



Annual Report 2023

Key Message from the Chairman

Dear Stakeholders,

السيار فرع لينكر وحجتر الأون حاتر

The Faysal Bank Limited ("FBL") has successfully been converted into a full-fledged Islamic bank. An Islamic banking license was awarded by State Bank of Pakistan ("SBP") on 1st of January 2023. The decision to convert FBL into a full-fledged Islamic bank is driven by a combination of its Board of Directors' vision, market demand, ethical considerations, diversification of opportunities, and regulatory support.

Now Alhamdulillah FBL has completed its first year successfully, as a full-fledged Islamic bank. We would like to call 2023, as the year of 'Barkat' as the Bank achieved a record Profit After Tax ("PAT") of Rs. 20 billion, marking a remarkable 79% increase as compared with previous year, and now is positioned as a key player in Pakistan's Islamic banking sector. We look forward to continuing our journey on Al Sirat-e-Mustaqeem with growth and prosperity for all in 2024 In Sha'a Allah.

It is with immense pleasure that, on behalf of the Board of Directors, to extend my gratitude for your unwavering support to FBL. In this Annual Report, we present our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

As we reflect on the last three decades, we look forward to the future with optimism, confidence and strength that have propelled us forward. FBL's financial achievements stand as a testament to the prudent strategic directions which have been implemented. Record-breaking profits, sustained growth in assets, and a robust risk management framework have positioned FBL as a stalwart in the industry. This success is a result of meticulous planning, embracing technological advancements, and staying attuned to the dynamic market landscape.

Innovation and conducive services have been FBL's driving forces. Several initiatives have been taken to digitize the Bank's services, ensuring seamless and efficient banking experiences for the clients. FBL's strategic roadmap includes further technological integrations, expansion into emerging markets, and a relentless pursuit of excellence in customer service. FBL envisions a future whereby it will continue to be a catalyst for positive change, fostering modern financial well-being, globally.

At the heart of FBL, our employees are undeniably valuable asset, they are the ambassadors of our ethos, and their growth has been a testimony of our success. FBL remains committed to nurturing a people-first culture by investing significantly in staff training and upscaling their skill sets, especially in the realm of Islamic principles and Shariah compliant modern banking practices. A motivated, empowered and value driven team not only forms the backbone of our operations but also fosters an environment of service, trust, and integrity in every interaction with our customers.

By fostering a culture that promotes professional growth, ethical conduct, and adherence to Islamic principles, we strengthen our foundation as a Bank that not only priorities financial excellence but also places the well-being and development of employees at the forefront of our mission.

FBL's commitment to corporate social responsibility remains unwavering. Initiatives have been taken which transcend banking, making meaningful contributions to education, environmental sustainability, and community development. So, the objective is not just financial prosperity but a holistic upliftment of the societies the bank serves. Looking forward to the future, FBL's vision is one of continued growth and relevance in a dynamic global landscape. The Bank aspires to be pioneer in Islamic finance, shaping the industry's future through progressive strategies and meaningful contributions to the well-being of humanity. Regarding Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and Environmental Social Governance (ESG), the Bank very generously makes contributions and an amount of Rs 113 million has been provided in the year 2023 only to support various sectors e.g. education, healthcare, youth welfare programs and property alleviation.

FBL is dedicated to being a conscientious caretaker of the environment and understands the importance of tackling climate change and sustainability. We recognize the significant influence that climate change can exert on economies and communities, and we stay committed to not only upholding global standards, but also, actively strive to incorporate sustainable practices into our daily operations includes the implementation of energy-efficient initiatives and adoption of responsible lending practices.

The Bank's deposits have crossed the Rs 1 trillion mark and achieved a record profit of Rs 20 billion in the year 2023. The year 2024 is projected to witness a modest economic growth rate of 2-3%. Nevertheless, the management is confident to navigate this landscape and uphold the Bank's growth trajectory. Reflections are always essential to ensure excellence, so while the Bank celebrates the accomplishments, the strategies for the future are prioritized, for continued excellence, stronger relevance to the global financial landscape, especially that of Islamic banking, and better opportunities for the customers, a renewed strategic direction is charted for the years to come with the paramount objective of becoming a premier Islamic bank in Pakistan.

Our focus on sustainability goes towards reducing our environmental impact, along with creating a positive difference in the communities we serve.

FBL's stellar performance has earned commendations from both national and international organizations, notably receiving the title of 'Best Emerging Bank' from the Pakistan Banks' Association, and 'Best Emerging Islamic Bank' from the Global Islamic Finance Awards. These accolades serve as confirmation of the strategic acumen of the Board of Directors, the competence of the senior management, and the dedicated efforts of the employees of the Bank. Such recognition not only strengthens the Bank's standing in the industry but also inspires the whole team to consistently set higher standards in delivering excellent services to the esteemed customers.

I extend my heartfelt gratitude to FBL's valuable customers, The State Bank of Pakistan, the Security Exchange Commission of Pakistan, shareholders, members of Shariah Board, my fellow board members, and the entire Bank's staff for their unwavering support. Together, a new course is being chartered towards a future defined by innovation, sustainability, and enduring success.

As Chairman of the Board of Directors, it is my great pleasure to present this compilation, in the form of a book, which contains the Bank's achievements and future endeavors. The pages ahead unfold a narrative of financial success, from robust growth in assets to the consistent delivery of innovative Sharia-compliant products and services. FBL's success is not solely measured in numbers but also in the positive impact it has had on all stakeholders and the community as a whole.

Your trust, guidance and untiring efforts have been instrumental in our continued success. May Allah bless us with His guidance towards success and prosperity.

المعالية المناجعين

Yours sincerely,

Mian Muhammad Younis Chairman, Board of Directors Faysal Bank Limited

Organization Overview and External Environment



اور اپنے بچرور دیگار کی عبادت کرتے رہمو، یماں تک کر تم پر وہ چین آجائے جس کا آنا یقینی ہے۔ (سورة الجر آیت غبر ۹۹)

Corporate DNA

Vision

To be the best customer centric Islamic bank, driven by passion and belief.

Mission

Achieve leadership in providing Shariah compliant financial services with customer care and employee focus, at the heart of our business ethos together with innovation and technology being the pillars of our growth.

Values





Corporate Information as of December 31, 2023

Board of Directors Mian Muhammad Younis Chairman/Non-Executive Director

Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery Vice Chairman/Non-Executive Director

Mr. Yousaf Hussain President & CEO

Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez Non-Executive Director

Mr. Ali Munir Independent Director

Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul Non-Executive Director

Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi Non-Executive Director

Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb Non-Executive Director

Ms. Fatima Asad Khan Independent Director

Mr. Mohsin Tariq Independent Director

Ms. Sadia Khan Independent Director

Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee

Mr. Ali Munir Chairman

Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery Member

Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul Member

Mr. Mohsin Tariq Member

Board Risk Management Committee

Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez Chairman

Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi Member

Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb Member

Mr. Ali Munir Member Mr. Yousaf Hussain Member

Recruitment Nomination and Remuneration Committee Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery Chairman

Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul Member

Mr. Mohsin Tariq Member

Ms. Fatima Asad Khan Member

Ms. Sadia Khan Member

Board Strategy Committee

Mian Muhammad Younis Chairman

Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery Member

Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abu Member

Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez Member

Ms. Fatima Asad Khan Member

Mr. Yousaf Hussain Member

Board IT Committee

Ms. Sadia Khan Chairperson

Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi Member

Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb Member

Mr. Yousaf Hussain Member

Shariah Board Mufti Muhammad Mohib-ul-Haq

Siddiqui Chairman Shariah Board

Dr. Mufti Khalil Ahmad Aazami Shariah Board Member

Mufti Abdul Basit Shariah Board Member

Note: The State Bank of Pakistan has accorded the Fit & Proper approval to the above-mentioned Members of the Board of Directors and accordingly, the said Directors have assumed their responsibilities as the directors.

Mufti Muhammad Abdullah Resident Shariah Board Member

Syed Majid Ali Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Aurangzeb Amin Company Secretary & Head of Legal

M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & CO, Chartered Accountants Auditors

M/s. Mohsin Tayebaly & Co, Advocate Legal Advisors

Registered Office

Faysal Bank Limited, Faysal House, St-02, Commercial Lane, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi-Pakistan

UAN : (92-21) 111-747-747 Tel : (92-21) 3279-5200 Fax : (92-21) 3279-5226 Website: www.faysalbank.com

Share Registrar

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House, 99-B,Block-B, SMCHS, Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400

Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326053 Email: info@cdcsrsl.com





Ownership Structure

Ithmaar Bank

Faysal Bank

Limited

(Holding Company)

Faysal Asset

Management

Limited

(Subsidiary)

Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (closed) ("Ithmaar Bank") is a Bahrain-based Islamic retail bank that is licensed and regulated as an Islamic Bank by the Central Bank of Bahrain as is focused exclusively on serving corporate customers. Ithmaar Bank is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ithmaar Holding B.S.C., which is listed on the Bahrain Bourse and Dubai Financial Market. Ithmaar Bank provides a diverse range of Sharia-compliant products and services that cater to institutions. Ithmaar also maintains a presence in overseas markets through its subsidiary, Faysal Bank Limited (Pakistan).

Faysal Bank Limited was incorporated in Pakistan in October 1994 as a public limited company. Its shares are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank is mainly engaged in Conventional and Islamic Corporate, Commercial and Consumer banking activities.

99.99%

Faysal Asset Management Limited (FAML) was incorporated in Pakistan in August 2003 as an unlisted public limited company. FAML is a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC), licensed to carry out asset management and investment advisory services. It currently manages various conventional and Shari'ah compliant open end investment schemes.



The Group considers these open end funds managed by FAML as its associates. The country of establishment in respect of all of the above funds is Pakistan. Further, all the funds are individual open-end schemes and have been established by execution of trust deeds between FAML and the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee.

Our People



• Ratio Total: Ratio Voluntary:





Ratios of diversity of the persons employed during the year 2023

С	Male:	7,117
С	Female:	1,670
С	Total:	8,787

Hours Spent on Trainings - YTD Dec 2023

L&D Centre – All Regions – 2023	No. of Participant Trained	Man Hours	Average Training Hours per Participant
eLearning	111,350	153,501	1
Classroom	24,090	219,355	9
Grand Total	135,440	372,856	3



4 677 00 6				
No. of Participant Trained				
4,574				
2,333				
6,750				
10,433				
24,090				



Man Hours

47,433
18,912
53,020
99,990
219,355

	Average Training Hours per Participant	
	10	
	8	
-	8	
	10	
	9	



Number of employees during the year 2023

36

• Full-Time Employee: 8,751 Bank Contract: 8.787

• Total:

Code Of Conduct on Corporate Website

https://www.faysalbank.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/Code-of-Conduct.pdf



Code of Ethics

FBL's Code of Ethics establishes the expected standards of conduct for all employees, guiding them in fulfilling their professional obligations. Aligned with Faysal Bank's Core Values, the Code aims to fortify FBL's Vision by fostering behaviors consistent with ethical principles.

The Code serves to prevent workplace misconduct and promote ethics by:

- Adhering to FBL's policies, regulatory instructions and applicable Shariah guidelines.
- Demonstrating integrity and honesty in all circumstances.
- Treating others with care and respect.
- Avoiding conflicts of interest.

• Respecting confidentiality and safeguarding sensitive information.

The comprehensive Code of Ethics, which requires staff acknowledgment, is accessible to all employees through FBL's Intranet and Learning Management System. Covering various ethical themes, the Code outlines FBL's expectations regarding customer and employee interactions. It also provides guidelines for handling and raising voice against the situations including harassment, discrimination, bribery and corruption. Code further promotes the diversity, equity and inclusion, workplace safety, corporate social responsibility, social media usage etc.

Additionally, the Code specifies Speak Up channels within FBL, offering employees a confidential platform to report misconducts and wrongdoings without any fear and maintaining the secrecy.

Products & Services

Consumer Finance

Unsecured Business

The diverse range of Islamic consumer products are designed to cater various market segments and their distinct needs.

Faysal Islami Noor Card

The Faysal Islami Noor Card stands as Pakistan's pioneering Shariah-compliant card, anchored in the principles of Tawarruq. It boasts widespread acceptance, available at over 15,000 local merchants and over 24 million global locations across 210 countries. The Noor Card integrates Chip & Contactless Technology alongside our unique Instant Reward Redemption program, ensuring unparalleled purchasing capabilities. Our array of cards caters to varying income levels, offering:

- Velocity & Blaze, entry-level financial tools fostering engagement and cash replacement.
- b) Titanium, Platinum & World, fully equipped with premium benefits, targeting the affluent segment. These cards offer exclusive services and discounts for travel, shopping, and dining experiences.

Moreover, these cards provide financial flexibility through 0% installment plans, the option to request for Banker's Cheques and Balance Transfer facility from other bank cards through 24/7 dedicated Call Centre. Bill payments are seamless via multiple channels including Cash, Cheques, Internet, and Mobile banking. Additionally, customers can utilize other banks' Internet Banking, Mobile Banking, and ATMs for payments.

In recognition of our commitment to delivering exceptional Islamic banking solutions, Noor Card was awarded the "Fastest Growing Islamic Card" in 2023 by MasterCard.

Faysal Islami Debit Cards

The Faysal Bank's suite of Islamic debit cards is structured to serve diverse market segments. Each card variant is meticulously crafted to offer a wide array of features and benefits. These tailored offerings empower our account holders, ensuring their ability to access funds conveniently at any given moment.

In order to foster financial inclusivity, Faysal Bank introduced Amal Debit Card initiative, specifically tailored to empower women by providing them access to compelling discounts and exclusive offers.

This year Faysal Bank also launched Priority World Master Debit Card, an unprecedented offering tailored for Priority Banking's ultra-high net worth clients. It presents exclusive discounts, sign-up offers, and unparalleled travel benefits.

Embracing digital empowerment in 2023, we introduced real-time

card activation facility for our Debit and Noor Card customers through WhatsApp banking and DigiApp.

Faysal Islami Personal Finance

Introduced in January 2022, our Islamic Personal Finance stands as a Shariah-compliant solution under the Tawarruq structure. This limit-based facility offers eligible individuals an affordable and hassle-free financing option for various needs, including education, weddings, and hospitalization.

Faysal Takmeel Financing

Faysal Takmeel is a Riba-free, Shariah-compliant financing solution based on Musawamah financing, tailored for the purchase of durable goods/items like home appliances, generators, air conditioners, LED monitors, laptops, bikes, and more. This year Faysal Islami as part of Green Financing program, started offering Electric Bikes on affordable monthly instalments in collaboration with leading EV manufacturer. This further extends to Solar Panel financing under Takmeel Financing Umbrella.

Secured Business

- Launch of Residual Value module: It enables the customer to take a car on significantly lower monthly installment. Depending on their repayment capacity, the customer can also get a much higher valued car than they can get under the regular financing module. This scheme is available for the selected new and used locally assembled vehicles of leading manufacturers.
- Introduction of Fixed Rate in Auto Finance: A consistent increase in policy rates has burdened customers with significantly higher installment amounts, the option of fixed-rate financing will help bring certainty and ease for the customer and in return, it will support to boost auto finance acquisition.
- Partnership with leading manufacturers: To capitalize on the market and to increase sales numbers, Faysal Islami Car Finance entered into alliance with major Auto manufacturers for priority delivery of vehicles and offering other key features like periodic maintenance package and bank driven discounts to customers.
- Fixed rate offering with PMRC under Home Finance Considering the substantial increase in interest rates, fixed rate financing in collaboration with Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company (PMRC) was introduced. Fixed rate financing provide stability and predictability to customers in the face of rising interest rates, helping them to fulfill their financing needs at competitive pricing.

Car Finance

Drive your Dream Car Today!

Now drive your dream car today with Faysal Car Finance. A facility extended to individuals based on the principles of Diminishing Musharakah for purchase of new as well as used vehicle(s). Choose from a range of vehicles available locally.

Home Finance

We help you unlock your dreams.

A Shariah compliant product based on the principles of Diminishing Musharakah which allows to Buy, Build or Renovate your dream house on competitive pricing with quick processing and easy documentation.

Trade

Faysal Trade Products

Faysal Bank provides all types of funded & non funded trade finance facilities to its clients. This includes opening of all types of L/Cs, advising, confirmation, documentary collection, and issuance of bank guarantees. Faysal Trade Products provide a wide range of standard as well as tailor-made products and solutions to trade customers from all walks of life. It includes:

- Import Letter of Credit
- Import Documentary Collection
- Import Advance Payment
- Import Open Account
- Import Financing
- Export L/C Advising & Confirmation Services
- Export Bills for Collection
- Export Advance Payments
- Export Bills Negotiation
- Currency Salam (alternate for Export Bill Discounting)
- SBP Refinancing Schemes for Short Term/Long Term Financing
- Bid Bond Guarantee
- Performance Bond Guarantee
- Advance Payment Guarantee
- Financial Guarantee

Faysal Barkat offers following Trade services

Faysal Barkat offers a wide range of import and export services to effectively manage customers' local and global supply chain needs and provides them a competitive edge. These facilities extend for both raw materials to fixed assets. Services that are offered include:

Export L/C Advising

Faysal Barkat offer Export Letter of Credit Advising to existing and non-customer enabling exporters for onward negotiation of their export documents. Enjoy greater security and convenience with Faysal Letter of Credit Advising. We authenticate your inbound Letter of Credit, providing you with assurances that it comes from a genuine source. We also offer greater convenience by notifying you upon its arrival.

Bill for Collection under Export

Faysal Barkat offer services for handling export bills on collection basis to our client & facilitate the flow of payment with our Outward Bill Collection. We act as a professional agent to collect payments from the buyer's bank on customer's behalf.

Currency Salam (alternate for Export Bill Discounting)

Faysal Barkat offer Currency Salam for the exporters to improve their cash flow which allows the exporters immediate credit to their accounts while waiting for payment from the issuing bank. Our experts check export documents and if the documents are in order, customers can convert receivables into cash quickly and easily.

Waad (alternate of Forward Booking)

Faysal Barkat offers purchase of foreign currencies against trade transactions upon getting an offer and acceptance from client. Our expert team facilitates the exporters with expert advice to hedge their foreign exchange risk while foreseeing the foreign exchange volatility.

SBP REFINANCING SCHEMES FOR SHORT TERM / LONG TERM FINANCING

SHORT TERM WORKING CAPITAL FINANCING FACILITIES

Export Pre-Shipment and Post-Shipment financing on Islamic modes of financing (IERS Part I & II & Rupee-based discounting of export bills)

Offers refinance facilities to Customers with an aim to support industrial growth and exports with the ultimate objective of promoting overall economic development of the country. SBP introduced special schemes under its refinance window to ensure adequate supply of financing at subsidized rates.

Financing is available to direct exporters including manufacturers, trading companies, new exporters and indirect exporters. Financing can be availed at pre-shipment and/or post-shipment stage against firm export contract / LCs.

LONG TERM PROJECT FINANCING UNDER ISLAMIC MODE OF FINANCING

Islamic Long Term finance facility (ILTFF)

Faysal Barkat offers Long Term project finance facility namely Islamic Long Term Financing Facility (ILTFF) for Imported and Locally Manufactured New Plant & Machinery to promote export led industrial growth in the country.

Islamic Financing Facility for Renewable Energy (IFRE)

Faysal Barkat has introduced the Islamic Financing Facility for Renewable Energy (IFRE) to facilitate and support the energy sector of the country via new and alternate energy projects to fulfill the individual and industry need of the energy. Financing under IFRE shall be available for power projects / installations using alternative / renewable energy sources (solar, wind, hydro, biogas, bio-fuels, bagasse cogeneration, and geothermal as fuel).

SBP Re-Financing Facility for Storage of Agricultural produce

Financing is available for local purchase /import of new plant & machinery/new generators used in Silos, Warehouses & Cold Storages facilities for storing Agricultural produce.

SBP Refinancing Facilities Under Covid

Islamic Temporary Economic Refinance Facility (ITERF)

Faysal Barkat offers Long term finance facility for purchase of new imported and locally manufactured plant & machinery for setting of new projects/existing units BMR.

Bank Guarantee

A bank guarantee issued at the request of a customer may be defined as an obligation of the issuing bank to pay a sum of money in the event of non-performance or non-fulfillment of stated obligation by its customer. The guarantee is a separate obligation independent of the principal or the contractual relationship between the creditor and the principal debtor. Bank Guarantees are generally payable on first demand from the beneficiary made within the validity of the guarantee.

FBL offers the facility of issuance of guarantees to its customers generally in the following forms:

1. Bid Bonds (GBB)

A Bid Bond substantiates the financial standing of a person submitting a bid. It is issued in connection with submission of a tender for supply of goods or services and its normal characteristic is an undertaking to pay to the beneficiary a fixed amount, generally a small percentage of the total value of the Order, within a stated period on his simple written demand if the applicant withdraws his obligations after acceptance of his bid.

2. Performance Guarantee (PBG)

In a performance guarantee the Bank undertakes on behalf of a customer to pay a fixed amount, generally a higher percentage than the Bid Bond, in case the customer fails to discharge his obligations under a particular Order or contract. Upon issuance of Performance Guarantee the Bid Bond issued earlier for the same contract is returned and cancelled.

3. Advance Payment Guarantee (GAP)

Contracts, particularly those awarded by government departments, agencies and autonomous bodies such as Water and Power Development Authority (WAPDA), K-Electric (KE) etc., sometimes provide for an advance payment to be made to contractors for purposes such as mobilizing manpower, material, and equipment and infra-structure facilities on site. In order to obtain this payment, the contractor is required to produce an advance payment bank guarantee. This advance payment is generally deducted proportionately from proceeds paid to the applicant for work done during the contract period.

4. Shipping Guarantees (SGS & SGU)

A shipping guarantee is required by a customer (importer) when the ship carrying the consignment reaches the port of destination and discharges the goods before the Bills of Lading & other shipping documents are received at importer's bank.

5. Financial Guarantee – Others (BGO)

Bank guarantees whose main characteristic is that it is an undertaking by the issuing bank to meet any claim from the beneficiary up to a fixed sum on simple demand stating that the named customer, on whose behalf the Guarantee is issued, has defaulted in timely payment or discharge of his specified liabilities. Other financial guarantees may be issued for the release of Retention money to the contractor before completion of a contract.

6. Financial Guarantee - Financial Institutions Outside Pakistan (FGT)

A Guarantee to Financial Institutions outside Pakistan in the shape of a Bid Bond or Performance Bond issued by the Bank on behalf of customers dealing in exports, an Engineering or consultancy firm etc. to make good a loss incurred by the beneficiary abroad as a result of non-fulfillment of the contract obligations by the applicant within the specified period.

7. Financial Guarantee - Financial Institutions within Pakistan (FGT)

A guarantee issued in favor of a financial institution within Pakistanto make good on first simple demand a default of the customer due to non-repayment of the finance extended by the financial institution within the specified period as incorporated in their mutual agreement up to a fixed sum.

Imports

1) Letter of Credit

A Letter of Credit is an obligation taken by a bank (as the issuing bank) on behalf of a buyer of goods & services (the applicant) to pay a certain sum of money to the seller of such goods & services (beneficiary) if the documents called for in the letter of credit are presented strictly in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Letter of Credit.

Letters of Credit activities are presently governed by International Chamber of Commerce Uniform Customs and Practices for Documentary Credits Publication No. 600 (2007 revision).

2) Documentary Collection

Documentary collection is a form of trade finance in which an exporter is paid for its goods by an importer after the two parties' banks exchange the required documents. The exporter's bank collects funds from the importer's bank in exchange for documents releasing title to the shipped merchandise, usually after the goods arrive at the importer's location

3) Import Advance Payment

Advance payment is a payment method in which the price of goods is collected in advance prior to the shipment of the goods which are subject to import and the exporter ships the goods, the payment of which is already made, to the importer later on.

4) Open Account

An open account is an arrangement between a business and a customer, where the customer can buy goods and services on a deferred payment basis. The customer then pays the business at a later date.

5) Import Financing

Import financing is a specialized Trade Finance Solution used to finance the purchase of goods which are being exported from one country for the purpose of being imported into another country.

Corporate Banking

Faysal Bank's Corporate & Investment Banking Group (CIBG) is fully geared to meet the challenges of the dynamic economic environment in Pakistan. Our aim is to fuel growth and progress by filling in the role of financial advisors and financiers by providing a range of diverse financial services (including tailor made solutions) to corporate clients by partnering with them and build long term sustainable relationships. Our in-house expertise of product specialists is well versed in providing financing solutions to meet our customer's credit, trade, foreign exchange, investment banking and various other business requirements in a hassle free, effective and efficient manner across a diverse range of industries.

Financing options include working capital loans, term loans, trade based finance services (letters of credit, foreign & local currency trade bill discounting, guarantees, import & export loans and Export Refinance and Long Term Finance), financing under SBP schemes and furthermore, depository options are also offered under various schemes.

It also includes arrangement of cross border trade confirmations and trade related commercial & country risk syndications. Our onshore specialized trade services include supply chain solutions for our corporate customer base, including vendor/ supplier & distributor focused structured trade financing solutions.

Our Corporate Banking relationship teams also liaison with Treasury, Cash Management, Trade, Investment Banking and Consumer Banking departments to develop and deliver offerings that are used across diverse businesses.

Investment Banking

FBL offers full suite of Investment Banking services ranging from equity & advisory, syndications and debt capital markets to Project and structured finance.FBL's Investment Banking works in close coordination with Corporate and Retail Banking to facilitate their clients with its services.

- Project & Structured Finance (PSF):

Project & Structured Finance team provides advisory and debt arrangement services for structuring and financing of long-term greenfield and brownfield projects on non-recourse or limited recourse basis. The PSF team offers advisory, structuring, execution and monitoring services for projects of national and strategic significance.

Syndications & Debt Capital Markets (DCM):

The Syndications & Debt Capital Markets team offers a variety of highly customized products to a diverse set of customers as per their needs. These requirements may include medium to long-term financing for capital expenditure, capacity expansion and mergers & acquisitions.FBL's DCM team also enables credit risk distribution with other financial institutions through syndicated financing arrangements along with speedy access to local and offshore debt capital markets.

- Equity & Advisory (E&A):

Our E&A desk provides sell-side and buy-side advisory on merger & acquisition (M&A) transactions, facilitates in business valuations & price discovery along with providing access to equity capital markets. This includes underwriting services for initial public offerings (IPOs), right shares etc. Moreover, FBL has also acted in its capacity as the Bankers to the Issue (BTI) for various transactions.

Agri Banking

Faysal Khushaal Kisan Scheme offers

Production Loans to meet

 Cost of agri inputs (seed, fertilizer, pesticides, diesel, labor), storage, transportation and other working capital requirements of crop farming, orchards, nurseries, Vegetable farming, floriculture etc.

Development Loans to finance

- Farm Power (tractors, combine harvesters, threshers, alternate energy installations including solar energy plants etc.).
- Farm Machinery and Equipment (Ploughs, Cultivators, laser levelers, processing machinery, tunnel structures etc.).
- Farm Transport (Pickup, trailers, mini trucks etc.).
- Farm Irrigation (Installation of tube wells and Solar Pumps, turbines, power lines, transformers, sprinklers, drip irrigation systems, lining or alignment of water channels etc.).
- Land improvement (land leveling, clearance of jungle and land reclamation etc.).
- Godowns, Silos and Cold Storages (cost of construction, machinery and working capital requirements).
- Working capital requirements of Seed Processing Units.

Financing to meet needs of

- Dairy Farms (cost of sheds, milking animals, feed, medicine and other working capital requirements).
- Livestock Farms and Feed Units (cost of animal sheds, feed, medicine and other working capital requirements).
- Poultry Farms and Feed Units (cost of poultry sheds, machinery, equipment, chicks, feed, medicine and other working capital requirements).

Fish Farms (cost of fish ponds, tube wells, fish seed, feed and other working capital requirements).

Cash Management

FBL offers full range of Cash Management services aimed at enhancing clients' liquidity position, reducing operational cost and improving financial control via accurate and timely reporting.

Faysal Transact OTC Collections

All cleared funds received at our branches automatically sweep into collection account for onward credit to main designated account, backed by comprehensive Real time MIS via MIS Scheduler service, real time alerts on each transaction deposit at any branch, maintenance of depositor data to eliminate data entry errors by branch for accurate Real Time MIS availability and support unit to ensure quick processing and attend queries on priority

Cash / Cheque Pick-up and Delivery

In conjunction with leading CIT (cash in transit) companies and courier services in Pakistan, we successfully process cash pickup / delivery requests from client's location(s), as per require

Right Issue / IPO / Bonus Shares Tax Collections

Our entire branch network spread across 100+ cities nationwide are tagged for the collection of Right Shares/IPO application and Bonus Shares Tax collections. Funds received are credited in the designated account of client.

E-IPO processing

This initiative launched in collaboration with CDC and 1Link is a state of the art facility which uses our Internet Banking/Mobile and ATM platform to provide our customers convenience to apply for Equity/Share applications through these channels without standing in queues at branches and without any restriction of banking hours.

Standing Instruction via Debit Authority (SIDA)

This product allows your distributors/dealers to issue one time Standing Instructions to FBL, authorizing FBL to debit their account with designated FBL branch(s), whenever stocks/goods are released and invoices are raised by you.

E-Collections

We provide e-collection via ADC channels, such as Internet Banking, Mobile Banking and ATMs. It allows quick and easy receipt of funds, eco-friendly due to paperless receivables & immediate transfer.

Payment Services

We provide a web based solution – Faysal Transact that can meet the challenges of a rapidly growing domestic payments system. Faysal Transact has the capability and capacity to cater different types of payment transactions.

Corporate Cheques – payable at any branch in Pakistan, electronic signatures of authorized signatories printed on instrument

Payment Orders (PO) – payable at any FBL branch in Pakistan, delivery / dispatch arrangements

Internal Transfer - real time transfer to FBL account holders

Inter Bank Funds Transfer (IBFT) – Bulk transfers to other bank accounts, immediate reflection in account

Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS) processing – paperless instructions processing via Faysal Transact

Utility Bill Payment (UBPS) - offering an easy and convenient way to pay bills, utility payments are key to smooth business operations, combating the occurrence of both late fees and utility service disruption.

Cash Payout (COC) - This is done by sharing the beneficiary's details on the Payment portal including a transaction specific X-pin which is system generated. The beneficiary then proceeds to any of the designated Faysal Bank branches with the X-pin along with the original CNIC.

Dividend Payouts

FBL provides a complete and comprehensive dividend solution to customers, from printing of dividend warrants to dividend delivery to the customers and their subsequent encashment though FBL branches.

Payroll Proposition – Faysal@work

This tailor-made solution to suit your organization and employees' everyday banking and lifestyle needs, enhances productivity of your employees by bringing banking to their workplace.

Home Remittance

FBL has state of the art solutions to manage home remittances, and a constantly increasing number of global relationships. FBL home remittance beneficiaries may receive payments sent by our dedicated partners via the following payment modes:

- Cash-over-Counter payments for walk-in customers at Faysal Bank branches
- Instant Account Credit to Faysal Bank Ltd account holders
- Instant Account Credit to 1Link member bank account holders through IBFT
- Same Day Account Credit to other bank account holders via PRISM / RTGS

Treasury

The focus of our Treasury Department is predominantly client centric where we use extensive experience and expertise in providing balance sheet solutions to our vast and diverse client base by offering a wide range of Fixed Income and Foreign Exchange products.

Faysal Bank takes pride in also providing the first of its kind online trading platform "Faysal – Self invest" wherein our Faysal Digibank customers have the opportunity to manage their own Government of Pakistan Securities portfolio with Faysal Bank. Faysal – Self Invest enables customers to experience end to end process of Investors Portfolio Securities services from IPS account opening to transacting in Government Securities on real time basis.

Commercial & SME

Financing Facilities

1- Overdraft - Running Finance

Running finance or overdraft facility is a short term finance provided to customers to fulfill their working capital needs by allowing withdrawals from their account in excess of the credit balance, maintained with the Bank.

2- Pledge Financing

The pledge financing facility is offered to customers against delivery of goods to the Bank. The goods are held as security and are placed under the custody of the Bank's approved Mucaddum. Drawing power is determined on the basis of value of the goods placed under pledge along with stipulated margin.

3- Long Term Exposure

Long Term finance facility (LTF) is offered for financing fixed assets like immovable properties i.e. land and buildings, machinery, vehicles etc.

Trade Facilities

In order to facilitate trade business of SMEs, FBL offers a number of products to its customers:

a) Letter of Credit – Foreign & Inland

FBL offers to issue letter of credits (LCs) on behalf of SME clients for routing their imports through the Bank. Sight & Usance are two of the main types of LCs offered to the customers.

b) Finance against Imported Merchandise (FIM)

FIM is a short term facility offered by FBL to the importers for retirement of Sight-LC. The facility is given against the pledge of imported goods. FIM is settled thorough release of pledged goods against gradual or lump sum payments made by borrower.

c) Finance Against Trust Receipt (FATR)

FATR is a type of import financing offered to FBL customers. In FATR deals, the imported goods are released to the importer on the basis of a trust receipt. This is a short term facility for financing imported goods.

d) Export Finance Facilities

The exporters usually require financing for production and supply of goods as per their contracts with the buyers. In order to support the export business, Bank offers Pre & Post Shipment financing (own sources), SBP Refinance (Pre/post) and bill discounting facilities.

e) Pre-shipment (own sources)

Pre-shipment Finance or 'Packing credit' is offered to exporters for catering their financing needs for purchasing, processing, manufacturing or packing of goods prior to shipment.

f) Post shipment (own sources)

Post-shipment (own) is the financing facility offered to manufacturers and exporters of goods after shipment of goods till the date of realization of export or local proceeds.

g) Export Refinance Finance Facility under SBP

As per directives from State Bank of Pakistan, FBL offers Export finance facility under SBP ERF scheme to support export oriented companies. Both pre-shipment and post shipment finance facilities are available at subsidized rates communicated by SBP.

h) Bank Guarantees

Different types of guarantees like Bid Bonds, Performance Bonds and guarantees against advance payments are offered by FBL.

Digital Banking Group

Strategic Initiatives:

As part of Faysal Bank's FY23 digitization agenda, the Bank invested extensively in technology and related HR strength in order to churn a constant stream of innovative digital solutions, products and platforms with an aim to establish itself as the #MostInnovativeIslamicBank.

One of the key driving elements has been the 'go-green' philosophy, encouraging customers to adopt digital channels and reduce reliance on traditional paper-based instrumetns and traditional modes of transactions. Faysal Bank's digital spread now goes on to include not just retail banking customers but infact the consumer finance audience, merchants and SME's alike.

In FY23, the Bank's digital foot-print increased by 3x, where the digital subscriptions increased from 0.4M to over 1.25M, this was driven by the tremendous transaction uptake via Faysal Digital mobile-app and Faysal Islami WhatsApp Banking.

Digital transactions through the Mobile-app registered a YoY increase of over 300 percent, which makes it one of the fastest growing mobile platforms in the industry. Special focus was on increasing the touchpoints and use-cases for making payments.

Faysal Bank's Digital Positioning

As part of its FY23 positioning strategy, Faysal Bank has adopted a transformative outlook with a clear cut focus on innovation and digitization of customer experiences. This stance has led to Faysal Bank taking a digital leadership stance not only amongst Islamic Bank but also challenging the industry at large.

New innovations in FY23 include the launch of:

'Faysal Tap and Pay': Faysal Bank digital customers can make

payments at any local or international Point-of-Sale (POS) terminal merely by tapping their smart phones. This digital payment feature makes Faysal Bank one of the most advanced NFC payment solutions in the industry.

'Faysal Islami WhatsApp Banking': inarguably the best-in-class WhatsApp Banking solution with an unmatched user-interface and seamless user-journey. During the year Faysal Bank launched 'WhatsApp Payments', thereby allowing FBL Digital customers to transfer funds internally and externally through their WhatsApp, making it one of the most innovative and versatile banking platforms in the industry.

Internet Payment Gateway: with a view to help businesses grow in the eComm space, Faysal Bank launched its payment gateway services, enabling retail businesses to accept debit and credit card payments, hence opening up a whole new growth frontier for businesses.

'Point-of-Sale (POS) Merchant Acquiring': In FY23 Faysal Bank became one of the leading Banks in the industry to offer point of sale terminals for Retail and SME businesses enabling the acceptance of cash less payments, promoting the regulatory agenda of payment digitization.

Faysal Bank Cash Deposit / Digital Kiosks: living up to its reputation of being the most rapidly growing innovative & progressive Islamic bank, Faysal Bank launched Digital Kiosks, promoting the self-serve digital concept, allowing customers to walk-in to the Branch and deposit their cash without having to wait at the counter. The service was immensely successful and in the first 6 months of its launch, over PKR 10 Billion was deposited through these Digital Kiosks.

Faysal Bank ATMs: with a footprint of over 700 ATMs, Faysal Bank initiated its fleet replacement and modernization program in FY23, thereby upgrading to state of the art Diebold Nixdorf machines with biometric capability and being socially responsible, all these machines offer a braille keypad, along with the 'talking-assistant' feature for the visually impaired.

Customer Success Stories:

Roshan Digital Account: Faysal Bank has one of the largest RDA customer base in the industry with one of the highest satisfaction and repeat remittance record.

Burraq Digital Account: with a keen eye towards the upcoming Banking audience, the Millennials and Gen-Z audience, Faysal Bank's Digital Account Opening offers a seamless onboarding, digital experience with instant account opening and one of the best intuitive digital account opening solution, for Freelancers and regular retail customers.

Digital customer care

With one of the industry best customer care unit, Faysal Bank's contact center offers a response rate of less than 10 seconds making it one of the most efficient touchpoints in the industry. And with a focus beyond the traditional, FBL's Customer Care includes social media interaction and 'Live Chat' options, with over 25,000 interactions on a monthly basis through WhatsApp live chat alone, making sure that FBL remains available to its customer 24/7 through all channels.

Also, Faysal Bank is one of the most socially responsible DEI (Diversity, Equality, Inclusion) certified Contact Centers across the industry with over 20 specially-abled individuals serving in its bench strength

Social and Environmental Responsibility

as part of its go-green initiative Faysal Bank launched the pilot program of its 'paperless account opening' in its key branches. Customers walking into these branches only provide their information to the Relationship Manager and within a span of 20 minutes the full fledged account is opened without the customer having to sign stacks of papers like in traditional account opening.

Through this initiative Fayal Bank intends to reduce not only paper wastage but also reduce additional steps like courier etc, thereby reducing the carbon footprint. Likewise, with the introduction of Card Activation, Real-time PIN Generation and push of e-statements via m-app and WhatsApp Banking, Faysal Bank is paving the way in terms of its go-green commitment.

Future Outlook

with its clear-cut focus, commitment and technological investments in Digital Banking and Digitization of Customer Experiences, Faysal Bank stands to carve a niche for itself as the #MostInnovativelslamicBank in Pakistan. It is already being noticed by its audience for its constant stream of innovation, reflected also in the fact that Codebase Technologies (CBT) UAE awarded Faysal Bank with its Digital Disruptor Award, acknowledging the Bank's zeal and constant go-to-market action in this space.

Amongst its upcoming initiatives the Bank is optimistic that the Raast Person to Merchant (P2M) solutions that it will be unveiling in FY24 will usher in a new growth in the retail cashless segment. Also with an increased focus on process digitization, Faysal Bank intends to invest extensively in Al based solutions with an aim to provide unmatched customer services and experience.

Retail Banking

Faysal Bank provides customers with a wide range of Islamic Deposit Products for their daily banking requirements that comply

with Shariah Principles. Our products are designed keeping in view customer needs and requirements for personal and business banking needs. From simple day-to-day accounts to high value investments, you can choose the product that suits your needs the best to get attractive halal returns. Retail Liability Products also provide you maximum flexibility, transactional convenience and easy access to your funds through our Nationwide Online Faysal Islami branches, ATM network, Debit/Virtual Cards and through Faysal Digibank.

Islamic Current Deposit Accounts

Our value-added Islami current account products enable you to derive benefits from your deposits. Current Account products are a suitable solution for individuals as well as business entities looking for a checking account based on Islamic Financing Principles. Islami Current Accounts are based upon Qard, (Loan on demand) and Remunerative Mudarabah principles which make products free of Riba (interest) and the principle is guaranteed to you, the depositor.

Islamic Savings Accounts

Our Islamic Savings accounts are opened on the basis of 'Mudarabah', where Faysal Islamic Banking is the 'Mudarib' (manager of the funds) and you, the customers are the 'Rabb-ul-Maal' (owner of funds). These deposits are deployed in Shariah compliant modes such as Ijarah, Murabaha and Musharakah, etc. The rate of profit on your deposit will be determined through Shariah approved mechanism for calculation of weightages which will be announced at the beginning of each calendar month and shall be applicable for that month only. Faysal Islamic Saving deposits will share in the profit earned by the Islamic Banking Branches of Faysal Bank. Losses, if any, will be shared in the proportion of investment by each depositor. Monthly weightages for profit distribution shall be calculated and displayed at all Faysal Islamic Banking branches as well as our website.

Term Deposit Products

Faysal Islami Investment Certificates offer you convenient financial solutions under the arrangement of 'Mudarabah', where Faysal Banking is the 'Mudarib' (manager of the funds) and you, the customers, are the 'Rabb-ul-Maal' (owner of the funds). These deposits are deployed in Shariah- compliant modes such as Ijarah, Murabaha, and Musharakah. The rate of profit on your deposit will be determined through a Shariah approved mechanism for calculation of weightages which will be announced at the beginning of each calendar month and shall be applicable for that month only.

Faysal Islami Investment Certificates will share in the profit earned through financing in different Islamic modes of financing. Losses, if any, will be shared in the proportion of investment by each depositor. Monthly weightages for profit distribution shall be calculated and displayed at all Faysal Islamic Banking branches as well as our website. Faysal Islami offers a wide range of Current, Saving and Term Deposit products for various customer segments based on their transactional and investment needs, details of Islamic Banking products are appended below:

Current Account Product Suite

Islamic Rehmat Individual Account

Faysal Islamic Rehmat account opened on the basis Mudarabah embraces the Islamic value of compassion (Rahma). Upon maintaining a Rehmat Individual Account, Faysal Bank pays for the treatment of underprivileged patients without any deductions from the customer's account. Moreover, customers can enjoy a host of unmatched free services and transactional benefits for all Individual needs.

Islamic Rehmat Business Account

Faysal Islamic Rehmat Account opened on the basis Mudarabah embraces the Islamic value of compassion (Rahma). Upon maintaining a Rehmat Business Account, Faysal Bank pays for the treatment of underprivileged patients without any deductions from the account. Moreover, customers can enjoy a host of unmatched free services and transactional benefits for all business needs.

Islamic Asaan Current Account

Asaan Current Account is designed for unbanked and underbanked segment or the low income group. Asaan Account can be opened with a single CNIC. There is no minimum balance requirement in Asaan accounts. Faysal Islamic Asaan Account is an easy solution for individuals who are looking for banking needs in a secured manner. Moreover, it is opened on the basis of Qard (loan).

Islamic Tez Tareen Asaan Remittance Account

Faysal Islamic Tez Tareen Asaan Remittance Account is a remunerative current account based on the principle of Mudarabah, specifically designed to receive remittances from abroad directly. Customers can withdraw/ transfer funds, pay bills, check account balance using ATM, branch counter, Internet and Faysal Digibank Mobile App.

Islamic Basic Banking Account

Basic Banking Account is a Shariah-Compliant current account that provides customers the comfort of banking in a secure and customer friendly environment. Opened on the basis of Qard. No minimum balance maintenance charges are required and has 2 free deposits and 2 free withdrawals per month through cash/clearing.

Islamic Asaan Saving Account

Asaan savings account is designed for unbanked and underbanked

segment low income group. Asaan account can be opened with just CNIC, no other documentation requirement. There is no minimum balance requirement in Asaan accounts. This account is based on Remunerative Mudarabah.

Islamic Current Account

A transactional account that provides the ease of conducting unlimited transactions with frequent access to funds based on Islamic Financing principles. This account is based upon Qard (Loan on demand) which makes it free of interest and the principle is guaranteed to the depositor.

Islamic Amal Women Priority Plus Account

Saving Account Product Suite

Islamic Savings Account

An account that provides greater returns on your investments and is a suitable solution for individuals as well as business entities that are looking for competitive returns on their savings based on Islamic Financing principles. Opened on the basis of 'Mudarabah'.

Islamic Muntazim Savings Account

A saving account opened on the basis of Mudarabah that provides the comfort of saving, managing their day-to-day banking transaction needs with ease. in accordance with Islamic principles, enjoying Halal returns and managing day to day banking transaction needs with ease.

Islamic Asaan Saving Account

Asaan Saving account is designed for unbanked and underbanked segment or the low-income group. Asaan account can be opened with just a CNIC. There is no minimum balance requirement in Asaan accounts. Faysal Islamic Asaan Account is an easy solution for individuals looking for banking needs in a secure manner along with halal returns.

Islamic Amal Women Saving Account

Faysal Islami Amal Women Saving Account is a Shariah Compliant saving account that provides women financial independence by offering Transactional Convenience, Health Benefits, Financing Facilities, Payment Solutions along with halal profits all under one roof.

Islamic Life Plus Savings Account

Faysal Islamic Life Plus Savings Account is a Shariah Compliant offering designed to cater to the financial needs of senior citizens for the maximization of their hard-earned savings. This account also provides unique health and hospitalization benefits through its Health Card feature.

Islamic Manzil Account

Faysal Islami Manzil is a savings account which provides customers with a solution to save for medium to long term financial goals such as savings for their Kid's Education, Hajj / Umrah, Wedding etc. by depositing periodic investments on agreed frequency. Along with the competitive Halal returns on savings it also provides free of cost Takaful Coverage throughout the plan. This account is opened on the basis of Mudarabah.

Islamic Mubarak Safar Saving Account

Faysal Islami Mubarak Safar Saving Account is an ideal saving solution if one is planning to travel for Hajj, Umrah or Ziyarat. Mubarak Safar Saving Account is a Shariah-compliant Mudarabah based saving account which helps in saving as per convenience and earn attractive halal profit on deposit.

Term Deposit Product Suite

Islamic Barkat Investment Certificates

Faysal Islamic Barkat Investment Certificates offer customers convenient financial solutions under the arrangement of 'Mudarabah', where Faysal Banking is the 'Mudarib'. Range of tenures from 1 month up to 5 years. Premature withdrawal option available with no penalty charge. Islamic Barkat Certificates offer attractive returns.

Islamic Life Plus Investment Certificates

Opened the basis of 'Mudarabah, Life Plus Investment Certificates are an ideal shariah compliant investment avenue for senior citizens to maximize their hard-earned savings with 1 Year placements with monthly and at maturity profit payment options.



Financial Inclusion

Faysal Bank understands the importance of women and their contribution to society. The financial needs of women from all walks of life are taken care of by Faysal Bank where products are categorically designed to help achieve the following:

- Increasing access to financing by offering discounted rates
- Reducing gender-based barriers in the business environment
- Creating opportunities for women

Faysal Islami Amal Women Account

Empower yourself sign your path to financial independence.



Faysal Islami Amal Women Account

Faysal Islami Amal Women Priority Plus Account is a Shariah Compliant Account that provides women financial independence by offering Transactional Convenience, Health Benefits, Financing Facilities, Payment Solutions and Takaful Coverages all under one roof

Faysal Islami Amal Asaan Account

Faysal Bank has designed Amal Women Asaan Account (Current and Savings) which caters to the women of lower income segment or housewives who have no financial proof by bringing them into the financial net via quick account opening with minimum documentation and no initial deposit requirements. The product comes with multiple other features catering to the needs of women.

Faysal Islami facilitates Amal account holders not only with saving and transactional convenience but also offers discounted financing products to unlock their dreams i.e. autos, home, personal finance and Noor card.

The Bank also emphasizes on empowering women by engaging them in the workforce to make informed choices for themselves and their families with Agriculture financing products and Small Medium financing particularly for women.

Women Banking Awareness Sessions

Women banking awareness sessions on financial literacy are regularly held to focus on the significance of owning a bank account, various saving and investment options and introduction to financing. These sessions are organized by visiting schools, colleges, universities, hospitals and offices or inviting females at Faysal Bank branches.





Persons with Disabilities (PWD)

Faysal Islami focuses on providing seamless services to all its customers without any discrimination therefore, when accessing

financial services we promote inclusivity for Persons with Disabilities (PWD). To make banking easy, convenient and accessible for all PWD's, the Bank has taken certain initiatives.

Supportive Physical Infrastructure:

16 PWD branches revamped nationwide in terms of infrastructure (ramps availability, low height adjusted counters, wheelchair friendly areas, talking ATM's) for accessibility in our branches

Assistive Technologies:

Faysal Islami promotes an easy way to communicate in collaboration with Connecthear's mobile application that comes with a live sign language interpreter to communicate with its deaf members within and outside the organization

Access to easy communication has been in place in all PWD branches in collaboration with Boltay Huroof to provide the convenience of banking products and services in the form of stationary (braille account opening forms, brochures and sign-language posters)

PWD Customer Engagement Sessions and Activations

Faysal Islami has organized multiple customer engagement sessions at their PWD branches to increase public awareness about issues faced by deaf people and how they can overcome their problems by availing services provided by our partner Connecthear. The objective of these sessions is to encourage financial inclusion and make everyone feel the same by offering our banking products and services to every individual.

Roshan Digital Accounts

Faysal Islami offers various types of Shariah compliant accounts in Current and Savings categories and Shariah compliant investment opportunities to Overseas Pakistanis with digital account opening from anywhere in the world. Customers can easily repatriate funds back to their home countries, invest in attractive Shariah compliant avenues, pay utility bills, get mobile top-ups and much more.

Roshan Samaaji Khidmat

Roshan Samaaji Khidmat provides Non-Resident Pakistanis (NRPs) having a Roshan Digital Account a convenient and one-stop payment platform to fulfil all their charitable giving, donation and Zakat needs in Pakistan. They can even carry out Qurbani in Pakistan from anywhere in the world through reputed organizations. Donating is a selfless act, with Faysal Digibank App and Internet Banking, help impact lives of those in need. Donate to your preferred charitable organization from anywhere in a quick, secure & convenient way.

Roshan Apni Car

 Non-Resident Pakistanis can now get Car Financing at very attractive rates to provide cars for their family members in Pakistan.Faysal Islami Car Finance is based on the principles of Diminishing Musharakah. This is a medium and long term financing product, where the Bank and the customer jointly



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purchase an asset and create joint ownership in the asset. The Bank rent out its share in the asset to the customer while the customer periodically purchases units of ownership in the asset from the Bank. After purchase of all the units, the customer becomes the sole owner of the asset.

Roshan Apna Ghar

An exclusive product for Non Resident Pakistanis (NRPs) and Pakistani Origin Card (POC) holders to digitally and remotely buy a property, build or renovate a house in Pakistan through their own investment or bank financing.

Priority Banking

As a Faysal Priority customer, we are committed to provide you an enhanced banking experience and look forward to supporting you in achieving your financial goals. Some of the exclusive benefits associated with our Priority Banking proposition include:

Exclusive Priority Banking Experience

Unlimited Access to our Priority Lounges and facilities across the country for all your financial needs. Faysal priority lounges provide banking luxury and transactional convenience to our priority customers.

Financial Advisory and Assistance

Dedicated Priority Relationship Managers assigned to cater to all your financial requirements and manage your Wealth portfolio.

Faysal Priority Platinum Debit Card

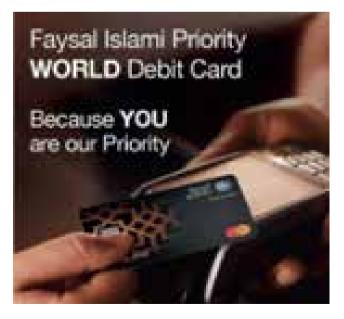
As a Faysal Priority customer, you are entitled to a complimentary Faysal Priority Islamic Debit Card that comes equipped with a suite of features and benefits designed to match your exclusive lifestyle. Enjoy discounts at more than 300 retail outlets across Pakistan.

Faysal Islami Priority World Debit Card

Launch of the "Faysal Islami Priority World Debit Card", exclusively for our HNW Priority Banking customers, which carries a lot of prestige with unlimited embedded benefits and is designed to meet the lifestyle needs of our Priority customers.

Customers can enjoy exclusive benefits with their Faysal Islami Priority World Debit Card, which include:

- Accessibility in more than 200 countries/territories worldwide.
- Enhanced Transactional Limits
- Access to complimentary Airport Lounges, Domestic & International
- Discounts up to 50% on Dining, Health, Fitness & Lifestyle
- Free International Travel Insurance



Travel with Comfort

Host of free services, such as Unlimited Free Cheque Books, Free SMS Alerts, Free Demand Drafts and Pay Orders, Free Intercity Cheque Clearing, Inter Bank Funds Transfer (IBFT), 50% waiver on Annual Locker Rental, and many more.

Transactional Privileges

Host of free services, such as Unlimited Free Cheque Books, Free SMS Alerts, Free Demand Drafts and Pay Orders, Free Intercity Cheque Clearing, Inter Bank Funds Transfer (IBFT), 50% waiver on Annual Locker Rental, and many more.

Preferential rates on Islamic Financing

As a Faysal Priority customer, avail our Islamic facilities at preferential rates. This includes Auto Financing, Mortgages and other Islamic Financing. Please get in touch with your dedicated relationship manager for further details.

Dedicated Customer Care

Exclusive 24-Hour Faysal Priority helpline at 111-11-71-71 where our qualified and dedicated teams are focused and ready to serve you at any time of the day. Customer service teams can assist you with your queries, complaints, reporting of lost or stolen cards and activation of your Faysal Priority Islamic Debit Card.

Valet Services

Free Valet Parking facility at our Priority Lounges for Priority Banking customers.

Family Membership

Exclusive membership for parents, spouse & children of Priority Banking customers.

Free Travel Coverage

Free Travel Coverage for our Faysal Priority customers up to USD 50,000, ensuring that travelers are safeguarded against unforeseen eventualities during their trips, such as Medical Expenses, Hospitalization Expenses, Baggage Loss, Loss of Passport, Trip Cancellation & Emergency Return.

Free Daily Hospitalization Coverage

Faysal Bank introduces Free Hospital Coverage (In-Patient) up to PKR 10,000 per day for its Priority Banking clients. We believe in going the extra mile to ensure our valued client's well-being and peace of mind.

We are committed in safeguarding the health and happiness of our loyal Priority Banking clients and for that purpose; we have collaborated with a leading Takaful coverage provider. Hospitalization cash coverage provides customers with daily cash, on reimbursement basis, ensuring they are well protected in times of need.

Wealth Management

Faysal Bank offers its customers an extensive menu of Wealth Management solutions tailored to suit their needs. Faysal Bank partners with the best Takaful/Window Takaful Operations providers from Pakistan for its third party products to offer its customers, one of the most robust propositions in the industry, we are ideally positioned to meet all your financial needs based on their individual risk appetite and expectations.

BancaTakaful Solutions

During the course of your financial life, you face an inherent uncertainty and risk associated with your health and well-being. In order to ensure your continued peace of mind we offer you a wide array of Shariah compliant saving and protection products to help achieve your financial goals in life.

Saving and Protection Plans

Our Saving and Protection plans have been developed under distribution agreements with some of the leading life Takaful providers in Pakistan. Our suite of BancaTakaful solutions is tailored to allow you to save on a regular basis and plan towards achieving your life's goals. These plans provide you a high level of Life Takaful coverage in order to safeguard the future of your loved ones while at the same time directing your savings towards professionally managed funds which offer you positive returns against your investments. All products have the flexibility to be customized to cater to customer's specific needs. Whatever their requirements, we have the right solution for them!



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Saving and Protection Plans

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Travel the World Securely with a Click of a Button

• Health Takaful

Our health is our greatest asset and with the increasing cost of health care, it is essential to plan ahead to ensure the best possible health care for ourselves and our loved ones. Faysal Bank offers you a diverse selection of Health Takaful solutions developed in association with the leading Health Takaful companies in Pakistan. Our products are designed to provide you comprehensive health coverage at leading network hospitals across the country to give our customers the peace of mind that they truly deserve. Furthermore, we have introduced the Industry's First Dental Plan for our customers to address their dental treatment needs.

Life Takaful

In order to provide financial security and a stress-free lifestyle to our customers, Faysal Bank has introduced, Shariah Compliant Takaful plans under the distribution agreement with selected Takaful operators. By simply paying a very nominal amount, you can now avail a significant Takaful coverage on an annual basis to safeguard the needs of your loved ones. These Takaful policies provide you full life coverage in the event of accidental or natural death. The enrollment process is simple and does not require any medical check-ups. All that the customers need to do is call our helpline.

General Takaful

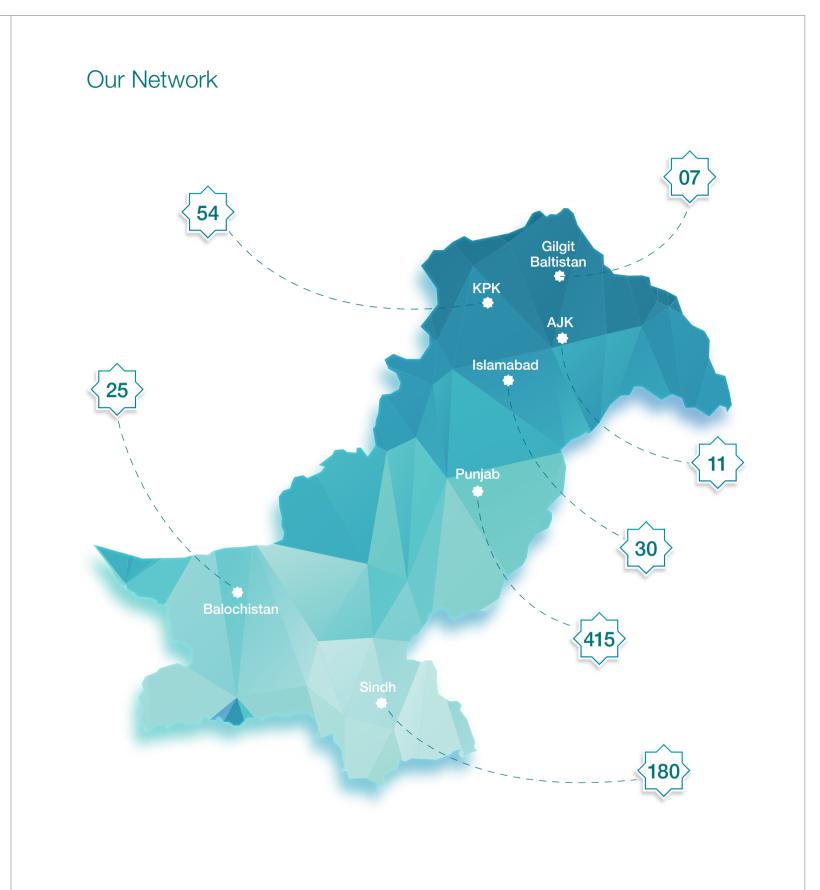
Faysal Bank's product menu offers you a multitude of general Takaful products under the distribution agreement with selected Takaful partners to cater to all your personal and business needs. Whether you need to travel, protect your business structure, or ensure safety of your wallet contents, we have the right solution for our customers.

Digital Health Care - Marham Ba-ikhtiyar / Marham Medicare

Marham Ba-ikhtiyar provides a digital platform for medical consultation, scheduling appointment with doctors, lab test booking, medicine delivery and many more healthcare facilities on just a touch of few clicks. It gives you free/paid Online Session with over 32,000+ Doctors across all the categories with Instant subscription of client and their immediate Family Members, adding to the convenience.

Investment Products

In order to support you towards better managing your financial portfolio and to further grow your wealth, we offer you a full menu of Shariah compliant mutual funds through our distribution partner Faysal Funds (a subsidiary of Faysal Bank Ltd.). Based on your individual risk appetite and investment goals, you can select the right investment solution to enter your market of choice and make healthy returns! In addition to investment benefits, these mutual fund placements also entitle you to tax benefits in line with prevalent tax laws. With multiple open-ended and closed-ended funds and varying investment strategies, you can easily find one best suited to your financial needs!











Significant Factors Affecting the External Environment

Political

In the year 2023, both Pakistan and the global economy encountered substantial challenges. International conflicts and trade disagreements significantly disrupted the availability of essential resources such as food and energy. Despite some improvements in the COVID-19 situation, its impact on global operations persisted intermittently. Efforts to recover from these adversities faced a mismatch between increasing consumer demands and inadequate supply, resulting in volatile fluctuations in the prices of commodities such as food and energy throughout 2023. Pakistan encountered significant economic challenges due to heightened imports, resulting in financial deficits, inflated prices, and a rapid depletion of foreign reserves. These hurdles were primarily attributed to shifts in the global market dynamics, affecting Pakistan's trade and financial stability.

Economical

In the same year, escalating demands and constrained supplies led to a considerable surge in vital commodity prices such as crude oil, wheat, petrol, and palm oil, surpassing December 2022 rates by more than 60% in the first half of 2023. This surge in international commodity prices heightened global inflation, prompting central banks worldwide to implement measures aimed at curbing inflation and fostering sustained long-term growth. Pakistan faced intensified challenges exacerbated by severe domestic natural disasters.

Contrarily, Pakistan encountered economic growth challenges in 2023, reflected in a lower GDP growth rate compared to FY22, indicative of distinctive economic conditions that year. The precise GDP figures for 2023 might vary due to various factors influencing the economy, including global market fluctuations, internal policies, and external influences. The economy experienced a different trajectory marked by signs of economic contraction due to the government's stringent measures to control overall demand. The estimated GDP growth rate for FY2023-24 stood at 2%, significantly lower than the preceding fiscal year. These measures impacted

economic activity, resulting in slower growth compared to the robust expansion witnessed previously. Additionally, significant crop damage from floods led to anticipated declines in the agriculture sector's performance. Despite these challenges, the government forecasted a primary surplus for FY23, aiming to manage finances despite setbacks in sectors like agriculture, projecting a surplus in the primary budget for the fiscal year.

Similar to other developing nations, Pakistan faced a more demanding external position in 2023 due to surging global commodity prices, increased global demand, and supply shortages influenced by fluctuations in the rupee against the US dollar. These global factors significantly impacted Pakistan's economic status, aligning with their effects on other emerging markets during this period. Recent changes in management and higher import prices exacerbated Pakistan's debt to other nations, concurrently signaling a decline in the country's currency value, reflecting financial challenges amidst domestic uncertainties and global banking complexities.

Social and Technological

Pakistan's demographic structure, cultural values, and consumer behavior shaped the demand for banking services. The banking industry adapted to the youthful population's preferences for digital banking, emphasizing technological advancements and cybersecurity measures. Simultaneously, efforts to promote financial literacy and expand services in rural areas were instrumental in the sector's development.

Legal and Environmental

Banks in Pakistan, like their global counterparts, increasingly considered environmental sustainability. They explored green financing options and eco-friendly practices, assuming a pivotal role in addressing environmental risks. Adherence to local and international banking regulations, including compliance with AML, KYC laws, and oversight from bodies like FATF and IMF, significantly influenced banking operations. Regulatory changes and legal requirements often impacted banks' conduct in business operations.

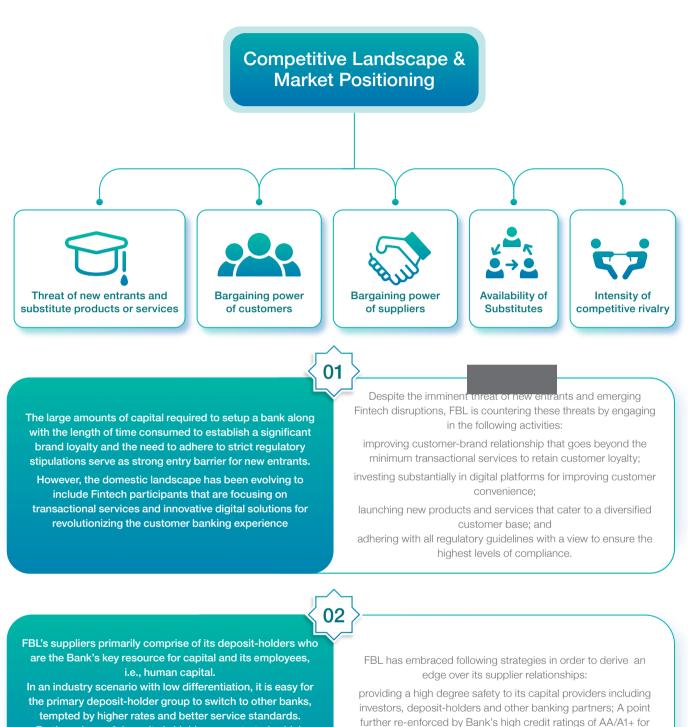


فيصل اسلامى ٢٠٠٢

شرعی تقاضوں کے مطابق روایتی کریڈٹ کارڈ کا نعم البدل۔



Competitive Landscape and Market Positioning



Further, share of deposits is highly concentrated, which gives them excess bargaining power.

With a view to fund gaps in the Bank's borrowings, The Bank mobilizes debt from other financial institutions, with rates being largely market-driven. Hence, their bargaining power is often considered to be medium to high. When it comes to the bargaining power of suppliers of labor,

individual employees baring major executives have little bargaining power. long term and short term respectively; creating mutually-beneficial solutions across the entire engagement spectrum; and

sustaining employee retention focus by offering a challenging, learning, and conductive work environment which is duly complemented by career progression opportunities and market competitive salary and benefit packages. Some of the largest threats of substitution are not from rival banks but from non-financial competitors. The industry does not suffer any real threat of substitutes as far as deposits or withdrawals; however, insurances, mutual funds, and fixed income securities are some of the many banking services that are also offered by non-banking companies.

FBL strives to strengthen its suite of products and services. With a renewed focus on bancassurance, investment management and mutual funds.

Faysal Asset Management Limited, a subsidiary of FBL, has acquired Private Fund Management and REIT Management licenses during the year, broadening its realm of business.

It is reasonably easy for retail customers to switch to other banks fully, or even avail part of their service requirements alternatively due to the low switching costs involved, hence shrinking the size of banking engagement. However, their bargaining power stays limited due to the minimal impact on the Bank's bottom line.

The bargaining power of larger groups, corporate clients and high net worth individuals is comparatively greater since the rising competition has increased customers price sensitivity and the loss of sizable accounts and sources of revenue from them can substantially impact bank's profitability. FBL addresses the issue of customer bargaining power primarily by focusing on clearly directed customer retention and acquisition strategies; customer service standards are being continuously augmented, services are being tailored to suit individual needs, innovative solutions are being devised to make customer experiences more enjoyable, convenient, and hassle-free and market competitive rates are being offered to effectively increase switching costs for customers.



03

04

Intensity of competition within the domestic banking sector has grown over the years. Banks have focused on developing a wide range of asset and liability product offerings at competitive rates to reinforce their customer acquisition strategies and attract existing market share.

The relatively low switching cost from one bank to another has further intensified the importance of competition within the industry, especially in the retail and commercial banking spheres.

Traditional banking operating models have been disrupted as the outbreak of COVID-19 has challenged the existing banking landscape and paved way for the industry to adopt emerging technologies in rendering digital financial services amidst responsibly enforced social distancing and containment measures. FBL has initiated following measures with a view to consolidating and further improving its market share:

by distinguishing itself in the marketplace primarily based on its history, experience, and brand image; and

staying on the cutting edge of offering customer convenience and low-cost banking solutions.

SWOT



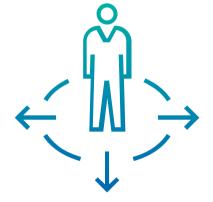
Strengths

- Largest Islamic conversion of a conventional bank
- Highest Shariah Rating
- Dedicated Shariah Board with renowned Shariah scholars
- First ever Islamic Noor Card
- Experienced Management Team



Weaknesses

• Lack of availability of human resources having specialized knowledge of Islamic banking



Opportunities

- Increased demand by the population for Islamic banking
- Digital banking & Data Driven Customer Centric Service

Threats

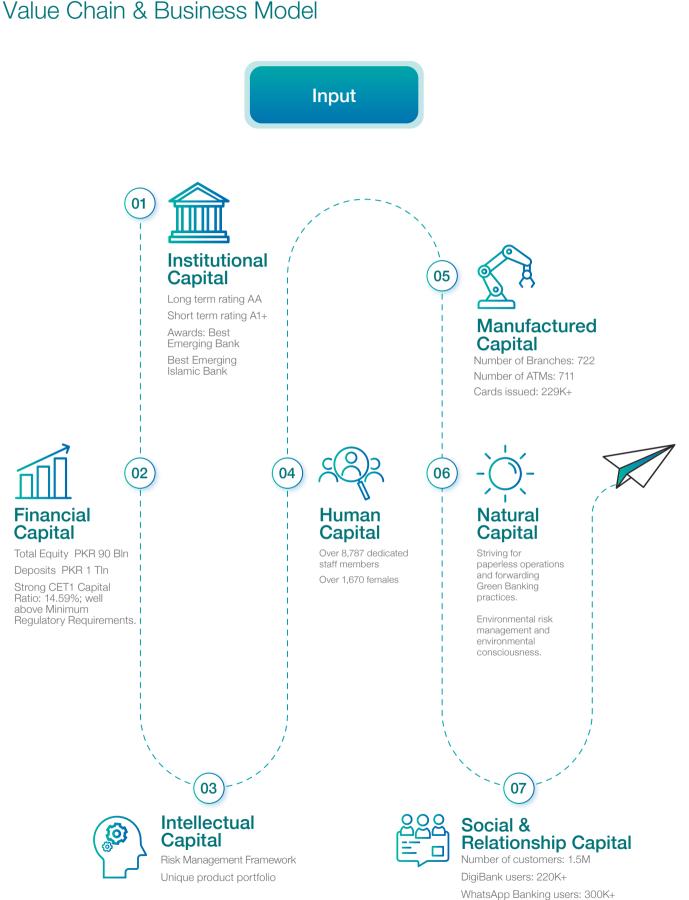
- Increased competition from Islamic banks
- Increased competition in Islamic banking from conventional banks Islamic Windows
- Economic Uncertanty

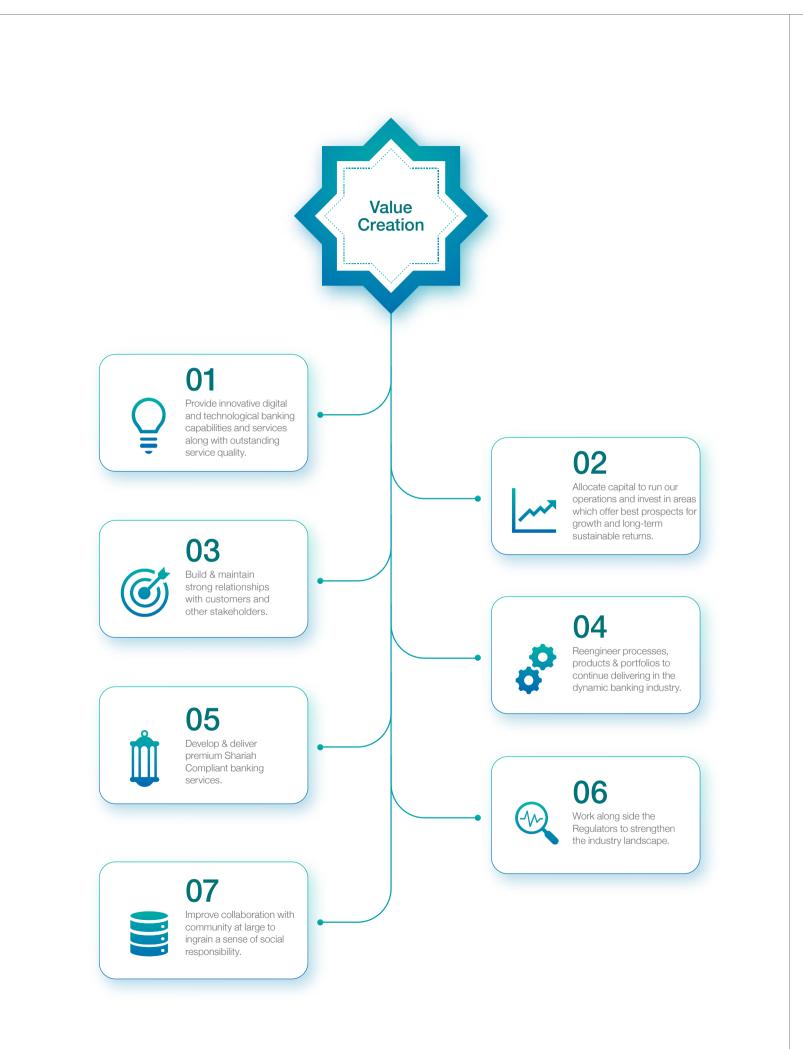


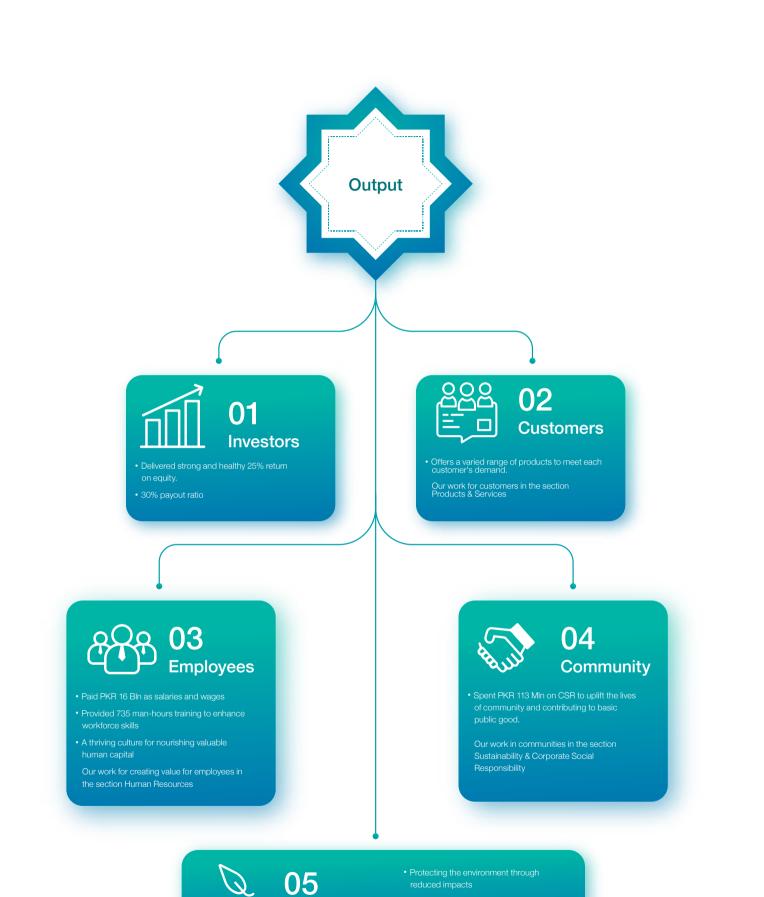
Fulfill your dreams with **Faysal Islami Car Ijrah.**











Environment

company in the section Sustainability & Corporate Social Responsibility

History of Major Events

1987

• Faysal Islamic Bank of Bahrain started operation in Pakistan with three branches.

1994

 Incorporation of Faysal Bank Limited in Pakistan.

2001

 Merger of Al-Faysal Investment Bank Limited with Faysal Bank Limited.

2003

- Incorporation of Faysal Funds.
- First ever scheduled bank to have received the Top Companies Award.
- Third place in the Best Corporate Report.

2005

- Best Architectural Design Award from Institute of Architects Pakistan.
- Second place in the Best Corporate Report.

2006

 Best Corporate Report Award.

2011

- Barkat Islamic Banking expanded from 13 to 45 branches across 20 cities, meeting aggressive growth targets.
- Cash Management introduced a web-based Remittance system for efficient Home Remittance transactions.
- Launched the CEO Club to recognize and incentivize top performers bank-wide.

2010

- Royal Bank of Scotland Limited (RBS Pakistan) merged into Faysal Bank Limited.
- FBL expanded its branch network to 226, ranking among Pakistan's top ten banks.
- Introduced Solitaire Wealth Management as a new priority banking service.
- Fourth place in the Best Corporate Report Awards.

2012

- FBL became the first financial institution registered under Debt Securities Trustee Regulations.
- Faysal Bank partnered with China UnionP launch the first UnionPay Debit card in Pal
- Mobile Banking service introduced.
- Launched the Solitaire Platinum Debit C
- Faysal Bank announced its corporate br promise and official tagline Bank on Aml

2013

- Introduced Mobile Banking service Mob
- Formally entered the social media age w launch of FBL's Facebook page.
- · L&D launched first annual learning caler

2015

 Expanded Bank's premium product suit with the launch of "World Credit Card" a enhancing our existing value propositior with the launch of Lifestyles program.

2016

- Presence in more than 100 cities.
- Over 100 Islamic branches.
- Deposits exceeded PKR 340 billion, with Current Account component surpassing PKR 110 billion.

2007

2008

Best Corporate

- Certificate of Excellence in Commercial Banking Category.
 Third place in the Best
- Corporate Report.

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2020

- Best Emerging Islamic Bank by the Global Islamic Finance
 Awards
- Best Emerging Bank by the Pakistan Banking Awards.
- Launched a mobile app and a new internet banking platform named 'Digibank'.

2019

- Achieved the largest branch expansion in history, opening 100 new Islamic branches.
- Best Emerging Islamic Bank awarded by CEO Summit Asia.
- ABF Corporate & Investment Banking Awards -Syndicated Loan of the Year in Pakistan for K-Electric Limited.
- Won the 'Most improved score award" at the 11th Best Place to Work Awards.
- Developed Green Banking Policy.
- Rebranded and launched a new Islamic brand

2018

• Acquired 69.99% of Faysal Asset Management Limited (FAML), increasing FBL's total interest to 99.99%.

2017

- Celebrated 30 years of presence in Pakistan.
- Expanded the Islamic branch network to 197—the country's largest network of dedicated Islamic Branches among conventional banks.
- Implemented a comprehensive environmental policy, undertaking initiatives to reduce energy consumption and carbon emissions.
- Board of Directors approved a Rs. 225 million investment in Faysal Asset Management Limited (FAML).

- Received 5 Global Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Awards.
- Best Corporate Report Merit Award.



- Best Islamic Bank for Transformation & Innovation awarded by Global Islamic Finance Awards.
- Best Bank of the year by CFA Society Pakistan.
- Introduced premium Islamic credit card, Noor.



- Conversion to a full-fledged Islamic Bank.
- 1 trillion mark in total assets.
- Best Islamic Retail Bank in Pakistan awarded by Cambridge IFA.
- Received 7 Global Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Awards.
- 700 branches network.

•- 🚯 2023

- PKR 1 trillion Deposits
- Best Corporate Report Award.
- Best Emerging Bank Award by Pakistan Banking Awards.
- Best Emerging Islamic Bank Award by Global Finance Islamic Awards.
- Launched Faysal e-academy, a new Learning Management System for employees.

Significant Changes from Prior Years

There have been no significant changes from prior years.

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Best Corporate Report Award 2022

Faysal Bank qualified for the "Best Corporate Report Award" and its Annual Report 2022 has been honored as one of the Best Corporate Reports in the Banking Sector Category.

for

Alhamdolillah

Faysal Bank Wins Award for

Best Emerging Bank



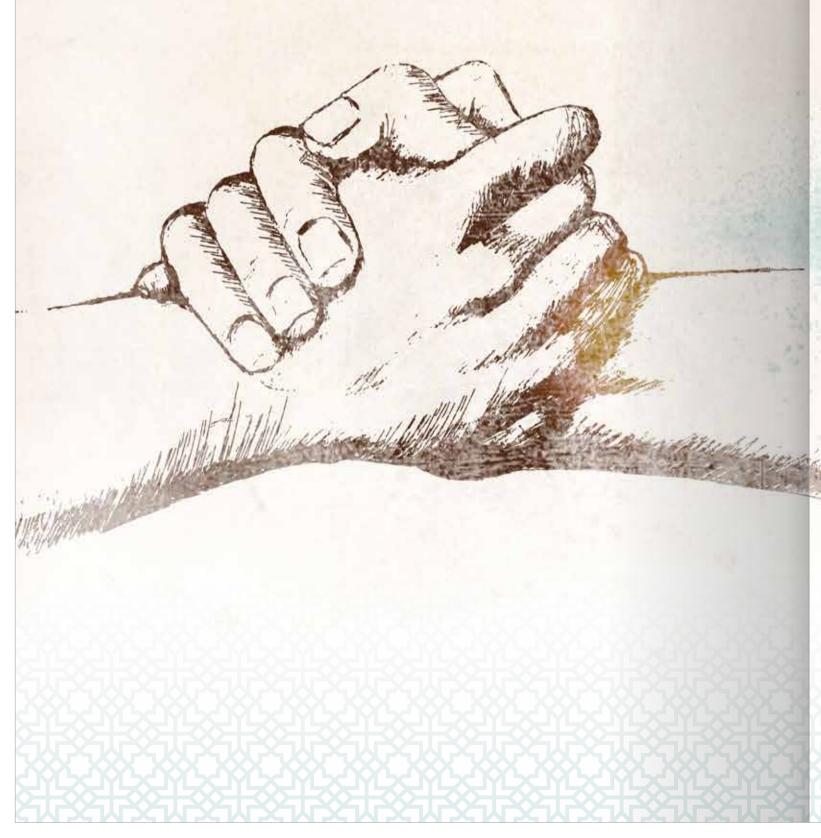
PAKISTAN BANKING AWARDS

Pakistan Banking Awards 2023 The Definitive Benchmark For Banking Excellence WINNER Best Emerging Bank Faysal Bank Ltd.

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Directors' Profile

Mian Muhammad Younis Chairman

Mian Mohammad Younis' distinguished professional journey spans over 39 years, career. He, after completing his Master's degree in economics joined the civil service of Pakistan. During his public service in Government, he further enhanced his knowledge, skill and expertise, by attending various educational and professional courses/workshops, which include, "Project Appraisal & Risk Management course" at Duke University USA. , Assessing Financial System Stability (IMF Institute, Singapore), Promotion of Direct Foreign Investment (Osaka, Japan), Promotion of Agro Based Industry (Manila Philippines), Islamic Banking (Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia), Anti-Money Laundering and Corporate Governance & Leadership Skills from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).

Mian Younis during his public service remained closely associated with reforms carried out in Public Finance, Banking and Financial Sector, Corporate Sector Governance, Rules, Regulations and Audit Procedures. He was also Head of Inter-Governmental Finance Wing (IGF), Regulation Wing (RW), and Human Resource Wing (HRW) of Finance Division as Additional Finance Secretary (AFS). He was also Secretary to National Finance Commission (NFC) from 2003 to 2010 and was the first Chief Operating Officer (COO) of Khushal Pakistan Fund Limited (KPF) under Finance Division. He supervised not only the Expenditure budget of the Federal Government but also implemented Public Sector Development Programs (PSDP) of Finance Division from 2001 to 2011,

Affected recovery of loans extended to Provincial Governments and other Public Sector entities by the Federal Government, and assisted State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in managing the overdraft position of provinces, AJK, and various Public Sector Corporations from 2003 to 2011. Therefore, has in depth understanding of economic policies, fiscal matters and governmental procedures. In this context, he worked in different governmental, semi-governmental departments and Autonomous Bodies i.e. FBR, Economic Affair Division (EAD), M/O F&A, BOI, Pakistan Software Export Board (PSEB) and Finance Division. He played a pivotal role in establishing various funds including "Relief Funds" and was instrumental in framing their accounting procedures, Financial / Investment Rules in consultation with Controller General of Accounts (CGA) and Auditor General of Pakistan's Office. He completed the process of liquidation of Federal Bank for Cooperative (FBC) and Agriculture Marketing, and Storage Limited (AMSL) as liquidator. He contributed towards policy formulation as a member of boards of various Corporate Sector entities and banks.

Mian Younis was on the Board of Directors of Meezan Bank Limited and remained Chairman. Board Audit Committee & Member Risk Management Committee, for about three years. He has been a member on the Board of Directors of Faysal Bank Limited (FBL) since April 2014 and elected as Chairman of FBL on July 17, 2023. He is also the Chairman, Board Strategy Committee of FBL. He also served as a Chairman Board Audit and Corporate Governance Committee (BACGC), Member Recruitment, Nomination and Remuneration Committee (RNRC) and Member Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) during his tenure. He, as director, provided valuable insights and strategic direction contributing to the bank's growth, Audit, compliance with Islamic finance principles and overall success in the financial sector. He is known for strong leadership qualities, strategic thinking and expertise in financial matters, navigated complex economic landscapes and formulating policies that balance financial prudence with social responsibility.



Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery Vice Chairman

Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Bucheery holds MBA from the University of Glamorgan, Wales (UK), and is a Fellow Member of the Institute of Financial Accountants, London (UK) and the Institute of Public Accountants, Australia. He also holds Executive Management Diploma from the University of Bahrain and Advance Banking Diploma from the Bahrain Institute of Banking and Finance. He is also a certified Director from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance.

Till 30 September 2022, Ahmed Bucheery was the Chief Executive Officer of Ithmaar Group, including Ithmaar Bank, and retired on 1 October 2022. He started his career in the Accounting Department with Aluminum Bahrain followed by Chase Manhattan Bank (currently J.P. Morgan) as Head of Financial Control. He then joined National Bank of Bahrain where he served for 28 years in various executive levels and in different capacities, including Manager Foreign Exchange and Funding, Chief Internal Auditor and Assistant General Manager of Corporate Services Group.

Ahmed Bucheery held simultaneously dual roles of Deputy Chief Executive Officer at Shamil Bank and Chief Operating Officer at Ithmaar Bank for approximately four years. In 2013 he was appointed as CEO, Ithmaar Bank. Currently, Ahmed Bucheery serves as Vice Chairman of Faysal Bank Limited (Pakistan) and Vice Chairman of Naseej (Bahrain).

Mr. Yousaf Hussain President & CEO

Mr. Yousaf Hussain, President & CEO Faysal Bank since 2017, has around 30 years of rich professional experience. He has been associated with Faysal Bank since August 2008 and previously held senior management positions within Corporate & Investment Banking, Special Assets Management and Risk Management Groups.

His earlier assignments have primarily been with ABN AMRO Bank, where he held multiple senior managerial positions, mainly within Corporate Banking.

Under his leadership, Faysal Bank has been able to fully transform from a conventional interest-based bank to a full-fledged Islamic bank. The transformation has been independently validated by the International Islamic Rating Agency as the World's largest Islamic Banking transformation to date.

Additionally, over the past five years, the Bank successfully implemented a customer-focused growth plan which was based on significant expansion of its branch network, introduction of a diverse range of Islamic banking products, and launch of user-friendly digital channels utilizing the latest technology platforms. As a result of its conversion and ongoing growth, Faysal Bank is now positioned as a leading Islamic bank in Pakistan, with a widespread network of 700 branches spread across 270 cities.

Yousaf is an Electrical engineer with an MBA from LUMS. He is a member of the Executive Committee of Pakistan Banking Association, a Council Member of the Institute of Bankers-Pakistan, Director at Pakistan Business Council and Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. He is also a member of the Management Committee of IBA- CEIF (Centre for Excellence in Islamic Finance).





Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez Director

Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez has over 35 years' work experience in the field of banking in the United Kingdom, Bahrain and Pakistan. His last position was that of the Chief Operating Officer of the Faysal Islamic Bank of Bahrain BSC., till 1994. He was also the first CEO of the former Faysal Investment Bank Limited, Pakistan (later merged with Faysal Bank Limited, Pakistan). Additionally, he has served on the boards of banks including the Ithmaar Bank BSC, Bahrain, AlBaraka Bank Pakistan Limited, Faysal Islamic Bank of Bahrain BSC, Faysal Investment Bank of Bahrain EC and the Faysal Investment Bank Limited, Pakistan. He holds B.A. degree from the University of the Punjab and fellowship of the Institute of Islamic Banking and Insurance, London, U.K.

Mr. Ali Munir Director

Mr. Ali Munir has a BA degree from Government College Lahore and an LLB Degree From The University of Punjab, Lahore. He has over thirty years' experience as a Chartered Accountant. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. He was also a member of Investment Management Regulatory Organisation and the Securities Association (now known as the SFA) in England. He joined MCB Bank Ltd. in 1999 and has previously held senior positions at Citibank, Saudi American Bank and Habib Bank. In 2005, he was awarded the M.A Mozaffar Memorial Gold Medal from the SBP and Institute of Bankers in relation to his services to banking reforms in Pakistan and Agriculture Finance. He was previously the Chairman of the SBP Committee for Agricultural Finance and also the Chairman of the SBP Committee for Islamic Banking.





Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul

Director

Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, England, certified Director from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance and holds a Bachelors Degree in Accounting, from Cairo (1980).

Key Positions Held:

- Fellow member of the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants, England
- Certified Director from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance
- Bachelor Degree in Accounting, Cairo (1980).
- Executive General Manager, Ithmaar Bank BSC, Bahrain (2010-2013).
- General Manager MFAI (Jersey) (2000 2010), then (2013 Present), wholly owned subsidiary of the DMI Group.
- Executive Senior Manager, Shamil Bank of Bahrain BSC (formerly, Faysal Islamic Bank of Bahrain) 1988-2000.
- Board Memberships: Faysal Bank, Pakistan; CITIC International Asset Management, Hong Kong; Chairman of Egyptian Investments Co, Egypt; Gulf Investors Asset Management Co., Saudi Arabia (until 2021); United Bank of Albania (until 2011); in addition to entities ranging from trading, industrial, real estate development in Bahrain, Cayman, and Egypt.
- Worked with Touché Ross, London (now Deloitte), and Peat Marwick Mitchell Bahrain (now KPMG) –Chartered Accountants
- Lead restructuring of Group institutions as well as major Mergers & Acquisitions

Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi Director

Mr. Abdulelah AlQasimi has more than 38 years of diversified management experience. His previous positions include Chief Executive of the Labor Fund (Tamkeen), from which he resigned in May 2010, Deputy Chief Executive Officer of Labor Fund Project at the Bahrain Economic Development Board, Assistant Undersecretary for Training at the Bahrain Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs, Director of Engineering and Maintenance at the Bahrain Ministry of Health. He has also served as the Chairman of the Bahrain Qualifications Framework Steering Committee and the Steering Committee of Career Expo and was a Board member of the Bahrain Society of Engineers and the Bahrain Consumer Protection Society.

He is currently a Chairman of Ithmaar Dilmunia General Partner Co. and Member of the Board of Naseej BSC, Faysal Bank Limited (Pakistan) and a member of the Board of Trustees of Arabian Pearl Gulf School.

Abdulelah AlQasimi holds a BSc in Civil Engineering from Queen Mary College University of London, UK, and MSc in Health Facility Planning from the University of North London, UK, and a Diploma in Health Care Management from the Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, Bahrain. He is also a certified Director from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance.





Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb Director

Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb has more than 22 years of experience in banking and currently he is the Chief Executive Officer of Ithmaar Holding B.S.C., Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (c) & IB Capital B.S.C. (c), Bahrain. Besides that, he has a strong work experience in a number of banking functions; including Islamic financial services, corporate banking, capital markets and credits. Prior to joining Ithmaar Bank, he held senior positions in various banks and financial institutions including BMI Bank, First Investment Bank, Shamil Bank and Khaleej Finance & Investments.

Abdulla Taleb is a certified Arbitrator by G.C.C. Commercial Arbitration Centre specialized in Banking & Finance and has a Master's in Business Administration from DePaul University, a Bachelor's Degree in Banking & Finance from Kingdom University and Associate Diploma in Economics Banking and Finance from University of Bahrain. He also holds an Advanced Diploma in Islamic Banking from Bahrain Institute of Banking and Finance. In addition Abdulla is a certified Director from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance.

Ms. Fatima Asad Khan Director

Fatima Asad-Said is the CEO of Abacus Consulting Technology, a leading international professional services firm committed to transforming clients by delivering world class technology, consulting, and outsourcing solutions through high performing people and global strategic partnerships. Over 24 years, Fatima's professional experience embodies thought leadership, value creation, and delivering transformative solutions in Corporate Governance, Digital Transformation, Enterprise Technology Solutions, Strategic Change, Human Capital Management across multiple sectors and industries. Through partnering with leading solution providers such as SAP, Google Cloud, Huawei, UiPath, Mercer, and other providers, she leads Abacus towards sustaining the transformation partner of choice position.

A MBA graduate from LUMS, she started her career with Coopers & Lybrand International and then PricewaterhouseCoopers. Her leadership journey includes serving on various Boards as an independent director such as Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS), Faysal Bank, Kashf Foundation, Bata Pakistan, Kaarvan Crafts Foundation and Interloop Limited. She also holds a Corporate Director Certification from Harvard Business School and PICG, and a member of Diversity and Inclusion Hub Leadership Council, Women Executives on Boards and YPO Global forums.





Mr. Mohsin Tariq Director

Mr. Mohsin Tariq boasts over 14 years of extensive professional experience in the Petro-Chemicals and Chemical Industries, showcasing his adept leadership skills as the Executive Director of Nimir Chemicals Pakistan Limited. Under his guidance, the company's financial statements achieved unprecedented success.

Having earned his B.Sc. in Business Management from Brunel University, West London, and an M.Sc. in International Management from School of Oriental and African Studies (SOAS), London, Mr. Mohsin Tarig is well-versed in the nuances of his field.

In May 2020, he was elected as an Independent Director on the Board of Faysal Bank Limited. Notably, from 2015 to 2018, he also served on the board of another chemical company, M/s NIMIR INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS LTD. Currently, he holds a position on the board of Nimir Trading (Pvt) Ltd..

In response to the dynamic business landscape, Mr. Mohsin Tariq actively engages in staying abreast of evolving challenges. He has also attended the Directors' Training Program at LUMS.

Beyond his professional pursuits, Mr. Mohsin Tariq is an active member of civil society and contributes to various reputable charitable organizations, demonstrating a commitment to social responsibility.

Ms. Sadia Khan Director

Sadia Khan is a seasoned fintech executive with over twenty years of industry experience largely on the product development and technology side. Out of the total experience, 12 years have been at COO, CEO, and board level roles. Most recently, Sadia was CEO of AutoSoft Dynamics, a Made-In-Pakistan product-based company providing globally competitive core banking and related software.

Under Sadia's leadership AutoSoft's customer base has grown and today its solutions power both leading local banks within Pakistan and global banks in South Sudan, Zambia, Bahrain, and Afghanistan. She has led several successful core banking and lending system migrations (Faysal Bank, Al Baraka Bank, Sindh Bank, PMRC), mobile wallet implementations (Finca Microfinance Bank, Allied Bank), and treasury system installations (Bank of Punjab, National Bank of Pakistan, Askari Bank).

Sadia has extensive experience in managing large scale software development and technology projects. Under her leadership, AutoSoft Dynamics developed the digital banking technology for Pakistan's first smartphone based mobile wallet (SimSim) and subsequently, Allied Bank's mobile wallet solution.

In 2022, Sadia led AutoSoft's acquisition by Contour Software (Private) Limited, an indirect subsidiary of Constellation Software, Inc., a publicly traded company on the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX: CSU) with a market capitalization of \$36 Billion and over 16,000 employees.

Sadia has a bachelor's degree in Computer Science from Rutgers University, USA. She serves on the board of directors of Kashf Foundation, Naseeb Online Services (Rozee.pk), Naseeb Networks and Punjab Information Technology Board.





Senior Management Profiles

Mr. Yousaf Hussain President & CEO

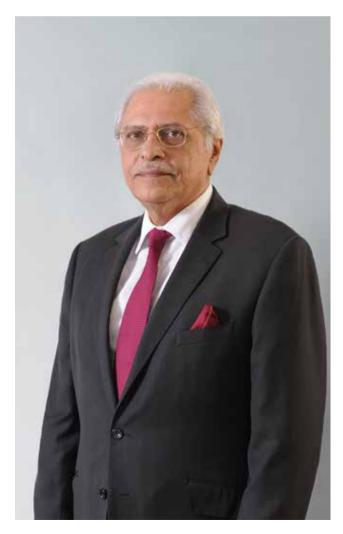
Mr. Yousaf Hussain has 30 years of professional experience, primarily at ABN AMRO Bank where he held multiple senior managerial positions including those within the Corporate / Credit and Transaction Banking functions. He has been with Faysal Bank since August 2008, with a significant contribution to the

franchise in his previous positions as Chief Risk Officer, Regional Corporate Banking Head-North and Head of Special Assets Management Group. His experience also includes a senior role with Samba Bank and earlier assignments with Mashreq Bank and Mobilink / Motorola. Mr. Yousaf Hussain has a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering and has done his MBA from Lahore University of Management Sciences.

Mr. Raheel Ijaz Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Raheel Ijaz has over four decades of work experience. Before assuming this position, he accumulated a rich banking experience in institutions like MCB Bank Limited as Group Head Compliance and Controls, Country Head Sri Lanka, Head Corporate North & Public Sector, United Bank Limited as Regional Chief Executive North and also held key positions in Faysal Bank, Prime Commercial Bank and Emirates Bank International. His last role with Faysal Bank Limited was as Head Compliance. Mr. Raheel Ijaz holds an MBA degree from Quaid-e-Azam International University.





Mr. Shuja Haider Head Treasury & ECM

Mr. Shuja Haider is a seasoned professional with over two decades of experience within the dynamic landscape of major national and international financial institutions in Pakistan and the Middle East. His diverse expertise encompasses Treasury and Risk Management, Asset and Liability Management, Foreign Exchange, Capital Markets and Derivatives, in both conventional and Islamic products. Currently serving as the Group Head of Treasury & ECM at Faysal Bank, he adeptly manages a team overseeing diverse financial aspects, from foreign exchange to Equity Capital Markets. Mr. Haider's exceptional proficiency and leadership qualities have played an instrumental role in building a strong treasury team and setting up the treasury functions of 'Pak Brunei'.

Prior to joining Faysal Bank Limited, Mr. Shuja Haider has held senior positions at prominent financial institutions such as Al-Rajhi Banking and Investment Corporation in Riyadh, National Bank of Pakistan, Pak-Brunei Investment Company and Soneri Bank. His remarkable experience and tenure at these organizations of great repute is a testimony of his unwavering commitment to excellence and noteworthy contribution to the industry at large. Mr. Haider holds a Master's degree in Business Administration.



Mr. Syed Majid Ali Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Majid Ali is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and has over three decades of experience in the field of accounts and finance disciplines of banking with exposure in IT and HR activities. He has been associated as CFO at Saudi Pak Commercial Bank Limited (now Silk Bank Limited) and Emirates Bank International PJSC (Pakistan operations). He has also served as Partner in KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co, Chartered Accountants. Mr. Majid Ali has rich experience in Banking Finance amid mergers and acquisitions. He has also supervised Strategy, Technology and Administration Functions at Faysal Bank Limited.



Mr. Nasir Islam Head, Internal Audit

Mr. Nasir Islam is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. He is a senior professional with more than 31 years of Banking experience having lead Internal Audit, Compliance and Finance functions. Mr. Islam has also been leading Business Process Re-engineering, Change Management and Acquisition / Integration projects. He has been working as a Senior Executive in senior management committees and been instrumental in formulation and implementation of the risk and control environment including the creation of various risk and control committees allowing senior executives to understand and mitigate risk issues across their respective areas / functions. He has also been working with Board and its Committees in implementing good Corporate Governance practices and setting up corporate governance, risk management and compliance policies within the organization.

Mr. Jaudat Hussain Head, Retail Banking

Mr. Jaudat Hussain brings with him over 27 years of professional experience in Retail, Commercial and Consumer Branch Banking. Prior to joining Faysal Bank he has served at key positions in Standard Chartered, MCB, United Bank, NIB Bank and Habib Bank. Prior to his current appointment as Head Retail Banking, he has also held the position of Head Branch Distribution at Faysal Bank. He holds a Master of Business Administration degree from Indiana University of Pennsylvania, USA, and International Capital Markets Qualifications from Securities Institute London, U.K.





Mian Salman Ali Chief Risk Officer

Mr. Salman Ali brings with him a banking experience of over 20 years in large local and multinational banks. During his career, he has held various leadership/supervisory roles in business and control functions. Mr. Ali has a diversified experience in the field of Corporate Banking, Commercial / SME Banking & Credit / Risk Management and serves as a director at Faysal Asset Management Limited. Prior to joining Faysal Bank, he has been associated with ABN AMRO Pakistan and Allied Bank. Mian Salman holds a Master's of Business Administration degree from Lahore School of Economics. He is also a certified Islamic Banking Professional from NIBAF.

Mr. Muhammad Aurangzeb Amin Company Secretary & Head, Legal

Mr. Aurangzeb Amin brings with him over 27 years of experience in the Financial Sector and Legal Consultancies both in Pakistan and in the USA. During his career, he has worked with NIB Bank and Pak-Kuwait Investment Co. as Company Secretary and Head Legal. He has also worked with law firms locally and internationally, including Orr, Dignam & Co. and Surridge & Beecheno. He has a Master of Laws degree from Temple University, USA.





Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi Head Operations and Strategy

Mr. Fraz Zaidi brings with him over 19 years of experience in the financial services sector, where he has held leadership roles in Finance, Risk Advisory and Strategy. Prior to joining Faysal Bank, he has been associated with organizations such as H & H Exchange Co. (Pvt.), A. F. Ferguson & Co. and United Bank. His last assignment was Head Operational Risk & Basel-II Division at United Bank. Mr. Fraz Zaidi is a Chartered Accountant from the Institute of Chartered Accountants, Pakistan and serves as a director at Faysal Asset Management Limited.

Mr. Monis Mirza Head Human Resources

Mr. Monis Mirza has over 27 years of leadership experience in Human Capital Management, Mergers & Acquisitions, Cultural Integration and Business Growth in multiple geographies. During his career, he has held key positions in Procter and Gamble (P&G), Standard Chartered Bank in Pakistan and Tenova Canada. He remained Director of Human Resources and a Management Committee member for SCB Pakistan for over a decade, and helped the bank manage organic and inorganic business growth, drive productivity through engagement and organizational design efficiencies. His last assignment was with HRS Global as Chief Executive Officer – Recruiting. Mr. Mirza acquired his B.E. Electrical Engineering degree from University of Buffalo, USA and MBA degree in Human Resources from Institute of Business Administration, Karachi. He has also completed an advance diploma in Human Resources from McMaster University, Canada.





Mr. Bashir Ahmed Sheikh Head Special Assets Management

Mr. Bashir Ahmed Sheikh has five decades of diversified domestic as well as international banking experience of Operations, Corporate Banking, Commercial/Retail Banking, Investment and Risk Management, with a proven record of superior performance throughout his career. He has strong skills in Syndications, Advisory Services, Acquisitions, Mergers, Privatizations, Agriculture Financing, Remedial Management, Compliance and dealing with the Regulators amid other relevant agencies. Prior to joining Faysal Bank in 2018, he has been associated with United Bank , Union National Bank, BCCI, Indus Bank, Askari Bank, Faysal Bank and Bank Alfalah. His last assignment was Group Head Special Assets Management at Bank Alfalah. Mr. Bashir Ahmed Sheikh holds a graduation degree from University of Punjab. He is also a Graduate of Executive Development Program, Johnson Graduate School of Management, USA.

Mr. Muhammad Faisal Shaikh Head, Product, Shariah Structuring & Organizational Transformation

Mr. Muhammad Faisal Shaikh has over 23 years of experience in the field of Shariah Structuring, Compliance and Shariah Compliant Product Development. He played key role in the Islamic conversion process of Faysal Bank and ensured smooth conversion of the bank's business. Prior to joining Faysal Bank Limited, he was associated with BankIslami Pakistan Ltd. and Meezan Bank Ltd. He has been instrumental in the development of various pioneering Islamic Corporate & Consumer Banking Products and Sukuk structures in Pakistan He led the team which converted conventional assets and liabilities of KASB Bank Ltd. after its acquisition by BankIslami Pakistan Ltd. Prior to this, his team structured acquisition and conversion of Citibank's conventional housing finance portfolio by Banklslami Pakistan Ltd. He was an active member of the team responsible for conversion and merger of Pakistan operations of Societe Generale into Meezan Bank Ltd. He has also served as a member of different advisory committees of State Bank of Pakistan on Islamic Banking. Mr. Shaikh is a graduate of Institute of Business Administration, Karachi.





Mr. Aneeq Malik Head Consumer Finance

Mr. Aneeq Malik is a solutions-focused banker with over 22 years of rich experience overseeing the compliance function, branch operations and consumer finance. Prior to joining Faysal Bank Limited, he has been associated with banks like ABN AMRO and MCB. Mr. Aneeq Malik is recognized for being both reactive to developments in the regulatory and governance environment and proactive in areas related to compliance education and training. Highly adept in identifying gaps and / or risk exposure in operations as well as developing and implementing strong systems of check and balances. He holds a graduation degree from Punjab University, Lahore. He is a certified expert in Corporate Governance (PICG). He is also certified from NIBAF in Islamic Banking. He is on the Board of Directors of M/s. 1Link (Guarantee) Ltd., as a nominee director from Faysal Bank Limited as well.

Mr. Abadullah Chief Compliance Officer

Mr. Abadullah brings with him over three decades of diversified experience of Branch Banking, Trade, Operations and Compliance. Prior to joining Faysal Bank Limited, he has been associated with Standard Chartered, ANZ Grindlays and United Bank. His last assignment with SCB was as Head Corporate Service Delivery. Prior to his current appointment as Chief Compliance Officer, he has also held the position of Head Operations at Faysal Bank. Mr. Abadullah has been instrumental in implementing various projects and had led teams which migrated core banking systems in Faysal Bank. He is a certified GRC professional from GRCP International and diploma holder from Institute of Bankers in Pakistan. He holds a Master of Business Administration (Finance) degree from IBA, University of Punjab and is a certified director from ICMA Pakistan.





Syed Hasan Jafri Head Information Technology

Mr. Hasan Jafri brings with him over 38 years of diversified experience in both financial and non-financial sectors. Mr. Jafri is an accomplished technology professional having experience in Networking, Software design, Product development, Information security, Internet and Telecommunication technologies. Prior to joining Faysal Bank, he has been associated with organizations such as Shahnawaz Limited, Karachi Stock Exchange, Arif Habib Corporation, Summit Bank and Allied Bank. His last assignment was Group Head Information Technology at Allied Bank . Mr. Hasan Jafri holds a Master of Information Technology degree from PIMSAT, Karachi.

Mr. Ali Waqar Head Corporate & Investment Banking

Mr. Ali Waqar has over 21 years of professional experience, primarily in the field of Corporate & Investment Banking, and Commercial Banking. Throughout his professional career, he has been instrumental in driving the organization's profitability through a diverse mix of transactions including Structured Finance, Project Finance, Mergers & Acquisitions and Derivatives. He has served at key positions in leading multinationals as well as local organizations including ABN AMRO Bank N.V., Barclays Bank Plc. and Faysal Bank. Prior to his current assignment, Mr. Ali Waqar spearheaded Faysal Bank's Regional Corporate Banking franchise for 9 years as the 'Corporate Head-Central' where he contributed significantly towards sustainable portfolio and revenue growth. Mr. Waqar holds an M.Sc. degree in Economics and Finance from Lahore School of Economics.





Mr. Amin ur Rehman Chief Digital Officer

Mr. Amin ur Rehman has a rich experience of over 21 years in both financial and non-financial sectors and holds a Hons and Master's degree from Institute of Business Administration. Having worked in the Banking industry, Public Utility and Global Payment Schemes, he has a diversified exposure where prior to joining Faysal Bank, he was associated with UBL, Visa Worldwide, K-Electric, Atlas Bank and HBL. His experience in the digital domain includes collaborating with Fintechs in developing their go-to-market strategy and he has played a key role in expanding digital merchant acceptance while driving business sustainability. At Faysal Bank, he is currently spear-heading the digital transformation journey by focusing on increasing the Bank's digital foot-print and creating digital enablement for key business verticals across the Bank.



Shariah Board - Profiles

Mufti Muhammad Mohib ul Haq Siddiqui

Chairman Shariah Board

Mufti Mohib ul Haq is a prominent and a well-recognized Shariah scholar of international repute. His credentials include a specialized degree in Shahadat-ul-Aalamia (Masters in Arabic and Islamic Studies) and Al-Takhassus fial-Iftaa' (Specialization in Islamic Jurisprudence and Fatwa) from the esteemed Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi.

Mufti Mohib ul Haq has a diversified experience of more than 20 years in Islamic Finance Industry. He has been associated with Faysal Islamic Banking since 2011, as the Shariah Advisor, prior to his appointment as the Chairman Shariah Board. He is also a Shariah Board Member of Bank Alfalah Limited and Bank Al Habib Limited.

Previously, he has served as the Shariah Advisor / Shariah Board Member at various Financial Institutions which include:

- Bank Al Habib Limited
- Takaful Pakistan Limited
- Royal Bank of Scotland Berhad, Malaysia
- JS Islamic Mutual Fund

Mufti Mohib ul Haq has significant research experience related to Islamic Finance and other Shariah related subjects. Further, he is also a member of the State Bank of Pakistan's Committee for Shariah review, standardization of Islamic products and processes, and formalization of Accounting & Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI") Shariah standards for the Pakistan banking industry. He is also an experienced lecturer and trainer in the field of Islamic Finance, Figh and Islamic Financial Laws at various institutions which include:

- Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi
- Centre for Islamic Economics ("CIE")
- National Institute of Banking and Finance ("NIBAF") SBP
- Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan ("ICMA")
- Institution of Business Administration- Centre for Excellence in Islamic Finance ("CEIF")

Mufti Muhammad Abdullah

Resident Shariah Board Member

Mufti Muhammad Abdullah is serving Faysal Bank Limited – Islamic Banking as Resident Shariah Board Member since 2018. Prior to his joining at Faysal Bank – Islamic Banking, he has worked as Resident Shariah Board Member and Head Shariah Compliance Department in Standard Chartered Bank Pakistan Limited (Saadiq Division). Further, Mufti Abdullah has worked as a member of the Shariah Compliance Department of Albaraka Bank Pakistan Limited. He has wide and diversified professional experience in Islamic finance industry.

In addition to above, he has significant experience in the field of teaching for Social Sciences, Management Sciences and Islamic Finance in renowned educational Institutions including National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences (NUCES – FAST), DHA Suffa University and IQRA University.

Mufti Abdullah possesses both contemporary as well as religious academic qualifications. He holds Shadat-ul-Aalamia from Jamia-tul-Uloom-ul-Islamiyyah, Binori Town, Karachi (Equivalency of Degree: M.A. Islamic Studies and Arabic awarded by University of Karachi & Higher Education Commission - Pakistan) and Al-Takhassus Fil Fiqh Al Islami (specialization in Islamic Jurisprudence) from Jamia Darul-Uloom Rasheedia, Karachi. He also holds Master's degrees in Arabic, Economics & Finance and General History from University of Karachi, Islamic Studies, History from Federal Urdu University and Muslim History from University of Sind. Moreover, he has been awarded "Certificate of Director Education" in "Corporate Governance Leadership Skills (CGLS)" from "Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG)" and also awarded "Certified Shariah Advisor & Auditor" (CSAA) from "Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions" (AAOIFI) and he is also registered as a Shariah Advisor in Security Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

Dr. Mufti Khalil Ahmad Aazami

Shariah Board Member

Dr. Mufti Khalil Ahmad Aazami is a renowned Shariah Scholar in the Islamic Banking industry. Dr. Aazami has graduated from Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi. He obtained his Shahadat-ul-Aalamia (Masters in Arabic and Islamic Studies) and Al-Takhassus fi al-Iftaa' (Specialization in Islamic Jurisprudence and Fatwa) from Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi. Dr. Aazami holds a Doctorate degree in "Islamic Jurisprudence" from University of Karachi.

Dr. Aazami is working with Bank Alfalah Limited-Islamic Banking since 2003 in the capacity of Shariah Advisor and now serving Bank Alfalah Limited-Islamic Banking as Chairperson Shariah Board since 2015. He is also a Shariah Board Member of National Bank of Pakistan-Islamic Banking and Faysal Bank Limited-Islamic Banking.

Dr. Aazami has served as Shariah Advisor / Shariah Board Member in different financial institutions including:

- Takaful Pakistan Limited (2005 2014)
- Alfalah GHP Islamic Fund (2007 2014)

Dr. Aazami has significant research experience related to Islamic Finance and other Shariah related subjects. Furthermore, he is the member of AAOIFI Shariah Standards Committee (Karachi). He is an author of numerous publications. He is also an experienced lecturer and trainer in the field of Islamic Finance, Economics, Figh, Islamic Financial Laws and General Islamic Science at various institutions which include:

- Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi
- Centre for Islamic Economics ("CIE")
- National Institute of Banking and Finance ("NIBAF") SBP
- Sheikh Zayed Islamic Centre University of Karachi
- Institution of Business Administration- Centre for Excellence in Islamic Finance ("CEIF")

Mufti Abdul Basit

Shariah Board Member

Mufti Abdul Basit is serving Faysal Bank Limited-Islamic banking as Shariah Board Member since July 2021. Prior to his joining the Shariah Board, he has served as Shariah Scholar (Assistant Manager Shariah Support) at Product Management and Development Department Faysal Bank Limited-Islamic Banking.

Mufti Abdul Basit possesses both contemporary as well as religious academic qualifications. He holds Shadat-ul-Aalamia (Masters in Islamic Studies & Arabic) from the esteemed Jamia Darul Uloom, Karachi and Takhassus Fiqh-ul-Muamlaat from Jamia Tur Rasheed, Karachi. He also holds graduation degree from University of Karachi in the field of Commerce.

Mufti Abdul Basit has wide and diversified professional and educational experience. He has extensive experience in Islamic Banking in product development with Faysal Bank limited. He has significant experience in the field of teaching at renowned institutions as a Permanent and Visiting Faculty Member of various Institutions such as:

- Sheikh Zayed Islamic Centre University of Karachi
- AL Ihsan Courses

He also holds certificate of 'Certified Shariah Adviser & Auditor' ("CSAA") from Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI"), Bahrain. Further, He also holds certificate of 'NIBAF Islamic Banking Certificate Course - Capacity Building of Shariah Scholars' organized by National Institute of Banking And Finance State Bank of Pakistan.

SCFR (PK) 1 Highest Shariah Rating Attainable Islamic International Rating Agency.





Senior Management and Internal Committees

Senior Management Committee

Yousaf Hussain Chairman

Raheel Ijaz Member

Syed Majid Ali Member & Secretary

Shuja Haider Member

Jaudat Hussain Member

Abadullah Member

Ali Waqar Member

Mian Salman Ali Member

Bashir Ahmed Sheikh Member

Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi Member

Monis Mirza Member

Aneeq Malik Member

Syed Hasan Jafri Member

Muhammad Faisal Shaikh Member

Syed Amin Ur Rehman Member

Asim Jilani Member

IT Steering Committee

Yousaf Hussain Chairman

Raheel Ijaz Member

Syed Majid Ali Member

Mian Salman Ali Member

Muhammad Maad Member

Muhammad Abadullah Member

Syed Hasan Jafri Member

Syed Tahir Rizavi Member

Imran Saeed Chaudhry Member & Secretary

Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi Member

Syed Amin Ur Rehman Member

Jaudat Hussain Member

Asset & Liability Committee

Yousaf Hussain Chairman

Shuja Haider Member & Secretary

Jaudat Hussain Member

Ali Waqar Member

Mian Salman Ali Member

Syed Majid Ali Member

Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi Member

Muhammad Faisal Shaikh Member

Aneeq Malik Member

Investment Committee

Yousaf Hussain Chairman

Shuja Haider Member & Secretary

Ali Waqar Member

Mian Salman Ali Member

Syed Majid Ali Member

Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi Member

Sheraz Nasir Member

Country Credit Committee

Yousaf Hussain Chairman

Mian Salman Ali Member & Secretary

Ali Waqar Member

Jaudat Hussain Member

Compliance & Fraud Risk Committee

Yousaf Hussain Chairman

Raheel Ijaz Member

Abadullah Member & Secretary

Syed Majid Ali Member

Mian Salman Ali Member

Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi Member

Jaudat Hussain Member

Monis Mirza Member

Enterprise Risk Management Committee

Yousaf Hussain Chairman

Raheel Ijaz Member

Shuja Haider Member

Syed Majid Ali Member

Mian Salman Ali Member

Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi Member

Abadullah Member

Muhammad Maad Member

Sheikh Muhammad Asif Member

Sheraz Nasir Member & Secretary

Management Strategy Committee

Yousaf Hussain Chairman

Raheel Ijaz Member

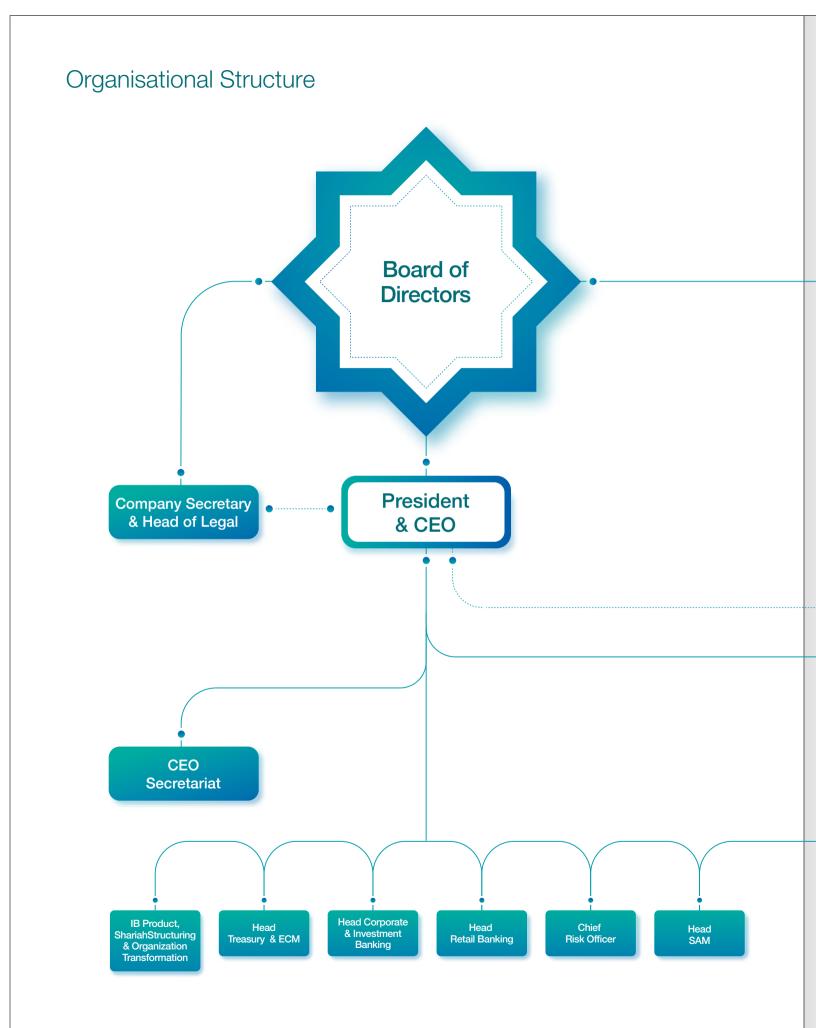
Syed Majid Ali Member

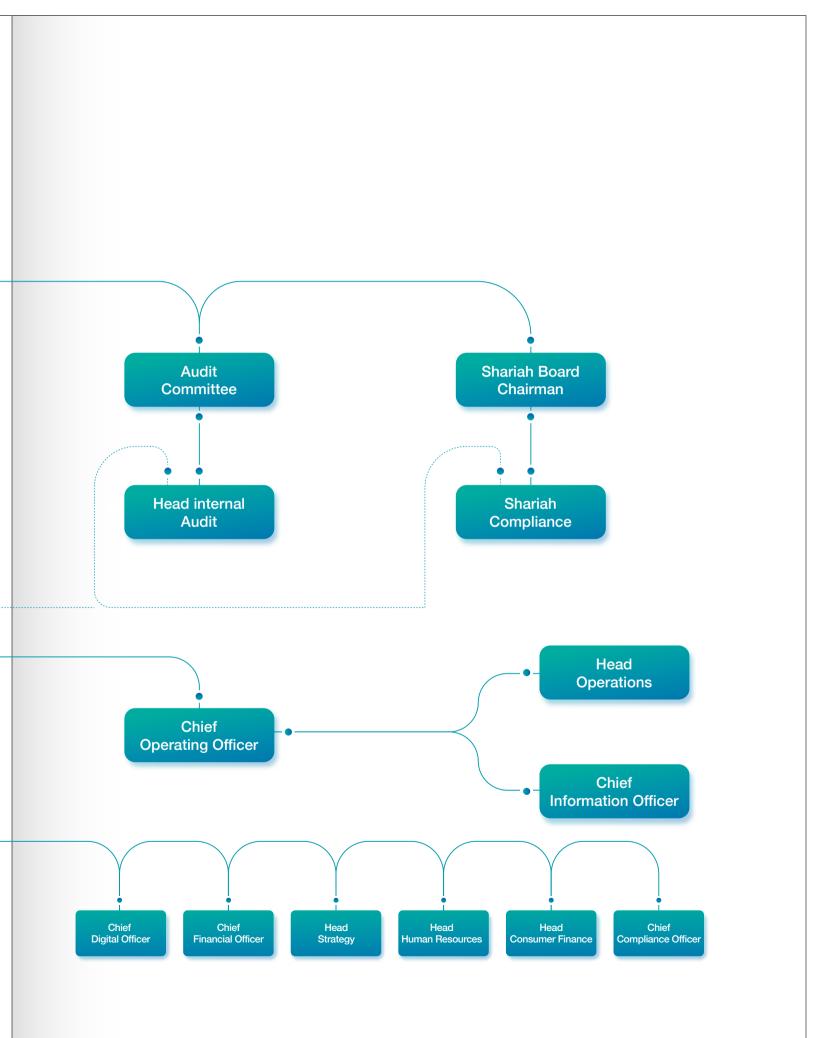
Jaudat Hussain Member

Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi Member

Syed Amin Ur Rehman Member

Syed Tahir Rizavi Member & Secretary





Board Committees and Terms of Reference

Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee (BACGC)

- To oversee the integrity of the accounting and financial reporting processes as well as of the Financial Statements with focus on compliance with applicable accounting and reporting standards to give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Bank.
- To oversee the Bank's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.
- To oversee the Internal Control Framework (both policies as well as procedures), established by the Management, to ensure the compliance of applicable Laws and Regulations and to ensure the adherence of Accounting and Reporting Standards.
- To oversee adherence of employees and management to Bank's Control Framework and Code of Conduct.
- Selection and recommendation of the External Auditor to the BOD, after, thorough analysis of qualification and competence, and ensuring its independence from the Management.
- Establishment and smooth functioning of an independent, objective and competent Internal Audit Group supported by adequate resources.
- To review the performance of Internal Audit Department (IAD) and External Auditors.
- Review and recommend to the Board of Directors the amendments in the internal audit policy.
- Approval of the Audit Manual, Assurance Level and Audit Rating System, prepared and presented by Head of IAD, after thorough discussion and analysis, with prime focus on Risk Based Audit Approach.
- To ensure that IAD is independent of the activities it audited and from the everyday internal control process and is adequately structured to achieve its chartered objectives and responsibilities.
- To oversee Shariah Audit Function, Credit Risk Review of Corporate portfolio and Management's actions for identification of gaps and implementation of controls as a preventive measure against frauds as stated in the fraud preventive policy.
- Review and discuss with Head IAD and Management, the status of implementation of the Committee's Decisions and reasons for any significant delay(s) together with Committee's direction for necessary actions.
- Formulation and approval of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) of Head Internal of Audit.
- To ensure independence of any investigation/disciplinary action against Head of Internal Audit or Internal Auditors.
- To review effectiveness of Whistle Blow mechanism of the Bank.
- Provision of reports to the Board regarding any other matter as per the requirement of BOD further communication with the relevant sub-committees of the Board/BOD regarding significant findings by Internal Audit or External Audit and their implementation status relating to their respective areas for consideration and follow-up for corrective actions thereon.
- Fulfillment of any other task/responsibility assigned by the Board as well as by the Regulators.

Board Strategic Planning and Business Transformation Committee (BSC)

Strategy Related Matters:

- Review periodically and make recommendations to the Board regarding:
 - Bank's Vision & Mission statements and strategic goals & objectives.
 - Bank's Strategic Plan and overall Strategy.
 - Matters of strategic importance including items such as mergers and acquisitions, potential new business avenues & strategic partnerships/ alliances, modifications to business & operating models, opportunities for growth & expansion of business, changes in technology and marketing strategies, enhanced customer experience etc.
- Assist management in the development of Bank's Corporate Strategy, including reviewing and discussing with the management the strategic direction, initiatives, key performance indicators (KPIs) and the risks associated with the Bank's strategy.

- Review the process for development, approval and modification of the Bank's strategy and Strategic Plan.
- Review key issues, risks and external developments impacting the Bank's strategy, and advise management in adopting the viable/ suitable options, based on management recommendations. Review tactical changes in strategic plan and initiatives, in response to key issues, risks and external developments, as recommended by the management.
- Review progress against strategic plan and key performance indicators to monitor Bank's progress against its strategic goals.
- Seek, review and make recommendations on performance measurement and recognition practices so that it remains aligned with the Bank's strategic objectives.
- · Review and approve capital expenditure, recurring and operating expenses and write-offs as per defined thresholds.
- Review, obtain updates and recommend annual branch network expansion plans including plans for overseas operations, setting-up companies/operations/offices in new overseas locations, for approval to the Board.
- Review and recommend Shariah Board reports in compliance with SBP Shariah Governance Framework, for approval to the Board.
- Review and recommend matters relating to the shareholders and related parties to the board, in consultation with the Chairman.
- Seek, review and make recommendations on Bank's resource allocation plan so that they remain aligned with Banks strategic objectives.
- Engage external consultants and seek expert advice on key strategic matters and plans, where-ever required.

Business Transformation Related Matters:

- Provide guidance to the management in conversion of FBL into an Islamic bank.
- Approve appointment of legal, accounting, Sharia's, tax and other consultants for this project.
- Review and approve Business Transformation Plan and Financials.
- Review progress on implementation of Business Transformation Plan and approve deviations from the plan.
- · Recommend to the Board, approval of sale of products and businesses, not viable under the Islamic setup, if any.

Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC)

- To establish and maintain a system to oversee risk management policies and principles.
- To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management process across the Bank.
- To establish and maintain a risk management framework to identify risks and to evaluate the alignment and effectiveness of risk management activities.
- To review the Bank's strategy from a risk perspective and ensure that it is prepared in accordance with the Bank's policies.
- To review and recommend to Board the Bank's overall risk appetite and delineating risk tolerance in relation to credit, market, liquidity, operational (including trade based money laundering risk, Shari'ah risk, legal risk, outsourcing risk, etc.), approve the exposure limits in relation to risk management strategies, and review compliance with these limits.
- To ensure a system to identify any exceptions to the appetite/ limits and the risk management policies and procedures; and to take timely corrective measures.
- To review Risk Management Information System reports, evaluate the findings and the appropriateness of the remedial measures and direct necessary actions, besides approving Credit related policies, Internal Risk rating policy and recommend the same for Board approval.
- Reviewing Product Programmes of lending/investment/derivative and Product Programmes related to new line of business and recommend them to the Board.
- Recommending to Board, delegation of authorities to management committees for achieving Board mandated strategic direction.

Board Information Technology Committee (BITC)

- To review and recommend IT Strategy and Digital Strategy of the Bank to the Board for approval.
- To advise and report to the Board on the status of technology activities and digital initiatives in the banks. To review and monitor the implementation of SBP 'Enterprise Technology Governance and Risk Management Framework'.
- To monitor the overall impact with regard to business, customer, control as well as the impact of Information Technology infrastructure and applications, to assess and address strategic gaps and issues.
- To monitor, oversee and optimize technology related investments and capital expenditure related to Information Technology and to recommend IT budget to the Board for approval.
- To reinforce Information Technology roles and responsibilities through relevant policies and to issue high level policy guidelines.
- To ensure that effective Risk Management strategies are designed and implemented to achieve resilience, including the ability to effectively
 respond to wide-scale disruptions, cyber-attacks and attacks on critical infrastructure.
- To monitor and track all major Technology related projects, ITG performance and IT Services Delivery.
- To review IT Capacity Planning and Resource Management (including financial, data & information, infrastructure & assets, human resource staff development, recruitment and the retention of skilled staff, vendors, etc.).

Recruitment, Nomination & Remuneration Committee (RN&RC)

- To ensure that HR policies and practices are in line with the market dynamics and business objectives of the Bank.
- To design competitive compensation programs that attract, retain and motivate staff to achieve business objectives of the organisation, while enhancing and sustaining shareholder value.
- To review the implementation of the revised State Bank's remuneration guidelines, and ensure that remuneration policy is align with the requirements of the guidelines.
- To periodically examine the Bank's remuneration policy.
- To review and recommend the HR policies of the Bank to the Board. Ensure development of new policies to help attract, retain, develop and motivate talent.
- To review the Management Structure/Organogram of the Bank.
- To review and recommend the selection/ appointment/ reappointment, evaluation, compensation, increments, performance bonuses, fringe benefits, including retirement benefits, and terms and conditions of service agreement of the CEO to the Board.
- To review and recommend to the Board the selection, evaluation and compensation of key executives of the Bank.
- To review and confirm the Job Descriptions of key executives, review and recommend the appointment and promotions of all key executives and general managers.
- To investigate and recommend resolutions to the Board of major violations of the code of business conduct and ethics that may relate to personnel or internal controls relating to human resource policies or benefits.
- To consider/review and recommend to the Board, the remunerations to be paid to the non-executive Directors of the Bank for attended Board and Board Committee meetings.
- To review and monitor the training and development budget.
- To look after any other matters relating to Human Resource Management.

