



Nimir Resins Limited

Better life Through Chemistry

Table of Contents

02	Company Information
03	Vision and Mission Statement
04	Chairman's Message
05	CEO's Message
06	Our Performance
07	Wealth Generated and Distributed
08	Year at a Glance
09	Key Operating & Financial Data for Last Six Years
10	Core Business
12	Directors' Report
16	Statement of Compliance CCG
18	Auditors' Review Report to the Members CCG
19	Auditors' Report to the Members
22	Financial Statements
28	Notes to the Financial Statements
60	Pattern of Shareholding
63	Notice of Annual General Meeting
	Form of Proxy
	Ballot Paper

Company Information

Board of Directors

Sheikh Amar Hameed Mr. Zafar Mahmood Mr. Khalid Mumtaz Qazi Mr. Muhammad Yahya Khan Mr. Osman Hameed Mr. Khalid Siddiq Tirmizey Mr. Pervaiz Ahmad Khan Mrs. Nazia Qureshi

Chief Financial Officer

Syed Sajid Nasim

Company Secretary

Mr. Muhammad Inam-ur-Rahim

Head of Internal Audit

Mr. Umair Tahir

Auditors

Crowe Hussain Chaudhury & Co. Chartered Accountants

Audit Committee

Mr. Pervaiz Ahmad Khan	
Mrs. Nazia Qureshi	
Mr. Osman Hameed	

Human Resources & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Khalid Siddiq Tirmizey Sheikh Amar Hameed Mr. Zafar Mahmood

Chairman
Member
Member

- Chairman

- Member

- Member

Share Registrar

Corplink (Pvt.) Limited Wings Arcade, 1-K Commercial, Model Town, Lahore. Pakistan. Tel: +92 42 35916714 & 19 Fax: +92 42 35869037 www.corplink.com.pk

- Chairman

- Chief Executive Officer

Legal Advisors

M/s Hassan & Hassan Advocates

Bankers

Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited Askari Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Habib Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited JS Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited Soneri Bank Limited The Bank of Punjab

Registered Office / Plant - 1

14.5 Km, Lahore-Sheikhupura Road, Lahore, Pakistan. Tel : +92 42 37971512-14 Fax: +92 42 37970229

Plant – 2

14.8 Km, Sheikhupura-Faisalabad Road, Bhikhi, Dist. Sheikhupura. Pakistan. Tel : +92 56 3883001 – 7 Fax: +92 56 3883010

Head Office

122-B, New Muslim Town, Lahore, Pakistan. Tel : +92 42 35926090-93 Fax: +92 42 35926099

Karachi Office

607, Progressive Centre, Block-6, PECHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Tel : +92 21 34327661-62

Web Site

www.nimir.com.pk

Our Vision

To become an industry leader through a persistent commitment to customer focus, technical innovation, managerial excellence, entrepreneurial spirit and social responsibility.

23

OUR MISSION

To deliver unparalleled value to stakeholders and continually striving to exceed customer expectations by developing innovative industrial chemical soluitions with special emphasis on workforce, health, safety, environment and contribution to the national economic development.

Dear Stakeholders

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present to you the Annual Report of Nimir Resins Limited (the "Company") highlighting the Company's performance for the year ended June 30, 2024.

In my previous year's report, I had mentioned that 2023-2024 would be difficult year for the Company due to forecast economic difficulties facing the Country. As was expected the Government followed a policy of curtailing demand with resultant contraction of the national economy.

Consequently the company's sales declined by around 8% from previous year. Temptation to reduce prices was compelling but the Company's management resisted price competition and succeeded in maintaining the gross profit percentage to the same as last year.

The very high inflation of over 25% prevailing in the country for most of this financial year took its toll, raising Distribution and Administration costs considerably. State Bank of Pakistan also kept interest rates above 20% for most of year and the Company had to incur financial costs of nearly half a billion rupees. Net profit, under these circumstances, was bound to be hit, but at Rs. 270 million although significantly lower than last year, should still be considered a good achievement.

The Company's management is determined to increase sales significantly next year to more than make up for this year's decline. If economic conditions in the country remain stable, we hope Insha Allah to earn a net profit not only higher than this year but also higher than last year.

On behalf of the Board, I express my sincere appreciation to our customers, management, employees, suppliers and all other stakeholders, who have supported the Company's growth and business performance. Together we hope to achieve even better results in the coming fiscal year Inshallah. May Allah continue to bless us. Ameen.



Sheikh Amar Hameed Chairman

Dear Stakeholders

The financial year 2024 presented many economic and political challenges. Headline inflation consistently remained above 30%, with food inflation rising even higher, forcing consumers to prioritize essential purchases, leaving little room for discretionary spending. Additionally, the discount rate was held at a high 22% for most of the year, which placed significant financial strain on businesses. Despite these challenges, the GDP grew by 2.38%, contrasting with the previous year's contraction of 0.21%. However, record-high inflation eroded consumer purchasing power, reducing demand across key sectors.

Despite this tough environment, Nimir Resins Limited performed reasonably well in FY 2024, achieving a gross turnover of PKR 10 billion, with only an 8% shortfall compared to last year. Due to the high financial costs, the bottom line declined by 30%. Despite these pressures, an EPS of PKR 1.91 per share reflects the company's solid profitability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Looking ahead to FY 2025, we anticipate both opportunities and challenges. While the first quarter may remain tough, we expect improvement as macroeconomic conditions stabilize. The currency has now stabilized, easing inflationary pressures, and the State Bank's recent interest rate cuts have reduced the KIBOR to below 17%, with the hope for further reductions. This should support improved company performance in the current financial year.

Our Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives remain focused on key areas such as education, health, the environment, and community development. We believe long-term stakeholder value can be realized through the diligent execution of top-tier ESG practices, which remain a priority for us.

In conclusion, while uncertainties like climate change and geopolitical tensions still pose risks, my team and I are committed to navigating these complexities and delivering the best possible outcomes.

I sincerely thank all our stakeholders for their support during these challenging times, and I am confident that the plans we have for FY 2025 will further strengthen our position and ensure long-term sustainability, Insha'Allah.



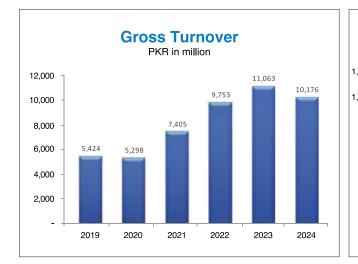
Zafar Mahmood Chief Executive Officer

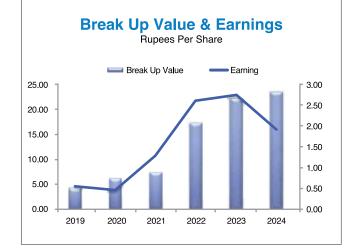


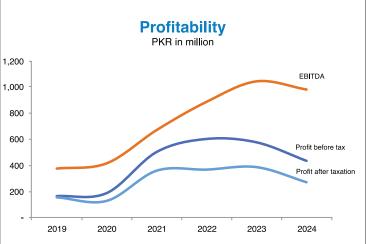
Our Performance

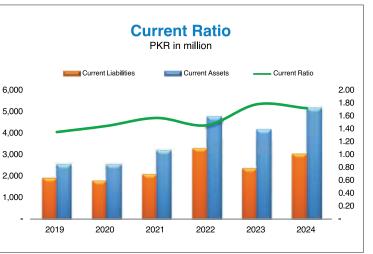
						PKR"Million"
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Gross Turnover	5,424	5,298	7,405	9,753	11,063	10,176
Net Sales	4,883	4,499	6,278	8,271	9,371	8,585
Gross Profit	500	506	794	1,075	1,208	1,165
Operating Profit	389	394	652	906	992	887
Profit Before Tax	164	187	502	602	576	434
Profit after Tax	154	127	359	367	386	270
EBITDA	375	415	670	887	1,044	981
Long term borrowings / Lease	5	23	122	178	122	63
Net Worth	1,166	1,712	2,070	2,433	3,136	3,298
Current Assets	2,515	2,532	3,175	4,745	4,154	5,167
Current Liabilities	1,870	1,758	2,032	3,271	2,341	3,016
Current Ratio	1.34	1.44	1.56	1.45	1.77	1.71
Number of Shares (in Million)	283	283	283	141	141	141
Breakup value per share-Rupees*	4.09	6.02	7.28	17.14	22.11	23.27
Earning per share-Rupees	0.54	0.45	1.27	2.60	2.73	1.91

* Share Face value was increased from Rs 5 To Rs 10 Per Share during the Year 2021-22





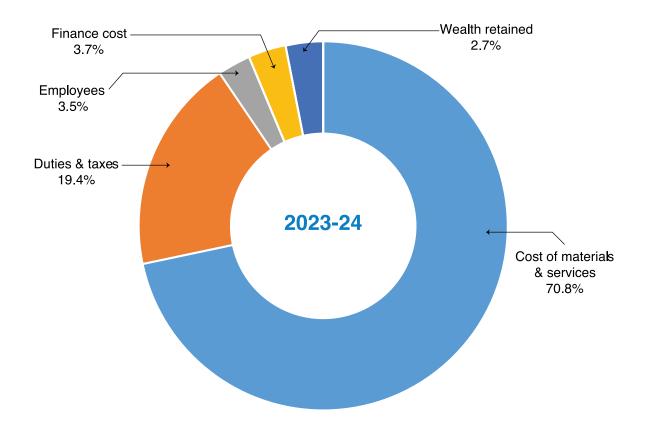




Wealth Generated and Distributed

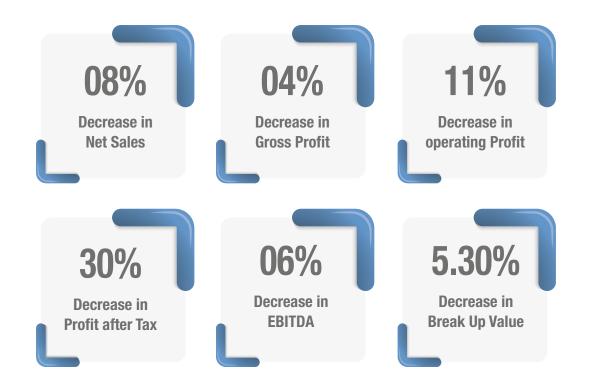
For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	202	24
	Rs in million	Percentage
Wealth Generated		
Sales with sales Tax	10,176	99.5%
Other operating profit	46	0.5%
	10,222	100.0%
Distribution of Wealth		
Cost of materials & services	7,219	70.8%
Duties & taxes	1,981	19.4%
Employees	352	3.5%
Finance cost	376	3.7%
Wealth retained	273	2.7%
	10,201	100.0%



Year at a Glance 2023-2024

Defense Devenden	2024	2023
Performance Parameters	Rs in m	illion
Sales	8,585	9,371
Gross Profit	1,165	1,208
Operating profit	887	992
Finance Cost	445	376
Profit before taxation	434	576
Profit after taxation	270	386
EBITDA	981	1,044
Current Ratio	1.71	1.77
Long term Borrowings to Equity Ratio	1.9 : 98.1	3.7 : 96.3
Interest coverage Ratio	1.98	2.53
Earning per share-Rupees	1.91	2.73
Breakup value per share- Rupees	23.27	22.11



Key Operating & Financial Data for Last Six Years

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
			Rs in m	illion		
Summary of Profit and Loss						
Net Sales	4,883	4,499	6,278	8,271	9,371	8,585
Gross Profit	500	506	794	1,075	1,208	1,165
Operating profit	389	394	652	906	992	887
Finance Cost	168	185	113	214	376	445
Profit before taxation	164	187	502	602	576	434
Profit after taxation	154	127	359	367	386	270
EBITDA	375	415	670	887	1,044	981
Financial Position						
Share Capital	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413	1,413
Net Worth	1,166	1,712	2,070	2,433	3,136	3,298
Long term borrowings and Lease	5	23	122	178	122	63
Deferred Liabilities	11	36	80	82	126	110
Current Liabilities	1,870	1,758	2,032	3,271	2,341	2,979
Total Liabilities	1,886	1,817	2,234	3,531	2,589	3,189
Non Current Assets	537	997	1,128	1,219	1,571	1,320
Current Assets	2,515	2,532	3,175	4,745	4,154	4,938
Total Assets	3,052	3,529	4,303	5,963	5,725	6,487
Investor Information						
Gross profit margin	10.24%	11.24%	12.65%	12.99%	12.89%	13.57%
Pre tax margin	3.35%	4.16%	8.00%	7.28%	6.15%	5.06%
Net profit margin	3.15%	2.83%	5.71%	4.44%	4.12%	3.15%
Current Ratio	1.34	1.44	1.56	1.45	1.77	1.71
Long term Borrowing to Equity Ratio	0.5 : 99.5	1.3 : 98.7	5.5 : 94.5	6.8 : 93.2	3.7 : 96.3	1.9 : 98.1
Interest cover (Times)	1.98	2.01	5.46	3.82	2.53	1.98
Earnings per share-Rupees	0.54	0.45	1.27	2.60	2.73	1.91
Breakup value per share-Rupees *	4.09	6.02	7.28	17.14	22.11	23.27

* Breakup value is calculated after excluding share deposit money from net worth.
 * Share Face value was increased from Rs 5 To Rs 10 Per Share during the Year 2021-22

Core Business at a Glance

Coatings, Emulsions & Polyesters	Coatings & Emulsions	 One of the Leading & Oldest manufacturer of Resins, Emulsions & Additives for the Coatings industry. Range include following products. All types of Alkyd Resins & Modified Alkyds for Decorative, Refinish & OEM Paints. Amino Resins, Saturated Polyesters, Epoxy ester & Urethane Alkyds. Rosin modified Maleic & Phenolic Resins. Thermo plastic, Thermo setting & Acrylic Polyol Resins. Metal Driers (Cobalt, Zirconium & Calcium) Acrylic, Styrene Acrylic & PVA Emulsion binders. Wetting Agent, Antifoam, Liquid polymeric Pigment & Emulsifiers.
Coatings, Emu	Unsaturated Polyester Resins	 A complete line of Resin products for composites. General purpose & Gel Coat Resins for Tanks, Ducts, Pipes, sheets & Articles. Chemicals Resistant Resin. Filament Winding Resin, Pigment dispersion Resin & Accelerator catalyst. Promoted & Non promoted Resins.
	Textile Chemicals / Auxiliaries	 Complete range of specialty chemicals for pre-treatment and finishing for textile industry including. Textile Auxiliaries Optical Brighteners Binders and PVAs PVAs for finishing Binders for non-woven & woven interlining
t, Solvents & Monomers	Pulp & Paper Chemicals	 Manufacturing all sizing solutions for paper industry including Alkaline, Alkyl Ketene Dimer (AKD) Neutral and Acidic sizing Coating Chemicals. Specialty Chemicals Optical Brightening Agent Sizing Agents Antifoam Dispersing Agent
Textile, Paper, Adhesives,	Adhesives	 Food grade packaging Flexible packaging Laminate glue
	Solvents & Monomers	 Providing tailor made solutions. Liquid Formulations

















Directors' Report

The Board of Directors of Nimir Resins Limited (the "Company") feels pleasure in presenting to you the 60th Annual Report along with the Audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Economic Overview

In FY-2024, the Pakistani economy began a path toward gradual stabilization, showing moderate signs of recovery. GDP grew by 2.38%, in contrast to a contraction of 0.21% in the previous year. The agricultural sector experienced a robust rebound with 6.25% growth, while the industrial sector saw marginal improvement at 1.21% following last year's decline of 2.94%. However, inflated utility costs and record-high inflation throughout the year eroded consumer purchasing power, leading to reduced demand across key sectors. The exceptionally high interest rates, along with the introduction of super tax, further constrained profitability.

Although the central bank has lowered interest rates to 17.5% and inflation has fallen to single digits, persistently high baseline costs continue to suppress consumer spending, dampening demand in our key businesses.

Operating Results

In line with broader economic trends, the Company's performance was affected by reduced demand across all business segment. The Company's performance for FY-2024 is summarized below:

	2024	2023
	PKR N	Aillion
Gross Sales	10,176	11,063
Gross Profit	1,165	1,207
Operating Profit	887	992
Profit After Taxation	270	385
Earnings Per Share (PKR)	1.91	2.73

Revenue decreased by 8% year-on-year due to lower market demand, while operating profit fell by 10.5%. Furthermore, financial costs rose by 18%, resulting in a 30% reduction in earnings per share (EPS).

Future Outlook

The new fiscal year, which began on July 1, 2024, brought some hope for recovery, driven by easing inflation, decreasing interest rates, and the potential for an IMF bailout package. However, elevated baseline costs remain a significant concern. Domestic demand across sectors such as paint, textiles, and paper continues to face challenges. Furthermore, the global economic slowdown and declining crude oil prices could lead to potential inventory losses in the coming quarters.

Nevertheless, we remain optimistic about recovery. As we progress through FY-2025, we expect improved performance, supported by a more stable macroeconomic environment.

We are committed to delivering stronger results in the months ahead and consistently providing value to all stakeholders, Insha'Allah.

Credit Rating

PACRA (Pakistan Credit Rating Agency) has maintained the credit rating of the Company at A - for long-term and A 2 for short-term.

Summary of Key Operating and financial data of last Six financial years

Summary of key operating and financial data of last six years is annexed.

Outstanding Statutory Payments

All outstanding payments are of nominal and of routine nature.

Retirement Benefit Schemes

The Company operates a funded gratuity scheme for its employee as referred in Note-12 to the accounts.

Board of Directors

Currently, the Board of Directors consists of seven members and Chief Executive Officer of which seven male and one female. Out of these directors, two are executive, three are non-executive, and three are independent.

