

DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED

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DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
Executive Directors	: Syed Maqbool Ali Chief Executive Officer & Director
Non-Exective Director	: Mehmood-Ul-Hassan Asghar - Chairman, Board of Directors Mr. Ghazanfar Baber Siddiqi Mr. Abdul Basit Mr. Muhammad Hanif German Mrs. Nida Jamil
Independent Director	: Mr. Aziz -ul-Haque
Audit Committee	: Mr. Aziz -ul-Haque (Chairman) Mr. Abdul Basit (Member) Mr. Ghazanfar Baber Siddiqi (Member)
Human Resources & Remuneration Committee	: Mr. Aziz -ul-Haque (Chairman) Mr. Mehmood-Ul-Hassan Asghar (Member) Syed Maqbool Ali (Member)
Auditors	 Feroze Sharif Tariq & Company Chartered Accountants 4/N/4 Block-6, P.E.C.H.S. Karachi
Company Secretary	: Mr. Muhammad Hanif German
Chief Financial Officer	: Mr. Muhammad Irfan Ali
Tax Advisor	: Abbas & Atif Law Associates
Legal Advisor	: Sharif & Co. Advocates
Bankers	: United Bank Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited MCB Bank Limited Silk Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited Soneri Bank Limited
	Summit Bank Limited
Registered Office	Summit Bank Limited : Dewan Centre 3-A, Lalazar Beach Hotel Road Karachi.
Registered Office Shares Registrar & Transfer Agent	: Dewan Centre 3-A, Lalazar Beach Hotel Road
	 Dewan Centre 3-A, Lalazar Beach Hotel Road Karachi. BMF Consultants Pakistan (Private) Limited Anum Estate Building, Room No. 310 & 311, 3rd Floor, 49, Darul Aman Society, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, adjacent to Baloch Colony Bridge,

IN THE NAME OF ALLAH; THE MOST GRACIOUS AND THE MOST MERCIFUL

IF YE GIVE THANKS, I WILL GIVE YOU MORE (HOLY QURAN)

Dear Shareholder(s), Assalam-o-Alykum!

The Board of Directors of your Company is pleased to present unaudited condensed interim financial statements for the first quarter ended September 30, 2023 in compliance with the requirements of section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 and code of corporate governance issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Economic & Industrial Overview

Pakistan has been facing a host of challenges those have seriously impacted its development, growth, economic progress and political stability. Inconsistent policies, cross subsidization, resource misallocation, underperforming agriculture due to lack of Govt. patronage, unemployment and rising energy prices are pressing concerns for Pakistan's Industry. While the emergency financing arranged in June brought us some breathing time, the exports are struggling to recover, and the current account deficit has started to widen due to the withdrawal of import restrictions. Because the economy's ability to earn foreign exchange remains abysmal, the current rupee appreciation remained short-lived, triggering another sharp depreciation, and giving rise to another episode of high inflation. The textile sector, is responsible for around 60 percent of exports and employs 40 percent of the labor force. It also supports numerous other sectors such as cotton and retail through domestic linkages. Since February 2023, over 50 percent of production capacity has been sitting idle and more than 15 million workers, around 19 percent of the labor force, have become unemployed. Continued exchange rate volatility, delays in sales tax refunds, and power tariffs of over 13 cents/kWh are now forcing manufacturers towards permanent closure, and the country towards a premature deindustrialization. Long-term stability of Pakistan depends upon resolving fundamental economic issues. In this context, it is important to recognize the criticality of facilitating the export industries which result in net inflow of dollars and foster economic stability. Pakistan imported around \$2 billion worth of cotton for textile manufacturing. There has also been considerable progress in improving backward linkages. Owing to the efforts of the Punjab Government and APTMA there has been large-scale mobilization to improve the acreage and yield of Pakistan's cotton crop and reduce the need for cotton imports.

