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## VISION

To be a responsible customer focused bank providing inclusive and progressive financial services

## MISSION

To build long term relationships by delivering transformative customer experience, responsible banking, innovative technology, aiming to be employer of first choice and shaping opportunities that grow shareholders' value

## **CORE VALUES**

**Commitment**: Passionate about our customers' success and delighting them with quality of our service

**Integrity**: A distinctive investment, delivering outstanding performance, return and value

**Fairness**: Exemplary compliance, governess and business ethics

Teamwork: Caring for our people and helping them to grow

**Service**: Dedication towards social development and improvement in quality of life

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Rupees in million	2023	2022	Growth (%)
Total Assets	2,124,006	1,525,671	39.2
Deposits	1,293,146	1,142,575	13.2
Advances - Net	633,133	583,811	8.4
Investments	1,182,538	762,697	55.0
Shareholders' Equity	97,123	73,322	32.5
Operating profit	43,011	28,502	50.9
Profit before taxation	42,044	27,459	53.1
Profit after taxation	21,435	14,062	52.4
Earnings - Rs. per share	14.79	9.70	
Net book value - Rs. per share	67.01	58.18	
Market value - Rs. per share	24.72	20.10	





## Annual Report 2023

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Wagar Ahmed Malik

Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Arif Ur Rehman

Non-Executive Director

Dr. Nadeem Inayat

Lt Gen Ghayur Mahmood Awan, HI(M), T Bt (Retd) \*

Mr. Manzoor Ahmed

Non-Executive Director / NIT Nominee

Raja Muhammad Abbas

Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani

Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza

Independent Director

Ms. Samina Rizwan

Mr. Atif R. Bokhari

#### SHARIAH BOARD

Mufti Muhammad Zahid

Dr. Muhammad Tahir Mansoori

Mufti Zakir Hassan Naumani

Mufti Dr. Lutfullah Saqib

#### **AUDITORS**

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

#### **LEGAL ADVISORS**

RIAA, Barker Gillette

Advocates & Corporate Counselors

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

Syed Ali Safdar Naqvi

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

AWT Plaza, The Mall, P. O. Box No. 1084

Rawalpindi - 46000, Pakistan

Tel: (92 51) 8092631 UAN: (92 51) 111 000 787

Fax: (92 51) 2857448

Email: ir@askaribank.com.pk

#### \* Subject to Fit & Proper Test clearance by the State Bank of Pakistan

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES AUDIT**

Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza - Chairman

Dr. Nadeem Inayat

Lt Gen Ghayur Mahmood Awan, HI(M), T Bt (Retd) \*

Mr. Manzoor Ahmed Raja Muhammad Abbas

#### **HUMAN RESOURCE &** REMUNERATION

Mr. Manzoor Ahmed - Chairman

Dr. Nadeem Inayat

Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani

Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza

Ms. Samina Rizwan

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani - Chairperson

Dr. Nadeem Inayat

Mr. Manzoor Ahmed

Mr. Atif R. Bokhari

#### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Ms. Samina Rizwan - Chairperson

Dr. Nadeem Inayat

Lt Gen Ghayur Mahmood Awan, HI(M), T Bt (Retd) \*

Raja Muhammad Abbas

Mr. Atif R. Bokhari

#### **REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER OFFICE**

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (CDCSRSL)

Mezzanine Floor, South Tower, LSE Plaza

19-Khayaban-e-Aiwan-e-Iqbal, Lahore

Tel: Customer Support Services (Toll Free)

0800-CDCPL (23275)

Tel: (92 42) 36362061-66

Fax: (92 42) 36300072

Email: info@cdcsrsl.com

Website: www.cdcsrsl.com

#### **ENTITY RATINGS**

Long Term: AA+ Short Term: A1+ By PACRA

#### **WEBSITE & SOCIAL MEDIA**

www.askaribank.com



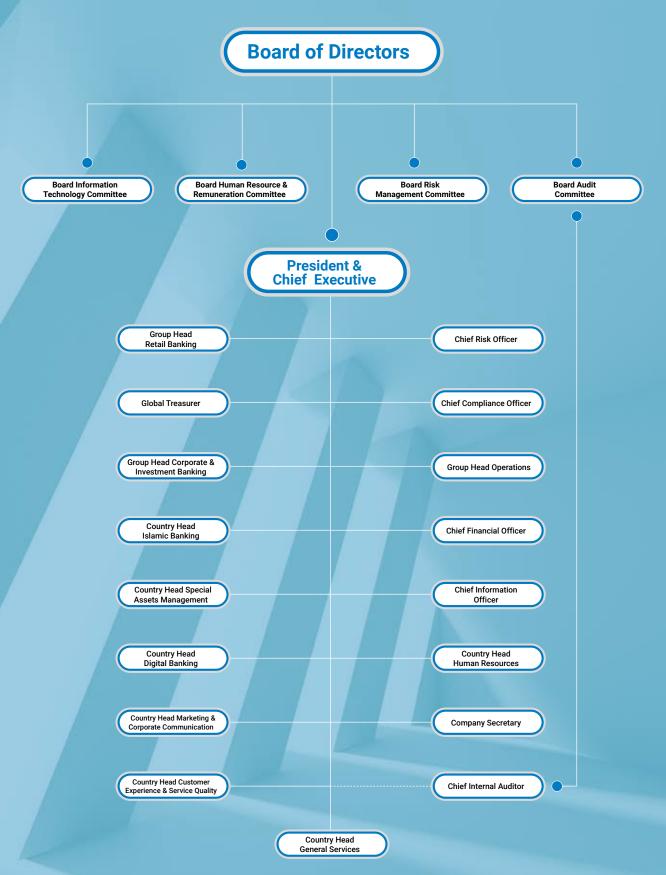






askaribanklimited AskariBankOfficial

## ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



## PRODUCTS & SERVICES

#### **Corporate, Commercial & Investment Banking**

Askari Bank (the Bank) understands the diverse business requirements of the Bank's corporate and institutional clients, and accordingly strive to meet their expectations by providing a customized and relationship-based banking approach.

#### **Corporate Banking**

Corporate banking works on a long-term relationshipbased business model to provide a single point within the Bank which meets all business requirements of its corporate and institutional customers, including public sector enterprises. Along with innovative products and solutions, customer service remains the Bank's top priority. The Bank's relationship-oriented outlook focuses on providing a complete array of tailored financing solutions that are practical and cost effective, some of which include:

- Working Capital Facilities
- Term Loans
- Letters of Guarantee
- · Letters of Credit
- Discounting Facilities
- Export Financing
- Cash Management and Employee Banking Solutions

#### **Commercial Banking**

Commercial Banking serves the middle tier segment by providing both general and tailored solutions encompassing all financial needs of the borrower ranging from Trade Finance to working capital requirements. Dedicated relationship managers provide customized solutions to the Bank's customers.

#### **Investment Banking**

Investment banking offers a range of financial advisory and capital raising services to corporate and institutional clients. It also manages the Bank's proprietary investments in local equity and debt markets. Investment banking offers various tailored financial solutions including debt syndications, project finance and advisory services, debt placements through capital markets as well as structured trade finance facilities. Whether a company is seeking to access the local or cross border syndications and debt capital markets, project financing needs, advisory services related to Mergers and Acquisitions and or local equity capital markets for raising capital, the Bank's Investment Banking is well positioned to provide due assistance. We tailor the right structured solutions to meet the Bank's customers' needs in order to enhance business wealth and market competitiveness.

#### **International Banking**

Having Correspondent Banking relationships with 670 banks in 88 countries around the world, Askari International Banking remains focused on tapping new markets in Europe apart from South East Asia and

Middle East markets to boost international trade and remittances. Concentrated efforts are also being made to promote business from China, leveraging on positive spill-over of Chinese investment in Pakistan, especially under CPEC.

#### China Desk

Askari China Desk was created with the sole intent of facilitating Chinese businesses working for various projects in Pakistan and has been immensely successful in term of fostering rich financial prospects and bringing in valuable Chinese deposits and trade. With an increasing number of Chinese investors entering Pakistan, by establishing dedicated China Desk, the Bank is well-placed to cater the needs of all existing and new customers.

#### **Cash Management Services**

Askari Cash Management Services aims to effectively manage the accounts receivable portfolio of medium and large corporate entities.

Transactional banking primarily aims at providing clearing, collection and cash / transfer facility to corporate clients.

Employee Banking provides efficient solution of payroll management to the Bank's Corporate clients under one resource center, which handles the process through the vast network of the Bank's branches.

#### **Institutional Sales**

Institutional sales offer tailor made and OTC products to its corporate clients catering to their needs alongwith consumer products for their employees at most affordable rates with premium services.

#### **Askari Aasaan Money**

Home Remittance segment is pivotal in promoting remittances through its state-of-the-art web based portal "Askari Aasaan Money Transfer". This service is completely free of cost and is available for all citizens across the country.

#### **Branch Banking**

Askari Bank is committed to delivering a comprehensive range of financial solutions tailored to meet the diverse banking requirements of the Bank's customers. The Bank's services encompass Conventional, Corporate, Consumer, Islamic, and Agriculture Banking, available through the Bank's extensive network of 660 branches and sub-branches strategically located in major cities and towns across Pakistan.

#### **Current Account**

Current Accounts cater to a variety of transactional needs of the Bank's diverse customer base with value added benefits of Cheque books, Debit cards, Bankers' cheques, Real Time Alerts, i-Net Banking and much more.

#### **Savings Account**

Savings accounts are offered by the Bank to both individual and institutional customers include Askari Maximiser, Askari Special Deposit Account and regular Savings Account based on profit and loss sharing (PLS). Askari Savings products offer attractive features and competitive returns.

#### **Term Deposit**

The Bank's Term Deposit products are crafted to meet the investment needs of both individual and corporate customers with a medium to long-term horizon. It offers a unique opportunity for customers seeking flexibility of profits at various frequencies.

#### **Value Plus Current Account**

Askari Value Plus Current Account provides unparalleled flexibility, financial security, and freedom. Designed for individuals, product offers free life insurance coverage and a range of complimentary banking services for seamless transactions, without any minimum balance requirements.

#### **Askari Asaan Account**

Askari Bank offers Asaan Account to unbanked / underbanked individuals. The product is available in Current and Savings account categories. It offers hassle-free account opening and operating procedure to facilitate lower income groups for their banking requirements.

#### **Askari Sahar Account**

Specially designed product suite by the name of Askari Sahar Account has been specifically developed to cater to the women segment, with the aim to minimize the gender gap in financial inclusion. Askari Sahar account is offered in all Current, Savings and Term Deposit variants with range of free banking services and attractive returns

#### **DIGITAL BANKING**

Askari digital banking solutions empowers customers to manage their finances conveniently and securely from anywhere, at any time. With user-friendly interfaces and robust security measures, the Bank provides seamless access to a wide range of banking services from account management to funds transfer and bill payments, from educational payments to charity & donations, from M-Tag recharge to purchase bus / cinema tickets, Personal Finance Management (PFM) to make and track your monthly budgets, expenses, saving goals and much more. By leveraging digital technologies, we aim to "get closer to the customer" and enhance their banking experience.

#### **Digital Lifestyle Branch:**

Askari Bank inaugurated its first digital branch, heralding a new era of banking that seamlessly integrates cutting edge technology with customer-centricity. The opening of digital branch strategically underscores AKBL's devotion showcasing a forward-thinking approach for innovative banking solutions. Technology utilized at the Bank's 1st digital branch include, Oculus for Virtual Reality Branch Experience, Tablets & Mobile Devices for Digital On-boarding, Cash Recycler Machine, Customer Visit Management System, Interactive Digital Kiosk, and E-Notice Board



#### **Mobile and Internet Banking:**

Askari Bank is committed to simplifying the lives of customers like never before. The Bank MobileApp has undergone a significant upgrade, introducing an end-to-end digital experience for mobile registration - multiple short sprints unfolding to improve various customer journey points. With half a million customers now utilizing the app and giving it an impressive 4.8 rating, the Bank continues to strive for excellence in delivering a seamless digital banking experience.

Salient features offered in MobileApp are as follows:

- QR / HCE Payments through Virtual Cards
- Apply Online for Consumer Products
- Discounts & Alliances information
- Loan(s) details
- Ask Advance Instant Digital Lending Solution
- Debit Card Management
- Account Statement
- Cheque Book Activation
- Book Cinema and Bus Tickets
- Cheque Management
- Manage Daily limits
- Branch Appointments
- Enhanced Security Features through biometric login & PIN

#### WhatsApp Banking:

Askari Bank launched WhatsApp Banking as an instant response channel for customers queries, and the way the Bank's customers engage with their accounts. This offers a range of functionalities, including registration, account management, debit card management and the ability to lodge complaints – all from the convenience of WhatsApp.

#### PRODUCTS & SERVICES

#### **Customer Digital On-Boarding:**

Askari Bank takes a transformative approach to enhancing customer experiences by reimagining the inception point of interactions, evolving through iterative enhancements from the optimization of traditional paper-based application processes to the realization of a fully digitized, customer-driven on-boarding journey. The culmination of this innovation journey has empowered us to extend sophisticated digital capabilities, facilitating fully digital on-boarding experience.

Through the Askari Digital On-boarding platform, the Bank offers Resident Pakistanis the convenience of online account opening, empowering them to initiate their banking relationships effortlessly from anywhere. With this platform, customers gain access to a suite of digital solutions, enabling them to bank on the go with Askari Bank. The range of accounts accessible through this platform includes:

- · Askari Asaan Digital Account
- Askari Asaan Digital Remittance Account
- Askari Freelancer Digital Account
- Various other AKBL Accounts

#### SMS Banking:

Askari Bank offers SMS banking offers the capability to perform various actions through short messaging service. These actions include, Activating a new Debit Card, Changing Debit Card PIN, Blocking / Unblocking Debit Card, Inquiring about account balance, Obtaining a mini statement, Requesting a Cheque Book, and Stopping Cheque Payment.

#### **Consumer Banking**

Consumer banking provides range of financing solutions to cater and meet the Bank's customers' personal financing need through innovative products and offerings. The Bank keeps in mind customers' needs at every stage of life. To enrich customer experience, the Bank continuously seek new alliances to provide rich offerings and discounts.

#### Ask4Car

Askari Ask4Car is an auto financing product for new / used vehicles. It offers competitive floating / fixed mark-up, flexible repayment plan and quick processing without any hidden charges. The product is offered to the customers for a maximum tenor of 5 years.

#### **Personal Finance**

With unmatched financing features in terms of loan amount, payback period and easy monthly installments, Askari Bank's Personal Finance makes sure that the Bank's customers get the most out of their loans. The product tenor ranges from 1 – 4 years and is designed for salaried individuals and businessmen.

#### **Ask Advance**

Askari Bank also offers Ask Advance. It is an instant Personal Loan for short term period without hassle of any formal approval process and disbursement of loan within minutes. This facility is available 24/7 through Askari Internet Banking and Mobile App and can be availed by the employees of approved companies having payroll disbursement arrangement with Askari Bank.

#### **Mortgage Finance**

Askari Bank Mortgage Finance offers competitive rates and flexible terms, making it easy for customers to achieve their homeownership goals.

Whether the Bank's customers are purchasing, building or renovating, the Bank's personalized solutions and expert guidance ensure a transparent and efficient process. This premium housing Finance Product is offered to customers for a period up to 25 years.

#### MasterCard Credit Card

Askari Bank offers a competitive suite of Classic, Gold, Platinum and Corporate MasterCard Credit Cards that provide superior services, travel privileges, exciting discounts, online payment facility along with reward points and transactional alerts through SMS as an enhanced security feature. The option for Flexible Credit Plans (FCP), Extended Payment Plan (EPP) and Balance Transfer is also available to customers at discounted mark-up rates.

#### World MasterCard Credit Card

Askari Bank pioneered Pakistan's first ever "World MasterCard" in collaboration with MasterCard International. This credit card is specifically designed for customers seeking high-class service standards and travel privileges worldwide.

#### Askari VISA Debit Card

Askari Bank has entered into a strategic alliance with Visa, a leading global payments technology company. As a financial institution, Askari Bank's collaboration with Visa provides a significant boost to its global outreach and lucrative enhancement in the Banks Debit card portfolio suite. This partnership taps into Visa's vast international network, offering Askari Bank an opportunity to expand its footprint across continents and cultures.

#### **Call Center**

The Bank's Call Center provides a single point of contact to all callers and offers real-time information on products and services. This year the system has been upgraded to empower the Bank's customers by providing efficient self-service banking along with Contact Centre agent assistance round the clock.

#### **Automated Teller Machine (ATM)**

Askari Bank, as a member of 1-link, (Pakistan's first payment system operator and service provider) shares

network of over 16,000 ATMs, including 640 Askari Bank ATMs. This network provides ATM service in all major cities of Pakistan.

The Bank's fleet of ATMs include NFC enabled machines that allow the ability to draw funds with just a tap of the debit card and a pin.

#### Small and Medium Enterprises (SME) Banking

Askari Bank fosters the spirit of SMEs by improving and refining the access to finance, by providing innovative lending solutions. The Bank offers diverse portfolio of lending facilities, including SBP / Government Schemes, offering discounted loans to specific target segments. We recognize the importance of this market segment and committed to provide opportunities through the Bank's customized SME Product Programs.

Askari Bank significantly contributes to the growth of SME sector through strategically located country-wide branch network. Specialized credit resource and empowered relationship management teams are stationed at the gross root level, to exclusively serve the SMEs.

Askari Bank has specially designed a separate women specific lending product program to cater women entrepreneurs. As per emerging market demand, Askari Bank provides solutions using digital platform. Bank also offers trade expertise and awareness on trade related activities through strategically located branches across the country.

In order to cater the financial needs of SME segment, the Bank offers a wider variety of Product Programs including:

- Prime Minister Youth Business Loan and Agricultural Scheme (PMYB&ALS)
- Askari Ujala Finance (Renewable Energy)
- Askari Sehar Finance (Women Entrepreneurship)
- Askari Imarat Finance (Infrastructure building)
- Askari Flour Mill Finance
- · Ask Fauri Business Finance
- Supply Chain Finance

#### **Agriculture Banking**

Wide range of Products and services under Production & Development agriculture finance are being offered to timely and adequately meet the credit requirement of the agriculture and rural sector.

Loans are being extended for crops, livestock, farm mechanization, irrigation & water, tunnel farming, construction of storage facilities, floriculture, poultry, fisheries, orchards, purchase of tractors, refrigerated trucks / pickups, value chains and small farmer loan schemes. Loan facilities under Govt./ SBP Schemes are also offered on subsidized mark-up rate.

Following is the list of AKBL's Agri products:

- Askari Kissan Ever Green Finance
- Askari Kissan Tractor Finance
- · Askari Kissan Farm Mechanization Finance
- Askari Kissan Aabpashi Finance
- Askari Kissan Transport Finance
- Askari Kissan Livestock Development Finance
- Askari Kissan Green House & Tunnel Finance
- Askari Kissan Farm Storage Finance
- Askari Kissan Gold Fish Finance
- Askari Kissan Murghban Finance
- Askari Kissan White Pearl Finance
- Askari Kissan Samar Bahisht Finance
- Askari Kissan Gulban Finance
- Electronic Warehouse Receipt Financing (EWRF)
- Sahar Agriculture Finance for Female Farmers

#### **Islamic Banking**

Under the guidance of its Shariah Board and professional bankers, Askari Ikhlas Islamic Banking offers a diversified range of Shariah compliant products and services to its valued customers to fulfill their banking needs. Presently working with 140 dedicated Islamic banking branches (including 3 sub-branches) in 56 cities and towns spread across the country Askari Ikhlas Islamic has managed to increase its share in the Islamic banking Industry.

#### **Islamic Deposit Products**

The Bank's customers enjoy the freedom to choose from a wide array of Shariah Compliant deposit products that offer flexible term deposit schemes, current accounts and savings accounts.

#### Ahsan Munafa / Ahsan Munafa Corporate Account:

This Product is a chequing account that offers higher yields, calculated on a daily product basis.

#### **Askari Halal Savings Accounts:**

AHS accommodates a wide range of transactional needs, with periodic monthly profits, additional amenities including the issuance of cheque books, fund transfer, intercity clearance with no mini balance requirements.

#### **Askari Islamic Sahar Accounts:**

Women in the society are given access to Askari Islamic Sahar Accounts products designed with women in mind and their financial demands.

Askari Sahar current account provides guarantee on the principal amount deposited. Its benefits include ability to make reservation for Sahar Investment Certificate at competitive rates, free value added services, personalized debit cards.

Following are the list of products:

- Askari Islamic Sahar Current Accounts
- · Askari Islamic Sahar Savings Accounts
- Askari Islamic Sahar Investments Certificates

#### **Askari Islamic Little Champ Accounts:**

Young people are encouraged to open and operate accounts with the help of guardian so that they can develop a habit of saving and making financial decision which also enrolled them to free takaful education program.

Following are the list of products:

- Askari Islamic little champ Current Account
- · Askari Islamic little champ Savings Accounts

#### Askari Halal Investment Accounts (AHIA):

AHIA are Mudarabah based term deposit products that allow customers to invest their savings for different tenors ranging from 01 month to 05 years, and earn Halal returns on a periodic basis.

Following are the list of some more products:

- Askari Khas Islamic Deposit Accounts
- Ahsan Masrafi Certificate of Islamic Investment
- Askari Islamic Senior Citizen Investment Certificate.

#### Askari Islamic Investment Certificate (AIIC):

This is a non chequing account and its underlying mode is mudarabah term deposit product with a periodicity of profit distribution.

#### **Islamic Consumer Banking Products**

To provide customers with Shariah compliant option for consumer financing.

Following financing facilities are offered to customers;

- Askari Ijarah Bis Sayyarah allows customers to get the car of their choice.
- Askari Home Musharakah allows customers to purchase, build or renovate a house.
- Askari Islamic remains actively engaged to offer its services to all schemes offered by GOP for Shariah based financing.
- Shariah compliant solutions are offered to customers who have availed housing finance facilities from conventional financial institutions, to transfer their facilities to Askari Ikhlas.

#### **Islamic Corporate Banking**

The Bank's continuous efforts to provide a diversified range of Shariah Compliant, innovative financial products and solutions to corporate and commercial clients continue to win us new relationships. Following working capital and term facilities are provided;

- Murabaha
- Salam & Istisna
- Running Musharakah
- · Finished Goods Financing
- Diminishing Musharakah & Ijarah
- SBP Refinance Facilities

We also provide Islamic solution to the customers who intend to avail Letter of Credits, Letter of Guarantee and Islamic Export Refinance facilities.

## Askari Bank Limited

## NOTICE OF THE 32ND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the shareholders of Askari Bank Limited ("the Bank") will be held on Thursday, March 28, 2024 at 10:00 am at Kehkashan One Hall, Serena Hotel, Islamabad and through Zoom to transact the following business:

#### **Ordinary Business:**

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the 31st Annual General Meeting held on March 29, 2023.
- To receive, consider and, if thought fit, adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements (unconsolidated and consolidated), Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2023 together with Chairman's Review Report, Directors' Report and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 3. To approve, as recommended by the Board of Directors, payment of cash dividend at Rs. 2.5/- per share, i.e., 25% for the financial year ended December 31, 2023.
- 4. To appoint statutory auditors of the Bank for the year ending December 31, 2024 and fix their remuneration. The present auditors of the Bank, M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-appointment and the Board of Directors has recommended their appointment in its meeting held on February 21, 2024.

#### **Special Business:**

- 5. To consider and if thought fit, approve the increase in the Director's Remuneration for attending the meetings of the Board and Board's Committees and to pass the Ordinary Resolution, with or without any modifications, additions or deletions, as proposed in the Statement of Material Facts.
- 6. To consider and if thought fit, approve as recommended by the Board of Directors, the circulation of Bank's annual audited financial statements through QR enabled code and weblink as part of notice of Annual General Meeting and to pass the Ordinary Resolutions, with or without any modifications, additions or deletions, as proposed in the Statement of Material Facts.

The Statement of Material Facts providing the information as required under Section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2017 is appended below.

#### **Any Other Business:**

7. To consider any other business as may be placed before the meeting, with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

Rawalpindi March 7, 2024 Syed Ali Safdar Naqvi Company Secretary

## Annual Report 2023

## NOTICE OF THE 32<sup>ND</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. Shareholders interested in attending the AGM through electronic/virtual means, are hereby advised to get themselves registered with the Bank by providing their Name, Folio/ CDS Account Number, Number of Share held, Mobile Numbers (active) and Email address in their names with subject "Registration for 32nd AGM of AKBL" at ir@askaribank.com.pk. Zoom Link to join the 32nd AGM will be shared with only those shareholders from whom all required particulars, are received at the given email address at least 48 hours before the time of holding the AGM.
- 2. The Share Transfer books of the Bank will remain closed from March 22, 2024 to March 28, 2024 (both days inclusive). Transfers received at the Bank's Share Registrar Department, CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, Mezzanine Floor, South Tower, LSE Plaza, 19-Khayaban-e-Aiwan-e-Iqbal, Lahore and Share Transfer Office of the Bank at the close of the business hours on March 21, 2024 will be treated in time.
- 3. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting can appoint a proxy to attend and vote for him. No person shall act as a proxy, who is not a member of the Bank except that Government of Pakistan (GoP) or SBP or corporate entity may appoint a person who is not a member.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy should be signed by the member or his/her attorney duly authorized in writing. If the member is a corporate entity (other than GoP and SBP), certified true copy of the instrument authorizing the person to act as proxy shall be provided.
- The instrument appointing a proxy, together with attested copy of Power of Attorney or Board Resolution, if any, under which it is signed or a certified copy should be deposited, with the

- Company Secretary, Askari Bank Limited, 4th Floor, NPT Building, F-8 Markaz, Islamabad at least 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 6. If a member appoints more than one proxy, and more than one instrument of proxy is deposited by a member, all such instruments shall be treated invalid. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- 7. Copy of the CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners shall be furnished with the proxy form. The proxy shall produce their original CNIC or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- 8. In case of individual member, original CNIC or original passport while for the CDC account holder or sub-account holder and for the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, his / her authentication would be made by showing his / her original CNIC or original passport along with participant(s) ID Number and their account numbers. In case of GoP / SBP / corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the Bank.
- 9. The current prescribed rates for the deduction of withholding tax under Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the payment of dividend paid by the Bank are as under:
  - a) For filers of income tax returns: 15 %
  - b) For non-filers of income tax returns: 30 %

The income tax is deducted from the payment of dividend according to the Active Tax-Payers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR. All those members who are filers of income tax returns are

therefore advised to ensure that their names are entered into ATL to enable the Bank to withhold income tax from payment of cash dividend @ 15% instead of 30%.

According to Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), withholding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal Shareholder as well as Joint-Holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions in case of joint accounts held by the shareholders.

In this regard all Shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide the shareholding proportions of Principal Shareholder and Joint-Holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to our Share Registrar M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited in writing as follows:

		Principal S	Principal Shareholder		Joint Shareholder	
	Total	Name of	Shareholding	Name of	Shareholding	Signature
CDC	Shareholding	Shareholder	Proportion	Joint	Proportion	
Account		& CNIC No.	(No. of	Shareholder	(No. of	
No.			Shares)	& CNIC No.	shares)	

The required information must reach to Share Registrar by March 21, 2024 otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held.

#### **Special Notes to the Shareholders**

#### 10. Submission of Copies of CNIC (Mandatory)

As per SECP directives the payment of dividend to the shareholders whose CNICs are not available with the Share Registrar are being withheld. All shareholders having physical shareholding are, therefore, advised to submit a photocopy of their valid CNICs to our Share Registrar. In case of non-receipt of information, the Bank will be constrained to withhold payment of dividend to shareholders.

A printed copy of notice in English & Urdu language for submission of photocopy of valid CNIC has been dispatched in DVD pack to all shareholders of the Bank whose photocopy of valid CNIC is not available with the Bank's Share Registrar.

## 11. Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (e-Dividend)

Section 242 of Companies Act, 2017, requires that in case of a listed company, any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account (International Bank Account Number-IBAN) designated by the entitled shareholders. Provision of IBAN for cash dividend payments is mandatory and in order to comply with this regulatory requirement of direct credit of dividend amount in shareholder's IBAN, shareholders are requested to provide relevant information to:

- Their respective CDC Participant / CDC Investor Account Services (in case their shareholding is in Book Entry Form) OR
- Share Registrar M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, Mezzanine Floor, South Tower, LSE Plaza, 19-Khayaban-e-Aiwan-e-Iqbal, Lahore (in case their shareholding is in Physical Form).

#### 12. Unclaimed / Unpaid Dividend and Bonus Shares

Shareholders of the Bank are hereby informed that as per the record, there are many unclaimed/ uncollected / unpaid dividends and shares; details whereof are appearing on the Bank's website www.askaribank.com. As per the provisions of section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, any shares issued or dividend declared by the Bank which have remained unclaimed/unpaid for a period of three years from the date on which it was due and payable, are required to be deposited with SECP to the credit of Federal Government after issuance of notices to the shareholders to file their claim. Shareholders are requested to ensure that their claims for unclaimed dividend and shares are lodged promptly. In case, no claim is lodged, the Bank shall proceed to deposit the unclaimed/unpaid amount and shares with the Federal Government pursuant to the provision of Section 244(2) of Companies Act, 2017.

## NOTICE OF THE 32<sup>ND</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

## 13. Transmission of Audited Financial Statements & Notices to Shareholders through email (Optional) or CD/DVD/USB

Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Bank for the financial year ended December 31, 2023 have been placed on the Bank's website i.e., www. askaribank.com.

In line with shareholders' approval accorded in 25th AGM of the Bank held on March 31, 2017, DVDs have been dispatched to all shareholders. In addition, hard copies of Annual Report 2023 have also been dispatched to Shareholders as per their demand.

#### 14. Consent for Video Conference Facility

Pursuant to Section 132 (2) of the Companies Act, 2017, shareholders may avail video conference facility to attend 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM provided the Bank receives consent from the shareholders holding aggregate 10% or more shareholding at least seven days prior to the date of the meeting. Please fill the following form and submit its signed copy to the Company Secretary, Askari Bank Limited, 4th Floor, NPT Building, F-8 Markaz, Islamabad or email signed form at ir@askaribank.com.pk:

I/We, ----- of ------ being a Member of Askari Bank Limited, holder of ------ Ordinary Share(s) as per Registered Folio No/
CDC Sub-Account No.------ hereby opt for video conference facility at ------

Signature of Member

#### 15. Deposit of Physical Shares into Central Depository System

As per Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017, all listed Companies are required to replace shares issued by them in physical form to book-entry form within four years of the promulgation of the Act.

Accordingly, all shareholders of the Bank having physical folios/share certificates are requested to convert their shares into book-entry form at the earliest. Maintaining shares in book-entry form will make the process of share handling more efficient and risk-free. Further, this will facilitate shareholders in safe custody of shares with the CDC, instant credit of entitlements (bonus shares and rights share), eliminate the risk of loss; and readily available for sale/purchase in the open market etc. The shareholders may contact the Share Registrar of the Bank at address, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, Mezzanine Floor, South Tower, LSE Plaza, 19-Khayaban-e-Aiwan-e-Iqbal, Lahore.

#### 16. Change of Address / Particulars

Shareholders having physical shares are requested to immediately notify any change in their addresses to the Bank's Shares Registrar, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, Mezzanine Floor, South Tower, LSE Plaza, 19-Khayaban-e-Aiwan-e-Iqbal, Lahore. Whereas, CDC account holders are requested to please contact their respective CDC Participant/Broker/ Investor Account Services. To facilitate the shareholders, a Form for Change of Particulars of Shareholders has been made available on the website of the Bank.

#### 17. Zakat Declaration (CZ-50)

Zakat will be deducted from the dividends at source at the rate of 2.5 % of the paid-up value of the share (Rs. 10/- each) and will be deposited within the prescribed period with the relevant authority. In case of claiming exemption, please submit your Zakat Declarations under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 and Rule 4 of Zakat (Deduction and Refund) Rules, 1981, CZ-50 Form to the Share Registrar mentioning Askari Bank's name and respective Folio and CDC Account Nos.

#### 18. Postal Ballot/E-voting

In accordance with the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018, Section 143 and 144 of the Companies Act 2017 and under Postal Ballot Regulation, 2018 latest amendments circulated through SRO dated December 05, 2022, SECP has directed all listed companies for the purpose of Polling on Special Business, shareholders will be allowed to exercise their right to vote through postal ballot i.e. by post or e-voting, in the manner and subject to the conditions contained in the aforesaid regulations.

#### **Procedure for E-Voting:**

- Details of the e-voting facility will be shared through an e-mail with those members of the Bank who have their valid CNIC numbers, cell numbers and e-mail addresses available in the register of members of the Bank by the close of business on Thursday, March 21, 2024.
- The web address, login details, and password, will be communicated to members via email.
   The security codes will be communicated to members through SMS from the web portal of CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (being the e-voting service provider).
- 3. Identity of the Members intending to cast votes through e-voting shall be authenticated through electronic signature or authentication for login.
- 4. E-Voting lines will start from March 25, 2024 at 09:00 am and shall close on March 27, 2024 at 5:00 pm. Members can cast their votes at any time during this period. Once the vote is cast by a Member, he / she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

#### **Procedure for voting through Postal Ballot**

The members shall ensure that duly filled and signed ballot paper, along with copy of

Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC), should reach the Company Secretary through post at 4th Floor, NPT Building, F-8 Markaz, Islamabad or email at ir@askaribank.com.pk by or before Wednesday, March 27, 2024 during working hours. The signature on the ballot paper shall match the signature on CNIC. The Postal Ballot paper is also available for download from the website of AKBL at www.askaribank.com or use the same as attached to this notice or published in newspapers.

Please note that in case of any dispute in voting including the casting of more than one vote, the Chairman shall be the deciding authority.

## Statement under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017 in respect of Special Business

The following statements sets out the material facts pertaining to the special business to be transacted in the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Bank to be held on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

## Item No. 5 of the Notice – Increase in Directors' Remuneration

The Board of Directors, on the recommendations of Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (BHR&RC) has decided to increase the Director's Remuneration from Rs. 300,000/- to Rs. 400,000 per meeting for Non-executive and Independent Directors for attending the meetings of the Board and Board's Committees along with an additional remuneration of Rs. 80,000/to the Chairman of the Board and Board's Committees w.e.f. August 01, 2023. The decision to increase the remuneration has been made to compensate for the time and efforts required to discharge director's obligations and to value their skills and expertise in managing the affairs of the Board and Board's Committees. The increase in remuneration is well within the limits prescribed under SBP guidelines. In term of the "Board Remuneration Policy", the payments and increase in the director's remuneration is being presented to the

## Annual Report 2023

## NOTICE OF THE 32<sup>ND</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Shareholders of the Bank for their approval.

In order to give effect to the aforesaid, if thought fit, pass the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution with or without any modifications, additions or deletions:

"Resolved that the director's remuneration for attending meetings of the Board and Board's Committees, be and is hereby increased to Rs. 400,000/- per meeting for Non-Executive and Independent Directors along with an additional remuneration of Rs. 80,000/- to the Chairman of the Board and Board's Committees w.e.f. August 01, 2023 be and is hereby approved."

Item No. 6 of the Notice - Circulation of Bank's Annual Audited Financial Statements through QR enabled Code and Weblink as part of Notice of Annual General Meeting

The SECP, vide its SRO 389 (1) / 2023 dated March 21, 2023, has allowed listed companies to circulate the Annual Audited Financial Statements to their members through QR enabled code and web-link (instead of DVDs), subject to approval of the shareholders in the general meeting.

In order to give effect to the aforesaid, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions with or without any modifications, additions or deletions:

"RESOLVED THAT, the consent and approval of the members of Askari Bank Limited ("the Bank") be and is hereby accorded and the Bank be and is hereby authorized to circulate annual audited financial statements to its members through QR enabled code and weblink as part of the notice of Annual General Meeting.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Bank be and is hereby authorized to discontinue the circulation of annual audited financial statements through CD / DVD / USB.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the President & Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary of the Bank be

and are hereby authorized and empowered either singly or jointly to give effect to above resolutions and to do or cause to be done all acts, deeds and things that may be necessary or required to circulate annual audited financial statements to its members through QR enabled code and weblink as part of the notice of Annual General Meeting."

The present Directors are interested in the Special Business to the extent of increase in their remuneration.

#### **ASKARI BANK LIMITED**

BALLOT PAPER FOR VOTING THROUGH POST FOR THE SPECIAL BUSINESS AT THE  $32^{ND}$  ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD ON THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 2024 AT 10:00 AM AT KEHKASHAN ONE HALL, SERENA HOTEL, ISLAMABAD

#### Website:www.askaribank.com

Folio / CDS Account Number	
Name of Shareholder / Proxy Holder	
Registered Address	
Number of shares Held	
CNIC / Passport No. (in case of foreigner) (copy to be attached)	
Additional information and enclosures (in case of representative of boo Government)	ly corporate, corporation, and federal
Name of Authorized Signatory	
CNIC / Passport No. (in case of foreigner) of Authorized Signatory (copy to be attached)	

#### **Special Business**

#### Agenda Item No. 5

To consider and if thought fit, approve the increase in the Director's Remuneration for attending the meetings of the Board and Board's Committees and to pass the Ordinary Resolution, with or without any modifications, additions or deletions, as proposed in the Statement of Material Facts.

#### Agenda Item No. 6

To consider and if thought fit, approve as recommended by the Board of Directors, the circulation of Bank's annual audited financial statements through QR enabled code and weblink as part of notice of Annual General Meeting and to pass the Ordinary Resolution, with or without any modifications, additions or deletions, as proposed in the Statement of Material Facts.

#### **Instructions For Poll**

- 1. Please indicate your vote by ticking  $(\checkmark)$  the relevant box.
- 2. In case if both the boxes are marked as ( $\checkmark$ ), your Ballot Paper shall be treated as "Rejected".

Resolutions	I/We assent to the Resolutions (For)	I/We assent to the Resolutions (AGAINST)
Ordinary Resolution		
Ordinary Resolutions		

#### NOTES:

- 1. Duly filled ballot paper should be sent to the Company Secretary, Askari Bank Limited, at 4th Floor, NPT Building, F-8 Markaz, Islamabad or email at ir@askaribank.com.pk.
- 2. Copy of CNIC / Passport (in case of foreigner) should be enclosed with the postal ballot form.
- 3. Ballot paper should reach the Company Secretary within business hours by or before Wednesday March 27, 2024. Any postal ballot received after this date, will not be considered for voting.
- 4. Signature on ballot paper should match with signature on CNIC / Passport (In case of foreigner).
- 5. Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, over written poll paper will be rejected.
- 6. In case of a representative of a body corporate, corporation or Federal Government, the Ballot Paper Form must be accompanied by a copy of the CNIC of an authorized person, an attested copy of Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authorization Letter etc., in accordance with Section(s) 138 or 139 of the Companies Act, 2017 as applicable. In case of foreign body corporate etc. all documents must be attested by the Counsel General of Pakistan having jurisdiction over the member ballot paper form has also been placed on the website of the Bank at www.askaribank.com.
- 7. Ballot Paper Form has also been placed on the website of the Bank at www.askaribank.com. Members may download the ballot paper form from the website or use an original/photocopy published in newspapers.

Shareholder / Proxy Holder Signature / Authorized Signature	atory	
Dated:		

## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS



Mr. Waqar Ahmed Malik is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England & Wales (ICAEW) and also an alumnus of the Harvard Business School (HBS) and INSEAD. Outside work, he is fond of art and horticulture. His illustrious career spans more than four decades both in national and international businesses stadia. He specializes in strategy, Transformational Turnarounds and Merger & Acquisition, along with profound understanding of governance.

His expertise ranges across varied industrial businesses folios including chemicals, petrochemicals, consumer goods, life sciences, fertilizer, E&P and cement.

Earlier, he served with the British giant ICI Plc UK Limited for 28 years in diverse roles in Pakistan, UK, US & Europe. He also remained CEO of ICI Pakistan Limited from 2005 to 2012.

Mr Malik dotingly participates in social and philanthropic activities through I–Care Foundation, as a Trustee, where he donates with benevolence to improve the quality of life of underprivileged by enhancing the level of charitable support.

For recognition of his commendable services towards Pakistan in the fields of economy, public service, and social welfare, he was awarded Sitara-e-Imtiaz by The President of The Islamic Republic of Pakistan. He also had the honour to receive the coveted British Asian Trust Award by Prince Charles (Now HM King Charles III).

Earlier, he served on various boards of prominent organizations:

- Member of the Board of Governors, Lahore University of Management Sciences
- Director Pakistan Business Council
- · President Overseas Chamber of Commerce & Industry
- Director State Bank of Pakistan
- · Director Standard Chartered Bank (Pak) Limited
- Director Engro Corporation Limited

- · Chairman Pakistan Petroleum Limited
- · Director Engro Polymer and Chemicals Limited
- · Director TPL Insurance Limited
- · Director Rafhan Maize Limited

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on April 22, 2020.

#### Status

Non-Executive Director & Chairman

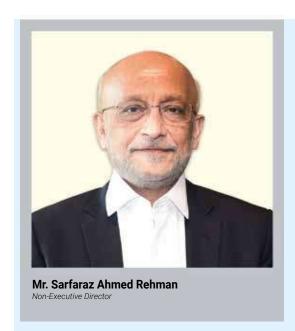
#### **Membership of Board Committees**

None

- · Fauji Foundation MD & CEO
- · Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited
- · Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited
- · Mari Petroleum Company Limited
- · Fauji Cement Company Limited
- · Fauji Foods Limited
- · Pakistan Oxygen Limited
- · Fauji Fresh n Freeze Limited
- · Fauji Akbar Portia Marine Terminal Limited
- · Fauji Trans Terminal Limited
- Fauji Oil Terminal & Distribution Company Limited
- · Fauji Infraavest Foods Limited
- · FFBL Power Company Limited
- Foundation Power Company Daharki Limited
- · Fauji Kabirwala Power Company Limited
- · Daharki Power Holding Limited
- · Pakistan Maroc Phosphore SA
- · FonGrow (Pvt) Limited
- · Fauji Meat Limited
- · Foundation Solar Energy (Pvt) Limited
- · Pakistan Mobile Communications Limited
- Foundation University

# Annual Report 2023

#### PROFILE OF DIRECTORS



Mr. Sarfaraz, a chartered accountant by qualification, has contributed management expertise to several multinational companies such as Unilever, SB (GSK), Jardine Matheson / Olayan JV and PepsiCo during his varied career.

In 2005, Mr. Sarfaraz established Engro Foods as its CEO. The company grew from a green-field to become the leading liquid dairy company in Pakistan. Engro Foods became the only Pakistani company to receive the 'G20 Top 15 Company' award. In 2012, he took a sabbatical from Engro Foods to establish the Karachi School for Business and Leadership. Sarfaraz rejoined Engro Foods as CEO in 2013, where he remained till 2015. Engro Foods sold 50% of its shares to Royal Friesland Campina for half a billion dollars in 2015. At the time this was the biggest private foreign investment in Pakistan's history.

From October 2015, he was involved in consultancy projects, among others with ICI, IBL, JSPE, Shan Foods, Al-Shaheer (Meat One), Soya Supreme, Burque Corp, CCL and ITL.

Mr Sarfaraz was also working with Grant Thornton for 2016-17 as an executive coach during a culture change project at UBL. He conducted a well-established coaching / mentoring role, with business executives and university graduates. Mr Sarfaraz has coached for Careem, Gatron-Novatex, Engro, ICI, Descon, PPL, UBL and City School.

Additionally, Mr Sarfaraz speaks at various forums. He has given motivational talks at Lays, Mondelez, Nutrico, RB, Engro, Octara, ICI, Shell, MAP etc. At universities, colleges, schools and on media occasions he holds climate change talks / sessions to create awareness.

Mr. Sarfaraz was Chairman of the Broadcasters / Advertisers Council 2015-18 (joint body controlling advertising in Pakistan). Further, he was the Chairman of the 1st Effie Awards in Pakistan, in 2019. He was on the Board of MAP and is on the Board of Patient Aid Foundation. Mr. Sarfaraz is deeply interested in playing his part in giving back to society and has worked on an online interactive education model for mass education, to resolve the issue of literacy in Pakistan over the next decade. In the past he was associated with Shaukat Khanum Hospital as a member of the Board of Governors and with WWF as a Director. He is also associated with Hisaar Foundation and its work on water / environmental issues in Pakistan.

Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman was appointed as Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer of FFBL, FPCL and FML from June 2020 to Sep 2021. He assumed the charge as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of FFC since October 2021.

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on June 10, 2020.

#### **Status**

Non-Executive Director

#### **Membership of Board Committees**

None

- · Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited
- Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim
- · Fauji Foods Limited
- · Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited
- · Philip Morris Pakistan Limited
- Fauji Fresh n Freez Limited
- FFC Energy Limited
- OLIVE Technical Services (Private) Limited
- Foundation Wind Energy Limited I
- Foundation Wind Energy Limited II
- · Thar Energy Limited
- · Fauji Meat Limited
- · FFBL Power Company Limited
- · Pakistan Maroc Phosphore SA
- Hisaar Foundation
- Patients Aid Foundation
- International Packaging Films Limited (IPAK)
- International Fertilizer Association (IFA)
- Foundation University Islamabad





Since October 10, 2021, Mr. Arif Ur Rehman is serving as Chief Executive Officer of Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited and FFBL Power Company Limited. He is also on Board of Directors of Fauji Foods Limited and Pakistan Maroc Phosphore S. A.

In July 2016, he was appointed as Chief Manufacturing Officer, based at the Head Office in Lahore with responsibility for all aspects of manufacturing for the Fatima Group's three Fertilizer Manufacturing facilities, Fatima Fertilizers Sadiqabad, Pak Arab Fertilizer Company, Multan and Fatima Fertilizers, Lahore (Ex Dawood Hercules). He had responsibility for Operations, Costs, Budgets and People aspects for all Fertilizers. In addition, he was also responsible for the Supply Chain Function for the entire group where he controlled the budget of about USD 200 Million per year, growth, sustainability and strategy of the FG; Fertilizer Business.

In 2007 he joined the Fatima Group as Project Director and led the USD 750 Million Project from ground breaking till its commissioning. This was a green field project comprising of Ammonia, Urea, NP, CAN, Nitric Acid, Utilities and related facilities. One of the salient features of the job was that it was a self-managed EPC Project. Mr. Arif was engaged with dozens of international contractors directly and completed the project successfully in 2011. After the commissioning of the project, Mr. Arif was appointed as its Director Operations. In that role he brought the site to its full potential by a series of revamps that included the plants and organizational and systems improvement. As a result, the production increased from 0.8 to 1.475 Million tons per year and the bottom line improved from -PKR 2.0 Billion to over 10 Billion.

In 1996, he joined ICI Pakistan's PTA Business, which was the first and is still the only PTA plant in Pakistan with new technology. He worked as the commissioning leader for the most complex, Oxidation Plant. Later on, he led all the remaining sections of the PTA plant (Purification and Utilities) and took over as the first local Production Manager for the PTA Business

in 2001. He also worked as Technical Services & DBN Manager and was appointed as Site Operations Manager in 2005, where he was responsible for Operations, Maintenance, Inspection and Materials Management.

Mr. Arif started his professional career from Fauji Fertilizer Co (FFC) where he initially worked as Process Engineer in the Ammonia, Urea and Utilities plants. Later on, he worked as Process Engineering In-charge, Operations Engineer-Ammonia and Ammonia DBN Commissioning Engineer. In mid-1994, his services were transferred to FJFC (now FFBL) project team. He worked at FJFC for about 3 years and was a part of the multidisciplinary team that developed the FJFC Project from inception to firm order placement. He led the engineering and improvement of the Ammonia Plant. For that project he remained in USA for about a year as Ammonia Plant Lead.

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on October 16, 2021.

#### Status

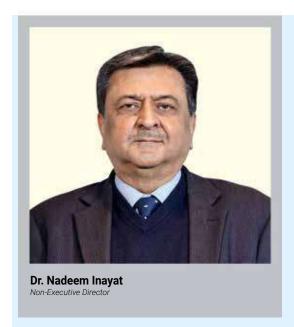
Non-Executive Director

#### **Membership of Board Committees**

None

- Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited
- FFBL Power Company Limited
- Fauji Foods Limited
- · Pakistan Maroc Phosphore S.A.

#### PROFILE OF DIRECTORS



Dr. Nadeem Inayat holds a Doctorate in Economics and has over 38 years of diversified exposure in corporate sector. He has vast experience in corporate governance, policy formulation, project appraisal, implementation, monitoring & evaluation, restructuring, mergers and acquisitions.

He also has conducted various academic courses on Economics, International Trade and Finance at reputable institutions of higher education in Pakistan. He is also a lifelong member of Pakistan Institute of Development Economics (PIDE).

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on June 20, 2013.

#### Status

Non-Executive Director

#### **Membership of Board Committees**

Audit Committee Risk Management Committee Human Resource & Remuneration Committee Information Technology Committee

- · Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited
- · Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited
- Mari Petroleum Company Limited
- · Fauji Foods Limited
- · Hub Power Company Limited
- · Fauji Cement Company Limited
- Pakistan Maroc Phosphore SA Morocco (PMP)
- · Fauji Oil Terminal & Distribution Company Limited
- · Fauji Trans Terminal Limited
- Fauji Meat Limited
- Fauji Akbar Portia Marine Terminals Limited
- · Fauji Infraavest Foods Limited
- · Fauji Kabirwala Power Company Limited
- Foundation Power Company Dharaki Limited
- · Daharki Power Holding Limited
- · Foundation Wind Energy Limited I
- Foundation Wind Energy Limited II
- · Fongrow (Pvt) Limited





Lieutenant General Ghayur Mahmood Awan, HI(M), T Bt (Retd) was commissioned in an Infantry Regiment in 1982. Besides mandatory courses, the General Officer has done diploma in foreign language from National University of Modern Languages, Staff Course from Command and Staff College Quetta as well as Armed Forces Staff College Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, and Armed Forces War Course from National Defence University Islamabad. He has had varied Command, Instructional and Staff experience to include Instructor at Pakistan Military Academy, Brigade Major of Infantry Brigade, Directing Staff at the War College and Defence Attache at the Pakistan Embassy in Nepal.

The General officer has vast combat experience in war against militancy in FATA and along Pak-Afghan border in various senior command ranks. General has participated in numerous international seminars on war against terrorism and is a regular guest speaker at various institutions on combating Low Intensity Conflict. General Officer has also served as Inspector General Frontier Corps KP, command of Infantry Division in Waziristan and Vice Chief of General Staff at General Headquarters.

General has moreover, commanded a Corps at Gujranwala and been posted PSO as Chief of Logistics Staff and Military Secretary Pakistan Army at the General Headquarters.

In recognition of his meritorious service, he was awarded Hilale-Imtiaz (Military) by the Government of Pakistan in 2011.

The General is currently working as Director, Advisory Board, Fauji Foundation since May 2021 where he is utilizing his broad exposure of strategic planning, management, productivity optimization, capacity building, monitoring & evaluation.

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on February 01, 2024 subject to Fit & Proper Test clearance from the State Bank of Pakistan.

#### Status

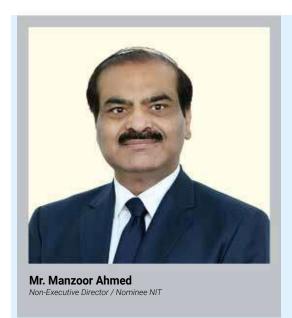
Non-Executive Director

#### **Membership of Board Committees**

Audit Committee Information Technology Committee

#### **Other Directorships**

Director, Advisory Board, Fauji Foundation



Mr. Manzoor Ahmed is Chief Operating Officer (COO) of National Investment Trust Limited (NIT). As COO, he has been successfully managing the operations and investment portfolio worth over Rs. 120 billion. He has experience of over 32 years of the Mutual Fund industry and has been placed at many key positions within NIT that includes capital market operations, investment management, product development, research and liaising with the regulatory authorities. He has also served NIT as its Managing Director (Acting) twice from May 2013 to May 2014 and September 2017 to February 2019. He is M.B.A. and also holds D.A.I.B.P. He has also been the Council Member of The Institute of Bankers Pakistan. Presently, he is pursuing Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) level III. Mr. Ahmed has also attended various training courses organized by institutions of international repute like London Business School (LBS) UK, Institute of Directors, London and Financial Markets World, New York (USA).

Mr. Ahmed has vast experience of serving on the Boards of various top-ranking companies of Pakistan belonging to the diverse sectors of economy. Currently, he represents NIT as Nominee Director on the Board of Directors of many leading national and multinational companies including commercial banks of Pakistan. Mr. Ahmed is a Certified Director from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance.

Mr. Ahmed is member of the Defence Authority Country & Golf Club – Karachi, Rotary Club- Karachi and is also member of Executive Committee of a Hospital for welfare of underprivileged.

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on May 20, 2013.

#### **Status**

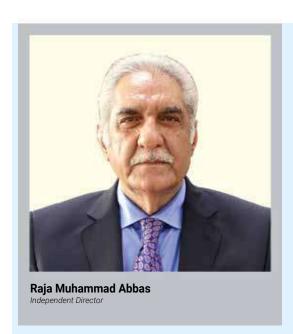
Non-Executive Director

#### **Membership of Board Committees**

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee Audit Committee Risk Management Committee

- Hub Power Company Limited
- Ghandhara Tyre & Rubber Company Limited (Formerly General Tyre & Rubber Company of Pakistan Limited)
- Soneri Bank Limited
- · Pioneer Cement Limited
- Pakistan Eye Bank Society (PEBS General Hospital)





Mr. Abbas brings with him rich experience in Governance, Public Administration, Personnel Management and Financial Management.

He holds a Bachelor degree from the University of Karachi. He joined Pakistan Navy in June 71 and after completion of training got commissioned in 1973. He got inducted into District Management Group in March 1980.

During his 34 years long span of illustrious public service, he has worked as Deputy Commissioner of District Jhelum, Gujranwala and Faisalabad where his role included Administration of Criminal Justice, Civil and Revenue legal matters and monitoring of development projects. He also held senior assignments at provincial level, such as Provincial Secretaries of Labour, Transport and Industries in the Government of Sindh, besides being Secretary Social Welfare, Women Development with the Government of the Punjab.

Additionally, he has worked as Director General Lahore Development Authority as well as Director General Parks and Horticulture Authority Government of the Punjab. Mr. Abbas was elevated to the highest positions as Federal Secretary, Ministry of Housing and Works, Managing Director Pakistan Housing Authority, Chief Secretary Government of Sindh, Secretary Board of Investment and finally before retirement as Secretary to the Ministry of Interior, where he dealt extensively with Financial and Administrative matters. He has been Chairman of the Board of Directors of Sindh Bank.

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on April 22, 2020.

#### **Status**

Independent Director

#### **Membership of Board Committees**

Audit Committee Information Technology Committee

- · Sindh Insurance Limited
- M M Management Consultants (Pvt) Limited
- Cnergyico Pk Limited

#### PROFILE OF DIRECTORS



Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani is a senior banker with two decades of broad based experience in corporate banking relationship management, cash & trade sales, corporate finance, syndications, structured trade finance, SME Banking, Consumer Banking and Credit Risk Management.

Ms. Nathani completed her Masters in Business Administration from IBA Karachi and holds a MSc. degree in Finance and Accounting from London School of Economics.

She has held various senior level positions in International and Local banks such as Director and Head of Global Corporates Pakistan, Standard Chartered Bank, Head of Corporate and Commercial Banking, Pakistan, JS Bank Ltd (Formerly American Express Bank), Director Capitas Group International and Head of Strategy Planning and SME, Burj Bank Limited.

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on April 22, 2020.

#### Status

Independent Director

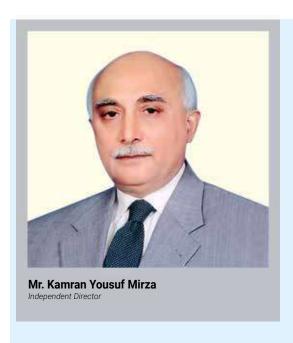
#### **Membership of Board Committees**

Risk Management Committee Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

#### **Other Directorships**

· MNZ Limited





Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza is a qualified Chartered Accountant (Nov. 1968) from United Kingdom and started his career in Pakistan as an auditor with A.F. Ferguson & Co. Mr. Mirza then made a career move in December 1970 and joined Abbott Laboratories (Pakistan) Limited, a multinational Pharmaceutical cum health care company as Chief Financial Officer. He became one of the youngest Managing Director's of his time in the year 1977 and remained in that position, i.e. Managing Director Abbott Pakistan, for 29 years.

Mr. Mirza held the position of Chairman Export Processing Zones Authority from February 2007 to March 2009 and then joined PBC (Pakistan Business Council) as its Chief Executive Officer, a position he held till December 2015. PBC is a Think Tank cum Business Policy Advocacy Forum.

He is serving as Director on the Boards of Colgate Palmolive (Pak) Limited., Gul Ahmed Textile Mills Limited, Askari Bank, Rafhan Maize Products Co Limited. & Education Fund for Sindh (EFS), of which he was the Chairman from Dec. 2012 to Oct. 2016.

Previously, he served as Chairman of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited. (PMEX) – formerly National Commodity Exchange Limited. (NCEL), Chairman of Karachi Stock Exchange (KSE), President of Overseas Chamber of Commerce & Industry (OICCI), President of American Business Council (ABC), Chairman of Pharma Bureau – (Association of Pharmaceutical Multinationals).

He was the Chairman of – Philip Morris (Pakistan) Limited. and Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited. (UPFL). He also served as Director on the Boards of State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), Pakistan State Oil (PSO), International Steel (ISL), Sarmaya-e-Pakistan Limited., National Bank of Pakistan (NBP), Bank Alfalah Limited, Abbott Laboratories (Pak) Limited., Pakistan Textile

City Limited., Competitiveness Support Fund (CSF), Genco Holding Company, NAVTEC, Safari Club of Pakistan Limited. and Karwan-e-Hayat of which he was also the Chairman. Further, he represented PBC on the Board of BOI (Board of Investment) and other Government Bodies / Institutions.

Mr. Mirza has also been a past Chairman of a Task Force set up by Planning Commission on Pharmaceutical Industry, a member of the Economic Advisory Board of the Federal Government and Sindh Wild Life Board. He has served as a Member on Quality Control Board of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. He also lectures regularly at the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on March 29, 2023.

#### Status

Independent Director

#### **Membership of Board Committees**

Audit Committee Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

- Colgate-Palmolive (Pakistan) Limited
- EFS (Education Fund for Sindh) Registered under Section 42 - Companies Ordinance 1984
- · Gul Ahmed Textile Mills Limited
- Rafhan Maize Products Company Limited

#### PROFILE OF DIRECTORS



Samina's area of expertise is information technology. In 2001, she joined Oracle as Managing Director, South Asia Growth Economies, and established Oracle's presence in Pakistan, which led to Pakistan's leadership of other countries in the region, including Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, and Afghanistan. Samina's last assignment with Oracle was as Vice President of Key and Lead Accounts, where she took stewardship of Oracle's most critical customer accounts in ASEAN. Prior to that, she led the ECEMEA Analytics & Big Data team, which architected data management platforms for customers. Over the past 20 years, Samina's focus has been on establishing and scaling operations in new geographies and introducing cutting- edge solutions and technologies into the regions she has been responsible for such as MEA, SAGE, and ASEAN.

Before Oracle, Samina was Director, Information Systems, at Paktel Limited, a subsidiary of UK telecom company Cable and Wireless. She began her career 30 years ago in Washington DC as a Systems Analyst for The American Security Bank Limited. Her industry experience mainly consists of technology solutions in banking, telecom, and the public sector.

In 2003, Samina founded Rizwan Scholars, a trust registered in Pakistan, which sponsored tertiary education scholarships for students from underserved communities in the country. Samina maintains a strong interest in Pakistan's evolving startup ecosystem, investing in early-stage startups that offer tech interventions in education, healthcare, agriculture, the inclusion of marginalized communities, and indigenous small and medium industries.

After 20 years of a global career in big tech, Samina returned to Pakistan and became associated with Code for Pakistan, a notfor-profit initiative where, as Country Director, she built support for civic tech, focusing on women's inclusion in IT ventures.

Currently, Samina Rizwan is the CEO and Founder Partner of The CalmKaaj Network (Pvt.) Limited, a professional services provider for the community. CalmKaaj aspires to transform loosely connected groups of people into a healthy community of

members, who contribute high value to their business ventures in particular, and to the community's ecosystem in general.

Samina holds an Executive MBA from the Lahore University of Management Sciences and a Bachelor of Science in Information Systems from American University in Washington DC. She is a Certified PMP from PMI and a Certified Board Member from PICG. Currently, she serves as Member of Advisory Boards of USAID IPA and the National Incubation Center Peshawar. Samina lives in and operates from Islamabad.

#### **Selected Association, Certifications and Awards**

- Member Advisory Board of USAID IPA, Pakistan
- Member Advisory Board of National Incubation Center, Peshawar
- Club Excellence performance winner several years from Oracle Corp
- Certified PMP of Project Management Institute (PMI) (First Pakistani woman to achieve this certification)
- Certified Director from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance
- Ex-Global Executive Committee Member, Oracle Women Leadership
- Ex-Member Board of Governors FMTI-PIMS
- Ex-Committee Member, ENBD, Dubai Technology Solutions Innovations

#### **Term of Office**

Joined the Board of Directors on March 29, 2023.

#### **Status**

Independent Director

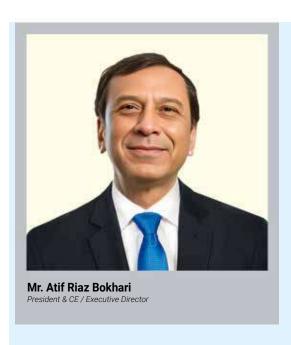
#### **Membership of Board Committees**

Information Technology Committee Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

#### **Other Directorships**

· M/s CalmKaai Network (Pvt) Ltd





Mr. Bokhari is a career banker with 38 years of experience in domestic and international banking. He started his banking career in 1985 with Bank of America, where he handled diverse assignments over 15 years. Subsequent to leaving Bank of America in July 2000, Mr. Bokhari joined Habib Bank Limited where he was Head of Corporate and Investment Banking.

In May 2004, Mr. Bokhari took charge of UBL as President and CEO and remained in this position until June 2014. During this ten-year period, UBL ventured into new diversified business and revenue streams namely consumer financing, e-commerce, branchless banking, asset management and general insurance. UBL became the second largest private commercial bank in Pakistan with a network of over 1300 branches including 18 branches in 7 countries. Mr. Bokhari was also the Chairman of UBL Tanzania, UBL AG Zurich and Director of UBL UK.

Mr. Bokhari had a two-year stint ending in December 2016 as President and CEO of NIB Bank (Wholly owned subsidiary of Fullerton Financial Holdings – Temasek, Singapore).

Mr. Bokhari has also served as Minister of State & Chairman Board of Investment (BOI), Prime Minister Office, Pakistan, from March 2020 to June 2021.

Mr. Bokhari has been actively involved with private sector programs for health and development of education in Pakistan. He was founding Director of the Karachi School for Business and Leadership. Mr. Bokhari has also served as Director State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), Board & Member Monetary Policy Committee and Board of Governors of Shaukat Khan Memorial Trust (SKMT). He also serves on the Board of Patients' Aid Foundation and Kidney Centre.

#### **Term of Office**

Joined as President & CE of the Bank on August 23, 2021.

#### **Status**

President & CE and Executive Director

#### **Membership of Board Committees**

Risk Management Committee Information Technology Committee

- Board of Governors Patients' Aid Foundation
- · Board of Governors Kidney Centre

## BOARD COMMITTEES COMPOSITION AND BRIEF TERMS OF REFERENCE

#### **Board Audit Committee (BAC)**

BAC oversees the integrity and effectiveness of the financial reporting process as well as of the financial statements with focus on compliance of accounting and reporting standards. BAC assists the Board of Directors by providing an independent review of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, corporate governance standards, internal control systems, transparency culture, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, policy and procedural framework and cost efficiencies. BAC also maintains an oversight on the adherence of management and employees to Bank's control framework and code of conduct. It also reviews financial and operational performance of Overseas Operations on periodic basis.

#### **Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (BHR&RC)**

The primary responsibility of the BHR&RC is to have an effective oversight on the Bank's human resource policies and procedures. The Committee reviews and provides recommendations on the human resource strategies, compensation and benefit schemes and related issues of strategic importance that affects the Bank's ability to attract, develop and retain talent. The Committee is also responsible to devise a mechanism for identification of employees in the categories of 'risk takers' and 'risk controllers' including development of a remuneration structure for them in line with regulatory guidance.

#### **Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC)**

The purpose of the BRMC is to provide oversight of risk management and compliance risk management functions including risk management policies, procedures and practices relating to overall enterprise risk management as well as the management of credit, financial, liquidity, market, operational, compliance and other types of risk faced by the Bank. BRMC regularly reviews risk management performance relative to risk appetite, risk rating models and other tools to assess and monitor risk exposures and management's view on the acceptable and appropriate levels for such risk exposures. The Committee also regularly reviews overall performance of Special Asset Management function managing the infected portfolio. Similarly, it also regularly reviews compliance function performance in order to assess the effectiveness of controls for combating the Money Laundering including Trade Based Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing, Proliferation Financing and Sanctions Risks. It also reviews Bank's Internal Risk Assessment Report and Action Plan for mitigation of potential risks.

#### **Board Information Technology Committee (BITC)**

BITC is responsible to advise and report to the Board of Directors about status of technology and digital initiatives of the Bank. BITC reviews and recommends information technology governance framework, information technology policies, information technology and digital strategy of the Bank. The Committee oversees the progress of the information technology and digital initiatives and ensures that risk management tools and strategies are designed and implemented to achieve resilience against all type of cyber threats along with assessment of Bank's ability to effectively respond to wide-scale technology related disruptions.

## **Askari Bank Limited**

### CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

#### Dear Fellow Shareholders,

It gives me great pleasure to present my 4<sup>th</sup> review report as Chairman of the Board of Directors of Askari Bank.

2023 saw emerging challenges and an uncertain macroeconomic outlook affecting all sectors of the economy including banking. Given the challenges, Askari Bank took clear and proactive actions to align with evolving changes and such actions were the key to Bank's ability to deliver a year of solid financial performance reflecting the strength, diversification and active management of business in a fluid operating environment.

Your Board remained vigilant, carefully recalibrating priorities for a long-term view of the Bank's progress against strategic objectives while keeping a sharp focus on short-term performance. Strong corporate governance continues to be a core focus for your Board. Over the past year, my fellow directors and I through the Board and Board committees have been working closely with the Bank's leadership holding discussions to provide prudent oversight and guidance on the Bank's business strategies, progress and performance, risk tolerance and management practices - all to support delivering the best of our Bank to customers and shareholders.

To improve Board's effectiveness and that of its committees, structured performance evaluations are conducted annually. Each member of the Board carries out an assessment of the effectiveness of individual directors as well as the effectiveness of the Board as a whole. The latest evaluation outcome indicated improvement in scores while the overall performance of the Board met with expectations. Alongside, we continue to evolve our Board to add experience and broaden our view in areas that align with the Bank's commitment to a more inclusive economy and sustainable future.

As a bank, strength and stability are foundational to the performance both in the short and long-term. To this end, a key performance success during 2023 were your Bank's liquidity, capital and credit management execution. This was especially important under the current business environment and was a key focus of your Board to ensure that the Bank is well positioned for 2024 and



beyond. Our strategy and risk focus are underpinned by your Board and Management's shared commitment to talent. Embedded in our approach is a strong focus on growing the capabilities needed for today and into the future as we believe comprehensive talent planning is good governance and is in the best interests of our stakeholders.

On behalf of the Sponsors, I take this opportunity to convey my sincere gratitude to our customers for placing their continued trust and patronage of the Askari brand. I am thankful to the State Bank of Pakistan, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and other regulatory bodies for their continued support, to my Board colleagues for their wisdom and valuable guidance in setting the strategic direction of the Bank as a future ready organization.

Lastly, I record my appreciation for the excellent work by our employees across the foot print, for their commitment and service to the customers. Our President & CE, Mr. Atif R. Bokhari has been leading a refresh of the Bank's future strategic direction to deliver profitable and sustainable growth for shareholders over the long term. I have great confidence in our strategic direction as an organization, and in Askari Bank's demonstrated ability to capitalize on opportunities as we move ahead.

Waqar Ahmed Malik Chairman, Board of Directors

February 21, 2024 Karachi

## VALUE ADDED STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

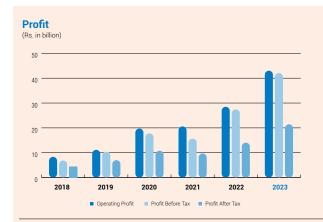
	2023 (Rs. in ′000)	2022 (Rs. in '000)
Value Added		
Net interest income Non-interest income Operating expenses excluding staff cost,	59,422,956 12,935,951	39,961,553 11,620,005
depreciation, amortization, donation and WWF Provisions	(10,978,160) (966,361)	(8,136,961) (1,042,135)
	60,414,386	42,402,462

	2023 (Rs. in '000)	(%)	2022 (Rs. in '000)	(%)
Value Allocated	(	(3)	(	(10)
To Employees Compensation / staff costs	14,417,616	23.9	11,474,947	27.0
To Government Income Tax Workers Welfare Fund	20,609,804 533,110 21,142,914	35.0	13,397,858 339,903 13,737,761	32.4
To Providers of Capital Cash / Stock dividend	3,623,248	6.0	1,890,390	4.5
To Society Donations	524,398	0.9	492,403	1.2
To Expansion and Growth Depreciation Amortization Retained Earnings	2,713,216 181,584 17,811,410		2,492,990 142,765 12,171,206	
	20,706,210	34.2	14,806,961	34.9
	60,414,386	100.0	42,402,462	100.0



### FINANCIAL REVIEW

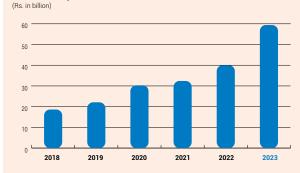
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



#### **PROFIT**

Profit before provisions and taxation (i.e. operating profit) increased by 51 percent YoY as net revenues increased by Rs. 20.8 billion while total expenses increased by Rs. 6.3 billion; a net growth of Rs. 14.5 billion during the year. Profit before taxation recorded an increase of 53 percent YoY as provisions against non-performing assets declined by 7 percent.

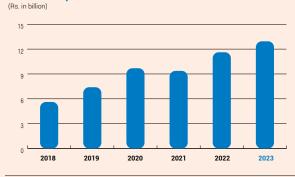
#### Net Mark-up / Interest Income



#### **NET MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME**

Net markup / net interest income grew by 48 percent corresponding to a 21 percent growth in average earning assets / cost bearing liabilities. Investment revenue grew by 91 during the year benefiting by upward re-pricing of floating rate bonds. Mark - up on loans and advances increased by 71 percent due to rising benchmark rates and 8 percent growth in gross advances. Cost of deposits increased by 94 percent and cost of borrowings doubled inline with growth in gross investments of the Bank by 54%. Cost of deposits witnessed higher growth since the benefit of rising market rates was up-front for customer deposits while asset repricing followed with a lag.

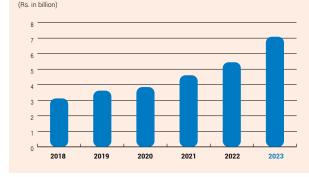
#### Non Mark-up / Interest Income



#### **NON MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME**

Non-markup income grew by 11 percent YoY basis. Growth in NFI mainly contributed by fee, commission, dividend, capital gains and other income cumulatively grew by 48 percent as compared to last year. NFI growth was net-off with reduction of foreign exchange income by 29 percent. The Bank's active management and re-alignment of stock portfolio yielded higher gains.

#### **Fee and Commission Income**



#### **FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME**

Fee and commission income increased by 30 percent YoY as key revenue lines; trade and guarantee commissions, card related fees and credit related fees that accounts for almost 80 percent of the total fee income recorded double digit growth during the year. Contribution by the above revenue lines in overall growth of the fee income stream is 98 percent.

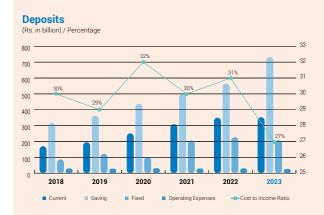
### FINANCIAL REVIEW

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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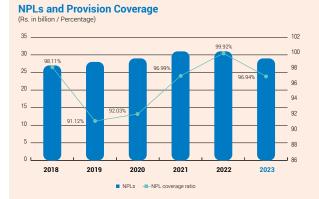
#### **OPERATING EXPENSES**

Total operating and other expenses increased by 27 percent YoY. Major increase was recorded in information technology and property expense due to addition of new branches; 60 new branches were added to the nation-wide network, inflationary upsurge and Rupee devaluation. The overall cost to income ratio improved to 40.6 percent during the year compared to 44.7 percent last year.



#### **DEPOSITS**

Customer deposits grew by 13.2 percent YoY to close at Rs. 1.3 trillion. Aggregate current and saving deposit grew by 18.6 percent and were preferred over fixed deposit that declined by 9 percent during the year. CASA mix rose to 84 percent from 80 percent. Historical high policy rates affected current deposits and resultantly current account to total deposit ratio attributed to 27 percent as at December 31, 2023.



#### NPLs AND PROVISION COVERAGE

During the year, the Bank's non-performing loans reduced to Rs. 29.1 billion as at December 31, 2023 from Rs. 31.1 billion as at December 31, 2022 that also includes the impact of write / charge off against provisions (Note 9.5 and 9.7). The infection ratio also improved to 4.39 percent, from 5.07 percent of last year. Pursuant to reduction in NPLs and growth in gross advances by 81% as compared to last year, aggregate provision declined by 9 percent YoY which caused the coverage ratio to settle down at 97 percent as of 31 December 2023 from 100 percent last year.

## **Askari Bank Limited**

## FINANCIAL CALENDER

2023	
1st Quarter Results issued on	April 20, 2023
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Results issued on	August 21, 2023
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter Results issued on	October 27, 2023
32 <sup>nd</sup> Annual Results issued on	February 21, 2024
32 <sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting scheduled for	March 28, 2024

2022	
1st Quarter Results issued on	April 20, 2022
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter Results issued on	August 17, 2022
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter Results issued on	October 8, 2022
31st Annual Results issued on	February 15, 2023
31st Annual General Meeting held on	March 29, 2023

#### **Summarized Quarterly Financial Results**

2023 2022

					-					
(Rupees in million)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr		
Financial Position										
Assets										
Cash,short term funds & statutory deposits with SBP	118,709	145,941	136,344	173,876	105,500	147,485	97,419	81,034		
Investments	842,620	1,098,816	1,042,294	1,182,538	615,407	778,747	848,532	762,697		
Advances	581,019	622,816	524,133	633,133	465,774	546,910	556,177	583,811		
Operating fixed assets	26,244	25,965	26,859	28,866	21,612	21,602	21,629	25,860		
Other assets	93,490	95,528	105,038	105,593	54,412	54,554	70,994	72,269		
Total assets	1,662,081	1,989,067	1,834,668	2,124,006	1,262,705	1,549,298	1,594,750	1,525,671		
Liabilities										
Borrowings from financial institutions	323,113	540,356	378,683	643,363	135,016	327,591	314,216	233,432		
Customers deposits	1,192,676	1,269,627	1,275,247	1,293,145	997,539	1,085,300	1,137,551	1,142,575		
Sub-ordinated loans	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000		
Other liabilities	62,495	90,263	83,989	78,375	59,834	59,403	63,802	64,341		
Total liabilities	1,590,285	1,912,246	1,749,920	2,026,883	1,204,389	1,484,295	1,527,568	1,452,349		
Net Assets	71,796	76,821	84,748	97,123	58,315	65,003	67,182	73,322		
Shareholders' funds										
Share capital	14,493	14,493	14,493	14,493	12,603	12,603	12,603	12,603		
Reserves and unappropriated profit	60,451	64,909	71,445	78,172	45,078	48,200	53,119	56,767		
(Deficit) / surplus on revaluation of assets	(3,148)	(2,582)	(1,190)	4,458	634	4,200	1,460	3,952		
Total shareholders' funds	71,796	76,821	84,748	97,123	58,315	65,003	67,182	73,322		
Profit & Loss										
Total income	15,076	16,508	18,834	21,941	10,981	11,846	15,301	13,454		
Mark-up / return / interest earned	57,147	70,864	88,828	88,796	26,744	34,978	48,119	55,954		
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	45,212	57,979	73,131	69,892	18,291	26,188	36,264	45,091		
Net mark-up / interest income	11,936	12,885	15,698	18,904	8,453	8,790	11,855	10,864		
Non - mark-up / interest income	3,141	3,622	3,137	3,036	2,528	3,056	3,446	2,590		
Fee, commission and exchange income	2,955	3,222	2,662	2,142	2,197	2,959	3,079	2,705		
Other income	186	401	475	893	331	97	366	(115		
Operating expenses	6,783	7,179	7,393	7,993	5,056	5,510	6,330	6,184		
Provisions and write offs - net	(58)	675	73	276	(172)	282	71	861		
Operating profit	8,294	9,329	11,441	13,947	5,925	6,336	8,971	7,270		
Profit before tax	8,352	8,654	11,368	13,671	6,097	6,054	8,901	6,408		
Taxation	3,648	4,520	5,641	6,801	2,492	3,350	4,461	3,096		
Profit after taxation	4,703	4,134	5,727	6,871	3,605	2,704	4,440	3,313		
Ratios (percent)										
Return on average shareholders' funds (RoE) - annualized	26.3%	24.2%	34.4%	38.8%	26.6%	17.6%	26.7%	18.7%		
Return on average assets (RoA) - annualized	1.2%	0.9%	1.2%	1.4%	1.2%	0.8%	1.1%	0.8%		

## SHARE & DEBT INFORMATION

#### I. Share Information

1.1 The ordinary shares of Askari Bank Limited ("the Bank") are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The audited financial statements have been submitted to the stock exchange within the requisite notice periods as required by the relevant Regulations. Askari Bank's Central Depository System ID is 05132.

#### 1.2 Market symbols

Pakistan Stock Exchange – AKBL, Reuters – ASKB.KA, Bloomberg – AKBL: PA

#### 1.3 Share price and volume - last 10 years

Γ	Year			Market	KSE's	share	Share Price			shares
		Shares	Shareholders' funds (equity)	capitalization	market capitalization	in market capitalization	High During the year	Low During the year	Close at December 31	traded during the year
		(in Numbers)		(in Billion)		(Percent)		(in Rupees)		(in Numbers)
	2014	1,260,260,180	23.71	29.07	7,380.53	0.39%	23.14	13.37	23.07	590,931,000
	2015	1,260,260,180	26.85	27.40	6,947.36	0.39%	25.54	16.26	21.74	427,049,500
-	2016	1,260,260,180	32.58	31.44	9,628.51	0.33%	25.61	17.50	24.95	329,016,500
	2017	1,260,260,180	32.44	24.34	8,570.93	0.28%	28.03	17.75	19.31	341,523,000
	2018	1,260,260,180	33.51	30.15	7,692.79	0.39%	26.49	19.20	23.92	208,231,500
-	2019	1,260,260,180	42.26	23.37	7,811.81	0.30%	24.46	15.53	18.54	90,865,500
-	2020	1,260,260,180	54.55	29.48	8,035.36	0.37%	23.59	13.00	23.39	241,054,000
	2021	1,260,260,180	55.90	27.75	7,900.14	0.35%	25.70	18.77	22.02	94,935,000
	2022	1,260,260,180	73.32	25.33	6,382.60	0.40%	23.85	16.40	20.10	57,147,500
	2023	1,449,299,207	97.12	35.83	9,003.70	0.40%	26.38	11.99	24.72	243,027,000

#### 1.4 Record of share issues

Year	Issue	Number of shares	Share capital (Rs)
	Prior to public issue	15,000,000	150,000,000
1992	Public issue	15,000,000	150,000,000
1993	50% Rights issue @ Rs. 10 per share	15,000,000	150,000,000
1995	Bonus @ 15%	6,750,000	67,500,000
1996	50% Rights issue @ Rs. 20 per share	22,500,000	225,000,000
1996	Bonus @ 10%	7,425,000	74,250,000
1997	Bonus @ 15%	12,251,250	122,512,500
1998	Bonus @ 5%	4,696,312	46,963,120
2001	Bonus @ 5%	4,931,101	49,311,010
2002	Bonus @ 5%	5,177,712	51,777,120
2003	Bonus @ 5%	5,436,568	54,365,680
2004	Bonus @ 10%	11,416,794	114,167,940
2005	Bonus @ 20%	25,116,947	251,169,474
2006	Bonus @ 33%	49,731,555	497,315,549
2007	Bonus @ 50%	100,216,620	1,002,166,196
2008	Bonus @ 35%	105,227,450	1,052,274,496
2009	Bonus @ 25%	101,469,326	1,014,693,261
2010	Share issued to shareholders of erstwhile Askari Leasing Limited	28,273,315	282,733,150
2010	Bonus @ 20%	107,123,990	1,071,239,900
2011	Bonus @ 10%	64,274,460	642,744,604
2012	Bonus @ 15%	106,052,684	1,060,526,840
2013	55% Rights issue @ Rs. 10 per share	447,189,096	4,471,890,960
2022	Bonus @ 15%	189,039,027	1,890,390,270
		1 449 299 207	14 492 992 070

#### 2. Debts Information

2.1 Askari Bank has issued seven Term Finance Certificates (TFCs), out of which the following are outstanding - unsecured subordinated debt.

