# ANNUAL REPORT 2 0 2 5

## D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED

(FORMERLY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED)

### Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi

Ph: (051) 5181977, 5181978 E-mail: dmtm@dmtextile.com.pk Website: www.dmtextile.com.pk





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### 68<sup>th</sup> ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>th</sup> JUNE 2025

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#### **COMPANY'S INFORMATION**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

CHAIRMAN: Mian Habib Ullah

CHIEF EXECUTIVE: Mr. Sami Ullah

DIRECTORS: Mr. Amer Zeb Mr. Abrar Alam

Mr. Syed Hameed-ul-Haq Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan

Mr. Rao Khalid Pervaiz

**AUDIT COMMITTEE** 

CHAIRMAN: Mr. Amer Zeb MEMBER: Mr. Abrar Alam

Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan

**HUMAN RESOURCE &** 

**REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:** 

Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan CHAIRMAN: MEMBERS: Mr. Syed Hameed-ul-Haq

Mr. Sami Ullah

**ACTING COMPANY SECRETARY &** 

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Rao Khalid Pervaiz

**BANKERS:** Faysal Bank Limited

> Meezan Bank Ltd. Habib Metropolitan Bank

MCB Bank Limited

**AUDITORS:** M/s Mushtaq & Co

**Chartered Accountants** 

19-B, Block-G, Gulberg III, Lahore

Tel: (042) 35858624-6

Malik Sheheryar Qamar Afzal **LEGAL ADVISER:** 

Afzal & Afzal

208-B, Tufail Road, Opp. Fatima Jinnah University,

Katchery Chowk, Rawalpindi.

REGISTRAR: Corplink (Pvt) Ltd.

Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial,

Model Town, Lahore.

Phone: 042-35916714, 35916719

REGISTERED Industrial Area Westridge, Rawalpindi

Telephone: 051-5181977-78 OFFICE E-mail:dmtm@dmtextile.com.pk & MILLS AT:

E-mail:dmtextilemills@yahoo.com Website: www.dmtextile.com.pk

#### **VISION STATEMENT**

We envision ourselves as a leading company known for its values, good business practices and optimum quality standards in diversified products & services with sustained growth.

#### **MISSION STATEMENT**

To provide quality products and services to our customers and to explore new era to achieve the highest level of success.

Chief Executive

Director

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Rawalpindi Dated: October 03, 2025

#### **CODE OF CONDUCT**

## FOR THE COMPANY'S DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

D. M. Corporation Limited (formerly D.M. Textile Mills Ltd) has laid down the following Code of Conduct, for directors, senior management and employees of the Company. All of them are required to follow these principles in their daily work and observe in the conduct of Company's business in order to protect and safeguard the assets, interests, reputation and integrity of the company at all levels. The Company will ensure that all concerned are fully aware of these standards and principles. However, Directors, senior management and employees are also required to have necessary understanding about the Code and their duties and responsibilities. Anybody having queries in connection with how to deal with these requirements should consult the management. All concerned are required to be courteous to their colleagues and ensure due respect to everybody without gender, religion, race or ethnic discrimination and avoid workplace harassment. Any contravention of these principles is regarded as misconduct and shall attract strict disciplinary/legal action.

The code emphasizes the need for high standard of honesty and integrity which are vital for the success of any business. Directors, senior management and employees are expected not to engage in any activity which can cause conflict between their personal interest and interest of the Company and/or can cause any harm to the interests of the Company, such as:-

- i) Interest or relationship with any organization supplying goods/services to the company or purchasing its products must be disclosed to the Management.
- ii) Neither any personal business in line with company's principal line of business is allowed while serving in the company nor it is permitted to use company's facilities for the same.
- iii) While dealing with third parties which include government officials, suppliers, buyers, agents and consultants must ensure that the interest, integrity and reputation of the company is not compromised.
- iv) Directors, senior management and employees are not allowed to accept any favours or kickbacks from any organization/person dealing with company.
- v) Directors, senior management and employees are required not do disclose in any circumstances, any confidential, insider & material information relating to the company to any person unless they are authorized and/or required to do so under the law.
- vi) The Company value and appreciate the patronage of the members. Only authorized person(s) are allowed to communicate with the members and other stakeholders.

- 'vii) Company has strong commitment to the health and safety of its employees and preservation of the environment by preventing pollution and improving awareness. Every employee is required to take care of his health and follow the guidelines.
- viii) Any kindly of gambling and betting and taking any kind of drugs is strictly forbidden.

Chief Executive

Director

**CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER** 

Rawalpindi Dated: October 03, 2025

## Gender Pay Gap Statement for the Year Ended 30-06-2025. Under SECP Circular 10 of 2024

Mean Gender Pay Gap:Not ApplicableMedian Gender Pay Gap:Not Applicable

The Company is not operational and working with limited resources. For the year ended 30th June 2025, the Company employed **06 male employees** and **no female employees**. As such, it is not applicable as there is no female employee.

#### **CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT**

I am pleased to present the annual financial statements along with Directors' Report & Auditors' Reports for the period ended 30-06-2025. During the financial year, the name & principal line of business of the Company has been changed. The Management is continuously trying its level best to utilize the available resources for the betterment of the Company. Management has positive intention and capability to revive the company.

I acknowledge and appreciate the contributions of the employees for betterment of the Company.

Mian Habib Ullah

Chairman of the Board of Directors

Rawalpindi: October 03, 2025

## Independent auditor's report to the members of D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED FORMERLY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **D.M. Corporation Limited** Formerly-D.M. Textile Mills Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion except for the effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2025 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

a) As more fully explained in Note 14 to the financial statements, the Company advanced an amount of Rupees 51.150 million against purchase of property. The property could not be transferred in the Company's name due to the want of completion of legal formalities. Directions were given for transferring the property in the name of the Company within thirty days of the order of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) dated November 29, 2007. SECP also ordered to calculate the amount of profit which could have been earned on the amount of Rupees 51.150 million if invested with any scheduled bank, on daily product basis in the relevant period and directed that this amount be deposited proportionately, in the Company's account, by directors who are penalized under the order. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company filed an appeal before the Lahore High Court (LHC), Rawalpindi Bench whereby stay order was granted to suspend the operation of above said order. The Board of Directors of the Company, after getting valuation of the property at forced sale value of Rupees 72.007 million from M/s NAKMS Associates (Private) Limited, resolved in its meeting held on April 23, 2014 that the right in property along with fixtures and fittings be offered to the CEO at the fixed floor price of Rupees 75 million. Whereas, as per Capital Development Authority (CDA), the property has already been transferred in the name of CEO through a court decree. The LHC, Rawalpindi Bench in its interim order dated February 06, 2015 granted adjournment with the directions not to transfer / alienate the property / undertaking of the Company in any form or manner whatsoever. Meanwhile, the case has been transferred to the Islamabad High Court (IHC), Islamabad and on May 03, 2016, IHC, on submission of CEO, ordered to transfer the property in the name of the Company within sixty days. The CEO filed a petition before the IHC to seek relief on the grounds that the said property has already been attached in the cases titled The Bank of Punjab versus Bilal Fibers Limited and The Bank of Punjab versus Bilal Textiles (Private) Limited wherein the CEO was a guarantor. Meanwhile, the Board of Directors and the shareholders in their meetings held on October 09, 2016 and October 31, 2016 respectively resolved to reverse the transaction of sale of property to CEO, subject to completion of legal formalities and in accordance with rules / laws / procedures. The Company filed a suit before the court of Senior Civil Judge 1st Class (West), Islamabad dated October 17, 2017 against the C.E.O. while making Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and Capital Development Authority parties to the case for directions to transfer the property in the name of the Company. Civil Judge 1st Class (West), Islamabad, vide order dated July 28, 2021 accepted the Company's appeal and directed to submit evidence. Subsequently, vide order dated July 13, 2023, the court of Civil Judge 1st Class (West) partially decreed the case of the Company in alternate to the extent of recovery of remaining amount from the C.E.O. The Company has filed appeal on September 28, 2023 against the said order before Islamabad High Court (IHC). On October 25, 2023 IHC, Islamabad suspended the operations of the impugned judgement and decree dated July 13, 2023 until the next date of hearing. The matter is pending adjudication. Meanwhile, IHC, Islamabad, vide its order dated November 16, 2017, reduced the penalty from Rupees 100,000 to Rupees 50,000 to be paid by each director of the Company within the period of thirty days. The Company also filed an appeal before the LHC, Lahore Bench in May 2018 for detachment of the property, so the property can be transferred in the name of the Company, which is pending adjudication. The SECP filed an appeal before the IHC, Islamabad, dated September 13, 2018 for execution of IHC decision dated November 16, 2017 to appoint statutory auditors to conduct a special audit to calculate the amount of profit which could have been earned on the amount of Rupees 51.150 million, if invested with any schedule bank on daily product basis in the relevant period, and further requested the IHC to send notice to LHC, Lahore, for release of the property. The matter is pending adjudication. The Bank of Punjab filed an appeal before the IHC, Islamabad to set-aside orders dated May 03, 2016 and November 16, 2017. The matter is pending adjudication. On May 24, 2022, the Company filed an application before Islamabad High Court, Islamabad praying that The Bank of Punjab and Bilal Fibers Limited and Bilal Textiles (Private) Limited have entered into settlement agreements, hence, the said property may please be declared as lawful property of

D.M. Textile Mills Limited. The matter is pending adjudication. We could not ensure compliance with the above stated directions, current status of litigations and satisfy ourselves as to the use of forced sale value of the property for adjustment of the advance against property.

- b) The Company has long outstanding payables in note 8 amounting to Rupees. 85.29 million against creditors, accrued expenses, others and regulatory payables. In absence of information, we cannot determine the impact of reversal of liability / penalty / surcharge on said amount.
- c) As referred in note 22.1 and 28 of these financial statements, the Company has account for profit / return in the financial statements amounting to Rs. 1.8 million on investment in D.M. Ventures. In absence of information, we cannot determine the amount of profit / return, whether any adjustment is required and unable to determine whether the Company is compliant with section 199(2).

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Material Uncertainty relating to Going Concern

We draw attention of the members to Note 2.5 in the financial statements; The Company incurred a gross loss of Rs. 1.50 million (2024: Nil) and reported negative cash flows from operating activities of Rs. 6.31 million (2024: Rs. 17.51 million) during the year ended 30 June 2025. Although the Company has reported a net profit of Rs. 45.30 million (2024: Rs. 14.94 million), this includes a fair value gain of Rs. 25.51 million and liabilities written back of Rs. 30.33 million. Excluding these non-recurring items, the Company would have incurred a net loss of Rs. 10.55 million, which indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the enclosed financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis for the reasons and mitigating factors mentioned in the aforesaid note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Key Audit Matter(s)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

Sr. No.	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Revenue Recognition	
	Refer to note 3.15 & 24 to the financial statements.	Our key audit procedures in this area amongst others included the following;
	During the year, the Company changed its principal line of business and, accordingly, rental income has been classified as	Assessed the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls involved in revenue recognition;
	revenue for the first time. In the prior year, such income was presented under "Other Income," and therefore, the comparative financial statements disclosed no	Obtaining an understanding of the Company's change in business model and evaluating the appropriateness of classifying rental income as revenue under the applicable financial reporting
	Revenue is now primarily derived from	framework;
	significance to the financial statements, its impact on comparability with prior year figures, and the judgment involved in determining the appropriate presentation	• Evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policy and its compliance with IFRS 15: 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'.
		<ul> <li>Inspecting rental agreements to verify the basis of recognition and timing of income;</li> </ul>
	and disclosure in line with the applicable financial reporting framework.	Performing substantive testing on a sample of rental income transactions to confirm occurrence, measurement, and consistency with contractual terms;

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provided the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that except for the matters referred in Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and

d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Nouman Arshad, ACA**.

#### MUSHTAQ & CO.

CharteredAccountants

Lahore.

Date: 03-October-2025

UDIN: AR202510724m3aFsK1Wk

## Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Name of company: D.M. Corporation Limited (formerly D.M. Textile Mills Ltd)

Year ending: 30 June 2025

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 07 as per the following:

Male 07 Female -

2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

i)	Independent Directors	02
ii)	Non-Executive Directors	03
iii)	Executive Directors	02

Determination of number of independent Directors comes to 2.33 (rounded to 2) which is based on Seven Directors. The fraction contrived in one-third number is not rounded up as the two elected independent directors have requisite competencies, skills, knowledge and experience to discharge and execute their duties competently, as per applicable laws and regulations. As they fulfill the necessary requirements as per applicable laws and regulations, hence, appointment of a third independent director is not warranted;

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
- 4. The Company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. The Board could not arrange Directors' Training program for its 4 directors due to financial constraints;
- 10. The Board has not been able to appoint chief financial officer and company secretary. The Company advertised the posts time and again but no one applied;
- 11. Due to non-appointment of chief financial officer, chief executive officer and two directors have endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;

12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below: -

#### a) Audit Committee

Names	Designation held
Mr. Amer Zeb	Chairman (Independent Director)
Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan	Member (Independent Director)
Mr. Abrar Alam	Member (Non-Executive Director)

#### b) HR and Remuneration Committee

Names	Designation held
Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan	Chairman (Independent Director)
Mr. Syed Hameed UI Haq	Member (Non-Executive Director)
Mr. Sami Ullah	Member (Executive Director)

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been framed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as per following:

MEETINGS	FREQUENCY
Audit Committee	Five meetings were held during the financial year ended 30 June 2025.
Human Resource and Remuneration Committee	One meeting was held during the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the Company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with except Regulation 7, which will be complied with in due course.
- 19. Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

Sr. No.	Requirement	Explanation of Non- Compliance	Regulation Number
1	Directors' Training It is encouraged that by June 30, 2023 all the directors on their Boards have acquired the prescribed certification under any director training program offered by institutions, local or foreign, that meet the criteria specified by the Commission and approved by it.	Due to closure of Mills and financial restraints, the Board could not arrange directors' training program for its four directors;	19
2	Nomination Committee The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.	Currently, the Board has not constituted a separate nomination committee. The Board will constitute nomination committee after revival of the business of the Company.	29
3	Risk Management Committee The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board.	committee as the Mills is closed. The Board will constitute risk management committee after revival	30
4	Disclosure of significant policies on website The Company may post key elements of its significant policies, brief synopsis of terms of reference of the Board's committees on its website and key elements of the directors' remuneration policy.	These polices are in place and provided to the relevant employees and directors. These will be placed on website in due course.	35
5	Representation of Minority shareholders The minority members as a class shall be facilitated by the Board to contest election of directors by proxy solicitation.	minority shareholders to come	5
6	Responsibilities of the Board and its members The Board is responsible for adoption of corporate governance practices by the Company.	Regulations are being partially complied. The Board is working on	(10)1

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Rawalpindi. 03 October 2025

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of D.M. Corporation Limited Formerly D.M. Textile Mills Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of D.M. Corporation Limited- Formerly D.M.Textile Mills Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2025 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, except for the below instances of non-compliance, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Following instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the Code were observed which are stated as under:

Requirement	Regulation	Non-Compliances
Independent Director	06	There is no independent director appointed. The criteria as required u/s 166 of Companies Act, 2017 and Regulation is not complied.
Appointment of Female director	7	No Female director appointed.
Appointment of Chief Financial Officer	20&22	No Chief Financial Officer is appointed by the company.
Appointment of Company Secretary	20&22	No Company Secretary is appointed by the company.
Requirement to attain Director's Training Program (DTP) Certification	19	Four directors have not completed DTP out of seven directors
Nomination Committee	29(1)	Currently, the board has not constituted a separate Nomination Committee. The function is being performed by the board.
Risk Management Committee (RMC).	30(1)	The board intends to constitute Risk Management Committee. Currently the board is performing these duties.
Disclosure of significant policies on website.	35	Company has not posted significant policies on its website. However, the Company is planning to post in future.

