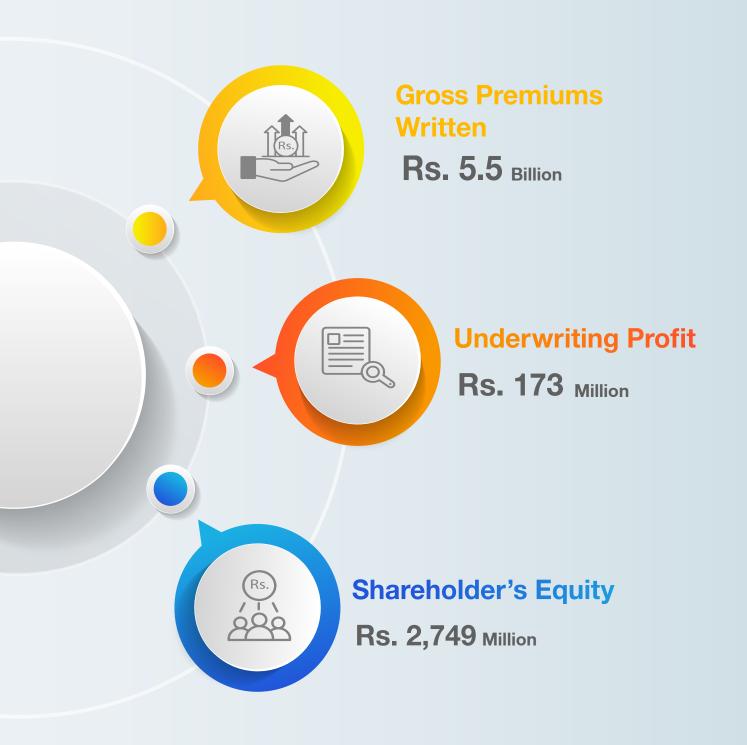
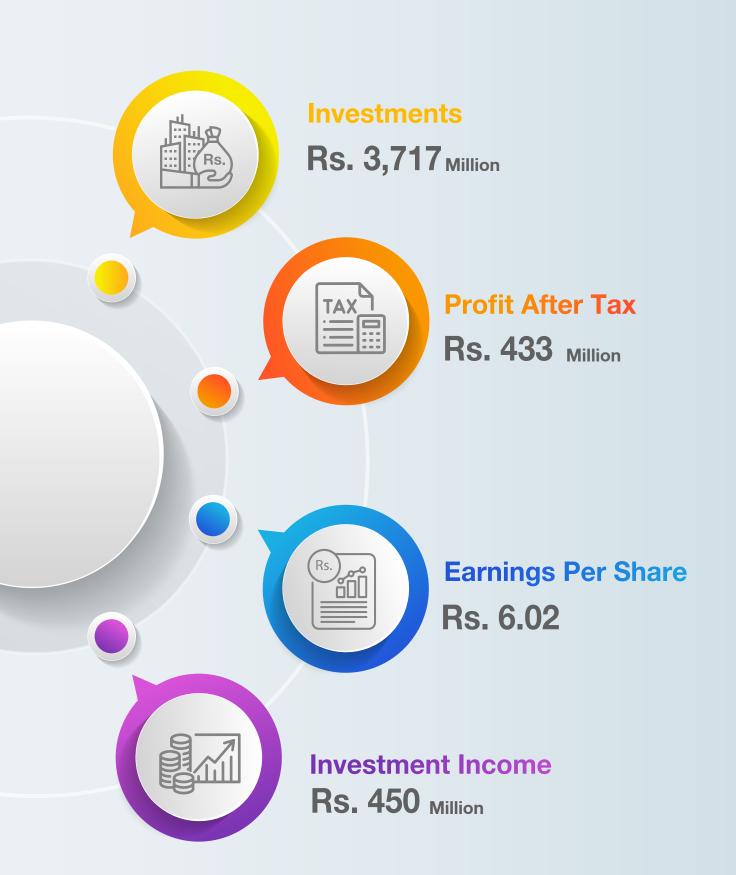


FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 2023







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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd)

Chairman

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)

Member

Rizwan Ullah Khan

Member

Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)

Member

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Member

Mr. M. Munir Malik

Member

Mr. Imran labal

Member

Ms. Saima Akbar Khattak

Member

President & Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Abdul Waheed

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Suleman Khalid

Company Secretary

Mr. Waqas Ali

Head of Internal Audit

Mr. Ali Noor

Executive, Risk Management & Compliance Committee

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)

Chairman

Rizwan Ullah Khan

Member

Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)

Member

Mr. Abdul Waheed

Member

Audit Committee

Mr. M. Munir Malik

Chairman

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Member

Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)

Member

Ethics, Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Imran Iqbal

Chairman

Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)

Member

Mr. Abdul Waheed

Member

Underwriting, Reinsurance & Coinsurance Committee

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)

Chairman

Mr. Zaheer Abbas

Member

Mr. Shahzad Ameer

Member

Mr. Shahzad Munir

Member

Claims Settlement Committee

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Chairman

Mr. Abdul Waheed

Member

Mr. M. Qasim

Member

Mr. Nadeem Ahmad

Member

Investment Committee

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Chairman

Mr. M. Munir Malik

Member

Mr. Abdul Waheed

Member

Mr. Suleman Khalid

Member

Mr. Shahid Qayyum

Member

External Auditors

Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants Islamabad

Shariah Compliance Auditors

S.M. Suhail & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Islamabad

Shariah Advisor

Mufti Ehsan Waguar

Legal Advisors

Hassan Kaunain Nafees

Bankers

Askari Bank Limited

Allied Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited

The Bank of Punjab

Bank Alfalah Limited

Summit Bank Limited

NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited

Silk Bank Limited

Faysal Bank Limited

Bank Al Habib Limited

Meezan Bank Limited

Finca Microfinance Bank Limited

Zarai Taragiati Bank Limited

Samba Bank Limited

United Bank Limited

U Microfinance Bank Limited

JS Bank Limited

The Bank of Khyber

Al Baraka Bank Limited

Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited

Bank of Azad Jamu & Kashmir

Registrar & Share Transfer Office

THK Associates (Private) Limited 32-C, Jami Commercial Street # 2, DHA Phase 7, Karachi 75400, Pakistan.

PABX: +92 (021) 111-000-322 Direct: +92 (021) 35310188 Fax: +92 (021) 35310191

Registered Office/Head Office

3rd Floor, AWT Plaza, The Mall,

Rawalpindi, Pakistan Ph: +92-51-9028101-2 Fax: +92-51-9272424 Email: info@agico.com.pk

DIRECTORS



Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood Chairman (Retd)



Maj Gen Kamran Ali



Mr. Rizwan Ullah Khan



Brig Mukhtar Ahmed



Malik Riffat Mahmood



Mr. Imran Iqbal



Mr. M. Munir Malik



Ms. Saima Akbar Khattak









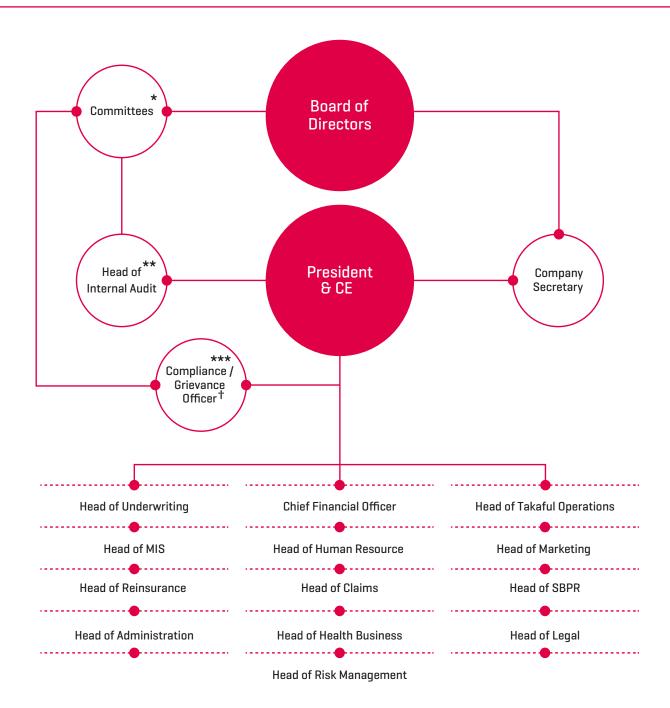
OUR **PRODUCTS**







ORGANIZATIONAL **STRUCTURE**



*Committees include the following:-

- **Audit Committee**
- Executive, Risk Management & Compliance Committee
- Ethics, Human Resource and Remuneration Committee
- Underwriting, Reinsurance & Coinsurance Committee
- Claims Settlement Committee
- **Investment Committee**

- Internal Audit functionally reports to the Audit Committee
- Compliance Officer functionally reports to the Executive, Risk Management & Compliance Committee
- Grievance Officer functionally reports to Claims Settlement

OUR MANAGEMENT

Rana Shahbaz Ahmed Head of Marketing Mr. Mustafa Salman Pasha

Head of Strategic Business Planning & Relations

Mr. Zahid Mehmood Chaudhry Head of Human Resource Mr. Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer



Mr. Shahzad Ameer Head of Reinsurance Mr. Muhammad Qasim Head of Claims

Mr. Anwar Ahmed Malik Head of Compliance / Grievance Function

Mr. Zaheer Abbas Head of Underwriting



OUR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Muhammad Hassan Shafique Head of Risk Management Mr. Raza Ali Head of Takaful Operations

Mr. Shahzad Munir Head of Health Underwriting Mr. Hassan Aziz Rana Head of Legal Affairs



Mr. Hassan Tahir Head of MIS Mr. Waqas Ali Company Secretary

Mr. Nadeem Ahmad Head of Health Claims



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

Esteemed Shareholders,

I am pleased to present this review on the performance of Askari General Insurance Company Limited during yet another challenging year for businesses due to economic and political challenges in Pakistan. I will be sharing the role played by the Board of Directors in dealing with these challenges.

During the year 2023, we remained committed towards our internal and external stakeholders. Our priority was to continue the growth trajectory we have built over the past decade. Our management team was able to achieve the highest-ever Gross Premium Written of Rs 5.5 billion, which reflects an increase of 23% over last year. The Board continues to provide guidance towards managing macro and micro risks associated with the business environment.

PKR depreciation faced during year 2023 contributed negatively to the operational performance of the company by triggering high inflation, rising claim costs, and ultimately undermining the profit margins. However, to counter high inflation, the policy rate was increased to 22%, which positively impacted the investment income of the Company.

Despite retrospective application of an additional 6% Super Tax, the Board remained committed towards shareholder returns and recommended a final cash dividend of 32.5% (Rs. 3.25 per share) for the year 2023.

We are grateful to our clients and shareholders for their continued trust, which has been the cornerstone of our continued success. I would also like to thank the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Insurance Association of Pakistan, and our reinsurers for their continued support.

I am confident that the Company will continue to overcome the challenges and continue its growth trajectory under the governance of its Board of Directors.

Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd)

Chairman

Rawalpindi

March 14, 2023

چيئر مين کا جائزه 2023

عسكرى جنرل انشورنس ثميني لمديثة

معزز شراكت دار

مجھے پاکستان میں معاثی اور سیاس چیلنجوں کی وجہ سے کاروباروں کے لیےا کی اورمشکل سال کے دوران عسکری جزل انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹڈ کی کارکرد گی پر بہ جائز ہیٹی کرتے ہوئے خوثی ہورہی ہے۔ میں ان چیلنجوں سے نمٹنے میں بوردْ آف دْائر يكمْ زكة ربعاداكه كَيْ كرداركااشرْ اك كرون گا_

سال 2023 کے دوران ہم اپنے اندرونی اور بیرونی حصد داران کے لیے پرعزم رہے۔ ہماری ترجے ترقی کی رفتار کو جارہ رکھناتھی جے ہم نے گزشتد دہائی میں بنایا ہے۔ ہماری انتظامی ٹیم 5.5 بلین روپے کی اب تک کی سب سے زیادہ مجموع تحریری پر میمیم حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہی، جو پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں 22 فیصدا ضافے کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ بورڈ کاروباری ماحول سے وابسته میکرواور مائیکروخطرات کے انتظام کے لیے رہنما کی فراہم کرتا ہے۔

سال 2023 کے دوران پاکتانی رویے کی قدر میں کمی بلندا فراط زر، بڑھتے ہوئے دعوے کی لاگت اور بالآخر منافع کی شرح کو کم کرئے آپیشنل کارکر دگی میں منفی کر دارا داکیا۔ تاہم بلندا فراط زر کامقابلہ کرنے کے لیے پالیسی کی شرح22 فیصد تک بڑھادی گئی جس نے کمپنی کی سر ماہیکاری کی آمدنی پریثبت اثر ڈالا۔

اضافی 6 فیصد سرتیکس کے سابقد اطلاق کے باوجود بورڈشراکت داروں کو منافع کی تقتیم کے لیے پرعزم رہا۔ اور سال 2023 کے لیے 5.25 فیصد (3.25 روپے فی حصد) کے حتی نقد منافع کی سفارش کی۔

ہم اپنے گا ہوں اور شراکت داروں کے ان کے مسلسل اعتاد کے لیے شکر گرار ہیں، جو ہماری مسلسل کامیابی کاسنگ بنیاد ہے۔ میں سکیو رٹیز اینڈا سنجنج کمیشن آف پاکستان،انشورنس ایسوی ایشن آف پاکستان،اور ہمارے ری بیمیہ کنندگان کی بھی ان کی مسلسل حمایت کے لیے شکر بدادا کرنا جا ہوں گا۔

مجھے لیتین ہے کہ مپنی چیلنجوں برقابویا نے اوراینے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی گورننس کے تحت اپنی ترقی کی رفتار کو جاری رکھے گی۔

لیفٹینٹ جنر ل نعمان محمود (ریٹائرڈ)

چيئر مين

راولینڈی 14 ارچ 2024



PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Dear Esteemed Shareholders,

As we sail through year 2024, I am honored to reflect on the journey we undertook in FY 2023 and to share our aspirations for the future at Askari General Insurance Company Limited.

The year 2023 posed its unique set of challenges and opportunities, and I am immensely proud of how we navigated through them with resilience, adaptability, and unwavering commitment to our mission of serving our clients.

Challenges of year 2023 were led by a sharp depreciation of the Pakistani rupee against USD which triggered high inflation that resulted in increased cost of claims for the Company. On the flip side, a high policy rate of 22% to counter high inflation, increased the investment income of the Company. Ultimately, the Company was able to register its highest ever profits despite staggering taxes.

At the heart of our operations lies a spirit of innovation and forward thinking. In FY 2023, we continued to embrace new technologies and digital solutions to enhance our service quality, streamline processes, and create greater value for our clients. From online policy management to personalized risk assessments, we are committed to leveraging technology to make insurance more accessible, convenient, and transparent for everyone.

Furthermore, our success would not have been possible without the unwavering dedication and expertise of our talented team members. Their relentless commitment to excellence, professionalism, and client satisfaction sets us apart in the industry and drives us to continuously raise the bar for ourselves.

Looking ahead, the year 2024 holds immense promise and potential for Pakistan. As we embark on this new chapter, we remain steadfast in our commitment to driving positive change, fostering innovation, and exceeding the expectations of our stakeholders.

Thank you, our clients, employees, business partners and regulators, for your continued trust, support, and partnership. We are honored to serve you and look forward to achieving even greater milestones together in the years to come.

Wishing you all a prosperous and fulfilling year ahead.

Warm regards,

Mr. Abdul Waheed

President & Chief Executive

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Unconsolidated financial information for the year 2023

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Directors' Report of Askari General Insurance Company Limited (the Company) along with Audited Unconsolidated Financial Statements and the Auditors' Report thereon for the year ended December 31st, 2023.

ECONOMIC REVIEW

During the year 2023, Pakistan went through unprecedented economic and political challenges. PKR fell sharply against the USD which, along with a sharp increase in energy prices, triggered high inflation and the policy rate was increased to 22% in response. A slow-down of economic growth followed.

The general insurance industry was adversely impacted by high inflation in the form of higher claims costs and reduced demand. Higher interest rates, on the other hand, provided a hedge in the form of improved investment returns. PKR depreciation against USD and low FOREX reserves increased the reinsurance costs for the industry.

AGICO in 2023

The Company, despite challenging economic conditions, successfully managed to underwrite a gross premium of Rs. 5.5 billion (inclusive of Rs. 642 million of Window Takaful contribution) in the year 2023 (2022: Rs. 4.5 billion inclusive of Rs. 457 million of Window Takaful contribution). It's investment income surged by 68% and ultimately it registered a Profit Before Tax of Rs. 772 million (2022: Rs. 540 million). After taking impact of additional retrospective Super Tax of 6%, the Profit after tax and Earning Per Share (EPS) arrived at Rs. 433 million (2022: Rs. 347 million) and Rs. 6.02 (2022: Rs. 4.82) per share in the year 2023.

KEY HIGHLIGHTS CREDIT RATING

The Company has maintained Insurer Financial Strength Rating of "AA+", awarded by both Pakistan Credit Rating Company Limited (PACRA) and VIS on 7 February 2024 and 29 February 2024 respectively, with Stable future outlook.

DIGITAL INITIATIVES

At the heart of AGICO's strategic initiative lies an unwavering commitment to technological advancement, driving significant investments aimed at both fortifying existing systems and pioneering new capabilities.

Central to this ethos is the comprehensive Enterprise Architectural Revamp to elevate levels of automation and regulatory oversight.

A standout accomplishment stemming from this initiative during the year is the successful rollout of the new Motor Claims Management System. This innovative system serves as a unified platform, seamlessly integrating all stakeholders into a cohesive ecosystem, thereby facilitating a seamless transition towards a paperless workflow paradigm. Notably, it enables real-time interactions with surveyors and streamlined information provision to workshops, revolutionizing the efficiency and transparency of

claims processing.

In parallel, AGICO has introduced a customer-centric self-service portal tailored to the unique needs of its clientele. This intuitive platform, designed for effortless Motor & Travel policy purchases, is seamlessly integrated with Self Inspection and Payment Gateway functionalities, catalyzing a notable surge in direct sales and fostering unparalleled customer satisfaction.

Moreover, AGICO has prioritized the empowerment of its marketing agents and stakeholders through the introduction of a dynamic business portal. This interactive platform facilitates comprehensive business comparisons, leveraging historical data to illuminate areas of improvement and opportunity. Equipped with granular insights extending down to individual policies, executives are empowered to make informed decisions that drive sustained growth and performance.

Recognizing the pivotal role of effective grievance management in maintaining customer satisfaction, AGICO has launched an e-grievance portal. This user-friendly platform empowers clients to seamlessly submit and track complaints, with streamlined integration across all requisite departments, ensuring prompt and effective resolution.

Additionally, AGICO has expanded its service portfolio to include dedicated portals tailored to the unique needs of health corporates and individuals. These bespoke platforms offer a comprehensive suite of features, enabling users to access policy details and submit claims with utmost convenience and efficiency.

Furthermore, AGICO has demonstrated unwavering diligence in fortifying its cybersecurity framework, in strict adherence to guidelines laid out by SECP and international best practices. Leveraging cutting-edge technologies such as new Firewalls, Antivirus software, and SIEM tools, AGICO stands resolute in its commitment to preempt, detect, and mitigate cyber threats, safeguarding sensitive data and preserving stakeholder trust.

LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019 & CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR INSURERS, 2016

Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (Regulations) and Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 are applicable to the Company. The Company has duly complied with the provisions of these Regulations. A Statement of Compliance in this regard can be viewed on page 65.

DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

The Board of Directors has recommended a final cash dividend of Rs. 3.25 per share to the shareholders whose names appear in the share register of the Company at the start of the book closure period.

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

The key performance indicators of the Company are summarized below:

	31 Dece	ember
	2023	2022
	(Rupees in t	thousand)
Gross premium written (Inclusive of Takaful Contribution)	5,550,192	4,500,148
Net premium revenue	2,851,209	2,427,948
Net claims	1,794,055	1,548,190
Underwriting profit	173,233	186,438
Investment, Rental and other income	528,419	326,990
Profit before tax - General Insurance Operations	667,922	478,662
Profit before tax - Window Takaful Operations (OPF)	105,504	61,369
Profit after tax	432,518	346,590
Earnings per share (Rs.)	6.02	4.82

SEGMENT WISE PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

The segment wise performance analysis for each class of business is as follows:

Accident & Health

The accident & health segment registered a considerable growth of 34% and became the leading contributor in overall business with gross premium written of Rs. 1.39 billion (2022: Rs. 1.04 billion). The business mix of this segment is 28% of total gross premium written in the year 2023. This segment contributed gross margins of Rs. 51 million (2022: Rs 112 million). The decline in profitability was mainly associated with an increase in the cost of claims due to high inflation during the year.

Motor

The motor segment registered a growth of 16% in business, driven primarily by the significant increase in car prices during the year. Its gross premium written was 25% of the total Gross Premiums Written and amounted to Rs. 1.25 billion (2022: Rs. 1.07 billion). This segment contributed gross margins of Rs. 551 million (2022: Rs 457 million). The increase in profitability was due to a considerably higher increase in the premiums than the increase in the cost of claims due to efficient claim management.

Fire & Property Damage

Gross premium underwritten for this segment was Rs. 910 million in the year 2023 (2022; Rs. 689 million). This segment contributed 19% towards total gross premium of the Company in the year 2023. The contribution from this segment in the year 2023 was Rs. 103 million (2022; Rs. 85 million). Gross premiums in this segment increased by 32%; however, most of the increase was consumed in the reinsurance expense ultimately registering 21.18 % increase in the contribution margin.

Marine, Aviation & Transport

This segment contributed around 10% to our total business underwritten in 2023 with gross premium underwritten of Rs.

502 million (2022: Rs. 302 million). This segment reported the contribution of Rs. 157 million in the year 2023 (2022: Rs. 85 million). A sharp surge in the profits was due to some specific international marine insurance transactions during the year, which earned healthy profits for the Company.

Miscellaneous

This segment comprises of engineering insurance, bond insurance, crop insurance, travel insurance etc. Business mix of this segment is 17% of underwritten business in 2023 with gross premium underwritten of Rs. 858 million in 2023 (2022: Rs. 936 million). This segment reported the contribution of Rs. 218 million (2022: Rs. 201 million).

Investment, Rental and other Income

Overall Investment and other income increased by 62% to Rs. 528 million in the year 2023, as compared to Rs. 327 million for the year 2022. Sharp increase in investment and other income was due to high policy rate of 22%. Gains in KSE-100 index also enabled the Company to realize some gains during the year, besides having unrealized gains at the end of year 2023.

WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS

Window Takaful Operations (WTO) have been witnessing increasing business volume and profitability and we expect the trend to continue in the coming years as well.

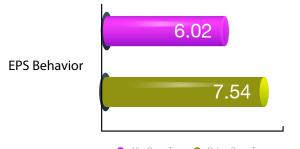
The written contribution from WTO during 2023 was Rs. 642 million (2022: Rs. 458 million) while the profit from Operator's Fund for the year 2023 was Rs. 105 million as compared to Rs. 61 million in the year 2022.

Overall, almost similar factors played out for the growth in business and in gross contribution profits in Takaful operations, as for the conventional insurance portfolio.

IMPACT OF SUPERTAX

During FY 2023, the Company effectively paid tax at the rate of 45% which has impacted the Company's profit after tax by restricting it to Rs. 432 million after provisioning for super tax at 10% on the current year and additionally 6% retrospectively on the previous year (FY 2022) as explained in Table 2 below. Had the super tax not been charged on the Company, its EPS would have been Rs. 7.54 per share rather than the currently reported EPS of Rs. 6.02.

Description	Rs. In Thousands
Profit Before Tax	772,426
Provision for Tax* (See breakup below)	(339,908)
Profit After Tax	432,518



DIRECTORS' **REPORT**

Unconsolidated financial information for the year 2023

Table 2 - *Provision for Tax - Break up

Description	Rs. In Thousands
Corporate Tax - Current Year	235,311
Super Tax - Current Year	81,142
Super Tax - Previous Year	32,402
Deferred Tax	(8,947)
Provision for Tax	339,908

CONTRACT FOR TRACKING AND OTHER SERVICES

In accordance with section 208(2) of Companies Act, 2017, we would like to inform the shareholders that the Company has continued its contract for provision of tracking and other services with Asktech (Pvt.) Ltd, a subsidiary of the Company. Tracking services have been sought to minimize the risks in the motor insurance business. We have ensured that the transactions with the said company are at arm's length.

AUDITORS

External Auditors

Yousaf Adil Chartered Accountants audited the financial statements of the Company for the year 2023 and being re-eligible, presented themselves for reappointment.

In line with the requirement of the Code and the Regulations, the Board Audit Committee has recommended the appointment of Yousaf Adil Chartered Accountants, as the External Auditors for the year 2024, and the Board endorses this recommendation.

Shariah Compliance Auditors

S.M. Suhail & Co. Chartered Accountants, being re-eligible for reappointment, as Shariah Compliance Auditors of the company, as required under Takaful Rules 2012, presented themselves for reappointment and the Board on the recommendation of Board Audit Committee has approved the appointment of S.M Suhail & Co. Chartered Accountants, as the Shariah Compliance Auditors for the year 2024.

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK Statement of Directors Responsibilities

In compliance with the Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework of the Code of Corporate Governance, the Directors confirm the following:

- The financial statements, together with the notes forming an integral part of these statements, have been prepared by the management of the Company in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 and the Insurance Ordinance 2000, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Accounting Standards. International

Financial Reporting Standards or any other regulation or law (including but not limited to the Shariah guidelines I principles) as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.

- The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored throughout
- There are no significant doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance.
- There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges which are outstanding as of 31 December 2023, except as disclosed in the financial statements. All such dues primarily related to the dues of last month of the financial year 2023 and were subsequently deposited in Government treasury in time.
- The related party transactions are approved or ratified by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

Board Performance Evaluation

The Company's Board of Directors undergoes a self-evaluation exercise each year against a set of parameters. This evaluation is performed primarily to assist the Board in evaluating its quality of governance as it enables the Board members to perform their roles and responsibilities more effectively towards the progress of your Company. This self-evaluation is carried out under an evaluation methodology based on certain parameters.

The evaluation exercise addresses areas of critical importance which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Apprising the basic organization of the Board of Directors
- Assessment of overall roles and responsibilities of the Board members
- Effectiveness and efficiency of the operation of the Board and its Committees; and
- Assess performance and participation of individual Board members.

The result of the Board's self-assessment of its overall performance was satisfactory against the set criteria.

Directors' Remuneration Policy

To comply with the relevant legal requirements and Articles of Association, the Company has policy with respect to the remuneration of Chairman, Non-Executive, Executive and Independent Directors. Directors are only paid a fee for attending the meetings of the Board and its sub-committees and are also reimbursed for expenses borne by them in that regard, as per the Articles of Association.

Key Financial Data

Key operational and financial data for the last 6 years is annexed at page 60 of the Annual Report.

Value of investments in Provident Fund and Gratuity Fund

The value of investments in provident fund and gratuity fund, on the basis of audited accounts, as of 31 December 2023 was:

Manage of Francis	0000	0000
Name of Fund	2023	2022
	Rupees in N	Millions
Employees' Provident Fund	170	134
Employees' Gratuity Fund	232	181

Composition of Board

At present, the total number of directors are Nine (09) as per the following:

a.	Male	Eight (08)
b.	Female	One (01)
Catego	ry	Name of Director
Indepe	ndent Directors	Mr. M. Munir Malik Mr. Imran Iqbal
Indepei Directo	ndent Female r	Ms. Saima Akbar Khattak
Non-Ex	ecutive Directors	Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd) Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Rizwan Ullah Khan Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd) Malik Riffat Mahmood

The number of elected/nominated directors on the Board are eight (8) whereas the Chief Executive is a "deemed director" under section 183(3) of the Companies Act, 2017.

Mr. Abdul Waheed

Subsequent to the year end, two non-executive directors of the Company, Lt Gen Naveed Mukhtar (Retd) and AVM Mohammad Athar Shams (Retd) resigned from the directorship on January 16, 2024, and January 31, 2024, respectively and casual vacancies were filled by the Board by appointing Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd) and Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) respectively, within the stipulated time.

Board Meetings

Executive Directors

During the year 2023, five meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance in those meetings, by each of the director (at the Board of the Company in 2023) was as follows:

Name of Director	Meetings Attended
Lt Gen Naveed Mukhtar (Retd)	5
AVM Mohammad Athar Shams (Retd)	5
Rizwan Ullah Khan	5
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed	5
Malik Riffat Mahmood	5
Mr. Imran Iqbal	5
Mr. M. Munir Malik	4
Ms. Saima Akbar Khattak	5

The Board granted a leave of absence to the director who could not attend the Board Meetings. The list of the Board Committees, their composition and Terms of reference are given at page 48 of this report.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding is given at page 275 of this report. There was no trading in shares of the Company by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children.

Statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls

The statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls is given at page 40 of this report.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties Facing the Company

The information relating to principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company is given at page 43 of this report.

Board Committees

During the year 2023, the Audit Committee held five meetings whereas Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee held three meetings and all other committees met two times. The composition of the Board Committees and their terms of references are given at page 48 of this report.

Further, the Company has four sub committees of the Board which cover the core areas of business; these are Underwriting, Reinsurance & Coinsurance Committee, Claims Settlement Committee, Executive, Risk Management & Compliance Committee, and Investment Committee. The names of members and the terms of references of these committees are given at page 48 of this report.

OUTLOOK

Despite significant challenges, the overall economic outlook is likely to be optimistic in view of increased political confidence after general elections. We are hopeful that structural reforms will be implemented to cater risks such as budget deficit, and high inflation etc., to bring economic stability.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to take this opportunity to thank our Regulators, the Insurance Association of Pakistan (IAP), for their continued support, and our valued reinsurers and other stakeholders for their trust and confidence in us. Finally, we place on record our appreciation for the commitment and hard work of our employees towards the growth of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board

Abdul Waheed President & Chief Executive

Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd) Chairman - Board of Directors

Rawalpindi March 14, 2024 بورڈنے ان ڈائر کیٹرز کو غیر حاضری کی چھٹی دے دی جو بورڈ کے اجلاس میں شرکت نہیں کریے۔ بورڈ کمیٹیوں کی فہرست،ان کی تشکیل اور حوالہ جات کی شرائط اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 48 پر دی گئی ہیں۔

شيئر ہولڈنگ کانمونہ

شیئر ہولڈنگ کانمونہ اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 275 پر دہا گیا ہے۔ ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف ایگزیکڑا فیسر ، چیف فنانشل آفیسر ، کمپنی سیکرٹری اوران کی شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کی طرف ہے کمپنی کے شیئرز میں کوئی تجارت نہیں ہوئی۔

رسك مينجنث اور اندروني كثثرولزيربيان

رسک مینجنٹ اور انٹر نل کٹرولز کا بیان اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 40 پر دیا گیا ہے۔

کمپنی کو درپیش بنبادی خطرات اور غیریقینی صور تحال

۔ کمپنی کو درپیش بنیادی خطرات اور غیریقینی صورتحال ہے متعلق معلومات اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 43 پر دی گئی ہیں۔

بورڈ کمیٹیاں

سال 2023 کے دوران، آڑٹ کمیٹل نے پایج اجلاس منعقد کیے جبکہ اخلاقیات، انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی نے دواجلاس منعقد کیے اور دیگر تمام کمیٹیوں کادو باراجلاس ہوا۔ بورڈ کمیٹیوں کی تفکیل اور ان کے حوالہ جات کی شرائط اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 48 پر دی گئی ہیں۔

مزید، کمپنی کے پاس بورڈ کی چار ذیلی کمیٹیاں ہیں جوکارو بار کے بنیادی شعبوں کااعاطہ کرتی ہیں۔ بیانٹر را ئنگ، ری ہیمہ اور کوانشورنس کمیٹی، کلیمز سیٹلمنٹ کمیٹی، ایگزیکٹو، رسک میٹبنٹ اینٹر کمپیا ئنس کمیٹی، اورانویسٹمنٹ کمیٹی ہیں۔ ارا کین کے نام اور ان کمیٹیول کے حوالہ جات کی شرائط اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 48 پر دیے گئے ہیں۔

نقظه نظر

اہم چیلنجوں کے باوجود ، عام انتخابات کے بعد بڑھتے ہوئے سیای اعتاد کے پیش نظر مجموعی معاثی نقطہ پر امید ہونے کاامکان ہے۔ ہمیں امید ہے کہ معاثی استحکام لانے کے لیے بجٹ خسارے اور اعلی افراط زر وغیرہ جیسے خطرات کو یورا کرنے کے لیے ساختی اصلاحات نافذ کی جائیں گی۔

اعترافات

ہم اس موقع پر اپنے ریگولیٹرز،انشورنس ایسوسی ایشن آف یا کتان(IAP) کاشکریہ ادا کرناچا ہیں گے کہ ان کیمسلسل حمایت،اور ہمارے قابل قدر ری بیمہ کنندگان اور دیگر اسٹیک ہولڈرز کا ہم پر اعتاد اور مجروسہ ہے۔ آخر میں، ہم کمپنی کی ترقی کے لیے اپنے ملاز مین کے عزم اور محنت کی تعریف کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ کے لیے اور اس کی جانب سے

چيئر مين- يورژ آف ڈائر يكثر ز

راولينڈي 14 ارچ, 2024

ڈائر کیٹر کی رپورٹ سال 2023 کے لیے غیر مربوط مالی معلومات

كلىدى مالياتى ۋىپا

گزشتہ 6 سالوں کا کلیدی آپریشنل اور مالیاتی ڈیٹاسالانہ رپورٹ کے صفحہ 60 پر منسلک ہے۔

پراویڈنٹ فنڈ اور گر بجویٹی فنڈ میں سرمایہ کاری کی قدر

پراویڈنٹ فنڈاور گریجویٹی فنڈ میں سرمایہ کاری کی قدر، آڈٹ شدہ کھاتوں کی بنیادیر، جیسا کہ 31 دسمبر 2023 تک تھی:

	2023	2022
	روپے کروڑوں 🕈	IJ.
برنٹ فنڈ	170	134
ـِ ٹی فنڈ	232	181

بورڈ کی تشکیل

اس وقت ڈائر یکٹرز کی کل تعدادنو (09) درج ذیل ہے:

ايگزيخوڈائريکٹرز

خانون ڈائر یکٹر

a. مرو	مرد	آٹھ (88)	
b. خاتو	خاتون	ایک(01)	
زمره			<i>ڈائریکٹر</i> کانام
آزاد ڈائر یکٹرز	يكثرز		جناب ایم منیر ملک
			جناب عمران اقبال
نان ايگزيکو ڈا	بنو ڈائر یکٹر ز		لیفشینٹ جزل نعمان محمود (ر)
			میجر حبزل کامران علی (ر)
			رضوال الله خال
			بر یگیڈیئر مختاراحمد (ر)

جناب عبدالوحيد محترمه صائمه اکبر خٹک

بورڈ میں منتخب/نامز د ڈائر کیٹرز کی تعداد آٹھ (8) ہے جبکہ چیف ایگر کیو کمپنیز ایک 2017 کے لیکن 183 (3) کے تحت ایک "ڈیمڈ ڈائر کیٹر" ہے۔

سال کے اختتام کے بعد، کمپنی کے دونان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز، لیفٹینٹ جزل نوید مختار (ریٹائرڈ) اوراے وی ایم محمداطهر شس (ریٹائرڈ) نے بالترتیب 16 جنوری 2024 اور 31 جنوری 2024 کو ڈائریکٹر شپ سے استعفی دے دیا اور بورڈ نے مقررہ وقت کے اندر بالترتیب لیفٹینٹ جنرل نعمان محمود (ریٹائرڈ) اور میجر جنرل کامران علی (ریٹائرڈ) کو مقرر کرکے عارضی خالی آسامیاں پر کیس۔

بور ڈ میٹنگز

سال 2023 کے دوران بورڈآف ڈائریکٹرز کے پانچ اجلاس ہوئے۔ان اجلاسوں میں ہر ایک ڈائریکٹر (2023 میں کمپنی کے بورڈ میں) کی حاضری حسب ذیل تھی:

میٹنگز میں شرکت کی	ڈائر یکٹر کا نام
5	لیفشینٹ حبزل نوید مختار (ر)
5	اے وی ایم محمد اطہریشس (ر)
5	ر ضوان الله خان
5	بریگیڈیئر مختار احمد (ر)
5	ملک ر فعت محمود
5	جناب عمران اقبال
4	جناب ایم منیر ملک
5	محترمه صائمه اکبر خنگ

آذيزز

بير وني آ ڈیٹر ز

یوسف عادل چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹٹٹ نے سال 2023 کے لیے کمپنی کے مالیاتی بیانات کاآڈٹ کیااور دوبارہ اٹل ہونے کی وجہ سے خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے پیش کیا۔

ضا بطے اور ضابطوں کی ضرورت کے مطابق ، بورڈ آڈٹ کمیٹی نے بیسف عادل جارٹر ڈاکاؤنٹنٹس کوسال 2024 کے لیے ہیر ونی آڈیٹر زکے طور پر مقرر کرنے کی سفارش کی ہے ، اور بورڈ اس سفارش کی توثیق کرتا ہے۔

ثر بعيه كميلا ئنس آ ڈيٹرز

الیں ایم سمبیل اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس، دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل ہونے کی وجہ ہے، کمپنی کے شریعت تقبیل آڈیٹرز کے طور پر، جیسا کہ تکٹل رولز 2012کے تحت ضروری ہے، نے خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کیااور بورڈ آڈٹ کمپٹی کی سفارش پر بورڈ نے ایس ایم کی تقرری کی منظوری دے دی ہے۔ سمبیل اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈاکاؤنٹنٹس، سال 2024کے لئے شریعت تقبیل آڈیٹرز کے طور پر۔

كاربوريث اور مالياتي ريور نتك فريم ورك

ڈائریکٹرز کی ذمہ داریوں کا بیان

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے کارپوریٹ اور مالیاتی رپورننگ فریم ورک کی تغیل میں ،ڈائریکٹرز درج ذیل کی تصدیق کرتے ہیں:

- ا مالی گو شوارے،ان گو شوار وں کاایک لاز می حصہ بننے والے نوٹس کے ساتھ ، کمپنی کی انتظامیہ نے کمپنیزا بیٹ، 2017 اور انشورنس آر ڈیننس 2000 کے مطابق تیار کیے ہیں۔اس کی حالت،اس کے کاموں کے نتائج، کیش فلواور ایج پٹی میں تبدیلیوں کو منصفانہ طور پر ہیش کرتے ہیں۔
 - کمپنی کے کھاتوں کی درست بکس رکھی گئی ہیں۔
 - ان مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مناسب افاؤنٹنگ یالیسیوں کامسلسل اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اور افاؤنٹنگ کے تخیینے معقول اور دانشمنداند فیصلے پر مبن ہیں۔
- یں الا قوامی اکاؤنٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈز، انٹر میشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈز یا کوئی دوسراضابلہ یا قانون (بشمول شرعی رہنماخطوط اصولوں تکٹ محدود نہیں) جبیبا کہ پاکستان میں لا گوہوتا ہے، مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں پیروی کی گئی ہے اور وہاں سے کسی بھی انحراف کا مناسب طور پر انکشاف کیا گیا ہے۔
 - اندرونی کشرولز کا نظام ڈیزائن کے لحاظ سے درست ہے اور اسے پورے سال مؤثر طریقے سے لا گواور مانیٹر کیا گیا ہے۔
 - جاری تشویش کے طور پر کمپنی جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت پر کوئی خاص شک نہیں ہے۔
 - ار پوریٹ گور ننس کے بہترین طریقوں سے کوئی مادی انح اف نہیں ہوا ہے۔
- شکیسز، ڈیوٹیز، لیویزاور چارجز کی مدمیں کوئی قانونی ادائیگیاں نہیں میں جو کد 31 دسمبر 2023 تک بقایا ہیں، سوائے اس کے کد مالی بیانات میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہو۔ اس طرح کے تمام واجبات بنیادی طور پر مالی سال 2023 کے تقریب کے کارئے گئے تقریب کے کرائے گئے تقریب کے کارئے گئے تقریب کی مینیے کے واجبات سے متعلق میں اور بعد میں وقت پر سرکاری خزانے میں جج کرائے گئے تقریب
 - متعلقہ فریق کے لین دین کوآ ڈٹ کمیٹی اور بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹر زکے ذریعے منظور یا توثیق نمیاجاتا ہے۔

بورڈ کی کار کرد گی کا جائزہ

کھنٹی کا بورڈآف ڈائر کیٹرز ہر سال پیرامیٹرز کے ایک سیٹ کے خلاف خود تشقیصی مثق ہے گزرتا ہے۔ یہ تشخیص بنیادی طور پر بورڈ کو اس کے حکمر انی کے معیار کا جائزہ لینے میں مدد کرنے کے لیے کیا جاتا ہے کیونکہ یہ بورڈ کے اراکیس کوآپ کی کمپنی کی ترقی کے لیے اپنے کر داراور ذمہ داریوں کو زیادہ مؤثر طریقے ہے انجام دینے کے قابل بناتا ہے۔ یہ خود تشخیص مخصوص پیرامیٹرز کی بنیاد پر تشخیص طریقۂ کارکے تحت کیا جاتا ہے۔

تشخیصی مشق اہم اہمیت کے شعبوں پر توجہ دیتی ہے جس میں درج ذیل شامل ہیں، لیکن ان تک محدود نہیں ہیں:

- 🛛 بور ڈاآف ڈائریکٹرز کی بنیادی تنظیم ہے آگاہ کرنا
- 🛛 بورڈ کے اراکین کے مجموعی کر دار وں اور ذمہ داریوں کا اندازہ
 - 🛛 بورڈاوراس کی کمیٹیوں کے کام کی تا ثیراور کار کر د گی؛اور
- 🛛 انفرادی بورڈ کے ارا کین کی کار کرد گی اور شرکت کا اندازہ لگا نا

انفرادی بور ڈکے اراکین کی کار کر د گی اور شرکت کااندازہ لگانا

ڈائریکٹرزکے معاوضے کی یالیسی

متعلقہ قانونی نقاضوں اور ایسو کی ایشن کے مضامین کی تغیل کرنے تے لیے، کمپنی کے پاس چیئر مین، مان ایگزیکیٹو، ایگزیکٹو اور آزاد ڈائزیکٹرز کے معاوضے کے حوالے بے پالیسی ہے۔ ڈائزیکٹرز کو بور ڈاور اس کی ذیلی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لیے صرف فیس اوا کی جاتی ہے اور ایسو کی ایشن کے آر ٹیکٹو کے مطابق، اس سلسلے میں ان کے ذر لیے اٹھائے جانے والے اٹر اجل جات کی ادا نیگل بھی کی جاتی ہے۔

ڈائر کیٹر کی رپورٹ سال 2023کے لیے غیر مربوط مالی معلومات

میرین،ابوی ایشن اور ٹرانسیورٹ

اس ھے نے 2023 میں ہارے مجموعی کاروبار میں تقریبا 10 فیصد کا حصہ ڈالاجس میں مجموعی پر میم 500 ملین کی خانت دی گئی تھی (2022 : 302 ملین). اس ھے نے سال 2023 میں 157 ملین کی شراکت دی (2022: 85 ملین) . سال کے دوران کچھ مخصوص بین الا قوامی سمندری بیمہ لین دین کی وجہ ہے منافع میں تیزی ہے اضافہ ہوا، جس نے کمپنی کے لیے صحت مند منافع حاصل کیا۔

متفرق

اس ھے میں انجیئر نگ بیمہ، بانڈ بیمہ، فضل بیمہ، سفری بیمہ وغیرہ شامل ہیں۔اس ھے کاکاروباری مرکب 2023 میں انڈر رائٹ کاروبار کا 17 فیصد ہے جس میں مجموعی پریمیم انڈر رائٹ 2023 میں 858ملین ہے۔ (2022 : 936 ملین) . اس جھے نے 218 ملین کی شراکت دی (2022 : 201 ملین).

سر مایه کاری، کرایه اور دیگر آمدنی

سال 2023 میں مجموعی طور پر سرمایید کاری اور دیگر آمدنی 62 فیصد بڑھ کر 528 ملین ہو گئی، جبکہ سال 2022 میں یہ 327 ملین تھی۔ سرمایید کاری اور دیگر آمدنی میں تیزی سے اضافیہ 22 فیصد بڑھ کر 528 ملین ہو گئی، جبکہ سال 2022 میں تھا۔ کے ایس ای۔ 100 انڈیجس میں ہونے والے فولڈ نے کمپنی کوسال 2023 کے آخر میں غیر حقیقی فولڈ حاصل کرنے کے علاوہ سال کے دوران کچھ فولڈ حاصل کرنے کے قابل بنایا ۔

ونثرو تكافل ايريشنز

ونڈو تکا فل آپریشنز (WTO) کمپنی کے کارو مار کے حجم اور منافع میں مسلسل اضافہ کر رہے ہیں اور ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ بیر رتجان آنے والے سالوں میں بھی جاری رہے گا۔

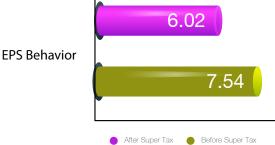
2023 کے دوران WTO کی طرف سے تحریری شراکت 642 ملین روپے (2022: 458 ملین روپے) ربی۔ جبکہ سال 2023 کے لیے آپریٹر زفنڈ سے حاصل ہونے والامنافع 105 ملین تھا جبکہ سال 2022 میں 61 ملین تھا۔ مجموعی طور پر ، روایتی انشورنس پورٹ فولیو کے طور پر ، کاروبار میں ترتی اور تکلل آپریشنز میں مجموعی شراکت کے منافع میں تقریبااس طرح کے عوام ک سامنے آئے۔

سير فيكس كااثر

مالی سال 2023 کے دوران ، کمپنی نے موٹر طریقے سے 45 فیصد کی شرح سے ٹیکس ادائیا جس نے روال سال 10 فیصد پر سپر ٹیکس کی فراہمی کے بعد اسے 432 ملین تک محدود کرکے ٹیکس کے بعد کمپنی کے منافع کو متاثر کیا ہے اور اس کے علاوہ 6 فیصد پچھلے سال (مالی سال 2022) جیسا کہ ٹیبل 2 میں بیان کیا گیا ہے۔اگر کمپنی پر سپر ٹیکس وصول نہ کیا جاتا تواس کااری ایس فی تصص 7.54 ہوتا بجائے اس کے کہ فی الحال رپورٹ شدہ ای بی ایس 6.02 ہوتا۔

روپے مزاروں میں	تفصيل
772,426	کیکس ہے پہلے منافع
(339,908)	ٹیکس کی فراہمی* (ذیل میں بریک اپ دیکھیں)
432,518	' کیس سے بعد منافع





بل2۔ ٹیکس کی فراہمی –بریک اپ

روپے ہزاروں میں	تفصيل
•	کار پوریٹ نئیس موجودہ سال
235,311	.
81,142	سپر خیلس موجوده سال
32,402	سپر ٹیکس- پیچھلاسال
(8.947)	موخر ٹیکس
339,908	ٹیکس کاتخمینہ

ٹریکنگ اور دیگر خدمات کے لیے معاہدہ

کمپینزایک، 2017 کی دفعہ 20(2) کے مطابق، ہم شیئر ہولڈرز کو مطلع کرنا چاہیں گے کہ کمپنی نے آسک ٹیک (پرائیویٹ لمیٹٹر) کے ساتھ ٹریکنگ اور دیگر خدمات کی فراہمی کے لیے اپنا معاہدہ جاری رکھا ہے۔ لمیٹٹر، کمپنی کاذیلی ادارہ۔ موٹر بیمہ کاروبار میں خطرات کو کم کرنے کے لیےٹر یکنگ خدمات کی کوشش کی گئی ہے۔ ہم نے اس بات کو بیٹنی بنایا ہے کہ مذکورہ کمپنی کے ساتھ لین دین کافی حد تک ہو۔ مزید برآل، کمپنی نے ایس ای می پی کے ذریعیہ مقرر کردہ رہنماخطوط اور بین الا قوامی بہترین طریقوں پر تختی ہے عمل کرتے ہوئے اپنے سائبر سکیورٹی فریم ورک کو مضبوط بنانے میں غیر متز لزل مگن کا مظاہرہ کیا ہے۔ نئی فائر والز، انٹی وائر س ساف ویئر، اور ایس آئی ای ایم ٹولز جیسی جدید ترین مکینالو جیز کا فائد واٹھاتے ہوئے، کمپنی سائبر خطرات کورو کئے ، پنہ لگانے اور کم کرنے، حساس ڈیٹا کی حفاظت اور اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے اعتباد کوبر قرار رکھنے کے اپنے عزم پر قائم ہے۔

سٹٹر کینیاں (کوڈا ف کارپوریٹ محرننس)ر یکولیشنز، 2019اور کوڈا ف کارپوریٹ محرننس برائے ہیمہ کنندگان، 2016

لسٹہ کمپینز (کوؤا ّف کارپوریٹ گورننس)ر یگولیشنز، 2019 (ریگولیشنز)اور کوؤا ّف کارپوریٹ گورننس برائے ہیمہ کنندگان، 2016 کمپنی پر لاگو ہیں۔ کمپنی نے ان ضوابط کی شقوں کی مناسب تعمیل کی ہے۔ اس سلسلے میں تعمیل کا بیان صفحہ 56 پر دیکھا جائے ہے۔

دْيويدْ ندْ دْسْرى بيوش

بورڈآف ڈائر کیٹرز نے 3.25 روپے فی شیئر کے حتی نقد منافع کی سفارش کی ہاں شیئر ہولڈرز کو جن کے نام کھانہ بند ہونے کی مدت کے آغاز پر کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر میں ظام ہوتے ہیں۔

کار کردگی کا جائزہ

. کمپنی کی کار کردگی کے اہم اشاریوں کاخلاصہ ذیل میں دیا گیاہے:

31وممبر	
2023	2022
(رویے برارمیں)	
5,550,192	500,148
2,851,209	,427,948
1,794,055	548,190
173,233	186,438
528,419	326,990
667,922	478,661
105,504	61,369
432,518	346,589
6.02	4.82

شعبه وار کار کردگی کا تجزیه

کاروبار کے مرطبقے کے لیے سیکنٹ وائز کار کردگی کا تجزیہ حسب ذیل ہے:

عادثذاور صحت

حاد شاور ہمیلتھ کے شعبے نے 34 فیصد کی غاطر خواہ نمو درج کی ہے اور مجموعی طور 1.39 بلین (2022: 1.04 بلین روپے) پر بمیم کے ساتھ مجموعی کاروبار میں سب سے بڑا شراکت دار بن گیا ہے اس شعبے کا کار دوبار سال کے دوران بلند افراط زر کی وجہ سے دعووں کی لاآت میں اضافے سے کسے گئے کل مجموعی پر بمیم کا 28 فیصد ہے۔اس شعبے نے 51 ملین (2022: 112 ملین) کے مجموعی مار جن میں حصہ ڈالا۔ منافع میں کی بنیادی طور پر سال کے دوران بلند افراط زر کی وجہ سے دعووں کی لاآت میں اضافے سے منسلک تھی۔

موثر

موٹر شیعے نے کاروبار میں 16 فیصد کا اضافہ درج کیا، جو بنیاد کی طور پر سال کے دوران کاروں کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافے کی وجہ ہے ہوا۔ اس کا مجمو گا پر بمیم تحریر کی کل مجمو گا پر بمیم کا 25 فیصد تھا اوراس کی رقم 1.25 بلین روپے کے مجموعی مارجن میں حصہ ڈالا (2022: 457 بلین) . منافع میں اضافہ دعوی کے موٹر انتظام کی وجہ ہے دعووں کی لاگت میں اضافے کے مقابلے پر بمیم میں کافی نردہ اضافے کی وجہ ہے ہوا۔

آگ اور املاک کا نقصان

اس جھے کے لیے مجموعی پر بیم انڈر رائٹ سال 2023 میں 910 ملین روپے تھا (2022: **889** ملین). اس جھے کے سال 2023 میں کمپنی کے کل مجموعی پر بیم میں 19 فیصد کا حصہ ڈالا۔ سال 2023 میں اس جھے کا تعاون 103 ملین روپے تھا (2022: 88 ملین). اس جھے میں مجموعی پر بیم میں 32 فیصد کا اضافہ ہوا۔ تاہم ، زیادہ تر اضافہ ری انشور نس کے اخراجات میں ہوا جس نے بالآخر شر اکت کے مار جن میں 21.18 فیصد اضافہ درج کیا۔

ڈائر یکٹر کی ربورٹ سال 2023 کے نیے غیر مربوط مالی معلومات

بور ڈا آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب ہے، ہمیں عسکری جزل انشورنس کمپنی کمیٹی کمیٹی کے ڈائر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ کے ساتھ 31 دسمبر 2023 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے آڈٹ شدہ غیر مربوط مالیاتی گوشواروں اور اس پر آڈیٹرز کی ر پورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی ہو رہی ہے۔

ا قضادی جائزه

سال 2023 کے دوران، پاکتان بے مثال معاثی اور سیاسی چیلنجوں ہے گزرا۔ پاکتانی روپے امریکی ڈالر کے مقالجے میں تیزی ہے گر گیا جس نے توانائی کی قیمتوں میں تیزی ہے اضافے کے ساتھ ساتھ اعلی افراط زر کو جنم دیا اور اس کے جواب میں پالیسی کی شرح کو 22 فیصد تک بڑھادیا گیااس کے بعدا قضادی ترقی میں ست روی آئی۔

یا کتان میں جزل انشورنس انڈسٹری کوزیادہ دعوں کی لاگت اور کم مانگ کی شکل میں اعلی افراط زر کا منفی اثریڑا دوسری طرف اعلی شرح سود نے سرمایہ کاری کے بہتر منافع کی شکل میں سامنے آیا۔ ڈالر کے مقابلے میں روپے کی قدر میں کمی اور فاریکس کے کم ذخائر نے صنعت کے لیے ری بیمہ کی لاگت میں اضافہ کیا۔

2023 ميل AGICO يوني،

کمپنی مشکل معاشی حالات کے باوجود ،کامیابی ہے سال 2023میں 5.5 بلین (بشمول تکافل شراکت کے 642 ملین رویے) کا مجموعی پر بیمیم انڈر رائٹ کرنے میں کامیاب رہی۔ (2022 : 4.5 بلین بشمول تکافل شراکت کے 642 ملین رویے) کا مجموعی پر بیمیم انڈر رائٹ کرنے میں کامیاب رہی۔

سرمایہ کاری کی آمدنی میں 68 فیصد اضافہ ہوااور بالآخر 772 ملین ٹیکن سے پہلے منافع درج کیا۔ (2022 : 540 ملین)۔ 6 فیصد کے اضافی سابقہ سپر ٹیکن لاگو ہونے کے بعد، ٹیکن کے بعد منافع اور فی حصص کمائی (ای بی ایس) سال 2023 ميں 433 ملين (2022 : 347 ملين) اور 6.02 في حصص پر پنينج گئي (2022 : 4.82)۔

۔ کپنی نے پاکتان کریڈٹ رٹینگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ (PACRA) اور VIS کریڈٹ رٹینگ ایجنبی دونوں کی جانب ہے متحکم مستقبل کے آؤٹ لک کے ساتھ بالترتیب 7 فروری 2024 اور 204 فروری 2024 کی طرف ہے دی گئی" AA+ " کی ہیمہ کنندہ کی مالیاتی طاقت کی درجہ بندی بر قرار رکھی ہے۔

ويجيثل اقدامات

عسکری جزل انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹڈ کے اسٹرینجیٹ اقدام کے مرکز میں تعنیک ترقی کے لیے ایک غیر متزلزل عزم ہے، جس کا مقصد اہم سرمایہ کاری کوآگے بڑھانا ہے جس کا مقصد موجودہ نظاموں کو مضبوط بنانااور نئی صلاحیتوں کا کوآگے

اں اخلاق کا مر کز آٹو ملیشن اور ریگولیٹری گلرانی کی بلند سطحوں کے لیے جامع انٹر پرائز آر سیٹیکچر کی اصلاح ہے۔

سال کے دوران اس اقدام سے پیدا ہونے والی ایک نمایاں کامیابی نے موٹر کلیمز مینجنٹ سٹم کاکامیاب آغاز ہے۔ یہ اخترا کی نظام ایک متحد پلیٹ فارم کے طور پر کام کرتا ہے،جو تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کو بغیر کسی رکاوٹ کے ایک مر بوط ماحولیاتی نظام میں ضم کرتا ہے،اس طرح کاغذکے بغیر کام مے بہاؤکے نمونے کی طرف ہموار منتقلی میں سہوات فراہم کرتا ہے۔ خاص طور پر، بیر مروے کرنے والوں اور ورکشاپس کے لیے معلومات کی فراہمی کوآسان بناتا ہے، جس ہے د عووں کی کارر وائی کی کار کردگی اور شفافیت میں انقلاب آتا ہے۔

متوازی طور پر ، عسکری جزل انشورنس کمپنی المبیٹر نے اپنے گاہوں کی منفر و ضروریات کے مطابق ایک گاہب مر کوزسیلف سروس پورٹل متعارف کرایا ہے۔ یہ پلیٹ فارم ، جوآسانی سے موٹر اورٹریول پالیسی کی خریداری کے لیے ڈیرائن کیاگیاہے، بغیر کسی رکاوٹ کے سیلف السیکشن اور پیمینٹ گیٹ وے کی افعال کے ساتھ مر بوط ہے، جو براہ راست فروخت میں قابل ذکر اضافے کو متحرک کرتا ہے اور صارفین کے بے مثال اطمینان کو فروغ دیتا ہے۔

مزید برآل ، کمپنی نے ایک متحرک کاروباری پورٹل کے تعارف کے ذریعے اپنے مار کیٹنگ ایجنٹوں اور اسٹیک ہولڈرز کو بااختیار بنانے کوتر ججودی ہے۔ بیا انرایکٹو پلیٹ فارم جامع کاروباری موازنہ کی سہولت فراہم کرتا ہے ، بہتری اور مواقع کے شعبوں کوروشن کرنے کے لیے تاریخی اعداد و شار کا فائدہ اٹھاتا ہے۔ انفرادی پالیسیوں تک پھیلی ہوئی باریک بھیرت سے لیس، ایگزیکؤز کو باخبر فیصلے کرنے کا افتیار حاصل ہے جو پائیدار ترتی اور کار کردگی کو آگے بڑھاتے

صار فین کے اطمینان کوبر قرار رکھنے میں شکایات کے موثر انتظام کے اہم کر دار کو تسلیم کرتے ہوئے، کمپنی نے ایک ایشخایت اپورٹل شر وع کیا ہے۔ یہ صارف دوست پلیٹ فارم کلا تنٹس کو فوری اور موثر حل کو یقینی بناتے ہوئے تمام مطلوبہ محکموں میں ہموار انضام کے ساتھ بغیر کسی رکاوٹ کے شکایات جمع کرنے اور ان پر نظر رکھنے کا اختیار دیتا ہے۔

مزید برآل، کمپنی نے ہیلتھ کارپوریٹس اورافراد کی منفر د ضروریات کے مطابق مخصوص پور ٹلز کو شامل کرنے کے لیے اپنے سروس پورٹ فولیو میں توسیع کی ہے۔ یہ مخصوص پلیٹ فارم خصوصیات کا ایک جامع مجموعہ پیش کرتے ہیں، جو صار فین کو یالیسی کی تفصیلات تک رسائی حاصل کرنے اور انتہائی سہولت اور کار کرد گی کے ساتھ دعوے جمع کرنے کے قابل بناتے ہیں۔

DIRECTORS' **REPORT**

Consolidated financial information for the year 2023

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Directors' Report of Askari General Insurance Company Limited (the Company) along with Audited Unconsolidated Financial Statements and the Auditors' Report thereon for the year ended December 31st, 2023.

ECONOMIC REVIEW

During the year 2023, Pakistan went through unprecedented economic and political challenges. PKR fell sharply against the USD which, along with a sharp increase in energy prices, triggered high inflation and the policy rate was increased to 22% in response. A slow-down of economic growth followed.

The general insurance industry was adversely impacted by high inflation in the form of higher claims costs and reduced demand. Higher interest rates, on the other hand, provided a hedge in the form of improved investment returns. PKR depreciation against USD and low FOREX reserves increased the reinsurance costs for the industry.

AGICO in 2023

The Company, despite challenging economic conditions, successfully managed to underwrite a gross premium of Rs. 5.5 billion (inclusive of Rs. 642 million from Window Takaful contribution) in the year 2023 (2022: Rs. 4.5 billion inclusive of Rs. 457 million from Window Takaful contribution). Its investment income surged by 68% and ultimately it registered a Profit Before Tax of Rs. 771 million (2022: Rs. 550 million). After taking impact of additional retrospective Super Tax of 6%, the Profit after tax and Earning Per Share (EPS) arrived at Rs. 428 million (2022: Rs. 355 million) and Rs. 5.96 (2022: Rs. 4.94) per share in the year 2023.

KEY HIGHLIGHTS CREDIT RATING

The Company has maintained Insurer Financial Strength Rating of "AA+", awarded by both Pakistan Credit Rating Company Limited (PACRA) and VIS on 7 February 2024 and 29 February, 2024 respectively, with Stable future outlook.

DIGITAL INITIATIVES

At the heart of AGICO's strategic initiatives lies an unwavering commitment to technological advancement, driving significant investments aimed at both fortifying existing systems and pioneering new capabilities.

Central to this ethos is the comprehensive Enterprise Architectural Revamp to elevate levels of automation and regulatory oversight.

A standout accomplishment stemming from this initiative during the year is the successful rollout of the new Motor Claims Management System. This innovative system serves as a unified platform, seamlessly integrating all stakeholders into a cohesive ecosystem, thereby facilitating a seamless transition towards a paperless workflow paradigm. Notably, it enables real-time interactions with surveyors and streamlined information provision to workshops, revolutionizing the efficiency and transparency of claims processing.

In parallel, AGICO has introduced a customer-centric self-service portal tailored to the unique needs of its clientele. This intuitive platform, designed for effortless Motor & Travel policy purchases, is seamlessly integrated with Self Inspection and Payment Gateway functionalities, catalyzing a notable surge in direct sales and fostering unparalleled customer satisfaction.

Moreover, AGICO has prioritized the empowerment of its marketing agents and stakeholders through the introduction of a dynamic business portal. This interactive platform facilitates comprehensive business comparisons, leveraging historical data to illuminate areas of improvement and opportunity. Equipped with granular insights extending down to individual policies, executives are empowered to make informed decisions that drive sustained growth and performance.

Recognizing the pivotal role of effective grievance management in maintaining customer satisfaction, AGICO has launched an e-grievance portal. This user-friendly platform empowers clients to seamlessly submit and track complaints, with streamlined integration across all requisite departments, ensuring prompt and effective resolution.

Additionally, AGICO has expanded its service portfolio to include dedicated portals tailored to the unique needs of health corporates and individuals. These bespoke platforms offer a comprehensive suite of features, enabling users to access policy details and submit claims with utmost convenience and efficiency.

Furthermore, AGICO has demonstrated unwavering diligence in fortifying its cybersecurity framework, in strict adherence to guidelines laid out by SECP and international best practices. Leveraging cutting-edge technologies such as new Firewalls, Antivirus software, and SIEM tools, AGICO stands resolute in its commitment to preempt, detect, and mitigate cyber threats, safeguarding sensitive data and preserving stakeholder trust.

LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019 & CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR INSURERS, 2016

Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (Regulations) and Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 are applicable to the Company. The Company has duly complied with the provisions of these Regulations. A Statement of Compliance in this regard can be viewed on page 65.

DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

The Board of Directors has recommended a final cash dividend of Rs. 3.25 per share to the shareholders whose names appear in the share register of the Company at the start of the book closure

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

The key performance indicators of the Company are summarized below:

	31 December	
	2023	2022
	(Rupees in thousand)	
Gross premium written (Inclusive of Takaful Contribution)	5,550,192	4,500,148
Net premium revenue	2,850,187	2,426,941
Net claims	1,794,055	1,548,190
Underwriting profit	175,539	188,459
Investment, Rental and other income	529,412	327,751
Profit before tax - General Insurance Operations	671,055	481,292
Profit before tax - Window Takaful Operations (OPF)	99,877	68,568
Profit after tax	428,356	355,088
Earnings per share (Rs.)	5.96	4.94

SEGMENT WISE PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

The segment wise performance analysis for each class of business is as follows:

Accident & Health

Accident & health segment registered a considerable growth of 34% and became the leading contributor in overall business with gross premium written of Rs. 1.39 billion (2022: Rs. 1.04 billion). The business mix of this segment is 28% of total gross premium written in the year 2023. This segment contributed gross margins of Rs. 49 million (2022: Rs 111 million). The decline in profitability was mainly associated with an increase in the cost of claims due to high inflation during the year.

Motor

Motor segment registered a growth of 16% in business, driven primarily by the significant increase in the car prices during the year. Its gross premium written was 25% of the total Gross Premiums Written, and amounted to Rs. 1.25 billion (2022: Rs. 1.07 billion). This segment contributed gross margins of Rs. 551 million (2022: Rs 457 million). The increase in profitability was due to a considerably higher increase in the premiums than the increase in the cost of claims due to efficient claim management.

Fire & Property Damage

Gross premium underwritten for this segment was Rs. 910 million in the year 2023 (2022: Rs. 689 million). This segment contributed 19% towards total gross premium of the Company in the year 2023. The contribution from this segment in the year 2023 was Rs. 103 million (2022: Rs. 85 million). Gross premiums in this segment increased by 32%; however, most of the increase was consumed in the reinsurance expense ultimately registering 21.18 % increase in the contribution margin.

Marine, Aviation & Transport

This segment contributed around 10% to our total business underwritten in 2023 with gross premium underwritten of Rs. 502 million (2022: Rs. 302 million). This segment reported the contribution of Rs. 157 million in the year 2023 (2022: Rs. 85 million). A sharp surge in the profits was due to some specific international marine insurance transactions during the year, which earned healthy profits for the Company.

Miscellaneous

This segment comprises of engineering insurance, bond insurance, crop insurance, travel insurance etc. Business mix of this segment is 17% of underwritten business in 2023 with gross premium underwritten of Rs. 858 million in 2023 (2022: Rs. 936 million). This segment reported the contribution of Rs. 218 million (2022: Rs. 201 million).

Investment, Rental and other Income

Overall Investment and other income increased by 62% to Rs. 528 million in the year 2023, as compared to Rs. 327 million for the year 2022. Sharp increase in investment and other income was due to high policy rate of 22%. Gains in KSE-100 index also enabled the Company to realize some gains during the year, besides having unrealized gains at the end of year 2023.

WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS

Window Takaful Operations (WTO) have been continuously increasing volume and profitability towards business of the Company, and we expect this trend to continue in the coming years as well.

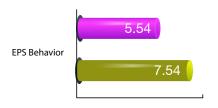
The written contribution from WTO during 2023 was Rs. 642 million (2022: Rs. 458 million) while the profit from Operator's Fund for the vear 2023 was Rs. 105 million as compared to Rs. 61 million in the year 2022.

Overall almost similar factors played out for the growth in business and in gross contribution profits in Takaful operations, as for the conventional insurance portfolio.

IMPACT OF SUPERTAX

During FY 2023, the Company effectively paid tax at the rate of 45% which has impacted the Company's profit after tax by restricting it to Rs. 428 million after provisioning for super tax at 10% on the current year and additionally 6% retrospectively on the previous year (FY 2022) as explained in Table 2 below. Had the super tax not been charged on the Company, its EPS would have been Rs. 7.54 per share rather than the currently reported EPS of Rs. 5.96.

Description	Rs. In Thousands
Profit Before Tax	770,932
Provision for Tax* (See breakup below)	(342,576)
Profit After Tax	428,356



DIRECTORS' **REPORT**

Consolidated financial information for the year 2022

Table 2 - *Provision for Tax - Break up

Description	Rs. In Thousands	
Corporate Tax - Current Year	236,661	
Super Tax - Current Year	81,608	
Super Tax - Previous Year	32,588	
Deferred Tax	(8,281)	
Provision for Tax	342,576	

CONTRACT FOR TRACKING AND OTHER SERVICES

In accordance with section 208(2) of Companies Act, 2017, we would like to inform the shareholders that the Company has continued its contract for provision of tracking and other services with Asktech (Pvt.) Ltd, a subsidiary of the Company. Tracking services have been sought to minimize the risks in the motor insurance business. We have ensured that the transactions with the said company are at arm's length.

AUDITORS

External Auditors

Yousaf Adil Chartered Accountants audited the financial statements of the Company for the year 2023 and being re-eligible, presented themselves for reappointment.

In line with the requirement of the Code and the Regulations, the Board Audit Committee has recommended the appointment of Yousaf Adil Chartered Accountants, as the External Auditors for the year 2024, and the Board endorses this recommendation.

