# Annual Report 2023



# Tri-Star Power Ltd.

#### **Company Information**

Board of Directors: Ms. Shamima Begum Non Executive Chairperson Mr. Asad Ahmad Chief Executive Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Non Executive Director Mr. Mohammad Zameer Non Executive Director Mr. M. Haroon Saeed Non Executive Director Mr. Tanvir Hasan Non Executive Director Mr. Syed Imran **Independent Director** Auditors: M/s. Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Audit Committee: Mr. Syed Imran Chairman Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Member Mr. M. Haroon Saeed Member Bankers: Bank Al-Habib Ltd. Registered Office: A/33, Central Commercial Area, Block 7/8, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, KCHSU, Karachi.-75350. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd. Shares Registrar / Transfer Agent: 4th Floor, Karachi Chambers, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. Plant: F/538, S.I.T.E., Karachi-75700

#### **Notice of Meeting**

Notice is hereby given that the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting of Tri-Star Power Ltd., will be held on Friday, October 27, 2023 at 10.30 am at A/33, Central Commercial Area, Block 7/8, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi to transact the following business:

- Recitation from the HOLY QURAN.
- To receive and adopt the audited accounts for the period ended June 30, 2023 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon and Chairman's Review Report.
- 3. To appoint Auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

**Company Secretary** 

Karachi: October 6, 2023.

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. The Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 23.10.2023 to 30.10.2023 (both days Inclusive).
- 2. Participation in the AGM proceeding via the video Conference facility:
  - The AGM proceeding can also be attended via video conference facility. Shareholders interested to participate in the meeting are requested to email their Name, Folio Number, Cell Number, Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) Number, and Number of shares held in their name with subject "Registration for Tri-Star Power Limited AGM" along with valid copy of both sides of CNIC at power@tristar.com.pk. Video link and login credentials will be shared with only those members whose emails, containing all the required particulars, are received at least 48 hours before the time of AGM. Shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM at the email.
- 3. A member entitled to attend AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy and vote in his place at the meeting. Proxy Forms in order to be effective must be received at the registered office of the Company at A/33, Central Commercial Area, Block 7/8, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi duly stamped, signed and witnessed, not later than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 4. CDC Shareholders or their Proxies are required to bring with them their Original CNIC or Passport along with the Participant's I.D. number and their account number at the time of attending AGM in order to authenticate their identity.
- 5. Proxy form must be submitted with the Company within the stipulated time, duly witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC number must be mentioned on the form, along with attested copies of the CNIC or passport of the beneficial owner and the proxy.
- 6. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with the specimen signature of the proxy holder shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.
- 7. Members are requested to notify any change in their addresses immediately to our Shares Registrar M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd., 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Karachi Chamber, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.

# نونس برائے سالانہ اجلاس عام

نوٹس ہذا کے ذریعے مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہڑائی اسٹار پاورلمٹیڈ کا تیسواں (30واں) سالانہ اجلاس عام (AGM) مؤرخہ 27 اکتوبر 2023ء بروز جمعہ صح 10:30 ہجے بہقام 8/33 ، سینٹرل کمرشل ایریا، بلاک 7/8 ، مین شاہراہ فیصل، کراچی میں مندرجہ ذیل امور کوزیرغورلانے کے لئے منعقد ہوگا:

- 1. قرآن یاک کی تلاوت
- 2. 30 جون 2023ء کواختنام پذیر سال کے لئے ڈائر یکٹرز اور آ ڈیٹرز رپورٹ اور چیئر مین کی تجزیاتی رپورٹ کے ہمراہ پڑتال شدہ کھاتوں کو وصول کرنا اور اپنانا۔
  - گینی کے آڈیٹرز کا تقر رکرنا اوران کا مشاہیرہ طے کرنا۔
    - 4. چيئر مين کي اجازت سے ديگرامورکوز برغورلانا۔

منجانب/برائے بورڈ سمپنی سیریٹری

كراچى: 6ا كۋېر 2023ء

### مندرجات:

- 1. شیئر ٹرانسفر books مؤرخہ 23 اکتوبر 2023ء سے 30 اکتوبر 2023ء (بشمول دونوں ایام) تک بند رہیں گی۔
  - 2. سالانه اجلاس عام کی کارروائی میں ویڈیو کانفرنس مہولت کے ذریعے شرکت

AGM کی کارروائی میں ویڈیوکانفرس ہولت کے ذریعے بھی شرکت کی جاسکتی ہے۔ اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے کے خواہش مندشیئر ہولڈرز سے گذارش ہے کہ وہ اپنانا م، فولیونمبر، سیل نمبراور کمپیوٹر ائز ڈشناختی کارڈ نمبراورا پنے ملکیتی حصص کی تعداد بمعہ شناختی کارڈ کی دونوں اطراف کی کارآ مدنقل عنوان کے خانے میں''ٹرائی اسٹار پاور لمیٹڈ کی محصص کی تعداد بمعہ شناختی کارڈ کی دونوں اطراف کی کارآ مدنقل عنوان کے خانے میں''ٹرائی اسٹار پاور لمیٹڈ کی AGM میں شرکت کے لئے رجہ ٹریش' تحریر کے power@tristar.com.pk پرای میل کریں۔ ویڈیو لئک اور لاگ ان کی تفصیلات صرف انہی اراکین کے ساتھ شیئر کی جا ئیں گی جن کے ای میل ایڈریس بمعہ تمام تر درکار معلومات AGM کے انعقاد سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل موصول ہوجا ئیں ۔ شیئر ہولڈرز AGM کے ایجنڈ آآئٹر

- کی بابت اپنی تجاویز اور سوالات بھی ای میل کے ذریعے بھیجے سکتے ہیں۔
- 3. AGM میں شرکت کا اہل رکن اپنی جگہ پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے اور اس کی جگہ اجلاس میں ووٹ کرسکتا ہے۔ مؤثر کرنے کی غرض سے با قاعدہ پُر شدہ، مہر، دستخط اور گواہان سے تصدیق شدہ پراکسی فارم کمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس واقع کرنے کی غرض سے با قاعدہ پُر شدہ، مہر، دستخط اور گواہان سے تصدیق شدہ پراکسی فارم کمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس واقع کرنے کی خواہلاں کے انعقاد سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے بل پہنچ جانا جا ہے۔
- 4. CDC شیئر ہولڈرزیاان کے پراکسی کواپنی شناخت ثابت کرنے کے لئے AGM کے موقع پراپنے اصلی شناختی کارڈ اور یاسپورٹ بمعہ شراکت آئی ڈی اورا کا ؤنٹ نمبر ہمراہ لا ناہوگا۔
- 5. دوگواہان ، جن کے نام ، پتے اور شاختی کارڈ فارم پر درج ہوں ، سے با قاعدہ تصدیق شدہ پراکسی فارم بمعہ مستفید ہون ، جن اور پراکسی کے شاختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقل کمپنی کومقررہ وقت پرلازمی جمع کرایا جائے۔
- 6. کاروباری ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد/مختار نامہ بمعہ پراکسی ہولڈر کے نمونہ کے دستخط پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ کمپنی کوجمع کرایا جائے (اگر قبل ازیں جمع نہ کرایا گیاہے)۔
- 7. اراکین سے گذارش ہے کہا پنے ڈاک کے پنہ میں تبدیلی سے متعلق فوری طور پرشیئر رجٹر ارمیسرز حمید مجیدایسوس ایشن (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ دفتر واقع چوتھی منزل، کراچی چیمبر، حسرت موہانی روڈ، کراچی کوآگاہ کیا جائے۔

#### Chairman's Review

It gives me immense pleasure to communicate with our valued members and stakeholders and to present the Annual Report of Tri-Star Power Limited for the year ended June 30, 2023 and to appraise them on the overall performance of the Board and the effectiveness of the role played by the Board in achieving the Company's objectives by illustrating the overall performance and achievements of the Company.