The board has two sub committees: Audit Committee and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee, the composition of which are shown below:

Audit Committee:

1.	Mr. Pervaiz Ahmad Khan	Chairman, Independent Director
2.	Mrs. Nazia Qureshi	Member, Independent Director
3.	Mr. Osman Hameed	Member, Non-Executive Director
Hum	an Resource and Remuneration Co	ommittee:

1.	Mr. Khalid Siddiq Tirmizey	Chairperson, Independent Director
2.	Sheikh Amar Hameed	Member, Non-Executive Director
3.	Zafar Mahmood	Member, Executive Director

During the fiscal year, six (6) Board, four (4) Audit Committee, and one (1) Human Resource & Remuneration Committee meetings were held. Attendance by each director is as follows:

Name of Director	Board of Directors	Audit Committee	HR & R Committee
Sheikh Amar Hameed	6 / 6	-	1/1
Mr. Zafar Mahmood	6 / 6	-	1/1
Mr. Khalid Mumtaz Qazi	6/6	-	-
Mr. Osman Hameed	6/6	4 / 4	-
Mr. Muhammad Yahya Khan	6/6	-	-
Mr. Pervaiz Ahmad Khan	6/6	4 / 4	-
Mrs. Nazia Qureshi	6/6	4 / 4	1/1
Mr. Khalid Siddiq Tirmizey	4 / 6	-	-

Board Evaluation

In accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) and the Companies Act, 2017 the evaluation of the Board, its committees, and individual directors was conducted. The Board is assisted by sub-committees i.e., the Audit Committee and the HR&R Committee, and these sub-committees held meetings during the year as per the stipulations of CCG. It is also important to recognize the key role played by the sub-committees in assisting Board of Directors in performing their duties.

Directors' Remuneration Policy

Executive Directors' remuneration is paid in line with the Company's formal policy, approved by the Board of Directors which is in accordance with the Companies Act, 2017 and the CCG. The fee of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors for attending the Board and Committee meetings of the Company is determined by the Board from time to time.

Corporate Governance

As required by the Code of Corporate Governance (incorporated in the Listing Rules of the stock exchanges in the country), the Board of Directors is pleased to state:

The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company,

present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.

- Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There is no significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- Key operating and financial data for the last 6 years is annexed.; and
- Outstanding taxes and levies are given in the notes to the financial statements.

The management of the Company is committed to following good corporate governance, taking all appropriate measures to comply with best practices, and continuously reviewing the system of internal controls in the light of Companies Act 2017.

Corporate Social Responsibilities

The Company recognizes its social responsibilities as a key member of the community. It is committed to contribute its resources for the betterment of the environment without prejudice. Its Health, Safety, and environmental (HSE) policies are geared towards the betterment of employees and community.

The Company ensures environment friendly operations, products, and services while promoting environmental awareness among its employee and the community. It inducts employees from the surrounding community, offers internship/apprenticeship opportunities to technical institutes, encourages student visits from different educational institutions and planting trees etc. The Company also supports needy children of the employees for studies to promote education in the country.

Sustainability ESG

The Company recognizes the importance of and is committed to adhering to SECP's regulatory guidelines on ESG disclosure. Given the significant impact of ESG factors on investor confidence, financial stability, and overall business viability, integrating sustainability considerations into our operations will help mitigate risks, enhance our reputation, and offer sustainable products and services. This approach ultimately creates long-term value for all stakeholders.

External Auditors

The present auditor, Crowe Hussain Chaudhury and Company, Chartered Accountant, who are retiring this year, have offered themselves for reappointment. Being eligible, the audit committee has recommended the reappointment of Crowe Hussain Chaudhury and Company, Chartered Accountant as the external auditor of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2025.

Internal Financial Control

The Company has a system of internal control which is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored. The Board assumes the overall responsibility of overseeing the internal control processes.

Related Party Transaction

The Company has made detailed disclosures about the related party transaction in the financial statements annexed with the annual report. Such

disclosure is in line with the requirement of the Companies Act, 2017 and applicable international Financial Reporting Standards.

A complete list of all Related Party Transaction is compiled and submitted by the Internal Auditor, which has verified that all transactions or arrangements with the related parties were carried out in the ordinary course and are conducted on an arm's length basis to the Board's Audit Committee every quarter. After the review by the Audit Committee the transactions or arrangements with all the related parties were placed before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval.

Dividend / Bonus Shares

The Board, after examining the financial position of the Company, have decided to keep the company liquid to the maximum possible extent under the current difficult economic situation. The Board has recommended a full and final cash dividend of Re. 1 per share (i.e. 10%) for the year ended recommended for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Scheme of Arrangement

On February 12, 2024, in pursuance of the sanction by the Honourable Lahore High Court of the "Scheme of Arrangement" filed by the Company and its Parent Company Nimir Management Private Limited (NMPL) and ultimate parent Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited (NICL), NMPL was liquidated and the assets held by this company was transferred to its shareholders after paying off its liabilities. Furthermore, NICL also distributed the shares of NRSL held by it (including the shares transferred by NMPL) to its shareholders in proportion to their shareholding in NICL. Consequently, NRSL seized to be a subsidiary of NICL from February 12, 2024.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding of the Company is annexed. There was no trading in the shares of the Company by the Directors, Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, Company Executives and their spouses and minor children during the year except those which are mentioned in the annexed statement required under the Code of Corporate Governance.

Necessary returns in this respect were filed with the regulatory authorities besides informing the Board and the Stock Exchange of the said transactions as required under the Code of Corporate Governance.

Subsequent Event

No material changes and commitment affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year i.e. June 30, 2024 and date of this report.

Acknowledgment

We are thankful to our valued stakeholders including regulators, customers, banks, suppliers, contractors, and shareholders for their excellent support and confidence. We also thank our employees for their focussed dedication and hard work throughout this period.

For and on behalf of the Board

Zafar Mahmood Chief Executive Officer Lahore, September 18, 2024

Khalid Mumtaz Qazi Director

ڈائر یکٹرز کی معاوضہ پالیسی

داخلى مالياتى كثرول اندرونى كنثر ول ب نظام كا ڈیزائن منتحكم ہے اور اسكى مؤثر طریقے سے عملدر آمد اور تكرانى كى جاتى ہے۔ بورڈ داخلى كنثر ول سے عمل كى تكرانى كى مجموعى ذمہ دارى كو قبول كرتا ہے۔ متعلقہ پارٹى لين دين تقصيلى انكشافات سے ہيں۔ بيا نكشاف كينيز ايك ، 2017 اور قابل اطلاق بين الاقوامى مالياتى ر بور نُنگ معيارات سے مطابق ہے۔ نقصيلى انكشافات سے ہيں۔ بيا كمل فہرست مرت كى تكى ہے اور داخلى آ ڈيئر کو جمع كرائى گئى ہے، جس نے تقد این كى ہے كہ متعلقہ فرايقوں سے ساتھ تمام لين دين الاقوامى مالياتى اور بورڈ كى آ ڈ ٹ كميٹى كو ہر سہ ماہى ميں قابل رسائى بنياد پر منعقد كے گئے ہيں۔ آ ڈ ٹ كميٹى كے جائز ہے كے بعد تمام متعلقہ فرايقوں سے ساتھ لين دين يا از ظامات عام معمول ميں انجام پا كے اور بورڈ كى آ ڈ ٹ كميٹى كو ہر سہ ماہى ميں قابل رسائى بنياد پر منعقد كے گئے ہيں۔ آ ڈ ٹ كميٹى كے

ڈیویڈ بیڈ/یوٹس شیئرز ا^ت بورڈ نے کمپنی کی مالی حثیت کا جائزہ لینے کے بعد موجودہ اقتصادی حالات کے پیش نظر کمپنی لیکویڈ کو زیادہ سے زیادہ مکد سطح تک برقر ارر کھنے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے ۔ چنانچہ بورڈ نے 30 جون 2024 کے) کی لئے 1 روپیدین شیئر (یعنی10 فیصد)حتی نفذ منافع/ڈیویڈیڈ کی سفارش کی ہے۔

انظامات کی اسکیم 12 فروری2024 ، کولا ہور ہائی کورٹ کی جانب سے کمپنی اوراس کی پیرنٹ کمپنی نمرینیجنٹ پرائیوٹ لمیٹڈ (این ایم پی ایل) اورالٹیمیٹ پیرنٹ نمر انڈسٹریل کیمیکز لمیٹڈ (این آئی سی ایل) کی جانب

سید دائر کی گئی اسیم آف انتظامات کی منظوری کی تعلیم میں این ایم پی ایل کوشتم کردیا گیا اور اس کمپنی سے دائر کی گئی اسیم آف انتظامات کی منظوری کی تعلیم میں این ایم پی ایل کوشتم کردیا گیا اور اس کمپنی این آئی سی ایل نے این آرالیں ایل کے حصص (این ایم پی ایل کے ذریعے منتقل کیے گئے حصص سمیت) کو بھی این آئی سی ایل میں ان کی شیئر ہولڈنگ کے تناسب سے ایپ شیئر ہولڈرز میں تقسیم کیا۔ نیتجناً این آرالیں ایل 12 فروری 2024 سے این آئی سی ایل کا ماتحت ادارہ نہیں رہا۔

محود پطس داری کمپنی کانمونہ چصص داری منسلک ہے۔سال کے دوران کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹو، چیف فنانشل آفیسر، کمپنی سکرٹری، کمپنی ایگزیکٹواوران کے زوج اور نابالغ بچوں کے ذریعے کمپنی کے حصص میں کوئی ٹریڈیکٹ نہیں گی گئی، اسوائے جس کا ذکر کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس (سی سی جن) کے ضابطہ کے حت درکار منسلہ بیان میں کیا گیا ہے۔ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے تحت درکار، مذکورہ لین دین کا بورڈ اوراسٹاک اسٹی بچر کو مطلع کرنے کے علاوہ بابت ہذا میں ضروری ریٹرز ریگولیٹری اقصار ٹی کے ہاں داخل کی گئی ہیں۔

ہیلنس شیٹ کے بعد کے **اقعات** مالی سال سے اخترام یعنی 30 جون، 2024 اور اس رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے درمیان کمپنی کی مالی پوزیشن کو متاثر کرنے والی کوئی مادی تبدیلی اور وابستگی واقع نہیں ہوئی ہے۔

ا ظہارتشکر ہم اپنے قابل قدر اسٹیک ہولڈرزسمیت ریگولیٹر، صارفین ، بینکوں، سپلائرز، ٹھیکیداروں اور تصص داران کے شاندار تعاون اوراعتاد کے شکر گذار ہیں۔ہم اس پوری مدت میں اپنے ملاز مین کی مرکوز توجہاور تخت محنت کا بھی شکر بیاداکرتے ہیں۔

منجانب بورڈ

Ound

خالدمتاز قاضي

ڈائر یکٹر

and a ظفرمحمود

چف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر

ا گیز بکٹوڈائر بکٹرز کا معاوض کیپنیز ایکٹ، 2017 اور کوڈ آف کاریوریٹ گورنٹس سے مطابق بورڈ کی مندرونی طرف سے منظور شدہ رسی پالیسی سے مطابق طے کیا گیا ہے۔ کمپنی نے بورڈ اور کمپٹی کے اجلاسوں میں ہے۔ ب^{ور} مت**طقہ پا** شرکت کے لئے نان ایگز بکٹواور آزادڈائر بکٹرز کی فیس کانعین وفاً فو قاً بورڈ کرتا ہے۔ کمپنی سے کورنٹس بیکسہ

(ملک میں اسٹاک ایسچیجز کے فہرتی قوانین میں شامل) کارپوریٹ گورنٹس کے ضابطہ کے مطابق ، بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز بخوشِ بیان کرتے ہیں: ______

- سلمینی کی انتظامیہ کی طرف سے تیار کردہ، مالیاتی حسابات، اس کے امور، آپریشنز کے نتائج، نقدی بہا دَاورا یکوئی میں تبدیلیوں کو منصفانہ طور پر خاہر کرتے ہیں۔
 - سیمپنی کے کھانتہ جات بالکل صحیح طور سے بنائے گئے ہیں۔ سال
- مالی حسابات کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کو تسلسل کے ساتھ لا گو کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے خمینہ جات مناسب اور دانشمندا نہ فیصلوں پر پنی ہیں۔
- مالی حسابات کی تیار کی میں پاکستان میں لاگو مین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات (IFRS) کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔
- اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام کا ڈیزائن مشحکم ہے اور اسکی مؤثر طریقے سے مملدرآ مداور تگرانی کی ۔ جاتی ہے۔
 - سستمینی کے گوئنگ کنسرن ہونے کی صلاحت پرکوئی قابل ذکر شکوک دشبہات نہیں ہیں۔ ویتہ تہ ہو زیرہ یہ تفصل ہو سب کے بنہ سب رویہ عل سب کر ہو رنبوں نیز ر
- فہرسی قواعد دضوابط میں تفصیلی کار پوریٹ گورنٹس کے بہترین عمل سے کوئی مادی انحراف نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔ ______

لمپنی کی انتظامیہ اچھے کار پوریٹ گورنٹ کے لئے پُرعزم ہے، اور بہترین طریقوں کے مطابق عمل کرنے کے لئے مناسب اقدامات کئے گئے ہیں۔ تاہم کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کمپنیزا یکٹ 2017 کی روشنی میں داخلی کنٹرول کے نظام کامسلسل جائزہ لینے کے لئے پُرعزم ہے۔ کار پوریٹ سابری ذمیدداریاں

کمپنی کمیونی کے ایک اہم رکن کے طور پراپنی ساجی ذمہ داریوں کو تسلیم کرتی ہے۔ یہ غیر جانبدارانہ نفطہ نظر کے ساتھ بہتر ماحول کے لئے اپنے وسائل کو شریک کرنے میں مصروف ہے۔ اس کی حفاظتی، صحت اور ماحولیاتی (HSE) پالیسیاں ملاز مین اور کمیونی کی بہتری کے لئے تیار کی گئی ہیں۔ کمپنی ماحول دوست، مصنوعات اور خدمات کو یقینی بناتی ہے اور اپنے ملاز مین اور کمیونی کے درمیان ماحولیاتی شعور کو فروغ دیتی ہے۔ یہ ارد گرد کی کمیونی سے ملاز مین کو ترجی دیتی اور کمیونی کے درمیان انٹر شپس اور اپڑیس شپ کے مواقع پیش کرتی ہے۔ یہ خلف تعلیمی اداروں کے طالب علموں کی طرف سے دوروں اور شجر کاری وغیرہ کی حوصلدافزائی کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی ملک میں تعلیم کو فروغ دینے دینے کے لئے ملاز مین کے ضرورت مند بچوں کی مدد بھی کرتی ہے۔

سمپنی ESG کے انگشاف پر SECP کی ریگولیٹری ہدایات پڑس کرنے کی اہمیت کو تسلیم کرتی ہے اور اس پڑس کرنے کے لئے پُر عزم ہے۔ سرمایہ کاروں کے اعتاد، مالی استحکام اور مجموعی کاروباری قابلیت پرای ایس جی عوال کے نمایاں اثر ات کود کھتے ہوئے، ہمارے آپریشنز میں پائیداری کے خیالات کو مربوط کرنے سے خطرات کو کم کرنے، ہماری سا کھ کو بڑھانے اور پائیدار مصنوعات اور خدمات پیش کرنے میں مدد ملے گی۔ پیفظہ نظر بالآخر تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لئے طویل مدتی قدر پیدا کرتا ہے۔

پیروٹی محاسب موجودہ محاسب میسرز کروو^حسین چوہدری اینڈ کمپنی ، چارٹرڈ اکا دَنٹنٹ ، اس سال سبکدوش ہورہے ہیں، نے اہل ہونے کی بناء پر، دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے اپنے آپ کو پیش کیا ہے۔آڈٹ کمپٹی نے 30 جون 2025ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے کمپنی کے بیرونی محاسب کے طور پر میسرز کروو حسین چوہدری اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکا دُنٹنٹ کی دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

لاہور

18 ستمبر 2024ء

ڈ ائر بکٹرزر **پور**ٹ

و سیج تر معانی رجحانات کے مطابق ، چی کی کارگردگی تمام کاروباری شعبوں میں م طلب کی وجہ سے متاثر ہوئی۔مالی سال 2024 کے لئے کمپنی کی کارگردگی کا خلاصہذیل میں ہے:

2023 2024	ŧ
پا کستانی روپیلین میں	
11,063 10,17	6
1,207 1,16	65
992 88	87
385 2	70
2.73 1.9	31

مارکیٹ کی طلب میں کمی کی دجہ سے آمدنی میں سال بہ سال 8 فیصد کمی واقع ہوئی جبکہ آپریٹنگ منافع میں 10.5 فیصد کمی واقع ہوئی۔مزید برآں، مالی اخراجات میں 18 فیصد اضافہ ہوا، جس کے نتیج میں فی حصص آمدنی (ای پی ایس) میں 30 فیصد کمی واقع ہوئی۔ مستقبل کا فقط نظر

کیم جولائی 2024 کوشروع ہونے والے نئے مالی سال نے افراط زر میں کمی، شرح سود میں کمی اور آئی ایم ایف سے بیل آؤٹ پیچ کے امکانات کی وجہ سے بحالی کی کچھ اُمیدیں پیدا کیں۔تاہم، زیادہ میں لائن اخراجات ایک اہم تشویش ہے۔ پینٹ، ٹیکسائل اور کاغذ جیسے شعبوں میں مقامی طلب کو مشکلات کا سامنا ہے۔مزید برآں،عالی اقتصادی ست روی اور خام تیل کی قیتوں میں کمی آئندہ سہ ماہیوں میں ممکنہ انوینٹری نقصانات کا باعث بن سکتی ہے۔ تاہم، ہم بحالی کے لئے پُر اُمید ہیں ماہیوں میں ممکنہ انوینٹری نقصانات کا باعث بن سکتی ہے۔ تاہم، ہم بحالی کے لئے پُر اُمید ہیں۔ میں اکہ مالی سال 2025 کے دوران ،ہم بہتر کارکردگی کی تو قع کرتے ہیں، جس میں زیادہ شخکم ہولڈرز کوسلس قدر فراہم کرنے کے لئے پرعز م میں، انشاء اللہ۔ مولڈرز کوسلس قدر فراہم کرنے کے لئے پرعز م میں، انشاء اللہ۔ مدی PACRA (پاکستان کر یڈٹ ریڈنگ ایجنسی) نے کمپنی کی کر یڈٹ ریڈنگ طویل مدتی ۔ A اور مختص مدتی 2 A برقر اررکھی ہے۔