Operating results and performance

During the 1st Quarter under review, Company has suffered gross loss of Rs. (60.197) million compared to Rs. (63.392) million in the previous corresponding period, whereas operating expenses of the company marked at Rs. 9.442 million as compared to Rs. 12.849 million of comparable period of last year. Due to working capital constraints, the

DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

management continued the production of yarn on contract basis to keep the company operational.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using going concern assumption as the conditions referred in note 2 are temporary and would reverse in foreseeable future. The company has approached its lenders for restructuring of its liabilities and is confident that the Company's restructuring proposals without markup will be accepted by the financial institutions / banks hence no provision of the same has been made in these financial statements. Further, sponsors also provide the support as and when required to meet the working capital requirements of the company and accordingly, the preparation of these financial statements using going concern assumption is justified.

Future Outlook

The GSP+ scheme has been extended for Pakistan for four additional years. Pakistan's textile industry is the largest beneficiary of the GSP+. More than 80% of total exports to the EU from Pakistan are textiles. A sustained increase in exports is the only way to achieve this and requires the provision of internationally competitive energy tariffs and restoration of liquidity in export sectors. There's an urgent need to eliminate gas price anomalies as not only will it be instrumental in promoting exports, it will also be sending right price signals for conservation and optimal utilization of both indigenous and imported fuels. Some further initiatives from the government are also expected for sustainable textile industry, especially continuation of long-term concessionary financing facility for boosting investments in new capacity expansion and up-gradation of technology. The government is expected to encourage the textile sector by inducing enhanced production, import substitution, duty cuts, tax incentives and early release of refunds etc.

Conclusion

With the grace of Allah Almighty, the management of the company will put its best endeavors to bring better results in future. In conclusion, we bow beg and pray to Almighty Allah, Rahman-o-Rahim, in the name of our beloved Prophet Muhammad (Peace be upon him) for the continued showering of his Blessings, Guidance, Strength, Health and Prosperity to us, our company, country and nation, and pray to Almighty Allah to bestow Peace, Harmony, Brotherhood and Unity in true Islamic spirit to whole of Muslim Ummah; Ameen; Summa Ameen.

LO-MY LORD IS INDEED HEARER OF PRAYER (HOLY QURAN)

By and under Authority of the Board of Directors

Syed Maqbool Ali Chief Executive Officer & Director

Mehmood-ul-Hassan Asghar Chairman, Board of Directors

Dated: October 25, 2023

DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30TH SEPTEMBER 2023

AS AT JUTH SET TEMBER 2023		Un-Audited Sep 30, 2023	Audited June 30, 2023
	Notes	(Rup	ees)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital			
100,000,000 (2023: 100,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	=	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Г	977,507,260	977,507,260
Revenue reserve - accumulated loss		(1,726,999,647)	(1,679,052,587)
Capital reserve - revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment		2,210,432,361	2,225,864,355
	-	1,460,939,974	1,524,319,028
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term loan		15,078,125	13,515,625
Deferred taxation		251,826,545	258,129,754
Deferred liability for staff gratuity		28,310,541	24,821,967
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	Γ	147,036,771	142,878,504
Accrued mark-up		390,303,597	390,303,597
Short term borrowings		412,864,355	412,864,355
Current & overdue portion of long term liabilities		446,006,352	448,271,977
Provision for taxation		-	6,104,296
	_	1,396,211,075	1,400,422,729
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	6	-	
	_	3,152,366,260	3,221,209,103
ASSETS	-		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	7	3,017,812,788	3,050,959,357
Long term deposits		38,606,345	38,226,745
CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Stores & spares		27,876,075	28,155,525
Trade debts- unsecured, considered good		12,489,586	43,384,112
Loans and advances - unsecured, considered good		10,132,274	10,773,089
Trade deposits and other receivables - considered good		8,885,617	7,342,103
Taxes recoverable		33,990,850	39,568,858
Cash and bank balances	8	2,572,725	2,799,314
		95,947,127	132,023,001
	-	3,152,366,260	3,221,209,103

Syed Maqbool Ali Chief Executive Officer & Director

Muhammad Irfan Ali Chief Financial Officer

Mehmood-ul-Hassan Asghar Chairman Board of Directors

DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE FIRST QUARTER ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2023

