LAKSON INCOME FUND Annual Report 2024







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To be a top quartile provider of investment solutions to both individuals and institutions. Through the success of our clients and employees we seek to build sustainable and long-term shareholder value, and to be an employer of choice in the asset management industry.

____ Mission ____

To deliver superior performance as measured by market share parameters, high-quality service and a portfolio of innovative yet tailored products across a range of investment disciplines and distribution channels.

To provide a fulfilling, stimulating and supportive environment for our employees that fosters their personal growth and facilitates our productivity as a team.



LAKSON INCOME FUND

Fund's Information

Management Company Lakson Investments Limited

Head Office

Lakson Square, Building No.2, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi-74200, Pakistan. Phone: (9221) 3840.0000 Fax: (9221) 3568.1653 Web site: www.li.com.pk E-mail: info@li.com.pk

Board of Directors of

the Management Company Mr. Igbal Ali Lakhani - Chairman

Mr. Babar Ali Lakhani - Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Jamil Ahmed Mughal Mr. Amin Mohammed Lakhani

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Junaid Arshad

Company Secretary

of the Management Company Ms. Nobia Shams

Audit Committee Mr. Amin Mohammed Lakhani

Mr. Iqbal Ali Lakhani Mr. Jamil Ahmed Mughal

Human Resource and

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Babar Ali Lakhani

Trustee Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S,

Mr. Igbal Ali Lakhani - Chairman

Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan.

Auditors Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

Cavish Court, A-35 Shahrah-e-Faisal, K.C.H.S.U Block 7 & 8 Bangalore Town,

Karachi, Pakistan.



LAKSON INCOME FUND

Bankers to the Fund AlBaraka Bank Pakistan Limited

Allied Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited

Finca Microfinance Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

JS Bank Limited

Mobilink Microfinance Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited

Silk Bank Limited Sindh Bank Limited

Telenor Microfinance Bank Limited U Microfinance Bank Limited

United Bank Limited

Legal Adviser Fazleghani Advocates

F-72/I, Block 8, KDA-5, Kehkashan, Clifton, Karachi, Pakistan.

Registrar Lakson Investments Limited

Lakson Square Building No.2, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi-74200, Pakistan

Distributor Adam Securities

Amir Noorani

BMA Capital Management Limited

Elixir Securities Pvt Limited Ismail Iqbal Securities Metro Capital Pvt Limited Pearl Securities Pvt Limited Pyramid Financial Consultants

Rabia Fida

Topline Securities Pvt Limited Vector Capital Pvt Limited

Rating A+(f) Fund Stability Rating by PACRA

AM2+: Asset Manager Rating by PACRA



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The Board of Directors of Lakson Investments Limited, the Management Company of the Lakson Income Fund ('LIF' or 'Fund') is pleased to submit its report together with Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Fund Objective

The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide competitive total returns through investment in a diversified portfolio of fixed income securities. The Scheme shall invest in various fixed income securities with a mix of short term, medium term, and longer-term maturities depending on the assessment by the Management Company of interest rate trends and prospective returns.

Principal activities

The Fund is an open-end income fund and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. LIF invests in Investment-grade Debt Securities, Government Securities, Certificate of Investments, Clean Placements, Term Deposit Receipts, and other fixed income instruments. The overall duration of the portfolio is kept below 4 years while at least 25% of Net Assets are kept in the form of cash or Treasury Bills of maximum 90 days maturity. LIF is managed through a team-driven, top-down process utilizing active sector rotation, duration and yield curve management. Economic conditions are constantly monitored to forecast interest rate changes. The added value for LIF comes from identifying opportunities to shift investments between various maturities and between different instruments. LIF is allowed to borrow up to 15% of Net Assets to meet redemptions however LIF did not utilize this facility during the period under review.

Fund Performance

The LIF yielded an annualized return of 15.95% in the FY24 against the benchmark return of 21.91% p.a. The LIF underperformed by -5.96%. As of June 30, 2024, the LIF portfolio was invested 11.8% in cash, 1.7% in TFCs/Sukuks, 2% in Commercial Papers, 67.4% in T-bills, 11.7 in PIBs and 5.4% in others while the weighted average maturity of the LIF portfolio stood at 403 days. The fund size of the LIF as of June 30, 2024 is PKR 7,786 million.

Earnings Per Unit (EPU)

EPU is not being disclosed as we feel determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable for open end funds.

Income Distribution

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority from Board of Directors of the Management Company declared the interim payout of PKR 16.2433 per unit (16.2433% of face value of PKR 100/-) amounting to PKR 264.8157 million in cash during the year ended June 30, 2024.

Principal Risk and Uncertainties

The economic instability, rising current account deficit, declining FX reserves, higher than expected inflation, PKR devaluation, lower than expected financial aid by both unilateral/bilateral donor agencies, further monetary tightening and worsening of external relations remains a risk for all business sectors in Pakistan.

Asset Manager and Fund Rating

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited ('PACRA') has maintained the asset manager rating of the Management Company and the Fund Stability Rating of LIF at "AM2+" at "A+(f)" respectively.

Additional Matters:

- 1. The detail of Directors of the Management Company is disclosed in this Annual Report.
- The financial statements prepared by the Management Company present fairly the state of affairs of the Fund, the results of its operations, cash flows and movement in unit holders' fund.
- 3. Proper books of accounts of the Fund have been maintained.



- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- 5. Relevant International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 ('NBFC Regulations), directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan and requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund have been followed in the preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- 6. The system of internal control is adequate and sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- 7. There are no significant doubts upon the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.
- 8. Key financial data has been summarized in this Annual Report.
- Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges have been fully disclosed in these financial statements.
- 10. The statement as to the value of investments of provident fund is not applicable in the case of the Fund as such expenses are borne by the Management Company.
- 11. The pattern of unit holding as at June 30, 2024 is given in this Annual Report.
- 12. A performance table / key financial data is annexed to this annual report.

External Auditor

The existing auditors M/s. Yousuf Adil., Chartered Accountants being eligible, have given their consent for reappointment as auditors for the year ending June 30, 2025. The Board of Directors, on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, has reappointed M/s. M/s. Yousuf Adil., Chartered Accountants for the year ending June 30, 2025.

Economy Review:

Economic challenges faced by Pakistan met with a breather at the start of FY24 as Pakistan signed IMF's 9-month Stand-By Arrangement (SBA) worth US\$3 billion.

We saw continuation of positive outcomes from fiscal and regulatory reforms initiated under guidelines given by the IMF.

Concerted efforts to narrow the current account deficit yielded success. Growth in exports, remittances, outpacing import demand, narrowed the current account balance to a deficit of cumulative US\$626 million in FY24 compared to US\$2,077 million in FY23.

This balanced approach further added on to assistance from bilateral and multilateral lenders, raising State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) foreign exchange reserves by 2x YoY to a of US\$9.4 billion. Resultantly import cover also reached 2x in Jun-2024 compared to 1.3x a year ago.

An expected new program to be approved with IMF during FY25 will further strengthen reserves. The stable external account led to almost flat in Pakistani Rupee (PKR) against the US dollar during the second half of FY24, closing at PKR278/USD on Jun-2024 (+4% YoY).

With a stable currency and high base effect from the previous year, Pakistan continued its disinflationary phase that began in 3QFY24. Consumer Price Index (CPI) for FY24 averaged ~24%, compared to 29% in FY23.

Amid disinflation, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) initiated a monetary easing cycle for the first time in four years, trimming Policy Rate by 1.5% to 20.5% in June-2024. The secondary market continued to price in further anticipation of near-term rate cut, remaining below the revised benchmark rates.



LAKSON INCOME FUND

Towards the end of fiscal year, the government announced the Federal Budget for FY25, outlining higher tax measures that is targeted to improve FY25 fiscal deficit to 5.9% of GDP (lowest in seven years), while targeting primary balance of 1.2% of GDP for the year.

Fixed income markets review

The secondary market yields remained volatile throughout the year, contrary to market expectations, the central bank maintained its tight monetary policy stance throughout the year, keeping Policy rate unchanged at 22%, until June-2024 when the first rate cut of 150bp was announced.

To gain benefit from the changing yields, banks continued to utilize SBP window facility to place their excess liquidity. Participation and acceptance in T-Bill and Floater PIB auctions remained higher during the year where cut-off yields below the Policy Rate, maintaining an inverter yield curve.

Benchmark 6M Kibor were up 3% on average to 22% during FY24, however remains below the policy rate since Oct-2023.

Future Outlook

The SBP has finally began monetary easing cycle with first cut of 150bps in Policy rate announced in June-2024, followed by another 100bps cut in July-2024. Policy rate now stands at 19.5%. This easing stance followed a four-year period of tightening and stable rates cycle, and complemented the ongoing disinflation trend with CPI dropping to 11.8% in May 2024. Additionally, a close-to-break-even Balance of Payments, supported by elevated remittances, contributed to the stability of SBP's foreign exchange reserves.

We expect Pakistan to enter single-digit inflation figure from August-2024 onwards, due to favorable base effect from last year's elevated prices. This will create room for further rate cuts ahead. Anticipation of monetary easing was already reflected in secondary market yields trading below the benchmark rate since Oct-2023.

Moreover, announcement of ambitious revenue target in the FY25 Budget, helped the government to secure IMF's staff-level agreement on a 37-month, US\$7bn Extended Fund Facility Arrangement (EFF), which is subject to IMF's Executive Board approval. The key focus areas outlined by the fund include 1) fiscal consolidation with tall revenue targets (FY24 fiscal deficit already reported some improvement), 2) disinflation-supportive monetary policy stance, 3) energy sector reforms including no direct subsidy, 4) privatization of profitable State-Owned Enterprises (SOEs) and 4) taxation of agriculture sector from Jan-2025.

Going forward, investor sentiment is expected to receive a significant boost this month as the IMF program for Pakistan nears final approval at the Board level. Concurrently, ongoing negotiations with friendly countries including China, Saudia Arabia and UAE for debt restructuring and privatization program are seen as a crucial step towards the Fund program. These developments, coupled strong corporate earnings and progress over resolution of energy sector circular debt results, are poised to improve investor confidence and continue unlocking valuations from the prevailing ~4x P/E. Extended political noise is a key hinderance to the aforementioned triggers.

Acknowledgment

The Board is thankful to its valued investors, the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the State Bank of Pakistan, the Trustee of the Fund - Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited and the management of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors of the Management Company also acknowledge the efforts put in by the team of the Management Company for the growth and the prudent management of the Fund.

For and on behalf of the Board

Chief Executive Officer	Director

Dated: September 12, 2024 Karachi



لیکن آگم فنڈ 30 جون 2024 کوشتم ہونے والے سال کے لیے میٹجنٹ کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

لیکن اکم فنڈ ("LIF" یافٹر) کی مینجنٹ کمپنی لیکن انویسٹمٹس لینٹر کے بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز کے لیے 30 جون 2024 کونتم ہونے والے سال کے لیے اپنی رپورٹ مع آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوار ہے بیش کرنا ہاعث مسرت ہے۔

فثركامقصد

اس اسکیم کی انویسٹوٹ کا مقصد فلسڈ اکم سیکو رشیز کے متنوع پورٹ فولیو میں انویسٹوٹ کے ذریعے مسابقتی مجموعی منافع جات فراہم کرنا ہے۔ بیاسکیم مینجونٹ کمپنی کی طرف سے انٹرسٹ ریٹ ٹرینڈ زاور مکنہ منافع جات کے حوالے سے مینجنٹ کمپنی کی تشخیص کے کھا فاسے مختصر مدتی، وسط مدتی اور طویل مدتی میچور شیز کے احتراج کے ساتھ مختلف فلسڈ اکم سیکو رشیز میں سر ماہیکا ری کرے گی۔

فنذكا تعارف

LIF ایک او پن ایٹ انٹر انٹر فنٹر ہے، جو پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیچیج کمیٹرٹر میں اسٹر ہے اور انویسٹون کریٹرڈیٹر میں اور گیر فائسٹر کی میٹر وٹیٹر ، گور تمنٹ سیکیو رٹیز ، مرٹیفلیٹس آف انویسٹمٹس ، Clean Placements ، ٹرمڈ پازٹر ریسیٹس اور دیگر فلسٹر انکم انسٹر ومنٹس میں سرماییکاری کرتا ہے۔ پورٹ فولیوکا مجموق دورانیہ 4 سال سال کہ کہ ماجا تا ہے۔ 11 کا نقم کے کم رکھا جاتا ہے۔ 11 کا نقم ورت ٹیم کر کھا جاتا ہے۔ 11 کا نقم انویسٹر کھیے تا کہ دورانیہ 11 کی میٹر کھیے تا کہ دورائی میٹر کر کی میٹر کر کی بازی شور کے دورائی اور پیداوار میں آوار میٹی تاریخین رکھنے والی شیخمنٹ چلاتی ہے۔ 11 کی قدرو قیمت میں اصل والی شیخمنٹ چلاتی ہے۔ 11 کی قدرو قیمت میں اصل اضافہ شافہ کی گئی اور کی میٹر کر گئی کہ اور گئی کہ کہ کہ دورائی انداز کر گئی کہ کے لیے داخل کا سال گلرائی کی جاتی ہے۔ 11 کوریڈ میکسٹر کی کھیل کے لیے داخل والی انداز ورکھنگ انداز کے 15 کوریڈ میکسٹر کی کہ دوران استعمال نہیں گیا۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

LIF نے سالا نہ پیٹی ارک منافع 21.91% کے مقابلے میں مالی سال 2024 میں 15.95% سالا نہ منافع حاصل کیا۔ LIF نے 5.96% کم تر کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کیا۔ 30 جون 2024 کے مطابق ۱یا پورٹ فولیو کے 11.8% کی کیش میں ، 1.7% کی صکوک/TFC میں ، 2% کمرشل پیپرز میں ، 67.4% کی ٹی بلز میں ، 11.7% کی ٹی آئی بیز میں اور 5.4% کی دیگر میں سر ماریکاری کی ٹئی ، بیکیہ LIF پورٹ فولیو کی تخمیشہ شدہ اوسط میچورٹی 4033دن ہے۔ 30 جون 2024 کے مطابق LIF کا فنڈ قجم 7,786 ملین روپے ہے۔

نى شىئر آلدنى (EPU)

فی شیئرآ مدنی (EPU) ظاہر میں کی گئے کیوں کہ ہم محسوں کرتے ہیں کہ EPU شار کرنے کے لیے موزوں اوسط یونش کا تعین او پن اینڈ فنڈ زے لیے قابل



عمل فہیں ہے۔

آمدني كأتشيم

چیف ایگزیکو آفیسر نے منجمت کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے اختیار کے تحت 30 جون 2024 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے فی بوٹ چیف اورڈ آف ڈائریکٹر دولے اورڈ آف ڈائریکٹر دولے بختی 16.2433 ملین روپے بختی اور کیگل کا اعلان کیا ہے جس کی مالیت 264.8157 ملین روپے بختی ہے۔

اجم خطرات وخدشات

اقتصادی عدم استحکام، بوهتا ہوا کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ، زرمبادلہ کے کم ہوتے ذخائر ہو تع سے زیادہ افراط زر، روپے کی قدر میں کی، یک طرف اور دوطرف مرخ قرض فراہم کنندہ ایجنسیز کی طرف سے توقع ہے کم مالی المداد، مزید مالیاتی ختی اور پگڑتے ہوئے خارجہ تعلقات پاکستان میں تمام کاروباری شعبوں کے لیے خطرہ سے ہوئے ہیں۔