گزشتہ چومالی سالوں کے کلیدی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی اعداد دوشار کا خلاصہ گزشتہ چوسالوں کے اہم آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی اعداد دشار کا خلاصہ منسلک ہے۔

بقاما قانوني إدائيگيان تمام بقایادا ئیگیاں برائے نام اور معمولی نوعیت کی ہیں۔ رىٹائرمنە كۈائدكى سىمىن: کمپنی اپنے ملاز مین کے لئے اکاؤنٹس کے نوٹ 12 پر درج ،ایک فنڈ ڈگر یجؤٹی اسکیم چلاتی ہے۔ بورد آف دائر يکٹرز فى لحال بوردْ آف دْ اىرْ يكٹرزسات (7) اركان ، اورايك چيف ايكٹو آفيسر (سات مرداورايک خاتون) ڈائر یکٹر پر مشتل ہے۔ ان ڈائر یکٹرز میں ہے دو(2) ایگز کیٹو، نین (3) نان ایگز کیٹواور تین (3) آزادڈائر یکٹر ہیں۔ بورڈ کی دوذیلی کمیٹیاں یعنی آڈٹ کمیٹی اور ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمزیشن کمیٹی ہیں۔ان دوکمیٹیوں کی ترتيب هب ذيل ب: آ ڈٹ کمیٹی: چيئر مين،آ زاد ڈائر يکٹر 1_جناب يرويز احمدخان رکن،آ زادڈائر یکٹر 2_محترمەنازىيقرىش رکن،نانا گیزیکٹوڈائر یکٹر 3_جناب عثان حميد ېيومن ريسورس ايند ريمنريش کميڻي: 1 ـ جناب خالدصد بق طرمزی چیئر مین، آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر 2_شخىعام حميد 🔹 ركن، نان ايگزيڭو ڈائريگٹر 3_جناب ظفر محمود 🔹 رکن،ا یگزیکٹوڈائر یکٹر زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران چھ(6)بورڈ، جار (4) آڈٹ کمیٹی اور ایک (1) ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ر مینریشن عمیٹی کے اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ ہرایک ڈائر یکٹر کی حاضر می حسب ذیل ہے:

ایچ آر پھر مینزیشن کمیٹی	آ ڈ ٹ ^ی یٹی	بورذآف ڈائز یکٹرز	نام ڈائر یکٹر
1/1	-	6/6	شیخ عامر <i>حم</i> ید
1/1	-	6/6	ظفر محمود
-	-	6/6	خالد ممتاز قاضى
-	4/4	6/6	عثان حميد
-	-	6/6	محمه يحيى خان
-	4/4	6/6	پرویز احمد خان
1/1	4/4	6/6	محترم نذيه قريثى
-	-	4/6	خالد صديق طرمزى
			.47 /

پورڈ کی تعقیص کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنٹس (سی سی جی)اور پینیزا یکٹ 2017 کے مطابق بورڈ،اس کی کمیٹیوں اور انفرادی ڈائر یکٹرز کی تتنتیص کی گئی۔ بورڈ کی مددذیلی کمیٹیوں ، یعنی آڈٹ کمیٹی اورا پنج آراینڈ آر کمیٹی کے ذریعے کی جاتی ہے،اوران ذیلی کمیٹیوں نے کار پوریٹ گورنٹس کے ضابطہ اخلاق کی شرائط کے مطابق سال کے دوران اجلاس منعقد کئے۔اپنے فرائض کی ادائیگی میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی مدد کرنے میں ذیلی کمیٹیوں کے کلیدی کردارکوتسلیم کرنا بھی ضروری ہے۔

Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies

(Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Nimir Resins Limited (the "Company") has complied the requirement of the Regulations in the following manner:

Note: The Board is reconstituted after the election in December 2022.

- 1. The total members of the Board were 08, number of elected directors is 07 and a CEO as detailed below:
 - a. Male : 07
 - b. Female : 01
- 2. The composition of the board is as follows:

S. No.	Category	Name
1	Independent Director	1. Mr. Pervaiz Ahmad Khan
		2. Mr. Khalid Siddiq Tirmizey
		3. Mrs. Nazia Qureshi
2	Executive Director	1. Mr. Zafar Mahmood - Chief Executive Officer
		2. Mr. Khalid Mumtaz Qazi
3	Non- Executive Director	1. Sheikh Amar Hameed - Chairman
		2. Mr. Muhammad Yahya Khan
		3. Mr. Osman Hameed
4	Female Director	1. Mrs. Nazia Qureshi

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this, Company.
- The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company
 along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that
 complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of the meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and the Regulations.
- 9. All the directors had successfully completed their respective training under Directors' Training Program in prior years.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- **11.** CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.

- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
 - I. Audit Committee:
 - I. Mr. Pervaiz Ahmad Khan Chairman
 - II. Mrs. Nazia Qureshi
 - III. Mr. Osman Hameed
 - II. HR and Remuneration Committee:
 - I. Mr. Khalid Siddiq Tirmizey Chairman
 - II. Sheikh Amar Hameed
 - III. Mr. Zafar Mahmood
- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half-yearly/yearly) of the committees were as per following:

I. Audit Committee

One yearly, one half yearly and two quarterly meetings were held during the financial year ended June 30, 2024.

II. HR & Remuneration Committee

One meeting was held during the financial year ended June 30, 2024.

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function, which is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.
- **19.** Explanation for noncompliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36, are below: Not Applicable.

For Nimir Resins Limited

Sheikh Amar Hameed Chairman

Lahore September 18, 2024

Zafar Mahmood Chief Executive Officer

Independent Auditors' Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the CCG

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Nimir Resins Limited ("the Company") for the year ended June 30, 2024 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any noncompliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Crowe Hostin On Co

CROWE HUSSAIN CHAUDHURY & CO. Chartered Accountants

Lahore September 18, 2024 UDIN:CR202410169zIDBTsmwV

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of NIMIR RESINS LIMITED (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024 and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2024 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matters:

Key Audit Matters	How the Matter was Addressed in our Report
1. Recoverability of Trade Debts	
Refer to note 22 to the financial statements. The trade debts of the Company as at June 30, 2024 are Rs. 1.929 billion. IFRS 9 requires the entities to incorporate an allowance for the impairment of financial assets using Expected Credit Loss (ECL) approach. The Company has incorporated a provision of Rs. 105.671 million as expected credit loss against trade debts. We have considered this matter as a key audit matter as the determination of ECL requires significant judgment and assumptions including consideration of factors such as forward looking. Furthermore, trade debts represent 29.74% of the total assets of the Company as at June 30, 2024.	 We performed the following procedures: Reviewed the procedures employed by the Company for the estimation of recoverability of trade debts and for the determination of required ECL. Reviewed the judgments, assumptions, historical credit loss and forward-looking factors exercised by the management for the development of ECL model. Obtained aging reports and, on sample basis checked the correctness of these reports. Assessed the adequacy of ECL provision by performing recalculation on sample basis. Assessed the adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements according to the requirements of the International Financial Reporting Standards.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

2. Stock in trade	
Refer to note 3.6 & 21 to the financial statements.	Our key audit procedures included:
The Company's stock in trade as at June 30, 2024 is Rs. 2.473 billion and stock in trade is stated at lower of cost and estimated net realizable value.	 Observing physical inventory count procedures and comparing, on a sample basis, physically counted inventories with valuation sheets provided by the management
We have considered this area as a key audit matter due to its size, representing 38.12% of the total assets of the Company as at June 30, 2024 and the indement involved in volvation	 Comparing on a sample basis specific purchases and directly attributable costs with underlying supporting documents.
2024 and the judgment involved in valuation.	• Checking the accumulation of costs at different stages of production to ascertain the valuation of finished goods on a sample basis.
	• Comparing the net realizable value, on a sample basis, to the cost of finished goods to assess whether any adjustments are required to stocks value in accordance with applicable accounting and reporting standards.
	 Assessing the provision for slow moving stocks as of the reporting date and assessed whether it is in accordance with the Company's policies and relevant accounting and reporting standards.
	• Considering adequacy of the related disclosures and assessed whether these are in accordance with the applicable accounting and financial reporting standards.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether
 a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
 If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial
 statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of
 our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Nasir Muneer.

Crowe Hossim On Co

CROWE HUSSAIN CHAUDHURY & CO. Chartered Accountants

Statement of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2024

Note	2024	2023
Note	Rupees	Rupees
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Share Capital and Reserves		
150,000,000 (2023: 150,000,000 of Rs. 10 each) Ordinary		
shares of Rs. 10 each	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital 5	1,413,210,640	1,413,210,640
Share deposit money 6	-	9,391,005
Sponsors' interest free loans - unsecured	6,886,251	107,000,000
Reserves 7	1,084,860,722	808,350,998
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant		
and equipment - net 8	793,261,430	797,574,562
	3,298,219,043	3,135,527,205
	-,,,	-,,
Non Current Liabilities		
Long term financing 9	5,000,000	90,000,000
Loan from related parties - unsecured 10	21,568,799	-
Lease liabilities 11	36,856,160	31,990,042
Post employment benefit obligations 12	59,635,948	42,091,474
Deferred tax liability 13	50,229,571	83,716,039
	173,290,478	247,797,555
Current Liabilities		
Trade and other payables 14	732,572,052	1,096,284,486
Unclaimed dividends	292,819	292,819
Accrued mark up	69,326,490	44,692,748
Short term borrowings 15	1,887,700,631	851,376,791
Current portion of long term financing 9	10,000,000	68,928,574
Current portion of lease liabilities 11	10,121,958	8,154,960
Provision for taxation 16	269,787,805	271,965,145
	2,979,801,755	2,341,695,523
Liabilities related to asset classified as held for sale 27	36,000,000	-
Contingencies and Commitments 17	-	-
Total Equity and Liabilities	6,487,311,276	5,725,020,283

	Note	2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
ASSETS			
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	18	1,229,864,109	1,503,350,659
Right-of-use assets	19	43,882,734	40,578,053
Long term deposits	20	46,194,970	27,015,270
		1,319,941,813	1,570,943,982
Current Assets			
Stores and spares		31,794,956	28,317,927
Stock in trade	21	2,473,142,082	1,616,419,011
Trade debts	22	1,929,140,250	1,942,682,334
Loans and advances	23	58,105,590	49,865,304
Prepayments and other receivables	24	4,163,300	29,303,464
Tax refunds due from the Government	25	363,396,824	353,464,999
Cash and bank balances	26	78,471,206	134,023,262
		4,938,214,208	4,154,076,301
Asset classified as held for sale	27	229,155,255	-
Total Assets		6,487,311,276	5,725,020,283
		0,707,311,270	
The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.			

ty

Chief Executive Officer

C

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Statement of Profit or Loss Account

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Note		2023
N	lote	Rupees	Rupees
Revenue from sales Less:		10,176,208,632	11,063,212,014
- Sales tax		(1,591,464,457)	(1,692,304,372)
	28 29	8,584,744,175 (7,419,530,838)	9,370,907,642 (8,163,332,358)
Gross Profit		1,165,213,337	1,207,575,284
	30 31	(136,684,171) (141,039,348)	(116,487,929) (98,702,434)
		(277,723,519)	(215,190,363)
Operating Profit		887,489,818	992,384,921
	32	(53,939,796)	(72,386,150)
	33	(444,958,433)	(376,236,589)
Other income	34	46,201,331	32,145,686
Profit before Taxation		434,792,920	575,907,868
Taxation	35	(164,417,304)	(190,033,012)
Net Profit for the Year		270,375,616	385,874,856
Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted	36	1.91	2.73

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.



24

Director

Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Net Profit for the Year	270,375,616	385,874,856
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be re-classified subsequently to profit or loss		
Surplus arising on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	-	372,287,535
Related deferred tax impact	-	(45,262,829)
	-	327,024,706
Re-measurement of net defined benefit obligation	(4,030,737)	(1,936,069)
Related deferred tax impact	1,491,373	755,067
	(2,539,364)	(1,181,002)
Items that may be re-classified subsequently to profit or loss	-	-
Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the Year	(2,539,364)	325,843,704
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	267,836,252	711,718,560

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

ty.

Chief Executive Officer

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Re	serves	Cumlus on	
Particulars	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share	Share Deposit Money	Sponsors' Interest Free Loans -	Capital Reserve	Revenue Reserve	Surplus on Revaluation of Property, Plant	Total
	Capital	money	unsecured	Share Premium Reserve	Unappropriated Profit	and Equipment - net	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at June 30, 2022	1,413,210,640	11,391,005	107,000,000	1,281,303	415,474,227	484,247,824	2,432,604,999
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	385,874,856	-	385,874,856
Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	-	-	-		(1,181,002)	327,024,706	325,843,704
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	384,693,854	327,024,706	711,718,560
Incremental depreciation for the year on surplus on revaluation of property, plant and							
equipment - net of deferred tax	-	-	-	-	6,901,614	(6,901,614)	-
Effect of rate change	-	-	-	-	-	(6,796,354)	(6,796,354)
Transactions with owners							
Share deposit money repaid		(2,000,000)	-		-	-	(2,000,000)
Balance as at June 30, 2023	1,413,210,640	9,391,005	107,000,000	1,281,303	807,069,695	797,574,562	3,135,527,205
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	270,375,616	-	270,375,616
Other comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(2,539,364)	-	(2,539,364)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	267,836,252	-	267,836,252
Incremental depreciation for the year on surplus on revaluation of property, plant							
and equipment - net of deferred tax	-	-	-	-	8,673,472	(8,673,472)	-
Effect of rate change	-	-	-	-	-	4,360,340	4,360,340
Transactions with owners							
Share deposit money repaid	-	(9,391,005)	-	-	-	-	(9,391,005)
Repayment of sponsors' interest free loan	-	-	(78,544,950)	-	-	-	(78,544,950)
Classified as loan from related parties	-	-	(21,568,799)	-	-	-	(21,568,799)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	1,413,210,640	-	6,886,251	1,281,303	1,083,579,419	793,261,430	3,298,219,043

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Alto I

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	2023
	Note		
		Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash (Used in) / Generated from Operations	37	(128,742,715)	2,533,480,128
Finance cost paid		(414,717,683)	(382,004,703)
Income tax paid		(231,741,983)	(206,225,170)
Gratuity paid		(2,868,296)	(3,952,461)
Workers' welfare fund paid		(12,848,890)	(12,680,497)
Workers' (profit) participation fund paid		(30,886,290)	(32,607,717)
Long term deposits - utility companies and others		(16,425,700)	-
		(709,488,842)	(637,470,548)
Net Cash (Used in) / Generated from Operating Activities		(838,231,557)	1,896,009,580
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Property, plant and equipment purchased	[(14,786,507)	(25,013,278)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		5,943,220	95,000
Capital work in progress - property, plant and equipment	18.10	(32,538,630)	(42,544,491)
Advance received against classified as held for sale	27	36,000,000	-
Addition in right-of-use assets		(500,001)	-
Long term deposits - against right of use assets		(2,854,000)	(678,800)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(8,735,918)	(68,141,569)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Long term financing repaid		(143,928,574)	(72,519,686)
Sponsor loan repaid		(78,544,950)	-
Diminishing musharaka finance		-	(525,325)
Payment of lease liabilities	11	(13,043,892)	(11,307,079)
Short term borrowings - net		1,036,323,840	(1,632,141,586)
Share deposit money repaid		(9,391,005)	(2,000,000)
Net Cash Generated from / (Used in) Financing Activities	38	791,415,419	(1,718,493,676)
Net (Decrease) / Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(55,552,056)	109,374,335
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		134,023,262	24,648,927
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year		78,471,206	134,023,262
The summer durates from the 40 forms on intermediated of these first side to be			

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Notes to and Forming Part of the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 Nimir Resins Limited (the Company) was initially incorporated in Pakistan on December 17, 1964 as a private limited company under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). It was converted into public limited company on August 19, 1991 with the name of Nimir Resins Limited. The name of the Company was changed to Descon Chemicals Limited on April 01, 2010 when the Company entered into a scheme of arrangement for merger / amalgamation with Descon Chemicals (Private) Limited. Subsequent to a change of management, the Board of Directors was reconstituted on January 05, 2016 and the name of the Company was changed to Nimir Resins Limited. The change was made effective on April 18, 2016.
- 1.2 The Company is domiciled in Pakistan and principal activity of the Company is to manufacture surface coating resins, polyesters for paint industry, optical brightener and textile auxiliaries for textile industry. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.
- **1.3** The geographical location and address of the Company is as under:

Business Unit	Geographical Location
Head office / Registered Office	14.5 KM, Lahore-Sheikhupura Road, Lahore
Production Plant / Factory	14.5 KM, Lahore-Sheikhupura Road, Lahore
Warehouse	14.8 KM, Sheikhupura Faisalabad Road, Sheikhupura.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Accounting Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Accounting Standards or the IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except to the extent of following:

Lease liabilities	Note 11	(stated at Present value)
Post employment benefits (Gratuity)	Note 12	(stated at Present value)
Certain property, plant and equipment	Note 18	(stated at Revalued amount)

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are prepared and presented in Pak Rupees (Rs.) which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All the figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee, unless otherwise stated.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on the historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

These estimates and related assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Accounting estimates are revised in the year in which such revisions are made. Significant management estimates in these financial statements relate primarily to:

- Useful lives, residual values, depreciation method and fair value of property, plant and equipment Note 3.1 & 18
- Provision for obsolescence of inventories Note 3.5, 3.6 & 21
- Impairment loss of non-financial assets other than inventories Note 4.8
- Provision for expected credit losses Note 3.13 & 22

- Obligation of post employment benefits Note 3.8 & 12
- Estimation of provisions Note 4.2
- Estimation of contingent liabilities Note 4.4 & 17
- Current income tax expense, provision for current tax and recognition of deferred tax Note 3.9, 16 & 35

However, the management believes that the change in outcome of estimates would not have a material effect on the amounts disclosed in these financial statements.

