

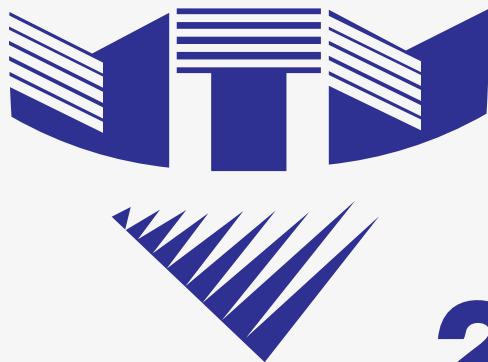


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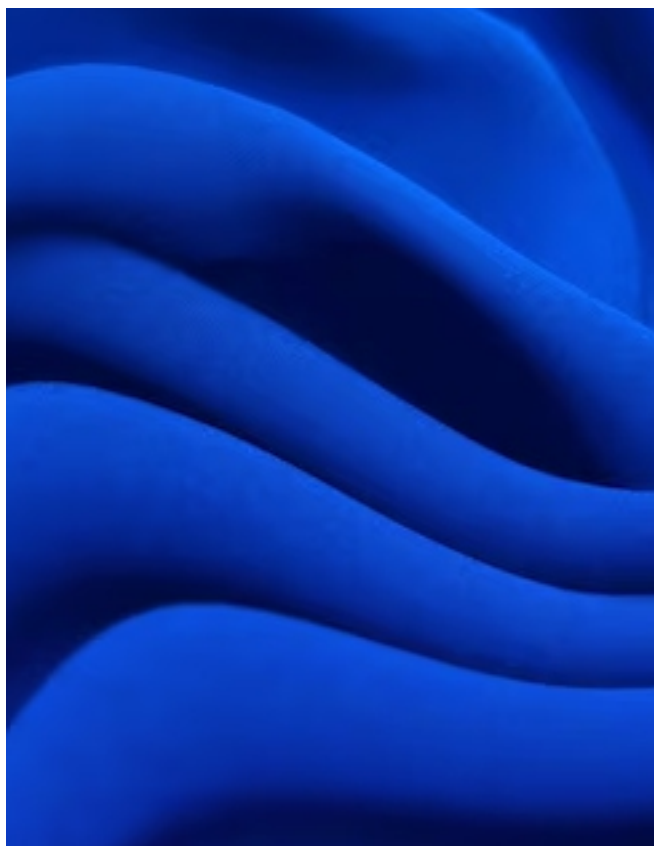
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2024

ANNUAL REPORT



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MUBARAK
TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED





33rd

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

June 30, 2024

VISION STATEMENT

To Be Dynamic, Profitable and Growth Oriented Company

MISSION STATEMENT

To be a foremost company receptive to the needs of our Customers acknowledged for consistently providing fine Quality Product and services by understanding the behavior and preparing fully to meet the challenges of global Market standards and making best efforts in production planning quality of products and marketing strategies and so give consistent financial return to the shareholders on their investment.

ANNUAL REPORT 2024

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MUBARAK TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

COMPANY PROFILE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	MR. ZULFIQAR ALI CH. NASEER AHMED MR. ABDUL SHAKOOR MR. SHAKEEL AHMED MR. NADEEM ABBAS MR. NAFEES IQBAL MR. ABDUL JABBAR MRS. SANA KHALID	CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER INDEPENDENT INDEPENDENT
AUDIT COMMITTEE	MR. ABDUL JABBAR MR. SHAKEEL AHMED MR. NAFEES IQBAL	CHAIRMAN MEMBER MEMBER
HR AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	MR. ZULFIQAR ALI CH. NASEER AHMED MR. ABDUL SHAKOOR	CHAIR PERSON MEMBER MEMBER
COMPANY SECRETARY	MR. ABDUL SHAKOOR	
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	M. BABAR KHAN	
AUDITORS	M/S Rizwan & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT	
SHARE REGISTRAR	HAMEED MAJEED ASSOCIATES (PVT) LTD. H.M. HOUSE, 7-BANK SQUARE, LAHORE.	
BANKERS	HABIB METROPOLITAN BANK LTD	
REGISTERED OFFICE / MILLS	20-KM OFF FEROZEPUR ROAD, LAHORE, PAKISTAN. TEL: 042-35950674 FAX: 042-35950675	
WEB	www.mttmpk.com info@mttmpk.com	
E-Mail	mubarak_textile@yahoo.com	

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 33rd Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of MUBARAK TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED, will be held on Monday the 28th day of October, 2024 at 11:00 a.m. at 20-KM Off Ferozepur Road, Lahore to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on 27.10.2023.
2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts together with Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon for the year ended 30th June, 2024.
3. To appoint auditors for the year ending 30th June, 2025 and fix their remuneration.

ANY OTHER BUSINESS

4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board



(ABDUL SHAKOOR)
Company Secretary

LAHORE

Dated: October 03, 2024

NOTES:

1. The share transfer books of the Company shall remain closed from 26th October, 2024 to 30th October, 2024 (both days inclusive) transfers received in order on 25th October, 2024 will be considered in time.
2. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Proxies in order, to be valid must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
3. CDC shareholders desiring to attend the meeting are requested to bring their original National Identity Cards, Account/Sub Account and particular of participants I.D. numbers and account numbers in CDC, for identification purpose, and in case of proxy, to enclose an attested copy of his/her National Identity Card.
4. Shareholders are requested to notify the Company of any change in their addresses.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,
Assalam-o-Alaikum,

The Directors of the Company MUBARAK TEXTILE MILLS LTD are pleased to present Annual Report of the Company for the year ended 30th June, 2024 alongwith the financial statements and Auditors' report thereon.

FINANCIAL REVIEW:

	June, 2024	June, 2023
Sales/Processing Income	-	-
Operating Profit/(Loss)	(10,605,906)	(8,861,763)
Financial cost:	754	983
Taxation for year	2,075,507	1,904,837
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(1,959,093)	(1,514,083)
Profit/(Loss) per Share	(0.36)	(0.28)

The company earned profit before taxation for Rs. 0.116(M) after providing for all the administrative and financial charges including depreciation for Rs. 1.500(M) as compared to pre-tax Profit of Rs. 0.391(M) of the last year.

Due to over all crises to the industry and energy problem the Management of the company could not involve in any business activity to make viable the company. However the management is working over stitching of Knitwear garments on conversion basis shortly and hope will be successful to make the company profitable.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS:

In reply to the Auditors' observations your Directors have the following view:

- a) As for as the adverse opinion is concerned, the Management of the Company has a view that through special resolution from members of the Company dated 31.10.2009 the approval was accorded to sale out the Plant & Machinery and put the business on rent/lease (conversion of business), which the Company is doing. We understand that basis for adverse opinion is not fair and it should not qualify the report. The Management is in the process of development of revival plan and the legal counsel of the Company is confident about the outcome of case. Once business plan will be developed, all the matters will be settled accordingly.
- b) Interest free loan from sponsors in long term loan, as and when company needs the sponsors grant and when they need back, The company pay to them.

TRADING IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

No trading in the Shares of the Company was carried out by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children.

BOARD MEETING

During the year 4 Board meeting were held, which were attended as follows.

1.	Mr. Zulfiqar Ali	4
2.	Mr. Ch. Naseer Ahmad	4
3.	Mr. Nadeem Abbass	3
4.	Mr. Nafees Iqbal	4
5.	Mr. Abdul Shakoor	4
6.	Mr. Shakeel Ahmed	4
7.	Mr. Abdul Jabbar	4
8.	Mrs. Sana Khalid	4

Leave of absence were granted to the directors who could not attend the board meeting.

KEY OPERATING & FINANCIAL DATA FOR LAST SIX YEARS:

PARTICULARS	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
PAID UP CAPITAL	54,000,000	54,000,000	54,000,000	54,000,000	54,000,000	54,000,000
FIXED ASSETS AT COST	134,026,254	134,426,067	132,331,234	133,939,949	139,099,569	142,024,924
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	5,263,260	3,106,154	2,242,126	15,096,890	12,326,110	9,004,755
CURRENT ASSETS	4,621,271	3,491,116	2,113,385	2,883,308	14,086,334	12,290,174
CURRENT LIABILITIES	48,041,751	44,972,922	42,992,295	43,182,344	42,337,216	42,002,980
SALES	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER INCOME	10,974,574	8,585,000	9,269,706	25,910,321	10,408,222	9,867,796
PRE-TAX PROFIT/(LOSS)	116,414	390,754	1,057,234	8,451,117	1,887,831	946,199
TAXATION	2,075,507	1,904,837	1,861,931	1,830,549	1,704,488	1,658,203

AUDITORS:

The present auditors M/s. Rizwan & Co. Chartered Accountants retired and being eligible offer themselves as external auditors of the Company for the year 2024-2025.

PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDING:

The pattern of shareholding is annexed to report. The statement is prepared in accordance with the code of Corporate Governance.

DIVIDEND

Due to tight liquidity position the board of Directors has decided to pass over the dividend.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE.

As required by the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG), the Board of Directors hereby declares that:

1. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 present fair view of state of affairs; the result of its operations, Cash Flows and Changes is in equity.
2. The proper books of accounts have been maintained.
3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
4. International Accounting Standard (IAS) as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
6. There is no doubt about the Company to continue as going concern.
7. There is no material departure from best practices of Corporate Governance as detailed in listing regulations.

LABOUR / MANAGEMENT RELATIONS

Relations between Management and the employees / workers remained cordial throughout the year. The management places on record its appreciation for the dedication and the hard work of the employees for the progress of the company and hope they will continue their cooperation and team spirit for the prosperity of the company.

For and on behalf of the Board


(Zulfikar Ali)

Chief Executive Officer

Lahore.

Dated: October 3rd, 2024

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

مبارک ٹیکسٹائل ملز لمیٹڈ (کمپنی) کے ڈائریکٹران کمپنی کی سالانہ رپورٹ برائے سال 30 جون 2024 پیش کرتے ہیں۔

مالیاتی جائزہ

June, 2023

June, 2024

-	-	فروختگی خالص
(8,861,763)	(10,605,906)	آپریٹنگ منافع (نقصان)
983	754	فنانسنگ منافع / (نقصان)
1,904,837	2,075,507	ٹیکسیشن
(1,514,083)	(1,959,093)	منافع (نقصان) برائے سال
(0.28)	(0.36)	نی حصص منافع / (نقصان)

روان سال کمپنی نے ٹیکس سے پہلے 0.116(M) روپے منافع کمایا تمام خرچے بشمول گھساوٹ (M) 1.500 روپے نکال کے بمقابلہ پچھلے سال کا منافع 0.391(M) روپے۔
بوجہ ہوزری کاروباری مندی اور توانائی مسائل کی وجہ سے انتظامیہ کسی کاروبار میں ملوث نہ ہو سکی۔ کوشش ہے گارمنٹس نٹ ویئر کنورژن بنیادوں پر شروع کر کے کمپنی کو نفع مند بنایا جائے۔

کمپنی حصص کی خرید و فروخت

کمپنی حصص کے خرید و فروخت میں ڈائریکٹران، چیف ایگزیکٹو، چیف فنانس آفسر، کمپنی سیکرٹری اور ان کے لواحقین نے کوئی حصہ نہیں لیا۔

بورڈ مینٹنگز

روان سال کے دوران 4 بورڈ مینٹنگ ہوئیں ہر ایک کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے۔

4	1- ذوالفقار علی
4	2- چوہدری نصیر احمد
3	3- ندیم عباس
4	4- نفیس اقبال
4	5- عبدالشکور
4	6- شکیل احمد
4	7- عبدالجبار
4	8- ثناء خالد

بہترین کارپوریٹ طریقے:

ڈائریکٹرز بہترین کارپوریٹ طریقوں کو اپنانے کیلئے پُر عزم ہیں۔

- 1- ڈائریکٹرز کی کل تعداد آٹھ ہے۔ جس میں ۷ مرد اور ۱ عورت ہے۔
- 2- بورڈ کے اندر دو آزاد تین نان ایگزیکٹو اور تین ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز ہیں۔
- 3- آڈٹ کمیٹی میں عبدالجبار (آزاد) شکیل احمد صاحب اور نفیس اقبال شامل ہیں۔
- 4- نان ایگزیکٹو اور آزاد ڈائریکٹرز صرف مینٹنگ فیس کے حق دار ہیں۔

شیئر ہولڈنگ پیٹرن:

عمومی شیئر ہولڈنگ پیٹرن برائے 30 جون 2024 کو ڈآف کارپوریٹ کے مطابق رپورٹ سے منسلک ہیں۔

منافع مقسمہ:

مالیاتی تنگی حالات کی وجہ سے منجمنٹ نے منافع مؤخر کیا ہے۔

آڈیٹرز کی تقرری:

موجودہ آڈیٹرز میسرز رضوان اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس ریٹائر ہو گئے ہیں نیز قابلیت کی بناء پر انہوں نے دوبارہ تعیناتی کی پیشکش کی ہے۔

انتظامیہ ملازمین کے تعلقات:

انتظامیہ اور ملازمین کے تعلقات پُر جوش اور بھرپور رہے انتظامیہ ان کی محنت اور جذبہ وفاداری کی حوصلہ افزائی کرتی ہے اور امید کرتے ہیں کہ وہ آئندہ بھی کمپنی کی ترقی کیلئے اپنا تعاون جاری رکھیں گے۔

لاہور:

تاریخ: 3 اکتوبر 2024

برائے بورڈ

(ذوالفقار علی)

چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر

**Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance)
Regulations, 2019 ("the Regulations")**

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of Directors are eight (8) as per the following:

- a. Male: 7
- b. Female: 1

2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mrs. Sana Khalid Mr. Abdul Jabbar
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Shakeel Ahmad Mr. Nafees Iqbal Mr. Nadeem Abbas
Executive Directors	Mr. Zulfiqar Ali (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Abdul Shakoor Ch. Naseer Ahmad

3. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
4. The company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and the Regulations;
7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Act and the Regulations;
9. The Independent Director has duly submitted his consent to act as an independent director to the company, and this declaration has been submitted to the chairman of the Board.
10. The Board has arranged Directors' Training program for the following:

Name of Director
Mr. Abdul Jabbar Mrs. Sana Khalid

Following Directors meet the exemption criteria of minimum of 14 years of education and 15 years of experience on the Boards of listed companies, hence are exempt from Directors' training program:

Names of Directors
Mr. Zulfiqar Ali
Mr. Abdul Shakoor
Ch. Naseer Ahmad
Mr. Nadeem Abbas
Mr. Nafees Iqbal
Mr. Shakeel Ahmad

10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a) Audit Committee

Names	Designation held
Mr. Abdul Jabbar	Chairman
Mr. Shakeel Ahmed	Member
Mr. Nafees Iqbal	Member

b) HR Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Names	Designation held
Mr. Zulfiqar Ali	Chairperson
Ch. Naseer Ahmed	Member
Mr. Abdul Shakoor	Member

c) Risk Management Committee

No Risk Management Committee formed.

14. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
15. The frequency of meetings quarterly of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee

Four meetings were held during the financial year ended June 30, 2024.

b) HR Nomination and Remuneration Committee

One meeting of HR and Remuneration Committee was held during the financial year ended June 30, 2024.

c) Risk Management Committee


No meeting of Risk Management Committee was held during the financial year ended June 30, 2024.

