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Introducing SC Sahar for the women of today

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Futuremakers is our global initiative to tackle nequality and promote nclusion in our markets.



\$50M IN FUNDRAISING & BANK-**MATCHING** 2019-2023



Empowering the

Disadvantaged Disadvant youth with a foc with a focus on

Wisually impaired people

FOCUS AREAS

Education

Employability

NEXT GENERATION

Entrepreneurship

Global reach targets→

500,000

Delivering across Pakistan

In Pakistan Futuremakers' programmes empower disadvantaged youth to learn new skills and improve the next generation's chances of getting a job or starting their own business.

Education

Goal

Empowering adolescent girls with life skills

22,000+ girls empowered since 2016

Youth to work

Employability:

Youth toWork is our global employability programme.

In 2020 the Bank hired two girls who were part of the Global programme. Employability module.

Employment of the visually impaired

25 Visually impaired employed at the Bank's call centre in Lahore and Karachi

Futuremakers Inclusive Employability Project

Target more than 480 youth with disabilities into formal employment

Entrepreneurs for Growth

#SCWomenInTech

SCWomenintech was launched in Pakistan in 2019. Since its launch 88 businesses have gone through extensive training, coaching and mentoring sessions out of which 26 businesses have been given the seed money to scale their business further.

Agriprenuer Project

Phase 1 -> Launched in 2020 focused on 900 beneficiaries Phase 2 -> Launched in 2021. This project will focus on 700 high potential agriprenuers from phase 1 and 303 new agriprenuers

Get involved



Donate

All funds in Pakistan are directed towards the Bank's Goal Programme, a programme that focuses on empowering adolescent girls by teaching life skills combined with sports. You can make a donation at any Standard Chartered Branch. The account details are as

Account Name: Right to Play - Futuremakers

Account Number: 18-4743873-18



Fundraise

Take part in any of the fundraising activities planned by Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited



Contact

Pakistan.Corporate-Affairs@sc.com





We are a international banking group, with a presence in 59 of the world's most dynamic markets and serving clients in over 150 markets. Our purpose is to drive commerce and prosperity through our unique diversity, and our heritage and values are expressed in our brand promise, Here for good.

- Standard Chartered Pakistan is proud to be operating in the country as the largest and oldest international Bank since 1863.
- Standard Chartered Pakistan employs more than 2,200 people and has a network of 209 touch points (40 branches, 149 ATMs and 20 CDMs) across 10 cities.
- Standard Chartered Pakistan is the first International Bank to get an Islamic Banking licence and to open the first Islamie Banking branch in the country.
- Standard Chartered Pakistan is the leading bank for the MNCs operating in Pakistan. The Bank is also the market leader for providing USD liquidity for Corporates and Financial Institutions in the country.
- Standard Chartered Pakistan plays a leading role in providing FCY liquidity solutions through innovative client centric structures.
- Standard Chartered Pakistan is a leading partner of State Bank of Pakistan
 in promoting RMB and increasing its use in Pakistan, which further
 strengthens its role as the main bank for CPEC led initiatives.
- Standard Chartered Pakistan partnered with ANT FINANCIAL in 2019 to launch the first block chain based 24/7, cross border wallet-to-wallet remittance service between Malaysia and Pakistan.



Global Diversity, Equity, & Inclusion Benchmark



Asia Money Award

Awards 2022

• Best Bank Award in the ESG category

Awards 2023

- Vision, Strategy, and Business Impact
- DEI Structure and Implementation Recruitment Award
- Work-Life Integration, Flexibility, & Benefits Award
- DEI Communications Award
- DEI Learning and Development Award
- Connecting DEI and Sustainability Award
- Community, Government Relations & Philanthropy Award

Adam Smith Award

Awards 2022/2021



- Special Recognition Award
- Best Account Receivables Solution for Coca Cola Beverages Pakistan Ltd.

The Asset Triple A Awards

Awards 2022/2021

- Best Trade Finance Bank / Best Supply Chain Bank
- Best Cash Management Bank
- Best Service Provider Cash Management (Transaction Banking)
- Best Service Provider Supply Chain (Transaction Banking)
- Best Renminbi Bank (Transaction Banking)
- Best Supply Chain Solutions for Indus Motor Company (Transaction Banking)
- Best Supply Chain Solutions for IATA (Transaction Banking)

Management Association of Pakistan

Awards 2022



Corporate Excellence Award under the Commercial Bank Sector

Euromoney Market Leaders

Awards 2022

- Pakistan CSR (Highly Regarded)
- Pakistan D&I (Highly Regarded)
- Pakistan Islamic Finance (Notable)

Global Transaction Banking Innovation

Awards 2022

• Best Digital Treasury Management Initiative

Corporate Treasurer Award

Awards 2021

- Best Transaction Bank
- Best Trade Finance Bank



TRANSACTION BANKING

ASIAMONEY



Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Board of Directors



Mr. Ian Anderson Bryden Chairperson of the Board of Directors



Mr. Rehan M. Shaikh Chief Executive Officer Member Board Risk Committee and Board IT Committee



Mr. Towfiq Habib Chinoy Director Chairperson Board Risk Committee and Member Board HR & Remuneration Committee



Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik Director Chairperson Board Audit Committee and Member Board Risk Committee and Board IT Committee



Mr. Badaruddin Fatehali Vellani Director Chairperson Board HR & Remuneration Committee and Member Board Audit Committee



Ms. Rola Abu Manneh Director Member Board HR & Remuneration Committee



Mr. Mohamed Abdel Razek
Director
Chairperson Board IT
Committee and Member
Board Audit Committee

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Pakistan Executive Committee



Mr. Rehan M. Shaikh Chief Executive Officer



Mrs. Khadija Hashimi Head Corporate Affairs and Brand & Marketing AME & Country Head Pakistan



Mr. Syed Ejaz Alam Chief Financial Officer



Mrs. Lubna Azam Tiwana Country Chief Risk Officer



Mr. Arslan NayeemCountry Head of Client
Coverage, CCIB



Ms. Saadya Riaz Head Consumer, Private and Business Banking



Mr. Majid Aziz Chief Technology and Operating Officer



Mr. Muhammad Umer Head Human Resources



Mr. Azhar Aslam Head Islamic Banking



Mr. Muhammad Mubashir Yasin Head Conduct, Financial Crime and Compliance



Mr. Shahzad Salamullah Head Internal Audit



Mr. Adil Siddique Dalal Head Financial Markets and Macro Trading



Mr. Jehangir Adil Qazi Head Legal



Mr. Shiraz Hyder Head Transaction Banking



Mr. Ajanthan Sivathas Chief Information Officer

Company Information

Shariah Board

Shaikh Nizam Yaqouby

Mufti Irshad Ahmad Aijaz

Mufti Muhammad Abdul Mubeen

Mufti Hafiz Muhammad Sarfaraz Nihal

Board of Directors Auditors Mr. Ian Anderson Bryden Chairperson M/s EY Ford Rhodes Chief Executive Officer Mr. Rehan Muhammad Shaikh **Chartered Accountants** Mr. Towfiq Habib Chinoy Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik **Legal Advisors** Mr. Mohamed Abdel Razek Ms. Rola Abu Manneh Haidermota & Co Mr. Badaruddin Fatehali Vellani Advocates Registered/Main Office **Company Secretary** Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Mr. Asif Iqbal Alam P.O. Box No. 5556, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi-74000, Pakistan. **Board Audit Committee** Tel: (021) 32450000 Fax: (021) 32414914 Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik Chairperson Member Mr. Badaruddin Fatehali Vellani Website Mr. Mohamed Abdel Razek Member www.sc.com/pk **Board Risk Committee Registrar/Share Registration Office** Mr. Towfiq Habib Chinoy Chairperson M/s CDC Share Registrar Services Limited Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik Member CDC House, 99-B, Block B, Mr. Rehan Muhammad Shaikh Member SMCHS, Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400 **Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee** Toll Free: 0800 - 23275 Fax: (021) 34326053 Mr. Badaruddin Fatehali Vellani Chairperson Email: info@cdcsrsl.com Mr. Towfiq Habib Chinoy Member Ms. Rola Abu Manneh Member **Board IT Committee** Mr. Mohamed Abdel Razek Chairperson Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik Member Mr. Rehan Muhammad Shaikh Member

Chairperson

(Resident)

1

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

STANDARD CHARTERED BANK (PAKISTAN) LIMITED NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 17th Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the shareholders of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited ("Bank") will be held on Wednesday, 29 March 2023 at 12:00 p.m. at the ICAP Chartered Accountants Avenue, Clifton, Karachi and through video conferencing to transact the following business:

A. ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts of the Bank for the year ended 31 December 2022, along with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 2. To consider the appointment of external auditors namely M/s EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants (who being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment), as Statutory Auditors of the Bank for the year 2023. The Board also seeks authority for the Board Audit Committee to negotiate and agree upon Auditors' remuneration subject to concurrence of the Board in the subsequent meeting.
- 3. To consider and approve final cash dividend @ 25% (i.e. Rs. 2.50 per share) as recommended by the Board of Directors in addition to interim dividend of 15% already paid for the year 2022.

B. OTHER BUSINESS

4. To transact any other business as may be placed before the meeting with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

Drix.

Asif Iqbal Alam Company Secretary

Karachi: 8 March 2023

اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ بینک (پاکستان) کمیٹڈ نوٹس برائے سالا نہاجلاس عام

بذریعه بذامطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ بینک (پاکستان) کمیٹڈ (''بینک') کے شیئر ہولڈرز کاستر ہواں سالانہ اجلاس عام 29 مارچ 2023ء بروزبدھ، دوپبر 00: 12 بجے، بمقام انشیٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹش آف پاکستان، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹش ایو نیو، کلفشن، کراچی اور بذرایعہ یڈیوکانفرنس درج ذیل کارروائی کیلئے منعقد کراچائے گا:

(الف)عمومي كارروائي

- 1۔ 31 دممبر 2022 وکوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کیلئے بینک کے آڈیٹر اکا وَنٹس اور ان پرڈائر کیٹرز اور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کی وصولی ، ان پرڈوراور ان کی تو ثق ۔
- 2- میسرز EY فورڈ رہوڈ ز، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس (جنہوں نے اہل ہونے کے سبب پھر سے تقریری کی درخواست دی ہے) کی 2023ء کیلئے بطوراتٹیچوٹری آڈیٹرز تقریری اوران کے معاوضے کے تعین کیلئے بورڈ آڈٹ کمیٹی کو بات چیت اور فیصلہ کرنے کا اختیار دینا جوآئندہ بورڈ میٹنگ میں بورڈ کی رضامندی ہے مشروط ہوگا۔
- 3۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے تجویز کردہ %25 (بینی 2.50 روپے ٹی صصص) نقد منافع کی ادائیگی پرغور اور منظور کرنا۔ جوسال 2022 کیلئے ادا کئے جانے والے %15 عبوری منافع کے علاوہ ہے۔

(ب) دیگرکارروائی 4۔ چیئرین کی اجازت سے کوئی اور کارروائی عمل میں لانا۔

> بحکم بورڈ بہرس آصف قبال ء سمپنی سیکریٹری

ڪرا جي:8مارچ2023ء

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notes:

The Share Transfer Books of the Bank will remain closed from Monday, 20 March 2023 to Wednesday, 29 March 2023 (both days inclusive). Transfer received at the Share Registrar by the close of business on Friday, 17 March 2023 will be treated in time.

Participation in AGM through online platform/facility

Arrangements have been made by the Bank to facilitate the participation of the shareholders in the AGM through online platform/facility, either in-person or through appointed proxies. Shareholders are requested to get themselves registered with the Company Secretary Office, at least 24 hours before the time of AGM (i.e. before 12:00 p.m. on 28 March 2023) by providing following details at cosec.pk@sc.com.

Folio/CDC Account No.	Name of Shareholders	Cell No.	Email Address

Upon receipt of the above information from interested shareholders, the Bank will send the login details at their email addresses. On the AGM Day, shareholders will be able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings through their smartphones or computer devices. Login facility will be opened 15 minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting, after identification and verification process.

- Only those persons whose names appear in the Register of Members of the Bank as at Friday, 17 March 2023 will be entitled to attend/ participate in/vote at the AGM and be entitled to receive above stated cash dividends.
- A member entitled to attend and vote at the above meeting is entitled to appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Proxies, in order to be valid, must be received by the Bank at its registered office marked for the attention of the office of the Company Secretary, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed. A member shall not be entitled to appoint more than one
- Members are requested to notify change in their address, if any, to the Bank's Share Registrars, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, SMCHS, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400. Toll Free: 0800-CDCPL (23275), Fax: (021) 34326053, Email: info@cdcsrsl.com.
- The Bank will provide the facility of video link for attending the meeting if the said consent is received from members holding at least 10% of the total paid up capital not later than 7 days before the date of AGM.

For Attending the Meeting: A.

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity through his/her original Computerised National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the Meeting
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the Meeting.

For Appointing Proxies:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form
- The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors'

- بیک کی تقص کی منتقل کی کتابیں 20 مارچ 2023 ء بروز پیر سے لے کر 29 مارچ2023 ء بروز بدھ (بشمول دونوں دن) بندر ہیں گی۔17 مارچ2023ء بروز جمعہ کو کاروبار کے اختتام تک رجمۂ ارکوموصول ہونے والےٹرانسفرز بروقت تصوّر کیے جائیں گے۔
- 2_ سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں آن لائن پلیٹ فارم/سہولت کے ذریعے شرکت: بینک کی جانب سے سالانہ اجلاسِ عام میں شیئر ہولڈرز کی بذریعہ آن لائن پلیٹ فارم/شرکت (خواہ ذاتی طور پر یا مقرر کردہ پراکسیز کے ذریعے) کیلئے انتظامات کئے گئے ہیں شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی حاتی ہے کہ وہ کمپنی سیریڑی آفس سے سالانہ اجلاس عام کے وقت سے کم از کم 24 گھنے قبل درج ذیل تفصیلات کے ساتھ cosec.pk@sc.com پر جنٹریشن کروا کیں۔

	ای میل ایڈریس	فون نمبر	CNICنبر	حصص یافتگان کےنام	فوليو/سى ڈىس ا كاؤنٹ نمبر
ſ					

دلچیں رکھنے والے شیئر ہولڈرز سے مندرجہ بالا معلومات کی وصولی بر، بینک لاگ ان کی تفصیلات ان کے ای میل پنوں پر بھیجے گا۔ اجلاسِ عام کے دن بثیئر ہولڈرز اینے اسارٹ فونز یا نمپیوٹر ڈیوائسز کے ذریعے لاگ اِن کر کے اجلاس عام کی کارروائی میں حصہ لے سکیں گے ۔ اجلاس کے آغاز سے 15 منٹ قبل لاگ ان کی ۔ سہولت حاصل ہوجائے گی تا کہ شناخت اور تصدیقی عمل کے بعد شرکاء اجلاس میں شامل ہوسکیں۔

- صرف وہ ممبران جن کے نام 17 مارچ2023ء بروز جعہ، بینک کے ممبران کے رجشر میں درج ہوں گے وہی اس سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کرنے ، ووٹ دینے اور مذکورہ کیش ڈیویڈنڈ لینے کے اہل ہوں گے۔
- 4۔ ایک ممبر جو اس اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا اٹل ہے اپنی جگہ کسی اور ممبر کو بطور نمائندہ اجلاس
- ممبران سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے رجٹرڈ پید میں ہونے والی کی تبدیلی سے فوری طور پر بینک کے فیرک طور پر بینک کے فیرکرجٹرار میسرز CDC بینک B ، SMCHS ، اللہ 99-B ، بیاک B ، SMCHS ، مين شاہراه فيصل، كراچى- 74400 يلول فرى نمبر: (0217) 0800- 6000، فيكس : (021)
- بینک اجلاس میں نثر کت کیلئے ویڈیولنک کی سہوات فراہم کرے گا اگر کل اداشدہ سر مائے کا کم از کم %10 رکھنے والے ممبرز کی جانب سے مذکورہ رضامندی سالا نہ اجلاس عام کی تاریخ سے 7 دن پہلے موصول ہوں۔

(الف)اجلاس میں شرکت کیلئے:

- i. افراد کی صورت میں اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر یا سب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر اور /یا وہ افراد جن کی سکیوریٹیز گروپ ا کاؤنٹ میں ہیں اور ان کی رجٹریش کی تفصیلات ضابطے کے مطابق اپ لوڈ کردی گئی ہیں، انہیں اجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت اپنی شاخت کیلیے اصل کمپییز انزڈ قومی شاختی کارڈ (ی این آئی سى) بااصل باسپورٹ دکھانالا زمی ہوگا۔
- کار آوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی قرارداد/مختار نامہ، نامزد کرنے والے ۔ کے دشتخط کے ساتھ احلاس کے وقت پیش کرنالا زمی ہوگا۔

(ب) پراکسیز کی نامزدگی کیلئے:

- ہیں میں وقائر رہائی کیے افراد کی صورت میں اکاؤنٹ ہولٹر یا سب اکاؤنٹ ہولٹر اور آیا وہ افراد جن کی سکیور شیر گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہیں اور ان کی رجشر میش کی تفصیلات ضا بطے سے مطالق اپ لوڈ کردی گئ ہیں نہیں ا پناپرائسی فارم درج بالاتواعد کے مطابق پُر کر کے پیش کرنا ہوگا۔ پرائسی فارم کا دو افراد سے تصدیق شدہ ہونا لازی ہے جن کے نام ، پتے اور کمپیوٹرائز ڈقوی شاختی
- ۔۔۔ پروس مادرا ما روز مرار سے سمیاں مدہ اور اوران ہے کا جا ہے ہور پرور درووں سال کا روز مراروں کا کا روز مرارو انانہ پراکس فارم کے ساتھ پراکسی اور اصل ما لک کے کمپیوٹرائز ڈوقومی شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ فوٹوکا پی نسلک کرنا ہوگا ۔ -iv پراکسی کواپنااصل کمپیوٹرائز ڈوقومی شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ اجہاس کے وقت دکھانا ہوگا۔
- ۔ کارپوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آ آ ٹ ڈائر بکٹرز کی قرارداد/مختارنامہ، نامز دکرنے والے کے دستخط کے ہمراہ براکسی فارم کےساتھ بینک میں جمع کروا ناہوگا۔

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with the proxy form to the Bank.

- **8.** Members may inspect the minutes of the AGM held on Tuesday, 29 March 2022, in terms of Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2017, at the Bank's registered address.
- 9. In terms of Section 223 (7) of the Companies Act 2017, the Annual Report for the year ended 2022 has also been placed on the Bank's website simultaneously with the dispatch of the same to the members.
- 10. E-Dividend Requirements: In accordance with the Companies (Distribution of Dividend) Regulation 2017, shareholders are advised to provide their Identification Number/Computerised National Identity Card (CNIC) Number and International Bank Account Number (IBAN) details, if they have not already done so, to our Share Registrar (if shares are held in physical form) at their above referred office address or to the respective Participants/Broker (if shares are held through CDS Account) latest by Friday, 17 March 2023. Failing which may result in withholding of dividend payments of respective shareholders.
- 11. Conversion of Physical Shares into Book-Entry Form: In reference to Section 72(2) of the Companies Act, 2017, all shareholders holding physical shares are requested to get converted their shares into book entry form at the earliest. This would facilitate shareholders in many ways including safe custody of shares, avoidance of formalities required for issuance of duplicate shares, etc. For the conversion of physical shares into book entry form, the shareholders may contact their Brokers, CDC Participants or CDC Investor Account Service.
- 12. Tax Requirements: The dividend income on shares is liable to deduction of withholding tax under Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and pursuant to the provisions of Finance Act, 2022, effective from 1 July 2022; the 'Filer' and 'Non-Filer' shareholders will pay tax on dividend income @ 15% and 30% respectively. The Filer status of shareholders will only be determined on the basis of latest available Active Taxpayers List (ATL) uploaded by the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) on their website http://www.fbr.gov.pk/.

In case a Folio/CDS Account is jointly held, each joint-holder will be treated separately as Filer or Non-Filer and tax will be deducted on the gross dividend amount determined by bifurcating the shareholding of each joint-holder on equal proportions, except where shareholding proportion of joint-holders is pre-defined as per the records of Bank's Share Registrar and thus tax rates will be applied in line with respective proportions. Those shareholders, who are holding shares jointly, are requested to update/notify the shareholding proportions of principal and joint-holder(s) in writing to our Share Registrar latest by Friday, 17 March 2023 at their above referred office address.

In this regard, all shareholders, whose names are not entered into the ATL despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that: (i) Their names appear into the ATL before start of closed period (referred above), otherwise they will be treated as non-filers for tax deduction purpose, and (ii) A copy of their National Tax Number is submitted to their relevant Participant/CDC Investor Account Services or to our Share Registrar (in case of physical shareholding only) at their above referred office address.

Corporate shareholders are requested to provide of a copy of valid Income Tax Exemption Certificate issued by the concerned authority to your institution, which is compulsorily required to claim tax exemption in terms of clarification issued by FBR vide their letter C.No.1 (43) DG (WHT)/ 2008-Vol.11-66417-R, dated 12 May 2015. In case you are subject to any special tax rate, please also provide a copy of relevant certificate issued by the concerned authority. Relevant copies should reach our Share Registrar at their above-mentioned office address.

13. Statutory Code of Conduct of AGM: Section 215 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Regulation 28 of the Companies (General Provisions and Forms) Regulations, 2018, state the Code of Conduct of Shareholders, as follows:

Shareholders are not permitted to exert influence or approach the management directly for decisions which may lead to creation of hurdles in the smooth functioning of management. The law states that Shareholders shall not bring material that may cause threat to participants or premises where the AGM is being held, confine themselves to the agenda items covered in the notice of the AGM and shall not conduct themselves in a manner to disclose any political affiliation. Additionally, the Company is not permitted to distribute gifts in any form to its shareholders in its meetings as per Section 185 of Companies Act, 2017.

- 8۔ کمپنیزا کیٹ، 2017ء کے سیکشن 52 کے تحت ممبران بینک کے رجٹرڈ پتے پر 29 مارچ 2022ء بروز منگل کوہونے والے سالاندا جلاس عام کی روداد کا معائند کر سکتے ہیں۔
- 9۔ سیشن (223(7) کے تحت سال مختتمہ 2022ء کی سالانہ رپورٹ ممبرز کو ترسیل کے ساتھ مینک کی ویب سائٹ پڑبھی اپ لوڈ کر دی گئی ہے۔
- 10۔ ا<u>ی ڈیویڈنڈ کی ضروریات</u>: کیپنیز (ڈیویڈنڈ کی تقسیم)ریگولیشنز 2017ء کی ہدایات کے تحت شیئر ہولڈرز اپنے بھا اسپ شاخی نمبرلکپیورائزڈ قومی شاخی کارڈری این آئی می) نمبر اور انٹرنشٹل بینک اکاؤنٹ نمبر(آئی بی اے این) کی تضیلات فراہم نمبیل کی بین تو ہمارے شیئر رجمزار (اگر شیئرز فرندلک فارم میں رکھے گئے ہیں) کو فدکورہ آفس ایڈریس یا متعلقہ پارٹیمپیٹ /بروکر(اگر شیئرز بذریعہ می ڈی ایس اکاؤنٹ رکھے گئے ہیں) کو 17مارچ 2023ء بروز جمعہ تک مہیا کریں۔ناکامی کی صورت میں متعلقہ مصصی پافسگان کو ٹویڈیٹر کارائیگر گئے گئے۔
- 11۔ کمپنیز ایک 2017 کے سیشن 77(''ایک'') کے تحت تمام شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ جلد از جلد اپنے شیئر زکو فرکھنے جلد از جلد اپنے شیئر زکو فرکھنے جلد از جلد اپنے شیئر زکو فرکھنے کے بہت سے فوائد ہیں جن میں می ڈی می کے ساتھ شیئرز کی محفوظ تحویل ، ڈپلیکیٹ شیئرز کے اجراء کملیکے درکارری شرائط سے نجات وغیرہ ۔ فزیکل شیئرز کو بک انٹری فارم میں تبدیل کرنے کملیئے شیئر ہولڈرز اپنے بروکرز ہی ڈی می پارسپونٹس یا می ڈی می الویسٹرا کا وقت سروں سے دابطاکر سکتے ہیں۔
- 12- کیکس معاطات: اکام ٹیکس آرڈینٹس 2001ء کے سیکشن 150 اور فنانس ایکٹ 2022ء کی وفعات (کیم جوالئی 2022ء موٹر) کے مطابق ڈیویڈیڈ آمدن پر فائکر ممبران کیلیے شرح وو دولڈنگ ٹیکس 15% جبکہ نان فائکر کیلیے شرح وو دولڈنگ ٹیکس 15% جبکہ نان فائکر کیلیے 2028ء جصص یا فتگان کے فائکر ہونے کا تعین فیڈرل بورڈ آف ربوینیو (FBR) کی ویب سائٹ (http://www.fbr.gov.pk/) پر جاری کردو آخری ایکٹیوٹیکس میئر زاسٹ (ATL) کی جیاد پر کیا جائے گا۔

کسی فولیوا می ڈی ایس اکاؤنٹ کی مشتر کہ ملیت کی صورت میں ہر مشتر کہ مولڈر کو بطور فائکر یا نان فائکر علیت کی سورت میں ہر مشتر کہ مولڈر کو بطور فائکر یا نان فائکر علیت کی علیحہ وہ تستر کہ مولڈنگ کے علیحہ وہ مساوی تقلیم کر کے کی جائی سوائے اس کے کہ شیئر ہولڈنگ کے تناسب کی تفسیل پہلے ہی بینک کے شیئر مرجز ارکے ریکارڈ میں موجود ہواس صورت میں تیکس کی شرح اس تناسب سے لاگو کی جائے گی۔ البذا الیے مشتر کہ ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جائی ہولڈنگ کا تناسب ہمارے شیئر رجسزار کو مندرجہ بالا سے مشتر کہ ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جائی ہولڈنگ کا تناسب ہمارے شیئر رجسزار کو مندرجہ بالا سے تر براکا مارچ 2033ء مروز جمعیتک فراہم کردیں۔

اس سلیط میں وہ ممبران جن کے نام فائکر زہونے کے باوجود ATL میں موجود نہیں، ان سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ اس امر کو بیٹنی بنائیں کہ(i) ان کے نام مدت اختتام(فدکورہ بالا) سے قبل ATL میں موجود ہوں بصورت دیگر فیکس کی کوفی کیلیے انہیں نان فائلر سمجھا جائے گا اور(ii)اسپے بیشش فیکس نمبر کی ایک کائی اپنے متعلقہ پارٹیسپیٹ اسی ڈی میں انویسٹر اکاؤنٹ سر وسزیا ہمارے شیئر رجسٹرار(صرف فریکل شیئر ہولڈنگ کی صورت میں)کوفدکورہ بالاسپے پرجش کرائیں۔

کارپوریٹ محصص یافت گان جونگس سے استثناء کے دعویدار ہیں ان سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ متعلقہ اتھارٹیز کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ متعلقہ اتھارٹیز کی جانب سے ان کے ادارے کو جاری کیا گیا مؤثر انکم کیس ایگر بمپیشن سرٹیٹیکیٹ فراہم کریں جو کہ FBR کے لیٹر C. No.1(43) DG (WHT)/2008-Vol.11-66417-R میں 2015ء کے مطابق ٹیکس سے استثناء کے دعو کے کیلئے ضروری ہے ۔ اگر آپ خصوصی ٹیکس ریٹ کے تالع ہیں براہ ہم بانی متعلقہ اتھارٹیز کی جانب سے جاری کیے سڑیٹیکسٹ کے تالع ہیں براہ ہم بانی متعلقہ اتھارٹیز کی جانب سے جاری کیے سڑیٹیکسٹ کی نقل ہمار شیئر کرجٹر ارکودرج بالاسے پر فراہم کریں۔

13_ سالانه اجلاس عام میں در کار قانونی ضابطه اخلاق

کمپنیزا یک 2017 کے بیشن 215اور کمپنیز (جزل پرویژنزاینڈ فارمز) ریگولیشن 2018 شیئر ہولڈرز کیلئے ضابطہ اطلاق بیان کرتے ہیں، جووری ذیل ہے۔ شیئر ہولڈرز کوا جازت نہیں ہے کہ وہ ایسے فیصلوں کیلئے جو پنجمنٹ کے کام پر اثر انداز ہو سکتے ہوں بنجمنٹ کے کام پر اثر انداز ہو سکتے ہوں بنجمنٹ کردا ہوئر است رسائی حاصل کر ہیں۔ قانون کے تحت شیئر ہولڈرز اسپے ساتھ ایسا موادئیس لائیس کے جوشر کا ویاس جارہ ہو جنود کو سالا شاجلاس عام منعقد کیا جارہ ہے، کیلئے خطرے کا باعث ہوہ نود کو سالا شاجلاس عام کوٹس میں احاطے کے گئے ایجنڈ اے زکات تک ہی محدود رکھیں گے اور اس انداز سے کر داروائیس کریں گے جس سے ان کی سیاسی وابنتی ظاہر ہو ہو۔ مزید یہ کہ کمپنیز ایک 2017 کے بیشن 185 کے مطابق کمپنیز اور اس انداز تم بیشن کے دور کھی ہے کہ مورت میں شیئر ہولڈرز میں تکا نف تقسیم کرے۔

Notice of Annual General Meeting

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2022

I am pleased to deliver my sixth review as Chairman of the Board of Directors ('the Board') of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited ('the Bank'), in line with the requirements of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2017.

Standard Chartered Group views high standards of corporate governance as a critical component for the long-term success of all companies and for the economic health and stability of markets across the globe. As part of the Group's approach to corporate governance, the Board fully recognises that the success of the Bank ultimately depends upon the capacity of the directors to provide the vision and direction needed, not only to survive, but also to develop and prosper. The Board endeavours to maintain and strengthen the high level of corporate governance, improve corporate transparency, ensure the healthy development of the Bank and enhance its corporate values.

The Bank's Board of Directors is comprised of 7 members and is well composed in terms of skills, competency, knowledge, experience and diversity. The Board performs its statutory role and fulfils its objectives by ensuring that the Bank has a competent leadership and an effective executive management. The Board establishes significant policies, frameworks and the code of conduct, and delegates the authorities and responsibilities down the line for the Bank's smooth operations.

The Board has constituted 4 Committees namely, the Board Audit Committee, the Board Human Resource and Remuneration Committee, the Board Risk Committee and the Board Information Technology Committee. All Committees have a defined scope of work and reporting procedures and such Committees are discharging their functions and duties as per their respective terms of reference.

The Board meets frequently enough to discharge adequately its responsibilities and it receives the agenda papers and appropriate supporting materials in sufficient time prior to the Board and its Committee meetings. The Board members have established a very open and candid atmosphere in the boardroom.

During the year under review, 6 meetings of the Board were held in which the Board received presentations on business strategy, financial performance and business updates covering challenges and opportunities. Besides this, the Board's focus areas were digital strategy, customer service, policies, product performance and reviews, cost discipline, capital adequacy and assessment, information and cyber security risk, regulatory compliance and market updates.

The Board has continued to perform its statutory role during another challenging year in terms of the prevailing economic situation and the recovery phase from Covid-19. Challenges facing the businesses were discussed and guidance was provided to management where required. Post fresh election of the directors earlier this year, there have been some changes to the composition of our Board and its Committees. Relevant details have been included in the Directors' reports.

Overall, the performance and effectiveness of the Board has remained satisfactory based on the annual evaluation of the Board which was carried out by the external consultants in 2022. The Board survey was divided into four parts, i.e., the basic ingredients, strategy and risk, major shareholder expectations, and dynamics and information. A few focus areas were picked up by participants where appropriate steps were taken for closure. Surveys of the Board's 4 Committees also showed satisfactory outcomes with a few deliverables which were noted for Board Risk Committee and Board IT Committee. Moreover, survey results of the Chairman, Chief Executive, and Directors' Peer Review were also noted as satisfactory.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank all the stakeholders for their continued trust and support. I also take this opportunity to express my gratitude to my fellow Board members for their valuable contribution.

IAN BRYDEN

CHAIRMAN 16 February 2023

DIRECTORS' REPORT - 31 December 2022

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Directors' Report of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited (SCBPL or the Bank) along with the audited financial statements and auditors' report thereon for the year ended 31st December 2022.

Economy

After witnessing a growth of 5.9% in FY-22, economic activity has decelerated due to political uncertainty, unprecedented floods, inflationary pressures driven by high global commodity prices and measures taken by authorities to curb imports in order to ease pressure on current account deficit. As a result, Central Bank has revised its GDP forecast for FY-23 to 2%, with average headline inflation of 23%-25%.

On the fiscal front, tax collections grew by 17.0% in H1-FY23, slower than the growth envisaged in the budget. The expectation of further slowdown in economic activity and reduction in imports in H2-FY23 poses downside risks to maintaining growth momentum in tax collection.

The current account deficit narrowed by $\sim 60\%$ to \$3.7bn in H1-FY23. This substantial reduction was due to a sharp contraction in imports, reflecting the impact of policy tightening and administrative measures. Imports, exports and remittances declined year on year by 18.2%, 7% and 11% in H1-FY23 respectively.

There is constant drawdown in the official reserves due to lack of financial inflows and ongoing repayments. Further, 9th review of IMF under EFF (USD 1.2bn tranche) has been delayed from scheduled completion in Nov'22 and is expected to be completed in Feb'23. Near-term FX inflows from multilateral and bilateral sources are expected to unlock upon its completion.

On the external front, following a flexible exchange rate regime, PKR depreciated by 18% in January 2023, while the SBP foreign exchange reserves stood at \$3.1bn as of 27th January 2023. Higher international commodity prices together with domestic demand are driving Inflation, which reached 24.5% in Dec'22 (12 month average). To address the rising inflationary pressure and widening current account deficit, SBP has increased policy rate by 7.25% to 17.00% during past 12 months.

Banks in Pakistan continue to be well capitalized with an industry wide CAR of 16.6% and remain profitable with a ROE (after tax) of 14.5% for Q3-22. Meanwhile, NPLs of the banking sector stood at 7.6% at close of Q3-22 (7.9% at close of CY-21).

Purpose

At Standard Chartered, our purpose is to drive commerce and prosperity through our unique diversity. This captures the spirit of Standard Chartered by bringing together the best of what we already have – our incredible diversity of locations, cultures and expertise and ties it to what we do as a Bank – facilitating commerce in the real economy.

Our purpose signifies the way we want to do business with a human aspect as prosperity is not just about financial wealth but contributes towards creating healthier and happier communities. The purpose also embodies a more proactive and high-performance culture.

Our strategic pillars

We have continued to make good progress against the strategic priorities. As we accelerate our strategy, we have refined our focus onto four strategic priorities:

1) Network

Our global network is the key to our ability to compete profitably and remains a differentiator for our clients. We continue to leverage this strength and systematically increase network linked income through innovative solutions, product specialization and structured off-shore offerings. Our focus remains on facilitating our clients in the Belt and Road Initiative and other trade corridors as well as building momentum in Sovereign, Multinational and Local Corporates space.

2) Affluent

We continue to reinforce our strong credentials in the affluent segment by building loyalty and trust through offering our clients personalised wealth advice based on superior insight. Income from our affluent wealth business is up by 9%.

3) Mass Retail

We are investing in a range of proven digital capabilities that can substantially and economically scale up our mass market retail presence. We are doing this with enhanced data analytics and a superior end-to-end digital experience, developing opportunities on our own and with partners. Our digital transaction mix, including "SC Mobile" application

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customers, continue to increase. We have upgraded core banking system to advanced platform and are also spending on state of the art digital capabilities and solutions to drive enhanced client experience.

4) Sustainability

Our commitment to sustainability is not only about the economic activity we finance, but also about how we run our business. We invest in our people, promote the right values, behaviours and conduct, support the fight against financial crime and manage our environmental footprint. Our sustainability strategy seeks to strengthen relationships between our business, community, Government and clients. We will continue to focus on differentiated sustainability offering.

These strategic priorities are supported by three key enablers:

1) People & Culture

We are investing heavily in our people, giving colleagues the skills they need to succeed, bringing in expertise in critical areas and evolving to a more innovative and agile operating model.

2) New Ways of Working

We are fundamentally changing the way we work, accelerating our time-to-market and increasing productivity.

3) Innovation & Technology

We are driving innovation to improve our clients' experience, increase our operational efficiency and tap new sources of income.

Operating Results and Business Overview

	31 December 2022 (PKR millions)	31 December 2021 (PKR millions)
Balance Sheet		
Paid-up capital	38,716	38,716
Total equity	87,521	79,605
Deposits	718,450	626,774
Advances - gross	236,923	255,905
Advances – net	216,208	234,173
Investments - net	477,732	450,583
Profit and Loss	Year ended 31 December 2022 (PKR millions)	Year ended 31 December 2021 (PKR millions)
Revenue	62,649	37,393
Operating expenses	12,811	11,539
Other non-mark-up expenses	1,035	598
Operating profit (before provisions and tax)	48,804	25,256
(Recovery) / provisions and write offs - net	(1,319)	495
Profit before tax	50,123	24,762
Profit after tax	19,844	13,728
Earnings per Share (EPS) – Rupees	5.13	3.55

A record performance by the Bank led to a growth of 102% in profit before tax to PKR 50.1 billion. Overall revenue grew 68%, whereas client revenue increased by 45% year on year with positive contributions from all segments. Operating expenses continue to be well managed through operational efficiencies and disciplined spending with an increase of 14% from comparative period. Moreover, reversal of Covid-19 general provision, coupled with lower impairments as a result of prudent risk approach led to a net release of PKR 1.3 billion in current period compared to a net charge of PKR 0.5 billion in the comparative period.

On the liabilities side, the Bank's total deposits stand at PKR 718bn up by PKR 92 billion (15% growth), whereas current and saving accounts grew by PKR 109 billion (up 19%) since the start of this year and comprise 96% of the deposit base. On asset side, gross advances declined by 7% as a result of subdued economic activity, higher interest rates and a cautious lending approach by the bank. We are monitoring the economic and political landscape and will position our portfolio accordingly. The Bank is well placed to cater for the needs of its clients and will continue its strategy to build a profitable, efficient and sustainable portfolio.

During 2022, the Bank contributed around PKR 38 billion to the national exchequer in lieu of direct income taxes, as an agent of Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) and on account of FED / Provincial Sales Taxes.

The Bank continues to invest in its digital capabilities and infrastructure to enhance our clients' banking experience through the introduction of innovative solutions. We have made steady progress in further strengthening our control and compliance environment by focusing on our people, culture and systems. We are fully committed to sustained growth by consistently focusing on our clients and product suite along with a prudent approach to building the balance sheet while bringing the best in class services to our customers.

Our digital journey is well on-track and we are continuously investing and innovating to provide a seamless client experience throughout all our segments.

Outlook

While the external environment remains challenging, pace of economic recovery will be dependent on improvement in external flows, domestic and geopolitical environment, global commodity prices and impact of recent floods.

Our results demonstrate our strong business fundamentals. We recognise the challenging times ahead and are committed to support our clients and employees whilst ensuring our clients' needs are at the heart of everything we do.

Having strengthened our foundations on controls and conduct we are well equipped to manage our risks, capital and liquidity effectively. The prudent and proactive measures that we are taking now will make us leaner and fitter to take advantage of the opportunities that lie ahead.

External Annual Audit

The financial statements of SCBPL have been audited without any qualification by the auditors of the Bank, namely M/s EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants.

Credit Rating

Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) has maintained the Bank's long-term and short-term ratings of "AAA" (Triple A) and "A1+" (A One Plus) respectively in 2022. These ratings denote the lowest expectation of credit risk emanating from an exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments.

Sustainability

As the largest International Bank in the country, Standard Chartered is an integral part of Pakistan's financial landscape. Through its sustainability and community investment agenda the Bank has demonstrated its commitment to the community. Our sustainability strategy seeks to strengthen relationships between our business, community, Government and clients.

In 2019, the Bank launched its new Community Investment Strategy, Futuremakers by Standard Chartered, empowering the next generation to learn, earn and grow. Futuremakers by Standard Chartered is our global initiative to tackle inequality and promote greater economic inclusion in our communities. We provide young people from low-income households, particularly girls and people with visual impairments, with opportunities to take part in community programmes focused on education, employability and entrepreneurship. We deliver Futuremakers through three Global Community Programmes:

Education: Goal is our global education programme for girls and young women, teaching life skills through sports. In Pakistan this was launched in 2016. Our young girl focused programme grew in 2021 by empowering over 22,000 girls and is currently actively running across 71 schools in Karachi and Islamabad.

Our 'Youth to Work' is our employability programme which aims to support disadvantaged young people, particularly girls and people with visual impairments, to find jobs through work readiness and vocational training. In 2020 the Bank hired two girls who were part of the Goal programme employability module. In 2021 the Bank also launched the Futuremakers

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Inclusive Employability project which focuses on economic empowerment of youth with disabilities. This project is part of 'Futuremakers by Standard Chartered' – the Bank's global initiative to tackle inequality, by promoting economic-inclusion for young people, including those affected by COVID-19. Through this programme the Bank will be reaching out to targeted beneficiaries, including more than 480 youth with disabilities of which 20% will be visually impaired. Expected project outcomes include 20% of the project beneficiaries transitioning into formal employment (including self-employment) and at least 40% of beneficiaries will be females, because currently their participation in the Pakistani labour-force is extremely low.

Entrepreneurs for Growth is our entrepreneurship global programme that builds on our existing financial education training for entrepreneurs and Women in Tech Incubators. We launched the #SCWomenInTech programme in 2019 with the objective of providing a financially inclusive environment for females. This programme aims to support female-led entrepreneurial teams with training, mentorship and seed funding. The programme was developed with the objective to address gender disparity in the entrepreneurial sector and to start or scale up their businesses enabled by technology.

#SCWomenInTech is aimed at helping identify and grow female led businesses by bringing their unique business ideas to the market whilst celebrating women in Pakistan.

Since its launch in Pakistan 88 businesses have gone through extensive training, coaching and mentoring sessions out of which 26 businesses have been given the seed money to scale their business further. This programme aims to promote the economic and social development of women in Pakistan through innovation or technology led entrepreneurship.

The Bank launched its Agri-Preneur project in 2021. Phase 1 of the project was concluded in 2022. As part of this programme, bank worked with 1,000 vulnerable young women and men in rural and peri-urban areas of Punjab and Sindh to grow profitable and sustainable agricultural enterprises. The project focused on supporting young entrepreneurs to develop and sell products in agricultural value chains with strong local potential.

The Bank has contributed USD 249,000 for Flood Relief projects in Pakistan in 2022. This amount has worked towards immediate relief and rehabilitation for Floods by providing support to government and leading charities in Pakistan to support our communities in need.

Green Banking initiatives

We continuously strive to "Do the Right Thing" to become more socially, economically, and environmentally / ecologically responsible. As part of our commitment to deliver sustainable and responsible banking, our Sustainability Aspirations continue to provide a robust set of performance targets to support sustainable outcomes aligned with UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDG). The Bank strives to reach "Net Zero" carbon emissions from its financing activity by 2050. As the Bank aims to reduce the emissions associated with financing activities to net zero, it is also exploring avenues to make greener and transition finance available. This will help clients on a path to net zero while maximising the benefits of a just transition for people and communities.

The Bank is committed to comply with relevant environmental regulations and adopt best practices for continuous reduction of its carbon footprint. In 2022, SCB minimised its own carbon emissions (scope 1 & 2) by 7.1%. This was augmented by adding renewable energy source (solar panels) and smart air-conditioning systems (VRF and inverter) in the head office as well as branches. Also, Bank's Head Office was certified as "Green Office" by WWF-Pakistan for implementing environmental management system and its impact to reduce ecological footprint. Besides this, the Bank has continued initiatives which include environmentally friendly and biodegradable fuel additive for generators and electricity storage in batteries. In addition, the Bank successfully achieved its milestone of planting over 100,000 trees nationwide during the year through active employee volunteering and partnership with local communities.

Moreover, being a propagator of clean energy, the Bank has planned to continue solar installation at branches and is further exploring renewable energy alternatives at other sites as well.

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 ('the Code')

All mandatory regulations have been duly compiled with and there has been no material departure from the rest of regulations given in the Code. Statement of Compliance with the Code and the Auditors' review report thereon form part of the Annual Report.

Statements on Internal Controls and Risk Management Framework

The management of SCBPL is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of adequate internal controls and procedures. Management's Statements on Internal Controls and Risk Management Framework form part of the Annual Report.

The Board is pleased to endorse the management's evaluation on the effectiveness of our overall internal controls including Internal Control over Financial Reporting ('ICFR'), as detailed in the Management's Statements on Internal Controls and Risk Management Framework.

Changes in the Board of Directors since the last report

Pursuant to his retirement from the Standard Chartered Group, Mr. Ian Bryden has decided to stepdown from his office as Chairman and Director on the Board of the Bank. The Board has accepted his resignation effective from 1 April 2023 and would like to place on record its sincere appreciation for Mr. Bryden for his immensely valuable contributions, unconditional support and guidance to the Bank during his seven years tenure on the Board.

Ms. Rola Abu Manneh joined the Board as non-executive director on 3 January 2023 in place of Mr. Adam Long who stepped down from the same date. The Board places on record its appreciation for the valuable support and contributions of Mr. Long during his tenure on the Board.

Mr. Badaruddin Vellani joined the Board as independent director with effect from 15 February 2023 to fill the casual vacancy of an independent director who was elected in the last Extra-Ordinary General Meeting.

Meetings of the Board and its Committees

Details of Board and its Committees meetings held during the year along with attendance by the directors/ members are as under:

Sr.	Name of Director	Board	Meetings	BAC M	leetings	RemCo Meetings BRC Meetings		BITC	BITC Meetings		
No	Nume of Director	Member	Attended ¹	Member	Attended ¹	Member	Attended ¹	Member	Attended ¹	Member	Attended ¹
	Meetings held during the year		6		6		4		4		3
1	lan Bryden	~	6/6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Spenta Kandawalla²	✓	2/2	-	-	✓	1/1	-	-	-	-
3	Towfiq Chinoy	✓	6/6	-	-	✓	4/4	✓	4/4	-	-
4	Ehsan Ali Malik	✓	6/6	✓	6/6	-	-	✓	4/4	✓	3/3
5	Mohamed Abdel Razek	✓	5/6	✓	6/6	-	-	-	-	✓	2/3
6	Adam Long	√	4/6	√	3/6	✓	4/4	-	-	-	-
7	Rehan M. Shaikh	✓	6/6	-	-	-	-	✓	3/4	✓	3/3

¹Leave of absence was granted to the directors/ members who could not attend some of the meetings ² Retired effective 29 April 2022

Directors' Remuneration

The Bank has a formal policy and transparent procedure for remuneration of directors ("the policy") in accordance with the directives of SBP. Key features of the policy are as under:

- Independent non-executive directors as well as non-executive directors (other than Group appointees) of the Bank are eligible to receive a meeting fee for attending the meetings of the Board, its Committee(s) and Shareholders and for holding the office of Chairperson of the Board or its Committee(s).
- Travelling and lodging expenses for Independent non-executive directors as well as non- executive directors (other than Group appointees) of the Bank to attend meetings of the Board, its Committee(s) and Shareholders will be borne by the Bank.
- The fee structure and the quantum of the fees will be reviewed every two years. Any revisions thereof, shall be approved by the Board as well as by the Shareholders (on pre or post facto basis) and form part of the policy.

Board's Evaluation

In order to enhance the overall effectiveness of the Board, its Sub-Committees and individual Directors, the Board has formulated an effective mechanism to undertake the Board Effectiveness Review. The services of an external consultant are engaged to facilitate the Board's annual performance evaluation. All Board members are required to complete their surveys online and the anonymity of the respondents is ensured throughout the process in order to promote an open and frank

Directors' Report 11

exchange of views. The consolidated results of the survey are shared with the Chairman and presented to the Board. The outcomes from the review are collated and form the basis of the action plan which is agreed by the Board for implementation.

Dealing in Shares / Stock Brokerage

The Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit and Company Secretary have confirmed that neither they nor their spouses are engaged in the business of stock brokerage. Furthermore, no trading in shares of the Bank was carried out by the directors, key executives and their spouses/ minor children during the year as confirmed by them.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding forms part of this Annual Report. At 31 December 2022, Standard Chartered Bank, UK (holding company) held 98.99% shares of SCBPL. The directors, chief executive officer and key executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Bank other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.

Statement of investments of Provident, Gratuity and Pension Funds

The value of investments including accrued income of provident and gratuity funds as at 31st December 2022 on the basis of un-audited accounts are:

	PKR 000
Provident Fund	2,946,423
Management Staff Gratuity Fund	2,103,395
Non-Management Staff Gratuity Fund	90,839
Management Staff Pension Fund	55,095
Non-Management Staff Pension Fund	51,189

Dividend

A final cash dividend of 25% (PKR 2.5 per share) has been recommended by the Board of Directors for approval at the 17th Annual General Meeting of the Bank's shareholders. This is in addition to 15.0% (PKR 1.50 per share) interim cash dividend announced / paid during the year.

External Auditors

The Audit Committee has proposed the name of M/s EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants as external auditors of the Bank for the next term. The Board of Directors, on the suggestion of the Audit Committee recommended the name of retiring auditors M/s EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants as external auditors for the next term. The retiring auditors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

As the audit fee is in the process of being negotiated / finalised, the Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Board Audit Committee (BAC), has also proposed to authorise the BAC to negotiate and agree upon the audit fees for the year 2023, subject to concurrence of the Board in the subsequent meeting.

Appreciation and Acknowledgment

We take this opportunity to express our gratitude to our clients and business partners for their continued support and trust. We offer sincere appreciation to the State Bank of Pakistan for their guidance and cooperation extended to the Bank. Finally, we are also thankful to our associates, staff and colleagues for their committed services provided to our valued clients.