(Rupees in million)	TEC - VI	TEC - VII
IPO investors	6,000	6,000
Market Symbols / IDs	AKBLTFC6	AKBLTFC7
Rating by PACRA	AA-	AA
Market Price as at December 31, 2023 (based on marketable lots of Rs.1,000,000)	6,000	5,970
Applicable interest rate (p.a.) as at December 31, 2023	24.47%	22.62%

## **Askari Bank Limited**

# HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ANALYSIS | Horizontal Analysis | Horizontal Analysis | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100

							2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
							Vs	Vs	Vs	Vs	Vs	Vs
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
			Rupees	in million					Varia	ince		
Balance Sheet												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087	70,950	89,432	73,652	63,039	49,188	126%	(21%)	21%	17%	28%	11%
Balances with other banks	13,789	9,677	3,455	7,720	7,887	4,093	42%	180%	(55%)	(2%)	93%	28%
Lendings to financial institutions	10,707	407	- 0,100	- 1	20,406	1,000	(100%)	100%	- (00/0)	(100%)	100%	(100%)
Investments	1,182,538	762.697	616,361	449,687	305,436	260.234	55%	24%	37%	47%	17%	(17%)
Advances	633,133	583,811	477,588	395,374	372,914	343,107	8%	22%	21%	6%	9%	33%
Operating fixed assets	28,866	25,860	21,350	22,357	20,506	13,533	12%	21%	(5%)	9%	52%	26%
Assets held for sale	1,750	1,750		-	81	81	-	100%	- 1	(100%)	-	- 1
Deferred tax assets	8,073	7,546	5,168	1,623	2,490	3,774	7%	46%	218%	(35%)	(34%)	3646%
Other assets	95,770	62,973	45,789	42,105	40,451	32,522	52%	38%	9%	4%	24%	45%
Otto dooco	2.124.006	1.525.671	1.259.144	992.517	833,208	706.532	39%	21%	27%	19%	18%	8%
	2,124,000	1,020,071	1,207,177	772,017	000,200	700,002	07/0	21/0	2110	17/0	1070	0/0
Liabilities												
Bills payable	12,394	11,879	10,235	12,630	15,769	15,513	4%	16%	(19%)	(20%)	2%	44%
Borrowings	643,362	233,432	123,564	84,164	51,188	52,702	176%	89%	47%	64%	(3%)	(26%)
Deposits and other accounts	1,293,146	1,142,575	1,015,430	791,187	679,299	573,636	13%	13%	28%	16%	18%	9%
Sub-ordinated loans	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	9,992	9,994	-	-	-	20%	-	100%
Other liabilities	65,981	52,463	42,012	37,990	34,704	21,178	26%	25%	11%	9%	64%	91%
	2,026,883	1,452,349	1,203,242	937,971	790,952	673,023	40%	21%	28%	19%	18%	8%
Net Assets	97,123	73,322	55,902	54,546	42,256	33,509	32%	31%	2%	29%	26%	3%
Represented by												
Share capital	14,493	12,603	12,603	12,603	12,603	12,603	15%	-	-	-	-	-
Reserves	57,740	43,386	32,730	25,632	19,366	15,543	33%	33%	28%	32%	25%	30%
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax	4,458	3,952	1,964	7,638	4,300	1,649	13%	101%	(74%)	78%	161%	(67%)
Unappropriated profit	20,432	13,381	8,606	8,674	5,987	3,714	53%	55%	(1%)	45%	61%	30%
	97,123	73,322	55,902	54,546	42,256	33,509	32%	31%	2%	29%	26%	3%
Profit and Loss												
Mark-up / return / interest earned	305,636	165,796	77,550	77,322	71,704	43,670	84%	114%	_	8%	64%	20%
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	246,213	125,834	45.140	47,059	49,569	25,060	96%	179%	(4%)	(5%)	98%	25%
Net mark-up / interest income	59,423	39,962	32,410	30,263	22,136	18,610	49%	23%	7%	37%	19%	15%
Non mark-up/interest income												
Fee and commission income	7,085	5,446	4,609	3,851	3,617	3,116	30%	18%	20%	6%	16%	15%
Dividend income	709	486	420	273	274	231	46%	16%	54%	(1%)	19%	(24%)
Foreign exchange income	3,897	5,494	3,124	2,673	2,508	1,596	(29%)	76%	17%	7%	57%	89%
Gain / (loss) on securities	777	(251)	815	2,556	739	260	(409%)	(131%)	(68%)	246%	184%	(87%)
Other income	468	444	402	341	266	418	5%	11%	18%	28%	(36%)	20%
Total non-markup / interest income	12,936	11,620	9,370	9,694	7,404	5,622	11%	24%	(3%)	31%	32%	(10%)
Total income	72,359	51,582	41,779	39,957	29,540	24,232	40%	23%	5%	35%	22%	8%
Non mark-up / interest expenses												
Operating expenses	28,569	22,572	20,891	20,123	18,235	16,241	27%	8%	4%	10%	12%	9%
Workers' welfare fund	533	340	213	43	42	(540)	57%	59%	397%	2%	(108%)	(418%)
Other charges	246	168	90	48	100	191	46%	86%	87%	(52%)	(48%)	711%
Total non-markup / interest expenses	29,348	23,080	21,194	20,215	18,377	15,892	27%	9%	5%	10%	16%	5%
Profit before provisions and tax	43,011	28,502	20,585	19,742	11,163	8,340	51%	38%	4%	77%	34%	14%
Provisions	966	1,042	4,940	1,975	773	1,461	(7%)	(79%)	150%	155%	(47%)	(223%)
Profit before taxation	42,045	27,459	15,645	17,767	10,389	6,879	53%	76%	(12%)	71%	51%	(19%)
Taxation	(20,610)	(13,398)	(5,944)	(6,967)	(3,372)	(2,448)	54%	125%	(15%)	107%	38%	(24%)
Profit after taxation	21,435	14,062	9,701	10,800	7,017	4,431	52%	45%	(10%	54%	58%	(16%)
Basic and diluted earnings per share – Rupees												
	14.79	9.70	7.70	8.57	5.57	3.52						

## Annual Report 2023

## HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ANALYSIS

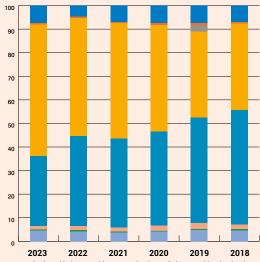
		Vertical Analysis										
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		2022		in million	2017	2010	2020	2022	Compo		2019	201
Balance Sheet			Парссо						оотгро	oldo!!		
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087	70,950	89,432	73,652	63,039	49,188	8%	5%	7%	7%	8%	7%
Balances with other banks	13,789	9,677	3,455	7,720	7,887	4,093	1%	1%	-	1%	1%	1%
Lendings to financial institutions	10,709	407	0,400	7,720	20,406	4,050	- 170	- 1/0	- 1	- 1/0	2%	1 /0
Investments	1,182,538	762,697	616,361	449,687	305,436	260,234	56%	50%	49%	45%	37%	37%
Advances	633,133	583,811	477,588	395,374	372,914	343,107	30%	38%	38%	40%	45%	49%
***************************************		25,860	21,350		20,506	13,533	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%	49%
Operating fixed assets	28,866		21,300	22,357								Z% -
Assets held for sale	1,750	1,750		-	81	81	-	-	-	-	-	
Deferred tax assets	8,073	7,546	5,168	1,623	2,490	3,774	-	-	-	-	-	1%
Other assets	95,770	62,973	45,789	42,105	40,451	32,522	5%	4%	4%	4%	5%	5%
	2,124,006	1,525,671	1,259,144	992,517	833,208	706,532	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Liabilities												
•	10004	44.070	10.005	10.600	45760	45.540	40.	40:	40.	40.	00: 11	00.
Bills payable	12,394	11,879	10,235	12,630	15,769	15,513	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%
Borrowings	643,362	233,432	123,564	84,164	51,188	52,702	30%	15%	10%	8%	6%	7%
Deposits and other accounts	1,293,146	1,142,575	1,015,430	791,187	679,299	573,636	61%	75%	81%	80%	82%	81%
Sub-ordinated loans	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	9,992	9,994	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Other liabilities	65,981	52,463	42,012	37,990	34,704	21,178	3%	3%	3%	4%	4%	3%
	2,026,883	1,452,349	1,203,242	937,971	790,952	673,023	95%	95%	96%	95%	95%	95%
Net Assets	97,123	73,322	55,902	54,546	42,256	33,509	5%	5%	4%	5%	5%	5%
Represented by												
Share capital	14,493	12,603	12,603	12,603	12,603	12,603	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%
Reserves	57,740	43,386	32,730	25,632	19,366	15,543	3%	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%
Surplus on revaluation of assets – net of tax	4,458	3,952	1,964	7,638	4,300	1,649	-	-	-	1%	1%	-
Unappropriated profit	20,432	13,381	8,606	8,674	5,987	3,714	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
	97,123	73,322	55,902	54,546	42,256	33,509	5%	5%	4%	5%	5%	5%
Profit and Loss												
Mark-up / return / interest earned	305,636	165,796	77.550	77.322	71.704	43.670	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	246,213	125,834	45,140	47,059	49,569	25,060	81%	76%	58%	61%	69%	57%
Mark-up / return / interest expensed							19%	24%	42%	39%	31%	
Net mark-up / interest income	59,423	39,962	32,410	30,263	22,136	18,610	19%	Z4%	42%	39%	31%	43%
Non mark-up / interest income					0.447				40.11	=, 17		
Fee and commission income	7,085	5,446	4,609	3,851	3,617	3,116	2%	3%	6%	5%	5%	7%
Dividend income	709	486	420	273	274	231	-	- 1	1%		-	1%
Foreign exchange income	3,897	5,494	3,124	2,673	2,508	1,596	1%	3%	4%	3%	3%	4%
Gain / (loss) on securities	777	(251)	815	2,556	739	260	-	-	1%	3%	1%	1%
Other income	468	444	402	341	266	418	-	- ]	1%		- ]	1%
Total non-markup / interest income	12,936	11,620	9,370	9,694	7,404	5,622	4%	7%	12%	13%	10%	13%
Total income	72,359	51,582	41,779	39,957	29,540	24,232	24%	31%	54%	52%	41%	55%
Non mark-up/interest expenses												
Operating expenses	28,569	22,572	20,891	20,123	18,235	16,241	9%	14%	27%	26%	25%	37%
Workers' welfare fund	533	340	213	43	42	(540)	-	-	-	-	-	(1%
Other charges	246	168	90	48	100	191	-	-	-	-	-	7
Total non-markup / interest expenses	29,348	23,080	21,194	20,215	18.377	15.892	10%	14%	27%	26%	26%	36%
Profit before provisions and tax	43.011	28,502	20.585	19.742	11,163	8.340	14%	17%	27%	26%	16%	19%
Provisions Provisions	45,011	1,042	4,940	1,975	773	1,461	14/0	17%	6%	3%	1%	3%
Profit before taxation	42,045	27,459	15,645	17,767	10.389	6.879	14%	17%	20%	23%	14%	16%
רוטווג שכוטוב נמגמנוטוו												(6%
Toyotion	(20 (10)											
Taxation Profit after taxation	(20,610) 21,435	(13,398) 14.062	(5,944) 9.701	(6,967) 10,800	(3,372) 7.017	(2,448) 4.431	(7%) 7%	(8%)	(8%) 13%	(9%) 14%	(5%) 10%	10%

#### **Balance Sheet Horizontal Analysis**

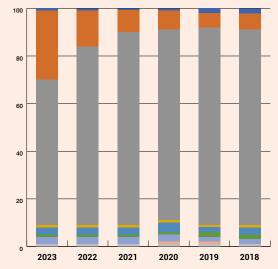
(Cumulative average growth rate for the last six years - % age)



### Balance Sheet Vertical Analysis (Composition for the last six years - % age)



- Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks
- Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances
- Operating fixed assets
   Asstes held for sale
   Deferred tax assets
   Other assets



- Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts
   Sub-ordinated debts Other liabilities Share capital Reserves
   Surplus on revaluation of assets net of tax Unappropriated profit

## **OUR PRESENCE**

Azad Jammu & Kashmir         11           Bagh AJK         1           Bhimbar         1           Kotli         1           Mirpur AJK         5           Muzaffarabad         2           Poonch         1           Balochistan         28           Gwadar         3           Jaffarabad         1           Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3	Location	No. of Branches
Bhimbar         1           Kotli         1           Mirpur AJK         5           Muzaffarabad         2           Poonch         1           Balochistan         28           Gwadar         3           Jaffarabad         1           Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1	Azad Jammu & Kashmir	11
Kotli         1           Mirpur AJK         5           Muzaffarabad         2           Poonch         1           Balochistan         28           Gwadar         3           Jaffarabad         1           Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1	Bagh AJK	1
Mirpur AJK         5           Muzaffarabad         2           Poonch         1           Balochistan         28           Gwadar         3           Jaffarabad         1           Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Kohat         1	Bhimbar	1
Muzaffarabad   2	Kotli	1
Poonch         1           Balochistan         28           Gwadar         3           Jaffarabad         1           Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1	Mirpur AJK	5
Poonch         1           Balochistan         28           Gwadar         3           Jaffarabad         1           Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1	 Muzaffarabad	2
Gwadar         3           Jaffarabad         1           Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           <		1
Jaffarabad         1           Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1 <t< td=""><td>Balochistan</td><td>28</td></t<>	Balochistan	28
Kech (At Turbat)         1           Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat	Gwadar	3
Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat	 Jaffarabad	1
Khuzdar         1           Killa Abdullah         1           Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Kohat	Kech (At Turbat)	1
Lasbela (At Uthal)         1           Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohat         1           Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1		1
Loralai         1           Panjgur         1           Pishin         1           Quetta         16           Zhob         1           Islamabad Capital Territory         54           Gilgit Baltistan           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           <	Killa Abdullah	1
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Gilgit Baltistan         10           Astore         1           Gilgit         4           Jaglot         1           Khaplu         1           Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohistan         1           Lassan Nawab         1           Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1		1
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Skardu         3           Khyber Pakhtunkhwa         61           Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohistan         1           Lassan Nawab         1           Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1	Jaglot	1
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Abbottabad         8           Bannu         2           Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohistan         1           Lassan Nawab         1           Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1	Skardu	3
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Charsadda         2           Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohistan         1           Lassan Nawab         1           Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1	Abbottabad	8
Chitral         1           Dera Ismail Khan         3           Dir         1           Ghazi         1           Hangu         1           Haripur         4           Kanju         1           Kohat         1           Kohistan         1           Lassan Nawab         1           Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1	Bannu	2
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Hangu       1         Haripur       4         Kanju       1         Kohat       1         Kohistan       1         Lassan Nawab       1         Lower Dir       1         Malakand       3         Mansehra       6         Mardan       3         Mingora       1	Dir	1
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Kohistan         1           Lassan Nawab         1           Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1	Kanju	1
Lassan Nawab         1           Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1	Kohat	1
Lower Dir         1           Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1	Kohistan	1
Malakand         3           Mansehra         6           Mardan         3           Mingora         1	Lassan Nawab	1
Mansehra 6 Mardan 3 Mingora 1	Lower Dir	1
Mardan 3 Mingora 1	Malakand	3
Mingora 1	Mansehra	6
- v	Mardan	3
Nowshera 4	Mingora	1
	Nowshera	4

Location	No. of Branches
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa – Continued	
Parachinar	1
Peshawar	11
Shangla	1
Swabi	1
Swat	2
Punjab	335
Attock	11
Bahawalnagar	4
Bahawalpur	8
Bewal	1
Bhakkar	1
Burewala	1
Chakwal	7
CHINIOT	2
Choha Khalsa	1
Daska	1
Dera Ghazi Khan	3
Faisalabad	18
Fateh Jang	1
Ghakhar Mandi	1
Gujranwala	13
Gujar Khan	1
Gujrat	12
Hafizabad	3
Jhang	2
Jhelum	5
Joharabad	1
Kasur	3
Khanewal	3
Khushab	1
Lahore	74
Layyah	2
Lodhran	1
Mandi Bahauddin	5
Mandra	1
Mianwali	3
Multan	10
Muzaffargarh	2
Nankana Sahib	2
Narowal	1
Okara	5
Pakpattan	3
Pir Garatan Syedan	1
Rahim Yar Khan	7
Rawalpindi	65
Renala Khurd	1
	-

Location	No. of Branches
Punjab - Continued	
Sadiqabad	1
Sahiwal	2
Sargodha	10
Sheikhupura	5
Sialkot	19
Taxila	1
Toba Tek Singh	4
Vehari	4
Wah Cantt.	1
Zafarwal	1
Sindh	160
Babarloi	1
Badin	1
Bholari	1
Dadu	1
Ghotki (at Mirpur Mathelo)	3
Hyderabad	10
Jacobabad	1
Jamshoro	2
Kambar Shahdadkot	1
Karachi	114
Kashmore	2
Khairpur	2
Larkana	4
Matiari	1
Mirpur Khas	1
Sanghar	2
Shaheed Benazirabad	2
Shikarpur	1
Sukkur	4
Tando Allahyar	1
Tando Muhammad Khan	1
Tharparkar	1
Thatta	1
Umer Kot	2

Beijing, China (Rep. office) 1	





## DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

The Directors present 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual Report of Askari Bank Limited along with the audited unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements of the Bank and Auditors' reports thereon, for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### **Economy**

The world economy has been shaken up by a series of shocks in recent years; the pandemic, geopolitical tensions, commodity price super cycle and climate disasters. 2023 was yet another year of heightened economic stress as global growth slowed down further amid lagged and ongoing effects of tight monetary policies, restrictive financial conditions, volatile commodity prices and weaker international trade and investment.

The impacts of these and a host of domestic shocks were amplified for Pakistan's economy due to the longstanding structural weaknesses; low tax base, high public debt, weak productivity and competitiveness, that makes our economy less resilient to shocks. The damaging impact of last year's floods on the livelihoods and infrastructure and growing pressures on external account became visible on the exchange rate and inflation outturns. Weighed by the impacts of floods, rising cost of production, lower external demand, FX constraints, elevated inflationary pressures, the GDP growth turned negative 0.2 percent for fiscal year 2023.

The first quarter of the year in review was marked by rising inflation, dollar liquidity crisis, growing energy crisis and devaluation of the rupee that led to economic hardship which further intensified during second quarter of the year. Inflation remained higher than projections rising to a peak of 38 percent in May, declining thereafter to 29.7 percent by the close of the year. Food inflation was a key driver while non-food inflation also followed an upward trajectory driven by increased costs of energy and transport. The scheduled external repayments amid the delay in completion of the 9th review of IMF's Extended Fund Facility program and ensuing dearth of external flows added to the pressures on external account and Pak Rupee. Also, fiscal consolidation did not materialize during first half of the year due to lesser tax revenues despite withdrawal of energy subsidies. The second half of the year saw a gradual stabilization of the exchange rate and an easing of dollar liquidity as imports declined and exports maintained an upward trend. Remittances also increased as a result of moderate economic activity and relative stability.

The current account deficit at USD 831 million for the second half of the year is showing an improvement from USD 3.6 billion for the same period last year contributed by a favourable trade balance. Exports recorded an increase of 7.5 percent whereas imports declined by 14.7 percent. Resultantly, the trade deficit was USD 9.9 billion

as against 15.4 billion last year. During full year 2023, workers' remittances recorded a decline of 12 percent YoY, however latest data for the month of December is showing an increase of 5.4 percent reflecting the impact of structural reforms related to exchange companies and consequent convergence of exchange rates in interbank and open markets.

On the fiscal side, the consolidation measures helped in improving the revenues relative to expenditure as tax collection increased during the second half of 2023, the non-tax revenues also increased amidst substantial growth in petroleum development levy. However, the high policy rate poses a significant challenge in controlling higher markup expense and it is projected to maintain pressure for the remaining current fiscal year, thus warranting restraint on non-essential expenditure and broadening tax base for achieving macroeconomic stability.

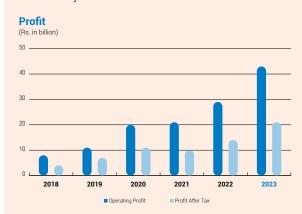
As the inflationary pressures and other factors weighing on the economy kept different economic sectors under stress, the financial soundness of the banking sector remained intact. Despite some moderation in deposit growth, the banking sector remained stable and even registered improvement in liquidity coverage, asset quality and capital adequacy. The infection ratio remained unchanged at nearly last year's level partly due to subdued growth of private sector credit impacted by sharp rise in borrowing costs. The stable performance of the banking sector was attributable to various measures initiated by the SBP to strengthen regulatory framework and supervisory effectiveness in line with best practices and changing market dynamics.

Pakistan has recently received a tranche equivalent to USD 706 million from IMF, following the successful completion of the first review under the Stand-by Arrangements (SBA) which is providing market confidence and exchange rate stability. As the inflationary pressures subsides and the external environment turns favorable, industrial sector is likely to recover along with better prospects for agriculture. The twin deficit is on a downward trajectory signifying better economic management. Revenue performance is encouraging, however, there is significant pressure on expenditure attributed to higher markup payments. The recent policy decisions have contained the accumulation of circular debt, however broader reform efforts are critical for restoring energy sector viability along with much needed structural reforms for the SOEs through stronger governance, transparency and efficiency. The economic activities are expected to moderately recover contingent on the continuation of sound and prudent economic policies geared toward the target for current fiscal year.

#### **Bank's Performance**

Askari Bank delivered sound financial results for the year 2023 with a profit before tax of Rs.42.0 billion, recording a YoY growth of 53 percent. Profit after tax increased to Rs.21.4 billion, a 52 percent growth over Rs.14.1 billion last year despite excessive taxation levied in the Federal Budget. The Bank is reporting earnings per share of Rs.14.79 for the current year against comparable Rs.9.70 last year.

The notable performance for the current year was contributed by all key activity drivers amidst challenging and evolving environment as the Bank's leadership remained focused on delivering the long-term strategy, clearly connecting and optimizing resources to the goals for accelerated value creation and continued business sustainability.

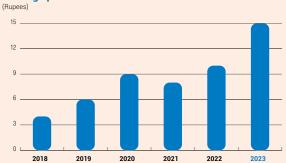




The Bank's balance sheet grew by 39 percent to Rs.2.124 trillion at the close of year. Average earning assets registered a 21 percent growth YoY, mainly funded by a 19 percent increase in average customer deposit. Aggregate current and saving deposit grew by 19 percent as the CASA ratio increased to 84 percent at the close of the year from 80 percent last year. Positive volumetric growth in average earning assets supported by improving spreads and effective duration management enabled the Bank to post a net markup income of Rs.59.4 billion for the year ended December 31, 2023, depicting a growth of 49 percent. Fee and commission income increased by 30 percent mainly contributed by trade,

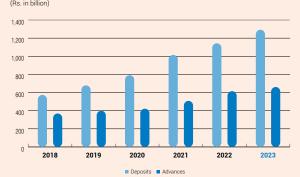
guarantee and card related fees. Income from foreign exchange income declined by 29 percent, though partly offset by gains on securities and dividend incomes as aggregate non-markup income increased by 11 percent. Operating expenses increased by 27 percent mainly due to inflation related effects, Rupee depreciation, alongside Bank's continued investment in new branches, digital and information technology platforms. Operating costs continue to be managed prudently while focusing on building revenue momentum through expansion without compromising on investments in new ventures. The Bank's cost to income ratio improved to 40.6 percent for the current year from 44.7 percent last year.

#### Earnings per share



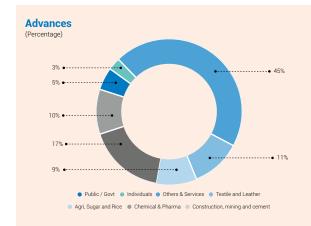
Gross advances increased by 7.5 percent to Rs.661 billion. Most of the lending was in corporate and commercial segments as consumer lending recorded a net contraction in the face of strong headwinds for this segment. Non-performing loans recorded a net reduction of 6.69 percent as the Bank opted to treat its infected loan portfolio which had hardened for recovery and was cleaned up as permitted by regulations and best practices. At December 31, 2023, the Bank's infection ratio was 4.4 percent while the coverage ratio was 97 percent. ADR ratio is reported at 51.1 percent at December 31, 2023. The Bank will continue to lend prudently under a robust risk management framework while diligently monitoring the asset quality.

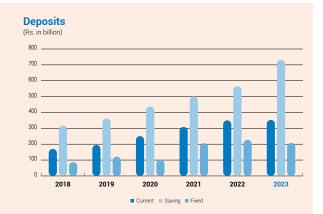
#### **Advances and Deposits**



Askari Bank's net assets stood at Rs.97.1 billion compared to Rs.73.3 billion last year, growth of 32.5 percent. Return on equity and return on assets were

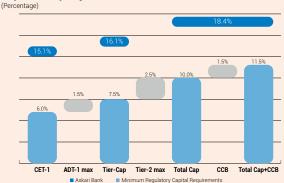
#### DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS





recorded at 25.2 percent and 1.2 percent respectively for the year. At December 31, 2023, the Bank is compliant with the regulatory capital ratios. Capital Adequacy Ratio is reported at 18.35 percent against the regulatory requirement of 11.50 percent (including capital conservation buffer of 1.50 percent of the total Risk Weighted Assets (RWA)). Leverage ratio improved to 3.59 percent from 3.18 percent last year. The Bank is committed to maintain capital ratios well above prescribed thresholds for better risk absorption capacity.





#### **Appropriations**

The Board of Directors recommends the following appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

Rupees in '000		
Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022
	Unc	consolidated
Profit after taxation Effect of recognition of actuarial gains Transfer from surplus on revaluation	21,434,659 338,078 802,541	14,061,595 61,504 664,502
Profit available for appropriation Transfer from share premium account Bonus shares Nil (2022: 15 percent) Cash dividend - 25 percent (2022: Nil) Transfer to statutory reserve	22,575,278 - - (3,623,248) (2,143,466)	14,787,601 234,669 (1,890,390) – (1,406,160)
Accumulated profit carried forward	16,808,564	11,725,720
Earnings per share - Rupees	14.79	9.70

#### **Rating**

The Bank's entity rating was reaffirmed at 'AA+' (Double A Plus) for the long-term by Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA), with outlook assigned as 'Stable'. The Bank's strong brand and affiliation with Fauji Foundation are recognized as the key rating drivers, supported by Bank's experienced management team, prudent risk management policies, and deep-rooted relationship with clients. Lately, retention of profits in the bank to bolster the capital structure is also a testimonial

of support. The short-term rating was maintained at 'A1+' (A One Plus).

#### **Foundation Securities Limited**

As stated in our previous communications, the Bank's wholly owned subsidiary, Askari Securities Limited (ASL) was amalgamated with Foundation Securities (Pvt) Limited (FSL) pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation sanctioned by the Honorable Sindh High Court vide its order dated March 13,

2023 whereby all ASL properties, assets, rights, liabilities, trademarks, patents and obligations as of July 1, 2021 (effective date of scheme) were transferred to FSL against issuance of 27,140,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each of FSL at par value (1.18 shares of FSL) against 1 share of ASL held by the Bank. Earlier, the amalgamation was approved by the State Bank of Pakistan subject to AKBL holding majority equity stake in the merged FSL. Consequently, at December 31, 2023 AKBL held 51 percent equity in FSL. The amalgamation has synergized business and operating platform while extending the suite of financial offerings to a larger customer segment.

#### **Askari Exchange Company**

The Bank is in the process of establishing a currency exchange company and is currently acquiring necessary regulatory approvals. The Bank is aiming at leveraging the strengths of a strong understanding of this market and plans to expand its offering menu to capitalize and contribute for the growing demand for currency exchange services.

#### **Distribution and Digital Channels**

During the year, the Bank opened 60 new branches across the country of which 20 were Islamic banking branches. At December 31, 2023, Askari Bank was operating with 660 branches / sub branches; 520 conventional and 140 Islamic Banking branches, a wholesale bank branch in Bahrain and a representative office in Beijing, China.

As the nationwide branch footprint enables competitive advantage, digitization remains a key priority being the most impactful and the most resource intensive aspiration for a future ready organization. The Bank is consistently investing in technology to deliver customer solutions aligned with evolving lifestyles with a clear direction and understanding, gaining insight of changing behaviors and customer preferences enabling design and delivery of such solutions. Alongside, attracting and nurturing talent to support digital transformation is recognized as an absolute critical for this new era of banking. The Bank's strategy adhered to the principles of streamlined and swift customer delivery with a clear vision to 'get closer to the customer'.

The Bank established its first Digital Lifestyle Branch at Kakul, Abbottabad. This state-of-the-art facility epitomizes the convergence of cutting-edge technology, providing an immersive banking experience. The first digital branch offers virtual reality VR based banking experience allowing customers to explore services in a virtual space. WhatsApp Banking was also introduced during the year that offers a range of functionalities to the customers, including registration, account management, debit card management and the ability to lodge complaints - all from the convenience of WhatsApp.

As part of digital strategy, the Bank aims to build an inclusive phygital (physical+digital) financial ecosystem for enhanced outreach through strategic partnerships. Digital strategy also focuses on data driven solution using machine learning and

Al capabilities for valuable business insights with business process automation to optimize efficiency and reduced operational cost. The digital transformation of the Bank has underpinned its investment enabling continuous refinement, recalibration of strategic priorities and resource allocation in a dynamic operating landscape.

#### **Information Security**

During 2023, the Bank continued its commitment to achieve excellence in IS (information security). While streamlining IS processes for improved governance, risk, and compliance, bolstering the capabilities of our blue and red teams to counter and respond to cybersecurity risks, the Bank implemented data-loss-prevention (DLP) system, aimed at preventing leakages and enhanced capabilities to monitor, detect and prevent unauthorized data transfer. During the year, Bank's compliance was reaffirmed with recertification for PCI-DSS and SWIFT independent security assessment. The Bank's cyber risk score was maintained at the high rank of A+, rated for the third consecutive year by a reputable international cyber security company. The Bank will continue to fine tune its cyber security protocols while spreading awareness amongst staff and customers and investment in tools and applications for proactive management of heightened cyber threats.

#### **Ikhlas Islamic Banking**

Askari Ikhlas Islamic banking provides a comprehensive range of products and services in personal banking, corporate banking, treasury, trade services and banca-takaful solutions. Ikhlas serves the banking needs of its valued customers through its 140 dedicated Islamic banking branches including 03 sub-branches, in 55 cities and towns across the country. Islamic banking remains a strategically important segment and all products and service offerings are developed under the guidance of independent Shariah Board, comprising renowned Shariah Scholars namely, Mufti Muhammad Zahid, Mufti Zakir Hassan Naumani, Mufti Dr. Lutfullah Saqib and Dr. Muhammad Tahir Mansoori. Askari Ikhlas strives for an efficient banking system supportive to economic justice and welfare of the society strictly in compliance with Shariah Principles.

In line with SBP strategy to making Islamic banking one third of the overall banking industry by 2025, Askari Ikhlas is pursuing growth momentum. During the year, Askari Ikhlas Islamic banking posted a 156 percent increase in profit to Rs. 7.4 billion from Rs. 2.9 billion last year. Total assets grew by 39 percent, gross financing increased by 38 percent and deposits recorded a growth of 23 percent. Askari Ikhlas will continue to actively pursue and augment this position in the years to come, Insha'Allah.

#### **Risk Management and Compliance**

The Bank has established risk management frameworks and processes supported by a prudent risk appetite, inbuilt resilience and strong risk culture. Decisions were made in compliance with risk management policies and procedures and regulatory requirements / guidance mitigating and managing

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

risks within defined tolerance. A dedicated committee of the Board of Directors, Board Risk Management Committee maintains oversight, along with multi-tier management supervision, including credit and risk committee and asset liability committee. This approach helps in outlining the Bank's risk tolerance level vis-à-vis it's risk appetite in relation to its size, current position and market standing, with a view to refine processes, controls and guidelines to not only mitigate, but also to effectively manage risks.

In 2023, de-risking the loan portfolio was a key area of focus as continuing stressed conditions and macroeconomic developments increased default risk. Obligor level monitoring is pivotal as macro-economic and business environment generally have a varied impact and severity even if the obligors are in the same sector/sub-sector. Therefore, an obligor level monitoring framework has been implemented for regular monitoring. An Enterprise Risk Management Department was set-up to ensure that Bank had well positioned for potential events that could negatively impact its earnings, capital, operations and reputation. Bank will continue to proactively manage credit and market portfolio for remedial actions as and when the need arises.

Promotion of effective compliance culture is Bank's utmost priority. The Bank defines, manages and mitigates compliance risk with the objective of providing best customer and client services, protecting market integrity and ensuring highest ethical standards. In 2023, the Bank reinforced its efforts to further strengthen the Compliance Risk Management Framework (CRMF), which oversees adherence to the applicable laws and regulations. Such process is vital to conduct our operations responsibly, maintain our reputation, protect our customers' interest while adhering to the highest regulatory standards.

The Bank has further improved its financial crime controls by upgrading its Transactions Monitoring System (TMS) with enhanced features and coverage of trade and assets portfolio. Moreover, the practice of adverse media/negative news assessment, Open-Source information gathering and market intelligence has been initiated as part of Enhanced Due-Diligence process. Similarly, arrangements for detection, monitoring and reporting of digital transactions strengthened and controls for identification, due-diligence and onboarding of high-risk customer were also enriched through enhanced review and implementation of an additional and robust automated screening solution. The Bank continued its focus on digitalization of compliance processes including management of regulatory compliance, Law Enforcement Agencies (LEAs), policy and procedure reviews, fraud and enterprise compliance risk management. Regular staff trainings, compliance advisories and awareness through e-learning as well as classroom sessions is a focus area with an objective to improve compliance culture in the bank. Collectively, all these efforts strengthened the compliance and operational resilience, ability to deliver smooth operations and protect bank's interest.

#### **Human Resource**

In pursuit of commitment to foster a positive work culture, the Bank consistently channels resources for growth and well-being of its human capital. A comprehensive policy framework supported by robust processes and procedures for attracting, retaining talent, professional growth and development via structured training programs govern the Bank's human capital ensuring a dynamic work environment for all employees. The human resource function continually aligns strategies to implement best people practices, under the guidance and oversight of the President & CE and the Board's dedicated Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

Aligned with the Bank's overarching goal of achieving operational efficiency and enhanced productivity; a dedicated emphasis on talent management through succession planning and identification of high potentials and key contributors accustomed with well-thought cross-functional structure are steps towards the development of a lean and proficient organizational structure. The strategic approach not only ensures a seamless transition of skills and responsibilities within the workforce but also enhances adaptability and responsiveness to dynamic business needs.

Embracing a pay-for-performance culture, the Bank remain committed to foster a dynamic and meritocratic work environment where hard work, innovation, and exceptional results are acknowledged through competitive compensation structures aligned with industry rewards and benefits standards.

The Bank fervently champions diversity, equity and inclusion (DE&I) and is unwaveringly committed to spearheading initiatives that align with and bolster the DE&I agenda. The Bank's policy framework acknowledges the value of diverse workforce and warrants that every member of the organization has equal opportunities for growth and success. For the year under review, gender diversity stood at 17 percent, an improvement from 14.7 percent last year. For 2023, the Bank is employing 106 persons with disabilities (PWDs) compared to 63 last year.

The Bank is steadfast to transform as a learning organization by developing future-ready workforce aligned with business strategy and values exhibiting learning agility. A series of structured learning approaches and interventions were offered with a specific focus on line managers capability enhancement, women leadership and incited pay for performance culture throughout the year. In order to develop homegrown talent pipeline and future leaders, the Management Trainee Program was launched with a renewed approach enabling them to foster innovation and achieve bank's strategic aspirations.

#### **Customer Experience**

Evolving market dynamics and rising expectations have made customer experience a key differentiator in an increasingly competitive industry landscape. The Bank continued to strive to make banking with Askari brand an enjoyable experience by combining digital enablement with service excellence and efficient processes. A dedicated customer experience function continued to drive service excellence programs across the Bank through effective communication and gauging the quality of service through various tools placed at customer touch points. During the year, WhatsApp chatbot option was added to further facilitate communication channel. Various awareness campaigns were also rolled out on digital media in national and regional languages on safe usage of banking services. Customer Feedback channels have been enabled at all our touchpoints i.e. contact center, mobile app, i-net banking, WhatsApp chatbot and branches to gather more customer feedback. The Bank upgraded complaint management system and enhanced features were added. A total of 81K complaints were registered during the year with an average resolution time of 4.9 working days.

### Green Banking and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

The Bank strives to create value for communities by setting the standards for responsible corporate behaviour and facilitating sustainable long-term socio-economic growth through a structured CSR program as an important and intrinsic part of the business. The Bank extends on a regular basis, charitable donations as detailed in Note 29.2 of the annexed financial statements. Such donations target various welfare, health and educational activities.

The Bank actively supports initiatives that promote ecofriendly environment. The Bank offers 'Askari Ujala Finance' in collaboration with partners to small medium enterprises and retail customers for sustainable and environmentally responsible energy projects. The Bank regularly organizes CSR activities; tree plantation, blood donations, and also creates awareness to promote wholesome environment. Contribution to the national exchequer by the Bank in way of payment of direct taxes of Rs. 18.6 billion paid to the Government of Pakistan during the year; furthermore, an amount of Rs. 16.9 billion was deducted / collected by the Bank on account of withholding taxes, federal excise duties and sales tax on services, and paid to the Government of Pakistan.

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Board of Directors of Askari Bank is committed to maintain high standards of corporate governance which has underpinned the Bank's long-term competitiveness, growth

and sustainability. The requirements of Code of Corporate Governance as set out in Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited Regulations in the rule book for the year ended December 31, 2023 have been fully adopted and have been duly complied with. A statement to this effect is annexed in annual report.

#### **Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:**

- The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Bank present its state of affairs fairly, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Bank have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of these financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting, Islamic and Shariah Standards, as applicable to banking companies in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of these financial statements and there is no departure from the said standards.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
   The management statement on internal control has been endorsed by the Board of Directors.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern.
- Key operating and financial data for the last six years, in a summarized form, is included in this report.
- There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges which are outstanding as of December 31, 2023, except as disclosed in annexed financial statements.
- Following is the fair value of investments as at December 31, 2023:
  - Provident Fund: Rs. 7,390 million based on un-audited financial statements (December 31, 2022: Rs. 5,804 million, based on audited financial statements)
  - Gratuity Fund: Rs. 3,600 million based on un-audited financial statements (December 31, 2022: Rs. 3,084 million based on audited financial statements)
- The Board consists of ten directors including two female director and the President & CE as deemed director. During the year, six meetings of the Board of Directors were held. The record of the meetings attended by the directors, is as follows:

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

	Board of Directors Meeting	Board Audit Committee	Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Board Risk Management Committee	Board Information Technology Committee
Total meetings held	6	4	4	5	4
	Name of Directors	and their attendance	in each meeting	'	
Mr. Waqar Ahmed Malik (Chairman)	6	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman	4	NA	1	NA	NA
Mr. Arif Ur Rehman	5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dr. Nadeem Inayat	5	2	3	4	3
Syed Bakhtiyar Kazmi	6	4	NA	2	3
Mr. Manzoor Ahmed	6	4	3	5	NA
Mr. Mohammad Aftab Manzoor	1	1	NA	NA	1
Mr. Mushtaq Malik	1	NA	NA	2	1
Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani	6	NA	3	5	NA
Raja Muhammad Abbas	6	4	NA	NA	4
Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza	4	2	2	NA	NA
Ms. Samina Rizwan	4	NA	2	NA	3
Mr. Atif Riaz Bokhari (President & Chief Executive Officer)	6	NA	NA	5	4

#### **Board Evaluation**

The Board of Directors and its sub-committee members are competent and experienced individuals, representing diverse educational and professional backgrounds and are invaluable for setting and determining the strategic direction of the Bank.

The Board of Directors is keen to ensure that the effectiveness of its performance is periodically evaluated and reviewed. The regulatory guidance prescribes such evaluation on an annual basis, and by an external independent evaluator at least once every three years. During the year, the Bank engaged Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG) for this purpose and the evaluation was completed through a comprehensive questionnaire, bifurcated into different sections categories; Board composition, strategic planning, board interactions, control environment, Board and President & CE's effectiveness, chairperson, President & CE, Board information, Board committees, directors' compensation, independent directors, environment, social and governance, and Board procedures, as well as the objective contributions by individual directors. Quantitative techniques were used, where a scaled questionnaire was provided for each director's feedback. Assessments were carried out for the overall Board, Chairman, and President & CE, Board committees and individual directors. A Likert scale from 1 to 6 (1 being strongly disagree and 6 strongly agree) was used to quantify assessment criteria for each section category. Feedback from each director was then collated and analyzed to denote performance in percentage terms against respective categories.

The evaluation of the Board committees is primarily based on the assessment of the compliance with the terms of reference of each committee. The evaluation criteria for individual directors, is based on their

participation, contribution and offering guidance to and understanding of the areas which were relevant to them in their capacity as a Board member. The evaluation criteria for the Chairman of the Board in addition to the general criteria, also encompasses leadership abilities and effective management of meetings.

This exercise in critical self-assessment allows the Board to evaluate its performance and overall effectiveness in setting strategies, devising control processes, reading market trends by monitoring micro and macroeconomic factors and responding to adverse unforeseen situations to further the cause of a learning organization. This process also ensures that the Board is constantly growing intellectually and the responsibility of steering the Bank for greater success is discharged effectively and efficiently.

Final results of the annual evaluation of the Board's performance are then presented to Board of Directors for review and actions. Disclosure on the mechanism of the evaluation process adopted by the Bank is published for all the stakeholders in compliance with the BPRD Circular No. 11, dated August 22, 2016. Directors' remuneration details are disclosed in financial statements. The Board's remuneration policy sets out the principles for determining remuneration for attending Board and Board Committee meetings, to value their skills and expertise, in alignment with the market and in compliance with applicable regulatory guidelines.

#### **Pattern of Shareholding**

The pattern of shareholding at the close of December 31, 2023 is included in the annual report.

#### **Trading in Shares**

No trades in the shares of the Bank were carried out by the President & CE, CFO, Company Secretary their spouses and minor children during the year 2023.

#### **Auditors**

The present auditors, Messrs. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. As required under the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 the Board and the Audit Committee has recommended the appointment of Messrs. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants as auditors of the Bank for the year ending December 31, 2024 on mutually agreed fee. The appointment is subject to approval in 32nd Annual General Meeting.

### Events after the Date of Statement of Financial Position

There have not been any material events that occurred subsequent to the date of the Statement of Financial Position that require adjustments to the attached financial statements.

#### **Looking Ahead**

With disinflation and steady growth, the global economy is proving to be resilient and the risks to global growth appear broadly balanced. The upsides for the global economic outlook are faster disinflation that could lead to easing of financial conditions and stronger structural reform momentum that could bolster productivity with positive cross-border spillovers, whereas the downside risks are spikes in commodity prices from geopolitical shocks – including continued attacks in Red Sea and supply disruptions / more persistent underlying inflation prolonging tight monetary conditions. As per IMF, global growth is projected at 3.1 percent for 2024, marginally higher than the previous forecasts.

Pakistan's economy has successfully navigated through difficult situations in the past and latest indicators suggest GDP growth in line with estimates. The impact of contractionary monetary policy, improvement in domestic supplies, softer commodity prices and high base effect are expected to moderate inflation in the coming months subject to the trends of energy prices and levies that feeds into market prices of goods and services. Current account deficit is expected to range from 0.5 - 1.5 percent of GDP for fiscal 2024. The likely increase in export earnings and improved growth prospects, both domestic and global, will support foreign exchange reserves. However, long

term economic growth will be driven by effective policy measures including strengthening food and energy supply chain, enhancing productivity, rationalization of government spending, sustainability of public debt and improving tax revenues.

Askari Bank is committed to its long-term strategy and augmenting on a year of sound performance, is eager to move forward selecting right opportunities to pursue while optimizing finite resources available. Risk management will be pivotal in our journey ahead across all lines of defenses and the strategies will focus on being risk aware and not risk wary as challenges remain largely weighed to the downside. The Bank is expanding its footprint, to grow market share in retail segment, particularly low-cost and saving deposits. The Bank will continue to pursue strong governance and compliance discipline. Customer experience remains a key priority aided by continued initiatives in the areas of process improvements, digitization, automation and data analytics. People development will be a key pillar along with technology enablement to provide deeper insights while planned upgrades of enabling systems, payment, cash management system and card system are expected to create considerable enhancements to the Bank's overall customer value proposition.

#### **Acknowledgements:**

On behalf of the Board, we express our sincere appreciation to the State Bank of Pakistan, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and other regulatory bodies for the guidance and support extended to Askari Bank during the year. We also like to place on record our appreciation for the efforts of our Shariah Board for strengthening Shariah compliance and governance framework for Askari Ikhlas Islamic banking. We are indebted to our customers, who continue to entrust us with their business and confidence. Our shareholders have provided steadfast support and to them, and to all our stakeholders, we are deeply grateful. We express our deepest appreciation and gratitude to our staff for their hard work and dedication which has enabled successful delivery of our promise to all our stakeholders.

Atif R. Bokhari President & Chief Executive Waqar Ahmed Malik Chairman, Board of Directors

## Annual Report 2023

## SIX YEARS' FINANCIAL SUMMARY - UNCONSOLIDATED

December 31	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assets					Rupee	s in million
Advances - net	343,107	372,914	395,374	477,588	583,811	633,133
Investments - net	260,234	305,436	449,687	616,361	762,697	1,182,538
Cash, short term funds and statutory			······································			
deposits with SBP	53,281	91,332	81,606	92,887	81,034	173,876
Fixed / intangible assets	13,533	20,506	22,357	21,350	25,860	28,867
Other assets	36,377	43,020	43,493	50,957	72,269	105,592
Total assets	706,532	833,208	992,517	1,259,143	1,525,671	2,124,006
Non-performing loans	26,657	28,134	28,736	31,165	31,147	29,064
Provisions for non-performing loans	26,152	25,635	26,446	30,228	31,123	28,175
Liabilities					Rupee	s in million
Deposits and other accounts	573,636	679,299	791,187	1,015,430	1,142,575	1,293,146
Refinance borrowings from SBP	18,967	19,713	38,644	47,252	49,240	48,448
Sub-ordinated loans	9,994	9,992	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
Borrowings / other liabilities	70,426	81,948	96,140	128,560	248,534	673,289
Total liabilities	673,023	790,952	937,971	1,203,242	1,452,349	2,026,883
Shareholders' funds					Rupee	s in million
Share capital	12,603	12,603	12,603	12,603	12,603	14,493
Reserves	19,257	25,353	34,306	41,336	56,767	78,172
Surplus on revaluation of assets – net of tax	1,649	4,300	7,638	1,964	3,952	4,458
Total shareholders' funds	33,509	42,256	54,546	55,902	73,322	97,123
Profitability					Rupee	s in million
Interest income	43,670	71,704	79,105	77,550	165,796	305,636
Interest expenditure	25,060	49,569	48,842	45,140	125,834	246,214
Net interest income	18,610	22,136	30,263	32,410	39,962	59,423
Fee and commission income	3,116	3,617	3,851	4,609	5,446	7,085
Other income	2,506	3,787	5,843	4,761	6,174	5,851
Non mark-up expenses	15,892	18,377	20,215	21,194	23,080	29,348
Operating profit	8,340	11,163	19,742	20,585	28,502	43,011
Provision and impairment against						
non-performing assets	1,461	773	1,975	4,940	1,042	966
Profit before taxation	6,879	10,389	17,767	15,645	27,460	42,045
Taxation	2,448	3,372	6,967	5,944	13,398	20,610
Profit after taxation	4,431	7,017	10,800	9,701	14,062	21,435
Business transacted					Rupe	es in billion
Imports	394	334	371	541	574	426
Exports	215	248	206	264	279	377
Guarantees	150	156	112	142	110	86

2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

December 31

<sup>\*</sup> Post balance sheet event.

## nnual Report 2023

#### شير مولد تك كا پيرن:

31 وتمير 2023 كا نفتام يرشيم مولدُ لك كا يغيرن سالا شديورت من شال ب-

#### هم كاتحارت:

سال 2023 کے دوران صدرایڈی ای بی الف او بھٹی بیکرٹری اوران کے شریک حیات و نابالغ بچاں کی جانب ہے بینک مے صعص میں میں محتم کالین وین ٹیس کیا گیا۔

#### JAST

پورڈ آؤٹ کیٹل کے جائزہ سے مشروط موجودہ آؤیٹرزمیسرز KPMG تا چر ہادی اینڈ کھٹی چارڈؤ اکاد مگٹ ریٹائر ہو چکے ہیں اورائل ہونے کے نامے خودکود و ہارہ تقرری کیلئے چی کرتے ہیں۔ جیسا کہ اسٹر کھیٹرز کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورٹس کر گولیشٹو، 2019 کے تحت شروری ہے، پورڈ اورا ڈٹ کیٹی نے میسرز KPMG تا چر ہادی اینڈ کھٹی ، چارڈؤ اکاؤشٹس کی 31 دمبر 2024 کو افتام پندر ہوئے والے سال کیلئے ہائی متفقہ فیس کے توش وہ ہارہ تھیٹاتی کی سفارش کی ہے۔ یہ تقرری 32 وی سالانہ اجاس عام میں مشکوری سے مشروط ہے۔

#### مالياتي يوزيش كرشوارول سے بعد كواقعات:

مالیاتی ہوزیش کے گوشواروں کی تاریخ کے بعد کوئی ایساوا تقدرو فعالیس ہوا جے مشکد مالیاتی محوشواروں میں علام کرنا ضروری ہو۔

#### متنتل كاما تزه:

عالمی معیشت کی وباہ دیوکرین جنگ اور زندگی کے بران سے بحال پائیدار ثابت ہورہ ہے اور عالمی معیشت کی وباہ دیوکرین جنگ اور زندگی کے بران سے بحال پائیدار ثابت ہورہ ہے اور عالمی موکور پیش خطرات بردی حد تک متواز ن دکھائی وسیتے ہیں۔ متعتبل کیلئے مہنگائی میں جیزی سے کی اور اوارہ جاتی اصلا حات بنت کیا جی ایش جالات میں آسائی اور سرحد پارشت مجیلاؤک ساتھ یہداوار میں اضافہ کا باحث ہن سکتی ہیں۔ جبکہ منفی خطرات میں جغرافیائی دیگوں بشول ریدی میں مسلسل جملوں اور رسد میں رکاوٹوں اطویل وورادیے تک بنیادی افراط زر کے بدولت کموثر نے جیوں میں مسلسل جملوں اور دسد میں رکاوٹوں اطویل وورادیے تی بنا واضافہ بنیادی مطابق 2024 کیلئے شرع معمولی زیادہ ہے۔

پاکستانی معیشت اپنی می بخت مالات سے پوری کا میانی سے نبروا زیاجوئی اورتاز و ترین اعشار یول سے بی ڈی ٹی موجھنے نے مطابق ہوئے کی جھک نظر آتی ہے۔ انتشار شدہ مائیٹری پالیسی کے اثرات، مقامی رسد میں بہتری، کموؤئی کی قیمتوں میں تری اور ہائی میں اللیف کی جد سے آنے والے مہدوں میں مہدیاں میں موجھائی میں کی گوتق ہے۔ مالی سال 2024 کیلئے کرف اکا وُفٹ شیارہ تی ڈی پی مہدوں میں موجھائی میں کی گوتھ ہے۔ برآ ہدات کی آمدنی میں محداث نے نے کملی اور حالی ترقی ہوں موجھ کے ممکنات میں بہتری لائی، جو کہ زرمباول کے ذخار کو مہاراوے گائی ایم طویل مدتی معاشی نمومور شرکی الدی اور قاتائی کی رسد میں احتجام، بیداواری مطاحبت میں افدائی کی رسد میں احتجام، بیداواری مطاحبت میں افدائی میں افدائی میں میں موجود شرکی ہوئی کی اساف کی محدولات میں بہتری شال ہے۔

مسکری بینک اپنی طویل مدتی سزینی پالل چراہ اورسال کی مفبوط کارکردگی کی بنیاد پراپنے وستیاب عمد دورسائل میں بہتری کے سہارے درست مواقعوں کے انتخاب سے ترقی کا سفر طے کرنے کیلئے پہوٹی ہے۔ مستقبل کے زمارے سفری تمام شعبہ جات میں خطرات سے نمٹنا اہم ترین ہوگا اور حکست مملی خطرات سے معرم آگا تا گائی ٹیس بلکہ آگا تا ہی پرمرکوز ہوگی، کیونکہ چیلنجز کا زیادہ ویا دہنی سبت ہے۔ بینک رئیل کے شعبہ بالضوص کم لاگئی اور میونگ ڈیپازش میں مارکیٹ شیئر میں انسافہ کیلئے اپنے تیش قدم بینک وسعت لا رہاہے۔ بینک مضبوط گورنس اور تیل کے تقم وضیط پر مملدر آند جاری رکھے گا۔ طریقہ کارکی بہتری، ڈیپیٹ تریش مارڈ بیا گئی ہے گلیدی ترقیح بہتری، ڈیپیٹ تریش مارڈ بیا تھا ہے گئی کھری ترقیح ہے۔ گہری بصیرت کیلئے تیکنالو تی کے ساتھ افرادی ترقی ایم ستون ہوگی۔ جبکہ فعال نظام ، اوا تیکی بھرت میں مارڈ بیٹ مارڈ بینک صارفین کی مجموعی وطیو بین خاطر خواہ اضاف و مینجنٹ سستم اور کارڈ سنم کی اپ گریویش کی بدولت مینک صارفین کی مجموعی وطیو بین خاطر خواہ اضاف و مینجنٹ سستم اور کارڈ سنم کی اپ گریویش کی بدولت مینک صارفین کی مجموعی وطیو بین خاطر خواہ اضاف و مینگ

#### اعترافات:

بورؤکی جانب سے ہم شیت بینک آف پاکتان بہکورشیز اینڈ ایکی کیشن آف پاکتان اور وگر راینڈ ایکی کیشن آف پاکتان اور وگر کیر اور اور اور کارون کے سروں سے معترف اور وگر و راہنمائی اور مواوت کے تبدول سے معترف بیں ہم حکری اظامی اسلامی بینکاری کیلئے شریعہ بورڈ کی کاوشوں کو بھی سراج بیں ہم اپنے صارفین کے مفتور بیں جنہوں نے اسپنے کاروبارا و راحتا و کے دریعے ہم پر جرور کیا۔ ہمارے شیم ہولڈرز پوری بابت قدمی سے ہمارے ساتھ کرنے دیا و رہم ان گراں قدر خدمات پرشیم ہولڈرز اور تمام سلیک ہولڈرز کے تبدول سے مشرکز اور بیں ہم اسپنے ممل کی محت اور گن کا احتراف کرتے بیں اوران کے ممنون بیں کیونکہ اس کی بدولت می بدولت بی ہمارے بھی بدولت کی اسداری بھی بنا تھا۔

عاطف دیاش بخاری صدردچیف گزیکٹیو

2024 في 2024 كراي

وقارا الدملك وتارا الدملك وتعتر ثان ريورة آف والزيكثر (

## kari Bank Limited

## والريك رريورث برائحصص داران

#### ڈائز یکٹرزے نام اورا جلاس ش اُن کی ماضری

بررا القاريثن الينالو في مين	يودارمك يخبشت كلق	به او کار کارور کارور دیمار زیلی کلی	بهرا آلت کیل	بدراك والايكروميك	
4	5	4	4	6	مياتكة كالمانعاد
قابل اطلاق فيس	تا باطلاق في	تالي اطلاق في	قامل اطلاق ليس	6	جناب وقارا جم ملك (يشير ثين)
قابل اطلاق فيس	قالي اطلاق في	1	قاطي اطلاق في	5	جناب مرفرا زامحددهان
قابل اطلاق فيس	قاعل اطلاق فيس	قابل اطلاق تين	قابل اطلاق فيل	5	جناب هارف الرحن
3	4	3	2	5	واكثر يريم منايت
3	2	قابل اطلاق تين	4	6	سيد غنيار كالحى
قالمي اطلاق قيس	5	3	4	6	جناب منكورا تد
1	قابل اطلاق فيس	قالي اطلاق فين الله الله الثاني	1	1	جناب فمرآ فآب منظور
1	2	قافي اطلاق فين	قاطي اطلاق فين	-1	جنب مشاق کمک
قابل اطلاق بين	5	3	عالمي اطال تخص	6	محتر مدزه يامحن خصانى
4	تاخل اطلاق ثين	قافي اطلاق فين	4	6	بناب داد جرمهای
تابل اطلاق فيس	قامل اطلاق تين	2	2	6	جناب كامران يوسف مرذا
3	قالي اطلاق يس	2	قالمي اطلاق فيص	4	محتر مدثمييندر ضواك
4	5	قابل اطلاق تين	قاطي اطلاق تين	6	جناب عاطف رياض بفاري (صدره پيف الكيز يكيو)

#### يورو كى جائج يد تال:

پوؤا آف ڈائز بکٹر زاوراس کی ذیلی تمیش کے اراکین قامل اور تجریبار میں، جوٹنف تعلیمی اور پیشہ دارانہ پس نظر کے حال میں اور یہ جنگ کے تکست مملی کے تعین اوراس کی حالج کیلئے المول ہیں۔

پورد آف وائر پیٹرزاس بات کی بیٹین و بائی کیلئے کوشاں ایس کر کار کردگی کوموہ ترکھے کیلئے وقافو قااس
کی تشخیص اور جائز و لیاجا تا ہے۔ تو اعدے مطابق اس طرزی جائی پڑتال پیروئی آزاد تشخیص کاری دو

ے سالاند بنیادوں پر برخی سائل بیس کم از کم آیک وقعہ ہوئی چاہے۔ رواں سال کے دوران بیک نے

پاکشان انٹیٹیوٹ آف کار پورٹ کورش (PICG) کواس متصد کیلئے بختب کیا اور تشخیص کا بیٹل آیک

جائے سالاند بنیادوں پر برخی سائل بیس کم از کم آیک واقعہ والناسہ کو بورڈ کی ساخت بھنیکی حکست

عملی، پورڈ کارڈیل بختر ول انوائر منت ، پورڈ اوری ابی او کی موہ ٹرگی، چیئر پر سن ، بی ای او،

بورڈ کے طریقہ کار کی ساخت ساتھ اجاف کے حصول بیس انفراوی طور پر ڈائر کیٹرز کے تروار پرخی اللف

بورڈ کے طریقہ کار کے ساتھ ساتھ اجاف کے حصول بیس انفراوی طور پر ڈائر کیٹرز کے تروار پرخی اللف

صول بیس تشخیم کیا گیا تھا۔ مجموعی پردڈ، خیئر بین اور صدرائیڈری ای بورڈ کیٹیوں اورانفراوی

مالاند فراہم کیا گیا تھا۔ مجموعی پردڈ، خیئر بین اور صدرائیڈری ای بورڈ کیٹیوں اورانفراوی

ڈائر بکٹرز کیلئے تشخیصات عمل بیس لائی شکیل۔ برسیش کیٹری بیس تشخیص کے معیار کوشاہر کرنے

کے بعد برڈائر کیٹرل کی کے تاکہ کی گیا کرنے کا جائزہ لیا گیا اور بر متعافد کیٹری بیس کارکردگی کو فیصد بیس کی بعد برڈائر کیٹرکی کی ان کارکردگی کو فیصد بیس کی بعد برڈائر کیٹرکی کارڈ کیٹرکی کیا گیا ہوگی گیا۔ اس کارکردگی کو فیصد بیس کیا ہوگیا گیا۔

کے بعد برڈائر کیٹرکی رائے کو کیکی کرنے کا جائزہ لیا گیا اور بر متعافد کیٹری بیس کارکردگی کو فیصد بیس کیا ہوگیا گیا۔

مجوی بورڈ، چیز مین اورصدرایندی ای، بورڈ کمیٹیول اورانفرادی ڈائر بکٹرز کیلے تھیسات مل میں الائی گئیں۔ برعیشن کنگری میں تشییل کے معیار کو فاہر کرنے کیلئے 1ے 6 (1 سخت اختلاف کیلئے

اور 6 ممل مثنق کیلئے) تک کالانگرے مکیل استعال کیا گیا۔اس کے بعد برڈائر یکٹری رائے کو تجاوداس کا جائزہ لیا گیا اور بر معلقہ کیلٹری میں کارکردگی کو فیصد میں طاہر کیا گیا۔

پودؤ کمینیوں کی تشخیص بنیادی الور پر بر کمیٹی گی شرائط کی تھیل کی تشخیص پرتی ہے۔ جبکہ الفرادی ڈائز بکشرز کی تشخیص کا معیار ابلور بورڈ رکن آن کے عہدے سے متعلقہ شعبوں میں شمولیت ، شرکت اور رہبرانہ کردار پرٹن ہے۔ عام معیار کے علاوہ بورڈ جیئز بین کیلئے تشخیص کا معیار تا کدانہ صلاحیتوں اورا جلاسوں سے مورڈ انتظام کا اعاط کرتا ہے۔

خور تخیصی کی بیا ہم معنی بورؤ کورنگ آر گائز بیش کے مقعد کومزیدا کے برحائے کیلے الرحمل کی تیاری ، کنٹرول کے طریقہ کارکی تھیل ، بائیکر واور میکرواکنا کے عوال کی گھرائی کے ذریعے بارکیٹ رقانات کاعلم اور انتہائی نامساعد حالات میں رومل سے متعلقہ اپنی کارکردگی اور جموی مؤثر گی کی جائی کاموقع ویتی ہے۔ پیلریقہ کاراس بات کی بھین و بائی بھی کرواتا ہے کہ بورڈ واشندان انداز میں مسلسل ترقی کرد باہے اور چنک کی مزید کامیانی کیلئے بہتر اور مورثر انداز میں اپنی فرمداریاں سرانیام وسے رہائے۔

پورڈ کارکردگی کی سالان تیخیص کے حتی نتائج پورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز کے جائز واوراقد امات کیلے انہیں ہیں گئے ۔ کے جاتے ہیں۔ بینک کا اختیار کردہ تشخیص طریقہ کاد بی بی آر ڈی مرکز فہر 11 ، بتاریخ 22 اگست 2016 کی اقبیل میں شائع کرتے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کیلئے واضح کردیا گیا ہے۔ بورڈ کی محاوضہ سے متعلق پالیسی بورڈ اور کیٹی میٹنگز میں حاضری کے محاوضہ کا تعین کرنے کیلئے اصول وضع کرتی ہے تاکہ مارکیٹ کے مطابق اور نافذ ہمل آؤ اعدے صاب سے اُن کی معاوشہ کو اور کا ایس اورڈاور کیٹی میٹنگز میں حاضری کے محاوضہ کا تعین معاوضہ کا ان کی معاوضہ کا ان کی معاوضہ کیا ہے۔ مسكرى برا الذك ساتھ بيكنگ كوايك برلطف تجربه بنانے كيك كوشال دہتا ہے۔ صارف سے تجرب كيك وقف كردو فتكشن مو ترمواصلات اورصارف كيلية قائم كي كاستقباليد يرموجود والقف ولزك وريع سرواں کے معیار کا اعداد والگا کر بورے ویک میں سرواں بہتری کے بردگراموں کوآ کے بردھا تا ہے۔سال ك دوران مواصلاتي طريقة كاريس آسائش كيلية واش ايب بيد بات كا آپشن شامل كيا كيا\_يديكنگ خد مات ك محفوظ استعمال كيليد و يجيشل ميذيار قوى اورهاد قائى زبانول مين علق آگاي مهات بعي چان کی گئیں رصارفین کی مزید آراء حاصل کرنے کیلئے صارف کے تمام رابط مقابات ؛ رابط سنتر بھو پاکل ایب، آئی۔ نید بینکنگ، وائس ایب چید بات اور شاخر ) وقعال بنایا گیا۔ بینک نے شکایت پنجست ستم كواب كريدكيا وران على مزيد تصوصيات شاش كي كيس رسال كرودران 8 مزار شكايات ورج موكس جنهين عل كرف كالوسط دوران 4.98 ماما كارتعار

#### مرين يتكتك اورى اليسآر:

بینک ذمہ دارکار بوریث میعاری رویے مرتب کرے کمیونیو کیلئے فوائد پیدا کرنے کی کوشش کرتاہے اورکاروبارے ایک اہم اوراسلی جزوے طور پر تنظم ی ایس آر پروگرام کے ذریعے پائیدارطویل مدتی ساجي واقتصادي ترتي مين معاونت فراتم كرر باير بينك مالي گوشوارون كون 29. 29 مي بيان كروه تغييلات كے مطابق مستقل بنيادوں رخيراتى عطيات ويتا باليے عطيات مختلف فلاحي محت اورتعلیی سرگرمیوں کے فروغ کا باعث فیے ہیں۔

بینک ماحول ووست اقدامات کی فعال انداز میں جمایت کرتا ہے۔ بینک چھوٹے پہانہ کے کاروبادی اداروں اور بینل صارفین کو پائیدار ماحل ووست توانائی کے مصوبوں کیلئے بارشزر کی شراکت ے "عمری أجالافنانس" بیش كرد بائے۔ بينك با قاعدى سے فيركارى بنون عطيات كى سركرميان منعقد کرواتا ہے اور تو منظوار ماحول کے فروغ کیلئے ان کے بارے میں آگا ہی بھی پیدا کرتا ہے۔سال کے دوران مینک کی جانب سے حکومت یا کستان کے تو می خزانے عیں 18.6 بلین رو بے براہ راست فیکسول کی صورت میں بھی کروائے گئے امرید بران 16.9 بلین روپے سرومز پر ود مولڈنگ فیکس ، قیڈرل ایکسائز ڈیوٹی اور کنزنیکس کی مدیس کا ئے/ جمع کے گئے اور پر محکومت باکستان کواوا کے گئے۔

#### كار يوريث كورش:

عكرى بينك كايورة آف دائر يكثر زكار يوريث كوينس كالل معيادات كورقر ادر كف كيك يروزم ب جس نے بیک کی طویل مدتی برتی اور یائیداری کوتقریت بخش ہے۔ 3 درمبر 2023 کوافقام

یذریرہونے والے سال کیلیے یا کتان اسٹاک ایجھٹے لیلڈر گولیشنوش بیان کروہ ضابط سے مطابق کوڈ آف کار بوریٹ گورنس کی ضروریات کو تعمل طور پرایٹایا گیا اوران کی مناسب تخییل کی گئی ہے۔اس سلسله ين ايك بيان سالاندر يورث يم شامل ب-

#### كاربوريث اور مالياتي ربورقك فريم ورك:

- بینک انتظامید کی طرف سے تیار کردو مالی گوشوارے اس کے معاملات ، کاردیاری سرگرمیوں کے ما يج ايش فلوز اورا يكوين مين تبديلي كي منصفان عكاى كرت إلى-
  - بيكنك كينى في بإضابط طوريرا كاؤنش كمات مرتب كرد كے بيں۔
- ان مالیاتی کوشواروں کی تیاری میں شروری اکاونٹنگ یالیسیوں کی دیروی کی گئی ہے اور اكاؤهنك ك تخيين التبائي منطقي اورفتاط الداز يديمن إلى-
- ان مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری کے دوران بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپوتک شینڈ راور پاکستان میں بینکنگ کمپنیوں کیلیے نافذ کرہ اسلامک اورشر بعد معیاری اصواوں کی بیروی کی گئی ہے اوران اصولوں ہے کی بھی متم کی روگروانی نیس کی گئی۔
- الدروني كنفرول كا نظام اسية ويزائن كالقبارة معتلم باوراس كامتوثر اطلاق اور كراني ک جاتی ہے۔انٹر کا کرول رہنجنٹ کے بیادیای بورد آف ڈائر بکٹرزی جانب سے توثیق کی
  - بينك كم معقبل عن كام جارى ركف كى الميت ركوني فكوك وشبات نيس بي-
- مر شد جرسال ك نمايان آيينگ اورفائض دينا خلاصكي صورت مين اس ديورث مين شال
- 31 ومبر 2023 تک محکسر ، دُ يوفيز ، ليويز اور جارجز کي مديش کسي هم کي قالوني اوانتيکيال نيس ہیں ماسوائے اُن کے جو مالیاتی کوشوار وں میں بیان کی گئی ہیں۔
  - 31 د كبر 2023 كاسر مايكاري كي حقيقي قدر حسب ذيل عي:
- یرادیدنت فند: غیرآ دُث شده مالیاتی گرشواروں کی بنیادیر 7,390 ملین روب (31 د كبر 2022 كك آوث شده مالي كوثوارون كي بنياد ير 804 وكلين)
- گریج بی فند: قیرآؤٹ شدہ مالیاتی کوشواروں کی جیادیر 0 0 6 ، 3 ملین روپے (31 درمبر 2022 كك آؤث شده مالي مشوارون كي بنياد ير 084 , 3 ملين)
- پورڈ ویں ڈائز بیشرز برمشتل ہے جس میں ووخاتون ڈائز بیشراوری ای اوبطور ڈیمڈ ڈائز بیشرشال جی ۔ سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کے جدا جلاس منعقد ہوئے اوران میں ڈائر بکٹرز کی ماضرى كاريكار دورن وال عد

## ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ برائے حصص داران

#### رسك ينجنث اورتيل:

مسکوی بینگ نے قطرے کے اوراک موروقی فیک اور مضبوط در سک کچری فی رسک جینے سنے قریم ورک اور طریقہ کا رسک بینی درک جینے میں اور طریقہ کا راور والدی مردویات اور مربات کی گئے۔ درسک جینے سنے کا قصش قطرے کے کارا ور والدی مردویات اور مورات کی مطابق فیصلہ سازی کی گئے۔ درسک جینے سنے کا قصش قطرے کے مطابق محل مطابق محل محلام اور واضح طور پر بیان کردہ قطرے کی نشاندای سے محلف محل میں مطابق میں باتا ہے۔ مورد آف وائر کی شادی سے محلف میں انتظامی کھرانی کے ساتھ ساتھ کریڈے اور درسک محلق الیت کمینی ، بورڈ رسک جینے مالیت کے ماتھ گرانی کرتی ہے۔ اس انتظام کے ماتھ کی درسک المحلق اللہ میں اور ارسک محلق الریش کی درسک المحلق کی درسک میں اور اس کے ساتھ مورد و بوزیش اور مارکیٹ مینئ کی درسک کا در اس کے حالے کے دان کی قطرے کی درسک کے حوالے ہے۔ اس کی قطرے کی دام کی درائی سے مورات کے ماتور میں سدیاب کیلے عمل ، کشو ول کے درائی سندیاب کیلے عمل ، کشو ول کے درائی سندیاب کیلے عمل ، کشو ول کے درائی مورائی کی درائی اور درائی کا درائی کے درائی کی درائی کی درائی کیک کی درائی کی در کی درائی کی درائی

مؤثر تعميلي كلچركافروغ بينك كي اولين ترجح بيد معارف اوركائف كيليج بهترين خدمات ،ماركيث ميس ساكه كي حفاظت اور بلنداخلاتي معيارات كي يقين د باني كامتعمد لئة بينك تغيلي خطرات كي وضاحت جل اورسد باب كرتا ب\_رسال 2023 من ينك نے نافذ أحمل قوائين اور ضوابط يرحملدرآ مدى محرائى ك وْمدواركميا تنس رسك جنجنت فريم ورك (ى آرايم اليف)كومزيدم بوط بنائ كيليز الي كوششول ش اضافد كيار يدخر ينذكار اعلى ترين ضابط اخلاق كمعيادات رقعل بيرارج بوس اسية أموركي ومد واراندانداز بی انجام دی ساکھ برقر ارد کے مصارفین کے مفاوی حفاظت کیلئے اشد شروری ہے۔اس ك علاوه بينك في مزيد تصوصيات اور أيلاورا ثاثة جات كي كورت كي ساته اسية قراز يكشنز البرع. ستم (أني اليم اليس) كواب الريدكرك فاقعل كرائم التفرول ميس بهي ببترى مكن منائي ے۔ مزید برال، Enhanced Due-Diligence طریقہ کارکے حصہ کے طور پر تھین متنی خروں کی تشخیص،اوین درائع سے معلومات کاحسول اور مارکیت سے آگای کی مشق كا آغاز كيا كياب- اى طرح ويجيش لين وين كى كون جحراني اورد يورثك كيك انتظامات كومضوط کیا گیااورزیادہ خطرے کے حال صارف کی شناخت ،اس سے احتیاط اور آن بورڈ نگ کیلئے کنٹرولز کو بھی حزيد كراني اوراك اشافي ومضوط خودكاراسكريتك مل ك وريع زياده مووثر بنايا كيا- يبتك في ر پھولیٹری تخیل کے انتظام ، تالون نافذ کرنے والے اواروں (ایل ای ایز) ، پالیسی اورطریقہ کارے جائزو، دهوكاوى اوراداره جاتى كميلاتنس رسك مينجنث يرمشتل تعيلى طريقة كارول كى المنحولا تزيش برتوجه مرکوز رکھنے کا مل جاری رکھا۔ بینک میں تعمیلی گھر بہتر بنائے کیلئے گائی دوم سیشنو کے ساتھ ساتھ بذريداى ارتف عملى كى با قاعد كى ي و تايت جيل مقور اورة كاى بحى توجد كى حال باجا كى

طور پران قمام کاوشوں نے تھیل اور کاروباری کیک، امور کی جموارا ندازیش انجام وہی اور بینک کے۔ مفادات کے تحفظ کو استخام بخشا۔

#### موكن ريسوري:

کاروباری مقام پرایک شبت گلجرکے فرورغ کے عزم کے ساتھ بینک اپنی افرادی قوت کی ترقی اور بیروکیلئے تشکسل سے وسائل کی فرائی بیٹی بناتا ہے۔ تمام لماز بین کیلئے تحرک ماحول بیٹی بنانے کیلئے ایک جامع پالیسی فریم ورک متحکم طریقہ کاراورش کی معاونت سے ٹیلنٹ کوراغب کرنے اور برقر ادر کھے بھٹی تربیق پروگرامزے فرسیع پیشرواراند ترقی اور فو بلیشٹ کی بدوات بینک کی افرادی قوت پرلگاہ رکھتا ہے۔ بیوس ریسور صعداوری ای اور بورڈ کی محص کردو ہیوس ریسورس اور بیوزیشن سمینی کی داہنا تی اور گرانی میں افراد کیلئے بہترین مشقول کے نفاذ کی محص کمی ترتیب ویتی ہے۔

بینک کے آپریشنل استعداد اور بہتر پیداد ارتک رسائی کے اہم اجاف کے مطابق الگا تاریخت مملی اور زیادہ ممکنات اور موز دن کراس تشکینل سٹر پھر کے ساتھ فیر معنولی ظیدی شرکت داروں کی نشاتدی پر بھر پور توجید واضح اور مور ورتشکی و هائے کی تشکیل کی جانب اہم اقدام ہیں۔اسٹر بیٹیک لائٹوشل افرادی قوت بھی ناصرف مہارتوں اور ڈ مددار بوں کی ہموار تشکل بیٹی بناتا ہے بلکہ متحرک کا رویاری ضروریات سے موافقت اور دیٹمل بھی بوھاتا ہے۔

کارکردگی کے موض ادا بیگی کی روایت کوفر و خ دینتے ہوئے بینک متحرک اور میرٹ پریٹی ایسے ماحول کی تھکیل کیلئے پرمزم ہے، جہاں مخت محنت، جدت اور فیرمعمولی بتائ کو انڈسٹری کے انعامات ومراعات کے مطابق مسابقتی معاوضے کی ادائیگی کے ذریعے بچور مراباجا تاہے۔

مینک تنوع مسادات اور شولیت ( ڈی ای و آئی ) کیلئے پر جوش انداز میں آ داز بلند کرتا ہے اور ڈی ای و
آئی ایجنڈ ے ہے ہم آبگ اورائے تنقیت و ہے والے اقد امات کی تروت کیلئے فیر متولزل انداز میں
پر فرز م ہے۔ بینک کا پالیسی فریم ورک متورع افرادی قوت کی اہمیت کوشلیم کرتا ہے اوراس بات
کی حفاقت و بتا ہے کہ ادارہ کے تمام مجران کوتر تی وکا میابی کے مساوی مواقع میسر آئیس \_ زیر جائزہ سال
کے دوران صفی تنوع بہتری کے ساتھ 17 فیصد دیا جو کہ گزشتہ سال 14.7 فیصد تھا۔ سال 2023 کیلئے
میک نے گزشتہ سال 2023 کیلئے

مینک کاروباری عملت عملی کے مطابق مستقبل کیلئے کر بستہ افرادی قوت کی تیاری بی ایک ارتقک آرگنا کزیش کے طور پرتید بلی کیلئے عابت قدم ہے اور سینے کی گلن ظاہر کرنے والوں کی قد رکزتا ہے۔ سال بحرالائن منٹر ذکی معامیتوں بی اضافہ خواشین کی قیاوت اور کارکروگی کے عوش بہترین اوا یکی کی روایت پرٹی سینے کے طریقوں اور منتقوں کی سیریز متعارف کروائی کئیں۔ اوارہ کی اپنی تیارکردہ ہنرمندافرادی قوت اور سنتیل کے راہنماؤں کی تیاری کیلئے ایک تجدیدی لائے مل کے ساتھ بیٹر بیٹر بیٹر کی اوارہ کی اپنی

### صارفين كالجرب

ترتی پذیریارکیت کے مرکات اور پر حتی تو تعات نے انڈسٹری کے انتہائی مسابقتی منظریا ہے میں صارف کے تجرب کو بنیادی فرق بنادیا ہے۔ بینک و بیجیٹل الجیت کو بہترین سروس اور موہ ترطر اینڈ کارے مااکر

#### مسكرى اليسيخ كمينى:

بینک آیک عدد کرنی ایم چیج کینی قائم کرنے کے منصوب پیمل بیرا ہے جس کے لئے ضروری قانونی فاضون کی منظوری کے لئے ضروری قانونی فاضون کی منظوری کے لئے کشال ہے۔ بینک کا متصداس منڈی کی منظور فائنیم کی طاقت سے قائدہ اضانا ہے اور کرنی ایم چیخ کی خدمات کی بوستی ہوتی ما تک کو پورا کرنے اور اس بیس حصد ڈالنے کے لئے این پیکش کی فیرست کو بیا حانے کا اراد ورکھتا ہے۔

#### المشرى يوشن اورو يجيشل ييتلر:

سال کے دوران بینک نے ملک بحریم 60 ئی شافیس قائم کیس جن میں سے20 سالک بینکاری کی شافیس تھیں۔ 1 3 دیمبر 2 0 2 کک مسکری بینک 660 شاخوں/ ذیلی شاخوں: 520 روایتی اور 1440 سادی ، بحرین میں ایک شاخ اور بینگ بھین میں ایک تما تھ دوخر کے ساتھ فعال تھا۔

جیسا کہ ملک گیرشاخوں کے اثرات کی بدوات مسابقتی فوقیت بیٹی بنی۔ متحقیل کیلئے تیارا دارہ کیلئے ڈیکیٹا تزیش سب سے مؤثر ادر سب سے زیادہ وسائل کے طائل ہونے کی وجہ سے اہم ترقیج ہے۔ ایک داخیج ست ادر بچھ ہو بجد کے ساتھ حتیز رو ہواں کے بارے ہی معلومات ادر صارفین کی ترقیج کو مذکفر رکھتے ہوئے بیک ارتفاقی طرز زندگی کے مطابق صارفین کو بہتر بن سجولیات کی فراہمی کیلئے بیکنالوی ہیں مسلسل سرمائے کاری کررہا ہے۔ اس کے ساتھ داتھ و بیجیٹل تبدیلی کو میدورٹ کرتے کیلئے ٹیکنالوی ہیں مسلسل رافیب کرتے ادراس ہیں تھارشتے دورگی بینکاری کیلئے انتبائی اہم تصور کیا جاتا ہے۔ بینک کی حکمت عمل اصارف تک رسائی اے دائی میں میں کی اس تھروا ورتیز رفق کمشرسروں کے اصولوں بیٹی ہے۔

میک نے اپنی کہلی و بھیٹل لائف شائل شاخ کا کول ادیت آبادیں قائم کی ہے۔ یہ بدیر آن شاخ جدت مجری مینالوی کا مظهر ہے۔ جوایک شاندار بینکاری کے تجریدے روشناس کروائی ہے۔ یہ کیل و بھیٹل شاخ ورچ کل ریملیٹی (وی آر) پڑی میکنگ کا تجربہ چیش کرتی ہے۔ جس کی بدولت صارفین ورچ کل ایسیس جس بینکنگ مہولیات سے مستفیدہ وسکتے ہیں۔ روال سال واٹس ایپ جیکنگ مجی متعارف کروائی گئی۔ جس کے ورسایع صارفین رجشریشن اکاؤٹٹ جیمنٹ واجب کاروجیجنٹ اورشکایات کے اعدائ شما کہوات سے بٹر ریدوائس ایس مستفیدہ وسکتے ہیں۔

ایجیٹل عکست مملی کے طور پر بینک سر بیٹ پارٹوشپ کے ذریعے بہتر رسائی کیلئے ایک جامع فیجیٹل (فریکل + ایجیٹل) ایک ایک متم ترب وینے کا فواہشندے۔ ویجیٹل سر بی کارکردگ

بہتر بنائے اور الاگت میں کی کیلئے کارہ بار کی خود کاری کے ساتھ قائل قدر کارہ باری بصیرت کیلے مشین لرتک اور آرٹی فیشل اشملی جینس کی صلاحیتوں کے سہارے ڈیٹا پٹٹی طل فراہم کرنے پراتیجہ مرکوز کرتی ہے۔ بینک کی و بحیشل تبدیلی نے اس کی سرمایہ کاری کوتھ یت بخشی ہے جس کی بدولت مسلسل بہتری، مزد حیگ ترجیحات کی از سرفوتر تیب اور تھرک آپی فیننگ منظرنا سے میں وسائل کی اتفویش ممکن سے۔

