





REPORT FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30<sup>th</sup> SEPTEMBER 2022

## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

As at October 28, 2022

#### **Board of Directors (BOD)**

Mark Gerard Skelton Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi, Adeeb Ahmad Arshad Majeed Mohmand Dr Imran Ullah Khan Mubasher H. Sheikh Muhammad Kamran Kamal Muhammad Zubair Motiwala Saad Amanullah Khan Shan A. Ashary

#### **Board Audit Committee (BAC)**

Saad Amanullah KhanChairmanDr Imran Ullah KhanMemberMark Gerard SkeltonMemberMubasher Hussain SheikhMember

### Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (BHR&RC)

Saad Amanullah Khan	Chairman
Mark Gerard Skelton	Member
Muhammad Zubair Motiwala	Member
Shan A. Ashary	Member
Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi, CEO	Member

#### **Board Finance Committee (BFC)**

Adeeb AhmadMemberMubasher Hussain SheikhMemberMuhammad Kamran KamalMember

#### Board Strategy & Projects Committee (BS&PC)

Adeeb Ahmad	Chairman
Arshad Majeed Mohmand	Member
Mark Gerard Skelton	Member
Muhammad Kamran Kamal	Member
Shan A. Ashary	Member
Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi, CEO	Member

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Muhammad Aamir Ghaziani

Chief Risk Officer & Company Secretary Rizwan Pesnani

#### Chief Internal Auditor Asif Raza\*

Legal Adviser Messrs Abid S. Zuberi & Co.

\*Resigned on August 15, 2022

External Auditors Messrs A.F. Ferguson & Co.

#### **Share Registrar**

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (CDCSRSL) CDC House, 99-B, Block "B", SMCHS, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Telephone: +92-21-111-111-500

#### Bankers

AKA Ausfuhrkredit-Gesellschaft m.b.H. Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited Allied Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Bank Al Habib Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Bank of China Limited, Shanghai Branch Bank of Punjab China Bohai Bank Co., LTD. Tianjin Branch China Citic Bank Corporation Limited, Harbin Br. China Construction Bank Corporation, Heilongjiang Branch (CCB Heilongjiang) Credit Suisse AG Deutsche Bank AG Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Filiale Hong Kong Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited Faysal Bank Limited First Women Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Industrial & Commercial Bank of China JS Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited MCB Islamic Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Nederlandse Financierings - Maatschappij Voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V., Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited Pak China Investment Company Limited Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited Samba Bank Limited Société de Promotion et de Participation pour la Coopération Economique Soneri Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Dubai International Financial Centre Branch) Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Standard Chartered Bank (UK) Summit Bank Limited United Bank Limited

#### **Registered Office**

KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase-II, Defence Housing Authority, Karachi, Pakistan

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www.ke.com.pk UAN: +92-21-111-537-211



#### **K-Electric Limited**

#### **Directors' Review**

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Directors' report together with the unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements for the first quarter ended September 30, 2022.

Key operational and financial results are summarized below:

	JUL - SEP 2022	JUL-SEP 2021	
OPERATIONAL	(Units in GWh)		
Units generated (net of auxiliary)	2,110	2,537	
Units purchased	3,073	3,155	
Total units available for distribution (sent out)	5,183	5,692	
Units billed	4,364	4,677	
Transmission & Distribution Losses %	15.8%	17.8%	
	(Rupees in millions)		
FINANCIAL			
Revenue	154,534	114,139	
Gross profit	8,042	16,640	
(Loss) / profit before finance cost	(8,792)	6,989	
(Loss) / profit before taxation	(15,207)	4,001	
Taxation – net	(1,129)	(1,099)	
Net (loss) / profit for the period	(16,336)	2,902	
(Loss) / Earnings per share - Basic / Diluted (Rupees)	(0.59)	0.11	
EBITDA	(2,686)	11,838	

#### **Financial Review**

The difficult socio-political challenge both locally and at international fronts, have had a consequential impact on the macro-economic factors. The economic impact has reverberated through multiple channels, including commodity and financial markets, surging inflation, increasing policy rates and reduction in economic activity. Impacted by these challenges, the Company has observed a reduction in units sent-out by 8.9% and the gross profitability of the Company declined significantly. The Company operates under regulated tariff and as per current Multi-Year Tariff effective from July 01, 2016, no adjustment is provided to the Company in tariff for changes in sent-out and policy rates.

Further, the Company observed increase in exchange loss by PKR 2.6 billion owing to devaluation of Pak Rupee and increase in impairment loss by PKR 4.0 billion against doubtful debts due to high inflation, increase in consumer tariff, high FCA and current economic conditions impacting consumers propensity to pay. The aforementioned factors along with increase in finance cost by PKR 3.4 billion mainly on account of increase in effective rate of borrowing and higher levels of borrowing due to non-payment of dues by Government entities, translated into the loss after tax amounting to PKR 16.3 billion.

The Company is geared up to face the challenges and focusing extensively on further operational improvements as detailed in the relevant business section and also working diligently for renewal of tariff for the next control period starting from July 01, 2023, with an aim to obtain a sustainable cost reflective tariff with robust adjustments mechanism at par with other power sector entities to ensure continuity of reliable and smooth service to consumers at least possible costs.

#### Update on Significant matters:

#### Generation:

During the period under review, KE witnessed the synchronization of the second unit of 900MW RLNG-fired power project (BQPS-III). Successive steam blowing completed ahead of schedule and recovery works are underway prior to Steam Turbine Commissioning. Combined Cycle baseload operations of second unit is expected in the month of December 2022. In addition to making strides on Unit 2 of 900 MW RLNG plant, restoration works at BQPS-III Unit 1 are in progress. Post rehabilitation, the machine will be retested with additional tests and it is expected that Unit 1 will achieve base load operations in late November to early December 2022.

#### Transmission:

In line with its vision of providing uninterrupted power supply to the consumers amidst the growing demand, KE is incessantly working to upkeep and improve its transmission system reliability and stability through augmentation and required rehabilitation works in the network.

In the first quarter of FY 2023, KE enhanced its transmission capacity by 50MVAs with addition of new power transformer at Agha Khan grid alongside enhancement in existing grids taking total transformation capacity to 6,853 MVAs. Further, a new 132kV Site – Haroonabad circuit - II has been energized increasing the reliability of the system. Moreover, projects including reconductoring of transmission lines and RTV coating of insulators are in progress that aim to further improve system reliability.

In addition to the above, rehabilitation of existing 66 kV transmission Vinder to Uthal is being executed at accelerated pace and both the phases of the project are expected to be completed by 2nd quarter of FY 2023.

Furthermore, the process for setting up of new grid at 500kV level is in progress and has entered designing phase after acquiring land and award of contract. Whereas, the construction of new 220 kV Dhabeji Interconnection is in full swing. Completion of these projects will enable KE to off-take additional power from the National Grid.

Moreover, under BQPS-III project, upgradation of transmission network is in process that includes augmentation of two critical load grids and two generation interconnection grid stations. This will enable KE to abridge demand-supply gap in upcoming years alongside enhancing system reliability.

With the objective of making targeted investments to further enhance system reliability and stability, a detailed transmission system expansion plan from FY 2024 to FY 2030 has also been chalked out which is validated and studied by 3<sup>rd</sup> party consultant.

#### Distribution:

Continuing the journey of enhancing its Distribution network reliability and capacity as well as reduction in network losses since privatization, the company reported 15.8% of T&D losses in the first quarter of FY - 23 with an improvement of 2.0% against last year same period. Following the success of KE distribution's flagship Project Sarbulandi, Distribution has been working towards bearing the fruit of investments made in the past through Governance plan in the current fiscal year. Further, KE always aims to create ease for its consumers, in this regard approximately 24,000 low-cost and 18,000 Asaan meters were provided to ensure metered billing during the quarter.

During the period under review the Company faced challenges in recovery mainly due to imposition of taxes/municipal charges which were later withdrawn by Government requiring the Company to reprint and redistribute bills and also led to protest by customers which effected the recovery ration. Further, increase in consumer tariff and high FCA's effected consumer propensity to pay resulted in decline in recovery ratio which was reported at 88.9% as against 93.2% reported during corresponding period last year. However, the Company remains steadfast in its initiatives to improve recoveries and with negative FCA's now being expected to apply, the Company expects the situation to improve during the remaining part of the year.

#### Digital Payments and Partnerships

To facilitate customers with Bill payment at doorstep, Recovery Officers have been empowered to collect KE Bill payment digitally who previously were responsible for only payment reminders. Currently 10 agents are live to collect bill payments at doorstep and further expansion is in pipeline. With this initiative, over 8,000 customers have been facilitated with recovery of PKR 50 million.

Further, due to global hikes in fuel prices resulting into increase in electricity tariff, the burden on people has increased as they are to pay their bill amount in one-go. In this regard, KE has launched the BNPL (Buy Now Pay Later) initiative in collaboration with Bank Alfalah and Faysal Bank. Under this initiative, Banks offer their Credit Card users the facility to choose instalment plan for KE bill payment (i.e., 3 months, 6 months, 9 months or 12 months) as per their convenience with 0% profit while paying through KE Live App or Website.

Further, to promote digital payments and incentivize our customers, KE has also partnered with JS Bank to provide a cash back offer. The campaign provides JS credit card customers with 25% cashback up to PKR 1,000 on paying the bill through KE Live App or KE Website.

#### Safety and Security

As a part of its commitment to continue strengthening the reliability and safety of its network, KE continued training of its employees with the best safety practices in the first quarter of FY 2023. Similarly, online awareness session on "Safety Stand Down on Accident of NC Above 80KV" was conducted.

KE improved upon its "Rain Emergency action plan" to ensure continuity of the electricity to its consumers and diverted right resources on the right time by creating synergies withing its various functions.

Further, to foster a culture of safety among field personnel, behavioral safety management courses have also been launched. During the quarter, 11 sessions were conducted by consultants to check for adherence to corporate safety policies, departmental procedures and industry best practices as well as national safety regulations and legislation.

#### Technical initiatives

Further, to continue efforts to develop and improve the technical operations, Distribution team has successfully managed to achieve technical targets for the current quarter. This included Skill Development, Equipment Design, SLD Digitization and Maintenance Regime.

KE has acquired consultancy services of PITCO (Pakistan) with its partner Fichtner (Germany) to advise on Network Improvement Plan 2024-30 (NIP). The plan was prepared with the objective of achieving excellence in distribution network with respect to safety, reliability, resilience to environment, power quality, losses and other relevant KPIs of the industry. The scope included validation of the initiatives planned under NIP vis-a-vis prudent practices adopted by global Distribution companies operating in similar environments.

With a focus on workforce's skills elevation and capacity development, Vertical and Horizontal skill enhancement trainings are in place. Besides this, a customized training program has been devised and started on High Recurrence Faults to enhance skillset levels and to minimize high occurrence faults.

KE has also published Power Quality Guidebook for the potential and its existing customers. This guidebook serves as an awareness document which shall educate the customer on the parameters of KE supply. By doing so a consumer will be able to install and maintain equipment with efficient, sustainable and reliable supply.

The Company also plans to expand its horizons by creating collaborations with different research platforms. With the objective to create academia and industrial liaison. KE has established Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with one of the leading engineering universities, Ghulam Ishaq Khan Institute for planning and implementation of joint applied research projects. This collaboration will allow KE to explore new opportunities of learning through education experience and exposure.

Furthermore, KE has initiated a Switch Management pilot project in OCR via Digital SLD (Single Line Diagram). This initiative will help Distribution OCR to create a paperless environment where the electrical intelligence system via GIS software will be used to perform operations. Further, the management of switches recording will also be done. This will further help to transition to ADMS in the future and better understand the operation of the advanced system.

In addition to the above, further value-addition initiatives to reduce Corrective Maintenance TAT against Operational Excellence are underway resulting in process optimization and benchmarking of fault resolution TAT. In parallel to this, efforts are underway to improve asset lifecycle starting from Distribution Transformers through periodic PM framework based on asset health inspection.

#### **Business Development:**

Keeping in view the growing power demand in KE's service area, a robust and aggressive investment plan has been prepared with focus on the utilization of indigenous resources along with renewables (including hydro) to reduce the burden on national exchequer in line with the National Electricity Policy to add low cost, indigenous fuels-based power projects. Subject to third party studies and regulatory approvals, KE has planned a total addition of 2,172 MW including renewables of approximately 1,180 MW (with hydel), over the next few years till FY 2030 in the following manner:



To increase the share of renewables, KE is also working with the Government of Sindh (GoS) on a 350 MW solar project under competitive bidding regime. The Project is currently under land assessment phase including the approval of relevant authorities for allocation and pricing, following which, the parties will commence feasibility studies and development of the RFP to initiate the competitive bidding process. The anticipated commissioning of the project is FY 2025.

KE is committed to reducing its cost of generation by induction of indigenous resources which also includes base load on local coal and procurement of hydel from the North via wheeling.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility:**

First quarter covers activities in safety, flood relief and social welfare. KE provided relief in flood affected areas of Sindh and Balochistan in collaboration with Saylani Welfare Trust International, Sahil Welfare Association and Akhuwat. KE employees contributed PKR 2.7 million which was matched by KE management benefiting 1,600 families. 300 panaflex were donated for making 100 tents.

Mosques, Temples and Churches spread safety messages on monsoon and heatwave to more than 42,000 people. 210 frontline workers were trained on monsoon safety and CPR by KE in collaboration with Pakistan Red Crescent Society Sindh.

KE in collaboration with IBA organized "Karachi Urban Resilience Roundtable 2022", over 30 people attended from academia and journalism background with Honorable Commissioner Karachi as chief guest.

Lastly, out of KE's PKR 7.5 million donation to Akhuwat's solar microfinance fund under NEPRA CSR vision of "Power with Prosperity," PKR 5.7 million has been utilized for 35 beneficiaries. Further, Roshni Bajis reached out to 356,304 households. 60 Roshni Bajis graduated as Pakistan's first certified female electricians from the Hunar Foundation.

#### **Other Significant Matters**

#### Growing Receivables from Government Entities and Departments

As of September 30, 2022, KE's net receivables from various Federal and Provincial entities, stood at around PKR 80.4 billion on principal due basis. The recent increase in fuel prices and non-provision of local gas supply to KE have resulted in a consequential increase in KE's Tariff Differential Subsidy (TDS) Claims receivable from the (Government of Pakistan) GoP.

Despite the pending release of KE's receivables from government entities and departments coupled with significant increase in fuel prices globally, KE in the best interest of consumers managed payments to fuel suppliers from the cash collected so that no source of power availability is compromised.

The backlog of receivables continues to have a consequential impact on the Company's cashflow position and resultantly its ability to enhance the pace of investment in power infrastructure. However, for sustainability of KE as well as the sector at large, it is imperative that all parties including the Government, reach an amicable solution to resolve this long-standing issue in accordance with the law.

Further, KE is continuously pursuing GoP and related parties for finalization and execution of the Power Purchase Agency Agreement (PPAA), Inter Connection Agreement (ICA) and Tariff Differential Subsidy (TDS) Agreement for supply from the National Grid and release of subsidy which have already been initialed.

#### Multi-Year Tariff (MYT)

#### MYT Mid-Term Review

The Company filed Mid Term Review (MTR) petition with NEPRA as per the mechanism included in the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018, for reassessment of impact of USD indexation on allowed Return on Equity, changes due to necessary revision in the investment plan and working capital requirements of KE along with other adjustments. NEPRA issued its determination on MTR on March 1, 2022, (MTR decision) wherein NEPRA has determined a downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh. In its decision, NEPRA has not allowed additional investment requested, disallowed cost of working capital, allowed partial exchange rate variation for return on equity indexation and has not considered other adjustments. Being aggrieved, KE has filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal and will pursue its legitimate concerns / issues with the Appellate Tribunal. However, prudently, the impact of the downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh has been recognised in the unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

#### Pending Approval of Costs Claimed in Lieu of Recovery Loss

The Company remains in continuous engagement with NEPRA to expedite the determination of pending quarterly tariff variations including costs in lieu of recovery loss for the period FY 2017 to FY 2021 (*in relation to actual write-off of bad debts, allowed under KE's MYT*) claimed as per the mechanism provided in KE's MYT. Further, claims for FY 2022 have also been filed with NEPRA after verification from external auditors.

Timely approval of these requests remains critical for Company's sustainability and execution of planned investment.

#### MYT post 2023

KE was awarded an integrated MYT by NEPRA for a control period of 7 years that will expire in June 2023. Keeping in view learnings of the current MYT and the ongoing changes in power sector including Distribution (network) and Supply business being separate licensed activities, implementation of CTBCM model, and the proposed country wide central economic despatch, KE plans to file separate tariffs for Generation, Transmission, Distribution Network and Distribution Supply.

#### Competitive Trading Bilateral Contracts Market (CTBCM)

Pursuant to issuance of Market Operator License by NEPRA to CPPA-G, in May 2022, currently dry run activities related to roll out of CTBCM are in progress. KE remains highly engaged with relevant stakeholders including NEPRA for approval of its proposed integration plan with an objective to ensure a sustainable and orderly transition in line with the National Electricity Policy 2021 and the CCoE approved principles for establishing competitive wholesale electricity markets in Pakistan.

#### Distribution and Electric Power Supplier License

KE was granted distribution license on July 21, 2003 for distribution and supply of electric power services in its territory for a period of twenty years till July 2023. With the ongoing changes in the power sector including Distribution (network) and Supply business being separate licensed activities and implementation of CTBCM, KE will be filing separate applications for renewal of its Distribution and Supplier License.

#### Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Board Composition	
Total number of Directors as at September 30, 2022	13
i. Female	01
ii. Male	12
ii. Casual Vacancy	-

Composition of the board as at September 30, 2022

i.	Independent Director	01
ii.	Non-Executive Directors	12 (including Independent Director)
iii.	Executive Directors	01

#### **Board Committees**

The names of Board Committees Members are mentioned in "Company Information" section of this Report.

#### **Board Remuneration Policy**

The Board has approved a remuneration policy for Non-Executive Directors in its 1216<sup>th</sup> Meeting held on June 25, 2020 which is in line with the applicable corporate regulatory framework. Salient features of the approved Remuneration Policy of Non-Executive Directors are as under:

- a) Fee shall be reviewed after every three years
- b) The review shall invariably comply with applicable corporate regulatory framework and shall be carried out in an objective manner
- c) The level of remuneration shall be appropriate and commensurate with the level of responsibility and professional expertise needed to govern the company to successfully achieve its corporate and social objectives as well as encourage value addition.

#### **Changes in the Board of Directors**

During the period, an election of Directors was held wherein following Directors were appointed:

- 1. Mark Gerard Skelton
- 2. Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi (CEO)
- 3. Adeeb Ahmad
- 4. Arshad Majeed Mohmand
- 5. Boudewijn Clemens Wentink
- 6. Ch. Khaqan Saadullah Khan
- 7. Dr. Imran Ullah Khan

- 8. Mubasher H. Sheikh
- 9. Muhammad Kamran Kamal
- 10. Muhammad Zubair Motiwala
- 11. Saad Amanullah Khan
- 12. Sadia Khuram
- 13. Shan A. Ashary

Subsequently, Mr. Mark Gerard Skelton was appointed by the Board of Directors as the Chairman of the Board. Furthermore, Mr. Boudewijn Clemens Wentink, Ch. Khaqan Saadullah Khan and Ms. Sadia Khuram have resigned from the position of Non-Executive Directors resulting in casual vacancies in the Board. In this respect, K-Electric has been served with copy of a Suit (Al Jomaih Power Limited & another vs IGCF SPV 21 Limited & others) together with ad-interim order dated October 21, 2022 passed therein through which the Sindh High Court has directed that no change should be effected in the present Board of Directors of K-Electric till the next date of hearing i.e., 08 November 2022. The casual vacancies will be filled by the Board once the Company is in a position to proceed with the process of appointment of directors.

#### Acknowledgements

The Board wishes to extend its gratitude to the Government of Pakistan, shareholders, customers and other stakeholders of the Company for their cooperation and support and extends its appreciation to the employees of the Company.

Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi Chief Executive Officer

Karachi, October 28, 2022

Mark Skelton

Mark Gerard Skelton Chairman

# کے الیکٹرک کمیٹڈ ڈائزیکٹرزریویو ہم بورڈ آف ڈائزیکٹرز کی طرف سے 30 ستمبر، 2022 کونتم ہونے والی پہلی سہ ماہی کے حوالے سے ڈائزیکٹرزر پورٹ مع غیر آڈٹ شدہ کنڈینسڈ عبوری فنانشل الطیٹمنٹس پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوس کررہے ہیں۔

		اہم آپریشنل اور مالیاتی نتائج کاخلاصہ ذیل میں دیا گیاہے
جولائی – ستمبر	لائى–ستمبر	<i>ŷ</i> .
2021	2022	
(	(يۇنٹسGWh يىں)	آ پریشنل
2,537	2,110	پیداداری یونٹس ( خالص معاون )
3,155	3,073	خریدے گئے یونٹس
5,692	5,183	ڈسٹری بیوشن کے لیے دستیاب کل یونٹس (بھیج گئے)
4,677	4,364	بل كرده يونٹس
17.8%	15.8%	ٹرانسمیشن اورڈ سٹری بیوشن کے نقصانات %

جولائي – ستمبر	جولائی – ستمبر	
2021	2022	
میں پیل	رقم ملين	
		مالياتى
114,139	154,534	آمدنى
16,640	8,042	گل منافع
6,989	(8,792)	( نقصان ) / منافع مالیاتی لاگت سے پہلے
4,001	(15,207)	( نقصان ) / منافع طیکس سے پہلے
(1,099)	(1,129)	طيكسيشن - شيط
2,902	(16,336)	( نقصان )/منافع مدت کے لیےخالص
0.11	ره (روپے) (0.59)	( نقصان ) / فی <sup>حصص</sup> آمدنی _ بنیادی/تخفیف شد
11,838	(2,686)	EBITDA

مالیاتی جائزہ مقامی اور بین الاقوامی دونوں محاذ وں پر مشکل سماجی وسیاسی چیلنج نے میکر واکنا مک عوامل پر نتیجہ خیز اثرات مرتب کیے ہیں۔اقتصادی اثرات متعد دچینلز کے ذریعے دوبارہ ظاہر ہوئے ہیں جن میں اجناس اور مالیاتی مارکیٹوں، مہنگائی میں اضافہ، پالیسی کی شرح میں اضافہ اور اقتصادی سر گرمیوں میں کمی شامل ہے۔ان چیلنجز کے زیرِ اثر ہوتے، کمپنی نے بیصح گئے یونٹس میں %8.9 کی کمی دیکھی ہے

مزید برآل، کمپنی نے پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں کمی کی وجہ سے 2.6 بلین روپے کے زرمبادلہ کے نقصان میں اضافہ دیکھا اور بلندا فر اط زر، صارفین کے ٹیرف میں اضافے ، زیادہ FCA اور موجودہ معاشی حالات نے صارفین کی ادائیگی کے رجحان کو متاثر کیا ہے جس کے باعث مشتبہ قرضوں میں 4.0 بلین روپے کا اضافہ دیکھا گیا ہے ۔ مذکورہ بالاعوامل کے ساتھ مالیاتی لاگت میں 3.4 بلین روپے کا اضافہ ہوا جو کہ بنیا دی طور پر قرض لینے کی بڑھتی ہوئی مؤثر شرح اور حکومتی اداروں کی جانب سے واجبات کی عدم ادائیگی کی وجہ سے قرض کے حصول کی گل شرح میں اضافے کا باعث میں بند چر تا بعد از ٹیکس 16.3 بلین روپے کا نقصان ہوا۔

کمپنی چیلنجز کامقابلہ کرنے کے لیے تیار ہے اور مزید آپریشن بہتریوں پروسیع پیانے پرتو جہ مرکوز کرر ہی ہے جیسا کہ متعلقہ کاروباری سیکشن میں تفصیل سے بتایا گیا ہے ۔ کمپنی کیم جولائی ، 2023 سے نثر وع ہونے والی اگلی کنٹرول مدت کے لیے ٹیرف کی تجدید کے لیے بھی تند ہی سے کام کرر ہی ہے، جس کا مقصد پاور سیگٹر کے دیگر اداروں کے برابر مضبوط ایڈ جسٹمنٹ میکا نزم کے ساتھ ایک پائید ارلا گت کا منعکس ٹیرف حاصل کرنا ہے تا کہ کم سے کم ممکنہ قیمتوں پر صارفین کی خدمت کو قابلِ اعتماد اور ہموار تسلسل کو یقینی بنایا جا سکے ۔

اتهم معاملات پراپ ڈیٹ:

جزیین: زیرجائزہ مدت کے دوران، کے ای نے 900 میگاواٹ RLNG فائر سے چلنے والے پاور پروجیکٹ (BQPS-III) کے دوسرے یونٹ کے ساتھ ہیک وقت مطابقت پذیری کا مشاہدہ کیا۔ یکے بعد دیگر سے بھاپ اڑا نے کاعمل شیڈ ول سے پہلے ممل ہو گیا اور سٹیم ٹر بائن شروع ہونے سے قبل بحالی کے کام جاری ہیں۔ دوسرے یونٹ کے کمبائنڈ سائیکل بیس لوڈ آ پر یشنز دسمبر 2022 کے مہینے میں متوقع ہیں۔ 900 میگاواٹ کے RLNG پلانٹ کے یونٹ 2 پر پیش رفت کرنے کے علاوہ، III-BQPS یونٹ 1 میں بحالی کے کام جاری ہیں۔ بحالی کے بعد، مشین کو اضافی ملیسٹوں کے ساتھ دوبارہ ٹیسٹ کیا جائے گا اور امید ہے کہ یونٹ 1 نومبر کے آخر سے دسمبر 2022

ٹرانسمیش: اپنے وژن کے مطابق بجلی کی بڑھتی ہوئی طلب کے درمیان صارفین کو بلاتعطل بجلی کی فراہمی کے لیے، کے ای کے نیٹ ورک میں دسعت اور بحالی کے مطلوبہ کاموں کے ذریعے اپنےٹرانسمیشن سسٹم کی بھر دسہ مندی اوراستخکام کو برقر ارر کھنے اور بہتر بنانے کے لیے مسلسل مصروف عمل ہے۔

مالی سال 2023 کی پہلی سہ ماہی میں، کے ای نے آغاخان گرڈ میں نئے پاورٹرانسفا رمر کے اضافے

کے ساتھا پنی ٹرانسمیشن کی صلاحیت کو 50MVA تک وسعت دی اور موجودہ گرڈ زمیں اضافے کے ساتھا پنی ٹرانسمیشن کی گل صلاحیت کو 50MVA تک پہنچ گئی۔ مزید برآل ، ایک نئی 132KV ساتھ ٹرانسفا رمیشن کی گل صلاحیت 6,853 MVA تک پنچ گئی۔ مزید برآل ، ایک نئی 132kV سائٹ – ہارون آباد سرکٹ – اانے بحلی کی ترسیل کا کام شروع کردیا ہے جس سے مسلم پر اعتبار میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ ٹرانسمیشن لائنوں کی ری کنڈ کٹرنگ اورانسولیٹروں کی آرٹی وی کو ٹنگ سائٹ – مزید مزید برآل ، ایک نئی 132kV سائٹ – ہارون آباد سرکٹ – ان کے حکوم کی ترسیل کا کام شروع کردیا ہے جس سے مسلم پر اعتبار میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ سائٹ – ہارون آباد سرکٹ – ان کے علاوہ ٹرانسمیشن لائنوں کی ری کنڈ کٹرنگ اورانسولیٹروں کی آرٹی وی کو ٹنگ سمیت منصوبے جاری ہیں جن کا مقصد سسلم پر بھرو سے کومزید استخاب ہے۔

مذکورہ بالاکےعلاوہ،موجودہ kV 66 ٹراسمیشن ونڈ رہے انتھل کی بحالی کا کام برق رفتاری سے انجام د باجار ہاہے اور اس منصوبے کے دونوں مراحل مالی سال 2023 کی دوسری سہ ماہی تک مکمل ہونے کی توقع ہے۔

مزید برآل، 500kV کی سطح پر نئے گرڈ کے قیام کاعمل جاری ہے اورزمین کے حصول اور کنٹریک دینے کے بعد بیر گرڈ ڈیز انگنگ کے مرحلے میں ہے ۔ جبکہ نئے kV 220 دھا پیجی انٹر کنکشن کی تعمیر تیزی سے جاری ہے ۔ ان منصوبوں کی تکمیل سے کے الیکٹرک کونیشنل گرڈ سے اصافی بجلی کے حصول میں مدد ملے گی ۔

اس کے علاوہ BQPS-III پر وجیکٹ کے تحت ،ٹرانسمیشن نیٹ ورک کی اپ گریڈیشن کاعمل جاری ہے جس میں دواہم لوڈ گرڈ زاور دوجنریشن انٹرکنکشن گرڈ اسٹیشنز کو شامل کیا جانا ہے۔اس عمل سے کے ای کوسسٹم پر بھروسے میں اضافے کے ساتھ آنے والے سالوں میں طلب اور فراہمی کے فرق کو کم

کرنے میں مدد ملے گی۔

نظام کی بھروسہ مندی ااوراستحکام کومزید بڑھانے کے لیے ہدف کردہ سرمایہ کاری کرنے کے مقصد کے ساتھ، مالی سال 2024 سے مالی سال 2030 تک ٹرانسمیشن سسٹم کی توسیع کا ایک تفصیلی منصوبہ بھی تیار کیا گیا ہے جس کی توثیق اور مطالعہ تھرڈ پارٹی کنسلٹنٹ نے کیا ہے۔

ڈسٹری ہیوشن: اپنے ڈسٹری ہیوشن نیٹ ورک کی بھر وسہ مندی ااور صلاحیت کو بڑھانے کے ساتھ پرائیوٹائزیشن کے بعد سے نیٹ ورک کے نقصانات میں کمی کے حصول پر کار بند ہوتے ہوئے ، کمپنی نے مالی سال – 23 کی پہلی سہ ماہی میں T&D نقصانات % 15.8 رپورٹ کیے جو گزشتہ سال کی اسی مدت کے مقابلے میں % 2.0 کی بہتری کے ساتھ ہے ۔ کے ای ڈسٹری ہیوشن کے فلیک شپ پر وجبیکٹ مربلندی کی کا میابی کے بعد، ڈسٹری ہیوشن موجودہ مالی سال میں گورنٹس پلان کے ذریعے ماضی میں کی گئی سرمایہ کاری کے تمرات کے حصول کے لیے کام کرر ہی ہے ۔ مزید بر آل، کے ای کا مقصد ہمیشہ اسپنے صارفین کے لیے آسانی پیدا کرنا ہے، اس ضمن میں ، رواں سہ ماہی کے دوران میٹر ڈ بلنگ کو یقینی بنانے کے لیے تقریباً 24,000 کم لاگت اور 18,000 آسان میٹر فراہم کیے گئے ہیں ۔

زیرِ جائز ہ مدت کے دوران کمپنی ریکوری کے چیلنجز سے نبر دآ زمار ہی جو کہ بنیادی طور پر طیکسز/میوسپل چارجز کے نفاذ کی وجہ سے رہی۔ جسے بعدا زاں حکومت نے اسے واپس لے لیا اور کمپنی سے بلوں کو دوبارہ پرنٹ کرنے اور دوبارہ تقسیم کرنے کا مطالبہ کیا۔صارفین کی طرف سے احتجاج بھی کیا گیا جس کی وجہ سے ریکوری الاؤنس متا تر ہوا۔ مزید بر آل، کنز یو مر ٹیرف میں بڑھوتری اور منفی اثرات کے حامل بڑھتے ہوئے FCA کے باعث متا ثرہ صارفین کی جانب سے بلوں کی ادائیگی میں کمی کار جحان دیکھنے میں آیا جس کے نتیج میں ریکوری تناسب میں کمی واقع ہوئی جو کہ پچھلے سال میں اسی مدت کے دوران 03.2% کے مقابلے میں 88.9% پر پورٹ ہوا۔ تاہم ، کمپنی ریکوری کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے اپنے اقدامات میں ثابت قدم ہے اور اب منفی FCA کے قابل اطلاق ہونے کی تو قع ہے ، کمپنی کو امید ہے کہ بقیہ سال کے دوران صورتحال میں بہتری وقوع پذیر گی۔

ڈیجیٹل پیمنٹس اور پارٹزشپس صارفین کوان کے دروازے پربل اداکرنے کی سہولت فراہم کرنے کے لیے، اب ریکوری آفیسرز کو کے ای بل کی ادائیگی ڈیجیٹل طور پرجمع کرنے کا اختیار دے دیا گیا ہے جو پہلے صرف ادائیگی کی یاد دہانی کے ذمہ دار تھے۔ فی الحال 10 ایجنٹس صارفین کے دروازوں سے بلوں کیا دائیگی ہور ہی ہے اور مزیداس میں توسیع کے ضمن میں تیاریاں جاری ہیں۔ اس اقدام سے 8,000 سے زائد صارفین کو

مزید برآں، بجلی کے ٹیرف میں اضافے کے نیتج میں فیول کی قیمتوں میں عالمی سطح پر اضافے کی وجہ سے، لوگوں پر بوجھ بڑھ گیا ہے کیونکہ انہیں اپنے بل کی رقم ایک ہی بارا دا کرنی پڑ رہی ہے۔ کے ای نے بینک الفلاح اور فیصل بینک کے اشتر اک سے BNPL (پہلے خرید اری بعد میں ادائیگی ) اقدام شروع کیاہے۔اس اقدام کے تحت ، بینک اپنے کریڈٹ کارڈ کے استعمال کنندگان کو بیآسانی فراہم کرتاہے کہ وہ KE لائیوایپ یاویب سائٹ سے بل کی ادائیگی کرتے ہوئے اپنی سہولت کے مطابق 0% منافع کے ساتھ قسط کا پلان (یعنی 3 ماہ،6 ماہ،9 ماہ یا12 ماہ) منتخب کریں۔

مزید برآں، ڈیجیٹل ادائیگیوں کے فروغ اور اپنے صارفین کوتر غیب دینے کے لیے، کے ای نے کیش بیک آفر فراہم کرنے کے لیے جانیس بینک کے ساتھ شرا کت داری بھی کی ہے۔ بیآ فر جانیس بینک کے کریڈٹ کارڈ صارفین کو KEلائیوا یپ یا KE ویب سائٹ کے ذریعے بل کی ادائیگی پر 25% کیش بیک فراہم کرتی ہے جس کی حد 1000 روپے تک ہے۔

حفاظت اورسلامتی اینے نیٹ ورک کے بھرو سے ااور حفاظت کو مشتحکم کرنے کے عزم میں ایک جزو کے طور پر، کے ای نے مالی سال 2023 کی پہلی سہ ماہی میں اپنے ملاز مین کی بہترین حفاظتی طریقوں کے ساتھ تر ہیت کاعمل جاری رکھا۔ اسی طرح Safety Stand Down on Accident of NC کامکل جاری رکھا۔ اسی طرح Above 80KV

کای نے اپنے صارفین کو بجلی کے تسلسل کو یقینی بنانے کے لیے اپنے" رین ایم جنسی ایکشن پلان" میں بہتری کے اقدامات کیے اور اپنے مختلف عوامل کے ساتھ ہم آہنگی پیدا کر کے صحیح وسائل کو صحیح وقت پر بروئے کارلائی۔ مزید برآل، فیلڈ عملے میں حفاظت کے کلچر کو فروغ دینے کے لیے، Behavioral Safety کی Management Courses کا بھی آغاز کیا گیا ہے۔ سہ ماہی کے دوران، کنسکٹنٹس کی طرف سے کار پوریٹ سیفٹی پالیسیز، ڈیپار ٹمنٹل طریقہ کاراورانڈ سٹری کے بہترین طریقوں کے ساتھ قومی حفاظت کے ضوابط اور قانون سازی کی جائچ کرنے کے لیے 11 سیشز منعقد کیے گئے۔

تکلیکی اقدامات مزید برآل ، تکنیکی آپریشنز کوتر قی دینے اور بہتری کی کوششیں جاری رکھنے کے لیے، ڈسٹری بیوشن ٹیم نے کامیابی کے ساتھ موجودہ سہ ماہی کے لیے تکنیکی اہداف حاصل کرنے میں کامیابی حاصل کی ہے۔ اس میں اسکل ڈیو لیمنٹ، ایکو پمنٹ ڈیز ائن، ایس ایل ڈی ڈیج بیٹا ئزیشن اور پیٹیننس رجیم شامل تھے۔

کای نے نیٹ ورک امیر وومنٹ پلان 30-2024 (NIP) پر مشورہ دینے کے لیے اپنے پارٹز Fichtner (جرمنی) کے ساتھ PITCO (پاکستان) کی مشاورتی خدمات حاصل کی ہیں۔ یہ منصوبہ ڈسٹری ہیوشن نیٹ ورک میں تحفظ، بھروسے، ماحول میں لچک، بجلی کے معیار، نقصانات اور صنعت کے دیگر متعلقہ KPIs کے حوالے سے بہترین کارکردگی کے حصول کے مقصد سے تر تیب دیا گیا تھا۔ اس اسکوپ میں اسی طرح کے ماحول میں کام کرنے والی عالمی ڈسٹری ہیوشن کمپنیز کے ذریعے اختیار کردہ زیرک طریقوں کے مطابق NIP کے تحت منصوبہ بندا قدامات کی توثیق شامل تھی۔

افرادی قوت میں مہارت کی بلندی اور صلاحیت کی نشودنما پر توجہ کے ساتھ،عمودی اورافقی مہارتوں میں

اضافہ کی ٹریننگز کاسلسلہ جاری ہے۔اس کے علاوہ، ضرورت کے مطابق ایک تربیتی پروگرام وضع کر کے اسے ہائی ریکرنس فالٹس پر شروع کیا گیا ہے تا کہ مہارت کے معیار کو بڑھانے اورزیادہ ہونے والی غلطیوں کو کم کیا جاسکے۔

کے ای نے اپنے ہونے والے اور موجودہ صارفین کے لیے پاور کوالٹی گائیڈ بک بھی شائع کی ہے۔ یہ گائیڈ بک ایک آگاہی دستاویز کے طور پر کام انجام کی حامل ہے جوصارف کو کے ای سپلائی کے پیرامیٹرز کا احاطہ کرتے ہوئے آگاہی فراہم کرے گی۔ اس گائیڈ بک کی بدولت صارف مؤثر، پائیدار اور قابل اعتماد فراہمی کے ساتھ آلات کونصب اور بر قر ارر کھنے کے قابل ہوجائیں گے۔

کمپنی تعلیمی اور صنعتی را بطہ پیدا کرنے کے مقصد کے پیش نظر مختلف شخصیقی پلیٹ فار مزکر سا تھ شریک رکار ہو کراپنے افق کو دسعت دینے کا بھی ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔ کے ای نے مشتر کہ اپلائیڈ ریسر چ پر دہیکٹس کی منصوبہ سازی اوران پرعمل در آمد کے لیے معروف انجبینئر نگ یو نیورسٹی ،غلام اسحاق خان انسٹی ٹیوٹ کے ساتھ مفاہمت کی یا دداشت (MOU) قائم کی ہے۔ پر تعاون کے ای کو تعلیمی تجرب اور واقفیت وآگاہی کے ذریعے سیکھنے کے نئے مواقع تلاش کرنے کی راہ متعین کرےگا۔

مزید برآل، کے ای نے ڈیج بیٹل SLD ( سنگل لائن ڈایا گرام ) کے ذریع OCR میں ایک سوئچ مینجمنٹ پائلٹ پر وجیکٹ کا آغاز کیا ہے۔اس اقدام سے ڈسٹری بیوشن OCR کو پیپرلیس انوائز منٹ ماحول پیدا کرنے میں مدد ملے گی جہاں GIS سافٹ ویئر کے ذریعے الیکٹریکل انٹیلی جنس ل استول کا با سکتگ ۳۰

سسٹم کوآپریشنز انجام دینے کے لیے استعال کیا جاسکے گا۔اس کے علاوہ سوئچز کی ریکارڈ نگ کا انتظام بھی کیا جائے گاجو ستقبل میں ADMS میں منتقلی اورجد یدنظام کے آپریشن کو بہتر طریقے سے سمجھنے میں مزید مدد گارہوگا۔

