

Half Yearly Accounts
March 31, 2021



COMPANY PROFILE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Khawaja Anver Majid Chief Executive & Executive Director Noor Muhammad Non-Executive Director (Independent)

Waheed Ahmed Non- Executive Director Khawaja Aleem Majid Non- Executive Director Iqbal Buledi Non- Executive Director Dawoodi Morkas Non- Executive Director Aurangzeb Khan Executive Director & Chairman

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Khawaja Aleem Majid Noor Muhammad Chairman, Non-Executive Director

Member, Non-Executive Director (Independent) Member, Non Executive Director

Dawoodi Morkas

HUMAN RESOURCE & RUMENERATION COMMITTEE

Khawaja Aleem Majid Chairman, Non Executive Director Noor Muhammad

Member, Non- Executive Director (Independent)

Waheed Ahmed Member Non- Executive Director

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER Khawaja Muhammad Salman Younis

COMPANY SECRETARY Imran Hameed

BANKERS National Bank of Pakistan

Sindh Bank Limited Summit Bank Limited **UBL Bank Limited** MCB Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Bank-Al-Habib Limited

AUDITORS M/s. J.A.S.B Associates & Co. Chartered Accountants.

COST AUDITOR Rao & Co Chartered Accountants

Cost and Management Accountants

LEGAL ADVISOR Kashif Hanif Law Associates

REGISTRAR C&K Management Associates (Pvt) Ltd

404, 4th floor, Trade Tower, Abdullah Harron Road,

Saddar, Karachi.

REGISTERED OFFICE Deh Jagsiyani, Taluka Tando Ghulam Hayder,

District Tando Mohammad Khan, Hyderabad, Sindh.

CL-5/4, State Life Building No. 10, Abdullah Haroon Road, Karachi **CORPORATE OFFICE**

EMAIL ADDRESS ansarisugarmills@omnigroup.com.pk

WEBSITE www.ansarisugar.com.pk

FACTORY Deh Jagsiyani, Taluka Tando Ghulam Hayder

District Tando Muhammad Khan, Sindh.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

We are pleased to present the financial statements of Ansari Sugar Mills Ltd for the half year ended March 31, 2021 along with Directors' Report for the half year ended.

/larch 31,
2020

Pakistani Rupees (PKR)

FINANCIAL RESULTS

Sales	405,166,581	174,968,111
Gross profit	130,870,720	56,796,028
Pre-tax (loss)/profit	(104,725,476)	(324,365,106)

The crushing season 2020-21 started on November 11th 2020. The provincial government announced price of cane at Rs. 202 per 40 kg for the season 2020-21.

Season started		11-11-2020	15-12-2019
Actual	Days	104	74
Sugar Cane Crushed	M.Tons	61,472	31,341
Sugar produced	M.Tons	6,313	3,001
Sugar recovery	%	9.296	9.80
Molasses produced	M.Tons	3,130	1,369
Molasses recovery	%	4.837	4.43

The mill commenced its crushing operations on 11th November, 2020. The gross profit worked out to Rs130.9 million as against a gross profit of Rs. 56.8 million during the comparable period in corresponding period. Loss before tax worked out to Rs. 104.72 million, in comparison to last period loss of Rs. 324.36 million Company posted net loss after tax of Rs. 24.9 million compare to a net loss Rs. 235.1 million during the corresponding period last year.

Delay in issuance / submission of Accounts:

During the previous years, an enquiry against the Company's sponsors / directors and its shareholders along with other group companies had been initiated by the Federal Investigation Agency (FIA). Further, the matter was transferred to National Accountability Bureau (NAB) and we understand the Financial Institutions had blocked all Company bank accounts on a notice of NAB under section 23 of National Accountability Ordinance 1999 (NAO) on allegation of illicit transactions. However, it is pertinent to mention here that the action of blocking of account was not endorsed by Court of competent jurisdiction.

