# Annual Report 2025



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# **Company Information**

### **Board of Directors**

Mr Salim Chamdia Chairman & Director

Mr Javaid Iqbal Chief Executive Officer & Director

Mr. Amir Ozari Director
Mr David Paul Director
Mr Nausherwan Director
Ms Shaista Khan Director
Ms Koshak Irum Director

### **Audit Committee**

Mr Amir Ozari Chairman
Mr Salim Chamdia Member
Ms Shaista Khan Member
Ms Koshak Irum Member

### **Human Resource Committee**

Ms Shaista Khan Chairman Mr Javaid Iqbal Member Ms Koshak Irum Member

### **Company Secretary**

Mr. Owais Ali Khan

### **Chief Financial Officer**

Mr. Owais Ali Khan

### **External Auditors**

Reanda Haroon Zakaria Aamir Salman Rizwan & Company Chartered Accountants

### **Registered Office**

Banglow No. 23-B Lalazar, Off: M.T. Khan Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

**Tel:** (92 21) 38658896 **Fax:** (92 21) 35631960

Website: www.clover.com.pk

### **Share Registrar**

FAMCO Share Registration Services (Pvt) Limited 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery Block-6, P.E.C.H.S Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi – 74000 Pakistan.

**Tel:** (92 21) 34380101-5 **Fax:** (92 21) 34380106

# **Notice of the 39th Annual General Meeting**

Notice is hereby given that the 39th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the shareholders of Clover Pakistan Limited (the Company) will be held on Tuesday, October 28, 2025, at 09:00 a.m. at Arabian Sea Country Club, Bin Qasim, Karachi to transact the following businesses:

### **Ordinary Business:**

- To confirm the minutes of the Company's Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2024.
- To receive, consider and adopt the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025, together with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.

As required under Section 223 of the Companies Act 2017 and in terms of S.R.O No. 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023, the Annual Report including the Notice of Meeting and Financial Statements of the Company has been transmitted to the shareholders and uploaded on the website of the Company which can be viewed using the following link or QR enabled code:

https://clover.com.pk/financials/



• To appoint auditors of the Company for the Financial Year ending June 30, 2025, and to fix their remuneration.

### **Special business:**

• To discuss, consider, and approve the proposal for the acquisition of all Company Owned Company Operated (COCO) filling / Service Stations, including those under construction, from Fossil Energy (Private) Limited, the parent company of Clover Pakistan Limited.

### **Any Other Business:**

To transact any other business as may be placed before the meeting with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board

Owais Ali Khan Company Secretary

Date: October 7, 2025

Place: Karachi

### **Notes:**

### 1. Closure of Share Transfer Books:

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 22, 2025, to October 28, 2025 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order by our Share Registrar, M/S. FAMCO Sahre Registration Services Private Limited, 8-F, Near Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, PECHS, Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan, by the close of business on October 21, 2025, will be considered in time for attending the meeting.

### 2. Participation in the AGM proceedings via physical presence or through video link facility:

A Member, who has deposited his/her shares into Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, must bring his/her Participant's ID Number and CDC Account/Sub-account Number along with Original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or Original Passport at the time of attending the Meeting.

In order to attend the Meeting through video-link facility, the Members are requested to get themselves registered not later than 72 hours before the Meeting by providing the following information to the contact details stated at the bottom of this Note. In case of the information sent through courier, the same should be received at the Company's Office by October 25, 2025:

Full Name	CNIC No.	Folio/CDC No.	Email Address	Cell No.

A copy of CNIC will be required with the abovementioned information. The video-link for the Meeting will be sent to the Members on their provided email addresses enabling them to attend the Meeting on the given date and time. The login facility will remain open from 09:00 am till the end of the Meeting. In case of any suggestions or comments for the agenda items, the Members may send the same at the email address mentioned below:

### **Clover Pakistan Limited**

23-B, lalazar, Off: M.T Khan Road, Karachi.

Telephone: 021-38658896 Email: Info@Cloverpk.com

### 3. Submission of valid CNIC (Mandatory):

Individual Members who have not yet submitted a copy of their valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) to the Company are once again requested to send a copy of their valid CNIC at the earliest directly to the office of the Share Registrar of the Company, M/s. FAMCO Share Registration Services (Private) Limited, 8-F, near Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi ("Share Registrar Office"). Corporate Members are requested to provide their National Tax Number (NTN) and Folio Number. In case of non-receipt of the copy of a valid CNIC or NTN (as the case may be), the Company would be unable to comply with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 and SROs issued thereunder.

### 4. Requirements for appointing Proxies:

A Member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint another Member as his/her Proxy to attend, speak and vote at the Meeting on his/her behalf through video-link. The instrument

appointing the Proxy, as per the format available at the Company's website, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company i.e. (CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED, 23-B lalazar, Off: M.T Khan Road Karachi) not less than 48 hours (excluding holidays) before the time of holding the Meeting.

### 5. For appointing Proxies:

- i. In case of Individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded shall submit the Proxy Form as per the above requirement.
- ii. The Proxy Form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii. Attested copies of CNIC or Passport of the beneficial owners and the Proxy shall be furnished with the Proxy Form.
- iv. In case of a Corporate Entity, the Board of Directors' Resolution/Power of Attorney with specimen signature of the Nominee shall be submitted along with the Proxy Form (unless it has been provided earlier) to the Company.
- v. The Proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original valid passport at the time of the Meeting.

### 6. Updation of Shareholder Addresses/Email and Cell Numbers:

The Members are requested to notify the Company if there is any change in their addresses or other particulars immediately; in case of physical shares, to the Company/Share Registrar and for CDC shares, to the respective Central Depository System (CDS) Participants.

Further, to comply with requirement of Section 119 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Regulation 47 of the Companies Regulations, 2024, all CDC and physical shareholders are requested to provide their email address and cell phone number incorporated/updated in their physical folio or CDC Account...

### 7. Conversion of Physical Shares into CDC Account:

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has issued Letter No. CSD/ED/Misc./2016-639-640 dated March 26, 2021 addressed to all listed companies drawing their attention towards the provision of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 (Act) which requires them to replace shares issued by them in physical form with shares in the Book-Entry form within a period not exceeding four years from the date of the promulgation of the Act.

In order to ensure full compliance with the provisions of the aforesaid Section 72 and to benefit from the facility of holding shares in the Book-Entry-Form, the Shareholders who still hold shares in Physical form are requested to convert their shares into the Book-Entry form.

### 8. Voting By Post or E-Voting:

Pursuant to the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018, members will be allowed to exercise their right of vote through postal ballot, that is voting by post or through E-voting, in accordance with the requirements and procedure contained in the aforesaid Regulations.

The Company has placed the Notice of **AGM** along with **Proxy Form** and **Postal Ballot Paper** on its website:

### www.clover.com.pk

### 9. Procedure for Electronic voting and Postal Ballot on Special Business:

The members are hereby notified that pursuant to Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018 amended through SRO 2192(I)/2022, dated December 05, 2022, issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP"), wherein, SECP has directed all the listed companies to provide the right to vote through electronic voting facility and voting by post to the members on all businesses classified as special businesss.

Accordingly, members of the Company will be allowed to exercise their right to vote through electronic voting facility or voting by post for the special business in its forthcoming AGM to be held on Tuesday October 28, 2025 at 09:00 AM in accordance with the requirements and subject to the conditions contained in the aforesaid Regulations.

For the convenience of the Members, the ballot paper is annexed to this notice and the same is also available on the Company's website for download.

### **Procedure for E – Voting:**

- a) Details of the e-voting facility will be shared through an e-mail with those members of the Company who have their valid CNIC numbers, cell numbers, and e-mail addresses available in the register of members of the Company by the close of business on Tuesday October 21, 2025...
- b) The web address, login details and password, will be communicated to members via email. The security codes will be communicated to members through SMS from the web portal of FAMCO Share Registration Services (Private) Limited (being the e-voting service provider).
- c) Identity of the Members intending to cast vote through e-Voting shall be authenticated through electronic signature or authentication for login.
- d) E-Voting lines will start from October 22, 2025 at 05:00 PM. and shall close on October 27, 2025 at 5:00 PM. Members can cast their votes any time in this period. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by a Member, he / she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

### **Procedure for Voting Through Postal Ballot:**

The members shall ensure that duly filled and signed ballot paper along with copy of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) should reach the Chairman of the meeting through post on the Company's registered address, 23-B, Lalazar Off M.T Khan Road, Karachi or email at info@cloverpk.com one day before the Annual General Meeting on , October 28, 2025 during working hours. The signature on the ballot paper shall match with the signature on CNIC.

For the convenience of the members, ballot paper is annexed to this notice and the same is also available on the Company's website at www.clover.com.pk for download.

# STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS UNDER SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

These Statements set out the material facts concerning the following Special Businesses to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Shareholders of Clover Pakistan Limited to be held on Tuesday, October 28, 2025.

### STRATEGIC ACQUISITION PROPOSAL FOR FEPL COCO SITES

Clover Pakistan currently operates as the exclusive dealer for Fossil Energy Private Limited's (FEPL) Company-Owned, Company-Operated (COCO) sites under a Master Agreement.

To enhance strategic control and operational efficiency in the energy retail sector, Clover Pakistan has formally propose the acquisition of all FEPL COCO sites—both operational and under development.

Strategic Acquisition Proposal for FEPL COCO Sites by Clover Pakistan. Acquisition supports Clover's operational expansion and vertical integration goals for market growth.

**RESOLVED THAT**, the Board of Directors of Clover Pakistan Limited, after due consideration and deliberation, hereby approves, subject to obtaining the approval of the members of the Company, the acquisition of all Company Owned Company Operated (COCO) Filling / Service Stations, including those currently under construction, from its parent company Fossil Energy (Private) Limited.

**FURTHER RESOLVED THAT,** the acquisition shall be undertaken in the ordinary course of business, on an arm's length basis, and in accordance with prevailing industry practices.

**FURTHER RESOLVED THAT**, the Board authorizes the management of Clover Pakistan Limited to negotiate, finalize, and execute the terms and conditions of the acquisition.

**FURTHER RESOLVED THAT**, the Board delegates authority to the management to evaluate and acquire future COCO sites from FEPL as and when they become available.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT**, any Director or Officer of the Company be and is hereby authorized to take all necessary steps, actions, and decisions to give effect to this resolution, including signing and submitting any documents, applications, or filings required in connection with the acquisition.

### Ballot Paper for Voting Through Post

### **CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED**

# Registered Office: B 23, Lalazar, Off: Moulvi Tamizuddin Khan Rd, Karachi, (021) 38658702

For poll to be held at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Clover Pakistan Limited on Tuesday, October 28, 2025, at 09:00 AM at Arabian Sea Country Club, Bin Qasim, Karachi, as well as through video-link facility to transact the following businesses:

### Contact Details of Chairman, where ballot paper may be sent:

**Business Address:** The Chairman Clover Pakistan Limited, B 23, Lalazar, Off: Moulvi Tamizuddin Khan Rd, Karachi-75530.

Attention: Company Secretary, Designated Email Address: Info@cloverpk.com

Name of shareholder/proxy holder
Registered address of shareholder(s)
Number of shares held
Folio number / CDC Account
CNIC No./Passport No (in case of foreigner) (copy to be attached)
Additional information and enclosures (In case of representative of body corporate, corporation and Federal Government.)

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR POLL

- 1. Please indicate your Vote by ticking ( $\checkmark$ ) the relevant box.
- 2. In case both the boxes are marked as ( ), your ballot paper shall be treated as "Rejected".

I/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the below resolutions through ballot by conveying my/our assent or Dissent to the resolution(s) by placing tick ( $\checkmark$ ) mark in the appropriate box below.

S. No.	Nature and Description of Resolutions	I/We assent to the Resolution (FOR)	I/We dissent to the Resolution (AGAINST)
1.	RESOLVED THAT, the Board of Directors of Clover Pakistan Limited, after due consideration deliberation, hereby approves, subject to obtaining the approval of the members of t Company, the acquisition of all Company Owned Company Operated (COCO) Filling / Servi Stations, including those currently under construction, from its parent company Fossil Energic (Private) Limited.	ne ce	
	FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, the acquisition shall be undertaken in the ordinary course business, on an arm's length basis, and in accordance with prevailing industry practices.	of	
	FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, the Board authorizes the management of Clover Pakist Limited to negotiate, finalize, and execute the terms and conditions of the acquisition.	n	
	FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, the Board delegates authority to the management to evaluate and acquire future COCO sites from FEPL as and when they become available.	te	
	<b>RESOLVED FURTHER THAT</b> , any Director or Officer of the Company be and is here authorized to take all necessary steps, actions, and decisions to give effect to this resolution including signing and submitting any documents, applications, or filings required in connection with the acquisition.	n,	
ion	nature of shareholder(s)  Place		Date

### NOTES / PROCEDURES FOR SUBMISSION OF BALLOT PAPER:

- 1. Duly filled and signed original postal ballot should be sent to the Chairman, at above-mentioned business or email address.
- 2. Copy of CNIC/Passport (in case of foreigner) should be enclosed with the postal ballot form.
- 3. Postal ballot forms should reach Chairman of the Meeting on or before October 27, 2025 during working hours (i.e. by 5:00 PM). Any postal ballot received after this date and time, will not be considered for voting.
- 4. Signature on postal ballot should match the signature on CNIC/Passport (in case of foreigner).
- 5. Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, over written ballot papers will be rejected.
- 6. In case of representative of body corporate and corporation, postal ballot must be accompanied with copy of CNIC of authorized person, along with a duly attested copy of Board Resolution, Power of Attorney, or Authorization Letter in accordance with Section(s) 138 or 139 of the Companies Act, 2017, as applicable, unless these have already been submitted alongwith the Proxy Form. In case of foreign body corporate etc. all documents must be attested from the Counsel General of Pakistan having jurisdiction over the member.
- 7. Ballot Paper has also been placed on the website of the Company www.clover.com.pk. Members may
  - Download the Ballot Paper from the website or use Original/Photocopy as published in Newspapers

# كلووريا كستان كميشر

# نوٹس برائے39ویں سالانہ اجلاس عام

بذر بعینوٹس ہذا مطلع کیاجا تا ہے کہ کلوور پاکستان کمیٹڈ کے صص یافتگان کا 39 وال سالا نہ اجلاس عام بروز منگل 28 اکتوبر، 2025 صبح 9 بجے عربین تی کنٹری کلب، بن قاسم، کراچی میں مندرجہ ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے منعقد ہوگا۔

- 🖈 30 ستمبر، 2024 كومنعقده كمپنى كے سالاندا جلاس عام كى كارروائى كى توثيق۔
- 🛪 30 جون 2025ء کوککمل ہونے والے سال کیلئے کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ مالی گوشواروں معہ ڈائر یکٹرز اور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کی وصولی اور منظوری۔

کمپنیزا یکٹ 2017 کے سیکشن 223 کے مطابق اورالیس آ راو 389(۱)/2023 بتاریخ 21 مارچ، 2023 کی تعمیل میں کمپنی کی سالاندر پورٹ بشمول اجلاس کے نوٹس اور آڈٹ شدہ مالی گوشوار ہے صف یافتگان کوارسال کردیئے ہیں اور کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی آ ویزال کردیئے ہیں جسے مندرجہ ذیل ویب لنک اور کیو آ رکوڈ کے ذریعے دیکھا جاسکتا ہے۔

https://clover.com.pk/financials/



🖈 30 جون 2026 کو کمسل ہونے والے سال کیلئے کمپنی کے آڈیٹرزی تقرری اوران کے مشاہیر کا تعین۔

# خصوصی امور

کلوور پاکستان کمیٹڈ کی پرینٹ کمپنی فوسل انرجی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ سے کمپنی کے زیر ملکیت اور زیرا نتظام (سی اوسی او)فلنگ/سروس اسٹیشنز بشمول جوز برتغمیر میں کی خریداری کیلئے تجویز پر بحث ،غوراورمنظوری دینا۔

ديگرامور

چیئر مین کی اجازت سے دیگرامور کی انجام دہی جسے اجلاس کے روبروپیش کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

بحكم بورد

اولیس علی خان مینی سیرٹری

> مقام: کراچی مورخه:211 کتوبر،2025



# 1. شيئر ٹرانسفر بکس کی بندش

سمپنی کی شیئرٹرانسفر کتب22اکتوبر، 2025سے 28اکتوبر، 2025 (بشمول دونوں امام) بندر ہیں گی۔ سمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارمیسرزفیمکوشیئر رجٹر لیثن سروسز (پرائیویٹ) کمبیٹڈ، 8ایف، نز دفاران ہوٹل، نرسری، ہلاک6، پی ای سی ایچ الیں، شاہراہ فیصل، کراچی، 21 اکتوبر، 2025 کوکاروبار کے اختتام تک موصول ہونی والی منتقلیاں اجلاس میں شرکت بروقت مجھی جائیں گی۔

# 2. غيرمعمولي اجلاس مين شركت كيليخصص يافتكان كيلية ويد يوكانفرنس كي سهولت

سینٹرل ڈیپازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان کمیٹڈ میں تصص ڈیپازٹ کرانے والےرکن کواجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت اپنا پارٹیسپینٹ آئی ڈینمبراوری ڈی تی ا کاؤنٹ/ ذیلی ا کاؤنٹ نمبر معداصل شناختی کارڈیااصل باسپورٹ ساتھ لا ناہوگا۔

ویڈ بولنک سہولت کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے کیلئے اراکین سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 72 گھنے بل مندرجہ ذیل معلومات نوٹ کے آخر میں بیان کردہ رابطہ کی تفصیلات کوفراہم کریں۔کوریئر کے ذریعے معلومات بھیجوانے کی صورت میں معلومات 2025 تک ممپنی کے دفتر میں وصول ہونی چاہیئے

موبائل نمبر	ای میل ایڈریس	فوليواسي ڈی سی نمبر	شناختی کارڈ	مكمل نام

ندکورہ بالامعلومات کے ساتھ شاختی کارڈ کی نقل ضروری ہوگی۔اجلاس کیلئے ویڈ یولنک اراکین کوان کے دیئے گئے ای میل ایڈریس پر بھیجا جائے گا تا کہ وہ دی گئی تاریخ اور وقت پر اجلاس میں شرکت کرسکیں۔لاگ ان کی سہولت صبح نو بجے سے اجلاس کے اختیام تک کھلی رہے گی۔ایجنڈ ا آئٹمز کیلئے تجاویزیا آراکی صورت میں اراکین ذیل میں دئے گئے ای میل پر بھیج سکتے ہیں۔

> کلوور پاکتان کمیٹڈ 23-B، لالازار، آف:ایم ٹی خان روڈ، کراچی ٹیلی فون:38658896-021 ایمیل:Info@Cloverpk.com

