

Half Yearly Report March 2024

20

A YEAR OF GROWTH & RESILIENCE

24

mehransugar.com



Company Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Mohammed Kasim Hasham

Mr. Iftikhar Soomro

Mr. Hasan Aziz Bilgrami

Mr. Mohammed Hussain Hasham

Mr. Khurram Kasim

Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Hasham

Mrs. Anushey A. Hasham

Management Team

Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Hasham

Mr. Muhammad Hanif Aziz

Mr. Syed Ehtesham-ud-din

Mr. Ubaid-ur-Rehman

Mr. Ali Hassan

Board Committees

Audit Committee

Mr. Hasan Aziz Bilgrami

Mr. Khurram Kasim Mrs. Anushey A. Hasham

Human Resource &

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Iftikhar Soomro

Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Hasham

Mr. Khurram Kasim

Chairman

Independent Director

Independent Director

Director

Director

Director/Chief Executive Officer

Director

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Resident Director

Resident Director

Senior GM Technical GM Finance &

Company Secretary

Chairman

Member

Member

Chairman

Member

Member





Executive Committee

Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Hasham Mr. Muhammad Hanif Aziz Mr. Syed Ehtesham-ud-din Mr. Ali Hassan Chairman

Auditors

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisor

Hafeez Pirzada Law Associates Advocate & Legal Consultants KMS Law Associates Advocates & Corporate Consultants

Share Registrar

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block B S.M.C.H.S, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500

Bankers

Bank Al Habib Limited.
Meezan Bank Limited.
MCB Bank Limited
Bank Islami Pakistan Limited.
Bank Alfalah Limited.
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited.
Bank of Punjab Limited.
Askari Bank Limited.

Registered Office

Executive Tower, Dolmen City, 14th Floor, Block-4, Marine Drive, Clifton, Karachi-75600 Tel: (92 21) 35297814-17 Fax: (92 21) 35297818, 35297827 msm@mehransugar.com www.mehransugar.com

Mills

Tando Adam Road, Distt. Tando Allahyar. Tel: (022) 3414501, 3414502, 3414503 Fax: (022) 3414504



DIRECTORS' REPORT

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present financial results for the half year ended March 31, 2024.

Operational Highlights	March 2024	March 2023
Crushing - M. Tons	902,931	804,872
Sucrose Recovery	10.79	10.66%
Sugar Production - M. Tons	97,384	85,796
Molasses production - M. Tons	39,993	37,867

Financial Highlights	March 2024	March 2023
	(Rupees in Thou	sand except EPS)
Turnover	3,915,478	3,571,490
Sales tax	418,354	400,413
Gross Profit	942,241	380,581
Finance cost	535,498	305,007
Profit before tax	782,083	766,973
Net Profit after tax	709,800	396,993
Earnings per share- Rupees	9.47	5.30

Following are the key highlights on the operational and financial results for the half year period ended March 31, 2024.

- During the crushing season 2023-24, our sugar production increased by 13.5%, contributing to Pakistan's overall sugar production surpassing the previous year's figures, with a total output of 6.762 million tons (MT) from sugarcane. Marginal improvement in sucrose recovery was observed, rising to 10.79% from 10.66% the previous year.
- Contrary to earlier expectations of a shorter cane crop and lower yield, competition
 among millers intensified, resulting in a substantial increase in sugarcane prices—
 up by 50% compared to last season. This surge includes a 40% increase in the
 officially notified sugarcane price. Given that the cost of sugarcane constitutes
 approximately 80% 85% of the total production cost of sugar, this significant price
 hike has markedly increased our overall production cost.
- Furthermore, the extended average holding period of finished goods, coupled with
 a higher policy rate of 22% since June 23, has led to an increase in our finance costs
 for the year. Consequently, we anticipate that financial charges will likely double
 compared to the previous year.
- The marginal increase in turnover from 3.5 billion to 3.9 billion is primarily due to
 the increased volume and price of byproducts, as well as the dispatches of carryover stock. However, it is noteworthy that for the half-year period ended March 31,
 2024, only 8.6% of the dispatches and sales have been recorded out of the overall
 production of 97.384 MT.
- Profit before tax increased by 80%. This was largely due to other income from equity market portfolio. Dividend income from equity investments during this period was Rs. 45 million. We foresee a similar dividend for the next half of the year.

- A significant difference in the comparative financial results is the substantial increase in the finance cost borne by the company. The finance cost rose from Rs. 305 million to Rs. 535 million, marking a 75% increase from the previous corresponding period. Given the current market conditions and the large inventory holdings, it is anticipated that the finance cost could double compared to last year.
- Unicol's share of profit for the half-year period was only Rs 0.471 million, compared to Rs 769 million in the same period last year. Both sugar and ethanol segments of Unicol are expected to face challenging conditions in the next half year.