مذکورہ بالا کے علاوہ، آپریشنل مہارت کے خلاف اصلاحی دیکھ بھال TAT کو کم کرنے کے لیے قدر میں اضافے کے حامل مزیدا قدامات جاری ہیں جو کہ طریقہ کارکی اصلاح اور فالٹ ریز دلوشن TAT کی بینچ مار کنگ میں نتیجہ خیز ہوں گے۔اس کے متوازی کے طور پر، Asset Lifestyle بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں جاری ہیں۔ یہ Health کے معائنے پر مبنی ہے جو دقفہ دقفہ سے پی ایم فریم ورک کے ذریعے ڈسٹری بیوشن ٹرانسفا رمرز سے شروع ہوتا ہے۔

كاروباركى ترقى:

کای کے سروس ایر یا میں بجلی کی بڑھتی ہوئی طلب کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے ، قابل تجدید ذرائع (بشمول ہائیڈرو) کے ساتھ مقامی و سائل کے استعال پر توجہ کے ساتھ ایک مضبوط اور جرات مندا نہ سرما یہ کاری کا منصوبہ تیار کیا گیا ہے جس میں توجہ کم لاگت ، مقامی فیول پر مین بجلی کے منصوبوں کو شامل کرنے کے لیے قومی بجلی کی پالیسی کے مطابق قومی خزانے پر بوجھ کو کم کرنے کے لیے قابل تجدید ذرائع (بشمول ہائیڈرو) کے ساتھ مقامی و سائل کے استعال پر مرکوز ہے ۔ تھر ڈپارٹی اسٹڈیز اور ریگولیٹری منظوریوں سے مشروط ، کے ای نے الحکے چند سالوں میں مالی سال 2030 تک مندر جہ ذیل طریقے سے تقریباً 1,180

میگاداٹ کے اضافے کا منصوبہ شکیل دیا ہے:



قابل تجدیدتوانائی کا حصہ بڑھانے کے لیے، کا ی حکومت سندھ (GoS) کے ساتھ مسابقی ہولی کے نظام کے تحت 350 میگاواٹ کے سولر پر وجیکٹ پر بھی کام کرر ہی ہے۔ پر وجیکٹ فی الحال زمین کے جائزہ لینے کے مرحلے میں ہے جس میں ایلوکیشن اور قیمتوں کے تعین کے لیے متعلقہ حکام کی منظوری بھی شامل ہے، جس کے بعد، پارٹیز مسابقتی ہولی کے ممل کوشر وع کرنے کے لیے فزیبلٹی اسٹڑیز اور RFP کی ڈیو لیمنٹ کا آغاز کریں گی۔ منصوبے کی تکمیل مالی سال 2025 تک متو قع

کے ای مقامی وسائل کی شمولیت سے اپنی پیداواری لاگت کو کم کرنے کے لیے پُرعزم ہے جس میں مقامی کو ئلے پر بیس لوڈ اور وہیلنگ کے ذیر یع شمال سے ہائیڈل کی خریداری بھی شامل ہے۔

کار پوریٹ ساجی ذمہداری: پہلی سہ ماہی حفاظت، سیلاب زدگان کی امداد اور ساجی بہبود کی سرگرمیوں کا احاطہ کرتی ہے۔ کے ای نے سیلانی ویلفیئر ٹرسٹ انٹرنیشنل، ساحل ویلفیئر ایسوسی ایشن اوراخوت کے تعاون سے سند ھاور مساجد، مندراور گرجا گھروں سے 42,000 سےزیادہ لوگوں تک مون سون اور لُو سے متعلق حفاظتی پیغامات پہنچائے گئے ہیں۔ کے ای نے پاکستان ریڈ کریسنٹ سوسائٹی سندھ کے تعاون سے 210 فرنٹ لائن ور کرز کومون سون سیفٹی اور CPR پر تربیت دی۔

کے ای نے IBA کے تعاون سے" کراچی اربن ریزیلینس راؤنڈ ٹیبل 2022" کاانعقاد کیا جس میں 30 سےزائدافراد نے شرکت کی جس میں تعلیمی اور صحافتی پس منظر سے تعلق رکھنے والے افراد شامل تھے۔تقریب کے مہمان خصوصی معزز کمشنر کراچی تھے۔

آخر میں، کے ای نے نیپر ا CSR وژن" خوشحالی کے ساتھ طاقت" کے تحت کے اخوت کے سولر مائیکروفنانس فنڈ میں CSR ملین روپے 35 مولر مائیکروفنانس فنڈ میں 5.7 ملین روپے 35 محمد میں سے 5.7 ملین روپے 35 مستحقین کود ئیے گئے۔ مزید یہ کہ روشنی باجی محمد انوں تک رسائی ہوئی۔ روشنی باجی پر وگرام کے تحت 60 خواتین نے ہنر فاؤنڈیشن سے پاکستان کی پہلی سند یافتہ الیکٹریشن کے طور پر گر وگرام کے تحت 60 خواتین نے ہنر فاؤنڈیشن سے پاکستان کی پہلی سند یافتہ الیکٹریشن کے طور پر

عالی سطح پر فیول کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافے کے ساتھ ساتھ سرکاری اداروں اور محکموں کی جانب سے کے ای کی قابلِ وصول رقوم کے اجراء میں التوامیں کے باوجود، کے ای نے صارفین کے بہترین مفاد میں جمع شدہ نقدر قم سے فیول فراہم کرنے والوں کوا دائیگیوں کا انتظام کیا تا کہ جلی کی دستیابی کے کسی بھی وحد سے مجھونتہ نہ کیا جائے۔

قابل وصول رقوم کا بیک لاگ کمپنی کی کیش فلو پوزیشن اور نتیجتاً پاورانفراسٹر کچر میں سرمایہ کاری کی رفتار کو بڑھانے کی اس کی صلاحیت پر شدید منفی اثر مرتب کرتا ہے۔تاہم، کے ای کے ساتھ دسیع پیانے پر اس شعبے کی یائنداری کے لیے ضروری ہے کہ حکومت سمیت تمام فریقین اس دیرینہ مسئلے کو قانون کے مطابق حل کرنے کے لیے ایک پرامن حل تک پہنچیں۔

مزید برآل، کے ای یاور پر چیزا یجنسی ایگر یمنٹ (PPAA)، انٹر کنکشن ایگر یمنٹ (ICA) اور

نیشنل گرڈ سے سپلائی کے لیے ٹیرف ڈیفرینشل سبسلڑی (TDS) معاہدے کو تمی شکل دینے اور اس پرعمل درآمد کے لیے GoP اور متعلقہ فریقوں سے مسلسل را بطے میں ہے اور سبسلڑی کا اجراء پہلے ہی شروع کیا جاچکا ہے۔

ملٹی ائیر ٹیرف MYT مڈٹرم جائزہ ا یکویٹی پر جائزریٹرن پر USD انڈیکسیشن کے اثرات کے از سرنو جائزے ،سرمایہ کاری کے منصوبے میں ضروری نظر ثانی کی وجہ سے ہونے والی تبدیلیوں اور دیگرایڈ جسٹمنٹ کے ساتھ کمپنی کی ور کنگ کیپیٹل کی ضروریات کے تناظرمیں ، کمپنی نے NEPRA کے پاس مڈٹرم ریویو (MTR) پٹیشن دائر کی، جو کہ MYT کے فیصلے مورخہ 5جولائی، 2018 میں شامل طریقہ کارکے مطابق ہے۔ NEPRA نے یکم مارچ، 2022 کو MTR پراینے فیصلے کا اجرا کیا (MTR فیصلہ) جس میں NEPRA نے 0.22/kWh ای NEPRA نے NEPRA نے NEPRA کے اینے فیصلے میں اضافی سرمایہ کاری کی درخواست کی اجازت نہیں دی۔ ور کنگ کیپیڈل کاسٹ کی اجازت نہیں دی گئی، ریٹرن آف ایکویٹی انڈیکسیشن کے لئے شرح مبادلہ کی جزومی تبدیلی کی اجازت دی گئی ہے جبکہ دیگرایڈ جسٹمنٹ پرخورنہیں کیا گیا ہے۔مایوس ہونے کے بعد ،کمپنی نے اپیلٹ ٹر بیونل میں ایک اپیل دائر کی ہے ۔ کمپنی اپیلٹ ٹر بیونل میں اپنے جائز خدشات/مسائل کی پیروی کرے گی۔تاہم، مختاط طریقے سے، 0.22/kWh دولیے کی نیچے کی طرف ایڈ جسٹمنٹ کے اثر کوغیر

Unconsolidated کنڈیذسڈ عبوری مالیاتی گوشواروں میں تسلیم کیا گیاہے۔

ریکوری لاس کے لئے دائر کردہ اخراجات کی زیرِ التوا منظوری کمپنی مالی سال 2017 سے مالی سال 2021 کی مدت کے لئے ریکوری لاس کے یوض لاگت سمیت زیر التواء سہ ماہی ٹیرف کے تغیرات کے تعین میں تیزی لانے کے لئے NEPRA کے ساتھ مسلسل را بطے میں ہے (نا قابل وصول قرضوں کی اصل معافی کے سلسلے میں، KE کے MYT کے تحت اجازت دی گئی ہے ) کے ای کے MYT کے فراہم کر دہ طریقہ کار کے مطابق کلیم کیا گیا۔ مزید برآل، مالی سال 2022 کے لیمز بھی بیرونی آڈ بیڑز سے تصدیق کے بعد NEPRA کے پاس دائر کیے گئے ہیں۔

ان درخواستوں کی وقت پر منظوری ، کمپنی کی پائنداری اور منصوبہ بند سرمایہ کاری کے نفاذ کے لئے اہمیت کی حامل ہے۔

**MYT پوسٹ 2023** کے ای کو NEPRA کی جانب سے 7 سال کی کنٹرول کی مدت کے لئے ایک مربوط MYT دیا گیا جو جون 2023 میں اختتام پذیر ہوگا۔ موجودہ MYT سے مستفید ہونے اور پاور سیٹر میں جاری تبدیلیوں بشمول ڈسٹری بیوشن (نیٹ ورک) اور سپلائی برنس سے علیحدہ لائسنس یافتہ سرگر میوں، CTBCM ماڈل کے نفاذ ، اور ملک بھر میں مجوزہ سینٹرل اکنا مک ڈسپیج کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوتے ، کے ای جنریشن،ٹر اسمیشن، ڈسٹری بیوشن نیٹ ورک اور ڈسٹری بیوشن سپلائی کے لئے الگ الگ ٹیرف فائل کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔

# مسابقتی تجارتی دوطرفہ کنٹر کیٹس مارکیٹ (CPPA کو مارکیٹ آپریٹر لأسنس کے اجراء مئی 2022 میں NEPRA کی جانب سے CPPA کو مارکیٹ آپریٹر لأسنس کے اجراء کے بعد، نی الحال CTBCM کے رول آؤٹ سے متعلق آزمائشی مشقوں کی سر گرمیوں کاعمل جاری میں نیشنل الکیٹر ٹی پالیسی 2021 اور CCOE کے منظور شدہ اصولوں کے مطابق ایک پائیداراور منظم منتقلی کو یقینی بنانے کے مقصد کے ساتھ پاکستان میں بجلی کی مسابقتی ہول سیل مارکیٹوں کے قیام کے سلسلے میں، کے ای اپنے مجوزہ انضام کے منصوبے کی منظوری کے لیے NEPRA سمیت متعلقہ اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے ساتھ انتہائی مصروف کارہے۔

ڈسٹری ہیوشن اور الیکٹرک پاور سپلائر لائسنس کے ای کو 21 جولائی، 2003 کو اس کی ٹیر بیڑی میں جولائی 2023 تک 20 سال کی مدت کے لیے بجلی کی خدمات کی ڈسٹری بیوشن اور سپلائی کا ڈسٹری بیوشن لائسنس دیا گیا تھا بجلی کے شعبہ میں جاری تبدیلیوں بشمول ڈسٹری بیوشن ( ندیٹ ورک ) اور سپلائی برنس کی الگ الگ لائسنس یافتہ سرگرمیوں اور CTBCM کے نفاذ کے ساتھ، کے ای اپنے ڈسٹری بیوشن اور سپلائر کے لیے علیحدہ درخواستیں دائر کر لے گی۔

> لسٹڈ کمپنیز( کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ریگولیشنز،2019 کی تعمیل بورڈ کمپوزیشن 30 ستمبر، 2022 تکڈائریکٹرز کی کل تعداد

01	خاتون	(i
12	مرد	(ii
-	) عارضی آسامی	(iii

## 30 ستمبر، 2022 كوبورڈ كى كمپوزيش

i) آزاد ڈائریکٹر ii) نان ایگزیکٹیوڈائریکٹرز 12 (بشمول آزاد ڈائریکٹر) iii) ایگزیکٹیوڈائریکٹرز 01

**بورڈ کمیٹیز** اس رپورٹ میں بورڈ کمیٹیز کے ارکان کے نام" کمپنی انفارمیشن" میں درج ہیں۔

بورڈ کے معاوضے کی پالیسی بورڈ نے 25 جون، 2020 کو منعقدہ اپنی 1216 ویں میڈنگ میں نان ایگزیکٹیوڈ ائریکٹرز کے لئے معاوضے کی پالیسی کی منظوری دی ہے جو قابلِ اطلاق کار پوریٹ ریگولیٹری فریم ورک کے مطابق ہے۔نان ایگزیکٹیوڈ ائریکٹرز کی منظور شدہ معاوضے کی پالیسی کی نمایاں خصوصیات درج ذیل ہیں: ا فیس کا جائزہ ہرتین سال بعد لیا جائے گا۔ ب۔ مذکورہ جائزہ ہمیشہ قابل اطلاق کار پوریٹ ریگولیٹری فریم درک کی تعمیل کر ے گااور اس کی انجام دیمی معروضی انداز میں کی جائے گی۔ ج۔ معاوضے کی سطح موزوں ذمہ داری و پیشہ ورا نہ مہارت کی سطح کے مطابق ہوگی جو کہ کار پوریٹ اور سماجی مقاصد کو کامیابی کے ساتھ حاصل کرنے کے ساتھ قدرافز ودگی کی حوصلہ افزائی کے لئے کمپنی کے امور انجام دینے کے لئے درکار ہے۔

بورد آف دائر يك رزمين تبديليان

اس مدت کے دوران، ڈائریکٹرز کاانتخاب ہواجس میں درج ذیل ڈائریکٹرز کا تقرر کیا گیا:

.اارك جيرارڈ اسكيلٹن
سيدمونس عبداللدعلوى (CEO)
سيدمونس عبداللدعلوى (CEO)
داد يب احمد
داد يب احمد
دارشد مجيدم چمند
دوين خلينك
بولا حوائن كليمينز وين خلينك
چو بدرى خاقان سعداللدخان
داكٹر عمران اللدخان

8. مىبشران پىخ شيخ 9. محمد كامران كمال 10. محمدز بىر موتى والا 11. سعد امان اللدخان 12. سعد يەخرم 13. شان اے اشعرى

بعدازال، مسٹر مارک جیرار ڈاسکیلٹن کو بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے بورڈ کا چیئز مین مقرر کیا۔ مزید برآل، مسٹر بوڈ ے وائن کلیمینز وینٹینک، چو ہدری خاقان سعد اللّٰدخان اور محتر مدسعد بی خرم نے نان ایگز یکٹیو ڈائر یکٹرز کے عہدے سے استعطیٰ دے دیا ہے جس کے نتیج میں بورڈ میں رسی آسامیاں خالی ہیں۔ اس سلسلے میں، کے الیکٹرک کو ایک مقد ہے & Al Jomiah Power Limited (Al Jomiah Power Limited) مسلسلے میں، کے الیکٹرک کو ایک مقد ہے & others vs IGCF SPV 21 Limited کی کاپی کے ہمراہ 21 کتو بر ، 2022 کو منظور شدہ عبوری حکم کے ساتھ پیش کیا گیا ہے جس کے تحت سندھ ہائی کورٹ نے ہدا ہیت کی ہے کہ کے الیکٹرک کے موجودہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز میں آئندہ ساعت کی تاریخ یعنی 8 نو مبر ، 2022 تک کوئی تبدیلی نہ کی جائے ۔ جب کمپنی ڈائر یکٹرز کی تقرری کے ممل کو انچام دینے کی پوزیشن میں ہوگی تو بورڈ کی طرف سے عارضی آسامیاں پُر کی جائیں گی۔

اعترافات

بورڈ حکومت یا کستان، شیئر ہولڈرز، اور کمپنی کےصارفین کا اُن کے تعاون اور مدداور کمپنی کے ملازمین کی حوصلہ افزائی یران کاشکر بیرادا کرتا ہے۔

Mark Skelton Mos fini مارك جيرارڈ اسكيلڻن سيدمونس عبداللدعلوي چيف ايگزيکڻيوآفيسر چيئر مدن

## كراچى،28 كتوبر،2022

(ازراہِ کرماس بات کا خیال رکھیں کہ اِس ڈائریکٹرزر پورٹ کاار دومنتبادل صرف معلومات فراہم کرنے کی غرض سے شامل کیا گیا ہے۔لہٰذاانگریز ی میں دی گئی اصل عبارت ہی مستند ہے۔کسی بھی نوعیت کی تشریح کے لئے انگریز ی میں دی گئی ڈائریکٹرزر پورٹ ہی سے رجوع کریں اور اُسی پر انحصار کیا جائے۔)



### CONDENSED INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 202

#### K-ELECTRIC LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022			
		Un-Audited	Audited
		September 30,	June 30,
		2022	2022
	Note	(Rupee:	s in '000)
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	494,334,069	489,248,209
Intangible assets		553,180	518,889
Investment in subsidiary - at cost		275,000	275,000
Investment property		2,910,703	2,925,942
Other financial assets - at amortised cost		17,799,793	16,323,268
Long-term loans		11,315	11,899
Long-term deposits		<u>11,744</u> 515,895,804	<u> </u>
		515,695,604	509,514,951
Current assets		10.050.045	47.000.000
Inventories	5	19,056,645	17,060,592
Trade debts	6	106,068,616	136,843,034
Loans and advances		2,027,235	1,663,519
Deposits and short-term prepayments	10.1	10,702,787	8,054,432
Other receivables	7	434,836,623	375,223,756
Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost		1,617,881	1,088,032
Derivative financial assets		13,212,669	8,033,631
Cash and bank balances	L	5,111,987	2,846,132
		592,634,443	550,813,128
TOTAL ASSETS		1,108,530,247	1,060,128,079
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital		96,261,551	96,261,551
Reserves			
Capital reserves	ſ	2,009,172	2,009,172
Share premium and other reserves			69,713,296
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment		68,285,453	
		70,294,625	71,722,468
Revenue reserves		5 070 050	E 070 050
General reserves		5,372,356	5,372,356
Unappropriated profit	- 1	61,907,287	76,815,343
	L	67,279,643	82,187,699
		137,574,268	153,910,167
TOTAL EQUITY		233,835,819	250,171,718
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities	r	21,092,108	21,077,900
Long-term diminishing musharaka		138,356,825	130,660,289
Long-term financing		156,829	148,894
Lease liabilities		14,238,671	13,976,931
Long-term deposits		5,420,428	5,492,679
Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue		33,415,634	30,580,528
Deletted levelue			
Overset liskillates		212,680,495	201,937,221
Current liabilities		3,750,000	3,750,000
Current maturity of long-term diminishing musharaka			
Current maturity of long-term financing		24,242,612	19,888,341
Current maturity of lease liabilities	.	22,385	26,765 439,260,780
Trade and other payables	8	487,753,266	439,200,780
Unclaimed dividend		645 11,351,567	10,629,604
Accrued mark-up	.		897,049
Taxation - net	9	1,462,835	107,535,452
Short-term borrowings	10		
Short-term deposits		26,089,406 18,492	26,012,012
Provision			
		662,013,933	608,019,140
TOTAL LIABILITIES		874,694,428	809,956,361
Contingencies and Commitments	11		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,108,530,247	1,060,128,079
The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interi	m financ	cial statements.	