# 3. كارآ مشاختى كارد جمع كرانا (لازى)

جن حصص یافتگان نے ابھی تک اپنے کارآ مدشاختی کارڈ کی نقول جمع نہیں کرائی ہیں، ان سے ایک بار درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ جتنا جلدی ہو سکے اپنے شاختی کارڈ کی مصدقہ نقول کمپنی کے آزاد شیئر رجٹر ارمیسرز فیمکوشیئر رجٹر یشن سروسز (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ، ۴-8، نز دہوٹل فاران، نرسری، بلاک 6،
پی ای سی ایچ ایس، شاہراہ فیصل، کراچی (شیئر رجٹر ارآفس) کو ارسال کریں ۔ کار پوریٹ اراکین سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنا نیشنل ٹیکس نمبر (این ٹی این) اور فولیو نمبر فراہم کریں ۔ کارآ مدشاختی کارڈیا این ٹی این کی قتل کی عدم وصولی کی صورت میں کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 اور جاری کردہ ایس آراو کے نقاضول کی تقیمل کرنے سے قاصر ہوگی ۔

# 4 پراکسی کی تقرری کے تقاضے

ا جلاس میں شرکت ، اظہار رائے اور رائے وہی دینے کے اہل تمام ارا کین اپنی طرف سے ویڈیولنگ کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت ، اظہار رائے اور رائے دہی کیلئے کسی دوسر شے خص کومقرر کر سکتے ہیں ۔ کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر دستیاب فارمیٹ کے مطابق پراکسی کی تقرریاں کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈوفتر (کلووریا کتان کمیٹڈ، 8-23، لالاز ار، آف: ایم ٹی خان روڈ، کراچی) کواجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھنٹے (چھٹیوں کے علاوہ) قبل موصول ہوجانی جا ہیں۔

# 5. پراکسی کی تقرری کیلئے

i- انفرادی ارا کین کی صورت میں اکا وَنٹ ہولڈریاذ ملی اکا وَنٹ ہولڈراور اہا شخص جن کی سیکورٹیز گروپ اکا وَنٹ میں درج ہوں گی اور رجٹریشن کی تفصیلات ریگولیشنز کے مطابق اپلوڈ ہوں مذکورہ بالاتقاضوں کے مطابق براکسی فارم جمع کرانا ہوگا۔

ii پراکسی فارم پر دوافراد کی گواہی ہونی چاہیے جن کے نام، پتے اورسی این آئی سی نمبر فارم میں درج ہوں۔

iii۔ بینی فیشل اونرز اور براکسی کے شناختی کارڈیا یا سپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقول براکسی فارم کے ہمراہ جمع کرائی جائیں گ۔

iv ۔ کارپوریٹ اوارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈ ائر کیٹرز کی قرارداد / ہاور آف اٹارنی اورووٹ دینے کیلئے نامزد خض کے نمونہ دستخط معہ پراکسی فارم کمپنی کوجمع کرائے جائیں گے (اگر پہلے فراہم نہین کئے گئے)

٧- پراکسي کواجلاس کے وقت اپنااصل کار آمد شاختی کارڈیا اصل پاسپورٹ پیش کرےگا۔

# 6. حصص یافتگان کے بیتے،ای میل اورمو ماکل نمبر کی اپ ڈیشن

ارا کین سے گزارش ہے کہ اگران کے پتے یادیگر کوائف میں کوئی تبدیلی ہوتو فورا کمپنی کومطلع کریں۔ فیزیکل حصص کی صورت میں بیمعلومات کمپنی یا شیئر رجسٹرار کوفراہم کی جائیں جبکہ سی ڈیسی شیئرز کی صورت میں متعلقہ سینٹرل ڈیپازٹری سٹم پارٹیسیٹٹ کو اطلاع دی جائے۔ اس کے علاوہ کمپنی ایکٹ 2017 کے مشاف کوفراہم کی جائیں جبکہ سی ڈیسی اور فیزیکل حصص یافتگان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ فیزیکل فولیویا سی ڈیسی اور فیزیکل حصص یافتگان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ فیزیکل فولیویا سی ڈیسی اور فیزیکل حصص یافتگان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ فیزیکل فولیویا سی ڈیسی اکاؤنٹ میں اپناای میل ایڈریس اور موبائل نمبراپ ڈیٹ کرائیں۔

# .7 سى ڈى سى ا كاؤنٹ ميں فيزيكل حصص كى منتقلي

سیکورٹیزاینڈا کیس چینج کمیشن آف پاکتان (ایس ای می پی) نے اپنے مراسلہ نمبر 640-639-639 CSD/ED/Misc/2016 بتاریخ 620 بتاریخ 2021 میں ہے۔ کے ذریعے تمام کمپنیوں کی توجہ کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 کے سیکشن 72 کی دفعات کی طرف کروائی جس کے تحت کو مشورہ دیا ہے کہ وہ سمپنیزا کیٹ 2017 کے آغاز سے جارسال کے اندر فیزیکل شیئرز کو بک انٹری فارم میں منتقل کریں۔

ندکورہ بالاسیشن 72 کی مکمل تغیل کو بقنی بنانے اور بک انٹری فارم میں شیئر زر کھنے کی سہولت سے فائدہ اٹھانے کے لیے، فیزیکل شیئر زر کھنے والے صص یافتگان سے گزارش ہے کہوہ اپنے شیئر زکو بک انٹری فارم میں منتقل کروائیں۔

# .8 بذر بعد ڈاک ماای ووٹٹک رائے دہی

کمپنیز (پوشل بیلٹ) ریگولیشنز 2018 کی تقمیل میں خصوصی امور کے اراکین کو پوشل بیلٹ کے ذریعے اپناحق رائے دہی استعال کرنے کی اجازت دی جائے گی چاہے وہ بذریعہ ڈاک ہویا ای ووٹنگ کے ذرریعے ہو جو کہ مذکورہ ضوابط میں شامل تقاضوں اور طریقہ کار کے مطابق ڈاک کے ذریعے ووٹ ڈال رہا ہو۔

ای او جی ایم کا نوٹس، پراکسی فارم اور پوشل بیلٹ پیپر کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.clover.com.pk پردستیاب ہے۔

# 9 خصوصی اموریرالیکٹرانک ووٹنگ اور پوشل بیلٹ کاطریقه کار

تمام ارا کین کومطلع کیا جاتا ہے کیکینیز (پوشل بیك) ریگولیشنز 2018 جس میں بذریعہ SRO 2192(I)/2022، بتاریخ 5 دسمبر 2022 ترمیم کی گئی کے تحت سیکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنی کمیشن آف پاکستان (ایس ای پی ) نے تمام لسطر کمپنیوں کو ہدایت دی ہے کہ وہ خصوصی امور کے ارا کین کو الیکٹر انک ووٹنگ کی سہولت اور پوشل ووٹ کے ذریعے ووٹنگ کاحق فراہم کریں۔

چنانچیکمپنی کے اراکین کو مذکورہ بالاضوابط میں درج شرائطا ورتقاضوں کے مطابق بروزمنگل،128 کتوبر، 2025، میں 209،09 بجے منعقد ہونے والے سالانہ احلاس عام کے خصوصی امور کیلئے الیکٹرانک ووٹنگ کی سہولت یا پوشل ووٹنگ کے ذریعے ووٹ کا حق استعال کرنے کی اجازت دی جائے گی۔ اراکین کی سہولت کیلئے بیلٹے بیلٹے بیلٹے بیلٹے بیلٹے لیٹ وٹسسک ہے اور کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ برڈاؤن لوڈ کیلئے بھی دستیاب ہے۔

### ای دوننگ کیلئے طریقه کار

- a) الیکٹرانک ووٹنگ کی سہولت کی تفصیلات کمپنی کے ان اراکین کوای میل کے ذریعے فراہم کی جائیں گی جن کے کارآمد شناختی کارڈنمبرز ،موبائل نمبرز اورای میل ایڈرلیس کمپنی کے اراکین کے رجٹر میں بروزمنگل 21 اکتوبر، 2025 کو کاروباری اوقات کے اختقام تک دستیاب ہوں گے۔
  - b) ویبایڈریس،لاگ اِن کی تفصیلات اور پاس ورڈای میل کے ذریعے ارا کین کوفرا ہم کیے جائیں گے۔ سیکیورٹی کوڈز اراکین کوفیمکوشیئر رجسٹریشن سروسز (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ (ای ووٹنگ سروس فراہم کنندہ ہے) کے ویب پورٹل سے ایس ایم ایس کے ذریعے بھیجے جائیں گے۔
- c) ای ووٹنگ کے ذریعے حق رائے دہی دینے کا ارادہ رکھنے والے اراکین کی شاخت الیکٹرانک دستخط یا لاگ اُن کے لیے تصدیقی عمل کے ذریعے کی جائے گی۔
  - d) ای ووٹنگ لائنز22اکتوبر،2025 کی شام پانچ بجے شروع ہوکر 27اکتوبر، 2025 کی شام پانچ بجے تک جاری رہیں گی ۔اراکین اس مدت کے دوران اپنارائے دہی استعال کر سکتے ہیں۔رکن کی طرف سے ایک قرار دادپر ڈالا گیا ووٹ تبدیل کرنے کی اجازت نہیں ہوگی۔

# بذريعه ذاك ووثنك كاطريقه كار:

ارا کین یے بیٹی بنائیں کمکمل شدہ اور دستخط شدہ بیلٹ پیپر، قومی شناختی کارڈ کی نقل کے ہمراہ کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈیٹے B-23، لالہ زار آف ،ایم ٹی خان روڈ،
کراچی پر ڈاک کے ذریعے یا info@cloverpk.com پرای میل کے ذریعے 28 اکتوبر، 2025 کومنعقد ہونے والے سالا نہ اجلاس عام سے
ایک روز قبل کاروباری اوقات کار کے دوران چیئر مین اجلاس تک پہنچنے چاہیں۔ بیلٹ پیپر پرموجود دستخط شناختی کارڈ پرموجود دستخط سے مطابقت رکھنے چاہئیں۔
اراکین کی سہولت کیلئے بیلٹ پیپر نوٹس کے ساتھ منسلک ہے اور کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.clover.com.pk پر ڈاؤن لوڈ کیلئے بھی دستیاب ہے۔

# كىپنىزا يك 2017 كىيشن (3)134 كے تحت مادى حقائق كابيان

یہ بیانات28 اکتوبر، 2025 کو کلوور پاکتان کمیٹڈ کے قصص یافتگان کے سالانہ اجلاس عام میں مندرجہ ذیل خصوصی امور سے متعلق مادی حقائق وضع کرتے ہیں۔
الف ای پی ایل کے زیر ملکیت اور زیرانتظام سائٹس کی اسٹر یمجُل خریداری کی تجویز کلوور پاکتان فی الوقت ایک ماسٹر معاہدے کے تحت فوسل انر جی پرائیویٹ کمیٹٹر (ایف ای پی ایل) کی کمپنی کے زیر ملکیت اور زیرانتظام سائٹس کے واحد مجاز ڈیلر کے طور پرکام کر رہا ہے۔ انر جی دیٹیل سیکٹر میں اسٹر یمجُل کنٹرول اور موثریت کو برخصانے کیلئے کلوور پاکتان کی کمیٹوں کی ایل کی تمام زیر ملکیت اور زیرانتظام سائٹس کے لیے اسٹر یمجُل حصول کی تجویز ۔ یہ حصول کلوور کی ملی تو سیج اور مارکیٹ میں ترق کے لیے عمودی انتظام کے ابداف کو تقویت دیتا ہے۔
میں ترتی کے لیے عمودی انتظام کے اہداف کو تقویت دیتا ہے۔

ق**رار پایا کہ** کلوور پاکستان کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزانتہائی غوروخوض کے بعدا پی پرینٹ کمپنی فوسل انر جی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ سے کمپنی کی زیر ملکیت اور زیرا نظام تمام فلنگ / سروس اسٹیشنز بشمول زیرتعمیر خریدنے کی منظوری دیتا ہے جو کمپنی کے اراکین کی منظوری ہے مشروط ہے۔

**مزید قراریایا ک**ہ بیٹریداری معمول کے کاروبار بغیر کسی دباؤاور صنعت کے رائج طریقوں کے مطابق کی جائے گی۔

مزید قرار پایا که بوردٔ کلوور پاکتان کی انتظامیه کوخریداری کی شرائط وضوابط پربات چیت کرنے ، حتمی شکل دینے اور معاہدہ کرنے کا اختیار دیتا ہے۔

**مزید قرار پایا کہ** بورڈ انتظامیہ کو بیاختیار تفویض کرتا ہے کہ وہ مستقبل میں ایف ای پی امل کی جانب سے دستیاب ہونے والی ہی اوسی اوسائٹس کا جائزہ لے اور حسب ضرورت ان کے حصول کے اقدامات کرے۔

مزید قرار پایا که ممپنی کے کسی بھی ڈائر کیٹریا آفیسر کواس قرار داد کوموژبنانے کیلئے تمام ضروری اقد امات ، کارروائیاں اور فیصلے بشمول خریداری ہے متعلق دستاویزات ، درخواستوں یا فائلنگزیر تنخط اورانہیں جع کرانے کا اختیار دیا جاتا ہے۔

# بذر بعد ڈاک ووٹنگ کیلئے ہیلٹ پیپر کلوور پاکتان کمیٹٹر

رجٹر ڈ آفس: 23B، لالہزار، آف:مولوی تمیز الدین خان روڈ، کراچی، 38658702 (021) کلوور پاکتان کمیٹڈ بروزمنگل 128 کتوبر، 2025 صبح و بین میں کنٹری کلب، بن قاسم، کراچی کے ساتھ ساتھ ویڈیولنگ کی سہولت کے ذریعے مندرجہ ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے منعقدہ غیر معمولی اجلاس عام میں حق رائے دہی کیلئے

برائے توجہ: کمپنی سیکرٹری مخصوص ای میل ایڈریس: Info@cloverpk.com

چيئر مين كرابطه كى تفصيلات جہاں بيك يبير بھيجا جاسكتا ہے۔

كاروبارى يية: چيئر مين كلووريا كستان لميثدُ، 23B، لاله زار، آف: مولوي تميز الدين خان رودُ ، كراجي 75530

حصص یافته اپراکسی کانام
خصص یا فته کار جسٹر ڈ ایڈریس
تحویل میں موجود حصص کی تعداداور فولیونمبر اسی ڈی تی ا کاؤنٹ نمبر
اورفولیونمبر اسی ڈی سی ا کاؤنٹ نمبر
شناختی کارڈ نمبر اپاسپورٹ نمبر (غیرملکی ہونے کی صورت میں) (نقل منسلک کی جائے گی)
اضا فی معلومات اور دستاویزات ( کارپوریٹ ادارے، کارپوریشن اوروفاقی حکومت کے نمائندے کی صورت میں )
بدایات
1 ـ براه مهر بانی متعلقه با کس میں () نشان لگا کرا ووٹ کی نشا ندہی کریں پیے
2۔ دونوں با کسز سرٹک کی صورت میں آپ کا ہیلی ''مستر ڈ' سمجھا جائے گا۔ پیپر
میں اہم یہاں مندرجہ ذیل قرار دادوں کی منظوری یا نہ منظوری کے لئے اپنی حق رائے دہی () نشان مندرجہ ذیل دیئے گئے خانوں میں لگا کر استعمال کر تا اکر تے ہیں۔

میں اہم اس قرار داد	ميں/ہم اس قرار داد	قر ار دا دول کی نوعیت اور تفصیلات	تمبرشار
حےحق میں نہیں	کے حق میں ہوں اہیں		
ہوں اہیں			
		قرار پایا کہ کلوور پاکستان کے بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز انتہائی غور وخوض کے بعد	1.
		اپنی پرین کمپنی فوسل انرجی (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ سے کمپنی کی زیرملیت اور زیر	
		فلنگ/سروس اسٹیٹیشنز بشمول زریقمیرخریدنے کی منظوری دیتا ہے	
		جو کمپنی کے اراکین کی منظوری ہے مشروط ہے۔	
		مزید قرارپایا که بینزیداری معمول کے کاروبار بغیر کسی دباؤاور صنعت کے رائج	
		طریقوں کےمطابق کی جائے گی۔	
		مزید قرار پایا که بوردٔ کلوور پاکستان کی انتظامیه کوخریداری کی شرائط وضوابط پر	
		بات چیت کرنے جتمی شکل دینے اور معامدہ کرنے کا اختیار دیتا ہے۔	
		مزید قرار پایا که بورڈ انتظامیہ کو بیاختیار تفویض کرتا ہے کہ وہ مستقبل میں	
		الف ای پی ایل کی جانب سے دستیاب ہونے والی سی اوسی او سائٹس کا	
		جائزہ لے اور حسبِ ضرورت ان کے حصول کے اقد امات کرے۔	
		مزید قرار پایا کہ ممپنی کے کسی بھی ڈائز مکٹریا آفیسر کواس قرار داد کوموثر بنانے	
		کیلئے تمام ضروری اقدامات، کارروائیاں اور فیصلے بشمول خریداری سے متعلق	
		دستاویزات، درخواستوں یا فامکنگز پر دستخط اورانہیں جمع کرانے کا اختیار دیاجا تاہے	

تاریخ۔۔۔۔۔۔

تصص یافتہ کے دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

# نولس ابيك پييرجمع كرانے كاطريقه كار

- .1 یاضابط طور بر مکمل کردہ پوشل بیلٹ چیئر مین اوپر بیان کئے گئے ای میل ایڈریس پرارسال کئے جا کیں گے۔
  - .2 بیلٹ پیر کے ساتھ سی این آئی سی پایا سپورٹ کی نقل (غیرمکلی ہونے کی صورت میں ) منسلک کرنی ہوگ ۔
- 3. پوشل بیکٹ پیپراجلاس کے چیئر مین کو 27 اکتوبر، 2025 یا پہلے تک دفتری اوقات کار میں موصول ہوجانے چاہیئں ۔اس تاریخ کے بعد موصول ہونے والے بوشل بیکٹ فارم ووئنگ کیلئے کارآ مزہیں ہوں گے۔
  - . 4 سیسل بیك بیر برموجودد شخطای این آئی سی ایا یا سپورٹ برموجودد شخط جیسے ہونے حیاسیس (غیرمکی ہونے كی صورت میں)
    - .5 نامكمل، دستخط كے بغير، غلط، خراب، پھٹے ہوئے، كٹے ہوئے يامٹا كر كھے ہوئے بيلٹ پبيرمنسوخ كئے جائيں گے۔
- .6 کار پوریٹ ادارے اور کار پوریشن کی صورت میں کمپینز ایکٹ کے سیشن 138 اور 139 کے مطابق پوٹل بیلٹ کے ساتھ مجاز شخص سے شناختی کارڈ کی نقل بورڈ کی قر ارداد، مختار نامہ کی مصدقہ نقول جو قابل اطلاق ہو منسلک ہونی جاپیش ،اگر پراکسی فار م کے ساتھ پہلے ہی جمع نہ کرائی گئی ہوں۔ غیر ملکی ادارے ہونے کی صورت میں تمام دستاویزات یا کستان کے قونصل جزل کی طرف سے تصدیق شدہ ہوں جومبر کے دائرہ اختیار میں ہو۔
  - 7. بیک پیپر کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.clover.com.pk پر بھی دستیاب ہیں۔ اراکین ویب سائٹ سے بیلٹ پیپر ڈاؤن لوڈ کر سکتے ہیں یاا خبارات میں شائع اصل انقل بھی استعال کر سکتے ہیں۔

# Review Report by the Chairman

### For the year ended June 30, 2025

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Clover Pakistan Limited, I am pleased to present the report and audited Company's Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025.