Lahore:

Date: 03 October, 2025 CR202510724cBdylezaW MUSHTAQ & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Engagement Partner:
Nouman Arshad, ACA

## D.M. Corporation Ltd (formerly D.M. Textile Mills Ltd) DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

The Directors welcome the members to the 68<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company and present annual audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025 along with Auditors' Report thereon.

The composition of the Board of Directors is as follows:

#### No. of Directors

Male	07
Female	-
Total Directors	07

#### Name of Directors

Independent Directors	Mr. Amer Zeb Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Mian Habib Ullah Mr. Abrar Alam Mr. Syed Hameed-ud-Haq
Executive Directors	Mr. Sami Ullah Rao Khalid Pervaiz

#### **Committees of the Board**

#### **Audit Committee**

Mr. Amer Zeb (Independent Director)	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan (Independent Director)	Member
Mr. Abrar Alam Non-Executive Director	Member

#### **Human Resource & Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan (Independent Director)	Chairman
Mr. Syed Hameed UI Haq (Non-Executive Director)	Member
Mr. Sami Ullah Executive Director	Member

#### Performance of the Company

During the financial year, the Company adopted new name "D.M. Corporation Ltd" and amended its principal line of business from Textile to Real Estate. Accordingly, the PSX has shifted its name from non-compliant segment to Normal Counter of the Exchange effective from 04 July 2025. During the year Company had net profit of Rs.45,299,924/= Million as compared to previous year net profit of Rs. 14.853Million.

Comparative financial results are given below:

	Rupees		
Year Ended on	30-06-2025	30-06-2024	
Revenue	32,481,104	-	
Cost of Revenue	(33,983,788)	-	
Gross Loss	(1,502,684)	-	
Administration & General Expenses	(8,386,255)	(45,633,379)	
Other Expenses	(477,000)	(361,237)	
Other Income	59,052,392	64,054,726	
(Loss) / Profit from operations	48,686,453	18,060,110	
Finance Cost	(21,680)	(60,771)	
Profit / (Loss)Before Levies & Income Tax	48,664,773	17,999,339	
Levies	(8,273,011)	(3,059,888)	
Profit / (Loss) Before Taxation	40,391,762	14,939,451	
Taxation			
-Current Tax	3,047,801	-	
-Deferred Tax	1,860,361	(85,893)	
Profit for the Year	45,299,924	14,853,558	
Earning/(Loss) per share Basic and diluted	14.84	4.87	

#### **Debt Servicing**

Company has paid off entire liabilities of the financial institutions. Further, management is negotiating with other debt providers/suppliers so as to further reduce the liabilities of the Company.

#### **Dividend**

Having accumulated losses, the Directors have not recommended dividend. Profit declared in the Profit & Loss Statement is due to remission of the property tax & surplus on revaluation of assets.

Directors have granted specific approval for the following transactions / adjustments mentioned in the financial statements.

Rupees 108,600

**Donations** 

Related party transactions as disclosed in financial statements.

Directors have also granted approval for following transactions in the financial statements.

- a. Approval of expenditures including Capital expenditure.
- b. Advances as disclosed in financial statements.

Pattern of Shareholding and Additional information as required under CCG is annexed to the Annual Report.

Except as disclosed in the Patron of Shareholding, during the year under review, there has been no trading in shares by Directors, Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer / Company Secretary, their spouses and minor children.

During the year, four Board Meetings, five Audit Committee meetings and one HR and Remuneration committee meetings were held. The attendance of the Directors is as follow:

Name of Director	Number of Meetings Attended		
	Board Meeting	Audit Committee	HR & Remuneration Committee
Mian Habib Ullah	4	-	-
Mr. Sami Ullah	4	-	1
Mr. Amer Zeb	3	4	-
Mr. Abrar Alam	3	4	-
Mr. Syed Hameed UI Haq	4	-	1
Mr. Muhammad Suleman Khan	4	5	1
Mr. Rao Khalid Pervaiz	4	-	-

Leave of absence was granted to the Directors who could not attend meeting(s) due to their pre-occupation.

Messrs. Corplink (Private) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K Commercial Model Town, Lahore are share registrar of the Company under section 195 of the companies Act, 2017.

#### **Future Prospects & Plans**

The management is consistently trying to utilize the existing resources for the new principal line of business. Further, the management has positive intention and capability to revive the Company.

#### **Auditors**

The retiring Auditors M/s. Mushtaq & Company Chartered Accounts being eligible have offered themselves for re-appointment. As recommended by the Audit Committee, the Board propose that the appointment of M/s Mushtaq & Co, Chartered Accountants, as external auditor for the next financial year may be approved.

#### REMARKS ON AUDITORS' REPORT & MODIFIED REVIEW REPORT:

- 1. Due to consistent income, settlements reached/to be reached with the debt providers and process for the revival of company, the Management has prepared the accounts on going concern basis and has no doubts on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- 2. On auditors observation with regard to transfer of property in the name of the Company, it is clarified that as stated by the Auditors, the property could not be transferred in the name of the Company due to the want of completion of legal formalities. CEO filed an appeal before the Lahore High Court Rawalpindi Bench against the above mentioned SECP Order. The Honourable Court in its Order dated 26-10-2009 suspended the operation of the SECP Order. Keeping in view the financial position of the company and the legal formalities, the Board of Directors considered this issue a number of times and had finally decided to offer the first right of refusal to the CEO at fixed floor price of Rs.75 Million. As a result the company gained Rs.20.148 Million; and this long outstanding issue was resolved with approval of the members of the company. Later the case was transferred to Islamabad High Court Islamabad (IHC). The CEO, in the case proceedings before the Islamabad High Court, Islamabad on 03 May 2016 submitted to transfer the property in the name of the Company within sixty days. The CEO moved an application before the IHC for placement of additional documents on the grounds that in the given circumstances he has surrendered subject property rights in favour of D.M. Textile Mills Ltd and same fact is approved by the Board of Directors and Members of the Company, but the property has been attached by the Lahore High Court Lahore in two different cases titled Bank of Punjab versus Bilal Fibres Limited and Bank of Punjab versus Bilal Textiles (Private) Limited. On 30-11-2016, IHC allowed the Application for placement of additional documents on record for the reasons stated therein. To complete the legal formalities, as per advise of our legal consultant(s), the Company filed a civil suit before the Senior Civil Judge Islamabad (West) for specific performance of Agreement to Sell and Surrender Deed and Permanent Injunction. Subsequent vide order dated 13 July 2023, the court of Civil Judge 1st Class (West) partially decreed the case of the Company in alternate to the extent of recovery of remaining amount from the C.E.O. The Company has filed an appeal on 28 September 2023 against the said order before Islamabad High Court (IHC). On 25 October 2023 IHC, Islamabad, suspended the operation of the impugned judgment and decree dated 13 July 2023 until the next date of hearing. Mater is pending adjudication.

It is further explained that Islamabad High Court vide its Order dated 16 November 2017, decided the court case "D.M. Textile Mills Ltd Vs. Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan". As per opinion of our legal advisor, main operative points of the decision are as under:- (1) Penalty on 6 Directors has been reduced from Rs.100.000/= each to Rs.50.000/= each {has been paid by the concerned Directors} (2) Directors shall make efforts to release the property from both court cases at Lahore High Court Lahore Bench titled Bilal Fibres Ltd Vs Bank of Punjab and Bilal Textiles (Pvt) Ltd Vs Bank of Punjab (3) After releasing the property, in terms of his statement before the Islamabad High Court, CEO will transfer the property into the name of the Company. In compliance of the Islamabad High Court Order, Objection Application has been filed before the Lahore High Court where Property is attached. Company has filed reply in Bank of Punjab application (CM Ind.89/2019) as well. Company has also filed an application CM-593/2022 (In CM-89/2019) before Islamabad High Court and has requested the court to declare the Suit Property/House 8, Street 71, F-8/3 Islamabad as its lawful property as Bilal Fibres Ltd ad Bilal Textiles (Pvt) Ltd have settled their contentious issues and liabilities are settled with Bank of Punjab. Matter is pending adjudication.

- 3. Regarding auditor's observation about long outstanding payables amounting to Rs.85.29 Million, the management has the view that these payables also include the amounts under litigation and other payables which cannot be reversed until and unless decided by the competent forums.
- 4. As for as auditors' observation in para (c), the members of the Company in their last annual general meeting have granted approval to place the company's surplus funds in solar panel business, as a short term investment, after determination of net profit, after completion of investment period.
- 5. Regarding auditors observation on material misstatement, the Board of Directors is of the considered view that as explained above, there is no material misstatement.
  - Regarding non-appointment of whole time Company Secretary & Chief Financial Officer and their qualification criteria; it is clarified that the Company is making efforts to fill the posts and also advertised in the Newspaper time and again. However, professionals are not willing to join the Company due to various reasons. The posts will be filled as soon as qualified persons are available.
- 7. As for as non-compliance with regulation 7 is concerned, the Company will try to comply with the same from next elections of the board.

#### **ESG Obligations**

The company is aware of its environmental, social and governance responsibilities. Being non-operational, it is unable to comply with the ESG obligations

#### **Director's Remuneration Policy**

The Company pays remuneration to two of its Executive Directors as disclosed in Notes of the financial statements.

#### **Board Evaluation**

The Board has developed a mechanism for evaluation of performance of the Board of Directors.

#### **Acknowledgement**

The Directors wish to place on record their acknowledgement for the cooperation extended by the financial institutions. Appreciation is also due to the employees of the company for their hard work and devoted efforts for the betterment of the company.

For and behalf of the Board of Directors

Chief Executive

Rawalpindi: October 03, 2025

Director

## ڈی۔ایم کارپوریش کمیٹڈ (سابقہ ڈی۔ایم ٹیکٹایل ملز کمیٹڈ) ڈاکر یکٹرزر بورٹ

معززممبران،

ہم آپ کو کمپنی کے اڑسٹھویں سالانہ اجلاس عام میں خوش آمدید کہتے ہیں۔30 جون 2025 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے مالیاتی گوشوارے (آڈٹ شدہ) بمعہ آڈیٹرزر پورٹس پیش خدمت ہیں۔

ڈائیریکٹرز کی تعداد

مرد: 7

خاتون 0

کل 7

غيرجانبدار دُائر يكٹرز : جناب اميرزيب

جناب محرسليمان خان

نان ايزيكود ائريكرز: جناب ميال حبيب الله

جناب ابرارعاكم

جناب سير *حميد الحق* 

ا يَكِزِيكُودُ ابْرُيكُمُّرِزُ : جناب مي الله

جناب راؤخالد برويز

بورڈ کی کمیٹیاں

ىر 1 ۋىڭ مىيلى

جناب امیرزیب چیئر مین (غیر جانبدار ڈائر یکٹر)

جناب محمسلیمان خان ممبر (غیرجانبدار ڈائریکٹر)

جناب ابرارعالم ممبر (نان الله يكريكود الريكر)

ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمنزیش کمیٹی

جناب محمسلیمان خان چیئر مین (غیرجانبدار ڈائر یکٹر) جناب سیر حمیدالحق ممبر (نان ایگزیگو ڈائر یکٹر) جناب سیج اللہ ممبر (ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر)

کمپنی نے مالی سال کے دوران اپنا نام ڈی۔ایم کارپوریشن اپنالیا ہے اور پرنسپل کاروبارٹیکسٹائل سے رئیل اسٹیٹ کرلیا ہے۔ پاکستان سٹاک ایکیچنج نے مورخہ 04 جولائی 2025 سے کمپنی کا نام ڈیفالٹر کاؤنٹر سے نارمل کاؤنٹر پر منتقل کر دیا ہے۔ کمپنی کو خالص منافع =/45,299,924 ملین روپئے کامنافع ہوا تھا۔ خالص منافع =/45,299,924 ملین روپئے ہوا ہے جبکہ گذشتہ سال بعدازٹیکس 14.853 ملین روپئے کامنافع ہوا تھا۔ مالی نتائج کا موازنہ مندرجہ ذیل ہے۔

پځ	-91	تفصيل
30 جون 2024	30 جون 2025	
-	32,481,104	ر يو نيو
-	(33,983,788)	كاسك آف ريونيو
-	(1,502,684)	گراس نقصان
(45,633,379)	(8,386,255)	انتظامی اور جنز ل اخراجات
(361,237)	(477,000)	دیگراخراجات
64,054,726	59,052,392	دیگرآ مدن
18,060,110	48,686,453	ا پریشنز کامنافع/خساره
(60,771)	(21,680)	مالي اخراجاب
17,999,339	48,664,773	منافع/خساره قبل ازلیکس
(3,059,888)	(8,273,011)	ليويز
14,939,451	40,391,762	منافع/(خساره)قبل اس ٹیکس
		<i>شياسي</i> يشن
-	3,047,801	کرنٹ ٹیکس
(85,893)	1,860,361	د بفر د <sup>ش</sup> یس د بفر د شیس
14,853,558	45,299,924	منافع/(خساره)
4.87	14.84	منافع (خساره) فی شیئر Basic & Diluted

سمینی نے مالیاتی اداروں کے تمام واجبات ادا کر دیئے ہیں۔مزید، انتظامیہ دوسرے قرض داروں / سپلائیرز سے گفت وشنید کر رہی ہے تا کہ مپنی کے مالی بوجھ کومزید کم کیا جا سکے۔

جمع خسارے کی وجہ سے ڈائر یکٹرز نے ڈیویڈنڈ تجویز نہیں کیا ہے۔ دکھایا گیا منافع پراپرٹی ٹیکس کی ریمیشن اورا ثاثہ جات کی ریویلیوایشن پرسرپلس کی وجہ سے ہے۔

ڈائر کیٹرزنے مندر بیذیل ٹرانز یکشن /ایڈجسٹمنٹ جو کہ مالی گوشواروں میں دیئے گئے ہیں کی خصوصی منظوری دی ہے۔

رو پئے 108,600

متعلقه پارٹی ٹرانز یکشنز جو گوشواروں میں دکھائی گئی ہیں

ڈائر یکٹرزنے مالی گوشواروں میں دی گئی مندرجہ ذیل ٹرانز یکشنز کی منظوری بھی دی:

الف - خرچ بمعه پیل خرچ

ب۔ ایڈوانسز جن کی تفصیل Notes میں دی گئی ہے۔

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس کے تحت کمپنی کے صص یافتگان کی تفصیل اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔ ماسوائے جو پیٹر<sup>ن</sup> آف شیئر ہولڈنگ میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہے، کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز، چیف ایگز یکٹیو، چیف فنانشل آفیسر، کمپنی سیریٹری، ان کی بیویوں ابچوں نے شیئرز کا تجارتی لین دین نہیں کیا ہے