16. The board has set up an effective internal audit function by appointing Head of Internal Audit, who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
17. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the company;
18. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, the Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
19. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with;
20. Explanations for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

Sr. No.	Requirement	Explanation of Non-Compliance	Regulation Number
1	Nomination Committee The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.	Currently, the Board has not constituted a separate nomination committee and the functions are being performed by the human resource and remuneration committee. The Board shall consider to constitute separate nomination committee after next election of directors.	29
2	Disclosure of significant policies on website The Company may post key elements of its significant policies, brief synopsis of terms of reference of the Board's committees on its website and key elements of the directors' remuneration policy.	Although these are well circulated among the relevant employees and directors, the Board shall consider posting such policies and synopsis on its website in near future.	35
3	Significant policies The Board is required to approve anti - harassment policy to safeguard the rights and well-being of employees.	During the year, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) amended regulation 10 of the Regulations on 12 June 2024. Currently, the management is assessing this amendment and compliance thereof, as applicable, will be performed in due course of time.	10(4)(xvi)
4	Role of the Board and its members to address Sustainability Risks and Opportunities The board is responsible for governance and oversight of sustainability risks and opportunities within the Company by setting the Company's sustainability strategies, priorities and targets to create long term corporate value.	During the year, SECP introduced new regulation 10A in the Regulations on 12 June 2024. Currently, the management is assessing this amendment and compliance thereof, as applicable, will be performed in due course of time.	10(A)
5	Responsibilities of the Board and its members The Board is responsible for adoption of corporate governance practices by the company.	Non-mandatory provisions of the Regulations are partially complied. The company is deliberating on full compliance with all the provisions of the Regulations.	10(1)
6	Directors' Training It is encouraged that by 30 June 2024 all directors on the Board have acquired the prescribed certification under any director training program offered by institutions, local or foreign, that meet the criteria specified by the Commission and approved by it.	Six directors of the company are exempt from Directors' training program and two directors of the Company have acquired Directors' Training Program certification.	19(1)

21. The two elected independent directors have requisite competencies, skills, knowledge and experience to discharge and execute their duties competently, as per applicable laws and regulations. As they fulfill the necessary requirements as per applicable laws and regulations, hence, appointment of a third independent director is not warranted.

Lahore:
October 3rd, 2024


Ch. Naseer Ahmed
Chairman

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

I am pleased to present the review on the overall performance of the board and effectiveness of the role played by the board in achieving the Company's objective.

The Company follow the best practices relating to corporate Governance and complies with the relevant requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and the listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 with the respect to composition, meetings and procedures of the Board of Directors and its Committees.

For the year ended review, based on the evaluation, the overall performance and effectiveness of the Board has been assessed as satisfactory. During the financial year 2023-24 four Board Meetings were convened. The Board has dully formulated a vision and mission statement, is actively involved in formulation of appropriate policies and procedures and ensure due compliance with all the regulatory requirements. Its closely monitors the performance of its sub committees and is committed to uphold and stable operations.

During the year, the Board considered and approved among other things, quarterly and annual financial statements, appointment of external auditors for the year ended june, 2025.

I am thankful to the Board of Directors of the Company, Shareholders, bankers, financial institutions, valued customers for their support and assistance. I also thank the executive and other employees of the Company for their dedication and hard work.



Ch. Naseer Ahmed
Chairman

Dated:
October 3rd, 2024

چیرمین جائزہ رپورٹ

میں کمپنی اور اس کے بورڈ کی سالانہ کارکردگی برائے سال اختتام 30 جون 2024 کا جائزہ پیش کرتے ہوئے مسرت کا اظہار کرتا ہوں۔

کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹر کمپنی کو موثر انداز سے چلانے کے لیے اپنی ذمہ داریوں سے اور لاگو قوانین سے بخوبی آگاہ ہیں۔ بورڈ کے ممبران کی کارکردگی کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے قانون 2017 کے تحت مجموعی طور پر پرکھا گیا۔ جائزہ کے عرصے کے دوران کمپنی کی مجموعی کارکردگی تسلی بخش اور موثر رہی۔

سال 2023-24 میں 4 بورڈ میٹنگز منعقد کی گئیں۔ بورڈ نے کمپنی کا ایک ویژن اور مشن مقرر کیا ہے اور قانونی طریقے کے مطابق معاملات کو چلانے کے لیے پالیسیز مرتب کی ہیں۔ بورڈ اپنی تشکیل کردہ کمیٹی کی کارکردگی کا باقاعدہ جائزہ لیتا ہے اور معاملات میں توازن یقینی بناتا ہے۔

مالی سال کے عرصے کے دوران بورڈ نے دوسرے معاملات کے علاوہ سہ ماہی، ششماہی اور سالانہ حسابات کی منظوری دی ہے۔ آزاد آڈیٹرز کا تقرر۔



چوہدری نصیر احمد

چیرمین

لاہور:

تاریخ: 3 اکتوبر 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Mubarak Textile Mills Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **Mubarak Textile Mills Limited** (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2024 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

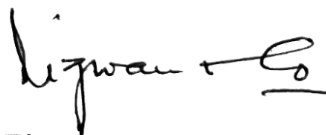
As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Further, we would like to highlight that:

- As required by Regulation 30 Risk management Committee has not been formed by the Company as mentioned in paragraph 13 (c) of the Statement of Compliance.



ISLAMABAD
Date: 03 October 2024
UDIN: CR202410101DLegOERv1

RIZWAN & COMPANY
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

STATEMENTS OF ETHICS & GOOD BUSINESS PRACTICES

1. Company's interest & loyalty.
2. Contribution to society & human well being.
3. Avoid harm to others.
4. Honesty to Trustworthiness.
5. Respect the privacy of others.
6. Honor confidentiality.
7. Strive to achieve the highest quality, effectiveness and dignity in both process of product.
8. Acquire and maintain professional competence.
9. Know and respect laws pertaining to professional work.
10. Accept and provide appropriate professionalreview.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**To the members of Mubarak Textile Mills Limited****Report on the Audit of Financial Statements**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Mubarak Textile Mills Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section of our report, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof do not conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and do not give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017, in the manner so required and respectively do not give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs for the year ended June 30, 2024 and of the loss, other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Adverse Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse opinion and after due verification we report that:

- a) The Company has ceased its operations in 2011. As at June 30, 2024 the company's accumulated losses stood at Rs. 87.001 million (Rs. 85.371 million: June 30, 2023). As on this date, the company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 2.370 million (Rs. 4.428 million: June 30, 2023). The Company's plan to enter into trading business in the near future as envisaged by the management has not yet materialized, and we were neither provided with future projections of the Company nor alternate business plan to revive the Company to support going concern assumption. Further, as disclosed in note 18.1 to the financial statements, the Additional Registrar of Companies, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan has filed winding up petition in the Lahore High Court, Lahore in 2019 against the Company which is pending for adjudication.

These conditions and events indicate material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore it may not be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in normal course of business. Because of the circumstances and events as mentioned herein, we are of the opinion that the Company cannot be considered to be a going concern and thus the preparation of these financial statements on a going concern basis is inappropriate.

- b) The Company has obtained interest free loan from sponsors amounting to Rupees 46.187 million which has been classified under long term loans in these financial statements. As stated in note 13 to the financial statements; the terms of long term loans have not been settled. The said loan has not been carried in these financial statements at amortised cost as per International Financial Reporting Standard 9 "Financial Instruments" and guidelines issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan under TR 32 – Accounting Directors' Loan. The cumulative effect of this matter has neither been determined nor adjusted in these financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Following are the key audit matter(s):

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>a) Contingencies and Company's exposure to litigation risk</p> <p>The Additional Registrar of Companies, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan has filed winding up petition in the Lahore High Court, Lahore in 2019 against the Company which is pending for adjudication as no hearing has so far been held in this matter as disclosed in note 18.1.</p> <p>Given the nature of the contingency and the appellate forums at which these are pending, the ultimate outcome and the resultant accounting in the financial statements is subject to significant judgment, which can change over time as new facts emerge and the contingency crystallizes, and therefore, we have identified this as key audit matter.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures amongst others, included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - We obtained confirmations from legal advisors for current status and any new development during the year and assessing the advice given; - Reading correspondence of the Company with regulatory departments and the Company's external counsel, where available; - Discussing open matters and developments with the management of the Company; <p>We evaluated that appropriate disclosures and presentation have been made in these financial statements.</p>
<p>b) Revenue recognition</p> <p>The Company generates its revenue from rental income as the company ceased operations in 2011. The company leased out part of factory land and building for a period of three years.</p> <p>During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company recognized an amount of Rs. 9.417 million as rental income which is the main source of income necessary for company's ability to continue as going concern. We therefore consider this as a key audit matter.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures amongst others, included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Obtained understanding of the internal processes used to record rental income; - Performed test of detail procedures over actual income earned during the year; and - Assessed the adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) Because of the significance of the matters referred in paragraphs (a) to (b) of Basis for Adverse Opinion section above; proper books of account have not been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) Because of the significance of the matters referred in paragraphs (a) to (b) of Basis for Adverse Opinion section above; the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have not been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) however these are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) Investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) No zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Usher Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Rashid Iqbal FCA.

