



UNICAP MODARABA
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2022

www.unicapmodaraba.com

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Dear Certificate holders,

The Board of Directors of Map Out Management Company (Private) Limited, Managers of UNICAP Modaraba (UCAPM) take pleasure in presenting the Half-yearly Financial Statements of the Modaraba for the six months ended December 31, 2022.

During the Half-year under review the Modaraba has made significant progress towards profitability by reducing its operations and administrative costs compared with the same period last year.

Operating expenses of the Modaraba have remained within budget.

The management stands fully committed to revive UNICAP Modaraba according to the SECP Revival Order dated April 19, 2017 through injection of fresh capital but this target can't be achieved without the approval of 2nd tranche of equity injection of Rs.50 M at discount, which is pending with the office of the Registrar Modaraba SECP since the date of its application dated September 28, 2017.

The Modaraba will continue with its strategy of business growth by booking of productive assets and development of new products and services in future.

The Registrar Modaraba, SECP passed an Order bearing Serial No.SC/M/MS/Unicap/46/2022/75 dated March 28,2022 stating that the accumulated losses of the Modaraba have exceeded more than 50% of the total amount subscribed by the Modaraba Certificate Holders and it may be wound up in public interest by filing an application of Winding Up before the Modaraba Tribunal Lahore. UNICAP Modaraba filed a Writ Petition in the Lahore High Court challenging the Order passed by SECP and the Honorable Lahore High Court, on August 03, 2022 suspended the operations of the impugned order dated March 28 ,2022 passed by SECP

The Board thanked the sponsors for continuous corporate guidance and financial support since taking over of the Management of the Modaraba by Map Out Management Company Pvt Limited. The Board also acknowledges the patronage of certificate holders of the Modaraba for their continued trust and support.

The Board also appreciates dedication and hard work of the employees of the Modaraba.

The enclosed financial statements depict that the plans Map Out Management Company (Private) Limited, Managers of UNICAP Modaraba (UCAPM) and efforts put in by the employees to revive the Modaraba and to make it an active business concern are going in the right direction and begin to bear success.

On Behalf of the Board of Directors

---Sd---

S. Saeed Ahmed
Chief Executive Officer

31 January 2022
Lahore

**BALANCE SHEET
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	December 31 2022 Rupees	December 31 2021 Rupees
	Notes	
ASSETS		
Property & Equipment	69,678	95,690
Cash In Hand	42,154	89,657
Other receivable		
Advance Tax	88,792	88,816
Investments - Stock In Trade	58,260,727	56,900,000
	58,461,351	57,174,163
LIABILITIES		
Accrued and other liabilities	571,242	1,255,242
Long term security deposit	-	-
Payable to management company	2,600,000	850,000
Provision for taxation	901,489	901,489
	4,072,731	3,006,731
	54,388,620	54,167,432
REPRESENTED BY:		
CERTIFICATE CAPITAL		
Authorized		
24,000,000 Modaraba Certificates of Rs.10/- each	240,000,000	240,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up certificates	236,400,000	236,400,000
Discount on Issuance of Shares	(50,000,000)	(50,000,000)
Share Deposit Money	25,421,593	25,421,593
RESERVES		
Statutory reserve	8,738,973	8,738,973
Accumulated losses	(166,171,946)	(166,393,134)
CONTINGENCIES		
	54,388,620	54,167,432

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

---Sd---

DIRECTOR

**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Half-Year		Quarter Ended	
	December31 2022	December31 2021	December31 2022	December31 2021
	Rupees -----			
Ijarah Rental Income	-	-	-	-
Financial Advisory	-	-	-	-
Un-realized Gain on Investment	-	-	-	-
Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-
Reversal of Mark-up	-	-	-	-
Other Income	759,000	-	759,000	-
			-	-
Expense				
Administrative Expenses	919,932	1,026,658	478,876	456,654
Impairment in Value of Investment	-	-	-	-
	919,932	1,026,658	478,876	456,654
Profit (Loss) before Management Fee	(160,932)	(1,026,658)	280,124	(878,740)
Modaraba Company's Management Fee	-	-	-	-
Profit (Loss) before Taxation	(160,932)	(1,026,658)	280,124	(456,654)
Taxation		-		
Profit (Loss) after Taxation	(160,932)	(1,026,658)	280,124	(456,654)
Earning per Certificate	(0.006)	(0.043)	0.011	(0.019)