2.5 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and pronouncements

2.5.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards which became effective during the year

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to IFRS are effective for the year ended June 30, 2024. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures;

Standard or Interpretation	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12 Income Taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12 Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction - (Amendments)	January 1, 2023

2.5.2 Standards, interpretation and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Standard o	r Interpretation	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 16	Amendments to IFRS 16 "Leases" - Clarification on how seller- lessee subsequently measures sale and lease back transaction	January 01, 2024
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2024
IAS 7	Amendments to IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"	January 01, 2024
IFRS 7	"Amendments to IFRS 7 ""Financial Instruments Disclosures""- Supplier Finance Arrangements"	January 01, 2024
IAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (Amendments)	January 01, 2025
IFRS 7 & 9	"Amendments to Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments - Amendments to IFRS 7 and IFRS 9"	January 01, 2026
IFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	January 01, 2027

Other than the aforementioned standards, interpretations, and amendments, IASB has also issued the following standards, which have not been notified locally, in relation to the Company, by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) as at January 31, 2024:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of IFRS
- IFRS S1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information
- IFRS S2 Climate-Related Disclosures

The Company is in the process of assessing of the impact of these amendments on financials statement.

3 Material Accounting Policy Information

The Company adopted disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS practice statements 2 Making Materiality Judgments') from July 01, 2023. Although amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impact the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide the guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful entity specific accounting policy information that user need to understand other information in the financial statements.

The material accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

3.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except freehold land and building on freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and identified impairment losses, if any. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount less identified impairment loss, if any and building on freehold land is stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is charged to statement of profit or loss using straight line method at the rates specified in Note 18. Full month's depreciation is charged on additions during the month, whereas no depreciation is charged on assets disposed off during the month.

Freehold land and buildings on freehold land are revalued every three years. Latest revaluation of land and buildings was carried out by an independent valuer as at February 03, 2023. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. Additions, subsequent to revaluation, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of land and buildings on freehold land is recognised in other comprehensive income and presented as a separate component of equity as "Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment", except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. Any decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of land and building on freehold land is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.

Each year, the incremental depreciation and its related deferred taxation, the difference between depreciation based on revalued carrying amount of the asset and depreciation based on the asset's original cost, is transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment to retained earnings. All transfers from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment are net of applicable deferred taxation. Upon disposal, any revaluation surplus relating to the particular asset being sold is transferred to retained earnings.

Depreciation method, residual value and useful lives of assets are reviewed at least at each reporting date and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Subsequent cost is included in the carrying amount of an asset or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economics benefit associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Day to day maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit or loss as and when incurred. Gains or losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are included in the statement of profit or loss.

3.2 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work in progress. Cost may also include borrowing costs, if any. These are transferred to operating fixed assets as and when these are available for use.

3.3 Leases

For contracts entered into, or modified, on or after January 1, 2019, the Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease or not at the inception of a contract. The Company reassesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease further when the terms and conditions of the contract are modified.

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to not to exercise that option.

The Company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the Company and affects whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in its determination of the lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in the determination of the lease term.

The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

3.3.1 Company as a lessee

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of all underlying assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset, when new, is of low-value. The Company recognizes the lease

payments associated with these leases as an expense on straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.3.1.2 Initial measurement

Lease liability

At the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or the Company's incremental borrowing rate if the implicit rate is not readily available. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments comprise fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. Lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate.

Right-of-use asset

The Company initially measures the right-of-use asset at cost. This cost comprise the amount of lease liability as initially measured, plus any lease payments made on or before the commencement date, less lease incentives received, initial direct costs and estimated terminal costs (i.e. dismantling or other site restoration costs required by the terms and conditions of the lease contract).

3.3.1.3 Subsequent measurement

Lease liability

After the commencement date, the Company re-measures the lease liability to reflect the affect of interest on outstanding lease liability, lease payments made, reassessments and lease modifications etc. Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liability and interest on lease liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss, unless these are included in the carrying amount of another asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability using the incremental borrowing rate implicit in the lease to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Right-of-use asset

After the commencement date, the Company measures the right-of-use asset at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated identified impairment losses, if any, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Company depreciates the cost of right-of-use asset, net of residual value, from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. However, if the lease contract transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Company by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Company will exercise the purchase option, the Company depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss over the lease term of leased assets given in note 19.

3.4 Balances from contract with customers

Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. The Company recognizes a contract asset for the earned consideration that is conditional if the Company performs by transferring goods to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due.

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional. Trade receivables are carried at original invoice amount less expected credit loss based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off when identified.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration from the customer. A contract liability is recognized at earlier of when the payment is made or the payment is due if a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods to the customer.

3.5 Stores and spares

These are valued at lower of moving average cost and net realizable value while items considered obsolete, if any, are carried at nil value.

Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon. Provision is made for obsolete and slow moving stores and spares based on management's best estimate.

3.6 Stock in trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

Raw and packing materials	-	Moving average cost
Materials in transit	-	Invoice value plus incidental charges
Finished goods	-	Average manufacturing cost

Manufacturing cost in relation to finished goods comprises cost of materials, labor and appropriate manufacturing overheads. Net realizable value signifies estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less necessary costs to make the sale.

3.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprises cash in hand and cash at banks in current and savings accounts.

3.8 Post employment benefits

Defined benefits plan

The Company operates an approved, funded defined benefit plan for all of its permanent employees according according to the terms of employment subject to a minimum qualifying period of service. The accounting policy for employee retirement benefits is that gratuity is paid to the retiring employees on the basis of their last drawn gross salary for each completed year of service. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to the market yields at the end of reporting period on high quality corporate bonds, or where there is is no deep market in such bonds, by reference to market yield on government bonds.

Actuarial gains / (losses) arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions for the defined benefits plan are charged or credited to other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Past service costs are recognized immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

3.9 Taxation

Income tax expense includes current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the comprises extent that relates to items recognized expense directly in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end of the reporting date.

The charge for current tax is higher of corporate tax (higher of tax based on taxable income and minimum tax) and alternative corporate tax. Super tax applicable on the Company is also as per the applicable rates as per the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. However, in case of loss for the year, income tax expense is recognized as minimum tax liability on turnover of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Corporate tax is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing laws of taxation. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year if enacted after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Alternative corporate tax is calculated at 17% of accounting profit, after taking into account the required adjustments.

Current tax for current and prior periods, to the extent unpaid is recognized as a liability. If the amount already paid irrespective of current and prior period exceeds the amount due to those periods the excess recognized as an asset.

The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situation in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provision where appropriate.

When minimum tax is higher than tax calculated on taxable profits, excess amount is recognized as levy under IFIRC 21.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary timing differences arising from the difference between the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. However, deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of transaction neither affects accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all major taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all major deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent of probable future taxable profit available that will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or have been notified for subsequent enactment by the reporting date.

When different tax rates apply to different levels of taxable income, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the average rates that are expected to apply to the taxable profit (tax loss) of the periods in which temporary differences are expected to reverse.

3.10 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.11 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are based on the transfer pricing policy that all transactions between the Companies and the related party are at arm's length basis determined using the comparable uncontrolled price method except in circumstances where it is not in the interest of the Company to do so except for the allocation of expenses such as utilities, rental and common overheads shared with related parties, which are on actual basis. Amounts due to and due from related parties are shown in respective notes to the financial statements.

3.12 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised in accordance by applying the following steps:

- i) Identifying the contract with a customer.
- ii) Identifying the performance obligation in the contract.
- iii) Determining the transaction price of the contract.
- iv) Allocating the transaction price to each of the separate performance obligations in the contract.
- v) Recognizing the revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company is in the business of sale of goods. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised at a point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods.

3.13 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

3.13.1 Financial assets

All financial assets are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Classification

Financial assets are classified in either of the three categories: at amortized cost, at fair value through other comprehensive income and at fair value through profit or loss. Currently, the Company classifies its financial assets at amortized cost. This classification is based on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The management determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are initially measured at cost plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition except for trade receivables. Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price, if these do not contain significant financing component as per IFRS - 15.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses, if any. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired. The difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all financial assets which are measured at amortized cost. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

3.13.2 Financial liabilities

a) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially classified at amortized cost. Such liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and include trade and other payables, loans or borrowings and accrued mark up etc.

b) Subsequent measurement

The Company measures its financial liabilities subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss. Difference between carrying amount and consideration paid is recognized in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

3.13.3 Off-setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.14 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the company's other components. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (the Chief Executive Officer of the Company) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the CEO include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly administrative and other operating expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

3.15 Earnings per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

4 Summary of Other Accounting Policies

Other than material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below for ease of user's understanding of these financial statements. These polices have been applied consistently for all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

4.2 **Provisions**

A provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

4.3 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability at the measurement date in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal, or in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. There are three levels which are as under:

The Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

When there is no quoted price in an active market, the Company determines transaction price by applying valuation techniques. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction. The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is normally the transaction price i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received.

If the Company determines that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and the fair value is evidenced neither by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability nor based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, the instrument is initially measured at fair value, adjusted to defer the difference between the fair value at initial recognition and the transaction price. Subsequently, that difference is credited or charged to the profit or loss account on an appropriate basis over the life of the instrument but no later than when the valuation is supported wholly by observable market data or the transaction is closed out.

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

4.4 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

A contingent liability is also disclosed when there is a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits would be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

4.5 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. All other borrowing costs are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4.6 Foreign currency transactions and translations

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are initially recorded in Pak Rupees by applying the foreign exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange differences are included in statement of profit or loss.

4.7 Dividend distributions

Dividends to shareholders of the Company are recognized as a liability in the period in which these are approved.

4.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses on fixed assets that offset available revaluation surplus are charged against this surplus, all other impairment losses are charged to profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Prior impairments of non-financial assets are reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. Where impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation / amortization charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value, over its remaining useful life. Any reversal of impairment loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation increase.

5 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL

2024	2023		2024	2023
No. of	shares		Rupees	Rupees
50,412,824	50,412,824	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash	504,128,240	504,128,240
16,775,294	16,775,294	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued at 60% discount	167,752,940	167,752,940
1,349,624	1,349,624	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued for consideration other than cash - land	13,496,240	13,496,240
4,571,434	4,571,434	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares	45,714,340	45,714,340
71,844,938	71,844,938	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation	718,449,380	718,449,380
(3,633,050)	(3,633,050)	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each cancelled pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation	(36,330,500)	(36,330,500)
141,321,064	141,321,064		1,413,210,640	1,413,210,640

5.1 As at the reporting date, the shares of the Company as held by its associates are as under:

	2024	2023	2024	2023
	% of Shareholding		Number (of shares
Nimir Management (Private) Limited	0.00%	51.00%	-	72,073,743
Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	0.00%	11.63%	-	16,438,306
Terranova (Private) Limited	3.03%	4.56%	4,282,335	6,446,388
Directors	36.00%	4.00%	50,934,140	5,130,258
Mr. Nadeem Nisar	10.58%	5.36%	14,955,318	7,570,000
			70,171,793	107,658,695

- 5.2 All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to residual assets of the Company. Ordinary shareholders are entitled to receive all distributions including dividends and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the Company. Voting and other rights are in proportion to the shareholding.
- 5.3 There has been no movement in the shares of the Company during the year ended June 30, 2024.
- 5.4 During the year, the owners of the Company has entered into a scheme of arrangement, approved by shareholders in an extraordinary general meeting dated August 29, 2023 and by the Honourable High Court on January 17, 2024. Pursuant to this scheme, shareholdings were exchanged among owners / sponsors resultantly Nimir Management (Private) Limited and Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited ceases to be parent company and ultimate parent company of Nimir Resins Limited respectively.

6 SHARE DEPOSIT MONEY

During the year, share deposit money was fully repaid to Nimir Management (Private) Limited (2023: Rs. 2 million).

7 RESERVES

2024	2023
Rupees	Rupees
1,281,303	1,281,303
1,083,579,419	807,069,695
1,084,860,722	808,350,998

8 SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - NET

	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Land - freehold		
Opening balance	664,584,203	408,355,203
Add: Surplus on revaluation arisen during the year	-	256,229,000
	664,584,203	664,584,203
Buildings on freehold land		
Opening balance	132,990,359	75,892,621
Add: Surplus on revaluation arisen during the year	-	116,058,535
Less: Related deferred taxation	-	(45,262,829)
	132,990,359	146,688,327
Transferred to retained earnings in respect of net incremental		
depreciation - net of deferred tax	(8,673,472)	(6,901,614)
Effect of change in rate	4,360,340	(6,796,354)
	700 004 100	
Closing balance - net of tax	793,261,430	797,574,562

8.1 Latest revaluation was carried out on Feburary 03, 2023 by an independent valuer that resulted in additional revaluation surplus of Rs. 372.287 million. The following basis were used for revaluation:

Freehold Land Market Value Buildings Market Value / Depreciated Value

- 8.2 IThe surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment is not available for distribution to shareholders in accordance with section 241 of the Companies Act, 2017.
- 8.3 Incremental depreciation charged on revalued property, plant and equipment has been transferred to retained earnings to record realization of surplus to the extent of incremental depreciation. Incremental depreciation represents the difference between actual depreciation based on revalued carrying amount of the asset and equivalent depreciation based on the original carrying amount of the asset.

LONG TERM FINANCING 2024 2023 9 Note **Rupees Rupees** Bank Alfalah Limited 9.1 15,000,000 25,000,000 The Bank of Punjab 9.2 21,428,574 MCB Bank Limited 9.3 112,500,000 15,000,000 158,928,574 Less: current portion of loans (10.000.000)(68,928,574) 5.000.000 90.000.000

- 9.1 This represents facility of Rs. 50 million (2023: 50 million) obtained for solar energy unit of 578.76 KW. This loan is repayable in 20 equal installments payable quarterly in arrears starting from March 31, 2021. Markup is charged at SBP rate plus 2% p.a (2023: SBP rate plus 2% p.a) payable quarterly in arrears. This loan is secured against joint pari passu charge of Rs. 67 million (2023: Rs. 67 million) over fixed assets of the Company with 25% margin.
- 9.2 This represented facility of Rs. 100 million (2023: 100 million) obtained to facilitate capital expenditure requirements pertaining to procurement, installation and augmentation of new and existing machinery, equipment related auxiliaries and civil works. This loan was repayable in 14 equal quarterly installments payable in arrears starting from September 30, 2020. Mark-up was charged at 3 months KIBOR plus 1.5% p.a. (2023: 3 months KIBOR plus 1.5% p.a.) payable on quarterly basis. This facility was secured against 1st pari passu charge over fixed assets of the Company amounting to Rs. 134 million (2023: 134 million). This loan has been fully repaid during the current year.
- 9.3 This represented loan of Rs. 150 million (2023: 150 million) obtained to facilitate capital expenditure requirements pertaining to enhance the capacity of resins, emulsions and addictives for the coating unit along with increase in capacity for speciality chemicals for pre-treatment and finishing of textile industry. This loan was repayable in 20 equal quarterly installments starting from March 28, 2022. Markup was charged at 3 Months KIBOR plus 0.75% p.a (2023: 3 Months KIBOR plus 0.75% p.a) payable quarterly in arrears. This loan was secured against first pari passu charge of Rs. 200 million over entire fixed assets of the Company. This laon has been fully repaid during the current year.

10 Loan from Related Parties - unsecured

		2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
Loan fr	om related parties - interest free	21,568,799	-
10.1	Breakup of loan from related parties is as follow:		
	Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	14,512,000	-
	Terranova (Private) Limited	2,845,573	-
	Mr. Muhammad Saeed uz Zaman	1,138,273	-
	Mr. Imran Afzal	1,185,186	-
	Mr. Umar Iqbal	906,319	-
	Mr. Aamir Jamil	697,168	-
	Ms. Nusrat Jamil	284,280	-
		21,568,799	

10.2 These loans are interest free and the parties has agreed not to demand repayment for a period of next twelve months. These loans has not been discounted to present value using the effective interest rate method as the effect of discounting is considered to be immaterial.

1 LEASE LIABILITIES	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Opening balance	40,145,002	42,370,992
Add: Additions during the year	14,270,000	3,394,000
Add: Interest expense	5,607,008	5,687,089
Less: Payments made	(13,043,892)	(11,307,079)
Gross liability	46,978,118	40,145,002
Less: Current portion	(10,121,958)	(8,154,960)
Closing balance	36,856,160	31,990,042

11.1 Summary of amounts relating to leases charged in different line items of the financial statements is as follows:

	Included in	Note	2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
Carrying amount of ROU assets	Statement of financial position		43,882,734	40,578,053
Depreciation charge	Cost of sales	29	1,802,414	2,553,051
Depreciation charge	Administrative expenses	31	6,224,203	5,353,455
Depreciation charge	Distribution cost	30	3,438,703	2,310,663
Interest expense	Finance cost	33	5,607,008	5,687,089
Security deposit	Long term deposits	20	13,089,800	10,235,800
Payments made	Statement of cash flows		13,043,892	11,307,079

11.2 Maturity analysis of contractually undiscounted cash flows

	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
ear	16,806,374	12,030,920
	44,740,842	36,492,489
	-	-
	61,547,216	48,523,409

11.3 Nature of leasing activities

11.3.1 The Company acquired vehicles from different banks under finance lease arrangements, for a period of 60 months. Present value of minimum lease payments has been discounted using interest rate ranging from 3 months to 1 year KIBOR with a spread of upto 2% (2023:

11

3 months to 1 year KIBOR with a spread of upto 2%). Rentals are paid in equal monthly installments. Taxes, repairs and insurance costs are borne by the Company. In case of earlier termination, the Company will be required to pay entire principal portion of the rentals for unexpired period of lease agreement. These vehicles are registered exclusively in the name of respective banks.