### **Performance Overview**

Despite a competitive and volatile market environment, the Company delivered a net profit of PKR 253.398 million for the year ended June 30, 2025, compared to PKR 192.326 million in the prior year. This performance reflects the effectiveness of our strategic realignment and operational discipline.

### Governance

The Board was supported by specialized sub-committees, including the Board Audit Committee and the Human Resource Committee, which operated in accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance guidelines. These committees played a critical role in identifying areas for improvement in both processes and performance. The Company's Board of Directors convenes regularly to fulfill its responsibilities, with Independent and Non-Executive Directors actively participating in key decisions. Over the past year, the Board has diligently executed its duties, effectively monitoring management performance and setting strategic goals aligned with the Companies Act, 2017, the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, and all other applicable laws. The Board recognizes that adhering to defined corporate governance processes is essential for enhancing corporate accountability and upholding the highest standards of governance.

### **Future Outlook**

Clover Pakistan Limited continues to demonstrate a strong and optimistic long-term outlook, underpinned by its strategic evolution into the Petroleum Products sector. The current year marked a pivotal phase in the Company's growth trajectory, characterized by significant infrastructure expansion and operational enhancements aligned with its evolving business model.

A notable advancement during the year was the establishment of two purpose-built warehouses dedicated to the lube segment. This investment has substantially strengthened the Company's distribution network and inventory management capabilities, reflecting its commitment to deepening its footprint in high-growth verticals within the petroleum industry.

In addition, the Board of Directors has approved the acquisition of all Company Owned Company Operated (COCO) Filling and Service Stations — including those under construction — from the parent company, Fossil Energy (Private) Limited.

These strategic initiatives are expected to enhance Clover Pakistan's market presence, operational control, and revenue streams. Looking ahead, the Company remains focused on leveraging its expanded infrastructure, strengthening customer engagement, and capitalizing on emerging opportunities in the petroleum and lubricants segments to deliver sustainable value to its shareholders.

### Acknowledgments

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our appreciation to our shareholders and customers for their continued patronage. We also highly value the services and dedication of our employees, who are relentlessly committed to serving our customers better. I would also like to thank our creditors and the regulators for their continued support and direction.

For and on behalf of the Board

Salim Chamdia

19 Chamalis

Chairman

Karachi: September 30, 2025

# چيئر مين کا جائزه رپورك

برائے سال ختم شدہ 30 جون 2025

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب ہے، مجھنوشی ہے کہ میں کلوور پاکستان کمیٹر ڈکی رپورٹ اور سال ختم شدہ 30 جون 2025 کے لئے آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوار سے پیش کررہا ہوں۔

# كاركردگى كاجائزه

مسابقتی اورغیر منتیکم مارکیٹ حالات کے باوجود ، کمپنی نے 30 جون 2025 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 253.398PKR ملین کا خالص منافع حاصل کیا ، جوگز شتہ سال 192.326PKR ملین تھا۔ یہ کارکردگی ہماری اسٹر پیچگ ری الائمنٹ اور آپریشنل نظم وضبط کی مؤثریت کوظا ہرکرتی ہے۔

# گورننس

بورڈ کوخصوصی ذیلی کمیٹیوں کی معاونت حاصل رہی ، جن میں بورڈ آڈٹ کمیٹی اور ہیومن ریبورس کمٹی شامل ہیں ، جوکار پوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطه اخلاق کے مطابق کام کرتی ہیں۔
ان کمیٹیوں نے عمل اور کارکردگی میں بہتری کے لیے اہم شعبوں کی نشاندہ ہی گی۔ کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر زبا قاعد گی سے اجلاس منعقد کرتے ہیں تا کہ اپنی ذمہ دار یوں کو پورا کیا جا سکے ، اور آزادو غیرا گیزیکٹوڈ ائر کیٹر زاہم فیصلوں میں فعال کر دارا داکرتے ہیں۔ گزشتہ سال کے دوران ، بورڈ نے اپنی ذمہ دار یوں کو بھر پور طریقے سے نبھایا ، انتظامیہ کی کارکردگی کی مؤثر تگرانی کی اوکیپنیز ایکٹ 2017 ، لیوریٹ گورنس ضوابط ) 2019 ، اورد گرتمام قابل اطلاق قوانین کے مطابق اسٹر پنجگ اہداف مقرر کیے۔ بورڈ اس بات کوشلیم کرتا ہے کہ واضح کار لیوریٹ گورنس عمل کی پیروی کارپوریٹ احتساب کو بہتر بنانے اوراعلی ترین معیار کو برقر ارر کھنے کے لیے ضرور کی ہے۔

# مستقبل كالائحمل

کلوور پاکتان کمیٹر مستقبل کے حوالے سے ایک مضبوط اور پرامید نقط نظر رکھتا ہے، جو پیٹر ولیم مصنوعات کے شعبے میں اس کی اسٹر سیٹی پرٹنی ہے۔ موجودہ سال کمپنی کی ترقی کے سفر میں ایک ایک ہم مرحلہ ثابت ہوا، جس میں بنیا دی ڈھانچے کی توسیعے اور آپریشنل بہتری شامل ہے جو کمپنی کے ارتقاء پذیر کا روباری ماڈل سے ہم آہنگ ہے۔
سال کے دوران ایک اہم چیش رفت دونئ و بیئر ہاؤسز کا قیام تھا جو لبر یکینیٹ کے شعبے کے لیے مخصوص ہیں۔ اس سرماید کاری نے کمپنی کے تقسیم کے نظام اور انوینٹری مینجہ نے کی صلاحیتوں کو نمایاں طور پر مضبوط کیا ہے، اور سے پیٹر ولیم انڈسٹر کی کے تیزی سے ترقی پذیر شعبوں میس کمپنی کی موجودگی کو گھر اکرنے کے عزم کی عکاسی کرتا ہے۔
اس کے علاوہ ، بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر زنے پیرنٹ کمپنی فوسل انر جی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹر سے تمام کمپنی اونڈ کمپنی آپریٹل کنٹرول ، اور آمدنی کے درائع کومز پر بہتر بنانے کی توقع رکھتے ہیں۔
سے حصول کی منظوری دی ہے۔ بیاسٹر سیٹجگ اقد امات کلوور پاکستان کی مارکٹ میں موجودگی ، آپریشنل کنٹرول ، اور آمدنی کے درائع کومز پر بہتر بنانے کی توقع رکھتے ہیں۔
سستقبل کی جانب د کیکھتے ہوئے ، کمپنی اپنے توسیع شدہ بنیادی ڈھانچے سے فاکدہ اٹھانے ، صارفین سے روابط کو مضبوط بنانے ، اور پیٹرولیم ولیر یکیٹ کے شعبوں میں انجر تے مستقبل کی جانب د کیکھتے ہوئے ، کیٹر کورز رہے گی تا کہ اسے شیئر ہولڈرز کو پائیدار قدر فراہم کی جاسکے۔

تشكر

بورڈ کی جانب ہے، میں اپنشیئر ہولڈرز اورصارفین کا ان کی مسلسل سر پرتی پرشکر بیادا کرتا ہوں۔ہم اپنے ملاز مین کی خدمات اورلگن کو بھی قدر کی نگاہ ہے دیکھتے ہیں، جوصارفین کو بہتر خدمات فراہم کرنے کے لیے مسلسل کوشاں ہیں۔ میں اپنے قرض دہندگان اور ریگو لیٹرز کا بھی شکر بیادا کرتا ہوں جن کی مسلسل معاونت اور رہنمائی ہمارے لیے باعثِ تقویت ہے۔

برائے اور جانب سے بورڈ

Schonolis Lizzat

چيئر مين

کراچی:30 ستمبر 2025

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors present the Annual Report together with the Company's Financial Statements and the Auditor's Report for the year ended June 30, 2025.

### **Financial Results**

The Company delivered a strong financial performance during the year, achieving a **net revenue of PKR 3.678 billion**, a **103% increase** over the previous year (FY 2024: PKR 1.812 billion). This growth was primarily driven by increased sales volumes and improved operational efficiencies. Key financial highlights are as follows:

Particulars	2025	2024
	Rup	ees'000
Net Revenue	3,677,864	1,812,302
Gross Profit	414,978	248,266
Profit Before tax	214,665	185,675
Profit After tax	253,398	192,326
	]	Rupees
Earning per share – basic and diluted	6.51	4.94

The Company also issued bonus shares at the rate of 1 for every 4 shares held, increasing the paid-up capital to PKR 389.28 million.

Appropriations and movement in reserves have been disclosed in the Statement of Changes in Equity of the Annual Report.

The Board of Directors of Clover Pakistan Limited is pleased to present the Director's Report for the year ended June 30, 2025. During the year, the Company successfully transitioned its principal line of business from Food Products to Petroleum Products, marking a pivotal strategic shift that significantly contributed to the Company's financial turnaround and growth trajectory.

As a result of this transformation, Clover Pakistan achieved a net revenue of PKR 3.678 billion, more than double the revenue reported in the previous year (FY 2024: PKR 1.812 billion). This surge in revenue is primarily attributable to the expansion in petroleum product sales, enhanced operational capacity.

Despite a competitive and volatile market environment, the Company delivered a net profit of PKR 253.398 million for the year ended June 30, 2025, compared to PKR 192.326 million in the prior year. This performance reflects the effectiveness of our strategic realignment and operational discipline.

Earnings per share (EPS) rose to PKR 6.51, up from PKR 4.94 in FY 2024, further reinforcing the Company's commitment to delivering shareholder value.

These results underscore the success of our business transformation and the dedication of our team in executing the Company's strategic vision. We remain focused on sustaining this momentum and capitalizing on emerging opportunities in the petroleum sector.

### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

Clover Pakistan Limited continues to maintain a strong and optimistic long-term outlook, driven by its strategic transition into the Petroleum Products sector. This year marked a significant milestone in the Company's growth journey, as it expanded its infrastructure and operational footprint to support its evolving business model.

A key development during the year was the addition of two new warehouses dedicated to the lube business segment, enabling improved distribution capabilities and inventory management. This investment reflects the Company's commitment to strengthening its presence in high-potential verticals within the petroleum sector.

Further, the Board of Directors, after careful evaluation, has approved the acquisition of all Company Owned Company Operated (COCO) Filling / Service Stations, including those currently under construction, from the parent company Fossil Energy (Private) Limited. This acquisition is being undertaken in the ordinary course of business, on an arm's length basis, and in line with industry best practices. The transaction is subject to the finalization of deal terms, execution of transaction documents, and obtaining all requisite approvals, consents, and authorizations.

These strategic initiatives are expected to further enhance Clover Pakistan's market presence, operational control, and revenue base. Looking ahead, the Company remains focused on leveraging its expanded infrastructure, deepening customer engagement, and capitalizing on emerging opportunities in the petroleum and lube segments to deliver sustainable value to its shareholders.

### RISK MITIGATION

The Board of Directors, supported by the Audit and Human Resource Committees and senior management, remains committed to identifying, assessing, and mitigating risks that could impact the Company's operations and strategic objectives. The key risk categories and mitigation strategies are outlined below:

### STRATEGIC RISK

Strategic risks relate to the Company's long-term business direction, including market demand, competitive dynamics, and technological changes. Clover Pakistan addresses these risks by:

- Continuously monitoring market trends and customer feedback.
- Aligning its product offerings with evolving customer needs.
- Maintaining competitive pricing and high product quality to strengthen market share.

### **OPERATIONAL RISKS**

Operational risk refers to the potential for direct or indirect losses stemming from various sources related to the processes, technology, and infrastructure that support the Company's activities. These risks can arise internally or externally and include factors beyond credit, market, and liquidity risks, such as legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of operational conduct. Operational risks are inherent in all of the Company's activities.

The Company aims to manage operational risk by balancing the need to limit financial losses and protect its reputation while pursuing business objectives and generating returns for investors. The primary responsibility for developing and implementing controls to mitigate operational risk lies with the Company's management. This responsibility includes establishing controls in the following areas:

**Segregation of Duties**: Ensuring appropriate separation between various functions, roles, and responsibilities to prevent conflicts of interest and reduce risk.

**Transaction Reconciliation and Monitoring:** Establishing requirements for the regular reconciliation and monitoring of transactions to maintain accuracy and integrity.

**Regulatory Compliance:** Adhering to all regulatory and legal requirements to ensure the Company operates within the bounds of the law.

**Documentation:** Maintaining thorough documentation of controls and procedures to support transparency and accountability.

**Risk Assessment:** Periodically evaluating operational risks and assessing the adequacy of controls and procedures in place to address identified risks.

**Ethical Standards:** Upholding high ethical and business standards to foster a culture of integrity and trust.

Risk Mitigation: Implementing risk mitigation measures, including the use of insurance, where effective.

### **Financial Risk**

Clover Pakistan Limited actively monitors and manages financial risks to ensure stability and sustainability across its operations. The key financial risks and mitigation strategies are outlined below:

### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counterparties may default on their financial obligations. All financial assets, except for cash in hand, are subject to this risk. The Company mitigates credit risk through a robust credit policy, which includes customer profiling, credit limits, and regular monitoring of receivables.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the potential inability to meet financial obligations as they fall due. Clover Pakistan manages this risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and ensuring access to reliable banking channels, enabling the Company to meet its commitments under varying business conditions.

### Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company's exposure to foreign exchange risk is minimal and primarily limited to short-term raw material imports. For long-term contracts, the Company endeavors to pass on foreign exchange fluctuations to customers or counterparties, thereby minimizing its impact on profitability.

### **Customer Focus**

The Company believes that its valued customers are the cornerstone of its business success. All Company policies are designed with a strong focus on customer satisfaction. By maintaining close ties with the market and engaging directly with customers, the Company consistently understands their needs, enabling it to offer the most suitable products and services, making the Company the preferred choice.

### **Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance**

The Directors are pleased to report that the Company has taken all necessary steps to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). A Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is included in this report.

### **Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework**

The following statements outline the Company's adherence to the Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:

- The financial statements prepared by the Company's management fairly represent its state of affairs, operational results, cash flows, and changes in equity.
- The Company has maintained accurate and complete books of accounts.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparing the financial statements, with accounting estimates made using reasonable and prudent judgment.
- In preparing these financial statements, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed, with any deviations appropriately disclosed and explained.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and is continuously monitored by Internal Audit and other oversight procedures. Ongoing monitoring of internal controls will continue to further strengthen and improve the system.
- There are no significant doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- The Company has adhered to the best practices of corporate governance, with no material departures from the Listing Regulations.
- A summary of company's key operating and financial data for the last six years including the current period is attached to this report.
- Information regarding taxes and levies is provided in the notes to the accounts.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The composition of the Board is as follows:

Male: 5 Female: 2

Independent Directors: Ms Koshak Irum

Ms Shaista Khan Mr. Amir Ozari

Other Non-executive Directors: Mr David C. Paul

Mr Nausherwan

Executive Directors: Mr Javaid Iqbal

Mr. Salim Chamdia

Female Director Ms Koshak Irum Ms Shaista Khan

### **Board Committees**

a) Audit Committee:

Mr Amir Ozari Chairperson
Mr. Salim Chamdia Member
Ms Koshak Irum Member
Ms Shaista Khan Member

b) Human Resource and Remuneration Committee:

Ms Shaista Khan Chairperson
Ms Koshak irum Member
Mr javid Iqbal Member

### **Meetings of Board of Directors**

During the year, four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each Director was as follows:

Name of Directors	Meeting Attended
Mr. Salim Chamdia	2
Mr. Javaid Iqbal	5
Mr. Amir Ozari	5
Mr. David Cyril Paul	5
Mr. Nausherwan	5
Ms. Koshak Irum Fazali	5
Ms. Shaista Khan	5
Mr. Shahzad Mohsin	3

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Shehzad Mohsin Resined on March 31, 2025

### **Audit Committee Meetings**

By the Code of Corporate Governance, the Board has set up an Audit Committee. The Board of Directors has determined the terms of reference of the Committee. The Audit Committee held four (4) meetings during the year. The attendance by each member was as follows:

Name of Directors	Meeting Attended
Mr. Amir Ozari	4
Mr. Salim Chamdia	2
Ms. Koshak Irum Fazali	4
Ms. Shaista Khan	4
Mr. Shahzad Mohsin	2

### **Human Resource and Remuneration Committee Meetings**

During the year, One (1) HR Committee meetings was held. Attendance by each member was as follows:

Name of Directors	Meeting Attended
Ms. Shaista Khan	1
Ms. Koshak Irum	1
Mr. Javid Iqbal	1

### REMUNERATION POLICY OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The fee of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors for attending the Board and Committee meetings of the Company is determined by the Board from time to time.

### REMUNERATION PACKAGE OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTORS

The remuneration package of the Chief Executive and other directors is disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements.

### CONTRIBUTION TO THE NATIONAL EXCHEQUER AND ECONOMY

Your Company contributed to the national exchequer on general sales tax, income tax, and other government levies during the year.

### **EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

The present auditors Messrs. Reanda Haroon Zakaria Aamir Salman Rizwan & Company, Chartered Accountants, retire after the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and are eligible for reappointment.

### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

A statement showing the Company's shareholding and additional information as of June 30, 2025, is annexed with this report.

There has been no transaction carried out by Directors / Chief Executive, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children in the Company's shares during the year.

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### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

By the relevant regulations, the Company has a Related Party Transactions Policy approved by the Board of Directors. All related party transactions carried out during the year are disclosed in the notes of the Financial Statements.

### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

We take this opportunity to thank all those who have provided us with their valuable support throughout the year.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Javaid Iqbal

Chief Executive Officer

Salim Chamdia

Sphonolis

Director

Karachi.