SEASON 2023-2024

Season 2023-24 began with a 700,000 Tons carryover stock in the country. The minimum support price was increased to Rs.425 per 40 kgs from Rs.302 per 40 kgs showing an increase of 41%.

As an industry the price increase was welcomed to allow sugarcane to compete with other crop prices. However the price announced in Punjab and KP was Rs. 400 per 40 kgs which was 33% higher than last year. The difference of Rs.25 per 40 kgs in the same country puts the Sind industry at a natural disadvantage. Further, Punjab contributes 65% of overall production of Pakistan and out of which mainly lower to central Punjab contributes more than 50% so such price parity keeps Sindh at much tougher position comparatively.

Our cane survey suggested a 15-20 percent decline in the total area under cultivation in our planted region. This was primarily due to lower sugarcane plantation due to the devastating flood of 2022. However the farm yields have been good and much of this acreage decline has been compensated, in fact production figures of Sindh has increased much more as earlier anticipation as compared to Punjab. Overall sugar cane increase from 16.7 million MTs to 19.3 million MTs with an increase of 15.5% whereas recovery of Sindh remained more or less same around 10.4% thus overall Sindh production increased by same 15% from last year.

We have observed very good cane plantations in September/October 2023 and February 2024. As a result, a bumper crop and sugar production of around 8 million MTs are expected for the 2024-2025 season. To ensure smooth operations and procurements for the crushing season of 2024-2025, millers require support from federal government in the form of allowing the export of excess sugar. This would enable them to obtain margins from the international market, ensuring that all financial obligations, including principal and finance costs, are met on time. In addition much needed foreign exchange would also accumulate.

UNICOL LIMITED

The new segment of Unicol's Sugar division performed well, producing 60,481 M. Tons. However, the challenges of higher sugar prices, extended inventory holding periods, and increased kibor rates have led to a substantial rise in working capital requirements and costs. Consequently, the projected selling prices of the Sugar division appear insufficient to absorb the cost of production in the next half of the financial year ending September 30, 2024.

Similarly, the ethanol segment is also under pressure due to the higher cost of raw material molasses, lower selling prices of finished goods, and the strengthening of the PKR against the USD, which has significantly reduced margins. Furthermore, from a finance cost perspective, the advantage of availing reduced rate financing through the Export Refinance Facility (ERF) for exports has almost been eliminated.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

As we typically report at this time of the year, the major impact on profitability for the remaining two quarters will depend on the future pricing of sugar. Therefore, timely approval and allowance of sugar exports will help ease the current squeezed situation for the entire industry. We expect that GoP will allow first tranche of exports of sugar soon.

On an industry level we need to work extensively towards improving farm productivity and yields as availability of additional land for farming is limited and returns on competing crops are lucrative. Only improved farm yield along with intercropping will allow larger volume of sugarcane. This would improve farmer economics and allow mills to attain better capacity utilisation in years to come.

While cane development is of utmost importance to the industry. We also feel that the government intervention needs to be reduced. The linkage of sugarcane pricing with sugar prices is a matter, which has been lingering on for the last few years and is becoming a bottleneck in the development of this sector. Amicable conclusion of this matter will bring benefit to Government, growers, millers and consumer in the long run. We propose here too and continue to do so that a reputable local or international audit firm need to be hired who can create a framework for this development.

We hope timely decisions are taken during the remaining half of the year, which would be important for the entire sugar industry.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Khurram Kasim

Director

Ahmed Ebushia

Ahmed Ebrahim Hasham
Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: May 20, 2024

کی اقتصادیات میں بہتری آئے گی اور ملوں کو آنے والے سالوں میں بہتر پیداواری صلاحیت کے استعال کا موقع ملے گا۔

گئے کی پیداوار میں بہتری ،صنعت کے لیے انتہائی ابھیت کی حامل ہے۔ اس کے ساتھ ساتھ حکومتی مداخلت کو بھی کم کرنے کی ضرورت ہے۔ گئے کی قیمت کا چینی کی قیمتوں کے ساتھ جوڑنا ایک ایسا معاملہ ہے، جو پچھلے کئی سالوں سے التوا کا شکار ہے اور اس شعبے کی ترقی میں رکاوٹ بنتا جا رہا ہے۔ اس معاملے کے خوش اسلوبی سے انجام پانے سے حکومت، کاشتکاروں، ملرز اور صارفین کو طویل مدتی فائدہ پنچے گا۔ ہم یمال یہ بھی تجویز کرتے ہیں کہ ایک معروف مقامی یا بین الاقوامی آڈٹ فرم کی خدمات حاصل کی جائیں جو اس کے لیے ایک قابل عمل فریم ورک بنا سکے۔

ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ سال کے بقیہ نصف میں بروقت فیطے کیے جائیں گے، جو پوری شوگر انڈسٹری کے لیے اہم ہوں گے۔ لیے اہم ہوں گے۔

> از طرف بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر ز

احمد ابراہیم باشم چیف ایگریکٹیو آفیسر خرم قاسم فرم قاسم ڈائریکٹر

كراچى -20 مئى 2024

سیزن کے لئے گئے گئے سروے کے مطابق گنے کی کاشت میں پچھلے سیزن کے مقابلے میں 15 سے 20 فیصد کی ریکارڈ کی گئی جس کی بنیادی وجہ 2022 کا تباہ کن سلاب تھا تاہم بہتر فی ایکڑ پیداوار نے اس کمی کو بہت حد تک پورا کردیا۔ در حقیقت سندھ کے پیداواری اعداد و شار پنجاب کے مقابلے میں توقعات سے کہیں زیادہ بہتری واقع ہوئی ، گئے کی مجموعی پیداوار 15.5 فیصد اضافے کے ساتھ 16.7 ملین میٹرک ٹن ہوگئ جبکہ سندھ کی ریکوری 10.4 کے لگ بھگ رہی اس طرح سندھ کی مجموعی پیداوار میں گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 15 فیصد کا اضافہ ہوا۔

ستبر/اکتوبر 2023 اور فروری 2024 میں گئے کی کاشت میں اچھے اضافے کا مشاہدہ کیا گیا ہے۔ تنجیتاً، 2024-2025 کے سیزن میں بمپر فصل اور تقریباً 8 ملین میٹرک ٹن چینی کی پیداوار متوقع ہے۔ 2025-2024 کے کرشنگ سیزن کے لیے ہموار آپریشنز اور گئے کی خریداری کو بھینی بنانے کے لیے ملوں کو، وفاقی حکومت کی جانب سے اضافی چینی کی برآمد کی اجازت دینے کی فوری ضرورت ہے۔ اس ملوں کو، وفاقی حکومت کی جانب لے جا سے ملیں بین الاقوامی مارکیٹ سے مارجن حاصل کرکے صنعت کو منافع بخش صورتحال کی جانب لے جا سکتی ہیں ، اور اس بات کو بھی یقینی بنا تکتی ہیں کہ تمام مالی ذمہ داریاں، بشمول تمام مالیاتی اخراجات اپنے وقت پر پورے ہوں اس کے علاوہ ملک کے لئے قدیمتی زرمبادلہ بھی حاصل کر سکیں۔

يونی کول

یونیکول کے شوگر ڈویژن نے اچھی کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کرتے ہوئے 60,481 میٹرک ٹن چینی کی پیداوار حاصل کی۔ تاہم، چینی کی بلند قیمتوں، مال رکھنے کی مدت میں توسیع، اور زائد شرح سود کے چیاننجوں نے ور کنگ کیپیٹل کی ضروریات اور اخراجات میں خاطر خواہ اضافہ کیا ہے۔ نتیجتاً، شوگر ڈویژن کی متوقع فروخت کی قیمتیں 30 سمبر 2024 کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کی اگلی ششاہی میں پیداواری لاگت کو جذب کرنے کے لیے ناکافی دکھائی دیتی ہیں۔

مستقبل کا منظر نامه

جیسا کہ ہم عام طور پر سال کے اس وقت رپورٹ کرتے ہیں، باقی دو سہ ماہیوں کے منافع کا انھمار چینی کی قبیتوں پر ہوگا۔ اس لیے چینی کی برآمدات کی بروقت منظوری ، پوری صنعت کے لیے موجودہ شدید مالی دباو والی صورتحال کو کم کرنے میں مدد دے گا۔ ہم توقع کرتے ہیں کہ حکومت پاکستان جلد ہی چینی برآمد کرنے کی پہلی قبط کی اجازت دے گی۔

صنعت کی سطح پر ہمیں فارم کی پیداواری صلاحیت اور پیداوار کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے بڑے پیانے پر کام کرنے کی ضرورت ہے کیونکہ کاشتکاری کے لیے اضافی زمین کی وستیابی محدود ہے اور مسابقتی فصلوں پر منافع بخش فصل میں منافع نیادہ ہے۔ گئے کے ساتھ دوسری فصلوں کی مخلوط کاشت کاری گئے کو ایک منافع بخش فصل میں تبدیل کرسکتی ہے صرف فارم کی بہتر پیداوار ہی گئے کی زیادہ مقدار کی اجازت دے گی۔ اس سے کسانوں متدیل کرسکتی ہے صرف فارم کی بہتر پیداوار ہی گئے کی زیادہ مقدار کی اجازت دے گی۔ اس سے کسانوں