- **11.3.2** There are no variable lease payments in the lease contracts. There are no leases with residual value guarantees or leases not yet commenced to which the Company is committed.
- 11.3.3 Remaining lease term of lease contracts is of 5 years (2023: 5 years) for which lease liability is recorded.

12	POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS	Note	2024	2023
		NOLE		Rupees
	Defined Benefit Obligation - Gratuity Fund			
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	12.3	75,261,509	55,125,714
	Fair value of plan assets	12.4	(15,625,561)	(13,034,240)
			59,635,948	42,091,474

12.1 The Company operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees. Actuarial valuation of the scheme is carried out annually by an independent actuary and the latest actuarial valuation was carried out as of June 30, 2024 using following significant assumptions.

			2024	2023
			Rupees	Rupees
	Discount rate (per annum)		14.75%	16.25%
	Expected rate of salary increase in future years		13.75%	15.25%
	Average duration of liability		9 years	9 years
	Actuarial valuation method		Projected Unit Cre	dit Method
	Mortality rate		SLIC (2001-2005) N	lortality Table
12.2	Changes in net defined benefit obligations	Nete	2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Opening balance		42,091,474	30,856,775
	Charge for the year	12.5	16,382,033	13,251,091
	Remeasurements of net defined benefit obligation	12.4.1	4,030,737	1,936,069
	Contribution paid during the year		(2,868,296)	(3,952,461)
			59,635,948	42,091,474
12.3	Movement in present value of defined benefit obligations			
	Opening balance		55,125,714	42,376,399
	Service cost for the year		9,775,218	9,424,419
	Interest cost		8,724,879	5,357,395
	Benefits paid during the year		(2,868,296)	(3,886,461)
	Actuarial loss on defined benefit obligation		4,503,994	1,853,962
	Closing balance		75,261,509	55,125,714
12.4	Movement in fair value of plan assets			
	Opening balance		13,034,240	11,519,624
	Contribution made during the year		2,868,296	3,952,461
	Interest income for the year		2,118,064	1,530,723
	Benefits paid during the year		(2,868,296)	(3,886,461)
	Acturial gain / (loss) on plan asset		473,257	(82,107)
	Closing balance	12.4.2	15,625,561	13,034,240

12.4.1	Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligation.	2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
	Actuarial loss on defined benefit obligation	4,503,994	1,853,962
	(Gain) / deficit on plan assets	(473,257)	82,107
	Remeasurements of net defined benefit obligation	4,030,737	1,936,069
12.4.2	Composition of plan assets		
	Investment in MCB Funds	15,527,600	12,936,232
	Cash at bank	97,961	98,008
		15,625,561	13,034,240
12.5	Charge for the year		
	Current and past service cost	9,775,218	9,424,419
	Interest cost on defined benefit liability	8,724,879	5,357,395
	Interest income on plan assets	(2,118,064)	(1,530,723)
		16,382,033	13,251,091
12.6	Allocation in profit or loss		
	Cost of sales	8,943,992	7,234,612
	Administrative expenses	3,802,668	3,075,900
	Distribution cost	3,635,373	2,940,579
		16,382,033	13,251,091
12.7	Estimated charge for the next year		
		-	2025
			Rupees
	Current service cost		11,231,180
	Interest on defined benefit liability	_	8,796,302
			20,027,482

12.8 Year end sensitivity analysis on defined benefit obligations

Reasonably possible changes as at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have resulted in defined benefit obligations as stated below:

	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Discount rate + 100 bps	68,815,440	50,404,255
Discount rate - 100 bps	82,313,213	60,290,774
Salary increase + 100 bps	82,311,393	60,289,441
Salary increase - 100 bps	68,814,595	50,403,636

The Company faces the following risks on account of staff gratuity scheme:

- Final Salary Risk - The risk that the final salary at the time of cessation of service is greater than what we assumed. Since the benefit is calculated on the final salary, which will closely reflect inflation and other macroeconomic factors, the benefit amount increases as salary increases.

- Mortality Risk - The risk that the actual mortality experience is different than the assumed mortality. This effect is more pronounced in schemes where the age and service distribution is on the higher side.

- Withdrawal Risk - The risk of actual withdrawals experience is different from assumed withdrawal probability. The significance of the withdrawal risk varies with the age, service and the entitled benefits of the beneficiary.

12.9	Maturity profile	2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
	1 year	5,608,227	4,958,632
	2 year	6,315,619	5,128,482
	3 year	7,162,826	6,093,456
	4 year	8,035,951	7,001,618
	5 year	8,836,425	7,969,705
	6-10 years	68,532,063	52,107,889

12.10 Historical data of net defined benefit obligation

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Present value of defined benefit obligations	75,261,509	55,125,714	42,376,399	35,208,974	26,506,113
Fair value of plan assets	(15,625,561)	(13,034,240)	(11,519,624)	(11,062,454)	(10,110,272)
Net Liability	59,635,948	42,091,474	30,856,775	24,146,520	16,395,841

13 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

	Nete	2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Deferre	ed tax Liability 13.1	50,229,571	83,716,039
13.1	Breakup of Deferred tax Liability		
	Taxable temporary differences		
	Accelerated tax depreciation	54,734,750	67,010,713
	Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	75,572,339	85,026,624
	Right of use assets	16,236,612	15,825,441
	Deductible temporary differences		
	Lease liabilities	(17,381,904)	(15,656,551)
	Post employement benefit obligations	(22,065,301)	(16,415,675)
	Provision for obsolescence stock	(17,768,580)	(15,183,943)
	Provision for doubtful debts	(39,098,345)	(36,890,570)
		50,229,571	83,716,039

13.2 Deferred tax assets / liabilities on temporary differences are measured at effective rate of 37% (2023: 39%).

13.3 Reconciliation of deferred tax liabilities / (assets) - Net

Opening balance	83,716,039	50,925,216
Deferred tax income during the year recognised in profit or loss account	(27,634,755)	(18,513,293)
Deferred tax income / (expense) during the year recognised in other comprehensive income	(1,491,373)	44,507,762
Effect of rate change	(4,360,340)	6,796,354
Closing balance	50,229,571	83,716,039

13.4 Analysis of deferred tax

		Statement of Financial Position		t of Profit .oss
	2024	2024 2023		2023
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Accelerated tax depreciation and amortization	54,734,750	67,010,713	(12,275,963)	7,682,486
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	75,572,339	85,026,624	(5,093,945)	(4,412,507)
Right of Use Assets	16,236,612	15,825,441	411,171	3,460,598
Provision for doubtful debts	(39,098,345)	(36,890,570)	(2,207,775)	(12,751,880)
Provision for obsolete stock	(17,768,580)	(15,183,943)	(2,584,637)	(5,339,994)
Provision for staff gratuity	(22,065,301)	(16,415,675)	(4,158,253)	(5,477,872)
Lease liabilities	(17,381,904)	(15,656,551)	(1,725,353)	(1,674,124)
	50,229,571	83,716,039	(27,634,755)	(18,513,293)

14	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Local creditors - Unsecured	14.1	421,223,849	347,387,288
	Foreign creditors - Secured		126,316,803	580,758,507
	Accrued liabilities		142,717,309	118,551,410
	Contract liabilities	14.2	8,817,565	6,025,371
	Workers' (profit) participation fund	14.3	23,422,929	30,886,083
	Workers' welfare fund	14.4	10,073,597	12,675,827
			732,572,052	1,096,284,486

14.1 This includes Rs. 11,160,912 (2023: Rs. 67,695,420) payable to related parties on account of purchase of raw materials.

14.2 These contract liabilities are expected to be satisfied during the year ended June 30, 2025.

		_		
14.3	Workers' (profit) participation fund	Note	2024	2023
		NOLE	Rupees	Rupees
	Opening balance		30,886,083	32,607,510
	Add: Provision for the year		23,423,136	30,886,290
	Less: Payments made during the year		(30,886,290)	(32,607,717)
	Closing balance		23,422,929	30,886,083
14.4	Workers' welfare fund			
	Opening balance		12,675,827	14,424,676
	Add: Provision for the year		10,246,660	10,931,648
	Less: Payments made during the year		(12,848,890)	(12,680,497)
	Closing balance		10,073,597	12,675,827
SHORT	TERM BORROWINGS			
Bankin	ig companies - Secured			
Borrow	ings / running finance		646,307,286	389,012,343
Finance	e against trust receipts	15.2	1,241,393,345	462,364,448
			1,887,700,631	851,376,791

15

15.1 Terms and conditions of borrowings

Purpose

The Company has obtained various funded and unfunded financial facilities from different banks for a total sanctioned limit of Rs. 5,755 million (2023: Rs. 5,255 million) including running finance facilities amounting to Rs. 1,025 million (2023: Rs. 1,475 million) to meet working capital requirements, retirement of local and foreign LCs, discounting local bills / receivables and loan against trust receipts etc. Unutilized amount of funded and unfunded facilities are Rs. 2,528 million (2023: Rs. 3,036 million). These facilities shall expire on various dates latest by Feburary 28, 2025.

Markup

Mark-up on short term borrowings is charged using 1 to 6 Months KIBOR+ spread of up to 1.25% (2023: 1 to 6 Months KIBOR + spread of up to 1.25%) per annum. Mark up is payable on monthly / quarterly basis in arrears or at the time of adjustment of liability whichever is earlier. Furthermore, some limits carry commission against foreign and local LCs at 0.05% to 0.10% (2023: 0.05% to 0.10%) per quarter.

Securities

16

18

These facilities are secured by way of joint pari passu charge and ranking hypothecation charge over present and future, current assets of the Company's lien over title of imported goods and personal guarantee of main sponsors of the Company.

15.2 This includes short term financing amounting to Rs. 467.459 million (2023: 148.287 million) obatined as per Islamic mode of financing.

PROVISION FOR TAXATION	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Opening balance	271,965,145	243,227,814
Add: Charge for the year	142,340,984	183,784,802
Add: Super tax	39,266,478	63,374,070
Less: Prior year adjustment	10,444,597	(1,403,158)
Less: Previous year super tax adjustment	-	(37,209,409)
	464,017,204	451,774,119
Less: Payment / adjustments	(194,229,399)	(179,808,974)
	269,787,805	271,965,145

16.1 The provision for current year tax represents corporate tax at 29% (2023: 29%) and super tax at the rate of 8% (2023: 10%) as per the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

16.2 Income tax assessments are deemed finalized by the management up to the Tax Year 2023 as tax returns were filed under the self assessment scheme.

17 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

17.1 Contingencies

There are no material contingencies outstanding as at the reporting date (2023: Nil).

17.2 Guarantees

The Company is liable for bank guarantees arranged from The Bank of Punjab that have been issued in favour of the following:

		Note	2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited		44,525,000	3,090,000
	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited		6,000,000	6,000,000
	Total Parco Pakistan Limited		8,000,000	8,000,000
			58,525,000	17,090,000
17.3	Commitments			
	Letters of credit		680,951,061	957,561,520
PROPE	RTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Operat	ing fixed assets	18.1	1,210,268,718	1,487,659,457
Capital	work in progress	18.10	19,595,391	15,691,202
			1,229,864,109	1,503,350,659

18.1 Operating fixed assets

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Description	Freehold Land	Buildings on Freehold Land	Plant and Machinery	Office Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	IT Equipment	Laboratory Equipment	Vehicles and Carriers	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Cost / Revalued Amount								
Balance as at July 01, 2023	806,629,000	337,455,284	894,846,374	12,644,092	27,376,518	29,582,803	24,687,362	2,133,221,433
Additions	-	10,643,934	20,722,973	1,604,150	2,725,025	724,866	6,000,000	42,420,948
Disposals during the year	-	-	(5,641,291)	(291,999)	(736,706)	-	(5,484,375)	(12,154,371)
Adjustment	(150,829,000)	(84,535,566)	-	-	-	-	-	(235,364,566)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	655,800,000	263,563,652	909,928,056	13,956,243	29,364,837	30,307,669	25,202,987	1,928,123,444
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance as at July 01, 2023	-	13,380,477	555,412,574	9,143,438	21,351,966	23,046,436	23,227,085	645,561,976
Charge for the year	-	35,490,603	46,902,941	1,553,269	3,767,392	2,067,680	850,621	90,632,506
Disposals during the year	-	-	(5,641,287)	(275,744)	(729,040)	-	(5,484,374)	(12,130,445)
Adjustment	-	(6,209,311)	-	-	-	-	-	(6,209,311)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	-	42,661,769	596,674,228	10,420,963	24,390,318	25,114,116	18,593,332	717,854,726
Carrying amount as at June 30, 2024	655,800,000	220,901,883	313,253,828	3,535,280	4,974,519	5,193,553	6,609,655	1,210,268,718
Rate of depreciation - %	-	7% to 10%	7% to 33%	20% to 50%	20% to 50%	13% to 50%	20%	
Year Ended June 30, 2023								
Cost / Revalued Amount								
Balance as at July 01, 2022	550,400,000	259,624,203	857,390,094	13,862,602	31,902,160	27,704,857	24,687,362	1,765,571,278
Additions	-	22,579,423	37,456,280	905,976	2,302,098	1,877,946	-	65,121,723
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	(2,124,486)	(6,827,740)	-	-	(8,952,226)
Revaluation adjustment	-	(60,806,877)	-	-	-	-	-	(60,806,877)
Revaluation Surplus	256,229,000	116,058,535	-	-	-	-	-	372,287,535
Balance as at June 30, 2023	806,629,000	337,455,284	894,846,374	12,644,092	27,376,518	29,582,803	24,687,362	2,133,221,433
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance as at July 01, 2022	-	47,351,227	511,098,344	9,837,640	24,503,069	21,053,015	20,129,753	633,973,048
Charge for the year	-	26,836,127	44,314,230	1,430,138	3,560,271	1,993,421	3,097,332	81,231,519
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	(2,124,340)	(6,711,374)	-	-	(8,835,714)
Revaluation adjustment	-	(60,806,877)	-	-	-	-	-	(60,806,877)
Balance as at June 30, 2023	-	13,380,477	555,412,574	9,143,438	21,351,966	23,046,436	23,227,085	645,561,976
Carrying amount as at June 30, 2023	806,629,000	324,074,807	339,433,800	3,500,654	6,024,552	6,536,367	1,460,277	1,487,659,457
Rate of depreciation - %	-	7% to 10%	7% to 33%	20% to 50%	20% to 50%	13% to 50%	20%	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								

18.2 Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of Company are as follows:

Location / Address	Usage of immovable property	Total Area (Sq. ft.)	Covered Area (Sq. ft.)
14.5 Km Lahore Sheikhupura Road	Production and warehouse	476,165	127,044
14.8 km Sheikhupura Faisalabad Road	Warehouse	375,433	161,877

18.3 Apportionment of depreciation charge for the year

Depreciation charge for the year has been apportioned as follows:

	Noto	2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Cost of sales	29	86,798,543	77,506,757
Distribution cost	30	1,492,523	1,658,335
Administrative expenses	31	2,341,440	2,066,427
		90,632,506	81,231,519

18.4 As per the latest valuation report by an independent valuer as of Feburary 03, 2023, the forced sales value of freehold land and building was Rs. 685,634,650 and Rs. 267,644,476 respectively. The management believes that these values approximate to the values as on June 30, 2024.

18.5 Cost, accumulated depreciation and book value of revalued assets

Had there been no revaluation, the cost, accumulated depreciation and book values of revalued assets would have been as follows:

	2024					
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written Down Value	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written Down Value
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Freehold land	115,484,291	-	115,484,291	142,044,797	-	142,044,797
Factory buildings on freehold land	214,546,622	(144,049,640)	70,496,982	234,593,589	(128,535,765)	106,057,824
	330,030,913	(144,049,640)	185,981,273	376,638,386	(128,535,765)	248,102,621

The change is cost of freehold land is due to the piece of land classified as held for sale as mentioned in note 27.

18.6 The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The significant inputs used in the fair value measurements categorized within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis are as shown below:

Description	Valuation Technique	Significant Observable Inputs	Quantitative Date / Range (weighted average)
Land and building	Sales value comparison approach	Market enquiries and survey as per kanal/marla for land rates and per square foot rates for building	Nil

There are no movement between level 1, level 2 and level 3 assets.

- **18.7** As mentioned in Note 9, long term financing of the Company are secured by way exclusive charge amounting to Rs. 201 million (2023: 471.06 million) over fixed assets of the Company.
- **18.8** During the year, the Company changed its depreciation policy as mentioned in Note 3.1. The net impact of this change is a reduction in depreciation of Rs. 181,513. The depreciation policy changed from 'depreciation is charged on additions from the month of acquisition, and no depreciation is charged on assets disposed of during the month' to 'depreciation is charged on additions from the date the asset is available for use, and on disposals until the date the disposal is made'.
- **18.9** Property, plant and equipment contains fully depreciated assets, having cost of Rs. 90.114 million (2023: Rs. 75.904 million) that are still in use as at the reporting date.

