



ANNUAL REPORT

— June 2026 —

Islamic Funds



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mr. Imran Sarwar (Chairperson)

Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer

Ms. Huma Pasha

Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan

Mr. Aleeh Khalid Ghaznavi

Audit Committee

Ms. Huma Pasha (Chairperson)

Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer

Mr. Aleeh Khalid Ghaznavi

Risk and Compliance Committee

Mr. Imran Sarwar (Chairperson)

Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi

Ms. Huma Pasha

Human Resource and Compensation Committee

Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer (Chairperson)

Mr. Imran Sarwar

Mr. Aleeh Khalid Ghaznavi

Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi

Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan

Shariah Advisory Board

Mufti Muhammad Hassaan Kaleem
Member

Mufti Muhammad Najeem Khan
Member

Chief Financial Officer

Muhamamd Zuhair Abbas

Company Secretary

Mubeen Ashraf

Registered Office

4th Floor, STSM Building,
Beaumont Road, Civil Lines,
Karachi, Pakistan.

Head Office

4th Floor, STSM Building,
Beaumont Road, Civil Lines,
Karachi, Pakistan.
UAN: (92-21) 111-825-262
Fax: (92-21) 32214930

Date of incorporation of the Management Company / Pension Fund Manager

Incorporated in Pakistan on
April 3, 2001 as a Public Limited
Company under the Companies
Ordinance, 1984

Management Quality Rating

AM1 by VIS Credit Rating Company

Funds / Plans under Management

UBL Liquidity Plus Fund
Launch Date: June 21, 2009

UBL Government Securities Fund
Launch Date: July 27, 2011

UBL Money Market Fund
Launch Date: October 14, 2010

UBL Income Opportunity Fund
Launch Date: March 29, 2013

UBL Growth and Income Fund
Launch Date: March 2, 2006

UBL Asset Allocation Fund
Launch Date: August 20, 2013

UBL Stock Advantage Fund
Launch Date: August 4, 2006

Al-Ameen Islamic Sovereign Fund
Launch Date: November 7, 2010

Al-Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund
Launch Date: October 20, 2007

Al-Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Plan-I
Launch Date: April 16, 2020

Al-Ameen Shariah Stock Fund
Launch Date: December 24, 2006

Al-Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund
Launch Date: December 10, 2013

UBL Cash Fund
Launch Date: September 23, 2019

Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Fund
Launch Date: September 17, 2012

Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Plan-I
Launch Date: May 29, 2020

UBL Liquidity Fund
Launch Date: September 05, 2025

UBL Pakistan Enterprise Exchange Traded Fund
Launch Date: March 24, 2020

UBL Financial Sector Fund
Launch Date: April 6, 2018

UBL Special Saving Fund
Launch Date: November 9, 2018

UBL Retirement Savings Fund
Launch Date: May 10, 2010

Al-Ameen Islamic Retirement Savings Fund
Launch Date: May 10, 2010

Al-Ameen Islamic Energy Fund
Launch Date: December 13, 2019

UBL Special Savings Fund II
Launch Date: February 10, 2020

UBL Fixed Return Fund
Launch Date: August 23, 2022

UBL Fixed Return Fund - II
Launch Date: February 14, 2023

UBL Fixed Return Fund - III
Launch Date: February 16, 2023

UBL Fixed Return Fund - IV
Launch Date: December 21, 2023

Al-Ameen Islamic Fixed Return Fund
Launch Date: May 30, 2023

Al-Ameen Islamic Income Fund
Launch Date: May 29, 2023

UBL Voluntary Pension Fund – KPK
Launch Date: December 14, 2023

Al-Ameen Islamic Voluntary Pension Fund – KPK
Launch Date: December 14, 2023

UBL Punjab Pension Fund
Launch Date: December 24, 2025

Al-Ameen Islamic Punjab Pension Fund
Launch Date: December 24, 2025

Conventional Investment Plans

UBL Mahana Munafa Plan

UBL Children Savings Plan

UBL Equity Builder Plan

UBL Wealth Builder Plan

Islamic Investment Plans

Al-Ameen Mahana Munafa Plan

Al-Ameen Children Savings Plan

Al-Ameen Equity Builder Plan

Al-Ameen Wealth Builder Plan

Al-Ameen Hajj Savings Plan

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors of UBL Fund Managers Limited is pleased to present the annual report of its Al-Ameen series represented by Al-Ameen Islamic Sovereign Fund (AISF), Al-Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund (AIAIF) including Al-Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Plan - I (AIAIP - I), Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Fund (AICF) including Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Plan - I (AICP - I), Al-Ameen Shariah Stock Fund (ASSF), Al-Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund (AIAAF), Al-Ameen Islamic Energy Fund (AIEF), Al-Ameen Islamic Income Fund (AIIF) and Al-Ameen Islamic Fixed Return Fund (AIFRF) [including Al-Ameen Islamic Fixed Return Plan – I – M (AIFRP-I-M), Al-Ameen Islamic Fixed Return Plan – I – Q (AIFRP-I-P) for the year ended June 30, 2026.

Economic Outlook (FY26):

The country exhibited sustained resilience on the macro-economic front despite significant headwinds during FY26, with contained inflation, restrained current account deficit, strengthening foreign exchange reserves, stable exchange rate etc. Despite abysmal performance on the tax collection front, the country managed to achieve IMF's target of primary surplus for FY26. Headline inflation averaged at 7.0% in FY26, as compared to 4.5% in the preceding year. Amid ample food supply in the country, perishable food prices declined by 6.7% YoY which provided a much need cushion to inflation readings in a time when fuel prices increased substantially due to heightened geopolitical tensions. The monetary policy committee of the SBP increased the key policy rate by a cumulative 50bps during the year, with the only increase of the year of 100bps coming in the last quarter, in view of the potential macro-economic impacts of the geopolitical tensions.

On the external front, the current account balance reported a marginal deficit of USD 0.14bn against IMF's projection of a deficit of USD 1.96bn, thanks to the robust inflows of foreign worker's remittances of USD 41.6bn, inching up by 8.6% YoY. The healthy remittances helped partially offset the impact of 25.4% YoY increase in trade deficit to USD 33.6bn. The State Bank of Pakistan successfully achieved its year-end FX reserves target of USD 18.3bn despite the repayment of ~USD 3.4bn to the UAE in the last quarter of the year primarily against SAFE deposits and commercial loans. The resulting gap was largely offset by the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia which increased its deposits with Pakistan by USD 3 billion.

On the fiscal front, provisional figures indicate that Pakistan comfortably met the IMF's targets for both the primary surplus and the fiscal deficit, recording 2.5% and 3.9% of GDP, respectively. The Federal Board of Revenue collected PKR 13.0 trillion during FY2025-26, marginally exceeding its revised target of PKR 12.9 trillion. It is noteworthy that the original budgeted target of PKR 14.1 trillion had been revised downward twice during the fiscal year, representing structural weaknesses in the tax machinery.

Real GDP growth (provisional figures) remained modest at ~3.7% in FY26, the highest since FY22 (6.2%) supported by recovery in crops production and large-scale manufacturing (LSM). The growth in LSM was led by positive contributions from Food, Wearing Apparel and the Automobile sectors. Meanwhile, the growth in crops is primarily attributed to improved output of wheat, rice and sugarcane.

During the year, Pakistan completed two reviews of the Extended Fund Facility (EFF) and Resilient and Sustainable Financing (RSF) with the IMF, unlocking total disbursements of USD 2.5bn. In addition, the government raised USD 750mn in the international capital market through a Eurobond, marking the

first such issuance in four years. The issuance was initially planned at USD 500mn which was subsequently

increased to USD 750mn, due to stronger than expected investors demand, reflecting improving investor confidence and Pakistan's enhanced creditworthiness.

Debt Market Review

During FY26, the debt market remained volatile, reflecting changing monetary policy expectations and evolving macroeconomic conditions. The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) maintained the policy rate during the first five months of the fiscal year, resulting in relatively stable secondary market yields. Following the 50-bps policy rate cut in December 2025, market participants anticipated a continued easing cycle, leading to a decline in yields.

However, the SBP kept the policy rate unchanged in January, dampening the expectations of further rate cuts. Subsequently, escalating geopolitical tensions and rising inflationary concerns shifted market sentiment toward the possibility of monetary tightening. This outlook materialized when the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) pre-emptively increased the policy rate by 100 basis points in response to heightened regional tensions, prompting yields to rise across the yield curve.

Currently, the market has largely stabilized, with the prevailing expectation that the policy rate will remain unchanged in the near term. As a result, yields are expected to remain broadly range-bound, barring any significant shifts in the inflation or monetary policy outlook arising from geopolitical developments.

Demand for Treasury bills (T-bills) remained strong throughout the year, with total bids in T-bill auctions amounting to PKR 56.7 trillion. During the period, the government raised PKR 23.63 trillion, including non-competitive bids. The majority of investor demand was concentrated in the 1-month tenor, which accounted for 39.5% of total participation. The 3-month, 6-month, and 12-month tenors represented 23.0%, 11.2%, and 26.3% of total bids, respectively.

Participation in fixed-rate Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs) remained steady during the year, with total bids amounting to PKR 19.082 trillion. Investor demand in the first half of the period was supported by expectations of declining interest rates, while geopolitical developments later in the year prompted investors to seek higher yields.

The government accepted PKR 4.464 trillion (realized value), including non-competitive bids, broadly in line with its target of PKR 4.550 trillion. Of the total realized amount, PKR 450 billion was raised through 2-year zero-coupon PIBs, PKR 905 billion through 3-year bonds, PKR 1.384 trillion through 5-year papers, PKR 1.374 trillion through 10-year bonds, and PKR 351 billion through 15-year zero-coupon PIBs.

Demand for floating-rate Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs) remained strong during the year, despite issuance being limited to the 10-year tenor. Total bids received amounted to PKR 17.01 trillion, significantly exceeding the government's target of PKR 2.5 trillion. However, the government accepted bids worth PKR 1.959 trillion during the period, in line with its borrowing requirements and issuance strategy.

Investor demand for fixed-rate Ijara Sukuk remained firm during the year, with total bids received amounting to PKR 5.8 trillion. The government raised PKR 2.43 trillion, compared with its target of PKR 2.92 trillion. Of the total amount raised, PKR 456 billion was accepted through 3-year Sukuk, PKR 615 billion through 5-year Sukuk, PKR 453 billion through 10-year Sukuk, and PKR 913 billion through 1-year discounted Sukuk.

In contrast, demand for floating-rate Ijara Sukuk was comparatively lower and remained heavily concentrated in the 10-year tenor, which accounted for 95% of total bids. Total bids for floating-rate Sukuk amounted to PKR 5.10 trillion, of which the government accepted PKR 1.071 trillion, slightly below its target of PKR 1.125 trillion. All bids received for the 5-year tenor were rejected, and issuance of this tenor was discontinued in November.

Yield Curve comparison is given below:

Tenors	PKRV as at 30th June 2026	PKRV as at 30th June 2025	Change (FY26)
3 Months	11.60	11.01	0.59
6 Months	11.63	10.89	0.74
1 Year	11.60	10.85	0.75
3 years	11.69	11.15	0.54
5 Years	11.80	11.40	0.40
10 Years	12.19	12.30	-0.11

Stock Market Review

FY2025–26 proved to be another exceptional year for the Pakistan equity market, with the benchmark KSE-100 Index delivering an impressive return of 44% to close at 180,302. The local bourse outperformed all major asset classes and has generated a remarkable compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 63% over the past three years. The positive performance remained mainly concentrated in Commercial Banks, Fertilizers & Energy chain companies (Exploration, Oil and Gas Marketing and Power), which contributed 21,612pts, 7,748pts and 6,151pts, respectively. Majority of the performance however, came in the first half of FY26 whereas, the second half of the year was marked by heightened volatility on the back of the geopolitical tensions which weighed on investors' sentiments.

Future Outlook

Looking ahead, inflation is expected to average around 8.0-8.5% in FY27, slightly above SBP's medium term target of 5-7%. The longevity of the geopolitical tensions and subsequent impact on energy and food prices remain key risk to inflation trajectory and stance of the monetary policy committee, going forward. Steady flow of remittances would be pivotal to counter rising import pressure emanating from phased reduction in import tariffs, in line with the agreement with the IMF. The SBP expects remittances to clock-in at USD 44bn (+6.0% YoY) in FY27.

On the fiscal front, the government has set a tax collection target of PKR 15.2 trillion for the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) for FY27, which appears challenging to achieve given the relief measures introduced in the Federal Budget FY27. The performance of the tax authority would be the focal point in the forthcoming reviews with the IMF. On the capital market's side, inflation outlook, monetary policy and internal politics would direct investors' sentiment. The much-awaited resolution of the gas circular debt, steady growth in economic activity and decline in interest rates and commodity prices, remain key positive triggers for the equity market.

FUND PERFORMANCE AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

1) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC SOVEREIGN FUND (AISF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 799.0136 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes profit income on bank balances, placements and Shariah compliant government securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 117.992 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 681.021 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 8,551.972 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 102.3195 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 287.6608 million to the unit holders during the year.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the AA (f) rating of the Fund during the year.

2) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC AGGRESSIVE INCOME FUND (AIAIF)

AIAIF consists of the following:

a) Al-Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund (AIAIF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 100.454 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes profit income on bank balances, term deposit Musharakah, Shariah compliant government securities and private sector Sukuks. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 14.999 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 85.455 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 641.630 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 101.4362 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 47.1856 million to the unit holders during the year.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the A+ (f) rating of the Fund during the year.

b) Al-Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Plan (AIAIP-I)

The plan earned total income of PKR 8.852 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes profit income on bank balances, term deposit musharakah, shariah compliant government securities and private sector sukuks. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 2.188 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 6.664 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 50.818 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 100.0782 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 8.9604 million to the unit holders during the year.

3) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC CASH FUND (AICF)

AICF consists of the following:

a) Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Fund (AICF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 3,543.785 million for the year ended June 30, 2026, which mainly includes profit income on bank balances, term deposit musharakah and shariah compliant government securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 205.018 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 3,338.767 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 41,820.178 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 101.5052 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 734.120 million to the unit holders.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the AA+(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

b) Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Fund (AICP-I)

The plan earned total income of PKR 4,512.911 million for the year ended June 30, 2026, which mainly includes profit income on bank balances, term deposit musharakah and shariah compliant government securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 163.692 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 4,349.219 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 32,360.824 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 100.5401 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 1,064.4047 million to the unit holders during the year.

4) AL-AMEEN SHARIAH STOCK FUND (ASSF)

The plan earned total income of PKR 8,663.215 million for the year ended June 30, 2026, which mainly includes profit income on bank balances and shariah equity securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 1,109.439 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 7,553.776 Million.



The net assets of the Fund were PKR 34,777.392 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 501.9400 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 1,719.0734 million to the unit holders during the year.

5) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND (AIAAF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 548.133 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund mainly include income from Shariah compliant placements / government securities and dividend income. After accounting for expenses of PKR 79.230 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 468.903 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 5,281.962 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 200.9392 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 126.074 million to the unit holders during the year.

6) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND (AIEF)

The plan earned total income of PKR 1,292.039 million for the year ended June 30, 2026, which mainly includes profit income on bank balances and shariah compliant equity securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 207.486 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 1,084.553 Million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 4,744.700 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 334.0845 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 293.9937 million to the unit holders during the year.

7) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC INCOME FUND (AIIF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 773.179 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes profit income on bank balances, placements and Shariah compliant government securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 28.565 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 744.614 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 49,081.803 million as at June 30, 2025 representing the net asset value of PKR 100.4439 per unit.