Shariah Board

- To review and approve all the procedure manuals, product programs/structures, process flows, related agreements, marketing advertisements, sales illustrations and brochures so that they are in conformity with the rules and principles of Shariah.
- To take up and discuss with management all the significant and unresolved issues raised by Shariah compliance, internal Shariah audit, external Shariah audit and SBP's inspection report on Shariah Compliance and if necessary shall include all the significant outstanding issues in their annual Shariah Board Report.
- To issue annual Shariah Board report which will be placed before FBL BOD & will be published in FBL's annual report. The report will be based on the findings and reports of internal Shariah audit, external Shariah audit, Shariah compliance review and SBP Shariah Inspection.
 Furthermore, it shall also cover FBL IBD's Shariah compliance environment and conditions.
- To review the periodical report submitted by Head SCD on the Shariah compliance environment of FBL-IBD.
- To review the reports of Internal Shariah Audit, External Shariah Audit, Shariah Compliance Review and SBP Shariah Compliance Inspection, which shall be submitted to SB for consideration and prescribing appropriate enforcement action.
- To review and approve the Islamic Banking training plans.
- SB may discuss all the significant and unresolved issues with SBP inspection team during their on-site inspection.
- To review internal Shariah audit plan and to review & approve the scope, methodology, Internal Shariah audit manual and format of internal Shariah audit report.
- To undergo and attend training sessions and orientation programs related to the applicable legal and regulatory framework, banking, finance, treasury operations etc. to improve their understanding of such matters in the context of an Islamic Banking Institution (IBI).
- To ensure that engagements of the RSBM other than FBL shall not hinder his activities at the Bank.
- The SB shall not delegate any of its roles and responsibilities prescribed in the Shariah Governance framework to any other person or any of its members.
- To perform and finalize appraisal of SCD, including Head SCD.
- To refer any Shariah issue for seeking opinion from SBP Shariah Advisory Committee.
- Review responses to Shariah related queries of FBL-IBD's clients regarding FBL-IBD's products and services as submitted by SCD.
- To discuss the significant and unresolved issues with SBP inspection team during their on-site inspection.
- To assist and advise SCD in its review of the proposals to be submitted to the SB.
- RSBM of the bank shall not serve in any capacity whatsoever, at any other IBI.
- RSBM of the bank may serve as member of Shariah Board of upto two IFIs, with prior approval of SB.
- RSBM shall not hold any administrative and/or full-time position with any organization / institution other than the FBL.
- All meetings shall be chaired by the SB Chairman and in his absence one of the Shariah Scholar members, other than Resident Shariah Board Member, shall be elected as the acting Chairman to preside over the meeting.
- The minutes of the meeting shall be submitted to Islamic Banking Department of SBP for record, within 15 days of its approval/confirmation. Further, the minutes shall be made available to the BOD, SBP inspection teams, internal/external auditors on request, enabling them to appreciate and understand the rationale and background of the SB rulings, decisions and fatawa.
- The SB shall ensure that the minutes of the meeting are properly recorded, incorporating necessary details of all deliberations, decisions, rulings and fatawa issued alongwith rationale and difference of opinion or dissenting note, if any.

Board Meetings and Attendance

Attendance of Board of Directors Meetings during the year 2023

Attended by / Meeting Date	23-02-23	28-04-23	11-05-23	17-07-23	24-08-23	27-09-23	26-10-23	07-12-23
Mian Muhammad Younis	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Yousaf Hussain	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Juma Hasan Ali Abul	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ali Munir	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed Al Qasimi	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Fatima Asad Khan	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mohsin Tariq	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Sadia Khan				(Elected in EOGM on May 11, 2023)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Farooq Rahmatullah Khan	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	011 Widy 11, 2020)				

Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee Meetings during the year 2023

Attended by / Meeting Date	22-02-23	27-04-23	23-08-23	25-09-23	24-10-23	06-12-23
Ali Munir	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Juma Hasan Ali Abul	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mohsin Tariq			(Appointed on July	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mian Muhammad Younis	\checkmark	\checkmark	17, 2023)			

Attendance of Board Risk Management Committee Meetings during the year 2023

Attended by / Meeting Date	21-02-23	26-04-23	26-09-23	25-10-23
Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ali Munir			(Appointed on July 17, 2023)	\checkmark
Yousaf Hussain	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mian Muhammad Younis	\checkmark	\checkmark		·

Attendance of Shariah Board Meetings during the year 2023

Attended by / Meeting Date	07-02-23	08-06-23	28-09-23	15-12-23
Mufti Muhammad Mohib-ul-Haq Siddigui	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Dr. Mufti Khalil Ahmad Aazami	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mufti Muhammad Ashja Khan	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mufti Abdul Basit	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mufti Muhammad Abdullah	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

Attended by / Meeting Date	22-02-23	29-03-23	27-04-23	10-05-23	26-09-23	25-10-23	06-12-23
Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Juma Hasan Ali Abul	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Fatima Asad Khan	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mohsin Tariq					(Appointed on July 17, 2023)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Sadia Khan					(Appointed on July 17, 2023)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mian Muhammad Younis	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	,,		
Ali Munir	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			

Attendance of Recruitment, Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings during the year 2023

Attendance of Board Strategy Committee Meetings during the year 2023

Attended by / Meeting Date	21-02-23	26-04-23	25-09-23	24-10-23
Mian Muhammad Younis			(Appointed on July 17, 2023)	\checkmark
Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark
Juma Hasan Ali Abul	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Fatima Asad Khan	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez			(Appointed on July 17, 2023)	\checkmark
Yousaf Hussain	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark
Mohsin Tariq	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Farooq Rahmatullah Khan	\checkmark	\checkmark		

Attendance of Board IT Committee Meetings during the year 2023

Attended by / Meeting Date	21-02-23	26-04-23	25-09-23	24-10-23	06-12-23
Sadia Khan			(Appointed on July 17, 2023)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Yousaf Hussain	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ali Munir	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Mohsin Tariq	\checkmark	\checkmark			

Board Meetings held outside Pakistan

No meetings were held outside Pakistan during the year 2023.

Role of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (BOD) is responsible for the oversight of Management of the Faysal Bank Limited (of the Bank). It accomplishes this function acting directly and through the principal standing BOD Committees. It provides entrepreneurial leadership and direction for the Management within a framework of prudent and effective controls. It promotes collective vision of the Bank's purpose, its culture, its values and also demonstrates ethical leadership. The collective wisdom of the Board is translated into its decisions which form the basis for Management to achieve its targets. The primary role of the BOD of the Bank is to enhance shareholder value.

The Board is concerned with strategic matters and overseeing the business of the Bank in light of emerging risks and opportunities, on a regular basis and also involved in establishing and reviewing the strategies, yearly targets and financial objectives of the Bank. All the strategic decisions of the Bank have been taken by the Board.

Significant Issues/Matters discussed/approved by the Board of Directors:

- Annual Budget for the year 2024.
- Bank's Policies including periodic reviews and amendments thereto.
- Implementation status of the Bank's Strategic Plan.
- Budget for FY 2023 and its implementation status.
- Periodical review of Terms of Reference ("TORs") of Board's Sub-Committees.
- Un- Consolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Bank on Quarterly, Half-yearly and Annual basis together with Directors' and Auditors' Reports along with Statement of Compliance of the Code of Corporate Governance.
- Related Party Transactions of the Bank.
- Amendment in Articles of Association as directed by the State Bank of Pakistan in accordance with the Islamic Banking License of Faysal Bank Limited
- Management Letter issued by the External Auditors of the Bank and its compliance status.
- Performance evaluation of the Board's Sub-Committees.
- Matters as recommended by Board's Sub- Committees.
- Appointment of External Auditors of the Bank for the year 2023.
- Various SBP Inspection Reports along with Action Plan thereon.
- Performance Evaluation of the Board & its Sub- Committees.
- Matters pertaining to Faysal Asset Management Limited, subsidiary of the Bank.
- Various strategic equity investments by the Bank.
- Quarterly and Annual Reports on Fraud & Forgery Cases.
- Consumer Lending Business.
- Write-offs/Waivers approved at Different Authority Levels and recoveries thereto.
- Status and implications of all material law suits filed by and against the Bank.
- Annual Branch Expansion Plan of the Bank; and
- Updates on significant Laws, Rules and Regulations.
- Implementation status of the significant regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan or the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Role of the President & CEO

In the dynamic eco-system of Islamic Banking, the President and CEO of Faysal Bank serves as a visionary architect and leader, charting a course towards the growth, sustainability, and unparalleled excellence of the Bank as the Best Islamic Bank in the industry. The President and CEO's position demands an individual of exceptional caliber, equipped with a profound level of understanding of the financial eco-system, unwavering dedication to the ethos and principles of Islamic Banking and corporate governance, and the adeptness to lead the organization through the challenges and opportunities of a tough competitive environment, rapidly changing technological eco-system, and stringent, multifaceted regulatory frameworks.

- The President and CEO lead as the linchpin of the organization. The position converts the strategic blueprints of the Board of Directors into actionable and impactful agendas and leads the establishment of strategic, business, operational, and regulatory compliance objectives of the organization, in order to ensure the growth and sustainability of the Bank's profitability, market share, regulatory standing, and unique identity in the market as the Best Islamic Bank.
- The President and CEO embodies the fundamental and strong level of trust between the Bank and its stakeholders, which include the Bank's sponsors, its customers, and a diverse range of stakeholders. The position must lead by example, ensuring that the Bank's business and operational mandates establish high benchmarks for excellence in a customer-centric business.
- Fundamental to the President and CEOs mandate is the nurturing and inculcation of a corporate ethos based upon the divine guidance of the Shariah, and reflected through the implementation of policies, procedures, and Islamic values across the organization, thereby cultivating a culture of transparency and accountability that creates a unique Islamic identity of the Bank in the market. This oversight extends to all spheres of interaction, encompassing the Bank's rapport with its Board, shareholders, employees, clientele, stakeholders, and regulatory entities. The President and CEO is a staunch advocate for a culture that focuses on ethical conduct, diversity, equity, and inclusion, ensuring that these principles are integral components of the organisation's fabric.
- The President and CEO must also lead the development and achievement of the executive team's performance objectives, establishing rigorous
 performance metrics, conducting periodic evaluations to evaluate performance across the board, and providing leadership and guidance, to drive
 performance excellence, and ensure alignment of Group specific objectives with the overarching strategy of the Bank.
- In safeguarding the Bank against multiple risks emanating from a rapidly changing environment, the President and CEO meticulously lead the curation
 of strategies that mitigate financial, business, operational, technological, and reputational vulnerabilities and establish the risk appetite of the Bank. The
 position is also instrumental in crafting and executing crisis management protocols that adeptly navigate unforeseen adversities that affect the
 performance and market image of the Bank.
- The President and CEO is also at the forefront of increasing a culture of innovation across the organization, through driving emphasis on continuous innovation and optimization initiatives that enable organizational agility, transactional convenience, internal process optimization, and enable the delivery of an exceptional customer experience, thereby ensuring that the Bank remains equipped to deal with the challenges of a rapidly changing technological eco-system, and challenging customer expectations.
- The President and CEO also has a pivotal role in sustaining the regulatory strength of the Bank, by driving the criticality of regulatory compliance across the organization and engaging with multiple stakeholders and regulatory authorities in order to accentuate the regulatory soundness of the Bank. This entails spearheading initiatives that provide assessments related to the Bank's level of Shariah compliance, risk mechanisms, internal audit, and regulatory compliance. This facet of the position takes on added prominence in light of the Islamic regulatory framework, which has a profound impact on the identity, operations, and sustainability of the organization.
- The President and CEO also leads as the public relations and social responsibility ambassador of the Bank. The position leads the development and execution of a wide range of initiatives that proliferate and strengthen the corporate and Islamic identity of the Bank in the market, whilst ensuring that the Bank contributes to the development of the nation and its people.

The President and CEO of Faysal Bank stands as a central figure in propelling the organization towards a future marked by adherence to the fundamental principles and values of Shariah, sustainable growth, business and operational excellence, and stringent regulatory adherence. The position requires a forward-thinking luminary, poised to tackle emerging challenges, whilst steadfastly upholding the Bank's legacy of excellence and integrity.

Annual Evaluation of the Board of Directors

In line with the best practices of the corporate governance FBL's Board since 2012 has conducted self-evaluation exercise on an annual basis by engaging Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG) as an external facilitator which is the lead on Corporate Governance and has a team of consultants to conduct Board evaluations for companies and banks.

SBP Guidelines on Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors were implemented in August 2016 and accordingly, the FBL's Board in compliance thereof has conducted its self-evaluation to comply the same.

The evaluation covered various aspects of the performance of the Board including but not limited to: Board's role, Committees' performance, Training, Strategy, Risk Management, and Board Meetings. The evaluation covered:

- The Board as a whole
- Individual Director (Independent, Non-Executive and CEO)
- Board Committees

The evaluation was carried out using quantitative method based on subjective assessment, and was conducted via questionnaires developed by the consultants in conformance with the State Bank of Pakistan's Guidelines on Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors. The quantitative technique has the advantage of being specific and measurable. Measurement scale used in FBL's board evaluation is the summated rating on a scale of 1-10 depending on how strongly they agree or disagree with a given statement. The use of this method ensures specific and measurable data that can be benchmarked over time.

Directors' Orientation

As and when new Director is elected or appointed on the Board, the Company Secretariat provides an orientation pack consisting on below mention documents:

- 1. Minutes of Board of Directors Meeting during the one year
- 2. Minutes of Board Committees during the one year
- 3. Minutes of Annual General Meeting during the last three years
- 4. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the FBL
- 5. Terms of Reference of Board Committees
- 6. Code of Conduct of FBL
- 7. Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962
- 8. Prudential Regulations
- 9. Companies Act, 2017
- 10. Code of Corporate Governance 2019
- 11. Corporate Governance Regulatory Framework 2021
- 12. Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange
- 13. Any other relevant document if required

If desired by the incoming Director, we also arrange meetings with the Group Heads.

At the start of every three years Board of Director terms, we conduct the Directors Orientation Workshop through Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).

The Bank arranged Directors Orientation Workshop for newly elected Board Members through PICG on October 26, 2023.

Directors' Training

As at December 31, 2023 the Bank is compliant in respect of the Directors' Training Requirement as laid down in the Code of Corporate Governance. Out of Eleven (11) Directors, the following Ten (10) Directors are certified and have completed mandatory Directors Training Program:

- 1 Mian Muhammad Younis
- 2. Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery
- 3. Mr. Yousaf Hussain President & CEO
- 4. Mr. Ali Munir
- 5. Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul
- 6. Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi
- 7. Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb
- 8. Ms. Fatima Asad Khan
- 9. Mr. Mohsin Tariq
- 10. Ms. Sadia Khan

Mr. Imtiaz Ahmed Pervez has attended the Directors' Training, however his final test is pending.

Additionally, the Bank also arranged the following Training for the Board of Directors during the year 2023:

- Compliance Structure for the Board of Directors by Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance on April 28, 2023
- Directors' Orientation Workshop by Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance on September 27, 2023
- Islamic Financial contracts by Chairman Shariah Board of Faysal Bank Limited on October 26, 2023

Oversight over Internal Controls & Systems

The Internal Audit (IA) in Faysal Bank limited (FBL) is an independent, objective assurance and consulting services activity designed to add value and improve the Bank's internal control environment. It helps the bank to accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of governance, risk management and control processes.

Remuneration Policy Disclosures

PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Bank has developed a fair, objective, transparent and sound Remuneration Policy that is aligned with risks and responsibilities of Financial Intermediation.

The scope of Remuneration Policy covers all employees across the Bank who are materially responsible for risk taking or risk controlling activities.

OBJECTIVES

Following are the main objectives of Remuneration Policy:

- To promote and be consistent with sound and effective risk management and not encourage risk-taking that exceeds the risk thresholds of the Bank.
- To ensure that the remuneration practice is in line with the Bank's objectives, taking into consideration all major risks that the Bank may face, and promotes and supports long-term sustainable performance.
- To align remuneration with risk appetite and with the conduct expectations of the Bank, regulators and stakeholders; and
- To not only attract, retain and motivate highly qualified employees, but also reward those who promote corporate values with incentives correlated to the long-term value generation.

GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

The Bank's Governance Framework with respect to the aforementioned guidelines, aims at guaranteeing an appropriate control on remuneration practices, ensuring that decisions are taken with sufficient independence and in an informed way, by such authorities and functions, to which different responsibilities are delegated.

The Board of Directors (BOD) reviews, approves and monitors implementation of the Bank-wide remuneration policy, based on the recommendations of Recruitment, Nomination and Remuneration Committee (RNRC). In addition, the BOD through RNRC, shall review remuneration structure including composition of fixed and variable remuneration of President & CEO, Chief Operating Officer (COO) and Senior Management (excluding Head Internal Audit). Whereas BOD through Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee (BACGC) reviews Head Internal Audit's remuneration structure including composition of fixed and variable remuneration.

The RNRC oversees the Bank's remuneration programme along with its other approved Terms of Reference. One of its key responsibilities is to approve the list of employees identified as MRTs and MRCs, in accordance with the specified criteria.

The President & CEO provides support to HR in the development and implementation of Remuneration Policy amidst review and recommends compensation structures of the Senior Management Team and approve structures for other MRTs/MRCs. The President & CEO also reviews and recommends to RNRC, malus application for withholding deferred compensation of MRTs/MRCs (including Senior Management), in case of any event resulting in loss to the Bank that is directly attributable to the respective MRT/MRC.

The Business groups and support functions provide adequate support to HR in implementation of this policy.

HR bears primary responsibility for the development, dissemination, coordination and consistent application of the Remuneration Policy. Some of its key responsibilities include; Determination of compensation structures, deferrals percentages and periods for all MRTs and MRCs; and finalisation of the deferral pool mechanism through an established Fund and ensuring close coordination with the Trustees of Fund, for deferral compensation management.

MRT/MRC INCLUSION CRITERIA

The inclusion criteria have been developed in accordance with the guidelines and applicable best practices, and comprise of two sections, namely, the Qualitative and Quantitative MRT/MRC criteria.

Qualitative Inclusion Criteria

The following qualitative criteria has been applied for identification of MRTs and MRCs:

- President & CEO and COO;
- Heads of critical functions responsible for managing business amid risks and controls; and
- Members of the Senior Management;
- CEO of Faysal Asset Management Limited (a subsidiary of FBL).
- Members of critical Management Committees;

Quantitative Inclusion Criteria

The Bank has carried out detailed assessment of individuals subjecting the Bank to significant risks. The materiality of significant risks has been determined through the quantitative criteria for each major risk type i.e., i) Credit Risk; ii) Market Risk; iii) Operational Risk; iv) Liquidity Risk; and v) Financial Expenditure Approval Authority.

ANNUAL MRT/ MRC ASSESSMENTS

HR conducts risk assessments for identification of MRTs and MRCs as per the quantitative and qualitative criteria and present to the President & CEO for review and recommending to the BACGC/RNRC for onward submission to BOD for approval.

COMPENSATION STRUCTURE

The Bank offers a compensation structure with a balanced mix of fixed and variable elements, in order to encourage behaviors focused on the achievement of long-term sustainable results, as detailed below: -

Fixed Remuneration

Fixed remuneration comprises of base salary (including annual increment therein) and role-based fixed allowances, if applicable. Fixed remuneration shall not vary with performance and is payable, in accordance with HR Policies.

Variable Performance Based Remuneration

Variable remuneration takes into account Bank's performance, Group's performance, business unit/ product's performance and individual's performance. Underachievement of financial performance, taking excessive or undue risks, customer experience, audit/internal controls/compliance issues etc. are generally considered for determining risk-adjusted variable remuneration.

Other Benefits

Other benefits are awarded on the basis of individual employment contracts and local market practices. These may include staff financing, expense allowances/ reimbursements, life takaful, medical care and relocation allowances etc. These benefits shall not be subject to deferment requirements for MRTs and MRCs.

PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT OF MRTs AND MRCs

Performance management is a core people management process at FBL which aligns individual performance objectives with the Bank's strategy and priorities, to achieve sustainable and successful performance. Significant points of Performance Management are given below:

Risk-adjusted Balanced Scorecards for Performance Evaluation of MRTs/ MRCs

FBL has developed risk-adjusted balanced scorecards for all MRTs and MRCs for their performance measurement, which ensures establishing a correlation between and alignment of risks and rewards. These risk-adjusted balanced scorecards are prepared at individual levels, incorporating various financial, non-financial/ qualitative and risk-adjusting factors.

The performance measurement through risk-adjusted balanced scorecards is also subject to application of an overriding/adjusting factor by the relevant scoring authorities/ assessors to account for any circumstances not in control of the individual MRT/MRC whose performance is being assessed.

Further, the assessor may also consider reducing, or zero rising the variable compensation of the individual MRT/MRC, in case the individual does not achieve reasonable minimum/hurdle score in any of the critical factor, category or on an overall basis. In addition to reducing or zero rising variable compensation, disciplinary action may also be initiated in case of significant adverse performance against any risk adjusting factor.

DEFERRAL MECHANISM

A certain portion of variable compensation of the MRTs and MRCs is subject to mandatory deferrals for a defined period, thus creating alignment between the employees' and stakeholders' interests and reinforcing that compensation is appropriately linked to longer-term sustainable performance.

Deferral Period & Percentages

The deferred amount is withheld for a defined period whereas remaining portion of the variable compensation is paid upfront to the MRT/MRC. The deferred remuneration vests proportionately over the deferral period following the year of variable remuneration award. The deferred portion of the variable remuneration along with the interest accrued shall be paid to the MRT/MRC on vesting, proportionally through yearly installments, during the deferred period in case no malus triggers are applicable. In case of malus and where accountability has been determined, the entire or certain portion of the deferred remuneration is withheld and not paid to the MRT/MRC on it becoming due

Settlement of Deferred Remuneration

As mentioned above, the amount withheld shall be paid proportionately during the deferral period, even if that individual is no more an employee of the Bank. The Bank continues to make payment of the deferred amount proportionately for the remaining deferral period, regardless of whether the employee has resigned, or has been retired or terminated, except in case of malus. However, the entire deferred remuneration shall be paid immediately in the event of death.

Shariah Board Members' Remuneration

The services of Shariah Board members have been acquired on fixed period contract basis. They are provided a fixed remuneration comprising of monthly honorarium and allowances/other benefits along with award of Bonus based on their performance, as per their respective contracts. The Other Benefits may include expense allowances/reimbursements, medical care, life takaful, etc.

Policy for Security Clearance of Foreign Directors

Foreign Directors elected on the Board of Bank requires security clearance from Ministry of Interior through SECP. All legal formalities and requirements have been met in this regard.

Governance Practices Exceeding Legal Requirements

FBL respects the country's laws and ensures meticulous compliance of applicable laws, rules & regulations. We have successfully adapted our practices to reflect the changing standards of evolving governance regulations. We are committed to the highest standards of corporate governance. We meet corporate governance legal requirements in Pakistan, as well as the best practices recommended by PSX and SECP.

Following are some of the practices of the Bank which exceed the minimum legal requirement:

- The Board has constituted 5 board Sub- Committees vis-à-vis the requirement of having 4 board committees and has also from time to time formed board committee(s) for specific assignments along with specific targets in order to carryout different roles & responsibilities.
- The Bank has only one Executive Director (President & CEO) though permitted two executive directors by SBP and four (one third of the Board as executive directors) under Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations – 2019.
- The Board receives and accordingly, reviews the detailed performance report of each Board Committee on a periodic basis.
- The Board receives and considers a detailed report on every meeting of the Board Committees from the Chairmen of the Board Committees.
- The Bank has a comprehensive Code of Conduct along with mechanism for implementing and monitoring the same and has taken necessary steps to disseminate it throughout the Bank along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The Board has given specific mandate with requisite authorities and powers to the Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee to monitor and oversee the corporate governance practices, procedures, ethical standards and controls along with legal and regulatory compliances in the Bank.

Conflict of Interest

The Bank has adopted robust policies and procedures with respect to identifying, reporting and managing conflicts of interests, and the situations that may lead to it. The directors hold fiduciary duties of care and loyalty to the Bank and to protect the shareholders. One of the key duties includes not placing oneself in a position where the directors' personal interest may possibly conflict with their duty to the company.

Conflict of interest may arise in several situations, and in order to identify, report and manage any possible conflict the Board has adopted several measures which include:

- A policy and procedural framework.
- Board Members and Executive Management disclose their interests, including their interests in other entities, on a periodic basis.
- Board Members at the start of every meeting confirm to the Chairman whether or not they have any conflict with respect to any agenda item to be discussed in the Board Meeting.
- A Board Member in a conflict of interest situation exits the Boardroom when such a matter is being deliberated upon and refrains from deliberating and discussing on the said issue.
- Any other measure which may be appropriate in light of legal and regulatory guidelines.

Director's Interest in Significant Contracts and Arrangements

None of the Directors have any [direct/personal] interest in significant contracts and arrangements of the Bank. However, every director of the Bank who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in a contract or arrangement, either ongoing or forthcoming, discloses the details of her or his involvement during a Board meeting, adhering to regulatory guidelines. A director with such an interest refrain from participating or voting during the deliberations of the Board meeting related to that particular contract or arrangement.

Related Party Transactions

The Board of Directors has approved Policy for Related Party Transactions. The Bank's policy is to conduct all the related party transactions on an arm's length basis in the normal course of business. If a transaction is not conducted on arm's length basis, then specific approvals or ratifications are required by the Board on recommendation of the Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee (BACGC) of the Bank in order to avoid any potential conflict of interest.

The policy specifies that all transactions entered into with related parties shall require Board's approval on the recommendation of the BACGC of the Bank, which is chaired by an independent director of the Bank except for those held with employees as per their terms of employment or a policy of the Bank.

Every director (including their relatives) of the Bank who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in any contract or arrangement entered into, or to be entered into, by or on behalf of the Bank shall provide information about the nature of his concern or interest in the form specified and shall cause it to be disclosed at the meeting of the board held immediately after the date of the notice. No director of the Bank shall, as a director, take any part in the discussion of, or vote on, any contract or arrangement entered into, or to be entered into, by or on behalf of the Bank, if he/ she is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in the contract or arrangement, nor shall his/ her presence count for the purpose of forming a quorum at the time of any such discussion or vote.

During the year, the Bank has entered into transactions and contracts with the related parties i.e. subsidiary company, associates, post-employment benefit plans for the Bank's employees, Key Management Personnel (KMPs), close family members of KMPs and other related entities. Those transactions include financing to , and deposits from the related parties, , acceptances and off balance sheet transactions and provision of other banking and financial services that are carried out in the ordinary course of business on an arm's length basis at commercial rates, except for the transactions that KMPs have availed under HR policy of the Bank. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives / officers is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

During the year, no contract or arrangement has been entered into with related parties other than in the ordinary course of business on an arm's length basis.

The Bank has made detailed disclosures about related party transactions in its financial statements annexed with this annual report.

Policy for Safety Records of the Company

Record management is a methodological approach to controlling the maintenance and disposition of an organization's records. Record management ensures that valuable records evidencing an organization's activities that have legal, financial, administrative, or historical value are protected and accessible, while expired records are systematically destroyed. Thus, for this purpose, Faysal Bank has signed an agreement with a service provider to put in place comprehensive processes, controls, and guidelines as per ISO-15489 standard for handling, protection, retention, retrieval and disposition of recorded business information generated daily, which are of ongoing importance to FBL's overall service capability and regulatory compliance. In addition, we take the safety and security of our customers' records very seriously. We have implemented a number of policies and procedures to ensure that all bank records are kept confidential and secure at all times. These measures include the use of secure servers and databases, frequent password updates, and strict access controls for employees. In addition, we have trained all of our staff on the proper handling and protection of sensitive information. We are committed to ensuring the safety of our customers' bank records and taking all necessary steps to protect their privacy

Whistle Blowing Policy

FBL is committed to maintain a culture of the highest ethics, integrity, transparency and competence in its business & customer handling and ensures compliance with its Code of Conduct & Code of Ethics. FBL provides open and safe workplace environment for employees & third parties and encourages Staff and any other person who has a genuine concern about any wrongdoing or misconducts to raise through dedicated whistle blow channels, thereby maintaining public trust and confidence in the integrity and professionalism of the services provided by the Bank.

REPORTABLE MATTERS

FBL does not want to condone and become party to the inappropriate conduct, unethical behavior, fraudulent activities. If an employee, customer or any third party forms a reasonable suspicion; that any of the criminal and unethical conducts have taken place / is taking place / intend to carry out any wrongdoing in the future, then they should immediately speak up. During the year, 06 cases were reported through Whistle Blow channels.

WHISTLE BLOW CHANNELS

FBL provides, employees & third parties with access to specific, independent, confidential and secure means to Speak Up.

- Email: whistleblowdesk@faysalbank.com
- Whistle Blow Hot Line: 021-38733000
- Intranet: mhttp://fblintranet.faysalbank.com/sites/Bankopedia/Manual Center/Whistle Blowing Policy
- Internet: https://www.faysalbank.com/en/whistle-blowing/
- Postal address: "Whistle Blow Desk Faysal House, Business Compliance, Compliance Function, 2nd Floor, ST02 Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi, Pakistan"

All Speaking Up disclosures are recorded, reviewed and independently investigated by concerned Functions. It may also be noted that Abuse of Channel based on false statements and facts are not entertained.

PROTECTION FOR WHISTLE BLOWERS

Faysal Bank will take all reasonable steps to protect whistleblowers from any retaliation, victimization, harassment or penalization that might arise because of whistle blowing and sharing substantial evidences. Speaking Up disclosures, including the identity of the whistle blower and the subject of the Speaking Up disclosure, will be kept confidential.

REPORTING TO EC & BACGC

The Ethics Committee (EC) and Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee (BACGC) have an oversight on issues related to unethical conduct and whistleblowing complaints. For EC & BACGC consumption, whistle blow complaints along with update on investigations/resolution is quarterly reported.

Business Continuity Management

Faysal Bank believes there is no greater value than the one to place our stakeholders on priority who make our business successful. This includes all our employees and associates, customers, vendors and shareholders. It is the policy of Faysal Bank to maintain a BCM program and Business Continuity plans to ensure the prompt and efficient recovery of critical operations of its product and services from any incident or physical disaster which the organization may face, from time to time. To ensure that the program fully meets the current and changing needs of Faysal Bank, all Business Continuity plans are regularly reviewed, updated and tested, and results are presented to Board of Directors.

Enterprise Resource Planning

How it is designed to manage and integrate the functions of core business processes/modules like finance, HR, supply chain and inventory management in a single system

An ERP system consists of software components, or modules, each of which focuses on a distinct business process. ERP is distinguished from standalone applications by its central database that records information from the business transactions and other actions carried out in the modules, and by integration that allows the modules to communicate with each other and with the common database. In Faysal Bank we are using ERP for procure to pay cycle, fixed assets recording and corporate financial reporting.

Management support in the effective implementation and continuous updation

Faysal Bank management continuously reviews process flows for effective implementation and updates are incorporated as and when required.

Details about user training of ERP software

Training employees to use ERP system effectively, is critical to the success of any implementation or upgrade project. During upgrade phase FBL has conducted user training session to ensures the efficient and effective use of the ERP system by the employees. Training gives users the opportunity to understand their work's relation to other functional areas.

How the company manages risks or control risk factors on ERP projects

The impact of risks on project outcome are determined with the involvement of the representatives of both project team as well as the ERP implementation partner. They devised mitigating strategies for each risk through brainstorming, which are conducted by the project manager. The project manager has overall responsibility for managing all risks and discussing closing actions, due dates, priorities and risk impacts to ensure that risks are being actively managed. High probability and high impact risks are escalated to be analyzed and resolved.

How the company assesses system security, access to sensitive data and segregation of duties

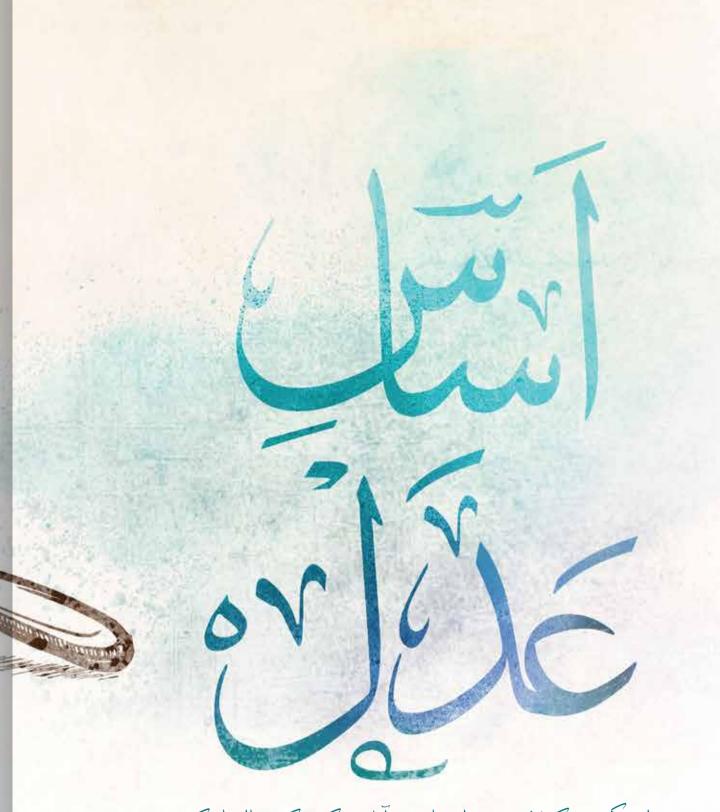
Segregation of Duties are achieved by restricting user access to conflicting activities within the application. It is essential to rely on a reliable information system and to ensure security of the data. In FBL user management and roles assignment are managed by an independent team. Any activity with respect to user management is duly approved by concerned authority. In FBL Oracle E Business Suite is operated on private network to prevent access of financial data from outside.

External Search Consultancy for Directors selection

Non-Executive Directors are elected during the Directors' election at the Annual General Meeting. The most recent election occurred in 2023. Subsequently, the elected Non-Executive Directors have the authority to appoint the Chairman from among themselves. No external search consultancy was required for the Chairman's appointment.

IT Governance and Cybersecurity





اوی کسی قوم کی کُشمنی تمیں اس بات پر آماد لا نہ کے کہ تم ناانصافی کر ۔ انصاف سے کام لو، یہی طریقہ تقویٰی سے قریب تہ ہے۔ (سوبرة المائل لا آیت غبر ۸ - جزو آیت)

IT Governance Policy

Information technology has become essential for dynamic organizations, particularly financial institutions like Faysal Bank. The banking sector heavily relies on Information Technology not only to enhance efficiency and increase profits but also to maintain a competitive edge. Given the critical role of IT in operations and business, it commands a significant allocation in the budget for which proper governance is crucial to maximize the benefits of this essential enabler.

Faysal Bank has established an IT Governance framework in compliance with regulatory requirements. This framework encompasses directives from regulators, Management IT, and the Board IT Committee, aiming to enhance overall governance within Technology. Beyond risk assessment and monitoring, IT Governance bridges the gap between Business strategy and IT strategy, aligning technological initiatives with the bank's interests. The structured framework aids executive management and staff in setting expectations, communication, and establishing accountability. It is designed to create efficient mechanisms, adhere to internationally accepted best practices, improve overall IT performance, and ensure better control and security.

The Information Technology function at Faysal Bank, led by the Chief Information Officer (CIO), plays a pivotal role in the development and delivery of world-class technology services. The CIO is directly responsible for various key aspects, including ensuring the proper setup of the IT function, overseeing the Data Centre's readiness, integrating IT Strategy with the Bank's Strategy, and encouraging technical innovation. Additionally, the CIO sets the overall direction for the IT Group, introducing and implementing innovative technology solutions.

The Information Technology function at Faysal Bank is supported by committed teams of professionals working across units and verticals. These teams provide innovative and efficient solutions to achieve strategic objectives and goals under the guidance of the Board IT Committee (BITC) and management IT Steering Committee (ITSC).

The governing bodies, BITC and ITSC, review, evaluate, and prioritize major technology investment plans and strategies. They ensure effective oversight of the Information Security function, aligning it with the risk appetite. Key objectives include providing a forum for discussion on technological needs, reviewing and prioritizing major technology projects, establishing an efficient IT organization structure, reviewing cloud-based outsourcing arrangements, integrating technology risks with enterprise risk management, maintaining an independent technology audit function, and addressing resource gaps.

Furthermore, the IT Governance, Risk, and Compliance (GRC) function at Faysal Bank has undertaken substantial initiatives to enhance the robustness of the Information Technology (IT) landscape. One of the notable advancements is the streamlined change management process, which ensures a more seamless and controlled implementation of alterations within the IT infrastructure. This streamlining not only accelerates the pace of change but also minimizes potential disruptions, fostering a more agile and responsive IT environment.

In addition to the refined change management process, the introduction of the e-Audit Tool stands out as a pivotal development. This tool serves as a comprehensive solution for auditing processes within the IT framework, facilitating thorough inspections, compliance checks, and risk assessments. The e-Audit Tool not only automates these critical tasks but also provides real-time insights, enabling proactive identification and mitigation of potential risks. This contributes significantly to the bank's adherence to regulatory standards and enhances the overall risk management posture.

Moreover, the IT GRC function has extended its focus to Software Quality Assurance (QA) by further automating the testing processes. This automation not only accelerates the software development life cycle but also ensures a higher level of accuracy and consistency in QA activities. By leveraging automated testing tools and methodologies, Faysal Bank's IT function can deliver high-quality software products with reduced turnaround times, ultimately enhancing the efficiency of IT operations.

These collective enhancements play a pivotal role in aligning the Information Technology function with Faysal Bank's strategic goals. By embracing streamlined change management, employing sophisticated e-Audit tools, and automating Software QA, the IT GRC function contributes to the overall effectiveness of IT operations. The bank is better positioned to adapt swiftly to technological changes, maintain regulatory compliance, and deliver innovative solutions, thereby reinforcing its commitment to excellence in the dynamic landscape of financial technology.

Cybersecurity

Evaluation and enforcement of legal and regulatory implications of cyber risks and the responsibilities of the board in case of any breaches

The Board remains focused on instigating a culture of cyber resilience as the Bank progress towards the new platforms. This resilience culture is in strict compliance to the pertinent legal & regulatory instructions, as well as leading practices related to cybersecurity risk management. The Board assumes the responsibility of oversight and governance of the cybersecurity risk and ensures that the cybersecurity objectives are met without any major incidents in the Bank.

IT governance and cybersecurity programs, policies and procedures and industry specific requirements for cybersecurity and strategy in place

The Bank is focused on protecting its most critical assets & remains vigilant to evolving cyber threats. The Bank has established a comprehensive information security program, comprising of information security policy, detailed standards & procedures, and an all-inclusive cybersecurity framework. These policies, standards, and frameworks are kept up to date with evolving technology and digital advancements.

Role of cybersecurity in the board's risk oversight function

The Board has the oversight on cybersecurity matters, whereby key risk items and issues are presented to the Board on periodic basis. Concerns and measures relating to evolving threats is also responded to the Board.

Disclosure that at least one board-level committee is charged with oversight of IT governance and cybersecurity matters and how the board administers its IT risk oversight function related to these risks.

The Board has mandated the cybersecurity oversight responsibilities to the following Board Sub Committees:

Board Information Technology Committee (BITC):

- To advise and report to the Board on the status of technology activities and digital initiatives in the Bank. To review and monitor the implementation and compliance of SBP 'Enterprise Technology Governance and Risk Management Framework'.
- To ensure that effective Risk Management strategies are designed and implemented to achieve resilience, including the ability to effectively respond to wide-scale disruptions, cyber-attacks, and attacks on critical infrastructure.

Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC):

- To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management process across the Bank.
- To establish and maintain a risk management framework to identify risks and to evaluate the alignment and effectiveness of risk management activities.

Bank's controls and procedures about an "early warning system" that enables the Bank to identify, assess, address,

make timely disclosures and timely communications to the board about cybersecurity risks and incidents.

The Bank has acquired renowned third-party services that provide insights on the activities happening on Surface, Dark, and Deep Web concerning the Bank. Multiple Threat Intelligence (TI) feeds have also been subscribed by the Bank, which assist the cybersecurity function in developing and recommending appropriate controls against risks on the horizon. Using the information from these early warning systems, the Board is apprised of any imminent threat as well as the countermeasures adopted by the Bank.

Policy related to independent comprehensive security assessment of technology environment, including third party risks and when last such review was carried out.

In compliance with regulatory instructions and leading practices, the Bank has a program for comprehensive security assessments of technology environment and third parties, to ensure the maintenance of cyber resilience and desired risk posture. The assessments are undertaken frequently all around the year to ensure that any changes to the technology environment does not pose a challenge to cybersecurity risk of the Bank.

Resilient contingency and disaster recovery plan in terms of dealing with a possible IT failure or cyber breach and details about Bank's cyber insurance.

The Bank has drawn and implemented a comprehensive resilience mechanism that addresses the continuity of service provision to our customers. At the same time, the Bank undertakes frequent drills of a cyber-attack scenario that keep the pertinent staff alert for a real situation.

Advancement in digital transformation on how the organization has leveraged 4.0 Industrial revolution (RPA, Block Chain, Al, Cloud Computing etc.) to improve transparency, reporting and governance.

Digital transformation is critical in today's business landscape to not only improve operational efficiency but also more so to create processes which aid in better serving the customers. In line with this spirit, amongst other initiatives, Faysal Islami Bank has catered to this through the introduction of AI-based Chatbots. The aim is to create an inclusive solution which is based on machine-learning with the ability to respond back in the natural flow of language, providing quick and accurate answers. By implementing AI-based chatbots, Faysal Bank's customer service will be further improved while reducing the workload on their support teams.

Faysal Islami Bank's Local Digital Account (LDA) is tailored to address the needs of the new age digital customers, who prefer to operate from the comfort of their own environment. FBL's LDA ensures that all security standards are met, through the integrated digital verification methods. Currently this is achieved through, real-time biometric verification and the liveliness check as well. Both these digital verification methods allow the process to be safe, secure and customer friendly. This empowers the idea of self-serve and contactless banking. Another solution that Faysal Islami Bank is implementing is digital solutions for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). Once fully-implemented this will assist in digitizing the manual-intensive process of catering to the requests of SME customers, especially in the case of lending application evaluations. The concept is to go beyond the traditional territories and create seamless experiences across all touch-points.

Traffic migration is another important aspect of the digital transformation agenda for Faysal Islami Bank. This refers to the process of routing customer traffic from the traditional and slow channels, onto the digital platform. Initiatives like Digital Kiosk, where cash can be deposited in the Bank, 24/7, without any human-interaction cuts down customers' time and effort of standing in long queues.

GIFA

GIFA

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Faysal Bank's Journey of Excellence Continues

In addition to the above FBL is working on expanding the Contactless Payments foot-print, by making it easier for its customers to make retail everyday payments. Currently this high priority project is in motion, whereby the payments will be able to be made just by tapping the phone on the POS terminal, hence eliminating even the need to carry your wallet. The concept behind all digital initiatives for FBL, is to makes life easier for the customers by making payments for seamless and frictionless.

Education and training efforts of the Bank to mitigate cybersecurity risks.

We continue to develop our internal talent pool and recruit external talent where required to support these critical capabilities. All cybersecurity and IT staff are required to attain training on new technology as well as participate in conferences & seminars to be aware of new trends.

Faysal Bank gets Global Recognition **Best Emerging Islamic Bank**

faysalbank (

Alhamdolillah

BEST EMERGING ISLAMIC BANK



Global Finance Islamic Awards (GIFA)

Faysal Bank Limited (FBL) has been recognised as the "Best Emerging Islamic Bank 2023" at the 13th Global Islamic Finance Awards (GIFA). The award was conferred upon the Bank by the President of the Republic of Senegal, Mr. Macky Sall at a ceremony held recently in Dakar.

This global award is in recognition of Faysal Bank's recently concluded landmark journey of transformation from a conventional bank to an Islamic bank coupled with sustained high business growth & strong financial performance. This journey is being recognised as world's largest transformation to an Islamic Bank.

Faysal Bank's CEO - Mr. Yousaf Hussain has also been conferred upon "Islamic Banker of the Year" Award by GIFA, on account of his strong leadership during this historic Islamic transformation and continued success of Faysal Bank.

On this occasion, Mian M. Younis - Chairman of the Board of Faysal Bank, attributed Bank's success to Allah's blessings, Board's sound strategic vision, management's delivery excellence and stakeholder support including that by our customers, State Bank and Shariah Scholars. He said that Faysal Bank, being a role model due to its successful transformation, had adopted a leadership role for propagation of Islamic Banking in Pakistan.

Yousaf Hussain said that the historic Islamic transformation journey & growth was based on strong faith in Allah & belief in Islamic Banking being the best way forward for personal & business financial solutions for all our valued customers. Bank's widest customer centric Islamic product range including digital enablement & quality service has made Faysal Bank the first choice Islamic Bank for customers.

Faysal Bank, with its 700 plus growing network of Islamic branches carries highest possible local Shariah rating by the International Islamic Rating Agency.

برهو يقين كي ساتھ

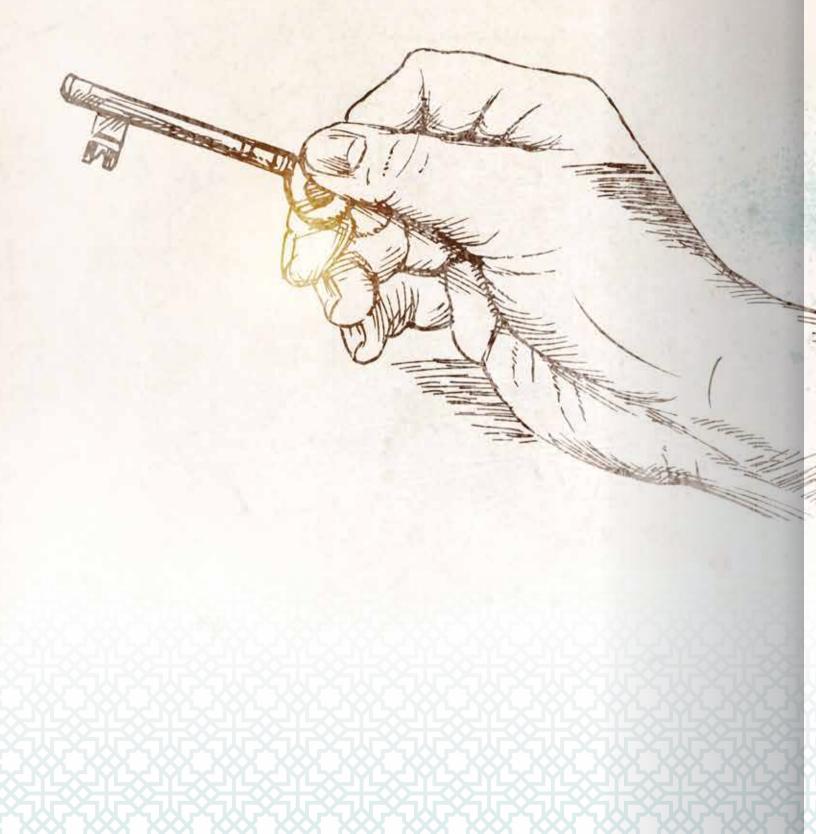


Faysal Islamic Life Plus Savings Account

A Golden Opportunity for Your Golden Years.



Sustainability and Corporate Social Responsibility





ہاں اگر تم ایک دوسرے پر بھروسہ کرو تو جس پر بھروسہ کیا گیا ہے وہ اپنی امانت تھیک تھیک ادا کرے اور اللہ سے ڈرے جو اس کا پرور کار ہے۔

(سوبرة البقرة آيت غبر ٢٨٣جن و آيت)

Corporate Social Responsibility

The well-being of the community lies at the core of Islamic Financial Instruments (IFI), making Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) of significant importance for Faysal Bank (FBL) due to the alignment of its principles with Islamic values and ethics. CSR is central to our mission of creating a positive societal and environmental influence. Our CSR objectives and policies, formulated following ISO 26000, directly correspond to seven of the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

The Bank has made substantial progress in its approach to giving back to society; hence, the CSR footprint has been increasing each year. We have strengthened our programs and initiatives in the realms of education and healthcare and have rolled out specific projects aimed at achieving substantial financial inclusion.

Our recognition by the Pakistan Center for Philanthropy, for the monitoring and disbursement of funds related to its CSR practices and initiatives, has been truly rewarding.

We are delighted to share some significant highlights of our CSR initiatives the year 2023.



WAQF FAISAL

The Waqf Faisal Trust was created with on one of our core values - Care.

Its establishment serves the objective of supporting non-profit organizations across various sectors, such as hospitals, educational institutions, vocational training centers, community development, and social service organizations. Waqf Faisal aims to provide aid to the underprivileged, needy, and financially disadvantaged individuals within society.

Faysal Bank donated a total of PKR 120.85 Million in 2023 through Waqf Faisal it amongst the needy.



Advancing the cause of education through CSR endeavors, has been prioritized. The Bank has initiated scholarship programs to extend financial support for disadvantaged students in various categories.

In 2023, the Bank spent a substantial portion of its CSR budget i.e. 18% to the cause of quality education, aligning with its commitment in contributing for a society that will uphold the Islamic principle of "Learning is mandatory for all Muslims."

To ensure accessibility of quality of education for the under privileged and to foster a more conducive learning environment for all students, we partnered with various educational institutions Financial aid, Provided by Faysal Bank supported infrastructure improvements, and educational resources.



Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS)-National Outreach Program (NOP)

LUMS - NOP provides financial access for sponsorships for students who qualify on merit but are challenged for resources. Through FBL's commitment in helping members of di advantaged comminities. Many deserving students at LUMS are benefiting through this initiative.

Rahnuma Public School

Over 500 students receive tuition-free education at Rahnuma Public School, the Bank's continued resolve to empower the underprivileged. RPS's objective is to foster and provide superior with education to deserving students, to empower them for success and to help them emerge as promising individuals, and future leaders of Pakistan.



Forman Christian College-A Chartered University-FCCU

FCCU offers quality education to students and contributes to their academic, economic, and social development. The Bank provides scholarships to the needy students and proudly partners with the institution to produce, empowered, informed and responsible learners.



National Business Education Accreditation Council (NBEAC)

The NBEAC offers programmatic accreditation for business schools that offer undergraduate and graduate degrees in Business Administration, Management Sciences, Public Administration, and Commerce. In its commitment to advancing business education, the Bank aligns itself with the NBEAC to elevate the quality of business education in Pakistan.



Ujala Centre-School for Children with Special Abilities and Vocational Training Centre

The value of 'Care' -a strong pillar of our Bank's ethos - is again well illustrated in our partnership with Ujala – a school for differently abled children. More than 70 children with Down-Syndrome, Autism and other intellectual and developmental disabilities, are enrolled at Ujala. Where they are provided with professional care with academic coaching.



Sundar STEM School

Our association with Sundar STEM stands as another notable achievement. We take pride in contributing to the development of Sundar STEM students into accomplished scientists, engineers, researchers, and scholars in STEM-related fields. Through rigorous assessments in mathematics and IQ, the school adopts a need-blind admissions policy for high school students, providing intensive training to prepare them for admission to prestigious universities.



The Bank recognizes the significance of health as a priority and emphasizes the importance of ensuring accessible and high-quality healthcare for the welfare of the community. This commitment involves providing finances for the acquisition of medical equipment, medications, and the enhancement of healthcare infrastructure. Consequently, it fortifies the capacity of healthcare institutions to deliver exceptional care to all patients universally. The Bank's concentration is on supporting local healthcare facilities, hospitals, and clinics, aligning with its dedication to fostering a society guided by the welfare principles of Islamic values. This noble work has accounted for 33% of the CSR budget during this Year.



Indus Hospital & Health Network (IHHN)

Indus Hospital & Health Network (IHHN) provides quality healthcare absolutely free of cost to millions of deserving patients through its countrywide network of hospitals in Pakistan. The Bank is proud to be a donation partner for IHHN in catering to millions of deserving patients. IHHN is a not-for-profit healthcare system that solely relies on public donations. The Bank also participates in organizing and voluntary blood donation drives in collaboration with IHHN.



National Institute of Child Health (NICH)

NICH is the first children's hospital in Pakistan and presently the largest healthcare facility in the province of Sindh. The Bank is working with NICH to enable it to continue as a Centre of Excellence in Childcare. Our financial aid specifically contributes to improving High Dependency Unit (HDU) that serves critical patients.



The Health Foundation (THF)

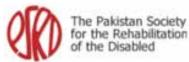
The goal of THF is to make "A Hepatitis Free Pakistan." As a part of its CSR initiatives, our goal is to contribute towards eradicating Hepatitis from underserved communities across Pakistan. Our aim is to provide free-of-cost Hepatitis treatment to deserving patients.



Pink Ribbon

Pink Ribbon not only treats needy patients of breast cancer, but also carries out awareness campaigns to help patients with early detection. We are working closely with Pink Ribbon in the treatment and awareness campaigns to enable the breast cancer patients with early diagnostics, care and the required treatment.





Pakistan Society for Rehabilitation

Their primary mission is to provide preventive, remedial, and rehabilitative treatment for differently abled persons. In solidarity with our Health for all approach, we are providing our share for enablement for free health care to the institute.



Zaman Foundation

The Bank contributed to Zaman Foundation's initiatives, which were focused on healthcare, provision of clean, safe, and disease-free drinking water for the residents of under-developed areas in this regards the Bank supported for Water Filtration Plant.



People's Primary Healthcare Initiative-Baluchistan (PPHI-B)

PPHI-B is working in thirty four districts of Baluchistan to deliver primary health care services. In continuity of our prioritizing health, we have contributed to PPHI-B's setting up of a Telehealth Center in Baluchistan.



The Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust (LRBT)

A leading non-profit organization in Pakistan, dedicated to being the best charity eye hospital, providing hope and care for those in need. LRBT in providing free eye care treatment to thousands of patients in Karachi and Pakistan. The Bank contributes significantly to easing the suffering caused by blindness and other eye ailments for needy and deserving patients.

Health Care Hospital

To improve the diagnostics and radiology services, we have made a significant contribution towards the acquisition of a new MRI machine at the hospital.





Lahore Hospital Welfare Society (LHWS)

Lahore Hospital Welfare Society (LHWS), a charitable organization manages the Shams Shab-ud-Din Convalescent Home. LHWS, provide quality healthcare services for poor women, men and children. Their aim is to make their stay comfortable during their short- or long-term convalescence from prolonged illness. LHWS offers residential facilities to patients who are undergoing long term treatment such as radiotherapy, chemotherapy, physiotherapy etc. Most of the patients come from neighboring villages & cities and some from far flung areas, besides the organization also provides patients with free wholesome freshly cooked food, diagnostic tests, medicines and safe and secure environment where they can convalesce in peace. After reviewing the noble work, FBL supported this initiative to motivate generosity in the society.



Faysal Bank has played a pivotal role in advancing social welfare through its CSR initiatives. The Bank has forged partnerships with esteemed non-governmental organizations (NGOs) devoted to various social welfare causes.

Poverty alleviation can only happen if members of society are provided a conducive environment, training, and skills, this will help them earn a decent living and contribute positively to the community. Therefore around 32% of the CSR budget has been spent on initiatives pertaining to the Social Upliftment. Health, Diversity and Social Inclusion are at the heart of Faysal Bank's corporate social responsibility mission. As a responsible and conscientious institution, we ensure continued alliances for helping the underprivileged sustain and excel.



Special Olympics Pakistan

The Bank sponsored the 8th SOP Unified Marathon, 2023 in Karachi yet again in association with Special Olympics Pakistan. Our focus was to ensure equal participation of individuals with special needs to empower an inclusive community. The Bank works with a long-term vision for athletes. Young athletes require qualified coaching and consistent grooming for future National Athletics Competition. The end objective is, of course, to prepare them for participation in the Special Olympics World Games.



Karachi Relief Trust (KRT)

KRT has continuously reached out to the needy with relief efforts and is now moving to the next phase of rehabilitation and poverty alleviation of villages. The Bank offered partnered with KRT in building homes for the flood affectees.

Refurbishment of Mosques

A Mosque is a symbol, of communal prowess and strength. The Bank actively engaged in the refurbishment of the mosque at Sialkot International Airport and Lahore University of Management Sciences. The objective was to create a space that encourages community engagement, learning, and social activities, fostering a sense of belonging and unity among worshippers and the local community.



SOS Children's Village

Our collaboration with SOS Children's Village represents a significant step in adopting a contemporary approach to child welfare. Catering to children without parental care, we take pride in being instrumental in enabling the organization to provide a nurturing environment for these orphans.

Naya Nazimabad Bankers Cup

Naya Nazimabad Bankers Cup 2023 was a significant step for the upliftment of sports. It is a well-known name in the domestic cricket of Pakistan which focuses on giving a platform to young cricketers of Pakistan. The Bank was happy to empower the organizers for a competitive series of games.



Pakistan Hindu Council (PHC)

Upholding the element of white in our national flag and strong Islamic principles of respect for the minorities, we ensure continued contributions for empowerment, to different religious communities in Pakistan. In collaboration with the Pakistan Hindu Council, the Bank organized a job fair which helped in creating job opportunities for young graduates of the community.



Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG)

We extended full cooperation to PICG to prioritize Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) impacts. The collaboration aimed to address climate change and promote sustainable practices for a better future. The Bank is committed to ESG compliance and plans to develop a comprehensive ecosystem for capacity building and advocacy.

Behbud Association

The Bank takes pride in its contribution to the Behbud Association, for the design and construction of houses to provide secure accommodation for skilled women. This initiative aims to enable these women to maintain a central role in their communities. Aligned with its Islamic values, the Bank places a strong emphasis on poverty alleviation and the empowerment of underprivileged and marginalized communities. This commitment is manifested through interventions in areas such as education, health, vocational training, income generation, and disaster relief.



Hunar Ghar Welfare Organization

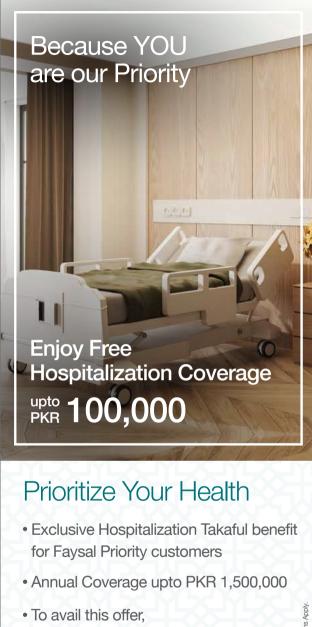
To further enhance women empowerment, the Bank has made interventions in education, vocational training, and income generation, with Hunar Ghar Welfare Organization.



The significance of staff welfare extends beyond mere business concerns. In adherence to Islamic principles, the Bank emphasizes the well-being of its staff and dedicated a substantial CSR budget for employees welfare.

Staff welfare is not just a matter of policy, it reflects the values and principles embedded in Islamic teachings that guide the vision and mission of Faysal Bank as an Islamic financial institution. We uphold ethical standards, fulfill social responsibilities, and foster an environment conducive to both individual and organizational growth of the Faysal family.

Waqf Faisal is committed to facilitating all employees associated with us, in accessing financial enablement for themselves and their families in challenging circumstances such as medical treatments and other pressing expenditure. As a tradition we provide ration bags and arrange Sehr and Iftar meals during Ramadan for guards and other office TPC staff. Aligned with this goal, the Bank allocated a specific budget in 2023, to offer financial assistance to its staff in diverse situations.



please call 021 111 117 171 or visit www.faysalbank.com for details



Digital Banking Impact

Go Green Agenda

We are reducing the printing of physical account statements through subscription of electronic statements so that customers can get their account statement on their registered email address.

Traffic Migration

One of our initiatives is to migrate the traffic from branch counters to Digital Channels.

Donations Collections

Our digital channels are enabled with the functionality to collect donations for charity organizations maintaining accounts with Faysal Bank.

Facilitation to CSR Organization

Bank is maintaining a corporate relationship with Indus Hospital and in order to collect donation in the form of currency notes, we are in process of Cash Deposit Machine deployment within Indus Hospital premises.

Subscriptions to Digital Services

We are directly taking consents through Account Opening Forms for the subscription of electronic statement, WhatsApp Banking, SMS Alerts with a view to cater customer needs without increasing the operational cost at branch end.



Environmental Stewardship

FBL has developed an Environmental & Social Risk Management framework, with an objective to reduce vulnerability of the Bank from risks arising from environmental & social issues, fulfill its responsibilities for the protection of environment and play its role to improve resource efficiency & climate resilience in the economy.

This framework aids in identifying, assessing, mitigating and monitoring environmental & social risks arising from operations of the Bank. It also provides guidance on the evaluation and management of environmental, social and climate change risks emanating from the (financing) decisions taken by the Bank.

Under this framework, the Bank has developed and implemented a comprehensive 'Green Banking Policy', which includes:

- Environmental & Social Risk Management guidelines based on which financing facilities are extended to the customers
- Guidelines on adopting environment friendly policies and practices in the Bank
- Raising awareness among the customers about importance of ESG (Environmental, Social & Governance) matters

The Bank has also updated the Environmental & Social Risk Rating (ESRR) model used to rate Corporate, Commercial & ME customers and to gauge the environmental & social impact of overall financing operations.

Green Financing Products

By recognizing the potential for green finance products, FBL has been at the forefront in financing the renewable energy sector. Our aim is to uphold our corporate responsibility to society and safeguard the environment. Our product offerings are in line with SBP's refinancing scheme for renewable energy. We believe that green finance products have a beneficial impact on the environment.

Environment Protection Measures

In order to transform the Bank into an environmentally conscious organization, we regularly plan awareness campaigns through training sessions and broadcasts. These initiatives are designed to promote energy efficiency among employees and foster a culture of environmental protection.

Energy Conservation

The Bank has implemented a life cycle replacement plan which includes replacement of traditional lighting, air conditioning systems and other electrical equipment with LED lights, inverter ACs and energy efficient appliances. This initiative aims to decrease maintenance expenses and improve energy efficiency.

Performance & Position



اے ایمان والو! اللہ پر ایمان کرکھو، اور اس کے مسول پر اور اس کتاب پر جو اللہ نے اپنے مسول پر اُتامری ہے اور ہر اس کتاب پر جو اس نے پیلے اتامری تھی۔ (سورہ النسآ, آیت غبر ١٣٦جن و آیت)

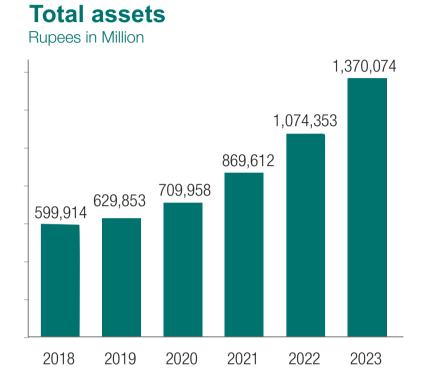
Six Year Financial Summary - Unconsolidated

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Operational Results						(Rupee	s in Million)
Profit / return earned Profit / return expensed Fee, commission, brokerage, Forex and other income		189,448 118,395 13,668	104,521 64,533 9,947	53,869 28,035 7,735	55,922 31,388 6,156	58,398 37,278 7,403	35,200 18,925 6,363
Dividend and capital gain / (loss) Total income		(1,579) 83,142	(987) 48,947	774 34,343	2,075 32,765	(155) 28,367	221 22,859
Provisions / (Write-offs) Operating and other expenses Operating profit before tax and provision		914 40,807 42,335	(940) 27,494 21,453	48 20,887 13,456	2,254 19,740 13,025	843 17,333 11,035	(422) 15,079 7,780
Profit before taxation Profit after taxation Cash dividend	%	41,422 20,046 40	22,393 11,233 70	13,409 8,153 15	10,770 6,511 -	10,192 6,041 -	8,202 4,837 -
Bonus shares	%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Statement of financial position		_					s in Million)
Shareholders' equity Revaluation reserves Deposits Due to financial institutions Islamic financing and related assets - net Investments - net		75,047 15,151 1,018,276 166,887 580,711 589,545	59,435 10,649 781,571 150,134 454,261 469,451	58,762 7,062 644,089 111,190 396,295 357,471	51,080 9,027 540,636 58,447 318,180 276,930	44,516 10,748 457,789 72,747 309,573 204,069	38,405 5,094 409,384 98,352 296,445 214,186
Total assets		1,370,074	1,074,353	869,612	709,958	629,853	599,914
Cashflows						(Rupee	s in Million)
Operating activities Investing activities Financing activities Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		151,657 (118,212) (6,978) 83,721	141,352 (130,709) (12,878) 57,253	81,090 (79,769) (2,958) 59,489	101,539 (101,347) (1,832) 61,126	6,568 (13,124) (1,806) 62,765	43,545 (38,151) (3) 44,880
Other key information							
Imports - local Imports - foreign Exports - local Exports - foreign Number of employees Number of branches	Rs. Min USD. Min Rs. Min USD. Min	62,615 1,330 22,674 510 8,787 722	72,106 1,461 59,348 402 8,011 700	72,686 1,718 35,893 423 7,120 606	24,310 1,343 35,538 370 6,803 576	31,825 1,129 53,347 373 6,938 555	44,879 1,323 68,431 364 6,141 455
Profitability ratios							
Profit before tax ratio Gross yield on earning assets Gross spread ratio Cost to income ratio Return on average equity (ROE) Return on capital employed (ROCE) Return on share holder's fund (ROSF) Return on average assets (ROA)	% % % % % %	21.86 16.19 37.51 49.08 29.81 26.61 55.19 1.64	21.42 11.20 38.26 56.17 19.01 16.40 37.68 1.16	24.89 7.15 47.96 60.82 14.84 11.47 22.82 1.03	19.26 9.35 43.87 60.25 13.62 10.84 21.09 0.97	17.45 11.37 36.17 61.10 14.57 13.02 22.89 0.98	23.30 6.85 46.24 65.97 13.43 15.18 21.36 0.88
Net profit return to total revenue Income to expense ratio	% Times	85.46 2.04		75.22 1.64	74.88 1.66	74.45 1.64	71.20 1.52

Financial Ratios

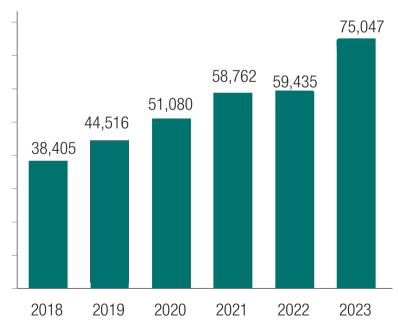
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Asset quality & Liquidity ratios							
Gross financing to deposits ratio Net financing to deposits ratio Current / Quick ratio Tir Cash to current liabilities Cashflow Coverage Ratio CASA to total deposits Gross Non-Performing assets to gross financing Non-performing financing to total financing Coverage ratio (specific provision to non-performing loans) Earning assets to total assets ratio Weighted average cost of deposit Liquidity coverage ratio	% % % % % % % % % mes %	59.00 57.03 0.51 6.92 90.87 75.02 3.84 3.97 83.14 85.42 10.3 1.53 173.79	60.59 58.12 0.44 5.99 94.15 80.02 4.58 4.78 85.52 86.89 6.5 1.79 169.67	64.71 61.53 0.53 7.77 72.93 75.42 5.62 5.91 83.50 86.68 3.6 2.14 171.75	62.84 58.85 0.68 9.81 173.73 71.75 7.72 8.24 78.74 84.24 5.3 2.11 169.28	72.92 67.62 0.76 10.94 9.03 70.70 9.11 9.82 77.20 81.55 6.83 1.42 135.60	78.23 72.41 0.82 7.91 43.97 68.47 8.33 9.00 86.69 85.62 3.82 1.45 130.67
Price earning ratio Earnings per share (EPS) Price to book ratio Market value per share High - during the year Low - during the year Book value per share (excl. surplus on revaluation of assets) Book value per share (Inc. surplus on revaluation of assets) F	% Rs. % Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs.	1.86 13.21 49.75 32.58 34.59 19.81 49.45 59.43	3.49 7.40 65.96 25.83 31.94 19.95 39.16 46.18	4.28 5.37 59.40 23.00 29.74 15.25 38.72 43.37	4.03 4.29 51.34 17.28 22.95 11.21 33.66 39.60	4.77 3.98 64.78 19.00 26.26 15.15 29.33 36.41	7.22 3.19 90.89 23.00 30.00 20.77 25.30 28.66
Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio Leverage ratio Net assets per share Debt to Equity Ratio Total assets turnover ratio	% % % Rs. % mes	17.46 14.59 4.57 59.43 1.85 6.07 34.02	15.47 12.89 4.50 46.18 2.14 4.56 30.67	17.53 15.68 5.46 43.37 1.69 3.95 33.02	18.67 15.95 5.96 39.60 0.97 4.62 29.53	19.14 15.53 5.86 36.41 1.32 4.50 26.05	16.80 14.81 4.89 28.66 2.26 3.81 51.66
Asset utilization Leverage ratio / Equity multiplier Tir	% % mes	24.11 6.80 18.18	22.95 5.04 16.45	23.74 4.35 14.38	19.87 4.89 14.02	21.30 4.61 14.83	21.16 4.18 15.20
Net assets maturity wise (based on expected withdrawal pattern) Upto one month Over one month to three months Over three months to six months Over six months to one year Over one year to two years Over two years to three years Over three years to five years Over three years to five years Over five years to the years Over the years Over the years Total net assets		(6,167) (7,814) 452,716 (34,862) (36,758) (109,995) (28,685) (163,337) <u>25,099</u> 90,197	(53,065) (64,735) 352,874 32,085 (31,916) (121,630) (4,762) (64,556) 25,788 70,083	19,003 (19,384) 21,191 14,893 52,336 866 132,775 (69,800) (86,057) 65,823	(19,244) 90,164 12,636 19,777 3,236 12,090 20,982 (19,673) (59,861) 60,107	34,478 49,393 9,434 10,450 9,811 7,916 (8,494) (11,405) (46,319) 55,264	3 in Million) 13,364 72,161 13,875 17,776 16,038 4,512 (5,636) (55,121) (33,470) 43,499

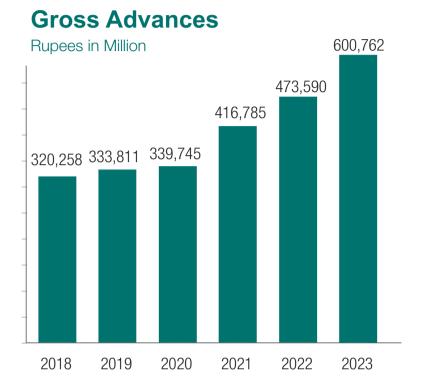
Graphical Presentation of Six Year Financial Summary



Shareholders' equity

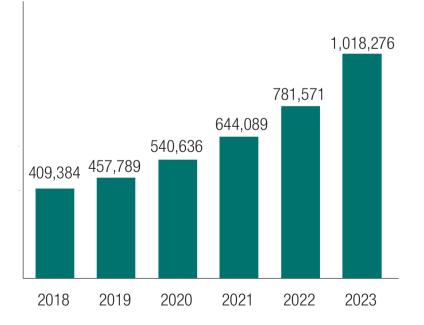
Rupees in Million

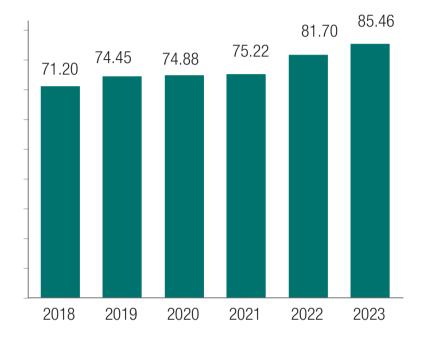




Deposits

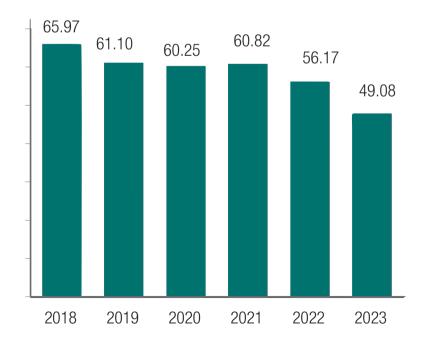
Rupees in Million





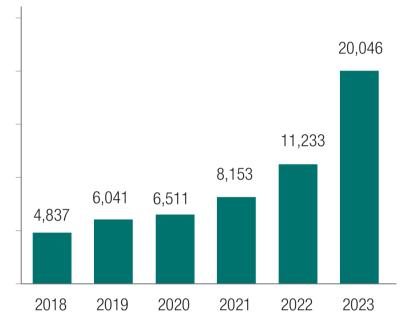
Net profit / return to total revenue %

Cost to Income ratio %



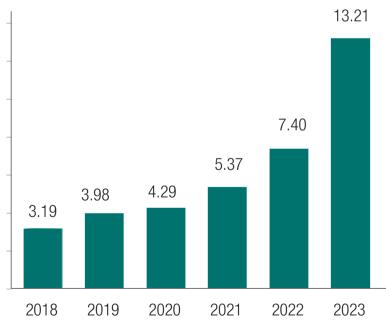
Profit after Tax





Earnings per share

In Rupees



Horizontal Analysis

Statement of Financial Position

	2023	2023 vs	2022	2022 vs	2021	2021 vs	2020	2020 vs	2019	2019 vs	2018	2018 vs
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
	Rs. MIn	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%
ASSETS												
Cash and balances with treasury banks	84,037	50%	56,131	-4%	58,517	-2%	59,881	-1%	60,368	40%	43,174	14%
Balances with other banks	1,812	-35%	2,785	-21%	3,517	22%	2,879	2%	2,836	53%	1,848	-1%
Due from financial institutions	-	-100%	9,815	-	-	-100%	2,985	100%	-	-100%	2,997	-67%
Investments	589,545	26%	469,451	31%	357,471	29%	276,930	36%	204,069	-5%	214,186	19%
Islamic financing and related assets - net	580,711	28%	454,261	15%	396,295	25%	318,180	3%	309,573	4%	296,445	28%
Fixed assets	40,268	15%	35,034	33%	26,338	10%	24,039	-1%	24,183	108%	11,612	1%
Intangible assets	2,332	17%	1,985	14%	1,743	13%	1,541	4%	1,488	12%	1,332	-11%
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-100%	183	-89%
Other assets	71,369	59%	44,891	74%	25,731	9%	23,524	-14%	27,336	-3%	28,138	38%
	1,370,074	28%	1,074,353	24%	869,612	22%	709,959	13%	629,853	5%	599,915	21%
LIABILITIES												
Bills payable	16,550	-22%	21,310	51%	14,123	4%	13,543	62%	8,356	-65%	23,544	169%
Due to financial institutions	166,887	11%	150,134	35%	111,190	90%	58,447	-20%	72,747	-26%	98,352	80%
Deposits and other accounts	1,018,276	30%	781,571	21%	644,089	19%	540,636	18%	457,789	12%	409,384	10%
Sub-ordinated sukuk		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	4,907	607%	694	17%	592	-63%	1,592	-42%	2,764	100%	-	-
Other liabilities	73,255	45%	50,561	50%	33,794	-5%	35,634	8%	32,933	31%	25,136	23%
	1,279,875	27%	1,004,270	25%	803,788	24%	649,852	13%	574,589	3%	556,416	22%
	90,198	29%	70,083	6%	65,824	10%	60,107	9%	55,264	27%	43,499	11%
REPRESENTED BY												
Share capital	15,177	0%	15,177	0%	15,177	0%	15,177	0%	15,177	0%	15,177	15%
Reserves	15,616	34%	11,675	-7%	12,613	14%	11,033	12%	9,831	12%	8,779	11%
Surplus on revaluation of assets	15,151	42%	10,649	51%	7,062	-22%	9,027	-16%	10,748	111%	5,094	-9%
Unappropriated profit	44,254	36%	32,582	5%	30,972	25%	24,870	27%	19,508	35%	14,449	16%
	90,198	29%	70,083	6%	65,824	10%	60,107	9%	55,264	27%	43,499	11%

Horizontal Analysis

Profit and Loss Account

	2023	2023 vs	2022	2022 vs	2021	2021 vs	2020	2020 vs	2019	2019 vs	2018	2018 vs
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
	Rs. Min	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%
	1.3. 10111	70	113, 10111	70	113.10111	70	113. 14111	70	113, 19111	70	113, 19111	/0
Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and other												
related assets, investments and placements	189,448	81%	104,521	94%	53,869	-4%	55,922	-4%	58,398	66%	35,200	22%
Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed	118,395	83%	64,533	130%	28,035	-11%	31,388	-16%	37,278	97%	18,925	28%
Net profit / return	71,053	78%	39,988	55%	25,834	5%	24,534	16%	21,120	30%	16,275	17%
OTHER INCOME												
Fee and commission income	8,518	29%	6,628	30%	5,094	32%	3,861	-6%	4,113	6%	3,871	25%
Dividend income	334	-42%	572	23%	464	23%	378	-11%	424	149%	170	6%
Foreign exchange income	4,758	67%	2,848	20%	2,379	14%	2,093	-26%	2,833	44%	1,971	42%
Income from derivatives	86	-55%	192	-868%	(25)	-152%	48	-73%	176	48%	119	-302%
Loss / Gain on securities	(1,913)	23%	(1,560)	-603%	310	-82%	1,697	-393%	(579)	·1235%	51	-94%
Total other income	307	10%	279	-3%	287	86%	154	-45%	282	-30%	402	55%
	12,090	35%	8,959	5%	8,509	3%	8,231	14%	7,249	10%	6,584	17%
Total income	83,143	70%	48,947	43%	34,343	5%	32,765	15%	28,369	24%	22,859	17%
OTHER EXPENSES												
Operating expenses	39,801	47%	26,996	31%	20,605	6%	19,401	14%	17,068	15%	14,816	18%
Workers Welfare Fund	887	92%	461	68%	274	22%	225	-3%	233	35%	173	12%
Other charges	119	222%	37	429%	7	-94%	114	245%	33	-63%	90	650%
Total other expenses	40,807	48%	27,494	32%	20,886	6%	19,740	14%	17,334	15%	15,079	18%
Profit before provisions	42,336	97%	21,453	59%	13,457	3%	13,025	18%	11,035	42%	7,780	14%
Provisions / reversal and write-offs - net	914	-197%	(940)	-2058%	48	-98%	2,254	167%	843	-300%	(422)	-14%
Extra ordinary / unusual items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	41,422	85%	22,393	67%	13,409	24%	10,771	6%	10,192	24%	8,202	12%
Taxation	21,376	92%	11,160	112%	5,256	23%	4,260	3%	4,151	23%	3,365	22%
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	20,046	78%	11,233	38%	8,153	25%	6,511	8%	6,041	25%	4,837	7%
Basic / diluted earnings per share	13.21	78%	7.40	38%	5.37	25%	4.29	8%	3.98	25%	3.19	7%

Vertical Analysis

Statement of Financial Position

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
	Rs. MIn	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. MIn	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%
ASSETS												
Cash and balances with treasury banks	84,037	6.13%	56,131	5.2%	58,517	6.7%	59,881	8.4%	60,368	9.6%	43,174	7.2%
Balances with other banks	1,812	0.13%	2,785	0.3%	3,517	0.4%	2,879	0.4%	2,836	0.5%	1,848	0.3%
Due from financial institutions	-	-	9,815	0.9%	-	-	2,985	0.4%	-	-	2,997	0.5%
Investments	589,545	43.03%	469,451	43.7%	357,471	41.1%	276,930	39.0%	204,069	32.4%	214,186	35.7%
Islamic financing and related assets - net	580,711	42.39%	454,261	42.3%	396,295	45.6%	318,180	44.8%	309,573	49.2%	296,445	49.4%
Fixed assets	40,268	2.94%	35,034	3.3%	26,338	3.0%	24,039	3.4%	24,183	3.8%	11,612	1.9%
Intangible assets	2,332	0.17%	1,985	0.2%	1,743	0.2%	1,541	0.2%	1,488	0.2%	1,332	0.2%
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	183	0.03%
Other assets	71,369	5.21%	44,891	4.2%	25,731	3.0%	23,524	3.3%	27,336	4.3%	28,138	4.7%
	1,370,074	100.0%	1,074,353	100.0%	869,612	100.0%	709,959	100.0%	629,853	100.0%	599,915	100.0%
LIABILITIES												
Bills payable	16,550	1.2%	21,310	2.0%	14,123	1.6%	13,543	1.9%	8,356	1.3%	23,544	3.9%
Due to financial institutions	166,887	12.2%	150,134	14.0%	111,190	12.8%	58,447	8.2%	72,747	11.5%	98,352	16.4%
Deposits and other accounts	1,018,276	74.3%	781,571	72.7%	644,089	74.1%	540,636	76.2%	457,789	72.7%	409,384	68.2%
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-ordinated sukuk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	4,907	0.4%	694	0.1%	592	0.1%	1,592	0.2%	2,764	0.4%	-	-
Other liabilities	73,256	5.3%	50,561	4.7%	33,794	3.9%	35,634	5.0%	32,933	5.2%	25,136	4.2%
	1,279,876	93.4%	1,004,270	93.5%	803,788	92.4%	649,852	91.5%	574,589	91.2%	556,416	92.7%
	90,198	6.6%	70,083	5.9%	65,824	7.6%	60,107	8.5%	55,264	8.8%	43,499	7.3%
REPRESENTED BY												
Share capital	15,177	1.1%	15,177	1.4%	15,177	1.7%	15,177	2.1%	15,177	2.4%	15,177	2.5%
Reserves	15,616	1.1%	11,675	1.1%	12,613	1.5%	11,033	1.6%	9,831	1.6%	8,779	1.5%
Surplus on revaluation of assets	15,151	1.1%	10,649	1.0%	7,062	0.8%	9,027	1.3%	10,748	1.7%	5,094	0.8%
Unappropriated profit	44,254	3.2%	32,582	3.0%	30,972	3.6%	24,870	3.5%	19,508	3.1%	14,449	2.4%
	90,198	6.6%	70,083	6.5%	65,824	7.6%	60,107	8.5%	55,264	8.8%	43,499	7.3%

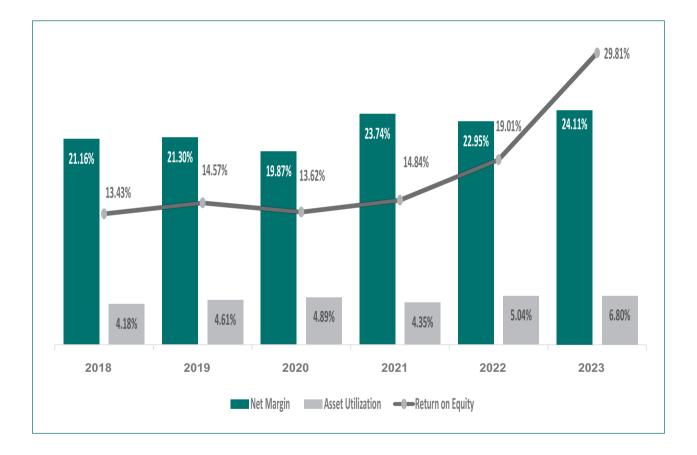
Vertical Analysis

Profit and Loss Account

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
	Rs. MIn	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%	Rs. Mln	%
Draft / vature corned on Islamic financing and athen												
Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and other	189,448	100.0%	104 501	100.0%	E0.000	100.0%	55 000	100.0%	58,398	100.0%	35,200	100.0%
related assets, investments and placements Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed	118,395	62.5%	104,521 64,533	61.7%	53,869 28,035	52.0%	31,388	56.1%	37,278	63.8%	18,925	53.8%
Net profit / return	71,053	37.5%	39,988	38.3%	25,834	48.0%	24,534	43.9%	21,120	36.2%	16,275	46.2%
Net profit / Tetum	11,000	01.070	00,000	00.070	20,004	40.070	24,004	-10.070	21,120	00.270	10,210	40.270
OTHER INCOME												
Fee and commission income	8,518	4.5%	6,628	6.3%	5,094	9.5%	3,861	6.9%	4,113	7.0%	3,871	11.0%
Dividend income	334	0.2%	572	0.5%	464	0.9%	378	0.7%	424	0.7%	170	0.5%
Foreign exchange income	4,758	2.5%	2,848	2.7%	2,379	4.4%	2,093	3.7%	2,833	4.9%	1,971	5.6%
Income from derivatives	86	-	192	0.2%	(25)	-	48	0.1%	176	0.3%	119	0.3%
(Loss) / Gain on securities	(1,913)	-1.0%	(1,560)	-1.5%	310	0.6%	1,697	3.0%	(579)	-1.0%	51	0.1%
Other income	307	0.2%	279	0.3%	287	0.5%	154	0.3%	282	0.5%	402	1.1%
	12,090	6.4%	8,959	8.6%	8,509	15.8%	8,231	14.7%	7,249	12.4%	6,584	18.7%
Total income	83,143	43.9%	48,947	46.8%	34,343	63.8%	32,765	58.6%	28,369	48.6%	22,859	64.9%
OTHER EXPENSES												
Operating expenses	39,801	21.0%	26,996	25.8%	20,605	38.3%	19,401	34.7%	17,068	29.2%	14,816	42.1%
Workers Welfare Fund	887	0.5%	461	0.4%	274	0.5%	225	0.4%	233	0.4%	173	0.5%
Other charges	119	0.1%	37	-	7	-	114	0.2%	33	0.1%	90	0.3%
Total other expenses	40,807	21.5%	27,494	26.3%	20,886	38.8%	19,740	35.3%	17,334	29.7%	15,079	42.8%
Profit before provisions	42,336	22.3%	21,453	20.5%	13,457	25.0%	13,025	23.3%	11,035	18.9%	7,780	22.1%
Provisions / (Reversal) - net	914	0.5%	(940)	-0.9%	48	0.1%	2,254	4.0%	843	1.4%	(422)	-1.2%
Extra ordinary / unusual items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	41,422	21.9%	22,393	21.4%	13,409	24.9%	10,771	19.3%	10,192	17.5%	8,202	23.3%
Taxation	21,376	11.3%	11,160	10.7%	5,256	9.8%	4,260	7.6%	4,151	7.1%	3,365	9.6%
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	20,046	10.6%	11,233	10.7%	8,153	15.1%	6,511	11.6%	6,041	10.3%	4,837	13.7%

DuPont Analysis

		Description		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1	Net Operating Margin	PAT / Net Revenue	A	21.16%	21.30%	19.87%	23.74%	22.95%	24.11%
2	Asset Utilization	Net Revenue / Avg Assets	В	4.18%	4.61%	4.89%	4.35%	5.04%	6.80%
	Return on Assets		C = A x B	0.88%	0.98%	0.97%	1.03%	1.16%	1.64%
3	Leverage Ratio / Equity Multiplier	Avg Assets / Avg Equity	D	15.20	14.83	14.02	14.38	16.45	18.18
	Return on Equity		СхD	13.43%	14.57%	13.62%	14.84%	19.01%	29.81%

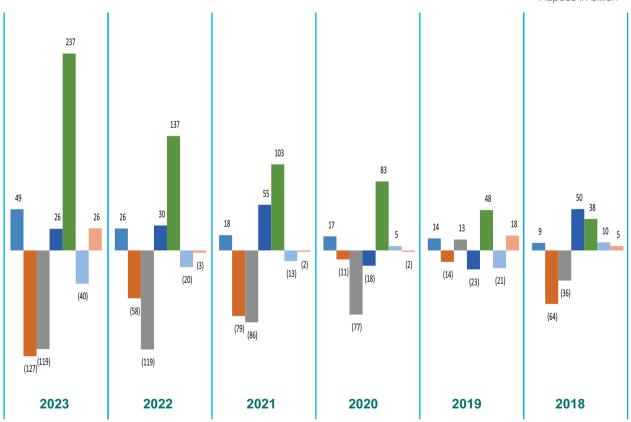


Quarterly Performance Review

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION		202	23			202	22	
	4th Qtr	3rd Qtr	2nd Qtr	1st Qtr	4th Qtr	3rd Qtr	2nd Qtr	1st Qtr
ASSETS				Rupe	es in Million			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	84,037	78,908	89,444	64,333	56,131	57,299	69,848	56,044
Balances with other banks	1,812	760	4,030	3,150	2,785	11,964	7,192	7,657
Due from financial institutions	-	-	25,500	1,500	9,815	-	-	5,000
Investments	589,545	550,429	481,439	466,953	469,451	412,162	378,079	400,451
Islamic financing and related assets - net	580,711	490,829	521,300	488,697	454,261	467,704	474,332	403,493
Fixed assets	40,268	38,107	36,066	35,697	35,034	28,714	27,157	26,225
Intangible assets	2,332	2,233	2,078	1,956	1,985	1,802	1,759	1,671
Deferred tax assets	-	40	168	1,037	-	-	-	-
Other assets	71,369	88,965	68,838	69,792	44,891	58,337	39,316	31,725
	1,370,074	1,250,271	1,228,863	1,133,115	1,074,353	1,037,982	997,683	932,266
LIABILITIES								
Bills payable	16,550	15,169	20,703	13,757	21,310	11,676	14,465	14,444
Due to financial institutions	166,887	132,894	162,888	189,580	150,134	181,247	153,531	163,472
Deposits and other accounts	1,018,276	949,567	907,900	799,781	781,571	725,028	722,404	649,175
Sub-ordinated sukuk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	4,907	-	-	-	694	558	858	616
Other liabilities	73,255	73,961	62,011	59,645	50,560	49,650	38,798	38,018
	1,279,876	1,171,591	1,153,502	1,062,763	1,004,269	968,159	930,056	865,725
	90,198	78,680	75,361	70,352	70,084	69,823	67,627	66,541
REPRESENTED BY							·	
Share capital	15,177	15,177	15,177	15,177	15,177	15,177	15,177	15,177
Reserves	15,616	14,026	13,133	12,306	11,676	14,089	12,568	12,601
Surplus on revaluation of assets	15,151	10,186	9,894	9,196	10,649	5,655	5,994	7,150
Unappropriated profit	44,254	39,289	37,156	33,673	32,582	34,902	33,888	31,613
	90,198	78,680	75,361	70,352	70,084	69,823	67,627	66,541
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT								
Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and other								
related assets, investments and placements	56,094	51,251	47,267	34,837	33,941	29,766	23,512	17,302
Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed	(34,184)	(32,839)	(29,575)	(21,797)	(20,892)	(19,064)	(14,457)	(10,120)
Net profit / return	21,910	18,412	17,692	13,040	13,049	10,702	9,055	7,182
(Reversal) / provision and write-off	(3,023)	1,612	960	1,365	(192)	(330)	(259)	(147)
Total other income	5,164	2,245	2,163	2,516	2,329	2,206	2,285	2,139
Total other expenses	12,789	9,988	10,076	7,954	8,201	6,890	6,424	5,968
Profit before taxation	17,309	9,057	8,819	6,237	7,369	6,348	5,175	3,500
Taxation	9,307	4,538	4,505	3,026	3,797	3,070	2,926	1,367
Profit after taxation	8,002	4,519	4,314	3,211	3,572	3,278	2,249	2,133
	.,		,	/	- / -		, .	1

Direct Method Cash Flow Statement

					Rupess in billion		
Years	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Opening Cash flow	57	59	61	63	45	39	
Profit after non cash adjustments	49	26	18	17	14	9	
Islamic financing and related assets	(127)	(58)	(79)	(11)	(14)	(64)	
Net Investments Securities	(119)	(119)	(86)	(77)	13	(36)	
Due to financial institutions	26	30	55	(18)	(23)	50	
Deposits	237	137	103	83	48	38	
Cash used in others activities	(40)	(20)	(13)	5	(21)	10	
Net cash received / (used)	26	(3)	(2)	(2)	18	5	
Closing	84	57	59	61	63	45	



Rupees in billion

Profit after non cash adjustments Advances Net Investments Securities Borrowings from financial institutions

Deposits Cash used in others activities Net cash used / (received)

Particulars of Significant / Material Assets and Immovable Property including Location

The Bank has the following fixed assets as at 31 December 2023.

Items from the fixed & intangible assets	Dec '23 - WDV	% composition
Land - Freehold & Leasehold	11,682,376	28%
Building on Freehold & Leasehold land	6,172,813	15%
Office equipment	3,477,006	8%
Vehicles, Lease hold improvement, Furniture and fixture	4,107,401	10%
Property & equipment	25,439,596	60%
Right-of-use assets	10,713,046	25%
Intangible assets	1,296,297	3%
Capital work-in-progress	4,914,015	12%
Total fixed & intangible assets	42,362,954	100%

Significant immovable properties of the Bank are as follows:

BA Building

Head Office - Faysal House, Sharah e Faysal Karachi, Pakistan

Regional Office

3555-16, Abdullah Haroon Road Karachi, Pakistan
3549-310 Upper Mall, Lahore, Pakistan
3709 - Building on Plot # P-20, Ward 10, Civil Lines, Faisalabad
3552- Plot # 15, Western Half, F-6/G-6, Jinnah Avenue, Islamabad.

Owned and leased premises of branch network and offices across the country.

Methods and Assumptions Used in Compiling the Indicators

The Bank uses Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) to measure success of initiatives as well as routine operational activities.

FBL identifies KPIs which effectively reflect the Bank's performance. The Bank analyses all traditional financial and profitability ratios together with an analysis of its market positioning, competitors and general market conditions. Financial ratios include growth in deposits and advances, non-performing loans ratio and provision coverage, while profitability ratios include net margin ratio, non-markup income to total income, cost to income ratio, return on assets, return on equity and earnings per share.

Share Price Sensitivity Analysis

Share Price Sensitivity Analysis

Below is a list of some key factors that can influence the share price of Faysal Bank Limited. The list is not exhaustive and intends to cover the major areas:

- Regulatory / Policy Changes

Any regulatory or policy changes that directly impact the overall banking landscape along with cost and / or revenue drivers are likely to exert a significant influence on the Bank's stock price. For example, any change in monetary policy rate has a direct impact on yields of government securities, spreads made on advances and funding costs; and in turn materially impact profitability and the share price as well. Similarly, any hike in the minimum rate of return on deposits will result in compression in net interest margins earned and can negatively impact the earning and correspondingly the share price of the scrip.

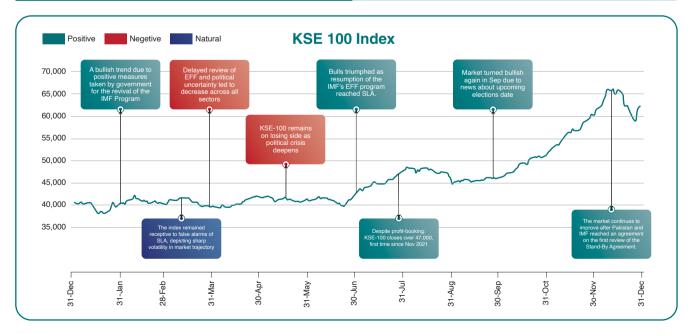
- Investor and Market Sentiment

Market sentiment is often subjective which makes it difficult to quantify but a change in sentiments due to the investment climate in general or the stock market in particular can have an impact on the Bank's share price as well. Such a sentiment driven impact on the share price can occur even in the absence of any fundamental development or change in the Bank's business case.

- Change in Macro Environment

Political stability and controlled law & order situation is a pre-requisite for any economic development. Any changes in the macro environment, including inflation and / or currency devaluation could see the stock price of the Bank move alongside as market preempts such developments and extrapolates their impact on policy / regulatory changes in the Bank's share price.

Share Price as of December 31, 2023	Rs. 32.58
High Price	Rs. 34.59
Low Price	Rs. 19.81
Average Volume	1,660,428
No. of Trading Days	246



Sensitivity Analysis due to Foreign Currency Fluctuations

Foreign exchange risk / currency risk is the current or prospective risk to earnings and capital arising from adverse movements in currency exchange rates. It refers to the impact of adverse movements in currency exchange rates on the value of open foreign currency positions. Changes in currency rates affect the value of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and may affect revenues from foreign exchange dealing.

The Bank undertakes currency risk mostly to support its trade services and maintains overall foreign exchange risk position to the extent of statutory Foreign Exchange Exposure Limit (FEEL) prescribed by the SBP.

Exposure limits such as counterparty, gap, net open position, dealer and bucket-wise currency delta limits are in place in accordance with the Bank's approved policies in order to manage associated risk and concentration at the acceptable tolerance levels.

For details about the Bank's foreign exchange risk refer note 44.2.2 to the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Business Rationale for Major Capital Expenditure/Projects

Faysal Bank realizes the importance of capital expenditure and in view of this has adopted in-depth evaluation procedures to assess all types of capital expenditure requirements before obtaining final endorsements from the Board.

During the year, the bank's capital expenditure amounted to over **PKR 10 billion** and was primarily directed towards acquisition of land & building for business expansion, renovation, improvement of digital framework and strengthening of IT infrastructure. A detailed disclosure of fixed asset is given in the financial statements.

Capital expenditures planned for next year

The Bank has budgeted capital expenditure of over **PKR 15 billion** for calendar year 2024. This would primarily be invested in expanding our branch network, continuous improvement in our IT platforms, safeguarding our existing infrastructure / relationships from growing threats on cyber security front along with routine upgrades and replacements to ensure smooth operations.

Highlights 2023 at a Glance



79% growth in Profit After Tax EPS PKR 13.21 per share

Outlook



اور نیکی اور تقوی میں ایک دوسرے کے ساتھ تعاون کرو، اور گناہ اويرظلم ميں تعاون نہكرو۔ (سورة المائلة آيت غبر ٢ - جن و آيت)

Forward Looking Statement

Forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements often use words such as "anticipate," "target," "expect," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "goal," "believe," or other words of similar meaning. Forward-looking statements provide Faysal Bank's current expectations or forecasts of future events, circumstances, results or aspirations. All forward-looking statements are, by their nature, subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Bank's control. FBL's actual future results may differ materially from those set forth in its forward-looking statements. While there is no assurance that any list of risks and uncertainties or risk factors is complete, among many others below are certain factors which could cause actual results to differ from those in the forward-looking statements:

- Local, regional and global business, economic and political conditions and geopolitical events;
- Changes in laws and regulatory requirements, including capital and liquidity requirements affecting the Bank's business, and the ability of the Bank to address those requirements;
- Changes in investor sentiment or consumer spending or savings behavior; and
- Occurrence of natural or man-made disasters or calamities, including health emergencies, the spread of infectious diseases, pandemics or outbreaks of hostilities, or the effects of climate change, and the Bank's ability to deal effectively with disruptions caused by the foregoing.

Any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of the Bank speak only as of the date they are made, and Faysal Bank does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements. The reader should, however, consult any further disclosures of a forward-looking nature the Bank may make in any subsequent Quarterly Reports, or other Briefings.

Faysal Bank expects to see substantial growth in demand for Islamic banking, driven by its commitment to innovation and customer-centric services. The bank is focused on expanding its digital banking platform, launching new Shariah-compliant products, and entering new markets. It also remains vigilant about potential risks such as economic volatility and regulatory changes, which could impact its strategic direction. Faysal Bank anticipates growth in Islamic banking services, driven by digital innovation, market expansion, and customer-centric product development. It projects increased adoption of digital banking, expansion into underserved markets, and a stronger focus on SME and consumer financing. The bank remains cautious about global economic uncertainties and local regulatory changes, adjusting its strategies accordingly.

Sources of Information & Assumptions Used for Projections & Forecasts

The strategic outlook is informed by a thorough analysis of market trends, customer behavior studies, and financial projections. Faysal Bank relies on a mix of internal data analytics and external market research to forecast future trends. External consultants may be engaged for expertise in specific areas like digital transformation strategies and sustainability frameworks. Projections and forecasts are based on internal analyses, market research, and economic indicators. Assumptions about market growth, technological trends, and regulatory changes inform these projections. Faysal Bank may also consult external experts for insights into specific areas like digital banking trends and sustainability practices.

Status of the projects disclosed and how the performance of the Bank meets the forward-looking disclosures made in 2022

		2023 vs	s. 2022	
	Register double digit growth in terms of profitability in 2023 and	PAT	79%	
	focus on deposit growth.	Deposits	30%	
Growth	Open 55 new branches	Due to the economic slowdown persisting throughout the year, the Bank adopted a cautious approach and opened only 22 branches. The remaining 33 branches will be opened as part of annual branch expansion plan for 2024.		
Digital Banking	Digital solution and enhancement in eco system Igital Banking Full-fledged digital distribution channel		r caters to 355K+ service crossed 300K users. unt statements through c statement. sit machines.	
			k App d rded 42% growth from last	

Strategy and Resource Allocation



حضرت امام مالک مرحمت الله عليه سے مروايت ہے کہ ان تک يہ بات پنچی کہ مرسول الله عليه نے فرماياميں اس واسط بھيجا گيا ہوں کہ اخلاق کی اچھا يوں کو پو مراکر دوں۔ (الموطا للامام مالک)

Strategic Objectives

Long Term

Maximize shareholder value and sustainable returns

Short Term

- Superior customer service
- Product innovation
- Employer of choice
- Robust control and compliance framework
- Enhanced operational efficiencies

Medium Term

- Leading Islamic bank of Pakistan
- Increased market share in deposits, SME, Consumer lending and digital presentation
- Strategic investments in Digital Banking

Strategic Actions to Achieve Objectives

Strategic Objectives / Goals	Strategic Actions			
Be the Leading Islamic Bank in Pakistan	 Inculcate Islamic culture and values throughout the organization Enhance human capital development and through training and collaboration with leading educational institutions 			
Strong Retail Franchise	 Enhance franchise value and market share through network growth and high-quality sales and service Grow low-cost CASA deposits by differentiating through market leading customer service Offer complete and innovative Shariah compliant product suite 			
High Quality Lender	 Focus on growing high-quality / high-margin consumer financing through – full product suite and cross-sell propositions Increase higher margin Commercial and SME financing, also target ancillary trade and deposit business 			
Exceeding customers' expectations - best in class service delivery	 Optimize customer experience across all touch points through revamped service framework and improve look & feel (user experience) across all channels Re-align service standards, creating visibility on service levels, identify & remediate service gaps and drive accountability to improve service levels Streamline service delivery through Business process re-engineering operational efficiencies and high-quality staff 			
Digitization – technology & innovation driven Islamic Banking	 Differentiate through innovative digital propositions & functionalities to divert traffic to digital channels Use Business Intelligence to leverage data to support sales, cross sell products and optimize loyalty programs 			
Increased Shareholder Value with Capital Stability	 Improve top-line (core income) & NFI in all segments Improve efficiencies in procurements, expenditure and optimize costs 			

Resource Allocation

Human & Intellectual Capital

- Engaged and motivated employees
- Culture of Empathy
- Whistleblowing forums
- A diverse and inclusive workforce
- Constant Product and Process innovation leveraging the best minds in the industry.
- Strong Management structure and experienced leadership team
- Learning & Development through key training initiatives

Manufactured Capital

- 711 ATMs across the country
- Solitaire lounges in all Flagship branches pan Pakistan
- State of the art Core banking and IT infrastructure
- Data Warehouse linked with advanced Business intelligence and reporting mechanisms.

Financial Capital

- Rs 20 billion profit after tax
- Rs 90 billion total equity
- Deposits Rs 1 trillion
- Financing Rs 581 billion

Natural Capital

- Renewable energy financing
- Reducing carbon footprint by carpooling facility to employees, solar empowerment of branch network
- On track to establish Faysal Islami Exchange Company

Social & Relationship Capital

- Robust complaint handling mechanism
- Brand image as Islamic banking
- Philanthropic activities to support society at large
- Complete transparency to win investor confidence

Sustainable Competitive Advantage

Faysal Bank leverages its extensive Islamic banking expertise, cutting-edge digital infrastructure, and nationwide branch network. Investing in technology and human capital enhances its service delivery, operational efficiency, and compliance with Shariah principles, ensuring long-term customer satisfaction and loyalty. FBL utilizes its robust Islamic banking product portfolio, and digital banking initiatives to provide a sustainable competitive advantage. Its emphasis on Shariah-compliant products, personalized customer service, and technological innovation creates significant value for stakeholders, enhancing market share and customer loyalty.

Effects of Technological Changes & ESG Reporting

The bank's strategy is significantly influenced by digitalization, which demands continuous investment in IT infrastructure and cybersecurity. ESG factors are integral, prompting Faysal Bank to adopt green banking practices and support sustainable financing.

Initiatives for Promoting Innovation and Address Resource Shortages

Innovation is encouraged through collaborations and constant development addressing resource constraints by optimizing processes and diversifying resource sourcing. Technological advancements, environmental, social, and governance (ESG) considerations, and innovation are pivotal to Faysal Bank's strategy. The bank actively invests in digital transformation, promotes eco-friendly banking practices like Green Banking/ e-banking/ e-statements, offers solar financing to customers and addresses resource shortages by optimizing operational efficiencies and fostering a culture of innovation.

Key Performance Indicators

Faysal Bank has successfully completed its transition into a full-fledged Islamic financial institution and at the conclusion of its first year as an Islamic Bank is focused on the realization of its vision of becoming the leading customer-centric Bank in the country.

In the preceding fiscal year, Faysal Bank not only achieved a commendable conversion milestone but also excelled in key performance indicators. Notably, the bank surpassed growth targets with a 100% rise in operating profit as compared to the previous year. Furthermore, objectives related to expanding the customer base, enhancing service quality, and advancing the digitization of products and services were all exceeded.

Looking ahead, Faysal Bank remains strategically focused on the high-quality implementation of its objectives to grow market share and profitability. The Bank will continue to enhance its network and focus on empowering and training of staff as well as optimization of digital channels and technology stack to serve customers even better. This strategic focus is complemented by a resolute adherence to regulatory and Shariah standards.

Sustainability Strategy and Objectives

Faysal Bank's sustainability strategy focuses on social responsibility, environmental protection, and economic growth. Objectives include increasing the portfolio of green financing, and enhancing digital financial services to promote financial inclusion, with specific targets set for each area over the next five years. Faysal Bank aims to integrate sustainability into its core operations, focusing on reducing its carbon footprint, promoting financial inclusion, and ensuring ethical banking practices. Measurable targets include increased financing for green projects, improved energy efficiency in operations, and enhanced community engagement through CSR initiatives.

Implementation and Monitoring of Strategic Objectives

A dedicated BoD sub-committee i.e. Board Strategy Committee (BSC) is in place, which oversees the strategy implementation in the Bank on a quarterly basis, in line with the strategic plan. The Strategy function works with key stakeholders to develop and update the strategic plan and works in collaboration with relevant stakeholders on implementation of action tracks to ensure desired outcomes are achieved.

Significant Changes in Objectives and Strategies

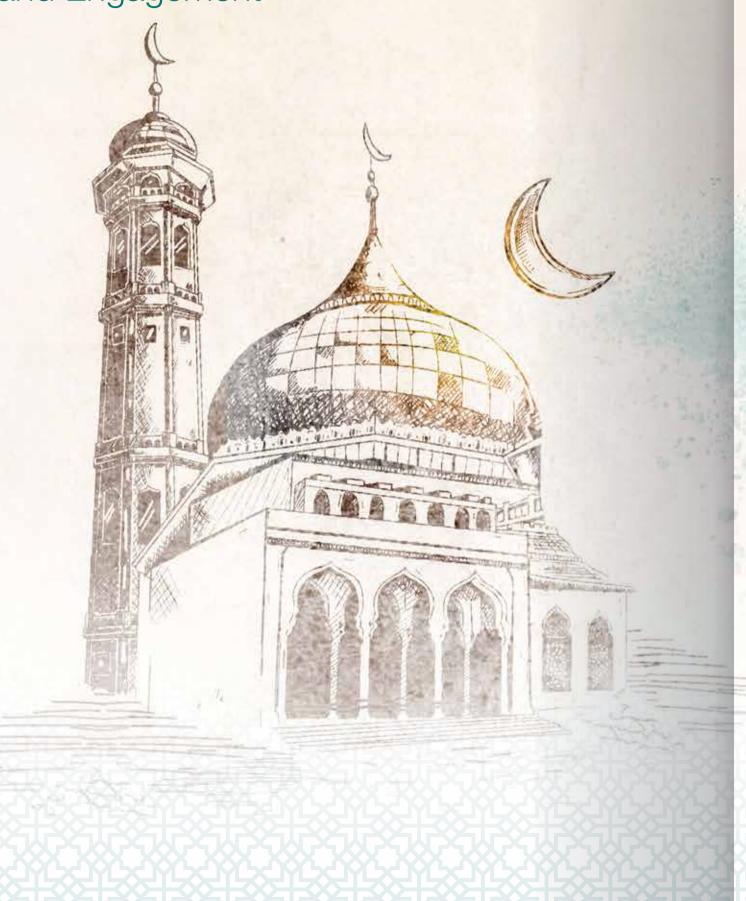
FBL's objectives & strategies are well-planned and are implemented through a proper project management approach ensuring high quality outcomes.

Summarizing the Bank's Strategic initiatives

	Strategic objectives	Strategic Initiatives	Plans/Strategies for meeting Objectives	Key Performance Indicators (KPI)
1.	Sustainable Competitive Advantage	Grow Market share, growth in deposits.	 The company aims to increase market share across all business lines in particular; deposits, consumer lending, and SME financing. Continued branch network expansion Focus on mass affluent, affluent and high net worth clients, as well as agri financing. Implement a custmer centric, segmented sales approaches. 	Market share growth
		New segment identification	 Enhanced offers for new segments (Freelancers, Digital nomads, Women account holders, Minor accounts/Students etc.) Third party partnerships for identifying new customer segments based on behavioral insights as gathered via various digital media, and external partners including telcos etc. Marketing initiatives emphasizing Shariah-compliant products, personalized customer service, and technological innovation thereby, creating significant value for stakeholders, enhancing market share and customer loyalty. Increased market share in Home remittances, agri 	Market share growth
		Continue to build SME offering	 Third party partnerships to enhance Agri portfolio sourcing as per SBP guidelines Leveraging branch-SME nexus to improve SME customer relationship management Joint customer visits between Retail branch and SME stakeholders for new sourcing 	Market share growth

	Strategic objectives	Strategic Initiatives	Plans/Strategies for meeting Objectives	Key Performance Indicators (KPI)
2.	Effects of Technological Changes	New initiatives leveraging existing Customer portfolio insights	 New initiatives focused technology to enhance customer experience across all channels i.e. Branch banking, digital platforms, WhatsApp banking etc. on Technology and data will be used for efficient decision-making and improving customer portfolio quality. Innovation will be promoted through 360-degree views of the customer portfolio to identify X-sell opportunities. Third party partnerships to enrich the existing FBL customer portfolio insights that will enhance existing predictive analytics models for improved customer retention, churn prevention, campaign execution etc. The Bank's strategy is significantly influenced by digitalization which translates into better, efficient customer service. 	Sales and new opportunities for X-sell
3.	Sustainability Strategy and Objectives, and ESG	Strategic investments in ESG, Green banking initiatives etc.	 ESG factors are integral, prompting Faysal Bank to adopt Green Banking practices and support sustainable financing. Continuous encouragement through Strategic Fintech collaborations and internal Innovation labs, addressing resource constraints by optimizing processes and diversifying resource sourcing. 	Long term Strategy

Stakeholder Relationship and Engagement



مسلمان إيقيناً الله تهي محكم حيتا بكرتم امانتي ان كحقد الرور تك پېنجائ. او سرجب لو كور كرميان فيصلركرو تو انصاف كساتم فيصلركرو-(سورة النسآء آيت غبر ٥٩ جرو آيت)

Identification of Key Stakeholders

We are committed to understanding each stakeholder's concerns and expectations and then applying the relevant inputs to our decision-making to ensure sustained value creation. We aggregate our material stakeholders in terms of their level of influence on us and our impact on them. Based on this broad-based assessment, we prioritize these relationships and while we engage with all our stakeholders, we have identified our key stakeholders as those with whom we need to collaborate with, consult and involve and as such have developed goals for each.

Stakeholder Engagement Process And Frequency

Stakeholder engagement is an integral part of developing an understanding of our stakeholders' needs, interests and expectations and assists the Bank with strategic and sustainable decision making.

Stakeholders	Customers	Employees	Institutional Investors/ Shareholders/Analysts
Value Created	Customer satisfaction is integral to achieve strategic objectives. Promote financial inclusion, fair treatment of customers and high customer satisfaction and loyalty.	Our employees, ambassador to the customers, represent our biggest asset, implementing every strategic and operational decision.	The providers of capital allow FBL the means to achieve its vision; while the analysts endorse the trust the investors place in the bank.
Engagement Management	 Professional staff for customer assistance at 722 branches across Pakistan. Interaction through our relationship managers, call centers, social media, and various advertising activities 	 Regular electronic newsletters Compliance letters Grievance reporting procedure 	 Quarter semi-annual and annual financial statements Annual General Meeting Participation in local and international road shows Press releases Investors' Grievance Portal
Frequency	As & when customer need arises.	 When the need arises. Internal training sessions: 655 External training sessions: 80 	 Quarterly & annually. Cash Dividend: 40% Interim: 20% Annual: 20% Regular Analyst Briefings March 22, 2023 September 1, 2023

Service Providers Regulatory Bodies		Local Community	Media
Our growth is also attributable to engaging reputed and dependable suppliers as business partners.	to engaging reputed and being a responsible corporate citizen and abide		By availing this avenue of communication, effective awareness is created regarding the Bank and products and services it offers, along with mitigating reputational risks.
 As per the policies and procedures laid down in the Bank's General Services Procedures 	 Submission of applicable statutory returns Responding / enquiring various queries / information 	The Bank actively participates in various social work initiatives as part of its corporate social responsibility.	Advertisements through print, electronic, social media, website, and interviews.
• When the need arises.	As per regulatory timelines.When the need arises.	 When the need arises. Environment protection through implementation of Green Banking policies Persons employed: 8,787 	 When the need arises. Responding timely and relevantly to media queries.

Steps to Encourage Minority Shareholders Participation in AGM

The Bank organises shareholders' meetings in order to have a proper communication with its shareholders, specially the minority shareholders. Each shareholder, irrespective of holding and voting power is important to the Bank. We value them, their concerns, their suggestions and grievances, if any. At each Annual General Meeting (AGM) or Extraordinary General Meeting (EOGM), we ensure a two-way communication with the shareholders, particularly, the minority shareholders.

The notice of all general meetings is published in leading newspapers (in both Urdu and English languages) having circulation all over the Country, placed on the Bank's website and emailed to all shareholders well before the occurrence of the meeting.

All minority shareholders irrespective of their shareholding can appoint proxy, participate through video conference (VC) and vote through e-voting. They can suggest, propose, comment, record their reservations during the meeting, and enjoy full rights to propose and second any agenda item presented. Shareholders can also actively participate during general meetings in discussions on operations, objectives and future strategy of the Bank. They can always demand the draft minutes of meeting within stipulated time post the event and are privileged to object on any intended major investments, planned acquisitions, mergers and takeovers or any other corporate / capital restructuring.

The Bank always facilitates and ensures shareholders presence while entertaining their requests if feasible and viable. It values and honors their inputs, records their concerns, prepositions, suggestions in minutes and keeps them abreast on the progress and subsequent actions.

Issues raised in the last AGM and EOGM, decisions taken and their implementation status

The Twenty Eighth Annual General Meeting and Extra Ordinary General Meeting, scheduled for March 29, 2023 and May 11, 2023 respectively, through physically and virtually in compliance with Circular Letter No. SMD/SE/2(20)/2021 dated December 15, 2021 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Synopsis of the decisions taken in 28th Annual General Meeting is given below:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. Confirmed the minutes of the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on November 25, 2022
- Approved the Unconsolidated & Consolidated Financial Statements and Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance of FBL for the year ended December 31, 2022 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- Approved the 10% Final Cash Dividend as recommended by the Board of Directors for the year ended December 31, 2022, in addition to 5% Interim Cash Dividend for the Second Quarter (half year) ended June 30, 2022 and 55% Interim Cash Dividend for the third quarter ended September 30, 2022 as already been paid to the Shareholders.
- 4. Appointment of External Auditors for the ensuing financial year 2023.

Special Business:

- 1. Amendment in Articles of Association (AOA) as directed by the State Bank of Pakistan in its Islamic Banking License of Faysal Bank Limited
- 2. Approved the amount of remuneration paid to the Non-Executive/Independent Directors of FBL during the year 2022.

Synopsis of the decisions taken in Extra Ordinary Annual General Meeting is given below:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. Confirmation of the minutes of the 28th Annual General Meeting held on March 29, 2023.
- 2. Election of Directors of Faysal Bank Ltd for a period of Three (03) Years commencing from May 14, 2023, in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2017 and Memorandum and Article of Association

Investors' Grievances Policy

The Board of Directors, President & CEO and Company Secretary ensure that all the Material and price-sensitive information is disclosed in compliance with the regulatory requirements which includes Financial Results, entitlement of corporate information, significant change in financial conditions, current and expected business performance etc.

With respect to shareholder related matters the Bank has appointed a reputable and experienced share registrar services. In addition, contact details of the designated personnel of the Bank for assisting the shareholders and handling their requests and complaints are also prominently displayed in the relevant section of the Bank's website.

Summary of Analyst Briefing

Regular interactive sessions between the management of the Bank and the investor community are an excellent opportunity for the former to apprise the latter about the business environment of the country, discuss its financial performance, competitive landscape and future prospects.

The sessions are conducted with the objective of ensuring timely and equitable distribution of information to all concerned, and to give the right perspective of the business affairs of the Bank to the investors – existing and potential – to assist in investment decision-making.

The Bank's latest Corporate Briefing Session was held based on December 31, 2023 results. The CFO presented a detailed analysis of Bank's performance along with future outlook. The session was followed by a Q & A session.

The presentation of the CBS can be accessed in the Investor Relations section of the Bank's website.

Redressal of Investors' Complaints

The Bank maintains an Investor Relations page on its corporate website where contact details for the designated officer responsible for assisting and handling shareholders' grievances are provided. The representative is actively involved in addressing complaints received from any regulatory forum, with dedicated resources allocated to ensure effective and efficient resolution. Investors seeking to address their concerns and complaints can visit the Investor Relations page on our website. The Bank is steadfast in its commitment to resolving grievances within the prescribed statutory timelines.

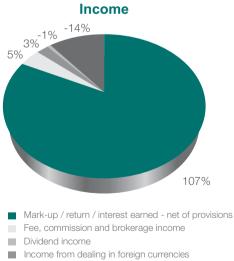
Investor Relation Section on Corporate Website

For more information please visit www.faysalbank.com



Statement of Value Added

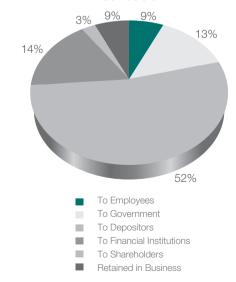
	2023		2022	
	Rupees '000	%	Rupees '000	%
Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and other related assets, investments and placements - net of provision	188,534,484	107	105,461,035	108
Fee, commission and brokerage income	8,517,530	5	6,628,374	7
Dividend income	334,064	-	572,216	1
Income from dealing in foreign currencies	4,758,254	3	2,848,403	2
Derivative income, gain on sale of investments etc.	(1,521,063)	(1)	(1,089,612)	(1)
	200,623,269	114	114,420,416	117
Administrative and other expenses	24,680,596	(14)	16,622,247	(17)
Value Added	175,942,673	100	97,798,169	100
Distributed as follows:				
To Employees As remuneration	16,012,753	9	10,783,444	11
To Government As income tax	21,375,595	13	11,160,132	11
To Depositors As profit on investments	87,594,280	52	43,550,703	45
To Financial Institutions Profit on due to financial institutions	23,530,948	14	20,982,465	21
To Society As donations	113,215	-	88,257	-
To Shareholders As dividends / bonus	4,553,091	3	10,623,279	11
Retained in Business As reserves and retained profits	15,492,848	9	609,889	1
	168,672,730	100	97,798,169	100



Derivative income, gain on sale of investments etc.

Administrative and other expenses

Distribution



Human Resources





Human Resources

At Faysal Bank, we firmly believe that our employees are our most valuable asset. Our commitment to fostering employee development is unwavering, as we empower our team members to reach their full potential. This approach is pivotal in cultivating a high-performance organisation.

The Human Resources Function at Faysal Bank is segmented into specialized units, each contributing uniquely and collectively to our overarching goals.

DEI & Culture

In 2023, Faysal Bank embarked on a significant journey by introducing new core values aligning with our Islamic Bank identity. These values, formulated through strategic deliberation and endorsed by the Board of Directors, lay the groundwork for our evolving corporate identity. We conducted focus groups across different functions to deeply understand and integrate these values. The insights gained from these discussions led to the endorsement of our values by the management committee, thereby shaping our organisational culture and forming the cornerstone of our reward and recognition programme.

Alongside adopting these new values and enhancing our Learning & OD initiatives, our dedicated Diversity, Equity, Inclusion (DEI), and Employee Well-Being teams launched a considerable number of initiatives to provide platforms for employee growth and success.

A highlight of these efforts was our collaboration with Saaya Health and renowned speakers. Utilising their expertise and resources, we focused on nurturing the overall well-being of our employees, fostering a supportive, inclusive work environment.

Physcial & Mental Health

In these collaborative efforts, Faysal Bank introduced diverse activities and programmes focused on enhancing physical and mental well-being, achieving work-life balance and fostering personal and professional growth among our employees. Our initiatives included mindfulness workshops and motivational speaking sessions that are well curated to provide a comprehensive well-being experience for our workforce.

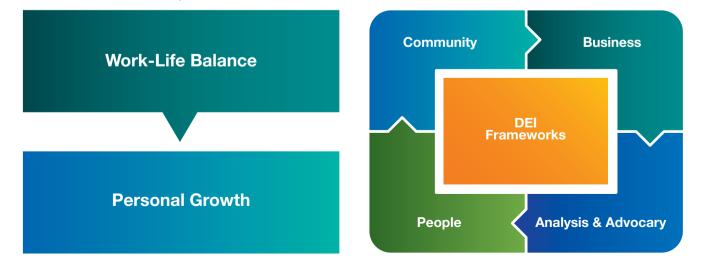
Beyond individual health, we have been successful in organising a number of employee engagement activities to build a strong sense of community and belongingness within the organisation. These activities ranged from team-building exercises to virtual social gatherings and volunteer opportunities, offering our employees chances to connect and engage in community service.

Our commitment to employee well-being extended beyond personal benefits, reflecting positively in the overall performance and productivity of the Baank. By prioritising the health and happiness of our staff, we are able to cultivate a vibrant work culture that encourages collaboration, innovation, and collective success.



Diversity, Equity & Inclusion

At Faysal Bank our strategy for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) centers on three key pillars: promoting workforce diversity, equity, and inclusion, implementing DEI initiatives in the markets and communities where we operate and engaging in advocacy. Our goal is to foster an inclusive culture underpinned by policies and programmes that attract, develop, engage and retain top talent. Across the Bank, DEI leaders are actively involved in strategically driving the implementation of inclusive practices and behaviors.



Tracking our progress in diversity, equity and inclusion, we compile and report key metrics in our annual Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Report. This information is also presented bi-annually to the Sub-Management Committee on DEI and regularly reviewed by the Human Resource Committee of the board. Furthermore, our DEI initiatives align directly with the UN Sustainable Development Goals, underscoring our commitment to making a positive impact in the communities we serve.



Vision of DEI at Faysal Bank

Rooted in the core Islamic values of equality, Faysal Bank has embraced diversity and inclusivity as fundamental tenets to establish itself as the employer of choice. Central to our Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI) Strategy are the principles of gender diversity, equitable opportunities and the inclusion of differently-abled individuals.

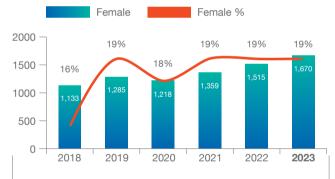
In early 2021, the Board of Directors formally endorsed and ratified our DEI strategic objectives and vision, affirming our commitment to these principles. As an Islamic Bank, our approach to DEI is deeply integrated with our organisational values, reflecting our dedication to creating an equitable and inclusive workplace aligned with our ethical and religious principles.

Faith & Belief, Care, Teamwork, Integrity & Innovation

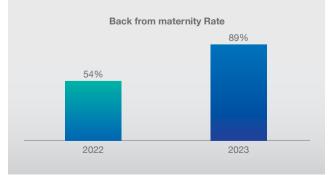
At Faysal Bank, our leadership team advocates and implements diversity and inclusion initiatives. We recognise Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) as a critical component of our board agenda, reflected in the composition of our Board, which boasts a 19% diversity rate, including two female Board Directors.

We understand that transparency is integral to achieving our DEI goals. Over recent years, Faysal Bank has made significant strides in enhancing gender diversity, over the past few years.





In the past two years, implementing innovative policies such as Child Care Allowance, Iddat Leave, Scooty Allowance, and Flexible Working Hours, has significantly contributed to fostering a more inclusive and engaging work environment for women at our organisation. These initiatives have been instrumental in enhancing our maternity return rate, which has seen a remarkable improvement of 35% in 2023.



Partnerships created in 2023 to meet our DEI Goals







Launch of Braille based hiring documents for Visually impaired candidates in the bank.

Amal Leadership Development Programme launched in collaboration with Kashf Foundation to develop hi-potential women in the bank

Collaboration signed with Circle to offer skills training and apprenticeship for women Women in underserved areas.

Disability Inclusion:

Faysal Bank is committed to fostering disability inclusion through targeted initiatives. Our flagship 'Qabil Programmeme' stands at the forefront of these efforts. Over the past three years, this programme has been instrumental in integrating differently abled individuals into our workforce, significantly enriching our talent pool and meeting our diverse hiring requirements.





Creating an Accessible Workspace and Providing Reasonable Accommodation:

In collaboration with ConnectHear, Faysal Bank is enhancing banking accessibility for Persons with Disabilities (PWDs) by using the ConnectHear mobile application. This application facilitates seamless communication with deaf individuals within and among our customers. The app's feature of a live sign- language interpreter is crucial in enabling effective communication with our staff and clients who are short of hearing.

Additionally, we are committed to supporting our visually impaired employees by integrating systems like JAWS (Job Access With Speech). In a progressive move, Faysal Bank has partnered with Boltay Haroof to introduce hiring documents in Braille for visually impaired candidates.

We are actively making our workspaces more inclusive and accessible, constantly reevaluating and enhancing our facilities to cater to the needs of differently-abled staff.



Faysal Islami Partners with @connecthear

Employee Resource Networks:

Since its inception in 2020, the Faysal Bank Women Connect Forum has been dedicated to empowering women and promoting inclusivity within the organisation. The forum is bolstered by a network of Women Ambassadors, strategically positioned across the Bank. These ambassadors play a pivotal role in supporting and advocating for women within their respective areas of influence and regions.

Faysal Islami Women Connect Role Model Farah Ali ni - Rolaz Prisbacle and nt, Karachi Und Head Product Developme Wealth Manageme faysalbank To be a part of Women Connect Forum as a Woman Ambassador and contributing towards women empowerment holds a significant value. I have been honored with multiple opportunities to voice my thoughts & contributions in creating a financial inclusive workplace. One of our female centric products - Amal Women Account, itself speaks volumes on financial inclusion and literacy of Pakistani Women. faysalbank Faysal Islami Women Connect Role Model Bushra Mushtaq faysalbank Faysal Islami Women Connect is not only a medium rather an opportunity to only a medium rather an opportunity to progress & appraise ourselves. Always remember that you are a woman and that is your super power. Being a women connect ambassador taught me how to make a difference and contribute in enhancing overall banking experience for women. We all can do this, together. faysalbank 🙆

A PART. NOT APART.

Persons with **Disability Champions** are advocates who have been certified and trained by **NOWPDP** to play a role within their areas of influence to sensitize staff on importance of disability inclusion. These advocates commit to the cause of inclusion in the workplace to mainstream disability.

Creating a diversified and Inclusive culture through Sensitization, Communication and Training

Awareness and Communication Campaigns

Faysal Bank has strategically implemented a series of internal campaigns to enhance awareness about the significance of diversity, equity and inclusion and promote the use of inclusive language. These initiatives have included targeted efforts to address and reduce

unconscious biases on International Women's Day, the development of inclusive language guides on International Sign Language Day, and the acknowledgement of the contributions of underrepresented groups during World Disability Day. These campaigns are a part of our ongoing commitment to fostering an inclusive organisational culture.











Awards on Diversity, Equity & Inclusion:

Faysal Bank has been honoured with seven accolade at the Global Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Awards, a testament to our ongoing commitment and improvement in diversity initiatives. These awards recognise our achievements in industry prominent categories, underscoring our dedication to fostering an inclusive and equitable workplace environment.

- 1. Vision, Strategy, and Business Impact
- 2. Leadership and Accountability
- 3. DEI Structure and Implementation
- 4. Recruitment
- 5. Assessment, measurement, and research
- 6. Community, government relations & philanthropy
- 7. Services and products development

Recognition from President of Pakistan:

Faysal Bank has been commended by the President of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan for the significant contributions made in the realm of diversity, equity, and inclusion, in particular for supporting the rural women in Pakistan. This recognition underscores the Bank's commitment to promoting inclusivity and empowering women nationwide.



Faysal Bank Commended by President Art Alvi for Empowering Women Entropreneum

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HR Advisory & Employee Engagement

Our HR Advisory stands as a strategic partner in navigating the intricate landscape of talent management. Through attrition control, Succession planning, strategic business alignment and robust career development initiatives, we are fostering a workplace culture that not only retains top talent but also propels our organisation towards greater heights of achievement.

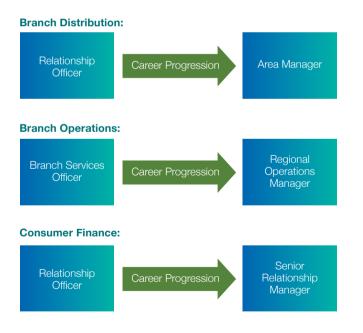
Business Strategy Design Setup:

Collaborating closely with business, our HR advisory have translated organisational objectives into actionable HR initiatives. This strategic alignment ensured that our workforce is not only equipped with the necessary skills but is also strategically positioned to drive the bank's success.

Career Development Programmes:

To empower our employees in mapping their career paths, we have implemented comprehensive career development programmes. These initiatives encompass skill-building workshops, mentorship programmes and educational opportunities. In the year 2023, the Bank has internally elevated 1135 number of staff as part of their career progression. By investing in the professional growth of our employees, we not only enhance their individual career trajectories but also fortify the skill sets required for the bank's sustained success.

Few of our career progression plans are as follows:



Attrition Control Strategies:

Our HR Advisory has been instrumental in implementing effective attrition control strategies. Through in-depth analysis and engagement activities we have identified key attrition attributes and implemented targeted interventions to address these concerns. The result has been a notable reduction in voluntary attrition rates by 8.5% in current year as compared to 2022.

Employee Engagement:

At Faysal Bank, fostering a conducive and transparent work environment is a key strategic focus within our Human Resources Agenda. Recognizing our employees as essential stakeholders, we are committed to nurturing a work environment where they can openly express themselves and contribute progressively. To continuously improve and gauge our organisational culture, we regularly assess employee engagement, ensuring there is ample opportunity for our staff to voice their opinions and perspectives.

Following are few initiates conducted during 2023

Art Therapy Session for Female Workforce:

In a special initiative on May 2023, spread over two days, we collaborated with Mudpie Studio to organize an art therapy session for our female workforce. This innovative event featured a blend of arts and crafts, including pottery making and art smashing, along with a therapy programme designed to address stress, in varied forms. These sessions not only provided a creative outlet but also reinforced our commitment to supporting the mental well-being of our employees.





Blood Donation Drive: A Commitment to Community Wellness

Faysal Bank proudly partnered with Indus Hospital to conduct a blood donation drive, demonstrating our dedication to societal welfare and employee wellness. The noble initiative convened in August at two prime locations, the Faysal House and the Abdullah Haroon Road office. Embodying the spirit of giving and community support, the drive saw enthusiastic participation from our team, with 76 employees stepping forward to contribute to this commendable cause. The drive not only underlines our commitment to social responsibility but also reflects our core values of solidarity and compassion within and beyond the organisation.