On behalf of the Board

Rehan Muhammad Shaikh Chief Executive Officer Ian Bryden Chairman

Karachi: 16 February 2023

31 دىمبر 2022ء

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے ہم انتہائی مسرت سے اسٹینڈ رڈ چارٹرڈ بینک (پاکستان) لمیٹٹر (SCBPL یا بینک) کی ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ نی 31 دیمبر 2022 ءکوختم ہونے والے سال کے پڑتال شدہ کھانتہ جات اور آ ڈیٹرزر پورٹ بیش کررہے ہیں۔

اكانومي (معيشت):

مالی سال 2022 میں شرح نمومیں %5.9 کا اضافہ دیکھنے کے بعد معاثی سرگری میں کی واقع ہوئی ہے جس کی بنیادی وجوہات سیاسی عدم استحکام، غیر متوقع سیاب، عالمی سطح پراجناس کی قیمتوں میں اضافے کے باعث افراط زر کا دباؤاور کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارے میں کی کیلئے اتھار ٹیز کی جانب سے درآمدات کم کرنے کے اقد امات شامل ہیں۔اس کے نتیج میں مرکزی بدیک نے 23 سے 25 فیصد اوسطاً افراط زر کے ساتھ 2023 کی مجموعی قومی پیداوار (GDP) کی شرح میں نظر ثانی کرتے ہوئے اسے 2% تک کر دیا ہے۔

مالی تناظر میں، 2023 کی پہلی ششماہی میں ٹیکس کی وصولی میں %17.0 کا اضافہ ہوا جو کہ بجٹ کے حساب سے کم ہے۔ مالی سال 2023 کی دوسری ششماہی میں معاثی سرگرمیوں میں مزید کی کے امکانات اور در آمدات کی کمی وجہ سے ٹیکس وصولیات میں اضافے کی شرح کم ہونے کا امکان ہے۔

مالی سال 2023 کی پہلی ششماہی میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ لگ بھگ %60 گرکر 3.7 ارب ڈالر پر آگیا۔اس خاطر خواہ کی کا سبب در آمدات میں تیزی ہے کی تھی جو تخت پالیسی اورانظامی اقدامات کے اگر 2023 ارسی افرات کوظا ہر کرتی ہے۔ مالی سال 2023 کی پہلی ششماہی میں در آمدات، بر آمدات اور ترسیلات نے زرمیں سال بدسال بالتر تیب %18.2 ، %7 اور %11 کی کمی واقع ہوئی۔

مالی رقوم کی آمد میں فقدان اور جاری ادائیکیوں کی وجہ سے سرکاری ذخائر مسلسل استعال ہورہے ہیں۔مزید برآس، آئی ایم ایف کا9واں جائزہ (EFF کے تحت 1.2 ارب ڈالر کی قسط) جو کہ نومبر 2022 میں مکمل ہونا تھا، تاخیر کا شکار ہے، توقع ہے کہ پیفرور کی 2023 میں مکمل ہوجائے گا۔اس کی پھیل پرکٹیر طرفہ اور دوطرفہ ذرائع ہے مستقبل قریب میں زرمبادلہ کی آمد کا آغاز ہوجائے گا۔

بیرونی محاذ پر کچکدارشرح مبادلہ کے نظام کے تحت، جنوری 2023 میں پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں %18 کی کی واقع ہوئی، جبکہ 27 جنوری 2023 تک اسٹیٹ بینک کے زیرمبادلہ کے ذخائر 3.11رب ڈالرزر ہے۔ ملکی سطح پر طلب اور عالمی سطح پر اجناس کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ افراطِ زر کا باعث بن رہا ہے جو دسمبر 2022 میں 24.5 فیصد تک پہنچ گیا ہے (12 ماہ کا اوسط)۔ بڑھتے ہوئے افراط زر اور کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کے خیارے کے دباؤ سے نمٹنے کیلئے، SBP نے گزشتہ 12 ماہ کے دوران پالیسی کی شرح میں 7.25 کا اضافہ کرتے ہوئے %17 کردیا ہے۔

پاکستانی مینکس شعبہ بینکاری کےموزوں سرمائے(CAR) کی شرح %16.6 کےساتھ مشتکم رہی اور سال 2022 کی تیسری سہ ماہی کیلئے سرمائے پرمنافع کی شرح بعداز ٹیکس (%14.5 RoE رہی۔ ای دوران بینکنگ سیکٹر کے غیر فعال قرضے سال 2022ء کی تیسری سہ ماہی کے اختتام پر %7.6 (سال 2021ء کے اختتام پر %7.9)رہے۔

مقصد

Driving Commerce and Prosperity through our Unique Diversity اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ کے اساس کا احاطہ کرتی ہے، جسے ہم اپنی بہترین موجودہ صلاحیتوں:''جداگا نہ مقامات پر ہماری موجودگی ،تہذیب اورمہارتیں'' شامل ہیں جن کو بروئے کارلاتے ہوئے حقیقی معیشت میں کاروبار کے فروغ کی سہولت بطور بدیک باہم پہنچاتے ہیں۔

یہ مقصد ہمارے طرزِ کاروبار کاعکًا س ہے جس میں انسانی پہلوکوایک خاص اہمیت حاصل ہے۔ ہمارے لیے ترقی کا مقصد صرف مال ودولت کا حصول نہیں بلکہ ایک صحت افزااور خوشحال معاشرے کے قیام میں معاونت بھی ہے۔ یہ مقصدایک زیادہ پُر اثر اور فعال ماحول کو بھی تقویت دیتا ہے۔

جارى حكمتِ عملى:

ہم نے اپن حکمت عملی کی ترجیحات کی جانب مثبت پیش رفت جاری رکھی ہوئی ہے۔ہم نے اپن حکمت عملی کومؤثر بنانے کیلئے چار ترجیحات پر توجہ مرکوز کی ہے۔

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1) نىپ درك

جماراعالمی نیٹ ورک ہماری مسابقت کی کلید ہےاور ہمارے صارفین کیلئے ایک امتیازی حیثیت رکھتا ہے۔ ہم اس طاقت کو بروئے کارلاتے ہوئے اور انوویڈیوسلوشنز، پروڈ کٹ اسپیشلا کزیشن اوراسٹر کچرڈ آف شور پیشکشوں کے ذریعے نیٹ ورک سے متعلقہ آمدنی کومنظم طریقے سے بڑھاتے ہیں۔ ہماری توجہ بیلٹ اینڈ روڈ انیشیٹیو اور دیگر تجارتی راہداریوں میں اپنے کلائنٹس کی سہولیات کے ساتھ ساتھ، سوورن، ملی نیشنل اور اوکل کارپوریٹ کیلٹر میں مزیدفروغ پر ہے۔

2) متمول صارفين

ہم اپنے تجربے اوراعلی فہم پرپٹی مشورروں کی بنیاد پراپنے صارفین کا اعتاد حاصل کرتے ہوئے اپنی مضبوط ساکھ کی تغییر جاری رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔ہمارے دیلتھ بزنس کی آمدنی میں %9 کا اضافیہ ہواہے۔

3) ماس ريثيل

ہم ڈیجیٹل صلاحیتوں میں مسلسل سرماییکاری کررہے ہیں جوریٹیل مارکیٹ میں ہماری موجودگی کونمایاں کرتی ہے۔اس کی دجہ ہماری ڈیٹا ایٹا لیٹکس اور بہترین ڈیجیٹل سہولیات میں مزید آسانی فراہم کرنا ہے۔ ہمارا ڈیجیٹل ٹرانزیکشن کا پورٹ فولیو،بشمول' ایس سی موبائل'' پیلیکیشن کےصارفین میں برستوراضا فیہور ہاہے۔ہم نے حال ہی میں اپنے بینکنگسٹم کوایک جدید پلیٹ فارم پراپ گر ٹیر کیا ہے،اورکسٹمر کے تج بے کو بہتر بنانے کیلئے جدید ڈیجیٹل استعداداورسلوشنز میں بھی سرما ہیکاری کررہے ہیں۔

4) ساجي ذميداري

ہماراعزم معاثی سرگرمیوں میں قرضہ جات کی فراہمی کے ساتھ اپنے کاروباری طرزعمل کو مدنظر رکھنا ہے۔ہم اپنی صحیح اقد اربطرزعمل اور بہتر کردار کوفروغ دینے ،مالیاتی جرائم اور ماحولیاتی اثرات سے نبرد آزما ہونے کی صلاحیت میں اضافے پرمسلسل سرمایہ کاری کررہے ہیں۔اس کا مقصد اپنے صارفین کاروباری طبقہ اور حکومت کے ساتھ بہترین روابط استوار کرنا ہے۔ہم ساجی استحکام میں مزید پیشرفت کیلئے اپنی کوششیں جاری رکھیں گے۔

حکمت عملی کی ان ترجیجات کوتین کلیدی چیزوں کی معاونت حاصل ہے:

1) لوگ اور ثقافت

ہم اپنے لوگوں میں سرماییکاری کرتے ہوئے اپنے ساتھیوں کووہ مہارتیں فراہم کررہے ہیں جس سےوہ اہم شعبہ جات میں جدت پیدا کرنے کی صلاحیت اورمہارت حاصل کرسکیں۔

2) دفتر ی اطوار

ہم اپنے کام کرنے کے طریقہ کارکو بنیادی طور پر تبدیل کرتے ہوئے ٹائم ٹومارکیٹ میں تیزی کے ساتھ مزیدافادیت حاصل کررہے ہیں۔

3) جدت اور ٹیکنالوجی

ہم اپنے کسٹمر کے تجربے کو بہتر بنانے ،اپنی آپریشنل کارکر د گی کو بڑھانے اور آمدنی کے بئے ذرائع کیلیے مزید جدت لارہے ہیں۔

عملی نتائج اور کاروباری جائزه:

• •	31دممبر 2022ء (ملین یا کتانی رویهے)	31 دسمبر 2021ء (ملین یا کستانی رویے)
بيلنسشيث	·	* *
ا دا کر ده سر مایی	38,716	38,716
کل ایکویٹی	87,521	79,605
ڈ پازٹس(جمع شدہ رقوم)	718,450	626,774
قرضه جات- مجموعی	236,923	255,905
قرضه جات-خالص	216,208	234,173
سر ما پہ کاری- خالص	477,732	450,583

31 دسمبر 2021ء (ملین پاکتانی روپے)	31 وتمبر 2022ء (ملین پا کستانی روپے)	
	•	نقع ونقصاك
37,393	62,649	آمدنی
11,539	12,811	انتظامی اخراجات
598	1,035	دیگرنان مارک اَپ اخراجات
25,256	48,804	کاروباری منافع (غیرفعال مالیات اورسر ماییکاری کے عوض نقصان اورقبل ازنگیس)
495	(1,319)	خالص وصولیات/قرضه جات پرمکنه خساره
24,762	50,123	قبل ازئيس منافع
13,728	19,844	بعداز ثبكس منافغ
3.55	5.13	فی حصص آ مدن(EPS)-روپیه

بینک کی ریکارڈ کارکردگی کی وجہ سے منافع قبل از نیکس %102 کے اضافے کے ساتھ 50.1 ارب روپے پر پہنچ گیا۔ مجموعی طور پر ریونیو %68 بڑھا، جب کہ کلائٹ کی آمدن میں تمام شعبوں کی جانب سے مثبت شراکت کی وجہ سے سال بسال %45 اضافہ ہوا۔ انتظامی اخراجات میں گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں %14 اضافہ دیکھا گیا جس کی بنیادی وجہ بہترین نظم ونتق اور اچھی کارکردگی ہے۔ مزید بران کووڈ۔19 کی مدمیں رکھے گئے مکمنہ خسارے کی ریورسل اور مختاط طریقے اپنانے کی وجہ سے موجودہ مدت میں غیر فعال قرضہ جات میں دیا ارب روپے کی وصولی دیکھی گئی جبکہ پچھلے سال اس عرصے میں میں 5.0 ارب روپے کا قرضہ جات میں خسارہ تھا۔

واجبات کے پہلوسے بینک کے مجموعی کھاتے 718 ارب روپے رہے جس میں 92 ارب روپے (15% زیادہ) تک کا اضافہ ہوا جبکہ کرنٹ اور سیونگ اکاؤنٹس میں اس سال کے آغاز سے 100 ارب روپے (15% زیادہ) کا اضافہ ہوا جبکہ کرنٹ اور بینک کی جانب سے قرض دینے کیلئے مختاط روپے (19% زیادہ) کا اضافہ ہوا ہے جو کہ کل کھاتہ جات کے 96% پر شتمل ہے۔ اٹا ثہ جات کے پہلوسے معاثی سرگری میں کی ، انٹرسٹ کی شرح میں اضافہ اور بینک کی جانب سے قرض دینے کیلئے مختاط طرز عمل کے نتیج میں مجموعی قرضوں میں 7% کمی واقع ہوئی۔ ہم معاثی اور سیاسی صورتحال کا بغور جائزہ لے رہے ہیں اور اس کے مطابق پورٹ فولیونز تیب دیں گے۔ بینک اپنے صارفین کی ضروریات کی مسل کے مطابق پوری طرح آزاستہ ہے اوراکیک منافع بخش ، معیاری اور شخام پورٹ فولیون تشکیل اور تعمیر کی حکمتِ عملی برقر ارد کھے گا۔

سال 2022 کے دوران بینک نے فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریونیو (FBR) کے ایجنٹ کے طور پرانکم ٹیکس، FED /صوبائی سیاز ٹیکس کی مدمین قومی خزانے میں تقریباً 138ارب روپے جمع کرائے۔

بینک اپنے صارفین کوجد بدسہولیات سے متعارف کروانے کیلئے اپنی ڈیجیٹل صلاحیتوں اور بنیادی ڈھانچے میں مسلسل سرماییکاری کررہاہے۔ہم نے نظام کی بہتری کیلئے اپنے لوگوں کی تربیت، اقد اراورانضباط کی مضبوطی پرخصوصی توجد دی ہے۔ہم نے بیلنس شیٹ کے استحکام کیلئے دانشمندانہ حکمت عملی اپنائی ہے۔ہم نے اپنی خصوصی توجہ صارفین کیلئے اعلیٰ معیار کی خدمات فراہم کرنے اور اپنی پروڈ کٹ پورٹ فولیوکو بہتر بنانے پرمرکوز کردکھی ہے۔

ہمارا ڈیجیٹل سفرمتعین کردہ راہ پر گامزن ہےاورہم تمام شعبوں میں سرماییکاری اورجدت طرازی جاری رکھے ہوئے ہیں تا کہصارفین کیلئے خدمات کی فراہمی تسلسل کے ساتھ کی جائے۔

معاشى منظرنامه:

اگرچه بیرونی منظرنامه دشوار ہے۔ تا ہم معیشت کی بحالی کی رفتار کا انتصار زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر ملکی اور جغرافیا کی سیاسی ماحول، اشیاء کی عالمی قیمتوں میں بہتری اور حالیہ سیال بے اثرات پر ہوگا۔

نتائج ہمارے مضبوط اور شخکم کاروباری اصولوں کوظا ہر کرتے ہیں۔ہم جانتے ہیں کہ آنے والےوقت میں چیلنجز کا سامنار ہے گااورہم اپنے صارفین اورملاز مین کی مدد کیلئے پُرعز م ہیں اورہم یقین دلاتے ہیں کہ ہمارے صارفین کی ضروریات کومرکزیت حاصل رہے گی۔

انضباط اورکردار پر بنیادوں کومضبوط کر کے ہم سرمائے اور رقوم کی مؤٹرنظم کاری کیلئے پوری طرح تیار ہیں۔ پیچتاط اور فعال اقدامات، بینک کومزید توانا کررہے ہیں تا کہ آنے والےمواقعوں سے بھر پور فائدہ حاصل کیا جاسکے۔

Directors' Report - Urdu 15

سالانه بيروني آ دُك:

اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ بینک پاکتان کمیٹڈ کےکھانہ جات کا آ ڈٹ بینک کے آ ڈیٹرمیسر EY فورڈ رہوڈ ز، چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس نے کیااور بغیرکسی اختلاف پیٹی اپورٹ بیش کی۔

كريدك ريثنك:

2022ء میں پاکتان کریڈیٹ ریٹنگ ایجنبی (PACRA) نے بینک کی بالتر تیب''AAA''(ٹرپل اے)اور''+A1''(اےون پلس) طویل مدّ تی اورقبیل مدّ تی درجہ بندی کو برقر اررکھا ہے۔ بید درجہ بندیاں مالیاتی وعدوں کے بروقت ادائیگی کیلیئے مشحکم صلاحیت کا اظہار کرتی ہیں۔

ساجي ذمه داري:

ملک کے سب سے بڑے بین الاقوامی بینک کی حیثیت سے اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ، پاکستان کے مالی منظرنا مے میں ایک لازمی جزو کی حیثیت رکھتا ہے۔ اپنے ای نظریۓ اور معاثی اُمور میں سرماۓ کے استعال کے ذریعے بینک نے معاثی حوالے سے اپنے پُرخلوص عزم کا اظہار کیا ہے۔ ہم بہتر حکمتِ عملی کی مددسے اپنے برنس، سماح، حکومت اور صارفین کے ساتھ مضبوط تعلقات استوار کرنے کے خواہاں ہیں۔

ایج پیشن گول کڑ کیوں اور نو جوان خواتین کیلئے بذر لیے کھیل زندگی کی مہبارت کی تعلیم دینے والا ہمارا عالمی تعلیمی پروگرام ہے۔ پاکستان میں اس کی شروعات2016ء میں کی گئی تھی اور یہ 2021 تک 22,000 سے زائدلڑ کیوں کو بااختیار بناچکا ہے اوراس وقت بیکرا چی اوراسلام آباد کے 71 اسکولڑ میں پوری سرگرمی سے چلایا جارہا ہے۔

ا پڑھو ورک اہماراروزگار پروگرام ہے جس کا مقصد کیسماندہ نو جوانوں ، خاص طور پرلڑکیوں اور بصارت سے محروم لوگوں کو پیشہ ورانہ تربیت کے ذریعے ملاز متیں تلاش کرنے میں مدوفراہم کرنا ہے۔2020 میں بینک نے دولڑکیوں کی خدمات حاصل کیں جو گول پروگرام کے ملازمت کے ماڈیول کا حصہ تھیں۔ 2021 میں بینک نے دولڑکیوں کی خدمات حاصل کیں جو گول پروگرام کے ملازمت کے ماڈیول کا حصہ تھیں ہونو جوانوں کی معیشت میں شمولیت کوفروغ و بے کرعدم مساوات سے نمٹنے کیا جس کا مقصد معذور نو جوانوں کو معیشت میں شمولیت کوفروغ و بے کرعدم مساوات سے نمٹنے کے لیے بینک کا عالمی اقدام ہے اوراس میں کووڈ - 19 کے متاثرین بھی شامل ہیں۔ پروگرام کے تحت بینک 480 سے زائد معذور نو جوانوں کومستفید کرے گا جن میں سے 20 فیصد بصارت سے محروم افراد شامل ہیں۔ متوقع منصوبے سے مستفید ہونے والوں میں %20 رسی ملازمت کا حصول کریں گے (بشمول ذاتی کاروبار) اس پروجیکٹ میں کم از کم %40 خواتین شامل ہیں ، کیونکہ اس وقت پاکستانی لیبر فورس میں ان کی شرکت انتہائی کم ہے۔

ا مثرا پر بینور فار گروتھ ہمارا فروغ کاروبار کاعالمی پروگرام ہے جو ٹیک انکو بیٹر زیس کاروباری افراد اور خواتین کیلئے ہماری موجودہ مالی تعلیم کی تربیت پر استوار ہے۔2019میں ہم نے SCWomenInTech پروگرام کا آغاز کیا جس کا مقصد خواتین کومعاثی شمولیت پرمٹی ماحول فراہم کرنا ہے۔اس پروگرام کا مقصد خواتین کے زیر قیادت کاروباری شیم کی تربیت،سر پرسی اور سے مواقعوں کیلئے مالی اعانت فراہم کرنا ہے۔ یہ پروگرام کاروباری شیمے میں صنفی امتیاز کے خاتمے اور ٹیکنالوجی کے ذریعے کاروبارکا آغاز کرنے یافروغ دیئے کیلئے تیار کیا گیا ہے۔

SCWomenInTech# کا مقصد پاکستان میں خواتین کوان کے منفر دیزنس آئیڈیاز کو مارکیٹ میں لاکرخواتین کی سربراہی میں کاروبار کی نشاندہی اور فروغ میں مد فراہم کرنا ہے۔

پاکستان میں اس کے آغاز کے بعدے اب تک 88 کاروباروسیع تربیت،کو چنگ اوررہنمائی کےسیشنز سے گزر چکے ہیں جن میں سے 26 کاروباروں کواپنے کاروبارکومزید بڑھانے کے لیےسیڈمنی دی گئی ہے۔اس پروگرام کامقصد جدت طرازی یا ٹیکنالو تی کی قیادت میں انٹر پرینیورشپ کے ذریعے پاکستان میں خواتین کی معاثی اورسا بی ترقی کوفروغ دینا ہے۔

بینک نے 2021 میں اپناا گری- پرینور پروجیکٹ شروع کیا۔ اس منصوبے کا پہلامرحلہ سال 2022 میں اختتا م پزیر ہوا۔ اس پروگرام میں معاونت کے طور پربینک نے منافع بخش اور پائیدارزی اداروں کی ترقی کیلئے پنجاب اور سندھ کے دیجی اور شہری علاقوں میں 1,000 نوجوان خواتین اور مردوں کے ساتھ کام کیا ہے۔ پراجیکٹ نوجوان کاروباریوں کو مضبوط مقامی صلاحیت کے ساتھ زرعی مصنوعات تیار کرنے اور فروخت کرنے میں مدد کرنے پرتوجیم کوزکر تاہے۔

بینک نے سال 2022 میں پاکتان میں فلڈ ریلیف پر جیکٹس کیلئے 2 لاکھ 49 ہزارڈالر کی امداوفراہم کی ہے۔اس رقم سے حکومت اور پاکتان میں سرکردہ خیراتی اواروں کی معاونت سے سیلاب متاثرین کیلئے فوری ریلیف اور بحالی کا کام کیا گیا۔

سنربينكنگ كاقدامات:

ہم سابی ، اقتصادی ، اور ماحولیاتی / حیاتیاتی تنوع پرزیادہ ذمہ دار بننے کے لیے "صحیح کام کریں" کی مسلسل کوشش کرتے ہیں۔ ذمہ داران بینکنگ فراہم کرنے کے ہمارے عزم کے طور پراور ہماری سابی استحکام کی خواہشات ، مشحکم سابی ترقیاتی اہداف (2050 کے سابی ترقیاتی اہداف (SDG) کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔ بینک 2050 تک اپنی فٹانسنگ سرگرمیوں سے "نیٹ زیرو" کا رین کے اخراج تک پہنچنے کی کوشش کرے گا۔ جیسا کہ بینک کا مقصد فٹانسنگ سرگرمیوں سے وابستہ اخراج کونیٹ زیروتک کم کرنا ہے۔ بیسر سبزاورٹر انزیشن فٹانس کو دستیاب کرنے کے راستے بھی تلاش کر رہا ہے۔ بیصارفین کوخالص صفر کاربن اخراج کی راہ پرگامزن کرنے میں مدد کرے گا جبکہ لوگوں اور کمیونٹیز کے لیے منصفانہ تنتقلی کے فوائد میں اضافے کا باعث بے گا۔

بینک متعلقہ ماحولیاتی ضوابط کی تعمیل کرنے اور اپنے کاربن فٹ پرنٹ میں مسلسل کی کے لیے بہترین طریقوں کو اپنانے کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔2022 میں 8CB نے اپنے کاربن کے اخراج (اسکوپ 18 کو 7.1% ہے کہ کیا ہے اور اس کیلئے ہیڈ آفس کے ساتھ ساتھ برانچوں میں قابل تجدید تو انائی کے ذرائع (سولر پینلز) اور سارٹ ایئر کنڈیشننگ سٹم (VRF)اور انورٹر) کو شامل کیا گیا ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ ، بینک کے ہیڈ آفس کو WWF-Pakistan کی جانب سے ماحولیاتی انتظامی نظام کو نافذ کرنے اور ماحولیاتی اثر ات کو کم کرنے کے لیے "گرین آفس" کے طور پرسند دی گئی ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ ، بینک نے ایسے اقد امات جاری رکھے ہیں جن میں جزیئرز کے لیے ماحول دوست اور بائیوڈ بگریڈ بیل فیول ایڈیٹو اور بیٹریوں میں الیکٹرٹی اسٹوری شامل ہیں۔ مزید برآس، بینک نے فعال ملاز مین کی رضا کارانہ خدمات اور مقامی کمیونٹیز کے ساتھ شراکت داری کے ذریعے سال کے دوران ملک تجرمیں 100,000 سے زیادہ ورخت لگانے کاسنگ میں کامیابی سے مطرکیا ہے۔

مزید برآں،صاف توانائی کاپرچار کرنے والے کے طور پر، بینک نے برانچز میں ششی توانائی کی تنصیب جاری رکھنے کامنصوبہ بنایا ہے اور دیگرمقامات پرجھی قابل تجدید توانائی کے ذرائع تلاش کررہا ہے۔

العاد كمپنيز (كود آف كار بوريث كورنس)ر يكوليشنز، 2019 (دى كود ا) كساته مطابقت كابيان:

تمام لازمی قوائد کی مکمل پاسداری کی جارہی ہے اوراس کوڈ (ضا بطے) میں دیۓ گئے باقی تمام قوائد ہے مجموعی طور پرانحراف نہیں کیا گیا۔کوڈ کے ساتھ کمپلائنس کااٹیٹمنٹ (بیان)اوراس پرآڈیٹرزریوررپورٹ اس سالاندریورٹ کا حصہ ہے۔

استیمنٹ برائے اندرونی انضباط اور خطرات سے نمٹنے کا فریم ورک:

اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ بینک (پاکتان) کمیٹڈ کی انتظامیہموزوں انٹزل کنٹرول اورطریقہ کار کے نظام کوقائم کرنے اور برقر ارر کھنے کی ذمہ دارہے۔انٹزل کنٹرول اور رسک پنجمنٹ فریم ورک سے متعلق انتظامیہ کے بیانات سالاندرپورٹ کا حصہ ہیں۔

بورڈ ہمارے مجموعی داخلی کنٹرولز کی تاثیر پرانتظامیہ کے جائزے کی توثیق کرتا ہے جس میں مالیاتی رپورٹنگ پراندرونی کنٹرول ('ICFR') شامل ہے، جس کی تفصیل اندرونی کنٹرول اور رسک مینجمنٹ فریم ورک پرمینجمنٹ کے بیانات میں ہے۔

گزشتەر بورك سےاب تك بورد آف دائر يكٹرز مين تبديليان:

اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ گروپ سے ریٹائر منٹ کے بعد، جناب این برائیڈن نے بینک کے بورڈ کے چیئر مین اور ڈائر یکٹر کے عہدے سے سبدوش ہونے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے۔ بورڈ نے کیمارپریل 2023سے ان کاستعفی قبول کرلیا ہے اوران کے سامت سالہ دور میں بینک کیلئے ان کی بے پناہ قبتی شراکت، غیر مشروط تعاون اور رہنمائی کیلئے بورڈ جناب برائیڈن کی مخلصانہ کوششوں کوسراہتا ہے۔

محتر مدرولا ابوما منہ نے 3 جنوری 2023 کو جناب ایٹر ملائگ کی جگہ نان ایگزیکٹیوڈ ائر یکٹر کے طور پر بورڈ میں شمولیت اختیار کی جنہوں نے اس تاریخ سے سبکدوثی اختیار کی۔ بورڈ جناب ایٹرم لانگ کی مدت کے دوران ان کی قابل قدر خدمات اوراعلی معاونت کوسراہتا ہے۔

جناب بدرالدین ولانی 15 فروری 2023 سے بورڈ میں بطور خودمختار ڈائر کیٹر شامل ہوئے تا کہ ایک خودمختار ڈائر کیٹر کی خالی آسامی کو پر کیا جاسکے جن کو گزشتہ غیر معمولی اجلاس عام میں منتخب کیا گیا تھا۔

Directors' Report - Urdu 17

بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس

سال کے دوران بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس کے انعقا داور حاضری کی تفصیلات جس میں ڈائر یکٹرز/ممبرز نے شرکت کی ، درج ذیل ہیں:

کےاجلاس	بي آئي ٿي ي	كاجلاس	بي آرى_	اجلاس	ر پیمکو کے	کے اجلاس	بياسي	واجلاس	پورڈ کے		.4.2
حاضری ¹	ممبر	حاضری ¹	ممبر	حاضری ¹	ممبر	حاضری ¹	ممبر	حاضری ¹	ممبر	ڈائر <i>بیٹر</i> کانام	نمبرثثار
;	3		4		4		6	(6	سال کے دوران منعقد ہونے والے اجلاس	
-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	6/6	~	این برائڈن	1
-	-	-	-	1/1	~	-	-	2/2	~	اسپینیا کا نڈاوالا ²	2
-	-	4/4	~	4/4	•	-	-	6/6	~	توفيق چنوئے	3
3/3	~	4/4	~	-	-	6/6	~	6/6	~	احسان على ملك	4
2/3	~	-	-	-	-	6/6	~	5/6	~	محمة عبدالرازق	5
-	-	-	-	4/4	~	3/6	~	4/6	~	ایڈم لونگ	6
3/3	~	3/4	~	-	-	-	-	6/6	~	ر يحان مُحمد شيخ	7

دُائرُ يَكْثُرزُ كَيْ مِراعات:

بینک کے پاس اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکتان کی ہدایات کےمطابق ڈائر کیٹرز کےمعاوضے (''پالیسی'') کیلئے با قاعدہ نظام اور شفاف طریقہ کارہے۔ پالیسی کی کلیدی خصوصیات یہ ہیں:

- بینک کے آزادنانا گیزیکٹیوڈائر بکٹرز کے ساتھ ساتھ نانا گیزیکٹیوڈائر بکٹرز (جوگروپ کے ملاز مین نہیں ہیں)وہ بورڈ کے اجلاس میں حاضری کیلئے میٹنگ فیس حاصل کرنے کیلئے اہل ہوں گے۔ اس کی کمیٹی (ز)اور ثیبئر ہولڈرزاور بورڈ کے چیئر بین کا آفس رکھنے کیلئے اوراس کی کمیٹی (ز) کے بھی اہل ہوں گے۔
- ، آزادنانا گیزیکٹیوڈائر کیٹرز کے ساتھ ساتھ نانا گیزیکٹیوڈائر کیٹرز (جوگروپ کے ملاز مین نہیں ہیں) کیلئےٹر پولنگ اورلاجنگ اخراجات جو بورڈ کے اجلاس میں شریک ہوتے ہیں یااس کی کمیٹی (ز) یا شیئر ہولڈرز کے اجلاس میں شریک ہوتے ہیں بینک کی جانب سے برداشت کیے جائیں گے۔
- فیس اسٹر کچراورفیس کی مقدار کا ہر دوسال بعد جائزہ لیا جائے گا۔اس کی کوئی ترمیم ، بورڈ کے ساتھ ساتھ شیئر ہولڈرز کی جانب سے بھی منظور کی جائے گی (پہلے یا بعد کی بنیاد پر)اوراس پالیسی کے جزو کی تشکیل کر ہےگا۔

بورڈ کی جانچ اور تجزیہ:

بورڈ نے اپنی سب کمیٹیز اور انفرادی ڈائر کیٹرز کی مجموعی مؤثریت میں اضافے کی غرض ہے ایک مؤثر مکیزم وضع کیا ہے تاکہ بورڈ کی مؤثریت کا جائزہ لیا جائے ۔ ایک ایکٹرل کنسٹنٹ کی خدمات بورڈ کی سے ایک مؤثریت کا جائز کی جائے گا تاکہ خیالات سالانہ کارکردگی کی جائج کیلئے حاصل کی گئی ہیں۔ تمام بورڈ ممبرز ہے اُن کے سرویز آن لائن مکمل کرنا مطلوب ہوتا ہے اور جواب دہندہ کی گمنا می اس پورے پروسس کے دوران بیٹی بنائی جائے گی تاکہ خیالات سے آزادانہ اور بے تکلف تباد کے کا فروغ ہو۔ سروے کے جامع نتائج چیئر مین کے ساتھ شیئر کیے جاتے ہیں اور بورڈ کے سامنے رکھے جاتے ہیں۔ جائزے سے اخذ ہونے والے نتائج جشمول ایکشن پیان بورڈ کی منظوری سے نافذ العمل ہوتے ہیں۔

¹ غیر حاضری کی رخصت ان ڈائر کیٹر ز/ممبر ز کودی گئی جو کچھا جلاس میں شریک نہیں ہو سکتے تھے۔

2ر یٹائرڈ، 29 اپریل 2022 سے قابلِ اطلاق

شيئرز/اسٹاك بروكريج ميں لين دين:

ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹیو فیسر، چیف فناشل آفیسر، ہیڈ آف انٹرنل آڈٹ اور کمپنی سیکریٹری تصدیق کرچکے ہیں کہ ندوہ اور نہ ہی ان کے شریک حیات اشاک بروکری کے کاروبار سے نسلک رہے ہیں۔ مزید مید کہ ڈائر کیٹرز، اہم ایگزیکٹیوز اوران کے شریک حیات/ چھوٹے بچوں کی جانب سے اس سال کے دوران جیسا کہ ان کی جانب سے تصدیق کردگ گئی ہے بینک کے ٹیئرز میں کوئی لین دین نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔

شيئر مولدُنگ كاانداز:

پٹرن آفشیئر ہولڈنگ سالاندر پورٹ کاھتہ ہے۔31 دئمبر 2022ء کو،اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ بینک،) UK (ہولڈنگ کمپنی) کے پاس SCBPL کے %98.99 شیئرز تھے۔ڈائر یکٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹیوآ فیسر، اور دیگرا ہم ایگزیکٹیوز بینک کے شیئرز (حصص) میں کوئی دلچین نہیں رکھتے ،سوائے اس کے جواس پیٹرن آفشیئر ہولڈنگ میں ظاہر کردیے گئے ہیں۔

يروويدن ، گريجويل اور پنشن فندركى انوستمنك كابيان:

انویسٹمنٹس کی مالیت بشمول پروویڈنٹ اور گریجویٹی فنڈز کی جمع شدہ آمدن 31 دسمبر 2022ء کے غیر آ ڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس کی بنیاد پرورج ذیل ہیں:

	000 پاکستانی روپے
پروو پیژنٹ فنٹر	2,946,423
مینجمنٹ اسٹاف گریجو یٹی فنڈ	2,103,395
نان- مینجمنٹ اسٹاف گریجو بیٹی فنڈ	90,839
مينجمنث اساف بيشن فنذ	55,095
نان- مینجمنٹ اسٹاف پیشن فنڈ	51,189

دُيويْدُندُ (منافع منقسمه)

بینک کے صص یافتگان کی 17 ویں سالا نہ عام اجلاس میں منظوری کیلئے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے %25(2.5روپے فی حصص) کے حتی نقد منافع کی سفارش کی ہے۔ یہ %15.0 روپے فی حصص) عبوری نقذ ڈیویڈنڈ کے علاوہ ہے جوسال کے دوران اعلان/ادا کیا گیا۔

بيروني آ ڈیٹرز

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی نے زمیسرزای وائی فورڈر ہوڈز، چارٹرڈا کاؤٹٹٹس کانام آئندہ مدت کے لیے بینک کے بیرونی آ ڈیٹرز کے طور پرتجویز کیا ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز نے آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی تجویز پر ریٹائز ہونے والے آ آ ڈیٹرز میسرزای وائی فورڈ رہوڈز، چارٹرڈا کاؤٹٹٹس کواگل مدت کے لیے بطور بیرونی آ ڈیٹرز کے طور پرتجویز کیا ہے۔ ریٹائز ہونے والے آ ڈیٹرز، اہل ہونے کے ناطے، آئندہ سالانہ اجلاس عام میس دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے خودکو پیش کرتے ہیں۔

جیسا کہ آ ڈٹ فیس کانعین منظوری کے مراحل میں ہے ، پورڈ آ ف ڈائر بیکٹرزنے ، پورڈ آ ڈٹ کمیٹی (BAC) کی سفارش پر ، پورڈ آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کوسال 2023 کے لیے آ ڈٹ فیس پر گفت وشنیداورا تفاق کرنے کا اختیار دینے کی تجویز پیش کی ہےفیس کااطلاق آئندہ اجلاس میں بورڈ کی منظوری ہے مشروط ہوگا۔

ستائش واعتراف

ہم اس موقع پراپنے صارفین اور کاروباری رفقائے کارسے ان کے مسلس تعاون اوراعتاد کیلئے بھرو پوراظہار تشکر کرتے ہیں۔ہم بینک دولت پاکستان کوان کی جانب سے اس بینک کی طرف فراہم کی گئی رہنمائی اوراعانت کیلئے اپنا پرخلوص اعتراف پیش کرتے ہیں۔آخر میں ہم اپنے تمام وابستگان، عملے اور ساتھیوں کے شکر گزار ہیں جنہوں نے جمارے معز زصارفین کیلئے گراں قدرخد مات انجام دیں۔

منجانب بورڈ

۷ ریحان محمد پیشخ

چيف انگزيکڻيوآ فيسر

كراچى:16 فرورى2023

The following statements are made by the management to meet the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan ("SBP") BSD Circular Letter No. 2 of 2005 and BSD Circular Letter No. 3 of 2005.

Internal Controls

- 1. Management of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited ("the Bank" or "SCBPL") is responsible for establishing and maintaining a sound system of internal controls aimed at achieving the following objectives of the Bank:
 - Efficiency and effectiveness of operations
 - Compliance with applicable laws and regulations
 - Reliability of financial reporting
- 2. Management has adopted different strategies to ensure effective monitoring and improvement of internal controls. These include Enterprise Risk Management Framework and Internal Audit in which assurance responsibilities are divided into three lines of defence i.e. the business functions, control functions independent of the business functions and Group Internal Audit.
- 3. The policies and procedures in all significant areas, and as per the directives of the regulators, have been duly approved by the Board.
- 4. The Board ensures that the external auditors interact with the Audit Committee and present their Management Letter to the Board directly.
- 5. An organization structure has been established which supports clear lines of communication and tiered levels of authority with accountability.
- 6. The Bank has an effective Internal Audit function, which reports directly to the Audit Committee of the Board. The function periodically carries out detailed reviews / audits of its branches and various departments / units based on a yearly plan which is approved by the Audit Committee.
- 7. Internal control policies, tools and reporting structures have been enhanced to provide greater clarity over roles and responsibilities. Relevant training materials are updated on a going basis and staff members are provided training commensurate to their job roles and responsibilities.
- 8. Management gives due consideration to the recommendations made by the internal and external auditors for improvements in the internal control system and acts to implement such recommendations.
- 9. Management has also put in place evaluation and approval procedures for major capital expenditure and other transactions.
- 10. There is an annual budgeting and strategic planning process. Financial forecasts are reviewed during the year on a periodic basis to reflect significant changes in business environment. Regular reporting and monitoring of financial performance of the departments and the Bank as a whole, using operating statistics and monthly management accounts which highlight key performance indicators and variance from budgets and forecasts is in place.
- 11. Review and implementation of health, safety, environment and contingency management processes and other significant policies are carried out and reporting mechanism is in place.
- 12. SCBPL maintains a system of Internal Controls over Financial Reporting ("ICFR"), which is designed to provide reasonable assurance to the Bank's management and Board of Directors regarding the preparation of reliable published financial statements. The system contains self- monitoring mechanisms, and corrective actions are taken to remediate deficiencies as these are identified. Management acknowledges that an effective internal control system, no matter how well designed, has inherent limitations and therefore can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to achievement of the system's objectives. The Bank has documented a comprehensive ICFR Governance Framework which has been approved by the Board of Directors.

Update and review of ICFR system for the year 2022 as per SBP Guidelines on Internal Controls has been successfully completed and the Annual Assessment Report for the year 2022 is in finalization stage. SCBPL is fully committed to making continuous efforts to improve the internal control system.

Enterprise Risk Management Framework

The Bank has put in place an Enterprise Risk Management Framework ("ERMF"), to implement the guidelines and regulations, related to Risk Management. The ERMF sets out the principles and standards for risk management across the Bank which includes:

- Risk Culture: A healthy risk culture to identify and assess current and future risks, to openly discuss and take prompt actions.
- Strategic Risk Management: The approach followed by the Bank ensures that the strategy and corporate plans are aligned with the Bank's risk framework and risk appetite.
- Conduct Risk Management: The approach followed by the Bank ensures Conduct Risk is always considered when
 making material strategic decisions that may impact clients, investors, shareholders, counterparties, employees,
 markets, and competition.
- Principal Risks: There are nine principal risks which are managed through distinct Risk Type Frameworks ("RTFs") and
 the related Country Addendums. These include Credit, Traded, Treasury, Operational and Technology, Model,
 Reputational and Sustainability, Compliance, Information & Cyber Security and Financial Crime. These risks are
 embedded in the Bank's strategy and business models.
- Risk Appetite: The Bank reviews and sets its risk appetite annually through a structured process. Risk appetite determines the maximum amount of risk the Bank is willing to assume in pursuit of its strategy while remaining within its risk capacity.
- Role and Responsibilities: The framework also defines the responsibilities of the first line, the second line and the third line of defence for effective internal control.

The ultimate responsibility for the oversight of risk management function rests with the Bank's Board of Directors and the Board Risk Committee ("BRC"). Acting within the authority delegated by the Board, the Executive Committee ("EXCO") has appointed the Executive Risk Committee ("ERC") and the Asset and Liability Committee ("ALCO"), for effective Risk Management. There are various other risk related committees and forums at the management level. These include Approvals Committee, Country Financial Crime Risk Committee, Credit Issue Committee, Compliance and Conduct Management Committee ("CCMC"), IT Steering Committee etc.

ERC is chaired by the Country Chief Risk Officer ("CCRO"), through authority delegated by the Board via the Bank's EXCO.

The first line of defence is responsible for identification, assessment, monitoring and escalation of risk and issues to the second line of defence and senior management, setting and executing risk remediation plans, owning and designing processes, controls and standards for adherence to RTF's and policies. The second line of defence is primarily responsible for oversight and challenge of risk management. The CCRO is supported by a team of competent and experienced managers, including Senior Credit Officer responsible for credit risk in Corporate/ Commercial and Investment Banking ("CCIB") business, Country Credit Head – Consumer, Private and Business Banking ("CPBB") is responsible for credit risk management of CPBB business including Collections and Recoveries, Head of Stressed Asset Risk is responsible for review and approval of classified portfolio, Head of Traded and Treasury Risk responsible for risks associated with price movements, changes in interest rates, exchange rate movements, capital adequacy and overseeing the liquidity position. Country Head of Operational Risk is responsible for overseeing the operational risk from the second line perspective and Head Risk Governance is responsible for enterprise risk management and governance.

The Bank has established policies, procedures, standards, product programs etc. and has provided the Risk teams adequate support by way of systems and tools for identification, measurement, monitoring, controlling, and reporting of all types of risks.

Following are the important areas of the risk management function within the Bank:

Credit Risk

Credit Risk is defined as the "potential for loss due to the failure of a counterparty to meet its agreed obligations to pay the Bank". The credit risk management process is driven by the Bank's Enterprise Risk Management Framework including two credit risk type frameworks covering CCIB and CPBB Credit.

The CCIB Credit Risk Type Framework ("CRTF") sets out the overall risk management approach for Credit Risk of these

business segments. The CRTF is built on a risk-based approach, meaning the risk management plans, processes, activities, and resource allocations are in accordance with the level of risk. The framework considers processes and tools that are forward-looking – which are repeatable, sustainable and anticipate future needs. The First Line, which are the lines of businesses as and functions engaged in or supporting revenue generating activities gives due consideration to the apparent Credit Risk at the point of the strategic choices and/or decision making.

The BRC and ERC are responsible to oversee the implementation of the Bank's credit risk management frameworks and Risk Appetite Mandate of the Bank. The committees ensure that the risk exposures for all types of risk across the Bank remain within the overall risk appetite and mandate.

Lending to counterparties is subject to a robust credit assessment that includes (but not limited to) evaluation of the client's credit quality including willingness, ability and capacity to pay. Suitability and appropriateness assessment are completed for all counterparties to ensure only credit products / facilities which are appropriate to the nature and scale of the counterparty's business are provided.

For CPBB Credit Risk, the approach is to support the delivery of optimum risk adjusted returns, with controlled volatility, and within overall risk appetite. A suitability and appropriateness assessment need to be completed by the first line of defence to ensure only product / facilities which are appropriate and suitable for clients are offered. Credit exposures will be permitted only against products / facilities which are at minimum covered by an approved Product Program, Credit Approval Document and Credit Risk Management Standards / Campaign Recommendation Document.

Stressed Assets Group ("SAG") is a separate workout specialist unit within the Bank to manage CCIB Problem Accounts. The Stressed Asset Risk ("SAR") unit is a second line function within CCIB Risk which is responsible for the review and approval of all proposals concerning client strategy (including any new money requests, restructuring, enforcement action) and for Loan Impairments for Problem Accounts.

There is a clearly articulated policy with established procedures for taking adequate Loan Impairments, Settlements, Waivers and Write offs of portfolio when the delinquencies are identified. The account managers closely watch the downgraded portfolio and initially try to recover through cash flows. As a last resort the sale of collateral through judicial process is exercised.

Traded Risk

The Bank has adopted the Traded Risk Type Framework ("TRTF") which sets out the overall risk management approach for Traded Risk. Traded Risk is defined as: "Potential for loss resulting from activities undertaken by the Bank in financial markets". Under the TRTF, the Bank recognizes two risk subtypes:

- 1) Market Risk, as the "Potential for fair value loss due to adverse moves in financial markets". Market Risk exposures arise primarily from interest rate movements and foreign exchange related contracts. The Bank does not have significant exposure to equity and commodity price risk.
- 2) Counterparty Credit Risk as "Potential for loss in the event of the default of a derivative counterparty, after taking into account the value of eligible collaterals and risk mitigation techniques".

Traded Risk Management ("TRM") function performs market risk management activities for the Bank. Market risk limits are proposed by TRM after discussion with relevant businesses and are reviewed twice a year. Under the framework, authority for setting market risk limits is delegated to the local risk committee i.e. ERC. Overall risk appetite is set by the Board in terms of Value at Risk ("VaR") and Stress Loss Trigger.

Bank measures the risk of losses arising from future potential adverse movements in market rates, prices and volatilities using a VaR methodology. The Bank uses historical simulation approach to measure VaR which is complemented by weekly stress testing of Market Risk exposures to highlight the potential risk that may arise from extreme market events that are deemed rare but plausible. Sensitivity measures are also used in addition to VaR & stress testing as risk management tools.

Any excess in limits results in escalation to senior management, with the level of escalation depending upon nature of excess. These limits are monitored daily as part of daily risk reporting. The BRC and the ERC provide primary oversight for Traded Risk.

Treasury Risk

During 2022, the Board of Directors approved the new Treasury Risk Framework which replaces the Capital and Liquidity Risk Type Framework. The key changes are:

- Pension Risk has been included as a Treasury Risk sub-type, which was previously under Traded Risk.
- CEO supported by Treasury and Finance teams have become the 1st Line of Defence ("LOD"), supporting the CEO carrying out 1LOD Treasury responsibilities. Country CROs have become the 2LOD.
- Treasury and Finance teams will be responsible for ensuring implementation and compliance with all prudential capital, liquidity, IRRBB and recovery and resolution planning laws and regulations.

Treasury Risk is, "potential for insufficient capital, liquidity or funding to support our operations, the risk of reductions in earnings or value from movements in interest rates impacting banking book items and potential for losses from shortfall in pensions plan".

Treasury Risk is sub-divided into 4 risk subtypes:

- 1- Capital Risk: Capital risk is the potential for insufficient level, composition or distribution of capital, own funds and eligible liabilities to support our activities under normal environments and stressed conditions. Capital risk appetite is split into stress risk appetite and business-as-usual risk appetite metrics. The Bank manages its demand for capital by regular monitoring of capital requirements and asset exposures. The Bank's ALCO monitors Risk Weighted Assets ('RWA') growth and provides guidance for RWA management, capital structure and maintenance of capital adequacy ratio.
- 2- Liquidity and Funding Risk: Liquidity and Funding Risk is the risk that Bank may not have sufficient stable or diverse sources of funding or financial resources to meet our contractual obligations and contingent obligations as they fall due.
- 3- Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book: Interest rate risk is the potential for a reduction in earnings or economic value due to movements in interest rates on banking book (non-traded assets), liabilities and off-balance sheet items.
- 4- Pension Risk: Pension risk is the potential for loss due to having to meet an actuarially assessed shortfall in the pension plans.

A range of tools are used for the management of liquidity. Tools for structural liquidity comprise of commitment and wholesale borrowing guidelines, key balance sheet ratios, and medium-term funding requirements whereas short-term liquidity tools include day to day monitoring of future cash flows and liquidity stress tests using various behavioral and rollover assumptions. The Bank also maintains significant levels of marketable securities either for compliance with local statutory requirements or as prudential investments of surplus funds.

In addition, the Bank has prepared a Country Recovery Plan which is a live document by which the Country ensures that it can recover its financial position in the event of an extreme but plausible liquidity and/or solvency stress. The Bank has set Recovery Indicators ('RIs") capable of acting as early warning indicators of a liquidity and/or solvency stress which meet applicable regulations (where relevant). The RIs are designed to cover all aspects of the Country's business model and incorporate capital, liquidity, market, profitability, asset quality, macroeconomic indicators, and reputational risk.

Operational and Technology Risk

Operational Risk is defined as the "Potential for loss from inadequate or failed internal processes, technology events, human error, or from the impact of external events (including legal risks)".

The diverse nature of Operational and Technology Risk requires different disciplines to effectively manage and control risk. These are categorised as risk sub-types under the Operational & Technology Risk Type Framework ("O&T RTF"). The O&T RTF is built on a risk-based approach, meaning the risk management plans, processes, activities, and resource allocations are determined in accordance with the level of risk. The framework considers processes and tools that are forward-looking which are repeatable, sustainable and anticipate future needs. The first line, when formulating business strategy and planning, consider and address Operational Risk at the point of strategic choices and / or decision making. This also includes consideration of the impact of decisions on the design and operational effectiveness of the related system of controls.

There is a consistent approach to risks and controls through the Risk and Control Self-Assessment ("RCSA") process. The RCSA process involves objective assessments of risks based on client impact and likelihood with more focus on material risks and control design. When an operational risk event occurs, there is rapid escalation and root-cause reviews, tracked to completion.

The Operational Risk policy is mapped to the O&T RTF and applies to all Principal Risk Types, and to the entire organization. It is implemented in all business segments and functions.

The O&T RTF sets out the approach for management of operational risk as well as clear lines of management's roles and responsibilities. In accordance with the framework, business segments and functions are accountable for the day-to-day management of business activities and to manage the operational risks that arises from these activities. The independent risk management and Subject Matter Experts challenge, guide, and provide oversight over the business activities. Existing and future levels of Operational Risk must be maintained within the approved Risk Appetite of the Bank.

The Bank has an enterprise risk management system in place, namely M7, that is utilized for the recording of operational risk events (including financial losses and non-financial events), results of control sample testing and associated mitigating actions pertinent to operational risk.

The ERC is the overarching committee to have oversight over operational risk related matters. The committee has a clear understanding of operational risk as distinct risk category. The committee has the authority to take a view on the significance of risks and to direct appropriate actions.

Disaster recovery procedures, third-party risk management, business contingency planning and internal audits also form an integral part of the operational risk management process.

Technology policies and standards are refreshed annually. This policy sets out principles to build and run Technology processes, systems and services. Adherence to this policy and connected standards will enable to maintain customer confidence, protect commercial interests and reputation, comply with legal requirements and meet regulatory expectations.

Technology policy is mapped to the Technology Risk sub-type under the Operational and Technology Risk Type Framework.

All Technology Risk related processes and controls are supported by the Technology function and applies to all staff. The Policy applies to the Technology function and all the staff who are involved in partnering with Technology for technology delivery or support activities and must be read in conjunction with all the underlying Standards and Interconnected Policies.

Reputational and Sustainability Risk

The Bank has adopted the Reputational and Sustainability ("R&S") Risk Type Framework which sets out the overall risk management approach for Reputational and Sustainability. R&S Risk is defined as the "Potential for damage to the franchise (such as loss of trust, earnings or market capitalisation), because of stakeholders taking a negative view of the Group through actual or perceived actions or inactions, including a failure to uphold responsible business conduct or lapses in our commitment to do no significant environmental and social harm through our client, third party relationships, or our own operations."

Sustainability Risk continues to be an area of growing importance for the Bank, driving a need for strategic transformation across business activities and risk management to ensure that we uphold the principles of Responsible Business Conduct and continue to do the right thing for our stakeholders, the environment and affected communities.

The Reputational Risk Materiality Assessment, which incorporates ESG risk considerations and potential shifts in stakeholder perceptions, is used to assess, manage, or mitigate stakeholder perception risks.

At the country level, the CCRO provides independent oversight and challenge on matters related to Reputational and Sustainability Risk with the support of Risk Governance Team.

Model Risk

The Bank has adopted the Model Risk Type Framework which sets out the overall risk management approach. Model Risk is defined as the "Potential loss that may occur as a consequence of decisions or the risk of mis-estimation that could be principally based on the output of models, due to errors in the development, implementation or use of such models." An important source of model risk is the inherent uncertainty in all model outputs, and may arise from uncertainty in parameter estimates, limited statistics, or uncertainty in model choices.

Model Risk sub-types are defined by model family, which accounts for the variety of models used in the Bank and consequent differences in model risk manifestation and risk management approach. Risk sub- types will be reviewed annually as part of this RTF's review cycle.

The responsibility of oversight of effective Model Risk Management from second line perspective is with Country CRO supported by Risk Function teams.

Country Risk

Country Risk management is an Overarching risk and is an integral component of ERMF. Country Risk Limits and Exposures:

- i. Local Currency Risk ("LCR"): Potential losses on local currency obligations arising from operating in a volatile domestic economic and political environment.
- ii. Transfer & Convertibility Risk ("TCR"): Potential losses on cross-border or foreign currency obligations arising from the possibility that a government is unable or unwilling to make foreign currency available for remittance out of the country.
- iii. Gross Country Risk ("GCR"): Potential for losses due to political or economic events in a country. GCR is defined as the sum of TCR and LCR exposures.

The Country Risk exposure monitoring of identified risks is holistic, including local currency and foreign currency credit exposures, as well as other exposures and there is periodic reporting to senior management and Board on significant country risk events, issues and mitigation plans.

From first line perspective Country CEO is responsible for monitoring Country Risk exposures with second line responsibility of oversight resting with CRO. The ERC and BRC also monitor utilization of limits.