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

#### **K-ELECTRIC LIMITED** UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Three months	Three months period ended		
		September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021		
	Note	(Rupees	in '000)		
REVENUE					
Sale of energy - net	12	88,563,813	86,921,322		
Tariff adjustment	13	65,970,240	27,218,168		
		154,534,053	114,139,490		
COST OF SALES					
Purchase of electricity	14	(60,844,000)	(43,581,488)		
Consumption of fuel and oil	15	(78,529,751)	(47,610,951)		
Expenses incurred in generation, transmission and distribution		(7,118,625)	(6,306,942)		
		(146,492,376)	(97,499,381)		
GROSS PROFIT		8,041,677	16,640,109		
Consumers services and administrative expenses		(7,884,122)	(6,872,485)		
Impairment loss against trade debts		(7,895,935)	(3,855,459)		
Other operating expenses	16	(4,289,772)	(1,809,505)		
Other income		3,236,025	2,886,520		
		(16,833,805)	(9,650,929)		
(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COST		(8,792,128)	6,989,180		
Finance cost	17	(6,414,698)	(2,987,682)		
(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		(15,206,826)	4,001,498		
Taxation		(1,129,073)	(1,099,387)		
(LOSS) / PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		(16,335,899)	2,902,111		
(LOSS) / EARNING BEFORE INTEREST, TAX, DEPRECIATIO	N				
AND AMORTISATION		(2,685,642)	11,837,869		
		(Ru	pees)		
(LOSS) / EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED		(0.59)	0.11		

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

#### K-ELECTRIC LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

mber 30, 2022 (Rupees i	September 30, 2021
Contraction of the second s	and the second
	2021 in '000)
6,335,899)	2,902,111
5,744,138	1,868,206
5,744,138)	(1,868,206)
	-
6,335,899)	2,902,111
	5,744,138)

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

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Director

Chief Financial Officer

UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30. 2022 **K-ELECTRIC LIMITED** 

(16,335,899) (16,335,899) 233,835,819 2,902,111 250,171,718 223,951,516 2,902,111 226,853,627 Total (16,335,899) (16,335,899) 67,279,643 82,187,699 2,902,111 69,748,124 73,723,322 1,427,843 1,073,087 2,902,111 Total (16,335,899) (16,335,899) Unappropriated 64,375,768 2,902,111 1,073,087 68,350,966 76,815,343 1,427,843 2,902,111 61,907,287 Revenue profit 5,372,356 5,372,356 5,372,356 5,372,356 reserves ł. 1 General . (1,427,843) (1,073,087) 70,294,625 56,868,754 71,722,468 57,941,841 Reserves 1 Total (Rupees in '000) (1,427,843) (1,073,087) 68,285,453 and equipment -55,932,669 54,859,582 69,713,296 property, plant Revaluation . surplus on net of tax Capital 509,172 509,172 509,172 509,172 Others ı. . , 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 premium Share 1 96,261,551 96,261,551 Total share 96,261,551 96,261,551 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital . 1 1 capital (391,628) (391,628) Transaction (391,628) (391,628) . costs 96,653,179 96,653,179 96,653,179 96,653,179 Ordinary 1 shares equipment and disposals - net of deferred tax revaluation surplus of property, plant and equipment and disposals - net of deferred tax Incremental depreciation charged relating to Incremental depreciation charged relating to months period ended September 30, 2022 months period ended September 30, 2021 revaluation surplus of property, plant and Total comprehensive income for the three Total comprehensive loss for the three Balance as at September 30, 2022 Balance as at September 30, 2021 Other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income Balance as at July 1, 2022 Balance as at July 1, 2021 Profit for the period Loss for the period

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

6 Chief Executive Officer

Director

Chief Financial Officer

#### **K-ELECTRIC LIMITED** UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 202		Three months p	eriod ended
		September 30,	September 30,
		2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(15,206,826)	4,001,498
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:			
Depreciation and amortisation		6,106,486	4,848,689
Provision for employee retirement benefits		305,029	251,716
Provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories - net		94,121	32,423
Impairment loss against trade debts		7,895,935	3,855,459
Provision against fatal accident cases			(1,700)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		(178,250)	(874,527)
Unrealised gain on derivative financial assets		(5,744,138)	(1,868,206)
Unrealised exchange loss		6,521,776	1,784,744
Interest income on term deposits		(120,307)	-
Finance cost		6,414,698	2,987,682
Amortisation of deferred revenue		(669,783)	(584,206)
Return on bank deposits		(241,298)	(72,309)
Operating profit before working capital changes		5,177,443	14,361,263
Working capital changes:			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets		[	(1.077.100)
Inventories		(2,090,174)	(4,277,162)
Trade debts		22,878,483	(7,740,050)
Loans and advances		(363,716)	534,275
Deposits and short-term prepayments		(2,648,355)	(361,519)
Other receivables		(59,556,205) (41,779,967)	(20,537,357) (32,381,813)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		47,589,463	28,114,065
Short-term deposits		47,666,857	2,766,242 30,880,307
Cash generated from operations		11,064,333	12,859,757
Employee retirement benefits paid		(377,280)	(70,174)
Income tax paid		(563,287)	(2,303,563)
Receipts in deferred revenue		3,504,889	376,708
Receipt of interest income on term deposits		63,645	-
Finance cost paid		(10,964,991)	(2,688,029)
Interest received on bank deposits		241,298	72,309
Long-term loans		584	454
Makanak managed from exception activities		(8,095,142) - 2,969,191 -	(4,612,295) 8,247,462
Net cash generated from operating activities		2,000,101	0,247,402
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure incurred		(5,991,494)	(10,629,676)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		360,479	1,003,268
Investment in other financial asset - at amortised cost		(2,006,374)	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,637,389)	(9,626,408)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		F	
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) long-term diminishing musharaka - net		14,208	(1,081,560)
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) long-term financing - net		6,881,313	(3,560,988)
Lease payments		(10,481)	(9,516)
(Repayment of) / Proceeds from short-term borrowings - net		(3,645,393)	7,171,675
Security deposit from consumers		261,740	322,378
Net cash generated from financing activities		3,501,387	2,841,989
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,166,811)	1,463,043
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		(41,875,437)	(35,979,547)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	18	(43,042,248)	(34,516,504)

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

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Director

Chief Financial Officer

### K-ELECTRIC LIMITED NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

### 1. KE AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 K-Electric Limited (the Company / KE) was incorporated as a limited liability company on September 13, 1913 under the repealed Indian Companies Act, 1882 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and its shares are quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of KE is situated at KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi.
- 1.2 KE is principally engaged in the generation, transmission and distribution of electric energy to industrial and other consumers under the Electricity Act, 1910 and the Regulation of Generation, Transmission and Distribution of Electric Power Act, 1997 (the NEPRA Act 1997) to its licensed areas. KES Power Limited (the Holding Company of KE) incorporated in Cayman Islands, holds 66.40 percent (June 30, 2022: 66.40 percent) shares in KE.
- **1.3** The business units of KE include the following:

### Place of business Geographical location

Registered / Head Office	KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi
Generation Plants	Port Qasim, Korangi & S.I.T.E., Karachi
Elander Road Office	Elander Road, Karachi
Civic Centre Office	Civic Centre, Karachi

Integrated Business Centres (IBCs), grid stations, inventory stores / warehouses and substations are located across KE's licensed territory, which covers Karachi and adjoining areas of Sindh and Balochistan.

1.4 As notified on the Pakistan Stock Exchange on October 28, 2016, Shanghai Electric Power Company Limited (SEP) has entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement (SPA) with KES Power Limited (the Holding Company) to acquire up to 66.40 percent of the shares in KE. The completion of the transaction contemplated by SPA is subject to receipt of applicable regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other conditions precedent specified therein.

SEP notified its initial Public Announcement of Intention (PAI) for the above equity acquisition on October 3, 2016. Subsequently, in order to comply with the statutory requirements under the Securities Act, 2015 and the Listed Companies (Substantial Acquisition of Voting Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2017, SEP notified PAIs on different dates with latest PAI being notified on September 28, 2022 incorporating amended / additional requirements pursuant to the Securities Act, 2015 and the aforementioned regulations.

- 1.5 KE has following subsidiaries:
  - i) KE Venture Company (Private) Limited (KEVCL), has been incorporated to invest in diverse initiatives within the energy sector of Pakistan. The total investment in KEVCL is currently 27.5 million (June 30, 2022; 27.5 million) ordinary shares amounting to Rs. 275 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 275 million); and
  - K-Solar (Private) Limited (K-Solar) was incorporated as a wholly owned subsidiary of KEVCL. The principal activity of K-Solar is to provide customers with opportunities to diversify their energy sources through high quality and economic solutions. The principal location of business for KEVCL and K-Solar is Karachi, Pakistan.
- **1.6** These are separate condensed interim financial statements of KE in which investment in subsidiary has been accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment. KE prepares consolidated condensed interim financial statements comprising KE and its subsidiaries separately.

1.7 KE, being a regulated entity, is governed through Multi Year Tariff (MYT) regime. National Electric Power Regulatory Authority (NEPRA) vide its determination dated July 5, 2018 determined the MYT for the period commencing from July 1, 2016 till June 30, 2023 (MYT 2017-23). KE after considering that the MYT decision did not consider actual equity invested into the KE, applied notional capital structure based on the assumption of 70:30 debt to equity ratio and is a drastic departure from the previous structure without providing the KE an appropriate transition period, approached the Appellate Tribunal for relief under Section 12G of the NEPRA Act 1997 which is pending. KE also approached the High Court of Sindh (HCS) against the aforementioned MYT decision and filed a suit in which a stay order was granted on July 26, 2018. KE; on April 3, 2019, withdrew the suit filed with HCS against MYT decision, as KE decided to pursue its legitimate concerns / issues with Appellate Tribunal, however, reserves its right to again approach the HCS if required. The Ministry of Energy (Power Division) has notified the MYT decision through SRO 576 (I) /2019 dated May 22, 2019.

KE's revenue recorded in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements is based on the aforementioned MYT decision.

1.8 KE filed Mid Term Review (MTR) petition with NEPRA as per the mechanism included in the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018, for reassessment of impact of USD indexation on allowed Return on Equity, changes due to necessary revision in the investment plan and working capital requirements of KE along with other adjustments. NEPRA issued its determination on MTR on March 1, 2022, (MTR decision) wherein NEPRA has determined a downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh. In its decision, NEPRA has not allowed additional investment requested, disallowed cost of working capital, allowed partial exchange rate variation for return on equity indexation and has not considered other adjustments. Being aggrieved, KE has filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal and will pursue its legitimate concerns / issues with the Appellate Tribunal. However, prudently, the impact of the downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh has been recognised in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The applicable accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

- 2.2 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in annual unconsolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 2.3 In order to comply with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', the unconsolidated condensed interim statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of annual unconsolidated financial statements of the immediately preceding financial year, whereas, the unconsolidated condensed interim statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of compared with the balances of comparable period of the immediately preceding financial year.
- 2.4 There were certain amendments to accounting and reporting standards which became effective for KE during the period. However, these do not have any significant impact on KE's financial reporting and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

In addition to the above, in response to KE's application, the SECP through its letter dated October 19 2022, has provided an extension in exemption from the requirements contained in IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', with respect to application of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) method on financial assets due from Government of Pakistan till June 30, 2023, provided that KE shall follow relevant requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' in respect of above referred financial assets during the exemption period.

#### 2.5 Use of accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, in conformity with the approved accounting and reporting standards for interim financial reporting requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

During the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, there have been no changes in the significant judgements made by management in applying the KE's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty from those that were applied to the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 3.1 The accounting policies and method of computation adopted for the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of the KE's annual unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 3.2 KE follows the practice to conduct actuarial valuation annually at the year end. Hence, the impact of remeasurement of post-employment benefit plans has not been incorporated in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.
- 3.3 Taxes on income, in the interim periods are accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual profit or loss.
- 3.4 As stated in note 2.4 above, due to extension of the exemption applicable in respect of financial assets due from the GoP with respect to ECL method, the application of IAS 39 continues to be consistently applied to such financial assets during the exemption period.

			<u>(Un-Audited)</u> September 30, 2022	(Audited) June 30, 2022
4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
	Operating fixed assets Capital work-in-progress (CWIP) Right-of-use assets	4.2	345,328,624 148,839,125 <u>166,320</u> 494,334,069	337,416,723 151,663,503 167,983 489,248,209

4.1 Additions and disposals of operating fixed assets during the period are as follows:

	(Un-Audited) Transfers from CWIP (at cost)		(Un-Audited) Disposals (at net book value)	
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
			; in '000) ———	
Plant and machinery	73,319	373,116	48,035	2,176
Transmission and distribution network	13,794,354	327,836	134,170	123,444
Others	235,514	3,247	24	3,121
	14,103,187	704,199	182,229	128,741

4.1.1 The above disposal represents assets costing Rs. 751 million (September 30, 2021: Rs. 720 million) which were disposed off for Rs. 361 million (September 30,2021: Rs. 1,003 million).

#### 4.2 Details about CWIP are as follows:

	Plant and machinery	Transmission grid equiment / lines	Distribution network./ renewals of mains and services	Others	September 30, 2022 (Un-Audited)	June 30, 2022 (Audited)
Opening balance at the beginning	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			poco in cost.		
of period / year	87,960,284	27,774,043	30,069,697	5,859,479	151,663,503	125,880,005
Additions / inter-class transfers during the period (note 4.2,1)	6,296,024	2,129,986	2,888,779	265,455	11,580,244	62,771,603
	94,256.308	29,904,029	32,958,476	6,124,934	163,243,747	188,651,608
Transfers to operating fixed assets and Intangible assets / adjustment (note 4.2.2)	(7 3,330)	-	(14,331,292)	-	(14,404,622)	(36,988,105)
Closing balance at the end						
of period / year	94,182,978	29,904,029	18,627,184	6,124,934	148,839,125	151,663,503

4.2.1 These include borrowing cost capitalised during the period amounting to Rs. 5,394 million (September 30, 2021: Rs 1,283 million).

4.2.2 These include certain assets written off during the period amounting to Rs. 195 million (September 30, 2021: Rs. Nil).

			(Un-Audited) September 30, 2022	(Audited) June 30, 2022
5.	INVENTORIES	Note	(Rupees	IN 'VVV)
	High speed diesel (HSD) Furnace oil		1,060,616 4,120,959 5,181,575	796,320 3,233,726 4,030,046
	Stores, spare parts and loose tools		<u> </u>	<u>14,362,377</u> 18,392,423
	Provision against slow moving and obsolete stores, spare parts and loose tools	5.1	<u>(1,425,952)</u> 19,056,645	(1,331,831) 17,060,592
5.1	Provision against slow moving and obsolete stores, spare parts and loose tools			
	Opening balance Provision recognised during the period - net		1,331,831 94,121 1,425,952	1,113,368 218,463 1,331,831
6.	TRADE DEBTS			
	Considered good			
	Secured – against deposits from consumers Unsecured		6,647,905 99,420,711	5,745,925 131,097,109
	Considered doubtful	6.1	106,068,616 106,713,941	136,843,034 100,618,760
			212,782,557	237,461,794
	Provision for impairment against debts considered doubtful	6.3	(106,713,941)	(100,618,760)
			106,068,616	136,843,034

6.1 These balances do not include any Late Payment Surcharge (LPS) on receivables from public sector consumers, as fully explained in note 11.1.1 to these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, on the contention that due to the circular debt situation, the LPS should only be received by KE from its public sector consumers, if any surcharge is levied on KE on account of delayed payments of its public sector liabilities.

As at September 30, 2022, receivable from government and autonomous bodies amounting to Rs. 48,089 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 48,309 million) includes unrecognised LPS of Rs. 8,598 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 9,571 million); which includes receivable from Karachi Water and Sewerage Board (KW&SB) amounting to Rs. 33,867 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 5,241 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 32,848 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 5,076 million) and receivable from City District Government Karachi (CDGK) amounting to Rs. 6,228 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 6,71 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 8,449 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 1,926 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 6,71 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 8,449 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 1,926 million).

Upto September 30, 2022, adjustment orders amounting to Rs. 12,434 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 12,434 million) have been received from the Government of Sindh (GoS) whereby KE's liability on account of electricity duty has been adjusted against the KW&SB dues.

6.2 Ministry of Energy (Power Division) issued a corrigendum dated January 22, 2020, whereby, in accordance with GoP's uniform tariff policy, KE was directed to restrict the benefit of Industrial Support Package (ISPA) of Rs. 3/kWh to peak hours only. Thus, ISPA relief of Rs. 3/kWh already passed to industrial consumers on normal consumption and off-peak hours for the period July 2019 to December 2019 was withdrawn and accordingly ISPA arrears were billed to industrial consumers in their monthly bills of April 2020.

The industrial consumers challenged the corrigendum before the Honorable High Court of Sindh (HCS). The HCS in its order dated September 28, 2020 directed KE to charge determined tariff as per SRO 575(i)/2019 dated May 22, 2019 instead of applying corrigendum. Being aggrieved, KE challenged the HCS order before Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP), wherein, the SCP through in its interim order dated November 27, 2020, suspended the order of HCS and allowed prospective implementation of corrigendum dated January 22, 2020. Further, vide order received in September 2022, the Court has listed the Appeals for rehearing. Accordingly, the Appeals will be reheard and decided on merits.

			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		Note	September 30.	June 30,
			2022	2022
6.3	Provision for impairment		(Rupees i	n '000)
	Opening balance		100,618,760	97,746,537
	Provision recognised during the period / year		7,895,935	19,332,532
	Toylein resignised damig are period from		108,514,695	117,079,069
	Write-off against provision during the period / year		(1,800,754)	(16,460,309)
			106,713,941	100,618,760
7.	OTHER RECEIVABLES			
<i>.</i>	OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Due from the Government of Pakistan (GoP) and			
	Government of Balochistan (GoB) - net:			
	- Tariff adjustment		414,349,367	355,338,042
	- Saleš tax - net		19,398,392	19,050,156
	- Interest receivable from GoP on demand finance liabilities		237,173	237,173
	- Others		6,082,542	5,864,080
		7.1	440,067,474	380,489,451
	Others		283,879	249,036
	· · · · · ·		440,351,353	380,738,487
	Provision for impairment		(5,514,730)	(5,514,731)
			434,836,623	375,223,756
			······································	

- 7.1 This includes Rs. 53,540 million recorded as claims for write off of trade debts. The claims submitted by KE for the years ended June 30, 2017, June 30, 2018, June 30, 2019, June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 aggregating to Rs. 37,148 million have been pending for determination by NEPRA for which NEPRA through its letters dated December 31, 2019, March 10, 2021, March 30, 2022 and June 8, 2022 stated that further deliberation is required in respect of the above-mentioned claims before these can be allowed as an adjustment in tariff. Further, claim amounting to Rs. 14,489 million pertaining to year ended June 30, 2022 has been submitted which is also pending for determination by NEPRA.
- 7.2 There is no significant change in the status of the other matters detailed in notes 14.1 to the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

		<u>(Un-Audited)</u> September 30, 2022	(Audited) June 30, 2022
8.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	(Rupees i	
	Trade creditors		
	Power purchases Fuel and gas Others	345,551,017 59,931,831 <u>19,667,987</u> 425,150,835	306,689,269 49,490,805 22,889,350 379,069,424
	Accrued expenses	5,986,612	5,611,945
	Contract liabilities		
	Energy Others	1,338,305 3,283,218	1,375,167 3,785,276
	Quiers	4,621,523	5,160,448
	Other liabilities	51,994,296 	<u>49,418,968</u> <u>439,260,780</u>

#### 9. TAXATION - NET

There is no significant change in the status of the tax related contingencies as disclosed in note 42.1 of the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

10.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS	Note	(Un-Audited) September 30, 2022 (Rupees	(Audited) June 30, 2022 in '000)
	Secured:			
	From banking companies:			
	Bills payable	10.1	34,168,490	34,813,883
	Short-term running finances	10.1	48,154,235	44,721,569
			82,322,725	79,535,452
	From others:			
	Privately placed sukuks	10,2	25,000,000	28,000,000
			107,322,725	107,535,452
			<u> </u>	

- 10.1 Details about these facilities have been stated in note 29 to the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 10.2 These represent five distinct privately placed and unsecured Sukuk certificates of 6 months' tenor amounting to Rs. 25 billion (issue size) in aggregate maturing from October 13, 2022 to March 21, 2023. These carry profit at 6 month KIBOR + 0.95% to 1.40% per annum.