ISLAMABAD
Date: 03 October 2024
UDIN: AR202410101vXn2ZQ0iU


RIZWAN & COMPANY
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT JUNE 30, 2024**

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipments	6	134,026,254	134,426,067
Investment property	7	133,190,000	133,441,500
Long term deposits	8	2,508,408	2,508,408
		<u>269,724,662</u>	<u>270,375,975</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Loans and advances to employees		2,000,000	34,000
Advance income tax	9	2,263,005	2,096,681
Cash & bank balances	10	358,266	1,360,435
		<u>4,621,271</u>	<u>3,491,116</u>
		<u>274,345,933</u>	<u>273,867,091</u>
EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
CAPITAL & RESERVES			
Share capital	11	54,000,000	54,000,000
Unappropriated losses		(87,000,893)	(85,370,640)
Surplus on revaluation of property and equipments	12	252,313,451	252,345,287
Shareholders equity		<u>219,312,558</u>	<u>220,974,647</u>
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term loan	13	46,186,988	42,986,988
Employee benefit obligation	14	1,854,763	1,985,934
		<u>48,041,751</u>	<u>44,972,922</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade creditors & other payable	15	4,812,155	5,923,426
Provision for taxation	16	2,075,507	1,892,134
		<u>6,887,662</u>	<u>7,815,560</u>
Unclaimed dividend	17	103,962	103,962
		<u>274,345,933</u>	<u>273,867,091</u>
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	18	-	-

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



Mr. Zulfiqar Ali
Chief Executive



Mr. Babar Khan
Chief Financial officer



Mr. Nafees Iqbal
Director

**STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Sales / Processing receipts		-	-
Cost of Goods sold		-	-
Gross Profit		-	-
OPERATING EXPENSES			
General and Administrative expenses	19	10,605,906	8,861,763
Operating Loss		(10,605,906)	(8,861,763)
Other operating income	20	10,974,574	8,585,000
Net operating profit/(loss)		368,668	(276,763)
Finance cost		(754)	(983)
Unrealized (loss)/gain on remeasurement of fair value of investment property	7	(251,500)	668,500
Profit before taxation		116,414	390,754
Taxation	21	(2,075,507)	(1,904,837)
Net loss for the year after taxation		(1,959,093)	(1,514,083)
Basic loss per share	22	(0.36)	(0.28)

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



Mr. Zulfiqar Ali
Chief Executive



Mr. Babar Khan
Chief Financial officer



Mr. Nafees Iqbal
Director

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Net loss for the year		(1,959,093)	(1,514,083)
Other Comprehensive Income:			
Gratuity - remeasurement loss		(803,496)	(124,977)
Item that will not be reclassified to profit and loss:			
Revaluation surplus on property and equipments	12	1,100,500	3,615,654
Incremental depreciation transferred from revaluation	12	1,132,336	1,193,547
Total Comprehensive (Loss)/Income for the year		<u><u>(529,753)</u></u>	<u><u>3,170,141</u></u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



Mr. Zulfiqar Ali
Chief Executive



Mr. Babar Khan
Chief Financial officer



Mr. Nafees Iqbal
Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
'FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash (used in)/generated from operation	23	(642,957)	2,265,374
Gratuity paid		(1,500,000)	(140,000)
Income tax paid		(2,058,458)	(1,905,563)
Finance cost paid		(754)	(983)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(4,202,169)	218,828
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in long term deposit		-	(419,000)
Net cash outflow from investing activities		-	(419,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Long term loan		3,200,000	1,500,000
Net cash inflows from financing activities		3,200,000	1,500,000
Net (decrease)/increase in cash & cash equivalents		(1,002,169)	1,299,828
Cash & cash equivalents as at beginning of the year		1,360,435	60,607
Cash & cash equivalents as at the end of the year	10	358,266	1,360,435

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



Mr. Zulfiqar Ali
Chief Executive



Mr. Babar Khan
Chief Financial officer



Mr. Nafees Iqbal
Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	PAID UP CAPITAL	ACCUMULATED (LOSSES)	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL
	(-----RUPEES-----)			
Balances as at June 30, 2022	54,000,000	(84,925,127)	249,923,180	218,998,053
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Net (Loss) for the year	-	(1,514,083)	-	(1,514,083)
Gratuity - remeasurement loss	-	(124,977)	-	(124,977)
Revaluation surplus during the year	-	-	3,615,654	3,615,654
Incremental depreciation during the year	-	1,193,547	-	1,193,547
Total Comprehensive Income	-	(445,513)	3,615,654	3,170,141
Incremental depreciation transferred	-	-	(1,193,547)	(1,193,547)
Balances as at June 30, 2023	54,000,000	(85,370,640)	252,345,287	220,974,647
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Net loss for the year		(1,959,093)		(1,959,093)
Gratuity - remeasurement loss		(803,496)		(803,496)
Revaluation surplus during the year			1,100,500	1,100,500
Incremental depreciation during the year		1,132,336		1,132,336
Total Comprehensive Income	-	(1,630,253)	1,100,500	(529,753)
Incremental depreciation transferred	-	-	(1,132,336)	(1,132,336)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	54,000,000	(87,000,893)	252,313,451	219,312,558

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



Mr. Zulfiqar Ali
Chief Executive



Mr. Babar Khan
Chief Financial officer



Mr. Nafees Iqbal
Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS:

Mubarak Textile Mills Limited (The company) was incorporated on August 11, 1991 as a Private Limited Company and was subsequently converted into a Public Limited Company with its shares quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the company is situated at 20 KM off Ferozepur Road Lahore. The Project was a composite Knitwear unit comprising of Knitting, Dying, Finishing, Embroidery & stitching. The Mill is located at 20 KM off Ferozepur Road in district Lahore in the province of the Punjab.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS

2.1 Management's assumption of Going Concern

The company has ceased its operation in 2011. The company has earned net (loss) of Rs. 1,959,093 (2023: Rs. 1,514,083) during the year ended June 30, 2024 and as on that date its accumulated losses stood at Rs. 87,000,893 (2023: Rs. 85,370,640). As on this date, the company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 2,370,353 (2023: Rs. 4,428,406). These factors raise substantial doubts that the company will be able to continue as a going concern and therefore it may be unable to realize its assets or discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The management has planned to enter into trading business in the near future, however, to sustain the current working capital requirements the management has leased out part of its land and building.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the assumption that the company would be able to obtain sufficient working capital for its day to day matters from its planned rental income.

These financial statements therefore do not include adjustments relating to recover ability and classification of recorded assets and classification of liabilities that may be necessary in a non-going concern basis of accounting.

2.2 The management carried out revaluation of land, building and equipment and transferred part of land and building to investment property due to change in use at June 30, 2021. The valuation was carried out by Hamid Mukhtar & Co. (Pvt) Limited on June 30, 2021. The latest revaluation of the entire land, building and equipment has again been carried out by independent valuers Hamid Mukhtar & Co. on June 30 2024, which reported revaluation surplus of Rs. 1,100,500. The entire land, building and equipment including investment property has been valued at Rs. 267,183,000 and its forced value has been valued at Rs. 224,316,000.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Statement of compliance:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain fixed assets which have been stated at revalued amount, investment properties which have been stated at fair value, recognition of certain staff retirement benefits at present value and certain other items as disclosed in relevant accounting policies. These financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements have been presented in Pak Rupees, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

3.4 Key judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. In addition, it requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a high degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are documented in the following accounting policies and notes, and relate primarily to:

- 'Fair value of investment property
- Obligation of defined benefit obligation
- 'Allowance for expected credit loss (ECL)
- Impairment of financial instruments based upon expected credit loss model
- 'Estimation of provisions
- 'Current income tax expense, provision for current tax

4. NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE DURING THE YEAR

The following new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments are effective in the current year but are either not relevant to the Company or their application does not have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company other than presentation and disclosures, except as stated otherwise.

4.1 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards effective in the current year

New and amended standards mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning July 1, 2023:

a) Amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of Financial Statements' is applicable on accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The amendments includes requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies, clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not be disclosed and also clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements.