#### انفارميش سيكور في:

سال 2023 کے دوران بینک افغار میشن سیکیورٹی (آئی ایس) میں بہتر کارکردگی بیٹی بنائے کے عزم

پرکار بندہ ہے۔ موہ رحم انی فضرات اور جیل ، سائیر سیکیورٹی حفرات نے بہتر کارکردگی بیٹی بنائے کے عزم

ادر سرخ نمیوں کی صلاحیتوں میں اضافہ کیلئے بینک نے 18 کے طریقہ کارک راہ ہموار کرتے ہوئے

ویر بیٹیفن (ڈی ایل پی) سسٹم نافذ کیا ہے۔ جس کا متصدر ساؤ کی روک تھام اور گرائی ہیٹیفی

ادر فیر جاز ڈیٹا فرانسفررو کئے کی استعماد میں اضافہ ہے۔ بس کا متصدر ساؤ کی روک تھام اور گرائی ہیٹیفیم

اور سوفٹ آزاد کیلیورٹی کیٹی کی سائی رئی شیکیٹن کی جیل کی دوبارہ اتعدیق کی گئے۔ ایک معروف بین

الاقوامی سائیر سیکیورٹی کیٹی کی جانب سے مسلسل تیرے سال کیلئے بینک کا سائیر رسک سکورا سے

الاقوامی سائیر سیکیورٹی کیٹن کی جانب سے مسلسل تیرے سال کیلئے بینک کا سائیر رسک سکورا سے

ہلس کے املی دوبر سے سائیر خطرات سے

ہلس کے املی دوبر سے سائیر خطرات سے

خشنہ والے فعال ٹواز اورائیل کیشنز میں سربار کاری کے ذریعے اسپنے سیکیورٹی پردؤ کوئورٹیں بہتری کا محل

#### اخلاص اسلامی چنکاری:

مسکری اطلاص اسلامی بینکاری پریش بینکنگ، کار پوریت بینکنگ، اسلامی فریز ری اتجارتی خدمات ادر بینکا تکافل جیسی مفید مصنوعات اور خدمات کی ایک جامع ریخ فرابهم کرتی ہے۔ اخلاص ملک مجرک 55 شہروں اور تصیوں جی 50 و لی شاخوں سیت اپنی 140 مخصوص اسلامی بینکاری شاخوں کے وریع ایس تا اپنی 140 مخصوص اسلامی بینکاری شاخوں کے وریع ایس شرح کے وریع ایس تا ایک ایم بینکاری سرح بجگ کھا تا سائل بینکاری سرح بجگ کھا تا ایس تا یک ایم بینکاری سرح بینکاری بینکاری سرح بینکاری بینکاری سرح بینکاری سرح بینکاری انتخابی بین بینکاری اطلامی شرح بینکاری ب

رنتك

## ڈائر یکٹرزر بورٹ برائے حصص داران

مجموی افیوانسز 7.5 فیصدا شافہ سے 661 بلین روپے ہوگئے۔ زیادہ ترقر ضر جات کار پوریٹ اور کرشل شعبوں میں تھے۔ کیونکہ صارفین کیلئے قرضوں میں مخت اقدامات کی وجہ سے سکراؤر بکارڈ کیا گیا۔ فیرفعال قرضوں میں 6.69 فیصد خالص کی ریکارڈ کی گئی جیسا کہ بینک نے

قواعداور بہتر طریقہ کارے مطابق اپنے وسولی کیلئے شدید متاثر والون پورٹ فولیوکومزید مؤثر اور صاف بنانے کیلئے اقد امات قبل میں لائے۔31 دیمبر 2023 تک بیٹ کالمیکفن تناسب 4.4 اور کورٹ تناسب 97 فیصد تفاراے ڈی آر (ADR) کا تناسب 31 دیمبر 2023 کو 51.1 فیصدر پورٹ کیا گیا۔ ویک ایک مضوط رسک بینجمنٹ فریم ورک کے در بلنے اٹا اللہ جات کی مستعد جائی پڑتال کرک تر ضوں کی فراجی ماری رکھے گا۔

مسكرى بينك كفالعس الاله جات 46. 32 فيصد اضاف 2. 19 بلين روب رب بوكر تشت مسكرى بينك كفالعس الاله جات بريغرن مال 3. 73. بلين روب تف سال ك ووران الكوين اورالاله جات بريغرن بالترتيب 2. 25 فيصد اور 2. افيصد دريكارة كيا كيا - 3 وران الكوين تنك ديكول مراب ك تنان مطابق و كا 1. 50 فيصد كم متابل ما 18.5 فيصد كم متابل على 18.5 فيصد ك متابل الموريش بقر 18.5 فيصد موقى ربك ويعد الالتوال أد يليواك ) ك 15.5 فيصد كم متعلق مندود كبير كيون ربك ويعد المتوالد ويدود كروي وقد وربك متعلق مدود ك بهتر ربك الدون كي مرب المتعلق معدود ك بهتر كيون ربك ويعد المتحد المتحد و المتوال ويقود كورة الربكة بالمتحد المتحد و المت

#### تقرقات:

پورڈ آف ڈائز کیشرز نے 3 درمبر 2023 کواٹھٹام پذیرہونے والے سال کیلئے درج ذیل تصیصات کی سفارش کی ہے۔

2000			
ولايتك	ALC: U	in.	nn.
L/m 1.77	100	w	uu

31 وتعبير كواخذناً م شده سال	2023	2022
out of the record	a plante	ثده
يعدادنكس منافح	21,434,659	14,061,595
الحجي رايدة الماور تضايات كالشليخ كسائح	338,078	61,504
رى د بليريش پر پلس سے يمثل	802,541	664,502
القرفات كے لئے وستياب منافع	22,575,278	14,787,601
شيزي بيم اكاوَناف سي يشكل		234,669
يِلْنَ شِيرَز @ مقر(2022 : 15%)	減	(1,890,390)
نقدمنا في 25% (2022: صغر )	(3,623,248)	-
چەنى ئەرىدىدۇ چىلى	(2,143,466)	(1,406,160)
بتع شده منافع	16,808,564	11,725,720
آبد کی قصصی دوید	14.79	9.70

#### فاؤله يش يكع رثير ليدله:

جیدا کر گزشته اداغ می بیان کیا گیا، بینک کے عمل ملکیتی و بل ادارے عمری سیکور فرالمیشد (ASD) کوفاؤش بیشی سیکور فرز (پائیویٹ) کیمیٹ (FSL) کے ساتھ میم کردیا گیا ہے۔اس انتخام کی منظوری معزز سندھ ہا گیکورٹ سے حم نامہ بتاریخ 13 ماری 2023 میں دی گئی۔ پاکشان کرفیٹ ریڈنگ ایجنی (پیکرا) کی جانب سے طویل مدت کیلئے بینک کی ایسنگی ریڈنگ AA ( ڈبل اے بلس پاکستان کرفیٹ کی ایسنگی کے ایسنگی کی ایسنگی کے ایس کی ایسنگی کی ایسنگی کی کا درجہ بندی کے اہم جزوک ہے۔ بینک کے مضوط برا نڈاورٹوئی فاؤنڈیشن کے ساتھ والبطق کی کیلیدی ورجہ بندی کے اہم جزوک طور پرشلیم کیا جا تا ہے۔ جس میں بینک کی تجربہ کار منجنٹ میم برکوٹر رسک پنجشٹ پالیسیز اور کارکش کی گھری وابطق کی برقر ادی گھری کہ معاونت حاصل ہے۔ مو فرالڈ کر بھیلا کی میاراویے کیلئے بینک بیس منافع کی برقر ادی میں مدافع کی برقر ادی۔

## ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ برائے حصص داران

ڈائر کیٹرز3 3 و تبر 2023 کوافٹنام پذر ہوئے والے سال کیلئے مسکری بینک لمیٹند کی بتیوی سالاند رپورٹ بن بینک کے آؤٹ شدہ مدفم شده اور غیر مدفم شده مالیاتی کوشوارے اور آؤیٹرز کی دپورٹ ویش کررہے ہیں۔

#### معطي

ذہرِ جائزہ سال کی پہلی سہ باتی بلند میں گئی، والرکیاہ یہ بٹی کے بحران، توانا کی کے بحران اوروپ کی قدرش کی چیے مسائل معاقی مشکلات کا باعث بنے جبکہ دوسری سہ باتی بیں بیصور تعال حزید تھیں ہوگئے۔ میرنگ میرنگ تھیں ہے 18 فیصد کی بلند شرح تک بھٹی گئی ہوکہ سال کے بوگئے۔ میرنگ تھیں ہوگئی۔ آگئی اوروٹ کی میرنگ میں اوروٹ کی اعتاج کی این اوروٹ کی اعتاج کی این اوروٹ کی اعتاج کی این اساد بازاری ممایاں تھی جبکہ تو انا کی کی تیون اوروز رائع آمدورث کی الاگٹ بیس اشاف کی جید میں اوروٹ کی اوروٹ کی اوروٹ کی اوروٹ کی اوروٹ کی بیس میں تا خیر کے دوران مطروبی و کی اوائیکوں اوراس سے دوی قور کی کی وی اوروٹ کی کی سید بر کے خاتم میں اور پاکستانی روپ پرد باؤیو حالے سااوہ از بی اتوانا کی کی مسئل بی جاتھ کی ششادی بیل الشخام میں نہر میادلہ جس بال کی جبال کی جبال میں بتدری کا اوروٹ کی معاقی معان نہری مباولہ جس بتدری کا اوروٹ کی معاقی معان نہ بیس کی اور برا آمدات جس بہتری کا رقبان و کھنے جس آیا۔ درمیا نے پیانے کی معاقی مرکس اوروٹ کی اور برا آمدات جس بہتری کا رقبان و کھنے جس آیا۔ درمیا نے پیانے کی معاقی مرکس اوروٹ کی معاقی میں دو تعلی ہونے کی دوران کی معاقی میں دوران کی معاقی اوروٹ کی کا رقبان و کھنے جس آیا۔ درمیا نے پیانے کی معاقی مرکس اوروٹ کی کی دوران کی میں کی دوران کی معاقی میں دور تعلی جس کی اوروٹ کی کی دوران کی کھنے جس آیا۔ درمیا نے پیانے کی معاقی مرکس کی دوران کی معاقی دوران کی کھن کی دوران کی کھن کی دوران کی معاقی دوران کی دوران کی کھن کی دوران کی کھن کی دوران کی دوران کی کھن کی دوران کی دوران

سال کی دوسری ششاق جی 831 ملین امریکی ڈالرکا کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ بہتری کا مکاس ہے جوکہ گزشتہ سال کی اس مدت جی 3.6 ملین امریکی ڈالرقا۔ پیاهدا دو شارہ برقری قوازن کی شراکت ہے ممکن ہوئے۔ برآ مدات جی 7.5 فیصد کی دونما ہوئی۔ نیتیجا تجارتی خسارہ 9.9 ملین امریکی ڈالرہ باجوکہ گزشتہ سال 15.4 ملین امریکی ڈالرہ باجوکہ گزشتہ سال 15.4 ملین امریکی ڈالرہ اجوکہ گزشتہ سال 15.4 ملین امریکی ڈالرہ اسلامات کی جانب ہے بجوائی گئی رقوم میں گزشتہ سال کی نبیت 12 فیصد کی دوران بیرون ملک متیم پاکتا نبول کی جانب ہے بجوائی گئی رقوم میں گزشتہ سال کی نبیت 12 فیصد کی واقع ہوئی ،البتہ باہ دمیر میں 4. کیفید اسان مشابعہ میں آیا۔ جوکہ ایک بینی کی نبیت کا مطابقت قائم ہوئے میں گئی تاریک مطابقت قائم ہوئے جو میں جونے جو میں آ

مانی سطح پر عمل میں لائے گئے جامع اقدامات سے اخراجات کے مقابلہ میں آمان بہتر ہوئی۔ کیونکہ 2023 کی دوسری ششمائی میں تیکس دسولی اور پٹرولیم ڈولیپنٹ لیوی میں برحوتری

ے نان میکس آمدن میں بھی اضاف موار تاہم زیادہ مارک اپ افراجات پرقابویائے کیلئے بلتد پالیسی ریٹ قمایاں چیلتے ہے اور ایٹیہ سال کے دوران بھی اس کادیاؤ قائم رہنے کا خدشہ ہے۔اس کے میکروا کنا کما چیلام کیلئے غیراہم افراجات پر قابوادر کیل وصولی شی اضافہ الذاتی ہے۔

جیها کہ معاثی طور پر مربکائی کے دیاؤاور دیگر حوال کی دیدے مختلف معاثی شعید جات دیاؤیس رہے، تاہم بینکاری کا شعید مال طور پر محتم رہا۔ ڈیمیاز ٹ نمویش کی حد تک اعتمال کے باوجو دینکاری کا شعید استخام بڈیر برباجتی کہ کیلویڈ بن کورن آءا خاتوں کے معیار اور کمیوش ایڈکویسی میں بہتری و کیھنے میں آئی۔ اُسٹیطن شرح گزشت سال کی سطح پر برار اردہی اور اس کی بنیاوی وجر قرضہ جاتی الاگت میں اضافہ کی بدولت تھی شعید کے کریڈٹ میں متاسب موقعی۔ بینکاری شعید کی محتمام کا دکردگی اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی جانب سے بہتر اقد امات اور ہادکیٹ محرکات میں تبدیلی کیلئے آغاز کردور یکو کیٹری فریم ورک کی مضیوطی اور مور پڑھرانی کے حقاف اقد امات کی مربون منت تھی۔

پاکستان کواسٹینڈ بائی اور خامش (ایس بی اے) کے تت پہلے جائزے کی تحیل کے بعدا کی ایم ایف

206 میں امریکی والرے مساوی قسط موسول ہوئی ہے۔ میٹائی کے ویاؤیس کی دری سلے

پہر امکا نات اور سازگار پروٹی ماحول نے فاہر سندی شعبہ کی تھانہ بھائی کے بیش نظر معاشی نظانظر شیت

محسوں ہو دہاہے۔ دولوں خسارے کی کی جانب گامزان ہیں جوکہ بہر سما ٹی انتقابات

کوفاہر کرتا ہے۔ آمدان حوسلم افزاء ہے، تاہم زیاد ومارک اپ اوائیگیوں کی وجہ سے افزاجات پر فاطر خواہ

دباؤہے۔ جوکہ مارکیٹ کے احتماد ورشرح مبادلہ میں استحکام کا باعث میں رہی ہے۔ حالیہ پالیسی فیصلوں

ویاؤہے۔ جوکہ مارکیٹ کے احتماد میں کی ہوئی ہے۔ تاہم وجھے تراملا عالی کاوٹیس اختیا گی اہم ہیں

اور قوانائی کے شعبہ کی استعماد می بھائی ہوئی ہے۔ تاہم وجھے تراملہ عاتی کاوٹیس، شفافیت اور کارکردگی کے

وجودہ مالی سال کے اہداف تک رسائی کیا کہ تیار کردہ صحیح ما اور وائٹ ندائد اقتصادی پالیسیوں کا تسلسل موجودہ مالی سال کے اہداف تک رسائی کیا تیار کردہ صحیح ما اور وائٹ ندائد اقتصادی پالیسیوں کا تسلسل معاشی سرگرمیوں کو معتدل انداز شی بھال کرنے کا سبب سیند کیا۔ اس کے بعدا قضادی سرگرمیوں میں

معاشی سرگرمیوں کو معتدل انداز شی بھال کرنے کا سبب سیند کیا۔ اس کے بعدا قضادی سائیسیوں میں

معاشی سرگرمیوں کو معتدل انداز شی بھال کرنے کا سبب سیندگار اس کے بعدا قضادی سرگرمیوں میں

معاشی سرگرمیوں کو معتدل انداز شی بھال کرنے کا سبب سیندگارے کی بغیاد تاہت ہوگی۔

#### ينك كاركروكى:

عسرى بينك نے سال 2023 ميں متحکم مال مقان كاكم علا ہر وكرتے ہوئے 4.2 بلين رو بي قبل التحكم منافع حاصل كيا، جوكر گزشتہ سال كے مقابلہ ميں 53 فيصد والا ہے۔ بعداد تكس منافع 21.4 بلين رو بي رہا جوكد فيڈ رل بجٹ ميں ضرورت سے زيادہ ميکسيشن كے باوجود گزشتہ سال ك 14.1 بلين رو بي سے 52 فيصد زيادہ سے ويک نے رواں سال 14.79 رو بي في حصص آ مدن ورج كى جوكد گزشتہ سال 70. ورو بي في صصح تحى۔

رواں سال در ویش مشکل چیلنجز اور تیزی سے بدلتے ماحول کے باوجود قابل و کرکار کردگی میں تمام اہم عوال نے بحر پورحسہ والا - جبکہ بینک کی تیارت کی تینبہ قدر میں تیزاشا فہ اور مسلسل کا روباری پائیداری سمیلتے طویل بدقی محکست عملی کی تیاری و سائل کی اہداف کے مطابق واضح ہم آ بنگی اور بہتری سرم کوزری۔

سال کے اختام پر بینک کی بیلنس شیت 39 فیصدا ضاف کے ساتھ 2.1 فریلین روپ ہوگئی۔ اوسط آ مدنی والے اخافہ جات نے سال برسال 2 فیصدا ضافہ ورزج کیا۔ جس بی بنیادی طور پر اوسط صارف

## skari Bank Limited

## STATEMENT ON INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Management of Askari Bank Limited (the Bank) assumes full responsibility for establishing and maintaining effective system of internal controls throughout the Bank to ensure reliable, accurate and fair financial reporting, effectiveness of operations and compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. This system encompasses the policies, procedures, and practices implemented by the Bank to safeguard its assets, ensure accuracy in financial records, and detect and prevent fraud or errors. It consists of comprehensive & strong processes, effective communication, and a resilient monitoring mechanism, all designed to work in tandem to ensure that the information provided in the financial statements is accurate and free from any material misstatement. The responsibility for establishing such a system lies with the Bank's management, aiming to facilitate effective and efficient operations in a well-controlled environment.

The Bank's internal control structure comprises of "Three Lines of defense (TOD) model", Business / Support units, being the first line of defense, manages business risk 'inherent' in their day-to-day activities, processes and systems for which they are accountable. Compliance division serves as second line of defense and primarily responsible for assisting line managers / departments in designing and implementing adequate controls to manage risks of non-compliance. This involves advising on and overseeing the implementation of regulatory requirements and related policies, including AML / CFT / CPF compliance management. Compliance division works in close collaboration with the business to Identify, assess, monitor and report compliance risk.

The Bank's Compliance & Control Committee of Management (CCM)consisting of the CEO and Senior Executives, plays vital role in ensuring that the Bank operates within a strong control environment, adheres to regulatory requirements, and continuously improves its processes to meet evolving business needs. It oversees the management of Bank wide compliance risks including assistance / facilitation in implementing Compliance Risk Management Framework. The CD function also actively monitors implementation of the corrective / remedial measures to ensure that identified risks are mitigated to safeguard the interest of the Bank.

Internal Audit Division, as the third line of defense, is responsible for providing independent assurance to Board Audit Committee (BAC) on the quality, effectiveness and adequacy of Bank's governance, risk management and control environment including the working of first and second line of defense to achieve risk management and control objectives. Internal audit assesses the Bank's risk management system, identifies potential risks and evaluates the effectiveness of risk mitigation strategies. They examine the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls in financial, operational and compliance areas to ensure that they are properly designed, implemented and functioning as intended.

In compliance with the SBP's directives, the Bank had completed the implementation of road map regarding Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR). This included detailed documentation of the existing processes, comprehensive evaluation of controls both at entity as well as activity level, development of detailed remedial action plans for the gaps identified as a result of such evaluation and devising comprehensive testing plans of the controls of all processes. Consequent to grant of exemption by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) from the requirement of submission of Long Form Report (LFR), the documentation including the testing results have been reviewed by internal auditors of the Bank, on the basis of which Annual Assessment Report is prepared and submitted to Board Audit Committee for review.

Management understands that the effective maintenance of the internal controls system is an ongoing process. All significant and material findings pointed out by the internal, external auditors and regulators are addressed on priority basis by the management. During the year under review, we have endeavored to follow the guidelines issued by SBP on internal controls for evaluation and management of significant risks and we will continue to endeavor for further improvements in the internal controls system.

While an internal controls system is effectively implemented and monitored; however, due to inherent limitations, internal controls system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the desired objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of Directors has endorsed the management's assessment of internal controls including ICFR in the director's report.

Atif R. Bokhari President & Chief Executive February 21, 2024 Rawalpindi

### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

### WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The Bank has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors is 11 as per the following detail:

a. Male: 09 b. Female: 02

2. The composition of Board is as follows:

Category	Name
Independent Directors	Raja Muhammad Abbas
	Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani
	Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza
	Ms. Samina Rizwan
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Waqar Ahmed Malik - Chairman
	Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman
	Mr. Arif Ur Rehman
	Dr. Nadeem Inayat
	Lt Gen Ghayur Mahmood Awan, HI (M), T Bt (Retd)*
	Mr. Manzoor Ahmed - Nominee NIT
Executive Director / President & CEO	Mr. Atif R. Bokhari
Female Director	Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani
	Ms. Samina Rizwan

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including Askari Bank Limited.
- 4. The Bank has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Bank along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and has approved significant policies of the Bank. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with the dates of approval or updating is maintained by the Bank.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board.
- 8. The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The Bank is compliant with the requirement of director training program provided in these Regulations. The Bank has also arranged a Directors' Orientation Session during the year.
- 10. The Board has approved the appointments of Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and the President & CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The Board has formed Committees comprising of members given below:

#### a) Board Audit Committee (BAC)

1	Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza	Chairman
2	Dr. Nadeem Inayat	Member
3	Lt Gen Ghayur Mahmood Awan, HI (M), T Bt (Retd)*	Member
4	Mr. Manzoor Ahmed	Member
5	Raja Muhammad Abbas	Member

## Annual Report 2023

### TATEMENT OF COMPLIAN

WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (BHR & RC) b)

1	Mr. Manzoor Ahmed	Chairman
2	Dr. Nadeem Inayat	Member
3	Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani	Member
4	Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza	Member
5	Ms. Samina Rizwan	Member

#### **Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC)** c)

1	Ms. Zoya Mohsin Nathani	Chairperson
2	Dr. Nadeem Inayat	Member
3	Mr. Manzoor Ahmed	Member
4	Mr. Atif R. Bokhari	Member

#### **Board Information Technology Committee (BITC)** d)

1	Ms. Samina Rizwan	Chairperson
2	Dr. Nadeem Inayat	Member
3	Lt Gen Ghayur Mahmood Awan, HI (M), T Bt (Retd)*	Member
4	Raja Muhammad Abbas	Member
5	Mr. Atif R. Bokhari	Member

- The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for 13. compliance.
- The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/yearly) of the committees were as per following: 14.

Board Committees	Frequency of Meetings
Audit Committee	Quarterly
Risk Management Committee	Quarterly
HR & Remuneration Committee	Twice in a year
Information Technology Committee	Quarterly

- 15. The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function which is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Bank.
- The statutory auditors of the Bank have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control 16. review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the President & CEO, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Internal Auditor, Company Secretary or Director of the Bank.
- The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirements and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of Regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with, and
- 19. The composition of the Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (the Committee) is in line with the Corporate Governance Regulatory Framework (CGRF) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan which allows a non-executive director to be the Chairman in case majority members of the Committee are independent directors. The Chairman of the Committee is not an independent director, however, as per CGRF, majority members of the Committee are independent directors.

For and on behalf of the Board

Atif R. Bokhari President & Chief Executive Wagar Ahmed Malik Chairman

February 21, 2024

Karachi

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to Fit & Proper Test clearance by the State Bank of Pakistan



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants 351 Shadman-1, Jail Road, Lahore 54000 Pakistan +92 (42) 111-KPMGTH (576484), Fax +92 (42) 3742 9907

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ASKARI BANK LIMITED

### REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Askari Bank Limited "The Bank" for the year ended 31 December 2023, in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Bank. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Bank's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Bank's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Bank to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Bank's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Bank to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Bank's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Bank for the year ended 31 December 2023.

We highlight below instance of non-compliance with the requirement of the Regulation as reflected in para 19 where it is stated in the Statement of Compliance:

Sr.	Paragraph	Description
No.	Reference	
1	19	The composition of the Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (the Committee) is in line with the Corporate Governance Regulatory Framework (CGRF) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan which allows a non-executive director to be the Chairman in case majority members of the Committee are independent directors. The Chairman of the Committee is not an independent director, however, as per CGRF, majority members of the Committee are independent directors.

Lahore

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Date: March 1, 2024

UDIN: CR202310183N2VEQrc9x

**Askari Bank Limited** 



## UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **ASKARI BANK LIMITED**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023





KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants 351 Shadman-1, Jail Road, Lahore 54000 Pakistan +92 (42) 111-KPMGTH (576484), Fax +92 (42) 3742 9907

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ASKARI BANK LIMITED

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Askari Bank Limited ("the Bank"), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023 and the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, along with unaudited certified returns received from the branches except for 30 branches which have been audited by us and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at 31 December 2023 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



#### Following are the Key Audit Matters:

S. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Provision against advances	
	Refer to note 9 and the accounting policies in notes 4.6 to the unconsolidated financial statements.	Our audit procedures in respect of provision against loans and advances included the following:
	The Bank makes provision against advances on a time-based criteria that involves ensuring that all non-performing loans and advances are classified	Assessing the design and implementation of controls over classification of advances including:
	in accordance with the time based criteria specified in the Prudential Regulations (PRs) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).	The accuracy of data input into the system used for disbursement and recovery of credit facilities; and
	In addition to the above time-based criteria the PRs require a subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of borrowers to determine the classification of advances.	- Controls over identification of non- performing advances on time-based criteria.
	The PRs also require the Bank to recognize general provision against advances portfolio.	Testing, on a sample basis, credit exposures identified by the management as displaying indicators of impairment, assessed the number of days overdue and assessed appropriateness of amount reported for
	The Bank has recognized a net provision of Rs. 1,242.68 million against advances in the current year. The Bank's advances to the customers represent 29.81% of its total assets as at 31 December 2023 and are stated at Rs. 633.13 billion	provision in accordance with the PRs;  Testing, on a sample basis, credit exposure where the management has not identified
	which is net of provision of Rs. 28.18 billion at the year end.  The determination of provision against advances	as displaying indicators of impairment challenged the management's assessment by reviewing the historical performances, account movement and financial ratios and formed our
	based on the above criteria remains a significant area of judgement, requiring compliance with Prudential Regulations issued by State Bank of	own view whether any impairment indicators are present;
	Pakistan, requiring significant time and resource to audit because of its significance and inherent risk of material misstatement and the materiality of advances relative to the overall unconsolidated statement of financial position of the Bank, we considered the area of provision against advances as a key audit matter.	For consumer advances, verifying, on sample basis, repayments of loan / markup installments and checking that performing loans have been correctly classified and categorized;
		Checking, on a sample basis, accuracy of specific provision against non-performing advances and of general provision against consumer and SME advances by recomputing the provision made in accordance with the criteria prescribed under the PRs; and
		Assessing the adequacy of presentation and disclosure related to provision against advances as required under the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.



S. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit	
2	Valuation of Investments		
	Refer to note 8 and the accounting policies in notes 4.5 to the unconsolidated financial statements.	Our procedures in respect of valuation of investments included the following:	
	As at 31 December 2023, the Bank has investments in Federal Government Securities and in ordinary shares and units of mutual funds which are classified as "Available-for-sale", amounting to	<ul> <li>Assessing the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the automated controls in place relating to valuation of investments;</li> <li>Performing recalculation and checking, on a</li> </ul>	
	Rs. 1,110.51 billion which in aggregate represent 52.28% of the total assets of the Bank.  Investments are carried at cost or fair value in	sample basis, the valuation of investments to supporting documents, externally quoted market prices and break-up values;	
	accordance with the Bank's accounting poli relating to their recognition and measureme Provision against investments is made based impairment policy of the Bank which includes be objective and subjective factors.	of available for sale investments in shares and units for any additional impairment in accordance with the Bank's accounting policies and performed an independent assessment of	
	We identified assessing the carrying value of these investment as a key audit matter because of their significance to the financial statements and because assessing the key impairment assumptions involves a significant degree of management judgment in case of investments in shares and units.	disclosure requirements under the accounting	

#### Information Other than the Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Bank's Annual Report but does not include the unconsolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, the requirements of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



The Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
  omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:**

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and the returns referred above from the branches have been found adequate for the purpose of our audit;
- the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were in accordance with the objects and powers of the Bank and the transactions of the Bank which have come to our notice have been within the powers of the Bank; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

We confirm that for the purpose of our audit we have covered more than sixty per cent of the total loans and advances of the Bank.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is M. Rehan Chughtai.

Lahore

Date: March 1, 2024

UDIN: AR202310183nyL35P6bp

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

## UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
Assets			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	5	160,087,394	70,950,067
Balances with other banks	6	13,789,031	9,677,123
Lendings to financial institutions	7	_	406,934
Investments	8	1,182,537,688	762,696,638
Advances	9	633,132,827	583,810,931
Fixed assets	10	27,010,884	24,484,412
Intangible assets	11	1,855,607	1,375,625
Assets held for sale	12	1,750,000	1,750,000
Deferred tax assets	13	8,072,702	7,545,677
Other assets	14	95,769,826	62,973,402
		2,124,005,959	1,525,670,809
Liabilities			
Bills payable	15	12,394,336	11,878,563
Borrowings	16	643,362,665	233,432,089
Deposits and other accounts	17	1,293,145,575	1,142,574,606
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	-
Subordinated debts	18	12,000,000	12,000,000
Deferred tax liabilities		-	_
Other liabilities	19	65,980,562	52,463,298
		2,026,883,138	1,452,348,556
Net Assets		97,122,821	73,322,253
Represented By			
Share capital	20	14,492,992	12,602,602
Reserves	20	57,739,655	43,385,854
Surplus on revaluation of assets – net of tax	21	4,458,362	3,952,356
Unappropriated profit	۷ ۱	20,431,812	13,381,441
		97,122,821	73,322,253

#### Contingencies and Commitments

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The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

## UNCONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022		
Mark-up / return / interest earned Mark-up / return / interest expensed	24 25	305,636,456 246,213,500	165,795,743 125,834,190		
Net mark-up / interest income		59,422,956	39,961,553		
Non mark-up / interest income					
Fee and commission income Dividend income Foreign exchange income Income / (loss) from derivatives	26	7,084,603 709,093 3,896,622	5,446,374 486,424 5,494,301		
Gain / (loss) on securities Other income	27 28	777,042 468,591	(251,459) 444,365		
Total non-markup / interest income		12,935,951	11,620,005		
Total income		72,358,907	51,581,558		
Non mark-up / interest expenses					
Operating expenses Workers' welfare fund Other charges	29 30 31	28,569,430 533,110 245,543	22,572,388 339,903 167,678		
Total non-markup / interest expenses		29,348,083	23,079,969		
Profit before provisions		43,010,824	28,501,589		
Provisions and write offs – net Extraordinary / unusual items	32	966,361 –	1,042,136 -		
Profit before taxation		42,044,463	27,459,453		
Taxation	33	(20,609,804)	(13,397,858)		
Profit after taxation		21,434,659	14,061,595		
		Rupees			
			Restated		
Basic and diluted earnings per share	34	14.79	9.70		

The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

## UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
Profit after taxation for the year		21,434,659	14,061,595
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:			
Effect of translation of net investment in Foreign Branch Movement in deficit on revaluation of		719,284	643,422
investments - net of tax	21	1,181,832	(2,586,968)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:		1,901,116	(1,943,546)
Remeasurement gain on defined benefit plan Reversal of deferred tax liability recognized in previous year Movement in surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets Movement in surplus on revaluation of non banking assets	37.7 13	273,074 65,004 - 126,715	61,504 - 5,159,821 80,386
		464,793	5,301,711
Total comprehensive income		23,800,568	17,419,760

The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

## UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Exchange	Share			Surplus / (deficit)	) on revaluation of		
Rupees in '000	Share capital	translation reserve	premium account	Statutory reserve	General reserve	Investments	Fixed / Non banking assets	Un-appropriated profit / (loss)	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2022	12,602,602	549,520	234,669	14,198,903	17,747,205	(4,962,187)	6,925,806	8,605,975	55,902,493
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022									
Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31,2022	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	14,061,595	14,061,595
Other comprehensive income	-	643,422	-	-	-	(2,586,968)	5,240,207	61,504	3,358,165
Transfer to:									
Statutory reserve General reserve	-	-	-	1,406,160	- 8,605,975	-	-	(1,406,160) (8,605,975)	-
	-	-	-	1,406,160	8,605,975	-	-	(10,012,135)	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of assets to unappropriated profit	-	-	-	-	-	-	(664,502)	664,502	_
Balance as at January 1, 2023	12,602,602	1,192,942	234,669	15,605,063	26,353,180	(7,549,155)	11,501,511	13,381,441	73,322,253
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023									
Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,434,659	21,434,659
Other comprehensive income	-	719,284	-	-	-	1,181,832	126,715	338,078	2,365,909
Transfer to: Statutory reserve General reserve	_ 	- -	_ _ _	2,143,466 - 2,143,466	- 13,381,441 13,381,441	-	- -	(2,143,466) (13,381,441) (15,524,907)	_ 
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of assets to unappropriated profit on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	(802,541)	802,541	-
Transaction with owners, recorded directly in equity									
Bonus shares issued	1,890,390	-	(234,669)	-	(1,655,721)	-	-	-	_
Balance as at December 31, 2023	14,492,992	1,912,226	-	17,748,529	38,078,900	(6,367,323)	10,825,685	20,431,812	97,122,821

The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

# **Askari Bank Limited**

## UNCONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
Cash flow from operating activities			
Profit before taxation Less: dividend income		42,044,463 (709,093)	27,459,453 (486,424)
		41,335,370	26,973,029
Adjustments: Depreciation Amortization Depreciation on ROU assets Interest expense on lease liability against ROU assets Gain on termination of lease contracts under IFRS - 16, Lease Charge for defined benefit plans Provisions and write offs - net Unrealized gain on revaluation of securities Gain on sale of fixed assets	es 32	990,509 181,584 1,722,707 1,061,886 (13,731) 495,046 1,093,302 (18,393) (25,960) 5,486,950	913,636 142,765 1,579,354 912,324 (13,700) 439,130 1,126,726 (52,977)
		46,822,320	32,020,287
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets Lendings to financial institutions Held for trading securities Advances Other assets		436,656 (69,721) (50,586,948) (36,089,893) (86,309,906)	(406,934) (464,718) (107,117,592) (18,776,213) (126,765,457)
Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities		(00,309,900)	
Bills payable Borrowings from financial institutions Deposits Other liabilities		515,773 409,930,576 150,570,969 12,390,537	1,643,189 109,868,328 127,144,538 11,146,999
		573,407,855	249,803,054
Payment made to defined benefit plan Income tax paid		533,920,269 (260,241) (18,562,856)	155,057,884 (439,344) (13,102,103)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities		515,097,172	141,516,437
Cash flow from investing activities			
Net investments in available for sale securities Net investments in held to maturity securities Acquisition of subsidiary Dividend received Investments in operating fixed assets Investments in intangible assets Proceeds from non banking assets Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branch		(474,802,208) 56,059,672 (31,081) 709,626 (2,067,983) (699,951) 751,400 39,285 719,284	(162,775,307) 10,526,966 - 482,659 (1,402,220) (333,279) 1,237,002 71,436 643,422
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(419,321,956)	(151,549,321)
Cash flow from financing activities		(2.2	(2.1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2
Payments against lease liabilities Dividends paid		(2,523,755) (2,226)	(2,218,190) (8,818)
Net cash flow used in financing activities		(2,525,981)	(2,227,008)
Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		93,249,235	(12,259,892)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	35	80,627,190	92,887,082
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	35	173,876,425	80,627,190

The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Askari Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated in Pakistan on October 9, 1991 as a Public Limited Company and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Bank is situated at AWT Plaza, the Mall, Rawalpindi. The Bank is a scheduled commercial bank and is principally engaged in the business of banking as defined in the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962. The Fauji Consortium: comprising of Fauji Foundation (FF), Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited (FFCL) and Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited (FFBL) collectively owned 71.91 (2022: 71.91) percent shares of the Bank as on December 31, 2023. The ultimate parent of the Bank is Fauji Foundation. The Bank has 660 branches (2022: 600 branches); 659 in Pakistan and Azad Jammu and Kashmir including 137 (2022: 120) Islamic Banking branches and 63 (2022: 57) sub-branches and a Wholesale Bank Branch (WBB) in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

The Board of Directors of the Bank in its meeting held on October 27, 2023 has approved the establishment of a wholly owned Exchange Company with an authorized share capital of Rs. 1,000 million (Rs.1.0 billion), subject to the approval/clearance by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and completion of other regulatory compliance requirements.

#### 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These unconsolidated financial statements have been presented in accordance with the requirements of format prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan's BPRD Circular No. 2 dated January 25, 2018.

These unconsolidated financial statements are separate financial statements of the Bank in which the investments in subsidiary are stated at cost and have not been accounted for on the basis of reported results and net assets of the investees which is done in consolidated financial statements.

In accordance with the directives of the Federal Government regarding shifting of the banking system to Islamic modes, the SBP has issued various circulars from time to time. One permissible form of trade related mode of financing comprises of purchase of goods by the Bank from its customers and resale to them at appropriate mark—up in price on a deferred payment basis. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these unconsolidated financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facilities actually utilized and the appropriate portion of profit thereon.

The financial results of the Islamic banking branches have been consolidated in these unconsolidated financial statements for reporting purposes, after eliminating material inter-branch transactions / balances. Key figures of the Islamic banking branches are disclosed in Annexure – II to these unconsolidated financial statements.

Items included in the unconsolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates. The unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pak. Rupee, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These are unconsolidated financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and Companies Act, 2017; and
- Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

Wherever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives, shall prevail.

The State Bank of Pakistan has deferred the applicability of IFAS 3 'Profit and Loss Sharing on Deposits', vide BPRD Circular No.04 dated February 25, 2015, International Accounting Standard 39,"Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" (IAS 39) and International Accounting Standard 40, Investment Property, vide BSD Circular Letter no. 10 dated August 26, 2002, for banking companies till further instructions. Further, the SECP, through S.R.O 411(1)/2008 dated April 28, 2008, has deferred the applicability of IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, to banks. SBP vide BPRD Circular No. 07 of 2023 dated April 13, 2023 extended the date of implementation of IFRS-9 to January 01, 2024 (previously SBP vide BPRD Circular Letter No. 03 of 2022 dated July 5, 2022 has deferred the applicability of IFRS 9 to banks to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023). Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirement prescribed by the SBP through various circulars. The estimated impact of adoption of IFRS-9 – "Financial Instruments" is disclosed in note 2.3.

IFRS10 Consolidated Financial Statements was made applicable from period beginning on or after January 01, 2015 vide S.R.O 633(I)/2014 dated July 10, 2014 by SECP. However, SECP has directed through S.R.O 56(I) /2016 dated January 28, 2016, that the requirements of consolidation under section 228 of Companies Act 2017 and IFRS-10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" is not applicable in case of investment by companies in mutual funds established under Trust structure. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements.

### 2.2 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year

There are certain new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that have become applicable to the Bank for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. These are considered either not relevant or not to have any significant impact on the Bank's unconsolidated financial statements.

### 2.3 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

Following standards and amendments to published accounting standards will be effective in future periods and have not been early adopted by the Bank.

		Effective date (periods ending on or after)
IFRS 16	Lease liablity in a sale and lease back arrangement (amendments to IFRS 16 in September 2022).	January 1, 2024
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (amendments)	Not yet finalized
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements (Amendments)	Not yet finalized
IAS 21	Lack of exchangeability (amendments to IAS 21).	January 1, 2025

#### **IFRS 9 Financial Instruments**

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, which replaces current accounting and reporting standards which are relevant for financial instruments, is effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and was endorsed by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in July 2022 via BPRD Circular no 3 of 2022. SBP via same circular has finalized the instructions on IFRS 9 (Application Instructions) for ensuring smooth and consistent implementation of the standard in the banks. IFRS 9, in particular the impairment requirements, will lead to significant changes in the accounting for financial instruments. Wherever the requirements of the application instructions issued by SBP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the said application instructions have been followed.

#### Governance, ownership and responsibilities

The Bank has adopted a governance framework requiring risk management, financial reporting, technology and operational support functions to work together with business lines ensuring effective input. IFRS 9 requires robust credit risk models that can predict PDs, LGDs and EADs and such concerned functions within the Bank will regularly review, test, calibrate and validate methodologies, data as per applicable guidance and best practices for effective ECL computation and appropriate financial disclosure.

#### Classification and measurement

The classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on how these are managed (the entity's business model) and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets that do not meet the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criteria are measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) regardless of the business model in which they are held. The entity's business model in which financial assets are held will determine whether the financial assets are measured at Amortised Cost (AC), Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) or FVTPL. The classification of equity instruments is generally measured as FVTPL unless the Bank elects for FVTOCI at initial recognition. Moreover, the decision can be made on a scrip by scrip basis and even on individual purchase basis. Although gains and losses on investments in equity instruments designated at FVOCI will be recognized in other comprehensice income. However, dividends will normally be recognized in profit and loss account. No capital gain will be routed through profit and loss account.

When classifying each financial asset, the Bank will carry out the following tests:

- (a) Business model test reflecting the way in which the financial assets are managed; and
- (b) Contractual Cash Flow Characteristics Test i.e. whether the contractual cash flows from the financial asset represents, on specified dates, SPPI on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset will be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset debt instruments where the business model objectives are achieved by collecting the contractual cash flows and by selling the assets ('hold to collect and sell') and that have SPPI cash flows are held at FVOCI, with unrealised gains or losses deferred in reserves until the asset is derecognized. In certain circumstances, non-trading equity instruments can be irrevocably designated as FVOCI but both unrealised and realised gains or losses are recognized in reserves and no amounts other than dividends received are recognized in the profit and loss account.

A financial asset will be measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income. Where the objective of a business is to manage financial assets on a fair value basis, the instruments within that business model are measured at FVTPL.

SBP has advised banks to measure investment in unquoted equity securities at lower of cost or breakup value till 31 December 2024. In case where the breakup value of such securities is less than the cost, the difference of the cost and the breakup value will be classified as loss and provided for by charging it to the Profit and Loss account.

Any security which fails the SPPI test would be measured at FVTPL. At present, debt financial instruments at the Bank will be classified at AC, FVOCI or FVTPL. Therefore, simple transition would be as follows:

- (a) Securities classifed as Held to Maturity to be reclassified as AC;
- (b) Securities designated as Held for Trading to be classified as FVTPL; and
- (c) Securities designated as Available for Sale to be classified as FVOCI or FVTPL, whatever the case may be

The process / rationale for choosing a classification category as defined in all cases above is required to be documented and presented to the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) for approval.

Any subsequent reclassification of financial assets would be allowed only when, the Bank changes its business model for managing these financial assets. Reclassifications of financial assets will only be made in exceptional cases as they will only occur when the Bank significantly changes the way it does business. The reclassification of financial assets managed under different business models should require valid rationale for the change in the business model that has led to the reclassification and will be effective with prior approval of the Board. However, such reclassifications are expected to be rare.

There has been no change to the requirements in respect of the classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

The derecognition requirements have also been carried forward unchanged from accounting and reporting standards (ARS) currently applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Expected credit loss (ECL)**

ECLs are generally measured based on the risk of default over one of two different time horizons, depending on whether the credit risk of the customer has increased significantly since the exposure was first recognized. The loss allowance for those exposures where the credit risk has not increased significantly ('Stage 1' exposures) is based on 12–months ECLs. The allowance for those exposures that have suffered a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) ('Stage 2' and 'Stage 3' exposures) is based on lifetime ECLs. The assets that are covered under the IFRS 9 impairment requirements, comprises as under:

- (i) Loans and advances that are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- (ii) Debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- (iii) Financing commitments that are not measured at fair value through profit and loss; and
- (iv) Financial guarantee contracts that are not measured at fair value through profit and loss.

# Annual Report 2023

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The Bank has the following financial asset portfolios that are subject to ECL computations:

- (i) Loans and Advances which are sub-divided into different segments based on their risk characteristics.
- (ii) Non-funded facilities
- (iii) Investments in debt instruments
- (iv) Lending to financial institutions
- (v) Balances with banks

As per the application instructions issued by SBP, the credit exposure in local currency that has been guaranteed by the Government and Government Securities are exempted from the application of ECL Framework. Moreover, until implementation of IFRS 9 has stabilized, a two-track approach is required i.e. Stage 1 and Stage 2 provision to be made as per IFRS 9 ECL and stage 3's provision to be made higher of IFRS 9 ECL or PR's requirement.

The Bank will perform ECL calculation of credit exposure of the Bank categorizing in the Regulatory Segments i.e. Corporate Banking, Commercial and Small & Medium Enterprises, Financial Institutions, Agriculture and Consumer Financing. ECLs are not recognized for equity instruments designated at FVOCI.

The credit models that are used to derive ECL have three main components – forward–looking PD, LGD and EAD. These elements are defined as follows:

- PD: The probability that a counterparty will default, calibrated over the 12 months from the reporting date (stage 1) or over the lifetime of the product (stage 2) and incorporating forward looking information.
- LGD: It is an estimate of magnitude of loss sustained on any facility upon default by a customer. It is
  expressed as a percentage of the exposure outstanding on the date of classification of an obligor. It is
  the difference between contractual cash flows due and those that the Bank expects to receive/recover,
  including any form of collateral.
- EAD: the expected balance sheet exposure at the time of default, incorporating expectations on drawdowns, amortisation, pre-payments and forward-looking information where relevant.

The Bank's ECL calculator will incorporate all possible forward-looking macro-economic scenarios for calculations. For this purpose, three scenarios will be considered detailed as under:

- Base Case Scenario: Base case forecasts will be calculated using the externally sourced macroeconomic indicators
- Improved Case Scenario: Base case data will be adjusted with positive developments in macroeconomic indicators.
- Worst Case Scenario: Base case data will be adjusted with negative developments in macroeconomic indicators.

For the purpose of calculation of ECL, the Bank has used quarterly data from March 2017 to September 2023 for calculation of PD till 31 December 2023 and going forward, one more year's data will be included until the Bank has at least ten years' data. For calculating ECL, the Bank will classify its financial assets under three following categories:

- (a) Stage 1: Performing Assets: Financial assets where there has not been a SICR since initial recognition, the Bank will recognize an allowance based on the 12-month ECL.
- (b) Stage 2: Under-Performing Assets: Financial assets where there has been a SICR since initial recognition, but they are not credit impaired, the Bank will recognize an allowance for the lifetime ECL for all exposures categorized in this stage based on the actual maturity profile.
- (c) Stage 3: Non-Performing Assets: Financial assets which have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. The Bank will recognize ECL on these financial assets using the higher off approach, which means that lifetime ECL computed under IFRS 9, is compared with regulatory provision required as per Prudential regulations.

Any changes in lifetime expected losses after initial recognition are charged or credited to the profit and loss account through 'Impairment'.

The measurement of ECLs across all stages is required to reflect an unbiased and probability weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of reasonably possible outcomes using reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. The period considered when measuring ECL is the shorter of the expected life and the contractual term of the financial asset. SBP has advised banks to recognize income on impaired assets (loans classified under PRs i.e. OAEM and Stage 3 loans) on a receipt basis in accordance with the requirements of PR issued by SBP.

#### Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

A SICR is assessed in the context of an increase in the risk of a default occurring over the life of the financial instrument when compared to that expected at the time of initial recognition. It is not assessed in the context of an increase in the ECL. The Bank uses a number of qualitative and quantitative measures in assessing SICR. Quantitative measures relate to deterioration of Obligor Risk Ratings (ORR) or where principal and / or interest payments are 60 days or more past due. Qualitative factors include unavailability of financial information and pending litigations.

Based on the level of increase in credit risk, the Bank will calculate 12 month ECL for assets which did not have a SICR i.e., Stage 1 or a lifetime expected loss for the life of the asset (for assets which demonstrated a SICR) i.e., Stage 2.

At every reporting date, the Bank will assess whether there has been a SICR since the initial recognition of the asset. If there is a SICR, the asset must be assigned to the appropriate stage of credit impairment (Stage 2 or 3).

#### **Definition of default**

The definition of default used by the Bank is the same as that mentioned within the Standard and will be applied consistently to all financial instruments unless information becomes available that demonstrates that another default definition is more appropriate for a particular financial instrument. For determination of default of a financial instrument, qualitative considerations must also be considered. IFRS 9 provides a backstop of 90 days past due after which there is a rebuttable presumption that the financial asset is in default. However, for Trade Bills, the DPD criteria will apply after lapse of 179 days from the due date.

#### Improvement in credit risk / Curing

As required by the Application Instructions, financial assets may be reclassified out of stage 3 if they meet the requirements of Prudential Regulations (PR) issued by SBP. Financial assets in stage 2 may be reclassified to stage 1 if the conditions that led to a SICR no longer apply.

#### Low Credit Risk Assets (LCRAs)

The Bank will develop policies to determine assets that can be considered as 'low credit risk'. The assets with low credit risks include:

- (i) Investments (debt instruments) having rating AA- and above from an external rating agency at the reporting date.
- (ii) All exposures on multilateral development agencies.
- (iii) Sovereign exposures (in foreign currency) having with investment grade rating BBB and above from an external rating agency at the reporting date.

#### Impact of adoption of IFRS 9

The Bank will adopt IFRS 9 in its entirety effective January 01, 2024 with modified retrospective approach for restatement. In accordance with IFRS 9, the Bank will not restate comparative information with respect to impairment changes. Any differences in the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities consequent to the adoption of IFRS 9 will be recognized in retained earnings and reserves as at 1 January 2024. The actual impact of adopting IFRS 9 on the Bank's financial statements in the year 2024 may not be accurately estimated at 31 December 2023 because it will be dependent on the financial instruments that the Bank would hold during 2024 and economic conditions at that time as well as accounting elections and judgements that it will make in future. Nevertheless, the Bank has performed a preliminary assessment of the potential impact of adoption of IFRS 9 based on its statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023. Although parallel run regulatory reporting has been carried out till third quarter of 2023, the new systems and associated controls in place have not been operational for a more extended period. Further the Bank is in the process of refining its LGD model. However, for estimating LGD as at December 31, 2023, the Bank has used LGD percentages prescribed under Basel Foundation - Internal Rating Based approach for stage I and stage II financial assets. In case for stage III financial assets, the Bank calculated a percentage by taking an average of the outstanding NPL amount and the recovery covering period of five years. Moreover, for EAD calculation, the bank is in the process of refining its model for Credit Conversion Factors (CCFs) and therefore currently using more conservative CCFs prescribed by Bael Committee on Banking Supervision for calculation of RWA for credit risk. The Bank has recognized ECL on the stage 3 financial assets using the higher off approach, which means that ECL on such financial assets computed under IFRS 9 is compared with the regulatory provision required under Prudential regulations.

The total estimated adjustment (net of tax) of the adoption of IFRS 9 on the opening balance of the Bank's equity at January 01, 2024 is approximately Rs. 5,108 million.

#### Impact on regulatory capital

The banks are allowed to include provisions for Stage 1 and Stage 2 in Tier 2 capital up to a limit of 1.25% of total credit risk—weighted assets. In order to mitigate the impact of ECL provisioning on capital, a transitional arrangement is allowed to the banks to absorb the impact on regulatory capital. Accordingly, bank, has choosen to apply transitional arrangement and implementing this arrangement in accordance with SBP's Guideline for absorption of ECL for CAR Purposes as mentioned in Annexure—B of BPRD Circular no 3 of 2022.

The transitional arrangement will adjust CET1 capital. where there is a reduction in CET1 capital due to new provisions, net of tax effect, upon adoption of an ECL accounting model, the decline in CET1 capital (the "transitional adjustment amount") will be partially included (i.e. added back) to CET1 capital over the "transition period" of five years.

	As per adopted IFRS 9	As per current Accounting and Reporting Framework
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	14.52%	15.11%
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	15.49%	16.08%
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	17.43%	18.35%

The State Bank of Pakistan issued revised formats for annual and quaterly financial statements of interim/ annual financial statements for banks/DFIs and MFBs which is applicable from 1st quarter of 2024 and year ending December 31, 2024 respectively.

Apart from impact of IFRS 9 as above, there are other new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024 but are considered either not relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and are therefore not detailed in these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The areas of assumptions and estimates are significant to the Bank's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in the application of accounting policies are as follows:

- i) classification of investments (note 4.5)
- ii) provision against investments (note 4.5) and advances (note 4.6)
- iii) valuation of available for sale securities (note 4.5)
- iv) impairment of available for sale and held to maturity securities (note 4.5.2 and 4.17)
- v) useful life of property and equipment and intangible assets (note 4.7)
- vi) staff retirement benefits (note 4.13)
- vii) taxation (note 4.16)
- viii) IFRS 16 Leases (note 4.9)
- ix) Fair value of derivatives (note 4.22)

#### 3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for certain investments and derivative financial instruments which are carried at fair value, non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims, freehold and leasehold land which are shown at revalued amounts and staff retirement gratuity and compensated absences which are carried at present value.

# Annual Report 2023

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 4.1 Changes in accounting policies

There has been no change in the accounting policies implemented by the Bank during the current year.

#### 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks and call money lending.

#### 4.3 Lending (reverse repo)

Consideration for securities purchased under resale agreement (reverse repo) are included in lending to financial institutions. The difference between purchase and resale price is recognized as mark—up / return earned on a time proportion basis. Reverse repo balances are reflected under lending to financial institutions.

#### 4.4 Bai Muajjal receivable from other financial institutions

In Bai Muajjal, the Bank sells sukuk on deferred payment basis to other financial institutions. The deferred price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period. Bai Muajjal balances are reflected under lending to financial institutions. Bai Muajjal with the Federal Government is classified as investment.

#### 4.5 Investments

Investments are classified as follows:

#### Held for trading

These represent securities acquired with the intention to trade by taking advantage of short-term market / interest rate movements and are to be sold within 90 days of acquisition.

#### Available for sale

These represent securities which do not fall under 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories.

#### Held to maturity

These represent securities acquired with the intention and ability to hold them upto maturity.

#### 4.5.1 Initial measurement

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognized at trade date, which is the date at which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investments except for money market and foreign exchange contracts, other than ready market transactions, which are recognized at settlement date.

In case of investments classified as held for trading, transaction costs are expensed through profit and loss account. Transaction costs associated with investments other than those classified as held for trading are included in the cost of investments.

## **Askari Bank Limited**

#### 4.5.2 Subsequent measurement

#### Held for trading

These are marked to market and surplus / deficit arising on revaluation of 'held for trading' investments is taken to profit and loss account in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the SBP through various circulars.

#### Available for sale

In accordance with the requirements of various circulars of SBP, available for sale securities for which ready quotations are available on Reuters Page (PKRV) or Stock Exchanges are valued at market value and the resulting surplus / deficit is taken through "Statement of comprehensive Income (OCI)" and is shown in the shareholders' equity in the unconsolidated statement of financial position.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break—up value. Break—up value of equity securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee as per the latest audited financial statements. If the break—up value is less than cost the difference is included in profit and loss account. Unquoted debt securities are valued using the market value of secondary market where available.

Investments in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment losses.

#### Held to maturity

These are carried at amortized cost less impairment, determined in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

#### Investment in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost less impairment, if any.

#### 4.6 Advances

Advances are stated net of specific and general provisions. Specific provision is determined in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP from time to time. In addition, a general provision is maintained for advances against consumer and small enterprises in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations and provision based on historical loan experience. General and specific provisions pertaining to overseas advances are made in accordance with the requirements of the regulatory authorities of the respective countries.

The provisions against non-performing advances are charged to the profit and loss account. Advances are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

The Bank reviews its loan portfolio to assess the amount of non-performing advances and provision required there against on regular basis. While assessing this requirement various factors including the delinquency in the account, financial position of the borrowers and the requirements of the Prudential Regulations are considered.

#### 4.6.1 Finance lease receivables

Leases where the Bank transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee are classified as finance leases. A receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of the lease payments including any guaranteed residual value. Finance lease receivables are included in advances to the customers.

#### 4.6.2 Islamic financing and related assets

Ijarahs booked under Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 2 – Ijarah (IFAS – 2) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment if any, and are shown under advances.

Depreciation on Ijarah assets is charged to profit and loss account by applying the straight line method whereby the depreciable value of Ijarah assets is written off over the Ijarah period. The Bank charges depreciation from the date of delivery of respective assets to Mustajir upto the date of maturity / termination of Ijarah agreement. Impairment of Ijarah assets is determined in accordance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

In Murabaha transactions, the Bank purchases the goods through its agent or client and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer on cost plus profit basis either in a spot or credit transaction. Under Murabaha financing, funds disbursed for purchase of goods are recorded as 'Advance against Murabaha finance'. On culmination of Murabaha i.e. sale of goods to customers, Murabaha financing are recorded at the deferred sale price. Goods purchased but remaining unsold at the statement of financial position date are recorded as inventories.

In Salam financing, the Bank pays full in advance to its customer for buying specified goods / commodities to be delivered to the Bank within an agreed time. The goods are then sold and the amount financed is received back by the Bank along with profit.

In Musharakah a relationship is established under a contract by the mutual consent of the Bank and the customer for sharing of profits and losses arising from a joint enterprise or venture.

Diminishing Musharaka (DM) is a form of co-ownership in which Bank and the customer share the ownership of a tangible asset in an agreed proportion and customer undertakes to buy in periodic installments the proportionate share of the Bank until the title to such tangible asset is completely transferred to the customer. The rental payment is recognized as profit while the assets transfer / sale payments are applied towards reducing the outstanding principal.

In Istisna financing, the Bank acquires the described goods to be manufactured by the customer from raw material of its own and deliver to the Bank within an agreed time. The goods are then sold and the amount financed is received back by the Bank along with profit.

In Running Musharaka based financing, the Bank enters into financing with the customer based on Shirkat–ul–Aqd or Business Partnership in the customer's operating business where the funds can be withdrawn or refunded during the Musharakah period.

#### 4.7 Fixed assets and depreciation

#### Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

#### Property and equipment

Fixed assets are stated at cost less impairment losses and accumulated depreciation except for freehold / leasehold land. Land is carried at revalued amounts which is not depreciated. Land is revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from their fair value. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized. Gains and losses on disposal of operating fixed assets are taken to the profit and loss account.

Surplus arising on revaluation of fixed assets is credited to the surplus on revaluation of assets account and is shown under the shareholders' equity in the unconsolidated statement of financial position. Except to the extent actually realized on disposal of land which are revalued, the surplus on revaluation of land shall not be applied to set—off or reduce any deficit or loss, whether past, current or future, or in any manner applied, adjusted or treated so as to add to the income, profit or surplus of the Bank or utilized directly or indirectly by way of dividend or bonus. Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of associated deferred tax) to the extent of the incremental depreciation charged on the related assets is transferred to unappropriated profit.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized from the month when these assets are available for use, using the straight line method, whereby the cost of the intangible assets are amortized over its estimated useful lives over which economic benefits are expected to flow to the Bank. The useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

#### Depreciation / amortization

Depreciation / amortization is computed on monthly basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets at the rates set out in notes 10.2 and 11.1 respectively on a monthly basis. The cost of assets is depreciated / amortized on straight line basis, except for buildings which are depreciated on reducing balance method. Depreciation / amortization commences when the related asset is available for use and discontinues when the asset is disposed off or retired from the active use. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred.

In making estimates of the depreciation / amortization, the management uses useful life and residual value which reflects the pattern in which economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the Bank. The useful life and the residual value are reviewed at each financial year end and any change in these estimates in future years might effect the carrying amounts of the respective item of operating fixed assets with the corresponding effect on depreciation / amortization charge.

#### 4.8 Assets held for sale

Non-current assets and associated liabilities are classified as held for sale when their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than continuing use and a sale is highly probable. Assets designated as held for sale are carried at the lower of carrying amount at designation and fair value less costs to sell, if fair value can reasonably be determined.

#### 4.9 IFRS 16 - Leases

A lessee recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset representing its right of using the underlying asset and a corresponding lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of lease payment, discounted using the Bank's contract wise incremental borrowing rate. The lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is also remeasured to reflect any reassessment or change in lease terms. These remeasurements of lease liabilities are recognized as adjustments to the carrying amount of related ROU assets after the date of initial recognition.

Each lease payment is allocated between a reduction of the liability and a finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the profit and loss account as markup expense over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The ROU assets are initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred. ROU assets are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation. The ROU assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The estimated useful lives of ROU assets are determined on the same basis as that used for owned assets. The ROU assets are reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of lease liability.

#### 4.10 Borrowings (Repo)

Consideration received against securities sold under repurchase agreement (repo) are included in borrowings from financial institutions. The difference between sale and repurchase price is recognized as mark-up / return expensed on a time proportion basis.

#### 4.11 Deposits

Deposits are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received. Markup accrued on deposits is recognized separately as part of other liabilities and is charged to profit and loss account on a time proportion basis.

The Bank generates deposits in two modes i.e. "Qard" and "Modaraba" under Islamic Banking Operations. Deposits taken on Qard basis are classified as 'Current Accounts' and deposits generated on Modaraba basis are classified as 'Saving Accounts' and 'Fixed Deposit Accounts'.

#### 4.12 Subordinated debts

Subordinated debts are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Mark-up on subordinated debts is charged to the profit and loss account over the period on accrual basis.

#### 4.13 Staff retirement benefits

#### **Defined benefit plan**

The Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its regular employees. Contributions are made in accordance with the actuarial recommendation. The actuarial valuation is carried out periodically using "Projected Unit Credit Method".

Actuarial gain / losses arising from experience adjustment and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period of occurrence. Past service cost is recognized as expense when the plan is amended.

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted as disclosed in note 37 of these unconsolidated financial statements for the actuarial valuation of staff retirement benefit plans. Actuarial assumptions are entity's best estimates of the variables that will determine the ultimate cost of providing post employment benefits. Changes in these assumptions in future years may affect the liability / asset under these plans in those years.

#### **Defined contribution plan**

The Bank operates a recognized provident fund scheme for all its regular employees for which equal monthly contributions are made both by the Bank and by the employees at the rate of 8.33% of the basic salary of the employee.

#### Compensated absences

The Bank provides compensated absences to all its regular employees. Liability for unfunded scheme is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation using the "Projected Unit Credit Method". Provision for the year is charged to unconsolidated profit and loss account. The amount recognized in the unconsolidated statement of

financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations. Actuarial gain / losses arising from experience adjustment and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the profit and loss account in the period of occurrence.

#### 4.14 Foreign currencies

#### Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions other than results of foreign operations are translated into Pak. Rupee at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated to Pak. Rupee at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Forward transactions in foreign currencies are valued at the rates applicable to the remaining maturities. Exchange gains and losses are included in unconsolidated profit and loss account currently.

#### Foreign operation

The assets and liabilities of Wholesale Bank Branch are translated to Pak. Rupee at exchange rates prevailing at the date of unconsolidated statement of financial position. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated at the average rate of exchange for the year.

#### Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses are included in unconsolidated profit and loss account, except those arising on translation of the Bank's net investment in foreign operations which are taken to equity under "Exchange Translation Reserve" through other comprehensive income and on disposal are recognized in unconsolidated profit and loss account.

#### **Commitments**

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed in these unconsolidated financial statements at committed amounts. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in Rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date.

#### 4.15 Revenue recognition

Mark-up / interest on advances and return on investments is recognized on time proportionate basis except on classified advances and investments which is recognized on receipt basis. Mark-up / interest on rescheduled / restructured advances and investments is recognized as permitted by the regulations of the SBP or overseas regulatory authority of the country where branch operates, except where in the opinion of the management it would not be prudent to do so.

Where debt securities are purchased at a premium or discount, such premium / discount is amortised through the profit and loss account over the remaining period of maturity using effective yield method.

Fees and commission income is recognized at the time of performance of service.

Dividend income is recognized when Bank's right to receive the income is established.

Gains or losses on sale of investments are recognized in unconsolidated profit and loss account.

Financing method is used in accounting for income from lease financing. Under this method, the unearned lease income (excess of the sum of the total lease rentals and estimated residual value over the cost of leased assets) is deferred and taken to income over the term of the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the outstanding net investment in lease. Repossessed vehicles on account of loan default are recorded in memorandum account.

Unrealized lease income is suspended on classified leases, in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. Gains / losses on termination of lease contracts, documentation charges, frontend fees and other lease income are recognized as income on receipt basis.

Profit on Murabaha sale transaction not due for the payment is deferred by recording a credit to the "Deferred Murabaha Income" account.

Profits on Musharaka and Diminishing Musharaka financings are recognized on accrual basis. Profit required to be suspended in compliance with the Prudential Regulations issued by SBP is recorded on receipt basis.

Profit on Salam finance is recognized on time proportionate basis.

Rental income from Ijarah financing is recognized on an accrual basis. Depreciation on Ijarah asset is charged to income (net-off rental income) over the period of Ijarah using the straight line method.

Profit on Istisna financing is recognized on a time proportionate basis.

#### 4.16 Taxation

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the unconsolidated profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income. In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Bank, the management considers the current income tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into consideration available tax credits and rebates at a tax rate enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments where considered necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during the year.

#### **Prior years**

The tax charge for prior years represents adjustments to the tax charge for prior years, arising from assessments, change in estimates and retrospectively applied changes to law, made during the year.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is provided for by using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the date of unconsolidated statement of financial position. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profit will be available and credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax, on revaluation of investments, if any, is recognized as an adjustment to surplus / (deficit) arising on such revaluation.

#### 4.17 Impairment

#### Available for sale

The Bank determines that available for sale equity investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of these investments below their cost. The determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Bank evaluates, among other factors, the normal volatility in share price in case of listed securities. Impairment loss on available for sale debt securities is determined in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by SBP.

#### Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Bank's assets are reviewed at the reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is recognized as expense in the unconsolidated profit and loss account. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 4.18 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation. These assets are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that their net carrying value does not differ materially from their fair value. Surplus arising on revaluation of such properties is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of non banking assets' account and any deficit arising on revaluation is taken to profit and loss account directly. Legal fees, transfer costs and direct costs of acquiring title to property are charged to profit and loss account and are not capitalized.

#### 4.19 Other provisions

Provisions are recognized when there are present, legal or constructive obligations as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amounts can be made. Provision for guarantee claims and other off balance sheet obligations is recognized when intimated and reasonable certainty exists to settle the obligations. Expected recoveries are recognized by debiting customer accounts. Charge to unconsolidated profit and loss account is stated net off expected recoveries.

#### 4.20 Off-setting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only set—off and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set—off the recognized amount and the Bank expects either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 4.21 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Bank becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument. Financial assets are de-recognized when the contractual right to future cash flows from the asset expires or is transferred along with the risk and reward of the asset. Financial liabilities are de-recognized when obligation specific in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the financial asset and liability is recognized in the profit and loss account of the current period. The particular recognition and subsequent measurement methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with them.

#### 4.22 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All derivative financial instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to the profit and loss account.

The fair values of derivatives which are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. The valuation techniques take into account the relevant interest rates in effect at the reporting date and the rates contracted.

#### 4.23 Appropriations subsequent to date of unconsolidated statement of financial position

Appropriations subsequent to year end are recognized during the year in which those appropriations are made.

#### 4.24 Dividend distribution and appropriation

Dividends and appropriations (except for the appropriations required by law), made subsequent to the date of statement of financial position are considered as non-adjusting events and are recorded in the year in which these are approved / transfers are made.

#### 4.25 Earnings per share

The Bank presents basic and diluted Earnings Per Share (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

#### 4.26 Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing product or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Bank's primary format of reporting is based on business segments.

#### 4.27 Business segment

#### **Branch banking**

This segment consists of loans, deposits and other banking services including branchless banking services to small enterprises, medium enterprises, agriculture and individual customers.

#### Corporate banking

Corporate banking includes deposits, project financing, trade financing and working capital to corporate and commercial customers of the Bank. This segment is also involved in investment banking activities such as mergers and acquisition, underwriting, privatization, securitization, IPO's related activities and secondary private placements.

#### **Treasury**

Treasury function is mainly engaged in money market activities, foreign exchange business and short term lending and borrowings from counterparties.

#### Consumer banking

Consumer banking segment provides both secured and unsecured loans to retail customers.

#### Islamic banking

This segment provides banking services to its customers in compliance with Shariah rules and directives, instructions and guidelines issued by SBP.

#### Foreign operations

Foreign operations consists of the banking activities performed through its Wholesale Bank Branch in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

#### Head office / others

This consists of banking operations not performed by any of above segments.

#### 4.27.1 Geographical segments

The Bank operates in two geographic regions; Pakistan including its allied territories and the Middle East.

#### 4.28 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Bank to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Bank expects most acceptances to be simultaneously settled with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for in unconsolidated statement of financial position both as assets and liabilities.

#### 4.29 Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the statement of financial position as they are possible obligations where it has yet to be confirmed whether a liability, which will ultimately result in an outflow of economic resources to settle the obligation, will arise. In cases where the probability of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote, it is not disclosed as a contingent liability.

upe	es in '000	Note	2023	2022
	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS			
	In hand:			
	Local currency Foreign currencies		27,760,784 4,318,238	22,700,376 3,407,920
			32,079,022	26,108,296
	With the State Bank of Pakistan in:			
	Local currency current accounts	5.1	104,626,342	43,901,951
	Foreign currency current account	5.1	6,885,755	647,093
	Foreign currency deposit account	5.2	12,873,026	-
			124,385,123	44,549,044
	With National Bank of Pakistan in:			
	Local currency current accounts		3,573,496	260,731
	Prize Bonds		49,753	31,996
			160,087,394	70,950,067

- **5.1** These represent current accounts maintained with the SBP to comply with the statutory cash reserve requirements.
- **5.2** This represents special cash reserve maintained with the SBP.

Rupe	es in '000	Note	2023	2022
6	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS			
	In Pakistan			
	In current accounts		2,802	32,629
	Outside Pakistan			
	In current accounts In deposit accounts	6.1 & 6.2	1,557,101 12,229,132	3,383,544 6,260,952
	Provision held against balances with other banks		13,786,233 (4)	9,644,496 (2)
			13,789,031	9,677,123

- **6.1** These represent placements with international correspondent banks, carrying interest rates up to 5.08% (2022: up to 2.25%) per annum.
- **6.2** This includes Rs. 832,790 thousand (December 31, 2022: Nil) marked as lien with a correspondent bank against issue of Standby Letter of Credit (SBLC).

Rupee	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
7.	LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
	Repurchase agreement lendings (reverse repo) Purchase under resale arrangement of equity securities	7.1	- 89,164	406,934 118,886
	Provision held against lending to financial institutions	32	89,164 (89,164)	525,820 (118,886)
	Lendings to financial institutions – net of provision		-	406,934
7.1	Particulars of lending			
	In local currency		89,164	525,820

#### 7.2 Securities held as collateral against lending to financial institution

	2023					
Rupees in '000	Held by the Bank	Further Given as Collateral	Total	Held by the Bank	Further Given as Collateral	Total
Market Treasury Bills	-	-	_	406,934	-	406,934

#### 7.3 Category of classification

	2023	2022	2023	2022
Rupees in '000	Clas	sified Lending	Provision He	
Domestic				
Loss	89,164	118,886	89,164	118,886

#### 8. INVESTMENTS

<del></del>									
			202					22	
Runee	s in '000	Cost / amortized cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value	Cost / amortized cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
8.1		difference of the control of the con	annination.	(delibit)	70.00	4110111204 0001	u	(denoty	74.40
<b>0.</b> I	Investments by type:								
	Held for Trading Ordinary Shares	534,439	_	18,393	552,832	464,718	_	(60,647)	404,071
	Ordinary onarco	534,439		18,393	552,832	464,718		(60,647)	404,071
	Available for sale securities	007,707		10,070	002,002	104,710		(00,047)	707,071
	Federal Government Securities	1,117,640,852	(524,796)	(14,605,232)	1,102,510,824	646,356,442	(526,353)	(13,520,293)	632,309,796
	Shares	4,752,010	(597,143)	1,885,567	6,040,434	4,026,368	(787,260)	28,824	3,267,932
	Units of open end mutual funds	1,874,328	(168,124)	254,392	1,960,596	1,833,026	(166,399)	135,283	1,801,910
	Fully paid preference shares Non Government Debt Securities	27,314	(11,914)	12,750	28,150	27,314	(11,914)	12,750 99,304	28,150
	Non Government Debt Securities	15,836,647	(1,355,068)	(32,425)	14,449,154	13,085,795	(1,319,740)		11,865,359
	Held to maturity securities	1,140,131,151	(2,657,045)	(12,484,948)	1,124,989,158	665,328,945	(2,811,666)	(13,244,132)	649,273,147
	Federal Government Securities	57,384,640	(585,642)	-	56,798,998	111,642,002	(585,365)	_	111,056,637
	Non Government Debt Securities	110,000	(110,000)	-	-	110,000	(110,000)	-	-
	Foreign securities	_	-	-	_	1,802,310	(5,146)	_	1,797,164
		57,494,640	(695,642)	-	56,798,998	113,554,312	(700,511)	-	112,853,801
	Associate (note 8.6)	106 700	-	-	106 700	165,619	-	-	165,619
	Subsidiary (note 8.6)  Total investments	196,700	(0.050.607)	(10.466.555)	196,700	770 [10 [04	/0.F10.177\	(10.004.770)	7(0,(0),(00
	Total investments	1,198,356,930	(3,352,687)	(12,466,555)	1,182,537,688	779,513,594	(3,512,177)	(13,304,779)	762,696,638
8.2	Investments by segments:								
	Federal Government Securities								
	Market Treasury Bills	48,409,706	-	83,982	48,493,688	34,689,698	-	(268,588)	34,421,110
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	1,051,926,879	(1 110 400)	(12,440,727)	1,039,486,152	669,174,397	(1 111 710)	(8,872,459)	660,301,938
	Euro Bonds	21,058,165	(1,110,438)	(770,240)	19,177,487	16,916,343	(1,111,718)	(3,263,535)	12,541,090
	Naya Pakistan Certificates Ijarah Sukuks	3,744,996 49,885,746	_	(1,478,247)	3,744,996 48,407,499	3,282,078 33,935,928	_	(1,115,711)	3,282,078 32,820,217
	ijaiaii Sukuks		(1 110 400)				/1 111 710\		
	Shares	1,175,025,492	(1,110,438)	(14,605,232)	1,159,309,822	757,998,444	(1,111,718)	(13,520,293)	743,366,433
	Listed companies	4,930,769	(591,463)	1,903,960	6,243,266	4,135,406	(781,580)	(31,823)	3,322,003
	Unlisted companies	355,680	(5,680)	-	350,000	355,680	(5,680)		350,000
		5,286,449	(597,143)	1,903,960	6,593,266	4,491,086	(787,260)	(31,823)	3,672,003
	Units of open end mutual funds	1,874,328	(168,124)	254,392	1,960,596	1,833,026	(166,399)	135,283	1,801,910
	Fully paid preference shares	27,314	(11,914)	12,750	28,150	27,314	(11,914)	12,750	28,150
	Non Government Debt Securities	2 520 422	(204,429)	(30,665)	2.204.220	2704 422	(204.422)	(47.741)	2 452 250
	Listed Unlisted	2,529,432 13,417,215	(1,260,639)	(30,003)	2,294,338 12,154,816	2,704,432 10,491,363	(204,432) (1,225,308)	(47,741) 147,045	2,452,259 9,413,100
	Officea								
	Foreign Government Securities	15,946,647	(1,465,068)	(32,425)	14,449,154 –	13,195,795 1,802,310	(1,429,740) (5,146)	99,304 –	11,865,359 1,797,164
	Associate (note 8.6)	_	_	_	_	1,602,510	(0,140)	_	165,619
	Subsidiary (note 8.6)	196,700	-	-	196,700	-	-	-	-
	Total investments	1,198,356,930	(3,352,687)	(12,466,555)	1,182,537,688	779,513,594	(3,512,177)	(13,304,779)	762,696,638

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
8.2.1 Investments given as collateral		
The market value of investments given as collateral is:		
Market Treasury Bills Pakistan Investment Bonds Turkish Euro Bonds Shares	13,586,080 570,673,900 – 141,491	14,650,739 163,347,300 1,797,861 177,855
	584,401,471	179,973,755
<ul><li>8.3 Provision for diminution in value of investments</li><li>8.3.1 Opening balance</li></ul>	3,512,177	2,304,644
Exchange adjustments (Reversals) / charge	274,611	134,098
Charge for the year (Reversal) / charge for the year under IFRS 9 related to WBB Reversals for the year	180,392 (281,037) (47,170)	560,165 760,372 (67,045)
Net (reversal) / charge Reversal on disposals	(147,815) (286,286)	1,253,492 (180,057)
Closing balance	3,352,687	3,512,177

#### 8.3.2 Particulars of provision against debt securities

	20	)23	20	22
Rupees in '000	NPI	Provision	ision NPI Pi	
Category of classification				
Domestic				
Loss	1,547,568	1,465,068	1,429,740	1,429,740

**8.3.3** Included in the above, Bank's Bahrain branch holds general provision of Rs. 1,110,438 thousand (December 31, 2022: Rs. 1,116,864 thousand) against investments in accordance with ECL requirement of IFRS 9.

#### 8.4 Quality of available for sale securities

Details regarding quality of available for sale securities are as follows:

	2023	2022
ees in '000		Cost
Federal Government Securities – Government guaranteed		
Market Treasury Bills	48,409,706	34,689,698
Pakistan Investment Bonds	1,005,884,216	566,762,426
Euro Bonds	9,716,188	7,686,312
Ijarah Sukuks	49,885,746	33,935,928
Naya Pakistan Certificates	3,744,996	3,282,078
	1,117,640,852	646,356,442
Shares		
Listed		
Auto assembler	_	42,39
Commercial banks	982,822	819,97
Chemicals	403,696	414,51
Cement	631,322	348,02
Engineering	87,491	24,39
Fertilizer	-	174,21
Insurance	-	6,98
Investment banks and companies	-	26,56
Oil and gas marketing companies	550,448	491,73
Oil and gas exploration	477,638	266,91
Power generation and distribution	649,903	589,14
Paper and board	69,750	69,75
Pharmaceuticals	153,089	97,43
Refinery	-	7,79
Textile composite	138,482	117,23
Technology and communication	251,689	149,97
Transport	-	23,66
	4,396,330	3,670,688

	2	023	2022		
upees in '000	Cost	Breakup value	Cost	Breakup value	
Unlisted					
Pakistan Export Finance Guarantee Agency Limited	5,680	_	5,680	-	
1Link (Pvt) Limited	50,000	893,500	50,000	537,300	
Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Limited	300,000	723,052	300,000	609,370	
	355,680	1,616,552	355.680	1,146,670	

Breakup value has been calculated on the basis of latest available financial statements.

	2023	2022
ees in '000		Cost
Units of Open end mutual funds		
Listed		
National Investment Trust Limited		
National Investment (Unit) Trust Fund	500,000	500,000
Islamic Equity Fund	50,000	50,000
Asset Allocation Fund	100,000	100,000
Islamic Money Market Fund	100,000	100,000
Real Estate Investment Trust	124,328	383,026
	874,328	1,133,026
Unlisted		
Real Estate Investment Trust	1,000,000	700,000
Fully Paid Preference Shares		
Listed		
Textile	25,100	25,100
Unlisted	·	,
Commercial Banks	2,214	2,214
	27,314	27,314
Non Government Debt Securities		
Listed		
AAA	750,000	750,000
AA+, AA, AA-	1,375,000	1,475,000
A+, A, A-	200,000	275,000
Unrated	204,432	204,432
	2,529,432	2,704,432
Unlisted		
AAA	10,140,129	7,642,00
AA+, AA, AA-	1,016,450	716,550
A+, A, A-	867,500	907,50
B+, B, B-	215,000	
Unrated	1,068,136	1,115,30
	13,307,215	10,381,36

#### 8.5 Particulars relating to Held to Maturity securities are as follows:

Turkish Euro Bonds

		2023		2022
Rupees in '000			Cost	
Federal Government Securities – Government guarante	ed			
Pakistan Investment Bonds	.00	46,042,663	10:	2,411,971
Government of Pakistan Euro Bonds		11,341,977	9	9,230,031
		57,384,640	11	1,642,002
Non Government Debt Securities				
Unlisted				
CCC and below		110,000		110,000
	2023		2022	
Rupees in '000	Cost	Rating	Cost	Rating
Foreign Securities				
Government securities				

**8.5.1** Market value of held to maturity securities other than classified investments is Rs. 50,430,873 thousand (December 31, 2022: Rs. 101,813,767 thousand).

1.802.310

В-

**8.6** The Honorable Sindh High Court vide its order dated March 13, 2023 approved the scheme of arrangement for amalgamation of Askari Securities Limited (ASL) inclusive of all properties, assets, rights, liabilities, trademarks, patents and obligations with and into Foundation Securities (Private) Limited (FSL), wholly owned by Fauji Foundation, as of the effective date of scheme i.e. July 01, 2021 against issuance of 27,140,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each of FSL at par value (1.18 shares of FSL) against 1 share of ASL held by the Bank.

Earlier, the amalgamation was approved by the State Bank of Pakistan subject to the Bank holding at least 51% equity stake in the post amalgamated FSL. Accordingly, subsequent to merger the Bank acquired 2,236,031 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each of FSL to hold 51% equity stake in FSL.

Since FSL and the Bank are under common control of Fauji Foundation before and after this transaction therefore, the transaction has been recorded by restating the comparative figures in accordance with the requirements of SECP's approved Accounting Standard on "Accounting of Common Control Transactions". However, this restatement has no impact on the net assets, EPS and cash flows presented in these unconsolidated financial statements. As on December 31, 2023 investment in FSL has been classified as investment in subsidiary due to 51% shareholding, while comparative information has been restated and classified as investment in associate being 47.12% interest in FSL under approved scheme of arrangement.