Compliance Risk

Compliance Risk refers to the risk of legal or regulatory sanctions, material financial loss, or loss to reputation a Financial Institute may suffer as a result of its failure to comply with laws, regulations, rules, related self-regulatory organization standards, and codes of conduct applicable to its banking activities. Compliance with applicable laws and regulations and related policies and standards is the responsibility of all bank staff. Compliance Risk Type Framework ("CRF") outlines the overall Compliance risk management approach for the Group, internal and external stakeholders; and defining risk management approach with a specific focus on areas of laws and regulations for which Compliance is the Second Line of Defence. Locally, the Bank has adopted the SBP Guidelines on Compliance Risk Management to ensure adherence with the regulatory obligations. Management has established Compliance & Conduct Management Committee to maintain robust governance and oversight on the relevant risks in line with the regulatory requirements and strategic priorities of the franchise. Further, all the material risks, issues and findings from regulator, GIA and external auditors are tracked and addressed on priority by the management and a detailed update is presented to the Board Audit, Risk Committees as well as Board of Directors, who ensured that management has taken the appropriate actions and has put in place a system to minimize repetition with an aim to build sustainable controls environment.

Conduct Risk

The Conduct Risk has been elevated to be an integral part of the ERMF, focusing on the two key components, Institutional Conduct, and Individual Behavior. Conduct Risk is viewed through the lens of whether the Group is delivering the required Conduct Outcomes through the Group's risk management framework (the ERMF and PRTs) and the Group Code of Conduct. The Conduct Risk is governed and monitored through the CCMC and tracked via Country Conduct Plan. This Plan is developed post extensive deliberations and discussions by Country's Management Team. The objective is to formulate a plan that should highlight the key Conduct Risks that are inherent in business and for each of the risks identified, appropriate remediation action, enhancements to the control environment, responsible action owners and timeframes for resolution be clearly identified and agreed upon. An update on Conduct Risk is part of the agenda for Board Audit and Risk Committee as well as to Board of Directors to ensure management has taken required actions to drive the conduct agenda in country's business.

Financial Crime Compliance Risk

The Financial Crime Risk Type Framework ("FCRTF") sets out the overall risk management approach to FCRTF as a PRT. Financial Crime Risk is defined as the "potential for legal or regulatory penalties, material financial loss or reputational damage resulting from the failure to comply with applicable laws and regulations relating to Sanctions, Anti-Money Laundering and Anti-Bribery and Corruption, and Fraud. This has been designed to set minimum standards to adhere to the local and international regulatory authorities related guidelines. The Bank has established Financial Crime Risk Committee ("FCRC"), management forum to maintain rigorous oversight and monitoring of related risks in the business. Further, all the material risks, issues and findings from regulator, internal and external auditors are tracked and addressed

on priority by the management and a detailed update is presented to the Board Audit and Risk Committees as well as Board of Directors, who ensure that management has taken the appropriate actions and has put in place a system to minimize repetition with an aim to build sustainable controls environment.

Information and Cyber Security Risk

The Bank defines Information and Cyber Security Risk as potential for loss from a breach of confidentiality, integrity or availability of bank's information system and assets through cyber-attack, insider activity, error or control failure. The Bank seeks to avoid risk and uncertainty for its information assets and systems and has a low appetite for material incidents affecting wider operations and reputation of the Bank. Information and Cyber Security Risk is managed through a structured framework (i.e. Information and Cyber Security Risk Type Framework – also referred as 'ICS RFT') comprising of a risk assessment methodology and supporting policies, procedures including threat led assessment and standards which are aligned to industry and global best practice models, and roles and responsibilities for first, second and third lines of defence are defined under the framework. The ICS RTF sets out the overall risk management approach for ICS within the Bank and at the heart of the ICS RTF is the Group Information and Cyber Security Policy (ICS Policy) which defines the controls which must be embedded into all parts of the business. ICS Policy and Standards define control requirements for the management of ICS Risk by the first line and the ICS Risk Categories (risk sub types) have been defined to help articulate the impact of ICS risks to the business and control requirements for the management of ICS Risk. The Bank has also established a mechanism to monitor & report Risk Appetite and the adherence to ICS RA is monitored and reported monthly through the RA Monitoring Information ("RAMI") and Risk Information Report ("RIR"). As per Bank's Risk assessment Stress Testing, Vulnerability Scanning, and Penetration Testing of Bank's Information Assets relating to Information and Cyber Security Risk are performed. The Bank also has Information and Cyber Security Awareness program that ensures staff is aware of how to work within the policy responsibilities. The program includes the Bank's mandatory information and Cyber Security e-learning course, Information Security Champions initiatives and targeted awareness campaigns. This is monitored through governance committee such as ICS Working Group, ERC and IT Steering Committee.

By order of the Board

Rehan Muhammad Shaikh

Chief Executive Officer 16 February 2023

Report of Shari'ah Board

For the year ended 31 December 2022

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم الحمد لله رب العالمين، والصلاة والسلام على سيدنا محمد وعلى آله وصحبه أجمعين، وبعد

ALL PRAISE BE TO ALLAH, THE LORD OF ALL THE WORLDS AND BLESSINGS ON OUR MASTER, PROPHET MUHAMMAD (PEACE BE UPON HIM) AND ALL HIS FAMILY AND ALL HIS COMPANIONS.

By the grace of Allah Almighty, Saadiq, Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited (the Bank) has completed its nineteenth year of the successful Islamic banking operation. As a requirement of the Shariah Governance Framework (SGF) State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), the purpose of this report is to provide opinion of the Shariah Board (SB) on the overall Shariah compliance environment of the Bank's Islamic banking business and operations.

During the year as per the regulatory requirements, the SB conducted four meetings and has reviewed, provided opinions, and approved different products, country addendums, department operating instructions, transactions, process notes, Shariah compliance review reports and Shariah audit reports. In addition, the SB and BOD have also met twice this year in which SB has provided detailed briefing on Shariah compliance environment and discussed the further improvement where the same is required.

Following is an overview for the year 2022:

Islamic Business Review

During the year under review, the Bank primarily used Islamic financings modes of Musharakah, Diminishing Musharakah, Murabaha, Commodity Murabaha, Musawammah and Istisna to meet the customers' financial need in a Shariah compliant manner. At the year ended December 31, 2022, the Bank had Islamic financing and investment/placement of Rs 101 billion. While, on the liability side, the Bank had total Islamic deposits of Rs 87.7 billion in Saving Accounts, Term Accounts, Current and other Accounts by end of the year.

Shariah Compliance Reviews

The Shariah Compliance Department (SCD) is working under the guidance of the Resident Shariah Board Member and Shariah Board to perform its roles and responsibilities as covered in the SGF.

During the year under review, Shariah compliance team conducted Islamic Banking reviews of different businesses and functions on a sample basis. The review included Islamic Consumer, Private & Business Banking (CPBB), Islamic Corporate, Commercial & Institutional Banking (CCIB), & Financial Market, Personal Finance, Profit & Loss Distribution and Islamic Branches & Islamic Banking Windows.

Further, SCD has also been engaged in facilitating Learning & Development Department and other stakeholders to provide Islamic banking trainings and develop/enhance the learning modules.

Shariah Audit

During the year, Internal Shariah Audit Unit (ISAU) has conducted several Audits on annual and quarterly basis which include the audit of Shariah Governance Framework Pakistan, Mortgage Subsidy under Mera Pakistan Mera Ghar, Shariah profit & loss distribution and Saadiq Personal Finance.

Charity Amounts

The opening balance of the charity fund on January 1, 2022 was Rs 9.8 million. During the year, an amount of Rs. 19.2 million has been added to charity account which includes NOSTRO account related income purification i.e. Rs 3.5 million & delayed payment amount received from customers i.e. Rs 15.7 million. Furthermore, charity amount of Rs. 11 million has been disbursed to different approved charitable and social welfare institutions. However, the remaining Rs 18.1 million charity amount is in process to be paid to the charitable institutions.

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For the year ended 31 December 2022

Training and Capacity Building

During the year, SB has observed that during the year the bank has undertaken good initiatives for the enhancement of staff's awareness and knowledge which includes digital tools and face to face classroom sessions. Approximately 7413 trainings on 40 different Islamic banking courses related to products & services were provided to 2000 employees. In addition to that, separate sessions on the Conversion / Transformation of conventional Bank into Islamic were arranged for the Board of Directors and Executive Management of the Bank.

Shariah Board's Opinion

As per the Shariah Governance Framework, the Board of Directors and Executive Management are solely responsible to ensure that the operations of the Bank are conducted in a manner that comply with Shariah principles. while, SB is required to submit a report on the overall Shariah compliance environment of the Bank.

To establish our opinion as expressed in this report, we have reviewed the Shariah review reports of Shariah compliance department and Shariah audit reports of internal & external Shariah audits.

Based on the above, we are of the view that:

- 1. The Bank has by and in large complied with the Shariah rules and principles provided in light of the fatawa, rulings and guidelines issued by the Shariah Board.
- 2. The Bank has complied with the directives, regulations, instructions and guidelines related to Shariah compliance issued by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in accordance with the rulings of SBP's Shariah advisory committee.
- 3. During the review period, any matter requiring corrective measures has been noted and resolved by the management and/or ensured to be rectified in future. Subject to the foregoing, the Bank has a mechanism in place to ensure Shariah compliance in their overall Islamic operations.
- 4. The Bank has a well-defined system in place which is sound enough to ensure that any earnings realized from sources or by means prohibited by Shariah have been credited to charity account and are being properly utilized for charitable purposes.
- 5. The Bank has adequately complied with the SBP instructions on profit and loss distribution and pool management.
- 6. Learning & Development department in coordination with Shariah compliance department and other stakeholders have arranged various Islamic Banking trainings and development sessions for capacity building of staff and is in continuous process to enhance and develop Islamic banking learning environment and to build the importance of Shariah compliance in the products and processes of the Bank.
- 7. The Shariah Board has been provided resources enabling it to discharge its duties. However, considering the increase in volume of the work, additional resource in Shariah department will further strengthen the Shariah compliance function in the Bank.

We appreciate and supports the vision of BOD and Management for promoting Islamic Banking through various channels within a bank and banking industry.

Recommendations

Based on the above, we recommend that:

1. The bank should play its part in achieving Sustainable Development Goals set by the United Nations (UN-SDG). It is recommended that the bank should strive to increase portfolio of green financing and sustainable banking practices according to the Shariah requirement.

Report of Shari'ah Board For the year ended 31 December 2022

- 2. Shariah Board appreciates the efforts for converting insurance exposure to Takaful. However, it is recommended that the bank should continue the effort to expand Takaful coverage on its all businesses.
- 3. It is also recommended that the bank keeps align itself with relevant updates from SBP on Federal Shariah Court judgement.

And Allah Subhanah wa Ta'ala knows the Best.

May Allah Subhanah wa Ta'ala accept our endeavours and grant us devotion to accomplish His cherished tasks, make us successful in this world and in the hereafter, and forgive our mistakes. Ameen

Dr. Shaikh Nizam Yaqouby Chairman Shariah Board

Mufti Muhammad Abdul Mubeen Member Shariah Board

Dr. Mufti Irshad Ahmad Aijaz Member Shariah Board

Dated: 16th February 2022

Mufti Muhammad Sarfraz Nihal Resident Shariah Board Member

Report of Shari'ah Board

شريعه بورڈ ريورٹ

بهم الله الرحل الرحيم شريعه بوردٌ ريورث برائے سال 31 ديمبر 2022 الحمد لله رب العالمين، واصلة والسلام على سيدنا مجدوعي آلدو صحبه أجمعين، وبعد

تمام تعریفیس الله تبارک وتعالی کیلیے جوتمام جہانوں کارب ہےاور رحمتیں نازل ہوں جمارے آقامحم سلی الله علیہ وسلم اوران کے تمام اہل وعیال اورتمام صحابہ کرام پر۔

الحمد لله! صادق اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ بینک (پاکستان) کمیٹڈنے اسلامی بینکاری کی کامیاب سرگرمیوں کا اُنیسواں سال مکمل کرلیا ہے۔اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے اسلامک فنانس گروپ (IFG) کے شریعہ گورنس فریم ورک (SGF) کی شرائط کے مطابق ،اس رپورٹ کا مقصد بینک کے اسلامک بینکاری معاملات کی شریعہ کم پلائنس کی مجموعی صورتحال برشریعہ بورڈ (SB) کی رائے فراہم کرناہے۔

سال کے دوران شربعہ بورڈ نے نگراں قواعد وضوابط کے نقاضوں کے تحت مختلف پروڈ کٹس ،مکی ضمیموں ،شعبوں کیلئے ہدایات برائے عملدرآ مد بڑانز بیشنز، بروئیس نوٹس ،شربعہ کم ہلائنس اورشربعہ آڈٹ رپورٹس کا جائزہ لینے ،ان پراپنی رائے دینے اوران کی منظوری کیلئے چارا جلاس منعقد کئے۔اس سال شربعہ بورڈ نے بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرز کے ساتھ معمول کی دوملا قاتیں کیس،جس کا مقصد شربعہ کم کیائنس کی مجموعی صورتعال کی تضیلی وضاحت اوراس میں (جہاں ضرورت ہو) بہتری لانے کیلئے تجاویز پیش کرنا تھا۔

سال2022ء کا جائزہ مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

اسلامی کاروبار کا جائزه

زیرجائزہ سال کے دوران، بینک نے صارفین کی مالی ضروریات کوشر ع طور پر پورا کرنے کیلئے بنیادی طور پر اسلامی فٹانسنگ کے طریقوں مشار کہ، شرکتِ متناقصہ، مرابحہ، کموڈ ٹی مرابحہ، مساومہ اوراستصناع کا استعمال کیا۔ 2022ء کے اختتام پر، بینک کی مجموعی اسلامک فٹانسنگ اور انویسٹمنٹ الپلیسمنٹ 101 بلین روپے تھی۔جبکہ واجبات کے لحاظ سے ، بینک کے مجموعی اسلامک فٹانسنگ اور انویسٹمنٹ الپلیسمنٹ 101 بلین روپے تھی۔جبکہ واجبات کے لحاظ سے ، بینک کے مجموعی اسلامک فٹانسنگ اور انویسٹمنٹ الپلیسمنٹ 101 بلین روپے تھی۔جبکہ واجبات کے لحاظ سے ، بینک کے بیاس سال کے آخر میں سیونگز اکا وَنمْس، کرنٹ اوردیگرا کا وَنمْس میں کل 7۔ 87 بلین روپے کے اسلامی ڈیازٹس تھے۔

شريعه كميلائنس جائزه

شراچه کمپلائنس ڈپارٹمنٹ (SCD)، ریزیڈنٹ شریعہ بورڈمبراورشر لیعہ بورڈ کی رہنمائی میں کام کررہا ہے تا کشریعہ گورننس فریم ورک کے تحت اپنا کر داراور ذمہ داریاں نبھائے۔

زیرجائزہ سال کے دوران شریعہ کمپلائنسٹیم نے آزمائتی جائج کی بنیادوں پراسلا مک بینکنگ کے کئی شعبوں کا جائزہ لیا۔اس جائزے میں اسلامک کنزیومر، پرائیویٹ اور بزنس بینکنگ (CPBB) اسلامک کارپوریٹ، ممرشل اورانسٹیٹیوشنل بینکنگ (CCIB) اورفزانشل مارکیٹ، پرسنل فٹانس (CM) ، نفعی ونقصان کی تقسیم، اسلامک برانچو اوراسلامک بینکنگ ونڈوز شامل تھے۔

مزید برآل بشریعیکمیلائنس ڈپارٹمنٹ نے اسلامک بینکاری ٹریننگ اورلرننگ ماڈیولز بنانے میں لرننگ ڈپارٹمنٹ اور دیگراسٹیک ہولڈرز کی مددیھی کی۔

شريعهآ ڈٹ

ر ۔ رواں سال انٹرنل شریعیہ آڈٹ یونٹ (ISAU) نے سالا نداور سہ ماہی بنیاد پر متعدد آڈٹس کئے جن میں شریعہ گورننس فریم ورک پاکتان ،میرا پاکستان میرا گھر کے تحت مارٹنج سبسڈی ،شریعہ نفع ونقصان کی تقسیم اور صادق پرسنل فٹانس شامل ہیں۔

شريعه بورڈ ريورٹ

چریٹ اماؤنٹس (خیراتی رقوم)

کیم جنوری 2022ء کو چیریٹی فنڈ کا ابتدائی بیلنس 9.8 ملین روپے تھا۔سال کے دوران 19.2 ملین روپے چیریٹی اکاؤنٹ میں جمع ہوئے جس سے نوسٹر واکاؤنٹ کی آمدن میں نامناسب جھے کوالگ کرنے کی مدمیں 3.5 ملین روپے اور سلم کی کوتا ہی یا تاخیر سے ادائیگی کے باعث حاصل ہونے والے 15.7 ملین روپے وغیرہ شامل تھے۔مزید یہ کرمختلف منظور شدہ خیراتی اور ساجی بہود کے اداروں کواداکر نے کاعمل جاری ہے۔
روپے کی خیراتی رقم فراہم کی گئی۔ یقیہ 18.5 ملین روپے کی خیراتی رقم خیراتی اداروں کواداکر نے کاعمل جاری ہے۔

ٹریننگ اور صلاحیتوں میں اضافے کی کاوشیں

سال کے دوران شریعہ بورڈ نے مشاہدہ کیا کہ بینک نے اپنے عملے کوآگا ہی اوراُن کی معلومات میں اضافے کیلئے بہتر اقدامات کئے ہیں جس میں ڈیجیٹل ٹولز اورفزیکل کلاس روم شامل ہیں۔ بینک کے 2,000 ملاز مین کو پروڈ کشس اورخدمات سے متعلق تقریباً 7,413 ٹرینگ اور 40 مختلف اسلامک بینکانگ کورسز کروائے گئے۔ اس کے علاوہ ، بینک کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز اوراعلی انتظامیہ کیلئے روایتی بینکاری سے اسلامی بینکاری میں تبدیلی ہے متعلق علیحدہ نشستوں کا بھی اہتمام کیا گیا۔

شریعه بورڈ کی رائے:

شریعہ گورننس فریم ورک کےمطابق، بینک کےمعاملات کوشر عی قوانین کےمطابق چلا نابورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرزاوراعلی انتظامیہ کی ذمدداری ہے جبکیشر بعیہ بورڈ کی ذمدداری ہے کہ بینک کے مجموعی شرعی اصولوں کے مطابق ہونے یر،ایک رپورٹ پیش کرے۔

اس رپورٹ میں بیان کی گئی اپنی رائے کو قائم کرنے کیلئے ،ہم نے شریعہ کمپلائنس،اندرونی اور بیرونی شریعہ آڈٹ کی رپورٹس کا جائزہ لیا ہے۔

مذكوره بالانفصيل كى بنياد يرجهارى رائے درج ذيل ہے:

- 1۔ بینک نے شریعہ بورڈ کی جانب سے جاری کردہ فتاوی ،احکام اور اصولوں کی روشنی میں فراہم کردہ شرعی قوانین اور اصولوں کی مجموعی طور پر پاسداری کی ہے۔
- 2۔ بینک نے اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی شریعہ ایڈوائزری ممیٹی کےاحکام کے مطابق اسٹیٹ بینک کی جانب سے جاری کردہ شریعہ کم پلائنس سے متعلق احکام ، ضوابط ، ہدایات اوراصولوں کی پاسداری کی ہے۔
- 3۔ جائزے کے دوران کمی بھی ایسے معاملے جس میں اصلاحی اقدام کی ضرورت ہو، پرغور کیا گیا اور مینجمنٹ کی جانب سے قابل اصلاح امور کا از الد کیا گیا ہے اور ایستعقبل میں ان کی درتگی کی یقین دہانی گئی ہے۔ ندکورہ بالاتفصیل کی بنیاد پر، بینک کے پاس اس کے تمام معاملات میں شریعہ کم پلائنس کویقینی بنانے کی غرض سے ایک جامع نظام موجود ہے۔
- 4۔ بینک کے پاس ایک واضح نظام موجود ہے جوتمام ترغیر شرق ذرائع سے حاصل شدہ رقم چیریٹی ا کاؤنٹ میں جمع کئے جانے اور اسے مناسب طور پرخیراتی اداروں میں بروئے کار لائے جانے کویقینی بنا تا ہے۔
 - 5۔ بینک نے نفع ونقصان کی تقیم اور بول مینجنٹ کے سلسلے میں اسٹیٹ بینک کی ہدایات کی مناسب طور پر پاسداری کی ہے۔
- 6۔ شعبہ تعلیم ، تربیت وتر تی (لرنگ اینڈ ڈلویلپہنٹ) نے شریعہ کمپلائنس ڈپارٹمنٹ اور دیگر اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے تعاون سے ملاز مین کی صلاحیت میں اضافے کیلئے مختلف اسلامی بینکاری تربیتی نشستوں کا اہمیت کوبڑھانے اور اسلامک بینکنگ کے سکھنے کے ماحول کوفر وغ اور ترقی دینے کیلئے مسلسل کوشاں ہے۔
- 7۔ شریعہ بورڈ کواس کی ذمہ داریوں کی ادائیگی کیلئے وسائل فراہم کئے گئے ہیں تاہم کام کے حجم میں اضافے کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے شریعہ ٹیمی اضافی افرادی قوت، بینک میں شریعہ کمہلائنس کے عمل کو مزید شکھ کم کرے گی۔

شعبہ بینکاری کے اندر مختلف ذرائع کے ذریعے اسلامی بینکاری کوفروغ دینے کیلئے ہم بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرزاورا نتظامیہ کے اولین مقصد (وژن) کوسراہتے اور حوصلہ افزائی کرتے ہیں۔

Report of Shari'ah Board - Urdu 31

شريعه بورڈ ريورٹ

تجاويز:

درج بالا کی بنیاد برہم تجویز کرتے ہیں کہ:

1۔ بینک کوSDG کے متعین کردہ متحکم ترقیاتی اہداف کے حصول میں اپنا کردارادا کرنا چاہیے۔ یہ نجویز دی جاتی ہے کہ بینک کوشرعی تقاضوں کے مطابق کرین فنانسنگ کی مقداراور متحکم بینکاری کو بڑھانے کی کوشش کرتے رہنا جاہیے۔

2۔ شریعہ بورڈ، روایتی انشورنس کو تکافل میں تبدیل کرنے کی کوششوں کو، سراہتا ہے۔ تاہم، یہ سفارش کی جاتی ہے کہ بینک اپنے تمام شعبہ ہائے بدیکاری میں تکافل کی شمولیت کو بڑھانے کی کوشش جاری رکھے۔

3- يجي تجويز كياجا تاب كدفيدُ رلشر ليدعدالت كے فيل يراسليك بينك سے وصول مونے والى متعلقه معلومات سے خودكوآ گاہ ر كھے اوراس برعمل بيرا ہو۔

اورالله سبحانه وتعالى بهترعكم ركهتا ہے۔

الله سبحانه وتعالی جماری کا وشوں کو قبول فریائے اور جمیں اپنے پیندیدہ کاموں کو پورا کرنے کی تو فیق عطافر مائے ، جمیں دنیاؤ آخرت میں کامیابی عطافر مائے اور جماری خطائیں معاف فرمائے ۔ آمین

ر سبب مفتی محمد عبدالمبین

من حمد عبدا بین

مبرتنز لعيه بورة

4

معنی محدسر قرازنهال ریزیڈنٹ شریعیہ بورڈممبر Co forther

ڈا کٹرشخ نظام یعقو بی

چيئر مين شريعه بورڈ

ڈا کٹرمفتی ارشاداحدا عجاز

ممبرشر لعبه بورڈ

مورخه: 16 فروری2023

Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited (the Bank) for the year ended 31 December 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Bank. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Bank's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Bank's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Bank to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Bank's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Bank to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Bank's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Bank for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Chartered Accountants

Cy Ford Roch

Place: Karachi

Date: 3 March 2023

UDIN Number: CR202210120BjJcTfyso

Independent Auditor's Report

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Bank has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors is seven as per the following:

a) Male: Six

b) Female: One¹

2. The composition of the Board at year-end was as follows:

a) Independent Non Executive Directors: Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik

To be appointed²

Non Executive Directors (including a female

director):

Mr. Ian Anderson Bryden (Chairperson)

Mr. Mohamed Abdel Razek

Mr. Towfiq Habib Chinoy

Mr. Adam Long

c) Executive Director: Mr. Rehan M. Shaikh

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including this Bank.
- 4. The Bank has adopted Group's 'Code of Conduct', which has been approved by the Board and is disseminated to all the directors and employees of the Bank along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed and approved a vision/ mission statement and overall corporate strategy. The Board has also approved significant policies and adopted certain Standard Chartered Group policies as far as they are in accordance with the local laws and regulations. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 ('the Act') and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulation with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of the Board meetings.
- 8. The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. All of the directors on the Board have already completed SECP's approved Directors' Training Programme. During the year under review, a number of in-house training/ orientation sessions were also attended by the directors.
- 10. The Board approves the appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment; and complies with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.

¹In reference to compliance with regulation 7, a casual vacancy for a female independent director was created on 27 October 2022 and subsequently a female director Ms. Rola Abu Manneh was appointed by the Board in place of Mr. Adam Long on 12 December 2022. Her FPT approval from SBP was received on 3 January 2023. Mr. Adam Long stepped down on the same date.

 $^{^2}$ A casual vacancy of an independent director was created on 27 October 2022. The position was filled with the appointment of Mr. Badaruddin Vellani on 25 January 2023 who assumed the charge of office from 15 February 2023 pursuant to his FPT clearance by SBP.

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

12. The Board has formed following Board Committees and their composition at year-end was as below:

a) Board Audit Committee ("BAC"): Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik (Chairperson) Mr. Mohamed Abdel Razek (Member) (Member) Mr. Adam Long b) Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee To be appointed (Chairperson) ("RemCo"): Mr. Towfiq H. Chinoy (Member) Mr. Adam Long (Member) c) Board Risk Committee ("BRC"): Mr. Towfiq H. Chinoy (Chairperson) Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik (Member) Mr. Rehan M. Shaikh (Member) Mr. Mohamed Abdel Razek d) Board Information & Technology Committee ("BITC"): (Chairperson) Mr. Rehan M. Shaikh (Member) Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik (Member)

Note: The Board has not constituted a separate Nomination Committee and functions are being performed by the Board.

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid Committees have been formed, documented and advised to the Committees for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the aforesaid Committees as per the respective Terms of References are as follows:

a) Board Audit Committee: At least once in a quarter
 b) Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee: At least twice in a year
 c) Board Risk Committee: At least four in a year
 d) Board Information & Technology Committee: At least twice in a year

- 15. The Board has set up an effective Internal Audit ('IA') function. Personnel of internal audit function are suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Bank.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Bank have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan ('ICAP') and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants ('IFAC') guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Directors of the Bank.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements under clauses 3, 6, 7, 8, 27,32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with. Explanation on Regulation 6 is given below:

For the purpose of this regulation, the Bank has not rounded up the fraction as one. The Bank has duly complied with the minimum number of independent directors. The Board has two independent directors out of seven and the additional number is assigned to non-executive director.

By Order of the Board

Rehan Muhammad Shaikh Chief Executive Officer

Ehsan Ali MalikDirector

Date: 16 February 2023

³ Mr. Badaruddin Vellani has been appointed as the Chairperson of Human Resource and Remuneration Committee with effect from 17 February 2023.

Six Years Key Financial Data

Key Financial Data	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Profit and Loss						
	16,498	18,830	27,788	28,140	26,268	44,602
Net mark-up income Non funded income	8,982	9,688	27,700 11,289	12,800	20,200	18,048
Total income	25,480	28,518	39,076	40,940	37,393	62,649
Non mark-up expenses	11,743	11,290	11,894	12,383	12,137	13,845
Provisions / (recovery) & write-offs	284	(1,218)	(17)	4,941	495	(1,319)
Profit before Tax	13,453	18,447	27,199	23,616	24,762	50,123
Profit after Tax	8,245	11,239	16,017	13,133	13,728	19,844
Profitability ratios						
Return on equity	13.3%	17.3%	22.9%	17.0%	17.0%	23.7%
Return on assets	1.7%	2.1%	2.7%	2.0%	1.8%	2.2%
Expense / Income ratio	46%	40%	30%	30%	32%	22%
Balance Sheet						
Total assets	519,832	576,081	619,971	721,905	839,426	927,289
Advances - gross	157,259	187,162	235,269	199,753	255,905	236,923
Advances - net	137,635	169,544	218,087	178,216	234,173	216,208
Non performing loans	19,587	17,403	17,738	22,695	21,303	21,237
Investments - net	272,488	279,066	249,164	349,445	450,583	477,732
Deposits	377,576	424,899	465,629	556,506	626,774	718,450
Shareholder's equity	62,937	67,238	72,917	81,678	79,605	87,521
Asset quality & other ratios						
Advances / deposits ratio	36%	40%	47%	32%	37%	30%
NPL to gross advances	12%	9%	8%	11%	8%	9 %
Coverage ratio - specific	97%	97%	92%	84%	92%	93%
CASA mix	92%	94%	93%	93%	92%	96%
Capital adequacy ratio (CAR)	19.27%	19.09%	16.94%	19.12%	16.93%	18.68%
Share information						
Earning per share	2.13	2.90	4.14	3.39	3.55	5.13
Dividend pay-out ratio	17.50%	22.50%	30.00%	27.50%	30.00%	40.00%
Touchpoints (Numbers)						
Branches	93	77	61	53	41	40
ATMs / CDM / CDK	276	247	217	197	173	169

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Audited Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited (the Bank), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the profit and loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flows statement for the year then ended, along with unaudited certified returns received from the branches except for 8 branches which have been audited by us and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, profit and loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required by the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matters:

Key Audit Matters

How the matter was addressed in our audit

1. Provision against Non-Performing Credit Exposure (Refer note 8.3 to the financial statements)

The Bank's advances portfolio represents 23.3% of its total assets as of 31 December 2022. A substantial portion of the advances portfolio include corporate finances to public sector entities and large to small size businesses operating in diverse sectors of the economy.

As per the Bank's accounting policy (refer note 3.5 to the financial statements), the Bank periodically assesses the adequacy of its provisions against non-performing credit exposures in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations of State Bank of Pakistan. Such regulations require specific provisioning against loan losses on the basis of an age-based criteria which should be supplemented by a subjective evaluation of Bank's credit portfolio. The determination of loan loss provision against certain vulnerable corporate loans, therefore,

We applied a range of audit procedures including the following:

We reviewed the Bank's process for identification and classification of non- performing loans including the quality of underlying data and systems. As part of such review we performed an analysis of the changes within the different categories of classified nonperforming accounts from last year to the current reporting date. This analysis was used to gather audit evidence regarding downgrading of impaired loans and declassification of accounts from non-performing to regular, as the case may be; involves use of management judgment, on a case to case basis, taking into account factors such as the economic and business conditions, borrowers repayment behaviors and realizability of collateral held by the Bank.

In view of the significance of this area in terms of its impact on the financial statements and the level of involvement of management's judgment, we identified adequacy and completeness of loan loss provision as a significant area of audit judgment and a key audit matter.

- We performed independent checks for the computations of provisions in line with the requirements of the applicable Prudential Regulations;
- In addition, we selected a representative sample of borrowers from the credit portfolios across various branches including individually significant corporate loans and performed tests and procedures such as review of credit documentation, repayment history and past due status, financial condition as depicted by the borrowers' financial statements, nature of collateral held by the bank and status of litigation, if any, with the borrower;
- Based on the said credit reviews, we identified and discussed with the management the loan accounts where the credit risk appears to have increased. We reviewed the adequacy of provisions against such accounts on the basis of our independent objective evaluation of the risk mitigating factors that exist in such cases;
- In respect of the level of general provision maintained by the Bank, we discussed the approach and policy followed by the Bank with the management; and

We also assessed adequacy of disclosures as included in note 8.2 and 8.4 to the financial statements regarding the non-performing loans and provisions made for the same in the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework.

2. Goodwill Impairment

(Refer note 10.1 to the financial statements)

As at 31 December 2022, the Bank's intangible assets includes goodwill of Rs. 26,095 million on account of acquisition of Union Bank Limited in 2006.

Goodwill is required to be annually assessed for impairment under IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets". Accordingly, management performed an impairment test of the goodwill which is subjective in nature due to assumptions made about future performance.

As disclosed in note 10.1, the Bank uses a discounted cashflow model to determine value in use, based on certain key assumptions.

Due to the significance and impact of the assumptions and judgements involved, the impairment test of goodwill is considered to be a key audit matter.

We applied a range of audit procedures including the following:

- We assessed the reasonableness of cash flow projections and compared key inputs, such as discount rates and growth rates, to externally available industry, economic and financial data and performance;
- We evaluated whether the assumptions, on which valuation is based, are realistic and consistent with the general economic environment, the economic environment of specific industry, existing market information and the entity's economic circumstances;
- We involved our internal valuation specialist to review and evaluate management's key assumptions used in impairment calculations.
- Performed break even analysis around the key assumptions used in the model

We assessed the adequacy of the related disclosures in the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report

3. User Access Management

IT General Controls (ITGCs) support the continuous operation of the automated and other IT dependent controls within the business processes related to financial reporting. Effective IT general controls are needed to ensure that IT applications process business data as expected and that changes are made in an appropriate manner.

The possibility of IT application users gaining access privileges beyond those necessary to perform their assigned duties may result in breaches in segregation of duties, including inappropriate manual intervention, unauthorized changes to systems or programs.

These deficiencies are still in the process of being fully remediated. During the current year audit we made further observations relating to the effectiveness of remediation activities

The risk has decreased in the current year due to management's remediation program, which is still in progress as at the year-end date.

User access management is identified as a key audit matter because of the complexity of the Bank's Information Technology structure and environment, the quantum of transactions processed through the Bank's Information Technology systems and the high degree of reliance placed by the Bank on such systems for the purpose of financial reporting

We applied a range of audit procedures including the following: -

- We obtained an understanding of the Bank's Information Technology environment, structure and complexity; and identified the Bank's key Information Technology systems and applications that affect the business and other processes related to financial reporting;
- We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the controls for such systems and applications including ITGCs involving access management, change management and Information Technology operations;
- We tested Information Technology compensating controls where possible, and also performed additional Information Technology substantive procedures to assess the impact of risks associated with the reported deficiencies, on the financial statements. Where required, we tested business compensating controls and performed additional business substantive procedures.

We assessed the impact of the results of the above on our audit procedures over the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, the requirements of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:
 - a) proper books of account have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and the returns referred above from the branches have been found adequate for the purpose of our audit;
 - b) the statement of financial position, the profit or loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow (together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in

Independent Auditor's Report

agreement with the books of account and returns;

- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were in accordance with the objects and powers of the Bank and the transactions of the Bank which have come to our notice have been within the powers of the Bank; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.
- 2. We confirm that for the purpose of our audit we have covered more than sixty per cent of the total loans and advances of the Bank.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Omer Chughtai.

Et fad hah Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: 6 March 2023

UDIN Number: AR202210120MbCl7wi0Y

Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2022

ASSETS	Note	2022 2021 (Rupees in '000)		
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets - net Other assets	4 5 6 7 8 9 10	216,207,696 11,474,182 26,095,310 - 66,836,739	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 10,689,126 26,095,310 - 36,293,236	
LIABILITIES				
Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Sub-ordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities - net Other liabilities	12 13 14 15 16	- - 5,354,762 73,079,106	16,601,187 35,028,767 626,774,412 - 3,679,066 77,736,852 759,820,284	
NET ASSETS		87,520,879	79,605,256	
REPRESENTED BY:				
Share capital Reserves Surplus on revaluation of assets Unappropriated profit	17 18 19	38,715,850 29,211,960 7,878,792 11,714,277 87,520,879	38,715,850 25,243,085 7,371,825 8,274,496 79,605,256	
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	20			

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexure I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

lan Bryden Chairman

Rehan M. Shaikh Chief Executive Officer Syed Ejaz Alam Chief Financial Officer

Rola Abu Manneh Director

Ehsan Ali Malik Director

Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	s in '000)
Mark-up / return / interest earned	21	90,430,254	46,852,339
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	22	(45,828,352)	(20,584,643)
Net mark-up / interest income		44,601,902	26,267,696
NON MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME			
Fee and commission income	23	2,992,986	3,132,567
Dividend income		25,927	20,930
Foreign exchange income	24	9,538,996	4,593,312
Income / (loss) from derivatives		3,097,930	1,097,052
Gain / (loss) on securities	25	2,266,039	2,054,917
Other income	26	125,663	226,909
Total non mark-up / interest income		18,047,541	11,125,687
Total income		62,649,443	37,393,383
NON MARK-UP / INTEREST EXPENSES			
Operating expenses	27	(12,810,591)	(11,539,495)
Workers welfare fund		(1,022,926)	(578,534)
Other charges	28	(11,919)	(18,989)
Total non mark-up / interest expenses		(13,845,436)	(12,137,018)
Profit before provisions		48,804,007	25,256,365
Provisions and write offs - net	29	1,319,492	(494,727)
Extra-ordinary / unusual items		-	
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		50,123,499	24,761,638
Taxation	30	(30,279,124)	(11,033,966)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		19,844,375	13,727,672
		(Rup	pees)
BASIC / DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	31	5.13	3.55

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexure I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

lan Bryden Chairman

Rehan M. Shaikh Chief Executive Officer Syed Ejaz Alam Chief Financial Officer

Rola Abu Manneh Director

Ehsan Ali Malik Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Vote	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
Profit after taxation for the year		19,844,375	13,727,672
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:			
Movement in surplus on revaluation of investments - net of tax		581,945	(752,657)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:			
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit obligations - net of tax Movement in surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets - net of tax	19.1	8,290	(2,317) 419,123
		8,290	416,806
Total comprehensive income		20,434,610	13,391,821

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexure I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ian Bryden Chairman

Rehan M. Shaikh Chief Executive Officer Syed Ejaz Alam Chief Financial Officer

Rola Abu Manneh

Ehsan Ali Malik Director

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Share	Share	Statutory Reserve -	Surplus / ([revalua		Unappropriated	Total
	Capital	Premium	Reserve	Investments (Rupees in '000	Fixed Assets	Profit	
Balance as at 01 January 2021	38,715,850	1,036,090	21,461,461	264,685	7,491,163	12,708,561	81,677,810
Total comprehensive income for the year							
Profit after tax for the year ended 31 December 2021	-	-	-	-	-	13,727,672	13,727,672
Other comprehensive income							
Movement in surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of investments - net of tax	-	-	-	(752,657)	-	-	(752,657)
Remeasurement of post employment obligations - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	(2,317)	(2,317)
Surplus on revaluation - net of deferred tax	-	-	-	-	419,123	-	419,123
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity	-	-	-	(752,657)	419,123	13,725,355	13,391,821
Share based payment transactions (contribution from holding company)	-	-	-	-	-	51,397	51,397
Cash dividend (2020) at Rs. 2.75 per share	-	-	-	-	-	(10,646,859)	(10,646,859)
Cash dividend (Interim 2021) at Rs. 1.25 per share	-	-	-	-	-	(4,839,481)	(4,839,481)
	-	-	-	-	-	(15,434,943)	(15,434,943)
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	2,745,534	-	-	(2,745,534)	-
Surplus on revaluation - deferred tax rate impact	-	-	-	-	(29,432)	-	(29,432)
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed asset - net of deferred tax	-	=	=	-	(21,057)	21,057	-
Balance as at 31 December 2021	38,715,850	1,036,090	24,206,995	(487,972)	7,859,797	8,274,496	79,605,256
Total comprehensive income for the year							
Profit after tax for the year ended 31 December 2022	-	-	-	-	-	19,844,375	19,844,375
Other comprehensive income							
Movement in surplus on revaluation of investments - net of tax $$	-	-	-	581,945	-	-	581,945
Remeasurement of post employment obligations - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	8,290	8,290
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity	-	-		581,945	-	19,852,665	20,434,610
Share based payment transactions (Contribution from holding Company)	_	_	_	_	_	91,727	91,727
Cash dividend (Final 2021) at Rs. 1.75 per share		_	_	_	_	(6,775,274)	(6,775,274)
Cash dividend (Interim 2022) at Rs. 1.50 per share	_	-	_	_	_	(5,807,378)	(5,807,378)
					-	(12,490,925)	(12,490,925)
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	3,968,875	-	-	(3,968,875)	-
Realised on disposal during the year - net of deferred tax	-	-	-	-	(28,494)	28,494	-
Surplus on revaluation - deferred tax rate impact	-	-	-	-	(28,062)	-	(28,062)
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net of deferred tax				-	(18,422)	18,422	-
Balance as at 31 December 2022	38,715,850	1,036,090	28,175,870	93,973	7,784,819	11,714,277	87,520,879

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexure I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

lan Bryden Chairman

Rehan M. Shaikh Chief Executive Officer Syed Ejaz Alam Chief Financial Officer

Rola Abu Manneh Director

Ehsan Ali Malik Director

Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		E0 400 / 00	2774720
Profit before taxation for the year Less: Dividend income		50,123,499	24,761,638
Less: Dividend income		(25,927) 50,097,572	<u>(20,930)</u> 24,740,708
Adjustments for:		30,077,372	24,740,700
Depreciation	9.2	894,858	980,268
Amortization	10	, -	14
Gain on sale of fixed assets	26	(23,585)	(11,162)
Gain on sale of asset held for sale	26	(80,601)	-
Unrealized loss / (gain) on revaluation of investments classified as held for	25	131,784	(289,257)
trading - net Finance cost against lease	22	102,929	246,919
Gain on lease termination	26	(1,376)	(154,296)
Provisions and write offs - net	29	(1,319,492)	494,727
		(295,483)	1,267,213
		49,802,089	26,007,921
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets			
Lendings to financial institutions		(39,557,421)	57,822,933
Held-for-trading securities		51,600,251	(15,591,425)
Advances		19,299,508	(56,424,853)
Other assets (excluding advance taxation)		(34,481,682)	(16,654,322)
		(3,139,344)	(30,847,667)
Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities		(1 700 F70)	F 0001/7
Bills payable Borrowings from financial institutions		(1,780,570) (10,028,759)	5,889,147 11,783,031
Deposits		91,675,577	70,268,489
Other liabilities		(10,620,561)	27,417,392
		69,245,687	115,358,059
Cash inflow before taxation		115,908,432	110,518,313
Income tax paid		(25,745,557)	(8,178,183)
Net cash flow from operating activities		90,162,875	102,340,130
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net investments in available for sale securities		(78,716,052)	(85,495,501)
Dividend received		25,927	20,930
Investments in fixed assets		(1,425,593)	(648,671)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		31,232	11,162
Proceeds from sale of asset held for sale Net cash flow used in investing activities		(79,928,486)	(86,112,080)
Net cash now used in investing activities		(77,720,400)	(60,112,000)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend paid		(4,926,565)	(11,392,837)
Payment in respect of lease liability		(578,229)	(562,279)
Net cash flow used in financing activities		(5,504,794)	(11,955,116)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents for the year		4,729,595	4,272,934
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		60,165,709	63,467,269
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		9,686,439	2,111,945
		69,852,148	65,579,214
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	33	74,581,743	69,852,148
•			

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexure I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ian Bryden Chairman

Rehan M. Shaikh Chief Executive Officer Syed Ejaz Alam Chief Financial Officer

Rola Abu Manneh Director

Ehsan Ali Malik Director

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited ("the Bank") was incorporated in Pakistan on 19 July 2006 and was granted approval for commencement of banking business by State Bank of Pakistan, with effect from 30 December 2006. The ultimate holding company of the Bank is Standard Chartered PLC. (Group), incorporated in England. The registered office is at Standard Chartered Bank Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

The Bank commenced formal operations on 30 December 2006 through amalgamation of entire undertaking of Union Bank Limited and the business carried on by the branches in Pakistan of Standard Chartered Bank, a bank incorporated by Royal Charter and existing under the laws of England. The scheme of amalgamation was sanctioned by State Bank of Pakistan vide its order dated 4 December 2006. The Bank's shares are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The Bank is engaged in the banking business as defined in the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and has a total number of 40 branches in Pakistan including 2 Islamic branches (31 December 2021: 41 branches in Pakistan including 2 Islamic branches) in operation at 31 December 2022.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Basis of presentation

In accordance with the directives of the Federal Government regarding the shifting of the banking system to Islamic modes, the State Bank of Pakistan has issued various circulars from time to time. One permissible form of trade related mode of financing comprises of purchase of goods by the customer on behalf of the Bank and immediate sale to the customer at appropriate profit in price on deferred payment basis. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilised and the appropriate portion of profit thereon.

These financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the format of financial statements prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) vide BPRD Circular No. 02, dated January 25, 2018

Key financial figures of the Islamic banking branches are disclosed in Annexure II to these financial statements.

2.2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017;
- Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by SBP and SECP differ with the requirements of the IFRS or IFAS, requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives shall prevail.

The SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, 'Investment Property' for Banking Companies in Pakistan through BSD Circular Letter 10 dated 26 August 2002 till further instructions. Further, the SECP has deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' through its notification S.R.O 411(I)/2008 dated 28 April 2008. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these audited financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the SBP through various circulars.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has notified Islamic Financial Accounting Standard (IFAS) 3, 'Profit and Loss Sharing on Deposits' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. IFAS 3 shall be followed with effect from the financial periods beginning after 1 January 2014 in respect of accounting for transactions relating to 'Profit and Loss Sharing on Deposits' as defined by the said standard. The standard has resulted in certain new disclosures in these financial statements of the Bank. The SBP through BPRD Circular Letter No. 4 dated 25 February 2015, has deferred the applicability of IFAS 3 till further instructions and prescribed the Banks to prepare their annual and periodical financial statements as per existing prescribed formats issued vide BSD Circular 04 of 2006 and BPRD Circular Letter No. 05 of 2019, as amended from time to time.

IFRS10 Consolidated Financial Statements was made applicable from period beginning on or after January 01, 2015 vide S.R.O 633(I)/2014 dated July 10, 2014 by SECP. However, SECP has directed through S.R.O 56(I) /2016 dated January 28, 2016, that the requirements of consolidation under section 237 of the repealed Companies Ordinance 1984 (Section 228 of Companies Act 2017) and IFRS-10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" is not applicable in case of investment by companies in mutual funds established under Trust structure. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are effective in the current year

There are certain new and amended standards, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and therefore not detailed in these unconsolidated financial statements.

SBP has directed banks in Pakistan to implement IFRS 9 with effect from January 1, 2023 vide BPRD circular no. 03 dated July 05, 2022. The estimated impact of adoption is Rs. 3,414 million (net of tax) on retained earning.

2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2023:

Sto	undard, Interpretation or Amendment	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
-	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current - Amendments to IAS1	January 01, 2023
-	Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to IAS 8	January 01, 2023
-	Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement	2 January 01, 2023
-	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction - Amendments to IAS 12	January 01, 2023
-	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback - Amendments to IFRS 16	January 01, 2024
-	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	- January 01, 2024

Further, following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard	IASB effective date
	(annual periods beginning
	on or after)

IFRS 1 – First time adoption of IFRSs01 July 2009IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts01 January 2023

For the year ended 31 December 2022

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

As directed by SBP via BPRD Circular no 3 of 2022, IFRS 9 Financial Instruments is effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 for banks having asset base of more than Rs. 500 billion as at 31 December 2021. SBP via same circular has finalized the instructions on IFRS 9 (Application Instructions) for ensuring smooth and consistent implementation of the standard in the banks.

During the year 2022, the management of the Bank has performed an impact assessment of IFRS 9 taking into account the SBP's IFRS 9 Application Instructions. The assessment is based on available information and may be subject to changes arising from further reasonable and supportable information being made available to the Bank at the time of finalizing the impact for initial application of IFRS 9. In addition, the Bank will implement changes in classification of certain financial instruments.

An overview of the IFRS 9 requirements that are expected to have significant impact are summarized below along with the additional requirements introduced by the SBP:

Classification and measurement

The classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on how these are managed (the entity's business model) and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets that do not meet the Solely Payment of Principal & Interest (SPPI) criteria are measured at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL) regardless of the business model in which they are held. The Bank's business model in which financial assets are held will determine whether the financial assets are measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVPL'). The classification of equity instruments is generally measured as Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL) unless the Bank elects for Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) at initial recognition. The Bank has analyzed the impact of initial application of IFRS 9 on its financial assets as follows:

Equity Securities

The Bank expects to continue measuring at fair value all financial assets currently held at fair value.

Equity shares currently held as available-for-sale (AFS) with gains and losses recorded in OCI for which FVOCI election is not made, will instead be measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), which will increase volatility in recorded profit or loss for future periods. The AFS reserve related to securities in amount, which is currently presented as accumulated OCI, will be reclassified to retained earnings. However, there will be no impact on overall equity with respect to such classification.

Unquoted equity securities are required to be measured at fair value under IFRS 9

Debt securities and Loans and advances

Debt securities currently classified as AFS and which pass the SPPI test, are expected to be measured at fair value through OCI (FVOCI) under IFRS 9 as the Bank's business model is to hold the assets to collect contractual cash flows, but also to sell those investment. Debt securities currently classified as HTM and which pass the SPPI test are expected to be measured at amortized costs under IFRS 9 as the business model is to hold the assets to collect contractual cash flows

Cashflows of certain debt instruments classified in AFS and / or HTM categories, which do not pass solely payments of principal and interest test are accordingly measured at fair value through profit and loss

Impairment

The impairment requirements apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI (other than equity instruments), lease receivables, and certain loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. At initial recognition, an impairment allowance (or provision in the case of commitments and guarantees) is required for expected credit losses ('ECL') resulting from default events that are possible within the next 12 months ('12-month ECL'). In the event of a significant increase in credit risk, an allowance (or provision) is required for ECL resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument ('lifetime ECL'). Financial assets where 12-month ECL is recognised are in 'stage 1'; financial assets that are considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk are in 'stage 2'; and financial assets for which there is an objective evidence of impairment, hence are considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired, are in 'stage 3'

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The assessment of credit risk and the estimation of ECL are required to be unbiased and probability-weighted, and should incorporate all available information which is relevant to the assessment including information about past events, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts of economic conditions at the reporting date. In addition, the estimation of ECL should take into account the time value of money.

Based on the requirement of IFRS 9 and SBP's IFRS 9 application instructions, the Bank has performed an ECL assessment taking into account the key elements such as assessment of SICR, Probability of Default, Loss Given Default and Exposure at Default.

Under the SBP's instructions, credit exposure (in local currency) guaranteed by the Government and Government Securities are exempted from the application of ECL Framework. Moreover, until implementation of IFRS 9 has stabilized, Stage 1 and stage 2 provisions would be made as per IFRS 9 ECL and stage 3 provision would be made considering higher of IFRS 9 ECL or provision computed under existing PRs' requirements

Presentation and disclosure

IFRS 9 also introduces expanded disclosure requirements and changes in presentation. These are expected to change the nature and extent of Bank's disclosure about its financial instruments particularly in the year of adoption of the IFRS 9. The State Bank of Pakistan vide its BPRD Circular No. 02 dated February 9, 2023 has issued revised formats for interim and annual financial statements of the banks for the accounting periods starting from January 01, 2023, which shall include the presentation and disclosures on adoption of IFRS 9 as applicable in Pakistan.

Loan / financing related fee

Loan origination / commitment fees that are regarded as compensation to the lender for an ongoing involvement with the acquisition of a financial instrument would be recognized over the life of the related loan. However, if the commitment expires without the lender making the loan, the fee would be recognised as revenue earned.

Impact of adoption of IFRS 9

The actual impact of adopting IFRS 9 on the Bank's financial statements in the year 2023 may not be accurately estimated because it will be dependent on the financial instruments that the Bank would hold during next year and economic conditions at that time as well as accounting elections and judgements that it will make in future. Nevertheless, the Bank has performed a preliminary assessment of the potential impact of adoption of IFRS 9 based on its statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022.

Classification and measurement

Based on the bank's assessment, the IFRS 9 requirements are expected to have the impact on the classification and measurement of its financial assets and financial liabilities

Impairment

The total estimated adjustment (net of tax) of the adoption of IFRS 9 on the opening balance of the Bank's equity at 1 January 2023 is reduction in equity of approximately Rs. 3,414 million, representing corresponding impact of:

- An increase of approximately Rs. 3,577 million related to impairment requirements;
- A reduction of approximately Rs. 163 million related to classification and measurement requirements, other than impairment;

Impact on regulatory capital

The introduction of IFRS 9 will result in reduction in regulatory capital of the Banks, which is likely to reduce their lending capacity and ability to support their clients. In order to mitigate the impact of expected credit loss (ECL) models on capital, SBP has determined that it may be appropriate for the FIs to introduce a transitional arrangement for the impact on regulatory capital from the application of ECL accounting. Annexure B of the 'Application Instructions' issued by SBP have detailed the transitional arrangement.