#### 11. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 11.1 Contingencies

11.1.1 Mark-up on overdue balances with National Transmission and Dispatch Company (NTDC) / Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA), a major government owned power supplier, has not been accrued in these unconsolidated financial statements. With effect from June 2015, CPPA has assumed the central power purchase division of NTDC along with the related assets, rights and liabilities of NTDC; including alleged receivables from KE. KE is of the view that in accordance with the mechanism defined in the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) dated January 26, 2010 with NTDC. NTDC's dues are to be settled by the Ministry of Finance (MoF) through payment of KE's tariff differential claims directly to NTDC. Up to September 30, 2022, the MoF has released KE's tariff differential claims aggregating Rs. 472,850 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 465,891 million) directly to NTDC / CPPA. Additionally, KE has also directly paid Rs. 67,167 million up to September 30, 2022 (June 30, 2022; Rs. 67,167 million) to NTDC / CPPA on account of its outstanding dues on an agreed mechanism. The PPA with NTDC has expired on January 25, 2015. However, the supply of electricity of 650 Megawatts (MW) continues in line with the High Court of Sindh's order dated February 6, 2014. Moreover, in accordance with Cabinet Committee on Energy (CCoE)'s decision dated August 27, 2020 and subsequent to completion of rehabilitation work, the overall interconnection capacity has been enhanced to 1,400 MW and the supply of electricity from NTDC / CPPA has been increased to 1,100 MW in order to meet additional demand and has been billed in line with the terms of PPA.

On June 22, 2018, NTDC / CPPA filed a suit in the District Court of Islamabad for recovery of Rs. 83,990 million up to May 2018, comprising of principal amounting to Rs. 66,347 million and mark-up thereon amounting to Rs. 17,643 million, which is pending adjudication to date. Within the alleged claims filed by NTDC / CPPA in the aforementioned suit, release of tariff differential claims amounting to Rs. 15,021 million was unilaterally adjusted by NTDC / CPPA against the disputed mark-up claim. This was subsequently corrected by NTDC / CPPA and adjusted against the principal balance (resulting in decrease in principal amount with corresponding increase in mark-up), as confirmed from invoices and correspondence received afterwards. NTDC / CPPA's mark-up claim up to September 30, 2022 amounts to Rs. 121,325 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 113,720 million) which is on the premise that while the outstanding amounts were to be adjusted against tariff differential claims, KE is eventually responsible for payments of all outstanding amounts, including mark-up. However, KE has not acknowledged the disputed mark-up claimed by NTDC / CPPA as debt, as KE is of the view that the disputed mark-up claims would not have arisen in case tariff differential claims payments, including payments related to claims of unrecovered cost due to 4% capping and gas load management plan were released to NTDC / CPPA by the MoF on behalf of KE on timely basis.

In addition to above, the mark-up claimed by Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGC) through its monthly involces upto September 30, 2022 aggregates to Rs. 133,624 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 129,505 million), which has not been accrued by KE. In view of KE, the unilateral reduction of gas by SSGC in year 2009-10, in violation of the ECC allocation and Head of Term Agreement dated July 31, 2009, led to increased consumption of furnace oil, which coupled with non-payment by government entities, as more fully explained in ensuing paragraphs, significantly affected KE's liquidity and hence the mark-up claim is not tenable.

In the year ended June 30, 2013, SSGC filed a suit against KE, in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of unpaid gas consumption charges and interest thereon and the damages amounting to Rs. 45,705 million and Rs. 10,000 million, respectively. KE also filed a suit, against SSGC in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of damages / losses of Rs. 59,600 million resulting from SSGC's failure to comply with its legal obligation to supply the allocated and committed quantity of 276 MMCFD of natural gas to KE. On October 7, 2019, the Court vacated a stay order dated December 3, 2012 granted in favour of SSGC which restrained KE from selling its immovable properties. Subsequently, SSGC had filed an appeal bearing HCA No. 353/2019 before the High Court of Sindh which is pending. Both these suits and HCA is pending adjudication to date. KE has also initiate contempt proceedings against MD SSGC for violation of order dated June 13, 2018 in Suit No. 4615 of 2018 which is pending before the Sindh High Court.

Further, KE entered into a payment plan with SSGC in the year 2014 and subsequently renewed the plan in years 2015 and 2016, which provided for a mechanism for payment of principal arrears by KE on supply of adequate gas by SSGC. The dispute of mark-up claim has also been mentioned in the payment plan. KE's management is of the view that the principal payments made by KE to SSGC have been unilaterally adjusted by SSGC against SSGC's disputed mark-up claim, which is in violation of the payment plan which clearly mentions that the payments are to be adjusted against outstanding principal balances and hence any adjustment against the mark-up by SSGC in KE's view is not tenable.

KE had filed an application CMA No. 12178/2018 in pending Suit No. 1263/2011 (Suit filed by KW&SB) before the High Court of Sindh for payment of outstanding liability of approximately Rs. 27.5 billion by the Government of Sindh. After hearing the parties, the Court vide order dated November 18, 2021 allowed the application in favour of KE whereby, the Government of Sindh has been directed to pay the outstanding liability of KW&SB amounting to Rs. 27.5 billion to KE and accordingly submit a payment plan.

During the period, KE's already stretched working capital position was further strained mainly due to the significant increase in fuel prices and accumulation of balance of tariff differential claims. Further, SSGC is not supplying the minimum required guantity of indigenous gas as per the CCOE decision dated April 23, 2018 and directions of Honorable HCS dated April 17, 2018, resulting in higher fuel costs for KE in the form of RLNG. As a result, all the working capital lines of KE have been exhausted. KE had informed Ministry of Energy (Power Division) and other relevant authorities about the information and had requested for immediate steps for cash release of Tariff Differential Subsidy (TDS) to ease out the working capital, which has not been made to date and consequentially KE had to delay the current payments of SSGC bills for RLNG. SSGC, in response, has claimed markup on the delayed payments of RLNG which aggregates to Rs. 1,927 million upto September 30, 2022 (June 30, 2022; Rs. 309 million) which has not been accrued by KE on the grounds that the delay in payment is due to delay in receipt from public sector entities, and on the net principal basis KE is in a net receivable position. KE remains in continuous engagement with the Ministry of Energy (Power Division) requesting them to expedite the process of release of pending TDS to ease out working capital position and payment to fuel suppliers.

KE's management believes that overdue amounts have only arisen due to circular debt situation caused by delayed settlement of tariff differential claims by the Ministry of Finance (GOP) as well as delayed settlement of KE's energy dues by certain public sector consumers (e.g. KW&SB). This contention of KE's management is also supported by the legal advices that it has obtained. Hence, mark-up / financial charges on outstanding liabilities due to government-controlled entities will be payable by KE only when it will receive mark-up on outstanding receivable balances on account of tariff differential claims and energy dues of KE's public sector consumers. Accordingly, discussions around finalization of Terms of Reference (ToRs) to resolve historic disputes via arbitration involving relevant parties are ongoing, along with implementation of a mechanism to prevent such disputes arising in the future. The ToRs for arbitration have been materially agreed between the parties and will be executed post approval of the Cabinet and Board of Directors of respective entities. KE remains in continuous engagement with relevant stakeholders and seeks a fair and equilable resolution to the issue in accordance with the law. Without prejudice to the aforementioned position of KE and solely on the basis of abundance caution, a provision amounting to Rs. 5,269 million) is being maintained by KE in these condensed interim financial statements on account of mark-up on delayed payment.

11.1.2 There has been no significant change in the status of contingencies as disclosed in notes 32.1.2 to 32.1.6 of the annual unconsolidated financial statement of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### 11.2 Claims not acknowledged as debts

11.2.1 Claims not acknowledged as debts as disclosed in notes 32.2 to the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022 remained unchanged.

		(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		September 30,	June 30,
		∠022	2022
		(Rupees i	in '000)
11.3	Commitments		
11.3.1	Guarantees from banks	6,266,959	6,134,039
11.3.2	Transmission projects	26,277,388	26,128,344
11.3.3	BQPS III 900 MW combined cycle power plant & associated transmission project	23,020,081	21,068,317
11.3.4	Outstanding letters of credit	9,314,949	10,305,045
11.3.5	Dividend on preference shares	1,119,453	1.119.453

KE has not recorded any dividend on redeemable preference shares in view of certain restrictions on dividend placed under loan covenants by certain local and foreign lenders.

11.3.6 Commitments for rentals under Ijarah facilities obtained from Islamic banks in respects of vehicles are as follows:

	<u>(Un-Audited)</u> September 30, 2022 (Rupees i	(Audited) June 30, 2022 n '000)
- Not later than one year	465,418	425,062
- Later than one year and not later than five years	727,037	638,515

These facilities have a tenure of 3 to 5 years. These are secured against promissory notes,

			(Un-Audited)		
		Note	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021	
12.	SALE OF ENERGY - NET		(Rupees	s in '000)	
	Gross revenue	12.1	123,933,722	107,841,930	
	Sales tax		(26,557,006)	(15,901,869)	
	Other taxes		(8,812,903)	(5,018,739)	
	Net revenue	12.2	88,563,813	86,921,322	
	·		•		

12.1 Gross revenue is net-off an amount of Rs. 1,705 million (September 30, 2021: Rs. 788 million) representing invoices raised during the period for energy consumed, however, these invoices are considered non-recoverable.

				(Un-At	idited)
			Note	September 30,	September 30
				2022	2021
				(Rupees	s in *000)
12.2	Net Revenue				
	Residential		12.2.1	47,011,895	36,298,204
	Commercial		12.2.1	18,323,888	13,710,389
	Industrial	·	12.2.1	38,952,273	28,491,064
	Fuel surcharge	adjustment	12.2.2	(16,081,096)	8,102,869
	Others			356,853	318,796
				88,563,813	86,921,322

12.2.1 The above includes net cycle day impact amounting to Rs. 5,522 million (Septeber 30, 2021) reduction in revenue by Rs. 869 million).

12.2.2 This represents monthly fuel surcharge adjustment as per mechanism provided in the MYT decision. The said amount has been / will be charged to the consumers in accordance with NEPRA's determinations.

4

			(Un-At	idited)
		Note	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
				s in '000)
13,	TARIFF ADJUSTMENT	13.1 & 13.2	65,970,240	27,218,168

- 13.1 This represents tariff differential subsidy claim for variation in fuel prices, cost of power purchases, operation and maintenance cost, being adjustments required as per NEPRA's MYT decision and those resulting in adjustment of tariff due from Government.
- 13.2 Includes Rs. 1,903 million comprising dues of 24,123 consumers (September 30, 2021; Rs 571 million comprising dues of 2,366 consumers) recognized during the three months period ended September 30, 2022 against actual write-off of bad debts under the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018 for the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2023.

		(Un-Au	udited)
		September 30,	September 30,
		2022	2021
		(Rupee:	s in '000)
14.	PURCHASE OF ELECTRICITY		
	Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA) / NTDC	39,661,897	29,080,502
	Independent Power Producers (IPPs) / other power purchase sources	21,182,103	13,648,851
	Karachi Nuclear Power Plant (KANUPP)	-	852,135
	:	60,844,000	43,581,488
15.	CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL		
	Natural gas / RLNG	34,004,379	30,957,833
	Furnace and other fuel / oil	43,384,915	15,602,823
	High speed diesel (HSD)	1,140,457	1,050,295
		78,529,751	47,610,951

			<u>(</u> Un-Au	dited)
16.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	Note	September 30, 2022 (Rupees	September 30, 2021 in '000)
	Exchange loss - net		4,035,413	1,368,861
	Workers' profits participation fund			210,605
	Interest on consumer deposits			127,004
	Donations		16,112	18,519
	Listing fee		3,971	1,411
	Others		234,276	83,105
			4,289,772	1,809,505
17.	FINANCE COST			
	Mark-up / interest on:			
	- Long term financing		2,270,050	1,422,790
	- Short-term borrowings		2,549,435	979,674
			4,819,485	2,402,464
	Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee		112,997	1,000
	and other service charges		148,222	104,372
	Finance cost on lease liabilities		5,692	4,102
	Letters of credit discounting charges		1,328,302	475,744
			6,414,698	2,987,682
18.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and bank balances		5,111,987	2,665,900
	Short-term running finances	10	(48,154,235)	(37,182,404)
			(43,042,248)	(34,516,504)
19.	TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES		*********************************	

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES 19.

> Related parties of KE comprise of subsidiary companies, associated companies, state-controlled entities, staff retirement benefit plans and the KE's directors and key management personnel. Details of significant transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are as follows:

#### 19.1 Government related entities

KE has availed the exemption available to it under its reporting framework, and therefore has not provided detailed disclosures of its transactions with government related / state-owned entities except for transactions included below, which KE considers to be significant: 10 (In Audited)

			(Un-Ai	udited)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
	CPPA / NTDC	Power purchases	39,661,897	29,080,502
	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	Purchase of furnace oil / HSD & other lubricants	16,809,243	15,969,245
	Sui Southern Gas Company Limited	Purchase of gas	27,037,665	30,957,833
	Pakistan LNG Limited	Purchase of gas	6,966,714	
19.2	Hascol Petroleum Limited (note 19.7)	Purchase of furnace oil		1,942,418
19.3	Subsidiary - K-Solar	Management fee income	1,141	1,870
	· · · ·	Salary of deputed staff	5,751	3,977
19.4	Key management personnel	Managerial remuneration	185,331	154,475
	· ·	Other allowances and benefits	40,922	37,382
		Retirement benefits	48,184	22,353_
		Leave encashment	1,706	555
19.5	Provident fund	Contribution to provident fund	314,910	287.196
19.6	Gratuity fund	Contribution to gratuity fund	377,280	70,169

During the period, Hascol Petroleum Limited was not the related party of KE. 19.7

#### 20. OPERATING SEGMENT

KE operates as a vertically integrated power utility under a single integrated tariff structure, as determined by NEPRA; with no separate revenue streams as KE as a whole earns revenues by providing electricity to its end consumers. The management has determined Generation, Transmission and Distribution as its operating segments, which are being presented to the Board of Directors of KE for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. These operating segments carry risks and rewards which differ from other segments and also reflects the management structure of KE.

The unallocated items of profit or loss and assets and liabilities include items which cannot be allocated to a specific segment on a reasonable basis.

a reasonable basis	š.			Septembe	r 30, 2022		
		Generation	Transmission	Distribution	Un-allocated	Eliminations	Total
Segment revenue			-	154,534	-	·+	154,534
Inter-segment revenue		88,898	6,948	-		(95,846)	
Total revenue	•	88,698	6,948	154,534		(95,646)	154,534
Purchase of electricity / Co	nsumption of fuel and oil	(78,530)	-	(156,690)	•	95,846	(139,374)
Contribution Margin		10,368	6,948	(2,156)	-		15,160
O&M expenses		(1,386)	(1,258)	(6,252)		1	(8,896)
Other operating expenses		(3,378)	(679)	(233)	-	-	(4,290)
Other income		66.	160	3,010	-	-	3,236
Impairment loss against tra	de debis	•	-	(7,896)	-	-	(7.896)
(LEITDA) / EBITDA		5,670	5,171	(13,527)		-	(2,686)
Depreciation and amortisat	ion	(3,463)	(1,006)	(1,637)	~	÷.	(6,106)
EBIT		2,207	4,165	(15,164)	-		(8,792)
Finance cost		(2,029)	(1,703)	(2,683)	-	•	(6.415)
Profit / (loss) before taxatio	n	178	2,462	(17,847)			(15,207)
Taxation - Current		(650)	(51)	(428)	-	-	(1, 129)
Taxation - Deferred			-	+	÷		-
Profit / (loss) for the year		(472)	2,411	(18,275)		-	(16,336)
elener frank en ele feni				Septembe	r 30, 2021		
		Generation	Transmission	Distribution	Un-allocated	Eliminations	Total
<b>6</b>		**********			in million)		114,139
Segment revenue		-	7.04	114,139	-	(65,100)	114,139
Inter-segment revenue	•	<u> </u>	7,354	114,139		(65,100)	114,139
Total revenue	الم النم الذية أم متطلبها		1,334	(108,682)	-	65,100	(91,192)
Purchase of electricity / Co	insumption of the and on	<u>(47,610)</u> 10,136	7,354	5,457			22,947
Contribution Margin		(1,638)	(1,288)	(5,404)			(8,330)
O&M expenses		(1,298)	(332)	(3,404)	-	-	(1.809)
Other operating expenses		(1,295) 35	269	2,581		_	2.885
Other income	ida dahta	66	205	(3,855)	-		(3,855)
Impairment loss against tra (LBITDA) / EBITDA		7,235	6,003	(1,400)			11,838
(LBITDA) / EBITDA Depreciation and amortisal		(2,748)	(914)	(1,187)		-	(4.849)
EBIT	ROL	4,487	5,089	(2,587)		·	6,989
			(699)	(1,175)			(2,986)
Finance cost		<u>(1.114)</u> 3,373	4,390	(3,762)			4,001
Profit / (loss) before laxatic	#1 ·	(478)	(621)	(3,102)	-	-	(1,099)
Taxallon - Current		(4/0)	(021)	÷	-	-	(1,055)
Taxation - Deferred	•	2,895	3,769	(3,762)			2,902
Profit / (loss) for the year		Z(000		(0,102)			
					<i>01</i> -	-Audited)	(Audited)
						tomber 30,	June 30,
					aab	2022	2022
						···· (Rupeas in r	
Assets						Compose is i	
Generation						256.378	257,243
Transmission						156,779	142 794
Distribution						662,077	618,783
Un-allocated						33,296	41,308
						1,108,530	1,060,128
Liabilities							1a /
Generation						227,776	201,613
Transmission						72,914	66,930
Distribution						528,739	491,913
Un-aliocated	•					45,265	49,500
· e	•					874,694	809,956

#### 21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 21.1 Financial risk factors

KE's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

There have been no changes in the financial risk management policies of KE during the period, consequently these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual unconsolidated financial statements.

(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
September 30,	June 30,
2022	2022
(Rupees	in '000)

#### 21.2 Financial risk factors

#### Financial assets measured at fair value through

Derivative financial assets

13,212,669 8,033,631

- 21.2.1 Derivative financial assets and liabilities have been classified into level 2 fair value measurement hierarchy and the fair value is calculated as the present value of estimated future cash flows based on observable yield.
- 21.2.2 There were no transfers amongst the levels during the period. Further, there were no changes in the valuation techniques during the period.
- 21.2.3 The different levels of fair value measurement methods have been defined as follows:
  - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
  - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and
  - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3).

#### 21.3 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### 22. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purpose of comparison.

#### 23. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue on \_\_\_\_\_\_ October 28, 2022 \_\_\_\_\_ by the Board of Directors of KE.