Shariah Compliance Auditors

S.M. Suhail & Co. Chartered Accountants, being re-eligible for reappointment, as Shariah Compliance Auditors of the company, as required under Takaful Rules 2012, presented themselves for reappointment and the Board on the recommendation of Board Audit Committee has approved the appointment of S.M Suhail & Co. Chartered Accountants, as the Shariah Compliance Auditors for the year 2024.

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK Statement of Directors Responsibilities

In compliance with the Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework of the Code of Corporate Governance, the Directors confirm the following:

- The financial statements, together with the notes forming an integral part of these statements, have been prepared by the management of the Company in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 and the Insurance Ordinance 2000, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.

- International Accounting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards or any other regulation or law (including but not limited to the Shariah guidelines I principles) as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored throughout the year.
- There are no significant doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance.
- There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges which are outstanding as of 31 December 2023, except as disclosed in the financial statements. All such dues primarily related to the dues of last month of the financial year 2023 and were subsequently deposited in Government treasury in time.
- The related party transactions are approved or ratified by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

Board Performance Evaluation

The Company's Board of Directors undergoes a self-evaluation exercise each year against a set of parameters. This evaluation is performed primarily to assist the Board in evaluating its quality of governance as it enables the Board members to perform their roles and responsibilities more effectively towards the progress of your Company. This self-evaluation is carried out under an evaluation methodology based on certain parameters.

The evaluation exercise addresses areas of critical importance which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Apprising the basic organization of the Board of Directors
- Assessment of overall roles and responsibilities of the Board members
- Effectiveness and efficiency of the operation of the Board and its Committees; and
- Assess performance and participation of individual Board members.

The result of the Board's self-assessment of its overall performance was satisfactory against the set criteria.

Directors' Remuneration Policy

To comply with the relevant legal requirements and Articles of Association, the Company has policy with respect to the remuneration of Chairman, Non-Executive, Executive and Independent Directors. Directors are only paid a fee for attending the meetings of the Board and its sub-committees and are also reimbursed for expenses borne by them in that regard, as per the Articles of Association.

Key Financial Data

Key operational and financial data for the last 6 years is annexed at page 60 of the Annual Report.

Value of investments in Provident Fund and Gratuity Fund The value of investments in provident fund and gratuity fund, on the basis of audited accounts, as of 31 December 2023 was:

Name of Fund	2023	2022
	Rupees in Millions	
Employees' Provident Fund	170	134
Employees' Gratuity Fund	232	181

Composition of Board

Male

a.

At present, the total number of directors are Nine (09) as per the

Eight (08)

b. Fema	ale One (01)
Category	Name of Director
Independent Direct	otors Mr. M. Munir Malik Mr. Imran Iqbal
Independent Fema Director	ale Ms. Saima Akbar Khattak
Non-Executive Di	rectors Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd) Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Rizwan Ullah Khan Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd) Malik Riffat Mahmood
Executive Director	rs Mr. Abdul Waheed

The number of elected/nominated directors on the Board are eight (8) whereas the Chief Executive is a "deemed director" under section 183(3) of the Companies Act, 2017.

Subsequent to the year end, two Non-executive directors of the Company, Lt Gen Naveed Mukhtar (Retd) and AVM Mohammad Athar Shams (Retd) resigned from the directorship on January 16, 2024, and January 31, 2024, respectively and casual vacancies were filled by the Board by appointing Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd) and Mai Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) respectively, within the stipulated time.

Board Meetings

During the year 2023, five meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance in those meetings, by each of the director (at the Board of the Company in 2023) was as follows:

Name of Director	Meetings Attended
Lt Gen Naveed Mukhtar (Retd)	5
AVM Mohammad Athar Shams (Retd)	5
Rizwan Ullah Khan	5
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed	5
Malik Riffat Mahmood	5
Mr. Imran Iqbal	5
Mr. M. Munir Malik	4
Ms. Saima Akbar Khattak	5

The Board granted a leave of absence to the director who could not attend the Board Meetings. The list of the Board Committees, their composition and Terms of reference are given at page 48 of this report.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding is given at page 275 of this report. There was no trading in shares of the Company by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children.

Statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls

The statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls is given at page 40 of this report.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties Facing the Company

The information relating to principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company is given at page 43 of this report.

Board Committees

During the year 2023, the Audit Committee held five meetings whereas Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee held three meetings and all other committees met two times. The composition of the Board Committees and their terms of references are given at page 48 of this report.

Further, the Company has four sub committees of the Board which cover the core areas of business; these are Underwriting, Reinsurance & Coinsurance Committee, Claims Settlement Committee, Executive, Risk Management & Compliance Committee, and Investment Committee. The names of members and the terms of references of these committees are given at page 48 of this report.

OUTLOOK

Despite significant challenges, the overall economic outlook is likely to be optimistic in view of increased political confidence after general elections. We are hopeful that structural reforms will be implemented to cater risks such as budget deficit, and high inflation etc., to bring economic stability.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to take this opportunity to thank our Regulators, the Insurance Association of Pakistan (IAP), for their continued support, and our valued reinsurers and other stakeholders for their trust and confidence in us. Finally, we place on record our appreciation for the commitment and hard work of our employees towards the growth of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board

Abdul Waheed President & Chief Executive

Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd) Chairman - Board of Directors

Rawalpindi March 14, 2024

مینتگزین شرکت کی۔	<i>ڈائریگٹر</i> کانام
5	ليفشينت جزل نويد مختار (ر)
5	اے وی ایم مجمد اطبر مشس (ر)
5	رضوان الله خان
5	بریگیڈیئر مختاراحمد(ر)
5	ملك رفعت محمود
5	جناب عمران اقبال
4	جناب ایم منیر ملک
5	محترمه صائمه اكبر فنثك

بورڈنے ان ڈائر کیٹرز کوغیر حاضری کی چھٹی دے دی جو بورڈ کے اجلاس میں شرکت نہیں کرسکے۔ بورڈ کمیٹیوں کی فہرست، ان کی تشکیل اور حوالہ جات کی شرائط اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 48 میر دی گئی ہیں۔

شيئر ہولڈنگ کانمونہ

شیئر ہولڈنگ کانمونہ اس ریورٹ کے صفحہ 275 یردیا گیا ہے۔ ڈائر کیٹر ز، چیف اگیز کیٹو آفیسر ، چیف فٹانشل آفیسر ، کمپنی سیکرٹری اور ان کی شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کی طرف سے کمپنی کے شیئر زمیں کوئی تجارت نہیں ہوئی۔

رسک مینجمنٹ اور اندرونی کنٹر ولزیر بیان

رسک مینجمنٹ اور انٹر تل کنٹر ولز کابیان اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 40 پر دیا گیاہے۔

کمپنی کو درپیش بنبادی خطرات اور غیریقینی صور تحال

کمپنی کو در پیش بنیادی خطرات اور غیریقینی صورتحال سے متعلق معلومات اس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 43 پر دی گئی ہیں۔

بورڈ کمیٹیاں

سال 2023 کے دوران، آڈٹ کمیٹی نے پانچ اجلاس منعقد کیے جبمہ اخلاقیات، انسانی وساکل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی نے تین اجلاس منعقد کیے اور دیگر تمام کمیٹیوں کا دوبار اجلاس ہوا 🔻 بورڈ کمیٹیوں کی تشکیل اور ان کے حوالہ جات کی شرائط اس ربورٹ کے صفحہ 48 پر دی گئی ہیں۔

مزید، تمپنی کے پاس بورڈ کی چار ذیلی کمیٹیاں ہیں جو کار وبار کے بنیادی شعبوں کا احاط کرتی ہیں۔ یہ انڈر را کننگ، ری بیمہ اور کو انشور نس تمپنی، کلیمز سیٹلمنٹ تمپنی، ایگزیکٹو، رسک مینجنٹ ایٹڈ کمیلا ئنس تمپنی، اور انویسٹمنٹ تمپنی ہیں۔ اراکین کے نام اور ان کمیٹیول کے حوالہ جات کی شر انطاس رپورٹ کے صفحہ 48 پر دیے گئے ہیں۔

اہم جیلنجوں کے باوجود، عام انتخابات کے بعد بڑھتے ہوئے سامی اعتاد کے پیش نظر مجموعی معاثی نقطہ نظر پر امید ہونے کاامکان ہے۔ ہمیں امید ہے کہ معاثی استخام لانے کے لیے بجٹ خسارے اور اعلی افراط زروغیر و جیسے خطرات کو یوراکرنے کے لیے ساختی اصلاحات نافذ کی جائیں گ

اعترافات

ہم اس موقع پر اپنے ریگولیٹر ز، انشورنس ایسوسی ایشن آف پاکستان (IAP)کاشکر میداد اکر ناچاہیں گے کہ ان کی مسلسل حمایت، اور جمارے قابل قدر ری بیمیہ کنند گان اور دیگر اسٹیک ہولڈرز کا ہم پر اعتباد اور مجروسہ ہے۔ آخر میں، ہم سمپنی کی ترقی کے لیے اپنے ملاز مین کے عزم اور محنت کی تعریف کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ کے لیے اور اس کی جانب سے

مدراور چف ایگزیکٹو

ليفشينن جزل نعمان محود (ر) چير مين-بورد آف دائر يكثرز

راولینڈی 14 ارچ, 2024

ڈائزیکٹر کی رپورٹ سال 2023 کے لیے حامع مالیاتی معلومات

ڈائر بکٹر زکے معاوضے کی ہالیسی

متعلقہ قانونی تقاضوں اور ایسوسی ایشن کے مضامین کی تغییل کرنے کے لیے، نمپنی کے پاس چیئر مین ، نان ایگزیکیٹیوا و گذیکٹواور آزاد ڈائز کیٹر زکے معاوضے کے حوالے سے پالیسی ہے۔ ڈائز کیٹر زکوبورڈاور اس کی ذیلی نمیٹیوں کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لیے صرف فیس ادا کی جاتی ہے اور ایسو سی ایشن کے آر ٹیکاز کے مطابق، اس سلسلے میں ان کے ذریعے اٹھائے جانے والے اخراجات کی ادائیگی بھی کی جاتی ہے۔

كليدى مالياتى ڈيٹا

گزشتہ 6 سالوں کا کلیدی آپریشنل اور ہالیاتی ڈیٹاسالانہ رپورٹ کے صفحہ 60 پر منسلک ہے۔

یراویڈنٹ فنڈ اور گریجو پٹی فنڈ میں سرمایہ کاری کی قدر

پر اویڈنٹ فنڈ اور گریجویٹی فنڈ میں سرمایہ کاری کی قدر، آڈٹ شدہ کھاتوں کی بنیاد پر، جیسا کہ 31 دسمبر 2023 تک تھی:

فذكانام	2023	2022
	روپے کروڑوں میں	1
ایمپلائز پراویڈنٹ فنڈ	170	134
ا يمپيلا ئز گر پچو فی فنڈ	232	181

بورڈ کی تشکیل

اس وقت ڈائر کیٹرز کی کل تعداد نو(09) درج ذیل ہے:

آٹھ(80) ايك(01) b. خاتون

زمره	دار <u>ک</u> یٹر کانام
آزاد ڈائز یکٹر ز	جناب ايم منير ملك
	جناب عمران اقبال
نان ایگرزیکو ڈائز یکٹر ز	لیفشینٹ جزل نعمان محمود (ر)
	میجر جنزل کامر ان علی (ر)
	رخوال الله خان
	بریگیڈیئر مختار احمد(ر)
	ملك رفعت محمود
اليَّزِيكُووْارْ يَكُرْرْ	جناب عبد الوحيد
خالون دائر يكثر	محترمه صائمه اکبر خنگ

بورڈ میں منتخب/نامر د ڈائر کیٹر زکی تعداد آٹھ (8) ہے جبکہ چیف ایگزیکٹو کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 کے سیشن 183(3) کے تحت ایک "ڈیٹڈ ڈائر کیٹر" ہے۔

سال کے اختتام کے بعد، کمپنی کے دونان ایگزیکٹوڈائزیکٹرز، لیفٹینٹ جزل نوید مختار (ریٹائزڈ)اورا ہے وی ایم محمداطهر مٹس (ریٹائزڈ)فی نے بالتر تیب16 جنوری 2024 اور 3 جنوری 2024 کوڈائزیکٹرز، لیفٹینٹ جزل نوید مختار (ریٹائزڈ)اورا ہے وی ایم محمداطهر مٹس (ریٹائزڈ)فی التریش کے احتقام کے بعد، کمپنی کے دونان ایگزیکٹوڈائزیکٹرز، لیفٹینٹ جزل نوید مختار (ریٹائزڈ)اورا ہے وی ایم محمداطهر مثمن (ریٹائزڈ) نے بالتر تیب16 جنوری 2024 اور 30 میں ان ایکٹر شیاب ہے استعفیٰ دے دیا اور ابورڈ نے مقررہ وقت کے اندر بالترتیب لیفٹینٹ جزل نعمان محمود (ریٹائرڈ)اور میجر جزل کامران علی (ریٹائرڈ) کو مقرر کرکے عارضی خال آسامیاں پر کہیں۔

بورڈمیٹنگز

سال 2023 کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے پانچ اجلاس ہوئے۔ان اجلاسوں میں ہرایک ڈائر یکٹر (2023 میں سمپنی کے بورڈ میں) کی حاضری حسب ذیل تھی:

ٹریکنگ اور دیگر خدمات کے لیے معاہدہ

کمپینزایک ،2017 کی دفعہ 2020) کے مطابق، ہم شیئر ہولڈرز کومطلع کرناچاہیں گے کہ کمپنی نے آسک ٹیک (پرائیویٹ لمیٹٹر) کے ساتھ ٹریکنگ اور دیگر خدمات کی فراہمی کے لیے اپنامعاہرہ جاری رکھا ہے۔ لمیٹٹر، کمپنی کاذیلی ادارہ ۔ موٹر نیمہ کاروبار میں خطرات کو کم کرنے کے لیے ٹریکنگ خدمات کی کوشش کی گئی ہے۔ ہم نے اس بات کو یقینی بنایا ہے کہ مذکورہ کمپنی کے ساتھ لین دین کافی حد تک ہو۔

آڏيڻرز

بيروني آڏيڻرز

یوسف عادل چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس نے سال 2023 کے لیے ممپنی کے مالیاتی بیانات کا آڈٹ کیااور دوبارہ اہل ہونے کی وجہ سے خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے پیش کیا۔

ضابطے اور ضابطوں کی ضرورت کے مطابق، بورڈ آؤٹ سمیٹی نے یوسف عادل چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس کو سال 2024 کے لیے ہیرونی آؤیٹر زکے طور پر مقرر کرنے کی سفارش کی ہے، اور بورڈ اس سفارش کی توثیق کر تا ہے۔

شريعه كميلائنس آڈيٹرز

ایں ایم سہیل ایٹڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس، دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل ہونے کی وجہ ہے، کمپنی کے شریعت تعمیل آؤیٹرز کے طوریر ، جیسا کہ تتکفل رولز 2012 کے تحت ضروری ہے ، نے خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کیا اور بورڈ آڈٹ کمپٹی کی سفارش پر بورڈ نے ایس ایم کی تقرری کی منظوری دے دی ہے۔ سہیل اینڈ کمپنی جارٹر ڈاکاؤنٹنٹس،سال2024 کے لئے شریعت لقبیل آڈیٹر زکے طور پر۔

كار بوريث اور مالياتي ر بور ننگ فريم ورك

ڈائر یکٹر زکی ذمہ دار بوں کا بیان

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورینس کے کارپوریٹ اورمالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک کی تعیل میں، ڈائر کیٹر ز درج ذیل کی تصدیق کرتے ہیں:

- مالی گوشوارے،ان گوشواروں کا ایک لازمی حصہ بننے والے نوٹس کے ساتھ، کمپنی کی انتظامیہ نے کمپنیز ایک ،2017 اور انشورنس آرڈیننس2000 کے مطابق تیار کیے ہیں۔اس کی حالت،اس کے کاموں کے نتائج، کیش فلو اورا یکو پٹی میں تبدیلیوں کو منصفانہ طور پر پیش کرتے ہیں۔
 - کمپنی کے کھاتوں کی درست بکس رکھی گئی ہیں۔
 - ان مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ یالیسیوں کامسلسل اطلاق کیا گیاہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینے معقول اور دانشمندانہ فیصلے پر مبنی ہیں۔
- بین الا قوای کاکائننگ اسٹیٹررڈز،انٹر نیشنل فنانشل رپورننگ اسٹیٹررڈزیا کوئی دوسر اضابطہ یا قانون (بشمول شرعی رہنماخطوط اصولوں تک محدود نہیں)جبیہا کہ پاکستان میں لا گوہو تاہے،مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں پیروی کی گئی ہے اور وہاں سے کسی بھی انحراف کا مناسب طور پر انکشاف کیا گیا ہے۔
 - اندرونی کنٹر ولز کا نظام ڈیزائن کے لحاظ سے درست ہے اور اسے پورے سال مؤثر طریقے سے لا گواور مانیٹر کیا گیاہے۔
 - جاری تشویش کے طور پر ممپنی جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت پر کوئی خاص شک نہیں ہے۔
 - کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں سے کوئی مادی انحراف نہیں ہواہے۔
- شکسز، ڈیوٹیز، لیویز اور چار جز کی مدمیں کوئی قانونی ادائیگیاں نہیں ہیں جو کہ 31 دسمبر 2023 تک بقایا ہیں، سوائے اس کے کہ مالی بیانات میں ظاہر کیا گیاہو۔ اس طرح کے تمام واجبات بنیادی طور پر مالی سال 2023 کے آخری مبینے کے واجبات سے متعلق ہیں اور بعد میں وقت پر سر کاری خزانے میں جمع کرائے گئے تھے۔
 - متعلقہ فریق کے لین دین کو آڈٹ ٹمیٹی اور بورڈ آفڈائز بکٹر زکے ذریعے منظوریاتوثیق کیاجا تاہے۔

بورڈ کی کار کر دگی کا حائزہ

کمپنی کا پورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز ہر سال پیرامیٹرز کے ایک سیٹ کے خلاف خود تشخیصی مثق ہے گزر تا ہے۔ یہ تشخیص خیادی طور پر بورڈ کواس کے حکمر انی کے معیار کا جائزہ لینے میں مدد کرنے کے لیے کیا جاتا ہے کیونکہ یہ بورڈ کے اراکمین کو آپ کی کمپنی کی ترق کے لیے اپنے کر دار اور ذمہ داریوں کوزیادہ موکڑ طریقے ہے انجام دینے کے قابل بناتا ہے۔ بیرخود تشخیص مخصوص پیرامیٹرز کی بنیادیر تشخیصی طریقہ کارکے تحت کیاجاتا ہے۔

تشخیمی مشق اہم اہمیت کے شعبوں پر توجہ دیتی ہے جس میں درج ذیل شامل ہیں، لیکن ان تک محدود نہیں ہیں:

- 🗸 بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی بنیادی تنظیم سے آگاہ کرنا
- 🗸 بورڈ کے اراکین کے مجموعی کر داروں اور ذمہ داریوں کا اندازہ
 - 🗸 بورڈ اور اس کی کمیٹیوں کے کام کی تاثیر اور کار کر د گی؛اور
- 🗸 انفرادی بورڈ کے اراکین کی کار کر دگی اور شرکت کا اندازہ لگانا

ڈائزیکٹر کی رپورٹ سال 2023کے لیے حامع مالیاتی معلومات

آگ اور املاک کا نقصان

اس ھے کے لیے مجموعی پریمیم انڈر رائٹ سال 2023 میں 910 ملین رویے تھا (2022: **689 مل**ین). اس ھے نے سال 2023 میں سمپنی کے کل مجموعی پریمیم میں 19 فیصد کا حصہ ڈالا۔ سال 2023 میں اس ھے کا تعاون 103 ملین روپے تھا(2022: 85 ملین). اس جصے میں مجموعی پر بمیم میں 32 فیصد کااضافہ ہوا۔ تاہم، زیادہ تراضافہ ری انشورنس کے اخراجات میں ہواجس نے بالآخر شر اکت کے مارجن میں 21.18 فیصد اضافہ درج کیا۔

میرین،ایوی ایشن اور ٹرانسپورٹ

اس ھے نے 2023 میں ہارے مجموعی کاروبار میں تقریبا10 فیصد کا حصہ ڈالا جس میں مجموعی پریمیم 502 ملین کی حیات دی گئی تھی (2022:302 ملین). اس ھے نے سال 2023 میں 157 ملین کی شراکت دی (2022:88 ملین). سال کے دوران کچھ مخصوص مین الا قوامی سمندری ہیمہ لین دین کی وجہ سے منافع میں تیزی سے اضافہ ہوا، جس نے عمینی کے لیے صحت مند منافع حاصل کیا۔

متفرق

اس حصے میں انجیئئر نگ بیمہ، بانڈ بیمہ، فصل بیمہ، سنری بیمہ وغیرہ شامل ہیں۔اس حصے کا کاروباری مرکب 2023 میں انڈررائٹ کاروبار کا 17 فیصد ہے جس میں مجموعی پر نمیم انڈررائٹ 2023 میں 858 ملین ہے۔(2022 604 ملین). اس جھے نے 218 ملین کی شر اکت دی (2022:2012 ملین).

س مایه کاری، کرایه اور دیگر آمدنی

سال 2023 میں مجموعی طوریہ سرمایہ کاری اور دیگر آمدنی 62 فیصد بڑھ کر 528 ملین ہوگئی، جبکہ سال 2022میں یہ 327 ملین تھی۔ سرمایہ کاری اور دیگر آمدنی میں تیزی سے اضافہ 22 فیصد کی اعلی پالیسی کی شرح کی وجہ سے تھا۔ کے ایس ای-100 انڈیکس میں ہونے والے فوائدنے نمینی کوسال 2023 کے آخر میں غیر حقیقی فوائد حاصل کرنے کے علاوہ سال کے دوران کچھے فوائد حاصل کرنے کے قابل بنایا۔

ونڈو ٹکافل آپریشنز

ونڈو تکافل آپریشنز (WTO) مکپنی کے کاروبار کے ججم اور منافع میں مسلسل اضافہ کررہے ہیں اور ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ بیر بھان آنے والے سالوں میں بھی جاری رہے گا۔

2023 کے دوران WTO کی طرف سے تحریری شر اکت 642 ملین روپے (452:2022 ملین روپے)رہی۔ جبکہ سال 2022 کے لیے آپریٹر زفنڈ سے حاصل ہونے والا منافع 105 ملین تھا جبکہ سال 2022 ملین تھا۔ مجموعی طوریر، روایتی انشورنس پورٹ فولیو کے طوریر، کاروبار میں ترقی اور تکفل آپریشنز میں مجموعی شراکت کے منافع میں تقریبااس طرح کے عوامل سامنے آئے۔

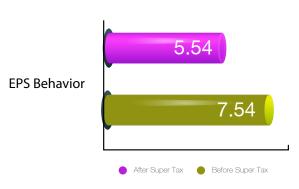
سپر قیس کااژ

مالى سال 2023 کے دوران، کمپنی نے مؤثر طریقے ہے 45 فیصد کی شرح سے ٹیکس ادا کہا جس نے روال سال 10 فیصد پر سپر ٹیکس کی فراہمی کے بعد اسے 428 ملین تک محدود کرکے ٹیکس کے بعد کمپنی کے منافع کو مثاثر کہا ہے اوراس کے علاوہ 6 فیصد بچھلے سال (مالی سال 2022) حبیبا کہ ٹیبل 2 میں بیان کیا گیا ہے۔اگر سمپنی پر سپر ٹیکس نہ لگایاجا تاتواس کا ای بی ایس فی حصص 7.54 ہو تابحائے اس کے کہ اس وقت رپورٹ شدہ ای بی ایس 9.54 ہو تاب

روپیے ہز ارول میں	تفصيل
770،932	ٹیکس سے پہلے منافع
(342,576)	ٹیکس کی فراہمی* (ذیل میں بریکپ دیکھیں)
428،356	ٹیکس کے بعد منافع

ٹیبل2۔ ٹیکس کی فراہمی –بریک اپ

روپے ہز ارول میں	تفصيل
236,661	كار پوريٹ ٹیکس موجو دہ سال
81,608	سپر ٹیکس موجو دہ سال
32,588	سپر ٹیکس - پیچیلاسال
(8:281)	موخر ٹیکس
342,576	^ش یکس کاتخمینه



مزید بر آل، کمپنی نے ایس ای سی لیے کے ذریعہ مقرر کر دہ رہنماخطوط اور مین الا قوامی بہترین طریقوں پر شخت سے عمل کرتے ہوئے اپنے سائبر سیکیور ٹی فریم ورک کومضبوط بنانے میں غیر متز لزل مگن کامظاہر ہ کیا ہے۔ ٹی فائز والز، اینٹی وائر سیافٹ ویئز،اورایس آئیای ایم ٹولز جیسی جدید ترین ٹیکنالو جیز کافائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے، کمپنی سائبر خطرات کورو کئے ، پیۃ لگانے اور کم کرنے ، حساس ڈیٹا کی حفاظت اور اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے اعتاد کوبر قرار رکھنے کے اپنے عزم پر قائم

سند كينيان (كودُ آف كارپوريك كورنس) ريگوليشنز، 2019 اور كودُ آف كارپوريث كورننس برائي بيمه كنند گان، 2016

لسٹڈ کمپنیز (کوؤ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشنز، 2019(ریگولیشنز)اور کوؤ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس برائے ہیمہ کنند گان، 2016 کمپنی پر لاگوہیں۔ کمپنی نے ان ضوابط کی شقوں کی مناسب تعمیل کی ہے۔ اس سلسلے میں تعمیل کا بیان صفحہ 65 پر دیکھا جاسکتا ہے۔

ويويد تدوسري بوش

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر زنے ان حصص یافتیان کوفی حصص 3.25 رویے کے حتی نقد منافع کی سفارش کی ہے جن کے نام کھاتد بندہونے کی مدت کے آغاز پر سمپنی کے شیئر رجسٹر میں ظاہر ہوتے ہیں۔

كاركرد كى كاجائزه

سے بنی کی کار کر دگی کے اہم اشاریوں کا خلاصہ ذیل میں دیا گیاہے:

/	31و مج
2022	2023
میں)	(رویپ بزار'
4,500,148	5,550,192
2,426,941	2,850,187
1,548,191	1,794,055
188,459	175,539
327,751	529,412
481,292	671,055
68,568	99,877
355,088	428,356
4.94	5.96

شعبه وار کار کر دگیا کا تیج به

کاروبار کے ہر طبقے کے لیے سیگنٹ وائز کار کر دگی کا تجزیہ حسب ذیل ہے:

حادثه اور صحت

حادثہ اور ہمیاتھ کے شعبے نے 34 فیصد کی خاطر خواہ نمو درج کی ہے اور مجموعی طور 1.39 بلین (1.04:2022 بلین روپے) پر میم کے ساتھ مجموعی کاروبار میں سب سے بڑا شر اکت دار بن گیاہے اس شعبے کا کاروبار سال 2023 میں کھھے گئے کل مجموع پر میم کا28 فیصد ہے۔اس شعبے نے 49 ملین (11:2022 ملین) کے مجموعی مار جن میں حصہ ڈالا۔ منافع میں کی بنیادی طور پر سال کے دوران بلند افراط زر کی وجہ سے دعووں کی لاگت میں اضافے سے منسلک تھی۔

موٹر شعبے نے کاروبار میں 16 فیصد کااضافہ درج کیا،جو بنیادی طور پر سال کے دوران کاروں کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافے کی وجہ سے ہوا۔اس کا مجموعی پر میم تحریری کل مجموعی پر میم کا 25 فیصد تھااور اس کی رقم 5 1.25 بلین روپے تھی۔ (2022: 1.07 بلین). اس ھے نے 551 ملین روپے کے مجموعی مار جن میں ھے ڈالا (2022: 457 بلین). منافع میں اضافہ دعوی کے موژ انظام کی وجہ سے دعووں کی لاگت میں اضافے کے مقابلے پر پیمیم میں کافی زیادہ اضافے ک وجہ سے ہوا۔

ڈائر یکٹر کی رپورٹ سال 2023 کے لیے جامع مالیاتی معلومات

اقتضادي جائزه

سال 2023 کے دوران ، پاکتان بے مثال معاثی اور سیای چیلنجوں سے گزرا۔ پاکتانی روبے امریکی ڈالر کے مقاسلج میں تیزی سے گر گیا جس نے توانائی کی قیمتوں میں تیزی سے اضافے کے ساتھ ساتھ اعلی افراط زر کو جنم دیااوراس کے جواب میں پالیسی کی شرح کو22 فیصد تک بڑھادیا گیااس کے بعد اقتصادی ترقی میں ست روی آئی۔

پاکستان میں جزل انشورنس انڈسٹری کوزیادہ دعووں کی لاگت اور کم مانگ کی شکل میں اعلی افراط زر کا منفی اثریز ادوسری طرف اعلی شرح سودنے سرمایہ کاری کے بہتر منافع کی شکل میں سامنے آیلہ ڈالر کے مقابلے میں روپے کی قدر میں کمی اور فاریکس کے کم ذخائر نے صنعت کے لیے ری بیمہ کی لاگت میں اضافہ کیا۔

2023مين AGICO کمپن

کمپنی مشکل معاثی حالات کے باوجود، کامیابی سے سال 2023 میں 5.5 ملین (بشمول تکافل شر اکت کے 642 ملین روپے)کا مجموعی پریمیم انڈررائٹ کرنے میں کامیاب رہی۔(4.5:2022 ملین بشمول تکافل شر اکت کے 457 ملین)۔ سرمایہ کاری کی آمدنی میں 68 فیصد اضافیہ ہوااور ہالآخر 771 ملین کیکس سے پہلے منافع درج کیا۔(500:2022 ملین)۔ 6 فیصد کے اضافی سابقہ سپر ٹیکس لا گوہونے کے بعد، ٹیکس کے بعد منافع اور فی قصص کمائی(ای بیاایس) سال 2023 مين 428 ملين (355:2022 ملين) اور 5.96 في حصص يريبيني گئي (4.94:2022)_

اہم جھلکیاں

لريذك دثينك

۔ کمپنی نے پاکتان کریڈٹ رٹینگ کمپنی کمپیٹی کیٹے کا طرف ہے دی گئی" AA+" کی بیمہ کنندہ کی مالیاتی طاقت کی درجہ بندی بر قرار رکھی ہے۔

ويجيثل اقدامات

عسکری جزل انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹڈ کے اسٹریٹیک اقدام کے مرکز میں تکنیکی ترقی کے لیے ایک غیر متزلزل عزم ہے، جس کامقصداہم سرمایہ کاری کو آگے بڑھاناہے جس کامقصد موجو دہ فظاموں کومضبوط بانااور ٹی صلاحیتوں کوآ گے

اس اخلاق کامر کز آٹومیشن اور ریگولیٹری نگرانی کی بلند سطحوں کے لیے جامع انٹریر ائز آر سیٹیجیر کی اصلاح ہے۔

سال کے دوران اس اقدام سے پیدا ہونے والی ایک نمایاں کامیابی نئے موٹر کلیمز بینجنٹ سسٹم کا کامیاب آغاز ہے۔ یہ اخترا ئی نظام ایک متحد بلیٹ فارم کے طور پر کام کر تاہے، جو تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کو بغیر کسی رکاوٹ کے ایک مربوط ماحولیاتی نظام میں ضم کرتا ہے،اس طرح کاغذ کے بغیر کام کے بہاؤ کے نمونے کی طرف ہموار منتقلی میں سہولت فراہم کرتا ہے۔خاص طور پر، بیر سروے کرنے والوں اور ورکشاپس کے لیے معلومات کی فراہمی کو آسان بناتا ہے، جس سے دعووں کی کارروائی کی کار کر دگی اور شفافیت میں انقلاب آتا ہے۔

متوازی طور پر، عسکری جزل انشورنس کمپنی کمیٹرٹے اپنے گاہوں کی منفر د ضروریات کے مطابق ایک گاہک مر کوز سیف سروس پورٹل متعارف کرایاہے۔ یہ پلیٹ فارم، جو آسانی سے موٹر اورٹر بول پالیسی کی خریداری کے لیے ڈیزائن کیا گیاہے، بغیر کسی رکاوٹ کے سلف السپیکشن اور پینٹ گیٹ وے کی افعال کے ساتھ مربوط ہے،جوبراہ راست فروخت میں قابل ذکر اضافے کو متحرک کرتاہے اور صارفین کے بے مثال اطمینان کو فروغ دیتا ہے۔

مزید بر آل، کمپنی نے ایک متحرک کاروباری اپورٹل کے تعارف کے ذریعے اپنے مار کیٹنگ ایجنٹوں اوراسٹیک ہولڈرز کو بااختیار بنانے کوتر چچ دی ہے۔ یہ انٹر ایکٹوپلیٹ فارم جامع کاروباری موازنہ کی سہولت فراہم کر تاہے، بہتری اور مواقع کے شعبوں کورو ثن کرنے کے لیے تاریخی اعداد و شار کافائدہ اٹھا تا ہے۔انفرادی پالیبیوں تک پھیلی ہوئی باریک بصیرت ہے لیس، ایگزیکٹوز کوباخبر فیصلے کرنے کااختیار حاصل ہے جوپائیدار ترقی اور کار کر د گی کو آ گے بڑھاتے ہیں۔

صار فیمن کے اطمینان کوبر قرار رکھنے میں شکایات کے موثر انتظام کے اہم کر دار کو تسلیم کرتے ہوئے، کمپنی نے ایک ای-شکایت پورٹل شروع کیاہے۔ بیرصارف دوست پلیٹ فارم کلا نمٹش کو فوری اور موثر حل کو نیٹی بناتے ہوئے تمام مطلوبه محکموں میں ہموار انضام کے ساتھ بغیر کسی ر کاوٹ کے شکایات جمع کرنے اور ان پر نظر رکھنے کا اختیار دیتا ہے۔

مزید بر آل، کمپنی نے ہیلتھ کارپوریٹس اور افراد کی مفر د ضروریات کے مطابق مخصوص پور ٹلز کو شامل کرنے کے لیے اپنے سروں پورٹ فولیومیں توسیعی کی ہے۔ یہ مخصوص پلیٹ فارم خصوصیات کا ایک جامع مجموعہ بیش کرتے ہیں، جو صار فین کو پالیسی کی تفصیات تک رسائی حاصل کرنے اور انتہائی سہولت اور کار کر دگی کے ساتھ دعومے جمع کرنے کے قابل بناتے ہیں۔

STATEMENT ON RISK

MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of askari general insurance company limited (Company) recognizes the importance of maintaining a good system of risk management and internal controls to safeguard investment of shareholders and assets of the Company. The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the Company's system of risk management and internal controls, identifying principal risks and establishing an appropriate control environment and framework to manage risks and evaluating the Company's operational effectiveness and efficiency.

The Board has thoroughly reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of risk management and internal controls of the Company. It acknowledges the fact that owing to inherent limitations, the systems for this purpose can only manage rather than eliminate risk of business failure. Therefore, these systems cannot provide absolute assurance against material misstatements or losses and the effectiveness of an internal control system may vary over time.

SYSTEM OF RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board also acknowledges that all areas of the Company's activities involve some degree of risks and appreciates that effective risk management is part of best business management practices aimed at successfully

achieving the Company's goals and objectives. Operationally, the respective key management staff is responsible for managing the risks of their departments. Any significant risks facing the Company are highlighted at appropriate level of hierarchy to ensure such risks are closely monitored and appropriately addressed. The abovementioned practices culminate into an ongoing process used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks that affect the achievement of the Company's goals & objectives.



SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROLS

The key measures implemented in the Company are as follows:-

- A well-defined organizational structure with well-defined responsibility matrix that sets out the authority delegated to the members of management;
- Documented policies and procedures for all significant processes;
- A management reporting system to facilitate the collection,

- processing, monitoring and dissemination of critical information for management review and decision;
- Performance reports such as quarterly financial reviews, business development and other corporate matters are regularly provided to the Directors for discussion and deliberations at meetings of the Board;
- Review of quarterly and annual financial results by the Audit
- Regular meetings by the management team to discuss and review reports for business development and to resolve key operations and managements issues; and
- Reviewing adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal control, with the assistance of the internal audit function.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Company has an in-house internal audit function that constantly reviews the adequacy and integrity of the internal control systems of the Company.

The functions of the internal audit are as follows:-

- Perform audit work in accordance with the pre-approved internal audit plan;
- Carry out review of the system of internal controls of the Company;
- Review and comment on the effectiveness and adequacy of the existing control policies and procedures;

- iv. Provide recommendations, if any, for the improvement of the control policies and procedures; and
- Review and comment on the implementation status of the recommendations by the internal audit function.

The internal audit function reports directly to the Audit Committee. The internal audit reports are submitted to the Audit Committee who reviews and deliberates on the findings before making the necessary recommendations to the Board to strengthen its system of internal control and policies.

CONCLUSION

The Board has utmost assurance that the Company's risk management and internal control systems are operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the risk management and internal control system of the Company.

The Board reiterates its commitment towards operating a sound system of internal controls and effective risk management practices throughout the Company. It is the view of the Board that the system of internal controls is adequate, considering the size of the Company's operations and functions; and that there was no breakdown or weaknesses in the system of internal control that may have resulted in a significant loss to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Board will remain vigilant and continue implementing the necessary measures to improve and strengthen the Company's system of risk management and internal controls to adapt to the ever changing and challenging business environment.

رسك مينجنث اينڈ انٹرنل كنٹرول سے متعلق بيان

بورڈ کی ذمہداریاں

عسکری جنرل انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹر (کمپنی) کا بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرز ("دی بورڈ") کمپنی کے اثاثوں اور جھے داروں کی سر مابیکاری کومحفوظ کرنے کے لئے "رسک مینجمنٹ اینڈ انٹڑل کنٹرول" کے اچھے نظام کو برقر ارر کھنے کی اہمیت کوتسلیم کرتا ہے ۔ بورڈ ، بڑے خدشات کی پہچان کرتے ہوئے نیز خدشات کو قابوکرنے ، کمپنی کے آ پریشنل اثر ورسوخ اور کارکردگی کا اندازه کرنے اور مناسب کنٹرول والا ماحول کا انتظامی ڈھانچہ بناتے ہوئے ، کمپنی کے "رسک مینجمنٹ اینڈ انٹرل کنٹرول" کی شناخت اور موز ونیت کومڈ نظرر کھنے کے لئے اپنی مجموعی ذمہ داری کوشلیم کرنے کااعتراف کرتاہے۔

بورڈ نے کمپنی کے "رسک مینجمنٹ اینڈ انٹزل کنٹرول " کے نظام کی موزونیت اور مؤثریت کا اچھی طرح ہے جائزه لیاہے۔ بورڈ اس حقیقت کا اعتراف کرتاہے کہ معتدل حدود کی وجہ ہے،اس مقصد کے نظام، کاروباری نا کا می کے خطرے کوختم کرنے کے بجائے صرف اسے منظم کر سکتے ہیں۔لہذا، پدنظام مواد کی ملطی بیانیوں یا نقصانات کےخلاف مطمئن یقین دہانی نہیں فراہم کرسکتا اورایک اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام کی تاثیروقاً فو قتاً

رسك مينجمنث كانظام

بورڈ بہجمی اعتراف کرتاہے کہ کمپنی کی سرگرمیوں کے تمام شعبہ جات میں کسی حد تک خدشہ شامل ہوتا ہے اور بورڈ بہتعریف کرتا ہے کہ وکو ثر رسک مینجمنٹ بہترین کاروباری مینجنٹ کے طریقوں کا حصہ ہے جن کا مقصد کمپنی کے اغراض ومقاصد کو کامیابی سے حاصل کرنا ہے عملی طور پر،متعلقہ کلیدی مینجنٹ اسٹاف اینے اپنے شعبہ جات کے خدشات کا انتظام کرنے کا خود ذمہ دار ہے۔ کمپنی کو رہیش کسی بھی اہم خطرے کے متعلق تنظیمی ڈھانچے کے متعلقه مناسب افرادکو باخبر کیا جائے تا کہ ان خدشات کی قریب سے نگرانی کی جائے اور مناسب طریقے سے ان کوحل کیا جائے ۔مندرجہ بالاطریقوں کا استعال اس جاری عمل میں مفید ہے جومک ایسے نمایاں خدشات کی شاخت کرنے ،ان کی تشخیص کرنے اوران کو قابو کرنے کے لیے استعال ہوتا ہے جو خدشات کمپنیوں کے اہداف اور مقاصد کی کامیا بی کومتاثر کرتے ہیں۔

داخلى كنثرول كانظام

تمپنی میں لا گواہم اقد امات مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:-

- » بالكل واضح فرمدداري بيان كرنے والے ميٹر كس كے ساتھ ايك بالكل واضح تنظيمي ڈھانچ جومينجمنٹ كے اراكين كوتفويض كرده اختيار مقرر كرتا ہے؛
 - » تمام اہم عمل کاریوں کے لئے دستاویزی پالیسیاں اور طریقہ کار؛
- » انظامی جائزے اور فیملے کے لئے اہم تقیدی معلومات کوجمع کرنا، اس کی پروسینگ کرنا، اس کی تگرانی کرنااوراس کو پھیلانے کے مل کوہل بنانے کے لیے مینجنٹ رپورٹنگ سٹم
- » کارکردگی کی رپورٹیں جیسا کہ سہ ماہی مالیاتی جائزے، کاروباری ترقی اور دیگر کارپوریٹ سے متعلقہ معاملات بورڈ کے اجلاسوں میں بحث ومباحثه اورغور وفکر کے لیے با قاعد گی سے ڈائر یکٹرزکوفراہم کی جاتی ہیں؟ » آ ڈٹ میٹی کی طرف سے سہ ماہی اور سالانہ مالیاتی نتائج کا جائزہ؛

- » رپورٹوں اور کاروباری ترتی پر تبادلہ خیال کرنے اور اہم عمل کاریوں اور انتظامی مسائل کوحل کرنے کے لئے انتظامی ٹیم کی طرف سے با قاعدہ اجلاس؛ اور » داخلی آ ڈٹ فنکشن کی مدد ہے، داخلی کنٹرول کے نظام کی موزونیت اور مؤثریت کا جائزہ لینا۔ داخلي آڻيٺ فنکشن

کمپنی کے پاس ایک داخلی آ ڈٹ فنکشن ہے جو کمپنی کی داخلی کنٹرول کے نظام کی موزونیت اورسالمیت کانشلسل سے جائزہ لیتا ہے۔

داخلی آ ڈٹ کے افعال مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:-

- يهل منظورشده داخلي آؤث منصوبه كمطابق آؤث ككام سرانجام دينا؟ تمینی کے داخلی کنٹرول کے نظام کا جائزہ لینے کی کوشش کرنا؟ موجوده كنثرول كى ياليسيول اورطريقة كاركى مؤثر اورمناسب نظر ثاني اوراس يرتبصره؛ کنٹرول پالیسیوں اور طریقہ کاروں کی بہتری کے لئے سفارشات مہیا کرنا،اگر کوئی ہے تو؛اور
 - داخلي آ دُ ف فنكشن كي سفارشات كي نفاذ كي حيثيت برنظر ثاني اورتبسره كرنا_

داخلی آؤٹ فنکشن براہِ راست آؤٹ کمیٹی کور پورٹ کرتا ہے۔ داخلی آؤٹ رپورٹ آؤٹ کمیٹی کوپیش کی جاتی ہے جو، داخلی کنٹرول اور پالیسیوں کے نظام کومضبوط کرنے کے لئے بورڈ کوضروری سفارشات کرنے سے پہلے نتائج پرنظر ثانی کرتاہے۔

بورڈ نے انتہائی یقین دہانی کی ہے کہ کمپنی کے "رسک مینجنٹ اینڈ انٹرنل کنٹرول سٹم" پر بنیا در کھتے ہوئے سمپنی کے "رسک مینجمنٹ اینڈ انٹرنل کنٹرول سسٹمز "تمام مادی پہلوؤں میںموزوں اورموثر انداز میں کام کر

بورڈ نے کمپنی بھر میں داخلی کنٹرول اور مؤثر خطرے کے انتظام کے طریقوں کی کے موثر نظام کو چلانے کے لئے اپنی عزم کا اعادہ کیا ہے ۔ کمپنی کے آپریشن اور افعال کے سائز پرغور کرتے ہوئے ، یہ بورڈ کا نقطہ نظر ہے کہ اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام مناسب ہے؛اوریہ کہ داخلی کنٹرول کے نظام میں کوئی الیی خرابی یا کمزوری نہیں تھی جوا۳ د ممبر۲۰۲۳ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے ممپنی میں اہم نقصان کا باعث بن سکتی تھی۔ بور ڈمختاط رہے گا اور تسمینی کے "رسک مینجنٹ اینڈ انٹرنل کنٹرول سٹم" کو بہتر بنانے اور مضبوط کرنے کے لیے بہھی بھی بدلنے والے اور مشکل کاروباری ماحول کے مطابق ، ضروری اقد امات برعملدر آمد جاری رکھے گا۔

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACING THE COMPANY



STRATEGIC RISKS

Strategic risks are the result of Company's strategic objectives and business strategy decisions. The Company's Board of Directors have established an Executive, Risk Management & Compliance Committee through which it actively supervises the management of these risks and creates mitigating strategies wherever required.

BUSINESS RISKS

These risks are associated with the commercial essence of an entity. Common examples are reduced market share, amendments to product-pricing regulations or other regulatory changes undermining the organization's profitability are a few examples of these risks affecting the Company.

OPERATIONAL RISKS

These include risk of adverse change in the value of capital resources resulting from operational events such as inadequacy or failure of internal systems, personnel, procedures or controls etc.

FINANCIAL RISKS

The Company's activities exposes it to a variety of financial risks. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance. The Company consistently manages its exposure to financial risk without any material change from previous year in the manner described in notes below. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing the Company's risk management policies. These risks are divided into following categories:

1. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties in various

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACING THE COMPANY

industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

Concentration of credit risk occurs when a number of counterparties have a similar type of business activities. As a result, any change in economic, political or other conditions would affect their ability to meet contractual obligations in similar manner. The management monitors and limits the Company's exposure to credit risk through monitoring of client's exposure and maintaining conservative estimates of provisions for doubtful assets, if required. The management believes it is not exposed to significant concentration of credit risk as its financial assets are adequately diversified in entities of sound financial standing, covering various industrial sectors.

The Company has diversified portfolio of investment to mitigate the risk. The major credit risk exposure relates to held to maturity investment that are placed with Government of Pakistan and a financial institution as mentioned in note 10 to the financial statements. The Company has also maintained a provision against certain certificates of investments as disclosed in note 10.5 to the financial statements.

2. MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of change in market variable such as interest / mark up rate, foreign exchange rate and equity prices. The objective is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. The market risks associated with the Company's business activities are as follows:

A). Interest / Mark up rate risk

Interest / mark-up rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest / mark up rates. The Company invests in securities and has deposits that are subject to interest / mark up rates risk. The Company limits interest / mark up rate risk by monitoring changes in interest / mark up rates in the currencies in which its cash and investments are denominated. The Company's financial liabilities are not exposed to interest / mark up rate risk.

B). Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company, at present, is not materially exposed to currency risk as majority of the transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

C). Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices (other than those arising from interest / mark up rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all or similar financial instruments traded in the market. For further details relating to Price Risk, please refer note no. 41 to the financial statements.

3. LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities. Liquidity requirements are monitored by management to ensure that adequate funds are available to meet any obligations as they arise. To guard against risk, the Company has diversified funding sources and assets are managed with liquidity in mind, maintaining a healthy balance of cash and cash equivalents and readily marketable securities.

For further information relating to Liquidity Risks facing the Company, please refer to note no. 41 to the financial statements.

Key Sources of Estimating Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management and the Board of Directors to make estimates and judgments that impact reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures of contingencies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that the management and the Board believe to be reasonable under the prevailing conditions. The results of these estimates and assumptions form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The key areas of estimating uncertainty, which may have a significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements, are discussed below:

Provision for unearned premiums

The unearned premium reserve is the unexpired portion of the premium which relates to business in force at the balance sheet date. Calculation of unearned premiums is performed by applying 1/365 method as specified in the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017.

Premium deficiency reserve (liability adequacy test)

The Company maintains a provision in respect of premium deficiency for the class of business where the unearned premium liability is inadequate to meet the expected future liability, after reinsurance, from claims and other supplementary expenses expected to be incurred after the balance sheet date in respect of the unexpired policies in that class of business at the balance sheet date. The movement in the premium deficiency reserve is recorded as an expense in profit and loss account for the year, if any.

Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)

A liability for outstanding claims (including IBNR) is recognized in respect of all claims incurred up to the balance sheet date that is measured at the undiscounted value of expected future payments. An actuary carries out the valuation of IBNR claims based on guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Employees' retirement benefits

The Company operates defined benefit pension fund and defined benefit gratuity fund for its employees. The accounting of these benefits is performed in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 19 - Employee Benefits.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax asset or liability is recognized using the balance sheet liability method for all temporary differences between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for financial reporting and taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax recognized is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted at the balance sheet date.

Impairment in value of investments

All impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account. Provisions for impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Changes in the provisions are recognized as income or expense in the profit and loss account.

Investment properties

Investment Property is accounted for under cost model in accordance with approved International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, "Investment Property" and S.R.O. 938 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. Valuation of investment properties are also carried out by independent valuers having relevant professional qualifications.

Useful lives of fixed assets

The assets' residual values, useful lives and method for depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Premium due but unpaid and Amounts due from other insurers/reinsurers

The Company reviews its premium due but unpaid and amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers portfolio to assess their recoverability and provision required there-against. While assessing this requirement, various factors including the delinquency and financial position of the counter party are considered.

داری کو بورا کرنے کے لئے مناسب فنڈ زموجود میں ۔خطرے سے بیخنے کے لئے ، کمپنی نے لیکویڈیٹی ڈین میں ر کھنے کے ساتھ نقذ، نقذ مساوات اور مار کیٹنگ سیکیو ریٹیز کے صحت مند توازن کو برقر ار رکھتے ہوئے فنڈنگ وسائل اورا ثاثہ جات کومختلف جگہوں پر لگایا ہے۔

کمپنی کو در پیش لیکویڈیٹی خطرات ہے متعلق مزید معلومات کے لئے ، براہ کرم نوٹ نمبر 41 کی طرف رہنمائی

غیریقینی صورتحال کا تخمینه کرنے کے اہم ذرائع

مالی بیانات کی تیاری کے لیے اس چیز کی ضرورت ہوتی ہے کہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزایسے تخمینے اور فیصلے کرے جو کہ اثاثہ جات، واجبات، آمد نیوں اور اخراجات اور متعلقہ افواہوں کے بارے میں اطلاع کی مقدار پر اثر انداز ہوں تخمینہ جات اور منسلک مفروضات تاریخی تجربے اور دیگر متعدد عوامل پرمنی ہیں جن کے بارے میں انتظامیہاور اورڈ کا بیدخیال ہے کہ بیموجودہ حالات کے تحت مناسب ہیں۔ اِن تخمینوں اورمفروضوں کے نتائج اُن ا ٹا ثوں اور واجبات کے اقدار کے بارے میں فیصلہ کرنے کے لئے بنیاد بناتے ہیں جو کہ دوسرے ذرائع سے آسانی سے ظاہر نہیں ہوتے ہیں مختلف نتائج یا حالات کے تحت اصل نتائج ان تخمینوں سے مختلف ہو سکتے ہیں۔غیر نینی تخینہ کی اہم وجوہات،جس کا مالی بیانات میں تسلیم کردہ مقداروں پرایک اہم اثر ہوسکتا ہے، کے بارے میں ذیل میں تباولہ خیال کیا گیاہے:

غیرموصول شدہ پریمیم کے لئے فراہمی

غیر موصول شدہ پریمیم ریز رو، بیلنس شیٹ ڈیٹ میں مذکور کاروبار سے متعلق پریمیم کاغیر متوقع حصہ ہے۔ "انشورنس اکاؤنٹنگ ریگولیشنز، ۱/۲۰۱۰ میں بیان کردہ طریقہ کارے ۱/۴۲ ویں جھے کو لا گو کرنے ہے غیرموصول کردہ پریمیموں کا حساب لگایاجا تاہے۔

يريميم كى كمى والى آمدن (واجبات جانجيخ كالميك)

کمپنی، کاروبار کی کلاس کے لئے پریمیم کی کی کےسلسلے میں شرط کو برقر ارزکھتی ہے جہاں، مکرر بیمہ کاری کے بعد، مستقبل کے متوقع واجبات کو پورا کرنے کے لئے غیرموصول پریمیم واجبات نا قابل اعتاد ہے ، ایسے دعویٰ جات اور دیگراضافی اخراجات میں ہے جن کے بارے میں بیتو قع ہے کہ پیلنس شیٹ ڈیٹ میں کاروبار کی اس کلاس میں غیرمتوقع پالیسی کے حوالے سے بیلنس شیٹ ڈیٹ کے بعد خرج ہوں گے۔ پریمیم کی کی آمدن میں تحریک، بوقتِ ضرورت،سال کے لئے منافع اور نقصان کے اکاؤنٹ میں خرچ کے طور پر ریکارڈ کی گئی ہے۔

بقایا جاتی رقوم کے دعویٰ کے لئے شرط (IBNRسمیت)

بقایا جاتی رقوم کے دعویٰ (بشمول آئی بی این آر) کی ذمہ داری ان تمام دعووں کے سلسلے میں تسلیم کی جاتی ہے جو اس بیلنس شیٹ ڈیٹ تک خرچ ہوئے جس کی متوقع مستقبل کی ادائیگیوں کے غیررعایتی اقدار تک پاکش ہوئی۔ آئی بی این آ ر کے اُن دعو کی جات کی تشخیص عمل میں لائی گئی جو دعو کی جات اُن ہدایات پر مبنی تھے جو "سیکورٹیزاینڈ ایکھینج کمیشن آف یا کتان" نے جاری کیں۔

ملازمین کے ریٹائر منٹ فوائد

کمپنی اینے ملازموں کے لئے مقررہ بنی فٹ پنشن فنڈ اور مقررہ بنی فٹ گریجوئی فنڈ چلاتی ہے۔ان فوائد کی ا کا وَمْنْنَگ" بین الاقوا می ا کا وَمُنْنَگ سٹینڈرڈ (آئی اےالیں) 19 – ملاز مین فوائد " کےمطابق کی جاتی ہے۔

معطل ٹیکس

مالیاتی ر پورنگ اورٹیکس کےمقاصد کے لئے ا ثاثوں اور واجبات کی منسوب کر دہ رقوم کے درمیان تمام عارضی اختلافات کے لئے بیلنس شیٹ واجبات کا طریقہ استعال کرتے ہوئے معطل ٹیکس ا ثاثہ یا واجبات کو تسلیم کیا جاتا ہے۔ شناخت شدہ معطل ٹیکس کی رقم کی بنیاد، بیلنس شیٹ ڈیٹ میں نافذ کردہ ٹیکس کی شرح کا استعال کرتے ہوئے،ا ثاثوں اور واجبات کی رقم کی وصولی یا تصفیہ کے متوقع طریقہ کار پرہے۔

سرمایه کاری کی قیمت میں نقصان

منافع اورنقصان کے اکا وَنٹ میں تمام نقصانات کوتشلیم کیا جاتا ہے۔ ہربیلنس شیٹ ڈیٹ میں نقصان کی شرائط کا جائزہ لیا جاتا ہے اور موجودہ بہترین تخمینوں کی عکاسی کرنے کے لئے اسے ایڈ جسٹ کیا جاتا ہے۔ شرالط میں تبدیلی کومنافع اورنقصان کے اکا ؤنٹ میں آمدنی یا اخراج کےطور پرتسلیم کیا جاتا ہے۔

سر مارہ کاری کی جائنداد

سر ما بد کاری کی جائیداد کو، سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایمیچنج کمیشن آف یا کستان کی طرف سے جاری کردہ S.R.O 938 ، " سر ما بیکاری برابر ٹی" اورمنظور شدہ بین الاقوامی ا کاؤنٹنگ سٹینڈر ڈ (آئی اے ایس) ۴۶ کے مطابق لاگت ماڈل کے تحت شار کیا جاتا ہے ۔سر مار پر کاری پر ایر ٹی کی تشخیص بھی خود مختار قابل قدرا شخاص کی طرف سے کی جاتے ہیں جومتعلقہ پیشہورانداہلیت رکھتے ہوں۔

فكسدرا ثانون كامفيدبقاء

ا ثاثے کے باتی رہنے والے اقد ار مفید بقاء اور استحصال کے طریقہ کار کی ہر مالی سال کے اختتا م پرنظر ثانی کی جاتی ہیں اورا گرقیمتوں میں اضافہ بہت نمایاں ہوتو انہیں ایڈ جسٹ کیا جاتا ہے۔

پریمیم واجبات لیکن دیگر بیمه کاروں/ مکرر ذمه نویسوں کی طرف سے غیرا دا شدہ اور قابل ادارقوم

سمپنی اینے اُن پریمیم واجبات جو کہ ابھی تک بیمہ کاروں/مکرر ذ مہنویسوں کے پورٹ فولیو کی طرف سے غیرادا شدہ اور قابلِ ادا ہیں، ان کا جائزہ لیتی ہے تا کہ ان کی بحالی اور مطلوبہ فراہمی کے لئے رسائی حاصل کرے۔ اس تقاضے کا ندازہ کرتے ہوئے،ہم منصب پارٹی کی لاقانونیت اور مالی پوزیش سمیت کئی عوامل شامل ہیں۔

تشمینی کو در پیش برا بے خطرات اور غیریقینی صورتحال

اسٹر پنجگ رسک

اسٹر پیجگ رسک سپنی کے اسٹر پیجگ مقاصداور کاروباری حکمتِ عملی کے فیصلے کا نتیجہ ہیں کیپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر مکٹرز نے ایک "ایگزیکٹو، رسک مینجنٹ اینڈ کمپلائنس سمیٹی" قائم کردی ہے جس کے ذریعہ سیمپنی ان خطرات کے انتظام کی مؤثر طریقے ہے تگرانی کرتی ہے اور جہال بھی ضروری ہوسیکپنی ان خطرات کو کم کرنے کے لیے حکمت عملی بناتی ہے۔

كاروباري رسك

یہ خطرات کسی ادارے کے تنجارتی جزو سے نسلک ہوتے ہیں۔ کمپنی کو متاثر کرنے والے ان خطرات کی چند مثالوں میں مارکیٹ شیئر کی کمی، مصنوعات کی قیبتوں کا تعین کرنے والے قواعد وضوابط میں ترمیم یا کمپنی کے منافع کو کم کرنے والی دیگرریگولیٹری تبدیلیاں بہت عام مثالیس ہیں۔

آ پریشنل رسک

ان میں آپیشنل واقعات کے منتج میں کپیل وسائل کی قدر میں منفی تبدیلی کا خطرہ شامل ہوتا ہے جیسا کہ اندرونی نظام،اہاکارحضرات،طریقہ کاریا کنٹرول وغیرہ کانا کافی ہونایاان چیزوں کی نا کامی۔

مالياتی رسک

کینی کی سرگرمیاں مختلف مالیاتی خطرات سے نمٹنے کے لئے ظہور میں آتی ہیں۔ کینی کا مجموعی رسک مینجنٹ پروگرام مالیاتی ماریکٹوں کی غیرمتوقع صلاحیت پرتوجہ مرکوز کرتا ہے اور مالی کارکر دگی پر مکنٹ فی اثر ات کو کم کرنے کی کوشش کرتا ہے۔ کمپنی درج ذیل اہم ملاحظات میں بیان کردہ طریقہ سے پچھلے سال کی نسبت اس سال بھی کسی چیز کی تبدیلی کے بغیر مالیاتی خطرے کے ظہور کا تسلسل سے انتظام کررہی ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیگرز پر کمپنی کے رسک مینجنٹ فریم ورک کے قیام اور اس کی گھرانی کی مجموعی فرمدداری ہے۔ کمپنی کی رسک مینجنٹ پالیسیوں کی بہتری کے لئے بھی بورڈ ہی ذمہدارہے۔ یہ خطرات مندرجہ ذیل اقسام میں تقسیم کیے گئے ہیں:

كريدك رسك (قرض كاخطره)

کریڈٹ رسک الیا خطرہ ہے جو اس امکان سے پیدا ہوتا ہے کہ ایک مالی آلہ پرایک پارٹی اپنی ذمہ داری کو ہٹانے میں ناکام ہوجائے اور دوسری پارٹی کو مالی نقصان پہنچا دے ۔ کمپنی، مختلف صنعتوں میں بہت ہی ہم منصب پارٹیوں کے ساتھ لین دین کا آغاز کرتے ہوئے اور ہم منصب پارٹیوں کے کریڈٹ کی اہلیت کا جائزہ لیتے ہوئے کریڈٹ رسک کنٹرول کرنے کی کوشش کرتی ہے۔
لیتے ہوئے کریڈٹ رسک کا ارتکاز اس وقت ہوتا ہے جب کئی ہم منصب پارٹیاں ایک ہی قتم کی کا روباری سرگر میاں کرتی ہیں۔ اس کے نتیج میں، معاشی، سیاسی یا دیگر حالات میں کوئی بھی تبدیلی اس طریقے سے ان کے معاہد کو پورا کرنے کی صلاحیت پر اثر انداز ہوگی۔ بینجمنٹ، اگر ضرورت پڑنے تو کلائٹ کی پوشیدہ حقیقت کی نگر انی اور پورا کرنے کی صلاحیت پر اثر انداز ہوگی۔ بینجمنٹ، اگر ضرورت پڑنے تو کلائٹ کی پوشیدہ حقیقت کی نگر انی اور پڑنے سے روئی ہے اس خطرے کو کم کردیتی ہے ۔ مینجمنٹ کا خیال ہے کہ کریڈٹ رسک پر بہت زیادہ توجہ مرکوز کرنے کی ضرورت نہیں ہے کیونکہ کمپنی کے مالی اثاثہ جات مالیاتی کی ظ سے مضبوط اداروں میں ہے جو مرکوز کرنے کی ضرورت نہیں ہے کیونکہ کمپنی کے مالی اثاثہ جات مالیاتی کی ظ سے مضبوط اداروں میں ہے جو اداروں میں۔ جو ادار شخلا سے مضبوط اداروں میں۔ جو ادار شخلے مناز کرنے کی ضرورت نہیں ہے کیونکہ کمپنی کے مالی اثاثہ جات مالیاتی کی ظ سے مضبوط اداروں میں۔ جو اداروں میں۔

خطرے کو کم کرنے کے لئے کمپنی کے پاس سرمایدکاری کا ایک متنوع پورٹ فولیو ہے۔ اہم کریڈٹ رسک کے واقع ہونے کا تعلق اس میچورٹی سرمایدکاری کے ساتھ رکھی واقع ہونے کا تعلق اس میچورٹی سرمایدکاری کے بعض سرٹیفکیٹ جاتی ہے جیسا کہ مالیاتی بیانات کے ملاحظ نمبر 10.5 میں انکشاف کیا ہے۔ کے خلاف ایک شق بھی برقر اررکھی ہے جیسا کہ مالیاتی بیانات کے ملاحظ نمبر 10.5 میں انکشاف کیا ہے۔

ماركيٹ رسک

مارکیٹ رسک ایسا خطرہ ہے کہ جس میں مارکیٹ کے متغیرات جیسا کہ سود/منافع کی شرح، غیرملکی کرنسی کی شرح اورا یکوئن کی قیتوں وغیرہ میں تبدیلی کے متغیرات جیسا کل کی منصفانہ قیمت یا مستقبل کے نقد بہاؤ میں کمی بیشتی ہوجائے گی۔اصل مقصد قابلی قبول پیرا میٹرز کے اندر رہتے ہوئے مارکیٹ رسک سے تمثینے کا انتظام کرنا اوراسے کنٹرول کرنا ہے، جبکہ والیسی کو بہتر بنانا مقصود ہو کیپنی کی کاروباری سرگرمیوں کے ساتھ منسلک مارکیٹ رسک مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

اے) سود/منافع کی شرح کارسک

سود/منافع کی شرح کارسک ایسا خطرہ ہے کہ جس میں مارکیٹ سود/منافع کی شرح میں تبدیلی کے بنتیج میں مالی وسائل کی منصفانہ قیمت یا سنتقبل کے نفتہ بہاؤمیں کی بیشی ہوجائے گی۔ کمپنی سکیو رشیز میں سر ماریکاری کرتا ہے اور اس کے پاس رقوم ہیں جس میں سود/منافع کی شرح کارسک موجود ہے۔ کمپنی اس کرنی میں کمپنی کے نفتہ شرح میں تبدیلی کو مد نظر رکھتے ہوئے سود/منافع کی شرح کے رسک کو محدود کرتی ہے جس کرنی میں کمپنی کے نفتہ رقوم اور سرما بیکاری کی نشان زدگی گئی ہوتی ہے۔

بی) غیرمکی کرنسی رسک

غیر ملکی کرنسی رسک ایسا خطرہ ہے جس میں غیر ملکی کرنسی کی شرح میں تبدیلیوں کی وجہ سے مالی وسائل کی منصفانہ قیمت یا مستقبل کے نقد بہاؤ میں تبدیلی آ جائے گی۔اس وقت کمپنی مادی طور پر کرنسی رسک میں مبتلانہیں ہے کیونکہ زیادہ ترکین دین پاکستانی روپوں میں کیاجا تاہے۔

سی) قیمتوں کارسک

قیتوں کا رسک ایبا خطرہ ہے کہ جس میں مارکیٹ کی قیتوں) سود/ منافع کی شرح کے رسک یا کرنی رسک کے علاوہ (میں تبدیلی کی وجہ سے مالیاتی وسائل کی منصفانہ قیت میں کی بیشی واقع ہوگی، چاہان تبدیلیوں کی وجہ انفرادی مالیاتی وسائل یااس کے اجراء کنندہ کے ساتھ مخصوص عوامل ہوں، یا مارکیٹ میں تجارت کیے جانے والے تمام یا ایک چیسے مالیاتی وسائل پراثر انداز ہونے والے عوامل ہوں۔ قیتوں کے رسک سے متعلق مزید تفصیلات کے لئے، براہ کرم نوٹ نمبر 41 کی طرف رہنمائی کریں۔

ليكويدي رسك (مائع جاتى خطرات)

لیویڈیٹی رسک ایسا خطرہ ہے جس میں کمپنی اپنے پر لاگوہونے والے مالی واجبات کو پورا کرنے میں کامیاب نہیں ہو سکے گی۔متوقع لیکویڈیٹی رسک مینجنٹ کا مطلب مناسب نقذرقم اور مارکیٹنگ سیکیورٹیز کو برقر اررکھنا ہے۔انتظامیہ کیکویڈیٹی کی کی ضروریات کی تگرانی کرتی ہے تا کہ اس بات کویٹنی نبایا جاسکے کہ کی بھی درمیش ذمہ

BOARD COMMITTEES

The company has six committees at the board level. These committees meet on quarterly basis to review the company's performance, which strengthens its governance framework.

The terms of reference and composition of these committees are given below:

Executive, Risk Management and Compliance Committee

The terms of reference of this committee include the following:

- a. Oversee the activities of the risk management function / department.
- Monitoring the compliance function and the insurer's risk profile in respect of compliance with the laws applicable to it as well as the internal policies and procedures.
- c. Supervise and monitor matters reported using the insurer's whistle blowing or other confidential mechanisms for employees and others to report compliance concerns or potential breaches, violations, or frauds.
- d. Approve all investments over Rs. 10 million and review progress of investments.
- e. Review yearly budget and recommend its approval to the Board.
- f. Review monthly performance of the Company.
- g. Review and approve claim payments over Rs. 1 million.
- h. Review legal suits filed by or against the Company.
- Consider any other matter related to the performance and operations of the Company.

The Committee comprises of four members, including the Chairman of this committee, three of whom are non-executive directors. Following is the composition of this committee:

Name	Status in Committee
Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)	Chairman
Rizwan Ullah Khan	Member
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)	Member
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Member

Audit Committee

The terms of reference of this committee include the following:

- determination of appropriate measures to safeguard the Company's assets;
- review of quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements of

the Company, prior to their approval by the Board of Directors, focusing on:

- major judgmental areas;
- o significant adjustments resulting from the audit;
- o the going concern assumption;
- o any changes in accounting policies and practices;
- o compliance with applicable accounting standards;
- compliance with listing regulations and other statutory and regulatory requirements; and
- o significant related party transactions.
- review of preliminary announcements of results prior to publication;
- facilitating the external audit and discussion with external auditors of major observations arising from interim and final audits and any matter that the auditors may wish to highlight (in the absence of management, where necessary);
- review of management letter issued by external auditors and management's response thereto;
- ensuring coordination between the internal and external auditors of the Company;
- review of the scope and extent of internal audit and ensuring that the internal audit function has adequate resources and is appropriately placed within the Company;
- consideration of major findings of internal investigations and management's response thereto;
- ascertaining that the internal control systems including financial and operational controls, accounting systems and the reporting structure are adequate and effective;
- review of the Company's statement on internal control systems prior to endorsement by the Board of Directors;
- determination of compliance with relevant statutory requirements;
- monitoring compliance with the best practices of corporate governance and identification of significant violations thereof; and
- consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the Board of Directors.