The impact of adoption of IFRS 9 on the capital ratios of the Bank are as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	As per adopted IFRS 9	As per current Financials
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	14.83%	16.42%
Tier1Capital Adequacy Ratio	14.83%	16.42%
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	17.77%	18.68%
CET1* available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	7.33%	8.92%

^{*} CET1 is inclusive of CCB of 1.5%

2.5 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described in the following:

kl 1 7	CI .C	1 1.		C
- Note 7	Classification,	valuation and	provision	of investments

- Note 8.2 Classification and provisioning against non-performing advances

- Note 9 & 10 Valuation, useful-life and depreciation / amortisation rates for fixed / intangible assets

- Note 9 & 10 Impairment of non-financial assets including goodwill and other intangibles

- Note 9,16 & 22 Leases - Term and discount rates

- Note 15 Deferred taxation

- Note 16.2 Provision against off balance sheet obligations

- Note 20.7 Derivative instruments

- Note 30 Income taxes

- Note 34 Employees' retirement defined benefit plans and related assumptions

- Note 36 Share based payments

2.6 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that certain available for sale, trading and derivative financial instruments have been measured at fair value. Certain fixed assets are stated at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, where applicable. Net obligations in respect of defined benefit schemes are measured at their present values

2.7 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the Bank's functional currency.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all years presented.

3.1 Business combinations

Acquisitions from entities under common control

Business combinations arising from transfers of interest in entities that are under the control of the shareholder that controls the Group are accounted for as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the earliest comparative

For the year ended 31 December 2022

period presented. For this purpose comparatives are restated, where required. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at the carrying amounts recognised previously in the combining entity's financial statements.

Other acquisitions

Other business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. For acquisition prior to 1 January 2009, the cost of acquisition is measured at the fair value of the asset given, equity instruments issued and the liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identified assets acquired are fair valued at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of cost of acquisition over the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill.

If this is less than the fair value of the net assets acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognized directly in the profit and loss account as directed by the SBP.

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, current accounts with treasury banks, balance with other Banks and overdrawn nostros.

3.3 Lending and Borrowing

Securities sold subject to repurchase agreements ('repos') remain on the balance sheet; the counterparty liability is included in borrowings from financial institutions. Securities purchased under agreements to resell ('reverse repos') are recorded as lendings to financial institutions. The difference between sale and repurchase price is treated as mark-up / return / interest earned or expensed and accrued over the life of the underlying agreement using the effective interest method.

3.4 Investments

The Bank classifies its investments as follows:

a) Held for trading

These are securities, which are acquired with the intention to trade by taking advantage of short term market / interest rate movements and are carried at market value. The surplus / deficit arising as a result of revaluation at market value is recognised in the profit and loss account. These securities are to be sold within 90 days from the date of their classification as 'Held for trading' under normal circumstances, in accordance with the requirements specified by BSD Circular 10 dated 13 July 2004 issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. Market value of investment in Government securities is determined based on the relevant PKRV, PKFRV and PKISRV rates / price.

b) Held to maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that are held with the intention and ability to hold to maturity. These are carried at amortised cost.

c) Available for sale

These are investments that do not fall under the held for trading or held to maturity categories and are carried at market value. The surplus / deficit arising as a result of revaluation at market value is included in equity and is taken to the profit and loss account when realized upon disposal or when the investment is considered to be impaired. Market value of investment in Government securities is determined based on the relevant PKRV, PKFRV and PKISRV rates / price.

All 'regular way' purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the bank commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of investments that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. The break-up value of these securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Impairment

Impairment loss in respect of equity securities classified as available for sale is recognised based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. A significant or prolonged decline in fair value of an equity investment below its cost is also considered an objective evidence of impairment and charged to the profit and loss account. A subsequent increase in the carrying value, upto the cost of the investment, is credited to the profit and loss account.

Provision for diminution in the value of debt securities is made as per the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. In case of impairment of available for sale securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised directly in surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of securities on the statement of financial position is removed therefrom and recognised in the profit and loss account.

3.5 Advances

Advances are stated net of provision against non-performing advances. Specific and general provisions are made based on an appraisal of the loan portfolio that takes into account Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan from time to time. Specific provisions are made where the repayment of identified loans is in doubt and reflect an estimate of the amount of loss expected. The general provision is for the inherent risk of losses which, although not separately identified, are known from experience to be present in any loan portfolio. Provision made / reversed during the year is charged to the profit and loss account and accumulated provision is netted off against advances. Advances are written-off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

When the Bank is the lessor in a lease agreement that transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee, the arrangement is presented within loans and advances. A receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments including guaranteed residual value, if any. Finance lease receivables are included in advances.

Islamic financing

In Murabaha transactions, the Bank purchases the goods and after taking the possession, sells them to the customer on cost plus profit basis either in a spot or credit transaction. Markup income is recognized on a straight line basis over the period of the installments.

In Diminishing Musharakah financing, the Bank enters into Musharakah based on Shirkat-ul-milk for financing an agreed share of fixed asset (e.g. house, plant or machinery) with its customers. The customers pay periodic profit as per the agreement for the utilisation of the Bank's Musharakah share and also periodically purchase the Bank's share over the tenure of the transaction.

In Musharakah financing, the Bank enters into financing with the customer in his operating business based on Shirkat-ul-Aqd. The customer pays provisional profit as per the desired profit rate which is subject to final settlement based on the annual accounts of the customer.

3.6 Operating fixed assets - tangible

Owned

Operating fixed assets, other than land and buildings, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses thereon. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of fixed assets. Land and buildings are stated at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenditures are charged to profit and loss account during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land and buildings are revalued by independent professionally qualified valuer(s). Surplus arising on revaluation is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of fixed assets' account (net of deferred tax). The revaluation is carried out with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would have been determined using fair value at the balance sheet date. A decrease arising on revaluation of fixed assets is adjusted against the surplus of that asset to the extent of any previous surplus recognized with respect to that asset

For the year ended 31 December 2022

and if no surplus exists, it is charged to the profit and loss account as an impairment.

Depreciation is calculated over the expected useful life of the asset at the rates specified in note 9.2 to the financial statements. The depreciation charge for the year is calculated on a straight line basis after taking into account the residual value, if any. Accumulated depreciation on owned buildings, at the date of revaluation, is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of buildings. The net amount is then restated to the revalued amount.

Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred tax) is transferred to unappropriated profit to the extent of incremental depreciation charged on related assets.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on all other fixed assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their depreciable cost or revalued amount to their residual values over their estimated useful lives.

The residual values and useful lives of fixed assets are reviewed, and adjusted (if appropriate) at each balance sheet date.

Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in profit and loss account currently, except that the related surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred tax) is transferred directly to unappropriated profit.

Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

3.7 Leases

A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period in exchange for consideration. The Bank mainly leases properties for its operations. The Bank recognizes a right-of-use asset and lease liability at the lease commencement date.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at the amount of initial measurement of lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The right of use asset is depreciated on a straight-line method over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Bank's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the finance cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in assessment of whether extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease if modification increase the scope of lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets and the consideration for lease increases by an amount that is commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope adjusted to reflect the circumstances of the particular contracts, if any. When the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Bank accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by either decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for the lease modification that decrease the scope of the lease. The Bank recognizes in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to such modification; or making a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset for all other lease modifications.

The Bank has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term and low value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are presented in the same line items as it presents underlying assets of the same nature that it owns.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

3.8 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of cost of an acquisition over the fair value of net identifiable assets acquired at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The impairment loss if any is recognized in statement of profit and loss

Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their expected useful lives using the straight line method. Intangibles are amortized on a straight line basis at the rates specified in Note 10.

Acquired intangibles in business combination

Acquired intangibles in business combination that have finite lives are amortised over their economic useful life based on the manner that benefits of the relevant assets are consumed.

3.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Bank's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated pre-tax future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

3.10 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation. These assets are revalued by professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity to ensure that their net carrying value does not differ materially from their fair value. A surplus arising on revaluation of property is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets' account and any deficit arising on revaluation is taken to profit and loss account directly. Legal fees, transfer costs and direct costs of acquiring title to property are charged to the profit and loss account and not capitalised. Depreciation on these assets is charged based on the Bank depreciation policy.

3.11 Borrowings / deposits and their cost

- Borrowings / deposits are recorded at the time when the proceeds are received.
- Borrowing / deposit costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred using effective mark-up / interest rate method.

3.12 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Bank operates approved funded management / non-management pension scheme only for its existing pensioners and un-funded lump sum scheme on cessation for unionised staff.

For defined benefit plans, the net defined benefit liability / asset recognised in the balance sheet is the deficit or surplus, adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. The deficit or surplus is:

For the year ended 31 December 2022

- (a) the present value of the defined benefit obligation; less
- (b) the fair value of plan assets (if any)."

Annual contributions towards defined benefit schemes are made on the basis of actuarial advice using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries by discounting the estimated future cash flows using an interest rate equal to the yield on high-quality corporate bonds.

Past service cost is the change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from a plan amendment. The Bank recognises past service cost as an expense when the plan is amended.

Actuarial gains or losses that arise are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period they arise. Service costs and Net interest on net defined benefit liability / asset are recognised in profit and loss account.

Defined contribution plan

The Bank also operates a defined contribution gratuity scheme for all its management and non management staff, and a provident fund scheme for all its permanent staff, contributing at 8.33 percent, 16.66 percent and 10 percent of basic salary respectively.

3.13 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Pakistan Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to Pakistan Rupees at the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss.

3.14 Revenue recognition

Mark-up / return on advances and investments are recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability (or, where appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

Mark-up recoverable on classified loans, advances and investments is recognised on a receipt basis in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. Mark-up on rescheduled / restructured loans, advances and investments is also recognised in accordance with the requirements of these Prudential Regulations.

Where debt securities are purchased at a premium or discount, those premiums / discounts are amortized through profit and loss account over the remaining maturity, using the effective yield method.

Fees, commission and brokerage income is recognised on an accrual basis except where in the opinion of the management, it would not be prudent to do so. Fees and commission which in substance amount to an additional interest charge, are recognised over the life of the underlying transaction on a level yield basis.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive income is established.

Gains and losses on sale of investments are recognized in the profit and loss account.

A portion of income is deferred for loyalty reward credits awarded to customers for usage of the Bank's credit card and are measured by reference to their fair value. Upon expiry / redemption of the reward credits, the income previously deferred will be recognized.

Profit on Murabaha transactions from the date of disbursement to the date of culmination of Murabaha (offer and acceptance) is recognised immediately on the date of culmination and thereafter, profit on Murabaha is recognised on accrual basis.

Profit on Diminishing Musharakah financings is recognised on an accrual basis.

Profit on Musharakah financing is booked on an accrual basis and is subject to adjustment upon declaration of profit by Musharakah partners.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

3.15 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year (using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date), and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided for using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

3.16 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. All derivative financial instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to profit and loss account.

3.17 Provisions

Provisions, including restructuring costs and legal claims are recognised when: (i) the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; (ii) it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and (iii) the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.18 Fiduciary activities

The Bank commonly acts in fiduciary capacities that result in the holding or placing of assets on behalf of individuals, trusts, retirement benefit plans and other institutions for which it earns a fee. These assets and its related income arising thereon are excluded from these financial statements, as they are not assets of the Bank. The assets under custody amount to Rs. 239 billion as at 31 December 2022.

3.19 Segment reporting

A segment is a component of the Bank that engages in business activities for which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenue and expense relating to transactions with other component), whose results are regularly reviewed by the management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which financial information is available.

Business Segment

A brief description of the products and services offered by different segments of the Bank is given in note 39 to these financial statements.

Geographical Segment

The Bank operates only in Pakistan.

3.20 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are set off and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when,

For the year ended 31 December 2022

the Bank has a legal right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.21 Subordinated debt

Subordinated debt is initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, and subsequently measured at their amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.22 Share-based compensation

The Group operates various share-based compensation plans which are accounted for as equity settled share based payment transactions, regardless of inter group repayment arrangements. For equity-settled awards, the total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options at the date of grant, which excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and growth targets). The fair value of equity instruments granted is based on market prices, if available, at the date of grant. In the absence of market prices, the fair value of the instruments is estimated using an appropriate valuation technique, such as a binomial option pricing model. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The obligation is charged to profit and loss account and credited to equity as a contribution from parent. The liability for these transactions which is based on the fair value of these options at the settlement date is settled through debiting equity when the remittance is made to the Group.

3.23 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise of undertakings by the Bank to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Bank expects most acceptances to be simultaneously settled with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for as on-balance sheet transactions. Therefore, commitments in respect of acceptances have been accounted for as financial assets and financial liabilities

3.24 Basic and diluted earnings per share

The Bank presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period / year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any. There were no convertible dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue at 31 December 2022.

3.25 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets (or disposal group) held for sale comprises of assets whose carrying amount is expected to be recovered primarily through sale rather than continuing use. The assets are measured at the lower of their carrying values and fair values less cost to sell. Subsequent gains in fair value less costs to sell are recognised to the extent they do not exceed the cumulative impairment losses previously recorded. A non-current asset is not depreciated while classified as held for sale or while part of a disposal group classified as held for sale.

3.26 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves, except appropriation which are required by law after the balance sheet date, are recognised as liability in the Bank's financial statements in the year in which these are approved.

3.27 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet include cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks, lendings to financial and other institutions, investments, advances, certain receivables, bills payable, borrowings from financial institutions, deposit accounts and other payables. The particular recognition methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with them.

3.28 Contingencies and commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed in these financial statements at contracted rates. Contingent liabilities / commitments denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee

For the year ended 31 December 2022

terms at the rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date.

3.29 Provision for guarantee claims and other off balance sheet obligations

Provision for guarantee claims and other off balance sheet obligations are recognised when intimated and reasonable certainty exists for the Bank to settle the obligation. Charge to profit and loss account is stated net of expected recoveries.

4	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS	Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	s in '000)
	In hand			
	- Local currency		4,726,792	4,323,595
	- Foreign currencies		8,351,423	7,330,086
	With State Bank of Pakistan in:			
	- Local currency current account	4.1	33,065,724	31,393,344
	- Local currency current account-Islamic Banking	4.1	8,445,224	2,824,995
	- Foreign currency deposit account			
	Cash reserve account	4.2	4,785,732	4,388,226
	Special cash reserve account	4.2	9,123,602	8,405,280
	Local US Dollar collection account		402,751	1,444,358
	With National Bank of Pakistan in:			
	- Local currency current account		93	123,647
	Prize Bonds		17,304	61,862
			68,918,645	60,295,393

- 4.1 The local currency current account is maintained with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) as per the requirements of Section 22 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962. This section requires banking companies to maintain a local currency cash reserve in the current account opened with the SBP at a sum not less than such percentage of its demand and time liabilities in Pakistan as may be prescribed by SBP.
- 4.2 As per DMMD Circular No. 20 dated November 13, 2021, cash reserve of 6% and special cash reserve of 10% (for Islamic 6%) are required to be maintained with SBP on deposits held under the New Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme (FE-25 deposits).

5	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	- In current accounts		19,329	31,361
	Outside Pakistan			
	- In current accounts	5.1	8,718,327 8,737,656	9,536,341

5.1 This includes balances of Rs. 5,547.742 million (2021: Rs. 9,486.490 million) held with other branches and subsidiaries of Standard Chartered Group outside Pakistan.

6	LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Repurchase agreement lendings (Reverse Repo)	6.1	31,800,000	5,167,885
	Placements	6.2	19,486,290	6,560,984
			51,286,290	11,728,869

For the year ended 31 December 2022

- 6.1 This carry mark-up rate at 17.65 percent (2021: 10.0 percent to 10.7 percent) per annum payable at maturity, and is due to mature in January 2023. This arrangement is governed under Master Repurchase Agreements.
- 6.2 These represents placements with other branches and subsidiaries of Standard Chartered Group outside Pakistan at mark-up rates ranging from 1.35 percent to 4.4 percent per annum (2021: 0.10 percent to 0.15 percent per annum), and are due to mature in January 2023.

6.3	Particulars of lending	Note	2022	2021	
			(Rupees in '000)		
	In local currency		31,800,000	5,167,885	
	In foreign currencies		19,486,290	6,560,984	
		6.5	51,286,290	11,728,869	

6.4 Securities held as collateral against lendings to financial institutions

		2022			2021	
	Held by bank	Further given as collateral	Total	Held by bank	Further given as collateral	Total
			(Rupees i	n '000)		
Market Treasury Bills	-	-	-	5,167,885	-	5,167,885
Pakistan Investment Bonds	31,800,000	-	31,800,000		-	_
	31,800,000	-	31,800,000	5,167,885	-	5,167,885

6.5 None of the lendings to financial institutions were classified at year end.

7 INVESTMENTS

7.1

	Note	2022			2021				
		Cost / Amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (Deficit)	Carrying Value	Cost / Amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (Deficit)	Carrying Value
Investments by type					(Rupees in	'000)			
Held for trading securities									
Federal Government Securities		454,816	-	(131,784)	323,032	52,055,067	_	289,257	52,344,324
		454,816	-	(131,784)	323,032	52,055,067	-	289,257	52,344,324
Available for sale securities									
Federal Government Securities	7.6.1	477,141,307	-	118,480	477,259,787	398,935,667	-	(833,320)	398,102,347
Shares	7.6.2	837,648	(734,398)	46,385	149,635	837,648	(734,398)	33,366	136,616
Non Government Debt Securities	7.6.3	147,000	(147,000)	-	-	147,000	(147,000)	-	-
		478,125,955	(881,398)	164,865	477,409,422	399,920,315	(881,398)	(799,954)	398,238,963
Total Investments		478,580,771	(881,398)	33,081	477,732,454	451,975,382	(881,398)	(510,697)	450,583,287

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

Investments by segment	7.0	Lancata and Lanca			122				n1	
Amortised Control Co	7.2	Investments by segment)22		0 . /	1	<u> </u>	
Federal Government Securities			Amortised	for			Amortised	for	1 /	
Pederal Government Securities			COSC	aiminution		(D				
Polistian Investment Bonds 151,519,128 - 79,1555 152,310,483 151,781,505 - (654,362) 151,127,185 GoP Igrar b Value 154,330,67 - 79,1527 158,645,386 157,815,505 - (107,447) 18,459,908 18,579,506 18,579,506 18,579,506 14,530,679 - 1,453,069 477,596,123 - (13,304) 477,582,819 450,990,734 - (544,063) 450,446,671 18,459,908 18,579,561,23 - (13,304) 477,582,819 450,990,734 - (544,063) 450,446,671 18,459,908 18,579,561,23 - (13,304) 46,385 99,635 18,000 14,000 14,		Federal Government Securities				(кирее	s in 000)			
GoP parch Sukuk 35,736,913 - (91,527) 35,646,366 18,567,355 - (107,447) 18,659,069 613,996 - (107,447) 18,659,069 613,996		Market Treasury Bills	288,887,013	-	(713,332)	288,173,681	280,027,923	-	217,746	280,245,669
Noya Pakistan certificates		Pakistan Investment Bonds	151,519,128	-	791,555	152,310,683	151,781,560	-	(654,362)	151,127,198
Shares Listed Companies 784,644 (731,394) 46,385 99,635 784,644 (731,394) 33,366 86,616 130,000 130,004 - 50,000 53,004 (3,004) - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,004 - 50,000 130,001 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000) 147,000 (147,000)		GoP Ijarah Sukuk	35,736,913	-	(91,527)	35,645,386	18,567,355	-	(107,447)	18,459,908
Shares		Naya Pakistan certificates	1,453,069	-	-	1,453,069	613,896	-	-	613,896
Listed Companies 784,644 (731,394) 46,385 99,635 784,644 (731,394) 33,366 86,616 53,004 (3,004) - 50,000 53,004 (3,004) - 50,000 53,004 (3,004) - 50,000 53,004 (3,004) - 50,000 53,004 (3,004) - 50,000			477,596,123	-	(13,304)	477,582,819	450,990,734	-	(544,063)	450,446,671
Unlisted Companies		Shares								
Unlisted Companies		Listed Companies	784,644	(731,394)	46,385	99,635	784,644	(731,394)	33,366	86,616
Non Government Debt Securities Sa7,648 (734,398) 46,385 149,635 837,648 (734,398) 33,366 136,616 Securities		•	53,004	i i	· -		i i	i	-	50,000
Securities		·	837,648		46,385	149,635	837,648		33,366	
147,000 (147,000 -										
147,000 (147,000 -		Unlisted	147,000	(147,000)	-	-	147,000	(147,000)	-	-
Note 2022 2021 1 1 1 2022 2021 2			,		-	-			-	-
Note 2022 2021 1 1 1 2022 2021 2						,		,		
7.2.1 Investments given as collateral (Rupees in '000) Federal Government securities - Market Treasury Bills - 7,385,483 18,664 18,664 18,664 18,664 18,664 1,019,423 7.3.1 Provision for diminution in the value of investments 881,398 1,019,423 881,398 1,019,423		Total investment	478,580,771	(881,398)	33,081	477,732,454	451,975,382	(881,398)	(510,697)	450,583,287
Federal Government securities - Market Treasury Bills - 7,385,483 18,857 18,664 18,857 18,664 7,404,340 18,664 18,664 18,664 18,664 18,664 18,664 1	7.2.1		us collatoral aga	inst harrowing	r is as follows:			Note		
- Market Treasury Bills - Pakistan Investment Bonds 7,4 18,664 18,857 18,664 7,404,340 7,3 Provision for diminution in the value of investments Opening balance Reversals / write off Closing balance 7,31 Particulars of provision against debt securities Category of classification Non Performing Investment Performing Investment Loss 147,000 147,000 147,000 147,000 147,000	7.2.1		ıs collateral aga	inst borrowing	g is as follows:				(Rupees	sin 000)
- Market Treasury Bills - Pakistan Investment Bonds 7,4 18,664 18,857 18,664 7,404,340 7,3 Provision for diminution in the value of investments Opening balance Reversals / write off Closing balance 7,31 Particulars of provision against debt securities Category of classification Non Performing Investment Performing Investment Loss 147,000 147,000 147,000 147,000 147,000		Endaval Covernment convities								
- Pakistan Investment Bonds 7.4 18,664 18,857 18,664 7,404,340 7.3 Provision for diminution in the value of investments Opening balance Reversals / write off 10sing balance 10sing bala										7 205 / 02
7.3 Provision for diminution in the value of investments Opening balance Reversals / write off Closing balance 7.3.1 Particulars of provision against debt securities Category of classification Non Provision Performing Investment Investmen		·						7 /		
Opening balance 881,398 1,019,423 Reversals / write off - (138,025) Closing balance 881,398 881,398 7.3.1 Particulars of provision against debt securities Category of classification Non Provision Performing Investment Non Performing Inves		- Fakistairiirvestirierit borias						7.4		
Reversals / write off Closing balance - (138,025) 881,398 881,398 881,398	7.3	Provision for diminution in the value	of investments							
Reversals / write off Closing balance - (138,025) 881,398 881,398 881,398		Opening halance							881 308	1 010 /123
Closing balance 7.3.1 Particulars of provision against debt securities Category of classification Non Provision Non Performing Investment (Rupees in '000) (· · · ·							331,370	
7.3.1 Particulars of provision against debt securities Category of classification Non Provision Performing Investment(Rupees in '000)		,								
Category of classification Non Provision Performing Investment Performing Performing Investment Performing Performi		Closing balance							881,398	881,398
Non Performing Investment Loss 147,000 147,000 147,000 147,000	7.3.1	Particulars of provision against d	ebt securities			_				
Performing Performing Investment Inv							2022		20	021
Loss 147,000 147,000 147,000 147,000		Category of classification					Performing	Provision	Performing	Provision
						-		(Rupees in	000)	
147,000 147,000 147,000		Loss					147,000	147,000	147,000	147,000
							147,000	147,000	147,000	147,000

- 7.4 Investments include securities having book value of Rs. 18.664 million (2021: Rs. 18.857 million) pledged with the State Bank of Pakistan as security to facilitate T.T. discounting facility to the Bank, including an amount earmarked against the facilities allocated to branches now in Bangladesh.
- **7.5** Market Treasury Bills, Pakistan Investment Bonds and GoP Ijarah Sukuks are eligible for discounting with the State Bank of Pakistan.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

7.6 Quality of 'Available for Sale' securities

Details regarding quality of Available for Sale (AFS) securities are as follows:

7.6.1 Federal Government Securities - Government guaranteed

2022 2021 Cost (Rupees in '000)

 Market Treasury Bills
 288,661,451
 232,275,148

 GoP Ijarah Sukuk
 35,584,844
 18,567,355

 Pakistan Investment Bonds
 151,441,943
 147,479,268

 Naya Pakistan certificates
 7.6.1.1
 1,453,069
 613,896

 477,141,307
 398,935,667

Note

7.6.1.1 This represent initial investment made for the establishment of modaraba pools in Naya Pakistan Company Limited in accordance with S.R.O. 964 (1) / 2020 dated October 05, 2020.

7.6.2 Shares

 Listed Companies
 2022
 2021

 Cost
 (Rupees in '000)

 Sector wise exposure

 Agritech Limited
 Fertilizer
 783,077
 783,077

 Allied Bank Limited
 Banks
 1,567
 1,567

 784,644
 784,644
 784,644

All shares are ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each except otherwise mentioned.

Unlisted Companies

		2022	2021		
	Cost Breakup value		Cost	Breakup value	
	(Rupe	ees in '000)	(Rupees	in '000)	
1LINK (Private) Limited	50,000	537,279	50,000	312,706	
Pakistan Export Finance Guarantee Agency Limited *	3,004	-	3,004		
	53,004	537,279	53,004	312,706	

^{*} The company is under liquidation and the last accounts were audited in 2014. Hence, the breakup value of the entity is considered to be nil.

7.6.3 Non Government Debt Securities

Unlisted

8

ADVANCES		Performing		Non Performing		Total	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
				(Rupees i	in '000)		
Loans, cash credits, running finances, etc.		156,192,408	169,481,991	19,485,579	19,967,978	175,677,987	189,449,969
Islamic financing and related assets		56,346,207	58,219,124	1,751,236	1,335,396	58,097,443	59,554,520
Bills discounted and purchased (excluding treasury bills)		3,147,283	6,900,023	-		3,147,283	6,900,023
Advances - gross	8.1	215,685,898	234,601,138	21,236,815	21,303,374	236,922,713	255,904,512
Provision for non-performing advances	8.3						
- Specific		-	-	(19,692,817)	(19,544,268)	(19,692,817)	(19,544,268)
- General		(1,022,200)	(2,187,627)	-	-	(1,022,200)	(2,187,627)
		(1,022,200)	(2,187,627)	(19,692,817)	(19,544,268)	(20,715,017)	(21,731,895)
Advances - net of provision		214,663,698	232,413,511	1,543,998	1,759,106	216,207,696	234,172,617

For the year ended 31 December 2022

8.1 Particulars of advances - gross

2022 2027 (Rupees in '000)

8.1.1 In local currency In foreign currencies

 235,226,425
 252,983,759

 1,696,288
 2,920,753

 236,922,713
 255,904,512

8.2 Advances include Rs. 21,236.815 million (31 December 2021: Rs. 21,303.374 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

	20	22	2021				
Category of classification	Non Performing Loans	Provision	Non Performing Loans	Provision			
Domestic		(Rupees in '000)					
Other Assets Especially Mentioned	187,726	13	161,729	89			
Substandard	311,236	19,674	271,839	22,912			
Doubtful	868,052	353,321	1,802,818	760,934			
Loss	19,869,801	19,319,809	19,066,988	18,760,333			
	21,236,815	19,692,817	21,303,374	19,544,268			

8.2.1 At 31 December 2022, the provision requirement has been reduced by Rs. 518.584 million (31 December 2021: Rs. 393.056 million) being benefit of Forced Sale Value (FSV) of commercial, residential and industrial properties (land and building only) held as collateral, in accordance with the State Bank of Pakistan Prudential Regulations (PR) and SBP Circular 10 dated 21 October 2011. Increase in accumulated profits amounting to Rs. 295.593 million due to the said FSV benefit is not available for distribution of cash and stock dividend / bonus to employees.

8.3	Particulars of provision against advances	Note		2022			2021	
			Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
					(Rupees in	'000)		
	Opening balance		19,544,268	2,187,627	21,731,895	18,965,250	2,570,953	21,536,203
	Charge for the year		1,184,921	9,940	1,194,861	2,754,283	139,767	2,894,050
	Reversals		(1,139,022)	(1,175,367)	(2,314,389)	(1,664,544)	(523,093)	(2,187,637)
			45,899	(1,165,427)	(1,119,528)	1,089,739	(383,326)	706,413
	Amounts written off	8.5.1	(236,423)	-	(236,423)	(594,028)	-	(594,028)
	Other movements (including FX adjustment)		339,073	-	339,073	83,307	-	83,307
	Closing balance		19,692,817	1,022,200	20,715,017	19,544,268	2,187,627	21,731,895
8.4	Particulars of provision against advances			2022			2021	
			Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
					(Rupees in	'000)		
	In local currency		18,154,731	1,022,200	19,176,931	18,345,255	2,187,627	20,532,882
	In foreign currencies		1,538,086	-	1,538,086	1,199,013	-	1,199,013
			19,692,817	1,022,200	20,715,017	19,544,268	2,187,627	21,731,895

8.4.1 General provision includes provision amounting to Rs 1,022.200 million (31 December 2021: Rs 1,014.621 million) against the consumer finance portfolio.

With the improvement in situation around COVID-19, the management believes that general provision relating to uncertainty surrounding the pendamic is no longer required (31 December 2021: 0.5 percent i.e 1,173 million of the performing credit portfolio on prudent basis).

8.5	Particulars of write-offs	Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
8.5.1	Against provisions	8.3	236,423	594,028
	Directly charged to profit & loss account	29	173,278	166,996
		8.5.2 & 8.7	409,701	761,024
8.5.2	Write-offs of Rs. 500,000 and above - Domestic		236,800	580,687
	Write-offs of below Rs. 500,000		172,901	180,337
			409,701	761,024

8.6 Details of loans written-off of Rs. 500,000 and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the statement in respect of written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above allowed to a person(s) during the year ended 31 December 2022 is given in Annexure 1.

8.7 This includes loans charged off as per Bank's policy. Recovery efforts on the amount charged off are ongoing, as the Bank continues to have the legal right of recovery.

9	FIXED ASSETS	Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees in '000)	
	Capital work-in-progress	9.1	841,538	440,901
	Property and equipment	9.2 & 9.6	10,632,644	10,248,225
			11,474,182	10,689,126
9.1	Capital work-in-progress			
	Civil works		129,393	408,099
	Equipment		712,145	32,802
			841,538	440,901

9.2 Property and equipment

rioperty and equipment										
			_	_	2	022		_		
	Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Buildings on Freehold land	Buildings on I Owned	Right of Use Assets	Furniture and Fixtures	Electrical, Office and Computer Equipment	Vehicles	Leasehold improvements	Total
At January 1, 2022					(Rupe	es in '000)				
Cost / Revalued amount	651,300	6,182,601	145,476	692,756	3,132,622	237,374	3,227,313	121,662	783,645	15,174,749
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(13,939)	(58,216)	(1,295,947)	(232,824)	(2,505,691)	(121,521)	(698,386)	(4,926,524)
Net book value	651,300	6,182,601	131,537	634,540	1,836,675	4,550	721,622	141	85,259	10,248,225
Year ended December 2022										
Opening net book value	651,300	6,182,601	131,537	634,540	1,836,675	4,550	721,622	141	85,259	10,248,225
Additions	-	-	-	456,129	-	129,798	402,800	-	36,229	1,024,956
Disposals - cost	-	-	(1,983)	(5,137)	(30,889)	(14,668)	(57,122)	(4,364)	(16,384)	(130,547)
Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	634	1,642	10,823	14,668	57,122	4,364	13,581	102,834
Depreciation charge	-	-	(13,687)	(77,213)	(400,665)	(12,401)	(371,842)	(141)	(18,909)	(894,858)
Other adjustments / transfers - Cost	-	-	-	(21,836)	(189,613)	(4,744)	(346,103)	-	(117,386)	(679,682)
Other adjustments / transfers										
- Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	21,836	486,742	4,744	344,723	-	103,671	961,716
Closing net book value	651,300	6,182,601	116,501	1,009,961	1,713,073	121,947	751,200	-	86,061	10,632,644
At December 31, 2022										
Cost / Revalued amount	651,300	6,182,601	143,493	1,121,912	2,912,120	347,760	3,226,888	117,298	686,104	15,389,476
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(26,992)	(111,951)	(1,199,047)	(225,813)	(2,475,688)	(117,298)	(600,043)	(4,756,832)
Net book value	651,300	6,182,601	116,501	1,009,961	1,713,073	121,947	751,200	-	86,061	10,632,644
Rate of depreciation (percentage)	-	-	2.86% - 6.67%	2.86% - 6.67%	7.7% - 100%	33.33%	14.28%- 33.33%	33.33%	6.67% - 10%	

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Total
16,305,710
16,305,710
16,305,710
16,305,710
16,305,710
, ,
(4,471,288)
11,834,422
11,834,422
284,110
419,229
(1,150,111)
(1,138,055)
410,512
(980,268)
453,866
114,520
10,248,225
15,174,749
(4,926,524)
10,248,225
11,

9.3 In year 2020 all owned land and buildings were revalued by independent accredited professional valuers, Iqbal A. Nanjee & Co. (Private) Limited and Colliers International (Level 3 measurements). Both valuers appointed by the Bank are also on the panel of Pakistan Banks Association. The valuation experts used a market based approach to arrive at the fair value of the Bank's properties. The market based approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable or similar properties. These values are adjusted to reflect the nature, current condition and location of the properties. The effect of changes in the unobservable inputs used in the valuations cannot be determined with certainty, accordingly a qualitative disclosure of sensitivity has not been presented in these financial statements.

If the owned land and buildings were measured using the cost model, the carrying amounts would have been as follows:

	2022	2021
Carrying amount	(Rupee	s in '000)
Freehold land	27,351	42,425
Leasehold land	532,928	461,143
Buildings on freehold land	42,425	36,590
Buildings on leasehold land	461,143	130,983
	1,063,847	671,141

The movement in surplus on revaluation of fixed assets is given in note 19.1 to the financial statements.

- 9.4 As at 31 December 2022, the cost of fully depreciated fixed assets still in the Bank's use amounted to Rs. 2.425 billion (2021: Rs. 2.633 billion).
- **9.5** During the year, no disposals of fixed assets were made to the Chief Executive or to a director or to executives or to a shareholder holding not less than 10 percent of the voting shares of the Bank or to any related party.
- 9.6 Disposed off assets with book value of Rs 500,000 or more are mentioned below (31 December 2021 : Rs Nil)

		Book value	Sale Proceeds	Gain / (Loss) on Sale	Mode of Disposal	Particulars of Purchaser
			-(Rupees in '000)		
	Buildings on Leasehold Land- Owned	2,896	30	(2,866)	Sale	M/S Image Graphic Solutions Pvt Ltd
	Leasehold improvement	650	10	(640)	Sale	M/S Image Graphic Solutions Pvt Ltd
	Total	3,546	40	(3,506)		
10	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			2022		
		Goodwill	Core deposits intangible	Customer relationships intangible	Brand names	Total
	At January 1, 2022			(Rupees in '00	0)	
	Cost	26,095,310	1,982,413	774,680	389,400	29,241,803
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(1,982,413)	(774,680)	(389,400)	(3,146,493)
	Net book value	26,095,310	-	-	-	26,095,310
	Year ended December 2022					
	Opening net book value	26,095,310	-	-	-	26,095,310
	Amortisation charge Closing net book value	26,095,310	-	-	-	26,095,310
	At December 31, 2022					
	Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	26,095,310	1,982,413 (1,982,413)	774,680 (774,680)	389,400 (389,400)	29,241,803 (3,146,493)
	Net book value	26,095,310	-	-	(307,400)	26,095,310
			-			
				2021		
		Goodwill	Core deposits intangible	Customer relationships intangible	Brand names	Total
	4.1.4.2024			(Rupees in '00	0)	
	At January 1, 2021 Cost	26,095,310	1,982,413	774,680	389,400	29,241,803
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(1,982,413)	(774,666)	(389,400)	
	Net book value	26,095,310	-	14	_	26,095,324
	Year ended December 2021					
	Opening net book value	26,095,310	-	14	-	26,095,324
	Amortisation charge Closing net book value	- 24 00E 310	-	(14)	-	(14)
	Closing het book value	26,095,310	-	-	-	26,095,310
	At December 31, 2021		=	l ————	=	
	Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	26,095,310	1,982,413 (1,982,413)	774,680 (774,680)	389,400 (389,400)	29,241,803 (3,146,493)
	Net book value	26,095,310	-	-	-	26,095,310

For the year ended 31 December 2022

10.1 At 31 December 2022, goodwill (less accumulated impairment losses – if any) amounted to Rs 26,095 million (2021: Rs 26,095 million).

An annual assessment is made as to whether the current carrying value of goodwill is impaired. For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to the CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those CGUs. At 31 December 2022, recoverable amount of all CGUs exceeded the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount for the purpose of assessing impairment of goodwill on acquisition of Union Bank Limited was based on value in use. The calculations are based on the five year forecast approved by the management and a terminal value determined using Gordon Growth Model (using long term GDP growth rate of 4.46%). The cash flows are discounted using a discount rate (23.31%) which reflects the current market rate appropriate for the business, computed using Capital Asset Pricing Model. The allocation of goodwill to CGUs for the purpose of impairment testing is given below:

	2022	2021	
	(Rupees in '000)		
Cash generating unit			
Corporate Commercial and Institutional Banking (CCIB)	12,642,354	12,642,354	
Consumer Private Business Banking (CPBB)	13,452,956	13,452,956	
Total Goodwill	26,095,310	26,095,310	

The management believes that any reasonable possible changes to the key assumptions on which calculation of recoverable amount is based, would not cause the carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount. The Bank has performed sensitivity analysis on the key assumptions for recoverable amount. These include a 1 per cent increase in the discount rate, a 1 per cent reduction in long-term GDP growth rate and a 10 per cent reduction in estimated cash flows. In all the three scenarios mentioned above, the recoverable values in all the CGUs exceed their carrying values and hence no impairment is deemed to exist.

OTHER ASSETS		2022	2021
		(Rupees in '000)	
Income / mark-up accrued in local currency		9,219,776	5,437,089
Income / mark-up accrued in foreign currencies		30,454	6,413
Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		256,034	68,362
Defined benefit plans	34.4	32,270	13,850
Advance taxation (payments less provisions)		_	2,537,499
Branch adjustment account		_	671
Mark to market gain on forward foreign exchange contracts		277,236	5,688,498
Interest rate derivatives and currency options - positive fair value		142,689	303,066
Receivable from SBP / Government of Pakistan		1,047,900	245,020
Receivable from associated undertakings		101,639	42,518
Assets Held for Sale	11.1	1,318,975	1,394,373
Receivable from Standard Chartered Bank, Sri Lanka operations	11.2	26,141	38,626
Advance Federal Excise Duty - Sales tax		199,747	199,747
Cards Settlement account		6,015,905	2,113,481
Acceptances		4,788,892	12,065,534
Unsettled trades	11.3	42,718,948	5,794,218
Sundry receivables		623,965	249,246
Others		123,944	182,801
		66,924,515	36,381,012
Less: Provision held against other assets	11.4	(87,776)	(87,776)
Other Assets - net of provisions		66,836,739	36,293,236

For the year ended 31 December 2022

- 11.1 These represents carrying value of vacant owned properties which the Bank intends to dispose-off. The management considered these property to meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale at the date of classification. These assets are available for immediate sale and can be sold in it's current condition. Following the classification as held for sale, no impairment loss was recognized as fair value less cost to sell of the property exceeds its carrying value.
- 11.2 Consequent to Sale and Purchase Agreement (SPA) signed between Standard Chartered Bank, Sri Lanka (SCBSL) and Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited (SCBPL), the Sri Lanka branch operations of SCBPL were amalgamated with SCBSL with effect from close of business on 10 October 2008. According to the terms of SPA, unproductive debts, staff loans of SCBPL who are not retained by the purchaser, their corresponding housing loans and assets arising from litigation which cannot be assigned are held in trust with SCBSL. The recoveries made (net of expenses) from such assets are taken to income from Sri Lanka branch operations along with foreign exchange translation impacts as disclosed in note 26 to these financial statements, and consequently recorded as receivable. Moreover, loans which were fully provided and deemed non recoverable were written-off after necessary approvals.
- **11.3** These represents receivable against sale of securities settled on T+2 basis.

		Note	2022	2021
11.4	Provision held against other assets		(Rupees	in '000)
	Others - Trade related		35,495	35,495
	Others - Fee related		52,281	52,281
			87,776	87,776
11 Д 1	Movement in provision against other assets			
	The vernelle in provision against other assets			
	Opening balance		87,776	87,776
	Charge for the year		-	
	Closing balance		87,776	87,776
12	BILLS PAYABLE			
	In Pakistan		14,349,273	16,176,865
	Outside Pakistan		471,344	424,322
			14,820,617	16,601,187
13	BORROWINGS			
	In Pakistan		24,989,061	35,017,820
	Outside Pakistan		3,074,558	10,947
			28,063,619	35,028,767
13.1	Details of borrowings secured / unsecured			
	Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan			
	under Export Refinance (ERF) scheme	13.1.1	24,173,044	24,437,229
	Refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries		-	2,432,217
	Repurchase agreement borrowings (Repo) State Bank of Pakistan - LTFF	13.1.2	- 124,361	7,385,483 169,583
	Financing facility for renewable energy plants	13.1.2	691,656	593,308
			24,989,061	35,017,820
	Unsecured	10 1 /.	2.074.550	10.07.7
	Overdrawn nostro accounts	13.1.4	3,074,558 28,063,619	10,947 35,028,767
			20,003,019	

For the year ended 31 December 2022

- 13.1.1 Mark-up on Export Refinance (ERF) from State Bank of Pakistan is charged ranging from 9 percent to 10 percent (2021: 2 percent) per annum and are due to mature latest by June 2023. ERF borrowings also include borrowings under Islamic Export Refinance scheme amounting to Rs. 5,022 million (2021: Rs. 4,742 million). These borrowings are secured against demand promissory notes executed by the Bank in favour of State Bank of Pakistan.
- **13.1.2** Mark-up on Long Term Finance Facility (LTFF) from State Bank of Pakistan is charged at 2.5 percent (2021: 2.5 percent) per annum and are due to mature latest by July 2025. These loans are secured against promissory notes executed by the Bank in favour of State Bank of Pakistan.
- **13.1.3** These borrowings have been obtained from the SBP under a scheme for financing the renewable energy power plants to promote renewable energy projects in the country. These carry mark-up at rates ranging from 2.00 percent to 3.00 percent (2021: 2.00 percent to 3.00 percent) per annum and are due to mature latest by October, 2032.
- **13.1.4** These include overdrawn nostro accounts with other branches and subsidiaries of Standard Chartered Group outside Pakistan amounting to Rs. 3,074.558 million (2021: Rs. 10.9 million).

		2022	2021
		(Rupees	s in '000)
13.2	Particulars of borrowings with respect to currencies		
	In local currency	24,989,061	35,017,820
	In foreign currencies	3,074,558	10,947
		28,063,619	35,028,767

14	DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS	Note		2022			2021	
			In Local	In Foreign	Total	In Local	In Foreign	Total
			Currency	currencies	lotai	Currency	currencies	iotai
	Customers				(Rupe	es in '000)		
	[:		20.000.207	1 712 772	21 702 1/0	47,000,040	002.071	40 712 402
	- Fixed / Term deposits		29,988,396	1,713,772	31,702,168	47,908,842	803,841	48,712,683
	- Savings deposits		322,839,080	22,375,290	345,214,370	284,966,620	22,898,281	307,864,901
	- Current accounts		195,219,814	72,106,066	267,325,880	165,384,020	64,785,018	230,169,038
	- Margin accounts		44,957,304	227,563	45,184,867	5,483,911	177,397	5,661,308
	- Other deposits		1,179,260	-	1,179,260	8,800,436	-	8,800,436
			594,183,854	96,422,691	690,606,545	512,543,829	88,664,537	601,208,366
	Financial Institutions							
	- Fixed / Term deposits		525,650	11,752	537,402	506,379	9,143	515,522
	- Savings deposits		11,280,395	1,487,433	12,767,828	6,992,742	1,195,136	8,187,878
	- Current accounts	14.1	11,711,116	2,646,930	14,358,046	13,699,347	3,068,008	16,767,355
	- Margin accounts		77,583	102,585	180,168	14,895	80,396	95,291
	-		23,594,744	4,248,700	27,843,444	21,213,363	4,352,683	25,566,046
			617,778,598	100,671,391	718,449,989	533,757,192	93,017,220	626,774,412

14.1 This includes Rs. 542.285 million (2021: Rs. 732.691 million) against balances of other branches and subsidiaries of Standard Chartered Group.

14.2 Composition of deposits

- Individuals
- Government (Federal and Provincial)
- Public Sector Entities
- Banking Companies
- Non-Banking Financial Institutions
- Private Sector
- Embassies
- Non residents (Corporate & Individual)
- Trusts

te	2022	2021				
	(Rupees in '000)					
	330,171,739	304.634.275				
	1,059,732	228,209				
	3,022,802	2,895,758				
	23,439,238	22,284,451				
	3,741,383	3,072,559				
	295,864,559	219,339,973				
	662,823	209,036				
	47,761,413	45,491,632				
	12,726,300	28,618,519				
3	718,449,989	626,774,412				

14.3 This includes deposits eligible to be covered under insurance arrangements amounting to Rs. 358,978 million (2021: Rs. 349,153 million)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

15 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)

The following are major deferred tax assets / (liabilities) recognised and movement thereon:

15.1

19.1

19.2

Note		20	22					
	At 1	Recognised	Recognised	At 31				
	January	in profit	in OCI	December				
	2022	and loss		2022				
	(Rupees in '000)							

Deductible Temporary Differences on

Worker Welfare Fund
Provision against advances, off balance sheet etc.
Accelerated tax depreciation
Unpaid liabilities

976,495 100,153 - 1,076,648 1,445,740 (803,721) - 642,019 41,791 66,978 - 108,769 3,997,679 410,019 - 4,407,698 6,461,705 (226,571) - 6,235,134

Taxable Temporary Differences on

Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets
Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of investments
Post retirement employee benefits
Goodwill

(270,181)	13,897	(27,862)	(284,146)
311,982	-	(382,874)	(70,892)
(5,402)	-	(8,474)	(13,876)
(10,177,170)	(1,043,812)	-	(11,220,982)
(10,140,771)	(1,029,915)	(419,210)	(11,589,896)
(3,679,066)	(1,256,486)	(419,210)	(5,354,762)

	2021					
	At1	Recognised	Recognised	At 31		
	January	in profit	in OCI	December		
	2021	and loss		2021		
(Rupees in '000)						

Deductible Temporary Differences on

Deficit on revaluation of investments
Worker Welfare Fund
Provision against advances, off balance sheet etc.
Accelerated tax depreciation
Unpaid liabilities

(142,523)	-	454,505	311,982
876,342	100,153	-	976,495
2,914,861	(1,469,121)	-	1,445,740
67,486	(25,695)	-	41,791
3,043,259	954,420	-	3,997,679
6,759,425	(440,243)	454,505	6,773,687

Taxable Temporary Differences on

Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Post retirement employee benefits Goodwill

(254,107)	13,463	(29,537)	(270,181)
3,054		(8,456)	(5,402)
(9,133,358)	(1,043,812)	-	(10,177,170)
(9,384,411)	(1,030,349)	(37,993)	(10,452,753)
(2,624,986)	(1,470,592)	416,512	(3,679,066)

15.1 In terms of the Seventh Schedule to the Income Tax Law, the claim of provision for advances and off balance sheet items in respect of Corporate and Consumer (including SME) advances has been restricted to 1% and 5% of gross advances respectively. As such deferred tax asset has been recognised. The management based on projection of taxable profits, considers that the Bank would be able to claim deductions in future years within the prescribed limits in seventh schedule. It also includes deferred tax asset on pre seventh schedule provision against loans and advances disallowed, which only become tax allowable upon being written off.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

16	OTHER LIABILITIES	Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency		710,376	522,719
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currencies		3,236	1,240
	Accrued expenses		3,596,902	3,572,068
	Advance payments		690,971	456,472
	Sundry creditors		13,695,777	7,640,888
	Mark to market loss on forward foreign exchange contracts		169,502	2,046,836
	Unrealized loss on interest rate derivatives and currency options		12,341,108	5,228,961
	Due to Holding Company	16.1	20,837,568	14,336,497
	Taxation (provisions less payments)		739,582	-
	Clearing and settlement accounts		8,848,884	1,541,163
	Charity fund balance		18,354	10,482
	Dividend payable		172,961	132,495
	Branch adjustment account		103,376	-
	Provision against off balance sheet obligations	16.2 & 16.3	189,808	233,808
	Worker's Welfare Fund (WWF) payable	16.4	3,975,581	2,952,654
	Lease liability		1,847,964	2,047,578
	Short sell - Federal Government Securities		-	20,989,124
	Acceptances		4,788,892	12,065,534
	Unsettled trades	16.5	-	3,929,796
	Others		348,264	28,537
			73,079,106	77,736,852
16.1	Due to holding company			
	On account of reimbursement of executive and general administrative	e expenses	10,250,476	10,250,476
	Dividend and other payable		10,587,092	4,086,021
			20,837,568	14,336,497

16.2 These primarily represents provision against off balance sheet exposures such as bank guarantees.

16.3 Provision against off-balance sheet obligations

Opening balance	233,808	226,638
Charge for the year	7,241	50,817
Reversals	(51,241)	(43,647)
Closing balance	189,808	233,808

- 16.4 The Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its order dated 10 November 2016 has held that the amendments made in the law introduced by the Federal Government by Finance Act 2008 for the levy of Worker's Welfare Funds (WWF) on banks were not lawful. The Federal Board of Revenue has filed review petitions against this order, which are currently pending. Legal advice obtained on the matter indicates that consequent to filing of these review petitions the judgment may not currently be treated as conclusive until the review petition is decided. Accordingly, the amount charged for WWF since 2008 has not been reversed.
- **16.5** These represents payable against purchase of securities settled on T+2 basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

17 SHARE CAPITAL

17.1 Authorized Capital

2022	2021		Note	2022	2021
(Number of shares)			(Rupees in '000)		in '000)
4,000,000,000	4,000,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		40,000,000	40,000,000

17.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up Capital

2022 (Number	2021 of shares)			2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
2,939,785,018	2,939,785,018	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each Fully paid in cash		29,397,850	29,397,850
931,800,003	931,800,003	Issued in terms of scheme of amalgamation	17.3	9,318,000	9,318,000
3,871,585,021	3,871,585,021			38,715,850	38,715,850

- **17.3** These represent 892,554,151 shares of Rs. 10/- each issued and allotted at par to Standard Chartered Bank (UK) against transfer of entire undertaking of SCB Branch Business by SCB to the Bank, and 39,245,852 shares issued and allotted at par credited as fully paid up to persons who were registered shareholders of Union Bank. These shares have been issued in accordance with the scheme of amalgamation duly approved by State Bank of Pakistan on 4 December 2006.
- 17.4 At 31 December 2022, Standard Chartered Bank (UK), held 98.99% shares of the Bank.