#### 9 ADVANCES

	Perfor	ming	Non per	forming	Total		
Rupees in '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Loans, cash credits, running							
finances, etc. – note 9.1	498,706,097	473,649,618	25,198,876	26,450,298	523,904,973	500,099,916	
Islamic financing and related							
assets- note 2 of Annexure II	114,772,652	82,206,609	2,781,125	2,894,335	117,553,777	85,100,944	
Bills discounted and purchased	18,765,713	27,931,036	1,083,586	1,802,149	19,849,299	29,733,185	
Advances – gross	632,244,462	583,787,263	29,063,587	31,146,782	661,308,049	614,934,045	
Provision against advances							
- Specific	-	-	(25,636,695)	(29,297,528)	(25,636,695)	(29,297,528)	
– General	(2,538,527)	(1,825,586)	_	_	(2,538,527)	(1,825,586)	
	(2,538,527)	(1,825,586)	(25,636,695)	(29,297,528)	(28,175,222)	(31,123,114)	
Advances – net of provision	629,705,935	581,961,677	3,426,892	1,849,254	633,132,827	583,810,931	

#### 9.1 Includes net investment in finance lease as disclosed below:

			2023				202	2	
Rupee	s in '000	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total
	Lease rentals receivable Residual value	2,553,026 691,255	2,938,946 1,276,536	-	5,491,972 1,967,791	2,864,872 612,030	3,986,283 1,574,293	-	6,851,155 2,186,323
	Minimum lease payments Financial charges for future periods	3,244,281 (698,657)	4,215,482 (767,487)	-	7,459,763 (1,466,144)	3,476,902 (680,319)	5,560,576 (878,511)	-	9,037,478 (1,558,830)
	Present value of minimum lease payments	2,545,624	3,447,995	-	5,993,619	2,796,583	4,682,065	-	7,478,648
Rupee	s in '000						2023		2022
9.2	Particulars of advances (	Gross)							
	In local currency In foreign currencies						2,805,589 3,502,460	•	258,877 675,168
						661	1,308,049	614,	934,045

**9.3** Advances include Rs. 29,063,587 thousand (2022: Rs. 31,146,782 thousand) which have been placed under non–performing status as detailed below:

	20	123	2022		
Rupees in '000	Non performing loans	Provision	Non performing loans	Provision	
Category of classification					
Domestic					
Other Assets Especially Mentioned	133,619	1,423	122,279	1,437	
Substandard	2,112,910	523,884	1,596,854	394,848	
Doubtful	1,301,511	599,345	844,347	413,258	
Loss	25,515,547	24,512,043	28,583,302	28,487,985	
	29,063,587	25,636,695	31,146,782	29,297,528	

#### 9.4 Particulars of provision against advances

			202	23			20	22	
Rupees in '000	Note	Specific	General	Consumer financing – general	Total	Specific	General	Consumer financing – general	Total
Opening balance		29,297,528	1,010,000	815,586	31,123,114	28,518,930	974,026	735,260	30,228,216
Exchange adjustments		-	22,369	-	22,369	4,041	36,465	-	40,506
Charge for the year Reversal under IFRS 9		2,657,741	1,152,111	52,676	3,862,528	2,675,775	133,850	113,551	2,923,176
related to WBB		-	(86,544)	-	(86,544)	(27,403)	(112,950)	-	(140,353)
Reversal for the year		(2,105,630)	(108,551)	(319,120)	(2,533,301)	(1,821,378)	(21,391)	(33,225)	(1,875,994)
		552,111	957,016	(266,444)	1,242,683	826,994	(491)	80,326	906,829
Amounts written off	9.5	(2,505,910)	-	_	(2,505,910)	(198)	_	-	(198)
Amounts charged off	9.7	(1,707,034)	-	-	(1,707,034)	(52,239)	-	-	(52,239)
Closing balance		25,636,695	1,989,385	549,142	28,175,222	29,297,528	1,010,000	815,586	31,123,114

#### 9.4.1 Particulars of provision against advances

	2023				2022			
Rupees in '000	Specific	General	Consumer financing – general	Total	Specific	General	Consumer financing – general	Total
In local currency In foreign currencies	25,636,695 -	1,963,699 25,686	549,142 -	28,149,536 25,686	29,297,528	920,457 89,543	815,586 -	31,033,571 89,543
	25,636,695	1,989,385	549,142	28,175,222	29,297,528	1,010,000	815,586	31,123,114

9.4.2 The net FSV benefit already availed has been increased by Rs. 908,351 thousand, which has resulted in reduced charge for specific provision for the year by the same amount. Had the FSV benefit been not availed, before and after tax profit for the year would have been lower by Rs. 908,351 thousand (2022: higher by Rs. 471,933 thousand) and Rs. 463,259 thousand (2022: higher by Rs. 240,686 thousand) respectively. Further, at December 31, 2023, cumulative net of tax benefit availed for Forced Sales Value (FSV) was Rs. 490,116 thousand (December 31, 2022: Rs. 26,865 thousand) under BSD circular No. 1 of 2011 dated October 21, 2011. Reserves and unappropriated profit to that extent are not available for distribution by way of cash or stock dividend.

#### 9.5 Particulars of writeoffs

This represents write off against provision amounting to Rs. 2,505,910 thousands related to domestic advances (2022: Rs.198 thousands).

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
9.5.1 Against provisions		
Write offs of Rs. 500,000 and above		
- Domestic	2,505,910	_
Write offs of below Rs. 500,000	_	198
	2,505,910	198

#### 9.6 Details of loans written off - Rs. 500,000 and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of Section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 the statement in respect of written off loans or any other financial relief of rupees five hundred thousand or above allowed to a person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2023 is given in Annexure – I.

#### 9.7 Amounts charged off

This includes agriculture loans amounting to Rs. 93,707 thousand (2022: Rs. 52,239 thousand) charged off as per time based criteria prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan in Annexure – II of Regulation R – 11 of Prudential Regulations for Agriculture Financing. Further, it also includes consumer loans amounting to Rs. 1,614,095 thousand (2022: Nil) charged off as per the Bank's write off, restructuring / rescheduling and settlement policy approved by the Board of Directors.

Rupees in '000		Note	2023	2022
10	FIXED ASSETS			
	Capital work-in-progress	10.1	491,050	220,511
	Property and equipment	10.2	18,207,022	17,372,333
	Right of use asset - IFRS 16	10.3	8,312,812	6,891,568
			27,010,884	24,484,412

**10.1** This represents civil works in progress during the year.

#### 10.2 Property and equipment

					202	23				
Rupees in '000	Land – freehold	Land - leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment	Machine and equipment	Computer equipment	Vehicles	Total
As at January 1, 2023										
Cost / Revalued Amount	7,118,892	6,119,500	1,230,272	984,192	2,889,766	1,941,069	4,125,601	3,487,167	183,138	28,079,597
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	552,679	524,193	2,460,166	1,102,835	3,111,498	2,844,183	111,710	10,707,264
Net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	677,593	459,999	429,600	838,234	1,014,103	642,984	71,428	17,372,333
Year ended December 31, 2023										
Opening net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	677,593	459,999	429,600	838,234	1,014,103	642,984	71,428	17,372,333
Additions	-	-	-	-	366,661	283,164	571,851	513,062	62,706	1,797,444
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(2,522)	(2,009)	(4,885)	-	(3,909)	(13,325)
Depreciation charge	-	-	(33,443)	(22,480)	(192,648)	(178,124)	(293,054)	(241,528)	(29,232)	(990,509)
Other adjustments / transfers	-	-	-	-	(3,561)	90	4,065	40,485	-	41,079
Closing net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	644,150	437,519	597,530	941,355	1,292,080	955,003	100,993	18,207,022
Cost / Revalued Amount	7,118,892	6,119,500	1,229,926	984,192	2,966,308	2,161,853	4,621,878	3,489,915	235,107	28,927,571
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	585,776	546,673	2,368,778	1,220,498	3,329,798	2,534,912	134,114	10,720,549
Net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	644,150	437,519	597,530	941,355	1,292,080	955,003	100,993	18,207,022
Rate of depreciation (percentage)	-	-	5	5	20	10-20	10-20	20	20	

						202	.2				
Rupees	in '000	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	rniture, fixtures and office equipment	Machine and equipment	Comput equipme		Total
	As at January 1, 2022						-111				
	Cost / Revalued Amount	3,874,491	5,815,489	1,230,272	984,192	2,766,078	1,766,607	3,757,557	3,137,20	4 208,753	23,540,643
	Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	517,880	500,142	2,278,400	956,318	2,885,446	2,667,70		9,939,083
	Net book value	3,874,491	5,815,489	712,392	484,050	487,678	810,289	872,111	469,49	7 75,563	13,601,560
	Year ended December 31, 2022										
	Opening net book value	3,874,491	5,815,489	712,392	484,050	487,678	810,289	872,111	469,49	75,563	13,601,560
	Additions	138,591	_	-	_	155,710	199,673	418,653	359,36	5 20,755	1,292,747
	Movement in surplus on assets										
	revalued during the year Transfer to assets held	3,105,810	2,054,011		-	-	-	-			5,159,821
	for sale – note 13.5	_	(1,750,000)	_	_	_	_	_			(1,750,000
	Disposals	_	-	_	_	(736)	(7,544)	(8,094)		- (2,086)	(18,460
	Depreciation charge	-	_	(34,799)	(24,051)	(213,052)	(164,406)	(268,567)	(185,95		(913,636
	Other adjustments / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	222	-	7	9 –	301
	Closing net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	677,593	459,999	429,600	838,234	1,014,103	642,98	4 71,428	17,372,333
	As at December 31, 2022										
	Cost / Revalued Amount	7,118,892	6,119,500	1,230,272	984,192	2,889,766	1,941,069	4,125,601	3,487,16	7 183,138	28,079,597
	Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	552,679	524,193	2,460,166	1,102,835	3,111,498	2,844,18	3 111,710	10,707,264
	Net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	677,593	459,999	429,600	838,234	1,014,103	642,98	4 71,428	17,372,333
	Rate of depreciation (percentage)		-	5	5	20	10-20	10-20	2	0 20	
	Cost of fully depreciate	ad property	and eau	ipment s	still in use	of the Ba	ank				
		Land - freehold	Land - leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land		rniture, fixtures and office equipment	Machine and equipment	Comput equipme		Total
		Land -	Land -	Buildings on	Buildings on	Renovation Fu	and office				Total
		Land -	Land -	Buildings on	Buildings on	Renovation Fu	and office			nt	Total 6,587,215
	in '000	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	and office equipment	equipment	equipme	nt 64 67,919	
Rupees	in '000	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760	equipme 1,934,15	nt 64 67,919	6,587,215
Rupees	in '000 2023 2022	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760	1,934,15 2,440,73	nt 64 67,919	6,587,215 6,927,960
Rupees	in '000  2023  2022  s in '000  Right of use assets	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760	1,934,15 2,440,73	nt 67,919	6,587,215 6,927,960 2022
Rupees	in '000  2023  2022  S in '000  Right of use assets  Opening balance	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760 2,009,760	1,934,15 2,440,73	6,45	6,587,215 6,927,960 2022 54,277
Rupees	in '000  2023  2022  Sin '000  Right of use assets  Opening balance  Additions	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760 2,009,760 6,891,5 3,227,5	1,934,15 2,440,73 023	6,45 2,12	6,587,215 6,927,960 2022 54,277 22,788
Rupees	in '000  2023  2022  s in '000  Right of use assets  Opening balance Additions Depreciation	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760 20 6,891,5 3,227,5 (1,722,7)	1,934,15 2,440,73 223 68 16 07)	6,45 2,12 (1,57	6,587,215 6,927,960 2022 54,277 22,788 79,354)
Rupees	in '000  2023  2022  Sin '000  Right of use assets  Opening balance  Additions	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760 2,009,760 6,891,5 3,227,5	2,440,73 2,440,73 68 16 07) 65)	6,45 (1,57 (10	6,587,215 6,927,960 2022 54,277 22,788

#### 10.4 Disposal of assets to related parties:

Particular of assets	Cost	Book Value	Sale Proceed	Mode of Disposal	Particular of Purchaser	
		Rupees in '000				
Bank Vehicles	3,733	871	4,800	As per Bank's policy	Khurshid Zafar – Ex – Key Management Personnel	
Computer Equipment	195	71	71	-do-	Khurshid Zafar – Ex – Key Management Personnel	
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	280	74	74	-do-	Khurshid Zafar – Ex – Key Management Personnel	
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	230	54	54	-do-	Sher Afgan Khan Zada – Ex – Key Management Personnel	
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	140	-	-	-do-	Faheem Ahmed Qureshi – Ex – Key Management Personn	
	4,578	1,070	4,999			

**10.5** Freehold and leasehold land were revalued by the valuers approved by the Pakistan Banks' Association on December 31, 2022. The valuation was carried out by M/s SMASCO on the basis of their professional assessment of the present market value. The total surplus against revaluation of freehold and leasehold land included in property and equipment as at December 31, 2023 amounts to Rs. 9,384,750 thousand (2022: Rs. 9,384,750 thousand).

Had the freehold and leasehold land included in property and equipment not been revalued, the total carrying amounts of revalued properties as at December 31, 2023 would have been Rs. 3,853,642 thousand (2022: Rs. 3,853,642 thousand)

Rupees	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
11.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Computer software	11.1	1,496,132	1,130,815
	Capital work in progress		359,475	244,810
			1,855,607	1,375,625
11.1	Software			
	As at January 1,			
	Cost		2,748,506	2,422,602
	Accumulated amortization		1,617,691	1,474,079
	Net book value		1,130,815	948,523
	Year ended December 31,			
	Opening net book value		1,130,815	948,523
	Additions			
	<ul> <li>directly purchased</li> </ul>		585,286	324,436
	Amortization charge		(181,584)	(142,765)
	Other adjustments / transfers		(38,385)	621
	Closing net book value		1,496,132	1,130,815

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
As at December 31,		
Cost Accumulated amortization	3,295,407 1,799,275	2,748,506 1,617,691
Net book value	1,496,132	1,130,815
Rate of amortization (percentage)	10	10
Useful life (in years)	10	10

**11.1.1** Cost of fully amortized intangible assets still in use amounts to Rs. 1,195,727 thousand (2022: Rs. 1,137,662 thousand).

Rupe	s in '000	2023	2022
12	Assets held for sale		
	Fixed assets	1,750,000	1,750,000

**12.1** The Bank has entered into a sale agreement to sell its land located at Haider Road, Rawalpindi. Accordingly the same has been classified to non-current asset held for sale. The carrying amount includes revaluation surplus of Rs. 980,987 thousand at which amount the asset was transferred from property and equipment.

			2023			
		At January 1,	Recognized in	Recognized in	At December 31,	
Rupees in '000		2023	P&L A/C	OCI	2023	
13.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS					
	Deductible Temporary Differences on					
	<ul> <li>Post retirement employee benefits</li> </ul>	(65,004)	_	65,004	_	
	<ul> <li>Accelerated tax depreciation</li> </ul>	36,767	(242,223)	_	(205,456)	
	- Deficit on revaluation of investments	5,694,978	_	422,647	6,117,625	
	<ul> <li>Provision against advances</li> </ul>	1,878,936	281,597	-	2,160,533	
		7,545,677	39,374	487,651	8,072,702	

		2022				
	At January 1,	Recognized in	Recognized in	At December 31,		
upees in '000	2022	P&L A/C	OCI	2022		
Deductible Temporary Differences on						
<ul> <li>Post retirement employee benefits</li> </ul>	24,663	_	(89,667)	(65,004)		
<ul> <li>Accelerated tax depreciation</li> </ul>	100,837	(64,070)	_	36,767		
– Deficit on revaluation of investments	3,172,546	_	2,522,432	5,694,978		
<ul> <li>Provision against advances</li> </ul>	1,870,137	8,799	-	1,878,936		
	5,168,183	(55,271)	2,432,765	7,545,677		

Rupees in '000			2023	2022
14.	OTHER ASSETS			
	Income / mark-up accrued in local			
	currency net of provision	14.1	73,588,636	37,216,850
	Income / mark-up accrued in foreign currencies		2,134,035	1,241,333
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		655,949	678,674
	Advance taxation (payments less provisions)		3,897,561	5,983,883
	Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	14.3	406,862	847,462
	Branch adjustment account		_	40,219
	Receivable against trading of securities		46,245	485,673
	Stationary and stamps in hand		285,087	68,093
	Dividend receivable	14.2	4,453	4,986
	Acceptances		14,053,824	14,925,859
	Others		422,330	527,204
-			95,494,982	62,020,236
	Less: Provision held against other assets	14.4	(185,104)	(182,608)
-	Other assets – net of provision		95,309,878	61,837,628
	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired			
	in satisfaction of claims		459,948	1,135,774
	Other assets – total		95,769,826	62,973,402

- **14.1** This balance is net of interest in suspense amounting to Rs. 12,590,468 thousand (2022: Rs. 11,348,689 thousand).
- 14.2 This balance is net of dividend in suspense amounting to Rs. 81,020 thousand (2022: Rs. 81,020 thousand).

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
<b>14.3</b> Market value of Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	866,810	1,983,236

The Bank's non banking assets were revalued by the valuers approved by the Pakistan Banks' Association on December 31, 2023. The latest valuation was carried out by M/s SMASCO on the basis of their professional assessment of the present market value. The total surplus against revaluation of non-banking asset acquired in satisfaction of claims as at December 31, 2023 amounts to Rs. 459,948 thousand (2022: Rs. 1,135,774 thousand).

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
14.3.1 Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		
Opening balance	1,983,236	3,166,858
Revaluation	126,715	80,386
Disposals	(1,226,540)	(1,237,002)
Depreciation	(16,601)	(27,006)
Closing balance	866,810	1,983,236

Rupees	in '000	Note	2023	2022
14.3.2	Gain on disposal of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Disposal proceeds Less		1,226,540	1,237,002
	- Carrying value		(1,226,540)	(1,237,002)
	Gain / (loss)		_	_
14.4	Provision held against other assets			
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and			
	other prepayments		4,838	4,838
	Others		180,266	177,770
			185,104	182,608
14.4.1	Movement in provision held against other assets			
	Opening balance		182,608	175,845
	Charge for the year Reversal for the year		2,756 (260)	9,315 (2,552)
	Net charge		2,496	6,763
	Closing balance		185,104	182,608
15.	BILLS PAYABLE			
	In Pakistan		12,394,336	11,878,563
16.	BORROWINGS			
	Secured			
	Borrowings from the State Bank of Pakistan under:			
	Export refinance scheme	16.1.1	19,840,120	22,741,967
	Long term financing facility Financing facility for storage of agricultural produce	16.1.2 16.1.3	8,610,177 14,770	9,904,417 44,311
	Renewable energy financing facility	16.1.4	3,905,513	3,944,124
	Refinance from SBP	10.1.4	3,903,313	3,944,124
	Credit guarantee scheme for women entrepreneurs		12,700	67
	Payment of wages and salaries	16.1.5		454,197
	Temporary economic relief	16.1.6	11,947,741	9,680,778
	Modernisation of SME		8,687	12,215
	Combating COVID-19	16.1.7	400,459	563,711
	Askari Ujala		-	3,117
	Rupee based discounting of bills / receivable		3,707,901	1,891,099
	Repurchase agreement borrowings		48,448,068	49,240,003
	State Bank of Pakistan	16.1.8	505,000,000	100,000,000
	Financial institutions	16.1.9	86,921,724	80,826,007
		16.1.9	591,921,724	180,826,007
	Financial institutions  Refinance from Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company	16.1.9 16.1.10		

- **16.1.1** This facility is secured against demand promissory note executed in favour of the SBP. The effective mark–up rate is 1% to 18% (2022: 1% to 11%) per annum payable on a semiannual basis.
- **16.1.2** This facility is secured against demand promissory note executed in favour of the SBP. The effective mark–up rate is 0.7% to 12.5% (2022: 0.5% to 8.5%) per annum payable on a quarterly basis.
- **16.1.3** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of up to 2% (2022: 2%) per annum and have maturities upto August 2031.
- **16.1.4** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of 2.5% to 5% (2022: 2% to 3%) per annum and have maturities upto January 2036.
- **16.1.5** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of up to 2% (2022: 3%) per annum and have maturities up to September 2023.
- **16.1.6** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of 2% to 5% (2022: 1%) per annum payable on quarterly basis and have maturities up to June 2035.
- **16.1.7** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of nil and have maturities up to March 2026.
- **16.1.8** These are secured against collateral of Government Securities and carry mark-up of 22.07% to 22.10% (2022: 16.11% to 16.22%) per annum and have maturities up to 1 month (2022: 3 months). The market value of securities given as collateral is given in note 8.2.1.
- **16.1.9** These are secured against collateral of Federal and Foreign Government Securities and carry mark-up of 22.00% to 22.95% (2022: 5.65% to 16.25%) per annum and have maturities up to 1 month (2022: 2 months). The market value of securities given as collateral is given in note 8.2.1.
- **16.1.10** This is secured against mortgage finance portfolio of the Bank and carry mark-up of 6.00% to 16.94% (2022: 6.00% to 11.60%) per annum and has maturity up to 2031 (2022: up to 2031).

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
16.2 Particulars of borrowings with respect to currencies		
In local currency In foreign currencies	643,362,665 –	232,038,128 1,393,961
	643,362,665	233,432,089

#### 17. DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

- Government (Federal and Provincial)

- Non Banking Financial Institutions

- Public Sector Entities

- Banking Companies

- Private Sector

		2023			2022	
upees in '000	In local currency	In foreign currencies	Total	In local currency	In foreign currencies	Tota
Customers						
Current accounts	320,379,384	31,589,438	351,968,822	323,359,037	25,268,830	348,627,86
Savings deposits	667,960,330	61,519,218	729,479,548	500,472,663	60,092,675	560,565,33
Fixed deposits	160,821,348	30,642,438	191,463,786	195,530,848	26,160,189	221,691,03
	1,149,161,062	123,751,094	1,272,912,156	1,019,362,548	111,521,694	1,130,884,24
Financial institutions						
Current accounts	1,149,626	241,191	1,390,817	1,047,450	32,749	1,080,19
Savings deposits	2,144,906	-	2,144,906	4,517,990	-	4,517,99
Fixed deposits	16,697,696	_	16,697,696	6,092,175	-	6,092,17
	19,992,228	241,191	20,233,419	11,657,615	32,749	11,690,36
	1,169,153,290	123,992,285	1,293,145,575	1,031,020,163	111,554,443	1,142,574,60
upees in '000				2023	3	2022
7.1 Composition of deposits						
- Individuals				449,138,203	2 25	7,744,274

		1,293,145,575	1,142,574,606
17.2	Total deposits include eligible deposits of Rs. 536,003,024 thousand required by the Deposit Protection Corporation (a subsidiary of SBP) vide 2018.	•	

430,201,041

99,322,124

20,283,045

294,200,669

493

429,171,969

86,175,804

11,689,915

257,792,195

449

Rupee	s in '000	2023	2022
18.	SUBORDINATED DEBTS		
	Term Finance Certificates - VI (ADT-1)	6,000,000	6,000,000
	Term Finance Certificates – VII	6,000,000	6,000,000
		12,000,000	12,000,000

**18.1** The Bank has raised unsecured sub-ordinated loans through issuance of Term Finance Certificates to improve the Bank's capital adequacy. Liability to the TFC holders is subordinated to and rank inferior to all other indebtedness of the Bank including deposits and is not redeemable before maturity without prior approval of the SBP. The salient features of outstanding issues are as follows:

	Term Finance Certificates - VI (ADT-1)	Term Finance Certificates – VII
Outstanding amount		
Rupees in '000	6,000,000	6,000,000
Issue amount	Rupees 6,000 million	Rupees 6,000 million
Issue date	July 03, 2018	March 17, 2020
Maturity date	Perpetual	March 16, 2030
Rating	AA-	AA
Security	Unsecured	Unsecured
Listing	Listed	Listed
Profit payment frequency	Payable six monthly	Payable quarterly
Redemption	Perpetual	109-120th month: 100%
Profit rate	Base Rate plus 1.50%	Base Rate plus 1.20%
	Base Rate is the simple average of the ask rate of six month KIBOR prevailing on the base rate setting date.	Base Rate is the simple average of the ask rate of three month KIBOR prevailing on the base rate setting date.
Call option	Exercisable after 60 months from the date of issue subject to approval by the SBP.	Exercisable after 60th month from the date of issue subject to approval by the SBP.
Lock-in-clause	Payment of profit will be subject to the condition that such payment will not result in breach of the Bank's regulatory Minimum Capital Requirement or Capital Adequacy Ratio set by SBP from time to time. Any inability to exercise lock—in clause or the non—cumulative features will subject these TFCs to mandatory conversion into common shares / write off at the discretion of SBP.	As per the lock—in requirement for Tier II Issues, neither profit nor principal will be payable (even at maturity) in respect of the TFC, if such payment will result in a shortfall or increase in an existing shortfall in the Bank's Leverage Ratio or Minimum Capital Requirement or Capital Adequacy Ratio. That is, any payment (profit and/or principal) in respect of the TFC would be made, subject to the Bank being in compliance with the requirement of Leverage Ratio or Minimum Capital Requirement or Capital Adequacy Ratio.

Loss absorption clause

The Instrument will be subject to loss absorption and / or any other requirements of SBP upon the occurrence of a Point of Non-Viability event as per Section A-5-3 of Annexure 5 of the circular, which stipulates that SBP may, at its option, fully and permanently convert the TFCs into common shares of the issuer and / or have them immediately written off (either partially or in full). Number of shares to be issued to TFC holders at the time of conversion will be equal to the 'Outstanding Value of the TFCs' divided by market value per share of the Bank's common share on the date of trigger event as declared by SBP, subject to a specified cap.

As per Loss Absorbency Clause requirement for Tier II capital purpose, the instrument will be subject to loss absorbency and / or any other requirements under SBP's instructions on the subject. Upon the occurrence of a Point of Non-Viability event as defined under SBP BPRD Circular # 6 of 2013, SBP may at its option, fully and permanently convert the TFCs into common shares of the Bank and / or have them immediately written off (either partially or in full). Number of shares to be issued to TFC holders at the time of conversion will be equal to the 'Outstanding Face Value of the TFCs' divided by market value per share of the Bank's common share on the date of trigger of Point of Non-Viability (PONV) as declared by SBP subject to a cap of 245,042,630 shares.

Rupe	es in '000	Note	2023	2022
19.	OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency		22,119,508	11,177,244
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currencie	es	1,267,444	523,791
	Unearned commission and income on bills discounted		2,003,160	2,485,237
	Accrued expenses		2,593,641	2,141,323
	Advance payments		314,319	446,546
	Acceptances		14,053,824	14,925,859
	Dividend payable		193,493	195,719
	Advance against sale of properties		461,535	935,505
	Mark to market loss on forward foreign			
	exchange contracts		1,322,589	110,688
	Branch adjustment account		525,732	_
	Payable to defined benefit plan	37.4	67,468	194,714
	Provision for employees' compensated absences	39.2	724,890	635,913
	Security deposit against lease / Ijarah financing		3,485,208	4,145,427
	Levies and taxes payable		2,087,179	1,156,266
	Workers' Welfare Fund	30	1,301,596	768,486
	Switch settlement accounts		1,375,528	2,747,463
	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations	19.1	160,558	134,767
	Lease liability against ROU assets as per IFRS - 16 Le	ases	9,699,474	8,084,073
	Others		2,223,416	1,654,277
			65,980,562	52,463,298

Rupees	s in '000	2023	2022
19.1	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations		
	Opening balance Exchange adjustment	134,767 133	1,143,768 404
	Charge for the year Reversal for the year	26,319 (661)	(1,009,405)
	Net charge	25,658	(1,009,405)
	Closing balance	160,558	134,767

#### 20. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 20.1 Authorized capital

20.1	Authorized capital				
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Rupees	s in '000	Nun	nber of shares	R	upees in '000
	Ondinamaskama of Da 10 anak	0.000.000.000	0.000.000.000	00 000 000	00 000 000
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
20.2	Issued, subscribed and paid up capital				
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each:				
	Fully paid in cash	514,689,096	514,689,096	5,146,891	5,146,891
	Issued as bonus shares	906,336,796	717,297,769	9,063,368	7,172,978
	Issued on Askari Leasing Limited merger	28,273,315	28,273,315	282,733	282,733
		1,449,299,207	1,260,260,180	14,492,992	12,602,602
Numbe	er of Shares			2023	2022
20.3	Composition of shares held by the Fauji Consortium is as follows:				
	Fauji Foundation		104,224	1,366	90,629,884
	Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited		625,333	3,227	543,768,024
	Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited		312,666	5,610	271,884,009
			1,042,224	1,203	906,281,917

Rupees	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
21.	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS – NET OF TAX			
	Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of:  - Available for sale securities  - Fixed Assets  - Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction	21.1	(12,484,948) 10,365,737	(13,244,132) 10,365,737
	of claims	21.2	459,948	1,135,774
	Deferred tax asset on deficit on revaluation of:		(1,659,263)	(1,742,621)
	- Available for sale securities		6,117,625	5,694,977
			4,458,362	3,952,356
21.1	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets			
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at January, 1 Recognized during the year		10,365,737 –	5,205,916 5,159,821
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at December, 31		10,365,737	10,365,737
21.2	Surplus on revaluation of non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Surplus on revaluation as at January, 1 Recognized during the year Realised on disposal / transfers during the year		1,135,774 126,715 (802,541)	1,719,890 80,386 (664,502)
	Surplus on revaluation as at December, 31		459,948	1,135,774
22	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	<ul><li>Guarantees</li><li>Commitments</li><li>Other contingent liabilities</li></ul>	22.1 22.2 22.3	350,296,809 506,769,966 1,429,701	313,699,274 473,577,812 1,720,383
			858,496,476	788,997,469
22.1	Guarantees			
	Financial guarantees Performance guarantees Other guarantees		7,400,327 188,322,832 154,573,650	9,494,557 180,122,513 124,082,204
			350,296,809	313,699,274

	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
22.2	Commitments			
	Documentary credits and short-term trade-			
	related transactions			
	- letters of credit		226,655,650	187,240,002
	Commitments in respect of:			
	- forward foreign exchange contracts	22.2.1	276,444,892	269,232,712
	- forward government securities transactions	22.2.2	2,000,000	15,400,000
	- forward non government securities transactions	22.2.3	1,174,056	1,366,896
	Commitments for acquisition of:			
	- operating fixed assets		255,774	82,807
	- intangible assets		239,594	255,395
			506,769,966	473,577,812
າາ າ	1 Commitments in respect of forward			
<b>ZZ.Z.</b>	foreign exchange contracts			
	Purchase		150 115 760	150,899,164
	Sale		153,115,769 123,329,123	118,333,548
	Saic			
			276,444,892	269,232,712
	The above commitments have maturities falling within	one vear		
22.2.	2 Commitments in respect of government securities transactions			
	Purchase			
	Fulchase		_	15,400,000
	Sale		- 2,000,000	15,400,000 –
			2,000,000 2,000,000	15,400,000 - 15,400,000
	Sale			_
22.2.	Sale  3 Commitments in respect of non government			_
22.2.	3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions		2,000,000	15,400,000
22.2.	3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase		2,000,000 1,168,290	15,400,000 1,035,290
22.2.	3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions		2,000,000	15,400,000
22.2.:	3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase		2,000,000 1,168,290	15,400,000 1,035,290
22.2.	3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase		2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606
	Sale  3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase Sale  Other contingent liabilities	: the Bank.	2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606
	Sale  3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase Sale  Other contingent liabilities  These represent certain claims by third parties against		2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606
	Sale  3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase Sale  Other contingent liabilities	on legal	2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606
	Sale  3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase Sale  Other contingent liabilities  These represent certain claims by third parties against which are being contested in the Courts of law. Based	on legal onfident	2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606
	Sale  3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase Sale  Other contingent liabilities  These represent certain claims by third parties against which are being contested in the Courts of law. Based advice and / or internal assessment, management is contested in the courts of law.	on legal onfident	2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606
	3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase Sale  Other contingent liabilities  These represent certain claims by third parties against which are being contested in the Courts of law. Based advice and / or internal assessment, management is contested that the matters will be decided in Bank's favour and the of any outcome against the Bank is remote	on legal onfident ne possibility	2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766 1,174,056	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606 1,366,896
	3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase Sale  Other contingent liabilities  These represent certain claims by third parties against which are being contested in the Courts of law. Based advice and / or internal assessment, management is contested that the matters will be decided in Bank's favour and the of any outcome against the Bank is remote  This represents stand by letters of credit issued by a contested in the contested in the courts of the cour	on legal onfident ne possibility	2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766 1,174,056 596,911	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606 1,366,896
	3 Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions  Purchase Sale  Other contingent liabilities  These represent certain claims by third parties against which are being contested in the Courts of law. Based advice and / or internal assessment, management is contested that the matters will be decided in Bank's favour and the of any outcome against the Bank is remote	on legal onfident ne possibility	2,000,000 1,168,290 5,766 1,174,056	15,400,000 1,035,290 331,606 1,366,896

**22.4** Tax related contingencies are disclosed in note 33.2 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 23. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Bank at present does not offer derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps, Cross Currency Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or Foreign Exchange Options. The Bank's Treasury and Investment Banking Groups buy and sell derivative instruments such as Forward Exchange Contracts (FECs) and Equity Futures (EFs).

#### 23.1 Forward exchange contracts

FECs is a product offered to clients to hedge FX risk. The traders use this product to hedge themselves from unfavourable movements in a foreign currency, however, by agreeing to fix the exchange rate, they do not benefit from favourable movements in that currency.

FECs is a contract between the obligor and the Bank in which both agree to exchange an amount of one currency for another currency at an agreed forward exchange rate for settlement over more than two business days after the FECs is entered into (the day on which settlement occurs is called the value date). FECs is entered with those obligors whose credit worthiness has already been assessed, and they have underlined trade transactions.

If the relevant exchange rate moves un–favourably, the Bank will loose money, and obligor will benefit from that movement because the Bank must exchange currencies at the FEC rate. In order to mitigate this risk of adverse exchange rate movement, the Bank manages its exposure by hedging forward position in inter–bank foreign exchange.

#### 23.2 Equity futures

An equity futures contract is a standardized contract, traded on a futures counter of the stock exchange, to buy or sell a certain underlying scrip at a certain date in the future, at a specified price.

The Bank uses equity futures as a hedging instrument to hedge its equity portfolio against equity price risk. Only selected shares are allowed to be traded on futures exchange as determined by the Exchange.

Equity futures give flexibility to the Bank either to take delivery on the future settlement date or to settle it by adjusting the notional value of the contract based on the current market rates.

Maximum exposure limit to the equity futures is 10% of Tier I Capital of the Bank, based on prevailing SBP Regulations.

The Risk Management Division monitors the Bank's exposure in equity futures and forward exchange contracts. Positions in equity futures and forward exchange contracts are marked—to—market. Forward contracts are included in measures of portfolio volatility including Value at Risk (VaR). Forward exchange contracts and equity futures are also included in capital charge and Risk Weighted Asset calculation in accordance with SBP Regulations.

The accounting policies used to recognize and disclose derivatives are given in note 4.22.

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
24.	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED			
	On:			
	Loans and advances		108,555,922	63,490,389
	Investments		193,155,418	101,062,833
	Lendings to financial institutions		609,615	194,413
	Balances with banks		721,040	134,702
	Securities purchased under resale			
	agreements (reverse repo)		2,594,461	913,406
			305,636,456	165,795,743
25.	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED			
	Deposits		157,807,179	81,500,798
	Borrowings		81,183,492	39,876,519
	Subordinated debts		2,617,101	1,780,223
	Cost of foreign currency swaps against foreign		2,0 . 7 , 1 0 .	1,7 00,220
	currency deposits / borrowings		3,543,842	1,764,326
	Interest expense on lease liability against ROU assets		1,061,886	912,324
			246,213,500	125,834,190
26.	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME			
20.			047.040	000 500
	Branch banking customer fees		817,818	820,592
	Consumer finance related fees		95,373	107,500
	Card related fees (debit and credit cards) Credit related fees		1,645,863 727,735	1,472,764 435,631
	Investment banking fees		282,514	246,097
	Commission on trade		1,853,854	1,011,708
	Commission on guarantees		1,346,464	1,040,629
	Commission on remittances including		1,340,404	1,040,029
	home remittances		203,845	209,259
	Commission on bancassurance		31,228	67,923
	Others		79,908	34,271
			7,084,603	5,446,374
<b>27</b> .	GAIN / (LOSS) ON SECURITIES			
21.		07.4		
	Realised	27.1	758,649	(190,812)
	Unrealised		18,393	(60,647)
			777,042	(251,459)
27.1	Realised gain / (loss) on:			
	Federal Government Securities		156,384	12,178
	Shares		598,989	(213,646)
	Non Government Debt Securities		3,276	(2,200)
	Mutual Funds		_	12,856
			758,649	(190,812)
			7 00,049	(190,012)

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<b>Bank Lin</b>
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28. OTHER INCOME  Rent of property Gain on sale of fixed assets Rent of lockers Recovery of expenses from customers Gain on termination of lease contracts under IFRS – 16, Leases  29. OPERATING EXPENSES Total compensation expenses Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances Fees and allowances to shariah board	25,960 50,272 378,628 13,731 468,591	27 52,977 47,410 330,251 13,700 444,365
Gain on sale of fixed assets Rent of lockers Recovery of expenses from customers Gain on termination of lease contracts under IFRS – 16, Leases  29. OPERATING EXPENSES Total compensation expenses  Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense  Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	50,272 378,628 13,731	52,977 47,410 330,251 13,700
Gain on sale of fixed assets Rent of lockers Recovery of expenses from customers Gain on termination of lease contracts under IFRS – 16, Leases  29. OPERATING EXPENSES Total compensation expenses  Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense  Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	50,272 378,628 13,731	47,410 330,251 13,700
Recovery of expenses from customers Gain on termination of lease contracts under IFRS – 16, Leases  29. OPERATING EXPENSES Total compensation expenses  Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense  Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	50,272 378,628 13,731	330,251 13,700
Gain on termination of lease contracts under IFRS – 16, Leases  29. OPERATING EXPENSES Total compensation expenses 29 Property expense Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	378,628 13,731	330,251 13,700
under IFRS – 16, Leases  29. OPERATING EXPENSES  Total compensation expenses 29  Property expense  Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense  Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances		
29. OPERATING EXPENSES  Total compensation expenses 29  Property expense  Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense  Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances		
Total compensation expenses  Property expense  Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense  Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation  Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	468,591	444,365
Total compensation expenses  Property expense  Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense  Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation  Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances		
Property expense  Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances		
Rent and taxes Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	1 14,417,616	11,474,947
Insurance Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances		
Utilities cost Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	187,061	132,833
Security (including guards) Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	95,179	96,293
Repair & maintenance Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	1,520,269	1,236,922
Depreciation on ROU assets Depreciation  Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	792,101	762,864
Information technology expense Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	502,090	363,373
Information technology expense  Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	1,722,707	1,579,354
Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	250,716	274,287
Software maintenance Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	5,070,123	4,445,926
Hardware maintenance Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances		1
Depreciation Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	738,187	603,109
Amortisation Network charges  Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	169,335	88,529
Network charges  Other operating expenses  Directors' fees, allowances	239,454	185,497
Other operating expenses Directors' fees, allowances	181,584	142,765
Directors' fees, allowances	752,845	359,255
Directors' fees, allowances	2,081,405	1,379,155
·	40.760	20,650
rees and allowances to snarian board	43,760	38,650
	9,547	9,220
Rates, taxes, insurance etc.	175,227	201,313
Legal and professional charges	107,734	140,711
Brokerage and commission	230,467	165,249
NIFT clearing charges	89,635	80,033
Repair and maintenance	750,639	558,417
Communications	1,057,245	758,369
Stationery and printing	654,765	409,033
Marketing, advertisement and publicity	308,764	195,159
Donations 29	· ·	492,403
Auditors' remuneration 29	· ·	39,481
Travelling, conveyance and entertainment	439,204	317,375
Depreciation	500,339	453,852
Security service charges	670,421	419,689
Training and development	49,256	28,516
Deposit premium expense	702,320	647,432
Outsourced service cost 29	· ·	135,450
Other expenditure	295,439	182,008
	7,000,286 28,569,430	5,272,360 22,572,388

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees	in '000	Note	2023	2022
29.1	Total compensation expenses			
	Managerial remuneration			
	i) Fixed		4,807,897	4,143,466
	ii) Variable			
	- Cash bonus / awards etc.		1,796,941	1,282,746
			6,604,838	5,426,212
	Charge for defined benefit plans	29.1.1	496,574	439,130
	Contribution to defined contribution plan	38	340,111	284,312
	Rent and house maintenance		2,147,183	1,843,157
	Utilities		470,613	398,626
	Medical		694,533	562,021
	Conveyance		2,019,364	1,586,040
	Other staff cost	29.1.2	1,644,400	935,449
			14,417,616	11,474,947

- 29.1.1 This includes charge for defined benefit plan and compensated absences.
- 29.1.2 This includes staff incentives, allowances and health coverage etc.
- **29.2** This includes Bank's contribution amounting to Rs. 524,398 thousand (2022: Rs. 416,318 thousand) for Fauji Foundation Group CSR activities where common directors interest is limited to the extent of their employment with Fauji Foundation, Rawalpindi.

Rupees	in '000	2023	2022
29.3	Auditors' remuneration		
	Statutory auditors of the Bank		
	Audit fee	6,609	5,875
	Special certifications, half year review, audit of consolidated		
	financial statements and sundry advisory services	16,550	12,831
	Tax services	15,000	15,000
	Out of pocket expenses	951	923
		39,110	34,629
	Auditors of Wholesale Bank Branch, Bahrain		
	Audit fee	6,668	4,852
		45,778	39,481

29.4 This represents expenses relating to outsourced activities provided by companies incorporated in Pakistan.

Rupee	Rupees in '000		2022
30.	WORKERS' WELFARE FUND		
	Opening balance	768,486	428,583
	Charge for the year	533,110	339,903
	Closing balance	1,301,596	768,486

31. This represents penalties imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan.

Rupee	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
32.	PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET			
	(Reversal) / provision for diminution in value			
	of investments	8.3.1	(147,815)	1,253,492
	Provision against loans and advances	9.4	1,242,683	906,829
	Provision against other assets	14.4.1	2,496	6,763
	Reversal of provision against intangible assets		_	(1,225)
	Provision / (reversal) against off-balance			
	sheet obligations	19.1	25,658	(1,009,405)
	Provision / (reversal) against cash and bank balances		2	(7)
	Reversal of provision against repurchase			
	agreement lendings		(29,722)	(29,720)
	Recovery of written off / charged off bad debts		(126,941)	(84,591)
			966,361	1,042,136
33.	TAXATION			
	Current		20,649,178	13,342,588
	Deferred		(39,374)	55,270
			20,609,804	13,397,858
33.1	Relationship between tax expense and			
33.1	accounting profit			
	Profit before taxation		42,044,463	27,459,453
	Tax at applicable tax rate of 39 percent (2022: 39 percer		16,397,341	10,709,187
	Effect of:	10)	10,007,041	10,702,107
	<ul><li>Super tax – current year</li></ul>		4,214,118	2,771,785
	- Others		(1,655)	(83,114)
	0.110.10		, , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			20,609,804	13,397,858

#### 33.2 Tax status and contingencies

of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001, whereby the banking sector was specified the sector for the payment of additional tax on windfall income. Through said S.R.O, the Federal Government also specified the method to determine windfall income, tax rate to be applied on such windfall income and tax years under scope. The Bank has challenged the S.R.O through petition before the Honorable Islamabad High Court with regards to retrospective application of Section 99D of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax years 2022 and 2023. The Honorable Islamabad High Court through its order dated 30 November 2023 has suspended the operation of S.R.O.1588 (I)/2023 and the said injunctive order continues to operate till date of next hearing for which no date has been fixed yet. Management based on the legal advisor opinion believes that the bank has reasonably good chance to succeed in this case and therefore has not recognized any provision in the financial statements. Additional tax on windfall income for tax years 2022 and 2023 is estimated to be Rs. 2,189 million.

- ii) The Bank has filed tax returns for and up to tax year 2023. The assessments for and up to tax year 2022 were amended by the tax authorities creating accumulated additional tax demand, mainly in the matters of admissibility of recoveries against doubtful debts for Rs. 1,119 million, provision for diminution in the value of investments for Rs. 2,530.22 million, bad debts written off for Rs. 242.892 million, provision for substandard advances for Rs. 74.95 million, Provision against other assets / fixed assets for Rs. 142.493 million, disallowance of employee benefit expenses Rs. 228.680 Million and Other disallowances of expenses/credits for Rs. 370.4 million. Bank's Appeals against these orders are currently pending before Commissioner Appeals, Appellate Tribunal and Islamabad High Court. The management and tax advisor of the Bank are confident that these matters will be decided in favor of the Bank and consequently no provision has been made thereon. Tax payments by the Bank against certain matters are being carried forward as receivable, as management and tax advisor of the Bank are confident of their realization.
- **iii)** Consequent upon the amalgamation with and into the Bank, the outstanding tax issues relating to Askari Leasing Limited (ALL) are as follows:

Tax returns of ALL have been filed for and up to tax year 2010. The returns for the tax years 2003 to 2010 were amended by the tax authorities mainly in the matter of admissibility of initial allowance claimed on leased vehicles. On appeals filed by ALL, partial relief was provided by the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) by allowing initial allowance on commercial vehicles. Re-assessment has not yet been carried out by the tax department. A tax demand is however not likely to arise after re-assessment.

For and up to the assessment years 2002–2003, reference applications filed by the tax authorities in the matter of computation of lease income are pending decisions by the High Court. However, the likelihood of an adverse decision is considered low due to a favorable decision of the High Court in a parallel case.

2023 Rupees in '000		2022 Restated	
34.	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Profit for the year - Rupees in '000	21,434,659	14,061,595
	Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares – numbers	1,449,299,207	1,449,299,207
	Basic and diluted earnings per share – Rupees	14.79	9.70

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank, therefore dilutive earnings per share have not been presented separately. Further, the prior period earnings per share has been restated for the effect of bonus shares issued @15% during the year.

Rupe	Rupees in '000 2023		2022
35.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	160,087,394 13,789,031	70,950,067 9,677,123
		173,876,425	80,627,190

			2023	
			Liabilities	
Rupees	s in '000	Subordinated Ioan	Lease liability	Dividend payable
5.1	Balances as at January 01, 2023	12,000,000	8,084,073	195,719
	Changes from financing cash flows			
	Payment of lease liability Dividend Paid	-	(2,523,755)	(2,226)
		_	(2,523,755)	(2,226)
	Other changes			
	Additions / renewals of leases Unwinding of lease liability Termination / other adjustments	- - -	3,227,516 1,061,886 (150,246)	- - -
		_	4,139,156	_
	Total equity related other changes	_	_	
	Balances as at December 31, 2023	12,000,000	9,699,474	193,493
			2022	
		0.4	Liabilities	Dividen
Rupees	s in '000	Subordinated Ioan	Lease liability	Dividend payable
	Balances as at January 01, 2022	12,000,000	7,393,878	204,537
	Changes from financing cash flows			
	Payment of lease liability Dividend Paid		(2,218,190)	(8,818)
			(2,218,190)	(8,818)
	Other changes			
	Additions / renewals of leases	-	2,122,788	-
	Unwinding of lease liability Termination / other adjustments		912,324 (126,727)	_
			2,908,385	
	Balances as at December 31, 2022	12,000,000	8,084,073	195,719
			2023 Number of	2022 f employees
6.	STAFF STRENGTH			
	Permanent		7,475	6,743
	On Bank's contract		406	605
	Total staff strength		7,881	7,348

2023

Out of total employees, 6 (2022: 6) employees are working abroad.

In addition to the above, 848 domestic employees (2022: 399) of outsourcing services companies were assigned to the Bank as at the end of the year to perform services other than guarding and janitorial services.

#### 37. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

#### 37.1 General description

The Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its regular employees. Contributions are made in accordance with the actuarial recommendation.

The benefits under the gratuity scheme are payable on retirement at the age of 60 years or earlier cessation of service in lump sum. The benefit is equal to one month's last drawn basic salary for each year of eligible service or part thereof.

**37.2** The number of employees covered under the defined benefit scheme are 7,469 employees (2022: 6,741 employees).

#### 37.3 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuation was carried out for the year ended December 31, 2023 using "Projected Unit Credit Method". The main assumptions used for actuarial valuation are as follows:

		2023	2022
			-
	Discount rate – per annum	16.00%	14.25%
	Expected rate of increase in salaries – per annum	15.50%	13.75%
	Expected rate of return on plan assets – per annum	14.25%	11.75%
	Duration	8 years	8 years
	Mortality rate	SLIC 2001 – 2005	SLIC 2001 – 2005
		mortality table	mortality table
Rupees	in '000	2023	2022
37.4	Reconciliation of payable to defined benefit plan:		
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	3,671,301	3,285,070
	Fair value of plan assets	(3,603,833)	(3,090,356)
	Net liability	67,468	194,714
37.5	Movement in defined benefit obligations		
	Obligation at beginning of the year	3,285,070	3,678,851
	Current service cost	326,669	329,418
	Interest cost	448,069	378,438
	Re-measurement gain	(84,538)	(162,209)
	Benefits paid by the Bank	(281,452)	(916,200)
	Benefits due but not paid	(22,517)	(23,228)
	Obligation at end of the year	3,671,301	3,285,070
37.6	Movement in fair value of plan assets		
	Fair value at beginning of the year	3,090,356	3,398,564
	Interest income on plan assets	434,196	361,971
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on assets	188,536	(11,038)
	Contributions by employer	194,714	280,287
	Benefits paid	(281,452)	(916,200)
	Benefits due but not paid	(22,517)	(23,228)
-	Fair value at end of the year	3,603,833	3,090,356

Note

2023

2022

The fund primarily invests in Government securities which do not carry any credit risk. These are subject to interest rate risk based on market movements. Equity securities are subject to price risk whereas non–Government debt securities are subject to both credit risk and interest rate risk. These risks are regularly monitored by the Trustees of the employee funds.

#### 37.10 Sensitivity analysis

Rupees in '000

Sensitivity analysis is performed by changing only one assumption at a time while keeping the other assumptions constant. Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions is given below:

		Impact on Defined Benefit Obligations	
Assumptions	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption
		Rupees	in '000
Discount rate	1.00%	3,396,325	3,982,288
Salary increase	1.00%	3,985,522	3,388,725
Mortality rate change	1 year	3,669,254	3,673,516

### NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

- **37.11** The expected contribution for the next one year should take into account the maximum annual contribution limit set by the Income Tax Rules, 2002 i.e. the basic payroll of the last month of the financial year end. If the contribution exceeds the limit defined in the Income Tax Rules, the Bank may apply to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue (CIR) for special contribution for the excess amount.
- **37.12** Expected charge for the next financial year is Rs. 374,304 thousand.

#### 37.13 Maturity profile

The average duration of defined benefit obligation is 8 years (2022: 8 years).

#### 37.14 Funding Policy

The Bank carries out the actuarial valuation of its defined benefit plan on periodic basis using "Projected Unit Credit Method". Contributions are made annually in accordance with the actuarial recommendation.

#### 37.15 Significant risk associated with the staff retirement benefit scheme:

Longevity Risks	The risk arises when the actual lifetime of retirees is longer than expectation. This risk is measured at the plan level over the entire retiree population.
Salary Increase Risk	The most common type of retirement benefit is one where the benefit is linked with final salary. The risk arises when the actual increases are higher than expectation and impacts the liability accordingly.
Withdrawal Risk	The risk of actual withdrawals varying with the actuarial assumptions can impose a risk to the benefit obligation. The movement of the liability can go either way.

#### 38 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Bank operates a recognized provident fund scheme for all its regular employees for which equal monthly contributions are made both by the Bank and by the employees to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary of the employee. Payments are made to the employees as specified in the rules of the fund. Contribution to the fund made by the Bank and the employees during the year amounts to Rs. 686,158 thousand (2022: Rs. 577,691 thousand) each. The fund covers 6,550 employees (2022: 5,380 employees).

#### 39. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

#### 39.1 General description

The Bank grants compensated absences to all its regular employees as per effective Service Rules. Provisions are recorded in accordance with the actuarial recommendation.

Under this unfunded scheme, all employees of Askari Bank Limited are entitled to take 24 days of earned leaves every year which can be accumulated up to a maximum of 45 days. Leave encashment is made on the basis of gross salaries and paid to members on separation from service.

#### 39.2 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuation was carried out for the year ended December 31, 2023 using "Projected Unit Credit Method". Present value of obligation as at December 31, 2023 was Rs. 724,890 thousand (2022: Rs. 635,913 thousand). Expense for the year of Rs. 154,504 thousand (2022: Rs 93,245 thousand) has been included in operating expenses. The main assumptions used for actuarial valuation are as follows:

	2023	2022
Discount rate – per annum	16.00% 15.50%	14.25% 13.75%
Expected rate of increase in salaries – per annum Leave accumulation factor – days	15.50%	13.75%

#### 40. COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

#### 40.1 Total Compensation Expense

	For the year ended December 31, 2023						
items	Chairman	Non Executive Directors	Members Shariah Board	President / CEO		Other Material Risk Takers / Controllers	Tota
		511001010		Rupees in '00			
Fees and Allowances etc.							
Managerial Remuneration							
i) Fixed	2,620	41,140	8,400	65,401	303,405	100,871	521,83
ii) Total Variable of which	,	·	•	,	,	ŕ	,
a) Cash Bonus / Awards	_	_	_	41,000	142,765	39,033	222,79
Charge for defined benefit plan	_	_	_	5,031	25,434	8,652	39,11
Contribution to defined contribution plan	_	_	_	5,029	20,714	7,277	33,02
Rent & house maintenance	_	_	_	12,845	123,448	40,575	176,86
Utilities	_	_	_	9,150	29,230	9,646	48,02
Medical	-	-	_	-	28,282	9,017	37,29
Conveyance	-	_	1,147	5,796	159,128	61,312	227,38
Others	-	-	_	302	109,746	13,434	123,48
Total	2,620	41,140	9,547	144,554	942,152	289,817	1,429,83
Number of Persons	1	9	4	1	50	36	1(
				r ended Decen			
	Chairman	Non	Members	President /	Key	Other Material	
	Ondinnan	Evacutiva	Shariah	CEO			
items	Chairman	Executive Directors	Shariah Board	CEO	Management Personnel	Risk Takers / Controllers	To
Items	Chairnan		Board	CE0 Rupees in '00	Management Personnel	Risk Takers /	То
Fees and Allowances etc.	Glaillai		Board		Management Personnel	Risk Takers /	То
	- Chairman		Board		Management Personnel	Risk Takers /	То
Fees and Allowances etc.	2,100		Board		Management Personnel	Risk Takers /	
Fees and Allowances etc. Managerial Remuneration		Directors	Board	Rupees in '00	Management Personnel	Risk Takers / Controllers	
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards		Directors	Board	Rupees in '00 58,166 8,917	Management Personnel 00 217,277 45,950	Risk Takers / Controllers  138,431  30,017	460,92 84,88
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan		Directors	Board	58,166 8,917 4,574	Management Personnel 00 217,277	Risk Takers / Controllers  138,431  30,017 13,943	460,92 84,88 44,06
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards		Directors	Board	Rupees in '00 58,166 8,917	Management Personnel 00 217,277 45,950	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494	460,92 84,88 44,06 27,84
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan		Directors	Board	58,166 8,917 4,574	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734	460,92 84,88 44,06 27,84 155,75
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan		Directors	8,400 - -	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494	460,92 84,88 44,06 27,84 155,75
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance		Directors	8,400 - - -	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734	460,92 84,88 44,00 27,84 155,73 36,22
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities		Directors	8,400 - - -	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535 2,733	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487 20,591	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734 12,905	460,92 84,88 44,00 27,84 155,75 36,22 31,42
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities Medical		Directors	8,400 - - - -	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535 2,733	Management Personnel 200 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487 20,591 19,392	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734 12,905 12,033	460,92 84,88 44,06 27,84 155,75 36,22 31,42 155,97 48,25
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities Medical Conveyance		Directors	8,400 - - - - - - 820	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535 2,733 – 5,565	Management Personnel 200 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487 20,591 19,392 83,558	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734 12,905 12,033 66,029	460,92 84,88 44,06 27,84 155,75 36,22 31,42 155,97

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total amount of deferred bonus outstanding as at December 31, 2023 for the President & CE, Key Management Personnel and other Material Risk Takers / Material Risk Controllers is Rs. 50,922 thousand (2022: Rs. 19,309 thousand).

The President & CE and certain executives are provided with the Bank maintained cars in accordance with their respective entitlements.

Others mainly include cost of living allowance (COLA) given to certain executives.

#### 40.2 Remuneration paid to Directors for participation in Board and Committee Meetings

				2023				
			М	eeting fees and all	owances paid			
		For Board Committees						
S.No	Name of Director	Board meetings	Human resource and remuneration committee	Risk management committee	Audit committee	Information technology committee	Tota amount paid	
				Rupees in '0	00			
1 2	Mr. Waqar Ahmed Malik Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman	2,620 1,400	300	- -	- -	- -	2,620 1,700	
3 4	Mr. Arif Ur Rehman Dr. Nadeem Inayat	1,800 1,800	1,100	1,400	700	1,100	1,800 6,100	
5 6 7	Syed Bakhtiar Kazmi Mr. Manzoor Ahmed Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza	2,200 2,200 1,600	1,260 800	600 1,800 –	1,400 1,400 960	1,100 - -	5,300 6,660 3,360	
8	Mrs. Zoya Mohsin Nathani Ms. Samina Rizwan	2,200 1,600	1,150 830	1,910 -	-	- 1,280	5,260 3,710	
10 11 12	Mr. Raja Muhammad Abbas Mr. Muhammad Aftab Manzoor Mr. Mushtaq Malik	2,200 300 300	- - -	- - 600	1,450 350 –	1,400 350 300	5,050 1,000 1,200	
12	Total amount paid	20,220	5,440	6,310	6,260	5,530	43,760	
				2022				
			М	eeting fees and all				
				For Board Com	nmittees			
S.No	Name of Director	Board meetings	Human resource and remuneration committee	Risk management committee	Audit committee	Information technology committee	Tota amount paid	
				Rupees in '0	00			
1 2	Mr. Waqar Ahmed Malik Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman	2,100 1,500	- 1,200	- -	- -	- -	2,100 2,700	
3 4 5	Mr. Arif Ur Rehman Dr. Nadeem Inayat Syed Bakhtiar Kazmi	1,500 1,800 1,800	1,200 –	1,200 –	- 1,200 1,200	600	1,500 6,000 3.000	
6 7	Mr. Manzoor Ahmed Mr. Muhammad Aftab Manzoor	1,800 1,800 1,800	1,200	1,750	1,200 1,200 1,400	1,400	5,95 4,60	
8	Mr. Mushtaq Malik Mrs. Zoya Mohsin Nathani	1,800 1,800	- 1,400	1,500 1,500	- -	1,200	4,50 4,70	
10	Mr. Raja Muhammad Abbas	1,500		-	900	1,200	3,60	
	Total amount paid	17,400	5,000	5,950	5,900	4,400	38,65	

#### 40.3 Remuneration paid to Shariah Board Members

		For the year ended December 31,							
		2023			2022				
Items	Chairman	Resident member	Non-resident member	Chairman	Resident member	Non-resident member			
		Rupees in '000							
Meeting fees and allowances Managerial remuneration fixed Fuel	2,400	2,400 1,147	3,600	2,400	2,400 820	3,600			
Total amount	2,400	3,547	3,600	2,400	3,220	3,600			
Total Number of Persons	1	1	2	1	1	2			

#### 41. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investment in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term advances, fixed term deposits and borrowings, other assets and other liabilities cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for such assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

In the opinion of the management, the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since they are either short–term in nature or, in the case of customer advances, deposits and certain long term borrowings, are frequently repriced.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in these consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 41.1 Fair value of financial assets

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets (Pakistan Stock Exchange) for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) available at MUFAP and Reuters page.

Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

#### Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values within level 2 and level 3

Federal Government Securities	The fair values of Federal Government Securities are determined on the basis of rates / prices sourced from Reuters.
Non Government Debt Securities	Non Government Debt Securities are valued on the basis of rates announced by Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP).
Foreign Government Debt Securities	Foreign Government Debt Securities are valued on the basis of rates taken from custodian of the securities which are usually drawn from Bloomberg.
Unit of Mutual Funds	Fair values of mutual funds are determined based on their net asset values as published at the close of reporting period.
Forward foreign exchange contracts and Forward Government securities transactions	The fair values of forward foreign exchange contracts and forward Government securities transactions are determined using forward pricing calculations.
Fixed Assets and Non Banking Assets Acquired in Satisfaction of Claims	Land and Non Banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are valued on a periodic basis using professional valuers. The valuation is based on their assessments of the market value of the assets. The effect of change in the unobservable inputs used in the valuations cannot be determined with certainty. Accordingly, a qualitative disclosure of sensitivity has not been presented in these unconsolidated financial statements

The table below analysis the financial assets carried at fair values, by valuation methods. Valuation of investments is carried out as per guidelines specified by the SBP.

			2023		
	Carrying /				
pees in '000	Notional Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
On balance sheet financial instruments					
Financial assets – measured at fair value					
Investments					
Federal Government Securities	1,102,510,824	8,421,152	1,094,089,672	-	1,102,510,82
Shares	6,243,266	6,243,266	_	-	6,243,26
Units of open end mutual funds	960,596	_	960,596	-	960,59
Fully paid preference shares	28,150	28,150	_	-	28,15
Non Government Debt Securities	14,449,154	-	14,449,154	-	14,449,15
	1,124,191,990	14,692,568	1,109,499,422	_	1,124,191,99
Financial assets – disclosed but not					
measured at fair value					
Investments					
Federal Government Securities	56,798,998	10,756,335	46,042,663	-	56,798,99
Unlisted shares	350,000	-	-	-	
Units of open end mutual funds	1,000,000	-	-	-	
Subsidiary	196,700	-	-	-	
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087,394	-	-	-	
Balances with other banks	13,789,031	-	-	-	
Advances	633,132,827	-	-	-	
Other assets	89,909,874	_	_		
	955,264,824	10,756,335	46,042,663	-	56,798,99
	2,079,456,814	25,448,903	1,155,542,085	-	1,180,990,98
Off-balance sheet financial instruments – measured at fair value					
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	153,115,769		(2,798,564)		(2,798,56
Forward Sale of foreign exchange	123,329,123		1,475,975		1,475,97

			2022		
	Carrying /				
es in '000	Notional Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
On balance sheet financial instruments					
Financial assets – measured at fair value					
Investments					
Federal Government Securities	632,309,796	3,896,423	628,413,373	_	632,309,796
Shares	3,322,003	3,322,003	_	-	3,322,003
Units of open end mutual funds	1,101,910	_	1,101,910	_	1,101,910
Fully paid preference shares	28,150	28,150	-	_	28,150
Non Government Debt Securities	11,865,359	_	11,865,359	-	11,865,359
	648,627,218	7,246,576	641,380,642	-	648,627,218
Financial assets – disclosed but not					
measured at fair value					
Investments					
Unlisted shares	350,000	_	-	_	_
Units of open end mutual funds	700,000	_	_	_	_
Federal Government Securities	111,056,637	8,644,666	102,411,971	_	111,056,637
Foreign Securities	1,797,164	1,797,164	-	_	1,797,164
Associate	165,619	_	_	_	_
Cash and balances with treasury banks	70,950,067	_	_	_	_
Balances with other banks	9,677,123	_	_	_	_
Lendings to financial institutions	406,934	_	_	_	_
Advances	583,810,931	_	-	_	_
Other assets	53,890,117	-	-	_	-
	832,804,592	10,441,830	102,411,971	_	112,853,801
	1,481,431,810	17,688,406	743,792,613	_	761,481,019
Off-balance sheet financial instruments – measured at fair value					
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	150,899,164	-	419,729		419,729
Forward Sale of foreign exchange	118,333,548	_	(530,417)		(530,417)

The Bank's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the different fair value hierarchy levels at the date the event or change in circumstances that caused such transfer to takes place. There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

	2023	2022
Rupees in '000	Level 3	Level 3
41.2 Non-financial assets carried at revalued amounts		
Fixed assets		
Property and equipment (freehold and leasehold land)	13,238,392	13,238,392
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	1,750,000
Other assets		
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	866,810	1,983,236

#### 42.1 Segment details with respect to Business Activities

The segment analysis with respect to business activities is as follows:

	2023							
Rupees in '000	Branch banking	Corporate banking	Treasury	Consumer banking	Islamic banking	Foreign operations	Head office / others	Tota
Profit and loss								
Net mark-up / return / profit	(92,875,094)	29,317,122	106,068,776	4,479,764	13,440,875	2,159,966	(3,168,453)	59,422,95
Inter segment revenue – net	127,496,474	(23,606,351)	(107,933,374)	(3,468,895)	(3,454,540)	(1,485,911)	12,452,597	
Non mark-up / return / interest income	2,074,719	4,695,721	4,211,306	624,337	751,360	31,788	546,720	12,935,95
Total income	36,696,099	10,406,492	2,346,708	1,635,206	10,737,695	705,843	9,830,864	72,358,90
Segment direct expenses	15,747,650	1,028,769	487,985	1,661,652	3,368,335	216,745	6,836,947	29,348,08
Inter segment expense allocation	1,273,695	1,021,616	21,969	47,131	-	-	(2,364,411)	
Total expenses	17,021,345	2,050,385	509,954	1,708,783	3,368,335	216,745	4,472,536	29,348,08
Provisions / (reversal of provisions)	77,318	1,363,318	68,172	(232,768)	13,830	(368,242)	44,733	966,36
Profit before tax	19,597,436	6,992,789	1,768,582	159,191	7,355,530	857,340	5,313,595	42,044,46
Statement of financial position								
Cash and bank balances	33,208,938	-	129,715,500	832,790	10,058,919	60,278	-	173,876,4
Investments	-	9,252,065	1,102,004,077	-	51,493,187	19,177,486	610,873	1,182,537,6
Lendings to financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances - performing - net								
of provision	13,991,028	469,123,014	-	20,306,104	114,745,256	2,876,637	8,663,896	629,705,9
Advances – non-performing –								
net of provision	259,102	2,237,228	-	74,662	855,900	-	-	3,426,8
Others	1,084,252	30,473,445	48,204,707	915,181	10,533,982	405,421	42,842,031	134,459,0
Total assets	48,543,320	511,085,752	1,279,924,284	22,128,737	187,687,244	22,519,822	52,116,800	2,124,005,9
Borrowings	1,574,075	41,338,149	591,921,725	2,992,873	5,535,843	-	-	643,362,6
Subordinated debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000,000	12,000,0
Deposits and other accounts	879,682,209	293,376,734	-	250	118,670,004	1,416,378	-	1,293,145,
Net inter segment balances – net	(852,178,144)	149,992,534	677,830,555	18,475,360	38,253,559	16,939,831	(49,313,695)	
Others	19,465,180	26,378,335	10,172,004	660,254	8,249,821	4,163,613	9,285,691	78,374,8
Total liabilities	48,543,320	511,085,752	1,279,924,284	22,128,737	170,709,227	22,519,822	(28,028,004)	2,026,883,1
Equity	-	_	_	_	16,978,017	-	80,144,804	97,122,8
Total equity and liabilities	48,543,320	511,085,752	1,279,924,284	22,128,737	187,687,244	22,519,822	52,116,800	2,124,005,9
Contingencies and commitments	6,016,566	548.078.423	276,081,620	832,790	26,459,326	_	1.027.751	858,496,4

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2022								
Rupees in '000	Branch banking	Corporate banking	Treasury	Consumer banking	Islamic banking	Foreign operations	Head office / others	Tota	
Profit and loss									
Net mark-up / return / profit	(51,590,180)	23,975,977	55,722,511	3,619,366	8,417,343	1,973,508	(2,156,972)	39,961,553	
Inter segment revenue – net	77,947,590	(18,286,618)	(58,966,508)	(2,306,106)	(3,155,774)	(838,346)	5,605,762	-	
Non mark-up / return / interest income	1,839,912	3,478,365	4,598,277	542,189	569,887	45,057	546,318	11,620,005	
Total income	28,197,322	9,167,724	1,354,280	1,855,449	5,831,456	1,180,219	3,995,108	51,581,558	
Segment direct expenses	12,680,736	623,773	340,807	1,234,642	2,774,765	148,491	5,276,755	23,079,969	
Inter segment expense allocation	1,070,708	900,269	10,592	107,516	-	-	(2,089,085)	-	
Total expenses	13,751,444	1,524,042	351,399	1,342,158	2,774,765	148,491	3,187,670	23,079,969	
Provisions / (reversal of provisions)	13,010	(507,968)	530,443	89,910	186,312	618,055	112,374	1,042,136	
Profit before tax	14,432,868	8,151,650	472,438	423,381	2,870,379	413,673	695,064	27,459,454	
Statement of financial position									
Cash and bank balances	24,540,132	-	49,189,748	-	6,862,101	35,209	-	80,627,190	
Lendings to financial institutions	-	-	406,934	-	-	-	-	406,934	
Investments	-	8,125,443	699,774,652	-	39,942,674	14,338,254	515,615	762,696,638	
Advances – performing – net									
of provision	13,644,831	447,812,623	-	21,143,917	82,166,386	9,999,101	7,194,819	581,961,67	
Advances - non-performing - net									
of provision	281,669	453,499	-	130,836	983,250	-	-	1,849,254	
Others	1,003,140	27,107,590	19,094,660	594,298	7,097,474	418,422	42,813,532	98,129,116	
Total assets	39,469,772	483,499,155	768,465,994	21,869,051	137,051,885	24,790,986	50,523,966	1,525,670,809	
Borrowings	1,744,212	42,909,471	179,432,046	3,366,079	4,586,320	1,393,961	-	233,432,089	
Subordinated debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000,000	12,000,000	
Deposits and other accounts	751,762,235	293,324,608	-	3,686	96,297,085	1,094,507	92,485	1,142,574,606	
Net inter segment balances - net	(731,928,308)	122,512,889	586,421,413	17,862,227	19,475,830	22,068,820	(36,412,871)	-	
Others	17,891,633	24,752,187	2,612,535	637,059	6,684,621	233,698	11,530,128	64,341,861	
Total liabilities	39,469,772	483,499,155	768,465,994	21,869,051	127,043,856	24,790,986	(12,790,258)	1,452,348,556	
Equity					10,008,029	-	63,314,224	73,322,253	
Total equity and liabilities	39,469,772	483,499,155	768,465,994	21,869,051	137,051,885	24,790,986	50,523,966	1,525,670,809	
Contingencies and commitments	6,295,329	480.881.779	280,146,274	483,545	19,620,329	_	1,570,213	788,997,469	

#### 42.2 Segment details with respect to geographical locations

Geographical segment analysis

		2023	
es in '000	Pakistan	Middle East	Tota
Profit and loss			
Net mark-up / return / profit	57,262,990	2,159,966	59,422,95
Inter segment revenue – net	1,485,911	(1,485,911)	
Non mark-up / return / interest income	12,904,163	31,788	12,935,9
Total income	71,653,064	705,843	72,358,90
Segment direct expenses	29,131,338	216,745	29,348,08
Inter segment expense allocation	-	-	
Total expenses	29,131,338	216,745	29,348,0
Provisions / (reversals)	1,334,603	(368,242)	966,3
Profit before tax	41,187,123	857,340	42,044,4
Statement of financial position			
Cash and bank balances	173,816,147	60,278	173,876,4
Investments	1,163,360,202	19,177,486	1,182,537,6
Advances – performing – net of provision	626,829,298	2,876,637	629,705,9
Advances - non-performing - net of provision	3,426,892	-	3,426,8
Others	134,053,598	405,421	134,459,0
Total Assets	2,101,486,137	22,519,822	2,124,005,9
Borrowings	643,362,665	-	643,362,6
Subordinated debts	12,000,000	_	12,000,0
Deposits and other accounts	1,291,729,197	1,416,378	1,293,145,5
Net inter segment balances – net	(16,939,831)	16,939,831	
Others	74,211,285	4,163,613	78,374,8
Total liabilities	2,004,363,316	22,519,822	2,026,883,1
Equity	97,122,821	_	97,122,8
Total Equity and liabilities	2,101,486,137	22,519,822	2,124,005,9
Contingencies and commitments	858,496,476	_	858,496,4

pees in '000	Pakistan	Middle East	Total			
Profit and loss						
Net mark-up / return / profit	37,988,045	1,973,508	39,961,55			
Inter segment revenue – net	838,346	(838,346)	-			
Non mark-up / return / interest income	11,574,948	45,057	11,620,00			
Total income	50,401,339	1,180,219	51,581,55			
Segment direct expenses	22,931,478	148,491	23,079,96			
Inter segment expense allocation	-	_				
Total expenses	22,931,478	148,491	23,079,96			
Provisions	424,081	618,055	1,042,13			
Profit before tax	27,045,780	413,673	27,459,45			
Statement of financial position						
Cash and bank balances	80,591,981	35,209	80,627,19			
Investments	748,358,384	14,338,254	762,696,63			
Lendings to financial institutions	406,934	_	406,93			
Advances – performing – net of provision	571,962,576	9,999,101	581,961,67			
Advances - non-performing - net of provision	1,849,254	_	1,849,25			
Others	97,710,694	418,422	98,129,1			
Total Assets	1,500,879,823	24,790,986	1,525,670,80			
Borrowings	232,038,128	1,393,961	233,432,08			
Subordinated debts	12,000,000	_	12,000,00			
Deposits and other accounts	1,141,480,099	1,094,507	1,142,574,60			
Net inter segment balances – net	(22,068,820)	22,068,820				
Others	64,108,163	233,698	64,341,86			
Total liabilities	1,427,557,570	24,790,986	1,452,348,55			
Equity	73,322,253	_	73,322,25			
Total Equity and liabilities	1,500,879,823	24,790,986	1,525,670,80			
Contingencies and commitments	788,997,469		788,997,46			

#### 43. TRUST ACTIVITIES

The Bank acts as custodian and holds the securities on behalf of individuals, trusts, retirement benefit plans and other institutions. These are not assets of the Bank and, therefore, are not included in the unconsolidated statement of financial position

#### 44. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Fauji Consortium comprising of Fauji Foundation, Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited and Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited (the Parent) holds 71.91% of the Bank's share capital at the year end. Accordingly all the subsidiaries and associates of Fauji consortium are the related parties of the Bank. The Bank also has related party relationships with its directors, key management personnel and employees' funds.

The bank enters into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions with person of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuation / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives/ officers is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

			2023					2022		
Rupees in '000	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiary	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Associate Restated Note - 8.6	Other related parties
Investments										
Opening balance Investment made during the year Revaluation adjustment Investment redeemed / disposed off during the year	- - -	-	-	165,619 31,081 -	1,159,768 - 262,947 (2,664)	-	-	-	165,619 - -	1,183,661 44,195 (81,568)
Transfer in / (out) – net	-	-	-	-	(2,004)	-	-	-	-	13,480
Closing balance	-	-	-	196,700	1,420,051	-	-	-	165,619	1,159,768
Provision for diminution in value of investments	-	-	-	-	82,113	-	-	-	-	87,248
Advances										
Opening balance Addition during the year Repaid during the year Transfer in / (out) – net	29,986,315 1,377,976,167 (1,399,853,601)	60 15,000 (15,060)	507,549 533,437 (544,300)		16,783,652 209,693,144 (213,910,777) 12,437,575	4,523,915 352,713,101 (327,250,701)	43 20,581 (20,564)	441,248 469,897 (419,988) 16,392	298,858 1,603,142 (1,702,000)	10,222,852 9,289,165 (2,728,365)
Closing balance	8,108,881	-	496,686	86,678	25,003,594	29,986,315	60	507,549	200,000	16,783,652
Other Assets										
Interest / mark-up receivable Advance rent Others	171,099 1,380 106	- - -	68,627 - -	- - -	886,474 - -	369,907 1,254 -	- - -	71,132 - -	241 - -	790,592 - -
Borrowings										
Opening balance Borrowings during the year Settled during the year	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,366,079 1,000,000 (1,373,206)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,372,387 1,200,000 (206,308)
Closing balance	-	-	-	-	2,992,873	-	-	-	-	3,366,079
Deposits and other accounts										
Opening balance Received during the year Withdrawn during the year Transfer in / (out) – net	38,816,364 1,786,530,029 (1,786,245,169)	34,614 556,261 (521,157) (6,216)	193,107 1,843,093 (1,707,626) (29,154)		38,455,796 988,872,329 (978,274,385) 6,216	56,224,390 988,405,154 (1,005,813,179)	24,009 79,294 (68,689)	211,259 2,726,090 (2,683,283) (60,959)		41,798,370 989,063,276 (992,405,849) -
Closing balance	39,101,224	63,502	299,420	350,869	49,059,956	38,816,365	34,614	193,107	612,264	38,455,797
Other Liabilities										
Interest / mark-up payable Payable to staff retirement fund Security deposits payable Others	2,574,737 - - 25	7 - - 1,667	2,964 - - - 58,608	- - -	715,559 67,468 462,570 71,818	625,832 - - -	- - -	3,299 - 18,607 -	492 - - -	361,337 194,714 470,698
Contingencies and Commitments	225,219	-	-	-	4,476,687	1,183,172	-	-	40,000	2,447,138
Others										
Securities held as custodian Securities given as collateral	13,699,456 –	-	48,821 -	-	10,493,034	3,462,500 -	-	36,500 -	100,000	7,105,000 177,855

### NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Fo	or the year e	nded Decem	nber 31, 202	3	For the year ended December 31, 2022				
Rupees in '000	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiary	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Associate	Other related parties
Income								·		
Mark-up / return / interest earned	658,163	_	19,551	2,304	4,677,348	832,276	_	19,778	1,382	1,877,137
Fee and commission received	1,818	-	-	· -	163,027	634	-	-	39	180,321
Dividend income	_	-	-	-	178,346	-	-	-	-	128,729
Gain on sale of fixed assets	-	-	3,929	-	-	-	-	7,250	-	-
Expense										
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	10,540,080	3,231	41,107	29,274	6,810,283	4,513,452	10	8,994	15,063	3,567,513
Charge to defined benefit plan	-	-	-	-	342,070	-	-	-	-	345,885
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	-	-	-	340,111	-	-	-	-	284,312
Remuneration and allowances	-	-	1,086,706	-	9,547	-	-	647,550	-	9,220
Rent	2,847	-	-	-	-	2,445	-	-	-	-
Communications	-	-	-	-	139,094	-	-	-	-	83,292
Brokerage and Commission	-	-	-	-	92,518	-	-	-	103	79,470
Directors' Fee, Allowances	-	43,760	-	-	-	-	38,650	-	-	-
Donations	524,398	-	-	-	-	416,318	-	-	-	-

In addition to above, rent free sub-branches are operating at FFC Sona Tower, FFBL Tower and Foundation University (along with booth and Atm).

The term 'key management personnel' has the same meaning as defined in IAS 24 - Related party disclosures.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, certain movable assets were settled against the final settlement of related parties as disclosed in note 10.4.

#### 45. CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS

The objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it could continue to provide adequate returns to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk. It is the policy of the Bank to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Bank recognizes the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater exposure and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

Under the current scenario, the banks are under pressure to extend further credit to its borrowers, while overall deteriorating credit risk and increased NPL may also put additional pressures on the Bank from Capital Adequacy Ratio perspective. The SBP has relaxed the Capital Conversion Buffer (CCB) requirements for the banks to 1.5%, resulting in an overall CAR requirement of 11.5%. In addition to the measures by SBP, the Bank is continuously monitoring the impacts of various decisions of its CAR and taking further lending decisions based on the overall impacts on RWA. The Bank also believes that it has sufficient buffer in its CAR requirement to meet any adverse movements in credit, market or operational risks.

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR):		
Paid-up capital (net of losses)	14,492,992	12,602,602
Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR):		
Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital	88,193,637 5,649,000	65,303,243 6,000,000
Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital Eligible Tier 2 Capital	93,842,637 13,220,036	71,303,243 11,835,110
Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	107,062,673	83,138,353
Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): Credit Risk Market Risk Operational Risk	451,392,577 29,300,677 102,809,844	412,323,250 27,675,542 81,324,765
Total	583,503,098	521,323,557
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	15.11%	12.53%
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	16.08%	13.68%
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	18.35%	15.95%

As of December 2023, the Bank must meet a Tier 1 to RWA ratio and CAR, including CCB, of 9% and 11.50% respectively.

Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Market and Credit Risk while Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) is used for Operational Risk.

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
Leverage Ratio (LR):		
Eligible Tier-1 Capital	93,842,637	71,303,243
Total Exposures	2,611,849,837	2,243,512,648
Leverage Ratio	3.59%	3.18%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR):		
Total High Quality Liquid Assets	649,069,790	520,361,460
Total Net Cash Outflow	322,740,993	281,841,107
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	201.11%	184.63%
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR):		
Total Available Stable Funding	1,314,070,873	1,113,842,290
Total Required Stable Funding	610,829,100	561,351,354
Net Stable Funding Ratio	215.13%	198.42%

The full disclosure on the Capital Adequacy, Leverage Ratio & Liquidity Requirements as per SBP instructions issued from time to time have been placed on the website. The link to the full disclosure can be accessed through the Bank's website at http://akbl.com

### NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 46. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Bank believes that effective risk management is key to achieving desired level of return while maintaining acceptable level of risk exposure. Robust risk management processes and framework are in place to achieve the Bank's overall objectives through a well thought out strategy, which enables the Bank to effectively manage Credit, Market, Operational and Liquidity risk in a proactive manner.