The Committee comprises of three members, including the

Chairman of this committee, all of whom are non-executive directors. Following is the composition of this committee:

Name	Status in Committee
Mr. M. Munir Malik	Chairman
Mr. Malik Riffat Mehmood	Member
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)	Member

Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

The terms of reference of this committee include the following:

- a. recommending human resource management policies to the board;
- b. recommending to the board the selection, evaluation, compensation (including retirement benefits) and succession planning of the CEO;
- c, recommending to the board the selection, evaluation, compensation (including retirement benefits) of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit; and
- d. consideration and approval on recommendations of CEO on such matters for key management positions who report directly
- e. proposing a remuneration approach and related policies for the insurer covering the remuneration policy, remuneration governance and structure (including approval policy for the level and composition of compensation), and the components of compensation (such as the amount of fixed remuneration, shares or options, other variable remuneration, pension rights, redundancy pay and other forms of compensation and benefits, as well as the performance criteria and their application);
- f. reviewing and making recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding the specific remuneration of the Board members, the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, Compliance Officer and Head of Internal Audit.

The committee comprises of three members including the Chairman of this Committee, out of which one is independent, and one is a non-executive director. Following is the composition of this committee:

Name	Status in Committee
Mr. Imran Iqbal	Chairman
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)	Member
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Member

Furthermore, the Company has three sub-committees of the Board, which cover the core areas of business. These committees meet on regular basis and are headed by non-executive directors. The functions and composition of the committees are given below:

Underwriting, Reinsurance & Coinsurance Committee

The Underwriting, Reinsurance & Coinsurance Committee formulates the under writing policy of the Company. It sets out the criteria for assessing various types of insurance risks and determines the premium policy of different insurance covers. It regularly reviews the underwriting and premium policies of the Company with due regard to relevant factors such as business portfolio and the market development.

This committee also ensures that adequate reinsurance arrangements are made for the Company. It peruses the proposed reinsurances arrangements prior to their execution, reviews the arrangements from time to time and subject to the consent of the participating reinsures, makes appropriate adjustments to those arrangements in the light of the market development. It also assesses the effectiveness of the reinsurance program for the future reference

Following is the composition of this committee:

Name of Member	Status in Committee
Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)	Chairman
Mr. Zaheer Abbas	Member
Mr. Shahzad Ameer	Member
Mr. Shahzad Munir	Member

Claims Settlement Committee

This committee devises the claims settling policy of the Company. It oversees the claims position of the Company and ensures that adequate claims reserves are made. It pays particular attention to significant claims cases or events, which give rise to a series of claims. The Claims Settlement Committee determines the

BOARD **COMMITTEES**

circumstances under which the claims disputes be brought to its attention and decide how to deal with such claim's disputes. It also oversees the implementation of the measures for combating fraudulent claims cases.

Following is the composition of this committee:

Name	Status in Committee
Mr. Malik Riffat Mehmood	Chairman
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Member
Mr. M. Qasim	Member
Mr. Nadeem Ahmad	Member

Investment Committee

The Investment Committee is responsible for framing the investment policy for the Company and ensuring that the overall investment portfolio is managed in line with the approved investment policy. The functions of the committee are outlined below:

- Reviewing overall investment portfolio and investments and encashments made during the period under consideration;
- Reviewing the investment income generated in comparison with budgeted targets during the period under consideration;
- Reviewing and recommending the annual investment budget for the Board's approval;

- Assessing the macroeconomic and microeconomic factors for the foreseeable future and to issue guidance for further investments/disinvestments, restructuring of investment portfolio and reallocation of funds etc. so as to make timely decisions to maximize profits (or reduce possible losses), within the parameters of prudent and sound investment operations;
- Assessing the performance benchmarks for the investment portfolio;
- To ensure that the investment decisions are in synchronization with overall business strategy and investment policy of the Company; and
- · To recommend changes in the investment policy guidelines, as and when considered necessary, to the Board of Directors.

Following is the composition of this committee:

Name	Status in Committee
Mr. Malik Riffat Mehmood	Chairman
Mr. M. Munir Malik	Member
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Member
Mr. Suleman Khalid	Member
Mr. Shahid Qayyum	Member



As we reflect on the challenges of 2023, both our company and our nation have weathered significant headwinds. Fiscal and governance issues, compounded by domestic and international foctors, continue to shape our landscape.

In the automotive sector, we witnessed a sharp 70% decline in new vehicle sales, driven by soaring prices and currency depreciation. The broader impact on imported items has intensified, further straining availability and pricing across markets.

Despite these challenges, the insurance sector has been pivotal in fostering growth, particularly in vehicle tracking. However, high interest rates and regulatory constraints on bank financing have posed obstacles. Nonetheless, we have adapted by expanding our presence in the commercial sector like Transportation, Oil & Gas Motorways, Waste Management ,Logistics and Distribution.

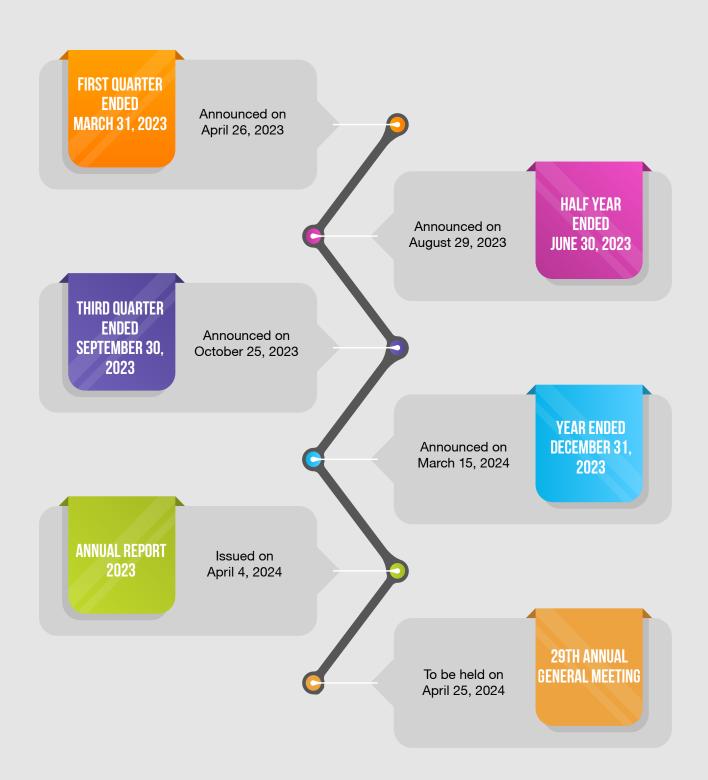
Our foray into innovative ventures, such as remote medical devices, encountered hurdles due to foreign exchange fluctuations. However, we remain committed to diversification and growth, exploring opportunities like Business process outsourcing (BPO) to enhance revenue streams.

Amidst contraints, we prioritize human capital, recognizing that our success heahes on our dedicated team. We extend hearfelt appreciation to our customers for their trust team for their unwavering dedication. Special thanks to our Board of Directors for their incaluable guidance.

As we navigate uncertainties, we remain steadfast in our commitment to excellence, innovation, and resilience.

Jamshed Khan Jadoon CFO-ASKTECH PVT LTD

FINANCIAL CALENDAR





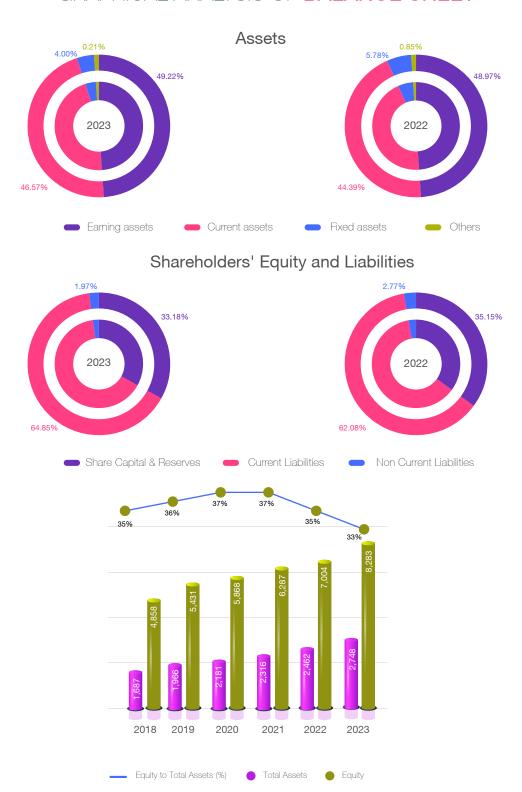
FINANCIAL **ANALYSIS**

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PERFORMANCE AT A GLANCE

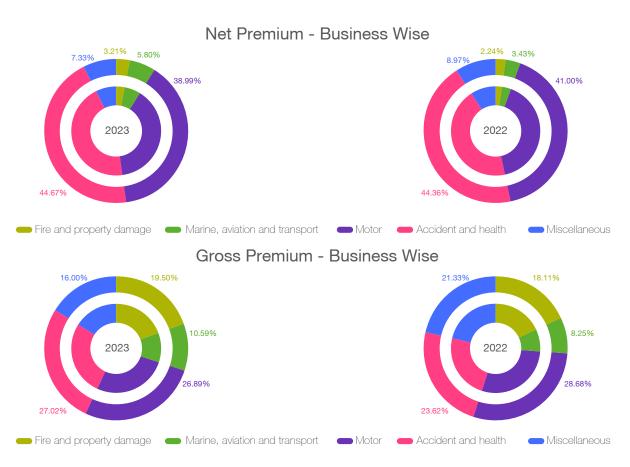
GRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF **BALANCE SHEET**



PERFORMANCE AT A GLANCE



GRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF PROFIT & LOSS



PERFORMANCE AT A GLANCE









STATEMENT OF **VALUE ADDED**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022
	Rupees in tho	usand
Wealth Generated		
Net Premium Revenue	2,851,209	2,427,948
Commission from reinsurer	370,469	320,710
Investment income and profit on bank deposits	507,120	293,621
Rental income	6,472	5,99 ⁻
Other income	14,826	27,379
Gain on Takaful	104,504	61,369
	3,854,600	3,137,017
Less:		
Claims, commission and expenses (excluding employees		
remuneration, depreciation and other taxes)	2,348,302	1,956,129
Net wealth generated	1,506,298	1,180,888
Wealth distribution:		
Employees' remuneration	609,930	522,76 ⁻
Government taxes (includes income tax, WWF and other taxes)	339,908	193,44
Finance cost	23,307	25,60
	973,145	741,807
Distribution		
Cash Dividend	203,787	198,990
Stock Dividend	-	
	203,787	198,990
Retained in business:		
Depreciation and amortization	100,635	92,49
Earnings	228,731	147,597
	329,366	240,088
Total Wealth Distributed	1,506,298	1,180,888

VERTICAL **ANALYSIS**

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Balance Sheet	Buppees '000'	%	Bupees '000	%	Bupees '000	%	Bupees '000'	%	Bupees '000'	%	Bupees '000	%
Cash and Bank Deposits	314,999	3.80	291,610	4,16	196,392	3.12	231,797	3,95	342,237	6,30	147,175	3,03
Loans to Employees	356	0.00	342	0.0	357	0.01	222	00.00	12	0.0	324	0.01
Investments	3,726,938	44.99	3,101,836	44.29	2,775,132	44,14	2,550,902	43.47	2,216,837	40.82	1,831,910	37.74
Investment Property	35,261	0.43	36,571	0.52	37,881	09'0	39,191	0.67	40,501	0.75	41,811	0,86
Deferred Taxation	8,372	0.10	35,595	0.51	21,945	0.35	13,748	0,23	15,592	0.29	31,940	99'0
Ourrent Assets - without investments, advances and cash and bank	3,420,665	41.30	2,763,033	39,45	2,515,054	40.00	2,338,914	39.86	2,247,921	41.39	2,357,261	48.56
Fixed Assets-Tangible and Intangible	331,631	4.00	405,136	5.78	405,135	6,44	383,751	6.54	285,910	5.26	228,906	4.72
House Building Finance	3,096	0.04	3,129	0.0	4,012	90'0	2,863	0.05	2,961	0.05	12,771	0.26
Total Assets from Window Takaful Operations - Operators' Fund (OPF)	441,872	5.33	366,960	5.24	331,192	5.27	306,866	5.23	279,427	5.14	202,467	4.17
Total Assets	8,283,190	100.00	7,004,212	100.00	6,287,100	100.00	5,868,254	100.00	5,431,398	100.00	4,854,565	100.00
Share Holders' Equity	2,748,615	33.18	2,462,108	35.15	2,316,327	36,84	2,181,933	37.18	1,966,379	36.20	1,686,721	34.75
Underwriting Provisions	3,635,027	43.88	2,700,673	38,56		39,06	2,315,988	39,47	2,117,312	38'38	2,195,594	45.23
Staff Retirement Benefits	59,909	0.72	74,859	1.07	78,743	1.25	70,788	1.21	67,081	1.24	54,390	1.12
Creditors and Accruals	1,445,940	17.46	1,379,129	19,65	1,066,156	16,96	929,642	15.84	1,035,769	19.07	751,407	15.48
Finance Lease Liability	158,038	1.91	199,754	2.85	213,106	3,39	209'092	3,56	100,390	1,85	59,591	1.23
Deposits and other payables	69,164	0.83	59,062	0.84	43,137	0.69	55,819	0.95	45,610	0.84	33,604	69'0
Other Labilities	13,291	0.16	902'6	0.14	10,971	0.17	9,105	0.16	7,158	0.13	4,049	0.08
Total Liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	153,206	1.85	118,919	1.70	102,923	1.64	95,887	1.63	91,699	1.69	69,209	1,43
Total Equity and Liabilities	8,283,190	100.00	7,004,212	100.00	6,287,100	100,00	5,868,254	100,00	5,431,398	100,00	4,854,565	100,00
Profit & Loss Account												
Net Premium Revenue	2,851,209	117.43	2,427,948	100.00	2,172,782	100.00	1,860,234	100.00	2,016,249	100.00	1,811,751	100,00
Net Claims	1,794,055	73.89	1,548,190	63.77	1,377,015	63,38	1,116,735	60.03	1,250,767	62.03	1,069,485	59.03
Expenses	906,326	37.33		31,48	658,995	30,33	647,055	34.78	639,228	31.70	553,133	30.53
Net Commission	22,405	0.92	61,811	2.55	49,050	2.26	124,677	6.70	82,512	4.09	75,563	4.17
Investment Income including Rental & Bank Deposits Returns	513,592	21.15	299,612	12,34	268,815	12.37	284,130	15.27	224,875	11.15	81,824	4.52
Other Income	14,826	0.61	27,379	1.13	8,133	0.37	8,800	0.47	21,022	1.04	21,718	1.20
Finance Cost	23,307	96.0	25,605	1.05	13,385	0.62	16,982	0.91	12,356	0,61	4,297	0.24
Impairment in Value of Available for Sale Securities	1,678	0.07	34,970	1,44	'	1	'	'	-45,103	-2.24	38,711	2.14
Profit Before Window Takaful Operations and Tax	667,922	27.51	478,662	19.71	449,385	20.68	497,102	26.72	442,307	21.94	363,940	20.09
Profit / (loss) from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	104,504	4.30	61,369	2.53	54,849	2,52	62,898	3.38	67,157	3.33	26,907	3.14
Taxation - net	339,908	14.00	193,442	7.97	137,355	6.32	164,841	8.86	147,626	7.32	125,080	06'9
Profit After Tax	432,518	15.17	346,589	14.27	366,879	16.89	395,159	21.24	361,838	17.95	295,767	16.32
												1

HORIZONTAL **ANALYSIS**

			Rupees '000	000,				% increas	e / (decrease)	% increase / (decrease) over preceding year	d vear	
Balance Sheet	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Cash and Bank Deposits	314,999	291,610	196,392	231,797	342,237	147,175	8.02	48,48	(15.27)	(32.27)	132.54	(23.25)
Loans to Employees	356	342	357	222	12	324	4.22	(4.35)	60,85	1,719.67	(96.23)	(59.57)
Investments	3,726,938	3,101,836	2,775,132	2,550,902	2,216,837	1,831,910	20.15	11.77	8,79	15.07	21,01	11.50
Investment Property	35,261	36,571	37,881	39,191	40,501	41,811	(3.58)	(3.46)	(3.34)	(3.23)	(3.13)	(3.04)
Deferred Taxation	8,372	35,595	21,945	13,748	15,592	31,940	(76.48)	62.20	59,62	(11.83)	(51,18)	145,90
Current Assets - without investments, advances and cash and bank	3,420,665	2,763,033	2,515,054	2,338,914	2,247,921	2,357,261	23.80	98'6	7.53	4.05	(4.64)	(1.97)
Fixed Assets- Tangible and Intangible	331,631	405,136	405,135	383,751	285,910	228,906	(18.14)	00'0	5,57	34.22	24,90	90.12
House Building Finance	3,096	3,129	4,012	2,863	2,961	12,771	(1.05)	(22.02)	40.14	(3.30)	1	1
Total Assets from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	441,872	366,960	331,192	306,866	279,427	202,467	20.41	10.80	7.93	9,82	38.01	68.11
Total Assets	8,283,190	7,004,212	6,287,100	5,868,254	5,431,398	4,854,565	24.49	11.41	7.14	8.04	11.88	7.00
Share Holders' Equity	2,748,615	2,462,108	2,316,327	2,181,933	1,966,379	1,686,721	11.64	6.29	6.16	10.96	16,58	11,68
Underwriting Provisions	3,635,027	2,700,673	2,455,739	2,315,988	2,117,312	2,195,594	34.60	9.97	6.03	96.38	(3.57)	7.35
Staff Retirement Benefits	59,909	74,859	78,743	70,788	67,081	54,390	(19.97)	(4.93)	11,24	5,53	23,33	32.70
Creditors and Accruals	1,445,940	1,379,129	1,066,156	929,642	1,035,769	751,407	4.84	29.36	14,68	(10.25)	37,84	(2.83)
Finance Lease Liability	158,038	199,754	213,106	209'085	100,390	59,591	(20.88)	(6.27)	1.92	108.28	68,47	(6.55)
Deposits and other payables	69,164	59,062	43,137	55,818	45,610	33,604	17.10	36.92	(22.72)	22.38	35.73	(42.25)
Other Liabilities	13,291	9,708	10,971	9,105	7,158	4,049	36.91	(11.51)	20.50	27.19	76.78	76.20
Total Liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	153,206	118,919	102,923	95,887	91,699	69,209	28.83	15.54	7.34	4.57	32.50	60.61
Total Equity and Liabilities	8,283,190	7,004,212	6,287,100	5,868,253	5,431,398	4,854,565	18.26	11.41	7.14	8.04	11.88	7.00
Profit & Loss Account												
Net Premium Revenue	2,851,209	2,427,948	2,172,782	1,860,234	2,016,249	1,811,751	17.43	11.74	16,80	(7.74)	11,29	33,59
Net Claims	1,794,055	1,548,190	1,377,015	1,116,735	1,250,767	1,069,485	15.88	12.43	23,31	(10.72)	16,95	71.84
Expenses	906,326	764,292	658,995	647,055	639,228	553,133	18.58	15.98	1.85	1.22	15,56	3,14
Net Commission	22,405	61,811	49,050	124,677	82,512	75,563	(63.75)	26.02	(99'09)	51.10	9.20	60.78
Investment Income including Rental & Bank Deposits Returns	513,592	299,612	268,815	284,130	224,875	81,824	71.42	11.46	(5.39)	26.35	174.83	(16.78)
Other Income	14,826	27,379	8,133	8,800	21,022	21,718	(45.85)	236.63	(7.58)	(58.14)	(3.21)	634,47
Finance Cost	23,307	25,605	13,385	16,982	12,356	4,297	(8.98)	91,30	(21.18)	37,44	187,55	(15.01)
Impairment in Value of Available for Sale Securities	1,678	34,970	1	,	(45,103)	38,711			'	(100.00)	(216.51)	767.37
Profit Before Window Takaful Operations and Tax	667,922	478,662	449,385	497,102	442,307	363,940	39.54	6.51	(09:60)	12.39	21.53	6.81
Profit / (loss) from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	104,504	61,369	54,849	62,898	67,157	56,907	70.29	11.89	(12.80)	(6.34)	18.01	139.56
Taxation - net	339,908	193,442	137,355	164,841	147,626	125,080	75.72	40.83	(16.67)	11.66	18.03	12.88
Profit After Tax	432,518	346,589	366,879	395,159	361,838	295,767	24.79	(5.53)	(7.16)	9.21	22.34	16.59

SIX YEARS **PERFORMANCE**

Financial Position	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
			Rupees in million	illion		
Paid Up Share Capital	719,019	719,019	719,019	719,019	719,019	625,234
Retained Profits	1,805,783	1,575,852	1,425,034	1,268,728	1,055,860	887,788
Reserves	223,813	167,238	172,274	193,656	191,500	173,699
Share Holders' Equity	2,748,615	2,462,109	2,316,327	2,181,403	1,966,379	1,686,721
Underwriting Reserve	2,062,367	1,823,622	1,719,511	1,493,846	1,388,338	1,642,458
Investments	3,726,938	3,101,833	2,775,132	2,550,902	2,216,837	1,831,910
Investment Property	35,261	36,571	37,881	39,191	40,501	41,811
Fixed Assets - Tangible and Intangible	331,631	405,136	405,135	383,751	285,910	228,906
Total Assets	8,283,190	7,004,209	6,287,356	5,868,254	5,431,398	4,854,565
Market Share Price	25.00	17.00	19.00	25.05	25.00	25.90
Breakup Value Per Share	38.23	34.24	32.22	30.34	27,35	26.98
Financial Performance						
Gross Premium Written including Takaful	5,550,191	4,500,149	4,009,173	3,331,066	3,400,520	3,179,799
Net Premium Revenue	2,851,209	2,427,948	2,172,781	1,860,234	2,016,249	1,811,751
Net Claims	1,794,055	1,548,190	1,377,015	1,116,735	1,250,767	1,069,485
Underwriting Income	173,233	186,438	193,743	231,906	217,839	272,577
Management and Other Expenses	916,748	764,292	658,995	647,055	639,228	553,133
Investment and Other Income	528,418	326,990	276,974	292,962	245,897	103,541
Finance Cost	23,307	25,605	13,385	16,982	12,356	4,297
Profit Before Window Takaful Operations and Tax	667,922	478,662	449,382	497,101	442,307	363,940
Profit / (loss) from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	104,504	61,369	54,849	62,898	67,157	56,907
Profit After Tax	432,518	346,590	366,878	395,158	361,838	295,767
Dividend	32.50%	29.00%	27.50%	28%	25%	15%
Bonus Shares	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	15%
Earning Per Share (Rs.) (Restated)	6.02	4.82	5.10	5.50	5.03	4.11
Cash Flows Summary						
Operating Activities	281,816	460,209	255,670	206,117	575,132	364,137
Investing Activities	(30,383)	(80,742)	(2,574)	(55,301)	(225,537)	(274,436)
Financing Activities	(228,044)	(284,249)	(288,502)	(261,256)	(154,533)	(134,281)
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the year end	314,999	291,610	196,392	231,797	342,237	147,175

FINANCIAL RATIOS

Positification for Jacos Pentur % 19.88 15.34 12.68 15.54 12.68 15.57 17.25	Profitability		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
% 1983 1834 1256 1681 1436 % 3860 33.89 23.21 3010 26.27 % 1779 7.70 915 1186 10.64 % 16.17 14.28 18.32 6.06 6.41 % 31.2 41.44 4.83 6.96 6.41 % 28.62 26.01 19.68 22.81 17.56 % 44.0 82.20 19.22 12.47 10.80 % 44.0 82.20 7.87 85.14 7.95.3 % 45.2 26.0 14.28 14.28 14.56 14.56 % 45.2 6.53 7.16 92.1 7.16 91.70 % 45.2 6.53 5.14 80.33 34.78 37.35 % 45.2 5.20 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 % 45.2 4.22 5.01 5.00 5.00 5.								
% 38.60 33.99 23.21 30.10 26.77 % 779 7.70 9.15 11.96 10.04 % 15.77 14.28 16.89 21.24 17.36 % 6.08 7.89 8.92 12.47 10.64 % 6.08 7.89 8.92 12.47 10.80 % 11.25 10.92 14.22 16.80 14.56 % 11.25 10.92 14.22 16.80 14.56 % 11.25 10.92 7.87 65.14 7.95.3 % 84.40 82.80 7.97 65.14 7.95.3 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.46 20.23 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.46 20.23 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 20.24 % 15.74 14.02 5.24 5.03 5.03 <	Profit Before Tax / Gross Premium	%	19.83	18.34	12.58	16.81	14.98	13.24
% 779 7.70 9.15 1186 1054 % 1617 1428 1689 2124 1755 % 608 611 414 483 606 641 % 608 778 608 641 1755 % 260 260 1624 1756 1624 1756 % 1126 1260 1692 1647 1696 641 1696 % 260 260 7679 8514 79.53 160 % 1574 14.08 1682 20.10 14.08 17.0 % 24.79 63 7.16 92.1 21.46 % 25.20 4.86 5.84 6.73 6.68 Rs 5.22 4.86 5.10 5.50 5.04 Fs 38.23 34.24 32.22 30.34 27.38 Rs 5.50 17.00 19.00 25.00 25.01 <td>Profit Before Tax / Net Premium</td> <td>%</td> <td>38.60</td> <td>33.99</td> <td>23.21</td> <td>30.10</td> <td>25.27</td> <td>23.23</td>	Profit Before Tax / Net Premium	%	38.60	33.99	23.21	30.10	25.27	23.23
% 15.17 14.28 16.89 21.24 17.56 % 3.12 4.14 4.83 6.96 6.41 % 28.62 26.01 19.68 23.81 21.04 % 11.25 19.02 12.47 10.80 % 11.26 19.02 14.32 16.80 14.36 % 94.40 82.00 79.79 16.80 14.36 % 94.40 82.00 79.79 85.14 79.63 % 92.16 83.77 63.38 60.03 62.03 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 % 24.79 5.53 -716 92.1 22.45 % 25.20 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.00 Rs. 38.23 34.24 32.22 30.34 27.35 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.00 25.00 Imas 11.10 0.94 0.84 0.67 0.07 0.07 0.07 Imas 16.74 11.21 19.90 27.00 0.00 0.00 I	Profit After Tax / Gross Premium	%	62.2	7.70	9.15	11.86	10.64	9.30
% 3.12 4.14 4.83 6.96 6.41 % 6.08 7.68 8.92 12.47 10.80 % 6.08 7.68 8.92 12.47 10.80 % 11.25 10.02 14.32 16.80 14.35 % 62.92 26.07 79.79 86.14 70.58 % 62.92 63.77 63.38 60.03 62.03 % 62.92 63.77 63.38 60.03 62.03 % 15.74 14.68 16.82 20.10 21.46 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.14 31.70 Rs. 5.22 4.96 5.84 6.73 6.68 Rs. 5.60 17.00 19.00 20.46 20.46 Rs. 5.60 17.00 19.00 20.04 20.34 Rs. 1.10 0.94 0.65 0.07 0.10 Image 1.02 0.04	Profit After Tax / Net Premium	%	15.17	14.28	16.89	21.24	17.95	16.32
% 6.08 7.68 892 12.47 10.80 % 2862 26.01 19.68 23.81 21.04 10.92 14.32 16.80 14.35 21.04	Underwriting Result / Gross Premium	%	3.12	4,14	4.83	6.96	6,41	8.57
% 2862 2601 19.68 2381 21.04 % 1125 10.92 14.32 16.80 14.95 % 1125 10.92 14.32 16.80 14.95 % 62.92 63.77 63.38 60.03 62.03 % 62.92 63.77 63.38 60.03 62.03 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 % 24.79 -5.63 -7.16 92.1 22.34 Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.03 Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.03 Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.03 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.05 5.03 Rs. 26.00 17.00 19.00 26.05 26.00 Imas 16.74 11.11 19.00 26.05 26.00 Imas 16.74 <t< td=""><td>Underwriting Result / Net Premium</td><td>%</td><td>6.08</td><td>7.68</td><td>8.92</td><td>12.47</td><td>10.80</td><td>15.04</td></t<>	Underwriting Result / Net Premium	%	6.08	7.68	8.92	12.47	10.80	15.04
% 11.25 10.92 14.32 16.80 14.95 % 94.40 82.90 79.79 86.14 79.63 % 62.92 63.77 63.38 60.03 62.03 % 32.15 31.48 30.33 34.78 31.70 % 32.15 31.48 30.33 34.78 31.70 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 % 24.79 -5.53 -7.16 92.1 22.34 % 24.79 -5.53 -7.16 92.1 22.34 Rs. 26.0 17.00 19.00 55.0 50.0 Rs. 25.0 17.00 19.00 55.0 25.00 Fas. 17.0 19.00 25.0 25.00 25.0 25.0 Times 0.67 0.64 0.64 0.65 0.07 0.01 Times 2.01 1.24 1.25 1.36 Mar.	Profit Before Tax / Total Income	%	28.62	26.01	19.68	23.81	21.04	20.47
% 94.40 62.90 79,79 85.14 79,53 m % 62.92 63.77 63.38 60.03 62.03 m % 32.15 31.48 30.33 34.78 31.70 m % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 % 24.79 -5.53 -7.16 92.1 21.45 Rs. 5.22 4.96 5.84 6.73 6.66 Rs. 5.22 4.96 5.84 6.73 6.66 Rs. 5.22 4.96 5.84 6.73 6.66 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.00 5.03 Immes 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Immes 0.67 0.04 0.64 0.67 0.63 Immes 1.67 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.76 Immes 2.01 1.84 1.71 48.09 47.86 <tr< td=""><td>Profit After Tax / Total Income</td><td>%</td><td>11.25</td><td>10.92</td><td>14.32</td><td>16.80</td><td>14.95</td><td>14.39</td></tr<>	Profit After Tax / Total Income	%	11.25	10.92	14.32	16.80	14.95	14.39
m % 62.92 63.77 68.38 60.08 62.03 m % 32.16 31.48 30.33 34.78 31.70 % 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 % 24.79 -5.53 -7.16 92.1 22.34 Rs. 6.02 4.85 5.84 6.73 6.86 Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.23 6.86 Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.03 6.86 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.05 5.00 Times 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Times 16.74 1.71 9.90 8.88 11.89 Times 2.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.10 Times 16.74 11.14 12.25 11.89 Times 2.01 1.34 44.74 48.09 47.89 47.89	Combined ratio	%	94.40	82.90	79.79	85.14	79.53	77.03
M. K. M.	Net Claims / Net Premium	%	62.92	63.77	63.38	60.03	62.03	59.03
% 15.74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 % 24.79 -5.63 -7.16 9.21 22.34 % 5.22 4.96 5.84 6.73 6.69 Rs 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.03 Rs 38.23 34.24 32.22 30.34 27.35 Rs 38.23 34.24 32.22 30.34 27.35 Rs 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.05 26.00 Times 0.06 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.10 Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 1.84 1.77 1.69 1.76 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 5.08 10.27 36.28 61.9 16.91	Management and Other Expense / Net Premium	%	32.15	31,48	30,33	34.78	31.70	30.53
% 15,74 14.08 16.82 20.10 21.45 % 24,79 -5.53 -7.16 9.21 22.34 % 5.22 4.96 5.84 6.73 6.66 Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.03 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.05 5.00 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.05 25.00 Immes 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Immes 0.67 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.10 Immes 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Immes 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Immes 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 38.18 36.15 36.38 61.9 16.91 % 36.08	Return to Share Holders							
% 24.79 -5.53 -7.16 9.21 22.34 % 5.22 4.96 5.84 6.73 6.66 Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.03 Rs. 38.23 34.24 32.22 30.34 27.35 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.06 25.00 Immes 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Immes 0.67 0.04 0.05 0.07 0.10 Immes 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.76 Immes 2.01 1.84 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 48.94 44.81 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Return on Equity - PAT	%	15.74	14.08	16,82	20.10	21.45	19,58
Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.84 6.73 6.68 Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.03 Rs. 38.23 34.24 32.22 30.34 27.35 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.05 55.00 Times 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Times 0.67 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.10 Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 1.84 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Eaming Growth	%	24.79	-5.53	-7.16	9.21	22.34	16.59
Rs. 6.02 4.82 5.10 5.50 5.03 Rs. 38.23 34.24 32.22 30.34 27.35 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.05 25.00 Times 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Times 0.06 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.10 Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 1.84 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 48.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 48.94 44.81 35.15 36.38 6.19 16.91	Return on Assets (Book value)	%	5.22	4.95	5.84	6.73	99'9	60.9
Rs. 38.23 34.24 32.22 30.34 27.35 Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 26.05 25.00 Imas 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Imas 0.067 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.10 Imas 0.67 0.04 0.64 0.57 0.63 Imas 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Imas 2.01 11.44 1.25 13.24 % 8.68 10.27 11.14 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 47.86 % 5.08 33.18 35.15 36.84 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91 16.91	Eaming Per Share	Rs.	6.02	4.82	5.10	5.50	5.03	4.11
Rs. 25.00 17.00 19.00 25.05 25.00 Times 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Times 0.67 0.05 0.07 0.05 0.05 Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 1.34 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Breakup Value Per Share	Rs,	38.23	34.24	32.22	30.34	27.35	26.98
Times 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Times 0.06 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.10 Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 11.41 9.90 8.68 17.76 Times 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Market Share Price	As.	25.00	17,00	19.00	25.05	25.00	25.90
Times 1.10 0.94 0.89 1.44 1.38 Times 0.06 0.07 0.05 0.07 0.10 Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 1.84 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Performance / Liquidity							
Times 0.06 0.07 0.05 0.010 Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 1.84 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 33.18 35.15 36.84 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Current Ratio	Times	1.10	0.94	0.89	1.44	1.38	1.39
Times 0.67 0.63 Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 1.84 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 33.18 35.15 36.84 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Cash / Current Liabilities	Times	0.06	70.0	0.05	70.0	0.10	0.05
Times 16.74 11.11 9.90 8.68 11.89 Times 2.01 1.84 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 33.18 35.15 36.84 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Total Assets Turnover	Times	0.67	0.64	0.64	0.57	0.63	99.0
Imes 2.01 1.84 1.71 1.69 1.76 % 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 33.18 35.15 36.84 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Fixed Assets Turnover	Times	16.74		06.6	8.68	11.89	13.89
% 8.68 10.27 11.44 12.25 13.24 % 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 33.18 35.15 36.84 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Total Liabilities / Equity	Times	2.01	1.84	1.71	1.69	1.76	1.88
% 48.94 44.81 44.74 48.09 47.86 % 33.18 35.15 36.84 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Paid-up Capital / Total Assets	%	8.68	10.27	11.44	12.25	13.24	12.88
% 33.18 35.15 36.84 37.17 36.20 % 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Earning Assets / Total Assets	%	48.94	44.81	44.74	48.09	47.86	41.63
% 5.08 10.23 6.38 6.19 16.91	Equity / Total Assets	%	33.18	35.15	36.84	37.17	36.20	34.75
	Cash Flow from Operations / Premium Written	%	5.08	10.23	6.38	6.19	16.91	11.45



STATEMENTS & REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REVIEW REPORT

♦YOUSUF ADIL

To the members of Askari General Insurance Company Limited Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 (both herein referred to as 'the Regulations') prepared by the Board of Directors of Askari General Insurance Company Limited ('the Company') for the year ended December 31, 2023 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and provision Ixxvi of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Chartered Accountants Islamabad

Date: 3 April 2024

UDIN: CR202310134wPKisdkN0

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STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Name of the Company:

Askari General Insurance Company Limited (the Company)

Year Ending: 31 December 2023

This statement is being presented in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 (CCG 2016) and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (Regulations 2019).

The Company has applied the principles contained in CCG 2016 and Regulations 2019 in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are nine (09) as per the following:

a.	Male	Eight (08)
b.	Female	One (01)

The Company encourages the representation of independent, non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes:

Category	Name of Director
Independent Directors	Mr. M. Munir Malik Mr. Imran Iqbal
Independent Female Director	Ms. Saima Akbar Khattak
Non-Executive Directors	Lt Gen Naveed Mukhtar (Retd) AVM Mohammad Athar Shams (Retd) Mr. Rizwan Ullah Khan Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd) Malik Riffat Mahmood
Executive Directors (Chief Executive)	Mr. Abdul Waheed

All independent directors meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as 3 a director in more than seven listed companies, including this
- All the resident directors of the insurer are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted on payment of any loan to a banking company, a development financial institution (DFI) or a non-banking financial institution (NBFI) or, being a member of stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by a stock exchange.
- No casual vacancy occurred on the Board during the year ended December 31, 2023.
- The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct & Ethics and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall

- corporate strategy and significant policies of the insurer. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.
- The meetings of the Board were presided over by the 9. Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meetings of Board.
- The Board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Companies Act, 2017 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.
- 11. No orientation courses/training programs have been conducted for directors during the year to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities. However, policies regarding roles and responsibilities of directors were provided to the directors.
- 12. The Board has established a system of sound internal control, which is effectively implemented at all levels within the insurer. The insurer has adopted and complied with all the necessary aspects of internal controls given under the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 13. The Board has approved the appointment of Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 14. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 15. CFO and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 16. The Directors, Chief Executive Officer and other executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the insurer other than disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.
- The Board has put in place a mechanism for an annual evaluation of the Board's own performance as required under the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

19. The Board has formed the following Management Committees under the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.:

Underwriting, Reinsurance & Coinsurance Committee:

Name of the Member	Category	
AVM Mohammad Athar Shams (Retd)	Chairman	
Mr. Shahzad Ameer	Member	
Mr. Zaheer Abbas	Member	
Mr. Shahzad Munir	Member	

Claims Settlement Committee:

Name of the Member	Category
Malik Riffat Mahmood	Chairman
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Member
Mr. M. Qasim	Member
Mr. Nadeem Ahmad	Member

Executive, Risk Management & Compliance Committee:

Name of the Member	Category
AVM Mohammad Athar Shams (Retd)	Chairman
Mr. Rizwan Ullah Khan	Member
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)	Member
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Member

20. The Board has formed the following Board Committees under the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019:

Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee:

Name of the Member	Category
Mr. Imran Iqbal	Chairman
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)	Member
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Member

Investment Committee:

Name of the Member	Category
Malik Riffat Mahmood	Chairman
Mr. M. Munir Malik	Member
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Member
Mr. Suleman Khalid	Member
Mr. Shahid Qayyum	Member

21. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three (3) members, of whom one is independent director and two are non-executive directors. The chairman of the Committee is an independent director. The composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

Audit Committee:

Name of the Member	Category
Mr. M. Munir Malik	Chairman
Malik Riffat Mahmood	Member
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)	Member

22. During the year meeting of the Committees, were held as

Committee	No of Meetings
Underwriting, Reinsurance & Coinsurance Committee	2
Claims Settlement Committee	2
Executive, Risk Management & Compliance Committee	2
Ethics, Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	3
Investment Committee	2
Audit Committee	5

- 23. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for compliance.
- 24. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function who is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they are involved in the internal audit function on regular basis.
- The Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Compliance Officer and the Head of Internal Audit possess such qualifications and experience as required under the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016. The persons heading the underwriting, claim, reinsurance, risk management and grievance functions / departments possess qualification and experience of direct relevance to their respective functions, as required under Section-12 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance No. XXXIX of 2000):

Name of Persons	Designation
Mr. Abdul Waheed	Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Zaheer Abbas	Head of Underwriting
Mr. Shahzad Ameer	Head of Reinsurance
Mr. M. Qasim	Head of Claims
Mr. Hassan Shafiq	Head of Risk Management
Mr. Anwar Ahmed Malik	Compliance Officer / Head of Grievance Function
Mr. Suleman Khalid	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Waqas Ali	Company Secretary
Mr. Ali Noor	Head of Internal Audit

- Further, during the year 2023, Company Secretary of the Company resigned. Consequently, the Board appointed Mr. Waqas Ali as Company Secretary.
- 26. The Statutory auditors of the insurer have been appointed from the panel of auditors approved by the Commission in terms of Section 48 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance No. XXXIX of 2000). The statutory auditors have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partner of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the insurer and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidance on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 27. The statutory auditors and the partners of the firm involved in audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the CEO, CFO, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the Company.

- The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- The Board ensures that appointed actuary complies with the requirements set out for him in the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 30. The Board ensures that the investment policy of the Company has been drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 31. The Board ensures that the risk management system of the Company is in place as per requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 32. The Board has set up a risk management function/ department, which carries out its tasks as covered under the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 33. The Board ensured that, as part of the risk management system, the Company obtained IFS rating from PACRA and VIS, which is being used by its risk management function/department and the respective Committee as a risk monitoring tool. The rating assigned by the rating agencies are as follows:

Rating Agency	Rating	Outlook	Date
PACRA – Pakistan	AA+	Stable	7 February, 2024
VIS – Pakistan	AA+	Stable	29 February, 2024

- 34. The Board has set up a grievance department/function, which fully complies with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 35. The Company has not obtained any exemptions from the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan in respect of any of the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.
- 36. We confirm that all material principles contained in the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and all requirements of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 have been complied with.

Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd)

Chairman - Board of Directors

Abdul Waheed

President & Chief Executive

Rawalpindi March 14, 2024



UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

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YOUSUF ADIL

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the members of Askari General Insurance Company Limited Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Askari General Insurance Company Limited (the Company), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof, conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of Company's affairs as at December 31, 2023, and of the profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

YOUSUF ADIL

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Following are the key audit matters:

S. No	Key audit matter(s)	F	low the matters v
1	Revenue Recognition	- 1	Our audit procedu ollowing:
	(Refer notes 3.8 and 24 of the unconsolidated financial statements)	-	Obtained the implementation
	The Company's total revenue amounts to Rs. 2,851.209 million which is generated from premium on insurance policies representing a significant element of the financial		over the proce of premiums;
	statements of the Company.	-	Assessed wh
	Premium income is one of the key performance indicators of the Company. Because of the significance of the premium as key performance indicator and risk that revenue transactions may not be recognized in the appropriate period in line with		with the requi and reporting disclosed in r statements;
	revenue recognition policy, we considered this area as a key audit matter.	-	Evaluated the the underlying from premiums
		-	Checked the parties the underlying holders;
		-	Checked the passive conditions was recorded year end to exprecognized in
		-	Recalculated to ensure that as revenue for

were addressed in our audit

ures in respect of this matter included the

- understanding, evaluated the design and on and operating effectiveness controls ess of capturing, processing and recording
- nether the Company's accounting policy recognition from premium is compliant uirements of applicable laws, accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan as note 2.1 of the unconsolidated financial
- completeness, accuracy and reliability of policies/data used for revenue recognition
- premiums recorded on sample basis from g policies issued to insurance contract
- policies on sample basis where premium d close to year end and subsequent to evaluate that revenue from premiums was the appropriate accounting period;
- the unearned portion of premium revenue t appropriate amount has been recorded r the current period.

YOUSUF ADIL

S. No.	Key audit matter(s)					
2	Valuation of Claims Liabilities including Provision for Incurred but Not Reported (IBNR) Claims Reserves					
	(Refer notes 3.9 and 25 of the annexed unconsolidated financial statements)					
	As at December 31, 2023, claims liabilities represent 26% (Rs. 1,450.64 million including Rs. 326.517 million of IBNR reserves) of its total liabilities (including Window Takaful Operations' Liabilities). Valuation of claim liabilities involves significant management judgment regarding uncertainty in the estimation of claims. Claims liabilities are recognized on intimation of the insured event based on management judgment and estimate. Provision for IBNR is calculated by the Company as required under Circular No. 9 of 2016 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan based on the advice of actuary. The actuarial valuation process also involves significant judgment and the use of actuarial assumptions.					
	Because of the significance of the impact of these judgments / estimations and assumptions used in determination of claims liabilities and calculation of provision for IBNR, we consider this area as key audit matter.					

How the matters were addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures in relation to this matter included amongst others:

- Assessed the design and implementation of the relevant controls over the measurement and calculation of IBNR reserves and evaluated the appropriateness of methodologies and assumptions used;
- Evaluated the completeness, accuracy and reliability of the underlying data used by the management for the actuarial valuation:
- Assessed competence, capability and objectivity of the actuary used by the management for calculation of provision for IBNR;
- Involved an independent actuarial expert to test the assumptions and assessed their competence, capability. objectivity and the reasonableness of the assumptions used by the management and their accuracy;
- Checked the adequacy of IBNR reserves and assessed an internal consistency and a reasonableness of basic actuarial figures with the prior year.

Information Other than the Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and, the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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YOUSUF ADIL

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Companies Act, 2017 (XXI of 2017), and are in agreement with the books of account:
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the company's business; and:
- zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Shahzad Ali.

Chartered Accountants Islamabad

Date: 3 April 2024

UDIN: AR202310134W5C6DnrNl

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF

FINANCIAL POSITION

		31 December	31 December	
		2023	2022	
	Note	Rupees in t	thousand	
ASSETS				
Property and equipment	5	324,278	395,144	
Intangible assets	6	7,353	9,992	
Investment property	7	35,261	36,571	
Investment in subsidiary	8	10,000	10,000	
Investments				
- Equity securities	9	732,845	341,988	
- Debt securities	10	2,984,093	2,749,845	
Loans and other receivables	11	259,756	197,437	
Insurance / Reinsurance receivables	12	1,464,458	1,474,879	
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	25	888,923	310,712	
Salvage recoveries accrued		2,633	3,341	
Deferred commission expense / Acquisition cost	26	154,757	108,258	
Deferred taxation	15	8,372	35,595	
Prepayments	16	653,590	671,877	
Cash and bank	17	314,999	291,610	
Total assets from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	44	441,872	366,960	
Total Assets		8,283,190	7,004,209	

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

		31 December	31 December
		2023	2022
	Note	Rupees in t	housand
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and reserves attributable to Company's equity holde	rs		
Ordinary share capital	18	719,019	719,019
Share premium	19	121,161	121,161
Reserves	19	102,652	46,077
Unappropriated profit		1,805,783	1,575,852
Total Equity		2,748,615	2,462,109
Liabilities			
Underwriting Provisions		,	
- Outstanding claims including IBNR	25	1,450,640	763,291
- Unearned premium reserves	24	2,062,367	1,823,622
- Unearned reinsurance commission	26	122,020	113,761
Retirement benefit obligations	13	9,038	30,675
Staff compensated absences	14	50,871	44,185
Liabilities against assets - secured	20	158,038	199,754
Taxation - provision less payment		92,691	26,708
Premium received in advance		194,993	63,361
Insurance / Reinsurance payables	21	889,529	1,034,109
Unclaimed dividends		13,291	9,708
Other creditors and accruals	22	268,727	254,946
Deposits and other payables		69,164	59,061
Total Liabilities		5,381,369	4,423,181
Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	44	153,206	118,919
Total Equity and Liabilities		8,283,190	7,004,209
Contingencies and commitments	23		

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid

Abdul Waheed Chief Financial Officer President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		31 December	31 December	
		2023	2022	
	Note	Rupees in th	housand	
Net insurance premium	24	2,851,209	2,427,948	
Net insurance claims	25	(1,794,055)	(1,548,190	
Net commission and other acquisition costs	26	22,405	61,811	
Insurance claims and acquisition expenses		(1,771,650)	(1,486,379	
Management expenses	27	(906,326)	(755,131	
Underwriting results		173,233	186,438	
Investment income	28	449,855	267,960	
Rental income	29	6,472	5,991	
Other income	30	72,091	53,039	
Other expenses	31	(10,422)	(9,161	
Results of operating activities		691,229	504,267	
Finance costs	32	(23,307)	(25,605	
Profit before tax from General Operations		667,922	478,662	
Profit before tax from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	33	104,504	61,369	
Profit before tax		772,426	540,031	
Income tax expense	34	(339,908)	(193,441	
Profit after tax		432,518	346,590	
Other comprehensive income:				
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss accou	ınt:			
Unrealised gain / (loss) on available for sale investments - net		55,992	(4,149	
Unrealized loss on available for sale investments from Window Takaful Operations - OPF (net)		583	(887	
		56,575	(5,036	
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss acco	unt:			
Effect of remeasurement of staff retirement benefit plans - net		6,004	2,020	
Total comprehensive income for the year		495,097	343,574	
Earnings (after tax) per share - Rupees (restated)	35	6.02	4.82	

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer Abdul Waheed

President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

UNCONSOLIDATED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		2023	2022
		Rupees in tho	usand
· · · · · · ·	erating cash flows		
a)	Underwriting activities:		
	Premium received	5,041,174	4,012,553
	Reinsurance premium paid	(1,623,035)	(1,456,638)
	Claims paid	(2,476,417)	(1,889,692
	Reinsurance and other recoveries received	568,951	475,547
	Commission paid	(387,771)	(244,413
	Commission received	306,467	316,927
	Management expenses paid	(769,767)	(663,831
	Net cash flows generated from underwriting activities	659,602	550,453
b)	Other operating activities:		
	Income tax paid	(282,872)	(142,065
	Other expenses paid	(10,823)	(9,700
	Other operating receipts / (payments)	(84,076)	61,505
•	Advances to employees	(15)	16
	Net cash used in other operating activities	(377,786)	(90,244
Tota	al cash generated from all operating activities	281,816	460,209
Inve	esting activities:		
	Profit / return received	342,478	276,383
·······•	Dividends received	68,875	19,250
	Payments for investments	(3,213,309)	(2,652,674
···········	Proceeds from investments	2,824,113	2,310,030
······································	Fixed capital expenditure	(58,253)	(36,022
	Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	5,713	2,291
Tota	al cash used in investing activities	(30,383)	(80,742
Fine	ancing activities:		
· · · · · · · ·	Financial charges paid	(23,307)	(25,605
••••••	Repayment of obligation under finance lease	(11,982)	(68,642
	Dividend paid	(203,787)	(198,993
······•	Staff house building finance - net	48	884
······•	Mark-up on staff house building finance received	631	477
······•	Funds Amortized Against Leased Vehicles	10,429	7,692
· · · · · · · ·	Equity transactions costs paid	(76)	(62)
Tota	al cash used in financing activities	(228,044)	(284,249
	cash used in all activities	23,389	95,218
· · · · · · · ·	sh and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	291,610	196,392
	sh and cash equivalents at end of the year	314,999	291,610

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood
Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	2023	2022
	Rupees in tho	usand
Reconciliation to Profit and Loss Account		
Operating cash flows	281,816	460,209
Depreciation and ammortization expense	(100,635)	(92,490)
Financial charges	(23,307)	(25,605)
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	3,016	2,160
Decrease in assets other than cash	941,241	134,192
Decrease in liabilities other than running finance	(1,224,201)	(435,491)
Unrealized gain on investments - held for trading	1,513	91
Provision For Diminution In Value Of Investments	(1,679)	(34,970)
Dividend income	68,864	19,250
Investment income	351,150	282,069
Profit on bank deposits	57,265	25,661
Income tax provision	(339,908)	(193,441)
Gain on trading	30,007	1,521
Tax paid	282,872	142,065
Profit after taxation from General Insurance Operations	328,014	285,221
Profit from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	104,504	61,369
Profit after taxation	432,518	346,590

Definition of cash:

Cash comprises cash in hand, bank balances, stamp in hand and short term placements with banks which are readily convertible to cash in hand and which are used in the cash management function on a day-to-day basis.

	2023	2022
ish for the purpose of cash flow statement consists of:	Rupees in tho	usand
Cash and other equivalents		
Cash in hand	1,582	1,561
Stamp in hand	1,388	762
	2,970	2,323
Current and other accounts		
Current accounts	33,108	24,146
Deposit accounts	278,921	265,141
	312,029	289,287
Total	314,999	291,610

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed President & Chief Executive Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Share capital		F	Reserves		Total	Total
	Issued, subscribed and paid up	Capital reserve		Revenue rese	erve	reserves	equity
		Share premium	General reserve	Available for sale investment revaluation reserve	Unappropriated profit		
				Rupees	in thousand		
Balance as at 01 January 2022	719,019	121,161	70,000	(18,887)	1,425,034	1,597,308	2,316,327
Total comprehensive income for the year		•					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	346,590	346,590	346,590
Other comprehensive income for the year - net of tax	-	-	-	(5,036)	2,020	(3,016)	(3,016)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(5,036)	348,610	343,574	343,574
Changes in owners' equity		<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	······································			
Cash dividend 2021: Rupees 2.75 per share	-	-	-	-	(197,730)	(197,730)	(197,730
Equity transaction costs	-	-	-	-	(62)	(62)	(62
	-	-	-	-	(197,792)	(197,792)	(197,792
Balance as at 31 December 2022	719,019	121,161	70,000	(23,923)	1,575,852	1,743,090	2,462,109
Balance as at 01 January 2023	719,019	121,161	70,000	(23,923)	1,575,852	1,743,090	2,462,109
Total comprehensive income for the year	······································	<u>.</u>			······································		
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	432,518	432,518	432,518
Other comprehensive income for the year - net of tax	-	-	-	56,575	6,004	62,579	62,579
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	56,575	438,522	495,097	495,097
Changes in owners' equity		<u>.</u>					
Cash dividend 2022: Rupees 2.90 per share	-	_	_	_	(208,515)	(208,515)	(208,515)
Equity transaction costs			-	-	(76)	(76)	(76
	-			-	(208,591)	(208,591)	(208,591)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	719,019	121,161	70,000	32,652	1,805,783	2,029,596	2,748,615

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer President & Chief Executive

Abdul Waheed

Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Askari general insurance company limited ("the Company") was incorporated under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repeald with enactment of the Companies Act, 2017) as a public limited company on 12 April 1995. The Company is engaged in non-life insurance business comprising of fire, marine, motor, health and miscellaneous. The Company commenced its commercial operations on 15 October 1995. Shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is located at AWT Plaza, Rawalpindi. The Company has 20 branches in Pakistan. The Company is a subsidiary of Army Welfare Trust.

The Company was granted license to work as Window Takaful Operator (WTO) dated August 10, 2015 by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under Takaful Rules, 2012 to carry on Window Takaful Operations in Pakistan.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for financial reporting consist of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, Insurance Ordinance, 2000, Insurance Rules, 2017, Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017, Takaful Rules, 2012 and General Takaful Accounting Regulation, 2019. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Insurance Rules, 2017, the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017 and the Takaful Rules, 2012 and General Takaful Accounting Regulation, 2019 shall prevail.

In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Insurance Rules, 2017, the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017 and the Takaful Rules, 2012 and General Takaful Accounting Regulation, 2019 shall prevail.

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") vide its S.R.O 89(1)/2017 dated 9 February, 2017 has prescribed format of the presentation of annual financial statements for general insurance companies. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the format prescribed by the SECP.

Total assets, total liabilities and profit / (loss) of the Window Takaful Operations of the Company referred to as the Operator's Fund has been presented in these financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Circular 25 of 2015 dated 9 July 2015.

A separate set of financial statements of Window Takaful Operations has been reported which is annexed to these financial statements as per the requirements of the SECP Takaful Rules, 2012.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments which are stated at their fair values and obligation under certain employee retirement benefit funds including staff compensated absences which are measured at their present values as determined under the provisions of IAS-19, "Employee Benefits".

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees in thousand, unless otherwise stated,

2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are effective in the current year

The following amendments are effective for the year ended December 31, 2023. These amendments are either not relevant to the Company's / Bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's / Bank's financial

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Disclosure of accounting policies

Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' - Definition of accounting estimates

Amendments to 'IAS 12 Income Taxes' - deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction.

Amendments to IAS 12 'Income taxes' - International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules

2.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are not yet effective

The following standard and amendments are effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These amendments are either not relevant to the Company's / Bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's / Bank's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	Effective from Accounting period beginning on or after
Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases' -Clarification on how seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Non-current liabilities with Convents along with Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' and 'IFRS 7 'Financial instruments disclosures' - Supplier Finance Arrangements	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Clarification on how entity accounts when there is long term lack of Exchangeability	January 01, 2025
IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts (including the June 2020 and December 2021 Amendmento IFRS 17)	nts January 01, 2026

Other than the aforesaid amendments, IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 - First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

The SECP vide SRO 1715 (I) / 2023 dated November 21, 2023 has directed the companies engaged in insurance/takaful and re-insurance/re-takaful to follow IFRS 17 from January 01, 2026.

- IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' has become applicable, however as an insurance company, the management has opted temporary exemption from the application of IFRS 9 as allowed by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) for entities whose activities are predominantly connected with insurance. Additional disclosures, as required by the IASB, for being eligible to apply the temporary exemption from the application of IFRS 9 are given below:

The tables below set out the fair values as at the end of reporting period and the amount of change in the fair value during that period for the following two groups of financial assets separately:

(a) Financial assets with contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding, excluding any financial asset that meets the definition of held for trading in IFRS 9, or that is managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, and

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(b) All other financial assets	As at December 31, 2023					
	Fail the SPPI test		Pass the SPPI test			
	Fair Value	Change in unrealized gain / (loss) during the period	Carrying Value	Cost less Impairment	Change in unrealized gain / (loss) during the period	
	······	R	upees in thousand			
Financial assets						
Cash and Bank*	-	-	314,999	-		
Investment in equity securities -available-for-sale	470,061	16,413	-	-		
Investment in debt securities - available-for-sale	-	-	210,025	-		
Investment in debt securities - held to maturity	-	-	2,774,068	-		
Loans and other receivables*	-	-	259,756	-		
Total	470,061	16,413	3,558,848	-		

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

* The carrying amount of these financial assets measured applying IAS 39 are a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

During the year, the Company adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1) from January 01, 2023. The amendments require the disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant', accounting policies. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves.

The accounting policies as set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these unconsolidated financial statements.

3.1 Property and Equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, except for capital work in progress which is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged on depreciable amount over the estimated useful life using straight line method. Depreciation is charged on monthly basis where full month depreciation is charged in the month of addition and no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred. The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

3.2 Intangible

Software development cost are only capitalized to the extent that future economic benefits are expected to flow to the entity. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged on the amortizable amount over the useful life of the asset by applying straight line method. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

3.3 Investment property

Investment Property is accounted for under cost model in accordance with approved International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, "Investment Property" and S.R.O. 938 dated 12 December 2002 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Depreciation is charged on depreciable amount on straight line basis over its estimated useful life at the rate of 2.5% per annum.

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Subsequent capital expenditures on existing properties and gains or losses on disposals are accounted for in the same manner as tangible fixed assets.

3.4 Insurance contracts

Insurance contracts are those contracts under which the Company as insurer has accepted insurance risk from the insurance contract holder (insured) by agreeing to compensate the insured if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the insured. Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its tenure, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or expired.

Insurance contracts are classified into following main categories, depending on the nature and duration of risk and whether or not the terms and conditions are fixed.

- Fire and property damage;
- Marine, aviation and transport;
- Motor:
- Health and accident; and
- Miscellaneous.

These contracts are normally one year insurance contracts except marine and miscellaneous classes. Normally all marine insurance contracts are of three months period. In miscellaneous class, some engineering insurance contracts are of more than one year period, whereas, normally travel insurance contracts and few bond insurance contracts in miscellaneous class expire within one month time.

These contracts are provided to all types of customers based on assessment of insurance risk by the Company. Normally personal insurance contracts e.g. vehicle, travel, personal accident, etc. are provided to individual customers, whereas, insurance contracts of fire and property, marine, aviation and transport, accident and health and other commercial line products are provided to commercial organizations.

Fire and property insurance contracts mainly compensate the Company's customers for damage suffered to their properties or for the value of property lost. Customers who undertake commercial activities on their premises could also receive compensation for the loss of earnings caused by the inability to use the insured properties in their business activities.

Marine insurance covers the loss or damage of vessels, cargo, terminals, and any transport or property by which cargo is transferred, acquired, or held between the points of origin and final destination.

Motor insurance provides protection against losses incurred as a result of theft, traffic accidents and against third party liability that could be incurred in an accident.

Health insurance includes coverage of in-patient-hospital, out-patient-department, medical and other related expenses of disease, sickness or accidental injury incurred during the period of insurance.

Liability insurance contracts protect the insured against the risk of causing harm to third parties as a result of their legitimate activities. Damages covered include both contractual and non-contractual events.

Other various types of insurance are classified in miscellaneous category which includes mainly engineering, terrorism, personal accident, worker compensation, travel, products of financial institutions, livestock and crop insurance etc.

The Company also accepts insurance risk pertaining to insurance contracts of other insurer as reinsurance inward. The insurance risk involved in these contracts is similar to the contracts undertaken by the Company as insurer.

Reinsurance contracts

Those insurance contracts that are issued by one insurer (the reinsurer) to compensate another insurer (the cedant) for losses on one or more contracts issued by the cedant are reinsurance contracts. The Company enters into reinsurance contracts with both foreign and local reinsurers.

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3.5 **Deferred Commission Expense**

Commission expense incurred in obtaining and recording policies is deferred and recognized as an expense in accordance with the pattern of recognition of premium revenue.

3.6 Receivables and payables under insurance contracts

Receivable under insurance contracts are recognized when due, at the fair value of the consideration receivable less provision for doubtful debts, if any. If there is objective evidence that the receivable is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the receivable accordingly and that impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.7 Reinsurance contracts held

The Company enters into reinsurance contracts in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from certain exposures. Outward reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same year as the related premiums for the direct or accepted reinsurance business being reinsured. Reinsurance premium is recognized as expense after taking into account the proportion of deferred premium expense which is calculated using pattern similar to calculation of premium income for the same policy. The deferred portion of premium expense is recognized as prepayment.

Reinsurance liabilities represent balances due to reinsurance companies. Amounts payable are estimated in the manner consistent with the related reinsurance contract. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies, Amounts recoverable from reinsurance are estimated in a manner consistent with the provision for outstanding claims or settled claims associated with the reinsurance policies and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contracts.

Reinsurance liabilities or assets are derecognized when the contractual rights are extinguished or expired.

The Company assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on balance sheet date. If there is any objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognizes that impairment loss in the profit and loss account.

Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited (PRCL) retrocession business is booked on the basis of PRCL statements pertaining to the previous years.

3.8 Revenue Recognition

3.8.1 **Premiums**

Premium written under all insurance policies is recognized as income over the period of insurance from the date of issuance of policy to its expiry, after taking into account the unearned portion of premiums. Amount is recorded as premium written at the time the policy is written. Where the pattern of incidence of risk varies over the year of the policy, premium is recognized as revenue in accordance with the pattern of the incidence of risk. The portion of premium written relating to the unexpired year of coverage is recognized as unearned premium by the Company. The unearned premium is calculated by applying 1/365 method as specified in the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017.

Premium income includes administrative surcharge that represents documentation charges recovered by the Company from policy holders in respect of policies issued. Administrative surcharge is recognized as premium income at the time of issuance of policy.

3.8.2 Commission

Commission expense incurred on issuance of policies is deferred and recognized as asset and is recognized in the profit and loss account as an expense in accordance with pattern of recognition of premium revenue. Commission and other forms of revenue (apart from recoveries) from reinsurers are deferred and recognized as liability and recognized in the profit and loss account as revenue in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the reinsurance premium. Profit / commission, if any, under the terms of reinsurance arrangements, is recognized when the Company's right to receive the same is established.

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3.8.3 Investment income

Following are recognized as investment income;

- Income from held to maturity investments is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the effective yield on the investments. The difference between the redemption value and the purchase price of the held to maturity investments is amortized and taken to the profit and loss account over the term of the investment.
- Dividend income on securities held for trading and available for sale securities and is recognized when the Company's right to receive the dividend is established
- Gain / loss on sale of available-for-sale investments is recognized in profit and loss account in the year of sale

3.9 Claim expense including provision for outstanding claims including Incurred But Not Reported

The Company recognizes liability in respect of all claims incurred up to the balance sheet date which is measured at the undiscounted value of the expected future payments. The claims are considered to be incurred at the time of the incident giving rise to the claims except as otherwise expressly indicated in an insurance contract. The liability for claims include amounts relating to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and expected claims settlement costs.

Provision for liability in respect of unpaid reported claims as at 31 December 2023 is made on the basis of individual case estimates by using Chain Ladder Method (Development technique) on the basis of recommendation by an independent actuary under the guidelines issued by Insurance Division of SECP vide its Circular 9 of 2016 dated March 09, 2016 for estimation of IBNR claims reserve, which were effective from 01 July 2016.

	IDIVIT	
Class of business	Gross	Net
	Rupees in the	ousand
- Fire and property damage;	4,129	941
- Marine, aviation and transport;	23,561	1,361
- Motor;	30,963	25,014
- Accident and health; and	220,900	207,058
- Miscellaneous.	46,964	5,253
	326,517	239,627

3.10 Reinsurance recoveries against claims

Claims recoveries receivables from the reinsurers are recognized as an asset at the same time as the claims which give rise to the right of recovery are recognized as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be received in accordance with respective reinsurance arrangements.

3.11 Premium deficiency reserve

The Company is required as per the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017, to maintain a provision in respect of premium deficiency for the class of business where the unearned premium reserve is not adequate to meet the expected future liability. after reinsurance from claims, and other supplementary expenses expected to be incurred after the reporting date in respect of the unexpired policies in that class of business at the reporting date. The movement in the premium deficiency reserve is recorded as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Company determines adequacy of liability of premium deficiency by carrying out analysis of its loss ratio of expired periods of the contracts. For this purpose average loss ratio of last three years inclusive of claim settlement cost but excluding major exceptional claims are taken into consideration to determine ultimate loss ratio to be applied on unearned premium.

IBNR

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The liability of premium deficiency in relation to accident and health insurance is calculated in accordance with the advice of the actuary.

No provision has been made as the unearned premium reserve for each class of business as at the year end is adequate to meet the expected future liability after reinsurance from claims and other expenses, expected to be incurred after the reporting date in respect of policies in force at reporting date.

3.12 Provision for unearned premium and prepaid reinsurance premium ceded

In accordance with the requirements of Insurance Rules, 2017, provision for unearned premium is calculated by applying 1/365 method. Unearned portion of premium is recognized as liability.

The deferred portion of reinsurance premium is recognized as reinsurance premium ceded using 1/365 method.

3.13 Creditors, accruals and provisions

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.14 Investments in subsidiary and associate

Investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings are carried at cost less impairment loss, if any.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of investments if any, in subsidiary and associates is reviewed to assess whether there is any indication that such investments have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. In making an estimate of recoverable amount of these investments, the management considers future dividend stream and an estimate of the terminal value of these investments. Impairment losses are recognized as expense in the profit and loss account.

Currently the Company has investment in AskTeck (Pvt.) Ltd. which is wholly owned subsidiary and classified as investments in subsidiary at reporting dates, presented in these financial statements.

3.15 Investments

3.15.1 Classification

The classification of financial assets is determined at initial recognition and depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Currently, the financial assets of the Company are classified into the following categories:

a) In equity securities

Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as available for sale investments is taken to a separate account which is shown in the statement of financial position as revaluation surplus. The surplus / (deficit) arising on these securities is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal or in case of impairment of securities. The unrealized surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as held for trading is taken to the profit and loss account. Provision for diminution in the values of securities is made after considering impairment, if any, in their value and is taken to profit and loss account. Impairment is booked when there is an objective evidence of significant or prolonged decline in the value of such securities. Unquoted investments are recorded at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

b) In debt securities

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities which the Company has the intention and ability to hold till maturity. Provision for impairment against debt securities is made in accordance with the requirements of the law. In case of unquoted equity securities, the breakup value of the security should be considered to determine impairment

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amount. Premium or discount on debt securities classified as available for sale and held to maturity is amortized using effective interest method and taken to the profit and loss account.

c) In term deposits

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed (short term) maturities which the Company has the intention and ability to hold till maturity.

Investments which are designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

3.15.2 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.16 Taxation

Current

Provision of current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year, if enacted. The charge for current tax also include adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments finalized during the current year for such years.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases and carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the profit and loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to other comprehensive income or equity in which case it is included in other comprehensive income or equity.

3.17 Employees' retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan a)

The Company operates a funded gratuity scheme covering all eligible employees completing the minimum qualifying year of service as specified by the scheme. The assets of the funded plan are held independently in a separate fund. Provision for gratuity is made to cover obligations under the scheme in accordance with the actuarial recommendations. The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2023.