Dated: September 30, 2025

# ڈائز یکٹرزی ربورٹ

ڈائز کیٹرز کمپنی کی سالا نہ رپورٹ، مالیاتی گوشوارے،اورآ ڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ برائے سال ختم شدہ 30 جون 2025 پیش کرتے ہیں۔

# مالىنتائج

کمپنی نے رواں سال کے دوران شاندار مالی کارکردگی کامظاہرہ کیااور 3.678PKR ارب کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کی ، جوگز شتہ سال (مالی سال 1.812PKR:2024 ارب) کے مقابلے میں 103 فیصدزیادہ ہے۔ بیاضا فیہ نبیا دی طور پر فروخت کے حجم میں اضافے اور آپریشنل کارکردگی میں بہتری کی بدولت ممکن ہوا۔

# ا ہم مالیاتی جھلکیاں درج ذیل ہیں:

2024(روپي)	2025(روپي)	تفصيلات
1,812,302	3,677,864	خالص آمدنی
248,266	414,978	مجموعي منافع
185,675	214,665	منافع قبل از ٹیکس
192,326	253,398	منافع بعداز ثيكس
4.94روپي	6.51روپي	نی خصص آمدنی (EPS)

کمپنی نے ہر 4 حصص پر 1 بونس شیئر جاری کیا،جس کے نتیج میں اداشدہ سر ماید بڑھ کر 389.28PKR ملین ہو گیا۔ ریز روز میں کی گئی تقسیم اور تبدیلیوں کی تفصیل سالانہ رپورٹ کے "بیان تبدیلیاں برائے ایکویٹی" میں دی گئی ہے۔

# كاروبارى تبديلي اورترتي

کلوور پاکستان کمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزکو بیر پورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوس ہورہی ہے۔رواں سال کے دوران کمپنی نے اپنی بنیادی کا روباری سرگرمی کوفو ڈپراڈکٹس کے سے بیٹرولیم پراڈکٹس کی طرف کا میابی سے منتقل کیا، جو کمپنی کی اسٹریٹل کے سے بیٹرولیم پراڈکٹس کی طرف کا میابی سے منتقل کیا، جو کمپنی کی اسٹریٹل کے نتیج میں، کلوور پاکستان نے 3.678 PKR ارب کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کی، جو گزشتہ سال کی آمدنی (1.812 PKR ارب) سے دوگئی سے بھی زیادہ ہے۔ آمدنی میں بیاخاف فہ پیٹرولیم مصنوعات کی فروخت میں اضافے اور آپریشنل صلاحیتوں میں بہتری کی بدولت ممکن ہوا۔ مسابقتی اور غیر یقینی مارکیٹ حالات کے باوجووں کمپنی نے 30 جو کو تحق ہونے والے سال کے لیے 253.398 PKR ملین کا خالص منافع حاصل کیا، جو گزشتہ سال کے مطابقتی اور غیریشنی مارکیٹ حالات کے باوجووں کمپنی نے 30 جو کو تحق ہونے والے سال کے لیے 253.398 PKR میابی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔

کے 192.326 PKR مین کے مقابلے میں نمایاں اضافہ ہے۔ یہ کارکردگی کمپنی کی اسٹر سینجگ سمت اور آپریشنل نظم وضبط کی کا ممابی کو فطاہر کرتی ہے۔

فی حصص آمدنی (EPS) بڑھ کر 1980 کا میابی کو مالی سال 2024 میں 4.94 PKR تھی، جو کہ شیئر ہولڈرز کوقد رفراہم کرنے کے جزم کی عکائی کرتی ہے۔

یہ بنتائج ہماری کاروباری تبدیلی کی کامیابی اور کمپنی کے اسٹر پیٹجگ وژن پڑمملدرآ مدمیں ہماری ٹیم کی انتقک محنت کامنہ بولتا ثبوت ہیں۔ہم اس رفتار کو برقر ارر کھنے اور پیٹرولیم کے شعبے میں انجرتے ہوئے مواقع سے فائدہ اٹھانے پرتوجہ مرکوز رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔

# متنقبل كامكانات

سال کے دوران ایک اہم پیش رفت دونئی و بیئر ہاؤسر کا قیام تھا جولبریکینٹ کے شعبے کے لیے مخصوص ہیں۔اس سرمایہ کاری نے کمپنی کے تقسیم کے نظام اورانو نیٹری مینجمنٹ کی صلاحیتوں کونمایاں طور پر بہتر بنایا ہے،اور یہ پیٹر ولیم سیکٹر کے اعلی امرکانات والے شعبوں میں کمپنی کی موجودگی کو مضبوط بنانے کے عزم کی عکاسی کرتا ہے۔ مزید برآل، بورڈ آف ڈ ائر کیٹرز نے تفصیلی جائزے کے بعد، بیرنٹ کمپنی فوسل انر جی (پرائیویٹ) کمپیٹر سے تمام کمپنی اونڈ کمپنی آپریٹڈ (COCO) فلنگ/سروس اسٹیشنز — محصول کی منظور کی دی ہے۔ یہ جسول نریخ معمول کے مطابق ،باز و کی لمبائی کے اصول پر،اورانڈسٹری کے بہتر بن طریقہ کار کے مطابق کیا جار ہا ہے۔ یہ لین دین تجارتی شرائط کی حتی منظوری، معاہدہ جاتی دستاویزات پر دستخط،اور تمام ضروری منظور یوں،رضامندیوں،اوراختیارات کے حصول سے مشروط ہے۔ یہ اسٹر بیٹجگ اقد امات کلوور پاکستان کی مارکیٹ میں موجودگی ،آپریشنل کنٹرول،اور آمدنی کے ذرائع کو مزید بہتر بنانے کی تو قع رکھتے ہیں۔ مستقبل کی جانب د کیھتے ہوئے، کمپنی ایپ توسیع شدہ بنیادی ڈھانچے سے فائدہ اٹھانے ،صارفیون سے روابط کو مزید گہراکرنے،اور پیٹرولیم ولبریکیٹ کے شعبوں میں انجرتے ہوئے مواقع سے فائدہ اٹھانے پر مرکوز رہے گی تا کہ اسٹے شیئر ہولڈرز کو یائیدار قدر فراہم کی جاسکے۔

# خطرات سے نمٹنے کی حکمت عملی

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز، آڈٹ اور ہیومن ریسورس کمیٹیوں اور سینئر مینجنٹ کی معاونت سے،ان خطرات کی شناخت، جائزہ اور تدارک کے لیے پرعزم ہے جو کمپنی کی آپریشنز اور اسٹر پنجُل مقاصد پر اثر انداز ہو سکتے ہیں۔اہم خطرات اوران سے نمٹنے کی حکمت عملی درج ذیل ہے:

### اسٹر پیجک خطرات

اسٹر یجگ خطرات کمپنی کی طویل مدتی کاروباری سمت ہے متعلق ہوتے ہیں، جن میں مارکیٹ کی طلب، مسابقتی رجحانات، اورٹیکنالوجی میں تبدیلیاں شامل ہیں۔ کلوور پاکستان ان خطرات سے نمٹنے کے لیے درج ذیل اقدامات کرتا ہے:

- مارکیٹ کے رجحانات اور صارفین کی آراء کی مسلسل گرانی۔
- مصنوعات کی پیشکش کوصارفین کی بدای ضروریات سے ہم آہنگ رکھنا۔
- مسابقتی قیمتوں اور اعلی معیاری مصنوعات کے ذریعے مارکیٹ شیئر کومضبوط بنانا۔

# آبريشنلخطرات

آ پریشنل خطرات ان مکننفصانات سے متعلق ہوتے ہیں جو کمپنی کی سرگرمیوں کوسہارا دینے والے عمل ،ٹیکنالو جی ،اور بنیادی ڈھانچے سے براہ راست یا بالواسط طور پر پیدا ہوسکتے میں۔ پہخطرات داخلی یا خار جی ذرائع سے جنم لے سکتے میں اوران میں قانونی وضابطہ جاتی تقاضے بھی شامل ہوتے میں ، جوکریڈٹ، مارکیٹ ،اورکیکویڈیٹی خطرات سے ہٹ کر ہوتے ہیں کمپنی کی تمام سرگرمیوں میں آپریشنل خطرات فطری طور پرشامل ہوتے ہیں۔ کمپنی کا مقصدان خطرات کواس انداز میں سنجالنا ہے کہ مالی نقصانات کومحدودر کھاجا سکے اور کمپنی کی سا کھمحفوظ رہے، جبکہ کاروباری مقاصد کا حصول اور سرمایہ کاروں کے لیے منافع کی فراہمی بھی جاری رہے۔

آ پریشنل خطرات سے نمٹنے کے لیے کنٹرولز کی تیار کی اوران پرعملدرآ مد کی بنیاد کی ذمہ دار کی کمپنی کی انتظامیہ پرعائد ہوتی ہے۔اس میں درج ذیل شعبوں میں کنٹرولز کا قیام شامل ہے:

فرائض کی علیحدگی: مختلف افعال، کرداروں اور ذمہ داریوں کے درمیان مناسب تفریق کوفینی بنانا تا کہ مفادات کے ظراؤ سے بچاجا سکے اور خطرات کو کم کیا جاسکے۔

لین دین کی تطبیق اور گرانی: لین دین کی در تنگی اور شفافیت کو برقر ارر کھنے کے لیے با قاعدہ تطبیق اور گرانی کے نقاضوں کی پابندی: تمام قانونی اور ریگولیٹری نقاضوں کی پاسداری تا کہ پہنی قانون کے دائر سے میں رہ کرکام کرے۔

وستاویزی ریکارڈ: شفافیت اور جوابد ہی کوفینی بنانے کے لیے کنٹرولز اور طریقہ کار کی کھمل دستاویز ات کارکھنا۔

خطرات کا جائزہ وقیاً فوقیاً آپریشنل خطرات کا جائزہ لینا اور موجودہ کنٹرولز وطریقہ کار کی مؤثریت کا تجزیہ کرنا۔

اخلاقی اصول: اعلیٰ اخلاقی اور کاروباری اقد ارکو برقر اررکھنا تا کہ دیا نت داری اوراعتاد کی ثقافت کوفروغ دیا جاسکے۔

خطرات سے بچاؤ: خطرات سے بچاؤ کے اقد امات نافذ کرنا، جن میں مؤثر صورت میں انشورنس کا استعال بھی شامل ہے۔

# مالياتى خطرات

کلوور پاکستان کمیٹڈا ہے آپریشنز میں استحکام اور پائیداری کویقینی بنانے کے لیے مالیاتی خطرات کی مسلسل نگرانی اور مؤثر انتظام کرتا ہے۔اہم مالیاتی خطرات اوران سے نمٹنے کی تھمت عملی درج ذیل ہے:

### كرېلەك رسك (قرض كى داپسى كاخطره)

کریڈٹ رسک اس امکان سے پیدا ہوتا ہے کہ کوئی فریق اپنے مالیاتی وعدے پورے نہ کرے۔نقذرقم کےعلاوہ تمام مالیاتی اثاث اس خطرے سے متاثر ہو سکتے ہیں۔ کمپنی اس خطرے سے نمٹنے کے لیے ایک مضبوط کریڈٹ پالیسی پڑمل کرتی ہے،جس میں صارفین کی جانچے ،کریڈٹ حدود کانعین ،اور واجب الا دارقوم کی با قاعدہ نگرانی شامل ہے۔

# ليوبله يي رسك (نفذي كي كمي كاخطره)

لیکویڈیٹی رسکاس مکننصورتحال کوظا ہر کرتا ہے جس میں کمپنی اپنے مالیاتی وعدے وقت پر پورے نہ کر سکے کلوور پاکستان اس خطرے کا نتظام مناسب نقذی ذخائر برقر ارر کھ کر اور قابل اعتماد بینکاری ذرائع تک رسائی کویفینی بنا کرکرتا ہے، تا کہ مختلف کاروباری حالات میں اپنی مالی ذمہ داریاں پوری کی جاسکیں۔

# غيرمككي زرمبادله كاخطره

کمپنی کوغیرمکی زرِمبادلہ کے خطرے کا سامنا بہت کم ہے،اور یہ بنیا دی طور پرقلیل مدتی خام مال کی درآ مدات تک محدود ہے۔طویل مدتی معاہدوں کے لیے، کمپنی کوشش کرتی ہے کہ زرِمبادلہ کی تبدیلیوں کا اثر صارفین یا متعلقہ فریقین کونتقل کیا جائے ، تا کہ منافع پراس کا اثر کم ہے کم ہو۔

# تستمر فوتس

سمپنی کا یقین ہے کہاس کے قابلِ قدرصارفین اس کی کاروباری کامیابی کی بنیاد ہیں۔ کمپنی کی تمام پالیسیاں صارفین کی اطمینان کومدنظرر کھتے ہوئے ترتیب دی گئی ہیں۔ مارکیٹ سے قریبی تعلقات قائم رکھ کراورصارفین سے براوراست رابطہ کر کے، کمپنی ان کی ضروریات کوسلس سمجھتی ہے، جس سے وہ موزوں ترین مصنوعات اور خدمات فراہم کرسکتی ہے، اورصارفین کی اولین ترجیج بن جاتی ہے۔

# كار پوريث كورننس كے ضابطه كي تميل

ڈائز یکٹرزیدر پورٹ کرتے ہوئے خوش میں کہ کمپنی نے سکیورٹیزائیڈائیجیج کمیشن آف پاکستان (SECP) کے تقاضوں کے مطابق کارپوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطہ کی تقیل کے لیے تمام ضروری اقدامات کیے ہیں۔اس رپورٹ میں ضابطہ کی تقیل کا بیان شامل ہے۔

# كار پوريث اور مالياتي ر پورننگ فريم ورك

درج ذیل بیانات سمینی کی کارپوریٹ اور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک کی فٹیل کو ظاہر کرتے ہیں:

- سمینی کے مالیاتی بیانات اس کی مالی حالت، آیریشنل نتائج، نقذی کے بہاؤ، اورا یکوئٹی میں تبدیلیوں کی درست عکاسی کرتے ہیں۔
  - سمپنی نے درست اور مکمل حسابات کی کتابیں برقر اررکھی ہیں۔
  - موزوں اکا وَنٹنگ پالیسیوں کوسلسل اپنایا گیاہے،اورا کا وَنٹنگ تخینے معقول اور مختاط انداز میں کیے گئے ہیں۔
- مالیاتی بیانات کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں قابلِ اطلاق بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ معیارات (IFRS) کی پیروی کی گئی ہے،اورکسی بھی انحراف کومناسب طور پر ظاہراور وضاحت کیا گیا ہے۔
- اندرونی کنٹرول کانظام مؤثر طریقے سے ڈیزائن کیا گیاہےاوراندرونی آ ڈٹاوردیگرنگرانی کے طریقہ کار کے ذریعے سلسل مانیٹر کیا جاتا ہے۔اس نظام کومزید مضبوط اور بہتر بنانے کے لیے نگرانی حاری رہے گی۔
  - تمپنی کی بطور جاری ادارہ کام کرنے کی صلاحیت برکوئی اہم شک وشینہیں ہے۔
  - سمپنی نے کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں کی بیروی کی ہے،اورلسٹنگ ریگولیشنز سےکوئی مادی انحراف نہیں ہوا۔
  - کمپنی کے گزشتہ چھسالوں بشمول موجودہ مدت کے کلیدی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی ڈیٹا کا خلاصہ اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔
    - سیسزاور لیویز ہے متعلق معلومات مالیاتی بیانات کے نوٹس میں فراہم کی گئی ہیں۔

# بورذآف ڈائر یکٹرز

بورڈ کی تشکیل درج ذیل ہے:

5:20

خواتين:2

### آزاد ڈائریکٹرز:

محتر مهكوشك ارم

محترمه شائسته خان

جناب عامرامان الله

ديگرغيرا يگزيكڻودُ ائرَيكٹرز:

جناب ڈیوڈسی . پال جناب نوشیروان

جناب جاويدا قبال

ا يَّزِ يَكُودُ ارُ يَكُرِّرَ:

جناب سليم چمديا

خاتون ڈائر یکٹرز:

محرّ مەكوشك ارم محرّ مەشائستەخان

بورد كميثيان:

ب) ہیومن ریسورس اور معاوضہ کمیٹی: محتر مه ثنائسته خان – چیئر پرسن محتر مه کوشک ارم – رکن جناب جاویدا قبال – رکن الف) آ ڈٹ کمیٹی: جناب عامراوزاری – چیئر پرسن جناب سلیم چمد یا – رکن محتر مہ کوشک ارم – رکن محتر مه شائسته خان – رکن

# بوردُ آف دُائرُ يكثرزكاجلاس:

سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے جار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ ہرڈائر کیٹر کی شرکت درج ذیل ہے:

اجلاس میں شرکت	ڈائر یکٹر کے نام
2	جناب سليم چمد يا
5	جناب جاويدا قبال
5	جناب عامراوزاري
5	جناب ڈیوڈسی . پال
5	جناب نوشير وان
5	محتر مه کوشک ارم
5	محترمه ثائسته خان
3	جناب شنراد محن

\*جناب شنر المحسن نے 31-Mar-2025 كواستعفى ديا تھا

# آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاس

کارپوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطہ کے مطابق ، بورڈ نے آڈٹ کمیٹی قائم کی ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے کمیٹی کے اختیارات وذمہ داریوں کا تعین کیا ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی کے سال کے دوران چار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ ہررکن کی شرکت درج ذیل ہے:

اجلاس میں شرکت	ڈائر یکٹر کے نام
4	جناب عامراوزاری
2	جناب سليم چمد يا
4	محتر مه کوشک ارم
4	محتر مه شائسته خان
2	جناب شنراد محن

# ہیومن ریسورس اور معاوضہ کیٹی کے اجلاس

سال کے دوران ہیومن ریسورس ممیٹی کا ایک(1) اجلاس منعقد ہوا۔ ہررکن کی شرکت درج ذیل ہے:

اجلاس میں شرکت	ڈائر یکٹر کے نام
1	محتر مه شائسته خان
1	محتر مه کوشک ارم
1	جناب جاويدا قبال

# غيرا بگزيڭوڈائر يكٹرز كى معاوضه مالىسى

کمپنی کے بورڈ اور کمیٹی اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لیے غیرا گیزیکٹواورآ زادڈ ائز یکٹرز کی فیس وقباً فو قباً بورڈ کے ذریعے مقرر کی جاتی ہے۔

# چیف ایگزیکٹواورڈ ائریکٹرز کامعاوضہ پیکیج

چیف ایکزیکٹواور دیگر ڈائر یکٹرز کامعاوضہ پیلیج مالیاتی ہیانات کے نوٹ نمبر 32 میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔

# قومی نزانے اور معیشت میں شراکت

آپ کی کمپنی نے سال کے دوران جزل بلز ٹیکس ،انگم ٹیکس اور دیگر سرکاری محصولات کی مدمین قومی خزانے میں اپنا حصہ ڈالا۔

# بيروني آۋيٹرز

موجودہ آڈیٹرز بیسرزریانڈ اہارون ذکر یاعا مرسلمان رضوان اینڈ کمپنی ، چارٹرڈا کا وَنٹنٹس ،آئندہ سالا نہ جزل اجلاس کے بعدریٹائز ہورہے ہیں اور دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل ہیں۔

### حصص داري كانمونه

کمپنی کی حصص داری اوراضافی معلومات کابیان 30 جون 2025 کواس رپورٹ کے ساتھ مسلک کیا گیا ہے۔