As a consequence, Company's access to available funds / legitimate sales proceeds and banking facilities were denied on the unjustified and arbitrary instructions of NAB, without realizing the consequences. Resultantly, the Company was forced to default on its dues including payments of banks' instalments, salaries, growers' and vendors', etc.

It is pertinent to note that the JIT, constituted under orders of the Supreme Court of Pakistan thoroughly investigated the entire Group Accounts maintained with all banks and that no charge has been established till yet. Despite all the ordeal no case have been filled against the Company.



Henceforth, after the amendment of NAB Ordinance, the bank accounts of the Company have been unfrozen and we are in coordination with all the stakeholders owing debt and other liabilities to move forward amicably.

It is pertinent to mention here that besides all the pressures of liquidity crises, risk and uncertain business environment, the Company took the initiative to carry on its business activities in extreme difficult situation with all possible efforts, making the necessary financial arrangements on personal basis by the sponsoring directors to ensure the going concern of the Company and by the collective efforts of the entire team of Ansari Sugar Mills Limited, we are through of the precarious conditions successfully by the grace of Almighty (Alhamdulillah).

Future Outlook:

Diversifying Revenue Streams:

The Company is focused to attain better energy efficiency mix and planning Balancing, Modernization and Replacement (BMR) accordingly, which will improve the revenue streams through sale of by-products of the company i.e. bagasse and molasses.

Sugarcane Cultivation Prospects:

The Company recognizes that the growth and sustainability in the sugar industry is also dependent on access to a growing volume of sugar cane, particularly from within existing areas of supply. The key here lies in long-term engagement with farmers, demonstrating the use of superior cane varieties (higher yield and hence higher income), timely growing support (provision of seeds, fertilizers and farming inputs) so as to convince them to plant more cane to ensure increased productivity and quality.

Moreover, where heavy rainfall and resultant flash floods have an adverse effect on the agriculture, sugarcane due to its robust nature manages to stay afloat. We expect that harvesting will remain optimum and mills will have enough sugarcane for crushing throughout the next season.

Government Policy:

Ansari Sugar Mills foresee bumper crushing of sugarcane as evidenced by increased production of sugarcane over last 2 to 3 years. As the Federal government regulates the export of sugar, we anticipate that the supply and demand balance will improve over the next year, and that domestic production will meet the country's sugar demands while creating an export surplus on sugar and ethanol. Thus, timely export permission from Federal government would be of critical importance as it would not only help industry to clear the surplus on improved price but would also stabilize the local market as well. The Government is also contemplating on allowing export as a permanent feature rather than allocating on quota basis which will allow us to fetch good prices on our stocks in international market.

Working Capital:

We are in advanced level of negotiations with our bankers to restructure our debts which will improve our position on retained stocks, refraining ourselves into forced sales and allowing us to fetch better price during off-season as currently due to lack of working capital lines, almost 100% of our stock is sold during the crushing season to meet the working capital.

In the background of preceding paras your management anticipate a turnaround of the sugar industry and accordingly have mobilized all the resources at its disposal to generate huge volumes during the ongoing and upcoming seasons over the next 5 years.

The season in terms of cane supply, recovery and plant capacity utilization is extremely favorable. Ansari Sugar Mills being a large plant will be able to capitalize and procure and crush maximum cane in the next season.



Acknowledgement

We express our sincerest appreciation to our employees for their dedication and hard work and to our clients, business partners and shareholders for the support and confidence. The board also take this opportunity to express its gratitude to all the employees of Ansari Sugar Mill Limited for their untiring efforts.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Khawaja Anver Majid Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: March 11, 2024



ڈائر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ

ہم نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ انصاری شوگر ملز لمیٹرٹر کے ششاہی کواٹر کے اکاؤنٹس 31 مارچ 2021 کو بمائے ڈائز کیٹر رپورٹ بیش کررہے ہیں۔ مختصرتا کے درج ذیل ہیں۔

> 2020چ.31 2021چ.31 پاکتانی روپیه (PKR)