'b) Amendments to IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' will be applicable on accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The International Accounting Standards Board (the Board) has issued amendments to end diversity in treatment of accounting estimates and clarified how companies should distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates, with a primary focus on the definition of and clarifications on accounting estimates. Developing an accounting estimate includes both selecting a measurement technique (estimation or valuation technique) – e.g. an estimation technique used to measure a loss allowance for expected credit losses when applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments; and – choosing the inputs to be used when applying the chosen measurement technique – e.g. the expected cash outflows for determining a provision for warranty obligations when applying IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. The effects of changes in such inputs or measurement techniques are changes in accounting estimates.

c) During the current period, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) has withdrawn Technical Release 27 'IAS 12, Income Taxes (Revised 2012)' and issued the 'IAS 12, Application Guidance on Accounting for Minimum Taxes and Final Taxes' (the Guidance). Accordingly, as required in the Guidance, the Company has changed its accounting policy to designate the amount calculated on taxable income using the notified tax rate as an income tax expense. Any excess over the amount designated as income tax, is then recognized as a 'Levy' under 'IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', which were previously being recognized as 'income tax'.

In accordance with the requirement of International Accounting Standard (IAS 8) - 'Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors' and the guidance provided, this guidance shall be applied retrospectively (if considered to be material). However, as the tax expense of the Company during the current and prior period is assessed under final tax regime (FTR). Therefore, a reclassification adjustment is made in these financial statements as a result of application of this guidance.

'The other new standards, amendments to published accounting and reporting standards and interpretations that are mandatory in Pakistan for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2023 are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting and operations.

4.2 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

The following new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards are not effective for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2023 and have not been early adopted by the Company:

a) periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. Under existing IAS 1 requirements, companies classify a liability as current when they do not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period. As part of this amendments, the requirement for a right to be unconditional has been removed and instead, the amendments requires that a right to defer settlement must have substance and exist at the end of the reporting period. This right may be subject to a company complying with conditions (covenants) specified in a loan arrangement. At October 31, 2022, after reconsidering certain aspects of the amendments, the IASB reconfirmed that only covenants with which a company must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. Covenants with which the company must comply after the reporting date (i.e. future covenants) do not affect a liability's classification at that date. However, when non-current liabilities are subject to future covenants, companies will now need to disclose information to help users understand the risk that those liabilities could become repayable within 12 months after the reporting date.

b) 'Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Sale and leaseback transaction' is applicable on accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. Amendments impact how a seller-lessee accounts for variable lease payments that arise in a sale-and-leaseback transaction. On initial recognition, the seller-lessee includes variable lease payments when it measures a lease liability arising from a sale-and-leaseback transaction. After initial recognition, the seller-lessee applies the general requirements for subsequent accounting of the lease liability such that it recognizes no gain or loss relating to the right of use it retains. The amendments introduce a new accounting model for variable payments and will require seller-lessees to reassess and potentially restate sale-and-leaseback transactions entered.

c) 'Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' and IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' will be applicable on accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. The amendments are in response to investors' calls for more transparency of Supplier Finance Arrangements' (SFA) impacts on the financial statements and include additional disclosure requirements for companies that enter into these arrangements. The objective of the new disclosures is to provide information about SFAs that enables investors to assess the effects on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and the exposure to liquidity risk. The new disclosures include information about the following:

- The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are part of SFAs and the line items in which those liabilities are presented.
- The carrying amount of the financial liabilities for which suppliers have already received payment from the finance providers.
- The range of payment due dates for both the financial liabilities that are part of SFAs, and comparable trade payables that are not part of such arrangements.
- Non-cash changes in the carrying amounts of financial liabilities.
- Access to SFA facilities and concentration of liquidity risk with finance providers.

The IASB has provided transitional relief by not requiring comparative information in the first year, and also not requiring disclosure of specified opening balances. Further, the required disclosures are only applicable for annual periods during the first year of application.

d) 'Amendments to IAS 21 'The effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' is applicable on accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. The amendments address situations where a currency may lack exchangeability, often due to government-imposed controls. In such cases, companies must estimate a spot exchange rate reflecting orderly transactions at the measurement date. The amendments provide flexibility, allowing the use of observable rates without adjustment or other estimation techniques, provided they meet the estimation objective. The assessment considers factors like the availability of multiple rates, purpose, nature, and update frequency. The amendments requires new disclosures, including the nature and financial impact of non-exchangeability, the spot exchange rate used, the estimation process, and associated risks.

The management anticipates that the adoption of the above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures. There are a number of other standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are not yet effective and are also not relevant to the Company and, therefore, have not been presented here.

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

5.1 Investment properties

Investment properties represent the properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is transferred to investment property following a change in its use the difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the item immediately prior to transfer and its fair value is recognized in surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment if it is a gain. Upon disposal of the item related surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment is transferred to retained earnings. Any loss arising in this manner is recognized immediately in the income statement.

With regard to activities as a lessor, the Company has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Company has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the present value of the minimum lease payments not amounting to substantially all of the fair value of the commercial property, that it retains substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operating leases. Rental income from investment property that is leased to a third party under an operating lease is recognised in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included in 'other income'

5.2 Taxation

a) Current

'Provision for current taxation is based on the taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates available, if any.

b) Deferred

'As company has ceased its operation its sole income is from income from property. Therefore, company was not required to provide the deferred taxation as there will be no timing difference as per IAS-12 "Income Taxes".

5.3 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

5.4 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost related to the financing of major projects is capitalized. All other borrowing costs are expensed as incurred.

5.5 Trade Debtors

Trade debtors originated by the company are recognized and carried at original invoice less any allowance for any uncollectible amounts. Known bad debts, if any, are written-off and provision is made against debts considered doubtful.

5.6 Assets subject to finance lease

'Leases of property and equipment where the company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance lease balance outstanding. The

corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long-term payables. Finance cost are charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the lease period. Property and equipment acquired under finance leases are depreciated at the rates stated in note 5.

5.7 Store and spares

These are valued at moving average cost.

5.8 Contingencies and commitments

Capital commitments and contingencies, unless those are actual liabilities, are not incorporated in the accounts.

5.9 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services recovered, where or not billed to the company.

5.10 Cash and cash equivalent

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash in hand with banks and short term borrowings.

5.11 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized overtime as per IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" on the basis of input method on the execution of contract activities where the outcome of the construction contract can be estimated reliably as measured by the proportion that contract work performed to date bears to the estimated total contract work. Variable consideration due to contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.

- 'Revenue from rental income is recognized on 'accrual basis'.
- 'Interest income is also recognized on 'accrual basis'.

5.12 Foreign Currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak rupees at the rates of the exchange approximately those prevailing on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities at rates of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are included in profit and loss account currently.

6 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The following is the statement of operating fixed assets:

Description	Freehold land	Buildings on freehold land	Electric Installations	Fire Fighting Equipments	Tube well	Sui Gas Installation	Vehicles	Total
-----Rupees-----								
Year ended June 30, 2024								
Net carrying value basis								
Opening book value	105,487,500	27,954,000	350,000	25,000	40,000	528,000	41,567	134,426,067
Revaluation surplus	606,500	539,700	77,000	6,500	-	(129,200)	-	1,100,500
Depreciation charge	-	(1,397,700)	(35,000)	(2,500)	(4,000)	(52,800)	(8,313)	(1,500,313)
Closing net book value	106,094,000	27,096,000	392,000	29,000	36,000	346,000	33,254	134,026,254
Gross carrying value basis								
Cost/revalued amount	106,094,000	31,390,474	529,220	39,100	49,500	488,860	698,360	139,289,514
Revaluation adjustments	-	(4,294,474)	(137,220)	(10,100)	(13,500)	(142,860)	-	(4,598,154)
	106,094,000	27,096,000	392,000	29,000	36,000	346,000	698,360	134,691,360
Accumulated depreciation	-	(4,294,474)	(137,220)	(10,100)	(13,500)	(142,860)	(665,106)	(5,263,260)
Revaluation adjustments	-	4,294,474	137,220	10,100	13,500	142,860	-	4,598,154
	-	-	-	-	-	-	(665,106)	(665,106)
	106,094,000	27,096,000	392,000	29,000	36,000	346,000	33,254	134,026,254
Year ended June 30, 2023								
Net carrying value basis								
Opening book value	103,062,500	28,224,975	484,200	36,000	45,000	426,600	51,959	132,331,234
Revaluation surplus	2,425,000	1,140,274	(85,780)	(7,400)	(500)	144,060	-	3,615,654
Depreciation charge	-	(1,411,249)	(48,420)	(3,600)	(4,500)	(42,660)	(10,392)	(1,520,821)
Closing net book value	105,487,500	27,954,000	350,000	25,000	40,000	528,000	41,567	134,426,067
Gross carrying value basis								
Cost/revalued amount	105,487,500	30,850,774	452,220	32,600	49,500	618,060	698,360	138,189,014
Revaluation adjustments	-	(2,896,774)	(102,220)	(7,600)	(9,500)	(90,060)	-	(3,106,154)
	105,487,500	27,954,000	350,000	25,000	40,000	528,000	698,360	135,082,860
Accumulated depreciation	-	(2,896,774)	(102,220)	(7,600)	(9,500)	(90,060)	(656,793)	(3,762,947)
Revaluation adjustments	-	2,896,774	102,220	7,600	9,500	90,060	-	3,106,154
	-	-	-	-	-	-	(656,793)	(656,793)
	105,487,500	27,954,000	350,000	25,000	40,000	528,000	41,567	134,426,067
Depreciation rate % per Annum	-	5	10	10	10	10	20	