سال مےدوران ممپنی کے صص میں ڈائر کیٹرز/ چیف ایگزیکٹو، چیف فنانشل آفیسر بمپنی سیریٹری اوران کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کی جانب سےکوئی لین دین نہیں کیا گیا۔

# متعلقة فريقين كے لين دين

مروجہ ضوابط کے مطابق، کمپنی کے پاس بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز سے منظور شدہ متعلقہ فریقین کے لین دین کی پالیسی موجود ہے۔سال کے دوران کیے گئے تمام متعلقہ فریقین کے لین دین کی پالیسی موجود ہے۔سال کے دوران کیے گئے تمام متعلقہ فریقین کے لین دین مالیاتی بیانات کے نوٹس میں ظاہر کیے گئے ہیں۔

### بعدازال داقعات

مالی سال کے اختتا م اوراس رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے درمیان کمپنی کی مالی حالت پر اثر انداز ہونے والی کوئی مادی تبدیلی یا وعد خہیں ہوا۔

### تشكر

ہم اس موقع پران تمام افراد کاشکریداداکرتے ہیں جنہوں نے سال بھرہمیں اپنی فیتی معاونت فراہم کی۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے

مسم جمدً یا

جاويدا قبال چيف ايگزيکڙ آفر

تاريخ: September 2025 :ئارىخ:

# Year wise Financial Highlights

Property Palmi & Equipments   Property Palmi & Property   Property Palmi & Equipments   Property Palmi & Equipment   Property Palmi & Equ		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020			
Fixed & Intangibles Assets - Property, Palmi & Equipments Long Security Deposits Deferred Tax Asset         30 (a)	-	(Rupees in '000)								
Property, Palmi & Equipments   33,882   6,919   9,138   12,891   21,456   428,332   1208   208   1,210   4,485   1,208   248,833   1208   248,833   1208   248,833   1208   130,490   248,334   1208   130,490   248,334   120,498   283,139   33,656   85,248   121,721   49,924   36,293   38,918   33,656   85,248   121,721   49,924   36,293   38,918   33,656   85,248   121,721   49,924   36,293   38,918   33,656   85,248   121,731   278,513   86,194   157,436   267,149   882,066   120,100   120	BALANCE SHEET									
Property, Parint & Equipments   1,000   2,000   1,100   4,485   1,210   4,485   1,000   2,000   1,00		22 502	6.010	0.120	12 001	21.456	420.222			
Deferred Tax Asset		33,582	6,919	9,138	12,891	21,456	428,332			
Current Assets	Long Security Deposits	30	26	470	965	1,210	4,485			
Currents Liabilities	Deferred Tax Asset									
Hard	Current Assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Equity   S31,911   278,513   86,194   157,436   267,149   882,066	Currents Liabilities									
Equity         531,911         278,513         86,194         157,436         267,149         872,148           Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease         -         -         -         -         -         9,918           PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS           Gross Turnover         3,803,221         1,814,636         68,429         107,611         439,819         455,060           Less:         Sales Tax         (114,102)         (970)         (9,017)         (12,798)         (64,928)         (60,632)           Trade Discounts         (1125,557)         (2,334)         (90,17)         (1,541)         (454)         -           Ret Turnover         3,677,864         1,812,302         59,412         93,272         374,437         394,428           Cost Of Sales         (3,262,886)         (1,564,036)         (67,602)         (84,556)         (398,503)         309,444           Gross Profit / Loss)         414,978         248,266         (8,190)         8,716         (24,066)         84,984           Distributions & Marketing Expens         (92,096)         (2,676)         (25,812)         (34,658)         (63,681)         (62,386)           Other Operating Expenses         (12,882)         (15,928)	-									
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS   Gross Turnover   3,803,221   1,814,636   68,429   107,611   439,819   455,060	=	531,911	278,513	86,194	157,436	267,149	882,066			
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS   Gross Turnover   3,803,221   1,814,636   68,429   107,611   439,819   455,060	Equity	<b>521 011</b>	279 512	96 104	157.426	267 140	972 149			
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS           Gross Turnover         3,803,221         1,814,636         68,429         107,611         439,819         455,060           Less: Sales Tax Trade Discounts         (114,102) (12,555)         (1,364)         -         (1,541)         (454)         -           Net Turnover         3,677,864         1,812,302         59,412         93,272         374,437         394,428           Cost Of Sales         (3,262,886)         (1,564,036)         (67,602)         (84,556)         (398,503)         (309,444)           Gross Profit / (Loss)         414,978         248,266         (8,190)         8,716         (24,066)         84,984           Distributions & Marketing Expens         (92,096)         (2,676)         (25,812)         (34,658)         (63,681)         (62,386)           Administrative Expenses         (40,002)         (45,560)         (40,457)         (71,593)         (88,473)         (56,158)           Other Operating Expenses         (21,882)         (15,928)         (1,760)         (8,412)         (6,522)         (6,351)           Other Operating Income         142         1,578         6,263         2,080         3,103         53,092           Impariment of goodwili         -         -<	± •	,	2/8,313	80,194	137,436	267,149				
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS           Gross Turnover         3,803,221         1,814,636         68,429         107,611         439,819         455,060           Less: Sales Tax (114,102)         (970)         (9,017)         (12,798)         (64,928)         (60,632)           Trade Discounts         (112,555)         (1,364)         -         (1,541)         (454)         -           Net Turnover         3,677,864         1,812,302         59,412         93,272         374,437         394,428           Cost Of Sales         (3,262,886)         (1,564,036)         (67,602)         (84,556)         (398,503)         (309,444)           Gross Profit / (Loss)         414,978         248,266         (8,190)         8,716         (24,066)         84,984           Distributions & Marketing Expens         (92,096)         (2,676)         (25,812)         (34,658)         (63,681)         (62,386)           Administrative Expenses         (40,002)         (45,560)         (40,457)         (71,593)         (88,473)         (56,158)           Other Operating Expenses         (21,882)         (15,928)         (1,760)         (8,412)         (6,522)         (6,351)           Other Operating Income Impairment of goodwill         -         -	Liabilities against assets subject to		278 513	86 194	157 436	267 149				
Cross Turnover   S,803,221   1,814,636   68,429   107,611   439,819   455,060     Less: Sales Tax   (114,102)   (970)   (9,017)   (12,798)   (64,928)   (60,632)     Trade Discounts   (11,255)   (1,364)   -	=	331,711	270,313	00,174	137,430	207,147	862,000			
Cross Turnover   S,803,221   1,814,636   68,429   107,611   439,819   455,060     Less: Sales Tax   (114,102)   (970)   (9,017)   (12,798)   (64,928)   (60,632)     Trade Discounts   (11,255)   (1,364)   -	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	'S								
Less: Sales Tax   (114,102)   (970)   (9,017)   (12,798)   (64,928)   (66,632)   (13,545)   (13,644)   - (1,541)   (4544)   - (454			1.814.636	68.429	107.611	439.819	455,060			
Trade Discounts	r									
Net Turnover         3,677,864         1,812,302         59,412         93,272         374,437         394,428           Cost Of Sales         (3,262,886)         (1,564,036)         (67,602)         (84,556)         (398,503)         (309,444)           Gross Profit / (Loss)         414,978         248,266         (8,190)         8,716         (24,066)         84,984           Distributions & Marketing Expens         (92,096)         (2,676)         (25,812)         (34,658)         (63,681)         (62,386)           Administrative Expenses         (40,002)         (45,560)         (40,457)         (71,593)         (88,473)         (56,158)           Other Operating Expenses         (21,882)         (15,928)         (1,760)         (8,412)         (6,522)         (6,351)           Other Operating Income         142         1,578         6,263         2,080         3,103         53,092           Impairment of goodwill         -         -         (385,985)         (162,871)           Financial Charges         (481)         (5)         (16)         (773)         (1,499)         (3,046)           Levies         (45,994)         (45,994)         (5)         (69,972)         (104,640)         (567,123)         (152,742) <tr< td=""><td>Trade Discounts</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>- 1</td></tr<>	Trade Discounts			-			- 1			
Cost Of Sales         (3,262,886)         (1,564,036)         (67,602)         (84,556)         (398,503)         (309,444)           Gross Profit / (Loss)         414,978         248,266         (8,190)         8,716         (24,066)         84,984           Distributions & Marketing Expens         (92,096)         (2,676)         (25,812)         (34,658)         (63,681)         (62,386)           Administrative Expenses         (40,002)         (45,560)         (40,457)         (71,593)         (88,473)         (56,158)           Other Operating Expenses         (21,882)         (15,928)         (1,760)         (8,412)         (6,522)         (6,351)           Other Operating Income         142         1,578         6,263         2,080         3,103         53,092           Impairment of goodwill         -         -         (385,985)         (162,877)           Financial Charges         (481)         (5)         (16)         (773)         (1,499)         (3,046)           Levies         (45,994)         (69,972)         (104,640)         (567,123)         (152,742)           Taxtaion         38,733         6,651         (1,270)         (5,073)         (37,876)         (2,476)           Profit after taxtaion         25				(9,017)		(65,382)	(60,632)			
Gross Profit / (Loss)         414,978         248,266         (8,190)         8,716         (24,066)         84,984           Distributions & Marketing Expens         (92,096)         (2,676)         (25,812)         (34,658)         (63,681)         (62,386)           Administrative Expenses         (40,002)         (45,560)         (40,457)         (71,593)         (88,473)         (56,158)           Other Operating Expenses         (21,882)         (15,928)         (1,760)         (8,412)         (6,522)         (6,351)           Other Operating Income         142         1,578         6,263         2,080         3,103         53,092           Impairment of goodwill         -         -         (382,985)         (162,877)           Financial Charges         (481)         (5)         (16)         (773)         (1,499)         (3,046)           Levies         (45,994)           Profit Before Taxtation         214,665         185,675         (69,972)         (104,640)         (567,123)         (152,742)           Taxtaion         38,733         6,651         (1,270)         (5,073)         (37,876)         (2,476)           Profit after taxtaion         253,398         192,326         (71,242)         (109,713)         (60	Net Turnover	3,677,864	1,812,302	59,412	93,272	374,437	394,428			
Distributions & Marketing Expens (92,096) (2,676) (25,812) (34,658) (63,681) (62,386) Administrative Expenses (40,002) (45,560) (40,457) (71,593) (88,473) (56,158) Other Operating Expenses (21,882) (15,928) (1,760) (8,412) (6,522) (6,351) Other Operating Income 142 1,578 6,263 2,080 3,103 53,092 Impairment of goodwill (385,985) (162,877) Financial Charges (481) (5) (16) (773) (1,499) (3,046) Levies (45,994)  Profit Before Taxtation 214,665 185,675 (69,972) (104,640) (567,123) (152,742) Taxtaion 38,733 6,651 (1,270) (5,073) (37,876) (2,476) Profit after taxtaion 253,398 192,326 (71,242) (109,713) (604,999) (155,218)  Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees) 6.51 4.94 (2.29) (3.52) (19.43) (4.98)	Cost Of Sales	(3,262,886)	(1,564,036)	(67,602)	(84,556)	(398,503)	(309,444)			
Administrative Expenses (40,002) (45,560) (40,457) (71,593) (88,473) (56,158) Other Operating Expenses (21,882) (15,928) (1,760) (8,412) (6,522) (6,351) Other Operating Income 142 1,578 6,263 2,080 3,103 53,092 Impairment of goodwill (385,985) (102,877) Financial Charges (481) (5) (16) (773) (1,499) (3,046) Levies (45,994)  Profit Before Taxtation 214,665 185,675 (69,972) (104,640) (567,123) (152,742) Taxtaion 38,733 6,651 (1,270) (5,073) (37,876) (2,476) Profit after taxtaion 253,398 192,326 (71,242) (109,713) (604,999) (155,218)  Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees) 6.51 4.94 (2.29) (3.52) (19.43) (4.98)	Gross Profit / (Loss)	414,978	248,266	(8,190)	8,716	(24,066)	84,984			
Other Operating Expenses         (21,882)         (15,928)         (1,760)         (8,412)         (6,522)         (6,351)           Other Operating Income         142         1,578         6,263         2,080         3,103         53,092           Impairment of goodwill         -         -         -         (383,985)         (162,877)           Financial Charges         (481)         (5)         (16)         (773)         (1,499)         (3,046)           Levies         (45,994)         -         -         (69,972)         (104,640)         (567,123)         (152,742)           Taxtaion         38,733         6,651         (1,270)         (5,073)         (37,876)         (2,476)           Profit after taxtaion         253,398         192,326         (71,242)         (109,713)         (604,999)         (155,218)           Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees)         6.51         4.94         (2.29)         (3.52)         (19.43)         (4.98)	Distributions & Marketing Expens	(92,096)	(2,676)	(25,812)	(34,658)	(63,681)	(62,386)			
Other Operating Expenses         (21,882)         (15,928)         (1,760)         (8,412)         (6,522)         (6,351)           Other Operating Income         142         1,578         6,263         2,080         3,103         53,092           Impairment of goodwill         -         -         -         (385,985)         (162,877)           Financial Charges         (481)         (5)         (16)         (773)         (1,499)         (3,046)           Levies         (45,994)         -         -         (69,972)         (104,640)         (567,123)         (152,742)           Taxtaion         38,733         6,651         (1,270)         (5,073)         (37,876)         (2,476)           Profit after taxtaion         253,398         192,326         (71,242)         (109,713)         (604,999)         (155,218)           Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees)         6.51         4.94         (2.29)         (3.52)         (19.43)         (4.98)	Administrative Expenses	(40,002)	(45,560)	(40,457)	(71,593)	(88,473)	(56,158)			
Impairment of goodwill   Colored	Other Operating Expenses	(21,882)	(15,928)	(1,760)	(8,412)	(6,522)				
Impairment of goodwill   Colored	Other Operating Income	142	1,578	6,263	2,080	3,103	53,092			
Levies         (45,994)           Profit Before Taxtation         214,665         185,675         (69,972)         (104,640)         (567,123)         (152,742)           Taxtaion         38,733         6,651         (1,270)         (5,073)         (37,876)         (2,476)           Profit after taxtaion         253,398         192,326         (71,242)         (109,713)         (604,999)         (155,218)           Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees)         6.51         4.94         (2.29)         (3.52)         (19.43)         (4.98)	Impairment of goodwill			-	-	(385,985)	(162,877)			
Profit Before Taxtation         214,665         185,675         (69,972)         (104,640)         (567,123)         (152,742)           Taxtaion         38,733         6,651         (1,270)         (5,073)         (37,876)         (2,476)           Profit after taxtaion         253,398         192,326         (71,242)         (109,713)         (604,999)         (155,218)           Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees)         6.51         4.94         (2.29)         (3.52)         (19.43)         (4.98)	Financial Charges	(481)	(5)	(16)	(773)	(1,499)	(3,046)			
Taxtaion         38,733         6,651         (1,270)         (5,073)         (37,876)         (2,476)           Profit after taxtaion         253,398         192,326         (71,242)         (109,713)         (604,999)         (155,218)           Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees)         6.51         4.94         (2.29)         (3.52)         (19.43)         (4.98)	Levies	(45,994)								
Profit after taxtaion         253,398         192,326         (71,242)         (109,713)         (604,999)         (155,218)           Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees)         6.51         4.94         (2.29)         (3.52)         (19.43)         (4.98)	<b>Profit Before Taxtation</b>	214,665	185,675	(69,972)	(104,640)	(567,123)	(152,742)			
Earning Per Share - basic and diluted (Rupees) 6.51 4.94 (2.29) (3.52) (19.43) (4.98)	Taxtaion	38,733	6,651	(1,270)	(5,073)	(37,876)	(2,476)			
- basic and diluted (Rupees) 6.51 4.94 (2.29) (3.52) (19.43) (4.98)	Profit after taxtaion	253,398	192,326	(71,242)	(109,713)	(604,999)	(155,218)			
- basic and diluted (Rupees) 6.51 4.94 (2.29) (3.52) (19.43) (4.98)										
	9		4.04	(2.20)	(2.50)	(10.42)	(4.00)			
<b>Bonus Shares</b> 25% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	- basic and diluted (Rupees)	6.51	4.94	(2.29)	(3.52)	(19.43)	(4.98)			
	Bonus Shares	25%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
Cash Dividend         0%         0%         0%         0%	Cash Dividend	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
Operating Profit / (Loss) 282,880 200,030 (74,466) (97,535) (176,220) (33,560)										
<b>Issued &amp; paid up capital of Rs. 1 389,283</b> 311,431 311,431 311,431 311,431	Issued & paid up capital of Rs. 1	389,283	311.431		311.431					

# **Statement of Compliance**

### with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

# Clover Pakistan Limited Year ending June 30, 2025

Clover Pakistan Limited Year ended June 30, 2025 (hereinafter referred to as 'The Company') has complied with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 ("the Regulations") in the following manner:

- 1. The total number of directors are (7) as per the following:
  - a) Male: 5b) Female: 2
- 2. The composition of the Board is as follows:
  - i. Independent directors: Ms. Shaista Khan

Ms. Koshak Irum Fazali Mr. Amir Amanullah

ii. Non-Executive Directors: Mr. Nousherwan

Mr. David Cyrill Paul

iii. Executive Directors: Mr. Javed Igbal

Mr. Salim Chamdia

iv. Female Directors Ms. Shaista Khan

Ms. Koshak Irum Fazali

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company;
- 4. The Company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that a complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised, and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of the meeting of the Board

- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors under the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. The Board has arranged a Director training program (DTP) in January 2023 for its below specified directors:
  - Ms. Shaista Khan
  - Ms. Koshak Irum Fazali
  - Mr. David Cyrill Paul
  - Mr. Nousherwan
  - Mr. Javed Igbal
  - Mr. Amir Ozari
- 10. The Board has approved the appointment of a Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and \*Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
  - a) Audit Committee:

Mr. Amir Ozari Chairman
Ms. Koshak Irum Fazali Member
Mr. Salim Chamdia Member
Ms. Shaista Khan Member

b) HR and Remuneration Committee:

Ms. Shaista Khan Chairman Ms. Koshak Irum Fazali Member Mr. Javaid Iqbal Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half-yearly/yearly) of the committee was as per the following, -

a) Audit Committeeb) HR and Remuneration CommitteeQuarterlyYearly

15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function/ or has outsourced the internal audit function to who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.

- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with the Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners comply with the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, Company secretary or director of the Company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except under the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement, and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. The board has not ensured that of formal and effective mechanism is put in place for an annual evaluation on BOD own performance, member its board and of its comities; Reg.(10) Sub. Sec.(3)
- 19. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 7, 8, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with unless wherever specified in the Statement of Compliance.
- 20. Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

Regulation	Explanation
Regulation 24	Regulation 24 of Regulations states that the same person shall not simultaneously hold office of Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary of a listed Company. The Board is of the opinion the person is suitably qualified and professionally capable to act and fulfill the duties and responsibilities of both the roles simultaneously. In addition, it is a cost effective measure and in the best interest of Company and the shareholders.