Cricket Tournament: Embodying Core Values through Sportsmanship

In the spirit of fostering teamwork and camaraderie among our staff, Faysal Bank organised the 'Faysal Bank Cricket Champions League' for Islamabad and Multan regions in September and October respectively. The participating teams, formed on a cross-functional basis, were uniquely named after the core values of our Bank. This innovative approach served as a platform for competitive sport and an effective means to instill and rekindle our organisation's Values in existing and new staff.. The tournament highlighted the importance of collaboration, integrity and excellence, mirroring these principles in a dynamic, engaging sporting environment.





Go Karting: Embodying Team Building and Stress Management

In order to embrace a healthier and more harmonious work environment, on December 22, 2023, 'Go-Karting' event was organized for inter departmental staff. This team-building exercise has been thoughtfully curated to address the importance of stress management in our professional lives as we believe that a stress-resilient team is not only more productive but also happier and more supportive of one another.





Paint Ball: Embodying Team Work

The Human Resources Function organized a 'paint ball' activity for its staff located at Head Office in December 2023. The primary objective of activity was to strengthen the bonds among team members, improve communication and cultivate a sense of unity and shared purpose. Recognizing the importance of a cohesive team, the activity aimed to create a platform for personal connections and professional growth.

We are proud to acknowledge that our employee engagement scores have consistently improved over recent years. This positive trend clearly indicates our successful efforts in cultivating an inclusive and collaborative workplace. By attentively listening to our employees and providing avenues for their professional growth and development, we have effectively boosted their job satisfaction and loyalty to the bank.



Performance Management: Aligning Compensation with Excellence

At Faysal Bank, our reward strategy is anchored in the 'pay for performance' principle. In line with this approach, we have instituted a comprehensive Remuneration Policy, meticulously crafted to align with the directives of the State Bank of Pakistan.

Spot Rewards:

To foster a culture of immediate recognition and appreciation, the Bank has a' Spot Rewards' policy in place. This initiative empowers us to acknowledge and reward our employees' for their outstanding achievements, promptly. It offers a dynamic platform to celebrate exceptional performance on a 'one-off' basis, ensuring that noteworthy contributions are recognized without delaying the annual performance review cycle.

CEO's Club:

The 'CEO's Club' is a prestigious recognition programme at Faysal Bank, exclusively designed to honor employees who achieve a '5' (highest) rating in their annual appraisals. Membership in this elite club is a testament to the recognition of highest performance levels and is valid for one year up until the next performance appraisal cycle. This programme recognizes exceptional achievements and inspires continual excellence among our staff.



Talent Management: Acquisition to Development

Talent Acquisition:

Faysal Bank's Talent Acquisition segment focuses on attracting high-caliber individuals with the skills, qualifications and cultural fit necessary for success within the organisation. The main responsibility of the TA is to create an unremitting talent pipeline by identifying diverse workforces from various channels, including but not limited to Social Media, Job Boards, Professional Networking Forums/ Events and Industry-Academia partnerships.

In 2023, the TA function has maintained its successful approach to on board multiple Batch Hiring programmes for fresh graduates & undergraduates by creating knowledge & competency based assessment programmes to identify top talent matching the strategic and business needs of the organisation. Also in order to become the employer of choice, the TA team has contributed towards strong focus on building a positive Employer Brand by partnering with leading Universities, placing regular adverts and casting a wide net to reach talent from diverse backgrounds.

The TA function also boasts itself for its smooth on-boarding experience which includes processes that help new hires integrate seamlessly into the organisation, understand its culture, and become productive at a much earlier stage.

Learning & Organizational Development::

Following the successful completion of an extensive re-skilling initiative during our transition to Islamic banking, the Learning and Development (L&D) department at Faysal Bank continues its dedication to the professional development of our staff. Our primary focus is to align the learning strategy with the bank's business objectives. To achieve this, we have established five key pillars that serve as the cornerstone of our learning approach.

Islamic Skill Development

Developing the skills and knowledge required to effectively operate and manage Islamic banking services.

Enhancing understanding of Shariah principles and ethical considerations in Islamic finance.

Role Based & Regulatory Training

Providing comprehensive training programmes tailored to different roles and regulatory requirements.

Ensuring compliance with regulatory frameworks.

Sales & Service Transformation

Facilitating the digital transformation of sales and service processes.

Empowering employees to provide exceptional customer service and cater to the needs of our diverse customers.

Leadership & Managerial Development

Offering leadership development programmes to enhance managerial skills and foster a culture of Care, Collaboration and innovation.

DEI & Culture

Creating a diverse and inclusive learning environment where individuals from different backgrounds can thrive.

Promoting a culture of respect, acceptance, and equal opportunities for all employees.

Centered on these five fundamental pillars, our Learning and Development (L&D) function is dedicated to empowering our employees with the skills and knowledge required for their professional growth, contributing to business expansion, and nurturing an environment of innovation, teamwork and inclusivity. In 2023, we successfully trained 24,000 participants through classroom sessions, marking a 25% increase in such trainings. This significant uptick clearly indicates our commitment to staff development within our expanding network. Additionally, our signature onboarding training programme has been crucial in efficiently acquainting new staff with our range of products and services.





Islamic Skill Development:

As a leading full-fledged Islamic bank, we at Faysal Bank are dedicated to ensuring our staff possess comprehensive knowledge to deliver top-tier Shariah-compliant services to our customers. In alignment with this goal, we have deployed an extensive learning strategy to bolster the expertise of our employees. Faysal Bank has joined forces with the Institute of Business Administration-Center in Islamic Finance (IBA-CIEF). This collaboration offers the Islamic Finance Practitioner Certification programme, meticulously crafted to immerse our staff in the principles and practices of Islamic finance. To progress in this programme, employees must complete each level, ensuring a comprehensive grasp of the necessary knowledge to advance their expertise in Islamic finance.

Role-Based & Regulatory Training:

Faysal Bank is firmly committed to adhering to all regulatory requirements, a priority that ensures our staff are comprehensively trained in areas pertinent to regulatory compliance. To address the unique needs of our staff effectively, we have established a competency-based framework that seamlessly integrates with our role-based model for learning and development. This approach allows us to provide precise, role-specific training programmes tailored to the individual requirements of our employees.

Sales & Service Transformation:

At Faysal Bank, a fundamental aspect of our learning and development strategy is a focus on sales and service, ensuring our staff possesses comprehensive knowledge of our products and processes to serve our customers effectively. Beyond the training, we also conducted several team-building sessions to break down silos and foster bonding amongst our teams. These sessions were designed to cultivate a unified and collaborative work environment, enabling front and back-office staff to work in tandem, providing seamless service to our customers. By encouraging teamwork and dismantling barriers, we have succeeded in streamlining our operations and elevating the overall customer experience.

Managerial & Leadership Development:

At Faysal Bank, a key strategic focus for the year has been on Leadership Development. To address the evolving needs of our leaders, the Learning and Organisational Development (OD) Department has crafted a comprehensive Leadership Development Framework. This framework is integral to our approach to nurturing talent and has been implemented across various organisational leadership levels.

A significant milestone was the graduation of our first cohort from the 'Leadership Stalwarts - Competency-Based Leadership Development Programme (CBLDP)' in June 2023. A notable element of the CBLDP is the inclusion of Leadership Coaching, wherein senior-level staff participate in a 6-month personalised coaching programme, designed to enhance performance.

In 2023, approximately 100 members of our Middle and Senior Middle Management completed their leadership development journey through the 'Faysal Bank - LUMS Leading Through Change Programme'.

This programme acts as a driving force for cultural transformation within our organisation. It is aligned with our Values and Leadership Competency Framework, significantly influencing our organisational culture, engagement levels and customer service.

Moreover, 1400+ supervisors have participated in the 'Manager Development Boot Camp'. This training programme ensures our leaders can effectively engage, communicate, retain and develop talent across the bank.

Workplace Integration & Benefits

We at Faysal bank believe in contributing to our staffs' better lifestyle. For this reason, HR has formulated following policies to provide monitory benefits to staff:

Policy Development and Implementation:

The unit is instrumental in the development and implementation of comprehensive HR policies that serve as a guiding framework for all employees. We at Faysal Bank ensures that these policies are in-line with the industry's best practices by constantly keeping in touch with regulatory requirements as well as the evolving employee needs. Some of our policies are detailed as under:

Education Assistance Programme:

Faysal Bank is dedicated to the continuous professional development of our employees. We encourage our full-time, confirmed staff to pursue further education while working with us. To this end, we offer a reimbursement programme for course and examination fees for part-time evening courses undertaken at approved local universities, business schools, and institutes. This initiative underscores our commitment to lifelong learning and career advancement.

Education Subsidy for Children:

Understanding the importance of education, Faysal Bank supports our employees in managing their children's educational expenses. We have established a policy for the quarterly payment of educational fees for children of our staff. In the current year, approximately 1,000 employees have benefited from this facility, reaffirming our dedication to the welfare of our employees and their families.

Childcare Allowance:

Faysal Bank offers a monthly childcare allowance in our ongoing efforts to support our female workforce, particularly working mothers. The allowance contributes towards their children's daycare expenses. In 2023, this initiative has assisted 131 of our female staff members, demonstrating our commitment to creating an inclusive and supportive work environment especially for women in the Bank.

Staff House Finance - Step-up facility:

In our commitment to providing unparalleled financial solutions to our staff, we have designed a House Finance Policy that not only meets but exceeds industry standards with its unique features of **One-Year Repayment Holiday**. Providing homeowners with the flexibility to defer house finance allows individuals and families to settle into their new homes without the immediate burden of mortgage payments. Moreover, our commitment to provide long-term financial well-being extends beyond the first year. From the second year onward, our employees benefit from **subsidized repayments** that are tailored to make homeownership more affordable and sustainable.

Hajj Offering:

Faysal Bank annually awards Hajj packages to its employees, continuing our tradition of spiritual support. This year, as in previous years, we are honoured to have sponsored 10 fortunate employees including 2 PWDs to undertake this blessed journey, reflecting our commitment to the holistic well-being of our team. In recognition of the unique needs and considerations of our employees with disabilities, we have extended this offer also to their caregivers.

Health Benefits:

Faysal Bank is concerned about the welfare of its employees as well as their family members. For this, the Bank has following health care policies that cover our employees and well as their family members:

- Group Life Takaful
- · Pay continuation to deceased staff's family for 2 years
- Group Hospitalization Takaful
- · Mammography for female staff
- Executive Check-ups

Leave Policies:

FBL is committed to providing work-life balance in all aspects. The principal intent of the Leave policy is to provide employees time off facility for recovery, relaxation, and recreation purposes. The Bank is providing leaves to its employees in the following categories:

- Annual Leaves: To provide a reasonable break from work for a healthy work-life balance.
- · Casual Leaves: To meet any emergency need.
- · Sick Leaves: To support in case of any medical exigencies.
- Hospitalisation Leaves: Staff is entitled over and above of their sick leave to avail hospitalisation leave, in case of any medical emergency/hospitalisation.
- Maternity Leaves: Maternity Leave are granted to a female employee for a period of 90 (Ninety) calendar days, with full pay.
- Iddat Leaves: To facilitate employees w.r.t an unforeseen incident, "Iddat Leave" is available.
- Pilgrimage Leaves: On account of performing Hajj for Muslims and respective "holy places" for staff practicing other religions.



HR Operational Excellence

Digital HR:

Constantly, integrating technology with HR, FBL endeavors to provide agile on-the-go platform to its employees for their HR needs.

HR Connect:

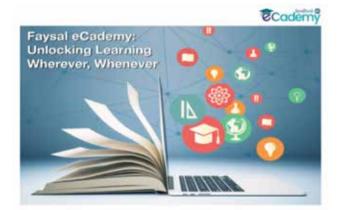
Faysal Bank remains dedicated to innovation and efficiency by taking a significant step towards elevating our service levels by implementing state-of-the-art HR software – HR Connect. This has not only streamlined internal processes but has also played a crucial role in enhancing the overall service experience of our employees.

HR Connect has empowered our employees to take charge of their HR-related matters. Whether it's accessing their salary details, taxation, updating personal information, submitting leave requests, resignations, transfers or submitting financing requests, the software provides a convenient and centralized platform. This has not only improved the overall employee experience by reducing the turnaround time but also provided a transparent workflow accessible to employee to view status.

E- Academy:

In the pursuit of expanding our operations and delivering an enhanced employee experience, Faysal Bank recognized the need to adopt a more advanced and sophisticated approach to learning. To meet this objective, we launched the E-Learning Academy in 2023, a pivotal step in aligning with our broader vision of scaling and modernizing our learning and development initiatives.

Moreover, the E-Learning Academy is a crucial tool in supporting the continuous development of our staff. It allows us to disseminate new information and updates efficiently, ensuring our team stays abreast of the latest industry trends and best practices. It also plays a significant role in facilitating our employees' personal and professional development, equipping them with the knowledge and skills necessary to excel in their roles and contribute effectively to the Bank's growth.



HR Operations & Employee Relations

The HR Function at Faysal Bank has a dedicated operational risk unit, which is responsible for day-to-day risk mitigation activities in light of regulatory linkage and the Bank's internal SOPs. The unit is also responsible for suggesting the staff policies in light of the market's best practices in order to keep up with the changing industry dynamics and making Faysal Bank the best place to work.

Operational Risk:

Our HR Operational Risk and Policies Unit has a robust risk management framework meticulously designed to identify, assess, and mitigate potential risks associated with human resources operations. This proactive approach ensures that our HR processes align with industry best practices, regulatory requirements, and the Bank's internal policies, fostering a culture of compliance and accountability.

HR Service Desk:

The 'HR Service Desk' serves as a centralized point of contact, offering a range of services to address queries, concerns and facilitate seamless communication between employees and the HR department. Our HR Service Desk stands as a testament to our commitment to providing exceptional support and fostering a positive employee experience.



Employee Relations:

In our firm commitment to cultivating workplace excellence, our robust Employee Relations strategy, anchored in principles of fairness, transparency and continuous improvement, has been instrumental over the past year. Aligned with the ethos of our CODE & Values, we ensure that every employee experiences fairness, engages in ethical development, embraces continuous learning and actively contributes to our collective success. Beyond punitive measures, our approach serves as a catalyst for professional growth, reflecting our dedication to the well-being of our team. Simultaneously, our diverse employee enrichment sessions, including professional development workshops, underscore our commitment to fostering a positive culture. By prioritizing open communication, learning, and holistic well-being, we aim to create an environment where each employee thrives, propelling our institution toward sustained excellence guided by unwavering ethics.

Risk and Opportunity

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حضرت عبدالله بن عمر و الله سے مروی ہے فرماتے ہیں کہ مرسول الله عظیم نے فرمایا: برحم کرنے والوں پر برحم کر اللہ عوالوں پر برحم کرو تم پر آسمان والا برحم کرے گا۔ والوں پر برحمان برحم کرتا ہے تم لوگ نرمین والوں پر برحم کرو تم پر آسمان والا برحم کرے گا۔ (جامع الترمذی)

Risk and Opportunity

Risk and opportunity management is one of the key activities managed by the Bank through a Board approved Integrated Risk Management framework. All major risks are monitored regularly by various management committees such as Country Credit Committee (CCC), Enterprise Risk Management Committee (ERMC), Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO), Investment Committee (IC), IT Steering Committee (ITSC) and Compliance & Fraud Risk Committee (C&FRC) within their respective areas.

Key Risks

Banks are generally exposed to various risks emanating from both internal and external factors, including credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, capital adequacy risk, operational risk, cybersecurity risk, legal & regulatory risk, compliance risk, country risk, reputational risk, strategic risk, and environmental & social risk. With Faysal Bank's transformation into a full-fledged Islamic Bank, the risk of Shariah non-compliance has become a significant concern in its day-to-day operations.

The year 2023 has been a challenging year in terms of challenges posed by global and local developments. Intensification of international political conflicts added fuel to the ongoing economic stress, primarily caused by tight monetary stance adopted by major global economies. As a result, volatility in international prices was witnessed in major commodities. On the domestic front; heightened political uncertainty, Balance of payment situation, and elevated interest rates weighed on the overall economic performance of the Country.

Despite these formidable challenges, Faysal Bank adopted a prudent growth strategy, successfully expanding its deposit and financing base, as well as increasing its branch network nationwide. This growth is also significant given the fact that 2023 was the first year when the Bank operated as a full-fledged Islamic bank.

In the pursuit of growth over the past year, our emphasis stayed on actively monitoring assets through regular rapid portfolio reviews. The Bank effectively implemented capital and liquidity management tools, addressed Shariah non-compliance risks, introduced new products, and enhanced service quality.

Going forward, prudent management of Balance of Payment situation and maintaining fiscal discipline will be pivotal for improvement in economic situation. However, with limited fiscal & monetary space available with the government, it is forecasted that growth in GDP and Large Scale Manufacturing will remain subdued. This situation may lead to elevated default risk and weaker demand for fresh private sector financing.

Faysal Islami Current Account

Your go-to partner for everyday transactions.

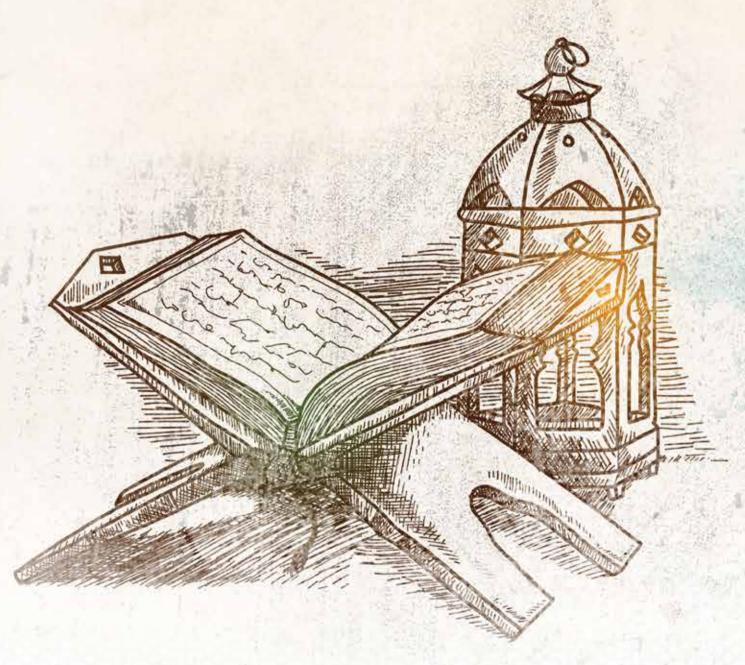


Sources of Opportunities

Source	Opportunity	Strategy to Materialize
External	Capitalizing on the market potential and high growth in the Islamic Banking segment. Islamic Banking is growing faster than conventional banking.	 Continued focus on developing innovative Shariah compliant products to cater all customer segments (corporate, commercial & retail). Continued network expansion, coupled with digitization - 'brick & click' strategy - to maintain position as one of the largest Islamic banks in the country. Leadership and people development. Up-skilling through trainings, internal elevations and job posts etc. Collaboration with leading educational institutions to nurture Islamic bankers Aggressive branding and marketing to further entrench and strengthen our Islamic brand Customer engagement through seminars, webinars etc. to propagate Islamic Banking and products & services offered by the Bank.
External	Opportunity to increase penetration and reach. Grow with the expanding market. Pakistan is behind in terms of bank branches to population coverage ratio. Further, there is an ever-expanding market due to annual increase in population	 Expand branch network into new geographies, emerging markets, etc. Grow low-cost CASA deposits by focusing on mass-affluent customer segment - differentiate through efficient processes, comprehensive product suite & improved customer service Complement growth through volume deposits from HNWIs & affluent segments - maintain relationships and reduced value attrition
External	Digitization and technology-driven banking	 Unique Digital propositions and functionalities to differentiate from competitors. Directing branch traffic towards Digital channels to better manage customer flow. Cultivating partnerships and alliances to provide innovative product offerings and payment solutions. Focus on digital onboarding and branch digitization to improve customer experience. Leveraging advanced analytics and artificial intelligence to support sales, cross-selling and loyalty programs. Continued focus on Business process re-engineering (BPR) for cost efficiencies, process optimization and customer experience.

Source	Opportunity	Strategy to Materialize
External	Capitalize on the significant home remittances by ever-growing Pakistani population living abroad	 Exploring new avenues and tie-ups with leading global remittance partners Focus on increasing home remittances through Roshan Digital Account (RDA)
Internal	Enhancing penetration in the commercial, SME, agriculture and consumer finance segments	 Driving new business growth from smaller corporates - differentiate relationships and offer tailor-made transaction banking solutions. Covering all major market areas throughout the country, through network expansion, to onboard high quality SME and agriculture clientele. Branch-focus on pushing higher margin Commercial and SME financing, also capturing CA deposits Branch-focus on generating high quality/ high margin consumer financing - full product suite and cross-sell propositions
Internal	Exceeding customers' expectations - provide best in class service delivery	 Employee engagement through internal communication for continuous reinforcement of Islamic 'values' & customer-centric mindset. Continued refinement of branch sales and service model Decentralization and increase empowerment at regional & hub levels - support quick decision making and service delivery across larger network Re-aligned service standards, creating visibility on service levels, identify & remediate service gaps and drive accountability to improve service levels Further integrate and improve our service reward frameworks to enhance customer experience Further improve customer complaints resolution and continue to expand outreach through alternate channels Social Media, WhatsApp etc.

Corporate Governance



اوس تمہاس کے گھروں میں اللہ کی جو آیتیں اوس حکمت کی جو باتیں سنائی جاتی ہیں، اُن کو یاد سرکھو۔ یقین جانو اللہ بہت باس یک بین اوس مہر بات سے باخبر ہے۔ (سوس لا ایت غبر ۲۶)

Report of the Board Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

The Board Audit and Corporate Governance Committee ("BACGC or Committee") of Faysal Bank Ltd ("FBL or Bank") comprises four directors having experience and knowledge of Banking, Corporate Governance, Corporate Social Responsibility, Finance, Asset Management, Audit & Accounting. Out of the four members, two are Independent Directors and two are Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman of BACGC is an independent director. The Terms of Reference of BACGC ("TORs") have continuously been revised and updated as and when required by regulatory guidelines and/or best international practice with the approval of the Board of Directors ("BOD or Board") of FBL. Accordingly, in 2023 the TORs were reviewed and approved by the BOD.

The Committee focused on FBL's financial statements, related party transactions, effectiveness of FBL's Internal Control Environment, Compliance Risk Management, Operational Risk Management Framework and application of Regulatory & International Accounting and Auditing Standards as well as compliance requirements of Corporate Governance best practices, controls over risk areas of provisions and risk of fraud in revenue recognition. The Committee also supervised and monitored the status and implementation of IFRS No. 9, by the management of FBL and showed its satisfaction to the progress during the year as per SBP's guidelines. The Committee reviewed and approved the Annual Internal Audit plan, Internal Audit Charter, and the Annual Compliance Plan, as per requirements of SECP's Code of Corporate Governance ("COCG"), SBP's Guidelines on Internal Audit Function and Compliance Risk Management Framework. The Committee ensured proper allocation of sufficient resources to both the Internal Audit and the Compliance functions, to enable both functions to successfully, implement their annual plans and other activities. The Chief Audit Executive was given unrestricted access to approach BACGC to ensure proper and timely reporting in all concerned audit & compliance matters. The Committee convened four mandatory meetings and two additional meetings on need basis, during the year 2023.

Major activities undertaken by the BACGC to improve the overall performance of FBL during 2023 were as follows:

- BACGC reviewed and examined the unconsolidated and consolidated quarterly, semi-annual and the yearly Financial Statements for 2023, along with Director's review report of FBL, which were approved by the Board on its recommendation. BACGC reviewed all categories of related party transactions with assurance from management that all transactions were undertaken at arm's length basis and reviewed them and reported the same for Board's consideration, which were approved by the BOD.
- BACGC also held detailed discussions with the external auditors on audit scope for the year 2023 as well as on major observations made in their management letters and reviewed management's response thereto. The Committee ensured independence of the external auditors and their unrestricted access to FBL. The appointment of external auditors for the year 2023 and their fees were recommended to the Board and approved by the shareholders during its AGM held in March 2023 on its recommendation. BACGC also reviewed the Long Form Report on Shariah Compliance Environment as of December 31, 2022, issued by the external auditors.
- BACGC ensured that the management establishes and maintains adequate and effective Internal Control systems and
 processes and reviewed and monitored the implementation of the Annual Internal Audit Plan for the year 2023 and the
 Internal Audit Department's ("IAD") high risk observations along with the management's corrective action plan in
 accordance with targeted dates. The Committee also reviewed and approved the changes in the IAD Strategy for the
 period 2019-23 and aligned it with the overall strategy of FBL. The BACGC also reviewed the adequacy and quality of IAD
 resources.
- BACGC reviewed and monitored the implementation of the Annual Compliance Plan for the year 2023 on a quarterly basis. The Committee also updated itself on AML/CFT procedures as per SBP regulations and Financial Action Task Force ("FATF"), recommendations along with quarterly review of the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA"), Whistle Blowing Committee ("WBC) cases, and internal investigation findings and timely actions taken by the management. BACGC ensured that a proper and effective system for compliance with the laws, regulations of the State Bank of Pakistan and other regulatory authorities, exists at FBL.

- Comparisons of Fraud and Forgery cases were reviewed quarterly during the year, and updated comparison for the last three years was also reviewed and presented to the BOD. Major findings of internal investigations in this area were deliberated upon and noted with satisfaction that appropriate measures were taken by the management in a timely manner.
- BACGC reviewed the implementation of effective Internal Controls over Financial Reporting ("ICFR") program across the Bank. An assurance was also given to BACGC that Policies adopted by the Bank were sufficient and appropriate, while information provided by the management is reliable. The Conduct Assessment Framework of the Bank as of December 31, 2022, was also reviewed. The Committee also reviewed statement on internal control system which was endorsed by the Board.
- BACGC reviewed the quarterly Compliance of the SBP's inspection report and thematic review reports along with monitoring the compliance status of these reports.
- BACGC reviewed updates on the Bank's framework on Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") compliance and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR).
- BACGC conducted self-assessment of its performance for the year to comply with its TORs as per SECP Code of Corporate Governance, SBP guidelines and presented it to the Board. The Board appreciated the performance of the BACGC in their evaluation for that year.

Mr. Ali Munir Chairman - BACGC



Independent Auditor's Review Report To the members of Faysal Bank Limited Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Faysal Bank Limited ('the Bank') for the year ended 31 December 2023, in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Bank. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Bank's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Bank's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Bank to comply with the Regulations.

As part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Bank's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Bank to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval of its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Bank's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Bank for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Ken ih in h

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Date: 13 February 2024

Karachi

UDIN: CR202310188qVPWvLCTG

Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code Of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Faysal Bank Limited Year ended: December 31, 2022

The Bank has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are eleven as per the following:

Gender	Number
Male	09
Female	02

2. The composition of Board is as follows:

Category	Names	
Independent Directors	Mr. Ali Munir	
	Ms. Fatima Asad Khan (Female Director)	
	Ms. Sadia Khan (Female Director)	
	Mr. Mohsin Tariq	
Non-Executive Directors	Mian Muhammad Younis	
	Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	
	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	
	Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	
	Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	
	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	
Executive Director	Mr. Yousaf Hussain, President & CEO	

- **3.** The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Bank;
- 4. The Bank has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Bank along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Bank. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Bank;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 8. The Board of Directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;

- **9.** Presently out of Eleven (11) Board of Directors, the following Ten (10) Directors are Certified and have Completed the Directors' Training Program:
 - 1. Mian Muhammad Younis
 - 2. Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery
 - 3. Mr. Yousaf Hussain
 - 4. Mr. Ali Munir
 - 5. Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul
 - 6. Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi
 - 7. Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb
 - 8. Ms. Fatima Asad Khan
 - 9. Mr. Mohsin Tariq
 - 10. Ms. Sadia Khan

b)

Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez has attended and complete the Directors' Training Program, however the concluding test is pending.

The Bank had also arranged the following training for the Board of Directors in the year 2023:

- Compliance Structure for the Board of Directors by Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance on April 28, 2023
- Directors' Orientation Workshop by Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance on September 27, 2023
- Islamic Financial Contracts by Chairman Shariah Board of Faysal Bank Limited on October 26, 2023
- The Board has approved the appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and head of internal audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- **12.** The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a) Board Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

Mr. Ali Munir	Chairman / Independent Director
Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	Member / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	Member / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Mohsin Tariq	Member / Independent Director
Board Risk Management Committee	

Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	Chairman / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	Member / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	Member / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Ali Munir	Member / Independent Director
Mr. Yousaf Hussain	Member / President and CEO

c) Recruitment Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	Chairman / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	Member / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Mohsin Tariq	Member / Independent Director
Ms. Fatima Asad Khan	Member / Independent Director
Ms. Sadia Khan	Member / Independent Director

The Code requires that the chairman of the human resource and remuneration committee is to be an independent director. The composition of the Bank's Recruitment Nomination and Remuneration Committee (RNRC) is in line with the Corporate Governance Regulatory Framework issued by the State Bank of Pakistan which allows a non-executive director to be the Chairman in case the majority members of the committee are independent directors. Following the guidelines majority members of RNRC are independent directors, however, the Chairman of the RNRC is not an independent director.

d) Board Strategy Committee

e)

Mian Muhammad Younis	Chairman / Non-Executive Director	
Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	Member / Non-Executive Director	
Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	Member / Non-Executive Director	
Ms. Fatima Asad Khan	Member / Independent Director	
Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	Member / Non-Executive Director	
Mr. Yousaf Hussain	Member / President and CEO	
Board IT Committee		

Ms. Sadia Khan	Chairperson / Independent Director
Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	Member / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	Member / Non-Executive Director
Mr. Yousaf Hussain	Member / President and CEO

- **13.** The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- **14.** The frequency of meetings (quarterly / half yearly / yearly) of the committee were as per following:
 - a) Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee Quarterly meetings
 - b) Board Risk Management Committee Quarterly meetings
 - c) Recruitment Nomination and Remuneration CommitteeQuarterly meetings
 - d) Board Strategy CommitteeQuarterly meetings
 - e) Board IT CommitteeQuarterly meetings
- **15.** The Board has set up an effective internal audit function which is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Bank;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- **18.** We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the regulations have been complied with.

Mian Muhammad Younis Chairman

Karachi Dated: February 7, 2024

Report of Shariah Board

For the year ending December 31, 2023

الحمد للتدربّ العالمين، والصلاة والسلام على خاتم الانبياء والمرسلين محمد المصطفىٰ الصادق الامين وعلى أله واصحابه اجمعين

بلحمد للـــه, Faysal Bank Limited ("the Bank") has completed First year of successful operations of being a full-fledged Islamic Bank.

During the year, the Shariah Board held four meetings to consider, deliberate, decide and supervise various Shariah related affairs of the Bank including review of various existing and new products, transactions, processes, policies, standard operating procedures and agreements. In compliance with Shariah Governance Framework, the Shariah Board ("SB") also met with Board of Directors ("BoD") twice this year to have a detailed briefing on Shariah compliance environment.

Following are the key developments for the year 2023:

Product, Shariah Structuring & Organizational Transformation

Under the guidance of SB, Product, Shariah structuring & Organizational Transformation (PD) has worked for the enrichment of its product menu. One of the noteworthy approval is for the concept of "Transaction-based Musharakah". Moreover, in order to enhance the customer experience and to minimize Shariah non-compliance Risk, a product optimization drive for Diminishing Musharakah was conducted. Furthermore, during this period, various structures were approved.

On liability side, Shariah Board approved the product named 'Mubarak Safar' (Pilgrimage) savings account, Faysal Islami Youth Account and digital variants of 'Amal' Accounts (for Women) based on 'Qardh' and 'Mudarabah'.

Shariah Structuring of Investment Banking Transactions

Shariah Board reviewed and approved 10 Investment Banking transactions whereby the Bank's Shariah Board served as the Shariah Advisor of 05 transactions. These transactions were structured on Shirkat-ul-Milk (Diminishing Musharakah), Shirkat-ul-Aqd (Running Musharakah) and Istisna basis.

Shariah Compliance

To ensure the compliance of regulatory and SB's guidelines, under the guidance of SB, SCD reviewed Trade Finance and Business Services, Corporate and Investment Banking, Commercial & SME, Marketing, Treasury, Human Resource, Agri Financing, Charity Accumulation and Disbursement. Further, SCD reviews Tawarruq based products including Noor Card and Islamic Personal Finance on quarterly basis. SCD reviewed more than 200 branches excluding branches reviewed by Shariah audit across different regions of the bank. Moreover, SCD also reviewed the Pool management & Profit distribution mechanism on monthly basis.

During this period, all Bank-wide policies and procedures (new and renewal) presented, were reviewed by SCD and approved by Shariah Board.

During the year, in addition to standard general approved products, SCD obtained SB approvals on more than 1000 customized process flows of various Islamic financing structures including Murabaha, Istisna, Tijarah, Running Musharakah, Diminishing Musharakah, Salam, etc. including that of SBP schemes like Islamic Export Re-Finance (IERF), Islamic long Term Financing Facility (ILTFF) and Islamic Finance for Renewable Energy (IFRE) etc.

Shariah Audits

Internal & external Shariah Audits were undertaken as per the requirement of Shariah Governance Framework. Internal Shariah Audit Unit carried out Shariah audits during the period for following functions i.e. SME and Commercial Banking, Branch Banking, Corporate and Investment Banking Group, Consumer financing -Noor Card, Trade Business and Services,

Treasury products, Agri Financing, Human Resource, Special Assets Management and on quarterly basis Profit distribution and Pool Management calculations. Further, external Shariah audit was also carried out covering all relevant functions of the Bank.

Charity

In accordance with SBP guidelines and Shariah Non-Compliance Risk Management Framework following is the treatment the charity amount:

The cumulative opening balance of the charity fund was PKR 199.68 Mn and during the year an additional amount of PKR 337.6 Mn is added to the charity fund:

Chari	ty Detail as follows	Amount in Million
a.	Delayed payment	PKR 174.39
b.	Shariah non-Compliant income	PKR 5.41
C.	Ring fenced Charity	PKR 91.9 (Including dividend purification income)

During this period, an amount of PKR 207.00 Mn was distributed to various charitable organizations. Details are available on Note 19.2.

Treatment of Ring-fenced portfolio

After conversion some residual conventional portfolio was carried forward and as per the transformation plan this conventional portfolio was ring fenced to avoid any comingling with Islamic portfolio. This portfolio is monitored by the Shariah Board also in accordance with the regulatory requirement. Accordingly, Shariah Board has issued guidelines for the portfolio management and is updated about the status on regular basis.

Capacity building and Awareness Sessions

For the growth in capacity building and awareness of human resource of the bank, various Islamic banking training programs were conducted by Learning and Development ("L&D").

Members of Shariah Board, PD, SCD facilitated in improvement of training material besides conducting various training and awareness sessions for Bank's staff. During the year, L&D organized more than 190 training sessions across the country to enhance the Shariah knowledge of Islamic products and services, wherein more than 6300 employees were trained under various online and classroom training programs. Further, specialized training program for Risk Management was also developed and organized. In addition to in-house training programs, L&D also nominated staff for training programs including Certified Professional Trainer CPT by IAPPD, Islamic Finance Certified Practitioners (IFCP) by IBA and Revolutionize Banking with Artificial Intelligence and sponsored Certified Shariah Adviser and Auditor (CSAA) certifications from Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI") Bahrain.

Additionally, in order to strengthen the overall Shariah compliance environment of the Bank, Shariah support officers (mainly Shariah Scholars) have been on-boarded in business (CIBG, CBSME, Agri etc.) and support functions (CAD, Trade, etc.) besides dedicated staff to support the Retail liability side.

Promotion and Marketing of Islamic banking products & services

During this period, various marketing promotional materials including printed and electronic brochures, TVCs were reviewed and approved by the SB.

Opinion of Shariah Board

While the Board of Directors and Executive Management are solely responsible to ensure that the operations of Faysal Bank Limited are conducted in a manner that comply with Shariah principles at all times, we are required to submit a report on the overall Shariah compliance environment of Faysal Bank Limited.

To form our opinion as expressed in this report, the Shariah Board has reviewed the Shariah Compliance review reports, internal and external Shariah audit reports.

Based on above, we are of the view that:

- 1. The Bank by and large complied with the Shariah rules and principles in the light of resolutions / Fatawa, rulings and guidelines issued by the SB.
- 2. During review, matters requiring corrective measure have been noted and were resolved by the Management or ensured to be rectified in future. Subject to the foregoing, in our opinion, the affairs of the Bank have been carried out in accordance with the directives, regulations, instructions and guidelines related to Shariah compliance issued by the SBP.
- 3. The Bank has a comprehensive mechanism in place to ensure Shariah compliance in their overall operations.
- 4. Bank has a well-defined system in place in the form of Shariah Compliance Review and Internal Shariah Audit to ensure that the earnings realized from sources or means prohibited by Shariah are credited to charity account and properly utilized for charitable purposes.
- 5. The allocation of funds, profit and loss distribution and pool management is generally in accordance with Shariah Rules & Principles and Pool Management guidelines of SBP.
- 6. Learning and development unit of the Bank is actively pursuing the training and development of human capital on Islamic Banking & Finance through various training programs to enhance the awareness of staff, Management and BOD for the products and processes of the Bank and importance of Shariah compliance.
- 7. Shariah Board was provided unhindered access of all required information along with adequate resources, enabling it to discharge its duties effectively.

And Allah Subhanahu wa ta'ala knows the Best.

Mufti Muhammad Abdullah Resident Shariah Board Member

Dr. Mufti Khalil Ahmad Aazami Member Shariah Board

Mufti Abdul Basit Shariah Board Member

Mufti Muhammad Mohib ul Haq Chairman Shariah Board

Dated: February 07, 2024 | 26 Rajab ul Murajjab, 1445 A.H.

شريجه بورد ريورط برائے اختتام پذیر سال 31 دسمبر 2022

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

الحمدلله رب العالمين والصلوة والسلام على خاتمه الانبياء والمرسلين محمد المصطفى الصادق الامين وعلى آله واصحابه اجمعين _

فیصل بینک لمیٹڈ (" بینک") نے بطورایک مکمل اسلامی بینک، کامیاب آپریشنز کاپہلا سال مکمل کرلیاہے۔سال کے دوران شریعہ بورڈ نے بینک کے مختلف شرعی امور پر غور وقکر اور ان کی نگر انی کے لیے چار اجلاس منعقد کئے جن میں متعدد موجو دہ اور نئی مصنوعات، معاملات، امکال، پالیسیوں، آپریشنز کے معیاری طریقہ کار اور معاہدات کا جائزہ لیا گیا۔اس سال شریعہ بورڈ نے شریعہ گور منس فریم ورک کے تحت، بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز ("BoD") سے دوبار ملا قات کی۔جس میں شریعہ کمپلا کنس کے ماحول کے بارے میں تفصیل سے آگاہ کیا۔

سال 2023 كى اہم پیش رفت درج ذيل ہيں

پروڈ کٹ، شریعہ اسٹریچرنگ اور تنظیماتی تبدیلی

نثر بعہ بورڈ کی رہنمائی میں پروڈکٹ، شریعہ اسٹریکچرنگ اور تنظیماتی تبدیلی (PD)نے اپنے پروڈکٹس کی فہرست میں اضافہ کے لئے پیش دفت کی ہے جس میں مشار کہ پر مبنی عقد (Transaction based Musharakah) کے تصور کی منظوری بالخصوص قابل ذکر ہے۔ علاوہ ازیں، سٹمر کی سہولت اور شرعی عدم تغیل کے خطرے میں کمی کے پیش نظر، شرکت متناقصہ کے طریقہ کار میں مزید بہتر کی لائی گئی ہے۔ مزید بر آں، مذکورہ بالا مدت کے دوران متعدد اسٹر کچرز کی منظوری دگئی۔

لا ئىبىلى سائدېر، شرىعە بورڈ نے 'مبارك سفر (حجاج)سيونگ اكاؤنٹ، فيصل اسلامى يوتھ اكاؤنٹ اور 'قرض' و'مضاربہ 'پر مېنى "اسلامک امل خواتين اكاؤنٹ ") (Variants) پر دڈکٹ کی منظوری دی۔

انویسٹمنٹ بینکنگ کے عقود (ٹرانزیکشنز) کا نثریعہ اسٹریکچر

شریعہ بورڈ نے10 اسلامیBBاعقود (ٹرانزیکشنز)کا جائزہ لیااور ان کی منظوری دی جس میں بینک کے شریعہ بورڈ نے05 عقود کے شریعہ ایڈوائزر کی خدمات انجام دی۔ یہ عقود، شرکۃ الملک (شرکت متناقصہ)، شرکۃ العقد (رننگ مشارکہ)اور استصناع کی بنیاد پر تفکیل دئے گئے تھے۔

شعبه شريعه كميلائنس

ریگولیٹر می اور شریعہ بورڈ کی ہدایات پر عمل دلاً مد کویقینی بنانے کے لیے، شریعہ بورڈ کی رہنمائی میں، SCD نے ٹریڈ فنانس اور کاروباری خدمات، کار پوریٹ اور انویسٹمنٹ بیئکنگ، کمر شل اور ،SME مار کیڈنگ، ٹریژری، ہیو من ریسورس ، ایگر کی فنانسنگ، چیریٹی کی وصولی اور تقتیم کا جائزہ لیا۔ مزید ، SCD نے سہ ماہی بنیا دوں پر نور کارڈ اور اسلامک پر سنل فنانس سمیت تورق پر بٹی مصنوعات کا بھی جائزہ لیا۔ ساتھ ہی ساتھ SCD نے مختلف علاقوں میں شریعہ آڈٹ کے ذریعے جائزہ لی گی بینک کی برانچوں کے علاوہ 2000 سے زائد برانچوں کا جائزہ لیا۔ مزید میہ کہ SCD نے ماہانہ بنیا دوں پر پول مینجمنٹ اور منافع کی تقتیم کا حائزہ لیا۔ مزید اس دران، SCD نے مدام ہی بنیا دوں پر نور کارڈ اور اسلامک پر سل کار (نٹی اور تجدید شدہ) کا بھی جائزہ لیا اور شریعہ بورڈ نے ان کی منظوری دی۔ دوران سال SCD نے شریعہ بورڈ سے 1000 سے زائد "صار فین کے لحاظ سے مخصوص پر اسس فلوز " کی منظوری حاصل کی جو کہ اسٹینڈرڈ جرنل منظور شدہ مصنوعات کے علاوہ، متعدد اسلامی طریقہ ہائے تمویل جیسے مر ابحہ، استصناع، تجارہ، رننگ مشار کہ، شرکت متنا قصہ، سلم وغیرہ پر مشتل ہونے کے ساتھ SBP کی اسکیمز جیسے کہ اسلامک ایکسپورٹ ری-فنانس (IERF) اسلامک لانگ ٹرم فنانسنگ فیسیلیٹی (ILTFF) اور رینیو ایبل انرجی کے لیے اسلامی فنانس (IFRE) وغیرہ پر مشتمل ہیں۔

شريعه آڈٹ

شریعہ گور ننس فریم ورک کے نقاضوں کے مطابق اندرونی اور بیر ونی شریعہ آڈٹ کوانجام دیا گیا۔ انٹر نل شریعہ آڈٹ یونٹ نے اس مدت کے دوران درج ذیل شعبوں کے لیے شریعہ آڈٹ کوانجام دیایتن کہ SME اور کمر شل بینکنگ، برانچ بینکنگ، کارپوریٹ اور انویسٹمنٹ بینکنگ گروپ، کنزیو مر فنانسنگ-نور کارڈ، ٹریڈ بزنس اینڈ سر و سز، ٹریژری پر وڈ کٹس، ایگر کی فنانسنگ، ہیو من ریسورس، اسپیش ایسڈ مینجسنٹ اور سہ ماہی بنیا دوں پر منافع کی تقسیم اور پول مینجنٹ کے حسابات۔ مزید بر آل، بینک کے تمام متعلقہ امور پر مشتمل ایکسٹر نا شریعہ آڈٹ بھی کیا گیا۔

چ<u>ر</u>یٹ

SBP اور شریعہ نان کمپلائنس رسک مینجنٹ فریم ورک کی رہنماہدایات پر عمل درآ مد کے مطابق چیریٹی کی رقم درن ذیل ہے:

چریٹی فنڈ کی مجموعی ابتدائی رقم 199.68 ملین روپے تھی اور سال کے دوران3.33 ملین روپے کی اضافی رقم چریٹی فنڈمیں شامل کی گئی ہے۔

اس عرصے کے دوران، 207.00 ملین کی رقم مختلف خیر اتی اداروں میں تقسیم کی گئی۔ جس کی تفصیلات نوٹ 19.2 پر دستیاب ہیں۔

رِنَّك فينسدُ پورٹ فوليو كاانتظام

اسلامی بینکاری کی طرف منتقل کے بعد پچھ باقی ماندہ روایتی پورٹ فولیو پر کام کوبڑھایا گیااور کنورژن کی منصوبہ بندی کی پالیسی کے مطابق اس روایتی پورٹ فولیو کو اسلامی پورٹ فولیو کے ساتھ خلط ہو جانے سے بچانے کے لیے(رِنگ فینس) کر کے الگ کر دیا گیا ہے۔ شریعہ بورڈ اس پورٹ فولیو کی نگر انی بھی ریگولیٹر می نقاضوں کے مطابق انجام دیتا ہے۔ اسی مناسبت سے شریعہ بورڈ اس مقصد کے لئے اپنی رہنماہدایات دے چکا ہے اور اس کی صور تحال کے بارے میں اسے مستقل بنیا دوں پر مطلح کیا جاتا ہے۔

استعداد کار میں اضافہ اور آگاہی کے اجلاس

بینک کے انسانی و سائل کی استعداد کار میں اضافے اور آگاہی کے لیے، لرننگ اینڈ ڈیو لپمنٹ ("L&D") نے متعدد اسلامی بینکاری تربیتی پرو گرام منعقد کیے۔ شریعہ بورڈ، PDاور SCD کے اما کین بینک کے عملے کے لئے متعدد تربیتی اور آگاہی سیشنز کے انعقاد میں سر گرم عمل رہی اور ساتھ ساتھ تر بیتی مواد کو بہتر بنانے میں بھی معاونت فراہم کی۔ دوران SCD کے اما کین بینک کے عملے کے لئے متعدد تربیتی اور آگاہی سیشنز کے انعقاد میں سر گرم عمل رہی اور ساتھ ساتھ تر بیتی مواد کو بہتر بنانے میں بھی معاونت فراہم کی۔ دوران سال SCD کے اما کین بینک کے عملے کے لئے متعدد تربیتی اور آگاہی سیشنز کے انعقاد میں سر گرم عمل رہی اور ساتھ ساتھ تربیتی مواد کو بہتر بنانے میں بھی معاونت فراہم کی۔ دوران سال GLL نے عملے کی اسلامی مصنوعات و خدمات سے متعلق شرعی آگاہی میں اضافے کے لیے ملک بھر میں 190 سے زمانگر کا انعقاد کیا جس میں 6300 سے زمانگ مالا کی معاون کی معاون معنی میں اضافے کے لیے ملک بھر میں 190 سے زمانگر کا انعقاد کیا جس میں 6300 سے زمانگر کی معاون کی جس میں 630 سے زمانگر کی مزید ہوں کہ معنو کی خطری کی معاون کی معاون کی معاون کی جس میں 6300 سے زمانگ معان کر معنو کا نعقاد کیا جس میں 6300 سے زمانگر کا نعقاد کیا جس میں 6300 سے زمان کی کار معنو کی خطری معنو کی معنو کی مزید ہوں میں اضافے کے لئے ملک بھر میں 1900 سے زمانگر کا انعقاد کیا جس میں 1900 میں کا کھر میں کی معاون کی میں معاون کی معاون کی مزید کر امر کی دو گرامز کی دو گرامز کی در بعد زمین کر من کے مزید ہوں کی معنو کی مزید زمانگر کر معاون کر مان کی دو گر مال کی معاومی کی معان کی دو گرامز کی دو گر مزید ہیں کہ معاون کی معاون کی دو گرامز کی دو گھر کی مزید ہوں کی معاون کی دو گھر کی کی دو گھر کی کی مند زمانگر پر معائی ٹر نظامی شرکھی کی کی دو گھر کی دو گھر کر دو گھر کر دو گھر کی کی دو گھر کی کی دو گھر دو گر مالا کی دو گھر دو گھر کر دو گھر کی دو گھر کی دو گھر کی دو گھر کر دو گھر دو گھر ان کی کی کھر کی دو گھر دو گھر کی دو گھر دو گھر کر دو گھر ک اسلامک فن نشل انسی معاور (IFCP) ہو کی کو دو سے " سر شرع میں کی دو گھر دو کر دو گھر دو کی دو گھر دو کھر دو کی دو گ دولا کی دولا کی دو گھر کی دو گھر کی دو گھر دو گھر دو گھر دو گھر دو گھر کی دو گھر دو کہ دو گھر دو گھر دو گھر دو گھر دو گ

مزید بر آل، بینک کے شریعت سے ہم آ ہنگ ماحول کے استخام اور ریٹیل لا نہیلٹی شعبہ کی تقویت کے لیے، مقرر کر دہ عملہ کے علاوہ، شریعہ سپورٹ افسر ان (بنیادی طور پر شریعہ اسکالرز) کو کاروبار (CIBG، CBSME، Agri وغیرہ) اور تائیدی فنکشنز (،CAD، Trade وغیرہ) میں شامل کیا گیا ہے۔

اسلامی بینکنگ پر وڈ کٹس وخدمات کا فروغ اور تشہیر

اس دورا نیه میں، مختلف مار کیٹنگ پر ومو شنل مواد بشمول پر نٹ شدہ اور الیکٹر انک بر وشر ز، TVCs کا جائزہ لیا گیااور شریعہ بورڈ کی طرف سے منظوری دی گئی۔

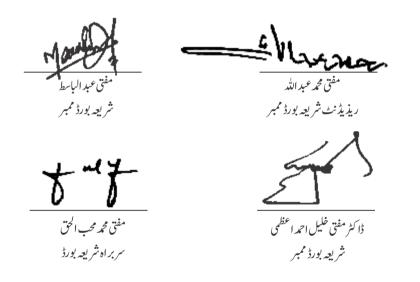
شریعہ بورڈ کی رائے

چونکہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر زادر ایگزیٹیو مینجنٹ مکمل طور سے اس امر کو یقینی بنانے کے ذمہ دار ہیں کہ فیصل بینک کمیٹڈ کے امور کی انجام دبی ہمہ وقت شریعت کے اصولوں سے ہم آہنگ ہو، اس لئے ہم سے فیصل بینک کمیٹڈ کے مجموعی ماحول کے شریعت سے ہم آہنگ ہونے پر ایک رپورٹ پیش کرنے کا تقاضہ کیا جاتا ہے۔ جیسا کہ اس رپورٹ سے داضح ہے، ہماری دائے سیہ سے کہ شریعہ بورڈ نے شریعہ کمپلائنس ریویور پورٹس، انٹر نل اور ایکسٹر نل شریعہ اڈٹ رپورٹ سکا تجزمیہ کر لیا ہے۔

مندرجه بالابنياد پر ہمار انقطہ نظریہ ہے کہ:

- 1. بینک کے جملہ امور کو شریعہ بورڈ کی طرف سے جاری کر دہ قرار دا دوں، فتادیٰ جات، ہدایات دا حکامات کی روشن میں شریعت کے اصول وضوابط کے مطابق انجام دیا گیا ہے۔
- 2. جائزہ کے دوران کسی بھی قابل تصحیح مسئلہ کو نوٹ کیا گیااور بذریعہ مینجنٹ اس کو حل کیا گیایا مستقبل میں اس کی تصحیح کو یقینی بنایا گیاہے۔ماقبل سے مربوط ہماری رائے میں بینک کے امور کو شریعہ کمپلائنس سے متعلق اسٹیٹ بینک پاکستان کی طرف سے جاری کر دہ قرار دا دوں ، اصولوں ، احکامات وہدایات کے مطابق انجام دیا گیا ہے۔
 - .3 بینک، تمام تر امور میں شریعہ کمپلائنس کو یقینی بنانے کے وسیع نظام کا حامل ہے۔

- 4. بینک، شریعہ کمپلائنس تجزیہ اور انٹر نل شریعہ آڈٹ کی صورت میں اس بات کو یقینی بنانے کا ایک مربوط اور جامع نظام رکھتا ہے کہ غیر شرعی ذرائع اور طریقوں سے حاصل شدہ آمدنی کو چیریٹی اکاؤنٹ میں منتقل اور صحیح طور سے خیر اتی مقاصد میں خرچ کیا گیا ہے۔
 - 5. فنڈز کی تعیین، نفع ونقصان کی تقشیم اور پول مینجنٹ، شریعت کے اصول وضوابط اور SBP کی پول مینجنٹ سے متعلق ہدایات کے مطابق ہوئی ہے۔
- 6. بینک کالرننگ اینڈ ڈیویلپہنٹ یونٹ متعدد تربیق پرو گرامز کے ذریعہ اسلامی بینکاری ومالیات پر انسانی سرمایہ کی تربیت اور ترقی کے لئے سر گرم عمل ہے تا کہ بینک کی پروڈ کٹس وطریقہ کار اور شریعہ کمپلائنس کی اہمیت پر عملے، مینجنٹ اور BOD کی آگاہی میں اضافہ کیا جا سکے۔
 - 7. شریعہ بورڈ کواپنی ذمہ داریوں سے بخوبی عہدہ بر آل ہونے کے قابل بنانے کے لئے تمام مطلوبہ معلومات تک بلار کاوٹ رسائی اور مناسب وسائل مہیا کئے گئے ہیں۔ واللہ اعلم بالصواب



7 فرورى 2024/26 رجب المرجب 1445

Statement On Internal Controls

This statement is presented to comply with the instructions of the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) issued vide BSD Circular No. 07 dated May 27, 2004 "Guidelines on Internal Controls" and OSED Circular No. 01 dated February 07, 2014 "Instructions on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR)".

The Management of Faysal Bank Limited is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate and effective internal control system in the Bank. In this context, the Management has designed the Bank's Internal Control Program to provide reasonable assurance on the reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness of the operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Although, the Internal Control Program is effectively implemented and monitored, there are inherent limitations in the effectiveness of any system, including the possibility of human error or system failure, circumvention and overriding of controls. Even an effective internal control system can provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that the system's objective will be achieved.

Policies and procedures encompassing various business and operational areas are in place, updated and communicated across all pertinent levels of the organization. The policies are approved by the Bank's Board of Directors (BoD) and the procedures are approved by the Senior Management. The Bank's internal audit function carries out monitoring of compliance with these policies and procedures and regularly apprises the Management as well as the BoD through Board's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, accordingly.

The Management of the Bank has instituted an Internal Control Department (ICD) – Compliance Function for the conduct of on-site and off-site reviews of the processes related to Support Functions as well as the branches. Accordingly, ICD monitors and identifies gaps in the day-to-day operations and ensures prompt corrective actions. Further, ICD ensures compliance and implementation of policies and procedures duly approved by the BoD and Senior Management, respectively, to maintain a suitable control environment. Moreover, the Management takes remedial measures to address the gaps identified by the Regulator, ICD, internal and external auditors. These remedial measures include improvements in internal controls to ensure non recurrence of highlighted exceptions and are monitored by the Compliance Committee.

The Bank has completed all stages of the ICFR roadmap, issued vide SBP's BSD Circular No. 05 dated February 24, 2009. The Bank has adopted the "COSO Internal Control Integrated Framework" in relation to its Internal Control program in order to ensure consistency in the process of compliance with SBP's Internal Control Guidelines involving documentation, risk assessment, gap analysis, controls testing, controls implementation and quality assurance/validation. Further, in the year 2017, SBP granted exemption for submission of Long Form Report (LFR) through external auditors. Moreover, as per SBP's BSD Circular No. 01 dated July 06, 2021, the banks were allowed to discontinue annual submission of LFR or Annual Assessment Report (AAR) on efficacy of ICFR, to SBP. However, banks shall continue the preparation of AAR on efficacy of the ICFR under ICFR instructions/ framework and Internal Audit Function will review and submit it to Audit Committee for BoD approval, for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Management is confident that through adoption of these measures, the Bank's internal control environment is maintained at a satisfactory level.

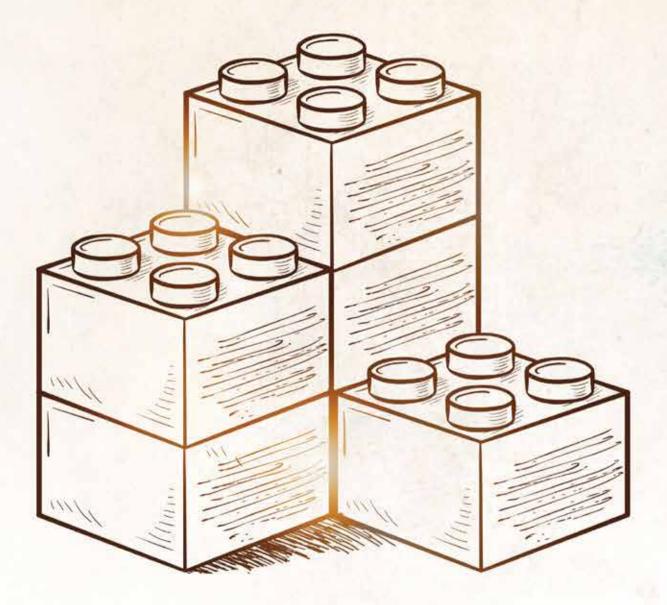
The BoD endorses the above stated management evaluation of internal controls and ICFR program.

Yousaf Hussain President & CEO

Authorisation of Financial Statements by the Board of Directors

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors of the Bank on February 07, 2024.

Unconsolidated Financial Statement





Directors' Report

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Directors' Report of Faysal Bank Limited ("FBL" or "the Bank") along with Audited Financial Statements and the Auditors' Report thereon for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Company Profile

FBL was incorporated in Pakistan on October 3, 1994, as a public limited company and its shares are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. FBL offers a wide range of Islamic banking services to all customer segments, i.e., Retail, Small & Medium Sized Enterprises, Commercial, Agri-based, and Corporate.

The bank surrendered its conventional banking license on 31 December 2022 and effective 01 January 2023 started operations under an Islamic Banking License issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. Its footprint spreads over 270 cities across the country with 722 branches offering only sharia-compliant banking services.

Holding Company

Ithmaar Bank B.S.C (closed), a banking entity regulated by the Central Bank of Bahrain, is the parent company holding directly and indirectly 66.78% (2022: 66.78%) of the Bank's shares. Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (closed) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ithmaar Holdings B.S.C. Dar Al- Maal Al-Islami Trust (DMIT) is the holding entity of Ithmaar Holding B.S.C. and the ultimate parent of the Bank. DMIT was formed by an indenture under the laws of the Commonwealth of The Bahamas for the purpose of conducting business affairs in conformity with Islamic law, principles, and traditions.

Economic Update

The current global economic environment reflects promising signs of progress, fostering increased business confidence and positive market sentiment. Nevertheless, this forward momentum encounters challenges arising from a slowed economic rebound in China, heightened global inflation, tight monetary conditions, and ongoing geopolitical uncertainties.

Within the real sector, performance varied across economic segments. The agriculture sector exhibits optimism regarding meeting production targets, particularly evident in the Rabi season's nearly achieved wheat cultivation goals with increased farm inputs. However, the Large-Scale Manufacturing (LSM) sector experienced a marginal decline of 0.4% from July to October '23, in contrast to a 1.7 % contraction in the same period last year.

During the 2nd half of 2023, the Consumer Price Index (CPI) averaged approximately 28.8%, showing a decrease from 33.05% in the first half of 2023 but still higher than 25% when compared to the same period of 2022. Frequent energy price hikes to align with IMF directives on circular debt significantly contributed to this outcome. Achieving the State Bank of Pakistan's inflation target of 5-7% requires cohesive fiscal and monetary policies.

The government's fiscal performance remained in line with targets, witnessing a substantial increase in revenue receipts that outpaced expenditure growth. Consequently, from July to October '23, the fiscal deficit remained under 0.8% of GDP, while the primary surplus improved to PKR 1.42 trillion.

The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) has maintained the policy rate at 22% in its last four meetings as the members anticipated that inflation has peaked and should start easing off in the near term. The inflation however has remained sticky for longer than it was anticipated. In the latest MPC meeting, officials expressed optimism that a steady exchange rate, controlled overall demand, decrease in global commodity prices, and a favorable base effect will contribute to a reduction in inflation, hence the real interest rate remains positive on a 12-month forward looking basis.

The stock market has shown an exceptional performance, with a sustained rise in the Index over the past few months. The KSE100 Index gained 51% in PKR terms during the second half of CY23 (54% in USD terms), earning Bloomberg's recognition as the best-performing market during this period.

The Current Account posted a deficit of USD 1.16 billion for Jul-Nov CY2023 against a deficit of USD 3.3 billion same period last year, reflecting an improvement in trade balance. Exports increased by 5.0% and reached USD 12.5 billion compared to

USD 11.9 billion during the same period last year. Imports declined by 16.0% reaching USD 21.3 billion compared to USD 25.3 billion during the same period last year. Resultantly, the trade deficit recorded at USD 8.8 billion as against USD 13.4 billion last year. Despite improvement in the current account the PKR USD parity remained under pressure and PKR depreciated by approx. 24% during CY '23.

Looking ahead, continuity of the current IMF program, timely negotiation of a new program and the occurrence of general elections in the country remain critical factors for sustaining economic recovery.

Bank's Performance

A New Era Dawns: Debut year as an Islamic Bank

Alhamdulillah, 2023 signifies a momentous milestone for the Bank, as FBL successfully completed the first year as an Islamic bank. The bank worked tirelessly to integrate Islamic principles into financial products and services, ensuring they align with Shariah standards. This shift has not only enhanced our commitment to ethical banking but has also allowed us to forge stronger connections with our community. FBL conversion has put the first block to convert Pakistan's financial structure to Islamic as per the decision of the Federal Shariah Court.

During the year, the Board has approved the establishment of an exchange company with an initial paid-up capital of PKR 1 billion subject to the completion of regulatory requirements. This exchange company, namely Faysal Islami Currency Exchange Company (Private) Limited shall be a wholly owned subsidiary of FBL. The bank has received the "No Objection Certificate" from SBP and the "Certificate of Incorporation" was issued by SECP on January 16, 2024.

A detailed review of the Bank's performance is given in the following paragraphs:

Financial Performance

	Rs. ir	n million	
Key Balance Sheet Numbers	2023	2022	Growth %
Investment	589,545	469,451	25.6
Financing – net	580,711	454,261	27.8
Total Assets	1,370,074	1,074,353	27.5
Deposits	1,018,276	781,571	30.3
Profit & Loss Account			
Total Revenue	83,142	48,947	69.9
Total Expenses	40,806	27,494	-48.4
Profit before tax and provisions	42,336	21,453	97.3
Net Provisions	914	(940)	-197.2
Profit before tax	41,422	22,393	85.0
Tax	21,376	11,160	-91.5
Profit after tax	20,046	11,233	78.5
Earnings per share (Rupees)	13.21	7.40	78.5

Financial Excellence in 2023: A Testament to Resilience

With unwavering commitment to excellence, the Bank has achieved remarkable financial performance and experienced unprecedented growth. Despite the challenges that have come our way, the Bank has consistently demonstrated to be a strong, resilient institution that has weathered the storms to celebrate this significant milestone of Deposits crossing PKR One

Trillion mark. The bank is now positioned as a key player in Pakistan's Islamic banking sector. On a standalone basis, FBL has achieved a record-breaking Profit Before Tax (PBT) of PKR 41.4 billion, 85% higher than PKR 22.4 billion in the last year. The increase in Profit After Tax (PAT) was however, restricted to 78.5% at PKR 20 billion due to excessive and retrospective wind-fall tax. Furthermore, Earnings Per Share exhibited a commendable rise, surging from PKR 7.40 to PKR 13.21.

During the year 2023, the Bank continued its growth trajectory and has substantially increased total revenue by 70% over 2022. Robust growth in balance sheet coupled with an increase in spreads led to a year-on-year growth of 78% in net spread earned, taking it to PKR 71.1 billion. Healthy growth in current deposits of PKR 49 billion (18%) and increase in the average benchmark rate helped improving overall spreads. Non-Fund income grew by 35% over last year and was at PKR 12.1 billion in 2023.

As a result of prevailing circumstances of historically high inflation, a depreciating PKR relative to the USD, and an expanding branch network, the bank's total expenses have risen by 48.4% over 2022. However, the cost to income ratio has improved from 56.2% in 2022 to 49.1% in 2023. Net provision for 2023 was PKR 0.9 billion, compared to a reversal of PKR 0.9 billion in 2022. The infection ratio continued to reduce and was at 3.8% with total coverage at 87%.

As a result of strong deposit mobilization, FBL total assets continued to grow and are at PKR 1.4 trillion. The upward trend in Current Accounts seen over the past few years continued, taking them to PKR 326 billion i.e., 18% growth over Dec'22. Total deposits crossed PKR 1 trillion mark and increased by 30.3% over Dec'22, improving market share from 3.5% to 3.7% in 2023. The CASA mix, however, due to growth in Term Deposits, decreased from 80.0% to 75.0%.

FBL's net financing increased by 27.8% to PKR 581 billion and ADR slightly reduced from 58% at Dec'22 to 57.0% at Dec'23. The liquidity generated from deposits was deployed in investments and financing. Investments increased by 25.6% and reached PKR 590 billion.

The Bank remains steadfast in its dedication to delivering exceptional results and creating sustainable value for stakeholders. With a strong foundation and a strategic focus on growth, we are confident in our ability to In Sha Allah, achieve new heights in future.

Business Overview

Islamic Banking Product Development Function

Islamic Banking Product Development Function played a crucial role and not only aided all departments in carrying out Shariah Compliant activities, but also assisted in conducting training programs all over Pakistan to upscale Islamic knowledge and comprehension. While FBL staff was also the audience, numerous awareness sessions were held for customers at branches, non-customers at mosques, universities etc. and group sessions with traders, trade associations and corporate employees were held.

During the year various customers belonging to diverse segments were catered through Shariah Compliant Structures. In addition to that, FBL participated in various Investment Banking transactions and served as Shariah Advisor. The Pool Management Department remained committed to automating Pool Management system, ensuring that it is aligned with the evolving needs of the business and complies with Shariah principles and SBP Guidelines. In continuation to the successful automation of the Pool Management System for General Pools, the Bank achieved a milestone by introducing the Islamic Banking industry's first automated real time Treasury Module for pool management.

Retail Banking

Retail Banking at FBL has achieved new heights by shouldering the overall deposit number to cross PKR 1 trillion milestone, showcasing a resilient trajectory that is worth celebrating. The market share has grown from 3.5% in December 2022 to 3.7% in December 2023. Leveraging the extensive branch network, the bank expanded its footprint by adding 22 new branches, reaching a total of 722 branches by year-end. FBL is committed and actively engaged with State Bank of Pakistan in its efforts to support the country's economy under the Financial Inclusion ambit. As per SBP's directives, FBL successfully

introduced policies related to Banking on Equality (BoE) and Persons with Disabilities (PWD). The bank is proudly serving over 1.46 million customers including 0.27 million female customers.

During 2023, while several new products were added to the suite to cater diverse market segments, each designed to meet the evolving needs of our customers. Notably, "Amal", a branded account for women with one-stop financial solution was bundled with Health Benefits, Shopping Discounts, Locker Fee Discounts and Saving/Transactional Convenience. By offering this one-of-a-kind product, the bank was able to successfully onboard many new female customers, totaling PKR 5.9 billion in deposits. Further, FBL launched 16 dedicated branches across all provinces to facilitate differently abled persons for seamless banking experience with convenience.

Commercial Banking and Small Medium Enterprises (CBSME)

Throughout the year, the Commercial Banking and Small Medium Enterprises (CBSME) focused on strategically expanding the loan book while maintaining exceptional credit quality, despite the challenges posed by economic fluctuations. In this everchanging landscape, the "Branch Led SME model" has proved to be a driving force behind our success, delivering concrete outcomes and surpassing the PKR 63 billion milestone with a remarkable 36% increase.

At CBSME we are deeply committed to nurturing small and medium enterprises. Our approach is specifically designed to cater to the individual requirements of SME clients, with our branches playing a crucial role in actively engaging with and providing support to them. Beyond the initial objective of portfolio growth, the "Branch Led SME model" has provided a channel for enhanced customer relationships, offering more personalized and responsive banking experience.

Furthermore, Commercial Banking and SME have successfully implemented strong risk management practices to ensure the credit quality of loan book. Our commitment to thorough credit assessments, proactive monitoring, and timely interventions has played a crucial role in ensuring the strength and stability of our credit portfolio and ultimately strengthening the bank's overall financial health.

Corporate and Investment Banking Group (CIBG)

The Corporate and Investment Banking Group remained active throughout the year and successfully closed several landmark investment banking deals across a full spectrum of segments. FBL solely led arrangement and advisory mandates for a significant number of projects and syndications. The Bank successfully negotiated and led transactions worth more than Rs. 35 billion, comprising deals in infrastructure, power, telecommunications, etc.

CIBG had another stellar year as the group grew the corporate financing book by 28% during 2023. CIBG continued to focus on responsible lending, thereby managing to maintain overall portfolio health and diversification. The bank onboarded several "New to Bank" (NTB) relationships including various reputable MNCs, FMCGs, and top local conglomerates. CIBG continued to provide the bank's ever growing corporate customers with tailor-made solutions for corporate and investment banking needs, transaction banking products and specialized products to help manage foreign exchange and market risks. Despite trade restrictions, CIBG successfully expanded its export business by 56%.

The remittances to Pakistan in 2023 declined by 12% from the preceding year. Despite this market contraction, FBL showcased remarkable resilience in the market and witnessed a surge in market share from around 3% to 4.5%. Notably, transaction volumes experienced an upswing, registering a 30% increase. This result highlight's the Bank's commitment to contribute to this national cause while aligning with the bank's mission and values. The bank pledges continuous investment in cutting-edge technology and human capital to ensure that overseas Pakistanis and beneficiaries consistently benefit from the best-in-class remittance solutions which will result in continuous growth of overall remittances into Pakistan through legal channels.

Consumer Banking

Consumer banking demonstrated resilience in navigating a challenging business environment, maintaining a steady course despite external pressures. The overall consumer portfolio, while experiencing a marginal decrease of 3%, stood robust at Rs. 44 billion, showcasing bank's adept management in adverse conditions.

A noteworthy success within the Consumer Banking domain is the Noor Card, a Shariah-compliant alternative to conventional credit instruments. This product has proven to be a significant triumph, attracting over 54,000 new customers in 2023 alone. The card's popularity is underscored by a substantial 38% growth in spending, reaching Rs. 81 billion. The Noor Card's success reflects the bank's commitment to offering financial solutions aligned with ethical principles.

The Roshan Digital Account (RDA) was introduced as a collaborative effort by the Government of Pakistan and the State Bank of Pakistan to facilitate Non-Resident Pakistanis interested in banking, payment, and investment activities in Pakistan. The program has received tremendous support, and as a result, has developed into a comprehensive product suite that offers cutting-edge and user-friendly digital banking solutions. In 2023, the Roshan Digital initiatives portfolio maintained a positive trajectory, with a 7% increase in deposits and 1% growth in financing.

Treasury

Treasury demonstrated a strong performance across segments during 2023. In the foreign exchange business we successfully enhanced volumes and profitability by expanding our clientele, strengthening client relationships and providing competitive pricing. In response to a challenging macroeconomic environment and subsequent volatility in interest rates, Treasury prudently positioned its GOP Ijarah Sukuk portfolio to maximize accrual income. The bank strategically brought its equity portfolio to a suitable level. The equity trading desk leveraged their market expertise to align the portfolio against a rapidly changing economic & political scenario.

Digital Banking Group

A strong shift in customer transaction behavior towards digital modes persuaded the bank to invest extensively in technology to churn a constant stream of innovative digital solutions, products and platforms with an aim to establish itself as the #MostInnovativeIslamicBank. One of the key driving elements has been the 'go-green' philosophy, encouraging customers to adopt digital channels and reduce reliance on traditional paper-based instruments and modes of transactions. FBL's digital spread now goes on to include not just retail banking customers but also the consumer finance customers, merchants and SME's.

In 2023, the Bank's digital footprint increased by 3x, where the digital subscriptions increased from 0.4M to over 1.25M, this was driven by the tremendous transaction uptake via Faysal Digital mobile-app and Faysal Islami WhatsApp Banking.

Digital transactions through the MobileApp registered a YoY increase of over 300 percent, which makes it one of the fastest growing mobile platforms in the industry. Special focus was on increasing the touchpoints and use-cases for making payments.

Faysal Bank's Digital Positioning

As part of 2023 positioning strategy, FBL has adopted a transformative outlook with a clear-cut focus on innovation and digitization of customer experiences. This stance has led to Faysal Bank taking a digital leadership stance not only amongst Islamic Bank but also challenging the industry at large.

New initiatives included:

- **"Faysal Tap and Pay"**, FBL customers can make payments at any local or international Point-of-Sale (POS) terminal merely by tapping their smart phones.

- **"Faysal Islami WhatsApp Banking",** inarguably the best-in-class WhatsApp Banking solution with an unmatched user-interface and seamless user-journey.
- **"WhatsApp Payments"**, allowing FBL Digital customers to transfer funds internally and externally through their WhatsApp, making it one of the most innovative and versatile banking platforms in the industry. Qurbani Booking through WhatsApp Banking,
- **"Internet Payment Gateway"**, with a view to help businesses grow in the eComm space, Faysal Bank launched its payment gateway services, enabling retail businesses to accept debit and credit card payments, hence opening up a whole new growth frontier for businesses.
- **"Point-of-Sale (POS) Merchant Acquiring"**, offered point of sale terminals for Retail and SME businesses enabling the acceptance of cash less payments, promoting the regulatory agenda of payment digitization.
- "Digital Kiosks", promoting the self-serve digital concept, allowing customers to walk-in to the Branch and deposit their cash without having to wait at the counter. The service was immensely successful and in the first 6 months of its launch, over PKR 10 Billion was deposited through these Digital Kiosks.
- **"ATMs"**, with a footprint of over 700 ATMs, the bank initiated its fleet replacement and modernization program thereby upgrading to state-of-the-art machines with biometric capability and being socially responsible, all these machines offer a braille keypad, along with the 'talking-assistant' feature for the visually impaired.

Human Resource

FBL believes that committed employees are the linchpin for success in crafting a sustainable, progressive, and productive organization. This commitment extends to creating a workplace environment that not only values and respects every employee but actively encourages ideas, welcomes differences, instills corporate values, and promotes diversity and inclusion. The Bank is constantly working to increase employee engagement through open communication, receptive feedback mechanisms, the cultivation and development of talent, and the strategic utilization of reward and recognition programs. It is with pride that FBL notes a consistent improvement in its employee engagement scores, currently standing at 83%.

Throughout the year 2023, FBL demonstrated a robust commitment of employee learning and development by conducting training sessions for over 75,000 participants through classroom and eLearning sessions. These learning sessions ranged from induction training programs to technical trainings pertaining to specific roles, dedicated Islamic banking skill development, sales & service transformation and Managerial & leadership development. In a strategic move to continually expand learning and development opportunities for our employees, the Bank entered partnership with the Institute of Business Administration-Center in Islamic Finance (IBA-CIEF). This collaboration offers the Islamic Finance Practitioner Certification program, crafted to immerse the staff in the principles and practices of Islamic finance.

In line with its commitment to diversity and gender inclusivity, FBL introduced the 'Amal Women Leadership Development Program' in 2023. This initiative specifically targets the professional growth of 96 women within the bank. The Amal Leadership Program not only provides structured training but also leverages the expertise of senior leaders who actively mentor female employees, guiding and preparing them for advancement into senior leadership roles. As part of the bank's strategic goals, FBL aspires to be an employer of choice with an inclusive workplace culture, serving as an equal opportunity employer at all levels. The bank takes pride in its achievement of 19% gender diversity, the highest in the Islamic banking industry. FBL has set an ambitious goal of achieving 25% gender diversity by 2025, underscoring its commitment to fostering an inclusive and diverse workforce.

As a national goal, the Bank created employment opportunities through branch network expansion, increasing the work force from 8,011 in Dec'22 to 8,787 in Dec'23.

Risk Management Framework

Risk Management Group (RMG) is organized under the Chief Risk Officer ("CRO"). CRO has been authorized by the Board of Directors (BoD) to implement a Risk Management Framework across the Bank. Note 44 of the financial statements provide details about the risk management framework and discusses the major risks and uncertainties that the Bank is exposed to as well as the ways in which these are managed. Considering the current precarious state of the economy, the Bank has taken the initiative to bolster its credit management practices by holding regular committee meetings and conducting rapid reviews of its portfolio to ascertain the effect that stress variables will have on the Bank's credit portfolio.

Environmental Stewardship

The Bank has developed and implemented a comprehensive 'Green Banking Policy'. The objective of this policy is to inculcate environmental & social consciousness in the employees of the Bank and its client base. The Policy includes:

- Extending financing facilities to the customers based on Environmental & Social Risk Management framework
- Guidelines on adopting environment friendly **policies and practices** in the Bank
- Raising awareness among the customers about importance of environment friendly practices

Environmental and Social Risk Management

FBL has developed an Environmental & Social Risk Management framework, which includes implementation of an Environmental & Social Risk Rating (ESRR) model to conduct risk categorization of borrowing customers and gauge the environmental & social impact of financing operations. Additionally, the Bank also developed this framework in order to assess the impact that financing relationships have on the environment and society.

Environmental and Social Consciousness

A training module that explains the concepts of green banking, key pillars of Faysal Bank's green banking policy, and imparts awareness on the environmental & social issues has been included in the orientation pack for new employees to help instill environmental & social consciousness. Regular virtual training is conducted for the new employees joining Faysal Bank. In addition to that, screensavers are deployed on a periodic basis to reinforce the message of energy conservation and efficiency. During the year, the Bank introduced educational programs to raise awareness among its customers on the key concepts of Environmental and Social Risks.

Paperless Operations

FBL is aggressively promoting Green Banking initiatives such as digital banking services and subscription to estatements. Branch employees, customer service representatives and other team members are being trained in persuading customers to adopt paperless options.

Energy Conservation – in Operations & Maintenance

Energy efficiency has remained a primary metric for the Bank's evaluation of suppliers and equipment. Faysal House, along with other key buildings, and the entire branch network, have all been outfitted with energy-saving measures by the Bank. To reduce energy costs, conventional lighting has been replaced with LED lighting in key FBL facilities. The bank is currently looking into various renewable energy solutions for certain buildings and branches.

Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") - Impacting Lives Positively

FBL's corporate social responsibility program prioritizes health, diversity, and social inclusion as its top three areas of focus. Waqf Faisal is a recognized non-profit organization (NPO) and FBL provides consistent donations to it to support CSR objectives. Waqf Faisal extends out to reputable non-profit organizations that work in the fields of education, social welfare,

environment, and health care. The Bank contributed an amount of Rs 113 million to the Waqf Faisal in the year 2023. The bank is committed to make a positive impact on society, while maintaining sustainable and responsible business practices.

Awards for Excellence - Recognitions that inspire

FBL was named "Best Emerging Bank" by Pakistan Banks' Association, and "Best emerging Islamic Bank" by Global Islamic Finance Awards. All these recognitions and awards are a testament to the strategic brilliance of our Board of Directors, Senior Management and the hard work and perseverance of our employees. This demonstrates that FBL is headed in the right direction toward realizing the goal of becoming Pakistan's premium Islamic bank.

Dividend

The Board has recommended a final cash dividend of Rs. 2 per share (20%) for the year ended December 31, 2023. This is in addition to Rs. 2 already paid during the year bringing the total dividend for the year to Rs. 4 per share (2022: Rs. 7).

Positioned for a Resilient future: Navigating Challenges with Confidence

Looking forward, FBL is well-positioned with good momentum as we enter the year 2024. We are confident and are cognizant of the potential impact that prevailing economic conditions and continued inflation might have on us and on our customers. The Bank maintains unwavering commitment to strategically investing in branch network, thereby propelling the growth of deposits. We are actively implementing strategies to optimize our customer service experience. In addition to our ongoing investment in branch infrastructure, the Bank is focusing on providing cutting edge digital solutions and will invest in modern technologies to improve digital offerings and customer experience. We will continue to make investments in our workforce and foster an environment that promotes our core values namely Faith, Integrity, Teamwork, Innovation and Care.

Corporate Governance

The Bank is fully compliant with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (hereinafter called 'the Code'). As per the requirement of Regulation 36 of the Code, a Statement of Compliance with the Code, along with the auditor's review report thereon, forms part of this Annual Report.

The Board of Directors

The Bank's Board comprises of a mix of individuals representing shareholding institutions, independent directors and President & CEO of the Bank. All the directors of the Board meet the eligibility criteria laid down under the Companies Act, 2017, the Code, and the Corporate Governance Regulatory Framework, 2021, issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. Directors are elected for a period of three years, upon expiry of which elections are held to appoint a new Board in accordance with the law. Any causal vacancy is filled in as per a well-defined procedure approved by the Board in accordance with the applicable Law.

The total number of the Directors are eleven as per the following details:

Gender	Number
Male	09
Female	02

The Board of Directors comprises of the following Members:

Category	Name
Independent Directors	Mr. Ali Munir Ms. Fatima Asad Khan
	Mr. Mohsin Tariq Ms. Sadia Khan
Non-Executive Directors	Mian Muhammad Younis (Chairman) Mr. Ahmed Abulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery (Vice Chairman) Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi
	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb
Executive Director	Mr. Yousaf Hussain (President & CEO)

Committees of the Board:

The details of the Board Committee and the names of their members are given below:

Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

Board Audit and Corporate Governance Committee comprises of four members having extensive financial management experience. The Chairman of the committee is an independent director. The Committee comprises of the following Board members:

S. No.	Name	Status	Category
1	Mr. Ali Munir	Chairman	Independent Director
2	Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	Member	Non-Executive Director
3	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	Member	Non-Executive Director
4	Mr. Mohsin Tariq	Member	Independent Director

Risk Management Committee

Board Risk Management Committee is responsible to ensure that all the risks and uncertainties are adequately managed by the Bank. The Committee comprises of five members having rich experience in banking and risk management. The Chairman of the committee is a non-executive director. The Committee comprises of the following Board members:

S. No.	Name	Status	Category
1	Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	Chairman	Non-Executive Director
2	Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	Member	Non-Executive Director
3	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	Member	Non-Executive Director
4	Mr. Ali Munir	Member	Independent Director
5	Mr. Yousaf Hussain	Member	Executive Director

Recruitment, Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Board's Recruitment, Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviews the human resource structure of the Bank and ensures that the human resource strategy is aligned with overall strategy of the Bank. The committee comprises of five members having diversified experience. The Chairman of the Committee is a Non-Executive Director. The Committee comprises of the following Board members:

S. No.	S. No. Name		Category
1	Mr. Ahmed Abulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	Chairman	Non-Executive Director
2	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	Member	Non-Executive Director
3	Mr. Mohsin Tariq	Member	Independent Director
4	Ms. Fatima Asad Khan	Member	Independent Director
5	Ms. Sadia Khan	Member	Independent Director

Strategy Committee

The Board's Strategy Committee helps the Board and the management in setting up the strategic direction of the Bank and monitors the implementation of the Board's approved strategies. The Committee comprises of six members and is chaired by a Non-Executive Director who is also the Chairman of the Board. The Committee comprises of the following Board members:

S. No.	Name	Status	Category
1	Mian Muhammad Younis	Chairman	Non-Executive Director
2	Mr. Ahmed Abulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	Member	Non-Executive Director
3	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	Member	Non-Executive Director
4	4 Ms. Fatima Asad Khan		Independent Director
5	5 Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez		Non-Executive Director
6	6 Mr. Yousaf Hussain		Executive Director

IT Committee

The Board's IT Committee is responsible to ensure that the Bank has a reliable, efficient, and secure IT infrastructure to service its customers and efficiently carry out its operations. The Committee has five members, and its chairman is an independent director. The Committee comprises of the following Board members:

S. No.	Name	Status	Category
1	Ms. Sadia Khan	Chairperson	Independent Director
2	Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	Member	Non-Executive Director
3	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	Member	Non-Executive Director
4	Mr. Yousaf Hussain	Member	Executive Director

Meetings of the Board

The record of the Board meetings held during the year and attended by the Directors is included separately in this Annual Report.

Shariah Board

The details relating to Shariah Board held during the year and attended by its members is included separately in this Annual Report.

Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors

In line with the best practices of the corporate governance, FBL's Board, since 2012 has conducted self-evaluation exercise on an annual basis by engaging Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG), as an external facilitator. PICG is the lead on Corporate Governance and has a team of consultants to conduct board evaluations for companies and banks. SBP's Guidelines on Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors were implemented in August 2016 and subsequently, FBL's Board in compliance thereof conducts its self-evaluation every year by engaging PICG. The evaluation covers various aspects of the performance of the Board including but not limited to: Board's role, Committees' performance, Training, Strategy, Risk Management, and Board Meetings. The evaluation covered:

- The Board as a whole
- Individual Directors (Independent, Non-Executive and CEO)
- Board Committees

The evaluation was carried out using quantitative method, based on subjective assessment, and was conducted via questionnaires developed by the consultants in conformance with the State Bank of Pakistan's Guidelines on Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors. The quantitative technique has the advantage of being specific and measurable. Measurement scale used in FBL's Board evaluation is the summated rating on a scale of 1-10 depending on how strongly they agree or disagree with a given statement. The use of this method ensures specific and measurable data that can be benchmarked over time.

Remuneration Policy

Disclosures relating to Remuneration Policy as required under BPRD Circular 1 of 2017 dated January 25, 2017, are included separately in this Annual Report.

Statement of Internal Control

The Board of Directors fully recognize its responsibility to ensure that a system of sound internal controls is established, fully implemented and maintained at all levels within the Bank. The Board is pleased to endorse the statement made by the management relating to internal controls. The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored. The management's statement on internal controls is included in this Annual Report.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding and categories of shareholders of the Bank as of December 31, 2023 is separately presented in this Annual Report.

Related Party Transactions

The related party transactions are shown in note 42 of the financial statements.

Credit Rating:

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited (VIS) and Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) have re-affirmed the following entity ratings:

Long-Term AA Short-Term A1+

Stable outlook has been assigned to the ratings by both the rating agencies.

The assigned ratings reflect the Bank's diversified operations, healthy financial risk profile, and existing market presence. These ratings denote a very low expectation of credit risk, a strong capacity for timely repayment of financial commitments in the long-term, and the highest capacity for timely repayment in the short-term, respectively.

Auditors

The present auditors, KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, will retire on the date of the Annual General Meeting and are eligible for re-appointment. The Board's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee in its meeting held on February 5, 2024 has recommended re-appointment of KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, as the auditor of the Bank for the year 2024. Accordingly, the Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Board Audit Committee, recommends the re-appointment of KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, as the auditor of the financial year 2024.

Subsequent Events

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Bank have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Bank and the date of this report, other than disclosed in the financial statements.

Heartfelt Thanks: Acknowledging Our Pillars of Strength

On behalf of the Board and Management, we extend gratitude to our esteemed shareholders for their unwavering support. We are indebted to our customers, who continued to trust us with their business. We would like to place on record our appreciation for the Government of Pakistan, the State Bank of Pakistan and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for their continued support and guidance and for developing and strengthening the banking and financial services sector through continuous improvement in the regulatory and governance framework.

As always, we would also like to express sincere appreciation for the Shariah Board. We would also like to take this opportunity to recognize and commend the unwavering commitment and exceptional efforts exhibited by our employees in driving the growth of FBL. We extend our heartfelt thanks to them for their relentless dedication and hard work.

Approval

In compliance with the requirement of the Companies Act, 2017, this Directors' Report with the recommendation of the Board Audit and Corporate Governance Committee has been approved by the Directors in their meeting held on February 7, 2024 and signed by the Chief Executive Officer and a director.

President & CEO

Chairman / Director

Karachi: Dated: February 7, 2024

لیے مسلسل تعاون اور رہنمائی پر اپنے ریگولیٹر زادر حکومت یاکستان ،بالخصوص اسٹیٹ بینک آف یاکستان اور سیکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنچ کمیشن آف یاکستان کے بھی شکر گزار ہیں۔ ہمیشہ کی طرح، ہم شریعہ بورڈ کے لیے مخلصانہ تعریف کا اظہار کرتے ہیں اور FBL کی ترقی کے لیے اپنے ملازمین کی کو ششوں کو تسلیم کرتے ہیں اور انگی انتقک محنت اور لگن کو دل سے سراہتے ہیں۔

منظوري

کمپنیز ایک 2017 کے تقاضوں کے مطابق، بورڈ کی آڈٹ اور کارپوریٹ گور ننس کمیٹی کی سفارش کے ساتھ ڈائر کیٹر زکی اس رپورٹ کوڈائر کیٹر زنے 7 فروری 2024 کو ہونیوالے اپنے اجلاس میں منظور کیااور اس پر چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر اور چیئر مین / ڈائریکٹر نے دستخط کیے ہیں۔

چیتر مین /ڈائر یکٹر

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صدرادرسياياد

كراچى

تاريخ: 7 فروري 2024

شيئر ہولڈنگ کاطریقہ کار

31 دسمبر 2023 تک بینک کے شیئر ہولڈرز کے شیئر ہولڈنگ کاطریقہ کار اور اقسام کو اس سالانہ رپورٹ میں الگ سے پیش کیا گیا ہے۔

متعلقه يارثي ٹرانز يكشنز

متعلقہ پارٹی ٹرانزیکشنز کومالیاتی گو شواروں کے نوٹ 42 میں درج کیا گیا ہے۔

كريد الشري كريد كريانك

VIS کریڈٹ رٹینگ کمپنی کمیٹر (VIS) اور پاکستان کریڈٹ رٹینگ ایجنسی کمیٹڈ (PACRA) نے درج ذیل اداراتی درجہ بندیوں کی دوبارہ تصدیق کی ہے:

طويل المدتى AA

قليل المدتى + A1

دونوں ریٹنگ ایجنسیوں کی جانب سے در جہ بندیوں کو متحکم آؤٹ لک دیا گیا ہے۔

تفویض کردہ در جہ بندی بینک کے متنوع آپریشنز، صحت مندمالیاتی رسک پر وفائل، اور موجو دہ مار کیٹ میں موجو دگی کی عکاسی کرتی ہے۔ یہ در جہ بندی کریڈٹ رسک کی انتہائی کم توقع کی نشاند ہی کرتی ہے، اور طویل المدتی مالی وعد وں کی بر وفت ادائیگی کی مضبوط صلاحیت، اور قلیل مدتی ادائیگیوں کی اعلی ترین صلاحیت کی بالتر تیب نشاند ہی کرتی ہے۔

آڈیٹرز

موجودہ آڈیٹر ز KPMG تاثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈاکاؤنٹنٹس، سالانہ اجلاس کے موقع پر ریٹائر ہوجائیں گے، وہ دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل ہیں۔ بورڈ کی آڈٹ اور کار پوریٹ گورننس کمیٹی نے5فروری 2024 کو منعقدہ اپنے اجلاس میں KPMG تاثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈاکا کونٹنٹس کو سال 2024 کے لیے بینک کا آڈیٹر مقرر کرنے کی سفارش کی ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر ز آڈٹ کمیٹی کی تائید کر تاہے اور مالی سال 2024 کے لیے بطور بینک کے آڈیٹر ز MMG تاثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹر ڈاکاؤنٹنٹس کو سال 2024 کے لیے بینک کا آڈیٹر مقرر کرنے کی سفارش کی ہے۔ بورڈ

بعد ازاں ریورٹنگ کے داقعات

مالیاتی بیانات کے گوشواروں کی وضاحتوں کے علاوہ بینک کے مالیاتی سال کے اخترام اور اس رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے در میان، بینک کی مالی حالت پر اثر انداز ہونے والی کوئی بڑی تبدیلی یا معاہدہ نہیں ہواہے۔

ہماری طاقت کے سنونوں کا تہہ دل سے شکریہ

بورڈ اور انتظامیہ کی جانب سے، ہم اس موقع پر شیئر ہولڈرز کاشکریہ ادا کرتے ہیں کہ انہوں نے ہم پر غیر متز لزل اعتاد کیا ہے۔ ہم اپنے صار فین کے تہہ دل سے مشکور ہیں، جنہوں نے اپنے کاروبار اور پختہ یقین کے ساتھ ہم پر اعتاد کو مسلسل جاری رکھا۔ ہم ریگولیٹر می وگور ننس فریم ورک میں مسلسل بہتر می کے ذریعے بینکنگ اور فنانشل سر وسز سیکٹر کے فروغ کے

بورڈ کے اجلاس

سال کے دوران منعقد ہونے والی بورڈ اجلاسوں کی تعداد اور ڈائر یکٹر ز کی شرکت کی تفصیلات کو اس سالانہ رپورٹ میں الگ سے شامل کیا گیا ہے۔

شريعه بورڈ

سال کے دوران شریعہ بورڈ کے منعقد ہونے والے اجلاس اور اس کے ممبر ان کی شرکت سے متعلق تفصیلات اس سالانہ رپورٹ میں الگ سے شامل ہیں۔

بورد آف دائر يكرزكى كاركرد كى كاجائزه

کارپوریٹ گور ننس کے بہترین طریقوں کے مطابق، FBL کے بورڈ نے2012 سے سالانہ بنیادوں پر خود تشخیصی جائزے کا آغاز کیا ہے۔ بینک اس عمل میں پاکستان انسٹیٹیوٹ آف کارپوریٹ گور ننس (PICG) کوایک بیر ونی معاون کے طور پر شامل کر تاہے۔ PICG کے پاس مثیر وں کی ایک ایک ٹیم ہے جو کمپنیوں اور مینکوں کے بورڈ کے جائزے کے عمل کو سرانجام دیتی ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی کار کردگی کے جائزے سے متعلق اسٹیٹ بینک کی رہنما ہدایات کا اگست 2016 میں نفاذ ہوا تھا اور اس کی تعمیل میں پاکستان انسٹیٹیوٹ بورڈ نے ہر سال PICG کے ذریعے خود تشخیصی جائزے کے عمل کو سر انجام دیا ہے۔ تشخیصی عمل میں بورڈ کی کار کر دگی کا محلف کی نفاذ ہوا تھا اور اس کی تعمیل میں FBL کی کار کردگی، تربیت، حکمت عملی، رسک مینجنٹ، اور بورڈ کے اجلاس شامل ہیں لیکن ان تک محد ود نہیں۔ تشخیصی عمل میں درج ذیل کا احاطہ کیا گیا:

- كىمىل بورد
- انفرادی ڈائریکٹر ز(آزا د، نان ایگزیکٹواور سی ای او)
 - بورڈ کمیٹیاں

تشخیص بے عمل کو موضوعاتی تخمینہ کی بنیاد پر شاریاتی طریقہ کار کو استعال کرتے ہوئے انجام دیا گیا۔ یہ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی کار کر دگی کی تشخیص سے متعلق اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی رہنماہدایات کے مطابق کنسلنٹٹ کے تیار کردہ سوالناموں کے ذریعے کیا گیا۔ ثاریاتی تحقیق ص وادر قابل پیائش ہونے کی وجہ سے مفید ہے۔ FBL کے بورڈ کی تشخیص میں استعال ہونے والا پیائٹی پیانہ 1 سے 10 کے اسکیل پر مبنی ہے جس کا تحصار اس پر ہے کہ وہ دیئے گئے بیان سے کس حد تک منفق یاغیر متفق ہیں۔ اس طریقہ کار کار کر دگی کی تشخیص سے متعلق اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان میں استعال ہونے والا پیائٹی پیانہ 1 سے 10 کے اسکیل پر مبنی ہے جس کا تحصار اس پر ہے کہ وہ دیئے گئے بیان سے کس حد تک منفق یاغیر متفق ہیں۔ اس طریقہ کار کا استعال مخصوص اور قابل پیائش ڈیٹا کو یقینی بناتا ہے جب وقت کے ساتھ میں چھارک کیا جا سکتا ہے۔

معاوضے کی پالیسی

25 جنوری 2017 کے BPRD سر کلر 1 کے تحت در کار "معاوضے کی پالیسی" سے متعلق وضاحتیں اس سالانہ رپورٹ میں الگ سے شامل کی گئی ہیں۔

انٹرنل کنٹر ول کابیان

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر زمکمل طور پر تسلیم کرتاہے کہ اس بات کو یقینی بنانااسکی ذمہ داری ہے کہ ایک مضبوط انٹر ٹل کنٹر ول فریم ورک کاقیام عمل میں لایا جائے، جو بینک کے اندر تمام سطحوں پر مکمل طور پر نافذاور بر قرارہے۔ بورڈ انٹر نل کنٹر ول سے متعلق انتظامیہ کے بیان کی توثیق کرتے ہوئے خوشی کا اظہار کرتاہے۔ انٹر نل کنٹر ول کا سسٹم اپنے ڈیزائن میں در ست ہے اور اسے موئز طریقے سے نافذ کہا گیاہے اور اس کی نگر انی کی جاتی ہے۔ انٹر ٹل کنٹر ول پر انتظامیہ کا بیان اس پر منسل میں ایا ہے۔ انٹر نل کنٹر ول کا سسٹم اپنے ڈیزائن میں

سینیگری	عبده	اسائے گرامی	شارنمبر
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر	چيئر مين	جناب احمد ابوالرحيم محمه عبدالله بجيرى	1
نان ایگیزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر	ركن	جناب جمعه حسن علی ابول	2
آزا د ڈا ئر یکٹر	ركن	جناب ^{محس} ن طارق	3
آزا د ڈا ئریکٹر	ركن	محترمه فاطمه اسدخان	4
آزا دڈا تر یکٹر	ركن	محتر مه سعد بیه خان	5

حكمت عملي تميشي

بورڈ کی حکمت عملی کمیٹی، بینک کی حکمت عملی کی سمت کوتر تیب دینے میں بورڈ اور انتظامیہ کی مد د کرتی ہے اور بورڈ کی منظور شدہ حکمت عملیوں کے نفاذ کی نگرانی کرتی ہے۔ کمیٹی ایک نان ایگزیکٹوڈا ئر یکٹر، جو بورڈ کاچیئر مین بھی ہے، کی سربراہی میں چھ ارکان پر مشتمل ہے۔ کمیٹی درج ذیل ارکان پر مشتمل ہے:

^س ینگری	عہدہ	اسائے گرامی	شارنمبر
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر	چيئر مين	میاں محمد یونس	1
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر	ركن	جناب احمد ابوالرحيم محمه عبدالله بجيرى	2
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر	ركن	جناب جمعه ^{حس} ن علی ابول	3
آزا د ڈائر بکٹر	ركن	محترمه فاطمه اسدخان	4
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر	ركن	جناب امتياز احمد پرويز	5
ایگزیکٹوڈائر یکٹر	ركن	جناب يوسف حسين	6

اَئَى ٹى تىمىٹى

بورڈ کی آئی ٹی کمیٹی اس بات کو یقینی بنانے کی ذمہ دارہے کہ بینک کے پاس اپنے صار فین کی خدمت اور موئڑ طریقے سے اپنے اُمور کو سر انجام دینے کے لیے ایک قابل اعتماد ، موُٹڑ اور محفوظ آئی ٹی انفرااسٹر کچر موجو دہے۔ کمیٹی کے چار اراکین ہیں ،اور اس کاچیئر مین ایک آزا دڈائر کیٹر ہے۔ کمیٹی درج ذیل بورڈ ارکان پر مشتمل ہے:

سینیگری	عہدہ	اسائے گرامی	شارنمبر
آزا د ڈا تر یکٹر	چيئر پر س	محترمه سعديد خان	1
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	ركن	جناب عبدالله ابراتهيم محمه القاسمي	2
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	ركن	جنابعسبه اللدعبد العزيز على طالب	3
المكرز يكثو ڈائر يكثر	ركن	جناب يوسف حسين	4

بورڈ کی کمیٹیاں:

بورڈ کمیٹیوں کی تفصیلات اور ان کے ارا کین کے نام درج ذیل ہیں:

آڈٹ اور کارپوریٹ گورننس سمیٹی

بورڈ کی آڈٹ اور کارپوریٹ گور ننس کمیٹی چارارکان پر مشتمل ہے جن کے پاس مالیاتی انتظام کاوسیع تجربہ ہے۔ کمیٹی کاچیئر مین ایک آزا دڈائر یکٹر ہے۔ کمیٹی درج ذیل بورڈ ارکان پر مشتمل ہے:

سینیگری	عہرہ	اسلئے گرامی	شارنمبر
آزا د ڈائر بکٹر	چيئر مين	جناب على منير	1
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر	ركن	جناب احمه ابوالرحيم محمه عبدالله بجيرى	2
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر <i>یکٹر</i>	ركن	جناب جمعه حسن علی ابول	3
آزا د ڈائر بکٹر	ركن	جناب ^{مح} سن طارق	4

رسك مينجمنت تميثي

بورڈ کی رسک مینجنٹ کمیٹی اس بات کو یقینی بنانے کی ذمہ دار ہے کہ بینک تمام خطرات اور غیریقینی صور تحال کے لیے مناسب انتظام کرے۔ کمیٹی پاپنچ ارکان پر مشتمل ہے جو بینکنگ اور رسک مینجہنٹ کا بھر پور تجربہ رکھتے ہیں۔ کمیٹی کاچیئر مین ایک نان ایگز یکٹیوڈائر یکٹر ہے۔ کمیٹی درج ذیل بورڈ ارکان پر مشتمل ہے:

^س ینگری	عہدہ	اسائے گرامی	شارنمبر
نان ایگر یکٹوڈا ئریکٹر	چيئر مين	جناب امتياز احمه پرويز	1
نان ایگر بیکٹو ڈائر بیکٹر	ر کن	جناب عبدالله ابراقهيم محمد القاسمي	2
نان ایگزیکٹوڈا ئریکٹر	ر کن	جناب عبدالله عبد العزيز على طالب	3
آزا د ڈا تر یکٹر	ر کن	جناب على منير	4
ا گچزیکٹوڈا تریکٹر	ر کن	جناب <i>یو</i> سف حسین	5

جرتی، نامز دگی اور معاوضه سمیٹی

بورڈ کی جرتی، نامز دگی اور معاوضہ تمیٹی، بینک کے انسانی وسائل کے اسٹر کچر کاجائزہ لیتی ہے اور اس بات کویقینی بناتی ہے کہ انسانی وسائل کی حکمت عملی، بینک کی مجموعی حکمت عملی سے ہم آ ہنگ ہے۔ کمیٹی وسیح تجربہ رکھنے والے پانچ ارکان پر مشتمل ہے۔ کمیٹی کاچیئر مین ایک نان ایگز یکٹو ڈائر یکٹر ہے۔ کمیٹی درج ذیل ارکان پر مشتمل ہے: فراہم کرنے پر توجہ مر کوزرکھے گااورڈ یجیٹل پیشکشوں اور کسٹمر کے تجرب کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے جدید شیکنالوجیز میں سرمایہ کاری جاری رکھے گا۔اولین اور اہم ترین سہ کہ ہم اپن افرادی قوت اور ثقافت کو فروغ دینے پر سرمایہ کاری کرتے رہیں گے جو ہماری بنیادی اقد ار یعنی ایمان ، دیا نتد اری ، ٹیم ورک ، جدت اور نگہداشت کی حوصلہ افزائی کرتی ہے۔

كاربوريٹ گورننس

بینک لسٹر کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گور ننس)ر یگولیشنز،2019 (''کوڈ'') کے تقاضوں کی پوری طرح تغییل کرتا ہے۔ کوڈ کے ضابطہ 36 کی ضرورت کے مطابق، کوڈ پر عمل درآ مدکی تفصیل اور اس پر آڈیٹر زکی جائزہ رپورٹ اس سالانہ رپورٹ کا حصہ ہے۔

بورد آف دائر يكرز

بینک کابورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز، شیئر ہولڈنگ ادا روں کے نمائندے، آزا دڈائر کیٹر زاور بینک کے صدر اور سی ای او پر مشتمل ہے۔ بورڈ کے تمام ڈائر کیٹر زکوڈ، کمپنیز ایک، 2017 اور اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے جاری کر دہ کارپوریٹ گورننس ریگولیٹری فریم ورک، 2021 کے طے شدہ اہلیت کے معیار پر پورا اترتے ہیں۔ ڈائر کیٹر زکا انتخاب تین سال کی مدت کے لیے کہاجاتا ہے، جس کی میعاد ختم ہونے پر قانون کے مطابق نے بورڈ کی تقرری کے لیے انتخابات ہوتے ہیں۔ کسی بھی عارضی آسامی کو قانون کے مطابق بلی سے معیار پر پورا اترتے ہیں۔ ڈائر کیٹر زکا انتخاب تین سال کی مدت شدہ اور داختے طریقہ کار کے مطابق پڑکیا جاتا ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرز کی کل تعداد گیارہ ہے جیسا کہ درج ذیل ہے:

صنف تعداد

مرد 09

خاتون 02

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر زمندر جہ ذیل ارکان پر مشتمل ہے:

اسائے گرامی	⁻ کیٹیگری
جناب على منير	آزا دڈائر یکٹرز
محترمه فاطمه اسدخان	
جناب محسن طارق	
محتر مه سعد به خان	
میاں محمد یونس(چیئر مین)	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر ز
جناب احمد ابوالرحيم محمد عبد الله بچيرى(وائس چيئرمين)	
جناب جمعه حسن على ابول	
جناب امتياز احمه پر ويز	
جناب عبدالله ابراتيم محمد القاسمي	
جناب عبد الله عبد العزيز على طالب	
جناب یوسف حسین(صدر و سی ای او)	ايگزيکٹو ڈائريکٹر

کاغذی کارر دائی کے بغیر آپریشنز

FBL, فعال طور پر گرین بیکنگ سر گرمیوں کے بارے میں آگاہی پیداکررہاہے جس میں ڈیجیٹل بیکنگ سر وسز اور ای اسٹیٹمنٹس کی رکنیت شامل ہے۔صار فین کو پیپر لیس طریقوں کے انتخاب سے متعلق قائل کرنے کے لیے برانچ ملاز مین، کسٹمر سر وس نما ئندوںاور دیگر ٹیم ارکان کو با قاعدہ تر بیت دی جاتی ہے۔

آپریشنز ادر مینٹی ننس میں توانائی کی بچت

توانائی کی افادیت بینک کے سپلائرز اور آلات کی تشخیص کے لیے ایک بنیادی پیائشی معیار بناہواہے۔ بینک کی جانب سے فیصل ہاڈس ، برح تمام شاخوں کے نیٹ ورک کو توانائی بچپانے والے آلات سے لیس کرنے کے اقدامات کیے گئے ہیں۔ FBL کے اہم مر اکز میں توانائی کے اخراجات کو کم کرنے کے لیے روایتی لائنگ کوامل ای ڈی لائنگ سے بدل دیاہے۔ بینک حتی طور پر اپنی مکار توں اور شاخوں کے لیے قابل تجدید توانائی کے حل کا بھی متلا شی ہے۔

ادارے کی ساجی ذمہ داری ، (CSR) معاشرے میں بہتری لانے کاعزم

صحت، تنوع اور سابق شمولیت جیسے تینوں اہم جز فیصل بینک کے کارپوریٹ سابق ذمہ داری پر و گر ام کے اولین اہد اف ہیں۔وقف فیصل ایک نان پر افٹ آر گنائزیشن (NPO) ہے اور FBL, CSR کے مقصد کی حمایت میں اسے با قاعدہ عطیات دیتا ہے۔وقف فیصل تعلیم، سابق بہبود،ماحولیات اور ہیلتھ کیئر کے شعبوں میں مصروف عمل معروف (NPO) کی معاونت کے لیے ان تک رسائی حاصل کر تا ہے۔بینک نے مالی سال 2023 میں وقف فیصل کو113 ملین روپے کی رقم دی بینک مستقکم اور ذمہ دار کاروباری طریقوں کوبر قرارر کھتے ہوئے معاشر سے پر مثبت اثرات ڈالنے والے اقد امات کے لیے پر عزم ہے۔

ہماری بہترین کار کر دگی کے لیے ایوارڈز

FBL کوپاکستان کی مینکس ایسوسی ایشن نے" بیٹ ایمر جنگ بینک" اور گلوبل اسلامک فنانس ایوارڈز کی جانب سے " بیٹ ایمر جنگ اسلامک بینک" قرار دیا گیا۔ بیر تمام اعزانات اور ایوارڈز ہمارے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز ، سینئر مینجمنٹ کی کاروباری اہلیت اور ہمارے ملازمین کی سخت محنت اور ثابت قدمی کامنہ بولتا ثبوت ہیں۔ بیہ ظاہر کر تاہے کہ FBL پاکستان کاممتاز اسلامی بینک بننے کے مقصد کو حاصل کرنے کی درست سمت کی طرف گامزن ہے۔

ڈ *یو یڈ*نڈ

بورڈ نے 31 دسمبر 2023 کو اختتام شدہ سال کے لیے فی حصص 2روپے کے فائنل کیش ڈیویڈنڈ کی سفارش کی ہے، اس سال کے لیے کل ڈیویڈنڈ فی حصص 4روپے تک پنچ گیا ہے۔ بورڈ اس سے قبل عبوری نقد منافع فی حصص 2روپ دے چکا ہے۔

پائیدار مستقبل کے لیے تیار

مستقبل کے مسائل پر قابوپانے کے پیش نظر، FBL چھی وفتار کے ساتھ بہترین پوزیشن سے 2024 میں نمایاں ہو گا۔ ہم جانتے ہیں کہ مزید سیاسی اورا قتصادی غیریقینی صور تحال اور مہنگائی کی جاری صور تحال کے ممکنہ اثرات ہم پر اور ہمارے صار فین پر پڑیں گے مگر ہم اپنی صلاحیتوں سے واقف ہیں اور پُراعتاد ہیں۔ ہماری مارکیٹ میں موجو دگی کو بڑھانے اور اپنے صار فین کی بہتر خد مت کے لیے ہم اپنی تمام سرمایہ کاری ہمارے نیٹ ورک کی ترقی کے جاری رہنے کاوعدہ کرتے ہیں۔ مزید میں کہ مزید بیک مالا میں مزید میں موجو دگی کو ڈپازٹ میں مسلسل اضافے، اور کسٹم سروس کے معیار کو مزید بہتر بنانے کے لیے کام جاری رکھے گا۔ براچ کے انفر ااسٹر کچر میں سرمایہ کاری کے میں جدید ڈیجیٹل حل

رسك مينجمنٹ فريم ورک

رسک مینجنٹ گروپ (RMG) کوچیف رسک آفیسر (CRO) کے تحت منظم کیا گیا ہے۔ CRO کو بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز (BoD) نے پورے بینک میں رسک مینجنٹ فریم ورک کونافذ کرنے کا افتیار دیا ہے۔ مالیاتی بیانات کانوٹ 44 رسک مینجنٹ فریم ورک کے بارے میں تفصیل فراہم کرتا ہے اور بینک کو در پیش بڑے خطرات اور غیریقینی صورتحال کے ساتھ ساتھ ان کے حل کے طریقوں پر بھی تبادلہ خیال کرتا ہے۔ معیشت کی موجودہ نازک حالت کو مد نظر رکھتے ہوئے، بینک نے با قاعد گی سے کمیٹی کے اجلاس منعقد کر کے اپنے میں تفصیل فراہم کرتا ہے اور بینک کو در پیش بڑے خطرات اور غیریقینی صورتحال کر ساتھ ان کے حل کے طریقوں پر بھی تبادلہ خیال کرتا ہے۔ معیشت کی موجودہ نازک حالت کو مد نظر رکھتے ہوئے، بینک نے با قاعد گی سے کمیٹی کے اجلاس منعقد کر کے اپنے کریڈٹ مینجنٹ کے طریقوں کو تقویت دینے اور اپنے پورٹ فولیو کا تیزی سے جائزہ لینا شروع کیا تا کہ سے معلوم کیا جاسے کہ تناؤ کے متغیر ات کا پریٹ پورٹ فولیو پر کی از

ماحولياتي ذمه داري

بینک نے ایک جام^{ع د}گرین بینکنگ پالیسی' تیار کی اور اس کونافذ کیا ہے۔ اس پالیسی کا مقصد بینک کے ملاز مین اور صار فین میں ماحولیاتی شعور کوبڑھانا ہے۔ یہ پالیسی درج ذیل اُمور پر مشتل ہے:

- ماحولیاتی رسک مینجنٹ فریم ورک کی بنیاد پر صار فین کے لیے مالیاتی سہولیات کی توسیع
 - بینک میں ماحول دوست پالیسیوں اور طریقوں کو اپنانے سے متعلق ہدایات
 - صار فین میں ماحول دوست طریقوں کی اہمیت سے منعلق بید اری پید اکر نا

ماحولياتي اورساجي رسك مينجهنث

FBL نے قرضہ لینے والے صارفین کے رسک کی درجہ بندی کرنے اور قرضہ کی فراہمی کے ماحولیاتی اور سابتی اثرات کا اندازہ لگانے کے لیے ،ماحولیاتی اور سابتی رسک مینجنٹ فریم ورک تیار کیاہے۔اس فریم ورک میں ماحولیاتی اور سابتی رسک رٹینگ (Environmental & Social Risk Rating (ESRR ماڈل کا نفاذ شامل ہے تا کہ ماحول پر حصول قرض کے اثرات کا اندازہ لگایا جاسکے۔مزید بر آل، بینک نے یہ فریم ورک مالیاتی تعلقات کے ماحول اور سانتی پر پڑنے والے اثرات کا جائزہ لینے کے لیے بھی تین اور سابتی ماحولیاتی اور سابتی اور سابتی اور میں مند فریم کیاہے۔

ماحولیاتی اور سماجی شعور

ماحولیاتی اور سابمی شعور کو بیدار کرنے کے لیے، نٹے طاز مین کے اور مینٹین پیک میں ایک تربیتی نقشہ شامل کیا گیاہے جو فیصل بینک کی گرین بینکنگ پالیسی کے تصور اور کلیدی ستونوں کی وضاحت کر تاہے۔ فیصل بینک میں شامل ہو نیوالے نئے ملاز مین کے لیے با قاعدہ ورچو کل ٹریننگز کا انعقاد کیا جاتا ہے۔ مزید یہ کہ، توانائی کے تحفظ اور اہمیت کے پیغام کی یاد دہانی کے لیے و قماً فو قماً اسکرین سیور نصب کیے جاتے ہیں۔ دوران سال، بینک نے سابری اور ماحولیاتی خطرات کے اہم تصوات سے متعلق صار فین میں شعور ہیدار کرنے کے لیے لعلیمی پر و گرام متعارف کرائے۔

- "انٹرنیٹ پینٹ گیٹ وے"، بزنسز کواِی کام اسپیس میں ترقی کرنے میں مد د دینے کے پیش نظر، فیصل بینک نے پینٹ گیٹ وے سر وسز کا آغاز کیا، جس سے ریٹیل بزنسز کو ڈیبٹ اور کریڈٹ کارڈ کی ادائیگیوں کو قبول کرنے کے قابل بنایا گیا، اس طرح کاروبار کی ترقی کا ایک نیاباب کھل گیا ہے۔
- " پوائٹ آف سیل (POS) مرچنٹ ایکوائرنگ"، ریٹیل اور ایس ایم ای بزنسز کے لیے قائم کر دہ پوائٹ آف سیلٹر مینلز ہیں جو کیش لیس ادائیگیوں کو قہول کرنے کے قابل بناتے ہیں اور ادائیگی کے ڈیجیٹائزیشن کے ریگولیٹر ی ایجنڈ بے کو فروغ دیتے ہیں۔
- '' ''ڈیجیٹل کیوسک''،اس سہولت سے سیف سر وڈیجیٹل تصور کو فروغ دینے ،صار فین کوبرانچ میں جانے اور کاؤنٹر پر انتظار کیے بغیرا پنی نفذر قم جمع کرانے کی اجازت حاصل ہے۔ یہ سروس بے حد کامیاب رہی ہے اور اس کے آغاز کے پہلے 6 مہینوں میں ان ڈیجیٹل کیوسک کے ذریعے 10 مبلین روپے سے زیادہ رقم جمع کرائی گئی۔
- "ATM'S" 700 سے زیادہ ATMS کے ساتھ، بینک نے اپنے فلیٹ کی تبدیلی اور جدت کا پر وگر ام شر وع کیا جس کے ذریعے بایو میٹر ک صلاحت والی جدید ترین مثینوں کو اپ گریڈ کیا گیااور سابق ذمہ داری کے پیش نظریہ تمام مشینیں بریل کی پیڈ کے ساتھ ساتھ نابیناافراد کے لیے"بات کرنے میں معاون" خصوصیت کے ساتھ پیش کی سکین۔

انسانی وسائل

IFBL اس بات میں یقین رکھتا ہے کہ ایک پائیدار، ترقی پند اور پید واری ادارہ بنانے میں پُر عزم ملاز مین بی کامیابی کی تنجی ہیں۔ FBLکام کی جگہ ایسا احول بنانے کے لیے پُر عزم ہے، جہاں تمام ملاز مین کی قدر اور لعظیم ہو، جہاں آئیڈیاز کی حوصلہ افزائی کی جاتی ہو، اختلافات کا خیر مقدم کیا جاتا ہو، کار پوریٹ اقد ار قائم رہیں، اور تنوع اور شمولیت کو سامنے لایا جائے۔ بینک کھلے روابط اور آراء کے ذریعے ملاز مین کی مصروفیت کی سطح کو بڑھانے، ٹیلنٹ کی افزائش، پر ورش اور فروغ دین، اور انعام والرا اور انتوع اور شمولیت کو سامنے لایا مسلسل کام کر رہا ہے۔ FBL اپنے ملاز مین کی مصروفیت کے اسکور میں مسلسل بہتر کی کو فخر ہیے طور پر چیش کر تاہے، جو

سال 2023 کے دوران، FBLنے کلاس روم اور ای لرنگ سیشنز کے ذریعے75,000 سے نائد شرکاء کے لیے تربیتی سیشن منعقد کر کے ملاز مین کے سکھنے اور ترقی کے لیے ایک مضبوط عزم کا مظاہر ہ کیا۔ تربیت کے ایسے سیشنز میں انڈ کشن ٹریڈنگ پر و گرام سے لے کر مخصوص کر دا روں سے متعلق تکنیکی تربیت، اسلامی بینکاری کی اہلیت کو بڑھانے، سیز اور سروس کی تبدیلی اور انتظامی اور قیادت کی ترقی کے سیشن بھی شامل تھے۔ اپنے ملاز مین کے لیے سیکھنے اور ترقی کے مور پر، بینک نے انسٹیٹیوٹ آف بزنس ایڈ منٹش لیٹن کے سیٹن سی منامل تھے۔ اپنے ملاز مین کے لیے سیکھنے اور ترقی کے مواقع کو میٹنک نے انسٹیٹیوٹ آف بزنس ایڈ منٹر یشن کے سیٹر ان اسلامک فنانس (CIEF-IBA) کے ساتھ پار ٹنر شپ کی۔ بیہ اشتر اک عمل اسلامک فنانس پر کیٹیشنر سر ٹیفیکیشن پرو گرام پیش کر تاہے، جو عملے کو اسلامی فنانس کے اور اور اس کر اپنے کے لیے تیار کیا گیا ہے۔

تنوع اور صنفی شمولیت کی ذمہ داری کے مطابق، FBL نے 2023 میں ''امل و مین لیڈر شپ ڈو یلپمنٹ پر و گرام'' متعارف کرایا۔ بید اقدام خاص طور پر بینک کے اندر 96 خواتین کی پیشہ درانہ ترتی کے لیے اٹھایا گیا ہے۔ امل لیڈر شپ پر و گرام نہ صرف اسٹر کچرڈ ڈرینگ فراہم کر تاہے بلکہ سنیئر قیادت کی مہارت سے فائدہ بھی اٹھا تاہے جو خواتین طاز مین کی موثر ہنمائی کرتے ہیں اور سینئر لیڈر شپ امور میں آگے بڑھنے کے لیے تیار کرتے ہیں۔ بینک کے کاروباری اہداف کے ایک ماحول کے ساتھ لیند یدہ آجر بنے کی خواہش رکھتا ہے، جو ہر سطح پر کیساں مواقع دینے والے کے طوپر خدمات انجام دیتا ہے۔ بینک کو 190 صنفی تنوع کے حصول پر فخر ہے، جو اسلامی بینکاری کی انڈسٹر میں سب سے زیادہ ہے۔ FBL نے 2025 تک 25% صنفی تنوع حاصل کرنے کا ایک پر عزم ہدف مقرر کیا ہے، جس میں ایک جامع اور متنوع افرادی قوت کو فروغ دینے کی خواہش رکھتا ہے، جو ہر سطح پر کیساں مواقع دینے والے کے طوپر خدمات انجام دیتا ہے۔ بینک کو 190 صنفی تنوع کے حصول پر فخر ہے، جو اسلامی بینکاری کی انڈ سٹر میں سب سے زیادہ ہے۔ FBL

ایک قومی مقصد کے طور پر، بینک نے برانچ نیٹ درک کی توسیع کے ذریعے روز گار کے مواقع پیدا کیے، افرادی قوت کو دسمبر 22 میں 8,011 سے بڑھا کر دسمبر 23 میں 8,787 کر دیا گیا ہے۔ پاکستان میں بینکنگ،ادار سرطابہ کاری کی سر گر میوں میں دلچیپی رکھنے والے غیر مقیم پاکستانیوں کی سہولت کے لیے، حکومت پاکستان اور اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی مشتر کہ کو حش کے طور پر روشن ڈیجیٹل اکاؤنٹ (RDA)متعارف کرایا گیا۔اس پرو گرام کو شاندار پذیرائی کی، نیتجناً، سوٹ میں ایک جامع پروڈ کٹ تیار ہوا جو جدید صارف دوست ڈیجیٹل بینکنگ حل پیش کر تاہے۔2023 کے دوران،روشن ڈیجیٹل اقدامات کے پورٹ فولیونے ڈپاز ٹس میں 7% اور فنانسنگ میں %1 اضافے کی نمایاں کار کر دگی دکھائی۔

ٹریژری

سال 2023 کے دوران ٹریژری نے FX کے کاروبار میں مضبوط کار کر دگی کا مظاہر ہ کیا اور اپنے گاہوں کو مسابقتی قیتوں کی پیٹکش سے FX کے جم میں اضافہ کرنے میں کا میاب رہاہے۔ موجو دہ مشکل کاروباری حالات اور شرح سود کے ماحول کو مد نظر رکھتے ہوئے حکومت پاکستان کے اجارہ سکو کزمیں سرمایہ کاری سے آمدنی بڑھانے کی کو شش کی گئی۔ بینک حکمت عملی کے تحت اپنے ایکویٹی پورٹ فولیو کو مناسب سطح پر لانے میں کا میاب رہا۔ ایکویٹ ٹریڈنگ ڈیسک نے تیزی سے بدلتے ہوئے معاش اور سیائی کا گھی کی کو شش کی گھی کا کارو فائدہ پنچپانے کے لیے اپنی مارکیٹ کی مہارت سے فائدہ اٹھایا۔

د یجیٹل بینکنگ گروپ

ڈیجیٹل طریقوں کی طرف سٹمر ٹرانزیکشن کے روپے میں ایک مضبوط تبدیلی نے بینک کو جدید ڈیجیٹل سلوشنز، پر دڈکٹس اور پایٹ فار مز کے سلسلے کو جاری رکھنے کے لیے ٹیکنالوجی میں بڑے پیانے پر سرمایہ کاری کرنے پر آمادہ کیاجس کا مقصد خود کو MostInnovativeIslamicBank کے طور پر تیار کرنا ہے۔ اس کے اہم عوامل میں ^{دو}گو گرین''فلسفہ شامل ہے، جو صارفین کو ڈیجیٹل چینلز کو اپنانے اور کاغذ پر مشتمل سامان اور ٹر انزیکشنز کے روایتی طریقوں پر انحصار کم کرنے پر توں کے مند کی مختل کو جاری رکھنے کے لیے ٹیکنالوجی میں گرین''فلسفہ شامل ہے، جو صارفین کو ڈیجیٹل چینلز کو اپنانے اور کاغذ پر مشتمل سامان اور ٹر انزیکشنز کے روایتی طریقوں پر انحصار کم کرنے کی تو جاری کے محصور پر تیار کرنا ہے۔ اس کے اہم عوامل میں ^{دو}گو اسپریڈ میں اب نہ صرف دیٹیل میںکنگ صار فین بلکہ کنزیو مر فنانس کسٹمر ز، مرچنٹس اور ایس ایم ای بھی شامل ہیں۔

2023 میں، بینک کی ڈیجیٹل وسعت میں 3 گنااضافہ ہوا، نتیج میں ڈیجیٹل سیسکر پشنز 0.4 ملین سے بڑھ کر25.1 ملین سے زیادہ ہو گئیں، یہ فیصل ڈیجیٹل موبا کل ایپ اور فیصل اسلامی واٹس ایپ بینکنگ کے ذریعے شاند ارٹر انزیکشنز کی وجہ سے ہوا۔

کور بیک انڈسٹر کی میں سب سے تیزی سے بڑھتے ہوئے موبائل MobileApp کور بیکنگ انڈسٹر کی میں سب سے تیزی سے بڑھتے ہوئ موبائل پلیٹ فار مز میں سے ایک ہے۔ ادائیگیوں کے لیے چچ پوائنٹس اور یوزکسیسز کوبڑھانے پر خصوصی توجہ دی گئی۔

فيصل بينك كي ڈيجيٹل يوزيشننگ

FBL نے2023 کی پوزیشننگ منصوبہ بندی کے ایک جسے کے طور پر، جدت اور تسٹر کے تجربات کی ڈیجیٹلائزیشن پر بھرپور توجہ دینے کے ساتھ ایک تبدیلی کی سوچی اپنائی ہے۔ اس سوچ سے فیصل بینک نے نہ صرف اسلامی بینکاری کی ڈیجیٹل قیادت کا موقف اختیار کیابلکہ پوری انڈسٹر کی کو بھی بڑے پیانے پر چینچ کیا۔ اس سلسلے کے نے اقد امات میں شامل ہیں:

- «فیصل ٹیپ اینڈ بے"، FBL کے صارفین کسی بھی مقامی یا بین الا قوامی پوائٹ آف سیل (POS) ٹرمینلز پر محض اپنے سارٹ فونز کو ٹیپ کرکے ادائیگی کر سکتے ہیں۔
- "واٹس ایپ ادائیگیاں"، FBL ڈیجیٹل صارفین کواپنے WhatsApp کے ذریعے مقامی اور بیر ونی رقوم کی منتقل کی اجازت دیتا ہے، اس کی بدولت سے انڈسٹر ی میں سب سے جدید اور ور سٹائل بینکنگ پلیٹ فار مزمیں سے ایک ہے۔واٹس ایپ بینکنگ کے ذریعے قربانی کی بکنگ کی سہولت بھی ہے۔

CBSME میں ہم اسال اور میڈیم انٹر پر ائزز کی ترقی کے لیے پر عزم ہیں۔ ہمارا نقطہ نظر خاص طور پر ایس ایم ای کلا تنٹس کی انفرادی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کے لیے ڈیزائن کیا گیا ہے، جس میں ہماری برانچیں ان کے ساتھ موثر تعلق اور مد د فراہم کرنے میں اہم کر دا رادا کر رہی ہیں۔ پورٹ فولیو کی ترقی کے پیش نظر، "بر ایچ لیڈ SME ماڈل "نے صار فین کے ساتھ بہتر تعلقات کے لیے ایک چینل فراہم کیا ہے، جو ذاتی نوعیت کا ہے اور بروقت رد عمل اور راجلہ آسان بنار ہا ہے۔

مزید براں، کمر شل بینکنگ ادر SME نے رسک مینجنٹ کے بہترین طریقوں کو کامیابی سے نافذ کیا تا کہ لون بک کے کریڈٹ کوالٹی کویقینی بنایا جائے۔ کریڈٹ کی مکمل جائی پڑتال، موثر نگرانی اور بروفت مداخلتوں کے ہمارے عزم نے ہمارے کریڈٹ پورٹ فولیو اور بالا تخربینک کی مجموعی مالیاتی صحت کی مضبوطی اور ایتخام کویقینی بنانے میں اہم کر دارادا کیا ہے۔



کارپوریٹ اور سرمایہ کاری بینکنگ گروپ سال بھر سر گرم رہااور تمام حصوں میں کٹی تاریخی سرمایہ کاری بینکنگ سودوں میں کامیابی کے کٹی سنگ میل کوانجام دیا۔ FBL نے قابل ذکر تعداد میں پر وجیکٹس اور سینڈیکیشنز کے لیے اقتطامات اور مشاورتی ہدایات کی قیادت کی۔ بینک نے انفر ااسٹر کچر، پاور ، ٹیلی کمیونی کیشنز وغیر ہ میں کامیابی سے گفت وشنید کی اور 35 بلین روپے سے زیادہ کے لین دین کے سودوں کی قیادت کی۔

CIBG نے ایک اور شاند ارسال مکمل کیا کیونکہ گروپ نے 2023 کے دوران کارپوریٹ فنانسنگ بک میں 28 فیصد اضافہ کیا۔CIBG نے ذمہ دارلینڈنگ پر توجہ مرکوزر کھی، اس طرح مجموعی طور پر پورٹ فولیو کی ترقی اور تنوع کوبر قرارر کھا۔ بینک نے کٹی" (NTB) ''New to Bank تعلقات بنائے جن میں مختلف نامور FMCGs، MNCs اور تامی طور پر بڑے گرو پس شامل ہیں۔ CIBG نے بینک کی بڑھتی ہو کی کار پوریٹ اور انوسٹمنٹ بینکنگ کی ضروریات، ٹرانزیشن بینکنگ پروڈکٹس، اسپیشلائزڈ پروڈکٹس اور غیر ملکی کر نسی اور مارکیٹ کے خطرات کو منظم کرنے میں مد دے لیے اسپیشلائزڈ پروڈکٹ کی فراہمی جاری رکھی۔ حجارتی پابندیوں کے باوجود، CIBG نے کامیابی کے ساتھ اپنے ایکسپورٹ بزنس کو 56 فیصد تک ترقی دی۔

2023 میں پاکستان میں ترسیلات زر پیچھلے سال سے تقریباً %12 کم ہو گئیں۔مارکیٹ میں کمی کے رجحان کے باوجود، FBL نے مارکیٹ میں مستحکم کار کر دگی کا مظاہر ہ کرتے ہوئے مارکیٹ شیئر کو 3 فیصد سے 5.4 فیصد تک پہنچایا۔ قابل ذکر بات سے ہے کہ،ٹر انزیکشن کی مقد ار میں 30 فیصد اضافہ دیکھا گیا۔ یہ نتیجہ ملکی مفاد میں تعاون کرنے کے ساتھ اپنے مقصد اور رویات کی پاسد ارک والے بینک کے عزم کا اظہار ہے۔ بینک نے جدید ترین ٹیکنالوجی اور انسانی و ساکل میں سرمایہ کاری رکھتے ہوئے بیر ون ملک رہائش پر پر پاکستانیوں اور ان کے متعلقین کو سہولت دینے کا دعدہ نبھایا اور ترسیلات زرکے آسان اور سہولت بھر سے طل کی سرمایہ کاری رکھتے ہوئے بیر ون ملک رہائش پذیر پاکستانیوں وصولی میں اضافہ یقینی ہو گا۔