		Note	2022	2021
18	Reserves		(Rupees	in '000)
	Share premium	18.1	1,036,090	1,036,090
	Statutory reserve	18.2	28,175,870	24,206,995
			29,211,960	25,243,085

- **18.1** This represents excess of fair value of the shares over par value of shares issued to registered shareholders of Union Bank in terms of the amalgamation scheme.
- **18.2** In accordance with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Bank is required to transfer twenty percent of its profit of each year to a reserve fund until the amount in such fund equals the paid-up capital of the Bank.
- **18.3** The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 16 February 2023 have announced a final cash dividend of 25.0% (Rs. 2.50/- per share) in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Rs. 1.75 per share). This is in addition to 15.0% (Rs. 1.50/- per share) interim cash dividend announced during the year. The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 do not include the effect of final dividend appropriations which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

19	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF DEFERRED TAX	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of:	40.4		
	Fixed assets Available for sale securities	19.1 19.2	8,068,965 164,865	8,129,978 (799,954)
		.,	8,233,830	7,330,024
	Deferred tax on (surplus) / deficit on revaluation of: Fixed assets	19.1	(284,146)	(270,181)
	Available for sale securities	19.2	(70,892)	311,982
			(355,038) 7,878,792	<u>41,801</u> 7,371,825
19.1	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net of tax		7,070,772	7,371,023
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at 1 January		8,129,978	7,745,270
	Recognised during the year		-	419,228
	Realised on disposal during the year Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental depreciation		(28,694)	-
	charged during the year		(32,319)	(34,520)
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at 31 December - Gross		8,068,965	8,129,978
	Less: Related deferred tax liability on: Revaluation surplus as at 1 January		(270,181)	(254,107)
	Revaluation surplus recognised during the year		-	(105)
	Surplus realized on disposal during the year Deferred rate tax rate impact		(28,062)	(29,432)
	Incremental depreciation charged during the year		13,897	13,463
			(284,146)	(270,181)
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at 31 December - net of tax		7,784,819	7,859,797
19.2	Surplus on revaluation of Available for Sale securities - net of tax			
	Market Treasury Bills		(713,450)	(68,204)
	Pakistan Investment Bonds		834,425	(657,740)
	Sukuk and Ijarah Bonds Listed shares		(2,495) 46,385	(107,376) 33,366
	25504 57,41.55		164,865	(799,954)
	Related deferred tax liability		(70,892)	311,982
20	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		93,973	(487,972)
	Guarantees	20.1	164,596,737	137,226,388
	Commitments	20.2	181,866,138	491,543,968
	Other contingent liabilities	20.3	30,736,676 377,199,551	30,781,591 659,551,947
20.1	Guarantees:			
20.1				
	Guarantees issued favouring: Financial guarantees		11,464,512	11,529,652
	Performance guarantees		108,968,856	90,299,604
	Other guarantees		44,163,369	35,397,132
			164,596,737	137,226,388
20.2	Commitments:			
	Documentary credits and short-term trade-related transactions			
	Letters of credit		35,040,339	54,690,025
	Commitments in respect of:			
	Forward foreign exchange contracts			
	- Purchase - Sale	20.4 20.4	94,999,666	233,823,409
		20.4	4,669,999	156,529,301
	Commitment in respect of derivatives - Interest rate swaps	20.6	12,604,238	14,090,226
	- Cross currency swaps	20.6	34,120,092	32,064,531
	Commitment for acquisition of fixed assets		430,954	345,774
	Commitment in respect of operating leases	20.7	850	702
		20.7	181,866,138	491,543,968
20.3	Other contingent liabilities		30,736,676	30,781,591

For the year ended 31 December 2022

- **20.3.1** The Bank has a case before the Court on the land where an office building is constructed and the Bank owns a portion of that premises. A request for clearance of its premises from the competent court has been filed based on the fact that the Bank is a bonafide purchaser of the premises having no relevance with the principal case. Considering the facts of the case, the management expects a favourable decision in this case from the competent court. The Bank is also in litigation with various tenants for repossessing its office space in one of its other owned properties. These cases are now being adjudicated before the Court of Rent Controller. Based on the facts of the case and the opinion of legal counsel, the management expects a favourable decision from the dealing court in remaining cases.
- 20.3.2 The tax department amended the assessments for income years 2007 to 2021 (tax years 2008 to 2022 respectively) under the related provisions of the Income Tax Law and appeals against the amended assessment orders are pending before different appellate forums. The management considers that a significant amount of the additional tax liability is the result of timing differences and is confident that the issues in the above mentioned tax years will be decided in favour of the Bank at appellate forums. Accordingly, no additional provision is required.

Further, the Sindh High Court has decided the issue of goodwill amortisation in favour of the Bank for the tax years 2008 and 2012 and the Federal Board of Revenue has filed leave to appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan.

20.4	Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Purchase from:		
	State Bank of Pakistan	56,451,740	42,922,076
	Other banks	35,844,802	185,697,911
	Customers	2,703,124	5,203,422
		94,999,666	233,823,409
	Sale to:		
	State Bank of Pakistan	-	-
	Other banks	3,770,185	154,490,357
	Customers	899,814	2,038,944
		4,669,999	156,529,301

The maturities of the above contracts are spread over a period of one year.

20.5 Commitments to extend credit

The bank makes commitments to extend credit in the normal course of its business but these being revocable commitments do not attract any significant penalty or expense if the facility is unilaterally withdrawn.

20.6	Commitments in respect of derivatives	2022 2021 (Rupees in '000)	
	Interest rate Swaps		
	- Purchase	3,302,119	4,045,113
	- Sale	9,302,119	10,045,113
		12,604,238	14,090,226
	Cross currency Swaps		
	- Purchase	-	9,834,847
	- Sale	34,120,092	22,229,684
		34,120,092	32,064,531
20.7	Commitments in respect of operating leases		
	Not later than one year	-	-
	Later than one year and not later than five years	850	702
	Later than five years	-	
		850	702

20.8 Derivative instruments

20.8.1	Product and	alvsis

i Product analysis		2022 (Rupees in '000)					
			FX Options				
Counterparties With Banks for		Notional Principal *	Mark to market gain / loss	Cross Currency Swaps Notional Mark to Principal * market gain / loss		Notional Principal *	Mark to market gain / loss
	Hedging	3,302,119	142,689	4,478,469	(612,818)	-	_
	Market Making	-	-	303,954	(170,404)	-	-
With FIs other than bank	(S						
	Hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Market Making	-	-	-	-	-	-
With other entities for							
	Hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Market Making	9,302,119	(1,022,125)	29,337,670	(10,535,761)	-	-
Total							
	Hedging	3,302,119	142,689	4,478,469	(612,818)	-	-
	Market Making	9,302,119	(1,022,125)	29,641,624	(10,706,165)	-	-
		Interest R	ate Swaps	20 (Rupees Cross Curr	in '000)	FX Or	btions
Counterparties		Interest R Notional Principal *	late Swaps Mark to market	(Rupees	ency Swaps Mark to market	FX Op Notional Principal *	Mark to market
Counterparties With Banks for		Notional	Mark to	Cross Curr	in '000) rency Swaps Mark to	Notional	Mark to
·	Hedging	Notional	Mark to market	Cross Curr	ency Swaps Mark to market	Notional	Mark to market
·	Hedging Market Making	Notional Principal *	Mark to market gain / loss	Cross Curr Notional Principal *	in '000) rency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss	Notional	Mark to market
·	Market Making	Notional Principal *	Mark to market gain / loss	Cross Curr Notional Principal *	in '000)ency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss (359,047)	Notional	Mark to market
With Banks for	Market Making	Notional Principal *	Mark to market gain / loss	Cross Curr Notional Principal *	in '000)ency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss (359,047)	Notional	Mark to market
With Banks for	Market Making s Hedging Market Making	Notional Principal *	Mark to market gain / loss	Cross Curr Notional Principal *	in '000)ency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss (359,047)	Notional	Mark to market
With Banks for With Fls other than bank	Market Making s Hedging Market Making Hedging	Notional Principal * 4,045,113	Mark to market gain / loss 25,235 -	Cross Curr Notional Principal * 4,940,143 784,611	in '000) eency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss (359,047) (267,346)	Notional	Mark to market
With Banks for With Fls other than bank	Market Making s Hedging Market Making	Notional Principal *	Mark to market gain / loss	Cross Curr Notional Principal *	in '000)ency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss (359,047)	Notional	Mark to market
With Banks for With Fls other than bank	Market Making s Hedging Market Making Hedging Market Making	Notional Principal * 4,045,113 10,045,113	Mark to market gain / loss 25,235 - - (145,342)	Cross Curr Notional Principal * 4,940,143 784,611 26,339,778	in '000) eency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss (359,047) (267,346) (4,179,395)	Notional	Mark to market
With Banks for With Fls other than bank With other entities for	Market Making s Hedging Market Making Hedging Market Making	Notional Principal * 4,045,113 - 10,045,113	Mark to market gain / loss 25,235 - (145,342)	Cross Curr Notional Principal * 4,940,143 784,611 26,339,778	in '000) ency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss (359,047) (267,346) (4,179,395)	Notional	Mark to market
With Banks for With Fls other than bank With other entities for	Market Making s Hedging Market Making Hedging Market Making	Notional Principal * 4,045,113 10,045,113	Mark to market gain / loss 25,235 - - (145,342)	Cross Curr Notional Principal * 4,940,143 784,611 26,339,778	in '000) eency Swaps Mark to market gain / loss (359,047) (267,346) (4,179,395)	Notional	Mark to market

^{*} At the exchange rate prevailing at year end.

20.8.2 Maturity analysis

			2022		
Remaining	No. of	Notional	Mark to Market		
Maturity	Contracts	Principal	Negative	Positive	Net
			(Rupees ir	n '000)	
Upto 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	4	575,059	(216,195)	-	(216,195)
3 to 6 months	1	392,706	(22,133)	-	(22,133)
6 months to 1 year	3	1,122,403	(457,664)	-	(457,664)
1 to 2 years	7	11,378,161	(1,859,632)	142,689	(1,716,943)
2 to 3 years	36	13,635,502	(5,738,956)	-	(5,738,956)
3 to 5 years	2	5,000,001	(737,380)	-	(737,380)
5 to 10 years	7	14,620,500	(3,309,148)	-	(3,309,148)
Above 10 years	-	-	-	-	-
	60	46,724,332	(12,341,108)	142,689	(12,198,419)
			2021		
Remaining	No. of	Notional	Mark to 1	Market	
Maturity	Contracts	Principal	Negative	Positive	Net
•				n '000)	
Upto 1 month	4	6,019,373	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-
3 to 6 months	1	72,281	(38,530)	-	(38,530)
6 months to 1 year	2	564,592	(244,930)	27,656	(217,274)
1 to 2 years	8	3,760,120	(386,668)	44,107	(342,561)
2 to 3 years	7	14,931,995	(843,384)	24,847	(818,537)
3 to 5 years	37	20,806,397	(3,715,449)	206,456	(3,508,993)
5 to 10 years	-	-	-	-	-
Above 10 years		_			
	59	46,154,758	(5,228,961)	303,066	(4,925,895)
For derivate rick management policy refer note //2					

For derivate risk management policy refer note 42.

MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED 21

On loans and advances to customers
On loans and advances to financial institutions
On investments
On deposits with financial institutions / State Bank of Pakistan
On securities purchased under resale agreements
On call money lendings / Placements

MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED 22

MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED
Deposits Securities sold under repurchase agreements Call borrowings Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan under Export Refinance (ERF) scheme
Cost of foreign currency swaps against foreign currency deposits / borrowings Deposit protection premium
Finance cost against leases

(Rupees in '000)				
30,417,907	18,727,580			
89,211	117,642			
57,491,111	27,338,537			
177,189	3,313			
2,020,478	431,674			
234,358	233,593			
90,430,254	46,852,339			
40,646,176	17,975,590			
1,321,449	510,929			
39,598	1,691			
1,083,186	446,577			
2,076,369	882,958			
558,645	519,979			
102,929	246,919			
45,828,352	20,584,643			
	30,417,907 89,211 57,491,111 177,189 2,020,478 234,358 90,430,254 40,646,176 1,321,449 39,598 1,083,186 2,076,369 558,645 102,929			

22.1 As per State Bank of Pakistan DPC Circular No. 04 of 2018, dated 22nd June 2018, all member banks are required to pay deposits protection premium at the rate of 0.16% on eligible deposits as defined in the aforesaid circular.

		Note	2022	2021
23	FEE & COMMISSION INCOME		(Rupees i	n '000)
	Branch banking customer fees		398,339	286,268
	Consumer finance related fees		75,893	77,815
	Card related fees (debit and credit cards)		788,915	1,175,565
	Credit related fees		7,358	19,088
	Investment banking fees		120,810	181,457
	Brokerage charges		(59,755)	(70,204)
	Commission on trade and cash management		905,630	673,813
	Commission on guarantees		408,681	279,075
	Commission on remittances including home remittances		181,543	228,762
	Commission on bancassurance		33,981	72,782
	Custody fees		131,591	208,146
			2,992,986	3,132,567
24	FOREIGN EXCHANGE INCOME			
	Gain / (loss) realised from dealing in:			
	Foreign currencies		9,278,822	5,995,415
	Derivative financial instruments		260,174	(1,402,103)
			9,538,996	4,593,312
25	GAIN / (LOSS) ON SALE OF SECURITIES			
	Realised	25.1	2,397,823	1,765,660
	Unrealised - held for trading	7.1	(131,784)	289,257
			2,266,039	2,054,917
25.1	Realised gain on:			
	Federal Government Securities			
	Market Treasury Bills		1,601,810	990,691
	Pakistan Investment Bonds		792,239	777,655
	ljarah Sukuks		3,774	(2,686)
			2,397,823	1,765,660
26	OTHER INCOME			
	Rent on property		32,586	29,539
	Gain on sale of fixed assets - net	9.6	23,585	11,162
	Gain on sale of asset held for sale		80,601	-
	Sri Lanka branch operations recovery & exchange translation	11.2	(12,485)	345
	Recoveries against assets at acquisition of Union Bank Limited		-	30,000
	Gain / (loss) on lease termination		1,376	154,296
	Gain on acquisition of assets		405 (10	1,567
			125,663	226,909

Total compensation expense 27 7,414,425 6,644,007	27	OPERATING EXPENSES	Note	2022 (Ruppess	2021
Property expense 160,490 111,226 Insurance 12,376 11,776 11	21				
Ren's & taxes			27	7,414,425	6,644,007
Insurance		. , .		160 490	111 228
Utilities cost 399,302 269,327 289,227 289,027 289,027 289,027 289,027 289,027 226,307 279,490 226,307 279,490 226,307 279,490 226,307 279,490					
Security (Including guards) 187,941 220,228 Repair & maintenance 246,307 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,490 195,593 1					
Repair & maintenance					
Facilities management cost Depreciation (Property related) Depreciation (Right of use assets) Depreciation (Right of use assets) Cleaning and Janutorial Minor improvements, additions and others Information technology expenses Software maintenance Software maintenance Depreciation (Right of use assets) Derectoriation (Tirelated) Amontsiation Network charges Directors' fees and allowances to Sharida Board Legal & professional charges Legal & professional charges Depreciation (Other operating expense) Directors' fees and allowances to Sharida Board Legal & professional charges Depreciation (Other operating expense) Depreciation (Other operating expense) Depreciation (Other operating exp) Travelling & conveyonce Depreciation (Other operating exp) Denations Stationery & printing Marketing, advertisement & publicity Denations De				226,307	195,490
Depreciation (Property related) 9 400,665 509,941					
Depreciation (Right of use assets)					1 ' 1
Cleaning and Janitarial 416,672 430,508 Alinor improvements, additions and others 225,568 6727 2,403,839 2,274,045 2,403,839 2,403					
Minor improvements, additions and others			9		
Information technology expenses 2,403,839 2,274,045					
Information technology expenses Software maintenance 253,352 330,963 206,805 207,805 206,805 207,805 206,805 207,805 206,805 207,805 206,805 207,805		Minor improvements, additions and others			
Hardware maintenance Depreciation (IT related) 311,617 275,690 275,690 276,690 275		Information technology expenses		2,403,037	2,27 -,0-13
Depreciation (IT related)		Software maintenance		253,352	330,963
Amortisation Network charges 54,897 14,149 14,1					
Network charges				311,617	
Other operating expenses 826,671 908,631 Directors' fees and allowances 13,975 13,925 Fees and allowances to Shariah Board 15,742 11,589 Legal & professional charges 236,007 130,732 Outsourced services costs 27 133,721 115,894 Travelling & conveyance 140,902 38,355 65,716 69,106 Depreciation (Other operating exp) 65,716 69,106 177,219 127,219 127,219 127,219 127,219 127,219 127,219 127,439 120,33 120,33 120,33 120,33 120,33 120,33 120,33 120,33 120,33 120,33 127,439 127,439 127,439 127,439 127,439 127,439 127,439 127,433 127,233 127,233 127,233 127,233 127,233 127,233 127,233 127,233 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242 127,242<				-	
Other operating expenses Directors' fees and allowances 13,975 13,925 Fees and allowances to Shariah Board 15,742 11,589 Legal & professional charges 236,007 130,732 115,894 Outsourced services costs 27 133,271 115,894 Travelling & conveyance 140,902 38,355 Depreciation (Other operating exp) 19,655 1,203 Postage & courier charges 112,719 127,439 Communication 368,560 345,016 Stationery & printing 191,327 206,001 Marketing, advertisement & publicity 465,259 292,249 Donations 27 23,371 9,250 Auditors remuneration 28 30,400 27,150 Cash transportation services 91,662 60,439 58,578 Documentation and processing charges 159,717 105,179 Insurance 91,662 69,095 Others 3,707,537 3,206,827 11,810,591 11,539,495 27.1 <th></th> <th>Network charges</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>		Network charges			
Fees and allowances to Shariah Board		Other operating expenses		020,071	700,031
Legal & professional charges 236,007 130,732 Outsourced services costs 27 133,721 115,894 Travelling & conveyance 140,902 38,355 Depreciation (Other operating exp) 65,716 69,106 Training & development 19,655 1,203 Postage & courier charges 127,219 127,439 Communication 368,560 345,016 Stationery & printing 191,327 206,001 Marketing, advertisement & publicity 465,259 292,249 Donations 27 23,371 9,250 Auditors remuneration 28 30,400 27,150 Cash transportation services 60,439 58,578 Documentation and processing charges 1159,717 165,179 Insurance 21,984 32,051 Others 91,662 69,095 27.15 1,306,571 11,539,495 27.15 1,306,571 1,180,887 i) Variable of which; 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which;					
Outsourced services costs 27 133,721 115,894 Travelling & conveyance 140,902 38,355 Depreciation (Other operating exp) 65,716 69,106 Training & development 19,655 1,203 Postage & courier charges 127,219 127,439 Communication 368,560 345,016 Stationery & printing 465,259 292,249 Marketing, advertisement & publicity 465,259 292,249 Donations 27 23,371 9,250 Auditors remuneration 28 30,400 27,150 Cash transportation services 60,439 58,578 Documentation and processing charges 159,777 165,179 Insurance 159,777 165,179 Others 21,662 69,095 10,186,256 1,712,812 11,810,591 11,539,495 27.1 15,816,256 1,712,812 13,65,456 1,712,812 13,65,456 1,712,812 13,656,556 1,712,812					
Travelling & conveyance 140,902 38,355 Deprecication (Other operating exp) 65,716 69,106 Training & development 19,655 1,203 Postage & courier charges 127,219 127,439 Communication 368,560 345,016 Stationery & printing 191,327 206,001 Marketing, advertisement & publicity 465,259 292,249 Donations 27 23,371 9,250 Auditors remuneration 28 30,400 27,150 Cash transportation services 60,439 58,578 Documentation and processing charges 159,717 165,179 Insurance 91,662 69,095 2,165,656 1,712,812 1,810,591 11,539,495 27.1 Total compensation expense 3,707,537 3,206,827 1,9 Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 1,9 Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 1,9 Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 9,096 51,337 Pees and allowances etc 1,380,831 1,127					
Depreciation (Other operating exp)			27		
Training & development 19,655 1,203 Postage & courier charges 127,19 127,439 Communication 368,560 345,016 Stationery & printing 191,327 206,001 Marketing, advertisement & publicity 465,259 292,249 Donations 27 23,371 9,250 Auditors remuneration 28 30,400 27,150 Cash transportation services 60,439 58,578 Documentation and processing charges 159,717 165,179 Insurance 21,984 32,051 Others 91,662 69,095 2,165,655 1,712,812 11,539,495 27.1 Total compensation expense 3,707,537 3,206,827 27.1 Total compensation expense 3,707,537 3,206,827 27.1 Total compensation expense 1,306,711 1,180,887 3) Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 i) Viralble of which; 3,006,827 1,306,711 1,180,887 b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 92,096 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>					
Postage & courier charges				-	
Communication Stationery & printing 191,327 206,001 191,327 206,001 191,327 206,001 191,327 206,001 191,327 206,001 191,327 206,001 191,327 206,001 191,327 207,229 207,229 207,229 207,209 207					
Stationery & printing 191,327 206,001 Marketing, advertisement & publicity 465,259 292,249 Donations 27 23,371 9,250 275,249					1
Marketing, advertisement & publicity 27 23,371 292,249 Donations 27 23,371 9,250 Auditors remuneration 28 30,400 27,150 Cash transportation services 60,439 58,578 Documentation and processing charges 159,717 165,179 Insurance 21,984 32,051 Others 91,662 69,095 2,165,656 1,712,812 11,539,495 27.1 Total compensation expense Managerial Remuneration 3,707,537 3,206,827 i) Variable of which; 3 3,307,537 3,206,827 i) Variable of which; 3 1,306,711 1,180,887 b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc 92,096 51,397 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 22,1323 399,728 Others 3,52 240 c) Temporary st					1 ' 1
Donations					
Cash transportation services 60,439 58,578 Documentation and processing charges 159,717 165,179 Insurance 21,984 32,051 Others 491,662 69,095 2,165,656 1,712,812 11,539,495 27.1 Total compensation expense Managerial Remuneration 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 3 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 92,096 51,397 51,397 58,397 58,398 58,378 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 59,052 51,321 58,578 59,052 51,321 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,278 58,578 58,578 59,052 58,578 59,052 51,321 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,278 58,278 58,278 58,278 58,278 58,278 58,278 58,578 58,578 58,578 58,578			27	-	1 ' 1
Documentation and processing charges 159,717 165,179 132,051 165,179 165,179 165,179 165,179 165,179 165,179 165,179 165,055 1712,812 12,810,591 11,539,495 12,810,591 11,539,495		Auditors remuneration	28	30,400	27,150
Insurance Others				1	
Others 91,662 (2,165,656) (1,712,812) (1,2810,591) 69,095 (1,2810,591) 27.1 Total compensation expense Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 3,06,711 1,80,887 a) Cash Bonus / Awards etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc 1,380,831 1,127,174 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 21,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342		Documentation and processing charges			
2,165,656 1,712,812 12,810,591 1,712,812 1,539,495 27.1 Total compensation expense Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 3 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 3,306,711 1,180,887 b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc 92,096 51,397 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
27.1 Total compensation expense Managerial Remuneration j) Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 3,306,711 1,180,887 b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc 1,380,831 1,127,174 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342		Others			
27.1 Total compensation expense Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 1,306,711 1,180,887 a) Cash Bonus / Awards etc. 92,096 51,397 b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc 1,380,831 1,127,174 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others a) Redundancy / severance 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
Managerial Remuneration 3,707,537 3,206,827 ij) Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 1,306,711 1,180,887 a) Cash Bonus / Awards etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc. 1,380,831 1,127,174 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342				12,810,591	11,539,495
i) Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 1,306,711 1,180,887 a) Cash Bonus / Awards etc. 92,096 51,397 b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc 1,380,831 1,127,174 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342	27.1	Total compensation expense			
i) Fixed 3,707,537 3,206,827 ii) Variable of which; 1,306,711 1,180,887 a) Cash Bonus / Awards etc. 92,096 51,397 b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc 1,380,831 1,127,174 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
ii) Variable of which; 1,306,711 1,180,887 a) Cash Bonus / Awards etc. 92,096 51,397 b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. 92,096 51,397 Fees and allowances etc 1,380,831 1,127,174 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342				3.707.537	3.206.827
b) Bonus & Awards in Shares etc. Fees and allowances etc Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Rent & house maintenance Conveyance Others a) Redundancy / severance b) Staff entertainment c) Temporary staff cost d) Staff insurance c) Temporary staff cost d) Staff insurance 51,397 1,127,174 (475) (475) 379,525 26,000 26,000 26,000 27,482 29,482 87,942 87,942 18,420 240 18,420 240 166,342				, , , , , , ,	
Fees and allowances etc 1,380,831 1,127,174 Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
Charge for defined benefit plan (1,299) (475) Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
Contribution to defined contribution plan 435,519 379,525 Rent & house maintenance 26,000 26,000 Conveyance 221,323 399,728 Others 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
Rent & house maintenance 26,000 Conveyance 399,728 Others 29,482 a) Redundancy / severance 29,482 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 c) Temporary staff cost 352 d) Staff insurance 198,347					
Others 29,482 87,942 a) Redundancy / severance 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
a) Redundancy / severance 29,482 87,942 b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
b) Staff entertainment 17,526 18,420 c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342				20 //02	97.07.2
c) Temporary staff cost 352 240 d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
d) Staff insurance 198,347 166,342					
7,414,425 6,644,007					
				7,414,425	6,644,007

For the year ended 31 December 2022

27.2 Total cost for the year included in other operating expenses relating to outsourced activities is Rs. 134 million (2021: Rs. 116 million). The total amount pertains to the payment to companies incorporated in Pakistan. The material outsourcing arrangement along with their nature of services are as follows;

Supplier name	Services	2022	2021
		(Rupees	s in '000)
CMS Company	Cash Sorting at Cash Houses and Branches	30,000	30,000
DWP Technologies (Pvt) Ltd	Network Management Support Services	20,299	11,300
DWP Technologies (Pvt) Ltd	Printing of Customer Statement	10,493	5,854
Agility Logistics (Pvt) Limited	Archival facility for Bank's documents	11,671	14,922
Infotel Pakistan (Pvt.) Ltd.	Credit and Debit Card Personalization	10,486	6,918
Apex Printry Pvt Ltd	Secured Printing i.e.Cheque books, Pay orders etc.	10,883	9,196
Inbox Business Technologies Ltd	Desktop & End User Support Services	39,889	37,704
		133,721	115,894

27.3 Bank is awaiting approval from State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) for payment of group executive and general administration expenses for prior years. In concurrence with SCB UK, no expenses have been charged since 2018.

27.4	Details of the donations given in excess of Rs. 500,000 are given below:	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
	Right to Play International - Goal Programme	10,135	9,250
	The Citizen's Foundation	10,000	_
	Orange Tree Foundation	2,400	-
	Health Oriented Preventive Education	836	_

Donations were not made to any donee in which directors or their spouse had any interest.

Moreover, SCB Group directly sponsored donations amounting to PKR 22.51 million during the year (2021: Rs.44.88 million)which were co-ordinated through SCBPL. This donation was made for SCWomen in tech initiative through Innoventures.

27.5	Auditors' remuneration	Note	2022 2021 (Rupees in '000)	
	Statutory audit fee IFRS reporting fee Special certifications and sundry other reporting Fee for audit of employee funds Out-of-pocket expenses		21,006 4,150 3,831 413 1,000 30,400	17,862 3,529 4,408 351 1,000 27,150
28	OTHER CHARGES			
	Fines and penalties imposed by SBP		11,919	18,989
29	PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET			
	Reversal / (provision) against loans and advances Reversal / (provision) against off-balance sheet obligations - net Recovery of amounts written off Bad debts written off directly Fixed assets write offs	8 8.5.1	1,119,528 44,000 344,337 (173,278) (15,095) 1,319,492	(706,413) (7,170) 411,969 (166,996) (26,117) (494,727)
30	TAXATION			
	CurrentPrior yearsDeferred	30	27,577,385 1,445,253 1,256,486 30,279,124	9,696,706 (133,332) 1,470,592 11,033,966

Overdrawn nostros

30.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
	Profit before taxation	50,123,499	24,761,638
	Tax at the applicable tax rate of 39% (2021: 35%)	19,548,165	8,666,573
	Expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable income	4,648	6,646
	Super tax	4,797,763	975,170
	Prior year provision	1,445,253	827,368
	Impact of rate change	379,614	255,018
	Additional Tax on Government Securities	4,068,353	287,390
	Others	35,330	15,801
		30,279,126	11,033,966
31	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
	Profit for the year	19,844,375	13,727,672
		(Number o	of shares)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	3,871,585,021	3,871,585,021
		(Rup	ees)
	Earnings per share - basic and diluted	5.13	3.55
	There were no convertible dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at December 31, 2022 and	2021.	
		2022	2021
32	STAFF STRENGTH	(Nun	
	Permanent	2,124	2,279
	Temporary / on contractual basis / direct contracts	11	13_
	Bank's own staff at the end of year	2,135	2,292
	Outsourced	_	_
	Total staff strength	2,135	2,292
		2022	2021
33	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(Rupees	in '000)
	Cash and balances with treasury banks	68,918,645	60,295,393
	Balances with other banks	8,737,656	9,567,702

81 Financial statements and notes

(3,074,558)

74,581,743

(10,947)

69,852,148

Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities 33.1

						2022				
			Liabilities					Equity		Total
	Bills payable	Borrowings	Deposits and other accounts	Deferred tax liabilities	Other liabilities	Share capital	Reserves	Surplus on revaluation of assets	Unappropriated profit	
					(Rup	(Rupees in '000)				
Balance as at 1 January 2022	16,601,187	35,028,767	626,774,412	3,679,066	77,736,852	38,715,850	25,243,085	7,371,825	8,274,496	839,425,540
Changes from financing cash flows										
Dividend paid	•	•	•	•	(4,926,565)	•	•		,	(4,926,565)
Payment in respect of lease liability Total changes from financing cash flows					(578,229)					(578,229)
Other changes		٠		٠		•			19,962,814	19,962,814
Liability-related										
Changes in bills payable	(1,780,570)			•	•					(1,780,570)
Changes in borrowings	,	(6,965,148)	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	(6,965,148)
Changes in deposits and other accounts	•	•	91,675,577	•	•	'	•	•	,	91,675,577
Changes in deferred tax liabilities	•	•	•	1,675,696	•	•	•	•	,	1,675,696
Changes in other liabilities	•	•	,	•	861,591	•	•	•	•	861,591
- Cash based	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
- Non-cash based - Actuarial loss on										
remeasurements of defined benefit plan	•	•	,	•	(14,543)	•	•	•	•	(14,543)
Transfer of profit to reserve	•	•	'	•	•	•	3,968,875	•	(3,968,875)	'
Dividend announced	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	(12,582,652)	(12,582,652)
Realised on disposal during the year - net of deferred tax		•	•	•	'				28,494	28,494
Changes in surplus on revaluation of assets	'		•	•	•	•	•	506,967		506,967
	(1,780,570)	(6,965,148)	91,675,577	1,675,696	847,048		3,968,875	506,967	(16,523,033)	73,405,412
Balance as at 31 December 2022	14,820,617	28,063,619	718,449,989	5,354,762	73,079,106	38,715,850	29,211,960	7,878,792	11,714,277	927,288,972

Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

						2021				
			Liabilities					Equity		Total
	Bills payable	Borrowings	Deposits and other accounts	Deferred tax liabilities	Other liabilities	Share capital	Reserves	Surplus on revaluation of assets	Unappropriated profit	
					(Rupe	(Rupees in '000)				
Balance as at 1 January 2021	10,712,040	23,293,381	556,505,923	2,624,986	47,090,605	38,715,850	22,497,551	7,755,848	12,708,561	721,904,745
Changes from financing cash flows										
Dividend paid Payment in respect of lease liability	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(11,392,837)	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(11,392,837) (562,279)
Total changes from financing cash flows	,	,	,	,	(11,955,116)		j 	,	,	(11,955,116)
Other changes	1	1	ı	ı	•	1	1	1	13,797,809	13,797,809
Liability-related										
Changes in bills payable	5,889,147	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	,	5,889,147
Changes in borrowings	1	11,735,386	1	,	1	1	1	1	1	11,735,386
Changes in deposits and other accounts	ı	ı	70,268,489	,	1	'	1	1	1	70,268,489
Changes in deferred tax liabilities	1	1	1	1,054,080	1	'	1	1	1	1,054,080
Changes in other liabilities	1	1	1	1	42,597,564	,	1	,	1	42,597,564
- Cash based	1	1	1	1	1	'	1	1	,	1
- Non-cash based - Actuarial loss on										
remeasurements of defined benefit plan	1	ı	1	1	3,799	'	1	1	1	3,799
Transfer of profit to reserve	1	i	1	1	1	'	2,745,534	ı	(2,745,534)	1
Dividend announced									(15,486,340)	(15,486,340)
Realised on disposal during the year - net of deferred tax	ı	ı	1	1	ı	•	1	1	ı	ı
Changes in surplus on revaluation of assets	1	1	1	1		'	'	(384,023)	1	(384,023)
	5,889,147	11,735,386	70,268,489	1,054,080	42,601,363		2,745,534	(384,023)	(18,231,874)	115,678,102
Balance as at 31 December 2021	16,601,187	35,028,767	626,774,412	3,679,066	77,736,852	38,715,850	25,243,085	7,371,825	8,274,496	839,425,540

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34 DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

34.1 General description

Non Management Staff Pension Fund

The plan provides pension calculated at 50% of the average pensionable salary after completing 30 years of service. The employees of the Bank are entitled to either pension or gratuity, but not both. However, the employees of ANZ Grindlays Bank transferred to the bank are entitled to both pension and gratuity and the minimum number of years required for entitlement of pension is 25 years for these employees. Pension is calculated as 1/120 times the last drawn merged salary for each year of service. The plan is closed to active employees. The entire liability is in respect of existing pensioners.

Management Staff Pension Fund

The plan is closed to active employees. The entire liability is in respect of existing pensioners.

Additional Lump Sum on cessation scheme

This scheme covers ununionized employees of the Bank, where they are entitled to 12 basic salaries as of January 1, 2017, payable upon retirement or in case of death or permanent disability leading to cessation of employment during the service. This is an unfunded defined benefit scheme.

34.2	Number of Employees under the scheme	2022	2021
	SCB Non Management Pension Fund	25	29
	SCB Management Pension Fund	37	40
	Additional Lump Sum on cessation scheme	9	10

34.3 Principal Actuarial Assumptions

The last actuarial valuation of the scheme was carried out on 31 December 2022 and the key assumptions used for actuarial valuation were as follows:

Discount rate
Expected rate of increase in salary in future years
Expected rate of return on plan assets
Expected long term rate of increase in pension
Mortality rate

Withdrawal rate

2022
13.25% p.a.
N/A
13.25% p.a.
3.5% p.a.
SLIC (2001-05) ultimate mortality
table rated down one year
Light

2021
10.40% p.a.
N/A
10.40% p.a.
3.5% p.a.
SLIC (2001-05) ultimate mortality table rated down one year
Light

			anagement on Fund	SCB Man Pension		Addition Sum cessation	on	Tot	al
		2022	2021	2022	2021 (Rupees in 'C	2022 000)	2021	2022	2021
34.4	Reconciliation of (receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plan								
	Present value of obligations Fair value of plan assets (Receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plan	28,485 (57,248) (28,763)	33,615 (57,196) (23,581)	43,519 (57,450) (13,931)	54,191 (56,595) (2,404)	10,425	12,135 - 12,135	82,428 (114,698) (32,270)	99,941 (113,791) (13,850)
34.5	Movement in defined benefit obligation								
	Obligation as at 1 January	33,615	38,866	54,191	46,253	12,135	18,039	99,941	103,158
	Interest cost	3,376	3,576	5,454	4,245	1,273	2,028	10,103	9,849
	Benefits paid	(4,166)	(4,927)	(6,234)	(6,511)	(2,577)	(8,448)	(12,978)	(19,886)
	Re measurement : Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligation	(4,340)	(3,900)	(9,892)	10,204	(406)	516_	(14,638)	6,820
	Obligation as at 31 December	28,485	33,615	43,519	54,191	10,425	<u>12,135</u>	82,428	99,941
34.6	Movement in fair value of plan assets								
	Fair value as at 1 January	57,196	56,441	56,595	55,443	-	-	113,791	111,884
	Interest income on plan assets	5,710	5,220	5,692	5,104	-	-	11,402	10,324
	Benefits paid	(4,166)	(4,927)	(6,234)	(6,511)	-	-	(10,400)	(11,438)
	Re measurement :Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets	(1,492)	462	1,397	2,559	-		(95)	3,021
	Fair value as at 31 December	57,248	<u>57,196</u>	57,450	56,595	-		114,698	113,791

			lanagement on Fund	SCB Man Pensio		Addition Sum cessation	on .	To	tal
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
					(Rupees in 'C)00)			
34.7	Movement in (receivable) / payable from / to defined benefit plan								
	Balance as at 1 January	(23,581)	(17,575)	(2,404)	(9,190)	12,135	18,039	(13,850)	(8,726)
	Net benefit cost/(income) for the year ended	(2,334)	(1,644)	(238)	(859)	1,273	1,470	(1,299)	(1,033)
	Current service cost	-	-	-	-	-	558	-	558
	Benefits paid	-	- (/ 2/2)	- (44.200)	- 7//F	(2,577)	(8,448)	(2,577)	(8,448)
	Total amount of remeasurements recognised in OCI during the year		(4,362)	(11,289)	7,645	(406)	516	(14,543)	3,799
	Balance as at 31 December	(28,763)	(23,581)	(13,931)	(2,404)	10,425	12,135	(32,269)	(13,850)
34.8	Actual return on plan assets								
	Expected return on plan assets	5,710	5,220	5,692	5,104	-	-	11,402	10,324
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets	(1,492)	462	1,397	2,559	-		(95)	3,021
		4,218	5,682	7,089	7,663	-		11,307	13,345
	Amount recognized in total comprehensive income								
	The following amounts have been charged in respect of these be	nefits to prof	it and loss ac	count and oth	er compreher	nsive incom	ne:		
	Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit and loss								
	Interest cost	3,376	3,576	5,454	4,245	1,273	2,028	10,103	9,849
	Expected return on plan assets	(5,710)	(5,220)	(5,692)	(5,104)	4 272		(11,402)	(10,324)
		(2,334)	(1,644)	(238)	(859)	1,273	<u>2,028</u>	(1,299)	(475)
	Components of defined benefit costs (re-measurement) recognise	ed in other co	omprehensive	income					
	Re-measurement : Actuarial gain / loss on obligation								
	- (Gain) / Loss due to change in financial assumptions	(4,288)	(1,125)	(6,720)	(1,881)	(930)	(260)	(11,938)	(3,266)
	- (Gain) / Loss due to change in experience adjustments	(52)	(2,775) (3,900)	(3,172)	12,085 10,204	(406)	<u>776</u> 516	(2,700)	10,086
	Re-measurement : interest income net of return on plan assets	(4,340)	(3,700)	(7,072)	10,204	(400)	310	(14,030)	0,020
	Actual net return on plan assets	4,475	6,064	6,782	7,099	-	-	11,257	13,163
	Interest income on plan assets	5,710	5,220	5,692	5,104	-	-	11,402	10,324
	Opening difference	(257)	(382)	307	564	-	-	50	182
		1,492	(462)	(1,397)	(2,559)	-		95	(3,021)
	Net re-measurement recognised in other comprehensive income	(2,848)	(4,362)	(11,289)	<u>7,645</u>	(406)	516	(14,543)	3,799
34.8.	Components of plan assets								
	Bonds	-	55,038	56,315	49,885	-	-	56,315	104,923
	Cash and net current assets	57,248	2,158	1,135	6,710	-	-	58,383	8,868
3483	Sensitivity Analysis on defined benefit obligations								
J-4.U.Z	Sensitivity Analysis on defined sellent obligations	+1%	-1%	+1%	-1%				
		Discount	Discount	Pension increase	Pension				
		rate	rate (Rupee:	s in '000)	increase 				
	Non Management Pension Fund	27,233	29,857	29,978	27,109				
	Management Pension Fund	41,559	45,668	48,858	41,364				
	Additional Lump Sum on cessation scheme	10,133	10,735	-	-				
	1	•	•						

For the year ended 31 December 2022

34.8.3 Five year data on surplus/ (deficit) of the plans and experience adjusments

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		(R	upees in '00	00)	
Present value of defined benefit obligation	82,428	99,941	103,158	78,618	87,854
Fair value of plan assets	114,698	113,791	111,884	110,160	104,154
Deficit / (Surplus)	(32,270)	(13,850)	(8,726)	(31,542)	(16,300)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities - loss / (gain)	(2,700)	10,086	(6,106)	4,556	(4,025)
Experience adjustments on plan assets - loss / (gain)	95	(3,021)	1,849	(6,632)	(405)
2/ 0 / Everated contributions to be unid to the founds in the mout finance	-il				
34.8.4 Expected contributions to be paid to the funds in the next finan	ciai year				-

34.8.5 Expected charge / (reversal) for the next financial year

(3,802)

34.9 Funding Policy

The administration of defined benefit pension scheme is governed under provision of trust deeds established in 2002. Trustees at the request of the Bank agreed to act in accordance with the terms and conditions of these deeds including investment. Funding levels are monitored on annual basis based on actuarial recommendations.

Following are the significant risks associated with the define benefit plan / scheme

Asset Volatility

The Defined Benefit Pension Fund is almost entirely invested in Government Bonds with mostly fixed income bonds. For Management Pension Fund, 98.02% of the Investment (Rs. 56.315 million) is invested in Special Saving Certificates. This gives rise to significant reinvestment risk. The asset class is volatile with reference to the yield on this class. This risk should be viewed together with change in the bond yield risk. There is no equity or corporate bond exposure. Thus, no equity or settlement risk.

For Non-Management Fund, 100% of the investment (Rs. 57.248 million) are in cash and cash equivalents.

Changes in Bond Yields

There are two dimensions to the changes in Bond yields: first, as described above; second, the valuation of the Defined Benefit Liabilities is discounted with reference to these bond yields. So any increase in Bond yields will lower the Defined Benefit Liabilities and vice versa, but, it will also lower the Asset values.

Life expectancy / Withdrawal rate

The Gratuity is paid off at the maximum of age 60. The Life expectancy is in almost minimal range and is quite predictable in the ages when the employee is in the accredited employment of the Bank for the purpose of the pension. Thus, the risk of life expectancy is almost negligible. The withdrawal risk is dependent upon the: benefit structure; age and retention profile of the staff; the valuation methodology; and long-term valuation assumptions. In this case, it is not a significant risk.

35 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Bank operates a contributory provident and gratuity fund scheme for permanent employees. For provident fund, the employer and employee both contribute 10% of the basic salaries to the funded scheme every month. For gratuity fund scheme, the employer contributes 8.33% and 16.66% of the basic salaries to the funded scheme every month and the payment is made subject to completion of vesting period. Equal monthly contribution by the employer for both the schemes during the year amounted to Rs. 435.519 million (2021: Rs. 379.525 million).

36 SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The Bank's employees participate in the following share compensation plans operated globally by the ultimate holding company, Standard Chartered PLC (SCPLC). Under these equity settled plans, employees in Pakistan are issued shares of SCPLC upon meeting the vesting conditions. The market value of shares is denominated in pounds sterling at the time of grant. The (total income) / expense recognised in respect of above schemes on equity settled basis amounts to Rs. 91.727 million. The main features of each plan are as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2022

2011 Standard Chartered Share Plan (the '2011 Plan')

The 2011 Plan was approved by Group shareholders in May 2011 and is the Group's main share plan. Since approval, it has been used to deliver various types of share awards. Share awards applicable for Pakistan are as under.

A) Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP) awards

Granted with vesting subject to performance measures such as total shareholder return (TSR); return on equity (RoE) with a common equity tier (CET1) underpin; strategic measures; earnings per share (EPS) growth; and return on risk-weighted assets (RoRWA). Each measure is assessed independently over a three-year period. Awards granted from 2016 have an individual conduct gateway requirement that results in the award lapsing if not met.

B) Deferred / Restricted shares

Deferred awards are used to deliver the deferred portion of variable remuneration, in line with both market practice and regulatory requirements. These awards vest in installments on anniversaries of the awards date specified at the time of grant. Deferred awards are not subject to any plan limit. This enables the Group to meet regulatory requirements relating to deferral levels and is in line with market practice.

Restricted share awards, made outside of the annual performance process as replacement buy-out awards to new joiners who forfeit awards on leaving their previous employers, vest in installments on the anniversaries of the award date specified at the time of grant. This enables the Group to meet regulatory requirements relating to buy-outs, and is in line with market practice.

All Employee Sharesave Plans- (AESP) 2013 Sharesave Plan

The 2013 Sharesave Plan was approved by Group shareholders in May 2013. Under the 2013 Sharesave Plan, employees may open a savings contract. Within a maturity period of six months after the third anniversary, employees may purchase ordinary shares in the Company at a discount of up to 20 per cent on the share price at the date of invitation (this is known as the 'option exercise price'). There are no performance measures attached to options granted under the 2013 Sharesave Plan and no grant price is payable to receive an option. In Pakistan the Plan operate as Equity Settled Scheme.

Movements in the number of share options held by the Bank's employees are as follows:

					2022			202	21	
			2011	l Plan 1	AESP 20	013 Plan	2011 F	lan 1	AESP 2	013 Plan
			LTIP	Deferred / Restricted shares	Sharesave	average exercise price £ per share	LTIP	Deferred / Restricted shares	Sharesave	average exercise price £ per share
				(Num	ber in '000)			(Number	in '000)	
At 1 January Granted durin Exercised durin	ng the year		-	62 43 (28)	63 27 (7)	3.79 4.23 5.06	- - -	47 33 (17)	62 20 -	4.08 3.67 3.67
Lapsed during Notional divid At 31 December	end		-	- 1 78	(18) - 65	4.04 - 3.77	- - -	(2) 1 62	(19) - 63	4.6 - 3.79
			2022					2021		
Scheme	Range of exercise price	Weighted average exercise price	No. of options ('000)	Expected years	Contractual years	Range of exercise price	Weighted average exercise price	No. of options ('000)	Expected years	Contractual years
LTIP 1&2	-	-	-	-	-					
Deferred / Restricted shares 1&3	-	_	78	10	8.26			62	10	8.26
Sharesave ⁴	£3.14/£5.13	3.77	65	3.33/5.33	2.38	£3.14/£6.20	3.79	63	3.33/5.33	2.38

- 1) Employees do not contribute towards the cost of these awards, hence the weighted average exercise price of these plans are nil.
- 2) As of 31 December 2022, total number of options excercisable for Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP) awards were nil.
- 3) As of 31 December 2022 total number of options for Deferred / Restricted Shares Plan awards excercisable were 416.
- 4) As of 31 December 2022 total number of options excercisable for Sharesave Plan awards were 2,318.

COMPENSATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

				2022	2		
		Directors		Mambars		Key	Other
	Chairman	Executives (other than CEO)	Non- Executives		President / CEO	Management Personnel	Material Risk Takers / Controllers
				-(Rupees in	n '000)		
Fees and Allowances etc.	-	-	13,975	8,656	-	-	-
Managerial remuneration							
i) Fixed	-	-	-	5,613	90,492	254,966	291,504
ii) Total Variable of which							
a) Cash Bonus / Awards	-	-	-	1,232	66,877	159,897	154,438
b) Bonus & Awards in Shares	-	-	-	-	55,581	16,859	10,900
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	-	-	686	3,382	31,228	35,543
Rent and house allowance	-	-	-	-	26,000	-	-
Conveyance	-	-	-	466	-	16,591	23,468
Others	-	-	-	4,126	1,870	46,323	122,965
Total	-	-	13,975	20,779	244,202	525,864	638,818
Number of persons	1	-	3	4	1	15	25
		_	_	222		_	
				2021			
		Directors		Members		Key	Other
		Executives	Non	Shariah	President /	Management	Material
	la .		Non-	Juliani	CFO	Indiagement	Rick Takers /

				2021			
		Directors		Members		Key	Other
	Chairman	Executives (other than CEO)	Non- Executives	Shariah Board	President / CEO	Management Personnel	Material Risk Takers / Controllers
			((Rupees in	'000)		
Fees and Allowances etc.	-	-	13,925	4,017	-	-	-
Managerial Remuneration i) Fixed	-	-	-	4,173	82,000	218,941	222,553
ii) Total Variable of which a) Cash Bonus / Awards	-	_	_	461	43,978	114,580	121,255
b) Bonus & Awards in Shares	-	-	-	-	32,233	10,444	6,458
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	-	-	470	10,020	26,628	27,122
Rent and house allowance	-	-	-	-	26,000	-	-
Conveyance	-	-	-	708	-	28,893	38,331
Others		_	-	1,760	381	38,441	71,231
Total		_	13,925	11,589	194,612	437,927	486,950
Number of persons	1	-	3	4	1	16	25

- Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Key management personnel (KMP) are part of the Bank's MRT / MRC. In addition, certain staff meeting the criteria for MRT / MRC but not classified as KMP are separately disclosed as 'Other MRT / MRC'.
- 37.2 Others include allowances in lieu of loans and relocations as per Bank policy and terms of employment for executives including the Chief Executive Officer.
- 37.3 The Chief Executive is also entitled for a Bank maintained car, reimbursements for cost of medical expense and other benefits like club subscription, utilities, etc as per the terms of employment.

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37.4 Remuneration paid to Directors for participation in Board and Committee Meetings

					2022			
				Meeting Fe	es and Allov	ances Paid		
Sr.				For Board C	Committees			Total
No.	Name of Director	For Board Meetings	Board Audit Committee		Board Risk Committee	Board IT Committee	Share holders meeting	Amount Paid
				(R	lupees in '00	0)		
1	Spenta Kandawalla	800	-	400	-	-	25	1,225
2	Towfiq Habib Chinoy	2,400	-	1,400	1,600	-	50	5,450
3	Ehsan Ali Malik	2,400	2,400	-	1,400	1,050	50	7,300
		5,600	2,400	1,800	3,000	1,050	125	13,975

		2021								
		Meeting Fees and Allowances Paid								
Sr.	N (D)			For Board C	Committees			Total		
No.	Name of Director	For Board Meetings	Board Audit Committee		Board Risk Committee		Share holders meeting	Amount Paid		
				(F	Rupees in '00	0)				
1	Spenta Kandawalla	1,600	-	1,600	-	-	25	3,225		
2	Towfiq Habib Chinoy	2,000	-	1,400	1,600	-	25	5,025		
3	Ehsan Ali Malik	1,600	1,600	-	1,400	1,050	25	5,675		
		5,200	1,600	3,000	3,000	1,050	75	13,925		

37.5 Remuneration paid to Shariah Board Members

		2022		2021			
ltems	Chairman	Resident Member	Non- Resident Member(s)	Chairman	Resident Member	Non-Resident Member(s)	
	(Rupe						
Meeting Fees and Allowances	4,184	-	4,472	1,129	-	2,888	
Salaries and allowances	-	12,123	-	-	7,572		
Total amount	4,184	12,123	4,472	1,129	7,572	2,888	
Number of persons	1	1	2	1	1	2	

38 FAIR VALUE

Fair value of financial instruments

38.1 The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified as held to maturity are carried at cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities, fixed term deposits and borrowings cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for these assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

In the opinion of the management, the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since these are either short-term in nature or, in the case of customer loans and deposits, are frequently repriced.