مالياتی نتائج فروخت

174,968,111 405,166,581

غيرغالص منافع 130,870,720 غيرغالص منافع

نقصان قبل ازادائيگي نيکس (104,725,476) (324,365,106)

انظامی نتائج برائے کارکردگی کرشنگ سیزن 21-2020 مندرجہ ذیل مکمل طور پر واضع ہے۔

15-12-2019 11-11-2020

سيزن كاآغاز 104 چینی کی پیداوار ميٹرکڻن 61,472 31,341 شیرے کی برآ مدگی میٹرکٹن 3,001 6,313 شیرے کی پیداوار % 9.80 9.296 شیرے کی برآ مدگی میٹرکٹن 1,369 3,130 ملاسس کی ریکوری % 4.43 4.837

کرشنگ بیزن21-2020 کا آغاز 11 نومبر 2020 کو ہواگراس پرافٹ 130.9ملین ہے جبکہ پچھلے ششانی سال میں 56.8ملین تھااس دوران قبل از کیکس نقصان 104.8ملین روپے ہے جبکہ اس کے مقابلے میں پچھلے ششاہی سال میں 324.36ملین روپے تھا۔ کمپنی نے نبیٹ نقصان بعداز کیکس 24.9ملین روپے کیا جبکہ اس کے پہلے مقابلے میں 235.1ملین روپے تھا۔

وجهةاخيراشاعت واجراء

سمینی کے ڈائر کیٹرز بٹیئر ہولڈرز اور دیگر گروپ آف کمینیز کے خلاف فیڈرل انویس ٹیکییٹن ایجنسی کی جانب ہے ایک انکوائری کا آغاز ہوا مزید یہ کہ یہ یا کوائری کی تا تعالیٰ کا کوئیلیٹی معلوم ہوا کہ مالیاتی اداروں نے کمپنی کے بینک اکاؤنٹ نیب نوٹس برائے سیکن ۲ میٹیلیٹی آرڈیننس NAB کے حوالے کر دی گئی اور جمیس معلوم ہوا کہ مالیاتی اداروں نے کمپنی کے بینک اکاؤنٹ نیب نوٹس برائے سیکن ۲ کاؤنٹ بلاکے کائمل کسی ماتحت مدالت کر فیصلے مے تحت نبیس کیا گیا۔

۔ نینجناً کمیٹی اپنے موجودہ فنڈ ، جائز فروخت کے حصول ، مالیاتی امداد ہے لاقانونی طور پرنیب کے احکامات کے تحت بغیرکی تخیینے کے محروم رہی۔اس صورتحال کے نتیجے میں کمپنی مجبورا انیکا مال علیہ کے تخوا ہوں ، بینک کی انسٹالمدیٹ کا شکاراور گا ہوں کی مدم ادائیگیوں کی وجہے ڈیفالٹ کرگئی۔



یباں سے بات قابلِ ذکر ہے کہ مسکورہ بالا(JIT) ہے آئی ٹی سپریم کورٹ آف پاکستان کے تحت نافیجمل ہونے کے بعد مکمل جائزہ لینے کے باوجود کسی بھی طرح کے چارج لاگوکرنے سے آج تک قاصر ہے اور تمام اقدامات کے باوجود کمپنی کے خلاف کوئی بھی مقدمہ درج نہ ہور کا۔ بالآ خرنیب آرڈیٹینز کی ترمیم کے بعدتمام بینک اکاؤنٹ بہال کردیئے گئے الہذاہم بتدرج آگے بوھے ہوئے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز سے اوائیگیوں کے سلسط میں رابط میں ہیں۔