		July-Sept,	July-Sept,
		2023	2022
	Notes ·	(Rupe	es)
Sales / Revenue - Net		_	153,608,600
Cost of sales / revenue		(60,196,540)	(217,000,704)
Gross (loss)	_	(60,196,540)	(63,392,104)
Operating expenses			
Administrative expenses	Г	(6,447,284)	(9,975,970)
Selling and distribution expenses		(2,994,723)	(2,873,144)
C I	E.	(9,442,007)	(12,849,114)
Operating (loss)	-	(69,638,547)	(76,241,218)
Finance cost	9	(43,716)	(17,479,684)
(Loss) before taxation	-	(69,682,263)	(93,720,902)
Taxation			
Current	Γ	-	(1,920,108)
Deferred		6,303,209	6,994,791
		6,303,209	5,074,683
(Loss) after taxation	=	(63,379,054)	(88,646,219)
(Loss) per share - basic and diluted	¹⁰ =	(0.65)	(0.91)

Syed Maqbool Ali Chief Executive Officer & Director

Muhammad Irfan Ali Chief Financial Officer

Mehmood-ul-Hassan Asghar Chairman Board of Directors

DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE FIRST QUARTER ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2023

	July-Sept, 2023	July-Sept, 2022
		ees)
(Loss) after taxation	(63,379,054)	(88,646,219)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:	-	-

 Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the period
 (63,379,054)
 (88,646,219)

Syed Maqbool Ali Chief Executive Officer & Director

Muhammad Irfan Ali Chief Financial Officer

Mehmood-ul-Hassan Asghar Chairman Board of Directors

DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE FIRST QUARTER ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2023

FOR THE FIRST COARTER ENDED SOTH SET TEMBER 2025	July-Sept, 2023	July-Sept, 2022
Note	(Rupee	es)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
(Loss) before taxation	(69,682,263)	(93,720,902)
Adjustments for non cash and other items:		
Depreciation	33,146,569	36,778,527
Financial charges	43,716	17,479,684
Provision for gratuity	3,488,574	2,601,997
Cash flow before working capital changes	(33,003,404)	(36,860,694)
Working Capital changes		
(Increase) / Decrease in current assets:		
Stores & spares	279,450	(2,049,479)
Trade debts	30,894,526	12,527,131
Loans & advances	640,815	1,332,564
Trade deposits & other receivables	(1,543,514)	11,727,289
Increase / (Decrease) in current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	4,158,267	16,795,187
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	1,426,140	3,471,998
Payments for:		
Taxes paid - net of refund	(526,288)	(6,510,675)
Gratuity paid	-	(649,366)
Financial charges paid	(43,716)	(45,211)
	856,136	(3,733,254)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure incurred	-	(534,200)
Long term deposits	(379,600)	-
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(379,600)	(534,200)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Long term loan	(703,125)	(1,875,000)
Net cash inflow / (out flow) from financing activities	(703,125)	(1,875,000)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(226,589)	(6,142,454)
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	2,799,314	10,238,291
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the period 8	2,572,725	4,095,837

Syed Maqbool Ali Chief Executive Officer & Director

Muhammad Irfan Ali Chief Financial Officer

Mehmood-ul-Hassan Asghar Chairman Board of Directors

DEWAN FAROOQUE SPINNING MILLS LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE FIRST QUARTER ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2023

		Revenue reserve	Capital Reserve	
	Issued, subscribed and Paid-up Capital	Accumulated loss	Revaluation surplus on property, plant & equipment	Total
		(Ruj	pees)	
Balance as at July 01, 2022	977,507,260	(1,463,021,085)	2,294,365,071	1,808,851,246
Total comprehensive loss for the period				
(Loss) for the period		(88,646,219)		(88,646,219)
Other comprehensive income				
		(88,646,219)		(88,646,219)
Transfer to accumulated loss				
in respect of incremental depreciation - net of tax		17,125,179	(17,125,179)	
Balance as at September 30, 2022	977,507,260	(1,534,542,125)	2,277,239,892	1,720,205,027
Balance as at July 01, 2023	977,507,260	(1,679,052,587)	2,225,864,355	1,524,319,028
Total comprehensive loss for the period				
(Loss) for the period		(63,379,054)		(63,379,054)
Other comprehensive income				
		(63,379,054)		(63,379,054)
Transfer to accumulated loss in respect of incremental depreciation - net of tax		15,431,994	(15,431,994)	
Balance as at September 30, 2023	977,507,260	(1,726,999,647)	2,210,432,361	1,460,939,974