Salim Chamdia

Schonolis

Chairman



#### TO THE MEMBERS OF CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED

Review Report on The Statement of Compliance Contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Clover Pakistan Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2025 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Reanda Haroon Zakaria Aamir Salman Rizwan & Company

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner Farhan Ahmed Memon Place: Karachi

Dated: September 30, 2025 UDIN: CR202510147zEkOPaiuD

### Reanda Haroon Zakaria Aamir Salman Rizwan & Company Chartered Accountants

Suite Nos. M1-M4 & 709-710, Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road, Karachi 75530, Pakistan. Tel: +92 (21) 3567 4741-44 Fax: +92 (21) 3567 4745 | Email: info@hzasrkhi.pk | www.hzasr.pk

Other offices at: Lahore and Islamabad



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Clover Pakistan Limited which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2025 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Emphasis of Matter(s)

(i) We draw attention towards note 9 of the annexed financial statements relating to deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 85.91 million, the management of the Company believes based on the continuing growth in revenue and profitability, it would be able to realize the deferred tax asset in coming years. However, uncertainty is attached with the realization of recognized deferred tax asset.

Our opinion is not qualified in respect of above matter.

(ii) We draw attention towards note 13.1 of the annexed financial statements relating to recoverability of custom duty refundable amounting to Rs. 20.998 million.

Our opinion is not qualified in respect of above matter.

### Reanda Haroon Zakaria Aamir Salman Rizwan & Company Chartered Accountants

Suite Nos. M1-M4 & 709-710, Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road, Karachi 75530, Pakistan. Tel: +92 (21) 3567 4741-44 Fax: +92 (21) 3567 4745 | Email: info@hzasrkhi.pk | www.hzasr.pk

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#### Key Audit Matter(s)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Following are the Key audit matter(s):

S. No.	Key audit matter(s)	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1)	Loan and advances and related party transactions  Refer to note 12 and Note 37 of financial statements, Advances of Rs. 168.06 million are significant portion of statement of financial position and require use of judgement in assessing provision and adequacy of related party transactions.	In response to this matter, our audit procedures include,  Reviewed the management process for identifying related parties and we examined transactions with such parties with sales, purchase records to assess whether such transactions are carried out at arm's length.  Obtain confirmations and performed subsequent receipts testing as applicable.  Evaluate management's estimate of provision considering market norms and best accounting practices.  Evaluate the list of identifies related parties;  Evaluate shareholders record to identify any such party with whom any purchase transaction is carried;  Obtain required representation on completeness of related parties names.  Evaluate credit terms  Assessed the adequacy of disclosures on related party transactions and provision in the financial statement.
2)	Refer to note 10 of annexed financial statements, where the value of stock in trade amounting to Rs. 288.1 million (2024: Rs. 57.948 million) net of provision for stock in trade. The value of stock in trade is based on purchase price using weighted average method. Therefore, it involves use of judgement in arriving at slow moving or impaired stock by the management, we consider it is Key Audit matter.	<ul> <li>In response to this matter, our audit procedures include,</li> <li>We have performed physical inventory count to evaluate the condition and presence of stock;</li> <li>We have performed NRV testing;</li> <li>We have examined inventory valuation in line with IAS - 2.</li> <li>We have evaluated the adequacy and presentation of disclosures in the financial statements.</li> </ul>



#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The Other Information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

 a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);



- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) No zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Farhan Ahmed Memon

Reanda Haroon Zakaria Aamir Salman Rizwan & Company

Chartered Accountants

UDIN: AR202510147auTDXWdMs

Place: Karachi

Dated: September 30, 2025

### CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

		2025	2024
<u>ASSETS</u>	Note	Rupees in	'000'
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	7	33,582	6,919
Long term investments	8	30	26
Deffered tax asset	9 _	85,911	39,609
Total non-current assets		119,523	46,554
Current assets			
Stock-in-trade	10	288,100	57,948
Trade debts	11	16,559	16,913
Loans and advances	12	168,064	184,363
Other receivables	13	21,334	21,334
Tax refund due from Government	14	-	-
Cash and bank balances	15	40,052	1,325
Total current assets	_	534,109	281,883
Total assets		653,632	328,437
Shareholders' equity Authorized share capital 100,000,000 (2024: 40,000,000) ordinary shares of R	ss. 10 each	1,000,000	400,000
	16	200 202	211 421
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	16	389,283	311,431
Reserves	17 _	142,628	
Total shareholders' equity		<b>#31.011</b>	(32,918)
		531,911	278,513
Current liabilities	_	,	278,513
Trade and other payables	18	63,121	278,513
Trade and other payables Advance from customers - unsecured	18	63,121 167	278,513 30,034 6,497
Trade and other payables Advance from customers - unsecured Sales tax payable- net		63,121 167 7,655	278,513 30,034 6,497 7,644
Trade and other payables Advance from customers - unsecured Sales tax payable- net Income tax Payable	14	63,121 167 7,655 46,842	278,513 30,034 6,497 7,644 1,813
Trade and other payables Advance from customers - unsecured Sales tax payable- net Income tax Payable Unclaimed dividend		63,121 167 7,655 46,842 3,936	30,034 6,497 7,644 1,813 3,936
Trade and other payables Advance from customers - unsecured Sales tax payable- net Income tax Payable Unclaimed dividend Total current liabilities	14 19	63,121 167 7,655 46,842	278,513 30,034 6,497 7,644 1,813
Trade and other payables Advance from customers - unsecured Sales tax payable- net Income tax Payable Unclaimed dividend	14	63,121 167 7,655 46,842 3,936	30,034 6,497 7,644 1,813 3,936

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

### CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Note	2025 Rupees in	2024 ' <b>000'</b>
Revenue - net	21	3,677,864	1,812,302
Cost of sales	22	(3,262,886)	(1,564,036)
Gross Profit		414,978	248,266
Selling and distribution expenses	23	(92,096)	(2,676)
Administrative expenses	24	(40,002)	(45,560)
Operating Profit	_	282,880	200,030
Other operating expenses	25	(21,882)	(15,928)
Other income	26	142	1,578
	-	261,140	185,680
Finance cost		(481)	(5)
Profit before taxation and levies	_	260,659	185,675
Levies	27	(45,994)	-
Profit before taxation	_	214,665	185,675
Taxation	28	38,733	6,651
Profit for the year	-	253,398	192,326
		Rupees	·
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	29	6.51	4.94

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

# CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	2025 2024 Rupees in '000'	
Profit for the year	253,398	192,326
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit or loss in subsequent periods	-	-
Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of profit or loss in subsequent periods	-	-
Total other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	253,398	192,326

Director

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

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### CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Issued, subscribed and paid-	Capital Reserve	Revenue reserve		Total	Total shareholders'
	up share capital	Share premium	General Reserve	Accumulated losses	reserves	equity
			Rupe	es in '000'		
Balance as at June 30, 2023	311,431	388,169	64,600	(678,013)	(225,244)	86,187
Profit for the year	-	-	-	192,326	192,326	192,326
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the	-	-	-	192,326	192,326	192,326
Balance as at June 30, 2024	311,431	388,169	64,600	(485,687)	(32,918)	278,513
<b>Transactions with owners</b> Bonus shares issued at the rate of 1 shares for every 4 shares held	77,852	-	-	(77,852)	(77,852)	-
Comprehensive income for the year				253,398	253,398	252 200
Profit for the year  Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	255,398	255,596	253,398
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	253,398	253,398	253,398
Balance as at June 30, 2025	389,283	388,169	64,600	(310,141)	142,628	531,911

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

### CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Note	2025 Rupees in '00	2024 <b>0'</b>
Cash generated from operations	30	77,033	981
Finance cost paid Taxation paid	14	(481) (8,533) (9,014)	(5) (966) (971)
Net cash generated from operating activities		68,019	10
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Addition in Property plant and Equipment Transfer to property and equipment Long term investments Net cash used in investing activities		(29,287) - (4) (29,291)	(324) (4) (328)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		38,728	(318)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	15	1,325	1,643
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	15	40,053	1,325

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

#### 1 LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

Clover Pakistan Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on September 30, 1986 as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Now: Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company is a subsidiary of Fossil Energy (Private) Limited (the 'Holding Company') which holds 46.24% (2023: 51.06%) shares of the Company. The registered office and geographical location of business units of the Company are as follows:

- 1 Banglow No.23-B, Lalazar, Off M.T. Khan Road, Karachi. (Head Office/Registered office).
- 2 Ground floor Qamar plaza, IJP road. Rawalpindi (Administrative office).
- 3 House no. AK-487, Sector 6-B B-186 Mehran town korangi Karachi (Warehouse).
- 4 COCO-1 Mouza Dhodha Khasra No.226-1/2, Tehsil Bhalwal, District Sargodha Between KM 34/35 from Sargodha on Lahore /Talibwala/Sargodha/Mianwali Road.
- 5 COCO-2 Khewat No.172, Khasra No.152, Killa No.14/1, at Mouza Gujrat on Gujrat to Ghazighat Road Tehsil Kot Addu Tehsil Kot Addu District Muzaffargarh.
- 6 COCO-3 Khewat No.14/11, Khatooni No.39, Khasra No.10/24, situated at Chak No.91/SB, in between KM 7 & 8 from Sargodha on Lahore-Sargodha-Mianwali Road, Tehsil and District Sargodha
- 7 COCO-4 Khewat No. 464/403, Khatooni No. 1359, Khasra No. 26/1, Squar No. 93, Situated at Mouza Jamke B/W Km No. 11-12, From Sheikhupura, Tehsil & District Sheikhupura
- 8 COCO-5 Khewat No. 271, 19, 23, Khatooni No. 847, 36 to 88, 95 to 121, Khasra No. 9/10, 10/4, at KM 24 on Lahore Jaranwala Road, Mouza Tarideywali, Tehsil Sharaqpur, district Sheikhupura
- 9 Warehouse 1, Near Parco Gate R-1 Pak arab refinery, Qasba Gujrat Mehmoodkot District Muzaffargarh.
- 10 Warehouse 2, Jhumra Road Gatti Near Parco Yousuf Road Faisalabad

The principal line of business of the company shall be to carry on the business of purchase or otherwise acquire, sale, store, transport, market, distribute, supply, sell, import, export, and otherwise dispose of and generally trade in any and all kinds of petroleum and petroleum products, oil, gas, hydrocarbons, petrochemicals, asphalt, bituminous substances and to undertake all such activities as are connected herewith.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND TRANSACTIONS

There is no significant transactions occurred during the period.

#### 3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 3.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for financial reporting comprise of:

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;

- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Wherever, the requirements of the Companies Act 2017 or directives issued by SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of Companies Act 2017 or directives issued by SECP then Companies Act 2017 or directives issued by SECP shall prevail.

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) have withdrawn the Technical Release 27 "IAS 12, Income Taxes (Revised 2012)" and issued guidance – "IAS 12 Application Guidance on Accounting for Minimum Taxes and Final Taxes". The said guidance requires taxes paid under final tax regime and minimum tax regime to be shown separately as a levy instead of showing it in current tax.

#### 3.2 Functional and Presentation Currency

income taxes.

These financial statements is presented in Pakistani Rupees which is also Company's functional currency. The figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand.

### 4 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

### 4.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan which are effective in current period

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2025. However, except as disclosed otherwise, these standards, interpretations and amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures:

### Effective for period beginning on or after

Amendments to	IAS	1	'Presentation	of	Financial	Statements':	January 1, 2023
Amendments reg	arding	the	disclosure of	acco	unting poli	cies.	

Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting
Estimates and Errors': Amendments regarding the definition of accounting estimates.

January 1, 2023

Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes': Amendments regarding deferred tax on leases and decommissioning obligations and amendments to provide a temporary exception to the requirements regarding deferred tax assets and liabilities related to pillar two

January 1, 2023

Certain amendments updating a reference to the Conceptual Framework and annual improvements have also been made to a number of standards, which have not been enumerated here for brevity.

#### 4.1.1 Amendments to standards and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective

The following amendments to accounting standards and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures:

The following amendments to accounting standards and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures:

Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Rates'	January 1, 2025
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments - Disclosures' and IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments': Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments.	January 1, 2026
Annual improvements to IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 (Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 7 (Statements of Cashflows)	January 1, 2026

Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and Effective from accounting period IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures': Sale or beginning on or after a date to be contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint determined. Earlier application is venture

permitted.

IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts

January 1, 2026

Certain amendments updating a reference to the Conceptual Framework and annual improvements have also been made to a number of standards, which have not been enumerated here for brevity.

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements
- IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures
- IFRIC 12 Service Concession Arrangement

#### USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates underlying the assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

#### 6.1 Property and equipment

#### 6.1.1 Owned

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any). Impairment losses if any are recorded on the basis as defined in note 6.1.2.

Depreciation is charged on straight line basis at the rates specified in the respective notes of these financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use and on disposals up to the month immediately preceding the month of disposal.

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Major renewals and improvements for assets are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to statement of profit or loss, as and when incurred.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Gains or losses on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are charged to statement of profit or loss.

#### 6.1.2 Assets held under Ijarah financing

Assets held under Ijarah financing are accounted for using the guidelines of Islamic Financial Accounting Standard-2 (IFAS-2), "Ijarah". The assets are not recognized on the Company's statement of financial position and payments made under Ijarah financing are recognized in the statement of profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the Ijarah.

#### 6.2 Long term deposits

These are stated at amortized cost which represents the fair value of consideration given.

#### 6.3 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade is valued at the lower of cost, determined on weighted average basis or net realizable value, except items in transit, which are stated at cost comprising invoice value and plus other charges incurred thereon.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to be incurred to make the sale.

Inventory write-down is made based on the current market conditions, historical experience and selling goods of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in market conditions. A review is made on each reporting date on inventories for excess inventories, obsolescence and declines in net realizable value and an allowance is recorded against the inventory balances for any such declines. Inventory write off is made when inventory is discarded without consideration and in case of loss of inventory.

#### 6.4 Financial Instruments - Initial Recognition and subsequent measurement

#### 6.4.1 Initial recognition

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. These are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost as the

#### 6.4.2 Classification of financial assets

#### The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories:

- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")
- at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"), or

#### - at amortized cost.

The Company determines the classifications of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of instruments (other than equity instruments) is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified date to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

#### 6.4.3 Classification of financial liabilities

#### The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories:

- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"); or
- at amortized cost

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instrument held for trading or derivatives) or the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

#### 6.4.4 Subsequent measurement

#### i) Financial assets at FVTOCI

Elected investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with gains or losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income/(loss).

#### ii) Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost, and in the case of financial assets, less any impairment.

#### iii) Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of profit or loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Where the management has opted to recognize a financial liability at FVTPL, any changes associated with the Company's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income/(loss). Currently, there are no financial liabilities designated at FVTPL.

#### 6.4.5 Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowance for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost and FVTOCI at an amount equal to life time ECLs except for the financial assets in which there is no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or financial assets which are determine to have low credit risk at the reporting date, in which case twelve months' ECL is recorded. The following were either determine to have low or there was no credit risk since initial recognition and at the reporting date:

- deposits;
- loans:
- short-term investments;
- other receivables; and
- bank balances;

Loss allowance for trade debts are always measured at an amount equal to life time ECLs.

Life time ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. Twelve months ECLs are portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within twelve months after the reporting date.

ECLs are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured at the present value of all cash short falls (i.e. the difference between cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and cash flows that the company expects to receive).

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in entirety or a portion thereof.

#### 6.4.6 Derecognition

#### i) Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire or when it transfer the financial assets and substantially all the associated risks and reward of ownership to another entity. On derecognition of financial assets measured at amortized cost, the difference between the assets carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable recognized in statement of profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve reclassified to statement of profit or loss. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Company has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to statement of profit or loss, but is transferred to statement of changes in equity.

#### ii) Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liabilities derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in statement of profit or loss.

#### 6.4.7 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are off set and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if the Company has a legal right to set-off the transactions and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 6.5 Investments

Investment in equity instruments are classified at fair value through profit or loss and is initially measured at fair value and subsequently is measured at fair value determined using the closing market value at each reporting date. Net gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 6.6 Trade debts and other receivables

These are measured at original invoice amount less an estimate made for allowance for expected credit loss based on the probability of default at reporting period. Bad debts are written off when identified. Impairment losses if any are recorded on the basis as defined in note 6.5.5.

#### 6.7 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services.

#### 6.8 Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognized for the earned consideration that is conditional.

#### 6.9 Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Company performs obligation under the contract.

#### 6.10 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and bank balances, short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and short term running finances under mark up arrangements (if any).

### 6.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

#### Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or Cash Generating Units (CGUs). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized. A reversal of impairment loss for a cash generating unit is allocated to the assets of the unit, except for goodwill, pro rata with the carrying amounts of those assets. The increase in the carrying amounts shall be treated as reversals of impairment losses for individual assets and recognized in profit or loss unless the asset is measured at revalued amount. Any reversal of impairment loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 6.12 Employees' benefits

#### Provident fund

The Company operates a defined contribution plan in the form of recognized provident fund scheme for the permanent employees. Contributions to fund are made monthly by the Company and employee at the of 10% of the basic salary. The Company's contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognized as an asset.

Current plan is suspended as number of staff is less than the minimum number required.

#### Compensated absences

The Company accounts for these benefits in the period in which the absences are earned.

#### Gratuity

The Company operates an unfunded defined benefit gratuity scheme. The scheme provides for a graduated scale of benefits dependent on the length of service of the employee on terminal date, subject to the completion of minimum qualifying period of service. Gratuity is based on employee's last drawn salary for each completed year of service and best estimates of the management.

Current plan is suspended as number of staff is less than the minimum number required.

#### 6.13 Taxation

#### 6.13.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or Minimum Tax on Turnover or Alternate Corporate Tax whichever is higher and tax paid on final tax regime basis.

Taxes paid under final tax regime and minimum tax regime to be shown separately as a levy instead of showing it in current tax. Company has opted for approach 2 in which company shows tax computed on taxable profit in current taxation and shows any excess amount in minumum tax differencial.

#### 6.13.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is provided in full using the statement of financial position method, on all temporary differences arising at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, while deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry forwards of unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income expected to be subject to final tax regime is adjusted in accordance with the requirement of Accounting Technical Release - 27 of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the statement of profit or loss.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized directly in the other comprehensive income is recognized in the other comprehensive income and not in statement of profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and they relate to the income tax levied by the same tax authority.

#### 6.14 Provisions

Provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

As the actual outflows can differ from estimates made for provisions due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to take account of such changes. Any adjustments to the amount of previously recognized provision is recognized in the statement of profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognized as part of cost of an asset.

#### 6.15 Warranties

Warranty claims for replacement are accounted for in the year in which claims are settled. The Company issues warranty on behalf of the manufacturers and re-route the claims to the respective manufacturer when the claim is received.