ايسيك منيجرا ينذ فنذر يثنك

پاکستان کریڈٹ ریٹنگ ایجنی لمیٹڈ (PACRA) نے مینجنٹ کمپنی کی ایسیٹ نیجرریٹنگ اور LIF کی فنڈ المپیلیٹی ریٹنگ بالتر تیب +AM2 اور "A+(f)" پر برقر اور کھی ہے۔

اضافى معاملات

1-منجنط مینی کے ڈائر میٹرز کی تفصیل اس سالا نید بورٹ میں ظاہر کی گئے ہے۔

2- مینجنٹ کمپنی کی طرف سے تیار کردہ مالیاتی گوشوار ہے فنڈ کے معاملات کی کیفیت ،اس کی کاروباری سرگرمیوں کے نتائج بیش فلوز اور یونٹ جولڈرز کے فنڈ میں نقل وحرکت کی منصفانہ عکا کی کرتے ہیں۔

3- فلا كا ونش ك كهات درست انداز مين ركع مح ين ي

4-مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں اکا وَمُنگ کی مناسب پالیسیوں کی مسلسل پیروی کی گئی ہے اور شاریاتی تخفینے مناسب اور معقول نظریات پرمنی ہیں۔ 5-ان مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مالیاتی رپورنگ کے بین الاقوامی معیاروں، جہاں تک وہ پاکستان میں قابل اطلاق ہیں، نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز (اشکیلشمنٹ اینڈ ریگولیشنز ، کاروکر 2008 ریکولیشنز)، کمپنیز (اشکیلشمنٹ اینڈ ریگولیشن آف پاکستان کے جاری کردہ ڈائز یکٹیوز اور فنڈ کی دستوری دستایز ات کے تقاضوں کی بیروی کی ٹئی ہے اور ان سے کسی بھی انحواف کی مناسب انداز میں نشان وہی کی گئی ہے۔

6-انٹرال کنٹرول کا نظام متحکم اور مؤثر طریقے ہے نافذ ہے اور اس کی مسلس گھرانی کی جاتی ہے۔ 7- فنڈ کی روال دوال رہنے کی صلاحیت کے بارے میں کوئی شکوک وشبہات نہیں ہیں۔ 8-اہم مالیاتی ڈیٹا کا خلاصہ اس سالاندر پورٹ میں شامل ہے۔



9- میسز، ڈیوٹیز بمصولات اور چار بڑ کی مدیس واجب الا داسر کاری ادائیگیاں مالیاتی گوشواروں میں پوری طرح ناامرکردی گئی ہیں۔ 10- پروویڈنٹ فنڈک سرمایدکاری کی مالیت سے متعلق گوشوارہ فنڈ پر قابل اطلاق نہیں ہے جیسا کہا سے اخراجات پنجسٹ کمپنی کی طرف سے برداشت کیے جاتے ہیں۔

> 11-30 جون 2023 کے مطابق یونٹ ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن اس سالا ندر پورٹ میں دیا گیا ہے۔ 12- کارکردگی کی جدول/ اہم مالیاتی ڈیٹا اس سالا ندر پورٹ کے ساتھ فسلک ہے۔

بيروني آۋيٹر

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرزیوسف عادل، چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس نے اہل ہونے کی بنیاد پر 30 جون 2025 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے اپنی رضامندی ظاہر کی ہے۔ آؤٹ کمیٹی کی سفارش پر بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز نے 30 جون 2025 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے میسرزیوسف عاول، چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس کی دوبارہ تقرری کردی ہے۔

معاشى جائزه

ملکور بیش معاثی چیلنجز کے حوالے ہے مالی سال 2024 کے آغاز میں اس وقت کچیراحت لمی ، جب پاکستان نے آئی ایم ایف کے 9 ماہ کے اشینڈ بائی معاہرے (SBA) یروسخط کے جس کی مالیت 3 ارب ڈالر ہے۔

ہم نے آئی ایم ایف کی جانب سے دی گئی ہدایات کے تحت شروع کی ٹی مالیاتی اورر یکولیٹری اصلاحات کے شبت متائج کا تشکسل دیکھا۔

کرنٹ اکا ؤنٹ خسارے کو کم کرنے کی ٹھوس کوششوں کے نتیجے میں کامیا فی لی۔ برآ مدات اور ترسیلات زرمیں اضافے نے درآ مدی طلب کو پیچھے چھوڑ ویا، جس کی وجہ سے کرنٹ اکا ؤنٹ بیلنس کا فرق کم ہوکر مالی سال 2024 میں مجموثی خسارہ 626 ملین ڈالر رہا، جو مالی سال 2023 میں 2,077 ملین ڈالر تھا

اس متوازن تھت عملی نے دوطر فیداور کیٹر کمجتی قرض دہندگان کی جانب ہے معاونت میں مزیداضا فدکیا، جس سے اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے زرمبادلہ فرخائز میں سال برسال 2 گنااضا فدہوااور پید 9.4 بلین امر کی ڈالرنگ بھٹے گئے۔اس کے نتیج میں جون 2024 میں امپورٹ کوربھی ایک سال قبل کے 1.3 گنا کے مقالم طبح میں 2 گنا تک پہنچ گیا۔

مال سال 2025 کے دوران آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ متوقع نئے پروگرام کی منظوری ہے زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر مزید متحکم ہوں گے۔متحکم ایکٹرل اکاؤنٹ کی وجہ ہے مالی سال 2024 کی دوسری ششماہی کے دوران امر کی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں پاکستانی روپے میں تقریباً استحکام رہا، جوجون 2024 میں 278 روپے کے فی امر کی ڈالر (شبت 4 فیصد ،سال بیسال) پر بند ہوا۔

متحکم کرنی اور ہائی ہیں اثر ات کے ساتھ، گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں پاکستان نے مالی سال 2024 کی تیسری سدماہی ہیں شروع ہونے والا افراط ذر میں کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا۔ مالی سال 2024 کے گئز پھر پرائس انڈیکس (سی ٹی آئی) اوسطا - 24 فیصد تصابہ کا فیصلہ کی کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا۔ مالی سال 2024 کے گئز پھر پرائس انڈیکس (سی کی کی انڈیل کے اور جون 2024 میں شرح سود کو 1.5 فیصد کم کے تنظیم نازر کے دوران ، مائیٹری پالیسی کمیٹل کی توقع پر ، ہانوی مارکیٹ میں قیمتوں میں اضافہ جاری رہا، چوفظر ہائی شدہ تی مارک شرحوں سے کم رہا۔

مالی سال کے اختتا میں بھورت نے مالی سال 2025 کے لئے وفاق بجب کا اعلان کیا ، جس میں اضافی فیکس اقد امات کی نشائد ہی گئی ہے، جن کا مقصد



مالى سال 2025 كى مالى خسار كوى فى دى فى كى 5.9 فيصد (سات سالوں ميں سب كم) تك لانا ہے، جبكة سال كے لئے جى ڈى بى كے 1.2 فيصد كے پرائمرى بيكنس كام ف مقرر كيا گيا ہے۔

فكسذائكم ماركيث كاجائزه

ٹانوی مارکیٹ کے منافع جات سال بجرا تارچ ُ ھاؤکا شکارر ہے، مارکیٹ کی تو قعات کے برنکس مرکزی بینک نے سال بجرا پی بخت مانیٹری پالیسی پوزیشن پرقرار رکھی اور شرح سودکوجون 2024 تک 22 فیصد پر پرقرار ارکھا، جب شرح سودیٹ 150 بیسس پوئٹٹس کی پہلی کو تی کا اعلان کیا گیا تھا۔ بد لتے ہوئے منافع جات سے فائد واٹھانے کے لیے بیکوں نے اپنی اضافی کیا ویڈ پٹی رکھنے کے لیے اسٹیٹ بینک کی ویڈو سہولت کا استعمال جاری رکھا۔ سال کے دوران ٹی بلز اورفلوٹر پی آئی بی نیلامیوں بیس شرکت اور قبولیت زیادہ رہی، جہاں کم سے کم منافع ، شرح سود سے کم رہا، جس سے انورٹر Vield سال کے دوران ٹی بلز اورفلوٹر پی آئی بی نیلامیوں بیس شرکت اور قبولیت زیادہ رہی، جہاں کم سے کم منافع ، شرح سود سے کم رہا، جس سے انورٹر vield

بین ارک 6M کائی بور (Kibor) مالی سال 2024 کے دوران اوسطاً 3 فیصد اضافے کے ساتھ 22 فیصد تک بین کی کیا تھا، تاہم اکتوبر 2023 کے بعد بھڑ سود سے کم ہے۔

مستفتل كامنظرنامه

اسٹیٹ بینک نے جون 2024 میں اعلان کردہ شرح سود میں 150 فی پی ایس کی پہلی کو تی کے ساتھ مالیاتی نری کا مگل شروع کر دیا ہے ،جس کے بعد جولائی 2024 میں مزید 100 فی پی ایس کی کئی۔شرح سوداب 19.5 فیصد ہے۔ نری کا بیا تداز چار سال کے وصے پرمجھا بخت گیری اور مشخکم شرح سودکا سلسلدد کیھنے کے بعد سامنے آیا اور مئی 2024 میں کی آئی کے 11.8 فیصد تک گرنے کے ساتھ ،اس نے جاری افراط زر کے رجمان کو کمسل کیا۔ مزید برآن ترسیات زرمیں اضافے کی مددے ایک تقریباً ہم سطح قواز ن ادائی (بیکنس آف چیمنٹس) نے اسٹیٹ بینک کے زرمبادلدذ خائر میں احتمام لانے میں اہم کردار اداکیا۔

ہم توقع کرتے ہیں کہ پاکستان میں اگست 2024 کے بعد ہے افراط زر کی شرح سنگل ڈسجٹ میں آجائے گی ،جس کی وجاگز شتہ سال کی بڑھی ہوئی قیمتوں کے سازگار میں اثر ات ہیں۔اس ہے آگے چل کر شرح سود میں مزید کو تی کی گلجائش پیدا ہوگی۔اکتوبر 2023 کے بعد ہے بیٹھ مارک شرح سے پیچٹر یڈ کرنے والی فانو کی مارکیٹ کے منافع ہے مالیاتی نری کی تو قعات پہلے ہی فیا ہر ہوچکی تھیں۔

مزید برآس، مالی سال 2025 کے بجٹ بین محصولات کے زائد ہدف کے اعلان سے حکومت کو آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ اسٹاف لیول پر 37 ماہ کے 7 ارب ڈالر مالیتی توسیعی فزنڈ بیلٹی از مجمول کے اسٹ کے معاہدہ کرنے میں مددلی ، جو آئی ایم ایف کے ایگر کیٹو پورڈ کی منظوری ہے مشروط ہے۔ فنڈ کی طرف سے بیان کردہ اہم توج طلب شعبول میں (1) محصولات کے بڑے اہداف کے ساتھ مالی اسٹوکام (مالی سال 2024 کے مالی خسارے میں پہلے ہی کچھ بہتری کی اطلاع دی گئی ہے)، (2) افراط زرکم کرنے میں معاونت کرنے والی مانیٹری پالیسی پہٹی موقف، (3) تو انائی کے شعبے میں اصلاحات بشمول براہ راست سیسڈی کی ممانعت، (4) سرکاری ملکیت والے ممانغ بخش اداروں کی مجکاری اور (5) جنوری 2025 سے زرع شعبے پڑیکس لگانا شامل ہیں۔

آ کے چل کرسر مابیکاروں کے جذبات کورواں ماہ نمایاں تقویت ملنے کی توقع ہے کیونکہ پاکستان کے لئے آئی ایم ایف پروگرام ، بورڈ کی سطح پرحتی منظوری کے قریب ہے۔ اس کے ساتھ ساتھ دوست ممالک بشمول چین سعودی عرب اور متحدہ عرب امارات کے ساتھ قرضوں کی ری اسٹر کچر نگ اور نجاری پروگرام کے لیے جاری مذاکرات کوفٹڈ پروگرام کی جانب ایک ایم قدم کے طور پر دیکھا جارہا ہے۔ بیٹوالل مشخکم کار پوریٹ آمدنی اور توانا کی شعبے کے گرد ڈی قرضوں



کے سنلے سے طل میں چیش رفت کے ساتھ مل کر سر ماید کاروں کے اعتاد کو پہتر بنانے اور موجود P/E ملک قدر وقیت میں تنبریلیاں لانا جاری رکھنے پر آماد و دکھائی دیتے ہیں سیاس وفوقل میں اضافہ فدکورہ محرکات کی راہ میں حاکل ایک اہم رکاوٹ ہے۔

اظهارتشكر

یہ بورڈاپنے قابل قدرانولیشرز، سکیورٹیز ایٹر ایٹر ایٹر ایٹر انسیان اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان، فنڈ کےٹرٹی مینفرل ڈپازیٹر اور ایٹر کستان کمیٹر اور پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیٹیٹر کمان کے مسلس تعاون اور تعایت پرشکر گزار ہے منجمٹ کمپنی کے ڈائر بیٹرزفنڈ کی ترتی اوردائش مندانہ انتظام وانھرام کے لیے منجمٹ کمپنی کی ٹیم کی محت اور کاوشوں کا بھی اعتراف کرتے ہیں۔

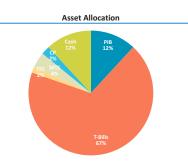
برائے ومنجانب بورڈ

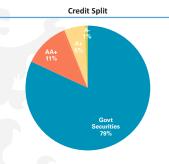
چيف ايگزيكو آفير تاريخ: 12 متبر 2024



REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Fun	d Facts
Fund Type	Open-End
Category	Income Fund
Net Assets (PKR Mil.)	7,786
NAV (30.06.2024)	101.9433
Pricing Mechanism	Forward Day
Trustee	CDC Pakistan Limited
Auditor	Yousuf Adil Saleem & Co.
Management Fee	Upto 1.5% (Current 1.08%)
Front End Load	1.50%
Back End Load	None
Launch Date	November 13, 2009
Benchmark	Average daily rate of 6M KIBOR
	(Ask)
Dealing Days	Mon - Fri
Cut-Off Time	04:00 PM (Mon-Fri)
Fund Rating	'A+ (f)' by PACRA (11.Mar.2024)
Asset Manager Rating	AM2+ by PACRA (25.Aug.2023)
Risk Profile	Medium Risk





Investment Committee

Simple Annualized	LIF	Benchmark
FY24 - YTD	15.95%	21.91%
June-24	22.08%	20.38%
2 Months	21.96%	20.94%
3 Months	21.97%	21.16%
6 Months	20.61%	21.24%
12 Months	15.95%	21.91%
CY24- YTD	20.61%	21.24%
3 Years	21.29%	23.23%
5 Years	17.67%	19.40%
Since Inception	21.87%	22.24%

Babar Ali Lakhani Kashif Mustafa Mustafa O. Pasha, CFA Hassan Bin Nasir Mirza Danial Baig

Chief Executive Officer Executive Direcotr & COO Chief Investment Officer

Fund Objective

The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide competitive total returns through investment in a diversified portfolio of fixed income securities. The Scheme shall invest in various fixed income securities with a mix of short term, medium term, and longer- term maturities depending on the assessment by the Management Company of interest rate trends and prospective returns.