- چینی کی فروخت میں کمی کے باعث قرضہ جات (ور کنگ کیپیٹل) کے دورانیہ میں اضافہ ہوا جس کے باعث چینی کی لاگت میں مالیاتی اخراجات (جس کی شرح جون 2023 سے 22% ہے) میں اضافہ ہوا خدشہ ہے کہ ہمارے مالیاتی اخراجات، پچھلے سال کی نسبت دگنا ہوجائیں گے۔
- مجموعی فروخت میں 3.5 بلین سے 3.9 بلین تک کا اضافہ، بنیادی طور پر ضمنی مصنوعات کے جم اور قبیتوں میں اضافہ کی وجہ سے اور پچھلے سال کے اضافی ذخائر کی فروخت سے ہوا۔ ہماری چینی کی مجموعی پیداوار 97,384میٹرک ٹن میں سے 31 مارچ 2024 کو ختم ہونے والی شاہی تک صرف 8.6 فیصد کی ترسیل اور فروخت ہوئی ۔
- قبل از ٹیکس منافع میں 80 فیصد اضافہ ہوا جس کی بڑی وجہ اسٹاک مارکیٹ میں کی جانے والی سرمایہ کاری سے قابل تقسیم منافع کی مد میں سرمایہ کاری سے قابل تقسیم منافع کی مد میں 45 ملین روپے حاصل ہوئے رجبکہ ہم اگلی سہ ماہی کے لئے بھی کم و بیش اسی طرح کے منافع کی توقع رکھتے ہیں۔
- مالیاتی نتائج کے تقابلی جائزے کے مطابق مالیاتی اخراجات 305 ملین روپے سے بڑھ کر 535 ملین روپے ہو جائزے کے مطابق مالیاتی متن 75 فیصد زائد ہے۔ مارکیٹ کے موجودہ حالات اور بھاری ذخائر کوطویل المدت رکھنے کے لئے ہونے والے اخراجات کو دیکھتے ہوئے اندازہ ہے کہ یہ لاگٹ گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں دوگنا ہوسکتی ہے۔
- اس مدت کے دوران یونیکول سے صرف 0.471 ملین روپے منافع ہوا جبکہ پچھلے سال کی اسی مدت کے دوران 769 ملین روپے منافع ہوا تھا ، یونیکول کے لئے چینی اور ایتھنول دونوں حصول کو اگلے نصف سال میں مشکل حالات کا سامنا ہوسکتا ہے۔

שילט 2023-2024

سیزن 2024-2024 کا آغاز پچیلے سال کے 700,000 ٹن چینی کے بھاری ذخائر کے ساتھ ہوا۔ حکومت کی جانب سے گئے کی کم ازکم امدادی قیمت 302 روپے فی 40 کلو گرام سے بڑھا کر 425 روپے فی 40 کلو گرام کردی گئی یہ بھاری اضافہ گذشتہ سیزن کی نسبت 41 فیصد زیادہ تھا۔

اس بھاری اضافے کا بھی ہم نے بطور صنعت خوشدلی سے خیر مقدم کیا تاکہ گئے کی فصل دوسری فصلوں کے مقابلے میں کاشتکار کے لئے پر کشش رہے تاہم پنجاب اور کے پی کے حکومتوں نے گئے کی کم از کم ادرادی قیمت 400 روپے فی 40 کلو گرام کردی جو کہ پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں 33 فیصد زائد تھی ایک ہی ملک میں 25 روپے فی 40 کلو گرام کے نمایاں فرق کی وجہ سے سندھ کی ملوں کی لاگت مقابلتاً زیادہ ہوگئ پنجاب کی پیداوار پاکستان کی مجموعی پیداوار کا 65 فیصد ہے اور اس میں مرکزی پنجاب کی حصہ 50 فیصد سے بھی زیادہ ہے ، اس لئے سندھ کی صنعت کو پنجاب کے مقابلے میں گئے کی قیمت پر فروخت کو مشکل ترین بنا دیا ہے۔ قیمیتوں کے واضع فرق نے ، مارکیٹ میں چینی کی برابر کی قیمت پر فروخت کو مشکل ترین بنا دیا ہے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر کی ٹرز کی جانب سے 31 مارچ 2024 کو ختم ہونے والی ششاہی کے مالی نتائج آپ کی خدمت میں پیش ہیں۔