	Land		Building		Plant and Machinery		Vehicles		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
- Opening balance	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	14,691,202	13,660,156	-	8,527,000	15,691,202	23,187,156
- Additions during the year	-	-	10,643,933	-	21,894,697	41,389,491	-	4,549,000	32,538,630	45,938,491
	1,000,000	1,000,000	10,643,933	-	36,585,899	55,049,647	-	13,076,000	48,229,832	69,125,647
- Transferred to fixed assets - Transferred to right of	-	-	(10,643,933)	-	(16,990,508)	(40,358,445)	-	-	(27,634,441)	(40,358,445)
use assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,076,000)	-	(13,076,000)
- Transferred to other receivable	(1,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,000,000)	-
	-	1,000,000	-	-	19,595,391	14,691,202	-	-	19,595,391	15,691,202

18.10 Capital Work in Progress

18.11 The aggregate book values of operating fixed assets disposed off during the year are below Rupees 5 million.

19	RIGH1	HT-OF-USE ASSETS		2024	2023
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Moto	r Vehicles			
	Openi	ng balance		40,578,053	37,469,222
	Add: A	Additions during the year		14,770,001	13,326,000
				55,348,054	50,795,222
	Less:	Depreciation charge for the year		(11,465,320)	(10,217,169)
	Closin	g balance		43,882,734	40,578,053
	Lease	Term (Years)		5	5
	19.1	Apportionment of depreciation charge for the year			
		Cost of sales	29	1,802,414	2,553,051
		Distribution cost	30	3,438,703	2,310,663
		Administrative expenses	31	6,224,203	5,353,455
				11,465,320	10,217,169

19.2 The Company has lease contracts for purchase of motor vehicles having lease term of 5 years. The Company's obligations under its leases are secured by the lessor's title to the motor vehicles.

20 LONG TERM DEPOSITS	Note	2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Utility companies		30,546,420	14,606,470
Against right of use assets		13,089,800	10,235,800
Others		2,558,750	2,173,000
		46,194,970	27,015,270
21 STOCK IN TRADE			
Raw and packing materials		1,597,875,998	955,912,287
Raw materials in transit		176,712,313	188,639,114
Finished goods		746,576,959	495,943,664
Solar panels purchased for resal		-	14,857,134
		2,521,165,270	1,655,352,199
Less: Provision for obsolescence	of stock 21.1	(48,023,188)	(38,933,188)
		2,473,142,082	1,616,419,011
21.1 Provision for obsoleso	ence of stock		
Opening balance		38,933,188	29,830,148
Provision for the year		9,090,000	9,103,040
		48,023,188	38,933,188
Less: Obsolete stocks v	ritten off	-	-
		48,023,188	38,933,188

21.2 As mentioned in Note 15, short term borrowings of the Company are secured by way of hypothecation charge on present and future current assets of the Company (including stock in trade).

22	TRADE DEBTS	Note	2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Local - Unsecured			
	Considered good			
	- Local sales		1,929,140,250	1,942,682,334
	Considered doubtful		105,671,204	94,591,204
			2,034,811,454	2,037,273,538
	Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	22.1	(105,671,204)	(94,591,204)
		_	1,929,140,250	1,942,682,334

22.1 Loss allowance

	Note	2024	2023
	NOLE	Rupees	Rupees
Opening balance		94,591,204	73,147,544
Loss allowance for the year		11,080,000	21,443,660
		105,671,204	94,591,204
Less: Bad debts written off		-	-
		105,671,204	94,591,204

- 22.2 These customers have no recent history of default. For age analysis of these trade debts, refer to note 40.1 (b).
- 22.3 Trade debts include an amount of Rs. 75,006,379 due from related parties (2023: Rs. 50,829,797) as at June 30, 2024.
- 22.4 Aging of outstanding balance of related party as at June 30, 2024, is as under:

	2024			2023			
	Nimir Nimir Chemcoats Industrial Chemi- Total C Limited cal Limited		Nimir Chemcoats Limited	Nimir Industrial Chemi- cal Limited	Total		
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Not overdue	47,387,075	54,000	47,441,075	29,023,397	21,806,400	50,829,797	
Past due less than 30 days	11,682,101	-	11,682,101	-	-	-	
Past due less than 60 days	12,528,463	-	12,528,463	-	-	-	
Past due less than 90 days	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Past due less than 180 days	3,354,740	-	3,354,740	-	-	-	
Past due over 180 days	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	74,952,379	54,000	75,006,379	29,023,397	21,806,400	50,829,797	

22.5 The maximum aggregate amount due from Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited, Nimir Energy Limited and Nimir Checmcoats Limited at the end of any month in the year was Rs. 1,600,005 (2023: Rs. 25,086,712), 145,737,528 (2023: Rs. 102,003,070) and 156,832,947 (2023: Rs. 31,746,139) respectively. No interest has been charged on the amounts due from associated undertakings.

23	LOANS AND ADVANCES	Nete	2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Advances to (Unsecured - Considered good):			
	- Suppliers and contractors		54,276,735	48,733,282
	- Employees against expenses	23.1	1,522,856	697,333
	Short term loans to employees (Unsecured - Considered good)	23.2	2,305,999	434,689
			58,105,590	49,865,304

23.1 Advances to employees do not include any amount given to directors or executives of the Company.

23.2 This represents interest-free loans given to employees as per the Company's policy. These loans are recoverable from salary in monthly installments.

24	OTHER RECEIVABLES	2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
	Margin against letters of credits	-	28,503,464
	Margin against letters of guarantees	800,000	800,000
	Other receiveable	1,000,000	-
	Prepayments	2,363,300	-
		4,163,300	29,303,464

25	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM THE GOVERNMENT	2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
	Tax deducted at source and advance tax	355,660,788	318,148,204
	Sales tax refundable - net	7,736,036	35,316,795
		363,396,824	353,464,999
26	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash in hand	146,680	537,322
	Cash at bank:		
	- in current accounts	77,319,918	133,479,005
	- in saving accounts	997,673	-
	- special account related to dividend payable	6,935	6,935
		78,471,206	134,023,262

26.1 This represents amounts in saving accounts yielding profit @ 11.01% (2023: Nil) per annum, approximately.

26.2 The above figures of cash and bank balances reconcile to the amount of cash and cash equivalents shown in the statement of cash flows.

26.3 This include bank balances amounting to Rs. 59.291 million (2023: 120.929 million) in Shariah-compliant banks.

27	ASSET CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE	2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
	Land	150,829,000	-
	Building	78,326,255	-
		229,155,255	-
	Liabilities related to asset classified as held for sale	36,000,000	-

27.1 The Company has received advance amounting to Rs 36 million against sale of land and building.

27.2 Assets held for sale comprise a piece of land situated at 14.8 km Sheikhupura Faisalabad Road, Tehsil and District Sheikhupura, Pakistan.

27.3 During the year, the Board of directors committed a plan to sell a peice of related land and building. For this, the Company has signed the agreement to sell these assets with Nimir Chemcoats Limited the related party. The sale is expected to be completed in one hundred and eighty days commencing from the date of execution of this Agreement. Initially, assets held for sale are stated at lower of carring value and fair value less cost to sell. Gain / (loss) on disposal of these assets shall be presented in the statement of profit or loss.

28	REVE	REVENUE		2024	2023
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
	28.1	All the revenue is recognised at a point in time.			
	28.2	Geographical markets			
		Pakistan		8,584,744,175	9,370,907,642
	28.3	The Company's net revenue disaggregated by operating segment are as follows:			
		Coating, emulsion and blending		4,872,807,104	4,952,524,571
		Textile, paper and others		3,711,937,071	4,418,383,071
				8,584,744,175	9,370,907,642
	28.4	Contract balances			
		Trade receivables	28.4.1	1,929,140,250	1,942,682,334
		Contract liabilities	28.4.2	8,817,565	6,025,371

28.4.1 Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and become due after 10 to 120 days of the invoice date.

28.4.2 Contract liabilities represents short term advances received from customers against delivery of goods in future. Revenue recognized in the current year that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year amounts to Rs. 6,025,371 (2023: Rs. 45,758,955).

29	COST OF SALES	Noto	2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Raw materials consumed		6,979,597,348	7,707,009,095
	Stores and spares consumed		40,627,745	27,583,463
	Fuel and power		253,961,160	201,362,969
	Salaries, wages and benefits	29.1	235,695,387	200,260,949
	Printing and stationery		286,369	246,166
	Repairs and maintenance		12,797,425	12,611,852
	Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		21,840,000	18,671,342
	Insurance		11,956,108	9,743,983
	Rent, rates and taxes		549,561	580,858
	Communication		1,193,431	1,201,526
	Fees and consultancy charges		15,350,367	1,188,663
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	18.3	86,798,543	77,506,757
	Depreciation on right of use asset	19.1	1,802,414	2,553,051
	Miscellaneous		7,708,275	871,634
			7,670,164,133	8,261,392,308
	Finished goods:			
	Opening finished goods	21	495,943,664	397,883,714
	Closing finished goods	21	(746,576,959)	(495,943,664)
			(250,633,295)	(98,059,950)
			7,419,530,838	8,163,332,358

29.1 This includes Rs. 8,943,992 (2023: Rs. 7,234,612) in respect of employee benefits.

DISTRIBUTION COST 30

DISTRIBUTION COST	Nete	2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Salaries, wages and benefits	30.1	57,263,358	50,027,135
Packing, carriage and forwarding		51,335,210	44,657,786
Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		11,931,539	10,336,456
Printing and stationery		52,350	281,210
Rent, rates and taxes		18,450	322,150
Fee and subscription		4,415,749	2,228,458
Insurance		2,139,708	1,857,140
Communication		738,510	265,023
Utilities		1,194,042	859,000
Repairs and maintenance		2,664,029	1,684,573
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	18.3	1,492,523	1,658,335
Depreciation on right of use asset	19.1	3,438,703	2,310,663
		136,684,171	116,487,929

30.1 This includes Rs. 3,802,668 (2023: Rs. 2,940,579) in respect of employee benefits.

31	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Salaries, wages and benefits	31.1	76,963,235	55,663,585
	Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		7,597,547	7,105,448
	Repairs and maintenance		4,384,220	3,963,433
	Printing and stationery		3,641,831	2,225,760
	Rent, rates and taxes	31.2	1,846,930	21,200
	Insurance		1,607,668	1,159,569
	Communication		4,014,970	3,735,887
	Fee and subscription	31.3	22,453,030	9,131,168
	Advertisement		249,960	555,039
	Legal and professional charges		7,144,246	4,629,766
	Auditors' remuneration	31.4	1,825,000	2,202,500
	Utilities		740,093	859,000
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	18.3	2,341,440	2,066,427
	Depreciation on right of use asset	19.1	6,224,203	5,353,455
	Miscellaneous		4,975	30,197
			141,039,348	98,702,434

31.1 This includes Rs. 3,635,373 (2023: Rs. 3,075,900) in respect of employee benefits.

31.2 This includes rent of admin office amounting to Rs. 1,626,250 (2023: Nil) which has been classified as low value asset lease.

31.3 This includes amounting to Rs. 9.57 million (2023: Nil) relating to expenses incurred for scheme of arrangement as disclosed in note 5.4.

31.4 Auditors' remuneration:	Note	2024	2023
	NOLE	Rupees	Rupees
- Audit fee		1,150,000	950,000
- Half yearly review		550,000	440,000
- Other assurance services		-	712,500
- Other certifications		125,000	100,000
		1,825,000	2,202,500
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
Expected credit losses on trade debts	22.1	11,080,000	21,443,660
Provision for obsolescence of stock	21.1	9,090,000	9,103,040
Workers' welfare fund		10,246,660	10,931,648
Workers' (profit) participation fund		23,423,136	30,886,290
Security deposit written off		100,000	-
Loss on disposal of fixed asset		-	21,512
		53,939,796	72,386,150
FINANCE COST			
Markup on :			
- Short term borrowings		421,879,670	331,028,150
- Diminishing musharaka finance		-	3,993
- Long term finance		6,671,987	29,591,349
- Lease liabilities		5,607,008	5,687,089
LC discounting charges		2,269,317	3,016,062
Bank and other charges		8,530,451	6,909,946
		444,958,433	376,236,589

32

33

34	OTHE	RINCOME		2024	2023
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Sale o	f waste material / scrap		20,512,733	25,505,611
	Gain o	n disposal of fixed asset		5,919,294	-
	Foreig	n exchange gain		15,871,418	2,988,552
	Rental	income		3,872,905	3,651,523
	Profit	on saving account		24,981	-
				46,201,331	32,145,686
35	TAXAT	ΓΙΟΝ			
	Currer	it tax:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	- Curre	ent year		142,340,984	183,784,802
	- Supe	r tax		39,266,478	63,374,070
	- Adjus	stment for prior years		10,444,597	(38,612,567)
				192,052,059	208,546,305
	Deferr	ed tax	13	(27,634,755)	(18,513,293)
				164,417,304	190,033,012
	35.1	Reconciliation of tax charge for the year			
		Profit before taxation		434,792,920	575,907,868
		Tax @ 29% (2023: 29%) on profit before taxation		126,089,947	167,013,282
		Super tax @ 8% (2023: 10%)		39,266,478	63,374,070
		Tax effect of add backs / allowed deductions		16,251,037	16,771,520
		Deferred tax		(27,634,755)	(18,513,293)
		Adjustment for prior years		10,444,597	(38,612,567)
				164,417,304	190,033,012
	35.2	Tax expense on items recognised in other comprehensive income			
		Remeasurement of post employment benefits obligation		(1,491,373)	(755,067)
		Revaluation of property, plant and equipment		-	45,262,829
				(1,491,373)	44,507,762
	35.3	The current tax expense for the year is calculated using corporation tax rate of 299 Deferred tax assets and liabilities on temporary differences are measured at effect			ite of 8% (2023: 10%).
36	EARNI	NGS PER SHARE		2024	2023
	Profit f	or the year attributable to ordinary shareholders	Rupees	270,375,616	385,874,856

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,,	,,
Weighted average number of ordinary shares			
outstanding during the year	Numbers	141,321,064	141,321,064
Earning per share - basic	Rupees	1.91	2.73

36.1 There is no dilution effect on the earnings per share of the Company as the Company does not have any convertible instruments in issue as at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 which would have any effect on the earnings per share if the option to convert is exercised.

37 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	Note	2024	2023
	NOLE	Rupees	Rupees
Profit before taxation		434,792,920	575,907,868
Adjustments for:			
- Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	18	90,632,506	81,231,519
- Depreciation on right of use asset	19	11,465,320	10,217,169
- Provision for gratuity	12	16,382,033	13,251,091
- Provision for obsolescence of stock	32	9,090,000	9,103,040
- Expected credit loss on trade debts	32	11,080,000	21,443,660
- Workers' (profit) participation fund	32	23,423,136	30,886,290
- Workers' welfare fund	32	10,246,660	10,931,648
- Finance cost	33	439,351,425	370,549,500
- Interest on lease liabilities	33	5,607,008	5,687,089
- Security deposit written off	32	100,000	-
- Foreign exchange gain	34	(15,871,418)	(2,988,552)
- (Gain) / Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	34	(5,919,294)	21,512
		595,587,376	550,333,966
Operating profit before working capital changes		1,030,380,296	1,126,241,834
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
- Stores and spares		(3,477,029)	(4,654,325)
- Stock in trade		(865,813,071)	665,855,627
- Trade debts		2,462,084	39,838,810
- Loans and advances		(8,240,286)	(5,308,271)
- Prepayments and other receivables		26,140,164	2,176,155
- Sales tax refundable - Net		27,580,759	(1,914,100)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities			
- Trade and other payables		(337,775,632)	711,244,398
		(1,159,123,011)	1,407,238,294
Cash Generated from Operations		(128,742,715)	2,533,480,128

38 LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	As at June 30, 2023	Non-cash changes	Cash flows (Net)	As at June 30, 2024
		Ruj	pees	
Long term financing	158,928,574	-	(143,928,574)	15,000,000
Lease liabilities	40,145,002	19,877,008	(13,043,892)	46,978,118
Share deposit money	9,391,005	-	(9,391,005)	-
Loan from related parties	-	21,568,799	-	21,568,799
Sponsors' interest free loans - unsecured	107,000,000	(21,568,799)	(78,544,950)	6,886,251
Short term borrowings	851,376,791	-	1,036,323,840	1,887,700,631
Total liabilities from financing activities	1,166,841,372	19,877,008	791,415,419	1,978,133,799

	As at June 30, 2022	Non-cash changes	Cash flows (Net)	As at June 30, 2023
		Rupees		
Long term financing	231,448,260	-	(72,519,686)	158,928,574
Lease liabilities	42,370,992	9,081,089	(11,307,079)	40,145,002
Share deposit money	11,391,005	-	(2,000,000)	9,391,005
Diminishing musharaka finance	525,325	-	(525,325)	-
Short term borrowings	2,483,518,377	-	(1,632,141,586)	851,376,791
Total liabilities from financing activities	2,769,253,959	9,081,089	(1,718,493,676)	1,059,841,372

39 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements for the period as remuneration and benefits paid to the chief executive officer, directors and executives of the Company are as follows:

	Chief Executi	cecutive Officer Non-E		Ion-Executive Directors Exe		(ecutives		al
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
				Rupees in	Thousand			
Managerial remuneration	7,355	4,645	-	-	59,104	48,632	66,459	53,277
Housing and other allowances	3,309	2,090	-	-	26,593	22,087	29,902	24,177
Utilities	735	465	-	-	5,909	4,863	6,644	5,328
Bonus	2,304	2,316	-	-	22,160	24,870	24,464	27,186
Retirement benefits	-	-	-	-	4,434	3,682	4,434	3,682
Meeting fee	-	-	6,500	4,810	-	-	6,500	4,810
	13,703	9,516	6,500	4,810	118,200	104,134	138,403	118,460
Number of persons	1	1	7	7	20	19	28	27

39.1 An executive is defined as an employee, other than the chief executive officer and directors, whose basic salary exceeds Rs. 1.2 million in a financial year.

40 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

40.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on having cost efficient funding as well as to manage financial risk to minimize earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders.

Risk management is carried our by the Board of Directors (the Board). The Board provides principles for overall risk management as well as policies covering specific areas such as currency risk, other price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

(a) Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. This exists due to the Company's exposure resulting from outstanding import and foreign currency payments.