The Bank's approach is to ensure that risk management is deeply and firmly embedded in the culture of the Bank. All employees are therefore considered responsible for identification, measurement, monitoring and controlling risks within the scope of their assigned responsibilities. As a result of changing risk environment, the Bank continuously monitors and conducts holistic assessment of complex transactions on an integrated basis.

The Bank has a Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) in place and is updated regularly by the Bank's Risk Management Group. BRMC is responsible for reviewing the extent of design and adequacy of the risk management framework. BRMC oversight ensures that risks are managed within the level of tolerance and risk appetite of the Bank.

#### 46.1 Credit Risk:

Credit risk arises from the potential that an obligor is either unwilling to perform on an obligation or its ability is impaired resulting in economic loss to the Bank. The Bank takes necessary measures to control such risk by establishing minimum standards and rules for booking credit exposures and subsequently, by monitoring these exposures – limiting transactions with specific counter parties with increased likelihood of default and continually assessing creditworthiness of it obligors.

The Bank has built and maintains a sound loan portfolio in line with a well defined Credit Policy approved by the Board of Directors. Its credit evaluation system comprises well–designed credit appraisal, sanctioning and review procedures for the purpose of emphasizing prudence in its lending activities and ensuring quality of asset portfolio. Advances portfolio constitutes around 30% of the total asset base and is also the largest source of credit risk for the Bank. The Bank's advances portfolio is well diversified across various business segments and industries.

Risk mitigants have been put in place at all stages of credit risk cycle i.e. identification, measurement, monitoring, controlling and reporting for effective credit risk management. Accordingly, portfolio monitoring function is in place with dedicated resources to ensure that the risk is effectively monitored and reported.

Credit Risk Review is conducted at obligor as well as at portfolio level to ensure adherence to regulatory requirement as well as internal policies and procedures. The review process ensures that a sound and proactive risk management culture is maintained across the Bank. Credit is approved under the 4 eye principal with equal ownership from both Business functions and Risk Management Group (RMG). Audit (Risk Assets Review) division reviews the advances portfolio on a post approval basis.

The Bank has undertaken a number of initiatives to strengthen its credit risk management framework including in–house development of internal risk rating models (obligor and facility) for the portfolio for respective segments, and transition and migration matrices to study the realized default rates and performance of the risk rating models over the years.

Keeping in view the deteriorating economic situation, Rapid Portfolio Reviews are performed to identify vulnerable accounts and decide account specific strategies with respect to exposure and to estimate possible additional provisioning. Results of the Rapid Portfolio Reviews are shared with senior management and Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC).

Provision for credit portfolio is determined in accordance with the SBP's relevant Prudential Regulations. The Bank also maintains additional provision on subjective classification basis in line with its prudent approach.

Stress testing for credit risk is carried out regularly to estimate the impact of increase in non – performing loans and to ensure that CAR is maintained at sufficient level to meet regulatory requirement and business needs.

The Bank has implemented an Enterprise Risk Management solution and Loan Origination System. These systems not only enhance operational efficiency in the risk management processes, but also promote integrated risk assessment.

Risk Asset Review (RAR) performs an independent review of the credit portfolio. It provides an independent assessment of portfolio quality, efficacy of processes for acquisition of risk assets, regulatory/policy compliance and appropriateness of classification and risk rating.

A centralized Credit Administration Division (CAD) under Operations Group is working to ensure that terms and conditions of approval of credit sanctions are complied, all documentation is complete and fully enforceable, all disbursements of approved facilities are made only after necessary authorization by CAD and collateral is monitored on regular basis.

To handle the specific needs of managing classified accounts, the Bank has a separate Special Asset Management Division (SAMD) to negotiate settlement of the non-performing exposure, including pursuing litigation, if required, to protect the interests of the depositors and shareholders.

#### Credit risk - General disclosures

The Bank follows the Standardized Approach for its credit risk exposures, which sets out fixed risk weights corresponding to external credit ratings or type of exposure, whichever is applicable.

Under the Standardized Approach, the capital requirement is based on the credit rating assigned to counterparties by External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs) duly recognized by the SBP. The Bank selects particular ECAIs for each type of exposure. The Bank utilizes the credit ratings assigned by Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA), Japan Credit Rating Company Limited – Vital Information Systems (JCR-VIS), Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poors (S&P).

Types of exposure and ECAIs used

	FITCH	Moody's	S&P	PACRA	JCR-VIS	ECA Scores
Corporates	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√
Banks	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Public sector enterprises	_	_	_	√	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

<sup>\*</sup> FITCH, Moody's and S&P ratings (as applicable) are used where sovereign exposures are denominated in USD

#### **Mapping to SBP Rating Grades**

For all exposures, the selected ratings are translated to the standard rating grades given by the SBP. The mapping tables used for converting ECAI ratings to the SBP rating grades are given below:

#### **Long Term Rating Grades mapping**

SBP Rating grade	FITCH	Moody's	S&P	PACRA	JCR-VIS	ECA scores
	AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA	AAA	
1	AA+	Aa1	AA+	AA+	AA+	0.4
	AA	Aa2	AA	AA	AA	0, 1
	AA-	Aa3	AA-	AA-	AA-	
2	A+	A1	Α+	A+	A+	
	Α	A2	Α	Α	Α	2
	Α-	A3	Α-	Α-	Α-	
3	BBB+	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+	BBB+	
	BBB	Baa2	BBB	BBB	BBB	3
	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-	BBB-	
4	BB+	Ba1	BB+	BB+	BB+	
	BB	Ba2	BB	BB	BB	4
	BB-	Ba3	BB-	BB-	BB-	
5	B+	B1	B+	B+	B+	
	В	B2	В	В	В	5, 6
	B-	В3	B-	B-	B-	·
6	CCC+ and below	Caa1 and below	CCC+ and below	CCC+ and below	CCC+ and below	7

Particulars of the Bank's significant on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet credit risk in various sectors are analysed as follows:

	Gross le	Gross lendings Non-perfo		orming lendings Pro		ovision held	
Rupees in '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
46.1.1.1 Lendings to financial institutions							
Credit risk by public / private sector							
Private	89,164	525,820	89,164	118,886	89,164	118,886	

		Gross inv	restments	Non-performing	ng investments	Provis	ion held	
Rupees	in '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
46.1.2	Investment in debt securities							
	Credit risk by industry sector							
	Textile	279,681	280,643	279,678	280,653	279,678	280,653	
	Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	1,090,958	1,207,164	898,458	944,655	898,458	944,655	
	Power and energy	8,416,126	6,018,005	-	-	-	-	
	Telecommunication Metal and allied	204,432 500,000	204,432	204,432	204,432	204,432	204,432	
	Financial	1,179,980,942	762,908,994	165,000	_	82,500	_	
	Others	500,000	2,377,311	-	_	-	_	
		1,190,972,139	772,996,549	1,547,568	1,429,740	1,465,068	1,429,740	
	Credit risk by public / private sector							
	Public / Government	1,175,025,492	757,998,445	204,432	_	204,432	_	
	Private	15,946,647	14,998,104	1,343,136	1,429,740	1,260,636	1,429,740	
		1,190,972,139	772,996,549	1,547,568	1,429,740	1,465,068	1,429,740	
		Gross a	dvances	Non-perform	ing advances	Provis	rision held	
Rupees	in '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
46.1.3	Advances							
	Credit risk by industry sector							
	Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	8,110,464	8,267,350	322,237	381,408	135,249	194,873	
	Mining and Quarrying Textile	11,107,074 72,951,683	10,108,017 67,579,336	8,654,320	- 9,091,734	- 8,165,544	- 9,077,799	
	Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	46,493,823	47,900,027	727,772	1,124,375	706,933	9,077,799	
	Cement	15,236,900	12,966,848	395	395	395	395	
	Sugar	35,656,630	17,809,458	6,453	11,853	6,453	11,853	
	Footwear and Leather garments	1,413,043	1,464,625	168,582	221,325	168,582	221,325	
	Automobile and transportation equipment	2,701,484	3,752,002 7,012,635	814,919	721,305 1,133,813	814,919 902,937	721,305 1,110,792	
	Electronics and electrical appliances Food and allied	5,101,528 75,000,000	51,423,906	1,021,105 1,334,570	1,133,013	613,445	1,110,792	
	Construction	15,409,186	12,923,924	1,793,076	498,824	761,092	473,824	
	Power and energy	58,594,300	75,759,727	393,206	3,057,302	348,967	2,219,160	
	Oil and gas	66,211,253	57,922,257	-	3,164,510	-	3,134,226	
	Wholesale and Retail Trade	17,792,073	23,288,986	338,679	423,259	338,679	413,859	
	Transport, Storage and Communication	39,604,834	40,875,286	-	410,439	-	410,439	
	Financial Insurance	26,395,992 121,025	22,362,877 182,484	413,531	_	413,531	_	
	Services	44,742,814	40,268,364	663,141	739,382	563,801	739,382	
	Individuals	34,857,892	37,633,238	1,623,098	2,450,951	1,623,098	2,272,196	
	Edible oil and ghee	6,037,236	3,895,381	2,527,867	1,660,483	2,527,867	1,660,483	
	Rice Processing (husking, semi-							
	wholly milled etc.)	14,872,454	13,566,276	3,147,841	2,530,345	3,117,557	2,530,345	
	Metal and allied	21,362,992	22,035,008	734,170	734,170	734,170	734,170	
	Others	41,533,369 661,308,049	35,936,033 614,934,045	4,378,625 29,063,587	2,790,909	3,693,476 25,636,695	2,400,057 29,297,528	
		001,000,049	017,504,040	23,000,007	01,140,702	20,000,090	LJ,LJI,ULO	
	Credit risk by public / private sector							
	Public/ Government	247,411,197	188,384,032	_	_	-	_	
	Private	413,896,852	426,550,013	29,063,587	31,146,782	25,636,695	29,297,528	
		661,308,049	614,934,045	29,063,587	31,146,782	25,636,695	29,297,528	

upees in '000	2023	2022
6.1.4 Contingencies and Commitments		
Credit risk by industry sector		
Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	1,801,299	501,647
Mining and Quarrying	6,023,341	3,283,384
Textile	14,785,574	23,815,578
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	13,497,070	9,561,755
Cement	2,189,928	3,686,476
Sugar	2,249,530	840,793
Footwear and Leather garments	1,272,469	1,151,124
Automobile and transportation equipment	646,516	307,078
Electronics and electrical appliances	4,928,772	2,538,207
Real Estate & Construction	38,728,391	30,265,982
Research and development	3,018,764	2,265,632
Power and energy	13,279,750	14,696,403
Wholesale and Retail Trade	13,137,036	9,381,955
Oil and gas	9,324,183	7,234,245
Transport, Storage and Communication	29,753,116	19,405,834
Financial	505,173,111	485,959,432
Insurance	356,172	305,417
Food and allied	13,034,536	5,703,330
Services	12,077,385	10,448,445
Individuals	302,569	978,788
Engineering	98,451,727	79,099,668
Telecommunication	3,237,360	3,112,380
Metal and allied	9,105,410	5,908,902
Others	62,122,467	68,545,014
	858,496,476	788,997,469
Credit risk by public / private sector		
Public / Government	242,420,504	302,760,158
Private	616,075,972	486,237,311
	858,496,476	788,997,469

#### 46.1.5 Concentration of Advances

The Bank's top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded) exposures aggregated to Rs. 446,883,893 thousand (2022: Rs. 346, 047,767 thousand) are as following:

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
Funded Non Funded	173,321,907 273,561,986	183,510,340 162,537,427
Total Exposure	446,883,893	346,047,767

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposures aggregated to Rs. 570,620,020 thousand (2022: Rs. 444,073,755 thousand).

The above does not include any classified exposure.

#### 46.1.6 Advances - Province / Region-wise disbursement and utilization

				2023			
	Disbursements			Utilization			
Rupees in '000		Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Baluchistan		AJK including Gilgit Baltistan
Province / Region							
Punjab	1,333,843,562	1,317,615,884	4,330,448	146,893	6,730	11,735,324	8,283
Sindh	1,165,558,110	3,449,372	1,161,709,366	37,575	230,264	127,634	3,900
KPK including FATA	5,187,340	168,355	16,464	4,391,963	2,250	587,013	21,296
Balochistan	680,059	2,982	5,010	700	665,891	5,276	200
Islamabad	125,780,328	13,858,353	8,270,344	13,188,547	41,206	90,383,886	37,992
AJK including Gilgit Baltistan	825,077	76,966	200	3,225	-	7,945	736,741
Total	2,631,874,476	1,335,171,912	1,174,331,832	17,768,903	946,341	102,847,078	808,412
				2022			
	Disbursements			Utilization			
Rupees in '000		Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Baluchistan		AJK includinç Gilgit Baltistar
Province/Region							
Punjab	977,755,576	965,008,442	2,478,854	1,420,450	4,201	8,836,667	6,962
Sindh	1,046,523,386	2,074,309	1,043,696,064	2,364	479,484	266,330	4,835
KPK including FATA	4,769,555	196,039	1,861	4,351,903	1,430	104,383	113,939
Baluchistan	1,431,013	2,428	8,121	300	1,419,864	-	300
Islamabad	122,843,449	10,743,802	11,764,149	6,717,191	32,501	93,284,853	300,953
AJK including Gilgit Baltistan	494,756	46,359	1,800	7,261	-	11,145	428,191
Total	2,153,817,735	978.071.379	1,057,950,849	12.499.469	1.937.480	102,503,378	855,180

#### 46.2 Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that the value of on and off-balance sheet positions of a financial institution will be adversely affected by movements in market rates or prices such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and credit spreads, resulting in a loss to earnings and capital.

The Bank is exposed to market risk from both its banking and trading books. Trading book for the Bank includes all Held for Trading ( HFT ) assets along with Available for Sale (AFS) securities that are held with intention of short term trade. All assets not included in trading book are included in the Banking book.

The Bank's Risk Management Process seeks to identify, measure, monitor, and control market risks in order to shield against adverse movements in market factors and to attain an efficient risk / return profile of its open positions. Risk Management Group has developed and implemented market risk policy and risk measurement / monitoring methodology for review and reporting of market risk.

The Bank makes use of the globally established Value—at—Risk (VaR) methodology to measure traded market risk. Additionally, sensitivity analysis is carried out to gauge the impact of extreme market movements on traded exposures, such as fixed income securities and equity capital market instruments.

Further, stress testing is used to analyze the impact of abnormal market movements across different portfolios to assess non-traded market risk, in particular interest rate risk in the banking book. The performance of the Bank's traded portfolios is evaluated through the use of risk / return analysis. Risk is assessed through the revaluation of all traded market risk exposed positions on a daily basis, and monitored by ensuring that these positions do not breach any regulatory limits as well as any internally established risk tolerance limits.

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## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Basel III Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Market Risk. Total capital charge for market risk is Rs. 29,300,677 thousand (2022: Rs. 27,675,542 thousand).

#### 46.2.1 Balance sheet split by trading and banking books

		2023			2022	
Rupees in '000	Banking book	Trading book	Total	Banking book	Trading book	Total
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087,394	_	160,087,394	70,950,067	_	70,950,067
Balances with other banks	13,789,031	-	13,789,031	9,677,123	-	9,677,123
Lendings to financial institutions	-	_	_	406,934	_	406,934
Investments	453,843,322	728,694,366	1,182,537,688	292,722,634	469,974,004	762,696,638
Advances	633,132,827	-	633,132,827	583,810,931	_	583,810,931
Fixed assets	27,010,884	-	27,010,884	24,484,412	-	24,484,412
Intangible assets	1,855,607	-	1,855,607	1,375,625	-	1,375,625
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	-	1,750,000	1,750,000	-	1,750,000
Deferred tax assets	8,072,702	-	8,072,702	7,545,677	-	7,545,677
Other assets	95,769,826	-	95,769,826	62,973,402	-	62,973,402
	1,395,311,593	728,694,366	2,124,005,959	1,055,696,805	469,974,004	1,525,670,809

#### 46.2.2 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk, or the risk that the Bank's earnings and / or capital can fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates, arises out of the Bank's foreign exchange exposure which consists of foreign currency cash in hand, nostro / vostro accounts, forward contracts, forward bookings with exporters, foreign bills purchased, foreign currency placements with SBP and the Bank's Wholesale Bank Branch, foreign currency lendings / deposits and capital investments in offshore operations.

The Bank's treasury manages consolidated foreign exchange exposure by matching foreign currency assets and liabilities in spot and forward. The foreign exchange exposure and nostro balances are maintained within regulatory limits and VaR is calculated for consolidated foreign exchange exposure on a daily basis. The impact of a change in USD / PKR parity on the net open position is also determined through daily sensitivity analysis.

			2023	
	Foreign currency	Foreign currency	Off-balance	Net foreign
Rupees in '000	assets	liabilities	sheet items	currency exposure
United States Dollar	100,057,331	133,407,202	(21,110,855)	(54,460,726)
Pound Sterling	1,159,587	8,594,795	(7,412,731)	(14,847,939)
Euro	1,851,281	4,001,522	(1,565,484)	(3,715,725)
Other European currencies	2,481	_		2,481
Other currencies	1,603,397	906,278	302,424	999,543
	104,674,077	146,909,797	(29,786,646)	(72,022,366)

		2	022	
Rupees in '000	Foreign currency assets	Foreign currency	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure
<u> </u>				
United States Dollar	65,691,952	105,771,498	(29,448,724)	(69,528,270)
Pound Sterling	604,649	6,537,640	(6,128,871)	(12,061,862)
Euro	3,289,971	2,507,599	3,082,549	3,864,921
Other European currencies	14,765	_	(73,260)	(58,495)
Other currencies	2,133,491	1,303,405	2,690	832,776
	71,734,828	116,120,142	(32,565,616)	(76,950,930)

	202	23	2022	<u>)</u>
Rupees in '000	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
Impact of 1% change in foreign exchange rates on				
- Profit and loss account	422,357	297,866	443,853	325,656

#### 46.2.3 Equity position risk

Equity position risk is the risk that the value of equity positions inside the trading book and banking book will change as a result of general and specific equity market movements. Equity positions are monitored on daily basis through management action triggers.

The Bank classifies its direct equity investments into held for trading, available for sale, and Held to Maturity. Held for trading equity exposures are of a short term nature and are undertaken to earn profit by exploiting market conditions and short term price fluctuations. Equities held in the available for sale portfolio are kept with the intent of earning profit due to underlying fundamental strength of each security. Strategic investments are undertaken in line with the long-term strategy of the Bank, i.e. to build strategic interest in other concerns. The Bank may also carry indirect equity exposure through financing against shares and reverse repos against shares.

At the end of FY 2023 Bank's equity investment portfolio was classified as held for trading and available for sale. Pretax impact of 5% decrease in equity prices are provided below;

	202	23	2022	!
Rupees in '000	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
Impact of 5% change in equity prices on				
<ul><li>Profit and loss account</li><li>Other comprehensive income</li></ul>	– (35,149)	(27,644) (249,372)	(766) (27,985)	(3,852) (140,843)

#### 46.2.4 Yield / Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)-Basel III Specific

The Bank's interest rate exposure arises out of its investment, lending and borrowing activities. Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB) in its various forms is the risk of adverse changes in earnings and/or capital due to (i) timing differences or mismatches in the maturity/repricing period of financial assets and liabilities (repricing risk), (ii) differences in the basis used for calculating interest rates received and paid (basis risk), (iii) and options implicit or explicit in the Bank's financial assets and liabilities (options risk). The Asset and Liability Management Committee of the Bank monitors and controls mismatch of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities on an ongoing basis through its regular meetings. The Market Risk Management Department monitors interest rate in the banking book from an earnings and economic value perspective.

#### **Key IRRBB measures include:**

- 1. Interest Earnings at Risk (IAR): the rolling 12-month impact of a parallel shift in interest rates on Net Interest Margin.
- 2. Change in Economic Value of Equity (EVE): the impact of a parallel shift in interest rates on the present value of the Bank's cash flows.
- 3. Repricing Gaps: mismatch between the Bank's assets and liabilities in terms of repricing time bands based on residual maturity for repricing or actual maturity which ever is earlier. Repricing assumptions for non-contractual assets and liabilities have been set based on a behavioral study.

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	20	23	2022	2
Rupees in '000	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
Impact of 1% change in interest rates on				
<ul><li>Profit and loss account</li><li>Other comprehensive income</li></ul>	(180,183) 129,062	(1,387,869) –	(1,040,690) 852,746	(1,253,738) –

#### 46.2.5 Mismatch of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet instruments is based on the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date.

						2	023					
						Exposed	d to yield / inte	erest risk				
Rupees in '000	Effective Yield / Interest rate	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	Non-interest bearing financial instruments
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks		160,087,394	12,873,026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,214,368
Balances with other banks	5.24%	13,789,031	12,229,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,559,899
Lendings to financial institutions	21.16%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	18.73%	1,182,537,688	304,993,035	335,255,801	285,016,573	90,799,857	40,914,741	47,961,711	39,491,310	21,043,410	8,282,544	8,778,706
Advances	18.61%	633,132,827	255,323,490	179,012,129	96,782,356	26,081,357	24,756,765	14,365,184	19,459,226	12,047,379	3,330,161	1,974,780
Other assets		89,909,874	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,909,874
		2,079,456,814	585,418,683	514,267,930	381,798,929	116,881,214	65,671,506	62,326,895	58,950,536	33,090,789	11,612,705	249,437,627
Liabilities												
Bills payable		12,394,336	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,394,336
Borrowings	19.97%	643,362,665	606,543,301	8,543,464	1,530,759	161,802	6,823,565	6,724,701	6,194,752	5,983,279	857,042	-
Deposits and other accounts	12.80%	1,293,145,575	59,636,449	32,190,546	46,584,030	77,250,104	170,961,784	170,547,972	212,512,364	145,802,302	24,300,384	353,359,640
Sub-ordinated loans	21.81%	12,000,000	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities		56,110,709	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,110,709
		2,017,013,285	666,179,750	46,734,010	54,114,789	77,411,906	177,785,349	177,272,673	218,707,116	151,785,581	25,157,426	421,864,685
On-balance sheet gap		62,443,529	(80,761,067)	467,533,920	327,684,140	39,469,308	(112,113,843)	(114,945,778)	(159,756,580)	(118,694,792)	(13,544,721)	(172,427,058)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Forward foreign exchange contracts purchase		153,115,769	3,038,994	2,615,067	4,969,835	142,491,873	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts sale		123,329,123	75,672,704	38,886,171	8,770,248	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap		29,786,646	(72,633,710)	(36,271,104)	(3,800,413)	142,491,873	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total yield / interest risk sensitivity gap			(153,394,777)	431,262,816	323,883,727	181,961,181	(112,113,843)	(114,945,778)	(159,756,580)	(118,694,792)	(13,544,721)	(172,427,058
Cumulative yield / interest risk sensitivity gap			(153,394,777)	277,868,039	601,751,766	783,712,947	671,599,104	556,653,326	396,896,746	278,201,954	264,657,233	-

#### Mismatch of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities

						20	022					
						Exposed	I to yield / inte	erest risk				
Rupees in '000	Effective Yield / Interest rate	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	Non-intere bearir financi instrumen
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks		70,950,067	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,950,0
Balances with other banks	1.64%	9,677,123	6,260,952	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,416,1
Lendings to financial institutions	13.98%	406,934	406,934	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investments	12.37%	762,696,638	193,871,304	118,178,169	215,704,285	74,509,378	48,289,765	31,744,872	26,477,008	42,780,223	5,473,949	5,667,68
Advances	11.94%	583,810,931	336,343,802	117,946,217	56,427,591	14,848,490	10,802,276	10,414,720	18,630,863	6,384,584	12,012,388	
Other assets		53,890,117	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	53,890,1
		1,481,431,810	536,882,992	236,124,386	272,131,876	89,357,868	59,092,041	42,159,592	45,107,871	49,164,807	17,486,337	133,924,04
Liabilities												
Bills payable		11,878,563	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,878,56
Borrowings	12.63%	233,432,089	95,941,683	110,469,558	1,536,997	243,333	6,184,411	6,104,215	6,135,471	5,990,916	825,505	
Deposits and other accounts	7.84%	1,142,574,606	55,447,835	38,301,787	23,782,422	124,175,800	133,196,739	133,121,261	152,770,413	75,457,330	56,612,953	349,708,0
Sub-ordinated loans	14.84%	12,000,000	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other liabilities		45,613,789	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,613,78
		1,445,499,047	151,389,518	154,771,345	31,319,419	124,419,133	139,381,150	139,225,476	158,905,884	81,448,246	57,438,458	407,200,4
On-balance sheet gap		35,932,763	385,493,474	81,353,041	240,812,457	(35,061,265)	(80,289,109)	(97,065,884)	(113,798,013)	(32,283,439)	(39,952,121)	(273,276,3
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Forward foreign exchange contracts purchase		150,899,164	57,918,668	65,867,344	27,113,152	=	-	-	=	-	-	
Forward foreign exchange contracts sale		118,333,548	75,019,290	40,447,217	2,867,041	-	-	-	=	-	-	
Off-balance sheet gap		32,565,616	(17,100,622)	25,420,127	24,246,111	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Total yield / interest risk sensitivity gap			368,392,852	106,773,168	265,058,568	(35,061,265)	(80,289,109)	(97,065,884)	(113,798,013)	(32,283,439)	(39,952,121)	(273,276,3
Cumulative yield / interest risk sensitivity gap			368,392,852	475,166,020	740,224,588	705,163,323	624,874,214	527,808,330	414,010,317	381,726,878	341,774,757	

- 46.2.5.1 Yield risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve.
- **46.2.5.2** Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates.
- **46.2.5.3** Assets do not include fixed assets of Rs. 27,010,885 thousand (2022: Rs. 24,484,412 thousand), Intangible assets of Rs. 1,855,607 thousand (2022: Rs. 1,375,625 thousand), deferred tax asset of Rs. 8,072,702 thousand (2022: Rs. 7,545,677 thousand), assets held for sale of Rs. 1,750,000 thousand (2022: Rs. 1,750,000 thousand) and other assets consisting of advances, prepaid rent and other prepayments, advance taxation, non–banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims, Stationary & Stamp and Others of Rs. 5,859,952 thousand (2022: Rs. 9,083,285 thousand).
- **46.2.5.4** Liabilities do not include other liabilities consisting of advance payments, advance against sale of properties, unearned commission, branch adjustment account, workers' welfare fund, payable to defined benefit plan, provision for employees' compensated absences, levies and taxes payable, provision against off-balance sheet items, Islamic pool management reserve and others of Rs. 9,869,853 thousand (2022: Rs. 6,849,509 thousand).

#### 46.3 OPERATIONAL RISK

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems and external events. The Bank strives to manage operational risk within acceptable levels through sound operational risk management practices.

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## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Board Risk Management Committee defines the operational risk appetite and tolerance limits. Operational risk governance structure adopted by Bank is embedded with three lines of defense: Strategic, Macro and Micro.

Bank already has in place an Operational Risk Management framework which is aligned with global best market practices. Bank has dedicated functions to manage Operational Risk, Business Continuity Risk and Information Security Risk governed through comprehensive frameworks in line with international best practices.

#### 46.3.1 Operational Risk-Disclosures Basel II specific

Basel II Basic Indicator Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Operational Risk.

#### 46.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk reflects an enterprises inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The Bank's liquidity position is managed by the Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO). ALCO monitors the maintenance of financial position, liquidity ratios, depositors concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and to avoid undue reliance on large individual deposits. Moreover, core retail deposits (current accounts and saving accounts) form a considerable part of the Bank's overall funding and significant importance is attached to the stability and growth of these deposits.

The Bank is confident that the liquidity buffer currently maintained is sufficient to cater to any adverse movement in the cash flow maturity profile.

#### 46.4.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank

							20:	23						
		Upto 1	Over 1	Over 7	Over 14 days to 1	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 6	Over 9	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over
Rupees in '000	Total	day	days	days	month	months	months	months	months	to 1 year	years	years	years	5 years
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087,394	48,026,218	1,600,874	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,615,075	27,615,075	27,615,075	27,615,077
Balances with other banks	13,789,031	2,482,026	1,258,939	9,652	899,045	452,280	4,633,116	2,316,558	1,158,274	579,141	-	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	1,182,537,688	253,601	223,196,210	627,144	83,064,197	139,236,395	196,536,828	285,251,845	42,562,888	48,354,601	42,218,132	49,265,102	41,086,274	30,884,471
Advances	633,132,827	1,362,182	18,419,478	23,897,691	201,414,895	62,284,013	32,356,652	74,845,825	16,541,338	5,516,758	28,615,270	28,125,923	44,232,277	95,520,525
Fixed assets	27,010,884	-	-	215,595	215,595	188,180	188,180	552,736	538,293	538,293	1,854,976	1,367,188	1,498,028	19,853,820
Intangible assets	1,855,607	-	-	14,811	14,811	12,928	12,928	37,972	36,980	36,980	127,434	93,924	102,912	1,363,927
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	8,072,702	164,145	984,870	1,313,160	2,462,174	-	-	-	160,920	160,919	322,576	923,320	1,580,618	-
Other assets	95,769,826	13,200,162	1,847,709	2,466,685	10,962,899	1,904,819	222,529	421,295	-	-	16,326,997	16,138,910	16,138,910	16,138,911
	2,124,005,959	65,488,334	247,308,080	28,544,738	299,033,616	204,078,615	233,950,233	365,176,231	60,998,693	55,186,692	117,080,460	123,529,442	132,254,094	191,376,731
Liabilities														
Bills payable	12,394,336	3,966,188	1,131,603	-	940,730	3,280,421	1,640,210	820,105	410,053	205,026	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	643,362,665	2,156,506	163,556,035	420,399,459	20,431,301	5,805,043	2,738,421	1,530,759	-	161,802	6,823,565	6,724,701	6,194,752	6,840,321
Deposits and other accounts	1,293,145,575	64,651,017	115,105,020	4,962,441	2,834,160	42,048,040	3,570,172	46,584,030	53,650,958	23,599,146	223,965,730	223,551,918	265,516,310	223,106,633
Sub-ordinated loans	12,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000,000
Other liabilities	65,980,562	12,084,247	14,524,918	2,304,736	10,962,899	1,904,819	222,523	421,295	-	-	6,029,851	5,841,758	5,841,758	5,841,758
	2,026,883,138	82,857,958	294,317,576	427,666,636	35,169,090	53,038,324	8,171,326	49,356,189	54,061,011	23,965,974	236,819,146	236,118,377	277,552,820	247,788,712
Net assets	97,122,821	(17,369,624)	(47,009,496)	(399,121,898)	263,864,526	151,040,292	225,778,907	315,820,042	6,937,682	31,220,718	(119,738,686)	(112,588,935)	(145,298,726)	(56,411,981)
Share Capital	14,492,992													
Reserves	57,739,655													
Surplus on revaluation of assets	4,458,362													
Unappropriated profit	20,431,812													
	97,,122,821													

#### 46.4.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank

							20	22						
			Over 1	Over 7	Over 14	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 6	Over 9	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	
		Upto 1	to 7	to 14	days to 1	to 2	to 3	to 6	to 9	months	to 2	to 3	to 5	Ove
Rupees in '000	Total	day	days	days	month	months	months	months	months	to 1 year	years	years	years	5 years
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	70,950,067	21,285,020	709,501	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,238,887	12,238,887	12,238,887	12,238,88
Balances with other banks	9,677,123	1,741,882	883,521	6,774	630,948	317,410	3,251,513	1,625,757	812,878	406,440	-	-	-	
Lendings to financial institutions	406,934	-	406,934	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investments	762,696,638	181,252	488,459	450,881	288,289	11,141,826	1,878,274	61,980,179	73,877,560	86,096,535	185,080,768	121,455,289	117,079,316	102,698,01
Advances	583,810,931	4,068,879	12,715,307	17,411,575	154,279,779	62,804,973	36,556,595	73,148,494	8,925,498	25,676,425	25,114,183	25,416,315	43,116,981	94,575,92
Fixed assets	24,484,412	-	-	195,430	195,430	170,578	170,578	501,036	487,943	487,943	1,681,470	1,239,308	1,357,910	17,996,78
Intangible assets	1,375,625	-	-	10,980	10,980	9,584	9,584	28,150	27,414	27,414	94,471	69,629	76,292	1,011,12
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,750,000	-	-	-	-	-	
Deferred tax assets	7,545,677	153,429	920,573	1,227,430	2,301,431	-	-	-	150,415	150,415	301,516	863,041	1,477,427	
Other assets	62,973,402	7,838,971	1,581,589	1,560,988	6,760,586	1,652,699	2,604,107	3,249,248	-	1,592,403	9,580,817	9,768,904	9,580,817	7,202,27
	1,525,670,809	35,269,433	17,705,884	20,864,058	164,467,443	76,097,070	44,470,651	142,282,864	84,281,708	114,437,575	234,092,112	171,051,373	184,927,630	235,723,00
Liabilities														
Bills payable	11,878,563	3,801,140	1,084,513	-	901,583	3,143,911	1,571,955	785,978	392,989	196,494	-	-	-	
Borrowings	233,432,089	2,416,278	91,324,368	1,543,256	657,781	81,670,785	28,798,773	1,536,997	83,333	160,000	6,184,411	6,104,215	6,135,471	6,816,42
Deposits and other accounts	1,142,574,606	38,007,092	44,640,870	25,751,160	79,638,926	41,791,360	15,682,531	32,641,953	44,451,695	80,251,843	185,266,826	185,191,160	185,118,259	184,140,93
Sub-ordinated loans	12,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000,00
Other liabilities	52,463,298	8,836,623	11,106,111	1,751,816	6,760,586	1,652,696	2,604,107	1,333,629	-	1,592,403	4,275,041	4,463,128	4,275,041	3,812,11
	1,452,348,556	53,061,133	148,155,862	29,046,232	87,958,876	128,258,752	48,657,366	36,298,557	44,928,017	82,200,740	195,726,278	195,758,503	195,528,771	206,769,46
Net assets	73,322,253	(17,791,700)	(130,449,978)	(8,182,174)	76,508,567	(52,161,682)	(4,186,715)	105,984,307	39,353,691	32,236,835	38,365,834	(24,707,130)	(10,601,141)	28,953,53
Share Capital	12,602,602													
Reserves	43,385,854													
Surplus on revaluation of assets	3,952,356													
Unappropriated profit	13,381,441													
to the contract	73.322.253													

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# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 46.4.2 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on expected maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank

					20	)23				
			Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	
		Upto 1	to 3		Months to	to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	Above 10
Rupees in '000	Total	Month	Months	Months	1 Year	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087,394	49,627,092	_	_	_	27,615,075	27,615,075	27,615,075	23,670,064	3,945,01
Balances with other banks	13,789,031	4,649,663	5,085,396	2,316,558	1,737,414	- 27,010,070		27,010,070	20,070,004	0,240,01
Lendings to financial institutions	10,702,001	-,017,000	0,000,070	2,010,000	- 1,707,11	_	_	_	_	
Investments	1,182,537,688	307,141,152	335,773,223	285,251,845	90,917,488	42,218,132	49,265,102	41,086,274	22,379,282	8,505,19
Advances	633,132,827	245,094,245	94,640,665	74,845,825	22,058,097	28,615,270	28,125,923	44,232,277	80.034.403	15,486,12
Fixed assets	27,010,884	431,191	376,359	552,736	1,076,586	1,854,976	1,367,188	1,498,028	1,446,139	18,407,6
Intangible assets	1,855,607	29,622	25,855	37,972	73,960	1,034,970	93,924	102,912	99,348	1,264,5
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	27,022	20,000	1,750,000	70,900	127,707	50,52 <del>4</del>	102,712	77,040	1,204,0
Deferred tax assets	8,072,702	4,924,348	_	1,700,000	321,841	322,576	923,320	1,580,617	_	
Other assets	95,769,826	28,477,455	2,127,348	421,295	321,041	16,326,997	16,138,910	16,138,910	13,834,520	2,304,3
Other assets										
Liabilities	2,124,005,959	640,374,768	438,028,846	365,176,231	116,185,386	117,080,460	123,529,442	132,254,094	141,463,756	49,912,9
Bills payable	12,394,336	6,038,520	4,920,631	820,105	615,080	-	-	-	_	
Borrowings	643,362,665	606,543,301	8,543,464	1,530,759	161,802	6,823,565	6,724,701	6,194,752	5,983,279	857,0
Deposits and other accounts	1,293,145,575	187,552,638	45,618,212	46,584,030	77,250,104	223,965,730	223,551,918	265,516,310	190,611,913	32,494,7
Sub-ordinated loans	12,000,000	-	-	-	- 17,200,101	-	-	-	6,000,000	6,000,0
Other liabilities	65,980,562	39,876,801	2,127,342	421,295	-	6,029,851	5,841,758	5,841,758	5,841,757	0,000,0
	2,026,883,138	840,011,260	61,209,649	49,356,189	78,026,985	236,819,146	236,118,377	277,552,820	208,436,949	39,351,76
Net assets	97,122,821	(199,636,492)	376,819,197	315,820,042	38,158,401	(119,738,686)	(112,588,935)	(145,298,726)	(66,973,193)	10,561,2
Reserves	57,739,655									
Surplus on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit	4,458,362 20,431,812 97,122,821	-								
	20,431,812	-			20	022				
	20,431,812	-	Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	
Unappropriated profit	20,431,812	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months				Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 1 Yea
Unappropriated profit Rupees in '000	20,431,812 97,122,821		to 3	to 6	Over 6 Months to	Over 1 to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	
Unappropriated profit tupees in '000 Assets	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total	Month	to 3	to 6	Over 6 Months to	Over 1 to 2 Years	to 3 Years	to 5 Years	to 10 Years	Yea
Unappropriated profit  tupees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total	Month 21,994,521	to 3 Months	to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	Yea
Unappropriated profit  Rupees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123	21,994,521 3,263,125	to 3	to 6	Over 6 Months to	Over 1 to 2 Years	to 3 Years	to 5 Years	to 10 Years	Yea
Unappropriated profit  tupees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934	21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934	to 3 Months - 3,568,923 -	to 6 Months - 1,625,757	Over 6 Months to 1 Year - 1,219,318 -	Over 1 to 2 Years	to 3 Years 12,238,887 -	to 5 Years 12,238,887 -	to 10 Years 10,490,474	Yea 1,748,4
Unappropriated profit  Rupees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638	21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179	Over 6 Months to 1 Year - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - - 185,080,768	to 3 Years 12,238,887 - - 121,455,289	to 5 Years 12,238,887 - - 117,079,316	to 10 Years 10,490,474 - - 99,412,134	Yea 1,748,4 3,285,8
Unappropriated profit  tupees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931	21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494	Over 6 Months to 1 Year - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - - 185,080,768 25,114,183	to 3 Years 12,238,887 - - 121,455,289 25,416,315	to 5 Years 12,238,887 - - 117,079,316 43,116,981	to 10 Years 10,490,474 - - 99,412,134 67,033,182	7/ea 1,748,4 3,285,8 27,542,7
Unappropriated profit  Rupees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412	Month 21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036	Over 6 Months to 1 Year - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470	to 3 Years 12,238,887 - - 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308	to 5 Years 12,238,887 - - 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910	to 10 Years 10,490,474 - - 99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874	7,748,4 3,285,8 27,542,7 16,685,9
Unappropriated profit  Rupees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625	21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150	Over 6 Months to 1 Year - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - - 185,080,768 25,114,183	to 3 Years 12,238,887 - - 121,455,289 25,416,315	to 5 Years 12,238,887 - - 117,079,316 43,116,981	to 10 Years 10,490,474 - - 99,412,134 67,033,182	3,285,8 27,542,7 16,685,9
Unappropriated profit  tupees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale	70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000	Month 21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 -	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036	Over 6 Months to 1 Year - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471	to 3 Years 12,238,887 - - 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 -	to 5 Years 12,238,887 - - 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 -	to 10 Years 10,490,474 - - 99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874	3,285,8 27,542,7 16,685,9
Unappropriated profit  Unappropriated profit  Upees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677	Month 21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000	Over 6 Months to 1 Year - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516	to 3 Years 12,238,887 - - 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041	to 5 Years  12,238,887  117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427	to 10 Years  10,490,474  99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650	3,285,8 27,542,7 16,685,9 937,4
upees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale	70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402	Month 21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 - 4,256,806	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000 - 3,249,248	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817	to 3 Years  12,238,887  121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904	to 5 Years  12,238,887  117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817	to 10 Years  10,490,474  99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650 5,833,585	7,748,4 3,285,6 27,542,7 16,685,9 937,4
Unappropriated profit  Unappropriated profit  Upees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677	Month 21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000	Over 6 Months to 1 Year - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516	to 3 Years 12,238,887 - - 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041	to 5 Years  12,238,887  117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427	to 10 Years  10,490,474  99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650	1,748,4 3,285,6 27,542,7 16,685,9 937,4
Unappropriated profit  Lupees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets  Liabilities	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402 1,525,670,809	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134 238,306,818	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 - 4,256,806  120,567,721	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,336 28,150 1,750,000 - 3,249,248 142,282,864	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283	Over 1 to 2 Years 12,238,887 - - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817	to 3 Years  12,238,887  121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904	to 5 Years  12,238,887  117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817	to 10 Years  10,490,474  99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650 5,833,585	1,748,4 3,285,6 27,542,1 16,685,9 937,4
Unappropriated profit  Unappropriated profit  Upees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets Utabilities Bills payable	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402 1,525,670,809	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134 238,306,818  5,787,236	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000 - 3249,248 142,282,864 785,978	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817  234,092,112	to 3 Years  12,238,887 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630	to 10 Years  10,490,474 99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650 5,833,585  184,153,899	Yes 1,748, 3,285, 27,542, 16,685, 937, 1,368, 51,569,
upees in '000  Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets  Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402 1,525,670,809 11,878,563 233,432,089	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134  238,306,818  5,787,236 95,941,683	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866 110,469,558	to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283  589,483 243,333	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817  234,092,112	to 3 Years  12,238,887  - 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630	to 10 Years  10,490,474	765 1,748, 3,285, 27,542, 16,685, 937, 1,368, 51,569,
Unappropriated profit  tupees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets Utabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402 1,525,670,809 11,878,563 233,432,089 1,142,574,606	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134 238,306,818  5,787,236	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000 - 3249,248 142,282,864 785,978	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817  234,092,112	to 3 Years  12,238,887 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630	to 10 Years  10,490,474 99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650 5,833,585  184,153,899	7,748,4 3,285,8 27,542,1 16,685,937,4 1,368,6 51,569,1 825,8 26,322,9
Unappropriated profit  tupees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets  Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans	20,431,812 97,122,821 Total 70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402 1,525,670,809 11,878,563 23,432,089 1,142,574,606 12,000,000	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134 238,306,818  5,787,236 95,941,683 188,038,048 -	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 - 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866 110,469,558 57,473,891	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000 32,49,248 142,282,864  785,978 1,536,997 32,641,953 -	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  1,219,318 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283  589,483 243,333 124,703,538	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 301,516 9,580,817  234,092,112  6,184,411 185,266,826	to 3 Years  12,238,887 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630	to 10 Years  10,490,474 99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650 - 5,833,585  184,153,899  - 5,990,917 157,817,978 6,000,000	7,48,4 3,285,6 27,542,7 16,685,937,4 1,368,6 51,569,1 825,5 26,322,9 6,000,0
Unappropriated profit  tupees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets Utabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	20,431,812 97,122,821  Total  70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402  1,525,670,809  11,878,563 233,432,089 1,142,574,606 12,000,000 52,463,298	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134  238,306,818  5,787,236 95,941,683 188,038,048 - 28,455,136	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866 110,469,558 57,473,891 - 4,256,803	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000 - 3249,248 142,282,864 785,978 1,536,997 32,641,953 - 1,333,629	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283  589,483 243,333 124,703,538 - 1,592,403	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817  234,092,112  - 6,184,411 185,266,826 - 4,275,041	to 3 Years  12,238,887 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373  - 6,104,215 185,191,160 - 4,463,128	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630  - 6,135,471 185,118,259 - 4,275,041	to 10 Years  10,490,474 99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650 5,833,585  184,153,899  - 5,990,917 157,817,978 6,000,000 3,201,396	748,4 3,285,8 27,542,7 16,685,9 937,4 1,368,6 51,569,1 825,5 26,322,9 6,000,0 610,7
Unappropriated profit  tupees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets  Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans Other liabilities	20,431,812 97,122,821  Total  70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402  1,525,670,809  11,878,563 23,432,089 1,142,574,606 12,000,000 52,463,298 1,452,348,556	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134 238,306,818  5,787,236 95,941,683 188,038,048 - 28,455,136 318,222,103	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 - 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866 110,469,558 57,473,891 - 4,256,803  176,916,118	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,36 28,150 1,750,000 - 3,249,248 142,282,864 785,978 1,536,997 32,641,953 - 1,333,629 36,298,557	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283  - 589,483 243,333 124,703,538 - 1,592,403  127,128,757	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817 234,092,112  - 6,184,411 185,266,826 - 4,275,041 195,726,278	to 3 Years  12,238,887 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373  - 6,104,215 185,191,160 - 4,463,128 195,758,503	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630  - 6,135,471 185,118,259 - 4,275,041 195,528,771	to 10 Years  10,490,474	7ea 1,748,4 3,285,6 27,542,7 16,685,9 937,4 1,368,6 51,569,1 825,5 26,322,9 6,000,0 610,7 33,759,1
Unappropriated profit  Rupees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets  Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans	20,431,812 97,122,821  Total  70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402  1,525,670,809  11,878,563 233,432,089 1,142,574,606 12,000,000 52,463,298	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134  238,306,818  5,787,236 95,941,683 188,038,048 - 28,455,136	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866 110,469,558 57,473,891 - 4,256,803	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000 - 3249,248 142,282,864 785,978 1,536,997 32,641,953 - 1,333,629	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283  589,483 243,333 124,703,538 - 1,592,403	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817  234,092,112  - 6,184,411 185,266,826 - 4,275,041	to 3 Years  12,238,887 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373  - 6,104,215 185,191,160 - 4,463,128	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630  - 6,135,471 185,118,259 - 4,275,041	to 10 Years  10,490,474 99,412,134 67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650 5,833,585  184,153,899  - 5,990,917 157,817,978 6,000,000 3,201,396	
Unappropriated profit  Rupees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets  Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans Other liabilities  Net assets  Net assets  Share Capital	20,431,812 97,122,821  Total  70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402  1,525,670,809  11,878,563 233,432,089 1,142,574,606 12,000,000 52,463,298 1,452,348,556 73,322,253 12,602,602	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134 238,306,818  5,787,236 95,941,683 188,038,048 - 28,455,136 318,222,103	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 - 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866 110,469,558 57,473,891 - 4,256,803  176,916,118	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,36 28,150 1,750,000 - 3,249,248 142,282,864 785,978 1,536,997 32,641,953 - 1,333,629 36,298,557	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283  - 589,483 243,333 124,703,538 - 1,592,403  127,128,757	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817 234,092,112  - 6,184,411 185,266,826 - 4,275,041 195,726,278	to 3 Years  12,238,887 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373  - 6,104,215 185,191,160 - 4,463,128 195,758,503	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630  - 6,135,471 185,118,259 - 4,275,041 195,528,771	to 10 Years  10,490,474	7ea 1,748,4 3,285,6 27,542,7 16,685,9 937,4 1,368,6 51,569,1 825,5 26,322,9 6,000,0 610,7 33,759,1
Unappropriated profit  Rupees in '000  Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets Other assets  Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans Other liabilities  Net assets	20,431,812 97,122,821  Total  70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,696,638 583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677 62,973,402  1,525,670,809  11,878,563 233,432,089 1,142,574,606 12,000,000 52,463,298  1,452,348,556 73,322,253	Month  21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,408,881 188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863 17,742,134 238,306,818  5,787,236 95,941,683 188,038,048 - 28,455,136 318,222,103	to 3 Months  - 3,568,923 - 13,020,100 99,361,568 341,156 19,168 - 4,256,806  120,567,721  4,715,866 110,469,558 57,473,891 - 4,256,803  176,916,118	to 6 Months  - 1,625,757 - 61,980,179 73,148,494 501,36 28,150 1,750,000 - 3,249,248 142,282,864 785,978 1,536,997 32,641,953 - 1,333,629 36,298,557	Over 6 Months to 1 Year  - 1,219,318 - 159,974,095 34,601,923 975,886 54,828 - 300,830 1,592,403  198,719,283  - 589,483 243,333 124,703,538 - 1,592,403  127,128,757	Over 1 to 2 Years  12,238,887 - 185,080,768 25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516 9,580,817 234,092,112  - 6,184,411 185,266,826 - 4,275,041 195,726,278	to 3 Years  12,238,887 121,455,289 25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041 9,768,904  171,051,373  - 6,104,215 185,191,160 - 4,463,128 195,758,503	to 5 Years  12,238,887 117,079,316 43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427 9,580,817  184,927,630  - 6,135,471 185,118,259 - 4,275,041 195,528,771	to 10 Years  10,490,474	7ea 1,748,4 3,285,6 27,542,7 16,685,9 937,4 1,368,6 51,569,1 825,5 26,322,9 6,000,0 610,7 33,759,1

73,322,253

#### 46.5 Derivative Risk

The Bank at present does not offer structured derivative products such as interest rate swaps, forward rate swap, forward rate agreements or foreign exchange options nor does it deal in market making and foreign exchange hedging.

Bank's derivative exposure is limited to hedging transactions undertaken by Treasury in instruments such as forward exchange contracts.

The Risk Management Group monitors Bank's overall derivative exposure in forward exchange contracts, which are marked to market and are included in Banks overall portfolio measures of volatility including value at risk (VaR). Further, value at risk (VaR) is separately monitored for forward exchange contracts. Derivative exposures are also included in Bank's capital charge and risk weighted asset calculation in accordance with SBP regulations.

#### 47. GENERAL

#### 47.1 Non-adjusting events after the balance sheet date

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on February 21, 2024 has proposed the following appropriations, which will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 do not include the effect of the appropriations which will be accounted for in the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2024.

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
Proposed final cash dividend - Rs. 2.5 per share (2022: Nil)	3,623,248	–
Bonus issue – Nil (2022: 15%)	-	1,890,390
Transfer to General reserve	16,808,564	11,725,720

#### 48 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These unconsolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on February 21, 2024 by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

Chief Financial Officer	President & CE	Director	Director	Chairman

## ANNEXURE-1

## Statement Showing Written-off Loans or any other Financial Reliefs of Five Hundred Thousand Rupees or Above Provided During the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statement in terms of sub-section (3) of section 33-A of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 in respect of written off loans or any other financial reliefs of Rs. 500,000 or above allowed to a person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2023 as referred to in note 9.6 to these financial statements

										Rup	ees in millior
				Outstar	iding liabilities	at beginning of	the year				
S. No.	Name & address of the borrower	Name of individuals / partners / directors (with NIC / CNIC No.)	Father's / husband name	Principal	Interest / mark-up	Other than interest / mark-up	Total	Principal written–off	Interest / mark – up waived-off /written off	Other financial relief provided	Total
1	Eleganze (Pvt) Limited. Village Kamahan, Lahore.	Adil Azam Khawaja 35202-4267913-5 Azam Khawaja (Director) 35202-1616053-9 Zahid Afzal Daha (Mortgagor) 35202-2639146-9'	Mustansar Hassan Khawaja Mustansar Hassan Khawaja Muhammad Afzal Khan	-	2.310	6.682	8.992	-	2.310	4.753	7.063
2	ACE Intitute of Health Sciences. H.# 618, Block-X, DHA- III, Lahore.	Brig. (R) Muhammad Afzal (Late) 35201-1700993-3 Muhammad Naveed Afzal 35201-1700957-7 Muhammad Muneeb Afzal 35201-1700990-9	Chaudhry Nadir Ali Brig. (R) Muhammad Afzal (Late) Brig. (R) Muhammad Afzal (Late)	11.800	8.557	7.319	27.676	-	-	5.489	5.489
3	Feroze Rice Mills. Ghala Mandi, Kotli Faqeer Chand, Daska Pasrur Road, Daska.	Maqbool Ahmad 34602-1018393-1	Feroze Din	3.450	0.493	1.754	5.697	-	-	1.685	1.685
4	Subhan Traders. House # 173/10, Mohallah Rajgan, Gujar Khan, District Rawalpindi.	Sallah-Ud-Din 61101-4186859-1	Mushtaq Ahmed	-	0.651	0.512	1.163	-	0.651	0.512	1.163
5	Unique Poultry International Pvt Ltd. Khasra # 502, Dhoke Budhal, Chakbelli Khan Road, Rawalpindi.	Lt.Gen Ahmed Shuja Pasha (Retd) 34101-8806715-3 Ahmed Ali Khan(CEO) 86058-6821813-3 Shakeel Ahmed 42301-1577320-3	Nazir Ahmed Qureshi Shakeel Ahmed Muhammad Jamil	98.500	41.233	-	139.733	-	21.444	-	21.444
6	Al-Rizwan Dyeing Industry. Stop # 25, Mouza Jia Musa, Near WASA Disposal, Shahdara, Lahore.	Suleman Younas (Late) 35201-1401869-1 Imran Younas 35201-1287499-7 Rizwan Younas 35201-1241608-7 Irfan Younas 35201-1587178-7	Muhammad Younas Muhammad Younas Muhammad Younas Muhammad Younas	5.731	1.038	7.783	14.552	-	-	1.942	1.942
7	Ali Raza Enterprises. Chak # 226 R.B, Sammundri Road Behind Coca Cola Factory Faisalabad.	Mian Muhammad Ali Raza 33100-0646786-1 Farooq Ishaq 33100-0649120-3 Ch. Muhammad Ishaq 33100-9094296-1	Muhammad Ishaq Muhammad Ishaq Khair Din	9.600	1.645	6.342	17.587	-	0.898	3.805	4.703
8	Regent Travels. 1-UGF, Century Towers, Main Boulevard, Gulberg, Lahore.	Col (R) Mumtaz Ahsan Cheema 35201-1636513-9 Mst. Usma Mumtaz Cheema 35201-1413348-6 Mst. Saleema Bibi 36501-1756117-0	Ghulam Muhammad Mumtaz Ahsan Cheema Nabi Buksh	9.989	0.799	5.316	16.104	-	-	3.712	3.712
9	Skylord Travels. 76/2 Q – Block DHA, Lahore	Mst. Amna Ahmad 35201-1512902-4	Muhammad Ahmed	7.656	0.349	4.075	12.080	-	-	2.439	2.439
10	Umer Trading Company. Near Pul Rakh Canal Road, Pakpatan.	Muhammad Ramzan 36402-0238835-7	Bashir Ahmad	24.611	5.845	4.821	35.277	-	-	3.616	3.616
11	Rana Brothers. 43 - A Circular Road, Lahore.	Muhammad Ayub Rana 35202-9777387-5	Ch. Mehdi Khan	-	3.707	9.967	13.674	-	0.219	9.970	10.189

				Outsta	nding liabilities	at beginning of	the year				
S. No.	Name & address of the borrower	Name of individuals / partners / directors (with NIC / CNIC No.)	Father's / husband name	Principal	Interest / mark-up	Other than interest / mark-up	Total	Principal written-off	Interest / mark – up waived-off /written off	Other financial relief provided	Total
12	Ishaq Corporation. P 47 Street 3 Block X Mainda Town Faisalabad.	Muhammad Jaffar 33100-7571386-9	Muhammad Ishaq	5.000	1.309	4.427	10.736	-	-	4.428	4.428
13	Muhammad Arif Warraich. Rahwali, G.T. Road, Gujranwala.	Muhammad Arif Warraich 34101-2575537-9	Ch. Khadim Hussain	1.115	0.782	0.877	2.774	-	-	0.877	0.877
14	Al-Afzal Security Company (Pvt) Ltd. Suit No.C-3, 3rd Floor, Rahat Jo Dero, 172/L, Main Tariq Road, PECHS, Block-2, Karachi.	Ms. Khadija Shafiq 42301-0773349-8 Ms. Sabin Shafiq 42301-0772494-8	Shafiq Ahmed	1.938	1.231	-	3.169	-	0.152	0.511	0.663
15	Arsalan Sarwar / Zeeshan Brothers. Khairpur Daha Road, Uch Shareef.	Arsalan Sarwar 36601-6225827-9	Muhammad Sarwar Shad	4.096	0.910	0.899	5.905	-	0.570	0.899	1.469
16	Al-Amin Weaving (Pvt) Ltd. 9 K.M, Raiwind Road, Munnu Chowk, Defence Road. Lahore.	Salman Shahid Malik 35201-7258394-5 Aiza Shahid 35201-4505951-6	M.Salman Malik Salman Shahid Malik	4.460	0.483	3.183	8.126	-	-	2.527	2.527
17	Khalid Enterprises. Plot # ST-17, Sector 7-A, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi.	Muhammad Khalid 42301-3111565-9	Inayat Ali	-	1.498	-	1.498	-	1.098	-	1.098
18	Al Karim Steels (Zafar Iqbal). 80-Inside Sarai Sultan, Loha Market, Landa Bazar, Lahore.	Zafar Iqbal 35201-8454932-5	Mian Mubarak Ali	30.000	5.253	4.812	40.065	-	2.366	3.224	5.590
19	Ali Babar Rice Mills. 15/A Vehari Bazar, Burewala.	Malik Nazim Hussain 36601-1561080-5 Babar Khadim 36601-1549925-1 Nadir Khadim 36601-8397103-9	Malik Allah Bakhsh Malik Khadim Hussain Malik Khadim Hussain	2.729	2.006	1.398	6.133	-	1.654	1.047	2.701
20	Globex Safety (Pvt) Ltd. Bahria Orchard, Phase IV, Gate # 4 Adjacent Rupafab Factory , 18-Km Raiwind Road, Lahore.	Mahmood Ahmad 35202-2683994-1 Mah Jabeen 35200-1479145-6	Sultan Ahmad Mahmood Ahmad	-	10.138	14.667	24.805	-	7.532	-	7.532
21	River Ravi Filling Station. 02 KM, Faisalabad Road, Chichawatni.	Tariq Hameed 36502-8589236-9 Kashif Hameed 36501-9941306-1	Abdul Hameed	15.000	1.857	1.411	18.268	-	-	1.268	1.268
22	Friends Corporation. Jugitpir, Hasilpur Road, Khairpur Tamewali, Distt. Bahawalpur.	Hassan Pervaiz Joyia 31202-1367740-5	Muhammad Khan	0.782	0.302	1.012	2.096	-	-	0.505	0.505
23	Pan Gold Enterprises. 04 Km, Burewala Road, Vehari.	Ch. Khurshid Ahmed (Managing Partner, Deceased). Waheed 36601-115515-6 Naveed Anwar 35202-379807-6 Kaneez Akhtar 35202-638270-6	Shah Muhammad Khurshid Ahmed Khurshid Ahmed Khurshid Ahmed	14.000	1.924	3.345	19.269	-	-	2.836	2.836

# Annual Report 2023

## ANNEXURE-1

## Statement Showing Written-off Loans or any other Financial Reliefs of Five Hundred Thousand Rupees or Above Provided During the Year Ended December 31, 2023

										Rup	ees in millio
				Outstar	nding liabilities	at beginning o	f the year				
S. No.	Name & address of the borrower	Name of individuals / partners / directors (with NIC / CNIC No.)	Father's / husband name	Principal	Interest / mark-up	Other than interest / mark-up	Total	Principal written-off		Other financial relief provided	Total
24	Bukhari Gold Collection. Shop # 0, Madina Centre, Zaib-un-Nisa Road, Saddar, Karachi.	Muhammad Hussain (Late) 42301-7164183-9	Syed Ibrahim	6.343	1.496	1.294	9.133	-	1.496	1.294	2.790
25	H.A's International (Pvt) Ltd. Muhammadi Trade Tower, Room#1710, Plot#5, New Challi, Karachi.	Tahir Saeed Paracha 42301-9105453-9	Ahmed Saeed Paracha	12.653	7.819	2.285	22.757	-	5.864	2.285	8.149
26	Wateen Telecom Ltd. Main Walton Road, Opposite Bab-e Pakistan, Lahore.	Edward Phillip Hurt PP# 510759964 Matthew Williams Hollis PP# 707533167 Adil Rashid 37405-0223625-3	Wayne Paul Hurt Peter Leslie Seymour Hollis Azmat Rashid	121.892	102.720	-	224.612	82.131	107.150	-	189.281
27	Wateen Wimax (Pvt) Ltd. Main Walton Road, Opposite Bab-e Pakistan, Lahore.	Edward Phillip Hurt PP# 510759964 Matthew Williams Hollis PP# 707533167 Adil Rashid 37405-0223625-3	Wayne Paul Hurt Peter Lesile Seymour Hollis Azmat Rashid	-	6.821	-	6.821	-	6.821	-	6.821
228	Japan Power Generation Ltd.* Jia Bagga Raiwind Road Lahore.	1) Mohammad Zalmai Rahmanuddin Khan – Chairman (Norninee Pak Oman Investment Syndicate Ltd) CNIC # 13101-3276277-1 2) Muhammad Arshad Tahir (National Logistics Cell) CNIC # 37405-023788-7 3) Habib-ur-Rehman (National Logistics Cell) CNIC # 61101-2024173-3 4) Mir Munib Javed (Nominee Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural Investment Syndicate Ltd) CNIC # 35201-1340925-7 5) Muhammad Azam (Nominee Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural Investment Syndicate Ltd) CNIC # 61101-1938567-3 6) Nafees Ahmad (Nominee Pak Oman Investment Syndicate Ltd) CNIC # 35202-2509192-7 7) Zahid Anjum (Creditors Nominee, Faysal Bank Limited) CNIC # 35202-8770034-3 Please note that the company is already in liquidation and the Board is no longer functional. No Bob meeting is taking place. The Liquidator, Mr. Amir Sana is presently managing the affairs of the Syndicate*	1)Muhammad Salah-id-Din 2)Muhammad Tahir 3)Rehman 4)Mir Javed Asghar 5)Abdul Razzaq 6)Shokat Ali 7)Muhammad Shabbir	914.547	589.525	716.808	2,220.880	914.547			914.547
29	Shaheen Air International Ltd.* Terminal 1, Jinnah International Airport, Karachi.	Ehsan Khalid Sehbai 91506-0142853-7 Kashif Mehmud Sehbai 91506-0142852-3	Khalid Mehmud Sehbai	486.479	18.946	183.012	688.437	486.479	-	-	486.479

				Outsta	nding liabilities	at beginning of	the year				
S. No.	Name & address of the borrower	Name of individuals / partners / directors (with NIC / CNIC No.)	Father's / husband name	Principal	Interest / mark-up	Other than interest / mark-up	Total	Principal written-off	Interest / mark – up waived-off /written off	Other financial relief provided	Total
30	Dewan Salman Fibre Ltd.* 2nd Floor Tower "A Finance & Trade Centre. Main Shahra-e- Faisal Karachi.	Dewan Muhammad Yousuf Farooqui 42301-6948978-9 Dewan Asim Mushfiq Farooqui 42301-4927084-9 Dewan Abdullah Ahmed Farooqui 42301-7511974-1 Dewan Abdul Baqi Farooqui 42301-7130155-5 Haroon Iqbal 42301-9916370-5 Mansoor Ul Haque 35202-9928995-7 Aziz Ul Haq 42301-8514003-5	Dewan Mohammad Umer Farooque Dewan Mohammad Umer Farooque Dewan Mohammad Umer Farooque Dewan Mohammad Umer Farooque Mian Muhammad Sharif Abdul Haque Noor Ul Haq	722.853	232.027	729.884	1,684.764	722.853	-	-	722.853
31	Southern Electric Power Company Ltd.* 1) 1 Salim Omer Road, off Korang Road, Banigala, Islamabad. 2) 6th Floor, Razia Sharif Plaza, Blue Area, Islamabad.	Yahia Awod Idris (USA48899091) M. Khalid Rashid 37405-0478046-5 Salman Rahim 61101-7883533-1 Grasso Lousia (UK094403076) Osama Salik 37405-3509229-7 Carolyne Khan M. Rashid Mirza 42301-5026134-7 Lynn Margaret	Awod Idris Abdul Rashid S.A. Rahim Sig. Grasso Salik Ahmed Jameed Khan Muhammad Iftikhar	299.900	87.170	283.566	670.636	299.900			299,900
32	Abdul Rehman Sandrana. Kachehri Road Mohallah Kapayan Wala, Tehsil & District Jhang.	Abdul Rehman Sandrana 33202-3816804-7	Khan Muhammad Sandrana	1.490	0.731	-	2.221	-	0.548	-	0.548
33	Muhammad Hassan / Muhammad Shafique. 42-SP Sumandri P/O Haveli Lakha, Tehsil Depalpur, District Okara.	Muhammad Hassan 35301-2818719-9 Muhammad Shafique 35301-9622682-7	Jan Muhammad	-	0.852	-	0.852	-	0.852	-	0.852
34	Muhammad Moosa. Village Sher Muhammad Kalhoro Taluka, Ghotki.	Muhammad Moosa 45102-1426549-7	Mian Jeal	-	0.530	-	0.530	-	0.530	-	0.530
35	Mst. Hameeda Begum. P O Garh Maharaja Tehsil Shorkot, District Jhang.	Mst. Hameeda Begum 35202-7267315-6	Muhammad Zulfiqar Khan	1.000	1.285	-	2.285	-	0.964	-	0.964
36	Zia Ur Rehman. Rattan Pura P/O Muridke, Tehsil Ferozwala, District Sheikhupura.	Zia Ur Rehman 35401-3558810-7	Rana Muhammad Yasin	2.000	3.517	-	5.517	-	2.637	-	2.637
37	Rana Muhammad Imran Qaiser. Rattan Pura P/O Muridke, Tehsil Ferozwala, District Sheikhupura.	Rana Muhammad Imran Qaiser 35401-18391238-9	Atta Ullah	3.000	4.087	-	7.087	-	3.065	-	3.065
38	Adnan Atta. H#2,ST#3, Ahmad Pura, Noor Park Muridke, District Sheikhupura.	Adnan Atta 35405-0411673-7	Atta Ullah	2.125	3.379	-	5.504	-	2.534	-	2.534

# Annual Report 2023

## ANNEXURE-1

## Statement Showing Written-off Loans or any other Financial Reliefs of Five Hundred Thousand Rupees or Above Provided During the Year Ended December 31, 2023

										Rup	ees in milli
S. No.	Name & address of the borrower	Name of individuals / partners / directors (with NIC / CNIC No.)	Father's / husband name	Outstar Principal	Interest /	Other than interest / mark-up	the year	Principal written-off	Interest / mark – up waived–off /written off	Other financial relief provided	Tota
39	Muhammad Shabbir / Muhammad Siddique. Chak # 47 Ucc, Tehsil Muridke, District Sheikhupura.	Muhammad Shabbir 35401-8353180-1 Muhammad Siddique 35401-3595323-9	Ghulam Qadir	3.750	2.428	-	6.178	-	1.821	-	1.821
40	Ali Raza Naseer. P O Khas, Chak 92 SB, Tehsil & District Sargodha.	Ali Raza Naseer 38403-0593944-9	Naseer Hussain	2.549	1.352	-	3.901	-	0.941	-	0.94
41	Sohail Abbas. Pandore, P.O Khas, Tehsil Muridke, District Sheikhupura.	Sohail Abbas 35401-5448291-9	Abbas Ali	0.410	0.751	-	1.161	-	0.563	-	0.560
42	Khawaja Muhammad Javed. H # 35 FCC Maratab Ali Road, Gulberg Lahore.	Khawaja Muhammad Javed 37201-1646142-1	Khawaja Muhammad Yousaf	2.000	2.331	-	4.331	-	1.748	-	1.748
43	Amir Shahzad. Mirpur Bhattian, P.O Hussain Khan Tehsil & District Nankana.	Amir Shahzad 35402-7967742-5	Anwar Khan	2.426	4.916	-	7.342	-	3.687	-	3.687
44	Abu Bakar Siddique. Doraranwala Malyan P.O Chak Chaudhary Tehsil Noshara, District Gujranwala.	Abu Bakar Siddique 34103-7096278-3	Muhammad Arshad	2.048	1.701	-	3.749	-	1.003	-	1.003
45	Asif Ali. Dera Charagh Din, Kharianwala Tehsil & District Sheikhupura.	Asif Ali 35404-8008571-1	Barkat Ali	0.495	1.093	-	1.588	-	0.678	-	0.678
46	Muhammad Atif Akram. Chak # 659 G.B, Chughalpura, Tehsil & District Faisalabad.	Muhammad Atif Akram 33100-0698079-5	Muhammad Akram	2.000	4.149	-	6.149	-	2.871	-	2.871
47	Aourang Zaib. Mehdi Abad P.O Vanikay Tarrar Tehsil & District Hafizabad.	Aourang Zaib 34301-8707635-9	Inayat Ullah	-	1.528	-	1.528	-	1.146	-	1.146
48	Sultan Mehmood. Koe K Bhalwal, P.O Khas, Tehsil Depalpur, District Okara .	Sultan Mehmood 35301-6960894-1	Mian Muhammad Amin Khan	2.997	5.005	-	8.002	-	3.685	-	3.68
49	Sayed Aoun Muhammad. Chak # 434 G.B, Tehsil Jaranwala, District Faisalabad.	Sayed Aoun Muhammad 33104-3765394-3	Syed Zahid Hussain	0.950	1.806	-	2.756	-	1.264	-	1.264
50	Hassan Manzoor. Near Govt. Girls High School, Old Narang Road, Muridke, District Sheikhupura.	Hassan Manzoor 35401-4340046-9	Manzoor Ahmad	-	1.349	-	1.349	-	1.011	-	1.01
51	Ghulam Mustafa Rashid. Alpan Kalan, P.O Khas, Tehsil Pattoki, District Kasur.	Ghulam Mustafa Rashid 35103-1332834-1	Ghulam Rasool	-	4.758	-	4.758	-	3.565	-	3.56
52	Rasheed Ahmad & Nazir Ahmad. Mouza Kul, P.O Khas Tehsil Chunian District Kasur.	Rasheed Ahmad 35101-9858805-9 Nazir Ahmad 35102-0400929-9	Nazir Ahmad Khushi Muhammad	-	1.454	-	1.454	-	1.061	-	1.06

										Rup	ees in millior
				Outstai	nding liabilities	at beginning of t	he year				
S. No.	Name & address of the borrower	Name of individuals / partners / directors (with NIC / CNIC No.)	Father's / husband name	Principal	Interest / mark-up	Other than interest / mark-up	Total	Principal written-off	Interest / mark – up waived-off /written off	Other financial relief provided	Total
53	Faisal Farid Khan & Qaiser Farid Khan. Al-Fareed House, Ahsan Street, Gojra Road, Jhang.	Faisal Farid Khan 33202-1205234-5 Qaiser Farid Khan 33202-1205231-3	Mehar Ghulam Farid Khan	-	0.040	-	0.040	-	1.890	-	1.890
54	Najam Nadeem Abbas. Chak 244-RB,Tehsil & District, Faisalabad.	Najam Nadeem Abbas 33100-1751976-1	Anwar Ejaz	-	0.966	-	0.966	-	0.526	-	0.526
55	Arshad Aziz. P.O Phullarwan Thatti Noor, Tehsil Bhalwal, District Sargodha.	Arshad Aziz 38401-0290236-1	Mehmand Khan	-	0.907	-	0.907	-	0.635	-	0.635
6	Muhammad Ali. Chak # 256-R.B. Dheengawala, P.O Abbas Pur, Tehsil & District Faisalabad.	Muhammad Ali 33100-1974636-7	Allah Ditta	0.024	1.360	-	1.384	-	0.952	-	0.952
7	Fatima Umar. House # 120, Muhallah Allaudin Road, Lahore.	Fatima Umar 35201-6447498-4	Muhammad Umar Azam	0.000	1.785	-	1.785	-	0.714	-	0.714
3	Sahibzada Mohammad Usman Khan. House BV111-65 Dera Nawab Sahib, Ahmed Pur East District Bahawalpur.	Sahibzada Mohammad Usman Khan 31201-9619026-3	Sahibzada Muhammad Dawood khan Abbasi	3.000	3.900	-	6.900	-	2.670	-	2.670
9	Muhammad Nawaz. Mitha Zari Farm, Qari Wala Jaghir Tehsil Depalpur, District Okara.	Muhammad Nawaz 35301-2460048-3	Shahadat Ali	1.950	1.635	-	3.585	-	0.818	-	0.818
0	Asad Ullah (Deceased). Chak # 47-NB,Tehsil & District Sargodha.	Asad Ullah (Late) 38403-9833374-3	Muhammad Akram Kharal	3.000	2.548	-	5.548	-	1.911	-	1.911
1	Muhammad Boota. Street # 06, Muhallah Ghang Road, Sheikhupura.	Muhammad Boota 35404-6079278-7	Karam Din	1.500	1.021	-	2.521	-	0.510	-	0.510
52	Qurban Ali. Beharwal Kalan, PO. Khas Tehsil Patoki District Kasur.	Qurban Ali 35103-2292105-3	Hakim Ali	0.747	1.587	-	2.334	-	1.190	-	1.190
i3	Muhammad Ahmed. Ahata Jawar Singh, Chak # 52/2, Thesil & District Nankana Sahib.	Muhammad Ahmed 35402-9106056-3"	Dil Muhammad	1.499	3.185	-	4.684	-	2.389	-	2.389
64	Abid Ali. Kot Tahir PO Chaind Pur, Thesil & District Nankana Sahib.	Abid Ali 35402-8847186-5	Dil Muhammad	2.000	4.246	-	6.246	-	3.185	-	3.185
65	Muhammad Maalik. P.O Beharwal Tehsil Patoki District Kasur.	Muhammad Maalik 35103-8264691-3	Dil Muhammad	1.498	3.183	-	4.681	-	2.388	-	2.388
6	Syed Ali Arsalan Bukhari. Chah Bahawal Shah Wala, Din Pur, Tehsil Kehror Pakka District Lodhran.	Syed Ali Arsalan Bukhari 36302-4503210-1	Syed Khurshid Alam Bukhari	1.991	0.416	-	2.407	-	0.523	-	0.523
67	Ahsan Sarwar. H # 138, Block K, Wapda City, Cananl Road Faisalabad.	Ahsan Sarwar 33100-4607104-7	Shafi Sarwar	7.437	2.468	0.533	10.438	-	1.405	0.533	1.938

## ANNEXURE-1

## Statement Showing Written-off Loans or any other Financial Reliefs of Five Hundred Thousand Rupees or Above Provided During the Year Ended December 31, 2023

										Ru	pees in millio
				Outsta	nding liabilities	at beginning o	f the year				
S. No.	Name & address of the borrower	Name of individuals / partners / directors (with NIC / CNIC No.)	Father's / husband name	Principal	Interest / mark-up	Other than interest / mark-up	Total	Principal written-off	Interest / mark – up waived-off /written off	Other financial relief provided	Total
68	The Imaging. Opposite Doger Market Hassan Parwana Road Multan.	Muhammad Akhtar 36302-3990596-1	Muhammd Anwar Parvaiz	0.489	0.112	4.032	4.634	-	-	3.965	3.965
69	Imran Hafeez. H # 458/1, Steet # 3, New Iqbal Park Lahore Cantt.	Imran Hafeez 35201-1508453-7	Jamil Akhtar	-	1.346	0.624	1.970	-	0.796	0.624	1.420
70	Sajjad Hussain. H # 45, Usman Block New Garden Town Lahore.	Sajjad Hussain 35200-1577732-3	Khadim Hussain	17.921	5.553	1.940	25.415	-	1.487	1.027	2.514
71	Mushtaq Hussain. Flat # B·204, Pearl Residency, Block 14, Gulshan e Iqbal Karachi.	Mushtaq Hussain 42201-1235027-5	Gul Reham Khan	18.053	1.603	0.019	19.675	-	0.734	0.019	0.753
72	Nasir Mehboob. House # A-450, Ist Floor, Block-L, North Nazimabad, Karachi.	Nasir Mehboob 42101-5057819-9	Mehboob Elahi	1.272	1.531	0.150	2.954	-	0.766	0.142	0.908
73	Shehnaz Iqbal. Haveli Sheikh Raja, P.O. Khas Tehsil & District Jhang.	Shehnaz Iqbal 33202-4509300-4	Muhammad Iqbal	0.091	0.393	0.170	0.654	-	0.393	0.169	0.562
74	Mukesh Kumar. Flat #704, Creek Vista Apartment DHA Phase VIII Karachi.	Mukesh Kumar 42301-2914237-5	Hargun Das	32.425	3.866	2.038	38.328	-	-	1.790	1.790
75	Askari Gas & Petroleum Services. Khasra # 22/1/2/2,Khewat # 264,Khatoni # 411,Chak # 194/RB,Tehsil Jaranwala, District Faisalabad.	M. Safdar Khan 61101-8185435-9 Khalii Ur Rehman 33100-8525976-9 Abdul Nasirii 36501-7726756-5 Jalii Ur Rehman 33100-2566075-3'	M. Yamin Khan Ch. Habib Ur Rehman Ch. Fazal Karim Ch. Habib Ur Rehman	14.076	5.694	1.189	20.959	-	5.694	-	5.694
	TOTAL			2,953.338	1,239.191	2,018.147	6,210.676	2,505.910	227.975	67.892	2,801.778

## PROFILE OF SHARIAH BOARD MEMBERS

### Mufti Muhammad Zahid

Mufti Muhammad Zahid is a notable figure in the field of Shariah and has been teaching Quran, Hadith, Fiqh and Arabic language for over 30 years, besides being the Vice President of Jamia Imdadia, Faisalabad and a member of its Darul-Ifta since 1989. Mufti Muhammad Zahid has also authored various publications. He holds Shahadh Al-Alamiyyah from Wifaq-ul-Madaris, Al-Arabiyyah Pakistan and Master's Degree in Arabic from International Islamic University, Islamabad.

#### Term of Office

Joined the Shariah Board on June 1, 2015

#### Other Membership (s)

- Chairman-Shariah Supervisory Committee, Bank of Khyber
- Chairman-Shariah Board, Bank of Punjab

### **Dr. Muhammad Tahir Mansoori** (Resident Member)

Dr. Muhammad Tahir Mansoori is an eminent scholar and recipient of the President of Pakistan's Medal for Pride of Performance. Dr. Mansoori holds Moulvi Alim and Moulvi Fazil degrees from 'Dar ul uloom' Mansoorah, LLM Shariah from International Islamic University, Islamabad and PhD in Islamic Studies from Punjab University, Lahore. Dr. Mansoori has taught and written on Figh and Usool-e-Figh matters for over three decades. He is the author of numerous publications including, Al-Madkhal-Al-Masrafi (Introduction to Islamic Banking) in Arabic Islamic Law of Contracts and Business Transactions, and Shariah Maxims on Financial Matters.

#### Term of Office

Joined the Shariah Board on June 1, 2015

### Mufti Zakir Hassan Naumani (Member)

Mufti Zakir Hassan Naumani holds Master Degrees in Islamivat and Arabic from University of Peshawar and Shahadh Al-Alamiyyah from Wifagul Madaris Al-Arabiyyah. Multan. Mufti Zakir possesses over 35 years of research experience and has authored 24 books in the field of Islamic economics, Tafseer, Fighi Masayel, Travelogue etc. Mufti Zakir is currently serving as Sheikh-ul-Hadith, Jamia Usmania, Peshawar, He has been teaching Quran, Hadith and Figh for over 30 years and has issued over 3,000 fatawa for various issues pertaining to the field of Islamic Jurisprudence, Islamic economics, Islamic law of contract, Social issues, Muslim Family law Islamic Finance and Islamic business & trade.

#### Term of Office

Joined the Shariah Board on June 25, 2021

### Mufti Dr. Lutfullah Saqib

Mufti Dr. Lutfullah Sagib is an expert in the domain of "Islamic Law and Jurisprudence". He holds Takhasus fil Figh wal Ifta from Wifagul Madaris Al-Arabiyyah, Mardan, He has also done his LLB (Hons), LLM (Islamic commercial law), PhD (Shariah) and post doctorate in Islamic law from International Islamic University, Islamabad. Mufti Dr. Lutfullah Sagib has authored several books and research articles in the areas of Islamic commercial law/ Islamic law. As an academician and trainer, he has delivered numerous lectures, talks and training in Pakistan and abroad Mufti Dr. Lutfullah is also serving as Chairman of Department of Law and Shariah. University of Swat.

#### Term of Office

Joined the Shariah Board on June 25, 2021

#### Shariah Board (SB) - Brief Terms of Reference and Attendance

The SB is empowered to consider, decide and supervise all Shariah related matters of Askari Ikhlas Islamic banking and advises and assists the Board of Directors in introducing and implementing an effective Shariah compliance framework. All SB's decisions / rulings / fatawa are binding on the Ikhlas Islamic banking business of the Bank, whereas, the Shariah Board is responsible and accountable for all its Shariah decisions. The Resident Shariah Board Member (RSBM) oversees the procedures to be adopted for implementation of the resolutions, pronouncements and fatawa of the SB and provide guidance thereon. The SB ensures that all the procedure manuals, product programs / structures, process flows, related agreements, marketing advertisements, sales illustrations and brochures are in conformity with the rules and Principles of Shariah.

		Date of Meeting								
Shariah Board Members	Attendance / Total Meetings	February 15, 2023	June 23, 2023	September 28, 2023	December 22, 2023					
Name of Members and their attendance in each meeting										
Mufti Muhammad Zahid (Chairman)	3/4	-	1	1	1					
Dr. Muhammad Tahir Mansoori (RSBM)	4/4	1	1	1	1					
Mufti Zakir Hassan Naumani (Member)	4/4	1	1	1	1					
Mufti Dr. Lutfullah (Member)	4/4	1	1	1	1					

# Annual Report 2023

## REPORT OF SHARIAH BOARD

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

While the Board of Directors and Executive Management are solely responsible to ensure that the operations of Askari Ikhlas Islamic Banking are conducted in a manner that comply with Shariah Principles at all times, we are required by the SBP's Shariah Governance Framework to submit a report on the overall Shariah compliance environment of Askari Ikhlas Islamic Banking.