On balance sheet financial instruments	Note					20	022				
				Carry	ing value				Fair va	lue	
		Held for trading	Available for sale	Loans and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
						(Rupees in '0	00)				
Financial assets measured at fair value											
- Investments											
Federal Government Secrurities (Tbills + PIBs + Sukuks + Naya Pakistan Certificates)		323,032	477,259,787	-	-	•	477,582,819	-	477,582,819	-	477,582,81
Equity securities traded (Shares)			99,635	-			99,635	99,635		٠	99,63!
Financial assets not measured at fair value											
- Cash and bank balances with SBP and NBP	38.2		-	-	68,918,645		68,918,645				
- Balances with other banks	38.2		-	-	8,737,656		8,737,656				
- Lending to financial institutions	38.2		-	-	51,286,290		51,286,290				
- Bai Muajjal with GOP	38.2				-		-				
- Investments - ordinary shares	38.2		50,000	-	-	-	50,000				
- Advances	38.2			216,207,696			216,207,696				
- Other assets	38.2			-	66,292,186	-	66,292,186				
		323,032	477,409,422	216,207,696	195,234,777	-	889,174,927				
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value											
- Bills Payable	38.2		-	-	-	14,820,617	14,820,617				
- Deposits and other accounts	38.2					718,449,989	718,449,989				
- Borrowings	38.2			-	-	28,063,619	28,063,619				
- Other liabilities (excluding Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease)	38.2			-	-	70,355,122	70,355,122				
mance lease)				-	-	831,689,347	831,689,347				
Off-balance sheet financial instruments											
Interst Rate swaps / Foreign currency options /											
Forward purchase contracts			-	-	98,301,785	•	98,301,785	•	98,721,710	-	98,721,710
Interst Rate swaps / Foreign currency options /											
Forward sale contracts		-			48,092,212	•	48,092,212		60,602,822		60,602,82

On balance sheet financial instruments						2021					
					Carrying value				Fair	value	
	Note	Held for trading	Available for sale	Loans and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities (Rupees in '0	Total 00)	Level1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					-						
- Investments											
Federal Government Securities (Tbills + PIBs + Sukuks + Naya Pakistan Certificates)		52,344,324	398,102,347	-	-	-	450,446,671	=	450,446,671	-	450,446,67
Equity securities traded (Shares)		=	86,616	-	=	=	86,616	86,616	-	-	86,616
Financial assets not measured at fair value											
- Cash and bank balances with SBP and NBP	38.2	-	-	-	60,295,393	-	60,295,393				
- Balances with other banks	38.2	-	-	-	9,567,702	-	9,567,702				
- Lending to financial institutions	38.2	-	-	-	11,728,869	-	11,728,869				
- Advances	38.2	-	-	234,172,617	-	-	234,172,617				
- Investments - ordinary shares	38.2	-	50,000	-	-	-	50,000				
- Other assets	38.2	-	-	-	33,463,151	-	33,463,151				
		52,344,324	398,238,963	234,172,617	115,055,115	-	799,811,019				
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value											
- Bills Payable		-	-	-	-	16,601,187	16,601,187				
- Deposits and other accounts	38.2	-	-	-	-	626,774,412	626,774,412				
- Borrowings	38.2	-	-	-	-	35,028,767	35,028,767				
- Other liabilities (excluding Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease)	38.2	_	_	_	-	76,082,320	76,082,320				
munice lease)		-	-	-	-	754,486,686	754,486,686				
Off-balance sheet financial instruments											
Interest Rate swaps / Foreign currency options /											
Forward purchase contracts		-	-	-	253,722,741	-	253,722,741	-	259,714,305	-	259,714,305
Interest Rate swaps / Foreign currency options /											
Forward sale contracts		-	-	-	188,804,100	-	188,804,100	-	196,079,897	-	196,079,897

^{38.2} These financial assets and liabilities are for short term or reprice over short term. Therefore their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

38.3 Fair value of non-financial assets

Fixed assets

2022										
Committee		Fair value								
Carrying value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3							
	Rupees in '000									
11,474,182	-	-	11,474,182							

2021									
Camaiaaaaalaa	Fair value								
Carrying value	Level 1	11							
	Rupees in '000								
10,689,126	-	-	10,689,126						

38.4 During the year ended 31 December 2022, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfer into and out of level 3 fair value measurements.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

38.5 The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair values within level 2 and level 3

Federal Government Securities (T-bills + PIBs + Sukuk)	The fair values of Federal Government securities are determined on the basis of rates/prices sourced from Reuters.
Non-Government debt securities (Sukuk Bonds (other than government)	Investment in non-Government debt securities denominated in Rupees are valued on the basis of rates announced by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP).
Derivatives	The Group enters in to derivatives contracts with various counter parties. Derivatives that are valued using valuation techniques based on market observable inputs are mainly interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing and swap models using present value calculations.
Forward foreign exchange contracts	The fair values of forward foreign exchange contracts are determined using forward pricing calculations.
Fixed assets	Land, buildings are revalued on a periodic basis using professional valuers. The valuation is based on their assessment of the market value of the assets.

39 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Bank's segmental reporting is in accordance with IFRS 8 'Operating Segments' and is reported consistently with the internal performance framework and as presented to the Bank's management.

Corporate Commercial and Institutional Banking (CCIB)

Corporate Commercial & Institutional Banking comprises Global Subsidiaries, International Corporates, Local corporates and small & medium sized clients, Financial Institutions and Sovereign clients. The product and services offered include deposits & cash management, trade, advisory services, secured lending, structured financing, FX forwards and derivatives.

Consumer Private Business Banking (CPBB)

Consumer Private Business Banking serves priority, premium, personal and business banking clients. The product and service offering include wealth management, deposits, secured lending (mortgages, auto loans, overdrafts etc.) and unsecured lending (credit cards, personal loans etc.).

Central & Other Items

Activities not directly related to a client segment are included in Central & other Items. This mainly includes Treasury-Markets (Asset and Liability Management), specific strategic investments (if any) and certain central costs of the Bank such as workers welfare fund and property management unit.

All segments offer a complete suite of Islamic Banking products and services under Standard Chartered Saadiq brand and state of the art digital banking solutions. Refer Annexure II for Islamic Banking Business.

		2022						
Segment Details with respect to Business Activ			J22					
	Commercial	Consumer Private	Central and					
	Corporate Institutional	Business	Other Items	Total				
	Banking	Banking	Other items					
			pees in '000)					
Profit & Loss	45 000 000	20 707 770	((=====(==)					
Inter segment revenue - net	15,909,892	29,795,759	(45,705,651)	-				
Net mark-up/return/profit	(644,780) 13,287,070	(10,479,068)	55,725,750 349,096	44,601,902				
Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income	28,552,182	<u>4,411,375</u> 23,728,066	10,369,195	18,047,541 62,649,443				
Total meome	20,332,102	23,7 20,000	10,307,173	02,047,443				
Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation	3,976,534	8,160,751 -	1,708,151 -	13,845,436				
Total expenses	3,976,534	8,160,751	1,708,151	13,845,436				
Provisions	(1,075,076)	(259,513)	15,097	(1,319,492)				
Profit before taxation	25,650,724	15,826,828	8,645,947	50,123,499				
Balance Sheet								
Cash & Bank balances	-	-	77,656,301	77,656,301				
Investments	323,036	50,000	477,359,418	477,732,454				
Net inter segment lending	155,328,894	322,546,472	(477,875,366)	- .				
Lendings to financial institutions		-	51,286,290	51,286,290				
Advances - performing	169,863,579	44,800,119	-	214,663,698				
- Non performing	531,869	1,012,129	- 24 927 404	1,543,998				
Others Total Assets	<u>64,929,995</u> 390,977,373	14,638,632 383,047,352	<u>24,837,604</u> 153,264,247	104,406,231 927,288,972				
		200,0 11,002		, ,				
Borrowings Deposits & other accounts	337,038,043	- 381,399,385	28,063,619 12,561	28,063,619 718,449,989				
Net inter segment borrowing	- F2 020 220	1447047	-	-				
Others Total liabilities	<u>53,939,330</u> 390,977,373	<u>1,647,967</u> 383,047,352	<u>37,667,188</u> 65,743,368	93,254,485 839,768,093				
Equity	370,777,373	363,047,332	87,520,879	87,520,879				
Total Equity & liabilities	390,977,373	383,047,352	153,264,247	927,288,972				
Contingencies & Commitments	246,035,098	326,309	130,838,144	377,199,551				
Sommer and the sommer and the some and the s	240,033,070	320,307	100,000,1					
Gorani gorano di Communicati		20	021					
-		20						
Profit & Loss			021 es in '000)					
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net	4,326,070	2((Ruper 18,231,759	021 es in '000) (22,557,829)					
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit	4,326,070 2,986,258	20 (Ruper 18,231,759 (4,101,908)	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346	- 26,267,696				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net	4,326,070	2((Ruper 18,231,759	021 es in '000) (22,557,829)					
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844	021 es in '000)	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 - 3,528,566	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752	021 es in '000)	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844	021 es in '000)	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 - 3,528,566	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752	021 es in '000)	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 - 3,528,566 179,857	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407	(22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 - 3,528,566 179,857 10,494,087	7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 - 3,528,566 179,857	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562)	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 3,528,566 179,857 10,494,087	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 - 3,528,566 179,857 10,494,087	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562)	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing - Non performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 40,358,721 906,225	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562) 11,728,869	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 - 3,528,566 179,857 10,494,087	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562)	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 3,528,566 179,857 10,494,087 52,344,324 46,441,108 192,054,790 852,881 38,885,713	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 40,358,721 906,225 15,033,116	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562) 11,728,869 19,158,843 127,188,208	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106 73,077,672 839,425,540				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 - 3,528,566 179,857 10,494,087 - 52,344,324 46,441,108 - 192,054,790 852,881 38,885,713 330,578,816	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 40,358,721 906,225 15,033,116 381,658,516	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562) 11,728,869 19,158,843 127,188,208 35,028,767	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106 73,077,672 839,425,540 35,028,767				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 3,528,566 179,857 10,494,087 52,344,324 46,441,108 192,054,790 852,881 38,885,713	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 40,358,721 906,225 15,033,116	021 es in '000) (22,557,829) 27,383,346 (105,647) 4,719,870 1,065,608 1,065,608 26,118 3,628,144 69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562) 11,728,869 19,158,843 127,188,208	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106 73,077,672 839,425,540				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 - 40,358,721 906,225 15,033,116 381,658,516 - 380,469,401	69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562) 11,728,869 	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106 73,077,672 839,425,540 35,028,767 626,774,412				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 - 40,358,721 906,225 15,033,116 381,658,516 - 380,469,401 - 1,189,115	69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562) 11,728,869 -19,158,843 127,188,208 35,028,767 26,792 -12,527,393	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106 73,077,672 839,425,540 35,028,767 626,774,412 - 98,017,105				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 - 40,358,721 906,225 15,033,116 381,658,516 - 380,469,401	69,863,095 398,188,963 (37,751,562) 11,728,869 	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106 73,077,672 839,425,540 35,028,767 626,774,412 - 98,017,105 759,820,284				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 - 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 - 40,358,721 906,225 15,033,116 381,658,516 - 380,469,401 - 1,189,115	69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562) 11,728,869 -19,158,843 127,188,208 35,028,767 26,792 -12,527,393	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106 73,077,672 839,425,540 35,028,767 626,774,412 - 98,017,105				
Profit & Loss Inter segment revenue - net Net mark-up/return/profit Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Inter segment expense allocation Total expenses Provisions Profit before taxation Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing - Non performing Others Total Assets Borrowings Deposits & other accounts Net inter segment borrowing Others Total liabilities Equity	4,326,070 2,986,258 6,890,182 14,202,510 3,528,566 3,528,566 179,857 10,494,087 52,344,324 46,441,108 192,054,790 852,881 38,885,713 330,578,816 246,278,219 84,300,597 330,578,816	18,231,759 (4,101,908) 4,341,152 18,471,003 7,542,844 7,542,844 288,752 10,639,407 50,000 325,310,454 40,358,721 906,225 15,033,116 381,658,516 380,469,401 1,189,115 381,658,516	69,863,095 398,188,963 (371,751,562) 11,728,869 	26,267,696 11,125,687 37,393,383 12,137,018 - 12,137,018 494,727 24,761,638 69,863,095 450,583,287 - 11,728,869 232,413,511 1,759,106 73,077,672 839,425,540 35,028,767 626,774,412 - 98,017,105 759,820,284 79,605,256				

40 **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Related parties comprise of Standard Chartered Plc., ultimate parent company, its other subsidiaries and branches, key management personnel, employees' retirement benefit funds and other associated undertakings. The transactions with related parties are conducted at commercial / agreed terms. The Bank also provides advances to employees at reduced rates in accordance with their terms of employment.

The transactions and balances with related parties are summarised as follows:

		2022			2021			
	Parent		Key management personnel	parties	Parent		Key management personnel	Other related parties
Balances with other banks			(F	lupees in 'O	000)			
In current accounts	5,547,742	-			9,486,490	-	-	-
In deposit accounts	5,547,742		<u> </u>		9,486,490		- -	-
Lendings to financial institutions								
Opening balance Addition during the year	6,560,984 1,754,767,391			:	60,281,457 1,906,965,566	-	-	-
Repaid during the year Closing balance	(1,741,842,085) 19,486,290			-	(1,960,686,039) 6,560,984	-	-	-
Advances								
Opening balance Addition during the year		84 5,097	217,158 148,147		-	103 2,265	199,961 199,206	-
Repaid during the year Transfer in / (out) - net		(5,105)	(21,440)			(2,284)	(143,317) (38,692)	-
Closing balance	-	76	215,089	-	-	84	217,158	-
Provision held against advances	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
		2	.022			2	2021	
	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Other related parties
Other Assets				(Rupees	in '000)			
Interest / mark-up accrued Receivable from staff retirement fund	11,594		1,105	- 32,270	176 -	-	1,056	- 13,850
Due from associated undertakings Other receivable	127,780	-		-	81,144	-	-	-
Closing balance	139,374	-	1,105	32,270	81,320	-	1,056	13,850
Borrowings								
Opening balance Borrowings during the year Settled during the year	10,846 3,074,558 (10,845)	-	- - -	:	58,592 4,776 (52,522)	- - -	- - -	- - -
Closing balance	3,074,559	-	-	-	10,846	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts								
Opening balance Received during the year Withdrawn during the year	732,691 35,276 (225,683)		144,835 940,665 (942,697)	116,030 3,765,295 (3,797,048)	568,666 185,954 (21,929)	163,244 1,500,331 (1,507,673)		147,670 1,229,874 (1,261,514)
Transfer in / (out) - net Closing balance	542,284	(161,838) 3,340	8,032 150,835	84,277	732,691	155,902	(11,562) 144,835	116,030
	J 12,207	5,5 .0	.50,000	U 1947 7	. 52,071	.55,752	. 1 1,000	,

	2022				2021				
	Parent		Key management personnel	Other related parties	Parent		Key management personnel	Other related parties	
				(Rupees	in '000)				
Other Liabilities									
Interest / mark-up payable		-	-		-	-	-	-	
Due to holding company	20,837,568	-	-	-	14,336,497	-	-	-	
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	2,373	-	-	
(to be specified separately if > Rs 5 million)	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Closing balance	20,837,568	•	-	-	14,336,497	2,373	-	-	
Contingencies and Commitments									
Transaction-related contingent liabilities - guarantees	70,335,480	-		-	57,353,301	-	-	-	
Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts	3,691,387	-	-	-	2,983,624	-	-	-	
Derivatives									
Derivative instruments- Interest rate swaps - notional Derivative instruments- FX options - notional	3,828,190	-	-	-	8,985,256	-	- -	-	
Derivative assets	144,644	_		_	31,082	_	_	_	
Derivative liabilities	616,269	-	-	-	364,206	-	-	-	
RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS Income									
Mark-up / return / interest earned	242,265	106	28,165	-	47,596	97	28,457	-	
Fee and commission income	9,781	16	58	-	16,425	85	63	-	
Income / (loss) from derivatives	(50,965)	-	-	-	(404,201)	-	-	-	
Expense									
Mark-up / return / interest paid	-	301	4,349	20,488	117	6,885	3,271	7,393	
Fee and commision expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Operating expenses	-	13,975	770,066	-	(14,116)	13,925	632,539	-	
Rent expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other transactions									
Dividend paid	(4,790,424)	-	-	-	(11,257,496)	-	-	-	
Contributation to defined contribution plans	-		-	(434,220)	-	-	-	(379,051)	
Net charge for defined contribution plans	-	-	-	(434,220)	-	-	-	(379,051)	
Net charge for defined Benefit plans				(1,299)				(475)	

The term 'related party' shall have the same meaning as specified under IAS 24 - Related party disclosures.

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	2022	2021
CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS	(Rupees	in '000)
Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR):		
Paid-up capital (net of losses)	38,715,850	38,715,850
Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR):		
Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital	64,735,488	54,621,127
Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital	-	34,021,127
Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital	64,735,488	54,621,127
Eligible Tier 2 Capital	8,900,992	10,047,424
Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	73,636,480	64,668,551
Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs):		
Credit Risk	287,625,617	272,298,682
Market Risk	21,033,154	39,378,955
	85,479,076	70,351,669
Operational Risk Total	394,137,847	382,029,306
Total	374,137,047	302,029,300
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	16.42%	14.30%
Tier1Capital Adequacy Ratio	16.42%	14.30%
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	18.68%	16.93%
Minimum CAR (including Capital Conservation Buffer)	11.50%	11.50%
Leverage Ratio (LR):		
Eligible Tier-1 Capital	64,735,488	54,621,127
Total Exposures	1,141,761,856	1,025,510,971
Leverage Ratio	5.67%	5.33%
Minimum SBP Requirement	3.00%	3.00%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR):		
Average High Quality Liquid Assets	486,035,026	408,146,977
Average Net Cash Outflow	114,563,947	85,437,728
Average Liquidity Coverage Ratio	424.2%	477.7%
Minimum SBP Requirement	100.0%	100.0%
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR):		
Total Available Stable Funding	637,896,049	581,667,236
Total Required Stable Funding	261,554,915	248,478,720
Net Stable Funding Ratio	244%	234%
canala. a finding made	= 1.170	_0 1/0

The full disclosure on the capital adequacy, leverage ratio & liquidity requirements, along with the specifications of credit ratings used to determine the capital requirements in respect of credit risk & mapping of credit rating to SBP grades, as per SBP prevailing guidelines shall be placed at https://www.sc.com/pk/about-us/financial-statements.html 41.1

For the year ended 31 December 2022

42. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Bank has an effective Enterprise Risk Management Framework (ERMF), to implement the guidelines and regulations, related to Risk Management. The ERMF sets out the principles and standards for risk management across the Bank and covers principal risk types of Credit, Traded, Treasury, Operational & Technology, Reputational & Sustainability, Compliance, Information & Cyber Security, Financial Crime and Model. These principle risks are managed through distinct Risk Type Frameworks (RTFs). A dynamic risk scanning process is also in place to periodically scan for emerging risks and uncertainties. The ERMF and RTFs define the formal definition of each risk type. The RTFs also define the risk management principles and approach for the management of these risks. In line with ERMF the bank has in place a governance structure for management of risk.Country Risk management is an integral component of the ERMF.

In addition to PRTs, the Bank may be exposed to certain Integrated Risks. Integrated Risk Types ("IRTs") are those risks that are significant in nature and materialise primarily through the relevant PRTs. Through this Framework, the CRO relies on delegates/ Integrated Risk Framework Owners ("IRFO") to perform second-line of defence activities for such risks as deemed necessary.

The ultimate responsibility for the oversight of risk management function rests with the Bank's Board of Directors. Acting within the authority delegated by the Board, the Country Management Team (CMT) has appointed the Executive Risk Committee (ERC) and the Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO), for effective Risk Management. There are various other risk related committees and forums at the management level. These include Approvals Committee, Country Financial Crime Risk Committee, Credit Issue Committee, Compliance and Conduct Management Committee ('CCMC') etc.The ultimate responsibility for the oversight of risk management function rests with the Bank's Board of Directors and the Board Risk Committee (BRC). The Board has delegated Board Information Technology Committee for performance of task of IT Steering Committee.

The Bank has a Risk Appetite Mandate in place which defines the maximum level of risk that the bank can undertake. This is approved annually by the Board.

The Bank follows the three Lines of Defence ("LOD") as part of its risk management and control framework. Under this, the businesses and functions being the first line of defense are engaged in or support revenue generating activities, own and manage the risks. Second line are the control functions that are independent of the First Line, and provide oversight and challenge of risk management to provide confidence to the Senior Management and the Board. Lastly, the internal audit function provides independent assurance.

42.1 Credit risk

Credit Risk is defined as the "potential for loss due to the failure of a counterparty to meet its agreed obligations to pay the Bank" and further divided into following sub-types:

- Credit concentration risk is the risk of material losses arising from sub-optimally diversified exposures. This may be due to the portfolio's sizeable single name exposure or high correlation across geographies and sectors. The risk arises that, due to a change in circumstances, having a concentration may give rise to potential losses.
- FX lending risk relates to the relationship between credit risk and market risk, where volatility in exchange rate movements may have adverse consequences on a borrower's debt servicing capacity should they lack natural or financial hedges. FX lending risk may also be present through currency concentration and where there is a collateral currency mismatch.
- Credit residual risk is the risk of partial performance or failure of credit risk mitigation techniques (e.g. collateral, derivative based hedging, insurance), owing to undervaluation or ineffective enforceability. Credit residual risk can occur due to the imperfect matching profile between credit exposures and collaterals / hedging instruments.
- Regulatory Risk is the risk of failure to comply with regulations and rules relating to the management of credit risk exposures.
- Refinancing risk is the risk that a borrower cannot refinance by borrowing further to repay existing debt potentially leading to the borrower facing liquidity pressures.
- Collateral Management Risk denotes that the held collateral as a mitigant to extended credit, is not adequately documented or the formalities to facilitate enforcement have not been completed or the collateral is not effectively managed and as a result may not achieve the estimated forced sale value when enforced.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Climate Risk has been included as Risk Type for Corporate, Commercial and Institutional Banking (CCIB) segment to identify the potential for financial loss and non-financial detriments arising from climate change and society's response to it. Climate change presents a CCIB credit risk when physical and transition risks disrupt operations and impact a client's business or operational model, thereby affecting their ability to generate the income require to repay debt, as well as the collateral that may back the loan.

The effects of Credit Risk Mitigation techniques, including collateral, guarantees, and legally enforceable netting agreement (if any). Quantitative and qualitative information about its securitization activities and contractual obligations with respect to recourse arrangements and the expected loses under those arrangements.

A Risk Appetite metrics is setup considering the inherent risks, control effectiveness and residual risk. A careful consideration is given to strategy and infrastructure, concentration risk, risk-adjusted profitability and efficient use of the capital resources while reviewing new credit exposures and monitoring existing credit exposures. This is predominantly done through setting up thresholds at client and portfolio levels. Portfolio or underwriting guidelines set the target portfolio shape around sector, product, industry, tenor, collateral, risk acceptance criteria and credit risk profile. Periodic deep dives are performed to identify vulnerable clients or portfolio segments; and appropriate mitigating actions are taken to derisk the balance sheet.

The overall credit portfolio is monitored against risk appetite and any breach is highlighted and discussed with appropriate mitigation actions in the appropriate committees and forums.

Moreover, Credit Monitoring Processes are also in-place that assists in controlling the rising risks, which may lead to credit losses. The process includes vigilant tracking and managing the accounts reported in Excess and Past Due Monitoring (EPDM), Conditions, Covenant and Risk Triggers (CCaRT), Accounts Subject to Additional Review (ASTAR) and Early Alert Reporting (EAR).

Stress testing tool is used for credit risk identification assessment, monitoring and mitigation and contribute to risk appetite calibration. Periodic stress tests are performed on the credit portfolio/segment to anticipate vulnerabilities from stressed conditions and initiate timely de-risking and mitigation plans.

Currently, the overall credit portfolio is well collateralized. This includes all major types of collaterals such as hypothecation charge over current assets, charge over fixed assets, mortgage over property, lien on cash deposit, pledge of shares, SBLCs, pledge of stock etc.

477,729,819

450,593,671

42.1.1 Lendings to financial institutions

Credit risk by public / private sector

Public / Government Private

endings	Non-perform	ning lendings	Provisi	on held						
2021	2022	2021	2022	2021						
(Rupees in '000)										
E4/7.00E										
5,167,885 6,560,984	-	-	-	-						
11,728,869	-	-	-	-						
	2021 5,167,885 6,560,984	2021 2022 (Rupees ir 5,167,885 - 6,560,984 -	2021 2022 2021	2021 2022 2021 2022						

42.1.2 Investment in debt securities

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross Investments		Non-performing	gInvestments	Provision held					
2022		2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
	(Rupees in '000)									
	477,582,819	450.446.671								
	1/17 000	1/17 000	1/17 000	1/17 000	1/17 000	1/17 000				

147,000

147,000

Financial Chemical and Pharmaceuticals

147,000

147,000

Credit risk by public / private sector	Gross Inv	Gross Investments		Non-performing Investments		Provision held	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		(Rupees in '000)					
D. I.I. / C	/ 77 502 040	/50 / / / /71					
Public / Government	477,582,819	450,446,671	-	-	•	-	
Private	147,000	147,000	147,000	147,000	147,000	147,000	
	477,729,819	450 593 671	147.000	147 000	147.000	147 000	

42.1.3 Advances

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross A	dvances	Non-performing Advances		Provisio	n held
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			(Rupees in '	000)		
Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	3,245,021	1,083,933	-	-	-	-
Mining and Quarrying	-	27,700	-	-	-	-
Food, tobacco and beverages	41,679,605	37,398,829	2,163,905	2,163,915	2,163,905	1,725,078
Metal and allied	385,787	818,337	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas	15,741	17,267	-	-	-	-
Textile	40,712,581	43,636,388	5,663,271	4,630,126	5,544,746	4,591,441
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	10,874,974	15,936,091	1,686,264	1,873,978	1,653,322	1,873,978
Cement	4,009,868	4,962,372	3,009,868	2,952,808	3,009,868	2,952,808
Sugar	1,293,921	2,265,247	124,591	124,591	124,591	124,591
Footwear and Leather garments	1,981,502	1,150,269	131,502	136,945	131,502	136,945
Automobile and transportation equipment	2,673,800	2,203,470	455,514	303,726	311,041	303,726
Electronics and electrical appliances	9,898,987	9,279,922	16,940	16,940	16,940	16,940
Construction	1,458,943	2,168,916	614,675	-	614,675	-
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	16,136,295	26,245,086	658,650	661,888	658,650	661,888
Wholesale and Retail Trade	6,967,544	9,288,725	396,311	831,418	396,311	831,418
Exports/Imports	150,024	146,073	-		-	-
Transport, Storage and Communication	34,827,639	33,937,749	1,953,527	2,134,302	1,953,527	2,134,302
Services	3,600,717	6,323,105	1,340,192	751,715	1,279,753	591,946
Individuals	45,664,469	45,219,044	2,555,782	2,613,732	1,543,651	1,707,504
Others	11,345,295	13,795,989	465,823	2,107,290	290,335	1,891,703
	236,922,713	255,904,512	21,236,815	21,303,374	19,692,817	19,544,268

Credit risk b	y public /	private sector
---------------	------------	----------------

Gross Advances		Non-perform	ing Advances	Provision held						
2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021					
	(Rupees in '000)									
1,169,451	4,655,435	-	-	-	-					
235,753,262	251,249,077	21,236,815	21,303,374	19,692,817	19,544,268					
236,922,713	255,904,512	21,236,815	21,303,374	19,692,817	19,544,268					

Public / Government Private

For the year ended 31 December 2022

42.1.4 Contingencies and Commitments

Credit risk by industry sector	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
Mining and Quarrying	912,320	795,372
Food and Beverages	-	484,659
Engineering	1,071,055	1,044,195
Textile	940,112	3,072,255
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	16,349,577	16,196,391
Cement	224,442	2,553,434
Sugar	1,170,537	24,362
Footwear and Leather garments	248,780	167,362
Automobile and transportation equipment	12,973,786	16,288,055
Electronics and electrical appliances	18,898,267	19,381,282
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	9,840,670	19,934,108
Wholesale and Retail Trade	1,480,785	1,380,706
Exports/Imports	1,071,055	54,300
Transport, Storage and Communication	19,806,625	11,674,275
Financial	97,824,392	82,120,351
Food, tobacco and beverages	13,921,097	5,693,779
Services	659,929	2,201,416
Oil and gas	-	6,287,146
Others	2,243,646	2,562,965
	199,637,075	191,916,413
Credit risk by public / private sector		
Public/ Government	5,948,272	10,974,828
Private	193,688,803	180,941,585
	199,637,075	191,916,413

42.1.5 Concentration of Advances

The bank top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded expsoures) aggregated to Rs 121.161 billion (2021: 120.278 billion) are as following:

 Funded
 75,760,136
 64,699,392

 Non Funded
 45,400,888
 55,578,341

 Total Exposure
 121,161,024
 120,277,733

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposures aggregated to Rs 190.634 billion (2021: 166.121 billion). None of the above are non-performing.

42.1.6 Advances - Province/Region-wise Disbursement & Utilization

	2022						
		(Rupees in '000)					
			Utilization				
Province/Region	Disbursements	Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Balochistan	Islamabad	AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan
Punjab	1,457,627,369	1,457,627,369	-	-	-	-	-
Sindh	1,206,116,686	-	1,206,116,686	-	-	-	-
KPK including FATA	15	-	-	15	-	-	-
Balochistan	627	-	-	-	627	-	-
Islamabad	410,556,175	-	-	-	-	410,556,175	-
AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,074,300,872	1,457,627,369	1,206,116,686	15	627	410,556,175	-

2022

2021

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	2021												
		(Rupees in '000)											
		Utilization											
Province/Region	Disbursements	Punjab	Sindh	KPK including FATA	Balochistan	Islamabad	AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan						
Punjab	828,768,256	828,768,256	-	-	-	-	-						
Sindh	1,059,695,107	-	1,059,695,107	-	-	-	-						
KPK including FATA	2,947,600	-	-	2,947,600	-	-	-						
Balochistan	56,725	-	-	-	56,725	-	-						
Islamabad	248,728,471	-	-	-	-	248,728,471	-						
AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Total	2,140,196,159	828,768,256	1,059,695,107	2,947,600	56,725	248,728,471	-						

42.2 Market Risk

The Bank has adopted the Traded Risk Type Framework under which the bank recognizes market risk as the "Potential for loss of economic value due to adverse changes in the financial markets rates or prices". The Traded Risk Framework is built on a risk-based approach and the framework considers processes and tools to be forward-looking, repeatable, sustainable and anticipate future needs. Market Risk exposures arise primarily from interest rate and foreign exchange related contracts. The Bank has no significant exposure to equity and commodity price risk.

Traded Risk Management (TRM) performs market risk management activities for the bank. Market risk limits are proposed by TRM after discussion with relevant businesses and are reviewed twice a year. Under the framework, authority for setting market risk limits is delegated to the local risk committee i.e. ERC. Overall risk appetite is set by the BOD in terms of Value at Risk (VaR) and Stress Loss Trigger. Market risk exposures are monitored on a daily basis by TRM and reported to country ERC on a monthly basis.

The Bank applies three complementary measures of market risk: VaR, Stress Loss exposures, and sensitivity measures. The VaR methodology used for internal risk management and setting of risk appetite uses historic simulation, with a confidence interval of 97.5% and a holding period of 1 day. Weekly Stress Loss exposures supplement VaR by providing a forward-looking view of positions and an assessment of their resilience to stressed market conditions. Sensitivity measures are applied to control exposures at a granular risk factor level. Market liquidity varies by risk factor and therefore sensitivity limits are used to prevent accumulation of illiquid positions.

Any excess in limits result in escalation to senior management, with the level of escalation depending upon nature of excess. These limits are monitored daily as part of daily risk reporting. The Board Risk Committee and the Executive Risk Committee provides primary oversight for Traded Risk.

42.2.1 Balance sheet split by trading and banking books

Cash and balances with treasury banks
Balances with other banks
Lendings to financial institutions
Investments
Advances
Fixed assets
Intangible assets
Other assets

Banking book	Trading book	Total	Banking book	Trading book	Total
		(Rupees i	n '000)		
/0.040.//E		/0.040.//F	(0 20F 202		/ O 20E 202
68,918,645	-	68,918,645	60,295,393	-	60,295,393
8,737,656	-	8,737,656	9,567,702	-	9,567,702
51,286,290	-	51,286,290	11,728,869	-	11,728,869
477,409,422	323,032	477,732,454	398,238,963	52,344,324	450,583,287
216,207,696	-	216,207,696	234,172,617	-	234,172,617
11,474,182	-	11,474,182	10,689,126	-	10,689,126
26,095,310	-	26,095,310	26,095,310	-	26,095,310
23,697,866	43,138,873	66,836,739	24,507,454	11,785,782	36,293,236
883,827,067	43,461,905	927,288,972	775,295,434	64,130,106	839,425,540

42.2.2 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk of financial impact due to exchange rate fluctuations. The Bank's assets in a particular currency are typically funded in the same currency to minimize foreign currency exposure. However, the Bank usually have some open positions in various currencies resulting from its transactions which are maintained within the overall limit advised by the SBP.

The Bank manages the foreign exchange risk by measuring and monitoring exposures against limits of FX VaR, currencywise NOP, and sensitivity measures.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	2	022			20	21	
Foreign Currency Assets	Foreign Currency Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure	Foreign Currency Assets	Foreign Currency Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure
			(Rupees in '	000)			
108,921,698	108,894,245	(24,476,108)	(24,448,655)	29,711,560	29,764,736	(45,762,844)	(45,816,020)
7,275,831	7,274,967	(630,897)	(630,033)	7,655,960	7,637,619	(756,629)	(738,288)
4,973,073	4,973,263	(13,862,893)	(13,863,083)	3,400,992	3,403,157	(7,480,221)	(7,482,386)
42,997	42,996	(566,401)	(566,400)	40,341	40,356	(480,516)	(480,531)
138,050	138,076	(1,842,031)	(1,842,057)	347,496	297,542	(2,143,745)	(2,093,791)
3,738,314	3,701,361	(4,537,839)	(4,500,886)	970,553	963,666	(8,438,833)	(8,431,946)
125,089,963	125,024,908	(45,916,169)	(45,851,114)	42,126,902	42,107,076	(65,062,788)	(65,042,962)

United States Dollar Great Britain Pound Sterling Euro Swiss Franc Japanese Yen Other currencies

Impact of 1% change in foreign exchange rates on

- Profit and loss account
- Other comprehensive income

20	22	20)21
Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
	(Rupees	in '000)	
(+/-)	(+/-)	(+/-)	(+/-)
N/A N/A	(55,075) N/A	N/A N/A	(43,282) N/A

42.2.3 Equity position Risk

Since the exposure of the Bank in equity is insignificant, the effect of changes in equity prices have not been disclosed.

42.2.4 Yield / Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)-Basel Specific

Yield/Interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet instruments is based on the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date. This also refers to the non-trading market risk.

- Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB) is defined as a potential reduction on the Bank's earnings or economic value due to an adverse movement in interest rates arising from its Banking Book exposures.
- IRRBB arises from 1) Repricing Risk (arises from timing mismatch in the re-pricing profile of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet positions), 2) Basis Risk (arises from the imperfect correlation of rates on different instruments with otherwise similar re-pricing characteristics) and 3) Option Risk (result from clients exercising their right to alter the cash-flow of an instrument

The bank assumes a constant balance sheet (balances, duration, product mix etc) with maturing balances being replenished with instruments of similar characteristics; this also assumes that contingent exposures are not drawn in order to maintain a constant balance sheet. A parallel shock is applied to the yield curve across all currencies for a forecasted horizon of 12 months The economic life and re-pricing tenors for maturing products is assumed to be the contractual profile whereas for non-maturing products it is taken to be the FTP profile.

When modelling floating rate products; or instruments with short term tenors or high spreads, the prepayment behavior will be assumed independent from interest rate scenarios.

When modelling long term fixed rate products with low spreads the prepayment behaviour will be assumed interest rate dependent. Pass through rates (proportion of change in market rates passed on to customers) along with timelag (time difference between market interest rate change and its pass through to a customer) are determined by businesses once a year and reviewed and approved by the ALCO.

- IRRBB is a risk sub type covered under the Treasury Risk Type Framework. The framework and its policies require the interest rate risk exposures in the banking book to be presented to the ALCO on regular basis.
- Re-pricing Gaps, Value at Risk on Treasury Market Portfolio and impact of interest rate changes on Net interest income are regularly presented in ALCO.

202	22	202	21
Banking book	Trading book	Banking book	Trading book
	(Rupee	s in '000)	
(+/-)	(+/-)	(+/-)	(+/-)
1,199,240	(103,038)	1,344,863	(394,157)
(1,017,905)	-	(610,043)	-

Impact of 1% change in interest rates on

- Profit and loss account
- Other Comprehensive income

42.2.5 MISMATCH OF INTEREST RATE SENSITIVE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

							2022					
	Effective					Exposed to y	ield / interes	t rate risk				Non interest
	yield / interest rate	Total	Upto one month	Over one month to three months	Over three months to six months	Over six months to one year	Over one year to two years	Over two years to three years	Over three years to five years	Over five years to ten years	Over ten years	bearing financial instruments
On-balance sheet financial instruments							- (Rupees in '	000)				
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks	0.98%	68,918,645	9,123,602			-				-		59,795,043
Balances with other banks	0.88%	8,737,656			-	-		-		-	-	8,737,656
Lendings to financial institutions	7.10%	51,286,290	51,286,290		-	-		-		-	-	
Investments	12.90%	477,732,454	119,199,387	180,150,426	176,779,938	-			1,453,069			149,635
Advances	12.95%	216,207,696	70,747,679	83,524,342	27,002,085	17,786,332	7,294,329	5,805,088	3,904,672	143,169		
Other assets	-	66,292,186										66,292,186
		889,174,927	250,356,958	263,674,768	203,782,023	17,786,332	7,294,329	5,805,088	5,357,741	143,169	-	134,974,520
Liabilities												
Bills payable	-	14,820,617		-		-	-	-		-	-	14,820,617
Borrowings	7.75%	28,063,619	227,606	21,849,844	2,152,788	57,194	114,388	103,082	138,331	345,828	-	3,074,558
Deposits and other accounts	6.35%	718,449,989	359,785,105	24,514,298	2,819,644	2,911,777	141,240	109,872	120,000			328,048,053
Sub-ordinated loans	-					-						
Other liabilities	-	70,355,122	-			-		-		-	-	70,355,122
		831,689,347	360,012,711	46,364,142	4,972,432	2,968,971	255,628	212,954	258,331	345,828	-	416,298,350
On-balance sheet gap		57,485,580	(109,655,753)	217,310,626	198,809,591	14,817,361	7,038,701	5,592,134	5,099,410	(202,659)	-	(281,323,830)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Forward Lending												
Interest Rate Swap / Cross Currency Swaps		3,302,119		3,302,119								
Foreign Currency option												
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts		94,999,666	91,994,534	2,527,022	478,110	-						
Ů Ů	,	98,301,785	91,994,534	5,829,141	478,110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Borrowing												
Interest Rate Swap / Cross Currency Swaps		43,422,211	-	39,216,679	3,225,711	979,821						
Foreign Currency option				-		-						
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts		4,670,000	3,866,360	178,500		625,140						
J J		48,092,211	3,866,360	39,395,179	3,225,711	1,604,961			-	-	-	
Off-balance sheet gap		50,209,574	88,128,174	(33,566,038)	(2,747,601)	(1,604,961)	-	-	•	-	•	-
Total yield / interest risk sensitivity gap		107,695,154	(21,527,579)	183,744,588	196,061,990	13,212,400	7,038,701	5,592,134	5,099,410	(202,659)		(281,323,830)
Cumulative yield / interest risk sensitivity				162,217,009	358,278,999	371,491,399	378,530,100	384,122,234	389,221,644	389,018,985	389,018,98	5

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans Other liabilities Effective yield / interest rate Effective yield / interest rate 237% - Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Ja29% Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans Other liabilities - Other liabilities	Total -	Upto one month	Over one month to three months	Over three months to six months	Over six months to one year	Over one year to	Over two years to three years	Over three years to five years	Over five years to ten years	Over ten years	Non interest bearing financial
Interest rate On-balance sheet financial instruments Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments 7,93% Advances Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings 329% Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans - Interest rate - 237% - 237% - 247%			month to	months to	months to one year	year to	years to	years to	years to		bearing financial
Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Ciballities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans - Assets - Liabilities 3.29% Sub-ordinated loans - Assets - Brances - 3.29% Sub-ordinated loans - - - - - - - - - - - - -							,	/ 2010	teri yeurs		instruments
Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Clabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans - Assets - - - - - - - - - - - - -					(Rupe	es in '000)					
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans											
Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans - 237% - 793% -											
Lendings to financial institutions Investments 7,93% Advances Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings 3,29% Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loans 2,37% 7,93%	60,295,393	8,405,280		=	=	=	=	=	=	-	51,890,113
Investments 7,93% Advances 8,63% Other assets - Eliabilities Bills payable - Borrowings 3,29% Deposits and other accounts 3,19% Sub-ordinated loans - Eliability Advances - Eli	9,567,702	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,567,702
Advances 8.63% Other assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings 3.29% Deposits and other accounts 3.19% Sub-ordinated loans	11,728,869	11,728,869	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	450,583,287	49,903,540	245,879,076	154,050,159	-	-	-	613,896	-	-	136,616
Liabilities Bills payable - Borrowings 3.29% Deposits and other accounts 3.19% Sub-ordinated loans -	234,172,617	81,462,921	109,275,433	20,784,131	5,886,772	4,729,347	6,141,072	4,802,322	782,530	308,089	-
Bills payable - Borrowings 3.29% Deposits and other accounts 3.19% Sub-ordinated loans -	33,463,151	=	=	=	=	-	=	=	=	-	33,463,151
Bills payable - Borrowings 3.29% Deposits and other accounts 3.19% Sub-ordinated loans -	799,811,019	151,500,610	355,154,509	174,834,290	5,886,772	4,729,347	6,141,072	5,416,218	782,530	308,089	95,057,582
Borrowings 3.29% Deposits and other accounts 3.19% Sub-ordinated loans -											
Deposits and other accounts 3.19% Sub-ordinated loans -	16,601,187	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,601,187
Sub-ordinated loans -	35,028,767	7,783,288	21,502,479	3,167,610	1,216,109	657,580	49,946	99,891	232,828	308,089	10,947
	626,774,412	320,503,406	37,722,456	3,656,755	2,828,308	412,050	133,300	120,000	-	-	261,398,137
Other liabilities -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	76,082,320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,082,320
;	754,486,686	328,286,694	59,224,935	6,824,365	4,044,417	1,069,630	183,246	219,891	232,828	308,089	354,092,591
On-balance sheet gap	45,324,333	(176,786,084)	295,929,574	168,009,925	1,842,355	3,659,717	5,957,826	5,196,327	549,702	-	(259,035,009)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments											
Forward Lending											
Interest Rate Swap / Cross Currency Swaps	19,899,332	6,019,373	13,879,959	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency option	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	233,823,409	64,619,917	84,193,510	76,721,270	8,288,712	-	-	-	-	-	-
	253,722,741	70,639,290	98,073,469	76,721,270	8,288,712	=	=	-	=	=	-
Forward Borrowing											
Interest Rate Swap / Cross Currency Swaps	32,274,798	9,544,496	22,730,302	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency option	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	156,529,301	94,000,180	38,034,797	19,685,219	4,809,105	-	-	-	-	-	-
_1	188,804,099	103,544,676	60,765,099	19,685,219	4,809,105	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap	64,918,642	(32,905,386)	37,308,370	57,036,051	3,479,607	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total yield / interest risk sensitivity gap	110,242,975	(209,691,470)	333,237,944	225 075 074	5,321,962	3,659,717	5,957,826	E 104 227	549.702	_	(259,035,009)
Cumulative yield / interest risk sensitivity			333,237,744	443,043,770	5,521,902	5,007,/1/	3,937,020	5,196,327	349,702		(237,033,007)

Yield risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Bank is exposed to various risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The Bank manages this risk by matching the re-pricing of assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet instruments.

42.3 Operational Risk

Operational risk is the Potential for loss from inadequate or failed internal processes, technology events, human error, or from the impact of external events (including legal risks)". It is inherent in the Bank carrying out business; the Organization can suffer damage from a range of operational risks, for example, loss of clients or regulatory fines from failed transaction processing, operational resilience or data management risks.

The Operational Risk Type Framework (ORTF), sets out the approach for management of operational risk as well as the roles and responsibilities of the various stakeholders. The ORTF is built on a risk-based approach meaning that risk management plans, processes, activities, and resource allocations are determined in accordance with the level of risk. In accordance with the framework, business segments and functions are accountable for the day to day management of business activities and to manage the operational risks that arises from these activities. The independent risk management function and Subject Matter Experts provide, challenge, guidance, and oversight over the business activities. Existing and future levels of Operational Risk must be maintained within the approved Risk Appetite of the Bank.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The bank has an enterprise risk management system in place, namely M7, that is utilized for the recording of operational risk events (including financial losses and non financial events), operational losses, results of control sample testings, monitoring of controls, risks and associated mitigating actions pertinent to operational risk.

Business Continuity Plans (BCP) for respective areas are in place and tested on a periodic basis. The Bank has enhanced monitoring for all cyber security risks. The remote work capabilities area available for staff and related risk and control measures are assessed to make sure they are fully protected using virtual private network ("VPN") connections.

The Executive Risk Committee (ERC) is the overarching committee to have an oversight function over operational risk related matters and other non-financial risks in addition to Compliance risk, Financial Crime risk, Conduct risk, Information & Cyber Security risk, and Reputational risk. The committee has a clear understanding of operational risk as a distinct risk category is aware of the key risks faced by the institution. The committee has the authority to take a view on the significance of risks and to direct appropriate actions. Depending on the significance of risks, the issues are tabled at ERC.

42.3.1 Operational Risk-Disclosures Basel Specific

The bank uses The Standardized Approach (TSA) for assessing capital charge for Operational Risk. Under the TSA approach the business activities of the banks are divided into eight business lines, namely corporate finance, trading & sales, retail banking, commercial banking, payment & settlement, agency services, asset management, and retail brokerage. Within each business line, the gross income is a broad indicator that serves as a proxy for the scale of business operations and thus the likely scale of operational risk exposure within each of these business lines. The capital charge for each business line is calculated by multiplying the gross income by a factor (denoted beta) that is assigned to that business line.

Events leading to potential or actual operational losses are known as Operational Risk Events (OREs). Appropriate procedures are in place for the identification, classification, capture, approval and analysis of OREs. OREs must be identified by the First Line of Defence. Prompt actions are to be taken to remediate the impact to our clients and to the Bank. All identified ORE are categorized in terms of Basel business line and event types, and are duly logged on the M7 system. Furthermore, all OREs are reviewed to assess the need for risk treatment actions which include remediation and mitigation actions. Remediation actions seek to rectify the specific outcomes of the event where possible and mitigation actions seek to sustainably prevent the reoccurrence of the ORE. If required, detailed Root Cause Reviews (RCR) are performed to have a detailed analysis of the ORE and to embed lessons learnt through the redesign of processes or controls.

42.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity and Funding Risk is the risk that we may not have sufficient stable or diverse sources of funding to meet our contractual and contingent obligations as they fall due.

Liquidity Risk, both short term and structural, and Funding Risk are monitored through the Bank's Treasury Risk Type Framework and covered under the Liquidity and Funding Risk policy, and is managed by the Asset and Liability Committee ("ALCO"). This committee, chaired by the CEO, is responsible for both the statutory and prudential liquidity. The ALCO prudently monitors the Bank's balance sheet and ensures that the bank remains liquid at all times.

A range of tools and metrics are used for the management/monitoring of liquidity such as key balance sheet ratios, survival horizon, Liquidity Coverage Ratio, Net Stable Funding Ratio whereas short-term liquidity tools include day to day monitoring of future cash flows and liquidity stress tests using various behavioral and rollover assumptions. The Bank also maintains significant levels of marketable securities either for compliance with local statutory requirements or as prudential investments of surplus funds.

Stress Testing and scenario analyses are used to assess the financial and management capability to conitnue to operate effectively under extreme, but plausible, operating conditions and to understand the potential threats to the bank's liquidity and other financial resources. Routine stress tests under the Liquidity and Funding Risk Policy comprises of Name specific stress, market wide stress and a combined scenario. In addition, the Bank has prepared a Country Recovery Plan which is a live document by which the Country ensures that it has the ability to recover its financial position in the event of an extreme but plausible liquidity and/or solvency stress. The Bank has set Recovery Indicators capable of acting as early warning indicators of a liquidity and/or solvency stress which meet applicable regulations (where relevant).

42.4.1 MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - based on contractual maturity of assets and liabilities of the bank

In accordance with the guidelines issued by SBP through BSD Circular Letter No. 3 of 2011 and BSD Circular Letter No. 2 of 2013, Banks are required to disclose maturities of assets and liabilities separately for 'contractual maturities' and 'expected maturities'. The expected maturities are calculated using three (3) years historical balances and identifying "Core" and "Non-Core" balances using monthly volatility analysis. Fixed / intangible assets are presentated on the basis of their depreciation / amortisation schedule.