#### 6.16 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pakistani Rupee at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pakistani Rupee at the foreign exchange rates approximating those prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Exchange differences are taken to the statement of profit or loss on net basis within other income or other expense.

#### 6.17 Revenue from contract with customers

The Company is in the business of sale of goods and provision of services. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customer and thereby the performance obligations are satisfied, at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods net of discount, sales return and sales related direct expenses and indirect taxes.

The Company has concluded that based on the contractual arrangement for the revenue from sale of goods, performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time i.e. when the goods are dispatched to the customers and control is transferred.

Service revenue is recognized over the contractual period or as and when services are rendered to customers.

The Company provides installation services that are either sold separately or bundled together with the sale of equipment to a customer. The installation services are a promise to transfer services in the future and are part of the negotiated exchange between the Company and the customer.

#### Other income

- a) Gain or loss on sale of investments is taken to income in the period in which it arises.
- b) Profit / Interest on bank deposits income is recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.
- c) Dividend income is recognized on receipt / acknowledged basis.
- d) Scrap sales is taken to income in the period in which it sold out.

#### 6.18 Dividends and appropriation to reserve

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognized in the financial statement in the period in which these are approved. However, if these are approved after the reporting period but before the financial statements are authorized for issue, they are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### 6.19 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 6.20 Related party transactions

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes, as admissible, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to the approval of the board, it is in the interest of the Company to do so.

#### 6.21 Share capital

Ordinarily shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 6.22 Contingent liabilities

#### Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- a) a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity; or
- b) a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 6.23 Selling and distribution, administrative and operating expenses

These expenses are recognized in statement of profit or loss upon utilization of the services or as incurred except for specifically stated in the financial statements.

#### 6.24 Segment reporting

Segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Company's chief executive decision maker in order to assess each segment's performance and to allocate resources to them. The basis of segmentation and reportable segments presented in these financial statements are the same which are presented to the Board of Directors of the Company. Assets and liabilities are not segment wise reported to the Board of Directors. Refer note 35 for brief description of reportable segment.

2025 2024 -- Rupees in '000' --

#### 7 PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Operating assets

33,582 6,919 33,582 6,919

### 7.1 Operating assets

		CO	ST		Accumi	ulated Depre			
Description	Opening	Addition	Disposal	Closing	Opening	Charge for the year	Closing	Written down value	Rate %
			R	upees in '00	00'				
Leasehold improvements	12,800	-	-	12,800	7,205	1,076	8,281	4,519	10%
Machinery	2,870	-	-	2,870	2,498	372	2,870	-	20%
Furniture & fixtures	4,774	-	-	4,774	4,069	363	4,432	342	25%
Computers & equipments	14,276	-	-	14,276	14,276	-	14,276	-	25%
Vehicles	10,705	-	-	10,705	10,458	81	10,539	166	25%
Office equipments	11,980	-	-	11,980	11,980	-	11,980	-	25%
Warehouses	-	29,287	-	29,287	-	732	732	28,555	10%
Rupees 2025	57,405	29,287	-	86,692	50,486	2,624	53,110	33,582	
Rupees 2024	57,081	324	=	57,405	47,943	2,543	50,486	6,919	
7.2 Depreciation charge	for the year	has been				2025 Rupees	2024 in '000'		
allocated as follows:									
Cost of Sales Selling And Distri	_	nses				918 997	890 965		
Administrative exp	enses					709	687		

2025 2024 ---- Rupees in '000' ----

#### 8 LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

9

Mutual funds 30 26

8.1 Investments in mutual funds are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) and are measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) notified by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) at the reporting date. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

		2025	2024
9	DEFERRED TAX ASSET	Rupees in	'000'
	Relating to taxable / (deductible) temporary difference		
	Tax depreciation	(1,759)	(4,734)
	Alternate corporate tax	(31,565)	(31,565)
	Minimum tax	(48,066)	(2,093)
	Trade debts-provision for doubtful debts	(3,679)	(376)
	Provision for stock-in-trade	(842)	(841)
	Tax losses	(44,767)	(51,628)
	Deferred tax asset	(130,678)	(91,237)
	Deferred tax asset not recognized	44,767	51,628
		(85,911)	(39,609)

Deferred tax asset recognised aggregating to Rs 85.91 (2024: Rs. 39.609) million. The management of the Company believes based on the continuing growth in revenue and profitablity, it would be able to realise the deferred tax asset. However, on prudent basis, deferred tax on previous tax losses are not recognised and uncertainty is attached with the realization of recognized deferred tax asset.

10 STOCK-IN-TRADE	Note	2025 Rupees in	2024 ' <b>000'</b>
Stock-in-trade	10.3	261,026	48,362
Stock in transit		29,975	12,487
Provision for stock-in-trade	10.1	(2,901)	(2,901)
Stock-in-trade - net		288,100	57,948
10.1 Movement of provision for stock-in-trade			
Opening		2,901	1,842
Provision for the year	24		1,059
Closing	_	2,901	2,901

- 10.2 No provision has been recorded against slow-moving items during the year as management determined that such items remained usable. Subsequent to year end, a portion of these items was consumed in the Company's operations, confirming that no impairment provision was required.
- 10.3 This includes stock of raw material placed at holding company's Fossil Energy (Private) Limited, warehouse amounting to Rs. 172.76 (2024: Rs. Nil) Million.

			2025	2024
11	TRADE DEBTS	Note	Rupees in '000'	
	Considered good			
	- Trade debt		16,559	7,414
	Considered doubtful			
	- Trade debt		12,687	22,186
		_	29,246	29,600
	Considered doubtful	_		
	Allowance for expected credit loss - opening balance		(12,687)	(11,392)
	Charge for the year	11.2	-	(1,295)
	Allowance for expected credit loss - closing balance		(12,687)	(12,687)
	Trade debts - net	=	16,559	16,913
	11.1 Age analysis			
	Not more than 3 months		11,379	4,932
	More than 3 months but not more than 6 months		129	2,482
	More than 6 months but not more than 1 year		5,051	-
	More than 1 year		12,687	22,186
		_	29,246	29,600
		_		

11.2 Expected credit losses have not been charged for the year as the outstanding amounts, other than those already provided for, were either subsequently recovered after the year end or based on past practice will be received.

		2025	2024
12 LOANS AND ADVANCES	Note	Rupees in	'000'
Advances - unsecured			
Considered doubtful			
- Suppliers - Other parties	12.1	2,367	9,297
Writeoff	_		(5,815)
	_	2,367	3,482
Considered good			
- Suppliers - Related Party	12.2	20,420	180,881
- Suppliers - Others	_	145,277	
		168,064	184,363

- 12.1 These represents advances to suppliers that are adjustable and are non-refundable in accordance with the contract with suppliers.
- 12.2 The maximum amount outstanding from Fossil Energy (Private) Limited at any time during the year calculated with reference to month end balances is Rs. 404.31 (2024: Rs. 190 million).

		2025	2024
13 OTHER RECEIVABLES	Note	Rupees	in '000'
Duty refundable due from government	13.1	20,998	20,998
Others	_	336	336
		21,334	21,334

13.1 In the year 2009, the Federal Government issued SRO 787(1)/2008 dated July 26, 2008 under Section 19 of Customs Act, 1969 (the Act) whereby, the customs duty on import of crystalline sugar was brought down to zero, as against 25% given in First Schedule to the Act. The Company had imported crystalline sugar from July 26, 2008 to October 15, 2008 and paid custom duty of Rs. 17.012 million and Rs. 3.986 million without availing the benefit of subject SRO. Thereafter, the refund claims were filed by the Company with the Custom Authorities and recognized the same in books of account during the year ended June 30, 2009 The refund claims were rejected by the Additional Collectorate on the ground that the incidence of duty and taxes has been passed on to the end consumers by incorporating it in the cost of the product.

Being aggrieved with decision of Additional Collectorate, the Company had filed appeals before the Collector of Customs as well as before the Appellate Tribunal in the year ended June 30, 2010 and 2011 respectively, which were also rejected on the same grounds. The Company later filed references in the Honorable High Court of Sindh (SHC) against the judgments of the Appellate Tribunal. Regarding the reference of Rs.17.012 million, the SHC vide its order dated May 28, 2015 had allowed the reference application and remanded the case to the Customs Appellate Tribunal for decision afresh on the basis of the evidence produced before the Tribunal to establish that the burden of tax under Section 19-A of the Act has not been passed on to the end consumer. The Customs Appellate Tribunal vide its order dated June 17, 2016 has decided the case in favor of the Company and has directed the tax department to refund the claim to the Company. The Custom Authorities have subsequently filed an appeal in the SHC which is pending.

On the other hand, the Divisional Bench of the SHC dismissed the reference for Rs. 3.986 million in 2012. The Company filed appeal against the decision of the SHC before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) on the grounds that none of the forums above, including the SHC, had examined the evidence produced to establish that the burden of duty and taxes has not been passed on to the end consumer. The SCP in order to examine this question granted leave in the petition.

The said matter was last heard on May 27, 2022 which has been referred to the next date of hearing after the year end that is expected to be the final hearing for decision.

The management based on the view of its legal counsel is confident that the issue raised by the Customs Authorities is without any basis and the ultimate decision of refund will be in favor of the Company. Accordingly, the Company has maintained the already recognized refund claims of Rs. 20.998 million and is of the view that no provision for impairment loss is required to be made.

		2025 Rupees in	2024 ' <b>000'</b>
14	TAX REFUND DUE FROM GOVERNMENT/ (PROVISION FOR TAXATION)	•	
	Opening balance	(1,813)	35,373
	Tax paid or deducted at source	8,533	966
	•	6,720	36,339
	Levies	(45,994)	_
	Provision for taxation	(7,568)	(32,958)
	Write-off	<del>-</del>	(5,194)
		(46,842)	(1,813)
15	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash in hand		
	- at head office	54	98
	- at sites	11,900	_
		11,954	98
	Cash at banks:	,	
	- Current accounts		
	- conventional	27,539	639
	- Islamic	75	583
		27,614	1,222

#### - Saving accounts

- conventional
- Islamic

15.1	483	2
15.2	1	3
	484	5
	40,052	1,325

- 15.1 This carries mark-up ranging from 11.5% to 19.5% (2024: 19% to 21%) per annum.
- 15.2 This carries mark-up ranging from 7.5% to 8% (2024: 7.5% to 9%) per annum.

#### 16 SHARE CAPITAL

#### 16.1 Authorized Share Capital

#### Number of Shares

2025	2024		2025	2024
Number in '000'		Rupees	in '000'	
100,000	40,000	Ordinary Shares of Rs.10 each	1,000,000	400,000

16.1.1 The Company increased its authorized share capital from Rs. 400 million to Rs. 1 billion on January 8, 2025.

#### 16.2 Issued Subscribed and paid-up Capital

2025	2024		2025	2024
Number '000'	•	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each:	Rupees i	n '000'
3,900	3,900	- fully paid for consideration paid in cash	39,000	39,000
19,548	11,763	- issued as bonus shares	195,487	117,635
15,480	15,480	- issued as fully paid for consideration other than cash against share under scheme of amalgamation	154,796	154,796
38,928	31,143	- -	389,283	311,431

16.2.1 Fossil Energy (Private) Limited (related party) holds 9,251,401 (2024: 14,401,121) shares of the Company.

### 16.2.2 Reconciliation of number of outstanding shares

2025	2024			2025	2024
Number in '000'			Note	Rupees in	ı '000'
31,143	31,143	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each			
		At the beginning of the year		311,431	311431
7,785	-	Issued during the year			
		as fully paid bonus shares		77,852	
38,928	31,143	At the end of the year		389,283	311,431

#### 17 RESERVES

#### Capital Reserve

- Share premium	388,169	388,169
Revenue Reserve		
- General Reserve	64,600	64,600
- Accumulated Profit / (losses)	(310,141)	(485,687)
	142,628	(32,918)

#### 18 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade creditors		32,052	4,489
Accrued liabilities		1,456	5,111
Payable to provident fund		2,619	2,536
Workers profit participation fund	18.1	13,999	10,076
Workers welfare fund	18.2	9,199	3,879
Other liabilities		3,796	3,943
	_	63,121	30,034
	_	2025	2024
		_	

---- Rupees in '000' ----

#### 18.1 Workers' Profit Participation Fund Payable

Opening balance	10,076	-
Provision made during the year	13,999	10,076
Add: interest for the year	<u> </u>	-
	24,075	10,076
Payment made during the year	10,076	-
Closing balance	34,151	10,076

#### 18.2 Workers' Welfare Fund Payable

Opening balance	3,879	-
Provision made during the year	5,320	3,879
	9,199	3,879
Payment made during the year		-
Closing balance	9,199	3,879

#### 19 UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND

During the year, the notice has been issued in compliance with the section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017. However no response has been received to date. Company is also unable to deposit such amount in government treasury as account details are not provided.

#### 20 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 20.1 Contingencies

**20.1.1** Suit for recovery of Rs. 40.243 million instituted by Trust Investment Bank limited (the Bank) stood dismissed by the banking court.

A set off claim to the tune of Rs. 3.543 million claimed by the Company as being excess amount recovered by the Bank stood decreed in favor of the Company and against the Bank and the Bank has been ordered to pay the said set off amount passing decree in favor of the Company.

That thereafter the Bank has assailed the said judgement dated November 30, 2021 before the Honourable Lahore High Court by preferring the regular first appeal preferring wherein the division bench of Honourable Lahore High Court have ordered to the bank for furnishing the bank guarantee equal to the setoff decretal amount before the Registrar Judicial of Honourable Lahore High Court for suspension of the judgement passed by the Honorable Banking Court no I, Lahore.

That now the said regular first appeal preferred by the bank is pending adjudication before the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore and administrative office of Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore have been directed to fix the case for hearing.

#### 20.2 Commitments

There are no commitments at the year end (2024: Nil).

- 0	K 1112 1211K 21.022 0 01.12 30, 2023	Note	2025 Rupees in '	2024
21	REVENUE - NET	roie	Rupees in	000
	Revenue from			
	- Sale of goods		3,802,082	1,814,636
	- Services	_	1,139	
	Revenue - gross		3,803,221	1,814,636
	Less:	_	(44.400)	(050)
	- Sales tax		(114,102)	(970)
	- Sales discount	L	(11,255)	(1,364)
		_	(125,357) 3,677,864	(2,334) 1,812,302
		=	3,077,804	1,612,302
22	COST OF SALES			
	Cost of sales	22.1	3,092,067	1,434,541
	Cost of services	22.2	993	890
	Salaries, wages, allowances and other benefits		10,650	-
	Transportation charges	_	159,176	128,605
		=	3,262,886	1,564,036
	22.1 Cost of sales			
	Opening stock		45,461	77,761
	Add: Purchases		3,304,731	1,402,241
	Less: Closing stock	_	(258,125)	(45,461)
		_	3,092,067	1,434,541
	22.2 Cost of services			
	Consumption of repair material		75	_
	Depreciation	7.2	918	890
	•	=	993	890
23	SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
	Depreciation	7.2	997	966
	Advertisement		894	962
	Commission Expense		89,879	-
	Miscellaneous	_	326	748
		=	92,096	2,676

		2025	2024
1	Vote	Rupees in	ı '000'
24 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	24.1	ć #10	2 420
, 6 ,	24.1	6,519	2,430
Travelling		373	377
Directors' remuneration		3,850	3,750
Office expenses		1,627	869
Bad debt expense		-	1,295
Communication		545	401
Rent, rates and taxes		14,400	14,400
Legal and professional charges		9,890	4,525
Insurance		-	192
Repairs and maintenance		8	22
Depreciation	7.2	709	687
License Fee & Other Charges		260	100
Advance written off		-	13,489
Provision for stock-in-trade		-	1,059
Miscellaneous	_	1,821	1,964
	_	40,002	45,560

24.1 The total amount recognized during the year in respect of provident fund expense amounting to Rs. 41,320 (2024: Nil)

			2025	2024
25	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	Note	Rupees in '000'	
23	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Auditor's remuneration	25.1	2,063	1,893
	Fines and Penalties		500	80
	Workers profit participation fund		13,999	10,076
	Worker Welfare fund	_	5,320	3,879
		_	21,882	15,928
	25.1 Auditor's remuneration	_		
	Annual audit		1,269	1,153
	Half yearly review		594	540
	Review of code of corporate governance		195	195
	Out of pocket		5	5
		=	2,063	1,893
26	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Mark up on PLS Account		138	6
	Income from non-financial assets			
	Recovery from sale of scrap		-	1,567
	Dividend income	26.1	4	5
		_	142	1,578

26.1 This represents dividend income earned from mutual funds which are stated at fair value through Profit and loss and having NAV of Rs.50 per unit (2024: Rs. 50 per unit).

	2025	2024
	Rupees in	'000'
26.2 Recovery from sale of scrap		
Gross income	_	1,911
Less: Sales	-	344
		1,567
27 LEVIES		
Final tax levy	21	-
Minimum tax levy	45,973	
	45,994	

27.1 This represents portion of minimum tax and final tax paid of Income Tax Ordinance (ITO, 2001), representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC 21/IAS 37. Company has selected approach 2 of ICAP circular of (IAS 12 Application Guidance on Accounting for Minimum Taxes and Final Taxes) for the accounting treatment of minimum and final tax levy.

		Note	2025 Rupees in	2024 ' <b>000'</b>
28	TAXATION			
	Current		-	31,565
	Prior		43	(464)
	Super Tax		7,525	1,857
	Deferred	9	(46,301)	(39,609)
		=	(38,733)	(6,651)

**28.1** The relationship between tax expense and accounting profit has not been presented in these financial statements as the current year's income of the Company falls under minimum tax regime as per Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

2025 2024 ---- Rupees in '000' ----

### 28.2 Relationship between income tax expense and accounting profit

260,659	185,675
75,591	53,846
45,994	-
7,525	1,857
43	(464)
(2.844)	1,275
(46,301)	(39,609)
-	8,009
(72,747)	(31,565)
7,261	(6,651)
	75,591 45,994 7,525 43 (2,844) (46,301)

	2025	2024
28.3 Reconciliation between current tax expense as per tax authorities and tax expense recongnized	Rupees in '	000'
Current tax liability for the year as per applicable tax laws Portion of current tax liability as per tax laws,	53,519	(6,651)
representing income tax under IAS 12	(7,525)	6,651
Portion of current tax computed as per tax laws, representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC		
21/IAS 37	(45,994)	

28.4 The aggregate of levies and income tax, amounting to Rs 53.52 million represents tax liability of the Company calculated under the relevant provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

29 EARNING / (LOSS) PER SHARE - Basic and Diluted	2025 Rupees in	2024 ' <b>000'</b> -	
Basic profit / (loss) per share	252 200	102.226	
Profit for the year	253,398	192,326	
Number of shares	Numbers in "000"		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding as at year end	38,928	38,928	
	Rupees		
Basic profit / (loss) per share	6.51	4.94	

- 29.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share of the Company as at June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024.
- 29.2 Consequent to the issue of bonus shares, the EPS for the prior periods has been restated.