I extend my appreciation to the company and its management for following the best practices relating to corporate governance and complies with all the relevant requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and the Code of Corporate Governance as per Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019. The board members continued to ensure and extend their guidance to the management to meet all legal and regulatory requirements.

Here, I would also like to place on record my sincere appreciation to our staff members for their valuable services and to the shareholders / other stakeholders for their continued support and trust towards the management and the Company.

**Shamima Begum** Chairperson

Place: Karachi

Dated: October 5, 2023

# چيرُ مين کا تجزيه

میں 30 جون 2023ء کو اختتام پذیر سال کے لئے اپنے معزز اراکین اور اسٹیک ہولڈرز کوٹرائی اسٹار پاورلمیٹڈ کی سالانہ رپورٹ ازراہِ مسرت پیش کرتی ہوں اور بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکردگی اور کمپنی کی کارکردگی اور کامیابیوں کی عکاسی کرنے والے کمپنی کے مقاصد حاصل کرنے میں بورڈ کے مؤثر کردار کی قدر کرتی ہوں۔

میں بہترین کاروباری ممل داری اور کینیز ایکٹ 2017ء کے متعلقہ اصولوں اور لسٹر کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ضوابط 2019ء کی تعمیل پر کمپنی اور اس کی انتظامیہ کوخراج تحسین پیش کرتی ہوں۔ بورڈ اراکین نے تمام قانون وریگولیٹری معیارات کو پوراکرنے میں انتظامیہ کی مسلسل رہنمائی کویقینی بنایا ہے۔

یہاں میں اپنے عملے کے تمام اراکین کی گراں قدر خدمات اور انتظامیہ اور کمپنی پرشیئر ہولڈرز/ دیگرسٹیک ہولڈرز کے سلسل بھروسے اور جمایت پرشکریدا داکرتی ہوں۔

> شمیمه بیگم چیئر پرس

> > مقام: کراچی تاریخ: 5 اکتوبر2023ء

### **Directors' Report**

The audited accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented herewith.

#### 1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

Financial results are as summarized as follows:

	2023	2022	
	Rupees		
Rental Income / Sales - Net	6,079,644	11,953,800	
Cost of Operating Expenses / Sales	635,267	3,192,025	
Gross Profit	5,444,377	8,761,775	
Less: Operating Expenses			
Administrative & General Expenses	1,645,774	840,968	
Operating Profit	3,798,603	7,920,808	
Finance Cost	545	190	
	3,798,058	7,920,618	
Other Income / (Charges)	1,994,521	2,420,600	
Profit before Taxation	5,792,578	10,341,218	
<u>Taxation</u>			
Current Year	(1,101,437)	(4,347,335)	
Prior Year	1,405,791	(10,515)	
Deferred	-	-	
Profit after Taxation	6,096,932	5,983,367	
Earning per share – basic and diluted	0.41	0.40	

#### 2. BUSINESS

Your Company has given on rental its plant to an associated concern, however, due to stoppage of gas supply by SSGC, the plant cannot be used and as such rental could not be charged. The plant is very old which requires high maintenance and on top there is no gas supply by SSGC. The Company is looking for an alternative / renewal energy which requires fresh investment.

#### 3. DIVIDEND

The Board has not recommended any dividend this year.

#### 4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors assumed their office with effect from 28.12.2020 for 3 years.

#### 5. AUDITORS

The present auditors M/s. Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co., Chartered Accountants, are due for retirement and being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.

#### 6. STATEMENT ON CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAME WORK

- a. The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and change in equity.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed.
- e. The system of internal control is sound and designed and have been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- h. No trading of Company Shares were done by Chief Executive, Directors, Company Secretary and their spouses.
- i. Key operating and financial data for the last six years in summarized form is annexed.
- j. During the year (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held, attendance by each Director is as follows:

Name of Director	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Asad Ahmad	04
Mrs. Shamima Begum	04
Mr. Jawed Ahmad Siddiqui	04
Mr. M. Zameer	04
Mr. Syed Imran	04
Mr. Tanvir Hasan	04
Mr. M. Haroon Saeed	04

k. The pattern of share holding is annexed.

#### 7. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Board would like to place on record its appreciation of hard work of the staff responsible for the Company's affairs.

By Order of the Board

Asad Ahmad Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui
Chief Executive Director

Karachi: October 05, 2023

# ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز 30 جون 2023ء کواختام پذیر سال کے لئے سالاندرپورٹ کے ہمراہ پڑتال شدہ کھاتے از راہِ مسرت پیش کرتے ہیں۔

# <u>مالياتى نتائح:</u>

مالیاتی نتائج کاخلاصہ حسب ذیل ہے:

£2022	£2023
/	/

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11,953,800	6,079,644
3,192,025	635,267
8,761,775	5,444,377
840,968	1,645,774
7,920,808	3,798,603
190	545
7,920,618	3,798,058
2,420,600	1,994,521
10,341,218	5,792,578
(4,347,335)	(1,101,437)
(10,515)	1,405,791
5,983,367	6,096,932
0.40	0.41

### منافع منقسمه

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزنے مذکورہ سال کے لئے کوئی منافع منقسمہ تجویز نہیں کیا ہے۔

### بورد آف دائر يكثرز

حالیہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزنے 28 رسمبر 2020ء سے عرصہ تین برس کے لئے اپنے فرائض کی انجام دہی کا آغاز کیا۔

### آؤيرز

حالیہ آڈیٹرزمیسرز فیروزشریف طارق اینڈ کو، چارٹرڈ اکا وَمُنٹس ریٹائر ہونے والے ہیں اور اہلیت کی بناپراپنی دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کرتے ہیں۔

# كاروبارى ومالياتى رپورتنگ فريم ورك پراعلاميه

- a) کمپنی کی انتظامیه کی تیار کرده مالیاتی انتیمنٹس سرمایے میں تبدیلی، کیش فلو، آپریشنز کے نتائج اور کاروباری امور کی بہترین عکاسی کرتی ہیں۔
  - b) مستمینی کے کھا توں کی صحیح کتابیں تیار کی گئی ہیں۔
- c) مالیاتی اثیمنٹس کی تیاری میں موافق اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کا اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ تخمینہ جات موزوں فیصلوں کی بنیاد پرلگائے گئے ہیں۔
- d) مالیاتی اشیمٹنٹس کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں رائج بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈ زکی پیروی کی گئی ہے اوراس میں کسی بھی قتم کے سقم کومناسب انداز میں ظاہراور واضح کیا گیا ہے۔
  - e) داخلی نظم ونسق کا ایک مربوط سلم قائم اور مؤثر انداز میں نافذ کیا گیا ہے اوراس کی باقاعدہ نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
    - f) کمپنی کی کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کوئی ابہا منہیں ہے۔
    - g) کستنگرضوابط میں بیان کردہ کار پوریٹ گورننس کی بہترین عمل داری میں کوئی سقم موجود نہہے۔
- h) کسی بھی ڈائر یکٹر، چیف ایگزیکٹو، ایگزیکٹوزاوران کے کی نثریک حیات اور کم سن بچوں نے مٰدکورہ بالا کے علاوہ مٰدکورہ سال کے دوران کم پنی کے صص میں تجارت نہیں کی ہے۔
  - i) گذشته سال ماه کاانهم آپریٹنگ و مالیاتی ڈیٹا خلاصہ کی شکل میں منسلک ہے۔
- j) نہ کورہ سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے جار (04) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے ہر ڈائر کیٹر کی حاضری حسب ذیل