یہاں بیدواضح کرنا ہے ضروری ہے کہ تمام مالیاتی کرائسس ، دباؤاور غیر بیتی کاروباری صورت حال کے باوجود کمپنی نے تخت مشکل حالات میں ہر مکنداقد ام اُٹھاتے ہوئے بشمول ڈائز یکٹرز کے ذاتی مالیاتی انتظامات کو بروکارلاتے ہوئے اور Going Concern کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے انصاری شوگر ملز کی پوری ٹیم کے ساتھ ل کر جدو جمد جاری رکھنے کا فیصلہ کیااور بالآخراللہ کے فضل وکرم ہے ہم اس غیر تینی صورت حال ہے باہر آ بچکے ہیں۔ (انجمد للہ)

مستقبل كالائحمل:

مختلف آمدن کے دھارے:

کمپنی نے بہتر انر جی ، افیشینسی کمس اور پلاننگ ، بیلنسگ ،موڈ رنائز بیشن اور رپلیسمینٹ (BMR) کومدِنظر رکھا جو کہآ مدن کے دھارے کو بہتر بنانے کا مثلاً بگاس ،مولا میز وغیر ہ۔

گنے کی کاشت کاویزن:

کمپنی بیرجان چکی ہے کہ گروتھ اورانتخام شکر کین کے کرشگ جم کی پیٹی پر مخصر ہے اس میں خاص طور پر اُن علاقوں کی پٹیٹی شامل ہے جہاں گنا کا شت ہوتا ہے یہاں کبنی کسانوں سے دیر پاء تعلقات پر مخصر ہے گئے کی ورائی کو واضح کرتے ہوئے (زیادہ پیداوار اور زیادہ منافع) بروقت پیداوار کی مدد نیج کی فراہمی ، کھا داور ذر می امدادشامل میں تا کہ ان کوزیادہ اور بہتر پیداوار کی طرف ماکل کیا جا سکے۔

حكومتى ياليسى:

انصاری شوگر ملز بمپرکین کرشنگ کی اُمیدر کھتی ہے جیسا کہ پچھلے دو سے تین سالوں کی پروڈکشن سے ظاہر ہے۔ جیسا کہ فیڈرل گوزمنٹ ایکسپورٹ کوریگولیٹ رکھتی ہے ہم امیدر کھتے ہیں، سپلائی اورڈیمانڈ کے بیلنس کے تحت اگلے سال مزید بہتری آئیگی اورمقامی بیداوار ملک کے پیداواری ضرورت کو پیرا کرنے کے ساتھ جینی اورایتھونال میں بہتا ہے بھی لائی گئی لہٰذا بروقت وفاقی گوزمنٹ کی طرف سے برآمد کی اجازت بہت اہمیت کی حالی ہے جو کہ ندھر ف بہتر قیمت پر بہتات کی ذمہدار ہے بلکہ مقامی مارکیٹ کو بیساں رکھنے میں معاون ہے۔ گوزمنٹ پرعزم ہے کہ ایکسپورٹ کو مخط کو ٹے تک محدود رکھنے کے بجائے با قاعدہ طر زِمُل قرار دے دیگی تا کہ اچھی قیمت میں غیرمقامی منڈیوں تک رسائی کی جائیے۔

ور کنگ کیپیلل:

ہم اپنے بینکرز کے ساتھ ندا کرات کے اگلے مراحل میں داخل ہو چکے ہیں تا کہ ہم اپنے قرضےکوری اسٹر کچر کرواسکیں تا کہ ہم خود کو جبری فروخت سے بچا کمیں اور آف میزن میں بھی بہترین پرائز حاصل کریں برعکس اس کے کہ جیسےا بھی ہم میزن میں بھی اپورامال فروخت کردیتے ہیں تا کہ ورکٹک کمپیول حاصل کرسکیں۔