Syed Maqbool Ali Chief Executive Officer & Director

Muhammad Irfan Ali Chief Financial Officer

Mehmood-ul-Hassan Asghar Chairman Board of Directors

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Dewan Farooque Spinning Mills Limited is incorporated in Pakistan on December 22, 2003 as public limited company, under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The shares of the company are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the company is located at Dewan Centre, 3-A, Lalazar Beach Hotel, Road, Karachi, Pakistan; while its manufacturing facilities are located at 54 km Multan Road, near the Phool Nagar By-pass, District Kasur, near the city of Lahore in Pakistan. The principal activity of the company is manufacturing and sale of fine quality yarn. Company also manufactures yarn on contract basis. The company has installed capacity of 28,800 spindles.

2 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

The condensed interim financial statements for the first quarter ended September 30, 2023 reflect that company sustained net loss after taxation of Rs. 63.379 million (2023: Rs. 286.601 million) and as of that date it has negative reserves of Rs. 1,727.000 million and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 1,300.264 million (2023: 1,268.400 million). Furthermore, the short term facilities of the company have expired and not been renewed by banks and it had defaulted in repayment of restructured liabilities. Following course, the company is facing litigations with its lenders. These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty, which may cast significant doubt about Company's ability to continue as going concern.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using going concern assumption as these conditions are temporary and would reverse in foreseeable future. The company has approached its lenders for restructuring of its liabilities and is confident that the Company's restructuring proposals without markup will be accepted by the financial institutions / banks hence no provision of the same has been made in these financial statements. Further, sponsors also provide the support as and when required to meet the working capital requirements of the company and accordingly, the preparation of these financial statements using going concern assumption is justified.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- **3.1** These condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the 1st Quarter ended 30 September 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", issued by the International Accounting Standard (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.
- **3.2** These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual audited financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

- **4.1** The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted and applied in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.
- 4.2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards

4.2.1 Standards, amendments to standards and interpretations becoming effective during the period

There are certain new standards, amendments to existing standards and new interpretations on approved accounting standards that became effective during the period and are mandatory for accounting periods of the Company beginning on or after July 01, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or not to have any material effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these condensed interim financial statements.

4.2.2 Standards, amendments to standards and interpretations becoming effective in future periods

There are certain new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that will became effective in future accounting periods but are considered not to be relevant or not to have any material effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these condensed interim financial statements.

5 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, JUDGEMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

- **5.1** The preparation of these condensed interim financial information in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgments that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events, revision to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively commencing from the period of revision.
- **5.2** Judgements and estimates made by management in the preparation of these condensed interim financial informations are the same as those that were applied to the financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- **5.3** The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those objectives and policies which were disclosed in the financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Sept. 30,	Jun 30,
2023	2023

6 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There has been no significant change in the contingencies and commitments since the last audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

PROP	ERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		Sept. 30, Jun 30, 2023 2023 Rupees Zun 2023		
Operat	ing fixed assets	7.1	3,017,812,788	3,050,959,357	
Capita	l work in progress		-		
			3,017,812,788	3,050,959,357	
7.1	Operating fixed assets				
	Opening balance		3,050,959,357	3,196,911,765	
	Additions during the period / year	7.2	-	1,296,700	
	Depreciation during the period / year		(33,146,569)	(147,249,108)	
	Closing balance		3,017,812,788	3,050,959,357	
7.2	Additions during the period / year				
	Plant & Machinery		-	1,201,700	
	Vehicles		-	95,000	
			-	1,296,700	
			Sept. 30,	Sept. 30,	
			2023	2022	
CASH	AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		Rup	ees	
Cash a	nd bank balances		2,572,725	4,095,837	
			2,572,725	4,095,837	

9 FINANCE COST

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The Company has not made the provision of markup for the period amounting to Rs.21.857 million (up to June 30, 2023: Rs.134.373 million) in respect of bank borrowings. The management has approached its lenders for restructuring of its debts and is confident that the Company's restructuring proposals without markup will be accepted by the financial institutions / banks. Had the provision been made the loss for the period would have been higher by Rs.21.857 million and accrued markup would have been higher and shareholders' equity would have been lower by Rs.156.230 million.