:ح

جلاس میں حاضری کی تعداد	ڈائر یکٹرزکانام ا
4	جناب اسداحمه
4	محتر مشميمه بيكم
4	جناب جاويدا <i>حد صد</i> يقي
4	جناب محرضمير
4	جناب <i>سيدعمر</i> ان
4	جناب <i>تنور</i> حسن
4	جناب محمر ہارون <i>سعی</i> د
	k) مٹیفکیٹ ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن لف ہذاہے۔
	اظهادتشكر
,کوخراج محسین پیش کرتا ہے۔	بورڈ ممپنی امور کے لئے ذمہ دار عملے کی ان تھک محنت

منجانب بورڈ

اسداحمد بی جاوید احمد بی جاوید احمد بی گاریک گر در گاریک گر تاریخ: 15 کتوبر 2023ء مقام کراچی

# Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Year ended: June 30, 2023

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner.

1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:

a. Male: 6 b. Female: 1

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Independent Director Mr. Syed Imran

Non - Executive Director Ms. Shamima Begum

Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Mr. Mohammad Zameer Mr. Mohammad Haroon Saeed

Mr. Tanvir Hasan

Executive Director Mr. Asad Ahmad (CEO)

Female Director Ms. Shamima Begum

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The Chief Executive and all Directors have the prescribed education and experience required for exemption under Clause 19(2) of Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) Regulations. Accordingly, they are exempt from attending directors' training program pursuant to the Clause 19(2) of the CCG Regulations.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a) Audit Committee Mr. Syed Imran (Chairman)

Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui

Mr. Mohammad Haroon Saeed

b) HR and Remuneration Committee Mr. Sye

Mr. Syed Imran (Chairman) Mr. Jawed Ahmed Siddiqui Mr. Mohammad Haroon Saeed

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee Quarterly

b) HR and Remuneration Committee Annually

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function/or has outsourced the internal audit function to who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, head of internal audit, Company Secretary or director of the Company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of the Regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

Asad Ahmad Chief Executive Jawed Ahmad Siddiqui Director

Place: Karachi

Dated: October 5, 2023

Tri-Star Power Ltd | Annual Report 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TRI-STAR POWER LIMITED

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance)

Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Tri-Star Power Limited (the Company) for the

year ended June 30, 2023 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with

the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various

documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to

consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an

opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit

Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party

transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Following instances of Non-compliances with the requirements of the Code were observed which are not stated in the

Statement of Compliance.

a) The composition of board has includes one independent director the Code requires independent directors

shall not be less than two or one third of the total members of the board, whichever is higher, whereas board

include one independent director.

Based on our review, except for the instances of non compliance, above, nothing has come to our attention which

causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended

June 30, 2023.

sd/-Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Place: Karachi

UDIN: CR202310129FXU850bRJ

Dated: October 5, 2023

14

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TRI-STAR POWER LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Tri-Star Power Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2023, and the statement of profit or loss, the Statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the Statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2023 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

- a) We have not been able to verify the investment made in units of National Investment Trust (NIT) amounting to Rs. 34,594,845 (2022: 34,594,845) as disclosed in note 12.2 to the financial statements. Further, No provision has been made in the accounts for the NIT investments the recovery and realization of which are doubtful, the same has been explained in Note No. 12.2.1 to the financial statements. Had the provision for doubtful investment been made in the accounts, the losses of the Company would have been increased by Rs. 34,594,845 (2022: 34,594,845) and the Shareholder's Equity would have been decreased by the same amount.
- b) The company has disclosed Investment in Associated companies First Tri-Star Modaraba and Tri-Star Energy Limited and as available for sales investment in note 12.1.1 and 12.1.2 to the Financial Statements. In our opinion, these investments have to be shown / valued at equity method in accordance with International Accounting standard 28" Investment in associates". We are unable to quantify the effect of the Tri-Star Energy Limited as latest audited accounts are not available as of reporting date.

Had the company valued the investment in First Tri-Star Modaraba on equity method and the impairment would have been recognized, the profit for the year would have been increased by Rs. 11,722,999 and accumulated loss would be reduced and Shareholders' equity and Long term Investment would have been higher by Rs. 10,738,289.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report other than the matters described in the basis for qualified opinion section.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the annual report including in particulars, the Chairman's Review, Directors Report, Financial and business highlights, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and Reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the Requirements of companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

Based on our audit except for the matter discussed in basis for qualified opinion section, we further report that in our opinion:

- (a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- (b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive Income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;

Tri-Star Power Ltd | Annual Report 2023

(c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and

(d) No Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mohammad Tariq.

sd/-Feroze Sharif Tariq & Co. Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

UDIN: AR202310129kPKILFQzE

Dated: October 5, 2023

#### Vision Statement

Tri-Star Power Limited is committed to strive for excellence in all areas of its activity.

#### **Mission Statement**

We view our business objective of providing distinctive financial products and services that promote commerce and industry with in the context of our overall objective of contributing to the nation's prosperity.

#### **Core Value**

- 1. Striving for continuous improvement and innovation with commitment and responsibility;
- 2. Treating stakeholders with respect, courtesy and competence;
- 3. Practicing highest personal and professional integrity;
- 4. Maintaining teamwork, trust and support, with open and candid communication;
- 5. Ensuring cost consciousness in all decisions and operations.

#### **Statement of Ethics and Business Practices**

The articulation of this statement is based on following points:-

- 1. Questionable and improper payments or use of the Company's assets.
- 2. Political contributions.
- 3. Conflicts on interest.
- 4. Books and records of the Company.
- 5. Payment of amounts due to customers, agents or distributors.
- 6. Reporting violations.
- 7. Means as important as the end.
- 8. Integrity and scrupulous dealings.
- 9. Strict observance of the laws of the country.
- 10. Giving and receiving gifts.

### **Balance Sheet as at**

June 30, 2022

(Rupees)

June 30, 2023

Notes

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
CAPITAL & RESERVES			
<u>Authorized Capital</u>			
15,000,000 (2022: 15,000,000) Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10/- each	=	150,000,000	150,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital	6	150,000,000	150,000,000
Capital Reserve			
Capital Reserve - (a Share Premium account)		70,000,000	70,000,000
Revenue Reserve			
Unrealized gain / (loss) due to change in fair value of investment			
through other Comprehensive Income		(1,507,150)	(1,402,000)
Accumulated (Loss)		(25,599,269)	(31,696,201)
Shareholders Equity	•	192,893,581	186,901,799
CURRENT LIABILITIES	_		
Trade and Other Payables	7	4,860,405	4,770,253
Unclaimed Dividend	8	5,025,285	5,025,285
Provision for taxation	9	1,101,437	4,357,850
	•	10,987,127	14,153,388
Contingencies and Commitments	10		
	-	203,880,708	201,055,187