The Chief Executive Officer under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 3,199.1098 million to the unit holders during the year.

Pakistan Credit Rating Agency has reaffirmed the AA(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

8) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC FIXED RETURN FUND (AIFRF)

AIFRF consists of the following:

a) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC FIXED RETURN PLAN – I – M (AIFRP-I-M)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 7.617 million for the year ended June 30, 2026, which mainly includes profit income on bank balances, term deposit musharakah and shariah compliant government securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 0.239 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 7.391 million. The net assets of the Fund were nil as at June 30, 2026 as the fund has been matured during the year.

b) AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC FIXED RETURN PLAN – I – P (AIFRP-I-P)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 0.104 million for the year ended June 30, 2026, which mainly includes profit income on bank balances, term deposit musharakah and shariah compliant government securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 0.006 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 0.098 million. The net assets of the Fund were nil as at June 30, 2026 as the fund has been matured during the year.

STRATEGY, REVIEW AND OUTLOOK OF FUNDS

For Strategy, Review and Outlook of funds, please refer the respective section of the Fund Manager's Report for the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Management Company is committed to high standards of corporate governance and the Board of Directors is accountable to the stakeholders for good corporate governance. Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance particularly with regard to independence of non-executive directors.

A formal and effective mechanism is put in place for an annual evaluation of the Board's own performance.

The Board has an approved Director Remuneration Policy for remuneration of independent (non-executive) directors. The main objective of the policy is to define the principles to attract and retain high-caliber, experienced independent directors (non-executive) by offering market competitive fee levels as required by the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019. The Independent

Directors are entitled to a fee for attending Board meetings and Board Committee meetings as per Director's remuneration policy.

Risk framework and Internal Control System

The Management Company has in place an approved Risk Management Policy that provides the framework to manage risks associated with its activities. It is designed to identify, assess, monitor and manage risk emanating from across the entity.

The Management Company follows Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) which is a process, ongoing and flowing through an entity effected by people at every level of an organization applied in strategy setting applied across the enterprise, at every level and unit, and includes taking an entity-level portfolio view of

risk designed to identify potential events that, if they occur, will affect the entity and to manage risk within its risk appetite.

The following specific statements are being given to comply with the best practices of corporate governance:

- Financial Statements of Funds present fairly the statement of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and the changes in unit holder's fund;
- Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Funds;
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments;
- Relevant International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provision of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulation) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the Trust Deed and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of the financial statements;
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored;
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019;
- Performance table of Funds and pattern of unit holding is given in the Annual report;
- The statement as to the value of investments of provident fund is not applicable on the Funds but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure is made in the Directors' Report of the Funds;
- Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements

UBL Fund Managers Limited has total six directors:

- a) Male: Five Directors
- b) Female: One Director

The composition of Board is as follows:

Category	Name
Independent Directors	Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer
	Ms. Huma Pasha

Executive Directors	Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi (CEO)
Non-Executive Directors*	Mr. Imran Sarwar (Chairman)
	Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi
	Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan
Female Director	Ms. Huma Pasha

The UBL Fund Managers Board's primary responsibility is to supervise affairs of the Company and provide direction to its management. The management is responsible to keep the Board informed regarding Company affairs and effectively implement directions and guidelines given by the BOD.

The Board, in exercise of effective governance and internal control system, strives to balance the spectrum of stakeholders of the Company, including its shareholders, unit holders, customers, employees, regulator and the communities in which it operates. In all actions taken by the Board, the Directors exercise independent business judgment in what they reasonably believe to be in the best interests of the Company.

According to best corporate governance practices, the Board of directors of UBL Fund Managers Limited has established several Board Committees to augment Risk Management, Internal Control system and good corporate governance throughout the entity. These Board Committees facilitate the Board and the Management on issues related to their particular area of competence.

The Board has the following committees:

Board Audit Committee (BAC)

Name	Designation	Type of Directorship
Ms. Huma Pasha	Chair	Independent Director
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	Member	Non-Executive Director

Board Human Resource Remuneration Committee (BHRRC)

Name	Designation	Type of Directorship
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. Imran Sarwar	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	Member	Executive Director

Board Risk and Compliance Committee (BRCC)

Name	Designation	Type of Directorship
Mr. Imran Sarwar	Chairman	Non-Executive Director
Ms. Huma Pasha	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	Member	Executive Director / CEO

Meetings of the Board of Directors (BOD)

During the year ended June 30, 2026, five (5) meetings of the Board of Directors of the Management Company were held. The details of the attendance are as under:

Name of Director	Meetings attended	Dates				
		22-Aug-25	20-Oct-25	14-Jan-26	18-Feb-26	17-Apr-26
Mr. Imran Sarwar	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ms. Huma Pasha	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Rizwan Malik ¹	2	x	✓	✓	x	x
Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

¹ Resigned on June 29, 2026

Meetings of the Board Audit Committee (BAC)

During the year ended June 30, 2026, four (4) BAC meetings were held. The details of attendance are as under:

Name of Director	Meetings attended	Dates			
		16-Apr-26	17-Feb-26	20-Oct-25	19-Aug-25
Ms. Huma Pasha	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Muhammad Rizwan ¹	1	x	x	✓	x

¹ Resigned on June 29, 2026

Meetings of the Board Human Resource Remuneration Committee (BHRRC)

During the year ended June 30, 2026, two (2) BHRCC meetings were held. The details of attendance are as under:

Name of Director

	Meetings attended	17-Feb-26	19-Aug -25
Mr. Imran Sarwar	2	✓	✓
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer (online)	2	✓	✓
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	2	✓	✓
Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan	2	✓	✓
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	2	✓	✓

Meetings of the Board Risk and Compliance Committee (BRCC)

During the year ended June 30, 2026 four (4) BRCC meetings held. The details of attendance are as under:

Name of Director	Meetings attended	Dates			
		19-Aug-25	20-Oct-25	18-Feb-26	17-Apr-26
Mr. Imran Sarwar	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ms. Huma Pasha	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Muhammad Rizwan ¹	1	x	✓	x	x
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	4	✓	✓	✓	✓

¹ Resigned on June 29, 2026

Directors' Training

During the year none of the directors have obtained training in any SECP approved Directors' Training program however, the Management Company is planning to arrange the training for two (2) directors over the next year.

Auditors

The present auditors as per table below retire on conclusion of the audit for the year ended June 30, 2026:

Sr. No.	Fund Name	Current Auditors	Status of appointment for the year ending June 30, 2026
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1	Al Ameen Islamic Sovereign Fund	M/s Yousuf Adil & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
2	Al Ameen Islamic Cash Fund	M/s Yousuf Adil & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
3	Al Ameen Shariah Stock Fund	M/s Yousuf Adil & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
4	Al Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund	M/s A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants	Not Eligible for re-appointment due to completion of maximum time allowed under the NBFC regulations.
5	Al Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund	M/s A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants	Not Eligible for re-appointment due to completion of maximum time allowed under the NBFC regulations.
6	Al Ameen Islamic Energy Fund	M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
8	Al Ameen Islamic Income Fund	M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment

The existing auditors, being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment. However, for Al Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund and Al Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund, a change in external auditors is required due to the completion of the maximum tenure permitted under the NBFC Regulations. Additionally, new appointments have been recommended for certain funds voluntarily, even before the completion of the maximum tenure allowed under the NBFC Regulations. The new auditors have consented to their appointment. Accordingly, the Audit Committee of the Board has recommended the reappointment of the current auditors and the appointment of new auditors, where applicable, as external auditors for the financial year ending June 30, 2027.

Board Oversight of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Matters

The Board remains committed to ensuring sustainable business practices and long-term value creation for all stakeholders. Sustainability considerations are integrated into the Company's governance, strategy, and risk management framework. The Board oversees sustainability-related risks, including environmental, social, and governance factors, which may impact the Company's operations and performance. These risks are regularly identified, assessed, and monitored, and are managed through a robust system of internal controls, compliance mechanisms, and ongoing oversight to ensure effective mitigation and alignment with applicable regulatory requirements and evolving best practices.

The Company is also committed to promoting diversity, equity, and inclusion across all levels of the organization. The Board comprises individuals with diverse experience and expertise, including appropriate gender representation, which enhances governance and decision-making. The Company continues to foster an inclusive workplace through equal opportunity, fair treatment, and transparent human resource practices. The Board remains focused on continuously strengthening

sustainability initiatives and DE&I measures in line with regulatory expectations and emerging standards.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank our valued unit holders for their confidence and trust in UBL Fund Managers Limited. In addition, we would like to acknowledge the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, State Bank of Pakistan, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (Trustee), and Shariah Advisory Board for their continued support, guidance and cooperation. The Board would also like to take this opportunity to express its appreciation to the employees for their dedication, commitment, enthusiasm and hard work.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF UBL FUND MANAGERS LIMITED

_____SD_____
Imran Sarwar
Chairman

_____SD_____
Asif Ali Qureshi
Chief Executive Officer

Karachi
Dated: August 20, 2026

ڈائریکٹر رپورٹ

یو بی ایل فنڈ منیجرز لمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز ہمدست آپ کی خدمت میں 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے اپنے زیر انتظام الایمن سیریز جس میں الایمن اسلامک سوریجن فنڈ، الایمن اسلامک ایگریسو انکم فنڈ بشمول الایمن اسلامک ایگریسو انکم پلان-I، الایمن اسلامک کیش فنڈ بشمول الایمن اسلامک کیش پلان-I، الایمن شریعہ اسٹاک فنڈ، الایمن اسلامک ایسٹ ایلوکیشن فنڈ، الایمن اسلامک انرجی فنڈ، الایمن اسلامک انکم فنڈ اور الایمن اسلامک فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ [بشمول الایمن اسلامک فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-I-M، الایمن اسلامک فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-I-Q] کی سالانہ رپورٹ پیش کر رہے ہیں۔

معاشی منظر نامہ (مالی سال 26):

مالی سال 26 کے دوران نمایاں مشکلات کے باوجود ملک نے مجموعی معاشی محاذ پر مسلسل چمک کا مظاہرہ کیا، جس میں افراط زر کو قابو میں رکھنا، کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارے کو محدود رکھنا، زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں بہتری اور شرح مبادلہ کا مستحکم رہنا شامل ہے۔ ٹیکس وصولیوں کے محاذ پر انتہائی ناقص کارکردگی کے باوجود ملک مالی سال 26 کے لیے آئی ایم ایف کا بنیادی بجٹ سرپلس کا ہدف حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ مالی سال 26 میں مجموعی افراط زر کی اوسط شرح 7.0 فیصد رہی، جبکہ گزشتہ سال یہ شرح 4.5 فیصد تھی۔ ملک میں اشیائے خورد و نوش کی وافر فراہمی کے باعث جلد خراب ہونے والی غذائی اشیاء کی قیمتوں میں سال بہ سال 6.7 فیصد کمی ہوئی، جس سے افراط زر کی شرح پر پی الوقت ضروری سہارا ملا جب جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی میں اضافے کے باعث ایندھن کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوا۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی نے سال کے دوران کلیدی پالیسی ریٹ میں مجموعی طور پر 50 پیسے پوائنٹس کا اضافہ کیا، جبکہ جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی کے ممکنہ معاشی اثرات کے پیش نظر سال کا واحد 100 پیسے پوائنٹس کا اضافہ آخری سہ ماہی میں کیا گیا۔

بیرونی محاذ پر کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ بیلنس میں معمولی 0.14 بلین امریکی ڈالر کا خسارہ ریکارڈ کیا گیا، جبکہ آئی ایم ایف نے 1.96 بلین امریکی ڈالر کے خسارے کی پیش گوئی کی تھی۔ اس کی بڑی وجہ بیرون ملک مقیم پاکستانی کارکنوں کی ترسیلات زر کی مضبوط آمد تھی، جو سال بہ سال 8.6 فیصد اضافے کے ساتھ 41.6 بلین امریکی ڈالر تک پہنچ گئی۔ ترسیلات زر میں اس نمایاں اضافے نے تجارتی خسارے میں سال بہ سال 25.4 فیصد اضافے کے اثرات کو جزوی طور پر ختم کیا، جس کے نتیجے میں تجارتی خسارہ 33.6 بلین امریکی ڈالر رہا۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے سال کے اختتام پر 18.3 بلین امریکی ڈالر کے زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر کا ہدف کامیابی سے حاصل کر لیا، حالانکہ سال کی آخری سہ ماہی میں متحدہ عرب امارات کو تقریباً 3.4 بلین امریکی ڈالر کی ادائیگی کی گئی، جو بنیادی طور پر سیف ڈیپازٹس اور کمرشل قرضوں کے عوض تھی۔ اس کے نتیجے میں پیدا ہونے والے خلا کو بڑی حد تک سعودی عرب نے پورا کیا، جس نے پاکستان میں اپنے ڈیپازٹس میں 3 بلین امریکی ڈالر کا اضافہ کیا۔

مالیاتی محاذ پر عبوری اعداد و شمار سے ظاہر ہوتا ہے کہ پاکستان نے بنیادی بجٹ سرپلس اور مالیاتی خسارہ، دونوں کے حوالے سے آئی ایم ایف کے اہداف یا آسانی حاصل کر لیے، جو بالترتیب جی ڈی پی کے 2.5 فیصد اور 3.9 فیصد ریکارڈ کیے گئے۔ فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریونیو نے مالی سال 2025-26 کے دوران 13.0 ٹریلین روپے ٹیکس وصول کیے، جو اس کے نظر ثانی شدہ 12.9 ٹریلین روپے کے ہدف سے معمولی طور پر زیادہ تھے۔ یہ امر قابل ذکر ہے کہ اصل بجٹ میں مقرر کردہ 14.1 ٹریلین روپے کا ہدف مالی سال کے دوران دومرتبہ کم کیا گیا، جو ٹیکس وصولی کے نظام میں موجود ساختہ کمزوریوں کی عکاسی کرتا ہے۔

حقیقی جی ڈی پی کی شرح نمو (عبوری اعداد و شمار کے مطابق) مالی سال 26 میں تقریباً 3.7 فیصد رہی، جو مالی سال 22 کے بعد سب سے زیادہ شرح نمو ہے، جب یہ 6.2 فیصد رہی تھی۔ اس بہتری کو فصلوں کی پیداوار اور بڑی سطح کی صنعتی پیداوار (LSM) میں بحالی سے تقویت ملی۔ بڑی سطح کی صنعتی پیداوار میں نموکا نمایاں حصہ غذائی اشیاء، ملبوسات اور آٹو موٹو بل کے شعبوں نے ڈالا۔ دریں اثنا، فصلوں کی پیداوار میں اضافہ بنیادی طور پر گندم، چاول اور گنے کی بہتر پیداوار سے منسوب کیا جاتا ہے۔

سال کے دوران پاکستان نے آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ ایکسٹینڈڈ فنڈ فیسلٹی (EFF) اور ریپلیٹ اینڈ سسٹین ایبل فنانسنگ (RSF) کے تحت دو جائزے مکمل کیے، جس کے نتیجے میں مجموعی طور پر 2.5 بلین امریکی ڈالر کی رقوم جاری ہوئیں۔ علاوہ ازیں، حکومت نے بین الاقوامی کیپٹل مارکیٹ میں پورہ بانڈ کے ذریعے 750 بلین امریکی ڈالر حاصل کیے، جو چار سال کے عرصے میں اس نوعیت کا پہلا اجراء تھا۔ اس بانڈ کا اجراء ابتدائی طور پر 500 بلین امریکی ڈالر کا منصوبہ تھا، تاہم سرمایہ کاروں کی توقع سے زیادہ مضبوط طلب کے باعث اسے بڑھا کر 750 بلین امریکی ڈالر کر دیا گیا۔ یہ صورتحال سرمایہ کاروں کے اعتماد میں بہتری اور پاکستان کی بہتر ہوتی ہوئی قرضہ جاتی ساکھ کی عکاسی کرتی ہے۔