		Sept. 30,	Sept. 30,
		2023	2022
		Rupe	es
10	BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Loss after taxation	(63,379,054)	(88,646,219)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	97,750,726	97,750,726
	Basic loss per share	(0.65)	(0.91)
	No figure for diluted earning per share has been presented as the company has not yet i an impact on basic earning per share when exercised.	ssued any instruments wh	ich would have

11	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS		
	Provident Fund	431,990	529,082

12 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

In order to comply with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of annual financial statements, whereas statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

13 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

This condensed interim financial information has been authorized for issue on October 25, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the company.

Syed Maqbool Ali Chief Executive Officer & Director

Muhammad Irfan Ali Chief Financial Officer

Mehmood-ul-Hassan Asghar Chairman Board of Directors

د **یوان قاروق اسپنگ طزلمینڈ** ڈ**ائز یکٹرزر پورٹ** شروع کرتا ہوں اللہ تعالیٰ کے نام سے جو بڑامہر بان اور نہا یت رحم والا ہے اگرتم شکرا داکرو گے تو میںتم پر (نعہتوں میں)ضر ورا ضا فہ کروں گا (القر آن)

السلام علیم، آپ کی کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز تشتمہ سہ ماہی 30 ستمبر 2<u>923</u> ء کیلیے کمپنیزا کیٹ 2<u>017 ء</u> کے سیکشن 237اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکچینے کمیشن آف پاکستان کے جاری کردہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ کوزنس کی کتمیل کرتے ہوئے غیر میعادی عبوری مالیاتی حسابات پیش کرنے پرخوشی محسول کررہے ہیں۔