## June 30, 2023

		June 30, 2023 June 30, 2023 (Rupees)	
<u>ASSETS</u>		(Nu)	<i>Jees</i>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Tangible Fixed Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipments	11	3,181,835	3,535,438
Long Term Investments	12	76,797,695	76,902,845
Long term Loan to Related Party	13	20,000,000	20,000,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, Spares and Loose Tools	14	145,624	356,349
Trade Debtors - unsecured	15	44,620,930	40,000,930
Interest Receivable from Related Party		3,994,521	2,000,000
Advance Deposits and Prepayments - Considered good	16	11,075,000	11,495,600
Income Tax Refunds and Advances		174,476	2,241,185
Cash and Bank Balances	17	43,890,627	44,522,840
		103,901,178	100,616,904

203,880,708

201,055,187

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

**Chief Executive** 

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Notes	2023	2022
	Notes	(Rupe	ees)
RENTAL INCOME-net	18	6,079,644	11,953,800
COST OF OPERATING EXPENSES	19	635,267	3,192,025
GROSS PROFIT		5,444,377	8,761,775
Operating Expenses			
Advisional Consult Consult	20	4 645 772	0.40.000
Administrative and General Expenses	20	1,645,773	840,968
ODERATING PROFIT		1,645,773	840,968
OPERATING PROFIT		3,798,604	7,920,808
Finance Cost	21	545	190
		3,798,059	7,920,618
Other Income / (Charges)	22	1,994,521	2,420,600
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		5,792,580	10,341,218
<u>Taxation</u>			
- Current	9	(1,101,437)	(4,347,335)
Prior		1,405,791	(10,515)
Deferred	5.3		
		304,354	(4,357,850)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		6,096,934	5,983,367
Earning Per Share - Basic	23	0.41	0.40

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2023 2022		
		(Rupees)		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit/(Loss) before Taxation		5,792,580	10,341,218	
Adjustment for Non-Cash and Other Items:				
Depreciation		353,603	392,909	
Financial Expenses		545	190	
	•	354,148	393,099	
	•	6,146,728	10,734,317	
Working Capital Changes				
(Increase) / Decrease in Current Assets				
Stores and Spares		210,725	1,639,200	
Trade debtors		(4,620,000)	(13,240,000)	
Advances, Deposits and Prepayments		420,600	(11,420,600)	
Interest Receivable from Related Party		(1,994,521)	11,669,041	
Increase / (Decrease) in Current Liabilities				
Trade and Other Payables		90,152	2,681,444	
	•	(5,893,044)	(8,670,915)	
Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
Sales Proceeds from Fixed assets				
	•	(5,893,044)	(8,670,915)	
Taxes Paid		(885,352)	(2,050,357)	
Financial charges Paid		(545)	(190)	
	•	(885,897)	(2,050,547)	
Net Cash Inflow/ (Outflow) from Operating Activities	•	(632,213)	12,855	
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Loan recovered from Related Party				
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(632,213)	12,855	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning		44,522,840	44,509,985	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End	26	43,890,627	44,522,840	

23

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

Chief Executive

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		June 30, 2023 (Rupees)	June 30, 2022
Profit for the Year		6,096,934	5,983,367
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to	profit or loss:		
Other comprehensive Income: Financial Asset at Fair value through other Comprehensive Income:	nensive income	(105,150)	2,768,950
Total comprehensive Income for the year		5,991,784	8,752,317
The annexed notes form an integral part of these ac	ecounts.		
Chief Executive	Director	Chief Financia	l Officer

# STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Capital Reserve	Revenue Reserve		
	Share Capital	Capital Reserve	Unrealized gain / (loss) due to change in fair value of investment through other Comprehensive Income	Unappropriated Profit/Accumula ted (Loss)	Total
Balance as on June 30, 2021	150,000,000	70,000,000	1,366,950	(37,679,568)	183,687,382
Net Profit for the year ended June 2022				5,983,367	5,983,367
Other Comprehensive income			(2,768,950)		(2,768,950)
Total Comprehensive income			(2,768,950)	5,983,367	3,214,417
Balance as on June 30, 2022	150,000,000	70,000,000	(1,402,000)	(31,696,201)	186,901,799
Net Profit for the year ended June 2023			(407.470)	6,096,934	6,096,934
Other Comprehensive income Total Comprehensive income			(105,150) (105,150)	6,096,934	(105,150) 5,991,784
Total completicities medifie	_		(103,130)	0,090,934	3,331,764
Balance as on June 30, 2023	150,000,000	70,000,000	(1,507,150)	(25,599,269)	192,893,581

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

# LAST SIX YEAR RESULTS AT A GLANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Financial Position						
Paid-up Capital (Rs.)	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000
Reserves (Rs.)	42,893,582	36,901,799	33,687,383	25,582,430	20,192,616	15,168,123
Fixed Assets-WDV (Rs.)	3,181,835	3,535,438	3,928,347	4,364,934	4,850,057	13,285,994
Investments at Cost (Rs.)	78,304,845	78,304,845	78,304,845	78,304,845	78,304,845	78,304,845
Investments at Market						
Value (Rs.)	76,797,695	76,902,845	79,671,795	76,902,845	77,253,345	76,895,835
Current Assets (Rs.)	103,901,178	100,616,904	87,201,334	81,178,443	54,413,932	41,216,536
Current Liabilities (Rs.)	10,987,127	14,153,388	7,114,094	6,863,792	6,324,718	6,230,242
Income						
Sales (Rs.)	-	-	14,114,000	16,034,490	29,574,846	51,714,859
Lease Rental (Rs.)	6,079,644	11,953,800	-	-	-	-
Net Profit/(Loss) for the						
year (Rs.)	6,096,934	5,983,368	5,336,002	5,740,314	4,666,983	10,484,816
Accumulated Profit/						
(Loss) (Rs.)	(25,599,269)	(31,696,201)	(37,679,567)	(43,015,570)	(48,755,884)	(53,422,867)
Statistics & Ratios						
Gross Profit/(Loss)						
Ratio (%)	89.55	73.30	27.47	22.43	20.17	12.52
Net Profit/(Loss) Ratio (%)	100.28	50.05	37.81	35.80	15.78	20.27
Current Ratio	9.46	7.11	12.26	11.83	8.60	6.62
Paid-up Value Per						
Share (Rs.)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Earning/(Loss) Per						
Share (Rs.)	0.406	0.399	0.356	0.380	0.310	0.699
Net Assets (Rs.)	192,893,581	186,901,799	183,687,383	175,582,430	170,192,616	165,168,123
Net Assets Value Per						
Share (Rs.)	12.86	12.46	12.25	11.71	11.35	11.01
Cash Dividend (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus Dividend (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Tri-Star Power Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan, as a public limited company on September 27, 1993 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017) and its shares are listed in the Pakistan Stock Exchange in Pakistan. The principal activity of the Company is to generate, distribution and Supply of Electricity and lease of power generating plant to customers.

1.1 The Company entered into Rental agreement on July 1, 2021 with related party Image Pakistan Limited to provide power plant already installed in the premises of the said Company. During the year, in January 2023 SSGC stopped the Gas supply, therefore, Power Plant can't be used and the rentals could not be charged. As soon as the gas supply is restored the power plant will starts its operation and the Company will start receiving rentals. Further the Company is seeking for alternative measures to operates its power plant and the management feels that the same will be arranged in near future and, therefore, the stoppage of the Plant is temporary and will resumes its operations soon.

The geographical location and address of the company's business units, including mill/plant are as under:

The registered office of the company is located at A/33, Central Commercial Area, Block 7/8, KCHSU, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan.