At June 30, 2024, if Pakistani Rupee had weakened / strengthen by 1% against the the foreign currencies with all other variables held constant, pre-tax profit for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 8.072 million (2023: Rs. 15.383 million), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of the foreign currencies financial assets and liabilities.

	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Trade and other payables	126,316,803	580,758,507
Letters of credit commitments	680,951,061	957,561,520
	807,267,864	1,538,320,027
The following exchange rates were applied during the year:		
Rupees per foreign currency rate	USD	CNY
June 30, 2024		
Average rate	283.12	38.99
Reporting date rate	278.34	38.31
June 30, 2023		
Average rate	246.05	35.13
Reporting date rate	287.90	39.67

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's interest rate risk arises from short and long-term borrowings. These are benchmarked to variable rates which expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk.

The effective interest / mark-up rates for interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments are mentioned in relevant notes to the financial statements. The Company's interest / mark-up bearing financial instruments as at the reporting date are as follows:

Fixed rate instruments	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Financial liabilities		
Long term financing	15,000,000	25,000,000
Floating rate instruments		
Financial liabilities		
Lease liabilities	46,978,118	40,145,002
Long term financing	-	158,928,574
Short term borrowings	1,887,700,631	851,376,791
Financial assets		
Saving bank accounts	997,673	-

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

As at June 30, 2024, if interest rates on the Company's borrowings had been 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 19.336 million (2023: Rs. 10.505 million), mainly as a result of interest exposure on variable rate borrowings.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The profit before taxation for the year would have no fluctuation due to change in rate at reporting date.

(iii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is not exposed to any market price risk.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its investing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

The management assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a strong credit rating are accepted.

The Company monitors the credit quality of its financial assets with reference to historical performance of such assets and available external credit ratings, if any. As at June 30, 2024, the maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying amount of the financial assets as detailed below:

	Nata	2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Trade debts	22	1,929,140,250	1,942,682,334
Short term loans to employees	23	2,305,999	434,689
Other receivables	24	4,163,300	29,303,464
Bank balances	26	78,324,526	133,485,940
The aging of trade debts as at reporting date is as follows:			
Not due yet		1,294,187,045	1,366,864,729
1 - 30 days		238,233,386	205,273,085
31 - 60 days		146,151,920	200,278,214
61 - 150 days		145,093,765	70,107,627
More than 150 days		105,474,134	100,158,679
	22	1,929,140,250	1,942,682,334

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policies, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit rating scorecard and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk as its exposure is spread over a large number of counter parties.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates

are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e. by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probabilityweighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The letters of credit are considered integral part of foreign trade receivables and considered in the calculation of impairment.

The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are operated in largely independent markets. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counter parties are either banks (with reasonably high credit ratings) and trade receivables for which the exposure is spread over a large number of counter parties.

The credit quality of bank balances that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

	Rating	Rating	Rating	2024	2023
	Short-term	Long term	Agency	Rupees	Rupees
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	13,290	302,013
Bank Al-Habib Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	12,761,777	2,142,509
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	2,285,426	5,586,622
The Bank of Punjab	A1+	AA+	PACRA	2,081,832	2,594,883
Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1	A+	VIS	680,601	80,102,964
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	58,057,349	40,686,245
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	PACRA	749,260	398,415
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	668,816	2,000
Bank Islami Limited	A1	AA-	PACRA	553,215	140,611
JS Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	-	724,908
MCB Bank Limited	A1	А	PACRA	-	804,770
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	472,960	-
				78,324,526	133,485,940

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to dynamic nature of the business, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining committed credit lines available. The Company's liquidity management involves projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios and maintaining debt financing plans. The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to contractual maturity dates. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows:

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2024:

Description	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 1 year	1-2 Years	2-5 Years	Above 5 Years
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Long term financing	15,000,000	15,375,000	10,350,000	5,025,000	-	-
Loan from related parties - unsecured	21,568,799	21,568,799	-	21,568,799	-	-
Lease liabilities	46,978,118	61,547,216	16,806,374	16,020,811	28,720,031	-
Trade and other payables	690,257,961	690,257,961	690,257,961	-	-	-
Accrued mark up	69,326,490	69,326,490	69,326,490	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	1,887,700,631	2,288,648,245	2,288,648,245	-	-	-
	2,730,831,999	3,146,723,711	3,075,389,070	42,614,610	28,720,031	-

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2023:

Description	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 1 year	1-2 Years	2-5 Years	Above 5 Years
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Long term financing	158,928,574	204,073,444	84,556,879	55,273,876	64,242,689	-
Lease liabilities	40,145,002	48,523,409	12,030,920	11,638,356	24,854,133	-
Trade and other payables	1,046,697,205	1,046,697,205	1,046,697,205	-	-	-
Accrued mark up	44,692,748	44,692,748	44,692,748	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	851,379,791	1,047,023,178	1,047,023,178	-	-	-
	2,141,843,320	2,391,009,984	2,235,000,930	66,912,232	89,096,822	-

(d) Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying value and the fair value estimates.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the reporting date. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date. The management believes that the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

40.2 Financial instruments by categories

Financial asset as at amortized cost

	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Trade debts	1,929,140,250	1,942,682,334
Short term loans to employees	2,305,999	434,689
Other receivables	4,163,300	29,303,464
Cash and bank balances	78,471,206	134,023,262
	2,014,080,755	2,106,443,749

The Company did not possess any financial assets designated as fair value through profit or loss and fair value through other comprehensive income categories.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Trade and other payables	690,257,961	1,046,697,205
Accrued mark up	69,326,490	44,692,748
Short term borrowings	1,887,700,631	851,376,791
Long term financing	15,000,000	158,928,574
Loan from related parties - unsecured	21,568,799	-
Lease liabilities	46,978,118	40,145,002
	2,730,831,999	2,141,840,320

41 BALANCES AND TRANSACTION WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise associated companies due to common directorship, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. The Company enters into transactions with related parties on the basis of mutually agreed terms. Outstanding balances at the reporting date are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. Significant balances and transactions with related parties are as follows:

	B 1 11 - 11		2024	2023
Related party	Relationship	Nature of Transaction	Rupees	Rupees
Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	Associated Company	Purchase of goods	247,486,357	319,117,680
[Ultimate parent company		Sale of goods	4,619,999	24,128,569
till January 17, 2024]		Services provided	5,629,143	5,117,402
		Services acquired	7,265,038	6,604,580
		Other reimbursable expenses	14,608,309	9,081,105
Nimir Chemcoats Limited	Associated Company	Purchase of goods	86,662,627	62,191,227
		Sale of goods	226,930,200	74,201,444
		Services provided	3,293,835	2,669,233
		Other reimbursable expenses	855,827	237,962
		Advance against purchase of land	36,000,000	-
Nimir Energy Limited	Associated Company	Purchase of goods / services	-	6,159,651
		Sale of goods	145,737,528	158,468,608
		Other reimbursable expenses	451,451	666,253
Nimir Management (Pvt.) Ltd.	Associated Company	Share deposit money repaid	9,391,005	2,000,000
[Parent Company till January 17, 2024]		Payment of Sponsors' interest free loan	78,544,950	-
Extracts4Life (Private) Limited	Associated Company	Sale of goods	4,067,700	3,177,900
Balances outstanding as at June 30	,			
Directors	Sponsors' interest free	loans	6,886,251	107,000,000
Loan from related party	Loan from related party		21,568,799	-
Nimir Management (Private) Limited	Share deposit money		-	9,391,005
Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	Trade creditors		11,160,912	56,197,830
Nimir Chemcoats Limited	Trade creditors		-	11,497,590
Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	Trade debts		54,000	21,806,400
Nimir Chemcoats Limited	Trade debts		74,952,379	29,023,397

41.1 Following are the related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement / agreement in place.

S. No.	Company Name	Relationship	% of Shareholding
1	Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	Associate	Common directorship
	[Ultimate parent company till January 17, 2024]		
2	Terranova (Private) Limited	Associate	3.03%
3	Nimir Chemcoats Limited	Associate	Common directorship
4	Nimir Energy Limited	Associate	Common directorship
5	Extracts4Life (Private) Limited	Associate	Common directorship
6	Mr. Zafar Mahmood	Directorship	19.3500%
7	Mr. Ammar Hameed	Directorship	0.0010%
8	Mr. Khalid Mumtaz Qazi	Directorship	11.1133%
9	Mr. Muhammad Yahya Khan	Directorship	5.8131%
10	Mr. Osman Hameed	Directorship	0.0005%
11	Mr. Pervaiz Ahmed Khan	Directorship	0.0004%
12	Mrs. Nazia Qureshi	Directorship	0.0004%
13	Mr. Khalid Siddiq Trimzey	Directorship	0.0004%

41.2 There is a change in percentage of shareholding as compared to previous year. Futher, Nimir Management (Private) Limited, parent company till January 17, 2024 has been dissolved under the scheme of arrangement as disclosed in note 5.4.

42 SEGMENT REPORTING

- **42.1** A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. The management has determined its operating segments based on the information that is presented to the Chief Operating Decision Maker for allocation of resources and assessments of performance. Based on internal management reporting structure and products produced and sold, the Company is organized into the following operating segments:
 - Coating, Emulsion and Blending
 - Textile, Paper and others

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (the Chief Executive Officer) of the Company monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is generally evaluated based on certain key performance indicators including business volume, gross profit, profit from operations, reduction in operating cost and free cash flows.

Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of receivables, inventories and property, plant and equipment, net of impairment and provisions but do not include deferred tax. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade and bills payable.

42.2 Segment analysis

The segment information for the reportable segments for the period ended June 30, 2024 is as follows.

	Coating, Emulsion and Blending	Textile, Paper and others	Total
Segment Results for the year ended June 30, 2024		Rupees in Thousand	
Revenue	4,872,807	3,711,937	8,584,744
Segment results	378,704	508,786	887,490
Other operating expenses			(53,939)
Finance costs			(444,959)
Other income			46,201
Profit before taxation			434,793
Segment Results for the year ended June 30, 2023			
Revenue	4,952,525	4,418,383	9,370,908
Segment results	428,891	563,494	992,385
Other operating expenses			(72,386)
Finance costs			(376,237)
Other income			32,146

Profit before taxation

- **42.3** There are no specific segment asset and liabilities.
- **42.3** Entity-wide disclosures regarding reportable segment are as follows:
 - Information about major customers

One customer of the Company accounts for 13.18% (2023: 10.52%) of total sales for the period. Revenue from such customer was Rs. 1,131.194 million (2023: Rs. 985.511 million).

575,908

- Information about geographical areas
- All non-current assets of the Company are located in Pakistan as at the reporting date.
- Revenue from export sales is Rs. Nil (2023: Nil).

43 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

While managing capital, the objectives of the Company are to ensure that it continues to meet the going concern assumption, enhances shareholders' wealth and meets stakeholders' expectations. The Company ensures its sustainable growth viz. maintaining optimal capital structure, keeping its finance cost low, exercising the option of issuing right shares or repurchasing shares, if possible, selling surplus property, plant and equipment without affecting the optimal operating level and regulating its dividend payout thus maintaining smooth capital management.

In line with the industry norms, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital employed. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non current) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital employed is calculated as equity, as shown in the statement of financial position, plus net debt.

As at the reporting date, the gearing ratio of the Company was worked out as under:

Note	2024	2023
NOLE	Rupees	Rupees
Total borrowings	1,971,247,548	1,050,450,367
Cash and bank balances	(78,471,206)	(134,023,262)
Net debt	1,892,776,342	916,427,105
Equity	3,298,219,043	3,135,527,205
Total capital employed	5,190,995,385	4,051,954,310
Gearing ratio	36.46%	22.62%

		Nete	2024	2023
44	4 SHARI'AH SCREENING DISCLOSURE	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Loans and advances as per islamic mode	15.2	467,459,023	148,287,102
	Shariah compliant bank deposits/bank balances/overdrawn	26.3	59,291,165	120,929,820
	Profit earned from Shariah compliant bank deposits/bank balances	34	24,981	-
	Revenue earned from a Shariah compliant business segment	28	8,584,744,175	9,370,907,642
	Exchange gain / (loss) earned from actual currency	34	15,871,418	2,988,552
	Mark up paid on Islamic mode of financing	33	69,438,379	74,315,515
	Profits earned or interest paid on any conventional loan or advance	33	385,397,169	291,995,066
	For total finance cost including on conventional loans, refer to note 33.			

Accrued markup include markup payable on conventional loan amounting to Rs. 56,591,508 (2023: 36,218,099).

The Company maintains bank accounts with Meezan Bank Limited, Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited and Bank Islami Limited.

45	PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION	2024 Metric Ton	2023 Metric Ton
	Actual production	24,197	26,183
	Total capacity	46,560	45,600

45.1 Production of goods relates to the sales orders received from the customers and the Company produces goods to meet those orders. Actual production remained lower than last year due to market demand.

46	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	2024 Number	2023 Number
	Employees as at June 30,		
	- Permanent	125	129
	- Contractual	6	6
	Average employees during the year		
	- Permanent	127	124
	- Contractual	6	6

47 AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved and authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company for issuance on September 18, 2024

48 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Board of Directors of the Company has proposed a final cash dividend of Re. 1 per share (2023: Nil) for the year ended June 30, 2024 at their meeting held on September 18, 2024 for the approval of members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 26, 2024. These financial statements do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted for in the period in which they are approved.

49 GENERAL

Corresponding figures are re-arranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison. Following reclassifications / rearrangements have been made in these financial statements for better presentation:

Nature	From	То	Amount
Share deposit money repaid	Cash flows from investing activities	Cash flows from financing activities	(2,000,000)
Legal and professional charges - Administrative Expenses	Fee and subscription	Legal and professional charges	1,301,780

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Pattern of Shareholding

As at June 30, 2024

	Shareholding		
No. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
1,365	1	100	43,184
1,823	101	500	463,108
461	501	1,000	344,036
799	1,001	5,000	1,984,363
197	5,001	10,000	1,409,420
74	10,001	15,000	933,679
32	15,001	20,000	565,142
39	20,001	25,000	917,755
21	25,001	30,000	574,426
10	30,001	35,000	326,554
16	35,001	40,000	614,542
11	40,001	45,000	472,529
15	45,001	50,000	741,759
7	50,001	55,000	367,176
2	55,001	60,000	115,500
3	60,001	65,000	185,582
3	65,001	70,000	202,750
5	70,001	75,000	356,577
3	75,001	80,000	231,826
4	85,001	90,000	354,564
5	95,001	100,000	492,880
4	100,001	105,000	409,419
1	120,001	125,000	122,658
1	135,001	140,000	139,735
5	145,001	150,000	741,991
1	150,001	155,000	150,678
1	155,001	160,000	157,268
1	165,001	170,000	166,626
2	175,001	180,000	356,178
2	195,001	200,000	396,065
2	220,001	225,000	445,000
1	275,001	280,000	275,643
1	280,001	285,000	283,250
1	285,001	290,000	290,000
1	295,001	300,000	299,802
1	315,001	320,000	318,000
1	375,001	380,000	379,040
1	390,001	395,000	394,000
1	400,001	405,000 505,000	400,500
1	500,001		505,000
1	550,001 600,001	555,000 605,000	552,607
1			600,206 845 500
1	845,001 855,001	850,000 860,000	845,500 858 500
1	855,001	860,000 870,000	858,500 869,435
1			869,435
1	1,660,001 1,855,001	1,665,000	1,663,351 1 850 081
1	1,855,001	1,860,000	1,859,981
1	1,965,001 2,760,001	1,970,000 2,765,000	1,966,601 2,763,000
1	3,285,001	3,290,000	3,290,000
I	0,200,001	3,290,000	5,290,000

Shareholding			
No. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
1	4,090,001	4,095,000	4,094,284
1	4,280,001	4,285,000	4,282,335
1	4,915,001	4,920,000	4,917,500
1	7,180,001	7,185,000	7,180,137
1	8,215,001	8,220,000	8,215,141
1	9,215,001	9,220,000	9,216,256
1	12,545,001	12,550,000	12,547,380
1	14,955,001	14,960,000	14,955,318
1	15,705,001	15,710,000	15,705,478
1	27,005,001	27,010,000	27,009,849

4,944

141,321,064

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2024 2.3

S. No.	Categories of shareholders	Shares held	Percentage
2.3.1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their spouse and minor childern	51,034,640	36.1126
2.3.2	Associated Companies, Undertakings and related parties.	4,282,335	3.0302
2.3.3	NIT and ICP	5,580	0.0039
2.3.4	Banks Development, Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.	13,931	0.0099
2.3.5	Insurance Companies	0	0.0000
2.3.6	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	156,598	0.1108
2.3.7	Shareholders holding 10% or more	57,670,645	40.8082
2.3.8	General Public		
	a. Local	81,897,570	57.9514
	b. Foreign	205,110	0.1451
2.3.9	Others (to be specified)		
	1- Joint Stock Companies	3,642,527	2.5775
	2- Foreign Companies	14,719	0.0104
	3- Government Holding	35,963	0.0254
	4- Investment Companies	5,701	0.0040
	5- Pension Funds	24,299	0.0172
	6- Others	2,091	0.0015



Stock trading simulator (based on live feed from KSE) Knowledge center Risk profiler*

- Financial calculator
- Subscription to Alerts (event notifications, corporate and regulatory actions)
- Jamapunji application for mobile device
 Online Quizzes
- jamapunji.pk @jamapunji_pk

Categories of Shareholders (CCG)