كنزيومر بييكنك

کنز یومر بینکنگ نے ایک مشکل کاروباری ماحول میں بہتر نتائج کا مظاہر ہ کیا، ہیر ونی دباؤے باوجو دایک متحکم ترقی کی ر فتار جاری رکھی۔ مجموعی طور پر کنزیومر پورٹ فولیو %3 کی معمولی کمی ہے 44 بلین روپے پر بر قرار رہاجو منفی حالات میں بینک کے بہتر انتظامی اہلیت کا ثبوت ہے۔

کنزیوم بینکنگ کے اندرایک قابل ذکر کامیابی نور کارڈ کی پیش کش ہے، جو کنوینشل کریڈٹ انسٹر و منٹس کا ایک شرعی متبادل ہے۔2023 میں 54,000 شے صار فین کو اپن طرف متوجہ کرتے ہوئے یہ پروڈکٹ ایک ایم کامیابی ثابت ہوئی ہے۔کارڈ کی مقبولیت کا اندازہ لگانے کے لیے یہ کافی ہے کہ اخراجات میں اس کا حصہ %38 بڑھ گیا ہے جو 81 ارب روپے تک پیچن گیا ہے۔نور کارڈ کی کامیابی کاروباری اصولوں کے مطابق مالیاتی حل پیش کرنے کے بینک کے عزم کا واضح شوت ہے۔ FBL کی نیٹ فنانسنگ %27.8 بڑھ کر 581 بلین روپے ہو گئی اور ADR دسمبر 22 میں %58 سے کم ہو کر دسمبر 23 میں %57.0 ہو گئی۔ ڈپازٹس سے پید اہونے دالی لیکویڈیٹی کو سرمایہ کاری اور فنانسنگ میں لگایا گیا۔ سرمایہ کاری 25.6 فیصد اضافے کے ساتھ 590 بلین روپے تک پنچ گئی۔

بینک غیر معمول نتائج فراہم کرنے اوراپنے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے پائیدار ترقی جاری رکھنے کے لیے پر عزم ہے۔مضبوط بنیاد اور اپنی صلاحیتوں پریفین کے ساتھ انشاء اللہ ہم مستقبل میں نئی بلندیاں حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب ہوں گے۔

کاروباری جائزہ

اسلامك بينكنك پروڈكٹ ڈيوليمنٹ فنكشن

اسلامک بینکنگ پروڈکٹ ڈیولپنٹ فنکشن نے ایک اہم کر دار ادا کیا اور نہ صرف تمام تحکموں کو اپنے متعلقہ شعبوں کو شریعت کے مطابق آ پریشنزمیں تبدیل کرنے کے لیے مد د فراہم کی بلکہ اسلامی معلومات اور فہم کی سطح کو بلند کرنے کے لیے پاکستان بھر میں تربیتی پر و گر امز کے انعقاد میں بھی معاونت کی۔ جبکہ FBLاسٹاف کو اصل آڈینس رکھتے ہوئے، برانچز میں صار فین کے لیے آگاہی سیشنز کا انعقاد بھی کیا، غیر صار فین کو مساجد، جامعات وغیر ہ میں، اور تاج دوں، تاجر تنظیموں اور کارو پر یہ نظری میں تبدیل کرنے کے لیے مد د فراہم

سال کے دوران مختلف طبقات سے تعلق رکھنے والے مختلف صار فین کو شریعہ کمپلائنٹ اسٹر کچرز کے ذریعے خدمات فراہم کی گئیں۔ اس کے علاوہ، FBL نے مختلف انوسٹمنٹ بینکنگ ٹرانز نیشنز میں حصہ لیا در بطور شرعی ایڈ وائزر خدمات انجام دیں۔ پول مینجہنٹ ڈیپار ٹمنٹ پول مینجہنٹ سسٹم کوخود کاربنانے، کاروبار کی ابھرتی ہوئی ضروریات سے ہم آہنگی کو یقینی بنانے، شرعی اصولوں اور اسٹیٹ بینک کی ہدایات پر عمل کرنے کے لیے پر عزم رہا۔ جزل پولز کے لیے پول مینجہنٹ سسٹم کی کامیاب آٹو میشن کے سلسے میں ، بینک سے اسٹر کو خر بینکنگ انڈ سٹری کاپہلا خود کارریکل ٹائم ٹریژری ماڈیول برائے پول مینجہنٹ متھا میں عبور کیا۔

رىيىل بىيكىنگ

2023 کے دوران، مار کیٹ کے مختلف حصوں کی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کے لیے سوٹ میں کٹی نٹی مصنوعات شامل کی گئیں؛خوا تین کے لیے صحت کے فوائد، شاپنگ ڈ سکاؤنٹس، لاکر فی ڈ سکاؤنٹس، سیونگ / لین دین کی آسانی، جیسی سہولیات کے لیے ون اسٹاپ مالی حل کے ساتھ ایک برانڈ ڈاکاؤنٹ "امل" متعارف کرایا گیا۔ اس انو کھی تجویز نے کٹی نٹی خواتین کلا 'ننٹس کو 5.5 بلین روپ کے ڈپازٹ جم کے ساتھ نیٹ درک میں شامل کرنے میں مد د کی۔ مزید بر آن ، FBL نے سہولت کے ساتھ ایک کر نے مختلف خصوصیات کے حامل افراد کو سہولت دینے کے لیے تمام صوبوں میں 16 وقف شدہ و PWD برا نیز کا آغاز کیا۔

كمرشل بينكنگ ايند سال ميديم انثر پر انز (CBSME)

معاش بد حالی کے ماحول میں، لون بک کوبڑھانااور کریڈٹ کے معیار کوبر قرارر کھناانتہائی اہمیت کا حامل تھا۔''برانچ لیڈ SME ماڈل'' کو CBSME نے موکڑ طریقے سے اپنایا، جس کی وجہ سے 36% کی پورٹ فولیونمو؛اور 63 بلین روپے کے امتیازی سنگ میل کو عبور کر لیا۔

	2023	2022	نمو
قصان کا اکا وُنٹ	,	لي <u>ن</u> روپ	%
ينى	83,142	48,947	69.9
رنی تراجات	40,806	27,494	-48.4
یک د پر دویژ ن ^ز فع پر دویژ نز	42,336	21,453	97.3
גנניגינ	914	(940)	-197.2
يکس نشع	41,422	22,393	85.0
	21,376	11,160	-91.5
^{نفع}	20,046	11,233	78.5
ںآمدن(روپ _ب)	13.21	7.4	78.5

۲۰۲۳ میں مالیاتی برتری: استحکام کی علامت

بینک نے بہترین کار کردگی کے غیر متز لزل عزم کے ساتھ، شاندارمالی کار کردگی کا مظاہر ہ کیااور غیر معمولی ترقی حاصل کرنے میں کا میاب رہا۔ بہت ساری رکادٹوں کے باوجود، بینک نے مسلسل ایک مضبوط اور پائید ارادارہ ہونے کا ثبوت دیااور ایک ٹریلین روپ ڈپازٹس کا سنگ میل عبور کرنے کے لیے مشکلات کا مقابلہ کیا۔ بینک اب پاکستان میں اسلامی بینکاری کا ایک کلیدی ممبر ہونے کی پوزیشن میں ہے۔ انفرادی طور پر، FBL نے 41.4 بلین روپ کا قبل از ٹیکس ریکارڈ منافع حاصل کیا 88% زیادہ ہے۔ تاہم بعد از عمیک منافع (PAT) میں اضافہ، ضرورت سے زیادہ اور سابقہ شیکسز کے بوجھ سے 20 بلین روپ کے 109% زیادہ ہے۔ تاہم بعد از عمیک منافع (PAT) میں اضافہ، ضرورت سے زیادہ اور سابقہ شیکسز کے بوجھ سے 20 بلین روپ کے ساتھ کا مقابلہ کیا۔ 20.5 بلین روپ س

سال2023 کے دوران، بینک نے اپنی ترقی کی رفتار کو جاری رکھااور کل آمدنی میں2022 کے مقابلے میں %70 کا خاطر خواہ اضافہ کیا۔ بیکنس شیٹ میں شاندار ترقی اور اسپر یڈز میں اضافے سے سال بہ سال اعتبار سے خالص اسپریڈز %78 ترقی کے ساتھ 1.17 بلین روپے تک پینچ گئے۔ کرنٹ ڈپازٹس میں 49 ارب روپے کی صحت مند ترقی (1888) اور اوسط بینچی ارک کی شرح میں اضافے نے مجموعی اسپریڈ کو بہتر بنانے میں مدد کی۔نان فنڈ آمدنی میں پیچھے سال کے مقابلے میں 350 اضافہ ہوااور 2023 میں 12.1 روپے بلین روپے تک پینچ گئی۔

تاریخی مہنگائی کے موجودہ حالات، امریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں روپے کی قدر میں کمی اور برایخ نیٹ ورک میں اضافے سے، بینک کے کل اخراجات 2022 کے مقابلے میں 48.4 فیصد زیادہ رہے۔ تاہم، اخراجات اور آمدنی کی شرح2022 میں 56.2 فیصد سے بہتر ہو کر 2023 میں 49.1 فیصد ہوگئی۔2023 کے لیے خالص پر وویژن 2022 میں 0.9 ملین روپے ریور سل کے مقابلے میں 0.9 ملین روپے رہا۔ انفیکشن کا تناسب مسلسل کم ہو تارہا اور 3.8 فیصد کے ساتھ مجموعی کورین کا تناسب 87 فیصد رہا۔

شاندارڈپازٹ موبلائزیشن کے نتیج میں، FBL کوٹل اثاثے بڑھ کر 1.4 ٹریلین روپ ہو گئے ہیں۔ گزشتہ چند سالوں میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹس میں اضافے کار بحان دیکھاجارہا ہے ،جو دسمبر 22 کے مقابلے میں 18 فیصد اضافہ سے 326 بلین روپ تک پنچ گئے ہیں۔ مجموعی ڈپازٹس 1 ٹریلین روپ کے سنگ میل کو عبور کرچکے ہیں جو دسمبر 22 کے مقابلے میں 30.3 فیصد زیادہ ہیں۔ نیتجاً مارکیٹ شیئر %3.5 سے %3.7 ہو گیا ہے۔البتہ،ٹر م ڈپازٹس میں اضافے کی وجہ سے CASA مک کے ڈپازٹس 80.0% سے کم ہو کر %7.00 ہو گئے۔ گزشتہ کچھ مہینوں میں انڈیکس میں مسلسل اضافے کے ساتھ اسٹاک مارکیٹ نے غیر معمولی کارکر دگی دکھائی۔ KSE 100 انڈیکس نے مالی سال 23 کی دوسری ششمانی کے دوران PKR کے لحاظ سے %51 منافع (USD کے لحاظ سے %54) کمایا، اسی طرح اس مدت کے دوران بہترین کارکر دگی کا مظاہر ہ کرنے والی مارکیٹ کا عزاز بلومبر گ سے پایا۔

کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ مالی سال 2023 میں جولائی سے نومبر کے لیے گزشتہ سال اس مدت میں USD 3.3 بلین خسارے کے مقابلے میں USD 1.16 بلین رہا جوٹریڈ بیلنس میں بہتری کی عکامی کر تاہے۔ بر آمدات میں %5.0 اضافہ ہوااور پیچلے سال کی اسی مدت کے دوران 11.9 بلین امریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں USD 12.5 بلین تک پینچ گئیں۔ دلآ مدات میں 16.0 فیصد کی واقع ہوئی جو پیچلے سال کی اسی مدت کے دوران USD بلین کے مقابلے میں 21.5 بلین امریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں USD بلین تک پینچ گئیں۔ دلآ مدات میں 16.0 فیصد کی واقع ہوئی جو پیچلے سال کی اسی مدت کے دوران USD بلین کے مقابلے میں 21.5 تجارتی خسارہ گزشتہ سال 13.4 بلین امریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں 8.8 بلین امریکی ڈالر ریکارڈ کیا گیا۔ کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ میں بہتری کے باوجو دامریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں پاکستانی روپے کی شرح مبادلہ دبائو کا شکار ہی اور مالی سال 2023 کے دوران روپے کی قدر میں %24 تک کی واقع ہوئی۔

مستقبل قریب میں، موجودہ آئی ایم ایف پر و گرام کا جاری رہنا، نئے پر و گرام کے لیے بر وقت مذاکرات اور ملک میں عام انتخابات کرانا، ملکی اقتصادی بحالی کے لیے بہت اہمیت رکھتے ہیں۔

بینک کی کار کر دگی

الحمد للہ، سال 2023 بینک کے لیے ایک اہم سنگ میل ثابت ہوا کیونکہ FBL نے بطور اسلامی بینک پہلا سال کا میابی سے مکمل کیا ہے۔ بینک نے مالیاتی پروڈ کٹس اور سر وسز کو اسلامی اصولوں کے تحت پیش کرنے کے لیے انتقک محنت کی اورا س بات کو یقینی بنایا کہ وہ شریعت کے عین مطابق ہوں۔ اس تبدیلی سے نہ صرف ہماری بینکاری کا اصلوب بدلا ہے بلکہ ہمیں اپنی کمیو نٹی کے ساتھ مضبوط را بطے استوار کرنے کا موقع بھی ملا۔ وفاقی شرعی عد الت کے فصلے کے مطابق پاکتان کے مالیاتی ڈھانچ کو اسلامی فائم میں میں میں ہوں اس تبدیلی سے نہ صرف ہماری بینکاری کا اصلوب بدلا ہے بلکہ میں اپنی کمیو نٹی کے ساتھ مضبوط را بطے استوار کرنے کا موقع بھی ملا۔ وفاقی شرعی عد الت کے فیصلے کے مطابق پاکتان کے مالیاتی ڈھانچ کو اسلامی نظام میں تبدیل کرنے کے عزب

سال کے دوران، بورڈ نے ریگولیٹری ضروریات کی پیمیل سے مشروط 1 بلین روپے کے ابتدائی سرمایہ کی ادا ئیگی کے ساتھ ایک الیجینی تمپنی کے قیام کی منظوری دی ہے۔ یہ ایلیجینی تمپنی، لیتن فیصل اسلامی کر نسی الیمینی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹٹر FBL کا مکمل زیر ملکیتی ذیلی ادارہ ہو گا۔ بینک نے اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان سے "نو آنجیکشن سر ٹیفکیٹ" حاصل کرلیاہے اور SECP کی جانب سے 16 جنوری 2024 کو "سرٹیفکیٹ آف انکار پوریشن" بھی جاری کیا گیاہے۔

بینک کی کار کر دگی کا تفصیلی جائزہ مند رجہ ذیل ٹیبل میں درج ہے:

مالياتي جھلكياں:

2023	2022	
	بن روپے	
589,545	469,451	
580,711	454,261	
1,370,074	1,074,353	
1,018,276	781,571	

نمو %

25.6

27.8

27.5

30.3

دائر يكشر زكاجائزه

ان کنسولیڈیٹڈ مالیاتی گوشوارے برائے سال 2023

ہم بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے، فیصل بینک کمیٹڈ ("FBL" یا" بینک") کے ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ ، آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گو شواروں اور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ کے ساتھ پیش کرتے ہوئے اظہار مسرت کرتے ہیں۔

سمينى پروفائل

FBL کا قیام پاکستان میں 3 اکتوبر 1994 کوایک پبلک کمیٹڈ کمپنی کے طور پر عمل میں آیااور اس کے حصص پاکستان اسٹاک ایمیچنی میں مندرج ہیں۔ FBL صار فین کے تمام طبقات جیسے ریٹیل، چھوٹے اور متوسط درج کے کاروباری ادا رے، کمر شل،ایگر کی ہیںڈ اور کار پوریٹ کو بینکنگ خدمات کی ایک وسیچر بیٹی پیش کر تاہے۔

بینک نے اپنا کنونش بینکنگ لائسنس 31 دسمبر 2022 کو سرنڈر کیا اور کیم جنوری 2023 سے اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے جاری کر دہ اسلامی بینکنگ لائسنس کے تحت کام شروع کیا۔ بینک کی ملک بھر میں 270 شہر وں میں 722 شاخیں ہیں جو خالصتا شرعی اصولوں کے عین مطابق بینکاری خدمات فراہم کر رہی ہیں۔

ہولڈنگ تمپنی

اتمار بینک .B.S.C (کلوزڈ)،ایک بینکنگ ادارہ ہے جو مرکزی بینک آف بحرین کے ذریعے ریگولیٹ کیا جاتا ہے، یہ مرکزی سمینی ہے،جو فیصل بینک کمیٹڈیں بالواسطہ یابلاواسطہ 66.78% (2022: 66.78%) حصص کی حال ہے۔اتمار بینک .B.S.C (کلوزڈ) اتمار ہولڈ نگز .B.S.C کا ملکیتی ذیلی ادارہ ہے اوردا را کمال الاسلامی ٹرسٹ (DMIT)اتمار ہولڈ نگز .B.S.C کی ہولڈنگ سمینی ہے اور بنیادی طور پر بینک کی سر پر ست ہے۔ اسلامی قانون، اصولوں اورر وایت کے مطابق کاروباری اُمور کو سر انجام دینے کے مقصد سے تشکیل دیا گیا تھا۔

تازه ترین اقتصادی صور تحال

موجودہ عالمی اقتصادی ماحول ترقی کی امید کے ساتھ کاروبار میں اضافہ ،اعتماد اور مار کیٹ کی مثبت صور تحال پیش کررہا ہے۔ تاہم ، ترقی کی اس امید کوچین کی ست اقتصادیات ،عالمی طور پر مہنگائی میں اضافے ، سخت مالیاتی حالات اور جاری جغرافیائی اور سیاسی غیریقینی کی صور تحال جیسی مشکلات کا سامنا ہے۔

رئیل سیکٹر کے اندر، مختلف معاش شعبہ جات کی کار کر دگی مختلف تھی۔زر اعت کا شعبہ پیداواری اہداف کو پورا کرنے کے حوالے سے، خاص طور پر رئیٹ کے موسم میں گندم کی کاشت میں اہداف کے قریب پینچنے بہتر رہا۔ تاہم، لارج اسکیل مینوفیکچرنگ (LSM) کے شعبے میں پیچھلے سال کی اس مدت میں 7.1 فیصد کمی کے مقابلے میں جولائی سے اکتوبر 23 تک 0.4 فیصد کی معمولی کمی دیکھی گئی۔

اگرچہ سال 2023 کی دوسری ششاہی کے دوران، کنزیو مر پر انس انڈیکس (CPI) اوسطاً تقریباً 28.8 فیصدرہا، جو 2023 کی پہلی ششاہی میں %33.05 کے مقابلے میں کم ہے البتہ 2022 کی اسی مدت کے %25 کے مقابلے میں زیادہ ہے۔ گر دیثی قرضوں سے متعلق آئی ایم ایف کی ہدایات کے نتیجے میں بجلی کی قیتوں میں مسلسل اضافے کے سبب اس صور تحال کا سامنارہا۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے 5سے 7 فیصد مہنگائی کی شرح کے ہدف کو حاصل کرنے کے لیے مربوط مالیاتی اور مانیٹری پالیسیوں کی اشد ضرورت ہے۔

حومت کی مالیاتی کار کردگی اہداف کے مطابق رہی، ریوینو کے حصول میں خاطر خواہ اضافہ دیکھنے میں آیاجس نے بڑھتے ہوئے اخراجات کو پیچھے چھوڑ دیا۔ نیتجاً جولائی سے اکتوبر 23 تک مالیاتی خسارہ بی ڈی پی کے 80.0 سے کم رہا، جبکہ بنیادی سر پلس 1.42 ٹریلین روپے تک پہنچ گیا۔

مانیٹری پالیسی سمیٹی (MPC) نے اپنے گزشتہ چاراجلاسوں میں پالیسی ریٹ کو22 فیصد پر بر قرارر کھتے ہوئے، منتقبل قریب میں اس شدید مہنگائی میں کمی کی امید کا اظہار کیا۔ MPC کے تازہ اجلاس میں عہدیداروں نے رجائیت کا اظہار کیا کہ متحکم شرح مبادلہ، مجموعی طلب پر ضابطے،عالمی اجناس کی قیمتوں میں کمی اور معاون بیں افیکٹ سے مہنگائی میں کمی متوقع ہے،اس لیے سود کی حقیقی شرح12 ماہ کے اعتبار سے شبت رہی۔



Independent Auditor's Report To the members of Faysal Bank Limited Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Faysal Bank Limited (the Bank), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, along with unaudited certified returns received from the branches except for 27 branches which have been audited by us and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and unconsolidated cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at 31 December 2023 and of the profit, the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the Key Audit Matter:

S.No.	Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Provision against Islamic Financing & Related Assets:	
	(Refer note 6.5 & 11.5 to the unconsolidated financial statements)	



S.No.	Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	The Bank makes provision against Islamic financing and related assets on a time-based criteria that involves ensuring that all non-performing Islamic financing and related assets are classified in accordance with the criteria specified in the Prudential Regulations (PRs) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). In addition to the above time-based criteria, the PRs require a subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of borrowers to determine the classification of Islamic financing and related assets. The Bank has recognized a net charge for the year against Islamic financing and related assets amounting to Rs. 728.239 million in the unconsolidated profit and loss account. As at 31 December 2023, the Bank holds a provision of Rs. 20,050.262 million against Islamic financing and related assets. The determination of provision against Islamic financing and related assets based on the subjective criteria remains an area which involves use of judgement. Because of the significance and the volume of Islamic financing and related assets relative to the overall unconsolidated statement of financial position of the Bank, we considered the area of provision against Islamic financing and related assets as a key audit matter. Our audit procedures to verify provision against Islamic financing and related assets, amongst others, included the following:	 Our audit procedures to verify provision against Islamic financing and related assets, amongst others, included the following: Assessed the design and tested the operating effectiveness of key controls established by the Bank to identify loss events and for determining the extent of provisioning required against nonperforming loans. Based on our credit review exercise and for a risk-based sample of Islamic financing and related assets, where the management has not identified as indicators of impairment, challenge the management's assessment by comparing the historical performance, financial ratios and reports on security maintained with the expected future performance and form our own view whether any impairment indicators are present. Based on our credit review exercise, where the management has identified as displaying indicators of impairment, assess the number of days overdue and factors used for the calculation of provision in accordance with the Prudential Regulations. Analyze the days past due report and factors used for calculation of specific provision required in accordance with the SBP Prudential Regulations. For consumer Islamic financing and related asset, where management has not identified any displaying indicators of impairment, compare the general provision calculated with the provision required in accordance with the SBP Prudential Regulations.



Information Other than the Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Bank's Annual Report but does not include the unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, the requirements of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:
 - a) proper books of account have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and the returns referred above from the branches have been found adequate for the purpose of our audit;
 - b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and unconsolidated cash flow statement together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
 - c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were in accordance with the objects and powers of the Bank and the transactions of the Bank which have come to our notice have been within the powers of the Bank; and



- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.
- 2. We confirm that for the purpose of our audit we have covered more than sixty per cent of the total Islamic financing and related assets of the Bank.

Other Matter

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended 31 December 2022, were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those unconsolidated financial statements vide their audit report dated 3 March 2023.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Zeeshan Rashid.

Kehr de ur h

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Date: 13 February 2024

Karachi

UDIN: AR202310188E6lewymBV

Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2023

	Note	2023	2022	
		Rupees '000		
ASSETS				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	7	84,036,558	56,130,549	
Balances with other banks	8	1,812,399	2,785,035	
Due from financial institutions	9	-	9,815,098	
Investments	10	589,544,591	469,451,195	
Islamic financing and related assets - net	11	580,711,316	454,260,608	
Fixed assets	12	40,268,350	35,034,233	
Intangible assets	13	2,331,775	1,984,841	
Deferred tax assets		-	-	
Other assets	14	71,368,561	44,891,304	
		1,370,073,550	1,074,352,863	
LIABILITIES				
Bills payable	15	16,550,469	21,309,950	
Due to financial institutions	16	166,886,803	150,134,396	
Deposits and other accounts	17	1,018,275,737	781,570,730	
Sub-ordinated sukuk		-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities	18	4,907,208	694,025	
Other liabilities	19	73,254,972	50,560,351	
		1,279,875,189	1,004,269,452	
NET ASSETS		90,198,361	70,083,411	
REPRESENTED BY				
Share capital	20	15,176,965	15,176,965	
Reserves		15,616,188	11,675,968	
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax	21	15,151,071	10,648,814	
Unappropriated profit		44,254,137	32,581,664	
		90,198,361	70,083,411	
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	22			

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

22

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

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Ali flum

President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Unconsolidated Profit and Loss Account For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and other			
related assets, investments and placements	24	189,448,411	104,521,004
Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed	25	118,395,171	64,533,168
Net profit / return		71,053,240	39,987,836
OTHER INCOME			
Fee and commission income	26	8,517,530	6,875,621
Dividend income		334,064	572,216
Foreign exchange income		4,758,254	2,601,156
Income from derivatives		85,506	191,501
Loss on securities	27	(1,913,157)	(1,559,655)
Other income	28	306,588	278,542
Total other income		12,088,785	8,959,381
Total income		83,142,025	48,947,217
OTHER EXPENSES			
Operating expenses	29	39,800,799	26,995,314
Workers Welfare Fund		886,617	461,285
Other charges	30	119,148	37,349
Total other expenses		40,806,564	27,493,948
Profit before provisions		42,335,461	21,453,269
Provisions and write-offs - net	31	913,927	(940,031)
Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		41,421,534	22,393,300
Taxation	32	21,375,595	11,160,132
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		20,045,939	11,233,168
		Rup	ees
Basic / diluted earnings per share	33	13.21	7.40

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Ali flum

President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022	
	Rupees '000		
Profit after taxation for the year	20,045,939	11,233,168	
Other comprehensive income / (loss)			
Items that may be reclassified to the profit and loss account in subsequent periods:			
- Movement in surplus on revaluation of investments - net of tax	5,194,641	(1,957,211)	
Items that will not be reclassified to the profit and loss account in subsequent periods:			
 Remeasurement gain on defined benefit obligations - net of tax Movement in surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets - net of tax Movement in surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets - net of tax 	45,183 (157,112) (391,642) (503,571)	28,872 4,793,209 853,479 5,675,560	
Total comprehensive income for the year	24,737,009	14,951,517	

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

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Ali Hum

President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Reserves			Surplus / (deficit)						
		(Capital reserve	s			on	revaluation	of		
	Share capital	Share premium		Reserve arising on amal- gamation (note 6.1)	Statutory reserve (note 6.26)	Total	Invest- ments	Fixed assets / non- banking assets	Total	Unappro- priated profit	Total
	L		I		B	unees '00	0				
Balance as at January 1, 2022	15,176,965	10,131	325,418		12,253,682			6,949,984	7,061,583	30,971,591	65,823,322
Profit after taxation for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,233,168	11,233,168
Other comprehensive (loss) / income - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,957,211)	5,646,688	3,689,477	28,872	3,718,349
Total comprehensive (loss) / income	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,957,211)	5,646,688	3,689,477	11,262,040	14,951,517
Transfer from statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	(3,115,700)	(3,115,700)	-	-	-	3,115,700	-
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	2,246,634	2,246,634	-		-	(2,246,634)	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(97,269)	(97,269)	97,269	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets on disposal - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,977)	(4,977)	4,977	-
Amortisation of intangible assets - customer relationship - net of tax	-	-	(68,149)	-	-	(68,149)	-	-	-	-	(68,149)
Transaction with owners recorded directly in equity Final cash dividend declared on February 23, 2022 at Rs 1 per share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,517,100)	(1,517,100)
1st Interim cash dividend declared on August 25, 2022 at Rs 0.5 per share		-	-	-				-		(758,848)	(758,848)
2nd Interim cash dividend declared on October 27, 2022 at Rs 5.5 per share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,347,331)	(8,347,331)
Balance as at December 31, 2022	15,176,965	10,131	257,269	23,952	11,384,616	11,675,968	(1,845,612)	12,494,426	10,648,814	32,581,664	70,083,411
Profit after taxation for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,045,939	20,045,939
Other comprehensive income - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,194,641	(548,754)	4,645,887	45,183	4,691,070
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,194,641	(548,754)	4,645,887	20,091,122	24,737,009
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	4,009,188	4,009,188	-	-	-	(4,009,188)	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(143,630)	(143,630)	143,630	-
Amortisation of intangible assets - customer relationship - net of tax	-	-	(68,968)	-	-	(68,968)	-		-	-	(68,968)
Transaction with owners recorded directly in equity Final cash dividend declared on February 23, 2023 at Rs 1 per share			-		-	-				(1,517,697)	(1,517,697)
1st Interim cash dividend declared on August 24, 2023 at Rs 1 per share	-	-	-	-				-	-	(1,517,697)	(1,517,697)
2nd Interim cash dividend declared on October 26, 2023 at Rs 1 per share	-	-	-	-				-	-	(1,517,697)	(1,517,697)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	15,176,965	10,131	188,301	23,952	15,393,804	15,616,188	3,349,029	11,802,042	15,151,071	44,254,137	90,198,361
The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form a	an integral p	part of th	ese unconso	lidated f	inancial sta	tements.					

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President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Unconsolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Note	2023	2022	
		Rupees '000		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before taxation		41,421,534	22,393,300	
Less: dividend income		(334,064)	(572,216)	
		41,087,470	21,821,084	
Adjustments:				
Depreciation on owned fixed assets	12.2	2,145,014	1,482,964	
Amortisation of intangible assets	13.2	325,452	221,524	
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	12.2	1,923,327	1,627,911	
Depreciation on non-banking assets	14.1.1	4,643	4,965	
Workers Welfare Fund Provision / (reversals of provision) against financing - net	31	886,617 728,239	461,285 (457,485)	
Provision / (reversals of provision) for diminution in value of investments - net	31	549,892	(167,637)	
Provision / (reversals of provision) against other assets - net	31	2,326	(30,336)	
Provision / (reversals of provision) against off balance sheet obligations - net	31	3,597	(17,194)	
Impairment / (reversal of impairment) for non-banking assets	31	41,525	(12,596)	
Gain on sale of fixed assets - net	28	(22,088)	(52,758)	
Charge for defined benefit plan	29.2	264,900	225,554	
Income from derivative contracts - net		(85,506)	(191,501)	
Profit / return expensed - lease liability against right-of-use assets	25	1,528,718	1,260,134	
Bad debts written off directly	31	45,511	128,431	
		8,342,167	4,483,261	
Increase in operating assets		49,429,637	26,304,345	
Due from financial institutions		9,815,098	(9,815,098)	
Held-for-trading securities		-	12,266,465	
Financing		(127,224,458)	(57,636,192)	
Others assets (excluding advance taxation)		(27,094,919)	(17,958,647)	
		(144,504,279)	(73,143,472)	
Increase in operating liabilities				
Bills payable		(4,759,481)	7,187,049	
Due to financial institutions		16,286,174	39,827,589	
		236,705,007	137,481,422	
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		19,424,935 267,656,635	14,180,024	
Income tax paid		(20,826,483)	198,676,084 (10,268,784)	
Contribution to gratuity fund	36.6	(20,020,400) (98,287)	(10,200,704)	
Net cash generated from operating activities		151,657,223	141,352,231	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment in available for sale securities - net		(108,874,941)	(128,551,387)	
Investment in associates - net		(118,338)	(858,075)	
(Investment) / divestment in held to maturity securities - net		(1,845,371)	1,918,678	
Dividends received		334,064	572,216	
Investment in operating fixed assets		(7,013,659)	(3,326,857)	
Investment in intangible assets Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		(754,517) 60,659	(545,051) 81,067	
Net cash used in investing activities		(118,212,103)	(130,709,409)	
		(110,212,100)	(100,100,100)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment of lease liability against right-of-use assets		(2,512,566)	(2,459,020)	
Dividend paid		(4,465,414)	(10,419,105)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(6,977,980)	(12,878,125)	
Increases ((alcourses) in each and each equivalently devices the second		00 407 440	(0.005.000)	
Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	04	26,467,140	(2,235,303)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	34 34	57,253,408 83,720,548	59,488,711 57,253,408	
ouon and ouon equivalents at the end of the year	0.	00,720,040	01,200,400	

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

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President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

For the year ended December 31, 2023

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Faysal Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated in Pakistan on October 3, 1994 as a public limited company under the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017). Its shares are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank is engaged in Shariah compliant modern Corporate, Commercial and Consumer banking activities. The Bank is operating through 722 branches (December 31, 2022: 700) including 2 sub-branches (December 31, 2022: 2).

The Registered Office of the Bank is located at Faysal House, ST-02, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Ithmaar Bank B.S.C (closed), a fully owned subsidiary of Ithmaar Holdings B.S.C is the parent company of the Bank, holding directly and indirectly 66.78% (2022: 66.78%) of the shareholding of the Bank. Dar Al-Maal Al-Islami Trust (DMIT), (ultimate parent of the Bank) is the holding company of Ithmaar Holdings B.S.C.

- **1.2** The State Bank of Pakistan has issued the Islamic Banking License No. BL(i) 01 (2022) dated December 30, 2022 in the Bank's name, effective from January 1, 2023.
- 1.3 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) and VIS Credit Rating Company Limited have determined the Bank's long-term rating as 'AA' (December 31, 2022: 'AA') and the short term rating as 'A1+' (December 31, 2022: 'A1+') on June 23, 2023 and June 27, 2023 respectively.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

2.1 The Bank provides financing mainly through Murabaha, Musawammah, Istisna and other Islamic modes as briefly explained in note 6.5 to these financial statements.

The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these unconsolidated financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilized and the appropriate portion of profit thereon. The income on such financing is recognised in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah. However, income, if any, received which does not comply with the principles of Islamic Shariah is recognised as charity payable if so directed by the Shariah Board of the Bank.

- 2.2 The Bank has controlling interest in Faysal Asset Management Limited (FAML) and is required to prepare consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017. These financial statements represent the unconsolidated results of the Bank and a separate set of consolidated financial statements is also being presented by the Bank.
- 2.3 During the year, the Board has approved the establishment of an exchange company with an initial paid-up capital of PKR 1 billion subject to the completion of regulatory requirements. The exchange company, namely Faysal Islami Currency Exchange Company (Private) Limited shall be a wholly owned subsidiary of FBL. The Bank has received the "No Objection Certificate" from SBP and the "Certificate of Incorporation" was issued by SECP on January 16, 2024.

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- **3.1** These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for financial reporting comprise of:
 - International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017; and
 - Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS, the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives shall prevail.

- 3.2 As per the directive of the SBP through its letter BPRD (R&P-02)/625-99/2011/3744 dated March 28, 2011, gain arising on bargain purchase of Pakistan operations of Royal Bank of Scotland (ex-RBS Pakistan) was credited directly into equity as Non-distributable Capital Reserve (NCR). The SBP allowed the Bank to adjust the amortisation of intangible assets against the portion of reserve which arose on account of such assets identified as a result of such acquisition. Accordingly, during the year ended December 31, 2023, the Bank has adjusted an amortisation of intangible assets net of tax amounting to Rs. 68.968 million (2022: Rs. 68.1 million) from the NCR.
- **3.3** The SBP vide its BPRD Circular No. 04 dated February 25, 2015 has clarified that the reporting requirements of IFAS-3, 'Profit and loss sharing on deposits' for Institutions offering Islamic Financial Services (IIFS) relating to annual, half yearly and quarterly financial statements would be notified by the SBP through issuance of specific instructions and uniform disclosure formats in consultation with IIFS. These reporting requirements have not been notified to date. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements under IFAS-3 have not been considered in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 3.4 The SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, 'Investment property' for Banking Companies through BSD Circular Letter No. 10 dated August 26, 2002 till further instructions. Further, the SECP has also deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7, 'Financial instruments: disclosures' through its S.R.O. 633(I)/2014 dated July 10, 2014. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **3.5** The SECP through S.R.O. 56(1)/2016 dated January 28, 2016, has directed that the requirements of IFRS 10, 'Consolidated financial statements' are not applicable in case of investments by companies in mutual funds established under Trust Deed structure. Accordingly, implications of IFRS 10 in respect of investment in mutual funds are not considered in these unconsolidated financial statements.

3.6 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year:

The Bank has adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) from January 1, 2023. These amendments neither resulted in any changes to the accounting policies nor impacted the accounting policies' information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant', accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

The information disclosed in Note 6 material accounting policies has been assessed to be in line with the amendments.

There are certain other new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on January 1, 2023 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and are therefore not detailed in these unconsolidated financial statements.

3.7 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective:

3.7.1 The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the accounting and reporting standards would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standards, amendments or interpretations:

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Standards, interpretations or amendments

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments
- Amendment to IFRS 16 Leases on sale and leaseback
- Amendments to IAS 1- Non current liabilities with covenants
- Amendment to IAS 7 and IFRS 7- Supplier finance
- Amendments to IAS 21- Lack of Exchangeability

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

January 1, 2024 January 1, 2024 January 1, 2024 January 1, 2024 January 1, 2025

The management has assessed and concluded that these standards and amendments are not likely to have an impact on the financial statements of the Bank, except IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments. The impact of IFRS 9 is as follows:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

As directed by SBP via BPRD Circular Letter No. 7 of 2023, IFRS 9 Financial Instruments is effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. SBP via its BPRD Circular No. 03 of 2022 has provided detailed instructions on implementation of IFRS 9 including some exceptions and additional requirements for ensuring smooth and consistent implementation of the standard across banks.

The Bank will adopt IFRS 9 in its entirety effective January 1, 2024, with modified retrospective approach for restatement. The actual impact of adopting IFRS 9 on the Bank's financial statements in the year 2023 may not be accurately estimated because it will be dependent on the financial instruments that the Bank would hold during next year and economic conditions at that time as well as accounting elections and judgements that it will make in future. Nevertheless, the Bank has performed a preliminary assessment of the potential impact of adoption of IFRS 9 based on its statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023.

Classification and measurement

Under the new standard, classification and measurement of financial assets depends on how these are managed based on business model and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets that do not meet the Solely Payment of Principal and Interest (SPPI) criteria are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss regardless of the business model in which they are held. The Bank's business model in which financial assets are held will determine whether the financial assets are to be measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL'). The Bank has analyzed the impact of initial application of IFRS 9 on its financial assets as follows:

Equity Securities

Equity instruments are generally measured as FVTPL unless the Bank elects for FVOCI at initial recognition.

For equity shares held as available-for-sale (AFS) with surplus / deficit recorded in OCI, the Bank may elect these equity shares as FVOCI. However, in accordance with IFRS 9 requirements, fair value gain or losses recognised in OCI will not be recycled to profit and loss account on derecognition of these securities.

For those equity shares currently held as AFS with gains and losses recorded in OCI for which FVOCI election is not made, will be measured at FVTPL. The surplus / deficit related to these securities currently presented in equity, will be reclassified to retained earnings, with no impact on overall equity with respect to such classification.

Unquoted equity securities are required to be measured at fair value under IFRS 9. Currently, the Bank is assessing methods to determine the fair value of these securities.

Debt securities and Islamic financing and related assets

Those debt securities that are currently classified as AFS and pass the Solely Payment of Principal and Interest (SPPI) test, are expected to be measured at FVOCI under IFRS 9 as the Bank's business model is to hold the assets to collect contractual cash flows and sell those investment. Debt securities currently classified as HTM and pass the SPPI test are expected to be measured at amortised cost under IFRS 9 as the Bank's business model is to hold the assets to collect contractual cash flows.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Certain debt instruments that do not meet the SPPI criteria shall be measured at FVPL regardless of the business model in which they are held.

For certain debt securities which are currently classified as AFS and the Bank has decided to designate the same under the Held to Collect Business Model with the intention to collect the future cash flows on initial recognition as permitted under the standard, the mark to market gain/(loss) pertaining to these securities will be reversed from the Surplus/deficit and adjusted against the book value of securities at initial recognition.

Impairment

The impairment requirements apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI (other than equity instruments), lease receivables, and certain financing commitments and financial guarantee contracts. At initial recognition, an impairment allowance (or provision in the case of commitments and guarantees) is required for expected credit losses ('ECL') resulting from default events that are possible within the next 12 months ('12-month ECL'). In the event of a significant increase in credit risk, a provision is required for ECL resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument ('lifetime ECL').

Financial assets where 12-month ECL is recognized are in 'stage 1'; financial assets that are considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk are in 'stage 2'; and financial assets for which there is objective evidence of impairment, so are considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired, are in 'stage 3'.

Based on the requirements of IFRS 9 and SBP's IFRS 9 application instructions, the Bank has performed an ECL assessment considering the following key elements:

- PD: The probability that a counterparty will default over the next 12 months from the reporting date (12-month ECL, Stage1) or over the lifetime of the product (lifetime ECL, Stage 2).
- EAD: The expected balance sheet exposure at the time of default, incorporating expectations on drawdowns, amortization,pre-payments and forward-looking information where relevant.
- LGD: An estimate of the loss incurred on a facility upon default by a customer. LGD is calculated as the difference between contractual cash flows due and those that the Bank expects to receive, including from the liquidation of any form of collateral. It is expressed as a percentage of the exposure outstanding on the date of classification of an obligor.

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

A SICR is assessed in the context of an increase in the risk of a default occurring over the life of the financial instrument when compared to that expected at the time of initial recognition. It is not assessed in the context of an increase in the ECL. The Bank uses several qualitative and quantitative measures in assessing SICR. Quantitative measures relate to deterioration of Obligor Risk Ratings (ORR) or where principal and / or profit payments are 60 days or more past due. Qualitative factors include unavailability of financial information and pending litigations.

Presentation and disclosure

IFRS 7 also introduces expanded disclosure requirements and changes in presentation which will be incorporated as per the SBP's revised format.

The SBP vide BPRD Circular No 02 of 2023 dated February 9, 2023 has issued revised formats for annual as well as interim financial statements of Banks for the accounting periods starting from January 1, 2024, which include the presentation and disclosures of adoption of IFRS 9 as applicable in Pakistan.

Impact of adoption of IFRS 9

The total estimated adjustment (net of tax) of the adoption of IFRS 9 on the opening balance of the Bank's equity at January 1, 2024 is a decrease of approximately Rs. 3,555 million (net of tax) related to impairment requirements. There is no other impact except for impairment impact due to adoption of IFRS 9.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

The Bank continues to refine its expected credit loss model and embed its operational processes which may change the actual impact on adoption.

To mitigate the impact of expected credit loss (ECL) models on capital, SBP has allowed a transitional arrangement for the impact on regulatory capital from the application of ECL accounting over a period of 5 years.

The Bank has adopted a governance framework under which the Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee (BACGC) is tasked with overseeing the implementation of IFRS 9. The relevant departments i.e. Risk, Finance, Operations, and IT functions takes the ownership of their respective tasks. The Bank's Risk Management Division has developed Models/ methodologies for calculating PD, LGD, EAD and Credit Conversion Factors (CCF) and finance performs the ECL calculation. These models will be validated as per bank's policy.

3.7.2 As required under SBP Letter No. BPRD/LD-01/850/28853/2022-13054, the details of the net conventional funded portfolio as at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Note	Rupees in '000
Assets Investments Financing - net		1,643,536 905,061
Liabilities		
Due to financial institutions	16	230
Deposits and other accounts		3,714,453
Other Liabilities	19	1,657,226

All efforts are being put in to convert or dispose-off the residual portfolio and appropriate monitoring mechanisms are in place. Quarterly progress report on the status of the residual portfolio is shared with the Bank's Board of Directors, the Shariah Board and the State Bank of Pakistan.

3.7.3 Profitability from residual (ring-fenced) non-shariah compliant portfolio

In compliance with the principles of Shariah, the Shariah Board of the Bank has approved the "Conventional profitability cleansing framework" ('the Framework'). According to the Framework, any income accruing on the ring-fenced portfolio during the year, net-off attributable expenses and charges, is booked as charity payable under other liabilities. The conventional profitability is calculated in light of Shariah principles, the guidance of the Shariah Board and the understanding available as at the computation date, changes, if any, may be adjusted retrospectively.

4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain fixed assets and non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims which have been carried at revalued amounts, certain investments and derivative contracts which have been marked to market and are carried at fair value, obligations in respect of staff retirement benefits and lease liabilities which have been carried at present value and right-of-use assets which are initially measured at an amount equal to the corresponding lease liabilities (adjusted for any lease payments and costs as disclosed in details in note 6.24 to these unconsolidated financial statements) and depreciated over the respective lease terms.

4.1 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgments in application of its accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgments were made by the management in the application of the accounting policies are as follows:

- i) Business combinations (note 6.1);
- ii) Classification of investments (note 6.4 and 10);
- iii) Valuation and impairment of investment, associates and joint venture (note 6.4 and 10);
- iv) Provision against financing (notes 6.5 and 11);
- v) Valuation and depreciation of fixed assets (note 6.6 and 12);
- vi) Valuation and amortisation of intangible assets (note 6.6 and 13);
- vii) Taxation (note 6.8);
- viii) Valuation of non-banking asset acquired in satisfaction of claims (note 6.9 and 14);
- ix) Valuation of defined benefit plan (note 6.11 and 36);
- x) Acceptances (note 6.19);
- xi) Fair value of wa'ad / promissory contracts (note 6.20 and 23); and
- xii) Valuation and depreciation of right-of-use assets and their related lease liability (note 6.24, 12.2).

5 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

- **5.1** Items included in these unconsolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates. These unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.
- 5.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees unless otherwise stated.

6 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORTMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements are set out below. Further, accounting policies related to material class of accounts doesn't necessarily means it is material. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

6.1 Business Combination

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. The cost of acquisition is measured as the fair value of assets given, equity instruments issued and the liabilities incurred or assumed as at the date of acquisition. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, if any. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values as at the acquisition date. The excess of the consideration transferred over the fair value of the Bank's share of identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the unconsolidated profit and loss account. However, as more fully described in note 13.3 to these unconsolidated financial statements, the gain on bargain purchase arising on an acquisition made in 2010 has been recognised directly in equity as per the directives of the SBP.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is measured, subsequent to initial recognition, at its cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is tested for impairment annually or whenever there is an indication of impairment as per the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 36, 'Impairment of assets'. Impairment charge in respect of goodwill is recognised in the unconsolidated profit and loss account and is not subsequently reversed.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Acquisition of non-controlling interests (NCI) is measured at the proportionate share of the NCI in the fair value of the net assets acquired by the Bank. The excess of the fair value of consideration transferred over the proportionate share of the NCI in the fair value of the net assets acquired is recognised in equity. (Referring to the 'Reserve arising on amalgamation').

6.2 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks in current and deposit accounts and overdrawn nostro accounts.

6.3 Due to / Due from financial institutions

(a) Musharaka / Mudaraba placements

In Musharaka / Mudaraba, the Bank (or the counterparty financial institution/ the SBP) invests in the Shari'ah compliant business pools of the counterparty financial institutions/ the SBP (or the Bank) at the agreed profit and loss sharing ratio under musharaka agreements.

(b) Bai Muajjal

In Bai Muajjal, the Bank sells Shari'ah compliant instruments on credit to other financial institutions. The credit price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period. The difference between the sale and the credit price is recognised over the credit period and recorded as income. Bai Muajjal with Federal Government is classified as investment.

(c) Musharaka from the SBP under IERS

Under IERS, the Bank accepts funds from the SBP under Shirkat-ul-aqd to constitute a pool for investment in export refinance portfolio of the Bank under the guidelines issued by the SBP. The profit of the pool is shared as per the agreed weightages between the partners.

(d) Mudaraba investment from the SBP under various long term Islamic refinance schemes

Under various long term Islamic refinance schemes of the SBP, the Bank accepts funds from the SBP which are received on Mudaraba basis for investment in general pool of the Bank. The profit of the pool is shared as per the announced profit sharing ratio of the pool and the weightages assigned to these investments.

6.3.1 These are initially recognised at amount of funds disbursed / accepted (in case of Bai Muajjal, at sale price of the Sukuk net of deferred profit) and subsequently measured at amount receivable / payable under the contractual terms of the underlying agreement (in case of Bai Muajjal, at sale price of the Sukuk net of remaining deferred profit at reporting date, if any).

6.4 Investments

6.4.1 Classification

The Bank classifies its investments as follows:

(a) Held for trading

These are securities, which are either acquired for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in market prices, yield rate movements, or dealer's margin or are securities included in the portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit making exists.

(b) Held to maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and maturity that the Bank has a positive intent and ability to hold to maturity.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(c) Available for sale

These are investments, other than those, in associates and subsidiaries, that do not fall under either held for trading or held to maturity categories.

(d) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Bank has significant influence, but not control. Certain mutual funds are managed by Subsidiary Company of the Bank and hence, the Bank has significant influence over such funds and therefore, investment in these mutual funds are considered as investment in associates in these unconsolidated financial statements.

(e) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Bank has control.

6.4.2 Initial recognition and measurement

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by the regulations or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investment.

Investments other than those classified as held for trading are initially recognised at fair value which includes transaction costs associated with the investments. Investments classified as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs associated with the transactions are expensed through the profit and loss account.

Premium or discount on acquisition of investments is amortised through the profit and loss account over the remaining period till maturity using the effective interest method.

6.4.3 Subsequent measurement

Held for trading

These are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Any unrealised surplus / deficit arising on revaluation is taken into profit and loss account.

Held to maturity

These are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment recognised to reflect irrecoverable amounts.

Available for sale

Quoted securities classified as available for sale investments are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Any surplus or deficit arising thereon is kept in a separate account shown in the statement of financial position within equity and is taken to the profit and loss account when realised upon disposal or when the investments are considered to be impaired.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. The break-up value of these securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements. The Bank may also use unaudited or management accounts to determine if any additional impairment needs to be charged beyond amounts already changed based on audited financial statements. Investments in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment, if any.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Associates and subsidiaries

Investment in associates and subsidiaries are recorded at cost less accumulated impairment, if any.

The carrying amount of associates and subsidiaries are tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in note 6.4.4 to these financial statements.

6.4.4 Impairment

Available for sale and held to maturity investments

Impairment loss in respect of investments classified as available for sale and held to maturity is recognised based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of a listed equity investment below its cost is also considered an objective evidence of impairment. The determination of significant or prolonged decline requires judgement.

Provision for diminution in the value of term finance certificates and sukuk certificates is made as per the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. In case of impairment of available for sale securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised in surplus / deficit on revaluation of securities on the statement of financial position within equity is removed therefrom and recognised in the profit and loss account.

Investment in associate

In respect of investment in associates, the Bank reviews their carrying values at each reporting date to assess whether there is an indication of impairment. The amount of impairment loss would be determined based on the higher of values in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

6.5 Islamic financing and related assets

6.5.1 Financing is stated net of specific and general provisions. Specific provision for financing is made in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by the SBP which is based on the time based criteria and subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of the borrowers. The amount of provision is charged to the profit and loss account. The amount of general provision is determined in accordance with the relevant regulations and the management's judgment as explained in note 11.5.1 to these financial statements. Financing is written off in accordance with Bank policy by extinguishing them against the provision held. These write-offs do not, in any way, prejudice the Bank's right of recovery from these customers. The Bank offers various Islamic financing products the details of which are as follows:

(a) Murabaha

In Murabaha transactions, the Bank purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer on cost plus profit basis either in a spot or credit transaction.

(b) Diminishing Musharaka

It is a form of Partnership in which the bank and the customers create co-ownership in the assets by purchasing it jointly. The bank then rent out its share of the assets to the customer. Beside the payment of the rentals, customers also purchase the assets from the bank in installments. Hence at the end of the tenure, customer become sole owner of the assets.

(c) Running Musharaka

In Running Musharakah financing, the Bank will enter into financing with the customer based on Shirkat-ul-Aqd (Business Partnership) in the customer's operating business. Under this mechanism the customer can withdraw and return funds to the Bank subject to its Running Musharakah Financing limit during the Musharakah period. At the end of each quarter / period the customer pays the provisional profit as per the desired profit rate which is subject to final settlement based on the relevant quarterly / half yearly / annual audited accounts of the customer.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(d) Ijarah

ljarah is a contract whereby the owner of an asset (other than consumables) transfers its usufruct to another person for an agreed period and for an agreed consideration.

ljarah assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged from the date of recognition of ijarah assets on a straight line basis over the period of Ijarah. Impairment of Ijarah assets is determined on the same basis as that of operating fixed assets.

Ijarah rental income is recognised on an accrual basis as and when the rental becomes due. Impairment of ijarah rental is determined in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by the SBP from time to time and charged to the profit and loss account.

In Service Ijarah financing, the Bank provides financing by acquiring certain agreed services from the customer. After the purchase of services, the Bank appoints the customer to sell these services in the market over a period and provide a sale confirmation of such sale. The profit is only accrued from the date of receipt of such confirmation.

(e) Istisna

Istisna is a mode of sale at an agreed price, whereby the buyer places an order to or cause to manufacture, assemble or construct anything to be delivered at a future date.

The funds disbursed under Istisna are recorded as 'Advance against Istisna'. On execution of goods receiving note and receipt of manufactured goods, the same are recorded in the statement of financial position as inventories of the Bank at cost price and after sale of goods by customer to its ultimate buyers, Istisna financing is recognised.

(f) Musawamah

In Musawamah financing, the Bank purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to customer either in spot or credit transaction, without disclosing the cost.

(g) Salam / Bai Salam

Salam / Bai Salam is a sale transaction where the seller undertakes to supply some specific goods to the buyer at a future date against an advance price fully paid on spot.

The funds disbursed under Salam / Bai Salam are recorded as advances against Salam / Bai Salam. On execution of goods receiving note and receipt of Salam / Bai Salam goods, the same are recorded in the statement of financial position as inventories of the Bank at cost price and after the sale of goods by customer to its ultimate buyers, Salam / Bai Salam financing is recognised.

(h) Tijarah

Tijarah is a financing mode under which Bank purchases finished goods from the customer / seller against spot payment and delivery. Thereafter, the Bank appoints customer as an agent to sell the Tijarah goods in the market.

The funds disbursed under Tijarah are recorded as advances against Tijarah. On execution of goods receiving note and receipt of Tijarah goods, the same are recorded in the statement of financial position as inventories of the Bank at cost price and after the sale of goods by customer to its ultimate buyers, Tijarah financing is recognised.

(I) Tawarruq

Tawarruq means "to sell a commodity at spot after its purchase on deferred basis to the party other than from whom it was purchased."

In practice "Tawarruq is an arrangement in which bank sells a commodity at a higher price from its market value to the Customer on deferred payment at cost plus profit. The customer, then sells the commodity to a third party on cash with a purpose of having access to liquidity".

For the year ended December 31, 2023

6.5.2 Net investment in finance lease

Leases where the Bank transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset are classified as finance lease. A receivable is recognised on the commencement of lease term at an amount equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, including guaranteed residual value, if any. Unearned finance income is recognised over the term of the lease, so as to produce a constant periodic return on the outstanding net investment in lease. Specific and general provisions for net investment in finance lease are made in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by the SBP and charged to the profit and loss account.

6.6 Fixed assets and depreciation

(a) Tangible assets

Operating fixed assets other than land and buildings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Buildings are carried at revalued amount less any accumulated depreciation and subsequent impairment losses, if any. Land is carried at revalued amount less any subsequent impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation on operating fixed assets (excluding land which is not depreciated) is charged using the straight line method in accordance with the rates specified in note 12.2 to these financial statements after taking into account residual value, if significant. The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if required, at each reporting date. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the assets are available for use. No depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amounts or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenditures are charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account as and when incurred.

Land and buildings are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that the net carrying amount does not differ materially from their fair value.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains / losses on disposal of fixed assets, if any, are taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which these arise except that the related surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred taxation) is transferred directly to unappropriated profit.

Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of associated deferred tax) to the extent of the incremental depreciation charged on the related assets is transferred to unappropriated profit.

(b) Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets become available for use.

(c) Intangible assets

Intangible assets having definite lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The intangible assets include directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the intangible asset. Amortisation, except for customer relationship, is charged by applying the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets. Amortisation is calculated so as to write-off the assets over their expected economic lives at rates specified in note 13 to these unconsolidated financial statements. Amortisation is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use. No amortisation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed of. The intangible asset comprising customer relationship is being amortised over the life expectancy of the deposits. The residual values and useful lives of intangible assets are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amounts or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets having an indefinite useful life are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Gains and losses on disposals, if any, are taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which these arise.

6.7 Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each reporting date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount, except in the case of an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or an intangible asset not yet available for use and goodwill acquired in a business combination for which impairment is tested annually irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the profit and loss account except for impairment loss on revalued assets, which is adjusted against related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of asset.

An impairment loss is reversed except for impairment loss relating to goodwill, if there has been a change in the estimate used to determine the recoverable amount. Such reversals are only made to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been recognised.

6.8 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year. Tax charge for the current year is determined in accordance with the prevailing laws for taxation. The charge for the current tax is calculated using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Prior

The charge / reversals for prior years represent adjustments to the tax charge / reversals for prior years, arising from assessments, changes in estimates, and retrospectively applied changes to the law, made during the current year.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Bank also records deferred tax asset on available tax losses. Deferred tax is calculated using the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

6.9 Assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. These assets are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that their net carrying values do not differ materially from their fair values. Legal fee, transfer costs and direct costs of acquiring title to the non-banking assets are charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account and these are not capitalised as part of non-banking assets. A surplus arising on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of assets' account. Any deficit arising on revaluation is first set off against the surplus account for that particular non-banking assets, if any, or if no surplus exists, is charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account. These assets are disclosed in other assets as specified by the SBP.

Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets (net of associated deferred tax) to the extent of the incremental depreciation charged on the related assets is transferred to unappropriated profit.

6.10 Provisions and contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Bank has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent assets are not recognised and are also not disclosed unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent liabilities are not recognised and are disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

6.11 Staff retirement benefits

a) Defined contribution plan

The Bank operates a contributory provident fund for all its permanent employees to which equal monthly contributions at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary are made both by the Bank and the employees.

b) Defined benefit scheme

The Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its permanent eligible employees and eligible employees who are on contractual service and are employed under non-management cadre. Contributions to the fund are made on the basis of actuarial recommendations.

The Bank's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

Projected Unit Credit Method is used for the actuarial valuation.

Amounts arising as a result of "Remeasurements", representing the actuarial gains and losses and the differences between the actual investment returns and the return implied by the net return expense are recognised in the unconsolidated statement of financial position immediately, with a charge or credit to other comprehensive income in the periods in which these occur.

Staff retirement benefits are payable to staff on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service under these schemes.

6.12 Deposits

Deposits are generated on the basis of two modes i.e. Qard and Mudaraba.

Deposits taken on Qard basis are classified as 'Current accounts' (non-remunerative) and deposits generated on Mudaraba basis are classified as 'Savings deposits' and 'Term deposits'. No profit or loss is passed on to current account depositors, however the funds of current accounts are treated as equity of the Bank for the purpose of profit

For the year ended December 31, 2023

calculation. Usually no restriction on withdrawals or number of transactions in current and savings accounts. In case of term deposits, pre-mature withdrawals can be made as per approved terms only.

Profits realised in investment pools are distributed in pre-agreed profit-sharing ratio between Rab-ul-Maal and Mudarib. Rab-ul-Maal share is distributed among depositors according to weightages assigned at the inception of profit calculation period.

Profits are distributed from the pool such that the depositors (remunerative) only bear the risk of assets in the pool during the profit calculation period. In case of loss in a pool during the profit calculation period, the loss is distributed among the depositors (remunerative) according to their ratio of Investments.

Pools are created at the Bank's discretion and the Bank can add, remove or transfer an asset to any other pool in the interests of the deposit holders.

6.13 Pool management

The Bank has maintained the following pools:

- i. 'General Pool' for local and foreign currency deposits;
- ii. 'Islamic Export Refinance Pool';
- iii. 'Interbank Treasury Musharaka Pool';
- iv. 'Islamic Investment Pool' (Mudarabah based) LCY & FCY;
- v. 'Islamic Saving Pool' (Mudarabah based);
- vi. 'Islamic Equity Pool';
- vii. 'Haj Pool';
- viii. 'Treasury Mudarabah Pool';
- ix. 'Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Musharakah Pool';
- x. 'Open Market Operation'; and
- xi. 'Mudarabah based Financing Facility'

Key features and risk & reward characteristics of all pools

- The 'General Pool' for both local and foreign currency is catered for all FBL depositors and provide profit / loss based on Mudarabah and Musharaka.
- The Islamic Export Refinance Pool caters the 'Islamic Export Refinance' requirements based on the guidelines issued by the SBP.
- The 'Interbank Treasury Musharaka Pool' is to provide Shariah compliant mechanism for Interbank Money Market transactions and manage the liquidity position of FBL statement of financial position by creating individual pools against each FBL money market deals.
- The 'Islamic Investment Pool' (Mudarabah based) LCY & FCY pools are created to cater the needs of high net worth clients.
- The Islamic saving pools are created to cater the needs of high net worth clients / institutions.
- The Islamic equity pool is created to mainly cater the funding requirement of project / long term financing assets during non accrual period.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

- The Haj pool is created to give returns to Ministry of religious affairs deposits.
- The Treasury Mudarabah Pool is created to cater the liquidity requirement of the Bank.
- Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Musharakah Pool is created to promote expansion of affordable housing finance.
- Shariah Compliant Mudarabah Based Open Market Operations (OMO) Pool was created to enhance monetary policy transmission and improve management of market liquidity.
- Shariah Compliant Standing Ceiling Facility- Mudarabah based Financing Facility (MFF) Pool was created with a view to provide liquidity management framework for the Bank and enhance the effectiveness of monetary policy implementation. As per the guidelines provided by State Bank of Pakistan, MFF shall be available as a standing facility on overnight basis.
- The risk characteristics of each pool mainly depends on the asset and liability profile of each pool.

6.13.1 Profit / (loss) distribution to depositor's pool

Parameters used for allocation of profit, charging expenses and provisions etc. along with a brief description of their major components:

Gross income generated from relevant assets, calculated at the end of the month is first divided between FBL and investors / depositors in the ratio of FBL equity commingled in a pool on pro rata basis, and then amongst FBL and the depositors as per agreed mudarib fee and weightages declared before start of a month, respectively. All Mudarabah and Musharaka based deposits are fully invested in respective pools to produce returns for them. In case where FBL is unable to utilise all funds available for investment, priority is given to the deposit account holders.

All remunerative accounts such as remunerative current accounts, saving accounts, investment certificates, etc. are opened on the basis of Mudarabah, Musharaka, Wakalah or a combination of Mudarabah and Musharaka. The return on these deposits is calculated on the basis of Profit and Loss sharing (PLS). Unless specified, all remunerative local currency and foreign currency deposits are taken as General Mudarabah and Musharaka pool.

Profit share is determined by using weightages and profit sharing ratio assigned to each category of deposit within a pool. These weightages and profit sharing ratios are declared by FBL in compliance with the requirements of the Shariah and the SBP.

The allocation (of income and expenses to different pools) is based on pre-defined basis and accounting principles / standards. The direct expenses are charged to respective pool. The indirect expenses including the establishment cost are borne by FBL as Mudarib. The direct expenses charged to the pool include depreciation of Ijarah assets, cost of sales of inventories, insurance / takaful expenses of pool assets, stamp fee, documentation charges, brokerage fee for the purchase of securities / commodities, impairment / losses due to physical damages to specific assets in pools etc. Provisions against any non-performing assets of the pool are not passed on to the pool except on the actual loss / write-off of such non-performing asset and suspension of income against non-performing assets. The profit of the pool is shared between the members of the pool on pre-defined mechanism based on the weightages announced before the profit calculation period.

Particulars	2023		2022	
Faiticulais	Rupees '000	Percent	Rupees '000	Percent
 Mudarib share amount and percentage of distributable income 	43,412,039	37.65	14,936,903	30.51
 Amount and percentage of Mudarib share transferred to depositors through Hiba 	13,604,438	31.34	4,136,622	27.69
- Profit rate earned (annualised)	-	18.53	-	11.78
- Profit rate distributed (annualised)	-	11.33	-	7.34

For the year ended December 31, 2023

6.14 Subordinated Sukuk

Subordinated Sukuk are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Profit on subordinated Sukuk is charged to the unconsolidated profit and loss account over the period on an accrual basis and is recognised separately as part of other liabilities.

6.15 Revenue recognition and other items

- Profit on Murabaha (including Commodity Murabaha) and Musawammah is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Rentals on ljarah contracts are recognised as income on an accrual basis.
- Profit on Service Ijarah is recognised on an accrual basis commencing from the date of confirmation of sale to its ultimate buyer.
- Profit on Diminishing Musharakah financing is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Profit on Running Musharakah financing is recognised on an accrual basis and is adjusted upon final declaration of profit by Musharakah partners.
- Profit on Istisna / Salam / Bai Salam / Tijarah transactions are recognised on an accrual basis commencing from time of sale of goods till the realisation of sale of proceeds by the Bank.
- Profit on Sukuk is recognised on an accrual basis. Where Sukuk (excluding held for trading securities) are purchased at a premium or discount, those premiums / discounts are amortised through the unconsolidated profit and loss account over the remaining maturity.
- Financing method is used in accounting for income from lease financing. Under this method, the unearned finance income (excess of the sum of total lease rentals and estimated residual value over the cost of leased assets) is taken to income over the term of the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the outstanding net investment in lease.
- Unrealised finance income in respect of non-performing lease finance is held in suspense account, where necessary, in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. Gains / losses on termination of lease contracts, documentation charges, front-end fee and other lease income are recognised as income when these are realised.
- Premium or discount on acquisition of debt investments is capitalised and amortised through the unconsolidated profit and loss account over the remaining period till maturity.
- Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Bank's right to receive the dividend is established.
- Fee, commission on letters of credit / guarantee, other commission and brokerage income is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Financial advisory fee is recognised when the right to receive the fee is established.
- Rent and other income is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Profits on Bai Muajjal lendings are recognised on straight line accrual basis.
- Profit suspended in compliance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP is recognised on receipt basis. Profit on rescheduled / restructured financing and investments is recognised as permitted by the SBP.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

6.16 Proposed dividend and transfer between reserves

Dividends and appropriations to reserves, except appropriations which are required by the law, made subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recorded in the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 10, 'Events after the reporting period' in the year in which they are approved / transfers are made.

6.17 Foreign currencies

(a) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets, monetary liabilities and contingencies and commitments in foreign currencies except forward commitments (promises) are reported in Rupees at exchange rates prevalent on the reporting date.

Forward commitments other than those with the SBP relating to the foreign currency deposits are valued at forward rates applicable to the respective maturities of the relevant foreign exchange commitments. Forward commitments with the SBP relating to foreign currency deposit, are valued at spot rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses are included in the current year profit and loss account.

(b) Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses are included in the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

6.18 Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed in the unconsolidated financial statements at committed amounts. Commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date.

6.19 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Bank to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Bank expects most acceptances to be simultaneously settled with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for in these unconsolidated statement of financial position both as assets and liabilities.

6.20 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial instruments carried on the unconsolidated statement of financial position include cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks, due from financial institutions, investments, financing, certain other assets, bills payable, due to financial institutions, deposits, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and certain other liabilities. The particular recognition methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with these assets and liabilities.

Wa'ad / promissory Contracts

Wa'ad / promissory contracts are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which the contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All wa'ad / promissory contracts are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and the liability when the fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of wa'ad / promissory contracts is taken to the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated financial statements only when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to set off and the Bank intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. Income and expense items of such assets and liabilities are also offset and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated financial statements only when permitted by the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

6.21 Earnings per share

The Bank presents basic and diluted Earnings Per Share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

6.22 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating decision maker. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) has been identified as the Bank's Chief Operating decision maker.

(a) Business Segments

(i) Retail banking

Retail banking provides services to small borrowers i.e. commercials, consumers, small enterprises, medium enterprises and agriculture sector. It includes financing, deposits, other transactions and balances with retail customers.

(ii) Corporate and investment banking

This includes strategic partnership with corporate entities to provide working capital financing, trade financing, cash management services, project finance, export finance, leasing, guarantees, bills of exchange, deposits and other short term and long term finance. Further, this includes investment banking activities such as mergers and acquisitions, underwriting, privatisation, securitisation, Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary private placements, etc.

(iii) Treasury and equity capital market (ECM)

It includes fixed income, equity, foreign exchanges, funding, own position securities and placements.

(iv) Special asset management (SAM)

This includes recoveries from borrowers' accounts which became delinquent or have defaulted in their repayment obligations.

(v) Others

It includes functions which cannot be classified in any of the above segments.

(b) Geographical segment

The operations of the Bank are currently based only in Pakistan.

6.23 Provision of claims under guarantees

A provision for claim under guarantees is recognised when intimated and reasonable certainty exists that the Bank will settle the obligation. The charge to the unconsolidated profit and loss account is stated net of expected recoveries as the obligation is recognised in other liabilities.

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6.24 Lease liability and right-of-use assets

At the inception of the contract, the Bank assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. The Bank applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Bank recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented within note 12 and are subject to impairment in line with the Bank's policy as described in note 6.7.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Bank recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The Bank determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. After the commencement date, the Bank reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate. The Bank cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental fund acceptance rate to measure lease liabilities.

6.25 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognised at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

6.26 Reserves

7

Reserves being held by the Bank in these unconsolidated financial statements include the following;

- Non- distributable capital reserve gain on bargain purchase option (note 3.2).
- Statutory reserve represents amount set aside as per the requirements of section 21 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
,	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS			
	In hand			
	- local currency		18,287,506	17,453,357
	- foreign currencies		1,716,544	881,183
	C C		20,004,050	18,334,540
	With State Bank of Pakistan in			
	- local currency current accounts	7.1	47,120,181	32,768,340
	- foreign currency current accounts	7.2	2,684,723	2,536,026
	- foreign currency deposit accounts	7.3	4,323,955	2,280,616
			54,128,859	37,584,982
	With National Bank of Pakistan in			
	- local currency current accounts		9,902,199	206,502
	Prize bonds	7.4	1,450	4,525
			84,036,558	56,130,549
				. ,

For the year ended December 31, 2023

- 7.1 These represent local currency current accounts maintained with the SBP as per the requirements of Section 36 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. This section requires banking companies to maintain a local currency cash reserve in a current account with the SBP at a sum not less than such percentage of the Bank's time and demand liabilities in Pakistan as may be prescribed by the SBP.
- **7.2** These represent cash reserve of 5% maintained with the SBP in US dollars current accounts on deposits held under the New Foreign Currency Accounts (FE-25 deposits) as per BSD Circular No. 14 and 15 dated June 21, 2008.
- 7.3 These represent special cash reserve of 10% maintained with the SBP in US dollars deposit account on deposits accounts on deposits held under the new foreign currency accounts (FE-25 deposits) as per DMMD circular No.8 dated April 17, 2020. local US dollars clearing account maintained with the SBP to facilitate US dollars clearing and 6% special cash reserve requirement on FE-25 deposits maintained by Islamic Banking Branches under the requirements of BSD Circular No.15 dated June 21, 2008. Profit rate on these balances is Nil (2022 : Nil) per annum which is notified on monthly basis by SBP.
- **7.4** These represent the national prize bonds received from customers for onward surrendering to SBP. The Bank as a matter of Shariah principle, does not deal in prize bonds.

		2023	2022
		Rupees '000	
8	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS		
	In Pakistan - in current accounts	10,239	20,007
	Outside Pakistan - in current accounts - in deposit accounts	1,802,160 	2,683,513 81,515 2,785,035
9	DUE FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		
	Musharaka placement Repurchase agreement lendings (reverse repo)		4,000,000 5,815,098 9,815,098

9.1	.1 Securities held as collateral against due		2023			2022		
	from financial institutions	Held by Bank	Further given as collateral	Total	Held by Bank	Further given as collateral	Total	
				Rupe	es '000			
	- Market Treasury Bills	-		-	6,000,000		6,000,000	

Notes to and forming part of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

10	INVESTMENTS	Note	2023			2022				
. •			Cost /	Provision			Cost/	Provision		
10.1	Investments by type:		amortised	for	Surplus /	Carrying	amortised	for	Surplus /	Carrying
10.1	investments by type.		cost	diminution	(deficit)	value	cost	diminution	(deficit)	value
						Rupe				
	Available-for-sale securities									
	Federal Government securities		522,195,325	-	1,949,879	524,145,204	406,535,788	-	(4,225,759)	402,310,029
	Shares		5,514,441	(1,905,557)	2,245,115	5,853,999	12,212,313	(1,297,552)	(1,392,156)	9,522,605
	Non Government debt securities		47,917,827	(519,291)	2,371,729	49,770,265	48,004,551	(519,291)	2,380,000	49,865,260
			575,627,593	(2,424,848)	6,566,723	579,769,468	466,752,652	(1,816,843)	(3,237,915)	461,697,894
	Held-to-maturity securities			<u></u>			<u> </u>			
	Non Government debt securities		8,174,964	(1,409,394)	-	6,765,570	6,329,593	(1,467,507)	-	4,862,086
	Association *	40 F	8,174,964	(1,409,394)	-	6,765,570	6,329,593	(1,467,507)	-	4,862,086
	Associates *	10.5	205 151			205 151	601 242			621,343
	Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund		205,151	-	-	205,151	621,343	-	-	
	Faysal Islamic Stock Fund		114,509	-	-	114,509	114,509	-		114,509
	Faysal Halal Amdani Fund		1,550,000	-	-	1,550,000	-	-	-	-
	Faysal Savings Growth Fund Faysal Stock Fund		-	-	-	-	693,353 322,117	-	-	693,353
	Paysal Slock Fullu		- 1,869,660	-	-	1,869,660	1,751,322		-	322,117 1,751,322
	Subsidiary *		1,009,000	-	-	1,009,000	1,751,522	-	-	1,751,522
	Faysal Asset Management Limited	10.5	1,139,893	-	-	1,139,893	1,139,893	-	-	1,139,893
			.,			.,,	.,			.,,
	Total Investments		586,812,110	(3,834,242)	6,566,723	589,544,591	475,973,460	(3,284,350)	(3,237,915)	469,451,195
	* related parties									
		Note		20	23			20	22	
			Cost /	Drovicion			Cost /	Provision		
				Provision	Surplus /	Carrying			Surplus /	Carrying
40.0			amortised	for	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value	amortised	for	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
10.2	Investments by segments				(deficit)	value	amortised cost		-	
10.2			amortised	for	(deficit)		amortised cost	for	-	
10.2	Federal Government securities		amortised	for	(deficit)	value	amortised cost es '000	for	(deficit)	value
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds	10.2.1	amortised cost 	for	(deficit)	value Rupe -	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926	for	(deficit) (310,800)	value 14,406,126
10.2	Federal Government securities	10.2.1 10.2.2	amortised cost 	for	(deficit)	value Rupe - 518,442,168	amortised cost es '000	for diminution -	(deficit)	value 14,406,126 383,102,322
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks	10.2.1 10.2.2	amortised cost 	for	(deficit)	value Rupe -	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281	for diminution - -	(deficit) (310,800)	value 14,406,126
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks		amortised cost 	for	(deficit) 1,949,879	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581	for diminution - - -	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959)	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities		amortised cost 	for	(deficit) 1,949,879	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581	for diminution - - -	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959)	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares		amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325	for diminution	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879	value Rupe 518,442,168 5,703,036 524,145,204	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788	for diminution - - - -	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) (4,225,759)	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies		amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525	for diminution - - - (1,238,834)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770	value Rupe 518,442,168 5,703,036 524,145,204 5,746,461	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397	for diminution - - (647,886)	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) (4,225,759) (1,422,501)	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies		amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441	for diminution - - - (1,238,834) (666,723)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115	value 	amortised cost es '000 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313	for diminution - - - (647,886) (649,666)	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156)	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies - Unlisted companies	10.2.2	amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) -	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000	value 	amortised cost es '000 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000	for diminution - - (647,886) (649,666) (1,297,552) -	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies - Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities	10.2.2	amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115	value 	amortised cost 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144	for diminution - - (647,886) (649,666) (1,297,552) - (1,986,798)	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 -	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies - Unlisted companies - Listed - Listed - Unlisted	10.2.2	amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) -	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000	value 	amortised cost es '000 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000	for diminution - - (647,886) (649,666) (1,297,552) -	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156)	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000
10.2	Federal Government securities	10.2.2	amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144	for diminution - - (647,886) (649,666) (1,297,552) - (1,986,798)	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 -	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies - Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities - Listed - Unlisted Massociates * Faysal Islamic Saving Growth Fund	10.2.2	amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value 	amortised cost 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies - Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities - Listed - Unlisted Massociates * Faysal Islamic Saving Growth Fund Faysal Islamic Stock Fund	10.2.2	amortised cost - 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151 114,509	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144	for diminution - - (647,886) (649,666) (1,297,552) - (1,986,798)	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies - Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities - Listed - Unlisted Massociates * Faysal Islamic Saving Growth Fund Faysal Islamic Stock Fund Faysal Halal Amdani Fund	10.2.2	amortised cost 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343 114,509 -	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343 114,509 -
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies - Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities - Listed - Unlisted Massociates * Faysal Islamic Saving Growth Fund Faysal Islamic Stock Fund Faysal Halal Amdani Fund Faysal Saving Growth Fund	10.2.2	amortised cost - 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151 114,509	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343 114,509 - 693,353	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343 114,509 - 693,353
10.2	Federal Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds - Ijarah Sukuks - Other Federal Government securities Shares - Listed companies - Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities - Listed - Unlisted Massociates * Faysal Islamic Saving Growth Fund Faysal Islamic Stock Fund Faysal Halal Amdani Fund	10.2.2	amortised cost - 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151 114,509 1,550,000 - -	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117
10.2	 Federal Government securities Pakistan Investment Bonds Ijarah Sukuks Other Federal Government securities Shares Listed companies Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities Listed Unlisted Associates * Faysal Islamic Saving Growth Fund Faysal Islamic Stock Fund Faysal Halal Amdani Fund Faysal Saving Growth Fund Faysal Stock Fund 	10.2.2	amortised cost - 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151 114,509	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343 114,509 - 693,353	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343 114,509 - 693,353
10.2	Federal Government securities Pakistan Investment Bonds Ijarah Sukuks Other Federal Government securities Listed companies Listed companies Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities Listed Unlisted Subsidiary *	10.2.2	amortised cost - 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151 114,509 1,550,000 - 1,869,660	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value Rupe - 518,442,168 5,703,036 524,145,204 5,746,461 107,538 5,853,999 47,383,000 9,152,835 56,535,835 205,151 114,509 1,550,000 - - 1,869,660	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117 1,751,322	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117 1,751,322
10.2	 Federal Government securities Pakistan Investment Bonds Ijarah Sukuks Other Federal Government securities Shares Listed companies Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities Listed Unlisted Associates * Faysal Islamic Saving Growth Fund Faysal Islamic Stock Fund Faysal Halal Amdani Fund Faysal Saving Growth Fund Faysal Stock Fund 	10.2.2	amortised cost - 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151 114,509 1,550,000 - -	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value 	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000 - - - - - - - - - - -	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117
10.2	 Federal Government securities Pakistan Investment Bonds Ijarah Sukuks Other Federal Government securities Shares Listed companies Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities Listed Unlisted Associates * Faysal Islamic Saving Growth Fund Faysal Islamic Stock Fund Faysal Stock Fund Faysal Stock Fund Subsidiary * Faysal Asset Management Limited 	10.2.2	amortised cost - 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151 114,509 1,550,000 - - 1,869,660 1,139,893	for diminution	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271) 2,371,729 - - - - - - - -	value Rupe - 518,442,168 5,703,036 524,145,204 5,746,461 107,538 5,853,999 47,383,000 9,152,835 56,535,835 205,151 114,509 1,550,000 - - 1,869,660 1,139,893	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117 1,751,322	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000 - - - - - - - - -	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117 1,751,322 1,139,893
10.2	Federal Government securities Pakistan Investment Bonds Ijarah Sukuks Other Federal Government securities Listed companies Listed companies Unlisted companies Non Government debt securities Listed Unlisted Subsidiary *	10.2.2	amortised cost - 516,492,289 5,703,036 522,195,325 4,770,525 743,916 5,514,441 45,000,000 11,092,791 56,092,791 205,151 114,509 1,550,000 - 1,869,660	for diminution - - (1,238,834) (666,723) (1,905,557) - (1,928,685)	(deficit) 1,949,879 - 1,949,879 2,214,770 30,345 2,245,115 2,383,000 (11,271)	value Rupe - 518,442,168 5,703,036 524,145,204 5,746,461 107,538 5,853,999 47,383,000 9,152,835 56,535,835 205,151 114,509 1,550,000 - - 1,869,660	amortised cost es '000 14,716,926 387,017,281 4,801,581 406,535,788 11,468,397 743,916 12,212,313 45,000,000 9,334,144 54,334,144 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117 1,751,322 1,139,893	for diminution	(deficit) (310,800) (3,914,959) - (4,225,759) (1,422,501) 30,345 (1,392,156) 2,380,000 - 2,380,000 - - - - - - - - - - -	value 14,406,126 383,102,322 4,801,581 402,310,029 9,398,010 124,595 9,522,605 47,380,000 7,347,346 54,727,346 621,343 114,509 - 693,353 322,117 1,751,322

For the year ended December 31, 2023

- **10.2.1** GoP Ijara Sukuks have tenure ranging from 1 to 5 years. The Bank's return on these instruments ranges from 6.36% to 23.71% per annum (2022: 6.36% to 16.04% per annum) with maturities from April 2024 to December 2028.
- 10.2.2 The Bank has invested in PKR and foreign currency denominated Mudarabah based pools maintained by the Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate Company Limited (INPCCL), a special purpose vehicle formed by the Government of Pakistan. As at December 31, 2023, the Bank's investment in PKR, USD, EURO and GBP denominated pools amounted to Rs. 477.759 million (2022: Rs. 682.037 million), USD 15.494 million with PKR equivalent of Rs 4,367.162 million (2022: Rs. 3,586.996 million), EURO 0.570 million with PKR equivalent of Rs.177.522 million (2022: Rs 157.629 million) and GBP 1.898 million with PKR equivalent of Rs. 680.593 million (2022: Rs. 374.918 million) respectively. The actual profit rates on these pools are calculated in line with the Islamic principle of Mudarabah and communicated to the Bank at the end of each month. The profit earned by the Bank on these investment pools during the year ranges between 11% to 17% for PKR denominated pool, 4.50% to 5.75% for USD denominated pool, 3.50% to 5.25% for GBP denominated pool and 1.75% to 4% for EURO denominated pool. These investments are perpetual in nature and have no fixed maturity.
- **10.2.3** These include Sukuks having tenures ranging from 4 to 11 years. The Bank's return on these instruments ranges from 21.14% to 24.01% per annum (2022: 15.76% to 18.18% per annum) with maturities up to December 2032.

		2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
10.3	Investments given as collateral - at market value		
	Federal Government Securities		
	- Ijarah Sukuks	73,587,500	29,866,500
	- Pakistan Investment Bonds	-	5,307,116
		73,587,500	35,173,616
10.4	Provision for diminution in value of investments		
10.4.1	Opening balance	3,284,350	3,451,987
	Charge / (reversals)		
	Charge for the year	1,811,871	7,067
	Reversals for the year	(58,113)	(85,824)
	Reversals on disposals	(1,203,866)	(88,880)
		549,892	(167,637)
	Closing balance	3,834,242	3,284,350

10.4.2 Particulars of provision against debt securities

	202	2022		
Category of classification	Non- performing investments	performing Provision		Provision
		Rupe	ees '000	
Domestic - Loss	1,928,685	1,928,685	1,986,798	1,986,798

For the year ended December 31, 2023

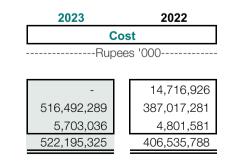
10.5 Investment in subsidiary and associates

	Note	As at December 31, 2023		For the year ended December 31, 2023				
		Country of incorpo- ration	% Holding	Assets	Liabilities	Revenue	Profit	Total comprehensive income
					Rupees	s '000		
Associates								
Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund		Pakistan	9.1	2,468,411	19,922	397,466	358,441	358,441
Faysal Islamic Stock Fund		Pakistan	28.6	494,748	57,173	214,169	192,667	192,667
Faysal Halal Amdani Fund		Pakistan	3.7	42,865,974	215,288	7,828,006	7,392,453	7,392,453
Subsidiary								
Faysal Asset Management Limited	10.5.1	Pakistan	99.99	2,308,798	528,198	1,078,926	423,729	420,205
			As at Dec	ember 31, 2022		For the ye	ar ended Decer	nber 31, 2022
		Country of incorpo- ration	% Holding	Assets	Liabilities	Revenue	Profit	Total comprehensive income
Associates				·	Rupees	s '000		
Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund		Pakistan	24.1	2,646,076	24,630	332,768	292,642	292,642
Faysal Islamic Stock Fund		Pakistan	20.8	469,274	5,520	(45,227)	(70,305)	(70,305)
Faysal Savings Growth Fund		Pakistan	29.0	2,515,594	33,362	359,569	300,721	300,721
Faysal Stock Fund		Pakistan	31.6	876,891	41,190	(252,103)	(325,461)	(325,461)
Subsidiary								
Faysal Asset Management Limited		Pakistan	99.99	1,629,722	269,328	721,772	192,884	191,256

10.5.1 Faysal Asset Management Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan under the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) on August 6, 2003 as an unlisted public limited company. The Company commenced its operations on November 14, 2003. The Company is a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC). The Company has obtained a license to carry out asset management and investment advisory services under the requirements of Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

10.6 Quality of available for sale securities

Details regarding quality of available for sale (AFS) securities are as follows:



Federal Government securities - Government guaranteed

Pakistan Investment Bonds Ijarah Sukuks Other Federal Government securities

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Shares	C	ost
	Rup	ees '000
Listed companies		
Oil and gas exploration company	1,155,963	1,732,364
Cement	897,154	2,539,850
Chemical	578,402	578,402
Power generation and distribution	568,851	991,966
Fertilizer	420,758	383,319
Commercial banks	405,124	161,518
Oil and gas marketing company	361,379	540,198
Automobile Assembler	272,925	2,399,685
Technology & communication	52,583	-
Textile composite	22,546	274,930
Real estate	16,372	16,372
Investment banks / investment companies / securities	12,528	12,528
Textile spinning	4,362	4,362
Textile weaving	1,271	1,271
Vanaspati and allied industries	243	243
Glass and ceramics	38	38
Engineering	13	236,075
Miscellaneous	13	15
Open - end mutual funds	-	1,209,129
Pharmaceuticals	-	386,132
	4,770,525	11,468,397

2	2023	20	022
Cost	Breakup value	Cost	Breakup value
		1000	

	Rupees	'000
--	--------	------

50,000	733,214	50,000	537,279
265,938	N/A	265,938	N/A
5	N/A	5	N/A
325,000	N/A	325,000	N/A
1,037	N/A	1,037	N/A
52,000	N/A	52,000	N/A
5,686	N/A	5,686	N/A
25,000	N/A	25,000	N/A
-	62,264	-	53,834
19,250	N/A	19,250	N/A
743,916	795,478	743,916	591,113

Al Hamra Avenue (Private) Limited * Al Hamra Hills (Private) Limited *

Unlisted companies 1Link (Private) Limited

DHA Cogen (Private) Limited * Himont Chemical * Pace Barka Properties Limited * Pakistan Export Finance Guarantee * Naymat Collateral Management

ISE Towers REIT Management Company Pakistan Corporate Restructuring Company Limited

* These investments are fully provided.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022
		Cost
Non Government debt securities		Rupees '000
Listed		
- Unrated *	45,000,0	45,000,000
Unlisted		
- AA+, AA, AA-	750,0	750,000
- A+, A, A-	89,0	00,089,000
- BB	1,562,0	- OC
- Unrated	516,8	27 2,165,551
	2,917,8	3,004,551

* These include government guaranteed securities amounting to Rs. 45,000 million (2022: Rs. 45,000 million).

10.7 Particulars relating to held to maturity securities are as follows:

r a thoughts relating to neid to maturity securities are as follows.	2023	2022
	Co	st
Non Government debt securities	Rupe	es '000
Unlisted		
- AAA	6,765,678	4,862,130
- Unrated *	1,409,286	1,467,463
	8,174,964	6,329,593
* These investments are fully provided.		

10.7.1 The market value of securities classified as held-to-maturity as at December 31, 2023 amounted to Rs. 6,779 million (December 31, 2022: Rs. 4,862 million).

Notes to and forming part of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

11 Islamic financing and related assets- net

	Note	Performing		Non-per	forming	То	tal
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
				Rupee	s '000		
Murabaha financing and related assets	44.4	00.004.001	10 710 000	166.424	110.070	00.451.005	10,837,970
Murabaha financing	11.1	38,284,881	10,718,692	,	119,278	38,451,305	
Advance against Murabaha financing		3,219,979	1,675,896	5,000	-	3,224,979	1,675,896
Inventory related to Murabaha		2,174,051 43,678,911	203,694 12,598,282	- 171,424	- 119,278	2,174,051 43,850,335	203,694 12,717,560
Running Musharaka financing		40,070,911	12,090,202	171,424	119,210	40,000,000	12,717,000
Running Musharaka		195,753,370	119,430,547	545,166	-	196,298,536	119,430,54
Istisna financing and related assets							
Istisna		36,501,975	31,800,700	551,792	70,000	37,053,767	31,870,70
Advance against Istisna		30,317,852	20,927,551	172,166	236,295	30,490,018	21,163,84
Inventory related to Istisna		7,382,419	6,205,350	-	-	7,382,419	6,205,35
	I	74,202,246	58,933,601	723,958	306,295	74,926,204	59,239,89
Tijarah financing and related assets Tijarah		2,455,035	2,268,921	316,722	5,500	2,771,757	2,274,42
Advance against Tijarah		766,202	467,445	010,722	5,500	766,202	467,44
Inventory related to Tijarah		4,136,549	1,346,223	3,500	_	4,140,049	1,346,22
inventory related to rijaran		7,357,786	4,082,589	3,300	- 5,500	7.678.008	4.088.08
Musawamah financing and related assets		1,001,100	1,002,000	010,111	0,000	1,010,000	1,000,00
Musawamah		2,788,837	143,720	100,516	6,960	2,889,353	150,68
Advance against Musawamah		4,190	-	-	-	4,190	-
nventory related to Musawamah		7,408	3,980	-	-	7,408	3,98
		2,800,435	147,700	100,516	6,960	2,900,951	154,66
Salam financing and related assets							
Salam		100,000	100,000	1,200	1,200	101,200	101,20
Advance against Salam		9,850,771	83,236	-	-	9,850,771	83,23
		9,950,771	183,236	1,200	1,200	9,951,971	184,43
ljarah financing and related assets Fixed assets ljarah financing - net	11.2	n	32,109				32,10
Red assets ijarari linaricing - het	11.2		32,109	-	-	-	32,10
Diminishing Musharaka financing and related assets			·				,
Diminishing Musharaka		210,560,169	208,760,418	5,624,139	4,374,326	216,184,308	213,134,74
Advanced against Diminishing Musharaka		10,225,549	15,556,470	97,500	-	10,323,049	15,556,47
Wakala Istithmar financing and related assets		220,785,718	224,316,888	5,721,639	4,374,326	226,507,357	228,691,21
Wakala Istithmar		6,302,669	-	-	-	6,302,669	-
		6,302,669	-	-	-	6,302,669	-
Tawwaruq		13,673,003	13,167,553	98,423	38,717	13,771,426	13,206,27
Advance against Islamic export refinance		2,414,376	3,419,522	-	223,152	2,414,376	3,642,67
Musharaka		27,534	82,618	722	8,288	28,256	90,90
Bai salam		277,076	99,342	-	-	277,076	99,34
Islamic financing and related assets - Gross		577,223,895	436,493,987	7,683,270	5,083,716	584,907,165	441,577,70
Other financing		478,042	15,397,264	15,376,371	16,614,667	15,854,413	32,011,93
		577,701,937	451,891,251	23,059,641	21,698,383	600,761,578	473,589,63
Less: provision against financing	11.5						
- Specific		-	-	(19,172,592)	(18,557,417)	(19,172,592)	(18,557,41
- General		(877,670)	(771,609)	-	-	(877,670)	(771,60
	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(10,170,500)	(10 557 /17)	(20,050,262)	(19,329,020
		(877,670)	(771,609)	(19,172,592)	(18,557,417)	(20,000,202)	(10,020,02
Financing - net of provision		(877,670) 576,824,267	451,119,642	3,887,049	3,140,966	580,711,316	454,260,60

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
11.1 Murabaha receivable - gross	11.1.2	39,623,889	11,529,227
Less: Deferred murabaha income	11.1.3	(29,223)	(350,063)
Profit receivable shown in other assets		(1,143,361)	(341,194)
Murabaha financing	11.1.1	38,451,305	10,837,970
11.1.1 The movement in Murabaha financing during the year is as follows:			
Opening balance		10,837,970	31,630,824
Sales during the year		218,668,554	111,886,384
Adjusted during the year		(191,055,219)	(132,679,238)
Closing balance		38,451,305	10,837,970
11.1.2 Murabaha sale price		39,623,889	11,529,227
Murabaha purchase price		(38,451,305)	(10,837,970)
		1,172,584	691,257
11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income			
Opening balance		350,063	275,779
Arising during the year		4,874,300	4,602,165
Less: recognised during the year		(5,195,140)	(4,527,881)
Closing balance		29,223	350,063

11.2 ljarah

ljarah	2023									
		Cost		Accur	mulated deprec	iation	Book value			
	As at Jan 1, 2023	Additions / (deletions)	As at Dec 31, 2023	As at Jan 1, 2023	Charge for the year	As at Dec 31, 2023	as at Dec 31, 2023			
				Rupees 'C)00					
Plant and machinery	52,435	(52,435)	-	20,326	(20,326)		-			
Total	52,435	(52,435)	-	20,326 (20,326)		-	-			
2022										
		Cost		Accur	iation	Book value				
	As at Jan 1, 2022	Additions / (deletions)	As at Dec 31, 2022	As at Jan 1, 2022	Charge for the year	As at Dec 31, 2022	as at Dec 31, 2022			

)00		
Plant & Machinery	147,395	(94,960)	52,435	99,481	(79,155)	20,326	32,109
Total	147,395	(94,960)	52,435	99,481	(79,155)	20,326	32,109

Future Ijarah payments receivable

	2023				2022				
	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year & less than 5 years	Over Five years	Total	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year & less than 5 years	Over Five years	Total	
ljarah rental receivables	-		-		33,506		-	33,506	

The difference between net investment in Ijarah and Ijarah rental receivable represents element of profit in receivable.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
11.3	Particulars of Islamic financing and related assets - net			
	- in local currency		599,815,539	472,577,857
	- in foreign currencies		946,039	1,011,777
			600,761,578	473,589,634

11.4 Islamic financing and related assets - net includes Rs. 23,060 million (December 31, 2022: Rs. 21,698 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

	20	23	2022		
Category of classification	Non- performing Ioans	Provision	Non- performing Ioans	Provision	
Domostia		Rupe	ees '000		
Domestic	204.748	448	204.426	70	
- other assets especially mentioned	- , -		- , -		
- substandard	883,657	104,142	504,838	82,646	
- doubtful	670,909	170,824	858,706	242,963	
- loss	21,300,327	18,897,178	20,130,413	18,231,738	
Total	23,059,641	19,172,592	21,698,383	18,557,417	

11.5 Particulars of provision against Islamic financing and related assets

	Note	2023					
		Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
				Ru	pees '000		
Opening balance		18,557,417	771,609	19,329,026	19,544,542	945,573	20,490,115
Exchange adjustment		132,838	-	132,838	117,020	-	117,020
Charge for the year		1,960,357	106,061	2,066,418	1,085,432	-	1,085,432
Reversals during the year		(1,338,179)	-	(1,338,179)	(1,368,953)	(173,964)	(1,542,917)
		622,178	106,061	728,239	(283,521)	(173,964)	(457,485)
Amounts written off	11.6.1	(139,841)	-	(139,841)	(820,624)		(820,624)
Closing balance		19,172,592	877,670	20,050,262	18,557,417	771,609	19,329,026

11.5.1 The Bank maintains general provision in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Consumer Financing and House Financing issued by the SBP.

11.5.2 Particulars of provision against financing

		2023				
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
			Rup	ees '000		
In local currency	18,503,626	877,670	19,381,296	18,021,288	771,609	18,792,897
In foreign currencies	668,966		668,966	536,129		536,129
	19,172,592	877,670	20,050,262	18,557,417	771,609	19,329,026

For the year ended December 31, 2023

11.5.3 As allowed by the SBP, the Bank has availed benefit of forced sale value (FSV) of collaterals held as security of Rs 2,457.777 million (December 31, 2022: Rs 1,862.991 million) relating to financing while determining the provisioning requirement against non-performing financing as at December 31, 2023. The additional profit arising from availing the FSV benefit (net of tax) as at December 31, 2023 which is not available for distribution as either cash or stock dividend to shareholders approximately amounted to Rs 1,253.466 million (December 31, 2022: Rs 950.125 million).

Note	2023	2022	
-	Rupees '000		
11.5	139,841	820,624	
31	45,511	128,431	
	185,352	949,055	
11.7	21,632	745,966	
	163,720	203,089	
	185,352	949,055	
	11.5 31	11.5 139,841 31 45,511 185,352 11.7 21,632 163,720	

*The write-offs do not, in any way, prejudice the Bank's right of recovery from these customers.

11.7 Details of financing written-off of Rs. 500,000/- and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the statement in respect of written-off financing or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above allowed to a person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2023 is given in Annexure - I to these unconsolidated financial statements. The write-offs (including written-off amount less than Rs. 500,000/-) do not, in any way, prejudice the Bank's right of recovery from these customers.

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
12	FIXED ASSETS			
	Capital work-in-progress	12.1 12.2	4,115,708 36,152,642	2,392,116
	Property and equipment	12.2	40,268,350	32,642,117 35,034,233
12.1	Capital work-in-progress			
	Civil works		266,236	346,816
	Equipment		2,968,971	1,742,100
	Furniture and fixture		299,479	220,794
	Vehicles		16,824	42,164
	Building		564,198	40,242
			4,115,708	2,392,116

Notes to and forming part of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

12.2 Property and equipment

			-		2	2023				
	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Building on freehold land	Building on leasehold land	Furniture and fixture	Electrical, office and computer equipment	Vehicles	Leasehold property and improve- ment	Right- of-use assets- land and building	Total
					Rup	ees '000				
At January 1, 2023 Cost / revalued amount	2 252 600	7,775,976	001 706	5 204 242	1,484,438	9,073,271	050 075	5,105,048	16 041 616	49,684,0
Accumulated depreciation	-	-		0,394,340	1,032,231	7,044,275	203,844	2,728,764	16,341,616 6,032,837	17,041,9
Net book value	3,353,600	7,775,976	801,796	5,394,348	452,207	2,028,996	150,131	2,376,284	10,308,779	32,642,1
Very and ad December 24, 2022										
Year ended December 31, 2023 Opening net book value	3,353,600	7,775,976	801,796	5,394,348	452,207	2,028,996	150,131	2,376,284	10,308,779	32,642,1
Additions	175,000	132,800	-	274,880	403,481	2,596,421		1,170,448	2,435,802	7,428,8
Lease modification (note 12.2.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,292	21,2
Transfer from non-banking										
assets (note 12.2.2)	245,000	-	4,806	47,200	-	-	-	-	-	297,0
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(14)	(1,467)	(37,143)	(171)	(129,500)	(168,2
Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4) Other adjustments / transfers		-	(52,255) 194	(298,156)	(103,009)	(1,147,606) 662	(47,115) (569)	(496,873) (287)	(1,923,327)	(4,068,34
Closing net book value	3,773,600	7,908,776	754,541	5,418,272	752,665	3,477,006	305,335		10,713,046	36,152,6
At December 31, 2023	0 770 000	7 000 770	000 700	5 740 400	1 005 007	11 510 707	501.070	0.074.005	10,000,010	F7 070 1
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation	3,773,600	7,908,776	52,255	5,716,428 298,156	1,885,937 1,133,272	11,518,797 8,041,791	521,978 216,643	6,274,605 3,225,204	18,669,210 7.956.164	
Net book value	3,773,600	7,908,776		5,418,272	752,665			3,049,401	10,713,046	- / /
	0,110,000	1,000,110	101,011	0,110,272	102,000	6,111,000	000,000	0,010,101	10,110,010	00,102,0
Rate of depreciation (%) / useful life	-	-	2%-11%	2%-20%	10%	14%-50%	20%	10%-20%	11 months 34 years	-
						2022			r	
	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Building on freehold land	Building on leasehold land	Furniture and fixture	Electrical, office and computer equipment	Vehicles	Leasehold property and improve- ment	Right- of-use assets- land and building	Total
					Rupi	ees '000				
At January 1, 2022					Rup	ees '000				
Cost / revalued amount	2,398,777		642,304	5,371,523	1,324,233	8,060,507	342,442	4,065,210	13,128,915	39,406,3
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation	2,398,777	4,072,488 -	642,304 85,668	5,371,523 403,098	1,324,233 979,289	8,060,507 6,272,990	342,442 170,269	4,065,210 2,393,036	13,128,915 4,404,926	39,406,3 14,709,2
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation			642,304	5,371,523	1,324,233	8,060,507	342,442 170,269	4,065,210	13,128,915	39,406,3 14,709,2
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value	2,398,777	4,072,488 -	642,304 85,668	5,371,523 403,098	1,324,233 979,289	8,060,507 6,272,990	342,442 170,269	4,065,210 2,393,036	13,128,915 4,404,926	39,406,3 14,709,2
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value	2,398,777	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 4,072,488	642,304 85,668 556,636	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 4,968,425	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517	342,442 170,269 172,173 172,173	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 8,723,989	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 24,697,1
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions	2,398,777 - 2,398,777 2,398,777	4,072,488 - 4,072,488	642,304 85,668 556,636 556,636	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 4,968,425 160,488	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517	342,442 170,269 172,173	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 8,723,989 3,435,953	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 24,697,1 6,011,5
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5)	2,398,777 - 2,398,777	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 4,072,488	642,304 85,668 556,636	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 4,968,425	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517	342,442 170,269 172,173 172,173	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 8,723,989	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 24,697,1 6,011,5
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets	2,398,777 - 2,398,777 2,398,777 - -	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 4,072,488 139,753 -	642,304 85,668 556,636 556,636 - -	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 4,968,425 160,488	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517	342,442 170,269 172,173 172,173	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 8,723,989 3,435,953	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets revalued during the year	2,398,777 - 2,398,777 2,398,777	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 4,072,488	642,304 85,668 556,636 556,636	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 4,968,425 160,488	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719	342,442 170,269 172,173 172,173 16,402	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets revalued during the year Disposals	2,398,777 - 2,398,777 2,398,777 - - 979,909	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 4,072,488 139,753 -	642,304 85,668 556,636 556,636 - -	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 4,968,425 160,488 - 477,234	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719 -	342,442 170,269 172,173 172,173 16,402	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332 - (248,584)	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8 (276,8
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets revalued during the year Disposals Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4)	2,398,777 - 2,398,777 - - - 979,909 (25,086)	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 4,072,488 139,753 -	642,304 85,668 556,636 556,636 - - 275,008 -	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 4,968,425 160,488 - 477,234 -	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157 - - (96)	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719 - (957) (798,258) 975	342,442 170,269 172,173 16,402 - (1,033) (37,410) (1)	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066 - (1,131) (342,890) (935)	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332 - (248,584) (1,627,911) -	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8 (276,84 (3,110,8
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets revalued during the year Disposals Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4) Other adjustments / transfers	2,398,777 - 2,398,777 - - 979,909 (25,086) -	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 4,072,488 139,753 -	642,304 85,668 556,636 - - 275,008 - (29,848) -	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 160,488 - 477,234 - (211,799) -	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157 - - (96) (62,759)	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719 - (957) (798,258) 975	342,442 170,269 172,173 16,402 - (1,033) (37,410) (1)	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066 - (1,131) (342,890) (935)	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332 - (248,584)	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8 (276,84 (3,110,8
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets revalued during the year Disposals Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4) Other adjustments / transfers Closing net book value	2,398,777 - 2,398,777 - - 979,909 (25,086) - -	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 139,753 - 3,563,735 - - - - -	642,304 85,668 556,636 - - 275,008 - (29,848) -	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 160,488 - 477,234 - (211,799) -	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157 - - (96) (62,759) (39)	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719 - (957) (798,258) 975	342,442 170,269 172,173 16,402 - (1,033) (37,410) (1)	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066 - (1,131) (342,890) (935)	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332 - (248,584) (1,627,911) -	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8 (276,8 (3,110,8
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets	2,398,777 	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 139,753 - 3,563,735 - - - - -	642,304 85,668 556,636 - - 275,008 - (29,848) - 801,796	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 160,488 - 477,234 - (211,799) - 5,394,348	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157 - - (96) (62,759) (39)	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719 - (957) (798,258) 975	342,442 170,269 172,173 16,402 - (1,033) (37,410) (1) 150,131	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066 - (1,131) (342,890) (935) 2,376,284	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332 - (248,584) (1,627,911) -	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8 (276,8 (3,110,8 - 32,642,1
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets revalued during the year Disposals Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4) Other adjustments / transfers Closing net book value At December 31, 2022	2,398,777 	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 139,753 - 3,563,735 - - - - 7,775,976	642,304 85,668 556,636 - - 275,008 - (29,848) - 801,796	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 160,488 - 477,234 - (211,799) - 5,394,348	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157 - (96) (62,759) (39) 452,207	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719 - - (957) (798,258) 975 2,028,996	342,442 170,269 172,173 16,402 - (1,033) (37,410) (1) 150,131	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066 - (1,131) (342,890) (935) 2,376,284	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332 - (248,584) (1,627,911) - 10,308,779	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8 (276,8 (3,110,8 - 32,642,1 49,684,0
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets revalued during the year Disposals Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4) Other adjustments / transfers Closing net book value At December 31, 2022 Cost / revalued amount	2,398,777 	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 139,753 - 3,563,735 - - - - 7,775,976	642,304 85,668 556,636 - - 275,008 - (29,848) - 801,796	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 160,488 - 477,234 - (211,799) - 5,394,348	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157 - (96) (62,759) (39) 452,207 1,484,438	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719 - (957) (798,258) 975 2,028,996 9,073,271	342,442 170,269 172,173 16,402 - (1,033) (37,410) (1) 150,131	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066 - (1,131) (342,890) (935) 2,376,284 5,105,048	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332 (248,584) (1,627,911) - 10,308,779 16,341,616 6,032,837	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8 (276,8 (3,110,8 - 32,642,1 49,684,0 17,041,9
Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation Net book value Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value Additions Lease modification (note 12.2.5) Movement in surplus on assets revalued during the year Disposals Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4) Dther adjustments / transfers Closing net book value At December 31, 2022 Cost / revalued amount Accumulated depreciation	2,398,777 - 2,398,777 - - 979,909 (25,086) - - 3,353,600 3,353,600 -	4,072,488 - 4,072,488 139,753 - 3,563,735 - - - 7,775,976 - 7,775,976	642,304 85,668 556,636 - - 275,008 - (29,848) - 801,796 801,796 -	5,371,523 403,098 4,968,425 160,488 - 477,234 - (211,799) - 5,394,348 5,394,348 -	1,324,233 979,289 344,944 344,944 170,157 - (96) (62,759) (39) 452,207 1,484,438 1,032,231	8,060,507 6,272,990 1,787,517 1,787,517 1,039,719 - (957) (798,258) 975 2,028,996 9,073,271 7,044,275	342,442 170,269 172,173 16,402 - (1,033) (37,410) (1) 150,131 353,975 203,844	4,065,210 2,393,036 1,672,174 1,672,174 1,049,066 - (1,131) (342,890) (935) 2,376,284 5,105,048 2,728,764	13,128,915 4,404,926 8,723,989 3,435,953 25,332 (248,584) (1,627,911) - 10,308,779 16,341,616 6,032,837	39,406,3 14,709,2 24,697,1 6,011,5 25,3 5,295,8 (276,84 (3,110,8 - 32,642,1 49,684,0 17,041,9 32,642,1

For the year ended December 31, 2023

12.2.1 The cost of fully depreciated fixed assets that are still in the Bank's use is as follows:

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es '000
Furniture and fixture Electrical, office and computer equipment Vehicles Leasehold property and improvement	791,955 5,389,998 171,564 <u>1,574,977</u> 7,928,494	775,389 4,960,129 6,536 1,412,484 7,154,538

12.2.2 During the year, the Bank has transferred three properties to fixed assets from non-banking assets having book values of Rs 297.006 million.

12.2.3 The Bank's freehold / leasehold land and buildings on freehold / leasehold land were last revalued by Joseph Lobo Co. (Private) Limited on December 31, 2022 on the basis of professional assessments of the market value.

Had there been no revaluation, the carrying amount of revalued assets as at December 31, 2023 would have been Rs 5,678.21 million (2022: Rs 4,984.67 million).

Note

2023

2022

12.2.4 Allocation of depreciation expense for the year is as follows:

			-
Property expense		Rupee	s '000
- owned assets	29	847,284	584,537
- right-of-use assets	29	1,923,327	1,627,911
		2,770,611	2,212,448
Information technology expense	29	609,599	369,593
Other operating expenses	29	688,131	528,834
		4,068,341	3,110,875

12.2.5 Lease modifications

During the current year, the Bank has renegotiated a number of existing lease agreements resulting in a modification of these lease agreements under IFRS 16, 'Leases'. These lease modifications pertain to:

- i) a change in consideration of the lease(s);
- ii) an increase in the scope of the lease(s) due to an extension in the contractual lease terms; or
- iii) termination of existing lease(s) due to relocation of the branches to new premises.

In case of (i) and (ii) above, the Bank has remeasured the lease liabilities by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rates and making a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets.

In case of (iii) above, the Bank has decreased the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and the corresponding lease liabilities to reflect the full termination of the lease, taking any resultant gain or loss on such termination to the unconsolidated profit and loss account.

12.2.6 Details of Disposals of Fixed Assets

The information relating to disposal of fixed assets to related parties is as follows:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Related Party	
Vehicles		Rupees	'000		•	<u> </u>	
Toyota Land Cruiser	53,360	25,613	27,747	27,747	Bank's Policy	Mr. Yousuf Hussain	
Audi E tron	18,051	8,664	9,386	9,386	Bank's Policy	Mr. Yousuf Hussain	
	71,411	34,277	37,134	37,134			
Electrical Equipment							
Cellular Phone	55	55	-	11	Bank's Policy	Syed Majid Ali (Key Managem	ent Person
Cellular Phone	30	30	-	6	Bank's Policy	Jaudat Hussain (Key Manager	nent Perso
Cellular Phone	55	50	5	11	Bank's Policy	Ali Waqar (Key Management F	^o ersonnel)
Cellular Phone	30	20	10	10	Bank's Policy	Syed Shuja Haider (Key Mana	gement Per
	170	155	15	38			
Total	71,581	34,433	37,148	37,171			

Notes to and forming part of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

13	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	Note	2023	2022
			Rupees '	000
	Capital work-in-progress	13.1	798,462	711,373
	Intangibles	13.2	1,533,313	1,273,468
		_	2,331,775	1,984,841
13.1	Capital work-in-progress			
	Computer software		798,462	711,373
13.2	Intangibles		2023	
		Commute	Customer	
		Compute	relationship	Total
		Software	(note 13.2.2)	
			Rupees '000	
	At January 1, 2023			
	Cost	3,471,68		6,028,856
	Accumulated amortisation Net book value	2,649,56 822,12		4,755,388
	Net book value	022,12	401,040	1,273,400
	Year ended December 31, 2023			
	Opening net book value	822,12	3 451,345	1,273,468
	Additions - directly purchased	667,42		667,428
	Amortisation charge (note 29)	(325,452		(407,583)
	Closing net book value	1,164,09	9 369,214	1,533,313
	At December 31, 2023			
	Cost	4,139,11	7 2,557,167	6,696,284
	Accumulated amortisation	2,975,01		5,162,971
	Net book value	1,164,09	369,214	1,533,313
	Rate of amortisation (percentage)	14%-20%	5%-7%	
	Useful life	5-7 years	10-19 years	
			2022	
		Compute	Customer	
		software		Total
			(note 13.2.2)	
	At January 1, 2022		Rupees 000	
	Cost	3,041,14	3 2,557,167	5,598,310
	Accumulated amortisation	2,428,04		4,451,733
	Net book value	613,10	1 533,476	1,146,577
	Veer ended December 21, 2022			
	Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book value	613,10	1 533,476	1,146,577
	Additions - directly purchased	430,54		430,546
	Amortisation charge (note 29)	(221,524		(303,655)
	Closing net book value	822,12	3 451,345	1,273,468
	A4 Da a such as 04, 0000			
	At December 31, 2022 Cost	3,471,68	9 2,557,167	6,028,856
	Accumulated amortisation	2,649,56		0,020,030 4,755,388
	Net book value	822,12		1,273,468
	Rate of amortisation (percentage)	14%-20%	5%-7%	1
				-
	Useful life	5-7 years	10-19 years	

For the year ended December 31, 2023

13.2.1 The cost of fully amortised intangible assets that are still in the Bank's use is as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
Computer software Customer relationship	13.2.2	2,191,750 1,099,722 3,291,472	1,980,879 1,099,722 3,080,601

13.2.2 This represents an intangible asset (customer relationship) which comprises of core deposits which were recognised at the time of acquisition of ex-RBS Pakistan. These core deposits represent the funding benefit that would be available to the Bank on account of availability of funding through deposit customers rather than from the wholesale or interbank market. This benefit also considers the fact that the economic life time of these deposits is longer than their contractual life. Based on this assumption, this intangible asset had been valued using certain valuation techniques and is being amortised over the life expectancy of these deposits. As more fully explained in note 13.3 to these unconsolidated financial statements, the SBP allowed the Bank to adjust the amortisation charge arising on this intangible asset against non-distributable capital reserve. The remaining amortisation period of this intangible asset is ranging from 3 to 8 years.

13.3 Non-distributable capital reserve - gain on bargain purchase

As per the directive of the SBP through its letter BPRD (R&P-02)/625-99/2011/3744 dated March 28, 2011, gain arising on bargain purchase of Pakistan operations of Royal Bank of Scotland (ex-RBS Pakistan) was credited directly into equity as non-distributable capital reserve (NCR). The SBP allowed the Bank to adjust the amortisation of the intangible asset against the portion of reserve which arose on account of such asset. Accordingly, the Bank has adjusted amortisation of intangible asset amounting to Rs 68.968 million (2022: Rs. 68.149 million) (net of tax) from the non-distributable capital reserve.

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
14	OTHER ASSETS			
	Profit / return accrued in local currency - net of provision Profit / return accrued in foreign currencies - net of provision Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims Mark to market gain on forward foreign exchange contracts Acceptances Credit cards and other products fee receivable Receivable from brokers against sale of shares Dividend receivable Receivable from 1Link (Private) Limited	14.1 19	44,142,282 82,278 1,650,813 929,659 550,232 13,152,356 1,235,999 89,252 75,348 4,407,978	26,608,166 35,156 1,243,061 1,041,276 383,842 6,930,359 566,289 268,523 75,348 3,302,249
	Receivable from fillink (Frivate) Limited Rebate receivable - net Defined benefit plan asset Remittances receivable from Western Union Others	36.4	4,407,978 280,127 90,806 1,307,125 <u>1,966,714</u> 69,960,969	118,625 168,825 1,668,492 680,143 43,090,354
	Less: provision held against other assets Other assets - net of provision Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in	14.2	(327,580) 69,633,389	(325,254) 42,765,100
	satisfaction of claims Other assets - total	21.2	1,735,172 71,368,561	2,126,204 44,891,304
14.1	Market value of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		2,667,419	3,167,480

For the year ended December 31, 2023

The non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims by the Bank have been revalued by an independent professional valuer as at December 31, 2023. The revaluation was carried out by Joseph Lobo (Private) Limited on the basis of professional assessment of present market values. The above market values are based on desktop valuations. The SBP's Regulations for Debt Property Swap require the Bank to carry out a full scope valuation of non-banking assets after every three years.

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
14.1.1	Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Opening balance Additions Revaluation Transferred to fixed assets Reversal of surplus (Impairment) / reversal of impairment Depreciation Closing balance	12.2.2 21.2 31 29	3,167,480 114,000 - (297,006) (273,475) (41,525) (4,643) 2,664,831	2,256,892 48,000 854,957 - - 12,596 (4,965) 3,167,480
14.2	Provision held against other assets			
	Dividend receivable Receivable from customers Security deposits Others		75,348 52,799 22,994 176,439 327,580	75,348 50,473 22,994 <u>176,439</u> 325,254
14.2.1	Movement in provision held against other assets			,
	Opening balance		325,254	355,590
	Charge for the year Reversals during the year	31	2,731 (405) 2,326	- (30,336) (30,336)
	Amounts written off Closing balance		327,580	325,254
15	BILLS PAYABLE			
	In Pakistan		16,550,469	21,309,950

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
		-	Rupe	es '000
16	DUE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
	Secured			
	To the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) under			
	- Long term financing facility for renewable power energy (RPE)	16.1	230	9,502
	- Scheme of financing facility for storage of agricultural produce			5,400
	- Islamic export refinance scheme - part I and II	16.2	30,665,904	31,795,302
	- Refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries		-	885,681
	- Islamic financing for renewable energy	16.3	6,641,671	6,914,074
	- Islamic long term financing facility	16.4	11,126,779	12,407,019
	- Islamic temporary economic refinance scheme	16.5	31,034,309	30,853,102
	- Islamic refinance facility for combating COVID-19	16.6	166,111	232,778
	- Islamic refinance facility for storage of agricultural produce	16.7	513,439	370,804
	- Scheme of Islamic Rupee-based discounting			
	facility under EFS/IERS	16.8	708,777	547,230
			80,857,220	84,020,892
	Repurchase agreement borrowings		-	5,318,855
	Due to SBP under Open Market Operations (OMO)	16.9 & 16.12	73,594,497	29,061,914
	Due to other financial institutions	16.10	3,402,344	1,440,559
	Total secured		157,854,061	119,842,220
	Unsecured			
	Overdrawn nostro accounts		2,128,409	1,662,176
	Musharaka acceptances	16.11	6,904,333	28,630,000
	Total unsecured		9,032,742	30,292,176
			166,886,803	150,134,396
				,,

- 16.1 These represent amounts due to the SBP under scheme for long term financing facility for renewable power energy (RPE). The profit rates on these facilities range from 2% to 3% per annum (2022: 2% to 3% per annum), payable on quarterly basis, with maturities upto December 2028. As per the agreements, the Bank has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the maturity date of finances by directly debiting the current account of the Bank maintained with the SBP.
- 16.2 In accordance with the Islamic export refinance scheme (IERS), the Bank has entered into musharaka agreements for financing with the SBP for extending export finance to the customers. The average profit rates on this facility range from 3% to 18% (2022: 3% to 10%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto 180 days from the date of grant. As per the agreements, the Bank has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP.
- 16.3 In accordance with the Islamic financing facility for renewable energy, the Bank has entered into mudarabah agreements for financing with the SBP for extending renewable energy finance to customers. The average profit rates on this facility range from 2% to 3% (2022: 2% to 3%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto May 2033. As per the agreements, the Bank has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP.
- 16.4 In accordance with the Islamic long term financing facility for plant and machinery, the Bank has entered into mudarabah agreements for financing with the SBP for extending islamic long term finance to the customers. The average profit rates on this facility range from 3% to 18% (2022: 3% to 10%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto December 2034. As per the agreements, the Bank has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

- **16.5** In accordance with the Islamic temporary economic refinance facility (ITERF), the Bank has entered into mudarabah agreements for financing with the SBP for extending long term finance to the customers. The average profit rate on this facility is 1% (2022: 1%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto December 2032. As per the agreements, the Bank has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP.
- **16.6** In accordance with the Islamic refinance facility for combating COVID-19, the Bank has entered into mudarabah agreements for financing with the SBP for extending medical equipment finances to the customers. The average profit rate on this facility is 0% (2022: 0%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto June 2026. As per the agreements, the Bank has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP.
- 16.7 These represent balances due to the SBP under scheme of Islamic financing facility for storage of agricultural produce (IFFSAP). The profit rate on this facility is 2% per annum (2022: 2%) payable on quarterly basis with maturity upto February 2029. As per the agreements, the Bank has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP.
- 16.8 In accordance with rupee based discounting scheme under IERS, the Bank has entered into musharaka agreements for financing with the SBP for extending export finance to the customers. The average profit rates on this facility range from 0.5% to 2% (2022: 0.5% to 2%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto 180 days from the date of grant. As per the agreements, the Bank has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP.
- **16.9** This represents borrowing from State Bank of Pakistan under open market operation. The average profit rates on these borrowing ranges from 22.10% to 23% (2022: 16.09% to 16.24%) per annum having maturity in January 2024.
- **16.10** This represents borrowing from Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company (PMRC). The average profit rate on this borrowing ranging 8.75% to 20.86% (2022: 8.75% to 13.61%) per annum having maturity in June 2026.
- **16.11** This represents Musharaka acceptance on profit and loss sharing basis. The expected rates on these deal ranges from 21.70% to 22% (2022: 16.00% to 16.15%) per annum having maturity in January 2024.
- **16.12** Details and nature of securities pledged as collateral against due to financial institution are given in note 10.3 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es '000
16.13 Particulars of due to financial institutions with respect to currencies		
- in local currency	164,758,394	148,472,220
- in foreign currencies	2,128,409	1,662,176
	166,886,803	150,134,396

For the year ended December 31, 2023

17 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

		2023			2022			
	In local currency	In foreign currencies	Total	In local currency	In foreign currencies	Total		
			Rup	ees '000				
Customers								
Current deposits	271,673,365	30,468,754	302,142,119	233,289,655	26,500,047	259,789,702		
Savings deposits	246,343,937	21,489,149	267,833,086	207,105,501	23,004,040	230,109,541		
Term deposits	244,250,942	1,484,842	245,735,784	154,758,216	887,679	155,645,895		
Margin deposits	12,175,267	48,071	12,223,338	7,661,317	229,752	7,891,069		
	774,443,511	53,490,816	827,934,327	602,814,689	50,621,518	653,436,207		
Financial institution	าร							
Current deposits	11,726,778	275,306	12,002,084	9,405,616	65,052	9,470,668		
Savings deposits	169,738,779	-	169,738,779	118,138,305	-	118,138,305		
Term deposits	8,600,547	-	8,600,547	525,550	-	525,550		
	190,066,104	275,306	190,341,410	128,069,471	65,052	128,134,523		
	964,509,615	53,766,122	1,018,275,737	730,884,160	50,686,570	781,570,730		
				Note	2023	2022		

17.1 Composition of deposits

- individuals	177,379,755	141.563.384
- government (Federal and Provincial)	29,697,729	20,622,004
- public sector entities	42,137,269	19,009,076
- banking companies	12,081,399	5,902,607
- non-banking financial institutions	178,260,011	122,231,916
- private sector	578,719,574	472,241,743
17.1.1	1,018,275,737	781,570,730

17.1.1 These include deposits eligible to be covered under insurance arrangements amounting to Rs 522,349 million (2022: Rs. 440,635 million).

At January 1,

2023

18 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES / (ASSETS)

Taxable temporary differences on:

- surplus on revaluation of fixed assets
- surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets
- surplus on revaluation of investments
- fair value adjustment relating to net assets acquired upon amalgamation
- accelerated tax depreciation

Deductible temporary differences on:

- provision for diminution in the value of investments
- provision against advances, off balance sheet etc.
- provision against other assets

Rupe	es 000	
(137,998)	274,669	2,093,908
-	610	16,201
-	4,609,997	3,217,694
-	(13,163)	180,916
310,711	-	350,473
172,713	4,872,113	5,859,192
(891,157)	-	(847,159)
60,852	-	20,472
(1,338)	-	(125,297)
(831,643)	-	(951,984)
(658,930)	4,872,113	4,907,208
	(137,998) - - 310,711 172,713 (891,157) 60,852 (1,338) (831,643)	- 610 - (13,163) <u>310,711</u> - 172,713 4,872,113 (891,157) - 60,852 - (1,338) - (831,643) -

2023

Recognised in

OCI / Equity

At December

31, 2023

Recognised in

P&L

------Rupees '000------

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		2	022	
	At January 1, 2022	Recognised in P&L	Recognised in OCI / Equity	At December 31, 2022
:		Rupe	es '000	
S	1,527,939	(73,379)	502,677	1,957,237
ig assets	14,113	-	1,478	15,591
S	71,350	_	(1,463,653)	(1,392,303)
issets acquired			(· · ·)	, · · · ,
	208,056	-	(13,977)	194,079
	2,294	37,468	-	39,762
	1,823,752	(35,911)	(973,475)	814,366
on:				
of investments	(31,811)	75,809	-	43,998
nce sheet etc.	(1,059,541)	1,019,161	-	(40,380)
	(140,068)	16,109	-	(123,959)
	(1,231,420)	1,111,079	-	(120,341)
	592,332	1,075,168	(973,475)	694,025

- surplus on revaluation of fixed assets
- surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets
- surplus on revaluation of investments
- fair value adjustment relating to net assets acquired upon amalgamation
- accelerated tax depreciation

Deductible temporary differences o

- provision for diminution in the value of investments
- provision against advances, off balance sheet etc.
- provision against other assets

40		Note	2023	2022
19	OTHER LIABILITIES		Rupees '000	
	Return on deposits and other dues:			
	- payable in local currency		13,233,050	6,735,294
	- payable in foreign currencies		9,728	5,357
	Unearned commission and income on bills discounted		1,496,869	986,281
	Accrued expenses		6,392,588	3,279,114
	Acceptances	14	13,152,356	6,930,359
	Dividend payable including unclaimed dividends		344,271	256,594
	Mark to market loss on forward foreign exchange contracts		664,315	46,611
	Current taxation (provision less payments)		3,219,685	1,081,615
	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations	19.1	91,297	87,700
	Charity fund payable	19.2	93,385	44
	Withholding tax payable		261,322	283,547
	Federal excise duty payable		159,996	90,817
	Payable to brokers against purchase of shares		91,311	1,235,367
	Fair value of derivatives		1,657,226	1,507,683
	Payable related to credit cards and other products		540,153	108,909
	Lease liability against right-of-use assets		12,868,103	11,827,762
	Funds held as security		321,357	288,573
	Payable to 1Link		595,002	359,297
	Takaful payable		59,974	60,888
	Clearing and settlement accounts		17,570,738	14,940,611
	Others		432,246	447,928
			73,254,972	50,560,351
19.1	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations			
	Opening balance		87,700	104,894
	Charge for the year		3,597	3,596
	Reversals during the year		-	(20,790)
		31	3,597	(17,194)
	Closing balance		91,297	87,700

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		2023	2022
		Rupees '000	
19.2	Charity fund balance		
	Opening balance	199,678	42,956
	Additions during the year		
	Received from customers on account of delayed payment	174,388	188,806
	Profit from residual (ring-fenced) non-shariah compliant portfolio	86,702	-
	Non-shariah compliant income on account of:		
	i) Divident Purification amount	4,919	-
	ii) Shariah non-compliant transactions	5,408	8,713
	Profit on charity saving account	15,879	5,256
		287,296	202,775
	Payments / utilisation during the year		
	Education	77,000	12,000
	Health	80,000	10,000
	Social work	50,000	24,053
		207,000	46,053
	Closing balance	279,974	199,678

19.2.1 The balance in Charity's savings account is Rs. 186.589 million (2022: Rs. 199.634 million).

19.2.2 Charity paid through savings account during the year is Rs. 207 million (2022: Rs. 46.053 million). Charity of Rs. 500,000 or higher was paid to the following organisations:

	2023	2022
	Rupe	ees '000
Saylani Welfare Trust	25,000	5,000
Patients' Aid Foundation	23,000	-
The Citizens Foundation	20,000	5,500
Indus Hospital & Health Network	20,000	5,000
SIUT	20,000	-
Habib University	16,000	-
Alamgir Welfare Trust	15,000	5,000
IM Sciences	10,000	-
Professional Education Foundation	8,000	-
Patients' Behbud Society for AKUH	7,000	-
Bait us Salam Welfare Trust	5,000	5,000
IBA CEIF	5,000	-
IoBM	5,000	-
Fatima Jinnah Medical College	5,000	-
Islamic International University	5,000	-
Karachi Down Syndrome Program (KDSP)	5,000	-
Dawat-e-Islami	5,000	-
Pakistan Children's Heart Foundation	5,000	-
Jamiat Taleem ul Quran	3,000	-
CEIF IM Sciences, Peshawar	-	5,000
Pink Ribbon Pakistan	-	5,000
Akhuwat Foundation	-	5,000
Rations Bags (For Flood Victims)	-	4,053
Developments in Literacy	-	1,500

There were no charity disbursement to related parties of the Bank.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

20 SHARE CAPITAL

20.1 Authorised capital

	2023	2022		2023	2022
	Number	of shares		Rupe	ès '000
	2,200,000,000	2,200,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	22,000,000	22,000,000
20.2	Issued, subscrib	ed and paid up			
	2023	2022		2023	2022
	Number	of shares	Ordinany abayas	Rupe	es '000
			Ordinary shares		
	201,451,420	201,451,420	Fully paid in cash	2,014,514	2,014,514
	1,298,772,879	1,298,772,879	Issued as bonus shares	12,987,729	12,987,729
	17,472,226	17,472,226	Issued for consideration other than cash	174,722	174,722
	1,517,696,525	1,517,696,525		15,176,965	15,176,965

20.2.1 As at December 31, 2023, Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (closed) (the parent company of the Bank) directly and indirectly holds 1,013,473,709 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each (2022: 1,013,473,709 ordinary shares).