The Generation facility is located at F/538, S.I.T.E., Karachi - 75700, Pakistan, which is not the Property of the company, the same premises has been obtained from related party of the Company to install the Plant as disclosed in note 11.3 to the Financial Statements.

#### 1.2 Summary of significant events and transactions in the current reporting period

All significant transactions and events that have affected the Company's statement of financial position and performance during the year have been adequately disclosed either in the notes to these financial statements or in the Directors' report.

#### 2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

International Financial Reporting Standard issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 3 BASIS OF PREPARATION/MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have primarily been prepared under the historical cost convention without any adjustments for the effect of inflation or current values, except quoted investment in related parties valued at Fair Market Value. and for cash flow information.

#### 4 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on October 05, 2023.

#### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except application of new amendments and interpretations in the International Accounting Standards as described below in note 5.1.

#### 5.1 Amendments to approved accounting standards

IFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)

IAS 16 Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)

IAS 37 Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments)

The adoption of the above amendments to the accounting standards did not have any material effect on the Company's financial statements.

The IASB has also issued the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the Conceptual Framework) in March 2018 which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2020 for preparers of financial statements who develop accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts override those in any standard or any requirements in a standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist IASB in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies if there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards.

#### Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2018-2020 cycle)

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 percent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities IAS 41 Agriculture – Taxation in fair value measurements

IFRS 16 Leases – Lease incentives

The adoption of the above amendments to the approved accounting standards did not have any material effect on the Company's financial statements.

#### Standards and amendments to IFRSs that are not yet effective

The following amendments to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective amendment or improvements:

Amendment or	improvement	Effective date (annual periods beginning on o after)		
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts (Amendments)	January 01, 2023		
IAS 1 and IFRS Practice	Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments)	January 01, 2023		
IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)	January 01, 2023		
IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments)	January 01, 2023		
IAS 12	International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments)	January 01, 2023		
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	January 01, 2024		
IFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (Amendments)	January 01, 2024		
IAS 7 / IFRS 7	Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements (Amendments)	January 01, 2024		
IFRS 10 / IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments)	Not yet finalised		

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's unconsolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for the

Standard or interpretation		IASB Effective dates (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 1	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	January 01, 2004

#### 5.2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

**Insurance Contracts** 

IFRS 17

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

January 01, 2023

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

#### 5.2.1 Property, plant and equipment

Estimates with respect to residual values and depreciable lives and pattern of flow of economic benefits are based on the recommendation of technical team of the Company. Further, the Company reviews the value of the assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of tangible fixed assets with a corresponding affect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

#### 5.2.2 **Taxation**

In making the estimates for income taxes payable by the Company, the management considers applicable tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain cases issued in past. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all unused tax losses and credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such losses and credits can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

#### 5.2.3. Store and spares and Stock-in-trade

The Company reviews the Net Realizable Value (NRV) of stock-in-trade to assess any diminution in the respective carrying values.

#### 5.2.4 Provision for doubtful receivables

A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

#### 5.2.5 Contingencies

The assessment of the contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment as the out come of the future events cannot be predicted with certainty. The company, based on the availability of the latest information, estimates at the value of contingent assets and liabilities which may differ on the occurrence/non occurrence of the uncertain future events.

#### 5.3 Taxation

#### **Current Year**

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or minimum tax on turnover or Alternate Corporate Tax whichever is higher and tax paid on final tax regime basis. Alternate Corporate Tax is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 113C of Income Tax Ordinance.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is provided Proportionate to local sales using the liability method on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date, between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial statements reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all temporary taxable differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the assets is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

No deferred tax has been provided during the year due to the company are exempt from levy of Income tax under clause 132 of the second Schedule to the income tax ordinance, 2001.

#### 5.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

#### **Initial recognition**

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.

#### Subsequent measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any; except for capital works in progress (if any) which are stated at cost accumulated up to the balance sheet date.

Buildings and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss (if any).

#### **Depreciation**

Full Years Depreciation is charged on acquisition or transfer of assets from capital work in progress, while no depreciation is charged on assets disposed off during the year. Depreciation is charged to income using reducing balance method, at the rates specified in the annexed schedule in note no. 11 to the financial statements, whereby the cost/revalued amounts of asset is written off over its estimated useful life, reflecting the approximate value of the consumption of the respective assets economic benefits. The depreciation method and useful lives of the items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed periodically and altered if circumstances or expectations have changed significantly

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance Right for use of Assets is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

#### Disposal

The gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amounts of the asset and is recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss. In case of the sale or retirement of a revalued items, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the surplus on revaluation of such item is transferred directly to the unappropriated profit.

#### Judgment and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### Repairs, renewals and maintenance

Major repairs and renewals are capitalized. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged as expense when incurred. Gains or losses on disposal or retirement of assets are determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amounts of these assets, and are included in the income currently.

#### 5.5 Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received as applicable. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight line method over the shorter of the lease term and the asset's useful life. The estimated useful lives of assets are determined on the same basis as that for owned assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any.

#### 5.6 Lease Liability

Lease liabilities The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease, i.e. if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date of the lease if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset."

#### 5.7 Impairment of non-financial assets other than inventories

The assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. The Company recognises the reversal immediately in the statement of profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with the revaluation model. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 5.8 Investment

Investment at fair value of investment through other comprehensive income are initially recognized at cost being the fair value of the consideration given including acquisition charges associated with. After initial recognition of investment are premeasured at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on investment are recognized in other comprehensive income as required by IFRS 9 till the investment is sold or otherwise disposed off, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in income. Measurement made as per IFRS 9 and disclosed the fair value as Price Quoted in Pakistan stock exchange

Investments in NIT's are stated at cost due to litigation with the Income tax department as fully described in note 12.2 and 12.2.1 to the financial statements.

#### 5.9 Stores, Spares and Loose Tools

These are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). The cost of inventory is based on the FIFO basis. Items in transit are stated at cost accumulated upto the date of the balance sheet.

Stores, spares and loose tools are regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

Net Realizable Value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale.

#### 5.10 Stock-in-Trade

These are valued as follows:

Raw Material : At lower of weighted average cost or net realizable value. Cost of raw material and components represents invoice

value plus other charges paid thereon.

Stock-in-Transit : At cost accumulated upto the balance sheet date.

Stock in trades are regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

#### 5.11 Trade Debts and other Receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are stated at original invoice amount less provision for doubtful debts, if any. Provision for doubtful debts / other receivables is based on the management's assessment of customers' outstanding balances and creditworthiness. Bad debts are written-off when identified.

#### 5.12 Post Employment Benefits - Defined Benefit Plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for its staff during the year the company has not made the provision for gratuity due to all the employees are contractual.

#### 5.13 Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded using the rates of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. In order to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange risks, the company enters into forward exchange contracts. Such transactions are translated at contracted rates. All exchange differences are included in the Profit and Loss Account.

#### 5.14 Revenue Recognition

Rentals are recognised as income on an accrual basis, as and when rentals become due.

Revenue from supply of electricity is recognised on issue of bills on monthly basis to its customers. Performance obligation satisfied when supplied the Electricity.

Unrealized gains/(losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as "financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Dividend income is recognized on the basis of declaration by the investee company.

Other Income/Scrap Sales is recognized on accrual Basis.

Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets is recorded when the title is transferred in favor of transferor.