30 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2025 Rupees in	2024
30 CASH FLOWS FROM OFERATING ACTIVITIES	Kupees in	000
Profit before taxation and levies	260,659	185,675
Adjustment for non-cash and other items:		
Depreciation	2,624	2,543
Write off tax refund	-	5,193
Finance cost	481	5
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	1,295
Write off other assets	-	8,296
	3,105	17,332
Operating profit before working capital changes	263,764	203,007
Working capital changes		
(Increase)/ decrease to current assets		
Long-term deposits	-	324
Stock-in-trade	(230,152)	(34,931)
Trade debts	354	(2,265)
Loans and advances	16,299	(184,556)
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	-	7,584
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		
Advance from customers - unsecured	(6,330)	4,362
Sales tax payable	11	(2,071)
Trade and other payables	33,087	9,527
Cash generated from operations	77,033	981

		Liabilities	
		Unclaimed Dividend	
31 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT O	F LIABILITIES TO	2025	2024
CASH FLOWS ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Rupees in '000'		
Balance as at July 01		3,936	3,936
Payment of unclaimed dividend		-	-
Balance as at June 30		3,936	3,936

#### 32 REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

		2025			2024	
	Chief Executive Officer	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive Officer	Director	Executives
			Rupees in	ı '000'		
Managerial remuneration	1,200	-	-	100	_	-
Provident fund	-	-	-	-	-	_
Directors' fee		3,850			3,750	
	1,200	3,850		100	3,750	
Number of Persons	1	7		1	7	

**<sup>32.1</sup>** In addition to the above, Company maintained cars are provided to the chief executive officer, directors and executives.

#### 33 OPERATING SEGMENTS

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of single reporting segment consistent with the information reviewed by chief operating decision maker.

The company is domiciled in Pakistan. All of the company's assets are located in Pakistan as at reporting date.

33.1 The major customer of the Company which constituted 5 percent or more of the Company's revenue is mentioned below.

	2025	2024	
	Rupees in '000'		
Name of Customer			
Well Petroleum	766,764	-	
Al-Rafay Filing Station	279,506	4,176	
Al-Madina Filling Station	124,834	206,752	
	1,171,104	210,928	

#### 34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Overall, risks arising from the Company's financial assets and liabilities are limited. The Company manages its exposure to financial risk in following manner:

#### 34.1 Market risk

Market risk refers to fluctuation in value of financial instruments as a result of changes in market prices. The Company manages market risk as follows:

#### 34.1.1 Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk represents the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies.

#### Exposure to Foreign currency risk

The Company is not exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency value fluctuations as at reporting date.

#### 34.1.2 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest or currency rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specified to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. At June 30, 2025, if interest rates on long term financing had been 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, pre tax profit for the year would have been Rs. Nil (2024: Rs. Nil ) higher / lower.

#### 34.1.3 Interest / Mark-up rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has no long term or short term finance.

		2025				
		Mark	Mark-up / profit bearing			
		Less than	One year to	Over five	up / profit	Total
		one year	Five years	years	bearing	
Financial assets	Note		Ru	pees in '000	'	
At amortized cost						
Trade debts	11	-	-	-	16,559	16,559
Other receivables	13	-	-	-	21,334	21,334
Cash and bank balances	15	-	-	-	40,052	40,052
		_	_	-	77,945	77,945
Financial liabilities						
At amortized cost						
Trade and other payables	18	-	-	_	63,121	63,121
Unclaimed dividend		-	-	-	3,936	3,936
		_	-	-	67,057	67,057
On statement of financial position gap		_	-	-	10,888	10,888
Off statement of financial position gap						
Commitments	20.2	_	_	_	_	_
		-		2024		
		Mark	-up / profit bed	aring	Non mark-	
		Less than	One year to	Over five	up / profit	Total
		one year	Five years	years	bearing	
Financial assets	Note		Rı	ipees in '000	<i>'</i>	
At amortized cost						
Trade debts	11	_	_	_	16,913	16,913
Other receivables	13	_	_	_	21,334	21,334
Cash and bank balances	15	-	-	_	1,325	1,325
			-	-	39,572	39,572
Financial liabilities						
At amortized cost						
Trade and other payables	18	-	-	-	30,034	25,890
Unclaimed dividend		_	-	-	3,936	3,936
			-		33,970	29,826
On statement of financial position gap			-	_	5,602	9,746
Off statement of financial position gap						
Commitments	20.2		_	_	_	_

(a) On statement of financial position gap represents the net amounts of statement of financial position items.

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the statement of financial position date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

At June 30, 2025, if interest rates on long term financing had been 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, there will be no change in the profit for the year.

#### 34.1.4 Equity risk

It is the risk that the listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk, arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities.

#### 34.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter-parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The Company does not have significant exposure to any individual counter-party. To reduce exposure to credit risk the Company has developed a formal approval process whereby credit limits are applied to its customers. The management also regularly monitors the credit exposure towards the customers and makes allowance for ECLs against those balances considered doubtful of recovery. To mitigate the risk, the Company has a system of assigning credit limits to its customers based on evaluation based on customer profile and payment history. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

#### The Company's gross maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

		2025	2024
	Note	Rupees in	'000'
Financial assets			
Trade debts	11	16,559	16,913
Other receivables	13	21,334	21,334
Bank balances	15	28,098	1,227
	_	65,991	39,474

#### Trade debts

The Company's exposure to credit risk arising from trade debtors is mainly influenced by the individual characteristics of each customer. The majority of the customers have been transacting with the company for several years. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss. The ageing is disclosed in note 11.1.

In respect of trade debts, the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade debts consists of a large number of customers. Based on historical information about customer default rates management consider the credit quality of trade debts that are not past due and impaired to be good. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss.

#### Bank balances

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by investing in liquid securities and maintaining bank accounts only with counter-parties that have stable credit rating. Given these high credit ratings, management does not expect that any counter party will fail to meet their obligations.

The bank balances along with the credit	Rating	Short-term	2025	2024
ratings are tabulated below:	Company	Ratings	Rupees	in '000'
Allied Bank Limited	<b>PACRA</b>	A1+	18,026	2
Bank Al Habib Limited	<b>PACRA</b>	A1+	-	-
Bank Al Falah Limited	<b>PACRA</b>	A1+	4	4
Bank Islamic Pakistan Limited - Islami	<b>PACRA</b>	<b>A1</b>	47	49
Habib Bank Limited	VIS	A1+	9,952	2
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	<b>PACRA</b>	A1+	267	267
MCB Bank Limited	<b>PACRA</b>	A1+	2,702	6
Meezan Bank Limited	VIS	A1+	29	536
National Bank of Pakistan	<b>PACRA</b>	A1+	14	14
Bank Al Makramah (formerly Summit	N/T/C	DDD	245	2.45
Bank Limited)	VIS	BBB-	345	345
Askari Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	1	1
			31,387	1,226

#### 34.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk reflects the Company's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding to an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions due to the dynamic nature of the business. The Company's gross maximum exposure to liquidity risk at reporting date is as follows:

	2025	2024
Financial liabilities	Rupees	in '000'
Trade and other payables	63,121	30,034
Unclaimed dividend	3,936	3,936
	67,057	33,970

#### 34.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair value estimates.

The Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the:

- a) Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- b) Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- c) Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the transfer has occurred.

The Company's policy for determining when transfers between levels in the hierarchy have occurred includes monitoring of the following factors:

- changes in market and trading activity (e.g., significant increases / decreases in activity)
- changes in inputs used in valuation techniques (e.g. inputs becoming / ceasing to be observable in the market)

There were no transfers between level 1, 2 or 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the year.

The valuation techniques used are as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on market value of shares at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active when it is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The Company has no financial assets fall under the fair value hierarchy measured at fair value at June 30, 2025.

		2025	2024
34.5 Financial instruments by category	Note	Rupees in	'000'
Financial assets			
At amortized cost			
Trade debts - unsecured	11	16,559	16,913
Other receivables	13	21,334	21,334
Cash and bank balances	15	40,052	1,325
Total financial assets	=	77,945	39,572
Financial liabilities			
At amortized cost			
Trade and other	18	39,923	16,079
Unclaimed dividend		3,936	3,936
Total financial liabilities	_	43,859	20,015

#### 35 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The objective of the Company when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to the shareholders or issue shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company's capital includes share capital and reserves. As at reporting date the capital of the Company is as follows:

		2025	2024	
	Note	Rupees in	'000'	
Share capital	16	389,283	311,431	
Reserves	17	142,628	(32,918)	
	_	531,911	278,513	

35.1 The Company manages its capital risk by monitoring its debt level and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectations of the shareholders. The gearing ratio as at June 30, 2025 is Nil (2024: Nil).

#### 36 DISCLOSURES FOR ALL SHARES ISLAMIC INDEX

Following information has been disclosed as required under paragraph 10 of Part 1 of the Fourth to Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 relating to "All Shares Islamic Index".

Description	Explanation
As at June 30, 2025	
1) Bank balances - Independent parties	On bank deposits-disclosed in note 15
For the year ended June 30, 2025	
2) Income on bank deposits	On bank deposits-disclosed in note 26

Disclosures other than above are not applicable to the Company

#### 37 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise associated undertakings, directors of the Company and key management personnel. The Company continues to have a policy whereby all transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms and conditions.

Details of transactions with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

#### Key management personnel (KMP) as at 30 June 2025

Name	Direct shareholding %
Mr. Shahzad Mohsin	Nil
Mr. David Cyril Paul	Nil
Mr. Nausherwan Butt	Nil
Ms. Koshak Irum Fazali	Nil
Mr. Javaid Iqbal	0.0036%
Ms. Shaista Khan	Nil
Mr. Owais Ali Khan	Nil
Mr. Amir Ozari	0.0032%
Salim Chamdia	Nil

Transactions for the year:	Percentage	2025	2024
Transactions for the year.	of holding	Rupees in '000'	
Holding Company - Fossil Energy (Private) Limited	23.76%		
- Sale of goods	_	22,553	_
- Purchase of goods	_	2,702,224	1,429,981
- Shared Expenses	_	14,400	14,400
- Payments made on behalf of CPL	_	157,146	145,504
- Receipt on behalf of CPL	_	2,690,753	1,770,768
Balances:			
Holding Company - Fossil Energy (Private) Limited	23.76%		
- Advance to supplier		20,420	180,881

#### 38 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS

Subsequent to the reporting date, the Board of Directors of the Company has approved the acquisition of all Company Owned Company Operated (COCO) filling stations from Fossil Energy (Private) Limited. Since the decision was made after the reporting period, this has been classified as a non-adjusting event in accordance with IAS 10 Events after the Reporting Period.

Other than the above, there are no significant subsequent events to report that would require disclosure or adjustment in these financial statements.

	2025	2024
	Num	ibers
39 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		
Number of employees as at the year end	44	3
Average number of employees during the year	26	4

#### 40 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Previous year figures have been rearranged and/or reclassified, wherever necessary, for better presentation. However, there is no significant reclassification has been made.

#### 41 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 30-Sep-2025 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### 42 GENERAL

Figures in these financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousands of rupees.

Chief Executive Officer Director Chief Financial Officer

### CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

NO. OF SHARESHOLDINGS NO OF **SHAREHOLDERS FROM** TO **Total Shares** 978 100 21,676 101 500 685 200,794 495 501 1,000 389,837 997 1,001 5,000 2,417,669 247 5,001 10,000 1,860,711 81 10,001 15,000 985,181 37 15,001 20,000 638,685 24 20,001 25,000 553,772 15 25,001 30,000 409,119 11 30,001 35,000 352,831 8 35,001 40,000 301,481 6 40,001 45,000 261,626 8 397,340 45,001 50,000 6 50,001 55,000 311,512 3 55,001 60,000 175,111 3 60,001 65,000 189,328 4 65,001 70,000 272,890 1 70,001 75,000 71,250 2 75,001 80,000 156,625 2 80,001 85,000 162,473 2 85,001 90,000 175,578 1 91,780 90,001 95,000 2 100,001 105,000 203,734 1 110,001 115,000 111,015 4 120,001 125,000 492,500 2 130,001 135,000 266,024 1 140,001 145,000 142,187 2 145,001 150,000 294,156 1 155,001 160,000 155,087 1 173,578 170,001 175,000 1 180,001 185,000 184,062 4 195,001 200,000 797,837 1 200,001 205,000 204,375 1 230,001 235,000 230,002 1 265,001 270,000 267,051 1 295,001 300,000 300,000 468,750 1 465,001 470,000 2 495,001 500,000 997,500 1 550,001 555,000 551,250 2 750,000 745,001 1,500,000 1 810,001 815,000 812,531 1 875,001 880,000 875,062 1 935,001 940,000 938,437 1 3,745,001 3,750,000 3,750,000 1 5,500,001 5,505,000 5,501,401 1 9,315,001 9,320,000 9,315,016 3,651 38,928,824

### CLOVER PAKISTAN LIMITED CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDING

**AS AT JUNE 30, 2025** 

SNO.	Shareholders Category	No. of	No. of Shares	Percentage
	D' GI'GE ' OCC 141'	Shareholder	1 22 5	0.00
1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their	1	1,225	0.00
	spouse and minor children (to be confirm by			
2	Associated Companies, Undertakings and related	2	9,251,401	23.76
	Parties (to be confirm by Company)			
3	NIT and ICP			
4	Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non	1	9,315,016	23.93
	Banking Financial Institutions			
5	Insurance Companies	1	25,000	0.06
6	Modarabas and Mutual Funds			
7	Share holders holding 10%	2	14,816,417	38.06
8	General Public:			
	a. local	3,623	18,908,956	48.57
	b .Foreign	-	-	-
9	Others	23	1,427,226	3.67
	Total (excluding: share holders holding 10%)	3,651	38,928,824	100.00



#### FORM OF PROXY

### THIRTY-EIGHTH (39th) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING 2025

The Company Secretary Clover Pakistan Limited Banglow No. 23-B, Lalazar, Off M. T. Khan Road, Karachi.

I/We	
of	
being member(s) of CLOVER	PAKISTAN LIMITED and holder of
ordinary shares as per Share Reg	gister Folio Noand / or CDC
Participant I. D. No. and Sub Acco	ount / IAS Account No
hereby appoint	
of	or failing him / her
of as my and vote for me / us and on my Annual General Meeting of the Cor October 28, 2025 , and at any adjo	y / our proxy in my / our absence to attend r / our behalf at the Thirty - Nineth (39th) mpany to be held on Tuesday, ournment thereof.
As witness my / our hands / seal t	his day of2025.
	Signature Affix Five Rupees Revenue Stamp (Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company)
Witness 1	Witness 2
Signature	Signature
Name	Name
Address	Address
CNIC or Passport No	CNIC or Passport No
Company at Banglow No. 23-B, Lalazar, Cobefore the time of holding the Meeting.  Members are requested: (a) To affix Revenue Stamp of Rs. 5/- at the Company.  For CDC account holder(s) / corporate ent In addition to the above the following requipation of the proxy form shall be witnessed by two promotes shall be stated on the form; in attested copies of CNIC or the passport of with the proxy form; iii) the proxy shall produce his / her original CI iv) corporate entities should produce a cert	the same style of signature as is registered with the ities if the same to be met: bersons whose names, addresses and CNIC / passport the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished NIC or original passport at the time of the meeting; and the time of the resolution pertinent of its board of the bearing signature of the nominee at the time of the

### پراکسی فارم انتالیسوال (39) سالانداجلاسِ عام

انتاليسوال (39) سالانهاجلاس عام	
محترم جناب مميني سكيرينري صاحب	
كلوور پاكستان كميئثر	
يگله قمبر B-23 ، لالا زار ،	
آف ایم - ئی - خان روڈ ، کراچی -	
میں رہم کلوور یا کستان کمیٹیڈ کے ممبر رممبران رجشہ ڈیو ٹیسررشر کا	
ک آئی ڈی ری ڈی می ذیلی اکاؤنٹ نمبر کےمطابق عمومی شیز ز ہولڈر ہیں جو کہ بذریعہ ہذا جناب	
کِتقر رربھرتی کرتے ہیں ۔ رجسٹر ڈفولیونمبررشر کا کی آئی ڈی رسی ڈی سی دیلی	
ا كاؤنث نمبر ياس كراس كي شركت بذكرني كي صورت بيس جناب	
کوبطور مختار کار بروز (منگل) 128 کتوبر 2025 کوکلوور پاکستان کمیٹڈ کا انتالیسواں (39) سالانداجلاسِ عام اوراس کے کسی التوا تک میری ر	
ہماری جانب رمعرفت ہے ووٹ دینے اورا جلاسِ عام میں شرکت کرنے کااختیار دیتا ہوں۔	
بطور گوائن میں رہارے دشخط رمبر مور خہ، 2025 کو دشخط کر دیئے۔ 	
پانچ کرو پے والے	
ربوینواسٹیمپ دستخط قابل قبول ہو نگے	
پردسخفا کریں	
گواه نمبرا: گواه نمبرا:	
17.819	
ى اين آئى ى ايا سپورٹ نمبر: سى اين آئى سى اين آئى كى ايا سپورٹ نمبر:	
نوشى:	
ا۔ براکسی فارم میٹنگ ہے دودن قبل یعنی 48 گھنٹے پہلے تکمل کوالنت اور دستخط کے ساتھ بٹگلہ نمبر A-23، لالا زار، آف ایم۔ ٹی۔ خان روڈ،	
کرا چی- میں جمع ہو نگے۔	
۲ ممبران کوضروری بدایات	
(الف) ندکورہ بالا خانہ برائے ریو بنیواسٹیمپ میں رسیدی کھٹ اگا ناضروری ہے۔	
(ب) رسیدی تکٹ پر کمپنی میں رجشر ؤ وستنظ کرنے ہو تگئے۔	
برائے ی ڈی می ا کانٹ ہولڈرر کارپوریٹ ادارے۔	
مزید برآ ں مند رجہ ذیل ضروری ہدایات بڑھل کیا جائے۔	
(الف) پرائسی فارم پردوگوا ہان بمع ان کا نام، پییاورقو می شناختی کارڈنمبر ظاہر کرنا ضروری ہے۔	
(ب) تقید بین شده قومی شناختی کار ڈ کی کاپی فارم کے ساتھ منسلک کریں۔	
(پ) میننگ کے وقت اصل قومی شاختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ لاناضروری ہے۔	
(ت) کارپوریٹ اداروں کے بورڈآف ڈائز بکٹرز پرلازم ہے کہ میٹنگ کے وقت دستخطاشدہ آئین یا پاورآف اٹارنی مقرکرد ڈخض کوویں۔اگرمقرر	
كرد وفخف كو پيلے فرا جم بين كيا هميا ہو۔	