					202	2				
	Total	Upto one month	Over one month to three months	Over three months to six months	Over six months to one year	Over one year to two years	Over two years to three years	Over three years to five years	Over five years to ten years	Over ten years
Assets					(Rupees in	'000)				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	68,918,645	68,918,645	-			-	-		-	
Balances with other banks	8,737,656	8,737,656	-	-	-		-	-		-
Lendings to financial institutions	51,286,290	51,286,290	-	-	-		-	-		-
Investments	477,732,454	64,641,225	180,150,426	153,383,161	42,372,588		18,013,830	19,021,588	149,636	-
Advances	216,207,696	67,636,447	81,411,139	27,753,021	15,843,964	5,898,708	5,344,255	4,112,660	3,475,931	4,731,571
Other assets	66,836,739	60,344,386	4,518,105	1,563,384	235,905	174,959	-	-	-	-
Fixed assets	11,474,182	92,348	547,785	248,127	495,597	2,019,103	1,208,651	2,142,969	4,654,307	65,295
Intangible assets	26,095,310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,095,310
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-		-		-	•	-
	927,288,972	321,656,997	266,627,455	182,947,693	58,948,054	8,092,770	24,566,736	25,277,217	8,279,874	30,892,176
Liabilities										
Bills payable	14,820,617	14,820,617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	28,063,619	3,302,164	21,849,844	2,152,788	57,194	114,388	103,082	138,331	345,828	-
Deposits and other accounts	718,449,989	709,969,967	2,377,489	2,819,644	2,911,777	141,240	109,872	120,000	-	-
Sub-ordinated loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	73,079,106	12,027,342	5,897,386	4,066,467	37,385,651	1,850,560	6,942,622	968,687	3,940,391	-
Deferred tax liabilities	5,354,762	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,354,762	-	-
	839,768,093	740,120,090	30,124,719	9,038,899	40,354,622	2,106,188	7,155,576	6,581,780	4,286,219	-
	87,520,879	(418,463,093)	236,502,736	173,908,794	18,593,432	5,986,582	17,411,160	18,695,437	3,993,655	30,892,176
Net assets										
Share capital	38,715,850									
Reserves	29,211,960									
Unappropriated profit	11,714,277									
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	7,878,792									
	87,520,879									

					202					
	Total	Upto one	Over one	Over three	Over six	Over one	Over two	Over three	Over five	Over ten
		month	month to	months to	months to	year to	years to	years to	years to	years
			three months	six months	one year	two years	three years	five years	ten years	
Assets					(Rupees ir	n '000)				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	60,295,393	60,295,393	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	9,567,702	9,567,702	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	11,728,869	11,728,869	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	450,583,287	22,802,815	226,669,702	35,141,397	15,595,601	131,257,104	-	19,042,698	73,970	-
Advances	234,172,617	90,614,737	44,064,366	25,385,715	6,327,019	12,488,328	34,280,227	7,291,362	6,518,509	7,202,354
Other assets	36,293,236	17,921,731	12,209,511	2,873,776	433,803	205,226	2,417,886	24,847	206,456	-
Fixed assets	10,689,126	60,911	118,429	186,231	372,764	1,204,486	871,154	1,976,961	3,921,985	1,976,205
Intangible assets	26,095,310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,095,310
Deferred tax assets		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	
	839,425,540	212,992,158	283,062,008	63,587,119	22,729,187	145,155,144	37,569,267	28,335,868	10,720,920	35,273,869
Liabilities										
Bills payable	16,601,187	16,601,187	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	35,028,767	7,794,235	21,502,479	3,167,610	1,216,109	657,580	49,946	99,891	232,828	308,089
Deposits and other accounts	626,774,412	604,839,456	14,784,543	3,656,755	2,828,308	412,050	133,300	120,000	-	-
Other liabilities	77,736,852	34,179,865	7,303,875	7,584,588	21,712,298	460,797	922,923	4,379,160	494,625	698,721
Deferred tax liabilities	3,679,066	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,679,066	-	-
	759,820,284	663,414,743	43,590,897	14,408,953	25,756,715	1,530,427	1,106,169	8,278,117	727,453	1,006,810
	79,605,256	(450,422,585)	239,471,111	49,178,166	(3,027,528)	143,624,717	36,463,098	20,057,751	9,993,467	34,267,059
Net assets										
Share capital	38,715,850									
Reserves	25,243,085									
Unappropriated profit	8,274,496									
Deficit on revaluation of assets - net	7,371,825									
	79,605,256									

42.4.2 MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - based on expected maturity of assets and liabilities of the bank

	Total	Upto one month	Over one month to three months	Over three months to six months	Over six months to one year	Over one year to two years	Over two years to three years	Over three years to five years	Over five years to ten years	Over ten years
Assets					(Rupees i	n '000)				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	68,918,645	68,918,645	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balances with other banks	8,737,656	8,737,656	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lendings to financial institutions	51,286,290	51,286,290	-	-		-	-	-	-	
Investments	477,732,454	64,641,225	180,150,426	153,383,161	42,372,588	-	18,013,830	19,021,588	149,636	
Advances	216,207,696	7,787,578	83,490,056	30,220,150	21,454,848	46,896,399	5,706,417	5,726,677	5,961,694	8,963,877
Other assets	66,836,739	60,344,386	4,518,105	1,563,384	235,905	174,959	4000 (54	-		-
Fixed assets	11,474,182	92,348	547,785	248,127	495,597	2,019,103	1,208,651	2,142,969	4,654,307	65,295
Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	26,095,310	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	•	26,095,310
Deferred tax assets	927,288,972	261,808,128	268,706,372	185,414,822	64,558,938	49,090,461	24,928,898	26,891,234	10,765,637	35,124,482
Liabilities	727,200,772	201,000,120	200,700,372	103,414,022	04,330,730	47,070,401	24,720,070	20,071,234	10,703,037	33,124,402
Bills payable	14,820,617	14,820,617	_			-				
Borrowings	28,063,619	3,302,164	21,849,844	2,152,788	57,194	114,388	103,082	138,331	345,828	
Deposits and other accounts	718,449,989	120,984,066	29,726,169	43,842,665	84,957,818	438,709,399	109,872	120,000	· -	
Sub-ordinated loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other liabilities	73,079,106	12,027,342	5,897,386	4,066,467	37,385,651	1,850,560	6,942,622	968,687	3,940,391	-
Deferred tax liabilities	5,354,762	-		-	-			5,354,762	-	-
	839,768,093	151,134,189	57,473,399	50,061,920	122,400,663	440,674,347	7,155,576	6,581,780	4,286,219	-
	87,520,879	110,673,939	211,232,973	135,352,902	(57,841,725)	(391,583,886)	17,773,322	20,309,454	6,479,418	35,124,482
Net assets	20 745 050									
Share capital Reserves	38,715,850									
Unappropriated profit	29,211,960 11,714,277									
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	7,878,792									
sorpies offrevaloation of assets Tiet	87,520,879									
					20	21				
	Total	Upto one	Over one	Over three	Over six	Over one	Over two	Over three	Over five	Over ten
		month	month to	months to	months to	year to	years to	years to	years to	years
		month	month to three months	months to six months	one year	two years	years to three years	years to five years	years to ten years	years
Assets						two years	,	,	,	years
Cash and balances with treasury banks	60,295,393	60,295,393			one year	two years	,	,	,	years
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	9,567,702	60,295,393 9,567,702			one year	two years	,	,	,	years
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions	9,567,702 11,728,869	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869	three months	six months	one year (Rupees - - -	two years in '000) - - -	,	five years - - -	ten years - - -	years
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815	three months 226,669,702	six months	one year (Rupees - - - - 15,595,601	two years in '000) - - - 131,257,104	three years	five years 	ten years - - - 73,970	, - - - -
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046	three months 	six months	one year (Rupees - - - - 15,595,601 20,187,296	two years in '000) - - 131,257,104 38,443,568	three years	five years	ten years	years
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731	three months - - 226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511	six months 	one year (Rupees - - - 15,595,601 20,187,296 433,803	two years in '000)	three years	five years 	ten years	7,202,354
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046	three months 	six months	one year (Rupees - - - - 15,595,601 20,187,296	two years in '000) - - 131,257,104 38,443,568	three years	five years	ten years	7,202,354 - 1,976,205
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731	three months	six months 	one year (Rupees - - - 15,595,601 20,187,296 433,803	two years in '000)	three years	five years	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985	7,202,354
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429	six months 	one year (Rupees - - - 15,595,601 20,187,296 433,803 372,764	two years in '000)	three years	five years	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985	7,202,354 - 1,976,205
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429	six months	one year (Rupees - - 15,595,601 20,187,296 433,803 372,764 -	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486	three years	19,042,698 7,295,166 24,847 1,976,961	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429	six months	one year (Rupees - - 15,595,601 20,187,296 433,803 372,764 -	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486	three years	19,042,698 7,295,166 24,847 1,976,961	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491	six months	one year (Rupees - - - 15,595,601 20,187,296 433,803 372,764 - - 36,589,464 - 1,216,109	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455	19,042,698 7,295,166 24,847 1,976,961	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,31 839,425,540 16,601,187 35,028,767 626,774,412	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 - 295,239,491 - 21,502,479 34,202,407	six months	one year(Rupees 15,595,601 20,187,296 433,803 372,764 36,589,464 - 1,216,109 61,081,900	two years in '000)	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455 - 49,946 133,300	19,042,698 7,295,166 24,847 1,976,961 - 28,339,672 - 99,891 120,000	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - 10,721,469	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491	six months	one year (Rupees - - - 15,595,601 20,187,296 433,803 372,764 - - 36,589,464 - 1,216,109	two years in '000)	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455	five years	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - 10,721,469 - 232,828 494,625	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111 34,179,865	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491 21,502,479 34,202,407 7,303,875	six months 35,141,397 24,562,866 2,873,776 186,231 62,764,270 - 3,167,610 32,783,552 7,584,588	one year(Rupees	two years in '000)	34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 - 37,566,455 - 49,946 133,300 922,923 -	19,042,698 7,295,166 24,847 1,976,961 28,339,672 - 99,891 120,000 4,379,160 3,679,066	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - - 10,721,469 - 232,828 - 494,625	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089 - 698,721 -
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 839,425,540 16,601,187 35,028,767 626,774,412 77,736,852 3,679,066 759,820,284	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111 34,179,865	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491 21,502,479 34,202,407 7,303,875	six months 35,141,397 24,562,866 2,873,776 186,231 62,764,270 - 3,167,610 32,783,552 7,584,588 43,535,750	one year(Rupees	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486 171,110,384 657,580 425,401,142 460,797 - 426,519,519	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455 49,946 133,300 922,923 - 1,106,169	five years	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - - 10,721,469 232,828 - 494,625 - 727,453	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089 - 698,721 - 1,006,810
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111 34,179,865	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491 21,502,479 34,202,407 7,303,875	six months 35,141,397 24,562,866 2,873,776 186,231 62,764,270 - 3,167,610 32,783,552 7,584,588	one year(Rupees	two years in '000)	34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 - 37,566,455 - 49,946 133,300 922,923 -	19,042,698 7,295,166 24,847 1,976,961 28,339,672 - 99,891 120,000 4,379,160 3,679,066	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - - 10,721,469 - 232,828 - 494,625	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089 - 698,721 -
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 - 839,425,540 16,601,187 35,028,767 626,774,412 77,736,852 3,679,066 759,820,284 79,605,256	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111 34,179,865	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491 21,502,479 34,202,407 7,303,875	six months 35,141,397 24,562,866 2,873,776 186,231 62,764,270 - 3,167,610 32,783,552 7,584,588 43,535,750	one year(Rupees	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486 171,110,384 657,580 425,401,142 460,797 - 426,519,519	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455 49,946 133,300 922,923 - 1,106,169	five years	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - - 10,721,469 232,828 - 494,625 - 727,453	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089 - 698,721 - 1,006,810
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Net assets Share capital	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 - 839,425,540 16,601,187 35,028,767 626,774,412 77,736,852 3,679,066 759,820,284 79,605,256	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111 34,179,865	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491 21,502,479 34,202,407 7,303,875	six months 35,141,397 24,562,866 2,873,776 186,231 62,764,270 - 3,167,610 32,783,552 7,584,588 43,535,750	one year(Rupees	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486 171,110,384 657,580 425,401,142 460,797 - 426,519,519	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455 49,946 133,300 922,923 - 1,106,169	five years	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - - 10,721,469 232,828 - 494,625 - 727,453	7,202,354 - 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089 - 698,721 - 1,006,810
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Net assets Share capital Reserves	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 - 839,425,540 16,601,187 35,028,767 626,774,412 77,736,852 3,679,066 759,820,284 79,605,256	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111 34,179,865	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491 21,502,479 34,202,407 7,303,875	six months 35,141,397 24,562,866 2,873,776 186,231 62,764,270 - 3,167,610 32,783,552 7,584,588 43,535,750	one year(Rupees	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486 171,110,384 657,580 425,401,142 460,797 - 426,519,519	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455 49,946 133,300 922,923 - 1,106,169	five years	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - - 10,721,469 232,828 - 494,625 - 727,453	7,202,354 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089 - 698,721 - 1,006,810
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Net assets Share capital Reserves Unappropriated profit	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 26,095,310 - 839,425,540 16,601,187 35,028,767 626,774,412 77,736,852 3,679,066 759,820,284 79,605,256	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111 34,179,865	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491 21,502,479 34,202,407 7,303,875	six months 35,141,397 24,562,866 2,873,776 186,231 62,764,270 - 3,167,610 32,783,552 7,584,588 43,535,750	one year(Rupees	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486 171,110,384 657,580 425,401,142 460,797 - 426,519,519	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455 49,946 133,300 922,923 - 1,106,169	19,042,698 7,295,166 24,847 1,976,961 28,339,672 99,891 120,000 4,379,160 3,679,066 8,278,117	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - - 10,721,469 232,828 - 494,625 - 727,453	7,202,354 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089 - 698,721 - 1,006,810
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Net assets Share capital Reserves	9,567,702 11,728,869 450,583,287 234,172,617 36,293,236 10,689,126 26,095,310 - 839,425,540 16,601,187 35,028,767 626,774,412 77,736,852 3,679,066 759,820,284 79,605,256	60,295,393 9,567,702 11,728,869 22,802,815 39,443,046 17,921,731 60,911 - - 161,820,467 16,601,187 7,794,235 73,052,111 34,179,865	226,669,702 56,241,849 12,209,511 118,429 295,239,491 21,502,479 34,202,407 7,303,875	six months 35,141,397 24,562,866 2,873,776 186,231 62,764,270 - 3,167,610 32,783,552 7,584,588 43,535,750	one year(Rupees	two years in '000) 131,257,104 38,443,568 205,226 1,204,486 171,110,384 657,580 425,401,142 460,797 - 426,519,519	three years 34,277,415 2,417,886 871,154 37,566,455 49,946 133,300 922,923 - 1,106,169	19,042,698 7,295,166 24,847 1,976,961 28,339,672 99,891 120,000 4,379,160 3,679,066 8,278,117	73,970 6,519,058 206,456 3,921,985 - - 10,721,469 232,828 - 494,625 - 727,453	7,202,354 1,976,205 26,095,310 - 35,273,869 - 308,089 - 698,721 - 1,006,810

2022

For the year ended 31 December 2022

42.5 Derivative Risk

The Bank has adopted the Traded Risk Type Framework which sets out the overall risk management approach for Traded Risk, which covers potential for loss resulting from derivative activities undertaken by the financial markets. Traded Risk Management (TRM) performs market risk management activities for the Bank. Derivative risk limits are proposed by TRM after discussion with relevant businesses and are reviewed twice a year. Under the framework, authority for setting derivative risk limits is delegated to the local Executive Risk Committee.

The Executive Risk Committee and the Board Risk Committee have primary oversight responsibility for Derivative Risk.

42.6 Model Risk

Model Risk is defined as the ""potential loss that may occur as a consequence of decisions or the risk of mis-estimation that could be principally based on the output of models due to errors in the development, implementation, or use of such models". An important source of model risk is the inherent uncertainty in all model outputs, and may arise from uncertainty in parameter estimates, limited statistics, or uncertainty in model choices.

Model risk management is subject to a robust risk assessment process with a two-dimensional risk rating for each model: Model materiality ratings and model uncertainty ratings. Accurate assessment of risk ratings enables a risk-based and proportionate model risk management approach.

Model monitoring is carried out by the applicable Process Owner (or delegate) for model monitoring, to identify issues and risks related to model performance and model use. Model monitoring results are presented to the respective delegated authority periodically.

43. GENERAL

43.1 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Cetain Corresponding figures have been re-arranged / reclassified to reflect more appropriate presentation that are not material in nature.

Financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded off to the nearest thousands.

43.2 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements were authorized for issue in the Board of Directors meeting held on 16 February 2023.

lan Bryden Chairman Rehan M. Shaikh Chief Executive Officer Syed Ejaz Alam Chief Financial Officer

Rola Abu Manneh Director Ehsan Ali Malik Director

Annexure - I

Statement in respect of written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above as required under sub-section (3) of section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 during the year ended 31 December, 2022

		1 1			0	.1:_L::::	D	Amount in PKR Rupees			
Sr. No.	Name	Address	Name of Partners /	Father / Husband Name	Outstanding	J Liabilities at of Year	Beginning	Amount Written off / Concession			
			Directors NIC / CNIC		Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total Balance (Gross)	
1	Al Rehman Jeweller	38 Commercial Zone Gulberg Liberty Market Lahore	35201-9292407-9	NA	15,517,897	158,814	15,676,711	-	7,866,954	7,866,954	
2	Uniprint	House No 397 Block K Street 7 Phase 5 DHA Lahore	35201-1582889-3	NA	15,895,620	182,795	16,078,415	-	5,032,325	5,032,325	
3	Shaukat Ali	House No. 2522/W-8M, Basti Daira Timber Market Mohalla People Vehra Multan	36302-7678497-9	Muhammad Ali	6,850,000	1,224,446	8,074,446	3,350,000	1,224,446	4,574,446	
4	M Arjumand Masood	New Mahmood Medical Store Chowk Mayo Hospital Lahore	35201-1158943-1	Ch M Shafi	6,996,924	4,136,828	11,133,752	-	4,136,752	4,136,752	
5	Mian Masroor Mehmood	116-D Sui Gas Society DHA Phase V Mosque Lahore	35202-6406637-9	Mian Mehmood UI Hassan	3,863,335	163,345	4,026,680	3,863,335	144,772	4,008,107	
6	Hammad Tariq	Flat No. D-15 Block D 3rd Floor Street No. 91 Sector G-11/3 Crown Towers G-11 Islamabad	35202-2508998-9	Muhammad Tariq	3,705,613	131,676	3,837,289	3,697,504	247,093	3,944,598	
7	Muhammad Kashif Jawwad	Flat No.A-315/5 3rd Floor Bills Paradise Phase-1 Gulistan e Johar Block-18 Karachi	42101-3091775-9	Muhammad Laique Khan	3,716,816	102,160	3,818,976	3,716,816	63,177	3,779,994	
8	Muddeser Ahmed Farooqi	House No. 70 Ground Floor Street No. 588 G-13/2 Islamabad	35202-7303077-7	Mubasher Ahmed Farooqi	3,387,387	155,538	3,542,925	3,387,387	230,518	3,617,905	
9	Syed Fahad Tirmizi	House No. C-108 Gulistan e Johar Block 15 Karachi	42201-0583561-9	Syed Ibrahim Hussain Tirmizi	3,550,221	64,772	3,614,993	3,382,516	79,412	3,461,928	
10	Ozair Lodhi	House No. 14-A Sindhi Muslim Housing Society Near Bundu Khan Karachi	42201-9728630-1	Abdul Rehman Lodhi	3,076,972	256,270	3,333,242	3,076,972	284,571	3,361,543	
11	Mr Faheem Arsal	671 Giulmohar Block Sector C Near KFC Bahria Town Lahore	45104-0273220-7	Muhammad Qaseem Arsal	1,696,818	12,254	1,709,072	2,495,602	325,631	2,821,233	
12	Tariq Mehmood Sindhu	House No. 517 Ravi Block Allama Iqbal Town Park Lahore	35202-4057195-3	Bashir Parvez Urf Ahmad	2,551,847	148,344	2,700,191	2,551,847	185,192	2,737,040	
13	Asadullah Khan	House No 247/2 Street 41 Sector 2 Phase 3 Near DHA School Lahore	61101-8412358-3	Sharafat Ullah Khan	-	-	-	2,621,084	86,601	2,707,685	
14	Amir Siddiqui	Flat No. 509 18 West Residencia Street 73 F-11 Markaz Park Sector Islamabad	42201-0515958-9	Mohammad Abdul Azeem Siddiqui	2,640,746	16,022	2,656,769	2,636,456	-	2,636,456	
15	Mr Kazi Muhammad Aamir	House No. B-13 Street No. 6 Block-18 Moh Gulshan e lqbal Al Hamd Masjid Near Little Star School Karachi	42201-6969439-5	Kazi Muhammad Akbar	2,414,844	6,886	2,421,730	2,517,054	53,624	2,570,678	
16	Mr Shahzaib Ali Khan	House No. 289 Janiper Block Near Grand Jamia Mosque Grand Mosque Bahria Town Lahore	13302-5537260-3	Ali Akber Khan	1,141,815	10,170	1,151,985	2,043,091	527,140	2,570,230	
17	Faheem Arsal	671 Giulmohar Block Sector C Near KFC Bahria Town Lahore	45104-0273220-7	Muhammad Qaseem Arsal	2,566,349	12,656	2,579,005	2,321,512	106,541	2,428,052	
18	Sohaib Marghub	96-A PIA Housing Society Near Johar Town Town Lahore	35202-4503231-1	Marghub Siddiqi	1,970,142	100,817	2,070,959	1,970,142	189,337	2,159,479	
19	Rizwan Iqbal	Plot No. 21 C Flat No. 3 Mohalla 2 Zamzama Commercial Lane Phase 5 DHA Karachi	42301-5064717-3	Muhammad Iqbal	1,913,190	26,387	1,939,577	1,913,190	150,861	2,064,051	
20	Kifayat Zaman	House No.12 Street No.148 G-13/4 Islamabad	16101-9497697-3	Shahi Zaman	2,067,244	48,221	2,115,465	1,915,465	56,367	1,971,832	
21	Nazir Ahmad Nadeem	House No. 271 (Upper Portion) Street No 69 Sector G-8/1 Islamabad	35303-0843704-1	Abdul Rehman	2,047,501	68,981	2,116,482	1,781,735	156,949	1,938,684	
22	Tariq Manzoor	House No 626-C Bahria Town Phase 7 Masjid Rawalpindi	37405-1526328-3	Manzoor Ahmed	1,849,800	31,421	1,881,222	1,763,523	170,238	1,933,761	
23	Syed Muhammad Haider Naqvi	R-44 Zoramin Residency Scheme-33 Mousmiat University Road Karachi	42101-1698586-7	Syed Mumtaz Haider Naqvi	1,932,989	10,168	1,943,157	1,814,708	114,507	1,929,214	
24	Aurang Zeb Achakzai	House No.9-C Khanau Bunglows Spini Road Shahrah-e-Azam Quetta	54302-0775364-1	Mohammad Anwar Khan	2,011,302	19,397	2,030,699	1,893,654	25,733	1,919,387	
25	Mr Irfan Hussain Fatmi	Heritage Suits Room 208 Hafeez Center Gulberg Lahore	90403-0190946-5	Shahid Hussain Fatmi	1,652,559	27,526	1,680,085	1,660,036	249,594	1,909,630	
26	Data Steel Pipe Industries (Pvt) Ltd	Data Steel Pipe Ind Pvt Ltd Ibrahim Building 20 West Wharf Road Karachi	35201-7631070-1	NA	1,924,801	98,100,494	100,025,295	1,892,740	-	1,892,740	
27	Data Steel Pipe Industries (Pvt) Ltd	Data Steel Pipe Ind Pvt Ltd Ibrahim Building 20 West Wharf Road Karachi	42101-1746807-1	NA	1,846,567	35,081,333	36,927,900	1,831,997	-	1,831,997	
28	Syed Bilal Hassan	House No 437/5 Street No 5 New Mulpur Behind Nawat Stadium Sharif Park Rawalpindi	37302-1293490-9	Syed Sakhawat Hussain Shah	1,719,230	16,580	1,735,810	1,719,230	51,065	1,770,294	
29	Rustam Khan	Al Badar House Mufti Abad High School No. 3 Mansehra Islamabad	13503-7256495-5	Roshan Khan	1,852,083	28,314	1,880,397	1,617,394	109,104	1,726,498	
30	Arbab Tariq	House No P-346 Ground Floor Street No. 4 Ghori Town VIP Block Islamabad	82202-5039695-1	Muhammad Tariq	1,701,600	20,512	1,722,113	1,594,707	124,868	1,719,575	
31	Mr Hammad Tariq	Flat No. D-15 Block D 3Rd Floor Street No. 91 Sector Crown Towers G-11 Islamabad	35202-2508998-9	Muhammad Tariq	1,457,199	2,270	1,459,469	1,545,973	149,772	1,695,745	
32	Syed Raza Haider Zaidi	98-H EME Housing Society Multan Road Near Canal Road Lahore	35202-5897984-9	Syed Zaheer Haider Zaidi	1,634,169	23,595	1,657,763	1,594,087	70,056	1,664,143	

Annexure - I Amount in PKR Rupees

	T						1	Amount in PKR Rupe		
Sr. No.	Name	Address	Name of Partners /	Father / Husband Name	Outstandin	g Liabilities at E of Year	Beginning	Amount \	Written off / C	oncession
51.140.	Name	Addiess	Directors NIC / CNIC	raciier y riosballa rvallie	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total Balance (Gross)
33	Mr Muhammad Anas Zafar Soleja	143/L Soleja Homes P.E.C.H.S Near SCB Branch Allama Iqbal Road Branch Karachi	42201-1742950-5	M Zafar Idrees	324,593	10,674	335,267	1,310,121	342,584	1,652,705
34	Kamran Amin Butt	Flat No 307 3Rd Floor E-11/1 Markaz Islamabad	61101-1985504-3	Muhammad Amin Butt	1,669,778	30,596	1,700,374	1,499,343	113,944	1,613,287
35	Talha Khalique	House 272-A Upper Gizri Karachi Clifton Karachi	42301-4823748-3	Abdul Khalique Brohi	1,635,029	26,384	1,661,414	1,472,340	133,334	1,605,675
36	Syed Waqar Azeem	House No.1-H-8 Street-4 Falcon Complex-2 Gate No.5 AFOHS Malir Cant Karachi	42201-8744204-9	Syed Amin Uddin	1,525,023	31,212	1,556,235	1,524,057	39,784	1,563,841
37	Zaheer Ahmed Patoli	House No.D-6A Block-9 Kehkashan Clifton Ocean Mall Karachi	41103-1542854-7	Mohammad Khaman	1,438,499	95,531	1,534,029	1,438,499	90,494	1,528,992
38	Uzma Tahir	357 P Block Johat Town Emporium Mall Lahore	35202-9923554-8	Nasreen	1,500,892	34,161	1,535,053	1,489,593	36,846	1,526,439
39	Muhammad Hussain Brohi	House No A-15 Shaheed Makhdoom Bilawa Village Kiran Hospital Karachi	45301-0570435-1	Juma Khan	1,657,643	28,157	1,685,800	1,384,291	120,544	1,504,835
40	Syed Qamar Abbas Zaidi	House No. 3B South Central Avenue Phase 2 Abu Bakar Mosque DHA Karachi	42301-6010661-7	Syed Asrar Hussain Zaidi	1,460,348	27,660	1,488,008	1,410,216	84,491	1,494,707
41	Aliya Alavi	House No. E-31 Khayaban-e-Sehar Phase VI Shehbaz near Agha Khan Lab DHA Karachi	42301-7849236-4	Aftab Ahmed Alavi	1,332,980	104,902	1,437,882	1,332,980	153,005	1,485,985
42	Shahbaz Hussain Shah Bukhari	Flat Number 2 Axis Group Bahria Enclave Urban Boulevard Plot 10 Islamabad	34402-2317048-1	Syed Manzoor Hussain Shah	1,463,765	25,826	1,489,590	1,437,250	47,658	1,484,908
43	Fazal Abbas	Al Abbas Traders Block No. 07 Khushab Road Sargodha	38403-2053440-1	Muhammad Qasim	-	1,481,490	1,481,490	-	1,481,490	1,481,490
44	Muhammad Azhar Rana	House No. 52 Islam Block Azam Garden Multan Road near PSO Pump Lahore	36302-8480317-1	Muhammad Mansha	1,418,881	22,896	1,441,777	1,347,492	98,581	1,446,073
45	Sadia Nusrat	Appartment No. 1 Rahat Appartments Street No. 10 Gulraiz 3 Margala Medical Institute Rawalpindi	37406-6475089-8	Khurshid Alam	1,306,461	8,590	1,315,051	1,306,461	125,544	1,432,005
46	Raja Imran Mehmood	House No 14 Street 15 Shah Khalid Colony Airport Link Rawalpindi	37405-0367441-1	Raja Mehmood Ahmed	1,294,321	113,723	1,408,045	1,294,321	126,417	1,420,738
47	Adnan Zafar Dada	House No 143 Khayaban e Aziz Bhatti Shaheed Phase 7 Ext DHA Karachi	42301-1622591-5	Zafar Hussain Dada	1,309,327	71,336	1,380,663	1,309,327	111,130	1,420,457
48	Muhammad Raees Khan	House No B-125 PCSIR Cooperative Housing Society Scheme 33 Karachi University Gulzar e Hijri Karachi	42101-1610623-3	Muhammad Younus Khan	1,437,669	24,421	1,462,089	1,339,148	39,817	1,378,964
49	Aisha Ilyas	Ghulam Nabi House Lane No. 02 Quaid e Azam Colony PSO Pump Dhamial Camp Rawalpindi	37405-2187192-0	Muhammad Ilyas	1,285,718	16,146	1,301,863	1,271,681	80,352	1,352,033
50	Muhammad Nadeem	House No. 539 Street No-64 G-11/2 Near Masjid Usman Binaffan Islamabad	35201-8982839-1	Muhammad Rafique	1,257,616	83,512	1,341,128	1,257,616	83,512	1,341,128
51	Humayoon Asghar	House No. 66/122nd Street DHA Khayaban-E-Badban Phase-5 Near KFC 26th Street Karachi	42301-4750782-9	Muhammad Asghar	1,319,386	13,753	1,333,139	1,319,386	19,379	1,338,765
52	Shaheryar Aziz Malik	House No.460 Sector Y Street No.3 Phase 7 DHA Lahore	35201-0723245-9	Abdul Aziz Malik	1,323,468	40,447	1,363,914	1,298,012	23,734	1,321,746
53	Kamran Raza	House No. 172 Shah Jamal Darbar Lahore	35202-3028406-5	Muhammad Khalid	1,299,583	22,075	1,321,658	1,200,779	107,892	1,308,671
54	Muhammad Tayyab	Flat No. 3 SA Pride Block 13-B Gulshan e Iqbal Near Rite Medicos Karachi	42101-4625094-1	Muhammad Mahmood Ahmad	1,242,760	18,640	1,261,399	1,149,960	130,957	1,280,917
55	Unaid Mansoor	Flat No. 403-Zahra Classic Garden East Tomb Of Quiad Karachi	42301-9986726-9	Muhammad Mansoor	1,153,619	123,815	1,277,434	1,153,619	123,815	1,277,434
56	Zia Misbah	House No.D-20 Block 09 Gulshan e lqbal Urdu University Karachi	42201-0492538-5	Shah Muhammad Misbah	1,183,635	44,860	1,228,495	1,183,635	90,483	1,274,118
57	Mr Muhammad Fawad	House No B-165 Block 15 Gulistan e Jouhar Continental Bakery Karachi	42201-9747643-3	Muhammad Siddiq	69,208	2,829	72,037	951,755	321,384	1,273,139
58	Mr Irfan Hussain Fatmi	Heritage Suits Room 208 Hafeez Center Gulberg Lahore	90403-0190946-5	Shahid Hussain Fatmi	728,892	5,149	734,041	963,283	303,832	1,267,115
59	lmdad Ali Mallah	House No. 2241st Floor Sector A Street No. 3 Kashmir Colony Near Dubai Hotel Korangi Road Karachi	45205-7499648-1	Muhammad Bachal Mallah	1,129,606	104,204	1,233,810	1,129,606	115,856	1,245,462
60	Tariq Hassan	House No. R-402 City Villas Scheme-33 University Road Near Kiran Hospital Karachi	42201-5392046-1	Muhammad Ibrahim	1,212,008	9,563	1,221,571	1,212,008	24,644	1,236,652
61	Syed Ibrahim	Appartment No. 510, 5th Floor Block B Marina Elevation Clifton Block 2 Near IVS Karachi	42301-4026966-3	Syed Jaffer	1,220,345	22,238	1,242,583	1,210,493	26,011	1,236,504
62	Muhammad Essa Solangi	Flat No E 22 Rafi Mall 2nd Floor Malir Near Nadra Office 15 Karachi	43102-2436808-5	Sewo Khan Solangi	-	-	-	1,154,127	62,134	1,216,261
63	Ahmer Iqbal	House No. 491-AA Phase 4 DHA Near Play Ground Lahore	12101-0226236-3	Muhammad Iqbal	1,208,071	27,673	1,235,745	1,179,614	34,233	1,213,848
64	Chaudhary Junaid Ali Khan	DHA Phase 2 House 2-A Sec D Link Road Islamabad	35202-2561026-3	Mazhar Hussain Chaudhary	1,216,707	60,700	1,277,407	1,185,824	24,103	1,209,926
65	Sonia Saher	House No.454 Street No.9 Azam Town Mehmoodabad Near Erum Academy School Karachi	42000-4731707-0	Waseem Samuel	1,157,173	22,605	1,179,778	1,129,150	80,041	1,209,191

Annexure - I Amount in PKR Rupees

				1					Amount in PKR Rupe			
Sr. No.	Name	Address	Name of Partners /	Father / Husband Name	Outstanding	g Liabilities at E of Year	Beginning	Amount Written off / Concession		oncession		
51.110.	Nume	Addiess	Directors NIC / CNIC	raciier y riosbana ranne	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total Balance (Gross)		
66	Mr Rashid Bhatti	Paradise Tower Flat 401 4th Floor Frere Twon Opposite Country Court Appartment Town Clifton Karachi	42301-2226836-1	Asghar Bhatti	999,942	23,293	1,023,235	999,942	198,969	1,198,911		
67	Najeeb Ahmed	219 House No. 32 Street Khayaban e Muslim Ph No. 6 DHA Chota Bukhari Karachi	35202-8251771-5	Nisar Ahmad Khan	1,417,147	25,276	1,442,423	1,152,530	45,526	1,198,056		
68	Muhammad Shahzad Baig	Nadeem Mention 5th Floor Garikhata Arambagh Flat Mouloo Near Juma Hospital Karachi	42101-7139877-9	Mirza Abdul Majid Baig	1,188,862	6,645	1,195,506	1,093,112	89,364	1,182,476		
69	Taimour Jibran	503 Shamim Skytower Federal B Area Muka Chock Federal B Area Karachi	54400-6767686-7	Yahya Abdullah	1,161,648	21,705	1,183,354	1,098,539	75,502	1,174,041		
70	Muhammad Arshad	House No.11 Street No.2 Baqutallah Road Baba Fareed Colony No.2 Chungi Amer Sidhu Lahore	35202-4018451-9	Muhammad Siddique	1,159,552	15,317	1,174,869	1,134,879	28,102	1,162,981		
71	Syed Muhammad Raza Abbas Naqvi	House No B-113 New Rizvia Society Phase No. 2 Scheme 33 Karachi	42101-5218415-5	Syed Zafar Abbas	1,055,886	6,943	1,062,829	1,055,886	102,268	1,158,154		
72	Mr Feroz Uddin	Sumera Banglows House No. R1 Safora Chorangi Gujro Rimjhim Tower Division Malir District Karachi	42401-3547736-7	Ghulam Haider	911,333	163,074	1,074,407	911,333	233,067	1,144,400		
73	Yousaf Hassan Butt	House No 01 Lane No. D-2 Sector C - 2 Bahria Enclave Chak Shahzad Islamabad	61101-3742150-7	Sajjad Hassan Butt	1,182,426	8,164	1,190,590	1,088,141	53,103	1,141,244		
74	Rashid Bhatti	Paradise Tower Flat 401 4th Floor Frere Town Opposite Country Court Appartments Town Clifton Karachi	42301-2226836-1	Asghar Bhatti	1,054,471	30,767	1,085,238	1,054,471	85,755	1,140,226		
75	Muhammad Usman Amin	House No. 419-A3 Gulberg III Near 7 Up Office Lahore	35202-2918398-7	Perwaiz Amin Bhandari	1,160,835	66,339	1,227,174	1,107,066	26,169	1,133,236		
76	Mr Ozair Lodhi	House No. 14-A Sindhi Muslim Housing Society Near Bundu Khan Karachi	42201-9728630-1	Abdul Rehman Lodhi	983,048	121,882	1,104,930	983,047	139,398	1,122,445		
77	Waseem Hassan	House No 91 J Block Firdous Market Gulberg 3 Gourmet Bakery Lahore	31104-5743320-1	Muhammad Ashraf	1,034,456	60,403	1,094,859	1,034,456	87,871	1,122,328		
78	Ali Zeeshan Khan	Flat 108 Tower 2 Commender Heights Scheme 33 Malir Cant HBL Bank Karachi	42501-1537316-9	Zafarullah Khan	1,292,217	7,647	1,299,864	1,042,621	67,174	1,109,795		
79	Afreen Mirza	87/2 Lane No. 15 Off Khayaban-e-Sehar Near PSO Pumo Phase-7 DHA Karachi	42301-0886385-2	Adnan Ahmed	1,030,459	69,141	1,099,600	1,030,459	68,924	1,099,383		
80	Mr Bilal Ur Rehman Khan	House No. 24-A/2 Valencia Town Lahore Tariq Garden Lahore	35202-6976750-3	Atta Ur Rehman Khan	1,031,024	49,336	1,080,360	990,547	108,579	1,099,127		
81	Mr Kashif Sharoon	House No.35 F C College Campus Ferozepur Road Nera HBL FCC College Lahore	35202-3116631-1	Mubarik Masih	-	-	-	900,000	192,202	1,092,202		
82	Siraj Hussain Memon	House No. 4 Sector-3 Street No. 6 Haroon Bahria Nimra Masjid Baldia Town Navel Colony Karachi	41409-1838603-5	Ali Akbar Memon	974,009	112,054	1,086,062	974,009	112,054	1,086,062		
83	Syed Ali Raza Noor	House No. 1781 Street 68 Ali Block A Q Khan School Bharia Phase 8 Rawalpindi	37405-9146800-1	Syed Ala Noor	941,083	23,978	965,061	941,083	133,126	1,074,210		
84	Mr Muhammad Farrukh Nadeem	House No.2046 Street No.66 Abu Bakkar Block Bahria Town Phase 8 Near Foot Ball Ground Rawalpindi	34102-0386072-5	Muhammad Younas	5,885	2,036	7,921	1,040,783	28,148	1,068,931		
85	Mr Basim Munir	House No. 129/ 2 Main Saba Avenue Khayaban-e-Muhafiz Dha Phase-VI Chai Wala Karachi	42301-7227082-5	Munir Ahmed	1,013,136	63,218	1,076,354	998,136	66,608	1,064,744		
86	Shahnaz	House No. L-699 Sector 4 Khawaja Ajmair Nagri North Karachi Nr Ajmer Nagri Thana Karachi	42101-3060047-6	Zulfiqar Ali	962,044	17,976	980,020	952,401	100,942	1,053,343		
87	Muhammad Usman Hashmi	House No A 26 Sector U-1 Reflektion Lawn Are Gulshan e Maymaar Karachi	42501-5300708-3	Muhammad Rizwan Hashmi	1,009,391	17,146	1,026,537	997,394	53,803	1,051,197		
88	Muhammad Shahid Soroya	House No 31 Heaven Homes Tariq Ismail Road Khyabane e Jinnah Near Nasheman Iqbal Soceity Lahore	35202-1180960-5	Muhammad Hanif Soroya	1,006,246	36,677	1,042,923	1,006,246	42,934	1,049,180		
89	Haris Aijaz Khan	House No.104 Lane-5 Chaklala Sch No.1 Rawalpindi	37405-6907564-3	Aijaz Ahmed Khan	936,775	21,067	957,843	936,775	112,244	1,049,020		
90	Tawfiq Adnan	House 41-F Street 15 Near SCB Bank F-11/2 Islamabad	35200-1449236-3	Sher Muhammad Khan	1,077,943	7,088	1,085,031	949,300	88,805	1,038,105		
91	Mr Syed Qamar Abbas Zaidi	House No. 3B South Central Avenue Phase 2 Abu Bakar Mosque DHA Karachi	42301-6010661-7	Syed Asrar Hussain Zaidi	904,701	103,783	1,008,484	862,135	173,460	1,035,595		
92	Jawad Akram	House No B II 307 Al Naveed Jajal Pur Road Gujrat	34201-0586013-9	Muhammad Akram	1,048,607	17,812	1,066,419	932,942	87,818	1,020,760		
93	Ammad Hassan Shah	House No 81 Street No 50 F11 Markaz F11/3 Islamabad	42201-4465563-3	Syed Riaz UI Hassan Shah	1,084,168	74,310	1,158,478	946,152	51,191	997,344		
94	Sameer Mir	Appartment No.208 2nd Floor Rubi Beach Pride New Building Altamash Hospital Block-1 Clifton Karachi	42201-5306170-3	Mir Muhammad Qadeer	1,070,396	27,551	1,097,947	976,352	18,771	995,124		
95	Muhammad Abbas	Flat No 209 B Central Flats Model Town Extenion Model Town Lahore	31105-1844423-3	Munir Ahmed	912,141	58,940	971,081	912,141	80,068	992,209		
96	Irshad Ali	House No.E-13 Block 11 Sindhi Madho Goth Metro Shoping Mall Gulshan e Iqbal Karachi	42301-5668458-7	Kauro	923,730	56,578	980,308	923,730	64,049	987,779		
97	Uzma Bano	House No. R 529 Goher Green City Malir Baba Wilyat Shah Mazar Karachi	42201-4146136-6	Muhammad Khurshid Khan	870,568	17,745	888,313	870,568	98,723	969,291		

Annexure - I Amount in PKR Rupees

				1	Amount in PKR Rupees					
Sr. N	o. Name	Address	Name of Partners /	Father / Husband Name	Outstanding	g Liabilities at E of Year	Beginning	Amount \	Written off / C	oncession
		7441000	Directors NIC / CNIC	, addict, mosbana rame	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total Balance (Gross)
98	Rashid Latif	House No 1353 Street 5 National Police Foundation Police Foundation Block C Islamabad	14101-5906988-3	Abdul Latif	970,454	17,211	987,665	953,131	15,120	968,251
99	Mr Syed Alamdar Hussain Shah	House No. 12 Street 15-B Barma Town Lahtrar Road Islamabad	38302-1237665-1	Seyd Zawar Hussain Shah	778,533	42,064	820,597	769,497	188,726	958,223
100	Mr Khizar Bilal	House No. 945 Block C Street 15 DHA Phase 6 Head Office Lahore	91506-0178631-9	Bilal Ahmed	848,035	41,573	889,608	848,035	108,170	956,205
101	Khawaja Abdul Momin	House 1293 Street 79 Umer Block Phase 8 Bahria Town Rawalpindi	37405-0350157-1	Amna Begum	920,025	43,623	963,648	920,025	34,066	954,090
102	Syed Muhammad Ayaz Ahmed	House No.R-340 Sector No.7-D/2 Gulshan-e-Farooq Anda Morr North Karachi	42101-2580916-5	Syed Muhammad Zubair Ahmed	857,230	76,036	933,266	857,230	84,592	941,822
103	Abdul Haq	House No. 1854 Street 1 Sadar Barlen Hakim Fateh Muhammad Sehwani Rd Meternity Home Liyari Karachi	42301-0459705-5	Gulam Nabi	921,813	15,658	937,471	867,193	73,894	941,087
104	Mr Zubair Khan	House No.173 2nd Floor Near Mubarak Masjid Mubarak Upper Gizri Karachi	13101-0894005-9	Abdul Karim	841,468	20,255	861,723	883,358	56,220	939,578
105	Allah Wadhaya	House No. 172-D Ayasyana Qaid Housing Scheme Bank Stop Lahore	36502-9562807-5	Naseer Ahmad	900,982	13,228	914,211	888,211	48,539	936,750
106	Mr Shahzad Babar	House No. 268 S Block Street 27 None Phase 2 DHA Lahore	13101-7791608-1	Abdullah Jan Baber	762,739	45,079	807,818	827,710	92,248	919,958
107	Muhammad Nadeem	Flat No 104 Hafeez Center Gali No.6 Burns Road Near S.M Law College Karachi	42301-1084250-3	Muhammad Jamshaid	900,700	15,491	916,191	895,191	22,614	917,805
108	Shahid Bashir Judge	11B Basement Shan Arcade Barkat Market Lahore	36502-1880874-3	Mohammad Bashir	2,189,346	913,979	3,103,325	-	913,979	913,979
109	Abdul Ghani	House No. B 86 Gulshan e Iqbal 13 D 2 Karachi Gilani Station Karachi	41206-1351710-1	Sher Muhammad Humairani	879,767	11,136	890,903	860,934	52,984	913,918
110	Dawood Salman Gailani	Khayaban-e-Bahria Ph IV DHA Sultan Masjid House No.74 Karachi	42000-9736851-9	Salman Gailani	839,615	7,453	847,068	809,213	101,585	910,797
111	Mr Javed Inam Siddique	House No. A-438 Second Floor Block 12 Gulberg Federal B Area Karachi	42101-1687985-7	Inam Bari Siddique	790,342	8,174	798,516	700,463	209,381	909,844
112	Syed Rizwan Ahmed	A-103/1 SHAES Appartment Block 4 Main University Road Gulistan-e-Johar Karachi	42201-6363281-1	Usman Ahmed	870,046	19,425	889,472	869,472	35,065	904,536
113	Mr Mohsin Ahmed	House No.120 Block D Punjab Society Near DHA Lahore	35201-4543386-9	Ahmed Ali	-	-	-	699,901	203,778	903,679
114	Sumair Ashan Llah	House No A-145-A Block No.B Sindhi Muslim Society Daruashia Masjid Karachi	42201-0975059-5	Abdul Rehman	879,190	21,508	900,698	844,321	56,644	900,964
115	Sabir Ali	A-112 Block 2 Gulistan e Johar Saadquain Grammer School Karachi	42201-0333880-3	Ramzan Ali	909,603	16,314	925,918	845,994	53,421	899,415
116	Muhammad Younus	House No A 505 Block 3 Al Rahman Square Near PTV Station Sharfabad Karachi	42201-4794354-3	Zaib Un Nisa	1,050,511	7,253	1,057,764	820,541	72,779	893,320
117	Muhammad Faisal Iqbal	1st Floor Yousaf Plaza Near Shell Pump 5-A Bank Alfalah Ferozpur Road Qartaba Chowk Lahore	38403-4322838-7	Nazar Muhammad	834,658	21,991	856,649	796,334	86,263	882,597
118	Nattasha Nisar	House No. 5 H Block 2 Pechs Karachi	44103-4778173-8	Faraz Ahmed	792,571	30,007	822,578	792,571	87,918	880,489
119	Abdul Ghaffar	House No. 50/35 Riazabad Dhamiyal Road Ufone Franchies Rawalpindi	37405-4923130-9	Muhammad Pervez	785,825	76,396	862,221	785,825	91,039	876,864
120	Mr Mohsin Ahmed	House No.120 Block D Punjab Society Near DHA Lahore	35201-4543386-9	Ahmed Ali	111,989	11,876	123,865	734,727	137,289	872,016
121	Mr Awais Ahmad	Ahmad House 134 Street 02 Imperial Garden Meezan Bank Paragon City Lahore	35201-9020668-9	Ahmad Ullah	827,488	-	827,488	737,992	129,935	867,927
122	Luqman Khalid Jamil	House No 17 Block 16 Sector B-1 Township Lahore	35102-0687146-1	Jamil Ahmed	818,184	20,032	838,216	792,934	72,879	865,813
123	Adnan Ali Shahbaz	House No. 51-A Sattar Park Near Joy Shah Darbar Joy Shah Darbar Rajgarh Lahore	35202-4969410-5	Shan Muhammad Shahbaz	833,382	38,200	871,582	833,382	31,474	864,856
124	Mr Imran Khan	House No.174-A Rehan Garden Phase-2 Ferozpur Central Park Road Lahore	42101-1887010-9	Muhammad Yousaf	755,188	104,842	860,030	755,188	108,322	863,510
125	Muhammad Babar Jamal	Building No 70 Flat 4C Lahore Sector B Askari 11 Lahore	37406-1626547-9	Jamal Ahmed	961,602	37,837	999,439	839,677	12,552	852,229
126	Mirza Danish Hussain Barlas	House No A-15 Ground Floor Lane 5 Kasbit SMCHS Block-B Karachi	42201-5156802-7	Mirza Akbar Hussain Barlas	988,486	77,772	1,066,258	849,668	-	849,668
127	Syed Sohail Mehdi	A- 35 Block-S North Nazimabad Ship Honor College Karachi	42101-4987441-9	Syed Sardar Muhammad Naqvi	812,032	4,272	816,304	781,688	60,853	842,541
128	Muhammad Kamran Shahid	House No No. B-16 Block 4 A Gulshan-e- lqbal Patel Hospital Karachi	42101-1930618-7	Abdul Aziz Shahid	784,728	10,879	795,607	767,294	74,440	841,735
129	Babar Ali	House No. 76 Block 1 Karim Park Ravi Road Lahore	35202-6883161-9	Sardar Ali	1,989,047	829,392	2,818,438	-	829,392	829,392
130	Tahir Iqbal	House No 181 Block E Tajpura Scheme Mughalpura Lahore	35201-1265596-7	Gulam Ahmad	778,870	50,347	829,216	778,870	46,429	825,299
131	Mohammad Sohail Sidiqu	Quarter No A 20 Panch House Colony Multan Road Lahore	35202-2446916-1	Muhammad Ishaq	734,400	24,536	758,937	734,400	83,143	817,544

Annexure - I

Cr M-	Na	Address	Name of Partners /	Eathor / Hushand Naw -	Outstanding	Liabilities at B of Year	eginning	Amount V	Vritten off / Co	ncession
Sr. No.	Name	Address	Directors NIC / CNIC	Father / Husband Name	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total Balance (Gross)
132	Naseer Ahmad	House 480 E Block Pak Arab Housing Ghore Wala Chowk Society Lahore	35202-2978959-1	Muhammad Bashir	800,004	8,758	808,762	800,004	16,128	816,132
133	Yasir Mustafa	House No. 02 Moh Salik Street Muslim Hunjab College Town Lahore	33202-1507140-9	Ishfaq Hussain Bhatti	763,042	46,750	809,792	763,042	46,750	809,792
134	Saleem Ahmed	14-B Kashmir House 10th South Street Sunset Club Phase-2 Karachi	42301-7854725-5	Kauser Hussain	742,872	13,176	756,048	742,872	62,314	805,186
135	Mohsin Imtiaz	House No 26/34 Block E Madina Colony Gourmet Bakery Cavlary Ground Cantt Lahore	34101-9459636-3	Imtiaz Ahmad	787,152	17,121	804,274	741,298	61,345	802,643
136	Faisal Yaqoob	73-C-Block-2 KAECHS City School Karachi	42201-5343908-9	Muhammad Yaqoob	889,767	17,235	907,002	776,235	21,651	797,886
137	Abdul Rasheed Alvi	696-Main Bagrian Road Green Town Lahore	35202-3005008-9	Al Hajj Faiz Ahmed	4,639,635	849,856	5,489,492	-	788,244	788,244
138	Rahim Khan	House No 434 Sector 51/A Korangi 06 Back Side Mono Technical College Karachi	42201-5188776-7	Hussain Khan	699,919	18,860	718,779	660,239	127,156	787,395
139	Imran Iqbal	House No Jt- 26 Janjua Town Attock Petrol Pump Adyala Road Rawalpindi	54400-2817903-5	Muhammad Iqbal	752,188	4,462	756,650	744,798	42,425	787,223
140	Mr Syed Ansar Ul Hassan	180-P Block DHA National Hospital Lahore	35201-0324272-5	Syed Anwar UI Hassan	736,475	12,724	749,199	736,476	47,462	783,938
141	Mian Muhammad Nasir	House No. 15-A Abbot Road Near Jan Ki Dewai Jan Ki Dewai Hospital Hospital Lahore	34201-4643673-5	Mian Saeed Muhammad	739,867	31,759	771,626	739,867	40,940	780,807
142	Anis Ur Rahman	House No 116 Idrees Block Ferouzpur Road Gulshan E Madina Society Lahore	35101-9892051-7	Nasreen Kausar	759,629	18,269	777,899	699,600	70,841	770,441
143	Muhammad Zaeem	House No 13C/1 Street No 1-A Sector No 2 Moh Atta Road Shalamar Town Near Shalimar Bagh Lahore	35201-1518677-3	Muhammad Amin	646,600	17,520	664,120	648,578	121,772	770,349
144	Ravi Kumar	Flat No.609/6 Blk 13 Sulera Apt Gulistan e Johar More Johar Karachi	41303-7033886-3	Prem	774,351	23,396	797,746	739,324	24,887	764,211
145	Ramsha Mariam	F-9 Safari Boulevard Phase 3 Gulistan e Johar Block 15 near Continental Bakery Karachi	42201-6361473-6	Khurram Khalid	791,741	28,029	819,770	734,066	24,476	758,542
146	Zahid Hussain	A-1653-I Phase-I Gulshan-E-Hadeed Bin Qasim Karachi	42501-3110423-1	M Suleman	1,476,354	5,559	1,481,914	-	751,910	751,910
147	Marina Khan	Flat No. 4 Ch Adnan Plaza Soan Garden Double Opp Bank Al Habib Road Islamabad	42000-3694200-0	Arif Khan	720,000	1,420	721,420	672,230	77,655	749,885
148	Ashique Hussain	House No.316 New Saeed Abad Block 9-A Baldia Town Kar Near Al Habib School Karachi	42401-4066209-7	Din Muhammad Khan	674,509	49,829	724,338	674,509	72,727	747,236
149	Mr Muhammad Raees Khan	House No B-125 PCSIR Coperative Housing Society Scheme 33 Karachi University Gulzar e Hijri Karachi	42101-1610623-3	Muhammad Younus Khan	670,476	9,717	680,193	613,142	131,007	744,150
150	Syed Muhammad Abbas Zaidi	2nd Floor R-33 Railway Society 13-D-3 Gulshan-e-lqbal Masjid e Tanz Ul Iman Karachi	42201-7178264-5	Syed Arshad Hussain Zaidi	732,860	14,316	747,176	664,886	71,925	736,812
151	Mahboob UI Hassan	House No. 241-1 G-Block Model Town Near Metro Cash And Carry Lahore	35202-2565120-1	Nawab Din	14,570	4,179	18,749	625,000	102,796	727,796
152	Abuzar Bokhari	11/B2 Asad Jan Road Cantonement	35201-1466646-7	Syed Mansoor Hussain Bokhari	755,351	36,558	791,909	662,250	64,533	726,783
153	Muhammad Faraz Naveed	House No. A-4 Moria Khan Goth Star Gate Karachi Total Parco Pump Air Port Karachi	37405-1273923-5	Muhammad Naveed Siddiqui	658,751	23,874	682,626	658,751	66,752	725,503
154	Eastern Computers & Mobiles	Office No 49-GF/12-A 2nd Floor Hafeez Centre Gulberg 3 Lahore	35202-3970171-8	NA	3,384,053	397,733	3,781,786	-	725,414	725,414
155	Abdullah	House No.333C Street 22 E 11/4 E 11 Markaz Islamabad	36302-3097217-9	Muhammad Ahmad	653,537	56,391	709,928	653,537	67,461	720,997
156	Mr Rakesh Rakesh	Flat No. 304 Paradise Residency 3rd Floor Near Teen Frere Town Lahore	45402-3654802-1	Sunder Das	525,783	192,655	718,438	525,783	194,349	720,133
157	Mrs Sarwat Siddiqui	House No 623 Durani Street Islampura Chahan Park Lahore	35202-9385807-2	Shamshad Ahmad Siddiqui	533,220	130,277	663,497	533,219	186,770	719,989
158	Mr Ozair Lodhi	House No. 14-A Sindhi Muslim Housing Society Bundu Khan Karachi	42201-9728630-1	Abdul Rehman Lodhi	542,037	135,592	677,629	542,036	174,887	716,924
159	Shahzad	Flat No. 69-D N-Blk Model Town Ext Fast Rent A Car Lahore	31102-8064596-3	Nisar Ahmad	663,778	35,265	699,043	663,778	52,902	716,680
160	Mr Muhammad Kaleem Safdar	House No.435 L Block Khayaban e Ameen Defence Road Lahore	37402-0939061-9	Safdar Ali Raza	618,246	39,897	658,143	618,245	97,621	715,866
161	Sidra Yasmeen	House No. 15/8 Sheet No. 16 Model Colony 9-C Warsi Masjid Malir Karachi	42401-8575357-6	Muhammad Anwar	660,744	19,102	679,846	660,744	54,292	715,036
162	Athar Farid	Near Noor Masjid Moh Chodhrian Simbly Dam Road Phulgaran Noor Masjid Islamabad	36302-0453415-9	Ghulam Farid	634,388	71,702	706,090	634,388	71,702	706,090
163	Mr Amir Siddiqui	Flat 509 18 West Residencia Street 73 F-11 Markaz Park Sector F-11/1 Islamabad	42201-0515958-9	Mohammad Abdul Azeem Siddiqui	598,734	29,439	628,173	598,734	105,806	704,540
164	Zaheer Abbas	House No. D 96 Gulistan Society Quaidabad Firdous Plaza Landhi Karachi	42501-3958878-1	Manzoor Hussain	682,404	17,977	700,380	648,104	56,334	704,438