Investment Strategy

The LIF focused on the constructing a liquid, diverse and high credit quality portfolio in accordance with its Investment Objective. Exposure of the LIF in T-Bills, TDRs, TFCs and other money market placements was managed based on the relative yield analysis of these instruments and the yield curve management. As of June 30, 2024, the LIF portfolio was invested 11.8% in cash, 1.7% in TFCs/Sukuks, 2% in Commercial Papers, 67.4% in T-bills, 11.7 in PIBs and 5.4% in others while the weighted average maturity of the LIF portfolio stood at 403 days.



Fund Profile

The Fund is an open-end income fund and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. LIF invests in Investment-grade Debt Securities, Government Securities, Certificate of Investments, Clean Placements, Term Deposit Receipts, and other fixed income instruments. The overall duration of the portfolio is kept below 4 years while at least 25% of Net Assets are kept in the form of cash or Treasury Bills of maximum 90 days maturity. LIF is managed through a team-driven, top-down process utilizing active sector rotation, duration, and yield curve management. Economic conditions are constantly monitored to forecast interest rate changes. The added value for LIF comes from identifying opportunities to shift investments between various maturities and between different instruments. LIF is allowed to borrow up to 15% of Net Assets to meet redemptions, however LIF did not utilize this facility during the period under review.

Economic Review

Economic challenges faced by Pakistan met with a breather at the start of FY24 as Pakistan signed IMF's 9-month Stand-By Arrangement (SBA) worth US\$3 billion.

We saw continuation of positive outcomes from fiscal and regulatory reforms initiated under guidelines given by the IMF.

Concerted efforts to narrow the current account deficit yielded success. Growth in exports, remittances, outpacing import demand, narrowed the current account balance to a deficit of cumulative US\$626 million in FY24 compared to US\$2,077 million in FY23.

This balanced approach further added on to assistance from bilateral and multilateral lenders, raising State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) foreign exchange reserves by 2x YoY to a of US\$9.4 billion. Resultantly import cover also reached 2x in Jun-2024 compared to 1.3x a year ago.

An expected new program to be approved with IMF during FY25 will further strengthen reserves. The stable external account led to almost flat in Pakistani Rupee (PKR) against the US dollar during the second half of FY24, closing at PKR278/USD on Jun-2024 (+4% YoY).

With a stable currency and high base effect from the previous year, Pakistan continued its disinflationary phase that began in 3QFY24. Consumer Price Index (CPI) for FY24 averaged ~24%, compared to 29% in FY23.

Amid disinflation, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) initiated a monetary easing cycle for the first time in four years, trimming Policy Rate by 1.5% to 20.5% in June-2024. The secondary market continued to price in further anticipation of near-term rate cut, remaining below the revised benchmark rates.

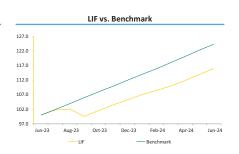
Towards the end of fiscal year, the government announced the Federal Budget for FY25, outlining higher tax measures that is targeted to improve FY25 fiscal deficit to 5.9% of GDP (lowest in seven years), while targeting primary balance of 1.2% of GDP for the year.

Fund Performance

The LIF yielded an annualized return of 15.95% in the FY24 against the benchmark return of 21.91% p.a. The LIF underperformed by -5.96%. As of June 30, 2024, the LIF portfolio was invested 11.8% in cash, 1.7% in TFCs/Sukuks, 2% in Commercial Papers, 67.4% in T-bills, 11.7 in PIBs and 5.4% in others while the weighted average maturity of the LIF portfolio stood at 403 days. The fund size of the LIF as of June 30, 2024 is PKR 7,786 million.



Performance Table	FY24	FY23
Net Assets - Beginning (PKR Mil.)	576	2,618
Net Assets - Ending (PKR Mil.)	7,786	576
Highest Offer Price (PKR)	119.8356	112.1301
Lowest Offer Price (PKR)	101.8528	102.9514
Highest Redemption Price (PKR)	117.8324	110.2557
Lowest Redemption Price (PKR)	100.1502	101.4299
Beginning NAV - Ex-Div. (PKR)	101.9766	101.3972
Interim Distributions (PKR)	16.2433	8.8585
Final Distribution (PKR)	-	-
Ending NAV - Ex-Div. (PKR)	101.9433	101.3972
Return	15.95%	15.95%
Net Income (PKR Mil.)	719.93	105.20
Distributions	FY24	FY23
	PKR	per Unit
Interim Distributions (PKR)	16.2433	8.8585
Final Distribution	-	-
NAV before Distribution	117.8324	101.3972
NAV after Distribution	101.5891	101.3972
Distribution Date	25-Jun-24	19-Jun-23
	•	



Fixed Income Market Review

The secondary market yields remained volatile throughout the year, contrary to market expectations, the central bank maintained its tight monetary policy stance throughout the year, keeping Policy rate unchanged at 22%, until June-2024 when the first rate cut of 150bp was announced.

To gain benefit from the changing yields, banks continued to utilize SBP window facility to place their excess liquidity. Participation and acceptance in T-Bill and Floater PIB auctions remained higher during the year where cut-off yields below the Policy Rate, maintaining an inverter yield curve.

Benchmark 6M Kibor were up 3% on average to 22% during FY24, however remains below the policy rate since Oct-2023.

Income Distribution

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority from Board of Directors of the Management Company declared the interim payout of PKR 16.2433 per unit (16.2433% of face value of PKR 100/-) amounting to PKR 264.8157 million in cash during the year ended June 30, 2024.

Future Outlook

The SBP has finally began monetary easing cycle with first cut of 150bps in Policy rate announced in June-2024, followed by another 100bps cut in July-2024. Policy rate now stands at 19.5%. This easing stance followed a four-year period of tightening and stable rates cycle, and complemented the ongoing disinflation trend with CPI dropping to 11.8% in May 2024. Additionally, a close-to-break-even Balance of Payments, supported by elevated remittances, contributed to the stability of SBP's foreign exchange

We expect Pakistan to enter single-digit inflation figure from August-2024 onwards, due to favorable base effect from last year's elevated prices. This will create room for further rate cuts ahead. Anticipation of monetary easing was already reflected in secondary market yields trading below the benchmark rate since Oct-2023.

Moreover, announcement of ambitious revenue target in the FY25 Budget, helped the government to secure IMF's staff-level agreement on a 37-month, US\$7bn Extended Fund Facility Arrangement (EFF), which is subject to IMF's Executive Board approval. The key focus areas outlined by the fund include 1) fiscal consolidation with tall revenue targets (FY24 fiscal deficit already reported some improvement), 2) disinflation-supportive monetary policy stance, 3) energy sector reforms including no direct subsidy, 4) privatization of profitable State-Owned Enterprises (SOEs) and 4) taxation of agriculture sector from Jan-2025.



Going forward, investor sentiment is expected to receive a significant boost this month as the IMF program for Pakistan nears final approval at the Board level. Concurrently, ongoing negotiations with friendly countries including China, Saudia Arabia and UAE for debt restructuring and privatization program are seen as a crucial step towards the Fund program. These developments, coupled strong corporate earnings and progress over resolution of energy sector circular debt results, are poised to improve investor confidence and continue unlocking valuations from the prevailing ~4x P/E. Extended political noise is a key hinderance to the aforementioned triggers.

Circumstances Materially Affecting Interests of Unit Holders

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited ('PACRA') has maintained the asset manager rating of the Management Company and the Fund Stability Rating of LIF at "AM2+" at "A+(f)" respectively.

Other Disclosures

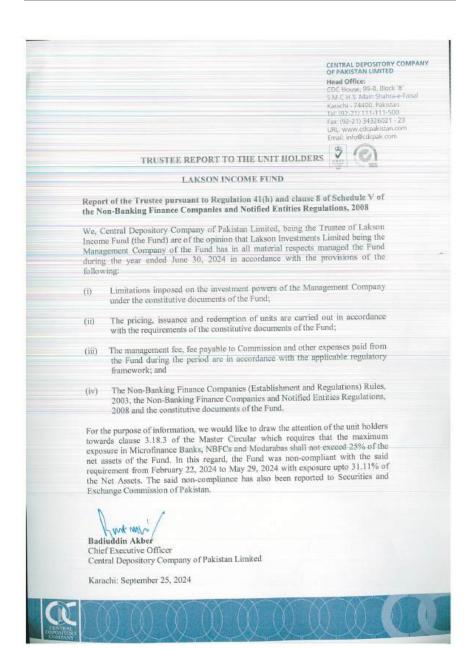
Lakson Investments Limited or any of its delegates did not receive any soft commission from its broker(s) or dealer(s).

There was no unit split undertaken during the year.

As of June 30, 2024, the LIF does not employ any leverage.

Breakdown of Unit Holding by Units Range	No. of Clients	Units Held
omes nunge	Not of elicites	omes ricia
Holding upto 100	23	410
101 - 500	2	295
501 - 1,000	5	3,470
1,001 - 5,000	6	12,823
5,001 - 10,000	5	35,230
10,001 - 50,000	6	153,874
50,001 - 100,000	5	316,043
100,001 - 500,000	16	3,312,555
500,001 - 1,000,000	3	2,429,268
1,000,001 - 5,000,000	15	39,188,523
5,000,001 - above	3	30,919,104
	89	76,371,595









Yousuf Adil

Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-75350 Pakuran

Tel: +92 (0) 21 3454 5494-7 Fax: +92 (0) 21-3454 1314

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Unit Holders of Lakson Income Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lakson Income Fund (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2024, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in unit holders' fund and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund and Management Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Pakistan, and we heve fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

S. No.	Key audit matter	How our audit addresses the key audit matter
1.	Existence and Valuation of investments The investments represent 87% of the total assets.	We performed a combination of audit procedures
	amounted to Rs. 6,859 million of the fund at the year end.	focusing on the existence and valuation of investments. Our key procedure included the following:
	In view of the significant amount of total investments in relation to determination of net asset value of the fund, we have considered these to be a key audit matter.	 We have reviewed the processes and key controls relating to existence and valuation and evaluated the design and implementation of such controls.
	Refer to notes 4.1 and 6 of the financials statements of the fund for the year ended 30 June 2024 in relation to the above referred investments.	We have evaluated the appropriateness of the classification of the investments in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 9.
		We checked existence of investments from the Investor Portfolio Services (IPS) account statement and custodian statements.



Independent Correspondent Firm to



YOUSUF ADIL

Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

S. No.	Key audit matter	How our audit addresses the key audit matter
		We have recalculated provision on non performing asset in accordance with the requirements of applicable regulations. We have re-performed valuation to assess tha investments are carried as per the valuation methodology specified in the accounting policy of the Fund.
		 We also evaluated the adequacy of the overal disclosures in the financial statements in respect of the investment portfolio in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations and applicable financial reporting standards.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management Company is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have not been provided with the other information yet and therefore, we have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management Company and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the Management Company determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management Company is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management Company either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



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YOUSUF ADIL

Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountant

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Arif Nazeer.

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Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: September 20, 2024 UDIN: AR2024100999v7G8dfUT

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Statement of Assets and Liabilities As at 30 June 2024

Assets	Note	June 30, 2024 (F	June 30, 2023 Rupees)
Bank balances	5	930,814,808	39,589,225
Investments	6	6,859,617,046	537,133,989
Profit / mark-up receivable	7	57,315,139	8,546,993
Advances, deposits and other receivables	8	16,585,124	18,304,734
Receivable against sale of units		1,806,952	-
Total assets		7,866,139,069	603,574,941
Liabilities			
Payable to the Management Company	9	25,063,189	18,870,811
Payable to the Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange	10	451,182	39,725
Commission of Pakistan	11	399,228	219,604
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	12	54,652,200	8,188,977
Total liabilities		80,565,799	27,319,117
Net assets		7,785,573,270	576,255,824
Unit Holders' Fund (as per Statement of			
Movement In Unit Holders' Fund)		7,785,573,270	576,255,824
Contigencies and commitments	14		
		(Number	of units)
Number of units in issue	15	76,371,595	5,650,860
		(Rup	ees)
Net assets value per unit		101.9433	101.9766

The annexed notes from 1 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Lakson Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer



Income Statement For the year ended 30 June 2024

lasama.		June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Income Realised loss on sale of investments classified as at	Note	(Ru	pees)
fair value through profit or loss -net Unrealised diminution on revaluation of investments		(9,929,934)	(12,347,925)
classified as at fair value through profit or loss -net		(19,822,271)	(1,680,199)
Profit / mark-up income Markup on:		(29,752,205)	(14,028,124)
Bank balances calculated using effective interest method		142,528,400	26,821,231
Government and other debt securities using effective interest method		686,865,905	140,986,421
effective interest method		829,394,305	167,807,652
Income from margin trading system		6,124	633,573
Income from certificate of deposit		361,644	033,373
Provision against non-performing debt securities		(31,968,000)	(31,966,400)
rrovision against non-performing debt securities		768,041,868	122,446,701
Expenses		700,041,000	122,440,701
Remuneration to the Management Company		34,184,320	11,490,686
Sindh Sales tax on remuneration to the		1,,221,,221	,,
Management Company		4,444,356	1,491,403
Remuneration to the Trustee	10	3,205,470	933,063
Annual fee to the Securities and Exchange			
Commission of Pakistan	11	2,836,799	219,629
Securties and Exchange Commision of Pakistan supervisory fee		2,500	2,500
Brokerage, custody, settlement and bank charges		1,604,559	902,433
Auditors' remuneration	16	622,547	548,860
Fees and subscription		585,302	1,368,073
Legal and professional charges		589,999	288,071
Printing charges		36,138	6,780
Total expenses		48,111,990	17,251,498
Net income from operating activities		719,929,878	105,195,203
Net income for the year before taxation Taxation	17	719,929,878	105,195,203
Net income for the year after taxation		719,929,878	105,195,203
Allocation of net income for the year after taxation			
Net income for the year after taxation		719,929,878	105,195,203
Income already paid on units redeemed		(431,435,290)	(76,552,444)
Aation to some something for although		288,494,588	28,642,759
Accounting income available for distribution			
Relating to capital gains - net Excluding capital gains		288,494,588	- 28,642,759
- Excluding Capital gains Accounting income available for distribution		288,494,588	28,642,759
Earnings per unit	4.14		

The annexed notes from 1 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Lakson Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer



LAKSON INCOME FUND

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2024

2024 2023

(Rupees)

Net income for the year 719,929,878 105,195,203

Other comprehensive income for the year

Total comprehensive income for the year 719,929,878 105,195,203

The annexed notes from 1 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Lakson Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer



Statement Of Movement in Unit Holders' Fund For the year ended June 30, 2024

Undistributed							
Sal 233 960 45,024,864 576,525,824 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 42,744,662 2,575,601,975 2,532,233,644 2,575,601,975 2,532,233,644 2,575,601,975 2,532,233,644 2,575,601,975 2,532,233,644 2,575,601,975 2,532,2444 2,575,601,975 2,532,2444 2,575,601,975 2,532,2444 2,575,601,975 2,532,2444 2,575,601,975 2,532,2444 2,575,601,975 2,532,2444 2,575,601,975 2,532,2444 2,572,361 2,532,3444 2,572,361 2,532,3444 2,572,361 2,532,333,60 2,532,361 2,532,361 2,532,361 2,532,361 2,532,371 2,532,361 2,		Capital value	Undistribute	d Total	Capital value	Undistributed	l Total
13470,143324 13470,144324 13470,144324 13470,144324 13470,144324 13470,144324 13470,144324 13470,144324 13470,144324 13470,144344 13470,144344 13470,144344 13470,144344 13470,144344 13470,144344 13470,144344 13470,14444 13470,14444 13470,			Income	(Rin		income	
13,470,143,924 1,3470,143,924 1,3470,143,924 1,3470,143,924 1,3470,143,924 1,3470,143,924 1,3470,143,924 1,3470,143,928 1,3470,143 1,3470,	Net assets at beginning of the year	531,233,960	45,021,864	576,255,824	2,575,601,975	42,744,662	2,618,346,637
13,770,143,924 -1 3,770,143,929 -1 4,275,928,913 -1 4,275,913,913 -1 4,275,913,	Issuance of units 132,090,538 (2023: 40,733,362 units)						
(6,728,518,913 (6,728,218,864) (6,728,218,864) (6,728,1813) (76,552,444) (6,728,1813) (76,552,1813) (76,	- Capital value - Element of income	13,470,143,924 805,814,989		13,470,143,924	4,130,248,829		4,130,248,829
(6.28.28.38.864) (6.28.283.864) (6.28.283.8864) (6.175.612.662) (6.28.283.8864) (6.175.612.662) (6.28.283.8864) (6.275.612.662) (6.28.283.8864) (6.275.612.862) (6.28.283.8864) (6.275.612.833) (76.552.444) (6.275.612.833) (76.552.444) (6.275.612.833) (6.275.612.833) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.552.444) (6.218.1333) (76.365.257) (76.	Total proceeds on Issuance of units	14,275,958,913		14,275,958,913	4,193,454,799		4,193,454,799
(6.282.288.564) (6.282.288.564) (6.282.288.564) (6.175.612.652) (6.282.2444) (6.175.612.652) (6.282.2444) (6.282.288.564) (6.212.5560) (6.208.242.5290) (6.208.242.232) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.232.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.242.2323) (6.208.	Redemption of 61.369.803 units (2023: 60.905.160 units)						
Compared	- Capital value	(6,258,283,864)		(6,258,283,864)	(6,175,612,662)		(6,175,612,662)
Octunits (6,477,509,424) (431,435,290) (6,908,944,714) (6,218,193,995) (76,552,444) (6, 522,544) (6, 522	- Element of loss	(219,225,560)	(431,435,290)	(650,660,850)	(42,581,333)	(76,552,444)	(119,133,777)
the year (512,810,873) (264,815,758) (877,626,631) (19,628,819) (26,365,557) (19,928,818) (26,365,557) (19,928,818) (26,365,557) (19,928,818) (26,365,557) (19,928,818) (26,365,557) (19,928,818) (26,365,557) (26,36	Total payments on redemption of units	(6,477,509,424)	(431,435,290)	(6,908,944,714)	(6,218,193,995)	(76,552,444)	(6,294,746,439)
the year (512,810,873) (264,815,758) (877,626,631) (19,628,819) (26,365,557) (19,928,819) (26,365,557) (19,928,819) (26,365,557) (19,928,819) (26,365,557) (19,928,819) (26,365,557) (19,928,819) (26,365,557) (19,928,819) (26,365,557) (28,362,759) (28,362,759) (28,363,818) (28,36	Distribution during the period:						
the year distribution	- Interim Distribution June 25, 2024						
the year 77716,872,596 68,700,694 77,785,573,770 5312,339,60 45,021,864 77,716,872,596 47,725,573,770 5312,339,60 45,021,864 77,716,872,596 45,021,864 77,716,872,573,770 77,716,872,573,770 77,716,872,573,770 77,716,872,573,770 77,716,872,573,770 77,716,872,573,770 77,716,872,773 77,716,872,	@ Rs. 16.2334 per unit	(000 000)	(011 140 836)	(400 000 000	1010 000 017	10000	() EC 400 TAY
the year 1716.872,576 68,700,694 7,785,737,270 531,233,960 45,021,864 (1,660,199) 1,166,006 45,021,864 (1,660,199) 1,166,006 (1,660,199) 1,166,006 (1,660,199) 1,166,006 (1,660,199) 1,166,006 (1,660,199) 1,166,006 (1,660,199) 1,166,006 (1,660,199) 1,166,815,759 (1,660,199) 1,166,006 (1,	(2023: Ks 8.8585 per unit)	(612,810,873)	(264,815,758)	(8//,626,631)	(19,628,819)	(76,365,557)	(45,994,376)
Trite,872,576 68,700,694 7,785,772,200 531,233,960 45,021,864 41,786,676,000 45,021,864 41,786,676,000 45,021,864 41,786,676 42,744,662 4	Total comprehensive income for the year		719,929,878	719,929,878	•	105,195,203	105,195,203
Convarid A6,702,063 A	Net assets as at end of the year	7,716,872,576	68,700,694	7,785,573,270	531,233,960	45,021,864	576,255,824
45,702,663 45,702,663 45,702,663 45,702,663 46,702,663 46,702,664 46,702,664 46,702,664 46,702,664 46,702,671 46,	Undistributed income brought forward						
(1,680,199)	- Realised gain		46.702.063			41,578,656	
43,021,004 a soften a	- Unrealised (loss) / gain		(1,680,199)			1,166,006	
288,494,588 228,494,588 224 224 224 225 per unit) 226,481,758 224,588 22 224 224 224 224,588 224 224 224,588 224 224 224,588 224 224 224 224,588 224,506 224 224 224,588 224,506 224 224 224 224 224,588 22,506 224 224 224 224 224 224 224 224 224 22	Accounting income available for distribution		45,021,864			47,744,002	
288,494,588 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 2 2 2 3	- Relating to capital gains					•	
224 224 225 per unit) 2855 per unit) 2855 per unit) 2857 per unit) 287 per unit) 287 per unit) 287 per unit) 297 per unit	- Excluding capital gains		288,494,588			28,642,759	
224 (264,815,758) (264,815,758) (2 858 per unit) (65,700,694 (45,7	Net income for the year after taxation		288,494,588			28,642,759	
(26,815,758) (26,815,758) (2	- Interim Distribution June 25, 2024						
S8,700,694 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	at 16.2334 per unit (2023: Rs 8.8585 per unit)		(264,815,758)			(26,365,557)	
the year 88,522,965 4 The year (19,822,271) (The year (8,700,694) (The year (10,1976) (The year (10,1943) (The year (10,194	Undistributed income carried forward		68,700,694			45,021,863	
He year 88,522,965 4 (19,822,71) (19,822,71) (10,1937 (101,976 (101,943	Represented by:						
(19,822,271) (the year (59,700,694	- Realised income at the end of the year		88,522,965			46,702,063	
the year 88,700,694 4 4 101,976 101,9433	- Unrealised loss at the end of the year		(19,822,271)			(1,680,199)	
101,9433	Undistributed income at end of the year		68,700,694		' "	45,021,864	
101.9433	Net assets value per unit at beginning	I	101.9766		!!	101.3972	
101.9433	-					0000	
	Net assets value per unit at end		101.9433			101.9766	

For Lakson Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

The annexed notes from $1\,\text{to}\,23\,\text{form}$ an integral part of these financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2024 (F	2023 Rupees)
Net income for the year		719,929,878	105,195,203
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:			
Mark-up income on investment		(829,394,305)	(167,807,652)
Income from Margin Trading System Income from certificate of deposit Realised loss on sale of investments classified as		(6,124) (361,644)	(633,573) -
at fair value through profit or loss -net Unrealised diminution on revaluation of investments classified as financial asset at fair value through		9,929,934	12,347,925
profit or loss'-net Provision against non-performing debt securities		19,822,271 31,968,000	1,680,199 31,966,400
Trovision against non-performing acadesceanties		(48,111,990)	(17,251,498)
(Increase) / decrease in assets			
Investments Advances, deposits and other receivables		(5,344,598,562) 1,719,610	1,509,832,505 8,186,128
Receivable against sale of units		(1,806,952)	
		(5,344,685,904)	1,518,018,633
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities		5 402 270	(2.502.447)
Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Trustee		6,192,378 411,457	(2,583,417) (184,444)
Payable to the Hustee Payable to Securities and Exchange		411,437	(104,444)
Commission of Pakistan		179,624	(579,906)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		46,162,334	(19,996,381)
		52,945,793	(23,344,148)
Profit received on bank balances and investments		780,626,159	220,659,339
Receipts under margin trading system Receipts from certificate of deposit		6,124	633,573
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		361,644 (4,558,858,174)	1,698,715,899
		(1,000,000,111,	1,030,710,033
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		14 375 050 043	4 102 454 700
Received from issue of units Paid on redemption of units		14,275,958,913 (6,908,944,714)	4,193,454,799 (6,294,746,439)
Dividend paid		(877,325,742)	(45,633,441)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	i	6,489,688,457	(2,146,925,081)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,930,830,283	(448,209,182)
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		39,589,225	698,062,481
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year		1,970,419,508	249,853,301
Cash and cash equivalents			
Bank balances	5	930,814,808	39,589,225
Investments maturing within 3 months	6	1,039,604,700	210,264,076
		1,970,419,508	249,853,301

The annexed notes from 1 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Lakson Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Lakson Income Fund (the "Fund") was established under the Trust Deed executed on August 18, 2009 between Lakson Investments Limited as its Management Company and the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as its Trustee. The Fund has been registered as a Notified Entity on September 18, 2009 by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) in accordance with the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (NBFC Regulations). The Management Company of the Fund has been licensed by SECP to undertake Asset Management and Investment Advisory Services as a Non-Banking Finance Company under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules). The registered office of the Management Company is located at 14-Ali Block, New Garden Town, Lahore, while the headoffice of the Fund is in the Lakson Square Building No.2, Karachi.
- 1.2 The Fund is an open end mutual fund and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

 Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can be redeemed by surrendering them to the Fund.

The Fund is categorised as "Income Scheme" as per the Circular 07 of 2009 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and it primarily invests in Government securities, certificates of investment, certificates of deposits, term deposit receipts, commercial papers, reverse repo, preference shares, spread transactions and corporate debt securities, etc. subject to the guidelines issued by SECP from time to time.

Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

- 1.3 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has maintained A+(f) (Fund Stability Rating) to the Fund on March 11, 2024 based on the stability reviews for the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: A+(f) on 06 March 2023) and has also maintained asset manager rating of the Company to AM2+ (stable outlook), on 26 August 2023 (2023: AM2+ as on 26 August 2023).
- 1.4 The Trust Act, 1882 was repealed due to promulgation of Provincial Trust Act "Sindh Trust Act, 2020" as empowered under the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Trusts including Collective Investment Scheme, private funds etc., being Specialized Trusts are required to be registered with the Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Trust Wing), Government of Sindh under Section 12A of the Sindh Trusts Act, 2020. Accordingly, on January 31, 2023 the above mentioned Trust Deed has been registered under the Sindh Trust Act.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and



 Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations).

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and requirement of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules and the NBFC Regulations and requirement of the Trust Deed have been followed.

2.1.1 The SECP / Commission through its letter no. SCD/AMCW/RS/MUFAP/2017-148 dated November 21, 2017 has deferred the applicability of the impairment requirements of IFRS 9 for debt securities on mutual funds. Currently, the Asset Management Companies are required to continue to follow the requirements of Circular No. 33 of 2012 for impairment of debt securities.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that certain investments are measured at fair value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the fund's functional and presentation currency. All amount have been rounded off to the nearest of rupees, unless otherwise indicated.

2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Fund's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to estimates are recognized prospectively. Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amount recognized in the financial statements to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities and assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk resulting in a material adjustment in the subsequent year relates to;

- a) classification of financial assets (Note 4.1.1.1);
- b) impairment of financial assets (Note 4.1.1.3);
- c) taxation (note 4.10); and
- d) provisions (Note 4.11).

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO THE PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

3.1 New accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2024

There are certain amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Fund's annual accounting period beginning on July 1, 2023. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Fund's operations and, therefore, have not been detailed in these financial statements.

3.2 New accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective



There are certain other standards, amendments and interpretations that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2024 but are considered not to be relevant or will not have any significant effect on the Fund's operations and are therefore not disclosed in these financial statements.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policy information is applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

4.1 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Fund's statement of assets and liabilities when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the income statement.

4.1.1 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

4.1.1.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the entity's business model for managing them.

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets. For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments)

For debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the income statement and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is reclassified to the income statement.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (debt instruments)

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or the fair value through



other comprehensive income criteria are classified as at fair value through profit or loss. In addition, debt instruments that meet either the amortised cost criteria or the fair value through other comprehensive income criteria may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (so called 'accounting mismatch') that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

4.1.1.2 Fair value measurement principles

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

Basis of valuation of government debt securities:

The government securities not listed on a stock exchange and traded in the interbank market are valued at the average rates quoted on a widely used electronic quotation system (PKRV / PKISRV rates) which are based on the remaining tenor of the securities.

Basis of valuation of debt securities:

The fair value of debt securities (other than government securities) is based on the value determined and announced by Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the criteria laid down in Circular No. 1 of 2009 and Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). In the determination of the rates, MUFAP takes into account the holding pattern of these securities and categorises them as traded, thinly traded and non-traded securities. The aforementioned circular also specifies the valuation process to be followed for each category as well as the criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

4.1.1.3 Impairment of financial assets

Management Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that the Fund's financial assets or a group of financial assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

As disclosed in note 2.1.1 of these financial statements, the Fund follows the requirements of Circular No. 33 of 2012 (the "circular") for impairment of debt securities. Under the circular, provision for non-performing debt securities is made on the basis of time based criteria as prescribed under the circular. Impairment losses recognised on debt securities can be reversed through the income statement.

As allowed under circular no. 13 of 2009 dated May 04, 2009 issued by the SECP, the Management Company may also make provision against debt securities over and above minimum provision requirement prescribed in aforesaid circular, in accordance with the provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors and disseminated by the Management Company on its website.

For financial assets other than debt securities measured at amortised cost, IFRS 9 requires recognition of impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model. Under IFRS 9, the Fund is required to measure loss allowance equal to an amount equal to lifetime ECL or 12 months ECL based on credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Fund considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Fund's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.



However, majority of the assets of the Fund exposed to credit risk pertain to counter parties which have high credit rating or where credit risk has not been increased since initial recognition. Therefore, management believes that the impact of ECL would be very minimal and hence, the same has not been accounted for in these financial statements.

4.1.1.4 Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Fund's statement of assets and liabilities) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset.

4.1.2 Financial liabilities

4.1.2.1 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Fund has opted to measure them at fair value through profit or loss.

4.1.2.2 Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

4.1.3 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of balance in profit and loss and current accounts maintained with banks. Cash equivalents are short term (ranging from one month to three months) highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investments and other purposes.

4.3 Trade date accounting

All regular way purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date on which commitment to purchase / sale is made by the Fund. Regular way purchases or sales of investment require delivery of securities within two days after transaction date as required by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited Regulations.