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
21	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF TAX			
	Surplus/ (deficit) on revaluation of: - available for sale securities - fixed assets - non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims Deferred tax on surplus/ (deficit) on revaluation of: - available for sale securities - fixed assets - non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	10.1 21.1 21.2 21.1 21.2	6,566,723 12,176,979 1,735,172 20,478,874 (3,217,694) (2,093,908) (16,201) (5,327,803)	(3,237,915) 12,341,050 2,126,204 11,229,339 1,392,303 (1,957,237) (15,591) (580,525)
			15,151,071	10,648,814
21.1	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets			
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at January 1 Recognised during the year Surplus realised on disposal during the year Transferred from surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental depreciation charged during the year Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at December 31	21.2	12,341,050 - - 117,557 (281,628) 12,176,979	7,220,789 5,295,886 (4,977) (170,648) 12,341,050
	Less: related deferred tax liability on: - revaluation as at January 1 - revaluation recognised during the year - impact of change in rate of tax - transferred from surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets - incremental depreciation charged during the year		(1,957,237) - (273,103) (1,566) 137,998 (2,093,908) 10,083,071	(1,527,939) (502,677) - - 73,379 (1,957,237) 10,383,813

Notes to and forming part of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
21.2	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Surplus on revaluation as at January 1 De-recognised / recognised during the year Transferred to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Surplus on revaluation as at December 31	14.1.1 21.1	2,126,204 (273,475) (117,557) 1,735,172	1,271,247 854,957 - 2,126,204
	Less: related deferred tax liability on: - revaluation as at January 1 - Transferred to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - impact of change in rate of tax - revaluation recognised during the year		(15,591) 1,566 (2,176) - (16,201) 1,718,971	(14,113) - - (1,478) (15,591) 2,110,613
22	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	Guarantees Commitments Other contingent liabilities	22.1 22.2 22.3	39,050,948 225,759,797 4,122,244 268,932,989	38,920,372 168,295,114 4,122,244 211,337,730
22.1	Guarantees			
	Financial guarantees Performance guarantees Other guarantees		4,523,565 9,201,571 25,325,812 39,050,948	5,725,594 12,053,909 21,140,869 38,920,372
22.2	Commitments			
	Documentary credits and short-term trade-related transactions - letters of credit		80,258,955	52,543,910
	Commitments in respect of: - forward foreign exchange contracts - forward government securities transactions	22.2.1 22.2.2	65,125,446 73,777,500	57,184,237 41,226,248
	 derivatives - cross currency rate swaps (notional principal) extending credit (irrevocable) 	22.2.3 22.5	1,678,515 3,429,739	1,510,401 15,473,238
	Commitments for acquisition of: - operating fixed assets - intangible assets		1,180,860 <u>308,782</u> 225,759,797	193,455 163,625 168,295,114
22.2.1	Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contra	cts		
	Purchase Sale		55,514,935 9,610,511 65,125,446	50,919,583 6,264,654 57,184,237
22.2.2	2 Commitments in respect of forward government securities tr	ansactions		
	Purchase Sale		73,777,500	35,400,890 5,825,358
			73,777,500	41,226,248

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
22.2.3	Commitments in respect of derivatives			
	Sale	23	1,678,515	1,510,401
22.3	Other contingent liabilities			
	Suit filed by a customer for recovery of alleged losses suffered which is pending in the Honourable High Court of Sindh. The Bank's legal			
	advisors are confident that the Bank has a strong case		2,510,000	2,510,000
	Indemnity issued favouring the Honorable High Court in one of the case	S	457,543	457,543
	Tax liability of gain on bargain purchase on the acquisition of ex-RBS Pakistan	22.3.1	1,154,701 4,122,244	1,154,701 4,122,244

22.3.1 Income tax assessments of the Bank have been finalised upto the tax year 2023 (accounting year ended December 31, 2022). Income tax return for tax year 2024 (accounting year ended December 31, 2023) will be filed by the Bank within stipulated timeline.

The department and the Bank has disagreement on a matter relating to taxability of gain on bargain purchase on the acquisition of ex-RBS Pakistan. The additional tax liability on the matter amounts to Rs. 1,154.701 million (December 31, 2022: Rs. 1,154.701 million). The Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [(CIR(A)] had deleted the said additional tax liability, however the income tax department had filed an appeal with the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order of CIR(A). During the current period, the ATIR passed an order and maintained the decision of the CIR(A) in favour of the Bank that gain on bargain purchase is not taxable. Subsequently, the department has challenged the order in Honourable High Court of Sindh. However, the management of the Bank is confident that the matter will be decided in the Bank's favour and accordingly, no provision has been recorded in these unconsolidated financial statements in respect of this matter.

22.4 There are certain claims against the Bank not acknowledged as debt amounting to Rs 29,647 million (December 31, 2022: Rs 29,453 million). These mainly represent counter claims filed by the borrowers for restricting the Bank from disposal of assets (such as mortgaged / pledged assets kept as security), cases where the Bank was proforma defendant for defending its interest in the underlying collateral kept by it at the time of financing, certain cases filed by exemployees of the Bank for damages sustained by them consequent to the termination from the Bank's employment and cases for damages towards opportunity losses suffered by the customers due to non-disbursements of running finance facility as per the agreed terms. The above also includes an amount of Rs 25,299 million (December 31, 2022: 25,299 million) in respect of a suit filed against the Bank for declaration, recovery of monies, release of securities, rendition of account and damages.

Based on legal advice and / or internal assessments, the management is confident that the above matters will be decided in the Bank's favour and accordingly no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

22.5 Commitments to extend credits

The Bank makes commitments to extend credit (including to related parties) in the normal course of its business but these being revocable commitments do not attract any significant penalty or expense if the facilities are unilaterally withdrawn except for Rs. 3,430 million (2022: Rs. 15,743 million) which are irrevocable in nature.

		2023	2022
23	DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	Rupe	es '000
	Cross currency swaps (notional principal)	1,678,515	1,510,401

Derivative instruments, such as forward rate agreements, cross currency swaps and FX options, are forward transactions that provide market making opportunities / hedge against the adverse movement of exchange rates. Derivatives business provides risk solutions for the existing and potential customers of the Bank. All derivative transactions are governed by "The Financial Derivatives Business Regulations" (FDBR) issued by the SBP.

Notes to and forming part of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

23.1 Product analysis

	2023	
Counterparties	Cross currency swaps	
		Mark to market
	principal	loss
	101.966	(139,900)
	101,000	(139,900)
	-	-
	1,576,649	(1,517,326)
	_	
	1 678 515	(1,657,226)
	1,070,010	(1,007,220)
	2	022
	Cross currency swaps	
		Mark to market
	principal	loss
	-	-
	- 209,709	- (281,984)
	- 209,709	- (281,984)
	- 209,709 -	- (281,984) -
	-	
	- 209,709 - 1,300,692	- (281,984) - (1,225,699)
	-	
	-	
		Cross cur Notional principal - 101,866 - 1,576,649 - 1,678,515 2 Cross curr Notional

23.2 Maturity analysis

	2023				
Remaining maturity	No. of contracts	Notional	Mark to market		
		principal	Negative	Positive	Net
		Rupees '000			
Upto 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-
3 to 6 months	-	-	-	-	-
6 months to 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 2 years	6	798,467	(1,897,025)	1,120,085	(776,940)
2 to 3 years	4	880,048	(3,975,920)	3,095,634	(880,286)
3 to 5 years	-	-	-	-	-
5 to 10 years	-	-	-	-	-
Above 10 years	-	-	-	-	-
Total		1,678,515	(5,872,945)	4,215,719	(1,657,226)

For the year ended December 31, 2023

			2022		
Remaining maturity	No. of	Notional	Mark to market		
	contracts	principal	Negative	Positive	Net
			Rupee	es '000	
Upto 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-
3 to 6 months	-	-	-	-	-
6 months to 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 2 years	-	-	-	-	-
2 to 3 years	6	810,638	(2,232,715)	1,411,141	(821,574)
3 to 5 years	4	699,763	(4,217,089)	3,530,980	(686,109)
5 to 10 years	-	-	-	-	-
Above 10 years	-	-	-	-	-
Total		1,510,401	(6,449,804)	4,942,121	(1,507,683)

23.3 Risk management policies related to derivatives are discussed in note 44.6 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

		2023	2022	
24	PROFIT / RETURN EARNED	Rupees '000		
	On:	00 000 070		
	Financing	92,880,378	52,767,525	
	Investments	95,617,084	49,475,306	
	Due from financial institutions	936,557	1,732,956	
	Balances with banks	7,527	4,156	
	Securities purchased under resale agreements	6,865 189,448,411	541,061 104,521,004	
25	PROFIT / RETURN EXPENSED	100,440,411	104,021,004	
	On:			
	Deposits	87,594,280	43,550,703	
	Due to financial institutions	23,530,948	15,962,543	
	Lease liability against right-of-use assets	1,528,718	1,260,134	
	Cost of foreign currency swaps against foreign currency deposits / dues	5,741,225	3,759,788	
		118,395,171	64,533,168	
26	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME			
	Branch banking customer fees	1,099,862	964,381	
	Consumer finance related fees	610,434	578,091	
	Card related fees	4,143,876	3,179,024	
	Credit related fees	38,206	10,904	
	Investment banking fees	199,745	283,990	
	Commission on trade	688,918	595,804	
	Commission on guarantees	180,385	174,220	
	Commission on cash management	156,281	92,721	
	Commission on remittances including home remittances	902,831	579,014	
	Commission on bancatakaful	123,196	183,465	
	Commission on sale of funds unit	267,018	173,173	
	Others	106,778	60,834	
27	LOSS ON SECURITIES	8,517,530	6,875,621	
	Realised:	(0.5.5.1.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.	(0.5.5.)	
	Federal Government securities	(207,182)	(238,170)	
	Shares	(1,735,426)	(1,300,500)	
	Open end mutual funds	31	19,762	
	Associates	29,420	(40,747)	

(1,913,157)

(1,559,655)

		Note	2023	2022
		-	Rupee	s '000
28	OTHER INCOME			
	Bant on property		077 070	017 114
	Rent on property Gain on disposal of fixed assets - net		277,279 22,088	217,114 52,758
	Notice pay		6,330	470
	Others		891	8,200
			306,588	278,542
29	OPERATING EXPENSES			210,012
	Total compensation expense	29.2	16,012,753	10,783,444
	Property expense			
	Rent and taxes		297,055	341,935
	Takaful		123,945	85,761
	Utilities cost		1,846,066	1,408,082
	Security (including guards)		1,613,352	1,120,494
	Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges)		1,104,179	784,910
	Depreciation on owned fixed assets	12.2.4	847,284	584,537
	Depreciation on non-banking assets	14.1.1	4,643	4,965
	Depreciation on right-of-use assets	12.2.4	1,923,327	1,627,911
	Others		274,695	167,284
	Information technology expenses		8,034,546	6,125,879
	Software maintenance		3,822,327	2,343,230
	Hardware maintenance		578,808	323,188
	Depreciation	12.2.4	609,599	369,593
	Amortisation	13.2	325,452	221,524
	Network charges		312,967	273,271
	Others		-	_
			5,649,153	3,530,806
	Other operating expenses			
	Directors' fees and allowances	38.2	184,480	129,120
	Legal and professional charges		430,972	158,199
	Outsourced services costs - staff	35.1	795,756	525,761
	Travelling and conveyance		356,727	188,485
	NIFT clearing charges	10.0.4	76,531	63,024
	Depreciation	12.2.4	688,131	528,834
	Training and development Postage and courier charges		110,151 269,370	23,282 246,340
	Communication		1,185,590	357,057
	Marketing, advertisement and publicity		2,023,942	1,085,304
	Donations	29.3	113,215	88,257
	Auditors remuneration	29.4	38,660	53,935
	Takaful		759,364	753,404
	Stationery and printing		665,359	569,183
	Bank fees and charges		245,215	128,493
	Brokerage and commission		32,881	46,169
	Deposit protection premium		705,017	603,993
	Credit card bonus points redemption		392,182	214,209
	Others		1,030,804	792,136
			10,104,347	6,555,185
			39,800,799	26,995,314

For the year ended December 31, 2023

29.1 Cost of outsourced activities is Rs. 556.103 million (2022: Rs. 207.027 million). This includes payments other than outsourced services costs, which are disclosed above. Total cost of outsourced activities for the year given to related parties is Rs. Nil (2022: Rs. Nil). Outsourcing shall have the same meaning as specified in Annexure-I of BPRD Circular No. 06 of 2017. Material outsourcings done by the Bank are listed below:

	S.No	Name of outsourced agency	Nature of servi	се	Estimated cost (Rupees '000)
	1	Euronet Pakistan Private Limited	Credit cards, debit cards, prep ATMs switch system host	aid cards and	327,884
				2023	2022
				Rupe	es '000
29.2	Total c	ompensation expense			
	i) Fixed ii) Variat			5,883,783	4,598,809
	a) C b) C	hich : ash bonus / awards, etc. ommission incentives		3,160,887 1,308,950	1,090,011 909,229
	-	for defined benefit plan		264,900	225,554
		ution to defined contribution plan house maintenance		385,131 1,823,166	284,039 1,445,412
	Utilities	nouse maintenance		442,915	348,624
	Medical			347,529	276,651
	Takaful			571,737	350,106
	Convey	ance		1,692,025	1,176,563
	Others			131,730	77,246
	Sub-to			16,012,753	10,782,244
	Sign-on	bonus		-	1,200
	Grand	Total		16,012,753	10,783,444
29.3	Donati	ons made during the year were as follo	ws:		
	Donee				
	Waqf Fa	aisal (Trust)		113,215	88,257

29.3.1 The President and Chief Executive Officer of the Bank is acting as trustee of Waqf Faisal (Trust). No other interest of any of the directors or their spouses exists.

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
29.4	Auditors' remuneration			
	Statutory audit fee		6,954	4,590
	Fee for the consolidated financial statements		2,622	2,052
	Fee for other statutory certifications		6,498	5,724
	Fee for the quarterly and the annual group reportings		15,333	16,894
	Fee for the review of the half yearly financial statements		1,653	1,296
	Fee for the audit of employee funds		285	189
	Special certifications and sundry advisory services		-	4,254
	Tax services		-	14,051
	Out-of-pocket expenses		5,315	4,885
			38,660	53,935
30	OTHER CHARGES			
	Penalties imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan		119,148	37,349
31	PROVISIONS AND WRITE-OFFS - NET			
	Provision / (reversal of provision) for diminution in value of investments	10.4.1	549,892	(167,637)
	Provision / (reversal of provision) against financing	11.5	728,239	(457,485)
	Provision / (reversal of provision) against other assets	14.2.1	2,326	(30,336)
	Bad debts written off directly	11.6	45,511	128,431
	Recoveries of written off / charged off bad debts Provision / (reversal of provision) against off balance sheet obligations	19.1	(457,163) 3,597	(383,214) (17,194)
	Impairment / (reversal of impairment) for non-banking assets	14.1.1	41,525	(12,596)
			913,927	(940,031)
			/ -	()
32	TAXATION			
	Current		21,287,669	11,121,570
	Prior years		746,856	(1,036,606)
	Deferred	18	(658,930)	1,075,168
			21,375,595	11,160,132
32.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit			
	Profit before tax		41,421,534	22,393,300
	Tax calculated at the rate of 49% (2022: 49%)		20,296,552	10,972,717
	Effect of: - permanent differences		188,525	76,307
	- prior year charge		746,856	26,000
	- others		143,662	85,108
	Tax charge for the year		21,375,595	11,160,132
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
33	BASIC / DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Profit for the year	20,045,939	11,233,168
		Number in thou	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	1,517,697	1,517,697
		Rup)ees
	Basic earnings per share	13.21	7.40

33.1 Diluted earnings per share has not been presented as the Bank does not have any convertible instruments in issue at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 which would have any effect on the earnings per share if the option to convert is exercised.

		Note	2023	2022
		-	Rupee	es '000
34	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and balance with treasury banks	7	84,036,558	56,130,549
	Balance with other banks	8	1,812,399	2,785,035
	Overdrawn nostros	16	(2,128,409)	(1,662,176)
			83,720,548	57,253,408

	2023	2022
STAFF STRENGTH	Number of	employees
Permanent	8,751	7,974
On Bank's contract	36	37
Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year	8,787	8,011

35.1 In addition to the above, 1,297 (2022: 1,198) employees of outsourcing services companies were assigned to the Bank as at the end of the year to perform services other than guarding and janitorial services.

36 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

36.1 General description

35

The Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees and employees who are on contractual service in non-management cadre. The benefits under the gratuity schemes are payable on retirement at the age of 60 years or earlier cessation of service in lumpsum. The benefits are equal to one month's last drawn basic salary for each year of eligible service or part thereof. The minimum qualifying eligible service for gratuity is 1 year for employees who became members of the Funds before November 12, 2002. In the case of other members of the Funds the minimum qualifying eligible service is 5 years. The minimum qualifying eligible service for contractual employees not employed under the management cadre is 6 months. The latest actuarial valuation of the Bank's defined benefit plan, based on the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method, was carried out as at December 31, 2023.

The balance of conventional sub-funds has been transferred to islamic sub-fund.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		2023	2022
		Number of	employees
36.2	Number of employees under the scheme		
	The number of employees covered under the following defined benefit scheme are:		
	- Gratuity fund	8,787	8,011

36.3 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuations were carried out as at December 31, 2023 using the following significant assumptions:

			2023	2022
			% per	annum
	Discount rate Expected rate of return on plan assets Expected rate of salary increase		16.00 16.00 16.00	14.50 14.50 14.50
		Note	2023	2022
36.4	Reconciliation of payable to defined benefit plan		Rupe	es '000
30.4	Reconcination of payable to defined benefit plan			
	Present value of obligations	36.5	1,869,596	1,418,129
	Fair value of plan assets	36.6	(1,960,402)	(1,586,954)
			(90,806)	(168,825)
36.5	Movement in defined benefit obligations			
	Obligations at the beginning of the year		1,418,129	1,189,884
	Current service cost		287,777	238,666
	Return expense		217,980	149,654
	Benefits paid by the Bank		(90,692)	(110,108)
	Re-measurement gain		36,402	(49,967)
	Obligations at the end of the year		1,869,596	1,418,129
36.6	Movement in fair value of plan assets			
	Fair value at the beginning of the year		(1,586,954)	(1,317,669)
	Return income on plan assets		(240,857)	(162,766)
	Contribution by the Bank - net		(98,287)	(215,942)
	Benefits paid by the Bank		90,692	110,108
	Re-measurements loss / (gain) :			
	Net return on plan assets excluding amounts included in return income	36.8.2	(124,996)	(685)
	Fair value at the end of the year		(1,960,402)	(1,586,954)

For the year ended December 31, 2023

36.7 Movement in (receivable) / payable under defined benefit scheme Image: Controlution by the Bank - net (168,825) (127,785) Charge for the year 264,900 (25,554 (215,942) (50,652) Closing balance (90,806) (168,825) (50,652) (50,652) Closing balance (90,806) (168,825) (168,825) (50,652) 36.8 Charge for defined benefit plans 36.8.1 Cost recognised in profit and loss (168,827) (23,877) (238,666) Current service cost Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability (28,777) (238,666) (13,112) (264,900) (225,554) 36.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year (60,673) 8,593 (3,554) (50,652) 36.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year (63,673) 8,593 (58,560) Glain) / loss on obligation -			Note	2023	2022
Opening balance(1168,825)(127,785)Charge for the year264,900225,554Contribution by the Bank - net(88,594)(50,652)Re-measurement (gain) / loss recognised in OCI during the year36.8.2(98,887)Closing balance(98,867)(108,825)36.8Charge for defined benefit plans(88,594)(108,825)36.8.1Cost recognised in profit and loss287,777238,666Current service cost(22,877)(13,112)226,4900Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability(22,877)(13,112)284,900225,554225,55436.8.2Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year6,0738,593				Rupe	es '000
Charge for the year2264,900225,554Contribution by the Bank - net(98,287)(215,942)Re-measurement (gain) / loss recognised in OCI during the year36.8.2(88,594)(50,652)36.8Charge for defined benefit plans(90,806)(168,825)36.8.1Cost recognised in profit and loss287,777238,666Current service cost287,777(13,112)Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability(22,877)(13,112)264,900225,554225,55436.8.2Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year(60,073)8,593(Gain) / loss on obligationfinancial assumptionsfinancial assumptions-(124,996)(685)-return expense over interest income(124,996)(685)(50,652)36.9Components of plan assets(33,530)421,285421,285SharesShares824402327,575278,888	36.7	Movement in (receivable) / payable under defined benefit sche	me		
Contribution by the Bank - net Re-measurement (gain) / loss recognised in OCI during the year36.8.2(98,287) (88,594)(215,942) (50,652)36.8Charge for defined benefit plans36.8.1Cost recognised in profit and loss(168,825)36.8.1Cost recognised in profit and loss287,777 (13,112) 2264,900238,666 (113,112) 225,55436.8.2Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year36.8.2(287,777 (13,112) 2264,900238,666 (13,112) 225,55436.8.2Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year36.8.2(Gain) / loss on obligation (10,110)<				(168,825)	(127,785)
Re-measurement (gain) / loss recognised in OCI during the year36.8.2(88,594)(50,652)36.8Charge for defined benefit plans(168,825)(168,825)36.8.1Cost recognised in profit and loss287,777238,666Current service cost287,777238,666(113,112)Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability225,5542284,900225,55436.8.2Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year(Gain) / loss on obligation </th <th></th> <th>Charge for the year</th> <th></th> <th>264,900</th> <th>225,554</th>		Charge for the year		264,900	225,554
Closing balance(90,806)(168,825)36.8.Charge for defined benefit plans36.8.1Cost recognised in profit and loss36.8.1Cost recognised in profit and loss287,777238,666Current service cost287,777(13,112)264,900225,55436.8.2Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year(Gain) / loss on obligation		Contribution by the Bank - net		(98,287)	(215,942)
36.8 Charge for defined benefit plans 36.8.1 Cost recognised in profit and loss Current service cost 287,777 Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability 284,900 225,554 264,900 36.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year (Gain) / loss on obligation - - demographic assumptions - financial assumptions - financial assumptions - experience adjustment Return on plan assets over interest income (124,996) Total re-measurements recognised in OCI (88,594) 36.9 Components of plan assets Cash and cash equivalents - net 33,530 Ijarah sukuks 1,598,473 Shares 824 Mutual funds 327,575			36.8.2		
36.8.1 Cost recognised in profit and loss287,777 238,666 (22,877) (13,112) 264,900238,666 (13,112) 225,55436.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the yearKe return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability287,777 (2,877) (2,877) (2,877) (2,877) (2,877)238,666 (13,112) (22,55436.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the yearKe return expensed on defined benefit asset / liabilityKe return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability287,777 (2,877) (2,877) (2,877) (2,877) (2,877)238,666 (13,112) (22,55436.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the yearKe return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability287,777 (13,112) (2,877)238,666 (13,112) (25,55436.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the yearKe return on plan assets over interest income (124,996)6,073 (6,855) (124,996)8,593 (58,560) (6,855) (50,652)36.9 Components of plan assetsKe return on plan assets33,530 (1,598,473) (1,598,473) (88,379) (824) (402) (327,575)421,285 (88,379) (824) (402) (27,8,88)		Closing balance		(90,806)	(168,825)
Current service cost Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability287,777 (22,877) (32,873) (58,593) (58,593) (58,593) (58,594) (50,652)286,973 (33,530) (421,285) (50,652)36.9Components of plan assets (garch sukuks shares Mutual funds33,530 (421,285) (88,594) (50,652)	36.8	Charge for defined benefit plans			
Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability(22,877) 264,900(13,112) 225,55436.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year(Gain) / loss on obligation - demographic assumptions - financial assumptions - experience adjustment (Gain) / loss on obligation - demographic assumptions - financial assumptions - experience adjustment Return on plan assets over interest income Total re-measurements recognised in OCI(124,996) (88,594)(58,560) (50,652)36.9 Components of plan assets ljarah sukuks Shares Mutual fundsCash and cash equivalents - net ljarah sukuks Shares33,530 824 402 227,575421,285 278,888	36.8.1	Cost recognised in profit and loss			
36.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year264,900225,554(Gain) / loss on obligation - demographic assumptions - financial assumptions - experience adjustment experience adjustment Total re-measurements recognised in OCI6,0738,59336.9 Components of plan assets ljarah sukuks Shares Mutual funds33,530421,285. Cash and cash equivalents - net ljarah sukuks Shares33,530421,285. Mutual funds327,575278,888		Current service cost		287,777	238,666
36.8.2 Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year(Gain) / loss on obligation - demographic assumptions - financial assumptions - experience adjustment <td></td> <th>Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability</th> <td></td> <td>(22,877)</td> <td>(13,112)</td>		Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability		(22,877)	(13,112)
(Gain) / loss on obligation - demographic assumptions - financial assumptions - experience adjustment experience adjustment6,0738,593- experience adjustment30,329(58,560)Return on plan assets over interest income Total re-measurements recognised in OCI(124,996)(685)36.9Components of plan assets(50,652)36.9Components of plan assets33,530421,285Jarah sukuks Jjarah sukuks Shares Mutual funds33,530421,285Mutual funds327,575278,888				264,900	225,554
(Gain) / loss on obligation - demographic assumptions - financial assumptions - experience adjustment experience adjustment6,0738,593- experience adjustment30,329(58,560)Return on plan assets over interest income Total re-measurements recognised in OCI(124,996)(685)36.9Components of plan assets(50,652)36.9Components of plan assets33,530421,285Jarah sukuks Jjarah sukuks Shares Mutual funds33,530421,285Mutual funds327,575278,888					
 demographic assumptions financial assumptions experience adjustment experience adjustment experience adjustment financial assumptions experience adjustment gassets over interest income (124,996) (685) (50,652) 36.9 Components of plan assets Cash and cash equivalents - net garah sukuks shares Shares Mutual funds 	36.8.2	Re-measurements recognised in OCI during the year			
 financial assumptions experience adjustment experience adjustment go (58,560) (124,996) (124,996) (685) (124,996) (685) (50,652) 36.9 Components of plan assets Cash and cash equivalents - net (13,530) (121,285) (11,24,285) (11,24,996) (12,4,996) (12,4,996)<td></td><th>(Gain) / loss on obligation</th><td></td><td></td><td></td>		(Gain) / loss on obligation			
 experience adjustment experience adjustment 30,329 (58,560) (124,996) (685) (50,652) 36.9 Components of plan assets Cash and cash equivalents - net ljarah sukuks Shares Shares Mutual funds 30,329 (58,560) (124,996) (685) (50,652) (50,652		- demographic assumptions		-	-
Return on plan assets over interest income Total re-measurements recognised in OCI(124,996) (88,594)(685) (50,652)36.9Components of plan assetsCash and cash equivalents - net ljarah sukuks33,530 1,598,473421,285 886,379 824Shares Mutual funds824 327,575402 278,888		- financial assumptions		6,073	8,593
Total re-measurements recognised in OCI(88,594)(50,652)36.9Components of plan assets33,530421,285Cash and cash equivalents - net33,530421,285Ijarah sukuks1,598,473886,379Shares824402Mutual funds327,575278,888		- experience adjustment		30,329	(58,560)
36.9 Components of plan assets33,530Cash and cash equivalents - net33,530Ijarah sukuks1,598,473Shares824Mutual funds327,575278,888		Return on plan assets over interest income		(124,996)	(685)
Cash and cash equivalents - net33,530421,285Ijarah sukuks1,598,473886,379Shares824402Mutual funds327,575278,888		Total re-measurements recognised in OCI		(88,594)	(50,652)
Ijarah sukuks1,598,473886,379Shares824402Mutual funds327,575278,888	36.9	Components of plan assets			
Shares 824 402 Mutual funds 327,575 278,888		Cash and cash equivalents - net		33,530	421,285
Mutual funds 327,575 278,888		ljarah sukuks		1,598,473	886,379
		Shares			402
1.960.402 1.586.954		Mutual funds		327,575	278,888
.,				1,960,402	1,586,954

The funds are primarily invested in GOP Ijara Sukuks and mutual funds and accordingly do not carry any credit risk. These are subject to interest rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents includes balances maintained with the Bank which are subject to credit risk. Equity securities are subject to price risk which is being regularly monitored by the Trustees of the employee fund.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

36.10 Historical information

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
			Rupees '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(1,869,596)	(1,418,129)	(1,189,884)	(1,042,493)	(851,200)
Fair value of plan assets	1,960,402	1,586,954	1,317,669	1,106,698	732,386
Surplus / (deficit)	90,806	168,825	127,785	64,205	(118,814)
Remeasurement of plan liabilities	36,402	(49,967)	105,490	78,713	49,504
Remeasurement of plan assets	124,996	685	(41,910)	(15,343)	42,454

36.11 Sensitivity analysis

The analysis based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the gratuity liability recognised within the statement of financial position. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption should be summarised as illustrated below:

		2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
	1% increase in discount rate	(131,397)	(102,165)
	1% decrease in discount rate	149,748	116,642
	1% increase in expected rate of salary increase	152,716	118,901
	1% decrease in expected rate of salary increase	(136,223)	(105,889)
	1 year increase in expected life / withdrawal rate	(43,853)	(33,263)
	1 year decrease in expected life / withdrawal rate	39,198	29,733
36.12	Expected maturity analysis of undiscounted obligation		
	Less than a year	163,763	111,448
	Between 1-2 years	509,153	405,730
	Between 2-5 years	1,454,162	955,088
	Over 5 years	91,220,959	52,589,865
	Total	93,348,037	54,062,131
			2024 Rupees '000
36.13	Expected contributions to be paid to the scheme in the next financial year		353,387
36.14	Expected charge for the next financial year		353,387

36.15 Maturity profile

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 7.49 years.

36.16 Funding policy

The policy followed by the Bank in respect of the staff retirement benefit schemes is disclosed in note 6.11 of these unconsolidated financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

36.17 The gratuity scheme exposes the Bank to the following risks:

Asset volatility

The Defined Benefit Gratuity Islamic Fund is invested in Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund and Ijarah Sukuk. The investment is almost 16.71% (Rs. 328 million) for Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund while 81.54% (Rs. 1,598 million) for Ijarah Sukuk. Islamic Fund has not such investment in any Government Bonds and Corporate Bonds hence the asset volatility risk is lower.

Changes in bond yields

"There are two dimensions to the changes in Bond yields: first, as described above; second, the valuation of the Gratuity Liability is discounted with reference to these bond yields. So any increase in Bond yields will lower the Gratuity Liability and vice versa, but, it will also lower the Asset values.

Inflation risk

The salary inflation is the major risk that the gratuity fund liability carries. In a general economic sense and in a longer view, there is a case that if bond yields increase, the change in salary inflation generally offsets the gains from the decrease in discounted gratuity liability. But viewed with the fact that asset values will also decrease, the salary inflation does, as an overall affect, increases the net liability of the Bank.

Life expectancy / withdrawal rate

The Gratuity is paid off at the maximum of age 60. The Life expectancy is in almost minimal range and is quite predictable in the ages when the employee is in the accredited employment of the Bank for the purpose of the Gratuity. Thus, the risk of life expectancy is almost negligible. However, had a post- retirement benefit been given by the Bank like monthly pension, post-retirement medical etc., this would have been a significant risk which would have been quite difficult to value even by using advance mortality improvement models.

The withdrawal risk is dependent upon the: benefit structure; age and retention profile of the staff; the valuation methodology; and long-term valuation assumptions. In this case, it is not a significant risk.

Other risks

Though, not imminent and observable, over long term there are some risks that may crystallize. This includes:

- retention risk The risk that employee will not be motivated to continue the service or start working with the Bank if no market comparable retirement benefit is provided.
- final salary risk The risk, for defined benefit gratuity, that any disproportionate salary merit increases in later service years will give rise to multiplicative increase in the gratuity liability as such increase is applicable to all the past years of service.
- model risk The defined benefit gratuity liability is usually actuarially valued each year. Further, the assets in the Gratuity Fund are also marked to market. This two-tier valuation gives rise to the model risk.
- operational risk related to a separate entity Retirement benefits are funded through a separate trust fund which is a different legal entity than the Bank. Generally, the protocols, processes and conventions used throughout the Bank are not applicable or are not actively applied to the retirement benefit Funds. This gives rise to some specific operational risks.
- compliance risk The risk that retirement benefits offered by the Bank does not comply with minimum statutory requirements.
- legal/political risk The risk that the legal/political environment changes and the Bank is required to offer additional or different retirement benefits than what the Bank projected.

37 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Bank operates an approved funded contributory provident fund for all its permanent employees to which equal monthly contributions are made both by the Bank and the employees at the rate of 10% of the basic salary. The financial statements of the fund are separately prepared and are not included as part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

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38 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

	2023			
Particulars	Members Shariah Board	President & CEO	Key executives	Other material risk takers / Controllers
		Rupee	es '000	
Fees and allowances etc.	-	-	-	-
Managerial remuneration				
i) Fixed	19,220	84,081	210,796	380,437
ii) Total variable	11,448	107,898	204,378	245,781
of which :				-
a) Cash bonus / awards - paid	9,268	82,898	157,578	207,156
b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred	2,180	25,000	46,800	38,625
c) Bonus and awards in shares	-	-	-	-
Charge for defined benefit plan	1,397	7,006	11,693	21,235
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	8,408	10,354	24,512
Rent & house maintenance	269	4,875	63,144	114,234
Utilities	67	2,437	17,439	25,482
Medical	56	1,780	1,344	5,922
Conveyance	6,274	-	52,611	130,574
Sign on bonus	-	-	-	-
Others	-	4,857	2,462	32,560
Total	38,731	221,342	574,221	980,737
Number of persons	5	1	16	74
	2022			
	Members	President &	Key	Other material risk
Particulars	Shariah Board	CEO	executives	takers / Controllers
Particulars	Board	CEO		takers /
Particulars Fees and allowances etc.	Board			takers /
Fees and allowances etc.	Board			takers /
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration	Board			takers / Controllers -
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed	Board	Rupee -	s '000	takers / Controllers - 312,789
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed	Board - 17,176 5,628	Rupee - 73,195 70,000	s '000 - 181,795 136,500	takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable	Board - 17,176	Rupee - 73,195 70,000	s '000 - 181,795 136,500	takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which :	Board - 17,176 5,628	Rupee - 73,195 70,000	s '000 - 181,795 136,500	takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428 145,943
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500		takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428 145,943
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500		takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428 145,943 36,485 -
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares Charge for defined benefit plan	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363 1,265 -	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500 17,500 -	- 181,795 136,500 102,375 34,125 -	takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428 145,943 36,485 - 17,269
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363 1,265 -	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500 17,500 - 6,099	- 181,795 136,500 102,375 34,125 - 10,084	takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428 145,943 36,485 - 17,269 20,723
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363 1,265 - 1,210 -	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500 17,500 - 6,099 7,319	- 181,795 136,500 102,375 34,125 - 10,084 7,780	takers / Controllers 312,789 182,428 145,943 36,485 - 17,269 20,723 93,194
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363 1,265 - 1,210 - 278	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500 17,500 - 6,099 7,319 4,800	- 181,795 136,500 102,375 34,125 - 10,084 7,780 54,454	takers / Controllers 312,789 182,428 145,943 36,485 - 17,269 20,723 93,194 20,723
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities Medical	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363 1,265 - 1,210 - 278 69	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500 17,500 - 6,099 7,319 4,800 2,298	- 181,795 136,500 102,375 34,125 - 10,084 7,780 54,454 14,581	takers / Controllers 312,789 182,428 145,943 36,485 - 17,269 20,723 93,194 20,723 5,343
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities Medical Conveyance	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363 1,265 - 1,210 - 278 69 63	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500 17,500 - 6,099 7,319 4,800 2,298	- 181,795 136,500 102,375 34,125 - 10,084 7,780 54,454 14,581 1,347	takers / Controllers 312,789 182,428 145,943 36,485 - 17,269 20,723 93,194 20,723 5,343
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363 1,265 - 1,210 - 278 69 63	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500 17,500 - 6,099 7,319 4,800 2,298	- 181,795 136,500 102,375 34,125 - 10,084 7,780 54,454 14,581 1,347	takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428 145,943 36,485 - 17,269 20,723 93,194 20,723 5,343 107,318 -
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total variable of which : a) Cash bonus / awards - paid b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities Medical Conveyance Sign on bonus	Board - 17,176 5,628 4,363 1,265 - 1,210 - 278 69 63	Rupee - 73,195 70,000 52,500 17,500 - 6,099 7,319 4,800 2,298 739 - -		takers / Controllers - 312,789 182,428

38.1 The President & CEO is provided with the Bank's maintained cars in accordance with the terms of employment.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

38.2 Remuneration paid to directors for participation in board and committee meetings

				2023					
					Meeting fe	es and allowar	nces paid		
S.No.	Name of director	Board meetings	Recruitment, Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Board Strategy Committee	Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee	Board IT Committee	Board Risk Management Committee	Additional Fee to Chairman Committee	Total
					Rupee	s '000			
1	Mr. Farooq Rahmatullah Khan	3,200	-	2,400	-	-	-	1,120	6,720
2	Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	8,000	6,400	4,800	4,800	-	-	1,280	25,280
3	Mian Muhammad Younis	8,000	3,200	1,600	1,600	-	1,600	1,440	17,440
4	Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	7,200	-	1,600	-	-	3,200	640	12,640
5	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	8,000	6,400	4,800	4,800	-	-	-	24,000
6	Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	8,000	-		-	4,800	4,000	-	16,800
7	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	8,000	-		-	4,800	4,000	-	16,800
8	Mr. Ali Munir	8,000	3,200		4,800	2,400	1,600	1,120	21,120
9	Ms. Fatima Asad	8,000	5,600	3,200	-	-	-	-	16,800
10	Mr. Mohsin Tariq	7,200	2,400	2,400	3,200	2,400	-	-	17,600
11	Ms. Sadia Khan	4,000	2,400			2,400	-	480	9,280
	Total amount paid	77,600	29,600	20,800	19,200	16,800	14,400	6,080	184,480

				2022					
					Meeting fe	es and allowar	nces paid		
S.No.	Name of director	Board meetings	Recruitment, Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Board Strategy Committee	Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee	Board IT Committee	Board Risk Management Committee	Additional Fee to Chairman Committee	Total
-	-				Rupee	es '000			
1	Mr. Farooq Rahmatullah Khan	5,760	-	3,840	-	-	-	-	9,600
2	Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	5,600	4,800	3,200	3,200	-	-	-	16,800
3	Mian Muhammad Younis	4,800	4,000	-	3,840	-	3,200	-	15,840
4	Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	4,800	-	-	-	-	3,840	-	8,640
5	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	5,600	4,000	3,200	3,200	-	-	-	16,000
6	Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	5,600	-	-	-	3,200	3,200	-	12,000
7	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	5,600	-	-	-	3,200	3,200	-	12,000
8	Mr. Ali Munir	4,800	4,000	-	3,200	3,840	-	-	15,840
9	Ms. Fatima Asad	4,800	4,000	3,200	-	-	-	-	12,000
10	Mr. Mohsin Tariq	4,000		3,200	-	3,200	<u> </u>	-	10,400
	Total amount paid	51,360	20,800	16,640	13,440	13,440	13,440	<u> </u>	129,120

38.3 Remuneration paid to shariah board members

		2)23			20	22	
Description	Chairman	Resident member	Non- resident member	Shariah board member	Chairman	Resident member	Non- resident member	Shariah board member
				Rupee	es '000			
Fees and allowances etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Managerial remuneration								
i) Fixed	8,022	3,980	4,427	2,791	6,946	3,370	4,200	2,660
ii) Total variable	8,736	1,204	263	1,245	4,500	700	-	428
of which :								
a) Cash bonus / awards - paid	6,736	1,024	263	1,245	3,375	560	-	428
b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred	2,000	180	-	-	1,125	140	-	-
Charge for defined benefit plan	668	332	230	167	580	280	211	139
Rent & house maintenance	-	-	-	269	-	-	-	278
Utilities	-	-	-	67	-	-	-	69
Medical	-	-	-	56	-	-	-	63
Conveyance	3,600	1,685		989	3,600	1,407	-	872
Total	21,026	7,201	4,920	5,584	15,626	5,757	4,411	4,509
Number of persons	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2

For the year ended December 31, 2023

39 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities, fixed term deposits and borrowings cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for these assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

39.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

		202	23	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
On-balance sheet financial instruments		Rupee	s '000	
Financial assets - measured at fair value				
Federal Government securities	-	524,145,204	-	524,145,204
Shares	5,746,460	107,539	-	5,853,999
Non-Government debt securities	-	49,770,265	-	49,770,265
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments Non-Government debt securities (note 10.7.1)	_	6,779,489	-	6,779,489
Non-financial assets - measured at fair value Fixed assets (land and buildings) Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	-	-	17,855,189 2,667,419	17,855,189 2,667,419
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value Forward purchase of foreign exchange Forward sale of foreign exchange Derivatives sales	- -	55,514,935 9,610,511 1,678,515		55,514,935 9,610,511 1,678,515

For the year ended December 31, 2023

On-balance sheet financial instruments		202	22	
Financial assets - measured at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments		Rupee	s '000	
Federal Government securities	-	402,310,029	-	402,310,029
Shares	8,171,293	1,351,312	-	9,522,605
Non-Government debt securities	47,380,000	2,485,260	-	49,865,260
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value				
Investments				
Non-Government debt securities (note 10.7.1)	-	4,862,086	-	4,862,086
Non-financial assets - measured at fair value				
Fixed assets (land and buildings)	-	-	17,325,720	17,325,720
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	-	-	3,167,480	3,167,480
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value				
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	-	50,919,583	-	50,919,583
Forward sale of foreign exchange	-	6,264,654	-	6,264,654
Derivatives sales	-	1,510,401	-	1,510,401

The Bank's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of the different fair value hierarchy levels at the date when the event or change in circumstances require the Bank to exercise such transfers.

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values within level 2

Item	Valuation approach and input used
ljara Sukuk	Fair values of GoP Ijara Sukuk are derived using the PKISRV rates announced by the Financial Market Association (FMA) through Reuters. These rates denote an average of quotes received from different pre-defined / approved dealers / brokers.
Unlisted ordinary shares	Break-up value is determined on the basis of the NAV of the company using the latest available audited financial statements.
Sukuk Certificates	Fair values of Sukuk certificates are determined using the MUFAP or PSX rates.
Forward foreign exchange contracts	The valuation has been determined by interpolating the mark-to-market currency rates announced by the State Bank of Pakistan.
Derivative instruments	The Bank enters into derivative contracts with various counterparties. Derivatives that are valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are mainly cross currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations.
Mutual funds	Units of mutual funds are valued using the Net Asset Value (NAV) announced by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP).

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values within level 3

Item	Valuation approach and input used
Eixed assets (land and buildings)	Land and buildings are revalued by professionally qualified valuers as per the accounting policy disclosed in note 6.6.
Non-banking assets (NBAs) acquired in satisfaction of claims	NBAs are valued by professionally qualified valuers as per the accounting policy disclosed in note 6.9.

The valuations, mentioned above, are conducted by the valuation experts appointed by the Bank which are also on the panel of the Pakistan Banks' Association (PBA). The valuation experts use a market based approach to arrive at the fair value of the Bank's properties. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable or similar properties. These values are adjusted to reflect the current condition of the properties. The effect of changes in the unobservable inputs used in the valuations cannot be determined with certainty, accordingly a quantitative disclosure of sensitivity has not been presented in these unconsolidated financial statements.

40 **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

40.1 Segment details with respect to business activities

				000		
	Retail	CIBG	2 Treasurv	023 SAM	Others	Total
				es '000		
Profit and loss account			- I-			
External funded revenue	(63,316,526)	63,800,840	70,805,067	174,783	(410,924)	71,053,2
nter segment revenue - net	116,464,591	(58,890,617)	(68,229,751)	(172,641)	10,828,418	
External non-funded revenue	7,842,522	1,749,588	4,360,875	6,741	(1,870,941)	12,088,7
otal income	60,990,587	6,659,811	6,936,191	8,883	8,546,553	83,142,0
egment direct expenses	23,684,924	1,295,404	467,218	176,896	15,182,122	40,806,5
nter segment expense allocation	13,536,254	1,175,879	247,859	222,130	(15,182,122)	10,000,0
otal expenses	37,221,178	2,471,283	715,077	399,026	(10,102,122)	40,806,5
Provisions	519,660	364,216	607,884	(604,800)	26,967	913,9
Profit before tax	23.249.749	3,824,312	5,613,230	214,657	8,519,586	41,421,5
	23,249,749	3,024,312	5,015,230	214,007	8,519,560	41,421,0
Inconsolidated Statement of financial position						
Cash and bank balances	30,486,904	-	55,362,053	-	-	85,848,9
ue from financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	00,010,0
ivestments	150,000	9,166,074	580,117,122	2,805,744	1,139,893	593,378,8
Investment provision	100,000	5,100,074	(1,028,498)	(2,805,744)	1,100,000	(3,834,2
let inter segment lending	846,815,880		(1,020,400)	(2,000,744)	(846,815,880)	(0,004,2
		440 100 065	-	-		EZZ 201 (
inancing - performing	126,927,551	442,189,965	-	-	8,584,421	577,701,9
inancing- non-performing	5,137,297	6,013,184	-	11,721,277	187,883	23,059,0
Financing- provisions	(3,554,912)	(4,720,383)	-	(11,644,505)	(130,462)	(20,050,2
others	21,892,608	12,862,528	35,499,058	227,367	43,487,125	113,968,
otal assets	1,027,855,328	465,511,368	669,949,735	304,139	(793,547,020)	1,370,073,
ue to financial institutions	11 110 677	75 277 206	80 100 000			166 006 0
ue to financial institutions ubordinated Sukuk	11,110,677	75,277,296	80,498,830	-	-	166,886,8
eposits and other accounts	947,772,275	70,100,426		403,036		1,018,275,7
et inter segment borrowing	5-1,112,210	319,258,252	- 584,231,018	(99,779)	- (903,389,491)	1,010,210,1
thers	- 60 070 070					04 710
otal liabilities	68,972,376	875,394	1,870,858	304 139	22,993,139	94,712,0
quity	1,027,855,328	465,511,368	3,349,029	304,139	(880,396,352) 86,849,332	1,279,875, ⁻ 90,198,3
otal equity and liabilities	1,027,855,328	465,511,368	669,949,735	304,139	(793,547,020)	1,370,073,5
······································	.,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	23 1,100	(, ,)	.,
ontingencies and commitments	45,666,205	78,801,025	140,581,461	1,797,031	2,087,267	268,932,9
		0120	-	022	01	. .
	Retail	CIBG	Treasury	SAM	Others	Total
Profit and loss account	Retail	CIBG	Treasury			Total
Profit and loss account External funded revenue			Treasury Rupe	SAM ees '000		
External funded revenue	(28,919,342)	36,213,873	Treasury Rupe 32,840,466	SAM ees '000 229,850	(377,011)	
external funded revenue nter segment revenue - net	(28,919,342) 56,756,516	36,213,873 (32,274,010)	Treasury Rupe 32,840,466 (30,122,499)	SAM ees '000 229,850 167,069	(377,011) 5,472,924	39,987,8
xternal funded revenue iter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329	SAM ees '000 229,850 167,069 (106,743)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244)	39,987,8 8,959,3
xternal funded revenue	(28,919,342) 56,756,516	36,213,873 (32,274,010) <u>1,741,537</u> 5,681,400	Treasury Rupe Rupe 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176	(377,011) 5,472,924	39,987,8 8,959,3 48,947,2
xternal funded revenue tter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income iegment direct expenses	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170	36,213,873 (32,274,010) <u>1,741,537</u> 5,681,400 826,133	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597	39,987,1 <u>8,959,</u> 48,947,1
ixternal funded revenue iter segment revenue - net ixternal non-funded revenue iotal income Segment direct expenses iter segment expense allocation	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669	39,987,8 <u>8,959,</u> 48,947,2 27,493,8
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income legment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170	36,213,873 (32,274,010) <u>1,741,537</u> 5,681,400 826,133	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597	39,987,8 <u>8,959,</u> 48,947,2 27,493,8
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419	39,987, <u>8,959,</u> 48,947, <u>27,493,</u> <u>27,493,</u>
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597)	39,987,1 8,959,1 48,947,1 27,493,1 27,493,1 (940,1
kternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net kternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419)	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757)	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419	39,987,1 8,959,1 48,947,1 27,493,1 27,493,1 (940,1
kternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net kternal non-funded revenue stal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation stal expenses rovisions rofit before tax	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419)	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757)	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419	39,987,1 8,959,1 48,947,1 27,493,1 27,493,1 (940,1
Aternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net ternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rolit before tax	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419	39,987, <u>8,959,</u> <u>48,947,</u> <u>27,493,</u> <u>27,493,</u> <u>(940,(</u> <u>22,393,</u>
kternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net kternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419)	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105	Treasury Rupe 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419	39,987, <u>8,959</u> , <u>48,947</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>(940, 22,393</u> , <u>58,915</u> ,
Aternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net Aternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses otal expenses rolit before tax Inconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) 	39,987,1 8,959, 48,947,1 27,493,1 27,493,1 (940,0 22,393,1 58,915,1 9,815,1
<pre>kternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net kternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions 'rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments</pre>	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419	39,987, <u>8,959</u> , <u>48,947</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>(940,0</u> <u>22,393</u> , <u>58,915</u> , <u>9,815</u> , <u>472,735</u> ,
Aternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net demai non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments nvestment provision	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 100,000	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250	39,987, <u>8,959</u> , <u>48,947</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>(940,0</u> <u>22,393</u> , <u>58,915</u> , <u>9,815</u> , <u>472,735</u> ,
<pre>kternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net kternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments investment provision et inter segment lending</pre>	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 100,000 651,190,684	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 3,205,813 (1,986,798)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250	39,987, <u>8,959</u> , <u>48,947</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>(940,(</u> <u>22,393</u> , <u>58,915</u> , <u>9,815</u> , <u>472,735</u> , <u>(3,284</u> ,
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments Investment provision et inter segment lending nancing- performing	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) -	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - 1,139,893 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744	39,987, <u>8,959</u> , <u>48,947</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>27,493</u> , <u>(940, 22,393</u> , <u>58,915</u> , <u>9,815</u> , <u>9,815</u> , <u>472,735</u> , <u>(3,284</u> , <u>451,891</u> ,
xternal funded revenue tter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses tter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rovisions fit before tax Inconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions westments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing inancing- non-performing	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 100,000 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) 	39,987, 8,959, 48,947, 27,493, 27,493, (940,0 22,393, 58,915, 9,815, 472,735, (3,284,5 451,891, 21,698,
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments Investment provision et inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661)	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986)	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - - 1,139,893 - (651,190,884) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176)	39,987, <u>8,959,</u> <u>48,947,</u> <u>27,493,</u> <u>27,493,</u> <u>(940,0</u> <u>22,393,</u> <u>58,915,</u> <u>9,815,</u> <u>472,735,</u> <u>(3,284,2</u> <u>451,891,1</u> <u>21,698,2</u> (19,329,0
ternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net ternal non-funded revenue stal income gement direct expenses ter segment expenses allocation tal expenses ovisions offt before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments novestment provision et inter segment lending nancing- performing inancing- provisions thers	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 100,000 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - - 1,139,893 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 44,706,720	39,987, 8,959, 48,947, 27,493, 27,493, (940,0 22,393, 58,915, 9,815, 472,735, (3,284,5 451,891, 21,698, (19,329,0 81,910, 81,910,
<pre>kternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net kternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments investment provision et inter segment lending nancing- performing Financing- provisions thers</pre>	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661)	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986)	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - - 1,139,893 - (651,190,884) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176)	39,987, 8,959, 48,947,2 27,493,3 (940,0 22,393,3 (940,0 22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (940,0 (22,393,3 (24,53,5,4 (3,284,5 (3,284,5 (1,698,3 (1,932,0)) (1,932,
Aternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net deternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expenses allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax Inconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments nvestment provision et inter segment lending nancing- performing nancing- non-performing inancing- provisions thers otal assets	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 100,000 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - - 1,139,893 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 44,706,720	39,987, 8,959, 48,947,2 27,493, 27,493, (940,0 22,393,3 58,915,5 9,815,6 472,735,5 (3,284,3 451,891,2 21,698,5 (19,329,0 81,910,5 1,074,352,5 (1,074,352,5)
<pre>kternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net kternal non-funded revenue otal income agment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue fom financial institutions vestments investment provision et inter segment lending nancing- performing Financing- provisions thers otal assets ue to financial institutions</pre>	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 100,000 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - - 1,139,893 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 44,706,720	39,987, 8,959, 48,947, 27,493, 27,493, (940,0 22,393, (3,284,5 (3,284,5 (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax Inconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances use from financial institutions ivestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions tithers otal assets ue to financial institutions ubordinated sukuk	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 100,000 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - - 1,139,893 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 44,706,720	39,987, 8,959, 48,947, 27,493, 27,493, (940,0 22,393, (3,284,5 (3,284,5 (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses rovisions rofit before tax Inconsolidated statement of financial position tash and bank balances ue from financial institutions ivestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions thers otal assets ue to financial institutions ubordinated sukuk eposits and other accounts	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 100,000 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254	Treasury 	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - - 1,139,893 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 44,706,720 (597,227,864) -	39,987, 8,959, 48,947, 27,493, 27,493, (940,0 22,393, (3,284,5 (3,284,5 (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910, (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0 81,910,0 (19,329,0
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ternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net dernal non-funded revenue stal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation tal expenses ovisions offt before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions vestments nvestment provision at inter segment lending nancing- performing Financing- provisions thers otal assets ue to financial institutions ubordinated sukuk eposits and other accounts at inter segment borrowing thers otal liabilities quity	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619 -	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254 - 51,202,938 229,099,012 556,061	Treasury 32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240 459,708,176 2,638,487	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164 (302,624) (795)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) - 1,419 4,360,250 - - 1,139,893 - - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 44,706,720 (597,227,864) - - (658,504,564) 18,893,668	39,987, 8,959, 48,947,2 27,493,5 27,493,5 (940,0 22,393,3 58,915,6 9,815,0 472,735,6 (3,284,2 451,891,2 21,698,3 (19,329,0 81,910,0 1,074,352,8 150,134,5 781,570,7 72,564,4 1,004,269,7 0,083,4 70
<pre>kternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net kternal non-funded revenue stal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation tal expenses rovisions rofit before tax nconsolidated statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue form financial institutions vestments nvestment provision et inter segment lending nancing- performing Financing- provisions thers potal assets ue to financial institutions ubordinated sukuk eposits and other accounts et inter segment borrowing thers thers potal liabilities</pre>	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619 - 50,476,905 789,382,426	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254 51,202,938 229,099,012 556,061 359,197,265	Treasury	SAM 229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 (904,379) 856,572 3,205,813 (1,986,798) 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) 156,164 (302,624) (795) (147,255)	(377,011) 5,472,924 (734,244) 4,361,669 10,050,597 (10,050,597) 	Total 39,987,8 8,959,3 48,947,2 27,493,5 27,493,5 (940,0) 22,393,3 58,915,5 9,815,0 472,735,5 (3,284,3) 451,891,2 21,698,3 (10,329,0) 81,910,3 1,074,352,8 150,134,3 781,570,7 72,564,3 1,004,269,4 1,074,352,8

For the year ended December 31, 2023

41 TRUST ACTIVITIES

The Bank acts as trustees and in other fiduciary capacities that result in the holding or placing of assets on behalf of individuals, trusts, retirement benefit plans and other institutions. These are not assets of the Bank and, therefore, are not included in the unconsolidated statement of financial position. The following is the list of assets held under trust:

				2023		
0 (Securities held (face	value)	
Category	No. of IPS accounts	Market Treasury Bills	Pakistan Investment Bonds	Government ljara Sukuks	Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate	Total
				Rupees '000)	
Corporate	59	-	58,100	839,800	-	897,900
Insurance companies	2	-	-	-	-	-
Asset management companies	62	-	-	7,685,000	-	7,685,000
Employees funds	173	-	26,100	143,100	-	169,200
Charitable institution / NGOs	22	-	-	291,700	-	291,700
Individuals	15,324	-	119,200	1,219,900	2,191,988	3,531,088
Related parties	36	-	68,400	5,120,600	-	5,189,000
Others	6	-	-		-	-
	15,684	-	271,800	15,300,100	2,191,988	17,763,888

				2022		
				Securities held (face	value)	
Category	No. of IPS accounts	Market Treasury Bills	Pakistan Investment Bonds	Government ljara Sukuks	Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate	Total
				Rupees '000)	
Corporate	58	-	95,600	-	-	95,600
Insurance companies	3	-	-	-	-	-
Asset management companies	50	-	23,000	70,000	-	93,000
Employees funds	172	37,000	6,475,600	69,000	-	6,581,600
Charitable institution / NGOs	22	-	-	-	-	-
Individuals	11,415	-	171,200	419,800	1,755,743	2,346,743
Related parties	9	243,650	385,400	1,507,600	-	2,136,650
Others	7	-	-	-	-	-
	11,736	280,650	7,150,800	2,066,400	1,755,743	11,253,593

42 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Bank has related party transactions with various parties including its parent, subsidiary, associates, employee benefit plans and its directors and key management personnel. The Bank enters into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions with persons of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives / officers is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment. Details of transactions and balances with related parties as at the year end, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these unconsolidated financial statements, are as follows:

				2023					2	2022		
	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiary	Associates	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiary	Associates	Other related parties
Invactmants						Rupees '000-	000					
Opening balance				1,139,893	1,751,322	3,268,466				1,139,893	893,247	3,904,683
Investment made during the year	,	ı	ı	ı	18,601,771		ı	ı	ı		1,283,823	12,215,000
Investment redeemed / sold during the year	•				(18,483,433)	(1,259,427)					(425,748)	(12,851,217)
Closing balance		ı	ı	1,139,893	1,869,660	2,009,039	ı		ı	1,139,893	1,751,322	3,268,466
Provision for diminution in value of investments						1,951,094	ı			ı		1,984,337
Islamic financing and related assets Opening balance		~	523,065	1	1	1,392,371			436,889	ı		1,709,934
Addition during the year	•	49	602,609			16,958,966		7	272,733			617,945
Repaid during the year	•	(2)	(473,095)			(11,666,339)		'	(186,557)		'	(935,508)
Closing balance		54	652,579		1	6,684,998	ı	7	523,065	1		1,392,371
Provision held against financing				·	ſ	407,688				,		457,987
Fixed assets - right-of-use assets Opening balance				16,138						2,878		
Addition during the year	•	•		- 017						18,742		
Usposals during the year Depreciation for the year				(13,015) (3,123)			ı			(5,482)		
Closing balance		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	16,138	ı	ı
Accumulated depreciation										17,409		

Notes to and forming part of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Parent Directors Rey management personnel Subsidiary As 200	Wey Key Subsidiary Associates Other Directors Wey Subsidiary Associates Billeto i	Parent											
Funces 000 112,624 - 1,081 - - 9,829 - 11,773 - 12,025 - - 12,025 - - - 9,829 - - 12,025 -<	Fungees Toto		Directors		Subsidiary	Associates	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel		Associates	Other related parties
- - - - - - 152,624 - - 1,081 - - 1,081 - - 1,081 - - 1,081 - - 1,081 - 1,081 - 1,081 - 1,025 - - 1,025 - - 1,025 - - 1,025 - - 1,025 - - - 1,025 -	- 9,829 - 152,624 - 152,624 - - 1,061 -						Rupees 'C	00(
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- - 90,806 - <td>- -</td> <td>,</td> <td>ı</td> <td>ı</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>12,025</td> <td>,</td> <td>ı</td>	- -	,	ı	ı			•				12,025	,	ı
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- - - 2,320,075 - - 1,081 12,025 - 9,829 11,773 - 2,563,505 - - 1,081 12,025 58,656 105,177 20,087 57,393 24,347,670 182 51,148 178,430 55,236 58,656 105,177 20,087 57,393 24,347,670 182 51,148 178,430 55,236 232,893 1,623,827 27,819,887 983,701,499 49,904,615 - 88,829 1,951,839 13,550,507 3; 103,947 78,116 11,203 38,354,155 654,495 182 51,656 10; 179 931 326 109 684,274 24,669 - - 10,871 20,087 931 326 109 684,274 1,811,176 - - 12,833 931 326 109 684,274 1,811,177 20,087 - 12,833 931 32	· ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·<		ı	ı		•	•						I
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331 326 109 684,274 24,669 - 429 594 179 - - - - 1,811,176 - - 12,833 - - - 1,811,176 4,595,017 - - 13,833 931 326 109 684,274 1,835,845 4,595,017 429 594 31,845 - - - 1,835,845 4,595,017 429 594 31,845 - - - 330,829 - - 330,829 - - -	931 326 109 684,274 24,669 - 429 594 179 355 3 - - - - - 1,811,176 - - 12,833 - 2,0 - - - 1,811,176 4,595,017 - - 18,833 - 2,0 931 326 109 684,274 1,835,845 4,595,017 429 594 31,845 355 2,3 931 326 109 684,274 1,835,845 4,595,017 429 594 31,845 355 2,3 - - - 330,829 - - - - - 2,0 - - - 330,829 - - - - - - - - - - 2,0 - - - - 330,829 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td>103,947</td><td>78,116</td><td>11,203</td><td>38,354,155</td><td>654,495</td><td>182</td><td>58,656</td><td>105,177</td><td>20,087</td><td>57,393</td><td>24,347,670</td></t<>		103,947	78,116	11,203	38,354,155	654,495	182	58,656	105,177	20,087	57,393	24,347,670
331 326 109 684,274 1,835,845 4,595,017 429 594 31,845 - - - 330,829 - - 330,829	- -	,	031	306	100	68d 274	24 669		007	765	179	355	319.447
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		4,923,232	931	326	109	684,274	1,835,845	4,595,017	429	594	31,845	355	2,369,175
	•		,				330,829						10,603
330,829							330,829	I	ŗ	Ţ			10,603

Profit / return accrued

Other assets

Commission income receivable Defined benefit plan asset Maintenance and other receivables Rent receivable Dividend receivable Others

Deposits and other accounts

Opening balance Received during the year Withdrawn during the year Closing balance

Other liabilities

Profit / return payable Lease liability against right-of-use assets Other liabilities

Contingencies and commitments

Frade related commitments*

represents outstanding guarantee

42.1

Balances pertaining to parties that were related at the beginning of the period but ceased to be so related during any part of the current period are not

reflected as part of the closing balance. The same are accounted for through the movement presented above.

2022

2023

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Details of outstanding investments in the subsidiary company and donations made during the year relating to related parties are given in notes 10 and 29.3 to Such remuneration is determined in accordance with the terms of their employment. Details of shares held by the parent company are disclosed in note 20.2.1 to these unconsolidated financial statements. Details of assets held under trust arrangement on behalf of the related parties are given in note 41 to valuations / terms of the contribution plan (refer notes 36 and 37 to these unconsolidated financial statements for the details of the plans). Remuneration of these unconsolidated financial statements. Contributions to and accruals in respect of retirement benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial the President and Chief Executive Officer, directors' fee, and certain related information are disclosed in note 38 to these unconsolidated financial statements. these unconsolidated financial statements. 42.2

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

				1010					-			
	Parent	Directors	Directors management personnel	Subsidiary	Associates	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiary	Associates	Other related parties
				•		Bupees '000	00					
	ı	ı	30,115	,	ı	131,996	·	ı	27,882	,	ı	108,414
income	,	83	125	267,066	3,371	4,508		65	111	173,230	41	11,002
	'	,	•	•	12,315	49,661		•			65,333	88,672
securities	'	ı	188		29,420	734	·		231		(40,748)	9,098
of fixed assets	•	ı	23	ı		1	ı				ı	ı
	'		•	8,173		•				7,916		ı
	·	ı		30,167	ı		ı	·	ı	29,223	ı	
sed	ı	8,777	4,804	3,409	2,911,874	194,052	,	4,185	2,936	2,117	7,441	1,006,218
lease liability	'	'	•	885	ı	•		•		694		ı
ner expenses	•	184,480				•	ı	129,120			·	ı
	'		735,778			687			626,538			1,362
	,	ı	,	·		8,391	ı	,	,		,	3,005
0		ī	·	33,333	I		ı	ı	ı	33,333	ı	I
enefit plan	,	ı	,	,	ı	264,900	ı	'	,		,	225,554
ed contribution plan		ı				385,131	ı				ı	284,039
ing the year	•	·		I	ı	113,215				ı	·	88,257
against investment	ı	ı	·		ı	(50,299)	ı	·	ı		ı	(50,655)
ased during the year	ī	ı	ı		18,601,772	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1,283,823	12,215,000
luring the year	'	,	•	•	18,483,433	1,259,427		•			425,748	12,768,626
es purchased during the year	'		43,300		ı	222,900		'	504,715			2,054,560
es sold during the year	'		75,249			3,617,594			406,936			4,151,535
ed benefit plan	,				ı	98,287			,			215,942
disposal of fixed assets			37,171		ı							ı
isset	ı	ı	ı	85,339	ı	ı	·	ı	ı	·	ı	ı

Income

Expense

Donations made during the year
Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the year
Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the vear
Commission expense Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the vear
Subscription Fees Commission expense Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the vear
Remuneration Subscription Fees Commission expense Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the vear
Director's fee and other expenses Remuneration Subscription Fees Commission expense Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the vear
Charges expense on lease liability Director's fee and other expenses Remuneration Subscription Fees Commission expense Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the vear
Profit / return expensed Charges expense on lease liability Director's fee and other expenses Remuneration Subscription Fees Commission expense Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the vear

Others

Sale proceeds from dis Acquisition of fixed ass Shares / units purchas Shares / units sold dur Government securities Government securities Contribution to defined

For the year ended December 31, 2023

43	CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS	2023	2022
	Minimum capital requirement (MCR):	Rupe	es '000
	Paid-up capital (net of losses)	15,176,965	15,176,965
	Capital adequacy ratio (CAR):		
	Eligible common equity tier 1 (CET 1) capital Eligible additional tier 1 (ADT 1) capital Total eligible tier 1 capital Eligible tier 2 capital Total eligible capital (tier 1 + tier 2)	72,868,421 - 72,868,421 14,309,769 87,178,190	55,718,084 - 55,718,084 11,155,422 66,873,506
	Risk weighted assets (RWAs): Credit risk Market risk Operational risk Total	338,652,592 55,101,145 105,584,800 499,338,537	308,988,249 51,454,833 71,817,545 432,260,627
	Common equity tier 1 capital adequacy ratio (in %)	14.59%	12.89%
	Tier 1 Capital adequacy ratio (in %)	14.59%	12.89%
	Total Capital adequacy ratio (in %)	17.46%	15.47%

Capital adequacy is regularly monitored by the Bank's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines developed by the Basel Committee and as per the requirements of the SBP. The required information is submitted to the SBP on a quarterly basis.

Since December 31, 2021, the SBP requires each bank or banking group to: (a) hold the minimum level of the paid-up capital of Rs 10 billion; (b) maintain a ratio of total regulatory capital to the risk-weighted assets at or above the required minimum level of 10% and (c) maintain common equity tier I (CET1) ratio and tier 1 ratio of 6% and 7.5% respectively.

An additional capital conservation buffer (CCB) of 1.5% (to be met from CET1) has to be maintained over and above the minimum required level.

The paid-up capital of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2023, stood at Rs 15.177 billion (2022: Rs 15.177 billion). As at December 31, 2023, the Bank's CAR stood at 17.46% (December 31, 2022: 15.47%) whereas CET1 and Tier 1 ratios both stood at 14.59% (December 31, 2022: 12.89%).

The Bank is also in compliance with the capital conservation buffer requirements.

	2023	2022
Leverage ratio (LR):	Rupe	es '000
Eligible tier-1 capital Total exposures Leverage ratio (%)	72,868,421 1,593,114,720 4.57%	55,718,084 1,237,857,649 4.50%
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR):		
Total high quality liquid assets Total net cash outflow Liquidity coverage ratio (Ratio)	517,873,833 339,165,609 1.527	368,486,552 206,193,466 1.787
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR):		
Total available stable funding Total required stable funding Net stable funding ratio (%)	837,268,976 481,779,578 173.79%	706,214,017 416,224,261 169.67%

For the year ended December 31, 2023

43.1 The link to the full disclosure is available at https://www.faysalbank.com/en/capital-adequacy-ratio-car/

44 RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management group (RMG) has been organised under the Chief Risk Officer (CRO). It has been authorised by the Board of Directors (BoD) to monitor the implementation of various risk policies via implementation of an integrated risk management framework across the Bank. As an ongoing exercise to integrate risk related functions, RMG has been expanded, strengthened and entrusted to monitor the risk areas across the organisation, including adoption and convergence towards regulatory and Basel guidelines on risk management.

The primary objective of this architecture is to inculcate risk management into the organisation flows to ensure that risks are timely and accurately identified and assessed, properly documented, approved and adequately monitored and managed in order to ensure that risk taking activities are in line with the guidelines approved by the BoD and to protect the interests of the Bank's depositors and shareholders.

The 'risk management framework' at the Bank encompasses:

- scope of risks to be managed;
- process, systems and procedures to manage risk; and
- roles and responsibilities of individuals involved in risk management.

The Bank has adopted an approach that gives an integrated view of the risks faced by the organisation. This calls for aligning strategic vision, policy objectives and business processes / procedures within the risk management framework. The management of risk is integrated with the Bank's management of capital and strategy. This ensures that risks taken in pursuit of the Bank's strategic objectives are consistent with the policies, translating into targeted shareholder return as well as the Bank's desired credit rating and risk appetite.

With this in view, the risk management framework endeavours to be a comprehensive and evolving guidelines to cater to changing business dynamics. The risk management framework includes:

- clearly defined risk management policies;
- well constituted organisational structure; and
- mechanism for ongoing review of all policies and procedures and risk exposures.

The 'risk management framework' is built on the following elements:

- comprehensive risk governance; and
- effective risk processes.

The Bank has developed and implemented a governance and management structure, processes surrounding each risk area, including credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, capital management, operational risk, environmental risk, shariah non-compliance risk and information security risk.

The essential components which contribute in effective management of all these risks are as follows:

- active board / senior management strategic direction and centralised RMG oversight;
- sufficient policies, procedures and limits;
- adequate risk measurement, monitoring and management information systems; and
- comprehensive internal controls.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

The Board of Directors (BoD) monitoring and oversight is facilitated through the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC), comprising of directors including the President & CEO. It is appointed and authorised by the BoD to assist in the design, regular evaluation and timely updation of the risk management framework. The BRMC has further authorised management committees such as Country Credit Committee (CCC), Agriculture Credit Committee (ACC), Enterprise Risk Management Committee (ERMC) and Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO) to supervise risk management activities within their respective areas.

In order to have an effective and efficient risk assessment, and to closely align its functions with business, RMG has separate risk management functions for credit risk management, based on the specialised skill sets and required specific experience in various business segments. These functions comprise of corporate risk, CBSME, agri and retail risk management.

The common responsibilities of all credit risk management functions include:

- conduct a thorough and an independent due diligence of the proposed / existing exposures in the respective risk portfolios.
- work with compliance department of the Bank to ensure conformity to the relevant Government regulations, the SBP PRs as well as internal policies.
- work with relationship teams to structure exposures such that they mitigate key risks, cater to customer requirements, remain economical in terms of risk weighted assets / capital allocation to ensure adequate risk coverage.

The risk management architecture is further fostered by enterprise risk management, risk policy & analytics, information security function and an independent credit administration department.

The enterprise risk management function is responsible for managing and controlling market, operational and liquidity risks at an enterprise level and monitoring regulatory capital requirements of the Bank.

Credit administration department - independent from the Risk Management function - looks after the security, financing documentation, disbursement and post disbursement monitoring aspects of the credit portfolio.

Risk policy and analytics department serves as an independent check in the risk management function. It performs periodic review of all credit related portfolios (corporate, CBSME, retail, agri, SAM) and analyses portfolio compositions, risk rating distributions, emerging trends of NPLs, renewal status of Risk Approvals (RAs) as per policy and other policy related matters. It also formulates / updates credit policies (along with various limits prescribed therein) in line with regulatory environment, business strategy, the BoD approvals and the best practices.

The information security risk function is responsible for information security risk identification, monitoring and reporting.

44.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the identification of probability that a counterparty will cause a financial loss to the Bank due to its inability or unwillingness to meet its contractual obligation. This credit risk arises mainly from both direct financing activities as well as contingent liabilities.

The Bank's credit risk philosophy is based on the Bank's overall business strategy / direction as established by the Board. The Bank is committed to the appropriate level of due diligence to ensure that credit risks have been properly analysed, fully disclosed to the approving authorities, appropriately rated, appropriately structured, appropriately priced and documented.

The Bank deals with many different types of obligors/customers and financing structures across the corporate, commercial, SME, agriculture and retail segments. The Bank manages customer credit risk exposures within appropriate limits to ensure that it does not provide a disproportionate level of credit to a single customer or group of connected clients. The Bank follows aggregation principles – summing of credit risk limits to the same customer, or group of connected clients – to identify and manage effectively all significant credit risk exposures to a single customer within an individual business and, where appropriate, across other business segments.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

The Bank has well-defined credit approval and review processes under which senior officers with the requisite credit background, critically scrutinise, advise and discuss associated risks and recommend / review / approve credit facilities and financing, through respective credit committees. Besides financial, industry and transaction analysis, in order to quantify risks of counterparty, the credit evaluation also includes risk rating system to evaluate risk rating of the customers which is then monitored on a portfolio basis to gauge the Bank's credit portfolio quality. To avoid risk concentration, counterparty limits, counterparty group limits and industry concentration limits are also established, monitored and assessed in the light of changing counterparty and market conditions.

With a view to develop and effectively manage a diversified credit portfolio within each business segment (as an integral part of the credit risk management process), the Bank has adopted the concept of an industry / sector-wise exposure concentration grid which dictates target market exposures.

As part of the Bank's portfolio strategy and planning activity, these industry concentration limits are continually overseen by the management against the Bank's approved exposures in these sectors and reviewed by the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) in its meetings with an aim to monitor the overall risk and to avoid high exposure to a single group or industry.

The Bank is regularly conducting credit portfolio reviews to assess early warning signs, with robust post disbursement credit review mechanism to identify obligors/customers most likely to be affected in the challenging business and economic environment. Bank is confident that it has adequate capacity to withstand these difficult times.

44.1.1 Segment by class of business

Credit Risk Management (CRM) Framework (non-retail / non-individual portfolio) covers three business segments: corporate risk management, commercial banking and SME (including agri) risk management and retail risk management. Based on overall guidance provided by a recognised and established external consultant, in line with the global best practices while ensuring regulatory compliance and alleviation of any (perceived) conflict of interest, credit management process has been segregated into two distinct categories:

- independent risk advice by risk management function.
- credit approvals by credit committee(s), while taking into consideration the business unit recommendations / approvals and independent risk advice.

With this segregation, the role of risk management function in credit approval process is focused to provide risk advice only, based on key risk parameters; whereas relevant credit committees are responsible for providing credit related approvals.

The common responsibilities of corporate risk management and commercial banking and SME (including agri) risk management include:

- conduct a thorough and an independent due diligence of the proposed / existing exposures in the respective risk portfolios.
- work with relationship teams to advise on structure of exposures such that they mitigate key risks, cater to customer requirements, remain economical in terms of risk weighted assets / capital allocation to ensure risk coverage.
- work with the independent credit risk review team (under internal audit) for effective and periodic review of the credit portfolio.

Retail risk management is responsible for managing the credit risk of consumer finance credit products, with credit facilities extended to individual (non-corporate) customers. The consumer finance / retail finance function operates on a program approach, which are approved by the Country Credit Committee and subsequently by the BoD. The retail risk management provides its input on risk parameters in term of 'risk advice', at the time of approval / changes in product programs. The retail risk management also ensures that all the ongoing individual credit approvals are within pre-defined risk parameters as per the approved product programs.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

44.1.2 Credit risk: general disclosures Basel specific

The Bank has adopted the standardised approach under Basel. According to the regulatory statement submitted under the standardised approach, the portfolio has been divided into claims on public sector entities in Pakistan (PSEs), claims on corporate (excluding equity exposure) and claims categorised as retail portfolio. Claims on corporate constitute 59.45% (2022: 60.12%) of the total credit risk weighted assets, 1.27% (2022: 1.00%) represents claims on PSEs and 14.31% (2022: 15.31%) exposure pertains to claims categorised as retail portfolio.

44.1.3 Credit risk: disclosures for portfolio subject to standardised approach

For domestic claims, external credit assessment institutions (ECAIs) recommended by the SBP, namely Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) and VIS Credit Rating Company Limited are used. For claims on foreign entities, ratings assigned by Standard and Poor, Fitch and Moody's are used. Exposures not rated by any of the aforementioned rating agencies are categorised as unrated.

Exposures	PACRA	VIS	Standard and Poor's		Fitch
Corporate Banks Sovereigns PSEs	✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ - ✓	- - -	- ~ ~	- ~ ~

The SBP's indicative mapping process as instructed in the SBP's circular "Minimum capital requirements for banks and DFIs" (indicated in table below) was used to map alpha numeric ratings of PACRA, VIS, S&P's, Moody's, Fitch ratings, and numeric scores of ECAs, to the SBP's rating grades.

Long term rating grades mapping

SBP rating	ECA scores	PACRA	VIS	S & P	Moody's	Fitch
1	0,1	AA- and above	AA- and above	AA- and above	Aa3 and above	AA- and above
2	2	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-
3	3	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-
4	4	BB+ to BB-	BB+ to BB-	BB+ to BB-	Ba1 to Ba3	BB+ to BB-
5	5,6	B+ to B-	B+ to B-	B+ to B-	B1 to B3	B+ to B-
6	7	CCC+ & Below	CCC+ & Below	CCC+ & Below	Caa1 & Below	CCC+ & Below

Short term rating grades mapping

SBP rating	PACRA	VIS	S & P	Moody's	Fitch
S1	A-1 & above	A-1 & above	A-1 & above	P-1	F1
S2	A-2	A-2	A-2	P-2	F2
\$3	A-3	A-3	A-3	P-3	F3
S4	Others	Others	Others	Others	Others

Particulars of the Bank's significant on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet credit risk in various sectors are analysed as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2023

44.1.4 Due from financial institutions

Credit risk by public / private sector

		m financial ons-Gross	instituti	n financial ons-Non- orming	Provisi	on held
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
			Rup	bees '000		
Public / Government	-	5,815,098	-	-	-	-
Private	-	4,000,000	-	-	-	-
	-	9,815,098	-	-	-	-

44.1.5 Investment in debt securities

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross ir	vestments		rforming ments	Provisio	on held
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
			Rup	ees '000		
Textile	10,981	10,981	10,981	10,981	10,981	10,981
Chemical and pharmaceuticals	1,409,393	1,467,506	1,409,393	1,467,506	1,409,393	1,467,506
Cement	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Sugar	8,311	8,311	8,311	8,311	8,311	8,311
Power (electricity), gas, water, sanitary	51,765,570	49,860,108	-	-	-	-
Financial	839,000	839,000	-	-	-	-
Services	1,559,536	1,648,238	-		-	-
	56,092,791	54,334,144	1,928,685	1,986,798	1,928,685	1,986,798

Credit risk by public / private sector

56,092,791

	Gross ir	ivestments		rforming ments	Provisi	on held			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
		Rupees '000							
Public / Government	51,765,570	49,862,130	-	-	-	-			
Private	4,327,221	4,472,014	1,928,685	1,986,798	1,928,685	1,986,798			

1,928,685

1,986,798

1,928,685

1,986,798

54,334,144

For the year ended December 31, 2023

44.1.6 Islamic financing and related assets

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross	financing	Non-perform	ing financing	Provisio	n held
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
			Rup	ees '000		
Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	125,042,619	40,813,176	824,736	1,027,515	731,580	845,94
Mining and quarrying	5,907,246	8,746,866	3,451	6,231	3,451	3,68
Textile	83,560,348	83,030,104	5,993,318	5,907,748	5,700,126	5,776,56
Chemical and pharmaceuticals	24,382,400	17,360,361	510,236	586,371	508,957	518,26
Cement	17,689,081	15,398,016	41,608	41,608	39,108	39,10
Sugar	14,723,291	9,896,413	545,736	625,650	545,736	618,07
Footwear and leather garments	1,748,453	2,771,751	347,956	388,111	258,680	276,53
Automobile and transportation equipment	8,994,187	11,152,983	439,663	167,224	205,271	159,86
Electronics and electrical appliances	7,958,823	6,460,299	550,432	550,432	437,547	437,54
Construction	5,718,270	7,961,057	1,254,945	344,746	339,492	339,67
Power (electricity), gas, water, sanitary	84,832,610	73,371,182	1,827,534	1,827,534	1,827,534	1,748,55
Wholesale and retail trade	19,166,009	11,188,003	2,358,603	2,039,456	1,740,960	1,601,89
Transport, storage and communication	27,811,454	31,713,613	96,895	94,199	73,021	72,34
Financial	1,550,389	850,853	50,853	50,853	50,309	50,30
Insurance	8,477	10,250	-	-	-	-
Services	20,239,876	18,099,162	369,212	372,049	323,784	267,19
Individuals	56,094,627	55,782,330	1,752,820	1,636,282	1,149,659	1,122,0
Others	95,333,418	78,983,215	6,091,643	6,032,374	5,237,377	4,679,78
	600,761,578	473,589,634	23,059,641	21,698,383	19,172,592	18,557,4
Credit risk by public / private sector						
Public / Government	208,587,989	96,817,234	_	_	_	-
Private	392,173,589	376,772,400	23,059,641	21,698,383	19,172,592	18,557,4 ⁻
	600,761,578	473,589,634	23,059,641	21,698,383	19,172,592	18,557,4
				2)23	2022
Contingencies and Commitments					Rupees '0	-

Credit risk by industry sector

Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	-	78,065
Mining and quarrying	3,420,801	678,139
Textile	12,682,742	22,734,584
Chemical and pharmaceuticals	13,747,425	12,055,320
Cement	1,184,104	1,058,029
Sugar	287,663	205,989
Footwear and leather garments	712,450	298,884
Automobile and transportation equipment	4,376,658	1,167,955
Electronics and electrical appliances	2,664,880	1,174,849
Construction	3,108,004	2,234,021
Power (electricity), gas, water, sanitary	7,554,600	8,076,607
Wholesale and retail trade	30,667,811	6,434,119
Exports / imports	-	2,114
Transport, storage and communication	1,458,548	728,540
Financial	4,379,717	3,611,351
Services	4,416,605	4,611,413
Individuals	-	660,530
Others	29,105,438	26,111,316
	119,767,446	91,921,825
Credit risk by public / private sector		
Public / Government	2,872,826	105,113
Private	116,894,620	91,816,712
	119,767,446	91,921,825

For the year ended December 31, 2023

44.1.8 Concentration of exposures

The Bank's top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded exposures) aggregated to Rs. 266,946 million (2022: Rs. 152,999 million) are as following:

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es '000
Funded Non-funded Total exposure	261,026,933 5,919,270 266,946,203	146,646,588 6,351,980 152,998,568

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposures aggregated to Rs. 280,123 million (2022: Rs. 214,976 million).

There are no classified exposures under this category of advances.

44.1.9 Islamic financing and related assets - province / region-wise disbursement and utilisation

				2023			
				Ut	ilisation		
Province / region	Disburse- ments	Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Balochistan	Islamabad	AJK including Gilgit- Baltistan
				Rupees 'C	000		
Punjab	329,814,512	319,006,126	8,847,371	540,980	5,322	1,409,713	5,000
Sindh	505,689,386	15,647,839	489,196,382	25,202	67,439	162,100	590,424
KPK including FATA	4,646,542	-	-	4,646,542	-	-	-
Balochistan	27,444	-	27,444	-	-	-	-
Islamabad	31,020,108	1,222,368	306,794	2,236,524	6,042	27,192,450	55,930
AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	15,000
Total	871,212,992	335,876,333	498,377,991	7,449,248	78,803	28,764,263	666,354

				2022			
				Ut	tilisation		
Province / region	Disburse- ments	Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Balochistan	Islamabad	AJK including Gilgit- Baltistan
				Rupees 'C)00		
Punjab	177,180,673	164,005,930	4,104,856	8,445,608	-	225,727	398,552
Sindh	293,029,999	6,307,610	246,804,499	39,402,869	26,641	192,011	296,369
KPK including FATA	4,856,540	-	-	4,845,455	-	11,085	-
Balochistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Islamabad	16,735,716	734,210	99,542	1,063,018	55,308	14,726,430	57,208
AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan	49,888	-	-	3,459	-	-	46,429
Total	491,852,816	171,047,750	251,008,897	53,760,409	81,949	15,155,253	798,558

For the year ended December 31, 2023

44.2 Market Risk

It is the risk that the value of on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions of the Bank will be adversely affected by movements in market rates or prices such as benchmark rates, deposit rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and / or commodity prices resulting in a loss to earnings and capital. Market risks arise generally from trading activities, open foreign currency positions, holding common equity and other products. All such instruments and transactions are exposed to general and specific market movements.

The Bank seeks to mitigate market risk by employing strategies that correlate price, rate and spread movements of its earning assets, liabilities and trading activities. Treasury front office, market risk management and treasury middle office perform market risk management activities within the Bank. The Bank has Enterprise Risk Management Committee which is responsible for recommending market risk policies and strategies for the Board approval and its subsequent implementation and review.

44.2.1 Unconsolidated statement of financial position split by trading and banking books

		2023			2022	
	Banking book	Trading book	Total	Banking book	Trading book	Total
			Ruj	pees '000		
Cash and balances with treasury banks	84,036,558	-	84,036,558	56,130,549	-	56,130,549
Balances with other banks	1,812,399	-	1,812,399	2,785,035	-	2,785,035
Due from financial institutions	-	-	-	9,815,098	-	9,815,098
Investments	16,298,368	573,246,223	589,544,591	13,506,172	455,945,023	469,451,195
Islamic financing and related assets	580,711,316	-	580,711,316	454,260,608	-	454,260,608
Fixed assets	40,268,350	-	40,268,350	35,034,233	-	35,034,233
Intangible assets	2,331,775	-	2,331,775	1,984,841	-	1,984,841
Other assets	71,368,561	-	71,368,561	44,891,304	-	44,891,304
	796,827,327	573,246,223	1,370,073,550	618,407,840	455,945,023	1,074,352,863

44.2.2 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk / currency risk is the current or prospective risk to earnings and capital arising from adverse movements in currency exchange rates. It refers to the impact of adverse movements in currency exchange rates on the value of open foreign currency positions. Changes in currency rates affect the value of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and may affect revenues from foreign exchange dealing.

The Bank undertakes currency risk mostly to support its trade services and maintains overall foreign exchange risk position to the extent of statutory Foreign Exchange Exposure Limit (FEEL) prescribed by the SBP.

Exposure limits such as counterparty, gap, net open position, dealer and bucket-wise currency delta limits are in place in accordance with the Bank's approved policies in order to manage associated risk and concentration at the acceptable tolerance levels.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		20)23			20	022	
	Assets	Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	currency	Assets	Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net currency exposure
				Rupee	es '000			
United States Dollar Great Britain Pound	14,260,891	52,058,694	36,636,382	(1,161,421)	10,061,861	50,359,791	39,414,819	(883,111)
Sterling	1,399,874	6,746,248	5,343,098	(3,276)	1,381,063	5,644,913	4,259,981	(3,869)
Euro	698,175	3,788,752	3,107,196	16,619	1,226,225	3,050,832	1,832,092	7,485
Japanese Yen	313	10,059	9,948	202	2,996	1,444	-	1,552
Other currencies	336,923	286,669	(10,862)	39,392	936,471	860,316	_	76,155
	16,696,176	62,890,422	45,085,762	(1,108,484)	13,608,616	59,917,296	45,506,892	(801,788)

20	23	20	22
Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
	Rupee	s '000	

Impact of 1% change in foreign exchange rates on

- profit and loss account
- other comprehensive income

(52,253)	(10,690)	(41,195)	(7,835)
-	-	-	-

44.2.3 Equity position Risk

Equity position risk is the risk arising from unfavourable fluctuations in prices of shares in which the Bank carries positions. It is a risk to earnings or capital that results from adverse changes in the value of equity related portfolios of the Bank. Price risk associated with equities could be systematic or unsystematic. Systematic risk is due to sensitivity of portfolio's value to changes in overall level of equity prices, while unsystematic risk is associated with price volatility that is determined by the specific characteristics of the investee company.

The Bank's equity position is governed by position limits imposed by the SBP for overall investment and per scrip exposure. Additionally, there are internal limits set to manage overall earnings in the form of stop loss limits and maintain a diverse portfolio through sector concentration limits.

	20	23	202	22
	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
Impact of 5% change in equity prices on		Rupees	s '000	
- profit and loss account - other comprehensive income	- 9,752	- 371,054	- 4,633	- 552,833

44.2.4 Yield / profit rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)-Basel II specific

	20	23	20	22
	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
Impact of 1% change in discount rates on		Rupee	s '000	
 profit and loss account other comprehensive income 	(288,043) (41,658)	3,623,102 (3,824,231)	(1,266,083)	3,124,480 (3,109,517)

						3	2023					
						Exposed t	Exposed to yield risk					
	Effortivo		t dal	Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	Above	Non-Yield
	cilective yield rate	Total	month	to 3 months	to 6 months	months to 1 year	to 2 years	to 3 years	to 5 years	to 10 years	10 years	financial
												instruments
	- (%)					Rup	Rupees '000					
struments												
v banks		84,036,558						'				84,036,558
		1,812,399					1		ı			1,812,399
		-	- 400 600	-	- 400 404		-				·	0 000 660
sets	10.9 18.0	580,711,316	211,913,824	00,370,034 74,474,164	421,439,405 75,270,003	3,003,321 34,454,803	50,154,589	39,497,317 40,708,879	27,438,130 47,190,918	- 39,010,266	- 3,646,821	8,803,000 3,887,049
		65,654,986		-	-	-	1		-	-	-	65,654,986
		1,321,759,850	229,334,386	140,850,218	496,709,468	37,458,124	55,660,561	80,206,396	74,629,068	39,010,266	3,646,821	164,254,542
	16.6	16,550,469 166,886,803	- 81 781 500	- 25 785 120	- 1 380 308	- 530.236	- 2 494 109	- 1 734 A66	- 1 537 715	- 13 AN3 750	- 181 185	16,550,469 2 128 410
	10.3	1,018,275,737	119,011,995	116,354,723	48,855,525	60,910,660	66,587,703	88,318,995	54,181,266	106,453,928	284,636	357,316,306
		- 000 020					1	ı	ı			- 000 020
		01,UTU,3U0 1 268 783 017	- 200 703 405	- 142 130 852	- 53 235 833	- 61 440 896	- 60 011 805	- 90.053.461	- 58.718.081	- 140 R57 680	- 465 821	01, U/ U, 9U0 443 066 093
		52,975,933	28,540,891	(1,289,634)	443,473,635	(23,982,772)	(13,351,244)	(9,847,065)	15,910,087	(110,847,414)	3,181,000	(278,811,551)
		37,222,428										
		90,198,361										
struments												
racts - purchase		55,514,935	20,546,022	22,293,654	12,675,259		•	ı				·
racts - sale transactions - nurchase		(9,610,511) 73 777 500	(7,992,914) 73 777 500	(1,579,350) -	(38,247) -							
transactions - sale									•			
		(1,678,515)				ı				ı	•	(1,678,515)
											•	•
		118,003,409	86,330,608	20,714,304	12,637,012							(1,678,515)
y gap		1	114,871,499	19,424,670	456,110,647	(23,982,772)	(13,351,244)	(9,847,065)	15,910,087	(110,847,414)	3,181,000	
nsitivity gap		11	114,871,499	134,296,169	590,406,816	566,424,044	553,072,800	543,225,735	559,135,822	448,288,408	451,469,408	

44.2.5 Mismatch of yield rate sensitive assets and liabilities

On-balance sheet financial inst

Cash and balances with treasury Assets

Islamic financing and related asset Due from financial institutions Balances with other banks Investments Other assets

Liabilities

Deposits and other accounts Due to financial institutions Sub-ordinated sukuk Other liabilities Bills payable

On-balance sheet gap

Net non-financial assets

Total net assets

Off-balance sheet financial inst

 forward foreign exchange contra forward foreign exchange contra forward government securities transmission forward government securities transmission Commitments in respect of: Off-balance sheet gap cross currency swaps forward lending

Total yield risk rate sensitivity

Cumulative yield risk rate sens

						2	2022					
						Exposed	Exposed to yield risk					
>	Effective yield rate	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3	Over 3 to 6	Over 6 months to	Over 1 to 2	Over 2 to 3	Over 3 to 5	Over 5 to 10	Above 10	Non-Yield bearing financial
<u>,</u>				months	months	1 year	years	years	years	years	years	instruments
On-balance sheet financial instruments	- (%)					Ru	000, seedny					
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks	<u> </u>	56,130,549										56,130,549
Balances with other banks		2,785,035			ı		ı	ı	ı	ı		2,785,035
Due from financial institutions	16.5	9,815,098	9,815,098		ı			ı	ı			
Investments	12.3	469,451,195	17,473,983	49,865,260	336,510,393	6,029,190	1,304,593	5,695,344	40,158,612			12,413,820
Islamic financing and related assets	11.7	454,260,608	285,833,752	87,011,370	30,256,232	19,283,170	99,028	358,572	6,302,332	21,970,250	4,935	3,140,967
Other assets		40,311,938										40,311,938
		1,032,754,423	313,122,833	136,876,630	366,766,625	25,312,360	1,403,621	6,053,916	46,460,944	21,970,250	4,935	114,782,309
Liabilities	1											
Bills payable		21,309,950										21,309,950
Due to financial institutions	10.5	150,134,396	32,326,776	47,004,394	11,926,013	62,754	5,553,188	1,652,133	4,209,566	45,632,011	105,383	1,662,178
Deposits and other accounts	6.5	781,570,730	374,125,072	73,047,302	20,145,315	12,930,817	180,983	38,365	83,636			301,019,240
Sub-ordinated sukuk		,										
Other liabilities		47,623,678		-								47,623,678
		1,000,638,754	406,451,848	120,051,696	32,071,328	12,993,571	5,734,171	1,690,498	4,293,202	45,632,011	105,383	371,615,046
On-balance sheet gap	I	32,115,669	(93,329,015)	16,824,934	334,695,297	12,318,789	(4,330,550)	4,363,418	42,167,742	(23,661,761)	(100,448)	(256,832,737)
Net non-financial assets		37,967,742										
Total net assets	II	70,083,411										
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Commitments in respect of:												
- forward foreign exchange contracts - purchase		50,919,583	15,258,965	16,862,852	18,020,766	777,000	·			·		·
- forward foreign exchange contracts - sale		(6,264,654)	(4,407,179)	(1,789,815)	(67,660)		·	ı		·		
- forward government securities transactions - purchase		35,400,890		35,400,890			ı			ı		
- forward government securities transactions - sale		(5,825,358)	(5,825,358)				·			·		
- cross currency swaps		(1,510,401)		•							•	(1,510,401)
- forward lending												
Off-balance sheet gap	I	72,720,060	5,026,428	50,473,927	17,953,106	777,000					ı	(1,510,401)
Total yield risk rate sensitivity gap		I	(88,302,587)	67,298,861	352,648,403	13,095,789	(4,330,550)	4,363,418	42,167,742	(23,661,761)	(100,448)	
Cumulative yield risk rate sensitivity gap			(88,302,587)	(21,003,726)	331,644,677	344,740,466	340,409,916	344,773,334	386,941,076	363,279,315	363,178,867	

Assets Cash anc

Cash and balances with treasury banks
Balances with other banks
Due from financial institutions
Investments
Islamic financing and related assets
Other assets

Liabilities

Bills payable
Due to financial institutions
Deposits and other accounts
Sub-ordinated sukuk
Other liabilities

On-balance sheet gap

Total net assets

Off-balance sheet financial instrume Commitments in respect of:

CONTINUINI NUMBER OF OF
- forward foreign exchange contracts - purchase
- forward foreign exchange contracts - sale
- forward government securities transactions - pur
- forward government securities transactions - sale
- cross currency swaps
- forward lending
Off-balance sheet gap

Total yield risk rate sensitivity gap

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Yield curve risk is the risk that a financial instrument will suffer either a decline in income or capital because future changes in prevailing profit rates of return impact assets more or less than they impact liabilities.

The profit rate risk of the Bank arises when there is a mismatch between contractual maturities, which are subject to profit rate adjustment within a specified period or re-pricing of on and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities. Risk is addressed by Asset and Liability Management Committee that reviews the profit rate dynamics at regular intervals and decides re-pricing of assets and liabilities to ensure that the spread of the Bank remains at an acceptable level.

Major sources of Profit rate risk are;

- i) differences between the timing of rate changes and the timing of cash flows (re-pricing risk);
- ii) changing rate relationships among different yield curves affecting the Bank's activities (basis risk);
- iii) changing rate relationships across the range of maturities (yield curve risk);
- iv) Profit-related options embedded in the Bank's products (options risk); and
- v) changes in marked-to-market value of financial instruments which occur when profit rate changes (price risk).

44.3 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes or systems, human factors or from external events. The Bank's businesses are dependent on the ability to process a large number of transactions efficiently and accurately. Operational risks and losses originate from business / operational process failure, IT security failure, natural disasters, dependence on key suppliers, fraud, service quality compromises, regulatory non-compliance, loss of key staff and social and environmental impacts.

The operational risk management department is primarily responsible for the oversight of operational risk management across the Bank. The operational risk management framework of the Bank is governed by the operational risk management policy and procedures, while the implementation is supported by an operational risk management system and designated operational risk coordinators within different units across the Bank. The framework is in line with international best practices, flexible enough to implement in stages and permits the overall approach to evolve in response to organizational learning and future requirements.

The Bank has implemented an effective operational risk management framework for managing operational risk. Each department has processes and system controls in place to address operational risks within their area. Operational loss data is collected through a well defined program implemented across the Bank. Periodic workshops are conducted for risk and control self assessment and key risk exposures are identified and assessed against existing controls to evaluate improvement opportunities. Key risk indicators are also defined for monitoring of risk exposures. New products, systems, activities and processes are subject to comprehensive operational risk assessments, before implementation. Regular updates on operational risk status is presented to Enterprise Risk Management Committee (ERMC) and the Board of Directors through the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC). Further, as part of Bank's ongoing commitment to enhance Bank's services and to ensure Bank-wide risk awareness culture, Operational Risk Management Department has also orgainzed a special workshops/class room trainings tailored for Pan Pakistan Branch Operations Team.

Operational risk-disclosures Basel II specific

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.

The Bank is currently using basic indicator approach for calculating operational risk capital charge.

Under basic indicator approach the capital charge for operational risk is a fixed percentage (denoted alpha) of average positive annual gross income of the Bank over the past three years. Figures for any year in which annual gross income is negative or zero, should be excluded from both the numerator and denominator when calculating the average.

44.4 Shariah Non-Compliance Risk (SNCR)

Shariah Non-Compliance Risk (SNCR) is the financial and reputational risk that arises from a bank's failure to comply with the Shariah rules and principles prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan and Shariah Board of the Bank. Managing Shariah non-compliance risk is vital for the establishment of an effective Shariah governance system. Shariah compliance

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is critical to an Islamic bank's operations and such compliance requirements must permeate throughout the organization and its products and activities.

Faysal Bank Limited (FBL) is fully aware of the importance and implication of Shariah non-compliance risk on its business and strategy and therefore, ensures Shariah compliance in its business activities & operations. FBL has also developed a comprehensive framework for Shariah Non-Compliance Risk management, which entails identification, assessment, monitoring / controlling and reporting of SNCR residing in the Bank.

44.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank will be unable to meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due and to replenish funds when they are withdrawn.

Liquidity risk management framework is governed by the liquidity risk management policy. The policy provides specific directives for measuring and managing liquidity risk identifies responsible personnel; and defines their respective roles and responsibilities relating to liquidity risk management.

The management of liquidity risk is accomplished through a formal structure which includes:

- Board of Directors (BoD)
- Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC)
- Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO)
- Enterprise Risk Management Committee (ERMC)
- Treasury
- Risk management (enterprise risk management)
- Finance

The BoD approves the liquidity risk management policy including risk limits and ensures, through quarterly reviews by the BRMC, that the Bank's liquidity risk is being managed prudently. The BRMC plays a strategic role in liquidity risk management by overseeing the liquidity risk profile of the Bank. ERMC defines the risk tolerance levels and setting risk limits for effective liquidity risk management. ALCO ensures adherence with policy requirements and risk limits so that the Bank remains sufficiently liquid at all times.

The market and liquidity risk under enterprise risk management function overseas liquidity risk. The Bank's Asset and Liability Committee manages the liquidity position on a continuous basis.

The Bank ensures to maintain a diversified portfolio of liquid assets and funding base. Sources of funding comprise of a good mix of core deposits. Concentration in deposit, especially large volume deposits, is closely monitored to anticipate any potential liquidity issues in case of their withdrawals.

Various tools and techniques are used to measure and monitor the possible liquidity risk. These include monitoring of different liquidity ratios like liquid assets to liquid liabilities, liquid assets to total deposits, large volume deposits to total deposits, financing to deposit, liquid assets to volatile funding; on a regular basis against defined limits. Further, liquidity gaps over different time bands, are also monitored through maturity profiling of assets and liabilities. The Bank also ensures that statutory cash and liquidity requirements are maintained at all times. In addition, the Bank has also implemented the SBP's Basel III liquidity standards for ensuring compliance with the requirements of LCR, NSFR and other monitoring tools.

The Bank performs liquidity stress testing on periodic basis in order to ensure sufficient liquidity is always available to meet financial obligations / commitments. Stress testing aims to quantify the potential impact of extreme yet plausible events or movements on the value of portfolio. Shocks include withdrawal of deposits, withdrawal of wholesale / large deposits, withdrawal of top deposits, etc. The results of liquidity stress testing are shared with relevant authorities / committees, on periodic basis.

Contingency funding plan (CFP) is a part of liquidity risk management policy of the Bank. CFP provides a set of several early warning indicators of a possible liquidity shortfall situation; describes the actions to be taken to manage it and identifies the roles and responsibilities of ALCO, CFP team or other relevant authorities.

							2023							
	Total	Upto 1 day	Over 1 to 7 days	Over 7 to 14 days	Over 14 days to 1 month	Over 1 to 2 months	Over 2 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 to 9 months	Over 9 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Assets						•	Rupees '000	C						
Cash and balances with treasury banks	84,036,558	84,036,558	•	•	•			•	•			•	•	•
Balances with other banks	1,812,399		1,812,399										,	•
Due from financial institutions	•								•					•
Investments	589,544,591		·			1,107,941	1,107,944	16,703,166	28,439,801	2,216,596	38,378,177	173,328,722	274,729,730	53,532,514
Islamic financing and related assets	580,711,316	66,387,604	73,190,828	24,999,051	63,739,812	37,064,998	36,519,305	73,771,925	17,400,802	13,072,756	45,526,264	35,302,916	47,190,919	46,544,136
Fixed assets	40,268,350	958,055	205,584	240,095	548,977	1,030,845	1,037,006	1,043,746	71,649	115,529	499,656	1,606,114	3,894,522	29,016,572
Intangible assets	2,331,775	6,650	40,125	46,583	106,433	199,563	199,570	204,861	1,463	23,445	165,277	907,280	430,525	•
Deferred tax assets	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Other assets	71,368,561	3,069,126	3,105,095	4,183,156	8,848,187	12,218,464	8,020,447	26,280,058	1,774,241	1,594,554	1,980,641	45,441	•	249,151
	1,370,073,550	154,457,993	78,354,031	29,468,885	73,243,409	51,621,811	46,884,272	118,003,756	47,687,956	17,022,880	86,550,015	211,190,473	326,245,696	129,342,373
Liabilities														
Bills payable	16,550,469	551,682	3,310,094	3,861,776	8,826,917	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Due to financial institutions	166,886,803	302,706	80,929,512	797,112	1,880,579	9,719,434	16,065,695	4,380,308	14,502	515,734	2,424,102	1,734,466	4,537,715	43,584,938
Deposits and other accounts	1,018,275,737	764,260,439	28,635,973	13,543,964	42,720,646	65,474,411	42,910,499	33,525,834	11,262,191	15,817,427	64,164	41,120	19,069	•
Subordinated sukuk	•	•							•		•			•
Deferred tax liabilities	4,907,208		•		•		•		•			4,907,208	•	•
Other liabilities *	73,254,972	505,646	3,917,692	3,148,546	7,756,195	10,122,279	13,325,712	14,252,502	5,459,870	6,615,556	8,100,543	48,969	1,462	•
	1,279,875,189	765,620,473	116,793,271	21,351,398	61,184,337	85,316,124	72,301,906	52,158,644	16,736,563	22,948,717	10,588,809	6,731,763	4,558,246	43,584,938
Net assets	90,198,361	(611,162,480)	(38,439,240)	8,117,487	12,059,072	(33,694,313)	(25,417,634)	65,845,112	30,951,393	(5,925,837)	75,961,206	204,458,710	321,687,450	85,757,435
Share capital	15.176.965													
Decentee	15 616 188													
Comparent and the second se	13,010,100													
Surpius on revaluation of assets - riet Thanninniated ninfit	10,101,011													
	90,198,361													
* These contain maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on contractual maturities which is shown below:	e liabilities base	ed on contract	ual maturities	s which is sh	iown below:									
							2023							
		of all	0.001	0.007	Out 11 days	Que 1 to	Otor 2 to	0.00.2 to	Otor 6 to	Our 0 months	Otor 1 to	010-010	0.05 2 to	1010
	Total	1 day	to 7 days	to 14 days	to 1 month	2 months	3 months	6 months		to 1 year	2 years	3 years	5 years	5 years
							Rupees '000-	C						
Liabilities	100 000 01								100 1	000 010	000 010	000110	010 010 0	0 110 000
Lease liabilities	12,808,103								GZZ'G	213,093	232,250	024,328	Z,U1U,Z/ 3	9,152,928

44.5.1 Maturities of assets and liabilities - based on contractual maturities

							2022							
	Total	Upto 1 day	Over 1 to 7 days	Over 7 to 14 days	Over 14 days to 1 month	Over 1 to 2 months	Over 2 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 to 9 months	Over 9 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Assets							Rupees '000	(
Cash and balances with treasury banks	56,130,549	56,130,549	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Balances with other banks	2,785,035		2,785,035	•										•
Due from financial institutions	9,815,098	•	9,815,098								•			•
Investments	469,451,195				9,093,505	1,551,727	1,551,728	7,905,036	7,111,439	3,103,455	1,304,593	34,085,999	352,683,849	51,059,864
Islamic financing and related assets	454,260,608	34,186,754	37,040,685	23,608,062	56,288,565	16,739,520	34,460,468	41,330,899	13,508,603	14,769,861	43,227,548	38,136,574	48,307,902	52,655,167
Fixed assets	35,034,233	44,540	119,606	139,540	318,949	598,728	600,630	615,336	697,696	49,035	560,358	918,548	3,004,622	27,366,645
Intangible assets	1,984,841	5,928	35,569	41,497	94,850	177,843	178,155	177,843	6,254	42,987	47,183	607,102	569,630	
Deferred tax assets		•			•	•				•		•		
Other assets	44,891,304	3,097,281	2,413,101	2,583,514	5,456,129	5,264,821	4,526,933	15,699,975	1,085,712	1,602,493	2,942,649	26,896		191,800
	1,074,352,863	93,465,052	52,209,094	26,372,613	71,251,998	24,332,639	41,317,914	65,729,089	22,409,704	19,567,831	48,082,331	73,775,119 404,566,003	404,566,003	131,273,476
Liabilities														
Bills payable	21,309,950	710,333	4,261,990	4,972,321	11,365,306	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Due to financial institutions	150,134,396	3,181,672	16,762,435	6,482,506	7,562,339	31,418,445	15,585,950	11,926,013	35,535	27,219	5,553,188	1,652,133	4,209,566	45,737,395
Deposits and other accounts	781,570,730	625,649,585	19,570,683	7,582,309	22,341,735	26,417,044	46,630,258	20,145,315	6,665,682	6,265,135	180,983	38,365	83,636	
Subordinated sukuk	•	•			•	•			•	•	•			•
Deferred tax liabilities	694,025	•			•	•				•	•	694,025		•
Other liabilities *	50,560,351	335,631	2,486,113	2,320,110	5,741,959	4,751,305	7,738,669	9,407,642	3,772,954	5,675,198	8,274,763	54,573	1,434	
	1,004,269,452	629,877,221	43,081,221	21,357,246	47,011,339	62,586,794	69,954,877	41,478,970	10,474,171	11,967,552	14,008,934	2,439,096	4,294,636	45,737,395
Net assets	70,083,411	(536,412,169)	9,127,873	5,015,367	24,240,659	(38,254,155)	(28,636,963)	24,250,119	11,935,533	7,600,279	34,073,397	71,336,023	400,271,367	85,536,081
0	1 410 001													
Share capital	15,1/6,965													
Reserves	11,675,968													
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	10,048,814 20,504,654													
	70.083.411	_												
* These contain maturity analysis of lasse liabilities based on contractual maturities which is shown below	a liahilitiae haea	on contract	ual maturitiae	to bit is a	יוויסוסק מוויסי									
ା।୮୧୦୦୦ ୧୦୦୮୧୦୦ ୧୦୦ ୧୦୦୦	ספשר השטווווופט המסב		ממו ווממוונצ											
							2022							
		Unto	Over 1	Over 7	Over 14 davs	Over 1 to	Over 2 to	Over 3 to	Over 6 to	Over 9 months	Over 1 to	Over 2 to	Over 3 to	Over
	Total	1 day	to 7 days	to 14 days	to 1 month	2 months	3 months	6 months	9 months	to 1 year	2 years	3 years	5 years	5 years
						J	Rupees '000							
Liabilities Lease liabilities	11,827,762					514	818	3,227	10,342	107,249	129,713	441,652	1,596,179	9,538,068

For the year ended December 31, 2023

In line with the SBP BSD Circular Letter No. 02 and 03 of 2011 on "Maturity and Profit rate sensitivity gap reporting", deposit withdrawal pattern analysis on

44.5.2 Maturities of assets and liabilities - based on expected maturities of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

					2023	23				
		1 - 4 - 4	Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	A house 4.0
	Total	upto I month	to 3 months	to 6 months	months to 1 year	to 2 years	to 3 years	to 5 years	to 10 years	years
Assets					0, Sendres '0	000,				
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	84,036,558 1,812,399	6,752,338 145,625	1,676,529 36,157	2,470,675 53,285	5,210,267 112,369	10,521,377 226,912	23,332,750 503,213	12,962,639 279,563	21,072,167 454,459	37,816 816
Investments	589,544,591	17,420,562	68,591,940	423,655,354	7,435,099	5,505,972	39,497,517	27,438,147		
isiarinic iniaricing ariorrelated assets Fixed assets	40,268,350	211,913,024 923,731	/4,4/4,104 9,892	14,766 14,766	24,404,003 2,245,138	2,557,616	40,706,679 1,606,114	4/,190,916 3,894,522	39,010,200 10,952,327	18,064,244
Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	2,331,775 -	, - -	1 1	, -	405,886	422,570 -		907,280 -	430,738 -	1 1
Other assets	71,368,561 1 370 073 550	19,205,565 256 361 662	20,238,911 165.027.593	26,280,058 527 744 148	3,368,795	1,980,641 71 369 677	45,441 105 859 191	- 92 673 060	249,150 72 169 107	- 25 636 746
Liabilities		200,000,000	000, 130,001		00,404,00	10,000,1		25,000	12,100,101	01
Bills payable Due to financial inetitutions	16,550,469 166 886 803	16,550,469 83 000 000	- 76 785 170	- 200 080 1	- 530 036	- - 101 100	- 1 734 AGG	- 1 537 715	- 13 103 750	- 181
Deposits and other accounts	1,018,275,737	00,309,309 146,739,740	23,703,123 123,608,244	4,300,300 56,394,899	75,489,165	2,424,102 97,602,759	209,163,369	116,818,814	43,403,732 192,102,646	356,101
Subordinated sukuk Deferred tev lishilities	- 1 907 208						- 1 907 208			
Other liabilities *	73,254,972	15,328,078	23,447,990	14,252,502	12,075,427	8,100,543	48,969	1,463		
	1,279,875,189	262,528,196	172,841,363	75,027,709	88,094,828	108,127,404	215,854,012	121,357,992	235,506,398	537,287
Net assets	90,198,361	(6,166,534)	(7,813,770)	452,716,439	(34,862,471)	(36,757,727)	(109,994,821)	(28,684,923)	(163,337,291)	25,099,459
Share capital Reserves Surplus on revaluation of assets - net Unappropriated profit	15,176,965 15,616,188 15,151,071 44,254,137 90,198,361									
* These contain maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on expected maturities which is shown below:	oilities based on ex	pected maturit	ies which is shc	wn below:						
					2023	23				
	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 vear	Over 1 to 2 vears	Over 2 to 3 vears	Over 3 to 5 vears	Over 5 to 10 vears	Above 10 years
					S	000,	•	•	•	
Liabilities	10 868 102				218 218	030 056	65.4 208	0 010 073	8 AD1 AA1	1 351 787
	14,000,100				1-00-0	101,100	00100	F,VIV,FIV		101 (100)1

Liabilities	Lease liabilities

					2022	22				
	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10 years
Assets					Rupees '000.	000				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	56,130,549	4,765,484	979,478	1,509,912	3,567,096	7,136,999	16,378,894	9,443,965	12,323,462	25,259
Balances with other banks	2,785,035	236,451	48,599	74,917	176,989	354,117	812,673	468,582	611,454	1,253
Due from financial institutions	9,815,098	9,815,098	1	I	'	1	I	I	ı	ı
Investments	469,451,195	23,112,451	3,103,455	331,134,499	10,214,894	1,304,593	5,695,344	43,826,095	51,059,864	ı
Islamic financing and related assets	454,260,608	63,679,626	64,700,019	62,384,716	74,707,138	46,407,073	41,418,967	48,307,902	44,835,200	7,819,967
Fixed assets	35,034,233	25,307	2,601	17,307	1,942,789	1,756,416	918,548	3,003,841	9,492,756	17,874,668
Intangible assets	1,984,841	ı	ı	313	361,941	398,674	47,183	607,102	300,933	268,695
Deferred tax assets	I	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ı	ı
Other assets	44,891,304	13,550,025	9,791,754	15,699,975	2,688,205	2,942,649	26,896	1	ı	191,800
	1,074,352,863	115,184,442	78,625,906	78,625,906 410,821,639	93,659,052	60,300,521	65,298,505	105,657,487	118,623,669	26,181,642
Liabilities										
Bills payable	21,309,950	21,309,950	1	ı	ı	'	I	I	I	I
Due to financial institutions	150,134,396	33,988,952	47,004,394	11,926,013	62,754	5,553,188	1,652,133	4,209,566	45,632,011	105,385
Deposits and other accounts	781,570,730	102,066,763	83,866,919	36,613,751	52,063,505	78,388,434	184,527,893	106,208,636	137,547,258	287,571
Subordinated sukuk	I	I	ı	ı	'	'	I	I	I	ı
Deferred tax liabilities	694,025	ı	,	ı	'	'	694,025	I	ı	·
Other liabilities *	50,560,351	10,883,811	12,489,975	9,407,642	9,448,152	8,274,763	54,573	1,435	ı	I
	1,004,269,452	168,249,476	143,361,288	57,947,406	61,574,411	92,216,385	186,928,624	110,419,637	183,179,269	392,956
Net assets	70,083,411	(53,065,034)	(64,735,382)	352,874,233	32,084,641	(31,915,864)	(121,630,119)	(4,762,150)	(64,555,600)	25,788,686
Share capital	15,176,965									
Reserves	11,675,968									
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	10,648,814									
Unappropriated profit	32,581,664 70 083 411									
	10,000,411									
* These contain maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on expected maturities which is shown below:	abilities based on ex	pected maturiti	es which is sho	wn below:						
					2022	22				
		1 0401	Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	Above 10
	Total		to 3	to 6	months to	to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	
			months	months	1 year	years	years	years	years	years
					-000, seedny	000				
Liabilities Lease liabilities	11 827 762	,	1 332	03.558	27 260	129 713	441 652	1 596 179	8 164 671	1 373 397
	11,041,104		1,004	000,000	2012, 12	150,110	11,004	1,000,11	- 0,401,0	1,01,0,001

		- 1,332	
		11,827,762	
	Liabilities	Lease liabilities	

For the year ended December 31, 2023

44.6 Derivative risk management

The Bank's derivatives risk management is performed under market risk management which is an independent unit reporting to the Chief Risk Officer. The risk management policies are governed by the regulatory and internal guidelines. The risk management department of the Bank reviews credit risk, market risk and other risks associated with the derivative transactions or related area of the activity and assigns limits within which the transactions / area of activity can be carried out. Furthermore, Banks derivative portfolio is on run off basis due to conversion. Adherence to these limits is ensured through independent monitoring and control functions.

There are a number of risks undertaken by the Bank, which need to be monitored and assessed. The management of risks includes the following primary components:

- comprehensive risk measurement approach;
- detailed structure of limits, guidelines and other parameters used to govern risk taking; and
- strong management information system for controlling, monitoring and reporting risks.

Major risks associated with the derivative instruments are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Bank uses SunGard-Sierra to measure and manage these risks which provides end-to-end capability with respect to transaction life cycle.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of a derivative contract will be adversely affected by movements in equity prices, profit rates, currency exchange rates and commodity prices. The authority for approving policies, limits and periodic reviews rest with the Board of Directors. The critical measures used to manage market risks are profit rate delta and currency delta basis. These measures involve extreme shifts in a variety of parameters, such as FX rates, profit rates, equity prices, implied volatility levels and combinations of the above. These measures are calculated through the relevant systems.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a party to a derivative contract will fail to perform its obligation. There is a settlement risk associated with the derivative transactions. Settlement risk is monitored on a daily basis. Risk management department of the Bank sets the policies and limits for counterparty risk based on a pre-defined criteria linked with the internal risk rating of the customer.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is managed as part of the overall liquidity risk of the Bank. The risk management policies related to liquidity risk are explained in note 44.5 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

45 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These unconsolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on February 7, 2024 by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

46 GENERAL

Comparative information has been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these unconsolidated financial statements, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison and to conform with changes in presentation in the current year. There have been no significant reclassifications during the year.