ارچ 2023	ىلىق 2024	آپریشل جائزه
804,872	902,931	کرشنگ (میٹرک ٹن)
10.66%	10.79	سکروز کی ریکوری
85,796	97,384	چینی کی پیداوار (میٹرک ٹن)
37,867	39,993	مولیسس کی پیداوار (میٹرک ٹن)

ىلىچ 2023	ىارچ 2024		مالياتی جائزه
3,571,490	3,915,478	روپے ہزاروں میں	مجموعى فروخت
400,413	418,354	روپے ہزاروں میں	سار. شیکس
380,581	942,241	روپے ہزاروں میں	بنیادی منافع
305,007	535,498	روپے ہزاروں میں	مالياتى اخراجات
766,973	782,083	روپے ہزاروں میں	قبل از طیکس منافع
396,993	709,800	روپے ہزاروں میں	بعد از منیک منافع
5.30	9.47	ر و چ	فی خصص آمدنی

31 مارچ 2024 کو ختم ہونے والی ششاہی کے آپریشل /مالیاتی نتائج کے حوالے سے چیدہ چیدہ معلومات:

- سیزن 24-2023 کے دوران چینی کی پیداوار میں، گذشتہ سیزن کے مقابلے میں 13.5 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔ ملک میں چینی کی مجموعی پیداوار 6.672 ملین ٹن رہی جو کہ پیچھلے سال سے زیادہ ہے، سکروز ریکوری 10.79 فیصد رہی جو کہ گذشتہ سال 10.66 فیصد تھی۔
- ملک میں گئے کے کاشت شدہ رقبہ اور فی ایکڑ پیداوار میں کی کی توقع کے پیش نظر گئے کے حصول کے لئے ملوں کے مابین مسابقت کے نتیج میں گئے کی قیمتوں میں 50 فیصد تک اضافہ ہوگیا گئے کے نرخ میں اس اضافہ میں حکومت کی جانب اعلان کردہ 40 فیصد کا اضافہ بھی شامل ہے چونکہ گئے کی لاگت ،چینی کی کل پیداواری لاگت کا 80 سے 85 فیصد تک ہو تاہے، لہذا چینی کی مجموعی پیداواری لاگت میں اضافہ ہوا۔

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Members of Mehran Sugar Mills Limited

Report on review of unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying unconsolidated condensed interim statement of financial position of Mehran Sugar Mills Limited as at 31 March 2024 and the related unconsolidated condensed interim statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of changes in equity, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of cash flows and notes to the unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements for the six months period then ended (here-in-after referred to as the 'unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements'). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 'Review of Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity'. A review of unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

The engagement partner on the engagement resulting in this independent auditors' review report is Khurram Jameel.

Shartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: 23 May 2024

UDIN: RR202410093VJA4oLf06

AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

		31 March 2024 (Unaudited)	30 September 2023 (Audited)
ASSETS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Long-term investments Long-term deposits	4 5	2,374,534,049 172,425,305 1,779,168,787 3,436,400 4,329,564,541	2,397,952,211 65,718,360 1,803,697,500 3,436,400 4,270,804,471
CURRENT ASSETS Biological assets Stores and spare parts Stock-in-trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short-term prepayments Other receivables Short-term investments Taxation – net Cash and bank balances	6	13,860,000 152,936,634 9,718,984,758 123,290,450 84,603,727 50,888,811 54,820,349 1,454,449,786 59,384,460 111,211,386	12,848,750 151,581,936 592,614,705 288,597,782 129,276,926 77,961,056 63,496,884 913,979,145 55,532,497 46,795,976
TOTAL ASSETS		11,824,430,361 16,153,994,902	2,332,685,658 6,603,490,128
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorised capital Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital		<u>1,500,000,000</u> 749,276,090	1,500,000,000 749,276,090
Reserves		3,540,263,716 4,289,539,806	3,130,173,972 3,879,450,062
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term financing Lease Liabilities Market committee fee payable Deferred liabilities Deffered income-Government Grant Deferred taxation		339,970,801 109,946,738 44,393,615 2,851,429 86,610,453 630,790,626 1,214,563,662	391,504,062 48,601,679 46,835,731 3,280,132 98,724,221 678,769,650 1,267,715,475
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Contract liabilities Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings Provision for market committee fee Current portion of non-current liabilities Sales tax and fedral excise duty payable	8	555,994,307 60,027,320 27,457,127 447,246,269 9,288,567,034 32,470,011 198,375,113 39,754,253	557,146,014 408,681,857 23,378,823 27,520,528 14,213,010 23,440,691 142,709,752 259,233,916
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	9	10,649,891,434 -	1,456,324,591 -
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		16,153,994,902	6,603,490,128

The annexed notes from 1 to 15 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.



CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS - (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

		Half yea	r ended	Quarter Ended	
		31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Turnover - gross		3,915,477,923	3,571,489,923	1,968,936,577	1,249,587,113
Sales tax		(418,354,470)	(400,412,729)	(176,864,684)	(117,140,522)
Turnover - net		3,497,123,453	3,171,077,194	1,792,071,893	1,132,446,591
Cost of sales		(2,554,882,837)	(2,790,496,629)	(1,143,857,111)	(853,982,349)
Gross profit		942,240,616	380,580,565	648,214,782	278,464,242
Distribution costs		(60,689,440)	(39,466,783)	(33,479,311)	(23,647,702)
Administrative expenses		(170,501,188)	(127,637,785)	(97,828,461)	(72,477,113)
Other expenses		(6,895,772)	(45,758,466)	13,225,854	(12,609,006)
Other income	10	612,955,353	135,274,306	208,357,461	100,264,247
		374,868,954	(77,588,728)	90,275,544	(8,469,575)
Operating profit		1,317,109,570	302,991,837	738,490,326	269,994,667
Share of profit from associates – net		471,286	768,988,707	(10,300,637)	418,912,061
Finance costs		(535,498,187)	(305,007,210)	(451,922,792)	(238,989,094)
Profit before taxation		782,082,669	766,973,334	276,266,896	449,917,634
Taxation					
-Current		(120,261,512)	(70,816,443)	(88,567,178)	(43,123,306)
-Deferred		47,979,024	(299,164,198)	47,979,024	(299,164,198)
		(72,282,488)	(369,980,641)	(40,588,154)	(342,287,504)
Net profit for the period		709,800,181	396,992,693	235,678,742	107,630,130
Earnings per share-					
Basic and diluted (Rupees)		9.47	5.30	3.15	1.44

The annexed notes from 1 to 15 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Net profit for the period	709,800,181	396,992,693	235,678,742	107,630,130
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be re-classified to statement of profit or loss in subsequent periods				
Gain on disposal of investments at FVOCI (net of tax)	-	13,251,269	-	10,163,713
Unrealised loss on remeasurement of investments at FVOCI (net of tax)		13,251,269	-	(10,092,600)
Total comprehensive income for				

31 March

2024

Half year ended

31 March

709,800,181 410,243,962 **235,678,742**

2023

Quarter ended

31 March

2023

31 March

2024

The annexed notes from 1 to 15 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

OFFICER DIRECTO

the period

UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY - (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

		Reserves						
	Issued, subscribed and	Capital	Rev	enue	FV reserve of	Actuarial gain on		Total Equity
	paid-up capital	Share Premium	General Reserve	Unappropriated Profit	financial assets at FVOCI	defined benefit plan	Sub-Total	
				Rupee	9S			
Balance as at 01 October 2022 (Audited)	605,475,641	63,281,250	85,000,000	1,992,080,225	329,100	3,484,751	2,144,175,312	2,749,650,953
Bonus shares issued for the year ended September 30, '2022 in the ratio of 12.5 ordinary share for every 100								
shares held	75,684,450	÷	Ē	(75,684,450)	Ē	-	(75,684,450)	Ē
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive Income	-	-	-	396,992,693 - 396,992,693	13,251,269 13,251,269	-	396,992,693 13,251,269 410,243,962	396,992,693 13,251,269 410,243,962
for the period	-	-		330,332,033	13,231,203	-	410,243,302	410,243,302
Transfer of realised gain on disposal of investments at FVOCI	÷	÷	-	13,580,369	(13,580,369)	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023 (Un-audited)	681,160,090	63,281,250	85,000,000	2,326,968,842		3,484,751	2,478,734,839	3,159,894,919
Balance as at 01 October 2023 (Audited)	749,276,090	63,281,250	85,000,000	2,977,852,332	-	4,040,389	3,130,173,972	3,879,450,062
Final dividend for the year ended 30 September 2023 @ Rs.3 per share				(224,782,827)			(224,782,827)	(224,782,827)
Interim dividend for the year ending 30 September 2024 @ Rs.1 per share				(74,927,609)			(74,927,609)	(74,927,609)
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income				709,800,181	-		709,800,181	709,800,181
Total comprehensive income	•			709,800,181			709,800,181	709,800,181
Balance as at 31 March 2024 (Un-audited)	749,276,090	63,281,250	85,000,000	3,387,942,077		4,040,389	3,540,263,716	4,289,539,806