4.4 Receivable against Margin Trading System (MTS)



Securities purchased under Margin Trading System are entered into contracted rates for specified rates for specified period of time. Amount paid under these agreements are recognised as receivable in respect of MTS. Cash releases are adjusted against the receivable as reduction in the amount of receivable. The maximum maturity of a MTS contract is 60 days out of which 25% exposure will be automatically released at expiry of every 15th day from the date of contract.

4.5 Derivatives

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequent to initial measurement each derivative instrument is remeasured to its fair value and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

4.6 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the distributors / Management Company during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the net assets value per unit as of the close of the business day plus the allowable sales load, provision for transaction costs and any provision for duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the investment facilitators, distributors and the Management Company.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable to units for which the distributors receive redemption applications during business hours of that day. The redemption price represents the net assets value per unit as of the close of the business day less any back-end load, any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

4.7 Net assets value per unit

Net assets value per unit disclosed in the statement of assets and liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at the year end.

4.8 Revenue recognition

- Realised gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the Income Statement on the date at which transactions take place.
- Unrealised appreciation / (dimunition) arising on revaluation of investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are included in the Income Statement in the period in which they arise.
- Profit on bank deposits, term deposit receipts, mark-up / return on investments in debt securities, income from government securities and income from margin trading system are recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective yield method.

4.9 Element of income / loss and capital gains / losses in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed

Element of Income represents the difference between net assets value on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the Net asset Value (NAV) at the beginning of the relevant accounting period.

Element of Income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund; however, to maintain same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on accounting date, net element of income contributed on the issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units (refund of capital) in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution. As per the guidelines provided by MUFAP (MUFAP Guidelines consented upon by SECP) the refund



of capital is made in the form of additional units at zero price. Income already paid on redemption of units during the year are taken separately in the statement of movement in unitholders' fund.

MUFAP, in consultation with the SECP, has specified methodology for determination of income paid on units redeemed (income already paid) during the year under which such income is paid on gross element received and is calculated from the latest date at which the Fund achieved net profitability during the year. The income already paid (Element of Income) on redemption of units during the year are taken separately in Statement of Movement in Unitholders' Fund.

4.10 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed among the unit holders, provided that for the purpose of determining distribution of not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

4.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provision are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.12 Dividend distribution

Distributions declared subsequent to the year end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the period in which such distributions are declared.

The distribution per unit is announced based on units that were held for the entire period. The rate of distribution is adjusted for the effect of refund of capital if any based on the period of investment made during the year. Resultantly, the rate of distribution per unit may vary depending on the period of investment.

4.13 Other assets

Other assets comprose of deposits and other receivables, receivable against Margin Trading System which are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

4.14 Earnings per unit (EPU)

Earnings Per Unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management, determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

		2024	2023
BANK BALANCES	Note	(Ruj	pees)
In profit and loss sharing accounts	5.1	930,807,334	39,581,751
In current accounts		7,474	7,474
		930,814,808	39,589,225
	In profit and loss sharing accounts	In profit and loss sharing accounts 5.1	BANK BALANCES Note (Ru In profit and loss sharing accounts In current accounts 7,474



LAKSON INCOME FUND

These represent profit and loss account maintained with banks carrying profit rates ranging from 18% to 20.5% (June 30, 2023: 11.25% to 19.5%) per annum.

6	INVESTMENTS	Note	June 30, 2024 (Rur	June 30, 2023 Dees)
			(,
	Financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss			
	Government securities			
	- Market Treasury Bills	6.1	5,302,426,751	200,873,402
	- Pakistan Investment Bonds	6.2	922,832,400	-
	Listed equity securities (Spread Transaction	1) 6.3	-	-
	Term finance certificates - Unlisted	6.4	131,165,737	336,260,587
			6,356,424,888	537,133,989
	Financial assets classified at amortized cos	st		
	Short term sukuk	6.5	173,325,720	-
	Certificate of Deposit	6.6	329,866,438	-
			503,192,158	-
			6,859,617,046	537,133,989

6.1 Government Securities - Market Treasury Bills - Face value of Rs. 100 each

				Disposed /				Disposed /	.0.	Balance	as at June	30, 2024	Market	Market
Tenure	Date of Issue	As at July 01, 2023	Acquired during the year	matured during the year	As at June 30, 2024	As at July 01, 2023	Acquired during the year	matured during the year	As at June 30, 2024	Carrying value	Market value	Unrealized appreciation/ (diminution)	value as a percentage of net assets of Fund	value as a percentag of total investmen
			(Number	of Units)			(Number	of Units)			- (Rupees)		(9	6)
Freasury Bills - 03 months	4-May-23		180,000	180,000			18,000,000	18,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	10-Aug-23		13,570,000	13,570,000			1,357,000,000	1,357,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	22-Jun-23	1,485,000	3,835,000	5,320,000		148,500,000	383,500,000	532,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	7-Sep-23		21,820,000	21,820,000			2,182,000,000	2,182,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	21-Sep-23		2,500,000	2,500,000			250,000,000	250,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	24-Aug-23		7,000,000	7,000,000			700,000,000	700,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	30-Nov-23		6,740,000	6,740,000		- V	674,000,000	674,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	19-Oct-23		2,000,000	2,000,000			200,000,000	200,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	2-Nov-23		2,700,000	2,700,000			270,000,000	270,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	20-Apr-23	600,000		600,000		60,000,000		60,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	7-Mar-24		3,750,000	3,750,000			375,000,000	375,000,000						
reasury Bills - 03 months	2-May-24		720,000		720,000		72,000,000		72,000,000	71,027,399	71,044,200	16,801	0.91	1.
reasury Bills - 03 months	30-May-24		5,000,000		5,000,000		500,000,000		500,000,000	485,771,190	485,986,500	215,310	6.24	7.
Freasury Bills - 03 months	13-Jun-24		5,000,000		5,000,000		500,000,000		500,000,000	482,724,893	482,574,000	(150,893)	6.20	7.
reasury Bills - 06 months	2-Nov-23		250,000	250,000			25,000,000	25,000,000						
reasury Bills - 01 year	30-Nov-23		2,400,000	2,400,000			240,000,000	240,000,000						
Treasury Bills - 01 year	19-Oct-23		500,000	500,000			50,000,000	50,000,000						
reasury Bills - 01 year	2-Nov-23		14,600,000	14,600,000			1,460,000,000	1,460,000,000						
Treasury Bills - 01 year	16-Nov-23		4,000,000	4,000,000			400,000,000	400,000,000						
reasury Bills - 01 year	14-Dec-23		1,600,000	1,600,000			160,000,000	160,000,000						
Treasury Bills - 01 year	11-Jan-24		6,900,000	2,350,000			690,000,000	235,000,000	455,000,000	413,787,539	412,315,995	(1,471,544)	5.30	6.
reasury Bills - 01 year	28-Dec-23		8,770,000	7,750,000			877,000,000	775,000,000	102,000,000	93,325,298	92,972,796	(352,502)	1.19	1.
Freasury Bills - 01 year	2-May-24		7,000,000				700,000,000		700,000,000	599,521,940	605,487,400	5,965,460	7.78	8.
reasury Bills - 01 year	18-Apr-24		7,250,000				725,000,000		725,000,000	625,266,855	631,303,900	6,037,045	8.11	9.
reasury Bills - 01 year	30-May-24		11,600,000				1,160,000,000		1,160,000,000	983,989,288	991,528,560	7,539,272	12.74	14.
reasury Bills - 01 year	13-Jun-24		18,000,000		-		1,800,000,000	-	1,800,000,000	1,529,920,860	1,529,213,400	(707,460)	19.64	22.
otal as at 30 June 2024		2,085,000	157,685,000	99,630,000	10,720,000	208,500,000	15,768,500,000	9,963,000,000	6,014,000,000	5,285,335,262	5,302,426,751	17,091,489	68.11	77

6.1.1 All treasury bills have effective yield for closing treasury bills are 21.95 - 22%.



6.2 Pakistan Investment Bond - Face value of Rs. 100 each

									Balance	as at June 3	0, 2024		
Name of Investments	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Term	Mark-up rate (%)	Mark-up As at 0.1 rate (%) July 2023 during the year byear by byear byea		(diminution)	Market value as a percentage of net assets of Fund	Market value as a percentage of total investments				
						(Face	value)			(Rupees)			
2 years Pakistan Investment Bond	30-Dec-21	30-Dec-23	2 years	7.62	-	500,000,000	500,000,000	-	-		-		-
3 years Pakistan Investment Bond	22-Oct-20	22-Oct-23	3 years		-	450,000,000	450,000,000	-	-	-		-	-
5 years Pakistan Investment Bond	21-Sep-23	21-Sep-28	5 years		-	500,000,000	-	500,000,000	488,081,039	481,400,000	(6,681,039)	6.18	7.02
5 years Pakistan Investment Bond	19-Oct-23	19-Oct-28	5 years		-	272,300,000	172,300,000	100,000,000	97,369,496	96,750,000	(619,496)	1.24	1.41
5 years Pakistan Investment Bond	14-Dec-23	14-Dec-28	5 years		-	558,000,000	200,000,000	358,000,000	346,800,502	344,682,400	(2,118,102)	4.43	5.02
5 years Pakistan Investment Bond	18-Apr-24	17-Apr-29	5 years		-	200,000,000	200,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
									932,251,037		(9,418,637)	11.85	13.45

- $\begin{array}{ll} \hbox{6.2.1} & \quad \hbox{Profit which is variable receivable on these Pakistan Investments Bonds (PIB) on semi-annual basis.} \\ \end{array}$
- 6.3 Listed equity securities (Spread Transaction) At fair value through profit or los

Name of Security	As at July 01, 2023	Purchases during the year	Disposed during the year	As at June 30, 2024	Carrying Value	Market value	Unrealised gain / (loss) - net	Market value as percentage of total investment	Market value as percentage of net assets	% of holding in investee company
Refinery										
Attock Refinery	-	187,500	187,500	-	-	Q	-	-	-	-
Pakistan Refinery Limited	* ^	1,820,000	1,820,000	-		-	-	-	-	
Cement										
Maple Leaf Cement	-	1,067,500	1,067,500	-	V)-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and Gas Exploration Companies										
Oil and Gas Development										
Company Limited		865,000	865,000	-	A *-		-	-	-	-
Pakistan Petroleum Limited	-	500	500		-		-	-	-	-
Oil and Gas Marketing Companies										
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	-	218,500	218,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	-	340,000	340,000		1.	-	-	-	-	-
Technology and Communication										
TRG Pakistan Limited		759,000	759,000	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total as at June 30, 2024						40.	-	-	-	-
Total as at June 30, 2023					A F	0.	-	-	-	-

6.4 Term Finance Certificates - Un-listed - Face value of Rs. 100,000 each

			Rate (%)							Balance	as at June	30, 2024	Market	Face value as
Performing	Date of Issue	Date of maturity		Note	As at July 01, 2023		Disposed during the year	As at June 30, 2024	Carrying value	Market value	Unrealized (diminution) / appreciation	Market value as a percentage of net assets of Fund	value as a percentage of total	percentage of size of the
						(Number of	certificate)			- (Rupees)			(%)	
Commercial Bank Bank Al Habib Limited Tier-II TFCs 10 years (face value of Rs. 5000 each)	6-Dec-18	6-Dec-28	22.58%		12,600		12,600							
Samba Bank Limited TFC (face value of Rs. 100,000 each)	1-Mar-21	1-Mar-31	23.08%		360			360	35,907,459	36,185,737	278,278	0.46	0.53	0.72
Jahangir Siddiqui Bank Limited (face value of Rs. 100,000 each)	28-Dec-21	28-Dec-28	23.44%		1,250		1,000	250	25,142,225	24,980,000	(162,225)	0.32	0.36	1.00
NRSP Micro Finance Bank (face value of Rs. 100,000 each)	9-Jul-21	9-Jul-28	24.87%	6.4.2	700			700	70,000,000	70,000,000		0.90	1.02	9.09
Investment Company														
Jahangir Siddiqui Company Limited PPTFC (face value of Rs. 5,000 each)	12-Jul-17	12-Jul-23	18.50%		15,000		15,000							
Total as at 30 June, 2024									131,049,683	131,165,737	116,054	1.68	1.91	10.81
Total as at 30 June 2023									309,374,465	304,292,587	(5,081,878)	52.92	56.77	21.43



	Date of	Date of	Rate		As at July 01,		Disposed during the	As at June 30.	Carrying	Market	Unrealized	Market value as a	value as a percentage	Face value as percentage of size of the
Non-performing	Issue	maturity	(%)	Note	2023	year	year	2024	value			percentage of net assets of Fund		
						(Number of	certificate)			- (Rupees)			(%)	
Silk Bank Limited PPTFC - 08 years (face value of Rs. 5,000 each)	10-Aug-17	12-Aug-25	12.58	6.4.1	16,000			16,000	31,968,000	(31,968,000)				
Total as at 30 June, 2024									31,968,000	(31,968,000)				
Total as at 30 June 2023									63 934 400	(31 966 400)	31 968 000			4.00

6.4.1 This represents unlisted term finance certificates issued by Silk Bank Limited. Total size of the issue is Rs. 2,000 million and the term of the TFCs is eight years commencing from the date of issue of TFCs which was August 2017 and ending on August 2025. Profit on the instrument is receivable on semi-annually basis in arrears on the outstanding balance and the first such profit payment is due at the expiry of 6 months from the issue date and subsequently every six months thereafter. Profit rate on this term finance certificate is six months average KIBOR + 1.85% per annum. The instrument is structured to redeem 0.14% of the issue amount during the first 7 years and remaining 99.86% in the last two semi annual instalments of 49.93% each. The instrument is unsecured and subordinated to all other indebtedness of the Bank. The latest available rating of the instrument is BBB+ rated on December 23, 2021, after that there is no credit rating available as the TFC is non-performing.

During the year ended June 30, 2022 the issuer defaulted the coupon payment which was due on February 10, 2022, as a result the investment was classified as non-performing asset on February 25, 2022 and the markup income / coupon was suspended accordingly. As per the requirements of Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by the SECP on October 24, 2012, the profit accrued uptil February 10, 2022 was reversed and an unrealised loss of Rs. 6.88 million and a provision of Rs. 9.1 million (Total anount of Rs. 15.98 million), which is 20% of outstanding principal amount of Rs. 79.93 million was recorded as an unrealised loss in year ended June 30, 2022 Till June 30, 2023, further provision of Rs. 31.97 million was recorded, which is 40% of principal amount followed by an another provision of Rs. 31.97 million during the year ended June 30, 2024, which is remaining 40% of the principal amount.

6.4.1.1 The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), vide its circular No. 16 date July 07, 2010 prescribed certain disclosures for the schemes holding investments that were non-compliant either with the minimum investment criteria specified for category assigned to such schemes or with the investment requirement of their consecutive documents. The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide circular 7 of 2009 dated March 6, 2009 required all Asset Management Companies to classify funds under their management on the basis of categorization criteria a laid down in the circular. Lakson Asset Management Limited (the Management Company) classified Lakson Income Fund (the Fund) as an 'Income Scheme' in accordance with the said circular. As at June 30, 2024, the Fund is compliant with all the requirements of the said circular except for clause 9 (v) which requires the rating of any security in the portfolio shall not be lower than the investment grade. The following are the details of non-compliant investments held by the Fund:

Name of Non-compliant investme	ent Note	Type of Investment	Value of investment before provision	Provision held (if any)	Value of Investment after provision	Investment as percentage of Net Assets	Investment as percentage of Gross Assets
Silk Bank Limited	6.4.1	Term Finance	31,968,000	(31,968,000)		0.00%	0.00%

6.4.2 During the period it was classified as non-performing as of October 10, 2023 due to an overdue payment. As per the requirements of Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by the SECP on October 24, 2012, the profit accrued until October 09, 2023 was reversed however, no provision for outstanding principal was recorded. The overdue profit amount was later received on 22 Nov 2023 and subsequently on Jan 09, 2024. The instrument was later automatically classified as "Performing" after the timely receipt of profit due on April 09, 2024, as stated in Circular No. 33 of 2012 by SECP.