#### 5.15 Provisions

Provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, and, as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and that a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of this obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 5.16 Financial instruments

#### 5.16.1 Financial asset

The financial assets of the Company mainly include trade debts, loans, deposits, long-term investments, other receivables and cash and bank balances.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Based on the business model of the Company, the financial assets of the Company are measured and classified under IFRS 9 as follows;

Trade debts and other financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less an allowance for expected credit losses, if any.

#### 5.16.2. Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs. For the purpose of subsequent measurement financial liabilities are either classified at amortized cost or fair value through profit or loss. The Company does not have any financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

#### 5.16.3. Impairment of financial assets - allowance for expected credit losses

Impairment of financial assets - allowance for expected credit losses ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.

At each date of statement of financial position, the Company assesses whether financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the respective asset.

The Company uses the standard's simplified approach and calculates ECL based on life time ECL on its financial assets. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

#### 5.16.4. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 5.16.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than inventories and deferred tax assets are assessed at date of statement of financial position to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in the statement of profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets.

#### 5.17 Related Party Transaction

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the company at mark to market basis with the exception of loan taken from related parties which are interest/mark up free. Prices for these transactions are determined on the basis of admissible valuation methods.

#### 5.18 Loan, Advances and other Receivables

Loans, advances and other receivables are recognized initially at cost, and subsequently at their amortized/ residual cost.

#### 5.19 Dividends and Appropriation to Reserve

Dividend and appropriation to reserve and recognized in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

#### 5.20 Contingent Liability

A contingent liability is disclosed in the financial statements unless the possibility of an out flow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

#### 5.21 Contingent Assets

A contingent asset is disclosed where in inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### 5.22 Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their cost.

#### 5.23 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### 5.24 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances

#### 5.25 <u>Dividend and Appropriation to reserves</u>

Dividend and appropriation to reserve are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

#### 5.26 <u>Earnings per share</u>

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 6 Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital

No. of Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10/- each

2023	2022	2023	2022
15,000,000	15,000,000 Fully Paid in cash	Rupee 150,000,000	es 150,000,000
15,000,000	15,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000

		2023 Rupees	2022
7 Trade and Other Payables			
Accrued Expenses		1,504,679	2,204,883
Gratuity Payable	7.1	78,428	78,428
Zakat Payable		381,808	381,808
With holding tax Payable		30,000	30,000
Other Liability		288,934	288,934
Sales tax Payable	18.3.	2,576,556	1,786,200
		4,860,405	4,770,253

In the year 2000 the company has closed operations therefore the same Gratuity amount has been Freeze and not paid yet to the employees management feels the same will be paid when the Employee claim the same amount.

#### 8 Unclaimed dividend

As per the provision of Section -242 of the Companies Act, 2017 and directives of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide circular no. 18 dated 01 August, 2017, cash dividend will only paid through electronic mode directly in the bank accounts of shareholders, accordingly this unpaid dividend pertains to those shareholders who did not provided their valid bank accounts details.

		2023	2022
		Rupees	
9	Provision for Taxation		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	4,357,850	-
	Provision made during the year	1,101,437	4,357,850
		5,459,287	4,357,850
	Payment/ Adjusted during the year	(4,357,850)	-
		1,101,437	4,357,850

The income tax returns of the company has been filed up to tax year 2021 to income tax department and the assessments of the company have been finalized up to and including the tax year 2020. However, the commissioner of income tax may at any time during a period of five years from the date of filling of return may select the deemed assessment for audit.

Further the management feels that the Provision for tax on Other income will be Provided in the financial statement and the Income tax Return when the Investee company will pay the same after deduction of Income tax on the same interest amount therefore this year no Provision is made in these accounts for the year ended June 30, 2022 on the same amount.

upto the last year as eper the operations of the company is exempt from levy of Income tax under clause 132 of the second Schedule to the income tax ordinance, 2001, therefore, the company has note made provision for taxation in the financial Statement.

#### 10 Contingencies and Commitments

- 10.1Guarantees issued by banksnilnil10.2Letters of Credit in respect of committed capital expendituresnilnil10.3Letters of Credit for other than capital expendituresnilnil
- 10.4 The company did not charge sales tax on Sales made during the years June 30, 2016 to 2021 on Sales amounting to Rs. 148.998 (2020: Rs. 132.964) million.
- 10.5 The Company has filed suit for declaration and permanent injunction bearing # 494/2023 before the Hon'ble Sindh High Court against illegalities committed by the Acquirer who had preferred an intention to take over more than 51% shares and control of the Company. The Hon'ble High Court was pleased to pass a status quo order in respect of the management of the Company.

#### 11 Tangible Fixed Assets

Property, Plant and Equipment

3,181,835	3,535,438
3,181,835	3,535,438

Property, Plant and Equipment - At cost less accumulated depreciation

				2023						
		Cost/Re	valuation		] [		Depred	iation		Written Dowi
Particulars	As at	Additions /		As at	Rate	As at		For the	As at	Value As At
r ai ticulai 3	July 01,	Transfers/	Revaluation	June	%	July 01,	Transfer/	year	June	June
	2022	(Deletion)		30, 2023		2022	(Deletion)		30, 2023	30, 2023
		Ruj	pees					Rupees		
Owned										
ease hold land 10.1						-				
actory Building	8,498,610			8,498,610	10	8,079,989		41,862	8,121,851	376,759.2
Plant and Machinery 10.3	57,026,560			57,026,560	10	53,980,362		304,620	54,284,982	2,741,578.2
Electrical Installations	496,144			496,144	10	470,542		2,560	473,102	23,042.2
Furniture and Fixture	896,000			896,000	10	851,865		4,413	856,279	39,721.4
Office Equipments	187,700			187,700	20	187,380		64	187,444	255.8
Air Conditioner and Refrig.	5,900			5,900	10	5,609		29	5,639	261.4
Vehicles	156,000			156,000	20	155,734		53	155,787	212.86
Computers	23,500			23,500	30	23,495		1	23,497	3.29
Jun-23	67,290,414			67,290,414		63,754,976		353,603	64,108,579	3,181,83
Jun-22	67,290,414			67,290,414	= =	63,362,067		392,909	63,754,976	3,535,438
								June	June	
								2023	2022	
	Allocation of	<u>Depreciation</u>						Rup	ees	
	Depreciation f	or the period h	nas been allocate	ed as follows:						
	Cost of Sales	p = w						349,042	387,825	
	Administrative	and General E	xpense					4,561	5,085	
							-	353,603	392,909	•

- 11.1 The Building and Plant & Machinery are situated/installed on the associated company's premises
- Register of fixed assets of the company was illegally removed by the officials of the Income tax department at the time of conducting raid at the company's premises which has not yet been returned. Consequently the same remain not to be updated and could also not be made available to the auditors. However, subsequently the Company is maintaining the same on computer.
- 11.3 During the year the Company has provided the generators on rental basis. The generators have been installed at related party's premises.