ں ہوئے جن میں ڈائر یکٹرز کی حاضری درج ذی <u>ل رہی</u> ۔	اس سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے جارا جلالا

اجلاس میں شرکت کی تعداد	ڈائر یکٹرز کے نام
4	جناب ميال حبيب الله
4	جناب سميع الله جناب معلى الله
3	جناب امير زيب
3	جناب ابرارعالم
4	جناب راؤخالد پرویز
4	جناب <i>سيدحمي</i> دالحق
4	جناب <i>محر</i> سليمان خان
کے مطابق ان کی چھٹی منظور کی گئی۔	جوڈائر یکٹرزصاحبان بورڈ کی میٹنگ میں شریک نہ ہوسکے، قوائد
ی ڈ ائر <i>یکٹر</i> ز کی حاضری درج ذیل رہی۔	اس سال کے دوران آ ڈٹ ممیٹی کے پانچ اجلاس ہوئے جن میر
اجلاس میں شرکت کی تعداد	ڈائز یکٹرز کے نام
4	جناب امير زيب
4	جناب ابرارعالم
5	جناب <i>محر</i> سليمان خان
، قوائد کے مطابق ان کی چیھٹی منظور کی گئی۔	جوڈائر یکٹرزصاحبان آ ڈٹ سمیٹی کی میٹنگ میں شریک نہ ہو <u>سک</u>
جلا <i>س ہوا</i> جن میں    ڈائر یکٹرز کی حاضری درج ذی <u>ل رہی</u> ۔	اس سال کے دوران ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمنزیش کمیٹی کا ایک ا
اجلاس میں شرکت کی تعداد	ڈائر یکٹرز کے نام
1	جناب <i>محر</i> سليمان خان
1	جناب منطق الله
1	جناب <i>سيد همي</i> د الحق

جو ڈائر کیٹر زصاحبان ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمنزیش کمیٹی کی میٹنگ میں شریک نہ ہوسکے ،قوائد کے مطابق ان کی چھٹی منظور کی گئی۔

کمپنیزا یک کی شق195 کے تحت میسرز کارپلنک (پرایئویٹ) لمیٹیڈ، ونگز آرکیڈ، K-1 کمرشل ماڈل ٹاؤن، لا ہور، کمپنی کے شیئر رجسڑار ہیں

ا تظامیہ نئے پر پیل لائین آف برنس کے لئے موجود وسائل کو بروئے کارلانے کے لئے متواتر کوشاں ہے۔ مزید یہ کہا تظامیہ سمپنی کی بحالی کے لئے مثبت ارادہ اور صلاحیت رکھتی ہے۔

ریٹائر ہونے والے آڈیٹرزمیسرزمشاق اینڈ کمپنی تعیناتی کے اہل ہیں اور انھوں نے اپنے آپ کو دوبارہ تعیناتی کے لئے پیش کیا ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی کی شفارش پر بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزان کی دوبارہ تعیناتی تجویز کرتا ہے۔

آ دیرزر پورٹ اور جائز ہ پورٹ برائے ممبران پر بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کابیان:

مستقل آمدن، قرض داروں کے ساتھ طے شدہ معاملات اور دیگر قرض داروں کے ساتھ جومعاملات طے کئے جارہے ہیں اور کمپنی کی revival کے لئے جاری پراسس کیوجہ سے انتظامیہ نے بید سابات قائم رہنے کی بنیاد پر تیار کئے ہیں۔انتظامیہ کو کمپنی کے جاری ندر ہنے کے بارے میں کوئی شک نہیں ہے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائیر کیٹرز کامانناہے کہ اویردی گئی وضاحتوں کہ بنایرکوئی material misstatement نہیں ہے۔

جیسا کہ آڈیٹرزنے پراپرٹی کمپنی کے نام منتقلی کے بارے میں اپنی آبزرویشن میں بیان کیا، قانونی معاملات کی وجہ سے جائیداد کمپنی کے نام ٹرانسفر نہ ہو گئی۔ چیف ایگزیکٹونے لا ہور ہائی کورٹ راولینڈی بینج میں رٹ دائر کی جہاں سے SECP کے تلم پڑئل در آمد stay order جاری ہوا۔ کمپنی کی مالی حالت اور قانونی ضرور توں کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے بورڈ آف ڈائیر یکٹرزنے کئی دفع اس معاطے پرغور کیا اور آخر میں فیصلہ کیا کہ چیف ایگزیکٹوکور فیوزل کا پہلاتی مبلغ 75 ملین جو کہ فکس فلور پرائس تھی آفر کیا جائے۔ اس معاطے پرغور کیا اور آخر میں فیصلہ کیا کہ چیف ایگزیکٹوکور فیوزل کا پہلاتی مبلغ 75 ملین جو کہ فکس فلور پرائس تھی آفر کیا جائے۔ اس کے نتیج میں کمپنی کو مبلغ 80.14 مین کا منافع ہوا اور بید دیر سے اٹکا ہو معاملہ ممبرزکی منظوری سے طل ہوا۔ بعد از ان کیس اسلام آباد ہائی کورٹ نے 60 دن کے اندر جائیداد کمپنی کے نام ٹرانسفر کرنے کا تحکم دیا۔ چیف ایگزیکٹونے اسلام آباد ہائی کورٹ میں دینوق سرنڈر کر چکے جس کی منظوری کمپنی کے بورڈ آف اجازت مائلی اور استدعاکی کہ موجودہ حالات میں وہ جائیداد میں حقوق سرنڈر کر چکے جس کی منظوری کمپنی کے بورڈ آف

ڈائیر یکٹرزاورمبران دے چکے ہیں لیکن جائیداد پہلے ہی بچکم لا ہور ہائی کورٹ لا ہور دومقد مات میں Attach ہوچکی ہے جو کہ بینک آف پنجاب بنام بلال فائیبر زلمیٹڈ اور بینک آف پنجاب بنام بلال ٹیکسٹائل (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ ہیں جہاں چیف ایگزیکٹو ضامن تھا۔معززاسلام آباد ہائی کورٹ نے مورخہ 30 نومبر 2016 کوپیش کردہ وجوہات کی بنابراضافی کاغذات پیش کرنے کی درخواست کومنظور کیا۔ قانونی تقاضے پورے کرنے کے لئے ،اپنے قانونی معاون کے مشورے سے، کمپنی نے سینئرسول جج اسلام آباد (مغربی) کومعامدے اور سرنڈر ڈیڈ کی سیسیفک پرفارمنس اینڈیر ماننٹ انجنکشن کے لئے دعوہ دائر کیا تھا۔مورخہ 13 جولائی 2023 کوسینئرسول جج اسلام آباد (مغربی) نے اپنے حکم کے ذریعے دعوہ کو پارشل ڈکری کر دیا ہے کہ CEO سے بقایار قم وپس لے لی جائے کمپنی اس حکم کےخلاف اپیل دائر کر چکی ہےاور 25 اکتوبر 2023 کواسلام آباد ہائی کورٹ نے سول جج کا حکم اور ڈ گری آئندہ پیشی تک معطل کر دی ہیں اور معاملہ ابھی بھی معزز عدالت کے سامنے بینیڈنگ ہے۔مزید وضاحت کی جاتی ہے کہ اسلام آباد ہائی کورٹ نے اپنے تھم مورخہ 16 نومبر 2017 کومقدمہ" ڈی ایم ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ بنام سیکیورٹی اینڈ ایسینے کمیشن آف یا کتان" کا فیصلہ کیا۔ ہمارے قانونی مشیر کی رائے کے مطابق فیصلے کے اہم operative نقات مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔(1) ڈائیریکٹرزیر جرمانہ 100,000 روپے سے کم کرکے 50,000 روپئے کر دیا گیا ہے۔ جو کہ متعلقہ ڈائیریکٹرز نے ادا کر دیا ہے(2) ڈائیریکٹرز لا ہور ہائی کورٹ کےسامنے دونوں کیسوں" بینک آف پنجاب بنام بلال فائبرزلمیٹڈ" اور بلال ٹیکسٹائلز (یرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈنام بینک آف پنجاب" سے برایرٹی کوواگز ارکروانے کی کوشش کریں (3) برابرٹی واگز ارکروانے کے بعد، ا پنے بیان کےمطابق ہی ای او جائیداد کمپنی کے نام ٹرانسفر کر ہے۔اسلام آباد ہائی کورٹ کے حکم کی تعمیل میں، لا ہور ہائی کورٹ لا ہور پینچ میں Objection Appliation دائر کر دی گئی ہے جو کہ ابھی عدالت میں پینڈنگ ہے۔ کمپنی نے بینک آف پنجاب کی درخواست کا جواب جمع کروا دیا ہے۔معاملہ ابھی عدالت میں بینیڈنگ ہے۔ کمپنی نے اسلام آباد ہائی کورٹ میں ایک اور درخواست (CM-593/2022 in CM-89/2019) بھی دائر کی ہے کہ بلال فائبرز لمیٹڈ اور بلال ٹیکسٹائل (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ کی بنک آف پنجاب سے Settlements ہوگئی ہیں لہذا سوٹ پراپرٹی مکان نمبر 8،گلی 71 ،سیٹر F-8/3،اسلام آیادکو کمپنی کے جائندادڈ کلیر کیا جائے ۔معاملہ ابھی عدالت میں بینڈ نگ ہے .

طویل عرصے سے قابل ادار قوم مبلغ85.29 ملین کے بارے میں آڈیٹر کے مشاہدے کے بارے میں انتظامیہ کا خیال ہے کہ ان رقوم میں قانونی چارہ جوئی والی رقوم اور دیگر قابل ادار قوم شامل ہیں جو کہ اس وقت تک reverse نہیں کی جاسکتی جب تک متعلقہ فورم ان کا فیصلہ نہ کردے۔

جہاں آڈٹ رپورٹ کے بیرا(C) میں آڈیٹر کامشاہدہ ہے تو وضاحت کی جاتی ہے کہ کمپنی کے مبران نے اپنی گذشتہ سالانہ میٹنگ میں کمپنی کے اضافی فنڈ زکوسولر پینل کے کاروبار میں مختصر مدت کے لئے، لگانے کی منظوری دی ہے۔ منافع کا تعین مدت پوری ہونے پر کیا جانا ہے۔

کل وقی کمپنی سیرٹری، چیف فنانشل آفیسر کا تقررنه کرنے اوران کے کوالیفیکیشن کرائٹیریا کے بارے میں وضاحت پیش کی جاتی ہے کہ کمپنی اس ضرورت کو پورا کرنے کی کوشش کررہی ہے اورا خبار میں اشتہار بھی دیا ہے تا ہم متعلقہ پیشہ ورجو کہ اس معیار پر پورا اترتے ہیں مختلف وجو ہات کی وجہ سے نہیں آرہے۔ جو نبی کوئی کوالیفائیڈ پرس دستیاب ہوا یہ پوسٹس پوری کردی جائیں گی۔

جہاں تک ضابطہ 7 کی عدم تقمیل کا تعلق ہے، بورڈ کے اگلے الیکٹن سے اس کی تعمیل کرنے کی کوشش کی جائے گی۔

کمپنی اپنی ESG ذمہدار یوں سے آگاہ ہے اور دستیاب وسائل کے مطابق کوشش کرتی ہے۔

کمپنی اپنے دوا یکزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرزکوا جرت دیتی ہے جبیبا کہ مالی گوشواروں میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔ بورڈ نے اپنے تخمینہ اور کارکردگی کے جائزے کامکٹزم بنایا ہوا ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرز مالیاتی اداروں کے تعاون کے مشکور ہیں۔ کمپنی کے ملاز مین داد کے مستحق ہیں کہ انھوں نے کمپنی کی بہتری کے لئے گئن اور محنت سے کام کیا۔

لا ما کار ڈائیریکٹر

، (را چیف ایگزیکٹو

راولینڈی:03اکتوبر2025

## D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED (FORMERLY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LTD) NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Blue Lagoon, Masood Akhtar Kiyani Road, Rawalpindi, **on October 28, 2025** at **9:00am** to transact the following business:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited Annual Financial Statements of the company for the year ended June 30, 2025 together with Chairman's review, directors', and auditors' reports thereon.

The Financial Statements have been uploaded on the website of the Company which can be downloaded from the following weblink enabled QR code. The members who desire for receiving the same through email, are requested to send their updated email address to the Company at dmtextilemills@yahoo.com, dmtm@dmtextile.com.pk In case a member desired a physical copy, he may approach the Company.

https://dmtextile.com.pk/financial.html



- To appoint auditors for the year 2025-26 and fix their remuneration. Retiring auditors M/s. Mushtaq & Co. being eligible have offered themselves for re-appointment. Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Audit Committee, has proposed their re-appointment.
- 3. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chairman.

Rawalpindi

Date: 07 October, 2025

By the order of the Board

Company Secretary (Acting)

#### NOTES:

- The members' register will remain closed from 21 October 2025 to 28 October 2025 (both days inclusive). Transfers received at Share Registrar Office, Corplink (Pvt) Ltd, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore by the close of business on 20 October 2025 will be entertained.
- A member eligible to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another person as
  proxy to attend and vote in the meeting. Proxies in order to be effective must be
  received by the company at the registered office not later than 48 hours before the
  time for holding the meeting.
- 3. CDC account holders will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in circular No.1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:
  - a. For attending the meeting
    - i). In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his original computerized national identity card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
    - ii). In case of corporate entity, the board of directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signatures of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the Meeting
  - b. For appointing proxies
    - i). In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account holder registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
    - ii). The Proxy Form can be downloaded from Company's website www.dmtextile.com.pk
    - iii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
    - iv). Copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
    - v). The prox shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- 4. Shareholders are requested to immediately notify the change in address, if any.