ندکورہ معلومات کے تحت آپ کی مینجنٹ پر اُمید ہے کہ شگرانڈسٹری کے حالات بدلنے کو ہیں لبندا ہم نے اپنے تمام ذرائع کوان کی بساط کے مطابق منظم کرنا شروع کردیا ہے تاکہ آنے والے 5 میزن میں مجر پور پیداوار حاصل کی جاسکے ندکورہ سیزن کین سپلائی ،ریکوری اور پلانٹ کے مقدار کے استعمال سے بہت سود مند ہے انصاری شگر ملزا یک بڑے بلانٹ کی صورت میں فائدہ اُٹھاتے ہوئے آنے والے سیزن میں زیادہ سے زیادہ گئے کی خریداور کرشنگ انجام دے گی۔



اعتراف:

ہم اُ پنے ملاز مین کی جانب سے گلن اورانتک محنت کے لئے اور اپنے کلائٹ، برنس پارٹنرز اور ثیبئر ہولڈرز کی جہایت اوراعتماد کے لئے اپنی مخلصانہ حوصلہ افزائی کا اظہار کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈاس موقع پر انصاری شوگر للمیٹیڈ کے تمام ملاز مین کی انتقک کوششوں پر بے حد شکور ہے۔

منجانب بوردٔ آف دُائر یکٹرز مسلسس خواجدا نورمجید چیف ایکزیکؤآفیسر 11 مارچ2024ء کراچی



AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of Ansari Sugar Mills Limited (the Company) as at March 31, 2021 and the related condensed interim statement of profit and loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income condensed interim statement of changes in equity, condensed interim cash flow statement and notes to the accounts for the six months period ended (here-in-after referred to as the "interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial information based on our review. The figures of the condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 have not been reviewed, as we are required to review only the cumulative figures for the six months ended March 31, 2021.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

a.) The company holds inventories and cash balance amounting to Rs. 2,763.257 Million and Rs. 6.827 Million respectively as of March 31, 2021. These inventories comprise of stores, spares and lose tools, work-in-process, by-product and finished goods. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the physical existence of these inventories and cash balance mainly because we were appointed as auditor after lapse of 30 months from end of financial year. Had we been able to complete our review of above, matters might have come to our attention indicating that adjustments might be necessary to the interim financial statements.



b.) In the financial year 2018-19, an enquiry against the Company's shareholders, directors and group companies has been initiated by the National Accountability Bureau & Federal Investigation Agency (FIA) in the matter of fake bank accounts and accordingly bank accounts of the Company were seized by the State Bank of Pakistan. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence of the matter because we did not have access to the records of investigation agencies with respect to investigation which is pending and subjudice before court. Had we been able to complete our review of above, matters might have come to our attention indicating that adjustments might be necessary to the interim financial statements.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, with the exception of the matters described in preceding paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statement is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

The Engagement partner on the review resulting this independent auditor's review report is Mr. Basharat Rasool.

Chartered Accountants

Jan, Ausociales

Karachi

Dated: 11 March, 2024



CONDENSED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET (UN-AUDITED) AS AT MARCH 31, 2021

	,		Un-Audited March 31, 2021	Audited September 30, 2020
ASSETS		Note	(Rup	
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Long term deposits		4	4,273,248,514 282,192 1,236,600 4,274,767,306	4,309,937,464 337,954 1,236,600 4,311,512,018
CURRENT ASSETS				
Inventories Trade and other receivables Prepayments, deposits and advances Cash and bank balances		5	2,763,257,621 60,351,222 1,464,010,805 362,753,119 4,650,372,767	2,709,616,617 209,269,631 1,248,776,733 328,329,520 4,495,992,501
		1	8,925,140,073	8,807,504,519
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Authorised capital				
90,000,000 (2020: 90,000,000) Ordinary shares	of Rs.10 each	i	900,000,000	900,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital			561,365,550	561,365,550
Capital reserves				
Share premium Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Equity reserves			317,293,570 1,773,289,160 336,000,000 2,426,582,730	317,293,570 1,790,538,683 336,000,000 2,443,832,253
Revenue reserves			2,426,582,730	2,443,632,253
General reserves Accumulated losses			27,000,000 (1,411,179,556) (1,384,179,556) 1,603,768,724	27,000,000 (1,403,548,337) (1,376,548,337) 1,628,649,467
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Financial Liabilities Deferred liabilities Provision for quality premium		6	1,237,374,228 636,424,834 264,108,125 2,137,907,187	1,543,445,719 722,796,120 264,108,125 2,530,349,964
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables Financial liabilities Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend Current tax liability		6	378,682,618 3,245,290,183 1,533,623,670 2,196,784 23,670,907	360,805,853 2,939,218,693 1,329,139,404 2,196,784 17,144,355
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		7	5,183,464,162 -	4,648,505,088
The annexed notes form an integral part of these	e financial statements.	!	8,925,140,073	8,807,504,519
CHIEF EXECUTIVE C	Krauf Sal CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER		_	DIRECTOR