Actuarial valuation was carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method based on the following significant assumptions:

	2023	2022
Discount rate	15.50% per annum	14.50% per annum
Expected return on plan assets	15.50% per annum	14.50% per annum
Expected rate of increase in salary	15.50% per annum	14.50% per annum
Average expected remaining working life time of the employee	8 years	8 years
Mortality rate	SLIC 2001 - 2005	SLIC 2001 - 2005

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The Company recognizes the actuarial gains or losses in other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

b) Defined contribution plan

The Company operates a recognized staff provident fund as a defined contribution plan for all eligible employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Company and the employees to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary. The Company's contribution is charged to income during the year.

c) Compensated absences

Provisions for compensated absences is recognized annually to cover the obligation for compensated absences and charged to profit and loss account. The provision is determined using the projected unit credit method.

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2023 based on the following significant assumptions:

Actuarial valuation was carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method based on the following significant assumptions:

	2023	2022
Discount rate	15.50% per annum	14.50% per annum
Expected rate of increase in salary	15.50% per annum	
Average number of leaves accumulated per annum	5 days	5 days
Mortality rate	SLIC 2001 - 2005	
	with 1 year setback	

3.18 Management expenses

Management expenses have been allocated to various classes of business on equitable basis. Expenses not allocable to underwriting business are charged under other expenses.

3.19 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

3.20 Segment reporting

A business segment is a distinguishable component of the Company that is engaged in providing services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. The Company accounts for segment reporting of operating results using the classes of business as specified under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017. The reported operating segments are also consistent with the internal reporting provided to Strategy Committee and Board of Directors which are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The performance of segments is evaluated on the basis of underwriting results of each segment. The Company has following business segments:

Fire insurance segment provides insurance cover against damages caused by fire, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, flood, electric fluctuation and impact.

Marine insurance segment provides coverage against cargo risk, war risk and damages occurring in inland transit.

Motor insurance provides comprehensive vehicle coverage and indemnity against third party loss.

Accident and health provides inpatient and outpatient medical coverage.

Miscellaneous insurance provides cover against burglary, loss of cash in safe and cash in transit, personal accident, money, engineering losses and other coverage.

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Investment and income taxes are managed on an overall basis and are therefore, not allocated to any segment. Assets, liabilities and capital expenditures that are directly attributable to segments have been assigned to them while the carrying amount of certain assets pertaining to two or more segments have been allocated to segments on a reasonable basis. Those assets and liabilities which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis are reported as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.

3.21 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into reporting currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are routed through profit and loss account.

3.22 Finance income

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, dividend income, exchange gain and changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading. Income on bank deposits is accrued on a time proportion basis using effective rate of interest. Income on investments is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the effective yield of such securities. Dividend income on equity investments is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established. Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

3.23 Impairment of assets

Non-derivative financial assets a)

All financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that loss event(s) had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes default or delinquency by a debtor, restructuring of an amount due to the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy, adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers and economic conditions that correlate with defaults or the disappearance of an active market for a security.

The Company considers evidence of impairment for financial assets measured at amortized cost at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant assets are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Assets that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together assets with similar risk characteristics.

In assessing collective impairment, the Company uses historical trends of the probability of default, the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgement as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or lesser than suggested by historical trends.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognized in profit or loss and reflected in as allowance against financial asset measured at amortized cost. Interest on the impaired asset is recognized only to the extent it is considered recoverable. When an event occurring after the impairment was recognized causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

b) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment, If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For impairment testing,

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assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

3.24 Right of use assets and lease liability

A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company mainly lease properties for its operations and recognizes a right-of use asset and lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability. The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight line method from the commencement date to the earlier of end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or end of lease term. The estimated useful lives of assets are determined on the same basis as that for owned assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate of the Company. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in assessment of whether extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term and low value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented in the same line item as it presents underlying assets for the same nature it owns.

3.25 Dividend Distribution

Cash dividends declared, bonus shares issued and other reserves' appropriations are recognized in the year in which these announcements or appropriations are made.

3.26 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Company in the management of its short-term commitments.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the requirements of accounting and reporting standards as applicable to insurance companies in Pakistan requires management to make judegments/estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. These judgements/estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience, current trends and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the estimates about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Actual results may differ from their estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

In particular, the matters involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are discussed below:

Income tax a)

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Company, the management takes into account current income tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. In making the provision for deferred taxes, estimates of the Company's future taxable profits are taken into account.

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Fixed assets, depreciation and amortization b)

In making estimates of the depreciation / amortization method, the management uses depreciation / amortization rate which reflects the pattern in which economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the Company. These rates are reviewed at each financial year end and if there is a change in the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets, the depreciation / amortization rates would be changed to reflect the change in pattern. Further, the assets' residual values are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

c) Outstanding claims including incurred but not reported (IBNR)

The liability for IBNR is computed through Chain Ladder Method (Development technique) in light of the guidelines issued by Insurance Division of SECP vide its Circular 9 of 2016 dated March 09, 2016 for estimation of IBNR claims reserve, the liability for IBNR for all classes of business is based on actuary recommendation. Any significant change in assumption used event may affect the management's judgement which could affect the provision made for IBNR. Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims and salvage recoveries are recognized as an asset and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

d) Premium deficiency reserves

The Company carries out an analysis of loss / combined ratios for the expired year, such ratio being calculated after taking into account the relevant IBNR provision for the determination of premium deficiency reserve for each class of business.

Defined benefit plan e)

Defined benefit plan is provided to eligible employees of the Company. Calculations in this respect require assumptions to be made of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increase in remuneration, the expected long-term return on plan assets and the discount rate used to convert future cash flows to current values. Calculations are sensitive to changes in the underlying assumptions.

f) Impairment

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Provisions for impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Provision against premium due but unpaid & amount due from other insurers/reinsurers g)

The Company reviews its premium due but unpaid and amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers portfolio to assess their recoverability and provision required there-against. While assessing this requirement, various factors including the delinquency and financial position of the counter party are considered.

h) Classification of investments

In classifying investments as "fair value through profit and loss" the Company has determined securities which are acquired with the intention to trade by taking advantage of short term market / interest rate movements.

In classifying investments as "held-to-maturity" the Company has determined financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity. In making this judgement, the Company evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity.

The investments which are not classified as fair value through profit and loss or held to maturity are classified as available for

i) Allocation of management expenses

Management expenses which are not specifically related to a class of business are allocated on all classes of business on equitable basis.

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Provisions j)

A provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

k) Fair value of investments

The fair value of held for trading and available for sale investments is determined by reference to their quoted closing repurchase price at the reporting date. Any change in the estimate might effect carrying amounts of investments held for trading with corresponding effect in profit and loss account. Fair value of held to maturity instruments is determined with reference to general interest rates prevailing in the market. Fair value of held to maturity investments is determined for disclosure purpose only.

I) Lease term

The Company applies judgement to determine the lease term for some lease contracts in which it is a lessee that includes renewal options. The assessment of whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liability and right of use assets recognized.

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in thou	
5	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating assets	5.1	324,278	395,144
			324,278	395,144

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		20	2023				
	Cost		Depre	Depreciation		Written	Useful life
As at A	Additions / Adjustments As at (Disposals) 31 December	As at I January	For the period	(Disposals) / As at as at Adjustments 31 December 31 December	As at 31 December	down value as at 31 December	(years)
146,412	146,412	12 14,648	3,660	1	18,308	128,104	40
27,572	2,616 - 30,188	88 19,413	3,099	(189)	22,323	7,865	5
Somputers and office equipment 61,391	2,572 - 63,963	63 48,757	7,861	(296)	55,651	8,312	က
23,448	1,908 - 25,356	56 18,505	2,225	628	21,358	3,998	5
215,021	(29,733) - 185,288	88 90,038	38,486	(29,327)	99,197	86,091	5
189,863	(2,173) - 187,690	90 93,207	29,105	(9,209)	113,103	74,587	2 to 20
95,347	8.841 - 104.188	88 84,265	7,079	(1,631)	89,713	14,475	က
37,462		62 32,538	4,078	1	36,616	846	က
796,516	1		207	(10 605)	456 269	324.278	

		Useful life	(years)
		Written	down value as at 31 December
			As at 31 December
		Depreciation	(Disposals) / As at Adjustments 31 December
Supees in thousand	22	Depre	For the period
Rupees in	2022		As at 1 January
			As at 31 December
	2022	st	Additions / Adjustments As at Disposals) 31 Decem
		Cost	Additions / (Disposals)
			As at 1 January

Building	5.1.1	146,412	1	1	146,412	10,988	3,660	ı	14,648	131,764	40
Furniture and fixtures		28,143	(572)	1	27,572	22,662	2,905	(6,154)	19,413	8,159	ಬ
Computers and office equipment		74,945	(13,554)	1	61,391	66,621	7,125	(24,989)	48,757	12,634	က
Motor vehicles (Owned)	-	23,775	(327)	1	23,448	15,914	3,201	(610)	18,505	4,943	5
Right of use assets - Motor vehicles		180,786	34,235	1	215,021	76,263	35,906	(22,131)	90,038	124,983	5
Right of use assets - Rental properties		188,618	1,245	,	189,863	62,512	27,427	3,268	93,207	96,656	2 to 20
Tracking devices		87,123	8,224	1	95,347	80,905	4,474	(1,114)	84,265	11,082	က
Leasehold improvements		37,462	ı	ı	37,462	26,960	5,578	1	32,538	4,924	m
		767,264	29,251		796,516	362,825	90,276	(51.730)	401.371	395.144	

This represents the carrying value of one office located at 8th Floor of Askari Tower, Lahore. The total area of the office is 5,460 square feet.

Oost of fully depreciated assets that are still in use as at December 31, 2023 is Rs. 118,635 thousand (2022: Rs. 186,538 thousand) 5.1.2

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						₩ W	depreciation		2000	
							Rupe	Rupees in thousand		
								2023		
Vehicles sold to following in-service/ resigning employees as per Company's policy	oer Company's policy									
Muhammad Asghar				<u> </u>	Buyer	502	502	1	1,325	1,325
Ahsan Azeem				ш	Buyer	571	571	1	1,480	1,480
Mansoor Shoaib				Employee	oyæ	1,582	1,582	1	1	
Rana Sarfraz				Employee	oyee	2,386	2,386	1	1	
Rashid Halim				Employee)yee	1,755	1,755		1	
Mian Shahid Mahmood				Employee	oyee	2,688	2,688			
Muhammad Shahzad Malik				Employee)yee	1,119	1,119		,	
Mubashir Ul Hasan				Employee	3,999	1,733	1,733	,	1	
Qaseemullah				Employee	3),000	1,652	1,652	,	,	
Zeeshan Sakeen				Employee)yee	1,072	1,072	,	1	
Ghufran Ali Chaudry				Employee)yee	1,072	1,072		,	
Rana Mujeeb Ur Rehman				Employee)yee	1,703	1,703			
Tariq Mehmood				Employee	3,986	1,551	1,551		,	
Haroon Altmad				Employee)yee	1,847	1,692	155	155	
Dr Saadat				Employee)yee	2,527	1,895	632	678	46
Farheen Rafique				Employee)yee	2,204	2,204		1	
Touqeer Ahmed				Employee	oyee	1,523	1,523	1	,	
Maqbool Ahmed				Employee	oyee	1,177	1,177	1	1	
Irfanullah Siddiqui				Employee	oyee	1,160	1,160	1	1	
Faisal Ishaq Qadri				Employee	oyee	1,360	1,360	1	1	
Aggregate value of other items with individual book value not exceeding Rs. 500,000/-	iot									
Motor vehicles (Owned)				Negotiation	ation	80	33	47	76	23
Furniture and fixtures				Negotiation	ation	253	159	94	94	
Computers and office equipment				Negotiation	ation	1,471	666	472	809	136
Right of use assets - Rental properties				Negotiation	ation	3,589	3,589			
Tracking devices				Negotiation	ation	2,930	1,632	1,298	1,297	
Total						39,507	36,809	2,698	5,713	3,016
2022						58,980	58,849	131	2,291	2,160
INTANGIBLE ASSETS		Cost				Amo	Amortization		Written down	Useful life
	As at 1 January	Additions / (Disposals)	Adjustments	As at 31 December	As at 1 January	For the period	d (Disposals) / Adjustments	As at 31 December	31 December	(in the second s
					Rupeesi	Rupees in thousand				
Computer software	15,779	•		15,779	5,998	3,462	-	9,460	6,319	2 to 10
Antivirus	760	1,095		1,855	549	272	1	821	1,034	က
2023	16,539	1,095	•	17,634	6,547	3,734	_	10,281	7,353	
Computer software	5,579	10,200	,	15,779	5,348	029	,	5,998	9,781	2 to 10
Antivirus	760			760	295	253	-	549	211	က

Details of disposal of fixed assets during the year

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7 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

This represents the carrying amount of two offices in Islamabad Stock Exchange building, classified as investment property based on the management's intention to hold the property for earning rentals and / or capital appreciation.

	2023	2022
	Rupees in th	
Cost		
Balance at beginning of the year	52,400	52,400
Balance at end of the year	52,400	52,400
Depreciation		
Balance at beginning of the year	(15,829)	(14,519)
Depreciation for the year	(1,310)	(1,310)
Balance at end of the year	(17,139)	(15,829)
	35,261	36,571
Useful life (years)	40	40

- 7.1 The market value of the investment property as on 31 December 2023 is Rs. 136.24 million (2022: Rs. 117.9 million) as per valuation carried out by an independent valuer. Useful life of the investment property is estimated to be 40 years.
- 7.2 The amount of depreciation has been allocated to management expenses.

			2023	2022
8	INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY	Note	Rupees in the	
	AskTech (Private) Limited - At cost	8.1	10,000	10,000

Rupees in thousand

0 1	Nama	Country of	Acceta	Liabilities	Povenues	(Loss) / Drofit	% interest
0.1	Name	Incorporation	Assets	Liabilities	Revenues	(Loss) / Profit	held
	AskTech (Private) Limited	Pakistan	48,912	34,218	64,862	(4,164)	100
					2022		
	AskTech (Private) Limited	Pakistan	40,711	21,996	78,741	8,253	100

8.2 AskTech (Private) Limited is engaged in establishing, developing, expanding, enhancing, managing and operating information technology services, GPS/GSM based tracking and systems. The Company acquired 100% shareholding in AskTech (Private) Limited in February 2019. The Company holds 99.96% shares of AskTech (Private) Limited whereas the directors nominated by the Company on the Board of Directors of AskTech (Private) Limited hold qualification shares of 0.04%.

			2023	2022
9	INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY SECURITIES	Note	Rupees in th	ousand
	Fair value through profit and loss	9.1	262,784	100,397
	Available-for-sale	9.2	470,061	241,591
	Total equity securities		732,845	341,988

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		Number of s	shares / units	20)23	202	22
		2023	2022	Cost	Carrying value	Cost	Carrying value
•••••					Rupees	in thousand	
9.1	Fair value through profit and loss						
	Mutual funds						
	Related Party				•		
	Army Welfare Trust (AWT) financial sector fund	-	998,443	-	_	100,306	100,397
	Army Welfare Trust (AWT) Islamic Income fund	2,490,833	-	261,271	262,784	-	-
		2,490,833	998,443	261,271	262,784	100,306	100,397
			2023			2022	
		Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value	Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value
				Rupees in	thousand		
9.2	Available-for-sale			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
•••••	Others		•	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		•
•••••	Listed shares	453,648	(36,648)	417,000	312,120	(34,972)	277,148
	Unrealized (deficit)/surplus on revaluation	-	-	53,061	-	-	(35,557)
		453,648	(36,648)	470,061	312,120	(34,972)	241,591

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_		2023			2022	
	Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value	Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value
			Rupees in	thousand		
Listed shares						
Artistic Denim Mills Limited	1,689	-	1,689	-	-	-
Askari Bank Limited	-	-	-	3,993	-	3,993
Attock Refinery Limited	24,976	-	24,976	-	-	-
Biafo Industries Limited	1,149	-	1,149	-	-	-
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited	1,328	-	1,328	-	-	-
Fauji Cement Company Limited	14,608	-	14,608	1,571	-	1,571
Faysal Bank Limited	5,333	-	5,333	676	=	676
Ghani Global Holdings Ltd. Consolidated	19,142	-	19,142	-	-	-
GlaxoSmithKline Pakistan Limited	1,178	(575)	603	1,178	(476)	702
Habib Bank Limited	35,874	(15,481)	20,393	35,874	(15,481)	20,393
Honda Atlas Cars (Pakistan) Limited	7,662	(4,614)	3,048	7,662	(2,176)	5,486
Indus Motor Company Limited	5,013	-	5,013	-	-	-
Interloop Limited	4,703	-	4,703	-	-	-
International Industries Limited	25,057	-	25,057	3,314	-	3,314
International Steels Limited	2,337	-	2,337	3,768	-	3,768
Lucky Cement	-	-	-	9,429	-	9,429
MCB Bank Limited	125,894	-	125,894	129,021	-	129,021
Millat Tractors Limited	23,163	-	23,163	-	-	-
Netsol Technologies Limited	29,008	-	29,008	-	=	-
National Refinery Limited	-	-	-	3,210	=	3,210
Nishat Mills Limited	-	-	-	2,796	-	2,796
Oil & Gas Development Company	17,176	-	17,176	24,313	=	24,313
Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited	-	-	_	18,036	(6,083)	11,953
Pakistan Oilfields Limited	6,445	_	6,445	-	-	-
Pakistan Petroleum Limited	-	_	_	19,850	-	19,850
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	30,006	(14,243)	15,763	30,006	(9,560)	20,446
SAZEW Engineering Works Limited	25,986	_	25,986	-	-	-
Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited	<u> </u>	_		6,484	-	6,484
System Limited	11,236	_	11,236		-	-
The Hub Power Company Limited	7,373	_	7,373	-	=	-
The Searl Company Limited	2,741	(1,735)	1,006	2,741	(1,196)	1,545
Treet Corporation Limited	698	-	698			-
United Bank Limited	23,873	_	23,873	8,198	-	8,198
	453,648	(36,648)	417,000	312,120	(34,972)	277,148
Unrealized surplus / (deficit) on revaluation			53,061	<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(35,557)
, , , ,			470,061			241,591

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				2023		2022		
			Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value	Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value
		Note			Rupees in	thousand		
	HELD TO MATURITY							
	Government Securities		•		•	•		•
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	10.1	1,749,454	-	1,749,454	2,172,187	-	2,172,187
	Treasury Bills	10.2.2	-	-	-	342,340	-	342,340
	ljarah Sukuks	10.3	1,024,614	-	1,024,614	-	-	
			2,774,068	-	2,774,068	2,514,527	=	2,514,527
	AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE		•					•
	Term Finance Certificates	10.4	160,000	-	160,000	160,000	-	160,000
	Sukuks	10.5	50,025	-	50,025	75,025	-	75,025
	Unrealized surplus on revaluation		-	-	-	-	-	290
			210,025	-	210,025	235,025	-	235,318
	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES		-					•
	Certificates of Investments		11,128	(11,128)	-	11,128	(11,128)	•
			2,995,221	(11,128)	2,984,093	2,760,680	(11,128)	2,749,84
10.1	Pakistan Investment Bonds							
	Face Value	Profit Rate %	Profit Payment	Type of	Security	Maturity Date	2023	2022
	Rupees						Rupees in	thousand
	50,000,000	8.75%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	12-Jul-28	42,164	40,97
	37,500,000	8.75%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	12-Jul-28	31,656	30,76
	25,000,000	9.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	19-Sep-24	24,529	23,92
	25,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	10-Dec-30	22,570	22,33
	50,000,000	9.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	19-Sep-24	50,037	50,07
	150,000,000	9.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	19-Sep-24	149,927	149,78
	200,000,000	7.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	20-Aug-23	-	197,42
	120,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	15-Oct-25	115,623	113,48
	50,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	10-Dec-30	44,705	44,19
	200,000,000	7.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	20-Aug-23	-	198,14
	350,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	15-Oct-25	341,028	336,59
	175,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	15-Oct-25	170,459	168,21
	200,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	10-Dec-30	183,024	181,36
	100,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	10-Dec-30	91,421	90,58
	70,000,000	7.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	20-Aug-23	25,000	69,37
	140,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	15-Oct-25	136,262	134,41
	60,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	10-Dec-30	54,544	54,01
	240,000,000	9.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	19-Sep-24	240,795	241,75
	30,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Inve	stment Bonds	29-Apr-27	25,710	24,73

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- These carry interest at effective rate of 9.06% to 13.49% per annum (2022: 8.49% to 13.49% per annum) and will mature by 10 December 10.1.1 2030 (2022: 10 December 2030), Market value of PIBs carried at amortised cost amounts to Rs. 1,605.23 million (2022: Rs.2,276.06 million).
- Pakistan investment bonds are placed as statutory deposit with State Bank of Pakistan in accordance with the requirements of clause (a) 10.2.1 of sub section 2 of section 29 of Insurance Ordinance, 2000.

10.2.2	Treasury Bills						
	Face Value	Profit Rate %	Profit Payment	Type of Security	Maturity Date	2023	2022
	Rupees					Rupees in	thousand
	75,000,000	15.67%	Maturity	Treasury Bills	12-Jan-23	-	72,389
	175,000,000	15.70%	Maturity	Treasury Bills	26-Jan-23	-	168,898
	105,000,000	16.97%	Maturity	Treasury Bills	9-Mar-23	-	101,053
						-	342,340

10.3	ljara Sukuk						
	Face Value	Profit Rate %	Profit Payment	Type of Security	Maturity Date	2023	2022
	Rupees					Rupees in t	housand
	100,000,000	23.60%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	17-Apr-24	100,003	
	250,000,000	22.56%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	26-Jun-24	250,017	
	125,000,000	22.79%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	20-Sep-24	125,000	
	250,000,000	22.79%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	20-Sep-24	250,003	
	75,000,000	22.87%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	26-Jun-28	74,789	
	150,000,000	22.87%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	26-Jun-28	149,638	
	75,000,000		Maturity	ljara Sukuk		75,164	
						1,024,614	

These carry interest at effective rate of 22.62% to 23.00% per annum (2022: nil) and will mature by 26 June 2028 (2022: nil). Market 10.3.1 value of liara Sukuk carried at amortised cost amounts to Rs. 1,172.56 million (2022: Rs.nil).

10.4	Term Finance Certificates						
	Number of ce		Credit rating	Mark up Rate	Investee name	Value of Ce	
	2023	2022				2023	2022
						Rupees in	thousand
	15,000	15,000	AA	6-M KIBOR Plus 150 bps	Bank Al Habib	75,000	75,000
	15,000	15,000	AA	6-M KIBOR Plus 150 bps	Bank Alfalah	75,000	75,000
	2,000	2,000			Soneri Bank	10,000	10,000
						160,000	160,000

10.4.1 The term finance certificates have a maturity of ten years and are maturing on 05 January 2028 to 20 December 2028 (2022: 05 January 2028 to 20 December 2028)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10.5	Sukuks	<u></u>				
	Number of ce	rtificates	Mark up Rate	Investee name	Value of Ce	ertificates
	2023	2022	······		2023	2022
					Rupees in	thousand
	50	50	Based on Monthly Shariah Pool	Meezan Bank Limited	50,025	50,025
	_	500	3-M KIBOR Plus 190 bps	The Hub Power Company Limited	_	25,000
			Cost of certificates		50,025	75,025
			Unrealized surplus / (de	eficit) on revaluation	-	293
			Carrying value		50,025	75,318
				2023	20	22
			Note	Rupees in	thousand	
11	LOANS AND OTHER RE	CEIVABLES				
	Sundry receivables		11.1	187,617		137,573
	Advances to employees		11.2	356		342
	Staff house building financ	e	11.3	3,096		3,129
	Accrued investment incom	ne		68,687		56,393
				259,756		197,437
11.1	Sundry receivables					
	Security deposits			17,618		16,333
	Advances to suppliers - ur	nsecured, con	nsidered good	2,997		3,373
	Receivable against sale of	laptops		1,940		5,060
	Receivable against sale of	vehicles		611		611
	Receivable from subsidiary	/	11.4	13,418		5,003
	Deposit against vehicles lja	arah		24,425		28,220
	Health Claim recoverable			21,689		21,557
	Earnest money			91,841		49,028
	Other receivables - unsec	ured, conside	red good	17,616		8,388
				192,155		137,573
	Less: Provision for impairn	nent against h	ealth claims recoverable	(4,538)		-
				187,617		137,573

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11.2 These represent short term interest free advances given in accordance with terms of employment. These are secured and considered good. The maximum amount due from executives at the end of any month during the year was Rs. Nil (2022: Rs. Nil) and outstanding balance at 31 December 2023 is Rs. Nil (2022: Rs. Nil).
- 11.3 These represent housebuilding finance loans given to employees in accordance with terms of employment. Interest is charged at the rate of 6 months KIBOR. These are secured and considered good.

		2023	2022
		Rupees in t	nousand
11.4	Receivable from subsidiary:		
	Balance at beginning of the year	5,003	599
	Services acquired	(29,779)	(74,537)
	Paid during the year	38,194	78,941
	Balance at end of the year	13,418	5,003

		2023	2022
	Note	Rupees in tho	
 INSURANCE / REINSURANCE RECEIVABLES			
Due from insurance contract holders	12.1	1,413,449	1,336,412
Less: provision for impairment of receivables from			
insurance contract holders	12.2	(15,640)	(9,965)
		1,397,809	1,326,447
Due from other insurers / reinsurers	12.4	72,237	149,051
Less: provision for impairment of receivables from			
other insurers / reinsurers	12.5	(5,588)	(619)
		66,649	148,432
		1,464,458	1,474,879

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12.1 Due from insurance contract holders

This includes premium amounting to Rs.3,282 thousand (2022: Rs. 2,712 thousand) and Rs.114,187 thousand (2022: Rs. 81,627 thousand) receivable from the Parent and associated undertakings respectively, the movement of which is as follows:

		2023	2022
		Rupees in tho	usand
	Receivable from parent:		
	Balance at beginning of the year	2,712	2,611
	Insurance premium written (including government levies,		
	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	12,209	10,619
	Premium received during the year	(11,639)	(10,518)
	Balance at end of the year	3,282	2,712
	Receivable from associated undertakings:		
	Balance at beginning of the year	81,627	78,077
	Insurance premium written (including government levies,		
	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	217,484	147,782
	Premium received during the year	(184,924)	(144,232)
	Balance at end of the year	114,187	81,627
12.2	Provision for doubtful balances		
	Balance at beginning of the year	9,965	10,174
	Provision made / (reversed) during the year	5,675	(209)
	Balance at end of the year	15,640	9,965

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2023	2022
		Rupees in tho	ousand
12.3	Age analysis of amounts receivable from		
	related parties:		
	Receivable from parent:		
	Up to 1 year	3,021	2,457
	1 to 2 years	261	228
	2 to 3 years	-	27
		3,282	2,712
	Receivable from associated undertakings:		
	Up to 1 year	111,019	79,314
	1 to 2 years	3,036	1,463
	2 to 3 years	133	850
		114,188	81,627
12.4	Due from other insurers / reinsurers		
	Considered good	66,649	148,432
	Considered doubtful	5,588	619
		72,237	149,051
	Provision for doubtful balances	(5,588)	(619)
		66,649	148,432
12.5	Provision for doubtful balances		
	Balance at beginning of the year	619	5,392
	Provision made during the year	4,969	(4,773)
	Balance at end of the year	5,588	619

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

13 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

The company operates an approved gratuity scheme for all employees. The eligible employees under the scheme are 335 (2022: 327). The latest actuarial valuation of gratuity scheme was carried out as at 31 December 2023 under the Projected Unit Credit Method as per the requirements of approved accounting standard - International Accounting Standard 19, the details of which are as follows:

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in tho	usand
13.1	Amount recognized in the balance sheet			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	13.3	251,385	212,020
	Benefits due but not paid during the year		2,074	4,012
			253,459	216,032
	Fair value of plan assets	13.4	(244,421)	(185,357)
	Net liability at end of the year		9,038	30,675
13.2	Movement in liability recognized in balance sheet			
	Balance at beginning of the year		30,675	40,109
	Expense for the year		18,089	19,113
	Actuarial (gain) / loss recognized in other comprehens	sive		
	income		(9,843)	(3,015)
			38,921	56,207
	Contributions to the fund during the year		(29,883)	(25,532)
	Balance at end of the year		9,038	30,675
13.3	Reconciliation of the present value of defined ben	efits obligation		
	Present value of obligations as at beginning of the yea	ar	212,020	178,024
	Current service cost		16,389	16,378
	Interest cost		30,045	20,597
	Benefits paid		(6,924)	(2,972)
	Benefits due but not paid		(771)	(2,507)
	Actuarial (gain) / loss		626	2,500
	Present value of obligations as at end of the year		251,385	212,020

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Mutual funds

Fair value of plan assets

			2023	3	2022
13.4	Movement in the fair value of plan assets			Rupees in thousa	nd
	Fair value of plan assets as at beginning of th	ne year		185,357	141,982
	Interest income on plan assets			28,345	17,861
	Contribution to the fund			29,883	25,532
	Benefits paid			(9,633)	(5,533)
	Actuarial gain / (loss)			10,469	5,515
	Fair value of plan assets as at end of the year	ar		244,421	185,357
13.5	Expense for the year				
	Current service cost			16,389	16,378
	Interest cost		30,045	20,596	
	Interest income on plan assets			(28,345)	(17,861)
	Expense for the year			18,089	19,113
13.6	The estimated charge to profit & loss accour 23,407 thousand and expected contribution			nding December 31	, 2024 is Rs.
		for the year ending 31	, 2024 is Rs 12,16	3 thousands.	
13.7	Composition of fair value of plan assets	for the year ending 31	, 2024 is Rs 12,16	3 thousands.	
13.7	<u> </u>	for the year ending 31		3 thousands.	2
13.7	<u> </u>				2 Percentage
13.7	<u> </u>	202	23	202:	
13.7	<u> </u>	202 Fair value Rupees in	Percentage	202: Fair value Rupees in	Percentage

70,949

244,421

29%

100%

162,277

185,358

88%

100%

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

13.8	Comparison of present value of defined obligation, fair value of plan assets and surplus / (deficit) of gratuity fund for the last four years:							
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
		Rupees in thousand						
	Present value of defined							
	benefit obligation	•	212,020	178,024	142,393	124,970		
	Fair value of plan assets	(244,421)	(185,357)	(141,982)	(108,435)	(89,814)		
	Deficit	6,964	26,663	36,042	33,958	35,156		
	Effect of remeasurement:							
	- Actuarial (gain) / loss on							
	experience adjustment							
	on obligation	626	2,500	14,483	1,488	(2,409)		

13.9 Sensitivity Analysis

- Actuarial (loss) / gain on

on plan assets

The calculation of the defined benefit obligation is sensitive to the assumption used. The following table summarizes the impact on the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period as a result of a change in the respective assumptions by one percent.

5,515

(3,528)

(2,046)

(9,262)

	Increase / decrease in defined benefit obligation			
	2023 2022)22
		Rupees in	n thousand	
	1% increase	1% decrease	1% increase	1% decrease
Discount rate	233,387	272,623	195,693	230,689
Future salary growth	272,652	232,964	230,719	195,374

10,469

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized within the statement of financial position.

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3.10	Significant Actuarial Assumption				
	The following significant assumptions have been used for value	lation of this scheme:			
		2023	2022		
	a) Expected rate of increase in salary level	15.50%	14.50%		
	b) Discount rate	15 50%	14 50%		

13.11 Risks

These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks, such as longevity risk, currency risk, interest rate risk, final salary risk, asset volatility, withdrawal and market (investment) risk.

14 STAFF COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The company provides leave encashment plan to all employees. The eligible employees under the scheme are 335 (2022 : 327). The latest actuarial valuation of leave encashment was carried out as at December 31, 2023 under the Projected Unit Credit Method as per the requirements of approved accounting standard - International Accounting Standard 19, the details of which are as follows:

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in tho	ousand
		14.1	50,871	44,185
14.1	Movement in liability			
	Balance at beginning of the year		44,185	38,633
	Charge for the year	14.1.1	9,176	7,526
	Benefits paid		(2,490)	(1,974)
	Balance at end of the year		50,871	44,185
14.1.1	Charge for the year			
	Current service cost		3,311	3,150
	Interest cost		6,226	4,423
	Actuarial loss / (gain) on experience adjustment		(361)	(47)
			9,176	7,526

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023		2022
15	DEFERRED TAXATION	Rupees in the	ousand
	Deferred tax asset in respect of:		
	On deductible temporary diffrences		
	- Provision for impairment in loans and receivables investments	4,340	3,673
	- Effect of remeasurement of staff retirement benefit plans	1,414	5,253
	- Unrealized losses on AFS investments	-	11,637
	- Provision against premium due but unpaid	6,100	3,288
	- Provision against amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers	2,179	204
	- Provision for diminution in value of AFS investments	14,293	11,540
	- Provision against health claims excess receivable	1,770	_
	On taxable temporary diffrences		
	- Unrealized gains on AFS investments	(20,694)	-
	- Right of use assets net of lease liability	(1,030)	-
		8,372	35,595
5.1	Movement in deferred tax balances is as follows:		
	As at January 01	35,595	21,945
	Recognized in profit & loss account:		
	- Provision for impairment in loans and receivables investments	667	446
	- Provision against premium due but unpaid	2,812	338
	- Provision against amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers	1,975	(1,359)
	- Provision for diminution in value of AFS investments	2,753	11,540
	- Provision against health claims excess receivable	1,770	-
	- Right of use assets net of lease liability	(1,030)	-
		8,947	10,965
	Recognized in OCI:		
	- Effect of remeasurement of staff retirement benefit plans	(3,839)	(996)
	- Unrealized (gains) / losses on AFS investments	(32,331)	3,681
		(36,170)	2,685
		8,372	35,595

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			2023	2022
			Rupees in tho	ousand
16	PREPAYMENTS			
	Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded		645,855	665,084
	Prepaid rent		3,725	2,624
	Others		4,010	4,169
			653,590	671,877
17	CASH AND BANK			
	Cash & cash equivalents:			
	Cash in hand		1,582	1,561
	Policy & Revenue stamps, Bond papers		1,388	762
			2,970	2,323
	Cash at bank:			
	Current accounts		33,108	24,146
	Deposit accounts - local currency	17.1	278,921	265,141
			312,029	289,287

These carry an annual effective markup rate ranging from 7% to 20.5% (2022: 3.7% to 14.5%). 17.1

^{17.2} During the year, the Company has obtained running finance facility of Rs. 300,000 thousand from Bank Al Habib Limited at 3 months average KIBOR + 0.4%, prevailing on the date of disbursement. Tenor of the facility is one year. 110% lein is marked over market value of Pakistan Investment Bonds as security procured through Bank Al Habib's account maintained at Pak Oman Investment Bank. the facility is not utilized as at year end.

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18	SHARE CAPITA	·L			202	3	2022
18.1	Authorized Cap	ital			Ru	pees in	thousand
	100,000,000		Ordinary shares of Rs. 1	10 each	1,000,	000	1,000,000
18.2	Issued, subscr	ibed and paid-u	p share capital				
	2023	2022			2	2023	2022
	Number o	of shares				Rupee	es in thousand
			Ordinary shares of Rs. 1	10 each issued a	S:		
	24,358,699	24,358,699	- fully paid cash shares		243,	,587	243,587
	47,543,196	47,543,196	- fully paid bonus share	es	475,	,432	475,432
	71,901,895	71,901,895			719	,019	719,019
18.3	Army Welfare Tr						
10.3			ely at the year end.		2023		2022
10.3				Note	2023 Rupees in th		
19							
	shares of the Co						
	shares of the Co	ompany respectiv					
	shares of the Control	ompany respectiv			Rupees in th		d
	shares of the Control	es			Rupees in th		d
	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve	es			Rupees in th		121,161
	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve	es			Rupees in th		121,161 70,000
	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve	es			70,000 32,652		70,000 (23,923)
19	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve	es es on reserve			70,000 32,652 102,652		70,000 (23,923) 46,077
	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve	es es on reserve			70,000 32,652 102,652		70,000 (23,923) 46,077
19	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve AFS Revaluation	es es on reserve			70,000 32,652 102,652 223,813		70,000 (23,923) 46,077 167,238

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20.1 Liabilities against assets - secured

	2023		2022				
	Minimum lease payments	Financial charges for future periods	Present value of minimum lease payments	Minimum lease payments	Financial charges for future periods	Present value of minimum lease payments	
			Rupees in t				
Not later than one year	76,506	21,526	54,980	80,398	23,824	56,785	
Later than one year and not later than five years	93,969	27,304	66,665	141,624	30,832	110,792	
Later than five years	56,953	20,560	36,393	52,688	20,510	32,177	
	227,428	69,390	158,038	274,710	75,166	199,754	

20.2 Interest rate used in calculation of lease liability is 6-months KIBOR + 0.7% for vehicles and 1-year KIBOR + 1% for rental properties.

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in tho	usand
21	INSURANCE / REINSURANCE PAYABLES		•	
	Amount due to other insurers		712,051	604,421
	Amount due to foreign reinsurers		177,478	429,688
			889,529	1,034,109
22	OTHER CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS			
	Agents' commission payable		104,427	78,762
	Tax deducted at source		8,672	5,148
	Federal excise duty / federal insurance fee		45,378	75,903
	Accrued expenses		35,425	11,014
	Fund received against leased vehicle	22.1	16,080	22,583
	Fund received against vehicle ljarah	22.1	10,869	13,550
	Unearned rental income		6,646	2,376
	Others		41,232	45,610
			268,729	254,946
22.1	Funds received from executives			
	Fund received against leased vehicle		7,870	9,589
	Fund received against vehicle ljarah		6,086	5,472
			13,956	15,061

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS
23.1	Contingencies
23.1.1	The Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue Unit VII, Range III, Zone II Large Taxpayer Unit, Islamabad framed an order under section 161/205 of the Ordinance raising an income tax demand of Rs. 4.25 million for alleged non-withholding of income tax on payments made in relation to various account heads for the Tax Year 2015. The Company filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [the CIR(A)] against the impugned order. The CIR(A) confirmed the demand raised through the order. Being aggrieved with the order of the CIR(A), the Company filed second appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue [the Tribunal], which is subjudice till date. Based on the facts of the case the Company is hopeful that appeal will be decided in its favour.
23.1.2	Income tax assessments for Assessment Years 1996-1997 to 1999-2000 were finalized by the tax authorities mainly by curtailing management expenses and thereby raising income tax demand aggregating to Rs. 6.6 million. On appeals filed by the Company, these assessments were set aside by the Tribunal. The Company has filed reference applications to the High Court on question of admissibility of management expenses for the Assessment Years 1996-1997 to 1999-2000. The management of the Company firmly believes that the matter will be decided in their favour.
23.1.3	The Commissioner Inland Revenue Zone II, Large Taxpayer Unit, Islamabad selected case of the Company for Audit for the Tax Year 2015 under section 177 of the Ordinance and required the Company to furnish records/documents for the relevant period. The Company filed a constitutional writ petition to challenge the selection process for Audit before the Islamabad High Court [IHC] on 19 January 2018 which petition was dismissed on 02 February 2023 by the IHC. As a result of which the IR authority has resumed the Audit proceedings. The Company has filed a reply for partial compliance and is in the process of compiling the requisite information and has requested for extension in time to comply with the Notice.
23.1.4	Taxation officer of Sindh Revenue Board [SRB] framed the Order-in-Original No. 285 of 2022 dated 11 February 2022 raising a demand of Rs. 288.13 million on account of non-payment of Sindh Sales Tax [SST] on reinsurance premiums and commission from reinsurer for the period January 2014 to December 2015. The Company has filed an appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals), SRB which is subjudice till to date.
23.1.5	Taxation officer of SRB issued show cause notice No. 81802 dated 28 January 2022 thereby confronting the Company on alleged short declaration of insurance premiums and short payment of SST thereon. The Company had obtained stay from the Sindh High Court against the proceedings initiated through the show cause notice.
23.1.6	Taxation officer of SRB raised observation on account of claiming inadmissible input tax adjustment of Rs. 1,699,449 and short payment of withheld SST amounting to Rs. 503,906 on services received by the Company during the tax periods January 2020 to December 2021. The Company has filed a comprehensive reply against the notice. There is no further progress on the matter till date.
23.1.7	Additional Commissioner of Punjab Revenue Authority [PRA] raised observation on claim of inadmissible input tax adjustment of Rs. 12,813,614 during the tax periods July 2014 to October 2022. The Company explained its position through our letter dated 29 May 2023 to the Officer, however there is no further progress on the matter.
23.1.8	The Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Audit Unit-V, Large Taxpayer's Unit, Islamabad issued an Order-in-Original No. 04/2020 dated 31 December 2020 raising a demand of Rs. 1.39 million on account of inadmissible claim of input tax credit and short payment of Federal Excise Duty for the tax period 2017. The Company preferred an appeal before the CIR(A) who deleted the tax demand to the extent of Rs. 9,277 and upheld the remaining tax demand through Order-in-Appeal No. 06 dated 12 July 2021. Being aggrieved with the appellate Order of the CIR(A), the Company has filed an appeal before the Tribunal which is pending disposal till date. The Company has deposited total of 15% of the impugned tax demand to avail stay against the recovery of the impugned tax demand.
23.1.9	The Company filed writ petition before the Honorable Lahore High Court [LHC]. The LHC, through its Order No. W.P.No.75277/2022 dated 02 January 2023, allowed the Company to file the return of total income for the Tax Year 2022 by excluding Super Tax liability worked out under section 4C of the Ordinance subject to deposit of post-dated cheque equivalent to the Super Tax liability for the year. The writ petition is pending decision before the LHC till to date.
23.1.10	The Company filed writ petition before the Islamabad High Court [IHC] to challenge retrospective application of enhanced rate of Super Tax from 4% to 10% in light of the amendments brought in through the Finance Act 2023. The IHC through writ petition Order 3504/2023 dated 06 November 2023 has granted interim stay against the recovery of Super Tax in excess of the tax rate as laid down before the aforesaid amendment. In light of the decision of the IHC, the Company has filed its return of total income for the Tax Year 2023 by discharging its Super Tax liability at the rate of 4% of its income. The writ petition is pending decision before the IHC till to date.

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Others				
23.1.11	Certain claims have been filed against the Company. The manageme that the above mentioned matters are most likely to be decided in fax no charge is required to be recognised and carried in the financial facts of the claims believes that expected outcome of these cases we these financial statements is not likely to be material.	our of the Company at superior statements. Management on the	appellate forums and e basis of nature and		
23.2	Commitments				
23.2.1	The Company's commitment under ljarah arrangement with Meeza million). The contracts have a term of five years.	n Bank Limited is Rs. 77.29 mil	lion (2022; Rs 67.04		
		2023	2022		
	Rupees in thousand				
	Future Minimum Ijarah (lease) payments are as under:				
	Not later than one year	23,381	16,861		
	Later than one year and not later than five years	53,914	50,186		
		77,295	67,047		
	ljarah payments recognized in expense during the year	29,364	16,506		
23.2.2	The Company's commitment under rental agreements with lease term of less than 1 year are:				
	Not later than one year	3,725	2,624		
	Rental payments recognized in expense during the year	14,781	10,544		

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		2023	2022				
		Rupees in tho	usand				
24	NET INSURANCE PREMIUM						
	Written gross premium	4,907,753	4,042,262				
	Add: Uneamed premium reserve opening	1,823,622	1,719,511				
	Less: Unearned premium reserve closing	(2,062,367)	(1,823,622)				
	Premium earned	4,669,008	3,938,151				
	Less: Reinsurance premium ceded	1,798,570	1,616,229				
	Add: Prepaid reinsurance premium opening	665,084	559,058				
	Less: Prepaid reinsurance premium closing	(645,855)	(665,084)				
	Reinsurance expense	1,817,799	1,510,203				
		2,851,209	2,427,948				
25	NET INSURANCE CLAIMS	NET INSURANCE CLAIMS					
	Claims paid	2,476,418	1,889,692				
	Add: Outstanding claims including IBNR closing						
	Add. Catalang dan lendading ibi in tologing	1,450,640	763,291				
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening	1,450,640 (763,291)	763,291 (639,160)				
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening	(763,291)	(639,160)				
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening Claims expense	(763,291) 3,163,767	(639,160) 2,013,823				
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening Claims expense Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries received	(763,291) 3,163,767	(639,160) 2,013,823				
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening Claims expense Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries received Add: Reinsurance and other recoveries in	(763,291) 3,163,767 791,501	(639,160) 2,013,823 400,386				
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening Claims expense Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries received Add: Reinsurance and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims closing	(763,291) 3,163,767 791,501	(639,160) 2,013,823 400,386				
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening Claims expense Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries received Add: Reinsurance and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims closing Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries in	(763,291) 3,163,767 791,501 888,923	(639,160) 2,013,823 400,386 310,712				

25.1 Claim Development

The Company maintains adequate reserves in respect of its insurance business in order to protect against adverse future claims experience and developments. The uncertainties about the amount and timing of claim payments are normally resolved within one year. The following table shows the development of the claims over a period of time. All amounts are presented in gross numbers before reinsurance.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Accident Year	2018 & prior	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Total
					Rupees in thousand		
At the end of accident year		25,764		1,735,753	2,058,520	2,880,739	
One year later	32,402	29,863		549,750		-	
Two years later	53,890	,	40,409	54,701	-	-	
Three years later	45,198	39,460	6,217	-	-	-	
Four years later	24,639	8,495	-	-	-	-	
Five year later	14,330	-	-	-	-	-	
Current estimate of cumulative claims	14,330			54,701	1,059,883	2,880,739	4,024,36
Less: Cumulative payments to date	(1,442)	(1,770)	2,202	25,738	906,067	1,642,930	2,573,72
Liability recognized in statement of financial position	15,772	10,265	4,015	28,963	153,816	1,237,809	1,450,64

25.2 The provision for IBNR on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out as at December 31, 2023 amounted to Rs. 326,517 thousands (2022: Rs 304,102 thousands).

		2023	2022
26	NET COMMISSION AND OTHER ACQUISITION COSTS	Rupees in	thousand
	Commission paid or payable	394,563	264,794
	Add: Deferred commission expense opening	108,258	102,363
	Less: Deferred commission expense closing	(154,757)	(108,258)
	Net commission	348,064	258,899
•	Less: Commission received or recoverable	378,728	337,403
	Add: Unearned reinsurance commission opening	113,761	97,068
	Less: Unearned reinsurance commission closing	(122,020)	(113,761)
	Commission from reinsurers	370,469	320,710
		(22,405)	(61,811)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

			2023	2022
27	MANAGEMENT EXPENSES	Note	Rupees in tho	ousand
•••••	Employees benefit cost	27.1	609,930	522,761
	Rent		11,373	10,544
	Communication		7,291	8,341
	Tracker devices		4,765	5,455
	Monitoring of trackers		26,230	27,770
	Printing and stationery		19,842	11,653
	Traveling and entertainment		9,459	6,766
	Depreciation and amortization		100,635	92,491
	Repair and maintenance		12,491	13,440
•••••	Utilities		24,740	21,579
•••••	Advertisement		1,783	1,352
•••••	Legal and professional charges		8,488	8,673
•••••	Bank charges		2,212	1,813
•••••	Provision against premium due but unpaid		10,645	(4,982)
•••••	Provision against health claims excess receivable		4,538	-
•••••	Vehicle Ijarah rentals		29,364	16,506
•••••	Miscellaneous		22,540	10,969
			906,326	755,131
27.1	Employees benefit cost			
•••••	Salaries, allowance and other benefits		570,420	485,328
•••••	Charges for post employment benefits	27.2	39,510	37,433
			609,930	522,761

This includes charges for defined benefit plans, staff compensated absences and defined contribution plans amounting to 27.2 Rs. 19.43 million (2022: Rs. 19.11 million), Rs. 7.89 million (2022: Rs. 7.52 million) and Rs. 16.19 million (2022: Rs. 14.51 million) respectively.

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			2023	2022
28	INVESTMENT INCOME	Note	Rupees in tho	usand
	Dividend income on investments			
	Dividend income on securities held for trading		39,754	528
	Dividend income on available for sale investments		29,109	18,722
			68,863	19,250
	Income from debt securities			
	Return on government securities		284,171	246,415
	Return on other fixed income securities		47,949	36,985
			332,120	283,400
	Net realised gains on investments			
	Gain on trading of held for trading investments		30,008	1,521
	(Loss) / Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments		19,059	(1,184
			49,067	337
	Unrealized profit on re-measurement of			
	investments held for trading		1,513	91
	Provision for diminution in available-for-sale investments		(1,678)	(34,970
	Reversal for diminution in value of Certificate			
	of Investments		-	
	Investment related expenses		(30)	(148
	Total investment income		449,855	267,960
29	RENTAL INCOME			
	Rental income		6,528	6,013
	Less: expenses of investment property		(56)	(22)
			6,472	5,991
30	OTHER INCOME			
	Profit on bank deposits		57,265	25,661
	Gain on sale of fixed assets	5.1.3	3,016	2,160
	Mark-up on staff house building finance	······································	646	477
	Funds amortized against leased vehicles	······	10,429	7,692
	Others		735	17,049
			72,091	53,039

			2023	2022
31	OTHER EXPENSES	Note	Rupees in tho	usand
	Subscription		8,092	7,026
	Auditors' remuneration	31.1	2,330	2,135
			10,422	9,161
31.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		1,150	1,135
	Half yearly review		450	450
	Special purpose review		275	250
	Code of Corporate Governance		125	100
	Other certifications		300	200
			2,330	2,135
32	FINANCE COSTS			
	Interest on lease liabilities		23,304	24,964
	Interest on running finance		3	641
			23,307	25,605
33	WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS - OPF			
	Wakala fee		222,394	170,125
	Management expenses		(107,321)	(94,636)
	Commission expenses		(68,750)	(49,248)
	Modarib's share of PTF investment income		15,823	9,797
	Investment income		35,787	19,784
	Other income - net		6,571	5,547
	Profit from Window Takaful Operations - OPF		104,504	61,369
34	INCOMETAX EXPENSE			
	For the year			
	- Current		316,453	204,405
	- Prior year		32,402	-
	Deferred		(8,947)	(10,964)
			339,908	193,441

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

34.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting pro	ofit			
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		Effective tax	k rate - %	Rupees in	thousand
	Profit for the year before taxation			772,426	540,031
	Tax at the applicable rate	39.00%	33.00%	301,246	156,609
	Effect of items that are not considered				
	in determining taxable income - net	0.81%	3.48%	6,260	18,788
	Effect of prior year adjustment	4.19%	3.34%	32,402	18,044
		44.00%	35.82%	339,908	193,441
34.2	Taxation charged to other comprehensive income				
	Deferred tax income / (expense)			(36,170)	2,686
				2023	2022
35	EARNINGS PER SHARE			Rupees in	thousand
	Profit after tax (Rupees in thousand)			432,518	346,590
	Weighted average number of shares			71,902	71,902
	Earnings (after tax) per share - (Rupees)			6.02	4.82

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

36 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

36.1 The aggregate amounts charged in these unconsolidated financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits, to the Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the Company are as follows:

		2023			2022	
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
			Rupees in t	housand		
Fees	-	1,690	-	=	1,560	-
Managerial remuneration	21,456	-	53,679	18,658	-	41,826
Leave encashment	1,267	-	1,631	949	-	1,213
Bonus	9,329	-	20,481	8,113	-	15,890
Charge to defined benefit plan	1,728	-	3,704	1,744	=	3,695
Rent and house maintenance	9,655	-	24,156	8,396	-	18,518
Utilities	2,146	-	5,368	1,866	-	4,115
Conveyance	420	-	1,541	935	-	10,019
Provident fund	1,787	-	3,671	1,554	=	2,955
Others	138	-	10,532	597	=	11,912
	47,926	1,690	124,763	42,812	1,560	110,143
No of person(s)	1	8	31	1	8	25

^{36.2} The Chief Executive and Executives are also provided with Company maintained cars.

As defined in fourth Schedule of Companies Act 2017 (Amended vide S.R.O. 1169 (I)/2017 dated November 7th, 2017), "executive" means an employee, other than the chief executive and directors, whose basic salary exceeds twelve hundred thousand rupees in a financial year

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

37 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is a subsidiary of Army Welfare Trust ("the parent company") therefore all subsidiaries and associated undertakings of the parent company are related parties of the Company. Other related parties comprise of directors, key management personnel, entities with common directorships and entities over which the directors are able to exercise influence. Balances with related parties are shown in the note 12.1 and 11.4 and the remuneration of chief executive, executives and directors is disclosed in note 36 to the unconsolidated financial statements. Transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

		2023	2022
Tra	ansactions with the parent company:	Rupees in the	ousand
Ins	surance premium written (including government levies		
	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	12,209	10,619
Pr	emium received during the period	11,639	10,519
Ins	surance claims paid	5,973	2,842
Re	ent paid	32,171	29,782
Di	vidend Paid	112,892	106,502
Tra	ansactions with subsidiary:		
Se	ervices acquired	29,779	74,537
Pa	ayments made	(38,194)	(78,941)
Ins	surance premium written (including government levies		
i	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	1,022	1,044
Pr	emium received during the period	1,014	1,035
Ins	surance claims paid	1,116	740
Tra	ansactions with associated undertakings:		
Ar	rmy Welfare Sugar Mills		
Ins	surance premium written (including government levies		
i	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	17,987	12,402
Pr	emium received during the period	18,059	12,454
Ins	surance claims paid	373	672
As	skari Aviation (Private) Limited		
Ins	surance premium written (including government levies		
i	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	2,414	2,593
Pr	emium received during the period	2,553	3,241
Ins	surance claims paid	-	917

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Askari Development and Holdings (Private) Limited	Rupees in the	ousand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	13,642	7,320
Premium received during the period	490	7,760
Insurance claims paid	40,427	249
Askari Enterprises (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	303	240
Premium received during the period	206	336
Insurance claims paid	48	50
Askari CNG and Fuels	<u>.</u>	
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	5,325	4,878
Premium received during the period	5,272	7,50
Insurance claims paid	1,949	369
Askari Guards (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	116,252	60,880
Premium received during the period	96,547	61,81
Insurance claims paid	3,956	15,99
Askari Lagoon Faisalabad		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	219	6
Premium received during the period	285	20
Insurance claims paid	56	

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Askari Shoe Project	Rupees in t	housand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	4,044	2,403
Premium received during the period	2,690	2,390
Insurance claims paid	407	1,046
Askari Tours and Travels		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	1,008	1,095
Premium received during the period	2,521	224
Insurance claims paid	535	30
Askari Woolen Mills		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	2,582	1,264
Premium received during the period	2,074	1,346
Insurance claims paid	402	180
AWT Plaza Project		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	223	223
Premium received during the period	728	-
Insurance claims paid	142	240
Blue Lagoon		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	476	505
Premium received during the period	218	664
Insurance claims paid	226	-

	2023	2022
Fauji Security Services (Private) Limited	Rupees in tho	ousand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	32,311	25,149
Premium received during the period	32,167	22,686
Insurance claims paid	1,571	1,129
MAL Pakistan Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	8,649	15,003
Premium received during the period	10,295	12,648
Insurance claims paid	11,185	5,017
Petrosel Lubricants (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	-	(149
Premium received during the period	-	
Insurance claims paid	-	
Army Welfare Housing Scheme		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	544	566
Premium received during the period	544	520
Insurance claims paid	35	24

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Army Welfare Real Estate Division	Rupees in t	housand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	1,948	2,210
Premium received during the period	1,591	2,058
Insurance claims paid	1,016	599
Askari Apparel		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	-	(206)
Premium received during the period	-	-
Insurance claims paid	-	-
AWT Investments Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	34	2,878
Premium received during the period	-	2,313
Insurance claims paid	75	1,809
Services Travels		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	90	92
Premium received during the period	90	92
Insurance claims paid	-	17
Askari Life Assurance		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	2,015	1,640
Premium received during the period	1,992	4,101
Insurance claims paid	719	3,691

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Askari Seeds	Rupees in th	nousand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	1,871	1,360
Premium received during the period	1,852	1,40
Insurance claims paid	473	36
Medask		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	5,478	5,22
Premium received during the period	4,587	43
Insurance claims paid	1,756	1,49
Jolidays (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	137	14
Premium received during the period	162	
Insurance claims paid	9	Ī
Transactions with other related parties		
Contributions to Employees Provident Fund Trust	47,811	47,43

NANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

					2023					
	Held-for- trading	Available-for- sale	Held-to- maturity	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
			Rupe	Rupees in thousand						
Financial assets measured at fair value										
Investment at fair value through profit and loss	262,784	1	1	1	1	262,784	262,784	1	1	262,784
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income	1	470,061	1		1	470,061	470,061	1		470,061
Investment at fair value through profit and loss - WTO	215,340	1	1	1	1	215,340	155,471	1	1	155,471
Investment at available for sale - WTO	1	7,916	1	1	1	7,916	7,916	1	1	7,916
Financial assets not measured at fair value										
Investments										
- Government securities	•		2,774,068	1	1	2,774,068	1	1	2,777,794	2,777,794
- Fixed term deposits	•	210,025	1	1	1	210,025	1	1	1	1
Loans to employees	1	1	1	356	1	356	T	1	1	1
Accrued investment income*	1		1	68,687	1	68,687	1	1	1	1
Staff house building finance	1		1	3,096	1	3,096	1	1	1	1
Sundry receivables*	1	1	1	187,617	1	187,617	1	1	1	1
Amounts due from insurance contract holders*	1	1	1	1,397,809		1,397,809	1	1	1	1
Amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers*	1		1	66,649		66,649	1	1	1	1
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims*	1		1	888,923	1	888,923	1	1	1	1
Salvage recoveries accrued*	1	,	1	2,633	1	2,633	1	1	1	1
Cash and bank deposits*	1	1	1	314,999	1	314,999	1	1	1	1
Total assets of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	1		•	191,800		191,800	1	1		1
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value										
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)*	1	1	1	1	(1,450,640) (1,450,640)	(1,450,640)	1	1	1	1
Lease liabilities	1	1	1	1	(158,038)	(158,038)	1	1	1	1
Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers*	1	1	1	1	(889,529)	(889,529)	1	1	1	1
Unclaimed dividend*	1	1	•		(13,291)	(13,291)	1	1	1	1
Accrued expenses*	1	1	1	1	(35,425)	(35,425)	1	1	1	1
Other creditors and accruals*	1	1	1	1	(158,650)	(158,650)	1	1	1	1
Deposits and other payables*	1	1	1	1	(69,164)	(69,164)	1	1	1	1
Total liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	1	1	1	1	(139,902)	(139,902)	1	1	1	1
	478,124	688,002	2,774,068	3,122,569	(2.914,639)	4,148,124	896,232	'	2,777,794	3,674,026

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value. It does not

include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Available-formaturity Held-to-Lore and financial sale Other financial financial financial Fortal Level 1 Level 1 Level 3						2022					
TOO 397 TOO		Held-for- trading	Available-for- sale	Held-to- maturity	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
100,397 100,				Rupe	es in thousand						
100,397 100,	Financial assets measured at fair value										
WITO 155,477 266,683	Investment at fair value through profit and loss	100,397	1	1	1	1	100,397	100,397	,	1	100,397
WITO 155,471 . . . 156,471 .	Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income	1	266,883	1	1	1	266,883	241,591	1	25,292	266,883
1, 22,008 1, 000	Investment at fair value through profit and loss - WTO	155,471	1	1	1	1	155,471	155,471	1	1	155,471
### 1875/14/527 - 2,514,527 - 2,514,527 2,514,527 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 - 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025 2,10,025	Investment at available for sale - WTO	1	22,008	1	1	1	22,008	17,008	1	5,000	22,008
aime* - 2514,527 - 2514,527 - 210,026 - 342 - 347 - 342 - 344 - 345 - 344 - 345 - 344 - 345 -	Financial assets not measured at fair value										
alms* 210,025 210,025 242 242 342 342 342 342 342 3	Investments										
FF - 210,025 342 210,026 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 342 31,129 1137,573 1137,573 11326,447 11326,447 11326,447 11326,447 11326,447 11326,447 11326,447 1148,422 148,422 148,422 148,422 291,610 291,610 291,610 291,610 291,610 291,610 161,395 161,395 (193,744) (193,744) (193,744) (193,744) (193,744) (193,744) (193,744) (193,744) (193,744) (193,744) (193,744)	- Government securities	1	1	2,514,527	1	1	2,514,527	1	'	2,276,061	2,276,061
## Section 1975/19	- Fixed term deposits	1	210,025	1	1	1	210,025	1	1	1	,
mins*	Loans to employees	1	1	1	342	1	342	1	1	,	,
aims*	Accrued investment income*	'		1	56,393		56,393	,	'		'
137,573	Staff house building finance	1	1	1	3,129		3,129	1	1	1	'
aims* 1,326,447 - 1,326,447 1,326,447 148,422 148,422 148,422 310,712 310,712 291,610 291,610 161,395 161,395 161,395 (193,754) (193,754) (193,754) (193,754) (1,034,109)	Sundry receivables*	1		1	137,573	,	137,573	1	1	1	'
Jaims* 148,432 148,432	Amounts due from insurance contract holders*				1,326,447		1,326,447	1	1		'
st outstanding claims* 3,341 - 3,341 3,341	Amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers*	1	,		148,432		148,432	,	1		'
sured at fair value 291,610 - 291,610	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims*			1	310,712		310,712	1	1		'
sured at fair value sured at fair value sured at fair value -	Salvage recoveries accrued*		1	1	3,341	1	3,341	1	1	1	'
uirced at fair value -	Cash and bank deposits*	1	ı	1	291,610	1	291,610	ı	1	1	'
sured at fair value 1.8 (including IBNR)* 2.	Total assets of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	1	1	1	161,395	1	161,395	1	1	,	1
s / reinsuriers* (763,291) (763,291) (199,754) (199,754) (199,754) (199,754) (1,034,109) (1,034,109) (1,034,109) (1,014) (11,014) (11,014) (243,932) (243,932) (59,061) (59,061) (59,061) (59,061) (38,258) (38,258) (38,258) (38,258)	Financial liabilities not measured at fair value						1				
s / reinsuriers* (1,034,109) (1,034,109) (1,034,109) (1,034,109) (1,034,109) (1,034,109) (1,014) (11,014) (11,014) (11,014) (11,014) (11,014) (1,014) (11,014)	Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)*			1	1	(763,291)	(763,291)	1	1		
s / reinsurers* (1,034,109) (1,034,109) (9,708) (9,708) (9,708) (9,708) (11,014) (11,014) (243,932) (243,932) (59,061) (59,061) (69,061) (59,061) (69,061) (59,061) (69,061) (59,061) (69,061) (59,061) (69,061) (59,061) (69,061) (59,061) (69,061) (59,061) (69,061) (59,061)	Lease liabilities		1	1	1	(199,754)	(199,754)	1	1		'
(9,708) (9,708)	Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers*	'	,	1	,	(1,034,109)	(1,034,109)	1	'	,	
(11,014) (11,014) (243,932) (243,932) (59,061)	Unclaimed dividend*			1	1	(802'6)	(9,708)	1	1		'
(243,932) (243,932) (240,932) (39,061) (59,061)	Accrued expenses*	1		,	,	(11,014)	(11,014)	,	1		'
iful Operations - OPF (38,258) (38,258) (38,258) (38,258)	Other creditors and accruals*			1	1	(243,932)	(243,932)	1	1		
(38,258) (38,258)	Deposits and other payables*	'	,	,	,	(59,061)	(59,061)	,	'		'
	Total liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	1		1	ı	(38,258)	(38,258)	ı	1	1	'
040000 0 00000 0 770000 0 7700 0 0000		000	000	0 4 7 1	400040	0 0 0	0.00	17 407		04000	

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying The Company has not disclosed the fair value of these items because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements: values and the fair values estimates.

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Fire and property damage		Marine, aviation and transport	and transport	Motor	or	Accident and health	nd health	Miscellaneous	neous	Total	al
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
						Rupees ir	Rupees in thousand					
Premium receivable (inclusive of Federal Excise Duty, Federal Insurance Fee and Administrative surcharge)	1,060,111	804,706	589,165	356,741	1,453,290	1,256,430	1,408,786	1,051,637	930,536	997,901	5,441,888	4,467,415
Less:Federal Excise Duty	140,766	108,075	66,540	39,841	194,496	170,938	1,889		63,744	52,694	467,435	371,548
Federal Insurance Fee	9,377	6,920	5,090	2,993	12,359	10,809	13,873	10,316	8,502	9,384	49,201	40,422
Stamp Duty	326	352	15,533	11,808	675	785	774	7	191	233	17,499	13,184
Gross written premium (inclusive of administrative surcharge)	909,642	689,359	502,002	302,099	1,245,760	1,073,898	1,392,250	1,041,315	858,099	935,590	4,907,753	4,042,262
Gross premium	899,835	689,555	493,523	294,490	1,205,520	1,035,181	1,386,699	1,037,527	845,204	925,329	4,830,781	3,982,083
Administrative surcharge	7,325	6,222	10,098	9,378	40,442	38,669	1,055	982	9,345	7,588	68,265	62,842
Facultative inward premium	2,031	4,372	1		1	ı	1	ı	1	851	2,031	5,223
Service charges	451	(10,790)	(1,619)	(1,769)	(202)	48	4,496	2,803	3,550	1,822	6,676	(7,886)
Insurance premium earned	825,716	603'809	489,190	267,356	1,154,734	1,037,289	1,273,545	1,112,123	925,823	917,774	4,669,008	3,938,151
Insurance premium ceded to reinsurers	(734,057)	(549,258)	(323,880)	(184,159)	(43,064)	(41,800)	49	(35,116)	(716,847)	(698'669)	(1,817,799)	(1,510,202)
Net insurance premium	91,659	54,351	165,310	83,197	1,111,670	995,489	1,273,594	1,077,007	208,976	217,905	2,851,209	2,427,949
Commission income	136.063	119.221	90.460	60.252	5.374	4.285	(8)	5.619	138.580	131.333	370.469	320,710
Net underwriting income	227,722	173,572	255,770	143,449	1,117,044	999,774	1,273,586	1,082,626	347,556	349,238	3,221,678	2,748,659
Insurance claims	(870,240)	(182,373)	(137,942)	(91,509)	(532,096)	(493,866)	(1,185,051)	(967,841)	(438,438)	(278,233)	(3,163,767)	(2,013,822)
Insurance claims recovered from reinsueres	841,859	160,076	117,785	73,557	23,686	(1,156)	11,709	30,904	374,673	202,251	1,369,712	465,632
Net claims	(28,381)	(22,297)	(20,157)	(17,952)	(508,410)	(495,022)	(1,173,342)	(936,937)	(63,765)	(75,982)	(1,794,055)	(1,548,190)
Commission expense	(96,327)	(66,201)	(78,235)	(40,011)	(58,026)	(47,507)	(49,728)	(33,221)	(65,748)	(71,960)	(348,064)	(258,900)
Management expense	(48,273)	(27,435)	(87,061)	(41,996)	(626,135)	(544,590)	(34,798)	(31,116)	(110,058)	(109,994)	(906,326)	(755,131)
Underwriting results	54,741	62,639	70,317	43,491	(75,527)	(87,345)	15,718	81,352	107,984	91,302	173,233	186,438
Investment income											449,855	267,960
Rental income											6,472	5,991
Other income											72,091	53,039
Finance costs											(23,307)	(25,605)
Other expenses											(10,422)	(9,161)
											667,922	478,662
Profit before tax from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	w Takaful Oper	ations - OPF									104,504	61,369
Dunfit hadana tan												

39.5	39.2 Segment Assets and Liabilities	ilities											
		Fire and prope	rty damage	Fire and property damage Marine, aviation and transport	and transport	Motor	'n	Accident and health	nd health	Miscellaneous	Snoət	Total	a
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
							Rupees in thousand	thousand					l
	Corporate Segment assets - Conventional	egment onventional 1,056,719 510,344	510,344		336,372 214,609 770,376	770,376	814,691	832,414	841,465	485,023	576,309	841,465 485,023 576,309 3,480,904	2,957,418
	Corporate Segment assets - Takaful OPF	33,319	24,080	14,431	12,165	46,350	37,509	7,857	2,024	5,358	4,278	107,315	80,056
	Corporate unallocated assets - Conventional											4,360,414	3,679,847
	Corporate unallocated assets - Takaful OPF											334,557	286,888
	Consolidated total assets									•		8,283,190	7,004,209
	Corporate Segment liabilities - Conventional	1,145,290	569,126	336,081	252,662	1,283,117	1,196,123	252,662 1,283,117 1,196,123 1,473,259 1,274,827 694,778 716,26	1,274,827	694,778	716,257	4,932,525	4,008,995
	Corporate Segment liabilities - Takaful OPF	31,626	26,738	6,951	12,654	63,801	61,242	15,488	3,033	5,461	5,228	123,327	108,895
	Corporate unallocated Segment liabilities - Conventional											448,844	414,186
	Corporate unallocated Segment liabilities - Takaful OPF											29,879	10,024
	Consolidated total liabilities											5,534,575	4,542,100

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Held to maturity	Available- for -sale	Fair value through P&L	Loans and receivables	Total
			Rupees in thousan	nd	
At beginning of previous year	2,296,767	467,691	673	-	2,765,131
Additions	1,699,489	338,471	809,099	-	2,847,059
Disposals (sale and redemptions)	(1,481,729)	(286,449)	(709,466)	-	(2,477,644)
Fair value net gain (excluding net realised gains)	-	(42,804)	91	-	(42,713)
Designated at fair value through profit / loss upon initial recognition	-	-	-	-	-
Classified as held for trading	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment (loss) / reversal	-	-	-	-	-
At beginning of current year	2,514,527	476,909	100,397	-	3,091,833
Additions					
Disposals (sale and redemptions)	1,064,060	296,198	1,917,137	-	3,277,395
Fair value net gain (excluding net realised gains)	(804,519)	(179,669)	(1,756,172)	-	(2,740,360)
Designated at fair value through profit / loss		86,646	1,424		88,070
upon initial recognition			1,424	<u> </u>	66,070
	_	-	-	-	-
Classified as held for trading					
Classified as held for trading Impairment reversal	-	-	-	_	-

MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE RISK 41

41.1 Financial risk

The Company's activities exposes it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest / mark-up rate risk and price risk). The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance. The Company consistently manages its exposure to financial risk without any material change from previous year in the manner described in notes below.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing the Company's risk management policies.

i)

Credit risk is the risk that arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

Concentration of credit risk occurs when a number of counterparties have a similar type of business activities. As a result, any change in economic, political or other conditions would effect their ability to meet contractual obligations in similar manner. The management monitors and limits the Company's exposure to credit risk through monitoring of client's exposure and maintaining conservative estimates of provisions for doubtful assets, if required. The management believes it is not exposed to significant concentration of credit risk as its financial assets are adequately diversified in entities of sound financial standing, covering various industrial sectors.