The annexed notes from 1 to 15 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Ahmed Education CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Profit before taxation		782,082,669	766,973,334
Adjustment for: Depreciation Ammortization of deferred income - government grant Share of profit from associates Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets and right-of-use assets Finance costs Provision for market committee fee Gain on disposal of non-current assets held for sale Realised gain on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain on remeasurement of investments at FVTPL		108,510,098 (12,448,606) (471,286) (3,000,000) 535,498,187 9,029,320 - (285,689,881) (257,376,072)	93,847,148 (11,423,222) (768,988,707) (2,292,835) 305,007,210 8,048,716 (92,056,444) 33,891,486
Working capital changes	11	94,051,759 (9,452,292,596) (8,576,158,168)	(433,966,649) (4,364,757,220) (4,031,750,534)
Gratuity paid Taxes paid Finance costs paid Market committee fee paid Net cash used in operating activities		(428,703) (124,113,474) (101,534,852) (4,009,153) (8,806,244,350)	(437,034) (70,379,562) (229,873,208) (4,009,153) (4,336,449,491)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets and right-of-use assets		(58,865,882)	(137,129,818)
Short term investments made Proceeds from disposal of short-term investments Proceeds from disposal of non-current assets held for sale Dividend received		(3,446,849,829) 3,449,445,141 - 24,999,999	(191,226,035) 379,153,064 138,405,484 174,999,990
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		(28,270,571)	367,942,685
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(44 440 544)	(140,004,024)
Long term financing - net Lease rentals paid Short term borrowings - net Dividend paid		(41,410,541) (38,381,019) 9,274,354,025 (295,632,132)	(149,694,834) (10,568,082) 4,113,092,820
Net cash generated from financing activities		8,898,930,333	3,952,829,904
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		64,415,410	(15,676,902)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		46,795,976	33,265,542
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		111,211,386	17,588,640

The annexed notes from 1 to 15 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.



CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- Mehran Sugar Mills Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on 22 December 1965 under the Companies Act, 1913 and then under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, which is now superseded by the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act). The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of sugar and its byproducts. The registered office of the Company is situated at 14th floor, Dolmen City Executive Tower, Marine Drive, Block 4, Clifton, Karachi. The mill of the Company is located at District Tando Allahyar, Sindh.
- 1.2 These are the separate financial statements of the Company in which investment in subsidiary is accounted for on the basis of cost less impairment losses, if any and investments in associates are accounted under equity method less impairment, if any.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 2.1 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:
 - International Accounting Standards 34; 'Interim Financial Reporting', (IAS 34) issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act),
 - Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Act; and
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS have been followed

- 2.2 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are unaudited and subject to limited scope review by the auditors of the Company (except for the figures for the quarters ended 31 March 2024 and 2023) as required under section 237 of the Act.
- 2.3 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2023.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES, ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The accounting policies, estimates and judgements followed for the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of the annual published financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 September 2023.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS - (UN-AUDITED)**

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

				31 March 2024 (Un-audited)	30 September 2023 (Audited)
4	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIP	PMENT	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Operating fixed assets Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)		4.1 4.2	2,149,459,578 225,074,471 2,374,534,049	2,209,371,259 188,580,952 2,397,952,211
4.1	Operating fixed assets				
	Book value at the beginning of the Additions during the period / yea Transfer from CWIP during the p	ar		2,209,371,259 22,372,362 - 2,231,743,621	2,213,684,001 25,560,872 140,131,774 2,379,376,647
	Disposal during the period / year Depreciation charged during the period / year			(82,284,043) (82,284,043) 2,149,459,578	(103,206) (169,902,182) (170,005,388) 2,209,371,259
		Opening balance	Additions during the period / year	Transfers to operating fixed assets	Closing balance
4.2	Capital work-in-progress		Rup	ees	
	Civil works Plant, machinery and equipment 31 March 2024	37,786,109 150,794,843 188,580,952	8,063,656 28,429,863 36,493,519		45,849,765 179,224,706 225,074,471
	30 September 2023	233,991,226	94,721,500	(140,131,774)	188,580,952
5	LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS		Note	31 March 2024 (Un-audited) Rupees	30 September 2023 (Audited) Rupees
	Subsidiary Associates		5.1 5.2	1,779,128,787 1,779,128,787	1,803,697,500 1,803,697,500
5.1	Subsidiary Mehran Energy Limited Provision for impairment			(42,596,739) 42,596,739	(42,596,739) 42,596,739