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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DIRECTOR

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Half-Year		Quarter Ended	
	December31 2022	December31 2021	December31 2022	December31 2021
Notes	----- Rupees -----			
Profit (Loss) after Taxation	(160,932)	(1,026,658)	280,124	(456,654)
Other Comprehensive income /(loss)	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive (loss)	<u>(160,932)</u>	<u>(1,026,658)</u>	<u>280,124</u>	<u>(456,654)</u>

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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DIRECTOR

**STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS
FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	December 31 2022	December 31 2021
Notes	-----	Rupees -----
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Comprehensive Cost of Business (Loss)	(160,932)	(1,026,658)
Adjustments to reconcile Net Income		
Advance Tax & Prepaid Insurance	0	(24)
Accrued Expenses	(720,000)	86,000
Other Payables	0	(4,000,000)
Net cash provided by Operating Activities	<u>(880,932)</u>	<u>(4,940,682)</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>10,818</u>	<u>15,194</u>
Net cash provided by Investing Activities	10,818	15,194
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payable to Management Company	<u>800,000</u>	<u>850,000</u>
Net cash provided by Financing Activities	<u>800,000</u>	<u>850,000</u>
Net cash increase for period	(70,114)	(4,075,488)
Cash at beginning of period	<u>112,268</u>	<u>4,165,145</u>
Cash at end of period	<u>42,154</u>	<u>89,657</u>

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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DIRECTOR

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Certificate Capital	Discount on Issuance of Shares	Share Deposit Money	Statutory Reserve	Accumulated (Loss)	Total
	-----Rupees-----					
Balance as at June 30, 2022	236,400,000	(50,000,000)	25,421,593	8,738,973	(166,011,014)	54,108,496
Loss for the Period	-	-	-	-	(160,932)	(160,932)
Balance as at December 31, 2022	236,400,000	(50,000,000)	25,421,593	8,738,973	(166,171,946)	54,388,620

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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DIRECTOR

UNICAP MODARABA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Unicap Modaraba (the Modaraba) is a multipurpose, perpetual modaraba floated in Pakistan in the year 1991 under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 and the Rules framed thereunder. The registered office of the Modaraba is situated at 6-M/2, Block H, Gulberg – II, Lahore. The Modaraba is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. During the financial year 2014-2015, Al-Zamin Modaraba Management (Private) Limited transferred the management of Modaraba to Map Out Management Company (Private) Limited as on November 27, 2014. Previously, the Modaraba was managed (until May 03, 2000) by Chartered Management Services (Private) Limited and thereafter the management was transferred to Al-Zamin Modaraba Management (Private) Limited as the registration of the former was cancelled by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan in view of the various irregularities committed.

The accumulated losses of the Modaraba as at the balance sheet date are Rs. 166.452 million. Further, the operations of Modaraba have been reduced to minimal level since the year 2000. However, the present Modaraba Management Company has planned to revive the Modaraba and intends to make it an active business concern.

Map Out Management Company (Private) Limited took over the management of the Modaraba from Al-Zamin Modaraba Management (Private) Limited on November 27, 2014 with negative equity amounting to Rs. 1.359 million and accumulated losses amounting to Rs. 146.498 million. The Management Company did not inherit any Public Money in the Modaraba at the time of take over as the entire equity of the Modaraba was eroded during the period of incumbency of its previous managements. Instead, the Management Company injected private money amounting to Rs. 50 million, net of discount, in the equity of the Modaraba on December 31, 2015 raised from their own private sources.

The Modaraba is under the process of revival in accordance with SECP Order No. SC/PRDD/M/UNICAP/2017/102 dated 19.04.2017 and is considered as an ENTITY UNDER REVIVAL. In the light of the SECP Order, the Modaraba is going through a specific time bound revival plan for which stage wise regularization is being carried out. The Management Company has taken all steps required under the Order dated 19.04.2017 and so far, ensuring to comply with the Revival Plan.