6.4.3 Significant terms and conditions of term finance certificates outstanding as at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Name of the Issuer	Mark-up rate (per annum)	Maturity date	Rating
Commercial Bank			
Samba Bank Limited	6 months KIBOR + 1.35%	March 01, 2031	AA-
Jahangir Siddiqui Bank Limited	6 months KIBOR + 1.4%	December 28, 2028	A+
NRSP Micro Finance Bank	3 months KIBOR + 3%	July 09, 2028	A-

- 6.4.3.1 The rating of the term finance certificates have been obtained from Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA). Markup on above term finance certificate is receivable on semi annually basis in arrears, except NRSP Micro Finance Bank which is receivable on quarterly basis in arrears with no floor or cap.
- 6.5 Sukuk Certificates Face value of Rs. 1,000,000 each

At amortised cost

Name of security	Profit payments	Date of Maturity	Mark-up rate	Holding as at July 01, 2023	Purchases during the period	Disposed / matured during the period		Carrying value as at June 30, 2024	nercentage	Carrying value as a percentage of net assets	Face value as percentage of size of the issue
					Number o	of shares		(Rupees)		(%)	
Ismail Insudtries limited	Semi-annually	13-Aug-24	6 months KIBOR plus base rate of 0.5%	-	160	-	160	173,325,720	2.53	2.23	0.04
Total as at June 30, 2024 Total as at June 30, 2023								173,325,720	2.53	2.23	0.04
iotai as at June 30, 2023									-	-	

6.6 Certificate of Deposit - Face value of Rs. 100 each

Name of security	Placement Date	Date of Maturity	Term (Number of Days)	Mark-up rate	Holding as at July 01, 2023	Purchases during the period	Disposed / matured during the period	Holding as at June 30, 2024	Carrying value as at June 30, 2024	of total investments	of net assets
							··· (Rupees) ···			(9	6)
Orix Leasing Private Company Limited	12-Jan-24	13-Jan-25	365	21.25%		300.000.000	_	300.000.000	329.866.438	4.81	4.24
						,,		,,	,,		
Total as at June 30, 2024					-	300,000,000	-	300,000,000	329,866,438	4.81	4.24
Total as at June 30, 2023					-	-	-	-	-	-	

June 30,

June 30,

7.	PROFIT / MARK-UP RECEIVABLE	Note	(Ru	pees)
	Profit / return receivable on:			
	Profit and loss sharing accounts		14,964,551	549,647
	Term finance certificates		6,236,126	7,997,346
	Government securities		36,114,462	-
			57,315,139	8,546,993

8. ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Security deposits:			
-Central Depository Company of			
Pakistan Limited		100,000	100,000
-National Clearing Company of			
Pakistan Limited	8.1	2,750,000	2,750,000
Advance tax	8.2	13,735,124	13,626,153
Receivable against redemption			
of investments		-	48,278
Other receivables		-	1,780,303
		16,585,124	18,304,734



- 8.1 This represents deposit with NCCPL in respect of the trading of listed securities.
- 8.2 As per clause 47(B) of part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, payments made to collective investment schemes (CISs) are exempt from withholding tax under section 151. However, withholding tax on profit on bank balances paid to the Fund was deducted by various withholding agents based on the interpretation issued by FBR vide its Circular "C.No.1 (43) DG (WHT) / 2008 Vol.II 66417 R dated May 12, 2015" which requires every withholding agent to withhold income tax at applicable rates in case a valid exemption certificate under section 159(1) issued by the concerned Commissioner of Inland Revenue (CIR) is not produced before him by the withholdee.

For this purpose, the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) on behalf of various mutual funds (including the Funds being managed by the Management Company) had filed a petition in the Sindh High Court (SHC) challenging the above mentioned interpretation of the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) which was decided by the SHC in favour of FBR. A petition was filed in the Supreme Court of Pakistan by the Funds together with other CISs (managed by the Management Company and other Asset Management Companies) whereby the Supreme Court granted the petitioners leave to appeal from the initial judgment of SHC. Pending resolution of the matter, the amount of withholding tax deducted on profit on bank balances have been shown as advance tax under assets as at June 30, 2024 as, in the opinion of the management, the amount of tax deducted at source will be refunded.

9. REMUNERATION PAYABLE TO THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

		June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
	Note	(Ru	pees)
Payable to the Management Company Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration to	9.1	5,767,642	288,009
Management Company Federal Excise Duty on remuneration	9.2	750,187	37,442
to Management Company	9.3	18,545,360	18,545,360
		25,063,189	18,870,811

- 9.1 As per regulation 61 of the NBFC and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Management Company is entitled to a remuneration equal to an amount not exceeding the maximum rate of the management fee as disclosed in the Offering Document subject to the total expense ratio limit. As per offering document, the Management Company can charge management fee up to 1.5% of average annual net assets of the fund, calculated on daily basis. The effective management fee rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 is 0.90% of average annual net assets calculated on daily basis.
- 9.2 The Sindh Revenue Board has levied Sindh Sales Tax (SST) at the rate of 13% (June 30, 2023: 13%) on the remuneration of management company through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011. This includes Sindh Sales Tax charged on Fedral Excies Duty which is not paid due to the case pending for adjudication in Supreme Court of Pakistan as disclosed in note 9.3.
- 9.3 The Finance Act, 2013 enlarged the scope of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on financial services to include Asset Management Companies (AMCs) as a result of which FED at the rate of 16 percent on the remuneration of the Management Company and sales load was applicable with effect from June 13, 2013. The Management Company was of the view that since the remuneration was already subject to provincial sales tax, further levy of FED would result in double taxation which did not appear to be the spirit of the law. Hence, on September 4, 2013 a constitutional petition was filed with the Sindh High Court (SHC) by the Management Company together with various other asset management companies challenging the levy of FED.



With effect from July 1, 2016, FED on services provided or rendered by non-banking financial institutions dealing in services which are subject to provincial sales tax has been withdrawn by the Finance Act, 2016. During the year ended June 30, 2017, SHC passed an order whereby all notices, proceedings taken or pending, orders made, duty recovered or actions taken under the Federal Excise Act, 2005 in respect of the rendering or providing of services (to the extent as challenged in any relevant petition) were set aside. In response to this, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue has filed a Civil Petition for leave to appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan which is pending adjudication.

In view of the above, the Fund has discontinued making further provision in respect of FED on remuneration of the Management Company with effect from July 01, 2016. However, being prudent the provision for FED made for the period from June 13, 2013 till June 30, 2016 amounting to Rs 18.54 million (2023: 18.54 million) is being retained in these financial statements of the Fund as the matter is pending before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Had the provision for FED not been made, the net asset value of the Fund as at June 30, 2024 would have been higher by Re. 0.24 (June 30, 2023: Rs.3.28) per unit.

10. REMUNERATION PAYABLE TO THE TRUSTEE

The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provision of Trust Deed. Trustee fee which is 0.075% per annum of the net assets.

The remuneration is paid to the trustee in arrears on monthly basis.

11. ANNUAL FEE PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

This represents annual fee payable to SECP in accordance with the NBFC Regulations, whereby the Fund is required to pay SECP an amount at the rate of 0.075% per annum of the average daily net assets of the fund. These rates are revised with effect from July 1 2023, in accordance with the regulation 62 of the NBFC Regulation, 2008.

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			June 30,	June 30,
			2024	2023
		Note	(Rupe	es)
12.	ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILIT	IES		
	Auditors' remuneration		418,214	418,177
	Brokerage payable		371,021	72,154
	Payable to National Clearing Company			
	of Pakistan Limited		254,522	275,015
	Printing and stationery payable		8,089	-
	Dividend payable		661,824	360,935
	Withholding tax payable		47,418,053	1,592,719
	PACRA rating fee payable		598,373	544,047
	Others	12.1	4,922,104	4,925,930
			54,652,200	8,188,977

12.1 This amount includes excess profit credited by the a bank. During the year ended June 30, 2022, bank credited an amount of Rs. 4.27 million. The Management Company is of the view after recomputing the profit due from the bank that excess profit was not due to the Fund. The matter was raised with the bank and is yet to finalised. Management Company, being prudent, has not recorded any income against the amount received and has recorded an accrued liability.



13. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

As per the SECP circular vide direction no. 23 dated July 20, 2016 and as referred in Regulations 60 (5) of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the "Regulations"), Total Expense Ratio (TER) calculated inclusive of Sindh Sales Tax and SECP fee is 1.27% as of June 30, 2024 (June 30, 2023: 1.58%) and this includes 0.21% (June 30, 2023: 0.16%) representing Sindh Sales tax and SECP fee. As per NBFC Regulation the total expense ratio of the Income Scheme shall be caped up to 2.5% (excluding government levies).

14. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

14.1 Contigencies

The Fund had no contingency at the period end except as those mentioned elsewhere in this financial statements.

		June 30,	June 30,
		2024	2023
15.	NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	(Rupe	es)
	Total outstanding as of 1 July	5,650,860	25,822,658
	Issued during the year	132,090,538	40,733,362
	Redeemed during the year	(61,369,803)	(60,905,160)
	Total units in issue as of 30 June	76,371,595	5,650,860
		June 30,	June 30,
		2024	2023
16.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	(Numb	ers)
	Annual audit fee Fee for the review of half yearly	397,530	382,976
	financial statements	126,500	119,680
	Out of pocket and sales tax expenses	98,517	46,204
		622,547	548,860

17. TAXATION

The Fund is exempt from taxation under Clause 99 of the Part I of the 2nd Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, subject to the condition that not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders, provided that for the purpose of determining distribution of not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account. Furthermore, as per regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unit holders. The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Since the management company has distributed the income earned by the Fund during the year to the unit holders in the manner as explained above, no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statement.

18. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES / CONNECTED PERSONS

Connected persons / related parties include Lakson Investments Limited being the Management Company, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) being the



trustee and the custodian ,SIZA services Private Limited being holding company of the management company, SIZA Services Private Limited being holding company of the Management Company, associated companies of the Management Company, key management personnel and other funds being managed by the Management Company, staff retirement benefits of related parties and other entities having more than 10% holding in the units of the Fund as at June 30, 2024.

Remuneration to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of NBFC Regulations and the Trust Deed respectively. Other transactions are in normal course of business, at contracted rates and terms as approved by the Board."

Transactions and balances with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere are as follows:

		2024	2023
18.1	Details of balances with related parties / connected persons at the year end	(Rupe	es)
	Lakson Investments Limited - Management Company of the Fund		
	Remuneration payable to Management Company	5,767,642	288,009
	Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of		
	Management Company *	750,187	37,442
	Federal Excise Duty on Management		
	Company's remuneration	18,545,360	18,545,360
	Central Depository Company of Pakistan		
	Limited - Trustee of the Fund		
	Remuneration payable	451,182	39,725
	Security deposit	100,000	100,000
18.2	Details of transactions with related parties / connected persons during the year		
	Lakson Investments Limited - Management Company of the Fund		
	Remuneration to the Management Company	34,184,320	11,490,686
	Sindh sales tax on remuneration of		
	Management Company *	4,444,356	1,491,403
	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee of the Fund		
	Remuneration for the year	3,205,470	933,063
	Settlement charges for the year	21,693	22,818
	ŭ ,		

^{*} Sales tax is paid / payable to the management company / Trustee for onwards payment to the Government.

Details of transactions and balances with directors, key management personnel, employees, associated company/ undertakings of the Management Company and connected person are as follows:

					Year ended J	Year ended June 30, 2024				
			Number of Units	SI	-			Rupees	Rupees	-
	Number of Units as at July 01, 2023	Units issued during the year	Refund / Adjustment of Units as element of income	Units redeemed during the year	Number of units as at June 30, 2024	Balance as at July 01, 2023	Issuance during the year	Redemptions during the year	Redemptions Dividend paid during the year	Balance as at June 30, 2024
Lakson Investments Umited - Management Company Directors, Chief Executive and their spouse and minors Key management personnel, employees and connected persons of the Management Company	2,436,757 644,155	333,587 61,125,611 92,075	53,338 4,761,934 5,938	2,436,757 32,891,358 37,198	386,925 33,640,341 60,815	248,492,201 65,688,718	463,623,471 19,418,874 10,492,700	63,623,471 721,285,288 19,418,874 1,121,914,219 10,492,700 4,383,145	2,750,804 4,612,127	39,444,373 3,429,407,425 6,199,682
Associated companies / undertakings of the Management Company										
Accuray Surgicals Limited Accuray Surgical Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund	24,508	1,031,853	43,449 7,383		1,075,303	6,753,877	109,239,045 2,795,801	1,814,548	45,801	109,619,917 16,324,588
Alan Private Limited Century Insurance Company Limited - Gratuity Fund	30,959 40,997	105,876 208,959	5,109		141,944 252,312	2,922,117 13,961,342	217,001 816,977	1,350,000	255,296 291,977	14,470,201 25,721,474
Century insulance Company Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust Century Paper & Roard Mills I Inited Fimiliade	37,420	216,258	1,505	39,387	215,796	15,548,905	582,831	234,000	307,831	21,998,929
Contributory Provident Fund Trust Century Paper & Board Mills Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund Cogate Palmolive Pakistan Limited Cogate Palmolive Pakistan Limited	397,676 375,308	2,389,387 2,245,964 14,710,123	14,882 70,300		2,801,945 2,691,573 14,710,123	125,568,502 124,493,681	3,471,895 3,221,636 10,869,465	23,900,000 21,450,000	3,471,895 3,221,636 1,497,455,204	285,639,541 274,387,787 1,499,598,469
Colgate Tambilve Paktsan Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust Colgate Palnoive Pakistan Limited - Employees Gratuity Fund Cyber Infarres Service (Det 11 Hd Employees	362,675 413,366	2,362,454	32,688 92,360	130,923	2,626,894	46,552,417 68,936,136	15,978,703 3,528,592		1,903,703 3,353,592	267,794,263 330,784,884
Contributory Provident Fund Trust Hasanali & Gulbanoo Lakhani Foundation	205,514 153,318	1,327,512 20,784	12,894	393	1,545,919	77,762,801 14,280,775	2,896,059 1,265,250	11,620,000	1,746,059	157,596,077 17,708,442
nasariari kataniar Pounation imployees Contributory Provident Fund Trust Lakson Business Solutions Limited Employees	5,546	25,210	2,546		33,301	2,745,016	578,321	857,321	•	3,394,845
Contributory Provident Fund Trust Lakson Investments Limited Employees	5,975	699	,	•	6,644	570,960	34,914	•	49,878	677,310
Contributory Provident Fund Trust Merit Packaging Limited Employees Contributory	24,209	144,603	11,045	673	179,184	10,782,960	1,074,992	1,674,000	124,992	18,266,569
Provident Fund Trust Merit Packaging Limited Employees Gratuity Fund Nayaba VP VI Limited Emplyee Contributory Provident Fund Premier Sachione Pricate Limited	38,745 24,816 -	210,830 129,588 108,227 525,795	10,540 4,757 15,325 2,693	15,404 - -	260,115 143,755 123,553 65,678	8,346,273 2,586,904	3,928,898 2,517,930 11,904	1,085,164 772,083	23,898 12,930 12,551,589	26,516,958 14,654,897 12,595,351 6,695,401
Strainer rannons rivace mineca Strainer Commodities Private Limited Stra Ecode Drivate Limited Employees Contributory		4,507,259	47,219	3,385,946	1,168,532		612,103	645,060		119,123,976
Siza rodan make bilited clippopes Contribusory Provident Fund Trust Siza Services Private limited Siza Services Private limited Fmollowese Contributory	216,283	1,294,607 3,494,654	25,506 283,891	343,364	1,193,031	47,462,942	13,166,962 140,027	8,015,000 147,566	1,211,382	121,621,472 385,197,351
Provident Fund Trust Sybrid (Private) Limited Employees Contributory	18,396	122,870	1,508	,	142,774	9,615,458	1,619,120	3,100,000	59,120	14,554,803
Provident Fund Trust Sybrid Private Limited	41,010 733	239,709	1,300	10,415	271,605 832	20,248,768 69,170	666,936 5,137	4,000,000	366,936 6,043	27,688,302 84,860