				2022						
		Cost/Rev	/aluation		lL		Deprec	iation		Written Dow
Particulars	As at	Additions /		As at	Rate	As at		For the	As at	Value As At
T di ticulars	July 01,	Transfers/	Revaluation	June	%	July 01,	Transfer/	year	June	June
	2021	(Deletion)		30, 2022		2021	(Deletion)		30, 2022	30, 2022
		Rup	ees					Rupees		
Owned										
ease hold land						-				
actory Building	8,498,610			8,498,610	10	8,033,475		46,513	8,079,989	418,621
Plant and Machinery	57,026,560			57,026,560	10	53,641,896		338,466	53,980,362	3,046,198
Electrical Installations	496,144			496,144	10	467,697		2,845	470,542	25,602
Furniture and Fixture	896,000			896,000	10	846,961		4,904	851,865	44,135
Office Equipments	187,700			187,700	20	187,300		80	187,380	320
Air Conditioner and Refrig.	5,900			5,900	10	5,577		32	5,609	291
/ehicles	156,000			156,000	20	155,667		67	155,734	266
Computers	23,500			23,500	30	23,493		2	23,495	5
Jun-21	67,290,414			67,290,414	_	63,362,067		392,909	63,754,976	3,535,438
					_					
Jun-21	67,290,414			67,290,414	-	62,925,480		436,587	63,362,067	3,928,347
								June	June	
								2022	2021	
	Allocation of D	epreciation						Rup	ees	
	Depreciation fo	r the period has	been allocated	as follows:						
	Cost of Sales							387,825	430,916	
	Administrative	and General Exp	oense					5,085	5,671	
								392,909	436,587	-

			2023	2022
			Rupees	
12	Long Term Investment			
	Related Parties - at fair value through other Comprehensive income	12.1	42,202,850	42,308,000
	Others marketable securities - At Cost	12.2	34,594,845	34,594,845
			76,797,695	76,902,845

#### 12.1 Related Parties - at fair value through other Comprehensive income

	Related Parties:						
	June	June		Rup	ees	Rup	ees
	2023	2022		Jui	ne	Jur	ne
	No. of Shares/ N	lo. of Shares	′	20	23	202	22
	Units	Units	Name of Company	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
			Quoted			·	
13.1.1	701,000	701,000	First Tri Star Modaraba	7,010,000	5,502,850	7,010,000	5,608,000
			Un-quoted				
13.1.2.	3,670,000	3,670,000	Tri-Star Energy Ltd.	36,700,000	36,700,000	36,700,000	36,700,000
			-	43,710,000	42,202,850	43,710,000	42,308,000
	Less: Prov	ision for dim	inution in value of investme	1,507,150		1,402,000	
			·	42,202,850		42,308,000	

- The Break-up value of Tri-Star Energy Ltd., is determined on the basis of audited accounts for the year ended June 30, 2022. The accounts for the year ended 30.06.2023 has not been issued by the Company yet.
- ii. Equity held by Tri-Star Power Ltd., in Tri-Star Energy Ltd., is 11.85% (2022: 11.85%).

#### 12.2 Others marketable securities - At Cost

No. of Shares/ No. of Shares/ Units Name of Company Cost Fair Value Cost Fair Value Units 2,373,080 2,373,080 N.I.T. units 34,594,845 34,594,845 34,594,845 34,594,845 Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments 34,594,845 34,594,845

Average Cost Price Rs. 14.578/Unit Market value as at June 30, are as under June 30 (2021: June 30) @ Rs. 64.76 . (2021: Rs.75.18) per unit

- 12.2.1 In, September 1996, the Income Tax Authorities raided the Company's premises and took away, by force, all the records, documents, and valuable securities, including FEBC's/Bearer NIT units of all the Group companies, which included the bearer NIT units of the company; without lawful authority and without making any inventory. This raid caused a serious disruption in the company's business. The company has filed a suit against the Income Tax Authorities in the Hon'ble High Court of Sindh, challenging the said act as being illegal. The Hon'ble High Court of Sindh, vide its Order dated July 31, 1998, held that the presence of irregularities and malafides in the act of the Income Tax Department cannot be ruled out. Further, the remaining two ingredients namely balance of convenience and causing irreparable loss and injury, also exists in favor of the company. Further, the Income Tax Department was directed to submit their report keeping in view the provisions of Section 146(c) of The Income Tax Ordinance, 1979, declaring how much more time they would need to return the impounded documents and records. The matter is now in evidence stage.
- **12.2.2.** The above investment of the company was illegally removed by the officials of the Income tax department at the time of conducting raid at the company's premises which has not yet been returned. Consequently the same remain to be updated and could also not be made available to the auditors for physical verification.

		2023	2022
		Rupees	5
13	Long term Loan to Related Party	20,000,000	20,000,000
		20,000,000	20,000,000

13.1 As per the Agreement the above loan are unsecured and interest bearing @ 10% (2022:10%) per approx annum. The above loans give the related parties to meet the working capital requirements of the related party and the same is not repayable till next twelve months till June 30, 2023 and extendable if mutually agreed.

### 14 Stores, Spares & Loose Tools

Deposits

Cash in Hand

Cash at Banks - Current Accounts

17

Stores and Spares	145,624	356,349
	145,624	356,349
15 Trade Debts - Considered Good		
Local Receivables - Considered Good (An Associated Party)	44,620,930	40,000,930
Considered Doubtful		
	44,620,930	40,000,930
Provision for Doubtful debts		
	44,620,930	40,000,930
<b>15.1</b> The aging of debtors (Related Party) at the reporting date was:		
Up to one month		1,145,000
1 to 6 months		5,725,000
More than 6 months	6,870,000	6,870,000
More than one year	37,750,930	26,260,930
	44,620,930	40,000,930

15.2 Maximum amount due at any month during the year with Related Party amounting to 40.001 million (2021: Rs. 26.761million)

#### 16 Advance Deposits and Prepayments - Considered good

	Dividend Receivable Advance for Purchase	 11,000,000	420,600 11,000,000
		11,075,000	11,495,600
7	Cash and Bank Balances		

17.1

75,000

43,885,616

43.890.627

5,011

75,000

44,425,161

44.522.840

97,679

17.1 The Company has conventional banking relationships with all the banks.

18	SALES - Net			
	Gross Sales			
	Sales Tax	18.1		
	Rental Income on Generator	18.2	6,870,000	13,740,000
	Less: Sales Tax	18.3.	(790,356)	(1,786,200)
			6,079,644	11,953,800
			6,079,644	11,953,800

- **18.1** The Company has not filed Sales tax Return during the year and since 2016.
- 18.2 The Company entered into an agreement with related party Image Pakistan Limited provide Power Plant already installed in the premises of the said Company. The tenure of the Agreement is for twelve months from the date of the Agreement and extendable for the future period upon the agreement between the both the parties.
- 18.3. The Company has not filed Sindh Sales tax Returns as the company is in the process of registration with Sindh Revenue Board.

			2023 Rupees	2022
19	Cost of Operating Expenses /Sales Store consumed Repairs and Maintenance		210, <del>7</del> 25 75,500	1,639,200 1,165,000
	Depreciation	<u> </u>	349,042 635,267	387,825 3,192,025
20	Administrative and General Expenses			
	Fee and Subscription Auditors Remuneration Advertisement Expenses Postage Registrar Services Legal Expenses Website Maintenance Depreciation	20.1	305,640 200,000 32,501 2,859 65,212 1,000,000 35,000 4,561	357,310 200,000 19,500 990 258,083 - - 5,085
20.1	Auditors Remuneration Audit Fee	_	200,000 200,000	200,000 200,000
21	<b>Finance Cost</b> Bank Charges and Commission		545 545	190 190
22	Other Charges / Income Dividend Income Interest Charge on loan to Related Party	<u> </u>	1,994,521 1,994,521	420,600 2,000,000 2,420,600
23	Earnings Per Share - Basic			
	Profit after Taxation	=	6,096,934	5,983,367
	Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares	_	15,000,000	15,000,000
	Earnings Per Share - Basic	Rupees	0.41	0.40

#### 24 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Director and Executives

No remuneration or meeting fee has been paid during the year to the Chief Executive, Director and Executives of the Company.