CONDENSED INTERIM PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	For the second	Quarter ended	For the half	year ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
		(Rup	ees)	
Sales - net	263,230,684	174,968,111	405,166,581	174,968,111
Cost of sales	(178,411,069)	(118,172,083)	(274,295,861)	(118,172,083)
Gross profit	84,819,615	56,796,028	130,870,720	56,796,028
Operating expenses				
Selling and distribution expenses	(3,281,410)	(2,324,121)	(5,056,066)	(2,324,121)
Administrative expenses	(13,341,166)	(14,551,009)	(26,023,566)	(25,586,065)
	(16,622,576)	(16,875,130)	(31,079,632)	(27,910,186)
Operating Profit	68,197,039	39,920,898	99,791,088	28,885,842
Finance cost	(101,948,004)	(173,982,652)	(204,516,564)	(353,250,948)
Loss before taxation	(33,750,965)	(134,061,754)	(104,725,476)	(324,365,106)
Taxation	38,613,580	45,319,924	79,844,733	89,251,537
Profit/ (loss) after taxation	4,862,615	(88,741,830)	(24,880,743)	(235,113,569)
Earning/ (loss) per share - Basic & Diluted	0.09	(1.58)	(0.44)	(4.19)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF PINANCIAL OFFICER

_____ DIRECTOR



CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	For the second	Quarter ended	For the half	year ended
	March 31, 2021 March 31, 2020		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
		(Rup	oees)	
Profit/ (loss) after taxation	4,862,615	(88,741,830)	(24,880,743)	(235,113,569)
Other comprehensive income	8,624,762	12,149,534	17,249,523	14,474,548
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	13,487,377	(76,592,296)	(7,631,220)	(220,639,021)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR



CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CONDENSED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	March 2021	March 2020
	(Rupe	ees)
Loss before taxation	(104,725,476)	(324,365,106)
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation	36,688,950	36,967,747
Amortization	55,763	83,228
Finance cost	204,484,267	353,200,153
	241,228,979	390,251,128
Operating profit before working capital changes	136,503,503	65,886,022
Changes in working capital: (Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
Inventories	(53,641,004)	(79,971,854
Trade and other receviables	148,918,409	(24,492,612
Prepayments, deposits and advances	(215,234,071)	4,209,311
Increase in current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	17,876,763	39,601,665
	(102,079,903)	(60,653,490
Net cash generated from / (used in) operations	34,423,600	5,232,532
Net cash used in operating activities	34,423,600	5,232,532
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Long term investments	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
long term loans-net		-
Net cash flow from financing activities	-	-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	34,423,600	5,232,532
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(1,308,150,995)	(1,307,977,959
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	(1,273,727,395)	(1,302,745,427
Cash and cash equivalents	 =	
Cash and bank balances	362,753,119	333,735,087
Short term borrowing	(1,636,480,514)	(1,636,480,514
····· 9	(1,273,727,395)	(1,302,745,427

(13



CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	Capital	Reserves			Revenue Reserv	es	
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Equity Reserve	Revaluation surplus on PPE	Total	General reserve	Unappropriated profit / (Accumulated loss)	Total	Grand Total
		/Ru	nees)				