On 28 March, 2022 SECP through its Order No. SC/M/MS/Unicap/46/2022/75 under section 23 (I) (ii) (b) of the Modaraba Ordinance ordered that as the accumulated losses of the Modaraba have exceeded more than fifty percent of the total amount subscribed by the modaraba certificate holders, it may be wound up in the public interest by filling an application for winding up before the Modaraba Tribunal Lahore. Modaraba has filed appeal in the High Court Lahore against the order passed by SECP and on 3 August, 2022 Court has suspended the operation of impugned order dated 28 March, 2022 passed by the SECP.

Hence, as of today, the Modaraba is under revival & regularization as a public limited company solely operated with private money injected by Mapout Management Company (Private) Limited. Due to aforementioned reasons, the Modaraba may be doubtful to continue as a going concern. However, the management is hopeful of its' revival and regularization and thus, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards, as applicable in Pakistan, comprise of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as notified under Companies Act, 2017, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFASs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, Prudential Regulations for Modaraba and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Wherever the requirements of the Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFASs), Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, Prudential

Regulations for Modaraba and directives issued by SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFASs), Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, Prudential Regulations for Modaraba, Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 or the directives issued by SECP shall prevail.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

As stated in note 1 above, the Modaraba may be doubtful to continue as a going concern. However, the management is hopeful of its' revival and thus, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis without adjustment of all the assets stated at their realizable values and all liabilities at amounts these are likely to be discharged at.

3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as otherwise stated in the respective policies and notes given hereunder.

3.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak (Rupees), which is the Modaraba's functional and presentation currency.

3.3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Approved International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Modaraba's financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policy relate to the useful life of depreciable assets, valuation of stock and taxation.

3.4 New accounting pronouncements

Amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2022:

There are no new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning July 01, 2021 (other than those disclosed in note 3) which are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Modaraba's financial statements and are therefore not stated in these financial statements.

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated:

4.1 Property and equipment

Owned:
Cost

Property & equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost comprises of initial consideration paid on acquisition of asset as well as cost incurred to bring the asset to its' useful condition. Subsequent costs are included in assets' carrying amount or recognized as separate assets, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on straight line basis and charged to profit and loss account to write off the depreciable amount of each asset over its estimated useful life. Depreciation on addition in property, plant and equipment is charged on assets from the month of acquisition / purchase while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Derecognition

An item of property and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit and loss account in the year the asset is derecognized.

Leased

Finance Lease

Leases where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance lease. Asset subject to finance lease are capitalized at the commencement of the lease term at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the leased assets, each determined at the inception of the lease.

The related rental obligation net of finance cost is included in liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. The liabilities are classified as current and long-term depending upon the timing of payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost so as to achieve a constant rate on the balance outstanding. The finance cost is charged to profit and loss account over the lease term.

Depreciation of assets subject to finance lease is recognized in the same manner as for owned assets. Depreciation of the leased assets is charged to profit and loss account.

4.2 Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of the assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that an asset or group of assets may be impaired. If any such evidence exists, the assets or group of assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account immediately.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation), had no impairment losses been recognized for the asset in the prior years. Reversal of impairment loss is restricted to the original cost of the asset.

4.3 Investments

Classification of an investment is made on the basis of intended purpose for holding such investment. Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such designation on regular basis. Investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to acquisition, except for "Investment at fair value through profit or loss" which is initially measured at fair value.

Held to maturity investments

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity when the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Investments intended to be held for an undefined period are not included in this classification. Long-term investments that are intended to be held to maturity are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

This cost is computed as the amount initially recognized minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization, using the effective interest method, of any difference between the initially recognized amount and the maturity amount. For investments carried at amortized cost, gains and losses are recognized in profit and loss account when the investments are de-recognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

4.4 Stock-in-trade

The Stock-in-trade is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.5 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from trading activities

Revenue from sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amount receivables for goods provided in the normal course of business when control of asset is transferred.

For each sale transaction, purchase order forms a contract between the Modaraba and a customer and the goods to be delivered under that contract are the Modaraba's identified performance obligation, the contract contains determined and allocated transaction price. The Modaraba satisfies a single performance obligation on delivery of goods to the customer and recognizes the revenue.

The Modaraba does not expect to have contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods to the customer and payment by the customer exceed one year. As a consequence, the Modaraba does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money

Interest Income

Markup / profit is recorded on time proportion basis on the principal amount outstanding and at the rate applicable.