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	2023	2022
	Rupees in the	ousand
Bank deposits	312,029	289,28
nvestments	3,716,938	3,091,83
Salvage recoveries accrued	2,633	3,34
Amounts due from insurance contract holders	1,397,809	1,326,44
Amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers	66,649	148,43
Accrued investment income	68,687	56,39
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	888,923	310,71
Staff house building finance	3,096	3,12
Sundry receivables	187,617	137,57
	6,644,381	5,367,14

The Company does not hold any collateral against the above balances except for staff house building finance. Provision against receivable is written off when the Company expects that it cannot recover the balance due. Except as already provided for in these unconsolidated financial statements, past due balances were not impaired as they relate to a number of policy holders and other insurers / reinsurers for whom there is no recent history of default. The age analysis of gross receivables is as follows:

	Amount due from insurance contract holders	Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	Sundry receivables	2023 Aggregate	2022 Aggregate
			Rupees in			
Up to 1 year	1,189,134	65,875	772,612	187,617	2,215,238	1,667,646
1-2 years	208,825	774	88,611	-	298,210	219,267
2-3 years	10,451	5,588	9,070	-	25,109	20,337
Over 3 years	5,039	-	18,630	-	23,669	26,498
	1,413,449	72,237	888,923	187,617	2,562,226	1,933,748

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	Rating Financial institution	F	Rating	Rating agency	2023	2022
		Long term	Short term		Rupees in	thousand
	Askari Bank Limited	AA+	A1+	PACRA	283,313	237,284
	Bank Makramah Limited	Un Rated	Un Rated	VIS	31	957
	(Formerly:Summit Bank Limited)					
•••••	Habib Bank Limited	AAA	A-1+	VIS	1,829	852
	Faysal Bank Limited	AA	A1+	PACRA	2,021	2,001
	Bank Al Falah Limited	AA+	A1+	PACRA	4	7
••••	Bank Al-Habib Limited	AAA	A1+	PACRA	868	1,356
	Meezan Bank Limited	AAA	A-1+	VIS	3,065	14,988
	The Bank Of Punjab	AA+	A1+	PACRA	3,189	387
	NRSP Microfinance Bank	A-	A2	PACRA	40	1,409
	JS Bank Limited	AA-	A1+	PACRA	2,645	1,116
	Bank Of Khyber	A+	A1	PACRA	2,938	1,294
•••••	Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank	Exempted	Exempted	Not applicable	742	1,565
•	Zarai Taraqiyati Bank	AAA	A-1+	VIS	7,840	2,441
	Allied Bank Limited	AAA	A1+	PACRA	990	2,459
	Finca Microfinance Bank	Α-	A2	PACRA	983	3,098
	U Microfinance Bank	A+	A-1	VIS	393	1C
	MCB Bank Limited	AAA	A1+	PACRA	1,092	-
	United Bank Limited	AAA	A-1+	VIS	44	18,064
	Bank of Azad Jammu & Kashmir	Un Rated	Un Rated		2	=
					312,029	289,288
b)	The credit quality of amounts due from other assessed with reference to external credit ra	r insurers / reinsurers ating as follows:	and reinsurance re	ecoveries against ou	tstanding claims ca	an be
				2023		2022
			Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	Aggregate	Aggregate
				Rupees in th	nousand	
	Rating		72,237	888,923	961,160	459,763
•••••	A or above		-	-	-	-
	Others		72,237	888,923	961,160	459,763

The Company has diversified portfolio of investment to mitigate the risk. The credit risk exposure relates to investment in debt securities as C) mentioned in note 10 to the unconsolidated financial statements. The Company has also maintained a provision against certain certificates of investments as disclosed in note 10 to the unconsolidated financial statements.

ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities. Liquidity requirements are monitored by management to ensure that adequate funds are available to meet any obligations as they arise. To guard against risk, the Company has diversified funding sources and assets are managed with liquidity in mind, maintaining a healthy balance of cash and cash equivalents and readily marketable securities.

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities. The contractual maturities of these liabilities at the year end have been determined on the basis of the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Financial liabilities not having a contractual maturity are assumed to mature on the expected date on which these liabilities will be settled.

		202	.3	
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Up to one year	More than one year
		Rupees in t	housand	
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)	1,450,640	1,450,640	1,450,640	
Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers	889,529	889,529	889,529	
Other creditors and accruals	152,845	152,845	152,845	-
Unclaimed dividend	13,291	13,291	13,291	-
Deposits and other payables	69,164	69,164	69,164	-
Lease liabilities	158,038	158,038	54,980	103,058
Other liabilities	41,230	41,230	41,230	
Total liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	139,902	139,902	139,902	
	2,914,639	2,914,639	2,811,581	103,058
		202	12	
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Up to one year	More than one year
		Rupees in t	housand	•••••
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)	763,291	763,291	763,291	
Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers	1,034,109	1,034,109	1,034,109	
Other creditors and accruals	89,777	89,777	89,777	•••••
Unclaimed dividend	9,708	9,708	9,708	•••••
Deposits and other payables	59,061	59,061	59,061	•••••
Lease Liabilities	199,754	199,754	56,785	142,969
Other liabilities	45,610	45,610	45,610	•••••
Total liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	115,988	115,988	115,988	
	2,317,298	2,317,298	2,174,329	142,969

iii) Market risk

a) Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of change in market variable such as interest / mark up rate, foreign exchange rate and equity prices. The objective is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. The market risks associated with the Company's business activities are interest / mark up rate risk and price risk.

Interest / mark up rate risk

Interest / mark-up rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest / mark up rates. The Company invests in securities and has deposits that are subject to interest / mark up rates risk. The Company limits interest / mark up rate risk by monitoring changes in interest / mark up rates in the currencies in which its cash and investments are denominated. The Company's financial liabilities are not exposed to interest / mark up rate risk. At the balance sheet date exposure to interest bearing financial assets is as follows:

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	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Effective interes	est rate (%)	Carrying a	mounts
			Rupees in t	
Fixed rate financial assets				
Investments	9.06% to 13.49%	8.49% to 13.49%	1,749,454	2,514,527
Variable rate financial assets				
Deposit accounts		3.70% to 14.50%	278,921	265,141
Investments	15.67% to 23.60%	8.13% to 22.97%	1,234,639	235,318
			3.263.014	3.014.986

b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company, at present, is not materially exposed to currency risk as majority of the transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

Price risk c)

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company's listed securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about the future value of investment securities. The Company limits market risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio and by continuous monitoring of developments in equity

The following table summarises the Company's price risk as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. It shows the effects of an estimated increase of 10% in the market prices as on those dates. A decrease of 10% in the fair values of the listed securities would affect it in a similar and opposite manner.

	Fair value	+10% -10% +10%	Effect on fair value
	Rupees in thousand		Rupees in thousand
December 31, 2023	732,845	+10%	73,285
	732,845	-10%	(73,285)
December 31, 2022	341,988	+10%	34,199
	341,988	-10%	(34,199)

iv) Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The carrying values of all financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values except for available for sale and held to maturity investments whose fair values are determined for disclosure purpose only and have been disclosed in their respective notes to these financial statements.

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Determination of fair values

Fair values have been determined for measurement / or disclosure purpose based on the following methods:

Investment in fair value through profit and loss account - held for trading

The fair value of held for trading investment is determined by reference to their closing repurchase price / price quoted on the stock exchange at the reporting date.

Available-for-sale investment

The fair value of available for sale investment is determined by reference to their closing repurchase price / price quoted on the stock exchange at the reporting date. They are being carried at fair value.

Held to maturity investment

Fair value for held to maturity investment is estimated as the present values of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. They are being carried at fair value.

Non-derivatives financial assets and liabilities

The fair value is estimated based on the present values of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. However, since these assets and liabilities are due to be settled within one year, their fair values approximate their carrying values.

v) Capital management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its business.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions.

In accordance with the requirements of the Insurance Rules, 2017 issued by the SECP, minimum paid-up capital requirement to be complied with by insurance/ takaful companies as at December 31, 2017 and for subsequent years is Rs. 500 million. As at 31 December 2023, the Company's paid-up capital is in excess of the prescribed limit.

41.2 Insurance risk

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. By the very nature of an insurance contract, this risk is random and therefore unpredictable. The principal risk that the Company faces under its insurance contracts is that the actual claims exceed the carrying amount of the insurance liabilities. This could occur because the frequency or severity of claims is greater than estimated. Insurance events are random, and the actual number and amount of claims will vary from year to year from the level established.

Based on past experience, management is of the view that the larger the portfolio of similar insurance contracts, the smaller the relative variability about the expected outcome is. In addition, a more diversified portfolio is less likely to be affected by a change in any subset of the portfolio. The Company has developed its insurance underwriting strategy to diversify the type of insurance risks accepted and within each of these categories to achieve a sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome.

Factors that aggravate insurance risk include lack of risk diversification in terms of type and amount of risk, geographical location and type of industry covered.

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(a) Frequency and severity of claims

Political, environmental, economical and climatic changes give rise to more frequent and severe extreme events (for example, fire, theft, steal, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, hurricanes, typhoons, river flooding, electric fluctuation, terrorism, war risk, damages occurring in inland transit, burglary, loss of cash in safe and cash in transit, travel and personal accident, money losses, engineering losses and other events) and their consequences (for example subsidence claims). For certain contracts, the Company has also limited the number of claims that can be paid in any policy year or introduced a maximum amount payable for claims in any policy year.

Insurance contracts which are divided into direct and facultative arrangements are further subdivided into five segments: fire, marine, motor, accident and health and miscellaneous. The insurance risk arising from these contracts is concentrated in the territories in which the Company operates, and there is a balance between commercial and personal properties / assets in the overall portfolio of insured properties / assets. The Company underwrites insurance contract in Pakistan.

The Company manages these risks through its underwriting strategy, adequate reinsurance arrangements and proactive claims handling.

The underwriting strategy attempts to ensure that the underwritten risks are well diversified in terms of type and amount of risk, industry and geography. The Company has the right to re-price the risk on renewal. It also has the ability to impose deductibles and reject fraudulent claims. Insurance contracts also entitle the Company to pursue third parties for payment of some or all costs (for example, subrogation). The claim payments are limited to the extent of sum insured on occurrence of the insured event.

The Company has entered into reinsurance cover / arrangements with local and foreign reinsurers having good credit rating by reputable rating agencies, to reduce its exposure to risks and resulting claims. Keeping in view the maximum exposure in respect of key zone aggregates, a number of proportional and non-proportional facultative reinsurance arrangements are in place to protect the net account in case of a major catastrophe. The effect of such reinsurance arrangements is that the Company recovers the share of claims from reinsurers thereby reducing its exposure to risk. Apart from the adequate event limit which is a multiple of the treaty capacity or the primary recovery from the proportional reinsurance arrangements, any loss over and above the said limit would be recovered under non-proportional treaty which is very much in line with the risk management philosophy of the Company. In compliance of the regulatory requirement, the reinsurance agreements are duly submitted with Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on an annual basis.

The Company has claims department dealing with the mitigation of risks surrounding claims incurred whether reported or not. This department investigates and settles all claims based on surveyor's report / assessment. The unsettled claims are reviewed individually on a periodic basis and adjusted to reflect the latest information on the underlying facts, contractual terms and conditions, and other factors. The Company actively manages and pursues early settlements of claims to reduce its exposure to unpredictable developments.

Sources of uncertainty in the estimation of future claim payments (b)

Claims reported and otherwise are analyzed separately. The development of large losses / catastrophes is analyzed separately. The shorter settlement year for claims allows the Company to achieve a higher degree of certainty about the estimated cost of claims including IBNR. However, the longer time needed to assess the emergence of a subsidence claim makes the estimation process more uncertain for these claims.

The estimated cost of claims includes direct expenses to be incurred in settling claims, net of the expected subrogation value, reinsurance and other recoveries. The Company takes all reasonable steps to ensure that it has appropriate information regarding its claims exposures. However, given the uncertainty in establishing claims provisions, it is likely that the final outcome may be different from the original liability established. The liability comprises amount in relations to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR), expected claims settlement costs and a provision for unexpired risks at the end of the reporting year.

Liability in respect of outstanding claims is based on the best estimate of the claims intimated or assessed. In calculating the estimated cost of unpaid claims (both reported and not), the Company estimation techniques are a combination of loss-ratiobased estimates (where the loss ratio is defined as the ratio between the ultimate cost of insurance claims and insurance premiums earned in a prior financial years in relation to such claims) and an estimate based upon actual claims experience using predetermined basis where greater weight is given to actual claims experience as time passes.

In estimating the liability for the cost of reported claims not yet paid, the Company considers any information available from surveyor's assessment and information on the cost of settling claims with similar characteristics in previous years. Claims are assessed on a case-by-case basis separately.

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Particulars		Age-wise Breakup						
	Total amount	1 to 6 months	nonths months months		25 to 36 months	Beyond 36 months		
		Rupees in thousand						
Claims not encashed	91,630	74,084	5,307	5,203	7,036			

(c) Key assumptions

The principal assumption underlying the liability estimation of IBNR and Premium Deficiency Reserves is that the Company's future claim development will follow similar historical pattern for occurrence and reporting. The management uses qualitative judgement to assess the extent to which past occurrence and reporting pattern will not apply in future. The judgement includes external factors e.g. treatment of one-off occurrence claims, changes in market factors, economic conditions, etc.

(d) Changes in assumptions

The Company did not change its assumptions for the insurance contracts as disclosed in above (b) and (c).

(e) Sensitivity analysis

The risks associated with the insurance contracts are complex and subject to number of variables which complicate quantitative sensitivity analysis. The Company makes various assumptions and techniques based on past claims development experience. This includes indications such as average claims cost, ultimate claim numbers and expected loss ratios. The Company considers that the liability for insurance claims recognized in the balance sheet is adequate. However, actual experience will differ from the expected outcome.

As the Company enters into short term insurance contracts, it does not assume any significant impact of changes in market conditions on unexpired risks. However, some results of sensitivity testing are set out below, showing the impact on profit before tax net of reinsurance.

	Profit before tax		Shareholders' equity	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
		Rupees in thousand		nousand
10% increase in loss				
Fire and property damage	(2,267)	(1,789)	(1,383)	(1,199)
Marine aviation and transport	(2,283)	(2,154)	(1,393)	(1,443)
Motor	(18,635)	(16,626)	(11,368)	(11,139)
Health	(27,862)	(20,524)	(16,996)	(13,751)
Miscellaneous	(5,125)	(4,165)	(3,126)	(2,791)
	(56,172)	(45,258)	(34,266)	(30,323)

A 10% decrease would have had equal but opposite effect on the profit and loss account and shareholders' equity.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, to the Company's profit before tax and equity based upon closing balances and rates:

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Increase / (decrease) in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on equity	
December 31, 2023		Rupees in thousand		
	100	4,420	2,962	
	-100	(4,420)	(2,962)	
December 31, 2022	100	4,533	3,037	
	-100	(4,533)	(3,037)	

(f) Concentration of insurance risk

A concentration of risk may also arise from a single insurance contract issued to a particular type of policyholder, within a geographical location or to types of commercial business. The Company minimizes its exposure to significant losses by obtaining reinsurance from a number of reinsurers, who are dispersed over several geographical regions.

To optimize benefits from the principle of average and law of large numbers, geographical spread of risk is of extreme importance. There are a number of parameters which are significant in assessing the accumulation of risks with reference to the geographical location, the most important of which is risk survey. The concentration of risk by type of contracts is summarized below by reference to liabilities.

	Gross sum insured	Reinsurance	Net
	Rı	pees in thousand	
2023			
Fire and property	780,701,269	687,318,387	93,382,882
Marine, aviation and transport	599,779,334	451,603,841	148,175,493
Motor	93,152,036	2,922,553	90,229,483
Miscellaneous	376,242,357	210,609,007	165,633,350
	1,849,874,996	1,352,453,788	497,421,208
2022			
Fire and property	744,390,706	666,441,971	77,948,735
Marine, aviation and transport	613,988,830	372,182,600	241,806,230
Motor	67,852,699	1,885,714	65,966,985
Miscellaneous	482,876,418	371,986,705	110,889,713
	1,909,108,653	1,412,496,990	496,611,663
The Company's class wise major risk exposure is as follows:			
		Maximum Gross F	Risk Exposure
	•	2023	2022
	•	Rupees in th	nousand
Fire and property		90,907,420	90,869,307
Marine, aviation and transport		33,265,697	37,400,000
Motor		3,039,852	3,078,032
Liability		2,070,000	1,890,000
Miscellaneous		25,630,000	23,196,748
•	······	······································	······

				202	3			
	Effective rate % per annum	Interest / r	Interest / mark-up bearing financial Non-inte instruments fina			erest / mark-up bearing ancial instruments		
		Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Total
				Rupees in t	housand			
Financial assets							·•····································	•
Investments								
Equity securities		-	-	-	732,845	-	732,845	732,84
Debt securities	8.49% to 13.49%	249,493	2,734,600	2,984,093	-	-	-	2,984,09
Loans and other receivables		181	2,915	3,096	261,198	-	261,198	264,29
Insurance / reinsurance receivables		-	-	-	1,464,458	-	1,464,458	1,464,45
Reinsurance recoveries against								
outstanding claims		-	-	-	888,923	-	888,923	888,92
Salvage recoveries accrued		-	-	-	2,633	-	2,633	2,63
Cash and bank	7% to 20.5%	278,921	-	278,921	36,078	-	36,078	314,99
Total assets of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund		223,256	-	223,256	191,800	-	191,800	415,05
		751,851	2,737,515	3,489,366	3,577,935	-	3,577,935	7,067,30
Financial liabilities		· <u>······</u>	· - ·····	·· ··············	······································	······································	······································	
Financial liabilities Outstanding claims including IBNR					(1,450,640)		(1,450,640)	(1,450,640
Insurance / reinsurance payables					(889,529)		(889,529)	(889,529)
Other creditors and accruals					(194,075)		(194,075)	(194,075)
Deposits and other payables					(69,164)		(69,164)	(69,16
Liabilities against assets - secured		(54,980)	(103,058)	(158,038)	(03,104)		(03,104)	(158,03
Unlcaimed dividends		(04,500)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(13,291)	_	_	(13,29
Total liabilities of Window Takaful					(10,201)			(10,20
Operations - Operator's Fund				_	(139,902)	_	(139,902)	(139,902
opolation opposition of and	<u></u>	(54,980)	(103,058)	(158,038)	(2,756,601)	_	(2,743,310)	(2,914,63
Interest risk sensitivity gap		696,871	2,634,457	3,331,328	821,334	_	834,625	4,152,6
Cumulative interest risk sensitivity gap		696,871	3,331,328					

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

				2022				
	Effective rate % per annum	Interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments				Non-interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments		
		Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Total
				Rupees in th	nousand			
Financial assets					······································	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· <u>··</u> ·····
Investments			,					
Equity securities		-	-	-	341,988	-	341,988	341,9
Debt securities	8.56% to 13.60%	807,296	1,942,549	2,749,845	-	-	-	2,749,84
Loans and other receivables	8.15% to 10.28%	64	3,064	3,128	137,570	-	137,570	140,6
Insurance / reinsurance receivables		-	-	-	1,474,879	-	1,474,879	1,474,8
Reinsurance recoveries against								
outstanding claims		-	-	-	310,712	-	310,712	310,7
Salvage recoveries accrued		-	-	-	3,341	-	3,341	3,3
Cash and bank	2.52% to 8.00%	265,141	-	265,141	26,469	-	26,469	291,6
Total assets of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund		92,076	-	92,076	274,884	-	274,884	366,9
		1,164,577	1,945,613	3,110,190	2,569,843	-	2,569,843	5,680,0
Financial liabilities								
Outstanding claims including IBNR		-	-	-	(763,291)	-	(763,291)	(763,29
Insurance / reinsurance payables		-	-	-	(1,034,109)	-	(1,034,109)	(1,034,10
Other creditors and accruals		-	-	-	(135,386)	-	(135,386)	(135,386
Deposits and other payables		-	-	-	(59,061)	-	(59,061)	(59,06
Liabilities against assets - secured		(56,785)	(142,969)	(199,754)	-	-	-	(199,7
Unlcaimed dividends		-	-	-	(9,706)	-	-	(9,7
Total liabilities of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund				-	(115,988)	-	(115,988)	(115,98
		(56,785)	(142,969)	(199,754)	(2,117,541)	-	(2,107,835)	(2,317,2
Interest risk sensitivity gap		1,107,792	1,802,644	2,910,436	452,302	_	462,008	3,362,7

NOTES TO AND FORMING

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12	STATEMENT OF SOLVENCY	2023
		Rupees in thousand
	Assets	
	Property and equipment	324,278
	Intangible assets	7,353
	Investment property	35,261
	Investment in subsidiary	10,000
	Investments	
	- Equity securities	732,845
	- Debt securities	2,984,093
	Loans and other receivables	259,756
	Insurance / Reinsurance receivables - unsecured,	4 404 450
	considered good	1,464,458
	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	888,923
	Salvage recoveries accrued	2,633
	Deferred commission expense / Acquisition cost	154,757
	Deferred taxation	8,372
	Prepayments	653,590
	Cash and bank	314,999
	Total assets from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	441,872
	Total Assets (A)	8,283,190
	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000	
		0.450
(d)	loans to employees	3,452
(g)	receivable from related parties	130,888
(g)	investment in subsidiary	10,000
(h)	insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months	864,392
(i)	intangible assets	7,353
(j)	deferred tax asset	8,372
(k)	security deposit receivable	17,618
(k)	security deposits	69,164
(l)	assets subject to encumbrances	330,000
(U)-(i)	vehicles	90,089
(U)-(ii)		22,787
(U)-(ii)	office equipment (window takaful operator's fund)	573
(U)-(iii	fixtures and fittings	7,865
(U)-(iii	fixtures and fittings (window takaful operator's fund)	369
(v)	Investments in TFC & Sukuks	119,558
		00.057
32(5)	Right of use assets - Rental properties	96,657
32(5)	Right of use assets - Rental properties Total of In-admissible assets (B)	1,779,137

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total Liabilities		2023
		Rupees in thousand
Underwriting Provisions		
- Outstanding claims including IBNR		1,450,640
- Unearned premium reserves		2,062,367
- Unearned reinsurance commission		122,020
Retirement benefit obligations		9,038
Staff compensated absences		50,871
Lease liabilities		158,038
Taxation - provision less payment		92,691
Premium received in advance		194,993
Insurance / Reinsurance Payables		889,529
Unclaimed dividend		13,291
Other Creditors and Accruals		268,727
Deposits and other payables		69,164
Total Liabilities		5,381,369
Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF		153,206
Total Liabilities (D)		5,534,575
Total Net Admissible Assets (E=C-D)		969,478
Minimum solvency requirement (higher of following)		570,242
Method A - U/s 36(3)(a)	150,000	
Method B - U/s 36(3)(b)	570,242	
Method C - U/s 36(3)(c)	395,646	
Excess in Net Admissible Assets over Minimum Requirements	S	399,236

NOTES TO AND FORMING

PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the conditions specified thereunder.

		2023	2022
		Rupees in the	ousand
4	WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS - OPF		
	Assets		
	Cash and bank deposits	100,852	92,076
	Investments	223,256	177,479
	Current assets - others	117,109	96,462
	Fixed assets	655	943
	Total assets	441,872	366,960
	Total liabilities - current	153,206	118,919
	Profit from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	104,504	61,369

Details of total assets, total liabilities and segment disclosure of window takaful operations are stated in the annexed financial statements.

45 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purposes of comparison and to reflect the substance of the transactions.

46 NON ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors of the Company in the meeting held on 14 March 2024 have proposed a final cash dividend of Rupees 3.25 per share.

47 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These unconsolidated financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 14 March 2024.

48 GENERAL

Number of employees

Total number of employees at the end of the year were 387 (2022: 377). Average number of employees during the year were 384 (2022: 381).

Suleman Khalid
Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood
Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)
Director

CONSOLIDATED **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

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YOUSUF ADIL

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the members of Askari General Insurance Company Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Askari General Insurance Company Limited (the Company), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof, conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of Company's affairs as at December 31, 2023, and of the profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

YOUSUF ADIL

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Tel: +92 (51) 8734400-3 Fax: +92 (51) 8350602 www.yousufadil.com

Following are the key audit matters:

Key audit matter(s)		Но	w th
Revenue Recognition (Refer notes 3.8 and 23 of the consolidated financial statements) The Company's total revenue amounts to Rs. 2,850.187 million which is generated from premium on insurance policies representing a significant element of the financial statements of the Company. Premium income is one of the key performance indicators of the Company. Because of the significance of the premium as key performance indicator and risk that revenue transactions may not be recognized in the appropriate period in line with revenue recognition policy, we considered this area as a key audit matter.		Ou	owin Objection O
		-	yea red Re to as
	Revenue Recognition (Refer notes 3.8 and 23 of the consolidated financial statements) The Company's total revenue amounts to Rs. 2,850.187 million which is generated from premium on insurance policies representing a significant element of the financial statements of the Company. Premium income is one of the key performance indicators of the Company. Because of the significance of the premium as key performance indicator and risk that revenue transactions may not be recognized in the appropriate period in line with revenue recognition policy, we considered this area as a key	Revenue Recognition (Refer notes 3.8 and 23 of the consolidated financial statements) The Company's total revenue amounts to Rs. 2,850.187 million which is generated from premium on insurance policies representing a significant element of the financial statements of the Company. Premium income is one of the key performance indicators of the Company. Because of the significance of the premium as key performance indicator and risk that revenue transactions may not be recognized in the appropriate period in line with revenue recognition policy, we considered this area as a key	Revenue Recognition (Refer notes 3.8 and 23 of the consolidated financial statements) The Company's total revenue amounts to Rs. 2,850.187 million which is generated from premium on insurance policies representing a significant element of the financial statements of the Company. Premium income is one of the key performance indicators of the Company. Because of the significance of the premium as key performance indicator and risk that revenue transactions may not be recognized in the appropriate period in line with revenue recognition policy, we considered this area as a key

he matters were addressed in our audit

udit procedures in respect of this matter included the

- btained the understanding, evaluated the design and plementation and operating effectiveness controls ver the process of capturing, processing and recording premiums;
- ssessed whether the Company's accounting policy r revenue recognition from premium is compliant ith the requirements of applicable laws, accounting nd reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan as sclosed in note 2.1 of the unconsolidated financial
- valuated the completeness, accuracy and reliability of e underlying policies/data used for revenue recognition om premiums;
- hecked the premiums recorded on sample basis from e underlying policies issued to insurance contract
- hecked the policies on sample basis where premium as recorded close to year end and subsequent to ear end to evaluate that revenue from premiums was ecognized in the appropriate accounting period;
- ecalculated the unearned portion of premium revenue ensure that appropriate amount has been recorded revenue for the current period.

YOUSUF ADIL

S. No.	Key audit matter(s)
2	Valuation of Claims Liabilities including Provision for Incurred but Not Reported(IBNR) Claims Reserves
	(Refer notes 3.9 and 24 of the annexed consolidated financial statements)
	As at December 31, 2023, claims liabilities represent 26% (Rs. 1,450.64 million including Rs. 326.517 million of IBNR reserves) of its total liabilities (including Window Takaful Operations' Liabilities). Valuation of claim liabilities involves significant management judgment regarding uncertainty in the estimation of claims. Claims liabilities are recognized on intimation of the insured event based on management judgment and estimate. Provision for IBNR is calculated by the Company as required under Circular No. 9 of 2016 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan based on the advice of actuary. The actuarial valuation process also involves significant judgment and the use of actuarial assumptions.
	Because of the significance of the impact of these judgments / estimations and assumptions used in determination of claims liabilities and calculation of provision for IBNR, we consider this area as key audit matter.

How the matters were addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures in relation to this matter included amongst others:

- Assessed the design and implementation of the relevant controls over the measurement and calculation of IBNR reserves and evaluated the appropriateness of methodologies and assumptions used;
- Evaluated the completeness, accuracy and reliability of the underlying data used by the management for the actuarial valuation;
- Assessed competence, capability and objectivity of the actuary used by the management for calculation of provision for IBNR;
- Involved an independent actuarial expert to test the assumptions, assessed their competence, capability, and objectivity of the actuary and the reasonableness of the assumptions used by the management and their accuracy;
- Checked the adequacy of IBNR reserves and assessed an internal consistency and a reasonableness of basic actuarial figures with the prior year.

Information Other than the Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and, the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

18-B-1, Chohan Mansion G-8 Markaz, Islambad

Tel: +92 (51) 8734400-3 Fax: +92 (51) 8350602 www.yousufadil.com

YOUSUF ADIL

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Companies Act, 2017 (XXI of 2017), and are in agreement with the books of account;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the company's business; and:
- zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Shahzad Ali.

Chartered Accountants Islamabad

Date: 03 April 2024

UDIN: AR202310134MdFnO7qUX

ASKARI GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD | 149

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF

FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

		31 December	31 December
		2023	2022
	Note	Rupees in t	housand
ASSETS			
Property and equipment	5	352,317	417,054
Intangible assets	6	7,562	9,992
Investment property	7	35,261	36,571
Investments	•		
- Equity securities	8	732,845	341,988
- Debt securities	9	2,984,093	2,749,845
Loans and other receivables	10	255,292	205,284
Insurance / Reinsurance receivables	11	1,464,458	1,474,879
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	24	888,923	310,712
Salvage recoveries accrued		2,633	3,339
Deferred commission expense / Acquisition cost	25	154,757	108,258
Deferred taxation	14	8,434	36,324
Prepayments	15	654,781	672,960
Cash and bank	16	317,796	295,746
Total assets from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	43	441,872	366,960
Total Assets		8,301,024	7,029,911

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)

Director

		31 December	31 December	
		2023	2022	
	Note	Rupees in t	housand	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Capital and reserves attributable to Company's equity holde	rs			
Ordinary share capital	17	719,019	719,019	
Share premium	18	121,161	121,161	
Reserves	18	102,652	46,077	
Unappropriated profit		1,810,328	1,584,559	
Total Equity		2,753,160	2,470,816	
Liabilities		`		
Underwriting Provisions				
- Outstanding claims including IBNR	24	1,450,640	763,291	
- Unearned premium reserves	23	2,062,367	1,823,622	
- Unearned reinsurance commission	25	122,020	113,761	
Retirement benefit obligations	12	9,038	30,675	
Staff compensated absences	13	50,871	44,185	
Liabilities against assets - secured	19	158,038	199,754	
Taxation - provision less payment		86,831	28,864	
Premium received in advance		194,993	63,361	
Insurance / Reinsurance payables	20	889,529	1,034,109	
Unclaimed dividends		13,291	9,708	
Other creditors and accruals	21	287,876	269,786	
Deposits and other payables		69,164	59,061	
Total Liabilities		5,394,658	4,440,177	
Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	43	153,206	118,919	
Total Equity and Liabilities		8,301,024	7,029,911	
Contingencies and commitments	22			

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer President & Chief Executive

Abdul Waheed

Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		31 December	31 December	
		2023	2022	
	Note	Rupees in th	ousand	
Net insurance premium	23	2,850,187	2,426,941	
Net insurance claims	24	(1,794,055)	(1,548,190	
Net commission and other acquisition costs	25	22,405	61,81	
Insurance claims and acquisition expenses		(1,771,650)	(1,486,379	
Management expenses	26	(902,998)	(752,103)	
Underwriting results		175,539	188,459	
Investment income	27	449,856	267,960	
Rental income	28	6,472	5,991	
Other income	29	73,084	53,800	
Other expenses	30	(10,589)	(9,313	
Results of operating activities		694,362	506,897	
Finance costs	31	(23,307)	(25,605	
Profit before tax from General Operations		671,055	481,292	
Profit before tax from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	32	99,877	68,568	
Profit before tax		770,932	549,860	
Income tax expense	33	(342,576)	(194,772	
Profit after tax		428,356	355,088	
Other comprehensive income:				
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss according	unt:			
Unrealised (loss) / gain on available for sale investments - net		55,992	(4,149	
Unrealized loss on available for sale investments from Window Takaful Operations - OPF (net)		583	(887	
	•	56,575	(5,036	
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss acco	ount:			
Effect of remeasurement of staff retirement benefit plans - net	•	6,004	2,020	
Total comprehensive income for the year		490,935	352,072	
Earnings (after tax) per share - Rupees (restated)	34	5.96	4.94	

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid
Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood
Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)

Director

CONSOLIDATED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		2023	2022
		Rupees in tho	usand
Ope	erating cash flows		
a)	Underwriting activities:		
	Premium received	5,041,174	4,012,553
	Reinsurance premium paid	(1,623,035)	(1,456,638)
	Claims paid	(2,476,417)	(1,889,692)
	Reinsurance and other recoveries received	568,951	475,547
	Commission paid	(387,771)	(244,413)
	Commission received	306,467	316,927
	Management expenses paid	(828,408)	(726,102)
	Net cash flows generated from underwriting activities	600,961	488,182
b)	Other operating activities:		
	Income tax paid	(278,845)	(142,065)
	Other expenses paid	(10,990)	(9,851)
	Other operating receipts / (payments)	(15,391)	122,321
	Advances to employees	(15)	16
	Net cash used in other operating activities	(305,241)	(29,579)
Tota	al cash generated from all operating activities	295,720	458,603
Inve	esting activities:		
	Profit / return received	343,472	277,143
	Dividends received	68,875	19,250
	Payments for investments	(3,213,309)	(2,652,673)
	Proceeds from investments	2,824,113	2,310,030
	Fixed capital expenditure	(74,530)	(36,021)
	Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	5,753	2,291
Tota	al cash used in investing activities	(45,626)	(79,980)
Fina	ancing activities:		
	Financial charges paid	(23,307)	(25,605)
	Repayment of obligation under finance lease	(11,982)	(68,643)
	Dividend paid	(203,787)	(198,993)
	Staff house building finance - net	48	884
	Mark-up on staff house building finance received	631	477
	Funds Amortized Against Leased Vehicles	10,429	7,691
	Equity transactions costs paid	(76)	(62)
Tota	al cash used in financing activities	(228,044)	(284,251)
	cash used in all activities	22,050	94,372
Cas	sh and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	295,746	201,374
	sh and cash equivalents at end of the year	317,796	295,746

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

CONSOLIDATED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	2023	2022
	Rupees in tho	usand
Reconciliation to Profit and Loss Account		
Operating cash flows	295,720	458,603
Depreciation and ammortization expense	(110,550)	(98,341)
Financial charges	(23,307)	(25,605)
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	3,016	2,160
Decrease in assets other than cash	934,337	149,144
Decrease in liabilities other than running finance	(1,215,120)	(441,115)
Unrealized gain on investments - held for trading	1,513	91
Provision For Diminution In Value Of Investments	(1,679)	(34,970)
Dividend income	68,864	19,250
Investment income	352,143	282,068
Profit on bank deposits	57,265	26,421
Income tax provision	(342,576)	(194,772)
Gain on trading	30,008	1,521
Tax paid	278,845	142,065
Profit after taxation from General Insurance Operations	328,479	286,520
Profit from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	99,877	68,568
Profit after taxation	428,356	355,088

Definition of cash:

Cash comprises cash in hand, bank balances, stamp in hand and short term placements with banks which are readily convertible to cash in hand and which are used in the cash management function on a day-to-day basis.

	2023	2022
ash for the purpose of cash flow statement consists of:	Rupees in thou	sand
Cash and other equivalents		
Cash in hand	1,642	1,621
Stamp in hand	1,388	762
	3,030	2,383
Current and other accounts		
Current accounts	34,227	24,663
Deposit accounts	280,539	268,700
	314,766	293,363
Total	317,796	295,746

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Share capital		F	leserves		Total	Total
	Issued, subscribed and	Capital reserve		Revenue rese	erve	reserves	equity
	paid up	Share premium	General reserve	Available for sale investment revaluation reserve	Unappropriated profit		
				Rupees	in thousand		
Balance as at 01 January 2022	719,019	121,161	70,000	(18,887)	1,425,243	1,597,517	2,316,536
Total comprehensive income for the year		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	355,088	355,088	355,088
Other comprehensive income for the year - net of tax	-	-	-	(5,036)	2,020	(3,016)	(3,016)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(5,036)	357,108	352,072	352,072
Changes in owners' equity		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	······································			
Cash dividend 2021: Rupees 2.75 per share	-	-	-	-	(197,730)	(197,730)	(197,730
Equity transaction costs	-	-	-	-	(62)	(62)	(62
	-	-	-	-	(197,792)	(197,792)	(197,792
Balance as at 31 December 2022	719,019	121,161	70,000	(23,923)	1,584,559	1,751,797	2,470,816
Balance as at 01 January 2023	719,019	121,161	70,000	(23,923)	1,584,559	1,751,797	2,470,816
Total comprehensive income for the year					······································		
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	428,356	428,356	428,356
Other comprehensive income for the year - net of tax	-	-	-	56,575	6,004	62,579	62,579
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	56,575	434,360	490,935	490,935
Changes in owners' equity		<u>.</u>			<u></u>		
Cash dividend 2022: Rupees 2.90 per share	-		-	-	(208,515)	(208,515)	(208,515)
Equity transaction costs	-	-	-	-	(76)	(76)	(76
	-			-	(208,591)	(208,591)	(208,591

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Suleman Khalid

Abdul Waheed Chief Financial Officer President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Askari general insurance company limited ("the Company") was incorporated under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repeald with enactment of the Companies Act, 2017) as a public limited company on 12 April 1995. The Company is engaged in non-life insurance business comprising of fire, marine, motor, health and miscellaneous. The Company commenced its commercial operations on 15 October 1995. Shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is located at AWT Plaza, Rawalpindi. The Company has 20 branches in Pakistan. The Company is a subsidiary of Army Welfare Trust.

The Company was granted license to work as Window Takaful Operator (WTO) dated August 10, 2015 by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under Takaful Rules, 2012 to carry on Window Takaful Operations in Pakistan.

For the purpose of these consolidated financial statements, the Company and its above referred wholly owned subsidiary AskTech (Pvt) Ltd is referred to as the Group.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for financial reporting consist of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, Insurance Ordinance, 2000, Insurance Rules, 2017, Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017, Takaful Rules, 2012 and General Takaful Accounting Regulation, 2019. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Insurance Rules, 2017, the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017 and the Takaful Rules, 2012 and General Takaful Accounting Regulation, 2019 shall prevail.

In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Insurance Rules, 2017, the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017 and the Takaful Rules, 2012 and General Takaful Accounting Regulation, 2019 shall prevail.

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") vide its S.R.O 89(1)/2017 dated 9 February, 2017 has prescribed format of the presentation of annual financial statements for general insurance companies. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the format prescribed by the SECP.

Total assets, total liabilities and profit / (loss) of the Window Takaful Operations of the Company referred to as the Operator's Fund has been presented in this condensed interim financial information in accordance with the requirements of Circular 25 of 2015 dated 9 July 2015.

A separate set of financial statements of Window Takaful Operations has been reported which is annexed to this consolidated financial statements as per the requirements of the SECP Takaful Rules, 2012.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments which are stated at their fair values and obligation under certain employee retirement benefit funds including staff compensated absences which are measured at their present values as determined under the provisions of IAS-19, "Employee Benefits".

2.3 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has the control and power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights or otherwise has power to elect and appoint more than one half of its directors. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of subsidiary company have been consolidated on a line by line basis and the carrying value of investments held by the parent company is eliminated against the subsidiary shareholders' equity in the consolidated financial statements.

Material intra-company balances and transactions have been eliminated for consolidation purposes

2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are effective in the current year

The following amendments are effective for the year ended December 31, 2023. These amendments are either not relevant to the Company's / Bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's / Bank's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Disclosure of accounting policies

Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' - Definition of accounting estimates

Amendments to 'IAS 12 Income Taxes' - deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction.

Amendments to IAS 12 ' Income taxes' - International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules

2.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are not yet effective

The following standard and amendments are effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These amendments are either not relevant to the Company's / Bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's / Bank's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Effective from Accounting period beginning on or after

Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases' -Clarification on how seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions

January 01, 2024

Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Non-current liabilities with Convents along with Classification of liabilities as current or non-current

January 01, 2024

Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' and 'IFRS 7 'Financial instruments disclosures' - Supplier Finance Arrangements

January 01, 2024

Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Clarification on 'how entity accounts when there is long term lack of Exchangeability

January 01, 2025

Effective from Accounting period beginning on or after

IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts (including the June 2020 and December 2021 Amendments to IFRS 17)

January 01, 2026

Other than the aforesaid amendments, IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 - First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

The SECP vide SRO 1715 (I) / 2023 dated November 21, 2023 has directed the companies engaged in insurance/takaful and re-insurance/re-takaful to follow IFRS 17 from January 01, 2026.

- IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' has become applicable, however as an insurance company, the management has opted temporary exemption from the application of IFRS 9 as allowed by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) for entities whose activities are predominantly connected with insurance. Additional disclosures, as required by the IASB, for being eligible to apply the temporary exemption from the application of IFRS 9 are given below:

The tables below set out the fair values as at the end of reporting period and the amount of change in the fair value during that period for the following two groups of financial assets separately:

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(b) All other financial assets		As	at December 31, 2023		
	Fail the	SPPI test	F	Pass the SPPI test	
	Fair Value	Change in unrealized gain / (loss) during the period	Carrying Value	Cost less Impairment	Change in unrealized gain / (loss) during the period
		Ri	upees in thousand		
Financial assets					
Cash and Bank*	-	-	317,796	-	
Investment in equity securities -available-for-sale	470,061	16,413	-	-	
Investment in debt securities - available-for-sale	-	-	210,025	-	
Investment in debt securities - held to maturity	-	-	2,774,068	-	
Loans and other receivables*	-	-	255,292	-	
Total	470,061	16,413	3,557,181	_	

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

* The carrying amount of these financial assets measured applying IAS 39 are a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

During the year, the Company adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1) from January 01, 2023. The amendments require the disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant', accounting policies. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves.

The accounting policies as set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

3.1 Property and Equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, except for capital work in progress which is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged on depreciable amount over the estimated useful life using straight line method. Depreciation is charged on monthly basis where full month depreciation is charged in the month of addition and no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred. The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

3.2 Intangible

Software development cost are only capitalized to the extent that future economic benefits are expected to flow to the entity. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged on the amortizable amount over the useful life of the asset by applying straight line method. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

3.3 Investment property

Investment Property is accounted for under cost model in accordance with approved International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, "Investment Property" and S.R.O. 938 dated 12 December 2002 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Depreciation is charged on depreciable amount on straight line basis over its estimated useful life at the rate of 2.5% per annum.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Subsequent capital expenditures on existing properties and gains or losses on disposals are accounted for in the same manner as tanqible fixed assets.

3.4 Insurance contracts

Insurance contracts are those contracts under which the Company as insurer has accepted insurance risk from the insurance contract holder (insured) by agreeing to compensate the insured if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the insured. Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its tenure, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or expired.

Insurance contracts are classified into following main categories, depending on the nature and duration of risk and whether or not the terms and conditions are fixed.

- Fire and property damage;
- Marine, aviation and transport;
- Motor;
- Health and accident: and
- Miscellaneous.

These contracts are normally one year insurance contracts except marine and miscellaneous classes. Normally all marine insurance contracts are of three months period. In miscellaneous class, some engineering insurance contracts are of more than one year period, whereas, normally travel insurance contracts and few bond insurance contracts in miscellaneous class expire within one month time.

These contracts are provided to all types of customers based on assessment of insurance risk by the Company. Normally personal insurance contracts e.g. vehicle, travel, personal accident, etc. are provided to individual customers, whereas, insurance contracts of fire and property, marine, aviation and transport, accident and health and other commercial line products are provided to commercial organizations.

Fire and property insurance contracts mainly compensate the Company's customers for damage suffered to their properties or for the value of property lost. Customers who undertake commercial activities on their premises could also receive compensation for the loss of earnings caused by the inability to use the insured properties in their business activities.

Marine insurance covers the loss or damage of vessels, cargo, terminals, and any transport or property by which cargo is transferred, acquired, or held between the points of origin and final destination.

Motor insurance provides protection against losses incurred as a result of theft, traffic accidents and against third party liability that could be incurred in an accident.

Health insurance includes coverage of in-patient-hospital, out-patient-department, medical and other related expenses of disease, sickness or accidental injury incurred during the period of insurance.

Liability insurance contracts protect the insured against the risk of causing harm to third parties as a result of their legitimate activities. Damages covered include both contractual and non-contractual events.

Other various types of insurance are classified in miscellaneous category which includes mainly engineering, terrorism, personal accident, worker compensation, travel, products of financial institutions, livestock and crop insurance etc.

The Company also accepts insurance risk pertaining to insurance contracts of other insurer as reinsurance inward. The insurance risk involved in these contracts is similar to the contracts undertaken by the Company as insurer.

Reinsurance contracts

Those insurance contracts that are issued by one insurer (the reinsurer) to compensate another insurer (the cedant) for losses on one or more contracts issued by the cedant are reinsurance contracts. The Company enters into reinsurance contracts with both foreign and local reinsurers.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3.5 Deferred Commission Expense

Commission expense incurred in obtaining and recording policies is deferred and recognized as an expense in accordance with the pattern of recognition of premium revenue.

3.6 Receivables and payables under insurance contracts

Receivable under insurance contracts are recognized when due, at the fair value of the consideration receivable less provision for doubtful debts, if any. If there is objective evidence that the receivable is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the receivable accordingly and that impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.7 Reinsurance contracts held

The Company enters into reinsurance contracts in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from certain exposures. Outward reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same year as the related premiums for the direct or accepted reinsurance business being reinsured. Reinsurance premium is recognized as expense after taking into account the proportion of deferred premium expense which is calculated using pattern similar to calculation of premium income for the same policy. The deferred portion of premium expense is recognized as prepayment.

Reinsurance liabilities represent balances due to reinsurance companies. Amounts payable are estimated in the manner consistent with the related reinsurance contract. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies. Amounts recoverable from reinsurance are estimated in a manner consistent with the provision for outstanding claims or settled claims associated with the reinsurance policies and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contracts.

Reinsurance liabilities or assets are derecognized when the contractual rights are extinguished or expired.

The Company assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on balance sheet date. If there is any objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognizes that impairment loss in the profit and loss account.

Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited (PRCL) retrocession business is booked on the basis of PRCL statements pertaining to the previous years.

3.8 Revenue Recognition

3.8.1 Premiums

Premium written under all insurance policies is recognized as income over the period of insurance from the date of issuance of policy to its expiry, after taking into account the unearned portion of premiums. Amount is recorded as premium written at the time the policy is written. Where the pattern of incidence of risk varies over the year of the policy, premium is recognized as revenue in accordance with the pattern of the incidence of risk. The portion of premium written relating to the unexpired year of coverage is recognized as unearned premium by the Company. The unearned premium is calculated by applying 1/365 method as specified in the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017.

Premium income includes administrative surcharge that represents documentation charges recovered by the Company from policy holders in respect of policies issued. Administrative surcharge is recognized as premium income at the time of issuance of policy.

3.8.2 Commission

Commission expense incurred on issuance of policies is deferred and recognized as asset and is recognized in the profit and loss account as an expense in accordance with pattern of recognition of premium revenue. Commission and other forms of revenue (apart from recoveries) from reinsurers are deferred and recognized as liability and recognized in the profit and loss account as revenue in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the reinsurance premium. Profit / commission, if any, under the terms of reinsurance arrangements, is recognized when the Company's right to receive the same is established.

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3.8.3 Investment income

Following are recognized as investment income;

- Income from held to maturity investments is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the effective yield on the investments. The difference between the redemption value and the purchase price of the held to maturity investments is amortized and taken to the profit and loss account over the term of the investment.
- Dividend income on securities held for trading and available for sale securities and is recognized when the Company's right to receive the dividend is established
- Gain / loss on sale of available-for-sale investments is recognized in profit and loss account in the year of sale

3.9 Claim expense including provision for outstanding claims including Incurred But Not Reported

The Company recognizes liability in respect of all claims incurred up to the balance sheet date which is measured at the undiscounted value of the expected future payments. The claims are considered to be incurred at the time of the incident giving rise to the claims except as otherwise expressly indicated in an insurance contract. The liability for claims include amounts relating to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and expected claims settlement costs.

Provision for liability in respect of unpaid reported claims as at 31 December 2023 is made on the basis of individual case estimates by using Chain Ladder Method (Development technique) on the basis of recommendation by an independent actuary under the guidelines issued by Insurance Division of SECP vide its Circular 9 of 2016 dated March 09, 2016 for estimation of IBNR claims reserve, which were effective from 01 July 2016.

	IBNR	
Class of business	Gross	Net
	Rupees in tho	usand
- Fire and property damage;	4,129	941
- Marine, aviation and transport;	23,561	1,361
- Motor;	30,963	25,014
- Accident and health; and	220,900	207,058
- Miscellaneous.	46,964	5,253
	326,517	239,627

3.10 Reinsurance recoveries against claims

Claims recoveries receivables from the reinsurers are recognized as an asset at the same time as the claims which give rise to the right of recovery are recognized as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be received in accordance with respective reinsurance arrangements.

3.11 Premium deficiency reserve

The Company is required as per the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017, to maintain a provision in respect of premium deficiency for the class of business where the unearned premium reserve is not adequate to meet the expected future liability, after reinsurance from claims, and other supplementary expenses expected to be incurred after the reporting date in respect of the unexpired policies in that class of business at the reporting date. The movement in the premium deficiency reserve is recorded as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Company determines adequacy of liability of premium deficiency by carrying out analysis of its loss ratio of expired periods of the contracts. For this purpose average loss ratio of last three years inclusive of claim settlement cost but excluding major exceptional claims are taken into consideration to determine ultimate loss ratio to be applied on unearned premium. The liability of premium deficiency in relation to accident and health insurance is calculated in accordance with the advice of the actuary.

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No provision has been made as the unearned premium reserve for each class of business as at the year end is adequate to meet the expected future liability after reinsurance from claims and other expenses, expected to be incurred after the reporting date in respect of policies in force at reporting date.

3.12 Provision for unearned premium and prepaid reinsurance premium ceded

In accordance with the requirements of Insurance Rules, 2017, provision for unearned premium is calculated by applying 1/365 method. Unearned portion of premium is recognized as liability.

The deferred portion of reinsurance premium is recognized as reinsurance premium ceded using 1/365 method.

3.13 Creditors, accruals and provisions

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.14 Investments

3.14.1 Classification

The classification of financial assets is determined at initial recognition and depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Currently, the financial assets of the Company are classified into the following categories:

a) In equity securities

Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as available for sale investments is taken to a separate account which is shown in the statement of financial position as revaluation surplus. The surplus / (deficit) arising on these securities is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal or in case of impairment of securities. The unrealized surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as held for trading is taken to the profit and loss account. Provision for diminution in the values of securities is made after considering impairment, if any, in their value and is taken to profit and loss account. Impairment is booked when there is an objective evidence of significant or prolonged decline in the value of such securities. Unquoted investments are recorded at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

b) In debt securities

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities which the Company has the intention and ability to hold till maturity. Provision for impairment against debt securities is made in accordance with the requirements of the law. In case of unquoted equity securities, the breakup value of the security should be considered to determine impairment amount. Premium or discount on debt securities classified as available for sale and held to maturity is amortized using effective interest method and taken to the profit and loss account.

c) In term deposits

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed (short term) maturities which the Company has the intention and ability to hold till maturity.

Investments which are designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

3.14.2 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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3.15 Taxation

Current

Provision of current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year, if enacted. The charge for current tax also include adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments finalized during the current year for such years.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases and carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the profit and loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to other comprehensive income or equity in which case it is included in other comprehensive income or equity.

3.16 Employees' retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan a)

The Company operates a funded gratuity scheme covering all eligible employees completing the minimum qualifying year of service as specified by the scheme. The assets of the funded plan are held independently in a separate fund. Provision for gratuity is made to cover obligations under the scheme in accordance with the actuarial recommendations. The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2023.

Actuarial valuation was carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method based on the following significant assumptions:

	2023	2022
Discount rate	15.50% per annum	14.50% per annum
Expected return on plan assets	15.50% per annum	14.50% per annum
Expected rate of increase in salary	15.50% per annum	14.50% per annum
Average expected remaining working life time of the employee	8 years	8 years
Mortality rate	SLIC 2001 - 2005	SLIC 2001 - 2005

The Company recognizes the actuarial gains or losses in other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

b) Defined contribution plan

The Company operates a recognized staff provident fund as a defined contribution plan for all eligible employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Company and the employees to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary. The Company's contribution is charged to income during the year.

c) Compensated absences

Provisions for compensated absences is recognized annually to cover the obligation for compensated absences and charged to profit and loss account. The provision is determined using the projected unit credit method.

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The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2023 based on the following significant assumptions:

	2023	2022
Discount rate	15.50% per annum	
Expected rate of increase in salary	15.50% per annum	
Average number of leaves accumulated per annum	5 days	5 days
Mortality rate	SLIC 2001 - 2005	
	with 1 year setback	with 1 year setback

3.17 Management expenses

Management expenses have been allocated to various classes of business on equitable basis. Expenses not allocable to underwriting business are charged under other expenses.

3.18 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

3.19 Segment reporting

A business segment is a distinguishable component of the Company that is engaged in providing services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. The Company accounts for segment reporting of operating results using the classes of business as specified under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017. The reported operating segments are also consistent with the internal reporting provided to Strategy Committee and Board of Directors which are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The performance of segments is evaluated on the basis of underwriting results of each segment. The Company has following business segments:

Fire insurance segment provides insurance cover against damages caused by fire, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, flood, electric fluctuation and impact.

Marine insurance segment provides coverage against cargo risk, war risk and damages occurring in inland transit.

Motor insurance provides comprehensive vehicle coverage and indemnity against third party loss.

Accident and health provides inpatient and outpatient medical coverage.

Miscellaneous insurance provides cover against burglary, loss of cash in safe and cash in transit, personal accident, money, engineering losses and other coverage.

Investment and income taxes are managed on an overall basis and are therefore, not allocated to any segment. Assets, liabilities and capital expenditures that are directly attributable to segments have been assigned to them while the carrying amount of certain assets pertaining to two or more segments have been allocated to segments on a reasonable basis. Those assets and liabilities which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis are reported as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.

3.20 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into reporting currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are routed through profit and loss account.

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3.21 Finance income

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, dividend income, exchange gain and changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading. Income on bank deposits is accrued on a time proportion basis using effective rate of interest. Income on investments is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the effective yield of such securities. Dividend income on equity investments is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established. Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

3.22 Impairment of assets

a) Non-derivative financial assets

All financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that loss event(s) had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes default or delinquency by a debtor, restructuring of an amount due to the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy, adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers and economic conditions that correlate with defaults or the disappearance of an active market for a security.

The Company considers evidence of impairment for financial assets measured at amortized cost at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant assets are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Assets that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together assets with similar risk characteristics. In assessing collective impairment, the Company uses historical trends of the probability of default, the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgement as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or lesser than suggested by historical trends.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognized in profit or loss and reflected in as allowance against financial asset measured at amortized cost. Interest on the impaired asset is recognized only to the extent it is considered recoverable. When an event occurring after the impairment was recognized causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

b) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

3.23 Right of use assets and lease liability

A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company mainly lease properties for its operations and recognizes a right-of use asset and lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at

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cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability. The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight line method from the commencement date to the earlier of end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or end of lease term. The estimated useful lives of assets are determined on the same basis as that for owned assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate of the Company. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in assessment of whether extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term and low value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented in the same line item as it presents underlying assets for the same nature it owns.

3.24 Dividend Distribution

Cash dividends declared, bonus shares issued and other reserves' appropriations are recognized in the year in which these announcements or appropriations are made.

3.25 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Company in the management of its short-term commitments.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the requirements of accounting and reporting standards as applicable to insurance companies in Pakistan requires management to make judegments/estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. These judgements/estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience, current trends and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the estimates about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Actual results may differ from their estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

In particular, the matters involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are discussed below:

a) Income tax

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Company, the management takes into account current income tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. In making the provision for deferred taxes, estimates of the Company's future taxable profits are taken into account.

b) Fixed assets, depreciation and amortization

In making estimates of the depreciation / amortization method, the management uses depreciation / amortization rate which reflects the pattern in which economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the Company. These rates are reviewed at each financial year end and if there is a change in the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets, the depreciation / amortization rates would be changed to reflect the change in pattern. Further, the assets' residual values are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

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Outstanding claims including incurred but not reported (IBNR) c)

The liability for IBNR is computed through Chain Ladder Method (Development technique) in light of the guidelines issued by Insurance Division of SECP vide its Circular 9 of 2016 dated March 09, 2016 for estimation of IBNR claims reserve, the liability for IBNR for all classes of business is based on actuary recommendation. Any significant change in assumption used event may affect the management's judgement which could affect the provision made for IBNR. Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims and salvage recoveries are recognized as an asset and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

d) Premium deficiency reserves

The Company carries out an analysis of loss / combined ratios for the expired year, such ratio being calculated after taking into account the relevant IBNR provision for the determination of premium deficiency reserve for each class of business.

Defined benefit plan e)

Defined benefit plan is provided to eligible employees of the Company. Calculations in this respect require assumptions to be made of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increase in remuneration, the expected long-term return on plan assets and the discount rate used to convert future cash flows to current values. Calculations are sensitive to changes in the underlying assumptions.

Impairment f)

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Provisions for impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

g) Provision against premium due but unpaid & amount due from other insurers/reinsurers

The Company reviews its premium due but unpaid and amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers portfolio to assess their recoverability and provision required there-against. While assessing this requirement, various factors including the delinquency and financial position of the counter party are considered.

h) Classification of investments

In classifying investments as "fair value through profit and loss" the Company has determined securities which are acquired with the intention to trade by taking advantage of short term market / interest rate movements.

In classifying investments as "held-to-maturity" the Company has determined financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity. In making this judgement, the Company evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity.

The investments which are not classified as fair value through profit and loss or held to maturity are classified as available for sale.

i) Allocation of management expenses

Management expenses which are not specifically related to a class of business are allocated on all classes of business on equitable basis.

j) **Provisions**

A provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

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k) Fair value of investments

The fair value of held for trading and available for sale investments is determined by reference to their quoted closing repurchase price at the reporting date. Any change in the estimate might effect carrying amounts of investments held for trading with corresponding effect in profit and loss account. Fair value of held to maturity instruments is determined with reference to general interest rates prevailing in the market. Fair value of held to maturity investments is determined for disclosure purpose only.

l) Lease term

The Company applies judgement to determine the lease term for some lease contracts in which it is a lessee that includes renewal options. The assessment of whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liability and right of use assets recognized.

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in tho	usand
5	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT			
	Capital work-in-progress	5.1	9,673	7,114
	Operating assets	5.2	342,644	409,940
	Operating assets		352,317	417,054
5.1	Movement in Capital work-in-progress is	as follows:		
	Opening balance		7,114	4,353
	Additions		2,571	-
	Transfers		(12)	2,761
	Closing balance		9,673	7,114

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_	 Note					2023	23				
			ŏ	Cost			Depre	Depreciation		Written	Useful life /
	1	As at 1 January	Additions / (Disposals)	Adjustments	As at 31 December	As at 1 January	For the period	(Disposals) / As at Adjustments 31 December	As at 31 December (down value as at 31 December	Lease term (years)
J.S	5.2.1	146,412	1	1	146,412	14,648	3,660	1	18,308	128,104	40
Furniture and fixtures		28,147	2,677	1	30,824	19,976	3,110	(189)	22,897	7,928	5
Somputers and office equipment		66,651	4,289	1	70,940	52,049	9,240	(296)	60,322	10,618	က
Vlotor vehicles (Owned)		24,179	1,858	1	26,037	19,223	2,239	579	22,041	3,996	5
Right of use assets - Motor vehicles		215,021	(29,733)	1	185,288	90,038	38,486	(29,327)	99,197	86,091	5
Right of use assets - Rental properties		189,863	(2,173)	1	187,690	93,206	29,105	(9,209)	113,102	74,588	2 to 20
Iracking devices		114,358	19,392	1	133,750	90,475	15,460	(2,657)	103,278	30,473	က
Leasehold improvements		37,462	1	1	37,462	32,538	4,078	1	36,616	846	က
		822,093	(3,690)	1	818,403	412,153	105,378	(41,770)	475,760	342,644	

		Useful life /	Lease term (years)
		Written	down value as at 31 December
			As at 31 December
		Depreciation	(Disposals) / As at as at Adjustments 31 December 31 D
Rupees in thousand	22	Depre	For the period
Rupees in	2022		As at 1 January
			As at 11 December
	2022	Cost	Additions / Adjustments As at (Disposals) 31 Decemb
		0	Additions / (Disposals)
			As at 1 January

Building	5.1.1	146,412	1	1	146,412	10,988	3,660	1	14,648	131,764	40
Furniture and fixtures		28,719	(572)	1	28,147	23,205	2,925	(6,154)	19,976	8,171	5
Computers and office equipment		78,534	(11,883)		66,651	890'69	8,132	(25,151)	52,049	14,602	က
Motor vehicles (Owned)		24,506	(327)	1	24,179	16,581	3,252	(610)	19,223	4,956	2
Right of use assets - Motor vehicles		180,786	34,235	1	215,021	76,263	35,906	(22,131)	90,038	124,983	Ω.
Right of use assets - Rental properties		188,618	1,245	,	189,863	62,512	27,426	3,268	93,206	96,657	2 to 20
Tracking devices		98,681	15,677	1	114,358	83,524	10,558	(3,607)	90,475	23,883	m
Leasehold improvements		37,462	1	1	37,462	26,960	5,578		32,538	4,924	(1)
		783,718	38,375		822,093	369,101	97,437	(54,385)	412,153	409,940	

This represents the carrying value of one office located at 8th Floor of Askari Tower, Lahore. The total area of the office is 5,460 square feet. 5.1.1

Oost of fully depreciated assets that are still in use as at December 31, 2023 is Rs. 118,635 thousand (2022: Rs. 186,538 thousand) 5.1.2

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						Ď	depreciation			
							Bupe	Rupees in thousand		
								2023		
Vehicles sold to following in-service/ resigning employees as per Company's policy	per Company's policy									
Muhammad Asghar				m	Buyer	502	502	1	1,325	1,325
Ahsan Azeem				ш .	Buyer	571	571		1,480	1,480
Mansoor Shoaib				Employee	yee	1,582	1,582	,	-	
Rana Sarfraz				Employee	iyee	2,386	2,386	ı	1	
Rashid Halim				Employee	yee	1,755	1,755		1	
Mian Shahid Mahmood				Employee	ıyee	2,688	2,688			
Muhammad Shahzad Malik				Employee	yee	1,119	1,119		1	
Mubashir Ul Hasan				Employee	yee	1,733	1,733	1		
Qaseemullah				Employee	yee	1,652	1,652		1	
Zeeshan Sakeen				Employee	yee	1,072	1,072	1	1	
Ghufran Ali Chaudry				Employee	yee	1,072	1,072			
Rana Mujeeb Ur Rehman				Employee	yee	1,703	1,703		1	
Tariq Wehmood				Employee	yee	1,551	1,551		1	
Haroon Aitmad				Employee	yee	1,847	1,692	155	155	
Dr Saadat				Employee	- A	2.527	1,895	632	678	
Farheen Baffaue				Employee	,	2.204	2,204			
Telegory Abrocad				1000		4 500	000			
loudeel Allined Machool Ahmed				Fmphyee	yee	1,023	1,523		' ' '	
Ifan IIIah Siddid ii				Fmnhvæ) (1.160	1 160			
Faical Johan Opdri				Employee	906	1 360	1360			
Aggregate value of other items with individual book value not exceeding Rs. 500,000/-	not									
Motor vehicles (Owned)				Negotiation	tion	80	33	47	76	
Furniture and fixtures				Negotiation	ttion	253	159	94	94	
Computers and office equipment				Negotiation	tion	1,471	666	472	809	136
Right of use assets - Rental properties				Negotiation	tion	3,589	3,589			
Tracking devices				Negotiation	ttion	2,930	1,632	1,298	1,297	
Total						39,507	36,809	2,698	5,713	3,016
2022						58,980	58,849	131	2,291	2,160
INTANGIBLE ASSETS		Cost	±			Amo	Amortization		Written down	Useful life
	As at 1 January	Additions / (Disposals)	Adjustments	As at 31 December	As at 1 January	For the period	d (Disposals) / Adjustments	As at 31 December	31 December	(cipo)
					Rupees i	Rupees in thousand				
Computer software	15,779	228		16,007	5,998	3,481		9,479	6,528	2 to 10
Antivirus	760	1,095		1,855	549	272	-	821	1,034	
2023	16,539	1,323		17,862	6,547	3,753	-	10,300	7,562	
Computer software	6,579	10,200	,	15,779	5,348	099		5,998	9,781	2 to 10
Antivius	760			760	295	253		549	211	

Details of disposal of fixed assets during the year

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INVESTMENT PROPERTY

7

This represents the carrying amount of two offices in Islamabad Stock Exchange building, classified as investment property based on the management's intention to hold the property for earning rentals and / or capital appreciation.

	2023	2022
	Rupees in the	
Cost		
Balance at beginning of the year	52,400	52,400 52,400
Balance at end of the year	52,400	52,400
Depreciation		
Balance at beginning of the year	(15,829)	(14,519)
Depreciation for the year	(1,310)	(1,310)
Balance at end of the year	(17,139)	(15,829)
	35,261	36,571
Useful life (years)	40	40

- 7.1 The market value of the investment property as on 31 December 2023 is Rs. 136.24 million (2022: Rs. 117.9 million) as per valuation carried out by an independent valuer. Useful life of the investment property is estimated to be 40 years.
- 7.2 The amount of depreciation has been allocated to management expenses.