ڈیٹ مارکیٹ کا جائزہ

مالی سال 26 کے دوران ڈیٹ مارکیٹ اتار چڑھاؤ کا شکار رہی، جو بدلتی ہوئی مانیٹری پالیسی کی توقعات اور ارتقا پذیر معاشی حالات کی عکاسی کرتی ہے۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (SBP) نے مالی سال کے پہلے پانچ ماہ کے دوران پالیسی ریٹ برقرار رکھا، جس کے نتیجے میں ثانوی مارکیٹ میں منافع کی شرحیں نسبتاً مستحکم رہیں۔ دسمبر 2025 میں پالیسی ریٹ میں 50 پیسے پوائنٹس کی کمی کے بعد مارکیٹ کے شرکاء نے شرح سود میں مزید کمی کے سلسلے کے جاری رہنے کی توقع کی، جس کے باعث منافع کی شرحوں میں کمی واقع ہوئی۔

تاہم، اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے جنوری میں پالیسی ریٹ برقرار رکھا، جس سے مزید شرح سود میں کمی کی توقعات متاثر ہوئیں۔ بعد ازاں، جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی میں اضافے اور افراط زر سے متعلق بڑھتے ہوئے خدشات نے مارکیٹ کے رجحان کو مانیٹری پالیسی میں سختی کے امکان کی جانب موڑ دیا۔ یہ توقع اس وقت حقیقت کا روپ دھار گئی جب اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (SBP) نے خطے میں بڑھتی ہوئی کشیدگی کے رد عمل میں پیشگی طور پر پالیسی ریٹ میں 100 پیسے پوائنٹس کا اضافہ کر دیا، جس کے نتیجے میں پوری سیلڈ گرو میں منافع کی شرحیں بڑھ گئیں۔

فی الوقت مارکیٹ بڑی حد تک مستحکم ہو چکی ہے، جبکہ عمومی توقع یہ ہے کہ قلیل مدت میں پالیسی ریٹ میں کوئی تبدیلی نہیں ہوگی۔ چنانچہ توقع ہے کہ منافع کی شرحیں مجموعی طور پر ایک محدود دائرے میں رہیں گی، بشرطیکہ جغرافیائی سیاسی پیش رفت کے نتیجے میں افراط زر یا مانیٹری پالیسی کے منظر نامہ میں کوئی نمایاں تبدیلی رونما نہ ہو۔

ٹریڈری بلز (T-Bills) کی طلب پورے سال مضبوط رہی، اور ٹی بلز کی نیلامیوں میں موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 56.7 ٹریلین روپے رہی۔ اس عرصے کے دوران حکومت نے غیر مسابقتی بولیوں سمیت 23.63 ٹریلین روپے حاصل کیے۔ سرمایہ کاروں کی طلب کا بڑا حصہ 1 ماہ کی مدت کے ٹی بلز میں مرکوز رہا، جس نے مجموعی شرکت میں 39.5 فیصد حصہ لیا۔ 3 ماہ، 6 ماہ اور 12 ماہ کی مدت کے ٹی بلز نے بالترتیب مجموعی بولیوں میں 23.0 فیصد، 11.2 فیصد اور 26.3 فیصد حصہ حاصل کیا۔

مقررہ شرح منافع والے پاکستان انویسٹمنٹ بانڈز (PIBs) میں سرمایہ کاروں کی شرکت سال کے دوران مستحکم رہی، اور موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 19.082 ٹریلین روپے رہی۔ مدت کی پہلی شمشاہی میں سرمایہ کاروں کی طلب کو شرح سود میں کمی کی توقعات سے تقویت ملی، جبکہ سال کے بعد کے عرصہ میں جغرافیائی سیاسی پیش رفت نے سرمایہ کاروں کو زیادہ منافع کی شرحوں کی تلاش پر آمادہ کیا۔

حکومت نے غیر مسابقتی بولیوں سمیت 4.464 ٹریلین روپے (حقیقی وصولی کی مالیت) قبول کیے، جو اس کے 4.550 ٹریلین روپے کے ہدف کے تقریباً مطابق تھے۔ مجموعی طور پر حاصل کردہ رقم میں سے 450 بلین روپے 2 سالہ ریوکوپن پاکستان انویسٹمنٹ بانڈز کے ذریعے، 905 بلین روپے 3 سالہ بانڈز کے ذریعے، 1.384 ٹریلین روپے 5 سالہ سکیورٹیز کے ذریعے، 1.374 ٹریلین روپے 10 سالہ بانڈز کے ذریعے، جبکہ 351 بلین روپے 15 سالہ ریوکوپن پاکستان انویسٹمنٹ بانڈز کے ذریعے حاصل کیے گئے۔

فلوٹنگ ریٹ پاکستان انویسٹمنٹ بانڈز (PIBs) کی طلب بھی سال کے دوران مضبوط رہی، اگرچہ ان کا اجراء صرف 10 سالہ مدت تک محدود رہا۔ موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 17.01 ٹریلین روپے رہی، جو حکومت کے 2.5 ٹریلین روپے کے ہدف سے نمایاں طور پر زیادہ تھی۔ تاہم، حکومت نے اپنی قرض لینے کی ضروریات اور اجراء کی حکمت عملی کے مطابق اس عرصے کے دوران 1.959 ٹریلین روپے مالیت کی بولیاں قبول کیں۔

فلٹڈ ریٹ اجارہ سکوک میں سرمایہ کاروں کی طلب سال کے دوران مضبوط رہی، اور موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 5.8 ٹریلین روپے رہی۔ حکومت نے 2.43 ٹریلین روپے حاصل کیے، جبکہ اس کا ہدف 2.92 ٹریلین روپے تھا۔ حاصل کردہ مجموعی رقم میں سے 456 بلین روپے 3 سالہ سکوک کے ذریعے، 615 بلین روپے 5 سالہ سکوک کے ذریعے، 453 بلین روپے 10 سالہ سکوک کے ذریعے، جبکہ 913 بلین روپے 1 سالہ ڈسکاؤنڈ سکوک کے ذریعے قبول کیے گئے۔

اس کے برعکس، فلوٹنگ ریٹ اجارہ سکوک کی طلب نسبتاً کم رہی اور یہ زیادہ تر 10 سالہ مدت تک محدود رہی، جس نے مجموعی بولیوں میں 95 فیصد حصہ لیا۔ فلوٹنگ ریٹ سکوک کے لیے موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 5.10 ٹریلین روپے رہی، جس میں سے حکومت نے 1.071 ٹریلین روپے کی بولیاں قبول کیں، جو اس کے 1.125 ٹریلین روپے کے ہدف سے معمولی کم تھیں۔ 5 سالہ مدت کے لیے موصول ہونے والی تمام بولیاں مسٹر دکر دی گئیں، جبکہ نومبر میں اس مدت کے سکوک کا اجراء بھی بند کر دیا گیا۔

تقابلی شرح منافع کا خط حسب ذیل دیا گیا ہے:

مدتیں	30 جون 2026	30 جون 2025	تبدیلی
	PKRV	PKRV	(FY25)
3 ماہ	11.60	11.01	0.59
6 ماہ	11.63	10.89	0.74
1 سال	11.60	10.85	0.75
3 سال	11.69	11.15	0.54

5 سال	11.80	11.40	0.40
10 سال	12.19	12.3	-0.11

اشٹاک مارکیٹ کا جائزہ

مالی سال 2025-26 پاکستان کی ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کے لیے ایک اور غیر معمولی سال ثابت ہوا، جس میں بیچ مارک KSE-100 انڈیکس نے 44 فیصد شاندار منافع فراہم کرتے ہوئے 180,302 کی سطح پر سال کا اختتام کیا۔ مقامی اشٹاک مارکیٹ نے تمام بڑے اثاثہ جاتی طبقات سے بہتر کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کیا اور گزشتہ تین سال کے دوران 63 فیصد کی قابل ذکر مرکب سالانہ شرح نمو (CAGR) حاصل کی۔ مثبت کارکردگی بنیادی طور پر کمرشل بینکس، فریٹلائزرز اور انرجی چین سے وابستہ کمپنیوں (ایکسپلوریشن، آئل اینڈ گیس مارکیٹنگ اور پاور) تک محدود رہی، جنہوں نے بالترتیب 21,612 پوائنٹس، 7,748 پوائنٹس اور 6,151 پوائنٹس کا حصہ ڈالا۔ تاہم، کارکردگی کا بڑا حصہ مالی سال 2025-26 کی پہلی ششماہی میں سامنے آیا، جبکہ سال کی دوسری ششماہی جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی کے باعث بڑھتے ہوئے اتار چڑھاؤ کی زد میں رہی، جس نے سرمایہ کاروں کے جذبات کو متاثر کیا۔

مستقبل کا منظر نامہ

آئندہ عرصے میں مالی سال 27 کے دوران افراط زر کی اوسط شرح تقریباً 8.0 تا 8.5 فیصد رہنے کی توقع ہے، جو اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے 5 تا 7 فیصد کے درمیانی مدت کے ہدف سے قدرے زیادہ ہے۔ جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی کا دورانیہ اور اس کے نتیجے میں توانائی اور غذائی اشیاء کی قیمتوں پر پڑنے والے اثرات مستقبل میں افراط زر کی سمت اور مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی کے موقف کے لیے اہم خطرات ہیں۔ درآمدی ٹیرف میں مرحلہ وار کمی کے نتیجے میں بڑھنے والے درآمدی دباؤ کا مقابلہ کرنے کے لیے ترسیلات زر کی مسلسل آمد کلیدی اہمیت رکھے گی، جو آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ معاہدے کے مطابق کی جارہی ہے۔ اسٹیٹ بینک کو توقع ہے کہ مالی سال 27 میں ترسیلات زر 44 بلین امریکی ڈالر (+6.0 فیصد سال بہ سال) تک پہنچ جائیں گی۔

مالیاتی محاذ پر حکومت نے مالی سال 27 کے لیے فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریونیو (FBR) کے لیے 15.2 ٹریلین روپے کا ٹیکس وصولی کا ہدف مقرر کیا ہے، جو مالی سال 27 کے وفاقی بجٹ میں متعارف کرائے گئے ریلیف اقدامات کے پیش نظر ایک مشکل ہدف دکھائی دیتا ہے۔ آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ آئندہ جائزوں میں ٹیکس وصولی کے ادارے کی کارکردگی مرکزی توجہ کا محور ہوگی۔ کیپٹل مارکیٹ کے محاذ پر افراط زر کا منظر نامہ، مانیٹری پالیسی اور داخلی سیاسی صورتحال سرمایہ کاروں کے جذبات کا رخ متعین کریں گے۔ گیس کے گردش قرضے کے طویل انتظار کے بعد حل، معاشی سرگرمیوں میں مسلسل نمو، شرح سود اور اجناس کی قیمتوں میں کمی ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کے لیے اہم مثبت محرکات بدستور رہیں گے۔

فنڈز کی کارکردگی اور اعلانات

(1) الایمن اسلامک سوئچمن فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 799.0136 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، پبلیمنٹ اور شریعہ کمپلائنس گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 117.992 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 681.021 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 8,551.972 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 102.3195 ملین پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 287.6608 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔ VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی AA(f) ریٹنگ کی دوبارہ توثیق کی ہے۔

(2) الایمن اسلامک ایگریسیو انکم فنڈ

اے آئی اے آئی ایف مندرجہ ذیل پر مشتمل ہے:

الف) الایمن اسلامک ایگریسیو انکم فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 100.454 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، ٹرم ڈیپازٹ مشارکہ، شریعہ کمپلائنس گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز اور پرائیویٹ سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 14.999 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 85.455 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 641.630 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 101.4362 ملین پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 47.1856 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔ VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی A+(f) ریٹنگ کی توثیق کی ہے۔

ب) الامین اسلامک ایگریکولچر پلان-1

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 8,852 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، ٹرم ڈیپازٹ مشارکہ، شریعہ کمپلائنس گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز اور پرائیویٹ سیکٹر سلوک پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 2,188 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 6,664 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 50,818 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 100,0782 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 8,9604 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

3) الامین اسلامک کیش فنڈ

اے آئی سی ایف مندرجہ ذیل پر مشتمل ہے:

الف) الامین اسلامک کیش فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 3,543,785 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، ٹرم ڈیپازٹ مشارکہ اور شریعہ کمپلائنس گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 205,018 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 3,338,767 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 41,820,178 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 101,5052 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 734,120 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی AA+(f) ریٹنگ کی توثیق کی ہے۔

ب) الامین اسلامک کیش پلان

پلان نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 4,512,911 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، ٹرم ڈیپازٹ مشارکہ اور شریعہ کمپلائنس گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 163,692 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 4,349,219 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 32,360,824 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 100,5401 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 1,064,4047 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

4) الامین شریعہ اسٹاک فنڈ

پلان نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال میں 8,663,215 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس اور شریعہ ایکویٹی سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 1,109,439 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 7,553,776 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 34,777,392 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 501,9400 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 1,719,0734 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

5) الامین اسلامک ایسٹ ایلیکیشن فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال میں 548,133 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی میں بنیادی طور پر شریعہ کمپلائنس پلیسمنٹ / گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز سے حاصل ہونے والی آمدنی اور منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 79,230 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 468,903 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 5,281,962 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 200,9392 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 126,074 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

6) الامین اسلامک انرجی فنڈ

پلان نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال میں 1,292,039 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس اور شریعہ کمپلائنس ایکویٹی سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 207,486 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 1,084,553 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ 30 جون 2026 تک فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 4,744,700 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 334,0845 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 293,9937 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

(7) الامین اسلامک فنانڈ

فنانڈ نے 30 جون 2027 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 773.179 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، پبلیسمنٹ اور شریعہ کمپلائنس گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 28.565 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنانڈ 744.614 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ 30 جون 2026 تک فنانڈ کے خالص اثاثے 49,081.803 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 100.4439 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 3,199.1098 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

(8) الامین اسلامک فنانڈ ریٹرن پلان

اے آئی ایف آرایف مندرجہ ذیل پر مشتمل ہے:

الف) الامین اسلامک فنانڈ ریٹرن پلان - M-I

فنانڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 7.617 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی کل آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، ٹرم ڈیپازٹ مشارک اور شریعہ کمپلائنس گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 0.239 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنانڈ 7.391 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنانڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک nil ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے کیونکہ سال کے دوران فنانڈ میچور ہو گیا تھا۔

ب) الامین اسلامک فنانڈ ریٹرن پلان - P-I

فنانڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 0.104 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی کل آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، ٹرم ڈیپازٹ مشارک اور شریعہ کمپلائنس گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر منافع کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 0.006 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنانڈ 0.098 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنانڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک nil ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے کیونکہ سال کے دوران فنانڈ میچور ہو گیا تھا۔