## D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	NOTE	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital 5,000,000 (2024: 5,000,000) ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each		50,000,000	50,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	4	30,524,290	30,524,290
Reserves			
Capital reserves - surplus on revaluation of property, and equipment and investment properties - net of deferred income tax	5	267,120,098	517,748,170
Revenue reserve - unappropriated profit	Ü	415,572,590	114,557,988
Total reserves		682,692,688	632,306,158
Total equity		713,216,978	662,830,448
LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  Employees' retirement benefit - gratuity	6	5,410,860	5,131,993
Deferred income tax liability	7	3,410,000	3,131,993
CURRENT LIABILITIES	·	5,410,860	5,131,993
Trade and other payables	8	85,288,477	114,632,205
Due to related parties	9	3,459,177	1,100,000
Unclaimed dividend		144,947	144,947
Taxation - net	10	2,988,502	2,479,133
Total liabilities		91,881,103	118,356,285
ivai naviilles		97,291,963	123,488,278
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	11		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		810,508,941	786,318,726

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# (FORMELY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED) AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

	NOTE	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
ASSETS			r
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and Equipments	12	26,046,526	291,173,261
Investment properties	13	389,436,250	363,921,975
Advance against property	14	-	-
Long term investment	15	8,171,915	7,526,915
Long term deposits	16	7,035,251	9,155,034
		430,689,942	671,777,185
CURRENT ASSETS			
	17	269,394,477	
Inventory Advances	18	16,000	194,600
Due from related party	19	17,619,962	17,619,962
Short term deposit	20	2,119,783	17,019,902
Other receivables	21	2,119,700	20,000
Short term investments	22	90,643,564	94,467,876
Tax refunds due from government	10	-	-
Cash and bank balances	23	25,213	2,239,103
		379,818,999	114,541,541
TOTAL ASSETS	_	810,508,941	786,318,726

# D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED (FORMELY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED) STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025	2024
NOTE	Rupees	Rupees
24	32,481,104	-
25	(33,983,788)	-
	(1,502,684)	-
26	(8,386,255)	(45,633,379)
27	(477,000)	(361,237)
	(10,365,939)	(45,994,616)
28	59,052,392	64,054,726
	48,686,453	18,060,110
	(21,680)	(60,771)
	48,664,773	17,999,339
29	(8,273,011)	(3,059,888)
	40,391,762	14,939,451
30	3,047,801	-
30	1,860,361	(85,893)
	4,908,162	(85,893)
	45,299,924	14,853,558
31	14.84	4.87
	24 25 26 27 28 29	NOTE     Rupees       24     32,481,104       25     (33,983,788)       (1,502,684)       26     (8,386,255)       27     (477,000)       (10,365,939)       28     59,052,392       48,686,453     (21,680)       48,664,773       29     (8,273,011)       40,391,762       30     3,047,801       30     1,860,361       4,908,162       45,299,924

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED (FORMELY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED) STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	45,299,924	14,853,558
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	460,943	(296, 184)
Related deferred income tax	(133,673)	85,893
	327,270	(210,291)
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	6,486,024	:
Related deferred tax	(1,726,688)	-
	4,759,336	-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	-	-
Other comprehensive income (loss) / for the year - net of tax	5,086,606	(210,291)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	50,386,530	14,643,267

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED (FORMELY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

		CAPITAL	REVENUE RESERVE		
	SHARE CAPITAL	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - NET OF DEFERRED INCOME TAX	FAIR VALUE RESERVE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES - NET OF DEFERRED INCOME TAX	UNAPPROPRIATED PROFIT	TOTAL EQUITY
			(Rupees)		
Balance as at 30 June 2023	30,524,290	268,612,032	308,408,697	40,642,162	648,187,181
Incremental depreciation transferred from surplus on revaluation of property and equipment to accumulated loss - net of deferred income tax (Note 4)	-	(597,860)		597,860	
Fair value reserve transferred on disposal of investment property	-	-	(58,674,699)	58,674,699	-
Profit for the year	-			14,853,558	14,853,558
Other comprehensive loss for the year	-	_	-	(210,291)	(210,291)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	14,643,267	14,643,267
Balance as at 30 June 2024	30,524,290	268,014,172	249,733,998	114,557,988	662,830,448
Incremental depreciation transferred from surplus on revaluation of property and equipment to accumulated loss - net of deferred income tax (Note 4)	-	(1,027,433)	•	1,027,433	
Surplus transferred to retained earnings		(254,359,975)		254,359,975	
Revalution Surplus During the year-net of deferred tax		4,759,336			4,759,336
Profit for the year	-	•	•	45,299,924	45,299,924
Other comprehensive income for the year				327,270	327,270
Total comprehensive income/(Loss) for the year				45,627,194	45,627,194
Balance as at 30 June 2025	30,524,290	17,386,100	249,733,998	415,572,590	713,216,978

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED (FORMELY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	NOTE	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash used in operations Finance cost paid Income tax paid Net increase in long term deposits Net cash used in operating activities	32	(3,696,888) (21,680) (4,715,841) 2,119,783 (6,314,626)	(9,876,505) (60,771) (7,569,244) - (17,506,520)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from disposal of Investment Property Short Term Investments-net Dividend Income Net cash from investing activities		3,824,312 276,424 4,100,736	112,350,000 (92,950,670) 83,341 19,482,671
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net cash from financing activities  Net decrease /(increase) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,213,890)	 1,976,151
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE Y	/EAR	2,239,103 25,213	262,952 2,239,103
CAGINATE CAGINE CONTRELATION INC LINE OF THE FEAR		20,210	2,200,100

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

### D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED (FORMELY D.M. TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

#### 1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

D. M. Corporation Limited (formerly D.M. Textile Mills Limited) is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Act, 1913 (now Companies Act, 2017) and listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX). The registered office and head office is situated at Westridge Industrial Area, Rawalpindi.

The Company was engaged in manufacturing of yarn and cloth, processing of cloth and trade of textile products. The Board of Directors and shareholders of the Company in their meetings held on 03rd October 2024 and 28th October 2024 respectively resolved to change the principal line of business of the Company to undertake all types of real estate development including investment, development, marketing, construction, purchase, sale & lease of real estate assets and ancillary activities. The Board of Directors and shareholders of the Company in their meetings held on 28th February 2025 and 26th March 2025 respectively further resolved to adopt new name i.e. "D. M. Corporation Limited".

During the year ended June 30 2025, certificate of incorporation on change of name has been issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) to give effect to the change of name and certified true copy of altered memorandum of association of the Company has been issued by SECP.

PSX vide Notice No. PSX/N-1222 dated 02 November 2020 placed the Company on defaulters' segment with effect from 03 November 2020 due to non-compliancewith PSX Regulations. After rectification of the non-compliances, PSX vide Notice No. PSX/N-710 dated July 03, 2025 has shifted the name of the Company to the Normal Counter of the Exchange effective from July 04, 2025.

#### 1.1 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the company's functional and presentation currency and figures are rounded off to the nearest rupee.

#### 1.2 Geographical location and addresses of all business units are as follows:

Godowns and Office	Address
Godowns	Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi
Head office	Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the InternationalAccounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments at fair value and employees retirement benefits at present value. In these financial statements, except for cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees/Rs./PKR. which is also the company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded to the nearest Rupee.

#### 2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Companys accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Companys financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- -Computation of deferred Tax and estimation of Income Tax provisions
- -Measurement of defined benefit obligation
- -Estimation of provisions and contingent liabilities
- -Useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of property and Equipment
- -Impairment of non-financial assets
- -Impairment of financial assets
- -Revaluation of Property and equipments

#### 2.5 Going concern assumption

The Company incurred a gross loss of Rs. 1.50 million (2024:Nil) and reported negative cash flows from operating activities of Rs. 6.31 million (2024: Rs. 17.51 million) during the year ended 30 June 2025. Although the Company has reported a net profit of Rs. 45.30 million (2024: Rs. 14.94 million), this includes a fair value gain of Rs. 25.51 million and liabilities written back of Rs. 30.33 million. Excluding these non-recurring items, the Company would have incurred a net loss of Rs. 10.55 million.

During the year, the Company also changed its principal line of business from textile to real estate. The shift to a new business model exposes the Company to uncertainties relating to project execution and market demand in the real estate sector, which differ significantly from the textile sector in which the Company previously operated.

Considering to consistent income and process for the revival of company, management believes that the Company will continue as going concern and accordingly the management has prepared the accounts on going concern basis and has no doubts on the companys ability to continue as a going concern.

#### 2.6 New And Amended Standards And Interpretations

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the company:

## Effective date (annual reporting periods beginning on or after)

IAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (Amendments)	January 1, 2025		
IFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	January 1, 2026		
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (Amendments)	January 1, 2026		
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2026		
Annual improvements to IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 (Consolidated Financial Statements) and IAS 7 (Statement of Cash Flows)				

The management anticipates that adoption of above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures.

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards and interpretation, which have not been notified locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) as at 30 June 2025;

IFRS 1	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
IFRIC 12	Service concession arrangements
IFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements
IFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

#### 3.1 Employees retirement benefit - Gratuity

The Company operates unfundedunapproved gratuity scheme for all of its permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualifying period of service as defined in the scheme. The Company's obligation in respect of the defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the present value of future benefit that employees have earned in return of this service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. The defined obligation is calculated annually by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The latest valuation was carried out as at 30 June 2025 details of which are disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The interest is calculated by applying discount rate to the net balance of defined benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets (if any). The cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement for profit or loss.

Past service cost is recognized immediately in the statement for profit or loss.

Remeasurement gains or losses are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### 3.2 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxability of certain income streams of the company under presumptive / final tax regime at the applicable tax rates and remaining income streams chargeable at current rate of taxation under the normal tax regime after taking into account tax credit and tax rebates available, if any. The charge for current tax includes any adjustment to past years liabilities.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the reporting date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes after considering enacted tax rate. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carried forward unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at enacted tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

#### Levv

Tax charged under Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 which is not based on taxable income or any amount paid / payable in excess of the calculation based on taxable income or any minimum tax which is not adjustable against future income tax liability is classified as levy in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as these levies fall under the scope of IFRIC 21/IAS 37.

#### 3.3 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

#### 3.4 Property, equipment and depreciation

#### Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets except freehold land are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any). Cost of operating fixed assets consists of historical cost, borrowing cost pertaining to erection / construction period of qualifying assets and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to working condition. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount less any identified impairment loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, onlywhen it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of operating fixed assets are recognized, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation surplus in shareholders' equity. To the extent that increase reverses a decrease previously recognized in the statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognized in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to the statement of profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation on operating fixed assets is charged to statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method so as to write off the cost / depreciable amount of the asset over their estimated usefullives at the rates given in Note 11. The depreciation on additions is charged from the date the asset is available for use and on deletion up to the date when asset is de-recognized. The residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed by the management, at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

#### De-recognition

An item of operating fixed assets is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset is included in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is de-recognized.

#### 3.5 Investment properties

Land and buildings held for capital appreciation or to earn rental income are classified as investment properties. Investmentproperties are carried at fair value which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. The valuation of the properties is carried out with sufficient regularity.

Gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of investment properties is recognized in the statement of profit or loss for the year in which it arises.

#### 3.6 Financial assets and liabilities

#### Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of the Companys business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

#### Amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flow represents solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets, impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gain or loss arising on derecognition are recognized directly in profit or loss.

#### Fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractualcash flows and selling financial assets and the contractualterms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income or assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss using fair value option, are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Equity instrumentfinancial assets are measured at fair value and subsequent to initial recognition changes in fair value of these financial assets are normally recognized in profit or loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss when the Companys right to receive payment is established. Where an election is made to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently remeasured to fair value, amortized cost or cost as the case may be. Any gain or loss on the recognition and de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset. Assets or liabilities that are not contractual in nature and that are created as a result of statutory requirements imposed by the Governmentare not the financial instruments of the Company.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortized cost are initially measured at fair value less transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed on profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective yield method.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender or substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 3.7 Impairment

#### Financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets. The Company applies the simplified approach to recognize lifetime expected credit losses for trade debts, due from customers and contract assets. The Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

#### Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense in the profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use. Value-in-use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 3.8 Offsetting of financial

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and only the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.9 Inventory

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost determined on a specific identification basis and comprising purchase price, registration and transfer charges, construction and development expenditures, borrowing costs (where applicable), and other directly attributable expenses; inventories include land held for sale, buildings/unitsunder development, and completed properties intended for sale in the ordinary course of business, while net realizable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 3.10 Trade and other receivables

Trade debts are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Other receivables are recognized at amortized cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

#### 3.11 Borrowings

Financing and borrowings are recognized initially at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method

#### 3.12 Borrowing cost

Interest, mark-up and other charges on long-term finances are capitalized up to the date of commissioning of respective qualifying assets acquired out of the proceeds of such long-term finances. All other interest, mark-up and other charges are recognized in statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.13 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are initially recognized at fair value, which is normally the transaction cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at banks on current, saving and deposit accounts and other short term highly liquid instruments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in values.

#### 3.15 Revenue recognition

Rental income from investment property is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues in accordance with the terms of the lease agreement. Lease incentives granted to tenants, if any, are recognised as an adjustment to rental income over the lease term. Rentalincome is presented separately from gains or losses on the disposal of properties. Such gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when control of the asset is transferred to the buyer in accordance with IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

#### Dividenc

Dividend on equity investments is recognized when right to receive the dividend is established.

#### Other revenue

Other revenue is recognized when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 4 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP SHARE CAPITAL

2025 (Number of s	2024 shares)		NOTE	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
2,952,429	2,952,429	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each fully paid in cash		29,524,290	29,524,290
100,000	100,000	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares		1,000,000	1,000,000
3,052,429	3,052,429	<del>.</del>		30,524,290	30,524,290

<sup>4.1</sup> The shareholders are entitled to receive all distributions to them including dividend and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the company. All shares carry "one vote" per share without restriction.

## 5 CAPITAL RESERVE - SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES - NET OF DEFERRED INCOME TAX

#### - Property and equipment

Balance as at 01 July		268,014,172	268,612,032
Surplus on revaluation of property, and equipment		6,486,024	-
Related deferred income tax liability	7.1	(1,726,688)	-
Transferred to unappropriated profit / (accumulated loss)		(254,359,975)	-
Transferred to unappropriated profit / (accumulated loss) in respect of incremental depreciation charged during the year		(1,447,089)	(842,056)
Related deferred income tax liability	7.1	419,656	244,196
		(250,628,072)	(597,860)
Balance as at 30 June		17,386,100	268,014,172
- Investment properties			
Fair Value Reserve		249,733,998	313,858,182
Fair value reserve realized on disposal		-	(58,674,699)
Related deferred income tax liability	7	-	(5,449,485)
		249,733,998	249,733,998
		267,120,098	517,748,170

## 6 EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BENEFIT - GRATUITY

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 30 June 2025, using the projected unit credit method. The amounts recognized in financial statements are determined as follows:

#### 6.1 Liability recognized in the statement of financial position

	Present value of unfunded defined benefit obligation	6.2	13,769,967	13,275,100
	Benefits due but not paid shown under current liabilities	8	(8,359,107)	(8,143,107)
		6.3	5,410,860	5,131,993
6.2	Movement in liability recognized in the statement of financial position			
	At the beginning of the year		13,275,100	12,081,970
	Charge for the year		955,810	896,946
	Remeasurements (gain)/ Loss recognized in other comprehensive income		(460,943)	296,184
	Benefit paid during the year		•	-
			13,769,967	13,275,100
6.3	Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation			_
	At the beginning of the year		5,131,993	4,479,863
	Benefits due but not paid		8,143,107	7,602,107
	Service cost		214,771	212,925
	Interest cost for the year		741,039	684,021
	Benefit paid during the year		-	-
	Charge to other comprehensive income		(460,943)	296,184
	Benefits due but not paid		(8,359,107)	(8,143,107)
	At the end of the year		5.410.860	5 131 993

## ■ Annual Report 2025 |

	NOTE	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
6.4	Amounts recognized in statement of profit or loss		
	Current service cost	214,771	212,925
	Interest cost for the year	741,039	684,021
		955,810	896,946
6.5	Amount recognized in statement of comprehensive income		
	Actuarial loss / (gain) due to experience adjustments	(460,943)	296,184
6.6	Allocation of charge for the year		
	Cost of Revenue #REF!	955,810	896,946
6.7	Principal actuarial assumptions used		
	Discount rate	11.75%	14.75%
	Expected rate of increase in salary	11.75%	13.75%
	Average expected remaining working life of employees	8 Years	8 Years
	Average duration of liability	8 Years	8 Years
	Mortality rate	SLIC (2001-05)	SLIC (2001-05)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis is prepared using same computation model and assumptions as used to determine defined benefit obligation based on projected unit credit method. The calculation of the defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumption set out above. The principal actuarial assumptions used to estimate the defined benefit obligations at the reporting date had fluctuated by +1 bps with our other variables held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligations as at 30 June 2025 would have been as follows.