			2023	2022
8	INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY SECURITIES	Note		ousand
	Fair value through profit and loss	8.1	262,784	100,397
	Available-for-sale	8.2	470,061	241,591
	Total equity securities		732,845	341,988

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	-	Number of s	shares / units	20)23	202	22
	-	2023	2022	Cost	Carrying value	Cost	Carrying value
	-				Rupees	in thousand	
8.1	Fair value through profit and loss		•				
	Mutual funds						
•••••	Related Party	•••••	•••	••••	•		
	Army Welfare Trust (AWT) financial sector fund	-	998,443	-	-	100,306	100,397
	Army Welfare Trust (AWT) Islamic Income fund	2,490,833	-	261,271	262,784	-	-
		2,490,833	998,443	261,271	262,784	100,306	100,397
			2023			2022	
		Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value	Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value
				Rupees in	thousand		
8.2	Available-for-sale			'			
	Others		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	······································	•••••
•••••	Listed shares	453,648	(36,648)	417,000	312,120	(34,972)	277,148
	Unrealized (deficit)/surplus on revaluation	-		53,061		-	(35,557)
		453,648	(36,648)	470,061	312,120	(34,972)	241,591

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

_		2023			2022		
	Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value	Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value	
_			Rupees in	thousand			
Listed shares	***************************************			*******		•	
Artistic Denim Mills Limited	1,689	_	1,689	-	-	=	
Askari Bank Limited	_	-	-	3,993	-	3,993	
Attock Refinery Limited	24,976	-	24,976	-	-	-	
Biafo Industries Limited	1,149	-	1,149	-	-	-	
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited	1,328	-	1,328	-	-	-	
Fauji Cement Company Limited	14,608	-	14,608	1,571	-	1,571	
Faysal Bank Limited	5,333	-	5,333	676	-	676	
Ghani Global Holdings Ltd. Consolidated	19,142	-	19,142	-	-	-	
GlaxoSmithKline Pakistan Limited	1,178	(575)	603	1,178	(476)	702	
Habib Bank Limited	35,874	(15,481)	20,393	35,874	(15,481)	20,393	
Honda Atlas Cars (Pakistan) Limited	7,662	(4,614)	3,048	7,662	(2,176)	5,486	
Indus Motor Company Limited	5,013	-	5,013	-	-	=	
Interloop Limited	4,703	-	4,703	-	=	-	
International Industries Limited	25,057	-	25,057	3,314	=	3,314	
International Steels Limited	2,337	_	2,337	3,768	-	3,768	
Lucky Cement	-	-	-	9,429	-	9,429	
MCB Bank Limited	125,894	-	125,894	129,021	=	129,021	
Millat Tractors Limited	23,163	-	23,163	-	-	-	
Netsol Technologies Limited	29,008	-	29,008	-	-	-	
National Refinery Limited	-	-	-	3,210	=	3,210	
Nishat Mills Limited	-	-	-	2,796	-	2,796	
Oil & Gas Development Company	17,176	_	17,176	24,313	-	24,313	
Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited	-	-	_	18,036	(6,083)	11,953	
Pakistan Oilfields Limited	6,445	_	6,445	-	-	-	
Pakistan Petroleum Limited		_	_	19,850	-	19,850	
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	30,006	(14,243)	15,763	30,006	(9,560)	20,446	
SAZEW Engineering Works Limited	25,986	-	25,986	-		-	
Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited	-	-	-	6,484		6,484	
System Limited	11,236	-	11,236		-	- -	
The Hub Power Company Limited	7,373	_	7,373		-	-	
The Searl Company Limited	2,741	(1,735)	1,006	2,741	(1,196)	1,545	
Treet Corporation Limited	698	-	698			- <u></u>	
United Bank Limited	23,873	_	23,873	8,198	-	8,198	
	453,648	(36,648)	417,000	312,120	(34,972)	277,148	
Unrealized surplus / (deficit) on revaluation		(,5)	53,061	,	(- ','-','-')	(35,557)	
, (470,061			241,591	

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INVESTMENTS IN DEBT SE	CURITIES							
			2023			2022		
		Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value	Cost	Impairment / provision	Carrying value	
 	Note			Rupees in	thousand			
 HELD TO MATURITY	***************************************							
Government Securities	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Pakistan Investment Bonds	9.1	1,749,454	-	1,749,454	2,172,187	=	2,172,187	
Treasury Bills	9.2	-	-	-	342,340	-	342,340	
ljarah Sukuks	9.3	1,024,614	-	1,024,614	-	-	-	
 		2,774,068	-	2,774,068	2,514,527	=	2,514,527	
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Term Finance Certificates	9.4	160,000	-	160,000	160,000	-	160,000	
 Sukuks	9.5	50,025	-	50,025	75,025	-	75,025	
 Unrealized surplus on revaluati	on	-	-	-	-	-	293	
	•	210,025	-	210,025	235,025	-	235,318	
LOANS AND RECEIVABLES		***************************************	***************************************	•••••••••••	•••••••••••	••••••	•	
 Certificates of Investments		11,128	(11,128)	-	11,128	(11,128)	-	
		2,995,221	(11,128)	2,984,093	2,760,680	(11,128)	2,749,845	

9.1 Pakistan Investment Bonds

	Face Value	Profit Rate %	Profit Payment	Type of Security	Maturity Date	2023	2022
	Rupees					Rupees in	thousand
•••••	50,000,000	8.75%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	12-Jul-28	42,164	40,973
	37,500,000	8.75%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	12-Jul-28	31,656	30,767
•••••	25,000,000	9.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	19-Sep-24	24,529	23,927
•••••	25,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	10-Dec-30	22,570	22,336
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	50,000,000	9.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	19-Sep-24	50,037	50,071
•	150,000,000	9.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	19-Sep-24	149,927	149,789
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	200,000,000	7.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	20-Aug-23	-	197,429
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	120,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	15-Oct-25	115,623	113,481
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	50,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	10-Dec-30	44,705	44,199
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	200,000,000	7.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	20-Aug-23	-	198,148
•	350,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	15-Oct-25	341,028	336,597
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	175,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	15-Oct-25	170,459	168,217
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	200,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	10-Dec-30	183,024	181,368
	100,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	10-Dec-30	91,421	90,584
•••••	70,000,000	7.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	20-Aug-23	25,000	69,379
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	140,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	15-Oct-25	136,262	134,418
•	60,000,000	8.00%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	10-Dec-30	54,544	54,015
•	240,000,000	9.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	19-Sep-24	240,795	241,755
•	30,000,000	7.50%	On Maturity	Pakistan Investment Bonds	29-Apr-27	25,710	24,734
						1,749,454	2,172,187

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- These carry interest at effective rate of 9.06% to 13.49% per annum (2022: 8.49% to 13.49% per annum) and will mature by 10 December 9.1.1 2030 (2022: 10 December 2030). Market value of PIBs carried at amortised cost amounts to Rs. 1,646.85 million (2022: Rs.2,276.06 million).
- 9.1.2 Pakistan investment bonds are placed as statutory deposit with State Bank of Pakistan in accordance with the requirements of clause (a) of sub section 2 of section 29 of Insurance Ordinance, 2000.

9.2	Treasury Bills						
	Face Value	Profit Rate %	Profit Payment	Type of Security	Maturity Date	2023	2022
	Rupees					Rupees in	thousand
	75,000,000	15.67%	Maturity	Treasury Bills	12-Jan-23	-	72,389
	175,000,000	15.70%	Maturity	Treasury Bills	26-Jan-23	-	168,898
	105,000,000	16.97%	Maturity	Treasury Bills	9-Mar-23	-	101,053
						-	342,340

9.3	ljara Sukuk						
	Face Value	Profit Rate %	Profit Payment	Type of Security	Maturity Date	2023	2022
	Rupees					Rupees in t	housand
	100,000,000	23.60%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	17-Apr-24	100,003	
	250,000,000	22.56%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	26-Jun-24	250,017	
	125,000,000		Maturity	ljara Sukuk	20-Sep-24	125,000	
	250,000,000	22.79%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	20-Sep-24	250,003	
	75,000,000	22.87%	Maturity	ljara Sukuk	26-Jun-28	74,789	
	150,000,000		Maturity	ljara Sukuk	26-Jun-28	149,638	
	75,000,000		Maturity	ljara Sukuk		75,164	
						1,024,613	

9.3.1 These carry interest at effective rate of 22.62% to 23.00% per annum (2022: nil) and will mature by 26 June 2028 (2022: nil). Market value of liara Sukuk carried at amortised cost amounts to Rs. 677.148 million (2022: Rs.nil).

9.4	Term Finance Certificates						
	Number of certificates		Credit rating	Mark up Rate	Investee name	Value of Certificates	
	2023	2022				2023	2022
						Rupees in	thousand
	15,000	15,000	AA	6-M KIBOR Plus 150 bps	Bank Al Habib	75,000	75,000
	15,000	15,000	AA	6-M KIBOR Plus 150 bps	Bank Alfalah	75,000	75,000
	2,000	2,000		6-M KIBOR Plus 200 bps		10,000	10,000
						160,000	160,000

9.4.1 The term finance certificates have a maturity of ten years and are maturing on 05 January 2028 to 20 December 2028 (2022: 05 January 2028 to 20 December 2028)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9.5	Sukuks		··· ···			
	Number of ce	rtificates	Mark up Rate	Investee name	Value of Ce	ertificates
	2023	2022			2023	2022
					Rupees in	thousand
	50	50	Based on Monthly Shariah Pool	Meezan Bank Limited	50,025	50,028
	-	500	3-M KIBOR Plus 190 bps	The Hub Power Company Limited	-	25,000
			Cost of certificates		50,025	75,028
			Unrealized surplus / (de	eficit) on revaluation	-	293
			Carrying value		50,025	75,318
				2023	20	22
			Note	Rupees in	thousand	
10	LOANS AND OTHER RE	CEIVABLES				
	Sundry receivables		10.1	177,338		143,97
	Advances to employees		10.2	356		34
	Staff house building finance	e	10.3	3,096		3,129
	Accrued investment incon	ne		74,502		57,83°
				255,292		205,284
10.1	Sundry receivables				···•	
	Security deposits			18,619		16,92
	Advances to suppliers - u	nsecured, con	sidered good	2,998		3,370
	Receivable against sale of	laptops		2,053		5,29
	Receivable against sale of	vehicles		611		61
	Deposit against vehicles lj	arah		24,500		28,40
	Health Claim recoverable			21,689		21,55
	Earnest money			91,841		49,028
	Other receivables - unsec	ured, consider	red good	19,565		18,78
				181,876		143,97
	Less: Provision for impair	nent against he	ealth claims recoverable	(4,538)		
				177,338		143,977

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10.2	These represent short term interest free advances given in accordance with terms of employment. These are secured and
	considered good. The maximum amount due from executives at the end of any month during the year was Rs. Nil (2022:
	Rs. Nil) and outstanding balance at 31 December 2023 is Rs. Nil (2022: Rs. Nil).

10.3 These represent housebuilding finance loans given to employees in accordance with terms of employment. Interest is charged at the rate of 6 months KIBOR. These are secured and considered good.

		2023	2022
10.4	Accrued investment income	Rupees in the	ousand
	Accrued investment income	68,686	56,393
	Accrued rental income	5,081	1,311
	Accrued Income on call center	734	-
	Accrued profit	-	127
		74,501	57,831

		2023	2022
	Note	Rupees in tho	usand
 INSURANCE / REINSURANCE RECEIVABLES			
 Due from insurance contract holders	11.1	1,413,449	1,336,412
Less: provision for impairment of receivables from			
insurance contract holders	11.2	(15,640)	(9,965)
		1,397,809	1,326,447
 Due from other insurers / reinsurers	11.4	72,237	149,051
Less: provision for impairment of receivables from			
other insurers / reinsurers	11.5	(5,588)	(619)
		66,649	148,432
		1,464,458	1,474,879

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11.1 Due from insurance contract holders

This includes premium amounting to Rs.3,282 thousand (2022: Rs. 2,712 thousand) and Rs.114,187 thousand (2022: Rs. 81,627 thousand) receivable from the Parent and associated undertakings respectively, the movement of which is as follows:

		2023	2022
		Rupees in tho	usand
	Receivable from parent:		
	Balance at beginning of the year	2,712	2,611
	Insurance premium written (including government levies,		
	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	12,209	10,619
	Premium received during the year	(11,639)	(10,518)
	Balance at end of the year	3,282	2,712
	Payable / (Receivable) from subsidiary:		
	Balance at beginning of the year	(5,003)	(599)
	Insurance premium written (including government levies,		
	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	1,022	1,044
	Services acquired	29,779	74,537
	Paid during the year	(39,216)	(79,985)
	Balance at end of the year	(13,418)	(5,003)
	Receivable from associated undertakings:		
•••••	Balance at beginning of the year	81,627	78,077
•••••	Insurance premium written (including government levies,		
	administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	217,484	147,782
	Premium received during the year	(184,924)	(144,232)
	Balance at end of the year	114,187	81,627
11.2	Provision for doubtful balances		
	Balance at beginning of the year	9,965	10,174
	Provision made / (reversed) during the year	5,675	(209)
	Balance at end of the year	15,640	9,965

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		2023	2022
		Rupees in thousand	
11.3	Age analysis of amounts receivable from		
	related parties:		
	Receivable from parent:		
	Up to 1 year	3,021	2,457
	1 to 2 years	261	228
	2 to 3 years	-	27
		3,282	2,712
	Receivable from associated undertakings:		
	Up to 1 year	111,019	79,314
	1 to 2 years	3,036	1,463
	2 to 3 years	133	850
		114,188	81,627
11.4	Due from other insurers / reinsurers		
	Considered good	66,649	148,432
	Considered doubtful	5,588	619
		72,237	149,051
	Provision for doubtful balances	(5,588)	(619)
		66,649	148,432
11.5	Provision for doubtful balances		
	Balance at beginning of the year	619	5,392
	Provision made during the year	4,969	(4,773)
	Balance at end of the year	5,588	619

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12 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

The company operates an approved gratuity scheme for all employees. The eligible employees under the scheme are 335 (2022: 327). The latest actuarial valuation of gratuity scheme was carried out as at December 31, 2022 under the Projected Unit Credit Method as per the requirements of approved accounting standard - International Accounting Standard 19, the details of which are as follows:

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in tho	usand
12.1	Amount recognized in the balance sheet			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	12.3	251,385	212,020
	Benefits due but not paid during the year		2,074	4,012
			253,459	216,032
	Fair value of plan assets	12.4	(244,421)	(185,357)
	Net liability at end of the year		9,038	30,675
12.2	Movement in liability recognized in balance shee	t		
	Balance at beginning of the year		30,675	40,109
	Expense for the year		18,089	19,113
	Actuarial (gain) / loss recognized in other compreher	nsive		
	income		(9,843)	(3,015)
			38,921	56,207
	Contributions to the fund during the year		(29,883)	(25,532)
	Balance at end of the year		9,038	30,675
12.3	Reconciliation of the present value of defined be	nefits obligation		
	Present value of obligations as at beginning of the ye	ear	212,020	178,024
	Current service cost		16,389	16,378
	Interest cost		30,045	20,597
	Benefits paid		(6,924)	(2,972)
	Benefits due but not paid		(771)	(2,507)
	Actuarial (gain) / loss		626	2,500
	Present value of obligations as at end of the year		251,385	212,020

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		2023	2022
12.4	Movement in the fair value of plan assets	Rupees in the	ousand
	Fair value of plan assets as at beginning of the year	185,357	141,982
	Interest income on plan assets	28,345	17,861
	Contribution to the fund	29,883	25,532
	Benefits paid	(9,633)	(5,533)
	Actuarial gain / (loss)	10,469	5,515
	Fair value of plan assets as at end of the year	244,421	185,357
12.5	Expense for the year		
	Current service cost	16,389	16,378
	Interest cost	30,045	20,596
	Interest income on plan assets	(28,345)	(17,861)
	Expense for the year	18,089	19,113

The estimated charge to profit & loss account for the defined benefit plan for the year ending December 31, 2024 is Rs. 12.6 23,407 thousand and expected contribution for the year ending 31, 2024 is Rs 12,163 thousands.

12.7 Composition of fair value of plan assets

	2023		2022			
	Fair value Percentage		Fair value Percentage Fair value		Percentage	
	Rupees in thousand	%	Rupees in thousand	%		
Debt instruments	151,804	62%	22,442	12%		
Cash and bank balances	21,668	9%	639	0%		
Mutual funds	70,949	29%	162,277	88%		
Fair value of plan assets	244,421	100%	185,358	100%		

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12.8	Comparison of present value of defined obligation, fair value of plan assets and surplus / (deficit) of gratuity fund for the last four years:					fund for the last
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
		F	Rupees in thousa	and	
Present value of defined					
benefit obligation	251,385	212,020	178,024	142,393	124,970
Fair value of plan assets	(244,421)	(185,357)	(141,982)	(108,435)	(89,814)
Deficit	6,964	26,663	36,042	33,958	35,156
Effect of remeasurement:					
- Actuarial (gain) / loss on					
experience adjustment					
on obligation	626	2,500	14,483	1,488	(2,409)
- Actuarial (loss) / gain on					
on plan assets	10,469	5,515	(3,528)	(2,046)	(9,262)

12.9 Sensitivity Analysis

The calculation of the defined benefit obligation is sensitive to the assumption used. The following table summarizes the impact on the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period as a result of a change in the respective assumptions by one percent.

	Increase / decrease in defined benefit obligation			
	202	23	20)22
	Rupees in thousand			
	1% increase	1% decrease	1% increase	1% decrease
Discount rate	233,387	272,623	195,693	230,689
Future salary growth	272,652	232,964	230,719	195,374

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized within the statement of financial position.

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12.10	Significant Actuarial Assumption			
	The following significant assumptions have been used for value	ation of this scheme:		
		2023	2022	
		per annum		
	a) Expected rate of increase in salary level	15.50%	14.50%	
	b) Discount rate	15.50%	14.50%	
10 11	B: 1			

12.11 Risks

These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks, such as longevity risk, currency risk, interest rate risk, final salary risk, asset volatility, withdrawal and market (investment) risk.

13 STAFF COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The company provides leave encashment plan to all employees. The eligible employees under the scheme are 335 (2022 : 327). The latest actuarial valuation of leave encashment was carried out as at December 31, 2023 under the Projected Unit Credit Method as per the requirements of approved accounting standard - International Accounting Standard 19, the details of which are as follows:

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in tho	ousand
		13.1	50,871	44,185
13.1	Movement in liability			
	Balance at beginning of the year		44,185	38,633
	Charge for the year	13.1.1	9,176	7,526
	Benefits paid		(2,490)	(1,974)
	Balance at end of the year		50,871	44,185
13.1.1	Charge for the year			
	Current service cost		3,311	3,150
	Interest cost		6,226	4,423
	Actuarial loss / (gain) on experience adjustment		(361)	(47)
			9,176	7,526

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2023	2022
14	DEFERRED TAXATION	Rupees in tho	usand
	Deferred tax asset in respect of:		
	On deductible temporary diffrences		
	- Provision for impairment in loans and receivables investments	4,340	3,673
	- Effect of remeasurement of staff retirement benefit plans	1,414	5,253
	- Unrealized losses on AFS investments	-	11,637
	- Provision against premium due but unpaid	6,100	3,287
	- Provision against amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers	2,179	204
	- Provision for diminution in value of AFS investments	14,293	11,540
	- Provision against health claims excess receivable	1,770	-
	- Others	62	730
	On taxable temporary diffrences		
	- Unrealized gains on AFS investments	(20,694)	=
	- Right of use assets net of lease liability	(1,030)	
		8,434	36,324
14.1	Movement in deferred tax balances is as follows:		
	As at January 01	36,324	21,945
	Recognized in profit & loss account:		
	- Provision for impairment in loans and receivables investments	667	446
	- Provision against premium due but unpaid	2,813	337
	- Provision against amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers	1,975	(1,359)
	- Provision for diminution in value of AFS investments	2,753	11,540
	- Provision against health claims excess receivable	1,770	-
	- Right of use assets net of lease liability	(1,030)	
	- Others	(668)	730
	Recognized in OCI:		
	- Effect of remeasurement of staff retirement benefit plans	(3,839)	(995)
	- Unrealized (gains) / losses on AFS investments	(32,331)	3,681

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			2023	2022	
			Rupees in thousand		
15	PREPAYMENTS				
	Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded		645,855	665,084	
	Prepaid rent		3,725	2,624	
	Others		5,201	5,252	
			654,781	672,960	
16	CASH AND BANK				
	Cash & cash equivalents:				
	Cash in hand		1,642	1,621	
	Policy & Revenue stamps, Bond papers		1,388	762	
			3,030	2,383	
	Cash at bank:				
	Current accounts		34,227	24,663	
	Deposit accounts - local currency	17.1	280,539	268,700	
			314,766	293,363	

These carry an annual effective markup rate ranging from 7% to 20.5% (2022: 3.7% to 14.5%). 16.1

^{16.2} During the year, the Company has obtained running finance facility of Rs. 300,000 thousand from Bank Al Habib Limited at 3 months average KIBOR + 0.4%, prevailing on the date of disbursement. Tenor of the facility is one year. 110% lein is marked over market value of Pakistan Investment Bonds as security procured through Bank Al Habib's account maintained at Pak Oman Investment Bank.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17	SHARE CAPITA	L.			2023		2022
17.1	Authorized Cap	ital			Rup	ees in	thousand
	100,000,000		Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 e	each	1,000,0	00	1,000,000
17.2	Issued, subscr	ibed and paid-u	p share capital				
	2023	2022			20)23	2022
	Number o	of shares			F	Rupees	s in thousand
			Ordinary shares of Rs. 10	each issued as:			
	24,358,699	24,358,699	- fully paid cash shares		243,5	87	243,587
	47,543,196	47,543,196	- fully paid bonus shares		475,4	132	475,432
	71,901,895	71,901,895			719,0	019	719,019
17.3			ectors hold 42,589,729 (202 vely at the year end.		and 000,000 (2022. c	7-0,000	5) Ordinary
17.5					2023		2022
	shares of the Co		ely at the year end.	Note			2022
18			ely at the year end.		2023		2022
	shares of the Co		ely at the year end.		2023		2022
	shares of the Co	ompany respectiv	ely at the year end.		2023		2022
	shares of the Control	ompany respectiv	ely at the year end.		2023 Rupees in tho		2022
	shares of the Control	es	ely at the year end.		2023 Rupees in tho		2022 I 121,161
	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve	es	ely at the year end.		2023 Rupees in the		2022 I 121,161
	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve	es	ely at the year end.		2023 Rupees in the 121,161		2022 I 121,161 70,000
	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve	es	ely at the year end.		2023 Rupees in the 121,161 70,000 32,652		2022 I 121,161 70,000 (23,923)
	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve	es es on reserve	ely at the year end.		2023 Rupees in the 121,161 70,000 32,652 102,652		2022 I 121,161 70,000 (23,923) 46,077
18	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve	es es on reserve	ely at the year end.		2023 Rupees in the 121,161 70,000 32,652 102,652		2022 I 121,161 70,000 (23,923) 46,077
18	RESERVES Capital reserve Share premium Revenue reserve General reserve AFS Revaluation	es es on reserve	ely at the year end.		2023 Rupees in the 121,161 70,000 32,652 102,652 223,813		2022 1 121,161 70,000 (23,923) 46,077 167,238

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

19.1 Liabilities against assets - secured

	2023		2022			
	Minimum lease payments	Financial charges for future periods	Present value of minimum lease payments	Minimum lease payments	Financial charges for future periods	Present value of minimum lease payments
		•	Rupees in t	housand	•	•
Not later than one year	76,506	21,526	54,980	80,398	23,824	56,785
Later than one year and not later than five years	93,969	27,304	66,665	141,624	30,832	110,792
Later than five years	56,953	20,560	36,393	52,688	20,510	32,177
	227,428	69,390	158,038	274,710	75,166	199,754

Interest rate used in calculation of lease liability is 6-months KIBOR + 0.7% for vehicles and 1-year KIBOR + 1% for rental 19.2 properties.

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in tho	usand
20	INSURANCE / REINSURANCE PAYABLES			
	Amount due to other insurers		709,549	604,421
	Amount due to foreign reinsurers		179,980	429,688
			889,529	1,034,109
21	OTHER CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS			
	Agents' commission payable		104,427	78,762
	Tax deducted at source		8,754	5,282
	Federal excise duty / federal insurance fee		47,103	76,727
	Accrued expenses		36,746	11,623
	Fund received against leased vehicle	21.1	16,080	22,583
	Fund received against vehicle ljarah	21.1	10,869	13,550
	Unearned rental income		6,646	2,376
	Others		57,251	58,883
			287,876	269,786
21.1	Funds received from executives			
	Fund received against leased vehicle		7,870	9,589
	Fund received against vehicle ljarah		6,086	5,472
			13,956	15,061

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS
22.1	Contingencies
22.1.1	The Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue Unit VII, Range III, Zone II Large Taxpayer Unit, Islamabad framed an order under section 161/205 of the Ordinance raising an income tax demand of Rs. 4.25 million for alleged non-withholding of income tax on payments made in relation to various account heads for the Tax Year 2015. The Company filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [the CIR(A)] against the impugned order. The CIR(A) confirmed the demand raised through the order. Being aggrieved with the order of the CIR(A), the Company filed second appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue [the Tribunal], which is subjudice till date. Based on the facts of the case the Company is hopeful that appeal will be decided in its favour.
22.1.2	Income tax assessments for Assessment Years 1996-1997 to 1999-2000 were finalized by the tax authorities mainly by curtailing management expenses and thereby raising income tax demand aggregating to Rs. 6.6 million. On appeals filed by the Company, these assessments were set aside by the Tribunal. The Company has filed reference applications to the High Court on question of admissibility of management expenses for the Assessment Years 1996-1997 to 1999-2000. The management of the Company firmly believes that the matter will be decided in their favour.
22.1.3	The Commissioner Inland Revenue Zone II, Large Taxpayer Unit, Islamabad selected case of the Company for Audit for the Tax Year 2015 under section 177 of the Ordinance and required the Company to furnish records/documents for the relevant period. The Company filed a constitutional writ petition to challenge the selection process for Audit before the Islamabad High Court [IHC] on 19 January 2018 which petition was dismissed on 02 February 2023 by the IHC. As a result of which the IR authority has resumed the Audit proceedings. The Company has filed a reply for partial compliance and is in the process of compiling the requisite information and has requested for extension in time to comply with the Notice.
22.1.4	Taxation officer of Sindh Revenue Board [SRB] framed the Order-in-Original No. 285 of 2022 dated 11 February 2022 raising a demand of Rs. 288.13 million on account of non-payment of Sindh Sales Tax [SST] on reinsurance premiums and commission from reinsurer for the period January 2014 to December 2015. The Company has filed an appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals), SRB which is subjudice till to date.
22.1.5	Taxation officer of SRB issued show cause notice No. 81802 dated 28 January 2022 thereby confronting the Company on alleged short declaration of insurance premiums and short payment of SST thereon. The Company had obtained stay from the Sindh High Court against the proceedings initiated through the show cause notice.
22.1.6	Taxation officer of SRB raised observation on account of claiming inadmissible input tax adjustment of Rs. 1,699,449 and short payment of withheld SST amounting to Rs. 503,906 on services received by the Company during the tax periods January 2020 to December 2021. The Company has filed a comprehensive reply against the notice. There is no further progress on the matter till date.
22.1.7	Additional Commissioner of Punjab Revenue Authority [PRA] raised observation on claim of inadmissible input tax adjustment of Rs. 12,813,614 during the tax periods July 2014 to October 2022. The Company explained its position through our letter dated 29 May 2023 to the Officer, however there is no further progress on the matter.
22.1.8	The Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Audit Unit-V, Large Taxpayer's Unit, Islamabad issued an Order-in-Original No. 04/2020 dated 31 December 2020 raising a demand of Rs. 1.39 million on account of inadmissible claim of input tax credit and short payment of Federal Excise Duty for the tax period 2017. The Company preferred an appeal before the CIR(A) who deleted the tax demand to the extent of Rs. 9,277 and upheld the remaining tax demand through Order-in-Appeal No. 06 dated 12 July 2021. Being aggrieved with the appellate Order of the CIR(A), the Company has filed an appeal before the Tribunal which is pending disposal till date. The Company has deposited total of 15% of the impugned tax demand to avail stay against the recovery of the impugned tax demand.
22.1.9	The Company filed writ petition before the Honorable Lahore High Court [LHC]. The LHC, through its Order No. W.P.No.75277/2022 dated 02 January 2023, allowed the Company to file the return of total income for the Tax Year 2022 by excluding Super Tax liability worked out under section 4C of the Ordinance subject to deposit of post-dated cheque equivalent to the Super Tax liability for the year. The writ petition is pending decision before the LHC till to date.
22.1.10	The Company filed writ petition before the Islamabad High Court [IHC] to challenge retrospective application of enhanced rate of Super Tax from 4% to 10% in light of the amendments brought in through the Finance Act 2023. The IHC through writ petition Order 3504/2023 dated 06 November 2023 has granted interim stay against the recovery of Super Tax in excess of the tax rate as laid down before the aforesaid amendment. In light of the decision of the IHC, the Company has filed its return of total income for the Tax Year 2023 by discharging its Super Tax liability at the rate of 4% of its income. The writ petition is pending decision before the IHC till to date.

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Others

22.1.11 Certain claims have been filed against the Company. The management, based on the opinion of its legal counsels, believes that the above mentioned matters are most likely to be decided in favour of the Company at superior appellate forums and no charge is required to be recognised and carried in the financial statements. Management on the basis of nature and facts of the claims believes that expected outcome of these cases will be favorable and adverse financial impact, if any, on these financial statements is not likely to be material.

22.2 Commitments

22.2.1 The Company's commitment under Ijarah arrangement with Meezan Bank Limited is Rs. 77.29 million (2022: Rs 67.04 million). The contracts have a term of five years.

		2023	2022
		Rupees in thousand	
	Future Minimum Ujrah (lease) payments are as under:		
	Not later than one year	23,381	16,861
	Later than one year and not later than five years	53,914	50,186
		77,295	67,047
	ljarah payments recognized in expense during the year	29,364	16,506
22.2.2	The Company's commitment under rental agreements with lease term of less than 1 year are:		
	Not later than one year	3,725	2,624
	Rental payments recognized in expense during the year	14,781	10,544
		18,506	13,168

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		2023	2022
		Rupees in thousand	
23	NET INSURANCE PREMIUM		
	Written gross premium	4,906,731	4,041,255
	Add: Unearned premium reserve opening	1,823,622	1,719,511
	Less: Unearned premium reserve closing	(2,062,367)	(1,823,622)
	Premium earned	4,667,986	3,937,144
	Less: Reinsurance premium ceded	1,798,570	1,616,229
	Add: Prepaid reinsurance premium opening	665,084	559,058
	Less: Prepaid reinsurance premium closing	(645,855)	(665,084)
	Reinsurance expense	1,817,799	1,510,203
		2,850,187	2,426,941
24	NET INSURANCE CLAIMS		
	Claims paid	2,476,418	1,889,692
	Add: Outstanding claims including IBNR closing	1,450,640	763,291
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening	(763,291)	(639,160)
	Claims expense	3,163,767	2,013,823
	Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries received	791,501	400,386
	Add: Reinsurance and other recoveries in		
	respect of outstanding claims closing	888,923	310,712
	respect of outstanding claims closing Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries in	888,923	310,712
	•	(310,712)	
	Less: Reinsurance and other recoveries in		310,712 (245,465) 465,633

24.1 Claim Development

The Company maintains adequate reserves in respect of its insurance business in order to protect against adverse future claims experience and developments. The uncertainties about the amount and timing of claim payments are normally resolved within one year. The following table shows the development of the claims over a period of time. All amounts are presented in gross numbers before reinsurance.

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Accident Year	2018 & prior	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Total
			•	F	Rupees in thousand	1	
At the end of accident year				1,735,753	2,058,520	2,880,739	
One year later	32,402			549,750	1,059,883	-	
Two years later	53,890	55,773	40,409	54,701	-	-	
Three years later	45,198	39,460	6,217	-	-	-	
Four years later	24,639	8,495	-	-	-	-	
Five year later	14,330	-	-	-	-	-	. ***
Current estimate of cumulative claims				54,701		2,880,739	4,024,3
Less: Cumulative payments to date	(1,442)	(1,770)	2,202	25,738	906,067	1,642,930	2,573,7
Liability recognized in statement of financial position	15,772	10,265	4,015	28,963	153,816	1,237,809	1,450,6

24.2 The provision for IBNR on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out as at December 31, 2023 amounted to Rs. 326,517 thousands (2022: Rs 304,102 thousands).

		2023	2022
25	NET COMMISSION AND OTHER ACQUISITION COSTS	Rupees in	thousand
	Commission paid or payable	394,563	264,794
	Add: Deferred commission expense opening	108,258	102,363
	Less: Deferred commission expense closing	(154,757)	(108,258)
	Net commission	348,064	258,899
	Less: Commission received or recoverable	378,728	337,403
	Add: Unearned reinsurance commission opening	113,761	97,068
	Less: Unearned reinsurance commission closing	(122,020)	(113,761)
	Commission from reinsurers	370,469	320,710
		(22,405)	(61,811)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

			2023	2022
26	MANAGEMENT EXPENSES	Note	Rupees in tho	ousand
•••••	Employees benefit cost	26.1	628,191	539,940
	Rent	······································	11,373	10,544
	Communication		7,351	8,414
	Tracker devices		4,765	5,455
	Monitoring of trackers		688	6,790
	Printing and stationery		20,001	11,768
	Traveling and entertainment		9,972	6,863
	Depreciation and amortization		102,136	93,679
	Repair and maintenance		12,953	13,605
	Utilities		24,806	21,579
	Advertisement		1,812	1,393
	Legal and professional charges		8,834	8,929
	Bank charges		2,232	1,840
	Provision against premium due but unpaid		10,645	(4,982)
	Provision against health claims excess receivable		4,538	-
	Vehicle Ijarah rentals		29,939	17,047
	Miscellaneous		22,762	9,239
			902,998	752,103
26.1	Employees benefit cost			
	Salaries, allowance and other benefits		588,682	502,912
•••••	Charges for post employment benefits	26.2	39,510	37,028
			628,192	539,940

26.2 This includes charges for defined benefit plans, staff compensated absences and defined contribution plans amounting to Rs. 19.43 million (2022: Rs. 19.11 million), Rs. 7.89 million (2022: Rs. 7.52 million) and Rs. 16.19 million (2022: Rs. 14.51 million) respectively.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			2023	2022
27	INVESTMENT INCOME	Note	Rupees in tho	usand
	Dividend income on investments			
	Dividend income on securities held for trading		39,755	528
	Dividend income on available for sale investments		29,109	18,722
			68,864	19,250
	Income from debt securities	•		
	Return on government securities		284,171	246,415
	Return on other fixed income securities		47,949	36,985
			332,120	283,400
•	Net realised gains on investments	•		
	Gain on trading of held for trading investments		30,008	1,521
••••••	(Loss) / Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments		19,059	(1,184)
			49,067	337
	Unrealized profit on re-measurement of	•		
	investments held for trading		1,513	91
	Provision for diminution in available-for-sale investments		(1,678)	(34,970
	Investment related expenses	••••	(30)	(148)
	Total investment income		449,856	267,960
28	RENTAL INCOME	······································		
•••••	Rental income		6,528	6,013
•••••	Less: expenses of investment property		(56)	(22)
			6,472	5,991
29	OTHER INCOME			
	Profit on bank deposits		57,803	25,862
	Gain on sale of fixed assets	5.2.3	3,016	2,160
	Mark-up on staff house building finance	·····	646	477
	Funds amortized against leased vehicles	·····	10,429	7,692
	Others		1,190	17,609
			73,084	53,800

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			2023	2022
30	OTHER EXPENSES	Note	Rupees in tho	pusand
	Subscription		8,092	7,026
	Auditors' remuneration	30.1	2,497	2,287
			10,589	9,313
30.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		1,297	1,287
	Half yearly review		400	450
	Special purpose review		275	250
	Code of Corporate Governance		125	100
	Other certifications		400	200
			2,497	2,287
31	FINANCE COSTS			
	Interest on lease liabilities		23,304	24,964
	Interest on running finance		3	641
			23,307	25,605
32	WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS - OPF			
	Wakala fee		222,394	170,125
	Management expenses		(111,948)	(87,437)
	Commission expenses		(68,750)	(49,248)
	Modarib's share of PTF investment income		15,823	9,797
	Investment income		35,787	19,784
	Other income - net		6,571	5,547
	Profit from Window Takaful Operations - OPF		99,877	68,568
33	INCOME TAX EXPENSE			
	For the year			
	- Current		318,269	206,465
	- Prior year		32,588	-
	Deferred		(8,281)	(11,693)
			342,576	194,772

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

33.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting pro	ofit			
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		Effective tax	x rate - %	Rupees in	thousand
	Profit for the year before taxation			770,932	549,860
	Tax at the applicable rate	39.00%	29.00%	300,664	159,459
	Effect of items that are not considered				
	in determining taxable income - net	1.21%	3.14%	9,325	17,269
	Effect of prior year adjustment	4.23%	3.28%	32,588	18,044
		44.44%	35.42%	342,576	194,772
33.2	Taxation charged to other comprehensive income				
	Deferred tax income / (expense)			34,374	(1,232)
				2023	2022
34	EARNINGS PER SHARE			Rupees in	thousand
	Profit after tax (Rupees in thousand)			428,356	355,088
	Weighted average number of shares			71,902	71,902
	Earnings (after tax) per share - (Rupees)			5.96	4.94

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COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

35.1 The aggregate amounts charged in these consolidated financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits, to the Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the Company are as follows:

		2023			2022	
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
		•	Rupees in t	housand	•	
Fees	-	1,690	-	=	1,560	-
Managerial remuneration	23,532	-	56,447	20,578	-	43,666
Leave encashment	1,267	-	1,631	949	-	1,213
Bonus	9,329	-	20,481	8,113	-	15,890
Charge to defined benefit plan	1,728	-	3,704	1,744	-	3,695
Rent and house maintenance	9,655	-	24,156	8,396	-	18,518
Utilities	2,146	-	5,368	1,866	-	4,115
Conveyance	420	-	1,541	935	-	10,019
Provident fund	1,787	-	3,671	1,554	-	2,955
Others	2,189	-	13,577	2,495	-	13,437
	52,053	1,690	130,576	46,630	1,560	113,508
No of person(s)	2	12	32	2	12	26

35.2 The Chief Executive and Executives are also provided with Company maintained cars.

As defined in fourth Schedule of Companies Act 2017 (Amended vide S.R.O. 1169 (I)/2017 dated November 7th, 2017), "executive" means an employee, other than the chief executive and directors, whose basic salary exceeds twelve hundred thousand rupees in a financial year

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 36

The Company is a subsidiary of Army Welfare Trust ("the parent company") therefore all subsidiaries and associated undertakings of the parent company are related parties of the Company. Other related parties comprise of directors, key management personnel, entities with common directorships and entities over which the directors are able to exercise influence. Balances with related parties are shown in the note 12.1 and the remuneration of chief executive, executives and directors is disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements. Transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

	2023	2022
ransactions with the parent company:	Rupees in tho	ousand
nsurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	12,209	10,619
Premium received during the period	11,639	10,519
nsurance claims paid	5,973	2,842
Rent paid	32,171	29,782
Dividend Paid	112,892	106,502
Transactions with associated undertakings:		
Army Welfare Sugar Mills		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	17,987	12,402
Premium received during the period	18,059	12,454
nsurance claims paid	373	672
Askari Aviation (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	2,414	2,593
Premium received during the period	2,553	3,24
nsurance claims paid	-	917

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Askari Development and Holdings (Private) Limited	Rupees in the	ousand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	13,642	7,320
Premium received during the period	490	7,760
Insurance claims paid	40,427	249
Askari Enterprises (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	303	240
Premium received during the period	206	336
Insurance claims paid	48	50
Askari CNG and Fuels		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	5,325	4,878
Premium received during the period	5,272	7,507
Insurance claims paid	1,949	369
Askari Guards (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	116,252	60,880
Premium received during the period	96,547	61,811
Insurance claims paid	3,956	15,993
Askari Lagoon Faisalabad		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	219	67
Premium received during the period	285	203
Insurance claims paid	56	-

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Askari Shoe Project	Rupees in t	nousand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	4,044	2,403
Premium received during the period	2,690	2,390
Insurance claims paid	407	1,046
Askari Tours and Travels		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	1,008	1,095
Premium received during the period	2,521	224
Insurance claims paid	535	30
Askari Woolen Mills		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	2,582	1,264
Premium received during the period	2,074	1,346
Insurance claims paid	402	180
AWT Plaza Project		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	223	223
Premium received during the period	728	-
Insurance claims paid	142	240
Blue Lagoon		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	476	505
Premium received during the period	218	664
Insurance claims paid	226	

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Fauji Security Services (Private) Limited	Rupees in the	ousand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	32,311	25,14
Premium received during the period	32,167	22,68
Insurance claims paid	1,571	1,12
MAL Pakistan Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	8,649	15,00
Premium received during the period	10,295	12,64
Insurance claims paid	11,185	5,0
Petrosel Lubricants (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	-	(14
Premium received during the period	-	
Insurance claims paid	-	
Army Welfare Housing Scheme		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	544	50
Premium received during the period	544	5.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Army Welfare Real Estate Division	Rupees in th	ousand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	1,948	2,210
Premium received during the period	1,591	2,058
Insurance claims paid	1,016	599
Askari Apparel		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	-	(206)
Premium received during the period	-	-
Insurance claims paid	-	-
AWT Investments Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	(34)	2,878
Premium received during the period	-	2,313
Insurance claims paid	75	1,809
Services Travels		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	90	92
Premium received during the period	90	92
Insurance claims paid	-	17
Askari Life Assurance		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	2,015	1,640
Premium received during the period	1,992	4,101
Insurance claims paid	719	3,691

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2023	2022
Askari Seeds	Rupees in th	nousand
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	1,871	1,360
Premium received during the period	1,852	1,40
Insurance claims paid	473	36
Medask		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	5,478	5,22
Premium received during the period	4,587	43
Insurance claims paid	1,756	1,49
Jolidays (Private) Limited		
Insurance premium written (including government levies		
administrative surcharge and policies stamps)	137	14
Premium received during the period	162	Δ
Insurance claims paid	9	7
Transactions with other related parties		
Contributions to Employees Provident Fund Trust	47,811	47,43

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

					2023					
	Held-for- trading	Available-for- sale	Held-to- maturity	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
			Bupe	Rupees in thousand						
Financial assets measured at fair value										
Investment at fair value through profit and loss	262,784		1	1	1	262,784	262,784	1		262,784
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income	1	470,061	1	ı	1	470,061	470,061	1	1	470,061
Investment at fair value through profit and loss - WTO	215,340	1	1		1	215,340	155,471	1		155,471
Investment at available for sale - WTO	1	7,916				7,916	7,916			7,916
Financial assets not measured at fair value										
Investments										
- Government securities	1	1	2,774,068	1	1	2,774,068	1	1	2,324,042	2,324,042
- Fixed term deposits	•	210,025	1	1		210,025	1	1		1
Loans to employees	1	1	1	356	1	356	1	1	1	1
Accrued investment income*	1	1		74,502		74,502			1	
Staff house building finance	1	1	1	3,096	1	3,096	1	1	1	1
Sundry receivables*	1	1	1	177,338		177,338		1	1	1
Amounts due from insurance contract holders*	1	1	1	1,397,809	1	1,397,809	1	1	1	1
Amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers*	1	1	1	66,649	1	66,649	1	1	1	1
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims*	1	1		888,923		888,923			1	1
Salvage recoveries accrued*	1	1	1	2,633		2,633	1	1	1	1
Cash and bank deposits*	1	1	1	317,796		317,796		1	1	1
Total assets of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	1	1	1	191,800	1	191,800	1	1		1
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value										
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)*	1		1	1	(1,450,640)	(1,450,640)		1	1	1
Lease liabilities	1		1	1	(158,038)	(158,038)	1	1	1	1
Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers*		1		1	(889,529)	(889,529)	1	1	1	1
Unclaimed dividend*	1	1	1	1	(13,291)	(13,291)	1	1	1	1
Accrued expenses*	1	1	1	1	(36,746)	(36,746)	1	1	1	1
Other creditors and accruals*	1	1	1	1	(174,671)	(174,671)	1	1	1	1
Deposits and other payables*	1	1	1	1	(69, 164)	(69,164)	1	1	1	1
Total liabilities of Window Takaful. Operations - OPF	1	1	1	ı	(139,902)	(139,902)	1	1	1	1
	A78 19A	SAR OUS	9 774 068	3 120 902	(9 931 981)	4 129 115	896.232		0 304 040	3 200 074
	5	0,00	2,	, ,	(1),00(1)	, ,	1			1,011,

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

					2022					
	Held-for- trading	Available-for- sale	Held-to- maturity	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
			Bupe	Rupees in thousand						
Financial assets measured at fair value						-				
Investment at fair value through profit and loss	100,397		1	,	,	100,397	100,397	1	,	100,397
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income		- 266,883	1	1	1	266,883	266,883	1	25,293	292,176
Investment at fair value through profit and loss - WTO	155,471	1	1	1	,	155,471	155,471	1	1	155,471
Investment at available for sale - WTO		- 22,008	,	,	,	22,008	17,008	,	5,000	22,008
Financial assets not measured at fair value										
Investments										
- Government securities			2,514,527	1	1	2,514,527	1	1	2,276,061 2,276,061	2,276,061
- Fixed term deposits		- 210,025	1	1	1	210,025	1	1		1
Loans to employees			1	347	1	347	1	1	1	
Accrued investment income*			'	57,831		57,831				
Staff house building finance			1	3,129	1	3,129	1	1	1	1
Sundry receivables*			1	143,977	1	143,977	1	1		1
Amounts due from insurance contract holders*		,	1	1,326,447	,	1,326,447	1	1		1
Amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers*		1		148,432		148,432				
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims*			'	310,712		310,712				
Salvage recoveries accrued*			'	3,339		3,339	,		'	1
Cash and bank deposits*		1	1	295,746	1	295,746	1	1	1	1
Total assets of Window Takaful Operations - OPF				161,395	,	161,395		1		
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value										
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)*			1		(763,291)	(763,291)	1	1		
Lease liabilities			1	,	(199,754)	(199,754)	1			
Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers*		1	1	1	(1,034,109)	(1,034,109)	1			1
Unclaimed dividend*			1		(802'6)	(9,708)	1		1	
Accrued expenses*			1	1	(11,623)	(11,623)	1			1
Other creditors and accruals*			1		(258,163)	(258,163)	1			
Deposits and other payables*			1		(59,061)	(59,061)	1	1		
Total liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - OPF			1	1	(38,258)	(38,258)	1		1	
	255,868	3 498,916	2,514,527	2,451,355	(2,373,967)	3,346,699	539,759	1	2,306,354	2,846,113

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying * The Company has not disclosed the fair value of these items because their canying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements: values and the fair values estimates.

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		П										
	Fire and property damage		Marine, aviation and transport	and transport	Motor	or	Accident and health	nd health	Miscellaneous	neous	Total	al
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
						Rupees in thousand	thousand					
Premium receivable (inclusive of Federal Excise Duty, Federal Insurance Fee and Administrative surcharge)	1,060,111	804,706	589,165	356,741	1,453,290	1,256,430	1,408,786	1,050,631	930,536	997,901	5,441,888	4,466,408
Less:Federal Excise Duty	140,766	108,075	66,540	39,841	194,496	170,938	1,889		63,744	52,694	467,435	371,548
Federal Insurance Fee	9,377	6,920	5,090	2,993	12,359	10,809	13,873	10,316	8,502	9,384	49,201	40,422
Stamp Duty	326	352	15,533	11,808	675	785	774	7	191	233	17,499	13,184
Gross written premium (inclusive of administrative surcharge)	909,642	689,359	502,002	302,099	1,245,760	1,073,898	1,392,250	1,040.308	858,099	935,590	4,907,753	4,041,255
Gross premium	899,836	689,554	493,523	294,490	1,205,520	1,035,181	1,386,699	1,036,420	845,204	925,329	4,830,781	3,980,978
Administrative surcharge	7,325	6,222	10,098	9,378	40,442	38,668	1,055	982	9,345	7,588	68,265	62,842
Facultative inward premium	2,031	4,372	1	1	1	1	1		1	850	2,031	5,223
Service charges	451	(10,790)	(1,619)	(1,769)	(202)	48	4,496	2,803	3,550	1,822	6,676	(7,886)
Insurance premium earned	825,716	609'809	489,190	267,356	1,154,734	1,037,289	1,272,523	1,111,116	925,823	917,774	4,667,986	3,937,144
Insurance premium ceded to reinsurers	(734,057)	(549,258)	(323,880)	(184,159)	(43,064)	(41,800)	49	(35,116)	(716,847)	(698'669)	(1,817,799)	(1,510,203)
Net insurance premium	91,659	54,351	165,310	83,197	1,111,670	995,489	1,272,572	1,076,000	208,976	217,905	2,850,187	2,426,942
Commission income	136,063	119,221	90,460	60,252	5,374	4,285	(8)	5,619	138,580	131,333	370,469	320,710
Net underwriting income	227,722	173,572	255,770	143,449	1,117,044	999,774	1,272,564	1,081,619	347,556	349,238	3,220,656	2,747,652
Insurance claims	(870,240)	(182,373)	(137,942)	(91,509)	(532,096)	(493,866)	(1,185,051)	(967,841)	(438,437)	(278,233)	(3,163,767)	(2,013,822)
Insurance claims recovered from reinsueres	841,859	160,076	117,785	73,557	23,686	(1,156)	11,709	30,904	374,673	202,251	1,369,712	465,632
Net claims	(28,381)	(22,297)	(20,157)	(17,952)	(508,410)	(495,022)	(1,173,342)	(826'926)	(63,764)	(75,982)	(1,794,055)	(1,548,190)
Commission expense	(96,327)	(66,201)	(78,235)	(40,011)	(58,026)	(47,507)	(49,728)	(33,221)	(65,748)	(71,960)	(348,064)	(258,900)
Management expense	(48,079)	(27,313)	(86,713)	(41,810)	(623,790)	(542,358)	(34,799)	(31,116)	(109,618)	(109,506)	(902,998)	(752,103)
Underwriting results	54,934	57,761	70,665	43,677	(73,182)	(85,114)	14,696	80,345	108,426	91,790	175,539	188,459
Investment income											449,856	267,960
Rental income											6,472	5,991
Other income											73,084	53,800
Finance costs											(23,307)	(25,605)
Other expenses											(10,589)	(9,313)
											671,055	481,292
Profit before tax from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	akaful Operation	s - OPF									99,877	68,568
Profit before tax											770 932	549 880

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

38.2	38.2 Segment Assets and Liabilities	ties											
		Fire and proper	rty damage	Fire and property damage Marine, aviation and transport	and transport	Motor	or	Accident and health	nd health	Miscellaneous	neous	Total	al
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
							Rupees in	Rupees in thousand					
	Corporate Segment assets - Conventional	1,056,816 510,406	510,406	336,546	214,704	797,219	835,738	833,120	841,921	485,244	576,558	485,244 576,558 3,508,943	2,979,327
	Corporate Segment assets - Takaful OPF	33,319	24,080	14,431	12,165	46,350	37,509	7,857	2,024	5,358	4,278	107,315	80,056
	Corporate unallocated assets - Conventional											4,350,425	3,683,642
	Corporate unallocated assets - Takaful OPF											334,341	286,888
	Consolidated total assets											8,301,024	7,029,912
	Corporate Segment labilities - Conventional	1,145,359 569,156	569,156	336,207	252,708	1,283,962	1,196,674	252,708 1,283,962 1,196,674 1,473,784	1,274,903	694,936	716,377	4,934,248	4,009,818
	Corporate Segment liabilities - Takaful OPF	31,626	26,738	6,951	12,654	63,801	61,242	15,488	3,033	5,461	5,228	123,327	108,895
	Corporate unallocated Segment liabilities - Conventional											460,410	
	Corporate unallocated Segment liabilities - Takaful OPF											29,879	10,024
	Consolidated total liabilities					-						5,547,864	4,559,096

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MOVEMENT IN INVESTMENTS					
	Held to maturity	Available- for -sale	Fair value through P&L	Loans and receivables	Total
			Rupees in thousar	nd	
At beginning of previous year	2,296,767	467,691	673	=	2,765,131
Additions	1,699,489	338,471	809,099	-	2,847,059
 Disposals (sale and redemptions)	(1,481,729)	(286,449)	(709,466)	=	(2,477,644)
Fair value net gain (excluding net realised gains)	-	(42,804)	91	-	(42,713)
 Designated at fair value through profit / loss	······································	•••••		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
upon initial recognition	-	-	-	-	-
Classified as held for trading	=	=	=	=	-
 Impairment (loss) / reversal	-	-	-	-	-
		•••••			
At beginning of current year	2,514,527	476,909	100,397	-	3,091,833
 Additions		•			
 Disposals (sale and redemptions)	1,064,060	296,198	1,917,137	-	3,277,395
 Fair value net gain (excluding net realised gains)	(804,519)	(179,669)	(1,756,172)	-	(2,740,360)
 Designated at fair value through profit / loss		86,646	1 404	•	00.070
upon initial recognition	-	00,040	1,424	-	88,070
Classified as held for trading	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment reversal	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
At end of current year	2,774,068	680,084	262,786	_	3,716,938

40 MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE RISK

40.1 Financial risk

The Company's activities exposes it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest / mark-up rate risk and price risk). The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance. The Company consistently manages its exposure to financial risk without any material change from previous year in the manner described in notes below.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing the Company's risk management policies.

i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

Concentration of credit risk occurs when a number of counterparties have a similar type of business activities. As a result, any change in economic, political or other conditions would effect their ability to meet contractual obligations in similar manner. The management monitors and limits the Company's exposure to credit risk through monitoring of client's exposure and maintaining conservative estimates of provisions for doubtful assets, if required. The management believes it is not exposed to significant concentration of credit risk as its financial assets are adequately diversified in entities of sound financial standing, covering various industrial sectors.

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	2023	2022
	Rupees in the	ousand
Bank deposits	314,766	293,363
nvestments	3,716,938	3,091,830
Salvage recoveries accrued	2,633	3,339
Amounts due from insurance contract holders	1,397,809	1,326,44
Amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers	66,649	148,43
Accrued investment income	74,502	57,83
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	888,923	310,71:
Staff house building finance	3,096	3,129
Sundry receivables	177,338	144,97
	6,642,654	5,380,060

The Company does not hold any collateral against the above balances except for staff house building finance. Provision against receivable is written off when the Company expects that it cannot recover the balance due. Except as already provided for in these consolidated financial statements, past due balances were not impaired as they relate to a number of policy holders and other insurers / reinsurers for whom there is no recent history of default. The age analysis of gross receivables is as follows:

	Amount due from insurance contract holders	Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	Sundry receivables	2023 Aggregate	2022 Aggregate
	•••••		Rupees in		•	······································
Up to 1 year	1,189,134	65,875	772,613	177,338	2,204,959	1,674,050
1-2 years	208,825	774	88,611	-	298,210	219,267
2-3 years	10,451	5,588	9,070	-	25,109	20,338
Over 3 years	5,039	-	18,630	-	23,669	26,497
	1,413,449	72,237	888,924	177,338	2,551,947	1,940,152

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a)	The credit quality of Company's bank baland	ces can be assessed	with reference to 6		s as follows:			
	Rating Financial institution	F	Rating	Rating agency	2023	2022		
		Long term	Short term		Rupees in	thousand		
	Askari Bank Limited	AA+	A1+	PACRA	286,049	241,359		
	Bank Makramah Limited	Un Rated	Un Rated	VIS	31	957		
	(Formerly:Summit Bank Limited)							
	Habib Bank Limited	AAA	A-1+	VIS	1,829	852		
	Faysal Bank Limited	AA	A1+	PACRA	2,021	2,001		
	Bank Al Falah Limited	AA+	A1+	PACRA	4	7		
	Bank Al-Habib Limited	AAA	A1+	PACRA	868	1,356		
	Meezan Bank Limited	AAA	A-1+	VIS	3,065	14,988		
	The Bank Of Punjab	AA+	A1+	PACRA	3,189	387		
	NRSP Microfinance Bank	A-	A2	PACRA	40	1,409		
	JS Bank Limited	AA-	A1+	PACRA	2,645	1,116		
	Bank Of Khyber	A+	A1	PACRA	2,938	1,294		
	Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank	Exempted	Exempted	Not applicable	742	1,565		
	Zarai Taraqiyati Bank	AAA	A-1+	VIS	7,840	2,44		
	Allied Bank Limited	AAA	A1+	PACRA	990	2,459		
	Finca Microfinance Bank	Α-	A2	PACRA	983	3,098		
	U Microfinance Bank	A+	A-1	VIS	393	10		
	MCB Bank Limited	AAA	A1+	PACRA	1,092			
	United Bank Limited	AAA	A-1+	VIS	44	18,064		
	Bank of Azad Jammu & Kashmir	Un Rated	Un Rated		2	-		
					314,766	293,362		
b)	The credit quality of amounts due from other insurers / reinsurers and reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims can be assessed with reference to external credit rating as follows:							
				2023		2022		
			Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	Aggregate	Aggregate		
		•	•	Rupees in th	nousand			
	Rating		72,237	888,923	961,160	459,763		
	A or above		-	-	-	-		
	Others		72,237	888,923	961,160	459,763		

The Company has diversified portfolio of investment to mitigate the risk. The credit risk exposure relates to investment in debt securities as C) mentioned in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements. The Company has also maintained a provision against certain certificates of investments as disclosed in note 10.5 to the consolidated financial statements.

ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities. Liquidity requirements are monitored by management to ensure that adequate funds are available to meet any obligations as they arise. To guard against risk, the Company has diversified funding sources and assets are managed with liquidity in mind, maintaining a healthy balance of cash and cash equivalents and readily marketable securities.

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities. The contractual maturities of these liabilities at the year end have been determined on the basis of the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Financial liabilities not having a contractual maturity are assumed to mature on the expected date on which these liabilities will be settled.

		202	3	
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Up to one year	More than one year
		Rupees in t	housand	
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)	1,450,640	1,450,640	1,450,640	-
Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers	889,529	889,529	889,529	-
Other creditors and accruals	154,166	154,166	154,166	-
Unclaimed dividend	13,291	13,291	13,291	-
Deposits and other payables	69,164	69,164	69,164	-
Lease liabilities	158,038	158,038	54,980	103,058
Other liabilities	57,251	57,251	57,251	-
Total liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	139,902	139,902	139,902	-
	2,931,981	2,931,981	2,828,923	103,058
		202	2	
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Up to one year	More than one year
		Rupees in t	housand	
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)	763,291	763,291	763,291	-
Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers	1,034,109	1,034,109	1,034,109	-
Other creditors and accruals	90,385	90,385	90,385	-
Unclaimed dividend	9,708	9,708	9,708	-
Deposits and other payables	59,061	59,061	59,061	-
Liabilities liabilities	199,754	199,754	56,785	142,969
Other liabilities	58,883	58,883	58,883	-
Total liabilities of Window Takaful Operations - OPF	115,988	115,988	115,988	-
	2,331,179	2,331,179	2,188,210	142,969

iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of change in market variable such as interest / mark up rate, foreign exchange rate and equity prices. The objective is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. The market risks associated with the Company's business activities are interest / mark up rate risk and price risk.

Interest / mark up rate risk

Interest / mark-up rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest / mark up rates. The Company invests in securities and has deposits that are subject to interest / mark up rates risk. The Company limits interest / mark up rate risk by monitoring changes in interest / mark up rates in the currencies in which its cash and investments are denominated. The Company's financial liabilities are not exposed to interest / mark up rate risk. At the balance sheet date exposure to interest bearing financial assets is as follows:

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	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Effective interes	est rate (%)	Carrying a	mounts
			Rupees in t	
Fixed rate financial assets				
Investments	9.06% to 13.49%	8.49% to 13.49%	1,749,454	2,514,527
Variable rate financial assets				
Deposit accounts	7% to 20.5%	3.70% to 14.50%	280,539	268,700
Investments	15.67% to 23.60%		1,234,639	235,318
			3,264,632	3,018,545

b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company, at present, is not materially exposed to currency risk as majority of the transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

Price risk c)

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company's listed securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about the future value of investment securities. The Company limits market risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio and by continuous monitoring of developments in equity

The following table summarises the Company's price risk as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. It shows the effects of an estimated increase of 10% in the market prices as on those dates. A decrease of 10% in the fair values of the listed securities would affect it in a similar and opposite manner.

	Fair value	Price change	
	Rupees in		Rupees in
	thousand		thousand
December 31, 2023	732,845	+10%	73,285
	732,845	-10%	(73,285)
December 31, 2022	341,988	+10%	34,199
	341,988	-10%	(34,199)

Fair value of financial instruments iv)

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The carrying values of all financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values except for available for sale and held to maturity investments whose fair values are determined for disclosure purpose only and have been disclosed in their respective notes to these financial statements.

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Determination of fair values

Fair values have been determined for measurement / or disclosure purpose based on the following methods:

Investment in fair value through profit and loss account - held for trading

The fair value of held for trading investment is determined by reference to their closing repurchase price / price quoted on the stock exchange at the reporting date.

Available-for-sale investment

The fair value of available for sale investment is determined by reference to their closing repurchase price / price quoted on the stock exchange at the reporting date. They are being carried at fair value.

Held to maturity investment

Fair value for held to maturity investment is estimated as the present values of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. They are being carried at fair value.

Non-derivatives financial assets and liabilities

The fair value is estimated based on the present values of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. However, since these assets and liabilities are due to be settled within one year, their fair values approximate their carrying values.

v) Capital management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its business.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions.

In accordance with the requirements of the Insurance Rules, 2017 issued by the SECP, minimum paid-up capital requirement to be complied with by insurance/ takaful companies as at December 31, 2017 and for subsequent years is Rs. 500 million. As at 31 December 2023, the Company's paid-up capital is in excess of the prescribed limit.

40.2 Insurance risk

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. By the very nature of an insurance contract, this risk is random and therefore unpredictable. The principal risk that the Company faces under its insurance contracts is that the actual claims exceed the carrying amount of the insurance liabilities. This could occur because the frequency or severity of claims is greater than estimated. Insurance events are random, and the actual number and amount of claims will vary from year to year from the level established.

Based on past experience, management is of the view that the larger the portfolio of similar insurance contracts, the smaller the relative variability about the expected outcome is. In addition, a more diversified portfolio is less likely to be affected by a change in any subset of the portfolio. The Company has developed its insurance underwriting strategy to diversify the type of insurance risks accepted and within each of these categories to achieve a sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome.

Factors that aggravate insurance risk include lack of risk diversification in terms of type and amount of risk, geographical location and type of industry covered.

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(a) Frequency and severity of claims

Political, environmental, economical and climatic changes give rise to more frequent and severe extreme events (for example, fire, theft, steal, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, hurricanes, typhoons, river flooding, electric fluctuation, terrorism, war risk, damages occurring in inland transit, burglary, loss of cash in safe and cash in transit, travel and personal accident, money losses, engineering losses and other events) and their consequences (for example subsidence claims). For certain contracts, the Company has also limited the number of claims that can be paid in any policy year or introduced a maximum amount payable for claims in any policy year.

Insurance contracts which are divided into direct and facultative arrangements are further subdivided into five segments: fire, marine, motor, accident and health and miscellaneous. The insurance risk arising from these contracts is concentrated in the territories in which the Company operates, and there is a balance between commercial and personal properties / assets in the overall portfolio of insured properties / assets. The Company underwrites insurance contract in Pakistan.

The Company manages these risks through its underwriting strategy, adequate reinsurance arrangements and proactive claims handling.

The underwriting strategy attempts to ensure that the underwritten risks are well diversified in terms of type and amount of risk, industry and geography. The Company has the right to re-price the risk on renewal. It also has the ability to impose deductibles and reject fraudulent claims. Insurance contracts also entitle the Company to pursue third parties for payment of some or all costs (for example, subrogation). The claim payments are limited to the extent of sum insured on occurrence of the insured event.

The Company has entered into reinsurance cover / arrangements with local and foreign reinsurers having good credit rating by reputable rating agencies, to reduce its exposure to risks and resulting claims. Keeping in view the maximum exposure in respect of key zone aggregates, a number of proportional and non-proportional facultative reinsurance arrangements are in place to protect the net account in case of a major catastrophe. The effect of such reinsurance arrangements is that the Company recovers the share of claims from reinsurers thereby reducing its exposure to risk. Apart from the adequate event limit which is a multiple of the treaty capacity or the primary recovery from the proportional reinsurance arrangements, any loss over and above the said limit would be recovered under non-proportional treaty which is very much in line with the risk management philosophy of the Company. In compliance of the regulatory requirement, the reinsurance agreements are duly submitted with Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on an annual basis.

The Company has claims department dealing with the mitigation of risks surrounding claims incurred whether reported or not. This department investigates and settles all claims based on surveyor's report / assessment. The unsettled claims are reviewed individually on a periodic basis and adjusted to reflect the latest information on the underlying facts, contractual terms and conditions, and other factors. The Company actively manages and pursues early settlements of claims to reduce its exposure to unpredictable developments.

(b) Sources of uncertainty in the estimation of future claim payments

Claims reported and otherwise are analyzed separately. The development of large losses / catastrophes is analyzed separately. The shorter settlement year for claims allows the Company to achieve a higher degree of certainty about the estimated cost of claims including IBNR. However, the longer time needed to assess the emergence of a subsidence claim makes the estimation process more uncertain for these claims.

The estimated cost of claims includes direct expenses to be incurred in settling claims, net of the expected subrogation value, reinsurance and other recoveries. The Company takes all reasonable steps to ensure that it has appropriate information regarding its claims exposures. However, given the uncertainty in establishing claims provisions, it is likely that the final outcome may be different from the original liability established. The liability comprises amount in relations to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR), expected claims settlement costs and a provision for unexpired risks at the end of the reporting year.

Liability in respect of outstanding claims is based on the best estimate of the claims intimated or assessed. In calculating the estimated cost of unpaid claims (both reported and not), the Company estimation techniques are a combination of loss-ratio-based estimates (where the loss ratio is defined as the ratio between the ultimate cost of insurance claims and insurance premiums earned in a prior financial years in relation to such claims) and an estimate based upon actual claims experience using predetermined basis where greater weight is given to actual claims experience as time passes.

In estimating the liability for the cost of reported claims not yet paid, the Company considers any information available from surveyor's assessment and information on the cost of settling claims with similar characteristics in previous years. Claims are assessed on a case-by-case basis separately.

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			Αç	ge-wise Breakı	h	
Particulars	Total amount	1 to 6 months	7 to 12 months	13 to 24 months	25 to 36 months	Beyond 36 months
			Rupees in			
Claims not encashed	91,630	74,084	5,307	5,203	7,036	

(c) Key assumptions

The principal assumption underlying the liability estimation of IBNR and Premium Deficiency Reserves is that the Company's future claim development will follow similar historical pattern for occurrence and reporting. The management uses qualitative judgement to assess the extent to which past occurrence and reporting pattern will not apply in future. The judgement includes external factors e.g. treatment of one-off occurrence claims, changes in market factors, economic conditions, etc.

(d) Changes in assumptions

The Company did not change its assumptions for the insurance contracts as disclosed in above (b) and (c).

(e) Sensitivity analysis

The risks associated with the insurance contracts are complex and subject to number of variables which complicate quantitative sensitivity analysis. The Company makes various assumptions and techniques based on past claims development experience. This includes indications such as average claims cost, ultimate claim numbers and expected loss ratios. The Company considers that the liability for insurance claims recognized in the balance sheet is adequate. However, actual experience will differ from the expected outcome.

As the Company enters into short term insurance contracts, it does not assume any significant impact of changes in market conditions on unexpired risks. However, some results of sensitivity testing are set out below, showing the impact on profit before tax net of reinsurance.

	Profit before tax		Shareholder	s' equity
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Rupees in		Rupees in t	
10% increase in loss				
Fire and property damage	(2,267)	(1,789)	(1,383)	(1,199)
Marine aviation and transport	(2,283)	(2,154)	(1,393)	(1,443)
Motor	(18,635)	(16,626)	(11,368)	(11,139)
Health	(27,862)	(20,524)	(16,996)	(13,751)
Miscellaneous	(5,125)	(4,165)	(3,126)	(2,791)
	(56,172)	(45,258)	(34,265)	(30,323)

A 10% decrease would have had equal but opposite effect on the profit and loss account and shareholders' equity.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, to the Company's profit before tax and equity based upon closing balances and rates:

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Increase / (decrease) in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on equity
		Rupees	in thousand
December 31, 2023	100	4,464	2,723
	-100	(4,464)	(2,723)
December 31, 2022	100	4,568	3,061
	-100	(4,568)	(3,061)

(f) Concentration of insurance risk

A concentration of risk may also arise from a single insurance contract issued to a particular type of policyholder, within a geographical location or to types of commercial business. The Company minimizes its exposure to significant losses by obtaining reinsurance from a number of reinsurers, who are dispersed over several geographical regions.

To optimize benefits from the principle of average and law of large numbers, geographical spread of risk is of extreme importance. There are a number of parameters which are significant in assessing the accumulation of risks with reference to the geographical location, the most important of which is risk survey. The concentration of risk by type of contracts is summarized below by reference to liabilities.