حکمت عملی، جائزہ اور فنانڈ کا نقطہ نظر

حکمت عملی، جائزہ اور فنانڈ کے نقطہ نظر کے لیے، براہ کرم سال کے لیے فنانڈ نیچر پورٹ کا متعلقہ حصہ ملاحظہ کریں۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس

مینجمنٹ کمپنی کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ معیارات کے لیے پُر عزم ہے اور بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز اچھی کارپوریٹ گورننس کے لیے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے سامنے جوابدہ ہے۔ انتظامیہ خاص طور پر نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز کی آزادی کے حوالے سے کارپوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطہ میں طے شدہ بہترین طریقوں کی دفعات کی تعمیل جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔ بورڈ کی اپنی کارکردگی کی سالانہ تشخیص کے لیے ایک باضابطہ اور مؤثر طریقہ کار وضع کیا گیا ہے۔

بورڈ کے پاس آزاد (نان ایگزیکٹو) ڈائریکٹرز کے معاوضے کے لیے ایک منظور شدہ ڈائریکٹر معاوضہ پالیسی ہے۔ اس پالیسی کا بنیادی مقصد لیکینیئر (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ریگولیشنز، 2019 کی ضرورت کے مطابق مارکیٹ مسابقتی فیس کی سطح پیش کر کے اعلیٰ صلاحیت کے حامل، تجربہ کار آزاد ڈائریکٹرز (نان ایگزیکٹو) کو راغب کرنے اور برقرار رکھنے کے اصولوں کی وضاحت کرنا ہے۔ آزاد ڈائریکٹرز ڈائریکٹر معاوضہ پالیسی کے مطابق بورڈ کے اجلاسوں اور بورڈ کمیٹی کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لیے فیس کے ہتھار ہیں۔

رسک فریم ورک اور انٹرنل کنٹرول سسٹم

مینجمنٹ کمپنی نے ایک منظور شدہ رسک مینجمنٹ پالیسی قائم کی ہے جو اپنی سرگرمیوں سے وابستہ خطرات کا انتظام کرنے کے لئے فریم ورک فراہم کرتی ہے۔ یہ پورے ادارے سے پیدا ہونے والے خطرے کی شناخت، تشخیص، نگرانی اور انتظام کے لیے تشکیل دیا گیا ہے۔

مینجمنٹ کمپنی انٹرنل کنٹرول سسٹم (ERM) کی پیروی کرتی ہے جو کہ ایک مسلسل جاری عمل ہے اور کسی بھی ادارہ کے ہر سطح کے لوگوں سے اثر انداز ہوتا ہے جو انٹرنل کنٹرول سسٹم پر لاگو حکمت عملی کی ترتیب میں نافذ ہوتا ہے، اور اس میں ممکنہ واقعات کی شناخت کے لئے تیار کردہ خطرے کا ادارہ کی سطح کے پورٹ فولیو کا جائزہ لینا بھی شامل ہے جو اگر واقعہ ہوتے ہیں تو ادارے کو متاثر کریں گے اور خطرات کو کم کرنے کے انتظام کو کمزور کرے گا۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں کی تعمیل کرنے کے لیے درج ذیل مخصوص بیانات دیئے جا رہے ہیں:

- فنڈز کے مالیاتی گوشواروں میں امور، آپریشن کے نتائج، نقدی کے بہاؤ اور یونٹ ہولڈر کے فنڈز میں ہونے والی تبدیلیوں کو منصفانہ طور پر پیش کیا گیا ہے۔
- فنڈز کی طرف سے اکاؤنٹس کے مناسب کھاتوں کو برقرار رکھا گیا ہے؛
- مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کا مسلسل اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینہ جات معقول اور دانشمندانہ فیصلوں پر مبنی ہیں۔
- مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں لاگو متعلقہ بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات، نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز (اسٹیکسٹمنٹ اینڈ ریگولیشن) رولز، 2003، نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز اینڈ نوٹیفائیڈ اینٹیٹیز ریگولیشنز، 2008، ٹرسٹ ڈیڈ کے تقاضے اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی جاری کردہ ہدایات کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔
- اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن میں مستحکم ہے اور اسے مؤثر طریقے سے لاگو اور اس کی نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
- کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں سے کوئی مادی انحراف نہیں کیا گیا ہے، جیسا کہ لسٹڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ریگولیشنز 2019 میں تفصیل سے بتایا گیا ہے؛
- فنڈز کی کارکردگی کا جدول اور یونٹ ہولڈنگ کا نمونہ سالانہ رپورٹ میں دیا گیا ہے۔
- پراویڈنٹ فنڈ کی سرمایہ کاری کی قدر کے بارے میں بیان فنڈز پر لاگو نہیں ہوتا بلکہ مینجمنٹ کمپنی پر لاگو ہوتا ہے۔ لہذا فنڈز کے ڈائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ میں کوئی انکشاف نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔
- ٹیکس، ڈیوٹی، لیویز اور چارجز کی مد میں بقایا قانونی ادائیگی، اگر کوئی ہو مالی گوشواروں میں مکمل طور پر ظاہر کی گئی ہیں؛

یو بی ایل فنڈ نیچر لمیٹڈ کے کل چھ ڈائریکٹرز ہیں:

الف (مرد): پانچ ڈائریکٹرز
ب (خاتون): ایک ڈائریکٹر

بورڈ کی تشکیل حسب ذیل ہے:

نام	زمرہ
جناب رشید احمد جعفر محترمہ ہما پاشا	آزاد ڈائریکٹرز
جناب آصف علی قریشی (سی ای او)	ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز
جناب عمران سرور (چیرمین) جناب علی خالد غزنوی جناب فرخ کریم خان	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز *
محترمہ ہما پاشا	خاتون ڈائریکٹر

* جناب محمد رضوان ملک 29 جون 2026 کو ڈائریکٹر کے عہدہ سے مستعفی ہو گئے۔

یو بی ایل فنڈ نیچرز بورڈ کی بنیادی ذمہ داری کمپنی کے معاملات کی نگرانی کرنا اور اس کی انتظامیہ کو ہدایت فراہم کرنا ہے۔ انتظامیہ کی ذمہ داری ہے کہ وہ بورڈ کو کمپنی کے معاملات سے باخبر رکھے اور بی او ڈی کی طرف سے دی گئی ہدایات اور ہدایات کو مؤثر طریقے سے نافذ کرے۔

بورڈ، مؤثر گورننس اور انٹرئل کنٹرول کے نظام کو بروئے کار لاتے ہوئے، کمپنی کے اسٹیک ہولڈرز، بشمول اس کے شیئرز ہولڈرز، یونٹ ہولڈرز، صارفین، ملازمین، ریگولیٹرز اور ان کی کمیونٹیز کے درمیان توازن قائم کرنے کی کوشش کرتا ہے جن میں یہ کام کرتی ہے۔ بورڈ کی طرف سے کئے گئے تمام اقدامات میں، ڈائریکٹرز آزادانہ کاروباری فیصلے کا استعمال کرتے ہیں جس کے بارے میں وہ معقول طور پر کمپنی کے بہترین مفاد میں سمجھتے ہیں۔

بہترین کارپوریٹ گورننس کے طریقوں کے مطابق، یو بی ایل فنڈ نیچرز لمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے پورے ادارے میں رسک مینجمنٹ، انٹرئل کنٹرول سسٹم اور اچھی کارپوریٹ گورننس کو بڑھانے کے لیے کئی متعدد بورڈ کمیٹیاں قائم کی ہیں۔ یہ بورڈ کمیٹیاں بورڈ اور انتظامیہ کو ان کی اہلیت کے مخصوص شعبے سے متعلق امور پر سہولت فراہم کرتی ہیں۔

بورڈ کی مندرجہ ذیل کمیٹیاں ہیں:

بورڈ آؤٹ کمیٹی (BAC)

نام	عہدہ	ڈائریکٹر شپ کی قسم
محترمہ ہما پاشا	چیئر پرسن	آزاد ڈائریکٹر
جناب رشید احمد جعفر	رکن	آزاد ڈائریکٹر
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	رکن	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر

بورڈ ہیومن ریسورس ریمیزیشن کمیٹی (BHRRC)

نام	عہدہ	ڈائریکٹر شپ کی قسم
جناب رشید احمد جعفر	چیئر مین	آزاد ڈائریکٹر
جناب عمران سرور	رکن	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
جناب فرخ کریم خان	رکن	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	رکن	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
جناب آصف علی قریشی	رکن	ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر

بورڈ رسک اینڈ کمپلائنس کمیٹی (BRCC)

نام	عہدہ	ڈائریکٹر شپ کی قسم
جناب عمران سرور	چیئر مین	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
محترمہ ہما پاشا	رکن	آزاد ڈائریکٹر
جناب آصف علی قریشی	رکن	ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر/سی ای او

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز (بی او ڈی) کے اجلاس

30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، منجمنٹ کمیٹی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کے پانچ (5) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہے:

نام ڈائریکٹر	اجلاسوں میں حاضری کی تعداد	22 اگست 2025	20 اگست 2025	14 جنوری 2026	18 فروری 2026	17 اپریل 2026
جناب عمران سرور	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
محترمہ ہما پاشا	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب رشید احمد جعفر	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب محمد رضوان ملک *	2	x	✓	✓	x	x
جناب فرخ کریم خان	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب آصف علی قریشی	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

*- 29 جون 2026 کو مستعفی ہو گئے۔

بورڈ آؤٹ کمیٹی (BAC) کے اجلاس

30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، BAC کے چار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

نام ڈائریکٹر	اجلاسوں میں حاضری کی تعداد	16 اپریل 2026	17 فروری 2026	20 اکتوبر 2025	19 اگست 2025
محترمہ ہما پاشا	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب رشید احمد جعفر	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب محمد رضوان ملک *	1	x	x	✓	x

*- 29 جون 2026 کو مستعفی ہو گئے۔

بورڈ آف ہیومن ریسورس ریمیزیشن کمیٹی (BHRRC) کے اجلاس

30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، BHRCC کے دو (2) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

ڈائریکٹر کا نام	اجلاسوں میں حاضری کی تعداد	17 فروری 2026	19 اگست 2025
جناب عمران سرور	2	✓	✓
جناب رشید احمد جعفر (آن لائن)	2	✓	✓
جناب آصف علی قریشی	2	✓	✓
جناب فرخ کریم خان	2	✓	✓
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	2	✓	✓

بورڈ رسک اینڈ کمپلائنس کمیٹی (BRCC) کے اجلاس

30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، BRCC کے چار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

نام ڈائریکٹر	اجلاسوں میں حاضری کی تعداد	19 اگست 2025	20 اکتوبر 2025	18 فروری 2026	17 اگست 2026
جناب عمران سرور	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
محترمہ ہما پاشا	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب محمد رضوان ملک *	1	x	✓	x	x
جناب آصف علی قریشی	4	✓	✓	✓	✓

*- 29 جون 2026 کو مستعفی ہو گئے۔

ڈائریکٹرز کی تربیت

سال کے دوران کسی بھی ڈائریکٹر نے SECP سے منظور شدہ ڈائریکٹرز ٹریننگ پروگرام کے تحت تربیت حاصل نہیں کی۔ تاہم، پیمنٹ کمپنی آئینہ سال کے دوران دو (2) ڈائریکٹرز کے لیے تربیت کا انتظام کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔

مندرجہ ذیل جدول کے مطابق موجودہ آڈیٹرز 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے آڈٹ کے اختتام پر ریٹائر ہو جائیں گے:

نمبر شمار	فنڈ کا نام	موجودہ آڈیٹرز	30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے تقرری کی حیثیت
1	الامین اسلامک سوریجن فنڈ	میسرز یوسف عادل اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل ہیں
2	الامین اسلامک کیش فنڈ	میسرز یوسف عادل اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
3	الامین اسلامک شریعہ اشاک فنڈ	میسرز یوسف عادل اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
4	الامین اسلامک ایسیٹ ایلیکشن فنڈ	میسرز اے ایف فرگوسن اینڈ کو، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل نہیں ہیں کیونکہ NBFC قواعد کے تحت اجازت یافتہ زیادہ سے زیادہ مدت مکمل کر لی ہے۔
5	الامین اسلامک اگریسو انکم فنڈ	میسرز اے ایف فرگوسن اینڈ کو، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل نہیں ہیں کیونکہ NBFC قواعد کے تحت اجازت یافتہ زیادہ سے زیادہ مدت مکمل کر لی ہے۔
6	الامین اسلامک انرجی فنڈ	میسرز بی ڈی اویبراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
8	الامین اسلامک انکم فنڈ	میسرز بی ڈی اویبراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل

آڈیٹرز، جہاں اہل ہیں، خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے پیش کرتے ہیں۔ تاہم، الامین اسلامک ایسیٹ ایلیکشن فنڈ اور الامین اسلامک اگریسو انکم فنڈ کے لئے NBFC ریگولیشنز کے تحت اجازت یافتہ زیادہ سے زیادہ مدت کی تکمیل کے باعث بیرونی آڈیٹرز میں تبدیلی کی ضرورت ہے۔ مزید برآں، کچھ فنڈز کے لیے، یہاں تک کہ NBFC ضابطوں کے تحت اجازت دی گئی زیادہ سے زیادہ مدت کی تکمیل سے پہلے ہی رضا کارانہ طور پر نئی تقرریوں کی سفارش کی گئی ہے۔ نئے آڈیٹرز نے ان کی تقرری پر رضامندی ظاہر کی ہے۔ اسی مناسبت سے، بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 30 جون 2027 کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے موجودہ آڈیٹرز کی دوبارہ تقرری اور جہاں قابل اطلاق ہو، نئے آڈیٹرز کی تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

ماحولیاتی، سماجی اور گورننس (ESG) امور کی نگرانی میں بورڈ کا کردار

بورڈ تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے پائیدار کاروباری طریقہ کار اور طویل مدتی قدر کے فروغ کو یقینی بنانے کے عزم پر قائم ہے۔ پائیداری سے متعلق امور کو کمپنی کے گورننس، حکمت عملی اور رسک مینجمنٹ کے فریم ورک میں شامل کیا گیا ہے۔ بورڈ پائیداری سے متعلق خطرات، بشمول ماحولیاتی، سماجی اور گورننس عوامل، کی نگرانی کرتا ہے جو کمپنی کے آپریشنز اور کارکردگی کو متاثر کر سکتے ہیں۔ ان خطرات کی باقاعدگی سے نشاندہی، تشخیص اور نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، جبکہ مؤثر تدارک اور قابل اطلاق ریگولیٹری تقاضوں اور بدلتے ہوئے بہترین طریقہ ہائے کار سے ہم آہنگی کو یقینی بنانے کے لیے مضبوط داخلی کنٹرولز، تعمیری طریقہ ہائے کار اور مسلسل نگرانی کے نظام کے ذریعے ان کا انتظام کیا جاتا ہے۔

کمپنی ادارے کی تمام سطحوں پر تنوع، مساوات اور شمولیت (DE&I) کے فروغ کے لیے بھی پُر عزم ہے۔ بورڈ میں متنوع تجربے اور مہارت کے حامل افراد شامل ہیں، جن میں مناسب صنفی نمائندگی بھی شامل ہے، جو گورننس اور فیصلہ سازی کو مزید موثر بناتی ہے۔ کمپنی مساوی مواقع، منصفانہ برتاؤ اور شفاف انسانی وسائل کے طریقہ ہائے کار کے ذریعے ایک جامع اور شمولیتی کام کے ماحول کو فروغ دینے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔ بورڈ ریگولیٹری توقعات اور ابھرتے ہوئے معیارات کے مطابق پائیداری کے اقدامات اور DE&I سے متعلق اقدامات کو مسلسل مضبوط بنانے پر توجہ مرکوز کیے ہوئے ہے۔

اظہار تشکر

ہم اپنے قابل قدر یونٹ ہولڈرز کا یو بی ایل فنڈ نیجز لمیٹڈ پر اعتماد اور بھروسہ کے لیے شکر گزار ہیں۔ اس کے علاوہ، ہم سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان، اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان، سینٹرل ڈیپازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان لمیٹڈ (ٹرسٹی) اور شریعہ ایڈوائزری بورڈ کی مسلسل حمایت، رہنمائی اور تعاون کا اعتراف کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ اس موقع پر ملازمین کی لگن، عزم، جوش اور محنت کو بھی سراہتا ہے۔

منجانب اور برائے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز آف یو بی ایل فنڈ نیجز لمیٹڈ

SD

عمران سرور

SD

آصف علی قریشی

AIEF

AL AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The "Al-Ameen Islamic Energy Fund" shall aim to provide investors with long term capital growth from an actively managed portfolio of Shariah Compliant listed equities belonging to the Energy Sectors.