#### 24. GENERAL

All figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Pakistan Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

Director

Chief Financial Officer



## CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 202

## K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022			
		Un-Audited	Audited
		September 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
100570	Note	(Rupee	s in '000)
ASSETS Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	494,375,174	489,283,684
Intangible assets	5.50	553,180	518,889
Investment property		2,910,703	2,925,942
Other financial assets - at amortised cost		17,799,793	16,323,268
Long-term loans		11,315 14,600	11,899 14,600
Deferred tax asset		39,320	27,868
		515,704,085	509,106,150
Current assets			
Inventories	5	19,080,369	17,105,276
Trade debts	6	106,146,818	136,963,108
Loans and advances		2,027,235 10,702,787	1,689,165
Deposits and short-term prepayments Other receivables	7	434,836,324	375,198,048
Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost		1,617,881	1,088,032
Derivative financial assets		13,212,669	8,033,631
Cash and bank balances		5,203,718	2,899,473
		592,827,801	551,034,484
TOTAL ASSETS		1,108,531,886	1,060,140,634
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital		96,261,551	96,261,551
Reserves Capital reserves			
Share premium and other reserves		2,009,172	2,009,172
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment		68,285,453	69,713,296
		70,294,625	71,722,468
Revenue reserves		5,372,356	5,372,356
General reserves Unappropriated profit		61,817,832	76,742,861
		67,190,188	82,115,217
	1	137,484,813	153,837,685
TOTAL EQUITY		233,746,364	250,099,236
		233,740,304	230,099,230
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities		21 002 100	21,077,900
Long-term diminishing musharaka Long-term financing		21,092,108 138,356,825	130,660,289
Lease liabilities		172,349	164,701
Long-term deposits		14,238,671	13,976,931
Employee retirement benefits		5,420,428	5,492,679
Deferred revenue		33,415,634	30,580,528
Current liabilities		212,696,015	201,953,028
Current maturity of long-term diminishing musharaka		3,750,000	3,750,000
Current maturity of long-term financing		24,242,612	19,888,341
Current maturity of lease liabilities		27,659	32,750
Trade and other payables	8	487,823,566	439,323,801
Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up		645 11,351,567	645
Taxation - net	9	1,462,835	897,273
Short-term borrowings	10	107,322,725	107,535,452
Short-term deposits		26,089,406	26,012,012
Provision		18,492	18,492
TOTAL LIADULTICS	1	662,089,507	608,088,370
TOTAL LIABILITIES		874,785,522	810,041,398
Contingencies and Commitments	11		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,108,531,886	1,060,140,634

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

C N. Shigh

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

## K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Three months	period ended
		September 30,	September 30,
		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
REVENUE			
Net Revenue	12	88,613,715	86,953,551
Tariff adjustment	13	65,970,240	27,218,168
8		154,583,955	114,171,719
COST OF SALES			
Purchase of electricity	14	(60,844,000)	(43,581,488)
Consumption of fuel and oil	15	(78,529,751)	(47,610,951)
Expenses incurred in generation, transmission and distribution		(7,118,625)	(6,306,942)
Other cost of sales		(38,750)	(28,852)
		(146,531,126)	(97,528,233)
GROSS PROFIT		8,052,829	16,643,486
Consumers services and administrative expenses		(7,922,755)	(6,891,709)
Impairment loss against trade debts		(7,895,935)	(3,855,459)
Other operating expenses	16	(4,289,772)	(1,809,505)
Other income		3,236,263	2,885,504
		(16,872,199)	(9,671,169)
(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COST		(8,819,370)	6,972,317
Finance cost	17	(6,415,257)	(2,988,059)
(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		(15,234,627)	3,984,258
Taxation		(1,118,245)	(1,099,387)
(LOSS) / PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		(16,352,872)	2,884,871
(LOSS) / EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST, TAX, DEPRECIATIO	N		
AND AMORTISATION		(2,711,313)	11,822,279
		(Ruj	pees)
			2
(LOSS) / EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED		(0.59)	0.10

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

#### K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Three months	period ended
	September 30, 2022 (Rupee	September 30, 2021 s in '000)
Net (loss) / profit for the period	(16,352,872)	2,884,871
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges	5,744,138	1,868,206
Adjustment for amounts transferred to profit or loss	(5,744,138)	(1,868,206)
		-
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period	(16,352,872)	2,884,871

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30. 2022	STATEMENT OF	F CHANGES 3 30. 2022		(UN-AUDITED)	6						
	Issued, subso Ordinary	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Ordinary Transaction Total shar	-up capital Total share			Capital	Reserves		Revenue		Total
		costs	capital	Share premium	Others	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment -	Total	General reserves	Unappropriated profit	Total	
1						net of tax (Rupees in '000)	(0				
Balance as at July 1, 2021	96,653,179	(391,628)	96,261,551	1,500,000	509,172	55,932,669	57,941,841	5,372,356	64,375,768	69,748,124	223,951,516
Total comprehensive income for the three months period ended September 30, 2021											
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income			1.3		• •			1.1	2,884,871	2,884,871	2,884,871
		].	].	].	.	].	].	].	2,884,871	2,884,871	2,884,871
Incremental deprectation charged relating to revaluation surplus of property, plant and equipment and disposals - net of deferred tax	2	3	а	а		(1,073,087)	(1,073,087)	1	1,073,087	1,073,087	÷
Balance as at September 30, 2021	96,653,179	(391,628)	96,261,551	1,500,000	509,172	54,859,582	56,868,754	5,372,356	68,333,726	73,706,082	226,836,387
Balance as at July 1, 2022	96,653,179	(391,628)	96,261,551	1,500,000	509,172	69,713,296	71,722,468	5,372,356	76,742,861	82,115,217	250,099,236
Total comprehensive loss for the three months period ended September 30, 2022											
Loss for the period Other comprehensive income							, ,		(16,352,872)	(16,352,872)	(16,352,872)
Incremental depreciation charged relating to	i.			•					(16,352,872)	(16,352,872)	(16,352,872)
revaluation surplus of property, plant and equipment and disposals - net of deferred tax	а	,	1			(1,427,843)	(1,427,843)	•	1,427,843	1,427,843	a.
Balance as at September 30, 2022	96,653,179	(391,628)	96,261,551	1,500,000	509,172	68,285,453	70,294,625	5,372,356	61,817,832	67,190,188	233,746,364
The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed int	part of these co	nsolidated cor	ndensed inter	erim financial statements.	statements	ú					

) Chief Executive Officer 0

Director

Chief Financial Officer Keylan -

#### **K-ELECTRIC LIMITED** CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Three months p	eriod ended
*		September 30,	September 30,
		2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
(I asa) / profit hefere toyation		(15 224 627)	3,984,258
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(15,234,627)	3,904,230
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:			
Depreciation and amortisation		6,108,057	4,849,962
Provision for employee retirement benefits		305,029	251,716
Provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories - net		94,121	32,423
Impairment loss against trade debts		7,895,935	3,855,459
Provision against fatal accident cases		-	(1,700
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		(178,250)	(874,527)
Unrealised gain on derivative financial assets		(5,744,138)	(1,868,206)
Unrealised exchange loss		6,521,776	1,784,744
Interest income on term deposits		(120,307)	-
Finance cost		6,415,197	2,988,252
Amortisation of deferred revenue		(669,783)	(584,206)
		(241,298)	(72,309)
Return on bank deposits		5,151,712	14,345,866
Operating profit before working capital changes		5,151,712	14,545,000
Working capital changes:			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Inventories		(2,069,215)	(4,277,162)
Trade debts		22,920,356	(7,753,086)
Loans and advances		(363,716)	534,275
Deposits and short term prepayments		(2,647,355)	(361,519)
Other receivables		(59,553,494)	(20,533,230)
·		(41,713,424)	(32,390,722)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		47 500 741	29 121 500
Trade and other payables		47,596,741 77,394	28,121,599 2,766,242
Short-term deposits		47,674,135	30,887,841
Cash generated from operations		11,112,423	12,842,985
Employee retirement benefits paid		(377,280)	(70,174)
Income tax paid		(564,289)	(2,303,684)
Receipts in deferred revenue		3,504,889	376,708
Receipt of interest income on term deposits		63,645	-
Finance cost paid		(10,965,490)	(2,688,599)
Interest received on bank deposits		241,298	72,309
Long-term loans		584	454
Long-termitioans		(8,096,643)	(4,612,986)
Net cash generated from operating activities		3,015,780	8,229,999
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(r and and)	140 000 700
Capital expenditure incurred		(5,998,696)	(10,639,765)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		360,479	1,003,268
Investment in other financial asset - at amortised cost		(2,006,374)	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,644,591)	(9,636,497
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) long-term diminishing musharaka - net		14,208	(1,081,560)
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) long-term financing - net		6,881,313	(3,560,988)
Lease payments		(11,478)	(11,796
(Repayment of) / Proceeds from short-term borrowings - net		(3,645,393)	7,171,675
Security deposit from consumers		261,740	322,378
Net cash generated from financing activities		3,500,390	2,839,709
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,128,421)	1,433,211
		(41,822,096)	(35,798,805
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	40		(34,365,594
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	18	(42,950,517)	(34,303,394

The annexed notes 1 to 24 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

#### K-ELECTRIC LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### 1. LEGAL STATUS AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Group consists of K-Electric Limited (KE) and its subsidiary companies namely KE Venture Company (Private) Limited (KEVCL) and K-Solar (Private) Limited (K-Solar). Brief profiles of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries are as follows:

#### 1.1 K-Electric Limited

- 1.1.1 KE was incorporated as a limited liability company on September 13, 1913 under the repealed Indian Companies Act, 1882 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and its shares are quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of KE is situated at KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi.
- 1.1.2 KE is principally engaged in the generation, transmission and distribution of electric energy to industrial and other consumers under the Electricity Act, 1910 and the Regulation of Generation, Transmission and Distribution of Electric Power Act, 1997 (the NEPRA Act 1997) to its licensed areas. KES Power Limited (the Holding Company of KE) incorporated in Cayman Islands, holds 66.40 percent (June 30, 2022; 66.40 percent) shares in KE.

#### 1.1.3 The business units of KE include the following:

Place of business	Geographical location
Registered / Head Office	KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi
Generation Plants	Port Qasim, Korangi & S.I.T.E., Karachi
Elander Road Office	Elander Road, Karachi
Civic Centre Office	Civic Centre, Karachi

Integrated Business Centres (IBCs), grid stations, inventory stores / warehouses and substations are located across KE's licensed territory, which covers Karachi and adjoining areas of Sindh and Balochistan.

#### 1.2 KE Venture Company (Private) Limited

KE Venture Company (Private) Limited (KEVCL) was incorporated on July 30, 2020, as a private company with the intent to but not limited to businesses dealing in electricity and all other forms of energy, and products or services associated therewit Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi.

KE along with its nominees held 100% shares of KEVCL as at September 30, 2022 (June 30, 2022: 100% holding).

The operations of KEVCL have not started as at year end.

#### 1.3 K-Solar (Private) Limited

K-Solar (Private) Limited (K-Solar) was incorporated on September 18, 2020, as a private company to carry on all or any of the businesses dealing in electricity and all other forms of renewable energy and products or services associated therewith, and for promoting the conservation and efficient use of electricity. The registered office of K-Solar is situated at K-Solar House, Unit No. 3 & 4, SASI Town Houses, Abdullah Hargon Road, Civil Lines; Karachi, K-Solar is a wholly owned subsidiary of KEVCL.

KE held 100% effective shareholding of K-Solar as at September 30, 2022 (June 30, 2022: 100% holding).

1.4 As notified on the Pakistan Stock Exchange on October 28, 2016; Shanghai Electric Power Company Limited (SEP) has entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement (SPA) with KES Power Limited (the Holding Company) to acquire up to 66.40 percent of the shares in the Company. The completion of the transaction contemplated by SPA is subject to receipt of applicable regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other conditions precedent specified therein.

SEP notified its initial Public Announcement of Intention (PAI) for the above equity acquisition on October 3, 2016. Subsequently, in order to comply with the statutory requirements under the Securities Act, 2015 and the Listed Companies (Substantial Acquisition of Voting Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2017, SEP notified PAIs on different dates with latest PAI being notified on September 28, 2022 incorporating amended / additional requirements pursuant to the Securities Act, 2015 and the aforementioned regulations. 1.5 KE, being a regulated entity, is governed through Multi Year Tariff (MYT) regime. National Electric Power Regulatory Authority (NEPRA) vide its determination dated July 5, 2018 determined the MYT for the period commencing from July 1, 2016 till June 30, 2023 (MYT 2017-23). KE after considering that the MYT decision did not consider actual equity invested into the KE, applied notional capital structure based on the assumption of 70:30 debt to equity ratio and is a drastic departure from the previous structure without providing the KE an appropriate transition period, approached the Appellate Tribunal for relief under Section 12G of the NEPRA Act 1997 which is pending. KE also approached the High Court of Sindh (HCS) against the aforementioned MYT decision and filed a suit in which a stay order was granted on July 26, 2018. KE, on April 3, 2019, withdrew the suit filed with HCS against MYT decision, as KE decided to pursue its legitimate concerns / issues with Appellate Tribunal, however, reserves its right to again approach the HCS if required. The Ministry of Energy (Power Division) has notified the MYT decision through SRO 576 (I) /2019 dated May 22, 2019.

KE's revenue recorded in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements is based on the aforementioned MYT decision.

1.6 KE filed Mid Term Review (MTR) petition with NEPRA as per the mechanism included in the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018, for reassessment of impact of USD indexation on allowed Return on Equity, changes due to necessary revision in the investment plan and working capital requirements of KE along with other adjustments. NEPRA issued its determination on MTR on March 1, 2022, (MTR decision) wherein NEPRA has determined a downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh. In its decision, NEPRA has not allowed additional investment requested, disallowed cost of working capital, allowed partial exchange rate variation for return on equity indexation and has not considered other adjustments. Being aggrieved, KE has filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal and will pursue its legitimate concerns / issues with the Appellate Tribunal. However, prudently, the impact of the downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh has been recognised in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The applicable accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

- 2.2 These consolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 2.3 In order to comply with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', the consolidated condensed interim statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of annual consolidated financial statements of the immediately preceding financial year, whereas, the consolidated condensed interim statement of profit or loss, consolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, consolidated condensed interim statement of changes in equity and consolidated condensed interim statement of cashflows have been compared with the balances of comparable period of the immediately preceding financial year.
- 2.4 There were certain amendments to accounting and reporting standards which became effective for KE during the period. However, these do not have any significant impact on KE's financial reporting and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

In addition to the above, in response to KE's application, the SECP through its letter dated October 19, 2022, has provided an extension in exemption from the requirements contained in IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', with respect to application of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) method on financial assets due from Government of Pakistan till June 30, 2023, provided that KE shall follow relevant requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' in respect of above referred financial assets during the exemption period.

#### 2.5 Use of accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements, in conformity with the approved accounting and reporting standards for interim financial reporting requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from the estimates. During the preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements, there have been no changes in the significant judgements made by management in applying the KE's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty from those that were applied to the annual consolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### 2.6 Basis of consolidation

These consolidated condensed iterim financial statements include the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries.

A company is a subsidiary, if the Holding Company directly or indirectly controls, beneficially owns or holds more than fifty percent of its voting securities or otherwise has power to elect and appoint more than fifty percent of its directors.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases,

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Holding Company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balances, transactions and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of subsidiary companies are consolidated on a line by line basis and carrying value of investments held by the Holding Company is eliminated against the subsidiary companies shareholders' equity in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 3.1 The accounting policies and method of computation adopted for the preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of the KE's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 3.2 KE follows the practice to conduct actuarial valuation annually at the year end. Hence, the impact of remeasurement of postemployment benefit plans has not been incorporated in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.
- 3.3 Taxes on income, in the interim periods are accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual profit or loss.
- 3.4 As stated in note 2.4 above, due to extension of the exemption applicable in respect of financial assets due from the GoP with respect to ECL method, the application of IAS 39 continues to be consistently applied to such financial assets during the exemption period.

			(Un-Audited) September 30, 2022	(Audited) June 30, 2022
.4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	Operating fixed assets Capital work-in-progress (CWIP) Right-of-use assets	4.2	345,356,294 148,852,560 <u>166,320</u> 494,375,174	337,427,857 151,687,844 167,983 489,283,684

4.1 Additions and disposals of operating fixed assets during the period are as follows:

	Transfers f	idited) from CWIP :ost)	Disp	udited) osals ook value)
		September 30,		
:	2022	2021	2022 in '000)	2021
Direct and machines.	73.319	(Rupees 373,116	48.035	2,176
Plant and machinery Transmission and distribution network	13,794,354	327,836	134,170	123,444
Others	240,415	3,247	24	3,121
•	14,108,088	704,199	182,229	128,741

4.1.1 The above disposal represents assets costing Rs. 751 million (September 30, 2021: Rs. 720 million) which were disposed off for Rs. 361 million (September 30, 2021: Rs. 1,003 million).

## 4.2 Details about CWIP are as follows:

	Plant and machinery	Transmission grid equiment / lines	Distribution network / renewals of mains and services /Runges i	Others	September 30, 2022 (Un-Audited)	June 30, 2022 (Audited)
Opening balance at the beginning		• •.	(http://doi.org/			
of period / year	87,960,284	27,774,043	30,069,697	5,870,613	151,674,637	125,881,045
Additions / inter-class transfers during the period (note 4.2.1)	6,296,024	2,129,986	2,888,779	267,756	11,582;545	62,788,089
	94,256,308	29,904,029	32,958,476	6,138,369	163,257,182	188,667,134
Transfers to operating fixed assets and intangible assets / adjustment (note 4.2.2) Closing balance at the end	(73,330)	-	(14,331,292)	-	(14,404,622)	(36,992,497)
of period / year	94, 182, 978	29,904,029	18,627,184	6,138,369	148,852,560	151,674,637

4.2.1 These include borrowing cost capitalised during the period amounting to Rs. 5,394 million (September 30, 2021: Rs.1,283 million).

4.2.2 These include certain assets written off during the period amounting to Rs. 195 million (September 30, 2021: Rs. Nil).

		:			
				(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		:		September 30,	June 30,
				2022	2022
5,	INVENTORIES		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	High speed diesel	(HSD)		1,060,616	796,320
	Furnace oil			4,120,959	3,233,726
		•		5,181,575	4,030,046
	Stores, spare parts	s and loose tools		15,324,746	14,407,061
				20,506,321	18,437,107
		slow moving and obsolete			
	stores, spare pa	rts and loose tools	5.1	(1,425,952)	(1,331,831)
				19,080,369	17,105,276
5.1		slow moving and obsolete arts and loose tools			
	Opening balance			1,331,831	1,113,368
		ed during the period - net		94,121	218,463
	T TOMOIOTI SODOGI SO			1,425,952	1,331,831
				(1 in Andited)	(Audited)
		:	Note	<u>(Un-Audited)</u> September 30,	June 30.
			Note	2022	2022
6.	TRADE DEBTS	:		(Rupees	
	Considered good				
	Secured - adainst	deposits from consumers		6,647,905	5,745,925
	Unsecured			99,498,913	131,217,183
	0110000100	÷	6.1	106,146,818	136,963,108
	Considered doub	tful		106,714,215	100,619,034
				212,861,033	237,582,142
	Provision for impa	irment against debts			
	considered dout		6.2	(106,714,215)	(100,619,034)
		· :		106,146,818	136,963,108
				<u></u>	
	<b>•</b> .				
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6.1 These balances do not include any Late Päyment Surcharge (LPS) on receivables from public sector consumers, as fully explained in note 11.1.1 to these consolidated condensed interim financial statements, on the contention that due to the circular debt situation, the LPS should only be received by KE from its public sector consumers, if any surcharge is levied on KE on account of delayed payments of its public sector liabilities.

As at September 30, 2022, receivable from government and autonomous bodies amounting to Rs. 48,089 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 48,309 million) includes unrecognised LPS of Rs. 8,598 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 9,571 million); which includes receivable from Karachi Water and Sewerage Board (KW&SB) amounting to Rs. 33,867 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 5,241 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 32,848 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 5,076 million) and receivable from City District Government Karachi (CDGK) amounting to Rs. 6,228 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 6,71 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 6,71 million) and receivable from City District Government Karachi (CDGK) amounting to Rs. 6,228 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 7,926 million).

Upto September 30, 2022, adjustment orders amounting to Rs. 12,434 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 12,434 million) have been received from the Government of Sindh (GoS) whereby KE's liability on account of electricity duty has been adjusted against the KW&SB dues.

6.2 Ministry of Energy (Power Division) issued a corrigendum dated January 22, 2020, whereby, in accordance with GoP's uniform tariff policy, KE was directed to restrict the benefit of Industrial Support Package (ISPA) of Rs. 3/kWh to peak hours only. Thus, ISPA relief of Rs. 3/kWh already passed to industrial consumers on normal consumption and off-peak hours for the period July 2019 to December 2019 was withdrawn and accordingly ISPA arrears were billed to industrial consumers in their monthly bills of April 2020.

The industrial consumers challenged the corrigendum before the Honorable High Court of Sindh (HCS). The HCS in its order dated September 28, 2020 directed KE to charge determined tariff as per SRO 575(I)/2019 dated May 22, 2019 instead of applying corrigendum. Being aggrieved, KE challenged the HCS order before Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP), wherein, the SCP through in its interim order dated November 27, 2020, suspended the order of HCS and allowed prospective implementation of corrigendum dated January 22, 2020, Further, vide order received in September 2022, the Court has listed the Appeals for rehearing. Accordingly, the Appeals will be reheard and decided on merits.