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

5.2	Associates		Unicol Limit	ted	UniEnergy Limited	Total
	31 March 2024 (Un-audited)				Rupees	
	Opening balance Share of profit from associates Dividends received				1,783,082,782 20,614,718 431,286 - (24,999,999) -	
	Closing balance				20,614,718	1,779,128,787
	30 September 2023 (Audited)		Unicol imiTed		UniEnergy Limited Rupees	Total
	Opening balance Share of profit from associates Dividends received Closing balance	91 (274	6,523,931 1,558,835 ,999,984) 3,082,782	_	20,382,214 232,504 - 20,614,718	1,166,906,145 911,791,339 (274,999,984) 1,803,697,500
6	STOCK-IN-TRADE				31 March 2024 Jn-audited) Rupees	30 September 2023 (Audited) Rupees
	Work-in-process Finished goods				7,115,958 711,868,800 718,984,758	4,822,450 587,792,255 592,614,705
7	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS					
	Amortised cost					
	Term deposit certificates Allowance for ECL				3,654,000 (3,654,000)	3,654,000 (3,654,000)
	Fair value through profit or loss					
	Equity securities Mutual funds				63,065,690 291,384,096 154,449,786	611,821,122 302,158,023 913,979,145

8 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

The aggregate facilities for short term borrowings from various banks amounted to Rs. 9,875 million (30 September 2023: Rs. 6,548 million). These carry mark-up ranging between 0.35% to 0.75% over one to six months KIBOR per annum. These are secured against pledge of stock-in-trade and plant and machinery of the Company.

9 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

9.1 Contingencies

There has been no change in the status of contingencies as disclosed in note 32 to the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 September 2023.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

31 March 2024 (Un-audited) Rupees 30 September 2023 (Audited) Rupees

9.2 Commitments

10

Capital commitments

6,462,900

Quarter ended

	,				
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
OTHER INCOME		Rupe	es		
Dividend income	44,886,967	21,585,032	26,182,488	5,300,000	
Amortization of defferred income					
- government grant	12,448,606	11,423,222	6,213,663	6,497,597	
Gain on disposal of non-current					
asset held for sale	-	92,056,444	-	92,056,444	
Realised gain on investments at FVTPL	285,689,881	4,860,606	122,325,290	4,860,606	
Unrealised gain on remeasurement					
of investments at FVTPL	257,376,072	-	45,505,967	-	
Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets	3,000,000	2,292,835	3,000,000	856,041	
Others	9,553,827	3,056,167	5,130,053	(9,306,441)	
	612,955,353	135,274,306	208,357,461	100,264,247	

Half year ended

31 March	31 March		
2024	2023		
(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)		
Rupees	Rupees		

11 WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES

Biological assets

Stores and spare parts	
Stock-in-trade	
Trade debts	
Loans and advances	
Trade deposits and short-term prepaymer	nts
Other receivables	

(Increase) / decrease in current assets

(1,011,250)	24,036,073
(1,354,698)	(40,832,071)
(9,126,370,053)	(4,429,967,958)
165,307,332	3,375,155
44,673,199	20,194,463
27,072,245	(2,320,240)
8,676,535	100,469
(8,883,006,690)	(4,425,414,109)

Decrease in current liabilities

(1,151,707)	91,234,759
(348,654,537)	136,919,555
(219,479,662)	
(569,285,906)	60,656,889
(9.452,292,596)	(4.364.757.220)

12 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise of subsidiary, associated entities, entities with common directorship, directors, key management personnel and employees retirement benefits funds. Material transactions with related parties during the period and balances at the end of the period, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, are as follows:

			Half year endsed	
	Nature of	Nature of	31 March	31 March
	Relationship	Transaction	2024	2023
			Rupee	S
	Associates	Sales	1,460,027,457	878,119,066
•		Donations	5,882,000	1,912,763
	Key management personnel	Salaries & allowances	72,936,778	39,846,000
	Retirement benefit funds	Bonus	3,033,890	2,823,200
		Provident fund	3,845,281	2,865,351
		contribution		
			31 March	31 March
			2024	2023
			(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)
12.1	Balances with related parties	s	Rupees	Rupees
	, and a second particle			
	Contract liabilities		6,746,951	4,999,409

13 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures which are required in the annual financial statements of the Company and should be read in conjunction with the Companys annual financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2023. There have been no changes in any risk management policies since the year-end.

14 OPERATING SEGMENTS

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

Total sales of the Company relating to customers in Pakistan were 100% during the current period (31 March 2023: 100%).

All non-current assets of the Company at the end of the current and preceding period are located in Pakistan.

Sales to 10 major customers of the Company are around 72% of the Company's total sales during the current period (31 March 2023: 74%).

The Company's production process is seasonal in nature because of the cultivation and reaping of sugarcane due to which production is carried out in the first half of the financial year.

15 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements were authorised for issue on 20 May 2024 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Ahma Ebahir CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



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