Balance as at October 01, 2019	561,365,550	317,293,570	336,000,000	1,812,938,099	2,466,231,671	27,000,000	(990,307,482)	(963,307,482)	2,064,289,736
Loss after taxation	-	-			-	-	(235,113,569)	(235,113,569)	(235,113,569)
Incremental depreciation on revalued fixed assets- net of tax			-	(14,474,548)	(14,474,548)	-	14,474,548	14,474,548	•
Balance as at March 31, 2020	561,365,550	317,293,570	336,000,000	1,798,463,551	2,451,757,123	27,000,000	(1,210,946,503)	(1,183,946,503)	1,829,176,167
Balance as at October 01, 2020	561,365,550	317,293,570	336,000,000	1,790,538,683	2,443,832,254	27,000,000	(1,403,548,337)	(1,376,548,337)	1,628,649,467
Balance as at October 01, 2020 Loss after taxation	561,365,550	317,293,570	336,000,000	1,790,538,683	2,443,832,254	27,000,000	(1,403,548,337) (24,880,743)	(1,376,548,337) (24,880,743)	1,628,649,467 (24,880,743)
,	561,365,550	317,293,570	336,000,000	1,790,538,683 - (17,249,523)	2,443,832,254 - (17,249,523)	27,000,000	(, , , ,	, , , ,	

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

HIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

PHRECTOR



CONDENSED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

1.1 Ansari Sugar Mills Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on July 09, 1989, as a public limited company and listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The principal business of the Company is to manufacture and sell white sugar. The registered office of the Company is situated at Deh Jagsiyani, Taluka Tando Mohammad Khan, District Hyderabad, Sindh.

1.2 Seasonality of operations

The Company's production process is seasonal in nature because of the cultivation and reaping of sugarcane due to which production is carried out in the first half of the financial year.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The condensed interim financial information for the six months period ended March 31, 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard - 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. In case where requirements differ, the provisions of or directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

The condensed interim financial information is being submitted to the shareholders as required by Section 245 of the Companies Act , 2017 and the listing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The condensed interim financial information do not include all the information and disclosures required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 30 September 2020.

The comparative condensed balance sheet, presented in this condensed interim financial information, as at 30 September 2020 has been extracted from the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 September 2020, whereas the comparative condensed interim profit and loss account, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and condensed interim cash flow statement for the half year ended 31 March 2020 have been extracted from the condensed interim financial information for the six months period ended 31 March 2020 which were subjected to a review but not audited. The comparative condensed interim profit and loss account and condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the quarter ended 31 March 2020 included in this condensed interim financial report was not subject to a review.

The figures of the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and notes forming part thereof have not been reviewed by the statutory auditors of the Company, as they are required to review only the cumulative figures for the half year ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

3.1 Accounting policies

This condensed interim financial information has been prepared using the same accounting policies which were applied in preparation of annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended September 30, 2020.

3.2 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and financial risk management

The preparation of condensed interim financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Judgements and estimates made by the management in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the annual financial statements as at and for the year ended September 30, 2020.



			March 31, 2021	September 30, 2020
4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	(Rup	ees)
	Operating fixed assets - at net book value Capital work in progress - at cost	4.1 4.2	4,076,375,847 196,872,667	4,113,064,797 196,872,667
	Capital Note in progress at cost	7.2	4,273,248,514	4,309,937,464
4.1	Operating fixed assets - at net book value			
	Opening - at net book value Add: Additions during the period / year Less: Disposal	4.1.1	4,113,064,797 - - 4,113,064,797	4,161,324,506 - - 4,161,324,506
	Less: Depreciation charged during the period / year		36,688,950	48,259,709
	Closing - at net book value		4,076,375,847	4,113,064,797
4.1.1	Disposals during the period			
	Vehicles			
4.2	Capital work in progress		-	-
	Opening - at cost Add: Addition during the period / year		196,872,667	196,872,667
			196,872,667	196,872,667
5.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand Cash with banks - current account		6,827,997 355,925,122	217,238 328,112,282
			362,753,119	328,329,520
5.1	The bank accounts of the company have been seized with effect fron National Accountability Bureau (NAB), Federal Investigation Agency (F		July 2019 due to in	nquiry initiated by
6.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			
	Non- Current Current		1,237,374,228 3,245,290,183	1,543,445,719 2,939,218,693
			4,482,664,411	4,482,664,411

7. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

7.1 Contingencies

There is no change in contingent liabilities in respect of legal and other claims arising in the ordinary course of business as reported in audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

7.2 Commitments

There are no commitments in respect of capital and revenue expenditures as at March 31, 2021.



8. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE PERIOD

Except for effects of matters continued from prior years as stated, no major events happened during the period.

- 8.1 In 2018-19, an enquiry against the Company's shareholders, directors and other group companies has been initiated by the National Accountability Bureau & Federal Investigation Agency (FIA) in the matter of fake bank accounts and accordingly bank accounts of the company were seized by the State Bank of Pakistan. As a consequence of this the production of the Company has declined significantly as well as the Company has defaulted in making repayments of principal and interest thereon of loans obtained from banks. The Company has engaged legal counsel to defend false allegations of money laundering and illegal actions taken by National Accountability Bureau (NAB) and Federal Investigation Agency (FIA) against the Company, its business, shareholders, directors and lenders. The commercial operations including productions of the Company have been resumed for the year 2020 and 2021. Further, bank borrowings of the companies are being rescheduled/restructured and be implemented in due course. The management is also confident that outcome of the court proceedings in respect of alleged enquiry would be in the Company's favor.
- 8.2 On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the 2019 Novel Coronavirus (the "Covid-19") out break a pandemic. In response to the outbreak, many countries including Pakistan have implemented measures to combat the outbreak, such as quarantines and travel restrictions. The Company's financial and operating performance may be adversely affected by the recent corona virus outbreak. Any prolonged restrictive measures in order to control the spread of Covid-19, or other adverse public health developments may significantly impact the demand for the Company's products. The extent to which Covid-19 will impact the Company's results of operations and financial condition will depend on future developments, which are highly un-certain and cannot be predicted, and accordingly, an estimate of the impact on these financial statements cannot be made at this time. The financial impact of Covid-19, if any, will be accounted for in the relevant period financial statements.

9. IMPACT OF COVID-19 (CORONA VIRUS)

The pandemic of COVID-19 that has rapidly spread all across the world has not only endangered human lives but has also adversely impacted the global economy. On March 20, 2020, the Government of the Sindh announced a temporary lock down as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19. Complying with the lockdown, the Company temporarily suspended its operations from March 23, 2020. In the Company's case, the lockdown was subsequently relaxed from end of May, 2020.

After implementing all the necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Company henceforth resumed its operations and has taken all necessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of its business in order to maintain business performance despite slowed down economic activity. The lockdown has caused disruptions in supply chain including supply to the customers resulting in a decline in sales. It is also expected that the outbreak may result in lower demand in future. Due to this, management has assessed the accounting implications of these developments on these financial statements, including but not limited to the following areas:

- expected credit losses under IFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments';
- the impairment of tangible and intangible assets under IAS 36, 'Impairment of non-financial assets';
- the net realizable value of inventory under IAS 2, 'Inventories';
- deferred tax assets in accordance with IAS 12, 'Income taxes';
- provisions and contingent liabilities under IAS 37, including onerous contracts; and
- going concern assumption used for the preparation of these financial statements.

According to management's assessment, there is no significant accounting impact of the effects of COVID-19 in these financial statements.

10. SIGNIFICANT EVENT AFTER REPORTING DATE

Except for the effects of the continuing matter stated in note 8.1 above, no major events happended after reporting date.



11. AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

This condensed interim financial information has been authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company for issue on March 11, 2024.

12. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