Discount rate + 1 %	4,987,896	4,739,368
Discount rate - 1 %	5,859,114	5,557,268
Salary increase rate + 1 %	5,868,907	5,557,145
Salary increase rate - 1 %	4,987,401	4,739,309

#### Amounts for the current and previous four years:

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
			R u p e e s		
Present value of defined benefit					
obligation	13,769,967	13,275,100	12,081,970	11,189,609	10,911,469
Benefits due but not paid shown					
under current liabilities	(8,359,107)	(8,143,107)	(7,602,107)	(7,602,107)	(6,912,307)
	5,410,860	5,131,993	4,479,863	3,587,502	3,999,162
				<u>"</u>	
Remeasurement loss / (gain) on					

296,184

(171,117)

(166,670)

(206,708)

6.10	The expected gratuity expense for next financial year is:	Rupees
	Current service cost	224,053
	Interest cost for the year	635,776
		859,829
6.11	Expected benefit payments for the next 5 years and beyond	

(460,943)

0.11	Lybected	Dellelli	payments	וטו נוופ	HEAL J	years	anu	Jeyo	IIu

FY 2026	950,484
FY 2027	1,321,097
FY 2028	1,588,825
FY 2029	1,872,726
FY 2030 onwards	17,918,305

#### 6.12 Risks associated with the gratuity scheme

The gratuity scheme is an unfunded scheme. There is no minimum funding requirement for a gratuity scheme. The gratuity benefit liability reflected in the Company accounts provides a reasonable security of the accrued rights because it is likely that the accrued gratuity benefits could be considered as high priority debt in case of insolvency of the sponsor.

#### Interest rate risk:

The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated using a discount rate. A decrease in discount rate will increase the liability and vice versa.

#### Salary risk

obligation

The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the participants will increase the liability and vice versa.

The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the withdrawal rate of participants. As such, an increase in the withdrawal rate may increase / decrease the liability and vice versa depending on the age-service distribution of the exiting employees.

The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of participants during employment. An improvement in the mortality rates of the participants may increase / decrease the liability and vice versa depending on the age-service distribution of the exiting employees.

DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITY This comprises of following:	NOTE	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
Deferred income tax liability on taxable temporary differences in respect of:			
Accelerated tax depreciation		2,012,736	25,621
Surplus on revaluation of property and equipment	5	1,880,947	2,601,374
Investment properties		10,161,049	8,705,231
Deferred income tax asset on deductible temporary differences in respect of:		14,054,732	11,332,226
Provision for gratuity		(1,569,149)	(3,849,779)
Provision against doubtful advances		(87,032)	(40,168)
Provision against doubtful deposits:			
- Long term deposits		(4,434,970)	(4,434,970)
- Short term deposit		(580,000)	(580,000)
Provision against sales tax refundable		(1,127,350)	(1,127,350)
Provision against doubtful receivables		(5,800)	-
Provision against doubtful export rebate and claims		(39,053)	(39,053)
Unused tax losses		(24,244,247)	(34,000,735)
	<u> </u>	(32,087,601)	(44,072,055)
Unrecognized Deferred tax Asset		(18,032,869)	(32,739,829)

7.1 As at 30 June 2025, the Company has aggregated deferred income tax asset amounting to Rs. 18.033 million (2024: Rs. 32.740 million) has not been recognized due to uncertainty in availability of sufficient future taxable profits.

#### 8 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

7

-				
	Creditors		50,371,327	52,672,851
	Contract liabilities - unsecured	8.1	3,845,024	3,023,024
	Property taxes payable	8.3	-	30,332,103
	Other Payables		1,027,143	1,040,153
	Duties and taxes		2,263,646	2,263,646
	Accrued liabilities	8.2	6,192,307	3,240,153
	Workers' welfare fund		1,016,817	1,016,817
	Withholding income tax payable		5,811,406	5,893,351
	Employees' retirement benefit due but not paid	6.1	8,359,107	8,143,107
	Security deposits		6,401,700	7,007,000
			85,288,477	114,632,205
8.1	Contract liabilities - unsecured			
	Unearned Revenue		2,102,000	1,280,000
	Advance from customers	_	1,743,024	1,743,024
			3,845,024	3,023,024

- 8.1.1 Revenue for an amount of Rupees 1.280 million (2024: Rupees 4.464 million) has been recognized in current year in respect of advances from customer at the beginning of period.
- 8.2 It includes payable to directors amounting to Rupees 0.071 million (2024: Rupees 0.072 million).
- 8.3 During the year, the Company settled the property tax case of Rs. 30.332 million with the Rawalpindi Cantonment Board, pursuant to which no payment was required. Accordingly, the related provision was reversed through profit or loss.

#### 9 DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

This represents interest free and unsecured loan obtained by the Company from following related parties to meet day to day expenses and is payable on demand. Reconciliation of balances is as follows:

Mian Habib L	Illah, Director
--------------	-----------------

Balance as at 01 July	-	-
Received during the year	580,000	-
Paid during the year	(340,000)	-
Balance as at 30 June	240,000	-
Sami Ullah, Chief Executive Officer		
Balance as at 01 July	-	6,321,308
Received during the year	3,121,970	2,429,387
Paid during the year	(1,202,793)	(8,750,695)
Balance as at 30 June	1,919,177	-
Sam Corporation (Private) Limited, associated company		
Balance as at 01 July	1,100,000	700,000
Received during the year	200,000	400,000
Balance as at 30 June	1,300,000	1,100,000
DM Ventures, associate		
Balance as at 01 July	-	9,248,135
Received during the year	-	700,000
Paid during the year	-	(9,948,135)
Balance as at 30 June	<u> </u>	-

3,459,177

1,100,000

2025

2024

			2023	2024
10	TAXATION - NET	NOTE	Rupees	Rupees
	Balance as at 01 July		2,479,133	6,988,489
	(Reversal) / provision for the year	29	5,225,210	3,059,888
	Tax deducted at source / paid during the year	_	(4,715,841)	(7,569,244)
	Balance as at 30 June	_	2,988,502	2,479,133

#### 11 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 11.1 Contingencies

- (a) For tax year 2014, assessment order dated 26 April 2016 was passed under section 122(1) read with section 122(9) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, whereby the demand of tax amounting to Rupees 3.8 million was created. The Company filed an appeal before Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIR(A)) and the case was decided against the Company through order dated 19 October 2016. However, the Company filed appeal against the decision of CIR(A) before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) who annulled the order of CIR(A) through judgment dated 3 October 2017. Being aggrieved, the department filed a writ petition against the judgment of ATIR before the Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad. On 19 January 2021, the Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad remanded back the case to ATIR. No provision has been made in these financial statements as the Company is hoping a favorable outcome.
- (b) Assessment Order 03/2014 dated 31-12-2014 was passed by the Assistant Commissioner InlandRevenue under provisions of the Sales Tax Act 1990, SOR-283(1)/2011 & Sales Tax Special Procedure (Withholding) Rules, 2007 whereby the demand of tax amount to Rupees 1.335 million was created. The Company filed an appeal before Commissioner InlandRevenue whereby tax demand was reduced to Rupees 1.092 million vide Order in Appeal No. 214/ dated 29-05-2015. The Company filed Appeal STA-320/IB/2015 before the Appellate Tribunal Inland RevenueIslamabad who vide its Order dated 23-09-2019 annulled the Order in Original. Aggrieved by the decision, the Department filed Sales Tax Reference 01/2020 before Islamabad High Court (IHC). The Islamabad High Court remanded the case back to the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) for reconsideration. The ATIR, Islamabad, finalized the matter in favor of the Department, holding that sales tax was recoverable from the Company. The Company thereafter filed an appeal before the Islamabad High Court, where the matter is currently pending adjudication.
- (c) Assessment Order 02/2015 dated 08-01-2015 was passed by Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue Islamabad whereby tax demand of Rs.63,107/- was created for violations of different provisions of Sales Tax Act. The Company filed Appeal No. 213/2015 before the Commissioner Appeals-1 Islamabad whereby tax demand was vacated vide Order dated 08-01-2015 except penalty u/s 33(5). Aggrieved by the decision of CIR(A), the department filed Appeal No. STA-357/IB/15 before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue Islamabad. Throughits Order dated 29-07-2024, Appellate Tribunal remand back the case to Accessing Officer U/S 112(2) of Sales tax Act 1990 for verification of input tax and adjustment of input tax if paid. The matter is pending adjudication before the Accessing Officer.
- (d) Guarantee of Rupees 7.142 million (2024: Rupees 7.142 million) has been given by the banks of the Company to Islamabad Electric Supply Company against sanction of load.

11.2	Commitments	Nil	Nil

		Co	Cost / Revaluation Amount	ount			Accumulate	Accumulated Depreciation		Revalued Amount/	
Particulars	As at July 01, 2024	Additions/ revaluation	Adjustment	Transfer/Disposal	Transfer/Disposal As at June 30, 2025	As at July 01, 2024	Charge for the year	Adjustment/Disposal	As at June 30, 2025	Written Down Value As At June 30, 2025	RATE
Freehold land	273,220,000	531,928		(262,581,434)	11,170,494					11,170,494	'
Non factory building	40,451,606	226,735	(32,390,266)	(6,813,043)	1,475,032	32,181,277	208,989	(32,390,266)	•	1,475,032	2%
Electric installations	25,672,753	(295,400)	(23,777,353)	•	1,600,000	23,566,753	210,600	(23,777,353)	•	1,600,000	10%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,667,015	42,161	(2,558,176)	•	151,000	2,546,083	12,093	(2,558,176)	•	151,000	10%
Vehicles	20,598,367	5,685,200	(14,633,567)	Ī	11,650,000	13,142,367	1,491,200	(14,633,567)		11,650,000	20%
2025	362,609,741	6,190,624	(73,359,362)	(269,394,477)	26,046,526	71,436,480	1,922,882	(73,359,362)		26,046,526	
Particulars	Cost / Revaluation					Accumulated Depreciation				Revalued Amount/ Written Down Value As At June 30, 2024	RATE %
	Amount									100	
	As at July 01, 2023	Additions/ revaluation	Adjustment	Transfer/Disposal	Transfer/Disposal As at June 30, 2024	As at July 01, 2023	Charge for the year	Adjustment/Disposal	As at June 30, 2024		
Freehold land	273,220,000		•	•	273,220,000			•	•	273,220,000	'
Buildings	40,451,606	•	•		40,451,606	31,745,996	435,281	•	32,181,277	8,270,329	2%
Electric installations	25,672,753			•	25,672,753	23,332,753	234,000	•	23,566,753	2,106,000	10%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,667,015		•		2,667,015	2,532,646	13,437	•	2,546,083	120,932	10%
Vehicles	20,598,367			•	20,598,367	11,278,367	1,864,000	•	13,142,367	7,456,000	20%
2024	362,609,741				362,609,741	68,889,762	2.546,718		71,436,480	291,173,261	

12.1 The revaluation of freehold land, non factory buildings, electric installations, furniture, fixtures, and equipment and

12.2 Had there been no revaluation book value of revalued property, and equipment would have been as follows:

	2025	2024
	Rupees	Rupees
Freehold land	1,437	36,819
buildings	230,047	1,601,487
Electric installations	1,143,143	1,270,159
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	146,480	162,755
Vehicles	4,321,862	5,402,328
	5,842,969	8,473,548

12.3 Forced sale value of Property & Equipment is given below:

Description	Valuation date		Rupees
Land freehold		30 June 2025	9,494,920
Buildings		30 June 2025	1,253,777
Electric installations		30 June 2025	1,360,000
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment		30 June 2025	128,350
Vehicles		30 June 2025	9,902,500

12.4 Particulars of immovable property (i.e. Land & building) in the name of the Company are as follows:

Location	Usage of immovable property	Covered Area (Sqr feet)	Total Area (marlas)
Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi	Offices	5,784	21.26

#### 13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Land	Building	Total
		Rupees	
Year ended 30 June 2025			
Fair value as at 01 July 2024	331,780,000	32,141,975	363,921,975
Investment Property disposed off	-	-	-
Fair value gain/loss	16,820,000	8,694,275	25,514,275
Fair value as at 30 June 2025	348,600,000	40,836,250	389,436,250
Year ended 30 June 2024			
Fair value as at 01 July 2023	411,780,000	37,645,000	449,425,000
Investment Property disposed off	(80,000,000)	(5,503,025)	(85,503,025)
Fair value gain	-	-	-
Fair value as at 30 June 2024	331,780,000	32,141,975	363,921,975

13.1 The fair value of investment properties comprising land and buildings situated at Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi have been determined by an independent valuer, Danish Enterprises as at 30 June 2025.

Forced sale value of these properties as at 30 June 2025 was:

 Land
 Rupees

 Buildings
 296,310,000

 34,710,813
 331,020,813

## 13.2 Particulars of investment properties are as follows:

Description	Address	Total Area
Land	Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi	662 Marla
Buildings	Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi	163.345 Sq. Feet

#### 13.3 Rental income

The rental income in respect of these properties amounting to Rupees 32.481 million (2024: Rupees 32.440 million) has been recognized in the statement of profit or loss and included in 'revenue' (Note 24).

#### 13.4 Leasing arrangement

The Company as a lessor has entered into operating leases on its investment properties portfolio consisting of buildings (i.e. godowns). These leases have terms between 1 to 12 years. All lease arrangements include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions. Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancelable operating leases as at 30 June are as follows:

	2023	2024
	Rupees	Rupees
Upto one year	12,324,800	32,049,306
After one year but not more than 3 years	27,114,560	42,682,860
More than 3 years	134,217,072	143,320,590
	173,656,432	218,052,756

#### 14 ADVANCE AGAINST PROPERTY

An amount of Rupees 51.150 million was given by the Company as advance against purchase of property. The property could not be transferred in the Company's name due to the want of completion of legal formalities. With reference to this advance, the Director (Enforcement) of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide his Order dated 29 November 2007 imposed a penalty of Rupees 100,000 on each of the director except one (nominee NIT) of the Company for contravention of section 196(2j) of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Further directions were given under section 473 for transferring the property in the name of the Company within thirty days from the Order date. The Chief Executive Officer (C.E.O) of the Company filed a revision application with the Appellate Bench of SECP under section 484 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 against this Order on 10 January 2008, where the Appellate Bench decided not to interfere with the impugned order.

The C.E.O also filed an appeal under section 485 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 read with section 34 of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Act, 1997 before the Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench whereby stay order was granted to suspend the operation of above said impugned order. The Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench, in its interim order dated 06 February 2015, granted adjournment with the directions not to transfer/ alienate the property / undertaking of the Company meanwhile. Further, the court, through its order dated 09 December 2015 transferred the case to Islamabad High Court (IHC), Islamabad.

The Board of Directors in the meeting held on 23 April 2014, after getting valuation at forced sale value of Rupees 72.007 million of said property from NAKMS Associates (Private) Limited, resolved that the right in property along with fixtures and fittings to be offered to the C.E.O on the basis of "first right of refusal" at the fixed floor price of Rupees 75.00 million. The Board further decided that an amount of Rupees 48.570 million be adjusted from interest free loan given by C.E.O and his close family members to the Company and the balance amount to be paid in three equal annual instalments of Rupees 8.810 million commencing from 01 May 2015. Accordingly, agreement was made between the Company and the C.E.O under the directions given by the Board of Directors of the Company.