Management Company	UBL Fund Managers Limited
Trustee	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi. Tel: (9221) 111-111-500
Distribution Company	United Bank Limited (for detail of others, please visit our website: www.ublfunds.com.pk)
Auditor	BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants
Bankers	United Bank Limited - Islamic Banking BankIslami Pakistan Limited
Management Co.Rating	AM1 (VIS)

Fund Manager's Report – Al-Ameen Energy Fund (AIEF)

- i) **Description of the Collective Investment Scheme category and type**
Islamic Equity / Open-end
- ii) **Statement of Collective Investment Scheme's investment objective**
The "Al-Ameen Islamic Energy Fund" shall aim to provide investors with long term capital growth from an actively managed portfolio of Shariah Compliant listed equities belonging to the Energy Sectors.
- iii) **Explanation as to whether the Collective Investment Scheme achieved its stated objective**
The Collective Investment Scheme achieved its stated objective.
- iv) **Statement of benchmark(s) relevant to the Collective Investment Scheme**
A Total Return Index, reflective of the investment universe of the CIS as may be approved by SECP on a case to case basis.
- v) **Comparison of the Collective Investment Scheme's performance during the period compared with the said benchmarks**

Monthly Yield*	Jul'25	Aug'25	Sep'25	Oct'25	Nov'25	Dec'25	Jan'26	Feb'26	Mar'26	Apr'26	May'26	Jun'26	FYTD
AIEF	1.45%	5.27%	18.39%	-6.52%	4.21%	4.24%	9.04%	-13.83%	-6.15%	8.92%	5.02%	1.34%	31.24%
Benchmark	2.13%	5.83%	20.24%	-6.09%	4.15%	4.09%	7.78%	-13.09%	-6.19%	9.34%	6.36%	2.16%	38.12%

- vi) **Description of the strategies and policies employed during the period under review in relation to the Collective Investment Scheme's performance**

AIEF aims to provide investors with long term capital growth from an actively managed portfolio of Shariah Compliant listed equities belonging to the Energy Sectors. The fund posted a return of 31.24% in FY26.

The fund's Net Assets stood at PKR 4,745 mn at the end of the period and the fund was invested in Equities (96%) and Cash (4%).

- vii) **Disclosure of the Collective Investment Scheme's asset allocation as at the date of the report and particulars of significant changes in asset allocation since the last report (if applicable)**

Asset Allocation (% of Total Assets)	Jun-26	Jun-25
Equities	96%	91%
Cash	4%	4%
Others	0%	5%
Leverage	Nil	Nil

viii) **Analysis of the Collective Investment Scheme's performance**

FY'26 Return:	31.24%
Standard Deviation (12m trailing):	28.55%
Sharpe Ratio (12m trailing):	0.71

ix) **Changes in total NAV and NAV per unit since the last review period or since commencement (in case of newly established Collective Investment Schemes)**

Net Asset Value			NAV per unit		
30-Jun-26	30-Jun-25	Change	30-Jun-26	30-Jun-25	Change
Rupees (000)		%	Rupees (000)		%
4,744,700	3,909,258	21.37	334.0845	270.3651	23.56

x) **Disclosure on the markets that the Collective investment Scheme has invested in including - review of the market(s) invested in and returns during the period**

Please refer to relevant section in director report

Disclosure on distribution (if any), comprising:-
- particulars of income distribution or other forms of distribution made and proposed during the period;
and
- statement of effects on the NAV before and after distribution is made

Distribution				Per Unit	
Declared on	Bonus	Cash	Per unit	Cum NAV	Ex NAV
	Rupees (000)			Rupees-	
18-June-2026	-	293,993	21.00	359.1185	338.1185

i) **Description and explanation of any significant changes in the state of affairs of the Collective Investment Scheme during the period and up till the date of the manager's report, not otherwise disclosed in the financial statements**
There were no significant changes in the state of affairs during the year under review.

ii) **Breakdown of unit holdings by size**

Range of Units	Number of Investors	
	AIEF	
0.0001 - 9,999.9999	1195	

10,000.0000 - 49,999.9999	132
50,000.0000 - 99,999.9999	21
100,000.0000 - 499,999.9999	18
500,000.0000 & Above	03
Total	1369

iii) **Disclosure on unit split (if any), comprising:-**

There were no unit splits during the period.

iv) **Disclosure of circumstances that materially affect any interests of unit holders**

Investment are subject to credit and market risk.

v) **Disclosure if the Asset Management Company or its delegate, if any, receives any soft commission (i.e. goods and services) from its broker(s) or dealer(s) by virtue of transactions conducted by the Collective Investment Scheme.**

No soft commissions are received by the AMC from its brokers or dealers by virtue of transactions conducted by the Collective Investment Scheme.

PERFORMANCE TABLE

AI Ameen Islamic Energy Fund

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
NET ASSETS AS AT 30 JUNE - Rupees in '000	4,744,700	3,909,258	883,989	533,778	542,316
NET ASSETS VALUE PER UNIT AT 30 JUNE - Rupees *					
Class A units - Offer	345.6104	279.6927	166.5102	91.5089	89.9979
- Redemption	334.0845	270.3651	161.0506	88.5085	87.0470
RETURN OF THE FUND - %					
Total Return of the Fund	31.24	73.31	90.15	1.68	(6.20)
Capital Growth (per unit)	23.47	64.60	82.89	1.68	(6.20)
Date of Income Distribution	18-Jun-26	26-Jun-25	28-Jun-24 -		-
Income Distribution	21	8.71	7.26	-	-
AVERAGE ANNUAL RETURN - %					
One Year	31.24	73.31	90.15	1.68	(6.20)
Two Year	52.275	81.73	45.92	(2.26)	5.36
OFFER / REPURCHASE DURING THE YEAR- Rupees *					
Highest price per unit - Class A units - Offer	400.9933	309.6712	175.4398	104.4267	99.2784
Highest price per unit - Class A units - Redemption	387.6204	299.3438	169.6874	101.0027	96.0232
Lowest price per unit - Class A units - Offer	278.8416	159.4188	91.4916	82.8027	85.4015
Lowest price per unit - Class A units - Redemption	269.5424	154.1023	88.4917	80.0877	82.6013

* Front end load @ 3% is applicable

PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION - %

Percentage of Net Assets as at 30 June

PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION BY CATEGORY - %

Equities	95.97	91.05	88.02	94	94
Cash	3.85	4.28	10.34	4	6
Others	0.17	4.67	1.64	2	0

PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION BY MARKET - %

Equity Market	100	100	100	100	100
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Note:

- The Launch date of Fund is 13th December 2019

DISCLAIMER

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

AIEF

	Resolutions	For	Against	Abstain*
Number	12	0	0	12
Percentage	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%

Head Office:

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'
S.M.C.H.S., Main Shakra-e-Faisal
Karachi - 74400, Pakistan.

Tel : (92-21) 111-111-500

Fax: (92-21) 34326021 - 23

URL: www.cdcpakistan.com

Email: info@cdcpak.com



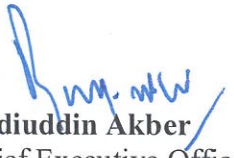
TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and Clause 8 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Al-Ameen Islamic Energy Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that UBL Fund Managers Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2026 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- (i) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (iii) The management fee, fee payable to Commission and other expenses paid from the Fund during the period are in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework; and
- (iv) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.


Badiuddin Akber
Chief Executive Officer
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, September 22, 2026

REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISORY COMMITTEE

We, the Shariah Advisors of the Fund are issuing this report in accordance with the rules and regulations. The scope of the report is to express an opinion on the Shariah Compliance of the Fund's activities.

In the capacity of Shariah Advisor, we have prescribed criteria for Shariah compliance of equity investments which comprises of five factors such as (i) Nature of business, (ii) interest bearing debt to total assets, (iii) Illiquid assets to total assets. (iv) Investment in non-Shariah compliant activities and income from non-compliant investments, and (v) Net liquid assets vs. share market price.

It is the responsibility of the Management Company of the Fund to establish and maintain a system of internal controls to ensure compliance with the Shariah guidelines. Our responsibility is to express an opinion, based on our review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified. A review is limited primarily to inquiries from the Management Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Management Company to comply with the prescribed criteria.

- i. We have reviewed and approved the modes of investments of AIEF in light of Shariah requirements. The following is a list of top equity investments of AIEF as on 30 June 2026 and their evaluation according to the screening criteria established by us.

AIEF			Interest Bearing Debt to Total Assets	Non-Compliant Investments to Total Assets	Non-Compliant Income to Total Revenue	Illiquid Assets to Total Assets	Net Liquid Assets per Share	Share Price
S.No.	Top Equity Scrip Holdings	Nature of Business	<37%	<33%	<5%	>25%	A	< B
1	OGDC	Oil & Gas Exploration Companies	0%	18%	7%	29%	208	281
2	PPL	Oil & Gas Exploration Companies	0%	8%	3%	26%	237	236
3	MARI	Oil & Gas Exploration Companies	3%	6%	0%	63%	-3	716
4	HUBC	Power Generation & Distribution	19%	42%	7%	37%	72	221
5	ATRL	Refinery	0%	18%	2%	52%	367	683
6	SNGP	Oil & Gas Marketing Companies	11%	0%	1%	21%	-464	120
7	PSO	Oil & Gas Marketing Companies	25%	6%	0%	34%	-209	474
8	APL	Oil & Gas Marketing Companies	8%	36%	1%	50%	40	546
9	SPSL	Oil & Gas Marketing Companies	28%	0%	0%	59%	-21	

In light of the above, we hereby certify that all the provisions of the Scheme and investments made on accounts of AIEF by UBL Funds are Shariah compliant and in accordance with the criteria established.

- ii. On the basis of information provided by the management, all operations of AIEF for the year ended 30 June 2026 have been in compliance with the Shariah principles.
- iii. The Management Company has been directed to set aside as charity amount earned as interest from conventional banks. In addition, there are investments made by AIEF where Investee companies have earned a part of their income from non-compliant sources (e.g. interest income). In such cases, the Management Company has been directed to set aside a charity such proportion of the income from Investee companies in order to purify the earning of the Fund.

UBL FUND MANAGERS LIMITED

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 info@ublfunds.com www.ublfunds.com.pk
 4th Floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi.

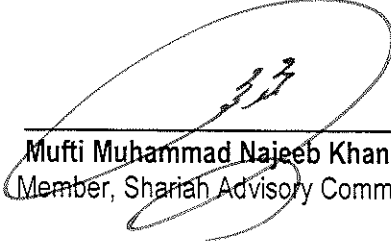
@ubifunds
 [Facebook] [Twitter] [Instagram] [YouTube] [LinkedIn]

During the year, an amount of PKR 18,822,904 has been recognized as charity.

May Allah give us strength to work in accordance with Quran and Sunnah and forgive our mistakes.



Mufti Muhammad Hassaan Kaleem
Member, Shariah Advisory Committee



Mufti Muhammad Najeeb Khan
Member, Shariah Advisory Committee

KARACHI:

DATE: 27 July, 2026

INDEPENDENT ASSURANCE REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE SHARIAH GOVERNANCE REGULATIONS, 2023

To the Board of Directors of UBL Fund Managers Limited

1. Introduction

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement that the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (the SECP) has required in terms of its Shariah Governance Regulations, 2023 (the Regulations) – External Shariah Audit of **AI – Ameen Islamic Energy Fund (the Fund)** for assessing compliance of the Fund's financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications with the Shariah principles for the year ended June 30, 2026. This engagement was conducted by a multidisciplinary team including assurance practitioners and independent Shariah scholar.

2. Applicable Criteria

The criteria for the assurance engagement, against which the underlying subject matter (financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications for the year ended June 30, 2026) is assessed, comprise of the Shariah principles and rules, as defined in the Regulations and reproduced as under:

- a) Legal and regulatory framework administered by the SECP;
- b) Shariah standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), as notified by the SECP;
- c) Islamic Financial Accounting Standards, developed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), as notified by the SECP;
- d) Guidance and recommendations of the Shariah advisory committee, as notified by the SECP; and
- e) Approvals, rulings or pronouncements of Shariah Supervisory board or the Shariah Advisor of the Islamic financial institution, in line with (a) to (d) above.

Our engagement was carried out as required under Regulation 29 of Chapter VII of the Regulations.

The above criteria were evaluated for their implications on the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2026, which are annexed.

3. Management's Responsibility for Shariah Compliance

Management is responsible to ensure that the financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions, having Shariah implications, entered into by the Fund with its unit holders, other financial institutions and stakeholders and related policies and procedures are, in substance and legal form, in compliance with the requirements of Shariah rules and principles. The management is also responsible for design, implementation and maintenance of appropriate internal control procedures with respect to such compliance and maintenance of relevant accounting records.

4. Our Independence and Quality Management

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Chartered Accountants issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.



The firm applies International Standard on Quality Management 1 (ISQM-1) "*Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Statements, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements*" which requires the firm to design, implement, and operate a system of quality management, including policies or procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards, and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

5. Our Responsibility and Summary of the Work Performed

Our responsibility in connection with this engagement is to express an opinion on compliance of the Fund's financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications, with Shariah principles in all material respects for the year ended June 30, 2026, based on the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised), '*Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information*', issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. That standard requires that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the compliance of the Funds financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications with Shariah principles is free from material misstatement.

The procedures selected by us for the engagement depends on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material non-compliance with the Shariah principles. In making those risk assessments, we considered and tested the internal control relevant to the Fund's compliance with the Shariah principles in order to design procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. We have designed and performed necessary verification procedures on various financial arrangements, contracts and transactions having Shariah implications and related policies and procedures based on judgmental and systematic samples with regard to the compliance of Shariah principles (criteria specified in paragraph 2 above).

We believe that the evidence we have obtained through performing our procedures were sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

6. Conclusion

Based on our reasonable assurance engagement, we report that, in our opinion, the Fund's financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2026, are in compliance with the Shariah principles (criteria specified in the paragraph 2 above), in all material respects.

The engagement partner on the assurance resulting in this independent assurance report is **Nadeem Yousuf Adil**.