47 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on February 7, 2024 has proposed a final cash dividend of Rs. 2 per share (20%) for the year ended December 31, 2023. This is in addition to Rs. 2 already paid during the year bringing the total dividend for the year to Rs. 4 per share (2022: Rs. 7). These unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Stat	ement showing written-c	Statement showing written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above provided during the year ended December 31, 2023 as referred in note 11.7 to these unconsolidated financial statements.	ef of five hundred thousanc	d rupees or above pro	vided during the year ended	December	31, 2023 a	as referred	becember 31, 2023 as referred in note 11.7 Outstanding Lishilities at horinning of usar	7 to these u	Inconsolidat	ed financial	statements.
ς. Ν.	Name of the borrower	Address	Name of Individuals / Partners/Directors	CNIC	Father's / Husband's Name	Principal	Interest /	Others	Total	Principal written-off			(11+12+13)
•	•						Mark-up î	•	(6+8+1)	;	Writ	ស	
-	7	ر د	4	0	٥	`	×	R	10 10 11 11	TT 11	71.	13	14
-	Nisar Ahmed	6 Kot Fazil Main Bazar Babu Sabu	Nisar Ahmed	35202-5865181-1	Muhammad Akram		45.857		45.857	-	45.857		45.857
2			Muhammad Amjad Rafiq	38403-2237603-3	Muhammad Rafique	295	845	ı	1,140	,	793		793
က	Rai Rice Mills		Mujahid Abbas	34301-1762733-7	Nazir Ahmad	11,600	58,443		70,043		50,144		50,144
4		290 Asso Ahsnst Near Mustafabad	Imtiaz Ahmed Cheema	34101-2333424-1	Muhammad Nazeer Cheema	207	1,226		1,433		833		833
5	AI Barkat Filling Station	Shamali 521-E.B, Dist	Ch. Mohammad Asif	34202-6454703-1	Ch Barkat Ali	3,725	3,584		7,309		2,349		2,349
9	Ab Textile Corporation	188-E-1 0 Johar Town	Syed Hamid Hussain Subzwari	35202-2781980-3	Syed Sharif Hussain Subzwari	4,900	31,415	i.	36,315	ı	29,136	1	29,136
7	Usman Rice Corporation	Ghalla Mandi Koraykey	Zia Ullah	34104-3485261-1	Muhammad Ibrahim	800	883		1,683	ı	592		592
ß	Gulshan Poly Pack Pvt Ltd	Apt. 48, 3Rd Floor,Hafeez Centre, Main Gulberg III Lahore. 173-H, Model Town, Lahroe	Muhammad Younas Muhammad Ayub Mrs. Gulshan Meraj	35202-2940371-7 35202-2975337-9 35202-7805136-2	Mian Mehraj Din Mian Mehraj Din Mian Mehraj Din		40,989		40,989		39,665		39,665
0	Crestpack	House # 28, Block E-2, Model Town, Lahore	Amir Latif	35202-0537454-5	Mohammad Abdul Latif		5,292		5,292		4,552		4,552
10) Ittefaq Rice Mills	Ittefaq Rice Millali Pur Road Gujranwala	Sabeen Naveed Jamal Nasir Cheema Akhtar Jamil Awan	34101-8711545-2 34101-9497912-5 34104-9580643-9	Naveed Azam Cheema Muhamad Nasir Cheema Muhammad Jamil		48,081		48,081		48,081		48,081
÷	H.M Khalil Weaving Factory	Ittefaq Weaving State Kalra Gt Road Samnabad	Muhammad Khalil	34101-0977648-5	Muhammad Hussain	3,213	10,322		13,535	ı	10,404		10,404
12	Metro International	Kacha Khiali Rd Gardan Town School	Mian Imran Ataf	34201-2707788-9	Mian Altaf Hussain	14,920	44,259	616	59,795	1	37,820	12	37,832
13	Ahsan Brothers (Fas Group)	119/2, Main Quaid-E-Azam Industrial Estate, Kot Lakhpat, Lahore	Ahsan Mehmood Butt	35201-1606258-9	Ashiq Hussain Butt		9,356		9,356	1	7,689		7,689
14	 Shahrukh & Company (Fas Group) 	119/2, Main Quaid-E-Azam Industrial Estate, Kot Lakhpat, Lahore	Shahrukh Mehmood Butt	35201-1606263-1	Ashiq Hussain Butt		28,650		28,650		26,872		26,872
15	Farrukh Brothers (Fas Group)	119/2, Main Quaid-E-Azam Industrial Estate, Kot Lakhpat, Lahore	Farrukh Mahmood Butt	35201-5379249-3	Ashiq Hussain Butt		9,356		9,356	1	7,689		7,689
16	 Dynamic Freight Systems (Pvt) Ltd. 	Commercial Area Cavalary Ground Lahore	Syed Muhammad Shoaib Zaidi Syed Sajjad Kamail Zaidi	35201-1525476-5 35201-8798598-9	Syed Saker Ali Zaidi Syed Saker Ali Zaidi	1	1,974		1,974	1	1,774	1	1,774
17	 M Asim Aziz & Sons 	H.No.99 Block-F Erum Enterprises, Al Nor	Asim Aziz	36603-1392847-1	Sheikh Aziz Ur Rehman	3,243	7,015		10,258		6,851		6,851
18			Numan Sharif	34201-2664160-7	Muhammad Sharif	7,498	9,711		17,209	1	8,210		8,210
19	 New Awami Tractors 	Chah Jahhu Wala Chak No 198 E/B Po Khas T Faisalabad	Muhammad Munawar	36302-4262362-1	Sardar Baksh	3,499	2,378		5,877		2,089		2,089
20	Malik Rice Mills	Near Bridge Sarooki Patoki Kasur Kunjah	Nadir Hussain Malik	34201-2656985-5	Malik Mubarak Ahmed	3,394	4,282		7,676		3,793		3,793
21	Metal Masters	240 A Phase II Gujranwala	Irfan Afzal Chatha	34101-7849211-9	Muhammad Afzal Chath	1,313	2,043	•	3,356		1,941		1,941

Ű			Name of Individuals /		Eathor's /	Outstandii	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	at beginni	ng of year	Drincinal		Other	Total
ŝŚ	Name of the borrower	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)		Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	7	12	13	14
									Rupes '000	000, si			
22	Sayid Paper Mills Pvt Ltd	21-Km, Lahore-Sheikhupura Road, Lahore	Wajid Mahmood Sayid Faisal M Sayid Roohi Sayid Aizad H Sayid	35202-0757479-7 35202-4120799-1 35202-4465084-0 35202-7567268-9	Syed Mahmood Shah Wajid Mahmood Sayid Wajid Mahmood Sayid Wajid Mahmood Sayid	67,618	28,130		95,748		21,656		21,656
23	N.S. Plastic Industry	Silanwali 105 Sargodha	Shabir Ahmad	38403-8202587-3	Khurshed Ahmad	4,848	3,385		8,233		3,758		3,758
24	Speciality Chemical Industries (Pvt) Ltd.	30 Km Main Faisalabad-Lahore Road, Near Adda Ghaseetpura At Chak No. 69 R.B The. Jaranwala Distt. Faisalabad.	Sh Muhammad Javed	245-88-204286	Sh Taj Din	666'2	29,220		37,219	ı	29,334	1	29,334
25	Shahbaz Noor	House # 165, Block-S, D.H.A , Lahore.	Shahbaz Noor	35202-8385383-5	Noor Muhammad		37,844		37,844		27,844		27,844
26	Ashrafi Samnani Steel Works	Chak No. 62 Office Kabir Wala Raiwind Road	Muhammad Mukarram Ali Ashrafi	35202-8298746-1	Muhammad Tufail	1,661	1,136		2,797		923		923
27	Asghar Commission Shop	Ghalla Mundi Haveli Lakha Depalpur	Muhammad Asghar Wahgra	35301-8438397-7	Muhammad Amin Wahgra	6,500	15,394		21,894		14,439		14,439
28		rsity	Ishfaq Ahmed	31202-0367664-1	Anwar Ali	920	864		1,784		732		732
29		7- Shami Road, Lahore Cantt.	Asif Bashir Farooqi Daniyal Khalid Farooqi Ayela Abbas Farooqi	35202-6425757-9 35202-8922545-1 35201-8584090-8	Muhammad Bashir Farooqi Asif Bashir Farooqi Arjumand Khan Niazi	12,850	83,910	1	96,760	1	74,744		74,744
30		House No. 12, Canal Park, Gulberg, Lahore	Asif Bashir Farooqi	35202-6425757-9	Muhammad Bashir Farooqui		37,641		37,641		30,781		30,781
31	Modern Rice & General Mills	Tower Ghalla Mandi Near Deen Plazagt Road Gujranwala	Rana Iftikhar Ali Rana Fahad Mushtaq Rana Mushtaq Ahmed Rana Zahid Mushtaq	34101-2403709-9 34101-6281465-5 34101-8330474-5 34101-8331329-5	Rana Niaz Ahmed Rana Mushtaq Ahmed Rana Niaz Ahmed Rana Mushtaq Ahmed	9,469	19,353	223	29,045		14,065		14,065
32	Nazir Plastic Industries	Nazir Plastic Industries, Baradari Road Opp. Fazal Park, Shadara Lahore	Nazir Hussain	35202-2876592-3	Siraj Uddin	7,997	7,519		15,516	1	7,250	1	7,250
ŝ	Km Lumber Land	104, Block E-1, Valancia Town, Lahore.	Rana Safdar Ali	35202-9754010-3	Muhammad Tufail	2,167	3,532		5,699		3,281		3,281
34	Malik Brothers Zari Service	Ghazi Roadchowk Chorhattad.G Khan	Muhammad Fayyaz Muhammad Saijad	32102-0894930-9 32102-0894938-3	Muhammad Ramzan Muhammad Ramzan	1,292	1,545		2,837		1,230		1,230
35		Mian Brothers, Flat No.9, 2Nd Floor, Shabnam Centre, Shalimar Link Road, Lahore	Amir Ismaæl	35202-8098423-3	Muhammad Ismaeel	351	2,452		2,803	1	2,031	1	2,031
õ	Ayesha Textile Mills Limited	97/B Gulber II Lahore	Harcon Abdullah Abdullah Rafi Abdus Samad Usman Elahi Anjum Rafi Yousaf Anjum Abdul Rahim	35200-1416576-3 35200-1416576-7 35200-9038312-5 35202-90103917-1 35202-2461304-3 35502-4463133-9 35502-4463133-9	Abdullah Rafi Muhammad Rafi Abdullah Rafi Sheikh Muhammad Saeed Muhammad Rafi Anjam Rafi Anjam Rafi	52,316	43,947	•	96,263		51,394	'	51,394

Annexure I to and forming part of the
Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Name of the borrower 2 Bestow Pharma Friends Traders Tabani Enterprises United Industries Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Cordial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Eater Ahmed Cordial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises National Absorbent Cortial Trading Cortial Trading Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Malik Sajad Zahoor				Outstandi	ng Liabilitie	s at beginn	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year		Interest /	Other	Total
2 Bestow Pharma Friends Traders Tabani Enterprises United Industries Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Rata Ahmed Cordial Trading Cordial Trading Coronation Star Enterprises National Absorbent Cotton Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Babar Hussain Malik Sajad Zahoor	Name of Individuals Partners/Directors	CNIC	Father's / Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	Principal written-off		Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
Bestow Pharma Friends Traders Tabani Enterprises United Industries Polycloth (Pvt) Ltd Polycloth (Pvt) Ltd Cordial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Cordial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Cordial Trading Cordial Trading Cordia Trading Cordial Trading Cordial Trading Cordial	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
Bestow Pharma Friends Traders Tabani Enterprises United Industries Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Cordial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Cortion Badar Hussain Malik Sajad Zahoor							Rupes '000	000' se			
Friends Traders Tabani Enterprises United Industries Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Irfan Ahmed Cortial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Cortion Cortion Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Mational Absorbent Cotton Babar Hussain Malik Sajad Zahoor	jmultan Ulfat Perveen Farooq Ahmad	36302-0268129-0 36302-0287000-3	Farooq Ahmad Muhammad Jumma Khan	1,500	3,642	1	5,142		3,299	1	3,299
Tabani Enterprises United Industries Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Irfan Ahmed Corocial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Cotton Cotton Cotton Star Enterprises Shoukat Ali Lashari Shoukat Ali Lashari Babar Hussain Mubarak Ali		35200-1385548-8 36603-1393893-9	Ch Muhammad Bashir Ch Muhammad Nazir	8,457	1,890		10,347		2,513		2,513
United Industries Polycoth (Pvt) Ltd Irfan Ahmed Cordial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Star All Absorbent Cotton Babar Hussain Malik Sajad Zahoor	sr Noman Tabani Karachi	42101-5620363-7	Muhammad Rafiq Tabani	•	3,536		3,536		3,367		3,367
Polycloth (Pvt) Ltd Irfan Ahmed Cordial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises National Absorbent Cotton Cotton Eaber Hussein Eaber Hussain Mubarak Ali Mubarak Ali	27 Korangi Mohammad Asghar Khan	42201-0721216-5	Mohammad Saleem	'	33,863		33,863	I	33,863		33,863
Irfan Ahmed Corporation Corporation Star Enterprises Star Enterprises Corporation National Absorbent Cotton People Fisheries (Pvt) Limited. Shoukat Ali Lashari Shoukat Ali Lashari Mubarak Ali Mubarak Ali	d Floor 1-Danish Saeed 2-Shafiq Ahmed 3-Saeed Ahmed	42201-3223558-3 42201-5158386-5 42201-8293913-5	1-Saeed Ahmed 2-Mohammad Ahmed 3-Mohammad Ahmed	1	69,600		69,600	-	66,082		66,082
Cordial Trading Corporation Star Enterprises National Absorbent Cotton Cotton People Fisheries (Pvt) Limited. People Fisheries (Pvt) Limited. Sardar Muhammad Babar Hussain Mubarak Ali Mubarak Ali	sFb	42101-8819775-3	Furqan Ahmed	215	1,322	1	1,537	1	1,258		1,258
Star Enterprises National Absorbent Cotton People Fisheries (Pvt) Limited. Shoukat Ali Lashari Sardar Muhammad Babar Hussain Mubarak Ali Mubarak Ali	igar 1-Mehmood Abu Baker 2-Haji Abu Baker 3-Mehboob Abu Baker	42201-5470470-5 42201-0757624-7 42201-5008155-7	1-Haji Abu Baker 2-Haji Salman 3-Haji Abu Baker	3,180	25,724		28,904	1	23,759		23,759
National Absorbent Cotton People Fisheries (Pvt) Limited. Shoukat Ali Lashari Sardar Muhammad Babar Hussain Mubarak Ali Mubarak Ali		42501-8635200-3	Syed Urooj Haider	5,100	12,386		17,486	I	12,992		12,992
People Fisheries (Pvt) Limited. Shoukat Ali Lashari Sardar Muhammad Babar Hussain Mubarak Ali Mubarak Ali	5		Fazal Hussain Fazal Hussain Ittikhar Hussain Fazal Hussain	16,192	20,065		36,257	1	18,833	1	18,833
Shoukat Ali Lashari Sardar Muhammad Babar Hussain Mubarak Ali Malik Sajad Zahoor	Warf ^a -5 <u>%BERMdH85</u> #RN:har Zaidi 2-Syed Hasan Ittikhar Zaidi 3-Mrs. Zahoor Fatima 4-Syed Anwar Ittikhar Zaidi	4£301-4008283-3 42301-9751357-5 42301-0542292-4 42301-1096180-5	Byeel fittkreaf Ahmed Syed littkhar Ahmed Syed littkhar Ahmed Syed littkhar Ahmed	855	23,320		24,175	1	21,074	1	21,074
Sardar Muhammad Babar Hussain Mubarak Ali Malik Sajad Zahoor		45401-6084703-1	Mohammad Yousif Lashari	2,800	4,483		7,283		4,321		4,321
Babar Hussain Mubarak Ali Malik Saljad Zahoor	ng Sardar Muhammad Distt	36601-6159373-3	Rehmat Ali	1	4,599	21	4,620	1	4,599	21	4,620
Mubarak Ali Malik Saijad Zahoor	hsil Babar Hussain	35301-1922392-7	Mian Muhammad Hassan	1	1,499	13	1,512	ı	1,499	13	1,512
Malik Sajjad Zahoor	ah Raja Mubarak Ali Town	44103-3527854-3	Badal	4,004	6,827	32	10,863	1	6,361	32	6,393
1 d. N la concerdad N	Malik Sajjad	31201-7765474-7	Malik Zahoor Ahmed	1	946		946	1	946		946
22 Invutatimed Arcar / Invutatimed Arcar Po Nes Jitang Muhammad Arcar Islam Nagar Daim Wala P/O & T //M.Ajmal	ias Jhangi Muhammad Akbar VO & T	31201-0267114-3	Muhammad Ramzan	1,579	1,577	1	3,156	1	1,360		1,360

L						Outstandi	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ing of vear		Interest /	Other	Total
w Š.	Name of the borrower	Address	Name of Individuals / Partners/Directors	CNIC	Father's / Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	Principal written-off		Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
									Rupees	000, sa			
53	Amjad Nawaz	Mouza Arora Mian Khan, Tehsil Depalpur District Okara	Amjad Nawaz	35301-1994144-3	Muhammad Nawaz	3,798	1,671	60	5,529	-	1,910	110	2,020
54	Ali Mardan	Village Haji Mitho K Safari Villas Phase 1	Ali Mardan	45402-4668737-9	Rasool Bakish	368	530	-	898	-	609		509
55	Khan Cold Storage	3- Km Sargodha Road, Kot Muhammad Yar Tehsil & Dist. Chiniot	Abdul Naveed Khan	33201-1584461 <i>-7</i>	Abdul Muquæt Khan	9,267	27,699		36,966		24,611		24,611
56	Kausar Parveen	253 Ocknew Garden 0	Kausar Parveen	35201-1315347-0	Faheem Haider	1,634	11,111	96	12,841	-	10,609		10,609
57	Chaudhary M Akram / M Abid Akram Cheema	1 House No.117, 0 Cavalary Ground	Chaudhary Muhammad Akram Cheema	35201-5197353-5	Ch. Ghulam Rasool Cheema	974	1,054		2,028	-	266		266
58	Aleem Shehzad	P/O Same Baqaini Tehsil Jatoi District Muzaffar Garh.	Aleem Shahzad	32302-4057044-1	Fateh Muhammad		2,857	9	2,863	-	2,857	9	2,863
59	Umer Communication	Chak No 447/Eb Murad Po Khas Tehsil Burewala, Dist, Vehari	Choudary Ehsan Ullah Cheema	36601-1336731-3	Nazir Ahmad	5,499	1,341		6,840	-	1,923		1,923
09	Zahoor Ullah	P.O Khas Chourasta Mian Khan Tehsil Depalpur Distt Okara	Zahoor-Ullah	35301-1984701-7	Mian Abdul Haq	1	1,210	'	1,210	ı	1,210		1,210
61		Chak 55 Wb 1Society Sector 19 Fb Area Karachi	Abdullah	36603-8732569-3	Mughala		621		621	-	621		621
62	Babar Proteen Farm	19-Km Lahoreskp Road Mandia, Tehsliferozwala, District Sheikhupura	Babar Ali Muhammad Ali Joiya	35201-5451411-1 35202-3048117 <i>-7</i>	Nawazish Ali Rana Muhammad Anwar	2,300	9,200	195	11,695	1	8,605		8,605
63	Abdul Ghaffar	Ghalar Abdul Qa Nsion Streetno 113/13 0	Abdul Ghaffar	35103-0847103-9	Kamal Din	350	659	130	1,139	-	676		676
64	Tariq Javed/Khurram Yar Javed	138 Sd Canal City Gulberg	Tariq Javed	37203-1441576-5	Malik Yaran Khan	4,890	1,929	-	6,819	-	2,382		2,382
65		_	Khalid Hussain	35301-1968667-9	Mian Muhammad Hussain	429	3,201	45	3,675		2,709		2,709
99			Muhammad Munir	35402-1785984-9	Mathela	661	1,165	61	1,887		1,202		1,202
67		P.O Khas Pipli Paharad Tehsil Depalpur Distt Okara	Muhammad Naeem Uddin	35301-9465049-7	Haji Muhammad Jahangir	I	3,010	I	3,010	I	2,527	1	2,527
89		H # 244/A Mohalla G.O.R-5, Faysal Town Lahore.	Syed Arif Ali Bukhari	35202-2098027-1	Syed Bakar Ali Bukkhari	1	9,899	I	9,899	I	9,104	1	9,104
69	Salman Ahmad	Allah Bukhsh La Itefaq Colony Lajpat	Salman Ahmed	35200-3403762-5	Zahoor Ahmed	2,520	9,698	ı	12,218	ı	8,471	1	8,471
02	Ahmed Nawaz Khan		Ahmed Nawaz Khan	33202-1406199-3	Malik Khoda Bux	3,560	4,710	18	8,288	-	4,225	58	4,283
71		Alriaz Cold House No 79	Mushtaq Ahmad	35301-1975038-7	Mian Riaz Ahmad	7,451	11,881	183	19,515	-	12,631		12,631
72	Asghar Ali Asim		Asghar Ali Asim	36502-6818429-7	Ch Ali Ahmed	1	1,284	T	1,284		1,034	1	1,034
73	Muhammad Azam	Chak No 16 Jb P Pankey Tehsil Jhumra Dist Faisalabad	Muhammad Azam	33101-6898830-7	Saeed Ahmed		4,330	9	4,339		4,330	6	4,339
74	Madina Poultry Farm	Chak No 257/E.B Tehsil Burewala And Distt. Vehari	Farooq Ahmed	36601-6188743-5	Ali Ahmad	3,035	3,782	8	6,825		3,967		3,967

6			Nome of Individuals		Eathou's /	Outstandi	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ing of year	Deinoiad	Interest /	Other	Total
ο S.	Name of the borrower	. Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	4	12	13	14
									Rupes '000	000, se			
52	Muhammad Boota	Paloki Wara Dog Gulshan Ravinear Lhr L Null	Muhammad Boota	35201-1457950-5	Sharf Ud Din	-	622	-	622	-	629		629
76	Mubarak Ahmad Bajwa	Vill Data Zaidkay Tehsil Pasrur & Dist. Sialkot.	Mubarak Ahmad Bajwa	34602-1702084-9	Ch Bashir Ahmad	1	2,063		2,063		2,063		2,063
22	Sattuj Seeds	Bahawalpurroad Hasilpur Distt Bahawalpur	Athar Hussain Azhar Hussain Mazhar Hussain	31203-6784684-9 31203-8442840-5 31203-9516008-5	Ramzan Ahmad Ramzan Ahmad Ramzan Ahmad		6,721	1	6,721	-	6,721	-	6,721
78	Al Raheem Corporation	Al Raheem Oil Mill, 6 Km, Haroonabad Road, Bahawalnagar	Sheikh Muhammad Nadeem	36302-3680564-3	Sheikh Muhammad Shafi	1	4,846		4,846	1	2,294		2,294
62	Lords Enterprises	House No. 09, 10, House No. 2 Street 25/A District Shaheed Benazirabad	Khan Bahadur Bhatti	41306-5792005-5	M Juman Bhatti	1	6,546		6,546	1	4,146		4,146
80	Buland Khan Bugti	H No 12, Mohallah Satellite Town, Mirpurkhas.	Buland Khan Bugti	44103-2067135-1	Zahid Hassan Bugti	3,000	4,549	27	7,576		4,302		4,302
81	Muhammad Afzal	H No 94 Lala Zar Colony # 1, Satellite Town Jhang	Muhammad Afzal	33100-0984217-3	Muhammad Aslam	4,702	5,914		10,616	-	5,750		5,750
82	Sajid Ali	Chak# 47-3R Po Basti Arain P/O Ahmed Pur	Sajid Ali	31104-8012611-9	Ali Ahmed	695	1,052	19	1,766	-	937		937
83	Muhammad Awais	Waso House 11 C, Civil Lines, Jhnag	Muhammad Awais	33202-9633759-1	Mian Muhammad Habib Ullah Anjum	1,900	4,823		6,723	-	4,544		4,544
84		Jhalyari Bhai Khy-E-Ghazi, Ndra Gujar Khan	Malik Amanat Hussain	37401-5023411-3	Malik Ghulam Qadir	6,019	2,854		8,873	-	2,700		2,700
85			Dewan Shahzaib Ahmad	35301-2658230-3	Dewan Ishtiaq Ahmad	7,997	2,928		10,925	-	3,326		3,326
86			Muhammad Alla Ud Din	35201-5161663-5	Ch Shams Ud Din	1	2,652	118	2,770		2,170	-	2,170
87	Ghulam Rasool Rind	1Ge Qurban Ali Rind Scheme 33 Gulzar Hijri Ahib Teh Dour Distt S.Jhelum	Ghulam Rasool Rind	45402-0901254-5	Shah Ali Khan Rind	1	805		805	-	805		805
88	Mirza Naseer Ahmad Baig	Near Grid Station P.O Khas Haveli Lakha Tehsil Depapur Distt Okara	Mirza Naseer Ahmad Baig	35301-4940530-7	Mirza Bashir Ahmed Baig	2,102	7,041	38	9,181	-	5,817		5,817
68		132 Citizen, Null Qasimabad Hyderabad,	Ali Hyder Shah	41301-6198484-1	Syed Ghous Ali Shah	400	1,581	30	2,011		1,354		1,354
66	Shakeel Ahmed Shaikh Baihi Khan Lachari	H# B/7 Mohala Haji Pura Halanaka Vilingo Muhammod Dha III Bondhi	Shakeel Ahmed Shaikh Boihi thron Lochari	41303-8812454-3 45401-0657160-0	Muhammad Sidique Shaikh	- 160	3,702	- -	3,702		3,702		3,702
<u>_</u>		village iviuriarririau uria ili barunir Makhand	Dajili Niali Lasilari	40401-0001	iyunaniniado oulari Lashari	7,300	4,903	0	1,000		4,017		4,017
92	Mian Fazal Abbas Pirzadah	Mian Fazal Abba Sugar Mill Riaz Abad, Jhok Haji P.O Khas	Azhar Hussain	31202-1758362-1	Mian Sajjad Hussain Pirzada	1,576	3,035	ı	4,611		2,532		2,532
8	Anser Begum	177 E Garden Town Po Chakrala College	Ansar Beghum	36302-2769917-2	Khurshhed Ahmad Khan		5,188	1	5,188		4,788		4,788
94	Muhammad Shahbaz	Dera Shamus Din, Juriyan, Tehsil & Dist. Hafizabad.	Muhammad Shahbaz	34301-9788339-7	Hayat		2,440	5	2,445	•	2,140	10	2,150

6			ا مامینادین زادما کم مسمال		T attack	Outstandir	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginni	ng of year	lonio in C	Interest /	Other	Total
ΰŠ	Name of the borrower	. Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Writ	Ē	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
	1								Rupes '000	000, si			
96	M/S Al-Abbas Poultries	Thatha Azam, Tehsil& Dist. Gujranwala	Asmat Ullah Riasat Ali	35202-4953178-5 35202-5646105-7	Riasat Ali Allah Ditta		2,146		2,146		2,146		2,146
96	Ejaz Ahmed	Basti Haveli Ameen Hoot Wala P/O Janoo Wali Tehsil Jalal Pur Pir Wala District Multan.	ljaz Ahmad	36301-7058784-9	Muhammad Bux	294	1,279	30	1,903	1	1,061		1,061
67	Syed Iftikhar Ali Shah	Village Goil Po Khas	Syed Ittikhar Ali Shah	35202-4846647-9	Syed Muhammad Taqi Shah	180	1,218	55	1,453	1	1,029		1,029
8	3 Bushra Tariq Bajwa	257 #1 House #3Lakho Dail 0	Bushra Tariq Bajwa	35202-4914043-2	Tariq Mehmood Bajwa		3,231		3,231		2,331	,	2,331
66) Muhammad Zafar Iqbal Bajwa	House No 309 Centre Choori Allama Iqbal Town	Muhammad Zafar Iqbal Bajwa	35202-2815991-1	Muhammad Younis Bajwa	6,995	703		7,698		1,024		1,024
100	0 Mumtaz Hussain Ghallu		Mumtaz Hussain Ghaloo	36301-4297514-9	Malik Niaz Ahmed Ghaloo	1,859	4,681	35	6,575	'	4,186		4,186
101	1 Falak Sher	Mouza Bhadi Wahian, Tehsil & District Lodhran	Mazhar Hussain	36202-0386597-5	Ahmad Baksh		1,028		1,028		1,028		1,028
102	2 Mushtaq Ahmed Khan	Chak No. 27/ W.B. Gul Muhamm Farm	Mushtaq Ahmed Khan	36603-0809156-9	Allah Bux	459	1,866		2,325		1,868		1,868
103	3 Mian M. Fahim Haider	12 Shami Road	Fahim Haider	35201-1405891-9	Ghulam Haider	-	10,750	22	10,772		10,172		10,172
104	4 Bilal Ahmed	H.No 17-C Govt Islamia Grl College Renala Khurd	Bilal Ahmad	35301-0755235-3	Mustafa	-	1,237		1,237	'	1,237		1,237
105	5 Hakim Ali	Jandran Kalan, Po Hujra Shah Mukeem Tehsil Depalpur, District Okara.	Hakim Ali	35301-1969015-9	Sultan	1	2,705	85	2,790		2,389		2,389
106		Chak # 161/Eb, Tehsil Arifwala, District Pakpattan	Rehana Yasmin	36401-0853794-0	Mian Sajjad Hassan	138	759		897		605		605
107	7 Hamid Ullah Shiekh/Zain H	Mouza Ther Po Ahmed Pur Lamma Tehsil Sadiqabad District Rahim Yar Khjan	Hameed Ullah Sheikh Zain Hafeez	31304-2029505-9 31304-8838176-9	Sheikh Nabi Bukhsh/Sheikh Muhammad Hafeez Ullah	4,438	13,866		18,304		13,174		13,174
105	108 Mehar Ghulam Shabbir	Moza Budhoana P/O Qaimbarhwana, Tehsil Shorkot Distt Jhang	Mehar Ghulam Shabir	33203-8047477-9	Pehlwan	1	2,960	15	2,975		2,960	15	2,975
109	9 New Al-Farid Cold Storage	Chak No 90/6 Radda Maiwali Masjid Sahiwal	Muhammad Iqbal Allah Ditta Naveed Iqbal Asif Iqbal	33100-6783237-9 36502-2182659-5 36502-4610172-9 36502-5773307-5	Allah Ditta Jan Muhammad Allah Ditta Allah Ditta	3,445	13,807	5	17,257	1	14,173	1	14,173
110	0 Mian Ashiq Hussain Daha	Basti Daha Baqaini -I P/O Baqaini - li Tehsil Jatoi District Muzaffar Garh.	Mian Ashiq Hussain Daha	32302-7811588-9	Mian Khuda Bux Daha	I	4,824		4,824		4,824		4,824
111	1 Zafar Hayat		Zafar Hayat	38403-2223029-7	Wali Muhammad	525	1,230		1,755		960		960
112	112 Mhammad Ashraf	Chak # 659 Gb Tehsil & Dist. Faisalabad	Mhammad Ashraf	33100-4023038-7	Mehar Khan	ı	1,347		1,347		857		857

—			Name of Individuals /		Eathor's /	Outstandir	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ing of year	Drincinal	Interest /	Other	Total
z	Name of the borrower	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
		ľ							Rupe	Rupees '000			
, a	Yasir Khan	Flat # 3 Haroon Plaza 1St Flr Sec- 11 1 North Karachi Up-Mor Karachi 03330234330 Flat # 3 Haroon Plaza 1St Flr Sec-1	Yasir Khan	41304-5643889-1	Yasir Khan	405	182	1	587	404	189	-	593
Ψ	Haris Javed	H # 2 St # 18 Block - X People Colony Gujr Anwala Pakistan H # 2 St # 18 Block - X People Colony Gujranwala Pa	Haris Javed	34101-5359175-5	Javed Latif	1,063	123		1,186	1,046	152	1	1,198
Š Ť	Makhdoom Amir Ahmed Hashmi	Makhdoom Amir Ahmed Plot # 57/ II, Admeasuring 491 Sq Hashmi Yrd Phase V Dha Karachi	Makhdoom Amir Ahmed Hashmi	45202-0300421-7	Makhdoom Amir Ahmed Hashmi	11,620	4,076		15,696	ı	2,725	100	2,825
> 2	Muhammad Shahid Arshad	C/O H # 630 , B - Blk , PCSIR Society Phase - II , Johar Town Lahore Pakistan	Muhammad Shahid Arshad	35202-2800056-3	Muhammad Arshad Ali	399	11		410	1	526	1	526
cõ	Saeed Ahmad	F	Saeed Ahmad	36302-4273129-5	Haji Muhammad Bakhsh	538	62		600	566	126	1	692
\sim	Yousuf Amin	220 Al Rehman Trade Centre Shy E Liaqat Nr Arkay Square Karachi Pakistan	Yousuf Amin	42301-5891158-1	Wohammad Akram	561	94		655	45	480	1	525
>		C/O H # 40 , St # 1 , Mohallah Qia Muhammadi , Ravi Road Lahore Pakistan	Muhammad Ali	35202-7096345-5	Muhammad Aslam	377	47		424	117	401	-	518
<1	Abdul Razaq Rafiqui	House 18/2 Sector 6 B Mehran Townkia Korangi St No 16 Astnakarachikhi,Karachi	Abdul Razaq Rafiqui	42201-1522972-9	Abdul Wahab	455	57		512	455	57	1	512
()	ad	C/O 201 , E - Blk , Punjab Cooperative Housing Society , Ghazi Road , DHA Lahore Pakistan	Sufiyan Samad	42201-0895454-1	Samad Zakaria	419	14		433		572	1	572
ñ	Sain Rakhio	House # A- 450 Block 7 Kda Scheme 36 Gulistan-E-Jauhar Karachi	Sain Rakhio	45504-6170837-1	Sain Rakhio	9,459	7,182		16,641	1	5,577	100	5,677
>	Muhammad Yousaf Anwar	House # 990, Street # 56, Sector G- Muhammad Yousaf Anwar 11/2, Islamabad, Pakistan	Muhammad Yousaf Anwar	13503-0657987-5	Muhammad Anwar Khan	282	139	-	421		621	-	621
\diamond	Khurram Ahmed Salar	H # Ca-9 10 Al Falah Society Shah I Faisal Colony Nr Al Falah Poly Clinic Karachi Pakistan	Khurram Ahmed Salar	42201-9473782-9	Afzal Ahmed	601	35		636	1	728	1	728
ñ	Salman Khalid		Saiman Khaild	32304-0696100-7	Muhammad Khalid	443	60		503	1	600		600
0	126 Sheikh Atta Basit	HNo.09 Muhalla Simbli Valley Bara Kahu Opp Bank Of Punjab Islamabad Pakistan	Sheikh Atta Basit	61 101-78931 79-5	Sheikh Atta Ullah	660	116		776	199	688		887

Name of the borrower Address Dartmare/Directors CNIC	Address Partners/Directors		CNIC		Father's / Hushand's Name	Outstandin	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year Drincinal Interest / Others Total	s at beginn Others	ing of year Total	Principal written-off			Total (11+12+13)
3			4	Ω			Mark-up 8	outers 6	(7+8+9) 10	MILLEN-01	written-off 12	Reliefs 13	14
-									Rupe	Rupses '000			
127 Muhammad ijaz Nasir C/O Pakheim Intl Pharma 21 - Km Muhammad ijaz Nasir Ferozpur Rd Nr Kps School Lahore Pakistan	C/O Pakheim Intl Pharma 21 - Km Ferozpur Rd Nr Kps School Lahore Pakistan	Muhammad Ijaz Nas	sir	35201-1521450-7	Muhammad Sharif	574	11		585		621		621
128 Muhammad Zafar H# 239 P Muhallah Shadab Colony Muhammad Zafar Main Bazar Faisalabad Pakistan		Muhammad Zafar		33100-9980620-1	Muhammad Sharif	754	467		1,221	1	542		542
129 Zafar Abdullah H No 25 Defence Villas Kps School Zafar Abdullah Korangi Crossing Near KPS School Karachi Pakistan	ichool	Zafar Abdullah		42501-5973522-7	Mushtaq Ahmed	806 6	366		1,275	167	668		835
Malik Sultan Khan		Malik Sultan Khan		61101-1810152-5	Malik Mohammad Nawaz	200	25	3	528	200	110	8	618
131 Shabbir Ahmed H# 12/A, SI# 05, Main Bazar Shabbir Ahmed Saddique Colony Timber Mrkt Ravi Road Lahore		Shabbir Ahmed		35202-1689440-1	Faqir Muhammad	6	87		96	I	1,291		1,291
	Abdul Basit	Abdul Basit Uppal		34101-8576910-5	Sardar Ahmad Uppal	1,444	275		1,719		717		717
133 Abid Khurram C/O Pak British Institute, FI-4/18, Abid Khurram Block 5 Main Rashid Minhas Rd Ghl E Idpal Karachi Pakistan		Abid Khurram		42101-1761703-7	Muhammad Nawaz	697	66		868	I	759		759
134 Muhammad Kamran Kausar Oi Mil Wail Gail Chah Muhammad Kamran Noor Khan Wala Suraj Kund Road Multan.	Kausar Oli Mill Wali Gali Chah Noor Khan Wala Suraj Kund Road Multan.	Muhammad Kamran		36302-1326360-3	Muhammad Iqbal	2,310	505		2,815		724	134	858
135 Asif Qajyum House # 757/1, Block B, Satellite Asif Qajyum Town, Rawalpindi		Asif Qaiyum		37405-1678957-9	Abdul Qaiyum	3,045	906		3,953		2,481		2,481
136 Liaquat Ali Khewat No. 03, Salam Khata 100- Liaquat Ali Kanal, Share Transferred 162/72000, Admeasuring 04-Marta 8, 4-1/2-Sarsai, Situated At Nouza Mandi Mian Channu, Sultan Colony Near Sabzi Mandi, Tehsi Mian Channu & Distt. Khanewal.	~	Liaquat Ali		36104-8432724-3	Ghullam Abbas	2,063	217		2,270		724	116	840
Faz Khan Khakwani Khewat No. 1329/1321, Khatconi Flaz Khan Khakwani No. 2023, Khewat No. 1337/1329, Khatooni No. 2031, House No. 22, Situated In Mouza Neel Kot, Oazalbash Street No. 08, New Shalimar Colony, Bosan Road Multan	Khewat No. 1329/1321, Khatooni No. 2023, Khewat No. 1337/1329, Khatooni No. 2031, House No. 22, Situated In Mouza Neel Kot, Ozazılcash Street No. 08, New Shalimar Colony, Bosan Road Multan	Flaz Khan Khakwani		36302-8723790-3	Nasir Khan Khakwani	3,407	4,912		8,319		3,451	116	3,567
138 Vishal Vishal Pot 34-C Flat 6 3Rd Floor Vishal 15Th Comm Street Dha Phase2 Karachi 03337271127	_	Vishal		43304-6734993-7	Tara Chand Talreja	3,698	345		4,043		569		569

Annexure I to and forming part of the
Unconsolidated Financial Statements

5			Namo of Individuale /		Eathor's /	Outstandir	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ng of year	Drincinal	Interest /	Other	Total
No.	Name of the borrower	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	raurer s / Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
									Rupees '000	000' se			
139 [Dawood Imran	House# 1257 St # 94 Bangali Mohala Sada R Cantt Lahore Cantt 03219488123 House# 1257 St # 94 Bangali Moh	Dawood Imran	35201-9867700-5	Muhammad Nazir Ahmad	962	358	I	1,154	-	679	1	679
140 、	Javvad Ali Qureshi	-0		42201-0902037-7	Shahid Ali Qureshi	531	45		576	1	570		570
141	Muhammad Shamim	H e# A-	Muhammad Shamim	42101-1704226-1	M Shamim Abideen	294	238	4	536	593	304	4	601
142	Noman Yousuf	D-16 Dawood Colony Opp Ptv Jamal Uddin Afghani Road Opp Ptv Karachi Pakistan D-16 Dawood Colony Opp Ptv Jamal Uddin Afgh	Noman Yousuf	42201-9990755-5	Muhammad Yousuf	488	402	19	606	484	511	19	1,014
143 5 F	Syed Muhammad Fahad	House#1729/392 Gujrat Colony Baldia Town 3 Near Bilal Mosque Karachi ,Karachi	Syed Muhammad Fahad	42401-7352003-3	Syed Muhammad Javed	481	36		517	481	62		543
144	Syed Imtesal Ahmed	House# R-851 BIK-8 Azizabad F.B Area Nr Comprehensive School Karachi	Syed Imtesal Ahmed	42101-9315933-7	Syed Nihal Ahmed	743	26	-	840	-	685	ı	935
45	145 Abdul Ghafoor	House # 11D Z Block Scheme 2 Street 4 Cha H Merah Lahore Pakistan House # 11D Z Block Scheme 2 Stree	Abdul Ghafoor	35202-5179500-5	Abdul Haleem	270	20	24	314	270	253	24	547
146 1	Namet Ullah Khan	H# 101 St# 01 Mian Wali Bhakkar Goods Transport Compnay By Pas Rd Khurria Faisalabad	Namet Ullah Khan	38101-0637564-5	Shah Behram Khan	493	53		546		548		548
147 1	Muhammad Afzal Shahzad	House # B-15, Sector W-1, Gulshan-E-Maymar, Karachi	Muhammad Afzal Shahzad	42201-9115916-5	Muhammad Aslam	5,354	374		5,728	-	1,619		1,619
148 /	Ali Shahzad	Flat # 4 74-B Shahid Street, Near Wapda Office Sanda Kalan, Lahore	Ali Shahzad	35202-0422074-5	Shahzad Malik	895	150		1,045	1	474	129	603
149 \	Waqas Ahmad Yousaf	H # 88, F-Block, Phase-2, Al Rehman Garden, Lahore.	Waqas Ahmad Yousaf	35402-2785033-5	Muhammad Yousaf	2,175	759		2,934	-	926		926
150 1	Imtiaz Hussain Qaiser	House # 163, Street # 24, I-9/1, Islamabad	Imtiaz Hussain Qaiser	61101-1862981-7	Akbar Hussain	453	159		612	-	086		086
151 9	Syed Khalid Jamil	House # B-43, Block-9, KDA Scheme 24, Gulshan-E-Iqbal, Karachi	Syed Khalid Jamil	42201-6485744-7	Syed M Jameel Ul Rehman Shah	4,833	7,765	-	12,598	-	5,829	1	5,829
152 1	Tariq Saleem Khan	378 G Rehmanpura Ferozepur Road Lahore	Tariq Saleem Khan	35202-2578444-5	Mushtaq Ahmed Khan	171	4	385	560	169	11	445	625
153	Muhammad Arif Mithani	Hno A52 Blk-1 Gulshan E lqbal Nr Caltex Petrol Pump Karachi	Muhammad Arif Mithani	42201-5647365-7	Haji Abdul Ghaffar Mithani	575	56		631		592		592

	Addrace	Name of Individuals /		Father's /	Outstandi	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginni	ng of year	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Other	Total
	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Mark-up	Others	1 otal (7+8+9)	written-off	-	rinanciai Reliefs	(11+12+13)
	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
								Rupe	000, seadny			
21 Garden Blo Town.Lahore	21 Garden Blockgarden Town.Lahore	Shahzada Saleem Baig	35202-2726973-5	Shahzada Abdul Aziz	4,451	1,649	ı	6,100	4,451	1,649		6,100
397-H1	397-H1 Johar Town, Lahore	Waqas Ismail	35202-2632845-3	Mohammad Ismail	492	187		679	492	187		679
47 New Offi Baz,Lahore	47 New Officers Colony,Saddar Baz,Lahore	Muhammad Shahbaz Yaqoob Malik	35201-1678121-9	Mohammad Yaqoob Malik	386	123		509	386	123		509
Sai Jew Shahko	Sai Jewellars St # 02 Anarkalibazar Shahkot Faisalabad	Ali Awais	35502-0173751-1	Muhammad Amjad Javed	498	75	2	580	498	75	7	580
H# 55 S Nagame Qabrista	H# 55 St No-12 Mohalla Islam Nagamear Suni Shahi Masjid Qabristan Faisalabad	Hafiz Usman Tahir	33100-1864163-3	Tahir Iqbal	498	75	2	580	498	75	2	580
H No 37 Mediaco 208 Cha	H No 37 F Mohalla Mediacomavenue Kashmir Pull 208 Chak Road Near Za Town	Muhammad Atique Rana	41303-9078127-3	Muhammad Nawaz Rana	466	65	2	538	466	65	2	538
H # 249 Eden Cantt Lahore	H # 249 Eden Avenueairport Road Cantt Lahore	Malik Aamir Gulzar	38403-9998635-7	Gulzar Ahmad Malik	107	65		172		510	5	515
House I Nazima Garden	House No C-26 Block-N North Nazimabad near Marriage Golden Garden Karachi	S Anzar Hussain	42101-7398960-3	Syed Irfan Hussain	917	121	1	1,049	917	121	10	1,048
H No B Iqbal N	H No B-100 Block 06Gulshan E Iqbal Nr Dhaka Sweets Karachi	Muhammad Wasif Ali	42301-8673511-5	Muhammad Ali	888	93	2	988	888	125	2	1,020
House Corpor Pib Col	House # 272 1-FIr Aminabad Corporativesociety Offmatrin Road Pib Colony Karachi	Murtaza Abdul Rehman Rehman	42201-5942220-7	Abdul Rehman	369	48	17	434	485	37	I	522
Sufiane Station Ferozpi	Sufianabad Stp Atari Sakoba Mtro Stationdot Care Pvt Ltd , 18-Km Ferozpur Rd Nr Lahore	Hamad Rahim	35201-5837944-7	Muhammad Atta Ur Rahim	430	33	12	475	500	48	15	563
Great E Commi 04 Dha	Great Deal Associates , 250 - Ff , Commercial Area 1St Flr , Phase- 04 Dha Lahore	Syed Ali Asghar	35201-7754180-5	Syed Shahanshah Asghar	765	746	15	1,526	746	51	8	805
Flat #102, Sa F,North Nazin Park Karachi	Flat #102, Sami Classic, Block- F,North Nazimabad, Near Fathe Park Karachi	Faisal Javed	42000-0486605-3	Javed Haroon	2	1	1	2	840	92	9	938
Honda Banglor Baloch	Honda Shahrah E Faisal Shop#13 Bangloretown Shahra E Faisal Nr Baloch Pull Karachi	Shaikh Shiraz Mubash	42301-5749545-5	Sheikh Mubashir Maqbool	454	1	1	454	573	119	Ø	700
P-123 First Bhola Com Faisalabad	P-123 First Floor Ghalla Mandinear Bhola Commission Shop Faisalabad	Nadeem Shahid	34401-0580198-9	Sakhawat Hussain	536	497	34	1,067	482	29	15	564
H # 10 Parksul	H # 10 , St # 13 , Jinnah Parksultan Pura Road Lahore	Muhammad Gohar	35202-7317688-9	Muhammad Tariq	28	-		28	696	155	13	1,137
Q-Link Near F Dept k	Q-Links,Off#72-A Block-A Smchs Near Foods Inn Post Production Dept Karachi	Muhammad Bilal	42401-3235415-9	Muhammad Saleem	20	+	2	28	948	68	6	1,046

170 Muhammad Bilal

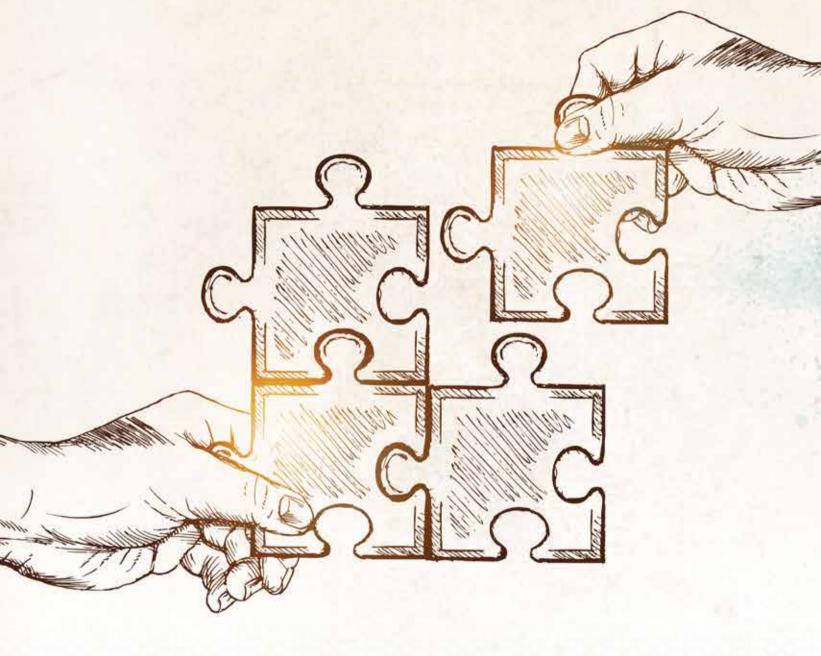
Annexure I to and forming part of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

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Ű			Name of Individuals /		Eathor's /	Outstandi	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ing of year	Dringing Interest /	Interest /	Other	Total
ν. Š	Name of the borrower	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Fauler s / Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off Mark-up Financial written-off Reliefs	Mark-up Financial written-off Reliefs	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14
									Rupee	Rupes '000			
171	171 Muhammad Furqan	House # A-89 1St Floor Saadabad Muhammad Housingsociety Opp Halima Masjd Blook 4Gulistan E Johar Karachi	Muhammad Furqan	54400-0392567-7	Abdul Hayee	062	43	34	867	821	120	66	980
172	Ch Muhammad Rizwan I	172 Ch Muhammad Rizwan Lg 3 841 N Crown Tower Samanabadhear Ubi Branch Lahore	Ch Muhammad Rizwan I	35202-3559881 -5	Ch M Ikram İsmail	433			433	500	57	9	563
173	173 Aqib Mehmood	H No 182 Near Circuit House Oppositedental College District Jail Road Multan	Aqib Mehmood	36302-5537124-5	Khawaja Jamal Ud Din Asghar	947			947	976	139	80	1,123
						453,975	453,975 1,188,765		2,803 1,645,543		21,632 1,109,489	1,651	1,132,772

Consolidated Financial Statement



آپ عَظِيلَةٍ نے اس شار فرمایا: "کہو میں اللہ پس ایمان لایا اوس پھر پوس ی طرح اوس تھیک تھیک اُس پس قائم س ہو"۔ رضیح مسلم)

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Directors' Report

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Directors' Report of Faysal Bank Limited Group, along with audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Group Profile

Faysal Bank Ltd. (FBL) has 99.9% shareholding in Faysal Asset Management Limited (FAML). FAML is an unlisted public limited company registered as a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC), licensed to carry out asset management and investment advisory services under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003 and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

FBL also has significant influence in the following open-ended mutual funds managed by FAML.

Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Debt	69.89%
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Equity	92.23%
Faysal Halal Amdani Fund	3.66%
Faysal Islamic Sovereign Fund - FISP-I	0.01%
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Money Market	28.81%
Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund	52.64%
Faysal Islamic Special Income Fund - FISIP-I	5.02%
Faysal Islamic Stock Fund	28.62%
Faysal Pension Fund - Debt	87.02%
Faysal Pension Fund - Equity	89.89%
Faysal Pension Fund - Money Market	71.21%
Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-I	98.72%
Faysal Islamic Financial Growth Fund - FIFGP-I	28.72%
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Money Market Sub Fund	100.00%
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Equity Sub Fund	100.00%
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Debt Sub Fund	99.96%
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Equity Index Sub Fund	100.00%
Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-II	0.31%
Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-III	75.27%
Faysal Stock Fund	11.16%

FBL Group structure is as follows:

Holding Company : Faysal Bank Limited

Subsidiary : Faysal Asset Management Limited

Financial Highlights:

	Rs. i	n million	
Key Balance Sheet Numbers	2023	2022	Growth %
Investment	589,955	469,308	25.7
Financing	580,711	454,261	27.8
Total Assets	1,371,285	1,075,006	27.6
Deposits	1,018,265	781,556	30.3

	Rs.	in million	
Profit & Loss Account	2023	2022	Growth%
Total Revenue	84,118	49,524	69.9
Total Expenses	41,254	27,864	-48.1
Share of profit of associates	161	90	80.0
Profit before tax & provisions	43,034	21,749	97.9
(Reversal) / Provisions	1,187	(940)	-226.3
Profit before tax	41,846	22,689	84.4
Tax	21,600	11,251	-92.0
Profit after tax	20,247	11,438	77.0
Earnings per share (Rupees)	13.34	7.54	76.5

2023 holds special significance for the Bank, as we joyfully commemorate our first year operating as an Islamic Bank. Through steadfast dedication to achieving excellence, we have achieved outstanding financial results and unparalleled expansion. On a consolidated basis, the Group achieved a record Profit Before Tax (PBT) of PKR 41.8 billion, showcasing an increase of 84.4% from last year. Profit After Tax (PAT) rose to PKR 20.2 billion representing a 77.0% increase from PKR 11.4 billion in 2022. Consequently, Earnings Per Share surged from PKR 7.54 to PKR 13.34 exhibiting a commendable rise.

FAML continued to show improvement in performance and Assets Under Management (AUMs) as of December 31, 2023, were PKR 134 billion. FAML made Profit After Tax of PKR 424 million during 2023 registering a 119.7% increase over last year.

Credit Rating

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited (VIS) and Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) have re-affirmed the following entity ratings to Faysal Bank Ltd:

Long-Term AA Short-Term A1+

'Stable' outlook has been assigned to the ratings by both the rating agencies.

VIS has assigned Management Quality rating of AM2++ to FAML. The rating signifies asset manager exhibiting very good management characteristics.

Holding Company

Ithmaar Bank B.S.C (closed), a banking entity regulated by the Central Bank of Bahrain, is the parent company holding directly and indirectly 66.78% (2022: 66.78%) of the Bank's shares. Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (closed) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ithmaar Holdings B.S.C. Dar Al-Maal Al-Islami Trust (DMIT) is the holding entity of Ithmaar Holding B.S.C. and the ultimate parent of the Bank. DMIT was formed by an indenture under the laws of the Commonwealth of The Bahamas for the purpose of conducting business affairs in conformity with Islamic law, principles, and traditions.

Dividend

The Board has recommended a final cash dividend of Rs. 2 per share (20%) for the year ended December 31, 2023. This is in addition to Rs. 2 already paid during the year bringing the total dividend for the year to Rs. 4 per share (2022: Rs. 7).

Heartfelt Thanks: Acknowledging Our Pillars of Strength

On behalf of the Board and Management, we extend our gratitude to our esteemed shareholders for their unwavering support. We are indebted to our customers, who continued to trust us with their business. We would like to place on record our appreciation for the Government of Pakistan, the State Bank of Pakistan and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for their continued support and guidance and for developing and strengthening the banking and financial services sector through continuous improvement in the regulatory and governance framework.

As always, we would also like to express sincere appreciation for the Shariah Board. We would also like to take this opportunity to recognize and commend the unwavering commitment and exceptional efforts exhibited by our employees in driving the growth of FBL. We extend our heartfelt thanks to them for their relentless dedication and hard work.

Approval

In compliance with the requirement of the Companies Act, 2017, this Directors' Report with the recommendation of the Board Audit and Corporate Governance Committee has been approved by the Directors in their meeting held on February 7, 2024 and signed by the Chief Executive Officer and a director.

President & CEO

-27-7

Chairman / Director

Karachi

Dated: February 7, 2024

منظورى

کمپنیزایک 2017 کے نقاضوں کے مطابق، بورڈ کی آڈٹ اور کارپوریٹ گور ننس کمیٹی کی سفارش کے ساتھ ڈائر یکٹر ز کی اس رپورٹ کوڈائر یکٹر زنے 7 فروری 2024 کو ہونیوالے اپنے اجلاس میں منظور کیااور اس پر چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر اور ڈائر یکٹر نے دستخط شبت کیے ہیں۔

کی کرد ڈائر کیٹر

Mm

صد ر ادر سی ای او

كراچى

تاريخ:7 فرورى 2024

كريد الينك:

VIS کریڈٹ رٹینگ کمپنی کمیٹر (VIS) اور پاکستان کریڈٹ رٹینگ ایجنسی کمیٹڈ (PACRA) نے فیصل بینک کمیٹڈ کے لیے درج ذیل درجہ بندیوں کی دوبارہ تصدیق کی ہے:

طويل المدتى AA قليل المدتى +A1

دونوں رٹینگ ایجنسیوں کی جانب سے در جہ بندیوں کو مستحکم ' آؤٹ لک دیا گیا ہے۔

FAML نے FAML کی مینجہنٹ کوالٹی رٹینگ ++ AM2 تفویض کی ہے۔ یہ درجہ بندی نشاند ہی کرتی ہے کہ اثاثہ منیجر بہت اچھی انظامی خصوصیات کا مظاہر ہ کر رہا ہے۔

ہولڈنگ تمپنی

اتمار بینک بی۔ایس۔ سی (کلوزڈ)، جو کہ سینٹرل بینک آف بحرین کالا تسنس یافتہ ادارہ ہے، جو بالواسطہ اور بلاداسطہ طور پر بینکنگ کے 66.78 فیصد (2022 میں 66.78 فیصد) حصص کے ساتھ بینک کا سربراہ ادارہ ہے۔اتمار بینک بی۔ایس۔ سی (کلوزڈ)، اتمارہولڈنگ بی۔ایس۔ سی کی مکمل ملکیت کاذیلی ادارہ ہے اور دا را کمال الاسلامی ٹرسٹ (ڈی ایم آئی ٹی) فیصل بینک کا اعلیٰ ترین سربراہی ادارہ ہے۔ ڈی ایم آئی ٹی کا قیام کا من ویلتھ آف بہاماس کے قوانین کے تحت عمل میں آیا تا کہ اسلامی قوانین اور دارا لی میں آفتا کہ اصلامی قوانین، اصولوں اور روایات کے مطابق کاروباری امور سر انجام دیئے جائیں۔

ڈ *یو یڈ نڈ*

بورڈ نے 31 دسمبر 2023 کواختنام شدہ سال کے لیے فی حصص 2روپے کے فائنل کیش ڈیویڈنڈ کی سفارش کی ہے، اس سال کے لیے کل کیش ڈیویڈنڈ فی حصص 4روپے تک پینچ گیا ہے۔ بورڈ نے اس سے قبل عبوری نفذ منافع فی حصص 2 روپ دے چکا ہے۔

طاقت کے ستونوں کا تہہ دل سے شکریہ

بورڈ اور انتظامیہ کی جانب سے، ہم اس موقع پر شیئر ہولڈرز کاشکریہ ادا کرتے ہیں کہ انہوں نے ہم پر غیر متز لزل اعتاد کیا ہے۔ ہم اپنے صار فین کے تہہ دل سے مشکور ہیں، جنہوں نے اپنے کاروبار اور پختہ یقین کے ساتھ ہم پر اعتاد کو مسلسل جاری رکھا۔ ہم ریگولیٹر کی اور گور ننس فریم ورک میں مسلسل بہتر کی خدر لیے بینکنگ اور فنانشل سر و سز سیکٹر کے فروغ کے لیے اُن کے مسلسل تعاون اور رہنمائی پر اپنے ریگولیٹر زاور حکومت پاکستان، بالخصوص اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان اور سیکور ٹین کے تہم دل سے مشکور ہیں، جنہوں ہیں۔

ہمیشہ کی طرح، ہم شریعہ بورڈ کے مشکور ہیں اور گروپ کی ترقی کے لیے اپنے ملاز مین کی کو ششوں کو تسلیم کرتے ہیں اور ان کی انتقک لگن اور محنت کو دل سے سر اہتے ہیں۔

FBL گروپ درج ذیل پر مشتمل ہے: ہولڈنگ سمپنی : فیصل بینک لمیٹڈ ذیلی ادارہ : فیصل ایسٹ مینجنٹ لمیٹڈ

مالياتي جھلكياں:

ثمو	2022	2023
%	ملين روپ <u></u>	ملي <u>ن روپ</u>
25.7	469,308	589,955
27.8	454,261	580,711
27.6	1,075,006	1,371,285
30.3	781,556	1,018,265
69.9	49,524	84,118
-48.1	27,864	41,254
80	90	161
97.9	21,749	43,034
-226.3	(940)	1,187
84.4	22,689	41,846
-92	11,251	21,600
77	11,438	20,247
76.5	7.54	13.34

سال 2023 بینک کے لیے خاص اہمیت رکھتا ہے، کیونکہ اس میں ہم نے اسلامی بینک کے طور پر اپنا پہلا سال مکمل کیا۔ برتری کے عزم اور ثابت قدمی کے ذریعے، ہم نے شاند ار مالیاتی نتائج اور بے مثال توسیع حاصل کی۔ کنسولیڈیڈ بنیادوں پر ، FBL نے 2023 کے دوران 41.8 بلین روپے کے ریکارڈ قبل از نیکس منافع (PBT) کے ساتھ متاثر کن کار کردگی سر انجام دی ہے، جس کی بدولت بعد از نیکس منافع (PAT) بڑھ کر 20.2 بلین روپے ہو گیا جو کہ گزشتہ سال کے 11.4 بلین روپے سے 77% زیادہ ہے۔ نیتجتاً ہر ایک شیئر پر منافع 7.54 روپے سے 13.34 روپے کی قابل ستائش سطح پہنچ گیا۔

FAML مسلسل اپنی کار کردگی میں بہتری لارہا ہے اور 31 دسمبر 2023 کو اس کے زیر انتظام اثاث 134 (AUMs) بلینر و پے تک جا پنچ۔ FAML نے 2023 کے دوران 424 ملین روپے کابعد از نئیس منافع کمایا جو گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 119.7 فیصد اضافہ ظاہر کر تاہے۔



ہم بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے، 31 دسمبر 2023 پر اختقام پذیر سال کے آڈٹ شدہ کنسولیڈیٹڈ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی رپورٹ کے ہمراہ فیصل بینک کمیٹڈ - گروپ کے ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے اظہار مسرت کرتے ہیں۔

گروپ پروفائل

فیصل بینک کمیٹر (FBL) فیصل ایٹ مینجنٹ کمیٹر (FAML) میں %99.9 مصص کا شر اکت دارہے۔ FAML ایک ان کسٹر پلک کمیٹر کمیٹن ہے جو ایک نان بیکانگ فنانس کمیٹن (NBFC) کے طور پرر جسٹر ڈہے، جے نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز (اسٹسلشنٹ اینڈر یگولیشنز)رولز،2003 اور نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز اور نوٹیفائیڈ انٹٹیزر یگولیشنز 2008 کے تحت اثاثہ کے انظام اور سرمایہ کاری کی مشاور تی خدمات سر انجام دینے کالائسنس دیا گیا ہے۔

فیصل بینک لمیٹد کو FAML کے زیر انتظام مندرجہ ذیل''اوپن اینڈیڈ میوچل فنڈز''میں نمایاں اثر ورسوخ کاحامل ہے۔

ہولڈنگ ^{پر}	ايسو سي ايٹس
69.89	فيصل اسلامک پنشن فنڈ - ڈیٹ
92.23	فيصل اسلامك بينشن فند - ايكوينى
3.66	فيصل حلال آمدني فنڈ
0.01	فيصلاسلامک ساورن فنڈا-FISP
28.81	فيصل اسلامك يبينسن فنذ، منى ماركيث
52.64	فيصل اسلامك سيونكز كروته فنذ
5.02	فیصل اسلامک اللیبش انکم فنڈ ا-FISIP
28.62	فيصل اسلامك اسٹاك فنڈ
87.02	فيصل پينشن فنڈ-ڈیٹ
89.89	فيصل پنشن فنڈ -ايکو پڻ
71.21	فيصل پنشن فنڈ – منی مار کيٹ
98.72	فيصل التيبيش سيونكز فنذا-FSSP
28.72	فیصل اسلامک فنانشل گروتھ فنڈ، FIFGP-1
100	فيصل اسلامك KPK كور نمنت ينشن فند - منى ماركيث سب فند
100	فيصل اسلامك KPK كور نمنت ينشن فند - ايكو كن سب فند
99.96	فيصل اسلامك KPK كور نمنت ينشن فند - ويت سب فند
100	فيصل اسلامك KPK كور نمنث ينشن فند - ايكو كني اند كيس سب فندر
0.31	فيصل السيبيش سيونكز فنذ FSSP-II
75.27	فيصل التيبيش سيو نكز فنذ (FSSP-III)
11.16	فيصل اسٹاک فنڈ



Independent Auditor's Report To the members of Faysal Bank Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Faysal Bank Limited and its subsidiary (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the Key Audit Matter:

S.No.	Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Provision against Islamic Financing & Related Assets:	
	(Refer note 6.5 & 11.5 to the consolidated financial statements)	
	The Group makes provision against Islamic financing and related assets on a time-based criteria that involves ensuring that all non-performing Islamic financing and related assets are classified in accordance with the criteria specified in the Prudential Regulations (PRs) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).	 Our audit procedures to verify provision against Islamic financing and related assets, amongst others, included the following: Assessed the design and tested the operating effectiveness of key controls established by the Group to identify loss events and for determining the extent of provisioning required against non-performing loans.



S.No.	Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	In addition to the above time-based criteria, the PRs require a subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of borrowers to determine the classification of Islamic financing and related assets. The Group has recognized a net charge for the year against Islamic financing and related assets amounting to Rs. 728.239 million in the consolidated profit and loss account. As at 31 December 2023, the Group holds a provision of Rs. 20,050.262 million against Islamic financing and related assets. The determination of provision against Islamic financing and related assets and related assets.	 Based on our credit review exercise and for a risk-based sample of Islamic financing and related assets, where the management has not identified as indicators of impairment, challenge the management's assessment by comparing the historical performance, financial ratios and reports on security maintained with the expected future performance and form our own view whether any impairment indicators are present. Based on our credit review exercise, where the management has identified as displaying indicators of impairment, assess the number of days overdue and factors used for the calculation of provision in accordance with the Prudential Regulations.
	judgement. Because of the significance and the volume of Islamic financing and related assets relative to the overall consolidated statement of financial position of the Group, we considered the area of provision against Islamic financing and related assets as a key audit matter.	 Analyze the days past due report and factors used for calculation of specific provision required in accordance with Prudential Regulations. For consumer Islamic financing related asset, where management has not identified any displaying indicators of impairment, compare the general provision calculated with the provision required in accordance with the SBP Prudential Regulations.

Information Other than the Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error



and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements for the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements vide their audit report issued on 3 March 2023.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Zeeshan Rashid.

Ken ih in h

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Date: 13 February 2024

Karachi UDIN: AR202310188V6qiBJ4AT

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	7	84,036,564	56,130,598
Balances with other banks	8	1,812,507	2,785,113
Due from financial institutions	9	-	9,815,098
Investments	10	589,954,839	469,308,034
Islamic financing and related assets - net	11	580,711,316	454,260,608
Fixed assets	12	40,396,895	35,196,154
Intangible assets	13	2,452,387	2,341,852
Deferred tax assets		-	-
Other assets	14	71,920,406	45,169,012
		1,371,284,914	1,075,006,469
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable	15	16,550,469	21,309,950
Due to financial institutions	16	166,886,803	150,134,396
Deposits and other accounts	17	1,018,264,979	781,556,223
Sub-ordinated sukuk		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	18	4,940,115	744,088
Other liabilities	19	73,717,285	50,647,609
		1,280,359,651	1,004,392,266
NET ASSETS		90,925,263	70,614,203
REPRESENTED BY			
Share capital	20	15,176,965	15,176,965
Reserves		15,616,188	11,675,968
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax	21	15,170,817	10,669,662
Unappropriated profit		44,961,035	33,091,551
Total equity attributable to the equity holders of the Bank		90,925,005	70,614,146
Non-controlling interest		258	57
		90,925,263	70,614,203

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

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The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Consolidated Profit and Loss Account

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
Profit / return earned on Islamic financing and			
related assets, investments and placements	24	189,462,419	104,528,428
Profit / return on deposits and other dues expensed	25	118,391,676	64,537,133
Net profit / return		71,070,743	39,991,295
OTHER INCOME			
Fee and commission income	26	9,434,663	7,487,466
Dividend income		327,234	513,462
Foreign exchange income		4,758,254	2,601,156
Income from derivatives		85,506	191,501
Loss on securities	27	(1,813,581)	(1,487,227)
Other income	28	263,684	225,890
		13,055,760	9,532,248
Total income		84,126,503	49,523,543
OTHER EXPENSES			
Operating expenses	29	40,248,314	27,365,521
Workers Welfare Fund		886,617	461,285
Other charges	30	119,148	37,449
Total other expenses		41,254,079	27,864,255
Share of profit of associates	10.5.1	161,286	89,626
Profit before provisions		43,033,710	21,748,914
Provisions and write-offs - net	31	1,187,412	(940,031)
Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		41,846,298	22,688,945
Taxation	32	21,599,624	11,251,283
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		20,246,674	11,437,662
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Bank		20,246,473	11,437,643
Non-controlling interest		201	19
		20,246,674	11,437,662
		Rup	ees

Basic / diluted earnings per share

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

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Director

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es '000
Profit after taxation for the year	20,246,674	11,437,662
Other comprehensive income / (loss)		
Items that may be reclassified to the profit and loss account in subsequent periods:		
- Movement in surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of investments - net of tax	5,173,793	(1,936,363)
Items that will not be reclassified to the profit and loss account in subsequent periods:		
 Remeasurement gain on defined benefit obligations - net of tax Movement in surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets - net of tax Movement in surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets - net of tax 	41,660 (137,366) (391,642) (487,348)	27,244 4,793,209 853,479 5,673,932
Total comprehensive income for the year	24,933,119	15,175,231
Attributable to:		
- Equity holders of the Bank	24,932,918	15,175,212
- Non-controlling interest	201 24,933,119	19 15,175,231
	24,900,119	10,170,201

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Ali flum

President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended December 31, 2023

				Reserves	3			rplus / (defic				
	Share capital	Ca Share premium	pital reserv Non-distri- butable capital reserve (NCR) - gain on bargain purchase (note 3.2)	Reserve arising on amal- gamation (note 6.1)	Statutory reserve (note 6.26)	Total	Invest- ments	Fixed assets / non- banking assets	of Total	Unappro- priated profit	Non- controlling interest	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2022	15,176,965	10,131	325,418	23,952	12,253,682	12,613,183	111,599	6,949,984	7,061,583	31,278,631	38	66,130,400
Profit after taxation for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,437,643	19	11,437,662
Other comprehensive (loss) / income - net of tax	-		-	-	-	-	(1,936,363)	5,646,688	3,710,325	27,244	-	3,737,569
Total comprehensive (loss) / income	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,936,363)	5,646,688	3,710,325	11,464,887	19	15,175,231
Transfer from statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	(3,115,700)	(3,115,700)	-	-		3,115,700	-	-
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	2,246,634	2,246,634	-	-	-	(2,246,634)	-	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(97,269)	(97,269)	97,269	-	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets on disposals - net of tax	-	-	-		-	-	-	(4,977)	(4,977)	4,977	-	-
Amortisation of intangible assets - customer relationship - net of tax	-	-	(68,149)		-	(68,149)			-	-	-	(68,149)
Transaction with owners recorded directly in equity												
Final cash dividend declared on February 23, 2022 at Rs 1 per share	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,517,100)		(1,517,100)
1st Interim cash dividend declared on August 25, 2022 at Rs 0.5 per share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(758,848)	-	(758,848)
2nd Interim cash dividend declared on October 27, 2022 at Rs 5.5 per share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,347,331)	-	(8,347,331)
Balance as at December 31, 2022	15,176,965	10,131	257,269	23,952	11,384,616	11,675,968	(1,824,764)	12,494,426	10,669,662	33,091,551	57	70,614,203
Profit after taxation for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,246,473	201	20,246,674
Other comprehensive income / (loss) - net of tax	-		-	-	-	-	5,173,793	(529,008)	4,644,785	41,660	-	4,686,445
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,173,793	(529,008)	4,644,785	20,288,133	201	24,933,119
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	4,009,188	4,009,188	-	-	-	(4,009,188)	-	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax	-				-	-	-	(143,630)	(143,630)	143,630	-	-
Amortisation of intangible assets - customer relationship - net of tax	-		(68,968)		-	(68,968)	-	-				(68,968)
Transaction with owners recorded directly in equity Final cash dividend declared on February 23, 2023 at Rs 1 per share	-			-	-		-	-	-	(1,517,697)	-	(1,517,697)
1st Interim cash dividend declared on August 24, 2023 at Rs 1 per share		-			-				-	(1,517,697)		(1,517,697)
2nd Interim cash dividend declared on October 26, 2023 at Rs 1 per share					-	-	-			(1,517,697)		(1,517,697)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	15,176,965	10,131	188,301	23,952	15,393,804	15,616,188	3,349,029	11,821,788	15,170,817	44,961,035	258	90,925,263
·····		.0,101	.00,001	20,002	10,000,00 P	10,070,100	0,0.0,010				200	50,020,200

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Note	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Rupees '000	
Profit before taxation		41,846,298	22,688,945
Less: dividend income		(327,234)	(513,462)
Less: share of profit of associates		(161,286)	(89,626)
		41,357,778	22,085,857
Adjustments:	10.0	2,153,633	1,489,669
Depreciation on owned fixed assets Amortisation of intangible assets	12.2 13.2	326,172	222,192
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	13.2	1.923.327	1,627,522
Depreciation on non-banking assets	14.1.1	4,643	4,965
Workers Welfare Fund		886,617	461,285
Provision / (reversals of provision) against financing - net	31	728,239	(457,485)
Provision / (reversals of provision) for diminution in value of investments - net	31	549,892	(167,637)
Provision / (reversals of provision) against other assets - net	31	2,326	(30,336)
Provision / (reversals of provision) against off balance sheet obligations - net	31	38,597	(17,194)
Impairment / (reversal of impairment) for non-banking assets	31	41,525	(12,596)
Gain on sale of fixed assets - net	28	(22,406)	(52,722)
Charge for defined benefit plan	29.2	279,417	236,592
Income from derivative contracts - net	05	(85,506) 1,525,500	(191,501) 1,261,371
Profit / return expensed - lease liability against right-of-use assets Bad debts written off directly	25 31	45,511	128,431
Bad debts written on directly	51	8,397,487	4,502,556
		49,755,265	26,588,413
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets			
Due from financial institutions		9,815,098	(9,815,098)
Held-for-trading securities		234,472	12,266,799
Financing		(127,224,458)	(57,636,192)
Others assets (excluding advance taxation)		(27,261,697) (144,436,585)	(18,077,904) (73,262,395)
Increase in operating liabilities		(111,100,000)	(10)202,0000)
Bills payable		(4,759,481)	7,187,049
Due to financial institutions		16,286,174	39,827,589
Deposits		236,708,756	137,516,224
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		19,649,997	14,221,059
		267,885,446 (20,958,015)	198,751,921
Income tax paid Contribution to gratuity fund	36.6	(20,958,015) (119,464)	(9,611,131) (237,032)
Net cash generated from operating activities	30.0	152,126,647	142,229,776
		102,120,011	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment in available for sale securities - Net		(108,828,266)	(128,598,328)
Investment in available for sale securities - Net		(108,828,200) (828,773)	(759,629)
(Investment) / divestment in held to maturity securities - Net		(1,845,371)	1,918,678
Dividends received		327,234	513,462
Investment in operating fixed assets		(6,966,433)	(3,378,648)
Investment in intangible assets		(757,322)	(548,111)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		61,534	60,286
Net cash used in investing activities		(118,837,397)	(130,792,290)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of lease liability against right-of-use assets		(2,356,713)	(3,253,667)
Dividend paid		(4,465,410)	(10,419,105)
Net cash used in financing activities		(6,822,123)	(13,672,772)
Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year		26,467,127	(2,235,286)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	34	57,253,535	59,488,821
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	34	83,720,662	57,253,535

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexure I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Ali Hum

President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

For the year ended December 31, 2023

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 The "Group" consists of:

- (i) Faysal Bank Limited Holding Company
- (ii) Faysal Asset Management Limited Subsidiary Company

1.1.1 Holding Company - Faysal Bank Limited

Faysal Bank Limited (the Bank or the Holding Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on October 3, 1994 as a public limited company under the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017). Its shares are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank is engaged in Corporate, Commercial and Consumer banking activities. The Bank is operating through 722 branches (December 31, 2022: 700) including 2 sub-branches (December 31, 2022: 2).

The Registered Office of the Bank is located at Faysal House, ST-02, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Ithmaar Bank B.S.C (closed), a fully owned subsidiary of Ithmaar Holdings B.S.C is the parent company of the Bank, holding directly and indirectly 66.78% (2022: 66.78%) of the shareholding of the Bank. Dar Al-Maal Al-Islami Trust (DMIT), (ultimate parent of the Bank) is the holding company of Ithmaar Holdings B.S.C.

The State Bank of Pakistan has issued the Islamic Banking License No.BL(i) - 01 (2022) dated December 30, 2022 in the Bank's name, effective from January 1, 2023.

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) and VIS Credit Rating Company Limited have determined the Bank's long-term rating as 'AA' (December 31, 2022: 'AA') and the short term rating as 'A1+' (December 31, 2022: 'A1+') on June 23, 2023 and June 27, 2023 respectively.

		Percentage of holding	
1.1.2	Subsidiary Company - Faysal Asset Management Limited	2023	2022
	Faysal Asset Management Limited - Subsidiary	99.99%	99.99%

Faysal Asset Management Limited (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated in Pakistan under the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) on August 6, 2003 as an unlisted public limited company. The Subsidiary Company commenced its operations on November 14, 2003. The registered office of the Subsidiary Company is located at 7th Floor, West Wing, Faysal House, ST-02, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

The Subsidiary Company is a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC), licensed to carry out asset management and investment advisory services under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (NBFC Regulations).

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has assigned Asset Management rating of AM2++ (December 31, 2022: AM2++) as at December 29, 2023.

The Subsidiary Company currently manages the following Islamic and Conventional Collective Investment Schemes and Voluntary Pension Schemes:

		Net asset value as at	
	Туре	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Collective Investment Schemes (CISs)		Rupees in	million
Faysal Stock Fund	Conventional	61	836
Faysal Income and Growth Fund	Conventional	1,090	8,247
Faysal Savings Growth Fund	Conventional	1,737	2,482
Faysal Asset Allocation Fund	Conventional	100	127

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Net asset value as at	
		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
		Rupees i	
Collective Investment Schemes (CISs)		Rupees I	
Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund	Islamic	2,448	2,621
Faysal Money Market Fund	Conventional	720	3,855
Faysal Financial Sector Opportunity Fund	Conventional	16,629	10,863
Faysal Islamic Asset Allocation Fund	Islamic	2,038	2,117
Faysal MTS Fund	Conventional	1,636	1,556
Faysal Halal Amdani Fund	Islamic	42,651	33,554
Faysal Financial Value Fund	Conventional	1,283	2,121
Faysal Islamic Dedicated Equity Fund	Islamic	126	3,119
Faysal Government Securities Fund	Conventional	6	103
Faysal Islamic Sovereign Fund - FISP-I	Islamic	31,938	-
Faysal Islamic Stock Fund	Islamic	438	464
Faysal Islamic Cash Fund	Islamic	23,208	29,209
Faysal Islamic Financial Planning Fund	Islamic	2,822	9,614
Faysal Islamic Financial Growth Fund - FIFGP-I	Islamic	398	-
Faysal Cash Fund	Conventional	33	348
Faysal Islamic Special Income Fund (FISIF)			
- Faysal Islamic Special Income Plan I	Islamic	34	108
Faysal Special Savings Fund			
- Faysal Special Savings Plan I	Conventional	13	722
- Faysal Special Savings Plan II	Conventional	4,107	1,081
- Faysal Special Savings Plan III	Conventional	21	108
Voluntary Pension Schemes (VPSs)			
Faysal Pension Fund			
- Faysal Pension Fund - Equity	Conventional	47	33
- Faysal Pension Fund - Money Market	Conventional	56	40
- Faysal Pension Fund - Debt	Conventional	47	39
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund			
- Debt Sub Fund	Islamic	1	-
- Equity Index Sub Fund	Islamic	1	-
- Equity Sub Fund	Islamic	1	-
- Money Market Sub Fund	Islamic	30	-
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund			
- Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Equity	Islamic	47	29
- Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Money Market	Islamic	142	44
- Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Debt	Islamic	57	38
		133,966	113,478

Non-shariah compliant AUMs stand at Rs. 27,585 million, 20.6% of the total AUMs being managed by the Subsidiary Company. Sale to the prospective buyer has been approved by the Subsidiary Company's shareholders in Extra ordinary general meeting (EoGM) held on January 31, 2023. Subsequently, application has been filed with the SECP for performing due-diligence of the sale transaction and granting approval, in line with requirements of the Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) rules.

The Subsidiary Company is also managing investments under discretionary portfolio management agreements.

1.1.3 During the year, the Board has approved the establishment of an exchange company with an initial paid-up capital of PKR 1 billion subject to the completion of regulatory requirements. The exchange company, namely Faysal Islami Currency Exchange Company (Private) Limited shall be a wholly owned subsidiary of FBL. The Bank has received the "No Objection Certificate" from SBP and the "Certificate of Incorporation" was issued by SECP on January 16, 2024.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

2.1 The Holding Company provides financing mainly through Murabaha, Musawamah, Istisna and other Islamic modes as briefly explained in note 6.5 to these consolidated financial statements.

The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these consolidated financial statement as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilized and the appropriate portion of profit thereon. The income on such financing is recognized as accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah. However, income, if any, received which does not comply with the principles of Islamic Shariah, is recognised as charity payable if so directed by the Shariah Board of the Holding Company.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Holding Company and the financial statements of the Subsidiary Company from the date that control of the Subsidiary Company by the Holding Company are incorporated on a line-by-line basis and the investment held by the Holding Company is eliminated against the corresponding share capital and pre-acquisition reserve of the Subsidiary Company in the consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements of the Subsidiary Company are prepared for the same reporting period as the Holding Company, using accounting policies that are generally consistent with those of the Holding Company.

Material intra-group balances and transactions are eliminated.

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control. Certain mutual funds are managed by Subsidiary Company of the Group and hence, the Group has significant influence over such funds and therefore, investment in these mutual funds are considered as investment in associates in these consolidated financial statements.

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- **3.1** These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:
 - International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Provisions of, and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017; and
 - Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS, the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives shall prevail.

3.2 As per the directive of the SBP through its letter BPRD (R&P-02)/625-99/2011/3744 dated March 28, 2011, gain arising on bargain purchase of Pakistan operations of Royal Bank of Scotland (ex-RBS Pakistan) was credited directly into equity as Non-distributable Capital Reserve (NCR). The SBP allowed the Holding Company to adjust the amortisation of intangible assets against the portion of reserve which arose on account of such assets identified as a result of such acquisition. Accordingly, during the year ended December 31, 2023, the Holding Company has adjusted an amortisation of intangible assets net of tax amounting to 68.968 million (2022: Rs. 68.1 million) from the NCR.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

- 3.3 The SBP vide its BPRD Circular No. 04 dated February 25, 2015 has clarified that the reporting requirements of IFAS-3, 'Profit and loss sharing on deposits' for Institutions offering Islamic Financial Services (IIFS) relating to annual, half yearly and guarterly financial statements would be notified by the SBP through issuance of specific instructions and uniform disclosure formats in consultation with IIFS. These reporting requirements have not been notified to date. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements under IFAS 3 have not been considered in these consolidated financial statements.
- The SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, 'Investment property' for Banking 3.4 Companies through BSD Circular Letter No. 10 dated August 26, 2002 till further instructions. Further, the SECP has also deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7, 'Financial instruments: disclosures' through its S.R.O. 633(I)/2014 dated July 10, 2014. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.
- 3.5 The SECP through S.R.O. 56(1)/2016 dated January 28, 2016, has directed that the requirements of IFRS 10. 'Consolidated financial statements' are not applicable in case of investments by companies in mutual funds established under Trust Deed structure. Accordingly, implications of IFRS 10 in respect of investment in mutual funds are not considered in these consolidated financial statements.
- 3.6 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year:

The Group has adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) from January 1, 2023. These amendments neither resulted in any changes to the accounting policies nor impacted the accounting policies' information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant', accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

The information disclosed in Note 6 material accounting policies has been assessed to be in line with the amendments.

There are certain other new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on January 1, 2023 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and are therefore not detailed in these consolidated financial statements.

- 3.7 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective:
- 3.7.1 The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the accounting and reporting standards would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standards, amendments or interpretations:

Standards, interpretations or amendments	beginning on or after)
-IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments	January 1, 2024
-Amendment to IFRS 16 - Leases on sale and leaseback	January 1, 2024
-Amendments to IAS 1- Non current liabilities with covenants	January 1, 2024
-Amendment to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 - Supplier Finance	January 1, 2024
-Amendments to IAS 21 - Lack of Exchangeability	January 1, 2025

The management has assessed and concluded that these standards and amendments are not likely to have an impact on the financial statements of the Group, except IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments. The impact of IFRS 9 is as follows:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

As directed by SBP via BPRD Circular Letter No. 7 of 2023, IFRS 9 Financial Instruments is effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. SBP via its BPRD Circular No. 03 of 2022 has provided detailed instructions on implementation of IFRS 9 including some exceptions and additional requirements for ensuring smooth and consistent implementation of the standard across banks.

Effective date (annual periods

For the year ended December 31, 2023

The Group will adopt IFRS 9 in its entirety effective January 1, 2024, with modified retrospective approach for restatement. The actual impact of adopting IFRS 9 on the Group's financial statements in the year 2023 may not be accurately estimated because it will be dependent on the financial instruments that the Group would hold during next year and economic conditions at that time as well as accounting elections and judgements that it will make in future. Nevertheless, the Group has performed a preliminary assessment of the potential impact of adoption of IFRS 9 based on its statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023.

Classification and measurement

Under the new standard, classification and measurement of financial assets depends on how these are managed based on business model and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets that do not meet the Solely Payment of Principal and Interest (SPPI) criteria are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss regardless of the business model in which they are held. The Group's business model in which financial assets are held will determine whether the financial assets are to be measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL'). The Group has analyzed the impact of initial application of IFRS 9 on its financial assets as follows:

Equity Securities

Equity instruments are generally measured as FVTPL unless the group elects for FVOCI at initial recognition.

For equity shares held as available-for-sale (AFS) with surplus / deficit recorded in OCI, the Group may elect these equity shares as FVOCI. However, in accordance with IFRS 9 requirements, fair value gain or losses recognised in OCI will not be recycled to profit and loss account on derecognition of these securities.

For those equity shares currently held as AFS with gains and losses recorded in OCI for which FVOCI election is not made, will be measured at FVTPL. The surplus / deficit related to these securities currently presented in equity, will be reclassified to retained earnings, with no impact on overall equity with respect to such classification.

Unquoted equity securities are required to be measured at fair value under IFRS 9. Currently, the Group is assessing methods to determine the fair value of these securities.

Debt securities and Islamic financing and related assets

Those debt securities that are currently classified as AFS and pass the Solely Payment of Principal and Interest (SPPI) test, are expected to be measured at FVOCI under IFRS 9 as the Group's business model is to hold the assets to collect contractual cash flows and sell those investment. Debt securities currently classified as HTM and pass the SPPI test are expected to be measured at amortised cost under IFRS 9 as the Group's business model is to hold the assets to collect contractual cash flows.

Certain debt instruments that do not meet the SPPI criteria shall be measured at FVTPL regardless of the business model in which they are held.

For certain debt securities which are currently classified as AFS and the Group has decided to designate the same under the Held to Collect Business Model with the intention to collect the future cash flows on initial recognition as permitted under the standard, the mark to market gain/(loss) pertaining to these securities will be reversed from the Surplus/deficit and adjusted against the book value of securities at initial recognition.

Impairment

The impairment requirements apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI (other than equity instruments), lease receivables, and certain financing commitments and financial guarantee contracts. At initial recognition, an impairment allowance (or provision in the case of commitments and guarantees) is required for expected credit losses ('ECL') resulting from default events that are possible within the next 12 months ('12-month ECL'). In the event of a significant increase in credit risk, a provision is required for ECL resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument ('lifetime ECL').

Financial assets where 12-month ECL is recognized are in 'stage 1'; financial assets that are considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk are in 'stage 2'; and financial assets for which there is objective evidence of impairment, so are considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired, are in 'stage 3'.

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Based on the requirements of IFRS 9 and SBP's IFRS 9 application instructions, the Group has performed an ECL assessment considering the following key elements:

- PD: The probability that a counterparty will default over the next 12 months from the reporting date (12-month ECL, Stage1) or over the lifetime of the product (lifetime ECL, Stage 2).
- EAD: The expected balance sheet exposure at the time of default, incorporating expectations on drawdowns, amortization, pre-payments and forward-looking information where relevant.
- LGD: An estimate of the loss incurred on a facility upon default by a customer. LGD is calculated as the difference between contractual cash flows due and those that the Bank expects to receive, including from the liquidation of any form of collateral. It is expressed as a percentage of the exposure outstanding on the date of classification of an obligor.

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

A SICR is assessed in the context of an increase in the risk of a default occurring over the life of the financial instrument when compared to that expected at the time of initial recognition. It is not assessed in the context of an increase in the ECL. The Group uses several qualitative and quantitative measures in assessing SICR. Quantitative measures relate to deterioration of Obligor Risk Ratings (ORR) or where principal and / or profit payments are 60 days or more past due. Qualitative factors include unavailability of financial information and pending litigations.

Presentation and disclosure

IFRS 7 also introduces expanded disclosure requirements and changes in presentation which will be incorporated as per the SBP's revised format.

The SBP vide BPRD Circular No 02 of 2023 dated 9 February 2023 has issued revised formats for annual as well as interim financial statements of Groups for the accounting periods starting from 1 January 2024, which includes the presentation and disclosures of adoption of IFRS 9 as applicable in Pakistan.

Impact of adoption of IFRS 9

The total estimated adjustment (net of tax) of the adoption of IFRS 9 on the opening balance of the Group's equity at January 1, 2024 is a decrease of approximately Rs. 3,555 million (net of tax) related to impairment requirements. There is no other impact except for impairment impact due to adoption of IFRS 9.

The Group continues to refine its expected credit loss model and embed its operational processes which may change the actual impact on adoption.

To mitigate the impact of expected credit loss (ECL) models on capital, SBP has allowed a transitional arrangement for the impact on regulatory capital from the application of ECL accounting over a period of 5 years.

The Group has adopted a governance framework under which the Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee (BACGC) is tasked with overseeing the implementation of IFRS 9. The relevant departments i.e. Risk, Finance, Operations, and IT functions takes the ownership of their respective tasks. The Group's Risk Management Division has developed Models / methodologies for calculating PD, LGD, EAD and Credit Conversion Factors (CCF) and finance performs the ECL calculation. These models will be validated as per group's policy.

3.7.2 As required under SBP Letter No. BPRD/LD-01/850/28853/2022-13054, the details of the net conventional funded portfolio as at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Note	Rupees in '000
Assets Investments Financing		1,643,536 905,061
Liabilities		
Due to financial institution	16	230
Deposits and other accounts		3,714,453
Other liabilities	19	1,657,226

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All efforts are being put in to convert or dispose-off the residual portfolio and appropriate monitoring mechanisms are in place. Quarterly progress report on the status of the residual portfolio is shared with the Bank's Board of Directors, the Shariah Board and the State Bank of Pakistan.

3.7.3 Profitability from residual (ring-fenced) non-shariah compliant portfolio

In compliance with the principles of Shariah, the Shariah Board of the Bank has approved the "Conventional profitability cleansing framework" ('the Framework'). According to the Framework, any income accruing on the ring-fenced portfolio during the year, net-off attributable expenses and charges, is booked as charity payable under other liabilities. The conventional profitability is calculated in light of Shariah principles, the guidance of the Shariah Board and the understanding available as at the computation date, changes, if any, may be adjusted retrospectively.

4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain fixed assets and non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims which have been carried at revalued amounts, certain investments and derivative contracts which have been marked to market and are carried at fair value, obligations in respect of staff retirement benefits and lease liabilities which have been carried at present value and right-of-use assets which are initially measured at an amount equal to the corresponding lease liabilities (adjusted for any lease payments and costs as disclosed in details in note 6.24 to these consolidated financial statements) and depreciated over the respective lease terms.

4.1 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgments in application of its accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgments were made by the management in the application of the accounting policies are as follows:

- i) Business combinations (note 6.1);
- ii) Classification of investments (note 6.4 and 10)
- iii) Valuation and impairment of investment, associates and joint venture (note 6.4 and 10)
- iv) Provision against financing (notes 6.5 and 11);
- v) Valuation and depreciation of fixed asset (note 6.6 and 12);
- vi) Valuation and amortisation of intangible asset (note 6.6 and 13);
- vii) Taxation (note 6.8);
- viii) Valuation of non-banking asset acquired in satisfaction of claims (note 6.9 and 14) ;
- ix) Valuation of defined benefit plan (note 6.11 and 36);
- x) Acceptances (note 6.19);
- xi) Fair value of wa'ad / promissory contracts (note 6.20 and 23) ; and
- xii) Valuation and depreciation of right-of-use assets and their related lease liability (note 6.24, 12.2).

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5 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

- **5.1** Items included in these consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.
- 5.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees unless otherwise stated.

6 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORTMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

6.1 Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. The cost of acquisition is measured as the fair value of assets given, equity instruments issued and the liabilities incurred or assumed as at the date of acquisition. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, if any. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values as at the acquisition date. The excess of the consideration transferred over the fair value of the Group's share of identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated profit and loss account. However, as more fully described in note 13.3 to these consolidated financial statements, the gain on bargain purchase arising on an acquisition made in 2010 has been recognised directly in equity as per the directives of the SBP.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is measured, subsequent to initial recognition, at its cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is tested for impairment annually or whenever there is an indication of impairment as per the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 36, 'Impairment of assets'. Impairment charge in respect of goodwill is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account and is not subsequently reversed.

Acquisition of non-controlling interests (NCI) is measured at the proportionate share of the NCI in the fair value of the net assets acquired by the Group. The excess of the fair value of consideration transferred over the proportionate share of the NCI in the fair value of the net assets acquired is recognised in equity.

6.2 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks in current and deposit accounts and overdrawn nostro accounts.

6.3 Due to / Due from financial institutions

(a) Musharaka / Mudaraba placements

In Musharaka / Mudaraba, the Holding Company (or the counterparty financial institutions / the SBP) invests in the Shari'ah compliant business pools of the counterparty financial institutions / the SBP (or the holding company) at the agreed profit and loss sharing ratio under musharaka agreements.

(b) Bai Muajjal

In Bai Muajjal, the Holding Company sells Shari'ah compliant instruments on credit to other financial institutions. The credit price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period. The difference between the sale and the credit price is recognised over the credit period and recorded as income. Bai Muajjal with Federal Government is classified as investment.

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(c) Musharaka from the SBP under IERS

Under IERS, the Holding Company accepts funds from the SBP under Shirkat-ul-aqd to constitute a pool for investment in export refinance portfolio of the Holding Company under the guidelines issued by the SBP. The profit of the pool is shared as per the agreed weightages between the partners.

(d) Mudaraba investment from the SBP under various long term Islamic refinance schemes

Under various long term Islamic refinance schemes of the SBP, the Holding Company accepts funds from the SBP which are received on Mudaraba basis for investment in general pool of the Holding Company. The profit of the pool is shared as per the announced profit sharing ratio of the pool and the weightages assigned to these investments.

6.3.1 These are initially recognised at amount of funds disbursed / accepted (in case of Bai Muajjal, at sale price of the Sukuk net of deferred profit) and subsequently measured at amount receivable / payable under the contractual terms of the underlying agreement (in case of Bai Muajjal, at sale price of the Sukuk net of remaining deferred profit at reporting date, if any).

6.4 Investments

6.4.1 Classification

The Group classifies its investments as follows:

(a) Held for trading

These are securities, which are either acquired for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in market prices, yield rate movements, or dealer's margin or are securities included in the portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit making exists.

(b) Held to maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and maturity that the Group has a positive intent and ability to hold to maturity.

(c) Available for sale

These are investments, other than those in associates, that do not fall under either held for trading or held to maturity categories.

(d) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control. Certain mutual funds are managed by Subsidiary Company of the group and hence, the Group has significant influence over such funds and therefore, investment in these mutual funds are considered as investment in associates in these consolidated financial statements.

6.4.2 Initial recognition and measurement

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by the regulations or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the investment.

Investments other than those classified as held for trading are initially recognised at fair value which includes transaction costs associated with the investments. Investments classified as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs associated with the transactions are expensed through the consolidated profit and loss account.

Premium or discount on acquisition of investments is amortised through the consolidated profit and loss account over the remaining period till maturity using the effective interest method.

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6.4.3 Subsequent measurement

Held for trading

These are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Any unrealised surplus / deficit arising on revaluation is taken into profit and loss account.

Held to maturity

These are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment recognised to reflect irrecoverable amounts.

Available for sale

Quoted securities classified as available for sale investments are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Any surplus or deficit arising thereon is kept in a separate account shown in the statement of financial position within equity and is taken to the profit and loss account when realised upon disposal or when the investments are considered to be impaired.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. The break-up value of these securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements. The Group may also use unaudited or management accounts to determine if any additional impairment needs to be charged beyond amounts already changed based on audited financial statements. Investments in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment, if any.

Associates

Associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting. The investment are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquistion profit and losses of the investee in profit and loss, and the Group's share of movement in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

6.4.4 Impairment

Available for sale and held to maturity investments

Impairment loss in respect of investments classified as available for sale and held to maturity is recognised based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of a listed equity investment below its cost is also considered an objective evidence of impairment. The determination of significant or prolonged decline requires judgement.

Provision for diminution in the value of term finance certificates and sukuk certificates is made as per the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. In case of impairment of available for sale securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised in surplus / deficit on revaluation of securities on the statement of financial position within equity is removed therefrom and recognised in the profit and loss account.

Investment in associate

In respect of investment in associates, the Group reviews their carrying values at each reporting date to assess whether there is an indication of impairment. The amount of impairment loss would be determined based on the higher of values in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

6.5 Islamic financing and related assets

6.5.1 Financing is stated net of specific and general provisions. Specific provision for financing is made in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by the SBP which is based on the time based criteria and subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of the borrowers. The amount of provision is charged to the

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profit and loss account. The amount of general provision is determined in accordance with the relevant regulations and the management's judgment as explained in note 11.5.1 to these financial statements. Financing is written off in accordance with Group policy by extinguishing them against the provision held. These write-offs do not, in any way, prejudice the Group's right of recovery from these customers. The Group offers various Islamic financing products, the details of which are as follows:

(a) Murabaha

In Murabaha transactions, the Holding Company purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer on cost plus profit basis either in a spot or credit transaction.

(b) Diminishing Musharaka

It is a form of Partnership in which the Holding Company and the customers create co-ownership in the assets by purchasing it jointly. The Holding Company then rent out its share of the assets to the customer. Beside the payment of the rentals, the customer also purchases the assets from the Holding Company in installments. Hence at the end of the tenure, customer becomes sole owner of the assets.

(c) Running Musharaka

In Running Musharakah financing, the Holding Company will enter into financing with the customer based on Shirkat-ul-Aqd (Business Partnership) in the customer's operating business. Under this mechanism the customer can withdraw and return funds to the Holding Company subject to its Running Musharakah Financing limit during the Musharakah period. At the end of each quarter / period the customer pays the provisional profit as per the desired profit rate which is subject to final settlement based on the relevant quarterly / half yearly / annual audited accounts of the customer.

(d) Ijarah

ljarah is a contract whereby the owner of an asset (other than consumables) transfers its usufruct to another person for an agreed period and for an agreed consideration.

ljarah assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged from the date of recognition of ijarah assets on a straight line basis over the period of ljarah. Impairment of ljarah assets is determined on the same basis as that of operating fixed assets.

Ijarah rental income is recognised on an accrual basis as and when the rental becomes due. Impairment of ijarah rental is determined in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by the SBP from time to time and charged to the profit and loss account.

In Service Ijarah financing, the Holding Company provides financing by acquiring certain agreed services from the customer. After the purchase of services, the Holding Company appoints the customer to sell these services in the market over a period and provide a sale confirmation of such sale. The profit is only accrued from the date of receipt of such confirmation.

(e) Istisna

Istisna is a mode of sale at an agreed price, whereby the buyer places an order to or cause to manufacture, assemble or construct anything to be delivered at a future date.

The funds disbursed under Istisna are recorded as 'Advance against Istisna'. On execution of goods receiving note and receipt of manufactured goods, the same are recorded in the statement of financial position as inventories of the Group at cost price and after sale of goods by customer to its ultimate buyers, Istisna financing is recognised.

(f) Musawamah

In Musawamah financing, the Holding Company purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to customer either in spot or credit transaction, without disclosing the cost.

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(g) Salam / Bai Salam

Salam / Bai Salam is a sale transaction where the seller undertakes to supply some specific goods to the buyer at a future date against an advance price fully paid on spot.

The funds disbursed under Salam / Bai Salam are recorded as advances against Salam / Bai Salam. On execution of goods receiving note and receipt of Salam / Bai Salam goods, the same are recorded in the statement of financial position as inventories of the Holding Company at cost price and after the sale of goods by customer to its ultimate buyers, Salam / Bai Salam financing is recognised.

(h) Tijarah

Tijarah is a financing mode under which the Holding Company purchases finished goods from the customer / seller against spot payment and delivery. Thereafter, the Holding Company appoints customer as an agent to sell the Tijarah goods in the market.

The funds disbursed under Tijarah are recorded as advances against Tijarah. On execution of goods receiving note and receipt of Tijarah goods, the same are recorded in the statement of financial position as inventories of the Holding Company at cost price and after the sale of goods by customer to its ultimate buyers, Tijarah financing is recognised.

(i) Tawarruq

Tawarruq means "to sell a commodity at spot after its purchase on deferred basis to the party other than from whom it was purchased."

In practice "Tawarruq is an arrangement in which Holding Company sells a commodity at a higher price from its market value to the customer on deferred payment at cost plus profit. The customer, then sells the commodity to a third party on cash with a purpose of having access to liquidity".

6.5.2 Net investment in finance lease

Leases where the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset are classified as finance lease. A receivable is recognised on the commencement of lease term at an amount equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, including guaranteed residual value, if any. Unearned finance income is recognised over the term of the lease, so as to produce a constant periodic return on the outstanding net investment in lease. Specific and general provisions for net investment in finance lease are made in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by the SBP and charged to the consolidated profit and loss account.

6.6 Fixed assets and depreciation

(a) Tangible assets

Operating fixed assets other than land and buildings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Buildings are carried at revalued amount less any accumulated depreciation and subsequent impairment losses, if any. Land is carried at revalued amount less any subsequent impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation on operating fixed assets (excluding land which is not depreciated) is charged using the straight line method in accordance with the rates specified in note 12.2 to these financial statements after taking into account residual value, if significant. The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if required, at each reporting date. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the assets are available for use. No depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amounts or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of

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the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenditures are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account as and when incurred.

Land and buildings are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that the net carrying amount does not differ materially from their fair value.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains / losses on disposal of fixed assets, if any, are taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which these arise except that the related surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred taxation) is transferred directly to unappropriated profit.

Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of associated deferred tax) to the extent of the incremental depreciation charged on the related assets is transferred to unappropriated profit.

(b) Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets become available for use.

(c) Intangible assets

Intangible assets having definite lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The intangible assets include directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the intangible asset. Amortisation, except for customer relationship, is charged by applying the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets. Amortisation is calculated so as to write-off the assets over their expected economic lives at rates specified in note 13 to these consolidated financial statements. Amortisation is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use. No amortisation is charged for the month in which the asset comprising customer relationship is being amortised over the life expectancy of the deposits. The residual values and useful lives of intangible assets are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amounts or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets having an indefinite useful life are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Gains and losses on disposals, if any, are taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which these arise.

6.7 Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each reporting date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount, except in the case of an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or an intangible asset not yet available for use and goodwill acquired in a business combination for which impairment is tested annually irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the profit and loss account except for impairment loss on revalued assets, which is adjusted against related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of asset.

An impairment loss is reversed except for impairment loss relating to goodwill, if there has been a change in the estimate used to determine the recoverable amount. Such reversals are only made to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been recognised.

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6.8 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year. Tax charge for the current year is determined in accordance with the prevailing laws for taxation. The charge for the current tax is calculated using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Prior

The charge / reversals for prior years represent adjustments to the tax charge / reversals for prior years, arising from assessments, changes in estimates, and retrospectively applied changes to the law, made during the current year.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Group also records deferred tax asset on available tax losses. Deferred tax is calculated using the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

6.9 Assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. These assets are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that their net carrying values do not differ materially from their fair values. Legal fee, transfer costs and direct costs of acquiring title to the non-banking assets are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account and these are not capitalised as part of non-banking assets. A surplus arising on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of assets' account. Any deficit arising on revaluation is first set off against the surplus account for that particular non-banking asset, if any, or if no surplus exists, is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account. These assets are disclosed in other assets as specified by the SBP.

Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets (net of associated deferred tax) to the extent of the incremental depreciation charged on the related assets is transferred to unappropriated profit.

6.10 Provisions and contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent assets are not recognised and are also not disclosed unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent liabilities are not recognised and are disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

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6.11 Staff retirement benefits

a) Defined contribution plan

The Holding Company and the Subsidiary Company both operate a contributory provident fund for all its permanent employees to which equal monthly contributions at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary are made both by the Group and the employees.

b) Defined benefit scheme

The Holding Company operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its permanent eligible employees and eligible employees who are on contractual service and are employed under non-management cadre. The Subsidiary Company also operates a funded gratuity plan for all permanent eligible employees who have completed the specified minimum qualifying period of service. Contributions are made by each company to the respective funds on the basis of actuarial recommendations.

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

Projected Unit Credit Method is used for the actuarial valuation.

Amounts arising as a result of 'Remeasurements', representing the actuarial gains and losses and the differences between the actual investment returns and the return implied by the net interest cost are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position immediately, with a charge or credit to other comprehensive income in the periods in which these occur.

Staff retirement benefits are payable to staff on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service under these schemes.

6.12 Deposits

Deposits are generated on the basis of two modes i.e. Qard and Mudaraba.

Deposits taken on Qard basis are classified as 'Current accounts' and deposits generated on Mudaraba basis are classified as 'Savings deposits' and 'Term deposits'. No profit or loss is passed on to current account depositors, however the funds of current accounts are treated as equity of the Holding Company for the purpose of profit calculation. Usually no restriction on withdrawals or number of transactions in current and savings accounts. In case of term deposits, pre-mature withdrawals can be made as per approved terms only.

Profits realised in investment pools are distributed in pre-agreed profit-sharing ratio between Rab-ul-Maal and Mudarib. Rab-ul-Maal share is distributed among depositors according to weightages assigned at the inception of profit calculation period.

Profits are distributed from the pool such that the depositors (remunerative) only bear the risk of assets in the pool during the profit calculation period. In case of loss in a pool during the profit calculation period, the loss is distributed among the depositors (remunerative) according to their ratio of investments.

Pools are created at the Holding Company discretion and the Holding Company can add, remove or transfer an asset to any other pool in the interests of the deposit holders.

6.13 Pool management

The Holding Company's Islamic Banking Division (FBL IBD) has maintained the following pools:

- i. General Pool for local and foreign currency deposits;
- ii. Islamic Export Refinance Pool';

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- iii. Interbank Treasury Musharaka Pool'';
- iv. Islamic Investment Pool' (Mudarabah based) LCY & FCY;
- v. Islamic Saving Pool' (Mudarabah based);
- vi. Islamic Equity Pool';
- vii. Haj Pool';
- viii. Treasury Mudarabah Pool;
- ix. Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Musharakah Pool;
- x. Open Market Operation; and
- xi. Mudarabah based Financing Facility

Key features and risk & reward characteristics of all pools

- The 'General Pool' for both local and foreign currency is catered for all FBL depositors and provide profit / loss based on Mudarabah and Musharaka.
- The Islamic Export Refinance Pool caters the 'Islamic Export Refinance' requirements based on the guidelines issued by the SBP.
- The 'Interbank Treasury Musharaka Pool' is to provide Shariah compliant mechanism for Interbank Money Market transactions and manage the liquidity position of FBL statement of financial position by creating individual pools against each FBL money market deals.
- The 'Islamic Investment Pool' (Mudarabah based) LCY & FCY pools are created to cater the needs of high net worth clients.
- The Islamic saving pools are created to cater the needs of high net worth clients / institutions.
- The Islamic equity pool is created to mainly cater the funding requirement of project / long term financing assets during non accrual period.
- The Haj pool is created to give returns to Ministry of religious affairs deposits.
- The Treasury Mudarabah Pool is created to cater the liquidity requirement of the Holding Company.
- Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Musharakah Pool is created to promote expansion of affordable housing finance.
- Shariah Compliant Mudarabah Based Open Market Operations (OMO) Pool was created to enhance monetary policy transmission and improve management of market liquidity.
- Shariah Compliant Standing Ceiling Facility- Mudarabah based Financing Facility (MFF) Pool was created with a view to provide liquidity management framework for the Holding Company and enhance the effectiveness of monetary policy implementation. As per the guidelines provided by State Bank of Pakistan, MFF shall be available as a standing facility on overnight basis.
- The risk characteristics of each pool mainly depends on the asset and liability profile of each pool.

6.13.1 Profit / (loss) distribution to depositor's pool

Parameters used for allocation of profit, charging expenses and provisions etc. along with a brief description of their major components:

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Gross income generated from relevant assets, calculated at the end of the month is first divided between FBL and investors / depositors in the ratio of FBL equity commingled in a pool on pro rata basis, and then amongst FBL the depositors as per agreed mudarib fee and weightages declared before start of a month, respectively. All Mudarabah and Musharaka based deposits are fully invested in respective Pools to produce returns for them. In case where FBL is unable to utilise all funds available for investment, priority is given to the deposit account holders.

All remunerative accounts such as remunerative current accounts, saving accounts, investment certificates, etc. are opened on the basis of Mudarabah, Musharaka, Wakalah or a combination of Mudarabah and Musharaka. The return on these deposits is calculated on the basis of Profit and Loss sharing (PLS). Unless specified, all remunerative local currency and foreign currency deposits are taken as General Mudarabah and Musharaka pool.

Profit share is determined by using weightages and profit sharing ratio assigned to each category of deposit within a pool. These weightages and profit sharing ratios are declared by FBL in compliance with the requirements of the Shariah and the SBP.

The allocation (of income and expenses to different pools) is based on pre-defined basis and accounting principles / standards. The direct expenses are charged to respective pool. The indirect expenses including the establishment cost are borne by FBL as Mudarib. The direct expenses charged to the pool include depreciation of Ijarah assets, cost of sales of inventories, insurance / takaful expenses of pool assets, stamp fee, documentation charges, brokerage fee for the purchase of securities / commodities, impairment / losses due to physical damages to specific assets in pools etc. Provisions against any non-performing assets of the pool are not passed on to the pool except on the actual loss / write-off of such non-performing asset and suspension of income against non-performing assets. The profit of the pool is shared between the members of the pool on pre-defined mechanism based on the weightages announced before the profit calculation period.

Particulars	202	3	2022		
Faiticulais	Rupees '000	Percent	Rupees '000	Percent	
- Mudarib share amount and percentage of distributable income	43,412,039	37.65	14,936,903	30.51	
 Amount and percentage of Mudarib share transferred to depositors through Hiba Profit rate earned (annualised) Profit rate distributed (annualised) 	13,604,438 - -	31.34 18.53 11.33	4,136,622 - -	27.69 11.78 7.34	

6.14 Subordinated Sukuk

Subordinated sukuk are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Profit on subordinated sukuk is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account over the period on an accrual basis and is recognised separately as part of other liabilities.

6.15 Revenue recognition and other items

- Profit on Murabaha (including Commodity Murabaha) and Musawammah is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Rentals on Ijarah contracts are recognised as income on an accrual basis.
- Profit on Service Ijarah is recognised on an accrual basis commencing from the date of confirmation of sale to its ultimate buyer.
- Profit on Diminishing Musharakah financing is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Profit on Running Musharakah financing is recognised on an accrual basis and is adjusted upon final declaration of profit by Musharakah partners.
- Profit on Istisna / Salam / Bai Salam / Tijarah transactions are recognised on an accrual basis commencing from time of sale of goods till the realisation of sale of proceeds by the Group.
- Profit on Sukuk is recognised on an accrual basis. Where Sukuk (excluding held for trading securities) are purchased at a premium or discount, those premiums / discounts are amortised through the consolidated profit and loss account over the remaining maturity.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

- Financing method is used in accounting for income from lease financing. Under this method, the unearned finance
 income (excess of the sum of total lease rentals and estimated residual value over the cost of leased assets) is taken
 to income over the term of the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the outstanding net
 investment in lease.
- Unrealised finance income in respect of non-performing lease finance is held in suspense account, where necessary, in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. Gains / losses on termination of lease contracts, documentation charges, front-end fee and other lease income are recognised as income when these are realised.
- Premium or discount on acquisition of debt investments is capitalised and amortised through the consolidated profit and loss account over the remaining period till maturity.
- Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's right to receive the dividend is established.
- Fee, commission on letters of credit / guarantee, other commission and brokerage income is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Financial advisory fee is recognised when the right to receive the fee is established.
- Rent and other income is recognised on an accrual basis.
- Profits on Bai Muajjal lendings are recognised on an accrual basis using straight line method.
- Profit suspended in compliance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP is recognised on receipt basis. Profit on rescheduled / restructured financing and investments is recognised as permitted by the SBP.
- Management fee from collective investment schemes and voluntary pension schemes is calculated by charging the specified rates within the limit allowed under the NBFC Regulations to the net assets of such schemes as at the close of business of each calendar day. The performance obligation is satisfied at the close of business day for each scheme and payment is generally due at the end of each month.
- Investment advisory fee from the discretionary portfolios is calculated on a daily basis by charging specified rates to the net assets of the portfolios as stated in the respective agreements with the clients. The performance obligation is satisfied at the close of business day for each portfolio and payment is generally due either at the end of each quarter or six months based on the agreement terms.
- Load income is recognised once the services are provided to the unit holders in connection with their investments in collective investment schemes managed by the Subsidiary Company. The performance obligation is satisfied at the time of providing the service to the unit holders and payment becomes due at the end of each month.
- Performance based remuneration for investment advisory services and management of discretionary portfolio are accrued once the terms of the contract are honoured and the Subsidiary Company achieves the performance condition at the end of the period. The performance obligation is, therefore, satisfied at the end of agreement period or at the time of termination of agreement and payment becomes due at the end of the aforementioned period.
- Profit on bank deposits and investments is recognised on an accrual basis.
- REIT advisory income is recognised on an accrual basis.

6.16 Proposed dividend and transfer between reserves

Dividends and appropriations to reserves, except appropriations which are required by the law, made subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recorded in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 10, 'Events after the reporting period' in the year in which they are approved / transfers are made.

6.17 Foreign currencies

(a) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets, monetary liabilities and contingencies and commitments in foreign currencies except forward commitments (promises) are reported in Rupees at exchange rates prevalent on the reporting date.

Forward commitments other than those with the SBP relating to the foreign currency deposits are valued at forward rates applicable to the respective maturities of the relevant foreign exchange commitments. Forward commitments

For the year ended December 31, 2023

with the SBP relating to foreign currency deposit, are valued at spot rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses are included in the current year profit and loss account.

(b) Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses are included in the consolidated profit and loss account.

6.18 Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements at committed amounts. Commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date.

6.19 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Group to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Group expects most acceptances to be simultaneously settled with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for in these consolidated statement of financial position both as assets and liabilities.

6.20 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial instruments carried on the consolidated statement of financial position include cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks, due from financial institutions, investments, financing, certain other assets, bills payable, due to financial institutions, deposits, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and certain other liabilities. The particular recognition methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with these assets and liabilities.

Wa'ad / Promissory Contracts

Wa'ad/ Promissory contracts are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which the contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All wa'ad/promissory contracts are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and the liability when the fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of wa'ad/ promissory contracts is taken to the consolidated profit and loss account.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the consolidated financial statements only when the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off and the Group intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. Income and expense items of such assets and liabilities are also offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated financial statements only when permitted by the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

6.21 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted Earnings Per Share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Holding Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

6.22 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating decision maker. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Holding Company has been identified as the Chief Operating decision maker.

(a) Business Segments

(i) Retail banking

Retail banking provides services to small borrowers i.e. commercials, consumers, small enterprises, medium

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enterprises and agriculture sector. It includes financing, deposits, other transactions and balances with retail customers.

(ii) Corporate and investment banking

This includes strategic partnership with corporate entities to provide working capital financing, trade financing, cash management services, project finance, export finance, leasing, guarantees, bills of exchange, deposits and other short term and long term finance. Further, this includes investment banking activities such as mergers and acquisitions, underwriting, privatisation, securitisation, Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary private placements, etc.

(iii) Treasury and equity capital market (ECM)

It includes fixed income, equity, foreign exchanges, funding, own position securities and placements.

(iv) Special asset management (SAM)

This includes recoveries from borrowers' accounts which became delinquent or have defaulted in their loan repayment obligations.

(v) Others

It includes functions which cannot be classified in any of the above segments.

(b) Geographical segment

The operations of the Group are currently based only in Pakistan.

6.23 Provision of claims under guarantees

A provision for claim under guarantees is recognised when intimated and reasonable certainty exists that the Group will settle the obligation. The charge to the consolidated profit and loss account is stated net of expected recoveries as the obligation is recognised in other liabilities.

6.24 Lease liability and right-of-use assets

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented within note 12 and are subject to impairment in line with the Group's policy as described in note 6.7.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate. The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental fund acceptance rate to measure lease liabilities.

6.25 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognised at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

6.26 Reserves

Reserves being held by the Group in these consolidated financial statements include the following;

- Non- distributable capital reserve gain on bargain purchase option (note 3.2).
- Statutory reserve represents amount set aside as per the requirements of section 21 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
7	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS			
	In hand			
	- local currency		18,287,512	17,453,406
	- foreign currencies		1,716,544	881,183
			20,004,056	18,334,589
	With State Bank of Pakistan in			
	- local currency current accounts	7.1	47,120,181	32,768,340
	- foreign currency current accounts	7.2	2,684,723	2,536,026
	- foreign currency deposit accounts	7.3	4,323,955	2,280,616
			54,128,859	37,584,982
	With National Bank of Pakistan in		, ,	, ,
	- local currency current accounts		9,902,199	206,502
	Prize bonds	7.4	1,450	4,525
			84,036,564	56,130,598

- 7.1 These include local currency current accounts maintained with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) as per the requirements of Section 36 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. This section requires banking companies to maintain a local currency cash reserve in a current account with the SBP at a sum not less than such percentage of the Bank's time and demand liabilities in Pakistan as may be prescribed by the SBP.
- **7.2** This represents cash reserve of 5% maintained with the SBP in US dollars current account on deposits held under the New Foreign Currency Accounts (FE-25 deposits) as per BSD Circular No. 14 and 15 dated June 21, 2008.
- 7.3 These represent special cash reserve of 10% maintained with the SBP in US dollars deposit account on deposits held under the new foreign currency accounts (FE-25 deposits) as per DMMD Circular No.8 dated April 17, 2020, local US dollars clearing account maintained with the SBP to facilitate US dollars clearing and 6% special cash reserve requirement on FE-25 deposits maintained by Islamic Banking Branches under the requirements of BSD Circular No. 15 dated June 21, 2008. Profit rate on these balances is Nil (2022: Nil) per annum which is notified on monthly basis by the SBP.
- **7.4** These represent the national prize bonds received from customer for onward surrending to SBP. The Holding Company as a matter of Shariah principle, does not deal in prize bonds.

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
8	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS			
	In Pakistan			
	- in current accounts		10,251	20,019
	- in deposit account	8.1	96	66
			10,347	20,085
	Outside Pakistan			
	- in current account		1,802,160	2,683,513
	- in deposit account		-	81,515
			1,802,160	2,765,028
			1,812,507	2,785,113

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
INSTITUTIONS			
		-	4,000,000
ndings (reverse repo)	9.1		5,815,098
		-	9,815,098

9 DUE FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Musharaka placement

Repurchase agreement lendings (reverse repo)

9.1 Securities held as collateral against due from financial institutions

		2023			2022	
	Held by Group	Further given as collateral	Total	Held by Group	Further given as collateral	Total
			Rup	ees '000		
- Market Treasury Bills	-		-	6,000,000		6,000,000

10	INVESTMENTS Note		2023			2022			
10.1	Investments by type:	Cost / amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value	Cost / amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
					Ruj	pees '000			
	Held-for-trading securities								
	Shares	3	-	-	3	234,475	-	591	235,066
		3	-	-	3	234,475	-	591	235,066
	Available-for-sale securities								
	Federal Government securities	522,195,325	-	1,949,879	524,145,204	406,535,788	-	(4,225,759)	402,310,029
	Shares	5,514,707	(1,905,557)	2,245,115	5,854,265	12,259,254	(1,297,552)	(1,355,582)	9,606,120
	Non Government debt securities	47,917,827	(519,291)	2,371,729	49,770,265	48,004,551	(519,291)	2,380,000	49,865,260
		575,627,859	(2,424,848)	6,566,723	579,769,734	466,799,593	(1,816,843)	(3,201,341)	461,781,409
	Held-to-maturity securities								
	Non Government debt securities	8,174,964	(1,409,394)	-	6,765,570	6,329,593	(1,467,507)	-	4,862,086
		8,174,964	(1,409,394)	-	6,765,570	6,329,593	(1,467,507)	-	4,862,086
	Associates * 10.5	3,419,532	-	-	3,419,532	2,429,473	-	-	2,429,473
	Total Investments	587,222,358	(3,834,242)	6,566,723	589,954,839	475,793,134	(3,284,350)	(3,200,750)	469,308,034

* related parties

For the year ended December 31, 2023

10.2 Investments by segments

2	Investments by segments									
		Note	2023			-	2022			
			Cost / amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value	Cost / amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
						Rupe	es '000			
	Federal Government securities				-					
	- Pakistan Investment Bonds		-	-	-	-	14,716,926	-	(310,800)	14,406,126
	- Ijarah Sukuks	10.2.1	516,492,289	-	1,949,879	518,442,168	387,017,282	-	(3,914,959)	383,102,323
	- Other Federal Government securities	10.2.2	5,703,036	-	-	5,703,036	4,801,580	-	-	4,801,580
			522,195,325	-	1,949,879	524,145,204	406,535,788	-	(4,225,759)	402,310,029
	Shares							(0.(7.000)	((
	- Listed companies		4,770,794	(1,238,834)	2,214,770	5,746,730	11,749,813	(647,886)	(1,385,336)	9,716,591
	- Unlisted companies		743,916	(666,723)	30,345	107,538	743,916	(649,666)	30,345	124,595
	New Communert data accumition	40.0.0	5,514,710	(1,905,557)	2,245,115	5,854,268	12,493,729	(1,297,552)	(1,354,991)	9,841,186
	Non Government debt securities	10.2.3	45 000 000		0.000.000	47 000 000	45 000 000		0.000.000	47 000 000
	- Listed - Unlisted		45,000,000 11,092,791	- (1,928,685)	2,383,000	47,383,000	45,000,000 9,334,144	- (1,986,798)	2,380,000	47,380,000
	- Onlisted		56,092,791	(1,928,685)	(11,271) 2,371,729	9,152,835 56,535,835	9,334,144 54,334,144	(1,986,798)	2,380,000	7,347,346
	Associates *	10.5	50,092,791	(1,920,000)	2,311,129	00,000,000	54,554,144	(1,900,790)	2,360,000	54,727,540
	Faysal Government Securities Fund	10.5				_	97,449			97,449
	Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Debt		40,178			40,178	33,633			33,633
	Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Equity		43,254			43,254	28,439			28,439
	Faysal Halal Amdani Fund		1,560,101			1,560,101	- 20,400			20,400
	Faysal Islamic Sovereign Fund - FISP-I		3,046			3,046				
	Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Money Market		40,893			40,893	33,639			33,639
	Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund		1,289,001	_		1,289,001	844,471		_	844,471
	Faysal Islamic Special Income Fund - FISIP-I		1,702	_		1,702	107,601	-	_	107,601
	Faysal Islamic Stock Fund		125,253	_		125,253	96,437	-	_	96,437
	Faysal Pension Fund - Debt		39,562	-	-	39,562	33,215	-	-	33,215
	Faysal Pension Fund - Equity		42,204	_		42,204	27,905	-	_	27,905
	Faysal Pension Fund - Money Market		39,972	_		39,972	33,791		_	33,791
	Faysal Savings Growth Fund		-	_		-	720,379		_	720,379
	Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-I		13,170	-	-	13,170	-	-	-	-
	Faysal Islamic Financial Growth Fund - FIFGP-I		114,230	-	-	114,230	-	-	-	-
	Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Money Market Sub Fund		30,201	-	-	30,201	-	-	-	_
	Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Equity Sub Fund		503	-	-	503	-	-	-	-
	Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Debt Sub Fund		503	-	-	503	-	-	-	-
	Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund – Equity Index Sub Fund		503	-	-	503	-	-	-	-
	Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-II		12,672	-	-	12,672	-	-	-	-
	Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-III		15,739	-	-	15,739	108,161	-	-	108,161
	Faysal Stock Fund		6,845	-	-	6,845	264,353	-	-	264,353
			3,419,532	-	-	3,419,532	2,429,473	-	-	2,429,473
	Total Investments		587,222,358	(3,834,242)	6,566,723	589,954,839	475,793,134	(3,284,350)	(3,200,750)	469,308,034
	* related parties		,,000	(0,001,212)	0,000,120	300,001,000		(0,201,000)	(0,200,100)	,

* related parties

10.2.1 GoP Ijara Sukuk have tenure ranging from 1 to 5 years. The Group's return on these instruments ranges from 6.36% to 23.71% per annum (2022: 6.36% to 16.04% per annum) with maturities from April 2024 to December 2028.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

- 10.2.2 The Group has invested in PKR and foreign currency denominated Mudarabah based pools maintained by the Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate Company Limited (INPCCL), a special purpose vehicle formed by the Government of Pakistan. As at December 31, 2023, the Bank's investment in PKR, USD, EURO and GBP denominated pools amounted to Rs. 477.759 million (2022: Rs. 682.037 million), USD 15.494 million with PKR equivalent of Rs 4,367.162 million (2022: Rs. 3,586.996 million), EURO 0.570 million with PKR equivalent of Rs.177.522 million (2022: Rs 157.629 million) and GBP 1.898 million with PKR equivalent of Rs. 680.593 million (2022: Rs. 374.918 million) respectively. The actual profit rates on these pools are calculated in line with the Islamic principle of Mudarabah and communicated to the Group at the end of each month. The profit earned by the Group on these investment pools during the year ranges between 11% to 17% for PKR denominated pool, 4.50% to 5.75% for USD denominated pool, 3.50% to 5.25% for GBP denominated pool and 1.75% to 4% for EURO denominated pool. These investments are perpetual in nature and have no fixed maturity.
- **10.2.3** These include Sukuks having tenures ranging from 4 to 11 years. The Group's return on these instruments ranges from 21.14% to 24.01% per annum (2022: 15.76% to 18.18% per annum) with maturities up to December 2032.

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es '000
10.3 Investments given as collateral - at market value		
- Ijarah Sukuk - Pakistan Investment Bonds	73,587,500	29,866,500 5,307,116
10.4 Provision for diminution in value of investments	73,587,500	35,173,616
10.4.1 Opening balance	3,284,350	3,451,987
Charge / (reversals)		
Charge for the year	1,811,871	7,067
Reversals for the year	(58,113)	(85,824)
Reversals on disposals	(1,203,866)	(88,880)
	549,892	(167,637)
Closing balance	3,834,242	3,284,350

10.4.2 Particulars of provision against debt securities

	202	23	2022		
Category of classification	Non- performing investments	Provision	Non- performing investments	Provision	
Domestic		Rupee	es '000		
- Loss	1,928,685	1,928,685	1,986,798	1,986,798	

For the year ended December 31, 2023

10.5 Investment in associates

10.5.1 Movement of investment in associates

Associates

Faysal Government Securities Fund Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Debt Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Equity Faysal Halal Amdani Fund Faysal Islamic Sovereign Fund - FISP-I Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Money Market Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund Faysal Islamic Special Income Fund - FISIP-I Faysal Islamic Stock Fund Faysal Pension Fund - Debt Faysal Pension Fund - Equity Faysal Pension Fund - Money Market Faysal Savings Growth Fund Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-I Faysal Islamic Financial Growth Fund - FIFGP-I Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Money Market Sub Fund Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Equity Sub Fund Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Debt Sub Fund Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund – EQUITY INDEX SUB FUND Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-II Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-III Favsal Stock Fund

	As at December 31, 2023										
Country of incorporation	% Holding	Investment at the beginning of the year	Investment / (redemption) during the year	Share of profit	Dividend received	Investment at the end of the year					
				Rupees	'000						
Pakistan	-	97,449	(97,449)	-	-	-					
Pakistan	69.89	33,633	-	6,545	-	40,178					
Pakistan	92.23	28,439	-	14,815	-	43,254					
Pakistan	3.66	-	1,550,000	13,092	(2,991)	1,560,101					
Pakistan	0.01	-	2,987	14,717	(14,658)	3,046					
Pakistan	28.81	33,639	-	7,254	-	40,893					
Pakistan	52.64	844,471	400,555	56,290	(12,315)	1,289,001					
Pakistan	5.02	107,601	(105,972)	82	(9)	1,702					
Pakistan	28.62	96,437	18,072	10,744	-	125,253					
Pakistan	87.02	33,215	-	6,347	-	39,562					
Pakistan	89.89	27,905	-	14,299	-	42,204					
Pakistan	71.21	33,791	-	6,181	-	39,972					
Pakistan	-	720,379	(720,379)	-	-	-					
Pakistan	98.72	-	12,083	1,087	-	13,170					
Pakistan	28.72	-	106,350	9,486	(1,606)	114,230					
Pakistan	100.00	-	30,000	201	-	30,201					
Pakistan	100.00	-	500	3	-	503					
Pakistan	99.96	-	500	3	-	503					
Pakistan	100.00	-	500	3	-	503					
Pakistan	0.31	-	11,499	1,173	-	12,672					
Pakistan	75.27	108,161	(93,792)	1,370	-	15,739					
Pakistan	11.16	264,353	(255,102)	(2,406)	-	6,845					
		2,429,473	860,352	161,286	(31,579)	3,419,532					

			As at Decem	iber 31, 2022		
Country of incorporation	% Holding	Investment at the beginning of the year	Investment / (redemption) during the year	Share of profit	Dividend received	Investment at the end of the year
				Rupees	'000	·····
Pakistan	20.79	-	102,825	(6,388)	-	96,437
Pakistan	32.21	-	837,052	22,664	(15,245)	844,471
Pakistan	99.92		106,661	1,500	-	108,161
Pakistan	-	72,442	(72,442)	-	-	-
Pakistan	-	106,209	(106,209)	-	-	-
Pakistan	94.42	143,163	(48,390)	2,676	-	97,449
Pakistan	31.63	-	283,148	(18,795)	-	264,353
Pakistan	99.93	-	106,174	1,784	(357)	107,601
Pakistan	29.02	1,076,852	(383,499)	77,115	(50,089)	720,379
Pakistan	85.11	30,120	-	3,095	-	33,215
Pakistan	84.47	30,168	-	(2,263)	-	27,905
Pakistan	83.73	30,320	-	3,471	-	33,791
Pakistan	88.83	30,367	-	3,266	-	33,633
Pakistan	98.80	30,226	-	(1,787)	-	28,439
Pakistan	76.09	30,351	-	3,288	-	33,639
		1,580,218	825,320	89,626	(65,691)	2,429,473

10.5.2 Summary of financial position and performance

Faysal Saving Growth Fund Faysal Pension Fund - Debt Faysal Pension Fund - Equity Faysal Pension Fund - Money Market Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Debt Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Equity Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Money Market

Faysal Islamic Special Income Fund - FISIP-I

		As at Decem	nber 31, 2023	For the year ended December 31, 2023				
Country of incorporation	% Holding	Assets	Liabilities	Revenue	Profit / (loss)	Total comprehensive income / (loss)		
Rupees '000								

Pakistan	-	7,307	1,051	19,073	16,938	16,938
Pakistan	69.89	57,824	338	8,866	8,364	8,364
Pakistan	92.23	47,475	577	17,598	16,081	16,081
Pakistan	3.66	42,865,974	215,288	7,846,006	7,392,453	7,392,453
Pakistan	0.01	32,090,310	152,007	1,828,618	1,423,416	1,423,416
Pakistan	28.81	143,267	1,307	18,692	18,117	18,117
Pakistan	52.64	2,468,411	19,922	397,466	358,441	358,441
Pakistan	5.02	38,281	4,403	31,847	29,180	29,180
Pakistan	28.62	494,748	57,173	466,339	192,667	192,667
Pakistan	87.02	45,774	311	7,865	7,339	7,339
Pakistan	89.89	47,545	593	47,131	15,905	15,905
Pakistan	71.21	56,464	332	9,093	8,569	8,569
Pakistan	-	1,764,555	27,374	279,469	245,760	245,760
Pakistan	98.72	13,937	596	45,158	41,553	41,553
Pakistan	28.72	400,514	2,830	46,688	43,544	43,544
Pakistan	100.00	30,212	11	-	-	-
Pakistan	100.00	504	0	-	-	-
Pakistan	99.96	504	0	-	-	-
Pakistan	100.00	504	0	-	-	-
Pakistan	0.31	4,117,440	10,762	133,821	119,828	119,828
Pakistan	75.27	21,370	460	7,236	6,541	6,541
Pakistan	11.16	78,703	17,369	11,676	(138)	(138)

Associates

Associates Faysal Islamic Stock Fund Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-III Faysal Asset Allocation Fund Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-I Faysal Government Securities Fund Faysal Stock Fund

Faysal Government Securities Fund
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Debt
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Equity
Faysal Halal Amdani Fund
Faysal Islamic Sovereign Fund - FISP-I
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Money Market
Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund
Faysal Islamic Special Income Fund - FISIP-I
Faysal Islamic Stock Fund
Faysal Pension Fund - Debt
Faysal Pension Fund - Equity
Faysal Pension Fund - Money Market
Faysal Savings Growth Fund
Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-I
Faysal Islamic Financial Growth Fund - FIFGP-I
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Money Market Sub Fund
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Equity Sub Fund
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund - Debt Sub Fund
Faysal Islamic KPK Government Pension Fund – EQUITY INDEX SUB FUND
Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-II
Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-III
Faysal Stock Fund

For the year ended December 31, 2023

			As at Decem	ber 31, 2022	For the	ne year ended Decem	ber 31, 2022
	Country of incorporation	% Holding	Assets	Liabilities	Revenue	Profit / (loss)	Total comprehensive income
Associates		·			Rupees '	000	
Faysal Asset Allocation Fund	Pakistan	20.79	133,850	6,634	(13,428)	(22,653)	(22,653)
Faysal Saving Growth Fund	Pakistan	32.21	2,515,594	33,362	359,569	300.721	300.721
Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-I	Pakistan	99.92	725,930	3,726	96,444	91,448	91,448
Faysal Government Securities Fund	Pakistan	-	104,042	838	8,361	7,346	7,346
Faysal Pension Fund - Debt	Pakistan	-	39,200	176	4,285	3,592	3,592
Faysal Pension Fund - Equity	Pakistan	94.42	33,569	533	(927)	(2,595)	(2,595)
Faysal Pension Fund - Money Market	Pakistan	31.63	40,497	138	4,710	4,081	4,081
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Debt	Pakistan	99.93	38,098	238	4,369	3,596	3,596
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Equity	Pakistan	29.02	29,121	336	(257)	(1,893)	(1,893)
Faysal Islamic Pension Fund - Money Market	Pakistan	85.11	44,451	239	4,720	3,916	3,916
Faysal Islamic Stock Fund	Pakistan	84.47	469,274	5,520	(45,227)	(70,305)	(70,305)
Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund	Pakistan	83.73	2,646,076	24,630	332,768	292,642	292,642
Faysal Special Savings Fund - FSSP-III	Pakistan	88.83	109,067	824	3,553	3,306	3,306
Faysal Stock Fund	Pakistan	98.80	876,891	41,190	(252,103)	(325,461)	(325,461)
Faysal Islamic Special Income Fund - FISIP-I	Pakistan	76.09	108,886	1,209	7,332	6,736	6,736

10.6 Quality of available for sale securities

Details regarding quality of available for sale (AFS) securities are as follows:

	2023	2022
	C	ost
	Rupe	es '000
Federal Government securities - Government guaranteed		
Pakistan Investment Bonds	-	14,716,926
ljarah Sukuks	516,492,289	387,017,282
Other Federal Government securities	5,703,036	4,801,580
	522,195,325	406,535,788
Shares		
Listed companies		
Automobile Assembler	272,929	2,399,685
Cement	897,154	2,539,850
Chemical	578,402	578,402
Commercial banks	405,124	161,518
Engineering	13	236,075
Fertilizer	420,758	383,319
Glass and ceramics	38	38
Investment banks / investment companies / securities	12,528	12,528
Oil and gas exploration company	1,155,963	1,732,364
Oil and gas marketing company	361,379	540,198
Open - end mutual funds	265	1,256,069
Technology & communication	52,583	-
Pharmaceuticals	-	386,132
Power generation and distribution	568,851	991,966
Real estate	16,372	16,372
Textile composite	22,546	274,930
Textile spinning	4,362	4,362
Textile weaving	1,271	1,271
Vanaspati and allied industries	243	243
Miscellaneous	13	11 515 228
	4,770,794	11,515,338

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	202	23	202	22
	Cost	Breakup value	Cost	Breakup value
		Rupee	s '000	
Unlisted companies				
1Link (Private) Limited	50,000	733,214	50,000	537,279
Al Hamra Avenue (Private) Limited *	265,938	N/A	265,938	N/A
Al Hamra Hills (Private) Limited *	5	N/A	5	N/A
DHA Cogen (Private) Limited *	325,000	N/A	325,000	N/A
Himont Chemical *	1,037	N/A	1,037	N/A
Pace Barka Properties Limited *	52,000	N/A	52,000	N/A
Pakistan Export Finance Guarantee *	5,686	N/A	5,686	N/A
Naymat Collateral Management	25,000	N/A	25,000	N/A
ISE Towers REIT Management Company	-	62,264	-	53,834
Pakistan Corporate Restructuring				
Company Limited	19,250	N/A	19,250	N/A
	743,916	795,478	743,916	591,113

* These investments are fully provided.

2023	2022
Co	ost
Rupe	es '000
45,000,000	45,000,000
750,000	750,000
89,000	89,000
1,562,000	-
516,827	2,165,551
2,917,827	3,004,551
	Rupe 45,000,000 750,000 89,000 1,562,000 516,827

* These include government guaranteed securities amounting to Rs. 45,000 million (2022: Rs. 45,000 million).

10.7 Particulars relating to held to maturity securities are as follows:

2023	2022	
	Cost	
	Rupees '000	

Non Government debt securities

11	nl	is	to	Ч
U		15	ιc	u

- AAA	6,765,678	4,862,130
- Unrated *	1,409,286	1,467,463
	8,174,964	6,329,593

* These investments are fully provided.

10.7.1 The market value of securities classified as held-to-maturity as at December 31, 2023 amounted to Rs. 6,779 million (December 31, 2022: Rs. 4,862 million).