6.1 The full scope valuation of entire land, building and equipment was carried out by Hamid Mukhtar & Co. (Pvt) Limited on June 30, 2021. The latest desktop revaluation of the entire land, building and equipment has again been carried out by independent valuers Hamid Mukhtar & Co. on June 30 2024, which reported revaluation surplus of Rs. 1,100,500. The entire land, building, equipment (other than vehicles) and investment property has been valued at Rs. 267,183,000 at its forced value has been valued at Rs. 224,316,000. The revaluation of land, building and equipment, and fair value adjustment of investment property has been incorporated in these financial statements.

Had there been no revaluation, the cost of the land, building and equipment would have been as follows:

	Rupees
Land	4,248,420
Building	15,766,650
Equipment	4,055,707

6.2 Freehold land and building owned by the Company is located at 20-KM, Off Ferozepur Road, Mauza Duloo Khurd, Tehsil Cantt., District Lahore with an area of 24.25 Kanals.

6.3 As company has ceased its operations therefore all depreciation has been charged to Administrative expenses.

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
7 INVESTMENT PROPERTY			
Land	7.1	106,094,000	105,487,500
Building	7.2	27,096,000	27,954,000
		133,190,000	133,441,500
7.1 Land			
Opening balance		105,487,500	103,062,500
Add: Unrealized gain on remeasurement of fair value of investment property		606,500	2,425,000
		106,094,000	105,487,500
7.2 Building:			
Opening balance		27,954,000	29,710,500
Less: Unrealized loss on remeasurement of fair value of investment property		(858,000)	(1,756,500)
		27,096,000	27,954,000
7.3	The part of land and building was reclassified from owner's occupied property to investment property as a result of change in use at the end of 30 June 2021.		
7.4	These are leased to third parties or held for appreciation in value. Changes in fair values shall be recognised and presented separately as "gain / (loss) from change in fair value of investment property" in statement of profit or loss.		
7.5	The land, building and equipment of the Company has been valued by independent professionally qualified valuers as at June 30, 2024. The valuers made reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties for land and depreciated replacement cost method was used for valuation of buildings. Fair value hierarchy i.e. Level 1, 2 and 3 are assigned based on degree of observable inputs as disclosed in note 24.3. As of reporting date; according to management's estimate based on desk top valuation carried out by the independent valuers on June 30, 2024, there is surplus of Rs. 1,100,500 in fair value of investment property carried out by Hamid Mukhtar & Co. (Pvt) Limited on June 30, 2024 and has decided to incorporate the values in the financial statements. (also see note 6.1)		
		2024	2023
		Rupees	
8 LONG TERM DEPOSITS			
Comprise of securities/deposits in respect of:			
Telephone		31,000	31,000
Electricity		167,880	167,880
Gas cylinder		2,275,700	2,275,700
Other		33,828	33,828
		2,508,408	2,508,408

Long term security deposits represent deposits against receipt of non-financial services. These are carried at nominal value as effect of amortization is not material in respect of these financial statements.

	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
9 ADVANCE INCOME TAX		
Opening balance	2,096,681	2,016,278
Deducted during the year	2,058,458	1,942,361
	4,155,139	3,958,639
Adjusted during the year	(1,892,134)	(1,861,958)
Closing balance	2,263,005	2,096,681

	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
10 CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
Cash in hand	325,491	133,047
Cash with banks		
- current accounts	32,775	1,227,388
	358,266	1,360,435

11 SHARE CAPITAL		
Authorized		
8,000,000 (2022: 8,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	80,000,000	80,000,000
Issued subscribed and paid up		
5,400,000 (2022: 5,400,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		
Issue for cash	54,000,000	54,000,000

12 SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Revaluation of Property and Equipment has been carried out on June 20, 2003, by independent valuers M/s Hamid Mukhtar & Co. (Pvt) Ltd registered surveyors and valuation consultants on the basis of market value in respect of land, building and plant and machinery respectively and verified by M/s Yousaf Adil & Co. Chartered Accountants and subsequently revaluation was again carried out in respect of land, building and electric equipments by independent valuers M/s Surval on December 23, 2016 on the basis of market value and further verified by Ilyas Saeed & Co. Chartered Accountants. The management carried out revaluation of land, building and equipment and transferred part of land and building to investment property due to change in use. The valuation was carried out by Hamid Mukhtar & Co. (Pvt) Limited on June 30, 2021.

The latest revaluation of land, building and equipment has been carried out by independent valuers M/s Hamid Mukhtar & Co. on June 30, 2024, which reported revaluation surplus of Rs. 1,100,500. The revaluation of land, building and equipment has been incorporated in these financial statements.

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Surplus on revaluation of Property and Equipment:			
Opening balance		252,345,287	249,923,180
Surplus during the year transferred to SOCI		1,100,500	3,615,654
Incremental depreciation for the year transferred to statement of comprehensive income	12.1	(1,132,336)	(1,193,547)
		252,313,451	252,345,287

- 12.1** Surplus on revaluation of operating property and equipment to the extent of depreciation charged on appreciated value of corresponding operating property and equipment has been transferred to statement of comprehensive income.

	2024	2023
	Rupees	
13 LONG TERM LOANS		
Un secured		
Opening	42,986,988	41,486,988
Received during the year	3,200,000	1,500,000
	46,186,988	42,986,988
13.1 Term of these interest free loans have not yet been settled. These loans, however, are being considered by the company's management on long term basis. As the repayment terms of loans have not been finalized. Amortized cost of these loans as required by IAS-39 (Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement) cannot be calculated with reliability.		
14 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATION		
14.1 The amounts recognised in the statement of financial position are determined as		
	2024	2023
	Rupees	
Present value of the defined benefit obligation	1,854,763	1,985,934
14.2 The amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss:		
Current service costs	371,806	312,097
Interest cost	193,527	183,553
	565,333	495,650
14.3 Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:		
Opening defined benefit obligation	1,985,934	1,505,307
Service cost	371,806	312,097
Interest cost	193,527	183,553
Benefits paid	(1,500,000)	(140,000)
Actuarial (gains)/losses	(6,518)	11,931
Experience adjustments	810,014	113,046
	1,854,763	1,985,934

14.4 Principal actuarial assumptions at the end of the reporting period (expressed as weighted averages) are as follows:

	2024	2023
Discount rate used for Interest Cost in P&L Charge	16.25%	13.25%
Discount rate used for year end obligation	15.50%	16.25%
Salary increase used for year end obligation		
Salary Increase FY2024	N/A	15.25%
Salary Increase FY2025	14.50%	15.25%
Salary Increase FY2026	14.50%	15.25%
Salary Increase FY2027	14.50%	15.25%
Salary Increase FY2028	14.50%	15.25%
Salary Increase FY2029 onward	14.50%	15.25%
Next salary increase on	1-Jul-24	1-Jul-23
Mortality Rates	SLIC 2001-2005 Setback 1Year	SLIC 2001-2005 Setback 1Year
Withdrawal Rates	Age-Based (per appendix)	Age-Based (per appendix)
Retirement Assumption	Age 60 Rupees	Age 60

15 TRADE CREDITORS AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade creditors	1,286,276	2,727,921
Accrued expenses	587,079	537,855
Other Liabilities	2,938,800	2,657,650
	4,812,155	5,923,426

16 PROVISION FOR TAXATION

Opening balance	1,892,134	1,812,457
Add: Provision for the year	2,075,507	1,892,134
	3,967,641	3,704,591
Less: Paid/adjusted during the year	(1,892,134)	(1,812,457)
	2,075,507	1,892,134

17 UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND

On 13 May 2023, the company through written letter to the Registrar of Companies, law Division Securities and Exchange commission of Pakistan, Islamabad have shown their willingness to handover the unclaimed dividend and requested the SECP to advise the procedure to hand over unclaimed dividend of Rs. 103,962/- under section 244 of the Act 2017. However, no written response has been received from the SECP till date.