As at June 30, 2024

S. No.	Name	No. of Shares Held	Percentage (%)
Associ	ated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties :		
1	TERRANOVA PVT. LIMITED (CDC)	4,282,335	3.0302
Mutual	Funds :		
1	PRODENTIAL STOCKS FUND LTD.	29	0.0000
2	CDC - TRUSTEE GOLDEN ARROW STOCK FUND (CDC)	122,658	0.0868
3	CDC - TRUSTEE UBL RETIREMENT SAVINGS FUND - EQUITY SUB FUND (CDC)	33,430	0.0237
Directo	ors and their Spouse and Minor Children :		
1	MR. ZAFAR MAHMOOD (CEO) (CDC)	27,009,849	19.1124
2	SHEIKH AMAR HAMEED (CDC)	1,427	0.0010
3	MR. KHALID MUMTAZ QAZI (CDC)	15,705,478	11.1133
4	MR. MUHAMMAD YAHYA KHAN (CDC)	8,215,141	5.8131
5	MR. OSMAN HAMEED (CDC)	735	0.0005
6	MR. PERVAIZ AHMED KHAN (CDC)	510	0.0004
7	MRS. NAZIA QURESHI (CDC)	500	0.0004
8	MR. KHALID SIDDIQ TRIMZEY (CDC)	500	0.0004
9	MRS. NAUREEN KHALID W/O KHALID SIDDIQ TRIMZEY (CDC)	100,500	0.0711
Execut	ives:	29,243,575	20.6930
Public	Sector Companies & Corporations :	-	0.0000
	Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance nies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds :	38,711	0.0271

Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed Company :

S. No.	Name	No. of Shares Held	Percentage (%)
1	MR. ZAFAR MAHMOOD (CEO) (CDC)	27,009,849	19.1124
2	MR. KHALID MUMTAZ QAZI (CDC)	15,705,478	11.1133
3	MR. NADEEM NISAR (CDC)	14,955,318	10.5825
4	MR. IMRAN AFZAL (CDC)	12,847,182	9.0908
5	MR. UMAR IQBAL (CDC)	9,216,256	6.5215
6	MR. MUHAMMAD YAHYA KHAN (CDC)	8,215,141	5.8131
7	MR. AMIR JAMIL (CDC)	7,180,137	5.0807

All trades in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children shall also be disclosed:

			Transactions made under ahore High Court Order (Jan-2024)	
S. No.	Name	Subtraction	Addition	
1	MR. ZAFAR MAHMOOD (CEO) (CDC)	-	27,009,143	
2	SH. AMAR HAMEED (CDC)	-	721	
3	MR. KHALID MUMTAZ QAZI (CDC)	-	15,702,926	
4	MR. MUHAMMAD YAHYA KHAN (CDC)	-	3,091,063	
5	MR. OSMAN HAMEED (CDC)	-	29	
6	MR. IMRAN AFZAL (CDC)	-	12,547,380	
7	MR. AMIR JAMIL (CDC)	-	7,175,137	
8	MR. UMAR IQBAL (CDC)	-	9,216,256	
		Sale	Purchase	
9	MR. AMIR JAMIL (CDC)	-	5,000	

Notice of 60th Annual General Meeting

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Notice is hereby given that the 60th Annual General Meeting of Nimir Resins Limited (the "Company") shall be held on Saturday, October 26, 2024 at 10:30 a.m. at 122-B, New Muslim Town, Lahore, as well as electronically through video link facility to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024 together with Chairman's review, the reports of the Directors', Statement of Compliance (CCG) and Independent Auditors' reports thereon.
- To appoint Auditors for the year ending June 30, 2025 and fix their remuneration. The members are hereby given the notice that the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors have recommended the re-appointment of retiring auditors M/s Crowe Hussain Chaudhury & Co. – Chartered Accountants as auditors of the Company.
- 3. To approve the payment of final cash dividend of Re. 1 per share (i.e. 10 %) for the year ended June 30, 2024.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. To receive, consider and approve the Circulation of Annual Report through QR Code and Through Weblink, in accordance with the Section 223(6) of the Companies Act, 2017 read with SECP's S.R.0 389(1)/2023 dated March 31, 2023 and pass the following resolution with or without modification:

"Resolved that, Nimir Resins Limited (the "Company") be and is hereby authorized to circulate its Annual Report including Annual Audited Financial Statements Auditor's Report, Directors Report, Chairman Review Report and other reports contained therein to Members of the Company through QR enabled Code and web link."

Statement under section 134 of the Company Act, 2017 in the above matter pertaining to item no 4 is annexed

By Order of the Board

Lahore October 05, 2024

Muhammad Inam-ur-Rahim (Company Secretary)

Notes:

- I. The share transfer books of the Company shall remain closed from October 20, 2024 to October 26, 2024 (both days inclusive). Transfers (Physical Shares) received in order at the office of the Company's shares registrar at the close of business on Friday, October 18, 2024 will be treated in time for purpose of determine the entitlements attend and vote at the AGM.
- II. A member eligible to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. A proxy must be a member of the Company and shall produce his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or passport at the time of meeting. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the registered office of the Company not later than forty-eight (48) hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- III. The corporate shareholders shall nominate someone to represent them at the AGM. The nominations, in order to be effective must be received by the Company not later than forty-eight (48) hours before time of holding the meeting.
- IV. Any individual beneficial owner of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC), entitled to attend and vote at this meeting, must bring his/her original CNIC or passport, Account and participants' I.D numbers to prove his/her identity, and in case of proxy must enclose an attested copy of his / her CNIC or passport. Representatives of corporate members should bring the, Board resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature (unless it had been provided earlier) along with the proxy form to the Company.
- V. Shareholders (Physical) are requested to immediately notify change in address, if any, to the Company's Share Registrar, at the following address:

M/s Corplink (Pvt.) Limited Wings Arcade, 1-K (Commercial), Model Town, Lahore. Tel : 042 35916714, 35916719, 35839182. Fax: 042 35869037. www.corplink.com.pk

Submission of CNIC - (Mandatory)

With reference to the notification of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), SR0 779(I)/2011, dated August 18, 2011, the Members/Shareholders (Physical) who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) to the Company are required to send the same at the earliest directly of the Company's Share Registrar, M/s Corplink (Pvt.) Limited. Members/Shareholders (CDC) get it updated directly to their CDC participant (broker)/CDC Investor Account Services, as the case may be.

Kindly comply with the request, in case of non-receipt of the copy of valid CNIC and non-compliance of the above-mentioned SRO of SECP, the Company may be constrained to withhold dividends in the future. Shareholders are requested to promptly notify any change of address to the Company's Share Register (for Physical shares) or to their respective participant / broker (for CDS shares) as the case may be.

Video Conference Facility

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 the shareholders residing in other cities and holding at least 10% of the total paid up capital may demand the Company to provide the facility of video link for participation in the meeting. The demand for video-link facility shall be received at Shares Registrar address given hereinabove at least 7 days prior to the date of AGM.

Deposit of Physical Shares in to CDC Account:

As per Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 every existing listed company shall be required to replace its physical shares with book-entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by the Commission, within a period not exceeding four years from the commencement of this Act, i.e., May 30, 2017. The Shareholders having physical shareholding are encouraged to open CDC sub - account with any of the brokers or Investor Account directly with CDC to place their physical shares into scrip less form, this will facilitate them in many ways, including safe custody and sale of shares, any time they want, as the trading of physical shares is not permitted as per existing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

Deduction of withholding Income Tax / Zakat on the amount of Dividend

Pursuant of the provisions of Finance Act, 2024 effective from July 1, 2024, the deduction of income tax from the dividend payments shall be made on the bases of filer and non-filers as follows:

S. No.	Nature of Shareholders	Rate of Deduction
1	Filers of Income Tax Return - ATL	15%
2	Non-Filers of Income Tax Return - ATL	30%

Shareholders seeking exemption from deduction of income tax or are eligible at a reduced rate are requested to submit a valid tax certificate or necessary documentary evidence as the case may be. The shareholders who have joint shareholdings held by filers or non-filers shall be dealt separately. If the shares are not ascertainable then each account holder will be assumed to hold equal proportion of shares and deduction will be made accordingly.

Zakat will be deducted from the dividend(s) at source at the rate of 2.5% of the paid-up value of the share (i.e. Rs. 10/- each) and will be deposited within the prescribed period with the relevant authority as per the prescribed regulations. Shareholders desiring non-deduction of Zakat are requested to submit a valid declaration form (CZ-50) under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 to the Share Register / CDC – Participant / investor Account Services before Book Closer for non-deduction of Zakat.

Payment of Cash Dividend through Electronic Mode (IBAN format)

In accordance with the Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 cash dividend can only be paid through electronic mode directly into the respective bank account designated by the entitled Shareholders. Shareholders are requested to provide their bank account details (IBAN format) to our share registrar (for Physical shares) or to their respective participant / broker (for CDS shares) as the case may be. The subject Form is available at Company's website i.e. www.nimir.com.pk. In case of unavailability of IBAN, the Company would be constrained to withhold dividend in accordance with the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017.

Unclaimed Shares / Dividend Under Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017

The Company has previously discharged its responsibility under Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017 whereby the Company approached the shareholders to claim their unclaimed dividends and undelivered share certificates in accordance with the law. Shareholders, whose dividends still remain unclaimed and/or undelivered share certificates are available with the Company, are hereby once again requested to approach the

Company to claim their outstanding dividend amounts and/or undelivered share certificates.

Availability of Audited Financial Statements on Company's Website

In accordance to Section 223 and 237 of the Company Act, 2017, the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024 have been made available on the Company's website www.nimir.com.pk/nrl/financial_reports.html, in addition to annual and quarterly financial statements for the prior years.

Circulation of Annual Audited Financial Statements to Shareholders Through Email/CD/USB/DVD or Any Other Media:

SECP through SR0 787(1)/2014 dated September 8, 2014 and SR0 470(1)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 has allowed the companies to circulate its Annual Audited Financial Statements to its members through Email/CD/DVD/USB/ or any other Electronic Media at their registered Addresses. The Company circulates its Annual Audited Financial Statements to its members through CD. However, shareholders who wish to receive the hard copy of Financial Statements shall have to write request and send it to the Company's registered address.

E-Voting:

Members can also exercise their right to poll subject to meeting the requirement of Section 143 to 145 of the Companies Act, 2017 and applicable clauses of Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations , 2018 "Regulation 2018. Details of e-voting facilities will be shared though email with those Members of the Company who have their valid CNIC number, cell numbers and email address available in the register of Members of the Company within due course. Postal ballot form is also available on the Company's website.

Proxy Form:

Proxy Form is enclosed and also available on the website of the company i.e. www.nimir.com.pk

STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 CONCERNING THE SPECIAL BUSINESS SUBJECT:

The statement set out the material facts concerning the special Business given in agenda item No. 4 of the notice which will be considered to be passed by the members.

Agenda item no. 4 of the notice - Circulation of Annual Audited Financial Statements Through QR enabled code and weblink.

The securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through its notification No. S.R.O 389(1)/2023 dated March 21, 2023 has allowed the Companies to circulated the Annual Audited Financial Statements Auditor's Report, Directors Report, Chairman Review Report and other reports contained therein to Members of the Company through QR enabled Code and web link. Consequently, notice of the meeting shall be dispatched to Members as per the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 on their registered mailing address, containing the QR code and web link address to enabled them to view and download the Annual Audited Financial Statements together with the reports and documents required to be annexed thereto under the Companies Act, 2017.

The Company Shell send hard copies of the Annual Audited Financial Statements to the shareholders, free of charge, upon receipt of a duly completed Request Form, as available on the Company's website.

None of the Directors of the Company have any direct or indirect interest in the Special Business, except in their capacity as Members and Directors of the Company.

Gender Pay Gap statement under SECP Circular 10 of 2024







2. Median Gender Gap :



The median pay for Women is 174% higher than that of men

For and on behalf of board

Zafar Mahmood Chief Executive Officer Nimir Resins Limited

Lahore September 18, 2024

Form of Proxy 60th Annual General Meeting

The Company Secretary	Ledger Folio/CDC A/C No.
NIMIR RESINS LIMIETD	
14.5 K.M. Lahore – Sheikhupura Road,	
Lahore, Pakistan.	Shares Held
I/We	of
	being member(s) of
Nimir Resins Limited hereby appoint	of
as my/our proxy to vote for me / us or	n my / our behalf at the Annual General Meeting
of the Company held on Saturday, October 26, 2024 at 10:30 a.m. and / o	r at any adjournment thereof or any ballot to be
taken in consequence thereof.	
Signed this 202	24.
WITNESSES:	Signature of Shareholder
1	(The signature should agree with the specimen
1 2	registered with the Company)
Name :	
CNIC :	Fifty Rupees
Address:	Revenue Stamp

Notes:

Date:

- i. The share transfer books of the Company shall remain closed from October 20, 2024 to October 26, 2024 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of the Company's shares registrar at the close of business on Friday, October 18, 2024 will be treated in time for purpose of determine the entitlements to attend and vote at the AGM.
- ii. A member eligible to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. A proxy must be a member of the Company and shall produce his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or passport at the time of meeting. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the registered office of the Company not later than forty eight (48) hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- iii. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instruments of proxy are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.
- iv. The corporate shareholders shall nominate someone to represent them at the AGM. The nominations, in order to be effective must be received by the Company not later than forty eight (48) hours before time of holding the meeting. Representatives of corporate members should bring the, Board resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature (unless it had been provided earlier) along with the proxy form to the Company.
- v. Any individual beneficial owner of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC), entitled to attend and vote at this meeting, must bring his/her original CNIC or passport, Account and participants' I.D numbers

to prove his/her identity, and in case of proxy must enclose an attested copy of his / her CNIC or passport.

- vi. All Shareholders of the Company who holds shares in scrip-less form on CDC are requested to submit/send valid copies of CNIC and NTN Certificate(s) directly to their CDC participant (brokers)/CDC Investor Account Services. Physical Shareholders who had not yet submitted the valid copies of CNIC and NTN Certificate(s) are requested to send the copies of the same to the Company's Shares Registrar.
- vii. All CDC Shareholders are requested to immediately notify change in address, if any directly to their CDC participant (brokers)/CDC Investor Account Services. Physical Shareholders are requested to immediately notify change in address, if any, to the Company's Share Registrar, at the following address:

M/s Corplink (Pvt.) Limited Wings Arcade, 1-K (Commercial), Model Town, Lahore. Tel: 042 35916714, 35916719, 35839182. Fax: 042 35869037. www.corplink.com.pk



BALLOT PAPER

Registered Office: Address 14.5 Km. Lahore-Sheikhupura Road, Lahore.

Contact: +92-42-35926090-93, Website: https://www.nimir.com.pk

Ballot paper for voting through post for the Special Business at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Nimir Resins Limited scheduled on Saturday, October 26, 2024, at 10:30 a.m. at the Company's Head Office situated at 122-B, New Muslim Town, Lahore.

Contact details of the Chairman at which the ballot paper may be sent:

Business Address: The Chairman, Sheikh Amar Hameed Office# 122 - B, New Muslim Town, Lahore, Pakistan. Email: corporate@nimir.com.pk

Name of Shareholder/Joint Shareholders	
Registered Address	
Folio No. / CDC Participant / Investor ID with Sub-Account #	
Number of shares held (shall be taken as of book closure in notice)	
CNIC, NICOP/ Passport No. (for foreigner) (Copy to be attached)	
Additional Information and enclosures (In case of representative of body corporate, corporation, and Federal Government.)	

Instructions for Poll

- 1. Please indicate your vote by ticking $(\sqrt{})$ the relevant box.
- 2. In case if both the boxes are marked as $(\sqrt{})$, you poll shall be treated as "Rejected".

I/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the following Special Business resolution through postal ballot by conveying my/our assent or dissent to the resolution by placing tick ($\sqrt{}$) mark in the appropriate box below;

Agenda No. 04	Nature and Description of Resolutions	No of Ordinary Shares for which votes cast	I/We assent to the Resolution (FOR)	I/We dissent to the Resolution (AGAINST
	SPECIAL BUSINESS: To receive, consider and approve the Circulation of Annual Report through QR Code and Through Weblink, in accordance with the Section 223(6) of the Companies Act, 2017 read with SECP's S.R.O 389(1)/2023 dated March 31, 2023 and pass the following resolution with or without modification:			
<u>4</u>	"Resolved that, Nimir Resins Limited (the "Company") be and is hereby authorized to circulate its Annual Report including Annual Audited Financial Statements Auditor's Report, Directors Report, Chairman Review Report and other reports contained therein to Members of the Company through QR enabled Code and web link."			

Signature of Shareholder(s) (In case of corporate entity, please also affix company stamp)	Place	Date

Notes/Procedure for submission for Ballot Paper:

- 1. Dully filled postal ballot should be sent to the Chairman of the meeting, Nimir Resins Limited (the "Company") at Chairman's office No. 122-B, New Muslim Town, Lahore Pakistan or through email @ corporate@nimir.com.pk
- 2. Copy of CNIC/Passport (in case of foreign nationals) should be enclosed with the postal ballot.
- 3. Postal ballot form should reach to the Chairman of the meeting on or before Friday, October 25, 2024 during working hours by 05:00 p.m. (i.e. 1700 hours PST). Any postal ballot received after this date, will not be considered for voting.
- 4. Chairman of AGM will be Sheikh Amar Hameed, # 122-B, New Muslim Town, Lahore Pakistan.
- 5. Signature on the postal ballot should match with the signature on CNIC/Passport (in case of foreign nationals).
- 6. Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, over written ballot paper will be rejected.
- 7. In case of corporate body, corporation and Federal Government, postal ballot must be accompanied with the CNIC/Passport of authorized person, attested copy of Board Resolution, Power of Attorney, Authorization letter etc. in accordance with section 138 or 139 of the Companies Act, 2017 as applicable. In case of foreign corporate body etc. all documents must be attested from the counsel general of Pakistan having jurisdiction over the member.
- 8. Ballot paper has also been placed at the website of the Company www.nimir.com.pk, members may download the ballot paper from the Company's website.

Better life Through Chemistry





E-Brochure



Corporate Video

Accounts



NIMIR RESINS LIMITED

14.5 K.M. Lahore – Sheikhupura Road, Lahore, Pakistan. Tel: +92 42 37971512-14 | +92 42 35926090-93 **www.nimir.com.pk**