However, the C.E.O in the case proceedings before the Islamabad High Court (IHC), Islamabad on 03 May 2016 has submitted to transfer the property in the name of the Company within sixty days there from. The C.E.O filed a petition before the Islamabad High Court to seek relief on the grounds that the said property has already been attached in the cases titled The Bank of Punjab versus Bilal Fibers Limited and The Bank of Punjab versus Bilal Textiles (Private) Limited wherein the C.E.O was a guarantor. Meanwhile, the Board of directors and the shareholders in their meetings held on 09 October 2016 and 31 October 2016 respectively resolved to reverse the transaction of sale of property to C.E.O, subject to completion of legal formalities and in accordance with rules / law / procedures.

The Company filed a suit before the court of Civil Judge 1st Class (West), Islamabad dated 17 October 2017 against the C.E.O. while making Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and Capital Development Authority parties to the case for directions to transfer the property in the name of the Company. Civil Judge 1st Class (West), Islamabad, vide order dated 28 July 2021 accepted the Company's appeal and directed to submit evidence and vide order dated 13 July 2024, partially decreed the case of the Company to the extent of recovery of remaining amount from the C.E.O. The Company has filed an appeal on 28 September 2024 against the said order before Islamabad High Court (IHC). On 25 October 2024 IHC, Islamabad, suspended the operation of the impugned judgment and decree dated 13 July 2024 until the next date of hearing.

The IHC vide its order dated 16 November 2017, reduced the penalty from Rupees 100,000 to Rupees 50,000 to be paid by each director of the Company within the period of thirty days.

The Company also filed an appeal before the Lahore High Court, Lahore Bench in May 2018 for detachment of the property, so that property can be transferred in the name of the Company, which is pending adjudication.

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan filed an appeal before the IHC, Islamabad, dated 13 September 2018 for execution of IHC decision dated 16 November 2017 to appoint statutory auditors to conduct a special audit to calculate the amount of profit which could have been earned on the amount of Rupees 51.150 million, if invested with any scheduled bank on daily product basis in the relevant period, and further requested the IHC to send notice to Lahore High Court, Lahore, for release of the property. The matter is pending adjudication.

The Bank of Punjab filed an appeal before the Islamabad High Court, Islamabad to set-aside orders dated 03 May 2016 and 16 November 2017. The matter is pending adjudication.

On 24 May 2022, the Company filed an application before Islamabad High Court, Islamabad praying that The Bank of Punjab and Bilal Fibers Limited and Bilal Textiles (Private) Limited have entered into a settlement agreements, hence, the said property may please be declared as lawful property of D.M. Textile Mills Limited. The matter is pending adjudication.

15	LONG TERM INVESTMENT	NOTE	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
	At amortized cost:			
	Term deposit receipts	15.1	6,000,000	6,000,000
	Markup accrued to date		2,171,915	1,526,915
			8,171,915	7,526,915

15.1 These represent term deposit receipts from Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited for the period of five years ending in February 2027, carrying effective interest rate at the rate of 10.75% (2024: 10.75%) per annum. These are under lien with the bank against guarantee given on behalf of the Company.

#### 16 LONG TERM DEPOSITS

WAPDA		-	2,013,310
Sui Gas		6,899,951	7,006,424
Telephone		7,200	7,200
Others		128,100	128,100
Considered doubtful	16.1	15,293,000	15,293,000
		22,328,251	24,448,034
Less: Provision against doubtful deposit		(15,293,000)	(15,293,000)
		7,035,251	9,155,034

- 16.1 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited (SNGPL) Islamabad demanded arrears of Rupees 10.405 million for the period from November 2006 to November 2007 due to doubt on accuracy of meter. The Company filed a case in the Court of Senior Civil Judge Islamabad on 18 December 2007. SNGPL encashed the bank guarantee amounting to Rupees 15.293 million issued to it by NIB Bank Limited on behalf of the Company. However, Civil Judge Islamabad rejected SNGPL claim for excessive billing vide order dated 18 December 2012. SNGPL filed appeal before Additional District and Session Judge, Islamabad vide order dated 18 April 2018 rejected the plaint by stating that an alternate remedy is available to the Company to agitate its grievances before the Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) under section 11 of the OGRA Ordinance, 2002. The Company filed Complaint No. 2495/2021 before OGRA. Executive Director (Complaints) OGRA vide Order No. OGRA-8(2) C-2495/2021 dated 29 April 2024 did not accept the claim of the company. Aggrieved by the Order, the Company has filed Appeal before the OGRA which is pending adjudication.
- 16.2 These deposits are with various utility companies and others. These are not being carried at amortized cost as required by IFRS-9 as the impact was immaterial.

#### 17 INVENTORY

Land	17.1	262,581,434	-
Building	17.1	6,813,043	<u>-</u>
		269,394,477	_

17.1 During the year, the company changed its principal line of business from textile to real estate segment. Accordingly, the Companys land & Building previously classified under Property, and Equipment has been reclassified to Inventories in accordance with IAS 2.

#### 17.2 Particulars of Land and Building are as follows:

	Description Address			Total Area	
	Land Buildings	Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi Westridge, Industrial Area, Rawalpindi		525 Marlas 31,512 Square feet	
18	ADVANCES Unsecured Considered good:				
	- salaries - interes - expenses		11,000 5,000	36,000 5,000	
	Advance to supplier	s	16,000	41,000 153,600 194,600	
	Considered doubted Advances to employ Advances to supplie	vees against salaries	33,110 267,002 300,112	25,110 113,402 138,512	
	Less: Provision aga	inst doubtful advances	(300,112) 16,000	(138,512) 194,600	

18.1 These represent interest free advances given to employees as per the Company's policy for general purpose.

#### 19 DUE FROM RELATED PARTY

It represents receivable from C.E.O against sale of property as more fully explained in Note 14. The maximum amount due from C.E.O at the end of any month during the year was Rupees 17.62 Millions (2024: Rupees 17.62 million) and is outstanding since 2016.

			2025	2024
		NOTE	Rupees	Rupees
20	SHORT TERM DEPOSIT			
	Short term deposit	20.1	2,000,000	2,000,000
	Sui Gas Deposit	20.2	106,473	-
	WAPDA	20.3	2,013,310	-
			4,119,783	2,000,000
	Less: Provision against doubtful deposit		(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
			2,119,783	-

- 20.1 It represents advance given to Messrs. Fauji Foundation for purchase of mill. The Court decided the case in favor of the Company on 10 June 1999. Fauji Foundation filed appeal before Honorable Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench, against the aforesaid order, and provided bank guarantee of Rupees 2 million to the Court. Honorable Lahore High Court remanded the case to the Civil Court who decided the case against the Company. The Company has filed petition in Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench, where the case is still pending.
- 20.2 The Company had previously classified a security deposit of Rupee 0.106 million with Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited (SNGPL) underlong-term deposits. Following the disconnection of the gas connection, the deposit is now expected to be recovered within twelve months and has accordingly been reclassified as a current asset.
- 20.3 The Company had previously classified a security deposit of PKR 2,013,310 with WAPDA under long-term deposits. Following the disconnection, the deposit is now expected to be recovered within twelve months and has accordingly been reclassified as a current asset.

#### 21 OTHER RECEIVABLES

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Col	nci	da	rad	200	~d·

	3,887,414	3,887,414
	(3,887,414)	(3,887,414)
•	-	-
	134,667	134,667
	(134,667)	(134,667)
•	-	-
	20,000	20,000
27	(20,000)	-
•	-	20,000
•	-	20,000
•		
22.1	92,950,670	-
	-	92,950,670
	(6,073,000)	-
	86,877,670	92,950,670
22.2	1,288,381	1,288,381
	199,675	228,825
	1,488,056	1,517,206
22.3	2,277,838	-
	90,643,564	94,467,876
	22.1	(3,887,414)  -  134,667 (134,667)  -  20,000 (20,000)  -  -  (20,000)  -  (6,073,000)  86,877,670  22.2  1,288,381 199,675 1,488,056  22.3  2,277,838

- 22.1 During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company entered into a short-terminvestment arrangement with DM Venture (a related party). As per the terms of the agreement, profit is to be determined and settled within 30 days of the completion of the investment period. Accordingly, an amount of Rs. 1.8 million has been recognized as income in these financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025.
- 22.2 This represents fixed deposit certificates of Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited for a period of one year commenced from 28 August 2024 and 30 October 2024. Return on these certificates will be paid on maturity at the effective rate of 17.5% (2024: 20.00%) per annum. These are under lien with the bank against guarantee given on behalf of the Company.
- 22.3 The Company has invested in Al Meezan Mutual Fund managed by Al Meezan Investment Management Limited. As at the reporting date, the Company holds 45,556.7564 units having a Net Asset Value (NAV) of PKR 50 per unit.