During the year 2023, four mandatory meetings of Shariah Board were held to review various Shariah matters, which predominantly include new products, existing product modifications, re-alignment of manuals & policies, Shariah reports etc. Apart from the mandatory quarterly meetings, the Shariah Board continually remained involved with all the Shariah affairs of the Bank, by reviewing different proposals / matters, by way of circulation.

To form our opinion as expressed in this report, the Shariah Compliance Department of the bank carried out reviews, on test check basis, of each class of transactions, the relevant documentation and process flows. Further, we have also reviewed the Shariah audit reports.

Based on above, we are of the view that:

- i. Askari Ikhlas Islamic Banking has complied with the Shariah rules and principles in the light of fatawa, rulings and guidelines issued by its Shariah Board.
- ii. Askari Ikhlas Islamic Banking has complied with directives, regulations, instructions and guidelines related to Shariah compliance issued by SBP in accordance with the rulings of SBP's Shariah Board.
- iii. Askari Ikhlas Islamic Banking has a comprehensive mechanism in place to ensure Shariah compliance in its overall operations.
- iv. Askari Ikhlas Islamic Banking has a well-defined system in place, which is sound enough to ensure that any earnings realized from sources or by means prohibited by Shariah have been credited to charity account and are being properly utilized.
- v. Askari Ikhlas Islamic Banking has complied with the SBP instructions on profit and loss distribution and pool management.
- vi. The level of awareness, capacity and sensitization of the staff, management and the BOD in appreciating the importance of Shariah compliance in the products and processes of the bank is adequate and shall be further strengthened through the on-going orientation sessions / trainings.
- vii. Shariah Board has been provided adequate resources enabling it to discharge its duties, effectively.

Dr. Muhammad Tahir Mansoori Resident Shariah Board Member Mufti Dr. Lutfullah Saqib Member Shariah Board

Mufti Zakir Hassan Naumani Member Shariah Board Mufti Muhammad Zahid Chairman Shariah Board

Date of Report: February 2, 2024

## شرلعه بورڈ کی ربورٹ

### برائے سال 2023ء

### بسم الله الرحمٰن الرحيم!

اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکتان کی جاری کردہ ہدایات کی روسے یہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز اورانظامیر کی ذمدداری ہے کہ وہ اس بات کویقنی بنائے کو عسکری بینک کمیٹڈاسلامی بینکاری سرومز کی تمام سرگرمیاں شریعت کے اصولوں کے مطابق میں۔ای طرح شریعہ بورڈ کی ذمداری ہے کہ وہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کواسلامی بینکاری سرومز کی شرعی اصولوں کی مطابقت کے حوالے سے آگا ہی فراہم کرے۔

سال 2023 کے دوران شریعہ پورڈ کے چاراجلاس منعقد ہوئے جن میں شریعہ ہے متعلق مختلف اہم امور زیر بجٹ آئے ۔ان امور میں نئی پراڈکٹس کا اجراء موجودہ پراڈکٹس میں تبدیلیاں ،مینول ، پالیسیوں کو دوبارہ مرتب کرنااورر پورٹس وغیرہ شامل ہیں ۔سہاہی میٹنگ کےعلاوہ شریعہ پورڈاس عرصہ میں اسلامی بیٹکاری کےمعاملات کی نگرانی کےمل میں بھی مسلسل شامل رہا۔

شریعہ بورڈ نے اپنی رپورٹ مرتب کرنے کے لیے شریعہ ڈیپارٹمنٹ اورآ ڈٹ ڈیپارٹمنٹ کی رپورٹس کا بغور جائز ہاہا ہے۔ان ھائق ومعلومات ہے ہم نے درج ذیل نتائج اخذ کیے ہیں۔

- ا۔ اسلامی بینکاری کی خدمات فراہم کرتے ہوئے عسکری بینکہ لمیٹیڈ شریعہ بورڈ کے فیاو کی اور ہدایات کو طوط ارکھا ہے۔
- ۲۔ اسلامی بینکاری کی خدمات فراہم کرتے ہوئے عسکری بینک کمیٹڈ نے اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان اوراس کے شریعہ بورڈ کی جاری کردہ ہدایات اورا دکامات کی پاسداری کی ہے۔
  - ۳۔ شرعی اصولوں کی پاسداری کے حوالے سے عسکری بینک کمیٹٹر میں اسلامی بینکاری سروسز کا ایک جامع اور مر بوط نظام رائج ہے۔
- سے عسری بینک کمیٹراسلامی بینکاری سروسز کے پاس ایک ایساواضح اور جامع نظام موجود ہے جس کے تحت غیر شرقی ذرائع سے حاصل شدہ آمدن صرف خیراتی مقاصد میں استعمال ہوتی ہے اور وہ بینک کی آمدن کا حصہ نہیں بنتی ۔
  - ۵۔ اس سارے عرصے میں رب المال ( کھانہ داران ) کوفع کی تقسیم اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی جاری کردہ ہدایات اورا دکامات کے مطابق ہوئی۔
  - ۲۔ اسٹاف ممبران، انتظامیہ اور بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزاسلامی بینکاری کے متعلق مناسب اور معقول آگاہی رکھتے ہیں۔ ہمیں یقین ہے کہ تربیتی پروگرامز کے ذریعے اسے مزید تقویت دی جائے گی۔

مفتی ڈاکٹر لطف اللہ ٹاقب ممبر شریعہ پورڈ ممبر شریعہ پورڈ

مفتی مجمد زامد چیئر مین شریعه بور ؤ چیئر مین شریعه بور ؤ

مورخه: 2فروری 2024

The Bank is operating 140 Islamic banking branches (including 3 sub-branches) and Nil Islamic Banking Windows at December 31, 2023 as compared to 120 Islamic banking branches (including 3 sub-branches) and 07 Islamic Banking Windows at year ended December 31, 2022.

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Investments Islamic financing and related assets - net Fixed assets Other assets Total assets	1 2	9,944,209 114,710 51,493,187 115,601,156 2,074,852 11,787,572	6,747,452 114,649 39,942,674 83,149,636 1,984,521 5,812,116
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Due to head office Other liabilities	3 4	1,206,806 5,535,843 118,670,004 41,500,000 7,125,016	1,425,734 4,586,320 96,297,085 20,175,000 5,258,880
NET ASSETS		174,037,669	127,743,019
REPRESENTED BY		16,978,017	10,008,029
Islamic Banking Fund (Deficit) on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit	5	4,600,000 (1,500,789) 13,878,806	4,600,000 (1,115,247) 6,523,276
		16,978,017	10,008,029
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	6	26,459,326	19,620,329

The profit and loss account of the Bank's Islamic banking branches for the year ended 31 December 2023 is as follows:

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
Profit / return earned Profit / return expensed	7 8	25,921,748 15,935,413	13,761,598 8,500,029
Net Profit / return		9,986,335	5,261,569
Other income Fee and Commission Income Dividend Income Foreign Exchange Income Gain/(Loss) on securities Other Income		354,543 19,017 263,320 7,449 107,031	282,450 12,286 168,805 (2,500) 108,846
Total other income		751,360	569,887
Total Income Other expenses Operating expenses		10,737,695	5,831,456 2,772,820
Other charges		4,220	1,945
Total other expenses		3,368,335	2,774,765
Profit before provisions Provisions and write offs - net		7,369,360 13,830	3,056,691 186,312
Profit before taxation		7,355,530	2,870,379

						2023				
			Cost				Depreciation			
Rupees in '000		As at January 1, 2023	Additions	(Deletions)	As at December 31, 2023	As at January 1, 2023	Charge for A	Adjustments / (Deletions)	As at December 31, 2023	Book value as at December 31, 2023
2.1	ljarah									
	Plant and machinery	725,956	1,635,396	(668,626)	1,692,726	213,005	223,308	(142,622)	293,691	1,399,035
	Vehicles	6,475,112	638,324	(1,872,803)	5,240,633	2,146,357	811,327	(917,026)	2,040,658	3,199,975
	Equipment	33,885	-		33,885	19,484	10,165	-	29,649	4,236
	Total	7,234,953	2,273,720	(2,541,429)	6,967,244	2,378,846	1,044,800	(1,059,648)	2,363,998	4,603,246

						0000				
				ost		2022	Denre	ciation		
		As at			As at	As at	Берге	Ciation	As at	Book value as at
Rupees	in '000	January 1, 2022	Additions	(Deletions)	December 31, 2022	January 1, 2022	Charge for A the year	Adjustments / (Deletions)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2022
	Plant and machinery	946,150	57,330	(277,524)	725,956	276,970	138,462	(202,427)	213,005	512,951
	Vehicles	6,855,838	1,557,319	(1,938,045)	6,475,112	2,185,322	977,661	(1,016,626)	2,146,357	4,328,755
	Equipment	33,885	_		33,885	9,318	10,166	_	19,484	14,401
	Total	7,835,873	1,614,649	(2,215,569)	7,234,953	2,471,610	1,126,289	(1,219,053)	2,378,846	4,856,107
			No. to London	202	3		Not lot	202	22	
Rupees	in '000		Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year and less than 5 years	Over five years	Total	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year and less than 5 years	Over five years	Total
	Net investment under Ijarah		,	,	,		,	,	,	
	Minimum Ijarah payments		81,824	_	_	81,824	81,824	_	-	81,824
	Profit for future periods		(3,641)	-	-	(3,641)	(3,641)	-	-	(3,641)
	Net assets / investments in Ijarah		78,183	-	-	78,183	78,183	-	-	78,183
				202	3			202	22	
			Not later	Later than 1			Not later	Later than 1		
Rupees	in '000		than 1 year	year and less than 5 years	Over five years	Total	than 1 year	year and less than 5 years	Over five years	Total
	Future Ijarah rental receivable									
	Ijarah rentals receivable		150,961	3,675,379	607,652	4,433,992	1,677,480	2,912,183	104,369	4,694,032
Rupees	s in '000				١	lote		2023		2022
2.2	Murabaha									
	Murabaha financing Advances for Murabaha				2.2.1		5,688,574 449,708		4	,078,826 954,405
							6,	138,282	5	,033,231
2.2.1	Murabaha receivable - gro	ISS			2.2.3		6,199,015		4	,362,909
	Less: Deferred murabaha Profit receivable shown in		2.2.4			.2.4		207,365 303,076	110,584	
	Murabaha financings	Other as:	sets					688,574		173,499
222	The movement in Muraba	sha finan	oina				J,	,000,374		.,070,020
2.2.2	during the year is as fo		cing							
	Opening balance						4,	078,826	5	,546,947
	Sales during the year							945,555		,610,709
	Adjusted during the year						` `	335,807)		078,830)
	Closing balance						5,	688,574	4	,078,826
2.2.3	Murabaha sale price Murabaha purchase price							199,015 688,574)		,362,909 ,078,826)
								510,441		284,083
2.2.4	Deferred murabaha incor	ne								
	Opening balance							110,584		122,995
	Arising during the year							210,296 113,515		667,854 680,265
	Closing balance	i ic year						207,365		110,584
	Ciosing balance							207,303		110,364

- **3.1** These Musharaka are on a profit and loss sharing basis maturing between January 2024 to June 2024 and are secured against demand promisory notes executed in favour of SBP.
- **3.2** These Investment are on profit and loss sharing basis which has been invested in general pool of the Bank and are secured against demand promissory notes executed in favor of SBP.

			2023			2022	
		In local	In foreign		In local	In foreign	
Rupe	es in '000	currency	currencies	Total	currency	currencies	Total
4.	DEPOSITS						
	Customers						
	Current deposits – non remunerative	40,084,970	1,381,403	41,466,373	34,624,289	1,612,506	36,236,795
	Current deposits – remunerative	1,210,897	_	1,210,897	1,353,496	_	1,353,496
	Savings deposits	22,836,826	1,098,397	23,935,223	22,572,862	726,363	23,299,225
	Term deposits	34,422,882	-	34,422,882	25,135,675	_	25,135,675
	Others	1,169,148	342,825	1,511,973	1,537,255	52,078	1,589,333
		99,724,723	2,822,625	102,547,348	85,223,577	2,390,947	87,614,524
	Financial Institutions						
	Current deposits – non remunerative	114,330	-	114,330	100,480	829	101,309
	Current deposits – remunerative	32,474	_	32,474	131,152	_	131,152
	Savings deposits	333,656	-	333,656	2,667,925	_	2,667,925
	Term deposits	15,642,196	-	15,642,196	5,782,175	_	5,782,175
		16,122,656	-	16,122,656	8,681,732	829	8,682,561
		115,847,379	2,822,625	118,670,004	93,905,309	2,391,776	96,297,085

Rupee	s in '000	2023	2022
4.1	Composition of deposits		
	<ul> <li>Individuals</li> <li>Government / Public Sector Entities</li> <li>Banking Companies</li> <li>Non-Banking Financial Institutions</li> <li>Private Sector</li> </ul>	49,912,193 17,388,269 74 16,122,582 35,246,886	44,611,371 12,233,167 28 8,682,533 30,769,986
		118,670,004	96,297,085

**4.2** This includes deposits eligible to be covered under insurance arrangements amounting to Rs. 73,963,451 thousand (2022: Rs. 65,629,309 thousand).

Rupe	es in '000	2023	2022
5.	ISLAMIC BANKING BUSINESS UNAPPROPRIATED PROFIT		
	Opening Balance Add: Islamic Banking profit for the period	6,523,276 7,355,530	3,652,897 2,870,379
	Closing Balance	13,878,806	6,523,276
6.	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		
	-Guarantees -Commitments	9,704,484 16,754,842	8,971,118 10,649,211
		26,459,326	19,620,329
7.	PROFIT / RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT		
	Profit earned on: Financing Investments Placements	18,894,324 6,976,119 51,305	9,612,801 4,115,086 33,711
		25,921,748	13,761,598
8.	PROFIT ON DEPOSITS AND OTHER DUES EXPENSED		
	Deposits and other accounts Due to Financial Institutions Due to head office Lease liability against right-of-use assets	11,397,157 870,554 3,454,540 213,162	4,807,274 329,885 3,155,774 207,096
		15,935,413	8,500,029
9.	CHARITY FUND		
	Opening Balance Additions during the period	40,130	24,292
	- Received from customers on account of delayed payment - Non-Shariah compliant income - Profit on charity saving account - Others	39,463 - 32 690	55,203 170 16 449
		40,185	55,838
	Payments / utilization during the period - Education - Natural Disaster - Health	(5,468)	(40,000)
	- Orphanage	(4,123)	_
		(34,252)	(40,000)
	Closing Balance	46,063	40,130

Rupee	s in '000	2023	2022
9.1	Charity in excess of Rs. 500,000 was paid to following institutions:		
	Army Relief Fund for Flood Affectees Bali Memorial Trust, Lahore Bin Qutab Foundation, Lahore Dar-us-Shifa Foundation, Karachi Hamza Foundation Welfare Hospital, Peshawar International Islamic University, Islamabad Markaz Islah Darul Aytam, Mardan Pakistan Thalassemia Welfare Society, Rawalpindi Sundus Foundation, Islamabad The Life Care Foundation (Trust), Lahore	3,123 4,400 5,000 4,154 5,000 1,000 4,125 4,632 2,350	40,000 - - - - - - - -
		33,784	40,000

#### 10. POOL MANAGEMENT

- **10.1** Bank generates deposit on the basis of following two modes:
  - 1. Qard
  - 2. Mudaraba

Deposits taken on Qard Basis are classified as 'Current Account' and deposits generated on Mudaraba basis are classified as 'Savings Account' and 'Fixed Deposit Accounts'.

The Bank also accepted / acquired customer and inter-bank funds, for short term liquidity requirement under Musharaka mode. Profits realized in Musharaka pools are distributed in pre agreed profit sharing ratio. Besides above, the bank also accept funds from State Bank of Pakistan in Islamic Export Refinance pool under Musharaka mode. The features, risk and reward of this Musharaka pool are in accordance with the SBP IERS scheme and circulars issued from time to time.

Asset pools are created at the Bank's discretion and the Bank can add, amend, and transfer an asset to any other pool in the interest of deposit holders. During the year following two Mudaraba based customer pools were maintained by the Bank having below mentioned key features::

#### a. General Pool

The objective of the pool is to invest funds on a Shariah Compliant basis and maximize profits for the Rabbul-Mal on a Gross Mudarabah Basis. As required under regulatory instructions, SBP funds obtained under it's various schemes are also made part of General pool. In this pool, portfolio diversification strategy has been used to mitigate the risk of loss. Diversification may marginally reduce returns but it also spreads risk by reducing chances of loss.

#### b. Foreign Currency Pool

The objective of the pool is to invest funds on a Shariah Compliant basis and maximize profits for the Rabb-ul-Mal i.e. depositors in foreign currency: US dollars on a Gross Mudaraba Basis. Due to dearth and limitations of foreign denominated investment opportunities available to Islamic Banks operating in Pakistan, the returns would be linked with an earning assets pool comprising of Shariah compliant assets, with reliance mainly on placement(s) with other known Islamic Financial Institutions.

Under the above Mudaraba based pools, the Bank accepted funds on Mudaraba basis from depositors (Rabbul-Mal) where the Bank acted as Manager (Mudarib) and invested the funds in Shariah Compliant modes of financings, investments and placements. Also, as allowed, the Bank at its discretion comingled its own funds including current accounts as equity with the depositor's funds in all the pools. However, for investment purposes, Rabb-ul-Mal's funds were given priority over own funds (equity). Furthermore, funds of Profit Equalisation Reserve Pool were entirely invested in SLR eligible Securities.

The net profit of each deposit pool is calculated on all the remunerative assets booked by utilizing the funds from the pool after deduction of direct expenses as approved by Shariah Board, if any. The directly related costs comprise of depreciation on Ijarah assets, Wakalah tul Istismar fee, Brokerage fee paid for placement of funds under Islamic modes, Takaful / Insurance expense, Registration expense and Commission to car ijarah dealers, staff & others. The general and specific provisions created against non-performing financings and diminution in

the value of investments shall be borne by the Bank as Mudarib. However, write-offs of financings and loss on sale of investments shall be charged to respective pool(s) along with other direct expenses. Provisions/write offs shall revert to Mudarib / pool(s) to which it was originally charged. From the net return, profit is paid to the Mudarib in the ratio of Mudarib's equity in the pool to the total pool. The Mudarib's share is deducted from this profit to calculate distributable profit. Rabb-ul-Mal's share is distributed among depositors according to weightages assigned at the inception of profit calculation period.

In order to remain competitive in the industry and to retain existing customer / mobilize deposits from new customers, the Bank as a Mudarib distributed part of its share of profit to Rabb-ul-Mal as HIBA.

Income generated from banking operations (e.g. fee and commission income etc.) is not shared with depositors.

In case of loss in a pool during the profit calculation period, the loss is distributed among the depositors (remunerative) according to their ratio of Investments.

**10.2** The Bank managed following General and Specific Pools :

					202	23				
Mudaraba Pool	Pool Currency	Profit rate and weightage announcement period	Profit sharing ratio	Profit rate / return earned	Profit rate / return distributed	Minimum weightage during the year	Maximum weightage during the year	Mudarib share	Percentage of mudarib share transferred through hiba	Amount of mudarib share transferred through hiba
-		1		1	I. I.			Rupees		Rupees
General Pool	PKR	Monthly	50%	16.95%	10.55%	0.57	1.95	3,071,027,977	25.62%	786,931,234
Profit Equalization Reserve Pool	PKR	Monthly	90%	-	-	1.00	1.00	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Pool	USD	Monthly	50%	4.88%	2.46%	0.40	2.11	25,431,369	0.00%	-
					202	22				
Mudaraba Pool	Pool Currency	Profit rate and weightage	Profit sharing	Profit rate / return	Profit rate / return	Minimum weightage	Maximum weightage	Mudarib share	Percentage of mudarib share	Amount of mudarib share
		announcement period	ratio	earned	distributed	during the year	during the year		transferred through hiba	transferred through hiba
				•	1			Rupees		Rupees
General Pool	PKR	Monthly	50%	10.86%	6.45%	0.67	2.11	1,739,022,769	19.07%	331,680,160
Profit Equalization Reserve Pool	PKR	Monthly	90%	7.53%	6.78%	1.00	1.00	9,871	0.00%	-
Foreign Currency Pool	USD	Monthly	50%	2.76%	1.41%	0.40	1.20	7,231,938	0.00%	-
					202	23				
	Pool	Profit rate and	Profit	Profit	Profit	Minimum	Maximum	Mudarib	Percentage of	Amount of
Musharakah Pool	Currency	weightage announcement period	sharing ratio	rate / return earned	rate / return distributed	weightage during the year	weightage during the year	share	mudarib share transferred through hiba	mudarib share transferred through hiba
Interbank borrowing pool	PKR	As required	*	9.70% - 25.84%	13.75% - 22.00%	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
IERS pool	PKR	Monthly	*	17.91%	14.68%	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
Special Musharakah Certificate pool	PKR	As required	*	9.70% - 25.84%	3.30% - 21.50%	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
					202	22				
					5 6		Maximum	Mudarib	Percentage of	Amount of
	Pool	Profit rate and	Profit	Profit	Profit	Minimum	IVIANITIUITI	IVIUUdIIU	reiceillage oi	Amount of
Musharakah Pool	Pool Currency	Profit rate and weightage announcement period	Profit sharing ratio	Profit rate / return earned	Profit rate / return distributed	weightage during the year	weightage during the year	share	mudarib share transferred through hiba	mudarib share transferred
	Currency	weightage announcement period	sharing ratio	rate / return earned	rate / return distributed	weightage during the year	weightage during the year	share	mudarib share transferred through hiba	mudarib share transferred through hiba
Musharakah Pool  Interbank borrowing pool IERS pool		weightage announcement	sharing	rate / return	rate / return	weightage during the	weightage during the		mudarib share transferred	mudarib share

<sup>\*</sup> The investment ratio and profit sharing ratio varies on case to case/monthly basis

Rupees in '000						2023						
Туре	Currency	Mode	Upto 1 month	Over 1 month upto 3 months	Over 3 months upto 6 months	Over 6 months upto 1 year	Over 1 year upto 2 years	Over 2 years upto 3 years	Over 3 years upto 5 years	Over 5 years upto 10 years	Over 10 years	Total
Fixed deposit account	PKR	Mudaraba	1,055,818	868,449	692,559	5,503,720	32,076	16,511	61,128	-	-	8,230,261
Savings account	PKR	Mudaraba	1,708,970	-	-	-	5,676,221	5,676,221	5,676,221	4,865,331	810,889	24,413,853
Savings account	USD	Mudaraba	76,889	-	-	-	255,377	255,377	255,377	218,895	36,482	1,098,397
SBP Funds against Various Schemes	PKR	Mudaraba	31,282	29,969	365	-	733,890	733,890	733,890	629,049	104,841	2,997,176
Musharka funds from HO	PKR	Musharka	41,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,500,000
Interbank borrowing	PKR	Musharka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Musharaka Certificate	PKR	Musharka	17,840,230	19,285,044	2,589,602	2,119,941	-	-	-	-	-	41,834,817
IERS borrowing from SBP	PKR	Musharka	1,523,200	870,400	145,067	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,538,667
			63,736,389	21,053,862	3,427,593	7,623,661	6,697,564	6,681,999	6,726,616	5,713,275	952,212	122,613,171

Rupees in '000	2022
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			Upto 1	Over 1 month upto 3	Over 3 months	Over 6 months	Over 1 year	Over 2 years	Over 3 years	Over 5 years	Over 10	
Туре	Currency	Mode	month	months	upto 6 months	upto 1 year	upto 2 years	upto 3 years	upto 5 years	upto 10 years	years	Total
Fixed deposit account	PKR	Mudaraba	1,304,524	960,713	742,392	3,111,771	31,821	40,137	90,521	-	-	6,281,879
Savings account	PKR	Mudaraba	1,870,783	-	-	-	6,213,663	6,213,663	6,213,663	5,325,998	887,665	26,725,435
Savings account	USD	Mudaraba	50,844	-	-	-	168,880	168,880	168,880	144,753	24,126	726,363
SBP Funds against Various Schemes	PKR	Mudaraba	52,481	16,685	9,952	-	399,408	399,408	399,408	342,350	57,059	1,676,751
Musharka funds from HO	PKR	Musharka	20,175,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,175,000
Interbank borrowing	PKR	Musharka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Musharaka Certificate	PKR	Musharka	9,778,947	5,665,172	8,548,352	643,500	-	-	-	-	-	24,635,971
IERS borrowing from SBP	PKR	Musharka	1,745,741	997,566	166,262	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,909,569
			34,978,320	7,640,136	9,466,958	3,755,271	6,813,772	6,822,088	6,872,472	5,813,101	968,850	83,130,968

Rupees in '000 2023 2022

Nupees	311 000	2023	2022
10.4	Class of assets by sources of financing:		
	Jointly financed by the Bank and PLS deposit account holders.		
	Murabaha	5,688,574	4,078,826
	ljarah	7,034,127	7,341,917
	Diminishing Musharaka	21,996,181	16,350,954
	Salam	10,868,164	8,174,120
	Musharaka	55,026,157	32,639,372
	Istisna	10,629,866	6,983,383
	Wakalah	780,967	_
	Receivables against Sale of Salam/Istisna Inventory	809,800	585,400
	Other Islamic Mode (Qard)	1,732,065	2,579,898
	Balances with other & treasury Banks	7,494,287	4,845,202
	Sukuk	49,148,983	37,675,843
	Open end Mutual Fund (NIT-IMMF)	100,802	100,464
	Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates	3,744,996	3,282,078
		175,054,969	124,637,457

10.5 Sectors of economy used for deployment of Mudarba based PKR deposits alongwith equity

Automobiles & Allied Cables / Electronics Cables / Electronics Cables / Electronics Caments Automobiles & Allied Cables / Electronics Caments Automobiles & Allied Chemicals / Pharmaceuticals Chemicals / Pharmaceuticals Automobiles & Allied Automobiles &		202	3	2022	)
Automobiles & Allied Cables / Electronics Cables / Electronics Cables / Electronics Caments Automobiles & Allied Cables / Electronics Caments Automobiles & Allied Chemicals / Pharmaceuticals Chemicals / Pharmaceuticals Automobiles & Allied Automobiles &		Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent
Cables / Electronics         626,438         0.78         107,315         0.15           Cements         467,287         0.58         1,147,059         1.63           Chemicals / Pharmaceuticals         4,127,054         5.16         3,216,808         4.57           Education         250,000         0.31         256,512         0.36           Fertilizers         23,871         0.03         -         -           Financial         2,513,036         3.14         2,579,898         3.67           Food and Allied         7,062,712         8.82         1,265,168         1.80           Fuel / Energy         92,106         0.12         -         -           Ghee and Edible Oil         -         -         84,437         1.21           Glass and Ceramics         152,809         0.19         234,054         0.33           GOP larian Sukuk         14,080,990         17.59         14,120,973         20.07           GOP Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates         2,130,235         2.66         1,871,364         2.66           Hotels and Restaurants         -         -         -         4,615         0.01           Individuals         3,486,543         4.36         4,801,691	Agriculture / Agribusiness	1,712,963	2.14	2,173,505	3.09
Cements         467,287         0.58         1,147,059         1.63           Chemicals / Pharmaceuticals         4,127,054         5.16         3,216,808         4,57           Education         250,000         0.31         256,512         0.36           Fertilizers         23,871         0.03         -         -           Financial         2,513,036         3.14         2,579,898         3.67           Food and Allied         7,062,712         8.82         1,265,168         1.80           Foul / Energy         92,106         0.12         -         -         -           Ghe and Edible Oil         -         -         848,437         1.21           Glass and Ceramics         152,809         0.19         234,054         0.33           GOP Jiarah Sukuk         14,080,990         17.59         14,120,973         20.07           GOP Bai Muajial         -	Automobiles & Allied	1,460,122	1.82	585,891	0.83
Chemicals / Pharmaceuticals         4,127,054         5.16         3,216,808         4.57           Education         250,000         0.31         256,512         0.36           Fertilizers         23,871         0.03         -         -           Financial         2,513,036         3.14         2,579,898         3.67           Food and Allied         7,062,712         8.82         1,265,168         1.80           Fuel / Energy         92,106         0.12         -         -         -           Ghee and Edible Oil         -         -         848,437         1.21         Glass and Ceramics         152,809         0.19         234,054         0.33           GOP Igarah Sukuk         14,080,990         17.59         14,120,973         20.07           GOP Bai Muajjai         - <td< td=""><td>Cables / Electronics</td><td>626,438</td><td>0.78</td><td>107,315</td><td>0.15</td></td<>	Cables / Electronics	626,438	0.78	107,315	0.15
Education         250,000         0.31         256,512         0.36           Fertilizers         23,871         0.03         -         -           Financial         2,513,036         3.14         2,579,898         3.67           Food and Allied         7,062,712         8.82         1,265,168         1.80           Fuel / Energy         92,106         0.12         -         -           Ghee and Edible Oil         -         -         848,437         1.21           Glass and Ceramics         152,809         0.19         234,054         0.33           GOP Ijarah Sukuk         14,080,990         17.59         14,120,973         20.07           GOP Bai Muajjal         -         -         -         4615         0.01           Hotels and Restaurants         -         -         -         4615         0.01           Individuals         3,486,543         4.36         4,801,691         6.83           Investment Banks / Scheduled Banks         847,140         1.06         1,273,797         1.81           Open end Mutual Funds         100,802         0.13         100,464         0.14           Iron / Steel         3,427,319         4.28         1,722,314	Cements	467,287	0.58	1,147,059	1.63
Fertilizers 23,871 0.03 — — — Financial 2,513,036 3.14 2,579,898 3.67 Food and Allied 7,062,712 8.82 1,265,168 1.80 Fuel / Energy 92,106 0.12 — — — — Ghee and Edible Oil — — — — 848,437 1.21 Glass and Ceramics 152,809 0.19 234,054 0.33 GOP Jarah Sukuk 14,080,990 17.59 14,120,973 20.07 GOP Bai Muajjal — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Chemicals / Pharmaceuticals	4,127,054	5.16	3,216,808	4.57
Financial 2,513,036 3.14 2,579,898 3.67 Food and Allied 7,062,712 8.82 1,265,168 1.80 Fuel / Energy 92,106 0.12 848,437 1.21 Glass and Edible Oil 848,437 1.21 Glass and Ceramics 152,809 0.19 234,054 0.33 GOP Ijarah Sukuk 14,080,990 17.59 14,120,973 20.07 GOP Bai Muajjal	Education	250,000	0.31	256,512	0.36
Food and Allied Fuel / Energy	Fertilizers	23,871	0.03	_	_
Food and Allied Fuel / Energy 92,106 Fuel / Energy Fuel / Energy 92,106 Fuel / Energy 92,106 Fuel / Energy Fuel / Energy 92,106 Fuel / Energy 92,106 Fuel / Energy Fuel /	Financial	2,513,036	3.14	2,579,898	3.67
Fuel / Energy Ghee and Edible Oil Ghee and Edible Oil Ghes and Ceramics  152,809 0.19 234,054 0.33 GOP Ijarah Sukuk 14,080,990 17.59 14,120,973 20.07 GOP Bai Muajjal Ghes and Restaurants Ghes and	Food and Allied		8.82		1.80
Ghee and Edible Oil         -         -         848,437         1.21           Glass and Ceramics         152,809         0.19         234,054         0.33           GOP Jarah Sukuk         14,080,990         17.59         14,120,973         20.07           GOP Bai Muajjal         -         -         -         -         -           GOP Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates         2,130,235         2.66         1,871,364         2.66           Hotels and Restaurants         -         -         -         4,615         0.01           Individuals         3,486,543         4.36         4,801,691         6.83           Investment Banks / Scheduled Banks         847,140         1.06         1,273,797         1.81           Open end Mutual Funds         100,802         0.13         100,464         0.14           Iron / Steel         3,427,319         4.28         1,722,314         2.45           Leather Products and Shoes         20,700         0.03         43,030         0.06           Modarabas         113,252         0.14         3,307         0.00           Paper and Board         555,592         0.69         702,755         1.00           Plastic products         -					_
Glass and Ceramics         152,809         0.19         234,054         0.33           GOP Ijarah Sukuk         14,080,990         17.59         14,120,973         20.07           GOP Bai Muajjal         -         -         -         -         -         -           GOP Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates         2,130,235         2.66         1,871,364         2.66           Hotels and Restaurants         -         -         -         4,615         0.01           Individuals         3,486,543         4.36         4,801,691         6.83           Investment Banks / Scheduled Banks         847,140         1.06         1,273,797         1.81           Open end Mutual Funds         100,802         0.13         100,464         0.14           Iron / Steel         3,427,319         4.28         1,722,314         2.45           Leather Products and Shoes         20,700         0.03         43,030         0.06           Modarabas         113,252         0.14         3,307         0.00           Paper and Board         555,592         0.69         702,755         1.00           Plastic products         -         -         -         -         -           Real Estate / Constr		. –	_	848,437	1.21
GOP Ijarah Sukuk GOP Bai Muajjal GOP Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates CHotels and Restaurants CHOP Bai Muajjal	Glass and Ceramics	152,809	0.19	234,054	0.33
GOP Bai Muajjal GOP Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates GOP Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates Copy Islamic Naya Pakistan Casha Pakistan Copy Islamic Naya Pakistan Copy Islam	GOP liarah Sukuk	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
GOP Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates  Hotels and Restaurants  4,615 0.01 Individuals  3,486,543 4.36 4,801,691 6.83 Investment Banks / Scheduled Banks  Newstment Alace / Scheduled Ban		_		_	_
Hotels and Restaurants	33	2.130.235	2.66	1.871.364	2.66
Individuals   3,486,543   4.36   4,801,691   6.83   1,273,797   1.81   1.06   1,273,797   1.81   1.06   1,273,797   1.81   1.06   1,273,797   1.81   1.06   1,273,797   1.81   1.06   1,273,797   1.81   1.06   1,273,797   1.81   1.07   1.08   1.08   1.08   1.08   1.09,802   0.13   1.00,464   0.14   1.06   1.722,314   2.45   1.25   1.08		_			
Investment Banks   Scheduled Banks   847,140   1.06   1,273,797   1.81     Open end Mutual Funds   100,802   0.13   100,464   0.14     Iron   Steel   3,427,319   4.28   1,722,314   2.45     Leather Products and Shoes   20,700   0.03   43,030   0.06     Modarabas   113,252   0.14   3,307   0.00     Paper and Board   555,592   0.69   702,755   1.00     Plastic products		3.486.543	4.36	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Open end Mutual Funds         100,802         0.13         100,464         0.14           Iron / Steel         3,427,319         4.28         1,722,314         2.45           Leather Products and Shoes         20,700         0.03         43,030         0.06           Modarabas         113,252         0.14         3,307         0.00           Paper and Board         555,592         0.69         702,755         1.00           Plastic products         -         -         -         -         -           Production and transmission of energy         2,396,405         2.99         3,199,765         4.55           Real Estate / Construction         6,996,689         8.74         2,011,708         2.86           Rice Processing and trading         -         -         135,000         0.19           Services (Other than Financial,         -         -         135,000         0.19           Sugar         11,157,840         13.94         8,147,222         11.58           Surgical equipment / Metal Products         -         -         -         -         -           Transport and communication         336,049         0.42         2,314,628         3.29           Travel Agencies <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Tron   Steel   3,427,319   4.28   1,722,314   2.45     Leather Products and Shoes   20,700   0.03   43,030   0.06     Modarabas   113,252   0.14   3,307   0.00     Paper and Board   555,592   0.69   702,755   1.00     Plastic products       Production and transmission of energy   2,396,405   2.99   3,199,765   4.55     Real Estate   Construction   6,996,689   8.74   2,011,708   2.86     Rice Processing and trading   135,000   0.19     Services (Other than Financial, Hotelling & Traveling)   20,674   0.03   228,328   0.32     Sugar   11,157,840   13.94   8,147,222   11.58     Surgical equipment   Metal Products       Textile   8,277,139   10.34   5,780,178   8.22     Transport and communication   336,049   0.42   2,314,628   3.29     Travel Agencies       Public sector   Government   7,464,265   9.32   8,844,013   12.57     Others   149,312   0.19   2,628,593   3.74		-			
Leather Products and Shoes       20,700       0.03       43,030       0.06         Modarabas       113,252       0.14       3,307       0.00         Paper and Board       555,592       0.69       702,755       1.00         Plastic products       -       -       -       -       -         Production and transmission of energy       2,396,405       2.99       3,199,765       4.55         Real Estate / Construction       6,996,689       8.74       2,011,708       2.86         Rice Processing and trading       -       -       -       135,000       0.19         Services (Other than Financial, Hotelling & Traveling)       20,674       0.03       228,328       0.32         Sugar       11,157,840       13.94       8,147,222       11.58         Surgical equipment / Metal Products       -       -       -       -         Textile       8,277,139       10.34       5,780,178       8.22         Transport and communication       336,049       0.42       2,314,628       3.29         Travel Agencies       -       -       -       -       -         Public sector / Government       7,464,265       9.32       8,844,013       12.57		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Modarabas         113,252         0.14         3,307         0.00           Paper and Board         555,592         0.69         702,755         1.00           Plastic products         -					
Paper and Board 555,592 0.69 702,755 1.00 Plastic products					
Plastic products					
Production and transmission of energy       2,396,405       2.99       3,199,765       4.55         Real Estate / Construction       6,996,689       8.74       2,011,708       2.86         Rice Processing and trading       -       -       135,000       0.19         Services (Other than Financial,       20,674       0.03       228,328       0.32         Sugar       11,157,840       13.94       8,147,222       11.58         Surgical equipment / Metal Products       -       -       -       -         Textile       8,277,139       10.34       5,780,178       8.22         Transport and communication       336,049       0.42       2,314,628       3.29         Travel Agencies       -       -       -       -       -         Public sector / Government       7,464,265       9.32       8,844,013       12.57         Others       149,312       0.19       2,628,593       3.74	•	-		-	-
Real Estate / Construction       6,996,689       8.74       2,011,708       2.86         Rice Processing and trading       -       -       135,000       0.19         Services (Other than Financial, Hotelling & Traveling)       20,674       0.03       228,328       0.32         Sugar       11,157,840       13.94       8,147,222       11.58         Surgical equipment / Metal Products       -       -       -       -         Textile       8,277,139       10.34       5,780,178       8.22         Transport and communication       336,049       0.42       2,314,628       3.29         Travel Agencies       -       -       -       -       -         Public sector / Government       7,464,265       9.32       8,844,013       12.57         Others       149,312       0.19       2,628,593       3.74		2 396 405	2 99	3 199 765	4 55
Rice Processing and trading       -       -       -       135,000       0.19         Services (Other than Financial, Hotelling & Traveling)       20,674       0.03       228,328       0.32         Sugar       11,157,840       13.94       8,147,222       11.58         Surgical equipment / Metal Products       -       -       -       -       -         Textile       8,277,139       10.34       5,780,178       8.22         Transport and communication       336,049       0.42       2,314,628       3.29         Travel Agencies       -       -       -       -       -         Public sector / Government       7,464,265       9.32       8,844,013       12.57         Others       149,312       0.19       2,628,593       3.74	9,				
Services (Other than Financial, Hotelling & Traveling)       20,674       0.03       228,328       0.32         Sugar       11,157,840       13.94       8,147,222       11.58         Surgical equipment / Metal Products       -       -       -       -         Textile       8,277,139       10.34       5,780,178       8.22         Transport and communication       336,049       0.42       2,314,628       3.29         Travel Agencies       -       -       -       -       -         Public sector / Government       7,464,265       9.32       8,844,013       12.57         Others       149,312       0.19       2,628,593       3.74		-	-		
Hotelling & Traveling)       20,674       0.03       228,328       0.32         Sugar       11,157,840       13.94       8,147,222       11.58         Surgical equipment / Metal Products       -       -       -       -         Textile       8,277,139       10.34       5,780,178       8.22         Transport and communication       336,049       0.42       2,314,628       3.29         Travel Agencies       -       -       -       -         Public sector / Government       7,464,265       9.32       8,844,013       12.57         Others       149,312       0.19       2,628,593       3.74				100,000	0.13
Sugar       11,157,840       13.94       8,147,222       11.58         Surgical equipment / Metal Products       -       -       -       -       -         Textile       8,277,139       10.34       5,780,178       8.22         Transport and communication       336,049       0.42       2,314,628       3.29         Travel Agencies       -       -       -       -         Public sector / Government       7,464,265       9.32       8,844,013       12.57         Others       149,312       0.19       2,628,593       3.74		20.674	0.03	228.328	0.32
Surgical equipment / Metal Products         -	σ σ,	-			
Textile         8,277,139         10.34         5,780,178         8.22           Transport and communication         336,049         0.42         2,314,628         3.29           Travel Agencies         -         -         -         -         -         -           Public sector / Government         7,464,265         9.32         8,844,013         12.57           Others         149,312         0.19         2,628,593         3.74		-		-	-
Transport and communication         336,049         0.42         2,314,628         3.29           Travel Agencies         -         -         -         -         -         -           Public sector / Government         7,464,265         9.32         8,844,013         12.57           Others         149,312         0.19         2,628,593         3.74		8 277 130	10 34	5 780 178	8 22
Travel Agencies         -					
Public sector / Government       7,464,265       9.32       8,844,013       12.57         Others       149,312       0.19       2,628,593       3.74		-		Z,U 1-T,UZU -	J.Z3
Others         149,312         0.19         2,628,593         3.74	•	7 464 265		8 844 013	12 57
80 049 344 100 00 70 348 392 100 00		80,049,344	100.00	70,348,392	100.00

#### 10.6 Sectors of economy used for deployment of Mudarba based USD deposits alongwith equity

	2023		2022	
	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent
Investment Banks / Scheduled Banks GOP Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates Public sector / Government	291,741 1,614,761 120,824	14.39 79.65 5.96	196,666 1,410,714 79,900	11.66 83.61 4.74
	2,027,326	100.00	1,687,280	100.00

# **CONSOLIDATED**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **ASKARI BANK LIMITED**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants 351 Shadman-1, Jail Road, Lahore 54000 Pakistan +92 (42) 111-KPMGTH (576484), Fax +92 (42) 3742 9907

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ASKARI BANK LIMITED

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Askari Bank Limited and its subsidiary ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023 and the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information. In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



#### Following are the Key Audit Matters:

S. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Provision against advances	
	Refer to note 9 and the accounting policies in notes 4.7 to the consolidated financial statements.	Our audit procedures in respect of provision against loans and advances included the following:
	The Group makes provision against advances on a time-based criteria that involves ensuring that all non-performing loans and advances are classified in accordance with the time based criteria specified in the Prudential Regulations (PRs) issued by the	Assessing the design and implementation of controls over classification of advances including:     The accuracy of data input into the system used for disbursement and recovery of
	in the Prudential Regulations (PRs) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).  In addition to the above time-based criteria the PRs require a subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of borrowers to determine the classification of advances.  The PRs also require the Group to recognize general provision against advances portfolio.  The Group has recognized a net provision of Rs. 1,242.68 million against advances in the current year. The Group's advances to the customers represent 29.78% of its total assets as at 31 December 2023 and are stated at Rs. 633.05 billion which is net of provision of Rs. 28.18 billion at the year end.  The determination of provision against advances based on the above criteria remains a significant area of judgement, requiring compliance with	credit facilities; and  Controls over identification of non-performing advances on time-based criteria.  Testing, on a sample basis, credit exposures identified by the management as displaying indicators of impairment, assessed the number of days overdue and assessed appropriateness of amount reported for provision in accordance with the PRs;  Testing, on a sample basis, credit exposure where the management has not identified as displaying indicators of impairment challenged the management's assessment by reviewing the historical performances, account movement and financial ratios and formed our own view whether any impairment indicators are present;
Pakistan, requiring significant time to audit because of its significant risk of material misstatement and of advances relative to the overa statement of financial position of	Prudential Regulations issued by State Bank of Pakistan, requiring significant time and resource to audit because of its significance and inherent risk of material misstatement and the materiality of advances relative to the overall consolidated statement of financial position of the Group, we considered the area of provision against advances as a key audit matter.	<ul> <li>For consumer advances, verifying, on sample basis, repayments of loan / markup installments and checking that performing loans have been correctly classified and categorized;</li> <li>Checking, on a sample basis, accuracy of specific provision against non-performing advances and of general provision against consumer and SME advances by recomputing the provision made in accordance with the criteria prescribed under the PRs; and</li> <li>Assessing the adequacy of presentation and disclosure related to provision against advances as required under the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.</li> </ul>





S. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
2	Valuation of Investments	
	Refer to note 8 and the accounting policies in notes 4.6 to the consolidated financial statements.	Our procedures in respect of valuation of investments included the following:
	As at 31 December 2023, the Group has investments in Federal Government Securities and in ordinary shares and units of mutual funds which are classified as "Available-for-sale", amounting to Rs. 1,110.56 billion which in aggregate represent 52.24% of the total assets of the Group.  Investments are carried at cost or fair value in accordance with the Group's accounting policy relating to their recognition and measurement. Provision against investments is made based on impairment policy of the Group which includes both objective and subjective factors.	<ul> <li>Assessing the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the automated controls in place relating to valuation of investments;</li> <li>Performing recalculation and checking, on a sample basis, the valuation of investments to supporting documents, externally quoted market prices and break-up values;</li> <li>Evaluating the management's assessment of available for sale investments in shares and units for any additional impairment in accordance with the Group's accounting policies and performed an independent assessment of the assumptions; and</li> </ul>
We identified assessing the carrying value of these investment as a key audit matter because of their significance to the financial statements and because assessing the key impairment assumptions involves a significant degree of management judgment in case of investments in shares and units.	Assessing the adequacy of presentation and disclosure requirements under the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan	

#### Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's Annual Report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and, Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
  omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is M. Rehan Chughtai.

Lahore KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Date: March 1, 2024

UDIN: AR202310183WdV7NjJf3

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
Assets			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	5	160,087,467	70,950,067
Balances with other banks	6	14,761,177	9,677,123
Lendings to financial institutions	7	_	406,934
Investments	8	1,182,497,658	762,706,808
Advances	9	633,046,149	583,810,931
Fixed assets	10	27,020,255	24,484,412
Intangible assets	11	1,860,747	1,375,625
Assets held for sale	12	1,750,000	1,750,000
Deferred tax assets	13	8,065,412	7,545,677
Other assets	14	96,684,170	62,973,402
		2,125,773,035	1,525,680,979
Liabilities			
Bills payable	15	12,394,336	11,878,563
Borrowings	16	643,362,665	233,432,089
Deposits and other accounts	17	1,292,794,706	1,142,574,606
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		_	-
Subordinated debts	18	12,000,000	12,000,000
Deferred tax liabilities		_	-
Other liabilities	19	67,525,667	52,463,298
		2,028,077,374	1,452,348,556
Net assets		97,695,661	73,332,423
Represented By			
Share capital	20	14,492,992	12,602,602
Reserves		57,855,752	43,373,595
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax		4,458,455	3,952,356
Unappropriated profit		20,511,764	13,403,870
Non-controlling interest		376,698	_
		97,695,661	73,332,423

#### Contingencies and Commitments

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The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer President & CE Director Director Chairman

# CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022	
Mark-up / return / interest earned Mark-up / return / interest expensed	24 25	305,634,875 246,184,226	165,795,743 125,834,190	
Net mark-up / interest income		59,450,649	39,961,553	
Non mark-up / interest income				
Fee and commission income Dividend income Foreign exchange income Income / (loss) from derivatives	26	7,310,000 711,930 3,896,622 –	5,446,374 486,424 5,494,301 –	
Gain / (loss) on securities	27	780,698	(251,459)	
Other income Total non-markup / interest income	28	13,263,633	443,129 11,618,769	
Total income		72,714,282	51,580,322	
		72,717,202	01,000,022	
Non mark-up / interest expenses				
Operating expenses	29	28,786,370	22,572,388	
Workers' welfare fund Other charges	30 31	533,110 245,543	339,903 167,678	
Total non-markup / interest expenses		29,565,023	23,079,969	
		, ,		
Profit before provisions		43,149,259	28,500,353	
Provisions and write offs – net Extraordinary / unusual items	32	966,361 –	1,042,136 –	
Profit before taxation		42,182,898	27,458,217	
Taxation	33	(20,642,489)	(13,397,858)	
Profit after taxation		21,540,409	14,060,359	
Profit attributable to  Non-controlling interest		51,817	14.060.250	
Equity holders of the Bank		21,488,592	14,060,359	
		21,540,409	14,060,359	
		Rupees		
			Restated	
Basic and diluted earnings per share	34	14.83	9.70	

The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer President & CE Director Director Chairman

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
Profit after taxation for the year		21,540,409	14,060,359
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:			
Effect of translation of net investment in Foreign Branch Movement in deficit on revaluation of investments – net of tax	21	719,284 1,184,212	643,422 (2,586,968)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:		1,903,496	(1,943,546)
Remeasurement gain on defined benefit plan Reversal of deferred tax liability recognized in previous year Movement in surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets Movement in surplus on revaluation of non banking assets	37.8 13	277,917 65,004 - 126,715 469,636	61,504 - 5,159,821 80,386 5,301,711
Total comprehensive income		23,913,541	17,418,524
Total comprehensive income attributable to			
Non-controlling interest Equity holders of the Bank		55,356 23,858,185	- 17,418,524
		23,913,541	17,418,524

The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer President & CE Director Director Chairman

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Cuahanna	Chara			S	urplus / (deficit) c	n revaluation of	Ha	Non	
Rupees in '000	Share capital	Exchange translation reserve	Share premium account	Merger reserve	Statutory reserve	General reserve	Investments	Fixed / Non anking assets	11 1	Non- Controlling interest	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2022	12,602,602	549,520	234,669	-	14,210,403	17,837,459	(4,937,829)	6,925,806	8,618,234	-	56,040,864
Adjustment on disposal of subsidiary – note 8.6	_	-	-	-	(11,500)	(90,254)	(24,358)	-	(853)	-	(126,965)
Balance as at January 1, 2022 (Restated)	12,602,602	549,520	234,669	-	14,198,903	17,747,205	(4,962,187)	6,925,806	8,617,381	-	55,913,899
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022											
Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31,2022 Other comprehensive income Transfer to:	-	643,422	-	-	-	-	(2,586,968)	- 5,240,207	14,060,359 61,504	-	14,060,359 3,358,165
Statutory reserve General reserve	-	-	-	-	1,406,160 -	- 8,593,716	-	-	(1,406,160) (8,593,716)	-	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of assets to unappropriated profit	-	-	-	-	1,406,160	8,593,716	-	(664,502)	(9,999,876) 664,502	-	-
Balance as at January 1, 2023	12,602,602	1,192,942	234,669	-	15,605,063	26,340,921	(7,549,155)	11,501,511	13,403,870	-	73,332,423
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023											
Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2023 Other comprehensive income Transfer to:	-	- 719,284	-	-	-	-	- 1,181,925	- 1 <u>2</u> 6,715	21,488,592 341,669	51,817 3,539	21,540,409 2,373,132
Statutory reserve General reserve	-	-	-	-	2,143,466	13,381,442	-	-	(2,143,466) (13,381,442)	-	-
	-	-	-	-	2,143,466	13,381,442	-	-	(15,524,908)	-	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of assets to unappropriated profit on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(802,541)	802,541	-	-
Transaction with owners, recorded directly in equity											
Bonus shares issued Acquisition of subsidiary	1,890,390	-	(234,669)	- 128,355	-	(1,655,721)	-	-	-	- 321,342	- 449,697
Balance as at December 31, 2023	14,492,992	1,912,226	-	128,355	17,748,529	38,066,642	(6,367,230)	10,825,685	20,511,764	376,698	97,695,661

The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer President & CE Director Director Chairman

## **Askari Bank Limited**

## CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
Cash flow from operating activities			
Profit before taxation Less: dividend income		42,182,898 (711,930)	27,458,217 (486,424)
		41,470,968	26,971,793
Adjustments: Depreciation Amortization Depreciation on ROU assets Markup expense on lease liability against ROU assets Termination of lease contracts under IFRS – 16 Leases Charge for defined benefit plans Provisions and write offs – net Unrealized gain on revaluation of securities Gain on sale of fixed assets	32	990,509 181,584 1,722,707 1,061,886 (13,731) 501,872 1,093,302 (22,049) (25,960) 5,490,120	913,636 142,765 1,579,354 912,324 (13,700) 439,130 1,126,726 (52,977)
		46,961,088	32,019,051
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets Lendings to financial institutions Held for trading securities Advances Other assets (excluding advance taxation)		436,656 (69,721) (50,500,270) (36,533,025) (86,666,360)	(406,934) (464,718) (107,117,592) (18,774,977) (126,764,221)
Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities		(80,000,300)	(120,704,221)
Bills payable Borrowings from financial institutions Deposits Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		515,773 409,930,576 150,220,100 13,296,611	1,643,189 109,868,328 127,144,538 11,146,999
		573,963,060	249,803,054
Payment made to defined benefit plan Income tax paid		534,257,788 (275,748) (18,582,802)	155,057,884 (439,344) (13,102,103)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities		515,399,238	141,516,437
Cash flow from investing activities			
Net investments in available for sale securities Net investments in held to maturity securities Acquisition of subsidiary Dividend received Investments in operating fixed assets Investments in intangible assets Proceeds from non banking assets Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branch		(474,811,526) 56,059,165 585,750 712,463 (2,007,985) (699,639) 751,400 39,285 719,284	(162,775,307) 10,526,966 - 482,659 (1,402,220) (333,279) 1,237,002 71,436 643,422
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(418,651,803)	(151,549,321)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Payments against lease liabilities Dividends paid		(2,523,755) (2,226)	(2,218,190) (8,818)
Net cash flow used in financing activities		(2,525,981)	(2,227,008)
Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		94,221,454	(12,259,892)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	35	80,627,190	92,887,082
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	35	174,848,644	80,627,190

The annexed notes 1 to 48 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer President & CE Director Director Chairman

#### 1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Group consists of Askari Bank Limited, the holding company and Foundation Securities Limited, a 51% owned subsidiary.

Askari Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated in Pakistan on October 9, 1991 as a Public Limited Company and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Bank is situated at AWT Plaza, the Mall, Rawalpindi. The Bank is a scheduled commercial Bank and is principally engaged in the business of banking as defined in the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962. The Fauji Consortium: comprising of Fauji Foundation (FF), Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited (FFCL) and Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited (FFBL) collectively owned 71.91 (2022: 71.91) percent shares of the Bank as on December 31, 2023. The ultimate parent of the Group is Fauji Foundation. The Bank has 660 branches (2022: 600 branches); 659 in Pakistan and Azad Jammu and Kashmir including 137 (2022: 120) Islamic Banking branches and 63 (2022: 57) sub-branches and a Wholesale Bank Branch (WBB) in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

Foundation Securities (Private) Limited (FSL) was incorporated in Pakistan on January 18, 2005 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 as a private limited company. The Group holds 51% Ordinary Shares of FSL. The principal activity includes equity and commodity brokerage, equity research and corporate financial advisory services. The registered office of FSL is situated in Karachi.

The Board of Directors of the Group in its meeting held on October 27, 2023 has approved the establishment of a wholly owned Exchange Company with an authorized share capital of Rs. 1,000 million (Rs.1.0 billion), subject to the approval/clearance by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and completion of other regulatory compliance requirements.

#### 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These consolidated financial statements have been presented in accordance with the requirements of format prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan's BPRD Circular No. 2 dated January 25, 2018.

In accordance with the directives of the Federal Government regarding shifting of the banking system to Islamic modes, the SBP has issued various circulars from time to time. One permissible form of trade related mode of financing comprises of purchase of goods by the Group from its customers and resale to them at appropriate mark-up in price on a deferred payment basis. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facilities actually utilized and the appropriate portion of profit thereon.

The financial results of the Islamic banking branches have been consolidated in these consolidated financial statements for reporting purposes, after eliminating material inter-branch transactions / balances. Key figures of the Islamic banking branches are disclosed in Annexure - II to these consolidated financial statements.

Items included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak. Rupee, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.1 Statement Of Compliance

These are consolidated financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;

**Effective date** 

- Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and Companies Act, 2017; and
- Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

Wherever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives, shall prevail.

The State Bank of Pakistan has deferred the applicability of IFAS 3 'Profit and Loss Sharing on Deposits', vide BPRD Circular No.04 dated February 25, 2015, International Accounting Standard 39,"Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" (IAS 39) and International Accounting Standard 40, Investment Property, vide BSD Circular Letter no. 10 dated August 26, 2002, for banking companies till further instructions. Further, the SECP, through S.R.O 411(1)/2008 dated April 28, 2008, has deferred the applicability of IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, to banks. SBP vide BPRD Circular No. 07 of 2023 dated April 13, 2023 extended the date of implementation of IFRS-9 to January 01, 2024 (previously SBP vide BPRD Circular Letter No. 03 of 2022 dated July 5, 2022 has deferred the applicability of IFRS 9 to banks to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023). Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirement prescribed by the SBP through various circulars. The estimated impact of adoption of IFRS-9 - "Financial Instruments" is disclosed in note 2.3.

IFRS-10 Consolidated Financial Statements was made applicable from period beginning on or after January 01, 2015 vide S.R.O 633(I)/2014 dated July 10, 2014 by SECP. However, SECP has directed through S.R.O 56(I) /2016 dated January 28, 2016, that the requirements of consolidation under section 228 of Companies Act 2017 and IFRS-10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" is not applicable in case of investment by companies in mutual funds established under Trust structure. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

### 2.2 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year

There are certain new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that have become applicable to the Group for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. These are considered either not relevant or not to have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### 2.3 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

Following standards and amendments to published accounting standards will be effective in future periods and have not been early adopted by the Group.

		(periods ending on or after)
IFRS 16	Lease liablity in a sale and lease back arrangement (amendments to IFRS 16 in September 2022).	January 1, 2024
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (amendments)	Not yet finalized
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements (Amendments)	Not yet finalized
IAS 21	Lack of exchangeability (amendments to IAS 21).	January 1, 2025

#### **IFRS 9 Financial Instruments**

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, which replaces current accounting and reporting standards which are relevant for financial instruments, is effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and was endorsed by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in July 2022 via BPRD Circular no 3 of 2022. SBP via same circular has finalized the instructions on IFRS 9 (Application Instructions) for ensuring smooth and consistent implementation of the standard in the banks. IFRS 9, in particular the impairment requirements, will lead to significant changes in the accounting for financial instruments. Wherever the requirements of the application instructions issued by SBP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the said application instructions have been followed.

#### Governance, ownership and responsibilities

The Group has adopted a governance framework requiring risk management, financial reporting, technology and operational support functions to work together with business lines ensuring effective input. IFRS 9 requires robust credit risk models that can predict PDs, LGDs and EADs and such concerned functions within the Group will regularly review, test, calibrate and validate methodologies, data as per applicable guidance and best practices for effective ECL computation and appropriate financial disclosure.

#### Classification and measurement

The classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on how these are managed (the entity's business model) and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets that do not meet the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criteria are measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) regardless of the business model in which they are held. The entity's business model in which financial assets are held will determine whether the financial assets are measured at Amortised Cost (AC), Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) or FVTPL. The classification of equity instruments is generally measured as FVTPL unless the Group elects for FVTOCI at initial recognition. Moreover, the decision can be made on a scrip by scrip basis and even on individual purchase basis. Although gains and losses on investments in equity instruments designated at FVOCI will be recognized in other comprehensice income. However, dividends will normally be recognized in profit and loss account. No capital gain will be routed through profit and loss account.

When classifying each financial asset, the Group will carry out the following tests:

- (a) Business model test reflecting the way in which the financial assets are managed; and
- (b) Contractual Cash Flow Characteristics Test i.e. whether the contractual cash flows from the financial asset represents, on specified dates, SPPI on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset will be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows; and
- (b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely based on payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset will be measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- (b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely based on payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset debt instruments where the business model objectives are achieved by collecting the contractual cash flows and by selling the assets ('hold to collect and sell') and that have SPPI cash flows are held at FVOCI, with unrealised gains or losses deferred in reserves until the asset is derecognised. In certain circumstances, non-trading equity instruments can be irrevocably designated as FVOCI but both unrealised and realised gains or losses are recognised in reserves and no amounts other than dividends received are recognised in the profit and loss account.

A financial asset will be measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income. Where the objective of a business is to manage financial assets on a fair value basis, the instruments within that business model are measured at FVTPL.

SBP has advised banks to measure investment in unquoted equity securities at lower of cost or breakup value till 31 December 2024. In case where the breakup value of such securities is less than the cost, the difference of the cost and the breakup value will be classified as loss and provided for by charging it to the Profit and Loss account.

Any security which fails the SPPI test would be measured at FVTPL. At present, debt financial instruments at the Group will be classified at AC, FVOCI or FVTPL. Therefore, simple transition would be as follows:

- (a) Securities classifed as Held to Maturity to be reclassified as AC;
- (b) Securities designated as Held for Trading to be classified as FVTPL; and
- (c) Securities designated as Available for Sale to be classified as FVOCI.

The process / rationale for choosing a classification category as defined in all cases above is required to be documented and presented to the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) for approval.

Any subsequent reclassification of financial assets would be allowed only when, the Group changes its business model for managing these financial assets. Reclassifications of financial assets will only be made in exceptional cases as they will only occur when the Group significantly changes the way it does business. The reclassification of financial assets managed under different business models should require valid rationale for the change in the business model that has led to the reclassification and will be effective with prior approval of the Board. However, such reclassifications are expected to be rare.

There has been no change to the requirements in respect of the classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

The derecognition requirements have also been carried forward unchanged from accounting and reporting standards (ARS) currently applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Expected credit loss (ECL)**

ECLs are generally measured based on the risk of default over one of two different time horizons, depending on whether the credit risk of the customer has increased significantly since the exposure was first recognized. The loss allowance for those exposures where the credit risk has not increased significantly ('Stage 1' exposures) is based on 12-months ECLs. The allowance for those exposures that have suffered a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) ('Stage 2' and 'Stage 3' exposures) is based on lifetime ECLs. The assets that are covered under the IFRS 9 impairment requirements, comprises as under:

(i) Loans and advances that are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income;

- (ii) Debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- (iii) Financing commitments that are not measured at fair value through profit and loss; and
- (iv) Financial guarantee contracts that are not measured at fair value through profit and loss.

The Group has the following financial asset portfolios that are subject to ECL computations:

- (i) Loans and Advances which are sub-divided into different segments based on their risk characteristics.
- (ii) Non-funded facilities
- (iii) Investments in debt instruments
- (iv) Lending to financial institutions
- (v) Balances with banks

As per the application instructions issued by SBP, the credit exposure in local currency that has been guaranteed by the Government and Government Securities are exempted from the application of ECL Framework. Moreover, until implementation of IFRS 9 has stabilized, a two-track approach is required i.e. Stage 1 and Stage 2 provision to be made as per IFRS 9 ECL and stage 3's provision to be made higher of IFRS 9 ECL or PR's requirement.

The Group will perform ECL calculation of credit exposure of the Group categorizing in the Regulatory Segments i.e. Corporate Banking, Commercial and Small & Medium Enterprises, Financial Institutions, Agriculture and Consumer Financing. ECLs are not recognised for equity instruments designated at FVOCI.

The credit models that are used to derive ECL have three main components – forward-looking PD, LGD and EAD. These elements are defined as follows:

- PD: The probability that a counterparty will default, calibrated over the 12 months from the reporting date (stage 1) or over the lifetime of the product (stage 2) and incorporating forward looking information.
- LGD: It is an estimate of magnitude of loss sustained on any facility upon default by a customer. It is
  expressed as a percentage of the exposure outstanding on the date of classification of an obligor. It is
  the difference between contractual cash flows due and those that the Group expects to receive/recover,
  including any form of collateral.
- EAD: the expected balance sheet exposure at the time of default, incorporating expectations on drawdowns, amortisation, pre-payments and forward-looking information where relevant.

The Group's ECL calculator will incorporate all possible forward-looking macro-economic scenarios for calculations. For this purpose, three scenarios will be considered detailed as under:

- Base Case Scenario: Base case forecasts will be calculated using the externally sourced macroeconomic indicators.
- Improved Case Scenario: Base case data will be adjusted with positive developments in macroeconomic indicators.
- Worst Case Scenario: Base case data will be adjusted with negative developments in macroeconomic indicators.

For the purpose of calculation of ECL, the Group has used quarterly data from March 2017 to September 2023 for calculation of PD till 31 December 2023 and going forward, one more year's data will be included until the Group has at least ten years' data. For calculating ECL, the Group will classify its financial assets under three following categories:

- (a) Stage 1: Performing Assets: Financial assets where there has not been a SICR since initial recognition, the Group will recognize an allowance based on the 12-month ECL.
- (b) Stage 2: Under-Performing Assets: Financial assets where there has been a SICR since initial recognition, but they are not credit impaired, the Group will recognize an allowance for the lifetime ECL for all exposures categorized in this stage based on the actual maturity profile.
- (c) Stage 3: Non-Performing Assets: Financial assets which have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. The Group will recognize ECL on these financial assets using the higher off approach, which means that lifetime ECL computed under IFRS 9, is compared with regulatory provision required as per Prudential regulations.

Any changes in lifetime expected losses after initial recognition are charged or credited to the profit and loss account through 'Impairment'.

The measurement of ECLs across all stages is required to reflect an unbiased and probability weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of reasonably possible outcomes using reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. The period considered when measuring ECL is the shorter of the expected life and the contractual term of the financial asset. SBP has advised banks to recognize income on impaired assets (loans classified under PRs i.e. OAEM and Stage 3 loans) on a receipt basis in accordance with the requirements of PR issued by SBP.

#### Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

A SICR is assessed in the context of an increase in the risk of a default occurring over the life of the financial instrument when compared to that expected at the time of initial recognition. It is not assessed in the context of an increase in the ECL. The Group uses a number of qualitative and quantitative measures in assessing SICR. Quantitative measures relate to deterioration of Obligor Risk Ratings (ORR) or where principal and / or interest payments are 60 days or more past due. Qualitative factors include unavailability of financial information and pending litigations.

Based on the level of increase in credit risk, the Group will calculate 12 month ECL for assets which did not have a SICR i.e., Stage 1 or a lifetime expected loss for the life of the asset (for assets which demonstrated a SICR) i.e., Stage 2.

At every reporting date, the Group will assess whether there has been a SICR since the initial recognition of the asset. If there is a SICR, the asset must be assigned to the appropriate stage of credit impairment (Stage 2 or 3).

#### **Definition of default**

The definition of default used by the Group is the same as that mentioned within the Standard and will be applied consistently to all financial instruments unless information becomes available that demonstrates that another default definition is more appropriate for a particular financial instrument. For determination of default of a financial instrument, qualitative considerations must also be considered. IFRS 9 provides a backstop of 90 days past due after which there is a rebuttable presumption that the financial asset is in default. However, for Trade Bills, the DPD criteria will apply after lapse of 179 days from the due date.

#### Improvement in credit risk / Curing

As required by the Application Instructions, financial assets may be reclassified out of stage 3 if they meet the requirements of Prudential Regulations (PR) issued by SBP. Financial assets in stage 2 may be reclassified to stage 1 if the conditions that led to a SICR no longer apply.

#### Low Credit Risk Assets (LCRAs)

The Group will develop policies to determine assets that can be considered as 'low credit risk'. The assets with low credit risks include:

- (i) Investments (debt instruments) having rating AA- and above from an external rating agency at the reporting date.
- (ii) All exposures on multilateral development agencies.
- (iii) Sovereign exposures (in foreign currency) having with investment grade rating BBB and above from an external rating agency at the reporting date.

#### Impact of adoption of IFRS 9

The Group will adopt IFRS 9 in its entirety effective January 01, 2024 with modified retrospective approach for restatement. In accordance with IFRS 9, the Group will not restate comparative information with respect to impairment changes. Any differences in the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities consequent to the adoption of IFRS 9 will be recognised in retained earnings and reserves as at 1 January 2024.

The actual impact of adopting IFRS 9 on the Group's financial statements in the year 2024 may not be accurately estimated at December 31, 2023 because it will be dependent on the financial instruments that the Group would hold during 2024 and economic conditions at that time as well as accounting elections and judgements that it will make in future. Nevertheless, the Group has performed a preliminary assessment of the potential impact of adoption of IFRS 9 based on its statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023. Although parallel run regulatory reporting has been carried out till third quarter of 2023, the new systems and associated controls in place have not been operational for a more extended period. Further the Group is in the process of refining its LGD model. However, for estimating LGD as at December 31, 2023, the Group has used LGD percentages prescribed under Basel Foundation - Internal Rating Based approach for stage I and stage II financial assets. In case for stage III financial assets, the Group calculated a percentage by taking an average of the outstanding NPL amount and the recovery covering period of five years. Moreover, for EAD calculation, the Group is in the process of refining its model for Credit Conversion Factors (CCFs) and therefore currently using more conservative CCFs prescribed by Basel Committee on Banking Supervision for calculation of RWA for credit risk. The Group has recognized ECL on the stage 3 financial assets using the higher off approach, which means that ECL on such financial assets computed under IFRS 9 is compared with the regulatory provision required under Prudential regulations.

The total estimated adjustment (net of tax) of the adoption of IFRS 9 on the opening balance of the Group's equity at January 01, 2024 is approximately Rs. 5,108 million.

#### Impact on regulatory capital

The banks are allowed to include provisions for Stage 1 and Stage 2 in Tier 2 capital up to a limit of 1.25% of total credit risk-weighted assets. In order to mitigate the impact of ECL provisioning on capital, a transitional arrangement is allowed to the banks to absorb the impact on regulatory capital. Accordingly, the Group, has choosen to apply transitional arrangement and implementing this arrangement in accordance with SBP's Guideline for absorption of ECL for CAR Purposes as mentioned in Annexure-B of BPRD Circular No. 3 of 2022.

The transitional arrangement will adjust CET1 capital. where there is a reduction in CET1 capital due to new provisions, net of tax effect, upon adoption of an ECL accounting model, the decline in CET1 capital (the "transitional adjustment amount") will be partially included (i.e. added back) to CET1 capital over the "transition period" of five years.

	As per adopted IFRS 9	As per current Accounting and Reporting Framework
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	14.53%	15.12%
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	15.50%	16.09%
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	17.44%	18.35%

The State Bank of Pakistan issued revised formats for annual and quaterly financial statements of interim/ annual financial statements for banks/DFIs and MFBs which is applicable from 1st quarter of 2024 and year ending 31 December 2024 respectively.

Apart from impact of IFRS 9 as above, there are other new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024 but are considered either not relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Group's operations and are therefore not detailed in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The areas of assumptions and estimates are significant to the Group's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in the application of accounting policies are as follows:

- i) classification of investments (note 4.6)
- ii) provision against investments (note 4.6) and advances (note 4.7)
- iii) valuation of available for sale securities (note 4.6)
- iv) impairment of available for sale and held to maturity securities (note 4.6.2 and 4.18)
- v) useful life of property and equipment and intangible assets (note 4.8)
- vi) staff retirement benefits (note 4.14)
- vii) taxation (note 4.17)
- viii) IFRS 16 Leases (note 4.10)
- ix) Fair value of derivatives (note 4.23)

#### 3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for certain investments and derivative financial instruments which are carried at fair value, non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims, freehold and leasehold land which are shown at revalued amounts and staff retirement gratuity and compensated absences which are carried at present value.

#### 4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

# Annual Report 2023

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 4.1 Changes in accounting policies

There has been no change in the accounting policies implemented by the Group during the current year.

#### 4.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiary company, FSL with 51% holding (2022: 47.12%) collectively referred to as "the Group".

Subsidiary is that enterprise in which the holding company directly or indirectly controls, beneficially owns or holds more than 50% of the voting securities or otherwise has the power to elect and appoint more than 50% of its directors. The financial statements of the subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date control commences until the date that control ceases.

Material intra-group balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Non-controlling interests are part of net results of the operations and of net assets of the subsidiary attributable to interests which are not owned by the Group. Non-controlling interests are presented as separate item in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 4.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks and call money lending.

#### 4.4 Lending (reverse repo)

Consideration for securities purchased under resale agreement (reverse repo) are included in lending to financial institutions. The difference between purchase and resale price is recognized as mark-up / return earned on a time proportion basis. Reverse repo balances are reflected under lending to financial institutions.

#### 4.5 Bai Muajjal receivable from other financial institutions

In Bai Muajjal, the Group sells sukuk on deferred payment basis to other financial institutions. The deferred price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period. Bai Muajjal balances are reflected under lending to financial institutions. Bai Muajjal with the Federal Government is classified as investment.

#### 4.6 Investments

Investments are classified as follows:

#### Held for trading

These represent securities acquired with the intention to trade by taking advantage of short-term market / interest rate movements and are to be sold within 90 days of acquisition.

#### Available for sale

These represent securities which do not fall under 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories.

#### Held to maturity

These represent securities acquired with the intention and ability to hold them upto maturity.

#### 4.6.1 Initial measurement

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognized at trade date, which is the date at which the Group commits to purchase or sell the investments except for money market and foreign exchange contracts, other than ready market transactions, which are recognized at settlement date.

In case of investments classified as held for trading, transaction costs are expensed through profit and loss account. Transaction costs associated with investments other than those classified as held for trading are included in the cost of investments.

#### 4.6.2 Subsequent measurement

#### Held for trading

These are marked to market and surplus / deficit arising on revaluation of 'held for trading' investments is taken to profit and loss account in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the SBP through various circulars.

#### Available for sale

In accordance with the requirements of various circulars of SBP, available for sale securities for which ready quotations are available on Reuters Page (PKRV) or Stock Exchanges are valued at market value and the resulting surplus / deficit is taken through "Statement of comprehensive Income (OCI)" and is shown in the shareholders' equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. Break-up value of equity securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee as per the latest audited financial statements. If the break-up value is less than cost the difference is included in profit and loss account. Unquoted debt securities are valued using the market value of secondary market where available.

Investments in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment losses.

#### Held to maturity

These are carried at amortized cost less impairment, determined in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

#### Investment in associates

Investment in associates is accounted for under the equity method. It is initially recognized at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and OCI of equity-accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence ceases.

#### 4.7 Advances

Advances are stated net of specific and general provisions. Specific provision is determined in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP from time to time. In addition, a general provision is maintained for advances against consumer and small enterprises in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations and provision based on historical loan experience. General and specific provisions pertaining to overseas advances are made in accordance with the requirements of the regulatory authorities of the respective countries.

The provisions against non-performing advances are charged to the profit and loss account. Advances are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

The Group reviews its loan portfolio to assess the amount of non-performing advances and provision required there against on regular basis. While assessing this requirement various factors including the delinquency in the account, financial position of the borrowers and the requirements of the Prudential Regulations are considered.

#### 4.7.1 Finance lease receivables

Leases where the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee are classified as finance leases. A receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of the lease payments including any guaranteed residual value. Finance lease receivables are included in advances to the customers.

#### 4.7.2 Islamic financing and related assets

Ijarahs booked under Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 2 - Ijarah (IFAS - 2) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment if any, and are shown under advances.

Depreciation on Ijarah assets is charged to profit and loss account by applying the straight line method whereby the depreciable value of Ijarah assets is written off over the Ijarah period. The Group charges depreciation from the date of delivery of respective assets to Mustajir upto the date of maturity / termination of Ijarah agreement. Impairment of Ijarah assets is determined in accordance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

In Murabaha transactions, the Group purchases the goods through its agent or client and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer on cost plus profit basis either in a spot or credit transaction. Under Murabaha financing, funds disbursed for purchase of goods are recorded as 'Advance against Murabaha finance'. On culmination of Murabaha i.e. sale of goods to customers, Murabaha financing are recorded at the deferred sale price. Goods purchased but remaining unsold at the statement of financial position date are recorded as inventories.

In Salam financing, the Group pays full in advance to its customer for buying specified goods / commodities to be delivered to the Group within an agreed time. The goods are then sold and the amount financed is received back by the Group along with profit.

In Musharakah a relationship is established under a contract by the mutual consent of the Group and the customer for sharing of profits and losses arising from a joint enterprise or venture.

Diminishing Musharaka (DM) is a form of co-ownership in which Group and the customer share the ownership of a tangible asset in an agreed proportion and customer undertakes to buy in periodic installments the proportionate share of the Group until the title to such tangible asset is completely transferred to the customer. The rental payment is recognized as profit while the assets transfer / sale payments are applied towards reducing the outstanding principal.

In Istisna financing, the Group acquires the described goods to be manufactured by the customer from raw material of its own and deliver to the Group within an agreed time. The goods are then sold and the amount financed is received back by the Group along with profit.

In Running Musharaka based financing, the Group enters into financing with the customer based on Shirkatul-Aqd or Business Partnership in the customer's operating business where the funds can be withdrawn or refunded during the Musharakah period.

#### 4.8 Fixed assets and depreciation

#### Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

#### Property and equipment

Fixed assets are stated at cost less impairment losses and accumulated depreciation except for freehold / leasehold land. Land is carried at revalued amounts which is not depreciated. Land is revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from their fair value. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized. Gains and losses on disposal of operating fixed assets are taken to the profit and loss account.

Surplus arising on revaluation of fixed assets is credited to the surplus on revaluation of assets account and is shown under the shareholders' equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. Except to the extent actually realized on disposal of land which are revalued, the surplus on revaluation of land shall not be applied to set-off or reduce any deficit or loss, whether past, current or future, or in any manner applied, adjusted or treated so as to add to the income, profit or surplus of the Group or utilized directly or indirectly by way of dividend or bonus. Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of associated deferred tax) to the extent of the incremental depreciation charged on the related assets is transferred to unappropriated profit.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized from the month when these assets are available for use, using the straight line method, whereby the cost of the intangible assets are amortized over its estimated useful lives over which economic benefits are expected to flow to the Group. The useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

#### Depreciation / amortization

Depreciation / amortization is computed on monthly basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets at the rates set out in notes 10.2 and 11.1 respectively on a monthly basis. The cost of assets is depreciated / amortized on straight line basis, except for buildings which are depreciated on reducing balance method. Depreciation / amortization commences when the related asset is available for use and discontinues when the asset is disposed off or retired from the active use. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred.

In making estimates of the depreciation / amortization, the management uses useful life and residual value which reflects the pattern in which economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the Group. The useful life and the residual value are reviewed at each financial year end and any change in these estimates in future years might effect the carrying amounts of the respective item of operating fixed assets with the corresponding effect on depreciation / amortization charge.

#### 4.9 Assets held for sale

Non-current assets and associated liabilities are classified as held for sale when their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than continuing use and a sale is highly probable. Assets designated as held for sale are carried at the lower of carrying amount at designation and fair value less costs to sell, if fair value can reasonably be determined.

#### 4.10 IFRS 16 - Leases

A lessee recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset representing its right of using the underlying asset and a corresponding lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of lease payment, discounted using the Group's contract wise incremental borrowing rate. The lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is also remeasured to reflect any reassessment or change in lease terms. These remeasurements of lease liabilities are recognised as adjustments to the carrying amount of related ROU assets after the date of initial recognition.

Each lease payment is allocated between a reduction of the liability and a finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the profit and loss account as markup expense over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The ROU assets are initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred. ROU assets are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation. The ROU assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The estimated useful lives of ROU assets are determined on the same basis as that used for owned assets. The ROU assets are reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of lease liability.

#### 4.11 Borrowings (Repo)

Consideration received against securities sold under repurchase agreement (repo) are included in borrowings from financial institutions. The difference between sale and repurchase price is recognized as mark-up / return expensed on a time proportion basis.

#### 4.12 Deposits

Deposits are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received. Markup accrued on deposits is recognized separately as part of other liabilities and is charged to profit and loss account on a time proportion basis.

The Group generates deposits in two modes i.e. "Qard" and "Modaraba" under Islamic Banking Operations. Deposits taken on Qard basis are classified as 'Current Accounts' and deposits generated on Modaraba basis are classified as 'Saving Accounts' and 'Fixed Deposit Accounts'.

#### 4.13 Subordinated debts

Subordinated debts are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Mark-up on subordinated debts is charged to the profit and loss account over the period on accrual basis.

#### 4.14 Staff retirement benefits

#### **Defined benefit plan**

The Group operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its regular employees. Contributions are made in accordance with the actuarial recommendation. The actuarial valuation is carried out periodically using "Projected Unit Credit Method".

Actuarial gain / losses arising from experience adjustment and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period of occurrence. Past service cost is recognized as expense when the plan is amended.

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted as disclosed in note 37 of these consolidated financial statements for the actuarial valuation of staff retirement benefit plans. Actuarial assumptions are entity's best estimates of the variables that will determine the ultimate cost of providing post employment benefits. Changes in these assumptions in future years may affect the liability / asset under these plans in those years.

#### **Defined contribution plan**

The Group operates a recognized provident fund scheme for all its regular employees for which equal monthly contributions are made both by the Group and by the employees at the rate of 8.33% of the basic salary of the employee.

#### Compensated absences

The Group provides compensated absences to all its regular employees. Liability for unfunded scheme is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation using the "Projected Unit Credit Method". Provision for the year is charged to consolidated profit and loss account. The amount recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations. Actuarial gain / losses arising from experience adjustment and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the profit and loss account in the period of occurrence.

#### 4.15 Foreign currencies

#### Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions other than results of foreign operations are translated into Pak. Rupee at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated to Pak. Rupee at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Forward transactions in foreign currencies and are valued at the rates applicable to the remaining maturities. Exchange gains and losses are included in consolidated profit and loss account currently.