Chartered Accountants

Date: September 23, 2026

Place: Karachi

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS**Report on the audit of the financial statements****Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements Al-Ameen Islamic Energy Fund ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2026, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in unit holders' fund and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2026, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the key audit matter:

S.NO	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1.	Existence and valuation of bank balances and investments As disclosed in note 5 & 6 to the accompanying financial statements of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2026, the bank balances and investment amounting to Rs. 184.340 million and Rs. 4,593.438 million which represent 99.83% of total assets.	Our audit procedures amongst others included the following:

S.NO	Key audit matter(s)	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	The existence of bank balances and existence and valuation of investments are significant components of statement of asset and liabilities for the determination of net asset value of the Fund as at June 30, 2026. We considered existence of bank balance and existence and valuation of investment as Key audit matter due to significance of these in relation to total assets.	• Obtained independent confirmations for verifying the existence of the investments portfolio and bank balances as at June 30, 2026 and traced it with the books and records of the Fund. Where such confirmations were not available alternate audit procedures were performed; • Re-performed valuation to assess that investment is carried as per the valuation methodology specified in the accounting policies; • Obtained bank reconciliation statements and tested reconciling items on a sample basis; • Assessed the Funds' compliance with the requirements of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 in relation to the concentration of investments and exposure limits prescribed in such Regulations and the applicability of disclosures in this regard; and • Evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements in respect of the investment portfolio in accordance with the requirements of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The Management Company is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Management Company and Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company for the Financial Statements

The Management Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and for such internal control as the Management Company determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Company is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management Company either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management Company.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Management Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance of the Management Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance of the Management Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

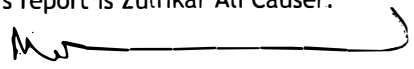
Based on our audit, in our opinion the financial statements have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Zulfikar Ali Causer.

KARACHI

DATED: **25 SEP 2026**

UDIN: AR202610067fOn3EKNWx


BDO EBRAHIM & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

AL AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AS AT JUNE 30, 2026

		2026	2025
	Note	----- (Rupees in '000') -----	
ASSETS			
Bank balances	5	184,340	176,975
Investments	6	4,593,438	3,767,120
Profit receivable		364	989
Security deposits and other receivables	7	7,844	9,633
Preliminary expenses and floatation costs	8	-	-
Receivable against sale of investment		-	182,443
Advance taxation	9	144	144
TOTAL ASSETS		4,786,130	4,137,304
LIABILITIES			
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	10	19,091	21,356
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	11	426	338
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	12	380	308
Dividend payable		-	34
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	13	21,533	206,010
TOTAL LIABILITIES		41,430	228,046
NET ASSETS		4,744,700	3,909,258
UNIT HOLDERS' FUND (AS PER STATEMENT ATTACHED)		4,744,700	3,909,258
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	14	-----Number of units-----	
Number of units in issue	15	14,202,098	14,459,184
		-----Rupees-----	
Net asset value per unit		334.0845	270.3651

The annexed notes from 1 to 30 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For UBL Fund Managers Limited
(Management Company)

SD
Asif Ali Qureshi
Chief Executive Officer

SD
Muhammad Zuhair Abbas
Chief Financial Officer

SD
Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Director

AL AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND
INCOME STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

		2026	2025
	Note	----- (Rupees in '000') -----	
INCOME			
Profit on bank deposits		4,954	7,842
Capital gain on sale of investments - net		665,835	713,500
Unrealised gain on revaluation of investments classified as financial assets at 'fair value through profit or loss' - net	6.3	409,166	287,725
Dividend income		212,084	114,975
Other income		-	59
		<u>1,292,039</u>	<u>1,124,101</u>
EXPENSES			
Remuneration of UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	10.1	143,775	77,365
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of the Management Company	10.2	21,566	11,605
Remuneration of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	11.1	5,988	3,585
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of the Trustee	11.2	898	538
Annual fee to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	12.1	4,739	2,468
Allocated expenses		-	227
Selling and marketing expenses		-	995
Formation cost		-	90
Auditors' remuneration	16	627	435
Legal and professional charges		328	299
Fee and subscription		208	469
Brokerage and settlement expenses		29,036	27,169
Listing fees		46	27
Bank charges		273	95
		<u>207,486</u>	<u>125,367</u>
Net income before taxation		<u>1,084,553</u>	<u>998,734</u>
Taxation	17	-	-
Net income for the year		<u><u>1,084,553</u></u>	<u><u>998,734</u></u>
Allocation of net income for the year			
Net income for the year		1,084,553	998,734
Income already paid on units redeemed		(879,492)	(775,003)
Net income for the year available for distribution		<u><u>205,061</u></u>	<u><u>223,731</u></u>
Accounting income available for distribution:			
Relating to capital gains		205,061	199,275
Excluding capital gains		-	24,456
		<u><u>205,061</u></u>	<u><u>223,731</u></u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 30 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For UBL Fund Managers Limited
(Management Company)

SD
Asif Ali Qureshi
Chief Executive Officer

SD
Muhammad Zuhair Abbas
Chief Financial Officer

SD
Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Director

AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

	2026	2025
	----- (Rupees in '000') -----	
Net income for the year	1,084,553	998,734
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>1,084,553</u>	<u>998,734</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 30 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For UBL Fund Managers Limited
(Management Company)

SD
Asif Ali Qureshi
Chief Executive Officer

SD
Muhammad Zuhair Abbas
Chief Financial Officer

SD
Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Director

AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND
STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

	2026			2025		
	Capital value	Undistributed Income	Total	Capital value	Undistributed Income	Total
	(Rupees in '000)					
Net assets at beginning of the year	3,646,173	263,085	3,909,258	827,990	55,997	883,987
Issuance of 46,803,580 units (2025: 49,110,548 units)						
Capital value (at net asset value per unit at the beginning of the year)	12,654,054	-	12,654,054	7,997,780	-	7,997,780
Element of income during the year	2,796,212	-	2,796,212	4,281,993	-	4,281,993
Total proceeds on issuance of units	15,450,266	-	15,450,266	12,279,773	-	12,279,773
Issue of 539,544 units in lieu of refund of capital (2025: 386,474 units)						
Redemption of units 47,060,666 (2025: 40,140,249 units)						
Capital value (at net asset value per unit at the beginning of the year)	(12,723,562)	-	(12,723,562)	(6,552,888)	-	(6,552,888)
Element of loss during the year	(1,802,330)	(879,492)	(2,681,822)	(2,801,357)	(775,003)	(3,576,360)
Total payments on redemption of units	(14,525,892)	(879,492)	(15,405,384)	(9,354,245)	(775,003)	(10,129,248)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,084,553	1,084,553	-	998,734	998,734
Distribution for the year ended June 30, 2026 @ Rs.21 per unit declared on June 18, 2026	(182,789)	(111,204)	(293,993)	-	-	-
Distribution for the year ended June 30, 2025 @ Rs.8.7149 per unit declared on June 26, 2025	-	-	-	(107,345)	(16,643)	(123,988)
	(182,789)	973,349	790,560	(107,345)	982,091	874,746
Net assets at end of the year	4,387,758	356,942	4,744,700	3,646,173	263,085	3,909,258
Undistributed income / (loss) brought forward						
Realised loss		(24,640)			(50,814)	
Unrealised loss		287,725			106,811	
		263,085			55,997	
Accounting income available for distribution						
Relating to capital gains		205,061			199,275	
Excluding capital gains		-			24,456	
		205,061			223,731	
Distribution for the year ended June 30, 2026 @ Rs.21 per unit declared on June 28, 2026		(111,204)			-	
Distribution for the year ended June 30, 2025 @ Rs.8.7149 per unit declared on June 26, 2025		-			(16,643)	
Undistributed income carried forward		356,942			263,085	
Undistributed income carried forward						
Realised (loss)		(52,225)			(24,640)	
Unrealised income		409,166			287,725	
		356,942			263,085	
		(Rupees)			(Rupees)	
Net asset value per unit at beginning of the year		270.3651			161.0504	
Net asset value per unit at end of the year		334.0845			270.3651	

The annexed notes from 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For UBL Fund Manager Limited
(Management Company)

SD
Asif Ali Qureshi
Chief Executive Officer

SD
Muhammad Zuhair Abbas
Chief Financial Officer

SD
Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Director

AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND
CASH FLOW STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

	2026	2025
Note	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income before taxation	1,084,553	998,734
Adjustments for:		
Unrealised gain on re-measurement of investments classified as financial assets at 'fair value through profit or loss' - net	(409,166)	(287,723)
	<u>675,387</u>	<u>711,011</u>
(Increase) / Decrease in assets		
Investments - net	(417,152)	(2,638,657)
Security deposits and other receivables	597	(247)
Receivable against sale of investment	182,443	(172,618)
Preliminary expenses and floatation costs	-	90
Increase / (Decrease) in liabilities		
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	(2,265)	(337)
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	88	176
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	72	235
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(111,922)	84,595
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	<u>327,248</u>	<u>(2,015,752)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Amount received on issue of units	15,452,083	12,274,990
Payment against redemption of units	(15,477,939)	(10,056,693)
Dividend	(294,027)	(124,312)
Net cash generated/ (used in) from financing activities	<u>(319,883)</u>	<u>2,093,985</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	7,365	78,233
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	176,975	98,742
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	<u>5</u> <u>184,340</u>	<u>176,975</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 30 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For UBL Fund Manager Limited
(Management Company)

SD
Asif Ali Qureshi
Chief Executive Officer

SD
Muhammad Zuhair Abbas
Chief Financial Officer

SD
Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Director

AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC ENERGY FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Al Ameen Islamic Energy Fund (the Fund) was established under the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules) and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) and was approved as an open end mutual fund by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). It was constituted under a Trust Deed, dated January 03, 2018 between UBL Fund Managers Limited (a subsidiary company of United Bank Limited) as the Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee. The Trust Deed of the Fund was registered under Sindh Trust Act, 2020.
- 1.2 The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 4th Floor STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines Karachi.
- 1.3 The objective of the Fund is to provide investors with long term capital growth from an actively managed portfolio of Shariah Compliant listed equities belonging to the Energy Sectors. The Fund adheres to the Shariah Governance Regulations, 2023 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).
- 1.4 VIS Credit Rating Company has assigned management quality rating of AM1 to the Management Company.
- 1.5 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee of the Fund.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

- 2.1.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:
- IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
 - Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations).

Where provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRS Accounting Standards, the provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except investments which are carried at fair value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

3 APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS AS APPLICABLE IN PAKISTAN

3.1 New accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2026

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2026. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or did not have significant impact on the financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

**Effective date
(annual periods
beginning on or
after)**

Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Lack of Exchangeability

January 01, 2025

The IASB issued Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements - Illustrative examples, which amended multiple IFRS Accounting Standards to include illustrative examples demonstrating how companies can apply IFRS Accounting Standards when reporting the effects of uncertainties in their financial statements.

3.2 New accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Amendments regarding translations to a hyperinflationary presentation currency	January 01, 2027
Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates' - Amendments to the Fair Value Option for Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	January 01, 2027
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	January 01, 2027
IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements	January 01, 2027
IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	January 01, 2027

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs and IASs.

IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards' has been issued by IASB effective from July 01, 2009. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

IFRS 17 - 'Insurance contracts' has been notified by the IASB to be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. However SECP has notified the timeframe for the adoption of IFRS - 17 which will be adopted by January 01, 2027.

IFRS 20 'Regulatory Assets and Regulatory Liabilities' has been issued by IASB effective from January 01, 2029. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements, which was issued by the IASB in April 2024 supersedes IAS 1 and will result in major consequential amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards including IAS 8 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements (renamed from Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors). Even though IFRS 18 will not have any effect on the recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements, it is expected to have a significant effect on the presentation and disclosure of certain items. These changes include categorisation and sub-totals in the statement of profit or loss, aggregation/disaggregation and labelling of information, and disclosure of management-defined performance measures.

4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These accounting policies have been consistently applied for all periods presented.

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of balances with banks and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less (if any).

4.2 Financial instruments

4.2.1 Initial recognition and measurement

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs pertaining to financial assets are recognised in the income statement.

Classification and subsequent measurement

4.2.2 Financial assets

There are three principal classification categories for financial assets:

- At amortised cost (AC);
- At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); and
- At fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

Financial assets at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVPL;

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely

Financial asset classified at amortised cost is subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Profit / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in income statement.

Financial asset at FVOCI

A financial asset is classified at FVOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVPL;

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely

On initial recognition, for an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI), and only dividend income is recognised in income statement. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

Financial assets at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising due to changes in fair value recognised in OCI, except for the recognition of impairment losses. In case of debt instrument, when the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to income statement. In case of equity instrument, when the financial asset is derecognised, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to income statement.

Financial asset at FVPL

All other financial assets are classified as FVPL (for example: equity held for trading and debt securities not classified either as AC or FVOCI).

In addition, on initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably designate a financial asset, that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI, as at FVPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any profit / markup or dividend income, are recognised in income statement.

Business model assessment

The Fund makes an assessment of the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management.

The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Fund's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that
- how managers of the business are compensated (e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected); and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Fund's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realised.

Financial assets that are held for trading or managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVPL because they are neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets.

The Fund has determined that it has three business models:

- Held-to-collect business model: This includes cash and cash equivalents and receivables, if any. These financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flow.
- Held-to-collect and sell business model: This includes equity securities carried at FVOCI. These financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flow and sell the financial assets.
- Other business model: This includes equity securities. These financial assets are held for trading and managed and their performance is evaluated, on a fair value basis, with frequent sales taking place.

Assessment of whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)

For the purposes of this assessment, ‘principal’ is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. ‘Interest’ is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (eg. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are SPPI, the Fund considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment, the Fund considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash
- leverage features;
- prepayment and extension terms;
- terms that limit the Fund’s claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse loans); and
- features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of interest rates).

Reclassifications

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Fund were to change its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets would be reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

4.2.3 Financial liabilities

The Fund's financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Any gain or loss on derecognition is in the income statement.

4.2.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Fund at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds the recoverable amount.

4.2.5 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the consideration received is recognised in income statement.

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in income statement.

4.2.6 Fair value measurement principles and provision

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Fund has access at that date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets i.e. listed equity shares are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. A market is regarded as 'active' if transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The quoted market prices used for financial assets held by the Fund is current bid price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

Basis of valuation of equity investments

Equity investments are marked-to-market on the basis of rates at year end date as quoted on PSX, as all equity investments are made in listed securities only.

4.2.7 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the timeframe established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell assets.

4.2.8 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.3 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.4 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders. Furthermore, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of the accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Moreover, super tax introduced in the Finance Act, 2015 is also not applicable on funds (Section 4B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001).

4.5 Distributions

Distribution to the unit holders are recognised upon declaration and approval by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Based on Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan's (MUFAP) guidelines duly consented by the SECP, distribution for the year also includes portion of income already paid on units redeemed during the year.

Distributions declared subsequent to reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the year in which such distributions are declared and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

The rate of distribution is adjusted with effect of refund of capital, if any, based on the period of investment made during the year/period. Resultantly, the rate of distribution per unit may vary depending on the period of investment.

4.6 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the Management Company / distributors during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the net assets value per unit as of the close of the business day plus the allowable sales load, provision for transaction costs and any provision for duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load, if applicable, is payable to the Management Company.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable to units for which the Management Company / distributors receive redemption applications during business hours of that day. The redemption price represents the net assets value per unit as of the close of the business day less any back-end load, any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

4.7 Element of income and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

Element of income represents the difference between net assets value on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the Net Assets Value (NAV) at the beginning of the relevant accounting period.