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

11 Islamic financing and related assets - net

	Note	Perfo	rming	Non-pe	rforming	То	tal
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
					bees '000		
Murabaha financing and related assets							
Murabaha financing	11.1	38,284,881	10,718,692	166,424	119,278	38,451,305	10,837,970
Advance against Murabaha financing		3,219,979	1,675,896	5,000	-	3,224,979	1,675,896
Inventory related to Murabaha		2,174,051	203,694	-	-	2,174,051	203,694
		43,678,911	12,598,282	171,424	119,278	43,850,335	12,717,560
Running Musharaka financing							
Running Musharaka		195,753,370	119,430,547	545,166	-	196,298,536	119,430,547
Istisna financing and related assets							
Istisna		36,501,975	31,800,700	551,792	70,000	37,053,767	31,870,700
Advance against Istisna		30,317,852	20,927,551	172,166	236,295	30,490,018	21,163,846
Inventory related to Istisna		7,382,419	6,205,350	-	-	7,382,419	6,205,350
		74,202,246	58,933,601	723,958	306,295	74,926,204	59,239,896
Tijarah financing and related assets							
Tijarah		2,455,035	2,268,921	316,722	5,500	2,771,757	2,274,421
Advance against Tijarah		766,202	467,445	-	-	766,202	467,445
Inventory related to Tijarah		4,136,549	1,346,223	3,500	-	4,140,049	1,346,223
		7,357,786	4,082,589	320,222	5,500	7,678,008	4,088,089
Musawamah financing and related assets							
Musawamah		2,788,837	143,720	100,516	6,960	2,889,353	150,680
Advance against Musawamah		4,190	-	-	-	4,190	-
Inventory related to Musawamah		7,408	3,980	-	-	7,408	3,980
· · · , · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,800,435	147,700	100,516	6,960	2.900.951	154,660
Salam financing and related assets		,,	,	,.	-,	,,	. ,
Salam		100,000	100,000	1,200	1,200	101,200	101,200
Advance against Salam		9,850,771	83,236	-	-	9,850,771	83,236
		9.950.771	183,236	1,200	1,200	9,951,971	184,436
ljarah financing and related assets		-,,	,	.,	.,	-,	,
Fixed assets ljarah financing - net	11.2	-	32,109	-	-	-	32,109
,		-	32,109	-	·	-	32,109
Diminishing Musharaka financing and			,				,
related assets							
Diminishing Musharaka		210,560,169	208,760,418	5,624,139	4,374,326	216,184,308	213,134,744
Advance against Diminishing Musharaka		10,225,549	15,556,470	97,500	-	10,323,049	15,556,470
		220,785,718	224,316,888	5,721,639	4,374,326	226,507,357	228,691,214
Wakala Istithmar financing and		220,100,110	22 110 10,000	0,121,000	1,01 1,020	220,001,001	220,001,211
related assets							
Wakala Istithmar		6,302,669	- 1	-	- 1	6,302,669	-
		6,302,669	-	-	· · ·	6,302,669	-
		-,,				-,,	
Tawwaruq		13,673,003	13,167,553	98,423	38,717	13,771,426	13,206,270
Advance against Islamic export refinance		2,414,376	3,419,522	-	223,152	2,414,376	3,642,674
Musharaka		27,534	82,618	722	8,288	28,256	90,906
Bai salam		277,076	99,342	-	-	277,076	99,342
Islamic financing and related assets - Gross		577,223,895	436,493,987	7,683,270	5,083,716	584,907,165	441,577,703
islamic mancing and related assets - 01055		511,225,055	400,490,907	1,000,210	3,003,710	504,507,105	441,077,700
Other financing		478,042	15,397,264	15,376,371	16,614,667	15,854,413	32,011,931
		577 701 007	451 001 051	00.050.041	21,698,383	COO 701 570	470 500 604
		577,701,937	451,891,251	23,059,641	21,098,383	600,761,578	473,589,634
Less: provision against financing	11.5						
- Specific	-	-	-	(19,172,592)	(18,557,417)	(19,172,592)	(18,557,417)
		(877,670)	(771,609)	-	-	(877,670)	(771,609)
- General						(011,010)	(
- General			(771.609)	(19,172,592)	(18.557 417)	(20.050 262)	(19,329,026)
- General Financing - net of provision		(877,670) 576,824,267	(771,609) 451,119,642	(19,172,592) 3,887,049	(18,557,417) 3,140,966	(20,050,262) 580,711,316	(19,329,026) 454,260,608

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Initial Murabaha receivable - gross 11.12 39,623,889 11,529,227 Less: Deferred murabaha income 11.13 (29,223) (350,063) Profit receivable shown in other assets (1,143,361) (341,194) Murabaha financing 11.1.1 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.1 The movement in Murabaha financing during the year is as follows: 0 0 Opening balance 10,837,970 31,630,824 11,886,384 Adjusted during the year 218,668,554 111,886,384 Adjusted during the year (191,055,219) (132,679,238) Closing balance 39,623,889 11,529,227 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 11,529,227 Murabaha purchase price 39,623,889 (10,837,970) 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 (10,837,970) Murabaha purchase price 39,623,889 (10,837,970) Murabaha purchase price 39,623,889 (10,837,970) Murabaha purchase price 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,802,165 <			Note	2023	2022
Less: Deferred murabaha income 11.1.3 (29,223) (350,063) Profit receivable shown in other assets (1,143,361) (341,194) Murabaha financing 11.1.1 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.1 The movement in Murabaha financing during the year is as follows: 0pening balance 10,837,970 31,630,824 Opening balance 10,837,970 218,668,554 111,886,384 (191,055,219) (132,679,238) Closing balance 39,623,889 11,529,227 (10,837,970) 10,837,970 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 11,529,227 (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 350,063 275,779 4,874,300 4,602,165 Qpening balance 350,063 275,779 4,874,300 4,602,165 (4,527,881)				Rupe	es '000
Profit receivable shown in other assets (1,143,361) (341,194) Murabaha financing 11.1.1 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.1 The movement in Murabaha financing during the year is as follows: 0pening balance 10,837,970 31,630,824 Sales during the year 218,668,554 (11,1886,384 (191,055,219) 31,630,824 Adjusted during the year 38,451,305 10,837,970 31,630,824 Closing balance 39,623,889 (132,679,238) 10,837,970 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 11,529,227 (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 350,063 275,779 4,874,300 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 (4,527,881)	11.1 Murabaha r	receivable - gross	11.1.2	39,623,889	11,529,227
Murabaha financing 11.1.1 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.1 The movement in Murabaha financing during the year is as follows: Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance 10,837,970 31,630,824 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price Murabaha purchase price 10,837,970 31,630,824 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price Murabaha purchase price 39,623,889 11,529,227 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income Opening balance 350,063 275,779 4,874,300 4,874,300 4,602,165 (4,527,881)	Less: Defer	red murabaha income	11.1.3	(29,223)	(350,063)
11.1.1 The movement in Murabaha financing during the year is as follows: 10,837,970 31,630,824 Sales during the year 218,668,554 111,886,384 Adjusted during the year (191,055,219) (132,679,238) Closing balance 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 11,529,227 Murabaha purchase price (10,837,970) 1,172,584 691,257 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (4,527,881) (4,527,881)	Profit	receivable shown in other assets		(1,143,361)	(341,194)
Opening balance 10,837,970 31,630,824 Sales during the year 218,668,554 111,886,384 Adjusted during the year (191,055,219) (132,679,238) Closing balance 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 11,529,227 Murabaha purchase price (38,451,305) (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 350,063 275,779 Opening balance 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	Murabaha f	financing	11.1.1	38,451,305	10,837,970
Sales during the year 218,668,554 111,886,384 Adjusted during the year (191,055,219) (132,679,238) Closing balance 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 11,529,227 Murabaha purchase price (10,837,970) (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	11.1.1 The movem	nent in Murabaha financing during the year is as	follows:		
Adjusted during the year (191,055,219) (132,679,238) Closing balance 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 11,529,227 Murabaha purchase price (38,451,305) (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 350,063 275,779 Opening balance 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	Opening ba	alance		10,837,970	31,630,824
Closing balance 38,451,305 10,837,970 11.1.2 Murabaha sale price 39,623,889 11,529,227 Murabaha purchase price (38,451,305) (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 0pening balance 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	Sales durin	g the year		218,668,554	111,886,384
11.1.2 Murabaha sale price Murabaha purchase price 39,623,889 (38,451,305) 11,529,227 (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income Opening balance Arising during the year 350,063 275,779 275,779 4,874,300 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	Adjusted du	uring the year		(191,055,219)	(132,679,238)
Murabaha purchase price (38,451,305) (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 691,257 Opening balance 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	Closing bal	ance		38,451,305	10,837,970
Murabaha purchase price (38,451,305) (10,837,970) 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 691,257 Opening balance 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)					
1,172,584 691,257 11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 350,063 275,779 Opening balance 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	11.1.2 Murabaha	sale price		39,623,889	11,529,227
11.1.3 Deferred murabaha income 350,063 275,779 Opening balance 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	Murabaha j	ourchase price		(38,451,305)	(10,837,970)
Opening balance 350,063 275,779 Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)				1,172,584	691,257
Arising during the year 4,874,300 4,602,165 Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	11.1.3 Deferred m	urabaha income			
Less: recognised during the year (5,195,140) (4,527,881)	Opening ba	alance		350,063	275,779
	Arising duri	ng the year		4,874,300	4,602,165
Closing balance 29,223 350,063	Less: recog	gnised during the year		(5,195,140)	(4,527,881)
	Closing bal	ance		29,223	350,063

11.2 liarah

ljarah				2023				
-		Cost			Accumulated depreciation			
	As at Jan 1, 2023	Additions / (deletions)	As at Dec 31, 2023	As at Jan 1, 2023	Charge for the year	As at Dec 31, 2023	as at Dec 31, 2023	
				Rupees '()00			
Plant and machinery	52,435	(52,435)	-	20,326	(20,326)	-	-	
Total	52,435	(52,435)	-	20,326	(20,326)	-	-	
				2022				
		Cost		-	nulated deprec	iation	Book value	
	As at Jan 1, 2022	Cost Additions / (deletions)	As at Dec 31, 2022	-	nulated deprec Charge for the year	ation As at Dec 31, 2022	Book value as at Dec 31, 2022	
	Jan 1,	Additions /	Dec 31,	Accur As at Jan 1,	Charge for the year	As at Dec 31,	as at Dec 31,	
Plant & Machinery	Jan 1,	Additions /	Dec 31,	Accur As at Jan 1, 2022	Charge for the year	As at Dec 31,	as at Dec 31,	

Future ljarah payments receivable

			2023		2022				
	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year & less than 5 years	Over Five years	Total	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year & less than 5 years	Over Five years	Total	
					Rupees '000				
ljarah rental receivables	-	_	_	-	33,506			33,506	

The difference between net investment in Ijarah and Ijarah rental receivable represents element of profit in receivable.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

11.3

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es '000
Particulars of Islamic financing and related assets - net		
- in local currency	599,815,539	472,577,857
- in foreign currencies	946,039	1,011,777
	600,761,578	473,589,634

11.4 Islamic financing and related assets - net includes Rs. 23,060 million (December 31, 2022: Rs. 21,698 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

	202	23	2022		
Category of classification	Non-performing financing	Provision	Non- performing financing	Provision	
		Ru	pees '000		
Domestic					
- other assets especially mentioned	204,748	448	204,426	70	
- substandard	883,657	104,142	504,838	82,646	
- doubtful	670,909	170,824	858,706	242,963	
- loss	21,300,327	18,897,178	20,130,413	18,231,738	
Total	23,059,641	19,172,592	21,698,383	18,557,417	

11.5 Particulars of provision against Islamic financing and related assets

	Note	2023			2022				
		Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total		
				Rup	ees '000				
Opening balance		18,557,417	771,609	19,329,026	19,544,542	945,573	20,490,115		
Exchange adjustment		132,838	-	132,838	117,020	-	117,020		
Charge for the year		1,960,357	106,061	2,066,418	1,085,432	-	1,085,432		
Reversals during the year		(1,338,179)	-	(1,338,179)	(1,368,953)	(173,964)	(1,542,917)		
		622,178	106,061	728,239	(283,521)	(173,964)	(457,485)		
Amounts written off	11.6.1	(139,841)	-	(139,841)	(820,624)	-	(820,624)		
Closing balance		19,172,592	877,670	20,050,262	18,557,417	771,609	19,329,026		

11.5.1 The Group maintains general provision in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Consumer Financing and House Financing issued by the SBP.

11.5.2 Particulars of provision against financing

		2023			2022	
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
			Rupe	es '000		
In local currency	18,503,626	877,670	19,381,296	18,021,288	771,609	18,792,897
In foreign currencies	668,966		668,966	536,129		536,129
	19,172,592	877,670	20,050,262	18,557,417	771,609	19,329,026

For the year ended December 31, 2023

11.5.3 As allowed by the SBP, the Group has availed benefit of forced sale value (FSV) of collaterals held as security of Rs 2,457.777 million (December 31, 2022: Rs 1,862.991 million) relating to financing while determining the provisioning requirement against non-performing financing as at December 31, 2023. The additional profit arising from availing the FSV benefit (net of tax) as at December 31, 2023 which is not available for distribution as either cash or stock dividend to shareholders approximately amounted to Rs 1,253.466 million (December 31, 2022: Rs 950.125 million).

	Note	2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
11.6 Particulars of write-offs - net of recoveries:			
11.6.1 Against provisions	11.5	139,841	820,624
Directly charged to profit and loss account	31	45,511	128,431
		185,352	949,055
11.6.2 Write-offs of Rs. 500,000 and above*			
- domestic	11.7	21,632	745,966
Write-offs of below Rs. 500,000 - domestic*		163,720	203,089
		185,352	949,055

*The write-offs do not, in any way, prejudice the Group's right of recovery from these customers.

11.7 Details of financing written-off of Rs. 500,000/- and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the statement in respect of written-off financing or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above allowed to a person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2023 is given in Annexure - I to these consolidated financial statements. The write-offs (including written-off amount less than Rs. 500,000/-) do not, in any way, prejudice the Group's right of recovery from these customers.

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
12	FIXED ASSETS			
	Capital work-in-progress	12.1	4,115,708	2,392,116
	Property and equipment	12.2	36,281,187	32,804,038
			40,396,895	35,196,154
12.1	Capital work-in-progress			
	Civil works		266,236	346,816
	Equipment		2,968,971	1,742,100
	Furniture and fixture		299,479	220,794
	Vehicles		16,824	42,164
	Building		564,198	40,242
			4,115,708	2,392,116

For the year ended December 31, 2023

12.2	Property	and	equipment
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Property and equipment						2023				
	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Building on freehold land	Building on leasehold land	Furniture and fixture	Electrical, office and computer equipment	Vehicles	Leasehold property and improvement	Right-of-use assets - land and building	Total
					R	upees '000				
At January 1, 2023										
Cost / revalued amount	3,353,600	7,775,976	801,796	5,517,692	1,515,015	9,103,257	365,911	5,105,048	16,446,765	49,985,060
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	38,423	1,040,524	7,057,668	213,100	2,728,764	6,102,543	17,181,022
Net book value	3,353,600	7,775,976	801,796	5,479,269	474,491	2,045,589	152,811	2,376,284	10,344,222	32,804,038
Year ended December 31, 2023										
Opening net book value	3,353,600	7,775,976	801,796	5,479,269	474,491	2,045,589	152,811	2,376,284	10,344,222	32,804,038
Additions	175,000	132,800	-	206,299	399,987	2,603,035	258,266	1,170,448	2,458,828	7,404,663
Lease modification (note 12.2.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,292	21,292
Transfer from non-banking										
assets (note 12.2.2)	245,000	-	4,806	47,200	-	-	-	-	-	297,006
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(14)	(2,024)	(37,143)	(171)	(129,500)	(168,852)
Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4)	-	-	(52,255)	(298,156)	(103,009)	(1,155,009)	(48,331)	(496,873)	(1,923,327)	(4,076,960)
Other adjustments / transfers	-	-	194	-		662	(569)	(287)	-	-
Closing net book value	3,773,600	7,908,776	754,541	5,434,612	771,455	3,492,253	325,034	3,049,401	10,771,515	36,281,187
At December 31, 2023										
Cost / revalued amount	3,773,600	7,908,776	806,796	5,742,733	1,918,603	11,554,419	550,476	6,274,605	18,727,679	57,257,687
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	52,255	308,121	1,147,148	8,062,166	225,442	3,225,204	7,956,164	20,976,500
Net book value	3,773,600	7,908,776	754,541	5,434,612	771,455	3,492,253	325,034	3,049,401	10,771,515	36,281,187
Rate of depreciation (%) / useful life	_	-	2%-11%	2%-25%	10%	14%-50%	20%	10%-20%	11 months - 34 years	

	2022									
	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Building on freehold land	Building on leasehold land	Furniture and fixture	Electrical, office and computer equipment	Vehicles	Leasehold property and improvement	Right-of-use assets - land and building	Total
					R	upees '000				
At January 1, 2022										
Cost / revalued amount	2,398,777	4,072,488	642,304	5,436,205	1,336,238	8,077,525	354,115	4,065,210	13,114,109	39,496,971
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	85,668	406,032	984,225	6,280,413	178,962	2,393,036	4,392,999	14,721,335
Net book value	2,398,777	4,072,488	556,636	5,030,173	352,013	1,797,112	175,153	1,672,174	8,721,110	24,775,636
Year ended December 31, 2022										
Opening net book value	2.398.777	4.072.488	556.636	5,030,173	352,013	1.797.112	175.153	1,672,174	8,721,110	24,775,636
Additions	2,390,777	139,753	550,050	183,661	187,114	1,051,130	16,652	1,072,174	3,473,886	6,101,262
Lease modification (note 12.2.5)	-	139,133	-	103,001	107,114	1,001,100	10,032	1,049,000	25,332	25,332
Movement in surplus on assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,002	20,332
	979.909	3.563.735	275.008	477.234						F 005 000
revalued during the year	,	3,303,733	275,008	477,234	-	-	-	-	-	5,295,886
Disposals	(25,086)	-	-	-	(96)	(957)	(1,033)	(1,131)	(248,584)	(276,887)
Depreciation charge (note 12.2.4)	-	-	(29,848)	(211,799)	(64,500)	(802,671)	(37,961)	(342,890)	(1,627,522)	(3,117,191)
Other adjustments / transfers	-	-	-	-	(40)	975	-	(935)	-	-
Closing net book value	3,353,600	7,775,976	801,796	5,479,269	474,491	2,045,589	152,811	2,376,284	10,344,222	32,804,038
At December 31, 2022										
Cost / revalued amount	3,353,600	7,775,976	801,796	5,517,692	1,515,015	9,103,257	365,911	5,105,048	16,446,765	49,985,060
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	38,423	1,040,524	7,057,668	213,100	2,728,764	6,102,543	17,181,022
Net book value	3,353,600	7,775,976	801,796	5,479,269	474,491	2,045,589	152,811	2,376,284	10,344,222	32,804,038
Rate of depreciation (%) / useful life		-	2%-11%	2%-25%	10%-20%	14%-50%	20%	10%-20%	11 months - 34 years	

For the year ended December 31, 2023

12.2.1 The cost of fully depreciated fixed assets that are still in the Group's use is as follows:

	2023	2022
	Rupe	ees '000
Furniture and fixture	791,955	775,389
Electrical, office and computer equipment	5,389,998	4,960,129
Vehicles	171,564	6,536
Leasehold property and improvement	1,587,611	1,412,484
	7,941,128	7,154,538

- **12.2.2** During the year, the Group has transferred three properties to fixed assets from non-banking assets having book values of Rs 297.006 million.
- 12.2.3 The Group's freehold / leasehold land and buildings on freehold / leasehold land were last revalued by Joseph Lobo Co. (Private) Limited and K. G. Traders (Private) Limited on December 31, 2022 on the basis of professional assessments of the market values.

Had there been no revaluation, the carrying amount of revalued assets as at December 31, 2023 would have been Rs 5,674.80 million (2022: Rs 5,069.59 million).

	Note	2023	2022
12.2.4 Allocation of depreciation expense of the year is as follows:		Rupe	ees '000
Property expense			
- owned assets	29	848,555	586,278
- right-of-use assets	29	1,923,327	1,627,522
		2,771,882	2,213,800
Information technology expense	29	615,731	374,006
Other operating expenses	29	689,347	529,385
		4,076,960	3,117,191

12.2.5 Lease modifications

During the current year, the Group has renegotiated a number of existing lease agreements resulting in a modification of these lease agreements under IFRS 16, 'Leases'. These lease modifications pertain to:

- i) a change in consideration of the lease(s);
- ii) an increase in the scope of the lease(s) due to an extension in the contractual lease terms; or
- iii) termination of existing lease(s) due to relocation of the branches to new premises.

In case of (i) and (ii) above, the Group has remeasured the lease liabilities by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rates and making a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets.

In case of (iii) above, the Group has decreased the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and the corresponding lease liabilities to reflect the full termination of the lease, taking any resultant gain or loss on such termination to the consolidated profit and loss account.

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

12.2.6 Details of Disposals of Fixed Assets

The information relating to disposal of fixed assets to related parties is as follows:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Related Party	
Vehicles		Rupees	'000				-
Toyota Land Cruiser	53,360	25,613	27,747	27,747	Bank's Policy	Mr. Yousuf Hussain	
Audi E tron	18,051	8,664	9,386	9,386	Bank's Policy	Mr. Yousuf Hussain	
	71,411	34,277	37,134	37,134			
Electrical Equipment							
Cellular Phone	55	55	-	11	Bank's Policy	Syed Majid Ali (Key Manager	nent Personnel)
Cellular Phone	30	30	-	6	Bank's Policy	Jaudat Hussain (Key Manage	ement Personnel)
Cellular Phone	55	50	5	11	Bank's Policy	Ali Waqar (Key Management	Personnel)
Cellular Phone	30	20	10	10	Bank's Policy	Syed Shuja Haider (Key Man	agement Personne
	170	155	15	38			
Total	71,581	34,433	37,148	37,171			

		Note	2023	2022
13	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		Rupees '000	
	Capital work-in-progress Intangibles	13.1 13.2	799,929 1,652,458 2,452,387	711,373 1,630,479 2,341,852
13.1	Capital work-in-progress Computer software		799,929	711,373

13.2 Intancibles

2 Intangibles			2023		
	Goodwill	Management rights	Computer software	Customer relationship (note 13.2.2)	Total
			- Rupees '000		
At January 1, 2023					
Cost	238,484	114,600	3,476,412	2,557,167	6,386,663
Accumulated amortisation	-	-	2,650,362	2,105,822	4,756,184
Net book value	238,484	114,600	826,050	451,345	1,630,479
Year ended December 31, 2023					
Opening net book value	238,484	114,600	826,050	451.345	1,630,479
Additions - directly purchased	-	-	668,766		668,766
Impairment loss recognised in the			000,100		000,100
profit and loss account - net (note 29)	(238,484)	-	-	-	(238,484)
Amortisation charge (note 29)		-	(326,172)	(82,131)	(408,303)
Closing net book value	-	114,600	1,168,644	369,214	1,652,458
At December 31, 2023					
Cost	238,484	114,600	4,145,178	2,557,167	7,055,429
Accumulated amortisation					
and impairment	238,484	-	2,976,534	2,187,953	5,402,971
Net book value		114,600	1,168,644	369,214	1,652,458
Rate of amortisation (percentage)	N/A	N/A	14%-20%	5%-10%	
Useful life	N/A	N/A	5-7 years	10-19 years	

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		2022				
	Goodwill	Management rights	Computer software	Customer relationship (note 13.2.2)	Total	
			Rupees '000			
At January 1, 2022						
Cost	238,484	114,600	3,041,495	2,557,167	5,951,746	
Accumulated amortisation			2,428,170	2,023,691	4,451,861	
Net book value	238,484	114,600	613,325	533,476	1,499,885	
Year ended December 31, 2022						
Opening net book value	238.484	114,600	613,325	533,476	1,499,885	
Additions - directly purchased	-	-	434,917	_	434,917	
Amortisation charge (note 29)	-	-	(222,192)	(82,131)	(304,323)	
Closing net book value	238,484	114,600	826,050	451,345	1,630,479	
At December 31, 2022						
Cost	238,484	114,600	3,476,412	2,557,167	6,386,663	
Accumulated amortisation	-	-	2,650,362	2,105,822	4,756,184	
Net book value	238,484	114,600	826,050	451,345	1,630,479	
Rate of amortisation (percentage)	N/A	N/A	14%-20%	5%-10%		
Useful life	N/A	N/A	5-7 years	10-19 years		

13.2.1 The cost of fully amortised intangible assets that are still in the Group's use is as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
		Rupee	es '000
Computer software Customer relationship	13.2.2	2,210,074 1,099,722 3,309,796	1,980,879 1,099,722 3,080,601

13.2.2 This represents an intangible asset (customer relationship) which comprises of core deposits which were recognised at the time of acquisition of ex-RBS Pakistan. These core deposits represent the funding benefit that would be available to the Holding Company on account of availability of funding through deposit customers rather than from the wholesale or interbank market. This benefit also considers the fact that the economic life time of these deposits is longer than their contractual life. Based on this assumption, this intangible asset had been valued using certain valuation techniques and is being amortised over the life expectancy of these deposits. As more fully explained in note 13.3 to these consolidated financial statements, the SBP allowed the Holding Company to adjust the amortisation charge arising on this intangible asset against non-distributable capital reserve. The remaining amortisation period of this intangible asset is ranging from 3 to 8 years.

13.3 Non-distributable capital reserve - gain on bargain purchase

As per the directive of the SBP through its letter BPRD (R&P-02)/625-99/2011/3744 dated March 28, 2011, gain arising on bargain purchase of Pakistan operations of Royal Bank of Scotland (ex-RBS Pakistan) was credited directly into equity as non-distributable capital reserve (NCR). The SBP allowed the Bank to adjust the amortisation of the intangible asset against the portion of reserve which arose on account of such asset. Accordingly, the Bank has adjusted amortisation of intangible asset amounting to Rs 68.968 million (2022: Rs. 68.149 million) (net of tax) from the non-distributable capital reserve.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupee	s '000
14	OTHER ASSETS			
			44 4 40 000	00 000 100
	Profit/ return accrued in local currency - net of provision		44,142,282	26,608,166
	Profit / return accrued in foreign currencies - net of provision		82,278	35,156
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		1,814,503	1,366,333
	Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	14.1	929,659	1,041,276
	Mark to market gain on forward foreign exchange contracts	10	550,232	383,842
	Acceptances	19	13,152,356	6,930,359
	Credit cards and other products fee receivable		1,235,999	566,289
	Receivable from brokers against sale of shares		89,252	268,523
	Dividend receivable		75,348	75,348
	Receivable from 1 Link (Private) Limited		4,407,978	3,302,249
	Rebate receivable - net		280,127	118,625
	Defined benefit plan asset	36	89,545	166,681
	Remittances receivable from Western Union		1,307,125	1,668,492
	Others		2,357,513	838,106
			70,514,197	43,369,445
	Less: provision held against other assets	14.2	(328,963)	(326,637)
	Other assets net of provision		70,185,234	43,042,808
	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in			
	satisfaction of claims	21.2	1,735,172	2,126,204
	Other assets - total		71,920,406	45,169,012
14.1	Market value of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		2,667,419	3,167,480

The non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims by the Group have been revalued by an independent professional valuer as at December 31, 2023. The revaluation was carried out by Joseph Lobo Co. (Private) on the basis of professional assessment of present market values. The SBP's Regulations for Debt Property Swap require the Group to carry out a full scope valuation of non-banking assets after every three years.

14.1.1	Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
	Opening balance		3,167,480	2,256,892
	Additions		114,000	48,000
	Revaluation		-	854,957
	Transferred to fixed assets	12.2	(297,006)	-
	Reversal of surplus		(273,475)	-
	(Impairment) / reversal of impairment	31	(41,525)	12,596
	Depreciation	29	(4,643)	(4,965)
	Closing balance		2,664,831	3,167,480
14.2	Provision held against other assets			
	Dividend receivable		75,348	75,348
	Receivable from customers		50,473	50,473
	Security deposits		22,994	22,994
	Others		180,148	177,822
			328,963	326,637

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	• · · · · · · · · ·	Note	2023	2022
14.2.1	Movement in provision held against other assets		Rupe	es '000
	Opening balance		326,637	356,973
	Charge for the year Reversals during the year	31	2,731 (405) 2,326	- (30,336) (30,336)
	Amounts written off Closing balance		- 328,963	326,637
15	BILLS PAYABLE			
	In Pakistan		16,550,469	21,309,950
16	DUE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
	Secured To the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) under			
	 Long term financing facility for renewable power energy (RPE) Scheme of financing facility for storage of agricultural produce 	16.1	230 -	9,502 5,400
	 Islamic export refinance scheme - part I and II Refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries 	16.2	30,665,904 -	31,795,302 885,681
	- Islamic financing for renewable energy	16.3	6,641,671	6,914,074
	- Islamic long term financing facility	16.4	11,126,779	12,407,019
	- Islamic temporary economic refinance scheme	16.5	31,034,309 166,111	30,853,102 232,778
	 Islamic refinance facility for combating COVID-19 Islamic refinance facility for storage of agricultural produce 	16.6 16.7	513,439	370,804
	 Scheme of Islamic Rupee-based discounting facility under EFS/II 		708,777	547,230
			80,857,220	84,020,892
	Repurchase agreement borrowings		-	5,318,855
	Due to SBP under Open Market Operations (OMO)	16.9 & 16.12	73,594,497	29,061,914
	Due to other financial institutions	16.10	3,402,344	1,440,559
	Total secured		157,854,061	119,842,220
	Unsecured			
	Overdrawn nostro accounts		2,128,409	1,662,176
	Musharaka acceptances	16.11	6,904,333	28,630,000
	Total unsecured		9,032,742	30,292,176
			166,886,803	150,134,396

- 16.1 These represent amounts due to the SBP under scheme for long term financing facility for renewable power energy (RPE). The profit rates on these facilities range from 2% to 3% per annum (2022: 2% to 3% per annum), payable on quarterly basis, with maturities upto December 2028. As per the agreements, the Group has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Group at the maturity date of finances by directly debiting the current account of the Group maintained with the SBP.
- **16.2** In accordance with the Islamic export refinance scheme (IERS), the Holding Company has entered into Musharaka agreements for financing with the SBP for extending export finance to the customers. The average profit rates on this facility range from 3% to 18% (2022: 3% to 10%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto 180 days from the date of grant. As per the agreements, the Holding Company has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Holding Company at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Holding Company with the SBP.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

16.13 Parti

- **16.3** In accordance with the Islamic financing facility for renewable energy the Holding Company has entered into mudarabah agreements for financing with the SBP for extending renewable energy finance to customers. The average profit rates on this facility range from 2% to 3% (2022: 2% to 3%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto May 2033. As per the agreements, the Holding Company has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Holding Company at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Holding Company with the SBP.
- **16.4** In accordance with the Islamic long term financing facility for plant and machinery the Holding Company has entered into mudarabah agreements for financing with the SBP for extending Islamic long term finance to the customers. The average profit rates on this facility range from 3% to 18% (2022: 3% to 10%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto December 2034. As per the agreements, the Holding Company has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Holding Company at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Holding Company with the SBP.
- 16.5 In accordance with the Islamic temporary economic refinance facility (ITERF) the Holding Company has entered into mudarabah agreements for financing with the SBP for extending long term finance to the customers. The average profit rate on this facility is 1% (2022: 1%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto December 2032. As per the agreements, the Holding Company has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Holding Company at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Holding Company with the SBP.
- **16.6** In accordance with the Islamic refinance facility for combating COVID-19, the Holding Company has entered into mudarabah agreements for financing with the SBP for extending medical equipment finances to the customers. The average profit rate on this facility is 0% (2022: 0%) payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto June 2026. As per the agreements, the Holding Company has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Holding Company at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Holding Company with the SBP.
- 16.7 These represent balances due to the SBP under scheme of Islamic financing facility for storage of agricultural produce (IFFSAP). The profit rate on this facility is 2% per annum (2022: 2%) payable on quarterly basis with maturity upto February 2029. As per the agreements, the Holding Company has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from itself at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Holding Company with the SBP.
- **16.8** In accordance with rupee based discounting scheme under IERS, the Holding Company has entered into Musharaka agreements for financing with the SBP for extending export finance to the customers. The average profit rates on this facility range from 0.5% to 2% payable on quarterly basis with maturities upto 180 days from the date of grant. As per the agreements, the Holding Company has granted the SBP the right to recover the outstanding amounts from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finances by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP.
- **16.9** This represents borrowing from State Bank of Pakistan under open market operation. The average profit rates on these borrowing ranges from 22.10% to 23% per annum (2022 : 16.09% to 16.24% per annum) having maturity in February 2023.
- **16.10** This represents borrowing from Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company (PMRC). The average profit rate on this borrowing ranging 8.75% to 20.86% (2022: 8.75% to 13.61%) per annum having maturity in June 2026.
- **16.11** This represents Musharaka acceptance on profit and loss sharing basis. The expected rates on these deal ranges from 21.70% to 22% (2022: 16.00% to 16.15%) per annum having maturity in January 2024.
- **16.12** Details and nature of securities pledged as collateral against due to financial institution are given in note 10.3 to these consolidated financial statements.

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es '000
Particulars of due to financial institutions with respect to currencies		
- in local currency - in foreign currencies	164,758,394 2,128,409 166,886,803	148,472,220 1,662,176 150,134,396

For the year ended December 31, 2023

17 **DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS**

		2023				2022	
	In local currency	In foreign currencies	Total	In loca current		In foreign currencies	Total
			Rupee	es '000			
Customers							ā
Current deposits	271,673,365	30,468,754	302,142,119	233,289	,655	26,500,047	259,789,702
Savings deposits	246,343,937	21,489,149	267,833,086	207,105	,501	23,004,040	230,109,541
Term deposits	244,250,942	1,484,842	245,735,784	154,758	,216	887,679	155,645,895
Margin deposits	12,175,267	48,071	12,223,338	7,661	,317	229,752	7,891,069
	774,443,511	53,490,816	827,934,327	602,814	,689	50,621,518	653,436,207
Financial institutions							ī
Current deposits	11,726,778	275,306	12,002,084	9,405	,616	65,052	9,470,668
Savings deposits	169,728,021	-	169,728,021	118,123	8,798	-	118,123,798
Term deposits	8,600,547	-	8,600,547	525	,550	-	525,550
	190,055,346	275,306	190,330,652	128,054	,964	65,052	128,120,016
	964,498,857	53,766,122	1,018,264,979	730,869	,653	50,686,570	781,556,223
				Note		2023	2022
						Rupees	; '000
Composition of deposit	S				45	77,379,755	141,563,384
- government (Federal	and Provincial)					29,697,729	20,622,004
- public sector entities						12,137,269	19,009,076
- banking companies						2,081,399	5,902,607
- non-banking financial	institutions					78,249,253	122,217,409

- non-banking financial institutions
- private sector

17.1

17.1.1 These include deposits eligible to be covered under insurance arrangements amounting to Rs 522,349 million (2022: Rs. 440,635 million).

DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES / (ASSETS) 18

Taxable t	temporary	differences	on;
-----------	-----------	-------------	-----

- surplus on revaluation of fixed assets
- surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets
- surplus on revaluation of investments
- fair value adjustment relating to net assets acquired upon amalgamation
- fair value adjustment relating to net assets acquired upon business combination
- accelerated tax depreciation
- fair valuation of previously held equity interest in the Subsidiary Company

Deductible temporary differences on;

- provision for diminution in the value of investments
- provision against financing, off balance sheet etc.
- provision against other assets

At January 1, 2023Recognised in P&LRecognised in OCI / EquityAt December 31, 2023	2023					
	-	•				

17.1.1

578,719,574

1,018,264,979

472,241,743

781,556,223

----- Rupees '000------

1,957,237	(137,998)	274,669	2,093,908
15,591	-	610	16,201
(1,389,433)	-	4,592,841	3,203,408
194,079	-	(13,163)	180,916
52,496	-	-	52,496
38,930	310,711	-	349,641
13,118	-	-	13,118
882,018	172,713	4,854,956	5,909,687
43,573	(891,157)	-	(847,584)
(77,100)	60,852	-	(16,248)
(104,403)	(16,242)	14,905	(105,740)
(137,930)	(846,547)	14,905	(969,572)
744.088	(673,834)	4,869,861	4,940,115

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Taxable temporary differences on;

- surplus on revaluation of fixed assets
- surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets
- surplus on revaluation of investments
- fair value adjustment relating to net assets acquired upon amalgamation
- fair value adjustment relating to net assets acquired upon business combination
- accelerated tax depreciation
- fair valuation of previously held equity interest in the Subsidiary Company

Deductible temporary differences on;

- provision for diminution in the value of investments
- provision against financing, off balance sheet etc.
- provision against other assets

2022							
At January 1, 2022			At December 31, 2022				
	Rupees '000						
1,528,114	(73,554)	502,677	1,957,237				
14,113	-	1,478	15,591				
71,350	2,870	(1,463,653)	(1,389,433)				
208,056	-	(13,977)	194,079				
52,496	-	-	52,496				
1,462	37,468	-	38,930				
13,118	_	-	13,118				
1,888,709	(33,216)	(973,475)	882,018				

(32,236)	75,809	-	43,573
(1,059,541)	982,441	-	(77,100)
(185,426)	81,792	(769)	(104,403)
(1,277,203)	1,140,042	(769)	(137,930)
611,506	1,106,826	(974,244)	744,088

19	OTHER LIABILITIES	Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
	Return on deposits and other dues:			
	- payable in local currency		13,233,050	6,735,294
	- payable in foreign currencies		9,728	5,357
	Unearned commission and income on bills discounted		1,493,017	982,430
	Accrued expenses		6,498,018	3,334,375
	Acceptances	14	13,152,356	6,930,359
	Dividend payable including unclaimed dividends		344,271	256,594
	Mark to market loss on forward foreign exchange contracts		664,315	46,611
	Current taxation (provision less payments)		3,256,604	1,013,387
	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations	19.1	126,297	87,700
	Charity fund balance	19.2	148,216	44
	Withholding tax payable		341,182	360,125
	Federal excise duty payable		159,996	90,817
	Payable to brokers against purchase of shares		91,311	1,235,367
	Fair value of derivatives		1,657,226	1,507,683
	Payable related to credit cards and other products		545,308	114,064
	Lease liability against right-of-use assets		12,865,125	11,814,937
	Funds held as security		321,357	288,573
	Payable to 1Link (Private) Limited		595,002	359,297
	Takaful payable		59,974	60,888
	Clearing and settlement accounts		17,570,738	14,940,611
	Others		584,194	483,096
			73,717,285	50,647,609
19.1	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations			
	Opening balance		87,700	104,894
	Charge for the year		38,597	3,596
	Reversals during the year		-	(20,790)
		31	38,597	(17,194)
	Closing balance		126,297	87,700

For the year ended December 31, 2023

40.0		Note	2023	2022
19.2	Charity fund balance		Rupe	es '000
	Opening balance		199,678	42,956
	Additions during the year			
	Received from customers on account of delayed payment		174,388	188,806
	Profit from residual (ring-fenced) non-shariah compliant portfolio	19.2.1	141,533	-
	Non-shariah compliant income on account of:			
	i) Dividend Purification amount		4,919	-
	ii) Shariah non-compliant transactions		5,408	8,713
	Profit on charity saving account		15,879	5,256
			342,127	202,775
	Payments / utilisation during the year			
	Education		77,000	12,000
	Health		80,000	10,000
	Social work		50,000	24,053
			207,000	46,053
	Closing balance		334,805	199,678

19.2.1 For the purpose of consolidated financial statements, charity payable mentioned above includes income, net-off attributable expenses and charges, pertaining to the Subsidiary Company's conventional portfolio.

19.2.2 The balance in Charity's savings account is Rs. 186.589 million (2022: Rs 199.634 million).

19.2.3 Charity paid through savings account during the year is Rs. 207 million (2022: Rs. 46.053 million). Charity of Rs. 500,000 or higher was paid to the following organisations;

 2023 2022

	2023	2022
	Rupe	es '000
Professional Education Foundation	8,000	-
Habib University	16,000	-
IBA CEIF	5,000	-
IoBM	5,000	-
IM Sciences	10,000	-
Fatima Jinnah Medical College	5,000	-
Islamic International University	5,000	-
Jamiat Taleem ul Quran	3,000	-
SIUT	20,000	-
Alamgir Welfare Trust	15,000	5,000
The Citizens Foundation	20,000	5,500
Bait us Salam Welfare Trust	5,000	5,000
Saylani Welfare Trust	25,000	5,000
Patients' Aid Foundation	23,000	-
Patients' Behbud Society for AKUH	7,000	-
Karachi Down Syndrome Program (KDSP)	5,000	-
Dawat-e-Islami	5,000	-
CEIF IM Sciences, Peshawar	-	5,000
Pakistan Children's Heart Foundation	5,000	-
Pink Ribbon Pakistan	-	5,000
Akhuwat Foundation	-	5,000
Indus Hospital & Health Network	20,000	5,000
Rations Bags (For Flood Victims)	-	4,053
Developments in Literacy	-	1,500

There were no charity disbursement to related parties of the Bank.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

20 SHARE CAPITAL

20.1 Authorised capital

	2023	2022		2023	2022
	Number	of shares		Rupee	es '000
	2,200,000,000	2,200,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	22,000,000	22,000,000
20.2	Issued, subscrib	ped and paid up			
	2023	2022		2023	2022
	Number	of shares	Ordinary shares	Rupee	es '000
	201,451,420	201,451,420	Fully paid in cash	2,014,514	2,014,514
	1,298,772,879	1,298,772,879	Issued as bonus shares	12,987,729	12,987,729
	17,472,226	17,472,226	Issued for consideration other than cash	174,722	174,722
	1,517,696,525	1,517,696,525		15,176,965	15,176,965

20.2.1 As at December 31, 2023, Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (closed) (the parent company of the Holding Company) directly and indirectly holds 1,013,473,709 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each (2022: 1,013,473,709 ordinary shares).

21	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF TAX	Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
	Surplus/deficit on revaluation of:			
	- available for sale securities	10.1	6,566,723	(3,201,341)
	- fixed assets	21.1	12,196,725	12,341,050
	 non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims 	21.2	1,735,172	2,126,204
			20,498,620	11,265,913
	Deferred tax on surplus/ deficit on revaluation of:			
	- available for sale securities		(3,217,694)	1,376,577
	- fixed assets	21.1	(2,093,908)	(1,957,237)
	- non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	21.2	(16,201)	(15,591)
			(5,327,803)	(596,251)
			15,170,817	10,669,662
21.1	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets			
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at January 1		12,341,050	7,220,789
	Recognised during the year		19,746	5,295,886
	Surplus realised on disposal during the year		-	(4,977)
	Transferred from surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets	21.2	117,557	-
	Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental			
	depreciation charged during the year		(281,628)	(170,648)
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at December 31		12,196,725	12,341,050
	Less: related deferred tax liability on:			
	- revaluation as at January 1		(1,957,237)	(1,527,939)
	- revaluation recognised during the year		-	(502,677)
	- impact of change in rate of tax		(273,103)	-
	- transferred from surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets		(1,566)	-
	- incremental depreciation charged during the year		137,998	73,379
			(2,093,908)	(1,957,237)
			10,102,817	10,383,813

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
21.2	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Surplus on revaluation as at January 1 Recognised during the year Transferred to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Surplus on revaluation as at December 31	14.1.1 21.1	2,126,204 (273,475) (117,557) 1,735,172	1,271,247 854,957 - 2,126,204
	Less: related deferred tax liability on: - revaluation as at January 1 - impact of change in rate of tax - revaluation recognised during the year		(15,591) (2,176) 1,566 (16,201) 1,718,971	(14,113) - (1,478) (15,591) 2,110,613
22	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	Guarantees Commitments Other contingent liabilities	22.1 22.2 22.3	39,050,948 225,759,797 4,122,244 268,932,989	38,920,372 168,295,114 4,122,244 211,337,730
22.1	Guarantees:			
	Financial guarantees Performance guarantees Other guarantees		4,523,565 9,201,571 25,325,812 39,050,948	5,725,594 12,053,909 21,140,869 38,920,372
22.2	Commitments:			
	Documentary credits and short-term trade-related transactions - letters of credit		80,258,955	52,543,910
	Commitments in respect of: - forward foreign exchange contracts - forward government securities transactions	22.2.1 22.2.2	65,125,446 73,777,500	57,184,237 41,226,248
	 promissory contracts - cross currency and swaps (notional principal) extending credit (irrevocable) 	22.2.3 22.4	1,678,515 3,429,739	1,510,401 15,473,238
	Commitments for acquisition of: - operating fixed assets - intangible assets		1,180,860 308,782 225,759,797	193,455 163,625 168,295,114
22.2.1	Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts			
	Purchase Sale		55,514,935 <u>9,610,511</u> 65,125,446	50,919,583 6,264,654 57,184,237
22.2.2	Commitments in respect of forward government securities transa	actions		<u>·</u>
	Purchase Sale		73,777,500	35,400,890 5,825,358
20.0.0	Commitments in respect of device fires		73,777,500	41,226,248
22.2.3	Commitments in respect of derivatives	00		
	Sale	23	1,678,515	1,510,401

For the year ended December 31, 2023

22.3	Other contingent liabilities	Note	2023	2022
22.3.1	Holding Company:		Rupe	es '000
	Suit filed by a customer for recovery of alleged losses suffered which is pending in the Honourable High Court of Sindh. The Bank s legal advisors are confident that the Bank has a strong case Indemnity issued favouring the Honorable High Court in one of the cases Tax liability of gain on bargain purchase on the acquisition of ex-RBS Pakistan	(ii)	2,510,000 457,543 1,154,701	2,510,000 457,543 1,154,701
			4 122 244	4 122 244

- (i) Income tax assessments of the Holding Company have been finalised upto the tax year 2023 (accounting year ended December 31, 2022). Income tax return for tax year 2024 (accounting year ended December 31, 2023) has already been filed by the Holding Company within the stipulated timeline.
- (ii) The department and the Holding Company has disagreement on a matter relating to taxability of gain on bargain purchase on the acquisition of ex-RBS Pakistan. The additional tax liability on the matter amounts to Rs. 1,154.701 million (December 31, 2022: Rs. 1,154.701 million). The Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [(CIR(A)] had deleted the said additional tax liability, however the income tax department had filed an appeal with the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order of CIR(A). During the current period, the ATIR passed an order and maintained the decision of the CIR(A) in favour of the Holding Company that gain on bargain purchase is not taxable. Subsequently, the department has challenged the order in Honourable High Court of Sindh. However, the management of the Holding Company is confident that the matter will be decided in the Holding Company's favour and accordingly, no provision has been recorded in these consolidated financial statements in respect of this matter.
- **22.3.2** There are certain claims against the Holding Company not acknowledged as debt amounting to Rs. 29,317 million (December 31, 2022: Rs. 29,453 million). These mainly represent counter claims filed by the borrowers for restricting the Holding Company from disposal of assets (such as mortgaged / pledged assets kept as security), cases where the Holding Company was proforma defendant for defending its interest in the underlying collateral kept by it at the time of financing, certain cases filed by ex-employees of the Holding Company for damages sustained by them consequent to the termination from the Holding Company's employment and cases for damages towards opportunity losses suffered by the customers due to non-disbursements of running finance facility as per the agreed terms. The above also includes an amount of Rs 25,299 million (December 31, 2022: Rs. 25,299 million) in respect of a suit filed against the Holding Company for declaration, recovery of monies, release of securities, rendition of account and damages.

Based on legal advice and / or internal assessments, the management is confident that the above matters will be decided in the Holding Company's favour and accordingly no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

22.3.3 Subsidiary Company:

(i) The income tax returns of the Company for the tax years 2004 to 2022 (financial year ended June 30, 2004 to December 31, 2021) have been filed and are deemed to have been assessed under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, unless selected by the taxation authorities for audit purposes. The tax year 2005 (financial year ended June 30, 2005) has been selected by the taxation authorities for audit purpose. The tax authorities have passed an order under section 221 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, whereby they have determined an additional liability of Rs. 912,711 for the tax year 2005 on account of apportionment of expenses and disallowance of certain expenses. The subsidiary Company has paid Rs. 414,360 and has filed an appeal against the order before the Commissioner Appeals, the proceedings of which are underway. The remaining tax liability on these matters is Rs. 498,351. The management of the subsidiary Company is confident that the decision in respect of these matters will be decided in the Company's favour and accordingly no provision for the above has been made in these consolidated financial statements in respect of this liability.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(ii) The income tax department has issued orders and show cause notices under section 221 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for recovery of Workers Welfare Fund (WWF) aggregating to Rs 0.818 million in respect of tax years 2008 and 2013. The details of orders and show cause along with the management actions are listed below:

Tax years	Order / show cause references	Status	WWF demand Rupees '000
2008	Order u/s 221 dated June 30, 2014	Appeal pending before the Commissioner Appeals	315
2013	Show cause u/s 221 dated May 7, 2014	Showcause notice has been responded to	503
	•		818

The management is of the view that WWF was not applicable for tax year 2008. In tax year 2013, subsequent to clarification decision by the SHC, the management has not admitted WWF charge in the annual return of income. The management of the Subsidiary Company is confident that the decision in respect of these matters will be decided in the Subsidiary Company's favour and accordingly no provision for the above has been made in these consolidaetd financial statements in respect of this liability.

(iii) The Punjab Revenue Authority issued show cause notice No.PRA/AM/61/2205/ dated March 12, 2014 to Faysal Asset Management Limited requiring the subsidiary Company to obtain registration / enrolment and to pay sales tax amounting to Rs. 6,055,110 from July 2013 to March 2014 under the Punjab Sales Tax on Services Act, 2012 with effect from May 22, 2013 on management fee earned in Punjab.

In respect of this, the subsidiary Company, jointly with other Asset Management Companies together with their respective collective investment schemes through their trustees, has filed a petition on July 8, 2014 in the SHC challenging the above notice. The Court has ordered suspension of the show cause notice till the next hearing of appeal in their order dated July 10, 2014. The next date of hearing has not yet been decided. The management of the Subsidiary Company is confident that the decision in respect of these matters will be decided in the Subsidiary Company's favour and accordingly no provision for the above has been made in these consolidated financial statements in respect of this liability.

- (iv) During the year ended December 31, 2020, the audit of the tax year 2013 (financial year ended June 30, 2013) was completed by the taxation authorities. The tax authorities have passed an order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, whereby they have determined an additional liability of Rs. 4,964,364 for the tax year 2013 on account of apportionment of expenses, salary expenses and hardware and software expense. The management filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [CIR(A)] on the grounds of disallowances made by the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue. The CIR(A) remanded back a few expenses while ordered against various other expenses for which the Subsidiary Company has decided to appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR). The management of the Subsidiary Company is confident that the decision in respect of these matters will be decided in the Subsidiary Company's favour and accordingly no provision for the above has been made in these consolidated financial statements in respect of this liability.
- (v) During the year ended December 31, 2020, the audit of the tax year 2014 (financial year ended June 30, 2014) was completed by the taxation authorities. The tax authorities have passed an order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, whereby they have determined an additional liability of Rs. 2,672,863 for the tax year 2014 on account of apportionment of expenses, time barred payables, expenses claimed on provisional basis, salary expenses, marketing and advertising expenses, brokerage and commission expenses, legal and professional charges and hardware and software expenses. The management had decided to file an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [CIR(A)] on the grounds of disallowances made by the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue. During the current period the CIR(A) issued an order whereby the earlier order passed by the tax authorities under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, has been annulled on the basis of being time barred, and consequentially the demand for additional liability has been relinquished. The management has decided to file an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) to contest the order

For the year ended December 31, 2023

passed by DCIR. The management of the Subsidiary Company is confident that the decision in respect of these matters will be decided in the Company's favour and accordingly no provision for the above has been made in these consolidated financial statements in respect of this liability.

- (vi) During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR) passed an order under section 182(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2018, whereby the DCIR imposed a penalty of Rs. 832,500 on account of non submission of statement required to be filed by the Subsidiary Company under bilateral or multilateral convention under section 165B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. On August 17, 2020, the management filed an appeal before the CIR(A) on the subject matter and paid an amount of Rs 83,250, being 10% of the total amount of penalty imposed under the order and thus obtained an automatic stay on the subject matter. As on June 15, 2021 the Subsidiary Company has received an appellate order from the CIR(A), dismissing the appeal filed by the Subsidiary Company on August 17, 2020. The management has filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR). As a matter of abundant caution the Subsidiary Company had recognised a provision for the remaining amount of Rs. 749,250 in the consolidated financial statements.
- (vii) During the year ended December 31, 2022, one of the customers of the Subsidiary Company has claimed an amount of Rs 245 million from the Subsidiary Company for loss of profit and principal against amount kept by him in discretionary portfolio and CIS with the Subsidiary Company.

The Subsidiary Company based on an internal assessment and legal opinion is confident that no likely claim will be payable by the Subsidiary Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements in respect of this claim.

22.4 Commitments to extend credits

The Group makes commitments to extend credit (including to related parties) in the normal course of its business but these being revocable commitments do not attract any significant penalty or expense if the facilities are unilaterally withdrawn except for Rs. 3,430 million (2022: Rs. 15,743 million) which are irrevocable in nature.

		2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
23	DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS		
	Cross currency swaps (notional principal)	1,678,515	1,510,401

Derivative instruments, such as forward rate agreements, cross currency swaps and FX options, are forward transactions that provide market making opportunities / hedge against the adverse movement of exchange rates. Derivatives business provides risk solutions for the existing and potential customers of the Holding Company. All derivative transactions are governed by "The Financial Derivatives Business Regulations" (FDBR) issued by the SBP.

23.1 Product analysis

	2	.023
	Cross cur	rency swaps
Counterparties	Notional principal	Mark to market loss
	Rup	ees '000
With banks for	-	-
Hedging Market making	101,866	(139,900)
With other entities for Hedging Market making	1,576,649	- (1,517,326)
Total Hedging Market making	- 1,678,515	- (1,657,226)

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	2	022	
Counterparties	Cross curr	Cross currency swaps	
counterparties	Notional principal	Mark to market loss	
With banks for	Rupe	es '000	
Hedging	-	-	
Market making	209,709	(281,984)	
With other entities for			
Hedging	-	-	
Market making	1,300,692	(1,225,699)	
Total			
Hedging Market making	- 1,510,401	- (1,507,683)	

23.2 Maturity analysis

			2023			
Remaining maturity		Notional	Mark to market			
Remaining maturity	No. of contracts	principal	Negative	Positive	Net	
	contracts		Rupe	pees '000		
Upto 1 month	-	-	-	-	-	
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	_	-	
3 to 6 months	-	-	-	_	-	
6 months to 1 year	-	-	-	-	-	
1 to 2 years	6	798,467	(1,897,025)	1,120,085	(776,940)	
2 to 3 years	4	880,048	(3,975,920)	3,095,634	(880,286)	
3 to 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	
5 to 10 years	-	-	-	_	-	
Above 10 years	_	-	-	_	-	
Total		1,678,515	(5,872,945)	4,215,719	(1,657,226)	

			2022			
Remaining maturity	No. of	Notional	Notional Mark to market			
Remaining maturity	contracts	principal	Negative	Positive	Net	
			Rupe	Rupees '000		
Upto 1 month	_	-	-	-	-	
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-	
3 to 6 months	-	-	-	-	-	
6 months to 1 year	-	-	-	-	-	
1 to 2 years	-	-	-	-	-	
2 to 3 years	6	810,638	(2,232,715)	1,411,141	(821,574)	
3 to 5 years	4	699,763	(4,217,089)	3,530,980	(686,109)	
5 to 10 years	-	-	-	-	-	
Above 10 years	-	-	-	-	-	
Total		1,510,401	(6,449,804)	4,942,121	(1,507,683)	

23.3 Risk management policies related to derivatives are discussed in note 44.6 to these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

24 PROFIT / RETURN EARNED

24	PROFIT / RETURN EARNED	2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
	On: Financing	92,894,379	52,774,945
	Investments	95,617,084	49,475,306
	Due from financial institutions	936,557	1,732,956
	Balances with banks	7,534	4,160
	Securities purchased under resale agreements	6,865	541,061
		189,462,419	104,528,428
25	PROFIT / RETURN EXPENSED		
23			
	On: Deposits	97 504 000	40 550 401
	Securities sold under repurchase agreements	87,594,003 143,380	43,553,431 6,420,297
	Due to financial institutions	23,387,568	9,542,246
	Lease liability against right-of-use assets	1,525,500	1,261,371
	Cost of foreign currency swaps against foreign currency deposits / dues	5,741,225	3,759,788
		118,391,676	64,537,133
		<u>_</u>	
26	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME		
	Branch banking customer fees	1,099,862	964,381
	Consumer finance related fees	610,434	578,091
	Card related fees (debit and credit cards)	4,143,876	3,179,024
	Credit related fees	38,206	10,904
	Investment banking fees	199,745	283,990
	Commission on trade	688,918	595,804
	Commission on guarantees	180,385	174,220
	Commission on cash management	156,281	92,721
	Commission on remittances including home remittances	902,831	579,014
	Commission on bancatakaful	123,196	183,465
	Management fee on fund under management	956,881	627,810
	Sales load on sales fund under management Others	226,897	150,698
	Others	107,151 9,434,663	67,344 7,487,466
		9,404,000	7,407,400
27	LOSS ON SECURITIES		
	Realised:		
	Federal Government securities	(207,182)	(236,042)
	Shares	(1,606,399)	(1,251,185)
		(1,813,581)	(1,487,227)
28	OTHER INCOME		
	Popt on property	004 007	164 409
	Rent on property	234,027	164,498
	Gain on disposal of fixed assets - net	22,406	52,722
	Notice pay	6,330	470
	Others	921	8,200
		263,684	225,890

For the year ended December 31, 2023

29 OPERATING EXPENSES			Note	2023	2022
Property expense 299,774 337,813 Takatul 1,800,433 1,410,940 86,245 Utilities cost 1,22,4 1,800,433 1,410,940 Depreciation on wined fixed assets 1,22,4 1,848,555 566,278 Depreciation on wined fixed assets 1,21,4 1,820,332 1,127,259 Others 1,22,4 1,820,433 1,127,252 Others 1,22,4 1,820,433 4,463 Depreciation on right-of-use assets 12,2,4 1,827,522 1,627,522 Others 3,832,456 2,352,596 6,137,253 Software maintenance 3,832,456 325,654 325,654 Depreciation 12,2,4 15,731 374,006 Arrotististion 13,2 3,547,719 222,192 Other services costs - staft 35,1 3,5670,741 3,547,719 Depreciation or indruges 28,2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 28,24 452,576 166,726 Outsourced services costs - staft 35,11	29	OPERATING EXPENSES	-	Rupe	es '000
Fient and taxes 299,774 337,813 Takaful 124,803 124,803 1,410,940 Depreciation on oncharking assets 12.2.4 1,850,043 1,410,940 Pepair and maintenance (including jaintorial charges) 948,655 588,278 Depreciation on oncharking assets 12.2.4 1,923,327 1,727,823 Others 1,22,4 1,923,327 1,67,999 Software maintenance 583,415 6,137,253 Depreciation on windpart of the dassets 12.2.4 1,827,522 1,67,999 Network charges 2,352,596 583,415 325,654 Depreciation 12.2.4 615,731 374,006 Network charges 32.2 14,400 122,192 Vithers 3,547,719 273,271 2,73,271 Other operating expenses 36.2 184,460 129,172 Directors' fees and allowances 36.2 144,480 129,120 Legal and protessional charges 36.1 359,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 76,531 630,985 566,629 Traveling and development 29,44		Total compensation expense	29.2	16,207,824	10,891,954
Takaful 124,803 86,245 Uitities cost 1,860,433 1,110,940 Security (including guards) 1,116,179 794,997 Depreciation on owned fixed assets 12.2.4 486,555 862,719 Depreciation on owned fixed assets 12.2.4 1,923,327 1,627,522 Others 276,408 1,627,522 167,999 Bopreciation on orbinding assets 12.2.4 1,923,327 1,627,522 Others 3,657,474 6,137,253 Software maintenance 3,832,466 533,416 Depreciation 12.2.4 1,923,327 2,762,08 Hardware maintenance 3,832,466 523,526 Hardware maintenance 3,832,466 523,541 Depreciation 12.2.4 13,2967 27,3271 Others 5,670,741 3,547,719 27,3271 Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 452,576 66,629 Travelling and conveyance 76,531 65,334 63,345 NFT clearing charges 26,94,64 24,6,376		Property expense			
Utilities cost 1,850,433 1,410,940 Security (including junitorial charges) 1,613,352 1,22,4 Depreciation on owned fixed assets 12,2.4 848,555 4,965 Depreciation on non-banking assets 12,2.4 1,963,3327 1,673,392 586,278 Depreciation on non-banking assets 12,2.4 1,923,3277 1,67,999 6,137,253 Information technology expenses 8,057,474 6,137,253 1,67,999 6,137,253 Software maintenance 3,832,456 2,352,596 325,654 325,654 Hardware maintenance 3,832,456 2,352,596 325,654 325,654 Network charges 13,2 312,967 227,3271 1,12,24 32,667,72 32,66,72 32,66,72 32,66,72 32,66,72 32,66,72 32,66,72 32,66,72 32,66,72 32,71,19 22,71,27,11 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 3,547,719 5,660,629 5,666,629 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Rent and taxes</td><td></td><td>299,774</td><td>337,813</td></t<>		Rent and taxes		299,774	337,813
Security (including guards) 1,12,494 Repair and maintenance (including jantorial charges) 1,22,4 Depreciation on owned fixed assets 12,2,4 Depreciation on owned fixed assets 14,1,1 A,643 4,663 Depreciation on ight-of-use assets 12,2,4 Others 1,923,327 Depreciation on ight-of-use assets 1,22,4 Others 3,832,456 Software maintenance 3,832,456 Hardware maintenance 3,832,456 Depreciation 12,2,4 Amortisation 13,2 Network charges 3,617,714 Other operating expenses 3,667,771 Directors' fees and allowances 3,82, Legal and professional charges 3,67,719 Other operating expenses 3,51 Travelling and conveyance 3,69,70,741 NIFT Charing charges 76,51 Outsourced services costs - staff 35,1 Traiveling and development 1,18,7,291 Postage and courier charges 76,531 Communication 29,3 <td></td> <td>Takaful</td> <td></td> <td>124,803</td> <td>86,245</td>		Takaful		124,803	86,245
Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges) 1,116,179 794,997 Depreciation on owned fixed assets 12.2.4 848,555 568,278 Depreciation on oright-of-use assets 12.2.4 1,923,327 1,627,522 Others 12.2.4 1,923,327 1,627,522 Others 3,832,466 2,352,596 Software maintenance 8,057,474 6,137,253 Network charges 3,832,466 2,352,596 Others 3,832,466 2,352,596 Software maintenance 8,057,474 6,137,253 Network charges 3,832,456 2,352,596 Other operating expenses 3,832,456 2,252,596 Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 365,1 358,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 76,531 633,947 529,385 NIFT Charing charges 76,531 630,944 248,376 Opereciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and dowelopment 2,94		Utilities cost		1,850,433	1,410,940
Depreciation on owned fixed assets 12.2.4 848,555 586,278 Depreciation on non-banking assets 14.1.1 4,643 4,965 Depreciation on right-of-use assets 12.2.4 1,923,327 1,627,522 Others 2,764,08 1,923,327 1,627,522 Information technology expenses 8,067,474 6,137,253 Information technology expenses 583,415 615,731 3,74,006 Depreciation 12.2.4 615,731 374,006 Amortisation 13.2 326,172 3227,271 Others 312.967 3,547,719 Other operating expenses 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 835,965 566,629 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,906 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 269,446 246,376 363,919 Unsurface muneration 29.4 1,10,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 29.4 1,1020		Security (including guards)		1,613,352	1,120,494
Depreciation on non-banking assets 14.1.1 4,643 4,965 Depreciation on right-of-use assets 12.2.4 1,923,927 1,627,522 Others 276,408 1,923,927 276,408 1,627,522 Information technology expenses 8,067,474 6,137,253 Software maintenance 3,832,466 2,352,596 325,654 Hardware maintenance 13.2 3,832,466 2,352,596 Amortisation 13.2 326,172 312,967 273,271 Others 312,07 312,967 -77,271 -7 Other operating expenses 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 35,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 35.1 835,985 566,629 NIFT clearing charges 269,446 246,376 363,915 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Travelling and conveyance 110,882 23,949 269,446 246,376 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 <td></td> <td>Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges)</td> <td></td> <td>1,116,179</td> <td>794,997</td>		Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges)		1,116,179	794,997
Depreciation on right-of-use assets 12.2.4 1,923,327 276,408 1,627,522 167,999 Information technology expenses 8,067,474 6,137,253 Software maintenance 3,832,456 2,352,596 Hardware maintenance 3,832,456 2,352,596 Arnortisation 12.2.4 615,731 374,006 Arnortisation 13.2 312,967 222,192 Network charges 38.2 184,480 129,120 Other operating expenses 36.1 35,670,741 3,547,719 Other operating expenses 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 359,010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 359,010 190,748 30,224 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 110,822 23,949 269,446 246,376 Communication 29.3 113,215 90,257 358,919 1,187,291 358,919 Marketing, advertisement and publicity 2,083,563 1,1,22,309<		Depreciation on owned fixed assets	12.2.4	848,555	586,278
Others 276,408 167,999 Information technology expenses 8,057,474 6,137,253 Software maintenance 3,832,456 2,352,596 Hardware maintenance 583,415 615,731 374,006 Amortisation 13.2 326,672 222,192 227,12 Network charges 362,072 312,967 273,271 273,271 Other operating expenses 38.2 184,480 129,120 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 835,985 566,629 1166,725 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,985 566,629 190,744 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 649,347 529,385 Training and development 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 1,187,291 358,919 Postage and courier charges 29.3 113,215 90,257 36,891 1,122,309 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 36,8391 1,22,309 56,662,93,349 56,662,93,349 1,23,39 1,23,39		Depreciation on non-banking assets	14.1.1	4,643	4,965
Information technology expenses 8,057,474 6,137,253 Software maintenance 3,832,456 583,415 2,352,596 Hardware maintenance 3,832,456 583,415 326,654 Depreciation 13.2 326,172 312,967 222,192 Network charges 3 326,072 312,967 273,271 Others 5,670,741 3,547,719 3,547,719 Other operating expenses Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 355,010 186,725 3,547,719 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 335,985 566,629 Training and dowelopment 76,531 63,024 639,040 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 109,748 Training and development 20,63,563 1,122,309 109,748 63,024 Depreciation 22.4 689,347 529,385 566,629 358,910 109,748 358,910 109,748 358,919 1,122,309		Depreciation on right-of-use assets	12.2.4	1,923,327	1,627,522
Information technology expenses 3,832,456 2,352,596 Software maintenance 3,832,456 325,654 Depreciation 12,2,4 3,632,456 325,654 Amortisation 13,2 326,172 322,192 Network charges 322,672 312,967 222,192 Others 3,547,719 3,547,719 Tothers Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35,51 35,664 166,725 Outsourced services costs - staff 35,1 335,985 36,6629 Travelling and conveyance 76,531 630,24 689,347 529,385 Training and development 22,64,66 246,376 109,748 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 266,376 30,24 689,347 529,385 1,122,309 Donations 29,3 113,215 90,257 36,490 269,446 246,376 266,476 266,540 259,346 246,376 767,982 761,906		Others		276,408	167,999
Software maintenance 3,832,456 2,352,596 Hardware maintenance 12.2.4 615,731 374,006 Amortisation 13.2 326,172 222,192 Network charges 312.967 212,967 212,971 Others 5,670,741 3,547,719 Other operating expenses 5,670,741 3,547,719 Other operating expenses 382.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 835,986 566,629 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,986 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 76,531 63,024 29,33 NIFT clearing charges 269,446 246,376 29,33 Depreciation 11,882 23,949 20,83,663 1,122,309 Postage and courier charges 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 110,982 26,846 246,576 Auditors' remuneration 29.3 113,215 90,257 358,919 20,257 358,919 245,660				8,057,474	6,137,253
Hardware maintenance 583,415 325,654 Depreciation 12.2.4 615,731 326,172 222,192 Network charges 312.967 273,271 273,271 Other operating expenses 5,670,741 3,547,719 Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35,51 835,985 566,629 Outsourced services costs - staff 35,1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 359,010 190,748 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 2,063,563 1,122,309 33,549,19 Postage and courier charges 2,063,563 1,122,309 358,919 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 29,33 113,215 90,257 Bank fees and charges 29.3 113,215 90,257 Gottors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 245,560 129,648		Information technology expenses			
Depreciation 12.2.4 615,731 374,006 Amortisation 13.2 326,172 312,967 222,192 Network charges 312,967 312,967 273,271 - Others -		Software maintenance		3,832,456	2,352,596
Amortisation 13.2 326,172 222,192 Network charges 312,967 273,271 Other operating expenses 5,670,741 3,547,719 Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 835,985 566,629 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 359,010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 239,449 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 29.4 41,020 56,627 Stationery and printing 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 32,881 12,868 129,648 Brokerage and charges 32,881 12,864		Hardware maintenance		583,415	325,654
Network charges Others 312,967 273,271 Other operating expenses 5,670,741 3,547,719 Other operating expenses 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 835,985 566,629 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 359,010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 2,663,653 1,122,309 Onations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 20,63,653 1,122,309 266,460 569,349 Bark fees and charges 28,491 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 32,881 12,836 129,648 Brokerage and commission 3		Depreciation	12.2.4	615,731	374,006
Others 5,670,741 3,547,719 Other operating expenses 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 38.2 184,480 129,120 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 76,531 63,024 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 229,385 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 29,3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29,4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 569,349 Bank fees and charges 33,281 12,836 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 129,648 <		Amortisation	13.2	326,172	222,192
Other operating expenses 5,670,741 3,547,719 Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 35.9010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 1,187,291 358,919 Marketing, advertisement and publicity 2,063,563 1,122,309 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 569,349 Bank fees and charges 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credi		Network charges		312,967	273,271
Other operating expenses 38.2 184,480 129,120 Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 452,576 166,725 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 359,010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 29,446 246,376 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 29.4 41,020 56,627 Stationery and printing 29.4 41,020 56,627 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 246,376 Deposit protection premium 32,841 12,336 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,811 12,		Others		-	-
Directors' fees and allowances 38.2 184,480 129,120 Legal and professional charges 35.1 835,985 566,629 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 359,010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 29.4 41,020 56,627 Stationery and printing 32,841 12,836 Brokerage and commission 29.4 41,020 56,627 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 129,648 Deposit protection premium 705,017				5,670,741	3,547,719
Legal and professional charges 452,576 166,725 Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 35.1 359,010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 1,187,291 358,919 Marketing, advertisement and publicity 2,063,563 1,122,309 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Other operating expenses			
Outsourced services costs - staff 35.1 835,985 566,629 Travelling and conveyance 359,010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 1,187,291 358,919 Marketing, advertisement and publicity 2,063,563 1,122,309 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Directors' fees and allowances	38.2	184,480	129,120
Travelling and conveyance 359,010 190,748 NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 2,063,563 1,122,309 Marketing, advertisement and publicity 29,3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29,4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 Stationery and printing 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Legal and professional charges		452,576	166,725
NIFT clearing charges 76,531 63,024 Depreciation 12.2.4 689,347 529,385 Training and development 110,882 23,949 Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 1,187,291 358,919 Marketing, advertisement and publicity 2,063,563 1,122,309 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 12,836 Deposit protection premium 32,881 12,836 12,836 Deposit protection premium 392,182 214,209 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586 214,209		Outsourced services costs - staff	35.1	835,985	566,629
Depreciation12.2.4689,347529,385Training and development110,88223,949Postage and courier charges269,446246,376Communication1,187,291358,919Marketing, advertisement and publicity2,063,5631,122,309Donations29.3113,21590,257Auditors' remuneration29.441,02056,627Takaful767,982761,906Stationery and printing665,490569,349Bank fees and charges245,560129,648Brokerage and commission32,88112,836Deposit protection premium705,017603,993Credit card bonus points redemption392,182214,209Others1,119,817952,586		Travelling and conveyance		359,010	190,748
Training and development110,88223,949Postage and courier charges269,446246,376Communication1,187,291358,919Marketing, advertisement and publicity2,063,5631,122,309Donations29.3113,21590,257Auditors' remuneration29.441,02056,627Takaful767,982761,906Stationery and printing665,490569,349Bank fees and charges245,560129,648Brokerage and commission32,88112,836Deposit protection premium705,017603,993Credit card bonus points redemption392,182214,209Others1,119,817952,586		NIFT clearing charges		76,531	63,024
Postage and courier charges 269,446 246,376 Communication 1,187,291 358,919 Marketing, advertisement and publicity 2,063,563 1,122,309 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 Stationery and printing 665,490 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Depreciation	12.2.4	689,347	529,385
Communication1,187,291358,919Marketing, advertisement and publicity2,063,5631,122,309Donations29.3113,21590,257Auditors' remuneration29.441,02056,627Takaful767,982761,906Stationery and printing665,490569,349Bank fees and charges245,560129,648Brokerage and commission32,88112,836Deposit protection premium705,017603,993Credit card bonus points redemption392,182214,209Others1,119,817952,586		Training and development		110,882	23,949
Marketing, advertisement and publicity 2,063,563 1,122,309 Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 Stationery and printing 665,490 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Postage and courier charges		269,446	246,376
Donations 29.3 113,215 90,257 Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 Stationery and printing 665,490 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Communication		1,187,291	358,919
Auditors' remuneration 29.4 41,020 56,627 Takaful 767,982 761,906 Stationery and printing 665,490 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Marketing, advertisement and publicity		2,063,563	1,122,309
Takaful 767,982 761,906 Stationery and printing 665,490 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Donations	29.3	113,215	90,257
Stationery and printing 665,490 569,349 Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Auditors' remuneration	29.4	41,020	56,627
Bank fees and charges 245,560 129,648 Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Takaful		767,982	761,906
Brokerage and commission 32,881 12,836 Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Stationery and printing		665,490	569,349
Deposit protection premium 705,017 603,993 Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Bank fees and charges		245,560	129,648
Credit card bonus points redemption 392,182 214,209 Others 1,119,817 952,586		Brokerage and commission		32,881	12,836
Others 1,119,817 952,586		Deposit protection premium		705,017	603,993
		Credit card bonus points redemption		392,182	214,209
10.312.275 6.788.595		Others		1,119,817	952,586
				10,312,275	6,788,595
40,248,314 27,365,521				40,248,314	27,365,521

29.1 Cost of outsourced activities is Rs. 556.103 million (2022: Rs. 207.027 million). This includes payments other than outsourced services costs, which are disclosed above. Total cost of outsourced activities for the year given to related parties is Rs. Nil (2022: Rs. Nil). Outsourcing shall have the same meaning as specified in Annexure-I of BPRD Circular No. 06 of 2017. Material outsourcings done by the Group are listed below:

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	S. No.	Name of outsourced agency	Nature of service		Estimated cost (Rupees '000)
	1 Euronet Pakistan Private Limited Credit cards, debit cards, prepaid cards and ATMs switch system host			327,884	
			Note	2023	2022
29.2	Total con	npensation expense		Rup	ees '000
	i) Fixed ii) Variable of which a) Ca b) Cc Charge fo Contributio	n; ish bonus / awards, etc. ommission incentives r defined benefit plan on to defined contribution plan house maintenance ce	36.8.1	5,924,885 3,259,976 1,309,773 279,417 401,401 1,867,229 460,540 365,154 571,737 1,759,162 8,550 16,207,824 -	4,512,714 1,129,172 909,898 236,592 296,502 1,481,484 363,052 291,080 351,095 1,232,386 86,779 10,890,754 1,200
29.3		s made during the year were as fo	bllows:		
	Donee				
	Waqf Fais Al-Mustafa		29.3.1	113,215 - 113,215	88,257 2,000 90,257

29.3.1 The President and Chief Executive Officer of the Holding Company is acting as trustee of Waqf Faisal (Trust). No other interest of any of the directors or their spouses exists.

		2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
29.4	Auditors' remuneration		
	Statutory audit fee	8,790	5,142
	Fee for the consolidated financial statements	2,622	2,052
	Fee for other statutory certifications	6,498	5,962
	Fee for the quarterly and the annual group reportings	15,333	16,894
	Fee for the review of the half yearly financial statements	1,653	1,572
	Fee for the audit of employee funds	285	189
	Special certifications and sundry advisory services	-	4,254
	Tax services	-	15,595
	Out-of-pocket expenses	5,839	4,967
		41,020	56,627

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupee	es '000
30	OTHER CHARGES			
	Penalties imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan		119,148	37,349
	Penalty imposed by Securities Exchange Commission Pakistan (SECP)		- 119,148	100 37,449
31	PROVISIONS AND WRITE-OFFS - NET			
	Provision / (reversal of provision) for diminution in value of investments	10.4	549,892	(167,637)
	Provision / (reversal of provision) against financing	11.5	728,239	(457,485)
	Provision / (reversal of provision) against other assets	14.2.1	2,326	(30,336)
	Bad debts written off directly	11.6	45,511	128,431
	Recoveries of written off / charged off bad debts		(457,163)	(383,214)
	Provision / (reversal of provision) against off balance sheet obligations	19.1	38,597	(17,194)
	Impairment / (reversal of impairment) for non-banking assets Impairment of Goodwill		41,525 238,485	(12,596)
	Impairment of Goodwin		1,187,412	(940,031)
				(0,0,0,0,0)
32	TAXATION			
	Current		21,526,602	11,181,063
	Prior years		746,856	(1,036,606)
	Deferred	18	(673,834)	1,106,826
			21,599,624	11,251,283
32.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit			
	Profit before tax		41,846,298	22,688,945
	Tax calculated at the rate of 49% (2022: 49%)		20,504,686	11,117,583
	Effect of: _ permanent differences		188,525	76,307
	- prior year charge		746,856	26,000
	- others		159,557	31,393
	Tax charge for the year		21,599,624	11,251,283
33	BASIC / DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE			
	Profit for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Bank		20,246,473	11,437,643
			Number c in thous	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares		1,517,697	1,517,697
			Rup	ees
	Basic earnings per share		13.34	7.54

For the year ended December 31, 2023

33.1 Diluted earnings per share has not been presented as the Holding Company does not have any convertible instruments in issue at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 which would have any effect on the earnings per share if the option to convert is exercised.

		Note	2023	2022
			Rupe	es '000
34	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and balance with treasury banks	7	84,036,564	56,130,598
	Balance with other banks	8	1,812,507	2,785,113
	Overdrawn nostros	16	(2,128,409)	(1,662,176)
			83,720,662	57,253,535
35	STAFF STRENGTH			
	Holding Company			
	Permanent		8,751	7,974
	On contract		36	37
			8,787	8,011
	Subsidiary Company			
	Permanent		132	129
	Probation		35	27
	Contractual		2	6
			169	162

35.1 In addition to the above, 1,297 (2022: 1,198) employees of outsourcing services companies were assigned to the Group as at the end of the year to perform services other than guarding and janitorial services.

36 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

36.1 General description

Holding Company

The Group operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees and employees who are on contractual service in non-management cadre. The benefits under the gratuity schemes are payable on retirement at the age of 60 years or earlier cessation of service in lumpsum. The benefits are equal to one month's last drawn basic salary for each year of eligible service or part thereof. The minimum qualifying eligible service for gratuity is 1 year for employees who became members of the Funds before November 12, 2002. In the case of other members of the Funds the minimum qualifying eligible service for contractual employees not employed under the management cadre is 6 months. The latest actuarial valuation of the Bank's defined benefit plan, based on the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method, was carried out as at December 31, 2023.

The balance of conventional sub-funds has been transferred to islamic sub-fund.

Subsidiary Company

The Subsidiary Company operates an approved funded defined benefit gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees. The gratuity fund is governed under the Trusts Act, 1882, Trust Deed and Rules of Fund, Companies Act, 2017, the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and the Income Tax Rules, 2002. Responsibility for governance of plan, including investment decisions and contribution schedule lie with Board of Trustees of the Fund. The latest actuarial valuation of the fund was carried out at December 31, 2023.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

36.2 Number of Employees under the scheme

The number of employees covered under the following defined benefit scheme are:

	2023	2022	2023	2022
		employees Company	Number of employees Subsidiary Company	
- Gratuity fund	8,787	8,011	132	129

36.3 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuations were carried out as at December 31, 2023 using the following significant assumptions:

	20	23	2022		
	Holding	Subsidiary	Holding	Subsidiary	
	Company	Company	Company	Company	
Discount rate	16.00	16.00	14.50	14.50	
Expected rate of return on plan assets	16.00	16.00	14.50	14.50	
Expected rate of salary increase	16.00	16.00	14.50	14.50	

		Note	2023	2022
36.4	Reconciliation of payable to defined benefit plans of the Group		Rupe	es '000
	Present value of obligations Fair value of plan assets	36.5 36.6	1,917,859 (2,007,404) (89,545)	1,459,342 (1,626,023) (166,681)
36.5	Movement in defined benefit obligations of the Group			
	Obligations at the beginning of the year Current service cost Return expense Benefits paid by the Group Re-measurement loss / (gain) Obligations at the end of the year		1,459,342 301,983 224,655 (110,515) 42,394 1,917,859	1,216,423 248,552 153,175 (111,931) (46,877) 1,459,342
36.6	Movement in fair value of plan assets of the Group			
	Fair value at the beginning of the year Return income on plan assets Contribution by the Group - net Benefits paid by the Group Re-measurements (gain) / loss Fair value at the end of the year	36.8.2	(1,626,023) (247,221) (119,464) 110,515 (125,211) (2,007,404)	(1,334,405) (165,135) (237,032) 111,931 (1,382) (1,626,023)

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Note	2023	2022
36.7	Movement in (receivable) / payable under defined benefit schemes of the Group		Rupe	es '000
	Opening balance Charge for the year Contribution by the Group - net Re-measurement loss / (gain) recognised		(166,681) 279,417 (119,464)	(117,982) 236,592 (237,032)
	in OCI during the year Closing balance	36.8.2	(82,817) (89,545)	(48,259) (166,681)
36.8	Charge for defined benefit plans of the Group			
36.8.1	Cost recognised in consolidated profit and loss account			
	Current service cost Net return expensed on defined benefit asset / liability		301,983 (22,566) 279,417	248,552 (11,960) 236,592
36.8.2	Re-measurements recognised in consolidated OCI during the year			
	 (Gain) / loss on obligation demographic assumptions financial assumptions experience adjustment Return on plan assets over expected income Total re-measurements recognised in OCI 		6,073 36,321 (125,211) (82,817)	8,593 (55,470) (1,382) (48,259)
36.9	Components of plan assets of the Group			
	Cash and cash equivalents - net Ijarah sukuks Shares Mutual funds		45,098 1,598,473 824 363,009 2,007,404	439,546 886,379 402 299,696 1,626,023

The funds are primarily invested in GOP Ijara Sukuks and mutual funds and accordingly do not carry any credit risk. These are subject to yield rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents includes balances maintained with the Group which are subject to credit risk. Equity securities are subject to price risk which is being regularly monitored by the Trustees of the employee fund.

36.10	Historical information	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
			Rupees '000				
	Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	(1,917,859) 2,007,404	(1,459,342) 1,626,023	(1,216,424) 1,334,405	(1,057,254) 1,123,596	(858,334) 739,369	
	Surplus / (deficit)	89,545	166,681	117,981	66,342	(118,965)	
	Remeasurement of plan liabilities	(42,394)	46,877	101,905	77,660	50,663	
	Remeasurement of plan assets	125,211	1,382	(42,995)	(15,698)	42,498	

For the year ended December 31, 2023

36.11 Sensitivity analysis

The analysis based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the gratuity liability recognised within the consolidated statement of financial position. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption is summarised below:

		2023	2022
		Rupe	es '000
-	1% increase in discount rate	(135,055)	(105,509)
-	1% decrease in discount rate	153,974	120,516
-	1% increase in expected rate of salary increase	156,677	122,739
-	1% decrease in expected rate of salary increase	(139,717)	(109,260)
-	1 year increase in expected life / withdrawal rate	(43,853)	(33,263)
-	1 year decrease in expected life / withdrawal rate	39,198	29,733
36.12 I	Expected maturity analysis of undiscounted obligation		
L	Less than a year	163,763	111,448
E	Between 1-2 years	509,153	405,730
	Between 2-5 years	1,454,162	955,088
	Over 5 years	91,220,959	52,589,865
	Total	93,348,037	54,062,131
			2024 Rupees '000
36.13 I	Expected contributions to be paid to the scheme in the next financial year		353,387

	by the Holding Company *	
36.14	Expected charge for the next financial year for the Holding Company *	353,387

* Expected contribution and charge of the Subsidiary Company are not presented here as the same are not material to the Group.

36.15 Maturity profile

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 7.49 years for the fund of the Holding Company respectively whereas 8.13 years for the Subsidiary Company.

36.16 Funding policy

The policy followed by the Group in respect of the staff retirement benefit schemes is disclosed in note 6.11 to these consolidated financial statements.

36.17 The gratuity scheme exposes the Group to the following risks:

Asset volatility

The Defined Benefit Gratuity Islamic Fund is invested in Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund and Ijarah Sukuk. The investment is almost 16.71% (Rs. 328 million) for Faysal Islamic Savings Growth Fund while 81.54% (Rs. 1,598 million)

For the year ended December 31, 2023

for Ijarah Sukuk. Islamic Fund has not such investment in any Government Bonds and Corporate Bonds hence the asset volatility risk is lower.

Changes in bond yields

There are two dimensions to the changes in bond yields: first, as described above; second, the valuation of the gratuity liability is discounted with reference to these bond yields. Any increase in bond yields will lower the gratuity liability and vice versa, but, it will also lower the asset values.

Inflation risk

The salary inflation is the major risk that the gratuity fund liability carries. In a general economic sense and in a longer view, there is a case that if bond yields increase, the change in salary inflation generally offsets the gains from the decrease in discounted gratuity liability. But viewed with the fact that asset values will also decrease, the salary inflation does, as an overall affect, increases the net liability of the Group.

Life expectancy / withdrawal rate

The gratuity is paid off at the maximum of age 60. The life expectancy is in almost minimal range and is quite predictable in the ages when the employee is in the accredited employment of the Group for the purpose of the Gratuity. Thus, the risk of life expectancy is almost negligible. However, had a post-retirement benefit been given by the Group like monthly pension, post-retirement medical, etc., this would have been a significant risk which would have been quite difficult to value even by using advance mortality improvement models.

The withdrawal risk is dependent upon the: benefit structure; age and retention profile of the staff; the valuation methodology; and long-term valuation assumptions. In this case, it is not a significant risk.

Other risks

Though, not imminent and observable, over long term there are some risks that may crystallise. These include:

- retention risk the risk that employee will not be motivated to continue the service if no market comparable retirement benefit is provided.
- final salary risk the risk, for defined benefit gratuity, that any disproportionate salary merit increases in later service years will give rise to multiplicative increase in the gratuity liability as such increase is applicable to all the past years of service.
- model risk the defined benefit gratuity liability is usually actuarially valued each year. Further, the assets in the gratuity fund are also marked to market. This two-tier valuation gives rise to the model risk.
- operational risk related to a separate entity retirement benefits are funded through a separate trust fund which is a
 different legal entity than the Group. Generally, the protocols, processes and conventions used throughout the Group
 are not applicable or are not actively applied to the retirement benefit funds. This gives rise to some specific
 operational risks.
- compliance risk the risk that retirement benefits offered by the Group do not comply with minimum statutory requirements.
- legal / political risk the risk that the legal / political environment changes and the Group is required to offer additional or different retirement benefits than what the Group has projected.

37 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Holding and the Subsidiary Company each operates separate approved funded contributory provident funds for all their permanent employees to which equal monthly contributions are made by the respective companies and their employees at the rate of 10% of the basic salary. The financial statements of the funds are separately prepared and are not included as part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

38 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Holding Company:

	2023						
Particulars	Members Shariah Board	President & CEO	Key executives	Other material risk takers / Controllers			
	·	Rupe	es '000				
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration	-	-	-	-			
i) Fixed	19,220	84,081	210,796	380,437			
ii) Total variable of which	11,448	107,898	204,378	245,781			
a) Cash bonus / awards - paid	9,268	82,898	157,578	207,156			
b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred	2,180	25,000	46,800	38,625			
c) Bonus and awards in shares	-	-	-	-			
Charge for defined benefit plan	1,397	7,006	11,693	21,235			
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	8,408	10,354	24,512			
Rent & house maintenance	269	4,875	63,144	114,234			
Utilities	67	2,437	17,439	25,482			
Medical	56	1,780	1,344	5,922			
Conveyance	6,274	-	52,611	130,574			
Sign on bonus	-	-	-	-			
Others	-	4,857	2,462	32,560			
Total	38,731	221,342	574,221	980,737			
Number of persons	5	1	16	74			

2022								
Particulars	Members shariah board	President & CEO	Key executives	Other material risk takers / controllers				
		Rupees '000						
Fees and allowances etc. Managerial remuneration	-	-	-	-				
i) Fixed	17,176	73,195	181,795	312,789				
ii) Total variable of which	5,628	70,000	136,500	182,428				
a) Cash bonus / awards - paid	4,363	52,500	102,375	145,943				
b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred c) Bonus and awards in shares	1,265 -	17,500 -	34,125 -	36,485 -				
Charge for defined benefit plan	1,210	6,099	10,084	17,269				
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	7,319	7,780	20,723				
Rent & house maintenance	278	4,800	54,454	93,194				
Utilities	69	2,298	14,581	20,723				
Medical	63	739	1,347	5,343				
Conveyance	5,879	-	51,855	107,318				
Sign on bonus	-	-	-	-				
Others	-	1,620	2,072	887				
Total	30,303	166,070	460,468	760,674				
Number of persons	5	1	16	61				

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Subsidiary Company:

2023								
Particulars	Members Shariah Board	Chief Executive Officer	Key executives	Other material risk takers / Controllers				
		Rupees '000						
Fees and allowances etc.	-	-	-	-				
Managerial remuneration								
i) Fixed	-	15,661	84,834	-				
ii) Total variable	-	-	24,754	-				
of which								
a) Cash bonus / awards	-	-	24,754	-				
b) Bonus and awards in shares	-	-	-	-				
Charge for defined benefit plan	-	-	-	-				
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	1,566	8,501	-				
Rent & house maintenance	-	3,915	21,209	-				
Utilities	-	1,566	8,483	-				
Medical	-	-	-	-				
Conveyance	-	3,038	17,681	-				
Sign on bonus	-	-	-	-				
Others	-	4,549	108,338	-				
Total	-	30,295	273,800	-				
Number of persons	-	1	34					

2022							
Particulars	Members Shariah Board	Chief Executive Officer	Key executives	Other material risk takers / Controllers			
		Rupe	es '000				
Fees and allowances etc.	-	-	-	-			
Managerial remuneration							
i) Fixed	-	11,853	61,385	-			
ii) Total variable	-	24,000	26,573	-			
of which							
a) Cash bonus / awards	-	24,000	26,573	-			
b) Bonus and awards in shares	-	-	-	-			
Charge for defined benefit plan	-	-	-	-			
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	1,185	5,789	-			
Rent & house maintenance	-	2,963	15,346	-			
Utilities	-	1,185	6,138	-			
Medical	-	-	-	-			
Conveyance	-	3,805	15,502	-			
Sign on bonus	-	-	-	-			
Others	-	3,701	44,664				
Total	-	48,692	175,397	-			
Number of persons		1	23				

38.1 The President & CEO is provided with the Bank's maintained cars in accordance with the terms of employment.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

38.2 Remuneration paid to directors for participation in board and committee meetings

Holding Company

	2023								
					Meeting	fees and allowa	nces paid		
S.No.	Name of director	Board meetings	Recruitment, Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Board Strategy Committee	Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee	Board IT Committee	Board Risk Management Committee	Additional Fee to Chairman Committee	Total
					Rupe	es '000			
1	Mr. Farooq Rahmatullah Khan	3,200	-	2,400	-	-	-	1,120	6,720
2	Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	8,000	6,400	4,800	4,800	-	-	1,280	25,280
3	Mian Muhammad Younis	8,000	3,200	1,600	1,600	-	1,600	1,440	17,440
4	Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	7,200	-	1,600	-	-	3,200	640	12,640
5	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	8,000	6,400	4,800	4,800	-	-	-	24,000
6	Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	8,000	-	-	-	4,800	4,000	-	16,800
7	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	8,000	-	-	-	4,800	4,000	-	16,800
8	Mr. Ali Munir	8,000	3,200	-	4,800	2,400	1,600	1,120	21,120
9	Ms. Fatima Asad	8,000	5,600	3,200	-	-	-	-	16,800
10	Mr. Mohsin Tariq	7,200	2,400	2,400	3,200	2,400	-	-	17,600
11	Ms. Sadia Khan	4,000	2,400	-	-	2,400	-	480	9,280
	Total amount paid	77,600	29,600	20,800	19,200	16,800	14,400	6,080	184,480

	2022										
S.No.	Name of director	Board meetings	Recruitment, Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Board Strategy Committee	Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee	Board IT Committee	Board Risk Management Committee	Additional Fee to Chairman Committee	Total		
					Rupe	es '000					
1	Mr. Farooq Rahmatullah Khan	5,760	-	3,840	-	-	-	-	9,600		
2	Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery	5,600	4,800	3,200	3,200	-	-	-	16,800		
3	Mian Muhammad Younis	4,800	4,000	-	3,840	-	3,200	-	15,840		
4	Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez	4,800	-	-	-	-	3,840	-	8,640		
5	Mr. Ali Munir	4,800	4,000	-	3,200	3,840	-	-	15,840		
6	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul	5,600	4,000	3,200	3,200	-	-	-	16,000		
7	Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi	5,600	-	-	-	3,200	3,200	-	12,000		
8	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb	5,600	-	-	-	3,200	3,200	-	12,000		
9	Ms. Fatima Asad	4,800	4,000	3,200	-	-	-	-	12,000		
10	Mr. Mohsin Tariq	4,000	-	3,200	-	3,200	-	-	10,400		
	Total amount paid	51,360	20,800	16,640	13,440	13,440	13,440		129,120		

Subsidiary Company

	2023										
		Meeting fees and allowances paid									
S.No.	Name of director	Board Strategy Committee	Board meetings	Board Human Resource Committee	Board Audit Committee	Board Risk Management Committee	Total				
				Rupee	s '000						
1	Mr. Yousaf Hussain	275	800	275	-	-	1,075				
2	Mr. Salman Ahmed Usmani	-	300	-	-	-	300				
3	Syed Majid Ali	-	800	550	275	275	1,900				
4	Mr. Nadir Rehman	-	300	150	150	150	750				
5	Mian Salman Ali	275	900	-	425	425	1,750				
6	Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi	-	300	75	150	150	675				
7	Ms. Samia Zuberi	-	900	625	275	-	1,800				
8	Mr. Ali Waqar	-	900	275		425	1,600				
	Total amount paid	550	5,200	1,950	1,275	1,425	9,850				

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	2022										
		Meeting fees and allowances paid									
S.No.	Name of director	Board meetings	Board Human Resource Committee	Board Audit Committee	Board Risk Management Committee	Total					
-				- Rupees '000-							
1	Mr. Salman Ahmed Usmani	900	150		-	1,050					
2	Mr. Osman Asghar Khan	700	150	300	300	1,450					
3	Mr. Tahir Yaqoob Bhatti	600	-	-	-	600					
4	Mr. Nadir Rehman	900	225	-	-	1,125					
5	Mian Salman Ali	900	-	225	300	1,425					
6	Syed Muhammad Fraz Zaidi	900	75	300	300	1,575					
7	Ms. Samia Zuberi	200	75	-	-	275					
8	Mr. Ali Waqar	200	-		-	200					
	Total amount paid	5,300	675	825	900	7,700					

38.3 Remuneration paid to shariah board members

Γ		20)23		2022				
Description	Chairman	Resident member	Non-resident member	Shariah board Member	Chairman	Resident member	Non-resident member	Shariah board Member	
					Rupees '000				
Fees and allowances etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Managerial remuneration									
i) Fixed	8,022	3,980	4,427	2,791	6,946	3,370	4,200	2,660	
ii) Total variable of which	8,736	1,204	263	1,245	4,500	700	-	428	
a) Cash bonus / awards - paid	6,736	1,024	263	1,245	3,375	560		428	
b) Cash bonus / awards - deferred	2,000	180	-	-	1,125	140	-	-	
,					· · · · ·				
Charge for defined benefit plan	668	332	230	167	580	280	211	139	
Rent & house maintenance	-	-	-	269	-	-	-	278	
Utilities	-	-	-	67	-	-	-	69	
Medical	-	-	-	56	-	-	-	63	
Conveyance	3,600	1,685	-	989	3,600	1,407	-	872	
Total	21,026	7,201	4,920	5,584	15,626	5,757	4,411	4,509	
Number of persons	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	

39 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities, fixed term deposits and borrowings cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for these assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

39.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

For the year ended December 31, 2023

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

		20	23	
On-balance sheet financial instruments	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		Rupee	es '000	
Financial assets - measured at fair value				
Investments				
Federal Government securities	-	524,145,204	-	524,145,204
Shares / Units of mutual funds*	5,746,729	107,539	-	5,854,268
Non-Government debt securities	-	49,770,265	-	49,770,265
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments				
Non-Government debt securities (note 10.7.1)	-	6,779,489	-	6,779,489
Non-financial assets - measured at fair value Fixed assets (land and buildings) Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	-	-	17,871,529 2,667,419	17,871,529 2,667,419
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value Forward purchase of foreign exchange Forward sale of foreign exchange	-	55,514,935 6,264,654	-	55,514,935 6,264.654
Derivatives sales	-	1,678,515	-	1,678,515

		20)22	
On-balance sheet financial instruments	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		Rupe	es '000	
Financial assets - measured at fair value				
Investments				
Federal Government securities	-	402,310,029	-	402,310,029
Shares / Units of mutual funds	8,489,609	1,351,312	265	9,841,186
Non-Government debt securities (note 10.7.1)	47,380,000	2,485,260	-	49,865,260
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments				
Non-Government debt securities (note 10.7.1)	-	4,862,086	-	4,862,086
Non-financial assets - measured at fair value				
Fixed assets (land and buildings)	-	-	17,410,641	17,410,641
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	-	-	3,167,481	3,167,481
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value	9			
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	-	50,919,583	-	50,919,583
Forward sale of foreign exchange	-	6,264,654	-	6,264,654
Derivatives sales	-	1,510,401	-	1,510,401

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of the different fair value hierarchy levels at the date when the event or change in circumstances require the Group to exercise such transfers.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values within level 2

Item	Valuation approach and input used
ljarah Sukuk	Fair values of GoP Ijarah Sukuk are derived using the PKISRV rates announced by the Financial Market Association (FMA) through Reuters. These rates denote an average of quotes received from different pre- defined / approved dealers / brokers.
Unlisted ordinary shares	Break-up value is determined on the basis of the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the company using the latest available audited financial statements.
Sukuk Certificates	Fair values of Sukuk certificates are determined using the MUFAP or PSX rates.
Forward foreign exchange contracts	The valuation has been determined by interpolating the mark-to-market currency rates announced by the State Bank of Pakistan.
Derivative instruments	The Holding Company enters into derivative contracts with various counterparties. Derivatives that are valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are mainly cross currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations.
Mutual funds	Units of mutual funds are valued using the Net Asset Value (NAV) announced by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP).

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values within level 3

ltem	Valuation approach and input used
	Land and buildings are revalued by professionally qualified valuers as per the accounting policy disclosed in note 6.6.
Non-banking assets (NBAs) acquired in satisfaction of claims	NBAs are valued by professionally qualified valuers as per the accounting policy disclosed in note 6.9.

*These represent shares of Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan which have been carried at cost since their fair value is not considered to be materially different from its carrying amount. Accordingly, the disclosures with respect to level 3 financial assets have not been given.

The valuations, mentioned above, are conducted by the valuation experts appointed by the Group which are also on the panel of the Pakistan Banks' Association (PBA). The valuation experts use a market based approach to arrive at the fair value of the Group's properties. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable or similar properties. These values are adjusted to reflect the current condition of the properties. The effect of changes in the unobservable inputs used in the valuations cannot be determined with certainty, accordingly a quantitative disclosure of sensitivity has not been presented in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

40 SEGMENT INFORMATION

40.1 Segment details with respect to business activities

			20	23		
	Retail	CIBG	Treasury	SAM	Others	Total
Consolidated Profit and loss account			Rupee	es '000		
External funded revenue	(63,316,526)	63,800,840	70,805,067	174,783	(393,421)	71,070,7
Inter segment revenue - net	116,464,591	(58,890,617)	(68,229,751)	(172,641)	10,828,418	-
External non-funded revenue	7,842,522	1,749,588	4,360,875	6,741	(903,966)	13,055,7
Total income	60,990,587	6,659,811	6,936,191	8,883	9,531,031	84,126,5
Segment direct expenses	23,684,924	1,295,404	467,218	176,896	15,629,637	41,254,0
Inter segment expense allocation	13,536,254	1,175,879	247,859	222,130	(15,182,122)	
Total expenses	37,221,178	2,471,283	715,077	399,026	447,515	41,254,0
Share of profit of associates	01,221,110	-	110,011	000,020	161,286	161,2
•	510 000		607.004	(604.800)		
Provisions Profit before tax	519,660 23,249,749	364,216 3,824,312	607,884	(604,800) 214,657	300,452 8,944,350	1,187,4
	23,249,749	3,024,312	5,613,230	214,007	8,944,350	41,040,2
Consolidated Statement of financial position						
Cash and bank balances	30,486,904	-	55,362,053	-	114	85,849,0
Due from financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	
nvestments	150,000	9,166,074	580,117,122	2,805,744	1,550,141	593,789,0
Investment provision	-	· · · · -	(1,028,498)	(2,805,744)	· · · -	(3,834,2
Net inter segment lending	846,815,880	_	-		(846,815,880)	(-,,-
inancing - performing	126,927,551	442,189,965			8,584,421	577,701,9
				11 701 077		
inancing- non-performing	5,137,297	6,013,184	-	11,721,277	187,883	23,059,
Financing- provisions	(3,554,912)	(4,720,383)	-	(11,644,505)	(130,462)	(20,050,
Others	21,892,608	12,862,528	35,499,058	216,609	44,298,885	114,769,
otal assets	1,027,855,328	465,511,368	669,949,735	293,381	(792,324,898)	1,371,284,
oue to financial institutions	11,110,677	75,277,296	80,498,830	-	-	166,886,
Subordinated Sukuk	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits and other accounts	947,772,275	70,100,426	-	392,278	-	1,018,264,
let inter segment borrowing	-	319,258,252	584,231,018	(99,779)	(903,389,491)	
Others	68,972,376	875,394	1,870,858	882	23,488,359	95,207,
otal liabilities	1,027,855,328	465,511,368	666,600,706	293,381	(879,901,132)	1,280,359,
Equity		_	3,349,029		87,576,234	90,925,
otal Equity and liabilities	1,027,855,328	465,511,368	669,949,735	293,381	(792,324,898)	1,371,284,
Contingencies and commitments	45,666,205	78,801,025	140,581,461	1,797,031	2,087,267	268,932,
	,	,	,	.,,	_,,	
	Dete:	CIBG	11	22	Others	Total
			Treasury	SAM	Others	
Consolidated Profit and loss account	Retail		Rupee	es '000		
			Rupee		(373 552)	
External funded revenue	(28,919,342)	36,213,873	32,840,466	229,850	(373,552)	
External funded revenue nter segment revenue - net	(28,919,342) 56,756,516	36,213,873 (32,274,010)	32,840,466 (30,122,499)	229,850 167,069	5,472,924	39,991,
ixternal funded revenue nter segment revenue - net ixternal non-funded revenue	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329	229,850 167,069 (106,743)	5,472,924 (161,377)	39,991
External funded revenue nter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue	(28,919,342) 56,756,516	36,213,873 (32,274,010)	32,840,466 (30,122,499)	229,850 167,069	5,472,924	39,991, 9,532,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue Total income	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329	229,850 167,069 (106,743)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904	39,991, <u>9,532,</u> 49,523,
External funded revenue nter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue Total income Segment direct expenses	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676	36,213,873 (32,274,010) <u>1,741,537</u> 5,681,400	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995	39,991, <u>9,532,</u> 49,523,
ixternal funded revenue nter segment revenue - net ixternal non-funded revenue iotal income segment direct expenses nter segment expense allocation	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864,
External funded revenue nter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue Total income Segment direct expenses nter segment expense allocation Total expenses	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597)	39,991, <u>9,532</u> , 49,523, 27,864, 27,864,
ixternal funded revenue hter segment revenue - net ixternal non-funded revenue fotal income segment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89,
ixternal funded revenue hter segment revenue - net ixternal non-funded revenue iotal income segment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation iotal expenses share of profit of associates irovisions	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940,
ixternal funded revenue nter segment revenue - net ixternal non-funded revenue otal income Begment direct expenses nter segment expense allocation otal expenses share of profit of associates provisions profit before tax	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419)	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - 503,105	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757)	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Begment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - 503,105	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Begment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates revisions rovisions rofit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419)	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - 503,105 3,549,119	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915,
External funded revenue tter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income segment direct expenses tter segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815,
External funded revenue tter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income segment direct expenses tter segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - 503,105 3,549,119	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 27,864, 9,940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592,
External funded revenue tter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Segment direct expenses tter segment expense allocation fotal expenses sibare of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions hypestments	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 27,864, 9,940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592,
External funded revenue iter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue iotal income segment direct expenses iter segment expense allocation iotal expenses share of profit of associates irrovisions irrofit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances pue from financial institutions investments Investment provision	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,666 1,419 4,655,895	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 27,864, 9,940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue otal income Begment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation otal expenses Bhare of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Dash and bank balances Due from financial institutions hvestments Investment provision let inter segment lending	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Regment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions hvestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - - 503,105 3,549,119	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 1227 - 996,732 - (651,190,684)	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284,: 451,891,
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income legment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses hare of profit of associates rovisions rofit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position eash and bank balances oue from financial institutions westments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing inancing- non-performing	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) -	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698,
External funded revenue tter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Segment direct expenses tter segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions hvestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661)	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552)	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,982 - (904,379) 866,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176)	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698, (19,329,
xternal funded revenue ter segment revenue - net xternal non-funded revenue otal income egment direct expenses ter segment expense allocation otal expenses hare of profit of associates rovisions rofit before tax consolidated Statement of financial position ash and bank balances ue from financial institutions ivestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions tthers	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - - - 13,875,498	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,666 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698, (19,329, 82,707,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income segment direct expenses ther segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates rovisions trofit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Sash and bank balances bue from financial institutions nvestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions Others Consolidated Statement ending inancing- provisions Consolidated Statement ending Consolidated S	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - - - 13,875,498 523,148,291	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,982 - (904,379) 866,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176)	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698, (19,329, 82,707, 1,075,006,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Regment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation fotal expenses share of profit of associates Provisions Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions hvestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions thers Consolidated Statement expenses States S	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - - - 13,875,498	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258)	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698, (19,329, 82,707, 1,075,006,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue otal income Begment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation otal expenses Bhare of profit of associates Provisions Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Dash and bank balances Due from financial institutions hvestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- non-performing Financing- non-performing Financing- provisions Dithers Due to financial institutions Subordinated sukuk	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - - 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) -	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) -	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698, (19,329, 82,707, 1,075,006, 150,134,
External funded revenue tter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue foral income segment direct expenses tter segment expense allocation foral expenses thare of profit of associates trovisions trofit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions twestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions thers Cola Essets Due to financial institutions Subordinated sukuk Deposits and other accounts	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254 - 51,202,938	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - - - - - 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) - - 439,502	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284,; 451,891, 21,698, (19,329, 82,707, 1,075,006, 150,134,
External funded revenue tter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue foral income segment direct expenses tter segment expense allocation foral expenses share of profit of associates revisions revisions trofit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions nvestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions thers foral assets Due to financial institutions subordinated sukuk Deposits and other accounts let inter segment borrowing	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - - 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) -	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,666 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) - - 439,502 (688,504,564)	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940,) 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698, (19,329, 82,707, 1,075,006, 150,134, 781,556,
External funded revenue tter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue foral income segment direct expenses tter segment expense allocation foral expenses share of profit of associates revisions revisions trofit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions nvestments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions thers foral assets Due to financial institutions subordinated sukuk Deposits and other accounts let inter segment borrowing	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - - - - - 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) - - 439,502	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940,) 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698, (19,329, 82,707, 1,075,006, 150,134, 781,556,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Segment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation fotal expenses Share of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Dash and bank balances Due from financial institutions hvestments Investment provision det inter segment lending financing- performing Financing- provisions Diters Total assets Due to financial institutions Subordinated sukuk Deposits and other accounts det inter segment borrowing Diters	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - - 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240 - - 459,708,176	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 200,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 866,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164 (302,624)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,666 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) - - 439,502 (688,504,564)	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940,) 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284,: 451,891, 21,698, (19,329,) 82,707, 1,075,006, 150,134, 781,556, 72,701,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue Total income Segment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation Total expenses Share of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions hvestments Investment provision Ket inter segment lending Financing- performing Financing- provisions Dthers Fotal assets Due to financial institutions Subordinated sukuk Deposits and other accounts Ket inter segment borrowing Dthers Fotal liabilities	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - - - 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240 - - 459,708,176 2,638,487	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164 (302,624) (795)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,666 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) - - 439,502 (688,504,564) 19,030,989	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 27,864, 9,81, (940,0 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284,5) 451,891, 21,698, (19,329,0 82,707, 1,075,006, 150,134, 781,556, 72,701, 1,004,392,
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Segment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation fotal expenses Share of profit of associates Provisions Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions Investments Investments Investment provision Vet inter segment lending financing- performing Financing- provisions Uthers Total assets Due to financial institutions Subordinated sukuk Deposits and other accounts Vet inter segment borrowing Uthers Total liabilities Equity	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164 (302,624) (795)	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) - - 439,502 (688,504,564) 19,030,989 (669,034,073)	39,991, 9,532, 49,523, 27,864, 27,864, 89, (940, 22,688, 58,915, 9,815, 472,592, (3,284, 451,891, 21,698, (19,329,0 82,707, 1,075,006, 150,134, 781,556, 72,701, 1,004,392, 70,614,
Consolidated Profit and loss account External funded revenue Inter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue Total income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Share of profit of associates Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions Investments Investment provision Vet inter segment lending Financing- performing Financing- provisions Duters Fotal assets Due to financial institutions Subordinated sukuk Deposits and other accounts Vet inter segment borrowing Diters Fotal Labilities Equity Foral Equity and liabilities	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,58 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619 - 50,476,905 789,382,426	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - 503,105 3,549,119 - 7,374,123 - 7,374,123 - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254 - 51,202,938 229,099,012 556,061 359,197,265 - 359,197,265	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - - 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240 - - 459,708,176 2,638,487 524,993,903 (1,845,612) 523,148,291	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164 (302,624) (795) (147,255) -	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 127 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) - - 439,502 (688,504,564) 19,030,989 (669,034,073) 72,459,815 (596,574,258)	39,991,2 9,532,2 49,523,5 27,864,2 89,6 (940,0 22,688,5 58,915,7 9,815,0 472,592,3 (3,284,5 (19,329,0 82,707,0 1,075,006,4 150,134,5 781,556,2 72,701,6 1,004,392,2 70,614,2 1,075,006,4
External funded revenue hter segment revenue - net External non-funded revenue fotal income Segment direct expenses hter segment expense allocation fotal expenses Share of profit of associates Provisions Provisions Profit before tax Consolidated Statement of financial position Cash and bank balances Due from financial institutions Investments Investment provision let inter segment lending inancing- performing Financing- provisions Ethers Cotal assets Due to financial institutions Subordinated sukuk Deposits and other accounts let inter segment borrowing Thers Fotal liabilities Equity	(28,919,342) 56,756,516 5,973,502 33,810,676 16,143,170 8,918,417 25,061,587 - (461,419) 9,210,508 19,076,053 - 100,000 - 651,190,684 101,531,845 3,463,386 (2,901,661) 16,922,119 789,382,426 9,147,902 - 729,757,619 - 50,476,905 789,382,426	36,213,873 (32,274,010) 1,741,537 5,681,400 826,133 803,043 1,629,176 - - 503,105 3,549,119 - - 7,374,123 - - 342,314,662 5,586,833 (4,304,986) 8,226,633 359,197,265 78,339,254 - 51,202,938 229,099,012 556,061 359,197,265	32,840,466 (30,122,499) 2,085,329 4,803,296 298,007 167,195 465,202 - (78,757) 4,416,851 39,839,531 9,815,098 460,915,716 (1,297,552) - 13,875,498 523,148,291 62,647,240 - - 459,708,176 2,638,487 524,993,903 (1,845,612)	229,850 167,069 (106,743) 290,176 176,041 161,942 337,983 - (904,379) 856,572 - 3,205,813 (1,986,798) - 12,444,525 (11,990,203) (1,820,592) (147,255) - 156,164 (302,624) (795) (147,255) -	5,472,924 (161,377) 4,937,995 10,420,904 (10,050,597) 370,307 89,626 1,419 4,655,895 1227 - 996,732 - (651,190,684) 8,044,744 203,639 (132,176) 45,503,360 (596,574,258) - - (688,504,564) 19,030,989 (669,034,073) 72,459,815	39,991 9,532 49,523 27,864 27,864 27,864 89 (940, 22,688 58,915 9,815 472,592 (3,284, 451,891 21,698 (19,329, 82,707 1,075,006 150,134 781,556 72,701 1,004,392 70,614

For the year ended December 31, 2023

41 TRUST ACTIVITIES

The Group acts as trustees and in other fiduciary capacities that result in the holding or placing of assets on behalf of individuals, trusts, retirement benefit plans and other institutions. These are not assets of the Group and, therefore, are not included in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is the list of assets held under trust:

Under IPS accounts:

		2023						
			ities held (face	d (face value)				
Category	No. of IPS accounts	Market Treasury Bills	Pakistan Investment Bonds	Government Ijara Sukuks	Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate	Total		
				Rupees '000				
Corporate	59	-	58,100	839,800	-	897,900		
Insurance companies	2	-	-	-	-	-		
Asset management companies	62	-	-	7,685,000	-	7,685,000		
Employees funds	173	-	26,100	143,100	-	169,200		
Charitable institution / NGOs	22	-	-	291,700	-	291,700		
Individuals	15,324	-	119,200	1,219,900	2,191,988	3,531,088		
Related parties	36	-	68,400	5,120,600	-	5,189,000		
Others	6	-	-	-	-	-		
	15,684	-	271,800	15,300,100	2,191,988	17,763,888		

2022							
			Secu	rities held (face value)			
Category	No. of IPS accounts	Market Treasury Bills	Pakistan Investment Bonds	Government Ijara Sukuks	Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificate	Total	
				Rupees '000)		
Corporate	58	-	95,600	-	-	95,600	
Insurance companies	3	-	-	-	-	-	
Asset management companies	50	-	23,000	70,000	-	93,000	
Employees funds	172	37,000	6,475,600	69,000	-	6,581,600	
Charitable institution / NGOs	22	-	-	-	-	-	
Individuals	11,415	-	171,200	419,800	1,755,743	2,346,743	
Related parties	9	243,650	385,400	1,507,600	-	2,136,650	
Others	7	-	-	-	-	-	
	11,736	280,650	7,150,800	2,066,400	1,755,743	11,253,593	
Convertable Manageral Association	(0111)				2023	2022	

Seprately Managed Accounts (SMA) portfolio		
Number of portfolios	12	29
Total portfolio at cost (Rs. '000)	2,461,457	2,474,149
Total portfolio at market value (Rs. '000)	2,541,139	2,142,554

42 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group has related party transactions with its parent, associates, employee benefit plans and its directors and key management personnel.

with persons of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives / officers is determined in accordance with the terms of their The Group enters into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions appointment.

Details of transactions with related parties as at the year end, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

Interf Associates Other Directors Key minugatient Associates Other 1 2,429,472 3,268,4557 3,268,4567 2,559,508 12,21 2 37,644,1184 (1,259,472 3,268,4567 2,559,508 12,21 3 35,04,557 3,268,466 - 2,429,472 3,268,465 - 1,050,009 - 35,04,557 3,165,522 2,009,039 - - 1,130,0369 12,21 - 3,419,552 2,009,039 - - 2,429,472 3,56 12,51 133 - 1,136,1094 - - 2,429,472 3,79 11,8 134 - 1,165,1094 - - 1,136 12,13 12,13 135 - 1,1666,339 - - 1,136 - 1,136 134 - - 1,136 - - 1,130 - 1,130 134 - - 16,186 <th>statements are as tollows:</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>2003</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>0000</th> <th></th> <th></th>	statements are as tollows:			2003					0000		
Fault Discrite Discrite <thdiscrite< th=""> Discrite <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Kou managona</th><th></th><th>Othor</th><th></th><th></th><th>Kov manadomont</th><th></th><th>Othor</th></th<></thdiscrite<>				Kou managona		Othor			Kov manadomont		Othor
Interaction		Parent	Directors	vey managemem personnel	Associates	other related parties	Parent	Directors	ney management personnel	Associates	Other related parties
In year In year <t< td=""><td>المرجم فيمم مصرفم</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>), seednu</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	المرجم فيمم مصرفم), seednu					
In lots Interface	Investments Onaning balance				0710010	3 768 466				1 580 018	3 001 683
In plant In control In contro In contro In contro </td <td>Updating balance Investment made during the veer</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>38 504 537</td> <td>0,100,100</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0 500 208</td> <td>10 015 010</td>	Updating balance Investment made during the veer				38 504 537	0,100,100				0 500 208	10 015 010
Methoda Methoda <t< td=""><td>Investment redeemed / sold during the vear</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(37 644 184)</td><td>(1 259 427)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(1 703 989)</td><td>(12 851 217</td></t<>	Investment redeemed / sold during the vear				(37 644 184)	(1 259 427)				(1 703 989)	(12 851 217
Wettmats · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Equity method adjustment				129.707	-				23,935	
Notimuts	Closing balance		ı	1	3,419,532	2,009,039		I	ı	2,429,472	3,268,466
Motion 1.32.371 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.32.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 1.33.372 <	Provision for diminution in value of investments					1,951,094					1,984,337
7 10 10 10 10 <th10< th=""> <th10< th=""> <th10< th=""> <th10< td="" th<=""><td>Islamic financing and related assets</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th10<></th10<></th10<></th10<>	Islamic financing and related assets										
- -	Opening balance	•	2	539,123		1,392,371			531,323	ı	1,709,934
Internet	Addition during the year Denoted Auritics the year		64 6	658,335 (822 264)	1 1	16,958,966 /11 666 220)	1	,	281,835	1	617,948 1025 505
- 54 564.194 - 6.64.1968 - 7 509.123 - 1.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - 1.3 - </td <td>Written off cluring the vear</td> <td></td> <td>- (ح)</td> <td>(+0.2,000)</td> <td></td> <td>(ecc,000,11) -</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(000, + 14)</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Written off cluring the vear		- (ح)	(+0.2,000)		(ecc,000,11) -			(000, + 14)		
Non-state $407,888$ $-11,403$ <	Closing balance		54	364,194		6,684,998	I	7	539,123	Ţ	1,392,371
If Ancentees If an an an analysis If an anolysis If an anoolysis If	Provision held against financing					407,688					457,987
If expenses Implicit of the sector of the sec	Other assets								007		00 01
Fertometer Intian Fertometer Intian <	Pront / return accrued Commission income receivable			10,312		152,024			1,403		19,920
Ferences - - 0.979 - - 49.131 1 plan - - - 2.03.85 -	Defined benefit plan asset			,	,	90,806					168,825
Fixpenses - 203,865 - 2,181 - - 115,195 npin - - - - - 1,187 - - 115,195 costs receivable -	Remuneration receivable				90,979	. 1	I			49,131	1
Indam - 2,181 - 2,181 - - 1,112 - - 1,113 - 1,113 - 1,113 - 1,113 - 1,113 - 1,113 - 1,113 - 1,113 - - 1,113 - - 1,113 - - 1,113 - - 1,113 -<	Receivable against reimbursement of expenses		ı		203,865					115,195	
costs receivable c 5.687 c 5.687 c 118 c 11432 c 11432 c 11432 c c 11432 c c 11432 c <thc< th=""> <thc< t<="" td=""><td>Receivable from defined contribution plan</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2,181</td><td></td><td>'</td><td></td><td></td><td>1,178</td></thc<></thc<>	Receivable from defined contribution plan					2,181		'			1,178
costs receivable costs receivable <thcosts receivable<="" th=""> <thcosts receivable<="" t<="" td=""><td>Front end load receivable</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>30,253</td><td></td><td>ı</td><td></td><td></td><td>118</td><td>11,230</td></thcosts></thcosts>	Front end load receivable				30,253		ı			118	11,230
xerono xerono<	Preliminary expenses and floatation costs receivable	I	I	ı	2,687	- 000 0	I	ı	ı	1,432	8,90
182 58,656 131,791 57,393 24,347,670 182 51,148 231,277 15,350 9,6 - 232,883 1,975,111 983,701,499 49,904,616 - 88,829 2,472,226 3,243,362 601,6 - (187,602) (2,011,006) 945,404,737) (73,597,790) - (81,321) (2,571,712) (3,201,219) (667,0) - 182 103,947 95,896 38,354,155 654,496 - (81,321) (2,571,772) (3,201,219) (667,0) 24,3 - 931 386 684,274 24,669 - 429 669 355 6 - - - 182 13,333 24,3 -<				10.312	330.784	2.565.686			1.403	- 165.876	3,572,37
182 58,656 131,791 57,393 24,347,670 182 51,148 231,277 15,350 9,6 - 232,883 1,975,111 983,701,499 49,004,616 - 88,829 2,472,226 3,243,262 601,6 - 187,602) (2,011,006) 945,404,737 (73,937,496) 182,61 (2,177,12) (5,320,1219) (5,321,212) (5,321,21	Donoción and other concernée										
Non-state State	Depusits and outer accounts	187	ER REG	131 701	57 303	01 317 670	187	£1 1/8	031 077	15 350	0 800 17
- (187,602) (2,011,006) (3,037,70) (3,001,70) (10,001) (10,011) (11,011) (11,012) (11,011)	Beceived during the year	101	232,803	1 975 111	983 701 499	49 904 616	40	88,820	0 470 096	3 243 262	AN1 AN5 770
182 103,947 95,896 38,54,155 654,496 182 58,656 131,791 57,393 24,5 xpenses - 931 386 684,274 24,689 - 429 669 355 2 . - - - - - - 2 - - 2 . - - - - - - 2 - - 2 . - - - - 1,811,176 4,595,017 429 669 355 2,0 . - - - - - - - - 2 2,0 . - - - - - - - - 2 2,0 . - - - - - - - - 2 2,0 . - - - 1,831,845 4,595,017 4,595,017 4,9 669 355 2,0 . - - - - - - - - 2 2,0 . - - - - - -	Withdrawn during the year		(187,602)	(2.011.006)	(945,404,737)	(73.597.790)		(81.321)	(2.571.712)	(3.201.219)	(587.058.581
************************************	Closing balance	182	103,947	95,896	38,354,155	654,496	182	58,656	131,791	57,393	24,347,670
xpenses - </td <td>Other liabilities Profit / return nearshe</td> <td>,</td> <td><u>0</u>.31</td> <td>386</td> <td>684 974</td> <td>24 669</td> <td></td> <td>007</td> <td>660</td> <td>355</td> <td>319.44</td>	Other liabilities Profit / return nearshe	,	<u>0</u> .31	386	684 974	24 669		007	660	355	319.44
wpenses - 2.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 2.0 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>200</td><td>200</td><td>11,100</td><td>1,000</td><td></td><td>CJF</td><td>200</td><td>200</td><td>500</td></td<>			200	200	11,100	1,000		CJF	200	200	500
Apendes 4,923,222 - - - 1,811,176 4,595,017 - - - 2,0 4,923,232 931 386 684,274 1,835,845 4,595,017 429 669 355 2,0 - - - - - - - - 2,0 - - - - - 330,829 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 2,0 - - - - - 1,835,845 4,595,017 429 669 355 2,3 - - - - - - 30,829 - <td>Payable to start retirement rund</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>I</td> <td>ı</td> <td></td> <td>I</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td>	Payable to start retirement rund			I	ı		I				1
4,923,232 931 386 684,274 1,835,845 4,595,017 429 669 355 2.2 - <td>Payable against reimbursement of expenses Other liabilities</td> <td>- 4 923 232</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 1 811 176</td> <td>- 4 595 017</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 049 79</td>	Payable against reimbursement of expenses Other liabilities	- 4 923 232				- 1 811 176	- 4 595 017				- 049 79
		4,923,232	931	386		1,835,845	4,595,017	429	699	355	2,369,175
	Contingencies and commitments Trade related commitments*	,				330.829					10.600
						330,829					10,603

represents outstanding guarantee

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Balances pertaining to parties that were related at the beginning of the year but ceased to be so related during any part of the current period are not reflected as part of the closing balance. The same are accounted for through the movement presented above. 42.1

Executive Officer, directors' fee, and certain related information are disclosed in note 38 to these consolidated financial statements. Such remuneration is determined in accordance with the terms of their employment. Details of shares held by the parent company are disclosed in note 20.2.1 to these financial statements. Contributions to and accruals in respect of retirement benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the consolidated financial statements. Details of assets held under trust arrangement on behalf of the related parties are given in note 41 to these consolidated Details of outstanding investments and donations made during the year relating to related parties are given in notes 10 and 29.3 to these consolidated contribution plan (refer notes 36 and 37 to these consolidated financial statements for the details of the plans). Remuneration of the President and Chief inancial statements. 42.2

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

ncome

Profit / return earned Fee and commission income Dividend income Net gain on sale of securities Net gain on disposal of fixed assets

Expense

Profit / return expensed Reimbursement of expenses Director's fee and other expenses Remuneration Subscription Fees Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Donations made during the year (Reversal) / Provision against investment

Others

Shares / units purchased during the year Shares / units sold during the year Government securities purchased during the year Government securities sold during the year Contribution to defined benefit plan Sale proceeds from disposal of fixed assets

Other
Associates other Parent Parent
Bupees '000
- 131,996
809,749 4,508
43,701 49,661
29,420 734
1
2,911,874 194,052
512,289 -
1
- 687
- 8,391
- 283,039
- 401,401
- 113,215
- (50,299)
38,504,537 -
37,644,184 1,259,427
- 222,900
- 3,617,594
- 119,426

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		2023	2022
43	CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS	Rupe	es '000
	Minimum capital requirement (MCR):		
	Paid-up capital (net of losses)	15,176,965	15,176,965
	Capital adequacy ratio (CAR):		
	Eligible common equity tier 1 (CET 1) capital Eligible additional tier 1 (ADT 1) capital	73,370,440	55,723,079
	Total eligible tier 1 capital	73,370,440	55,723,079
	Eligible tier 2 capital	14,329,529	11,155,424
	Total eligible capital (tier 1 + tier 2)	87,699,968	66,878,503
	Risk weighted assets (RWAs):		
	Credit risk	336,510,451	306,729,896
	Market risk	56,432,669	51,822,917
	Operational risk	106,918,760	72,519,488
	Total	499,861,879	431,072,301
	Common equity tier 1 capital adequacy ratio (in %)	14.68%	12.93%
	Tier 1 Capital adequacy ratio (in %)	14.68%	12.93%
	Total Capital adequacy ratio (in %)	17.54%	15.51%

Capital adequacy is regularly monitored by the Holding's Company management, employing techniques based on the guidelines developed by the Basel Committee and as per the requirements of the SBP. The required information is submitted to the SBP on a quarterly basis.

Since December 31, 2021, the SBP requires each bank or banking group to: (a) hold the minimum level of the paid-up capital of Rs 10 billion; (b) maintain a ratio of total regulatory capital to the risk-weighted assets at or above the required minimum level of 10% and (c) maintain common equity tier 1 (CET1) ratio and tier 1 ratio of 6% and 7.5% respectively.

An additional capital conservation buffer (CCB) of 1.5% (to be met from CET1) has to be maintained over and above the minimum required level.

The paid-up capital of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2023, stood at Rs 15.177 billion (2022: Rs 15.177 billion). As at December 31, 2023, the Bank's CAR stood at 17.54% (December 31, 2022: 15.51%) whereas CET1 and Tier 1 ratios both stood at 14.68% (December 31, 2022: 12.93%).

The Holding Company is also in compliance with the conservation buffer requirements.

	2023	2022
Leverage ratio (LR):	Rupe	es '000
Eligible tier-1 capital Total exposures Leverage ratio (%)	73,370,440 <u>1,594,121,150</u> <u>4.60%</u>	55,723,079 1,237,985,505 4.50%
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR):		
Total high quality liquid assets Total net cash outflow Liquidity coverage ratio (Ratio)	517,942,201 339,319,140 1.526	368,386,611 206,353,920 1.785
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR): Total available stable funding Total required stable funding Net stable funding ratio (%)	838,043,710 482,990,880 173.51%	706,803,978 416,877,978 169.55%

For the year ended December 31, 2023

43.1 The link to the full disclosure is available at https://www.faysalbank.com/en/capital-adequacy-ratio-car/

44 RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management group (RMG) has been organised under the Chief Risk Officer (CRO). It has been authorised by the Board of Directors (BoD) to monitor the implementation of various risk policies via implementation of an integrated risk management framework across the Holding Company. As an ongoing exercise to integrate risk related functions, RMG has been expanded, strengthened and entrusted to monitor the risk areas across the organisation, including adoption and convergence towards regulatory and Basel guidelines on risk management.

The primary objective of this architecture is to inculcate risk management into the organisation flows to ensure that risks are timely and accurately identified and assessed, properly documented, approved and adequately monitored and managed in order to ensure that risk taking activities are in line with the guidelines approved by the BoD and to protect the interests of the Group's depositors and shareholders.

The 'risk management framework' at the Group encompasses:

- scope of risks to be managed;
- process, systems and procedures to manage risk; and
- roles and responsibilities of individuals involved in risk management.

The Group has adopted an approach that gives an integrated view of the risks faced by the organisation. This calls for aligning strategic vision, policy objectives and business processes / procedures within the risk management framework. The management of risk is integrated with the Group's management of capital and strategy. This ensures that risks taken in pursuit of the Group's strategic objectives are consistent with the policies, translating into targeted shareholder return as well as the Group's desired credit rating and risk appetite.

With this in view, the risk management framework endeavours to be a comprehensive and evolving guidelines to cater to changing business dynamics. The risk management framework includes:

- clearly defined risk management policies;
- well constituted organisational structure; and
- mechanism for ongoing review of all policies and procedures and risk exposures.

The 'risk management framework' is built on the following elements:

- comprehensive risk governance; and
- effective risk processes.

The Group has developed and implemented a governance and management structure, processes surrounding each risk area, including credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, capital management, operational risk, environmental risk and information security risk.

The essential components which contribute in effective management of all these risks are as follows:

- active board / senior management strategic direction and centralised RMG oversight;
- sufficient policies, procedures and limits;
- adequate risk measurement, monitoring and management information systems; and
- comprehensive internal controls.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

The Board of Directors (BoD) monitoring and oversight is facilitated through the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC), comprising of directors including the President & CEO. It is appointed and authorised by the BoD to assist in the design, regular evaluation and timely updation of the risk management framework. The BRMC has further authorised management committees such as Country Credit Committee (CCC), Agriculture Credit Committee (ACC), Enterprise Risk Management Committee (ERMC) and Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO) to supervise risk management activities within their respective areas.

In order to have an effective and efficient risk assessment, and to closely align its functions with business, RMG has separate risk management functions for credit risk management, based on the specialised skill sets and required specific experience in various business segments. These functions comprise of corporate risk, CBSME, agri and retail risk management.

The common responsibilities of all credit risk management functions include:

- conduct a thorough and an independent due diligence of the proposed / existing exposures in the respective risk portfolios.
- work with compliance department of the Holding Company to ensure conformity to the relevant Government regulations, the SBP PRs as well as internal policies.
- work with relationship teams to structure exposures such that they mitigate key risks, cater to customer requirements, remain economical in terms of risk weighted assets / capital allocation to ensure adequate risk coverage.

The risk management architecture is further fostered by enterprise risk management, risk policy & analytics, information security function and an independent credit administration department.

The enterprise risk management function is responsible for managing and controlling market, operational and liquidity risks at an enterprise level and monitoring regulatory capital requirements of the Group.

Credit administration department - independent from the Risk Management function - looks after the security, financing documentation, disbursement and post disbursement monitoring aspects of the credit portfolio.

Risk policy and analytics department serves as an independent check in the risk management function. It performs periodic review of all credit related portfolios (corporate, CBSME, retail, agri, SAM) and analyses portfolio compositions, risk rating distributions, emerging trends of NPLs, renewal status of Risk Approvals (RAs) as per policy and other policy related matters. It also formulates / updates credit policies (along with various limits prescribed therein) in line with regulatory environment, business strategy, the BoD approvals and the best practices.

The information security risk function is responsible for information security risk identification, monitoring and reporting.

44.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the identification of probability that a counterparty will cause a financial loss to the Group due to its inability or unwillingness to meet its contractual obligation. This credit risk arises mainly from both direct financing activities as well as contingent liabilities.

The Group's credit risk philosophy is based on the Group's overall business strategy / direction as established by the Board. The Group is committed to the appropriate level of due diligence to ensure that credit risks have been properly analysed, fully disclosed to the approving authorities, appropriately rated, appropriately structured, appropriately priced and documented.

The Group deals with many different types of obligors/customers and financing structures across the corporate, commercial, SME, agriculture and retail segments. The Group manages customer credit risk exposures within appropriate limits to ensure that it does not provide a disproportionate level of credit to a single customer or group of connected clients. The Group follows aggregation principles – summing of credit risk limits to the same customer, or group of connected clients – to identify and manage effectively all significant credit risk exposures to a single customer within an individual business and, where appropriate, across other business segments.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

The Group has well-defined credit approval and review processes under which senior officers with the requisite credit background, critically scrutinise, advise and discuss associated risks and recommend / review / approve credit facilities and financing, through respective credit committees. Besides financial, industry and transaction analysis, in order to quantify risks of counterparty, the credit evaluation also includes risk rating system to evaluate risk rating of the customers which is then monitored on a portfolio basis to gauge the Group's credit portfolio quality. To avoid risk concentration, counterparty limits, counterparty group limits and industry concentration limits are also established, monitored and assessed in the light of changing counterparty and market conditions.

With a view to develop and effectively manage a diversified credit portfolio within each business segment (as an integral part of the credit risk management process), the Group has adopted the concept of an industry / sector-wise exposure concentration grid which dictates target market exposures.

As part of the Group's portfolio strategy and planning activity, these industry concentration limits are continually overseen by the management against the Group's approved exposures in these sectors and reviewed by the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) in its meetings with an aim to monitor the overall risk and to avoid high exposure to a single group or industry.

The Group is regularly conducting credit portfolio reviews to assess early warning signs, with robust post disbursement credit review mechanism to identify obligors/customers most likely to be affected in the challenging business and economic environment. The Group is confident that it has adequate capacity to withstand these difficult times.

44.1.1 Segment by class of business

Credit Risk Management (CRM) Framework (non-retail / non-individual portfolio) covers three business segments: corporate risk management, commercial banking and SME (including agri) risk management and retail risk management. Based on overall guidance provided by a recognised and established external consultant, in line with the global best practices while ensuring regulatory compliance and alleviation of any (perceived) conflict of interest, credit management process has been segregated into two distinct categories:

- independent risk advice by risk management function.
- credit approvals by credit committee(s), while taking into consideration the business unit recommendations / approvals and independent risk advice.