#### 25 Related Party Transactions

Related parties comprise subsidiary, associated companies, companies where directors also hold directorship, key management personnel disclosed in note 23 above . Significant transactions with related parties during the year are as under:

Name of the related party	Relationship and percentage shareholding	Transactions during the year and year end balances	2023 (Rupees)	2022 (Rupees)
Image Pakistan Ltd	Associated company by virtue of common directorship	Markup for the year	1,994,521	2,000,000
		Lease Rental	6,079,644	11,953,800
		Loan receivable	20,000,000	20,000,000
		Maximum Balance due at end	44,620,930	40,000,930

The outstanding balance with related parties as at the year-end have been disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

All transactions were carried out on commercial terms and conditions and were valued at arm's length price. Remuneration and benefits to key management personnel under the terms of their employment are given in Note 24 above.

			2023 Rupo	2022 ees
26	Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Bank Balances		43,890,627	44,522,840
		_	43,890,627	44,522,840
27	Plant Capacity and Production Actual Capacity/Day Actual Electricity produced 2	27.1	Mega Watts 10 Mega Watt 	Mega Watts 10 Mega Watt 

**27.1** As the reason disclosed in note 1.1 to the Financial statements, therefore, the Actual Production attained has not been determinable due to Production of Electricity depend upon the customer demand after Renting out the Plant.

#### 28 OPERATING SEGMENT

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of single segment basis.

in the year 2023 the Company Charged Rental on the Plant (2022: Revenue from sales of Electricity 100% of total revenue.)

All non current assets of the Company as at June 30, 2023 are located in Pakistan.

Revenue from single major customer of the Company represent 100% (2022: 100%) of total revenue of the Company

#### 29 Financial Instruments

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit Risk

Liquidity Risk

Market Risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

#### 29.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to the financial instruments will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk. However, to reduce exposure to credit risk, if any, the management monitors the credit exposure towards the customers and makes provisions against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	2023	2022
	Rupees	
Long term Loan to Related Party	20,000,000	20,000,000
Long Term Investment	76,902,845	76,902,845
Debtors	44,620,930	40,000,930
Cash with Banks in Current Accounts	43,890,627	44,522,840
	185,309,252	181,426,615

#### 29.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liability when due.

The company is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of non current interest bearing liabilities, short term borrowings, trade and other payable and mark up accrued.

2023					
Particulars	Carrying	Contractual	Six moths or	Six to twelve	One to two
Particulars	Amount	Cash Flows	Less	months	year
	Rupees				
Financial Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	4,860,405	4,860,405	4,595,193	265,212	_
Unclaimed Dividend	5,025,285	5,025,285	5,025,285		
	9,885,690	9,885,690	9,620,478	265,212	-
	2022				
Dankila	Carrying	Contractual	Six moths or	Six to twelve	One to two
Particulars	Amount	Cash Flows	Less	months	year
	Rupees				
Financial Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	4,770,253	4,770,253	4,292,670	477,583	-
Unclaimed Dividend	5,025,285	5,025,285	5,025,285		
				477,583	

#### 29.3 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate resulting in as a result of changes in market prices or the market price due to change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activates, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market.

#### 29.4 Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk arises mainly due to conversion of foreign currency assets and liabilities into local currency. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk on foreign currency assets and liabilities.

#### 29.5 Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates, At the balance sheet date there no interest rate profile of the Company.

#### 29.6 Risk Management Policies

Risk management is carried out by the management under policies approved by board of directors. The board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas like foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and investing excessive liquidity.

#### 29.7 Capital Risk Management

The Company's objective when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares and take other measures commensuration to the circumstances.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company manages its capital risk by monitoring its debt levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectation of the shareholder. Debt is calculated as total borrowings ('long term loan' and 'short term borrowings' as shown in the balance sheet) (The Company has no Long term and short term Loans). Total capital comprises share holders' equity as shown in the balance sheet under 'share capital and reserves'.

	2023	2022
	Rupees	
Total Borrowings		
Less: Cash and Bank Balances	43,890,627	44,522,840
Net Debt	(43,890,627)	(44,522,840)
Total Equity	192,893,581	186,901,800
Total Capital	149,002,954	142,378,960
	(2.22)	(2.2.)
Gearing Ratio	(0.29)	(0.31)

#### 29.8 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is an amount for which an assets could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying value and the fair value estimates.

As at the reporting date the fair value of all financial assets and liabilities are estimated to approximate their carrying values and Disclosed in relevant notes to the financial Statements.

#### 30 Number of Employees

Number of persons employed contractual and Permanent as at year end were nil (2022: nil) and the average number of persons employed during the year were nil (2022: nil).

#### 31 General

a. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

#### b. Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. The financial Statements are presented in Pakistani rupees, which is the Company's functional and Presentational currency.

#### c. Corresponding figures

The corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary for Comparison.

Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

# Pattern of Shareholding As At June 30, 2023

Number of	As At June 30, 2023					
Shareholders	Shareholding From To		Total Shares Held			
838	1 -	100	74,673			
2,513	101 -	500	1,064,523			
815	501 -	1,000	775,601			
665	1,001 -	5,000	1,657,403			
109	5,001 -	10,000	859,900			
22	10,001 -	15,000	283,200			
40	15,001 -	20,000	749,300			
19	20,001 -	25,000	439,000			
5	25,001 -	30,000	144,400			
6	30,001 -	35,000	198,300			
7	35,001 -	40,000	279,000			
6	40,001 -	45,000	263,900			
12	45,001 -	50,000	593,500			
1	50,001 -	55,000	55,000			
6	55,001 -	60,000	352,500			
2	65,001 -	70,000	137,000			
2	70,001 -	75,000	150,000			
1	75,001 -	80,000	75,400			
2	80,001 -	85,000	170,000			
3	85,001 -	90,000	270,000			
3	95,001 -	100,000	298,500			
2	100,001 -	105,000	208,500			
2	115,001 -	120,000	237,000			
1	125,001 -	130,000	129,400			
3	150,001 -	155,000	457,000			
2	155,001 -	160,000	318,500			
1	175,001 -	180,000	176,500			
2	195,001 -	200,000	400,000			
1	200,001 -	205,000	205,000			
1	205,001	210,000	208,500			
1	305,001	310,000	231,000			
5	245,001	250,000	1,245,000			
1	415,001	420,000	420,000			
1	595,001	600,000	600,000			
1	625,001	630,000	630,000			
1	640,001 645,000		642,500			
5,102			15,000,000			

### **Proxy Form**

1,	of
	_ being a member of Tri-Star
Power Ltd., Karachi and holder of	Shares as per R.F. No.
and/or CDC Participant I.D. No	and Sub Account No.
hereby appoint of	or failing him
of	as my proxy to attend
and vote for me and on my behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Cor	mpany to be held on October 27,
2023 at A/33, Central Commercial Area, Block 7/8, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal,	Karachi and at any adjournment
thereof.	
As witness my hand this day of, 20	23.
Signed by the said	
	DI (C)

Please affix Rs. 5/-Revenue Stamp

To be singed over Revenue Stamp

**IMPORTANT:** 

- a) This form of proxy duly completed must be received at the office of the Company at A/33, Central Commercial Area, Block 7/8, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- b) CDC Shareholders and their Proxies must each attach an attested photocopy of their National Identity Card or Passport with their proxy form.
- c) A proxy should also be a share holder of the Company.