Element of income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund; however, to maintain same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units (refund of capital) in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution. As per guideline provided by MUFAP (MUFAP Guidelines consented upon by SECP) the refund of capital is made in the form of additional units at zero price.

MUFAP, in consultation with the SECP, has specified methodology for determination of income paid on units redeemed (income already paid) during the period under which such income is paid on gross element received and is calculated from the latest date at which the Fund achieved net profitability during the period. The income already paid (Element of Income) on redemption of units during the period are taken separately in statement of movement in unit holders' fund.

4.8 Net assets value per unit

The net assets value (NAV) per unit as disclosed in the statement of assets and liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at the year end.

4.9 Earnings / (loss) per unit

Earnings / (loss) per unit (EPU) is calculated by dividing the net income / (loss) for the year after taxation of the Fund by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the year. Earnings / (loss) per unit has not been disclosed as, in the opinion of the management, the determination of cumulative weighted average number of outstanding units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

4.10 Revenue recognition

- Realised capital gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the income statement on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on re-measurement of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.
- Dividend income from equity securities is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- Mark up / return on bank deposits is recognised on time proportionate basis.

4.11 Expenses

All expenses chargeable to the Fund, including remuneration of the Management Company, Trustee fee and annual fee of the SECP are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

4.12 Critical accounting estimates & judgements

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates, judgements and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The estimates and judgements that have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Fund relate to following:

	Notes
(a) Classification and subsequent measurement	4.2.2
(b) Provisions	4.3

		2026	2025
	Note	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
5	BANK BALANCES		
	In savings accounts	5.1 <u>184,340</u>	<u>176,975</u>
5.1	These accounts carry mark-up at rates ranging between 0.1% to 6% (2025: 0.1% to 17%) per annum. This includes an amount held by a related party (United Bank Limited) amounting to Rs. 40.273 million (2025: Rs. 32.362 million).		

6 INVESTMENTS

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Listed equity securities	6.1	<u>4,593,438</u>	<u>3,767,120</u>
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6.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Equity securities

Shares of listed companies - fully paid up ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, unless stated otherwise.

Name of the investee companies (Sector wise)	As at July 01, 2025	Purchased during the year	Sold during the year	As at June 30, 2026	Carrying value as at June 30, 2026	Market value as at June 30, 2026	Unrealized gain/ (diminution)on re- measurement of investments	Market value as percentage of net assets	Market value as percentage of total investments	Par value as a percentage of issued capital of the Investee company
	-----Number of shares-----			----- (Rupees in 000) -----			-----%-----			
OIL & GAS EXPLORATION COMPANIES										
Mari Energies Limited	82,000	2,153,853	1,268,400	967,453	640,998	652,344	11,345	14%	14.20%	0.081%
Oil and Gas Development Company Limited	3,587,500	4,890,500	5,692,000	2,786,000	764,000	932,948	168,948	20%	20.31%	0.06%
Pakistan Petroleum Limited	4,546,883	6,229,000	7,211,000	3,564,883	750,291	864,912	114,621	18%	18.83%	0.13%
	8,216,383	13,273,353	14,171,400	7,318,336	2,155,289	2,450,204	294,914	52%	53.34%	0.28%
OIL AND GAS MARKETING COMPANIES										
Attock Petroleum Limited	5,000	248,709	80,568	173,141	100,024	93,191	(6,833)	1.96%	2.03%	0.14%
Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited	1,365,171	3,229,200	1,243,000	3,351,371	375,039	405,281	30,243	9%	8.82%	0.53%
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	807,000	3,242,000	2,956,758	1,092,242	462,460	373,929	(88,531)	8%	8.14%	0.23%
Sitara Petroleum Service Limited	-	5,143,000	2,700,000	2,443,000	51,312	47,785	(3,527)	1%	1.04%	0.15%
	2,177,171	11,862,909	6,980,326	7,059,754	988,835	920,187	(68,648)	19%	20.03%	1.05%
REFINERY										
Attock Refinery Limited	1,131,846	1,090,000	1,533,433	688,413	533,081	585,612	52,532	12%	12.75%	0.65%
POWER GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION										
K-Electric Limited*	28,648,831	2,000,000	30,648,831	-	-	-	-	0%	0.00%	0.00%
The Hub Power Company Limited	5,550,500	4,178,000	6,998,000	2,730,500	507,067	637,435	130,369	13%	13.88%	0.21%
	34,199,331	6,178,000	37,646,831	2,730,500	507,067	637,435	130,369	13%	13.88%	0.21%
Total as at June 30, 2026	45,724,731	32,404,262	60,331,990	17,797,003	4,184,272	4,593,438	409,166			
Total as at June 30, 2025	4,828,512	111,357,769	70,461,550	45,724,731	3,479,396	3,767,120	287,725			

6.1.1 As at June 30, 2026, the Fund has pledged shares with the National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited (NCCPL) as collateral for guaranteeing settlement of the Fund's trades in accordance with Circular no. 11, dated October 23, 2007, issued by the SECP of following companies:

- Oil and Gas Development Company (280,000 shares having market value of Rs. 61.7568 million)
- Pakistan Petroleum Limited (250,000 shares having market value of Rs. 42.5425 million)
- Hub Power Company Limited (500,000 shares having market value of Rs. 68.9050 million)

*fully paid up ordinary shares of Rs. 3.5 each

6.2 Details of non-shariah compliant investments

Attock Petroleum Limited was recomposed out of KMI-AII Share Islamic Index by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited through notice PSX/N-659 dated May 29, 2026. These shares were compliant according to the KMI. All Share Islamic Index at the time of initial investment.

Name of non-shariah compliant investments	Note	Type of investment	Value of investment before provision	Provision held	Value of investment after provision	Percentage in relation to	
						Net assests of the fund	Gross assests of the fund
-----Rs in '000'-----						----- Percentage -----	
Attock Petroleum Limited	6.1	Shares	93,191	-	-	1.96	1.95

	2026	2025
	----- (Rupees in '000') -----	
6.3 Net unrealized gain on re-measurement of investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' - net		
Market value of investments	4,593,438	3,767,120
Less: Carrying value of investments	(4,184,272)	(3,479,396)
	<u>409,166</u>	<u>287,725</u>

7 SECURITY DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Security deposits with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited	2,230	2,200
Receivable from UBL Fund Managers Limited	2,640	2,640
Receivable against units issuance	2,966	4,783
Others	7	10
	<u>7,844</u>	<u>9,633</u>

8 PRELIMINARY EXPENSES AND FLOATATION COSTS

Opening balance	-	90
Amortisation during the year	-	(90)
Closing balance	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

- 8.1 The provisions of the Trust Deed and NBFC Regulations require the amortisation of preliminary expenses and floatation costs up to one percent of the IPO of the Fund. As there was no public offering, the Management Company sought approval from SECP to amortise the preliminary expenses and floatation costs.

9 ADVANCE TAXATION

The income of the Fund is exempt from tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 (ITO 2001). Further, the Fund is exempt under clause 47(B) of Part IV of Second Schedule of ITO 2001 from withholding of tax under section 150, 151 and 233 of ITO 2001. The Federal Board of Revenue through a circular "C.No.1 (43) DG (WHT) / 2008-Vol.II66417-R" dated May 12, 2015, made it mandatory to obtain exemption certificates under section 159(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 from Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR). Prior to receiving tax exemption certificate(s) from CIR various withholding agents have deducted advance tax under section 151 of ITO 2001. The management is confident that the same shall be refunded after filing refund application within stipulated time.

		2026	2025
	Note	----- (Rupees in 000) -----	
10	PAYABLE TO UBL FUND MANAGERS LIMITED - MANAGEMENT COMPANY		
Remuneration to the Management Company	10.1	11,327	9,646
Sindh sales tax on Remuneration to the Management Company	10.2	1,699	1,447
Sales load		1,948	4,218
Allocation of expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services		-	14
Selling and marketing expense payable		774	774
Shariah fee payable		93	
Others		3,250	5,258
		<u>19,091</u>	<u>21,356</u>

- 10.1 The Management Company has charged its remuneration at the rate of 3% per annum of the average daily net assets up to September 30, 2025 and at the rate of 2.85% per annum thereafter until the year end as prescribed under the NBFC Regulations. (2025: 3% per annum of the average daily net assets). The remuneration is payable to the Management Company monthly in arrears.
- 10.2 The Provincial Government of Sindh has levied Sindh Sales Tax at the rate of 15% (2025: 15%) on the remuneration of the Management Company through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.
- 10.3 In accordance with Regulation 60 of the NBFC Regulations, the Management Company was entitled to charge fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services, related to a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS).

Pursuant to S.R.O. 600(I)/2025 dated April 10, 2025, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) amended Schedule XX of the NBFC Regulations, effective April 11, 2025, to exclude the following expenses from those that may be charged to a CIS:

- (a) Printing costs and related expenses for issuing the quarterly, half-yearly, and annual reports of the CIS;
- (b) Fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operations, and valuation services of the CIS;
- (c) Selling and marketing expenses for the purpose of opening and maintenance of branches;
- (d) Payment of salaries/commission to the sales team and distributors;
- (e) Advertising and publicity expenses, and development of alternate delivery/distribution channels for the CIS.

In view of above, the management company has restricted the allocation of expenses to the Fund with effect from April 11, 2025.

2026 2025
----- (Rupees in 000) -----

11 PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE

Trustee fee payable	11.1	426	338
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- 11.1 The Central Depository Company - Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for the services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed and the Offering Document as per the tariff structure specified therein, based on the daily net asset value of the Fund.

As per the Trust Deed and Offering Document, the tariff structure applicable to the Fund in respect of the Trustee fee during the year ended June 30, 2026 is as follows:

On net assets:

Up to Rs. 1,000 million	Rs. 0.7 million or 0.20% per annum of net assets, whichever is higher
Over Rs. 1,000 million	Rs. 2.0 million plus 0.10% per annum of net assets on amount exceeding Rs. 1,000 million

- 11.2 The Sindh Provincial Government has levied Sindh Sales Tax at the rate of 15% (2025: 15%) on the remuneration of Trustee through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.

12 PAYABLE TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

Annual fee payable	12.1	380	308
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- 12.1 As per Regulation 62 of the NBFC Regulations, an Asset Management Company managing a CIS shall pay SECP an annual fee of 0.095% (2025: 0.095%) of the average annual net assets. During the year, Management Company has charged the fee accordingly. The fee is payable annually in arrears.

2026 2025
Note ----- (Rupees in 000) -----

13 ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Payable against purchase of investments	-	109,404
Legal and professional fees	315	221
Withholding tax payable	-	18
Brokerage payable	3,683	12,529
Auditors' remuneration	405	95
Zakat payable	202	222
Charity payable	13.1 5,658	8,073
Sales load	124	7
Payable against redemption of units	-	72,555
Other	11,146	2,886
	<u>21,533</u>	<u>206,010</u>

- 13.1 According to the instructions of the Shariah Advisory Board, any income earned by the Fund from investments / portion of investments made in non-shariah compliant avenues, should be donated for charitable purposes directly by the Fund. Non-shariah compliant income amounting to Rs. 18.823 million (2025: Rs. 7.679 million) has been charged by the Fund, accordingly the dividend income is recorded net of charity portion.

14 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments as at June 30, 2026 (2025: Nil).

15 NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE

Total units in issue at the beginning of the year	14,459,184	5,488,885
Add: Units issued during the year	46,803,580	49,110,548
Less: Units redeemed during the year	<u>(47,060,666)</u>	<u>(40,140,249)</u>
Total units in issue at the end of the year	<u>14,202,098</u>	<u>14,459,184</u>

16 AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Annual audit fee	190	135
Fee for half yearly review	190	68
Review of compliance with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance		68
Other certifications	135	68
Out of pocket expenses and sales tax	112	96
	<u>627</u>	<u>435</u>

17 TAXATION

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by accumulated losses & capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders. Provided that for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. Furthermore, as per regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than capital gains / loss to the unit holders. The Fund has not recorded any tax liability in respect of income relating to the current period since the Management Company has distributed the required minimum percentage of income earned by the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2026.

18 RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING OUT OF FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	Receivable against issuance of units	Payable against redemption of units	Dividend payable	Total
------(Rupees in '000)-----				
Opening balance as at July 1, 2025	4,783	72,555	34	77,372
Receivable against issuance of units	15,450,266	-	-	15,450,266
Payable against redemption of units	-	15,405,384	293,993	15,699,377
	15,450,266	15,405,384	293,993	31,149,643
Amount received on issuance of units	(15,452,083)	-	-	(15,452,083)
Amount paid on redemption of units	-	(15,477,939)	-	(15,477,939)
Dividend paid	-	-	(294,027)	(294,027)
	(15,452,083)	(15,477,939)	(294,027)	(31,224,049)
Closing balance as at June 30, 2026	2,966	-	-	2,966

19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

Particulars	-----2026-----		
	At fair value through profit or loss	Amortized cost	Total
------(Rupees in '000)-----			
Financial assets			
Bank balances	-	184,340	184,340
Investments	4,593,438	-	4,593,438
Dividend and profit receivable	-	364	364
Security deposits and other receivables	-	7,844	7,844
	<u>4,593,438</u>	<u>192,548</u>	<u>4,785,985</u>
Financial liabilities			
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	-	19,091	19,091
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	-	426	426
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	-	380	380
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	-	21,533	21,533
	<u>-</u>	<u>41,430</u>	<u>41,430</u>

Particulars	-----2025-----		
	At fair value through profit or loss	Amortized cost	Total
------(Rupees in '000)-----			
Financial assets			
Bank balances		176,975	176,975
Investments	3,767,120	-	3,767,120
Dividend and profit receivable	-	989	989
Receivable against sale of investment	-	182,443	182,443
Security deposits and other receivables	-	9,633	9,633
	<u>-</u>	<u>370,040</u>	<u>4,137,160</u>
Financial liabilities			
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	-	21,356	21,356
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	-	338	338
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	-	308	308
Dividend payable	-	34	34
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	-	205,992	205,992
	<u>-</u>	<u>228,028</u>	<u>228,028</u>

20 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Connected persons / related parties comprise of United Bank Limited (Holding Company of the Management Company), UBL Fund Managers Limited (the Management Company), Al-Ameen Financial Services (Private) Limited (Subsidiary of the Management Company), entities under the common management or directorship of the Management Company, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee and Custodian of the Fund, the directors and officers of the Management Company and unitholders holding 10% or more of the Fund's net assets.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of the NBFC Rules, NBFC Regulations and the Trust Deed respectively. Other transactions with the related parties / connected persons have been carried out at agreed terms.