With this segregation, the role of risk management function in credit approval process is focused to provide risk advice only, based on key risk parameters; whereas relevant credit committees are responsible for providing credit related approvals.

The common responsibilities of corporate risk management and commercial banking and SME (including agri) risk management include:

- conduct a thorough and an independent due diligence of the proposed / existing exposures in the respective risk portfolios.
- work with relationship teams to advise on structure of exposures such that they mitigate key risks, cater to customer requirements, remain economical in terms of risk weighted assets / capital allocation to ensure risk coverage.
- work with the independent credit risk review team (under internal audit) for effective and periodic review of the credit portfolio.

Retail risk management is responsible for managing the credit risk of consumer finance credit products, with credit facilities extended to individual (non-corporate) customers. The consumer finance / retail finance function operates on a program approach, which are approved by the Country Credit Committee and subsequently by the BoD. The retail risk management provides its input on risk parameters in term of 'risk advice', at the time of approval / changes in product programs. The retail risk management also ensures that all the ongoing individual credit approvals are within pre-defined risk parameters as per the approved product programs.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

44.1.2 Credit risk: general disclosures Basel specific

The Group has adopted the standardised approach under Basel. According to the regulatory statement submitted under the standardised approach, the portfolio has been divided into claims on public sector entities in Pakistan (PSEs), claims on corporate (excluding equity exposure) and claims categorised as retail portfolio. Claims on corporate constitute 59.83% (2022: 60.12%) of the total credit risk weighted assets, 1.27% (2022: 1.00%) represents claims on PSEs and 13.99% (2022: 15.31%) exposure pertains to claims categorised as retail portfolio.

44.1.3 Credit risk: disclosures for portfolio subject to standardised approach

For domestic claims, external credit assessment institutions (ECAIs) recommended by the SBP, namely Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) and VIS Credit Rating Company Limited are used. For claims on foreign entities, ratings assigned by Standard and Poor, Fitch and Moody's are used. Exposures not rated by any of the aforementioned rating agencies are categorised as unrated.

Exposures	PACRA	VIS	Standard and Poor's	Moody's	Fitch
Corporate Banks Sovereigns	✓ ✓	√ √	-	- •	- - -
PSEs	<i>√</i>	~	-	-	-

The SBP's indicative mapping process as instructed in the SBP's circular "Minimum capital requirements for banks and DFIs" (indicated in table below) was used to map alpha numeric ratings of PACRA, VIS, S&P's, Moody's, Fitch ratings, and numeric scores of ECAs, to the SBP's rating grades.

Long term rating grades mapping

SBP rating	ECA scores	PACRA	VIS	S & P	Moody's	Fitch
1	0,1	AA- and above	AA- and above	AA- and above	Aa3 and above	AA- and above
2	2	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	A+ to A-	A1 to A3	A+ to A-
3	3	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB+ to BBB-	BBB+ to BBB-	Baa1 to Baa3	BBB+ to BBB-
4	4	BB+ to BB-	BB+ to BB-	BB+ to BB-	Ba1 to Ba3	BB+ to BB-
5	5,6	B+ to B-	B+ to B-	B+ to B-	B1 to B3	B+ to B-
6	7	CCC+ & Below	CCC+ & Below	CCC+ & Below	Caa1 & Below	CCC+ & Below

Short term rating grades mapping

SBP rating	PACRA	VIS	S & P	Moody's	Fitch
S1	A-1 & above	A-1 & above	A-1 & above	P-1	F1
S2	A-2	A-2	A-2	P-2	F2
\$3	A-3	A-3	A-3	P-3	F3
S4	Others	Others	Others	Others	Others

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Particulars of the Group's significant on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet credit risk in various sectors are analysed as follows:

44.1.4 Due from financial institutions

Credit risk by public / private sector

		cial institution - oss		al institution Non- rming	Provisi	on held
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
			Rup	ees '000		
Public / Government	-	5,815,098	-	-	-	-
Private	-	4,000,000	-		-	
	-	9,815,098	-		-	-

44.1.5 Investment in debt securities

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross inv	vestments	Non-performing	g investments	Provisio	on held
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
			Rupe	ees '000		
Textile	10,981	10,981	10,981	10,981	10,981	10,981
Chemical and pharmaceuticals	1,409,393	1,467,506	1,409,393	1,467,506	1,409,393	1,467,506
Cement	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Sugar	8,311	8,311	8,311	8,311	8,311	8,311
Power (electricity), gas, water, sanitary	51,765,570	49,860,108	-	-	-	-
Financial	839,000	839,000	-	-	-	-
Services	1,559,536	1,648,238	-	-	-	-
	56,092,791	54,334,144	1,928,685	1,986,798	1,928,685	1,986,798
Credit risk by public private sector						
Public / Government	51,765,570	49,862,130	-	-	-	-
Private	4,327,221	4,472,014	1,928,685	1,986,798	1,928,685	1,986,798
	56,092,791	54,334,144	1,928,685	1,986,798	1,928,685	1,986,798

44.1.6 Islamic financing and related assets

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross f	inancing	Non-performi	ng financing	Provisio	ı held
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
			Rup	ees '000		
Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	125,042,619	40,813,176	824,736	1,027,515	731,580	845,941
Mining and quarrying	5,907,246	8,746,866	3,451	6,231	3,451	3,683
Textile	83,560,348	83,030,104	5,993,318	5,907,748	5,700,126	5,776,564
Chemical and pharmaceuticals	24,382,400	17,360,361	510,236	586,371	508,957	518,267
Cement	17,689,081	15,398,016	41,608	41,608	39,108	39,108
Sugar	14,723,291	9,896,413	545,736	625,650	545,736	618,070
Footwear and leather garments	1,748,453	2,771,751	347,956	388,111	258,680	276,535
Automobile and transportation equipment	8,994,187	11,152,983	439,663	167,224	205,271	159,867
Electronics and electrical appliances	7,958,823	6,460,299	550,432	550,432	437,547	437,547
Construction	5,718,270	7,961,057	1,254,945	344,746	339,492	339,675
Power (electricity), gas, water, sanitary	84,832,610	73,371,182	1,827,534	1,827,534	1,827,534	1,748,555
Wholesale and retail trade	19,166,009	11,188,003	2,358,603	2,039,456	1,740,960	1,601,896
Transport, storage and communication	27,811,454	31,713,613	96,895	94,199	73,021	72,346
Financial	1,550,389	850,853	50,853	50,853	50,309	50,309
Insurance	8,477	10,250	-	-	-	-
Services	20,239,876	18,099,162	369,212	372,049	323,784	267,198
Individuals	56,094,627	55,782,330	1,752,820	1,636,282	1,149,659	1,122,073
Others	95,333,418	78,983,215	6,091,643	6,032,374	5,237,377	4,679,783
	600,761,578	473,589,634	23,059,641	21,698,383	19,172,592	18,557,417

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Credit risk by public private sector

	Gross fi	nancing	Non-performi	ng financing	Provis	ion held
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
				ees '000		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Public / Government	208,587,989	96,817,234	_	_	_	
Private	392,173,589	376,772,400	23,059,641	21,698,383	19,172,592	18,557,417
	600,761,578	473,589,634	23,059,641	21,698,383	19,172,592	18,557,417
					2023	2022
					Rupe	es '000
44.1.7 Contingencies and	Commitments					
Credit risk by indus	try sector					
Agriculture, forestry, h	nunting and fishin	a			_	78,065
Mining and quarrying		5			3,420,801	678,139
Textile					12,682,742	22,734,584
Chemical and pharma	aceuticals				13,747,425	12,055,320
Cement					1,184,104	1,058,029
Sugar					287,663	205,989
Footwear and leather	0				712,450	298,884
Automobile and trans		ient			4,376,658	1,167,955
Electronics and electr	ical appliances				2,664,880	1,174,849
Construction					3,108,004	2,234,021
Power (electricity), gas					7,554,600	8,076,607
Wholesale and retail t	rade				30,667,811	6,434,119
Exports / imports					-	2,114
Transport, storage an	id communication	1			1,458,548	728,540
Financial					4,379,717	3,611,351
Services					4,416,605	4,611,413
Individuals					-	660,530
Others				-	29,105,438 119,767,446	26,111,316 91,921,825
Credit risk by public	c / private secto	r		=	119,707,440	91,921,020
Public / Government					2,872,826	105,113
Private					116,894,620	91,816,712
				-	119,767,446	91,921,825
				=		

44.1.8 Concentration of exposures

The Group's top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded exposures) aggregated to Rs 266,946 million (2022: Rs 152,999 million) are as following:

	2023	2022
	Rup	ees '000
Funded Non-funded Total exposure	261,026,933 5,919,270 266,946,203	146,646,588 6,351,980 152,998,568

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposures aggregated to Rs. 280,123 million (2022: Rs. 214,976 million).

There are no classified exposures under this category of financing.

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44.1.9 Islamic financing and related assets - province / region-wise disbursement and utilisation

				2023			
				Uti	lisation		
Province / region	Disburse- ments	Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Balochistan	Islamabad	AJK including Gilgit- Baltistan
				Rupees '000			
Punjab	329,814,512	319,006,126	8,847,371	540,980	5,322	1,409,713	5,000
Sindh	505,689,386	15,647,839	489,196,382	25,202	67,439	162,100	590,424
KPK including FATA	4,646,542	-	-	4,646,542	-	-	-
Balochistan	27,444	-	27,444	-	-	-	-
Islamabad	31,020,108	1,222,368	306,794	2,236,524	6,042	27,192,450	55,930
AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	15,000
Total	871,212,992	335,876,333	498,377,991	7,449,248	78,803	28,764,263	666,354
				2022	lisation		
Province / region			г	01	lisation	П	
Province / region	Disburse- ments	Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Balochistan	Islamabad	AJK including Gilgit- Baltistan
				Rupees '000)		
Punjab	177,180,673	164,005,930	4,104,856	8,445,608	-	225,727	398,552
Sindh	293,029,999	6,307,610	246,804,499	39,402,869	26,641	192,011	296,369
KPK including FATA	4,856,540	-	-	4,845,455	-	11,085	-
			_		-		-
Balochistan	-	-	1	-		- 11	
Balochistan Islamabad	16,735,716	734,210	99,542	1,063,018	55,308	14,726,430	57,208
	- 16,735,716 49,888	734,210	99,542 -	- 1,063,018 3,459	55,308 -	14,726,430	57,208 46,429

44.2 Market Risk

It is the risk that the value of on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions of the Group will be adversely affected by movements in market rates or prices such as benchmark rates, deposit rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and / or commodity prices resulting in a loss to earnings and capital. Market risks arise generally from trading activities, open foreign currency positions, holding common equity and other products. All such instruments and transactions are exposed to general and specific market movements.

The Group seeks to mitigate market risk by employing strategies that correlate price, rate and spread movements of its earning assets, liabilities and trading activities. Treasury front office, market risk management and treasury middle office perform market risk management activities within the Group. The Group has Enterprise Risk Management Committee which is responsible for recommending market risk policies and strategies for the Board approval and its subsequent implementation and review.

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44.2.1 Consolidated statement of financial position split by trading and banking books

		2023			2022	
	Banking book	Trading book	Total	Banking book	Trading book	Total
			Rup	ees '000		
Cash and balances with treasury banks	84,036,564	-	84,036,564	56,130,598	-	56,130,598
Balances with other banks	1,812,507	-	1,812,507	2,785,113	-	2,785,113
Due from financial institutions	-	-	-	9,815,098	-	9,815,098
Investments	16,708,616	573,246,223	589,954,839	12,366,221	456,941,813	469,308,034
Islamic financing and related assets	580,711,316	-	580,711,316	454,260,608	-	454,260,608
Fixed assets	40,396,895	-	40,396,895	35,196,154	-	35,196,154
Intangible assets	2,452,387	-	2,452,387	2,341,852	-	2,341,852
Other assets	71,920,406	-	71,920,406	45,169,012	-	45,169,012
	798,038,691	573,246,223	1,371,284,914	618,064,656	456,941,813	1,075,006,469

44.2.2 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk / currency risk is the current or prospective risk to earnings and capital arising from adverse movements in currency exchange rates. It refers to the impact of adverse movements in currency exchange rates on the value of open foreign currency positions. Changes in currency rates affect the value of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and may affect revenues from foreign exchange dealing.

The Group undertakes currency risk mostly to support its trade services and maintains overall foreign exchange risk position to the extent of statutory Foreign Exchange Exposure Limit (FEEL) prescribed by the SBP.

Exposure limits such as counterparty, gap, net open position, dealer and bucket-wise currency delta limits are in place in accordance with the Bank's approved policies in order to manage associated risk and concentration at the acceptable tolerance levels.

		20	23			20)22	
	Assets	Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net currency exposure	Assets	Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net currency exposure
				Rupee	es '000			
United States Dollar Great Britain Pound	14,260,891	52,058,694	36,636,382	(1,161,421)	10,061,861	50,359,791	39,414,819	(883,111)
Sterling	1,399,874	6,746,248	5,343,098	(3,276)	1,381,063	5,644,913	4,259,981	(3,869)
Euro	698,175	3,788,752	3,107,196	16,619	1,226,225	3,050,832	1,832,092	7,485
Japanese Yen	313	10,059	9,948	202	2,996	1,444	-	1,552
Other currencies	336,923	286,669	(10,862)	39,392	936,471	860,316		76,155
	16,696,176	62,890,422	45,085,762	(1,108,484)	13,608,616	59,917,296	45,506,892	(801,788)

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	202	23	202	2
	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
		Rupe	es '000	
Impact of 1% change in foreign exchange rates on - profit and loss account - other comprehensive income	(52,253) -	(10,690)	(41,195) -	(7,835) -

44.2.3 Equity Position Risk

Equity position risk is the risk arising from unfavourable fluctuations in prices of shares in which the Group carries positions. It is a risk to earnings or capital that results from adverse changes in the value of equity related portfolios of the Group. Price risk associated with equities could be systematic or unsystematic. Systematic risk is due to sensitivity of portfolio's value to changes in overall level of equity prices, while unsystematic risk is associated with price volatility that is determined by the specific characteristics of the investee company.

The Group's equity position is governed by position limits imposed by the SBP for overall investment and per scrip exposure. Additionally, there are internal limits set to manage overall earnings in the form of stop loss limits and maintain a diverse portfolio through sector concentration limits.

<u> </u>	
ng (Trading book

Impact of 5% change in equity prices on				
- profit and loss account	-	-	-	-

- other comprehensive income

9 752 448 547 4 633 552 833	-	-	-	-
0,102 440,047 4,000 002,000	9,752	448,547	4,633	552,833

44.2.4 Yield / profit rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)-Basel II specific

	202	23	20	22
	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
Impact of 1% change in discount rates on		Rupe	es '000	
- profit and loss account	(288,043)	3,623,102	(1,266,083)	3,124,480
- other comprehensive income	(41,658)	(3,824,231)	-	(3,109,517)

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

						2023	3					
						Exposed to yield risk	yield risk					
	Effoctivo		Into 4	Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	Above	Non-yield
	cield acto	Total		to 3	to 6	months to	to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	10	pearing financial
	yleia rate		плош	months	months	1 year	years	years	years	years	years	instruments
_	(%)						RINAAS 1000					
On-balance sheet financial instruments						-						
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks		84,036,564	•	•	•	•					•	84,036,564
Balances with other banks		1,812,507				•						1,812,507
Due from financial institutions		•	•						•	•	•	ı
Investments	18.9	586,535,307	17,420,562	66,376,054	421,439,465	3,003,321	5,505,972	39,497,517	27,438,150			5,854,266
Islamic financing and related assets Other assets	18.0	580,711,316 66,044,402	211,913,824 -	74,474,164 -	75,270,003 -	34,454,803 -	50,154,589 -	40,708,879 -	47,190,918 -	39,010,266 -	3,646,821 -	3,887,049 66,044,402
		1,319,140,096	229,334,386	140,850,218	496,709,468	37,458,124	55,660,561	80,206,396	74,629,068	39,010,266	3,646,821	161,634,788
Liabilities												
Bills payable		16,550,469	•	•	•	•			•		•	16,550,469
Due to financial institutions	16.6	166,886,803	81,781,500	25,785,129	4,380,308	530,236	2,424,102	1,734,466	4,537,715	43,403,752	181,185	2,128,410
Deposits and other accounts	10.3	1,018,264,979	119,011,904	116,354,701	48,855,484	60,910,570	66,587,526	88,318,759	54,181,121	106,453,644	284,635	357,306,635
Subordinated Sukuk			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
Other liabilities		68,340,189	•	•	•	•					•	68,340,189
		1,270,042,440	200,793,404	142,139,830	53,235,792	61,440,806	69,011,628	90,053,225	58,718,836	149,857,396	465,820	444,325,703
On-balance sheet gap		49,097,656	28,540,982	(1,289,612)	443,473,676	(23,982,682)	(13,351,067)	(9,846,829)	15,910,232	(110,847,130)	3,181,001	(282,690,915)
Net non-financial assets		41,827,607										
Total net assets		90,925,263										
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
		55,514,035	20.546.022	22 203 654	12 675 250							
- forward foreign exchange contracts - sale		(9,610,511)	(7,992,914)	(1,579,350)	(38,247)							
- forward government securities transactions - purchase		73,777,500	73,777,500									
 forward government securities transactions - sale 			•	•	•	•				•	•	•
- cross currency and swaps		(1,678,515)										(1,678,515)
- forward lending			•								•	
Off-balance sheet gap		118,003,409	86,330,608	20,714,304	12,637,012		•	•	•		•	(1,678,515)
Total yield risk rate sensitivity gap			114,871,590	19,424,692	456,110,688	(23,982,682)	(13,351,067)	(9,846,829)	15,910,232	(110,847,130)	3,181,001	
Cumulative yield risk rate sensitivity gap			114,871,590	134,296,282	590,406,970	566,424,288	553,073,221	543,226,392	559,136,624	448,289,494	451,470,495	

44.2.5 Mismatch of yield rate sensitive assets and liabilities

Liabilities

On-balance sheet gap

Fotal net assets

Off-balance sheet financial instrume

Notes to and forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

L						2022	22					
						Exposed to yield risk	yield risk					
~	Effective yield rate	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10 years	Non-interest bearing financial instruments
ments	- (%)					Rur	Rupees '000					
ury banks		56,130,598										56,130,598
		2,785,113	,	·	ı	ı	ı	1	·	,	ı	2,785,113
	16.5	9,815,098	9,815,098	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	ı
	12.3	466,878,561	17,473,983	49,865,260	336,510,393	6,029,190	1,304,593	5,695,344	40,158,612	ı	ı	9,841,186
ssets	11.7	454,260,608	285,833,752	87,011,370	30,256,232	19,283,170	99,028	358,572	6,302,332	21,970,250	4,935	3,140,967
	-	45,169,012					'					45,169,012
		1,035,038,990	313,122,833	136,876,630	366,766,625	25,312,360	1,403,621	6,053,916	46,460,944	21,970,250	4,935	117,066,876
		21,309,950	,					,			,	21,309,950
	10.5	150,134,396	32,326,776	47,004,394	11,926,013	62,754	5,553,188	1,652,133	4,209,566	45,632,011	105,383	1,662,178
	6.5	781,556,223	374,113,778	73,045,097	20,144,707	12,930,417	180,983	38,365	83,636	,	ı	301,019,240
											·	
		48,103,963	'	ı					ı			48,103,963
	I	1,001,104,532	406,440,554	120,049,491	32,070,720	12,993,171	5,734,171	1,690,498	4,293,202	45,632,011	105,383	372,095,331
		33,934,458	(93,317,721)	16,827,139	334,695,905	12,319,189	(4,330,550)	4,363,418	42,167,742	(23,661,761)	(100,448)	(255,028,455)
	"	36,679,745 70,614,203										
instruments												
ntracts - purchase		50,919,583	15,258,965	16,862,852	18,020,766	777,000		·	·			
ntracts - sale		(6,264,654)	(4,407,179)	(1,789,815)	(67,660)			ı	·			·
is transactions - purchase	ase	35,400,890		35,400,890								
is transactions - sale		(5,825,358)	(5,825,358)									
	•	(1,510,401)										(1,510,401)
	•	99,920,886	25,491,502	54,053,557	18,088,426	777,000	ŗ	·				1,510,401
ity gap		·	(67,826,219)	70,880,696	352,784,331	13,096,189	(4,330,550)	4,363,418	42,167,742	(23,661,761)	(100,448)	
ensitivity gap			(67,826,219)	3,054,477	355,838,808	368,934,997	364,604,447	368,967,865	411,135,607	387,473,846	387,373,398	

On-balance sheet financial instrume

Cash and balances with treasury Assets

Balances with other banks
Due from financial institutions
Investments
Islamic financing and related assets
Other assets

Liabilities

Bills payable
Due to financial institutions
Deposits and other accounts
Subordinated Sukuk
Other liabilities

On-balance sheet gap

Net non-financial assets

Total net assets

Off-balance sheet financial ins

Commitments in respect of:

forward foreign exchange contr

 forward foreign exchange cont - forward government securities

- forward government securities

cross currency and swaps

Off-balance sheet gap

Total yield risk rate sensitivity

Cumulative yield risk rate sen

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Yield curve risk is the risk that a financial instrument will suffer either a decline in income or capital because future changes in prevailing interest rates impact assets more or less than they impact liabilities.

The profit rate risk of the Group arises when there is a mismatch between contractual maturities, which are subject to profit rate adjustment within a specified period or re-pricing of on and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities. Risk is addressed by Asset and Liability Management Committee that reviews the profit rate dynamics at regular intervals and decides re-pricing of assets and liabilities to ensure that the spread of the Group remains at an acceptable level.

Major sources of profit rate risk are;

- i) differences between the timing of rate changes and the timing of cash flows (re-pricing risk);
- ii) changing rate relationships among different yield curves affecting the Group's activities (basis risk);
- iii) changing rate relationships across the range of maturities (yield curve risk);
- iv) yield-related options embedded in the Group's products (options risk); and
- v) changes in marked-to-market value of financial instruments which occur when yield rate changes (price risk).

44.3 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes or systems, human factors or from external events. The Group businesses are dependent on the ability to process a large number of transactions efficiently and accurately. Operational risks and losses originate from business / operational process failure, IT security failure, natural disasters, dependence on key suppliers, fraud, service quality compromises, regulatory non-compliance, loss of key staff and social and environmental impacts.

The operational risk management function is primarily responsible for the oversight of operational risk management across the Group. The operational risk management framework of the Group is governed by the operational risk management policy and procedures, while the implementation is supported by an operational risk management system and designated operational risk coordinators within different units across the Group. The framework is in line with international best practices, flexible enough to implement in stages and permits the overall approach to evolve in response to organizational learning and future requirements.

The Group has implemented an effective operational risk management framework for managing operational risk. Each department has processes and system controls in place to address operational risks within their area. Operational loss data is collected through a well defined program implemented across the Group. Periodic workshops are conducted for risk and control self assessment and key risk exposures are identified and assessed against existing controls to evaluate improvement opportunities. Key risk indicators are also defined for monitoring of risk exposures. New products, systems, activities and processes are subject to comprehensive operational risk assessments, before implementation. Regular updates on operational risk status is presented to Enterprise Risk Management Committee (ERMC) and the Board of Directors through the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC).

Operational risk-disclosures Basel II specific

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.

The Group is currently using basic indicator approach for calculating operational risk capital charge.

Under basic indicator approach the capital charge for operational risk is a fixed percentage (denoted alpha) of average positive annual gross income of the Group over the past three years. Figures for any year in which annual gross income is negative or zero, should be excluded from both the numerator and denominator when calculating the average.

44.4 Shariah Non-Compliance Risk (SNCR)

Shariah Non-Compliance Risk (SNCR) is the financial and reputaional risk that arises from a Group's failure to comply with the Shariah rules and principles prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan and Shariah Board of the Bank. Managing Shariah non-compliance risk is vital for the establishment of an effective Shariah governance system. Shariah compliance is critical to an Islamic Group's operations and such compliance requirements must permeate throughout the organization and its products and activities.

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Group, is fully aware of the importance and implication of Shariah non-compliance risk on its business and strategy and therefore, ensures Shariah compliance in its business activities & operations. Group has also developed a comprehensive framework for Shariah Non-Compliance Risk management, which entails identification, assessment, monitoring / controlling and reporting of SNCR residing in the Bank.

44.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due and to replenish funds when they are withdrawn.

Liquidity risk management framework is governed by the liquidity risk management policy. The policy provides specific directives for measuring and managing liquidity risk identifies responsible personnel; and defines their respective roles and responsibilities relating to liquidity risk management.

The management of liquidity risk is accomplished through a formal structure which includes:

- Board of Directors (BoD)
- Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC)
- Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO)
- Enterprise Risk Management Committee (ERMC)
- Treasury
- Risk management (enterprise risk management)
- Finance

The BoD approves the liquidity risk management policy including risk limits and ensures, through quarterly reviews by the BRMC, that the Group's liquidity risk is being managed prudently. The BRMC plays a strategic role in liquidity risk management by overseeing the liquidity risk profile of the Group. ERMC defines the risk tolerance levels and setting risk limits for effective liquidity risk management. ALCO ensures adherence with policy requirements and risk limits so that the Group remains sufficiently liquid at all times.

The market and liquidity risk under enterprise risk management function overseas liquidity risk. The Group's Asset and Liability Committee manages the liquidity position on a continuous basis.

The Group ensures to maintain a diversified portfolio of liquid assets and funding base. Sources of funding comprise of a good mix of core deposits. Concentration in deposit, especially large volume deposits, is closely monitored to anticipate any potential liquidity issues in case of their withdrawals.

Various tools and techniques are used to measure and monitor the possible liquidity risk. These include monitoring of different liquidity ratios like liquid assets to liquid liabilities, liquid assets to total deposits, large volume deposits to total deposits, advances to deposit, liquid assets to volatile funding; on a regular basis against defined limits. Further, liquidity gaps over different time bands, are also monitored through maturity profiling of assets and liabilities. The Group also ensures that statutory cash and liquidity requirements are maintained at all times. In addition, the Group has also implemented the SBP's Basel III liquidity standards for ensuring compliance with the requirements of LCR, NSFR and other monitoring tools.

The Group performs liquidity stress testing on periodic basis in order to ensure sufficient liquidity is always available to meet financial obligations / commitments. Stress testing aims to quantify the potential impact of extreme yet plausible events or movements on the value of portfolio. Shocks include withdrawal of deposits, withdrawal of wholesale / large deposits, withdrawal of top deposits, etc. The results of liquidity stress testing are shared with relevant authorities / committees, on periodic basis.

Contingency Funding Plan (CFP) is a part of liquidity risk management policy of the Group. CFP provides a set of several early warning indicators of a possible liquidity shortfall situation; describes the actions to be taken to manage it and identifies the roles and responsibilities of ALCO, CFP team or other relevant authorities.

						2023	3						
Total	Upto 1 day	Over 1 to 7 days	Over 7 to 14 days	Over 14 days to 1 month	Over 1 to 2 months	Over 2 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 to 9 months	Over 9 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
						- Rupees '000	00						
84,036,564 1,812,507	84,036,564 -	- 1,812,507											
- 520 054 230					- 1 160 222	- 1 160 005	- 16 780 088	- 2010 707 80	י פפת ה פת	- 20 270 177	- 172 202 700	- 027 007 170	- 53 520 614
580.711.316	- 66.387.604	73.190.828	24 999 051	- 63.739.812	37 064 998	С,			2,309,009 13.072.756		35,302,916	47,190.919	46.544.136
40,396,895			240,095	548,977	1,030,845	1,037,006			115,529		1,606,114	3,894,522	29,145,117
2,452,387	6,650	40,125	46,583	106,433	199,563	199,570	204,861	1,463	23,445	165,277	907,280	551,137	
- 71,920,406	- 3,069,126	- 3,105,095	- 4,183,156	- 8,848,187	- 12,218,464	- 8,020,447	- 26,280,058	- 1,774,241	- 1,594,554	- 1,980,641	- 45,441		- 800,996
1,371,284,914	154,457,999	78,354,139	29,468,885	73,243,409	51,673,092	46,935,553	46,935,553 118,080,678	47,745,647	17,195,953	17,195,953 86,550,015		211,190,473 326,366,308	130,022,763
16,550,469	551,682	3,310,094	3,861,776	8,826,917								•	
166,886,803	302,706	80,929,512	797,112	1,880,579	9,719,434	16,065,695	4,380,308	14,502	515,734	2,424,102	1,734,466	4,537,715	43,584,938
1,018,264,979	764,249,681	28,635,973	13,543,964	42,720,646	65,474,411	42,910,499	ന	11,262,191	15,817,427	64,164	41,120	19,069	ı
		•	1	ı				•	'	•			•
4,940,115								•			4,940,115		•
73,717,285		4,395,762	3,147,780	7,754,444	10,120,637	13,324,070	14,249,219	_	6,613,915	8,097,260	48,969	1,463	•
1,280,359,651	765,609,606	117,271,341	21,350,632	61,182,586	85,314,482	72,300,264	52,155,361	16,734,922	22,947,076	10,585,526	6,764,670	4,558,247	43,584,938
90,925,263	(611,151,607)	(38,917,202)	8,118,253	12,060,823	(33,641,390)	(25,364,711)	65,925,317	31,010,725	(5,751,123)	75,964,489	204,425,803	321,808,061	86,437,825
15 176 Q65													
10,17 0,300													
10,010,100													
44.961.035													
90,925,005													
258													
90,925,263													
abilities based on contractual maturities which is shown below:	actual maturities	which is shown	below:										
						2023	ç						
	Upto	Over 1	Over 7	Over 14 days	Over 1 to	Over 2 to	Over 3 to	Over 6 to	Over 9	Over 1 to	Over 2 to	Over 3 to	Over
I OTAI	1 day	to 7 days	to 14 days	to 1 month	2 months	3 months	6 months	9 months	montns to 1 year	2 years	3 years	5 years	5 years
						- Rupees '000	00						
10 R65 105								5 295	213 003	232 256	654.32R	2 010 273	0 749 950
1-10001-100								~			2-12-1- AA		~~~~ in

* These contain maturity analysis of lease liat

Liabilities	Lease liabilities

Assets

44.5.1 Maturities of assets and liabilities - based on contractual maturities

Cash and balances with treasury banks Islamic financing and related assets Due from financial institutions Balances with other banks Deferred tax assets Intangible assets Investments Fixed assets Other assets

Liabilities

Due to financial institutions Deferred tax liabilities Subordinated Sukuk Other liabilities * Bills payable

Surplus on revaluation of assets - net Total equity attributable to the equity Non-controlling interest holders of the Bank Unappropriated profit Share capital Reserves

Deposits and other accounts

Net assets

							2022							Γ
	Total	Upto 1 day	Over 1 to 7 days	Over 7 to 14 days	Over 14 days to 1 month	Over 1 to 2 months	Over 2 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 to 9 months	Over 9 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
						+	Rupees '000-	(
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	56,130,598	56,130,598		•										
Balances with other banks	2,785,113	•	2,785,113	•										
Due from financial institutions	9,815,098	•	9,815,098	•										
Investments	469,308,034		•	•	9,093,505	1,551,727	1,551,728	7,905,036	7,111,439	3,103,455	1,304,593	34,085,999	352,683,849	50,916,703
Islamic financing and related assets	454,260,608	34,186,754	37,040,685	23,608,062	56,288,565	16,739,520	34,460,468	41,330,899	13,508,603	14,769,861	43,227,548	38, 136, 574	48,307,902	52,655,167
Fixed assets	35,196,154	44,540	119,606	139,540	318,949	598,728	600,630	615,336	697,696	49,035	560,358	918,548	3,004,622	27,528,566
Intangible assets	2,341,852	5,928	35,569	41,497	94,850	177,843	178,155	177,843	6,254	42,987	47,183	607,102	569,630	357,011
Deferred tax assets	•		•											
Other assets	45,169,012	3,097,281	2,413,101	2,583,514	5,456,129	5,264,821	4,526,933	15,699,975	1,085,712	1,602,493	2,942,649	26,895		469,509
	1,075,006,469	93,465,101	52,209,172	26,372,613	71,251,998	24,332,639	41,317,914	65,729,089	22,409,704	19,567,831	48,082,331	73,775,118	404,566,003	131,926,956
Liabilities														
Bills payable	21,309,950	710,333	4,261,990	4,972,321	11,365,306		•		•					
Due to financial institutions	150,134,396	3,181,672	16,762,435	6,482,506	7,562,339	31,418,445	15,585,950	11,926,013	35,535	27,219	5,553,188	1,652,133	4,209,566	45,737,395
Deposits and other accounts	781,556,223	625,649,585	19,570,683	7,582,309	22,341,735	26,417,044	46,630,258	20,145,315	6,665,682	6,265,135	180,983	38,365	69,129	
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	•		•	•			•	•	•				•	
Subordinated debt	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
Subordinated Sukuk	'	•	•	•				•	•		•	•	•	•
Deferred tax liabilities	744,088			•					•			744,088		
Other liabilities *	50,647,609	335,632	2,486,113	2,320,110	5,741,959	4,751,305	7,738,669	9,407,642	3,772,954	5,675,198	8,343,089	73,487	1,451	
	1,004,392,266	629,877,222	43,081,221	21,357,246	47,011,339	62,586,794	69,954,877	41,478,970	10,474,171	11,967,552	14,077,260	2,508,073	4,280,146	45,737,395
Net assets	70,614,203	(536,412,121)	9,127,951	5,015,367	24,240,659	(38,254,155)	(28,636,963)	24,250,119	11,935,533	7,600,279	34,005,071	71,267,045	400,285,857	86,189,561
:														
Share capital	15,176,965													
Reserves	11,675,968													
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	10,669,662													
Unappropriated profit	33,091,551													
Total equity attributable to the equity	70,614,146													
holders of the Bank														
Non-controlling interest	57													
	70,614,203													
* These contain maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on contractual maturities which is shown below:	as based on contra	ctual maturities w	/hich is shown	below:										
			2											
							2022							
	Total	Upto 1 dav	Over 1 to 7 davs	Over 7 to 14 davs	Over 14 days to 1 month	Over 1 to 2 months	Over 2 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 to 9 months	Over 9 months	Over 1 to 2 vears	Over 2 to 3 vears	Over 3 to 5 vears	Over 5 vears
							Runees '000-							
Liabilities														
Lease liabilities	11,814,937					514	818	3,227	10,342	107,249	129,713	441,652	1,596,179	9,525,243

In line with the SBP BSD Circular Letter No. 02 and 03 of 2011 on "Maturity and Profit rate sensitivity gap reporting", deposit withdrawal pattern analysis on current and saving accounts (CASA) is conducted on at least ten years weekly data. The outliers (seasonal variations) are adjusted from data using fourth

44.5.2 Maturities of assets and liabilities - based on expected maturities of the assets and liabilities of the Group

					2023					
	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10 years
					-000, seedna	00				
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	84,036,564	6,752,344	1,676,529	2,470,675	5,210,267	10,521,377	23,332,750	12,962,639	21,072,167	37,816
Balances with other banks	1,812,507	145,733	36,157	53,285	112,369	226,912	503,213	279,563	454,459	816
Due from financial institutions		I	1	I	ı	'	ı	ı	ı	·
Investments	589,954,839	17,830,810	68,591,940	423,655,354	7,435,099	5,505,972	39,497,517	27,438,147	I	ı
Islamic Financing & Related Assets	580,711,316	211,913,824	74,474,164	75,270,003	34,454,803	50,154,589	40,708,879	47,190,918	39,010,266	7,533,870
Fixed assets	40,396,895	923,731	9,892	14,/66	2,245,138	2,55/,616	1,606,114	3,894,522	10,952,327	18,192,789
Intangible assets	2,452,387	71		/	405,886	422,5/0	1/2,001	907,280	UGE, LGG	
Deferred (ax assets Other seeds	- 71 020 106	- 10 757 /10	- 20 238 011	26 280 058	3 368 705	1 0RD 6/1	- 15 AA1		249.150	
	1,371,284,914	257.323.869	165,027,593	527,744,148	53,232,357	71,369,677	105,859,191	92,673,069	72,289,719	25.765.291
Liabilities										
Bills payable	16,550,469	16,550,469		1				1		
Due to financial institutions	166,886,803	83,909,909	25,785,129	4,380,308	530,236	2,424,102	1,734,466	4,537,715	43,403,752	181,186
Deposits and other accounts	1,018,264,979	146,741,008	123,608,578	56,395,227	75,489,789	97,604,100	209,169,052	116,821,737	192,106,556	328,932
Subordinated debt	I	ı		ı	I	•		I	I	I
Deferred tax liabilities	4,940,115	I					4,940,115		ı	ı
Other liabilities *	73,717,285	15,803,522	23,444,708	14,249,219	12,072,144	8,097,260	48,969	1,463		
	1,280,359,651	263,004,908	172,838,415	75,024,754	88,092,169	108,125,462	215,892,602	121,360,915	235,510,308	510,118
Net assets	90,925,263	(5,681,039)	(7,810,822)	452,719,394	(34,859,812)	(36,755,785)	(110,033,411)	(28,687,846)	(163,220,589)	25,255,173
Share capital	15,176,965									
Reserves	15,616,188									
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	15,170,817									
Unappropriated profit	44,961,035									
Total equity attributable to the equity holders of the Bank	90,925,005									
Non-controlling interest	258									
	90,925,263									
This contains maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on expected maturities which is shown below.	ted maturities which i	s shown below:								
					2023	3				
					Over 6					
	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10 years
					Rupees '000-	00				
Liabilities					010 010	010 000	000 110			
Lease liabilities	12,800,120				218,318	232,232	024,328	2,010,273	8,401,441	1,348,509

					2022	2				
	Total	Upto 1	Over 1 to 3	Over 3 to 6	Over 6 months to	Over 1 to 2	Over 2 to 3	Over 3 to 5	Over 5 to 10	Above 10
		month	months	months	1 year	years	years	years	years	years
					Rupees '000-	00				
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	56,130,598	4,765,484	979,478	1,509,912	3,567,096	7,136,999	16,378,894	9,443,965	12,323,462	25,308
Balances with other banks	2,785,113	236,451	48,599	74,917	176,989	354,117	812,673	468,582	611,454	1,331
Due from financial institutions	9,815,098	9,815,098								
Investments	469,308,034	23,112,451	3,103,455	331,134,499	10,214,894	1,304,593	5,695,344	43,826,095	50,916,703	
Islamic Financing & Related Assets	454,260,608	63,679,626	64,700,019	62,384,716	74,707,138	46,407,073	41,418,967	48,307,902	44,835,199	7,819,968
Fixed assets	35,196,154	25,307	2,601	17,307	1,942,789	1,756,416	918,548	3,003,841	9,395,038	18,134,307
Intangible assets	2,341,852			313	361,941	398,674	47,183	607,102	300,933	625,706
Deferred tax assets			ı	ı	ı	ı			ı	
Other assets	45,169,012	13,550,025	9,791,754	15,699,975	2,688,205	2,942,649	26,897	·		469,507
	1,075,006,469	115,184,442	78,625,906	410,821,639	93,659,052	60,300,521	65,298,506	105,657,487	118,382,789	27,076,127
Liabilities										
Bills payable	21,309,950	21,309,950			-					ı
Due to financial institutions	150,134,396	33,988,952	47,004,394	11,926,013	62,754	5,553,188	1,652,133	4,209,566	45,632,011	105,385
Deposits and other accounts	781,556,223	102,066,763	83,866,919	36,613,751	52,063,505	78,388,434	184,527,893	106,208,636	137,547,258	273,064
Subordinated debt	I	ı	ı	I	I	ı	I	ŗ	ı	ı
Deferred tax liabilities	744,088						744,088			
Other liabilities *	50,647,609	10,883,811	12,489,975	9,407,642	9,448,152	8,274,763	141,831	1,435		
	1,004,392,266	168,249,476	143,361,288	57,947,406	61,574,411	92,216,385	187,065,945	110,419,637	183,179,269	378,449
Net assets	70,614,203	(53,065,034)	(64,735,382)	352,874,233	32,084,641	(31,915,864)	(121,767,439)	(4,762,150)	(64,796,480)	26,697,678
Share canital	15 176 965									
Bacantas	11 675 968									
Sumplue on reveluation of secare - not	10,660,662									
Uurparazoniatot or adodo - not	22 001 661									
Urialityr Opriated profit. Tatal and the studen table to the court it chaldene of the Deals	70.644.446									
iotal equity attributable to trie equity riotaers of the barik	/ U,014, 140									
Non-controlling interest	57									
	70,614,203									
This contains maturity analysis of lasse liabilities hased on exnercted maturities which is shown helow	ted maturities which is	shown helow.								
הווים סטווגנווים וווגוגנווים מומלומים טו וסמט ואמוויוים ממטמ מו האחרים										
					2022	2				
		Upto 1	Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	Above 10
	Total	month	to 3 monthe	to 6 monthe	months to	to 2 vears	to 3 vears	to 5 vears	to 10 vears	years
					Bunaar 100) J	years	years	years	
					n saadhu	00				

1,360,572

8,164,671

1,596,179

441,652

129,713

27,260

93,558

,332

11,814,937

Liabilities Lease liabilities

For the year ended December 31, 2023

44.6 Derivative risk management

The Group's derivatives risk management is performed under market risk management which is an independent unit reporting to the Chief Risk Officer. The risk management policies are governed by the regulatory and internal guidelines. The risk management department of the Group reviews credit risk, market risk and other risks associated with the derivative transactions or related area of the activity and assigns limits within which the transactions / area of activity can be carried out. Furthermore, Group's derivative portfolio is on run off basis due to conversion. Adherence to these limits is ensured through independent monitoring and control functions.

There are a number of risks undertaken by the Group, which need to be monitored and assessed. The management of risks includes the following primary components:

- comprehensive risk measurement approach;
- detailed structure of limits, guidelines and other parameters used to govern risk taking; and
- strong management information system for controlling, monitoring and reporting risks.

Major risks associated with the derivative instruments are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group uses SunGard-Sierra to measure and manage these risks which provides end-to-end capability with respect to transaction life cycle.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of a derivative contract will be adversely affected by movements in equity prices, profit rates, currency exchange rates and commodity prices. The authority for approving policies, limits and periodic reviews rest with the Board of Directors. The critical measures used to manage market risks are profit rate delta and currency delta basis. These measures involve extreme shifts in a variety of parameters, such as FX rates, profit rates, equity prices, implied volatility levels and combinations of the above. These measures are calculated through the relevant systems.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a party to a derivative contract will fail to perform its obligation. There is a settlement risk associated with the derivative transactions. Settlement risk is monitored on a daily basis. Risk management department of the Group sets the policies and limits for counterparty risk based on a pre-defined criteria linked with the internal risk rating of the customer.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is managed as part of the overall liquidity risk of the Group. The risk management policies related to liquidity risk are explained in note 44.5 to these consolidated financial statements.

45 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on February 7, 2024 by the Board of Directors of the Group.

46 GENERAL

Comparative information has been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these consolidated financial statements, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison and to conform with changes in presentation in the current year. There have been no significant reclassifications during the year.

Notes to and forming part of the **Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended December 31, 2023

47 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company in its meeting held on February 7, 2024 has proposed a final cash dividend of Rs. 2 per share (20%) for the year ended December 31, 2023. This is in addition to Rs. 2 already paid during the year bringing the total dividend for the year to Rs. 4 per share (2022: Rs. 7). These consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

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President & CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

irector

u			Name of Individuals /	-		Outstandi	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ing of year	Drinoinal	Interest /	Other	Total
ν. Β	Name of the borrower	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
									adna	Rupses '000			
-	Nisar Ahmed	6 Kot Fazil Main Bazar Babu Sabu	Nisar Ahmed	35202-5865181-1	Muhammad Akram	•	45,857		45,857		45,857	-	45,857
2	Al Makkah Traders	Gill Wala Chak No 42 N.B Tehsil & Distt. Sargodha	Muhammad Amjad Rafiq	38403-2237603-3	Muhammad Rafique	295	845	I	1,140	I	793	I	793
e	Rai Rice Mills	Banghar Sarwar Road Banghar	Mujahid Abbas	34301-1762733-7	Nazir Ahmad	11,600	58,443		70,043	•	50,144		50,144
4	Abdullah Rice Mills	290 Asso Ahsnst Near Mustafabad	Imtiaz Ahmed Cheema	34101-2333424-1	Muhammad Nazeer Cheema	207	1,226	I	1,433		833	1	833
2	Al Barkat Filling Station	Shamali 521-E.B, Dist	Ch. Mohammad Asif	34202-6454703-1	Ch Barkat Ali	3,725	3,584		7,309	'	2,349		2,349
9	Ab Textile Corporation	188-E-1 0 Johar Town	Syed Hamid Hussain Subzwari	35202-2781980-3	Syed Sharif Hussain Subzwari	4,900	31,415	I	36,315	1	29,136	1	29,136
2	Usman Rice Corporation	Ghalla Mandi Koraykey	Za Ullah	34104-3485261-1	Muhammad Ibrahim	800	883	ı	1,683	1	592	1	592
œ	Gulshan Poly Pack Pvt Ltd	Apt. 48, 3Rd Floor,Hafeez Centre, Main Gulberg III Lahore. 173-H, Model Town, Lahroe	Muhammad Younas Muhammad Ayub Mrs. Gulshan Meraj	35202-2940371-7 35202-2975337-9 35202-7805136-2	Mian Mehraj Din Mian Mehraj Din Mian Mehraj Din		40,989		40,989		39,665		39,665
თ	Crestpack	House # 28, Block E-2, Model Town, Lahore	Amir Latif	35202-0537454-5	Mohammad Abdul Latif		5,292		5,292		4,552		4,552
10	Ittefaq Rice Mills	Ittefaq Rice Milai Pur Road Gujranwala	Sabeen Naveed Jamal Nasir Cheema Akhtar Jamil Awan	34101-8711545-2 34101-9497912-5 34104-9580643-9	Naveed Azam Cheema Muhamad Nasir Cheema Muhammad Jamil		48,081		48,081	,	48,081		48,081
÷	H.M Khalil Weaving Factory	Ittefaq Weaving State Kalra Gt Road Samnabad	Muhammad Khalil	34101-0977648-5	Muhammad Hussain	3,213	10,322		13,535	1	10,404	1	10,404
12	Metro International	Kacha Khiali Rd Gardan Town School	Mian Imran Altaf	34201-2707788-9	Mian Altaf Hussain	14,920	44,259	616	59,795	,	37,820	12	37,832
13		119/2, Main Quaid-E-Azam Industrial Estate, Kot Lakhpat, Lahore	Ahsan Mehmood Butt	35201-1606258-9	Ashiq Hussain Butt	1	9,356		9,356	1	7,689	ı	7,689
14	Shahrukh & Company (Fas Group)	119/2, Main Quaid-E-Azam Industrial Estate, Kot Lakhpat, Lahore	Shahrukh Mehmood Butt	35201-1606263-1	Ashiq Hussain Butt		28,650		28,650	1	26,872		26,872
15	Farrukh Brothers (Fas Group)	119/2, Main Quaid-E-Azam Industrial Estate, Kot Lakhpat, Lahore	Farrukh Mahmood Butt	35201-5379249-3	Ashiq Hussain Butt	1	9,356		9,356	ı	7,689		7,689
16	Dynamic Freight Systems (Pvt) Ltd.	Commercial Area Cavalary Ground Lahore	Syed Muhammad Shoaib Zaidi Syed Sajjad Kamail Zaidi	35201-1525476-5 35201-8798598-9	Syed Saker Ali Zaidi Syed Saker Ali Zaidi		1,974		1,974	1	1,774		1,774
17	M Asim Aziz & Sons	H.No.99 Block-F Erum Enterprises, Al Nor	Asim Aziz	36603-1392847-1	Sheikh Aziz Ur Rehman	3,243	7,015		10,258	1	6,851	1	6,851
18		Small Industrial District Kasur	Numan Sharif	34201-2664160-7	Muhammad Sharif	7,498	9,711		17,209	•	8,210		8,210
19	New Awami Tractors	Chah Jahhu Wala Chak No 198 E/B Po Khas T Faisalabad	Muhammad Munawar	36302-4262362-1	Sardar Baksh	3,499	2,378		5,877		2,089		2,089
20	Malik Rice Mills	Near Bridge Sarooki Patoki Kasur Kunjah	Nadir Hussain Malik	34201-2656985-5	Malik Mubarak Ahmed	3,394	4,282		7,676		3,793		3,793
21	Metal Masters	240 A Phase II Gujranwala	Irfan Afzal Chatha	34101-7849211-9	Muhammad Afzal Chath	1,313	2,043		3,356		1,941		1,941

		Name of Individuals /		Father's /	Outstandir	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginni	ing of year	Principal			Total
Address		Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
3		4	5	6	7	. 8	9	10	11	12	13	14
								Rupe	Rupes '000			
21-Km, Lahore-Sheikhupura Road, Lahore	ra Road,	Wajid Mahmood Sayid Faisa M Sayid Roohi Sayid Aizad H Sayid	35202-0757479-7 35202-4120799-1 35202-4465084-0 35202-7567268-9	Syed Mahmood Shah Wajid Mahmood Sayid Wajid Mahmood Sayid Waiid Mahmood Sayid	67,618	28,130	1	95,748		21,656		21,656
Silanwali 105 Sargodha		Shabir Ahmad	38403-8202587-3	Khurshed Ahmad	4,848	3,385		8,233		3,758	i	3,758
30 Km Main Faisalabad-Lahore Road, Near Adda Ghaseetpura At Chak No. 69 R.B The. Jaranwala Distt. Faisalabad.	lhore pura At anwala	Sh Muhammad Javed	245-88-204286	Sh Taj Din	666'2	29,220	1	37,219	•	29,334	1	29,334
House # 165, Block-S, D.H.A , Lahore.	Η.Α.,	Shahbaz Noor	35202-8385383-5	Noor Muhammad		37,844	1	37,844	1	27,844		27,844
Chak No. 62 Office Kabir Wala Raiwind Road	Wala	Muhammad Mukarram Ali Ashrafi	35202-8298746-1	Muhammad Tufail	1,661	1,136		2,797	,	923	I	923
Ghalla Mundi Haveli Lakha Depalpur	ø	Muhammad Asghar Wahgra	35301-8438397-7	Muhammad Amin Wahgra	6,500	15,394		21,894		14,439	I	14,439
22 Bahawalpur Phase 1 University Road	Iniversity	Ishfaq Ahmed	31202-0367664-1	Anwar Ali	920	864		1,784	-	732	-	732
7- Shami Road, Lahore Cantt.	antt.	Asif Bashir Farooqi Daniyal Khalid Farooqi Ayela Abbas Farooqi	35202-6425757-9 35202-8922545-1 35201-8584090-8	Muhammad Bashir Farooqi Asif Bashir Farooqi Arjumand Khan Niazi	12,850	83,910	I	96,760	I	74,744	1	74,744
House No.12, Canal Park, Gulberg, Lahore	J.	Asif Bashir Farooqi	35202-6425757-9	Muhammad Bashir Farooqui	•	37,641		37,641		30,781		30,781
Tower Ghalla Mandi Near Deen Plazagt Road Gujranwala	Deen	Rana Iftikhar Ali Rana Fahad Mushtaq Rana Mushtaq Ahmed Rana Zahid Mushtaq	34101-2403709-9 34101-6281465-5 34101-8330474-5 34101-8331329-5	Rana Niaz Ahmed Rana Mushtaq Ahmed Rana Niaz Ahmed Rana Mushtaq Ahmed	69,469	19,353	223	29,045		14,065		14,065
Nazir Plastic Industries, Baradari Road Opp. Fazal Park, Shadara Lahore	aradari nadara	Nazir Hussain	35202-2876592-3	Siraj Uddin	7,997	7,519	ı	15,516	I	7,250	1	7,250
104, Block E-1, Valancia Town, Lahore.	Town,	Rana Safdar Ali	35202-9754010-3	Muhammad Tufail	2,167	3,532		5,699		3,281	1	3,281
Ghazi Roadchowk Chorhattad.G Khan	lattad.G	Muhammad Fayyaz Muhammad Sajjad	32102-0894930-9 32102-0894938-3	Muhammad Ramzan Muhammad Ramzan	1,292	1,545		2,837		1,230	I	1,230
Mian Brothers, Flat No.9, 2Nd Floor, Shabnam Centre, Shalimar Link Road, Lahore	, 2Nd Shalimar	Amir Ismaæl	35202-8098423-3	Muhammad Ismaeel	351	2,452		2,803	1	2,031	•	2,031
97/B Gulber II Lahore		Haroon Abdullah Abdullah Rafi Abdus Samad Anjum Rafi Yousat Anjum Abdul Rahim	35200-1416576-3 35200-1416576-7 35200-9033312-5 35202-2413949-9 35202-2461304-3 35302-4463133-9	Abdullah Rafi Muhammad Rafi Abdullah Rafi Sheikh Muhammad Saeed Muhammad Rafi Anjam Rafi Anjam Rafi	52,316	43,947		96,263		51,394		51,394

and ito me	Name of the borrower		Vame of Individuals /		Eathar's /	OULSIAIIUI	ng Liabilitie:	s at beginn	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	Drincinal	Interest /	Other	lota
2 Bestow Pharma Friends Traders Tabani Enterpris		Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
v Pha s Trac	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
v Pha s Trau									Rupes '000	000' se			
s Tra i Ente	arma	Office 2AI Karam Buildingmultan	Ulfat Perveen Farooq Ahmad	36302-0268129-0 36302-0287000-3	Farooq Ahmad Muhammad Jumma Khan	1,500	3,642		5,142		3,299	ı	3,299
Eut	aders	Hanjra Housemuslim Townvehari	Shamim Akhtar Khawer Nazir	35200-1385548-8 36603-1393893-9	Ch Muhammad Bashir Ch Muhammad Nazir	8,457	1,890		10,347		2,513	1	2,513
	Tabani Enterprises	Address: 09 Trad E Tower Abdullah Har Roon Road Karachi	Noman Tabani	42101-5620363-7	Muhammad Rafiq Tabani		3,536		3,536	•	3,367	ı	3,367
Ind	United Industries	Plot No. 148 Sector No. 27 Korangi Mohammad Asghar Khan Industrial Area Karachi	Mohammad Asghar Khan	42201-0721216-5	Mohammad Saleem		33,863		33,863		33,863	ı	33,863
oth (Polycloth (Pvt) Ltd	7/29 Ameer Mansion, 2nd Floor Muhammad Feroz St Off Rambharti Streetkarachi	1-Danish Saeed 2-Shafiq Ahmed 3-Saeed Ahmed	42201-3223558-3 42201-5158386-5 42201-8293913-5	1-Saeed Ahmed 2-Mohammad Ahmed 3-Mohammad Ahmed		69,600		69,600		66,082		66,082
Irfan Ahmed	ed	Society Sector 19 F Nagar Khas Fb Irfan Ahmed Area Karachi	Irfan Ahmed	42101-8819775-3	Furgan Ahmed	215	1,322		1,537	•	1,258	•	1,258
Cordial Tradi Corporation	Cordial Trading Corporation	404,Gul Tower,I.I Chundrigar Road,Karachi	1-Mehmood Abu Baker 2-Haji Abu Baker 3-Mehboob Abu Baker	42201-5470470-5 42201-0757624-7 42201-5008155-7	1-Haji Abu Baker 2-Haji Salman 3-Haji Abu Baker	3,180	25,724		28,904		23,759		23,759
ntei	Star Enterprises	S-1 A Bdullah Haroon Road Gulshan E Maymar Karachi	Mustafa Haider	42501-8635200-3	Syed Urooj Haider	5,100	12,386		17,486	-	12,992		12,992
National / Cotton	National Absorbent Cotton	A/37 Site, Manghopir Road, Site, Karachi.	1-Iqbal Hussain 2-Ashfaq Hussain 3-Kashif ftikhar 4-Attaf Hussain	42301-8012600-7 42301-2617632-3 42201-1503654-5 42101-0134833-9	Fazal Hussain Fazal Hussain Ittikhar Hussain Fazal Hussain	16,192	20,065	1	36,257	-	18,833	1	18,833
People Fi Limited.	People Fisheries (Pvt) Limited.	C-3, Fish Harbour, West Warf Karachi	9-₫\β₽€∩√0468?₩1 khar Zaidi 2-Syed Hasan Iftikhar Zaidi 3-Mrs. Zahoor Fatima 4-Syed Anwar Iftikhar Zaidi	4 <u>2</u> 381=4086299=3 42301-9751357-5 42301-0542292-4 42301-1096180-5	S 968 HttkRarMahmed Syed Ittikhar Ahmed Syed Ittikhar Ahmed Syed Ittikhar Ahmed	855	23,320		24,175	1	21,074	1	21,074
at	Shoukat Ali Lashari	Deh Gair Abad Housing Societywapda Town Ghar Makand Taluka	Shoukat Ali Lashari	45401-6084703-1	Mohammad Yousif Lashari	2,800	4,483		7,283		4,321		4,321
Σ	Sardar Muhammad	House No.1 Tehsil Housing Scheme Tehsil Burewala Distt Vehari	Sardar Muhammad	36601-6159373-3	Rehmat Ali		4,599	21	4,620		4,599	21	4,620
Ξ̈́Ξ	Babar Hussain		Babar Hussain	35301-1922392-7	Mian Muhammad Hassan	1	1,499	13	1,512		1,499	13	1,512
Mubarak Ali	Ai	House No 4A-4C, Muhallah Raja House, Gulshan-E-Umair Town Mirpurkhas.	Mubarak Ali	44103-3527854-3	Badal	4,004	6,827	32	10,863		6,361	32	6,393
Sail	Malik Sajjad Zahoor	Za P.O. Ashraf Sugar O Ahmed Pur East	Malik Sajjad Zahoor	31201-7765474-7	Malik Zahoor Ahmed	1	946		946		946		946
Muhamm Muhamm /M.Ajmal	Muhammad Akbar / Muhammad Afzal /M.Ajmal	Muhammad Akbar Po Khas Jhangi Islam Nagar Daim Wala P/O & T	Muhammad Akbar	31201-0267114-3	Muhammad Ramzan	1,579	1,577		3,156		1,360		1,360

Annexure I to and forming part of the
Consolidated Financial Statements

Ű			Namo of Individuale /		Eathorie /	Outstandir	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginni	ing of year	Drincing	Interest /	Other	Total
ν. N	Name of the borrower	r Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14
									Rupes '000	000, se			
53	Amjad Nawaz	Mouza Arora Mian Khan, Tehsil Depalpur District Okara	Amjad Nawaz	35301-1994144-3	Muhammad Nawaz	3,798	1,671	60	5,529		1,910	110	2,020
54		llas	Ali Mardan	45402-4668737-9	Rasool Bakish	368	530		898		509		509
55	Khan Cold Storage	3- Km Sargodna Road, Kot Muhammad Yar Tehsil & Dist. Chiniot	Abdul Naveed Khan	33201-1584461-7	Abdul Muqueet Khan	9,267	27,699		36,966	1	24,611	I	24,611
56			Kausar Parveen	35201-1315347-0	Faheem Haider	1,634	11,111	96	12,841		10,609		10,609
57		Chaudhary M Akram / M House No.117, 0 Cavalary Ground Abid Akram Cheema	Chaudhary Muhammad Akram Cheema	35201-5197353-5	Ch. Ghulam Rasool Cheema	974	1,054		2,028	-	266		266
58	Aleem Shehzad	P/O Same Baqaini Tehsil Jatoi District Muzaffar Garh.	Aleem Shahzad	32302-4057044-1	Fateh Muhammad		2,857	9	2,863	ı	2,857	9	2,863
59	Umer Communication	s	Choudary Ehsan Ullah Cheema	36601-1336731-3	Nazir Ahmad	5,499	1,341		6,840	-	1,923		1,923
09	Zahoor Ullah	P.O Khas Chourasta Mian Khan Tehsil Depalpur Distt Okara	Zahoor-Ullah	35301-1984701-7	Mian Abdul Haq		1,210		1,210	-	1,210		1,210
61	Abdullah	£	Abdullah	36603-8732569-3	Mughala		621		621		621	'	621
62	Babar Proteen Farm	19-Km Lahoreskp Road Mandia, Tehsilferozwala, District Sheikhupura	Babar Ali Muhammad Ali Joiya	35201-5451411-1 35202-3048117-7	Nawazish Ali Rana Muhammad Anwar	2,300	9,200	195	11,695	1	8,605	1	8,605
83	Abdul Ghaffar	Ghalar Abdul Qa Nsion Streetno 113/13 0	Abdul Ghaffar	35103-0847103-9	Kamal Din	350	659	130	1,139		676		676
64		138 Sd Canal City Gulberg	Tariq Javed	37203-1441576-5	Malik Yaran Khan	4,890	1,929		6,819		2,382		2,382
65		Jamal Kot P/O Khas Tehsil Depalpur Distt Okara	Khalid Hussain	35301-1968667-9	Mian Muhammad Hussain	429	3,201	45	3,675	1	2,709		2,709
99			Muhammad Munir	35402-1785984-9	Mathela	661	1,165	61	1,887		1,202		1,202
67		_	Muhammad Naeem Uddin	35301-9465049-7	Haji Muhammad Jahangir		3,010		3,010	1	2,527	1	2,527
89	Syed Arif Ali Bukhari	H # 244/A Mohalla G.O.R-5, Faysal Town Lahore.	Syed Arif Ali Bukhari	35202-2098027-1	Syed Bakar Ali Bukkhari		9,899		9,899	1	9,104	1	9,104
60	Salman Ahmad	Allah Bukhsh La Itefaq Colony Lajpat	Salman Ahmed	35200-3403762-5	Zahoor Ahmed	2,520	9,698		12,218		8,471	ı	8,471
02	Ahmed Nawaz Khan	Chah Sher Wala Bheero Dakhana Khas Teh And Distt Jhang	Ahmed Nawaz Khan	33202-1406199-3	Malik Khoda Bux	3,560	4,710	18	8,288	-	4,225	58	4,283
71		Alriaz Cold House No 79	Mushtaq Ahmad	35301-1975038-7	Mian Riaz Ahmad	7,451	11,881	183	19,515		12,631		12,631
72	Asghar Ali Asim		Asghar Ali Asim	36502-6818429-7	Ch Ali Ahmed		1,284		1,284		1,034		1,034
73		Chak No 16 Jb P Pankey Tehsil Jhumra Dist Faisalabad	Muhammad Azam	33101-6898830-7	Saeed Ahmed		4,330	6	4,339	ı	4,330	9	4,339
74	Madina Poultry Farm	Chak No 257/E.B Tehsil Burewala And Distt. Vehari	Farooq Ahmed	36601-6188743-5	Ali Ahmad	3,035	3,782	œ	6,825	1	3,967		3,967

Annexure I to and forming part of the	
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Ű			Name of Individuals /		Eathor's /	Outstandi	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginni	ing of year	Drincing	Interest /	Other	Total
ν. S	Name of the borrower	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
									Rupe	Rupees '000			
22	Muhammad Boota	Paloki Wara Dog Gulshan Ravinear Lhr L Null	Muhammad Boota	35201-1457950-5	Sharf Ud Din		622		622	-	629		629
76		Vill Data Zaidkay Tehsil Pasrur & Dist. Sialkot.	Mubarak Ahmad Bajwa	34602-1702084-9	Ch Bashir Ahmad		2,063		2,063	1	2,063		2,063
22	Satluj Seeds	Bahawalpurroad Hasilpur Distt Bahawalpur	Athar Hussain Azhar Hussain Mazhar Hussain	31203-6784684-9 31203-8442840-5 31203-9516008-5	Ramzan Ahmad Ramzan Ahmad Ramzan Ahmad	1	6,721		6,721		6,721		6,721
78	Al Raheem Corporation	Al Raheem Oil Mill, 6 Km, Haroonabad Road, Bahawalnagar	Sheikh Muhammad Nadeem	36302-3680564-3	Sheikh Muhammad Shafi	1	4,846		4,846	1	2,294	1	2,294
62	Lords Enterprises	House No. 09,10, House No. 2 Street 25/A District Shaheed Benazirabad	Khan Bahadur Bhatti	41306-5792005-5	M Juman Bhatti	1	6,546		6,546	1	4,146	I	4,146
80		H No 12, Mohallah Satellite Town, Mirpurkhas.	Buland Khan Bugti	44103-2067135-1	Zahid Hassan Bugti	3,000	4,549	27	7,576	-	4,302		4,302
81	Muhammad Afzal	H No 94 Lala Zar Colony # 1, Satellite Town Jhang	Muhammad Afzal	33100-0984217-3	Muhammad Aslam	4,702	5,914		10,616	-	5,750		5,750
82	Sajid Ali	Chak# 47-3R Po Basti Arain P/O Ahmed Pur	Sajid Ali	31104-8012611-9	Ali Ahmed	695	1,052	19	1,766	-	937		286
83	Muhammad Awais	Waso House 11 C, Civil Lines, Jhnag	Muhammad Awais	33202-9633759-1	Mian Muhammad Habib Ullah Anjum	1,900	4,823		6,723	-	4,544		4,544
84		Jhalyari Bhai Khy-E-Ghazi, Ndra Gujar Khan	Malik Amanat Hussain	37401-5023411-3	Malik Ghulam Qadir	6,019	2,854		8,873		2,700		2,700
85		Panah Nagar Po Khas Tehsil Depalpur Distt Okara	Dewan Shahzaib Ahmad	35301-2658230-3	Dewan Ishtiaq Ahmad	7,997	2,928		10,925		3,326		3,326
86			Muhammad Alla Ud Din	35201-5161663-5	Ch Shams Ud Din	1	2,652	118	2,770	1	2,170	I	2,170
87		1Ge Qurban Al Rind Scheme 33 Gulzar Hijri Ahib Teh Dour Distt S.Jhelum	Ghulam Rasool Rind	45402-0901254-5	Shah Ali Khan Rind	1	805	1	805	1	805	I	908
88	Mirza Naseer Ahmad Baig	Near Grid Station P.O Khas Haveli Lakha Tehsil Depapur Distt Okara	Mirza Naseer Ahmad Baig	35301-4940530-7	Mirza Bashir Ahmed Baig	2,102	7,041	38 38	9,181		5,817		5,817
68 80		132 Citizen, Null Qasimabad Hyderabad,	Ali Hyder Shah	41301-6198484-1	Syed Ghous Ali Shah	400	1,581	30	2,011		1,354		1,354
6	Shakeel Ahmed Shaikh Baihi Khan Lashari	H# B/7 Mohala Haji Pura Halanaka Village Muhammad Dha III Bandhi	Shakeel Ahmed Shaikh Baihi Khan Lashari	41303-8812454-3 45401-0657160-9	Muhammad Sidique Shaikh Muhammad Sultan Lashari	- 2 QRU	3,702 4 903	- -	3,702 7 863		3,702		3,702 4.617
5		vinge indiana una una muan Makhand	Udjili Nidil Lasilali	0-00-1000-10+0t	ואוטוומווווומט סטומו במזומו	2,300	4, 300	2	000'/		4,017		4,017
92		Mian Fazal Abba Sugar Mill Riaz Abad, Jhok Haji P.O Khas	Azhar Hussain	31202-1758362-1	Mian Sajjad Hussain Pirzada	1,576	3,035		4,611	1	2,532		2,532
8		177 E Garden Town Po Chakrala College	Ansar Beghum	36302-2769917-2	Khurshhed Ahmad Khan		5,188		5,188		4,788		4,788
94	Muhammad Shahbaz	Dera Shamus Din, Juriyan, Tehsil & Dist. Hafizabad.	Muhammad Shahbaz	34301-9788339-7	Hayat		2,440	5	2,445		2,140	10	2,150

	-	S	ol Tt	2,146		Fir	-	1	4,186	Sta			1	5,389	605	74	2,975	73	4,824
Total	(11+12+13)	14		2,1	1,0	1,0	2,331	1,0	4,1	1,0	1,8	10,172	1,237	2,3	9	13,174		14,173	4.8
Other	Financial Reliefs	13		•						•	•			ı			15		
Interest /	Mark-up written-off	12		2,146	1,061	1,029	2,331	1,024	4,186	1,028	1,868	10,172	1,237	2,389	605	13,174	2,960	14,173	4.824
Drincing	written-off	£	000, \$						'		•			1					
ing of year	Total (7+8+9)	9	Rupes '000	2,146	1,903	1,453	3,231	7,698	6,575	1,028	2,325	10,772	1,237	2,790	897	18,304	2,975	17,257	4,824
s at beginni	Others	6			30	55			35			22		85			15	വ	
Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	Interest / Mark-up	.∞		2,146	1,279	1,218	3,231	703	4,681	1,028	1,866	10,750	1,237	2,705	759	13,866	2,960	13,807	4,824
Outstandir	Principal	7			594	180	ı	6,995	1,859		459				138	4,438		3,445	
Eathor's /	Husband's Name	9		Riasat Ali Allah Ditta	Muhammad Bux	Syed Muhammad Taqi Shah	Tariq Mehmood Bajwa	Muhammad Younis Bajwa	Malik Niaz Ahmed Ghaloo	Ahmad Baksh	Allah Bux	Ghulam Haider	Mustafa	Sultan	Mian Sajjad Hassan	Sheikh Nabi Bukhsh/Sheikh Muhammad Hafeez Ullah	Pehlwan	Allah Ditta Jan Muhammad Allah Ditta Allah Ditta	Mian Khuda Bux Daha
	CNIC	5		35202-4953178-5 35202-5646105-7	36301-7058784-9	35202-4846647-9	35202-4914043-2	35202-2815991-1	36301-4297514-9	36202-0386597-5	36603-0809156-9	35201-1405891-9	35301-0755235-3	35301-1969015-9	36401-0853794-0	31304-2029505-9 31304-8838176-9	33203-8047477-9	33100-6783237-9 36502-2182659-5 36502-4610172-9 36502-5773307-5	32302-7811588-9
Name of Individuale /	Partners/Directors	4		Asmat Ullah Riasat Ali	ljaz Ahmad	Syed Iftikhar Ali Shah	Bushra Tariq Bajwa	Muhammad Zafar Iqbal Bajwa	Mumtaz Hussain Ghaloo	Mazhar Hussain	Mushtaq Ahmed Khan	Fahim Haider	Bilal Ahmad	Hakim Ali	Rehana Yasmin	Hameed Ullah Sheikh Zain Hafeez	Mehar Ghulam Shabir	Muhammad Iqbal Allah Ditta Naveed Iqbal Asif Iqbal	Mian Ashiq Hussain Daha

Chak No. 27/ W.B. Gul Muhamm

Mushtag Ahmed Khan

102

Mouza Bhadi Wahian, Tehsil &

Falak Sher

5

District Lodhran

Jandran Kalan, Po Hujra Shah Mukeem Tehsil Depalpur, District

H.No 17-C Govt Islamia Grl

12 Shami Road

Mian M. Fahim Haider

8

Bilal Ahmed

104

Hakim Ali

3

am

College Renala Khurd

Chak # 161/Eb, Tehsil Arifwala,

Rehana Yasmin

106

Okara.

District Pakpattan

amma Tehsil Sadiqabad District

Shiekh/Zain H

Hamid Ullah

107

Mouza Ther Po Ahmed Pur

Jaimbarhwana, Tehsil Shorkot

Moza Budhoana P/O

Mehar Ghulam Shabbir

108

Rahim Yar Khjan

Distt Jhang Chak No 90/6 Radda Maiwali

New Al-Farid Cold

109

Storage

Aasjid Sahiwal

Mouza Sabra, Tehsil Jalal Pur Pir

Mumtaz Hussain Ghallu

9

Allama Iqbal Town

Nala, District Multan

257 #1 House #3Lakho Dail 0 House No 309 Centre Choori

Muhammad Zafar Iqbal

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Bajwa

Bushra Tariq Bajwa

8

606

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996

1,755

1,230

525

Vali Muhammad

38403-2223029-7

Zafar Hayat

Aoza Behak Maken, Tehsil &

Zafar Hayat

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Basti Daha Baqaini -I P/O Baqaini -

Mian Ashiq Hussain

20

Daha

Tehsil Jatoi District Muzaffar

Garh.

Mehar Khan

33100-4023038-7

Mhammad Ashraf

District Sargodha Chak # 659 Gb Tehsil & Dist. Faisalabad

Mhammad Ashraf

112

857

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857

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1,347

1,347

Annexure I to and forming part of the

P/O Janoo Wali Tehsil Jalal Pur Pir

Nala District Multan. village Goil Po Khas

Syed Iftikhar Ali Shah

62

Basti Haveli Ameen Hoot Wala

Ejaz Ahmed

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Gujranwala

Thatha Azam, Tehsil& Dist.

M/S Al-Abbas Poultries

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Address

Name of the borrower

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ž ; v v			Name of Individuale /		Eathor's /	Outstandir	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ing of year	Drincinal	Interest /	Other	Total
	Name of the borrower	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Fauler 57 Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
									Rupes '000				
5	Yasir Khan	Flat # 3 Haroon Plaza 1St Fir Sec- 11 I North Karachi Up-Mor Karachi 03330234330 Flat # 3 Haroon Plaza 1St Fir Sec-1	Yasir Khan	41304-5643889-1	Yasir Khan	405	182		587	404	189	1	593
Ť	Haris Javed	H # 2 St # 18 Block - X People Colony Gujr Anwala Pakistan H # 2 St # 18 Block - X People Colony Gujranwala Pa	Haris Javed	34101-5359175-5	Javed Latif	1,063	123		1,186	1,046	152		1,198
ΣŤ	Makhdoom Amir Ahmed Hashmi	Plot # 57/ II, Admeasuring 491 Sq Yrd Phase V Dha Karachi	Makhdoom Amir Ahmed Hashmi	45202-0300421-7	Makhdoom Amir Ahmed Hashmi	11,620	4,076		15,696	1	2,725	100	2,825
ΣĂ	Muhammad Shahid Arshad	C/O H # 630 , B - Blk , PCSIR Society Phase - II , Johar Town Lahore Pakistan	Muhammad Shahid Arshad	35202-2800056-3	Muhammad Arshad Ali	399	1		410	1	526		526
õ	Saeed Ahmad	House # 621/R Street # 01Mohallah Ayubia khanewal Road Multan,Multan	Saeed Ahmad	36302-4273129-5	Haji Muhammad Bakhsh	538	62		600	566	126	1	692
¥		220 Al Rehman Trade Centre Shy E Liaqat Nr Arkay Square Karachi Pakistan	Yousuf Amin	42301-5891158-1	Mohammad Akram	561	94		655	45	480	1	525
\geq	119 Muhammad Ali	C/O H # 40 , St # 1 , Mohallah Qia I Muhammadi , Ravi Road Lahore Pakistan	Muhammad Ali	35202-7096345-5	Muhammad Aslam	377	47		424	117	401	1	518
At	Abdul Razaq Rafiqui	House 18/2 Sector 6 B Mehran Townkia Korangi St No 16 Astnakarachlikhi,Karachi	Abdul Razaq Rafiqui	42201-1522972-9	Abdul Wahab	455	57		512	455	57	1	512
N N	Sufiyan Samad	C/O 201 , E - Blk , Punjab Cooperative Housing Society , Ghazi Road , DHA Lahore Pakistan	Sufiyan Samad	42201-0896454-1	Samad Zakaria	419	14		433	1	572		572
й	Sain Rakhio	House # A- 450 Block 7 Kda Scheme 36 Gulistan-E-Jauhar Karachi	Sain Rakhio	45504-6170837-1	Sain Rakhio	9,459	7,182		16,641	1	5,577	100	5,677
$\geq \langle \rangle$	Muhammad Yousaf Anwar	House # 990, Street # 56, Sector G- Muhammad Yousaf Anwar 11/2, Islamabad, Pakistan	Muhammad Yousaf Anwar	13503-0657987-5	Muhammad Anwar Khan	282	139		421		621		621
之	Khurram Ahmed Salar	H # Ca-9 10 Al Falah Society Shah Faisal Colony Nr Al Falah Poly Clinic Karachi Pakistan	Khurram Ahmed Salar	42201-9473782-9	Afzal Ahmed	601	35		636	1	728	1	728
ŭ	Salman Khalid		Salman Khalid	32304-0696100-7	Muhammad Khalid	443	60		503	1	600	1	600
õ	126 Sheikh Atta Basit	HNo.09 Muhalla Simbli Valley Bara Kahu Opp Bank Of Punjab Islamabad Pakistan	Sheikh Atta Basit	61 101-78931 79-5	Sheikh Atta Ullah	660	116		776	199	688		887

Annexure I to and forming part of the
Consolidated Financial Statements

		:	Name of Individuals /		Father's /	Outstandir	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginr	ing of year	Principal			Total
Name of the borrower Ac		Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
2		3	4	5	9	7	8	6	9	ŧ	12		14
	-								Rupe	000			
Muhammad Ijaz Nasir C/O Pakhei Ferozpur Ro Pakistan	C/O Pakheii Ferozpur Rc Pakistan	C/O Pakheim Intl Pharma 21 - Km Ferozpur Rd Nr Kps School Lahore Pakistan	Muhammad Ijaz Nasir	35201-1521450-7	Muhammad Sharif	574	11		585		621		621
Muhammad Zafar H# 239 P N Main Baza	H# 239 P N Main Bazaı	H# 239 P Muhallah Shadab Colony Main Bazar Faisalabad Pakistan	Muhammad Zafar	33100-9980620-1	Muhammad Sharif	754	467	1	1,221		542		542
Zafar Abdullah H No 25 E Korangi C School Ka	H No 25 E Korangi C School Ka	H No 25 Defence Villas Kps School Korangi Crossing Near KPS School Karachi Pakistan	Zafar Abdullah	42501-5973522-7	Mushtaq Ahmed	606	366		1,275	167	968 8		835
Malik Sultan Khan H#215 St	H#215 St	H#215 St#67 G-8 1 Pakistan	Malik Sultan Khan	61101-1810152-5	Malik Mohammad Nawaz	500	25	3	528	200	110	8	618
	H# 12/A Saddique Road Lal	H# 12/A, St# 05, Main Bazar Saddique Colony Timber Mrkt Ravi Road Lahore	Shabbir Ahmed	35202-1689440-1	Faqir Muhammad	б	87		96		1,291		1,291
Abdul Basit Uppal H # 21, I Town,Gi	H # 21, F Town,Gu	H # 21, Block -F /A-Model Town,Gujranwala.	Abdul Basit Uppal	34101-8576910-5	Sardar Ahmad Uppal	1,444	275	•	1,719	1	717	•	717
Abid Khurram C/O Pak Block 5 Ghl E lqt	C/O Pak Block 5 Ghi E lgt	C/O Pak British Institute, FI-4/18, Block 5 Main Rashid Minhas Rd Ghl E Iqbal Karachi Pakistan	Abid Khurram	42101-1761703-7	Muhammad Nawaz	692	66		868		759		759
134 Muhammad Kamran Kausar Noor Kh Multan.	Kausar (Noor Kh Multan.	Kausar Oil Mill Wali Gali Chah Noor Khan Wala Suraj Kund Road Multan.	Muhammad Kamran	36302-1326360-3	Muhammad Iqbal	2,310	505		2,815		724	134	828
Asif Qaiyum House # Town, R	House # Town, R	House # 757/1, Block B, Satellite Town, Rawalpindi	Asif Qaiyum	37405-1678957-9	Abdul Qaiyum	3,045	908	•	3,953	1	2,481	•	2,481
Liaquat Ali Khewat No. 03, Kanal, Share Tr. 162/72000, Adi 8, 4-1/2-Sarsai, Situated At Moi Chamu, Qultan Mandi, Tehsi M Khanewal.	Khewat Kanal, S 162/720 8.4-1/2- Situated Channu Mandi, T Khanew	Khewat No. 03, Salam Khata 100- Kanal, Share Transferred 162/72000, Admeasuring 04-Marla 8 4-1/2-Sarsai, 8 4-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 9 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 9 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 9 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 9 at-1/2-Sarsai, 8 at-1/2-Sarsai, 9 at	Liaquat Ali	36104-8432724-3	Ghullam Abbas	2,053	217		2,270		724	116	840
Flaz Khan Khakwani Khawat No. 205 Khatoon House Neel Ko New SH	Khewat No. 202 Khatoo House Neel Kc New Sh Multan	Khewat No. 1329/1321, Khatooni No. 2023, Khewat No. 1337/1329, Khatooni No. 2031, House No. 22, Situated In Mouza New Shalimar Colony, Bosan Road Multan	Flaz Khan Khakwani	36302-8723790-3	Nasir Khan Khakwani	3,407	4,912		8,319		3,451	116	3,567
Vishal Vishal I 15Th C Karach	Vishal F 15Th C Karach	Vishal Plot 34-C Flat 6 3Rd Floor 15Th Comm Street Dha Phase2 Karachi 03337271127	Vishal	43304-6734993-7	Tara Chand Talreja	3,698	345		4,043		569		569

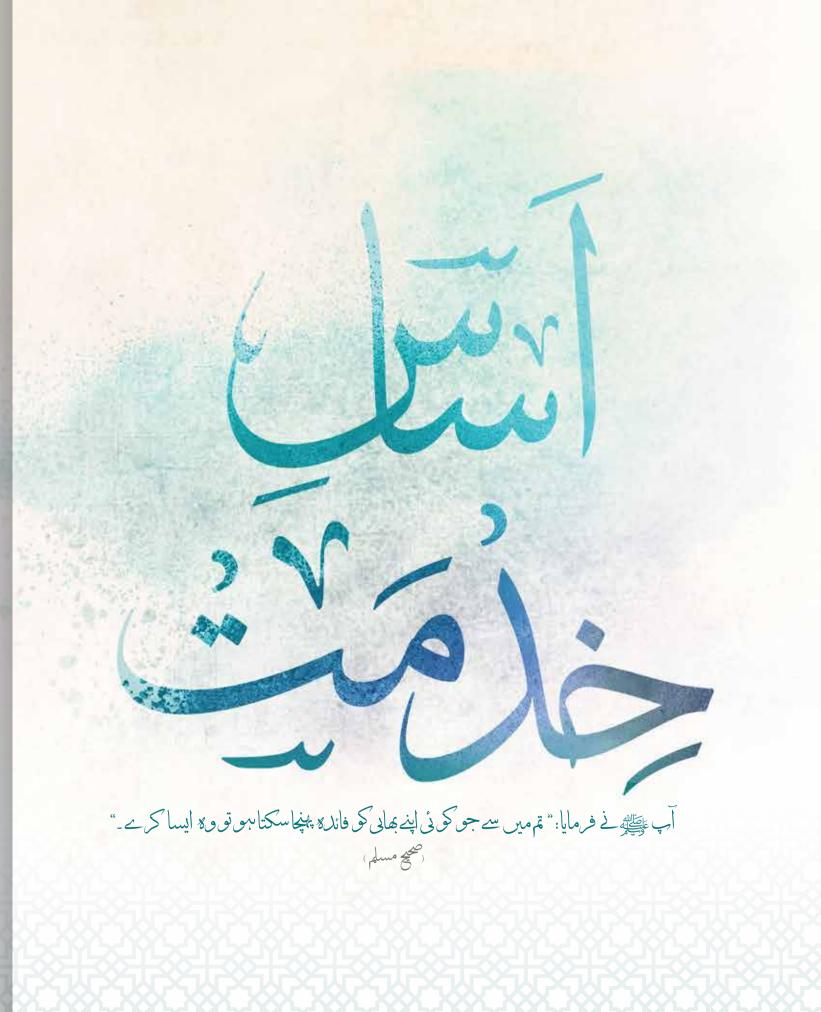
v	_		Name of Individuals /		Eathor's /	Outstandir	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ing of year	Drincinal	Interest /	Other	Total
ŠŠ	Name of the borrower	r Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)		Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	1	12	13	14
									Rupees '000	000, si			
139	9 Dawood Imran	House# 1257 St # 94 Bangali Mohala Sada R Cantt Lahore Cantt 03219488123 House# 1257 St # 94 Bangali Moh	Dawood Imran	35201-9867700-5	Muhammad Nazir Ahmad	962	358		1,154		629		679
140	0 Jawad Ali Qureshi	B-45 Central Govt Soicety Blk#10- A Gulshan-E-lqbal Karachi	Jawad Ali Qureshi	42201-0902037-7	Shahid Ali Qureshi	531	45		576		570		570
14.	141 Muhammad Shamim	House# A-52 Street# 5 Block-H North Nazimabad Nr Taimoria Masjid Khi 03644009802 House# A- 52 Street# 5 Block-H North	Muhammad Shamim	42101-1704226-1	M Shamim Abideen	294	238	4	536	293	304	4	601
142	2 Noman Yousuf	D-16 Dawood Colony Opp Ptv Jamal Uddin Afghari Road Opp Ptv Karachi Pakistan D-16 Dawood Colony Opp Ptv Jamal Uddin Afgh	Noman Yousuf	42201-9990755-5	Muhammad Yousuf	488	402	19	606	484	511	19	1,014
143	3 Syed Muhammad Fahad	House#1729/392 Gujrat Colony Baldia Town 3 Near Bilal Mosque Karachi ,Karachi	Syed Muhammad Fahad	42401-7352003-3	Syed Muhammad Javed	481	36		517	481	62		543
144	4 Syed Imtesal Ahmed	House# R-851 Bk-8 Azizabad F.B Area Nr Comprehensive School Karachi	Syed Imtesal Ahmed	42101-9315933-7	Syed Nihal Ahmed	743	26	1	840	1	935	1	935
145	5 Abdul Ghafoor	House # 11D Z Block Scheme 2 Street 4 Cha H Merah Lahore Pakistan House # 11D Z Block Scheme 2 Stree	Abdul Ghafoor	35202-5179500-5	Abdul Haleem	270	20	24	314	270	253	24	547
146	6 Namet Ullah Khan	H# 101 St# 01 Mian Wali Bhakkar Goods Transport Compnay By Pas Rd Khurria Faisalabad	Namet Ullah Khan	38101-0637564-5	Shah Behram Khan	493	53		546	1	548	1	548
147	7 Muhammad Afzal Shahzad	House # B-15, Sector W-1, Gulshan-E-Maymar, Karachi	Muhammad Afzal Shahzad	42201-9115916-5	Muhammad Aslam	5,354	374		5,728		1,619		1,619
148	8 Ali Shahzad	Flat # 4 74-B Shahid Street, Near Wapda Office Sanda Kalan, Lahore	Ali Shahzad	35202-0422074-5	Shahzad Maik	895	150	I	1,045	I	474	129	603
149	9 Waqas Ahmad Yousaf	H # 88, F-Block, Phase-2, Al Rehman Garden, Lahore.	Waqas Ahmad Yousaf	35402-2785033-5	Muhammad Yousaf	2,175	759	1	2,934		926		926
150	0 Imtiaz Hussain Qaiser	House # 163, Street # 24, I-9/1, Islamabad	Imtiaz Hussain Qaiser	61101-1862981-7	Akbar Hussain	453	159	1	612		980		980
151		House # B-43, Block-9, KDA Scheme 24, Gulshan-E-Iqbal, Karachi	Syed Khalid Jamil	42201-6485744-7	Syed M Jameel Ul Rehman Shah	4,833	7,765		12,598	I	5,829		5,829
152	2 Tariq Saleem Khan	378 G Rehmanpura Ferozepur Road Lahore	Tariq Saleem Khan	35202-2578444-5	Mushtaq Ahmed Khan	171	4	385	560	169	11	445	625
153	3 Muhammad Arif Mithani	Hno A52 Blk-1 Gulshan E lqbal Nr Caltex Petrol Pump Karachi	Muhammad Arif Mithani	42201-5647365-7	Haji Abdul Ghaffar Mithani	575	56		631		592	1	592

Ű			Nama of Individuals /		E athor's /	Outstandi	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginni	ing of year	Drinoinal	Interest /	Other	Total
ο Š	Name of the borrower	. Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Fauler s / Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off	Mark-up written-off	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
									Rupees	<u>8</u>			
154	Shahzada Saleem Baig	21 Garden Blockgarden Town.Lahore	Shahzada Saleem Baig	35202-2726973-5	Shahzada Abdul Aziz	4,451	1,649		6,100	4,451	1,649		6,100
155	Waqas Ismail	397-H1 Johar Town, Lahore	Waqas Ismail	35202-2632845-3	Mohammad Ismail	492	187	ı	679	492	187		679
156	Nuhammad Shahbaz Yaqoob Malik	47 New Officers Colony,Saddar Baz,Lahore	Muhammad Shahbaz Yaqoob Malik	35201-1678121-9	Mohammad Yaqoob Malik	386	123		509	386	123	-	509
157	. Ali Awais	Sai Jewellars St # 02 Anarkalibazar Shahkot Faisalabad	Ali Awais	35502-0173751-1	Muhammad Amjad Javed	498	75	2	580	498	92	2	580
158	i Hafiz Usman Tahir	H# 55 St No-12 Mohalla Islam Nagamear Suni Shahi Masjid Qabristan Faisalabad	Hafiz Usman Tahir	33100-1864163-3	Tahir Iqbal	498	75	2	580	498	75	7	580
159	Muhammad Atique Rana	H No 37 F Mohalla Mediacomavenue Kashmir Pull 208 Chak Road Near Za Town	Muhammad Atique Rana	41303-9078127-3	Muhammad Nawaz Rana	466	65	2	538	466	99	2	538
160		ad	Malik Aamir Gulzar	38403-9998635-7	Gulzar Ahmad Malik	107	65		172	-	510	5	515
161	S Anzar Hussain	c	S Anzar Hussain	42101-7398960-3	Syed Irfan Hussain	917	121	11	1,049	917	121	10	1,048
162		H No B-100 Block 06Gulshan E Iqbal Nr Dhaka Sweets Karachi	Muhammad Wasif Ali	42301-8673511-5	Muhammad Ali	888	93	2	988	888	125	7	1,020
163	i Murtaza Abdul Rehman Rehman	House # 272 1-FIr Aminabad Corporativesociety Offmatrin Road Pib Colony Karachi	Murtaza Abdul Rehman Rehman	42201-5942220-7	Abdul Rehman	369	48	17	434	485	37		522
164	. Hamad Rahim	Sufianabad Stp Atari Sakoba Mtro Stationdot Care Pvt Ltd , 18-Km Ferozpur Rd Nr Lahore	Hamad Rahim	35201-5837944-7	Muhammad Atta Ur Rahim	430	33	12	475	500	48	15	563
165	Syed Ali Asghar	-f, se-	Syed Ali Asghar	35201-7754180-5	Syed Shahanshah Asghar	292	746	15	1,526	746	51	œ	805
166	Faisal Javed	Flat #102, Sami Classic, Block- F,North Nazimabad, Near Fathe Park Karachi	Faisal Javed	42000-0486605-3	Javed Haroon	2	1	1	2	840	62	9	938
167	. Shaikh Shiraz Mubash	Honda Shahrah E Faisal Shop#13 Bangloretown Shahra E Faisal Nr Baloch Pull Karachi	Shaikh Shiraz Mubash	42301-5749545-5	Sheikh Mubashir Maqbool	454	1	1	454	573	119	8	700
168	Nadeem Shahid	P-123 First Floor Ghalla Mandinear Bhola Commission Shop Faisalabad	Nadeem Shahid	34401-0580198-9	Sakhawat Hussain	536	497	34	1,067	482	29	15	564
169	Muhammad Gohar	H # 10 , St # 13 , Jinnah Parksultan Pura Road Lahore	Muhammad Gohar	35202-7317688-9	Muhammad Tariq	28			28	969	155	13	1,137
170	Muhammad Bilal	Q-Links, Of#72-A Block-A Smchs Near Foods Inn Post Production Dept Karachi	Muhammad Bilal	42401-3235415-9	Muhammad Saleem	20	-	2	28	948	89	6	1,046

Ű			Name of Individuals /		Eathor's /	Outstandi	Outstanding Liabilities at beginning of year	s at beginn	ing of year	Dringing Interest /	Interest /	Other	Total
ν. Š	Name of the borrower	Address	Partners/Directors	CNIC	Fauler s / Husband's Name	Principal	Interest / Mark-up	Others	Total (7+8+9)	written-off Mark-up Financial written-off Reliefs	Mark-up Financial written-off Reliefs	Financial Reliefs	(11+12+13)
-	2	3	4	5	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14
									Rupee	Rupes '000			
171	171 Muhammad Furqan	House # A-89 1St Floor Saadabad Muhammad Housingsociety Opp Halima Masjd Blook 4Gulistan E Johar Karachi	Muhammad Furqan	54400-0392567-7	Abdul Hayee	062	43	34	867	821	120	66	980
172	Ch Muhammad Rizwan I	172 Ch Muhammad Rizwan Lg 3 841 N Crown Tower Samanabadhear Ubi Branch Lahore	Ch Muhammad Rizwan I	35202-3559881 -5	Ch M Ikram İsmail	433			433	500	57	9	563
173	173 Aqib Mehmood	H No 182 Near Circuit House Oppositedental College District Jail Road Multan	Aqib Mehmood	36302-5537124-5	Khawaja Jamal Ud Din Asghar	947			947	976	139	80	1,123
						453,975	453,975 1,188,765		2,803 1,645,543		21,632 1,109,489	1,651	1,132,772

Other Information





Consumer Grievances Handling Mechanism

With the vision to 'Be the leading Islamic Bank in Pakistan', Faysal Bank believes in making continuous efforts towards enhancing Customer Experience across touchpoints, such as but not limited to; branch banking, contact center and digital channels. It is our differentiating edge to proactively anticipate our customers' needs and wants and modify our model accordingly, to provide service going above-and-beyond.

We at Faysal Bank believe in providing an impeccable experience to our customers and as part of our service excellence mandate, we have established pillars of visibility, accountability, customer feedback and grievance handling, which enable us to better empathize with the customer and put our efforts towards enhancing their experience at every step.

It is our priority to ensure that the Bank's conduct with its customers is fair and absolutely transparent, imparting awareness to take informed decisions and at the same time delivering upon our committed standards. With this resolve, the Bank has been investing in state-of-art technology to not only improve the Service Delivery & Digital Experience, but also to gauge internal processes to ensure delivery as per standards.

To meet our pledge of rendering the best in class service, we have implemented the following initiatives; resulting in optimal customer experience:

Consumer Protection Policy: In order to inculcate customer centricity in the culture and dynamics of Fayal Bank, we have framed an extensive consumer protection policy, which outlines comprehensive guidelines for customer management throughout the customer journey and product lifecycle.

Voice of Customer Program: The in-house Voice of Customer (VoC) programme enables us to capture customers' feedback, requirements and expectations via surveys and other strategic initiatives. The programme gathers customer feedback on all available customer touchpoints to capture customers' satisfaction on the Bank's services/products/processes/digital offerings/brand equity/lifestyle and complaints through interviews of our valued customers

Service Standards Monitoring Spectrum: The Bank has an automated process monitoring platform that spans across various products, channels including but not limited to Digital Channels, Branch Banking, Consumer Finance, Centralized Operations and support segments with an aim to identify gaps and drive efforts to meet our committed service standards.

Knowledge Initiatives: We drive a robust knowledge enhancement programme focused towards increasing our staff awareness levels on products, processes and customer handling techniques. To inculcate the service mind-set, not only do we take the contemporary approach, but we also utilise mediums such as Service Snippets, Infograms, Online Portal, etc.

Process Optimization: Process Optimization at Customer Experience thoroughly keeps in focus all the facts and figures emanating from the platforms mentioned above and the complaint management unit, and yields strategies and plans to make the experience better for our customers.

Complaint Management Unit: The Complaint Resolution process at Faysal Bank is to ensure due diligence and high quality complaint closures under the umbrella of a clear FTC (Fair Treatment of Customers) framework.

In 2023, the Bank directly received a total of 82,312 complaints which were resolved in an average time of 4 working days. In addition, we at Faysal Bank conduct thorough root cause analysis to facilitate / drive continuous improvement in tandem with the business and product management teams via various avenues as elaborated above.

Customer Satisfaction Surveys: At Faysal Bank, we conduct regular Customer Satisfaction Surveys from renowned vendors to get an independent external view on the customer experience across products and delivery channels.

Market Competition Scan: With the resolve to understand the key drivers behind industry best practices, both locally and internationally, Faysal Bank continuously carries out competitive scans on various service standards and process journeys.

Video Mystery Shopping Program: We have a robust and unique Video Mystery Shopping Program (VMSP), which is conducted by an external, independent agency. Especially designed to capture a range of aesthetics and customer interactive elements, with a view to identify weak areas and validate strengths. This programme is a testament to our customer commitment where the Bank continuously seeks ways to improve the customer experience with a 360-degree view.

Combined Pattern of CDC and Physical Shareholding as on December 31, 2023

S.No.	Categories of Shareholders	Number of Shareholders	Shares held	Percentaç %
	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Relat	ted Parties		
	Ithmaar Bank B.S.C	6	729,367,723	
	Faisal Finance (Luxembourg) S.A.		129,830,225	
	MFAI (Jersey) Limited		38,995,485	72.07
	MFAI (Jersey) Limited		50,365,166	
	DMI (Jersey) Limited		64,915,110	
	State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan		80,368,941	
	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their Spou	se(s) and Minor Children		
	Mian Muhammad Younis	12	726	
	Mr. Ahmed Abdulrahim Mohamed Abdulla Bucheery		723	
	Mr. Juma Hasan Ali Abul		723	
	Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Pervez		133,344	
	Mr. Abdulelah Ebrahim Mohamed AlQasimi		575	
	Mr. Abdulla Abdulaziz Ali Taleb		575	1.70
	Mr. Ali Munir		755	
	Ms. Fatima Asad Khan		500	
	Mr. Mohsin Tarig		25,672,975	
	Ms. Sadia Khan		1,000	
	Mr. Yousaf Hussain- President & CEO		-	-
	Executives/Employees	3	12,410	0.00
	NIT and ICP	4	17,914	0.00
	Banks, Development Financial Institutions,			
	Non-Banking Financial Institutions	17	42,973,336	2.83
;	Insurance Companies	11	14,688,319	0.97
	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	42	23,837,974	1.57
	General Public			
	a. Local	16,500	236,643,098	15.59
	b. Foreign	160	22,220,018	1.46
	Others			
	a. Foreign Companies	14	1,867,133	0.12
	b. Joint Stock Companies	98	23,582,315	1.55
	c. Provident Funds, Pension Funds,			
	Gratuity Funds and other entities	71	32,199,462	2.12
otal		16,938	1,517,696,525	100.00
		Total Paid-up Capital	1,517,696,525 Shares	
		10% of the Paid-up Capital	151,769,652 Shares	
.No.	Shareholders holding 10% or more Shares			
	Ithmaar Bank B.S.C		729,367,723	48.06

Combined Pattern of CDC and Physical Shareholding as on December 31, 2023

S.No.	Categories of Shareholders	Number of Shareholders	Shares held	Percentage %
1	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties	6	1,093,842,650	72.07
2	Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their Spouse(s) and Minor Children	12	25,811,896	1.70
3	Executives/ Employees	3	12,410	0.00
4	NIT and ICP	4	17,914	0.00
5	Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Institutions	17	42,973,336	2.83
6	Insurance Companies	11	14,688,319	0.97
7	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	42	23,837,974	1.57
8	General Public			
	a. Local	16,500	236,643,098	15.59
	b. Foreign	160	22,220,018	1.46
9	Others			
	a. Foreign	14	1,867,133	0.12
	b. Joint Stock Companies	98	23,582,315	1.55
	c. Provident Funds, Pension Funds,			
	Gratuity Funds and other entities	71	32,199,462	2.12
	Total	16,938	1,517,696,525	100

Pattern of Shareholding

As on December 31, 2023

Number of Shareholders	Share	eholding	Slab	Total Shares Held	Number of Shareholders	Share	holding S	lab	Total Shares Held
4214	1	to	100	128,272	4	240001	to	245000	972,049
5866	101	to	500	1,761,020	7	245001	to	250000	1,746,582
1445	501	to	1000	1,068,588	2	250001	to	255000	502,381
3455	1001	to	5000	9,239,197	2	255001	to	260000	514,170
699	5001	to	10000	5,164,639	1	260001	to	265000	264,302
305	10001	to	15000	3,798,643	3	270001	to	275000	823,500
169	15001	to	20000	3,049,721	1	280001	to	285000	280,947
118	20001	to	25000	2,725,271	8	295001	to	300000	2,395,577
73	25001	to	30000	2,030,474	1	305001	to	310000	308,283
51	30001	to	35000	1,658,281	3	310001	to	315000	939,624
34	35001	to	40000	1,292,700	1	320001	to	325000	321,815
24	40001	to	45000	1,032,861	4	325001	to	330000	1,315,881
42	45001	to	50000	2,063,396	1	335001	to	340000	338,350
13	50001	to	55000	674,362	2	340001	to	345000	688,640
26	55001	to	60000	1,502,005	3	345001	to	350000	1,044,412
19	60001	to	65000	1,196,840	1	350001	to	355000	352,000
17	65001	to	70000	1,149,751	1	355001	to	360000	355,214
19	70001	to	75000	1,388,349	1	370001	to	375000	372,000
9	75001	to	80000	693,652	4	375001	to	380000	1,506,152
10	80001	to	85000	828,901	1	380001	to	385000	385,000
11	85001	to	90000	964,941	2	385001	to	390000	777,407
9	90001	to	95000	832,425	2	390001	to	395000	783,078
22	95001	to	100000	2,191,614	1	395001	to	400000	396,000
6	100001	to	105000	610,212	2	405001	to	410000	812,013
4	105001	to	110000	435,112	2	410001	to	415000	827,594
8	110001	to	115000	896,802	1	420001	to	425000	421,000
4	115001	to	120000	475,812	2	430001	to	435000	866,678
8	120001	to	125000	987,094	1	435001	to	440000	438,543
4	125001	to	130000	511,320	3	440001	to	445000	1,322,393
5	130001	to	135000	657,235	1	470001	to	475000	471,500
6	135001	to	140000	830,389	5	495001	to	500000	2,496,818
5	140001	to	145000	714,628	2	500001	to	505000	1,005,596
13	145001	to	150000	1,935,239	1	505001	to	510000	506,000
2	150001	to	155000	304,195	1	545001	to	550000	545,290
5	155001	to	160000	795,283	1	555001	to	560000	558,000
4	160001	to	165000	653,213	3	575001	to	580000	1,735,000
2	165001	to	170000	337,500	1	590001	to	595000	590,541
3	170001	to	175000	521,017	3	595001	to	600000	1,800,000
5	175001	to	180000	891,224	1	605001	to	610000	606,000
5	180001	to	185000	914,297	1	610001	to	615000	610,215
4	185001	to	190000	755,082	1	640001	to	645000	644,469
4	190001	to	195000	768,648	1	650001	to	655000	651,908
13	195001	to	200000	2,596,086	1	665001	to	670000	669,000
2	200001	to	205000	408,600	2	685001	to	690000	1,377,962
1	205001	to	210000	205,861	1	695001	to	700000	700,000
3	210001	to	215000	637,967	1	700001	to	705000	705,000
2	215001	to	220000	438,300	1	725001	to	730000	727,481
3	220001	to	225000	673,672	1	735001	to	740000	736,755
4	225001	to	230000	913,000	2	745001	to	750000	1,500,000
1	230001	to	235000	235,000	1	750001	to	755000	750,358

As on December 31, 2023

Number of Shareholders	Share	holding	Slab	Total Shares Held	Number of Shareholders	Sharet	olding	Slab	Total Shares Held
2	765001	to	770000	1,537,842	1	2890001	to	2895000	2,890,047
1	770001	to	775000	774,812	1	3200001	to	3205000	3,204,539
1	775001	to	780000	779,506	1	3540001	to	3545000	3,543,320
1	780001	to	785000	781,633	1	3775001	to	3780000	3,778,730
1	825001	to	830000	829,950	1	4485001	to	4490000	4,485,247
1	830001	to	835000	832,380	1	4695001	to	4700000	4,700,000
1	905001	to	910000	905,973	1	4720001	to	4725000	4,724,429
1	950001	to	955000	950,346	1	5545001	to	5550000	5,547,919
1	975001	to	980000	975,855	1	5735001	to	5740000	5,737,890
2	995001	to	1000000	2,000,000	1	6090001	to	6095000	6,090,780
2	1015001	to	1020000	2,032,599	1	6185001	to	6190000	6,187,641
1	1035001	to	1040000	1,035,039	1	6825001	to	6830000	6,829,500
1	1065001	to	1070000	1,065,130	1	7085001	to	7090000	7,086,648
1	1070001	to	1075000	1,075,000	1	7600001	to	7605000	7,605,000
1	1075001	to	1080000	1,076,350	1	9745001	to	9750000	9,747,500
1	1170001	to	1175000	1,175,000	1	10060001	to	10065000	10,063,926
1	1245001	to	1250000	1,250,000	1	13095001	to	13100000	13,099,818
1	1390001	to	1395000	1,390,400	1	14830001	to	14835000	14,833,000
1	1520001	to	1525000	1,521,000	1	20060001	to	20065000	20,060,309
1	1530001	to	1535000	1,535,000	1	25670001	to	25675000	25,672,975
1	1555001	to	1560000	1,558,500	1	38995001	to	39000000	38,995,485
1	1565001	to	1570000	1,570,000	1	43935001	to	43940000	43,938,825
2	1700001	to	1705000	3,406,500	1	50365001	to	50370000	50,365,166
1	1710001	to	1715000	1,712,529	1	59215001	to	59220000	59,215,466
2	1995001	to	2000000	4,000,000	1	64915001	to	64920000	64,915,110
2	2065001	to	2070000	4,138,319	1	80365001	to	80370000	80,368,941
1	2100001	to	2105000	2,100,697	1	129830001	to	129835000	129,830,225
1	2290001	to	2295000	2,293,500	1	729365001	to	729370000	729,367,723
1	2505001	to	2510000	2,508,337	16938				1,517,696,525

Code Of Conduct on Corporate Website







PUBLIC WARNING BEWARE OF FRAUD

DO NOT LOSE YOUR MONEY TO

- Illegal Hawala Hundi operators for transfers of funds from abroad
- Brokers or their agents offering investment products promising high rates of return
- Modarabas operating without authorization from SECP
- Foreign brokerage houses not covered under local laws
- Real Estate Schemes/Projects that promise you high gains and residency permits abroad
- Illegal loan schemes requiring you to pay non-refundable upfront fees
- Deposits schemes promising unusually high markup/profit
- Unsolicited investment offers through social media , emails and SMS

Company verification:

You can also confirm status using SECP SMS* verification services

ALWAYS ASK

Is your company registered and licensed with Securities and

Exchange Commission of

ALWAYS CONFIRM

The registration status of Company,

Modaraba, Broker or Agent by visiting the SECP website or the Jamapunji portal www.jamapunji.pk

Pakistan (SECP)

SMS < incorporation ID> to 8181

SMS LV <space> < incorporation ID> to 8181
Agent Verification

SMS < Agent ID> to 8181

Modaraba Verification:

SMS MV<space><Modaraba authorization ID> to 8181

COMPLAINTS

DIAL 0800-88008

or use our new Service Desk Management System (SDMS) https://sdms.secp.gov.pk

www.jamapunji.pk

An investor education initiative of the SECP

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f jamapunji.pk 🛛 🎔 @jamapunji\_pk



### Notice of the Twenty Ninth Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 29TH Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Faysal Bank Limited ("FBL") will be held on March 6, 2024, at 10:00 a.m. at Grand Ballroom, Pearl Continental Hotel, Club Road, Karachi to transact the following businesses:

#### Ordinary Business:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on May 11, 2023.
- 2. To receive and adopt Unconsolidated & Consolidated Financial Statements and Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance of FBL for the year ended December 31, 2023, together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 3. To consider and approve as recommended by the Board of Directors 20% Final Cash Dividend for the year ended December 31, 2023 in addition to 10% Interim Cash Dividend for the Second Quarter (half year) ended June 30, 2023 and 10% Interim Cash Dividend for the third quarter ended September 30, 2023 already paid to the Shareholders.
- 4. To appoint External Auditors KPMG Taseer Hadi & CO, Chartered Accountants for the ensuing financial year 2024 at PKR 16,750,000/-(excluding sales tax and out of pocket expenses capped at 10%) of statutory audit, reviews, and certification fees.
- 5. Any other business with the permission of the Chair.

#### Special Business:

 To consider and approve Transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements /Annual Report to the Shareholders through QR Enabled Code and Weblink in that connection to pass the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions, with or without modification, addition, or deletion.

"RESOLVED that in terms of SRO 389(1)/2023 dated March 21, 2023 of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements to the Shareholders of the Bank through QR enabled code and weblink be and is hereby approved.

**RESOLVED** that with the adoption of more advanced mode, the transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements through CD/DVD/USB be and hereby be discontinued.

**RESOLVED** that the Bank shall provide hard or soft copies of complete Annual Audited Financial Statements along with the other requisite documents free of cost to those Shareholders who have made a written request to the Bank in this regards.

FURTHER RESOLVED that the Company Secretary and/or Chief Financial officer of the Bank be and are hereby singly authorized to do all acts, deeds and things in connection and ancillary thereto as may be required or expedient to give effect to the spirit and intent of the above resolutions."

 To consider and approve the amount of remuneration paid to the Non-Executive/Independent Directors of FBL during the year 2023 for attending the Board/Sub-Committees Meetings and in that connection to pass the following resolution as Special Resolution, with or without modification, addition or deletion.

"RESOLVED that the remuneration paid to the Chairman, Non-Executive and Independent Directors of Faysal Bank Limited for attending Board meetings and meetings of the Board Committees i.e. Recruitment, Nomination and Remuneration Committee; Board Risk Management Committee; Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee; Board Strategy Committee and Board IT Committee as disclosed in Note No. 38.2 of the Annual Audited Unconsolidated Financial Statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2023 is submitted to the shareholders for approval on a post facto basis, be and is hereby approved."

8. To transact any other Business with the permission of the Chairman.

Karachi dated: February 13, 2024

By the order of the Board

#### Aurangzeb Amin

Company Secretary & Head of Legal

#### Notes:

- 1. The Share Transfer Books of the Bank shall remain closed from **February 29, 2024 to March 6, 2024** (both days inclusive). Transfer received at the Share Registrar of the Bank, by the close of business on February 28, 2024, will be treated in time.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint another person as per his/her proxy to attend and vote for him/her provided that a corporation may appoint as its proxy a person who is not a member but is duly authorized by the corporation. Proxies must be received at the Registered Office of the Bank not later than 10:00 a.m. on March 4, 2024.

#### 3. Participation in the AGM through Video link

The General Meeting is being conducted as per guidelines circulated by SECP following arrangements have also been made by the Bank to facilitate the maximum participation of the shareholders in the AGM through video link facility, either in-person or through appointed proxies:

The shareholders interested to participate through video link are requested to please provide below information at Email: **cdcsr@cdcsrsl.com** and WhatsApp No. **0321-8200864** at the earliest but not later than close of business on March 5, 2024.

| Full Name of<br>Shareholder /<br>Proxy Holder | Company             | CNIC Number | Folio / CDC<br>A/c No. | Email ID | Mobile Phone No. |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|
|                                               | Faysal Bank Limited |             |                        |          |                  |

Please note that video link and login credentials will be shared with only those members / designated proxies whose e-mail and other required information are received in required time as mentioned above.

- a) Video-link for the meeting will be sent to members at their provided email addresses enabling them to attend the meeting on the given date and time.
- b) Login facility will be opened thirty (30) minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting after the identification process. Shareholders will be able to login and participate in the meeting proceedings through their devices after completing all the formalities required for the identification and verification of the shareholders.
- c) Shareholders may send their comments and suggestions relating to the agenda items of the AGM at least two (2) working days before the meeting, at the given email address cdcsr@cdcsrsl.com WhatsApp on 0321-8200864. Shareholders are requested to mention their full name, CNIC # and Folio/CDC Account # for this purpose.
- d) Shareholders are encouraged to participate in the meeting to consolidate their attendance and participation through proxies.
- 4. CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

#### A. For attending the Meeting

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail are uploaded as per the regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the Meeting.
- ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of Meeting.

#### B. For appointing proxies

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and /or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CINC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- v) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

#### 5. Procedure for E-Voting

In accordance with the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulation, 2018, ("the Regulations") the right to vote through electronic voting facility and voting by post shall be provided to members of every listed company for, inter alia, all businesses classified as special business under the Companies Act, 2017, ("the Act") in the manner and subject to conditions contained in the Regulations.

- a. Details of the e-voting facility will be shared through an e-mail with those members of the Company who have their valid CNIC numbers, cell numbers, and e-mail addresses available in the register of members of the Company by the close of business on February 28, 2024.
- b. The web address, login details, and password, will be communicated to members via email. The security codes will be communicated to members through SMS from the web portal of CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (being the e-voting service provider).
- c. Identity of the Members intending to cast vote through e-voting shall be authenticated through electronic signature or authentication for login.
- d. Members shall cast vote online at any time from March 1, 2024, 9:00 a.m. to March 5, 2024. Voting shall close on March 5, 2024, at 5:00 p.m. Once the vote on the resolution is cast by a Member, he/she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

#### 6. Procedure for Voting Through Postal Ballot

Pursuant to Regulations, the right to vote through electronic voting facility and voting by post shall be provided to members of every listed company for all businesses classified as special business under the Act in the manner and subject to conditions contained in the Regulations in accordance with the requirements and procedure contained in the aforesaid Regulations.

a. The members shall ensure that the duly filled and signed ballot paper, along with a copy of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) should reach the Chairman of the meeting through post at the Company's registered address, Faysal Bank Limited Faysal House, St-02, Commercial Lane, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan or email at <u>companysecretary@faysalbank.com</u> one day before the AGM, i.e., on March 5, 2024, during working hours. The signature on the Ballot Paper shall match with signature on the CNIC.

This postal Poll paper is also available for download from the website of FBL at <u>www.faysalbank.com</u> or use the same as published in newspapers.

Please note that in case of any dispute in voting including the casting of more than one vote, the Chairman shall be the deciding authority.

 Members are required to timely notify any change in their address to their respective Participants (if shares are held electronically) or to the Share Registrar of the Bank (if shares are held in physical form) M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

#### 8. Mandatory Requirement for Provision of IBAN and Valid CNIC for payment of Cash Dividend through Electronically:

In compliance with requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulation, 2017, the Bank has withheld dividend of those shareholders who have not yet provided correct and complete bank account details including valid IBAN of their own bank accounts.

In order to receive cash dividend(s) withheld by the Bank as stated above, shareholders are requested to contact Bank's Share Registrar at the above given address or Participant / Investor Account Services of Central Depository Company of Pakistan (as the case may be) along with legible copy of their respective valid CNIC and provide their complete and correct bank account details including valid IBAN.

#### 9. Deduction of Withholding Tax:

Please note that the withholding tax will be deducted at the following rate based on "Active Taxpayer List" (ATL) available at FBR website:

- 1. Persons appearing in Active Taxpayers List: 15%
- 2. Persons not appearing in Active Taxpayers List: 30%.

Further, in case of joint shareholders, tax will be deducted as per their ratio/share (if any) intimated by the same to the Bank's Share Registrar, otherwise their shareholding treated as equal.

#### 10. Requirement of Valid Tax Exemption Certificate for Claim of Exemption U/S 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001:

If the FBL is available with valid exemption certificate issued u/s 159 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 or has filed a petition against the FBR for acquiring exemption certificate, in any relevant court, a copy of valid exemption certificate or certified true copy of the Stay Order of Honorable Court along with latest court proceedings (if any) would be required latest by February 28, 2024 in lieu of valid exemption certificate for non-deducting of withholding tax. In case of non-availability of the same or court order, tax shall be deducted accordingly.

#### 11. Deduction of Zakat on Dividend issue:

The Zakat will be deducted from the dividends at source at the rate of 2.5% of the paid-up value of the shares (Rs. 10/- each) under Zakat and Ushr Laws and will be deposited within the prescribed period with the relevant authority. Please submit your Zakat Declaration Form (CZ 50) under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance 1980 & Rule 4 of Zakat (Deduction & Refund) Rules, 1981 to the Bank's Share Registrar. Shareholders who hold shares with participants / CDC are advised to provide the above Forms through the concerned brokers / CDC.

#### 12. Availability of Audited Financial Statements on Company's Website

The Company has placed the Audited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 along with Auditor's and Director's Reports thereon on its website: <u>www.faysalbank.com</u>

#### 13. Transmission of Financial Statements to the Members through e-mail

In pursuance of SECP notification S.R.O 787 (I)/2014 dated September 08, 2014, the companies have been allowed to circulate their Annual Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account, Auditor's Report and Director's Report (Annual Financial Statements) along with Notice of Annual General Meeting (Notice) through e-mail to the members of the Company. Members desiring to avail this facility may provide the requisite information to the Company Share Registrar, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi for which form may be downloaded from the Company's website: www.faysalbank.com

#### 14. Deposit / Conversion of Physical Shares into Book-Entry Form:

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") through its letter No. CSD/ED/Misc./2016-639-640 dated March 26, 2021 has advised listed companies to adhere with the provision of the Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the "Act") requiring all the existing companies to replace shares issued by them in physical form with shares into Book-Entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by the SECP but not exceeding four (04) years from the date of the promulgation of the Act. Considering the aforesaid directive, FBL has also published a request on dated May 28, 2021 to ensure compliance with requirement of the Act and advised to open Investor Account directly with the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited ("CDC") or CDC-Sub-Account with any of the TREC Holder registered with Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited to place their physical shares into Book-Entry form. It will not only to secure the compliance of relevant rules and regulations but will also speed up the process of disbursement of entitlement to the respective shareholders.

#### 15. Claiming of Unclaimed / Unpaid Dividends and Share Certificates:

In compliance of Section 244 of the companies Act 2017, the Bank has already requested through individual letters to shareholders who have not yet claimed their outstanding cash dividends/ bonus shares, Shareholders are once again requested to lodge their claims for cash dividends, right /bonus shares kept with the Share Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Bank. On the address given above.

#### 16. Registration on CDC's e-Services Web Portal:

Central Depository Company (CDC) has developed Centralized Cash Dividend Register (CCDR), an e-Services web portal which contains details pertinent to cash dividend paid, unpaid or withheld by listed companies. The CCDR will help to maintain history of dividends paid to shareholder by listed companies and access of all such information will be provided to the respective shareholders. The web portal will facilitate shareholders of listed companies in retrieving detail of cash dividends from centralized register and using the same for their record purposes. Shareholders may access CCDR via <u>https://eservices.cdcaccess.com.pk</u> in addition, the Dividend / Zakat & Tax Deduction Report can also be obtained directly from participant (Stock Broker) which has been provided to them on their CDS terminals. Moreover, shareholders may also receive copy of this report on their provided email addresses.

## Statement of Material Facts Under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017 in Respect of Special Business

#### Agenda Item No. 6:

To consider and approve Transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements /Annual Report to the Shareholders through QR Enabled Code and Weblink in that connection to pass the following Resolution as Special Resolutions, with or without modification, addition, or deletion.

In view of the technological advancements, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has, vide S.R.O. 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, allowed Listed Companies to circulate the Annual Report (including the Audited Financial Statements, Auditor's Report, Director's Report, Chairman Review Report) to the Shareholders of the Company through QR enabled code and weblink.

The Board of Directors has recommended that the resolution in its Meeting held on February 7, 2024, as set out in the AGM notice for approval by the Shareholders for circulation of the Annual Report to the Shareholders of the Company through QR enabled code and weblink.

If any Shareholder wishes to obtain a printed copy of the Annual Report, he/she is requested to write to the undersigned at Registered Office, Faysal House, ST-02, Commercial Lane, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. The requested hard copy will be provided free of cost at the shareholder's registered address in accordance with the aforementioned SRO.

#### Agenda Item No. 7:

To Consider and approve the amount of remuneration paid to the Non-Executive/Independent Directors of FBL during the year 2023 for attending the Board/Sub-Committees Meetings and in that connection to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution, with or without modification, addition or deletion.

**RESOLVED** that the remuneration paid to the Chairman, Non-Executive and Independent Directors of Faysal Bank Limited for attending Board meetings and meetings of the Board Committees i.e. Recruitment, Nomination and Remuneration Committee; Board Risk Management Committee; Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee; Board Strategy Committee and Board IT Committee as disclosed in Note No. 38.2 of the Annual Audited Unconsolidated Financial Statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2023 is submitted to the shareholders for approval on a post facto basis, be and is hereby approved."

### Ballot Paper For Voting Through Post

For poll at the Annual General Meeting to be held on Wednesday, March 6, 2024, at 10:00 a.m. at Grand Ballroom, Pearl Continental Hotel, Club Road, Karachi.

Designated email address of the Chairman at which the duly filled in ballot paper may be sent: companysecretary@faysalbank.com

| Name of shareholder/joint shareholder(s):                                                                               |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Registered Address:                                                                                                     |  |
| CDC Participant / Investor ID with sub-account No.                                                                      |  |
| Number of shares held                                                                                                   |  |
| CNIC / Passport No. (in case of foreigner) (copy to be attached)                                                        |  |
| Additional Information and enclosures (In case of representative of body corporate, corporation and Federal Government) |  |
| Name of Authorized Signatory:                                                                                           |  |
| CNIC / Passport No. (in case of foreigner) of Authorized<br>Signatory – (copy to be attached)                           |  |

I/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the following special resolutions through postal ballot by giving my/our assent or dissent to the following special resolution by placing tick ( $\checkmark$ ) mark in the appropriate box below:

#### Special Resolutions

#### Agenda Item No. 6:

To consider and approve Transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements /Annual Report to the Shareholders through QR Enabled Code and Weblink in that connection to pass the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions, with or without modification, addition, or deletion.

"RESOLVED that in terms of SRO 389(1)/2023 dated March 21, 2023 of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements to the Shareholders of the Bank through QR enabled code and weblink be and is hereby approved.

"RESOLVED that with the adoption of more advanced mode, the transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements through CD/DVD/USB be and hereby be discontinued.

"RESOLVED that the Bank shall provide hard or soft copies of complete Annual Audited Financial Statements along with the other requisite documents free of cost to those Shareholders who have made a written request to the Bank in this regards.

**FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Company Secretary and/or Chief Financial officer of the Bank be and are hereby singly authorized to do all acts, deeds and things in connection and ancillary thereto as may be required or expedient to give effect to the spirit and intent of the above resolutions."

#### Agenda Item 7:

To consider and approve the amount of remuneration paid to the Non-Executive/Independent Directors of FBL during the year 2023 for attending the Board/Sub-Committees Meetings and in that connection to pass the following resolution as Special Resolution, with or without modification, addition or deletion.

"RESOLVED that the remuneration paid to the Chairman, Non-Executive and Independent Directors of Faysal Bank Limited for attending Board meetings and meetings of the Board Committees i.e. Recruitment, Nomination and Remuneration Committee; Board Risk Management Committee; Board Audit & Corporate Governance Committee; Board Strategy Committee and Board IT Committee as disclosed in Note No. 38.2 of the Annual Audited Unconsolidated Financial Statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2023 is submitted to the shareholders for approval on a post facto basis, be and is hereby approved."

### Ballot Paper For Voting Through Post

| Instructions For Poll                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. Please indicate your vote by ticking ( $$ ) the relevant box.                                                                                                                                                                                 |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. In case if both the boxes are marked as ( $$ ), you poll shall be treated as "Rejected".                                                                                                                                                      |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| l/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the above special resolutions through ballot by by placing tick ( $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$                                                        | conveying my/our favor or  | against to the resolution |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resolutions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | In favor of the Resolution | Against the<br>Resolution |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agenda Item 6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agenda Item 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTES:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ol> <li>Dully filled postal poll paper should be sent to the Chairman of Faysal Bank Limited at Faysal House, 4th Floor, St-02, Commercial Lane, Main<br/>Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi or Email: <u>companysecretary@faysalbank.com</u></li> </ol> |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Copy of CNIC/ Passport No. (In case of foreigner) should be enclosed with the postal ballot form.                                                                                                                                             |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Postal poll paper should reach the Chairman within business hours by or before March 5, 2024. Any postal ballot received after this date, will not be considered for voting.                                                                  |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Signature on postal poll paper should match with signature on CNIC/ Passport No. (In case of foreigner).                                                                                                                                      |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, over written poll paper will be rejected.                                                                                                                                          |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Date                       |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholder / Proxy holder Signature/Authorized Signatory<br>(in case of corporate entity, please affix company stamp)                                                                                                                           |                            |                           |  |  |  |  |  |

### Form of Proxy

| I/We                                                                                     |                                      | of                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| a member (s) of FAYSAL BANK LIMITED and holding                                          |                                      | ordinary shares, as per                     |
| Register Folio No. / Participant's ID/CDC sub Account No                                 |                                      |                                             |
| hereby appoint                                                                           |                                      | Folio No. / Participant's                   |
| ID/CDC sub Account No                                                                    |                                      | Or                                          |
| failing him/her                                                                          | of                                   | as                                          |
| my / our proxy to vote and act for me / us on my / our behalf at th adjournment thereof. | ne Annual General Meeting of the Bar | nk will be held on March 6, 2024 and at any |

| Signed | _ day o | of, | 2024 |
|--------|---------|-----|------|

| 10/ | itness: |  |
|-----|---------|--|
| VV  | 101622  |  |

| 1 |  |   |      |      |      |  |  |
|---|--|---|------|------|------|--|--|
|   |  | _ | <br> | <br> | <br> |  |  |

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#### NOTES:

1. The Share Transfer Books of the Bank shall remain closed from February 29, 2024 to March 6, 2024 (both days inclusive). Transfer received at the Shares Registrar of the Bank, by the close of business on February 28–, 2024 will be treated in time for attending Annual General Meeting will be held on March 6, 2024 at Karachi.

Revenue Stamp Bs. 5/-

Signature of Member (s)

- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint another Member as per his/her proxy to attend and vote for him/her provided that a corporation may appoint as its proxy a person who is not a member, but is duly authorized by the corporation. Proxies must be received at the Registered Office of the Bank not less than 48 hours before the time of the holding of the Meeting.
- 3. Members are required to timely notify any change in their address to Bank's Shares Registrar M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.
- 4. CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

#### A. For attending the Meeting:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail are uploaded as per the regulations, shell authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the Meeting.
- ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of Meeting.

#### B. For appointing proxies:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and /or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shell submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CINC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- v) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

## پراکسی فارم

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | میں/ہم _        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | رہائتی          |
| میٹڈ کے مبر(ز) کی حیثیت ہے رجٹر فولیونمبر اپارٹی سپنٹ شناختی نمبر اسی ڈی سی۔ اکاؤنٹ نمبر کے مطابق                                                                                                                                                                                             | فيصل ببينك      |
| کے مالک ہیں اور بذریع پر از ا                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                 |
| _ باب ین منبر این در می می این می موجود گی میں بر بان کی غیر موجود گی میں                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                 |
| یں چیف سال ، (10 و 00 شب 10 و 0 . (<br>کو پراکسی کےطور پر مقرر کرتا ہوں 1 کرتے ہیں جو کہ میر ے اہمارے پراکسی                                                                                                                                                                                  |                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
| 6 مارچ، 2024 کو منعقد ہونے دالے سالانہ اجلاسِ عام میں میری/ہاری جانب سے شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کے اہل ہوں گے۔<br>6                                                                                                                                                                            | بینک کے ذ       |
| دستخط کی تاریخ                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | دستخط           |
| ,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | گواه            |
| پايڅ رو                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1               |
| مجر(ز                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 2               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | نوے:<br>ر       |
| ے کے شئیر ٹرانسفر بکس29 فروری،2024 سے 6 مارچ،2024 تک (بشمول دونوں دن ) بندر ہیں گی۔ بینک کے شیئر زر جسٹر ار کر<br>اختشام تک موصول ہونے والے ٹرانسفر کو 6 مارچ،2024 کو کراچی میں منعقد ہونے والے سالانہ اجلاس عام کے لئے بر وقت قرار د                                                         | 1. بينک<br>کے   |
| اس میں شرکت اور دوٹ دینے کااہل ممبر کسی دوسرے ممبر کواپنی جگہ شرکت کرنے اور دوٹ دینے کے لئے پراکسی مقرر کر سکتاہے جبک<br>ہ پراکسی کا ممبر ہونالاز می نہیں ہے، لیکن اس کے پاس ادا رے کی جانب سے تقر ری کا ثبوت ہونا چا ہیے۔ پراکسیز لاز می طور پر اجلاس سے کم<br>سٹرڈ آفس میں وصول ہونی چا ہے۔ | 2. اجل<br>كرد.  |
| رزاپنے پتے کی تبدیلی سے متعلق اطلاع بینک کے شئیر رجسٹر اڑ میسر زسی ڈی سی ہاؤں کمیٹڈ، سی ڈی سی ہاؤس،B-99بلاک بی،ایس ایم<br>یوقت دیں۔                                                                                                                                                           | 3. ممبر<br>كوبر |
| ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز سکیور ٹیزاینڈ ایکیچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کے 26   جنوری ، 2000   کوجاری شدہ سر کلر 1   میں دی گئی رہنما ہدایا                                                                                                                                                               | 4. سی           |
| اجلاس میں شرکت کے لیے:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | А               |
| انفرادی ممبر ز کی صورت میں اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاسب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈراور / یادہ آد می جس کی سکیور ٹیز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہیں اور اس کج<br>مطابق اپلوڈ ہوچکی ہیں،انہیں اپنی شناخت کے لیے اجلاس میں نثر کت کے وقت قومی شناختی کارڈ  (CNIC) یا اصل پاسپورٹ پیش                                                   | .1              |
| کار پوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں اجلاس کے وقت بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر ز کی قراردا د / پادر آف اٹار نی(اگر پہلے فراہم نہیں کیا گیا ہے<br>کے ساتھ پیش کرناہو گا۔                                                                                                                                           | .2              |
| پراکسیز کی تقرری کے لئے                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | В               |
| انفرادی ممبر ز کی صورت میں اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاسب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈراور / یادہ آد می جس کی سیکیور ٹیز گروپ میں ہیں اور اس کی رجسٹ<br>اپلوڈ ہو گئی ہیں، انہیں درجِ بالاضر دریات کے مطابق پر اکسی فارم جمع کر اناہو گا۔                                                                                     | .1              |
| پراکسی فارم پر دوافرا د کی گواہی در کار ہو گی جن کے نام، پیۃ اور سی این آئی سی نمبر درج ہوں گے۔                                                                                                                                                                                               | .2              |
| پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ اصل ممبر اور پراکسی کے سی این آئی سی پاپاسپورٹ کی مصد قیہ نقول منسلک ہوں گی۔                                                                                                                                                                                              | .3              |
| میٹنگ کے وقت پر اکسی کواپنااصل کمپیوٹر انز ڈقومی شاختی کارڈیااصل پاسپورٹ پیش کر ناضر ورمی ہو گا۔<br>۔۔۔                                                                                                                                                                                       | .4              |
| کار پوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں کمپنی کے پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر ز کی قراردا د / پادر آف اٹار نی(اگر پہلے فراہم <sup>ز</sup><br>ہو گا۔                                                                                                                                              | .5              |

#### Faysal Bank Limited

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