	Gross sum insured	Reinsurance	Net
	R	upees in thousand	
2023			
Fire and property	780,701,269	687,318,387	93,382,882
Marine, aviation and transport	599,779,334	451,603,841	148,175,493
Motor	93,152,036	2,922,553	90,229,483
Miscellaneous	376,242,357	210,609,007	165,633,350
	1,849,874,996	1,352,453,788	497,421,208
2022			
Fire and property	744,390,706	666,441,971	77,948,735
Marine, aviation and transport	613,988,830	372,182,600	241,806,230
Motor	67,852,699	1,885,714	65,966,985
Miscellaneous	482,876,418	371,986,705	110,889,713
	1,909,108,653	1,412,496,990	496,611,663
The Company's class wise major risk exposure is as follows:			
		Maximum Gross F	Risk Exposure
		2023	2022
		Rupees in th	nousand
Fire and property		90,907,420	90,869,307
Marine, aviation and transport		33,265,697	37,400,000
Motor		3,039,852	3,078,032
Liability		2,070,000	1,890,000
Miscellaneous		25,630,000	23,196,748
	·····•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	······

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	2023							
	Effective rate % per annum	Interest / r	nark-up bearii instruments	ng financial	Non-inter finar	rest / mark-up ncial instrume	o bearing ents	_
		Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Total
				Rupees in t	housand			
Financial assets				••••				•
Investments								
Equity securities		-	-	-	732,845	-	732,845	732,84
Debt securities	9.06% to 13.49%	249,493	2,734,600	2,984,093	-	-	-	2,984,09
Loans and other receivables		181	2,915	3,096	181,876	-	181,876	184,97
Insurance / reinsurance receivables		-	-	-	1,464,458	-	1,464,458	1,464,45
Reinsurance recoveries against								
outstanding claims		-	-	-	888,923	-	888,923	888,92
Salvage recoveries accrued		-	-	-	2,633	-	2,633	2,63
Cash and bank	7% to 20.5%	283,275	-	283,275	34,521	-	34,521	317,79
Total assets of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund		223,256	-	223,256	191,800	-	191,800	415,05
		756,205	2,737,515	3,493,720	3,497,056	-	3,497,056	6,990,77
Financial liabilities	<u></u>		· · ·····			·•····································	······································	
Outstanding claims including IBNR		-	-	-	(1,450,640)	-	(1,450,640)	(1,450,640
Insurance / reinsurance payables		-	-	-	(889,529)	-	(889,529)	(889,529)
Other creditors and accruals		-	-	-	(211,417)	-	(211,417)	(211,417)
Deposits and other payables		-	-	-	(69,164)	-	(69,164)	(69,164
Liabilities against assets - secured		(54,980)	(103,058)	(158,038)	-	-	-	(158,03
Unlcaimed dividends		-	-	-	(13,291)	-	-	(13,29
Total liabilities of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund				-	(139,902)	-	(139,902)	(139,902
		(54,980)	(103,058)	(158,038)	(2,773,943)	-	(2,760,652)	(2,931,98
Interest risk sensitivity gap		701,225	2,634,457	3,335,682	723,113	-	736,404	4,058,7
		•	•	•••	·•·····		·•····································	
Cumulative interest risk sensitivity gap		701,225	3,335,682					

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

				2022				
		Interest / m	ark-up bearin instruments	g financial		nterest / mark-up bearing inancial instruments		
	Effective rate % per annum	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Total
				Rupees in th	nousand			
Financial assets								
Investments								
Equity securities		-	-	-	341,988	-	341,988	341,9
Debt securities	8.56% to 13.60%	807,296	1,942,549	2,749,845	-	-	-	2,749,84
Loans and other receivables	8.15% to 10.28%	64	3,064	3,128	137,570	=	137,570	140,6
Insurance / reinsurance receivables		-	-	-	1,474,879	-	1,474,879	1,474,8
Reinsurance recoveries against								
outstanding claims		-	-	-	310,712	-	310,712	310,7
Salvage recoveries accrued		-	-	-	3,341	-	3,341	3,3
Cash and bank	2.52% to 8.00%	268,700	-	268,700	26,469	-	26,469	295,1
Total assets of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund		92,076	-	92,076	274,884	-	274,884	366,96
		1,168,136	1,945,613	3,113,749	2,569,843	-	2,569,843	5,683,5
Financial liabilities			······			······		·
Outstanding claims including IBNR		-	-	-	(763,291)	-	(763,291)	(763,29
Insurance / reinsurance payables		-	-	-	(1,034,109)	-	(1,034,109)	(1,034,10
Other creditors and accruals		-	-	-	(135,386)	-	(135,386)	(135,386
Deposits and other payables		-	-	-	(59,061)	-	(59,061)	(59,06
Liabilities against assets - secured	•	(56,785)	(142,969)	(199,754)	-	-	-	(199,7
Unlcaimed dividends		-	-	-	(9,706)	-	-	(9,7
Total liabilities of Window Takaful								
Operations - Operator's Fund				-	(115,988)		(115,988)	(115,98
		(56,785)	(142,969)	(199,754)	(2,117,541)	-	(2,107,835)	(2,317,2
Interest risk sensitivity gap		1,111,351	1,802,644	2,913,995	452,302	-	462,008	3,366,2
		•	•		······································			
Cumulative interest risk sensitivity gap		1,111,351	2,913,995					

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	STATEMENT OF SOLVENCY	2023
		Rupees in thousand
	Assets	
	Property and equipment	352,317
	Intangible assets	7,562
	Investment property	35,261
	Investments	
	- Equity securities	732,845
	- Debt securities	2,984,093
	Loans and other receivables	255,292
	Insurance / Reinsurance receivables - unsecured,	1 404 450
	considered good	1,464,458
	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	888,923
	Salvage recoveries accrued	2,633
	Deferred commission expense / Acquisition cost	154,757
	Deferred taxation	8,434
	Prepayments	654,781
	Cash and bank	317,796
	Total assets from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	441,872
	Total Assets (A)	8,301,024
		0,001,024
	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000	0,301,024
(d)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of	3,452
(d) (g)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000	
	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees	3,452
(g)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties	3,452 104,052
(g) (h)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months	3,452 104,052 891,228
(g) (h) (i)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562
(g) (h) (i)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434
(g) (h) (i) (j) (k)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619
(g) (h) (i) (k) (k)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable security deposits assets subject to encumbrances	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619 69,164
(g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (k)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable security deposits assets subject to encumbrances vehicles	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619 69,164 330,000
(g) (h) (i) (k) (k) (l) (U)-(i)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable security deposits assets subject to encumbrances vehicles office equipment	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619 69,164 330,000 90,088
(g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (k) (l) (U)-(i)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable security deposits assets subject to encumbrances vehicles office equipment office equipment (window takaful operator's fund)	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619 69,164 330,000 90,088 41,091
(g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (k) (l) (U)-(i) (U)-(ii)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable security deposits assets subject to encumbrances vehicles office equipment office equipment (window takaful operator's fund) fixtures and fittings	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619 69,164 330,000 90,088 41,091 573
(g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (k) (l) (U)-(ii) (U)-(iii) (U)-(iii)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable security deposits assets subject to encumbrances vehicles office equipment office equipment (window takaful operator's fund) fixtures and fittings	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619 69,164 330,000 90,088 41,091 573 7,928
(g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (k) (l) (U)-(i) (U)-(ii) (U)-(iii) (U)-(iii)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable security deposits assets subject to encumbrances vehicles office equipment office equipment (window takaful operator's fund) fixtures and fittings fixtures and fittings (window takaful operator's fund) Investments in TFC & Sukuks	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619 69,164 330,000 90,088 41,091 573 7,928
(g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (k) (l) (U)-(ii) (U)-(iii) (U)-(iii) (V)	In-admissible assets as per following clauses of section 32(2) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 loans to employees receivable from related parties insurance / reinsurance receivables for more than three months intangible assets deferred tax asset security deposit receivable security deposits assets subject to encumbrances vehicles office equipment office equipment (window takaful operator's fund) fixtures and fittings fixtures and fittings (window takaful operator's fund) Investments in TFC & Sukuks	3,452 104,052 891,228 7,562 8,434 18,619 69,164 330,000 90,088 41,091 573 7,928 369 119,558

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Underwriting Provisions - Outstanding claims including IBNR - Unearned premium reserves - Unearned reinsurance commission Retirement benefit obligations Staff compensated absences Lease liabilities Taxation - provision less payment Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	2023	Total Liabilities
- Outstanding claims including IBNR - Unearned premium reserves - Unearned reinsurance commission Retirement benefit obligations Staff compensated absences Lease liabilities Taxation - provision less payment Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total Liabilities (D)	Rupees in thousand	
- Unearned premium reserves - Unearned reinsurance commission Retirement benefit obligations Staff compensated absences Lease liabilities Taxation - provision less payment Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total Liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)		Underwriting Provisions
- Unearned reinsurance commission Retirement benefit obligations Staff compensated absences Lease liabilities Taxation - provision less payment Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total Liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	1,450,640	Outstanding claims including IBNR
Retirement benefit obligations Staff compensated absences Lease liabilities Taxation - provision less payment Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	2,062,367	Unearned premium reserves
Staff compensated absences Lease liabilities Taxation - provision less payment Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total Liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	122,020	Unearned reinsurance commission
Lease liabilities Taxation - provision less payment Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	9,038	Retirement benefit obligations
Taxation - provision less payment Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	50,871	Staff compensated absences
Premium received in advance Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	158,038	_ease liabilities
Insurance / Reinsurance Payables Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	86,831	Taxation - provision less payment
Unclaimed dividend Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	194,993	Premium received in advance
Other Creditors and Accruals Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	889,529	nsurance / Reinsurance Payables
Deposits and other payables Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	13,291	Unclaimed dividend
Total Liabilities Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	287,876	Other Creditors and Accruals
Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF Total Liabilities (D)	69,164	Deposits and other payables
Total Liabilities (D)	5,394,658	Total Liabilities
	153,206	Total liabilities from Window Takaful Operations - OPF
Total Net Admissible Assets (E=C-D)	5,547,864	Total Liabilities (D)
	964,386	Total Net Admissible Assets (E=C-D)
Minimum solvency requirement (higher of following)	570,037	Minimum solvency requirement (higher of following)
Method A - U/s 36(3)(a) 150,000	150,000	Vethod A - U/s 36(3)(a)
Method B - U/s 36(3)(b) 570,037	570,037	Wethod B - U/s 36(3)(b)
Method C - U/s 36(3)(c) 395,646	395,646	Method C - U/s 36(3)(c)
Excess in Net Admissible Assets over Minimum Requirements	39	Excess in Net Admissible Assets over Minimum Requirements

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

40	The investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 218 of the Companies
42	Act, 2017 and the conditions specified thereunder.

		2023	2022
		Rupees in th	ousand
3	WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS - OPF		
	Assets		
	Cash and bank deposits	100,852	92,076
	Investments	223,256	177,479
	Current assets - others	117,109	96,462
	Fixed assets	655	943
	Total assets	441,872	366,960
	Total liabilities - current	153,206	118,919
	Profit from Window Takaful Operations - OPF	99,877	68,568

Details of total assets, total liabilities and segment disclosure of window takaful operations are stated in the annexed financial statements.

44 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purposes of comparison and to reflect the substance of the transactions.

45 NON ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors of the Company in the meeting held on 14 March 2024 have proposed a final cash dividend of Rupees 3.25 per share.

46 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 14 March 2024.

47 GENERAL

Number of employees

Total number of employees at the end of the year were 430 (2022: 377). Average number of employees during the year were 426 (2022: 381).

Suleman Khalid
Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

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INDEPENDENT REASONABLE ASSURANCE REPORT

ON WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATIONS OF ASKARI GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S ASSESSMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE TAKAFUL RULES 2012

We were engaged by the Board of Directors (the Board) of Window Takaful Operations of Askari General Insurance Company Limited (the Company) to report on the management's assessment of compliance, as set out in the annexed Statement of Compliance (the Statement) prepared by the management for the year ended 31 December 2023, with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in the form of an independent reasonable assurance conclusion about whether the annexed statement presents fairly the status of compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects.

APPLICABLE CRITERIA

The criteria against which the subject matter information for the Statement is assessed comprise of the provisions of the Takaful Rules, 2012 as issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE SHARIAH COMPLIANCE

The management of the Company is responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation of the annexed statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. It also includes ensuring the overall compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012.

The management of the Company is also responsible for preventing and detecting fraud and for identifying and ensuring that the Takaful Operations comply with laws and regulations applicable to its activities. They are also responsible for ensuring that the management, where appropriate, the Board of Directors, and personnel involved with the Takaful Operations, compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012 are properly trained, systems are properly updated and that any changes in reporting encompass all significant business units.

The management of the Company is responsible for preparation of the statement that is free from material misstatement.

OUR INDEPENDENCE AND QUALITY CONTROL

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants and as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.

The firm applies International Standard on Quality Management (ISQM) 2 Engagement Quality Reviews and ISA 220 (Revised), Quality Management for an audit of Financial Statements", and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

OUR RESPONSIBILITIES

Our responsibility is to examine the annexed statement of compliance with the Shariah Principles and to report thereon in the form of an independent reasonable assurance conclusion based on the evidence obtained. We conducted our engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000, "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. That standard requires that we plan and perform our procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annexed statement presents fairly the status of compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects.

1014, Uni Centre, 1.1. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

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The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material non-compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we have considered internal control relevant to the Takaful Operations compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in order to design assurance procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing a conclusion as to the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over the Takaful Operations' compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012. A reasonable assurance is less than an absolute assurance.

A system of internal control, because of its nature, may not prevent or detect all instances of non-compliance with Takaful Rules, 2012, and consequently cannot provide absolute assurance that the objective of compliance with Takaful Rules, 2012, will be met. Also, projection of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate or fail.

The procedures performed included;

- Evaluate the systems, procedures and practices in place with respect to the Takaful operations against the Takaful Rules, 2012 and Shariah Advisor's guidelines;
- Evaluating the governance arrangements including the reporting of events and status to those charged with relevant responsibilities, such as the Shariah Advisor and the Board of Directors;
- Test for a sample of transactions relating to Takaful operations to ensure that these are carried out in accordance with the laid down procedures and practices including the regulations relating to Takaful operations as laid down in Takaful Rules, 2012; and
- Review the statement of management's assessment of compliance of the Takaful transactions during the year ended December 31, 2023, with the Takaful Rules, 2012.

We believe that the evidences we have obtained through performing our procedures were sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

CONCLUSION

Our conclusion has been formed on the basis of, and is subject to, the matters outlined in this report. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

In our opinion, the statement, for the year ended December 31, 2023, presents fairly the status of compliance of the Company with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects.

The engagement partner on the Shariah audit resulting in this independent reasonable assurance report is Syed Imran Haider, FCA.

S.M. Suhail & Co.

Chartered Accountants Karachi

Karachi

Our Ref: SMS-A-05552024

S.M. Subail & Co.

February 08, 2024



Window Takaful Operations

Shariah Advisor's Report to the Board of Directors

For the year ended 31st December 2023

As shariah Advisor of Askari General Insurance Company Limited (Window Takaful Operations) I have carefully reviewed all the product documents Including PTF policies, Takaful PMDs, Co-Takaful agreement, Re-Takaful agreement, Surplus Distribution Mechanism, Investment Policy and Mechanism, etc. I confirm that overall transactions and activates of Window Takaful Operations performed during the year are in line with guidelines of Shariah Advisor as well as requirements of Takaful Rules 2012.

According to my information Shariah principals have been followed in every aspect of practical implementation of Askari General Insurance Company Limited (Window Takaful Operation).

Mufti Ehsan Waquar Ahmad

Shariah Advisor Askari General insurance Company Limited (Window Takaful Operations) January 29, 2024.



♦YOUSUF ADIL

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Askari General Insurance Company Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Askari General Company Limited – Window Takaful Operations, which comprise the statement of financial position of OPF and PTF as at December 31, 2023 and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in operator's fund and participant's takaful fund and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of Material Accounting Policy Information and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position of OPF and PTF, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in operator's fund and participant's takaful fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Operator's affairs as at December 31, 2023 and total comprehensive income, the changes in Operator's fund and participant's takaful fund and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Operator in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information includes the director's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with the audit of financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

♦ YOUSUF ADIL

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Operator's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Operator or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Operator's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Operator's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Operator to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

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♦YOUSUF ADIL

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Operator as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in operator's fund and participant's takaful fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Operator's business; and
- d) No Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Shahzad Ali.

Chartered Accountants

Islamabad

Date: 03 April 2024

UDIN: AR202310134TiO0fmPWH

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STATEMENT OF

FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Operator's Fund		's Fund	Participants'	Takaful Fund
	_	2023	2022	2023	2022
ASSETS	Note	Rupees in thousand			
Property and equipment	5	655	943	-	
nvestments					
- Equity securities	6	218,256	157,303	218,218	184,629
- Debt securities	7	5,000	20,176	5,000	15,11
oans and Other Receivables	8	9,766	6,686	2,032	878
Takaful/Retakaful receivable	9	-	-	185,473	113,137
Deferred wakala fee	21	-	-	95,871	80,661
Salvage recoveries accrued		-	-	6,179	3,900
Deferred taxation	11	-	298	-	
Receivable from PTF	10	81,182	62,633	-	
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims /					
3enefits	19	-	-	102,745	65,667
Deferred Commission expense/Acquisition cost	20	26,133	23,012	-	
Taxation - provision less payments		-	3,632	-	
Prepayments	12	28	201	85,265	80,464
Cash & Bank	13	100,852	92,076	144,158	111,363

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

		Operator's Fund		Participants'	Takaful Fund
		2023	2022	2023	2022
FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Note		Rupees in	thousand	
Operator's Fund					
Statutory Fund		50,000	50,000	-	
Reserves		287	(296)	-	
Accumulated profit		238,379	198,337	-	
Total Operator's Fund		288,666	248,041	-	
Waqf/Participants' Takaful Fund					
Cede money		-	-	1,000	1,000
Reserves		-	-	-	117
Accumulated surplus		-	-	106,401	91,192
Balance of Participants' Takaful Fund		-	-	107,401	92,309
PTF Underwriting Provisions					
Outstanding claims including IBNR		-	-	202,972	140,100
Unearned contribution reserves		-	-	261,983	200,73
Unearned retakaful rebate		-	-	19,544	19,25
		-	-	484,499	360,095
Contribution received in advance		-	-	11,163	6,447
Takaful / retakaful payables	14	9,551	6,336	146,462	123,605
Unearned wakala fees	21	95,871	80,661	-	
Payable to OPF	10	-	-	81,182	62,630
Deferred taxation	11	3	-	-	
Taxation - provision less payments		10,662	-	-	
Other creditors and accruals	15	37,119	31,922	14,234	10,727
		153,206	118,919	253,041	203,412
Total Liabilities		153,206	118,919	737,540	563,50
Total funds and liabilities		441,872	366,960	844,941	655,816

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer President & Chief Executive

Abdul Waheed

Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

STATEMENT OF **COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	Rupees in thou	sand
Participants' Takaful Fund			
Contributions earned		358,799	262,383
Less: Contribution ceded to retakaful		(256,985)	(184,403)
Net contribution revenue	17	101,814	77,980
Retakaful rebate earned	18	62,801	46,976
Net underwriting income		164,615	124,956
Net takaful benefits - reported / settled including IBNR	19	(178,936)	(98,328)
Other direct expenses	23	(6,780)	(7,500)
Surplus before investment income		(21,101)	19,128
Investment income	24	39,558	24,492
Other income	25	12,575	7,719
Less: Mudarib's share of investment income	26	(15,823)	(9,797)
Results of operating activities		36,310	22,414
Surplus transferred to accumulated surplus		15,209	41,542
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will be subsequently reclassified to the profit and loss acco	ount:		
Unrealized Gain/(loss) on available-for-sale investments		(117)	(606)
Other comprehensive income for the year		(117)	(606)
Total comprehensive income for the year		15,092	40,936
OPF Revenue Account			
Wakala fee	21	222,394	170,125
Commission expense	20	(68,750)	(49,248)
General administrative and Management expenses	22	(107,321)	(94,636)
		46,323	26,241
Modarib's share of PTF investment income	26	15,823	9,797
Investment income	24	35,787	19,784
Direct expenses	27	(610)	(484)
Other income	25	7,181	6,031
Results of operating activities		58,181	35,128
Profit before taxation		104,504	61,369
Taxation	28	(40,766)	(19,202)
Profit after taxation		63,738	42,167
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will be subsequently reclassified to profit and loss accoun	nt		
Unrealized losses on available for sale investments - net		583	(887)
Other comprehensive income for the year		583	(887)
Total comprehensive income for the year		64,321	41,280

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Suleman Khalid Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		Operator's	Fund	Participants' Takaful Fund	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Ор	erating Cash Flows		Rupees in th	nousand	
a)	Takaful activities				
	Contribution received	-	-	579,181	416,345
	Re-takaful Contribution paid	-	-	(193,836)	(157,726)
	Claims paid	-	-	(241,557)	(188,617)
	Re-takaful and other recoveries received	-	-	59,581	33,447
	Commission paid	(63,099)	(42,937)	-	-
	Re-takaful rebate received	-	-	43,514	37,295
	Wakala fee received/ (paid)	217,880	167,881	(217,880)	(167,881)
	Modarib's share received / (paid)	16,996	5,541	(16,996)	(5,541)
	Management / Direct expenses paid	(96,767)	(89,976)	(6,780)	(7,500)
	Net cash flows generated from underwriting activities	75,010	40,509	5,227	(40,178
b)	Other operating activities:		•	•	
	Income tax paid	(26,172)	(14,158)	-	-
	Other expenses paid	(184)	(184)	-	
	Other operating payments	(6,895)	(4,158)	(4,619)	(345)
	Other operating receipts	1,132	5,006	4,007	20,851
	Net cash (outflows) / inflow from other operating activities	(32,119)	(13,494)	(612)	20,506
Tot	al cash flow from all operating activities	42,891	27,015	4,615	(19,672)
c)	Investment activities:				
	Profit / return received	6,607	4,415	12,211	6,456
	Dividends received	23,777	10,918	26,829	16,153
	Payment for investments	(50,210)	(11,882)	(108,850)	(13,434)
	Proceeds from disposals of investments	17,025	21,832	97,990	14,998
	Fixed capital expenditure	(244)	(802)	-	-
Tot	al cash flow used in investing activities	(3,045)	24,481	28,180	24,173
d)	Financing activities:				
	Payment against ljarah	(7,374)	(4,799)	-	-
	Pay-out in respect of Dividend	(23,696)	(21,508)	-	-
Tot	al cash flow from financing activities	(31,070)	(26,307)	-	-
Ne	t cash flow from all activities	8,776	25,189	32,795	4,501
Ca	sh and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	92,076	66,887	111,363	106,862
Ca	sh and cash equivalents at end of the year	100,852	92,076	144,158	111,363

Suleman Khalid

Abdul Waheed Chief Financial Officer President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Operator ³	's Fund	Participants' Takaful Fund	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Reconciliation to Profit and Loss Account:		Rupees in t	housand	
Operating cash flows	42,891	27,015	4,615	(19,672)
Depreciation expense	(531)	(468)	-	-
Gain / (loss) on disposal of investments	1,014	-	6,986	-
Dividend income	23,777	10,918	26,829	16,153
(Decrease) / increase in assets other then cash	24,154	18,953	169,878	131,870
(Increase) / decrease in liabilities other than running finance	(23,051)	(17,807)	(211,081)	(101,640)
Unrealized gain on investments held for trading	8,645	5,072	3,799	5,556
Investment income	2,351	3,794	1,944	2,783
Other income	6,456	4,532	12,239	6,492
Tax paid	26,172	14,158	-	-
Decrease in deposit against vehicle ljarah	(7,374)	(4,799)	-	-
Reversal of diminution in value of AFS investments	(40,766)	(19,202)	-	-
Profit/ surplus for the year	63,738	42,167	15,209	41,542
Attributed to				
Operator's Fund	-	-	15,209	41,542
Participants' Takaful Fund	63,738	42,167	-	-
	63,738	42,167	15,209	41,542

Definition of cash:

Cash comprises of cash in hand, bank balances, stamp in hand and short term placements with banks which are readily convertible to cash in hand and which are used in the cash management function on a day-to-day basis.

Cash for the purpose of the statement of cash flows consist	st of:			
	Operato	or's Fund	Participants' 7	akaful Fund
	2023	2022	2023	2022
			n thousand	
Cash and other equivalents	-	-	611	320

 Rupees in thousand

 Cash and other equivalents
 611
 320

 Current and other accounts
 100,852
 92,076
 143,547
 111,043

 100,852
 92,076
 144,158
 111,363

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Suleman Khalid
Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood
Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)

Director

STATEMENT OF **CHANGES IN FUND**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		Operator	s Fund	
	Statutory Fund	Available for sale investments revaluation reserve	Accumulated Profit	Total
		Rupees in t	housand	
Balance as at 01 January 2022	50,000	591	177,678	228,269
Total comprehensive income for the period			•	
Profit for the period	-	-	42,167	42,167
Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	(887)	-	(887)
	-	(887)	42,167	41,280
Changes in Operator's Fund			•	
Transfer of Profit to the Company	-	-	(21,508)	(21,508)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	50,000	(296)	198,337	248,041
Balance as at 01 January 2023	50,000	(296)	198,337	248,041
Total comprehensive income for the period		······	•	
Profit for the period	-	-	63,738	63,738
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	583	-	583
	-	583	63,738	64,321
Changes in Operator's Fund				
Transfer of Profit to the Company	-	-	(23,696)	(23,696)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	50,000	287	238,379	288,666
		Participants' T	akaful Fund	
	Statutory Fund	Available for sale investments revaluation reserve	Accumulated Profit	Total
		Rupees in t	housand	
Balance as at 01 January 2022	1,000	723	49,650	51,373
Total comprehensive income for the period				
Surplus for the period	-	-	41,542	41,542
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	(606)	-	(606)
	-	(606)	41,542	40,936
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1,000	117	91,192	92,309
Balance as at 01 January 2023	1,000	117	91,192	92,309
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Surplus for the year	-		15,209	15,209
Other comprehensive loss for the year	-	(117)	-	(117)
	-	(117)	15,209	15,092
Balance as at 31 December 2023	1,000	-	106,401	107,401

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Suleman Khalid
Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood
Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd)

Director

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Askari general insurance company limited ("the Operator") was incorporated under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017) on April 12, 1995. The Operator is registered in Pakistan Stock Exchange and is engaged in general insurance business. The registered office and principal place of the Operator is located at AWT Plaza, Rawalpindi.

The Operator has been allowed to undertake Window Takaful Operations (WTO) on 10 August 2015 by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under SECP Takaful Rules 2012 to carry on General Window Takaful Operations in Pakistan.

For the purpose of carrying on the takaful business, the Operator has formed a Waqf/ Participants' Takaful Fund (PTF) under the Waqf deed. The Waqf deed governs the relationship of Operator and participants for management of takaful operations.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements of the WTO have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFAS) and Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, provisions of and directive issued under the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, the Takaful Rules, 2012 and the General Takaful Regulations, 2019. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017, Insurance Ordinance, 2000 the Takaful Rules, 2012, the General Takaful Accounting Regulations, 2019 shall prevail.

These financial statements reflect the financial position and results of operations of both the Operator's Fund (OPF) and Participants' Takaful Fund (PTF) in a manner that the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the Operator and PTF remain separately identifiable.

2.1 Basis of measurement

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments which are stated at their fair values.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Operator's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Pak Rupees has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are effective in the current year

The following amendments are effective for the year ended December 31, 2023. These amendments are either not relevant to the Company's / Bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's / Bank's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Disclosure of accounting policies

Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' - Definition of accounting estimates

Amendments to 'IAS 12 Income Taxes' - deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction.

Amendments to IAS 12 ' Income taxes' - International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Standards, interpretations and amendments to the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are not yet effective

The following standard and amendments are effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These amendments are either not relevant to the Company's / Bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's / Bank's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	Effective from Accounting period beginning on or after
Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases' -Clarification on how seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Non-current liabilities with Convents along with Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' and 'IFRS 7 'Financial instruments disclosures' - Supplier Finance Arrangements	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Clarification on how entity accounts when there is long term lack of Exchangeability	January 01, 2025
IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts (including the June 2020 and December 2021 Amendments to IFRS 17)	January 01, 2026

Other than the aforesaid amendments, IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 - First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

The SECP vide SRO 1715 (I) / 2023 dated November 21, 2023 has directed the companies engaged in insurance/takaful and re-insurance/re-takaful to follow IFRS 17 from January 01, 2026.

- IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' has become applicable, however as an insurance company, the management has opted temporary exemption from the application of IFRS 9 as allowed by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) for entities whose activities are predominantly connected with insurance. Additional disclosures, as required by the IASB, for being eligible to apply the temporary exemption from the application of IFRS 9 are given below:

The tables below set out the fair values as at the end of reporting period and the amount of change in the fair value during that period for the following two groups of financial assets separately:

(a) Financial assets with contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding, excluding any financial asset that meets the definition of held for trading in IFRS 9, or that is managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, and

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(b) All other financial assets

()				
Operator's Fund	Fail the	e SPPI test	Pass the SPPI tes	
	Fair Value	Change in	Carrying Value	Cost less

·						
	Fair Value	Change in unrealized gain / (loss) during the period	Carrying Value	Cost less Impairment	Change in unrealized gain / (loss) during the period	
			Rupees in thousand			
Financial assets						
Cash and Bank*	-	-	100,852	-	-	
Investment in equity securities - available-for-sale	215,340	8,645	-	-	-	
Investment in debt securities - available-for-sale*	-	-	5,000	-	-	
Loans and other receivables*	-	-	3,284	-	-	
Total	215,340	8,645	109,136	-	-	

Participation Takaful Fund	Fail the	Fail the SPPI test		Pass the SPPI test	
	Fair Value	Change in unrealized gain / (loss) during the period	Carrying Value	Cost less Impairment	Change in unrealized gain / (loss) during the period
			Rupees in thousand		
Financial assets					
Cash and Bank*		-	144,158	-	-
Investment in equity securities - available-for-sale	218,218	3,799	-	-	-
Investment in debt securities - available-for-sale*	-	-	5,000	-	-
Loans and other receivables*	-	-	1,717	-	-
Total	218,218	3,799	150,875	-	

^{*} The carrying amount of these financial assets measured applying IAS 39 are a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

During the year, the Company adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1) from January 01, 2023. The amendments require the disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant', accounting policies. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves.

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:-

3.1 Property and Equipments

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, except for capital work in progress which is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged on depreciable amount over the estimated useful life.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Depreciation is charged on monthly basis where full depreciation is charged in the month of addition and no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred. The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised as an income or expense.

3.2 Takaful contracts

Takaful contracts are those contracts where the Participants' Takaful Fund (PTF) has accepted significant Takaful risk from another party (the participants) by agreeing to compensate the participants if a specified uncertain future event adversely affects the policyholders.

Once a contract has been classified as a Takaful contract, it remains a Takaful contract for the remainder of its lifetime, even if the Takaful risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or expired.

The Operator underwrites non-life takaful contracts that can be categorised into Fire and Property Damage, Marine, Aviation and Transport, Motor, health and accident and Miscellaneous contracts. Contracts may be concluded for a fixed term of one year, for less than one year and in some cases for more than one year. However, most of the contracts are for twelve months duration. Takaful contracts entered into by the Operator under which the contract holder is another Takaful Operator (inwards retakaful) of a facultative nature are included within the individual category of takaful contracts, other than those which fall under Treaty. The takaful risk involved in these contracts is similar to the contracts undertaken by the Operator as takaful operator.

Fire and Property takaful contracts mainly compensate the customers for damage suffered to their property. Customers who undertake commercial activities on their premises could also receive compensation for the loss of earnings caused by the inability to use the covered properties in their business activities (business interruption cover).

Marine, Aviation and Transport class of business provides coverage against loss and damage to goods in transit by any means of conveyance, physical loss or damage to aircraft, ships, and liabilities to third parties and passengers arising from their use.

Motor takaful covers physical loss or damage to the vehicle and liabilities to third parties as provided under the requirements of the Motor Vehicle Ordinance, 1965.

All other takaful contracts like cash in hand, cash in transit, personal accident, infidelity, public liabilities, crop, livestock, travel, bankers and other financial institutions packages, product liabilities, professional indemnity, workers compensation etc. are included under Miscellaneous takaful cover.

3.3 Deferred commission expense Takaful contracts

Commission incurred in obtaining and recording are deferred and recognised as an asset. These costs are charged to the profit and loss account based on the pattern of recognition of contribution revenue.

3.4 Reserve for unearned contribution

The unearned portion of contribution net of Wakala fee is set aside as a reserve. Unearned Contribution determined as a ratio of the unexpired period of the policy and the total period, both measured to the nearest day, as specified in the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3.5 Contribution Deficiency Reserve

The Operator is required as per the General Takaful Accounting Regulations, 2019, to maintain a provision in respect of contribution deficiency for the class of business where the unearned contribution reserve is not adequate to meet the expected future liability, after retakaful recoveries from claims, and supplementary expenses expected to be incurred after the reporting date in respect of the unexpired takaful contracts in that class of business at the reporting date. The movement in the contribution deficiency reserve is recorded as an expense in the profit and loss account.

The Operator determines adequacy of liability of contribution deficiency by carrying out analysis of its loss ratio of expired period of contracts. The liability of contribution deficiency in relation to accident and health takaful contracts is based on actuary recommendation.

No provision has been made as the unearned contribution reserve for each class of business as at the year end is adequate to meet the expected future liability after retakaful from claims and other expenses, expected to be incurred after the reporting date in respect of policies in force at reporting date.

3.6 Retakaful contracts held

The Operator cedes retakaful in the normal course of business for the purpose of limiting its net loss potential through the diversification of its risks. Assets, liabilities, income and expense arising from ceded retakaful contracts are presented separately from the assets, liabilities, income and expense from the related takaful contracts because the retakaful arrangements do not relieve the PTF from its direct obligation to its policyholders.

3.7 Outstanding claims including incurred but not reported (IBNR)

The liability for IBNR is computed through Chain Ladder Method (Development technique) in light of the guidelines issued by Insurance Division of SECP vide its Circular 9 of 2016 dated March 09, 2016 for estimation of IBNR claims reserve, the liability for IBNR for all classes of business is based on actuary recommendation. Any significant change in assumption used event may affect the management's judgment which could affect the provision made for IBNR. Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims and salvage recoveries are recognized as an asset and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

3.8 Amount due to / from retakaful operators

Amount due to / from retakaful operators are carried at cost less provision for impairment, if any. Cost represents the fair value of the consideration to be received / paid in the future for services rendered.

3.9 Segment reporting

The Operator's operating businesses are recognised and managed separately according to the nature of services provided with each segment representing a strategic business unit that serves different markets.

3.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances, stamps in hand and call deposits with maturities of three months of less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Operator in the management of its short-term commitments.

3.11 Revenue recognition

- a) Contribution income under a policy is recognised over the period of takaful net of wakala fee.
- b) Wakala fee charged from PTF is recognised upfront.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

- c) Rebate from retakaful operators is recognised at the same time of takaful of underlying takaful policy by the Operator.
- d) Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- e) Profit on Islamic investment products is recognised on an accrual basis.
- f) Wakala fee charged from PTF is recognised upfront.
- g) Gain / loss on sale of available for sale investments are included in profit and loss account.

3.12 ljarah

ljarah rentals are recognised as an expense on accrual basis as an when the rental become due.

3.13 Investments

3.13.1 Classification

The classification of financial assets is determined at initial recognition and depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Currently, the financial assets of the Operator are classified into the following categories:

a) In equity securities

Investments in equity securities are carried at through there fair value. At each reporting date, the Company measures the investments at there fair value with any increase or decrease charged to Profit and Loss Account. Upon disposal the proceeds less fair value at the previous reporting date is charged to Profit and Loss.

b) In debt securities

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities which the Company has the intention and ability to hold till maturity. Provision for impairment against debt securities is made in accordance with the requirements of the law. In case of unquoted equity securities, the breakup value of the security should be considered to determine impairment amount. Premium or discount on debt securities classified as available for sale and held to maturity is amortised using effective interest method and taken to the profit and loss account. Where the fair value of the debt security is available, unrealised gains/losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and upon disposal are reclassified to profit and loss.

c) In term deposit

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed (short term) maturities which the Company has the intention and ability to hold till maturity.

Investments which are designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

d) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables comprise cash and bank deposits, contribution due but unpaid, amounts due from other Takaful & Retakaful operators and sundry receivables.

3.14 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset and financial liability other than those relating to takaful contract is offset and net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the operator has a legally right to set-off the recognised amounts and it intends either to settle on the net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Operator has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. However, the provisions are reviewed at balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

3.16 Taxation

Current

Provision of current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year, if enacted. The charge for current tax also include adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments finalized during the current year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases and carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the profit and loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to other comprehensive income or equity in which case it is included in other comprehensive income or equity.

3.17 Takaful surplus

Takaful surplus attributable to the participants is arrived after charging all direct cost and setting aside various reserves.

3.18 Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or group of assets. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss account.

3.19 Management expenses

Expenses allocated to the takaful business represents directly attributable expenses. Expense not directly allocable to takaful business are charged to OPF and allocated on the basis of gross contribution written during the year.

3.20 Qard-e-Hasna

Qard-e-Hasna is provided by Operator's fund to PTF in case of deficit or to fulfill cash flow requirements.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of condensed interim financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The judgements, estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience, current trends and various other factors that are believed to reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the estimates about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate revised if the revision effects only that period or in the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In particular, the matters involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are:

	Note
- Reserve for unearned contribution	3.4
- Contribution deficiency reserve	3.5
- Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)	3.7
- Provision for Taxation	3.16
- Useful lives of fixed assets	5.1

			2023	2022
		Note	Rupees in tho	_
5	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating assets	5.1	655	943
			655	943

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Useful life	(years)		5	က			Useful life	(years)		5	က	
	Written	down value as at 31 December		453	202	655		Written	down value as at 31 December		370	573	943
		As at 31 December		414	1,204	1,618			As at 31 December		297	789	1,086
	Depreciation	(Disposals) / Adjustments		1	1	1		Depreciation	(Disposals) / Adjustments		(238)	(119)	(357)
33	Depre	For the year	thousand	117	415	532	52	Depre	For the year	thousand	70	397	467
2023		As at 1 January	Rupees in thousand	297	789	1,086	2022		As at 1 January	Rupees in thousand	465	511	976
		As at 31 December		867	1,406	2,273			As at 31 December		299	1,362	2,029
	ŧ	Adjustments		1	1	1		+	Adjustments		1	1	1
	Cost	Additions / Adjustments (Disposals)		200	44	244		Cost	Additions / Adjustments (Disposals)		163	282	445
		As at 1 January			1,362	2,029			As at 1 January		504	1,080	1,584
					ment							ment	
				Furniture & fixtures	Office equipment						Furniture & fixtures	Office equipment	

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1 1	,,,,,	2023			2022	
Note	Cost/ Carrying value	Unrealised gain/(loss)	Carrying value	Cost/ Carrying value	Unrealised gain/(loss)	Carrying value
						(Restated)
			Rup	Rupees in thousand	_	
6.1	2,500	1	2,500	2,500	1	2,500
	1	1	416	-	-	(899)
	2,500		2,916	2,500	1	1,832
6.2	206,695	8,645	215,340	150,399	5,072	155,471
	206,695	8,645	215,340	150,399	5,072	155,471
	209,195	8,645	218,256	152,899	5,072	157,303
6.3	47,440	299	47,739	38,329	1,568	39,897
6.3	166,979	3,500	170,479	140,743	3,989	144,732
	214,419	3,799	218,218	179,072	5,557	7 184,629

INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY SECURITIES

9

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Number of sha	ares / units	20	23	202	22
	_	2023	2022	Cost	Carrying value	Cost	Carrying value
	_				Rupees in	thousand	
6.1	Available-for-sale - OPF						
	Others						
	Open-end mutual funds	.					
	AKD Islamic Stock Fund	50,940	50,940	2,500	2,916	2,500	1,832
				2,500	2,916	2,500	1,832
6.2	Fair value through profit and loss - held for trading - OPF						
	Others						
	Open-end mutual funds						
	ABL Islamic Income Fund	3,466,158	3,141,338	37,150	39,058	33,187	33,822
	JS Islamic Income Fund	503,379	449,145	55,810	58,805	47,888	50,084
	NBP Islamic Mahana Amadani Fund	4,575,424	4,054,884	48,822	51,059	42,230	43,582
	Alhamra Islamic Income Fund	288,283	256,383	31,246	32,751	27,094	27,983
	AKD Islamic Daily Dividend Fund	673,347	=	33,667	33,667	-	-
				206,695	215,340	150,399	155,471
6.3	Fair value through profit and loss - held for trading - OPF						
	Others						
	Open-end mutual funds						
	AWT (PIML) Islamic Income Fund	452,498	355,726	47,440	47,739	38,329	39,897
	Others	.					
	Open-end mutual funds	•	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•	•	······································	
	AKD Islamic Income Fund	-	758,373	-	-	39,466	41,277
	Atlas Islamic Income Fund	68,037	60,329	36,614	38,307	31,638	32,705
	HBL Islamic Income Fund	342,930	299,575	37,515	39,322	31,948	33,060
	ABL Islamic Cash Fund	4,410,414	3,769,080	44,104	44,104	37,691	37,691
	AKD Islamic Daily Dividend Fund	974,924	=	48,746	48,746	-	-
				214,419	218,218	179,072	184,629

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7	INVESTMENTS IN I	DEBT SECURITIES						
				2023			2022	
		Note	Cost/ Carrying value	Unrealised gain/(loss)	Carrying value	Cost/ Carrying value	Unrealised gain/(loss)	Carrying value
					Rupees in	thousand		
	Operator's Fund		······································			•····	·····	•
	Available-for-sale	······						
	Sukuks	7.1	5,000	-	5,000	20,000	-	20,000
	Profit on revaluation	1			-			176
			5,000	-	5,000	20,000	-	20,176
	Participants' takafu	l fund			·•••	<u> </u>		•
	Available-for-sale	•	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		••••	•••••	••••••	•
••••••	Sukuks	7.2	5,000	-	5,000	15,000	-	15,000
	Surplus on revaluat	ion	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		-	•	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	117
			5,000	-	5,000	15,000	-	15,117
7.1	Sukuks -OPF							
	Investee Name Profit Rate		Number of certificates		2023		2022	
			2023	2022	Cost	Carrying value	Cost	Carrying value
					Rupees in	thousand		
	Meezan Bank Ltd.	Based on monthly Shariah pool	5	5	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
	The Hub Power Co. Ltd.	3 Month KIBOR Plus 190 bps	-	150	-	-	15,000	15,176
					5,000	5,000	20,000	20,176
7.2	Sukuks -PTF							
	Meezan Bank Ltd.	Based on monthly Shariah pool	5	5	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
•	The Hub Power Co.	3 Month KIBOR			······································		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	Ltd.	Plus 190 bps	_	100	-	_	10,000	10,117
					5,000	5,000	15,000	15,117
8	LOANS AND OTHE	R RECEIVABLE - COI	NSIDERED GO	OD	Operato	r's Fund	Participants'	akaful Fund
					2023	2022	2023	2022
					Rupees in	thousand		
	Receivable against s	ale of asset			156	546	-	-
	Deposit against Ijaral	h - vehicles			5,921	5,347	-	-
	Accrued investment	income			405	555	315	287
	Other receivable				3,284	238	1,717	591
					9,766	6,686	2,032	878

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9	TAKAFUL/RETAKAFUL RECEIVABLES							
	Due from takaful contract holders	_		133,627	90,902			
	Provision against doubtful balances	-	-	(222)	(222)			
			-	133,405	90,680			
	Due from other Takaful/Retakaful Operators	-	-	53,239	23,628			
	Provision against doubtful balances	-	_	(1,171)	(1,171)			
		-	-	52,068	22,457			
		-		185,473	113,137			
9.1	This includes contribution amounting to Rs.6.422 million (31 December 2022: 1.187 million) receivable from the associated undertakings.							
			2023		2022			
			Rup	ees in thousand	k			
	Askari Guards (Private) Limited		2,7	754	1,182			
	Mobil Askari Lubricants Pakistan Limited		2	299	5			
	Askari Life Assurance Co. Ltd.			143	-			
	AWT Investments Limited	2,926			=			
			6,422		1,187			
		Operator'	s Fund	Participants'	Takaful Fund			
		2023	2022	2023	2022			
10	RECEIVABLE / (PAYABLE) (Current account between OPF and PTF)		Rupees in t	housand				
	Wakala fee	77,175	57,453	(77,175)	(57,453)			
	Less: Provision for refund of wakala fee against doubtful balances	(408)	(408)	408	408			
		76,767	57,045	(76,767)	(57,045)			
	Mudarib's fee	4,415	5,588	(4,415)	(5,588)			
		81,182	62,633	(81,182)	(62,633)			

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

				Operator	's Fund
11	DEFERRED TAXATION			2023	2022
	Deferred tax credit arising in respect of:			Rupees in t	housand
	Unrealised gain on available-for-sales investments/Temporary Taxable Differences			162	(163)
	Deferred tax debit arising in respect of:				
	Provision for refund of wakala fee against doubtful balances/Dec Temporary Differences	ductible	•	(159)	(135)
				3	(298)
		Operator	's Fund	Participants' T	akaful Fund
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		2020	Rupees in the		2022
12	PREPAYMENTS		Tupees III ti	lousariu	
	Prepaid retakaful contribution ceded - PTF			85,265	80,464
	Others - OPF	28	201		
	Ollow Of I	28	201	85,265	80,464
13	CASH AND BANK		201		33,101
	Cash and Cash Equivalent	·····	······································	······	
	Stamps in hand	-	=	611	320
	Cash at bank		<u>.</u>		
	- Savings account	100,852	92,076	143,547	111,043
		100,852	92,076	144,158	111,363
14	TAKAFUL/RETAKAFUL PAYABLES				
	Due to Local takaful/retakaful operators	9,551	6,336	146,462	123,605
		9,551	6,336	146,462	123,605
15	OTHER CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS				
	Agents' commission payable	27,456	21,898	-	-
	Federal takaful fee payable	-	-	549	593
	Federal excise duty payable	297	161	7,836	7,796
	Tax deducted at source	788	517	1,027	380
	Accrued expenses	4,559	1,084	-	=
	Funds received against leased vehicles	2,570	2,253	-	=
	Others	1,449	6,009	4,822	1,958
		37,119	31,922	14,234	10,727

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

16 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingency

There is no contingency as at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022:Nil)

Commitments

The Operator's commitment under Ijarah arrangement with Meezan Bank Limited is Rs.20.94 million (31 December 2022: Rs.18.58 million). The contracts have a term of five years.

Future Minimum Ijarah (lease) payments are as under:

		Operator's I	-und
		2023	2022
		Rupees in tho	usand
	Not later than 1 year	6,035	4,313
	Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	14,903	14,262
		20,938	18,575
	ljarah payments recognized in Expense during the period	6,800	4,088
		Participants' Tak	aful Fund
		2023	2022
		Rupees in tho	usand
17	NET CONTRIBUTION		
	Written Gross Contribution	642,439	457,887
	Less: Wakala fee	(237,604)	(181,704)
	Contribution Net of Wakala Fee	404,835	276,183
	Add: Unearned contribution reserve opening - net	120,076	106,276
	Less: Unearned contribution reserve closing - net	(166,112)	(120,076)
	Contribution earned	358,799	262,383
	Less: Retakaful Contribution ceded	261,785	195,321
	Add: Prepaid retakaful contribution opening	80,465	69,546
	Less Prepaid retakaful contribution closing	(85,265)	(80,464)
	Retakaful expense	256,985	184,403
	Net takaful contribution	101,814	77,980
18	REBATE FROM RETAKAFUL OPERATORS		
	Retakaful Rebate income	63,090	49,891
	Add: Unearned retakaful rebate opening	19,255	16,340
	Less: Unearned retakaful rebate closing	(19,544)	(19,255)
	Rebate from retakaful operators	62,801	46,976

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		Participants' Tak	aful Fund
		2023	2022
19	NETTAKAFUL BENEFITS / CLAIMS EXPENSE	Rupees in tho	usand
	Claim paid	241,557	188,617
	Add: Outstanding claims including IBNR closing	202,972	140,103
	Less: Outstanding claims including IBNR opening	(140,103)	(132,662)
	Claim expense	304,426	196,058
	Less: Retakaful and other recoveries received	88,412	81,958
	Add: Retakaful and other recoveries in respect of		
	outstanding claims - closing	102,745	65,667
	Less: Retakaful and other recoveries in respect of		
	outstanding claims - opening	(65,667)	(49,895)
	Retakaful and other recoveries revenue	125,490	97,730
	Net takaful claim expense	178,936	98,328

19.1 BENEFIT / CLAIM DEVELOPMENT

COMMISSION EXPENSE

Commission paid or payable

Commission expense

Add: Deferred commission expense opening

Less: Deferred commission expense closing

20

The Company maintains adequate reserves in respect of its takaful business in order to protect against adverse future claims experience and developments. The uncertainties about the amount and timing of claim payments are normally resolved within one year. The following table shows the development of the claims over a period of time. All amounts are presented in gross numbers before retakaful.

	Accident Year	2018 & prior	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Total
					R	upees in thousand		•
	At the end of accident year	131,923	129,870	161,125	178,941	227,535	337,141	1,166,535
	One year later	31,858	51,377	89,496	79,780	80,060	-	332,571
	Two years later	2,632	5,810	20,432	16,217	-	-	45,091
	Three years later	677	768	10,468	-	-	-	11,913
	Four years later	163	520	-	-	-	-	683
	Five year later	124	-	-	-	-	-	124
	Current estimate of cumulative claims	124	520	10,468	16,217	80,060	337,141	444,529
	Less: Cumulative payments to date	10	30	127	1,096	58,360	181,932	241,557
	Liability recognized in statement of financial position	114	490	10,340	15,120	21,699	155,209	202,972
19.2	The provision for IBNR on the basis of actuthousands).	arial valuation can	ied out as at D	ecember 31, 2	2023 amounted to	Rs.84,691 thous	ands (2022: Rs.	58,997
						Operato	r's Fund	
					20	023	2	022
					•••••	Rupees ir	thousand	

52,575

19,685

(23,012)

49,248

71,871

23,012

(26, 133)

68,750

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

21	WAKALA FEE
~ I	WANALA FEE

The Operator manages the general takaful operations for the participants and charges 35% for fire and property damage, 35% for marine and aviation, 45% for motor, 25% for health and accident and 40% for miscellaneous of the gross contribution written as wakala fee against the services as follows:

	Operator'	s Fund	Participants' 7	Takaful Fund
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Rupees in the	nousand	Rupees in t	thousand
Gross wakala fee	237,604	181,704	237,604	181,704
Add: Unearned wakala fee opening	80,661	69,082	80,661	69,082
Less: Unearned wakala fee closing	(95,871)	(80,661)	(95,871)	(80,661)
Net wakala fee income	222,394	170,125	222,394	170,125

		Note	2023	2022
22	GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND MANAGEMENT I	EXPENSES	•	
	Employee benefit cost	22.1	68,589	61,824
	Rent		11,942	12,896
	Communication		1,823	2,085
	Printing and stationery		3,952	2,883
	Travelling and entertainment		1,973	1,585
	Depreciation		531	467
	Repairs and maintenance		1,916	2,386
	Utilities		6,185	5,399
	Legal and professional charges - business related		29	-
	Bank charges		25	21
	Vehicle ljarah expenses		6,800	4,088
	Miscellaneous		3,556	1,002
			107,321	94,636
22.1	Employee benefit cost			
	Salary, allowances and other benefits		63,435	57,252
	Charges for post employment benefits		5,154	4,572

		Participants' Ta	kaful Fund
		2023	2022
23	OTHER DIRECT EXPENSES	Rupees in th	ousand
	Tracker installation and monitoring charges	6,656	7,411
	Inspection charges	9	=
	Bank Charges	115	89
		6,780	7,500

68.589

61,824

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Operator	's Fund	Participants'	Takaful Fund
		2023	2022	2023	2022
			Rupees in	thousand	
24	INVESTMENT INCOME				
	Income from equity securities - Held for trading				
	- Dividend income	23,777	10,918	26,829	16,153
	- Gain on trading	1,014	-	6,986	-
		24,791	10,918	33,815	16,153
	Income from debt securities - Available-for-sale				
	- Return on fixed income securities	2,351	3,794	1,944	2,783
		27,142	14,712	35,759	18,936
	Net unrealized gains on investment				
	- Net unrealized gains on investments at fair value				
	through profit or loss - held for trading	8,645	5,072	3,799	5,556
	Total investment income	35,787	19,784	39,558	24,492
25	OTHER INCOME	<u></u>			
	Return on bank balances	6,456	4,532	12,239	6,492
	Miscellaneous	725	1,499	336	1,227
		7,181	6,031	12,575	7,719
26	MODARIB'S FEE				
	The Operator manages the participants' investments a	s a Modarib and d	charge 40% Mod	darib's share of t	he investment
	income earned by PTF.				

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

				Operator's Fur	nd
			2023	3	2022
			R	upees in thous	and
27	DIRECT EXPENSES				
	Auditors' remuneration			420	303
	Shariah Compliance Auditors' remuneration			190	181
				610	484
28	TAXATION				
	For the year				
	Current		4	1,067	18,781
	Deferred			(301)	421
			4	10,766	19,202
28.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit				
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		Effective t	ax rate - %	Rupees in	thousand
	Profit for the year before taxation			104,504	61,369
	Tax at the applicable rate	39%	33%	40,757	20,252
	Effect of items that are not considered in				
	determining taxable income - net	-4%	-2%	(3,672)	(1,050
		35%	31%	37,085	19,202
29	COMPENSATION OF EXECUTIVES			Operator's Fur Executives	nd
			2023		2022
				upees in thous	
	Managerial remuneration			1,484	1,311
	Bonus			645	385
	Rent and house maintenance			668	581
	Utilities			148	129
	Conveyance			4	489
	Provident fund			124	108
	Others			77	44
				3,150	3,047
	Number of persons			1	1

Executives mean employees, other than the Chief Executive and Directors, whose basic salary exceed twelve hundred thousand rupees in a financial year.

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related parties comprise of directors, major shareholders, key management personnel, entities under common control, entities with common directors and employees retirement benefit funds. The transactions with related parties are carried out at commercial terms and conditions except for compensation to key management personnel which are on employment terms.

Transaction and balances with related parties for the period are as follows:

	2023	2022
Contribution due:	Rupees in tho	usand
Askari Guards (Private) Limited	2,754	1,182
Mobil Askari Lubricants Pakistan Limited	299	5
Askari Life Assurance Co. Ltd.	443	-
AWT Investments Limited	2,926	-
	6,422	1,187
Transactions during the period		
Army Welfare Turst		
Contribution written (including government levies and stamp duties)	6,897	-
Contribution received during the year	267	8
Askari Guards (Private) Limited		
Contribution written (including government levies and stamp duties)	4,510	-
Contribution received during the year	2,938	374
Takaful benefits paid	238	569
Mobil Askari Lubricants Pakistan Limited		
Contribution written (including government levies and stamp duties)	8,661	3,297
Contribution received during the year	8,367	3,321
Takaful benefits paid	1,700	385
Army Welfare Suger Mills		
Contribution written (including government levies and stamp duties)	-	2,210
Contribution received during the year	-	2,210
Askari Life Assurance Company Ltd		
Contribution written (including government levies and stamp duties)	6,427	306
Contribution received during the year	5,984	26
Takaful benefits paid	3,082	1
Askari Development and holding (Pvt) Ltd		
Contribution written (including government levies and stamp duties)	914	1,014
Contribution received during the year	346	1,014
AWT INVESTMENTS LIMITED		
Contribution written (including government levies and stamp duties)	5,967	-
Contribution received during the year	3,041	-
Takaful benefits paid	1,500	-
Others		
Employees' retirement benefits	7,407	1,687

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Business class wise revenue and results have been disclosed in the profit and loss account prepared in line with the format issued by SECP through SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2017, vide SECP S.R.O. No 89 (1)/2017 dated 9 February 2017. The following table presents estimated information regarding certain assets and liabilities of the segments as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, unallocated capital expenditure and non-cash expenses during the year then ended. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Participants' Takaful Fund			Year ended 31 December 2023	ecember 2023		
	Fire and property damage	Marine, aviation and transport	Motor	Accident and Health	Miscellaneous	TOTAL
			Rupees in thousand	housand		
Contribution receivable (inclusive of Federal Excise Duty, Federal Takaful Fee and Stamp duty)	197,052	102,899	285,671	108,395	33,746	727,763
Less: Federal Excise Duty	(22,557)	(11,108)	(36,392)	(14)	(3,536)	(73,607)
Federal Takaful Fee	(1,513)	(837)	(2,392)	(1,073)	(226)	(6,041)
Stamp duty	(64)	(5,405)	(183)	1	(24)	(5,676)
Gross written contribution	172,918	85,549	246,704	107,308	29,960	642,439
Gross direct contribution	152,912	85,386	239,404	107,308	22,648	607,658
Facultative inward contribution	20,006	163	2,300	1	7,312	34,781
Takaful contribution earned	155,125	102,094	233,099	61,900	28,975	581,193
Wakala expense	(54,751)	(35,645)	(104,933)	(15,475)	(11,590)	(222,394)
Takaful contribution ceded to retakaful operators	(135,109)	(77,055)	(24,582)	1	(20,239)	(256,985)
Net takaful contribution	(34,735)	(10,606)	103,584	46,425	(2,854)	101,814
Retakaful Rebate income	34,125	20,640	3,788	1	4,248	62,801
Net underwriting income	(610)	10,034	107,372	46,425	1,394	164,615
Takaful claims	(26,333)	(70,929)	(140,388)	(43,612)	(23,164)	(304,426)
Takatul claims recovered from retakaful operators	16,212	48,477	37,770		23,031	125,490
Net takaful claims	(10,121)	(22,452)	(102,618)	(43,612)	(133)	(178,936)
PTF Direct expense	(41)	(21)	(6,697)	(15)	(9)	(6,780)
Net takaful claims and expenses	(10,162)	(22,473)	(109,315)	(43,627)	(139)	(185,716)
Underwriting result	(10,772)	(12,439)	(1,943)	2,798	1,255	(21,101)
Net investment income						39,558
Other income						12,575
Mudarib's share						(15,823)
Surplus for the year						15,209
			As at 31 December 2023	mber 2023	J	
Segment assets	105,665	51,675	206,672	67,628	43,893	475,533
Unallocated assets						369,408
Total assets						844,941
Segment liabilities	94,850	74,755	291,259	117,960	48,611	627,435
Unallocated liabilities						110,105
The state of the s						

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OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Fire and property damage

Operator's Fund

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Period ended 31 December 2022 - OPF & PTF							
Participants' Takaful Fund			Ĭ.	For the year ended 31 December 2022	1 December 2022		
		Fire and property damage	Marine, aviation and transport	Motor	Accident and Health	Miscellaneous	TOTAL
	I			Rupees in thousand	housand		
Contribution receivable (inclusive of Federal Excise Duty, Federal Takaful Fee and Stamp duty)	kaful Fee and Stamp duty)	144,035	84,524	251,129	21,945	28,039	529,672
Less: Federal Excise Duty		(17,129)	(9,912)	(32,140)	1	(3,331)	(62,512)
Federal Takaful Fee		(1,150)	(689)	(2,124)	(217)	(215)	(4,395)
Stamp duty		(62)	(4,597)	(211)	1	(8)	(4,878)
Gross written contribution		125,694	69,326	216,654	21,728	24,485	457,887
Gross direct contribution		112,857	68,521	210,631	21,728	21,142	434,879
Facultative inward contribution		12,837	805	6,023	1	3,343	23,008
Takaful contribution earned		116,680	64,809	207,589	19,444	23,986	432,508
Wakala expense		(40,417)	(22,470)	(92,783)	(4,861)	(9,594)	(170,125)
Takaful contribution ceded to retakaful operators		(100,360)	(46,822)	(23,915)		(13,306)	(184,403)
Net takaful contribution		(24,097)	(4,483)	90,891	14,583	1,086	086'22
Retakaful Rebate income		26,339	13,570	3,933	1	3,134	46,976
Net underwriting income		2,242	280'6	94,824	14,583	4,220	124,956
Takaful claims		(64,296)	(14,139)	(98,527)	(6,155)	(12,941)	(196,058)
Takaful claims recovered from retakaful operators		58,653	10,879	19,982		8,216	052'26
Net takaful claims		(5,643)	(3,260)	(78,545)	(6,155)	(4,725)	(98,328)
PTF Direct expense		(26)	(14)	(7,450)	(2)	(5)	(2,500)
Net takaful claims and expenses		(2,669)	(3,274)	(966'98)	(6,160)	(4,730)	(105,828)
Underwriting result		(3,427)	5,813	8,829	8,423	(510)	19,128
Net investment income							24,492
Other income							7,719
Mudarib's share							(797,9)
Surplus for the year							41,542
				As at 31 December 2022	mber 2022		
Segment assets		105,053	45,765	152,469	15,885	24,656	343,828
Unallocated assets							311,988
Total assets							655,816
Segment liabilities		92,347	50,454	252,028	38,059	33,643	466,531
Unallocated liabilities							926'96
Total liabilities							563,507
						J	

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32 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

32.1	Operator's Fund				202	3			
		Held-for- trading	Available- for-sale	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
					Rupees in t	housand			
	Financial assets measured at fair value								
	Investment at fair value through profit and loss	215,340	-	-	-	215,340	215,340	-	-
	Investment at available for sale	-	7,916	-	-	7,916	2,776	-	5,140
	Financial assets not measured at fair value		•		•	•	_		
	Cash and bank deposits	-	-	100,852	-	100,852	-	-	-
	Loans and other receivables*	-	-	9,766	-	9,766	-	-	-
	Receivable from PTF	-	-	81,182	-	81,182	-	-	-
	Financial liabilities not measured at fair value					<u>.</u>			
	Takaful / Retakaful payables*	-	-	-	(9,551)	(9,551)	-	-	-
	Other creditors and accruals*	-	-	-	(33,464)	(33,464)	-	-	-
	Uneamed wakala fees*	-	-	-	(95,871)	(95,871)	-	-	-
		215,340	7,916	191,800	(138,886)	276,170	218,116	-	5,140

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				202	2			
	Held-for- trading	Available- for-sale	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
				Rupees in t	housand			
Financial assets not measured at fair value								
Investment at fair value through profit and loss	155,471	-	-	-	155,471	155,471	-	
Investment at available for sale		22,008	-	-	22,008	17,008	-	5,0
Financial assets not measured at fair value			•	•				
Cash and bank deposits	-	-	92,076	-	92,076	-	-	
Loans and other receivables*	-	-	6,686	-	6,686	-	-	
Receivable from PTF	-	-	62,633	-	62,633	-	-	
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value							<u>.</u>	
Takaful / Retakaful payables*	-	-	-	(6,336)	(6,336)	-	-	
Other creditors and accruals*	-	-	-	(28,991)	(28,991)	-	-	
Uneamed wakala fees*	-	-	-	(80,661)	(80,661)	-	-	
	155,471	22,008	161,395	(115,988)	222,886	172,479	-	5,

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OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

32.2	Participants' Takaful Fund				202	23			
		Held-for- trading	Available- for-sale	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
					Rupees in t	thousand			
	Financial assets measured at fair value								
	Investment at fair value through profit and loss	218,218	-	-	-	218,218	218,218	-	-
	Investment at available for sale	•	5,000	-	-	5,000	-	-	5,140
	Financial assets not measured at fair value	•	•	•	•	•		•	
	Cash and bank deposits	-	-	144,158	-	144,158	-	-	-
	Takaful/Retakaful receivable*	-	-	185,473	-	185,473	-	-	-
	Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims*	-	-	-	102,745	102,745	-	-	-
	Deferred wakala fee*	-	-	-	95,871	95,871		•	
	Financial liabilities not measured at fair value		•	•			_		
	Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)*	-	-	-	(202,972)	(202,972)	-	-	-
	Takaful / Retakaful payables*	-	-	-	(146,462)	(146,462)	-	-	-
	Payable to OPF	-	-	-	(81,182)	(81,182)		•	
	Other creditors and accruals*	-	-	-	(4,822)	(4,822)	-	-	-
		218,218	5,000	329,631	(236,822)	316,027	218,218	_	5,140

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				202	2			
	Held-for- trading	Available- for-sale	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
				Rupees in t	housand			
Financial assets measured at fair value								
Investment at fair value through profit and loss	144,732	-	-	-	144,732	144,732	-	
Investment at available for sale	-	15,117	-	-	15,117	10,117	-	5,00
Financial assets not measured at fair value	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Cash and bank deposits	-	-	111,363	-	111,363	-	-	
Takaful/Retakaful receivable*	-	-	113,137	-	113,137	-	-	
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims*	-	-		65,667	65,667	-	-	
Deferred wakala fee*	-	-	•	80,661	80,661			
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)*	-	-	-	140,103	140,103	-	-	
Takaful / Retakaful payables*	-	-	-	123,605	123,605	-	-	
Payable to OPF	-	-	-	62,633	62,633	-	•	
Other creditors and accruals*	-	-	-	(1,958)	(1,958)	-	-	
	144,732	15,117	224,500	470,711	855,060	154,849	_	5,00

^{*}The Operator has not disclosed the fair value of these items because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair values estimates.

The Operator measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

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STATEMENT OF SOLVENCY	
Assets	2023
	Rupees in
	thousand
Investment	
Equity securities	218,218
Debt securities	5,000
Loans and other receivables	2,032
Takaful/Retakaful receivables	185,473
Deferred wakala fee	95,871
Salvage recoveries accrued	6,179
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	102,745
Tax deducted at source	
Prepayments	85,265
 Cash & Bank	144,158
 Total Assets (A)	844,941
 In-admissible assets as par following clauses of section 32 (2)	
 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000	
 Takaful and retakaful receivable for more than three months	92,270
Receivable from related parties	
Receivable from related parties Total In-admissible Assets (B)	6,422
	6,422 98,692
Total In-admissible Assets (B)	6,422 98,692
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B)	6,422 98,692
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B) Total Liabilities	6,422 98,692 746,249
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B) Total Liabilities Underwriting Provisions	6,422 98,692 746,249 202,972
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B) Total Liabilities Underwriting Provisions Outstanding benefits including IBNR	6,422 98,692 746,249 202,972 261,983
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B) Total Liabilities Underwriting Provisions Outstanding benefits including IBNR Uneamed contribution reserves	6,422 98,692 746,249 202,972 261,983 19,544
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B) Total Liabilities Underwriting Provisions Outstanding benefits including IBNR Unearned contribution reserves Unearned retakaful rebate	6,422 98,692 746,249 202,972 261,983 19,544 11,163
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B) Total Liabilities Underwriting Provisions Outstanding benefits including IBNR Unearned contribution reserves Unearned retakaful rebate Contribution received in advance	6,422 98,692 746,249 202,972 261,983 19,544 11,163 146,462
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B) Total Liabilities Underwriting Provisions Outstanding benefits including IBNR Unearned contribution reserves Unearned retakaful rebate Contribution received in advance Takaful/ Retakaful payable	6,422 98,692 746,249 202,972 261,983 19,544 11,163 146,462 81,182
Total In-admissible Assets (B) Total Admissible Assets (C=A-B) Total Liabilities Underwriting Provisions Outstanding benefits including IBNR Unearned contribution reserves Unearned retakaful rebate Contribution received in advance Takaful/ Retakaful payable Payable to OPF / PTF	202,972 202,972 261,983 19,544 11,163 146,462 81,182 14,234 737,540

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		Available- for-sale	Fair value through P&L	Total
			Rupees in thousand	
34	MOVEMENT IN INVESTMENTS - OPF			
	At beginning of previous year	38,331	141,119	179,450
	Additions / Re-investments	-	11,882	11,882
	Disposals (sales and redemptions)	(15,000)	-	(15,000)
	Fair value net (loss)/gain	-	2,470	2,470
	Impairment gains / (losses)	(1,323)	=	(1,323)
	At beginning of current year	22,009	155,471	177,479
	Additions / Re-investments		86,296	86,296
	Disposals (sales and redemptions)	(15,000)	(30,000)	(45,000)
	Fair value net (loss)/gain	908	3,573	4,481
	At end of current year	7,917	215,340	223,256
		Available- for-sale	Fair value through P&L	Total
			Rupees in thousand	
35	MOVEMENT IN INVESTMENTS - PTF			
	At beginning of previous year	25,723	167,853	193,576
	Additions / Re-investments	-	13,434	13,434
	Disposals (sales and redemptions)	(10,000)	-	(10,000)
	Fair value net (loss)/gain	-	3,341	3,341
	Impairment gains / (losses)	(606)		(606)
	At beginning of current year	15,117	184,628	199,745
	Additions / Re-investments	-	159,310	159,310
	Disposals (sales and redemptions)	(10,000)	(123,964)	(133,964)
	Fair value net (loss)/gain	(117)	(1,756)	(1,873)
	At end of current year	5,000	218,218	223,218

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

36 MANAGEMENT OF TAKAFUL AND FINANCIAL RISK

36.1 Takaful risk

The principal risk that is faced under takaful contracts is the possibility that the covered event occurs, the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claims i.e. the frequency and severity of claims and that the actual claims and benefit payments exceed the carrying amount of the takaful liabilities. By the very nature of the takaful contract, this risk is random and therefore unpredictable. The objective of the Operator is to ensure that sufficient reserves are available to cover these liabilities.

The Operator manages these risks through its underwriting strategy, adequate retakaful arrangements and proactive claims handling. The underwriting strategy aims to minimize takaful risks with a balanced mix and spread of business classes and by observing underwriting guidelines and limits. The Operator underwrites mainly property, motor, marine cargo and transportation and other miscellaneous business. These classes of takaful are generally regarded as short-term takaful contracts where claims are normally intimated and settled within a short time span, usually one year. This helps to mitigate takaful risk.

