج ذيل رجى لك المعادة

- ا۔ پراکسی قادم پردوافر او گواہ ہو کے جن سے نام بے اور شاختی کار ڈنبرز قادم پردد ج کے جا کی گے۔
  - ٢- شاختى كارديا المودث كالقديق شده كايال يماكى قادم كما تحد المقشلك كى جاكيل كى-
    - ياكى الل شاخى كارليا الل يا سورث كرا توسينك كروف يأل كامالا-
- ا کارپرید کی موجودگی ال بورد آف واز یکرو کی تراروا در بادران بادرتی بعد مون کے دی الے ماتھ پاکسی فارم کیٹی اس مح کرائے جا کیں گے۔

















#### HUM NETWORK LIMITED

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