#### Foreign operation

The assets and liabilities of Wholesale Bank Branch are translated to Pak. Rupee at exchange rates prevailing at the date of consolidated statement of financial position. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated at the average rate of exchange for the year.

#### Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses are included in consolidated profit and loss account, except those arising on translation of the Bank's net investment in foreign operations which are taken to equity under "Exchange Translation Reserve" through other comprehensive income and on disposal are recognized in consolidated profit and loss account.

#### Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed in these consolidated financial statements at committed amounts. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in Rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date.

#### 4.16 Revenue recognition

Mark-up / interest on advances and return on investments is recognized on time proportionate basis except on classified advances and investments which is recognized on receipt basis. Mark-up / interest on rescheduled / restructured advances and investments is recognized as permitted by the regulations of the SBP or overseas regulatory authority of the country where branch operates, except where in the opinion of the management it would not be prudent to do so.

Where debt securities are purchased at a premium or discount, such premium / discount is amortised through the profit and loss account over the remaining period of maturity using effective yield method.

Fees and commission income is recognized at the time of performance of service.

Dividend income is recognized when Group's right to receive the income is established.

Gains or losses on sale of investments are recognized in consolidated profit and loss account.

Financing method is used in accounting for income from lease financing. Under this method, the unearned lease income (excess of the sum of the total lease rentals and estimated residual value over the cost of leased assets) is deferred and taken to income over the term of the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the outstanding net investment in lease. Repossessed vehicles on account of loan default are recorded in memorandum account.

Unrealized lease income is suspended on classified leases, in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. Gains / losses on termination of lease contracts, documentation charges, frontend fees and other lease income are recognized as income on receipt basis.

Profit on Murabaha sale transaction not due for the payment is deferred by recording a credit to the "Deferred Murabaha Income" account.

Profits on Musharaka and Diminishing Musharaka financings are recognized on accrual basis. Profit required to be suspended in compliance with the Prudential Regulations issued by SBP is recorded on receipt basis.

Profit on Salam finance is recognized on time proportionate basis.

Rental income from Ijarah financing is recognised on an accrual basis. Depreciation on Ijarah asset is charged to income (net-off rental income) over the period of Ijarah using the straight line method.

Profit on Istisna financing is recognised on a time proportionate basis.

#### 4.17 Taxation

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income. In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Group, the management considers the current income tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into consideration available tax credits and rebates at a tax rate enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments where considered necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during the year.

#### **Prior years**

The tax charge for prior years represents adjustments to the tax charge for prior years, arising from assessments, change in estimates and retrospectively applied changes to law, made during the year.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is provided for by using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the date of consolidated statement of financial position. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profit will be available and credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax, on revaluation of investments, if any, is recognized as an adjustment to surplus / (deficit) arising on such revaluation.

## **Askari Bank Limited**

#### 4.18 Impairment

#### Available for sale

The Group determines that available for sale equity investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of these investments below their cost. The determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the normal volatility in share price in case of listed securities. Impairment loss on available for sale debt securities is determined in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by SBP.

#### Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Group's assets are reviewed at the reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is recognized as expense in the consolidated profit and loss account. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 4.19 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation. These assets are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that their net carrying value does not differ materially from their fair value. Surplus arising on revaluation of such properties is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of non banking assets' account and any deficit arising on revaluation is taken to profit and loss account directly. Legal fees, transfer costs and direct costs of acquiring title to property are charged to profit and loss account and are not capitalized.

#### 4.20 Other provisions

Provisions are recognized when there are present, legal or constructive obligations as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amounts can be made. Provision for guarantee claims and other off balance sheet obligations is recognized when intimated and reasonable certainty exists to settle the obligations. Expected recoveries are recognized by debiting customer accounts. Charge to consolidated profit and loss account is stated net off expected recoveries.

#### 4.21 Off-setting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only set-off and the net amount is reported in the consolidated financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amount and the Group expects either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 4.22 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument. Financial assets are de-recognized when the contractual right to future cash flows from the asset expires or is transferred along with the risk and reward of the asset. Financial liabilities are de-recognized when obligation specific in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the financial asset and liability is recognized in the profit and loss account of the current period. The particular recognition and subsequent measurement methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with them.

#### 4.23 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All derivative financial instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to the profit and loss account.

The fair values of derivatives which are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. The valuation techniques take into account the relevant interest rates in effect at the reporting date and the rates contracted.

#### 4.24 Appropriations subsequent to date of consolidated statement of financial position

Appropriations subsequent to year end are recognized during the year in which those appropriations are made.

#### 4.25 Dividend distribution and appropriation

Dividends and appropriations (except for the appropriations required by law), made subsequent to the date of statement of financial position are considered as non-adjusting events and are recorded in the year in which these are approved / transfers are made.

#### 4.26 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted Earnings Per Share (EPS). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

#### 4.27 Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing product or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group's primary format of reporting is based on business segments.

#### 4.27.1 Business segment

#### **Branch banking**

This segment consists of loans, deposits and other banking services including branchless banking services to small enterprises, medium enterprises, agriculture and individual customers.

#### Corporate banking

Corporate banking includes deposits, project financing, trade financing and working capital to corporate and commercial customers of the Bank. This segment is also involved in investment banking activities such as mergers and acquisition, underwriting, privatization, securitization, IPO's related activities and secondary private placements.

#### **Treasury**

Treasury function is mainly engaged in money market activities, foreign exchange business and short term lending and borrowings from counterparties.

#### Consumer banking

Consumer banking segment provides both secured and unsecured loans to retail customers.

## Islamic banking This segment of

This segment provides banking services to its customers in compliance with Shariah rules and directives, instructions and guidelines issued by SBP.

#### Foreign operations

Foreign operations consists of the banking activities performed through its Wholesale Bank Branch in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

#### Head office / others

This consists of banking operations not performed by any of above segments.

#### 4.27.2 Geographical segments

The Group operates in two geographic regions; Pakistan including its allied territories and the Middle East.

#### 4.28 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Group to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Group expects most acceptances to be simultaneously settled with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for in consolidated statement of financial position both as assets and liabilities.

#### 4.29 Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the statement of financial position as they are possible obligations where it has yet to be confirmed whether a liability, which will ultimately result in an outflow of economic resources to settle the obligation, will arise. In cases where the probability of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote, it is not disclosed as a contingent liability.

Rupe	es in '000	Note	2023	2022
5	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS			
	In hand:			
	Local currency Foreign currencies		27,760,857 4,318,238	22,700,376 3,407,920
	With the State Bank of Pakistan in:		32,079,095	26,108,296
	Local currency current accounts Foreign currency current account Foreign currency deposit account	5.1 5.1 5.2	104,626,342 6,885,755 12,873,026	43,901,951 647,093 -
	With National Bank of Pakistan in:		124,385,123	44,549,044
	Local currency current accounts  Prize Bonds		3,573,496 49,753	260,731 31,996
			160,087,467	70,950,067

- **5.1** These represent current accounts maintained with the SBP to comply with the statutory cash reserve requirements.
- **5.2** This represents special cash reserve maintained with the SBP.

Rupe	es in '000	Note	2023	2022
6.	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS			
	In Pakistan			
	In current accounts		191,224	32,629
	In saving accounts		783,724	=
			974,948	32,629
	Outside Pakistan			
	In current accounts		1,557,101	3,383,544
	In deposit accounts	6.1 & 6.2	12,229,132	6,260,952
			13,786,233	9,644,496
	Provision held against balances with other banks		(4)	(2)
			14,761,177	9,677,123

- **6.1** These represent placements with international correspondent banks, carrying interest rates up to 5.08% (2022: up to 2.25%) per annum.
- **6.2** This includes Rs. 832,790 thousand (December 31, 2022: Nil) marked as lien with a correspondent bank against issue of Standby Letter of Credit (SBLC).

Rupee	es in '000	2023	2022	
7.	LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
	Repurchase agreement lendings (reverse repo)		_	406,934
	Purchase under resale arrangement of equity securities	7.1	89,164	118,886
			89,164	525,820
	Provision held against lending to financial institutions	32	(89,164)	(118,886)
	Lendings to financial institutions - net of provision		-	406,934
7.1	Particulars of lending			
	In local currency		89,164	525,820

#### 7.2 Securities held as collateral against lending to financial institution

		2023			2022	
Rupees in '000	Held by the Bank	Further Given as Collateral	Total	Held by the Bank	Further Given as Collateral	Total
Market Treasury Bills	-	-	_	406,934	-	406,934

#### 7.3 Category of classification

	2023	2022	2023	2022
Rupees in '000	Clas	sified Lending	Pro	ovision Held
Domestic				
Loss	89,164	118,886	89,164	118,886

#### 8. INVESTMENTS

0.	HAVESTWEITTS								
		2023			2022				
Duna	an in '000	Cost / amortized cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value	Cost / amortized cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
Rupe	es in '000	amortized cost	diminution	(deficit)	value	arriortized cost	diminution	(delicit)	value
8.1	Investments by type:								
	Held for Trading	544404		00.040	544.540	161740		(50.547)	10.1.074
	Ordinary Shares	544,494	_	22,049	566,543	464,718	_	(60,647)	404,071
	Available for sale securities	544,494	-	22,049	566,543	464,718	-	(60,647)	404,071
	Federal Government Securities	1,117,640,852	(524,796)	(14,605,232)	1,102,510,824	646,356,442	(526,353)	(13,520,293)	632,309,796
	Shares	4,752,010	(597,143)	1,885,567	6,040,434	4,026,368	(787,260)	28,824	3,267,932
	Units of open end mutual funds	1,913,994	(168,124)	259,059	2,004,929	1,833,026	(166,399)	135,283	1,801,910
	Fully paid preference shares	27,314	(11,914)	12,750	28,150	27,314	(11,914)	12,750	28,150
	Non Government Debt Securities	15,836,647	(1,355,068)	(32,425)	14,449,154	13,085,795	(1,319,740)	99,304	11,865,359
	Held to maturity securities	1,140,170,817	(2,657,045)	(12,480,281)	1,125,033,491	665,328,945	(2,811,666)	(13,244,132)	649,273,147
	Federal Government Securities	57,483,266	(585,642)	_	56,897,624	111,642,002	(585,365)	_	111,056,637
	Non Government Debt Securities	110,000	(110,000)	-	-	110,000	(110,000)	-	-
	Foreign securities	-	_	-	_	1,802,310	(5,146)	_	1,797,164
		57,593,266	(695,642)	-	56,897,624	113,554,312	(700,511)	-	112,853,801
	Associate (note 8.6)	-		_		175,789	_	_	175,789
	Total investments	1,198,308,577	(3,352,687)	(12,458,232)	1,182,497,658	779,523,764	(3,512,177)	(13,304,779)	762,706,808
8.2	Investments by segments:								
	Federal Government Securities							()	
	Market Treasury Bills	48,409,706	_	83,982	48,493,688	34,689,698	_	(268,588)	34,421,110
	Pakistan Investment Bonds Euro Bonds	1,052,025,505	(1 110 400)	(770,240)	1,039,584,778	669,174,397	- (1 111 710)	(8,872,459)	660,301,938 12,541,090
	Naya Pakistan Certificates	21,058,165 3,744,996	(1,110,438)	(770,240)	19,177,487 3,744,996	16,916,343 3,282,078	(1,111,718)	(3,263,535)	3,282,078
	ljarah Sukuks	49,885,746	_	(1,478,247)	48,407,499	33,935,928	_	(1,115,711)	32,820,217
	ijaran oukuko	1,175,124,118	(1,110,438)		1,159,408,448	757,998,444	(1,111,718)	(13,520,293)	743,366,433
	Shares	1,173,124,110	(1,110,430)	(14,000,202)	1,109,400,440	707,990, <del>111</del>	(1,111,710)	(10,020,290)	740,000,400
	Listed companies	4,940,824	(591,463)	1,907,616	6,256,977	4,135,406	(781,580)	(31,823)	3,322,003
	Unlisted companies	355,680	(5,680)	-	350,000	355,680	(5,680)	_	350,000
		5,296,504	(597,143)	1,907,616	6,606,977	4,491,086	(787,260)	(31,823)	3,672,003
	Units of open end mutual funds	1,913,994	(168,124)	259,059	2,004,929	1,833,026	(166,399)	135,283	1,801,910
	Fully paid preference shares	27,314	(11,914)	12,750	28,150	27,314	(11,914)	12,750	28,150
	Non Government Debt Securities	2 520 422	(204,429)	(20.665)	2,294,338	2,704,432	(204,432)	(47,741)	2,452,259
	Listed Unlisted	2,529,432 13,417,215	(1,260,639)	(30,665) (1,760)	12,154,816	10,491,363	(1,225,308)	147,045	9,413,100
	omoted	15,946,647	(1,465,068)	(32,425)	14,449,154	13,195,795	(1,429,740)	99,304	11,865,359
		,	(, -, -, -, -)	(., -)	, , ,			,	
	Foregin Government Securities	-	_	-	_	1,802,310	(5,146)	-	1,797,164
	Associate (note 8.6)	1 100 000 577	(0.050.607)	(10.450.000)	1 100 407 (50	175,789	(0.510.477)	(10.004.770)	175,789
	Total investments	1,198,308,577	(3,352,687)	(12,458,232)	1,182,497,658	779,523,764	(3,512,177)	(13,304,779)	762,706,808

Rupees	in '000	2023	2022
8.2.1	Investments given as collateral		
	The market value of investments given as collateral is:		
	Market Treasury Bills Pakistan Investment Bonds Turkish Euro Bonds Shares	13,586,080 570,673,900 - 141,491	14,650,739 163,347,300 1,797,861 177,855
		584,401,471	179,973,755
8.3	Provision for diminution in value of investments		
8.3.1	Opening balance	3,512,177	2,304,644
	Exchange adjustments (Reversals) / charge	274,611	134,098
	Charge for the year (Reversal) / charge for the year under IFRS 9	180,392	560,165
	related to WBB Reversals for the year	(281,037) (47,170)	760,372 (67,045)
	Net (reversal) / charge Reversal on disposals	(147,815) (286,286)	1,253,492 (180,057)
	Closing balance	3,352,687	3,512,177

#### 8.3.2 Particulars of provision against debt securities

	20	2023		22
Rupees in '000	NPI	Provision	NPI	Provision
Category of classification				
Domestic				
Loss	1,547,568	1,465,068	1,429,740	1,429,740

**8.3.3** Included in the above, Group's Bahrain branch holds general provision of Rs. 1,110,438 thousand (December 31, 2022: Rs. 1,116,864 thousand) against investments in accordance with ECL requirement of IFRS 9.

#### 8.4 Quality of available for sale securities

Details regarding quality of available for sale securities are as follows:

	2023	2022
ees in '000		Cost
Federal Government Securities - Government guaranteed		
Market Treasury Bills	48,409,706	34,689,698
Pakistan Investment Bonds	1,005,884,216	566,762,426
Euro Bonds	9,716,188	7,686,312
ljarah Sukuks	49,885,746	33,935,928
Naya Pakistan Certificates	3,744,996	3,282,078
	1,117,640,852	646,356,442
Shares		
Listed		
Auto assembler	-	42,393
Commercial banks	982,823	819,973
Chemicals	403,696	414,512
Cement	631,322	348,022
Engineering	87,491	24,398
Fertilizer	-	174,211
Insurance	_	6,981
Investment banks and companies	_	26,560
Oil and gas marketing companies	550,448	491,734
Oil and gas exploration	477,638	266,910
Power generation and distribution	649,903	589,141
Paper and board	69,750	69,750
Pharmaceuticals	153,089	97,432
Refinery	-	7,799
Textile composite	138,482	117,235
Technology and communication	251,689	149,971
Transport	_	23,666
	4,396,330	3,670,688

	2	023	2022		
Rupees in '000	Cost	Breakup value	Cost	Breakup value	
Unlisted					
Pakistan Export Finance Guarantee Agency Limited	5,680	_	5,680	_	
1Link (Pvt) Limited	50,000	893,500	50,000	537,300	
Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Limited	300,000	723,052	300,000	609,370	
	355,680	1,616,552	355,680	1,146,670	

Breakup value has been calculated on the basis of latest available financial statements.

	2023	2022
es in '000		Cost
Units of Open end mutual funds		
Listed		
National Investment Trust Limited National Investment (Unit) Trust Fund Islamic Equity Fund Asset Allocation Fund Islamic Money Market Fund	500,000 50,000 100,000 100,000	500,000 50,000 100,000 100,000
Real Estate Investment Trust	124,328	383,026
	874,328	1,133,026
Unlisted Real Estate Investment Trust	1,039,666	700,000
Fully Paid Preference Shares		
Listed Textile Unlisted	25,100	25,100
Commercial Banks	2,214	2,214
	27,314	27,314
Non Government Debt Securities		
Listed AAA AA+, AA, AA- A+, A, A-	750,000 1,375,000 200,000	750,000 1,475,000 275,000
Unrated	204,432	204,432
	2,529,432	2,704,432
Unlisted AAA AA+, AA, AA- A+, A, A- B+, B, B- Unrated	10,140,129 1,016,450 867,500 215,000 1,068,136	7,642,005 716,550 907,500 – 1,115,308
2259	13,307,215	10,381,363

#### 8.5 Particulars relating to Held to Maturity securities are as follows:

			2023		2022
Rupees in '000				Cost	2022
Federal Government Securities - Government guarante	eed				
Pakistan Investment Bonds		46,14	1,289	102	2,411,971
Government of Pakistan Euro Bonds		11,34	1,977	(	9,230,031
		57,48	3,266	111	1,642,002
Non Government Debt Securities Unlisted					
CCC and below		11	0,000		110,000
	2023			2022	
Rupees in '000	Cost	Rating		Cost	Rating
Foreign Securities					
Government securities					
Turkish Euro Bonds	_	-	1,802,	,310	B-

- **8.5.1** Market value of held to maturity securities other than classified investments is Rs. 50,529,523 thousand (December 31, 2022: Rs. 101,813,767 thousand).
- 8.6 The Honorable Sindh High Court vide its order dated March 13, 2023 approved the scheme of arrangement for amalgamation of Askari Securities Limited (ASL) inclusive of all properties, assets, rights, liabilities, trademarks, patents and obligations with and into Foundation Securities (Private) Limited (FSL), wholly owned by Fauji Foundation, as of the effective date of scheme i.e. July 01, 2021 against issuance of 27,140,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each of FSL at par value (1.18 shares of FSL) against 1 share of ASL held by the Bank.

Earlier, the amalgamation was approved by the State Bank of Pakistan subject to the Bank holding atleast 51% equity stake in the post amalgamated FSL. Accordingly, subsequent to merger the Bank acquired 2,236,031 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each of FSL on 26 June 2023 to hold 51% equity stake in FSL.

The Bank lost the control on 1 July 2021 and derecognized the assets and liabilities of ASL against the consideration received in the form of shares of FSL as per requirements of IFRS. The impact of this disposal as at 01 January 2022 on consolidated equity is Rs. 126, 965 thousand.

Subsequently investment in FSL is measured using the equity method of accounting by adding share of profit of FSL till the group acquired the controlling interest in FSL on 26 June 2023. Group's share of profit of FSL till December 31, 2021 has been accounted for by restating the opening balances as of January 1, 2022.

At reporting date, assets and liabilities of FSL have been consolidated line by line in the financial statements. The impact of net assets on consolidated equity upon acquisition date as subsidiary is Rs. 128,355 thousand.

Since FSL and the Bank are under common control of Fauji Foundation before and after this transaction therefore, the transaction has been recorded by restating the comparative figures in accordance with the requirements of SECP's approved Accounting Standard on "Accounting of Common Control Transactions".

#### 9. ADVANCES

	Performing Non p		Non per	forming	То	otal	
Rupees in '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Loans, cash credits, running							
finances, etc note 9.1 Islamic financing and related	498,619,419	473,649,618	25,198,876	26,450,298	523,818,295	500,099,916	
assets- note 2 of Annexure II	114,772,652	82,206,609	2,781,125	2,894,335	117,553,777	85,100,944	
Bills discounted and purchased	18,765,713	27,931,036	1,083,586	1,802,149	19,849,299	29,733,185	
Advances - gross	632,157,784	583,787,263	29,063,587	31,146,782	661,221,371	614,934,045	
Provision against advances							
- Specific	-	-	(25,636,695)	(29,297,528)	(25,636,695)	(29,297,528)	
- General	(2,538,527)	(1,825,586)	_	_	(2,538,527)	(1,825,586)	
	(2,538,527)	(1,825,586)	(25,636,695)	(29,297,528)	(28,175,222)	(31,123,114)	
Advances - net of provision	629,619,257	581,961,677	3,426,892	1,849,254	633,046,149	583,810,931	

#### 9.1 Includes net investment in finance lease as disclosed below:

			2023				202	2	
Rupee	s in '000	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total
	Lease rentals receivable Residual value	2,553,026 691,255	2,938,946 1,276,536	-	5,491,972 1,967,791	2,864,872 612,030	3,986,283 1,574,293	-	6,851,155 2,186,323
	Minimum lease payments Financial charges for future periods	3,244,281 (698,657)	4,215,482 (767,487)	-	7,459,763 (1,466,144)	3,476,902 (680,319)	5,560,576 (878,511)	-	9,037,478 (1,558,830)
	Present value of minimum lease payments	2,545,624	3,447,995	-	5,993,619	2,796,583	4,682,065	-	7,478,648
Rupee	s in '000						2023		2022
9.2	Particulars of advances (	Gross)							
	In local currency In foreign currencies						2,718,911 3,502,460	•	258,877 675,168
						661	1,221,371	614,	934,045

**9.3** Advances include Rs. 29,063,587 thousand (2022: Rs. 31,146,782 thousand) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

	20	123	2022		
Rupees in '000	Non performing loans	Provision	Non performing loans	Provision	
Category of classification					
Domestic					
Other Assets Especially Mentioned	133,619	1,423	122,279	1,437	
Substandard	2,112,910	523,884	1,596,854	394,848	
Doubtful	1,301,511	599,345	844,347	413,258	
Loss	25,515,547	24,512,043	28,583,302	28,487,985	
	29,063,587	25,636,695	31,146,782	29,297,528	

#### 9.4 Particulars of provision against advances

			202	23			20:	2022	
Rupees in '000	Note	Specific	General	Consumer financing – general	Total	Specific	General	Consumer financing – general	Total
Opening balance		29,297,528	1,010,000	815,586	31,123,114	28,518,930	974,026	735,260	30,228,216
Exchange adjustments		-	22,369	-	22,369	4,041	36,465	-	40,506
Charge for the year Reversal under IFRS 9		2,657,741	1,152,111	52,676	3,862,528	2,675,775	133,850	113,551	2,923,176
related to WBB		-	(86,544)	-	(86,544)	(27,403)	(112,950)	-	(140,353)
Reversal for the year		(2,105,630)	(108,551)	(319,120)	(2,533,301)	(1,821,378)	(21,391)	(33,225)	(1,875,994)
		552,111	957,016	(266,444)	1,242,683	826,994	(491)	80,326	906,829
Amounts written off	9.5	(2,505,910)	-	_	(2,505,910)	(198)	-	-	(198)
Amounts charged off	9.7	(1,707,034)	-	-	(1,707,034)	(52,239)	_	-	(52,239)
Closing balance		25,636,695	1,989,385	549,142	28,175,222	29,297,528	1,010,000	815,586	31,123,114

#### 9.4.1 Particulars of provision against advances

		2023				20	22	
Rupees in '000	Specific	General	Consumer financing – general	Total	Specific	General	Consumer financing – general	Total
In local currency In foreign currencies	25,636,695	1,963,699 25,686	549,142 -	28,149,536 25,686	29,297,528	920,457 89,543	815,586 –	31,033,571 89,543
	25,636,695	1,989,385	549,142	28,175,222	29,297,528	1,010,000	815,586	31,123,114

9.4.2 The net FSV benefit already availed has been increased by Rs. 908,351 thousand, which has resulted in reduced charge for specific provision for the year by the same amount. Had the FSV benefit been not availed, before and after tax profit for the year would have been lower by Rs. 908,351 thousand (2022: higher by Rs. 471,933 thousand) and Rs. 463,259 thousand (2022: higher by Rs. 240,686 thousand) respectively. Further, at December 31, 2023, cumulative net of tax benefit availed for Forced Sales Value (FSV) was Rs. 490,116 thousand (December 31, 2022: Rs. 26,865 thousand) under BSD circular No. 1 of 2011 dated October 21, 2011. Reserves and unappropriated profit to that extent are not available for distribution by way of cash or stock dividend.

#### 9.5 Particulars of writeoffs

This represents write off against provision amounting to Rs. 2,505,910 thousands related to domestic advances (2022: Rs.198 thousands).

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
9.5.1 Against provisions		
Write offs of Rs. 500,000 and above		
<ul><li>Domestic</li><li>Overseas</li></ul>	2,505,910 –	- -
Write offs of below Rs. 500,000	_	198
	2,505,910	198

#### 9.6 Details of loans written off - Rs. 500,000 and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of Section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 the statement in respect of written off loans or any other financial relief of rupees five hundred thousand or above allowed to a person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2023 is given in Annexure – I.

#### 9.7 Amounts charged off

This includes agriculture loans amounting to Rs. 93,707 thousand (2022: Rs. 52,239 thousand) charged off as per time based criteria prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan in Annexure II of Regulation R - 11 of Prudential Regulations for Agriculture Financing. Further, it also includes consumer loans amounting to Rs. 1,614,095 thousand (2022: Nil) charged off as per the Group's write off, restructuring / rescheduling and settlement policy approved by the Board of Directors.

Rupees in '000		Note	2023	2022
10.	FIXED ASSETS			
	Capital work-in-progress	10.1	491,050	220,511
	Property and equipment	10.2	18,216,393	17,372,333
	Right of use asset - IFRS 16	10.3	8,312,812	6,891,568
			27,020,255	24,484,412

**10.1** This represents civil works in progress during the year.

#### 10.2 Property and equipment

					202	23				
Rupees in '000	Land - freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fr of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment	Machine and equipment	Computer equipment	Vehicles	Total
As at January 1, 2023										
Cost / Revalued Amount	7,118,892	6,119,500	1,230,272	984,192	2,889,766	1,941,069	4,125,601	3,487,167	183,138	28,079,597
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	552,679	524,193	2,460,166	1,102,835	3,111,498	2,844,183	111,710	10,707,264
Net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	677,593	459,999	429,600	838,234	1,014,103	642,984	71,428	17,372,333
Year ended December 31, 2023										
Opening net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	677,593	459,999	429,600	838,234	1,014,103	642,984	71,428	17,372,333
Additions	-	-	-	-	366,661	283,164	571,851	513,062	62,706	1,797,444
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(2,522)	(2,009)	(4,885)	-	(3,909)	(13,325
Depreciation charge	-	-	(33,443)	(22,480)	(192,648)	(178,124)	(293,054)	(241,528)	(29,232)	(990,509)
Other adjustments / transfers	-	-	-	-	(3,561)	5,716	4,065	44,209	21	50,450
Closing net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	644,150	437,519	597,530	946,981	1,292,080	958,727	101,014	18,216,393
As at December 31, 2023										
Cost / Revalued Amount	7,118,892	6,119,500	1,229,926	984,192	2,966,308	2,198,379	4,621,878	3,532,425	237,167	29,008,667
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	(585,776)	(546,673)	(2,368,778)	(1,251,398)	(3,329,798)	(2,573,698)	(136,153)	(10,792,274
Net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	644,150	437,519	597,530	946,981	1,292,080	958,727	101,014	18,216,393
Rate of depreciation (percentage)	-		5	5	20	10-20	10-20	20	20	

						202	22				
Rupees in '000	ı	Land – freehold	Land – leasehold	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	rniture, fixtures and office equipment	Machine and equipment	Computer equipment	Vehicles	Tota
As at .l	January 1, 2022										
	Revalued Amount	3,874,491	5,815,489	1,230,272	984,192	2,766,078	1,766,607	3,757,557	3,137,204	208,753	23,540,643
	nulated Depreciation	-	-	517,880	500,142	2,278,400	956,318	2,885,446	2,667,707	133,190	9,939,083
Net boo	ok value	3,874,491	5,815,489	712,392	484,050	487,678	810,289	872,111	469,497	75,563	13,601,560
Year er	nded December 31, 2022										
Openin	ng net book value	3,874,491	5,815,489	712,392	484,050	487,678	810,289	872,111	469,497	75,563	13,601,56
Additio	ons	138,591	-	-	-	155,710	199,673	418,653	359,365	20,755	1,292,747
Movem	nent in surplus on assets revalued		-								
during :	the year	3,105,810	2,054,011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,159,82
Transfe	er to assets held for sale	-	(1,750,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,750,000
Dispos	eals	-	-	-	-	(736)	(7,544)	(8,094)	-	(2,086)	(18,460
Deprec	ciation charge	-	-	(34,799)	(24,051)	(213,052)	(164,406)	(268,567)	(185,957)	(22,804)	(913,636
Other a	adjustments / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	222	-	79	-	301
Closing	g net book value	7,118,892	6,119,500	677,593	459,999	429,600	838,234	1,014,103	642,984	71,428	17,372,333
As at D	December 31, 2022										
Cost / I	Revalued Amount	7,118,892	6,119,500	1,230,272	984,192	2,889,766	1,941,069	4,125,601	3,487,167	183,138	28,079,59
Accum	nulated Depreciation	-	-	552,679	524,193	2,460,166	1,102,835	3,111,498	2,844,183	111,710	10,707,264
Net boo	ok value	7,118,892	6,119,500	677,593	459,999	429,600	838,234	1,014,103	642,984	71,428	17,372,333
Rate of	f depreciation (percentage)	-	-	5	5	20	10-20	10-20	20	20	
<b>10.2.1</b> Cos	t of fully depreciated	property	and equ	ipment s	still in use	of the B	ank				
		property  Land - freehold	and equ	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land		urniture, fixtures and office equipment	Machine and equipment	Computer equipment	Vehicles	Tota
		Land -	Land -	Buildings on	Buildings on	Renovation Fu	rniture, fixtures and office			Vehicles	Tota
		Land -	Land -	Buildings on	Buildings on	Renovation Fu	rniture, fixtures and office			Vehicles 67,919	
Rupees in '000		Land – freehold	Land -	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fu of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment	equipment	equipment		6,587,215 6,927,960
2023 2022		Land – freehold	Land -	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fund of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760	equipment 1,934,154	67,919	6,587,21
2023 2022 Rupees in '000	0	Land – freehold	Land -	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fund of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760	1,934,154 2,440,731	67,919	6,587,21 6,927,96
2023 2022 Rupees in '000 10.3 Righ	0 ht of use assets	Land – freehold	Land -	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fund of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760	1,934,154 2,440,731	67,919 64,948	6,587,211 6,927,960 2022
2023 2022 Rupees in '000 10.3 Righ Ope	0 ht of use assets	Land – freehold	Land -	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fund of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760 2,009,750	equipment  1,934,154  2,440,731  223	67,919 64,948 6,445	6,587,21 6,927,96 2022
2023 2022  Rupees in '000  10.3 Righ  Ope  Add	o ht of use assets ening balance litions	Land – freehold	Land -	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fund of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760 2,009,760 6,891,5 3,227,5	equipment  1,934,154  2,440,731  123  68 16	67,919 64,948 6,45 2,12	6,587,215 6,927,960 2022 64,277 2,788
Rupees in '000  2023  2022  Rupees in '000  10.3 Righ  Ope Add Depi	o  ht of use assets ening balance litions reciation	Land – freehold	Land -	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fund of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760 20 6,891,5 3,227,5 (1,722,7	equipment  1,934,154  2,440,731  023  688 16 07)	67,919 64,948 6,45 2,12 (1,57	6,587,211 6,927,961 2022 54,277 (2,788 19,354)
Rupees in '000  2023  2022  Rupees in '000  10.3 Righ  Ope Add Depi	o ht of use assets ening balance litions	Land – freehold	Land -	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Renovation Fund of premises	urniture, fixtures and office equipment 390,421	2,308,009 2,009,760 2,009,760 6,891,5 3,227,5	equipment  1,934,154  2,440,731  023  688 16 07)	67,919 64,948 6,45 2,12 (1,57	6,587,211 6,927,960 2022 64,277 2,788

#### 10.4 Disposal of assets to related parties:

Particular of assets	Cost	Book Value	Sale Proceed	Mode of Disposal	Particular of Purchaser
		Rupees in '000			
Bank Vehicles	3,733	871	4,800	As per Bank's policy	Khurshid Zafar - Ex - Key Management Personnel
Computer Equipment	195	71	71	-do-	Khurshid Zafar - Ex - Key Management Personnel
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	280	74	74	-do-	Khurshid Zafar - Ex - Key Management Personnel
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	230	54	54	-do-	Sher Afgan Khan Zada - Ex - Key Management Personnel
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	140	-	-	-do-	Faheem Ahmed Qureshi - Ex - Key Management Personnel
	4,578	1,070	4,999		

**10.5** Freehold and leasehold land were revalued by the valuers approved by the Pakistan Banks' Association on December 31, 2022. The valuation was carried out by M/s SMASCO on the basis of their professional assessment of the present market value. The total surplus against revaluation of freehold and leasehold land included in property and equipment as at December 31, 2023 amounts to Rs. 9,384,750 thousand (2022: Rs. 9,384,750 thousand).

Had the freehold and leasehold land inlcuded in property and equipment not been revalued, the total carrying amounts of revalued properties as at December 31, 2023 would have been Rs. 3,853,642 thousand (2022: Rs. 3,853,642 thousand)

Rupee	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
11.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Computer software	11.1	1,501,272	1,130,815
	Capital work in progress		359,475	244,810
			1,860,747	1,375,625
11.1	Software			
	As at January 1,			
	Cost		2,748,506	2,422,602
	Accumulated amortization		1,617,691	1,474,079
	Net book value		1,130,815	948,523
	Year ended December 31,			
	Opening net book value		1,130,815	948,523
	Additions			
	<ul> <li>directly purchased</li> </ul>		585,286	324,436
	Amortization charge		(181,584)	(142,765)
	Other adjustments / transfers		(33,245)	621
	Closing net book value		1,501,272	1,130,815

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
As at December 31,		
Cost Accumulated amortization	3,300,547 1,799,275	2,748,506 1,617,691
Net book value	1,501,272	1,130,815
Rate of amortization (percentage)	10	10
Useful life (in years)	10	10

**11.1.1** Cost of fully amortized intangible assets still in use amounts to Rs. 1,195,727 thousand (2022: Rs. 1,137,662 thousand).

Rupe	Rupees in '000		2022
12	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE		
	Fixed assets	1,750,000	1,750,000

**12.1** The Group has entered into a sale agreement to sell its land located at Haider Road, Rawalpindi. Accordingly the same has been classified to non-current asset held for sale. The carrying amount includes revaluation surplus of Rs. 980,987 thousand at which amount the asset was transferred from property and equipment.

			20	23	
		At January 1,	Recognized in	Recognized in	At December 31,
Rupees in '000		2023	P&L A/C	OCI	2023
13.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS				
	Deductible Temporary Differences on				
	-Post retirement employee benefits	(65,004)	_	65,004	-
	<ul> <li>Accelerated tax depreciation</li> </ul>	36,767	(242,223)	_	(205,456)
	- Deficit on revaluation of investments	5,694,978	_	420,360	6,115,338
	<ul> <li>Provision against advances</li> </ul>	1,878,936	281,597	_	2,160,533
	- Others	_	(2,360)	(2,643)	(5,003)
		7,545,677	37,014	482,721	8,065,412

		2022				
	At January 1,	Recognized in	Recognized in	At December 31,		
Rupees in '000	2022	P&L A/C	OCI	2022		
Deductible Temporary Differences on						
-Post retirement employee benefits	24,663	_	(89,667)	(65,004)		
-Accelerated tax depreciation	100,837	(64,070)	· -	36,767		
-Deficit on revaluation of investments	3,172,546	_	2,522,432	5,694,978		
-Provision against advances	1,870,137	8,799	-	1,878,936		
	5,168,183	(55,271)	2,432,765	7,545,677		

Rupee	es in '000	Note	2023	2022
14.	OTHER ASSETS			
	Income / mark-up accrued in local currency - net of provision	14.1	73,588,636	37,216,850
	Income / mark-up accrued in foreign currencies	17.1	2,134,035	1,241,333
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments	3	1,064,788	678,674
	Advance taxation (payments less provisions)		3,966,205	5,983,883
	Trade debts - unsecured - considered good		461,827	_
	Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	14.3	406,862	847,462
	Branch adjustment account		-	40,219
	Receivable against trading of securities		46,245	485,673
	Stationary and stamps in hand		285,087	68,093
	Dividend receivable	14.2	4,453	4,986
	Acceptances		14,053,824	14,925,859
	Others		425,248	527,204
			96,437,210	62,020,236
	Less: Provision held against other assets	14.4	(212,988)	(182,608)
	Other assets - net of provision		96,224,222	61,837,628
	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired			
	in satisfaction of claims		459,948	1,135,774
	Other assets - total		96,684,170	62,973,402

- **14.1** This balance is net of interest in suspense amounting to Rs. 12,590,468 thousand (2022: Rs. 11,348,689 thousand).
- **14.2** This balance is net of dividend in suspense amounting to Rs. 81,020 thousand (2022: Rs. 81,020 thousand).

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
14.3 Market value of Non-banking assets acquired in		
satisfaction of claims	866,810	1,983,236

The Group's non-banking assets were revalued by the valuers approved by the Pakistan Banks' Association on December 31, 2023. The latest valuation was carried out by M/s SMASCO on the basis of their professional assessment of the present market value. The total surplus against revaluation of non-banking asset acquired in satisfaction of claims as at December 31, 2023 amounts to Rs. 459,948 thousand (2022: Rs. 1,135,774 thousand).

Rupees in '000	Note	2023	2022
14.3.1 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
Opening balance Revaluation Disposals Depreciation	14.3.2	1,983,236 126,715 (1,226,540) (16,601)	3,166,858 80,386 (1,237,002) (27,006)
Closing balance		866,810	1,983,236

Rupees	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
14.3.2	2 Gain on disposal of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Disposal proceeds		1,226,540	1,237,002
	Less			
	- Carrying value		(1,226,540)	(1,237,002)
	Gain / (loss)		-	_
14.4	Provision held against other assets			
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and			
	other prepayments		4,838	4,838
	Others		208,150	177,770
			212,988	182,608
14.4.1	Movement in provision held against other assets			
	Opening balance		182,608	175,845
	Charge for the year		2,756	9,315
	Reversal for the year		(260)	(2,552)
	Net charge		2,496	6,763
	Transfers / Other adjustments		27,884	_
	Closing balance		212,988	182,608
15.	BILLS PAYABLE			
	In Pakistan		12,394,336	11,878,563
16.	BORROWINGS			
	Secured			
	Borrowings from the State Bank of Pakistan under:			
	Export refinance scheme	16.1.1	19,840,120	22,741,967
	Long term financing facility	16.1.2	8,610,177	9,904,417
	Financing facility for storage of agricultural produce	16.1.3	14,770	44,311
	Renewable energy financing facility	16.1.4	3,905,513	3,944,124
	Refinance from SBP		10.700	67
	Credit guarantee scheme for women entrepreneurs	1615	12,700	67
	Payment of wages and salaries	16.1.5 16.1.6	11 0 47 7 41	454,197
	Temporary economic relief Modernisation of SME	10.1.0	11,947,741 8,687	9,680,778 12,215
	Combating COVID-19	16.1.7	400,459	563,711
	Askari Ujala	10.1.7	400,439	3,117
	Rupee based discounting of bills / receivable		3,707,901	1,891,099
			48,448,068	49,240,003
	Repurchase agreement borrowings	4445	F05.000.111	400.005.55
	State Bank of Pakistan	16.1.8	505,000,000	100,000,000
	Financial institutions	16.1.9	86,921,724	80,826,007
	Refinance from Pakistan Mortgage		591,921,724	180,826,007
	Refinance Company	16.1.10	2,992,873	3,366,079
			, ,-	,

- **16.1.1** This facility is secured against demand promissory note executed in favour of the SBP. The effective mark-up rate is 1% to 18% (2022: 1% to 11%) per annum payable on a semiannual basis.
- **16.1.2** This facility is secured against demand promissory note executed in favour of the SBP. The effective mark-up rate is 0.7% to 12.5% (2022: 0.5% to 8.5%) per annum payable on a quarterly basis.
- **16.1.3** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of up to 2% (2022: 2%) per annum and have maturities upto August 2031.
- **16.1.4** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of 2.5% to 5% (2022: 2% to 3%) per annum and have maturities upto January 2036.
- **16.1.5** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of up to 2% (2022: 3%) per annum and have maturities up to September 2023.
- **16.1.6** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of 2% to 5% (2022: 1%) per annum payable on quarterly basis and have maturities up to June 2035.
- **16.1.7** These are secured against demand promissory note and carry mark-up of nil and have maturities up to March 2026.
- **16.1.8** These are secured against collateral of Government Securities and carry mark-up of 22.07% to 22.10% (2022: 16.11% to 16.22%) per annum and have maturities up to 1 month (2022: 3 months). The market value of securities given as collateral is given in note 8.2.1.
- **16.1.9** These are secured against collateral of Federal and Foreign Government Securities and carry mark-up of 22.00% to 22.95% (2022: 5.65% to 16.25%) per annum and have maturities up to 1 month (2022: 2 months). The market value of securities given as collateral is given in note 8.2.1.
- **16.1.10** This is secured against mortgage finance portfolio of the Bank and carry mark-up of 6.00% to 16.94% (2022: 6.00% to 11.60%) per annum and has maturity up to 2031 (2022: up to 2031).

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
16.2 Particulars of borrowings with respect to currencies		
In local currency In foreign currencies	643,362,665 –	232,038,128 1,393,961
	643,362,665	233,432,089

#### 17. DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

		2023			2022	
ees in '000	In local currency	In foreign currencies	Total	In local currency	In foreign currencies	Tota
Customers						
Current accounts	320,346,322	31,589,438	351,935,760	323,359,037	25,268,830	348,627,86
Savings deposits	667,642,523	61,519,218	729,161,741	500,472,663	60,092,675	560,565,33
Fixed deposits	160,821,348	30,642,438	191,463,786	195,530,848	26,160,189	221,691,03
	1,148,810,193	123,751,094	1,272,561,287	1,019,362,548	111,521,694	1,130,884,24
Financial institutions						
Current accounts	1,149,626	241,191	1,390,817	1,047,450	32,749	1,080,19
Savings deposits	2,144,906	-	2,144,906	4,517,990	-	4,517,99
Fixed deposits	16,697,696	-	16,697,696	6,092,175	_	6,092,17
	19,992,228	241,191	20,233,419	11,657,615	32,749	11,690,36
	1,168,802,421	123,992,285	1,292,794,706	1,031,020,163	111,554,443	1,142,574,60
ees in '000				202	3	2022

Rupees	Rupees in '000		2022
17.1	Composition of deposits		
	- Individuals	449,138,203	357,744,274
	– Government (Federal and Provincial)	430,201,041	429,171,969
	- Public Sector Entities	99,322,124	86,175,804
	- Banking Companies	493	449
	<ul> <li>Non Banking Financial Institutions</li> </ul>	20,283,045	11,689,915
	- Private Sector	293,849,800	257,792,195
		1,292,794,706	1,142,574,606

**17.2** Total deposits include eligible deposits of Rs. 536,003,024 thousand (2022: Rs. 438,949,989 thousand) as required by the Deposit Protection Corporation (a subsidiary of SBP) vide Circular no. 04 of 2018 dated June 22, 2018.

Rupe	s in '000	2023	2022
18.	SUBORDINATED DEBTS		
	Term Finance Certificates - VI (ADT-1)	6,000,000	6,000,000
	Term Finance Certificates - VII	6,000,000	6,000,000
		12,000,000	12,000,000

**18.1** The Group has raised unsecured sub-ordinated loans through issuance of Term Finance Certificates to improve the Group's capital adequacy. Liability to the TFC holders is subordinated to and rank inferior to all other indebtedness of the Group including deposits and is not redeemable before maturity without prior approval of the SBP. The salient features of outstanding issues are as follows:

	Term Finance Certificates - VI (ADT-1)	Term Finance Certificates - VII
Outstanding amount		
Rupees in '000	6,000,000	6,000,000
Issue amount	Rupees 6,000 million	Rupees 6,000 million
Issue date	July 03, 2018	March 17, 2020
Maturity date	Perpetual	March 16, 2030
Rating	AA-	AA
Security	Unsecured	Unsecured
Listing	Listed	Listed
Profit payment frequency	Payable six monthly	Payable quarterly
Redemption	Perpetual	109-120th month: 100%
Profit rate	Base Rate plus 1.50%	Base Rate plus 1.20%
	Base Rate is the simple average of the ask rate of six month KIBOR prevailing on the base rate setting date.	Base Rate is the simple average of the ask rate of three month KIBOR prevailing on the base rate setting date.
Call option	Exercisable after 60 months from the date of issue subject to approval by the SBP.	Exercisable after 60th month from the date of issue subject to approval by the SBP.
Lock-in-clause	Payment of profit will be subject to the condition that such payment will not result in breach of the Bank's regulatory Minimum Capital Requirement or Capital Adequacy Ratio set by SBP from time to time. Any inability to exercise lock—in clause or the non—cumulative features will subject these TFCs to mandatory conversion into common shares / write off at the discretion of SBP.	As per the lock-in requirement for Tier II Issues, neither profit nor principal will be payable (even at maturity) in respect of the TFC, if such payment will result in a shortfall or increase in an existing shortfall in the Bank's Leverage Ratio or Minimum Capital Requirement or Capital Adequacy Ratio. That is, any payment (profit and/or principal) in respect of the TFC would be made, subject to the Bank being in compliance with the requirement of Leverage Ratio or Minimum Capital Requirement or Capital Adequacy Ratio.

Loss absorption clause

The Instrument will be subject to loss absorption and / or any other requirements of SBP upon the occurrence of a Point of Non-Viability event as per Section A-5-3 of Annexure 5 of the Circular, which stipulates that SBP may, at its option, fully and permanently convert the TFCs into common shares of the issuer and / or have them immediately written off (either partially or in full). Number of shares to be issued to TFC holders at the time of conversion will be equal to the 'Outstanding Value of the TFCs' divided by market value per share of the Bank's common share on the date of trigger event as declared by SBP, subject to a specified cap.

As per Loss Absorbency Clause requirement for Tier II capital purpose, the instrument will be subject to loss absorbency and / or any other requirements under SBP's instructions on the subject. Upon the occurrence of a Point of Non-Viability event as defined under SBP BPRD Circular # 6 of 2013, SBP may at its option, fully and permanently convert the TFCs into common shares of the Bank and / or have them immediately written off (either partially or in full). Number of shares to be issued to TFC holders at the time of conversion will be equal to the 'Outstanding Face Value of the TFCs' divided by market value per share of the Bank's common share on the date of trigger of Point of Non-Viability (PONV) as declared by SBP subject to a cap of 245,042,630 shares.

Rupee	es in '000	Note	2023	2022
19.	OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency		22,119,508	11,177,244
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currencie	S	1,267,444	523,791
	Unearned commission and income on bills discounted		2,003,160	2,485,237
	Accrued expenses		2,653,259	2,141,323
	Trade payables		1,461,674	_
	Advance payments		314,319	446,546
	Acceptances		14,053,824	14,925,859
	Dividend payable		193,493	195,719
	Advance against sale of properties		461,535	935,505
	Mark to market loss on forward foreign exchange contracts		1,322,589	110,688
	Branch adjustment account		525,732	. –
	Payable to defined benefit plan	37.4	67,468	194,714
	Provision for employees' compensated absences	39.2	724,890	635,913
	Security deposit against lease / Ijarah financing		3,485,208	4,145,427
	Levies and taxes payable		2,087,179	1,156,266
	Workers' Welfare Fund	30	1,301,596	768,486
	Switch settlement accounts		1,375,528	2,747,463
	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations	19.1	160,558	134,767
	Lease liability against ROU assets as per IFRS - 16 Lea	ses	9,699,474	8,084,073
	Others		2,247,229	1,654,277
			67,525,667	52,463,298

Rupee	Rupees in '000		2022
19.1	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations		
	Opening balance Exchange adjustment	134,767 133	1,143,768 404
	Charge for the year Reversal for the year	26,319 (661)	(1,009,405)
	Net charge	25,658	(1,009,405)
	Closing balance	160,558	134,767

#### 20. SHARE CAPITAL

20.1	Authorized capital					
		2023	2022	2	2023	2022
Rupees	s in '000	Nun	nber of shares		Rup	ees in '000
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	20,000	,000	20,000,000
20.2	Issued, subscribed and paid up capital					
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each:					
	Fully paid in cash	514,689,096	514,689,096	5,146	,891	5,146,891
	Issued as bonus shares	906,336,796	717,297,769	9,063	,368	7,172,978
	Issued on Askari Leasing Limited merger	28,273,315	28,273,315	282	,733	282,733
		1,449,299,207	1,260,260,180	14,492	,992	12,602,602
Numbe	or of Shares			2023		2022
20.3	Composition of shares held by the Fauji Consortium is as follows:					
	Fauji Foundation		104,224	1,366		90,629,884
	Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited		625,333	3,227	5	43,768,024
	Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited		312,666	5,610	2	271,884,009
			1.042.224	1.203	Ç	06.281.917

Rupees	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
21.	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF TAX			
	Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of:  - Available for sale securities  - Fixed Assets	21.1	(12,480,281) 10,365,737	(13,244,132) 10,365,737
	<ul> <li>Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims</li> </ul>	21.2	459,948	1,135,774
	Deferred tax asset on deficit on revaluation of:		(1,654,596)	(1,742,621)
	- Available for sale securities		6,115,338	5,694,977
			4,460,742	3,952,356
21.1	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets			
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at January, 1 Recognised during the year Realised on disposal during the year		10,365,737 - -	5,205,916 5,159,821 –
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at December, 31		10,365,737	10,365,737
21.2	Surplus on revaluation of non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Surplus on revaluation as at January, 1 Recognised during the year Realised on disposal / transfers during the year		1,135,774 126,715 (802,541)	1,719,890 80,386 (664,502)
	Surplus on revaluation as at December, 31		459,948	1,135,774
22.	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	<ul><li>Guarantees</li><li>Commitments</li><li>Other contingent liabilities</li></ul>	22.1 22.2 22.3	350,296,809 506,769,966 1,429,701	313,699,274 473,577,812 1,720,383
			858,496,476	788,997,469
22.1	Guarantees			
	Financial guarantees Performance guarantees Other guarantees		7,400,327 188,322,832 154,573,650	9,494,557 180,122,513 124,082,204
			350,296,809	313,699,274

Rupees	s in '000 Note	2023	2022
22.2	Commitments		
	Documentary credits and short-term trade- related transactions  – letters of credit	226,655,650	187,240,002
	Commitments in respect of:	2,222,222	, ,,,,,,,
	<ul> <li>forward foreign exchange contracts</li> <li>forward government securities transactions</li> <li>forward non government securities transactions</li> <li>Commitments for acquisition of:</li> </ul>	276,444,892 2,000,000 1,174,056	269,232,712 15,400,000 1,366,896
	<ul><li>operating fixed assets</li><li>intangible assets</li></ul>	255,774 239,594	82,807 255,395
		506,769,966	473,577,812
22.2.1	Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts		
	Purchase Sale	153,115,769 123,329,123	150,899,164 118,333,548
		276,444,892	269,232,712
	The above commitments have maturities falling within one year.		
22.2.2	2 Commitments in respect of government securities transactions		
	Purchase Sale	- 2,000,000	15,400,000 -
		2,000,000	15,400,000
22.2.3	Commitments in respect of non government securities transactions		
	Purchase Sale	1,168,290 5,766	1,035,290 331,606
		1,174,056	1,366,896
22.3	Other contingent liabilities		
	These represent certain claims by third parties against the Group, which are being contested in the Courts of law. Based on legal advice and / or internal assessment, management is confident that the matters will be decided in Group's favour and the possibility of any outcome against the Group is remote and accordingly no provision has been made in these consolidated		
	financial statements	596,911	1,254,927
	This represent stand by letters of credit issued by a correspondent bank on behalf of the Group.	832,790	465,456
		1,429,701	1,720,383

**22.4** Tax related contingencies are disclosed in note 33.2 to these consolidated financial statements.

#### 23. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Group at present does not offer derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps, Cross Currency Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or Foreign Exchange Options. The Group's Treasury and Investment Banking Groups buy and sell derivative instruments such as Forward Exchange Contracts (FECs) and Equity Futures (EFs).

#### 23.1 Forward exchange contracts

FECs is a product offered to clients to hedge FX risk. The traders use this product to hedge themselves from unfavourable movements in a foreign currency, however, by agreeing to fix the exchange rate, they do not benefit from favourable movements in that currency.

FECs is a contract between the obligor and the Group in which both agree to exchange an amount of one currency for another currency at an agreed forward exchange rate for settlement over more than two business days after the FECs is entered into (the day on which settlement occurs is called the value date). FECs is entered with those obligors whose credit worthiness has already been assessed, and they have underlined trade transactions.

If the relevant exchange rate moves un-favourably, the Group will lose money, and obligor will benefit from that movement because the Group must exchange currencies at the FEC rate. In order to mitigate this risk of adverse exchange rate movement, the Group manages its exposure by hedging forward position in inter-bank foreign exchange.

#### 23.2 Equity futures

An equity futures contract is a standardized contract, traded on a futures counter of the stock exchange, to buy or sell a certain underlying scrip at a certain date in the future, at a specified price.

The Group uses equity futures as a hedging instrument to hedge its equity portfolio against equity price risk. Only selected shares are allowed to be traded on futures exchange as determined by the Exchange.

Equity futures give flexibility to the Group either to take delivery on the future settlement date or to settle it by adjusting the notional value of the contract based on the current market rates.

Maximum exposure limit to the equity futures is 10% of Tier I Capital of the Group, based on prevailing SBP Regulations.

The Risk Management Group monitors the Group's exposure in equity futures and forward exchange contracts. Positions in equity futures and forward exchange contracts are marked-to-market. Forward contracts are included in measures of portfolio volatility including Value at Risk (VaR). Forward exchange contracts and equity futures are also included in capital charge and Risk Weighted Asset calculation in accordance with SBP Regulations.

The accounting policies used to recognize and disclose derivatives are given in note 4.23.

#### 2022 Rupees in '000 Note 24. MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED On: Loans and advances 108,554,341 63,490,389 Investments 193,155,418 101,062,833 Lendings to financial institutions 194,413 609,615 Balances with banks 721,040 134,702 Securities purchased under resale agreements (reverse repo) 2,594,461 913,406 305,634,875 165,795,743 25. MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED Deposits 157,777,905 81,500,798 Borrowings 81,181,911 39,876,519 Subordinated debts 2,617,101 1,780,223 Cost of foreign currency swaps against foreign currency deposits / borrowings 3,543,842 1,764,326 Interest expense on lease liability against ROU assets 1,061,886 912,324 Others 1,581 246,184,226 125,834,190 **FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME** 26. Branch banking customer fees 817,818 820,592 Consumer finance related fees 107,500 95,373 Card related fees (debit and credit cards) 1,645,863 1,472,764 Credit related fees 727,735 435,631 Investment banking fees 282,514 246,097 Commission on trade 1,853,854 1,011,708 Commission on guarantees 1,346,464 1,040,629 Commission on remittances including 209,259 home remittances 203,845 Commission on bancassurance 31,228 67,923 Others 305,306 34,271 7,310,000 5,446,374 **GAIN / (LOSS) ON SECURITIES** 27. Realised 27.1 758,649 (190,812)Unrealised 22,049 (60,647)780,698 (251,459)27.1 Realised gain / (loss) on: Federal Government Securities 156,384 12,178 (213,646)Shares 598,989 Non Government Debt Securities 3,276 (2,200)Mutual Funds 12,856 (190,812)758,649

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Askari Bank Limited	223
_	_

Rupee	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
28.	OTHER INCOME			
	Rent of property		_	27
	Gain on sale of fixed assets		25,960	52,977
	Rent of lockers		50,272	47,410
	Recovery of expenses from customers		378,628	330,251
	Gain on termination of lease contracts			
	under IFRS - 16, Leases		13,731	13,700
	Others		95,792	(1,236)
			564,383	443,129
29.	OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Total compensation expenses	29.1	14,529,211	11,474,947
	Property expense			
	Rent and taxes		187,061	132,833
	Insurance		95,179	96,293
	Utilities cost		1,526,884	1,236,922
	Security (including guards)		792,101	762,864
	Repair & maintenance		502,090	363,373
	Depreciation on ROU assets		1,722,707	1,579,354
	Depreciation		250,716	274,287
	Information technology expense		5,076,738	4,445,926
	Software maintenance		753,433	603,109
	Hardware maintenance		169,335	88,529
	Depreciation		239,454	185,497
	Amortisation		181,584	142,765
	Network charges		752,845	359,255
			2,096,651	1,379,155
	Other operating expenses			
	Directors' fees, allowances		43,760	38,650
	Fees and allowances to shariah board		9,547	9,220
	Rates, taxes, insurance etc.		188,096	201,313
	Legal and professional charges		124,333	140,711
	Brokerage and commission		253,833	165,249
	NIFT clearing charges		89,635	80,033
	Repair and maintenance		752,500	558,417
	Communications		1,059,094	758,369
	Stationery and printing		656,049	409,033
	Marketing, advertisement and publicity	00.0	309,106	195,159
	Donations	29.2	524,398	492,403
	Auditors' remuneration	29.3	46,724	39,481
	Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		441,871	317,375
	Depreciation		500,339	453,852
	Security service charges Training and development		670,421 49,256	419,689 28,516
	Deposit premium expense		702,320	647,432
	Outsourced service cost	29.4	345,348	
	Other expenditure	۷۶.4	345,348	135,450 182,008
	other experientare		7,083,770	5,272,360
			28,786,370	22,572,388

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Rupees	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
29.1	Total compensation expenses			
	Managerial remuneration			
	i) Fixed		4,919,492	4,143,466
	ii) Variable			
	- Cash bonus / awards etc.		1,796,941	1,282,746
			6,716,433	5,426,212
	Charge for defined benefit plans	29.1.1	496,574	439,130
	Contribution to defined contribution plan	38	340,111	284,312
	Rent and house maintenance		2,147,183	1,843,157
	Utilities		470,613	398,626
	Medical		694,533	562,021
	Conveyance		2,019,364	1,586,040
	Other staff cost	29.1.2	1,644,400	935,449
			14,529,211	11,474,947

- 29.1.1 This includes charge for defined benefit plan and compensated absences.
- 29.1.2 This includes staff incentives, allowances and health coverage etc.
- **29.2** This includes Group's contribution amounting to Rs. 524,398 thousand (2022: Rs. 416,318 thousand) for Fauji Foundation Group CSR activities where common directors interest is limited to the extent of their employment with Fauji Foundation.

Rupees	in '000	2023	2022
29.3	Auditors' remuneration		
	Statutory auditors of the Group		
	Audit fee	6,609	5,875
	Special certifications, half year review, audit of consolidated		
	financial statements and sundry advisory services	16,550	12,831
	Tax services	15,000	15,000
	Out of pocket expenses	950	923
		39,109	34,629
	Auditors of Wholesale Bank Branch, Bahrain		
	Audit fee	6,668	4,852
	Auditors of subsidiary	947	_
		46,724	39,481

29.4 This represents expenses relating to outsourced activities provided by companies incorporated in Pakistan.

Rupee	Rupees in '000		2022
30.	WORKERS' WELFARE FUND		
	Opening balance	768,486	428,583
	Charge for the year	533,110	339,903
	Closing balance	1,301,596	768,486

31. This represents penalties imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan.

Rupee	s in '000	Note	2023	2022
32.	PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET			
	(Reversal) / provision for diminution in value			
	of investments	8.3.1	(147,815)	1,253,492
	Provision against loans and advances	9.4	1,242,683	906,829
	Provision against other assets	14.4.1	2,496	6,763
	Reversal of provision against intangible assets		_	(1,225)
	Provision / (reversal) against off-balance			
	sheet obligations	19.1	25,658	(1,009,405)
	Provision / (reversal) against cash and bank balances		2	(7)
	Reversal of provision against repurchase			
	agreement lendings		(29,722)	(29,720)
	Recovery of written off / charged off bad debts		(126,941)	(84,591)
			966,361	1,042,136
33.	TAXATION			
	Current		20,679,503	13,342,588
	Deferred		(37,014)	55,270
			20,642,489	13,397,858
33.1	Relationship between tax expense and			
33.1	accounting profit			
	Profit before taxation		42,182,898	27,458,217
	Tax at applicable tax rate of 39 percent (2022: 39 percer	n+)	16,451,330	10,708,705
	Effect of:	11)	10,401,000	10,700,700
	- Super tax - current year		4,221,489	2,771,785
	- Others		(30,330)	(82,632)
	0.1.0.0		, , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			20,642,489	13,397,858

#### 33.2 Tax status and contingencies

of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 whereby the banking sector was specified the sector for the payment of additional tax on windfall income. Through said S.R.O, the Federal Government also specified the method to determine windfall income, tax rate to be applied on such windfall income and tax years under scope. The Bank has challenged the S.R.O through petition before the Honorable Islamabad High Court with regards to retrospective application of Section 99D of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax years 2022 and 2023. The Honorable Islamabad High Court through its order dated 30 November 2023 has suspended the operation of S.R.O.1588 (I)/2023 and the said injunctive order continues to operate till date of next hearing for which no date has been fixed yet. Management based on the legal advisor opinion believes that the bank has reasonably good chance to succeed in this case and therefore has not recognized any provision in the financial statements. Additional tax on windfall income for tax years 2022 and 2023 is estimated to be Rs. 2,189 million.

- ii) The Group has filed tax returns for and up to tax year 2023. The assessments for and up to tax year 2022 were amended by the tax authorities creating accumulated additional tax demand, mainly in the matters of admissibility of recoveries against doubtful debts for Rs. 1,119 million, provision for diminution in the value of investments for Rs. 2,530.22 million, bad debts written off for Rs. 242.892 million, provision for substandard advances for Rs. 74.95 million, Provision against other assets/fixed assets for Rs. 142.493 million, disallowance of employee benefit expenses Rs. 228.680 Million and Other disallowances of expenses/credits for Rs. 370.4 million. Group's Appeals against these orders are currently pending before Commissioner Appeals, Appellate Tribunal and Islamabad High Court. The management and tax advisor of the Group are confident that these matters will be decided in favor of the Group and consequently no provision has been made thereon. Tax payments by the Group against certain matters are being carried forward as receivable, as management and tax advisor of the Group are confident of their realization.
- **iii)** Consequent upon the amalgamation with and into the Group, the outstanding tax issues relating to Askari Leasing Limited (ALL) are as follows:

Tax returns of ALL have been filed for and up to tax year 2010. The returns for the tax years 2003 to 2010 were amended by the tax authorities mainly in the matter of admissibility of initial allowance claimed on leased vehicles. On appeals filed by All, partial relief was provided by the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) by allowing initial allowance on commercial vehicles. Re-assessment has not yet been carried out by the tax department. A tax demand is however not likely to arise after re-assessment.

For and up to the assessment years 2002-2003, reference applications filed by the tax authorities in the matter of computation of lease income are pending decisions by the High Court. However, the likelihood of an adverse decision is considered low due to a favorable decision of the High Court in a parallel case.

Rupees in '000			2022 Restated
34.	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Profit for the year - Rupees in '000	21,488,592	14,060,359
	Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares - numbers	1,449,299,207	1,449,299,207
	Basic and diluted earnings per share - Rupees	14.83	9.70

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Group, therefore dilutive earnings per share have not been presented separately. Further, the prior period earnings per share has been restated for the effect of bonus shares issued @15% during the year.

Rupee	es in '000	2023	2022
35.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087,467	70,950,067
	Balances with other banks	14,761,177	9,677,123
		174,848,644	80,627,190

			2023			
			Liabilities			
Rupee	es in '000	Subordinated loan	Lease liability	Dividend payable		
35.1	Balances as at January 01, 2023	12,000,000	8,084,073	195,719		
	Changes from financing cash flows					
	Payment of lease liability	-	(2,523,755)	_		
	Dividend Paid	_	_	(2,226)		
	Other changes	-	(2,523,755)	(2,226)		
	Additions / renewals of leases	_	3,227,516	_		
	Unwinding of lease liability	_	1,061,886	_		
	Termination / other adjustments	-	(150,246)	_		
	<del>-</del>	-	4,139,156	_		
	Total equity related other changes	-	-	-		
	Balances as at December 31, 2023	12,000,000	9,699,474	193,493		
			2022			
		-	Liabilities			
Rupees	es in '000	Subordinated loan	Lease liability	Dividend payable		
	Balances as at January 01, 2022	12,000,000	7,393,878	204,537		
	Changes from financing cash flows					
	Payment of lease liability	-	(2,218,190)	_		
	Dividend Paid	_	_	(8,818)		
	Other showers	-	(2,218,190)	(8,818)		
	Other changes		0.100.700			
	Additions / renewals of leases Unwinding of lease liability		2,122,788 912,324	_		
	Termination / other adjustments	_	(126,727)	_		
		_	2,908,385	_		
	Balances as at December 31, 2022	12,000,000	8,084,073	195,719		
			2022 Number of	2021 employees		
36.	STAFF STRENGTH					
	Permanent		7,589	6,743		
	On Bank's contract		406	605		
	Total staff strength		7,995	7,348		

Out of total employees, 6 (2022: 6) employees are working abroad.

In addition to the above, 848 domestic employees (2022: 399) of outsourcing services companies were assigned to the Group as at the end of the year to perform services other than guarding and janitorial services.

#### 37. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

#### 37.1 General description

The Group operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its regular employees. Contributions are made in accordance with the actuarial recommendation.

The benefits under the gratuity scheme are payable on retirement at the age of 60 years or earlier cessation of service in lump sum. The benefit is equal to one month's last drawn basic salary for each year of eligible service or part thereof.

**37.2** The number of employees covered under the defined benefit scheme are 7,469 employees (2022: 6,741 employees).

#### 37.3 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuation was carried out for the year ended December 31, 2023 using "Projected Unit Credit Method". The main assumptions used for actuarial valuation are as follows:

		2023	2022
	Discount rate - per annum	16.00%	14.25%
	Expected rate of increase in salaries - per annum	15.50%	13.75%
	Expected rate of return on plan assets - per annum	14.25%	11.75%
	Duration	8 years	8 years
	Mortality rate	SLIC 2001 - 2005	SLIC 2001 - 2005
		mortality table	mortality table
Rupees	s in '000	2023	2022
37.4	Reconciliation of payable to defined benefit plan:		
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	3,666,458	3,285,070
	Fair value of plan assets	(3,598,990)	(3,090,356)
	Net liability	67,468	194,714
37.5	Movement in defined benefit obligations		
	Obligation at beginning of the year	3,285,070	3,678,851
	Current service cost	326,669	329,418
	Interest cost	448,069	378,438
	Re-measurement gain	(89,381)	(162,209)
	Benefits paid	(281,452)	(916,200)
	Benefits due but not paid	(22,517)	(23,228)
	Obligation at end of the year	3,666,458	3,285,070
37.6	Movement in fair value of plan assets		
	Fair value at beginning of the year	3,090,356	3,398,564
	Interest income on plan assets	434,196	361,971
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on assets	188,536	(11,038)
	Contributions by employer	189,871	280,287
	Benefits paid	(281,452)	(916,200)
	Benefits due but not paid	(22,517)	(23,228)
	Fair value at end of the year	3,598,990	3,090,356

The fund primarily invests in Government securities which do not carry any credit risk. These are subject to interest rate risk based on market movements. Equity securities are subject to price risk whereas non-Government debt securities are subject to both credit risk and interest rate risk. These risks are regularly monitored by the Trustees of the employee funds.

#### 37.10 Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis is performed by changing only one assumption at a time while keeping the other assumptions constant. Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions is given below:

		Impact on Defined B	Benefit Obligations
Assumptions	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption
		Rupees in '000	
Discount rate	1.00%	3,396,325	3,982,288
Salary increase	1.00%	3,985,522	3,388,725
Mortality rate change	1 year	3,669,254	3,673,516

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

- **37.11** The expected contribution for the next one year should take into account the maximum annual contribution limit set by the Income Tax Rules, 2002 i.e. the basic payroll of the last month of the financial year end. If the contribution exceeds the limit defined in the Income Tax Rules, the Bank may apply to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue (CIR) for special contribution for the excess amount.
- **37.12** Expected charge for the next financial year is Rs. 374,304 thousand.

#### 37.13 Maturity profile

The average duration of defined benefit obligation is 8 years (2022: 8 years).

#### 37.14 Funding Policy

The Group carries out the actuarial valuation of its defined benefit plan on periodic basis using "Projected Unit Credit Method". Contributions are made annually in accordance with the actuarial recommendation.

#### 37.15 Significant risk associated with the staff retirement benefit scheme:

Longevity Risks	The risk arises when the actual lifetime of retirees is longer than expectation. This risk is measured at the plan level over the entire retiree population.
Salary Increase Risk	The most common type of retirement benefit is one where the benefit is linked with final salary. The risk arises when the actual increases are higher than expectation and impacts the liability accordingly.
Withdrawal Risk	The risk of actual withdrawals varying with the actuarial assumptions can impose a risk to the benefit obligation. The movement of the liability can go either way.

#### 38 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Bank operates a recognized provident fund scheme for all its regular employees for which equal monthly contributions are made both by the Bank and by the employees to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary of the employee. Payments are made to the employees as specified in the rules of the fund. Contribution to the fund made by the Bank and the employees during the year amounts to Rs. 686,158 thousand (2022: Rs. 577,691 thousand) each. The fund covers 6,550 employees (2022: 5,380 employees).

#### 39. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

#### 39.1 General description

The Bank grants compensated absences to all its regular employees as per effective Service Rules. Provisions are recorded in accordance with the actuarial recommendation.

Under this unfunded scheme, all employees of Askari Bank Limited are entitled to take 24 days of earned leaves every year which can be accumulated up to a maximum of 45 days. Leave encashment is made on the basis of gross salaries and paid to members on separation from service.

#### 39.2 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuation was carried out for the year ended December 31, 2023 using "Projected Unit Credit Method". Present value of obligation as at December 31, 2023 was Rs. 724,890 thousand (2022: Rs. 635,913 thousand). Expense for the year of Rs. 154,504 thousand (2022: Rs. 93,245 thousand) has been included in operating expenses. The main assumptions used for actuarial valuation are as follows:

	2023	2022
Discount rate - per annum	16.00%	14.25%
Expected rate of increase in salaries - per annum	15.50%	13.75%
Leave accumulation factor - days	11	11

#### 40. COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

#### 40.1 Total Compensation Expense

	For the year ended December 31, 2023						
Items	Chairman	Non Executive Directors	Members Shariah Board	President / CEO	Key Management Personnel	Other Material Risk Takers / Controllers	Tot
				Rupees in '00	00		
Fees and Allowances etc.							
Managerial Remuneration							
i) Fixed	2,620	41,140	8,400	65,401	319,738	100,871	538,17
ii) Total Variable of which	2,020	,	0, .00	00,101	0.5,700	. 00,07 .	000,17
a) Cash Bonus / Awards	_	_	_	41,000	142,765	39,033	222,79
Charge for defined benefit plan	_	_	_	5,031	25,434	8,652	39,11
Contribution to defined contribution plan	_	_	_	5.029	21,711	7,277	34,0
Rent & house maintenance	_	_	_	12,845	123,448	40,575	176,80
Utilities	_	_	_	9,150	29,230	9,646	48,02
Medical	_	_	_	-	28,282	9,017	37,29
Conveyance	_	_	1,147	5,796	159,128	61,312	227,38
Others	_	_	, -	302	116,157	13,434	129,89
Total	2,620	41,140	9,547	144,554	965,893	289,817	1,453,57
Number of Persons	1	9	4	1	60	36	1
	Chairman	Non	For the year	ended Decem			
					Kev	()ther Material	
Items	Chairman	Executive Directors	Shariah Board	CEO	Management Personnel	Other Material Risk Takers / Controllers	To
ltems	- Chamman	Executive	Shariah Board		Management Personnel	Risk Takers /	To
Fees and Allowances etc.		Executive	Shariah Board	CEO	Management Personnel	Risk Takers /	To
		Executive	Shariah Board	CEO	Management Personnel	Risk Takers /	To
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration  i) Fixed	2,100	Executive	Shariah Board	CEO	Management Personnel	Risk Takers /	
Fees and Allowances etc. Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which		Executive Directors	Shariah Board	CEO Rupees in '00	Management Personnel	Risk Takers / Controllers	460,9
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration  i) Fixed  ii) Total Variable of which  a) Cash Bonus / Awards		Executive Directors	Shariah Board	CEO Rupees in '00 58,166 8,917	Management Personnel 00 217,277 45,950	Risk Takers / Controllers  138,431  30,017	460,9 84,8
Fees and Allowances etc. Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan		Executive Directors	Shariah Board	58,166 8,917 4,574	Management Personnel 00 217,277	Risk Takers / Controllers  138,431  30,017 13,943	460,9 84,8 44,0
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration  i) Fixed  ii) Total Variable of which  a) Cash Bonus / Awards		Executive Directors	Shariah Board	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801	Risk Takers / Controllers  138,431  30,017	460,9 84,8 44,0 27,8
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance		Executive Directors	Shariah Board	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734	460,99 84,80 44,00 27,8 155,7
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan		Executive Directors	Shariah Board	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487 20,591	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734 12,905	460,9 84,8 44,0 27,8 155,7 36,2
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance		Executive Directors	Shariah Board	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487 20,591 19,392	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734 12,905 12,033	460,9: 84,88 44,00 27,8: 155,7: 36,2: 31,4:
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities Medical Conveyance		Executive Directors	Shariah Board	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535 2,733	Management Personnel 200 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487 20,591 19,392 83,558	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734 12,905 12,033 66,029	460,9: 84,8: 44,0: 27,8: 155,7: 36,2: 31,4: 155,9:
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities Medical		Executive Directors	8,400	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535 2,733	Management Personnel 20 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487 20,591 19,392	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734 12,905 12,033	460,92 84,81 44,00 27,8 155,7: 36,2: 31,4: 155,9; 48,2:
Fees and Allowances etc.  Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Utilities Medical Conveyance		Executive Directors	8,400	58,166 8,917 4,574 4,552 11,535 2,733 – 5,565	Management Personnel 200 217,277 45,950 25,544 13,801 88,487 20,591 19,392 83,558	138,431 30,017 13,943 9,494 55,734 12,905 12,033 66,029	460,9: 84,8: 44,0: 27,8: 155,7: 36,2: 31,4: 155,9:

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total amount of deferred bonus outstanding as at December 31, 2023 for the President & CE, Key Management Personnel and other Material Risk Takers / Material Risk Controllers is Rs. 50,922 thousand (2022: Rs. 19,309 thousand).

The President & CE and certain executives are provided with the Bank maintained cars in accordance with their respective entitlements.

Others mainly include cost of living allowance (COLA) given to certain executives.

#### 40.2 Remuneration paid to Directors for participation in Board and Committee Meetings

				2023				
		Meeting fees and allowances paid for Board Committees						
S.No	o Name of Director			Risk management committee	Audit committee	Information technology committee	Total amount paid	
		Rupees in '000						
1	Mr. Wagar Ahmed Malik	2,620	_	_	_	_	2,620	
2	Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman	1,400	300	-	-	-	1,700	
3	Mr. Arif Ur Rehman	1,800	-	-	_	-	1,800	
4	Dr. Nadeem Inayat	1,800	1,100	1,400	700	1,100	6,100	
5	Syed Bakhtiar Kazmi	2,200	-	600	1,400	1,100	5,300	
6	Mr. Manzoor Ahmed	2,200	1,260	1,800	1,400	-	6,660	
7	Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza	1,600	800	_	960	-	3,360	
8	Mrs. Zoya Mohsin Nathani	2,200	1,150	1,910	-	-	5,260	
9	Ms. Samina Rizwan	1,600	830	-	-	1,280	3,710	
10	Mr. Raja Muhammad Abbas	2,200	-	_	1,450	1,400	5,050	
11	Mr. Muhammad Aftab Manzoor	300	-	_	350	350	1,000	
12	Mr. Mushtaq Malik	300	_	600	_	300	1,200	
	Total amount paid	20,220	5,440	6,310	6,260	5,530	43,760	

				2022			
			Meeting fees	and allowances pa	aid for Board Com	nmittees	
S.No	Name of Director	Board meetings	Human resource and remuneration committee	Risk management committee	Audit committee	Information technology committee	Total amount paid
				Rupees in '0	00		
1	Mr. Wagar Ahmed Malik	2,100	-	_	_	_	2,100
2	Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman	1,500	1,200	_	_	_	2,700
3	Mr. Arif Ur Rehman	1,500	_	_	_	_	1,500
4	Dr. Nadeem Inayat	1,800	1,200	1,200	1,200	600	6,000
5	Syed Bakhtiar Kazmi	1,800	_	_	1,200	_	3,000
6	Mr. Manzoor Ahmed	1,800	1,200	1,750	1,200	_	5,950
7	Mr. Muhammad Aftab Manzoor	1,800	_	_	1,400	1,400	4,600
8	Mr. Mushtaq Malik	1,800	_	1,500	_	1,200	4,500
9	Mrs. Zoya Mohsin Nathani	1,800	1,400	1,500	_	_	4,700
10	Mr. Raja Muhammad Abbas	1,500	-	-	900	1,200	3,600
	Total amount paid	17,400	5,000	5,950	5,900	4,400	38,650

#### 40.3 Remuneration paid to Shariah Board Members

		For the year ended December 31,							
		2023			2022				
Items	Chairman	Resident member	Non-resident member	Chairman	Resident member	Non-resident member			
			Rupee	s in '000					
Meeting fees and allowances Managerial remuneration fixed Fuel	2,400	2,400 1,147	3,600	2,400	2,400 820	3,600			
Total amount	2,400	3,547	3,600	2,400	3,220	3,600			
Total Number of Persons	1	1	2	1	1	2			

#### 41. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities another than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investment in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term advances, fixed term deposits and borrowings, other assets and other liabilities cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for such assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

In the opinion of the management, the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since they are either short—term in nature or, in the case of customer advances, deposits and certain long term borrowings, are frequently repriced.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in these consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 41.1 Fair value of financial assets

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets (Pakistan Stock Exchange) for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) available at MUFAP and Reuters page.

Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

#### Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values within level 2 and level 3

-	
Federal Government Securities	The fair values of Federal Government Securities are determined on the basis of rates / prices sourced from Reuters.
Non Government Debt Securities	Non Government Debt Securities are valued on the basis of rates announced by Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP).
Foreign Government Debt Securities	Foreign Government Debt Securities are valued on the basis of rates taken from custodian of the securities which are usually drawn from Bloomberg.
Unit of Mutual Funds	Fair values of mutual funds are determined based on their net asset values as published at the close of reporting period.
Forward foreign exchange contracts and Forward Government securities transactions	The fair values of forward foreign exchange contracts and forward Government securities transactions are determined using forward pricing calculations.
Fixed Assets and Non Banking Assets Acquired in Satisfaction of Claims	Land and Non Banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are valued on a periodic basis using professional valuers. The valuation is based on their assessments of the market value of the assets. The effect of change in the unobservable inputs used in the valuations cannot be determined with certainty. Accordingly, a qualitative disclosure of sensitivity has not been presented in these unconsolidated financial statements

The table below analyses the financial assets carried at fair values, by valuation methods. Valuation of investments is carried out as per guidelines specified by the SBP.