صنعت کاپس منظر: یا کستان کو بہت سے چیلنجز کا سا مناہے جس نے اس کی تر قی، شرح نمو، اقتصاد ی تر قی اور سیاسی استحکام کونمایاں طور پر متاثر کیا ہے۔ ان چیلنجز میں متضاد بالیسیاں، کراس سبسڈی، وسائل کی غلط تقسیم، حکومتی تعاون کی کمی کی وجہ ہے کم کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کرنا ، بےروز گاری کی بلند شرح،اورتوانا ئی کی بڑھتی قیمتیں شامل ہیں۔ یہ مسائل پا کستان کے شعبے کے لیے خاص طور پر تشولیش کابا عث ہیں۔اگر چہ جون میں حاصل ہونے والی ہنگامی مالی امداد نے کچھ عارضی ریلیف فراہم کیا،لیکن برآمدی شعبے کوابھی بھی کمل بحالی میں مشکلات کا سامناہے۔ مزید بر آل، درآمدی پابند یوں کے خاتمے کے نتیج میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ بڑ ھناشر وع ہوگیا ہے۔ زرمبادلہ کمانے کی معیشت کی محد ودصلاحیت کی دجہ سے روپے کی حالیہ مضبوطی قلیل المدتی ثابت ہوئی۔اس کے نیتیج میں ، کرنسی کی قد رمیں نمایاں کمی اور اس کے نتیج میں افراط زرمیں اضافہ ہوا۔ ٹیکسٹائل کا شعبہ، جو کہ ملک کی تقریباً 60 فیصد ہر آمدات کا حصبہ ہےاور 40 فیصد افرا دی قوت کوملا زمت دیتا ہے۔ ٹیکسٹائل کا شعبہ اپنے ڈومیسٹک رابطوں کے ذریع مختلف دیگر صنعتوں جیسے کیاس کی پیدادا راور خوردہ فروش کوبھی خاطر خواہ مد دفراہم کرتا ہے ۔فروری 2023 کے بعد ہے، پیداواری صلاحیت کا ایک اہم حصہ، 50 فیصد سے زیا دہ،غیر استعال شدہ رہ گیا ہے،جس کے نتیج میں 15 ملین سے زیا دہ ورکر، جو کہ کل لیبرفو رس کے تقریباً 19 فیصد کے برابر رہی ، بےروز گارہو چکے ہیں۔ شرح مبادلہ میں جاری اتار چڑ ھاؤ، سیلز ٹیکس ریفنڈ زوصول کرنے میں تاخیر، اور 13 سینٹس فی کلوواٹ سے زیادہ بجلی کے ٹیرف مینونی چررزکومستفل بندش برغور کرنے پر مجبور کررہے ہیں۔ پیعوامل ملک کوتبل از وقت صنعتکاری کی جانب مائل کررہے ہیں۔ پا کستان کا طویل مدتی استحکام بنیا دی معاشی مسائل کے حل پر نحصر ہے ۔اس سلسلے میں ، بر آمد ی صنعتوں کی حمامت کی اہمیت کوشلیم کرنا بہت ضروری ہے، کیونکہ ریفیر ملکی کرنس کی خالص آمد میں حصہ ڈالتی ہیں اور اقتصادی استحکام کوفر وغ دیتی ہیں۔ یا کستان نے ٹیکسٹائل مینوفی کچرنگ کے لیے تقریباً 2 بلین ڈالرمالیت کی کیاس درآمد کی ہے۔تاہم، کیاس کی صنعت میں پسماندہ روا بطا کو بڑھانے میں نمایاں پیش رفت ہوئی ہے۔ پنجاب حکومت اورا پٹا (آل پا کستان ٹیکسٹائل ملز ایسوسی ایشن) کی مشتر کہ کوششوں کی ہدولت پا کستان کی کیاس کی فصل کے رقبے اور پیدادارکوبڑ ھانے کے لیےا یک وسیع پیانے پر اقد ام کیا گیاہے، جس کا مقصد کیاس کی درآمدات پر ملک کا انحصار کم کرنا ہے۔

محتر مثيئر ہولڈرز،

ع<mark>ملی تائے اورکارکردگی</mark>: پہلی سہ ماہی کے دوران کمپنی کو مبلغ (197.60) ملین روپے کا خسارہ ہوا جو کہ گز شتہ سال کی اس مدت میں مبلغ (63.392) ملین روپے تھا، جبکہ کمپنی کے آپریڈنگ اخرا جات 442.9 ملین روپے رہے جو کہ گز شتہ سال کی اس مدت میں 12.849 ملین روپے تھے۔ ورکنگ کمپیڈل کی رکاوٹوں کے باعث انتظامیہ نے کمپنی کو آپریشنل رکھنے کے لیے کنٹریکٹ کی بنیا د پر کپاس کی پیداوار جاری رکھی۔

یہ غیر میعادی عبوری مالیاتی حسابات جاری تشویش کے مفروضے کواستعال کرتے ہوئے تیار کیے گئے ہیں کیونکہ نوٹ 2 میں بتائی گئ شرا لط عارضی ہیں اور ستقبل قریب میں اس کے برعکس ہوں گی ۔ کمپنی نے اپنی ذمہ دار یوں کی مزید تنظیم نو کے لیے اپنے قرض دہندگان سے رابطہ کیا ہے اور کمپنی کو یقین ہے کہ پغیر مارک اپ کمپنی کی تنظیم نو کی تجاویز کو مالیاتی اداروں/ بینکوں کے زریعے قبول کیا جائے گا، نیتجناً ان مالیاتی بیانات میں اس تنظیم نوے متعلق سودی مارک اپ کمپنی کی تنظیم نو کی تجاویز کو مالیاتی اداروں/ بینکوں کے زریعے قبول کیا جائے گا، نیتجناً کمپنی کے در کنگ کمپول کی ضروریا ہے کو پی اس کے بیٹے ضرورت کے مطابق مد دفراہم کرتے ہیں کیا گیا ہے۔ مزید بر آل، اسپانسرز حسابات کی تیاری جاری تشویش کے مفروضے کا ستعمال کرتے ہوئے جائز ہے۔