Amount in PKR Rupees

Annexure - I

\1 II	nnexure - Amount in PKR Rupees									
Sr. No.	Name	Address	Name of Partners /	Father / Husband Name	Outstanding	g Liabilities at B of Year	eginning	Amount \	Written off / C	
51.110.	Nume	Addiess	Directors NIC / CNIC	raciery riesband rame	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total Balance (Gross)
165	Mirza Muhammad Ali	Flat No A-104 Hameem Heights Gulshan e Iqbal Block No.13-D 2 Karachi Near Wasim Baag Karachi	42201-9186097-7	Mirza Rahat Ali	669,533	3,445	672,978	657,192	35,231	692,423
166	Sikandar Asif	H No. 136 S39 PAEC Housing Society Rawat Islamabad	37405-2170814-3	Asif Hussain	679,293	12,873	692,166	664,238	22,341	686,579
167	Arooj Sohail	House 32/33 N Blk Cantt View Scheme Bedian Rd Bhatta Chowk Lahore	37405-1721908-0	Khawaja Sohail	690,142	38,910	729,052	676,550	6,321	682,870
168	Bushra Mehmood Butt	House No.171 Street No.28 Overseas Block A Gourmet Bahria Town Lahore	35202-7360671-8	Nighat	620,000	52,303	672,303	620,000	62,820	682,820
169	Mr Noman Naseem	House No.594 Sec 4-B Town Saeedabad Siddiq e Akber Mosque Baldya Town West Karachi	42401-9116648-1	Naseem Khan	205,684	3,093	208,777	528,960	147,149	676,109
170	Mr Abdul Qadir	Plot No.45/3 Flat No. 803 Blk 7/8 Moh Over Seass Society Tahir Medical Amir Khusro Road Karachi	42301-9366067-1	Haji Qasim	800	-	800	519,220	155,834	675,054
171	Mr Manan Arif	House No.393/6 Block B Faisal Town Jama Masjid Khota Pind Lahore	35202-3545027-3	Muhammad Arif	540,289	4,603	544,892	527,822	134,394	662,216
172	Mr Raja Adnan Javaid	House No 1-A Main V.Mandla Info Shahdara Water Shahdara Water Sup Supply Shahdara Road T&D Islamabad	61101-1903005-9	Raja Javaid Iqbal	528,881	125,007	653,888	528,881	125,007	653,888
173	Mr Muhammad Saeed	Flat No. 141 Commercial Pak Arab Housing Society Bear Waqar Medics Ferozpur Road Lahore	35201-1474028-5	Meiraj Din	318,164	-	318,164	629,012	22,201	651,214
174	Mr Humayoon Asghar	House No. 66/122nd Street DHA Khayaban-E-Badban Phase-5 Near KFC 26th Street Karachi	42301-4750782-9	Muhammad Asghar	190,799	453,570	644,369	190,799	459,424	650,223
175	Abbas Ali Shah	House No.05 Phase-4 Sector EE DHA Near Grid Station Lahore	35201-3320662-3	Syed Ghulam Ali Shah	628,206	10,917	639,124	620,472	18,104	638,577
176	Muhammad Saqib Sethi	House No. 190 Street No. 3 Larex Colony Shahdra Station Govt Boys Highy School Lahore	35202-7348984-5	Muhammad Ashraf Sethi	657,224	63,522	720,747	613,080	21,035	634,115
177	Haroon Rashid	Wazir House Opp Masjid e Noor Durrani Bani Gala Islamabad	21708-4331517-9	Shazia Bibi	602,711 12,285 614,996		577,609	56,301	633,910	
178	Ikram Ullah Khan	House No.59 Street No.36 Sec G-13/2 Islamabad Chowk	15401-0697225-1	Saad Ullah Khan	593,504	39,004	632,508	593,504	39,004	632,508
179	Yasir Afzaal	House No 137 (Upper Floor) Street No 57 F-11 E-11/3 Islamabad	61101-5590705-5	Muhammad Afzaal Chaudhry	574,405	53,260	627,665	574,405	53,260	627,665
180	Mr Tanveer UI Amin Farooqi	4-B Street No.5 Askari-4 Main Rashid Minhas Road Near Milliniun Mall Karachi	42201-7301782-7	Amin Ud Din Farooqi	489,954	-	489,954	490,704	134,689	625,393
181	Kashif Sarfaraz	Room No. 106 Blk-B Female Begum Akhter Tawar No 1 Ruksana Hospital Bahria Town Karachi	82303-2999976-1	Muhammad Sarfaraz Khan	560,880	53,466	614,346	560,880	63,990	624,870
182	Saima Noureen	Muslim Street Alipur Naye Abbadi Miuat Petrol Pump Islamabad	37403-7433412-8	Yasir Khan	592,950	31,543	624,493	592,950	31,543	624,493
183	Ali Abbas Bhatti	House No. 249 A-3 Wafaqi Md Store Colony Lahore	34101-6817167-9	Chaudhry Shabbir Hussain Khan	603,030	4,163	607,194	575,925	47,612	623,537
184	Mr Syed Kashif Ijaz Zaidi	Airport Housing Society Sector No.04 Street 18 E Block House No.268 Masjid Usman Ghani Near Usman Ghani Mosque Islamabad	61101-8458615-9	Syed Ijaz Hussain Zaidi	539,706	114,313	654,019	539,706	80,083	619,789
185	Mr Aakash Kumar	House No A-14/3 Street No 5 Bath Island Clifton Near Sapphire Residency Karachi	41308-6100666-5	Daya Ram	456,203	-	456,203	462,620	155,498	618,117
186	Mr Muhammad Rizwan Ul Haq	Program Manager D&P ARFA Software Technology Park Model Town 346-B Ferozepur Road Lahore	38403-6960632-5	Muhammad Hussain	472,685	108,463	581,148	472,685	143,254	615,939
187	Mr Nauman Khan	House No 4 Street 6 Muhallah Bazar Zargran Purani Anarkali Lahore Near FBR Office Lahore	35202-2839470-1	Naseer Khan	542,644	19,868	562,512	512,987	99,565	612,552
188	Tahir Manzoor	House No. 25-C-3 Mohallah Gulberg 111 Near M.M Alam Road Lahore	35202-5506427-7	Chaudhary Manzoor Ahmed	467,342	-	467,342	528,621	78,700	607,32
189	Mr Muhammad Imran Khokhar	House 19 Block E1 Sector A Valancia Housing Society Engineer Town Defence Road Lahore	35201-4386275-7	Abdul Qadir Khokhar	-	-	-	486,181	120,465	606,646
190	Mr Imtiaz Ahmed	Flat No. F-82 Block-F7th Floor Noman Avenue Samba Bank Gulistan e Johar Karachi	17301-7379621-1	Abdul Hameed	600,634	-	600,634	571,429	34,164	605,592
191	Mr Raja Sher Afzel	House No. 35/1 Main Saba Avenue Phase 5 Extension Badar Commercial DHA Karachi	61101-3787416-9	Raja Hashmat Khan	498,103	10,304	508,407	466,798	136,915	603,713
192	Mr Faisal Bashir	HNo.13-C Pakistan Airforce Colony Zarar Shaheed Rd Askari-9 Society Lahore Cantt Lahore Lahore	35201-8377046-3	Muhammad Bashir	436,755	134,561	571,316	436,755	166,177	602,932
193	Sayed Tanveer Hussain Shah	House No 24, Koel Street Taj Bagh Scheme Lahore Near Hurbans Pura Morr Lahore	35202-2176615-9	Sayed Muhammad Rafique Shah	918,917	25,440	944,358	593,257	9,601	602,858
194	Sajjad Hussain	House No.2 F-20 Block 9 Clifton Karachi	42301-6411313-5	Akbar Ali	519,171	12,558	531,729	519,729	82,908	602,637
195	Mr Muhammad Rizwan Ul Haq	Program Manager D&P ARFA Software Technology Park Model Town 346-B Ferozepur Road Lahore	38403-6960632-5	Muhammad Hussain	506,105	82,248	588,353	506,105	94,916	601,02

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Annexure - I

Amount in PKR Rupee Outstanding Liabilities at Beginning of Year Amount Written off / Concession Name of Partners / Sr. No Name Address Father / Husband Name Directors NIC / CNIC Interest/ Interest/ Total Balana Principle Total Principle Flat No.810 8th Floor Rainbow Centre Rainbow Centre Saddar Karachi 196 Dennis M Pereiro 42201-0831696-7 Darryl A Pereira 588,669 21,437 610,106 588,669 9,309 597,978 197 Faisal Ishaa House No.A-78 Block 3 Gulistan-e-Johan 42101-5067514-7 Muhammad Ishaa 581,716 8,342 590,058 567,168 29,780 596,948 198 Al-Kabeer Traders 47-B Green Market Vehari 36603-5763044-7 267.419 326,840 594 258 267.419 326.840 594 258 82B New Muslim Town Lahore 35202-5881112-1 Haji Khurshid Ahmad 516.312 79.532 595 844 488.384 105.319 593 702 House No. 172 Shah Jamal Shah Darbar 35202-3028406-5 263.385 113 263 498 499 551 93.173 592.724 201 Mr Muhammad Subtain House No. 83 Block G Street No. 11 Al 35202-0108638-9 Azeem Shahzad 499,431 499,431 465,071 127,452 592,524 r rouse ino. as block a Street No. 11 Al Rehman Garden Phase 2 Punjab School Lahore House No. 243 C2 Engineers Jamia Masjid Town Sector A Lahore 202 Sajeel Abbas Nasir 35202-8666346-5 Nasir Abbas Baloch 38,471 549,527 587,997 549,527 590,847 41,320 203 Amir Riaz House No. 628 Street No. 24 Phase-1 61101-1973060-9 Riaz Muhammad Abbasi 649,799 8,830 658,629 560,703 25,335 586,038 Margallah Children Park Town Islamabad P No.4-Lalazar Colony Tulsa Road 5A Street House No.30/G Main Rainbow 37401-6787557-1 531.205 15.801 547.006 531.205 53 462 584.667 School Main 5 C. Near TCS Tulsa Road Rawalnindi 205 Mr Hafiz Muhammad Talal R-69/1 Sec 15-A /4 Buffer Zone Karachi 42201-0507686-3 Muhammad Younus Saddiaui 561,780 4,650 566,430 506,448 77,378 583,826 House No. 73-L Gulberg 2 Lahore Near 206 Mr Sved Asher Hussain Jafri 35202-5710727-9 Sved Ather Hussain Jafrey 490,953 581,793 495,319 5,651 500,970 90,840 Canal Park Lahor 207 Asma Tahir 61101-1901331-2 526.425 44 418 570.843 526 425 52.706 579130 Opposite CDA Hospital Islamabad Central Govt Society House No A-52 Block No 19 Hill Top Gulistan Johar Karachi labal Ali Khan Afridi 208 Aurangzeb Khan Afridi 42101-2363721-7 575,269 9,772 585,041 529,412 49,338 578,750 House No. 246 / 248 Drigh Road Cantt 209 Zeeshan 42501-5400846-9 John Peter 863,366 21.575 884 941 555 055 17.028 572,083 Hospital Cantt Bazar Karachi House No.5 Jasmine Block 3-Km Thoke Niaz Biag Multan Road Park View City 210 Mr Tayyab Jahangir 35202-7915162-9 Jahangir Ishaq Khan 499,525 45,123 544,648 487,531 83,919 571,450 211 Mr Muhammad Asif Saeed Rawat louse No C 14 Phase 1 PNS Karsaz 42101-8246116-1 Muhammad Saeed Rawat 525 946 40.595 566.541 525 946 40.595 566 541 Duknkih Dohnts Shaheen Shanwari Near Dunkin Donuts Karachi 212 Mr Malik Farrukh Hassan Awan House No. 167-B Block RECHS Jamia 35202-9180773-3 Masoom Buksh 496,174 26,762 522,936 496,174 70,147 566,322 Masjid Teh Cant Zila Laho Louis Paul Benedict no Center Flat No C- 505 Block C Floor 42301-6844726-7 Anthony G Benedict 550,458 14,025 564,484 506,568 58,046 564,614 5 Uncle Surya Hospital Randle Road 214 Aamir Farooqui Flat No. A-2/12 Johar Square Block 18 42201-0360249-5 Nasrullah Farooqui 504,564 11,570 516 134 504,564 59.516 564,080 Gulistan e Johar Johar Chowrangi Karachi House No. 18 Street 5 Eden Palace Villas Raiwind Road Lahore 215 Shameem Akhtai 61101-7901504-0 Ghulam Akbar 119,877 439,360 13,499 452,859 444,059 563,936 House No. 382 Block G-4 Wapda Town 216 Naeem Yousaf 36402-4816006-7 Muhammad Yousaf 541,712 10,582 552,294 563,861 514,611 49,250 R-84 Block-K 2nd Floor North Masjid 42101-5701715-1 Haji S M Noor Uddin 561.045 510.919 41 781 552 700 510.919 50 126 Batha Nazimabad Karachi 218 Sved Nasir Ali Kazmi House No 278 Street No 8 New Malnus 35201-5469169-7 Syed Maqbool Hussain Kazmi 603,769 22,759 626,528 545,388 15,610 560,998 Nawaz Sharif Park Satellite Towr Rawalpindi House No 35-C East Street Gold Mart Phase 01 DHA Karachi 219 Syed Amir Ali 42301-4370826-7 Syed Afaq Ali 544,922 7,405 552,327 530,453 560,909 30,456 House No 317 Block-A Nespak Housing 220 Mr Rai Muratab Ali Khan 35402-3791012-1 Bashir Ahmed 495,972 12,504 508,476 516,676 42,717 559,393 House No V-53 Street No 11 Gohawa 221 Hammad Saeed Malik 37301-8888506-5 525 533 31.333 556.866 525 533 32 824 558 357 Mor Toyota Airport Motors New Airport Road Lahore House No 926 Street No.34 A Ghouri Town 222 Farman Ali 45503-7371186-5 Shah Dino 516.579 9 9 1 9 526 498 510 998 46.609 557,606 Phase 4-A Islamabad House No. E 114 Street No. 8 Al Noor Town Rahat Bakery Walton Road Cantt 35201-6317271-0 223 Aisha Saleem Muhammad Waqar Shahid 539,936 502,870 53,814 502,870 37,066 556,685 Distt Lahore 224 Muhammad Saad Masud Khan House No. 25 Moh Ali Town Riwand Near 35202-7905845-9 Muhammad Masud Ahmed 509170 37,669 546.839 509170 46.604 555.773 University Of Lahore 225 Jamshad Hanif House No. A-324, Street No. 66 G-6/1/1 61101-9094492-5 Hanif Masih 510,765 3,526 514,291 503,372 50,096 553,468 226 Mr Sved Sohail Mehdi A- 35Block-S North Nazimabad Ship 42101-4987441-9 Sved Sardar Muhammad 413 849 2.458 416.307 499 889 53.463 553,352 Honor College Karachi Residential Compound Embassy Of Korea Block 13 Street No.29 Diplomatic SCB Diplomatic Branch Enclave 2 Sec G 5/4 227 Atta Ur Rehman 35202-7856735-7 Nasir Ullah Khan 501,885 51,280 553,165 501,885 51,280 553,165 Islamabad

Annexure - I Amount in PKR Rupees

	T	1		1			1		Amoun	in PKR Rupees
c	M		Name of Partners /	Eather / Unit - 131	Outstanding	g Liabilities at E of Year	Beginning	Amount \	4 87,703 551,696 3 86,488 551,112 9 82,088 550,877 5 64,953 549,738 2 96,691 548,973 9 52,923 543,792 4 20,755 542,999 9 50,212 542,541 8 46,598 542,406 4 33,901 541,485 1 540,910 540,911 8 77,735 539,593 2 34,646 537,857 2 42,698 537,479 3 121,212 536,735 7 41,584 532,180 2 117,877 530,949 3 79,284 528,707 4 85,529 528,662 6 127,887 526,323 7 9,284 528,707 4 85,529 528,662 6 127,887 526,323 0 43,719 525,439 0 35,746 523,836 1 33,016 521,347 1 33,016 521,347 1 33,016 521,347 1 31,804 520,637 9 186,696 517,845 7 120,536 515,943 3 17,097 515,320	
Sr. No.	Name	Address	Directors NIC / CNIC	Father / Husband Name	Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total	Principle		
228		House No.CB 579/C Street No.2 Westridge Lane 4 Peshawar Road Rawalpindi Cantt Rawalpindi	37405-0275554-9	Changez Akhter	433,296	87,024	520,320	433,296	119,206	552,501
229	Mr Usman Ali	H 785/40 Dhok Kala Khan Service Road Near Rafiq CNG Rawalpindi	37405-4592050-5	Malik Muhammad Arshad	23,795	2,320	26,115	463,994	87,703	551,696
230		House No A-15 Ground Floor Lane 5 Kasbit SMCHS Block-B Karachi	42201-5156802-7	Mirza Akbar Hussain Barlas	459,278	40,051	499,329	464,623	86,488	551,112
231	Mazhar Muneeb	306-A Gulfshan Colony Jhang Road	33100-2272632-5	Hidayat Ali Akhtar	468,789	64,821	533,610	468,789	82,088	550,877
232		Flat No 405 4th Floor Iqbal Arcade Main Shaheed Naheed Super Market e Millat Road Karachi	42000-2672098-5	Siraj Uddin Malik	502,952	17,569	520,521	484,785	64,953	549,738
233		House No 93-D, St No 7 Sector I-10/3 Islamabad	61101-2329249-7	Ejaz UI Haq	452,282	71,382	523,664	452,282	96,691	548,973
234		House No. 10 Street No. 168 G 13/3 Jama Masjid Islamabad	37405-0390305-5	Syed Sarfraz Hussain Naqvi	490,869	43,494	534,363	490,869	52,923	543,792
235		M 03/C Empire Estate Building Sector 14-B Meezan Bank Shadman Town Karachi	42101-5330904-5	Syed Ali Azam	522,244	18,755	540,999	522,244	20,755	542,999
236		House No.1587 Street No.127-A Sector 1 Gulshanabad Adayala Road Adayala Road Rawalpindi	33201-0257016-3	Aman Ullah	513,159	9,153	522,311	492,329	50,212	542,541
237		House No R-44 Wight House PCSIR Society Sch 33 Near PCSIR Laboratry Karachi	45202-3477813-9	Ali Muhammad	495,808	28,526	524,334	495,808	46,598	542,406
238		House No.412-A Street 33 Bank Alfalah Phase 4-A Ghouri Town Islamabad	13301-9829378-5	Pervez Akhtar	507,584	23,546	531,130	507,584	33,901	541,485
239		53-E Maulana Shauqat Ali Road, Johar Town Lahore	35202-2738460-3	NA	7,312,858	1,731,251	9,044,109	1	540,910	540,911
240		House No. 83 Block G St No. 11 Al Rehman Garden Phase 2 Punjab School Lahore	35202-0108638-9	Azeem Shahzad	487,964	-	487,964	461,858	77,735	539,593
241		House No. Sd 180 Phase-2 Malir Cantt Check Post No. 6 Karachi	13302-5207094-5	Muhammad Nawaz	503,212	34,646	537,857	503,212	34,646	537,857
242		Ground Floor Qazi Plaza Street No 1 Lane No 3 Near Margala Dental College Gulrez Phase II Rawalpindi	37405-6817046-7	Zia Ud Din Qazi	519,082	19,682	538,764	494,782	42,698	537,479
243		House No. 415 Street No. 9 Quaid Villas Bahria Town Karachi	42201-0496363-7	Israr Ahmed	136,131	2,042	138,173	415,523	121,212	536,735
244		7C 4th Floor Flat 4 Asad Arcade 24th Commercial Street Phase 2 DHA Near Sunset Club Karachi	42301-0840313-9	Taskeen Ur Rehman	482,619	29,300	511,919	490,597	41,584	532,180
245		177-Amynabad Off Martin Road Off Martin Road P.I.B Colony Karachi	42201-5137413-3	Yar Mohammad	170,466	2,133	172,599	413,072	117,877	530,949
246		Photo House 2 Corner Hall Road Regal Chowk Egal Chowk Karachi	35201-6476120-7	Abdul Majeed Chohan	449,422	43,381	492,803	449,423	79,284	528,707
247		House No. F-1/A Pakistan Railway Housing Project 3 Jinnah Star Cresent Hall Avenue Malir Halt Karachi	42501-9137316-5	Mohi Uddin	443,134	75,678	518,812	443,134	85,529	528,662
248		House No.57 Block No.A Eden Valley Near Eden Valley Office Faisalabad	33100-6708081-7	Muhammad Siddique	420,842	13,447	434,289	398,436	127,887	526,323
249	Mr. Sohail Majeed	Photo House 2-Corner Hall Road Regal Chowk Lahore	35201-6476120-7	Abdul Majeed Chohan	489,056	24,923	513,978	481,720	43,719	525,439
250		House No.5 Street No.B-14 Barma Town Islam Centre Khanna Islamabad	17101-7954330-7	Faiz Muhammad	514,980	6,998	521,978	488,090	35,746	523,836
251		671 Giulmohar Block Sector C Bahria Town Lahore	45104-0273220-7	Muhammad Qaseem Arsal	144,089	-	144,089	437,383	86,114	523,497
252		House No. 22 A-Block C Faisal Garden University Johar Town Lahore	35202-4793226-5	Muhammad Azam Khan	488,331	29,539	517,871	488,331	33,016	521,347
253		House No. L 4/2 13 2nd Floor Own Homes Block 110 Total Pump 21 F.B Area Karachi	42301-6001967-7	Syed Anwar UI Hasan	436,990	40,144	477,134	406,833	113,804	520,637
254	Qamar Zaidi	1/1 B Street No. 19 Phase V D.H.A Karachi	42301-6010661-7	D Asrar Hussain Zaidi	371,699	101,366	473,065	331,149	186,696	517,845
255	Tariq Mustafa	61/11 20Th Street Off Khayaban-e- Badban Phase V Dha Karachi	42301-1554547-7	Ali Mustafa	395,407	89,824	485,231	395,407	120,536	515,943
256		Flat No. 04 Block 11-D Type Flats Shabir Town Qazal Bash Chowk Raiwind Road Lahore	34104-6097988-3	Allah Tawakal Cheema	521,714	9,289	531,003	498,223	17,097	515,320
257		Flat No. 141 Commercial Pak Arab Housing Society Bear Waqar Medics Ferozpur Road Lahore	35201-1474028-5	Meiraj Din	504,503	3,981	508,484	475,554	39,332	514,886
258	Mr Qazi Hamza	House No.168 Street 8 Sector F Defence Villas Bahria Phase 8 DHA Phase 1 Rawalpindi	90406-0166819-5	Khalid Nadeem Qazi	418,030	18,131	436,161	457,305	56,794	514,098
259	Kh Mehmood Urrehman	Shara-e-Rashid P.O Box 202Chowk Shah Abdali	36302-0273260-3	Khawaja Bashir Ahmed	341,013	99,420	440,433	344,474	168,414	512,888
260		House No.A-393 Block I Moh North Nazimabad Mateen Food Karachi	42101-1769174-5	Muhammad Hashim	481,849	19,233	501,082	481,849	29,798	511,647

Annexure - I

	Amount in PKR Rupees									
Sr. No.	Name	Address	Name of Partners / Eathor / Husband Name Of Year		t Written off / Concession					
			Directors NIC / CNIC		Principle	Interest/ Markup	Total	Principle	Total Balance (Gross)	
261		E-616 Pak Arab Housing Society Ghoray Wala Goal Chakar Ferozpur Road Lahore	35202-5189811-3	Muhammad Riaz	460,544	48,776	509,320	460,544	48,776	509,320
262		House No.12 Street No.1 Ghouri Town Phase No.1 Save Mart Islamabad	33201-1510536-1	Muhammad Akram Bhutta	493,366	12,177	505,543	493,366	12,177	505,543
263		House No. 167-B Block RECHS Jamia Masjid Teh Cant Zila Lahore	35202-9180773-3	Masoom Buksh	408,462	19,684	428,146	421,565	83,046	504,611
264		House No. 43-A Lane 8 DHA - Phase 2 Sector F Islamabad	61101-1909394-7	Malik Khan Zaman Khan	439,964	4,640	444,604	460,200	42,000	502,200
					292,056,697	154,893,222	446,949,914	236,799,932	46,845,599	283,645,523

For the year ended 31 December 2022 Annexure - II

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

ISLAMIC BANKING BUSINESS

The bank is operating 2 (Dec 2021: 2) Islamic banking branches and 38 (Dec 2021: 39) Islamic banking windows at the end of the year.

ASSETS Cash and balances with treasury banks Due from financial institutions Investments Islamic financing and related assets - net Fixed assets Other assets Total Assets	Note 1 2 3	9,775,522 7,032,585 37,098,455 57,189,213 49,668 2,196,823 113,342,266	2021 in '000) 3,985,646 6,560,984 19,073,804 58,546,455 204,137 6,716,261 95,087,287
LIABILITIES Bills payable Due to financial institutions Deposits and other accounts Due to Head Office Other liabilities NET ASSETS	4 5	54,692 5,022,029 87,691,012 2,540,210 822,453 96,130,396 17,211,870	84,750 4,741,529 60,424,815 9,637,350 6,627,919 81,516,363 13,570,924
REPRESENTED BY Islamic Banking Fund Surplus/ (Deficit) on revaluation of assets Unappropriated/ Unremitted profit	7	500,000 (2,495) 16,714,365 17,211,870	500,000 (107,377) 13,178,301 13,570,924

The profit and loss account of the Bank's Islamic banking branches for the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

8

	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
Profit / return earned Profit / return expensed Net Profit / return	9 10	11,011,592 (2,421,132) 8,590,460	6,970,913 (1,423,807) 5,547,106
Other income Fee and Commission Income Foreign Exchange Income Gain / (loss) on securities Other Income Total other income		579,100 337,571 178,542 23,015 1,118,228	444,564 219,591 44,702 29 708,886
Total income		9,708,688	6,255,992
Other expenses Operating expenses Total other expenses		(2,272,573) (2,272,573)	(1,930,551) (1,930,551)
Profit / (loss) before provisions Reversal / (provisions) and write offs - net		7,436,115 99,949	4,325,441 281,875
Profit / (loss) before taxation		7,536,064	4,607,316

The Bank calculates and files a single corporate tax return as per the requirements of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Segmental calculation is not required for filing. However, considering the revised format requirement of the financial statements to disclose Islamic Banking segment's tax charge separately, a notional tax charge for Islamic Banking is expected to be Rs. 4.6 billion (2021:Rs. 2.1 billion).

Annexure - II

1	Due from Financial Institutions			In Local Currency	In Foreign Currencies	Total	In Local Currency es in '000)	In Foreign Currencies	Total
'	Unsecured			-	7,032,585	7,032,585	-	6,560,984	6,560,984
				-	7,032,585	7,032,585	-	6,560,984	6,560,984
			20)22		_	202	1	
2	Investments by segments:	Cost / Amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (Deficit)	Market Value	Cost / Amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (Deficit)	Market Value
	, 3				(Rupe	es in '000)			
	Federal Government Securities: -ljarah Sukuks -lslamic Naya Pakistan Certificates -Bai Muajjal with GOP	35,736,913 1,453,069	- - -	(91,527) - -	35,645,386 1,453,069	18,567,285 613,896 -	- - -	(107,377) - -	18,459,908 613,896 -
		37,189,982	-	(91,527)	37,098,455	19,181,181	-	(107,377)	19,073,804
	Non Government Debt Securities								
	- Listed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- Unlisted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Investments	37,189,982	-	(91,527)	37,098,455	19,181,181	-	(107,377)	19,073,804
3	Islamic financing and related assets					Note	2022 (Rup	pees in '000	2021 O)
	Murabaha Musharaka Diminishing Musharaka Musawammah Ujrah (Saadiq Credit Cards) Advances against Islamic assets - Mur Advances against Islamic assets - Dim Advances against Islamic assets - Istis Inventory related to Islamic financing Gross Islamic financing and related ass Less: provision against Islamic financing - Specific - General Islamic financing and related assets -	ninishing N na - Murabal ssets ngs	na	ıh		3.1 Note	6,160,02 9,360,54 30,671,52 1,300,00 480,36 5,841,11 743,58 1,883,00 1,657,28 58,097,44 (567,42 (340,80 (908,23) 57,189,21	5 4 0 0 0 9 5 0 4 3 3 5 3 7) 0 (3 5 5	4,103,517 17,501,136 17,699,615 1,730,700 424,479 2,534,350 1,121,918 ,806,000 2,632,805 9,554,520 (511,194) (496,871) 1,008,065) 3,546,455
3.1	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha					3.1.1	6,160,02 1,657,28 5,841,11 13,658,42	5 4 9	4,103,517 2,632,805 2,534,350 9,270,672
3.1.1	Murabaha receivable - gross Less: Deferred murabaha income Profit receivable shown in other assets Murabaha financings	5				3.1.2 3.1.4 -	7,535,15 (1,283,59 (91,53 6,160,02	8) 3)	4,426,011 (235,624) (86,870) 4,103,517
3.1.2	The movement in Murabaha financin Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance	g during t	he year is	as follow	s:		4,426,01 16,192,12 (13,082,97 7,535,15	3 1 8) (1	3,127,310 5,187,968 3,889,267) 4,426,011

Financial statements and notes

Annexure - II

			2022 2021	
			(Rupees	s in '000)
3.1.3	Murabaha sale price Murabaha purchase price		7,535,156 (6,160,025)	4,426,011 (4,103,517)
3.1.4	Deferred murabaha income		1,375,131	322,494
	Opening balance		235,624	67,667
	Arising during the year		2,289,524	529,428
	Less: Recognised during the year		(1,241,550)	(361,471)
	Closing balance		1,283,598	235,624
4	Deposits	2022	2021	

	Closing balance					03,370	233,024
4	Deposits		2022			2021	
	·	In Local Currency	In Foreign Currencies	Total	In Local Currency	In Foreign Currencies	Total
				(Rupees in '00	0)		
	Customers						
	Current deposits	28,393,117	10,653,394	39,046,511	26,932,546	8,965,031	35,897,577
	Savings deposits	22,136,809	-	22,136,809	22,937,913	-	22,937,913
	Term deposits	484,778	-	484,778	936,549	-	936,549
	Margin accounts	25,384,540	-	25,384,540	1,560		1,560
		76,399,244	10,653,394	87,052,638	50,808,568	8,965,031	59,773,599
	Financial Institutions						
	Current deposits	58,429	-	58,429	29,321	-	29,321
	Savings deposits	579,945	-	579,945	621,895	-	621,895
		638,374	-	638,374	651,216	_	651,216
		77.037.618	10.653.394	87.691.012	51 459 784	8 965 031	60 424 815

		2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
4.1	Composition of deposits	•	•
	- Individuals	46,413,192	45,999,614
	- Government (Federal and Provincial)	46,749	22,909
	- Non-Banking Financial Institutions	541,886	544,650
	- Private Sector	34,151,237	9,055,435
	- Non residents (Corporate & Individual)	6,006,684	4,216,808
	- Trusts	531,264	585,399
		87,691,012	60,424,815

This includes deposits eligible to be covered under insurance arrangements amounting to Rs 48,178 million (2021: Rs. 46,242 4.2 million)

5	Due to Head Office	2,540,210	9,637,350
6	Charity Fund	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in ' 000)
	Opening balance	9,886	10,551
	Additions during the period Received from customers on account of delayed payment Other Non-Shariah compliant income	3,530 15,742 19,272	3,115 220 3,335
	Payments / utilization during the period Education Health	(11,048)	(4,000)
	Closing balance	(11,048) 18,110	<u>(4,000)</u> 9,886

For the year ended 31 December 2022 Annexure - II

		2022	2021
		(Rupees i	n '000)
	Details of charity payments	(,
	Details of Charley Payments		
	The Hunar Foundation	6,750	
			-
	The Aman Foundation	4,298	-
	Patient's Aid Foundation	-	4,000
		11,048	4,000
		2022	2021
		(Rupees i	n '000)
7	Islamic Banking Business Unappropriated Profit	(,
•	isiamic Banking Basiness Onappropriated Front		
	Opening Balance	13,178,301	8,570,985
	Add: Islamic Banking profit for the period	7,536,064	4,607,316
	Less: Transferred / Remitted to Head Office	(4,000,000)	
	Closing Balance	16,714,365	13,178,301
		2022	2021
		(Rupees i	n '000)
8	Contingencies And Commitments	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	- Committee of the Comm		
	-Guarantees	1,442,579	3,429,452
	-Commitments	-,	2,670,350
		4 000 004	
	-Other contingent liabilities	6,089,906	8,623,632
		7,532,485	14,723,434
		2022	2021
		(Rupees i	n '000)
9	Profit/Return Earned of Financing, Investments and Placement	, ,,	
•			
	Profit earned on:		
	Financing	8,281,360	5,169,849
	Investments	2,562,788	1,796,940
	Placements	167,444	4,124
		11,011,592	6,970,913
		2022	2021
10	Profit on Deposits and other Dues Expensed	(Rupees i	n '000)
	'	` '	•
	Deposits and other accounts	(2,140,124)	(1,249,470)
	Due to Financial Institutions	(204,956)	(97,009)
	Deposit protection premium	(74,019)	(68,843)
	Finance cost of lease liability	(2,033)	(8,485)
		(2,421,132)	(1,423,807)

2022 2021

11 Profit & Loss distribution and Pool Management

The Bank manages following assets pools for profit and loss distribution:

- a) Islamic Export Refinance Scheme (IERS) Musharakah Pool; and
- b) Mudarabah Pool

a) Islamic Export Refinance Scheme (IERS) Musharakah Pool

Banks create Musharakah Pool as advised by SBP, consisting of financing to a minimum of 10 blue chip companies on Islamic modes with diversification in multiple sectors. Banks's investment in Musharakah Pool is at least equal to the amount of export refinance availed from SBP. Key features, risks, rewards and calculation of profit / loss of IERS pool is as per SBP IER Scheme and the relevant circulars issued by SBP from time to time.

For the year ended 31 December 2022 Annexure - II

The relevant details are mentioned hereunder:

Type of Pool	Profit rate and weightage announcement period	Average return on Pool Assets	Bank Profit	SBP Profit	Bank Profit (%)	SBP Profit (%)
IERS Pool	Monthly	8.7%	691,730	223,860	75.6%	24.4%

B) Mudarabah Depositors Pool

- 1. General Pool
- 2. Special Pool
- 3. High Yield Pool
- 4. Special Term Deposit Pool
- 5. Special Pool CCIB
- 6. High Yield Pool 2
- 7. Special Pool TD- CCIB

i) Key features, risk and reward characteristics

Saadiq Savings accounts & Term Deposit Account (Mudarabah based remunerative deposits) are Shariah compliant accounts based on the Islamic principle of "Mudarabah". Mudarabah is a partnership where one party provides funds to other for investing in a business. The partner who is investing the funds is "Rabb-ul-Mal (Depositor) and the partner who manages the investment is "Mudarib" (Working Partner). The Bank (Mudarib) invests the funds in Shariah compliant avenues to generate return/profit. This return & profit is shared on the basis of profit & loss sharing as per the pre-agreed mechanism between the Bank and the customer.

In case of loss, the same is borne by the depositor in proportion to their investments, and the Bank (Mudarib) bears the loss of its efforts/services in managing Mudarabah.

ii) Parameters used for allocation of profit, charging expenses and provisions

The profit is calculated from income earned on the remunerative assets tagged to the pool and is distributed between Mudarib (Bank) and Rabb-ul-Maal (Depositor) based on the declared sharing ratios and weightages before the beginning of the concerned period.

iii) Deployment of Mudaraba based deposits

The applications of the Mudarabah based remunerative deposits are Islamic Advances, Investments, and Placements for generating profits to be shared among the depositors as per the agreed and approved weightage mechanism. The deposits and funds are invested in different sectors and avenues including Sukuk, (backed by Government of Pakistan), Sugar, Textile, Fertilizer, Cement , Power, Packaging, Fast-moving consumer goods (FMCG), Edible Oil, Steel, Logistics, Automobile, Rice, etc.

iv) Other information

			Type of Pool					
	General	Special	High Yield	Special Term Deposit	Special Pool - CCIB	High Yield - Pool 2	Special Pool -TD- CCIB	
Profit rate and weightage announcement frequency	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	
Mudarib share (amount in '000)	684,699	73,516	93,049	9,892	29,273	-	-	
Mudarib share (%)	43.4%	20.2%	11.8%	22.9%	11.9%	0.0%	0.0%	
Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba (Amount in '000)	104,833	21,801	40,304	4,459	16,135	0	0	
Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba (%)	13.3%	22.9%	30.2%	31.1%	35.5%	0.0%	0.0%	
Average return on pool assets	11.8%	12.2%	12.4%	13.2%	12.3%	11.6%	14.1%	
Average return on deposits	6.7%	9.6%	11.0%	11.1%	9.8%	0.0%	0.0%	

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING As at 31 December 2022

No. of Chanaladana	_ Cli		Clark	Tabal Chausa Halda
No. of Shareholders	Sharer	noldings'	Sidb	Total Shares Held
1,169	1	to	100	43,363
1,744	101	to	500	537,969
958	501	to	1000	735,104
2,122	1001	to	5000	5,396,379
689	5001	to	10000	4,252,509
91	10001	to	15000	1,126,936
63	15001	to	20000	1,092,405
36	20001	to	25000	840,890
19	25001	to	30000	537,191
22	30001	to	35000	723,557
11	35001 40001	to	40000	407,797
4 15	40001 45001	to	45000 50000	167,989 736,609
3	50001	to to	55000	153,010
5	55001	to	60000	287,280
2	60001	to	65000	125,100
4	65001	to	70000	273,976
1	70001	to	75000	75,000
2	75001	to	80000	155,817
_ 1	85001	to	90000	85,500
1	90001	to	95000	95,000
5	95001	to	100000	497,000
3	100001	to	105000	308,239
3	105001	to	110000	327,500
1	110001	to	115000	112,000
2 2 2	115001	to	120000	238,900
2	120001	to	125000	248,500
2	125001	to	130000	253,747
1	135001	to	140000	137,000
1	140001	to	145000	143,000
1	150001	to	155000	152,616
	165001	to	170000	167,500
2 3	175001	to	180000	356,000
3 1	195001	to	200000	600,000
1	220001 235001	to	225000 240000	220,200 238,900
2	245001	to	250000	497,232
1	275001	to to	280000	497,232 276,000
3	295001	to	300000	900,000
1	415001	to	420000	417,000
2	420001	to	425000	843,500
1	440001	to	445000	440,179
2	495001	to	500000	1,000,000
1	710001	to	715000	712,500
1	910001	to	915000	914,570
1	920001	to	925000	923,500
1	980001	to	985000	980,295
1	995001	to	1000000	1,000,000
1	1240001	to	1245000	1,243,100
1	1260001	to	1265000	1,263,500
1	5980001	to	5985000	5,984,000
1	3832335001	to	3832340000	3,832,339,162
7,012				3,871,585,021

Pattern of Shareholding

CATEGORY WISE LIST OF SHAREHOLDERSAs at 31 December 2022

Categories of Shareholders	Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentag
Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their spouse(s) and			
minor children			
Mr. Ian Anderson Bryden	1	1	0.0
Mr. Ehsan Ali Malik	1	1	0.0
Mr. Rehan Muhammad Shaikh	1	1	0.0
Mr. Towfiq Habib Chinoy	1	1	0.0
Mr. Mohamed Salah Abdel Hamid Abdel Razek	1	1	0.0
Mr. Adam Long	1	1	0.0
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties	1	3,832,339,162	98.9
NIT and ICP	1	3,250	0.0
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Institutions	8	6,224,900	0.1
Insurance Companies	1	235	0.0
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	8	166,002	0.0
General Public			
a. Local	6,900	30,732,872	0.7
b. Foreign	12	34,445	0.0
Foreign Companies	-	-	0.0
Others	75	2,084,149	0.0
Totals	7,012	3,871,585,021	100.0

Share holders holding 10% or more	Shares Held	Percentage
	2 022 220 462	00.00
Standard Chartered Bank (UK)	3,832,339,162	98.99

FORM OF PROXY 17TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING STANDARD CHARTERED BANK (PAKISTAN) LIMITED

نمائندگی کا فارم (پراکسی فارم) سترهویں سالانہ اجلاس اسٹینڈرڈ چارٹرڈ بینک (پاکستان) لمیٹڈ

I/We o	
being member(s) of Standard	
Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited holding	
Ordinary shares hereby appoin	
0	
or failing him/he	
0	
who is/are also member(s) o	
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited as my/ou	
Proxy in my/our absence to attend and vote for me/us	
and on my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting o	کے لئے اپنا نمائندہ (پراکسی) تقرر کرتا <i>اکر</i> تی ہبوں۔
the Bank to be held on 29 March 2023 and/or any	
adjournment thereof.	آج بروز ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ بتاریخ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ 2023 کو دستخط کئر گئر۔
Signed thisday of	
Signed thisday of2023.	-
2023.	
Folio/ CDC No.	Signature
فولیو <i>اسی لأی سی</i>	دستخط
	Rs. 5/-
	Revenue
	Stamp
WITNESSES:	گواه :
1. Signature:	1. دستخط
Name:	
CNIC/Passport No.:	
Address:	J. JJ. 4.6 0 0.6
	دستخط ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ
2. Signature:	
Name:	نام ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
CNIC/Passport No.:	سی این آئ سی/ پاسپورٹ نمبر ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔
,	
Address:	-

1. The Proxy Form should be deposited at the registered office of ابتداء على المنافد على المنافد على المنافد على المنافد على المنافد على المنافد على المنافذ المنافذ المنافذ على المنافذ المن the Bank, as soon as possible but not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting, failing which, Proxy Form will not be treated as valid.

Note:

- 2. No person shall act as proxy unless he/she is a member of the Bank.
- سے 48گھنٹے پہلے تک موصول ہونے والے فارم موثر تصور کیئے جائیں گے بعدازاں موصول ہونے والاکوئی بھی فارم قابل قبول نہیں ہوگا۔
 - 2. کسی بھی غیر رکن شخص کا تقرر بطور نمائیندہ (پراکسی) نہیں کیا جا سکتا۔

Fold here

Fold here

Company Secretary
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Llimited
P.O.Box No. 5556, I.I.Chundrigar Road, Karachi 74000, Pakistan

Fold here Fold here

Disclosures on Governance and Remuneration

Qualitative disclosures in line with State Bank of Pakistan's BPRD Circular No. 1 of 2017 (effective 31 December 2019) are as under:

A. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURE

Corporate Governance culture and values

This has been separately covered under Chairman's review report.

Composition of the Board and its Committees

The Board has constituted four Committees i.e. Board Audit Committee ('BAC'), Board Human Resource and Remuneration Committee ('RemCo'), Board Risk Committee ('BRC') and Board Information Technology Committee ('BITC'). The composition of the Board at the year-end is disclosed under the para one and two of the Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 ('the SoC') whereas composition of the Board's Sub-Committees is available under para 12 of the SoC.

Terms of references of the Board's Committees

The terms of reference of Board's Committees have been formed, documented and advised to the Committees for compliance. A brief on terms of reference for each Sub-Committee is provided as below:

- BAC is primarily responsible for reviewing the financial statements and related controls, review the effectiveness of the Bank's internal controls, internal financial controls and the compliance controls, monitoring the effectiveness of the internal audit function, reviewing independence and objectivity of external and internal audit, recommending appointment/ removal of external auditors and their remuneration, governing external auditors' engagement on non-audit services, and monitoring the effectiveness of compliance controls for conduct, regulatory reporting and financial crime compliance.
- RemCo acknowledges that the Bank is part of Group and follows Group company's remuneration framework and
 policies, subject to applicable laws and regulations in Pakistan. RemCo also maintains high levels of good governance
 on all remuneration related matters, in line with prevailing international best practice, as well as any specific regulatory
 directives in Pakistan.
- BRC is broadly responsible for monitoring Bank's risk profile and its consistency with risk appetite, identifying and
 monitoring existing or new risks relating to the Bank, reviewing the appropriateness and effectiveness of risk
 management systems and controls, overseeing implementation of risk management framework, and reviewing stress
 testing.
- BITC is broadly responsible for advising and reporting to the board on the status of technology activities and digital initiatives; and to review IT and Digital strategies with relevant policies, to ensure technology risk management strategies are designed and implemented as per Bank's Enterprises Risk Management Framework, to ensure technology procurements are aligned with the IT strategy, to receive periodic updates from IT Steering Committee to monitor technology-related projects, to ensure technology outsourcing arrangement are supported by the Committee before submission to Board for approval, and to ensure that all cloud based arrangements (domestic/off-shore) are in line with the policy approved by the Board.

Board and Committee's oversight on Islamic Banking Branches

There is a mechanism in place for Board's oversight on Shariah compliance function and Shariah Board through half yearly meetings between Shariah Board members and the BoD. Furthermore, external Shariah Audit report is presented to BoD and Board Audit Committee.

Directors Appointment Process

The Bank has a formal process for the appointment of directors which has been approved by the Board. A succession plan for the Board is in place and same is reviewed from time to time to ensure that the required skills, knowledge, diversity and experience continue to be maintained on the Board. With respect to independent directors, a list of prospective candidates with relevant skills and experience is maintained by the Board. When a casual vacancy arises the list is reviewed to identify the best available candidates who meet the selection criteria. Candidates are interviewed by the Chairman on behalf of the Board before seeking endorsement from the Group as the majority shareholder. In case of appointment of non-executive directors, the Group in consultation with the Chairman nominates a senior executive from the Group with responsibility for businesses/functions that bear relevance to the activities of the Bank. Upon completion of due diligence and screening checks, the Board finally approves director appointments subject to necessary regulatory approvals. Appointment of executive director(s) is governed under the human resource policies of the Bank.

Disclosures on Governance and Remuneration

Profile of Directors

The profiles of all seven directors are available at the Bank's website under About-us page. URL is https://www.sc.com/pk/about-us/.

B. DISCLOSURE RELATING TO SHARIAH BOARD

Shariah Board Appointment Process

The Bank has a formal framework for the appointment of Shariah Board Members which has been approved by the Board of Directors ("BoD"). The Shariah Board Members are appointed by BoD for a term of three (3) years as per the Fit and Proper Criteria notified under the Shariah Governance Framework. Appointments of Shariah Board members shall be subject to prior written clearance of SBP.

Composition of the Shariah Board

Shariah Board of Standard Chartered Bank of Pakistan comprises of following four Shariah Scholars including an international scholar:

- Dr. Sheikh Nizam Yaquby (Chairman)
- Mufti Muhammad Abdul Mubeen (Member Shariah Board)
- Dr. Mufti Irshad Ahmad Aijaz (Member Shariah Board)
- Mufti Hafiz Muhammad Sarfraz Nihal (Resident Shariah Board Member)

Profile of Shariah Board Members

The profiles of all Shariah Board Members are available at the Bank's website under URL https://www.sc.com/pk/saadiq/shariah-consultants.html

Terms of References

The terms of reference of Shariah Board have been formed and documented as per Shariah Governance Framework and advised to the Shariah Board for compliance. Key points of Shariah Board Term of reference are as follows.

- The SB shall be empowered to consider, decide and supervise all Shariah related matters of the Bank. All decisions, rulings, fatawa of the SB shall be binding on the Bank whereas SB shall be responsible and accountable for all its Shariah related decisions
- The SB shall review and approve all the procedure manuals, product programs/structures, process flows, related agreements, marketing advertisements, sales illustrations and brochures so that they are in conformity with the rules and principles of Shariah
- All decisions and rulings of the SB of the Bank shall be in conformity with the directives, regulations, instructions and guidelines issued by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in accordance with the rulings of Shariah Advisory Committee of SBP

Shariah Board Meetings

The details of the meetings held during the year, 2022 are as follows:

S.No.	Period/Year (2022)	Meeting Held (Yes / No)	Meeting No.	Date of Meeting	Meeting Attended (Yes / No)			
					Chairman	Member	Member	RSBM
1	Q1'22	Yes	27 th	10/03/2022	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Q2'22	Yes	28 th	14/06/2022	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Q3'22	Yes	29 th	27/09/2022	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Q4'22	Yes	30 th	12/12/2022	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Disclosures on Governance and Remuneration

C - DISCLOSURE RELATING TO REMUNERATING POLICY

In order to align the remuneration practices in Pakistan with the international standards and best practices, the SBP issued Guidelines on Remuneration Practices through its BPRD Circular No. 02 dated March 03, 2016, which were subsequently revised through BPRD Circular No. 01 dated January 25, 2017.

In accordance with these guidelines, the Bank has developed a comprehensive Remuneration Framework. The aim of this framework is to promote an effective risk management culture, and to ensure that the remuneration practice at the Bank is in line with the Bank's objectives taking into consideration all risks that the Bank may face. As a result, a fair, objective, transparent and sound remuneration policy, aligned with risks and responsibilities of Financial Intermediation has been put in place. The framework was reviewed and recommended by the Board's Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (REMCO) and approved by the Board of Directors (BoD).

Under the policy, all employees across the Bank who are materially responsible for risk taking - Material Risk Takers (MRTs), or risk controlling activities - Material Risk Controllers (MRCs) are identified. The remuneration of these MRTs and MRCs is dependent upon the achievement of performance measured through risk-adjusted balance scorecards which include financial and non-financial/ qualitative performance indicators including compliance with internal policies/ procedures/ controls, customer experience, as well as certain risk-adjusting factors (negative earners) such as regulatory compliance, frauds, disciplinary matters etc. All other individuals who do not fall within the criteria of MRTs and MRCs continue to be governed through the Bank's existing HR policy.

A certain portion of the variable compensation of the MRTs and MRCs in excess of threshold as per the policy; shall now be made subject to mandatory deferrals for a defined period, thus creating alignment between the employees' and stakeholders' interests and reinforcing that compensation is appropriately linked to longer-term sustainable performance. Deferred remuneration, especially with risk adjustments, improves risk-taking incentives because the amount ultimately received by employees can be made to depend on risk outcomes, and shall vest proportionately over the deferral period following the year of variable remuneration award, subject to any malus trigger adjustments.

The pay-outs for variable compensation for the performance year 2021 for MRTs and MRCs shall be based on the revised mechanism. The accounting for shares and deferred cash is in line with the relevant accounting standards. The disclosures required under the SBP's Guidelines on Remuneration Practices are included as part of these financial statements.

Disclosure on Complaint Handling 2022

At Standard Chartered Bank, the Client is at the epicentre of our business and living by our Brand promise, we proudly create a niche in the market with our Client Experience. The Bank emerged with the learnings of pandemic in the year 2022, transitioning its services to the new normal for the clients with a special focus on digitisation and process simplification.

Best in-class banking services has always been a key focus for the Bank where immense importance has been given to good conduct and fair treatment of clients. In line with the Bank's and the Regulator's digital agenda, we continue to move towards the need of the hour with the launch of the digital account opening, equipped our digital channels with new services, brought up the service level for Contact Centre and conducted extensive trainings and awareness sessions for our frontline staff to promote client education and financial inclusion.

As we evolve so have our clients, their changing expectations, increased usage of digital services and interest has not only changed their feedback and suggestions received via the Voice of Client platforms but also the complaints received through conventional and unconventional channels.

The Bank received a total of 110,900 complaints and average time taken to resolve the complaints was 10.3 days. This reflects clients' financial behaviour evolution and transformation that has and will continue to have a profound impact on banking services.

The clients are encouraged to lodge complaints from the following channels:

- Standard Chartered Bank
 - o SC Branch: Visit any branch
 - o SC Client Centre: 24/7 assistance on 021 111 002 002 or 042 111 002 002
 - o SC Email: <u>Complaints.Pakistan@sc.com</u>
 - o SC Website: www.sc.com/pk
 - o SC Postal Address: SCBPL Client Care Unit, 1st Floor Jubilee Insurance Building, I.I.Chundrigar Road, Saddar, Karachi
 - o SC Social Media: <u>www.facebook.com/standardcharteredpk</u>
- State Bank of Pakistan
- Banking Mohtasib Pakistan
- Insurance Ombudsmen
- Federal Ombudsmen
- Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan



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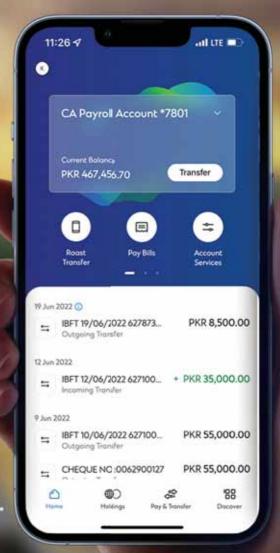
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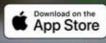
Account Opening

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