18 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

18.1 Contingencies:

- The Additional Registrar of Companies, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan has filed winding up petition in the Lahore High Court, Lahore in 2019 against the Company which is pending for adjudication as no hearing has so far been held in this matter.
- Assessment proceeding under Rule 44(4) of Income Tax Rules 2002 is in process for tax year 2018 and decision is pending.

18.2 Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at the year end (2023: Nil).

	NOTE	2024	2023
		Rupees	
19 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	19.1	5,915,594	5,050,874
Traveling and conveyance		20,500	15,800
Vehicle Running		44,720	28,530
Communication		120,474	117,827
Printing & stationery		54,690	57,787
Rent, rates and taxes		106,899	110,926
Fee and subscription		415,505	209,785
Entertainment		176,013	119,234
Repair & maintenance		1,346,750	747,440
Auditors' remuneration	19.2	230,000	230,000
Advertisement & Publicity		128,500	138,850
Legal & professional charges		181,758	238,770
Power and fuel		359,390	275,119
Depreciation	6	1,500,313	1,520,821
Miscellaneous		4,800	-
		10,605,906	8,861,763

19.1 This include meeting fees of Rs. 597,000 paid to Independent Directors during the year.

	2024	2023
	Rupees	
19.2 Auditors' remuneration		
Statutory audit	165,000	165,000
Half yearly review	50,000	50,000
Out of pocket expenses	15,000	15,000
	230,000	230,000

20 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Rental Income	9,417,000	8,585,000
Trade payables written back	1,557,574	-
	10,974,574	8,585,000

	NOTE	2024	2023
		Rupees	
21 TAXATION			
Current year		2,075,507	1,892,134
Prior years	21.2	-	12,703
		2,075,507	1,904,837

21.1 Provision for current taxation is based on the taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates available, if any.

As company has ceased its operation its sole income is from income from property. Therefore, company was not required to provide the deferred taxation as there will be no timing difference as per IAS-12 "Income Taxes".

21.2 This relates to the assessment order passed by the Deputy Commissioner under Rule 44(4) of the income Tax Rules 2002 for the tax year 2017.

22 BASIC (LOSS)/EARNING PER SHARE

	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
(Loss) after Taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders	<u>(1,959,093)</u>	<u>(1,514,083)</u>
	Number of shares	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	<u>5,400,000</u>	<u>5,400,000</u>
	Rupees	Rupees
(Loss) per share	<u>(0.36)</u>	<u>(0.28)</u>
22.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic earning per share.		

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
23 CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			
Profit before taxation		116,414	390,754
Adjustment for non cash charges and other items:			
Depreciation	6	1,500,313	1,520,821
Unrealized loss/(gain) on investment property		251,500	(668,500)
Non- cash employee benefits expenses		565,333	495,650
Finance cost		754	983
		2,317,900	1,348,954
Working capital changes	23.1	(3,077,271)	525,666
		<u>(642,957)</u>	<u>2,265,374</u>
23.1 WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Loans and advances		(1,966,000)	2,500
(Decrease) in current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		(1,111,271)	523,166
		<u>(3,077,271)</u>	<u>525,666</u>

24 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES**24.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

2024					
Interest Rate Range Per Annum	Mark up Bearing		Non Mark up Bearing		Total
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	

Financial assets

Long term deposits	-	-	-	2,508,408	2,508,408
Loans and advances	-	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Cash and bank balance	-	-	358,266	-	358,266
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,358,266</u>	<u>2,508,408</u>	<u>4,866,674</u>

2023					
Interest Rate Range Per Annum	Mark up Bearing		Non Mark up Bearing		Total
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	

Financial assets

Long term deposits	-	-	-	2,508,408	2,508,408
Loans and advances	-	-	34,000	-	34,000
Cash and bank balance	-	-	1,360,435	-	1,360,435
	-	-	1,394,435	2,508,408	3,902,843

2024					
Interest Rate Range Per Annum	Mark up Bearing		Non Mark up Bearing		Total
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	

Financial Liabilities

Long term loans	-	-	-	46,186,988	46,186,988
Employee benefit obligation	-	-	-	1,854,763	1,854,763
Trade and other payables	-	-	4,812,155	-	4,812,155
	-	-	4,812,155	48,041,751	52,853,906

2023					
Interest Rate Range Per Annum	Mark up Bearing		Non Mark up Bearing		Total
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	

Financial Liabilities

Long term loans	-	-	-	42,986,988	42,986,988
Employee benefit obligation	-	-	-	1,985,934	1,985,934
Trade and other payables	-	-	5,923,426	-	5,923,426
	-	-	5,923,426	44,972,922	50,896,348

24.2 FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures. Company uses forward exchange contracts, to hedge their exposure to foreign currency risk in the local reporting currency. For financial reporting purposes, Company designates contracts with Company's bankers as fair value hedges or cash flow hedges, as appropriate.

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. The company does not believe it is exposed to major concentration of credit risk, however to manage any possible exposure the company applies approved credit limits

The management monitors and limits Company's exposure to credit risk through monitoring of client's credit exposure review and conservative estimates of provisions for doubtful receivables, if any, and through the prudent use of collateral policy.

The Company is exposed to credit risk on long-term deposits, trade debts, advances, deposits and bank balances. The Company seeks to minimize the credit risk exposure through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023
Long term deposits	8	2,508,408	2,508,408
Bank balances	10	32,775	1,227,388
		<u>2,541,183</u>	<u>3,735,796</u>

(b) Interest / Mark up rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rate will affect the value of financial instruments. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk for loans obtained from the financial institutions.

(c) Capital Management:

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholders' value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. Capital includes ordinary share capital and reserves.

(d) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk may arise against receivable export sale to foreign undertakings, but the company is not exposed to major currency risk.

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk reflects company's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The management closely monitors company's liquidity and cash flow position to ensure adequate liquidity and manage the assets keeping in view the liquidity position.

24.3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in arms length transactions.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

The financial instruments that are not traded in active market are carried at cost and are tested for impairment according to IFRS 9. The carrying amount of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

As at June 30, 2024 the Company did not hold any financial instruments carried at fair value. Moreover, investment property and operating fixed assets are measured at fair value.

The investment property and freehold land and building in operating fixed assets were valued on June 30, 2024 carried out by external independent valuer M/s Hamid Mukhtar & Co. (Pvt) Limited.

Assets

As at June 30, 2024			
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Rupees			
Investment Property carried at Fair Value	-	-	133,190,000
Freehold Land, Building & Equipment	-	-	133,993,000
	-	-	267,183,000

Assets

As at June 30, 2023			
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Rupees			
Investment Property carried at Fair Value	-	-	133,441,500
Freehold Land, Building & Equipment	-	-	134,384,500
	-	-	267,826,000

	NOTE	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Reconciliation of net increase in level 3 fair values:			
Fair value at beginning of the year		267,826,000	265,052,275
Depreciation charged during the year		(1,492,000)	(1,510,429)
Remeasurement recognized in OCI		849,000	4,284,154
Fair value at end of the year		267,183,000	267,826,000

The Company has revalued its freehold land, buildings and equipment on June 30, 2024 by independent valuer M/s Hamid Mukhtar & Co. (Private) Limited on the basis of market values of similar properties. The fair value of free hold land, buildings and equipment is a level 3 recurring fair value measurement.