Cash at bank:			NOTE	2025	2024
Cash at bank:         Cash at pascounts         23.1         8,819         2,076,865         224,872           Cash in hand         14,565         224,872         23,384         2,106,928         23,384         2,106,928           23.1         The balances in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) per ansurer.         25.217         22,281,104         2,228,109           23.1         The balances in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) per ansurer.         3,2481,104         2.2           23.2         Revenue from Rent         2,2481,104         2.2         2.2           25.1         COST OF REVENUE         25.1         4,682,176         3.0 <td>23</td> <td>CASH AND BANK BALANCES</td> <td>NOTE</td> <td>Rupees</td> <td>Rupees</td>	23	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	NOTE	Rupees	Rupees
- saving accounts   14,565   29,462	23				
Cash in hand         1,203         21,032,073           23.1         The balances in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) persample.         2,521,30         2,229,100           23.1         The balances in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) persample.         32,481,104			23.1	8,819	2,076,466
Resin hand         1.82m         1.31.75           23.1         The balances in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) personance in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) personance in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) personance in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) personance in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) personance in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) personance in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.25% (2024: 14% to 19%) personance in saving accounts accounts and the personance in saving accounts accounts and the personance in saving accounts accounts and the personance in saving accounts account accounts a		- current accounts			
The balances in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (2024: 14% to 19%) per animal to 19% (2024:				•	
Revenue from Rent   32,481,104		Cash in hand			
Revenue from Rent         32,481,104	23.1	The balances in saving accounts carry interest at the rate of 9.5% to 10.5% (202 $$	4: 14% to 19%) per ann	um.	
	24	REVENUE			
		Revenue from Rent		32,481,104	_
Directors Remuneration					
Salaries, wages and other benefits         25.1         4,682,176         - 2,446,052         - 2,50         - 2,446,052         - 2,50         - 2,446,052         - 2,50         - 2,446,052         - 2,50         - 2,446,052         - 2,50         - 2,446,052         - 2,50         - 2,446,052         - 2,50	25	COST OF REVENUE			
Rent, Rate and Taxes         2,446,052         - 1           Fuel and power         3,340,458         - 2           Travelling and conveyance         6,374,929         - 2           Vehicles running         3,485,301         - 3           Repair and maintenance         5,075,917         - 5           Miscellaneous         1,722,954         - 7           25.1         Salaries, wages and other benefits include provision for gratuity amounting to Rupees 955,810 (2024: Rupees 986,946).         - 7           26.2         ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES         - 10,205,533           Salaries, wages and other benefits         - 2         9,599,200           Printing and stationery         247,491         279,378           Fuel and power         - 247,491         279,378           Fuel and power         544,174         531,117           Travelling and conveyance         - 5,556,642           Vehicles running         544,174         531,117           Travelling and conveyance         - 5,556,642           Vehicles running         90,890         2,600,200           Adventisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         92,890         2,600,200           Abereard subscription         1,773,317 </td <td></td> <td>Directors Remuneration</td> <td></td> <td>6,876,000</td> <td></td>		Directors Remuneration		6,876,000	
Fuel and power		Salaries, wages and other benefits	25.1	4,682,176	-
Travelling and conveyance         6,374,929         1           Vehicles' running         3,455,301         -           Repair and maintenance         1,732,954         -           Miscellaneous         1,732,954         -           25.1         Salaries, wages and other benefits include provision for gratuity amounting to Rupees 955,810 (2024: Rupees 896,946).         -           26.2         ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES         -         -         10,205,533           Property tax         -         -         9,599,200           Printing and stationery         247,491         279,378           Fuel and power         544,174         531,177           Postage and telephone         544,174         531,177           Travelling and conveyance         544,174         531,177           Travelling and conveyance         544,174         531,177           Travelling and professional         1,047,600         680,890           Advertisement         1,047,600         550,6642           Vehicles' running         26.1         635,000         635,000           Repair and maintenance         26.1         635,000         635,000           Legal and professional         26.1         635,000         635,000		Rent, Rate and Taxes		2,446,052	-
Vehicles' unning Repair and maintenance         3,455,301 (575,917 (575))         - Commission           Repair and maintenance         33,983,788 (575,917 (575))         - Commission           25.1         Salaries, wages and other benefits include provision for gratuity amounting to Rupees 955,810 (2024: Rubses 956,936).         - Commission           25.1         ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES         9,599,200           25.2         Salaries, wages and other benefits         1 (2,05,533)           Property tax         2         4,833,154           Property tax         2         4,833,154           Postage and behaviore         544,174         53,11,77           Fuel and power         544,174         53,11,77           Fuel and power         544,174         53,11,77           Travelling and conveyance         544,174         53,11,77           Repair and maintenance         1,047,160         56,62           Repair and maintenance         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         26.1         635,000         680,890           Advertisement         26.1         635,000         635,000           Legal and professional         26.1         635,000         260,200           Depreciation         1,773,317         1,946,123		Fuel and power		3,340,458	-
Repair and maintenance Miscellaneous         5,075,917 (1,732,954)		Travelling and conveyance		6,374,929	-
Miscellaneous		Vehicles' running		3,455,301	-
Salaries, wages and other benefits include provision for gratuity amounting to Rupees 955,810 (2024; Rupees 896,946).   Salaries, wages and other benefits		Repair and maintenance		5,075,917	-
25.1 Salaries, wages and other benefits include provision for gratuity amounting to Rupees 955,810 (2024: Rubees 896,946).           26 ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES           Salaries, wages and other benefits		Miscellaneous		1,732,954	-
Salaries, wages and other benefits   10,205,533   Property tax   247,491   279,378   Property tax   247,491   279,378   Printing and stationery   247,491   279,378   Puel and power   544,174   531,117   Travelling and conveyance   544,174   531,117   Travelling and conveyance   544,174   531,117   Travelling and conveyance   544,174   531,117   Travelling and maintenance   1,047,160   Entertainment   680,890   Advertisement   920,800   2,600,20				33,983,788	-
Salaries, wages and other benefits	25.1	Salaries, wages and other benefits include provision for gratuity amounting to Ru	pees 955,810 (2024: R	upees 896,946).	
Property tax         - 9,599,200           Printing and stationery         247,491         279,378           Fuel and power         48,33,154           Postage and telephone         544,174         531,117           Travelling and conveyance         -         5,556,642           Vehicles' running         -         3,395,093           Repair and maintenance         10,47,160         680,890           Entertainment         920,800         2,600,200           Advertisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         26,1         635,000         260,200           Auditor's remuneration         26,1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         177,3,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26,2         108,600         288,280           By Audit fee         455,000         456,303,309           4,173,317         1,546,123         456,303,309           26.1         Audit fee         455,000         455,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000         55,	26	ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
Printing and stationery         247,491         279,378           Fuel and power         -         4,833,154           Postage and telephone         544,174         531,117           Travelling and conveyance         -         5,556,642           Vehicles' running         -         3,395,093           Repair and maintenance         -         1,047,160           Entertainment         680,890           Advertisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         920,800         2,600,200           Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         177,3317         1,946,123         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718         1,433,791           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791         1,461,223         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791         1,433,791		Salaries, wages and other benefits		-	10,205,533
Fuel and power		Property tax		-	9,599,200
Postage and telephone         544,174         531,117           Travelling and conveyance         -         5,556,642           Vehicles' running         -         3,395,093           Repair and maintenance         1,047,160           Entertainment         680,890           Advertisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         920,800         2,600,200           Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         188,600         288,280           Audit fee         455,000         455,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         125,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         125,000         635,000           27         OTHER EXPENSES         -         361,237           28         295,400         -           Allowance for ECL against the advances         16		Printing and stationery		247,491	279,378
Travelling and conveyance         -         5,556,642           Vehicles' running         -         3,395,093           Repair and maintenance         1,047,160           Entertainment         680,890           Advertisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         920,800         2,600,200           Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         12         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         108,600         288,280           8,386,255         45,633,379           26.1         Auditor's remuneration         455,000         25,000           Audit fee         455,000         55,000         55,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         635,000         635,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         27         7         7         7         7         7         7         7 </td <td></td> <td>Fuel and power</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>4,833,154</td>		Fuel and power		-	4,833,154
Vehicles running         - 3,395,093           Repair and maintenance         1,047,160           Entertainment         680,890           Advertisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         920,800         2,600,200           Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         12         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         108,600         288,280           To addition         5,000         28,280           Audit fee         455,000         455,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         125,000           635,000         125,000         635,000           7         07HER EXPENSES         5         5           Commission         -         361,237           Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets         12         295,400         -           Allowance for ECL against the advances         161,600         -           Allowan		Postage and telephone		544,174	531,117
Repair and maintenance         1,047,160           Entertainment         680,890           Advertisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         920,800         2,600,200           Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         12         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         108,600         288,280           To additor's remuneration         26.2         108,600         288,280           Audit fee         455,000         455,000         55,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         25,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         125,000         25,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         2         295,400         -           27         OTHER EXPENSES         2         295,400         -           28.2         20,000		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	
Entertainment         680,890           Advertisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         920,800         2,600,200           Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         188,600         288,280           B,386,255         45,633,379           26.1         Auditor's remuneration         455,000         455,000           Audit fee         455,000         55,000         55,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         125,000         125,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         125,000         635,000         635,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         2         295,400         -           27         OTHER EXPENSES         2         295,400         -           28.28         20         -         361,237           29.40				-	
Advertisement         177,400         55,100           Legal and professional         920,800         2,600,200           Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         12         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         20,2056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         108,600         288,280           Bayse         8,386,255         45,633,379           26.1         Auditor's remuneration         455,000         455,000           Audit fee         455,000         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         125,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         125,000         635,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         125,000         635,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         2         295,400         -           27         OTHER EXPENSES         2         295,400         -           28         Allowance for ECL agai		•			
Legal and professional         920,800         2,600,200           Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         20,565,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         108,600         288,280           Auditor's remuneration         3,386,255         45,633,379           26.1         Auditor's remuneration         455,000         455,000           Audit fee         455,000         55,000         55,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         125,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         2           27         OTHER EXPENSES         5         5           Commission         -         361,237           Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets         12         295,400         -           Allowance for ECL against the advances         161,600         -           Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables         21         20,000					
Auditor's remuneration         26.1         635,000         635,000           Fees and subscription         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         108,600         288,280           Auditor's remuneration         26.2         108,600         288,280           Audit fee         455,000         455,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         125,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         25,000         55,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         25,000         635,000           27         OTHER EXPENSES         2         295,400         -           Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets         12         295,400         -           Allowance for ECL against the advances         161,600         -           Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables         21         20,000         -				,	
Fees and subscription         1,773,317         1,946,123           Depreciation         12         1,922,882         2,546,718           Miscellaneous         2,056,591         1,433,791           Donations         26.2         108,600         288,280           8,386,255         45,633,379           26.1         Auditor's remuneration         3,386,255         45,633,379           Audit fee         455,000         455,000         55,000           Half yearly review         55,000         55,000         55,000           Other certification         125,000         125,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         361,200         635,000           26.2         OTHER EXPENSES         2         295,400         -           Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets         12         295,400         -           Allowance for ECL against the advances         161,600         -           Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables         21         20,000         -		•	22.4		
Depreciation   12   1,922,882   2,546,718   Miscellaneous   2,056,591   1,433,791   1,433,791   26.2   108,600   288,280   8,386,255   45,633,379   26.1   Auditor's remuneration   455,000   455,000   455,000   455,000   455,000   2635,000			26.1		
Niscellaneous   2,056,591   1,433,791		p	10		
Donations         26.2         108,600 8,386,255         288,280 45,633,379           26.1         Auditor's remuneration         Audit fee 455,000 455,000 455,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 50,00			12		
8,386,255         45,633,379           26.1 Auditor's remuneration           Audit fee Half yearly review Other certification         455,000 55,000 55,000 125,0			26.2		
Audit fee Half yearly review Other certification       455,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 125,000 125,000 635,		Donations	20.2		
Half yearly review Other certification       55,000 125,000 125,000 125,000 125,000 635,000 635,000         26.2       None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.         27       OTHER EXPENSES         Commission Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets Allowance for ECL against the advances Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables       12 295,400 29,400 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	26.1	Auditor's remuneration			
Other certification         125,000 / 635,000         125,000 / 635,000           26.2         None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.                 27               OTHER EXPENSES                 Commission               -               361,237                    Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets               12               295,400               -                     Allowance for ECL against the advances                   161,600                   -                     Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables                   21                  20,000                   -		Audit fee		455,000	455,000
26.2 None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.  27 OTHER EXPENSES  Commission Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets Allowance for ECL against the advances Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables  28 635,000 635,000 635,000 635,000  361,237 12 295,400 - 161,600 - 161,600 - 17 20,000 - 18 20,000 - 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20					55,000
26.2 None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the donne's fund.  27 OTHER EXPENSES  Commission Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets Allowance for ECL against the advances Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables 21 20,000 -		Other certification			
27 OTHER EXPENSES         - 361,237           Commission Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets         12         295,400         - 361,237           Allowance for ECL against the advances Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables         161,600         - 20,000         - 361,237	26.2	None of the directors and their spouses have any interest in the danne's fund		635,000	635,000
Commission-361,237Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets12295,400-Allowance for ECL against the advances161,600-Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables2120,000-		· · · · ·			
Revaluation loss on operating fixed assets12295,400-Allowance for ECL against the advances161,600-Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables2120,000-				-	361.237
Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables 21 <b>20,000</b> -			12	295,400	-
Allowance for ECL against the doubtful receivables 21 <b>20,000</b> -		Allowance for ECL against the advances		161,600	-
•			21	20,000	-
		-			361,237

28	OTHER INCOME	NOTE	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
	Income from financial assets			
	Dividend Income	Г	276,424	-
	Return on deposits with banks		1,780	83,341
	Return on investments		844,675	873,825
	Profit from DM venture		1,800,000	2,500,000
	from floorid		2,922,879	3,457,166
	Income from non-financial assets Gain on Disposal of Investment Properties	Г	-	26,846,975
	Fair value gain on investment property		25,514,275	-
	Liability written back		30,332,103	-
	Rental income	28.1	-	32,439,585
	Interest Sui Gas Mud sale		283,135	1,311,000
		L	56,129,513	60,597,560
		-	59,052,392	64,054,726
		=		
29	LEVIES	29.1	8,273,011 8,273,011	3,059,888 3,059,888
		=		
29.1	These represent minimum tax under section 113C of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, re	epresenting levies in te	rms of requirements of	IFRIC 21/IAS 37.
30	TAXATION			
	current year	30.1	-	-
	prior year	-	(3,047,801)	
	Deferred income tax		(3,047,801) (1,860,361)	- 85,893
	Bolottod moothle tax	-	(4,908,162)	85,893
30.1	Provision for current tax represents alternative corporate tax only because of gross I 83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation			osses of Rupees
30.1 <b>31</b>	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or	n is not being presente	d.	·
	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	n is not being presente	d. <b>45,299,924</b>	14,853,558
	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or	n is not being presente	45,299,924 3,052,429	·
	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares	n is not being presente n: (Rupees) <u> </u>	d. <b>45,299,924</b>	14,853,558
	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429	14,853,558 3,052,429
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or  (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429	14,853,558 3,052,429
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:  Depreciation	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84 48,664,773 1,922,882	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:  Depreciation  Provision for gratuity	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84 48,664,773	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:  Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84 48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 -	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:  Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84 48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84 48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:  Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84 48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975)
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:  Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investments  Finance cost  Dividend Income	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341)
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property  Return on investments  Finance cost	n is not being presente  (Rupees) (Numbers)	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424) 1,210,369	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341) (3,576,138)
31 32	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investments  Finance cost  Dividend Income  Working capital changes	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341)
31	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property  Return on investments  Finance cost  Dividend Income  Working capital changes  (Increase) / decrease in current assets:	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424) 1,210,369 (3,696,888)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341) (3,576,138) (9,876,505)
31 32	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property  Return on investments  Finance cost  Dividend Income  Working capital changes  (Increase) / decrease in current assets:  Advances	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424) 1,210,369 (3,696,888)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341) (3,576,138)
31 32	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property  Return on investments  Finance cost  Dividend Income  Working capital changes  (Increase) / decrease in current assets:	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424) 1,210,369 (3,696,888)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341) (3,576,138) (9,876,505)
31 32	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property  Return on investments  Finance cost Dividend Income  Working capital changes  (Increase) / decrease in current assets:  Advances  Short Term Deposits	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424) 1,210,369 (3,696,888)  178,600 (2,119,783)	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341) (3,576,138) (9,876,505) 3,077,600
31 32	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property  Return on investments  Finance cost Dividend Income  Working capital changes  (Increase) / decrease in current assets:  Advances  Short Term Deposits  Other receivables	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424) 1,210,369 (3,696,888)  178,600 (2,119,783) 20,000	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341) (3,576,138) (9,876,505) 3,077,600 - 1,568,206
31 32	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property  Return on investments  Finance cost Dividend Income  Working capital changes  (Increase) / decrease in current assets:  Advances  Short Term Deposits Other receivables  Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424) 1,210,369 (3,696,888)  178,600 (2,119,783) 20,000 (1,921,183)  772,375 2,359,177	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341) (3,576,138) (9,876,505) 3,077,600 - 1,568,206 4,645,806 6,947,499 (15,169,443)
31 32	83.6 million (2024: Rupees 117.243 million). Consequently, tax charge reconciliation  EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings / (loss) per share which is based or (Loss) / profit attributable to ordinary shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares  (Loss) / earning per share  CASH USED IN OPERATIONS  PROFIT BEFORE LEVIES AND TAXATION  Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Depreciation  Provision for gratuity  Gain on disposal of Investment Properties  Revaluation Loss on PPE  Liability written back  Fair value gain on investment property  Return on investments  Finance cost  Dividend Income  Working capital changes  (Increase) / decrease in current assets:  Advances  Short Term Deposits  Other receivables  Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities  Trade and other payables	n is not being presente  (Rupees) = (Numbers) = (Rupees) =	45,299,924 3,052,429 14.84  48,664,773 1,922,882 955,810 - 295,400 (30,332,103) (25,514,275) (645,000) 21,680 (276,424) 1,210,369 (3,696,888)  178,600 (2,119,783) 20,000 (1,921,183)  772,375	14,853,558 3,052,429 4.87 17,999,339 2,546,718 896,946 (26,846,975) - - (873,825) 60,771 (83,341) (3,576,138) (9,876,505) 3,077,600 - 1,568,206 4,645,806 6,947,499

#### 33 SHARIAH COMPLIANT DISCLOSURE

		2025	2024
	NOTE	Rupees	Rupees
Statement of Financial Position		2,277,838	-
Short term Shariah compliant investments	22	3,421	6,611
Shariah compliant bank deposits, bank balances	23		
Statement of comprehensive income		276,424	-
Dividend on Shariah compliant investments	22	1,780	83,341
Return on Shariah compliant bank deposits, bank balances			

#### Relationship with Shariah Compliant Financial Institutions

The Company maintains its bank deposits with Meezan Bank Limited, an Islamic bank, and has investments in Shariah-compliant mutual funds of Al Meezan Mutual Fund managed by Al Meezan Investment Management Limited.

#### 34 REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND DIRECTORS

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the year for remuneration including certain benefits to the chief executive officer and directors of the Company are as follows:

	Chief Execu	Chief Executive Officer		ctor	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
		R	upees		
remuneration	6,000,000	6,000,000	876,000	776,000	
s and Perquisites	2,933,666	2,376,172	-	-	
	8,933,666	10,752,344	876,000	776,000	
_					

#### Number of persons

- 34.1 Chief Executive Officer is provided with the Company's maintained vehicle, personal and family's free medical facilities, personal and family's travelling, residential telephone facilities for both business and personal use and entertainment expenses at actual and 1 (2024: 1) director is provided with the Company's maintained vehicle.
- 34.2 The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements in respect of directors' meeting fee was Rupees Nil (2024: Rupees Nil).
- 34.3 No remuneration was paid to non-executive directors.

#### 35 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

35.1 The company has related party relationship with its directors and key management personnel. Remuneration given to chief executive, directors and executives are in accordance with their terms of employment as disclosed in note 33 to the financial statements. Following are the relationship with related parties. Balances and transactions with related parties are disclosed in relevant notes to these financial statements.

	Name	Basis of relationship	Name of Director	Percentage of	shareholding
	Sam Corporation (Private) Limited	Common directorship	Mr. Sami Ullah	N/A	
	DM Ventures	Common directorship	Mr. Sami Ullah	N/A	
				2025	2024
36	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES				
	Number of employees as at 30 Jun	ne		6	7
	Average number of employees dur	ing the year		7	8

#### 37 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 37.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, other price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Company's finance department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Company's finance department evaluates and hedges financial risks. The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as currency risk, other price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

The Company is not exposed to currency risk as it has no receivables and payables denominated in foreign currency.

#### (ii) Other price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrumentor its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instrument traded in the market. As at 30 June 2025, the Company is not exposed to commodity price risks.

#### (iii) Interest rate risk

This represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company's interest rate risk arises from investments and bank balances in saving accounts. Financial instruments at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. Financial instruments at fixed rate expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk.