_		MONEY, AS WE MANAGE OL												_			
	Balance as at June 30, 2023	248,492,201 65,688,718	2,499,243 3,157,056 4,180,745	3,815,936	40,553,683 38,272,681		36,984,344 42,153,652	20,957,574	15,634,858	565,538	609,337	2,468,719	3,951,056 2,530,618			22,055,735	1,875,784 4,181,911
	Issuance Redemptions Dividend paid Balance during the yearduring the yearduring the year 2023	2,750,804 4,612,127	45,801 255,296 291,977	307,831	3,471,895 3,221,636		1,903,703	1,746,059	1,258,471	•	49,878	124,992	23,898			1,211,382 28,769	59,120 366,936 6043
Rupees	Redemptions during the year	19,418,874 1,121,914,219	1,814,548 - 1,350,000 5,993,905	234,000	23,900,000 21,450,000			11,620,000	21,155,581	857,321	•	1,674,000	1,085,164		645,060	8,015,000	147,566 3,100,000 4,000,000
	Issuance during the year	463,623,471 19,418,874	2,795,801 217,001 816,977	582,831	3,471,895 3,221,636		15,978,703 3,528,592	2,896,059	1,265,250	578,321	34,914	1,074,992	3,928,898 2,517,930		612,103	13,166,962 24,454	140,027 1,619,120 666,936
une 30, 2023	Balance as at July 01, 2022	479,745,098 1,142,172,080	6,753,877 2,922,117 13,961,342 69,885,035	15,548,905	125,568,502 124,493,681		46,552,417 68,936,136	77,762,801	55,901,782 14,280,775	2,745,016	570,960	10,782,960	8,346,273			47,462,942 329,301	9,615,458 20,248,768 69170
Year ended June 30, 2023	Number of units as at June 30, 2023	2,436,757 644,155	24,508 30,959 40,997	37,420	397,676 375,308		362,675 413,366	205,514	153,318	5,546	5,975	24,209	38,745 24,816			216,282	18,394 41,009
	Units redeemed during the year	6,857,575 10,809,204	69,673 - 104,730 689,220	121,675	874,947 884,246		253,617	589,961	551,315	27,230	•	92,728	82,313 25,513		5,859	381,662	1,340 92,401 165,266
Number of Units	Refund / Adjustment of Units as element of income	168,979 6,817	1,764	155			1,879	059	- 57	458	•	515	2,822			6,705	848 170
	Units issued during the year	4,394,008 182,206	25,809 2,140 8,038	5,593	34,241 31,772		155,304	27,912	12,422	5,245	344	10,077	35,923 23,289		5,859	123,150 241	1,340 15,118 6,408 51
	Number of Units issued Units as at July 01, 2022 during the year	4,731,345 11,264,336	66,608 28,819 137,690 689,221	153,346	1,238,382	1	459,109 679,862	766,913	551,315 140,840	27,072	5,631	106,344	82,313 25,513		,	468,089	st 94,830 199,698
1		Laison Inwestments Umited - Management Company Directors, Chief Executive and their spouse and minors few management personnel, employees and connected persons of the Management Company Associated companies / undertakings of the Management Company Management Company	Accuray Sugical Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Alan Private Limited Century Insurance Company Limited - Gratulty Fund Century Insurance Company Limited	Contributory Provident United Employees	century Paper & Board wills United Employees Contributory Provident Eurland Trust Century Paper & Board Mills Umited - Employees Gratuity Fund Clover Pakisan Umited Employees Contributory	Provident Fund Trust Colgate Palmolive Pakistan Limited	Colgate Palmolive Pakistan Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust Colgate Palmolive Pakistan Limited - Employees Gratulty Fund		GAM Corporation Private Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Hasanali & Gulbanoo Lakhani Foundation	Hasanali Karabhai Foundation Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust	Lakson Business Solutions Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust akcon Limited Fund Trust	cassormers that it is a finite and the control of t	Lassur rowel Limited Merit Packaging Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust The Packaging Limited Employees Gratuity Fund Premier Tashions Private Limited	Princeton Travels Private Limited Employees Contributory Descrident Eurol Trust	Siza Commodities Private Limited	Siza Foods Private Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust Siza Private Limited	Siza Services Private Limited Siza Services Private Limited Siza Services Private Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust Sybrid (Private) Limited Employees Contributory Provident Fund Trust Sybrid (Private) Limited



- 18.4 Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee has been determined in accordance with the provisions of NBFC Regulations and the Trust Deed respectively.
- 18.5 Dividend distributed by the Fund is recognised at the amount/units declared to all the unit holders.
- 18.6 Purchase and redemption of the Fund's unit by related parties / connected persons are recorded at the applicable net asset value per unit. Dividend income is recorded at the amounts these are declared by the investee company. Other transactions are at agreed rates.

19. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Introduction and overview

The Fund has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- credit risk (refer note 19.1);
- liquidity risk (refer note 19.2);
- market risk (refer note 19.3);
- operational risk (refer note 19.4); and
- unit holders' fund risk (refer note 19.5).

Risk management framework

The Management Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through monitoring and controlling activities which are primarily setup based on limits established by the Management Company, Fund's Trust Deed and the rules, regulations and directives of the SECP. The policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Fund, to set appropriate risk exposure limits and set up controls and to monitor risks and adherence to exposure limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities.

The Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Fund's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Fund. The internal audit functions assists the audit committee by undertaking regular reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

Asset purchases and sales are determined by the Fund's Investment Manager, who has been authorised to manage the distribution of the assets to achieve the Fund's investment objectives. Compliance with the target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Investment Committee. In instances where the portfolio has diverged from target asset allocations, the Fund's Investment Manager is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the established targets, within prescribed time limits.

19.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Fund if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from bank balances, deposits and other receivables, receivable against Margin Trading System, term finance certificates, commercial papers and receivable against sale of marketable securities and security deposits.



Management of credit risk

The Fund's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee, its Trust Deed and the requirements of NBFC rules and regulations. Before making investment decisions, the credit rating and credit worthiness of the issuer is taken into account along with the financial background so as to minimize the risk of default.

Credit risk is managed and controlled by the Management Company of the Fund in the following manner:

- Where the investment committee makes an investment decision, the credit rating and credit worthiness of the issuer is considered along with the financial background so as to minimize the risk of default.
- Analysing of credit ratings and obtaining adequate collaterals wherever appropriate / relevant.
- The risk of counterparty exposure due to failed trades causing a loss to the Fund is mitigated by a periodic review of the credit ratings and financial statements on a regular hasis
- Cash is held only with reputable banks with high quality external credit enhancements.
- Investment transactions are carried out with a large number of brokers, whose credit
 worthiness is considered so as to minimize the risk of default and transactions are settled
 or paid for only upon delivery.

Exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	June 3	0, 2024	June 30,	2023			
	Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Maximum exposure	Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Maximum exposure			
	(Rup	ees)	(Rupees)				
Bank balances (including							
profit due)	945,779,359	945,779,359	40,138,872	40,138,872			
Investments (including							
markup receivable)	6,901,967,634	676,708,483	545,131,335	344,257,934			
Deposits and other receivable	2,850,000	2,850,000	4,678,581	4,678,581			
	7,850,596,993	1,625,337,842	589,948,788	389,075,387			

Difference in the balance as per the statement of assets and liabilities and maximum exposure in investments is due to the fact that investment in government securities of Rs. 6.225 billion which are not considered to carry credit risk.

Bank balances

The Fund held cash and cash equivalents at reporting date with banks had following credit ratings:

Rating	June 30, 2024 Ru	June 30, 2023 pees	June 30, 2024 	June 30, 2023 %
AAA	483,005	315,157	0.05	0.79
AA+	563,183,135	39,367,381	59.55	98.11
AA	149,407	248,031	0.02	0.62
AA-	35,939	36,074	0.00	0.09
A+	381,800,543	88,625	40.37	0.22
A	62,286	59,058	0.01	0.15
A-	52,578	12,467	0.01	0.03
BBB+	12,467	12,078	0.00	0.03
Total balance including				
profit due	945,779,360	40,138,872	100	100

Above rates are on the basis of available ratings assigned by PACRA and JCR-VIS.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors affect the group of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure.

Details of Fund's concentration of credit risk of financial instruments by industrial distribution are as follows:

	June 3	30, 2024	June 30, 2023		
	(Rupees)	(%)	(Rupees)	(%)	
Commercial banks (including					
profit due)	576,522,006	51.38	40,089,441	10.30	
Micro Finance Bank	369,257,353	32.91	49,431	0.01	
Commercial banks - Term					
Finance Certificates	131,165,737	11.69	326,869,913	84.01	
Investment Company - Term					
Finance Certificates	-	-	9,390,674	2.41	
Profit receivable on - Term					
Finance Certificates	6,236,126	0.56	7,997,346	2.06	
Profit receivable on -					
Government securities	36,114,462	3.22	-	-	
National Clearing Company of					
Pakistan Limited- Deposit			2.750.000	0.74	
and cash margin	2,750,000	0.25	2,750,000	0.71	
Central Depository Company		0.04	400.000	0.00	
Pakistan Limited - Deposit	100,000	0.01	100,000	0.03	
Others	- 4 4 2 2 4 4 5 6 0 4	- 100	1,828,582	0.47	
	1,122,145,684	100	389,075,387	100	

Past due and impaired assets and collaterals held

None of the financial assets of the Fund are past due or impaired as at June 30, 2024 other than investments mentioned in note 6.4.1.



Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honor its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed on sale.

For the majority of transactions the Fund mitigates this risk by conducting settlements through a broker with good credit worthiness to ensure that a trade is settled only when both parties have fulfilled their contractual settlement obligations.

19.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it has sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation.

The Fund aims to maintain the level of cash and cash equivalents and other highly marketable securities at an amount in excess of expected cash outflows on financial liabilities. The Fund is exposed to risk of cash outflow on redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units are redeemable at the holder's option based on the Fund's applicable redemption rate per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's constitutive document and guidelines laid down by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

Management of liquidity risk

The Fund's policy is to manage this risk by investing majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. Other than placing funds in profit and loss accounts maintained with the banks, the Fund invests primarily in marketable securities and other financial instruments, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash. As a result, the Fund may be able to liquidate quickly its investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value to meet its liquidity requirement. The present settlement system is a T+2 system, which means that proceeds from sales (to pay off redemptions) of holdings will be received on the second day after the sale, while redemptions have to be paid within a period of six working days from the date of the redemption request.

In addition, in accordance with 58(1) (k) of NBFC Regulation, 2008, the Fund is entitled to borrow, with prior approval of trustee, for meeting redemptions. The maximum amount available to the Fund from borrowings is limited to the extent of 15% of net assets at the time of borrowing with repayment with in 90 days of such borrowings. No such borrowings were made during the year.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund is also allowed in accordance with regulation 57(10) of NBFC Regulations, 2008, to withhold daily redemption request in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption request qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. However, during the period no such option was exercised or considered necessary.

Units of Fund are redeemable on demand, however, the Fund does not anticipate significant redemptions of units.

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

Following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted.

	202 Contractual	-
	Carrying	Less than
	amount	3 month
Non-derivative financial liabilities	(Rupe	ees)
(excluding unit holders' fund)		
Payable to the Management Company *	25,063,189	6,517,829
Remuneration payable to the Trustee *	451,182	451,182
Accrued expenses and other liabilities *	2,294,234	2,294,234
•	27,808,605	9,263,245
	202	
	Contractual	cash flows
	Carrying	Less than
	amount	3 month
Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding unit holders' fund)	(Rupe	ees)
Payable to the Management Company *	18,870,811	325,451
Remuneration payable to the Trustee *	39,725	39,725
Accrued expenses and other liabilities *	1,965,323	1,965,323
	20,875,859	2,330,499

^{*}excluding provision for workers' welfare fund and Annual fee payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Above financial liabilities do not carry any mark-up.

19.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Fund's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Management of market risks

The Fund manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee and regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. The aggregate risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair values. The Fund, in general, is exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk.

19.3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present, is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pakistan Rupees.

19.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates. Risk management procedures are the same as those mentioned in the credit risk management.

Exposure to interest rate risk



The interest rate profile of the Fund's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows:

		June 30,	June 30
		2024	2023
Variable-rate instrument	Note	(Rup	ees)
Bank balances		930,807,334	39,581,751
Term finance certificates		131,165,737	336,260,587
		1,061,973,071	375,842,338

Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / decreased unit holder fund and income statement by Rs. 10.61 million (2023: Rs. 3.76 million). The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

Above bank balances are repriced by the bank after changes in the State Bank of Pakistan's policy rate and do not have any contractual maturity.

None of the other assets and Fund's liabilities are exposed to interest rate risk.

		June 30,	June 30
		2024	2023
	Note	(Rup	ees)
Fixed rate instruments			
Pakistan Investment Bonds		922,832,400	-
Market treasury bills		5,302,426,751	200,873,402
Short term sukuk		173,325,720	-
Certificate of deposit		329,866,438	-
		6,728,451,309	200,873,402

There are no fixed rate instruments exposed to interest rate risk.

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio and profit rates are expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2024 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of the future movements in interest rates.

Yield/profit sensitivity position for on balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date.

A summary of the Fund's interest rate gap position, categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date is as follows:



		June 30, 2024				
	_	Interest	Exposed to interest rate risk		Not exposed to	
		rate %	No later than one month	More than one year (note 7.2)	interest rate risk	Total
	Note	-		Rupe	es	
Financial assets				•		
Investments						
- Term finance certificates	6.4	12.38 - 24.97	-	131,165,737	-	131,165,737
 Government securities 	6.1 & 6.2	20.39 - 24.78	-	922,832,400	5,302,426,751	6,225,259,151
- Short term sukkuk	6.5	21.87	-	173,325,720		173,325,720
 Certificate of deposits 	6.6	21.25	-	329,866,438	-	329,866,438
Bank Balances	5.1	18 - 23.9	930,807,334	-	7,474	930,814,808
Deposits and other receivab	le 8		-	-	2,850,000	2,850,000
			930,807,334	1,557,190,295	5,305,284,225	7,793,281,854
Financial liabilities						
Payable to the Management	t					
Company			-	-	5,767,642	5,767,642
Remuneration payable to						
the Trustee			-	-	451,182	451,182
Accrued expenses and						
other liabilities			-	-	2,294,234	2,294,234
Total financial liabilities			-	-	8,513,058	8,513,058
On balance sheet gap			930,807,334	1,557,190,295	5,296,771,167	7,784,768,796
Cumulative interest rate ga	p *		930,807,334	2,487,997,629		

^{*} There were no off balance sheet financial instruments for the Fund.