4.6 Ijarah Financing

In Ijarah, the Modaraba provides the asset on pre-agreed rentals for specific tenors to the customers.

4.7 Taxation

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits available, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where necessary, relating to prior years, which arise from assessment revised / finalized during the year.

4.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and at banks. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

4.9 Foreign currency transactions and translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak (Rupees) at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak (Rupees) at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date.

4.10 Provision

Provision is recognized when the Modaraba has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

4.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Modaraba becomes a party to contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the Modaraba loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset and in case of financial liability when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

4.11.1 Financial Assets

The Modaraba classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss, fair value through other comprehensive income and amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial asset were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Classification and measurement

Amortized cost

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized directly in income and expenditure and presented in other income / (other expenses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of income and expenditure.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVTOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses), interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is de-recognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other income / (other expenses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other income/ (other expenses) and impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of income and expenditure.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at FVTPL is recognized in the statement of income and expenditure and presented net within other income / (other expenses) in the period in which it arises.

4.11.2 Financial liabilities

i. Classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized

cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also included in profit or loss.

ii. Impairment of financial assets

The Modaraba assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and FVTOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade debts and other receivables, the Modaraba applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

iii. De-recognition

Financial assets

The Modaraba derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset. Any interest in such derecognized financial assets that is created or retained by the Modaraba is recognized as a separate entity.

Financial liabilities

The Modaraba derecognizes a financial liability (or a part of financial liability) from its statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

4.12 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off and the Modaraba intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.13 Borrowing costs

The borrowing costs including interests are charged off to profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

4.14 Related Party Transactions

Transactions with related parties are duly authorized by the management and are recognized in accordance with the pricing method approved by the Board of Directors of the management Modaraba.

5 CASH & BANK BALANCES

Cash in Hand	42,154	66,900
	<u>42,154</u>	<u>66,900</u>

6 INVESTMENTS

Stock in trade	58,260,727	56,900,000
	<u>58,260,727</u>	<u>56,900,000</u>

7 ADVANCES, DEPOSITS & PREPAYMEMNTS

Advance Tax	88,792	87,289
	<u>88,792</u>	<u>87,289</u>

8 PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT

PARTICULARS	COST				DEPRECIATION				W.D.V.
	As at	Addition	Deletion	As at	As at	For the	Adjustment	As at	AS AT
	01-07-2022			31-12-2022	01-07-2022	Year		31-12-2022	31-12-2022
Office Equipment	200,632			200,632	161,189	3,944		165,133	35,499
Furniture & Fixture	694,100			694,100	653,048	6,874		659,922	34,178
TOTAL	894,732			894,732	814,237	10,818		825,055	69,677

8.1 PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT (Comparative)

PARTICULARS	COST				DEPRECIATION				W.D.V.
	As at	Addition	Deletion	As at	As at	For the	Adjustments	As at	AS AT
	01-07-2021			30-06-2022	01-07-2021	Year		30-06-2022	30-06-2022
Office Equipment	200,632			200,632	151,325	9,864		161,189	39,443
Furniture & Fixture	694,100			694,100	632,524	20,524		653,048	41,052
TOTAL 30-06-2022	894,732			894,732	783,849	30,388		814,237	80,495

9 ACCRUED & OTHER LIABILITIES

Accrued Expenses	226,000	910,000
Unclaimed Dividend	345,242	345,242
	<u>571,242</u>	<u>1,255,242</u>

10 PROVISION FOR TAXATION

Previous years	14.3	901,489	901,489
For the Period	17	-	-
		<u>901,489</u>	<u>901,489</u>

11 LIABILITIES

Long term security deposits	-	-
Payable to Management Company	2,600,000	850,000
	<u>2,600,000</u>	<u>850,000</u>

11.1 Payable to Management Company represents the amounts paid by Map Out Management Company for day to day expenses of the Modaraba. The amount is interest free and is repayable to the Management Company once the Modaraba starts earning from active business activities. However, the Management Company intends to get the same adjusted against further issue of share capital, subject to the permission of the Regulators.

11.2 During the last year, the Management Company authorized the Modaraba to transfer / adjust the total outstanding loan against share deposit money. The Management Company is hopeful to get the permission from the Regulators which is pending since 2017. Thus, the entire amount as at June 30, 2021 has been transferred to share deposit money.