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			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		Note	September 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
6.3	Provision for impairment		(Rupees i	in '000)
	Opening balance		100,619,034	97,746,537
	Provision recognised during the period / year		7,895,935	19,332,532
			108,514,969	117,079,069
	Write-off against provision during the period / year		(1,800,754)	(16,460,035)
			106,714,215	100,619,034
7.	OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Due from the Government of Pakistan (GoP) and Government of Balochistan (GoB) - net:			
	- Tariff adjustment		414,349,367	355,338,042
	- Sales tax - net		19,409,291	19,062,320
	- Interest receivable from GoP on demand finance liabilities		237,173	237,173
	- Others		6,082,542	5,864,080
		7.1	410,078,373	380,501,615
	Others		272,681	211,164
			440,351,054	380,712,779
	Provision for impairment		(5,514,730)	(5,514,731)
			434,836,324	375,198,048

- 7.1 This includes Rs. 53,540 million recorded as claims for write off of trade debts. The claims submitted by KE for the years ended June 30, 2017, June 30, 2018, June 30, 2019, June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 aggregating to Rs. 37,148 million have been pending for determination by NEPRA for which NEPRA through its letters dated December 31, 2019, March 10, 2021, March 30, 2022 and June 8, 2022 stated that further deliberation is required in respect of the above-mentioned claims before these can be allowed as an adjustment in tariff. Further, claim amounting to Rs. 14,489 million pertaining to year ended June 30, 2022 has been submitted which is also pending for determination by NEPRA.
- 7.2 There is no significant change in the status of the other matters detailed in notes 15.1 to the annual consolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

		(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		September 30,	June 30,
		2022	2022
8.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	(Rupees	in '000)
	Trade creditors	<i></i>	
	Power purchases	345,551,017	306,689,269
	Fuel and gas	59,931,831	49,490,805
	Others	19,667,987	22,891,168
		425,150,835	379,071,242
	Accrued expenses	6,042,746	5,658,538
	Contract liabilities		
	Energy	1,338,305	1,375,167
	Others	3,286,806	3,796,116
	:	4,625,111	5,171,283
	Other liabilities	52,004,874	49,422,738
		487,823,566	439,323,801
	1		

#### 9. TAXATION - NET

There is no significant change in the status of the tax related contingencies as disclosed in note 43.1 to the annual consolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

10.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS	Note	<u>(Un-Audited)</u> September 30, 2022 (Rupees i	(Audited) June 30, 2022 in '000)
	Secured: From banking companies:		**	
	Bills payable Short-term running finances	10.1 10.1	34,168,490 48,154,235 82,322,725	34,813,883 44,721,569 79,535,452
	From others: Privately placed sukuks	10.2	25,000,000	28,000,000
			107,322,725	107,535,452

- 10.1 Details about these facilities have been stated in note 30 to the annual consolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 10.2 These represent five distinct privately placed and unsecured Sukuk certificates of 6 months' tenor amounting to Rs. 25 billion (issue size) in aggregate maturing from October 13, 2022 to March 21, 2023. These carry profit at 6 month KIBOR + 0.95% to 1.40% per annum.

#### 11. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 11.1 Contingencies

11.1.1 Mark-up on overdue balances with National Transmission and Dispatch Company (NTDC) / Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA), a major government owned power supplier, has not been accrued in these consolidated financial statements. With effect from June 2015, CPPA has assumed the central power purchase division of NTDC along with the related assets, rights and liabilities of NTDC, including alleged receivables from KE. KE is of the view that in accordance with the mechanism defined in the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) dated January 26, 2010 with NTDC, NTDC's dues are to be settled by the Ministry of Finance (MoF) through payment of KE's tariff differential claims directly to NTDC. Up to September 30, 2022, the MoF has released KE's tariff differential claims aggregating Rs. 472,850 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 465,891 million) directly to NTDC / CPPA. Additionally, KE has also directly paid Rs. 67,167 million up to September 30, 2022 (June 30, 2022; Rs. 67,167 million) to NTDC / CPPA on account of its outstanding dues on an agreed mechanism. The PPA with NTDC has expired on January 25, 2015. However, the supply of electricity of 650 Megawatts (MW) continues in line with the High Court of Sindh's order dated February 6, 2014. Moreover, in accordance with Cabinet Committee on Energy (CCoE)'s decision dated August 27, 2020 and subsequent to completion of rehabilitation work, the overall interconnection capacity has been enhanced to 1,400 MW and the supply of electricity from NTDC / CPPA has been increased to 1,100 MW in order to meet additional demand and has been billed in line with the terms of PPA.

On June 22, 2018, NTDC / CPPA filed a suit in the District Court of Islamabad for recovery of Rs. 83,990 million up to May 2018, comprising of principal amounting to Rs. 66,347 million and mark-up thereon amounting to Rs. 17,643 million, which is pending adjudication to date. Within the alleged claims filed by NTDC / CPPA in the aforementioned suit, release of tariff differential claims amounting to Rs. 15,021 million was unilaterally adjusted by NTDC / CPPA against the disputed mark-up claim. This was subsequently corrected by NTDC / CPPA and adjusted against the principal balance (resulting in decrease in principal amount with corresponding increase in mark-up), as confirmed from invoices and correspondence received afterwards. NTDC / CPPA's mark-up claim up to September 30, 2022 amounts to Rs. 121,325 million (June 30, 2022; Rs, 113,720 million) which is on the premise that while the outstanding amounts were to be adjusted against tariff differential claims, KE is eventually responsible for payments of all outstanding amounts, including mark-up. However, KE has not acknowledged the disputed mark-up claimed by NTDC / CPPA as debt, as KE is of the view that the disputed mark-up claims would not have arisen in case tariff differential claims payments, including payments related to claims of unrecovered cost due to 4% capping and gas load management plan were released to NTDC / CPPA by the MoF on behalf of KE on timely basis.

In addition to above, the mark-up claimed by Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGC) through its monthly involces upto September 30, 2022 aggregates to Rs. 133,624 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 129,505 million), which has not been accrued by KE. In view of KE, the unilateral reduction of gas by SSGC in year 2009-10, in violation of the ECC allocation and Head of Term Agreement dated July 31, 2009, led to increased consumption of furnace oil, which coupled with non-payment by government entities, as more fully explained in ensuing paragraphs, significantly affected KE's liquidity and hence the mark-up claim is not tenable.

In the year ended June 30, 2013, SSGC filed a suit against KE, in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of unpaid gas consumption charges and interest thereon and the damages amounting to Rs: 45,705 million and Rs. 10,000 million, respectively. KE also filed a suit, against SSGC in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of damages / losses of Rs. 59,600 million resulting from SSGC's failure to comply with its legal obligation to supply the allocated and committed quantity of 276 MMCED of natural gas to KE. On October 7, 2019, the Court vacated a stay order dated December 3, 2012 granted in favour of SSGC which restrained KE from selling its immovable properties. Subsequently, SSGC had filed an appeal bearing HCA No. 353/2019 before the High Court of Sindh which is pending. Both these suits and HCA is pending adjudication to date. KE has also initiate contempt proceedings against MD SSGC for violation of order dated June 13, 2018 in Suit No. 4615 of 2018 which is pending before the Sindh High Court:

Further, KE entered into a payment plan with SSGC in the year 2014 and subsequently renewed the plan in years 2015 and 2016, which provided for a mechanism for payment of principal arrears by KE on supply of adequate gas by SSGC. The dispute of mark-up claim has also been mentioned in the payment plan. KE's management is of the view that the principal payments made by KE to SSGC have been unilaterally adjusted by SSGC against SSGC's disputed mark-up claim, which is in violation of the payment plan which clearly mentions that the payments are to be adjusted against outstanding principal balances and hence any adjustment against the mark-up by SSGC in KE's view is not tenable.

KE had filed an application CMA No. 12178/2018 in pending Suit No. 1263/2011 (Suit filed by KW&SB) before the High Court of Sindh for payment of outstanding liability of approximately Rs. 27.5 billion by the Government of Sindh. After hearing the parties, the Court vide order dated November 18, 2021 allowed the application in favour of KE whereby, the Government of Sindh has been directed to pay the outstanding liability of KW&SB amounting to Rs. 27.5 billion to KE and accordingly submit a payment plan.

During the period, KE's already stretched working capital position was further strained mainly due to the significant increase in fuel prices and accumulation of balance of tariff differential claims. Further, SSGC is not supplying the minimum required quantity of indigenous gas as per the CCOE decision dated April 23, 2018 and directions of Honorable HCS dated April 17, 2018, resulting in higher fuel costs for KE in the form of RLNG. As a result, all the working capital lines of KE have been exhausted. KE had informed Ministry of Energy (Power Division) and other relevant authorities about the information and had requested for immediate steps for cash release of Tariff Differential Subsidy (TDS) to ease out the working capital, which has not been made to date and consequentially KE had to delay the current payments of SSGC bills for RLNG. SSGC, in response, has claimed markup on the delayed payments of RLNG which aggregates to Rs. 1,927 million upto September 30, 2022 (Jule 30, 2022; Rs. 309 million) which has not been accrued by KE on the grounds that the delay in payment is due to delay in receipt from public sector entities, and on the net principal basis KE is in a net receivable position. KE remains in continuous engagement with the Ministry of Energy (Power Division) requesting them to expedite the process of release of pending TDS to ease out working capital position and payment to fuel suppliers.

KE's management believes that overdue amounts have only arisen due to circular debt situation caused by delayed settlement of tariff differential claims by the Ministry of Finance (GOP) as well as delayed settlement of KE's energy dues by certain public sector consumers (e.g. KW&SB). This contention of KE's management is also supported by the legal advices that it has obtained. Hence, mark-up / financial charges on outstanding liabilities due to government-controlled entities will be payable by KE only when it will receive mark-up on outstanding receivable balances on account of tariff differential claims and energy dues of KE's public sector consumers. Accordingly, discussions around finalization of Terms of Reference (ToRs) to resolve historic disputes via arbitration involving relevant parties are ongoing, along with implementation of a mechanism to prevent such disputes arising in the future. The ToRs for arbitration have been materially agreed between the parties and will be executed post approval of the Cabinet and Board of Directors of respective entities. KE remains in continuous engagement with relevant stakeholders and seeks a fair and equitable resolution to the issue in accordance with the law. Without prejudice to the aforementioned position of KE and solely on the basis of abundance caution, a provision amounting to Rs. 5,269 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 5,269 million) is being maintained by KE in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements on account of mark-up on delayed payment.

11.1.2 There has been no significant change in the status of contingencies as disclosed in notes 33.1.2 to 33.1.6 of the annual consolidated financial statement of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### 11.2 Claims not acknowledged as debts

12.

11.2.1 Claims not acknowledged as debts as disclosed in notes 32.2 to the annual consolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022 remained unchanged.

		(Un-Audited) September 30, 2022 (Rupees	(Audited) June 30, 2022 in '000)
11.3	Commitments		
11.3.1	Guarantees from banks	~~6,266,959	6,134,039
11.3.2	Transmission projects	26,277,388 _	26,128,344
11.3.3	BQPS III 900 MW combined cycle power plant & associated transmission project.	23,020,081	21,068,317
11.3.4	Outstanding letters of credit	9,314,949	10,305,045
11.3.5	Dividend on preference shares	1,119.453	1,119,453

KE has not recorded any dividend on redeemable preference shares in view of certain restrictions on dividend placed under loan covenants by certain local and foreign lenders.

11.3.6 Commitments for rentals under ligrah facilities obtained from Islamic banks in respects of vehicles are as follows:

	· · · ·	(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		September 30,	June 30,
		2022	2022
		(Rupee:	s in '000)
	- Not later than one year	<u>465,418</u>	425,062
	- Later than one year and not later	r than five years727,037	638,515
	These facilities have a tenure of 3	to 5 years. These are secured against promissory notes.	
		Un-At	udited)
		Note September 30,	September 30,
		2022	2021
	:	(Rupee	; in '000)
•	SALE OF ENERGY - NET		
	Gross revenue	<b>12.1</b> 123,988,642	107,874,159
	Sales tax	(26,562,024)	(15,901,869)
	Other taxes	(8,812,903)	(5,018,739)
	Net revenue	12.2 88,613,715	86,953,551

12.1 Gross revenue is net-off an amount of Rs. 1,705 million (September 30, 2021; Rs. 788 million) representing invoices raised during the period for energy consumed, however, these invoices are considered non-recoverable.

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				(Un-Audited)	
		:	Note	September 30,	September 30,
				2022	2021
				(Rupees	s in '000)
12.2	Net Revenue				
	Residential	:	12.2.1	47,011,895	36,298,204
	Commercial		12.2.1	18,323,888	13,710,389
	Industrial		12.2.1	38,952,273	28,491,064
	Fuel surcharge a	djustment	12.2.2	(16,081,096)	8,102,869
	Others	· · · ·		356,853	318,796
		1		88,563,813	86,921,322

12.2.1 The above includes net cycle day impact amounting to Rs. 5,522 million (Septeber 30, 2021: reduction in revenue by Rs. 869 million).

**12.2.2** This represents monthly fuel surcharge adjustment as per mechanism provided in the MYT decision. The said amount has been *I* will be charged to the consumers in accordance with NEPRA's determinations.

			(Un-A)	udited)
			September 30, 2022	September 30. 2021
			(Rupees	s in '000)
13.	TARIFF ADJUSTMENT	13.1 & 13.2	65,970,240	27,218,168

13.1 This represents tariff differential subsidy claim for variation in fuel prices, cost of power purchases, operation and maintenance cost, being adjustments required as per NEPRA's MYT decision and those resulting in adjustment of tariff due from Government.

<sup>13.2</sup> Includes Rs. 1,903 million comprising dues of 24,123 consumers (September 30, 2021: Rs 571 million comprising dues of 2,366 consumers) recognized during the three months period ended September 30, 2022 against actual write-off of bad debts under the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018 for the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2023.