		June 30, 2023					
		Interest	Expose interest ra		Not exposed to		
		rate %	No later than one month	More than one year (note 7.2)	interest rate risk	Total	
			<u></u>	Rupe	es		
Financial assets Investments							
- Term finance certificates	6.4	12.38 - 24.97	-	336,260,587	-	336,260,587	
- Government securities	6.1 & 6.2	12.85 - 22	2 -	-	200,873,402	200,873,402	
Bank Balances	5.1	5.5 - 16.26	39,581,751	-	7,474	39,589,225	
Receivable from Margin Trading System			-	-	-	-	
Deposits and other receivable	8		-	-	4,678,581	4,678,581	
			39,581,751	336,260,587	205,559,457	581,401,795	
Financial liabilities							
Payable to the Management Company			-	-	288,009	288,009	
Remuneration payable to the Trustee			-	-	39,725	39,725	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities			-	-	1,965,323	1,965,323	
Total financial liabilities				-	2,293,057	2,293,057	
On balance sheet gap			39,581,751	336,260,587	203,266,400	579,108,738	
Cumulative interest rate gap *			39,581,751	375,842,338	_		

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ There were no off balance sheet financial instruments for the Fund.



19.3.3 Price risk

The Fund was exposed to equity price risk i.e. the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair value of equity securities as a result changes in the levels of Pakistan Stock Exchange Index and the value of individual shares, which arises from investments measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The management of the Fund monitors the proportion of equity securities in its investment portfolio based on market indices. The Fund policy is to manage price risk through diversification and selection of securities within specified limits set by internal risk management guidelines and the requirements of NBFC regulations. The Fund manages those risk by limiting exposure to any single investee company to the extent of 10% of issued capital of that investee company and the net assets of the Fund with overall limit of 30% or index weight whichever is higher subject to maximum of 35% to a single industry sector of the net assets of the Fund (the limit set by NBFC regulations).

The Fund also manages its exposure to price risk by reviewing portfolio allocation as frequently as necessary and at least once a quarter from the aspect of allocation within industry and individual stock within that allocation. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Investment Committee. The primary goal of the Fund's investment strategy is to maximise investment returns.

As at year end, the fund holds no equity instrument and as such is not exposed to any price risk.

19.4 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Fund's operations either internally within the Fund or externally at the Fund's service providers, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of investment management behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Fund's activities.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns for investors.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls over operational risk rests with the Board of Directors of the Management Company. This responsibility encompasses the controls in the following areas:

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- documentation of controls and procedures;
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- ethical and business standards;
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

Unit holder's fund risk management

The Fund's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to its unit holders. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to unit holders and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in markets' conditions.



Under the NBFC regulations 2008, the minimum size of an open end scheme shall be one hundred million rupees at all the times during the life of the scheme. The Fund size depends on the issuance and redemption of units.

20. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

IFRS 13 - 'Fair Value Measurement' establishes a single source of guidance under IFRS for all fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurement where such measurements are required as permitted by other IFRSs. It defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the close of trading i.e. period end date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value as these are short term in nature.

The following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value, based on:

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and

Level 3: those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table shows the carrying amounts of fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities including the levels in the fair value hierarchy:

		2024							
			Carrying	gamount		Fair Value			
On-balance sheet financial instruments		Fair value through profit or loss investments	Amortized coast	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
					(Ruş	oees)			
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Government securities									
- Market treasury bills	6.1	5,302,426,751	-	-	5,302,426,751	-	5,302,426,751	-	5,302,426,751
- Pakistan Investment Bonds	6.2	922,832,400	-	-	922,832,400	922,832,400	-	-	922,832,400
Term finance certificates - Unlisted	6.4	131,165,737	-	-	131,165,737	131,165,737	-	-	131,165,737
		6,356,424,888	-	-	6,356,424,888	1,053,998,137	5,302,426,751	-	6,356,424,888
Financial assets not measured at fair value	20.1								
Short term sukkuk	6.5	-	173,325,720	-	173,325,720	-	-	-	-
Certificate of deposits	6.6	-	329,866,438	-	329,866,438	-	-	-	-
Bank balances	5	-	930,814,808	-	930,814,808	-	-	-	-
Profit / mark-up receivable	7	-	57,315,139	-	57,315,139	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other receivables	8	-	2,850,000	-	2,850,000	-	-	-	-
		-	1,494,172,105	-	1,494,172,105	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	20.1								
Payable to the Management Company	9	-	-	5,767,642	5,767,642	-	-	-	-
Remuneration payable to the Trustee	10	-	-	451,182	451,182	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	12	-	-	2,294,234	2,294,234	-	-	-	-
			-	8,513,058	8,513,058	-	-	-	-



			2023						
			Carrying	amount		Fair Value			
On-balance sheet financial instruments		Fair value through profit or loss investments	Amortized coast	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
					(Rup	ees)			
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Government securities									
- Market treasury bills	6.1	200,873,402	-	-	200,873,402		200,873,402	-	200,873,402
Term finance certificates - Unlisted	6.2	336,260,587	-	-	336,260,587	304,292,587	-	31,968,000	336,260,587
		537,133,989	-	-	537,133,989	304,292,587	200,873,402	31,968,000	537,133,989
Financial assets not measured at fair value	20.1								
Bank balances	5		39,589,225	-	39,589,225		-	-	-
Profit / mark-up receivable	7		8,546,993	-	8,546,993		-	-	-
Deposits and other receivables	8		4,678,581	-	4,678,581		-	-	-
		-	52,814,799	-	52,814,799	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	20.1								
Payable to the Management Company	9		-	288,009	288,009		-	-	-
Remuneration payable to the Trustee	10	-	-	39,725	39,725	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	12	-	-	1,965,323	1,965,323	-	-	-	-
		-	-	2,293,057	2,293,057	-	-	-	-

20.1 The Fund has not disclosed the fair value for these financial assets and financial liabilities, as these are either short term in nature or repriced periodically. Therefore, their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair values.

21. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING OUT OF FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	Redemption of Units	Dividend	Total
Opening balance as at 1 July 2023	<u> </u>	360,935	360,935
Payable against redemption of units	6,908,944,714	-	6,908,944,714
Payable against dividend		877,626,631	877,626,631
	6,908,944,714	877,626,631	7,786,571,345
Amount paid on redemption of units	(6,908,944,714)	-	(6,908,944,714)
Dividend paid	-	(877,325,742)	(877,325,742)
	(6,908,944,714)	(877,325,742)	(7,786,270,456)
Closing balance as at 30 June 2024	-	661,824	661,824

22. SUPPLEMENTARY NON FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The information regarding unit holding pattern, top brokers, members of the Investment Committee, Fund manager, meetings of the Board of Directors of the management company and rating of the Fund and the management company are as follows:

22.1 Unit holding pattern of the Fund

	June 30, 2024				
	No. of	Investment	% of total		
Category	Investors	amount	net assets		
Category		(Rupees)			
Individuals	40	94,044,061	1.20		
Associated Companies and Director	s 41	7,202,124,911	92.51		
NBFC's (Management Company)	1	39,444,373	0.51		
Retirement funds	1	676,542	0.01		
Insurance	6	449,283,383	5.77		
Total	89	7,785,573,270	100.00		



	June 30, 2023				
	No. of	Investment	% of total		
Category	Investors	amount	net assets		
Category		(Rupees)			
Individuals	26	14,612,850	2.54		
Associated Companies and Directors	30	312,211,918	54.18		
NBFC's (Management Company)	2	248,492,201	43.12		
Retirement funds	1	583,471	0.10		
Insurance	2	349,940	0.06		
Others	1	5,444	-		
Total	62	576,255,824	100.00		
			100.00		

22.2 List of top 10 brokers by percentage of commission paid

	(Percentage %)		
Name of broker	2024	2023	
Topline Securities Private Limited	31.91	-	
C&M Management Private Limited	18.35	-	
JS Global Capital Limited	13.86	38.47	
Bright Capital Private Limited	9.84	-	
Continental Exchange Private Limited	8.66	3.10	
Alfalah Securities Private Limited	6.09	-	
Optimus Capital Management Private Limited	5.33	42.47	
EFG Hermes Pakistan	5.02	-	
Magenta Securities Private Limited	0.70	7.16	
KTrade Securities	0.19	-	

22.3 Particulars of the Investment Committee and Fund manager

Following are the members of the investment committee of the Fund:

- Mr. Babar Ali Lakhani (Chairman Investment Committee)
- Mr. Kashif Mustafa (Executive Director & COO)
- Mr. Mustafa O. Pasha (Chief Investment Officer)
- Mr. Hassan Bin Nasir
- Mr. Danial Baig

Mr. Babar Ali Lakhani - Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Lakhani has over twenty three years of investment and portfolio management experience in domestic and international equity and fixed income markets. Mr. Lakhani most recently served as the Chief Investment Officer of Century Insurance, a Public Limited Company listed on the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges of Pakistan. He was an Investment Associate at High Street Advisors and a Research Analyst at Credit Suisse Equity Group (formerly Credit Suisse First Boston). Mr. Lakhani brings extensive investment experience, globally practiced portfolio management discipline, and a comprehensive understanding of the global asset management industry to Lakson Investments Limited.

 $\mbox{Mr.}$ Lakhani received his BA in Finance from Bentley College, and his MBA from Brandeis University.

Mr. Lakhani is a member of the Global Association of Risk Professionals (GARP), the Society of Financial Service Professionals and the Young Presidents' Organization (YPO). Mr. Lakhani



is a member of the Alumni Trustee Committee of Brandeis University and is the school's representative in Pakistan.

Mr. Lakhani was looking after Lakson Asset Allocation Emerging Market Fund and Lakson Asset Allocation Global Commodities Fund. Subsequently, Mr. Umair and Mr. Pasha have designated to manage the Lakson Asset Allocation Emerging Market Fund and Lakson Asset Allocation Global Commodities Fund respectively.

Mr. Kashif Mustafa - Executive Director and COO

Mr. Mustafa has more than fifteen years of experience working in the financial markets of Pakistan local & international brokerage houses, and leading Asset Management Companies. Mr. Mustafa's experience includes; Financial Analysis, Equity Research, Investment Advisory and Business Development.

Mr. Mustafa O. Pasha, CFA - Chief Investment Officer

Mr. Pasha has over fifteen years of experience in the asset management and investment advisory industry. He did his Bachelors in Economics from McGill University (Montreal, Canada) in 2006 and obtained his CFA charter in 2012.

He was previously associated with BMA where he initially served as a fixed income analyst and later became the in house economist for the entire BMA group. Between 2009 - 2012 he supervised fixed income/money market investments across all mutual funds and institutional/HNW accounts advised by BMA. He is also managing Lakson Tactical Fund.

Mr. Hassan Bin Nasir- Fund Manager

Mr. Hassan Bin Nasir has over thirteen years of experience and currently holds positions of Vice President Fixed Income in Lakson Investments Limited. He completed his Masters in Business Administration in Finance major from Bahria University, Pakistan. He has immense experience in managing portfolios across Collective Investment Schemes, Separate Managed Accounts with Strong Fixed Income background, investment strategy and trading experience in instruments including, Government Securities, Corporate Debt Securities, Banking Products and Shariah Compliant Corporate Debt Securities. He is managing the following funds:

- Lakson Income Fund
- Lakson Money Market Fund
- Lakson Asset Allocation Developed Markets Fund

Mr. Mirza Danial Baig

Mr. Baig has a Master's degree in Business Administration, with over eight (8) years of experience in asset management and banking. He has knowledge base in NBFC Rules & Regulations, AML Regulations, corporate governance, formulation of internal policies/mechanisms, development and execution of multi-faceted compliance programs.

He has been associated with Lakson Investments since September 2023, as Manager Compliance, where he is responsible for overseeing the Compliance Function.



2023 - 2024

Name of directors	Meeting Attended	September 04, 2023	October 20, 2023	February 27, 2024	April 30, 2024
Mr. Iqbal Ali Lakhani	4	1	✓	1	✓
Mr. Babar Ali Lakhani	4	/	✓	1	✓
Mr. Amin Mohammed Lakhani	4	1	✓	1	✓
Mr. Jamil Ahmed Mughal	4	1	✓	1	1
		4	4	4	4

22.5 Rating of the Fund and the management company

Details of the ratings of the Fund and the management company are given in note 1.3.

- 23. GENERAL
- 23.1 Corresponding figures have been reclassified / rearranged wherever necessary.
- These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on September 12, 2024.

For Lakson Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director



Performance Table	FY24	FY23	FY22	FY21
Net Assets - Beginning (PKR Mil.)	576	2,618	5,100	3,061
Net Assets - Ending (PKR Mil.)	7786	576	2,618	5,100
Net Asset value per share	101.9433	101.9766	101.3972	101.1275
Selling Price for units	103.6764	103.7102	102.9182	102.6445
Repurchase Price for units	101.9433	101.9766	101.3972	101.1275
Highest Offer Price (PKR)	119.8356	112.1301	111.4865	109.6882
Lowest Offer Price (PKR)	101.8528	102.9514	102.6911	102.5166
Highest Redemption Price (PKR)	117.8324	110.2557	109.8389	108.0671
Lowest Redemption Price (PKR)	100.1502	101.4299	101.1735	101.0015
Beginning NAV - Ex-Div. (PKR)	101.9766	101.3972	101.1275	100.8591
Interim Distributions (PKR)	16.2433	8.8585	8.7114	6.9833
Final Distribution (PKR)	-	-	-	-
Ending NAV - Ex-Div. (PKR)	101.9433	101.3972	101.3972	101.1275
Return	15.95%	9.15%	8.90%	7.19%
Net Income (PKR Mil.)	720	105	115	169
Total Distribution (PKR Mil.)	265	46	109	163
Accumulated Capital Growth	556	101	42	36
WAM (Days)	403	1,251	1,444	697
Average Annual return of the Fund				
One Year	15.95%	9.15%	8.90%	7.19%
Two year	12.55%	9.03%	8.37%	10.94%
Three year	21.29%	8.81%	10.72%	10.38%
Since inception (November 13,2009)	21.87%	16.99%	16.70%	16.23%
Distributions	FY24	FY23	FY22	FY21
Interim Distribution	16.2433	8.8585	8.7114	6.9833
Final Distribution		-	-	-
NAV before Distribution	117.8324	101.3972	109.8389	108.0819
NAV after Distribution	101.5891	101.3972	101.1275	108.0819
Distribution Date	25-Jun-24	19-Jun-23	27-Jun-22	26-Jun-21

DisclaimerPast performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.



Lakson Investments Limited Lakson Square, Building No. 2, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi-74200, Pakistan