			2023		
upees in '000	Carrying / Notional Value	l evel 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
·	Notional value	Level I	Level 2	Level 3	1014
On balance sheet financial instruments					
Financial assets – measured at fair value					
Investments					
Federal Government Securities	1,102,510,824	8,421,152	1,094,089,672	-	1,102,510,82
Shares	6,256,977	6,256,977	-	-	6,256,97
Units of open end mutual funds	960,596	-	960,596	-	960,59
Fully paid preference shares	28,150	28,150	-	-	28,150
Non Government Debt Securities	14,449,154	-	14,449,154	-	14,449,154
	1,124,205,701	14,706,279	1,109,499,422	-	1,124,205,70
Financial assets – disclosed but not					
measured at fair value					
Investments					
Federal Government Securities	56,897,624	10,756,335	46,141,289	-	56,897,62
Unlisted shares	350,000	-	-	-	
Units of open end mutual funds	1,044,333				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087,467	-	-	-	
Balances with other banks	14,761,177	-	-	-	
Advances	633,046,149	-	-	-	
Other assets	90,346,735	-	_		-
	956,533,485	10,756,335	46,141,289	-	56,897,624
	2,080,739,186	25,462,614	1,155,640,711	-	1,181,103,325
Off-balance sheet financial instruments – measured at fair value					
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	153,115,769	-	(2,798,564)	-	(2,798,56
Forward Sale of foreign exchange	123,329,123	-	1,475,975	-	1,475,975

			2022		
	Carrying /				
es in '000	Notional Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
On balance sheet financial instruments					
Financial assets – measured at fair value					
Investments					
Federal Government Securities	632,309,796	3,896,423	628,413,373	-	632,309,796
Shares	3,322,003	3,322,003	_	-	3,322,003
Units of open end mutual funds	1,101,910	_	1,101,910	_	1,101,910
Fully paid preference shares	28,150	28,150	_	_	28,150
Non Government Debt Securities	11,865,359	_	11,865,359	_	11,865,359
	648,627,218	7,246,576	641,380,642	-	648,627,218
Financial assets – disclosed but not					
measured at fair value					
Investments					
Unlisted shares	350,000	_		-	-
Units of open end mutual funds	700,000	_	_	_	
Federal Government Securities	111,056,637	8,644,666	102,411,971	_	111,056,63
Foreign Securities	1,797,164	1,797,164	_	_	1,797,16
Associate	175,789				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	70,950,067	_	_	_	
Balances with other banks	9,677,123	_	_	_	
Lendings to financial institutions	406,934	_	_	-	-
Advances	583,810,931	_	_	-	-
Other assets	53,890,117	-	-	-	-
	832,814,762	10,441,830	102,411,971	-	112,853,80
	1,481,441,980	17,688,406	743,792,613	-	761,481,019
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value					
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	150,899,164	_	419,729	_	419,72
Forward Sale of foreign exchange	118,333,548		(530,417)		(530,417

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of the different fair value hierarchy levels at the date the event or change in circumstances that caused such transfer to takes place. There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

	2023	2022
Rupees in '000	Level 3	Level 3
41.2 Non-financial assets carried at revalued amounts		
Fixed assets		
Property and equipment (freehold and leasehold land)	13,238,392	13,238,392
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	1,750,000
Other assets		
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	866,810	1,983,236

#### 42.1 Segment details with respect to Business Activities

The segment analysis with respect to business activities is as follows:

				20	23			
Rupees in '000	Branch banking	Corporate banking	Treasury	Consumer banking	Islamic banking	Foreign operations	Head office / others	Total
Profit and loss								
Net mark-up / return / profit	(92,875,094)	29,317,122	106,068,776	4,479,764	13,440,875	2,159,966	(3,140,760)	59,450,649
Inter segment revenue – net	127,496,474	(23,606,351)	(107,933,374)	(3,468,895)	(3,454,540)	(1,485,911)	12,452,597	-
Non mark-up / return / interest income	2,074,719	4,695,721	4,211,306	624,337	751,360	31,788	874,402	13,263,633
Total income	36,696,099	10,406,492	2,346,708	1,635,206	10,737,695	705,843	10,186,239	72,714,282
Segment direct expenses	15,747,650	1,028,769	487,985	1,661,652	3,368,335	216,745	7,053,887	29,565,023
Inter segment expense allocation	1,273,695	1,021,616	21,969	47,131	-	-	(2,364,411)	-
Total expenses	17,021,345	2,050,385	509,954	1,708,783	3,368,335	216,745	4,689,476	29,565,023
Provisions / (reversal of provisions)	77,318	1,363,318	68,172	(232,768)	13,830	(368,242)	44,733	966,361
Profit before tax	19,597,436	6,992,789	1,768,582	159,191	7,355,530	857,340	5,452,030	42,182,898
Statement of financial position								
Cash and bank balances	33,208,938	-	129,715,500	832,790	10,058,919	60,278	972,219	174,848,644
Investments	-	9,252,065	1,102,004,077	-	51,493,187	19,177,486	570,843	1,182,497,658
Lendings to financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances - performing - net								
of provision	13,991,028	469,036,336	-	20,306,104	114,745,256	2,876,637	8,663,896	629,619,257
Advances - non-performing - net								
of provision	259,102	2,237,228	-	74,662	855,900	-	-	3,426,892
Others	1,084,252	30,473,445	48,204,707	915,181	10,533,982	405,421	43,763,596	135,380,584
Total assets	48,543,320	510,999,074	1,279,924,284	22,128,737	187,687,244	22,519,822	53,970,554	2,125,773,035
Borrowings	1,574,075	41,338,149	591,921,725	2,992,873	5,535,843	-	-	643,362,665
Subordinated debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000,000	12,000,000
Deposits and other accounts	879,331,340	293,376,734	-	250	118,670,004	1,416,378	-	1,292,794,706
Net inter segment balances - net	(851,827,275)	149,905,856	677,830,555	18,475,360	38,253,559	16,939,831	(49,577,886)	-
Others	19,465,180	26,378,335	10,172,004	660,254	8,249,821	4,163,613	10,830,796	79,920,003
Total liabilities	48,543,320	510,999,074	1,279,924,284	22,128,737	170,709,227	22,519,822	(26,747,090)	2,028,077,374
Equity	-	-	-	_	16,978,017	-	80,717,644	97,695,661
Total equity and liabilities	48,543,320	510,999,074	1,279,924,284	22,128,737	187,687,244	22,519,822	53,970,554	2,125,773,035
Contingencies and commitments	6,016,566	548,078,423	276,081,621	832,790	26,459,326	-	1,027,750	858,496,476

Advances – performing – net of provision 13,644,831 447,812,623 – 21,143,917 82,166,386 9,999,101 7,194,819  Advances – non-performing – net of provision 281,669 453,499 – 130,836 983,250 – – Others 1,003,140 27,107,590 19,094,660 594,298 7,097,474 418,422 42,813,532  Total assets 39,469,772 483,499,155 768,465,994 21,869,051 137,051,885 24,790,986 50,534,136 1,	39,961,3 11,618,3 51,580,3 23,079,9 23,079,1 1,042,7 27,458,2
Net mark—up / return / profit         (51,590,180)         23,975,977         55,722,511         3,619,366         8,417,343         1,973,508         (2,156,972)           Inter segment revenue – net         77,947,590         (18,286,618)         (58,966,508)         (2,306,106)         (3,155,774)         (838,346)         5,605,762           Non mark—up / return / interest income         1,839,912         3,478,365         4,598,277         542,189         569,887         45,057         545,082           Total income         28,197,322         9,167,724         1,354,280         1,855,449         5,831,456         1,180,219         3,993,872           Segment direct expenses         12,680,736         623,773         340,807         1,234,642         2,774,765         148,491         5,276,755           Inter segment expense allocation         1,070,708         900,269         10,592         107,516         —         —         (2,089,085)           Total expenses         13,751,444         1,524,042         351,399         1,342,158         2,774,765         148,491         3,187,670           Profit before tax         14,432,868         8,151,650         472,438         423,381         2,870,379         413,673         693,828           Statement of financial position	11,618,7 51,580,3 23,079,9 23,079,9 1,042,7 27,458,2
Inter segment revenue - net N7,947,590 (18,286,618) (58,966,508) (2,306,106) (3,155,774) (838,346) 5,605,762 Non mark-up / return / interest income 1,839,912 3,478,365 4,598,277 542,189 569,887 45,057 545,082	11,618,7 51,580,3 23,079,9 23,079,9 1,042,7 27,458,2
Non mark-up / return / interest income   1,839,912   3,478,365   4,598,277   542,189   569,887   45,057   545,082     Total income   28,197,322   9,167,724   1,354,280   1,855,449   5,831,456   1,180,219   3,993,872     Segment direct expenses   12,680,736   623,773   340,807   1,234,642   2,774,765   148,491   5,276,755     Inter segment expense allocation   1,070,708   900,269   10,592   107,516   -	51,580, 23,079, 23,079, 1,042, 27,458,2
Total income         28,197,322         9,167,724         1,354,280         1,855,449         5,831,456         1,180,219         3,993,872           Segment direct expenses         12,680,736         623,773         340,807         1,234,642         2,774,765         148,491         5,276,755           Inter segment expense allocation         1,070,708         900,269         10,592         107,516         —         —         —         (2,089,085)           Total expenses         13,751,444         1,524,042         351,399         1,342,158         2,774,765         148,491         3,187,670           Provisions / (reversal of provisions)         13,010         (507,968)         530,443         89,910         186,312         618,055         112,374           Profit before tax         14,432,868         8,151,650         472,438         423,381         2,870,379         413,673         693,828           Statement of financial position           Cash and bank balances         24,540,132         —         49,189,748         —         6,862,101         35,209         —           Lendings to financial institutions         —         —         406,934         —         —         —         —         —           Advances – performing – net <td>51,580, 23,079, 23,079, 1,042, 27,458,2</td>	51,580, 23,079, 23,079, 1,042, 27,458,2
Segment direct expenses         12,680,736         623,773         340,807         1,234,642         2,774,765         148,491         5,276,755           Inter segment expense allocation         1,070,708         900,269         10,592         107,516         —         —         (2,089,085)           Total expenses         13,751,444         1,524,042         351,399         1,342,158         2,774,765         148,491         3,187,670           Provisions / (reversal of provisions)         13,010         (507,968)         530,443         89,910         186,312         618,055         112,374           Profit before tax         14,432,868         8,151,650         472,438         423,381         2,870,379         413,673         693,828           Statement of financial position           Cash and bank balances         24,540,132         —         49,189,748         —         6,862,101         35,209         —           Lendings to financial institutions         —         —         406,934         — </td <td>23,079,9 23,079,9 1,042,7 27,458,2</td>	23,079,9 23,079,9 1,042,7 27,458,2
Inter segment expense allocation	23,079,5 1,042,7 27,458,2
Total expenses 13,751,444 1,524,042 351,399 1,342,158 2,774,765 148,491 3,187,670 Provisions / (reversal of provisions) 13,010 (507,968) 530,443 89,910 186,312 618,055 112,374  Profit before tax 14,432,868 8,151,650 472,438 423,381 2,870,379 413,673 693,828  Statement of financial position  Cash and bank balances 24,540,132 - 49,189,748 - 6,862,101 35,209 - Lendings to financial institutions - 406,934	1,042, <sup>2</sup> 27,458, <sup>2</sup>
Provisions / (reversal of provisions)         13,010         (507,968)         530,443         89,910         186,312         618,055         112,374           Profit before tax         14,432,868         8,151,650         472,438         423,381         2,870,379         413,673         693,828           Statement of financial position           Cash and bank balances         24,540,132         -         49,189,748         -         6,862,101         35,209         -           Lendings to financial institutions         -         -         406,934         -         -         -         -         -           Investments         -         8,125,443         699,774,652         -         39,942,674         14,338,254         525,785           Advances - performing - net of provision         13,644,831         447,812,623         -         21,143,917         82,166,386         9,999,101         7,194,819           Advances - non-performing - net of provision         281,669         453,499         -         130,836         983,250         -         -         -           Others         1,003,140         27,107,590         19,094,660         594,298         7,097,474         418,422         42,813,532           Total assets         39,469,772 <td>1,042,<sup>2</sup> 27,458,<sup>2</sup></td>	1,042, <sup>2</sup> 27,458, <sup>2</sup>
Profit before tax         14,432,868         8,151,650         472,438         423,381         2,870,379         413,673         693,828           Statement of financial position           Cash and bank balances         24,540,132         -         49,189,748         -         6,862,101         35,209         -           Lendings to financial institutions         -         -         406,934         -         -         -         -           Investments         -         8,125,443         699,774,652         -         39,942,674         14,338,254         525,785           Advances - performing - net of provision         13,644,831         447,812,623         -         21,143,917         82,166,386         9,999,101         7,194,819           Advances - non-performing - net of provision         281,669         453,499         -         130,836         983,250         -         -         -           Others         1,003,140         27,107,590         19,094,660         594,298         7,097,474         418,422         42,813,532           Total assets         39,469,772         483,499,155         768,465,994         21,869,051         137,051,885         24,790,986         50,534,136         1,869,051	27,458,2
Statement of financial position           Cash and bank balances         24,540,132         - 49,189,748         - 6,862,101         35,209         -           Lendings to financial institutions         - 7         406,934         - 7         - 7         - 7           Investments         - 8,125,443         699,774,652         - 39,942,674         14,338,254         525,785           Advances - performing - net of provision         13,644,831         447,812,623         - 21,143,917         82,166,386         9,999,101         7,194,819           Advances - non-performing - net of provision         281,669         453,499         - 130,836         983,250	<u> </u>
Cash and bank balances       24,540,132       -       49,189,748       -       6,862,101       35,209       -         Lendings to financial institutions       -       -       -       406,934       -       -       -       -       -         Investments       -       8,125,443       699,774,652       -       39,942,674       14,338,254       525,785         Advances - performing - net of provision       13,644,831       447,812,623       -       21,143,917       82,166,386       9,999,101       7,194,819         Advances - non-performing - net of provision       281,669       453,499       -       130,836       983,250       -       -       -         Others       1,003,140       27,107,590       19,094,660       594,298       7,097,474       418,422       42,813,532         Total assets       39,469,772       483,499,155       768,465,994       21,869,051       137,051,885       24,790,986       50,534,136       1,869,051	00.607.4
Lendings to financial institutions       -       -       406,934       - <td>00.607.</td>	00.607.
Investments         -         8,125,443         699,774,652         -         39,942,674         14,338,254         525,785           Advances – performing – net of provision         13,644,831         447,812,623         -         21,143,917         82,166,386         9,999,101         7,194,819           Advances – non–performing – net of provision         281,669         453,499         -         130,836         983,250         -         -           Others         1,003,140         27,107,590         19,094,660         594,298         7,097,474         418,422         42,813,532           Total assets         39,469,772         483,499,155         768,465,994         21,869,051         137,051,885         24,790,986         50,534,136         1,000,000,000	80,627,
Advances – performing – net       13,644,831       447,812,623       –       21,143,917       82,166,386       9,999,101       7,194,819         Advances – non–performing – net       281,669       453,499       –       130,836       983,250       –       –         Others       1,003,140       27,107,590       19,094,660       594,298       7,097,474       418,422       42,813,532         Total assets       39,469,772       483,499,155       768,465,994       21,869,051       137,051,885       24,790,986       50,534,136       1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	406,9
of provision       13,644,831       447,812,623       -       21,143,917       82,166,386       9,999,101       7,194,819         Advances – non–performing – net of provision       281,669       453,499       -       130,836       983,250       -       -       -         Others       1,003,140       27,107,590       19,094,660       594,298       7,097,474       418,422       42,813,532         Total assets       39,469,772       483,499,155       768,465,994       21,869,051       137,051,885       24,790,986       50,534,136       1,000,000	762,706,8
Advances – non–performing – net         of provision       281,669       453,499       –       130,836       983,250       –       –         Others       1,003,140       27,107,590       19,094,660       594,298       7,097,474       418,422       42,813,532         Total assets       39,469,772       483,499,155       768,465,994       21,869,051       137,051,885       24,790,986       50,534,136       1,000,000	
of provision         281,669         453,499         -         130,836         983,250         -         -         -           Others         1,003,140         27,107,590         19,094,660         594,298         7,097,474         418,422         42,813,532           Total assets         39,469,772         483,499,155         768,465,994         21,869,051         137,051,885         24,790,986         50,534,136         1,000,000	581,961,6
Others         1,003,140         27,107,590         19,094,660         594,298         7,097,474         418,422         42,813,532           Total assets         39,469,772         483,499,155         768,465,994         21,869,051         137,051,885         24,790,986         50,534,136         1,000,000	
<b>Total assets</b> 39,469,772 483,499,155 768,465,994 21,869,051 137,051,885 24,790,986 50,534,136 1,	1,849,2
	98,129,1
	1,525,680,9
Borrowings 1,744,212 42,909,471 179,432,046 3,366,079 4,586,320 1,393,961 -	233,432,0
Subordinated debts 12,000,000	12,000,0
Deposits and other accounts 751,762,235 293,324,608 - 3,686 96,297,085 1,094,507 92,485 1,	1,142,574,6
Net inter segment balances – net (731,928,308) 122,512,889 586,421,413 17,862,227 19,475,830 22,068,820 (36,412,871)	
Others 17,891,633 24,752,187 2,612,535 637,059 6,684,621 233,698 11,530,128	64,341,8
<b>Total liabilities</b> 39,469,772 483,499,155 768,465,994 21,869,051 127,043,856 24,790,986 (12,790,258) 1,	1,452,348,5
Equity 10,008,029 - 63,324,394	73,332,4
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b> 39,469,772 483,499,155 768,465,994 21,869,051 137,051,885 24,790,986 50,534,136 1,	1.525.680.9
<b>Contingencies and commitments</b> 6,295,329 480,881,779 280,146,274 483,545 19,620,329 - 1,570,213	.,,,.

#### 42.2 Segment details with respect to geographical locations

Geographical segment analysis

		2023	
ees in '000	Pakistan	Middle East	Total
Profit and loss			
Net mark-up / return / profit	57,290,683	2,159,966	59,450,64
Inter segment revenue – net	1,485,911	(1,485,911)	
Non mark-up / return / interest income	13,231,845	31,788	13,263,63
Total income	72,008,439	705,843	72,714,28
Segment direct expenses	29,348,278	216,745	29,565,02
Inter segment expense allocation	-	-	
Total expenses	29,348,278	216,745	29,565,02
Provisions / (reversals)	1,334,603	(368,242)	966,36
Profit before tax	41,325,558	857,340	42,182,89
Statement of financial position			
Cash and bank balances	174,788,366	60,278	174,848,64
Investments	1,163,320,172	19,177,486	1,182,497,6
Advances - performing - net of provision	626,742,620	2,876,637	629,619,2
Advances - non-performing - net of provision	3,426,892	_	3,426,8
Others	134,975,163	405,421	135,380,5
Total Assets	2,103,253,213	22,519,822	2,125,773,0
Borrowings	643,362,665	-	643,362,6
Subordinated debts	12,000,000	-	12,000,0
Deposits and other accounts	1,291,378,328	1,416,378	1,292,794,7
Net inter segment balances – net	(16,939,831)	16,939,831	
Others	75,756,390	4,163,613	79,920,0
Total liabilities	2,005,557,552	22,519,822	2,028,077,3
Equity	97,695,661	_	97,695,6
Total Equity and liabilities	2,103,253,213	22,519,822	2,125,773,0
Contingencies and commitments	858,496,476	-	858,496,4

		2022	
pees in '000	Pakistan	Middle East	Total
Profit and loss			
Net mark-up / return / profit	37,988,045	1,973,508	39,961,55
Inter segment revenue – net	838,346	(838,346)	
Non mark-up / return / interest income	11,573,712	45,057	11,618,76
Total income	50,400,103	1,180,219	51,580,32
Segment direct expenses	22,931,478	148,491	23,079,96
Inter segment expense allocation	-	-	
Total expenses	22,931,478	148,491	23,079,96
Provisions	424,081	618,055	1,042,13
Profit before tax	27,044,544	413,673	27,458,21
Statement of financial position			
Cash and bank balances	80,591,981	35,209	80,627,19
Investments	748,368,554	14,338,254	762,706,80
Lendings to financial institutions	406,934	_	406,93
Advances – performing – net of provision	571,962,576	9,999,101	581,961,67
Advances - non-performing - net of provision	1,849,254	_	1,849,25
Others	97,710,694	418,422	98,129,11
Total Assets	1,500,889,993	24,790,986	1,525,680,97
Borrowings	232,038,128	1,393,961	233,432,08
Subordinated debts	12,000,000	_	12,000,00
Deposits and other accounts	1,141,480,099	1,094,507	1,142,574,60
Net inter segment balances – net	(22,068,820)	22,068,820	
Others	64,108,163	233,698	64,341,86
Total liabilities	1,427,557,570	24,790,986	1,452,348,55
Equity	73,332,423	_	73,332,42
Total Equity and liabilities	1,500,889,993	24,790,986	1,525,680,97
Contingencies and commitments	788,997,469		788,997,46

#### 43. TRUST ACTIVITIES

The Group acts as custodian and holds the securities on behalf of individuals, trusts, retirement benefit plans and other intitutions. These are not assets of the Group and, therefore, are not included in the consolidated statement of financial position

#### 44. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Fauji Consortium comprising of Fauji Foundation, Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited and Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited (the Parent) holds 71.91% of the Bank's share capital at the year end. Accordingly all the subsidiaries and associates of Fauji consortium are the related parties of the Group. The Group also has related party relationships with its directors, key management personnel and employees' funds.

The Group enters into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions with person of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuation / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives/ officers is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

		2023					2022		
Rupees in '000	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	related	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Associate Restated Note - 8.6	Other related parties
Investments									
Opening balance Investment made during the year Revaluation adjustment Investment redeemed / disposed off during the year	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,159,768 - 262,947 (2,664)	- - -	- - -	- - -	175,789 - - -	1,183,661 44,195 (81,568)
Transfer in / (out) - net	-				-		-		13,480
Closing balance	-	-		1,420,051	-		-	175,789	1,159,768
Provision for diminution in value of investments	-	-	-	82,113	-	-	-	-	87,248
Advances									
Opening balance Addition during the year Repaid during the year Transfer in / (out) — net	29,986,315 1,377,976,167 (1,399,853,601)	60 15,000 (15,060)	507,549 533,437 (544,300)	209,693,144	4,523,915 352,713,101 (327,250,701) -	43 20,581 (20,564) -	441,248 469,897 (419,988) 16,392	298,858 1,603,142 (1,702,000)	10,222,852 9,289,165 (2,728,365)
Closing balance	8,108,881	-	496,686	25,003,594	29,986,315	60	507,549	200,000	16,783,652
Other Assets									
Interest / mark-up receivable Advance rent Others	171,099 1,380 106	- - -	68,627 - -	886,474 - -	369,907 1,254 -	- - -	71,132 - -	241 - -	790,592 - -
Borrowings									
Opening balance Borrowings during the year Settled during the year	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,366,079 1,000,000 (1,373,206)	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	2,372,387 1,200,000 (206,308)
Closing balance	-	-	-	2,992,873	-	-	-		3,366,079
Deposits and other accounts									
Opening balance Received during the year Withdrawn during the year Transfer in / (out) — net	38,816,364 1,786,530,029 (1,786,245,169)	34,614 556,261 (521,157) (6,216)		988,872,329 ) (978,274,385)	(1,005,813,179)	24,009 79,294 (68,689)	211,259 2,726,090 (2,683,283) (60,959)		41,798,370 989,063,276 (992,405,849) –
Closing balance	39,101,224	63,502	299,420	49,059,956	38,816,365	34,614	193,107	612,264	38,455,797
Other Liabilities									
Interest / mark-up payable Payable to staff retirement fund	2,574,737 -	7	2,964 -	715,559 67,468	625,832 -	-	3,299	492 -	361,337 194,714
Security deposits payable	-	-	-	462,570	-	-	18,607	-	470,698
Others	25	1,667	58,608	71,818	-	-	-	-	-
Contingencies and Commitments Others	225,219	-	-	4,476,687	1,183,172	-	-	40,000	2,447,138
Securities held as custodian Securities given as collateral	13,699,456 –	-	48,821 -	10,493,034	3,462,500 -	-	36,500 -	100,000	7,105,000 177,855

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		2023					2022		
Rupees in '000	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Associate	Other related parties
Income									
Mark-up / return / interest earned	658,163	-	19,551	4,677,348	832,276	-	19,778	1,382	1,877,137
Fee and commission received	1,818	-	-	163,027	634	-	-	39	180,321
Dividend income	-	-	-	178,346	-	-	-	-	128,729
Gain on sale of fixed assets	-	-	3,929	-	-	-	7,250	-	-
Expense									
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	10,540,080	3,231	41,107	6,810,283	4,513,452	10	8,994	15,063	3,567,513
Charge to defined benefit plan	-	-	-	342,070	-	-	-	-	345,885
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	-	-	340,111	-	-	-	-	284,312
Remuneration and allowances	-	-	1,110,447	9,547	-	-	647,550	-	9,220
Rent	2,847	-	-	-	2,445	-	-	-	-
Communications	-	-	-	139,094	-	-	-	-	83,292
Brokerage and Commission	-	-	-	92,518	-	-	-	103	79,470
Directors' Fee, Allowances	-	43,760	-	-	-	38,650	-	-	-
Donations	524,398	-	-	-	416,318	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

In addition to above, rent free sub-branches are operating at FFC Sona Tower, FFBL Tower and Foundation University (along with booth and Atm).

The term 'key management personnel' has the same meaning as defined in IAS 24 - Related party disclosures.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, certain movable assets were settled against the final settlement of related parties as disclosed in note 10.4.

#### 45. CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS

The objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it could continue to provide adequate returns to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk. It is the policy of the Group to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Group recognises the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater exposure and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

Under the current scenario, the banks are under pressure to extend further credit to its borrowers, while overall deteriorating credit risk and increased NPL may also put additional pressures on the Group from Capital Adequacy Ratio perspective. The SBP has relaxed the Capital Conversion Buffer (CCB) requirements for the banks to 1.5%, resulting in an overall CAR requirement of 11.5%. In addition to the measures by SBP, the Group is continuously monitoring the impacts of various decisions of its CAR and taking further lending decisions based on the overall impacts on RWA. The Group also believes that it has sufficient buffer in its CAR requirement to meet any adverse movements in credit, market or operational risks.

upees in '000	2023	2022
Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR):		
Paid-up capital (net of losses)	14,492,992	12,602,602
Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR):		
Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital	88,384,546 5,649,000	65,303,243 6,000,000
Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital Eligible Tier 2 Capital	94,033,546 13,222,417	71,303,243 11,835,110
Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	107,255,963	83,138,353
Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): Credit Risk Market Risk Operational Risk	452,108,198 29,328,100 103,031,181	412,323,250 27,675,542 81,324,765
Total	584,467,479	521,323,557
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	15.12%	12.53%
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	16.09%	13.68%
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	18.35%	15.95%

As of December 2023, the Group must meet a Tier 1 to RWA ratio and CAR, including CCB, of 9% and 11.50% respectively.

Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Market and Credit Risk while Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) is used for Operational Risk.

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
Leverage Ratio (LR):		
Eligible Tier-1 Capital	94,033,546	71,303,243
Total Exposures	2,612,438,645	2,243,512,648
Leverage Ratio	3.60%	3.18%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR):		
Total High Quality Liquid Assets	649,069,803	520,361,460
Total Net Cash Outflow	322,735,094	281,841,107
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	201.12%	184.63%
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR):		
Total Available Stable Funding	1,314,647,752	1,113,842,290
Total Required Stable Funding	612,059,002	561,351,354
Net Stable Funding Ratio	214.79%	198.42%

The full disclosure on the Capital Adequacy, Leverage Ratio & Liquidity Requirements as per SBP instructions issued from time to time have been placed on the website. The link to the full disclosure can be accessed through the Group's website at http://akbl.com

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 46. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group believes that effective risk management is key to achieving desired level of return while maintaining acceptable level of risk exposure. Robust risk management processes and framework are in place to achieve the Group's overall objectives through a well thought out strategy, which enables the Group to effectively manage Credit, Market, Operational and Liquidity risk in a proactive manner.

The Group's approach is to ensure that risk management is deeply and firmly embedded in the culture of the Group. All employees are therefore considered responsible for identification, measurement, monitoring and controlling risks within the scope of their assigned responsibilities. As a result of changing risk environment, the Group continuously monitors and conducts holistic assessment of complex transactions on an integrated basis.

The Group has a Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) in place and is updated regularly by the Group's Risk Management Group. BRMC is responsible for reviewing the extent of design and adequacy of the risk management framework. BRMC oversight ensures that risks are managed within the level of tolerance and risk appetite of the Group.

#### 46.1 Credit Risk:

Credit risk arises from the potential that an obligor is either unwilling to perform on an obligation or its ability is impaired resulting in economic loss to the Group. The Group takes necessary measures to control such risk by establishing minimum standards and rules for booking credit exposures and subsequently, by monitoring these exposures - limiting transactions with specific counter parties with increased likelihood of default and continually assessing creditworthiness of it obligors.

The Group has built and maintains a sound loan portfolio in line with a well defined Credit Policy approved by the Board of Directors. Its credit evaluation system comprises well-designed credit appraisal, sanctioning and review procedures for the purpose of emphasizing prudence in its lending activities and ensuring quality of asset portfolio. Advances portfolio constitutes around 30% of the total asset base and is also the largest source of credit risk for the Group. The Group's advances portfolio is well diversified across various business segments and industries.

Risk mitigants have been put in place at all stages of credit risk cycle i.e. identification, measurement, monitoring, controlling and reporting for effective credit risk management. Accordingly, portfolio monitoring function is in place with dedicated resources to ensure that the risk is effectively monitored and reported.

Credit Risk Review is conducted at obligor as well as at portfolio level to ensure adherence to regulatory requirement as well as internal policies and procedures. The review process ensures that a sound and proactive risk management culture is maintained across the Group. Credit is approved under the 4 eye principal with equal ownership from both Business functions and Risk Management Group (RMG). Audit (Risk Assets Review) division reviews the advances portfolio on a post approval basis.

The Group has undertaken a number of initiatives to strengthen its credit risk management framework including in-house development of internal risk rating models (obligor and facility) for the portfolio for respective segments, and transition and migration matrices to study the realized default rates and performance of the risk rating models over the years.

Keeping in view the deteriorating economic situation, Rapid Portfolio Reviews are performed to identify vulnerable accounts and decide account specific strategies with respect to exposure and to estimate possible additional provisioning. Results of the Rapid Portfolio Reviews are shared with senior management and Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC).

Provision for credit portfolio is determined in accordance with the SBP's relevant Prudential Regulations. The Group also maintains additional provision on subjective classification basis in line with its prudent approach.

Stress testing for credit risk is carried out regularly to estimate the impact of increase in non - performing loans and to ensure that CAR is maintained at sufficient level to meet regulatory requirement and business needs.

The Group has implemented an Enterprise Risk Management solution and Loan Origination System. These systems not only enhance operational efficiency in the risk management processes, but also promote integrated risk assessment.

Risk Asset Review (RAR) performs an independent review of the credit portfolio. It provides an independent assessment of portfolio quality, efficacy of processes for acquisition of risk assets, regulatory/policy compliance and appropriateness of classification and risk rating.

A centralized Credit Administration Division (CAD) under Operations Group is working to ensure that terms and conditions of approval of credit sanctions are complied, all documentation is complete and fully enforceable, all disbursements of approved facilities are made only after necessary authorization by CAD and collateral is monitored on regular basis.

To handle the specific needs of managing classified accounts, the Group has a separate Special Asset Management Division (SAMD) to negotiate settlement of the non-performing exposure, including pursuing litigation, if required, to protect the interests of the depositors and shareholders.

#### **Credit risk - General disclosures**

The Group follows the Standardized Approach for its credit risk exposures, which sets out fixed risk weights corresponding to external credit ratings or type of exposure, whichever is applicable.

Under the Standardized Approach, the capital requirement is based on the credit rating assigned to counterparties by External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs) duly recognized by the SBP. The Group selects particular ECAIs for each type of exposure. The Group utilizes the credit ratings assigned by Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA), Japan Credit Rating Company Limited – Vital Information Systems (JCR-VIS), Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poors (S&P).

Types of exposure and ECAIs used

	FITCH	Moody's	S&P	PACRA	JCR-VIS	ECA Scores
Corporates	$\checkmark$	√	√	√	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Banks	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Public sector enterprises	_	_	-	√	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

<sup>\*</sup> FITCH, Moody's and S&P ratings (as applicable) are used where sovereign exposures are denominated in USD.

#### **Mapping to SBP Rating Grades**

For all exposures, the selected ratings are translated to the standard rating grades given by the SBP. The mapping tables used for converting ECAI ratings to the SBP rating grades are given below:

#### **Long Term Rating Grades mapping**

SBP Rating grade	FITCH	Moody's	S&P	PACRA	JCR-VIS	ECA scores
	AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA	AAA	
1	AA+	Aa1	AA+	AA+	AA+	0.4
	AA	Aa2	AA	AA	AA	0, 1
	AA-	Aa3	AA-	AA-	AA-	
2	A+	A1	A+	A+	A+	
	А	A2	Α	Α	А	2
	A-	A3	A-	Α-	Α-	
3	BBB+	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+	BBB+	
	BBB	Baa2	BBB	BBB	BBB	3
	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-	BBB-	
4	BB+	Ba1	BB+	BB+	BB+	
	BB	Ba2	BB	BB	BB	4
	BB-	ВаЗ	BB-	BB-	BB-	
5	B+	B1	B+	B+	B+	
	В	B2	В	В	В	5, 6
	B-	В3	B-	В-	B-	,
6	CCC+ and below	Caa1 and below	CCC+ and below	CCC+ and below	CCC+ and below	7

Particulars of the Group's significant on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet credit risk in various sectors are analysed as follows:

	Gross lendings		Non-performing lendings		Provision held	
Rupees in '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
46.1.1 Lendings to financial institutions						
Credit risk by public / private sector						
Private	89,164	525,820	89,164	118,886	89,164	118,886
	89,164	525,820	89,164	118,886	89,164	118,886

Rupees	in '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
46.1.2	Investment in debt securities						
	Credit risk by industry sector						
	Textile	279,681	280,643	279,678	280,653	279,678	280,653
	Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	1,090,958	1,207,164	898,458	944,655	898,458	944,655
	Power and energy	8,416,126	6,018,005	-	_	-	_
	Telecommunication  Metal and allied	204,432	204,432	204,432	204,432	204,432	204,432
	Financial	500,000 1,180,079,568	- 762,908,994	165,000	_	82,500	_
	Others	500,000	2,377,311	-	_	-	-
		1,191,070,765	772,996,549	1,547,568	1,429,740	1,465,068	1,429,740
	Credit risk by public / private sector						
	Public / Government	1,175,124,118	757,998,445	204,432	_	204,432	_
	Private	15,946,647	14,998,104	1,343,136	1,429,740	1,260,636	1,429,740
		1,191,070,765	772,996,549	1,547,568	1,429,740	1,465,068	1,429,740
		Gross a	dvances	Non-perform	ing advances	Provis	ion held
Rupees	in '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
46.1.3	Advances						
	Credit risk by industry sector						
	Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	8,110,464	8,267,350	322,237	381,408	135,249	194,873
	Mining and Quarrying	11,107,074	10,108,017	-	_	_	-
	Textile	72,951,683	67,579,336	8,654,320	9,091,734	8,165,544	9,077,799
	Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	46,493,823	47,900,027	727,772	1,124,375	706,933	971,045
	Cement	15,236,900	12,966,848	395	395	395	395
	Sugar	35,656,630	17,809,458	6,453	11,853	6,453	11,853
	Footwear and Leather garments  Automobile and transportation equipment	1,413,043 2,701,484	1,464,625 3,752,002	168,582 814,919	221,325 721,305	168,582 814,919	221,325 721,305
		5,101,404	7,012,635	1,021,105	1,133,813	902,937	1,110,792
	Electronics and electrical appliances Food and allied	75,000,000		1,021,105	1,133,813	613,445	1,110,792
	Construction	15,409,186	51,423,906 12,923,924	1,793,076	498,824	761,092	473,824
	Power and energy	58,594,300	75,759,727	393,206	3,057,302	348,967	2,219,160
	Oil and gas	66,211,253	57,922,257	070,200	3,164,510	040,507	3,134,226
	Wholesale and Retail Trade	17,792,073	23,288,986	338,679	423,259	338,679	413,859
	Transport, Storage and Communication	39,604,834	40,875,286	-	410,439	-	410,439
	Financial	26,395,992	22,362,877	_	-	_	-
	Insurance	121,025	182,484	413,531	_	413,531	_
	Services	44,742,814	40,268,364	663,141	739,382	563,801	739,382
	Individuals	34,857,892	37,633,238	1,623,098	2,450,951	1,623,098	2,272,196
	Edible oil and ghee	6,037,236	3,895,381	2,527,867	1,660,483	2,527,867	1,660,483
	Rice Processing (husking, semi-						
	wholly milled etc.)	14,872,454	13,566,276	3,147,841	2,530,345	3,117,557	2,530,345
	Metal and allied	21,362,992	22,035,008	734,170	734,170	734,170	734,170
	Others	41,446,691	35,936,033	4,378,625	2,790,909	3,693,476	2,400,057
		661,221,371	614,934,045	29,063,587	31,146,782	25,636,695	29,297,528
	Credit risk by public / private sector						
	Public/ Government	247,411,197	188,384,032	_	_	-	-
	Private	413,810,174	426,550,013	29,063,587	31,146,782	25,636,695	29,297,528

Gross investments

Non-performing investments

Provision held

upees in '000	2023	2022
6.1.4 Contingencies and Commitments		
Credit risk by industry sector		
Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	1,801,299	501,647
Mining and Quarrying	6,023,341	3,283,384
Textile	14,785,574	23,815,578
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	13,497,070	9,561,755
Cement	2,189,928	3,686,476
Sugar	2,249,530	840,793
Footwear and Leather garments	1,272,469	1,151,124
Automobile and transportation equipment	646,516	307,078
Electronics and electrical appliances	4,928,772	2,538,207
Real Estate & Construction	38,728,391	30,265,982
Research and development	3,018,764	2,265,632
Power and energy	13,279,750	14,696,403
Wholesale and Retail Trade	13,137,036	9,381,955
Oil and gas	9,324,183	7,234,245
Transport, Storage and Communication	29,753,116	19,405,834
Financial	505,173,111	485,959,432
Insurance	356,172	305,417
Food and allied	13,034,536	5,703,330
Services	12,077,385	10,448,445
Individuals	302,569	978,788
Engineering	98,451,727	79,099,668
Telecommunication	3,237,360	3,112,380
Metal and allied	9,105,410	5,908,902
Others	62,122,467	68,545,014
	858,496,476	788,997,469
Credit risk by public / private sector		
Public / Government	242,420,504	302,760,158
Private	616,075,972	486,237,311
	858,496,476	788,997,469

#### 46.1.5 Concentration of Advances

The Bank's top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded) exposures aggregated to Rs. 446,883,893 thousand (2022: Rs. 346,047,767 thousand) are as following:

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
Funded Non Funded	173,321,907 273,561,986	183,510,340 162,537,427
Total Exposure	446,883,893	346,047,767

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposures aggregated to Rs. 570,620,020 thousand (2022: Rs. 444,073,755 thousand).

The above does not include any classified exposure.

#### 46.1.6 Advances - Province / Region-wise disbursement and utilization

				2023			
	Disbursements			Utilization			
Rupees in '000		Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Baluchistan		AJK including Bilgit Baltistan
Province/Region							
Punjab	1,332,424,390	1,317,615,884	2,911,276	146,893	6,730	11,735,324	8,283
Sindh	1,165,558,110	3,449,372	1,161,709,366	37,574	230,264	127,634	3,900
KPK including FATA	5,187,340	168,355	16,464	4,391,963	2,250	587,012	21,296
Balochistan	680,059	2,982	5,010	700	665,891	5,276	200
Islamabad	125,780,328	13,858,353	8,270,344	13,188,547	41,206	90,383,886	37,992
AJK including Gilgit Baltistan	825,077	76,966	200	3,225	-	7,945	736,741
Total	2,630,455,304	1,335,171,912	1,172,912,660	17,768,902	946,341	102,847,077	808,412
				2022			
	Disbursements			Utilization			
Rupees in '000		Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Baluchistan		AJK includinç Bilgit Baltistar
Province/Region							
Punjab	977,755,576	965,008,442	2,478,854	1,420,450	4,201	8,836,667	6,962
Sindh	1,046,523,386	2,074,309	1,043,696,064	2,364	479,484	266,330	4,835
KPK including FATA	4,769,555	196,039	1,861	4,351,903	1,430	104,383	113,939
Baluchistan	1,431,013	2,428	8,121	300	1,419,864	_	300
Islamabad	122,843,449	10,743,802	11,764,149	6,717,191	32,501	93,284,853	300,953
AJK including Gilgit Baltistan	494,756	46,359	1,800	7,261	-	11,145	428,191
Total	2,153,817,735	978,071,379	1,057,950,849	12,499,469	1,937,480	102,503,378	855,180

#### 46.2 Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that the value of on and off-balance sheet positions of a financial institution will be adversely affected by movements in market rates or prices such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and credit spreads, resulting in a loss to earnings and capital.

The Group is exposed to market risk from both its banking and trading books. Trading book for the Group includes all Held for Trading (HFT) assets along with Available for Sale (AFS) securities that are held with intention of short term trade. All assets not included in trading book are included in the Banking book.

The Group's Risk Management Process seeks to identify, measure, monitor, and control market risks in order to shield against adverse movements in market factors and to attain an efficient risk / return profile of its open positions. Risk Management Group has developed and implemented market risk policy and risk measurement / monitoring methodology for review and reporting of market risk.

The Group makes use of the globally established Value-at-Risk (VaR) methodology to measure traded market risk. Additionally, sensitivity analysis is carried out to gauge the impact of extreme market movements on traded exposures, such as fixed income securities and equity capital market instruments.

Further, stress testing is used to analyze the impact of abnormal market movements across different portfolios to assess non-traded market risk, in particular interest rate risk in the banking book. The performance of the Group's traded portfolios is evaluated through the use of risk / return analysis. Risk is assessed through the revaluation of all traded market risk exposed positions on a daily basis, and monitored by ensuring that these positions do not breach any regulatory limits as well as any internally established risk tolerance limits.

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Basel III Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Market Risk. Total capital charge for market risk is Rs. 29,328,100 thousand (2022: Rs. 27,675,542 thousand).

#### 46.2.1 Balance sheet split by trading and banking books

		2023		2022		
Rupees in '000	Banking book	Trading book	Total	Banking book	Trading book	Total
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087,467	_	160,087,467	70,950,067	_	70,950,067
Balances with other banks	14,761,177	-	14,761,177	9,677,123	-	9,677,123
Lendings to financial institutions	-	-	_	406,934	-	406,934
Investments	453,789,581	728,708,077	1,182,497,658	292,732,804	469,974,004	762,706,808
Advances	633,046,149	-	633,046,149	583,810,931	-	583,810,931
Fixed assets	27,020,255	-	27,020,255	24,484,412	-	24,484,412
Intangible assets	1,860,747	-	1,860,747	1,375,625	-	1,375,625
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	-	1,750,000	1,750,000	-	1,750,000
Deferred tax assets	8,065,412	-	8,065,412	7,545,677	-	7,545,677
Other assets	96,684,170	_	96,684,170	62,973,402	-	62,973,402
	1,397,064,958	728,708,077	2,125,773,035	1,055,706,975	469,974,004	1,525,680,979

#### 46.2.2 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk, or the risk that the Bank's earnings and / or capital can fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates, arises out of the Bank's foreign exchange exposure which consists of foreign currency cash in hand, nostro / vostro accounts, forward contracts, forward bookings with exporters, foreign bills purchased, foreign currency placements with SBP and the Bank's Wholesale Group Branch, foreign currency lendings / deposits and capital investments in offshore operations.

The Bank's treasury manages consolidated foreign exchange exposure by matching foreign currency assets and liabilities in spot and forward. The foreign exchange exposure and nostro balances are maintained within regulatory limits and VaR is calculated for consolidated foreign exchange exposure on a daily basis. The impact of a change in USD / PKR parity on the net open position is also determined through daily sensitivity analysis.

		2023					
Rupees in '000	Foreign currency assets	Foreign currency liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure			
United States Dollar Pound Sterling Euro Other European currencies Other currencies	100,057,331 1,159,587 1,851,281 2,481 1,603,397	133,407,202 8,594,795 4,001,522 – 906,278	(21,110,855) (7,412,731) (1,565,484) – 302,424	(54,460,726) (14,847,939) (3,715,725) 2,481 999,543			
	104,674,077	146,909,797	(29,786,646)	(72,022,366)			

		2022				
D : 1000	Foreign currency	Foreign currency	Off-balance	Net foreign		
Rupees in '000	assets	liabilities	sheet items	currency exposure		
United States Dollar	65,691,952	105,771,498	(29,448,724)	(69,528,270)		
Pound Sterling	604,649	6,537,640	(6,128,871)	(12,061,862)		
Euro	3,289,971	2,507,599	3,082,549	3,864,921		
Other European currencies	14,765	_	(73,260)	(58,495)		
Other currencies	2,133,491	1,303,405	2,690	832,776		
	71,734,828	116,120,142	(32,565,616)	(76,950,930)		

	20:	23	2022		
Rupees in '000	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book	
Impact of 1% change in foreign exchange rates on					
- Profit and loss account	422,357	297,866	443,853	325,656	

#### 46.2.3 Equity position risk

Equity position risk is the risk that the value of equity positions inside the trading book and banking book will change as a result of general and specific equity market movements. Equity positions are monitored on daily basis through management action triggers.

The Group classifies its direct equity investments into held for trading, available for sale, and Held to Maturity. Held for trading equity exposures are of a short term nature and are undertaken to earn profit by exploiting market conditions and short term price fluctuations. Equities held in the available for sale portfolio are kept with the intent of earning profit due to underlying fundamental strength of each security. Strategic investments are undertaken in line with the long-term strategy of the Bank, i.e. to build strategic interest in other concerns. The Group may also carry indirect equity exposure through financing against shares and reverse repos against shares.

At the end of FY 2023 Bank's equity investment portfolio was classified as held for trading and available for sale. Pretax impact of 5% change in equity prices are provided below;

	202	23	2022	
Rupees in '000	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
Impact of 5% change in equity prices on				
<ul><li>Profit and loss account</li><li>Other comprehensive income</li></ul>	- (35,149)	(28,329) (249,372)	(766) (27,985)	(3,852) (140,843)

#### 46.2.4 Yield / Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)-Basel III Specific

The Bank's interest rate exposure arises out of its investment, lending and borrowing activities. Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB) in its various forms is the risk of adverse changes in earnings and/or capital due to (i) timing differences or mismatches in the maturity/repricing period of financial assets and liabilities (repricing risk), (ii) differences in the basis used for calculating interest rates received and paid (basis risk), (iii) and options implicit or explicit in the Bank's financial assets and liabilities (options risk). The Asset and Liability Management Committee of the Group monitors and controls mismatch of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities on an ongoing basis through its regular meetings. The Market Risk Management Department monitors interest rate in the banking book from an earnings and economic value perspective.

#### Key IRRBB measures include:

- 1. Interest Earnings at Risk (IAR): the rolling 12-month impact of a parallel shift in interest rates on Net Interest Margin.
- 2. Change in Economic Value of Equity (EVE): the impact of a parallel shift in interest rates on the present value of the Bank's cash flows.
- 3. Repricing Gaps: mismatch between the Bank's assets and liabilities in terms of repricing time bands based on residual maturity for repricing or actual maturity which ever is earlier. Repricing assumptions for non-contractual assets and liabilities have been set based on a behavioral study.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	20	23	2022		
Rupees in '000	Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book	
Impact of 1% change in interest rates on					
<ul><li>Profit and loss account</li><li>Other comprehensive income</li></ul>	(180,183) 129,062	(1,387,869) –	(1,040,690) 852,746	(1,253,738) –	

#### 46.2.5 Mismatch of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet instruments is based on the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date.

						20	023					
						Exposed	d to yield / inte	rest risk				
Rupees in '000	Effective Yield / Interest rate	rield / rest	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	Non-interes bearing financia instruments
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks		160,087,467	12,873,026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,214,44
Balances with other banks	5.24%	14,761,177	13,012,856	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,748,32
Investments	18.73%	1,182,497,658	304,993,034	335,255,801	285,016,573	90,799,857	41,013,367	47,961,711	39,491,310	21,043,410	8,282,544	8,640,05
Advances	18.61%	633,046,149	255,236,812	179,012,129	96,782,356	26,081,357	24,756,765	14,365,184	19,459,226	12,047,379	3,330,161	1,974,780
Other assets		90,346,735	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,346,73
		2,080,739,186	586,115,728	514,267,930	381,798,929	116,881,214	65,770,132	62,326,895	58,950,536	33,090,789	11,612,705	249,924,328
Liabilities												
Bills payable		12,394,336	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,394,33
Borrowings	19.97%	643,362,665	606,543,301	8,543,464	1,530,759	161,802	6,823,565	6,724,701	6,194,752	5,983,279	857,042	
Deposits and other accounts	12.80%	1,292,794,706	59,614,202	32,190,546	46,584,030	77,250,104	170,887,894	170,474,082	212,438,474	145,738,968	24,289,828	353,326,57
Sub-ordinated loans	21.81%	12,000,000	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other liabilities		57,629,799	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,629,79
		2,018,181,506	666,157,503	46,734,010	54,114,789	77,411,906	177,711,459	177,198,783	218,633,226	151,722,247	25,146,870	423,350,713
On-balance sheet gap		62,557,680	(80,041,775)	467,533,920	327,684,140	39,469,308	(111,941,327)	(114,871,888)	(159,682,690)	(118,631,458)	(13,534,165)	(173,426,38
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Forward foreign exchange contracts purchase		153,115,769	3,038,994	2,615,067	4,969,835	142,491,873	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts sale		123,329,123	75,672,704	38,886,171	8,770,248	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap		29,786,646	(72,633,710)	(36,271,104)	(3,800,413)	142,491,873	-	-	-	-	-	
Total yield / interest risk sensitivity gap			(152,675,485)	431,262,816	323,883,727	181,961,181	(111,941,327)	(114,871,888)	(159,682,690)	(118,631,458)	(13,534,165)	(173,426,38
Cumulative yield / interest risk sensitivity gap			(152,675,485)	278,587,331	602,471,058	784,432,239	672,490,912	557,619,024	397,936,334	279,304,876	265,770,711	

#### Mismatch of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities

						20	022					
						Exposed	I to yield / inte	erest risk				
Rupees in '000	Effective Yield / Interest rate	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	Non-intere bearir financi instrumen
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks		70,950,067	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,950,0
Balances with other banks	1.64%	9,677,123	6,260,952	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,416,1
Lendings to financial institutions	13.98%	406,934	406,934	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investments	12.37%	762,696,638	193,871,304	118,178,169	215,704,285	74,509,378	48,289,765	31,744,872	26,477,008	42,780,223	5,473,949	5,667,68
Advances	11.94%	583,810,931	336,343,802	117,946,217	56,427,591	14,848,490	10,802,276	10,414,720	18,630,863	6,384,584	12,012,388	
Other assets		53,890,117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,890,1
		1,481,431,810	536,882,992	236,124,386	272,131,876	89,357,868	59,092,041	42,159,592	45,107,871	49,164,807	17,486,337	133,924,04
Liabilities												
Bills payable		11,878,563	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,878,56
Borrowings	12.63%	233,432,089	95,941,683	110,469,558	1,536,997	243,333	6,184,411	6,104,215	6,135,471	5,990,916	825,505	
Deposits and other accounts	7.84%	1,142,574,606	55,447,835	38,301,787	23,782,422	124,175,800	133,196,739	133,121,261	152,770,413	75,457,330	56,612,953	349,708,0
Sub-ordinated loans	14.84%	12,000,000	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other liabilities		45,613,789	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	45,613,7
		1,445,499,047	151,389,518	154,771,345	31,319,419	124,419,133	139,381,150	139,225,476	158,905,884	81,448,246	57,438,458	407,200,4
On-balance sheet gap		35,932,763	385,493,474	81,353,041	240,812,457	(35,061,265)	(80,289,109)	(97,065,884)	(113,798,013)	(32,283,439)	(39,952,121)	(273,276,3
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Forward foreign exchange contracts purchase		150,899,164	57,918,668	65,867,344	27,113,152	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Forward foreign exchange contracts sale		118,333,548	75,019,290	40,447,217	2,867,041			=			=	
Off-balance sheet gap		32,565,616	(17,100,622)	25,420,127	24,246,111	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total yield / interest risk sensitivity gap			368,392,852	106,773,168	265,058,568	(35,061,265)	(80,289,109)	(97,065,884)	(113,798,013)	(32,283,439)	(39,952,121)	(273,276,3
Cumulative yield / interest risk sensitivity gap			368,392,852	475,166,020	740,224,588	705,163,323	624,874,214	527,808,330	414,010,317	381,726,878	341,774,757	

- 46.2.5.1 Yield risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve.
- **46.2.5.2** Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates.
- **46.2.5.3** Assets do not include fixed assets of Rs. 27,020,255 thousand (2022: Rs. 24,484,412 thousand), Intangible assets of Rs. 1,860,747 thousand (2022: Rs. 1,375,625 thousand), deferred tax asset of Rs. 8,065,412 thousand (2022: Rs. 7,545,677 thousand), assets held for sale of Rs. 1,750,000 thousand (2022: Rs. 1,750,000 thousand) and other assets consisting of advances, prepaid rent and other prepayments, advance taxation, non–banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims, Stationary & Stamp and Others of Rs. 6,337,435 thousand (2022: Rs. 9,083,285 thousand).
- **46.2.5.4** Liabilities do not include other liabilities consisting of advance payments, advance against sale of properties, unearned commission, branch adjustment account, workers' welfare fund, payable to defined benefit plan, provision for employees' compensated absences, levies and taxes payable, provision against off-balance sheet items, Islamic pool management reserve and others of Rs. 9,895,868 thousand (2022: Rs. 6,849,509 thousand).

#### **46.3 OPERATIONAL RISK**

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems and external events. The Group strives to manage operational risk within acceptable levels through sound operational risk management practices.

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### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Board Risk Management Committee defines the operational risk appetite and tolerance limits. Operational risk governance structure adopted by Group is embedded with three lines of defense: Strategic, Macro and Micro.

Group already has in place an Operational Risk Management framework which is aligned with global best market practices. Group has dedicated functions to manage Operational Risk, Business Continuity Risk and Information Security Risk governed through comprehensive frameworks in line with international best practices.

#### 46.3.1 Operational Risk-Disclosures Basel II specific

Basel II Basic Indicator Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Operational Risk.

#### 46.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk reflects an enterprises inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The Bank's liquidity position is managed by the Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO). ALCO monitors the maintenance of financial position, liquidity ratios, depositors concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and to avoid undue reliance on large individual deposits. Moreover, core retail deposits (current accounts and saving accounts) form a considerable part of the Bank's overall funding and significant importance is attached to the stability and growth of these deposits.

The Group is confident that the liquidity buffer currently maintained is sufficient to cater to any adverse movement in the cash flow maturity profile.

#### 46.4.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank

							20:	23						
			Over 1	Over 7	Over 14	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 6	Over 9	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	
		Upto 1	to 7	to 14	days to 1	to 2	to 3	to 6	to 9	months	to 2	to 3	to 5	Over
Rupees in '000	Total	day	days	days	month	months	months	months	months	to 1 year	years	years	years	5 years
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	160,087,467	48,026,240	1,600,875	-	-		-	-	-	-	27,615,088	27,615,088	27,615,088	27,615,088
Balances with other banks	14,761,177	2,657,013	1,347,696	10,333	962,429	484,167	4,959,757	2,479,878	1,239,934	619,970	-	-	-	-
Investments	1,182,497,658	254,212	223,206,111	628,515	83,065,020	139,237,355	196,538,601	285,257,165	42,564,218	48,355,935	42,325,414	49,273,758	40,990,023	30,801,331
Advances	633,046,149	1,362,182	18,419,478	23,897,691	201,328,218	62,284,013	32,356,652	74,845,825	16,541,338	5,516,759	28,615,270	28,125,923	44,232,277	95,520,525
Fixed assets	27,020,255	-	-	215,670	215,670	188,245	188,245	552,928	538,480	538,479	1,855,619	1,367,663	1,498,548	19,860,708
Intangible assets	1,860,747	-	-	14,852	14,852	12,963	12,963	38,077	37,082	37,084	127,787	94,184	103,197	1,367,706
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	8,065,412	163,997	983,980	1,311,974	2,459,951	-	-	-	160,775	160,775	322,284	922,486	1,579,190	-
Other assets	96,684,170	13,347,097	1,867,733	2,491,738	10,962,899	1,904,819	222,529	421,295	-	-	16,507,581	16,319,493	16,319,493	16,319,493
	2,125,773,035	65,810,741	247,425,873	28,570,773	299,009,039	204,111,562	234,278,747	365,345,168	61,081,827	55,229,002	117,369,043	123,718,595	132,337,817	191,484,849
Liabilities														
Bills payable	12,394,336	3,966,188	1,131,603	-	940,730	3,280,421	1,640,210	820,105	410,053	205,026	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	643,362,665	2,156,507	163,556,035	420,399,459	20,431,301	5,805,043	2,738,421	1,530,759	-	161,802	6,823,565	6,724,701	6,194,752	6,840,320
Deposits and other accounts	1,292,794,706	64,637,493	115,084,396	4,962,375	2,834,160	42,046,784	3,570,172	46,584,030	53,650,958	23,599,146	223,886,881	223,473,068	265,437,461	223,027,782
Sub-ordinated loans	12,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000,000
Other liabilities	67,525,667	12,441,785	14,955,384	2,366,540	10,962,899	1,904,819	222,524	421,295	-	-	6,203,674	6,015,582	6,015,582	6,015,583
	2,028,077,374	83,201,973	294,727,418	427,728,374	35,169,090	53,037,067	8,171,327	49,356,189	54,061,011	23,965,974	236,914,120	236,213,351	277,647,795	247,883,685
Net assets	97,695,661	(17,391,232)	(47,301,545)	(399,157,601)	263,839,949	151,074,495	226,107,420	315,988,979	7,020,816	31,263,028	(119,545,077)	(112,494,756)	(145,309,979)	(56,398,836)
Share Capital	14,492,992													
Reserves	57,855,752													
Unappropriated profit	4,458,455													
Surplus on revaluation of assets	20,511,764													
Non-Controlling interest	376,698													
	97,695,661													

46.4.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank

							20	22						
			Over 1	Over 7	Over 14	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 6	Over 9	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	
		Upto 1	to 7	to 14	days to 1	to 2	to 3	to 6	to 9	months	to 2	to 3	to 5	Ove
Rupees in '000	Total	day	days	days	month	months	months	months	months	to 1 year	years	years	years	5 years
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	70,950,067	21,285,020	709,501	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,238,887	12,238,887	12,238,887	12,238,885
Balances with other banks	9,677,123	1,741,882	883,521	6,774	630,948	317,410	3,251,513	1,625,757	812,878	406,440	-	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	406,934	-	406,934	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	762,706,808	191,422	488,459	450,881	288,289	11,141,826	1,878,274	61,980,179	73,877,560	86,096,535	185,080,768	121,455,289	117,079,316	102,698,010
Advances	583,810,931	4,068,879	12,715,307	17,411,575	154,279,779	62,804,973	36,556,595	73,148,494	8,925,498	25,676,425	25,114,183	25,416,315	43,116,981	94,575,927
Fixed assets	24,484,412	-	-	195,430	195,430	170,578	170,578	501,036	487,943	487,943	1,681,470	1,239,308	1,357,910	17,996,786
Intangible assets	1,375,625	-	-	10,980	10,980	9,584	9,584	28,150	27,414	27,414	94,471	69,629	76,292	1,011,127
Assets held for sale	1,750,000	-	-	1,750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	7,545,677	153,429	920,573	1,227,430	2,301,431	-	-	-	150,415	150,415	301,516	863,041	1,477,427	-
Other assets	62,973,402	7,838,971	1,581,589	1,560,988	6,760,586	1,652,699	2,604,107	3,249,248	-	1,592,403	9,580,817	9,768,904	9,580,817	7,202,273
	1,525,680,979	35,279,603	17,705,884	22,614,058	164,467,443	76,097,070	44,470,651	140,532,864	84,281,708	114,437,575	234,092,112	171,051,373	184,927,630	235,723,008
Liabilities														
Bills payable	11,878,563	3,801,140	1,084,513	-	901,583	3,143,911	1,571,955	785,978	392,989	196,494	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	233,432,089	2,416,278	91,324,368	1,543,256	657,781	81,670,785	28,798,773	1,536,997	83,333	160,000	6,184,411	6,104,215	6,135,471	6,816,421
Deposits and other accounts	1,142,574,606	38,007,092	44,640,870	25,751,160	79,638,926	41,791,360	15,682,531	32,641,953	44,451,695	80,251,843	185,266,826	185,191,160	185,118,259	184,140,931
Sub-ordinated loans	12,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000,000
Other liabilities	52,463,298	8,836,623	11,106,111	1,751,816	6,760,586	1,652,696	2,604,107	1,333,629	-	1,592,403	4,275,041	4,463,128	4,275,041	3,812,117
	1,452,348,556	53,061,133	148,155,862	29,046,232	87,958,876	128,258,752	48,657,366	36,298,557	44,928,017	82,200,740	195,726,278	195,758,503	195,528,771	206,769,469
Net assets	73,332,423	(17,781,530)	(130,449,978)	(6,432,174)	76,508,567	(52,161,682)	(4,186,715)	104,234,307	39,353,691	32,236,835	38,365,834	(24,707,130)	(10,601,141)	28,953,539
Share Capital	12,602,602													
Reserves	43,373,595													
Surplus on revaluation of assets	3,952,356													
Unappropriated profit	13,403,870													
	73 332 423	-												

# Annual Report 2023

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 46.4.2 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on expected maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank

					20	)23				
Rupees in '000	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
Assets  Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets	160,087,467 14,761,177 1,182,497,658 633,046,149 27,020,255 1,860,747 1,750,000 8,065,412	49,627,115 4,977,470 307,153,855 245,007,568 431,341 29,704 - 4,919,901	5,443,924 335,775,956 94,640,665 376,490 25,927 -	2,479,874 285,257,165 74,845,825 552,928 38,077 1,750,000	1,859,909 90,920,152 22,058,097 1,076,958 74,165 – 321,551	27,615,088 - 42,325,414 28,615,270 1,855,619 127,787 - 322,284	27,615,088 - 49,273,758 28,125,923 1,367,663 94,184 - 922,486	27,615,088 - 40,990,023 44,232,277 1,498,548 103,197 - 1,579,190	23,670,075 - 22,308,022 80,034,403 1,446,641 99,623 - -	3,945,013 - 8,493,313 15,486,121 18,414,067 1,268,083 -
Other assets  Liabilities  Bills payable  Borrowings  Deposits and other accounts  Sub-ordinated loans  Other liabilities	96,684,170 2,125,773,035 12,394,336 643,362,665 1,292,794,706 12,000,000 67,525,667 2,028,077,374	28,669,467 640,816,421 6,038,520 606,543,301 187,518,423 - 40,726,608 840,826,852	2,127,348 438,390,310 4,920,631 8,543,464 45,616,956 - 2,127,343 61,208,394	421,295 365,345,164 820,106 1,530,759 46,584,030 - 421,294 49,356,189	116,310,832 615,079 161,803 77,250,105 - - 78,026,987	16,507,580 117,369,042 - 6,823,565 223,886,881 - 6,203,674 236,914,120	16,319,493 123,718,595 - 6,724,701 223,473,068 - 6,015,582 236,213,351	16,319,493 132,337,816 - 6,194,752 265,437,461 - 6,015,582 277,647,795	13,989,318 141,548,082 - 5,983,279 191,166,670 6,000,000 5,156,214 208,306,163	2,330,176 49,936,772 - 857,041 31,861,112 6,000,000 859,370 39,577,523
Net assets  Share Capital Reserves Unappropriated profit Surplus on revaluation of assets Non-Controlling interest	97,695,661 14,492,992 57,855,752 4,458,455 20,511,764 376,698 97,695,661	(200,010,431)	377,181,916	315,988,975	38,283,845	(119,545,078)	(112,494,756)	(145,309,979)	(66,758,081)	10,359,250

#### Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on expected maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank

					20	22				
Rupees in '000	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments	70,950,067 9,677,123 406,934 762,706,808	21,994,521 3,263,125 406,934 1,419,051	3,568,923 - 13,020,100	- 1,625,757 - 61,980,179	- 1,219,318 - 159,974,095	12,238,887 - - 185,080,768	12,238,887 - - 121,455,289	12,238,887 - - 117,079,316	10,490,474 - - 99,412,134	1,748,41 3,285,87
Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Assets held for sale Deferred tax assets	583,810,931 24,484,412 1,375,625 1,750,000 7,545,677	188,475,540 390,860 21,960 - 4,602,863	99,361,568 341,156 19,168	73,148,494 501,036 28,150 1,750,000	34,601,923 975,886 54,828 -	25,114,183 1,681,470 94,471 - 301,516	25,416,315 1,239,308 69,629 - 863,041	43,116,981 1,357,910 76,292 - 1,477,427	67,033,182 1,310,874 73,650	27,542,74 16,685,91 937,47
Other assets	62,973,402	17,742,134	4,256,806	3,249,248	1,592,403	9,580,817	9,768,904	9,580,817	5,833,585	1,368,68
Liabilities  Bills payable  Borrowings  Deposits and other accounts  Sub-ordinated loans  Other liabilities	1,525,680,979 11,878,563 233,432,089 1,142,574,606 12,000,000 52,463,298 1,452,348,556	238,316,988 5,787,236 95,941,683 188,038,048 - 28,455,136 318,222,103	120,567,721 4,715,866 110,469,558 57,473,891 - 4,256,803 176,916,118	785,978 1,536,997 32,641,953 - 1,333,629 36,298,557	198,719,283 589,483 243,333 124,703,538 - 1,592,403 127,128,757	234,092,112 - 6,184,411 185,266,826 - 4,275,041	171,051,373 - 6,104,215 185,191,160 - 4,463,128	184,927,630 - 6,135,471 185,118,259 - 4,275,041 195,528,771	184,153,899 - 5,990,917 157,817,978 6,000,000 3,201,396	51,569,10 825,50 26,322,95 6,000,00 610,72 33,759,17
Net assets	73,332,423	(79,905,115)	(56,348,397)	105,984,307	71,590,526	195,726,278 38,365,834	195,758,503	(10,601,141)	173,010,291	17,809,93
Share Capital Reserves Surplus on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit	12,602,602 43,373,595 3,952,356 13,403,870 73,332,423	-				<u> </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u> </u>	

#### 46.5 Derivative Risk

The Group at present does not offer structured derivative products such as interest rate swaps, forward rate swap, forward rate agreements or foreign exchange options nor does it deal in market making and foreign exchange hedging.

Group's derivative exposure is limited to hedging transactions undertaken by Treasury in instruments such as forward exchange contracts.

The Risk Management Group monitors Group's overall derivative exposure in forward exchange contracts, which are marked to market and are included in Group's overall portfolio measures of volatility including value at risk (VaR). Further, value at risk (VaR) is separately monitored for forward exchange contracts. Derivative exposures are also included in Group's capital charge and risk weighted asset calculation in accordance with SBP regulations.

#### 47. GENERAL

#### 47.1 Non-adjusting events after the balance sheet date

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on February 21, 2024 has proposed the following appropriations, which will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 do not include the effect of the appropriations which will be accounted for in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2024 as follows:

Rupees in '000	2023	2022
Proposed final cash dividend - Rs. 2.5 per share (2022: Nil)	3,623,248	_
Bonus issue - Nil (2022: 15%)	_	1,890,390
Transfer to General reserve	16,808,564	11,725,720

#### 48 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on February 21, 2024 by the Board of Directors of the Group.

Chief Financial Officer	President & CE	Director	Director	Chairman

## PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Sha	reholding	
Number of shareholders	From	То	Total shares held
1,748	1	100	63,500
2,614	101	500	708,369
1,772	501	1,000	1,280,836
4,069	1,001	5,000	10,095,641
1,604	5,001	10,000	11,773,130
1,039	10,001	15,000	13,450,935
848	15,001	50,000	22,160,055
404	50,001	500,000	55,675,788
33	500,001	1,000,000	22,169,247
25	1,000,001	2,000,000	33,120,709
18	2,012,500	5,000,000	50,314,362
14	5,344,100	14,992,000	103,267,373
5	17,255,500	312,666,610	499,886,035
1	625,000,000	625,333,227	625,333,227
14,194			1,449,299,207

Categories of Shareholders	Numbers of	Shares held	Percentage
	shareholders		
Directors, CEO, Children	6	83,375	0.0057
Associated Companies & Related Parties	6	1,052,602,428	72.6284
Executives/Employees of the Bank	4	59,100	0.0041
Banks, DFI & NBFI, Insurance Companies, Takaful,			
modarabas and Pension Funds	28	18,838,813	1.2999
ICP	1	4,297	0.0003
Insurance Companies	5	1,132,111	0.0781
Mutual Funds & Mudarabas	29	59,721,981	4.1207
General Public (Local)	13,906	218,456,699	15.0733
General Public (Foreign)	31	138,844	0.0096
Others	174	92,253,641	6.3654
Foreign investors (Foreign Companies)	4	6,007,918	0.4145
Total	14,194	1,449,299,207	100.0000

Particulars	Numbers of	Shares held	Percentage
	shareholders		
Associated Companies & Related Parties:	6	1,052,602,428	72.6284
Fauji Foundation Group			
Fauji Foundation	1	104,224,366	7.1914
Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited	1	625,333,227	43.1473
Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited	1	312,666,610	21.5736
Related Parties			
Trustees of FFC Employees Gratuity Fund	1	5,344,175	0.3687
Trustees Of FFC Mgnt Staff Pension Fund	1	1,081,800	0.0746
Trustees of Askari Bank Limited Employees Provident Fund	1	3,952,250	0.2727
Modarabas & Mutual Funds	29	59,721,981	4.1207
Safeway Fund (Pvt) Limited	1	570	0.0000
First Tri-Star Modaraba Management	1	102	0.0000
Investec Mutual Fund Limited	1	70	0.0000
Asian Stocks Fund Limited	1	3,326	0.0002
Investec Mutual Fund Limited	1	1	0.0000
First U.D.L. Modaraba	1	359	0.0000

**Note 1:** For the purpose of reporting trades in the shares of the Bank, as per requirement of 5.6.4 of Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, Executive(s) mean person(s), who have access to price sensitive information.

**Note 2:** During the year. there have been no trades in the shares of the Bank by it's Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children.

## **Askari Bank Limited**

### FORM OF PROXY

### ASKARI BANK LIMITED 32ND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

I/We	S/o/ D/o/ W/o	of	hei	na memher(s)	of
	ordinary shares vide Folio/CDC Ac				01
hereby appoint Mr./Mrs./Ms.					
failing him/ her, Mr./Mrs./Ms	Folio/CDC Accou	unt No	of		_ ,
as my/our proxy in my/our absence to attend and vote	on my/our behalf at the 32 <sup>nd</sup> Annual	General Meeting of the	Bank to be held on Thu	rsday, March 28, 20	024
at 10:00 am at Kehkashan One Hall, Serena Hotel, Islan	nabad and through Zoom and at any	y adjournment thereof.			
Signed this	day of March 2024.		Signature of	Member	
(Please affix revenue stamp of Rs. 5)			(The signature si with the specime with the E	hould agree n registered	
Witnesses No. 1:	Witn	nesses No. 2:			
Name:	Nam	ne:			
C.N.I.C. No.:	C.N.I	I.C. No.:			
Address:	———— Addr	ress: ——			

#### IMPORTANT NOTES:

#### A. General:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote for him/her. No person shall act as a proxy, who is not a member of the Bank corporate entity may appoint a person who is not a member.
- 2. The instrument appointing a proxy should be signed by the member or his/her attorney duly authorized in writing. If the member is a corporate entity, certified true copy of the instrument authorizing the person to act as proxy shall be provided.
- 3. The Proxy Form, duly completed and signed, must be received at the Company Secretary Office, Askari Bank Limited, 4th Floor, NPT Building, F-8 Markaz, Islamabad at least 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 4. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- 5. If a member appoints more than one proxy, and more than one instrument of proxy is deposited by a member, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.

#### B. For CDC Account Holders

- 1. Copies of the CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- 2. The proxy shall produce his / her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- 3. In case of Corporate entity, certified true copy of the instrument authorizing the person to act as proxy shall be provided shall be submitted along with proxy form to the Bank.

	يىمبرغىسرى بىنكەلمىيىڭە، حامل عام ش <i>ىر زېرط</i> ابق فولي <i>وا س</i> ى ۋى سى ا كاۇنىڭىمېر _	- شهربحثییه	ازوجه	ولديت/بنت	ایم
فوليواس ڈی سی ا کاؤنٹ	سکی نا کامی کی صورت میں ،مسٹر امسزامس	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	سى ڈى تى ا كاؤنٹ نمبر	فوليوافوليوا	ر <i>امزام</i> س _
جو بتار <sup>خ</sup> 28مارچ 2024ء بروز	تے ہیں تا کہ وہ میری <i>ا اہ</i> اری طرف سے بینک کے32ویں سالا نہا جلاس عام ج	ء پر بطور پراکسی مقرر کرتا ہوں 1 کر	کواپنے/ہمارےایما	شہر	
اورحق رائے دہی استعال کرے۔	مقدہونے والے یااس کے کسی ملتو می شدہ اجلاس ملیں شرکت کرے، ہات کرےا	ملام آباد، میں اورز وم کے ذریعے منا	ں ون ھال ،سرینا ہوٹل ،اس	0:01 بج بمقام كهكشاا	ات دن بوقت 0
		ء کوبطور گواہ دستخط کیے	ارچ2024	يتاريخ	بروز
	ستند				
ر په ي څکره ، )	دستخطاممبر (پارچُ روپے کارس				
لين ك)	- 10 <del></del>				
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	گواه نُبر 2				واه نمبر 1 –
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	شَارِينَ عَلَى الْحَدِّى الْحَدِّى الْحَدِّى الْحَدِّى الْحَدِّى الْحَدِّى الْحَدِّى الْحَدِينَ الْحَدَيْنَ الْحَدِينَ الْحَدِينَ الْعِينَ الْعَلِينَ الْعَلِينَ الْعَلِينَ الْعَلِينَ الْعَلِينَ الْع				'
	شناختی کارونمبر				ختی کارڈنمبر –
	شناختی کارونمبر پیة				ختی کارڈنمبر ر
	شناختی کارونمبر پیة				ختى كارۇنمبر – ; :-
رطه، ر کام منبس کرسکتان اگر و ، و مدئ		ان مثل بشركة إن وور ما بأوا لنر س			ختی کارڈنمبر – , ,:- ،- عام
کے طور رِکا منہیں کرسکتا ،اگر وہ بینکہ	شناختی کارڈنمبر پینہ ، لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔کارو باری ادارے کے علاوہ کوئی الیں شخص پراکسی ک	۔ اس میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈالنے کے		ں میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔	ختی کارڈنمبر – ،- ،- عام جومبراجلاتر
			لئے کا اہل ہےوہ اپنی جگہ اجلہ	ں میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔ ہے۔	خی کارڈنمبر – ۔ ،- عام جومبراجلار ممبرنہیں ۔
متعلقة خص کو پراکسی مقرر کیا گیا۔	پیت ، لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ کاروباری ادارے کے علاوہ کوئی الیا شخص پراکسی کے گرممبرایک کاروباری ادارہ ہے تو تصدیق شدہ انسٹر ومنٹ کی کا پی جس کے تحت	ڻار ني سے دستخطاشدہ ہونی ڇا پئيے ۔اَ	لئے کا اہل ہے وہ اپنی جگہ اجلہ <i>کے قری</i> ری طور پر بااختیار ا	ں میں شرکت اور دوٹ ڈا۔ ہے۔ کرنے کی دستاویز نمبریا اُس ہوگی۔	خی کارڈنمبر – ۔۔ عام ۔۔ عام جومبراجلار ممبرنیس ۔ پراکسی مقرر ر
متعلقة خض كو پرائسى مقرر كيا گيا۔	پتہ ، لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ کاروباری ادارے کے علاوہ کوئی ایباشخص پراکسی کے گرممبرایک کاروباری ادارہ ہے تو تصدیق شدہ انسٹر ومنٹ کی کا پی جس کے تحت بلڈنگ، ایف۔ 8 مرکز،اسلام آباد کواجلاس ہے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے تمل لاز ماوصول	ٹارنی سے دستخطاشدہ ہونی جا بیئے ۔ا ابینک لمیٹڈ، فورتھ فلور،این پی ٹی	لئے کا اہل ہے وہ اپنی جگدا جلا <i>سے تحری</i> ری طور پر بااختیار ا ویزات کمپنی سیکریٹری عسکر ک	ں میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔ ہے- رکرنے کی دستاویز ممبریا اُس ہوگی۔ رکیے جانے سے متعلق دستا	ختی کارڈنمبر – ان- ا- عام جومبراجلار ممبرنبیں ب پراکسی مقرر جمع کروانی
متعلقة خض کو پراکسی مقرر کیا گیا۔	پتہ ، لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ کاروباری ادارے کے علاوہ کوئی الیاشخض پراکسی کے گرممبرا یک کاروباری ادارہ ہےتو تصدیق شدہ انسٹر ومنٹ کی کاپی جس کے تحت بلڈنگ، ایف- 8 مرکز ،اسلام آباد کواجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھٹے تمل لاز ماوصول پردرج ہوں۔	ٹارنی سے دستخطاشدہ ہونی جاسیے ۔اَ مہینک کمیٹڑ،فورتھ فلور،این پی ٹی پیتا اورسی این آئی نمبرز فارم کے او	لنے کا اہل ہے وہ اپنی جگہ اجا ں کے تحریری طور پر بااختیار ا ویزات سمپنی سکر یٹری عسکر کہ ہ ہونا چا ہیے۔جن کے نام	ں میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔ ہے- رکرنے کی دستاو بر بمبر یا اُس ہوگی۔ یہ جانے سے متعلق دستا رد گواہان سے تصدیق شد	خی کارڈنمبر – ای:- جوممبراطلار ممبرنہیں بے پراکسی مقرر پراکسی مقرر پراکسی فارم
متعلقة خض کو پراکسی مقرر کیا گیا۔	پتہ ، لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ کاروباری ادارے کے علاوہ کوئی ایباشخص پراکسی کے گرممبرایک کاروباری ادارہ ہے تو تصدیق شدہ انسٹر ومنٹ کی کا پی جس کے تحت بلڈنگ، ایف۔ 8 مرکز،اسلام آباد کواجلاس ہے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے تمل لاز ماوصول	ٹارنی سے دستخطاشدہ ہونی جاسیے ۔اَ مہینک کمیٹڑ،فورتھ فلور،این پی ٹی پیتا اورسی این آئی نمبرز فارم کے او	لنے کا اہل ہے وہ اپنی جگہ اجا ں کے تحریری طور پر بااختیار ا ویزات سمپنی سکر یٹری عسکر کہ ہ ہونا چا ہیے۔جن کے نام	ں میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔ ہے- رکرنے کی دستاو بر بمبر یا اُس ہوگی۔ یہ جانے سے متعلق دستا رد گواہان سے تصدیق شد	خی کارڈنمبر – ای:- جوممبراطلار ممبرنہیں بے پراکسی مقرر پراکسی مقرر پراکسی فارم
متعلقة خض کو پراکسی مقرر کیا گیا۔	پتہ ، لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ کاروباری ادارے کے علاوہ کوئی الیاشخض پراکسی کے گرممبرا یک کاروباری ادارہ ہےتو تصدیق شدہ انسٹر ومنٹ کی کاپی جس کے تحت بلڈنگ، ایف- 8 مرکز ،اسلام آباد کواجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھٹے تمل لاز ماوصول پردرج ہوں۔	ٹارنی سے دستخطاشدہ ہونی جاسیے ۔اَ مہینک کمیٹڑ،فورتھ فلور،این پی ٹی پیتا اورسی این آئی نمبرز فارم کے او	لنے کا اہل ہے وہ اپنی جگہ اجا ں کے تحریری طور پر بااختیار ا ویزات سمپنی سکر یٹری عسکر کہ ہ ہونا چا ہیے۔جن کے نام	ں میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔ ہے- رکرنے کی دستاو بر بمبر یا اُس ہوگی۔ یہ جانے سے متعلق دستا رد گواہان سے تصدیق شد	خی کارڈنمبر – ای:- جوممبراطلار ممبرنہیں بے پراکسی مقرر پراکسی مقرر پراکسی فارم
متعلقة خص کو پراکسی مقرر کیا گیا۔	پتہ ، لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ کاروباری ادارے کے علاوہ کوئی الیاشخض پراکسی کے گرممبرا یک کاروباری ادارہ ہےتو تصدیق شدہ انسٹر ومنٹ کی کاپی جس کے تحت بلڈنگ، ایف- 8 مرکز ،اسلام آباد کواجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھٹے تمل لاز ماوصول پردرج ہوں۔	ٹارنی سے دستخطاشدہ ہونی جا بیئے ۔ اُ بینک کمیٹڈ، فورترھ فلور،این پی ٹی چے اور سی این آئی نمبرز فارم کے او پراکسی کے دستاویز جمع کروائے گا تو	لنے کا اہل ہے وہ اپنی جگہ اجا ں کے تحریری طور پر بااختیار ا ویزات کمپنی سکر یڈری عسکر ک وہونا حیا ہے۔جن کے نام رکرے گا اورا کیہ سے زیادہ لئے	ں میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔ ہے۔ ہوگی۔ کی جانے سے متعلق دستا ردگواہان سے تصدیق شد ایک سے زیادہ پراکسی مقرراً کاؤنٹ رکھنے والوں کے۔	ختی کارڈ نمبر – ان- عام جومبراجلا کر ممبر نہیں نے براکسی مقرر براکسی مقرر براکسی فارم براکسی فارم اگر کوئی ممبرا
متعلقة خض كو پرائسي مقرر كيا گيا۔	پتہ ، لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ کاروباری ادارے کے علاوہ کوئی الیاشخض پراکسی کے گرممبرا یک کاروباری ادارہ ہےتو تصدیق شدہ انسٹر ومنٹ کی کاپی جس کے تحت بلڈنگ، ایف- 8 مرکز ،اسلام آباد کواجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھٹے تمل لاز ماوصول پردرج ہوں۔	ٹارنی سے دستخطاشدہ ہونی جا بیئے ۔ اُ پہیٹک کمیٹر ڈ، فورتھ فلور، این پی ٹی پیٹا اوری این آئی نمبرز فارم کے او پراکسی کے دستاویز جمع کروائے گا تو کے ساتھ فراہم کی جانی جاہئیں۔	لنے کا اہل ہے وہ اپنی جگہ اجا ں کے تحریری طور پر بااختیار ا ویزات کمپنی سکر یڈری عسکر ک وہونا حیا ہے۔جن کے نام رکرے گا اورا کیہ سے زیادہ لئے	ں میں شرکت اور ووٹ ڈا۔ ہے۔ گرنے کی دستاو بر نمبر یا اُس ہوگی۔ کے جانے سے متعلق دستا ایک سے زیادہ پراکسی مقرراً ایک سے زیادہ پراکسی مقرراً کاؤنٹ رکھنے والوں کے۔ الن کئی این آئی ٹی یا پاس	نتی کارڈ نمبر – انتی کارڈ نمبر – انتی کارڈ نمبر اللہ مقرر ممبر نہیں ہے جو محروانی مقرر کی مقرر اللہ مستنفید مالکا





**ASKARI BANK LIMITED**