Underwriting limits are in place to enforce appropriate risk selection criteria. For example, the Operator has the right not to renew individual policies, it can impose deductibles and it has the right to reject the payment of a fraudulent claim. For large risks, particularly in property segment of business, risk inspections are carried out before accepting the risks. Similarly, in case of large risks, annual renewals are also preceded by on-site surveys. Where needed, risk mitigation measures are identified and communicated to the clients to improve the risk to an acceptable level.

Retakaful arrangements in place include treaty and facultative arrangements, on proportional and non-proportional basis and also include catastrophe cover. The effect of such retakaful arrangements is that the PTF may not suffer ultimate net takaful losses beyond the PTF's risk appetite in any one year.

The Operator's arrangement of retakaful is diversified such that it is neither dependent on a single retakaful operator nor the operations of the Operator are substantially dependent upon any single retakaful contract. The Operator obtains retakaful cover only from companies with sound financial health.

a) Frequency and severity of claims

The frequency and severity of claims can be affected by several factors like political violence, environmental and economical, atmospheric disturbances, natural disasters, concentration of risks, civil riots etc. The Operator manages these risk through the measures described above. The Operator has limited its exposure to catastrophic and riot events by use of retakaful arrangements.

The Operator also monitors concentration of risk by evaluating multiple risks covered in the same geographical location. For fire and property risk a particular building and neighbouring buildings, which could be affected by a single claim incident, are considered as a single location. For earthquake risk, a complete city is classified as a single location. Similarly, for marine risk, multiple risks covered in a single vessel voyage are considered as a single risk while assessing concentration of risk. The Operator evaluates the concentration of exposures to individual and cumulative takaful risks and establishes its retakaful policy to reduce such exposures to levels acceptable to the Operator. The concentration of risk by type of contracts is summarized below by reference of liabilities.

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2023	Gross sum takaful	Sum Retakaful	Net
	F	Rupees in thousand	
Fire and property damage	184,511,774	159,560,289	24,951,484
Marine, aviation and transport	123,608,039	95,832,675	27,775,364
Motor	17,742,741	1,449,879	16,292,863
Miscellaneous	17,556,573	10,494,083	7,062,490
	343,419,127	267,336,926	76,082,201
2022	Gross sum takaful	Sum Retakaful	Net
		Rupees in thousand	
Fire and property damage	133,506,217	115,994,649	17,511,569
Marine, aviation and transport	169,903,645	77,689,993	92,213,652
Motor	15,583,974	1,044,129	14,539,845
Miscellaneous	5,055,589	3,239,243	1,816,346
	324,049,425	197,968,014	126,081,412
The Operator's class wise major gross risk exposure is as	s follows:		
		2023	2022
		Rupees in	thousand
Class of business		·····	
Fire and property damage		3,960,000	3,496,419
Marine, aviation and transport		9,139,130	3,000,000
Motor		267,200	334,000
Miscellaneous		2,381,280	1,448,000

Since the Operator operates in Pakistan only, hence, all the takaful risks relate to policies written in Pakistan.

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b) Sources of uncertainty in estimation of future claim payments

The key source of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date relates to valuation of outstanding claims, whether reported or not, and includes expected claims settlement costs. Considerable judgment by management is required in the estimation of amounts due to policyholders arising from claims made under takaful contracts. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying and possibly significant degrees of judgment and uncertainty and actual results may differ from management's estimates resulting in future changes in estimated liabilities. Qualitative judgments are used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in the future, for example one-off occurrence, changes in market factors such as public attitude to claiming and economic conditions. Judgment is further used to assess the extent to which external factors such as judicial decisions and government legislation affect the estimates.

In particular, estimates have to be made both for the expected ultimate cost of claims reported at the balance sheet date and for the expected ultimate cost of claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) at the balance sheet date. The details of estimation of outstanding claims (including IBNR) are given under note 3.7.

c) Key assumptions

The principle assumption underlying the liability estimation of IBNR and Premium Deficiency Reserves is that the Company's future claim development will follow similar historical pattern for occurrence and reporting. The management uses qualitative judgement to assess the extent to which past occurrence and reporting pattern will not apply in future. The judgement includes external factors e.g. treatment of one-off occurrence claims, changes in market factors, economic conditions, etc.

d) Changes in assumptions

The Company did not change its assumptions for the insurance contracts as disclosed in above (b) and (c).

e) Sensitivity analysis

The Operator believes that the claim liabilities under takaful contracts outstanding at the year end are adequate. However, these amounts are not certain and actual payments may differ from the claims liabilities provided in the financial statements. The impact on the PTF surplus of the changes in the claim liabilities net of retakaful is analysed below. The sensitivity to changes in claim liabilities net of retakaful is determined separately for each class of business while keeping all other assumptions constant.

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Participants' Reve	nue	Participants' Takaful Fund Equity		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
10% increase in loss		Rupees in			
Fire and property damage	1,285	847	783	601	
Marine aviation and transport	2,095	519	1,278	368	
Motor	4,832	4,180	2,948	2,968	
Health	988	955	603	678	
Miscellaneous	823	943	502	670	
	10,023	7,444	6,114	5,285	

A 10% decrease would have had equal but opposite effect on the profit and loss account and Participants' Takaful Fund Equity.

f) Age-wise breakup of unclaimed Takaful benefits

	Age-wise Breakup							
Particulars	Total amount	1 to 6 months			25 to 36 months	Beyond 36 months		
			Rupees in	thousand				
Claims not encashed	30,189	29,056	355	272	506	-		

36.2 Financial risk

The Operator's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (comprising of currency risk, profit rate risk and other price risk). The Operator's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Operator's financial performance.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishment and over sight of the Operator's risk management framework. There are Board Committees and Management Committees for developing and monitoring the risk management policies.

36.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk, which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The management monitors exposure to credit risk through regular review of credit exposure, undertaking transactions with a large number of counter parties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counter parties.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties have a similar type of business activities. As a result, any change in economic, political or other conditions would affect their ability to meet contractual obligations in similar manner. Due to the nature of financial assets, the Operator believes it is not exposed to any major concentration of credit risk.

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	Operator's F	- und	Participants' Ta	kaful Fund
	2023	2022	2023	2022
		Rupees in t	housand	
Bank deposits	100,852	92,076	144,158	111,363
Investments	223,256	177,479	223,218	199,746
Loans and Other Receivables	9,766	6,686	2,032	878
Takaful/Retakaful receivable	-	-	185,473	113,137
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	-	-	102,745	65,667
Salvage recoveries accrued	-	-	6,179	3,900
Receivable from PTF	81,182	62,633	-	-
	415,056	338,874	663,805	494,691

The Operator does not hold any collateral against the above balances. Past due policies were not impaired as they relate to the number of policy holders and other Takaful/ retakaful operators for whom there is no recent history of default. The age analysis of gross receivables is as follows:

Operator's Fund		2023			2022		
	Due from Other takaful/ retakaful Operators	Loans and other receivables	Aggregate	Due from Other takaful/ retakaful Operators	Loans and other receivables	Aggregate	
			Rupees in t	housand			
Upto 1 year	-	9,766	9,766	-	6,686	6,686	
1-2 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2-3 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	9,766	9,766	-	6,686	6,686	

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Participants' takaful fund							
					2023		
			Due from takaful contract holders	Due from other takaful/ retakaful operators	Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	Loans and other receivables	Aggregate
				Ru	pees in thousar	nd	
 Upto 1 year			122,587	42,870	77,955	2,032	245,444
 1-2 years		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	10,620	4,659	11,879	-	27,158
 2-3 years			420	4,574	7,047	-	12,04
 Over 3 years			-	1,136	5,864		7,000
			133,627	53,239	102,745	2,032	284,643
					2022		
			Due from takaful contract holders	Due from other takaful/ retakaful operators	Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims	Loans and other receivables	Aggregate
				R	upees in thousan	d	
 Upto 1 year		·····	82,515	17,222	47,715	878	148,330
 1-2 years			8,277	5,099	10,112	-	23,48
 2-3 years		······································	110	1,307	6,492	-	7,909
 Over 3 years			-		1,348		1,348
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			90,902	23,628	65,667	878	179,726
The credit quality of Operator's	bank balances an	d deposits	s can be asses	sed with referer	nce to external cre	edit ratings as folk	DWS:
Rating							
Financial institution	Rat	ting	Rating agency	Opera	tor's Fund	Participants' Ta	akaful Fund
	Short term	Long term		2023	2022	2023	2022
					Rupees in	thousand	
 Askari Islamic Bank	A1+	AA+	PACRA	43,810	60,640	19,877	22,079
Meezan Bank	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	291	1,602	95,440	86,781
The Bank of Khyber	A1	А	PACRA	25,049	=	27,231	1,262
 Al Barka Bank Ltd	A-1	A+	JCR-VIS	31,678	29,826	5	4
Formal Pank Ltd	A1+	AA	PACRA	_	-	994	916
 Faysal Bank Ltd	AIT	/ V \	1710171				0.0
 Bank Al-Habib Ltd	A1+	AAA	PACRA	25	8	-	-

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The management monitors exposure to credit risk in contribution receivable from customers through regular review of credit exposure and prudent estimates of provisions for doubtful receivables.

The credit quality of amount due from other takaful & retakaful operators and retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

a)	Operator's Fund	2023	2022
		Takaful /	Takaful /
		Retakaful	Retakaful
		Receivable	Receivable
		Rupees in	thousand
	A or above	-	-
		-	=

b) Participants' takaful fund

	20	023	2022		
	Other Takaful / Retakaful Receivable	Retakaful recoveries against Outstanding claims	Other Takaful / Retakaful Receivable	Retakaful recoveries against Outstanding claims	
		Rupees in	n thousand		
A or above	53,239	102,745	23,628	65,667	
	53,239	102,745	23,628	65,667	

36.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Operator will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. In respect of major loss event, there is also a liquidity risk associated with the timing differences between gross cash outflows and expected retakaful recoveries.

The objective of the Operator's liquidity management process is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its claim and other liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Operator's reputation. It includes measuring and monitoring the future cash flows on daily, monthly and quarterly basis, maintaining sufficient cash reserves in bank accounts and a portfolio of highly marketable financial assets that can be easily liquidated in the event of an unforeseen interruption to cash flows.

The table below provides the maturity analysis of the Operator's liabilities as at balance sheet date. The contractual maturities of these liabilities at the year end have been determined on the basis of the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Financial liabilities not having a contractual maturity are assumed to mature on the expected date on which these liabilities will be settled.

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	2023			
	Carrying	Contractual	Up to one	More than
	amount	cash flows	year	one year
Figure 1 1 in billion - ODF		Rupees in t	nousanu	
Financial Liabilities - OPF				
Other creditors and accruals	33,464	33,464	33,464	
Takaful/retakaful payable	9,551	9,551	9,551	
	43,015	43,015	43,015	
Financial Liabilities - PTF				
Provision for Outstanding Claims (including IBNR)	202,972	202,972	202,972	
Takaful/retakaful payable	146,462	146,462	146,462	
Wakala fees payable	76,767	76,767	76,767	
Other creditors and accruals	4,822	4,822	4,822	
	431,023	431,023	431,023	
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Up to one year	More thar one year
		Rupees in t	housand	
Financial Liabilities - OPF				
Other creditors and accruals	28,991	28,991	28,991	
Takaful/retakaful payable	6,336	6,336	6,336	
	35,327	35,327	35,327	
Financial Liabilities - PTF				
Provision for Outstanding Claims (including IBNR)	140,103	140,103	140,103	
Takaful/retakaful payable	123,605	123,605	123,605	
Wakala fees payable	57,045	57,045	57,045	
Other creditors and accruals	1,958	1,958	1,958	

36.5 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of change in market prices such as profit rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

The Operator limits market risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio and by continuous monitoring of developments in Government securities, equity and term finance certificates' markets. In addition, the Operator actively monitors the key factors that affect the underlying value of these securities.

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market profit rates. The Operator has securities and deposits that are subject to profit rate risk. The Operator limits profit rate risk by monitoring changes in profit rates in the currencies in which its financial assets are denominated.

The Operator's financial liabilities are not exposed to profit rate risk. The information about Operator's exposure to profit rate risk based on contractual reprising or maturity dates whichever is earlier is as follows:

		2023							
	Effective rate % per annum	Profit bearing financial instruments			Non-profit bearing financial instruments				
		Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Total	
				Rupees in t	housand				
Financial assets									
Operator's Fund	•	•		•			••••		
Investments in equity securities		-	-	-	218,256	-	218,256	218,256	
Investments in Sukuks	17.40% to 25.05%	-	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	5,000	
Loans and other receivables		-	-	-	9,766	-	9,766	9,766	
Takaful / re-takaful receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Receivable from PTF		-	-	-	81,182	-	81,182	81,182	
Cash and bank	6.01% to 11.25%	100,852	-	100,852	-	-	-	100,852	
		100,852	5,000	105,852	309,204	-	309,204	415,056	
Participants' Takaful Fund		•••••••••••	······································	·•····································	······································				
Investments in equity securities		-	-	-	218,218	-	218,218	218,218	
Investments in Sukuks	17.40% to 25.05%	-	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	5,000	
Loans and other receivables		-	-	-	2,032	-	2,032	2,032	
Takaful / re-takaful receivables		-	-	-	185,473	-	185,473	185,473	
Re-takaful recoveries against									
outstanding claims		-	-	-	102,745	-	102,745	102,745	
Salvage recoveries accrued		-	-	-	6,179	-	6,179	6,179	
Cash and bank	5.5% to 12.16%	143,547	-	143,547	611	-	611	144,158	
		143,547	5,000	148,547	515,258	-	515,258	663,805	
Financial liabilities		•	•	•	•	••••	•		
Operator's Fund		-	-	-	(9,551)	-	(9,551)	(9,551)	
Takaful / re-takaful payables		-	-	-	(33,464)	-	(33,464)	(33,464)	
Other creditors and accruals		-	-	-	(43,015)	_	(43,015)	(43,015)	
Participants' Takaful Fund			······		······································		<u></u>		
Outstanding claims including IB	NR	-	-	-	(202,972)	-	(202,972)	(202,972)	
Payable to OPF		-	-	-	(81,182)	-	(81,182)	(81,182)	
Takaful / re-takaful payables	·····•	-	-	-	(146,462)	-	(146,462)	(146,462)	
Other creditors and accruals	·····•	-	-	-	(4,822)	-	(4,822)	(4,822)	
•	•••••				(435,438)		(435,438)	(435,438)	

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2022							
	_	Profit bearing financial instruments Non-profit			Non-profit be	rofit bearing financial instruments		
	Effective rate % per annum	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Total
				Rupees in t	nousand			
Financial assets								
Operator's Fund								
Investments in equity securities		-	-	-	157,303	-	157,303	157,
Investments in Sukuks	10.22% to 17.81%	-	20,176	20,176	-	-	-	20,1
Loans and other receivables		-	-	-	6,686	-	6,686	6,
Takaful / re-takaful receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Receivable from PTF		-	-	-	62,633	-	62,633	62,6
Cash and bank	3.99% to 7.75%	92,076	-	92,076	-	-	-	92,
		92,076	20,176	112,252	226,622	-	226,622	338,
Participants' Takaful Fund		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Investments in equity securities	•	-	-	-	184,629	-	184,629	184,6
Investments in Sukuks	10.22% to 17.81%	-	15,117	15,117	=	-	-	15,
Loans and other receivables	•	-	-	-	878	-	878	
Takaful / re-takaful receivables	•	-	-	-	113,137	-	113,137	113,
Re-takaful recoveries against	•							
outstanding claims		-	-	-	65,667	-	65,667	65
Salvage recoveries accrued	-	-	-	-	3,900	-	3,900	3,
Cash and bank	3.7% to 8.42%	111,043	-	111,043	320	-	320	111,
•		111,043	15,117	126,160	368,531	-	368,531	494
Financial liabilities								
Operator's Fund								
Takaful / re-takaful payables		-	-	-	(6,336)	-	(6,336)	(6,
Other creditors and accruals		-	-	-	(28,991)	-	(28,991)	(28,
		-	-	-	(35,327)	-	(35,327)	(35,
Participants' Takaful Fund								
Outstanding claims including IBNF	}	-	-	-	(140,103)	-	(140,103)	(140,
Payable to OPF		-	-	-	(62,633)	- [(62,633)	(62,
Takaful / re-takaful payables		-	-	-	(123,605)	-	(123,605)	(123,
Other creditors and accruals					(1,958)		(1,958)	(1,

OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The Operator is exposed to cash flow profit rate risk in respect of its cash and bank balances and Sukuk bonds. In case of 100 basis points (bp) increase / decrease in profit rates at period end, assuming that all other variables remain constant, the net income and accumulated profit would have been higher / lower approximately by Rs 1.00 million (2022: Rs 1.07 million) in Operators' fund. Similarly, in case of Participants' Takaful Fund the net income and balance of Waqf / PTF would have been higher / lower approximately by Rs 1.43 million (2022: Rs. 1.21 million).

36.7 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from profit rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The following table summarises the Company's price risk as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. It shows the effects of an estimated increase of 10% in the market prices as on those dates. A decrease of 10% in the fair values of equity securities would affect it in a similar and opposite manner.

	Fair value	Price change	Effect on fair value
	Rupees in thousand		Rupees in thousand
Operator's Fund			
December 31, 2023	218,256	+10%	21,826
	218,256	-10%	(21,826)
December 31, 2022	157,303	+10%	15,730
	157,303	-10%	(15,730)
Participants' Takaful Fund			
December 31, 2023	218,218	+10%	21,822
	218,218	-10%	(21,822)
December 31, 2022	184,629	+10%	18,463
	184,629	-10%	(18,463)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	··········	•••••

36.8 Fair value

The fair value of all major financial assets is estimated to be not significantly different from their carrying values.

37 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purposes of comparison and to reflect the substance of the transactions.

38 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on its meeting held on 14 March 2024.

Suleman Khalid
Chief Financial Officer

Abdul Waheed
President & Chief Executive

Malik Riffat Mahmood

Director

Maj Gen Kamran Ali (Retd) Director Lt Gen Nauman Mahmood (Retd) **Chairman**

PATTERN OF **SHAREHOLDING**

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

No. of Shareholders	From	То	Shares Held	Percentage
316	1	100	11823	0.0164
644	101	500	237988	0.3310
184	501	1000	141628	0.1970
384	1001	5000	961283	1.3369
99	5001	10000	738995	1.0278
45	10001	15000	548305	0.7626
19	15001	20000	322564	0.4486
8	20001	25000	184672	0.2568
11	25001	30000	303509	0.4221
6	30001	35000	203076	0.2824
6	35001	40000	222023	0.3088
10	40001	45000	424233	0.5900
7	45001	50000	340555	0.4736
5	50001	55000	257019	0.3575
3	55001	60000	172868	0.2404
2	60001	65000	127723	0.1776
1	65001	70000	69649	0.0969
3	70001	75000	218000	0.3032
1	75001	80000	79350	0.1104
2	80001	85000	166167	0.2311
3	85001	90000	262382	0.3649
1	90001	95000	93333	0.1298
3	95001	100000	295990	0.4117
2	100001	105000	202970	0.2823
1	110001	115000	115000	0.1599
2	115001	120000	235030	0.3269
1	120001	125000	121256	0.1686
2	125001	130000	258500	0.3595
1	145001	150000	150000	0.2086
2	150001	155000	302266	0.4204
1	160001	165000	161500	0.2246
2	175001	180000	352291	0.4900
3	180001	185000	546099	0.7595

PATTERN OF **SHAREHOLDING**

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

No. of Shareholders	From	То	Shares Held	Percentage	
1	185001	190000	188025	0.2615	
2	195001	200000	397225	0.5525	
1	200001	205000	201613	0.2804	
1	205001	210000	205938	0.2864	
1	220001	225000	225000	0.3129	
2	225001	230000	455077	0.6329	
1	230001	235000	231000	0.3213	
1	275001	280000	279000	0.3880	
1	285001	290000	285500	0.3971	
1	310001	315000	315000	0.4381	
1	395001	400000	399446	0.5555	
1	505001	510000	506810	0.7049	
1	530001	535000	532305	0.7403	
1	595001	600000	599390	0.8336	
1	660001	665000	661250	0.9197	
1	775001	780000	777533	1.0814	
1	855001	860000	858962	1.1946	
1	895001	900000	900000	1.2517	
1	1510001	1515000	1512508	2.1036	
1	1980001	1985000	1980976	2.7551	
1	3315001	3320000	3318267	4.6150	
1	5700001	5705000	5701303	7.9293	
1	42540001	42545000	42541720	59.1663	
1805		Company Total	71901895	100.0000	

PATTERN OF **SHAREHOLDING**

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

Particulars	No. of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
Individuals	1783	22,505,449	31.30%
Financial Institutions	1	4,562	0.01%
Mutual Funds	1	777,533	1.08%
Charitable Trust	4	42,600,734	59.25%
Others	16	6,013,617	8.36%
Total	1,805	71,901,895	100%
Associated companies, undertakings & related parties			
Army Welfare Trust	4	42,600,734	59.25%
Directors, CEO, their spouse & minor children			
Lt Gen Naveed Mukhtar (Retd)	1	3,521	0.00%
Rizwan Ullah Khan (Retd)	1	923	0.00%
AVM Mohammad Athar Shams (Retd)	1	3,521	0.00%
Brig Mukhtar Ahmed (Retd)	1	3,521	0.00%
Malik Riffat Mahmood	1	923	0.00%
Mohammad Munir Malik	1	725	0.00%
Saima Akbar Khattak	1	500	0.00%
Imran Iqbal	1	532,305	0.74%
		545,939	
Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions, Insurance Companies, Modarabas & pension funds (other than specified above)	· ·		
Escorts Investment Bank Limited	1	4,562	0.01%
Mutual Funds			
CDC - Trustee AKD Opportunity Fund	1	777,533	1.08%
Shareholders holding five percent or more voting rights in the Company			
Muhammad Iqbal	1	5,701,303	7.93%
Individuals - local	1719	14,006,853	19.48%
- foreign	55	2,251,354	3.13%
Others	16	6,013,617	8.36%
Total	1,805	71,901,895	100.00%

Notice is hereby given that the 29th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the shareholders of Askari General Insurance Limited (the Company) will be held at Blue Lagoon, Rawalpindi on Thursday, April 25, 2024, at 10:30 a.m. to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. To confirm minutes of the 28th Annual General Meeting held on April 28th, 2023.
- 2. To receive, consider, approve and adopt the annual Audited Financial Statements (Consolidated and Unconsolidated) of the Company for the year ended December 31st, 2023, together with Chairman review, Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.

As required under section 223(7) of the Companies Act, 2017, the financial statements of the Company have been uploaded on the website of the Company which can be downloaded from the following link:

https://www.agico.com.pk/reports.php



- 3. To consider and approve payment of final cash dividend of 32.5% (Rs. 3.25 per share) for the year ended December 31st, 2023, as recommended by the Directors of the Company.
- 4. To appoint auditors for the year 2024 and to fix their remuneration. The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors have recommended reappointing Yousuf Adil & Co. Chartered Accountants as statutory auditors of the company.

Special Business:

5. To consider, and if deemed fit, pass the following Ordinary Resolution for the transmission of the Annual Audited Accounts through QR enabled code and weblink:

Resolved that "the circulation of Annual Balance Sheet, Profit & Loss Account, Auditors' Report and Directors' Report etc. ("Annual Audited Accounts") of AGICO to its members through QR enabled code and weblink instead of CD/DVD/USB thereof at their registered addresses, as per the Notification No. SRO 389 (I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan be and is hereby approved."

Further Resolved that "the annual audited financial statements be also circulated to members through email, in case email has been provided by the members of the company, without receiving consents from the members.

6. To consider, and if deemed fit, pass the following Special Resolution for increase in directors' fees for attendance at committees and board meetings:

Resolved that "every director, other than President & Chief Executive or Executive Director, shall be entitled to be paid a fee of Rs. 50,000 for attending each meeting of the Board of Directors and Rs. 35,000 for attending each meeting of all other committee's setup by the Board of Directors."

7. To transact any other business with permission of the Chairman.

By order of the Board

Rawalpindi

April 04, 2024,



Company Secretary

IMPORTANT NOTES:

1. Participation by Shareholders

Arrangements have been made by Company to facilitate the participation of the shareholders in AGM through online video conference, in-person participation or through appointed proxies. To avail this facility, the shareholders are requested to please provide below particulars to our Company Secretary Office of the Company at cs@agico.com.pk before close of business hours on April 17, 2024.

Folio/CDC Account N	o Name	CNIC No.	Cell No.	Email Address
			:	:
	1	1	:	£

The shareholders can also provide their comments/suggestions for the proposed agenda items of the AGM on email: cs@agico.com.pk.

2. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from April 18, 2024, to April 25, 2024 (both days inclusive). Transfers received at our Share Registrars, Messrs. THK Associate (Pvt.) Limited, 32-C Jami Commercial Street -2, DHA Phase 7, Karachi, at the close of business on April 17, 2024 will be treated in time for the purposes of entitlement of members to the final cash dividend and for attending and voting at the AGM.

3. Change of Address

Members of the Company are requested to immediately notify the change in address if any, and ask for consolidation of folio number, provided the member holds more than one folio, to the Share Registrar.

4. E-Voting/Voting by Postal Ballot

The Company shall provide its members with options of e-voting or voting by postal ballot for any business transacted as special business in accordance with the provisions of the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018. Shareholders will be allowed to exercise their right to vote through postal ballot i.e. by post or e-voting, in the manner and subject to the conditions contained in the aforesaid regulations.

Procedure for E - Voting

- a) Detail of the e-voting facility will be share through an e-email with those members of the Company who have their valid CNIC numbers, cell numbers, and e-mail address available in the register of members of the company by the Close of Business of 17 April 2024.
- b) The web address, login details, will be communicated to members via email. The security code will be communicated to members through SMS from web portal of THK Associates (Private) Limited (being the e-voting service providers).
- c) Identity of the members intending to cast vote through e-voting shall be authenticated through electronic signature or authentication for login.
- d) E-voting lines will start from 22 April 2024, 09:00 a.m. and shall close on 24 April 2024 at 5:00 p.m. Members can cast their votes any time during this period Once the vote on a resolution is cast by a Members, he / she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

Procedure for voting Through Postal Ballot

- (a) For members who wish to opt for voting through Post, Ballot Paper is being published and the same is also available on the Company's website: https://www.agico.com.pk/notices.php.
- (b) The members shall ensure that duly filled and signed ballot paper, along with copy of CNIC/NICOP or Passport (in case of foreign national), should reach the Chairman of the meeting through post on the company's register 3rd Floor, AWT Plaza, The Mall, Rawalpindi or email at cs@agico.com.pk one day before the Annual General Meeting, during working hours.

5. Deduction of Withholding Tax on the Amount of Dividend

Under Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 withholding tax on dividend income will be deducted as follows:

For filers of Income Tax returns 15%

For non-filers of Income Tax returns 30%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @ 15% instead of 30%, all the shareholders, including joint shareholders, whose names are not entered into the Active Tax-payers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they, or their joint holders, are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL by the close of business on April 17th, 2024.

6. Exemption from Tax and Deduction of Zakat:

Shareholders, who intend to claim exemption from tax and/or zakat (where applicable), are advised to ensure that they have provided valid tax exemption certificates and zakat declaration to their respective broker/company's shares registrar before April 17th, 2024.

7. Taxation for Joint Shareholders

In order to ensure that holders of shares held in joint names or joint accounts are treated individually as filers or non-filers, all such shareholders are requested to provide shareholding proportions of principal shareholder and joint holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to our Share Registrar, on the address mentioned at end of notice, in writing before close of business on April 17th, 2024 as per format given below.

Name of Principal Shareholder/Joint Holders	Shareholding proportions (%)	CNIC No. (copy to be attached)	Folio / CDS Account No.	Total Shares	Signature

NOTE: In the event of non-receipt of the information by April 17th, 2024, each shareholder will be assumed to have equal proportion of shares and the tax will be deducted accordingly.

8. ELECTRONIC DIVIDEND MANDATE

Under section 242 of Companies Act, 2017, it is mandatory for all listed Companies to pay cash dividend to its shareholders only through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. In order to receive dividend directly into their respective bank account, shareholders are requested (if not already provided) to fill in Bank Mandate Form for Electronic Credit of Cash Dividend produced below and also on the Company's website and send it duly signed along with a copy of CNIC to the Share Registrar of the Company, THK Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., 32-C Jami Commercial Street-2, DHA Phase 7, Karachi, Pakistan, in case of physical shares.

In case shares are held in CDC, electronic dividend mandate form must be directly submitted to shareholder's brokers / participant / CDC account services.

In case of non-receipt of information, the Company will be obliged to withhold payment of dividend to such shareholders till provision of prescribed details.

Name of Company	
Folio No	
Name of Shareholder	
CNIC	
Contact No	
Email Address	
International Bank Account Number (IBAN -24 digit) Mandatory	PK
Bank's Name	
Branch Name/Address	
New Mailing Address	

Please also note that in compliance with section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, after completion of required procedure, all dividends unclaimed for a period of three years from the date due and payable shall be deposited with the Federal Government.

9. Circulation of annual reports and notices of meetings:

In compliance with the Section 223(6) of Companies Act 2017, the Company has electronically transmitted the Annual Report 2023 through email to shareholders whose email addresses are available with the Company's Share Registrar, THK Associates (Private) Limited. In those cases, where email addresses are not available with the Company Share Registrar, THK Associates (Private) Limited, printed notice of AGM along with the weblink to download the said financial statements have been dispatched. The Company would provide hard copies of the Annual Report to the Shareholders on their demand at their registered addresses, free of cost, within one week of such request. Those members who desire to receive printed copy of Annual Report 2023 may send an email request to company secretary at cs@agico.com.pk.

10. Conversion of Physical Shares into Book-Entry Form:

The Shareholders having physical shares may open CDC sub-account with any of the brokers or Investor Account directly with the Central Depository Company (CDC) of Pakistan Limited to have their physical shares converted into electronic form. This will facilitate them in many ways including safe custody and timely sale of shares. Additionally, Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 (Act) requires that after the commencement of the Act from a date notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), a company having share capital, shall have shares in electronic form only. Every existing company shall be required to replace its physical shares with a book-entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by SECP, within a period not exceeding four years from the commencement of the Act.

11. Unclaimed Dividend

As per provision of Section 244 of the Act, any shares issued, or dividend declared by the Company which have remained unclaimed/unpaid for a period of three years from the date on which it was due and payable are required to be deposited with Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for the credit of Federal Government after issuance of notices to the shareholders to file their claim.

Shareholders, who by any reason, could not claim their dividend, if any, are advised to contact our Share Registrar, THK Associates (Private) Limited, 32-C, Jami Commercial Street-2, DHA Phase 7, Karachi, to collect / enquire about their unclaimed dividend. In case, no claim is lodged with the company in the given time, the Company, after lapse of time period given in the notice in the newspaper, shall proceed to deposit the unclaimed/unpaid amount and shares with the Federal Government pursuant to the provision of Section 244(2) of the Act.

An updated list for unclaimed dividend/shares of the Company is available on the Company's website www.agico.com.pk

12. Availability of Audited Financial Statement on Company's Website:

The audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31st, 2023, have been made available on the Company's website www.agico.com.pk

13. Statement Under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017 in respect of Special Business:

Item No. 5 of the Notice - Circulation of Company's Annual Audited Financial Statements through QR enabled Code and Weblink as part of Notice of Annual General Meeting

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") through its Notification No. S.R.O 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, has allowed companies to circulate the annual balance sheet and profit and loss account, auditor's report and directors report, etc. ("annual audited financial statements") to its members through QR enabled code and weblink. A shareholder may request the Company Secretary or Share Registrar of the Company to provide a hard copy of the Annual Audited Accounts and the same will be provided at shareholder's registered addresses, free of cost, within one week of the demand. In this regard, the email address of the Company Secretary / Share Registrar will be placed on the website of the Company. A shareholder may also prefer to receive hard copies for all future Annual Audited Accounts. In view of the above, it is proposed that the Ordinary Resolution at Agenda 5 of the Notice of AGM be passed.

Item No. 6 of the Notice - Increase in Directors' Fee

The Board, on the recommendations of Ethics, Human Resource and Remuneration Committee (HER&RC), in their 114th meeting held on March 14, 2024, has proposed to increase the director's fee to Rs. 50,000 for attending each meeting of the Board and Rs. 35,000 for attending any other committee meeting by altering clause 64 of the Article of Association (AOA). The decision to increase the remuneration/fee has been made to compensate for the time and efforts required to discharge director's obligations and to value their skills and expertise in managing the affairs of the Board and Board's committees. In the view of above, it is proposed that Special Resolution at Agenda 6 of the Notice of AGM be passed.

None of the Directors of the Company have any personal interest in the afore said Special Business except in their capacity as Shareholders or Directors of the Company.

SPECIAL NOTES

A. For Attending the meeting:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder whose registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations shall authenticate his/her original valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or the original Passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- The shareholders registered with the CDC are also requested to bring their particulars, I.D numbers and account numbers to the
- In the case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of Attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

B. For appointment of proxies:

A Member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote for him/her. No person shall act as proxy, who is not a member of the Company except that Government of Pakistan/Corporate entity may appoint a person who is not a member of the Company. If the member is corporate entity (other than Government of Pakistan) its common seal should be affixed on the instrument.

- ii. A member shall not be entitled to appoint more than one proxy to attend anyone meeting. If any member appoints more than one proxy for anyone meeting and more than one instrument of the proxy are deposited with the company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid. The instrument appointing a proxy duly completed, together with Power of Attorney or Board Resolution, if any, under which it is signed or a notarial certified copy thereof, should be deposited with the Company Secretary, Askari General Insurance Company Limited, 3rd Floor, AWT Plaza, The Mall, Rawalpindi, not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- iii. For attending the meeting and appointing proxies, CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1 of 2000 dated January 26, 2000, issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). The rights of the members and their proxies exercisable during meetings and all other relevant information are listed in section 137 of the Companies Act 2017, which can be easily accessed on the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) website.
- iv. In the case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the persons whose registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations shall submit the proxy form as per requirement notified by the Company.
- v. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- vi. Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- vii. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- viii. In case of corporate entity being a Member, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee / attorney shall have to be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with the proxy form to the Company.

Contact Information:

For any guery/problem/information, the shareholders may contact the Company Secretary and/or the Share Registrar at the following:

Company Representative

Company Secretary 051-8848206 cs@agico.com.pk

Shares Registrar

THK Associates (Private) Limited 32-C, Jami Commercial Street-2, DHA Phase 7, Karachi



Askari General Insurance Company Limited

Ballot paper for voting through post for the Special Business at the Ai 2024, at 10:30 a.m. at the Blue Lagoon, Rawalpindi	nnual General M	leeting to be held o	on Thursday, A	April 25,
Website: https://www.ag	ico.com.pk			
Folio / CDS Account Number				
Name of Shareholder / Proxy Holder				
Registered Address				
Number of shares Held				
CNIC/Passport No. (in case of foreigner) (copy to be attached)				
Additional information and enclosures (in case of representative of body corporate,	corporation, and fed	leral Government)		
Name of Authorized Signatory CNIC/Passport No. (in case of foreigner) of Authorized Signatory (copy				
to be attached) Instructions Fo	r Poll			
1. Please indicate your vote by ticking $()$ the relevant box.	1 1 011			
2. In case if both the boxes are marked as $()$, you poll shall be treated as "Rejected				
I/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the above resolution through ballot by mark in the appropriate box below;	y conveying my/our	assent or dissent to tl	he resolution by p	lacing tick (√)
Resolution		No. Of ordinary shares for which voles cast	I/We assent to the Resolution (FOR)	I/We dissent to the Resolution (AGAINST)
Agenda Item No. 5:				
Resolved that "the circulation of Annual Balance Sheet, Profit & Loss Acc Report and Directors' Report etc. ("Annual Audited Accounts") of AGICO through QR enabled code and weblink instead of CD/DVD/USB thereof at addresses, as per the Notification No. SRO 389 (I)/2023 dated March 21, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan be and is hereby at Further Resolved that "the annual audited financial statements be als members through email, in case email has been provided by the members without receiving consents from the members.	to its members their registered 2023, issued by oproved."			
Agenda Item No. 6:				
Resolved that "every director, other than President & Chief Executiv Director, shall be entitled to be paid a fee of Rs. 50,000 for attending each Board of directors and Rs. 35,000 for attending each meeting of all oth setup by the Board of Directors."	meeting of the			
NOTES:				
 Dully filled ballot paper should be sent to the Chairman of Askari Gener Floor, AWT Plaza, The Mall, Rawalpindi attention to the Company Secretary or 2. Copy of CNIC/ Passport (in case of foreigner) should be enclosed with the posta 3. Ballot paper should reach the Chairman within business hours by or before 24-04 voting. Signature on ballot paper should match with signature on CNIC/ Passport (in case 5. Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, overwritten poll paper 6. In case of a representative of a body corporate, corporation or Federal Governme by a copy of the CNIC of an authorized person, an attested copy of Board Resolt Section(s) 138 or 139 of the Companies Act, 2017 as applicable. In the case of 6 General of Pakistan having jurisdiction over the member. Ballot Paper form has also been placed on the website of the company at: https://Members may download the ballot paper from the website or use an original/pho 	email at <u>cs@agico</u> . I ballot form. I-2024. Any postal lie of foreigner). will be rejected. ent, the Ballot Paper atton, / Power of Attoreign body corpora	com.pk ballot received after the Form must be accomtorney, / Authorization te etc., all documents //notices.php	nis date will not be panied n Letter etc., in ac	e considered for
Pla	ce			
Shareholder / Proxy holder Signature/Authorized Signatory Da	te			
(In case of corporate entity, please affix company stamp)				

انتيبوي (29) سالانه جزل ميٽنگ کي اطلاع

- ان کا ڈی سی پر رجٹر ڈشیئر ہولڈرز سے بھی درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ سی ڈی ایس میں اپنی تفصیلات، آئی ڈی نمبر اور اکاؤنٹ نمبر لائیں۔
- iii. کار پوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں، میٹنگ کے وقت بور ڈآف ڈائر یکٹرز کی ریز ولیو شن رپاور آف اٹارنی جس میں نامزد شخص کے دستخط کے نمونے دستیاب کئے جائیں گے (جب تک یہ پہلے فراہم نہ کیا گیاہو)۔

B. پراکسیزکی تقرری کے لیے:

- ن سالانہ عام اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا حقدار رکن کسی دوسرے شخص کو شرکت کرنے اور اسے ووٹ دینے کے لیے اپناپرا کسی مقرر کر سکتا ہے۔ کوئی بھی شخص پرا کسی کے طور پر کام نہیں کرے گا، جو کمپنی کار کن نہیں ہے سوائے اس کے کہ حکومت پاکستان/کارپوریٹ ادارہ کسی ایسے شخص کو مقرر کر سکتا ہے جو کمپنی کار کن نہیں ہے۔ اگر ممبر کارپوریٹ ادارہ ہے (حکومت پاکستان کے علاوہ) اس کی عام مہر انسٹر ومنٹ پر چیاں ہوئی چاہیے۔
- ii. ایک رکن کسی بھی میٹنگ میں شرکت کے لیے ایک سے زیادہ پراکسی مقرر کرنے کاحقد ار نہیں ہوگا۔ اگر کوئی ممبر کسی بھی میٹنگ کے لیے ایک سے زیادہ پراکسی کا تقرر کرنے کاحقد ار نہیں ہوگا۔ اگر کوئی ممبر کسی بھی میٹنگ کے لیے ایک سے زیادہ النٹر ومنٹس کمپنی کے پاس بجع کرائے جاتے ہیں تو ایسے تمام پراکسی انسٹر ومنٹس کو غلط قرار دیا جائے گا۔ پاور آف انارنی یا بورڈ ریزولیوشن کے ساتھ ، اگر کوئی ہو، جس کے تحت اس پر دستخط کیے گئے ہوں یااس کی ایک نوٹری سے تصدیق شدہ کا پی کے ساتھ ، مناسب طریقے سے ممکل شدہ پراکسی کا تقرر کرنے والا انسٹر ومنٹ ، کمپنی سیکرٹری ، عسکری جزل انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹٹر، تیسری منزل ، اے ڈبلیوٹی پلازہ ، دی مال ، راولپنڈی میٹنگ کے وقت سے 48 گھٹے پہلے جمع کو ایا حالے۔
- iii. میٹنگ میں شرکت اور پرائسیز کی تقرری کے لیے، می ڈی می اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز کو سیکیورٹیزائیڈ ایسین کی کمیشن آف پاکتتان (SECP) کی طرف سے جاری کردہ 26 جنوری 2000 کے سرکلر نمبر 1 میں بیان کردہ رہنماخطوط پر مزید عمل کرنا ہوگا۔ میٹنگز کے دوران ممبران اور ان کے پرائسیز کے استعال ہونے والے حقوق اور دیگر تمام متعلقہ معلومات کمپنیزایک 2017 کے 85.137 میں درج ہیں، جنہیں سیکیورٹیزایٹرائیڈایچینج کمیشن آف پاکتان (SECP) کی ویب سائٹ پرآسانی سے حاصل کیا جاسکتا ہے۔
- iv افراد کے معالمے میں، اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر یا ذیلی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر اور ایا وہ افراد جن کی رجٹریشن کی تفصیلات ضوابط کے مطابق اپ لوڈ کی گئی ہیں، کمپنی کی طرف سے مطلع کردہ ضرورت کے مطابق پراکسی فارم جمع کرائیںگے۔
 - ٧. پراکسی فارم پر دوافراد گواہی دیں گے جن کے نام، پتے اور شناختی کارڈ نمبر فارم پر درج ہوں گے۔
 - vi. شناختی کارڈ کی تصدیق شدہ کاپیاں یا فائدہ اٹھانے والے مالکان کے پاسپورٹ اور پراکسی کوپراکسی فارم کے ساتھ پیش کیا جائے گا۔
 - vii. پراکسی میٹنگ کے وقت اپنااصل شاختی کارڈیااصل یاسپورٹ پیش کرےگا۔
- viii. کارپوریٹ ادارے کے ممبر ہونے کی صورت میں، بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی ریزولیو شن/پاور آف اٹارنی جس میں نامزد شخص اٹارنی کے نمونے کے دستخط ہوں گے (جب تک کہ اسے پہلے فراہم نہ کیا گیاہو) کمپنی کو پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ جمع کرانا ہوگا۔

رابط كي معلومات:

کسی بھی سوال/مئلہ/معلومات کے لیے، شیئر ہولڈرز کمپنی سیرٹریاور/ماشیئر رجٹرار سے درج ذیل پر رابطہ کر سکتے ہیں:

کمپنی کانما ئنده کمپنی سیرٹری

051-9028101,051-8848206

cs@agico.com.pk

<u>شیئر رجشرار</u> THKایسو **سی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ** C-32، جامی کمرشل اسٹریٹ-2، ڈی انچ اے فیز 7، کواجی

انتيبوي (29) سالانه جزل ميٽنگ کي اطلاع

شیئر ہولڈرز کو ان کے مطالبے پر سالانہ رپورٹ کی ہارڈ کاپیاں ان کے رجٹر ڈیتے پر مفت فراہم کرے گی، ایسی درخواست کے ایک ہفتے کے اندر۔ جو ممبران سالانہ رپورٹ 2023 کی پرنٹ شدہ کاپی حاصل کرنا چاہتے ہیں وہ کمپنی سیکرٹری کو <u>agico.com.pk کی د</u>یش کے ایس ا

10. فنريكل شيئرز كوبك انفرى فارم مين تبديل كرنا:

من یکل شیئر زر کھنے والے شیئر ہولڈرز کسی بھی برو کرتے ساتھ سی ڈی سی ذیل اکاؤنٹ کھول سکتے ہیں یا پاکستان لمیٹٹر کی سینٹر ل ڈیپازٹری کمپنی (سی ڈی سی کے ساتھ براہ منز سکتے ہیں یا پاکستان لمیٹٹر کی سینٹر ل ڈیپازٹری کمپنی (سی ڈی سی کے ساتھ براہ راست انویسٹر اکاؤنٹ کھول سکتے ہیں تاکہ ان کے فنزیکل شیئرز کو الیکٹر انک شکل میں تبدیل کیا جائے۔ یہ انہیں کئی طریقوں سے سہولت فراہم کرے گا بشمول محفوظ تحویل اور حصص کی بروقت فروخت۔ مزید برآس، کمپنیز ایک ، 2017 (ایک)کا بیکٹن 72 یہ نقاضا کرتا ہے کہ سیکیور ٹیز اینڈ ایکٹینچ کمیٹن آف پاکستان (SECP) کی جانب سے مطلع شدہ تاریخ سے ایکٹ کے نفاذ کے بیاس حصص کیپٹل ہے، صرف الیکٹر انک شکل میں حصص رکھے گی۔ بر موجودہ کمپنی پر لازم ہوگا کہ وہ اپنے فناذ سے چار فنریک شیئرز کو بُک انٹری فارم کے ساتھ اس طریقے سے تبدیل کرے جیسا کہ بیان کیا گیا ہو اور ایس ای بی کی طرف سے مطلع کردہ تاریخ سے ، ایکٹ کے نفاذ سے چار سال سے زیادہ نہ ہو۔

11. غير دعوى شده ديويدند

شیئر ہولڈرز، جو کسی بھی وجہ سے اپنے ڈیویڈ نڈکادعو کی نہیں کر سے ، انہیں مشورہ دیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ اپنے غیر دعوی شدہ ڈیویڈ نڈ حاصل اپوچھ کچھ کرنے کے لئے ہمارے شیئر رجٹرار، ٹی انٹی کے الیہو کی ایٹر ہیں۔ اگر دیے گئے وقت میں کمپنی ہمارے شیئر رجٹرار، ٹی انٹی کے الیہو کی ایٹر کی ایٹر کی دیا ہے کہ ایٹر کہ کر شل اسٹریٹ - 2، ڈی انٹی اسٹریٹ - 2، ڈی انٹی کو کی دعوی شدہ اغیر اداشدہ رقم اور حصص وفاقی حکومت کے پاس جمع کے پاس جمع کی دعوی شدہ اغیر اداشدہ رقم اور حصص وفاقی حکومت کے پاس جمع کرانے کے لیے ایکٹ کی دفعہ 244 (2) کی دفعہ کے لئے آگے بڑے گئے۔

کمپنی کے غیر دعویٰ شدہ ڈیویڈ نڈا حصص کی ایک تازہ ترین فہرست کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ <u>www.agico.com.pkپر</u> دستیاب ہے۔

12. کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ برآ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی کو شوارے کی دستیابی:

31 دسمبر 2023 کو ختم ہونے والے سال بحے لیے کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کو کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ <u>www.agico.com.pkپر</u> دستیاب کر دیا گیاہے۔

13. خصوصی کاروبار کے سلسلے میں کمپینزایک، 2017 کی دفعہ 134 (3) کے تحت بیان:

توشی کاآئیم نمبر 5-سالانہ جزل میٹنگ کے توشی کے حصے کے طور پر کیوآر فعال کو ڈاور ویپ لنگ کے ذریعے کمپنی کے سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی بیانات کا سر کو لیشن مورنہ 21 ماری 3 ویتان ("ایسالی می پی") اپنو نوشیکیشن نمبر۔
مور خد 21 ماری 3 ویتان ("ایسالی می پی") اپنو نوشیکیشن نمبر۔
اور منافع اور نقصان اکاؤنٹ ، آڈیٹر کی رپورٹ اور ڈائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ وغیرہ کو گردش کرنے کی اجازت دی ہے۔ ("سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی بیانات") اپنارا کمین کو کیو آر فعال کو ڈاور ویپ لنگ کے ذریعے۔ شیئر ہولڈر کمپنی کے سکریٹر میٹر ارسے سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ کھاتوں کی ہارڈ کاپی فراہم کرنے کی در خواست کر سکتا ہے اور یہ مطالبہ کے ایک بفت کے اندر شیئر ہولڈر کے دجٹر ڈ بیتے پر مفت فراہم کی جائے گی۔ اس سلط میں کمپنی سیکرٹری/شیئر رجٹر ارکائ میل پند کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر رکھا جائے گا۔ اس سلط میں کمپنی سیکرٹری/شیئر رجٹر ارکائ میل پند گمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر رکھا جائے گا۔ شیئر ہولڈر مستقبل کے تمام سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ کھاتوں کے لیے ہارڈ کاپیاں وصول کرنے کو بھی ترجے دے سکتا ہے۔ مذکورہ بالاکے بیش نظر، یہ تبحیز بیش کی گئ ہے حالے گا۔ شیئر ہولڈر مستقبل کے تمام سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ کھاتوں کے لیے ہارڈ کاپیاں وصول کرنے کو بھی ترجے دے سکتا ہے۔ مذکورہ بالاکے بیش نظر، یہ تبحیز بیش کی گئ ہے کہ اے گا۔ تیکٹر کو ٹس کے ایکٹ گا۔ گار میں عام قرار داد منظور کی جائے۔

نونس كاآئم نمبر 6- دائر يكثرزكي فيس ميں اضافيہ

بورڈ نے 14 مارچ 2024 کو منعقدہ اپنے 114 ویں اجلاس میں اضلاقیات ، انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی (ایچ ای آر اینڈ آر سی) کی سفار شات پر ڈائریکٹر کی فیس میں اضافے کی تجویز پیش کی ہے۔ بورڈ کی ہر میننگ میں شرکت کے لیے 50,000 روپے ۔ آرٹیکل آف الیوسی ایشن کی شق 64 کو تبدیل کرکے کسی بھی کمیٹل کے اجلاس میں معاوضے فیس میں اضافے کا فیصلہ ڈائریکٹر کی ذمہ داریوں کو جھانے کے لیے درکار وقت اور کو ششوں کی تلافی کرنے اور بورڈ ، (AOA) شرکت کے لیے 50,000 روپی اور بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں کے امور کے انتظام میں ان کی مہارت اور مہارت کی قدر کرنے کے لیے کیا گیا ہے۔ مذکورہ بالاکے پیش نظر ، یہ تجویز پیش کی گئ ہے کہ اے جی ایم کے اور بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں کے امور کی جائے۔

کمپنی کے ڈاکر بکٹر زمیں ہے کسی کا بھی مذکورہ بالا خصوصی کارو بار میں کوئی ذاتی مفاد نہیں ہے سوائے اس کے کہ وہ کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈرزیا ڈاکر بکٹرز کی حیثیت ہے ہوں۔ خ**صوصی نکات**

A. اجلاس میں شرکت کے لیے:

i. افراد کے معاملے میں ، اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاذیلی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر جن کی رجٹریشن کی تفصیلات ضوابط کے مطابق اپ لوڈ کی گئی ہیں، میٹنگ میں شرکت کے وقت اپنے اصل درست کمپیوٹرائزڈ قومی شناختی کارڈ (CNIC) یااصل پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق کرےگا۔

انتيبوي (29) سالانه جزل ميٹنگ كي اطلاع

7. مشتر كه شيئر بولدُرزك لي كيس

اس بات کو بیتی بنانے کے لیے کہ مشتر کہ ناموں یا مشتر کہ کھاتوں میں رکھے گئے تھے راکھنے والوں کے ساتھ انفرادی طور پر فائلرز یا نان فائلرز کے طور پر برتاؤ کیاجاتا ہے، ایسے تمام شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے پاس رکھے ہوئے تھے کے سلطے میں پر نسپل شیئر ہولڈراور جوائئٹ ہولڈرز کے شیئر ہولڈنگ کا تناسب فراہم کریں۔ ہمارے شیئر رجٹرار کو، نوٹس کے آخر میں بتائے گئے ہے ہے، 17 اپریل 2024 کوکاروبار بند ہونے سے پہلے تحریری طور پر پنچے دیے گئے فار میٹ کے مطابق۔

د ستخط	كل شيئرز	فوليو/سى ڈى اليس اکاؤنٹ نمبر	شاختى كار ۋىنبر (كاپى منسلك كريں)	شيئر ہولڈنگ کا تناسب (%)	پر نسپل شیئر ہولڈر رجوائٹ ہولڈرز کا نام

نوٹ: 17 اپریل 2024 تک معلومات نہ ملنے کی صورت میں ، ہمر شیئر ہولڈر کے پاس حصص کا مساوی نئاسب فرض کیا جائے گااور اس کے مطابق ٹیکس کی کٹوٹی کی جائے گی۔

8. الكِتْرانك دْيويْدِنْدْ ميندْين

کمپنیز ایک ، 2017 کے سیکشن 242 کے تحت ، تمام اسٹڈ کمپنیوں کے لیے یہ لازی ہے کہ وہ اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز کو صرف الیکٹر انک موڈ کے ذریعے براہ راست متعلقہ شیئر ہولڈرز کے نامزد کردہ بینک اکاؤنٹ میں نقد ڈیو یڈنڈ ادا کریں۔ براہ راست اپنے متعلقہ بینک اکاؤنٹ میں ڈیو یڈنڈ حاصل کرنے کے لیے ، حقدار شیئر ہولڈرز نے در خواست کی جاتی ہے کہ (اگر پہلے سے فراہم نہیں کیا گیا ہو) نینچے دیے گئے کیش ڈیویڈنڈ کے الیکٹر انک کریڈ کے لیے بینک مینڈیٹ فارم کوپُر کریں اور کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی بھی جیجیں اور فنریکل شیئرز کی صورت میں شاختی کارڈ کی کاپی کے ساتھ اسے دستخط شدہ کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ادر 32- Ltd., 32- لیکٹر شل میں شاختی کارڈ کی کاپی کے ساتھ اسے دستخط شدہ کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ادر 31- Ltd. کی کو بھی ہیں۔

ی ڈی می میں حصص رکھنے کی صورت میں ، الیکٹرانک ڈلویڈنڈ مینڈیٹ فارم لازما براہ راست شیئر ہولڈر کے برو کرزانٹر کت کنندہ اس ڈی می اکاؤنٹ سروسز کو جمع کرایا جانا جا ہے۔

معلومات نہ ملنے کی صورت میں، کمپنی مقررہ تفصیلات کی فراہمی تک ایسے شیئر ہولڈرز کو ڈیویڈنڈ کیادا ئیگی روکنے کی بابند ہو گی۔

	گېنى كانام فوليو نمبر شيئر موللار كانام
	فوليو نمبر
	شيئر ہولڈر کا نام
	شناختى كار دُ
	رابطه نمبر ای میل پت انثر نیشنل بینک اکاؤنٹ نمبر انگر نیشنل بینک اکاؤنٹ نمبر (IBAN -24 digit)) لازمی
	ای میل پته
PK	انظر نمیشنل بدیک اکاؤنٹ نمبر
	(IBAN -24 digit)) لازى
	بینک کا نام
	بینک کا نام برایخ کا نام ارپته
	نیا خط و کمتابت کا پیته

براہ کرم یہ بھی نوٹ کریں کہ کمپینزایک، 2017 کے سیکش 244 کی تقمیل میں، مطلوبہ طریقہ کار کی شخیل کے بعد، مقررہ تاریخ سے تین سال کی مدت کے لیے بغیر دعویٰ کیے گئے تمام منافع اور قابل ادائیگی وفاقی حکومت کے ماس جمع کرائے جائیں گے۔

9. سالانه ربور ٹوں اور اجلاسوں کے نوٹسز کی سر کولیشن:

کیپنزایکٹ 2017 کے سیکشن 22(6) کی تعیل میں، کمپنی نے الیگر انکٹ طور پر سالانہ راپورٹ 2023 کو ای میل کے ذریعے ان شیئر ہولڈرز تکٹ پہنچایا ہے جن کے ای میل پتے کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹرار، THK ایسو می ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کے پاس دستیاب ہیں۔ ان معاملات میں، جہال کمپنی شیئر رجٹرار، THK ایسو می ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کے پاس ای میل ایڈرلیں دستیاب نہیں ہیں، مذکورہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کو ڈاؤن لوڈ کرنے کے لیے ویب لنک کے ساتھ AGM کاپرنٹ شدہ نوٹس بھیج دیا گیاہے۔ کمپنی

انتيبوي (29) سالانه جزل ميٽنگ کي اطلاع

شیئر ہولڈرز AGMکے مجوزہ ایجنڈاآ کٹمز کے لیے اپنے تبعرے مشورے ای میل: cs@agico.com.pkیر بھی فراہم کر سکتے ہیں۔

2. محص منتقلی بکس کی بندش

کمپنی کی حصص کی منتقلی کی بکس 18 اپریل 2024 سے 25 اپریل 2024 تک (دونوں دن سمیت) بندر ہیں گی۔17 اپریل 2024 کو کاروبار کے اختتام پر موصول ہونے والی منتقلیوں پر ہمارے شیئر رجٹرار، میسرز ٹی ان کے ایسو کی ایٹ (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ، 32- سی جامی کمرشل اسٹریٹ-2، ڈی ان کھی آئی میں ممبران کے حتمی نقد ڈیویڈ نڈکے حقدار ہونے اور AGM میں شرکت اور وونٹگ کے مقاصد کے لیے بروقت عمل کیا جائےگا۔

3. يخ كى تبديلي

کمپٹی کے ممبران سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ ایڈریس میں تبدیلی اگر کوئی ہو تو فوری طور پر مطلع کریں، اور شیئر رجٹرار کو، فولیو نمبر کو یکجا کرنے کا مطالبہ کریں، بشر طیکہ ممبر کے پاس ایک سے زیادہ فولیو ہوں۔

4. <u>ای دو نتک ابوشل بیلٹ کے ذریعے دو نتک</u>

کمپنی اپناراکین کو کمپنیز (پوشل بیك) ریگولیشنز، 2018 کی د فعات کے مطابق خصوصی کاروبار کے طور پر لین دین کرنے والے کسی بھی کاروبار کے لیے پوشل بیك کے ذریعے ای دوئنگ یا دوئنگ کے اختیارات فراہم کرے گی۔ حصص یافتگان کو پوشل بیك کے ذریعے یاای دوئنگ کے ذریعے اپنے حق رائے دہی کااستعال کرنے کی اجازت ہوگی، جس طرح اور مذکورہ بالا قواعد و ضوابط میں موجود شرائط کے تابع ہوں۔

ای-وو ٹنگ کا طریقنہ کار

ا)ای وونٹک کی سہولت کی تفصیل کمپنی کے ان ارا کین کے ساتھ ای میل کے ذریعے شیئر کی جائے گی جن کے پاس اپنے درست سی این آئی سی نمبر ، سیل نمبر اور ای میل ایڈرلیس کمپنی کے ارا کین کے رجٹر میں 17اپریل 2024 کے کارو بار کے اختتام تک دستیاب ہوں۔

ب) ویب ایڈرلیں ، لاگ ان کی تفصیلات ، ای میل کے ذریعے ارا کین کو بتائی جائیں گی۔ ٹیا چُ کے ایسو سی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کے ویب پورٹل سے ایس ایم ایس کے ذریعے اراکین کو سیکیورٹی کوڈ ہے آگاہ کہا جائے گا۔ (being the e-voting service providers) .

ے) ای ووٹنگ کے ذریعے ووٹ ڈالنے کاارادہ رکھنے والے اراکین کی شاخت کی تصدیق الیکٹر انک دستخطیالاگ ان کے لیے تصدیق کے ذریعے کی جائے گی۔
د) ای ووٹنگ لا ئنیں 22 اپریل 2024، 00: a.mo9: 00، 2024، ہے شروع ہوں گی اور 24 اپریل 2024 کو p.m5: 000 پر بند ہوں گی۔ ممبران اس مدت کے دوران کسی بھی وقت اپناووٹ ڈال سکتے ہیں۔ ایک بار جب کسی قرار داد پر اراکین کی طرف سے ووٹ ڈالا جاتا ہے، تواسے بعد میں اسے تبدیل کرنے کی احزات نہیں ہوگی۔

بوسل بیان کے ذریعے ووٹنگ کاطریقہ کار

(1) ان اراکین کے لیے جو پوسٹ کے ذریعے ووٹنگ کاانتخاب کرنا چاہتے ہیں ، ہیلٹ پیپر شائع کیا جارہا ہے اوریہ کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی دستیاب ہے:

_https://www.agico.com.pk/notices.php

(ب) ممبران اس بات کو یقینی بنائیں گے کہ باضابطہ طور پر بھراہوااور دستخط شدہ بیلٹ پیپر ، کا این آئی کی/این آئی کیااوپی یا پاسپورٹ کی کابی کے ساتھ (غیر ملکی شہری کی صورت میں) کمپنی کے رجٹر پر پوسٹ کے ذریعے اجلاس کے چیئر مین تک پنچنا چاہئے۔ تیسری منزل ،اے ڈبلیوٹی پلازہ ،مال ، راول پنڈی یاای میل پر cs@agico.com.pk سالانہ جزل میٹنگ ہے ایک دن پیلے ، کام کے او قات کے دوران۔

5. <u>دُنِويدُندُ كَارِ قَمِي ود جولدُنكَ نَيْس كَى سُوْتَى</u>

ائكم نيكس آر دُيننس، 2001 كے كئن 150 كے تحت دُيويدُند كي آمدني پرود مولدُنك نيكس كي كوتي اس طرح كي جائ گي:

اکم ٹیکس گوشواروں کے فائلرز کے لیے %

ائکم ٹیکس گو شواروں کے نان فائلرز کے لیے 💮 🛪 30%

۔ کی معاملی کے بعائے 15 فیصد کیش ڈیویڈنڈ کی رقم پر ٹیکس سٹوتی کرنے کے قابل بنانے کے لیے، تمام شیئر ہولڈرز بشمول مشتر کہ شیئر ہولڈرز، جن کے نام FBR کی ویب سائٹ پر موجود ایکٹو ٹیکس پیئرز لسٹ (ATL) میں درج نہیں ہیں، اس حقیقت کے باوجود کہ وہ، یاان کے جوائٹ ہولڈرز، فائلرز ہیں، کو مشورہ دیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ اس بات کو تینی بنائمیں کہ ان کے نام 17 اپریل 2024 کوکاروبار کے اختیام تکٹ اے ٹی ایل میں داخل ہوں۔

6. فیکس سے استثنی اور زکوة کی کوتی:

شیئر ہولڈرز، جو ٹیکس اور ایاز کوۃ (جہاں قابل اطلاق ہو) ہے استٹنی کا دعویٰ کرنے کاارادہ رکھتے ہیں، انہیں مشورہ دیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ 17 اپریل 2024 سے پہلے اپنے متعلقہ برو کرا کمپنی کے حصص کے رجٹرار کو ٹیکس ہے استثنٰ کے درست سرٹیفلیٹ اورز کوۃ ڈیکلریشن فراہم کر دیں۔

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اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ عسکری حبزل انشورنس لمیٹڈ (کمپنی) کے حصص یافتگان کی 29ویں سالانہ حبزل میٹنگ (AGM) مندرجہ ذیل کاروبار کے لین دین کے لیے جمعرات 25 اپریل 2024 کو صبح 30:30 بجے Blue Lagoon، راولپنڈی میں منعقد ہوگی۔:

عام امور:

- 1. 28 اپریل 2023 کو منعقدہ 28 ویں سالانہ جزل میٹنگ کے منٹس کی تصدیق کرنے کے لیے۔
- 2. 31 دسمبر 2023 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے کمپنی کے سالانہ، آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں (جامع اور غیر مربوط) کو حاصل کرنے، غور کرنے، منظور کرنے اور اپنانے کے لیے چیئر مین جائزہ، ڈائر یکٹرزاور آڈیٹرزکی رپورٹس کے ساتھ۔

پ ساکہ کمپنزایک 2017 کے سکتن 223(7) کے تحت مطلوب ہے، مالیاتی گو شوارے کمپنی کو کمپنی جیسا کہ کمپنزایک 2017 کے سکتن 223(7) کے تحت مطلوب ہے، مالیاتی گو شوارے کمپنی کو کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر اپ لوڈ کر دیا گیاہے جے درج ذیل لئک سے ڈاؤن لوڈ کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

https://www.agico.com.pk/reports.php

- 3. 31 د ممبر 2023 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 32.5 فیصد (3.25 روپ فی شیئر) کے حتی نقد ڈیویڈنڈ کی ادائیگی پر غور اور منظوری کے لیے، جیسا کہ کمپنی کے دائر کیٹرزنے تجویز کیا ہے۔

خصوصى كارومار

- . غور کرنے کے لیے ، اور اگر مناسب سمجھا جائے تو ، کیوآ رفعال کو ڈاور ویب لنک کے ذریعے سالانہ آ ڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس کی ترسیل کے لیے درج ذیل عام قرار داد منظور کریں :۔
 حل کیا گیا کہ "سالانہ بیلنس شیٹ ، منافع اور نقصان اکاؤنٹ ، آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ اور ڈائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ وغیرہ کی گردش۔ اے جی آ کی کی اوکا ("سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس")
 اپنے اراکین کو ان کے رجٹر ڈپنے پر ک ڈی اڈی وی ڈی ایوالیس بی کے بجائے کیوآ رفعال کو ڈاور ویب لنک کے ذریعے ۔ سیکیور ٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان کے ذریعہ
 حاری کردہ ایس آراد 23 88 20 2 (1) مور خد 21 مارچ 20 23 کو حاری کما جائے گااور اس کی منظوری دی جائے گی۔
- مزید حل کیا گیاکہ "سالانہ آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی بیانات کوارا کین کوای میل کے ذریعے بھی تقتیم کیا جائے ، اگر کمپنی کے اراکین کی طرف ہے ای میل فراہم کی گئی ہو ، تواراکین کی رضامندی حاصل کے بغیر ۔
- فور کرنا، اورا گرمناسب سمجھاجائے تو، کمیٹیوں اور بورڈ کے اجلاسوں میں حاضری کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرز کی فیس میں اضافے کے لیے درج ذیل خصوصی قرار داد منظور کرنا:
 حل کیا گیا کہ "صدر اور چیف ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر کے علاوہ ہر ڈائریکٹر کو بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹر زکے ہر اجلاس میں شرکت کے لیے 50,000 اور بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹر زکے ذریعے قائم کردہ دیگر تمام کمیٹی کے ہر اجلاس میں شرکت کے لیے 35,000 فیس ادا کرنے کاحق ہوگا"۔
 - 7. چیئر مین کی اجازت سے کسی دوسرے کاروبار کالین دین کرنا۔ بور ڈکے حکم سے



راولینڈی

4ايريل 2024

اہم نوٹ:

1. شيئر مولڈرز کی شرکت

کمپنی کی طرف سے AGM میں شیئر ہولڈرز کی آن لائن ویڈیو کا نفرنس، ذاتی طور پر شرکت یا مقررہ پر آسیز کے ذریعے شرکت کے لیے انتظامات کیے گئے ہیں۔ اس سہولت سے فائدہ اٹھانے کے لیے، شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ براہ کرم 17 اپریل 2024 کو کاروباری او قات ختم ہونے سے پہلے ہمارے کمپنی سیکریٹری آفس cs@agico.com.pkیدرج ذیل تفصیلات فراہم کریں۔

ای میل پیته	مو بائل نمبر	شناختی کار ڈنمبر	نام	فوليواسي ڈي سي اکاؤنٹ نمبر

Proxy Form

I/We		of	being
			ordinary shares, hereby
or failing him/her ———		of	
	eting of the company to b		and on my/our behalf at the oril, 2024 at 10:30 a.m. and at
Folio No.	CDC Ac	count No.	Signature
	Participant ID	Account No.	
			Rs. 50 Revenue Stamp
Signed this Witness:	day of	2024.	
Sign	nature		
	Name		
Ad	ddress		
CNIC No./Passp	ort No		

Notes:

- 1. Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company.
- 2. The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the Meeting.
- 3. No person shall act as proxy unless he/she is a member of the Company.
- 4. CDC Shareholders and their proxies are each requested to attach an attested Photocopy of their Computerized National Identity Card or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.

ارم) فا	لسح	ر پرا
			*

حبزل انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹڈ کے ممبر (ممب	ِان) ہوتے ہوئے، ِان) اوتے ہوئے،	عام شيئرزر ڪتے ہيں،او	*
	اب		———— کو نامزدیااسے —سے غیر نامزد کرتے ہیں
ہ ممبر بھی ہے، می <i>رے اہمارے</i> لیے وو و صبح 10:30 ببجے منعقد ہو گی۔اور اس			29 وين سالانه ميٽنگ مين جو جمعرات25 اپر
فوليونمبر	ى ۋى ى ا	ٹ نمبر	و سنخط
	شرکت کننده کی شناخت	اكاؤنٺ كانمبر .	
			روپے 50 ریو نیوسٹیمپ
			_
ر د نمبر ۱ پاسپور ٺ نمبر			
<u>.</u> ك:			
ہے: نینی کے ساتھ رجشر ڈنمونے کے دستخط			
ہے: نینی کے ساتھ رجشر ڈنمونے کے دستخط	ء گھنٹے پہلے کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈآ فس میں جمع کر	ضروری ہے۔	



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