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Companys interest bearing financial instruments was:

	2025	2024
	Rupees	Rupees
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets		
Long term investment	8,171,915	7,526,915
Short term investments	1,488,056	1,517,206
Floating rate instruments		
Financial assets		
Short term investments	2,277,838	-
Bank balances - saving accounts	8,819	2,076,466

## Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value throughprofit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

If interest rates at the year end date, fluctuates by 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, profit before taxation for the year would have been Rupees 22,867 (2024: Rupees 20,765) higher / lower, mainly as a result of higher / lower interest on floating rate instruments. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of financial instruments outstanding at reporting date were outstanding for the whole year.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	2025	2024
	Rupees	Rupees
Long term investment	8,171,915	7,526,915
Short term investments	90,643,564	94,467,876
Due from related party	17,619,962	17,619,962
Deposits	7,035,251	9,155,034
Advances	11,000	36,000
Other receivables	-	20,000
Bank balances	23,384	2,105,928
	123,505,076	130,931,715

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (If available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

		Rating		2025	2024
	Short term	Long term	Agency	Rupees	Rupees
Banks					
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	2,487	2,487
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	2,307	1,218
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	6,184	7,093
Silkbank Limited	A2	A-	VIS	-	8,265
The Bank of Khyber	A1	AA-	VIS	2,050	2,050
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	3,648	3,364
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	3,288	6,349
Meezan Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	3,421	2,075,102
				23,385	2,105,928
Investments				,	
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	9,659,971	9,044,121
				9,683,356	11,150,049

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal.

#### Deposits, advances, other receivables and due from related parties

The Company has made deposits with the utility companies and others. The management does not expect to incur material losses on such deposit and consider such amount is receivable upon termination of service contract with respective parties expect for the provisions made and are disclosed in relevant notes.

With respect to advances to employees, other receivables and due from related parties, management has assessed that there is no impairment loss and these are recoverable in full expect for the provisions made and are disclosed in relevant notes.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash, short term investment and the availability of funding through sponsors' support. As at 30 June 2025, the Company had Rupees 25,213 (2024: Rupees 2,239,103) cash and bank balances. Following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments. The amount disclosed in the table are undiscounted cash flows:

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 30 June 2025.

	Carrying	Contractual	6 months or
	amount	cash flows	less
		Rupees	
Non-derivative financial liabilities:			
Trade and other payables	71,324,441	71,324,441	71,324,441
Due to related parties	3,459,177	3,459,177	3,459,177
Unclaimed dividend	144,947	144,947	144,947
	74,928,565	74,928,565	74,928,565
	0004		

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 30 June 2024.

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less
		Rupees	
Non-derivative financial liabilities:			
Trade and other payables	71,063,111	71,063,111	71,063,111
Due to related parties	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000
Unclaimed dividend	144,947	144,947	144,947
	72,308,058	72,308,058	72,308,058

The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of interest rates / mark up rates effective as at 30 June.

## 37.2 Financial instruments by categories

	2025
As at 30 June	Rupees
Long term investment	8,171,915
Short Term Investments	90,643,564
Due from related party	17,619,962
Deposits	9,155,034
Advances	11,000
Other receivables	20,000
Cash and bank balances	25,213
	125,646,688
	Financial liabilit
	со
	2025

Financial liabilities at amortized			
cos	t		
2025	2024		
Rupees	Rupees		
71,324,441	71,063,111		
3,459,177	1,100,000		
144,947	144,947		
74,928,565	72,308,058		

Financial assets at amortized cost

2024

Rupees 7,526,915

94,467,876

17,619,962

9,155,034

36,000

20,000

2,239,103

131,064,890

Trade and other payables Due to related parties Unclaimed dividend

## 37.3 Reconciliation to the line items presented in the statement of financial position is as follows:

		2025			2024	
			Total as per			Total as per
	Financial	Non-financial	statement of	Financial	Non-financial	statement of
	assets	assets	financial	assets	assets	financial
			position			position
		Rupees			Rupees	
Assets as per statement of fir	nancial position					
Advances	11,000	5,000	16,000	36,000	158,600	194,600
Other receivables	-	-	-	20,000	-	20,000
Long term investment	8,171,915	-	8,171,915	7,226,915	-	7,226,915
Short term investment	90,643,564		90,643,564	94,467,876		94,467,876
Deposits	7,035,251	-	7,035,251	9,155,034	-	9,155,034
Cash and bank balances	25,213	-	25,213	2,239,103	-	2,239,103
	105,886,943	5,000	105,891,943	113,144,928	158,600	113,303,528
	2025			2024		
			Total as per			Total as per
	Financial liabilities	Non-financial liabilities	statement of financial position	Financial liabilities	Non-financial liabilities	statement of financial position
	Rupees			Rupees		
Liabilities as per statement of	f financial position					
Trade and other payables	71,324,441	13,964,036	85,288,477	62,920,004	51,712,201	114,632,205
Due to related parties	3,459,177	-	3,459,177	1,100,000	-	1,100,000
Unclaimed dividend	144,947	-	144,947	144,947	-	144,947
	74,928,565	13,964,036	88,892,601	64,164,951	51,712,201	115,877,152

### 37.4 Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

As on reporting date, recognized financial instruments are not subject to offsetting as there are no enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

#### 38 RECOGNIZED FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy

Judgements and estimates are made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value in these financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company classify its financial instruments into the following three levels. However, as at the reporting date, the Company has no such type of financial instruments which are required to be grouped into these levels. These levels are explained as under:

Level 1: The fair value of financial instrumentstraded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counterderivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrumentis included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

#### 39 RECOGNIZED FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS - NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy

Judgments and estimates are made in determining the fair value of non-financial assets that are recognised and measured at fair value in these financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its non-financial assets into the following three levels.

At 30 June 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		R	upees	
Freehold land	-	11,170,494	-	11,170,494
Non factory buildings	-	1,475,032	-	1,475,032
Electric installations	-	1,600,000	-	1,600,000
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	-	151,000	-	151,000
Vehicles	-	11,650,000	-	11,650,000
	-	26,046,526	-	26,046,526
Investment properties - land and building	-	389,436,250	-	389,436,250
Total non-financial assets	-	415,482,776	-	415,482,776

At 30 June 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		Rı	upees	
Freehold land	-	273,220,000	-	273,220,000
Non factory buildings	-	8,270,329	-	8,270,329
Electric installations	-	2,106,000	-	2,106,000
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	-	120,932	-	120,932
Vehicles		7,456,000	-	7,456,000
	-	291,173,261	-	291,173,261
Investment properties - land and building		363,921,975	-	363,921,975
Total non-financial assets		655,095,236	-	655,095,236

The Companys policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchylevels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 for recurring fair value measurements during the year. Further, there was no transfer in and out of level 3 measurements.

#### (ii) Valuation techniques used to determine level 2 fair values

The Company obtains independent valuations for its property and equipment and investment properties after regular intervals. The management updates the assessment of the fair value of each property, taking into account the most recent independent valuations. The management determine a property's value within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. The best evidence of fair value of land is current prices in an active market for similar lands. The best evidence of fair value of buildings is to calculate fair depreciated market value by applying an appropriate annual rate of depreciation on the new construction/ replacement value of the same building. The best evidence of fair value of electric installations, furniture fixtures and office equipment and vehicles is to calculate fair depreciated market value by applying an appropriate annual rate of depreciation on the replacement value / new purchase of the same and electric installation.

#### Valuation processes

The Company engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of the Companys property plant and equipment and investment properties after regular intervals. The fair values of property plant and equipment and investment properties, have been determined by Danish Enterprises and Construction (the valuer) as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2025 respectively.

Changes in fair values are analyzed at each reporting date during the annual valuation discussion between the Chief Financial Officer and the valuers. As part of this discussion the team presents a report that explains the reason for the fair value movements.

#### 40 NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DATE

There are no events after the statement of financial position date that require adjustment to these financial statements. The matter disclosed in Note 1, relating to the Companys removal from the Defaulters Segment of PSX, is a non-adjusting event and has been presented for disclosure purposes only.

#### 41 Segment information

The Company has assessed the applicability of IFRS 8 Operating Segments reporting is not applicable, as the Company has only one principal source of revenue and operates under a single line of business.

#### 42 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on October 03,2025 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### 43 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged or reclassified, wherever considered necessary, to reflect more appropriate presentation and to facilitate comparison with the currentyears financial statements. Such reclassifications do not have any impact on the reported results of the current or prior periods.

#### 44 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER** 

DIRECTOR

## **KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA**

	pees			

Period ended			30 Ju	ne	(110	<u>ipoc3 iii 000)</u>
Particulars	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Fixed Assets	415,482	655,095	743,145	746,208	582,280	577,869
Long term deposits/investments	15,207	16,681	16,037	15,389	9,151	16,509
Current assets	379,819	114,541	24,031	29,457	41,636	82,781
Total	810,508	786,317	783,213	791,054	633,067	677,159
Shareholder's equity	415,572	114,557	40,642	54,267	(17,829)	(67,036)
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	267,120	517,748	577,020	577,710	512,149	574,875
	682,692	632,305	617,662	631,977	494,320	507,839
Long term liabilities	5,411	5,131	4,479	3,587	3,999	3,817
Deferred liabilities	-	-	-	-	2,907	4,517
Current liabilities	91,881	118,356	130,546	124,965	108,586	131,694
Total	97,292	123,487	135,025	128,552	115,492	140,028
Profit & (Loss)						
Turn over	32,481	-	-	-	-	-
Cost of Sales	33,984					
Gross profit/Loss)	(1,503)	-	-	-	(28)	46,800
Operating profit/(loss)	48,686	18,060	(27,363)	81,292	(8,817)	19,061
Finance charges	22	(61)	(175)	(185)	(175)	(213)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	40,391	14,939	(27,538)	81,106	(8,992)	18,847
Profit/(loss) after taxation	45,300	14,853	(14,193)	71,193	(13,666)	13,509
Net profit/(loss)	45,300	14,853	(14,193)	71,193	(13,666)	13,509
Earning/(loss) per share	14.84	4.87	(4.65)	23.32	(4.48)	4.43

## **FORM 20**

### THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (Section 227(2)(f)) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

1.1 Name of the Company

D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED

2.1. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

30-06-2025

			Shareh	oldings	
PHY	CDC 4. N	lo. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
133	39	172	1	100	7,714
59	16	75	101	500	21,531
18	7	25	501	1,000	19,833
13	10	23	1,001	5,000	48,910
6	4	10	5,001	10,000	75,200
1	1	2	10,001	15,000	21,907
	2	2	15,001	20,000	33,600
1	3	4	20,001	25,000	95,651
	1	1	25,001	30,000	25,169
	2	2	30,001	35,000	61,275
	2	2	40,001	45,000	86,000
1		1	75,001	80,000	77,700
3		3	85,001	90,000	262,948
2		2	95,001	100,000	197,530
	1	1	100,001	105,000	100,715
1		1	130,001	135,000	130,124
1	1	2	135,001	140,000	275,652
1	1	2	150,001	155,000	303,189
	1	1	260,001	265,000	263,508
	1	1	265,001	270,000	269,614
1		1	670,001	675,000	674,659
241	92	333			3,052,429

2.3 Categories of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
2.3.1 Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children	1,288,387	42.2086%
2.3.2 Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties. (Parent Company)	0	0.0000%
2.3.3 NIT and ICP	269,876	8.8414%
2.3.4 Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.	1,474	0.0483%
2.3.5 Insurance Companies	0	0.0000%
2.3.6 Modarabas and Mutual Funds	0	0.0000%
2.3.7 Shareholders holding 10% or more	674,659	22.1024%
2.3.8 General Public		
a. Local b. Foreign	1,453,407 0	47.6148% 0.0000%
<ul><li>2.3.9 Others (to be specified)</li><li>Joint Stock Companies</li><li>Pension Funds</li><li>Others</li></ul>	7,430 30,775 1,080	0.2434% 1.0082% 0.0354%

## D.M. CORPORATION LIMITED

# Categories of Shareholding required under Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) As on June 30, 2025

Sr. No.	Name	No. of	Percentage		
		Shares Held	3.		
Associate	d Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties (Name Wise De	tail): -	-		
Mutual Fu	nds (Name Wise Detail)	_	_		
wutuai i u	ilus (Name Wise Detail)	_	_		
Directors	and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):				
1	MIAN HABIB ULLAH (CDC)	263,508	8.6327		
2	MR. ABRAR ALAM	108,200	3.5447		
3	MR. MOHAMMAD SULEMAN KHAN	100	0.0033		
4	MR. AMEER ZEB (CDC)	139,500	4.5701		
5	MR. SAMI ULLAH	674,659	22.1024		
6	RAO KHALID PERVAIZ	650	0.0213		
7	SYED HAMEED UL HAQ (CDC)	1,770	0.0580		
8	MRS. RIFFAT HABIB W/O HABIB ULLAH	100,000	3.2761		
Executive					
Executive	S.	-	-		
Public Sec	ctor Companies & Corporations:	-	-		
•	evelopment Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance es, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Fund	32,249	1.0565		
Sharehold	lers holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed com	pany (Name W	/ise Detail)		
1	MR. SAMI ULLAH	674,659	22.1024		
2	MIAN HABIB ULLAH (CDC)	263,508	8.6327		
3	CDC -TRUSTEE NATIOANAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST (CDC)		8.8328		
4	MST. NARGIS SHAUKAT (CDC)	153,173	5.0181		
All trades in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children shall also be disclosed:					
S.No	NAME	SALE	PURCHASE		
-	-	-			

## **PROXY FORM**

		S/o, W/o, D/o	
resio	dence of		
bein	g a member of <b>D.M. Corporati</b> o	on Limited (Formely D.M. Textile Mills Ltd.)	) and holder of
ordir	nary share as per Share Regi	ster Folio No. / Account No	hereby appoint
Mr./N	Mrs./Ms	S/o	
resic	lence of	or failing him	
S/o .		residence of	
		ny behalf at the Annual General Meeting / Extr 28th October 2025 and or at any adjourn	
Sign	ed this	day of	October 2025
Sign 1.	Witness: Signature		Affix Revenue Stamps of Rs. 5/-

## Note:

- 1. Proxies in order to be effective, must be received at the company's Registered office, Westridge Rawalpindi, not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- 2. CDC shareholders are requested to bring with them their National Identity Cards along with the participants' ID numbers and their account numbers at the time of attending the AGM/EOGM in order to facilitate identification of the respective shareholders.

## **PROXY FORM**

I/We	)	S/o, W/o, D/o	
resio	dence of		
bein	g a member of <b>D.M. Corporatio</b>	on Limited (Formely D.M. Textile Mills Ltd	.) and holder of
ordir	nary share as per Share Regi	ster Folio No. / Account No	hereby appoint
Mr./N	Mrs./Ms	S/o	
resio	dence of	or failing him	
S/o .		residence of	
as m	ny proxy to attend and vote on m	ny behalf at the Annual General Meeting / Ex	tra Ordinary General Meeting
of th	e Company to be held on	28th October 2025 and or at any adjou	rnment thereof
Sign	ned this	day of	October 2025
1.	Witness:		Affix
	Signature		Revenue
	Name		Stamps of Rs. 5/-
	Address		KS. 3/-
	CNIC No.		
2.	Witness:	Signa	ture of Member as per specimen
	Signature		ture registered with the Company
	Name	Sharahaldar'a E	Folio No
	Address		Olio No.
	CNIC No.		
	CINIC INU.	CNIC NO	

## Note:

- 1. Proxies in order to be effective, must be received at the company's Registered office, Westridge Rawalpindi, not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- 2. CDC shareholders are requested to bring with them their National Identity Cards along with the participants' ID numbers and their account numbers at the time of attending the AGM/EOGM in order to facilitate identification of the respective shareholders.