12 CERTIFICATE CAPITAL

12.1 Authorized Modaraba Fund

20,000,000 Modaraba Certificates of Rs.10/- each	200,000,000	200,000,000
4,000,000 Modaraba Certificates of Rs.10/- each	40,000,000	40,000,000
	<u>240,000,000</u>	<u>240,000,000</u>

12.2 Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up

10,000,000 Modaraba Certificates of Rs.10/- each - Cash	100,000,000	100,000,000
3,640,000 Modaraba Certificates of Rs.10/- each - Bonus	36,400,000	36,400,000

10,000,000 Modaraba Certificates of Rs.10/- each - Cash	100,000,000	100,000,000
	<u>236,400,000</u>	<u>236,400,000</u>

12.3 Discount on Issuance of Shares

10,000,000 Modaraba Certificates of Rs.10/- each issued at discount of Rs. 5/- each	(50,000,000)	(50,000,000)
	<u>(50,000,000)</u>	<u>(50,000,000)</u>

13 SHARE DEPOSIT MONEY

Share Deposit Money	25,421,593	25,421,593
	<u>25,421,593</u>	<u>25,421,593</u>

14 CONTINGENCIES & COMMITMENTS

14.1 Shares of International Investment and Finance Services Limited were pledged against an advance obtained from Universal Leasing Corporation Limited. The lender has illegally transferred these shares in its name. The matter is disputed and a legal suit had been filed by the Modaraba against Universal Leasing Corporation Limited. This suit is likely to be decreed as most of the issues have been settled by the Court

14.2 The tax authorities initiated tax proceedings against the Company for Tax Years 2007-2009 and the same are pending for adjudication before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, Karachi. The details of the cases are not available with the present management however, a provision is carried in the financial statements to meet any future liability which may arise on final decision of the Appellate Court

14.3 There are no commitments as at the half-year end.

15 REVERSAL OF ACCRUED LIABILITIES

This represents reversal of accrued liabilities booked in prior years which were no longer payable and were written off during the previous year.

16 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	<u>December31, 2022</u>	<u>December31, 2021</u>
Bank Service Charges	-	150
Rent Rate & Taxes	-	128,150
Depreciation	10,818	15,194
Insurance Expense	145,914	145,914
Entertainment & Kitchen Expenses	51,370	1,000
Office Maintenance	3,000	900
Office Stationery & Supplies	9,230	4,350
Salaries	342,000	342,000
Postages	3,600	3,000
Legal & Professional Fees	54,000	54,000
Rent – Office & Godown	300,000	300,000
Taxes Paid	-	2,000
Utilities	-	30,000
Travelling Expense	-	-
	<u>919,932</u>	<u>1,026,658</u>

17 TAXATION

For the period / year

- -

17.1 No provision for taxation has been accounted for in these financial statements owing to exemption available on Agricultural Income and carried forward of assessed losses.

18 PROFIT PER CERTIFICATE

18.1 Basic loss per certificate:

	<u>December31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Profit /(loss) after taxation	(160,932)	1,026,658)
Weighted average number of certificates outstanding	23,640,000	23,640,000
Loss per certificate	(0.006)	(0.043)

18.2 Diluted loss per certificate:

There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per certificate of the Modaraba, since there were no convertible instruments in issue as at the year end which would have any effect on the basic loss per certificate if the option to convert were exercised. New shares shall be issued only after the approval of the Regulators

19 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties include Map Out Management Company (Private) Limited being the Modaraba Management Company. The following related party transactions were carried out during the year:

	<u>December31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Payable to Management Company	2,600,000	850,000

20 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS & KEY PERSON

No remuneration, benefit, allowance or facility is given to the Chief Executive, Directors and / or Key Management Personnel during the period / year.

21 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

	<u>December31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Number of employees as at the period end	3	3
Average number of employees during the period	3	3

22 REMEASUREMENT / RESTATEMENT / RECLASSIFICATION

Corresponding figures for previous period, wherever necessary, have been rearranged / reclassified for the purpose of better comparison. However, no significant reclassifications / restatement / rearrangement has been done in these financial statements.

23 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board on **30 January 2022.**

24 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to nearest Pak Rupee.

---Sd---
CHIEF EXECUTIVE

---Sd---
DIRECTOR