Details of the transactions with connected persons and balances with them, if not disclosed elsewhere in these financial statement are as follows:

2026 2025
----- (Rupees in '000) -----

20.1 Transactions during the year

Remuneration of the Management Company	143,775	77,365
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of the Management Company	21,566	11,605
Allocation of expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services	-	227
Selling and marketing expense	-	995
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Trustee fee	5,988	3,585

	2026	2025
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
United Bank Limited		
Bank charges	274	85
Profit on bank deposits	4,841	5,427
Associated Companies and Others		
Issue of 320,818 (2025: Nil) units	108,681	-
Redemption of 432,563 (2025: Nil) units	150,000	-
Directors and Executives of the Management Company		
Issue of 128,609 (2025: 431,421) units	41,745	101,561
Redemption of 146,727 (2025: 401,472) units	47,731	76,526
Management Company		
Issue of Nil (2025: 11,333) units	-	3,043
Other Connected Persons		
Issue of units 121,730 units (2025: 9,812,285)	37,749	2,464,266
Redemption of 87,101 units (2025: 5,523,293)	26,003	1,324,952
Dividend		
Associated Companies & Others	9,130	-
Directors and key executives	141	1,367
Funds Under Common Management	-	24,792
Management Company	-	3,580
Other Connected Persons	787	14,748

20.2 Balance outstanding as at the year end

UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company		
Remuneration payable to the Management Company	11,327	9,646
Sindh Sales Tax remuneration payable to the Management Company	1,699	1,447
Allocation of expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services	-	14
Selling and marketing expenses payable	774	774
Sales load	1,948	4,218
Others	3,250	5,258
Receivable from UBL Fund Managers Limited	2,640	2,640
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Trustee fee payable	426	338

	2026	2025
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
United Bank Limited		
Bank balances	40,273	32,362
Associated Companies and Others		
Units held 310,382 (June 30, 2025: Nil)	103,694	-
Directors and Executives of the Management Company		
Units held 6,950 (2025: 91,571)	2,322	24,758
Management Company		
Units held Nil (2025: 422,127)	-	114,128
Funds Under Common Management		
Units held Nil (2025: 2,568,455)	-	114,128
Other Connected Persons		
Units held 39,747 (2025: 4,809,399)	13,279	1,300,294

21 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Fund's risk management policies.

The Fund's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Fund, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities.

The fund has invested in a portfolio of equity securities. These Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

21.1 Market risk

Market risk is a risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee and regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk; currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

21.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present, is not exposed to currency risk.

21.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is a risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

a) Cash flow interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk for balances in savings account, the interest rates on which range between 0.1% to 6% (2025: 0.1% to 17%) per annum.

The Fund's interest rate risk arises from the balances in savings accounts. In case of 100 basis points (decrease) / increase in interest rates on June 30, 2026 with all other variables held constant, the net assets for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs. 1.84 million (2025: Rs 1.77 million). Since the Fund does not have any fixed rate instruments that are impacted by market interest rates, therefore, it is not exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date.

b) Fair value interest rate risk

Since the Fund currently does not have any fixed rate instruments that are impacted by market interest rates, therefore, it is not exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

Particulars	Effective yield interest rate	2026				Total
		Exposed to yield / interest rate risk			Not exposed to yield/ interest rate risk	
		Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year		
%		(Rupees in '000)				
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial assets						
Bank balances	0.1% - 6%	184,340	-	-	-	184,340
Investments		-	-	-	4,593,438	4,593,438
Profit receivable		-	-	-	364	364
Security deposits and other receivables		-	-	-	7,844	7,844
Sub total		184,340	-	-	4,601,645	4,785,985
Financial liabilities						
Payable to the Management Company		-	-	-	19,091	19,091
Payable to the Trustee		-	-	-	426	426
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan		-	-	-	380	380
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		-	-	-	21,533	21,533
Sub total		-	-	-	41,430	41,430
On-balance sheet gap (a)		184,340	-	-	4,560,215	4,744,555
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	-	-	-	-
Total interest rate sensitivity gap (a) + (b)		184,340	-	-		
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		184,340	-	-		

Particulars	Effective yield interest rate	2025				Total
		Exposed to yield / interest rate risk			Not exposed to yield/ interest rate risk	
		Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year		
%		(Rupees in '000)				
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial assets						
Bank balances	0.1% - 17%	176,975	-	-	-	176,975
Investments		-	-	-	3,767,120	3,767,120
Profit receivable		-	-	-	989	989
Receivable against sale of investment		-	-	-	182,443	182,443
Deposits		-	-	-	9,633	9,633
Sub total		176,975	-	-	3,960,185	4,137,160
Financial liabilities						
Payable to the Management Company		-	-	-	21,356	21,356
Payable to the Trustee		-	-	-	338	338
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan		-	-	-	308	308
Dividend payable		-	-	-	34	34
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		-	-	-	205,992	205,992
Sub total		-	-	-	228,028	228,028
On-balance sheet gap (a)		176,975	-	-	3,732,157	3,909,132
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	-	-	-	-
Total interest rate sensitivity gap (a) + (b)		176,975	-	-		
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		176,975	-	-		

21.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Fund is exposed to equity price risk because of investments held by the Fund in listed equity securities classified on the statement of financial position at fair value through profit or loss. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Fund diversifies its portfolio within eligible stocks. The Fund's constitutive document / NBFC Regulations, also limit investment in individual equity securities to not more than 20% of its net assets.

In case of 5% increase / (decrease) in price of all shares held by Fund at the year end, net income for the year would decrease / increase by Rs. 229.672 million (2025: Rs. 149.669 million) and net assets of the Fund would increase / decrease by the same amount as a result of gains / losses on equity securities at fair value through profit or loss.

21.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of a loss if the counter parties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund's credit risk mainly arises from saving with banks and financial institutions and credit exposure arising as a result of dividend receivable on equity securities.

Management of credit risk

For banks and financial institutions, the Fund keeps deposits with reputed institutions. Credit risk on account of dividend receivable is minimal due to the statutory protections. All transactions in listed securities are settled / paid for upon delivery using the system of National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited. The risk of default in these transactions is considered minimal due to inherent systematic measures taken therein. The Fund's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee, its Trust Deed and the requirements of the NBFC Rules and the regulations and the guidelines given by the SECP from time to time.

- 21.2.1 The analysis below summarises the credit quality of the funds' bank balances as at June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025.

Name of the bank	Balance as at June 30, 2026	Latest available published rating as at June 30, 2026	Rating agency
Rupees in '000			
Savings accounts			
United Bank Limited	40,273	AAA	VIS
BankIslami Pakistan Limited	144,067	AA-	PACRA
	184,340		

Name of the bank	Balance as at June 30, 2025	Latest available published rating as at June 30, 2025	Rating agency
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Rupees in '000

Savings accounts

United Bank Limited	32,362	AAA	VIS
Bank Islami Pakistan Limited	144,613	AA-	PACRA
	176,975		

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Fund mainly deals in equity securities which are primarily subject to price risk. The Fund's portfolio of other financial assets are entered into with diverse credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

The Fund's major bank balance is held with one bank. Management believes that such bank is a reputed institution and a related party.

21.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations arising from its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset or such obligations will have to be settled in a manner disadvantageous to the Fund.

The Fund is exposed to the daily settlement of equity securities and to daily cash redemption requests on a regular basis. Units are redeemable at the holders' option based on the Fund's net asset value per unit, at the time of redemption, calculated in accordance with the Fund's constitutive document and guidelines laid down by the SECP.

The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. The Fund's policy is therefore to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily realised.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the option to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. Further, the Fund also has the ability to suspend redemptions of units with the approval of the Board of Directors of the Management Company in extraordinary circumstances.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Particulars	As at June 30, 2026			
	Upto three months	Over three months and upto one year	Over one year	Total

Financial liabilities

Payable to the Management Company	19,091	-	-	19,091
Payable to Trustee	426	-	-	426
Payable to Securities and Exchange				
Commission of Pakistan	380	-	-	380
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	21,533	-	-	21,533
	<u>41,430</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>41,430</u>

Particulars	As at June 30, 2025			
	Upto three months	Over three months and upto one year	Over one year	Total

Financial liabilities

Payable to the Management Company	21,356	-	-	21,356
Payable to Trustee	338	-	-	338
Payable to Securities and Exchange				
Commission of Pakistan	308	-	-	308
Dividend payable	34	-	-	34
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	206,010	-	-	206,010
	<u>228,046</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>228,046</u>

22 UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The unit holders' fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unit holders / redeemable units. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily issuance and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders. These unit holders of the Fund are entitled to distributions and to payment of a proportionate share based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement in the unit holders' fund. Unit holders fund risk management is carried out by the Management Company through following steps:

- Monitors the level of daily issuance and redemptions relative to the liquid assets and adjusts the amount of distributions the Fund pays to the unit holders;
- Redeems and issues units in accordance with the constitutive documents of the Fund. This includes the Fund's ability to restrict redemptions; and
- The Fund Manager / Investment Committee members and the Chief Executive Officer of the Management Company critically track the movement of 'Assets under Management'. The Board of Directors is updated regarding key performance indicators, e.g. yield and movement of NAV and total Fund size at the end of each quarter.

The Fund has maintained and complied with the requirements of minimum fund size during the current year.

23 FAIR VALUE AND CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets i.e. listed equity shares are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is current bid price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

As per the requirements of IFRS 7 (Financial Instruments: Disclosures) and IFRS 13 (Fair Value Measurement), the Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level - 1)
- Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level - 2) and,
- Fair value measurements using Inputs for assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs) (level - 3).

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

Particulars		2026			
		Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Note	-----			
Financial assets					
Listed equity securities	6	4,593,438	-	-	4,593,438
Bank balances	5	-	-	-	-
Profit receivable	0	-	-	-	-
Security deposits and other receivables	7	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities					
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	10	-	-	-	-
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	11	-	-	-	-
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	12	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	13	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-

Particulars		2025			
		Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Note				
Financial assets					
Listed equity securities	6	3,767,120	-	-	3,767,120
Bank balances	5	-	-	-	-
Dividend and mark-up receivable	0	-	-	-	-
Receivable against sale of investment		-	-	-	-
Security deposits and other receivables	7	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities					
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	10	-	-	-	-
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	11	-	-	-	-
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	12	-	-	-	-
Dividend payable		-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	13	-	-	-	-

23.1 Valuation techniques

For level 1 investments at fair value through profit or loss - 'Investment in respect of equity securities, the Fund uses daily quotation rates which are taken from Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited at reporting date.

23.2 Transfers during the year

No transfers were made between various levels of fair value hierarchy during the year.

24 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

The SECP, vide SRO 600(I)/2025 dated April 10, 2025, has removed the Total Expense Ratio (TER) limit with effect from July 1, 2025. The TER limit, previously applicable, has been replaced with the management fee cap, which has been disclosed in Note 10.1 of these financial statements. The TER for the period is as follows: As per Directive 23 of 2016 dated July 20, 2016 issued by SECP, the Total Expense Ratio of the Fund is 0.69% as on June 30, 2026 (2025: 1.46%) and this includes 0.16% (2025: 0.08%) representing Government levy and SECP fee.

	2026	2025
Total TER with levies	4.18%	3.45%
Govt Levies	0.62%	0.44%
Total TER without levies	3.56%	3.01%

25 LIST OF TOP TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF COMMISSION PAID / PAYABLE

Top ten brokers during the year ended June 30, 2026

	Percentage
1 UBL Financial Services Limited	23.36%
2 Topline Securities Limited	7.42%
3 Arif Habib Limited	5.18%
4 JS Global Capital Limited	4.75%
5 Optimus Capital Management (Private) Limited	4.58%
6 Adam Securities Limited	4.33%
7 Foundation Securities (Private) Limited	4.28%
8 Insight Securities (Private) Limited	3.96%
9 Ismail Iqbal Securities (Private) Limited	3.77%
10 Sherman Securities (Private) Limited	3.10%
	<u>64.72%</u>

Top ten brokers during the year ended June 30, 2025

	Percentage
1 AKD Securities Limited	7.67%
2 Ismail Iqbal Securities (Private) Limited	7.23%
3 Insight Securities (Private) Limited	7.13%
4 Nael Capital Private Limited	6.60%
5 Efg Hermes Pakistan Limited	6.11%
6 Akik Capital Pvt Ltd	5.92%
7 Bma Capital Management Limited	5.78%
8 Taurus Securities Limited	4.92%
9 YH Securities	4.74%
10 Alfa Adhi Securities (Pvt.) Limited.	4.15%
	<u>60.24%</u>

26 PARTICULARS OF THE INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND THE FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the investment committee of the Fund as on June 30, 2026 are as follows:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years
1	Asif Ali Qureshi	Chief Executive Officer	MBA, CFA	30
2	Muhammad Imran**	Chief Investment Officer	MBA	20
3	Mubeen Ashraf	Assurance and Company Secretary	FCA	25
4	Irfan Nepal	Unit Head Trading Desk	EMBA, MA	33
5	Syed Sheeraz Ali	Head of Fixed Income Funds	BS, CFA I	17
6	Muhammad Saad Imran**	Fund Manager - Equities	BBA, CFA I	4
7	Ghufran Ahmed	Fund Manager - Fixed Income Funds	M.A	21
8	Muhammad Waseem*	Fund Manager - Fixed Islamic Funds	BBA, CFA	12
9	Karim Punjani***	Fund Manager - Head of Equities	MBA, ACCA	11

* Muhammad Waseem ceased to hold the office with effect from August 13, 2025.

** Muhammad Imran and Muhammad Saad Imran were appointed on November 06, 2025 and August 25, 2025

** Karim Punjani was appointed on August 01, 2025 and ceased to hold the office with effect from May 06, 2026.

- 26.1 Saad Imran is a Fund Manager of Al Ameen Islamic Energy Fund. Saad Imran is also the fund manager of Al-Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund, Al-Ameen Shariah Stock Fund, UBL Enterprise Exchange Traded Fund, UBL Asset Allocation Fund, UBL Financial Sector Fund, UBL Stock Advantage Fund, and Al-Ameen Islamic Retirement Savings Fund - Equity Sub Fund.

27 PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING

Pattern of unit holding as at June 30, 2026 is as follows:

Category	Number of unit holders	Number of units held	Investment amount	Percentage
Individuals	11,689	10,366,514	3,463,292	72.99%
Associated Companies and key Executive	2	13,373	4,468	0.09%
Insurance Companies	4	2,473,354	826,309	17.42%
NBFCs	-	-	-	0.00%
Retirement funds	11	23,753	7,936	0.17%
Public Limited companies	19	798,616	266,805	5.62%
Other	19	526,488	175,890	3.71%
	11,744	14,202,098	4,744,700	100.00%

Pattern of unit holding as at June 30, 2025 is as follows:

Category	Number of unit holders	Number of units held	Investment amount	Percentage
Individuals	5,263	10,568,033	2,857,227,414	73.09%
Associated Companies and key Executive	14	91,586	24,761,635	0.63%
Insurance Companies	3	2,750,039	743,514,593	19.02%
NBFCs	1	422,127	114,128,321	2.92%
Retirement funds	15	154,359	41,733,172	1.07%
Public Limited companies	3	144	39,107	0.00%
Other	13	472,897	127,854,874	3.27%
	5,312	14,459,185	3,909,259,119	100.00%

28 ATTENDANCE AT THE MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Five meetings of the Board of Directors were held on August 22, 2025, October 20, 2025, January 14, 2026, February 18, 2026, April 17, 2026 respectively. Information in respect of the attendance by the Directors in the meetings is given below:

Name of Directors	Aug 22, 2025	October 20, 2025	January 14, 2026	Februray 18, 2026	April 17, 2026	Total meetings
Mr. Imran Sarwar	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	5
Mr. Aleo Khalid Ghaznavi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	5
Mr. Muhammad Rizwan Malik*	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	2
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	5
Ms. Huma Pasha	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	5
Mr. Farukh Karim Khan	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	5
Mr. Asif Ali Quershi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	5

*Mr. Muhammad Rizwan Malik has Resigned on June 29, 2026

28 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated.

29 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged or reclassified, where necessary, for the purpose of better presentation.

30 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on **August 20, 2026** by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

**For UBL Fund Manager Limited
(Management Company)**

SD
Asif Ali Qureshi
Chief Executive Officer

SD
Muhammad Zuhair Abbas
Chief Financial Officer

SD
Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Director