Interest rate used for determining fair value:

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable, are based on the government yield curve at the reporting date plus an adequate credit spread. For instruments carried at amortized cost, since majority of the interest bearing instruments are variable rate based instruments, there is no difference in carrying amount and the fair value. Further, for fixed rate instruments, since there is no significant difference in market rate and the rate of instrument and therefore most of the fixed rate instruments are of short term in nature, fair value significantly approximates to carrying value.

Fair value hierarchy:

International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 13, "Fair Value Measurement" requires the Company to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The table below analysis financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different values have been defined as Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2: input other than quoted prices included with in Level 1 that are observable for assets and liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period during which the change the occurred. However, there is no transfers between levels during the year.

25 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the accounts for the year for remuneration, including certain benefits to the chief executive, directors and executives of the company is as follows;

Description	2024		2023	
	Chief Executive	Working Directors	Chief Executive	Working Directors
Basic salary	-	-	-	-
House rent allowance	-	-	-	-
Other allowances	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Number of persons	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

25.1 The Chief Executive officer and working Director is not drawing any remuneration from the company. Meeting fees paid to independent directors is disclosed in note 19.1.

26 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

	2024	2023
Total number of employees as at June 30	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>
Average number of employees during the year	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>

27 RATED CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

The rated capacity and capacity attained was not disclosed as all the plant and machinery were disposed off by the company in the preceding financial years.


28 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on 03-10-2024 by the Board of Directors of the company.

29 GENERAL

29.1 Figures have been rounded of to the nearest rupee. Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison and better presentation. However, no significant reclassification has been made.


Mr. Zulfiqar Ali
Chief Executive


Mr. Babar Khan
Chief Financial officer


Mr. Nafees Iqbal
Director

Form 34
(Section 236)
Pattern of Holding of Shareholders
As on June 30, 2024

Number of shareholders	Shareholdings		Total Number of Shares Held	Percentage of Total Capital
	From	To		
76	1 -	100	2,558	0.05
438	101 -	500	215,742	4.00
31	501 -	1000	30,600	0.57
36	1001 -	5000	94,500	1.75
13	5001 -	10000	111,600	2.07
5	10001 -	15000	61,500	1.14
1	15001 -	20000	16,000	0.30
2	25001 -	30000	55,500	1.03
1	30001 -	35000	31,500	0.58
1	35001 -	40000	40,000	0.74
1	50001 -	55000	55,000	1.02
1	65001 -	70000	66,000	1.22
1	80001 -	85000	82,500	1.53
1	90001 -	95000	93,500	1.73
1	100001 -	105000	100,500	1.86
1	405001 -	410000	409,000	7.57
1	3930001 -	3935000	3,934,000	72.85
611			5,400,000	100.00

Sr.#	Name	No of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage of Capital
1.	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, their spouse and minor children	6	5,000	0.0926
2.	General Public (Local)	598	5,311,999	98.3704
3.	Others	7	83,001	1.5371
	Total	611	5,400,000	100.0000

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS PER REQUIREMENT OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Sr.#	Name	Shares Held	Percentage of Capital
Directors, Chief Executive Officer, their spouse and minor children			
1	MR. SHAKEEL AHMED	1,000	0.0185
2	MR ZULFIQAR ALI	1,000	0.0185
3	CH. NASEER AHMAD	1,000	0.0185
4	MR. NAFEES IQBAL	500	0.0093
5	MR. NADEEM ABBAS	500	0.0093
6	MR. ABDUL SHAKOOR	1,000	0.0185
Running Total of: Directors, Chief Executive Office, and their spouse and minor children		5,000	0.0926
Banks Developments Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions			
1	TIME SECURITIES (PVT.) LTD.	10,500	0.1944
2	MAPLE LEAF CAPITAL LIMITED	1	0.0000
3	CAPITAL VISION SECURITIES PVT LIMITED	500	0.0093
4	CAPITAL VISION SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.	2,000	0.0370
5	RS PUBLISHERS (PRIVATE) LIMITED	3,000	0.0556
6	HUSSAIN MILLS LIMITED	66,000	1.2222
7	Y.S. SECURITIES & SERVICES (PVT) LTD.	1,000	0.0185
Running Total of: Banks Developments Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions		83,001	1.5371
General Public (Local)		5,311,999	98.3704
GRAND TOTAL		5,400,000	100.0000
Shareholders having more than 5% Shares			
1	MR. REHAN AHMED	3,934,000	72.8519
2	MR. MUZAFFAR AHMAD	409,000	7.5741
TOTAL		4,343,000	80.4259

MUBARAK TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

FORM OF PROXY

Please quote Reg. folio Number

I/We _____

of _____

Being a Member of Mubarak Textile Mills Limited, Hereby appoint

(NAME)

_____ another Member of the Company or failing

(NAME)

of _____

(Being a Member of the Company) as my / our Proxy to attend, act and vote for me / us and on my / our behalf, at the 33rd Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on **Monday 28th October 2024** at 20-km Off Ferozepur Road, Lahore, at 11.00 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ Day of _____ 2024

Signed by _____

In the presence of _____

Folio No.	CDC Account No.	
	Participant I.D	Account No.

Affix Revenue
Stamps of
appropriate Value

Note:

1. This form of proxy duly completed must be deposited at the Company’s Registered office at 20-km Off Ferozepur Road, Lahore or company’s shares registrar Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) LTD. HM House,7 Bank square, Lahore not less than 48 hours before the time of meeting.
2. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instruments of proxies are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.
3. For CDC Account Holders / Corporate Entities
In Addition to the above, the following requirements have to be met.

a) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be provided with the proxy form.

b) The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.

c) In case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (Unless it has been provided earlier along-with proxy form to the Company)

پراکسی فارم

میں / ہم _____
 ساکن _____ بطور ممبر (ز) مبارک ٹیکسٹائل ملز لمیٹڈ
 حامل _____ عام حصص، محترم / محترمہ _____
 ساکن _____ یا ان کے حاضر نہ ہو سکنے کی صورت میں _____
 ساکن _____ کو اپنے / ہمارے ایما، پراکسی کے مورخہ 28 اکتوبر، 2024ء بروز
 سوموار 11.00 بجے کمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ آفس 20، کلومیٹر آف فیروز پور روڈ، لاہور میں ہونے والے 33 واں سالانہ عمومی اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور حق رائے دہی استعمال
 کرنے کیلئے اپنا / ہمارا بطور نمائندہ (پراکسی) مقرر کرتا ہوں / کرتے ہیں۔

ممبر کے دستخط

گواہ کے دستخط

گواہ کے دستخط

نام _____
 CNIC / پاسپورٹ نمبر _____
 ایڈریس _____

نام _____
 CNIC / پاسپورٹ نمبر _____
 ایڈریس _____

رہیدی ٹکٹ پر دستخط

اس دستخط کا کمپنی کے ساتھ رجسٹرڈ دستخط
 کے نمونے سے مشابہت ہونا لازمی ہے

سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ نمبر	فولیو نمبر
شہرت دار کی شناخت	اکاؤنٹ نمبر

اہم نکات:

- 1۔ ہر لحاظ سے مکمل اور دستخط شدہ یہ فارم میٹنگ سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل کمپنی کے شیئرز رجسٹرار کے دفتر میں موصول ہو جانا چاہیے۔
- 2۔ اگر کوئی ممبر ایک سے زائد پراکسی نامزد کرتا ہے اور ایک سے زیادہ انسٹرومنٹس آف پراکسی جمع کراتا ہے تو اس صورت میں تمام انسٹرومنٹ آف پراکسی کا عدم قرار دیئے جائیں گے۔

3۔ سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ رکھنے والے / کارپوریٹ ادارے مزید برآں درج ذیل شرائط کو پورا کریں گے۔

- (i) پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ مالکان کے شناختی کارڈ یا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ نقول بھی دی جائیں۔
- (ii) پراکسی کو اپنا اصل شناختی کارڈ یا پاسپورٹ میٹنگ کے وقت دکھانا ہوگا۔
- (iii) کارپوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی قرارداد / پاور آف اٹارنی مع دستخط کے نمونے (اگر پہلے جمع نہ کرایا ہو) کمپنی میں پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ جمع کرانی ہوگی۔