متعتم کافکریہ: پاکستان کے لیے + GSP پروگرام کومزید چارسال کے لیے بڑھا دیا گیا ہے ۔ پاکستان کی ٹیک ٹاکل انڈسٹر کی + GSP پروگرام کا بنیا دی فائدہ اٹھانے والی ہے، جس میں پاکستان سے یور پی یونین (EU) کوکل بر آمدات کا 30 فیصد سے زیادہ ٹیک ٹاکل مصنوعات پر مشتمل ہے ۔ بر آمدات میں مسلسل اضافہ ہی اسے حاصل کرنے کا داصد راستہ ہے اور اس کے لیے بین الاقوامی سطح پر مسابقتی تو انا کی ٹیرف کی فرا بہمی اور بر آمدی شعبوں میں لیکویڈ پٹی کی بحالی کی ضرورت ہے۔ گیس کی قیمتوں میں بے ضابطکیوں کو شتم کرنے کی فور ضرورت ہے کیونکہ بی زمیس فی بر آمدات کوفر ورغ دینے میں مد دگار ثابت ہوگا بلکہ میہ مقامی اور در آمدی دونوں ایند هن کے تحفظا ورزیا دہ سے زیا دہ استعال کے لیے قیمتوں کی آمدات کوفر ورغ دینے میں مد دگار ثابت ہوگا بلکہ میہ مقامی اور در آمدی دونوں ایند هن کے تحفظا ورزیا دہ سے زیا دہ استعال کے لیے قیمتوں کے تحکی اشار سے بھی دی گار ثابت ہوگا بلکہ میہ مقامی اور در آمدی دونوں ایند هن کے تحفظا ورزیا دہ کی را استعال کے لیے قیمتوں کے تحکی اشار سے بھی دی گار ثابت ہوگا بلکہ میہ مقامی اور در آمدی دونوں ایند میں میں مد سر مایہ کاری کی حوصلہ افران کرائے گی ۔ اس میں پیدا داری صلا حیت کو بڑھانے اور اس شیصے میں کیا کا در تر کی کی کی کر نے میں سر مایہ کاری کی حوصلہ افران کر ایے گی ۔ اس میں پیدا داری صلا جت کو بڑھانے اور اس شیصے میں ٹیک اور کی کی کی کر میں کا سر مایہ کاری کی حوصلہ افران کی لیے طویل مدتی ، کم سو در پر مایاتی اختیا رات کا تسلسل شامل ہو سکتا ہے ۔ حکومت کی جائل اور میں کو تی کی خال نتیجہ: اللہ تعالیٰ کے فضل و کرم سے کمپنی کی انتظامیہ آئندہ شفاہی میں بہتر نائج کیلئے اپنی پوری کوششیں جاری رکھے گی۔ نتیجہ کے حوالے سے ہم اللہ تعالیٰ رحمٰن ورحیم سے دعا کرتے ہیں وہ اپنے حبیب حضرت محفظ یکھی کے طفیل اپنی رحمت، ہدایات اور فضل و کرم ہم پر اس طرح قائم رکھے جو کہ منصرف ہم پر بلکہ ہماری کمپنی اور ہمارے ملک پر بھی اپنی رحمت نازل کرے، ہم اللہ تعالیٰ سے بید ی دعا کرتے ہیں کہتما مسلم المہ کے مابین صحیح اسلامی جذبہ، اخوت اور بھائی چارگی پیدا کرے۔ آمین شمین ہے

میراپروردگاریقیناً ہماری دعاؤں کوسنتا ہے۔ (قرآن کریم) بورد آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے

James

محمودالحن اصغر چيئر مين، بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز

سيدمقبول على چيف ايگزيکيٽيو آفيسرايند دائر يکٹر مور نه: 25 اکتو کر 2<u>02</u>3 م