Note     September 30, 2021 2021     September 30, 2021 2021       14.     PURCHÁSE OF ELECTRICITY     (Rupees in '000)     -       14.     PURCHÁSE OF ELECTRICITY     39.651.897     29.080.602       16.     Consumption     39.651.897     29.080.602       17.     Consumption OF FUEL AND OIL     39.651.897     29.080.602       18.     CASHAND CASH EQUIVALENTS     39.651.897     29.080.602       19.     CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL     39.651.897     29.080.602       19.     CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL     39.057.833     15.002.825       10.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     40.35,413     1.38.84915     15.002.825       10.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     127.004     1.100,457     1.600,295       10.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     127.004     1.212,004     1.212,004       10.     Others     2.270,050     1.422,791     1.409,457       11.     Planters for: 1.007 letrem borrowings     2.270,050     1.422,791     1.000       10.     Others     2.270,050     1.422,791     1.000,422,402,41     1.428,				(Un-Audited)		
Image: Second			Note	•		
14.   PURCHASE OF ELECTRICITY     2entral Power Purchasing Agency (Courantee) Limited (CPPA) / NTDC Independent Power Producers (IPPs) / other power purchase sources   39,661,897   29,080,602     21,182,103   13,648,851     Karachi Nuclear Power Plant (KANUPP)   -   852,135     60,044,000   43,581,488     15.   CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL   -     Natural gas / RLNG   34,004,379   30,957,633     Furnace and other fuel / oil   43,354,915   15,622,823     High speed dissel (HSD)   1,140,457   1,062,295     T6.   OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES   -   127,004     Exchange loss - net   4,035,413   1,388,861   -   127,004     Donations   16,112   18,485   -   127,004     Others   39,71   1,411   243,276   33,105,605     17.   FINANCE COST   2,270,050   1,422,790   2,422,604   2,402,841     Lale payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors   112,997   1,000   2,43,924   290,055     17.   FINANCE COST   128,997   1,402,221   148,222   149,222   149,4372						
Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantea) Limited (CPPA) / NTDC Independent Power Producers (IPPA) / other power purchase sources     39,651,897     29,060,502       Karachi Nuclear Power Producers (IPPA) / NTDC Independent Power Plant (KANUPP)     39,651,897     29,060,502       13,648,851     60,844,000     43,581,489       15.     CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL     80,041,379     30,957,833       Natural gas / RLNG Furnace and other fuel / oil     43,384,915     15,502,923       High speed diesel (HSD)     1,140,467     1,050,295       78,529,751     47,610,951     21,000       Workers' profils participation fund. Netrest on consumer deposits     16,112     18,519       Donations     16,112     18,20,205     1,422,79       Agazo,42,76     83,006     4,289,772     1,809,605       17.     FINANCE COST     2,270,050     1,422,790     1,009,505       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     13,283,002     4,035,724     1,230,202     4,75,748       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     1,322,302     4,75,748     2,818,810       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     5,203,718     2,818,810     2,818,810				(Rupees i	n '000)	
Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA) / NTDC     305001.001     20.0001.001       Independent Power Producers (IPPs) / other power purchase sources     21,182,103     13,648,851       Karachi Nuclear Power Plant (KANUPP)     60,844,000     43,581,485       50     60,844,000     43,581,485       15.     CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL     60,844,000     43,581,485       15.     CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL     43,384,915     15,502,823       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     1,140,457     1,050,295       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     24,085,413     1,368,861       Workere' profils participation fund     -     21,005     -     21,005       Interest on consumer deposits     -     1,014,0457     1,050,295     -     21,0065       10.     Others     3,971     1,411     1,8519     -     21,005     1,422,710     -     21,005     1,422,710     -     21,005     1,422,710     -     2,270,050     1,422,710     -     2,270,050     1,422,710     -     2,402,841     -     2,402,841     -     2,402,841     -	14.	PURCHASE OF ELECTRICITY				
Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA) / M10C     21,182,103     13,648,85       Independent Power Producers ((PPA) / M10C     -     852,135       Karachi Nuclear Power Plant (KANUPP)     -     852,135       15.     CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL     -     -       Natural gas / RLNG     34,004,379     30,357,833       Furnace and other fuel / oil     43,384,915     15,602,823       High speed diesel (HSD)     1,140,457     1,050,295       78,529,751     47,610,991     -     21,682,000       Jonations     -     21,060,5     -     21,060,5       Vorkers' profils participation fund     -     21,060,5     -     127,00,40       Jonations     16,112     18,819     -     1,41,11     18,819       Others     3,971     1,411     18,819     -     1,411     18,819       Others     2,270,050     1,422,790     -     1,422,790     -     1,422,790     1,422,790     -     1,422,790     -     1,422,790     1,422,790     -     1,422,790     -     1,422,790     -				39,651,897	29,080,502	
Bits     CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL       Natural gas / RLNG     34,004,379     30,957,833       Fumace and other fuel / oil     43,384,915     15,602,823       High speed diesel (HSD)     1,140,457     1,160,457       T6.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     78,529,751     47,510,951       Exchange loss - net     4,035,413     1,368,861     -     210,005       Notrest 'profits participation fund     -     210,005     -     122,004       Donations     16,112     18,819     -     145,119       Others     3,971     1,411     1,45,119     -     210,005       T0     FINANCE COST     4,228,772     1,600,565     -     122,709     1,422,790       - Short-term borrowings     2,249,972     1,600,565     -     -     112,997     1,000       - Short-term borrowings     2,270,050     1,422,790     1,422,790     1,002       - Short-term borrowings     5,692     4,102     4,037,244     1,002       - Short-term borrowings     5,692     1,02     1,022     1,043,72				21,182,103	13,648,851	
15.     CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL       Natural gas / RLNG Furnace and other fuel / oil High speed diesel (HSD)     34,004,379 (47,510,052,255 (1,140,467)     30,857,833 (4,02,252)       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     78,529,751     47,610,951       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     4,035,413     1,368,861 (-     210,005       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     4,035,413     1,368,861 (-     210,005       17.     FINANCE COST     3,971     1,411 (3,977)     1,411 (3,98,964)     224,276       17.     FINANCE COST     2,242,76     33,005     4,820,044     2,402,641       Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     112,997     1,000       2.41,227     2,989,053     1,322,302     475,744       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,323,02     475,744       12,997     1,000     5,692     1,102       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     1,328,302     475,744       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       Letters of credit discounting charges		Karachi Nuclear Power Plant (KANUPP)		-	852,135	
Natural gas / RLNG     34,004,379     30,957,833       Furnace and other fuel / oil     4,3,34,915     15,602,823       High speed diesel (HSD)     1,140,457     1,050,295       78,529,751     47,610,951       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES       Exchange loss - net     4,035,413     1,368,861       Workers' profits participation fund.     210,605     -       Interest on consumer deposits     -     127,004       Donations     3,971     1,411       Listing fee     3,971     1,412       Others     234,276     83,105       4,289,772     1,808,605     -       T.     Financing     2,270,050     1,422,790       - Short-term binancing     2,270,050     1,422,790       - Short-term biorrowings     2,549,904     980,0051       - Add these flabilities     112,997     1,000       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     1148,222     104,372       Finance cost on lease flabilities     1,328,302     475,744       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302				60,844,000	43,581,488	
Natural gas / RLNG Furnace and other fuel / oil     34,004.379     30,957,833       Furnace and other fuel / oil     4,334,915     15,602,823       High speed diesel (HSD)     1,140,457     1,050,295       78,529,751     47,610,951       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES       Exchange loss - net Workers' profits participation fund. Interest on consumer deposits     4,035,413     1,368,861       Jonations     16,112     18,519       Listing fee     3,971     1,411       Others     234,276     83,105       4,035,413     1,368,861     -       Undersity of the consumer deposits     -     127,004       Donations     3,971     1,411     18,519       Listing fee     3,971     1,411     14,11       Others     2,270,050     1,422,790       - Short-term borrowings     2,549,994     980,0051       - Short-term borrowings     2,549,994     980,0051       - Short-term borrowings     112,997     1,000       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     1,328,302     475,744 <td< td=""><td></td><td><u>i.</u></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		<u>i.</u>				
Furnace and other fuel / oil   43,384,915   15,602,823     High speed diesel (HSD)   1,140,457   1,050,255     78,529,751   47,610,951     16.   OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     Exchange loss - net Workers' profils participation fund Donations   4,035,413   1,388,865     Listing fee   210,605     Others   1,6,112   18,519     17.   FINANCE COST   3,971   1,411     Mark-up / interest on: - Long term financing - Short-term borrowings   2,270,050   1,422,790     - Short-term borrowings   2,549,994   980,051     4,820,044   2,402,841   1,2997   1,000     Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges   148,222   104,372     Finance cost on italistities   5,692   4,102     Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors   112,997   1,000     Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,058   13,238,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,058   2,988,058   2,988,058     18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   5,203,71	15.					
Furnace and other fuel / oil   43,34,915   15,602,823     High speed diesel (HSD)   1,140,457   1,050,295     78,529,751   47,610,957     16.   OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     Exchange loss - net Workers' profits participation fund Interest on consumer deposits   -   210,605     Interest on consumer deposits   -   127,004     Donations   16,112   18,519     Listing fee   3,971   1,411     Others   234,276   83,105     17.   FINANCE COST   -   12,907     Mark-up / interest on: - Long term financing - Short-term borrowings   2,270,050   1,422,790     - Short-term borrowings   2,549,994   980,051     Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors   112,997   1,000     Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges   1,328,302   475,744     Laters of credit discounting charges   5,692   4,102     Listing thance cost on lease listilities   5,692   4,102     Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,059   2,988,059     18. <td< td=""><td></td><td>Natural gas / RLNG</td><td></td><td>34,004,379</td><td>30,957,833</td></td<>		Natural gas / RLNG		34,004,379	30,957,833	
78,529,751     47,610,951       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES       Exchange loss - net Workers' profits participation fund. Interest on consumer deposits     1,368,861       Donations     210,005       Listing fee     3,971       Others     234,276       Mark-up / interest on: - Long term financing - Short-term borrowings     2,270,050       17.     FINANCE COST       Mark-up / interest on: - Long term financing - Short-term borrowings     2,270,050     1,422,790       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     148,222     104,372       Bark charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     148,222     104,372       Finance cost on lease liabilities     5,692     4,102       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     5,203,718     2,816,819       Short-term running finances     10     (48,154,235)     (37,182,404)				43,384,915	15,602,823	
78,529,751     47,610,991       16.     OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES     4,035,413     1,368,861       Exchange loss - net Workers' profils participation fund Interest on consumer deposits     -     210,605       Donations     16,112     18,519     -       Donations     16,112     18,519     -       Donations     16,112     18,519     -       Disting fee     3,971     1,411       Others     234,276     83,105       4,289,772     1,809,505     -       17.     FINANCE COST     -     2,270,050     1,422,790       Short-term borrowings     2,549,994     980,051     -     -       - Short-term borrowings     112,997     1,000     -     -       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     148,222     104,372     -       - Finance cost on lease liabilities     5,692     4,102     -     -       Letiers of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744     -     -       - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     -     2,980,059 <td< td=""><td></td><td>High speed diesel (HSD)</td><td></td><td>1,140,457</td><td>1,050,295</td></td<>		High speed diesel (HSD)		1,140,457	1,050,295	
Exchange loss - net     4,035,413     1,368,861       Workers' profits participation fund     -     210,605       Interest on consumer deposits     -     127,004       Donations     16,112     18,519       Listing fee     3,971     1,411       Others     234,276     63,105       4,289,772     1,809,505       17.     FINANCE COST     -       Mark-up / interest on:     -     2,549,994       - Short-term borrowings     2,549,994     980,051       - Short-term borrowings     4,820,044     2,402,841       Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors     112,997     1,000       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee     -     1,328,302     475,744       etters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744     6,415,257     2,988,053       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     5,203,718     2,816,810     5,203,718     2,816,810       Short-term running finances     10     (48,154,235)     (37,182,404)     -				78,529,751	47,610,951	
Exchange loss - net     4,035,413     1,368,861       Workers' profits participation fund     -     210,605       Interest on consumer deposits     -     127,004       Donations     16,112     18,519       Listing fee     3,971     1,411       Others     234,276     63,105       4,289,772     1,809,505       17.     FINANCE COST     -       Mark-up / interest on:     -     2,549,994       - Short-term borrowings     2,549,994     980,051       - Short-term borrowings     4,820,044     2,402,841       Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors     112,997     1,000       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee     -     1,328,302     475,744       etters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744     6,415,257     2,988,053       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     5,203,718     2,816,810     5,203,718     2,816,810       Short-term running finances     10     (48,154,235)     (37,182,404)     -		*.				
Workers' profits participation fund.     210,605       Interest on consumer deposits     127,004       Donations     3,971     1,411       Others     3,971     1,411       Others     234,276     83,105       4,289,772     1,809,505     4,289,772     1,809,505       17.     FINANCE COST     2,270,050     1,422,790       Mark-up / interest on:     2,549,994     960,051     4,820,044     2,402,841       Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors     112,997     1,000     88,620,044     2,402,841       Late payment surcharge on delayed payment for creditors     112,997     1,000     1,022       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     1,328,302     475,744       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       6,415,257     2,988,059     6,415,257     2,988,059       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     5,203,718     2,816,810       Short-term running finances     10     (48,154,235)     (37,182,404)	16.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES				
Workers' profits participation fund.     -     219,605       Interest on consumer deposits     127,004       Donations     3,971     1,411       Others     3,971     1,411       Others     234,276     83,105       4,289,772     1,809,505     4,289,772     1,809,505       17.     FINANCE COST     -     2,270,050     1,422,790       Mark-up / interest on:     -     2,270,050     1,422,790       - Short-term financing     2,270,050     1,422,799     980,051       - Short-term borrowings     2,549,994     980,051     4,820,044     2,402,841       Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors     112,997     1,000     1,020       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee     -     148,222     104,372       - and other service charges     5,692     4,102     -       - Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       - Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       - Letters of credit discounting charges     5,203,718     2,816,819       Sho		Exchange loss - net		4,035,413		
Donations     16,112     18,519       Listing fee     3,971     1,411       Others     234,276     83,105       4,289,772     1,809,505       17.     FINANCE COST     2,270,050     1,422,790       - Long term financing     2,549,994     980,051     4,820,044     2,402,841       Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors     112,997     1,000       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee     112,997     1,000       and other service charges     148,222     104,372       Finance cost on lease liabilities     5,692     4,102       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       6,415,257     2,938,053     3       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     5,203,718     2.816,810       Short-term running finances     10     (48,154,235)     (37,182,404)				-		
Listing fee     3.971     1.411       Others     234,276     83,105       4.289,772     1.809,505       17.     FINANCE COST       Mark-up / interest on: - Long term financing - Short-term borrowings     2,270,050     1,422,790       - Short-term borrowings     2,549,994     980,051       4,820,044     2,402,841       Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors     112,997     1,000       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     148,222     104,372       Finance cost on lease flabilities     5,692     4,102       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       6,415,257     2,988,059     1       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     5,203,718     2,816,810       Short-term running finances     10     (48,154,235)     (37,182,404)		Interest on consumer deposits		-		
Zithing Hol Others     Z34,276     S3,105       17.     FINANCE COST     4,289,772     1,809,505       17.     FINANCE COST     2,270,050     1,422,790       - Long term financing     2,270,050     1,422,790       - Short-term borrowings     2,549,994     980,051       - Short-term borrowings     2,649,994     980,051       - Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors     112,997     1,000       Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges     148,222     104,372       Finance cost on lease liabilities     5,692     4,102       Letters of credit discounting charges     1,328,302     475,744       6,415,257     2,988,053     13.02       18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     5,203,718     2,816,810       Short-term running finances     10     (48,154,235)     (37,182,404)						
4,289,772   1,809,505     17.   FINANCE COST     Mark-up / interest on: - Long term financing - Short-term borrowings   2,270,050   1,422,790     2,549,994   980,051   4,820,044   2,402,841     Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges   112,997   1,000     Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges   148,222   104,372     Finance cost on lease liabilities   5,692   4,102     Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,059   18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     Cash and bank balances Short-term running finances   5,203,718   2,816,810     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)		-				
17.   FINANCE COST     Mark-up / interest on:   -     - Long term financing   2,270,050     - Short-term borrowings   2,549,994     - Short-term borrowings   2,549,994     - Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors   112,997     Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee   112,997     and other service charges   148,222     Finance cost on lease liabilities   5,692     Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302     475,744   -4,15,257     2,988,059   18.     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   5,203,718   2,816,810     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)		Others			the second se	
Mark-up / interest on:   2,270,050   1,422,790     - Long term financing   2,549,994   980,051     - Short-term borrowings   2,549,994   980,051     - Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors   112,997   1,000     Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee   148,222   104,372     and other service charges   148,222   104,372     Finance cost on lease liabilities   5,692   4,102     Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,059   2,988,059     18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   5,203,718   2,816,81D     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)				4,289,772	1,809,909	
- Long term financing   2,270,050   1,422,790.     - Short-term borrowings   2,549,994   980,051     - Short-term borrowings   4,820,044   2,402,841     Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors   112,997   1,000     Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee   148,222   104,372     and other service charges   5,692   4,102     Finance cost on lease Itabilities   5,692   4,102     Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,059   18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     Cash and bank balances   5,203,718   2,816,810     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)	17.	FINANCE COST				
- Long term financing   2,270,050   1,422,790     - Short-term borrowings   2,549,994   980,051     - Short-term borrowings   4,820,044   2,402,841     Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors   112,997   1,000     Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee   148,222   104,372     and other service charges   5,692   4,102     Finance cost on lease ltabilities   5,692   4,102     Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,059   18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     Cash and bank balances   5,203,718   2,816,810     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)		Mark un Lintérant en				
- Short-term borrowings - Short-term borrowings Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges Finance cost on lease liabilities Letters of credit discounting charges 18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Short-term running finances 10 10 2,549,994 2,549,994 2,549,994 2,549,994 2,641 2,402,841 112,997 1,000 112,997 1,000 112,997 1,000 112,997 1,000 112,997 1,000 112,997 1,000 112,997 1,000 148,222 104,372 5,692 4,102 1,328,302 475,744 6,415,257 2,988,059 10 (37,182,404)				2.270.050	1,422,790	
Add 2,402,841Late payment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors112,997Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee148,222and other service charges148,222Finance cost on lease liabilities5,692Letters of credit discounting charges1,328,3024,820,0442,402,841148,222104,372Finance cost on lease liabilities5,692Letters of credit discounting charges1,328,30218.CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTSCash and bank balances5,203,718Short-term running finances1010(48,154,235)10(37,182,404)		•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges Finance cost on lease liabilities Letters of credit discounting charges 18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Short-term running finances Short-term running finances 10 (48,154,235) (37,182,404)		- Onoi Arenii pari owingo				
Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment fee and other service charges Finance cost on lease liabilities Letters of credit discounting charges 138. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Short-term running finances Short-term running finances 10 (48,154,235) (37,182,404)		l ate navment surcharge on delayed payment to creditors		112,997	1,000	
and other service charges   148,222   104,372     Finance cost on lease liabilities   5,692   4,102     Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,059     18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     Cash and bank balances   5,203,718   2,816,810     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)					. Y	
Finance cost on lease liabilities   5,692   4,102     Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,059     18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     Cash and bank balances   5,203,718   2,816,810     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)		· · · ·		148,222	104,372	
Letters of credit discounting charges   1,328,302   475,744     6,415,257   2,988,059     18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     Cash and bank balances   5,203,718   2,816,810     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)					4,102	
18.   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS     Cash and bank balances   5,203,718   2,816,810     Short-term running finances   10   (48,154,235)   (37,182,404)				1,328,302	475,744	
Cash and bank balances5,203,7182,816,810Short-term running finances10(48,154,235)(37,182,404)				6,415,257	2,988,059	
Cash and bank balances5,203,7182,816,810Short-term running finances10(48,154,235)(37,182,404)	40					
Short-term running finances 10 (48,154,235) (37,182,404)	18.					
Short-term running finances 10 (48,154,235) (37,182,404)		Cash and bank balances		5,203,718	2,816,810	
			10	(48,154,235)		
		-		(42,950,517)	(34,365,594)	

#### 19. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Group comprise of associated companies, state-controlled entities, staff retirement benefit plans and the KE's directors and key management personnel. Details of significant transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements are as follows:

#### **Government related entities** 19.1

KE has availed the exemption available to it under its reporting framework, and therefore has not provided detailed disclosures of its transactions with government related / state-owned entities except for transactions included below, which KE considers to be significant:

			(Un-Ai	udited)
			September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021 in '000)
	CPPA / NTDC	Power purchases	39,661,897	29,080,502
	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	Purchase of furnace oit / HSD & other lubricants	16,809,243	15,969,245
	Sui Southern Gas Company Limited	Purchase of gas	27,037,665	30,957,833
	Pakistan LNG Limited	Purchase of gas	6,966,714	
19.2	Hascol Petroleum Limited (note 19.6)	Purchase of furnace oil		1,942,418
19.3	Key management personnel	Managerial remuneration	185,331	154,475
		Other allowances and benefits	40,922	37,382
	· · · ·	Retirement benefits	48,184	22,353
		Leave encashment	1,706	555
19.4	Provident fund	Contribution to provident fund	314,910	287,196
19.5	Gratuity fund	Contribution to gratuity fund	377,280	70,169

During the period, Hascol Petroleum Limited was not the related party of the Group. 19.6

#### **OPERATING SEGMENT** 20,

KE operates as a vertically integrated power utility under a single integrated tariff structure, as determined by NEPRA; with no separate revenue streams as KE as a whole earns revenues by providing electricity to its end consumers. The management has determined Generation, Transmission and Distribution as its operating segments, which are being presented to the Board of Directors of KE for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. These operating segments carry risks and rewards which differ from other segments and also reflects the management structure of KE.

The unallocated items of profit or loss and assets and liabilities include items which cannot be allocated to a specific segment on a reasonable basis.

	September 30, 2022						
	Generation	Transmission	Distribution	Un-allocated	Elíminations	Total	
Segment revenue	-	•	154,534	50	-	154,584	
Inter-segment revenue	88,898	6,948	-		(95,846)		
Total revenue	88,898	6,948	154,534	50	(95,846)	154,584	
Purchase of electricity / Consumption of fuel and oil / Others	(78,530)	•	(156,690)	(39)	95,846	(139,413)	
Contribution Margin	10,368	6,948	(2,156)	11	-	15,171	
O&M expenses	(1,386)	(1,258)	(6,252)	(37)	1	(8,932)	
Other operating expenses	(3,378)	(679)	(233)	•	-	(4,290)	
Other income	66	160	3,010	1	(1)	3,236	
Impairment loss against trade debts	-		(7,896)	-	-	(7.896)	
EBITDA / LBITDA	5,670	5,171	(13,527)	(25)		(2,711)	
Depreciation and amortisation	(3,463)	(1,006)	(1,638)	(1)		(6,108)	
EBIT / LBIT	2,207	4,165	(15,165)	(26)		(8,819)	
Finance cost	(2,029)	(1,703)	(2,683)	-	-:	(6,415)	
Profit / (loss) before taxation	178	2,462	(17,848)	(26)	-	(15,234)	
Taxation - Current	(650)	(51)	(429)	(1)		(1,131)	
Taxation - Deferred			-	12	-	12	
Profit / (loss) for the period	(472)	2,411	(18,277)	(15)	-	(16,353)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>				·····	11 T. I	

			September 30, 2021				
		Generation	Transmission	Distribution (Bupped	Un-allocated	Eliminations	Total
Se	gment revenue		-	114,139	33		114,172
Int	er-segment revenue	57,746	7,354			(65,100)	
	ial revenue	57,746	7,354	114,139	33	(65,100)	114,172
	rchase of electricity / Consumption of fuel and oil / Of Intribution Margin	thers (47,610) 10,136	7,354	(108,682) 5,457	(29)	65,100	(91,221
	Manbulon Magun	(1,638)	(1,288)	(5,404)	(21)	2	(8,349
	her operating expenses	(1,298)	(332)	(179)	•	-	(1,809
Ot	herincome	35	269	2,581	1	(2)	
	pairment loss against trade debts.		-	(3,855)	-		(3,85
	ITDA / LBITDA preciation and amortisation	7,235 (2,748)	6;003. (914)	(1,400) (1,187)	(16)	-	11,82: (4,850
	NT / LBIT	4,487	5,089	(2,587)	(17)	-	6,97
	ance cost	(1,114)	(699)	(1,175)			(2,98
	olit / (loss) before taxation	3,373	4,390	(3,762)	(17)	-	3,98
	xation - Current	(478)	(621)	-	-	*	(1,09
	xation - Deferred	2,895	3;769	(3,762)	(17)	<u> </u>	2,88
PD	ofit / (loss) for the period	2,093	0,703	(3,(02)	(617		2,00
					<u>(Un-Auc</u>		(Audited)
					Septemb		June 30,
					202		2022
	A A .				(!	Rupees in N	muon)
	Assets				20	56,378	257.2
	Generation					56,779	142,79
	Transmission					52,061	618,7
	Distribution					33,314	41,3
	Un-allocated					08,532	1,060,1
							1,000,1
	Liabilities						001.0
	Generation					27,776	201,6
	Transmission					72,914	66,93
	Distribution					28,722	491,9
	Un-allocated					45,374	49,50
						74,786	009,9:
•	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT	AND FINANCIAL INSTRU	MENIS				
.1	Financial risk factors						
	KE's activities expose it to a variety credit risk and liquidity risk.	of financial risks: market r	isk (including	currency risk	, interest rate	e risk and ot	her price ris
	There have been no changes in the t condensed interim financial stateme the annual consolidated financial sta	nts do not include all the	rpolicies of KE financial risk n	Eduring the p nanagement	eriod, conse information a	quently thes and disclosu	e consolidal res required
					(Un-Auc	lited)	(Audited)
					Septemb		June 30,
					202		2022
	:						'000)
.2	Financial risk factors					·	
	Financial assets measured at fair	value through					
	Derivative financial assets				13,2	12,669	8,033,6
.2.1	Derivative financial assets and liabili calculated as the present value of ei					rarchy and t	he fair value
.2.2	There were no transfers amongst the					aluation tec	hniques duri
	the period.						
.2.3	The different levels of fair value mea	surement methods have	been defined a	as follows:			
	Quoted prices (unadjusted) in ac	tive markets for identical	assets or liabi	lities (level 1	۱.		

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1); \_
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3). \_
- 21.3 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### 22. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purpose of comparison.

#### 23. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue on \_\_\_\_\_October 28, 2022 by the Board of Directors of KE.

#### 24. GENERAL

All figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Pakistan Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 



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